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OBITUARY RECORD

OF

GRADUATES OF YALE UNIVERSITY

DECEASED FROM JUNE, 1890, TO JUNE, 1900.

PRESENTED AT THE ANNUAL MEETINGS
OF THE ALUMNI,

1890-1900.

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[No. 1 of the Fourth Printed Series, and No. 50 of the whole Record.]



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YALE COLLEGE.

ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT.

1815.

JOSEPH DRESSER WICKHAM, who had been for five years the last survivor of his class, and for three years the oldest graduate of the College, and the last surviving graduate under the elder President Dwight, died of old age in Manchester, Vt., on May 12, 1891, in his 95th year.

He was born in Thompson, Conn., on April 4, 1797, the eldest son of Daniel H. and Mary (Dresser) Wickham, who in 1799 removed to New York City. For the first year after leaving College he served as amanuensis to President Dwight, and during the following year was Rector of the Hopkins Grammar School in New Haven. From 1818 to 1820 he held a tutorship in Yale College, at the same time pursuing theological studies under Professors Fitch and Goodrich. He began his ministerial labors in 1821 as a missionary on Long Island, and then spent some time in central New York in the service of the Presbyterian Education Society. Having been invited to the charge of a Congregational Church in Oxford, Chenango County, he began his labors there in January, 1823, and on July 31, at the dedication of a new house of worship, he was ordained to the ministry.

He removed in the spring of 1825 to Westchester County, New York, where he remained for a somewhat longer period in charge of the united Presbyterian churches of New Rochelle and West Farms. In 1828 he became one of the proprietors of the Washington Institute, a prominent boarding-school for boys in New York City, where he remained (ultimately in sole charge) until 1834, in November of which year he was installed pastor of the recently organized Presbyterian Church at Matteawan in the town of Fishkill, N. Y. At the end of two years, being solicited to renew his service in connection with the Education Society, he spent a laborious year among the churches of Northern and Western New York. He removed in December, 1837, to Manchester, Vt., to take charge of the Burr Seminary, with which he remained connected for twenty-five years, except for three years (1853-56), in the first of which he was Treasurer of Middlebury College and Acting Professor of Latin and Greek, while for the two following years he was connected with the Collegiate Institute in Poughkeepsie, N. Y. In 1856 he returned after great urgency to the charge of Burr Seminary, but resigned his position in 1862, though continuing to serve the institution most valuably as President of its Board of Trustees. He lived in retirement in Manchester until his death, retaining remarkable physical and mental vigor to the last.

He was chosen a member of the Board of Trustees of Middlebury College in 1840, and continued in that position throughout his life. That corporation conferred upon him the degree of D.D. in 1861, in honor of his valuable services as an educator in the communities in which he had lived, and in testimony of the high honor and respect in which he was held.

Dr. Wickham was married, on May 26, 1823, to Julia A., only daughter of Jonathan E. Porter (Harvard 1786), of New Haven, and a niece of President Dwight. She died on December 23, 1830. He was again married, on December 28, 1831, to Amy, daughter of Col. Moses Porter, of Hadley, Mass., and a cousin of his first wife, who died October 29, 1832. He was married for the third time, on October 12, 1834, to Elizabeth C., eldest daughter of the Rev. Samuel Merwin (Yale Coll. 1802), who survives him. Of his two children, a daughter by his first wife died in infancy, and a daughter by his second wife is still living.

1817.

CHARLES JOHNSON McCURDY, second son of Richard McCurdy (Yale College 1787) and Ursula (Griswold) McCurdy, was born in Lyme, Connecticut, on December 7, 1797, and spent his life in his native village, dying there on June 8, 1891, in his 94th year.

He studied law in the office of Chief-Justice Zephaniah Swift, of Windham, Conn., and was admitted to the New London County bar in 1819. In 1827, 1828, 1829, 1833, 1834, 1838, 1840, 1841 and 1844, he was a member of the House of Representatives of the State, and in 1832 was a member of the Senate. While in the legislature he effected the change in the common law by which persons are allowed to be witnesses in cases in which they are interested parties, a change subsequently adopted throughout this country and in England. In 1847 and 1848, he was lieutenant-governor. From 1850 to 1852, he was the representative of the United States at the Court of Austria. In 1856 he was elected a judge of the Superior Court of Connecticut. In 1863 he was raised to the Supreme Court bench, retiring in December, 1887, on reaching the age of seventy. He was a member of the Peace Convention at Washington, in February, 1861. The degree of Doctor of Laws was conferred on him by this College in 1868.

After his retirement from the bench, Judge McCurdy led a life of dignified ease at his home in Lyme, the house in which he lived having been in the occupation of his family for nearly a century and a half. He retained until some two years before his death his remarkable mental and physical powers, and was actively interested in all matters of current interest. He had been for five years the last survivor of his class, and was at the time of his death the oldest living graduate of the College.

He married, on May 22, 1822, his second cousin, Sarah Ann Lord, daughter of Richard Lord, Esq., of Lyme, who died on July 22, 1835, leaving an only child, who is now the wife of Professor Edward E. Salisbury (Yale College 1832).

1822.

INCREASE SUMNER LINCOLN, the youngest child of Seth and Jemima (Miller) Lincoln, was born in Western, now Warren, Mass., on June 20, 1799.

He studied theology in New Haven, and on June 16, 1824, was ordained pastor of the Congregational Church in Gardner, Mass., where he remained for eighteen years, or until February 23, 1842. He then supplied the Congregational Church in Whately, Mass., for about a year, and was next for nearly four years pastor of the Congregational Church in Jamaica, Vt. His resignation of the latter pastorate was due to the conviction that his views were no longer in harmony with the Orthodox beliefs; and in the same spring (1847) he accepted a call to the pastorate of two Unitarian parishes,—in Kensington and Hampton Falls, N. H. Here he remained for three years, and in 1851 he accepted a call to become the pastor of the Unitarian Church in Rowe, Mass., where he continued for eight years. In 1860 he was settled in Warwick, Mass., where he enjoyed a successful pastorate of eight years; during this time he was twice (1863 and 1866) a member of the State Legislature. He next went as a supply to Winchester, N. H., where, after about a year, he was attacked with paralysis in the face, and was obliged to give up preaching temporarily.

His health improving, he was installed in 1870 over the First Congregational (Unitarian) Church in Wilton, N. H., which he served as pastor until his retirement in 1879 on the completion of his 80th year. His mind was still as vigorous as ever, and so continued until the end. He died in Wilton, universally honored and loved, after a painful illness, of peritonitis, on August 2, 1890, in his 92d year, being (it is believed) the oldest minister of his denomination in the country.

He married, on December 30, 1822, Gratia Eliza, daughter of Dr. Nathan Smith, professor in the Medical Institution of Yale College, who died about twenty-four years later, leaving ten children. He next married, in 1847, Mrs. Abbie Harwood, daughter of James Comee, of Gardner, Mass., who survives him, with one of her two children, and six by the former marriage. The eldest son was graduated at Dartmouth College in 1850, and is an eminent physician in Washington, D. C.

1824.

ALVAN TALCOTT was born in North Bolton, near Vernon, Connecticut, on August 17, 1804, the only son of Alvan and Philomela (Root) Talcott.

After leaving College he was engaged for five years in teaching (in East Windsor and Guilford, Conn., and Wilkes-Barre, Pa.), pursuing also at intervals the study of botany and other branches of medicine. In 1829 he entered the office of Dr. Samuel B. Woodward, of Wethersfield, Conn., and after attending two courses of lectures in the Yale Medical School, he received the degree of M.D. in 1831.

He began his professional life in Vernon, but in 1841 removed to Guilford, Conn., where he continued in active practice for about forty years. He died in Guilford, of old age, on January 17, 1891, in his 87th year.

Dr. Talcott was a man of scholarly attainments, and kept up through life to an unusual degree his early familiarity with the classics. In December, 1888, he took great pleasure in giving to the funds of the College the sum of \$25,000 for the endowment of a Professorship of Greek to be called by his name. By his last will he also gave to the Medical School his collection of medical and surgical books and instruments.

He married, on March 7, 1831, Olive N., eldest daughter of Abel Chittenden, of Guilford, and sister of the Hon. Simeon B. Chittenden, of New York. She died on December 8, 1882. Their only son entered the class of 1852 in Yale College, but left on account of the failure of his health in the Sophomore year; he was lost at sea in 1856. One daughter died in infancy; and the only remaining daughter in early womanhood.

Dr. Talcott was much interested in genealogical researches, and printed in 1882 a volume on the Chittenden family.

1825.

EBENEZER BOYDEN, son of Daniel and Tabitha (Goodenough) Boyden, was born in Guilford, Vermont, on May 25, 1803.

After graduation he pursued a course in divinity in the Virginia Theological Seminary, and on May 18, 1828, he was ordained deacon in the Protestant Episcopal Church by Bishop R. C. Moore, at Petersburg, Va. He then returned to the Seminary, and for about eighteen months was the editor of *The Theological Repertory*, a monthly magazine previously edited by the professors. Late in 1829 he took charge of Trinity Church in Staunton, Va., and in January, 1832, he was married to Mary, eldest daughter of Daniel Sheffey, of Staunton. Near the close

of 1832 he accepted a call to St. Paul's Church, Norfolk, Va., where he remained for about two and a half years. Owing to failing health in the low country, he then left Norfolk, and took charge of Trinity Church, Cleveland, Ohio. He found the work here, however, too severe for a delicate constitution, and in November, 1838, he was forced to resign, and returned to Virginia. On June 1, 1839, he became rector of Walker's Church, Albemarle County, Va., in connection with St. Anne's parish, also in Albemarle, but the latter parish he resigned in 1849, accepting in its stead the rectorship of St. John's Church, in Louisa County. These two churches he served until 1879, when he resigned both charges, owing to increasing age and infirmities, and retired—not to a life of dependence and inactivity, but to continued usefulness, as far as strength permitted.

Early in February, 1890, he was attacked by the prevalent influenza, from the effects of which he never fully recovered. After October he was confined to his room, and on January 15, 1891, he entered into rest, in his 88th year, at the home which he had made for himself at Hopedale, near Cobham, Albemarle County, Va.

He lost his wife in October, 1880. His two sons both entered the ministry; the elder died in 1871, and the younger survives him, as do four of his five daughters.

ABIJAH CATLIN, elder son of Abijah Catlin, Jr., and Orinda (Williams) Catlin, was born in Harwinton, Conn., on April 1, 1805.

He studied law in the Yale Law School, and was admitted to the Litchfield County bar, but soon removed to Greensboro, Ga., where he practiced for about five years. He then returned to Harwinton, and followed his profession there with conscientious fidelity. In 1837 he was elected by the Whig party to the Connecticut House of Representatives, and was re-elected for the next two years. In 1844 he was a member of the State Senate, and was one of the *ex-officio* Fellows of Yale College. From 1847 to 1850 he held the office of State Comptroller. In 1850 and 1851 he was again in the House, and in 1857 was Commissioner of the School Fund. At the outbreak of the war, in 1861, he was again sent to the Legislature, and served for two years, as well as in 1865, 1874, and 1879. He was judge of probate for

some fourteen years between 1838 and his retirement on account of age in 1875 ; he was also judge of the County Court in 1844 and 1845.

He was twice married : first to Mary Simonton of Georgia ; and secondly to Mary, daughter of Dr. Andrew Abernethy, of Harwinton.

He died in Harwinton, on April 14, 1891, at the age of 86.

1826.

EBENEZER HUGGINS BISHOP, son of Timothy Bishop (Y. C. 1796), and Esther (Huggins) Bishop, was born in New Haven, February 11, 1807.

After graduating he began the study of medicine in the office of Dr. Eli Ives, in New Haven, and in the spring of 1829 he received the degree of M.D. from the Yale Medical School. He practiced for one year in Geneseo, N. Y., and then in Pittsburgh, Pa., whence he returned in the autumn of 1832 to New Haven, where he was successfully engaged in the duties of his profession until his retirement on account of increasing age about ten years before his death. Besides his professional engagements, he was for many years deeply interested in the affairs of the New Haven Hospital, and was the president of the institution from 1872 to 1880. After several years of failing health, he died at his home in New Haven, on October 2, 1890, in his 84th year.

In October, 1832, he married Hannah Maria, youngest daughter of Seth Lewis (Y. C. 1783), of Southington, Conn., who died in August, 1872. The younger of their two sons (Yale Med. School, 1860) survives him.

REUBEN HOLMES CLOSE was born in Genoa, Cayuga County, N. Y., on January 25, 1801, and entered the Sophomore class in January, 1824.

He taught in the Academy in Sharon, Conn., during the year 1826-7, and spent the next two years in the Auburn (N. Y.) Theological Seminary. He then went back to the Academy in Sharon, and continued there until May, 1834. A year was then spent in Philadelphia, in preaching and teaching. In 1836 he was in Buffalo, N. Y., engaged in home missionary work, and while thus employed was invited to the pastorate of a Presbyterian Church in St. Catherine's, Canada, where his ordination and installation

took place on January 3, 1837. Later in that year the Canadian Rebellion broke up his church, and the next few years were spent, so far as his health allowed, in teaching and in temporary preaching in various localities in New York State and Canada. In 1839-40 and again in 1848 he was preaching in Middleport, Niagara County, N. Y., and a later engagement was in Groton, Tompkins County.

In 1853 he settled in Elmira, N. Y., his home for the rest of his life. His active labor ceased in 1866, but he continued, in feeble health, and very straitened circumstances, until May 2, 1891, when he died there, after five weeks' illness, from the *grippe*, in the 91st year of his age.

On September 12, 1842, he married Lydia M., daughter of the Rev. D. W. Eastman, of Smithville, Canada. She died within a year, and he next married, on January 26, 1847, Amy J. Fitch, of Chippewa, Canada, who survives him, without children.

1827.

ALBERT HALE was born in Glastonbury, Conn., on the 29th of November, 1799, and was a son of Matthew and Ruth (Stevens) Hale, and a grandson of Dr. Elizur Hale (Y. C. 1742). After employment for seven years as a clerk in a store in Wethersfield, he entered College.

In the fall of 1827 he entered the Yale Divinity School, where he remained for two years. After an extended missionary tour in the South, as agent of the American Tract Society, he returned to Connecticut, and was ordained at Guilford, as an evangelist, on March 22, 1831. In November of the same year he went to Illinois, and was most usefully employed in pioneer Christian work in that State for many years. He was stationed in Bond County until 1839, at first in charge of the church in Bethel, but also much engaged in missionary work in that and adjoining States. On November 15, 1839, he entered on the pastorate of the 2d Presbyterian Church in Springfield, Illinois, where he labored unremittingly until his retirement on January 1, 1867, on account of the infirmities of age. During this period, which embraced the Mexican war, the anti-slavery agitation, and the civil war, he was prominent and fearless in the advocacy of human rights and of Christian patriotism. For several years longer, until his physical and intellectual powers failed, he con-

tinued to be very useful in general ministerial labor in that city and the vicinity.

He died in Springfield on January 30, 1891, in his 92d year.

On March 27, 1839, he married Abiah, youngest daughter of the Hon. Phineas Chapin, of Newport, N. H., who was at that time a teacher in the Monticello Female Seminary, in Madison County, Illinois. She died on January 10, 1865. Their children were two daughters and one son (Yale Coll. 1866), who are all living.

1828.

FLAVEL BASCOM was born in Exeter Parish, in Lebanon, Conn., on June 8, 1804. His parents were Abiel and Sibyl (Roberts) Bascom. He was the youngest of ten children, all of whom lived to adult years. At the age of 17 he left his father's farm, and for three years spent the winters in teaching country schools, and the summers in preparing himself for College, partly under the supervision of the Rev. Hubbel Loomis, of Willington.

After graduation he was principal of New Canaan (Conn.) Academy for one year. Returning to Yale he spent two years in the study of theology, and the next two as Tutor in the College. In the meantime he had joined the "Yale Band," of twelve theological students who had agreed on a plan of coöperation in the work of Home Missions and Christian Education in the frontier State of Illinois. He proceeded to Illinois in the summer of 1833, and was first located at Pleasant Grove, Tazewell County, in which county he spent six years in pioneer mission work, organizing four new churches,—one of them the 1st Congregational Church in Peoria. He spent the summer of 1839 as State Agent for the American Home Missionary Society. In November, 1840, he was invited to the pastorate of the 1st Presbyterian Church of Chicago, for which he hesitatingly relinquished his care of all the feeble churches of the State. His Chicago pastorate covered ten years of a very interesting period in that city's history. Late in 1849 he accepted a call to the First Church in Galesburg, then the only church in that place, and the largest in the State. He was dismissed thence on May 1, 1856, after which he spent some months in an agency for the American Missionary Association in Illinois. On April 1, 1857, he became pastor of the Congregational Church in Dover, Ill., where he continued seven years. He then, in April, 1864, accepted a call to Prince-

ton, Ill., and for more than five years was pastor of the Congregational Church in that place, the oldest Congregational Church in the State. In October, 1869, he took charge of an infant church in Hinsdale, a suburb of Chicago. Having served that church for three years and a half, he resigned his charge, but continued a helpful resident member, devoting his Sabbaths to pastorless churches.

On May 1, 1887, he returned to Princeton, to be with his former congregation and his eldest son; and there he died of bronchitis and heart-failure, on August 8, 1890, in his 87th year.

During his ministry he had taken a deep interest in the cause of education. He was one of the founders of Beloit College, and one of its first Board of Trustees. For 37 years he served as a Trustee of Knox College. He was one of the founders of the Chicago Theological Seminary, and one of its Directors for over 30 years. Beloit College gave him the degree of Doctor of Divinity in 1869.

Dr. Bascom was married three times. His first wife was Ellen P., daughter of Judge William P. Cleaveland (Y. C., 1793), of New London, Conn. They were married on April 30, 1833, and she died suddenly in Pekin, Ill., on December 10, 1837. He married Elizabeth B., daughter of Dr. Jonathan Sparhawk, of East Windsor, Conn., on August 19, 1841. She died in Galesburg, on March 27, 1851. On June 21, 1852, he married Ruth, daughter of Samuel Pomeroy, of Southampton, Mass., who survives him. Of five children by the second marriage, two sons are still living; also, one son by the third marriage.

1829.

PHILIP PLATT KISSAM died in Jamaica, L. I., N. Y., where he had spent his life, on June 12, 1891, aged about 83 years.

He was graduated at the Yale Medical School in 1832.

JULIUS ALEXANDER REED, the youngest son of Elijah F. Reed, M.D. (honorary Yale, 1822), and Hannah (McLean) Reed was born in East Windsor, now South Windsor, Conn., January 16, 1809, and had been two years a member of Washington, now Trinity College, before joining Yale in 1827.

The year after graduation he spent as tutor in the family of the Hon. William Jay, in Bedford, N. Y., and the next year in

Mr. Hall's school in Ellington, Conn. After two more years of private teaching, in Natchez, Miss., he took up the study of theology in the Yale Divinity School, where he spent another two years. He then went to the West, as a member of the "Illinois Band," and was ordained as an evangelist at Quincy, on June 8, 1836, having as his first parish the towns of Montebello, Nauvoo, and Warsaw. On December 4, 1835, he was married, in Jacksonville, Ill., to Caroline, daughter of Reuben F. Blood, of Concord, Mass.

In 1839 they returned to the East, owing to Mrs. Reed's ill-health, and for a year Mr. Reed served as chaplain to the Hospital for the Insane in Worcester, Mass. In 1840 he settled in Iowa, in the infancy of Congregationalism in that State, and for fourteen years he had the pastoral charge of the church in Fairfield. In October, 1854, he removed to Davenport, in consequence of his appointment by the American Home Missionary Society as Superintendent of its work for the State. In this position until 1857, and again from 1862 to 1869, he performed most faithful and acceptable labor. He was one of the founders of Iowa College, and a Trustee from 1847 to 1868; in 1889 the degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on him by that institution.

Family circumstances required his withdrawal from active missionary service in 1870, and for the next ten years he resided in Columbus, Nebraska, engaged in business. His later years were spent in the family of his youngest daughter in Davenport, where he died on August 27, 1890, in his 82d year.

His wife, who had been an invalid for several years, died on the 1st of October following. Two of his three daughters survive him.

1830.

WILLIAM WHITING NEWELL, son of Ebenezer and Anna (Whiting) Newell, was born in South Natick, Mass., on September 17, 1807. The family residence during his College course was in Dedham and Boston, Mass.

After graduation he studied theology at Andover Seminary (for two years) and in New York City; and on July 15, 1833, he was ordained as an evangelist, in Providence, R. I. His first pastoral charge was in Brighton, Mass., where he was settled over the Evangelical (Congregational) Church on August

19, 1834. He was dismissed from Brighton to become the first pastor of the Maverick (Congregational) Church, East Boston, Mass., where he was installed on July 19, 1837. The serious failure of his health obliged him to take a dismissal from this charge on May 11, 1841, and after a year spent in travel he became pastor of a Presbyterian Church in Montgomery, Orange County, N. Y. In 1847 he removed to Syracuse, N. Y., where he was settled over the First Ward Presbyterian Church until 1860, when he accepted an urgent call to the Allen Street Presbyterian Church in New York City. After a pastorate of unusual power and success, he was dismissed in February, 1874, and was immediately settled over the West 84th Street Presbyterian Church in the same city. Ill-health obliged him to retire from the active ministry in January, 1877; but he was still able, before the complete failure of his powers, to prepare a volume on Revivals (N. Y., 1882, 12°), which described much of the best work of his life.

His later years were spent in great feebleness in the family of his eldest daughter, at whose house, in Andover, Mass, he died on May 11, 1891, in his 84th year. The degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on him by Hamilton College in 1859.

He was married in May, 1836, to Hannah E., daughter of John Parkman, Esq., of Boston, who died on April 10, 1837, leaving a daughter who is still living. He was next married, in October, 1838, to Ednah C., second daughter of Oliver Shaw, Esq., of Providence, R. I., who died on August 6, 1867. Of their seven children, two sons and a daughter survive their parents: the elder son was graduated at the University of the City of New York in 1861, and is a clergyman. Dr. Newell was again married, on December 14, 1869, to Mrs. Emma J., widow of J. J. Bingham, Esq., of New York City, who died on October 2, 1875.

1831.

JANSEN HASBROUCK was the second son and fifth child of Abraham Hasbrouck, and was born in that portion of Kingston City now known as Rondout, N. Y., on January 27, 1810.

Upon graduation he engaged in mercantile pursuits, succeeding his father in 1834 in the forwarding and freighting business, then carried on by sloops; he soon disposed of this interest and engaged extensively in general trade at Rondout, in connection

with a steamboat freight line to New York. He was one of the incorporators of the Kingston Bank in 1836, and one of its Directors until 1848, when he engaged in the organization of the Bank of Rondout, of which he was chosen the first president. Soon after this date he gave up his mercantile business, and devoted himself wholly to the bank and the care of his private estate. He held his position as president of the bank until compelled to relinquish it by advancing age and ill-health. After years of suffering, from a chronic inflammation of the bladder, he died at his home in Rondout on February 7, 1891, at the age of 81. He married in 1849, Charlotte, daughter of Jonathan D. Ostrander, of Kingston, who survives him with their six children,—one daughter and five sons; one son was graduated at this College in 1881.

GEORGE PAYNE HOLEMAN died at the house of his son in Brems Bluff, Fluvanna County, Va., on January 27, 1891, after four days' illness from pneumonia, in his 82d year.

The first two years of his College course were spent in Hampden-Sidney College, Virginia, his residence being in Fluvanna County. He was graduated M.D. at the University of Pennsylvania in 1835, and practiced his profession in Virginia and (latterly) in Texas.

1832.

EDWARD CARRINGTON, son of General Edward and Loriania (Hoppin) Carrington, was born in Providence, R. I., on May 10, 1813. He was an only son, and after the death of a twin sister at an early age the only child of his parents. In 1830 he left Yale, and after a year's study with a tutor in Middletown, Conn. (where he had been fitted for College), he went to Middlebury College, Vermont, where he was graduated in 1832. He was admitted to a degree at Yale in 1879.

After a year at the Harvard Law School he traveled in Europe, and then entered the counting-house of his father, one of the leading East-India merchants of that day. On February 22, 1841, he married Miss Candace Crawford Dorr, daughter of Sullivan Dorr, of Providence, who died in 1886.

Mr. Carrington was a man of culture and of literary ability, and having retired from business with an ample fortune at an

early age, he found his chief pleasure among his books and in keeping abreast with the intellectual activities of the time.

He passed away at his home in Providence, after a lingering illness borne with Christian fortitude, on the 2d of May, 1891, at the age of 78. His two children, a daughter and a son, survive him.

ROBERT JAMES LIVINGSTON, son of Maturin Livingston, formerly Recorder of New York City, was born in Dutchess County, N. Y., on December 11, 1811. His mother was Margaret, only daughter of Governor Morgan Lewis. He was removed from College in 1830, but was enrolled with his Class in 1879.

On leaving Yale he studied civil engineering, and was for a short time employed in the early operations of the U. S. Coast Survey. In October, 1833, he married Louisa M., daughter of Garrit Storm, a retired merchant of New York City. He then became a member of the banking firm of Christmas, Prime, Livingston & Costa, in Wall street; and on their failure in business some ten years later he retired to a country-place near New Brunswick, N. J. He resumed his residence in New York about 1860, and died there from an attack of pneumonia, on February 22, 1891, in his 80th year.

After his retirement from business much of his time was given to the interests of several charitable institutions with which he was connected, such as the Children's Aid Society and the Home for Incurables (of each of which he was one of the founders), the Bloomingdale Asylum for the Insane, and the New York Hospital; he was the President of the Board of Governors of the last-named institution at the time of his death.

His wife died seven years before him. Their only son died in 1857, and their only daughter, the wife of Commodore Elbridge T. Gerry, survives them.

JOHN ANGUS MANNING, son of Jeremiah and Margaretta C. (Angus) Manning, was born in New York City on December 16, 1814. His father was a great-nephew of Rev. Dr. James Manning, the first President of Brown University. His College course was interrupted in 1830, and he then entered Rutgers College, where he was graduated in 1832. He was admitted to a degree here in 1879.

From 1832 to 1834 he was a member of the Yale Law School, but having inherited an estate sufficient for his wants he was never admitted to practice. He spent his life in New York City, where he died, unmarried, on June 9, 1891, in the 77th year of his age.

WILLIAM CRAIG WHARTON was born in Philadelphia, Pa., on May 7, 1811, and died on May 22, 1891, in his 81st year.

1833.

HEMAN MEAD, the son of Calvin and Deborah (Mead) Mead, was born in Greenwich, Conn., on January 22, 1806. He left the class in the summer of Junior year, in consequence of hemorrhage of the lungs, but was admitted to a degree in 1870.

In the autumn of 1832 he went to Georgia, and engaged in teaching, in which he was employed for more than twenty years, mostly in the city of Macon. Foreseeing the approach of troublous times, he returned in 1854 to the North, and settled on a farm near Morristown, N. J., where he resided until his death, on Nov. 14, 1890, in his 85th year. He was totally blind for the last eleven years of his life.

He married, on Sept. 15, 1840, Margaret Ann West, of New York City. Their children were three sons and three daughters.

JOSEPH PETTEE, son of Joseph and Joanna (Everett) Pettee, was born in Salisbury, Conn., on March 14, 1809.

After spending a year in the Yale Divinity School he became interested in the doctrines of Swedenborg, and devoted himself to teaching for two years, while prosecuting his study of these doctrines. He then decided to prepare for the ministry of the New Church, and in January, 1838, began to preach for the "Society of the New Jerusalem," in Abington, Mass., of which he was ordained pastor on July 25, 1838. He retained this connection until July, 1875, when he resigned in order to devote himself to the duties of presiding minister and general pastor of the Massachusetts Association of the New Church. His residence continued in Abington, with the respect and honor of all classes in the community.

In November, 1890, he went to the Massachusetts Homœopathic Hospital, in Boston, for treatment, and he died there on February 15, 1891, in his 82d year.

On February 24, 1835, he was married to Mary, daughter of James Pierce, of Salisbury, Conn., who survives him with their six children, all sons.

ALPHONSO TAFT was born in Townshend, Vt., on November 5, 1810, being the only child of Peter R. and Sylvia (Howard) Taft, both natives of Worcester County, Massachusetts.

After graduation he taught for two years in the Ellington (Conn.) High School, and was then for an equal period a tutor in this College. While a tutor and for a succeeding year he gave his leisure time to the study of law, and was admitted to the bar in New Haven in August, 1838. In January, 1840, he settled in Cincinnati, Ohio, where he gained eventually an extensive practice. In 1856 he stood as Republican candidate for Congress against the Hon. George H. Pendleton, by whom he was defeated. Previous to this he had been a member of the Common Council of the City for three years (1847-49), and had been appointed a member of the Board of Education, which office he held for twenty-five years. In 1865 he was appointed a Judge of the Superior Court of Cincinnati, to fill a vacancy, and after that he was twice elected to the same office by popular vote,—having the last time the high compliment of a unanimous vote from both political parties. In 1871 he resigned his position, to engage again in practice in partnership with two of his sons. He became a member of the Yale Corporation in 1872, when members of that body were for the first time elected by the Alumni, and he held the office until his declinature to stand again as a candidate in 1882. Yale had given him the degree of Doctor of Laws in 1867. In 1875 he was a candidate for the Republican nomination to the Governorship of Ohio, but failed of success on account of an opinion which he had delivered while on the bench on the question of the Bible in the schools.

In March, 1876, he entered President Grant's Cabinet as Secretary of War, and two months later was transferred to the Attorney-Generalship, which office he held with credit until the close of the administration in March, 1877. He then resumed the practice of his profession in Cincinnati, but in April, 1882, he was appointed Minister to Austria by President Arthur, and in

1884 was transferred to Russia, where he remained until August, 1885. The integrity and purity of his character were universally acknowledged in all his connection with the public service, while at the bar and on the bench his reputation as a sound, learned, and upright lawyer was exceedingly high.

The last months of his life were spent in San Diego, California, where he died on May 21, 1891, in his 81st year.

He was married on August 29, 1841, to Fanny, daughter of Charles Phelps, of his native town, who died on June 2, 1852. He was again married, on December 26, 1853, to Louisa M., daughter of Samuel D. Torrey, of Millbury, Mass., who survives him. By his first marriage he had one son who is still living (Yale College, 1864), besides a deceased son (Yale College, 1867), and three children who died in infancy. Three sons (Yale College, 1878, 1880, and 1883) and one daughter by his second marriage are also living.

1834.

WELLES HAWES was born in Glastonbury, Conn., on December 19, 1814, the son of the Rev. Prince Hawes (Williams College 1805) and Hannah (Hale) Hawes. His childhood was spent in Glastonbury, in South Boston, Mass., and in Woodbridge, Conn., his father being settled in the latter town from 1828 to 1834.

After graduation he studied law, partly at the Yale Law School, and partly in Zanesville, Ohio, in the office of the Hon. Charles B. Goddard. He settled in the practice of the law in Zanesville, but later removed to Michigan, where in 1847 he was elected Judge of the Northern District, embracing the four counties lying on Lake Superior. This office he held for about two years, having his residence at Copper Harbor. He next removed to New York City, and was engaged in the warehouse and commission business for about three years. He then established a large flouring mill in Bridgeport, Conn., and resided in that city until 1858, when he removed to Hartford, Conn., where he was engaged in the flour and grain business until 1869. The rest of his life was mainly spent in New York City and Brooklyn, but without any regular occupation. He died in the latter city on June 11, 1891, in his 77th year.

He married on August 29, 1839, Miss Angelica H. Hale, of Glastonbury. They had no children.

1836.

THEODORE STANLEY, the youngest of four children of Martin and Catharine (Van Gaasback) Stanley, and a brother of Professor Anthony D. Stanley (Yale Coll. 1830), was born in East Hartford, Conn., on March 1, 1815.

After graduating he spent nearly seven years as a civil engineer on the Georgia Central Railroad, and then emigrated to Missouri. There, on January 25, 1845, he was married to Martha M., daughter of Thomas Goode, an extensive tobacco planter, who had recently removed from Amelia County, Va. Having become by his marriage the owner of a large number of slaves, he was obliged to undertake farming, and settled on the Missouri River, near Jefferson City, where he was engaged for many years in the successful cultivation of tobacco and hemp. He was also elected a Justice of the County Court, which had Probate jurisdiction as well, and held the office until near the close of the civil war. In that contest he was a strong Union man, and as a consequence of the changes wrought by the war he disposed of his large estate and again emigrated, this time to Pleasant Hill, on the western border of the State, where he remained until his death. He organized there a National Bank, of which he was President and principal stockholder, but this went into voluntary liquidation after the panic of 1873. Later, he was President and Treasurer of a prosperous woolen manufacturing company. He died in Pleasant Hill, on May 24, 1891, in his 77th year.

His family consisted of eleven children, of whom five died in infancy, and one in early manhood.

JAMES CLARK WALKLEY, son of Deacon James and Lydia (Spencer) Walkley, was born in Haddam, Conn., on March 3, 1817.

After graduating he taught in an academy on Long Island for two years, and then studied law, for one year in Hartford with Governor Ellsworth, and for one year in the Harvard Law School. He settled in Hartford, and for four years was clerk of the County Court, and of the Superior Court; also for six years clerk of the Recorder's Court. He was City Attorney for two years, and City Auditor for ten years. In March, 1852, he became President of the Charter Oak Life Insurance Company, and held that office until 1876. His residence was in part in

Hartford, and in part in his native town, which he represented in the Legislature in 1869. He was prominent in the organization of the Connecticut Valley Railroad, in 1869, and was President of the Board of Directors until his resignation in 1877.

His last years were spent on his paternal homestead in Had-dam, where he died, after a three weeks' illness, from congestion of the brain, on October 4, 1890, in his 74th year.

He married Martha Ann, daughter of Captain Jonathan Smith, of Agawam, Mass., and had one son, who died in infancy, and four daughters, who survive him.

1837.

ORLO DANIEL HINE, was born in New Milford, Conn., on October 28, 1815, the elder son of Daniel and Lucy (Chamberlain, Buckingham) Hine.

After graduation he studied for three years in the Yale Divinity School, and was ordained pastor of the Congregational Church in Clinton, Conn., on April 14, 1841. From this charge he was dismissed on October 25, 1842. For two years from September, 1843, he was acting pastor of the church in Fair Haven, Vt.; and from March, 1846, to October, 1851, he held a similar relation to the Congregational Church in Pontiac, Mich. On January 6, 1852, he was installed over the church in North Woodstock, Conn., and was dismissed on November 5, 1855, to begin a ministry of more than thirty years' continuance in Lebanon, Conn., where he was installed in the following May. His long and useful career there included also the almost uninterrupted chairmanship of the Board of School Visitors and one year's service as Representative in the Legislature (in 1866). He published in 1876 an historical volume, entitled *Early Lebanon*.

On January 24, 1886, he was dismissed from this pastorate, and for the remainder of his life he was in charge of the Congregational Church in Williamsville, in the town of Killingly, Conn.

He died while on a visit in Mamaroneck, N. Y., on August 9, 1890, aged nearly 75 years.

Mr. Hine married, on October 18, 1843, Ellen Caroline, daughter of Friend Whittelsey, of Clinton, by whom he had three sons and four daughters; the surviving sons are graduates of this College (1871 and 1884), and two daughters are also living.

JOHN PERKINS CUSHING MATHER, the only child of Captain Andrew and Mary (Wetmore) Mather, was born in New London, Conn., on September 23, 1816.

He studied law in New London, and there entered on the practice of his profession. He was mayor of the city from 1845 to 1850, and after having been a member of the Lower House of the State Legislature held the office of Secretary of State in 1850-54. From 1858 to 1861 he was Collector of the Port of New London, and in 1878 and 1879 he represented his district in the State Senate. After service as Judge of the City Court, and as Judge of Probate, he was for twelve years Judge of the Court of Common Pleas for New London County, until disqualified by age in 1886. He held also many other positions of a private and trustworthy character.

He died in New London on February 12, 1891, in his 75th year. He was never married.

AMBROSE PRATT, the only child of Ambrose and Dolly (Southworth) Pratt, was born in Saybrook, Conn., on July 11, 1814. His father died before his birth, and he spent his childhood in the family of a step-father, in the village of Deep River, in Saybrook.

After teaching school for a year he began the study of medicine in the Yale Medical School, and finally was graduated at the Columbian Medical College, in Washington, D. C., in 1843. He was engaged in the practice of medicine in Chester, a part of his native town, from the spring of 1843 until the fall of 1848, when he removed to Milwaukee, Wisconsin. While there he introduced into his practice the principles of hydropathy; and when in 1853 he was persuaded by friends to return to Chester, he combined with his general practice the management of an Infirmary for the treatment of diseases hydropathically. In October, 1862, he was commissioned as Surgeon of the 22d Regiment of Connecticut Volunteers, and was on duty in the field until July, 1863, when their term of service expired. For the rest of his life he was in practice in Chester, where he died on June 11, 1891, at the age of 77, after a few days' illness, from pneumonia.

He married on November 17, 1844, Julia M., daughter of Deacon George Spencer, of Deep River, and sister of his classmate, George T. Spencer. Their children were five daughters.

JOHN WHITMAN SEYMOUR, fourth son of Charles and Catharine Seymour, was born in Hartford, Conn., on March 24, 1816 ; his mother was a daughter of the Rev. Dr. Nathan Perkins (Coll. of N. J., 1770), of West Hartford.

After graduation he studied law in Hartford, and practiced his profession there from 1840 until 1850. He was then for a few years engaged in banking in Hartford. The later portion of his life was mainly spent in Mexico, where he died, unmarried, at Villa de Santiago, in December, 1889, in his 74th year.

CHARLES BILLINGS SMITH, was born in Paris, Oneida County, N. Y., on October 29, 1844, and entered college from Cassville in the same county. His course was interrupted in the last term of Junior year, but in 1847 he was admitted to a degree with his class.

Having studied Theology for about a year in New Haven, under Dr. Taylor's direction, he began to preach to a Baptist Church in Monroe County, N. Y., in 1840, and after two years of evangelistic work in the western part of that state he organized the Tabernacle Baptist Church in Chicago, and became its pastor. In 1846 he took the pastoral care of the Second Baptist Church in New Haven, whence he went early in 1848 to a church in Malden, Mass. From January, 1851, to September, 1852, he was the pastor of the Central Baptist Church in Chicopee, Mass. Thence he went to the Sixth street Church in New York City. In 1856 he again went west, and was settled over a church in Iowa City, Iowa, until 1860. He then preached in Dubuque, Iowa, for three years, after which his home was in Grand Rapids, Mich. For nearly six years he was pastor of the Baptist Church in Grand Rapids, and for the next seven years was political editor of the *Daily Democrat*. He died in Grand Rapids, September 17, 1890, in his 76th year.

He was the author of several volumes of wide circulation, and in 1859 the degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on him by Wabash College.

He married on October 2, 1837, Jennette M. Kirkland, who died on June 10, 1842. He next married, November 5, 1843, Abbie Woodbury, who died on March 1, 1856. He was married in Auburn, N. Y., November 25, 1859, to Mrs. Delia Bolt, who died on October 24, 1860. His fourth wife, Mrs. L. M. Ellicott,

whom he married on September 30, 1866, survives him. His five children all died before him.

1838.

JOHN KNOWLTON BARTLETT was born in Portsmouth, N. H., on February 28, 1816, the eldest child of James and Lucy (Knowlton) Bartlett.

After graduation he studied medicine here, receiving the degree of M.D. in 1841. He settled at once in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, and continued in practice until the autumn of 1887, when he removed for the health of his family to Berkeley, California.

In 1876 he was President of the State Medical Society of Wisconsin. He died in Los Angeles, Cal., on November 26, 1889, aged nearly 74 years.

He married, on July 18, 1838, Mary E., daughter of William H. Elliot, Esq., of New Haven, who died on December 20, 1874, leaving an only daughter. He next married, on January 20, 1877, Mrs. Harriet N. Keeler.

EDWARD STRONG DWIGHT, the youngest son of Timothy and Clarissa Dwight, was born in New Haven, on April 30, 1820; his father being the eldest son of President Dwight, and his mother the eldest daughter of Governor Caleb Strong, of Massachusetts. He spent his Freshman year in Hamilton College, then under the presidency of his uncle, Rev. Sereno E. Dwight.

The two years following graduation were spent in teaching (at first in Maryland and afterwards in Farmington, Conn.), and the next three years in the Yale Divinity School. He was ordained pastor of the First Congregational Church in Saco, Me., on December 25, 1844, and continued in that office until the summer of 1852, when the health of his wife made it necessary to remove to a milder climate. On August 21, 1853, he took charge of the First Congregational Church in Amherst, Mass.; but in August, 1860, the failing health of Mrs. Dwight constrained him again to break up his home. The next two or three years were spent in less regular labor with various churches, and in June, 1864, he took charge of the Russell (Congregational) Church in Hadley, Mass., in which relation, beloved and honored, he continued until his death, in Hadley, after three months' illness, on November 12, 1890, in his 71st year.

In 1855 he was elected a member of the Board of Trustees of Amherst College, and he held that position for the rest of his life, being also since 1864 the Secretary of the Board. In 1874 Yale College conferred on him the degree of Doctor of Divinity.

He married, on November 13, 1849, Lucy E., only daughter of John Waterman, M.D., of Gorham, Me., who died on September 11, 1861; her children, a daughter and a son, are still living. He next married, on July 27, 1864, Elizabeth McG., only daughter of the Rev. Dr. John R. Adams (Y. C. 1821), of Gorham, who died on July 4, 1879; her two daughters survive their parents.

CHARLES BINGLEY HOSMER, son of Stephen and Charlotte (Downer) Hosmer, was born in Columbia, Conn., on September 26, 1812, and died in Chicago, Ill., on February 14, 1891, in the 79th year of his age. His residence while in College was in Windham, Conn.

He pursued the study of law in Syracuse, N. Y., until the fall of 1839, when he removed to Illinois, where he was admitted to the bar and began practice. He resided in Naperville until the fall of 1848, and after that date in Chicago. He married on February 14, 1843, Lucretia, daughter of Elijah D. Harmon, of Chicago, and had four sons and one daughter.

EDWIN DICKINSON SEWARD, eldest son of Martin and Lefanny (Hill) Seward, was born in Guilford, Conn., on October 8, 1815.

After graduation he taught an academy in Murfreesboro', N. C., for two years, and then completed a three years' course in the Yale Divinity School. He went immediately after this to Wisconsin, in the employ of the American Home Missionary Society, and was stationed for eighteen months at Southport, now Kenosha. Meantime he was ordained as an evangelist at Salem, on October 25, 1843. In the spring of 1845 he removed to South Prairieville, now Waukesha, and in 1846 to Lake Mills, where he organized a Free Congregational Church in August, 1847, of which he was pastor for most of the time until 1862. He was then pastor for three years of the Congregational Church in Baraboo, Wisconsin, but in 1865 in response to an earnest call from Northern Missouri for ministers and teachers, he went thither, settling at Laclede, Linn County, where he organized a church of which he retained the pastorate for upwards of three

years. A difficulty of the throat prevented further regular preaching. He died in Laclede, after a life of great usefulness, on February 25, 1891, in his 76th year.

He married, in New Haven, on September 12, 1843, Sarah Ann Lewis, who survives him. Their children were five daughters and one son.

1839.

SAMUEL [WORDSWORTH] BAILEY was born in Little Compton, R. I., on July 28, 1810, and entered college at the beginning of the Sophomore year. His middle name was assumed a few years after graduation.

On leaving New Haven his health compelled him to seek a milder climate, and for four years he conducted a classical school in Norfolk, Va. He then took a partial course in Union Theological Seminary, New York City, and was ordained to the Congregational ministry in May, 1849. He preached for about a year (1848-9) in Pittsburgh, Pa.; then for about two years in West Springfield, Mass.; and next in Cold Spring, N. Y., for over a year. Early in 1853 he settled in New York City, but the state of his health forbade continuous labor in his profession; he was employed, however, in occasional volunteer service, and as a city missionary for some years. He died in the New York Hospital on April 17, 1891, in his 81st year. He was never married.

HENRY NEWTON BISSELL, the son of Anson and Joanna (Dart) Bissell, was born in East Windsor, Conn., on June 2, 1816. By his own efforts in teaching he acquired the means to undertake a College course, entering the Sophomore Class in 1836, from Milan, Ohio, to which place his family had removed.

On graduation he returned to Ohio, and taught (in Elyria for one year, and in Milan for two years) to gain funds for further study. In 1842 he entered the Theological Department of Western Reserve College, at Hudson, Ohio; and during his three years' course there he taught in the preparatory department, of which in the last year he had entire control. In 1846 he was ordained pastor of the (New School) Presbyterian Church in Lyme, Huron County, Ohio, where he had been preaching for about a year previously. He remained there until the spring of 1854, when he became pastor of the Presbyterian Church in Mt.

Clemens, Macomb County, Michigan, twenty miles from Detroit. In November, 1860, he organized a Presbyterian Church in Erin, six miles from Mt. Clemens, where he preached on Sabbath afternoons for over twenty years. During the civil war he visited the Army of the Potomac, as agent of the State Soldiers' Relief Association, and both there and at Nashville in the service of the Christian Commission he was able to do much for the sick and wounded. He continued his faithful, self-sacrificing work at Mt. Clemens and Erin until the spring of 1881, when he removed to Armada, sixteen miles north, in the same county, to take charge of a Congregational Church. After nine years' labor there he returned in May, 1890, to the church which he had organized in Erin, and just a year from his resumption of this quiet rural charge he was stricken down in the pulpit, while preaching. After a ten days' illness from pneumonia and gradual heart-failure, he died peacefully on May 14, 1891, at the age of 75.

He was married on May 5, 1846, to Miss Elizabeth Hale Hubbard, of Manchester, Conn., who survives him. He had no children, but educated for the ministry his younger brother, the Rev. Lemuel Bissell, D.D. (missionary to India), and also three of his sons.

JOHN THOMAS COUNCILMAN was born in Pikesville, Baltimore County, Md., on September 7, 1816.

For three years after graduating he was principal of an Academy in Prince Fredericktown, Calvert County, Maryland, at the same time pursuing medical studies. He was graduated in medicine in March, 1844, at the Medical School of the University of Maryland, where he had completed his course of study; and he immediately began practice in Friendship, Anne Arundel County, Md., where he continued for nearly seven years. In December, 1850, he returned to his native place, where he resided ever after, and for most of the time in the successful practice of his profession. He died on August 9, 1890, at the age of 74.

He married, on May 18, 1843, the youngest daughter of Thomas Mitchell, of Calvert County, Md., by whom he had seven children.

HENRY CHILD MORSE was born in Exeter, Otsego County, N. Y., on May 22, 1811, being the sixth in a family of sixteen

children of David and Hannah (Child) Morse. When he was eleven years old his parents removed to Barrington, Yates County, N. Y.; he entered college from Penn Yan in the same county.

For two or three years after graduating he was principal of the Nichols Academy, in Dudley, Mass., at the same time pursuing a course of theological study, which he supplemented by a few months at Andover Seminary. His first charge was in Lima, Indiana, and while there he was ordained (on February 12, 1846). In consequence of the unfavorable effect of the climate on his wife's health, he resigned his position, and returning eastwards preached for some time in Tyrone, N. Y. In November, 1848, he took up his residence in Union City, Mich., where he remained eight years, during most of the time supplying the pulpit of the Congregational Church. From October, 1856, to January, 1858, he resided in Ontario, Ind., in charge of the Lagrange Institute, and as stated supply of the Congregational Church. Under this double duty his health, which had for a number of years been precarious, gave way; and he was obliged to retire in 1859 to a farm in Union City, where the rest of his life was spent. He died there after a painful illness of several months, from disease of the heart, on November 9, 1890, in his 80th year.

He married, on November 17, 1842, Sarah M., daughter of Deacon Luther Child, of Woodstock, Conn., who died on January 10, 1849. On August 29, 1852, he married Mrs. Caroline L., widow of Samuel J. Mills Hammond, of Union City, and daughter of Caleb Lincoln, who survives him with their only son.

JOHN D. SHERWOOD, son of Thomas and Ruth (DuBois) Sherwood, was born in Fishkill, N. Y., on November 24, 1818.

Immediately after graduating he began the study of law in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., in the office of Judge Ruggles. He also studied for a short time in the Harvard Law School before going abroad in August, 1841, for upwards of two years of foreign travel. In 1844 he completed his legal studies in New York City, in the office of the Hon. Samuel Sherwood, and in 1845 he was admitted to the bar. For six years he was in partnership with George Y. Gilbert (Y. C. 1837), in New York City; and in 1851 he associated with himself his brother, of the Class of 1846, and continued in that relation with abundant success until 1865,

when serious and long-continued ill-health obliged him to retire. In December, 1861, he received a Colonel's commission as aide on the staff of Gen. James S. Wadsworth, and in that capacity served in the Army of the Potomac. His later years were spent in Englewood, N. J., and were principally devoted to literary pursuits. His best known production is a *Comic History of the United States*, published in 1870. (12°, pp. 549.)

He died in Englewood, from pneumonia, on April 30, 1891, in his 73d year. He had suffered from paralysis for many years before his death.

He married, on October 29, 1863, Mrs. Emmeline Zimmerman, of Toronto, who survives him with four children. A son was graduated at this College in 1890.

LEVI DIBBLE WILCOXSON was born in Norwalk, Conn., on September 20, 1820.

After graduation he studied in the Yale Medical School, where he received a degree in 1842. He began practice in New Haven, but on becoming interested in a carriage-making firm, he withdrew from his profession, and from 1846 to 1860 resided principally in Macon, Georgia, where he conducted the southern branch of the business. He had been highly successful, and had accumulated a large estate, when the approach of the Rebellion obliged him to choose between loyalty to his country, with the certain loss of property, and the Confederate service. The choice was made without hesitation, and with no subsequent regrets. He returned to New Haven, and betook himself to the practice of his profession as his only means of support. In 1862 he entered the United States service as Assistant Surgeon in the Knight General Hospital in New Haven. In 1885 he removed to Newtown, Connecticut, where he continued the practice of medicine until his death, which occurred on November 20, 1890, in his 71st year.

In 1849 he married Elizabeth W., daughter of John Fitch, of New Haven. She died in 1851. In 1854 he married Sarah L. Fitch, a sister of his first wife, who died on September 27, 1885.

1840.

WILLIAM AUGUSTUS BRONSON was born on June 4, 1817, in Waterbury, Conn. His widowed mother, Mrs. Mary Bronson, removed to New Haven before he entered College.

He studied for three years in the Yale Medical School, receiving the degree of M.D. in 1843. After a short experience in medical practice in Connecticut and in Poundridge, N. Y., he went to Newburgh, N. Y., where he studied dentistry. In 1845 he removed to New York City, where he soon built up a good dental practice. He became prominent in his profession, and retained to the last the confidence and esteem of his fellow-practitioners and of his patients. After a year of failing health, he died in New York, from uræmia, on August 20, 1890, in his 74th year.

He married, in 1844, Sarah D., daughter of John Raymond, of New Haven, who died on July 12, 1871. Their two children died in early childhood.

HENRY MARTYN DEXTER was born in Plympton, Mass., on August 13, 1821, the son of the Rev. Elijah Dexter (Brown Univ. 1806) and of Mary (Morton) Dexter, the sister of Gov. Marcus Morton. The first two years of his College course were spent in Brown University.

After teaching for one year in Rochester, Mass., he entered the Theological Seminary at Andover, completing the course there in 1844. On November 6, 1844, he was settled as the first pastor of the Second, now Franklin Street, Congregational Church, Manchester, N. H. There he remained until the spring of 1849, when he accepted a call to what was then known as the Pine Street Church, Boston, and of that church he was pastor for eighteen years of continued prosperity. During this period the present church building—the Berkeley Temple—having at the time of its completion the largest seating capacity of any similar edifice in Boston, was planned by him with a view to furnish a church home for the common people. He had developed early in his ministry an aptitude for editorial work, and in 1851 he became one of the editors of the *Congregationalist*, then two years old. In 1856 he undertook the general editorship of the paper, and continued in that position until January 1, 1866, when he withdrew on account of the pressure of parish labors. He also edited the *Congregational Quarterly*, of which he was one of the founders, from 1859 to 1866. In June, 1867, he resigned his pastorate, to become a proprietor and editor-in-chief of the *Congregationalist*, and in this relation he remained until his death.

While still a pastor he had begun to be widely known as an authority on the history and the polity of his denomination; and long before his death he was recognized both in England and America as more fully equipped than any other living scholar in these subjects of research. His "Congregationalism: What it is, Whence it is, and How it works," first published in 1865, has been a standard authority for the usages of the denomination; and his "Congregationalism of the last 300 years, as seen in its Literature" (1880, pp. 716+326), is one of the most complete and satisfactory works of its kind ever issued in America. It is hoped that an unfinished work on which he was engaged, on the "English and Dutch Life of the Plymouth Pilgrims," may yet be published. The portion of his library relating to these favorite subjects of research—a collection of the highest value—was bequeathed to Yale. In recognition of his eminent scholarship this College gave him the degree of Doctor of Divinity in 1880, and also the degree of Doctor of Laws in 1890,—this being the only instance in which the Corporation have conferred both these degrees on the same person.

Dr. Dexter removed his residence in 1873 to New Bedford, Mass., where he died, without previous illness, of heart failure, in his sleep, in the early morning of November. 13, 1890, at the age of 69 years.

He married, Nov. 19, 1844, Emeline, second daughter of Simeon Palmer, of Boston, who survived him in feeble health, and died in Boston of pneumonia on February 24, 1891. Of their four children the eldest (Yale Coll. 1867) is still living; the other three (daughters) died in infancy or early childhood.

WILLIAM ADDISON HOUGHTON, son of Caleb and Susannah (Sawyer) Houghton, was born in Berlin, Mass., June 2, 1812.

After graduating at the Yale Divinity School in 1843, he was settled, on July 5 in the same year, over the Congregational Church of Northboro', Mass. Resigning this pastorate in June, 1851, he was called in 1853 to the church of his native town. Here he remained as pastor and pastor *emeritus* until his death, serving his townspeople in nearly every public capacity. His ability, broad sympathy, and public spirit gained him respect and esteem throughout a wide district.

At the time of his death he had nearly ready for the press a copious and valuable history of Berlin, and it is expected that this will soon be published.

He never fully recovered from an attack of pneumonia in the spring of 1890, and, after a month's illness, he died March 22, 1891, in his 79th year.

He married, May 26, 1844, Mary Grace, daughter of Solomon Howe, of Berlin. She died Oct. 16, 1882, leaving no children.

1841.

JAMES WADSWORTH, son of Wedworth and Content (Scranton) Wadsworth, was born in Durham, Conn., on August 25, 1819.

He remained in New Haven for most of the two years after graduation, at first engaged in literary studies, and later as a member of the Law school. He completed his legal studies in the office of the Hon. Benjamin D. Silliman, in New York City, and established himself in his profession in Buffalo, N. Y., in the latter part of 1845. He was City Attorney of Buffalo in 1850, and Mayor of the city in 1851. From 1856 to 1859 he was a member of the State Senate, but at the close of the latter year he removed to New York City, where he continued in legal and other business until the failure of his health. He was removed, in great feebleness both of body and mind, to Yonkers, N. Y., in April, 1891, and he died there on May 18, in his 72d year.

He was married, on September 8, 1845, to Miss Rosetta F., daughter of Richard Robinson, of Durham, Conn., who died on September 17, 1866. Their children were three sons and two daughters, of whom the eldest son was a member of the Sheffield Scientific School in the class of 1867.

1843.

DANIEL SIDNEY APPLETON, the fourth son of Daniel Appleton, was born in Boston, Mass, on April 9, 1824. In 1825 his father removed to New York, and there established the well-known house of D. Appleton & Co.

After graduation he remained in New Haven for a year, studying in the Yale Law School. He then relinquished the idea of a professional life, and entered his father's publishing-house. In 1846 he went to Europe, and for nearly two years had the management of the London office of the firm. After his return

he became in 1849 one of the partners, and from that time had charge for many years of the manufacturing interests of the house. He was stricken with apoplexy on November 9, 1890, and died at his home in New York four days later, in the 67th year of his age.

He was married, on March 25, 1858, to Malvina W., daughter of Charles H. Marshall, of New York City, the founder and owner of the Blackball line of packets. She died on November 30, 1873. Mr. Appleton was again married to Sophia W., daughter of the Rev. Oliver Lincoln, of Providence, who died on September 15, 1889. One son (Sheffield Scientific School 1880) and one daughter by his first marriage survive him.

PHILIP TITCOMB, son of John Berry Titcomb and Katy (Noyes) Titcomb, was born in Newburyport, Mass., February 29, 1812. Early in life he learned the trade of a working jeweller, but being thrown out of business in the financial crisis of 1837, his thoughts were turned to the ministry and he began preparation for College at the age of twenty-five. After graduation he took the first year of his theological course at Andover, and the two last at Bangor, graduating in 1846.

In the fall of that year he began his work in Hillsdale, Mich., where he was ordained over a Presbyterian Church on April 7, 1847. Returning to Maine in the spring of 1848, he preached at Cherryfield for three years, at Dexter from March, 1852, to December, 1854; at Kennebunkport from the last date till December, 1864, and at Limerick from May, 1865, to July, 1868. He then removed to Plympton, Mass., where he labored from November, 1878, to December, 1879, and went thence to Kensington, N. H., in October, 1880, continuing his work until his death there on January 24, 1891, of heart failure, at the age of 78 years, 11 months. He had two pastorates of ten years each and one of eleven—an unusual experience.

He was a man of a fine, winning presence, strong character, and lived a quiet but singularly blameless and lovely life. October 1, 1846, he married Miss Eliza W., daughter of Erastus Briggs, of Bangor, Maine, who died at Plympton, Mass., June 9, 1870.

Two daughters and a son, died in childhood, and four daughters are still living.

HENRY ASTOR WEEKS, the only son of Nathaniel T. and Mary (Flynn) Weeks, was born in New York City on May 12, 1822, and entered the class at the beginning of the Sophomore year.

He was graduated in medicine at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, in New York, in 1848, and established himself in practice in that city, but a visit to the California gold fields in 1849, from which he returned in 1852, led to his abandonment of his profession. He was engaged in the coal business in New York until the outbreak of the civil war, when he went to the field as Colonel of the 12th New York Volunteers; at the battle of Groveton, Va., in August, 1862, he was severely wounded. He retired from business soon after the close of the war, and lived a life of leisure in New York, where he died, from pneumonia, on April 20, 1891, in his 69th year.

He was married, in Greenwich, Conn., on April 26, 1848, to Alethea H., daughter of Dr. B. F. White, who survives him with their two children, a daughter and a son.

1845.

LEMUEL PARKER CONNER, son of William C. and Jane E. B. (Gustine) Conner, was born in Adams County, Mississippi, on September 30, 1827, and entered College with his elder brother at the beginning of the Sophomore year. He remained with the class until graduation, but was at the last refused a diploma on account of a personal difficulty in which he had become involved. He was admitted to a degree in 1876.

He spent the greater part of his life in his native county, and was actively engaged in cotton planting up to the time of the civil war. At that period he had large planting interests in Concordia Parish, Louisiana, and he was a member of the Convention of that State which passed the Ordinance of Secession. He served in the Confederate army, attaining the rank of Major, and afterwards devoted himself with energy to the reparation of his ruined fortunes. He practiced law for a time in Louisiana, and was also employed in the management of several large estates. He died, of pneumonia, at Woodland, near Natchez, in his native county, on March 24, 1891, in his 64th year.

He married, January 6, 1848, Miss Elizabeth F. Turner, daughter of the Hon. Edward Turner, of Natchez, late Chancellor of the State. Of their ten children four died in early life.

GUY BIGELOW DAY, the youngest of twelve children of Charles and Anna (Worthington) Day, was born in Colchester, Conn., on July 21, 1818.

After graduation he studied theology in the Yale Divinity School. He had already been preaching for nearly a year, in Higganum and Westville, Conn., when he was ordained as an evangelist on September 25, 1849, at North Haven, Conn. He was married five days later to Mary Ann, daughter of Capt. Edward Lewis, of Chatham, now Portland, Conn., and started immediately for Apalachicola, Florida, where he spent two years in conducting a school and in organizing a Congregational Church. His wife's death, on September 11, 1851, was followed by the destruction of his church and school by a hurricane, and he returned to Connecticut, where he spent the rest of his life. For three years he had charge of the Lewis Academy in Southington, where he married, on August 11, 1853, Mary, second daughter of Dr. Julius S. Barnes (Yale Coll. 1815). In December, 1855, he removed to Bridgeport, and for many years maintained a classical school there. He died in Bridgeport on June 8, 1891, at the age of 73.

By his first marriage he had one daughter; by his second marriage four sons and two daughters. The youngest daughter and youngest son survive him, with his widow.

1846.

CHARLES LORING BRACE was born in Litchfield, Conn., on June 19, 1826, the son of John P. and Lucy (Porter) Brace.

He studied in the Yale Divinity School in 1847-8, and in the Union Theological Seminary, New York City, in 1848-9. In 1850 he went to Europe on a pedestrian tour, and studied especially reformatory and philanthropic institutions and the condition of the common people. On his return in 1852 he resumed clerical and journalistic work in New York City, and also labored at the Five Points and in the City Prison. Early in 1853 he began with others the organization of the Children's Aid Society, to the conduct of which he thenceforth gave himself up. The success of this work was such that in his lifetime by its agency upwards of 70,000 children were transplanted from the city streets to good homes; while perhaps three times that number had been cared for in the Society's lodging-houses and trained for better lives. He was also efficiently interested in

other public reforms in New York, and was a prolific writer for the periodical press. Of his numerous published volumes the most notable are: *Gesta Christi*, or a History of Humane Progress under Christianity (1883); and, *The Unknown God*, or Inspiration among Pre-Christian Races (1890).

The rapid failure of his health obliged him in May, 1890, to sail for Europe. On the 1st of August he reached Campfer, in the Tyrol, Upper Switzerland, in a very feeble state, and died there on August 11, in his 65th year.

He married, on August 21, 1854, Letitia, daughter of Robert Neill, of Belfast, Ireland, who survives him with their two sons and two daughters. The elder son is a graduate of the Sheffield Scientific School (1876), and has succeeded to his father's position as Secretary of the Children's Aid Society.

GEORGE MCCCHAIN, son of John and Elizabeth McChain, was born in the city of New York on September 29, 1826. His mother died in his early childhood, and much of his time was spent in Ithaca, N. Y., which was his father's native place.

At the time of graduation he intended to study for the ministry, but after teaching for six months in Blountsville, East Tennessee, he decided on account of an hereditary disposition to consumption to give up a professional for a business life. He settled in Ithaca, and soon became a member of a firm doing a large and profitable business in the manufacture of paper and the publishing and sale of books. He sought in private life to accomplish the ends which he had aimed at in choosing the ministry as his profession; and was active and incessant in all charitable and church work. He was for many years an elder in the Presbyterian Church, and for quarter of a century superintendent of its Sunday School. He was twice offered a nomination for the office of State Senator, but declined. Financial loss and illness cast a shadow over his last years, but through the aid of friends he was enabled to continue one portion of his business until his death. He died at the residence of his son-in-law in Ithaca, on December 1, 1889, in his 64th year.

He married on September 21, 1852, Mary L., a daughter of Judge Platt Pelton, of Monticello, N. Y., who is still living. Their children were two daughters, of whom the younger married Professor W. T. Hewett of Cornell University, and is now deceased.

HENRY THORNTON STEELE, second son of the Rev. Julius Steele (Y. C. 1811) and Harriet (Belden) Steele, was born on July 8, 1821, in East Bloomfield, N. Y., where his father was then pastor. About 1838 his father retired from pastoral work, and settled in Michigan.

After graduation he taught in Colchester, Conn., for two years; and having studied law was admitted to the bar in Michigan on July 4, 1849. He opened an office in Constantine, but in December, 1856, he removed to Chicago, where he devoted himself mainly to chancery practice. In January, 1873, he was made a Master in Chancery of the Superior Court, and he served in that responsible capacity with distinguished ability up to 1888. He died after a painful illness, from cancer of the stomach, in Chicago, on November 10, 1890, in his 70th year.

He married, on November 5, 1851, Rebecca, daughter of Joseph Knox, of Carlisle, Pa., by whom he had four sons and one daughter. She survives him with three of their children.

1847.

ANDREW CLARK DENISON, son of Daniel and Susan (Cunningham) Denison, was born in Hampton, Conn., on June 27, 1822.

He studied theology for two years in the Theological Institute at East Windsor (now Hartford), Conn., and for a third year at Union Seminary, New York City; part of a fourth year was spent at the Yale Divinity School as a resident licentiate. On March 4, 1851, he was ordained at Leicester, Mass., as colleague pastor with the Rev. Dr. Nelson of the Congregational Church, and was dismissed early in 1856. He was then for two years associated in the management of Comer's Commercial College in Boston, but in 1858 returned to the ministry. For three years he was acting pastor of the Congregational Church in the village of Westchester, in Colchester, Conn. On April 17, 1861, he was installed over the First Congregational Church in Portland, Conn., from which position he was dismissed on January 20, 1868. He then went to Biddle Institute, in Charlotte, N. C., as teacher of theology, but in October, 1868, returned to Connecticut, where he was acting pastor of the Congregational Church in Middlefield until his death. Injuries received in being thrown from a carriage about a year before, caused his death, in Middlefield, on October 11, 1890, in his 69th year.

He married, on May 25, 1853, Catharine M., daughter of Linus Coe, of Middletown, Conn., who died on the last day of 1862.

He was again married, on May 20, 1867, to Laura A., daughter of the Rev. Charles Nichols, of New Britain, Conn., who died on August 8, 1868. On September 22, 1869, he married Harriet S., sixth daughter of Col. William Hart, of Guilford, Conn., who survives him with her only son, and one son by his second marriage.

WALLACE CORNWELL WILLCOX, the youngest son in a family of nine children of Alvin and Patience (Cornwell) Willcox, was born in New Haven, Conn., on March 29, 1827.

In the fall of 1847 he began his career as an instructor, in the High School in Milford, Conn., and two years later he accepted an offer to take charge of a Presbyterian Parochial School in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, where he continued for three years. In the mean time he was married, on May 14, 1851, to Sarah J., daughter of Dennis Beach, of Milford. He next became principal of the Juniata Academy, a boarding-school in Academia, Pa., but the duties devolving upon his wife proved to be too severe, and he remained there but a short time. In the fall of 1854, he removed to St. Louis, Mo., where he was in charge of either public or private schools for a period of ten years. The troubles incident to the Civil War made it desirable for him to return to New England to assist his parents, and in 1864 he became the proprietor of the Stamford Institute, a long-established boys' boarding-school in Stamford, Conn., where he conducted a successful school for more than ten years.

During this time, however, he met with serious financial losses, which long embarrassed him, although his trials were endured with remarkable cheerfulness and submission. In 1874 he removed his school to North Granville, Washington County, N. Y.; but although it was prosperous, the distance from New York City seemed a disadvantage, and in 1880 he again removed to Mohegan Lake, near Peekskill, where he had a successful school until the time of his death. During this long experience as a teacher, his devotion to the interests of his pupils—more than two thousand of whom were prepared for colleges and other institutions—was the characteristic of his life.

He was just on the point of relinquishing his life-work, and settling in a quiet home, when his death occurred, while on a visit to his sons, in Spokane Falls, Washington, on July 27, 1890, after twelve days' illness of dysentery.

His first wife died on December 21, 1871, and he next married Gertrude, daughter of Charles William Knapp, of Stamford, Conn., who survives him with one of her two daughters. Of eight children by his first marriage, three sons are still living.

1848.

JOHN NELSON BORLAND, son of John and Rebecca Nelson (Woolsey) Borland, was born in Boston, Mass., January 14, 1828, and entered Yale at the beginning of Junior year.

He began the study of medicine in the Medical School of Harvard University in 1848, and took the degree of M. D. in July, 1851, having already served for nearly a year as house-physician in the Massachusetts General Hospital.

After a period of foreign travel he settled in Boston, and both there and during the summer months in Nahant he proved himself a remarkably skillful and conscientious practitioner during a long series of years. He was largely interested in the establishment of the Boston City Hospital, and was visiting physician there for the first ten years. From 1869 to 1873 he was Instructor in Clinical Medicine in the Harvard Medical School. He retired from practice in 1878, and afterwards made his home in New London, Conn. He died, after a long illness, at the residence of his sister in Boston, on August 10, 1890, in his 63d year.

He married, on March 5, 1853, Madeline, daughter of Isaac Gibson, Esq., of New York City, and had by her two daughters and two sons.

1850.

EDWARD MILES JEROME, son of the Hon. Chauncey and Salome (Smith) Jerome, was born in Bristol, Conn., on June 15, 1826. His father removed to New Haven in 1844.

He studied law for two years, until May, 1852, in the Yale Law School, and after further study was admitted to the bar in Baltimore, Md. He soon returned to New Haven, where he opened a law office in January, 1853; but the death of a brother caused him, in August following, to remove to New York, in order to superintend the branch of his father's clock business in that city. In December, 1855, he left New York, and began the study of theology, which he prosecuted in New Haven, and in Hartford, Conn. (with the Rev. Dr. Robert Turnbull). In May, 1860, he was ordained pastor of the Baptist Church in Northamp-

ton, Mass. From 1862 to 1866 he was pastor in Meriden, Conn. Then intervened a period of poor health, which was spent in St. Paul, Minn., and in New Haven. In October, 1869, he was again settled as pastor, in Westfield, Mass. He removed in 1871 to Ansonia, Conn., but was soon obliged, owing to a serious bronchial difficulty, to give up regular preaching. He established there *The Naugatuck Valley Sentinel*, which he edited for several years. In 1880 he returned to New Haven, and became the editor and proprietor of *The Shore Line Times*, to which his remaining years were given. After several years of poor health, he died suddenly in New Haven, on June 8, 1891, from the effects of a surgical operation for disease of the bladder.

He married, on December 14, 1852, Kate H., daughter of John Braddock, of Hartford. She died in New Haven, on July 26, 1856, leaving one son who died in childhood. He next married, on October 5, 1858, Miss Emma, daughter of Hobart R. Hotchkiss, of Fair Haven, who survives him with two daughters.

CORDIAL STORRS, third son of Cordial and Mary (Ives) Storrs, was born in Martinsburg, Lewis County, N. Y., on September 1, 1823, and entered College from Lowville, in the same county, during the second term of Sophomore year.

After graduation he taught for a short time in Flushing, N. Y., and spent the year 1851-2 in the Yale Divinity School. Then turning his attention to political affairs he gave himself until 1860 mainly to political writing and speaking in Kansas and Illinois. He then removed to Washington, D. C., and was for some time chief clerk in the Fourth Auditor's Office, Treasury Department. In 1865 he entered on the practice of law in Washington, and was occupied in this business, especially as solicitor of patents, and in real estate business, until his death. During all these years he was an active member of the First Presbyterian Church, and labored zealously in connection with its work.

He died in Washington, from meningitis, superinduced by an attack of the "grippe," on April 9, 1891, in his 68th year.

He married, in December, 1855, Cornelia P., daughter of the Hon. J. W. Bagg, of Detroit, Mich. She died in July, 1856.

1851.

JOHN MILTON SLADE, son of John and Lucy (Lord) Slade, was born in Boston, Mass., in July, 1831, but during his boyhood his

parents removed to Brooklyn, N. Y., his father being in the dry-goods commission business in New York City.

On graduation he became a clerk in the house of which his father was the head. He was soon admitted to partnership, and continued in the business until the failure of the firm in 1887. His residence was in Brooklyn, but his death occurred at White Lake, in Sullivan County, N. Y., on August 13, 1890, at the age of 59.

1852.

FREDERICK BOOTH SWIFT, son of Augustus Swift, was born in Cornwall, Conn., on August 31, 1831.

He studied law with Judge Munson, in Delaware County, N. Y., and was admitted to the bar in May, 1854. He began practice in Newtown, Conn., but about three years later removed to New York City. He served in the civil war with the Seventh Regiment, in the summer of 1862. His habits were dissipated in later years, and he died in New York in poverty on September 20, 1890, at the age of 59. He was unmarried.

1853.

HUDSON BURR, second son of Rufus and Ann S. (Hudson) Burr, was born in the village of Torrington, in Torrington, Conn., on January 23, 1830, and entered the class at the opening of Sophomore year.

In the year after graduation he taught in a Military Academy in Oxford, Maryland, and then began the study of law in his native town. After a few months he removed to Bloomington, Illinois, where he was admitted to the bar and practiced his profession until August, 1862, when he enlisted in the 94th Illinois Volunteers, and was commissioned as Adjutant of the Regiment. He subsequently held a commission as Captain and Assistant Adjutant General, and distinguished himself for bravery.

After the war he returned to Bloomington, and formed a law partnership with Robert E. Williams which continued for nearly twenty years, during which time the firm was one of the ablest and best known in Central Illinois. He retired from active business in 1885, on account of impaired health, and for the rest of his life was afflicted with paralysis which finally extended to the brain. He died in Bloomington, on February 17, 1891, in his 62d year.

He married, December 11, 1854, Lucy W. Pelton, of Wolcottville, in his native town, who survives him. Of their children,

the elder son and elder daughter died in infancy ; a daughter and a son survive,—the son having been for a time a member of the class of 1883 in this College.

JOSEPH SHELTON FRENCH, son of Joseph B. and Polly (Shelton) French, was born in Bridgeport, Conn., on February 9, 1833.

For three years after graduation he studied medicine in the Yale Medical School, and after receiving the degree of M.D. he practiced his profession for two years in his native place. Later he went into the drug business in Bridgeport in the firm of Ward & French ; and on the dissolution of this firm in 1861 he engaged in farming, and some years later in the nursery business.

Failing in health he removed to Idaho in 1881, where he established himself as a druggist, and resided until his death, which occurred at Salmon City, from a complication of lung troubles, on June 17, 1890, in his 58th year. Under successive trials and reverses his earnest, sincere Christian life and example won the respect of all.

He married, on December 3, 1862, Harriet, daughter of Captain George La Field, of Bridgeport, who died on October 31, 1863, leaving a son who is still living. He next married, on April 7, 1869, Catherine, daughter of Dr. James D. Brown, of Bridgeport, who survives him with three sons and two daughters.

GEORGE PALFREY, son of Henry W. and Mary B. (Inskip) Palfrey, was born on December 20, 1829, in New Orleans, La.

After his graduation he engaged in business as a broker in New Orleans, where his residence continued through his life. In April, 1882, he had a slight attack of apoplexy, the result of which was the almost entire loss, after a year or two, of his eyesight. His remaining years were years of great infirmity, both mental and physical. His death occurred in New Orleans, on June 11, 1891, in the 62d year of his age.

He was married, on October 6, 1857, to Gertrude E. Wendell, of Brooklyn, N. Y., who died on May 7th, 1868. He was again married, on September 28, 1870, to Augusta M. Wendell, of Brooklyn, who survives him. His children by the first marriage were three sons and two daughters, of whom two sons are still living. The only child of his second marriage died in infancy.

ABNER LEAVENWORTH TRAIN, son of the Rev. Asa M. Train (Amherst College, 1825) and Lucia (Leavenworth) Train, was born on September 16, 1830, in Milford, Conn., where his father was from 1828 to 1850 the pastor of the Second Congregational Church.

He read law in Hartford, Conn., for the year after graduation, in the office of the Hon. John Hooker, and after an interval of a year (spent in the Andover Theological Seminary), he resumed his law studies in 1855. In March, 1857, he was admitted to the bar, and for a short time practiced law in Hartford. In 1858 he served as Clerk of the Connecticut House of Representatives, and in 1861-2 he represented the town of Milford in the Legislature. In 1862-3 he was private secretary for the Hon. Gideon Welles, then Secretary of the Navy, and during the early part of 1864 was Deputy Collector of Customs of the port of New Haven. For a year from July 1, 1864, he was connected editorially with the *New Haven Journal and Courier*, and for eight years from July, 1865, he was one of the proprietors and the editor-in-chief of the *New Haven Daily Palladium*. He was then for some years engaged in no active business.

The year 1883-4 he spent in Europe, and after his return he became Secretary of the Forestry Commission of the State of New York, a position for which his knowledge of botany and entomology and his study and observation in Europe particularly fitted him. After suffering for some years from rheumatic gout, he died from heart-failure, due to the effects of this disease, at his residence in Albany, on February 10, 1891, in his 61st year.

He was married, on March 17, 1863, to Miss Susan A. Bull, of Milford, who died on July 22, 1870, leaving an only daughter who is still living.

1854.

LESTER MORSE DORMAN, son of Rufus and Bede (Goodyear) Dorman, was born in Hamden, New Haven County, Conn., on November 5, 1830.

After graduation he was employed for a year in the office of the *American Agriculturist* in New York City. He then entered the Union Theological Seminary, and completed the regular three years' course. After brief engagements in Winsted, and elsewhere in Connecticut, he was ordained pastor of the First (Congregational) Church in Manchester, Conn., on June 6, 1860. In

1870 a difference of opinion having arisen in the parish with respect to the location of the church, he was led to resign his charge, and was dismissed by a council on May 10. After ministering for about nine months to a portion of his old congregation worshiping in a private hall, he entered the communion of the Protestant Episcopal Church, and was admitted to deacon's orders by Bishop Williams, at Middletown, Conn., on February 10, 1872, and soon after took charge of St. Peter's Church, Plymouth, Conn. He was advanced to the priesthood by Bishop Williams, at Middletown, on December 19, 1873, and in 1874 resigned his charge and removed to New York City, having become half-owner and assistant editor of the *Church and State*. Later, he was connected editorially and as correspondent with several other denominational papers.

He died of heart-disease while attending divine service at the Church of the Holy Trinity, in Brooklyn (his residence), on December 7, 1890, in his 61st year.

He was married, on June 26, 1860, to Susan A. Rapalje, who survives him with three children.

JOHN PROCTOR, son of the Rev. David C. Proctor (Dartmouth College 1818) and Frances W. (Nantz) Proctor, was born on February 22, 1832, in Prince Edward County, Va., where his father was then preaching.

After graduation he went to Kentucky and settled as a planter near Frankfort, which was then his father's home. At the close of the civil war he removed to Texas, and he died there, at Victoria, on February 3, 1891, aged 59 years.

1855.

HENRY RICHMOND SLACK, fourth son of Eliphalet and Abigail (Cutter) Slack, was born in Plaquemine, La., on October 20, 1835.

After graduation he pursued a course of private study at home, and then entered the Medical College of New Orleans, which is now a Department of Tulane University. His health gave way under study, and he was engaged for a time in the hardware business in New Orleans. In July, 1861, he entered the Confederate army as a private, but was at once raised to the rank of Lieutenant, and served through the war, acting latterly as Adjutant-General on the staff of General Braxton Bragg. He

returned to Plaquemine in 1865, and was a merchant there until 1867, when he engaged in farming, which occupation he followed until his death. In 1880 he removed his family to Georgia, in search of health and educational advantages. Afterwards they were sent to Sewanee, Tenn., the seat of the University of the South, where his second son is now a Senior; and while visiting them there he was attacked with typhoid fever, and died after two weeks' illness, of heart-failure, on October 1, 1890, at the age of 55. He was a devoted Christian, a lay reader in the Episcopal Church, and for many years senior warden of the Church of the Nativity in Plaquemine, where he was also a leader in all public and philanthropic movements.

He married, on July 9, 1860, Louisiana T., daughter of Austin Woolfolk, of Rosedale, La., who survives him with their children, three sons and one daughter.

WILLIAM THOMAS WILSON, son of James L. and Jane M. Wilson, was born in New York City on December 15, 1834, and resided in Brooklyn, N. Y., at the time of his admission to College.

After graduation he spent a year in the study of general literature, and was then for three years a member of the General Theological Seminary of the Protestant Episcopal Church. He was ordained deacon by Bishop Horatio Potter, on July 3, 1859, in New York City, and after a period of occupation there accepted a call to the rectorship of St. Peter's Church, Albany, N. Y., in 1861. He was advanced to priest's orders by Bishop H. Potter, at Cold Spring, N. Y., on October 18, 1861. In the latter part of 1866 ill health made it necessary for him to take a smaller parish, and he then removed from Albany to the Church of the Mediator, Kingsbridge, New York City, where he spent the rest of his life, with the exception of one year (1877-78), when he was rector of St. John's Church, York, Pa. About five years before his death his eyesight began to fail, and later he became nearly blind; but he worked faithfully to the very end of his days. He died suddenly, of heart-failure, on the morning of June 19, 1890, in his 56th year.

On December 14, 1865, he married Caroline, daughter of William E. Bleecker, of Brooklyn, N. Y., who survives him with their five children, one son and four daughters.

1856.

GEORGE WOLF BUEHLER, son of Henry Buehler, was born in Harrisburg, Pa., on November 26, 1834.

For some time after graduation he was employed in engineering and in editorial work in Harrisburg, and in September, 1858, he began to edit the *Farmers' and Miners' Journal* at Lykens, Pa., though continuing his residence in Harrisburg. In August, 1862, he was appointed to a clerkship in the U. S. Mustering and Disbursing Office in Harrisburg, and he remained in similar employment, there or in Philadelphia, for two years. He was then for several years not engaged in business, and devoted to the cultivation of his literary tastes. He was for twenty years secretary of the County Historical Society, and greatly interested in its progress. He was also a trustee of the Pine Street Presbyterian Church, and active in its councils.

He died at his home in Harrisburg on April 11, 1891, in his 57th year.

He married, on May 27, 1862, Mary Pollock, of Harrisburg, who survives him with their only child, a daughter.

1858.

THOMAS GILBERT VALPEY, son of Samuel S. and Elizabeth M. (Abbott) Valpey, was born in Andover, Mass., on July 16, 1832.

After serving for a year as principal of the Cleveland (Ohio) Academy, he entered the Berkeley Divinity School in Middletown, Conn., whence he went in May, 1860, to St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H., as Greek Master. On May 30, 1861, he was ordained deacon in the School Chapel by Bishop Chase of New Hampshire, and in connection with his teaching he had charge at different times of various parishes in the vicinity. In July, 1868, he resigned his mastership and went to Brooklyn, N. Y., as Head Master of Holy Trinity School and Assistant Minister of the Church of the Holy Trinity, where he continued until 1873. After brief engagements as teacher in Manlius, N. Y., and Lawrence, Mass., he returned within two or three years to his old place at St. Paul's, which he did not leave again. His long identification with this School proves sufficiently his capacity as a teacher and his qualities as a man.

After two years of serious trouble from heart-disease, he died at the house of a nephew in Lawrence, Mass., on November 15, 1890, in his 59th year. He was unmarried, and left a large portion of his property for a fund for prizes at St. Paul's School.

1859.

EUGENE SCHUYLER was born in Ithaca, N. Y., on February 26, 1840, being the eldest son of the Hon. George W. and Matilda (Scribner) Schuyler.

After graduation he resided for two years in New Haven, engaged in graduate study—especially in languages and philosophy—and in July, 1861, he received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy, that being the first time when this degree was conferred here. He then spent an additional year in the study of law in the Yale Law School, and completed his preparation for the bar in New York City, where he began practice in December, 1862. Though nominally in practice for four years, he was chiefly occupied in linguistic and literary studies, and in writing for the press, chiefly for *The Nation* and *The Round Table*, and as editor of *The New Path*. Shortly after his publication of a translation of Turgenev's *Fathers and Sons*, he was appointed (July, 1867) United States Consul at Moscow, where he remained until October, 1869, when he was sent as Consul to Revel, on the Baltic. In March, 1870, he was commissioned as Secretary of Legation to St. Petersburg. In 1873, during a leave of absence, he made a long journey in Central Asia, the results of which were published in 1876 in his volume on Turkestan, which is still the most considerable work in our language on that country. In July, 1876, he became Secretary of Legation and Consul-General at Constantinople, and just after his arrival there he investigated and reported on the Turkish atrocities in Bulgaria, and by this means promoted distinctly Bulgarian independence. He took part subsequently in preparing the constitution and plan of government for Bulgaria. In October, 1878, he was sent to Birmingham, England, as Consul, and just at this time he published a translation of Tolstoi's *Cossacks*. The next year he was Consul-General at Rome, and from there was transferred in June, 1880, to Bucearest as Chargé d'affaires. In 1881 he negotiated treaties with Serbia and Roumania, and in July, 1882, his rank was raised to that of Minister-Resident and Consul-General to Greece, Roumania, and Serbia. In July, 1884, this position was abolished by Congress, and about the same time Mr. Schuyler published an exhaustive life of *Peter the Great*. After an extended visit to the United States he settled in Italy in 1885, and devoted his time almost entirely to literary studies. In 1886 he

published a useful volume on *American Diplomacy*. In March, 1889, he was nominated for Assistant Secretary of State, but declined the nomination. Later in the year he was sent to Cairo as Consul-General, but the climate proved unfavorable to his health, and he was on his way to Marienbad when an intermittent fever detained him at Venice, and caused his sudden death on July 16, 1890, in his 51st year.

He was endowed with unusual intellectual activity and versatility, and his attainments were freely recognized at home and abroad. The degree of Doctor of Laws was conferred on him by Williams College in 1882 and by Yale College in 1885.

He married in Paris, on July 13, 1877, Miss Gertrude W. King, daughter of the late President Charles King, of Columbia College, who survives him without children.

1861.

CLARENCE EDDY, the eldest child of George W. and Delia E. (Ferris) Eddy, was born in Waterford, N. Y., on November 17, 1839.

After graduation he spent one year in the Yale Divinity School, and the two succeeding years in Princeton Theological Seminary. In August, 1864, he began to supply the pulpit of the 1st Presbyterian Church in Cornwall, N. Y., where he was ordained and installed on April 5, 1865. He remained there until February, 1869, when he became pastor of the Presbyterian Church in Woodside, a suburb of Newark, N. J. In July, 1875, he removed to Troy, N. Y., as pastor of the Westminster Presbyterian Church, then a young mission church, with which he continued for five years. On June 1, 1881, he assumed the pastorate of the 1st Congregational Church in St. Clair, Mich., which he resigned on January 1, 1886. In the fall of 1886 he went to the Congregational Church in North Middleboro', Mass., whence he went in October, 1890, to Denver, Colorado, where his only son was established in business. He at once set about organizing a Presbyterian Church in South Denver, a rapidly growing suburb of the city, and was looking forward to an early installation as pastor, when he died, after ten days' illness, from pneumonia, on April 3, 1891, in his 52d year.

He was married, on May 4, 1864, to Miss Jennie Scott, of Waterford, N. Y., who survives him with their two children.

JOHN CODDINGTON KINNEY, son of the Rév. Ezra D. Kinney (Middlebury College, 1825) was born on February 21, 1839, in Nassau, N. Y., where his father had been supplying the pulpit. About that time his father became pastor of the Congregational Church in Darien, Conn., where he remained until 1859.

On graduation he began a course of study in the Union Theological Seminary, New York City, but in December, 1861, he enlisted as a private in the 13th Regiment Connecticut Volunteers. By successive promotions for gallant service he attained the rank of 1st Lieutenant in January, 1864, and in May, 1864, he was detailed as signal-officer with Admiral Farragut's fleet. During the entrance of that fleet into Mobile Bay, on August 5, 1864, and through the fight which ensued, he was stationed on the flagship Hartford, and sat on the cross-trees of the foretop-mast above the Admiral.

After the close of the war he remained at the South until 1868, when he became assistant editor of the *Waterbury (Conn.) American*. In January, 1870, he became managing editor of that paper, but resigned his position in November, 1871, and was next for six months on the editorial staff of the *New York Tribune*. He then became an associate editor of the *Hartford (Conn.) Daily Courant*, with which paper he remained until his appointment in January, 1890, as postmaster of Hartford. He was also United States Marshal for the District of Connecticut, for four years from August, 1882. From January, 1882, he was Major of the First Company Governor's Foot Guard of Hartford.

He died in Hartford, after a short illness, from pneumonia, on April 22, 1891, in his 53d year, and was buried on the 27th with conspicuous demonstrations of respect and honor.

He was married, on March 7, 1867, to Sara E., daughter of Charles S. Thomson, M.D. (Yale, 1822), whose death is noticed on a later page of this pamphlet. She survives him without children.

1863.

JAMES SLADE MILLARD, son of Samuel S. and Mary Millard, was born in New York State, on March 1, 1837. His parents dying in his infancy, his youth was spent with relatives near Muscatine, Iowa.

After graduation he became a student in the Columbia College Law School, and received the degree of LL.B. in May, 1865.

He settled at once in Tarrytown, N. Y., and made his way by his unaided efforts to a large and increasing practice. He was not only successful in the line of his profession, but proved himself a most useful citizen, prominent in all public enterprises and interested in the educational, social, and religious progress of the village.

He died in Tarrytown, after a brief illness, on October 8, 1890, in his 54th year.

He was married, on August 17, 1865, to Elizabeth A., daughter of Gabriel Purdy, who survives him with two sons and one daughter,—another son having died in boyhood. The eldest son was graduated at Yale College in 1888.

1864.

EDWARD ROYALL TYLER, son of the Rev. Edward R. Tyler (Y. C. 1825) and Sarah Ann (Boardman) Tyler, was born in Hartford, Conn., on May 14, 1842. In his infancy his parents removed to New Haven, where his father was occupied as the editor of the *New Englander* until his death in 1848. He entered College in 1859, but withdrew from the class early in Sophomore year, and a year later joined the next class.

From November, 1864, to May, 1869, he was a clerk in the Treasury Department at Washington,—in the meantime pursuing a course of study in the Law School of the Columbian College, where he gained the degree of LL.B. in 1866. He practiced his profession in Washington for the most of the time until December 31, 1880, when he entered the examining corps of the Patent Office. He was employed in that office until his death, having been appointed to the rank of principal examiner in July, 1888.

He died in Washington, from acute pneumonia, after an illness of twenty-four hours, on March 30, 1891, in his 49th year. He was not married. His aged mother, who made her home with him, died of grief at his loss four days later.

1865.

GEORGE EDWARDS TREADWELL, younger son of Oliver W. and Anna Helena (Kramer) Treadwell, and great-grandson of Governor John Treadwell (Y. C. 1767), was born in Baltimore, Md., March 9, 1843. He entered College in 1860, but in October, 1862, he enlisted in the 27th Regiment Conn. Volunteers, and

participated in the actions of Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville, and Gettysburg. After a year's absence he entered the next Class.

After graduation he studied in the Yale Law School; was admitted to the bar in March, 1867, and received his degree of LL.B. in the following July. He began practice in New Haven, but early in 1869, at the solicitation of an old army comrade, he removed to New Castle, Pa., where he remained until his death. Besides his legal practice he was prominently connected with many business enterprises in New Castle, and in addition to earlier editorial experience was for many years before his death the proprietor of the *New Castle City News*, a daily and weekly newspaper. In all the public and private relations of life he bore an unsullied reputation. He died in New Castle, of heart-disease, on August 31, 1890, in his 48th year.

He married, April 4, 1867, Caroline T., only daughter of Samuel B. Wetmore, of Middletown, Conn., who died on June 24, 1870, leaving one son, who is now a member of the Senior Class in Yale College. He next married Sarah A. Greer, on March 1, 1876, who survives him with an only daughter.

1866.

LEVI CLIFFORD WADE, son of Levi and Abbie A. (Rogers) Wade, was born in Allegheny City, Pa., on January 16, 1843, and had been for three years a student in the University at Lewisburg, Pa., before beginning the course here.

For two years after graduation he studied in the (Baptist) Theological Institution in Newton, Mass. At the end of that time he abandoned the idea of preaching, and during the next four years taught school in Newton, studying law in the meantime. He was admitted to practice in Boston in 1873, and so continued with increasing success until 1880. From the latter date until his death he confined himself exclusively to railway law and management. Besides acting as counsel for several other roads, he was one of the original projectors and owners of the Mexican Central Railway Company, of which he was the president and general counsel for six years before his death.

His residence continued in Newton, which he represented in the Legislature for four years from 1876, being in the last year Speaker of the House.

He died in Newton, on March 21, 1891, in his 49th year.

He was married, in Bath, Me., November 16, 1869, to Margaret, daughter of the Hon. William Rogers, who survives him with their four sons, two daughters having died in infancy.

1868.

ALGERNON SYDNEY BIDDLE, the second son of George W. Biddle, an eminent lawyer of Philadelphia, and Maria (McMurtrie) Biddle, was born in Philadelphia on October 11, 1847, and entered Yale in the third term of Sophomore year.

After graduation he spent nearly two years in Europe, being for two semesters a student in the University of Berlin. On his return he studied law in Philadelphia, where he was admitted to the bar in 1872. He continued in the active pursuit of his profession, with increasing reputation, until his death. In 1887, on a re-organization of the Law School of the University of Pennsylvania, he was chosen to the important professorship of Torts, Evidence, and Practice at Law, and was made Secretary of the Faculty. In this position he proved himself a learned and capable teacher. He died of typhoid pneumonia, after an illness of two weeks, in Philadelphia, on April 8, 1891, in his 44th year.

He was married in 1879 to Frances, daughter of Moncure Robinson, of Philadelphia, who survives him with four sons.

CHARLES CLARK MARSH, son of Augustus and Rebecca (Clark) Marsh, was born in Jersey City, N. J., on September 11, 1847.

After leaving College he spent about six months in European travel, and on his return went into business in New York City. In 1871 he became a member of the prominent wholesale grocery firm of which his father was the head, with which he remained until 1883, when he withdrew for the purpose of engaging in the banking and stock-brokerage business, as a member of the firm of Durant, Marsh & Co., afterwards C. C. Marsh & Co. This firm continued until 1889. He died in New York, after a very brief illness, of Bright's disease, on November 27, 1890, in his 44th year.

He married, on April 12, 1877, Emma M. Rees, of New York City, who survives him with two sons.

JAMES KINGSLEY THACHER, the eldest child of Professor Thomas A. Thacher (Y. C. 1835), was born in New Haven, Conn., on October 19, 1847. His mother was Elizabeth, daughter of President Jeremiah Day.

He spent the first two years after graduation in California, and then returned to New Haven for study. From 1871 to 1879 he held a tutorship in the College, instructing primarily in Physics, and subsequently in Zoology, in which latter subject indeed he continued to provide instruction for College students down to 1888. In 1879 he was appointed Professor of Physiology in the Yale Medical School (where he had already taken the degree of M.D.), and in 1880 he entered on the general practice of medicine in New Haven. The subject of Clinical Medicine was added to his professorship in 1887.

He was also an independent scientific investigator of distinguished merit. His best known piece of work was published in 1877, and involved a criticism of Huxley and Gegenbaur on vertebrate evolution, which attracted attention both in England and Germany. He also published other researches of value, but the demands of his practice and of the Medical School interfered seriously with the time at command for original work.

He died in New Haven, after two days' illness, of pneumonia, on April 20, 1891, in his 44th year. His death is a severe loss to the Medical Department of the University, as well as to the profession in the city.

He was married, in Boston, September 10, 1878, to Miss Emily Baldwin Foster, eldest daughter of the Hon. Dwight Foster (Y. C. 1848), who survives him with their three children,—one daughter and two sons.

1869.

ALEXANDER HAMILTON EWING was born in Cincinnati on October 6, 1846.

His residence was in Chicago for most of his life, and he died there, of pneumonia, on May 3, 1890, in his 44th year.

1870.

ZACHARY TAYLOR CARPENTER, son of John T. and Mary A. Carpenter, was born in Lebanon, Conn., on December 2, 1848, but entered College as a resident of New London, Conn.

After graduation he went to Washington, D. C., and became a clerk in the Treasury Department, in the meantime also studying law in the Law School of the Columbian University. He gained the degree of LL.B. in June, 1872, and was admitted to the bar in the following autumn, but did not practice. In later years he secured many contracts under the Government, mainly for carrying the mails. He retained the fondness for athletic sports which he had in College, and was a member of several well-known clubs in Washington, representing literary, social, and athletic interests. He was a man of wide general reading, not only in his own language, but also in French, German, and Spanish, all of which he had acquired after leaving College.

In the last winter he went to the West Indies for the sake of his health, and died soon after his return, in Washington, of cirrhosis of the liver, on April 1, 1891, in his 43d year.

He married, on April 29, 1875, Virginia, daughter of the Hon. William R. Sapp, of Mount Vernon, Ohio, who survives him. They had no children. Mr. Carpenter's last will leaves in certain contingencies a small residuary estate, after the death of his widow, to Yale College, for a professorship fund.

1872.

EDWARD LUMAN COWLES, the only son of Chandler and Susan E. (Sabin) Cowles, was born in New Haven, Conn., on November 24, 1849. He spent nearly two years with the Class of 1871, and entered the next class at the beginning of the Junior year.

After graduation he traveled abroad for a year. On returning to this country, he was disappointed in his expectation of following either a professional or a business career, owing to his ill health, which prevented him from engaging in any active employment. He spent his time in quiet intellectual pursuits, and in travel, hoping from year to year to gain the strength necessary for more active work. His health gradually failed, and he died on May 29, 1891, after a short illness, at Saconnet Point, near Providence, R. I., at which latter place he had resided with his sister for some years previously.

1873.

EDWARD TATUM was born in Millville, N. J., on February 16, 1852, the son of Edward and Anna C. (Smith) Tatum. His College residence was in New York City.

After graduation he spent eighteen months in Europe, with the special object of perfecting himself in French and German. On his return he studied for a year in the Medical Department of the University of the City of New York, but then abandoned the idea of entering the profession of medicine, and for several years was engaged in no regular occupation. During this period, however, he made extensive acquirements in various departments of study, notably in philology and astronomy. At a later time he resumed his medical studies in Philadelphia, where he was graduated at the University of Pennsylvania in 1886; while there he was interested in hospital work, but did not practice his profession outside of that service. He was also greatly interested in microscopy and in questions connected with the modern applications of electricity, and conducted several remarkable series of investigations in his private laboratory on the latter subject.

He was married on April 25, 1885, to Helen Viele Perkins, daughter of the late Dr. Augustus Viele, of New York. His residence was then in Germantown, Pa., whence he removed in 1889 to Yonkers, N. Y., where he died suddenly, from heart-failure, on March 29, 1891, at the age of 39. His wife survives him without children.

1874.

FRANKLIN WELLS PATTEN, son of Robbins and Louise A. Patten, was born in Stafford, Conn., on May 8, 1855.

He was graduated at the Yale Law School in 1876, and spent another year in New Haven in the bookselling and publishing business. In 1877 he was admitted to the bar in Philadelphia, Pa., and he practiced law there until 1882. For most of the next six years his health was poor, and he followed no settled employment. In 1888 he undertook work in New York City, in the employ of the Greenwich Insurance Company, but he died in Stafford Springs, Conn., in January, 1890, in his 35th year.

1875.

SAMUEL JOHNSTON HUNTINGTON, the only son of William C. and Mary E. (Johnston) Huntington, was born in Cincinnati, O., on July 20, 1852.

After graduation he was in business for six years in Cincinnati, and then took the management of "The Hanover," an apartment

house on East Fifteenth Street, New York City. He died after a very brief illness, in New York, on February 24, 1891, in his 39th year.

He was married in Cincinnati, on April 17, 1884, to Miss Miriam Louise Hawes.

1879.

ALBERT WILLIAM SHAW, son of Edwin A. and Clara Shaw, was born in Buffalo, N. Y., on April 16, 1858.

For the most of the year after graduation he was in business in Buffalo. He then became a teacher in the Buffalo High School, and a year later principal of one of the grammar schools in the city. After some years he was appointed instructor in ancient languages in the Normal School, and in 1889 he started in Buffalo under very favorable auspices the Woolsey School, a private school for boys, preparatory to College. Besides his long continued usefulness to the community in this relation, he held the office of deacon in the Lafayette Street Presbyterian Church, and was president of the Young Men's Association of that church. He died at his home in Buffalo, of typhoid fever, after a short illness, on November 25, 1890, in his 33d year. He was unmarried.

1880.

EDWARD WESTON KNEVALS, son of Charles B. and Jane A. (Saunders) Knevals, was born in New Haven, Conn., on June 17, 1857. His father removed to New York City in his infancy.

After graduation he entered the Law School of Columbia College, but on account of ill health did not complete his course there until 1883. From that time until his death he was a practicing lawyer in New York.

While spending a part of the summer at Nantucket, Mass., he went out in the harbor alone on Tuesday afternoon, August 19, 1890, in a small sailboat. His body was not found until the following Sunday, and the appearances indicated that death had been caused within a few hours after his leaving port by a blow on the head from the flying boom of the boat. He was unmarried.

1881.

RUSSELL ANSON BIGELOW, son of William H. Bigelow (Williams College, 1852), and Mary A. Bigelow, was born in Sioux

City, Iowa, on June 2, 1859. His residence on entering College was in West Brattleboro, Vt.

He remained in New Haven for one year as a graduate student, and then began his professional studies in the Yale Law School, which he completed in the Law School of Columbia College in 1884. He then entered on the practice of law in New York City, and was at the time of his death in partnership with his classmate Carpenter. His unremitting devotion to his profession brought on an attack of brain fever, from which he died, after a week's illness, in New York, on November 2, 1890, in his 32d year. He was not married.

His affection for Yale was shown by the bequest of \$2,000 in his last will.

1882.

JAMES ALEXANDER CAMPBELL was born in St. Louis, Mo., on March 16, 1860, and died in Paris, France, on July 13, 1890, in the 31st year of his age.

He remained here for a year after graduation studying in the graduate department; and in July, 1882, he went abroad on an extended tour, from which he returned in the spring of 1885. In the succeeding autumn he entered the Law School of Harvard University, from which he was graduated in 1888. After this he went abroad again, and while living in Paris with his brothers had a very severe attack of the "*grippe*," in January, 1890. This was followed by congestion of the lungs and pneumonia, and he lingered on the verge of death for several months. He then rallied a little from the extreme prostration, but only to experience a fatal relapse, attended with great suffering.

CHARLES MATHER SHOLES, the only child of Charles H. and Emilie (Mather) Sholes, was born in Boston, Mass., on March 6, 1859, and joined this College in the beginning of the Sophomore year, being then a resident of Newport, N. H.

He settled in business in Oswego, Kansas, where he was married on December 25, 1884, to Miss Anna Electa Tucker.

He died in Oswego on August 7, 1889, in his 31st year.

FRANKLIN ELDRED WORCESTER, the fourth son of Edwin D. Worcester (of the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad

Company) and Mary (Low) Worcester, was born at Albany, N. Y., September 12, 1860.

After his graduation he chose the profession of mechanical engineering, for which he had an inherited taste and aptitude. He passed the greater part of three years (1882-1885) at the Sheffield Scientific School in the study of this profession. In 1884, he received the degree of Ph.B., and in 1886 the further degree of Dynamic Engineer. In the autumn of 1885, for the purpose of learning the practical details of his profession, he became a machinist-apprentice in the car-shops of the Michigan Central Railroad Company, at Jackson, Michigan, where he remained nearly two years. In February, 1888, he was made assistant superintendent of motive power of the Duluth, South Shore and Atlantic Railroad Company, with his residence at Marquette, Michigan. He resigned his position in the summer of 1889, and became traveling agent for the Iron Bay Company, of West Duluth, engaged in the manufacture of mining machinery. In July, 1890, he was appointed general agent, for the Montana region, of that company, and also of the Robinson & Cary Company, of St. Paul. His new residence was at Helena, Montana, where he remained, actively engaged in business until the day of his death. He died very suddenly in that city, March 3, 1891, of pneumonia. His remains were brought to the east, and were interred in the Albany Rural Cemetery.

He was a member of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, and of the University Club of New York City. For seven years prior to his death, his home had been in New York City, whither his father's family had removed in December, 1883. His constitution and general health had always been unusually robust, and had given promise of a long and active life. He was never married.

1886.

GEORGE LYLE KINGSLEY, son of Dr. W. J. P. Kingsley, was born in Rome, N. Y., on June 28, 1864, and entered the class with his younger brother at the beginning of the Junior year.

After graduation he studied medicine for three years in the Medical School of Harvard University. He continued in Boston, as interne at the Massachusetts General Hospital, where he died from diphtheria on September 25, 1890, in his 27th year.

During his College course, and later, Dr. Kingsley took great interest in the collection of material illustrating the history of the College. In his professional studies he showed remarkable enthusiasm and industry ; and his achievements had justified high hopes for his future.

1887.

JOSEPH LYLE THORNTON, Jr., son of Dr. Joseph L. Thornton (Miami University 1858), was born in Cincinnati, O., on January 3, 1865, and entered this College at the beginning of the Sophomore year,—his residence at that time being in Middletown, Butler County, O.

After graduation he studied law, and first settled in Logansville, Ind., whence he went to Seattle, Washington, where he had an apparently prosperous future before him at the time of his death on June 17, 1890, in his 26th year.

 YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL.

1822.

CHARLES STEELE THOMSON, son of Dr. Gurdon Thomson, a noted physician of Tolland, Conn., was born in Tolland on April 6, 1801. His mother was Elizabeth, daughter of the Rev. Eliphalet Steel (Y. C. 1764).

He began practice in Granby, Mass., where in 1822 he married Miss Julia Whittemore, who died a few years later. In 1834 he married Miss Susan Coit Belcher, daughter of Colonel William Belcher, of Granby, and earlier of Preston, Conn. They made their home in Fair Haven, now a part of New Haven, Conn., where Dr. Thomson continued in practice for nearly fifty years. Owing to feeble health he retired in 1883, and then removed to Hartford, Conn., where he and his wife made their home with their youngest daughter, the wife of Major John C. Kinney (Y. C. 1861). Mrs. Thomson died in April, 1890, from disease resulting from the *grippe*. Dr. Thomson retained his mental powers, his keen interest in affairs, and his cheerful disposition, until August 12, 1890; after two days of unconsciousness he

died on the 14th, in his 90th year. Three sons (two of them graduates of the Yale Medical School) and three daughters survive him. He had been for six years the oldest living graduate of the Medical School.

1832.

WILLIAM NELSON BLAKEMAN died in New York City, on August 10, 1890, in his 86th year.

He was a native of Roxbury, Conn., and came immediately to New York City after graduation. For over fifty years he was in general practice, and established a widespread reputation. In 1886 he retired from active labor, but still continued to be employed in consultations.

Four sons and one daughter survived him.

1835.

DANIEL BATEMAN CUTTER, the eldest child of Daniel and Sally (Jones) Cutter, was born in Jaffrey, N. H., on May 10, 1808. He was graduated at Dartmouth College in 1833, and had studied medicine under Luke Howe, M.D., of Jaffrey, and under his uncle, Nehemiah Cutter, M.D. (Yale 1817), of Pepperell, Mass., before coming to New Haven.

He practiced his profession in Ashby, Mass., until 1837, and for the rest of his life in Peterboro', N. H. He was a member of the State Legislature in 1852. In 1881 he published a valuable History of his native place.

He died in Peterboro', of old age and disease of the kidneys, on December 7, 1889, in his 82d year.

He married, on December 8, 1835, Clementina, daughter of the Hon. Asa Parker, of Jaffrey, who died on August 28, 1870; two daughters by this marriage died before their father. He next married, on December 5, 1872, Mrs. Tryphena (Tufts) Richardson, who survives him.

1861.

EDWARD AIKEN, eldest child of the Rev. Dr. Silas Aiken (Dartmouth College 1825) and Mary (Osgood) Aiken, was born in Amherst, N. H., on April 10, 1830, and was graduated at Dartmouth College in 1851. He studied theology in Andover Seminary, and on September 7, 1855, he was ordained at Rutland,

Vt., as a missionary. He spent the next three years in Syria, laboring under the direction of the American Board, but was then obliged to abandon his work by the condition of his health.

On taking his medical degree in 1861 he settled in Fitzwilliam, N. H., as a physician, removing thence in 1865 to his native town, where his residence continued until his death. He served also as Instructor in Materia Medica and Therapeutics in the New England Female Medical College, at Boston, from 1864 to 1872; and was a good deal employed in miscellaneous literary work.

He died in Amherst, of Bright's disease, on August 14, 1890, in his 61st year.

He was married, on September 5, 1855, to Susan Dougherty, daughter of the Hon. John O. Cole, of Albany, N. Y., who died at Homs, Syria, on June 20, 1856. He was next married, at Abeih, Mount Lebanon, on July 22, 1857, to Sarah, daughter of Deacon Cyrus Cheney, of Phillipston, Mass., by whom he had three sons and two daughters; three children are still living.

1879.

CHARLES THEODORE ROBERTS, seventh son of Stephen and Pamela (Underwood) Roberts, was born in Waltham, Mass., on September 23, 1843. He entered Harvard College from Lawrence Academy, Groton, but was obliged to withdraw after a short time by the failure of his health. He afterwards traveled extensively, especially in the South. On December 24, 1874, he was married to Ella R. Sloan, of Hartford, Conn.

After his graduation he settled in South Boston, Mass., where he remained in practice until his death. He died from apoplexy, at his home in South Boston, on October 1, 1890, at the age of 47.

His wife survives him with one daughter,—an only son having died in 1885.

YALE LAW SCHOOL.

1856.

JESSE H. Goss was educated at Emory and Henry College, Virginia. His residence while here was in Antioch, Ga.

He settled in the practice of his profession in Ocala, Florida, and was from 1868 to 1877 Judge of the Circuit Court of that State, for the Fifth Circuit. His later residence was in Gainesville, Florida.

His death took place on June 14, 1890.

1857.

GEORGE WILLIS SMITH, the eldest son of Willis and Olive (Smith) Smith, a native of Wallingford, Conn., died in Meriden, Conn., of Bright's disease, on August 21, 1890, at the age of 66. Before entering the Law School he had visited California on the opening of the gold mines, returning in 1852.

He settled in Meriden in the practice of his profession, and was early elected Judge of Probate for that district. His terms of service were from 1861 to 1867, from 1873 to 1879, for 1884, and from 1887 until his death. He was also Judge of the City Court from 1873 to 1877. He was twice married, and leaves a widow.

1888.

SOICHI TSUCHIYA died in Danbury, Conn., on November 27, 1890, aged about 23 years.

He came to this country from his home in Osaka, Japan, about 1884, having already been a pupil in an English school in Tokyo. After further study in New Brunswick, N. J., he entered the Yale Law School, where he proceeded to the degrees of LL.B. (1888), M.L. (1889), and D.C.L. (1890). His health had been feeble for some two years, and just as he was about returning home he was prostrated with a fatal attack of pneumonia.

 YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL.

1874.

CHARLES WILLIAM MALLORY, son of William and Frances A. (Combs) Mallory, was born in Waldon, Delaware County, N. Y., on August 25, 1843, and after a clerkship in a bank in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., was graduated at Amherst College in 1871.

During his College and Seminary course his residence was in Hamden, in his native county.

He was ordained pastor of the Congregational Church at Housatonic, in the town of Great Barrington, Mass., on June 18, 1874, where he continued until his dismissal on October 18, 1886. He then had charge of the Congregational Church in Charlotte, Mich., until his installation over the church in West Hartford, Conn., on July 10, 1890. He had already greatly endeared himself to the people of his latest charge by his devout spirit and attractive personal qualities, when his death occurred very suddenly, from diabetes and Bright's disease, on September 28, 1890, in his 48th year.

He married, on June 4, 1874, Ella A., daughter of Otis A. Judd, of South Hadley, Mass., who died on January 23, 1875. He was next married, on August 7, 1877, to Jennie M., daughter of Brackett Lord, of Newton, Mass., who survives him with three daughters.

1881.

GEORGE W. BOTHWELL was born in Woodsfield, Monroe County, Ohio, on February 19, 1850, and was graduated from Adrian College, Michigan, in 1875. On October 3, 1875, he was ordained in the Methodist Protestant Church, at Zanesville, Ohio, and he served as minister in that denomination, at New Comers-town and Fostoria, in the same State, for three years, or until he entered this Seminary.

After his graduation here he was for three years acting pastor of the Congregational Church in Portland, Michigan, going thence to New Orleans, La., as President of Straight University, a school for colored students. In 1888 he removed to Oakland, California, to take charge of the 2d Congregational Church. His engagement with that church terminated in 1890, and in January, 1891, he accepted a call to the (Congregational) Church of the Covenant in Brooklyn, N. Y. On the 18th of April, while administering medicine to a sick child, he swallowed accidentally a cork which became firmly lodged in one of the bronchial tubes, and caused his death on May 3, in his 42d year. His wife and two children survive him.

SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL.

1863.

WATSON ANDREWS GOODYEAR, the son of Chauncey Goodyear, Jr., was born in Hamden, New Haven County, Conn. He was employed immediately after graduation in the translation of a portion of Bodemann's *Anleitung zur Probierkunst*, and in the spring of 1865 he and Mr. Theodore A. Blake went to California, in a partnership as Civil and Mining Engineers which was not dissolved until the spring of 1875. In the meantime he did much other independent and special work in the line of his profession. He was employed, for instance, for some months in 1866-7 on a topographical survey in the vicinity of the Cliff House, San Francisco. In April, 1870, he entered the service of the Geological survey of California, under Professor J. D. Whitney, and was actively employed until the close of the season of 1873, when that Survey was stopped. Most of his work in this connection has appeared in the publications of the Survey. At a later date he was employed in the present State Survey of California. The fine collection of specimens of rocks made by him in these years now forms the principal part of the collection belonging to the University of California. In 1877 he published in San Francisco a volume on the Coal Mines of the Western Coast of the United States. In 1877 he returned to Connecticut, but soon went back again to California, and in the fall of 1879 went to the Republic of Salvador as State Geologist. While there he had the opportunity of observing a remarkable series of earthquakes, a detailed account of which he published at Panama in 1880. In the spring of 1881 he returned from San Salvador, and he remained in the vicinity of New Haven until 1885 or 1886, when he resumed the practice of his profession in California. He was subsequently employed as geologist of the State Mineralogical Bureau.

He died in San Francisco on April 10, 1891, at the age of 52.

1872.

FREDERICK FLOYD WELD, son of Captain Frederick A. and Mary D. (Washington) Weld, was born in Sag Harbor, L. I., N. Y., on February 19, 1850.

For about a year after graduation he was in the employ of the U. S. Coast Survey, in the survey of the Delaware River. In August, 1873, he obtained a position as draughtsman and general assistant in the office of the City Engineer in New Haven, which position he held until July, 1881, when he resigned in order to accept a more lucrative place as managing engineer for a contractor on the Pittsburg and Western Railroad, in Pennsylvania. In the summer of 1883 he accepted a position as assistant engineer in charge of the construction of a system of sewers in Waterbury, Conn.; and so ably did he conduct the work entrusted to him that when, a few months later, a vacancy occurred in the office of City Engineer, he was at once selected for the purpose. This office he held continuously until his death, in Waterbury, on June 28, 1890, in his 41st year. For several years he had been a prominent and active member of the City Board of Health, but although much of his thought and time had been given to devising means for checking the ravages of preventable diseases, he was one of the first victims of an epidemic of typhoid fever which visited Waterbury in the summer of 1890.

He was married, on Dec. 15, 1874, in New Haven, to Miss Mary V. Crockett, who survives him, with their two daughters.

1873.

EDGAR CAMP SAVAGE was born in Berlin, Conn., February 20, 1852, the son of Elliott and Sarah F. Savage. In his early childhood his parents removed to Meriden, Conn.

After graduation he remained in New Haven for a year, engaged in further study, and acting as Assistant in Mechanical Drawing in the Scientific School. He was then employed in the Coast Survey, but in 1876 he accepted a responsible position in the book-keeping department of the Meriden Britannia Company, which he retained with the growing regard of his employers until his death. He died in Meriden, after a brief illness, on March 10, 1891, in his 40th year.

He married, nearly ten years before his death, Lillian, daughter of James Fidler, of Meriden, who survives him with one son and one daughter.

1874.

GEORGE SMITH NEEDHAM, the son of Edgar Needham, was born on December 2, 1853, in Louisville, Ky.

For some years after graduation he was engaged in fruit-farming and other temporary employments, but finally settled in Richmond, Ind., the home of his eldest brother, and took up the study of law. He was in due time admitted to the bar, and in the winter of 1884 he married Miss Abbie Jackson of Richmond. He continued in the practice of law for about eighteen months, and then removed to southeastern Illinois, to supervise the management and cultivation of a large tract of land. This business occupied him until the summer of 1890, when he returned to Richmond, and was appointed to the position of Claim Agent on one of the divisions of the Pennsylvania Railroad lines west of Pittsburgh. His duties required him to make frequent trips over the railroad, and on his return from one of these journeys, he was instantly killed in an accident, on February 26, 1891, near Hagerstown, about 16 miles from his home. The parlor car, in which he was riding, was dashed to pieces, while the train was running at a high speed, having been derailed by broken pieces of forward cars.

His wife survives him with two sons.

1875.

JAMES CUNNINGHAM, son of William and Sarah M. Cunningham, was born in New York City on July 15, 1853.

After graduation he was for two years in the employ of the publishing house of Messrs. A. S. Barnes & Co., in New York. About the year 1879 he went to San Francisco, and established there the firm of Cunningham, Curtiss & Welch, booksellers, stationers, and paper dealers, in which he was the leading partner until his death. The firm had a very successful business, and was most favorably known over the Pacific coast.

Mr. Cunningham died in San Francisco of pneumonia, after three days' illness, on the 7th of November, 1890, in his 38th year.

He married about the year 1881 Mary Hale of San Francisco, who survives him with four children.

1877.

ARTHUR LEWIS BETTS, second son of Allen and Ann (St. John) Betts, was born in New Canaan, Conn., on October 12, 1856; in 1857 his family removed to Norwalk, Conn.

After graduation he taught school for a year, and then began work in his profession as a civil engineer. He was engaged in superintending the building of water-works at Hornellsville, Kingston, Fort Plain, Saugerties, North Tarrytown, Dobbs Ferry, and Hastings, N. Y. In 1886 he was married to Ella Beale Clay, of Kingston, who survives him.

In January, 1890, he suffered from a severe attack of the *grippe*, which developed into consumption, of which he died, at his father's residence, in Norwalk, on March 8, 1891, in the 35th year of his age.

ELIJAH THIEN FOH LAISUN, son of Chun Laisun, who was a Commissioner of the Chinese Educational Commission to the United States in 1872, was born in Shanghai, China, on October 4, 1854.

After graduation he returned to Shanghai, and was engaged in business there. In the latter part of November, 1889, he went to Hong Kong on business, and just as he was about returning home he died very suddenly on December 7, in his 36th year. His widow and a posthumous daughter are still living.

1879.

WALTER SMITH WILLIAMS, son of John M. and Elizabeth (Smith) Williams, was born on April 21, 1858, in Chicago, Ill. In 1868 his parents removed to the suburb of Evanston, where his preparatory studies were completed.

After graduation he was engaged in various lumber enterprises,—first as a clerk for J. H. Pearson & Co., in Chicago, then as a partner in the firm of Rich & Williams, in Riverdale, Ill., and then in the firm of Williams Brothers, Hammond, Ind. From June, 1887, he was a partner in the firm of J. H. Pearson & Co., of Chicago, and for two years before his death he resided in Ashland, in charge of their logging and lumbering business at that point. He died in Evanston, of typhoid fever, on February 6, 1890, in his 32d year.

In October, 1882, he married Elia Gilbert, by whom he left one son and one daughter.

1880.

LOUIS MAYNARD HIGGINSON was born in Dubuque, Iowa, on October 30, 1856, the son of John C. and Charlotte (Brown) Higginson. His residence was in Newburgh, N. Y., at the date of his entrance here, his parents being then deceased.

Soon after graduation he went to Texas for his health, and shortly before his permanent settlement there (in September, 1882) he purchased a large ranch in Concho County, near the center of the State, and engaged in stock-raising. At the time of his death he was the owner of about 3000 acres of land.

While on a visit to Austin, in June, 1890, he contracted typhoid fever, and his death followed, at his ranch, on July 15, in his 34th year. He was never married.

1888.

CHARLES BART BERGER, son of William B. Berger, was born near New Castle, Pa., on December 18, 1866. When he was three years of age, his parents removed to Denver, Col.

On graduation he entered the Colorado National Bank in Denver, as second assistant cashier. In April, 1890, on the death of his father, who was the cashier of the bank, he was made first assistant cashier; and three months later, on the failure of the health of the new cashier, Mr. Berger, having shown marked financial ability, was advanced to his place. On November 5, 1890, he was married to Miss Gertrude Hill, of Denver, the youngest daughter of ex-Senator Nathaniel P. Hill. He died at his home in Denver, on January 3, 1891, after two weeks' illness, of diphtheria, of a most malignant type.

1889.

LELAND HOWARD, son of Frank L. Howard, was born in Springfield, Mass., on June 28, 1868. The family residence from his early infancy was in Hartford, Conn.

On graduation he took a position with the firm of James L. Howard & Co., of Hartford, dealers in railroad and car-furnishing goods, with which his father was connected; and he had

already given promise of a successful business career, when he was arrested by an attack of typhoid fever, ending in peritonitis, which caused his death, after two weeks' illness, in Hartford, on July 28, 1890, in his 23d year.

1890.

ADRIAN MULLER ISHAM, son of Charles H. Isham, was born in Orange, N. J., on September 16, 1868. He entered the School in the fall of 1886, but after one term withdrew to join the succeeding class.

He died of typhoid fever in Chattanooga, Tenn., on October 7, 1890, aged 22 years.

Intelligence of the following deaths has been received, too late for insertion in their proper places :

ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT.

(YALE COLLEGE.)

1826.

THOMAS GRISWOLD MATHER, second son of Thomas and Elizabeth (Hubbard) Mather, was born in Albany, N. Y., on January 31, 1808. Soon after his birth the family returned to Middletown, Conn., his mother's native town.

On graduation he began at once the study of law with the Hon. William L. Storrs, of Middletown, afterwards Chief Justice of the State, with whom after his admission to the bar he formed a partnership which continued for several years. In 1835 the condition of his health required him to seek a more active life, and he relinquished his profession and established himself on a farm within the limits of the town, where he resided without other occupation until 1847. He then, on the occasion of a vacancy in the offices of town clerk and treasurer, and clerk of the city and probate courts, assumed those duties, but after three years returned to his farm. In 1852 he removed to Cleveland, Ohio, but the change was not favorable to his health, and in 1854 he sought relief in New England air again. Until 1866 he

resided in Longmeadow, Mass.; and he was not permanently located again until his return in 1870 to his old home in Middletown. The remainder of his life was spent there in quiet retirement, with the respect and honor of all, and after an illness of three days he died in Middletown on May 9, 1891, in his 84th year.

He was married, on October 20, 1834, to his first cousin, Miss Jane A., third daughter of Samuel Mather, of Middletown, who survives him. They had no children.

1841.

EDMUND LEAF, son of George and Elizabeth Leaf, was born in Pottstown, Pa., on November 3, 1818.

After graduation he studied theology in private for two years, and spent a third year in the Episcopal Theological Seminary of the Diocese of Virginia. He was ordained Deacon by Bishop Alfred Lee on July 7, 1844, and accepted an invitation to the charge of the Episcopal Church in his native place. He was advanced to the priesthood on March 18, 1845. In 1858, his charge having become too extensive for one clergyman, he resigned the care of Christ Church, in Pottstown, retaining two other outlying congregations which he had gathered,—St. Gabriel's in Douglassville, and St. Michael's, in Birdsboro'. About twenty years later he resigned the care of the parish in Douglassville, and removed his residence from that place to Birdsboro'. He retained this charge until his death, at that place, on June 16, 1891, in his 73d year.

He married Miss Harriet P. Clay, of Pottstown, on October 26, 1848, and had three sons and one daughter.

1853.

GEORGE WASHINGTON KLINE, son of George W. and Catharine (Lineaweaver) Kline, was born on March 13, 1833, in Lebanon, Pa.

He studied law after graduation, but never practiced the profession, spending his life on a farm in his native place, where he died on October 15, 1889, in his 57th year.

He was married, on November 14, 1872, to Martha Weidman, of Lebanon. They had no children.

The number of deaths recorded this year is 118—a larger number than has been recorded in any previous year,—and the average age of the 96 graduates of the Academical Department is very nearly 65 years,—a greater age than has been noted in any year since these Records began to be printed.

The oldest living graduate is EDWARD MCCRADY, Esq., Class of 1820, of Charleston, S. C., who was born on March 16, 1802.

SUMMARY.

ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT.

(YALE COLLEGE.)

Class.	Name and Age.	Place and	Time of Death.
1815	Joseph D. Wickham, 94,	Manchester, Vt.,	May 12, '91.
1817	Charles J. McCurdy, 93,	Lyme, Conn.,	June 8, '91.
1822	I. Sumner Lincoln, 91,	Wilton, N. H.,	Aug. 2, '90.
1824	Alvan Talcott, 86,	Guilford, Conn.,	Jan. 17, '91.
1825	Ebenezer Boyden, 87,	Cobham, Va.,	Jan. 15, '91.
1825	Abijah Catlin, 86,	Harwinton, Conn.,	April 14, '91.
1826	E. Huggins Bishop, 83,	New Haven, Conn.,	Oct. 2, '90.
1826	Reuben H. Close, 90,	Elmira, N. Y.,	May 2, '91.
1826	Thomas G. Mather, 83,	Middletown, Conn.	May 9, '91.
1827	Albert Hale, 91,	Springfield, Ill.,	Jan. 30, '91.
1828	Flavel Bascom, 86,	Princeton, Ill.,	Aug. 8, '90.
1829	Philip P. Kissam, 83,	Jamaica, N. Y.,	June 12, '91.
1829	Julius A. Reed, 81,	Davenport, Iowa,	Aug. 27, '90.
1830	William W. Newell, 83,	Andover, Mass.,	May 11, '91.
1831	Jansen Hasbrouck, 81,	Rondout, N. Y.,	Febr. 7, '91.
1831	George P. Holeman, 81,	Bremo Bluff, Va.,	Jan. 27, '91.
1832	Edward Carrington, 78,	Providence, R. I.	May 2, '91.
1832	Robert J. Livingston, 79,	New York City,	Febr. 22, '91.
1832	J. Angus Manning, 76,	New York City,	June 9, '91.
1832	William C. Wharton, 80,		May 22, '91.
1833	Heman Mead, 84,	Morristown, N. J.,	Nov. 14, '90.
1833	Joseph Pettee, 82,	Boston, Mass.,	Febr. 15, '91.
1833	Alphonso Taft, 80,	San Diego, Cal.,	May 21, '91.
1834	Welles Hawes, 76,	Brooklyn, N. Y.,	June 11, '91.
1836	Theodore Stanley, 76,	Pleasant Hill, Mo.,	May 24, '91.
1836	James C. Walkley, 73,	Haddam, Conn.,	Oct. 4, '90.
1837	Orlo D. Hine, 74,	Mamaroneck, N. Y.,	Aug. 9, '90.
1837	John P. C. Mather, 74,	New London, Conn.,	Febr. 12, '91.
1837	Ambrose Pratt, 77,	Chester, Conn.,	June 11, '91.
1837	John W. Seymour, 73,	Villa de Santiago, Mex.,	December, '89
1837	Charles B. Smith, 76,	Grand Rapids, Mich.,	Sept. 17, '90.
1838	John K. Bartlett, 73,	Los Angeles, Cal.,	Nov. 26, '89.
1838	Edward S. Dwight, 70,	Hadley, Mass.,	Nov. 12, '90.
1838	Charles B. Hosmer, 78,	Chicago, Ill.,	Febr. 14, '91.
1838	Edwin D. Seward, 75,	Laclede, Mo.,	Febr. 25, '91.

Class.	Name and Age.	Place and	Time of Death.
1839	Samuel W. Bailey, 80,	New York City,	April 17, '91.
1839	Henry N. Bissell, 75,	Erin, Mich.,	May 14, '91.
1839	John T. Councilman, 74,	Pikesville, Md.,	Aug. 9, '90.
1839	Henry C. Morse, 79,	Union City, Mich.,	Nov. 9, '90.
1839	John D. Sherwood, 72,	Englewood, N. J.,	April 30, '91.
1839	Levi D. Wilcoxson, 70,	Newtown, Conn.,	Nov. 20, '90.
1840	William A. Bronson, 73,	New York City,	Aug. 20, '90.
1840	Henry M. Dexter, 69,	New Bedford, Mass.,	Nov. 13, '90.
1840	William A. Houghton, 73,	Berlin, Mass.,	March 22, '91.
1841	Edmund Leaf, 72,	Birdsboro', Pa.,	June 16, '91.
1841	James Wadsworth, 71,	Yonkers, N. Y.,	May 18, '91.
1843	Daniel S. Appleton, 66,	New York City,	Nov. 13, '90.
1843	Philip Titcomb, 79	Kensington, N. H.,	Jan. 24, '91.
1843	Henry A. Weeks, 69,	New York City,	April 20, '91.
1845	Lemuel P. Conner, 63,	Woodland, Miss.,	March 24, '91.
1845	Guy B. Day, 73,	Bridgeport, Conn.,	June 8, '91.
1846	Charles L. Brace, 64,	Campfer, Switzerland,	Aug. 11, '90.
1846	George McChain, 63,	Ithaca, N. Y.,	Dec. 1, '89.
1846	Henry T. Steele, 69,	Chicago, Ill.,	Nov. 10, '90.
1847	Andrew C. Denison, 68,	Middlefield, Conn.,	Oct. 11, '90.
1847	Wallace C. Willcox, 63,	Spokane Falls, Wash.,	July 27, '90.
1848	J. Nelson Borland, 62,	Boston, Mass.,	Aug. 10, '90.
1850	Edward M. Jerome, 65,	New Haven, Conn.,	June 8, '91.
1850	Cordial Storrs, 67,	Washington, D. C.,	April 9, '91.
1851	John M. Slade, 59,	White Lake, N. Y.,	Aug. 13, '90.
1852	Frederick B. Swift, 59,	New York City,	Sept. 20, '90.
1853	Hudson Burr, 61,	Bloomington, Ill.,	Febr. 17, '91.
1853	Joseph S. French, 57,	Salmon City, Idaho,	June 17, '90.
1853	George W. Kline, 56,	Lebanon, Pa.,	Oct. 15, '89.
1853	George Palfrey, 61,	New Orleans, La.,	June 11, '91.
1853	Abner L. Train, 60,	Albany, N. Y.,	Febr. 10, '91.
1854	Lester M. Dorman, 60,	Brooklyn, N. Y.,	Dec. 7, '90.
1854	John Proctor, 59,	Victoria, Tex.,	Febr. 3, '91.
1855	Henry R. Slack, 55,	Sewanee, Tenn.,	Oct. 1, '90.
1855	William T. Wilson, 55,	New York City,	June 19, '90.
1856	George W. Buehler, 56,	Harrisburg, Pa.,	April 11, '91.
1858	Thomas G. Valpey, 58,	Lawrence, Mass.,	Nov. 15, '90.
1859	Eugene Schuyler, 50,	Venice, Italy,	July 16, '90.
1861	Clarence Eddy, 51,	Denver, Col.,	April 3, '91.
1861	John C. Kinney, 52,	Hartford, Conn.,	April 22, '91.
1863	James S. Millard, 53,	Tarrytown, N. Y.,	Oct. 8, '90.
1864	Edward R. Tyler, 49,	Washington, D. C.,	March 30, '91.
1865	George E. Treadwell, 47,	New Castle, Pa.,	Aug. 31, '90.
1866	Levi C. Wade, 48,	Newton, Mass.,	March 21, '91.
1868	A. Sydney Biddle, 43,	Philadelphia, Pa.,	April 8, '91.
1868	Charles C. Marsh, 43,	New York City,	Nov. 27, '90.

Class.	Name and Age.	Place and	Time of Death
1868	James K. Thacher, 43,	New Haven, Conn.,	April 20, '91.
1869	Alexander H. Ewing, 43,	Chicago, Ill.,	May 3, '90.
1870	Z. Taylor Carpenter, 42,	Washington, D. C.,	April 1, '91.
1872	Edward L. Cowles, 41,	Saconnet Point, R. I.,	May 29, '91.
1873	Edward Tatum, 39,	Yonkers, N. Y.,	March 29, '91.
1874	Franklin W. Patten, 34,	Stafford, Conn.,	January, '90.
1875	Samuel J. Huntington, 38,	New York City,	Febr. 24, '91.
1879	Albert W. Shaw, 32,	Buffalo, N. Y.,	Nov. 25, '90.
1880	Edward W. Knevals, 33,	Nantucket Harbor, Mass.,	Aug. 19, '90.
1881	Russell A. Bigelow, 31,	New York City,	Nov. 2, '90.
1882	James A. Campbell, 30,	Paris, France,	July 13, '90.
1882	Charles M. Sholes, 30,	Oswego, Kan.,	Aug. 7, '89.
1882	Franklin E. Worcester, 30,	Helena, Mont.,	March 3, '91.
1886	G. Lyle Kingsley, 26,	Boston, Mass.,	Sept. 25, '90.
1887	Joseph L. Thornton, Jr., 25,	Seattle, Wash.,	June 17, '90.

YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL.

1822	Charles S. Thomson, 89,	Hartford, Conn.,	Aug. 14, '90.
1832	William N. Blakeman, 85,	New York City,	Aug. 10, '90.
1835	Daniel B. Cutter, 81,	Peterborough, N. H.,	Dec. 7, '89.
1861	Edward Aiken, 60,	Amherst, N. H.,	Aug. 14, '90.
1879	Charles T. Roberts, 47,	South Boston, Mass.,	Oct. 1, '90.

YALE LAW SCHOOL.

1856	Jesse H. Goss,		June 14, '90.
1857	George W. Smith, 66,	Meriden, Conn.,	Aug. 21, '90.
1888	Soichi Tsuchiya, 23,	Danbury, Conn.,	Nov. 27, '90.

YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL.

1874	Charles W. Mallory, 47,	West Hartford, Conn.,	Sept. 28, '90.
1881	George W. Bothwell, 41,	Brooklyn, N. Y.,	May 3, '91.

SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL.

1863	Watson A. Goodyear, 52,	San Francisco, Cal.,	April 10, '91.
1872	F. Floyd Weld, 40,	Waterbury, Conn.,	June 28, '90.
1873	Edgar C. Savage, 39,	Meriden, Conn.,	March 10, '91.
1874	George S. Needham, 37,	Hagerstown, Ind.,	Febr. 25, '91.
1875	James Cunningham, 37,	San Francisco, Cal.,	Nov. 7, '90.
1877	Arthur L. Betts, 34,	Norwalk, Conn.,	March 8, '91.
1877	Elijah T. F. Laisun, 35,	Hongkong, China,	Dec. 7, '89.
1879	Walter S. Williams, 31,	Evanston, Ill.,	Febr. 6, '90.
1880	Louis M. Higginson, 33,	Eden, Tex.,	July 15, '90.
1888	Charles B. Berger, 24,	Denver, Col.,	Jan. 3, '91.
1889	Leland Howard, 22,	Hartford, Conn.,	July 28, '90.
1890	Adrian M. Isham, 22,	Chattanooga, Tenn.,	Oct. 7, '90.

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OBITUARY RECORD

OF

GRADUATES OF YALE UNIVERSITY

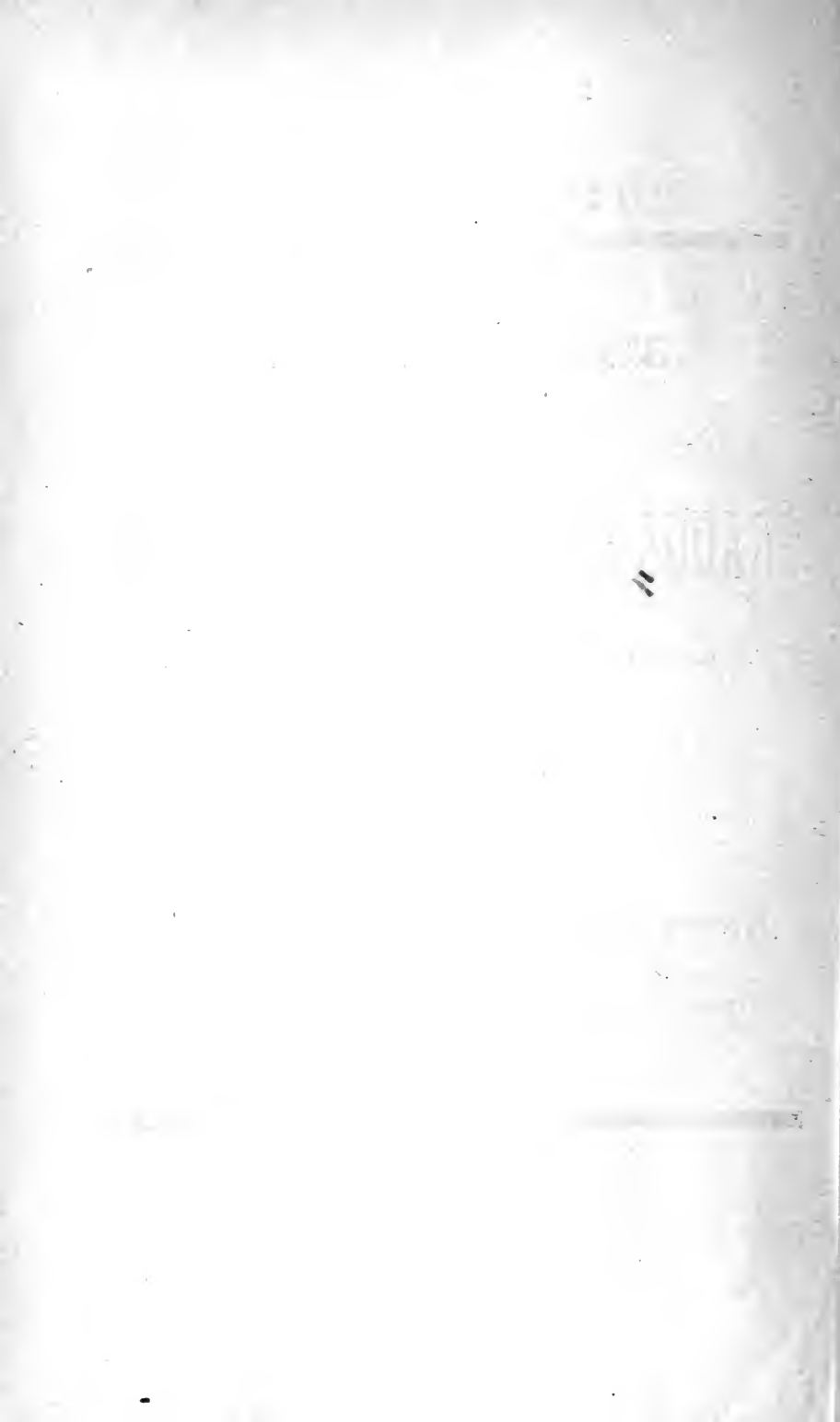
Deceased during the Academical Year ending in

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*Including the Record of a few who died previously, hitherto
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[PRESENTED AT THE MEETING OF THE ALUMNI, JUNE 28th, 1892.]

[No. 2 of Fourth Printed Series, and No. 51 of the whole Record.]



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YALE COLLEGE.

ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT.

1823

JOHN ALFRED FOOT was born in New Haven, Conn., on November 22, 1803. He was the eldest child of the Hon. Samuel A. Foot (Yale Coll. 1797), a Senator of the United States and Governor of Connecticut, by his wife Eudocia, daughter of Gen. Andrew Hull, of Cheshire, Conn. His next younger brother was Admiral A. H. Foote, of the U. S. Navy.

His father removed to Cheshire about 1813, and, after studying law at the Litchfield (Conn.) Law School, the son began practice in Cheshire in 1826. He was twice elected to the State Legislature by the Whigs, but in 1833 he removed to Cleveland, Ohio, where he formed a law partnership with the Hon. Sherlock J. Andrews, which continued until 1848, when Mr. Andrews was raised to the bench. In 1837 he was elected to the Ohio Legislature, but declined a re-nomination the next year. In 1839 and 1840 he was a member of the City Council, serving in the former year as president of that body, and in 1853 he was elected to the State Senate. In 1854 he retired from the practice of his profession, and his later years were largely devoted to the promotion of various public interests. He was in 1856 one of three com-

missioners selected by Governor Chase to consider the establishment of a State Reform School, and he served for nearly twenty years from the organization of the well-known Ohio Reform School as one of the Board of Commissioners. He was an elder of the First Presbyterian Church in Cleveland, and a leader in the support of all benevolent and patriotic enterprises.

After a vigorous old age he was prostrated in April, 1891, by the grip, which developed into severe pneumonia. He recovered from the attack, but was not able to regain his strength, and after lingering for three months, died at his home in Cleveland, on July 16, in his 88th year.

He was married, on October 6, 1826, to Frances A., daughter of Silas Hitchcock, of Cheshire, who died in 1855. In 1858 he was next married to Mrs. Mary S. (Hemperly) Cutter, widow of Abilene D. Cutter, of Cleveland, who survives him. Of the seven children by his first marriage, one died in infancy, and two daughters and a son are still living.

1826

ISAAC GLEASON PORTER, son of the Rev. Edward Porter (Yale Coll. 1786) and Dorothea Porter, was born in Waterbury, Conn., on June 29, 1806. His father, a former pastor of the church there, returned soon afterwards to Farmington, Conn., his native place, whence the son came to college.

After graduation he was for a year or more principal of a Young Ladies' High School in New London, Conn., and was later associated for two years with Prof. E. A. Andrews in the management of a similar school in New Haven. After this he began the study of medicine in the Yale Medical School, and completed his course in Philadelphia, where he was graduated as Doctor of Medicine, at the University of Pennsylvania, in the spring of 1833. He settled immediately in New London, where he was actively engaged in the practice of his profession until old age. He was greatly honored and beloved in New London and among the physicians of the State. He was President of the State Medical Society in 1866-7.

On September 12, 1833, he was married to Miss Williamina Davis, of Philadelphia, by whom he had one son and one daughter. The son (Yale Coll. 1857) was killed in the Civil War.

Dr. Porter died in New London, on April 30, 1892, in his 86th year.

1827

DAVID JACKMAN MERRILL was born in Newburyport, Mass., on October 7, 1806, the son of Henry and Lydia (Jackman) Merrill of that place.

After graduation he was principal of a private academy in Newburyport for one year, and was then for one year principal of the public grammar school in Concord, Mass. He then entered his name as a medical student in the office of Henry C. Perkins, M.D., of Newburyport, where he continued for two years, when he was reluctantly obliged to relinquish further study on account of the state of his health. Subsequently, for over twenty years he kept a drug store in Newburyport. In 1860 he retired from all business except the care of his extensive real estate. His residence continued in Newburyport until his death. After a vigorous old age he was attacked with the prevailing influenza in December, 1891, and after two weeks' illness, ending in pneumonia, died on the 28th of that month, in his 86th year.

He married on September 7, 1835, Miss Ann M. Titcomb, who survives him with their two children, a son and a daughter. The son was graduated at this College in 1861.

1828

ARISTIDES SPYKER SMITH was born in Abingdon, Va., on March 18, 1809. When he was about three years old his father took charge of Oxford Academy, about midway between Petersburg and Richmond, and some six years later he removed to Petersburg, whence the son entered Hampden-Sidney College; he was transferred to Yale in 1827.

After graduation he assisted his father for one year in the charge of the Petersburg Academy, and then entered the Union Theological Seminary at Hampden-Sidney College, Va. Late in 1830 the failure of the health of the Rev. Dr. Rice, the chief professor in that institution, led Mr. Smith to remove to Princeton Seminary, where he spent between one and two years. In 1832 he undertook missionary work in Brunswick County, Va., under the charge of the Presbyterian Church, and was ordained as an evangelist. While a pastor in Drummond Town, on the eastern shore of Virginia, in 1839, his views on church polity underwent a change, and in consequence, after an interval spent in teaching in Abingdon, he was ordained a deacon in the Episcopal Church on October 18, 1840, by Bishop Moore, and was inducted into the

rectorship of St. Martin's Church, in the parish of Brandon, St. George County. He was admitted to the priesthood by the same bishop in 1841. In 1845 his friend the Rt. Rev. Dr. Cobbs, just made Bishop of Alabama, induced him to establish a school for young ladies in Tuscaloosa, but two years later he accepted another call to a similar institution in Columbus, Mississippi. The locality did not prove healthful to his family, and in September, 1849, he returned to Virginia and established a Female Institute in Norfolk, which proved very successful. In the first year of the civil war he leased his school to his brother, and accepted an invitation to take charge of Christ Church in Nashville, Tenn.; but on the fall of Fort Donaldson, in February, 1862, he resigned his charge rather than remain in Nashville during its occupation by United States troops. He then returned to Norfolk, but soon entered the Confederate army as chaplain of the 11th North Carolina regiment, and served for nearly two years. At the close of the war he opened a private school in Baltimore, and in January, 1867, became rector of St. Paul's Church in Centreville, Queen Anne's County, Md. In 1873 he removed to St. Clement's Church, in Ringwood, Halifax County, N. C.; for some years he was the only Episcopal minister in the county and had charge also of some four or five other parishes. As he became more feeble from age he gave up all except his original charge, which he retained until his death. About the beginning of the year 1892 he removed to Weldon, in the same county, to live with his daughter and her sons, and there he died, on April 16th, in his 84th year, after an attack of bronchitis aggravated by the weakness of advanced age.

He married in 1832 Miss Wilkinson, a native of Detroit, Mich., who died of yellow fever in Norfolk on September 8, 1855; a son and a daughter died a few days later from the same disease, and of his entire family, four sons and three daughters, only one daughter survives him.

1831

NOAH PORTER was born in Farmington, Conn., on December 14, 1811, being a son of the Rev. Dr. Noah Porter (Yale Coll. 1803), a native of Farmington, and for almost sixty years the able and influential pastor of the village church.

For the two years after graduation he was the Rector of the Hopkins Grammar School in New Haven, and then entered the College Faculty as tutor, at the same time beginning study in

the Divinity School. He retired from the tutorship in 1835, and on completing his theological course was ordained, on April 27, 1836, as pastor of the Congregational Church in New Milford, Conn., formerly the charge of the Rev. Nathanael Taylor, the father of the Rev. Dr. Taylor, the theological preceptor with whom Mr. Porter had already been peculiarly intimate, and whose eldest daughter, Mary, he had just married, on April 13.

Of this large parish he remained the pastor until December 31, 1842, when he resigned to accept the charge of a new (the South) Congregational Church in Springfield, Mass., over which he was installed on January 12, 1843. From his college days he had been devoted to philosophical studies, and it was wholly in the line of his previous development that he was elected in 1846 to the newly established Professorship of Moral Philosophy and Metaphysics at Yale. He filled this chair (being dismissed from his pastorate on January, 1847) with power and distinction until the close of his life. From 1871 to 1886 he filled also the Presidency of the College, and all the graduates of those years felt towards him the loyalty of personal affection. After several years of increasing feebleness, followed by an illness which confined him to his room for about ten weeks, he died in New Haven on March 4, 1892, in his 81st year. The address delivered at his funeral by President Dwight has been published. His wife died on April 14, 1888, and two daughters are still living.

President Porter was a prolific writer. Among the best known of his books are: *The Human Intellect* (1868); *The American Colleges and the American Public* (1870, new edition 1878); *Books and Reading* (1871, fifth edition 1881); *Elements of Intellectual Science* (1872); *Elements of Moral Science* (1885); *Kant's Ethics* (1886); and *Fifteen Years in the Chapel of Yale College* (1887). His contributions to periodical literature, especially to the *New Englander*, were exceedingly numerous, and his burden of responsibility as editor-in-chief of Webster's Dictionaries since 1860 would have appalled a scholar of less active mind or buoyant spirit. The degree of Doctor of Divinity was given him by the University of the City of New York in 1858, and that of Doctor of Laws by Western Reserve College in 1870, by Trinity College in 1871, and by the University of Edinburgh in 1886.

ALEXANDER JOSEPH SESSIONS, younger son of Harvey and Elizabeth (Sabin) Sessions, was born in Warren, then called Western, Mass., on August 13, 1809.

He spent four years in the study of theology—two of these in the Yale Divinity School, and two at Andover, Mass.—and after an interval, during which he traveled widely in the West and South on account of his health, was settled in the ministry as pastor of the Crombie Street Congregational Church in Salem, Mass., on June 6, 1838. He was dismissed from this charge in the fall of 1849, and soon after spent two years in foreign travel. His next pastorate was in Melrose, Mass., from January 12, 1854, until June 29, 1858, and his third settlement was in (North) Scituate, Mass., from June 25, 1863, to November 7, 1869. He then resided in Brookline, Mass., until in 1873 he became acting pastor of the Second Congregational Church in Beverly, Mass. His engagement with the church closed in 1876, but his residence continued in Beverly until his death there, on January 16, 1892, in his 83d year.

He was married on July 30, 1845, to Miss Hannah W. Seccomb, of Salem, by whom he had one child—a son.

1832

ERASTUS COLTON, son of Rufus and Mary Colton, was born in West Springfield, Mass., on April 12, 1806. He had already made some progress in a mercantile career in Albany, when he began to prepare for college with a view to entering the ministry.

After graduation he taught for two years in the preparatory department of Illinois College, at Jacksonville, and in 1834 began the study of theology in the Yale Divinity School. After finishing the course there in 1837, he began to preach in Cheshire, Conn., where he was ordained as pastor of the Congregational Church on January 17, 1838. He was dismissed from this charge in June, 1843, and was next settled over a Congregational Church in Michigan City, Indiana, in November, 1844. Leaving this post in April, 1849, he was settled in Niles, Michigan, in November, 1850, where he remained until August, 1852. He then returned to the East, and fulfilled three brief engagements in Haddam, Conn.; Millville, N. Y.; and West Haven, Conn., successively. On the 19th of October, 1858, he was installed pastor in Southwick, Mass., and was dismissed in July, 1861.

For two and a half years from October, 1861, he supplied the pulpit in Northfield Society (in Litchfield), Conn. He was then engaged for one year in the work of the U. S. Christian Commission in the Army, and for four years thereafter in obtaining

funds for the relief and education of the Freedmen. He took up his residence in New Haven in 1868, and remained here until April, 1875, when he went to the Congregational Church in Willington, Conn., where he continued until April 1, 1882. He then removed to Illinois, and did not again take a parish, but died at his son's house in Roscoe, Ill., after a brief illness from the grip, in January 31, 1892, in his 86th year.

He married, on September 13, 1838, Jennette M., daughter of Levi Allen of Meriden, Conn., who died on February 1, 1849, leaving no issue. He next married on August 5, 1850, Jane A., daughter of Deacon Joseph Prudden, of Orange, Conn., who died on March 17, 1856, leaving one son and one daughter. His third marriage was on November 9, 1858, to Mrs. Mary A., widow of William Mather, of Cromwell, Conn., and daughter of Samuel Brower, of New York City.

BENJAMIN FRANCIS FARLEY was born in Hollis, N. H., on November 25, 1808, the son of the Hon. Benjamin M. Farley (Harvard Coll. 1804), a distinguished lawyer of that town. His mother was Lucretia, daughter of the Rev. Francis Gardner (Harvard 1755), of Leominster, Mass.

He read law in his father's office, and for a time practiced his profession with him. He was afterwards engaged in mercantile pursuits in Boston for a few years, but spent most of his life on a farm. In 1870 he took up his residence in Worcester, Mass., where he died on January 14, 1892, in his 84th year, having retained his faculties in a remarkable degree, and having kept himself abreast of the active world by his interest in reading.

He married, in Boston, on March 5, 1840, Mary E. White, of Keene, N. H., who survives him with four children.

NATHANIEL WINTHROP STARR, the only son of Col. Elias and Mary Starr, was born in Danbury, Conn., on May 6, 1811. His father was graduated here in 1803, and his mother was a daughter of the Hon. William Edmond (Yale 1777). He left College in 1830, but was admitted to a degree in 1879.

After leaving College he spent two years in the law-office of the Hon. Reuben Booth, of Danbury, and in the fall of 1834 went to New York City with the intention of following his profession.

On December 3, 1835, he married Mary A., daughter of Benjamin A. Mumford, of Newport, R. I.; and in order to meet his

increased expenses he changed his profession to that teaching. He remained in New York, as principal of various public schools, until the spring of 1854, when he was urged to establish a military and collegiate school in Yonkers, N. Y. In this he was very successful until his retirement in 1867. He then settled on a farm in New Canaan, Conn., where his wife died on December 15, 1868. After this he removed the neighborhood of friends in Kingston, N. Y., where he was again married, on February 3, 1870, to Eliza E., youngest daughter of Henry Tappan, Esq. He continued to teach to some extent, privately, until the age of 75. He died at the residence of his elder son, in Red Bank, N. J., on February 16, 1892, in his 81st year. By his first marriage he had two sons and a daughter.

1833

RUFUS ERASTUS HART, the son of Joseph and Anna (Hotchkiss) Hart, was born in Middlebury, Ohio, on September 10, 1812.

He studied law at home from 1833 to 1835, and then began practice in Akron, Ohio. In the fall of 1837 he removed to Marietta, where he spent the rest of his life, with the exception of the years from 1852 to 1856, during which he was the principal of the Ohio Asylum for the Blind, at Columbus. He was a member of the State Senate from 1845 to 1847. He died in Marietta, from an attack of the prevailing influenza, on December 24, 1891, in his 80th year.

He married Julia Holden in 1839, by whom he had three sons and three daughters.

EBENEZER ALFRED JOHNSON was born in New Haven, Conn., on August 18, 1813, the son of Ebenezer and Sarah B. (Law) Johnson.

After teaching for two years in New Canaan, Conn., he became a tutor in Yale College, and during his tutorship of two years he was also engaged in study in the Law School. He was then admitted to the New Haven bar, but a year later accepted a call to an assistant professorship of Greek and Latin in the University of the City of New York. In 1840 he was made full Professor of Latin, and this chair he retained until his death. In 1867 he received from the University with which he was connected the honorary degree of LL.D.; and in 1888, on the completion of his semi-centenary, the further honor of L.H.D. He

was a thorough and earnest scholar, and early in life he published editions of Cicero's Select Orations and of Nepos which served a useful purpose.

He died of apoplexy at his home in Yonkers, N. Y., on July 18, 1891, at the age of 78 years.

He married, on August 18, 1842, Margaret F., daughter of Dr. John Van Cleve, who died on June 15, 1849. Two of their children died in infancy ; and two survive them—a daughter and a son (a graduate of the University of New York and of the Yale Divinity School).

He was next married, on July 9, 1851, to Harriet, daughter of William B. Gilley, of New York City, who survives him, without children.

CORNELIUS VANSANTVOORD, son of Abraham and Sarah (Hitchcock) VanSantvoord, was born in Utica, N. Y., on October 17, 1813.

He studied law in New Haven for a year and a half after graduating, and continued his studies in New York City, where he was admitted to the bar in October, 1836, his residence being at first in Jersey City, N. J. He became one of the leading practitioners in New York and in the country in commercial and maritime cases, to which he especially devoted himself, and he retained until the last a strong interest in his chosen field of labor, and in political and municipal affairs.

He died at his residence in New York, after an illness of several months, on April 7, 1892, in his 79th year.

On May 25, 1841, he married Miss Susan R., daughter of John V. B. Varick, who died on March 13, 1862. Of their children four sons and one daughter survive ; a younger daughter died in early childhood. One son was graduated at Columbia College, one at the College of the City of New York, and a third at Union College.

1834

CHARLES ATWATER, second son of Charles and Lucy C. (Root) Atwater, was born in New Haven, Conn., on January 2, 1815.

After graduation he spent a year in the Princeton Theological Seminary, but in 1835 he became a member of a firm of wholesale grocers in Philadelphia, where he married Mary, daughter of Joseph Montgomery, on Sept. 26, 1836. In 1840 he returned to New Haven, where the rest of his life was spent.

He was for many years extensively engaged in the wholesale iron and hardware business, and was prominent in many public interests in New Haven. In 1861 he was a representative in the State Legislature, and in 1862 a member of the Senate. His interest in the Birmingham Iron and Steel Works led him to be an active promoter of the New Haven and Derby Railroad, of which he was long the Treasurer. In 1872 he was the Democratic candidate for Lieutenant-Governor, and in two later years was nominated by the Greenback party for the office of Governor.

He died in New Haven from Bright's disease, after about a week's illness, on December 6, 1891, in his 77th year.

His wife died on July 5, 1855, and on October 15, 1856, he married her sister, Miss Emily Montgomery, who died in October, 1885. Six children survive him—a son and two daughters by the first marriage, and two daughters and a son by the second. The youngest daughter is the wife of David Daggett (Y. C. 1879); and the younger son was graduated at the Sheffield Scientific School in 1879.

JARVIS CUTLER HOWARD was born on April 26, 1808, in Stafford, Conn., the second son of Benjamin and Deliverance (Caswell) Howard. His parents early removed to Tolland, Conn., where they both died in 1826. He was then for some two years a member of the family of the Rev. Dr. Wisner, of Boston, and was in consequence led to prepare for College, which he entered in 1829. Protracted ill-health obliged him to leave the Freshman Class about the middle of the year, but he was able to return to the next class.

After graduation he took charge of a select school in Warren, Litchfield County, Connecticut, where—with two brief interruptions—he continued to teach with distinguished success until the spring of 1854. He then removed his school to Sharon, in the same county, where he remained for only one year. He next removed to Hartford, Conn., and taught in that vicinity until his appointment in the spring of 1857 as principal of a large graded and high school in West Meriden, Conn., where he labored until his retirement from the profession of teaching in the fall of 1864. He was subsequently for several years a general agent for the *Ætna* Life Insurance Company of Hartford. In the fall of 1867 he removed to Mount Vernon, N. Y., and thence in the spring of

1880 to Brooklyn, N. Y. His latest residence was in West Hartford, Conn., where he died on March 21, 1892, aged nearly 84 years.

He married, on April 18, 1836, Sophia A, daughter of Deacon Jonathan Reynolds, of Warren, Conn., who died on February 22, 1862. He next married, on December 5, 1863, in New Braintree, Mass., Mrs. Susan N. Conklin, daughter of Nathaniel Johnson. His children (by his first marriage) were four sons and two daughters, of whom one daughter died in infancy.

His interest in family history led him to compile and issue a *Howard Genealogy* in 1884.

NATHAN PERKINS SEYMOUR was born in Hartford, Conn., on December 24, 1813, being the sixth of eleven children of Charles and Catharine Seymour. He was named for his grandfather, the Rev. Dr. Nathan Perkins (Coll. of N. J. 1770), for 66 years pastor of the church in West Hartford.

Immediately on his graduation he was asked to take charge of the Hopkins Grammar School of Hartford, in which he had been prepared for College, and he served as Rector of that school for two years. In 1836 he returned to Yale, where he was tutor for four years. In the meantime he attended courses of lectures in the schools of law, theology, and medicine; but while his plans for the future were still uncertain, he was called in 1840 to the chair of Latin and Greek in the Western Reserve College at Hudson, Ohio, and at once entered on what proved to be his life-work. He was an ideal teacher, in the thoroughness and breadth of his scholarship, in his sympathy with his pupils, and in his loyalty under trying conditions to the institution which he served. The honorary degree of Doctor of Laws was conferred on him by Kenyon College in 1867. In 1870 he resigned his chair, but was made Professor Emeritus, and was soon after appointed Lecturer on English Literature—a field in which he was as much at home as in classical literature. He fulfilled the duties of this appointment until the end of his life, and in 1884–85 held a similar appointment at Yale. In April, 1891, he removed to New Haven, and here in the family of his younger son died after a very brief illness on December 28, 1891, having just entered on his 79th year.

He was married on September 7, 1841, to Elizabeth Day, second daughter of the Hon. Thomas Day (Yale 1797), of Hartford, Conn., who survives him with two sons and a daughter.

JOHN HUBBARD TWEEDY was born in Danbury, Conn., on November 14, 1814, the youngest son of the Hon. Samuel and Anna (Burr) Tweedy.

After graduation he studied law in Danbury for one year with the Hon. Reuben Booth, and for one year in the Yale Law School. In July, 1836, he was admitted to the bar, and in the following autumn, when not yet 22 years of age, he settled in the practice of his profession in Milwaukee, which had then but a population of a few hundreds. For eleven years he was actively engaged in his profession and in public affairs. He served as a member of the territorial legislature of Wisconsin, and of the first Constitutional Convention in 1846, and was effective in giving a New England impress to the institutions of the State. In 1847 he was elected delegate to the United States Congress from the Territory, and he retained his seat until the admission of the State in 1848, when he was the unsuccessful candidate of the Whig party for the Governorship. Soon after this he withdrew from the practice of his profession, mainly on account of impaired health, and in 1850 he declined a nomination for Congress. In 1853 he served as a member of the Assembly in the State Legislature, but did not again return to the practice of law or to public life. As health allowed he became interested in various business enterprises of public importance, and was especially an early promoter of the pioneer railroads in Wisconsin. On the outbreak of the Civil War he was earnest and eloquent in arousing patriotic feeling. His entire career was conspicuous for integrity and sagacity and for unselfish service to the public interest.

After many years of poor health he died from heart failure, in Milwaukee, on November 12, 1891, at the age of 77.

He married, on June 8, 1848, Miss Anna M. Fisher, of Boston, Mass., who survives him with three sons and one daughter; four other children died in infancy. The eldest son was graduated at the University of Michigan in 1870.

1836

FREDERICK ROGER SHERMAN, third son and seventh child of Roger Sherman, Jr., and Susanna (Staples) Sherman, was born in New Haven, Conn., on March 31, 1815.

The first year after graduating he taught school in Richmond, Va. He then spent two years in the Yale Law School, and after-

wards continued his studies in the office of his uncle, Seth P. Staples, Esq., in New York City. He was admitted to the New York bar in 1840, and practiced his profession there for many years. He was never married. He died in New York, at St. Luke's Hospital, after an illness of about two months, on January 10, 1892, aged nearly 77 years.

EBENEZER CLARK SMITH, eldest son of Captain Amos Smith, of Washington, Litchfield County, Conn., by his second wife, Eunice Clark, was born on May 17, 1807. At the age of 22 his health had become impaired so as to unfit him, in a measure, for manual labor, and he determined to obtain, if possible, such an education as would enable him to procure a livelihood by other means.

The first year after graduation he was employed in teaching, at the same time studying medicine. He then spent nearly two years in the Yale Medical School, and was licensed as a physician in March, 1839. He settled first in Branford, Conn., and afterwards in Thompsonville, in the township of Enfield, Conn. On November 10, 1839, he married Miss Jennette E. Lynde, of New Haven, who died on March 24, 1841. In the spring of 1842, supposing that a warmer climate would be more favorable to his health, he removed to Henderson, Ky., where he taught in a high school for three years. By the summer of 1845 his health had so much improved that he ventured to engage again in the business of his profession. He settled in Maysville, near Washington, Indiana, but after a few years changed to a more healthy situation at Bainbridge, in Putnam County. On January 30, 1849, he was married to Miss Elizabeth R. Osborn, of Bainbridge. In 1850 he removed to a farm in Clay County, with the intention of abandoning his profession, but the title and some measure of business still clung to him. In the spring of 1857 he went to Minnesota, settling at first in McLeod County, and the next year on a farm near the village of Farmington in Dakota County, where he continued until his death, widely known and universally respected. He had been for some time in failing health, and a slight attack of the grip left him in such a weakened condition that death ensued, on February 12, 1892, in the 85th year of his age. His wife and two sons survive him.

1837

WILLIAM COIT, the youngest child of Captain Nathanael and Betsey (Morgan) Coit, was born in what is now Griswold (then a part of Preston), Conn., on July 1, 1815.

After graduation he studied law in New Haven and in New York City, in which latter place he began practice in 1841. In 1850 he removed his office to Brooklyn, N. Y., where he was prominent and successful in his profession for the rest of his life. He was twice nominated by the Republican party for the highest judicial positions in the county, but was defeated at the elections.

He died at Elberon, N. J., from general debility, on August 23, 1891, in his 77th year. He was never married.

WILLIAM FABIAN LAW, son of Judge William Law, one of the foremost lawyers of Savannah, Ga., was born in that city on November 14, 1817.

After graduation he studied law at home for two years and for a third year in the Law School of Harvard University. In 1841 he began practice in Savannah, but after about ten years turned his attention to agriculture. At a later period he held some subordinate offices in connection with the courts.

He married in August, 1846, Josephine, daughter of R. M. Goodwin, Esq., of Savannah, who died some years before him. Of their eight children two sons and two daughters are living.

He died in Savannah on October 9, 1891, in his 74th year.

EDWARDS PIERREPONT, only son of Giles and Eunice (Munson) Pierpont, and great-great-grandson of the Rev. James Pierpont, one of the founders of Yale College, was born in North Haven, Conn., on March 4, 1817.

He began the study of law in Columbus, Ohio, and continued it at the Law School in New Haven, serving also as Tutor in the College for the year 1840-41. He then began practice in Columbus, in partnership with Phineas B. Wilcox (Y. C. 1821), but in 1845 or 1846 removed to New York City. He met with notable success at the bar, and in 1857, at the early age of 40, he was elected to the bench of the Superior Court of the City. In October, 1860, he resigned the office of Judge, and returned to the practice of his profession and public affairs. Until the out-

break of the civil war he had always been a democrat, but he took from the first an active part against the rebellion. In April, 1869, he was appointed U. S. Attorney for the Southern District of New York, an office which he resigned in 1870. In May, 1873, he declined a nomination as U. S. Minister to Russia. Two years later President Grant called him into his Cabinet as Attorney-General, and he so continued until appointed Minister to Great Britain in May, 1876. On his return from England in 1878, he once more engaged actively in his profession. After more than two years' illness he died at his home in New York on March 7, 1892, at the age of 75. He received the degree of Doctor of Laws from the Columbian University, Washington, in 1871, and from this College in 1873; also the honorary degree of Doctor of Civil Law from Oxford University in 1878.

He married, on May 27, 1846, Margaretta, daughter of Samuel A. Willoughby, of Brooklyn, N. Y., who survives him. The elder of their two children, a daughter, is still living; the younger was graduated at Oxford in 1882, and died in 1885.

ANDREW LEETE STONE was born in Oxford, New Haven County, Conn., on November 25, 1815, the elder son of Dr. Noah and Rosalind (Marvin) Stone.

He taught in Uxbridge, Mass., for the year after graduation, and then for three years in the New York Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, in New York City, while also studying theology in the Union Seminary. He then spent two years in Philadelphia, in the employ of the American Sunday School Union, and on September 3, 1844, he was ordained and installed pastor of this South Congregational Church, Middletown, Conn. He left the church in January, 1849, to accept a call to the Park Street (Congregational) Church in Boston, Mass., where he remained with growing honor for seventeen years—from January 25, 1849, to January 25, 1866. The degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on him by Amherst College in 1861. During the civil war he was chaplain of the 45th Mass. Infantry for the nine months of its service, in 1862-3. He resigned his charge in Boston to accept the pastorate of the First Congregational Church in San Francisco, Cal., over which he was installed on June 14, 1866. Early in 1881 an obscure brain-trouble obliged him to retire from active service. After long feebleness he died in San Francisco on January 17, 1892, in his 77th year.

Dr. Stone married on July 4, 1842, Matilda B. Fisher, of New York City, daughter of Abijah Fisher, who survives him. Their children were three daughters and three sons; two sons and two daughters are still living.

ADRIAN ROWE WADSWORTH, the son of Thomas and Elizabeth (Rowe) Wadsworth, was born in Farmington, Conn., on March 12, 1815.

After graduation he studied law in the Harvard Law School, and in August, 1840, he was admitted to the bar in Hartford, Conn. He practiced his profession in New York City for two years, but was then obliged to relinquish it on account of deafness. He then resided on a farm in his native town for a few years, and in 1848 married Miss Margaret Radcliffe, of Brooklyn, N. Y. He subsequently settled on a farm near Sandy Spring in Maryland, about sixteen miles north of Washington, where he led a very quiet life, absorbed in his books and in the pleasures of his home, until an attack of paralysis made change of place desirable. The following years were spent in traveling abroad and in this country; and he died from a second paralytic seizure, in Hendersonville, N. C., on September 20, 1891, in his 77th year.

After the death of his first wife he married, in 1870, Mrs. Mary Antoinette Mallory, of Connecticut, who survives him. He had no children.

1839

ZALMON BARLOW BURR, second son of Zalmon and Mary (Hartford) Burr, was born in Westport, Conn., on October 4, 1812, and was graduated in the same class with a younger brother who survives him.

He spent the first and third years after graduation in the Yale Divinity School, pursuing his studies in the intervening year in Dubuque, Iowa, where he had charge of a school.

On June 9, 1842, he was married to Elizabeth H., daughter of Captain Walter Thorp, of Southport, Conn., and on June 7, 1843, he was ordained pastor of the Congregational Church in Ridgebury, Conn., where he remained until June 7, 1850. He then took charge of the Congregational Church in Weston, Conn., where he officiated until 1873. His wife's health then requiring a milder climate he removed to Southport, Conn., and for some years spent the winters in more southern latitudes. His wife

died on December 7, 1878, and he was again married, on June 29, 1881, to Ida E. Foskett, of Louisville, Ky.

He died in Southport, of the prevailing influenza, on Jan. 7, 1892, in his 80th year. He had no children.

MARTIN DUDLEY, the eldest son of Amos Dudley by his third wife, Sarah Evarts, was born in Guilford, Conn., on December 30, 1814.

For one year after graduating he taught school in Wethersfield, Conn., and then entered the Yale Divinity School, where he continued three years. For the next six years he was engaged mostly in teaching, with intervals of farming and preaching, as health required or permitted. In the spring of 1846 he had become so reduced in health, after a year spent in preaching in North Madison, Conn., that he decided to make farming his permanent occupation and went to Wisconsin and bought land for that purpose; but he found himself so much benefitted by the life there that he returned to Connecticut in the ensuing fall, and resumed teaching,—in Windsor for six months, and next in Southwick, Mass., for two years. In 1849–50 he spent nearly a year in the East Windsor (Conn.) Theological Seminary, in further preparation for professional labor, and after another year of preaching, in Fairfield County, Conn., at Ridgefield and at Easton, accepted a call from the Congregational Church in the latter place, and was ordained there on December 31, 1851. In this his only pastorate he labored with unsparing fidelity until his resignation, on April 1, 1879. He was married, on January 15, 1852, to Miss Sarah Rowland, of Windsor, Conn., who died in December, 1880. Some three years later he removed to Lowell, Mass., where he made his home with an only daughter, the wife of the Rev. Charles H. Willcox (Yale Coll. 1876), and where he died on May 22, 1892, in his 78th year.

His two sons also survive him,—the elder being a graduate of the Yale Law School in 1877.

JOHN BEACH WOODFORD was born on December 24, 1814, in Avon, then a parish in the township of Farmington, Conn.

In October, 1839, he went to Middletown, Conn., as private tutor in the family of the Hon. Richard Hubbard, and while fulfilling his duties there devoted a part of his time to theological study. Coming gradually to the conviction that teaching rather than preaching was his vocation, he opened a private

school in Middletown, which after his marriage became a boarding-school. In October, 1846, he was elected principal of the Academy in Southington, Conn., but resigned the charge after one year's trial. In April, 1848, he removed to Windsor, Conn., and for thirteen years he was principal of the Academy there, with which he combined a private boarding-school. Finding a change needful for his health, he then devoted himself to the care of his farm, and at intervals engaged somewhat in book-selling as a traveling agent. In 1865 he was employed in the service of the U. S. Christian Commission. Subsequently he was for several years town clerk and justice of the peace. In 1885 he removed to Hartford, Conn., and lived there very quietly with his married daughter. He died of heart-disease, on April 27, 1891, while on a visit to his son in Syracuse, N. Y., in his 77th year.

He married, on May 8, 1844, Caroline Southmayd, of Middletown, who died on December 29, 1884. Of his three children, one son died in 1877, and one daughter and a son survived him—the former for only two weeks' time.

1840

LORING BRADLEE MARSH, son of Foster and Lucy (Thomson) Marsh, was born in Ware, Mass., on February 12, 1816.

After graduation he took the three-years' course of study in the Yale Divinity School, and went in 1846 under a commission from the American Home Missionary Society to Eddyville, in Southern Iowa, where and in the neighboring town of Oskoloosa he labored in the ministry for two years. In 1853 he returned to the East in consequence of protracted ill-health. During 1854-55 he taught in Berlin, Mass. In 1858 he took charge of the Congregational Church in North Scituate, R. I., where he was ordained as an evangelist on June 8, 1859. His engagement there expired in 1861, and the next year he went to the Congregational Church in Wading River, a village in the township of Riverhead, on Long Island; where, and with the churches in Franklinville and Upper Aquebogue, in the same town, he remained for seven years. On October 28, 1869, he was installed over the Congregational Church in Huntington, Conn. At the expiration of three years he left this charge, and in 1873-4 he supplied the pulpit in South Glastonbury, Conn. For the next two years he had charge of the Congregational Church in Ster-

ling, Mass.; and then from 1877 to 1883 served the church in Chester Center, Mass. He then moved to Springfield, Mass., and after a period of failing health died at his residence there on June 22, 1891, in his 76th year.

On May 3, 1865, he married Miss Emily T., daughter of Albert Skidmore, of Wading River, who survives him with three daughters and one son.

ELIAS HEWITT WILLIAMS was born in Groton, Conn., on July 23, 1819, and entered College from that part of Groton which was incorporated as the town of Ledyard in 1836. His father died in his early childhood.

After graduation he taught in New Hampshire for a year, and then migrated to South Carolina, where he continued teaching and began the study of law. Acquaintance with slavery operated to prevent his remaining in the South, and in 1846 he turned westwards and on arriving in northeastern Iowa, settled in Garnavillo, where in a short time he acquired a good practice as a lawyer. A strong desire for a more active life soon led him, however, to abandon the law and take up a large tract of land near Garnavillo for improvement as a farm. From 1851 to 1855 he held the position of County Judge, and did much in that capacity to restore the public credit of the County. In 1858 he was elected District Judge of the Tenth Judicial District of the State, and was re-elected in 1862. These eight years of service were followed, in 1870, by an appointment to the Chief Justiceship of the Supreme Court; but he retained this office for a short time only, other interests claiming his entire attention.

At this period he originated the plan of a railway from Dubuque to St. Paul, and was connected with that enterprise through its earlier stages, until he started another effort, for a narrow gauge road across Iowa to the Missouri River. While engaged in the construction of this road, financial reverses overtook him, and a period of great anxiety and discouragement followed. He had already sold his Garnavillo farm, and had made a new home for himself on a large estate in Grand Meadow township in the northwestern part of the same county, which was now placed in jeopardy. After a severe struggle he was at length able, in 1882, to dispose of his railroad property; and with indomitable will he almost at once began the construction of another road in Grant County, Wisconsin (across the Mississippi from his resi-

dence), and was thus finally enabled to extinguish the claims on his landed property. He died at his home, on August 20, 1891, in his 73d year.

In 1849 he married in his native State Miss Hannah Larrabee, who survives him with their two sons and two daughters.

1841

SAMUEL WEED BARNUM, only son of Horace and Cynthia (Weed) Barnum, was born in North Salem, Westchester County, N. Y., on June 4, 1820, and removed to Stamford, Conn., in 1835.

He studied in the Yale Divinity School from 1841 to 1844; but during his theological course, and afterwards, he suffered much from ill-health. From March, 1845, to August, 1847, he was the principal assistant of Professor Goodrich in the revision of Webster's Dictionary.

From December, 1848, to April, 1850, he preached to the First Congregational Church in Granby, Conn. In 1851-2 he preached for fourteen months at Feeding Hills, then a parish of West Springfield, now of Agawam, Mass. He was ordained pastor of the Congregational Church in Chesterfield, Mass., on January 25, 1853, and remained there for two years. From January 1, 1856, to May 14, 1862, he was pastor of the church in Phillipston, Mass. He remained for one year longer in Phillipston, and then resided for two years in Stamford. In May, 1865, he removed to New Haven, and during his residence here, besides preaching as health and opportunity permitted, he prepared for the press a Comprehensive Dictionary of the Bible (1868), mainly abridged from Dr. Wm. Smith; Romanism as it is (1871); and a Vocabulary of English Rhymes (1876). His health, never robust, was after this date more precarious; but he was able to take charge, in part, of the department of pronunciation in the new Webster's International Dictionary (1890), and was preparing an elaborate Fifty-years' Record of his class, when his death occurred, very suddenly, from heart-disease, in New Haven, on November 18, 1891, in his 72d year.

He married, on April 16, 1849, Miss Charlotte Betts, of Stamford, who survives him with their children, two sons and two daughters; the sons are graduates of Yale College, in 1875 and 1879, respectively.

WILLIAM ERIGENA ROBINSON, son of Thomas and Mary (Sloss) Robinson, was born in Unagh, County Tyrone, Ireland, on May 6, 1814. In the fall of 1836 he landed in New York, and there resumed his classical studies, which had been interrupted by illness in 1832.

He studied in the Yale Law School in 1841-3, supporting himself in large part by editorial work on the *New Haven Daily Herald* and by lectures on Ireland. In 1843 he became connected with the *New York Tribune*, and after several other newspaper ventures began the practice of law in New York City in 1854. In 1862 he removed to Brooklyn, and in August of that year was appointed Assessor of Internal Revenue. In November, 1866, he was elected on the Democratic ticket as Representative in Congress, and consequently resigned the Assessorship. He was re-elected to Congress in 1880, and again in 1882. Both in his public and in his editorial utterances he was conspicuous for his hostility to the English government. He died at his home in Brooklyn, on January 23, 1892, in his 78th year.

On January 13, 1853, he married Helen Augusta, second daughter of George Dougherty, of Newark, N. J., who died on January 9, 1875. Their children were four daughters and two sons.

1842

ROBERT BENNER, second son of Jacob and Margaret (Ferow) Benner, was born in Red Hook, Dutchess County, N. Y., on February 1, 1818.

On leaving College he went to Baltimore and taught for a year in a Seminary for Young Ladies. He then went to New York City, and continued the study of law, which he had begun while teaching. In the summer of 1845 he was admitted to the bar and at once opened an office in New York, where he attained a prominent place as a real-estate lawyer. He continued to be occupied with his profession until 1888, when he left his business to the care of his sons. His residence from 1848 was in Astoria, Long Island, where he found abundant opportunity for the exercise of his taste in landscape gardening. Much of his leisure time through life was devoted to botany, his favorite study.

He married, on October 10, 1848, Miss Mary VanAntwerp Shaw, who died on June 10, 1867. Their children were four sons and two daughters; of these, the eldest son and the daugh-

ters are no longer living. The two younger sons are graduates of Yale College (1876, and 1880).

His second marriage was on February 21, 1871, to Miss Helen S. Brown, daughter of Dr. Chauncey Brown of Farmington, Conn., who survives him.

He died very suddenly, of apoplexy, at his home in Astoria, on July 25, 1891, in his 74th year.

JOSEPH AUGUSTINE BENTON, the ninth in a family of twelve children of Daniel and Fanny L. (Eliot) Benton, was born in Guilford, Conn., on May 7, 1818. At the time of his admission to College his residence was in Pultney, Steuben County, N. Y.

After graduating he taught for a year in Haddam, Conn., and then spent three years and a half in the Yale Divinity School. In the spring of 1847 he went to South Malden, now Everett, Mass., where he preached to a newly gathered church for a year and a half. In January, 1849, he started for California, and in July of that year he took up his residence in Sacramento, where he organized the first church a few months later. Of this (Congregational) church he was ordained pastor on March 5, 1851. He resigned this charge on February 28, 1863, and then took charge of the 2d, or Plymouth Congregational Church in San Francisco. From 1866 he was also editor-in-chief of *The Pacific*, the newspaper organ of the California Congregational churches. He was dismissed from his pastorate on February 9, 1869, in order to accept the chair of Sacred Literature in the Pacific Theological Seminary, now located in Oakland, a suburb of San Francisco. The degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on him by Yale in 1870. He was transferred to the chair of Homiletics and Pastoral Theology a year or two before his death, which took place at his residence in Oakland on April 8, 1892, at the age of 74.

He was married on July 7, 1863, to Miss Frances A. Sargent, of Sacramento. He had no children.

DOUGLASS BOARDMAN, the youngest in a family of twelve children, was born in Covert, Seneca County, N. Y., on October 31, 1822. The first three years of his College course were spent in Hobart College.

On graduation he began the study of law in Ithaca, N. Y., and after a brief residence in Trumansburg, in the same county, he returned to Ithaca in July, 1846, and made that place his home for the rest of his life. He was admitted to the bar in

October, 1845, and his first public office was the District Attorneyship of Tompkins County, which he held for two or three years from January, 1848; and for four years from January, 1852, he was County Judge and Surrogate. In both these positions he displayed unusual ability, and met his duties with an unflagging industry and a promptness and accuracy which characterized his whole life. For ten years from January, 1856, he practiced law in partnership with the Hon. Francis M. Finch (Y. C. 1849). In the fall of 1865 he was elected a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State for a term of eight years; at the expiration of which time he was re-elected without opposition for a new term of fourteen years. During this long service he came to be universally regarded as a prudent, careful, and able Judge; and he might have been continued longer in his place had he not resolutely declined.

He was a director of the First National Bank of Ithaca from the date of its organization, in 1864, and became its President in 1884. He was made a trustee of Cornell University by vote of the alumni in 1875, and was re-elected by the trustees in 1885. On the organization of the Law Department in 1889 he was appointed its Dean, and became active and efficient in promoting its success. He held many other trusts in Ithaca, and in the latter years of his life had peculiarly trying responsibilities as the executor of the large estates of Mr. McGraw and his daughter, Mrs. Fiske. He died, after a very brief illness, from pneumonia, at Sheldrake, Seneca County, N. Y., on September 5, 1891, in his 69th year.

He was married, on May 27, 1846, to Miss Amanda M. Vincent, of Ithaca, who survives him, with their only child, a daughter.

JOHN CHARLES BURROUGHS was born in Western New York on December 2, 1817. During his College course his residence was in Shelby, in Orleans County.

For a year after graduation he taught in the Academy in Hamilton, N. Y., and remained there for two years more in the pursuit of theological studies—the institution in which he taught and studied being now known as Colgate University. In 1846 he was called to supply the pulpit of the Baptist Church in Waterford, N. Y., whence he went in 1847 to the Baptist Church in West Troy, N. Y. In 1852 he removed to Chicago as pastor

of the First Baptist Church, and in this new field soon made himself felt as a leader in denominational enterprises. The interest which he manifested in higher education induced the trustees of Shurtleff College, about 1855, to offer him the presidency of that institution; but in 1856 he resigned his pastorate in order to develop the movement which resulted in the foundation of the University of Chicago, of which he was elected the first President in 1857. He retained this office, under great financial difficulties, until 1873, and the Chancellorship of the University until January, 1875. He became in 1880 a member of the Board of Education of Chicago, and so continued until the summer of 1883, when he was appointed Assistant Superintendent of Schools, with especial charge of the high schools of the city, and was thus occupied with signal usefulness until his death. The degree of Doctor of Divinity was given him in 1858 by the University of Rochester, and that of Doctor of Law by Madison (now Colgate) University in 1869. He died in Chicago on April 21, 1892, in his 75th year.

He married on August 24, 1843, Miss Elvira S. Fields, of New Haven, who died shortly before her husband. Their only child, a daughter, is still living.

CALEB BUFFUM METCALF, son of Enoch and Elizabeth (Buffum) Metcalf, was born in Royalston, Worcester County, Mass., on February 13, 1814.

For the first two winters after graduation he was employed in teaching music in Pennsylvania, in the meantime studying in New Haven. In the spring of 1844 he began teaching in the public schools in Boston, Mass., where he remained until April, 1846. For ten years from that date he acted as principal of the Thomas Grammar School in Worcester, Mass., with a growing reputation as a faithful and successful teacher. In the meantime he had declined an election to the principalship of the Worcester High School. In October, 1856, he opened a school of his own, the "Highland Military School," for boys, in the confines of the same city, of which he continued in charge until June, 1888. From 1869 to 1881 he was a member of the Public School Board of Worcester. After his retirement from teaching he spent much of his time with his only daughter, at whose summer home in Seabright, N. J., he died on July 31, 1891, in his 78th year.

He was married on August 18, 1843, to Roxanna C., daughter of Eli Barnes, of New Haven, who died on March 7, 1890. Their only son died in infancy.

HENRY AUSTIN SCUDDER, youngest son of Josiah and Hannah (Lovell) Scudder, was born in Barnstable, Mass., on November 25, 1819. He entered College with the Class of 1841, but withdrew after a single term, and for the next year edited the *Barnstable Patriot*.

After graduating he studied law in the office of his brother, the Hon. Zeno Scudder, in Barnstable, until the spring of 1844. After six months of further study in the office of the Hon. George T. Bigelow, of Boston, he began the practice of his profession there. On June 30, 1857, he married Mrs. Nannie B. Jackson, of Boston, daughter of Captain Charles B. Tobey, of Nantucket, Mass. In 1863-65 he was a member of the State Legislature from Dorchester. In February, 1869, he was appointed one of the Associate Judges of the Superior Court of Massachusetts, which office he was compelled to resign in 1872, because of ill-health. He then went to Europe, and returned in 1874; partially restored. For the rest of his life, the winters were passed in Washington, D. C., and the summers at Marston's Mills, in his native town. He died suddenly from apoplexy, in Washington, on January 26, 1892, in his 73d year. His wife survives him without children.

Judge Scudder was highly esteemed by his professional brethren, and was a model of purity and courtesy in all the relations of life.

CHARLES KIMBALL WELLS, the fifth son and tenth child of Daniel and Susannah (Sweetser) Wells was born in Waterville, Me., on December 22, 1817. He entered the College from Waterville College (now Colby University) at the beginning of the Junior year.

After graduation he went to Virginia as a teacher, and remained for two years near Richmond. He then went to Botetourt County, where he subsequently began the study of law. He was admitted to the bar in January, 1846, and practiced in Franklin County until April, 1847, when he removed to Milwaukee, Wisconsin, where he became eminent in his profession. In May, 1864, he was appointed postmaster of Milwaukee, but was removed by President Johnson in October, 1866.

He died in Milwaukee, on January 4, 1892, after a brief illness from *la grippe*, terminating in pneumonia.

He married, on September 19, 1853, Miss Sarah Hitchings, of West Waterville, Me., by whom he had three daughters and two sons.

1843

WILLIAM ALFRED COLLINS was born in Caledonia, Livingston County, N. Y., on June 20, 1821, and entered College at the opening of the Sophomore year.

He taught for a few months after graduation, and then began the study of law in Rochester, N. Y., where he was admitted to the bar in the fall of 1846. He commenced practice in the beginning of the year 1847 in the town of York, in his native county, and in July, 1852, removed to Geneseo, the county-seat. About the beginning of the year 1855, he retired to a farm in York, but in the spring of 1856 he resumed his profession and settled in Toledo, Ohio, in partnership with William Baker. His marked ability, untiring energy, and close application soon placed him in the front rank among the members of the bar in that city. In the war of the rebellion he accompanied an Ohio regiment on a campaign in West Virginia as Judge-Advocate with the rank of major. In 1870, without solicitation or effort on his part, he was elected one of the Judges of the Court of Common pleas, and during his term of service commanded the respect of the entire bar.

In February, 1891, he contracted a severe cold while on a visit to Washington, D. C., and inflammation of the lungs followed. He was brought home, but died there on April 2, 1891, in his 70th year.

His wife survived him without children; and his last will provided for the distribution of nearly \$50,000 among the charitable institutions of Toledo, as well as for a gift to the city for a public park.

ASA WELLINGTON, son of John Wellington, was born in West Boylston, Mass., on December 14, 1817.

For the twelve years immediately succeeding graduation he was engaged in teaching, and pursued simultaneously a course of legal study—for the last part of the time in the office of Judge Ezra Wilkeson, of Dedham, Mass. During this period he was

principal of the Academy in Thompson, Conn., for two years ; of the Barre (Mass.) High School for two years ; of the Braintree (Mass.) High School for two years ; and of the Quincy (Mass.) High School for three years.

In 1850 he was admitted to the bar, and first began practice in Weymouth, Mass., but subsequently opened an office in Boston, where he practiced with success for upwards of forty years ; during most of this time his residence remained in Quincy.

He was married on November 9, 1850, to Miss Cornelia A. Thayer, of Weymouth, who survives him. Their only child died in early manhood, having partly completed the undergraduate course in Harvard College. This loss affected seriously his father's health, but he continued to attend to his business until two days before his death, which occurred in Boston, as the result of an apoplectic stroke, on May 9, 1892, in his 75th year.

1844

HOWARD SMITH, son of Brigadier-General Persifer F. Smith, a hero of the Mexican War, was born in New Orleans, La., in 1823.

He studied medicine at the University of Pennsylvania, where was graduated M. D. in 1847. He then returned to his native city, and began what proved to be a long and honorable career in the practice of his profession. Prior to the civil war he held the professorship of *Materia Medica* in the local Medical College. Early in the war he was chief of the medical corps under Gen. Mansfield Lovell, of the Confederate forces, and when New Orleans surrendered in April, 1862, he went to Jackson, Miss., where he served as a surgeon. Later, he served in the Trans-Mississippi Department of the Confederate army as medical purveyor. Immediately after the war closed Dr. Smith returned to New Orleans, and practiced until increasing years and infirmities caused him to retire early in 1889. He was then elected health officer of New Orleans for the Central American ports, and acted in this capacity until the close of the season of 1891. He died at his residence in New Orleans, after twelve days' illness from the grip, on January 30, 1892, in his 69th year.

He was married about the year 1848 to Miss Fanny Alexander, of Kentucky, who died before him. One son and five daughters survive.

1845

WILLIAM GEORGE ANDERSON, son of Thomas and Sidney (Boyd) Anderson, was born in Lexington, Ky., on September 22, 1824, and entered College at the beginning of the Sophomore year.

After graduation he returned home, and for a year or so tried farming in Meade County, Ky. This occupation not proving congenial, he entered his father's store in Louisville as a clerk. About 1850 he became chief owner of some cotton mills at Grahamton, Ky., and retained his profitable interest there until his death. Soon after 1850 he became a partner in his father's auction and commission house in Louisville, and this interest also he retained until his death, although his active business career was closed some years before by reason of ill-health. He enjoyed to an unusual degree the esteem and confidence of his fellow-citizens, and was foremost in good works in the community. He died at his residence in Louisville on April 24, 1892, in his 68th year.

He was married on September 6, 1855, to Nannie E., daughter of Josiah B. Colston, of Washington, D. C., who died on June 30, 1863. An only son survives him, one daughter having died in infancy and two others in early womanhood.

1847

THOMAS LEVINGSTON BAYNE was born in Clinton, Jones County, Ga., on August 4, 1826. Having lost both parents at an early age, he removed to the house of an uncle in Butler County, Ala., whence he entered College.

In 1848 he went to New Orleans, La., where he studied law in the office of Thomas Allen Clarke, Esq. He was admitted to the bar in 1850, and in 1852 entered into partnership with Mr. Clarke. In 1862 he joined the Washington Artillery of New Orleans, in the Confederate service, as a private, and was wounded at the battle of Shiloh. After his recovery he was appointed captain for gallant conduct, and by subsequent promotions reached the rank of lieutenant colonel. After the close of the war he resumed practice in New Orleans with his former partner, and continued to be devoted to his profession until his death, with the reputation of being one of the leading lawyers of the State. He died at his home in New Orleans, on December 11, 1891, in his 66th year.

In 1853 he married Mary, daughter of Ex-Governor John Gayle, of Alabama. One of his sons was a member of the class of 1887, Yale College, and another graduates the present year.

EMLÉN FRANKLIN, the youngest son of Judge Walter Franklin, was born in Lancaster, Pa., on April 7, 1827, and entered College in 1845.

He read law with Nathaniel Ellmaker, Esq., of Lancaster, and was admitted to the bar in May, 1850. He began immediately the practice of his profession in Lancaster, and in the autumn of 1854 was elected to the House of Representatives, but declined a re-election after having served for one term. From 1859 to 1862 he was District Attorney of Lancaster County. Upon the breaking out of the rebellion he volunteered with a militia company of which he was Captain for the three months' service; and in 1862 raised the 122d Regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers, of which he was chosen Colonel, and which he commanded for nine months—the period of its service; during which time he participated in the battles of Fredericksburg and Chancellorsville. He returned home in May, 1863, and in June, upon the invasion of Pennsylvania by Gen. Lee, he raised a regiment of militia, and in command of one of the brigades shared in that campaign. After the discharge of the troops Col. Franklin resumed the practice of his profession, and during the fall of 1863 was elected Register of Wills of Lancaster County, for a three years' term.

His health was impaired by his service in the army, and he died in Lancaster after a brief closing illness, on June 19, 1891, in his 65th year.

In early life he married a daughter of Michael Withers, of Lancaster, who survives him with two sons and one daughter.

WILLIAM HALLOCK HAYDEN, the son of Josiah and Ann (Lewis) Hayden, was born in Haydenville, in the township of Williamsburg, Hampshire County, Mass., on December 31, 1827.

After his graduation he took a course of study in assaying at the United States mint, and in 1849 went to California to establish a private mint. He returned in 1851, and was married on the 8th of April in the same year to Miss Eliza Goodspeed of Haydenville.

From 1863 to 1869 he was in Central America, as superintendent of several New York mining companies, and for the rest of his life was engaged in the manufacture of saddlery hardware in

Columbus, O. He died in Haydenville, Mass., on August 6, 1891, in his 64th year. His wife died shortly after; three of their six children,—two sons and a daughter,—are still living.

SERENO WATSON, the ninth son in a family of thirteen children of Henry and Julia (Reed) Watson, was born in East Windsor, Conn., on December 1, 1826, and entered College the third term of the Freshman year.

After graduating he taught school in his native town and elsewhere, and in 1849-50 made some progress in the study of medicine, in Windsor and in the University of the City of New York. He then resumed teaching, in Allentown, Pa., and in Tarrytown, N. Y., and in 1852-54 was a tutor in Iowa College. He then went to Quincy, Ill., where he continued the study of medicine with his brother, Louis Watson, M.D. (Yale 1840), and began practice. In 1856, however, he abandoned the profession as distasteful, and went to Greensboro, Ala., as Secretary of an Insurance Company of which another brother was President. After the war broke out in 1861 he came North, and was next employed in literary work under Dr. Henry Barnard in Hartford. When this engagement was terminated by Dr. Barnard's removal to Washington, he came to New Haven, in January, 1866, and spent nearly a year in the study of chemistry and mineralogy in the Sheffield Scientific School. Thus equipped he went to California in the spring of 1867, and in the summer joined the U. S. geological exploration of the 40th parallel, as a volunteer. Before that season had closed he was appointed botanist of the expedition, and his Report on the collections made is the most complete of any for that region. He prepared this Report partly in New Haven (1868-70), and partly in Cambridge, Mass. (1870-71). His later life was spent in Cambridge, occupied in the study of the North American flora, and in the publication of results. From 1874 he held the appointment of Curator of the Harvard University Herbarium. In 1878 he received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy from Iowa College. He was elected a Member of the National Academy of Sciences in 1889. The modesty and conscientious thoroughness of his scientific work were truly characteristic of his nature; and the esteem in which the man was held by those who were intimate with him was no less sincere than their appreciation of the eminence of the botanist.

An attack of the prevailing influenza, followed by pneumonia and cardiac complications, brought his useful life to an end, in Cambridge, on March 9, 1892, in his 66th year. He was never married.

1848

JAMES NATHAN BARNES was born in Morristown, N. J., on September 1, 1827, being a son of the Rev. Albert Barnes (Hamilton Coll. 1820), the distinguished Presbyterian divine of Philadelphia. He was a member of the class of 1847 during the first three years of the college course.

He studied law in the office of Henry I. Williams, Esq., of Philadelphia, but was not admitted to the bar until March, 1857. From that time until his death his residence continued in Philadelphia. For some eight or ten years after his admission to the bar he was nominally engaged in practice. He died in Philadelphia on April 15, 1892, in his 65th year. He was never married.

JAMES GRISWOLD, eldest surviving son of Colonel Charles Griswold (Yale Coll. 1808), was born in Old Lyme, Conn., on February 8, 1828. His mother was Ellen E., daughter of the Hon. Elias Perkins (Yale Coll. 1786), of New London, Conn.

Soon after his graduation the discovery of gold in California led his steps thither, but in 1851 he returned to his native place, where he filled until his death a very useful and highly honored position as a lawyer and trusted man of business. He was a representative in the State Legislature in 1858, and was a Judge of Probate in 1861-2. He died in Old Lyme on May 7, 1892, in his 65th year.

He was married in June, 1861, to his cousin, Mary R., daughter of Dr. Nathaniel S. Perkins (Yale Coll. 1812), who died some years before him. One of their daughters is still living, the other having died in infancy.

SAMUEL HART SELDEN, second son of Richard Ely Selden (Yale 1818) and Elizabeth, daughter of William Lynde, of Saybrook, Conn., was born in Hadlyme, in the township of Lyme, Conn., March 16th, 1826.

After graduation it was his desire to study for the ministry, but his health did not permit. For a year he was a tutor in the family of Wm. Denniston, in Salisbury Mills, N. Y., and there-

after followed the profession of civil engineering. From 1850 to 1862 he was engaged in railroad work, principally with the Erie & Pittsburgh Railroad, making his home at first in Batavia, N. Y., and afterwards in Erie and Girard, Penn. From 1862 to the time of his death he was connected with the Chicago & Northwestern Railway, as resident engineer in charge of the North Michigan Peninsula Division, residing for three years at Marquette, and from 1865 at Escanaba, Michigan.

On June 16th, 1853, Mr. Selden married Sarah A., the eldest child of Oliver I. Lay of Lime, Conn. Mrs. Selden and five of their seven daughters survive him. The third daughter is the wife of C. P. Coffin (Yale Coll. 1881), and the fourth of T. H. Linsley (S. S. S. 1876). Early in November, 1891, Mr. Selden left Escanaba with his family for their winter home in Harrison, Florida. Making a few days' stop at Mr. Linsley's home in Evanston, Illinois, he was there taken ill with erysipelas and passed away on November 25th, 1891, at the age of 65.

Mr. Selden was a man of winning presence, of strong character, and of deep religious convictions. For twenty-five years he was an elder in the Presbyterian Church. His life was blameless and his influence strongly felt in the community on the side of religion and morality.

1851

VIRGIL MARO HOWARD, second son of Thompson and Irene Howard, was born on May 23, 1823, in Ware, Mass.

After graduation he studied in the Yale Law School for a year. He then taught for four years in the academy in New Salem, Mass., and in Barre, Mass., for one year. He was next for fifteen years principal of the academy in Deerfield, Mass., after which he was for two years superintendent of schools in Athol, Mass. He was then recalled to Deerfield to settle the estate of Mrs. Esther Dickinson, who had bequeathed a large sum of money for the founding of a school in that town; and Mr. Howard was closely identified for many years with the realization of this purpose. He died in Deerfield on September 30, 1890, in the 58th year of his age.

He married, on February 28, 1855, Ellen T., daughter of Robert Cook, who survives him with a son, the younger of their two children.

JOHN GUNN BAIRD, son of Jonah N. and Minerva (Gunn) Baird, was born in Milford, Conn., on November 27, 1826.

During the two years after graduation he taught school in Ellington, Conn. He then entered the Theological Seminary in Andover, Mass., where he finished the course in August, 1857. Subsequently he was a resident student in the Yale Divinity School, until in the spring of 1859 he accepted a call to the Second Congregational Church in Saybrook, in the parish of Centerbrook, Conn., where he was ordained on June 2. From this pastorate he was dismissed at his own request on November 1, 1865. Soon after he removed to New Haven, and was expecting to resume pastoral work when he was invited to render some temporary assistance in the office of the State Board of Education. In 1867 a throat difficulty became so aggravated as to cut off the hope of his being able again to settle in the ministry, and for more than twenty years, or until March, 1883, he continued as assistant to the Secretary of the State Board of Education. In the spring of 1884 he removed to Ellington, Conn, where he resided, occupied with literary work and with occasional ministerial services, until his death, which occurred there, from pneumonia, on December 22, 1891, in his 66th year.

He married, on June 15, 1859, Eliza, second daughter of the Hon. John Hall (Yale 1802), of Ellington, who survives him without children.

LAWRENCE McCULLY, son of Charles McCully, was born in New York City on May 28, 1831. About two years later his father removed to Oswego, N. Y., from which place the son entered College at the beginning of Sophomore year.

Having taught for several months in a family in New Orleans, and for a year in Kentucky, he then formed a plan of settling in the Hawaiian Islands, where he arrived in December, 1854. The introductions which he brought secured him an appointment as Police Justice of the Hilo district, which he held from Sept. 1, 1855, until his resignation on April 1, 1857. He then bought land and set out an orange orchard at Kona, Hawaii, but in 1858 removed to Honolulu, where he began the study of law in the office of Chief Justice Harris. He was admitted to the bar in March, 1859. In 1860 he was elected to the House of Representatives, of which he was chosen Speaker. From April, 1862, he

served as Interpreter to the Supreme Court, resigning his office in January, 1865, to become the clerk of the same Court. Six years later he resigned this office also, in order to accept the position of Deputy Attorney-General. In February, 1877, he was commissioned as Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the Kingdom, and this position he held with increasing honor until his death. His integrity and consistent religious character commanded the highest respect of the community.

In 1891 he visited Europe, and was prostrated by an attack of the grip in California on his return. His health, which had previously been somewhat delicate, was thus undermined, and he failed gradually until his death, at his home in Honolulu, on April 10, 1892, in his 61st year.

Judge McCully was married on May 26, 1866, to Miss Ellen Harvey, of Kenduskeag, Me., who survives him, with an adopted child.

SAMUEL CURTIS ROBINSON, only son of Samuel Robinson (Y. C. 1817) and Ann (Curtis, Baldwin) Robinson, of Guilford, Conn., was born in that town on September 20, 1830. He entered College in 1847, but left the class before the close of the first year, and later in 1848 joined the next class.

He studied medicine for two years in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York City, and then attended a third course of lectures at the Yale Medical School, where he was graduated M.D. in January, 1855. For some years after this he served as surgeon on various ocean steamships, and during the civil war he was surgeon on the armed transport McClellan of the U. S. Navy. After 1866 he was examining physician of the North American and other Insurance Companies in New York City, with his residence in Brooklyn, N. Y., where he was in successful practice up to the time of his death, which took place in Brooklyn on December 20, 1891, in his 62d year.

He married on October 22, 1867, Sarah, daughter of James H. Henry, M.D., of Brooklyn, who survives him with a son and daughter,—a younger daughter having died in infancy.

1853

OLIVER ELLSWORTH COBB, son of Sanford and Sophia L. (Nitchie) Cobb, was born on March 21, 1833, in New York City, and entered College at the beginning of the Sophomore year.

He studied theology from 1854 to 1857 in Union Seminary, New York City, and was ordained pastor of the Reformed Dutch Church at Hopewell (East Fishkill), N. Y., on September 1, 1857. Here he married, on November 3, 1858, Miss Cornelia W., daughter of the Rev. Abraham Polhemus, his predecessor in the Hopewell church. In 1872 he removed to Flushing, N. Y., where he was installed over the First Reformed Church in December of that year. After long and faithful service he resigned this charge on account of ill health a few months before his death, which occurred at the family homestead in Tarrytown, N. Y., from heart-failure, on September 23, 1891, in his 59th year. His wife survives him with several children.

WILLIAM HENRY GLEASON, eldest son of the Rev. Henry Gleason (Yale Coll. 1823) and Cynthia S. (VanDervoort) Gleason, was born on September 28, 1833, in Durham, Conn., where his father (who died in 1839) was pastor of the Congregational Church. He entered College from Sag Harbor, N. Y.

He studied law in Sag Harbor, where he was admitted to the bar and practiced law until 1870, by which date he had acquired one of the largest legal practices on Long Island. In 1864 and '65 he was a Republican member of the New York Assembly, and in 1868 was a candidate for Congress. From 1868 to 1870 he served as Register in Bankruptcy. He then exchanged the legal for the clerical profession, and having been ordained accepted the pastorate of the Reformed (Dutch) Church in Newburgh, N. Y. He resigned this charge in 1876, and was next settled (in 1877) over the First Reformed Church in Newark, N. J. The degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred upon him by Rutgers College in 1881. In 1887 he removed to the Reformed Church in Hudson, N. Y., but his health compelled him to resign in 1889, and his death occurred at his residence in New York City on February 21, 1892, in his 59th year.

He was married to Ellen A. Gladwin, of Deep River, in the township of Saybrook, Conn., on November 11, 1857. She died on July 23, 1875, having borne him three daughters and three sons, of whom two sons and a daughter died in infancy. He was next married, on December 27, 1876, to Leila E., daughter of the Rev. Dr. Dwight M. Seward (Yale Coll. 1831), of New York City, who survives him with one son, besides the children of his former marriage.

JAMES LANMAN PENNIMAN, son of Obadiah and Marianna C. Penniman and grandson of the Hon. James Lanman (Y. C. 1788), U. S. Senator from Connecticut, was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, July 9, 1832. His father died in his infancy, and he entered College from Philadelphia, his mother's home after her second marriage in 1841.

The year after graduation he spent in travel and was afterwards Principal of the Classical Department and Instructor in Ancient History in the Alexandria Institution, Alexandria, Va.

At the outbreak of the civil war he removed to Washington, D. C., where he was connected with the U. S. Astronomical Observatory, and afterwards for many years was head of a Bureau in the Department of the Interior. In February, 1876, he removed to Philadelphia, and was engaged in collecting claims against the Government.

During the last five years of his life frequent attacks of rheumatic gout undermined his health, and he died of heart-failure, in Philadelphia, on August 2, 1890, in his 59th year.

Mr. Penniman was an accomplished scholar, and his wide reading in Greek, Latin, and the modern languages made his opinion on literary subjects highly valued. Though of a retiring disposition his many quiet ways of doing good made him widely beloved.

He was married, on August 17, 1859, to Maria D. Hosmer, of Concord, Mass., who survives him with two sons,—the elder a graduate of this College in 1884, and the younger a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania in 1890.

1854

GEORGE DEFOREST LORD, the youngest son of Daniel Lord (Y. C. 1814) and Susan (DeForest) Lord, was born in New York City on November 21, 1833, and entered College at the beginning of the Sophomore year.

Upon graduation he began the study of law with his father, one of the foremost commercial lawyers of his time. The second year after graduation was spent in Europe, and then followed a year in the Harvard Law School. He completed his studies in New York, where he was admitted to the bar in May, 1859, and entered at once the firm founded by his father, with which he continued until his death. His inherited gifts and thorough training gave him exceptional advantages, while his high quali-

ties of mind and heart brought him abundant esteem and honor. He served for many years as an elder in the Brick Presbyterian Church. In February, 1892, he was taken ill, and a surgical operation became necessary; it was ascertained later that blood-poisoning had set in before the operation, and death ensued, at his home in New York, on March 3, 1892, in the 59th year of his age.

He was married in 1877 to Frances T., daughter of Theodore B. Shelton, M.D. (Yale 1834), of New York City, who survives him without children.

GEORGE WOLF REILY was born in Harrisburg, Pa., March 31, 1834. He was the son of Dr. Luther and Mary (Orth) Reily.

On leaving College he entered a banking-house in Pittsburgh, Pa., where he remained for a year, when he returned to Harrisburg and began the study of medicine with Dr. E. L. Orth. Subsequently he attended lectures at the medical department of the University of Pennsylvania, and received the degree of M.D. from that institution in 1857. He located in his native city and was soon engaged in a large and successful practice, which he relinquished in the fall of 1870, to become president of the Harrisburg National Bank, of which institution he remained the head until his death; being also interested in many other enterprises as a director. Dr. Reily was a most loveable man. As he readily won the affections of his classmates in college, so in after life he endeared himself to those brought in contact with him. He was noted while a physician for his kindness to the poor, and as a business man was always ready to assist those struggling against adverse circumstances. He was a man of marked simplicity, of a retiring disposition, and averse to public life. He was fond of books, attached to his home, devoted to his friends.

His health had failed somewhat within the past two or three years, but his death from fatty degeneration of the heart, on February 8, 1892, after a brief illness, came as a sudden shock.

He married at Harrisburg, February 5, 1861, Elizabeth H., daughter of Wm. H. Kerr, who survives him with four children; the eldest, the wife of Edward Bailey (S. S. S. 1881); a son who graduates this year from the Sheffield Scientific School; and two younger daughters.

1857

WILDER SMITH, son of George W. and Kate (Wilder) Smith, was born on July 17, 1835, in Boston, Mass. During his College course his family resided in Albany, N. Y.

He taught after graduation in the Hopkins Grammar School in New Haven, and from 1858 to 1861 pursued the regular course of study in the Yale Divinity School. He was also for nearly two years (1860-61) a tutor in the College. On January 15, 1862, he was ordained pastor of the Congregational Church in Berlin, Conn., and resigned his charge on October 30, 1866. He then went to Wisconsin, and on January 17, 1867, was installed over the Hanover Street (Congregational) Church in Milwaukee. He was dismissed from this pastorate on August 31, 1871, and on the 1st of October, 1872, he was again settled over the Congregational Church in Rockford, Ill., where he remained for eleven years. He then established his residence in Hartford, Conn., where he continued, engaged in literary work and private studies, until his death, which occurred there, from heart-failure, after an illness of several months, on September 1, 1891, in his 57th year. He was a man of rare scholarly attainments, and published in 1884 a volume of *Reminiscences of the Rev. Gustavus F. Davis, D.D.*, of Hartford, and also a small volume on *Extempore Preaching*, which has been adopted as a text-book in several theological schools.

He married on June 12, 1862, Charlotte M., elder daughter of Gustavus F. Davis, Jr., of Hartford, who survives him, with two daughters.

1859

EDWIN SPENCER BEARD, son of Rev. Spencer F. Beard (Amherst Coll. 1824) and Lucy A. (Leonard) Beard, was born on May 15, 1832, in Methuen, Mass., where his father was then settled. He spent two years in Amherst College, entering Yale in 1857 from Andover, Mass., and returning thither after graduation for a course of theological study in the Seminary.

On April 2, 1863, he was ordained at Riverhead, on Long Island, while supplying the Presbyterian Church at Amagansett in the neighboring town of Easthampton. In 1864 he removed to Warren, Me., where he was installed pastor, on August 16, of the Congregational Church. He was dismissed from this charge on April 5, 1873, and on December 30 of the same year

was installed over the Congregational Church in Brooklyn, Conn., where he continued with acceptance until his death, from diphtheria and pneumonia, on December 25, 1891, in his 60th year.

He married on June 2, 1884, Miss Mary E., daughter of George J. Bard, of Brooklyn, who survives him.

THOMAS BUCKLIN WELLS, the youngest son of Dr. Thomas Wells and Jane E. (Bucklin) Wells, was born in Columbia, S. C., on December 31, 1839. His parents removed to New Haven in 1846, and after spending three years in study in Paris and Heidelberg he entered this College at the beginning of the Junior year.

He spent the first two years after graduation mainly in New Haven, in the study of theology, and was ordained Deacon in the Protestant Episcopal Church, by Bishop Williams, at Middletown, Conn., on December 20, 1861.

The term of his diaconate he spent in charge of Christ Church, in Mansfield, Ohio, from which place he was called to the rectorship of St. James' Church, in Painesville, Ohio, where he was advanced to the priesthood by Bishop Bedell, on June 22, 1864. Under his leadership the parish grew in power and influence, and when in 1872, on account of a failure of health from overwork, he offered his resignation, the vestry were unwilling to consider the proposition, and gave him instead a long leave of absence. He resumed work after a year or more of rest, and continued in Painesville until his removal, in October, 1880, to St. Mark's Church, Minneapolis, Minn., where he continued with increasing efficiency and devotedness until his last illness. For eight years he was a member of the standing committee of the diocese, and for four years its president. He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Kenyon College in 1878. His health began to fail in 1889, and after an unavailing struggle a sea-voyage to Japan was undertaken in June, 1891; after a few days spent in Yokohama he began the homeward journey, but sank rapidly, and died in mid-ocean on August 4, in his 52d year, three or four days before the steamer's arrival at Vancouver.

He married on September 29, 1859, Susan F., eldest daughter of William S. Charnley, of New Haven, who died on April 4, 1868; of their four children the only survivor is now the wife of Francis G. Beach (Y. C. 1883). A second wife survives him, with two sons and a daughter.

1860

THOMAS GORDON HUNT, son of John and Sarah (Gordon) Hunt, of New Bedford, Mass., was born in that city on July 29, 1838.

He remained at home for two years after graduation in business with his father. On December 29, 1862, he married Annie G., second daughter of the Hon. Jonathan Bourne, of New Bedford, and after an extended tour abroad he returned to a business life in his native city. Within two or three years he removed to New York, where he continued in a commission business in oil for many years. He died in Washington, D. C., on November 2, 1891, in his 54th year. His wife survives him with their only daughter.

1861

WILLIAM CLEVELAND FAXON, the eldest child of Elisha Faxon, Jr., by his second wife, Mrs. Maria L. (Smith) Woodbridge, was born in Stonington, Conn., on January 3, 1841.

After graduation he remained at home until April, 1862, when he was commissioned 2d Lieutenant in the 1st Connecticut Heavy Artillery. He continued in service until mustered out in September, 1865, with the rank of Captain (Major by brevet). He next resided in Columbus, Ohio, until the summer of 1877, engaged in insurance and banking business. During the next year and a half he was a member of the firm of York & Co., dealers in granite in Hudson, N. Y. From January, 1879, to November, 1882, he resided in Sanilac County, Michigan, employed as a land-agent. He was then for two years book-keeper and cashier of the N. Y. Lumber Company, at Alexandria, La. In 1884 he removed to Worthington, Ohio, and two or three years later to Cleveland, where he was in the employ of the N. Y., Chicago & St. Louis ("Nickel-Plate") Railroad until his death, which occurred in Cleveland, after a single day's illness from hemorrhage of the stomach, on September 1, 1890, in his 50th year.

He was married, on October 11, 1870, to Miss Jennie L. Osborn, of Columbus, who survives him with their only child, a daughter.

HENRY NORTON JOHNSON, son of Hervey and Sarah (Pardee) Johnson, was born in Meriden, Conn., on June 11, 1831. He entered College in 1855, but left during the second term of Sophomore year, to earn money by teaching. After two years thus

spent in the public schools of New Haven, he re-entered College in September, 1859.

After graduation he remained in New Haven, and had nearly completed the course in the Theological Seminary, when he became Rector of the Hopkins Grammar School, in the fall of 1864. Under his administration the school attained great prosperity. He resigned his position in 1873, and spent the next four years abroad. After his return he resided chiefly in New Haven, taking occasional private pupils. The last years of his life were spent in his native city, where he was engaged in developing some real estate which he owned. He was found dead, from syncope, on the floor of a bath-room in his boarding-house on the morning of April 24, 1892. He was not married.

DAVID JUDSON OGDEN, the only son and youngest child of the Rev. David L. Ogden (Yale Coll. 1814) and Sarah A. (Judson) Ogden, was born in Whitesboro, N. Y., where his father was then pastor, on December 24, 1837. The family residence has been since 1850 in New Haven, Conn. He entered College in 1856, but three years later was obliged by the state of his health to take a year's rest.

For nearly two years after graduation he was connected with the Yale Divinity School, until extreme weakness of the eyes compelled him to forego all study. At length he completed the Seminary course, and was graduated as Bachelor of Divinity in 1868. Protracted ill-health, and especially a throat trouble, prevented any active work in his profession until 1876, when he took charge of the Congregational Church in Tolland, Mass. In the summer of 1879 he left Tolland, and during the next two years supplied for brief periods Congregational Churches in Riverton, Conn., and various other places. From May, 1881, to June, 1885, he preached in Niantic (in the township of East Lyme), Conn., being ordained and installed there on May 19, 1882. After leaving Niantic he passed a year in New Haven, and in the fall of 1886 began to supply the Congregational Church in Easton, Conn., where he preached until his death. While spending a few days with his sisters in New Haven he was taken suddenly ill with neuralgia of the heart, and died there on November 7, 1891, in his 54th year. He was never married.

WILLIAM EDWARD SIMS, son of John Hampton Sims, was born in Sligo, Mississippi, on May 15, 1842.

On graduation he returned home and soon after enlisted in the 21st Mississippi Regiment, Confederate Army, and served throughout the war in the army of Northern Virginia. Shortly after the war closed he removed to Eldon, Va. He was admitted to the bar in April, 1871, and practiced his profession at Chatham until 1884. At one time he was a member of the State Executive Committee of the Democratic party, but he afterwards identified himself with the Republicans and in 1882 was their candidate for Congress in the Fifth District of Virginia. In 1883 he was the Republican candidate for the State Senate, and such strong feeling was excited in connection with his campaign on that occasion and the riot and massacre which occurred at Danville, that he was compelled to take his family out of the State. He then went to Washington, and in January, 1884, was appointed book-keeper of the Senate folding-room. In 1884 he was a delegate to the National Republican Convention, and again in 1888. In June, 1886, he returned to Chatham, Va., but spent most of his time in Washington, where he found temporary employment of various kinds, though incapacitated by excessive deafness. In August, 1890, he was appointed United States Consul at Colon (formerly Aspinwall), in the Republic of Colombia, Central America. He continued in that office until his death there, after two weeks' illness, on July 26, 1891, in his 50th year.

He was married, on October 17, 1865, to Miss Matoaka Whittle, at Eldon, Va., who survives him with their two sons,—an only son having died in infancy.

1862

MATTHEW HUESTON THOMS was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, November 5, 1836, and died in the same city on December 15, 1890. While much of his time was passed in traveling in his own and foreign countries, he always looked upon Cincinnati as his home. He was prepared for College at Middletown, Conn., and joined the Sophomore class in the fall of 1859.

After graduation he took a course in law at the Harvard Law School, and a number of years later was a member of the Columbia Law School; receiving the degree of LL.B. at the former institution in 1865, and at the latter in 1876.

While he did not practice his profession at the bar, he kept himself continually informed on the progress of law, and gave much time to the study of political economy and kindred subjects. His scholarly turn of mind was evidenced by a rare collection of valuable books on political economy, science, and art.

A man of strict integrity, he had great strength of character. With a quiet and positive nature, he possessed at the same time an amiable disposition, and those who had his confidence valued him very highly.

Prostrated by an attack of paralysis on the twenty-second of July, 1890, he became very feeble; the disease assumed the form of progressive paralysis, from which he died.

By his will, executed in 1873 and supplemented in 1890, he bequeathed about seventy-five thousand dollars to the city of Cincinnati, in trust for the University of Cincinnati, for the endowment of a professorship to be called, in memory of his father, the *William Thoms Professorship*.

1863

EGBERT BYRON BINGHAM, son of Egbert and Sarah E. (Adams) Bingham, was born on February 17, 1839, in Scotland, Conn. He entered College at the beginning of the Sophomore year.

After graduation he taught school for a year, and then spent a year in Columbia College Law School. He was next engaged in teaching and the study of theology in Brooklyn, Conn., until in September, 1866, he became a tutor in Yale. He retained the tutorship until May, 1868, at the same time completing his theological studies in the Divinity School. For six months in the early part of 1869 he served under the Freedmen's Bureau as assistant superintendent of public schools for the State of Georgia, and on March 27 was ordained as an evangelist, at Atlanta. Later in the same year he went to Minneapolis, Minn., where he supplied for several months the pulpit of the First Congregational Church. He then settled in Brooklyn, Conn., and preached in the vicinity as health permitted. After supplying the First Congregational Church in Rockville (in the town of Vernon), Conn., for six months, he was installed there as pastor on October 17, 1871, and with many interruptions on account of health he retained that position until October 28, 1878, when he was finally compelled to resign. The next years were years of wandering and of fragmentary occupations, until 1885, when he was again

able to undertake the charge of a parish, and was accordingly installed on April 14, as pastor of the First Congregational Church of Woodstock, Conn., where he remained until his death, from an internal tumor, on June 11, 1891, in his 53d year.

He was married on June 30, 1868, to Mary P., daughter of the Hon. James B. Holbrook, of Brooklyn, Conn., who died on May 3, 1874, leaving a daughter. He was again married, on August 12, 1890, to Bessie H., daughter of Francis W. Flynn, of Woodstock, who also survives him.

1865

MORRIS MUMFORD BUDLONG was born in West Schuyler, Herkimer County, N. Y., December 3, 1841.

He remained in New Haven for a year after graduation, pursuing a course of general reading, and then entered the Law School of Columbia College, where he was graduated with high honor in May, 1868. His whole professional life was spent in New York City, with distinguished success; and outside of his profession he was held in high esteem and was active in good works.

After some months of failing health he died very suddenly, while attending to business, on November 30, 1891, at the age of 50. He was married on February 24, 1884, to Julia P., daughter of William Menck, of New York City, who survives him with two daughters.

1866

DANIEL CHASE CHAPMAN, second son of Deacon Allen A. and Elizabeth (Chase) Chapman, was born in Baltimore, Md., on June 8, 1844.

After graduation he engaged in business with the firm of Kirkland, Chase & Co., commission and shipping merchants, in Baltimore, and remained with them until 1872. In 1879 he became secretary of the American Fire Insurance Company of Baltimore, and so continued until his death in that city, after a brief illness, on May 11, 1892, at the age of 48. He married Anna M. Harris, of Baltimore, on November 23, 1869.

1867

FRANK LEWIS SKEELS, son of Nelson D. and Lucy Ann Skeels, was born in Coldwater, Mich., on January 8, 1846.

He took the law course at the University of Michigan and was admitted to the bar in 1869. Returning to his home, he was:

three years later elected prosecuting attorney of his county and served for two successive terms. He came to be recognized as one of the ablest members of the bar in southern Michigan. For about two years, 1871-73, he was one of the proprietors and editors of the *Coldwater Republican*. His treatment of topics of the day was keen, thorough, broad, and candid, the result of a naturally superior mind and of his collegiate training.

He married Miss Ella VanValkenburgh, of Coldwater, December 22, 1869, who with one son and two daughters survives him. He died in the city of his birth, on February 17, 1891, of fever, after an illness of seven weeks, in his 46th year.

1870

HENRY AUGUSTUS RILEY, son of the Rev. Henry A. and Blendena M. Riley, was born in Montrose, Pa., on December 20, 1848.

After graduation he went to Ashland, Pa., and was engaged in mining engineering in connection with the coal mines of the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad Company until March, 1872, when he came to New York City,—his home for the rest of his life. He was office editor of the *Christian Intelligencer* for a few months, and then entered the Columbia College Law School, where he was graduated in May, 1874. From that date he was engaged in the practice of his profession; he was also at different times a correspondent for various religious newspapers, and wrote considerably on medico-legal topics for medical periodicals. He was for many years superintendent of the sabbath-school of the 34th street Reformed Church. He died, after a long illness of a year or more, at his residence in New York, on June 9, 1892, in his 44th year. He married on November 7, 1880, Mariana, daughter of Erastus Littlefield, of New York, who survives him with their three sons.

1873

ISAAC REED SANFORD, son of Moses B. and Mary (Haviland) Sanford, was born in Redding, Conn., on November 5, 1850.

He studied medicine in the Yale Medical School, where he was graduated M.D. in 1875. On July 6, 1875, he was married to Emma M. Griffith, at Esopus, N. Y. He then settled in New

Haven, but in September, 1878, removed to West Cornwall, Conn., and thence in December, 1881, to Sheffield, Mass. He lost his wife by apoplexy on November 19, 1885, and in the following March he returned to his native town to care for his mother. After her death he re-established himself, in April, 1887, in Sheffield, and was again married, on July 8, 1888, to Kate, daughter of Abijah Curtis, of Yonkers, N. Y. In 1891 he removed to South Norwalk, Conn., where he died of pneumonia on February 15, 1892, in his 42d year.

1876

JACOB GOODMAN, son of Aaron Goodman, was born in Baltimore, Md., on September 22, 1855. He entered Yale at the beginning of the Sophomore year, after one year in Loyola College, Baltimore.

A few months after his graduation he began his career as teacher in the Baltimore Public Schools, which was only interrupted by his death. In 1882 he was appointed Principal of Male Grammar School No. 10, and this position he occupied with success until his last illness. The second of two attacks of the *grippe* affected one of his lungs, in consequence of which he was taken to Colorado. He died in Denver on November 22, 1891, in his 37th year, leaving a wife and three children.

1879

DAVID FLEISCHMAN, son of Solomon Fleischman, was born in Albany, N. Y., on March 12, 1859.

He studied medicine in the Albany Medical College, receiving his degree in 1881, and later pursuing special studies in New York City under Drs. Bosworth and Jarvis. In November, 1882, he established himself in Albany as a general practitioner, with diseases of the throat as a specialty. He was successful in his profession, and widely esteemed for his ability. Early in 1891 he suffered from a severe attack of *la grippe*. He went southwards in May in search of health, and after his return was prostrated by pleurisy, followed by tubercular meningitis. He died in Albany on Jan. 30, 1892, in his 33d year. He married on May 2, 1885, Gertrude Mann, who survives him with one child.

1880

EDWARD CURRAN SPENCER, son of William A. and Mary (Langford) Spencer, was born in St. Paul, Minn., December 8, 1858.

After graduation he studied medicine, and in 1882 received his degree at the Minnesota Hospital College in Minneapolis. In October, 1882, he entered the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York City, but his intended course there was cut short by his success the next month in a competitive examination for a position as interne in the New York Hospital. He entered on his duties as Junior Assistant Surgeon on December 1, and remained on the Hospital staff for eighteen months, becoming House Surgeon on December 1, 1883. On leaving this post he settled in St. Paul, where he served as Assistant City Physician until September, 1885, when he returned to New York City and obtained by competition a position on the House staff of the Woman's Hospital in the State of New York. In 1887 he went back to his former work in St. Paul, and remained there with the growing appreciation and respect of the community until his last illness.

After a severe attack of typhoid fever he was taken to California in the hope of recovering health; but he died there, at Coronado Beach, San Diego, on December 26, 1891, in his 34th year.

He was never married.

1882

ALFRED CHAPMAN HAND, the son of Horace C. Hand, was born in Honesdale, Pa., on June 19, 1859.

For the most of the year after graduation he acted as private tutor in Marquette, Mich., but in the fall of 1883 he became an instructor in Williston Seminary, at Easthampton, Mass., where he had prepared for College. His life there for two years was marked especially by his earnestness in Christian work, and while thus engaged he decided on the ministry as his vocation. In the fall of 1885 he entered the Union Theological Seminary in New York City, where he was graduated in May, 1888. On the 17th of the next month he was married to Miss Sara Lord Avery, of Mansfield, Ohio, and in August he became the pastor of the (Presbyterian) Church of the Covenant in Buffalo, N. Y. A ministry full of promise was hardly begun when it was suddenly ended. Diabetes manifested itself, and on November 12 he

preached his farewell sermon. He went abroad at once, and returned somewhat encouraged in April, 1890. After alternations of comparative strength and feebleness, he was attacked with the grip in January, 1892, and died in Mansfield, Ohio, on March 13, in his 33d year.

His wife and only son survive him.

DANIEL B. WEAVER was born in Lancaster County, Pa., August 25, 1859.

He studied medicine at the University of Pennsylvania, and received the degree of M.D. in 1885. On the 20th of October, in that year, he married Miss Elizabeth A. White, in Philadelphia, having already begun practice in Lancaster. About the end of 1889 he removed, for the sake of his health, to Salida, Colorado, where he gained an assured position in his profession, and was highly esteemed for his character and influence. Notwithstanding the steady progress of his disease (consumption), he was able to attend to his business until a day or two before his death, which occurred in Salida, on September 17, 1891, in his 33d year. His remains were sent to Philadelphia, where his widow is still living.

1885

LEVI OLMSTEAD WIGGINS, son of Dr. Lewis Y. and Mary Wiggins, was born in Newburgh, N. Y., on October 31, 1865, and was graduated with the highest honors in scholarship, although the youngest member of his class.

In May, 1888, he was graduated with distinction from the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York City, and then spent twenty months as an interne in Roosevelt Hospital, New York. In May, 1890, he sailed for Europe, and for nearly a year worked in the Continental hospitals, principally in Vienna. On his way homeward he stopped in Dublin for a month's work, and was there attacked by double pneumonia. He spent six weeks as a patient in a Dublin hospital, and then returned home; but the disease was too deeply seated to be shaken off, and he died at his parents' house in Newburgh on December 27, 1891, in his 27th year.

1886

GEORGE OTIS FELLOWS, the fourth son of the Rev. Franklin E. Fellows (Dartmouth Coll. 1855) and Jane (Stiles) Fellows, was born in Kennebunk, Maine, where his father was then pastor, on

April 21, 1862. In his boyhood his family residence was in Norwich, Connecticut, and he was graduated at the Free Academy in that city in 1882 with the rank of the first scholar of his year in Greek. In College also his rank as a classical scholar was shown by his taking the Winthrop Prize in his Junior year. A defect of vision, however, always interfered with his progress.

After graduation he taught in Kentucky, at Nazareth in Pennsylvania, and in Cortez, Colorado, at the same time keeping up his own studies with enthusiasm. In returning East from Colorado in August, 1891, by way of Washington, D. C., he was stricken down with pneumonia, of which he died in that city on the 23d of the same month, in his 30th year.

He had already published several articles of marked originality and perspicacity, which gave excellent promise for the future. In character he was in a rare degree pure and upright.

1889

THOMAS WALTER BUCHANAN, son of Duncan Buchanan, was born in Albany, Vt., on June 14, 1863, and was prepared for College at Williston Seminary in Easthampton, Mass. A long illness in the middle of his College course left its mark in permanent ill-health.

After graduation he was connected with the Philadelphia *Press*, until his condition seemed to require a more Southern climate. He then went to Texas, and held a position on the staff of the Fort Worth *Gazette* until the fall of 1891, when he was taken to the home of his parents in West Glover, Vt., where he died on February 24, 1892, in his 29th year.

1891

WILLIAM NEVIN THATCHER, son of the Hon. H. Calvin Thatcher (Franklin & Marshall Coll. 1864), Chief Justice of Colorado, was born in Pueblo, Colorado, on December 3, 1870, and was prepared for College at the Hopkins Grammar School in New Haven.

Three days after graduation he sailed from New York with a party of friends for a European trip; but almost immediately upon landing he was taken ill, and he died in Chester, England, on July 14th, in his 21st year.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

1838

LEVI IVES, son of Dr. Eli Ives (Yale Coll. 1799) and Maria (Beers) Ives, was born in New Haven, Conn., on July 13, 1816. He took a partial College course, leaving the Class of 1837 in the Sophomore year, and then entering the Medical School, in which his father was so long a distinguished instructor.

After graduation he spent two years in the Bellevue Hospital, New York City, and then returned to New Haven, where he spent his life in the practice of his profession. His natural gifts, training, and experience made him a most acceptable and successful physician. He died in New Haven, of Bright's disease, after an illness of many months, on November 30, 1891, in his 76th year.

Dr. Ives married Miss Caroline Shoemaker, of Wilkes-Barré, Pa., on June 7, 1841. She survives him with their only child, Dr. Robert S. Ives (Yale Coll. 1864).

1846

SETH PEASE, the only son of Nehemiah Prudden and Lucy (Williams) Pease, was born in Canaan, Conn., on May 20, 1820, and began the study of medicine with Dr. William W. Welch, in Norfolk, Conn.

After graduation he commenced practice in Ellsworth, in the town of Sharon, Conn., but three years later he removed to Colebrook, Conn., where he remained for ten years. In 1849 he removed to New Marlborough, Mass., where he practiced his profession with self-sacrificing devotion until he was stricken with paralysis on January 30, 1892. He died at his home a week later, on February 7, in his 72d year.

He married, on May 20, 1846, Eunice M. Sheldon, of New Marlborough, Mass., who survives him with two sons and two daughters.

1853

HARMON WILLIAM SHOVE, son of Cyrus and Salome (Young) Shove, was born in Warren, Litchfield County, Conn., on July 30, 1823. At the age of 18 he began to teach School, and about 1849 he took up the study of medicine in the office of Drs. Beckwith and Seymour in Litchfield. He then attended one course of

lectures in the Yale Medical School, and two courses in the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York City. For two years, while pursuing his studies, he held the appointment of surgeon's steward in the United States Navy.

Immediately after graduation he settled in Woodbury, Conn., where he resided, steadily devoted to his profession and keeping pace with all medical progress, until his death.

On January 13, 1892, while returning from a professional call, he contracted a severe cold which developed into pneumonia, and ended in his death, from heart-failure, on January 24, in the 69th year of his age.

He was married, on July 30, 1861, to Susan J., daughter of the Hon. Thomas Bull, of Woodbury, who survives him without children.

1856

WILLIAM DEMING, son of William and Charlotte Tryon Deming, was born March 16, 1833, at Litchfield, Conn. After graduation he practiced medicine for nine years at Lenox, Mass. Following a brief residence at Morris, Conn., he returned in 1867 to Litchfield, where, except during one year at Hartford, he labored in his profession up to a few weeks before his death, on September 21, 1891. During his twenty-three years of professional life at Litchfield Dr. Deming was very active in local enterprises. He was one of the early promoters and for many years a director and secretary of the Shepaug Railroad Company, held many offices of trust in the town, and in 1881-2 was President of the Connecticut Medical Society, serving also as President of the Litchfield County Medical Association. He sat three times in the lower house of the Connecticut Legislature, representing Morris in 1868 and Litchfield in 1875 and 1876, and was the Democratic candidate for State Senator from his district in 1870.

Dr. Deming married, December 18, 1858, Mary Benton, daughter of Horatio Benton, of Morris. His widow and three children—one son and two daughters—survive him.

1862

CHARLES WOOLLEY SHEFFREY was born in Birkenhead, England, on September 17, 1832, and came to America when about six years of age. His early education was obtained in New Haven, Conn., and he studied further in the College of the Holy Cross in Worcester, Mass.

After graduation he was for a short time in an army hospital in Montpelier, Vt., and in 1866 settled in Ansonia, Conn., where he enjoyed a large practice. In 1871 he removed to Elizabeth, N. J., but within three or four years he returned to Connecticut, and practiced in Bridgeport until his death. He died in Chipewa Falls, Wis., of pneumonia, while traveling for his health, on February 12, 1892, in his 60th year.

He was married on October 9, 1866, to Mary Ann, daughter of Dr. F. Gallagher, of Washington, N. C., who survives him. He left no children.

1876

HEMAN BANGS SMITH, the only son of Dr. Augustus B. Smith, was born in New Haven, Conn., on December 6, 1855.

After his graduation he served for a year as house-physician in the New Haven Hospital, and then began practice in this city. He removed soon after to the suburb of Westville, where he continued to be successfully occupied in his profession until his death there, after six days' illness from pneumonia, on July 16, 1891, in his 36th year. His wife survives him.

RANDAL EGBERT WARNER, son of Randal and Elizabeth (Russell) Warner, was born in Thomaston, Conn., on December 25, 1855.

On graduation he began practice at once in Seymour, Conn., and continued there until his death, from pneumonia, on December 31, 1891, after nine days' illness, at the age of 36 years.

In 1883 he married Delia C. Stout, who survives him with one son and one daughter.

1881

GEORGE MARLAND BUSH, son of Charles A. and Eliza M. Bush, was born in New London, Conn., on April 16, 1859.

After graduation at the Medical School and some hospital practice he established himself as a physician in New Haven. He also gave much time to the cultivation of music, until the increase of his professional engagements absorbed his whole attention. He died while on a journey for his health, in Washington, D. C., on March 28, 1892, after an illness of six months, in his 33d year.

In 1886 he was married to Nellie B. Tyler, who survives him.

1891

CHARLES WINTHROP HARTWELL, son of the Rev. John and Sarah W. Hartwell, was born in Massachusetts on April 16, 1864. When about 12 years old he was injured seriously by being thrown from a carriage, and for many years before his death he was obliged to use crutches. His residence of late years was in New Haven, and he died at the hospital here, after four weeks' illness, on January 26, 1892, in his 28th year. He was unmarried

YALE LAW SCHOOL

1844

HENRY GOULD LEWIS was born in Cornwall, Litchfield County, Conn., on September 9, 1820, the youngest child of William and Sarah A. (Calhoun) Lewis, who removed their residence to New Haven in 1832.

He remained in New Haven after his admission to the bar, and from 1847 to 1850 served as clerk of the courts. In 1853 he abandoned the practice of law for mercantile life, being elected at that date secretary and treasurer of the New Haven Wheel Company. In 1866 he became president of the company and remained in that position for many years. In 1866 he was elected a member of the New Haven Common Council, and in 1868 was sent as a representative to the State Legislature. He was elected mayor of the city in 1870, and proved so admirably efficient in that office that he was twice re-elected, serving until 1876. He was again re-elected in 1882, and was universally conceded to have been a model of public spirit in his official career.

He died in New Haven, after a few days' illness from pneumonia, on December 25, 1891, in his 72d year.

He was married, on October 5, 1858, Julia W., second daughter of John H. Coley (Y. C. 1816), of New York City. She was in feeble health at the time of her husband's death, and died six days later. Of their three children two daughters survive, the younger of whom was graduated at the Yale School of the Fine Arts in 1891.

1847

DOUGAL CAMERON HYDE, son of Col. William and Lydia (Halsted) Hyde, both of Connecticut descent, was born near Arkport, Steuben County, N. Y., on June 29, 1826. When he was eight years old his mother removed with her family to Wheatland, Monroe County, N. Y. He began when a mere boy to earn his livelihood by farm labor, and as he grew older taught in the common and select schools. At nineteen he entered the law-office of Nelson Bryant in Scottsville, Monroe County, where he remained for one year.

In September after graduation he was admitted to the bar of New York State, and for the forty-four years ensuing he practiced his profession in Rochester with energy and success. In 1865 he was elected an alderman of the city, and in April following president of the Common Council. In 1877 he received the Republican nomination for Judge of Monroe County.

He died, after a lingering illness of great suffering, at his residence in Rochester, on January 24, 1892, in his 66th year.

He married Julia H., daughter of Milton Ingersoll, of Rochester, who died on June 23, 1883. One son survives.

1852

WILLIAM KEELER SEELEY, second son of James and Almy (Sanford) Seeley, was born in Easton, Fairfield County, Conn., on September 17, 1828.

He pursued his studies at the "Staples Free School" in that town, intending to enter Yale, but an elder brother, Philander Sanford Seeley, having decided to take a collegiate course (which terminated in his death in the Senior class at Yale, 1847), and the family having insufficient funds to enable both to enter college, he "farmed" the homestead from 1844 to 1850. He then entered the Yale Law School; having graduated from there in 1852, he opened a law office, first in Westport, but soon afterwards in Bridgeport, Conn., where he built up a practice with credit to himself and honor to his profession. In 1883, his health then failing, he retired from practice, and took an extended tour around the world. He died in Bridgeport, on December 21, 1891, after a three days' illness of pneumonia.

He was married in Easton, Conn., on January 23, 1855, to Mary, daughter of James Jennings, by whom he had two sons. She survives him with one son, a graduate of the class of 1888, Yale College.

1871

SEYMOUR DWIGHT HALL, a native of Wallingford, Conn., died in that town on January 15, 1892, at the age of 48, after an illness of less than two weeks with pneumonia.

He was a practicing lawyer in Wallingford. His wife died during his illness, and an only son survives him.

1876

HOLLIS THAYER WALKER, the son of Phineas Walker, a soldier of the war of 1812, and Maria Walker, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., in 1856.

Poor health prevented him from actively practicing his profession. He died at his residence in New York City on December 25, 1891, at the age of 35. He was never married.

1877

RICHARD HENRY JOHNSON died of heart-failure in Allegheny, Pa., on June 29, 1891.

He had been district-attorney of Allegheny County since 1889.

1878

RICHARD CHARLES AMBLER, the son of Charles and Mary (Curtiss) Ambler, of Nichol's Farms, in the township of Trumbull, Conn., was born on August 31, 1853.

In the autumn after graduation he entered the law-office of Seymour & Seymour, in Bridgeport, Conn., where he remained for two years. He then opened an office for himself in Bridgeport, and built up gradually a good business. He was esteemed by all who knew him for uprightness, intelligence, and pre-eminent faithfulness to duty. He was a representative in the General Assembly from the town of Trumbull (where his residence continued) in 1889, and frequently represented the parish of which he was a vestryman in the annual convention of the Episcopal diocese. He was interested in historical research, and served as an officer of the Fairfield County Historical Society from the time of its organization.

After an illness of six months, which had not, however, prevented him from continuing at work, he died at his home in Trumbull, from meningitis of the brain, on September 12, 1891, at the age of 38.

He was married on October 1, 1879, to Jennie M., daughter of Stephen Beardsley, of Huntington, Conn., who with one daughter survives him.

1887

EBEN WHITNEY, JR., was born in Glassboro, N. J., on August 11, 1858. He was graduated at Burlington College, N. J., in 1879, and then entered the office of the Whitney Glass Works, in Glassboro, where he remained until the fall of 1882, when he accepted the position of Manager of the Dakota Cattle Company, with headquarters near Deadwood, S. Dakota. He returned home in the spring of 1885.

After his graduation as Bachelor of Laws he took an additional course of study here for the next year, and was graduated as Master of Laws in 1888. He then entered the office of the law firm, Gray & Gray, in Camden, N. J., and was admitted to the bar in the spring of 1891, and immediately began practice in Camden. He died of pneumonia in Camden, after a very brief illness, on December 29, 1891, in his 34th year.

 SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL

1857

GEORGE HARRISON MEADE, the eldest child of Edwin and Harriet (Wheelock) Meade, was born in Holden, Worcester County, Mass., on February 2, 1832.

Upon graduation he began work in his profession as a civil engineer. For a year and a half he was engaged in the location of the Iowa Central Railroad, and in 1859 he was employed in locating and constructing the levees on the Mississippi River. The war caused a suspension of this work, and in 1862 he became the Treasurer and Superintendent of the Memphis and Little Rock Railroad, with his headquarters in Little Rock, Arkansas. After the capture of this city in 1863 by the Union army, he was continued in railroad employment under military authority, and after the restoration of civil authority he followed his profession as a civil engineer. In 1869 he was engaged as chief engineer in the location and construction of the Little Rock and Fort Smith

Railroad, and about 1871 he established himself in Little Rock in the real estate business, in which he acquired a considerable fortune. He was never married, and died in Little Rock on October 18, 1890, in his 59th year.

1860

CLIFFORD CODDINGTON, son of John I. Coddington, who was postmaster of New York City under Presidents Jackson, Van Buren, and the elder Harrison, was born in New York in 1841, and died in the same city, from pneumonia, on February 28, 1892, aged 51 years.

In July, 1862, he joined the 51st New York Volunteers, and went to the front as 1st Lieutenant. At the battle of Antietam he was wounded and was breveted Captain for conspicuous gallantry. After the war he was Colonel of the 20th Regiment New York State Militia.

He married a daughter of Homer Morgan, of New York, who survives him with four children.

1873

CHARLES THOMPSON SMITH, son of William Henry and Harriet (Thompson) Smith, was born in the City of New York on July 18, 1851, and excepting five years during his infancy which were spent in England his life was passed in that city.

After graduating he spent a few months abroad and next pursued the study of medicine for a short time, but feeling inclined to a mercantile life he then entered the firm of Wm. Henry Smith & Co., doing a dry-goods commission and importing business, of which his father was the head. He visited Europe several times in behalf of the affairs of the firm. On account of his father's failing health this firm went out of business in 1883, when he with others formed a company to engage in the manufacture of wall-paper. After an experience of three years, finding that this was not sufficiently remunerative, he sold out his entire interest in the concern, and about two years subsequently became connected with the Standard Gas Light Company of New York, and took charge of its main office, where he continued until his death.

On September 12, 1883, he married Miss Fanny Thomas, of New York City, daughter of the late Cornelius W. Thomas. She died on December 16, 1890, in Thomasville, Ga., whither she had

gone to spend the winter for the benefit of her health; and in going to Georgia to bring her body home for interment he contracted a cold which resulted in pneumonia and finally in quick consumption, causing his death, in Yonkers, N. Y., on June 27, 1891, at the age of 40. He left one daughter and one son.

1886

GEORGE PERKINS MILLER, son of Henry S. and Cornelia P. Miller, of Utica, N. Y., was born in Venice, Italy, on March 13, 1866, and had his preparatory training in the Trinity School, at Tivoli, N. Y., and in Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Mass.

After his graduation he was employed as a civil-engineer in the construction of a railroad-bridge across the Missouri River, at Kansas City, and also in the construction of another bridge over the N. Y. Central and Hudson River Railroad at Utica. He then studied in the Law School of Columbia College, New York City, and was admitted to the bar of the State in June, 1889. From that time he practiced law in the office of his uncle, Morris S. Miller, Esq., in New York City, until shortly before his death, when he went to Pasadena, California, for his health. He died there, of pneumonia, on February 20, 1892, in his 26th year. He was never married.

A keen sense of honor was his most marked characteristic, and won for him the respect of all who came to know him.

1888

GEORGE FRANCIS GARNEAU, son of Joseph and Mary Louise Garneau, died in St. Louis, Mo., on December 27, 1890, at the age of 22 years. He was graduated at the St. Louis University with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1886.

SUMMARY

ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT

(YALE COLLEGE)

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Date of Death
1823	John A. Foot, 87	Cleveland, O.	July 16, '91
1826	Isaac G. Porter, 86	New London, Conn.	Apr. 30, '92
1827	David J. Merrill, 85	Newburyport, Mass.	Dec. 28, '91
1828	Aristides S. Smith, 83	Weldon, N. C.	Apr. 16, '92
1831	Noah Porter, 80	New Haven, Conn.	March 4, '92
1831	Alexander J. Sessions, 82	Beverly, Mass.	Jan. 16, '92
1832	Erastus Colton, 85	Roscoe, Ill.	Jan. 31, '92
1832	Benjamin F. Farley, 83	Worcester, Mass.	Jan. 14, '92
1832	Nathaniel W. Starr, 80	Red Bank, N. J.	Febr. 16, '92
1833	Rufus E. Hart, 79	Marietta, O.	Dec. 24, '91
1833	Ebenezer A. Johnson, 78	Yonkers, N. Y.	July 18, '91
1833	Cornelius VanSantvoord, 78	New York City	Apr. 7, '92
1834	Charles Atwater, 77	New Haven, Conn.	Dec. 6, '91
1834	Jarvis C. Howard, 84	West Hartford, Conn.	March 21, '92
1834	Nathan P. Seymour, 78	New Haven, Conn.	Dec. 28, '91
1834	John H. Tweedy, 77	Milwaukee, Wisc.	Nov. 12, '91
1836	Frederick R. Sherman, 76	New York City	Jan. 10, '92
1836	Ebenezer C. Smith, 84	Farmington, Minn.	Febr. 12, '92
1837	William Coit, 76	Elberon, N. J.	Aug. 23, '91
1837	William F. Law, 74	Savannah, Ga.	Oct. 9, '91
1837	Edwards Pierrepont, 75	New York City	March 7, '92
1837	Andrew L. Stone, 76	San Francisco, Cal.	Jan. 17, '92
1837	Adrian R. Wadsworth, 76	Hendersonville, N. C.	Sept. 20, '91
1839	Zalmon B. Burr, 79	Southport, Conn.	Jan. 7, '92
1839	Martin Dudley, 77	Lowell, Mass.	May 22, '92
1839	John B. Woodford, 76	Syracuse, N. Y.	Apr. 27, '91
1840	Loring B. Marsh, 75	Springfield, Mass.	June 22, '91
1840	Elias H. Williams, 72	Grand Meadow, Iowa	Aug. 20, '91
1841	Samuel W. Barnum, 71	New Haven, Conn.	Nov. 18, '91
1841	William E. Robinson, 77	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Jan. 23, '92
1842	Robert Benner, 73	Astoria, N. Y.	July 25, '91
1842	Joseph A. Benton, 74	Oakland, Cal.,	Apr. 8, '92
1842	Douglass Boardman, 69	Ithaca, N. Y.	Sept. 5, '91

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Date of Death
1842	John C. Burroughs, 74	Chicago, Ill.	Apr. 21, '92
1842	Caleb B. Metcalf, 77	Seabright, N. J.	July 31, '91
1842	Henry A. Scudder, 72	Washington, D. C.	Jan. 26, '92
1842	Charles K. Wells, 74	Milwaukee, Wisc.	Jan. 4, '92
1843	William A. Collins, 69	Toledo, O.	Apr. 2, '91
1843	Asa Wellington, 74	Boston, Mass.	May 9, '92
1844	Howard Smith, 69	New Orleans, La.	Jan. 30, '92
1845	W. Geo. Anderson, 67	Louisville, Ky.	Apr. 24, '92
1847	Thomas L. Bayne, 65	New Orleans, La.	Dec. 11, '91
1847	Emlen Franklin, 64	Lancaster, Pa.	June 19, '91
1847	William H. Hayden, 63	Haydenville, Mass.	Aug. 6, '91
1847	Sereno Watson, 65	Cambridge, Mass.	March 9, '92
1848	James N. Barnes, 64	Philadelphia, Pa.	Apr. 15, '92
1848	James Griswold, 64	Lyme, Conn.	May 7, '92
1848	Samuel H. Selden, 65	Evanston, Ill.	Nov. 25, '91
1851	Virgil M. Howard, 57	Deerfield, Mass.	Sept. 30, '90
1852	John G. Baird, 65	Ellington, Conn.	Dec. 22, '91
1852	Lawrence McCully, 61	Honolulu, H. I.	Apr. 10, '92
1852	Samuel C. Robinson, 61	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Dec. 20, '91
1853	Oliver E. Cobb, 58	Tarrytown, N. Y.	Sept. 23, '91
1853	William H. Gleason, 58	New York City	Febr. 21, '92
1853	James L. Penniman, 58	Philadelphia, Pa.	Aug. 2, '90
1854	George DeF. Lord, 58	New York City	March 3, '90
1854	George W. Reily, 58	Harrisburg, Pa.	Febr. 8, '92
1857	Wilder Smith, 56	Hartford, Conn.	Sept. 1, '91
1859	Edwin S. Beard, 59	Brooklyn, Conn.	Dec. 25, '91
1859	Thomas B. Wells, 51	Pacific Ocean	Aug. 4, '91
1860	Thomas G. Hunt, 53	Washington, D. C.	Nov. 2, '91
1861	William C. Faxon, 49	Cleveland, O.	Sept. 1, '90
1861	Henry N. Johnson, 61	Meriden, Conn.	Apr. 23, '92
1861	David J. Ogden, 54	New Haven, Conn.	Nov. 7, '91
1861	William E. Sims, 49	Colon, U. S. of Colombia	July 26, '91
1862	Matthew H. Thoms, 54	Cincinnati, O.	Dec. 15, '90
1863	Egbert B. Bingham, 52	Woodstock, Conn.	June 11, '91
1865	Morris M. Budlong, 50	New York City	Nov. 30, '91
1866	Daniel C. Chapman, 48	Baltimore, Md.	May 11, '92
1867	Frank L. Skeels, 45	Coldwater, Mich.	Febr. 17, '91
1870	Henry A. Riley, 43	New York City	June 9, '92
1873	Isaac R. Sanford, 41	South Norwalk, Conn.	Febr. 15, '92
1876	Jacob Goodman, 36	Denver, Col.	Nov. 22, '91
1879	David Fleischman, 33	Albany, N. Y.	Jan. 30, '92
1880	Edward C. Spencer, 33	San Diego, Cal.	Dec. 26, '91
1882	Alfred C. Hand, 32	Mansfield, O.	March 13, '92
1882	Daniel B. Weaver, 32	Salida, Col.	Sept. 17, '91
1885	L. Olmstead Wiggins, 26	Newburgh, N. Y.	Dec. 27, '91
1886	George O. Fellows, 29	Washington, D. C.	Aug. 23, '91
1889	Thomas W. Buchanan, 28	West Glover, Vt.	Febr. 24, '92
1891	William N. Thatcher, 20	Chester, England	July 14, '91

YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Date of Death
1838	Levi Ives, 75	New Haven, Conn.	Nov. 30, '91
1846	Seth Pease, 71	New Marlborough, Mass.	Febr. 7, '92
1853	Harmon W. Shove, 68	Woodbury, Conn.	Jan. 24, '92
1856	William Deming, 58	Litchfield, Conn.	Sept. 21, '91
1862	Charles W. Sheffrey, 59	Chippewa Falls, Wisc.	Febr. 12, '92
1876	Heman B. Smith, 35	New Haven, Conn.	July 16, '91
1876	Randal E. Warner, 36	Seymour, Conn.	Dec. 31, '91
1881	George M. Bush, 33	New Haven, Conn.	March 28, '92
1891	Charles W. Hartwell, 27	New Haven, Conn.	Jan. 26, '92

YALE LAW SCHOOL

1844	Henry G. Lewis, 71	New Haven, Conn.	Dec. 25, '91
1847	D. Cameron Hyde, 65	Rochester, N. Y.	Jan. 24, '92
1852	William K. Seeley, 63	Bridgeport, Conn.	Dec. 21, '91
1871	Seymour D. Hall, 48	Wallingford, Conn.	Jan. 15, '92
1876	Hollis T. Walker, 35	New York City	Dec. 25, '91
1877	Richard H. Johnson	Alleghany, Pa.	June 29, '91
1878	Richard C. Ambler, 38	Trumbull, Conn.	Sept. 12, '91
1887	Eben Whitney, 33	Camden, N. J.	Dec. 29, '91

SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL

1857	G. Harrison Meade, 58	Little Rock, Ark.	Oct. 18, '90
1860	Clifford Coddington, 51	New York City	Febr. 28, '92
1873	Charles T. Smith, 40	Yonkers, N. Y.	June 27, '91
1886	George P. Miller, 26	Pasadena, Cal.	Febr. 20, '92
1888	George F. Garneau, 22	St. Louis, Mo.	Dec. 27, '90

The number of deaths recorded this year is 103 and the average age of the 81 graduates of the Academical Department is 64 years.

The oldest living graduate is EDWARD McCRADY, Esq., Class of 1820, of Charleston, S. C., who was born on March 16, 1802.

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OBITUARY RECORD

OF

GRADUATES OF YALE UNIVERSITY

Deceased during the Academical Year ending in

June, 1893,

*Including the Record of a few who died previously, hitherto
unreported.*

[PRESENTED AT THE MEETING OF THE ALUMNI, JUNE 27th, 1893.]

[No. 3 of Fourth Printed Series, and No. 52 of the whole Record.]



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YALE COLLEGE.

ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT.

1820

EDWARD McCRADY, the son of John McCrady, and the grandson of Edward McCrady, an emigrant from County Antrim, Ireland, was born in Charleston, S. C., on March 16, 1802.

He began the study of law under the direction of his uncle, Justice William Johnson, of the Supreme Court of the U. S., and completed his course with the Hon. Mitchell King, of Charleston, with whom he practiced for a short time after his admission to the bar in 1824. He was prominent in his opposition to nullification in 1832-3, and subsequently accepted and filled the office of U. S. District Attorney (until his resignation in 1850), in order to identify himself more distinctly with the policy of the Southern Rights Association, which favored coöperation of Southern Conservatives, but not secession. He was also elected to the State Legislature, where he served for several years very usefully. As a member of the Convention of 1860 he voted for secession, believing that that movement could no longer be delayed without anarchy resulting at home. His last public service was as a member of the Legislature in 1864 and 1865.

He continued in active practice until long past 80, and attained eminence and universal respect in his profession. He held an equally high rank in the councils of the Episcopal church. For fifty years he represented St. Philip's, the mother-church of the diocese, in the Diocesan Convention; for forty years he was a member of the standing committee of the diocese, and for over thirty years a deputy to the General Convention.

After an illness of some months he died at his house in Charleston on November 16, 1892, in his 91st year. He had been since President Woolsey's death in 1889, the last survivor of his college class, and since June, 1891, the oldest living graduate of the University.

He married in 1829 Louisa Rebecca, the daughter of Robert Lane, an English merchant who had settled in Charleston. His four daughters and two of his four sons survive him; his eldest son died in 1881, and his third son in 1882.

1822

THOMAS EDWARD VERMILYE, the second son of William W. and Mary (Montgomery) Vermilye, was born in New York City on February 27, 1803. He entered the class in May, 1819, and left about three years later, before graduation, but was enrolled as a graduate in 1867.

After a course of theological study in Princeton, N. J., he was licensed to preach by the Presbytery of New York in April, 1825, and after ordination by the same Presbytery was installed over the Vandewater Street Church in New York City, in January, 1826. On May 26, 1830, he was installed over the 1st Congregational Church in West Springfield, Mass., whence he went in May, 1835, to the 1st Reformed Dutch Church in Albany, N. Y., and in October, 1839, he began a memorable career as one of the ministers of the Collegiate Reformed Church in New York City, which ended only with his life. He was able to take an occasional part in public worship up to within three months of his death, which occurred in New York, after a brief illness, on March 17, 1893, in his 91st year. The degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on him by Rutgers College in 1837 and also by Union College in 1838, and that of Doctor of Laws by Jefferson College (Pa.), in 1857, and by Columbia College in 1875.

He married in 1822 Elizabeth B., widow of Ebenezer Rockwood, of Boston, Mass., and only daughter of Ebenezer Hazard

(Coll. of N. J. 1762), of Philadelphia, Pa., Postmaster General of the U. S. She died on January 12, 1861. Of their five children only two, a son and a daughter, are still living.

1827

MALTBY GELSTON was born in Sherman, Conn., on April 30, 1805. He was the fourth child and second son of the Rev. Maltby Gelston (Yale Coll. 1791), pastor of the Congregational Church in that town, and of Jane, daughter of the Rev. Joel Bordwell (Yale Coll. 1756), of Kent, Conn.

After graduation he spent three years in the Yale Divinity School, and in the fall of 1830 was ordained as an evangelist in Litchfield, Conn. He then preached for a year in the Congregational Church in Bridgewater, Conn., and for a second year in the Presbyterian Church in Medina, N. Y. From January, 1833, to February, 1836, he was the settled pastor of the Presbyterian Church in Clyde, N. Y. He then accepted a call to the Congregational Church in Rushville, in the township of Potter, also in Western New York, where he was installed on June 10, 1836, and where during a successful pastorate of nineteen years he built up an influential society. After a few months spent in the service of the American Sunday School Union he became the stated supply of the Presbyterian Church in Albion, Mich., where he labored for five years (1855-60). He was then for ten months an agent of the American and Foreign Christian Union, and afterwards supplied for two years the Congregational Church in Grass Lake, Mich. In May, 1863, he removed to Ann Arbor, Mich., for the sake of educational advantages for his sons, and for the rest of his life resided in that city. For twelve years he was almost constantly engaged in laborious missionary work in the northern part of the State, and finally from 1875 to 1885 he had charge of the Presbyterian Church in South Lyon, some thirteen miles north of Ann Arbor.

Shortly after his retirement he was prostrated by a paralytic stroke, and after eight years of patient invalidism he died at his home in Ann Arbor, on February 19, 1893, in his 88th year.

He married, on August 20, 1834, Marcia H., daughter of Joseph Merwin, of New Milford, Conn., who died about six years before him.

Of their seven children three died in early life and two daughters and two sons (both clergymen) are still living.

JOHN BROWNLEE ROBERTSON was born in Charleston, S. C., on September 14, 1809.

After graduation he began the study of medicine with his brother-in-law, Dr. S. H. Dickson (Yale Coll. 1814), and received the degree of M. D. from the Charleston Medical College in 1832. He had already married in New Haven, in 1830, Mary W., daughter of Abel Denison, and he settled here in business but did not practice his profession. His wife died on February 1, 1835, and in 1838 he married Miss Mabel Maria Heaton, daughter of Abram Heaton, of New Haven. In 1837-8 he was a member of the Common Council, and in 1840 he was sent to the General Assembly of the State, but declined a re-nomination in 1842. In 1846 he was a member of the State Senate, and for the two succeeding years he was Secretary of State. He was then made postmaster of New Haven and served until 1853. Until about this date he was engaged in the business of carpet-manufacture. He was also, until his retirement in 1870, secretary of the American Mutual Life Insurance Company. In 1867-8 he served as alderman of the city, and in 1881 and 1882 as mayor, with great acceptance. At the time of his death, as for many years previous, he was junior warden of Trinity Church.

He died of old age at his residence in New Haven on July 14, 1892, in his 83d year. His wife survives him with five of their six children—three daughters and two sons—the elder son being a graduate of Yale College in the class of 1872. Two children by his former marriage died before him.

CHARLES DRAKE ROBINSON, son of Henry Robinson, a native of Durham, Conn., and of Elizabeth (Bingle) Robinson, from Woolwich, England, was born in New York City on February 15, 1811.

For several years he was in partnership in his native city with Joseph Hoxie, afterwards prominent in political life, in a large clothing house. In 1837 he made an extensive prospecting tour through the West and South, and two years later, having resolved to become a Western farmer, he purchased a farm in Cook County, Illinois, three miles from the present town of Blue Island, and fifteen miles from Chicago, to which he emigrated in 1840 with his wife and infant daughter. In 1849, leaving agri-

cultural pursuits, he established in Blue Island the first exchange for general merchandise. As the business increased two branch stores in neighboring towns were added, and Mr. Robinson was recognized as always among the foremost citizens of the place in all educational and philanthropic movements.

He retired from business many years before his death, which occurred at his residence in Blue Island on May 23, 1893, in his 83d year.

He married Emily, daughter of Benjamin Ballard, of Maidstone, England, and nine children survive him.

DANIEL ULLMANN, son of John J. Ullmann, a native of Strasburg, Alsace, was born in Wilmington, Delaware, on April 28, 1810. His mother was Jeanne F. LeFranc, of an ancient French family.

After graduation he taught for two years in the academy in Wilkes-Barre, Pa., in the meantime also studying law. He then continued his legal studies in the office of the Hon. Henry R. Storrs of New York, and early entered on practice in that city. In 1851 he was the candidate of the Whig party for Attorney-General of the State, and in 1854 he was the candidate of the Know-Nothing party for Governor. In the early months of 1862 he assisted in raising the 78th Regiment New York Volunteers, of which he became colonel. This regiment bore an honorable part in many engagements, and after the battle of Cedar Mountain, Colonel Ullmann, who was prostrated by typhoid fever and left behind, was captured and thrown into Libby Prison. In January, 1863, he was promoted to be Brigadier-General of Volunteers, and he was actively engaged for some months in the organization of a brigade of colored troops in New Orleans. After further distinguished service at Port Hudson and in the West-Mississippi district he was promoted Brevet Major-General in March, 1865, and mustered out of service. He then retired from active life, and his later years were spent in foreign travel and at his home near Nyack, Rockland County, N. Y., in which village he died on September 20, 1892, in his 83d year.

General Ullmann married on August 19, 1865, Amelia G., the only child of the Rev. William Berrian, D.D., long the rector of Trinity Church, New York. She died in Brunnen, Switzerland, on April 21, 1890.

1830

ENOCH MEAD, son of Colonel Ebenezer and Elizabeth (Holmes) Mead, was born in Greenwich, Conn., on September 2, 1809.

Upon graduation he entered the Theological Seminary in Auburn, N. Y., where he spent three years, and on January 8, 1834, he was ordained and installed over the Congregational Church in New Haven, Vt. The severe climate induced him to remove to the West in 1837, and he settled in Rockingham, Iowa, on the Mississippi river, and at that time the county-seat of Scott County. There he organized a Presbyterian Church, of which he continued pastor until the decline of the place and the transfer of capital and population to the adjoining township of Davenport. He retained his residence in Rockingham until his death, and after his relinquishment of a regular pastorate (in 1846) devoted himself for about six years longer to missionary work in the vicinity. His failing strength then admonished him to retire, and he occupied himself for the rest of his life in the care of his small-fruit farm. He died in Rockingham on December 6, 1892, in his 84th year.

He was married in Weybridge, Vt., on January 2, 1835, to Miss Mary E. James, who survives him with their two children, a son and a daughter.

1831

WILLIAM INGRAHAM KIP, the eldest child of Leonard Kip, a distinguished New York merchant, and Maria (Ingraham) Kip, was born in New York City on October 3, 1811.

After reading law for a time he turned his attention to the ministry, and studied for a year in the Theological Seminary at Alexandria, Va., completing his course at the General Theological Seminary in New York City in 1835. Having been ordained deacon by Bishop B. T. Onderdonk on June 28, he accepted the position of rector of St. Peter's Church, Morristown, N. J., but the next year became assistant minister of Grace Church, New York City. In 1837 he accepted the rectorship of St. Paul's Church, Albany, N. Y., remaining there until his consecration as Bishop of the Missionary Diocese of California on October 28, 1853. He reached San Francisco in January, 1854, and in April, 1857, on the organization of California as an independent diocese, he was re-elected Bishop and labored with industry and self-sacrifice as long as his strength lasted. On account of his

infirmities an Assistant Bishop was consecrated in June, 1890. In 1891 his health failed more seriously and after two years of great weakness he died at his residence in San Francisco, on April 7, 1893, in his 82d year.

Bishop Kip had decided literary tastes and published about a dozen historical and devotional works, all of them of recognized value. The degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on him by Columbia College in 1847, and that of Doctor of Laws by Yale College in 1872.

He married on July 1, 1835, Maria E., daughter of Isaac Lawrence, of New York City, by whom he had two sons, who both survive him, the younger being a graduate of this College in 1860.

CHESTER NEWELL, son of Nathan and Betsey (Dearing) Newell, was born in Belchertown, Mass., on July 8, 1803. He entered Amherst College from Boston, Mass., in 1825, but soon left, and in 1826 began the Freshman year here. He remained with the class of 1830 until the beginning of the Senior year, but the poor health which accompanied him through life then forced him to lose a year.

He studied theology in the Theological Seminary at Alexandria, Va., and was ordained deacon in the Protestant Episcopal Church by Bishop Moore on July 10, 1834.

He published in 1838 a *History of the Revolution in Texas* (pp. x, 215, 12mo),—the result of observations during a sojourn there for twelve months (1837–8) on account of his health.

On September 8, 1841, he received an appointment as Chaplain in the U. S. Navy, though he was not advanced to priest's orders until March 25, 1846. His health interfered with his full performance of duty after 1857, and especially prevented his active service in the Southern Rebellion. He was fully retired in July, 1865, being then the senior chaplain on the rolls. In later life his winters were mainly spent in Savannah, Ga., and his summers in New Jersey. He died of gastritis in Savannah on June 24, 1892, at the age of 89, and was buried in Worcester, Mass.

He married in 1851 Miss Sarah J. Hall, of Philadelphia, daughter of James Hall, formerly of Shrewsbury, Mass.

WILLIAM HUGHES STOKES, son of William H. and Henrietta M. C. Stokes, was born in Havre-de-Grace, Md., on January 21, 1812. His parents removed to Baltimore in 1818, and he entered the Junior class at Yale in 1829.

He read medicine for a year after graduation in the office of Drs. Donaldson and Steuart, of Baltimore, and was subsequently a student in the medical department of the University of Maryland, where he received his M. D. in 1834. He was then appointed resident physician to the Maryland Hospital, but resigned the position after a single year. Here his attention was first directed to the care and treatment of the insane. In the autumn of 1835 he settled in Mobile, Ala., where he was engaged in a lucrative general practice until 1840. He then spent a year in professional study abroad, and established himself on his return in 1842 in Baltimore. In 1845 he was appointed Lecturer on Obstetrics and the Diseases of Women and Children in the University of Maryland, but withdrew at the end of the year, and was appointed professor of the same branches in the Washington University of Baltimore. In 1850 he resigned this professorship to devote himself exclusively to his private practice and to his duties as physician to Mount Hope Retreat, a private insane asylum of high standing with which he was connected from 1842 until his retirement from active practice in 1889. He died in Baltimore on May 7, 1893, in his 82d year, his death being caused by an attack of measles together with the infirmities of old age.

Dr. Stokes married on December 19, 1839, Mary C., daughter of Dr. William Bradley Tyler, of Frederick, Md., and left four children.

1832

WILLIAM WARNER BACKUS, son of Thomas and Rebecca Backus, of Lee, Mass., was born in Lee on January 16, 1807, and entered College as a resident of Ithaca, N. Y., in 1829.

He spent two years (1833-35) in the Yale Divinity School and received a license to preach in July, 1835. He was ordained pastor over his first charge, the Presbyterian Church in Gallipolis, Ohio, in May, 1837. After a brief interval he removed to the Presbyterian Church, in Benton, N. Y., and thence, in 1839, to Castile, N. Y. On March 24, 1841, he was installed pastor of the Congregational Church in Bloomfield, Conn., where he remained until April 16, 1844. He was called thence to Lower Sandusky, now Fremont, Ohio, and afterwards to Chester, Ohio. From Chester he went, about 1848, to the Presbyterian Church in Friendship, N. Y., thence to Camden, Ill., and thence to Deca-

tur, Wisconsin. In 1856 he removed to Leavenworth, Kansas, where he organized a church and built the first brick meeting-house in the State. The expense incurred by this last step led him to become a land-agent, and this led to his retirement from the ministry in 1859. In later years he was engaged in business, especially in connection with gold-mining.

His death occurred at the house of one of his sons, eight miles from Guthrie, Oklahoma, on September 2, 1891, in his 85th year. His death was caused by gangrene resulting from a wound in the foot.

He married at Newark, N. J., in September, 1837, Miss Frances Ward, who died in Bloomfield, Conn., leaving four children. He subsequently married Miss Mary Hawes, of Chester, Ohio, who bore him five children, and died in 1860. He married in 1862 Mrs. Berelda Davis, of Dayton, Ohio, by whom he had one child.

• 1833

CHARLES SPOTSWOOD MILLS, son of Nicholas and Sarah (Ronald) Mills, was born in Manchester, a village on the James, opposite Richmond, Va., on September 29, 1812, and entered Sophomore in 1830.

He studied medicine immediately after graduation, at first in the office of an eminent physician in Richmond, and afterwards at the University of Virginia, but received his degree from the Jefferson Medical College at Philadelphia, in 1836. For the next three years he had charge of extensive coal-mining operations near Richmond, in Chesterfield County, having been called home to take up the business of his father, who wished to retire.

He married, on October 17, 1839, the daughter of Col. Claudius Crozet, an artillery officer under Napoleon, at whose downfall he came to America, and after serving as Professor of Engineering at West Point became chief engineer of the State of Virginia.

After his marriage Dr. Mills sailed for Europe with his wife, and remained abroad until the summer of 1843, when he returned to Richmond and entered on the practice of medicine, in which he was engaged with zeal and success and with the reputation of being one of the best surgeons in the State, until May, 1861. He spent the most of the next four years in the country, about fourteen miles from Richmond. During the earlier part of the time, though known as a Union man in the preceding period, his

sympathies were so keen with suffering that he served as the chief physician in charge of a hospital opened by some ladies in Richmond, until the Confederate government took control of all such institutions. Before the war he had been for several years a member of the City Council, and was chosen its President. In March, 1861, he was induced to stand as the Union candidate for Mayor, and was defeated.

At the close of the war he proposed to resume practice in Richmond, but the strong feeling of hostility manifested towards all those who were known to have been opposed to the act of secession rendered this impossible. He therefore accepted in 1868 the office of Sergeant of the City of Richmond, which was offered him without his solicitation by Gen. Schofield, then in command of the Military District. President Grant made him Collector of Customs for the District. About 1883 he once more resumed the practice of medicine, but found that the infirmities of age combined with the remembrance of former political differences to hinder his success, so that he soon relinquished the profession of his choice and of his earlier successes. He died at his home in Richmond on January 10, 1892, in his 80th year, from chronic bronchitis, resulting from repeated attacks of *la grippe*. A son and a daughter survive him, two other children having died in infancy.

LEONIDAS WILLSON, son of William and Sarah (Clark) Willson, was born in Clarksburg, Montgomery County, Md., on August 15, 1812.

After graduation he studied law, but suffered so much from ill health for ten or twelve years as to break up all his plans. From 1845 to 1867 he was engaged in mercantile business in his native place with success, and for the rest of his life he spent the summers on the old homestead where he was born, and the winters in Baltimore. He was extremely fond of reading, and kept himself informed in the new movements of thought.

He died in Clarksburg of heart disease on December 23, 1892, in his 81st year, having been in feeble health for more than a year previously.

He married, in Clarksburg, on April 4, 1859, Maria E. Harris, who survives him. He had no children.

1835

DANIEL BUTLER was born in Hartford, Conn., on June 23, 1808. He was the son of Henry and Chloe (Hinsdale) Butler, who removed in 1811 to Blandford, Massachusetts. At the age of 16 he returned to Hartford and spent four years in a printing office. He then went to Westfield, Mass., where for two years his time was divided between the care of an invalid father and preparation for College. His father dying in the spring of 1830, he was admitted to College in the following autumn, but with health so much broken that he was obliged to withdraw during Freshman year, and to enter the next class.

On leaving College he went directly to the Theological Seminary in Andover, Mass., where he completed the three years' course. On the 31st of October, 1838, he was ordained and installed over the Village (Congregational) Church in Dorchester, Mass., where he spent seven years with a united and affectionate people. In 1845 he accepted an appointment as agent of the American Bible Society, and removed his residence to Westborough, Mass. Six years later he was chosen Secretary of the Massachusetts Bible Society, and he retained this office as long as he was able to labor. He removed about 1853 to Groton, Mass., and thence in 1865 to Waverly, Mass., where he was prominent and useful as a citizen. He represented the town in the State Legislature in 1883. In his chosen field of work he was widely esteemed as a devout and earnest laborer, and in private life his cordiality and geniality, blended with a delightful vein of humor, made him universally beloved.

He married, in Trenton, N. Y., on November 8, 1838, Miss Jane Douglas, by whom he had five children, of whom two died in infancy. About a year before his own death his wife and his elder son died with a month of each other; from that date he failed gradually, and after a final illness of seven weeks he died at his home in Waverly on February 4, 1893, in his 85th year. He leaves a son (Yale Coll. 1866) and a daughter.

ORAN REED HOWARD, youngest and only surviving son of Joseph and Delana (Reed) Howard, was born in Franklin, Delaware County, N. Y., on May 24, 1810, but in the spring of 1811 his parents returned to their former home in Tolland, Conn. While preparing for College he taught school for several winters, and received license as a Methodist preacher.

For two years after graduation he taught in Milford, Delaware, and then went to Boston, Massachusetts, where the presiding elder of the Methodist Church assigned him to a vacant charge at South Boston. At the conference of 1838 he was ordained deacon, and was assigned for the next year to Watertown, Mass. On account of ill health he declined another appointment in 1839, and spent the year in editorial work on *The Christian Advocate and Journal* in New York City. He married, on April 18, 1840, Susan K., daughter of Andrew C. Wheeler, of New York, and in September of that year sailed with his wife for the Argentine Republic, where he spent two years in missionary work. He was recalled in 1842, owing to financial straits of the home society, and then became principal of Fairfield Academy, in Herkimer County, N. Y. There Mrs. Howard died, in the summer of 1843, leaving two daughters who are still living. He resigned this post in 1845, and married one of his late pupils, Emily, daughter of Nathan Millington, of Russia, Herkimer County, on July 31. Then followed successive appointments to the ministry, of one year each, in Painted Post, Lyons, and Geneva, N. Y. In 1848 he resumed theological studies with Bishop Delancey, in Geneva, and on April 29, 1849, was ordained deacon in the Protestant Episcopal Church by that prelate. For the next eight years he was rector of St. Peter's Church, in Dansville, N. Y., being advanced to the priesthood by the same bishop on July 7, 1850. In March, 1857, he was called to St. Thomas' Church, Bath, N. Y., where he spent the rest of his life, with the highest esteem of the whole community. In 1882 he was made rector *emeritus* of the parish, and for five years after that date acted as chaplain of the Church Home, Buffalo. The honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on him by Hobart College in 1868. He died in Bath on March 2, 1893, in his 83d year. His wife died about two weeks before him. Of her four children the eldest son and a daughter are still living.

1836

JOHN WOOD BLACK, son of Thomas and Mary W. Black, was born in Springfield township, Burlington County, N. J., on March 20, 1816.

After graduation he studied law for two years and a half in the city of New York. Being compelled by ill health to relin-

quish a sedentary life, he returned to his native county and engaged extensively in farming. He died at his life-long residence, near Jobstown, N. J., on July 28, 1892, in his 77th year. He was never married.

JOHN CODMAN HURD, son of John R. and Catharine M. (Codman) Hurd, was born in Boston, Mass., on November 11, 1816. His father was a merchant in New York City, and he had spent two years in Columbia College before entering the Sophomore class in Yale.

After graduation he studied for a year in the Yale Law School, and for two years more in an office in New York City. He was admitted to the bar, and was nominally, though at no time actively, engaged in practice in New York until after his father's death, in 1872. After he was released from filial duty he traveled abroad extensively. He died at the house of his sister in Boston, Mass., where he had lately made his home, on June 25, 1892, after an illness of several weeks, in the 76th year of his age. He was never married.

He published in 1858-61 two very learned volumes on "The Law of Freedom and Bondage," and in recognition of his ability the College conferred on him in 1877 the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws. He also published in 1881 another remarkable volume on "The Theory of our National Existence as shown by the Action of the Government of the United States since 1861."

Since his death his nephew and executor has presented to the University Library in Dr. Hurd's name a very valuable collection of upwards of a hundred and twenty-five volumes from his working library, including his annotated editions of his own publications and the most important authorities in this line of study.

1837

AARON LUCIUS CHAPIN, second son and third child of Deacon Laertes and Laura (Colton) Chapin, of Hartford, Conn., was born there on February 6, 1817.

During the year after graduation he taught in a family school in Baltimore, Md., and from 1838 to 1843 he was a professor in the New York Institution for the Deaf and Dumb in New York City, in the meantime also completing (1839-42) the course in the Union Theological Seminary. On January 24, 1844, he was ordained at Milwaukee, in Wisconsin Territory, where for nearly

six years he served as pastor of the First Presbyterian Church with signal success. In December, 1849, he was called to Beloit, Wisconsin, to fill the presidency of the College just established there, and that position he occupied from February, 1850, until his resignation in July, 1886. He retained a chair of instruction in Civil Polity until his death, although prostrated by paralysis in 1888. The degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on him by Williams College in 1853, and that of Doctor of Laws by the Regents of the University of the State of New York in 1882.

Dr. Chapin was eminently useful as a pioneer in Wisconsin, where he took from the first a leading position in the religious and educational life of the community. On Beloit College he left a distinct religious impress, and besides his efficiency as its head he did good service as a teacher, especially of political economy, and published one or two text-books in that science.

He died in Beloit on July 22, 1892, in his 76th year.

He married on August 23, 1843, Martha, daughter of Rodolphus Colton, of Lenox, Mass., who died on December 12, 1859. He next married, on August 26, 1861, Fanny L., eldest daughter of Robert Coit, of New London, Conn., who survives him. By his first marriage he had two sons who died in infancy, and a daughter who became a missionary in China, and is still living. His children by his second marriage were a son and three daughters, all of whom survive him except one daughter who died in infancy.

GEORGE WILLIAM COOKE, the youngest of eight children of Joseph and Anna (Bronson) Cooke, was born in Waterbury, Conn., on February 28, 1811.

After graduation he taught school for brief periods in Phelps, N. Y., and in Stonington, Conn. From 1841 to 1845 he was occupied in teaching and in book-keeping in Chicopee, Mass. Meantime, in 1842, after a series of experiments, he made practical application for the first time in this country of the process of electro-plating gold and silver. In July, 1845, he returned to Waterbury, and was thereafter mainly devoted to developing the art of electro-plating in his native city. In the spring of 1864 the manufactory with which he was then connected removed to Wolcottville, in the township of Torrington, Conn., where he remained until December, 1867. From 1869 to 1872 he edited and published a weekly newspaper called *The Valley Index* in Waterbury.

At the time of his last illness he was in the employ of the Scovill Manufacturing Company as a silver plater. He died in Waterbury, from old age, on August 29, 1892, in his 82d year.

He married, on September 26, 1837, Emily C., daughter of Thomas Johnson, of Middletown, Conn., who died on October 11, 1864. Their children were one son, who died in infancy, and two daughters.

ALFRED EATON IVES, second son of Enoch and Sarah (Gorham) Ives, of New Haven, Conn., was born in this city on December 12, 1809. At the close of the Sophomore year he left his class and began the study of theology in the Divinity School, where he remained for three years. In 1847 he was given an honorary degree by the College, and his name was enrolled with his class.

On September 25, 1838, he was ordained as pastor of the Congregational Church in Colebrook, Conn., where he remained until May 2, 1848. On September 5, 1849, he was installed over the Congregational Church in Deerfield, Mass., and there continued until April 11, 1855, when he went to Castine, Me., where he was installed pastor of the Congregational Church on June 20.

He was dismissed from this pastorate of twenty-three years on June 18, 1878, but retained his residence among an attached people. In 1879 and 1883 he was a member of the State Legislature.

He died in Castine, from an attack of influenza, on August 2, 1892, in his 83d year.

He married, on November 6, 1838, Harriet P., daughter of Richard Stone, of New Haven, who died on January 26, 1889.

Their children were three daughters, who died in early childhood, and two sons who survive him, both graduates of Amherst College, the younger being also a graduate of the Yale Divinity School.

1838

CHARLES FIREY McCAULEY, son of Hugh and Catharine (Houser) McCauley, was born in Ringgold, Washington County, Md., on January 5, 1816, and entered College at the commencement of Sophomore year.

After his graduation he taught for two years in a family school near Natchez, Miss., and then began the study of theology in the Seminary in Princeton, N. J. The main part of his theological course was pursued, however, in the Seminary of the Reformed

Church at Mercersburg, Pa., where he was graduated in 1843, and where on June 11 of that year he was ordained and installed pastor of the Reformed Church. On the 1st of November, 1845, he removed to the Reformed Church in Middletown, Frederick County, Md., where he continued until December 16, 1855, when he entered on the pastorate of the Second Reformed Church in Reading, Pa., the home of the rest of his life. Under his wise and earnest guidance the church increased from weakness to an assured position of strength and influence. During the latter part of his service an assistant pastor was provided, until on account of failing health he was obliged to resign all his duties in November, 1891. After a brief period of increasing feebleness he died at his home in Reading, from catarrh of the stomach, on June 19, 1892, in his 77th year. He enjoyed in an unusual degree the affection of his congregation, and was mourned as an eminent member of his denomination. In 1872 the degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on him by Franklin and Marshall College. In 1873 he held the position of president of the Synod of the Reformed Church in the United States.

On May 2, 1844, he married Maria Hoke, of Mercersburg, who died of heart-disease on August 13, 1879. Their children were five daughters and three sons,—of whom one daughter and one son are now deceased. The youngest son is a graduate of Yale College (1888), and the eldest of West Point (1870).

ISRAEL PERKINS WARREN, the eldest of seven children of Isaac and Leonora (Perkins) Warren, was born in that part of Woodbridge which is now Bethany, Conn., on April 8, 1814. In 1830 he was apprenticed to a tailor in what is now Naugatuck, Conn.; but having in the spring of 1831 become a Christian, he was led to decide to study for the ministry, and was released by his employer for this purpose.

During part of his Senior year in College, and for a year from graduation, he taught in an academy in what is now Cromwell, Conn., and for two years afterwards studied in the Yale Divinity School. In August, 1841, he began to supply the pulpit of the Congregational Church in Granby, Conn., where he was ordained as pastor on April 20, 1842. His dismissal from this charge, at his own request, took effect on May 1, 1845. From July 8, 1846, to September 23, 1851, he was pastor of the Congregational Church at Mount Carmel, in the township of Hamden, Conn.;

and from October 2, 1851, to February 3, 1856, he held the same relation in Plymouth, Conn. In June, 1856, he accepted an appointment as one of the Corresponding Secretaries of the American Seamen's Friend Society in New York City. In May, 1859, he was chosen Secretary of the American Tract Society at Boston, and served in that office and as editor of the Society's publications until Jan. 1, 1869. After resigning this position, he formed a partnership with his former parishioner, Gen. Erastus Blakeslee, for the publication and sale of books.

In the fall of 1875 he removed to Maine to edit *The Christian Mirror*, the organ of the Congregational Churches of that State. On the 1st of April, 1877, he purchased the paper, and he continued as its editor and proprietor until his death, at his home in Portland, after some months of feebleness, on October 9, 1892, aged 78½ years.

In his various fields of labor he had been a powerful agent for good, and had won the respect and regard of the churches and the community. The degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on him by Iowa College in 1868. He did a large amount of editorial work while connected with the Tract Society, much of the material published being from his own pen. Besides other periodicals, he edited for three years (1867-69) *The Sabbath at Home*, an illustrated monthly magazine of a high order. His published volumes numbered over twenty; among which are especially to be noted, *The Four Gospels and Acts, with Notes*, 1871; *The Three Judges*, 1873; *The Parousia*, 1879; and *The Stanley Families of America*, 1887.

On August 25, 1841, he married Jane S., second daughter of Captain Thomas Stow, of Cromwell, Conn., who died on February 26, 1881. Their children were two daughters who died in infancy, and one son (Yale Coll. 1869). He next married, on January 2, 1882, Sarah, daughter of Captain John L. Lewis, and widow of Henry Cushman, of Portland, who died on Nov. 26, 1885. On October 6, 1886, he married Juliet M., daughter of Dr. Albert F. Stanley, of Winthrop, Me., who survives him.

1839

FREDERICK TRENCK PERKINS, eldest son of John B. and Comfort (Sanborn) Perkins, was born in Sanbornton, N. H., on August 16, 1811. Before preparing for College he followed his father's occupations of farming and tanning.

After graduation he spent three years in theological study,—the first in Union Seminary, New York City, and the others in the Yale Divinity School. On October 18, 1842, he married Harriet T., eldest daughter of Nathaniel Olmsted, of New Haven, and niece of Professor Denison Olmsted, and on January 11, 1843, he was ordained pastor of the Evangelical Congregational Church in East Cambridge, Mass. He resigned this charge, on account of the effect of the climate on his wife's health, on May 26, 1851, and on the 11th of the next month was installed over the 1st Congregational Church in Manchester, Conn. After a successful ministry there of five years, he was dismissed on October 14, 1856. On February 3, 1857, he was installed over the 1st Congregational Church in Williamsburg, Mass. Early in 1860 he resigned this charge on account of ill health, and after spending the summer largely in western travel he was settled on October 24 over the 1st Congregational Church in Galesburg, Ill., where he continued, zealous and esteemed, until March 3, 1868. From 1870 to 1872 he was in charge of the Warburton Chapel, in Hartford, Conn., then for three years preached in Naugatuck, Conn., and finally for nine years in Tilton, N. H. From 1884 he made his home with his elder son (Y. C. 1867) in Burlington, Vt., where he died on May 2, 1893, in his 82d year.

His wife died on September 9, 1859, and her two children survive their parents. He next married, on October 2, 1860, Eliza Olmsted, a sister of his first wife, who died on April 22, 1881.

1840

JOHN DEVEREUX, the eldest son of Colonel Thomas P. Devereux (Yale Coll. 1813), and Catharine A. (Johnson) Devereux, was born in Raleigh, N. C., on December 12, 1819.

After graduation he became a planter in his native State, with a city residence in Raleigh and a plantation at Halifax on the Roanoke river. During the late war he was Quartermaster for the State. The results of the war swept away his inherited property, and obliged him to devote himself subsequently to such occupations as came in his way. After a lingering illness he died at his residence in Raleigh, on April 10, 1893, in his 74th year.

He married in 1843 Miss Margaret Mordecai, of Raleigh, by whom he had eight children. She survives him with numerous descendants.

HENRY MARTYN GOODWIN, the second son of Caleb Goodwin, a leading merchant of Hartford, Conn., and Harriet (Williams) Goodwin, was born in Hartford on June 8, 1820.

He began his theological studies in 1843 in the Union Seminary, New York City, whence he came to the Yale Divinity School in 1845 for the closing year of his course. In August, 1850, he took charge of the 1st Congregational Church in Rockford, Ill., over which he was ordained in February, 1851. He resigned this charge at the end of the year 1871, and spent the next two years abroad. In 1875 he settled in Olivet, Mich., where he was for twelve years associate pastor of the Congregational Church and Professor of English Literature in Olivet College, which gave him in 1876 the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity.

Late in the summer of 1892 he removed to the residence of a daughter in Williamstown, Mass., where he died after three days' illness, from pneumonia, on March 3, 1893, in his 73d year.

He was a warm admirer of the Rev. Dr. Horace Bushnell, to whom he dedicated his most matured publication, a volume entitled "Christ and Humanity; with a review of the Doctrine of Christ's Person" (pp. xxv, 404), which appeared in 1875.

He married on November 6, 1854, Martha, daughter of Dr. John French, of Bath, N. H., who died on March 17, 1876. Their children were two sons and two daughters.

1842

THEODORE PHILIP BARBER was born in Brattleboro, Vt., on January 27, 1822.

In January, 1843, he became a tutor in a family in Mecklenburg County, Va., and a year later began the study of theology under the Rev. Dr. William Wyatt of Baltimore, teaching at the same time near that city. On June 7, 1846, he was ordained deacon by Bishop Whittingham, at Salisbury, Md., and at once began to officiate as a missionary in Laurel, Prince George County, where he established a new church and remained for three years,—being advanced to the priesthood in Baltimore on September 24, 1848. In July, 1849, he received the appointment of Rector of Christ Church, Great Choptank Parish, Cambridge, Md., where he continued with great acceptance and eminent usefulness until his death. He was for years president of the

Standing Committee of the Diocese of Easton. In 1875 the degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on him by St. John's College.

He died at his home in Cambridge, of Bright's disease, on January 1, 1893, at the age of 71. He married on May 26, 1856, Anna C., daughter of Dr. John H. Hooper, of Dorchester County, Md., who survives him with two of their five children, both sons.

JOSEPH VENEN BROWN was born in Conneaut, Ohio, on August 23, 1816.

After graduation he had charge for two years of the village academy in his native place, at the same time pursuing the study of law; but not fancying the confinement of professional life he finally engaged in a forwarding and commission business in Conneaut. In 1845 he removed to Sault de Ste. Marie, Michigan, where he continued in the same business with success. He also established in 1850 a newspaper called *The Lake Superior Journal*. Under President Fillmore's administration he was receiver of public monies for the Mineral Land District of Michigan, and in 1853 he was appointed the agent of the government for the selection and location of the 750,000 acres of public land donated for the building of the Sault Ste. Marie Canal. He engaged subsequently in copper-mining, but finally returned to his old home in Ohio for the education of his children. After having been a partial invalid from rheumatism for several years, he died at Conneaut on January 22, 1893, in his 77th year.

He married in December, 1850, Maria E., daughter of Jonathan Barnes (Y. C. 1810), of Middletown, Conn., by whom he had two sons and four daughters.

JOSEPH CHANDLER, fifth son of Captain John and Deborah (Eddy) Chandler, was born in [North] Woodstock, Conn., on August 12, 1819.

After graduation he was for three years a member of the Yale Divinity School, and in September, 1845, he began preaching in West Brattleboro, Vt., where he was ordained pastor of the Congregational Church on April 22, 1846. He continued in that office until December 26, 1872, when he was dismissed at his own request. He then began supplying the pulpit of the Congregational Church of Saxton's River Village, in the same county, where he remained for nearly three years. Late in 1875,

he accepted an invitation to preach in Glencoe, Minn., whither he removed about a year later. He remained there until 1881, and from October, 1882, until July, 1884, he was engaged in business in St. Cloud, Minn. He then resumed the work of preaching, in Strawberry Point, Clinton County, Iowa, whence he removed in 1887 to a church in Lakeland, about twenty miles from Minneapolis, Minn. Early in 1891 his infirmities obliged him to resign, and the remaining months of his life were spent with his eldest son (Y. C. 1877) in St. Anthony Park, a suburb of St. Paul, Minn., where he died on July 27, 1892, at the age of 73.

He married, on November 11, 1850, Gertrude M., daughter of Arad Chandler, of Brattleboro, Vt., who died at St. Anthony Park on March 31, 1891.

Their children were three daughters (all deceased) and three sons.

HENRY STRONG McCALL, fifth son of Henry and Melissa (Hale) McCall, was born in Lebanon, Conn., on February 14, 1819.

Immediately upon graduation he went to Albany, N. Y., where he taught in the Collegiate Institute until February, 1847. In May, 1847, he was admitted to the bar, and then began practice in Albany, where he continued to reside until his death. He published several legal works which attained a wide circulation and passed through numerous editions: such as, "Notes to the New York Code of Civil Procedure," "The Clerk's Assistant," and "The Constable's Guide." After a professional life of great usefulness he was stricken down in the summer of 1885 by paralysis, which so affected his vocal organs that he was thenceforth unable to speak. His mind remained clear, he enjoyed reading and the company of his friends, and his general health was good, up to the time when a second stroke of paralysis terminated fatally, at his home in Albany, on March 19, 1893, in his 75th year.

He married, on May 10, 1849, Miss Rhoda W., daughter of Ebenezer Peaslee, of Bridgeport, Madison County, N. Y., by whom he had three children: two daughters (one of whom died in infancy) and one son.

GLEN WOOD was born in Greenbush, Rensselaer County, N. Y., on April 5, 1818. His early advantages were limited, and he prepared himself for College while working at a trade.

He spent his first year out of College in the service of the American Tract Society, and then for two years taught music in Sullivan County, N. Y. Then followed two years in the Yale Divinity School, and in October, 1847, he took charge under the auspices of the American Home Missionary Society of the First Presbyterian Church in Keokuk, Iowa. He was ordained as an Evangelist by the Presbytery of Des Moines, in session at Cedar Rapids, on April 17, 1848. In October, 1850, he resigned his pastorate in order to accept an appointment as General Agent for the Northwest of the American Tract Society; in 1858 he became District Secretary of the same Society, and he labored indefatigably in this office until 1878. His residence was in Chicago during the most of this time, but for some years in Davenport, Iowa. He subsequently removed to Lake Forest, Ill., and after connection with various other benevolent organizations he became interested about 1886 in the establishment of a Children's Aid Society in Chicago, of which he was the Secretary until his death. He died at his home in Lake Forest, from neuralgia of the heart, from which he had been suffering for some months, on January 25, 1893, in his 75th year.

He married, in September, 1847, Miss Maria Lounsbury, of Fallsburgh, Sullivan County, N. Y., who died in October, 1849; her two children died in infancy. He next married, on November 25, 1851, Philomela C., eldest daughter of Reuben Bascom, of Newport, N. H., who died in Chicago on May 6, 1866, leaving no children. On March 15, 1870, he married Jennie L., widow of P. C. Wells, of Chicago, who survives him with their children, a son and two daughters.

1843

HALLAM ELDRIDGE, son of Christopher Eldridge, one of the earliest settlers in Binghamton, N. Y., was born in that town in 1822.

After leaving College he entered on the study of law in the city of New York, and was there admitted to the bar. He practiced his profession there until 1849, when he emigrated to California. Returning in 1853, he settled as a planter in Issaquena County, Mississippi, but in 1860 he came back to his native place, where he resided until his death, on February 20, 1893, at the age of 71. His wife survives him.

CHARLES JONES, the son of a farmer in Wilton, Conn., was born there on July 19, 1820.

After leaving College he took up the study of law, and meantime represented his native town in the State Legislature in 1844. Subsequently he removed to New York City, where he completed his preparatory legal studies and was admitted to the bar in 1847. He early gained a prominent position, and was at the time of his death one of the oldest active practising lawyers in the city, having been for many years at the head of the firm of Jones & Roosevelt. He was specially well versed in mercantile law, and was counsel for a number of large corporations. He took an active interest in public affairs, at first as a Whig and afterwards as a Republican, and was for some years Chairman of the New-York State Republican Executive Committee. He was one of the most ardent advocates of the nomination of General Grant for the Presidency, and as the chairman of the State delegation to the National Republican Convention in 1868, cast the vote of New York for his candidate. His residence was in Brooklyn, and about 1873 he was the Republican candidate for Judge of the City Court, but was defeated, and soon after retired from politics.

He was stricken with heart-disease while spending a vacation at his country home in Wilton, Conn., and died there on September 2, 1892, in his 73d year.

He married, on May 1, 1855, Cornelia A., daughter of Warren Stiles, of Darien, Conn., who survives him with two daughters.

SANFORD BROWN KELLOGG, third son of George C. and Clarissa (Brown) Kellogg, was born in New Hartford, Litchfield County, Conn., on April 13, 1822.

He was admitted to the bar in New Haven, after three years of legal study, the last year being spent in the Yale Law School. He began the practice of law in St. Louis, Mo., in partnership with Samuel Knox, in October, 1846. He was liberal and public-spirited, and actively interested in founding and sustaining religious and educational institutions in Illinois and Missouri.

He did good service for the Union, as a member of the Missouri Senate, in 1862-63.

He died April 14, 1893, after a brief illness, at the age of 71.

He was married on August 2, 1855, to Maria Louise, only daughter of the Rev. James Kimball (Middlebury Coll. 1820), of Oakham, Mass. Their daughter is a missionary in China. He

was again married on December 14, 1870, to Miss Louise Parker, daughter of the Hon. James Allen, of Oakham, Mass., who survives him. Their daughter is a member of the class of 1894, Wellesley College, and their son is a member of the class of 1895, Yale College.

1844

HENRY WADHAMS BUEL, the eldest child of Samuel Buel, M.D. (honorary Yale Coll. 1826), and Minerva (Wadhams) Buel, was born on April 7, 1820, in Litchfield, Conn., where his father was a practicing physician of eminence for nearly half a century.

Upon leaving College he began the study of medicine with his father, and later entered the offices of his cousin, Dr. William P. Buel (Y. C. 1826), and of Dr. Gurdon Buck, in New York City, at the same time attending lectures in the College of Physicians and Surgeons where he received the degree of M.D. in 1847. He remained in the city, as House Surgeon in the New York Hospital, until 1849, when he was appointed resident physician of Sanford Hall, a private insane asylum in Flushing, L. I. In the spring of 1854 he returned to his native town, and in 1858 he opened there a private institution, now known as the Spring Hill Home for Nervous Invalids. The rest of his life was mainly devoted to the development of this institution, and his skill and kindness met with distinguished success. He was also a leading citizen of the town, prominent in all matters of public interest, president of the local bank, a deacon of the Congregational Church, and personally beloved and trusted by the entire community. He was elected to the presidency of the State Medical Society in 1872.

He died suddenly, at his home in Litchfield, from a paralytic stroke, on January 30, 1893, in his 73d year. He married, on March 24, 1859, Miss Mary Ann Laidlaw, of Brooklyn, N. Y., who died on December 31, 1864. Two daughters and one son by this marriage are still living. The son was graduated at Yale College in 1885, adopted his father's profession, and was associated with him in his work. Dr. Buel subsequently married Miss Catharine K. Laidlaw, a sister of his former wife, who also died before him.

NATHAN COLTON CHAPIN, fourth son of Laertes and Laura (Colton) Chapin, and brother of President Aaron L. Chapin (Yale Coll. 1837), whose death is noticed above, was born in Hartford, Conn., on September 20, 1823.

After teaching for a year in Mississippi and for another year in New England, he spent three years in the Union Theological Seminary, New York City, and began his professional career in Milwaukee, Wisc., in November, 1849. Two years later he removed to the church in Watertown, Wisc., where he was ordained on November 2, 1851. He remained there until the beginning of the year 1854. On September 28, 1854, he married in Washington, D. C., Mary A., daughter of John Fountain, of London, England, and at once took charge of the Congregational Church in Kenosha, Wisc. On October 1, 1857, he removed thence to La Crosse, Wisc., where he was pastor of the Congregational Church for fourteen years; during four of these years he had the care of the public schools of the city. From 1872 to 1874 he supplied a church in Faribault, Minn., and his last settlement was in Rochester, Minn., from 1874 to 1877. His residence continued in Rochester until 1883 when he removed to Minneapolis, where he died very suddenly from valvular disease of the heart, on December 11, 1892, in the 70th year of his age.

His wife died in September, 1891. Their children were three daughters and one son.

CHARLES LITTLE, son of Samuel and Jerusha (Bayley) Little, was born in Columbia, Conn., on September 26, 1818.

He studied theology in the Auburn (N. Y.) Seminary, from 1844 to 1846, and for the third year of his course in the Yale Divinity School. On September 1, 1847, he was ordained in Columbia as a missionary to India. He labored faithfully and successfully in the Madura Mission of the American Board until September, 1858, when he returned to this country by reason of impaired health. From October, 1860, to December, 1861, he was acting pastor of the Presbyterian Church in Manlius, N. Y., and on January 8, 1862, he was installed over the Congregational Church in Cheshire, Conn. He was dismissed from this charge in July, 1865, and then supplied for two years the First Church in Woodbury, Conn. In October, 1867, he removed to Nebraska, and from January 1, 1868, to May 1, 1870, had charge of the Congregational Church in Lincoln in that State. For two years from May, 1871, he edited a newspaper in Crete, Nebraska, and for the rest of the year 1873 he was similarly occupied in Lincoln. He then preached for a year in Corning, Iowa, and in 1875 took charge of the Congregational Church in Lewis, Iowa, over which he was installed on July 10, 1877. He was dismissed

on July 24, 1885, and subsequently preached in Clay, Iowa, for three years. He then retired from active labor, and after a brief residence in Pasadena, California, made his home with his second son (B.A. Univ. Nebraska 1871, Ph.D. Yale 1885), in Lincoln, Nebr., where he died, after eight months' illness, on August 19, 1892, at the age of 74.

He married, on September 29, 1847, Amelia M., daughter of William Newton, of Sherburne, N. Y., who died on the 18th of the following July. He next married, on September 15th, 1853, Susan Robbins, of Brockport, N. Y., who died on August 31, 1870. Their children were two sons and two daughters; one son and one daughter are still living.

JOSHUA WHITNEY WATERMAN, son of Thomas G. Waterman (Yale Coll. 1806) and Pamela (Whitney) Waterman, was born in Binghamton, N. Y., on December 31, 1824.

He studied law at home for a year after graduation, and completed his studies in Detroit, Mich., where he was admitted to the bar in 1847. Being in independent circumstances he retired from practice at a comparatively early age, but continued to reside in Detroit, where he was held in esteem as a leading citizen, until his death on June 24, 1892, in his 68th year.

He married on July 4, 1849, Eliza, daughter of Ira Davenport, of Bath, N. Y., who died on December 28, 1865. On November 10, 1869, he married a younger sister of his first wife, who died in 1882. His oldest child was graduated here in 1874, and a second son in 1886, who died in 1889, leaving to the College the foundation for a valuable Scholarship.

1845

HENRY DAY, the seventh of nine children of Pliny and Deborah (Butts) Day, was born in South Hadley, Mass., on December 25, 1820, and entered College as a Sophomore in 1842.

After graduation he had charge for two years of the Academy in Fairfield, Conn., and then spent one year in the Law School of Harvard University. In 1848 he came to New York City and entered the law office of Daniel Lord, Jr. He was admitted to the bar in the fall of the same year, and at once went into partnership with Mr. Lord and his son. The firm of Lord, Day & Lord thus formed continued to be a prominent and successful one through his life. On January 31, 1849, he married Miss Phebe L. Lord, the daughter of his partner.

Mr. Day was expert in ecclesiastical as well as civil law, and was notably active in drafting the articles for the re-union of the Old and New School Presbyterian Churches in 1869. He was a director of both Princeton and Union Theological Seminaries. He also filled many responsible offices in various insurance, trust and railway companies, and was the legal adviser of many large estates.

He was attacked in the spring of 1892 with jaundice, and died at his residence in New York, on January 9, 1893, in his 73d year. His wife died a few years before him. Of their six children two daughters and one son are still living.

During his later years he traveled extensively for the benefit of his health and published two volumes of his observations: "The Lawyer Abroad" (1874), and "From the Pyrenees to the Pillars of Hercules" (1883).

JAMES JARMAN DEAN was born in New Haven, on April 3, 1825, the eldest son of James E. P. and Ellen E. (Jarman) Dean.

After graduation he taught school in Milford and in East Windsor, Conn., and then entered the Yale Law School. He was admitted to the bar in Connecticut in July, 1849, and in May, 1850, in New York City, where he began practice immediately. He continued his practice in New York until his death and was highly esteemed. He died in Brooklyn, N. Y., at the home of his brother, after a brief illness from pneumonia, on February 21, 1893, in his 68th year. He was never married.

1846

ELISHA BACON SHAPLEIGH, son of James W., and Hannah L. Shapleigh, was born in Elliot, Me., on November 6, 1823. His mother was the daughter of the Rev. Samuel Chandler (Harv. Coll. 1790), the minister of Elliot.

After taking his degree he studied medicine at the University of Pennsylvania, where he was graduated as M.D. in 1849. In the same year he established himself in practice in Lowell, Mass., but in 1851 he removed to Philadelphia, where he practiced with much success until his death. From 1862 to 1874 he was Coroner's Physician for the city. He died at his residence in Philadelphia, on December 10, 1892, in his 70th year.

He married on June 7, 1864, Annie S., daughter of William Loyd, of Philadelphia, by whom he had one daughter.

JOHN SPAULDING was a son of Deacon John and Elinor (Dix) Spaulding, and was born in Townsend, Mass., on August 8, 1817. He spent the Freshman year at Middlebury College, and then entered Yale, but was obliged by ill health to leave at the beginning of the Senior year. He was admitted to a degree in 1874, and his name was subsequently enrolled with his class.

He was graduated at the Law School of Harvard University in 1850; and after continuing his studies in the office of George F. Farley, Esq., of Groton, Mass., he was admitted to the bar in 1851. Immediately afterwards he opened an office in Groton, where he remained until 1859, when he went to Groton Junction, now Ayer. In September, 1872, he was appointed a special justice of the First District Court of Northern Middlesex County. In 1882, he removed to Boston, where he had had an office for many years before. He died at his home in Boston, on May 24, 1893, in his 76th year.

He married on January 7, 1862, Charlotte A., daughter of Alpheus Bigelow, Jr., of Weston, Mass., who died June 24, 1889.

After receiving his degree in 1874, Mr. Spaulding gave the College a Scholarship Fund of \$500 for the aid of needy students.

1847

FREDERICK WHITTLESEY COGSWELL, eldest child of William and Frances (Whittlesey) Cogswell, was born in Woodbury, Conn., November 27, 1823. He entered College in 1843 and was graduated with the class notwithstanding he was prevented by sickness from prosecuting his studies for one full year.

Soon after, he began the study of law in the office of the Hon. Gideon Hall, of Winsted, Conn., where he remained about one year, when he was compelled by ill health to retire. He then came to Cleveland, O., and entered the Water Cure of Dr. Seele for medical treatment. After about two years, his health being restored, he came to Sandusky, O., resumed his study of law, was admitted to the bar at Norwalk, O., in the fall of 1852, and immediately opened a law office in Sandusky, and continued in active practice at that place until his decease.

In 1852, when cholera became an epidemic and many fled from the city in terror, Mr. Cogswell was one who labored faithfully, nursing and caring for the sick and dying about him.

Soon after opening his law office he was appointed City Clerk, and filled that position about fourteen years. He was then

elected Prosecuting Attorney for Erie County, and occupied the position for thirteen years.

In May, 1864, he enlisted in the 145th Regiment Ohio Volunteers and was chosen Lieutenant.

As a practicing attorney he was safe, honorable and reliable; as a citizen, above reproach.

Mr. Cogswell was married to Julia M. Radcliffe, October 10, 1871, who with two children, a daughter and son, survives him, two daughters having died in childhood.

After eight months' continued suffering he died at his home in Sandusky on January 4, 1893, aged 69 years.

1848

RICHARD SMITH MESICK was born on July 8, 1824, in Montgomery County, N. Y., and entered Dartmouth College in 1844. A year later he transferred his relations to Yale College,—his residence then being in Newark, Wayne County, N. Y.

After graduation he studied law for a short time in the office of David Dudley Field in New York City, and in the spring of 1849 he sailed for California, arriving there about the middle of September. He then went to Sacramento, was admitted to the bar, and began the practice of law, locating himself successively in Sutter County, in Auburn, Placer County, and in Marysville, Yuba County. He was very successful in Marysville, where he formed a partnership with Stephen J. Field, now Justice of the U. S. Supreme Court. When the Know-Nothing party swept the State, in 1855, he was one of its leading spirits, and was sent to the State Senate. In 1862 he removed to San Francisco, but a year later left the State to settle in Nevada, where he lived successively in Aurora, Esmeralda, and Virginia City. While a resident of the last-named place he was elected District Judge and also a Judge of the Supreme Court. Ultimately he returned to San Francisco where he was counsel for some firms controlling very large interests, and gained a high reputation for the successful conduct especially of important mining cases. He died there, on May 26, 1893, after a long illness, aged nearly 69 years. He was never married.

BENJAMIN HUGER RUTLEDGE was born in Statesburg, Sumter District, S. C., on June 4, 1829, the son of Benjamin H. and Alice A. (Weston) Rutledge. He entered College as a Sophomore.

During the year after graduation he studied in New Haven, mainly under President (then Professor) Porter in philosophy. He then studied law in Charleston, S. C., in the office of Petigru & Lesesne, and was admitted to the bar in the summer of 1851. After a European tour of eight months he began practice in Charleston. Some three years later he formed a partnership with William Whaley, Esq., and gradually achieved success in his profession. In 1860 he was a delegate to the State Convention which passed the Ordinance of Secession, and soon after he entered the military service of the Confederacy as Captain, and won by his bravery promotion to the rank of Colonel. He served through the war with distinction, and then resumed practice in Charleston. In 1876 he was sent to the State Legislature, where he served for two terms. In 1880 he was nominated for the State Senate, but declined to run. In 1886 the partnership with Mr. Young in which he had been associated since 1865 was dissolved, and he formed a partnership with his son (a graduate of Yale College in 1882) which continued until his death. He died in Charleston from an attack of paralysis of the heart on April 30, 1893, at the age of 64.

He married in 1858 Eleanor Maria, daughter of Oliver H. Middleton, of Charleston.

He was deservedly respected and admired in the community as a lawyer, orator, citizen, and friend.

1849

LEVI BARNES BRADLEY, son of Jason and Phebe (Barnes) Bradley, was born in Southington, Conn., on January 15, 1826.

Having read law for two years in the office of Ex-Governor Toucey, in Hartford, Conn., he was admitted to the bar in that city in August, 1851, and at once began practice there. In 1852 he served as clerk of the State Senate. At the close of 1853 he removed to New Haven, and from January, 1854, to July, 1858, he was secretary and treasurer of the New Haven Manufacturing Company. He was next until 1863 secretary of the City Fire Insurance Company, after which he resumed the practice of his profession. From July, 1863, to July, 1864, and again from July, 1866, by annual re-election, until July, 1876, he was Judge of the Probate Court for the district of New Haven. His health had begun to fail before the last named date, and in 1880 his

mind gave way and his friends were obliged to remove him to an asylum. He died in Middletown, Conn., on September 5, 1892, in his 67th year.

On November 30, 1853, he married Ann Elizabeth, eldest daughter of David Scranton, who was for many years president of the New Haven Manufacturing Company. She survives him with their three sons.

RUFUS ALEXANDER HENSON was born in Burke County, North Carolina, in 1828, and died in San Antonio, Texas, in the early summer of 1892.

He studied law in Tuscaloosa, Ala., and was admitted to the bar in that State in March, 1851. Subsequently he attended the Law School of Harvard University, and received the degree of LL.B. in July, 1852. He spent the next year in San Antonio, Texas, qualifying himself for practice in that State, where he was admitted to the bar in June, 1853, and where he resided until his death.

He married on September 26, 1849, Miss Mary R. Dearing, of Tuscaloosa, who died in July, 1855. Their three daughters are all deceased.

1851

HENRY DEWITT BEMAN, third son of Carlisle P. and Avis (DeWitt) Beman, was born on March 28, 1830, in the village of Mt. Zion, Hancock County, Ga., was prepared for College in the school taught by his father, and entered as a Sophomore in December, 1848.

He taught in Georgia for a year after graduation, and in 1852 entered the office of Messrs. Law & Barton of Savannah as a student of law. He was admitted to the bar in 1853, and then began practice in Atlanta. In 1857 he removed to Minneapolis, Minn., where was successfully engaged in his profession until the outbreak of the civil war recalled him to the South. He served in the Confederate army until near the close of the war, when his health failed. In 1866, while still broken in health, he went to New York City, and there engaged in the practice of law until 1876, when his declining health finally induced him to return to his native State and make his home on the plantation left him by his father, in Sparta, Ga. Here he continued, engaged in farming, until the close of his life, on July 17, 1891, in his 62d year.

He maintained an exemplary Christian character, and was at the time of his death an elder in the Presbyterian Church.

He married in 1857 Miss Belle Jones, daughter of E. B. Jones, of Penn Yan, N. Y.

1852

ALBERT BIGELOW, the eldest child of Samuel A. and Maria M. (Almy) Bigelow, was born in Stafford, Genesee County, N. Y., on October 11, 1827. In 1830 his father removed to Buffalo, N. Y., where after nearly three years' study of law, he was fitted for College.

After graduation he studied for the ministry with his pastor, the Rev. Dr. M. L. P. Thompson, of the First Presbyterian Church, Buffalo. In December, 1854, he began to preach in the Presbyterian Church in North Bergen, in his native county, and was ordained and installed pastor of that church in October, 1855. In the autumn of 1856 he was installed over the Ainslie Street Presbyterian Church in Williamsburgh, Brooklyn (E. D.), N. Y.; and in October, 1858, he removed to the Presbyterian Church in Homer, Cortland County. In 1863 he became pastor-elect of the First Congregational Church, Jackson, Mich., and so continued, without installation, until the autumn of 1865, when—after a short period of rest—he took charge of the Presbyterian Church in Silver Creek, Chautauqua County, N. Y., remaining there for five years. During 1870 and 1871, having been compelled to relinquish pastoral work by reason of extreme deafness, he served as a District Secretary of the American Seamen's Friend Society, becoming again, as he continued for most of the time until his death, a resident of Buffalo. For the next fifteen years, although almost constantly supplying churches in the vicinity as a preacher, he engaged in no permanent employment. For two years he was Corresponding Secretary, Librarian, and Treasurer of the Buffalo Historical Society, and in the meantime edited two volumes of the Society's papers. For some years also he found recreation and successful employment in portrait-painting. In April, 1886, he removed to the village of North Evans, about 15 miles to the southwest, and was occupied there in agriculture and in the pastoral care of a small Congregational Church, which he had already supplied for three years, until the failure of his health in 1890. He died in Harrisburg, Pa., after a long and painful illness, on June 27, 1892, in his 65th year.

He married, on April 18, 1853, Maria, second daughter of Lucius Storrs, of Buffalo, who survives him with two of their three sons,—the eldest having died about a year before his father.

DAVID BRIGHT GREEN, the third son of John and Catharine (Bright) Green, was born in Reading, Pa., December 22, 1831, and entered College in May, 1849.

Returning to his home he read law in the office of John S. Richards, Esq., a noted practitioner, and was admitted to the Berks County Bar in January, 1855. In April, 1856, he removed to the adjoining county of Schuylkill, and at Pottsville, the county seat, began the practice of the law with marked success.

In 1862 he enlisted in the War of the Rebellion and was appointed Adjutant of the 12th Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers. After serving nine months, during which he took part in the battles of 2d Bull's Run, Antietam, Fredericksburg, and Chancellorsville, the regiment was mustered out of service.

In the early summer of 1863 the rebel army under General Lee invaded Pennsylvania. To assist the regular forces to defend the State, Governor Curtin called for troops for the emergency. In response to the call Mr. Green again volunteered, and was elected Lieut.-Colonel of the 27th Regiment. The emergency ended with the victory at Gettysburg, after a service of three months. Upon his return from the army he resumed the law and soon commanded a large and paying practice.

After the close of the war an oath-bound band of assassins, known as "the Mollie McGuires," terrorized the coal-mining regions of Central Pennsylvania. In their secret councils prominent citizens who had incurred the hostility of the order were marked for destruction, and numbers were waylaid and shot. To put an end to this condition of affairs the Legislature of the State at its session in 1867 established a special court of criminal jurisdiction for Schuylkill County, the central field of operations of the outlaws. For the President judge of this new court Mr. Green was selected by Governor Geary, upon the recommendations of the members of the Schuylkill bar, as well fitted for the position and of sufficient nerve to deal with the lawless element. Being nominated by the Republican party in the same year he was elected to the same position for a period of ten years. So effectively was this court conducted that with the assistance of the detective machinery organized by Mr. Frank B. Gowan, the

assassins were tracked to their dens, arrested, tried, and convicted. With the execution of the leaders and the imprisonment of their guilty followers, the Mollie organization was in the course of a few years exterminated and law and order completely restored.

By the new constitution of 1874 the special court, having answered the purpose of its creation, was abolished, but by a provision of that instrument Mr. Green was continued as a judge of the Common Pleas Court until the expiration of his term of office. He then resumed his professional business.

The term of one of the judges of the court being about to expire, in the summer of 1881 Mr. Green was pressed to consent to be a candidate for the place. His largely increased practice induced him at first to decline, but being repeatedly urged he was nominated without any personal effort by the Republican convention and triumphantly elected in a district largely Democratic, for a term of ten years. In 1891, when his term as judge was about to expire, so faithfully and satisfactorily had he conducted himself in his office that he was for the third time nominated and was again elected by an increased majority. He had served little more than a year of this term when on the 6th of February, 1893, he received an apoplectic stroke—believed to have been caused by overwork—and died the same day, in his 62d year, sincerely mourned by all.

Mr. Green was married to Catharine, daughter of Lewis P. Brooke, at Lynchburg, Va., on December 8, 1870, and left to survive him his widow, two daughters, and one son.

OLIVER NICHOLS PAYNE, son of Thomas Payne, was born in Southold, L. I., N. Y., on April 13, 1828.

From October, 1852, to March, 1854, he was principal of the Brainard Academy, in Haddam, Conn. He then taught for briefer periods in Ellington, N. Y., and Warren, Pa., and having already begun the study of law, continued it in Warren, and began practice in 1856 in Corning, N. Y. In 1861 he removed to New York City, where he continued in business until his death, at his house in Brooklyn, N. Y., on March 17, 1893, in his 65th year.

He married on August 13, 1852, Ellen M. Bolles, of Clinton, Conn., who died on September 18, 1876. He next married, on April 12, 1877, Leonora A. Shepherd, of Charleston, S. C. His children by his first marriage were three sons and two daughters, of whom one son and one daughter died in infancy.

1853

RANDALL LEE GIBSON, son of Tobias and Louisiana B. (Hart) Gibson, was born at Spring Hill, near Versailles, Woodford County, Ky., on September 10, 1832. This was the homestead of his mother's family, his father's chief residence being in Lexington, Ky., though he also occupied a large sugar-plantation in Terrebonne Parish, La.

After graduation he studied law for two years in the Law Department of the University of Louisiana, at New Orleans, and then went abroad, remaining about three years, during which time he traveled widely, studied in Berlin, and was for a few months an attaché of the U. S. legation at Madrid. He then settled on his father's plantation in Louisiana, and on the opening of the Southern rebellion entered the Confederate service. He was for a few months captain in the 1st Regiment of Louisiana Artillery, and was then elected Colonel of the 13th Louisiana Infantry. He was promoted to be a Brigadier-General in 1863, and to be Major-General in 1864, commanding a division in the last campaign of the war.

In 1865 he began the practice of law in New Orleans, and soon gained an assured position at the bar. In 1872 he was elected to the United States Congress as a democrat but was denied his seat. He was again elected in 1874, and continued in office from 1875 until his elevation to the Senate of the United States on March 4, 1883. At the time of his death he was serving his second term as Senator. His personal accomplishments gave him great opportunities in this position, and he used them with conspicuous success. He was also prominent in all public matters in Louisiana, and especially so as the adviser of Mr. Paul Tulane in the establishment of Tulane University, of the Board of Administrators of which he was the president until his death.

He died at Hot Springs, Ark., after a painful illness, on December 15, 1892, in his 61st year.

Senator Gibson married, on January 25, 1868, Mary, daughter of R. W. Montgomery, of New Orleans, who died in May, 1887. Of their five children two died in infancy and three sons are still living.

JAMES METCALF GILLESPIE, son of John F. and Susan (Smith) Gillespie, was born on March 6, 1832, near Natchez, Adams County, Mississippi. He entered College near the end of Freshman year.

After graduation he studied law in Harvard University for one year. He then returned home, and on his father's death in 1855 began cotton-planting on a large plantation which he inherited in Tensas Parish, Louisiana. He continued a resident of that Parish through his life, and during all those years was one of its most valued and public-spirited citizens and benefactors. His abilities and force of character ensured him success in his large business interests, while his kindness and charity won the admiration and esteem of his associates and dependents. He repeatedly declined nomination to political office, accepting only such public trusts as would enable him to promote the direct welfare of the community in which he lived.

During the summer of 1892 he made a tour through the West, and while on a visit in Rochester, N. Y., on his return, was seized with a slight attack of pleurisy, followed by pneumonia. He died there very suddenly and unexpectedly on October 17, in his 61st year.

He married on April 22, 1856, Miss Frances L., daughter of Dr. James Denny, of Adams County, Mississippi, who survives him with one of their four children, a son who was graduated at Yale College in 1887.

AUGUSTINE HART, elder son of John and Millicent (Hart) Hart, was born in Burlington, Conn., on December 16, 1829.

After brief engagements in teaching in Westbrook, Conn., West Bloomfield, N. J., Yonkers, N. Y., and Havre de Grace, Md., he returned in 1859 to Connecticut, as principal of the Guilford Academy. He had married on October 26, 1854, Martha C., daughter of Deacon Joshua Bird, of Bethlehem, Conn. In the spring of 1860 he removed to New Haven and was for over three years connected with General Russell in his Collegiate and Commercial Institute. For a year longer he continued in New Haven, receiving a few boys into his family for education. He then took charge of the Caldwell Institute, a boarding-school for young ladies in Danville, Ky., where his wife died on December 8, 1865. At the close of the school year he then returned temporarily to Connecticut, and in the fall of 1868 settled in Council Bluffs, Iowa. He was admitted to the bar in 1868, but never practiced. For the first three years of his residence in Council Bluffs he was principal of one of the city schools, but for several years later he was engaged in traveling for the Appletons

and other publishing houses. In 1884 he resumed teaching and was for a few years principal of the City High School. For two years before his death he was in poor health, from albuminaria, and for the last year he was unable to attend to business. He died at his home in Council Bluffs, suddenly, on April 25, 1892, in his 63d year.

He married for the second time, on May 14, 1868, Mary F. Holland, of Chicago, who survives him with a daughter and a son, one daughter having died in infancy. The only child of his first marriage, a daughter, is also living.

EDWARD WOODRUFF SEYMOUR, the eldest child of the Hon. Origen S. Seymour (Yale Coll. 1824), Chief Justice of the State of Connecticut, and Lucy M. (Woodruff) Seymour, was born on August 30, 1832, in Litchfield, Conn., his home through life.

After graduation he studied law with his father, who was then a member of Congress, and meantime acted as his private secretary in Washington. In 1856 he was admitted to the bar in his native town, where he was engaged in practice with success until January, 1875, when he removed his office to Bridgeport and entered into partnership with his youngest brother (Yale Coll. 1866). In 1859, 1860, 1870, and 1871 he was a Representative in the General Assembly of the State; and in 1876 he was a member of the State Senate. In the fall of 1882 he was elected to Congress as a Democrat, and was reëlected in 1884. He was again nominated in 1888, but was defeated at the polls. In November, 1889, he was appointed a judge of the Supreme Court of the State for the full term of eight years, and he fulfilled the duties of that position conscientiously and ably until his decease. He died at his home in Litchfield, from acute meningitis, after two days' illness, on October 16, 1892, in his 61st year.

Judge Seymour married on May 12, 1864, Mary F., daughter of Frederick A. Tallmadge, of New York City, who survives him without children.

1854

JAMES WILLIAM HUSTED, son of John W. and Caroline (Raymond) Husted, was born in Bedford, Westchester County, N. Y., on October 31, 1833.

After graduating he taught for two years in Bedford, then studied law and taught in Peekskill, and was admitted to the bar

and settled as a lawyer in his native county in July, 1857. From the first he devoted himself enthusiastically to political life. After filling numerous local offices he was elected to the State Assembly in 1868, and continued a member of that body for twenty-two years, during which time he was six times (beginning in 1874) elected speaker,—more often than any other person in the history of the State. He was also Harbor Master of the Port of New York, and in 1870 was appointed one of the Commissioners of Emigration. In 1873 he attained the rank of Major-General of the Fifth Division of the N. Y. National Guard. He was prominent in the counsels of the Republican party, and while on his way to the meeting of the National Republican Convention in June, 1892, he was attacked by illness, which caused his death at his home in Peekskill, N. Y., on September 25, at the age of 59.

He married, on December 21, 1859, Helen M., daughter of Thomas D. Southard, of Peekskill, who survives him with their children, two sons and two daughters. The sons are graduates of Yale College, in 1883 and 1892, respectively.

1856

WILLIAM HARVEY WILLSON CAMPBELL, who was born in Boston, Mass., on October 23, 1833, was the son of Harvey Willson, of Boston, who emigrated in 1837 with a New-England colony to Rockwell, Illinois, and succumbed with his wife to an epidemic there in 1838. Their child was then adopted and educated by one of his father's friends, Mr. Campbell, of Boston, whose surname he added thereafter to his own. He entered College from Chelsea, Mass.

After brief occupation in editing, teaching, and studying, he accompanied as meteorologist in 1857 the party sent out by the U. S. government for a survey for an interoceanic ship-canal near the Isthmus of Darien *via* the river Atrato, and was afterwards engaged in working up the results of the survey in Washington until April, 1859. In August, 1860, he settled in Norwich, Conn., as an editor of the *Bulletin*, and was thus occupied until his resignation on account of ill-health in March, 1864. He then went to Washington as secretary to the Senate committee on Pensions (of which Senator Foster was chairman), but after a few months was recalled to Norwich, and until a change of proprietorship in the *Bulletin* (in March, 1873) he was one of its editors,

and from July, 1869, one of the owners. Failing health then obliged him, after an industrious and highly honorable editorial career, to retire definitely from the responsibilities of daily newspaper work.

In the later years of his life he traveled extensively, visiting Europe eight times, partly in pursuit of health, and partly for the introduction of various inventions in which he had an interest. He was also engaged, when health permitted, to a considerable extent in literary work, for various periodicals. He made his home for some time, from 1886, at Redlands, in Southern California, and thence undertook a tour around the world in 1887. After the fall of 1888 he was a sufferer from progressive locomotor ataxia, and in May, 1889, he was brought to the East for treatment. In 1891 he was taken to the Invalids' Home, Fair Haven Heights, New Haven, Conn., where he died on December 9, 1892, in his 60th year.

He was married, on November 28, 1861, to Elizabeth W., daughter of Dr. Alexis Painter (Y. C. 1815), of West Haven, Conn., who survives him without children.

JOHN HUNTER WORRALL, son of Frederick and Sarah Worrall, was born in Delaware County, Pa., on February 18, 1827, and entered College from Montgomery County.

From graduation until May, 1859, he taught mathematics in the Academy in Westchester, Pa. He then spent three years in graduate study at New Haven, receiving the degree of Ph.D. in 1862. After a few months' interval (spent in teaching in Newark, Del.) he returned to Westchester, where he taught with distinguished success until the failure of his health from heart-disease in 1890. He died of pneumonia at the home of a niece in East Bradford, Pa., on October 26, 1892, in his 66th year.

1858

ORLANDO BROWN, son of Orlando and Mary (Watts) Brown, was born in Frankfort, Ky., on January 30, 1839, and entered the Class at the beginning of the Junior year.

After graduation he studied law at home with the Hon. James Harlan, Attorney-General of the State. In October, 1861, he enlisted in the 22d Kentucky Regiment. In April, 1862, he was promoted to be Major, and in January, 1863, Lieutenant-Colonel

of the 14th Kentucky. After an active and honorable career he resigned in August, 1864, on account of physical disability.

He had already been employed in the office of the State Auditor of Kentucky, and now resumed this service. In 1865-6 he was a clerk of one of the committees of the U. S. Senate. He then engaged in farming in his native county, and in 1869-70 held a position in the Internal Revenue service for Kentucky. His later years were spent partly in Frankfort, and partly on his farm near the city. He died in Frankfort on July 17, 1891, in his 53d year.

He married in Frankfort, on January 4, 1867, Bettie, daughter of Judge Lysander Hord, and had two daughters and three sons.

HENRY HOLMES TURNER, son of the Rev. Asa Turner (Y. C. 1827) and Martha (Bull) Turner, was born in Quincy, Ill., on October 31, 1831; when he was seven years old, his father removed to Denmark, Iowa. He entered Yale as a Sophomore in September, 1854, but four months later joined the next class.

For four years after graduation he taught in Iowa and Illinois, and then crossed the plains to the Pacific coast. For two years he remained in Nevada, engaged partly in mining and partly in newspaper work. He then went to California, where the rest of his life was spent. He died in California in February, 1893, in his 62d year.

1859

ZIBA NICHOLS BRADBURY was born on March 24, 1830, in Sparta, N. J.

He spent the three years after graduation in the Union Theological Seminary, New York City, and in May, 1862, entered on his first pastorate with the Presbyterian Church in Howard, Steuben County, N. Y., where he was ordained on January 13, 1863. In 1866 he was called to the Presbyterian Church in Pulteney, in the same county, where he ministered until 1872, when he returned to the church in Howard for a second pastorate of four years. In September, 1876, he was recalled to Pulteney, where he labored faithfully until 1889, when he went to Almond, just across the line in the adjoining (Allegany) county. Two years later he was called for the third time to Howard, and thus finished his labors where they were begun. This unusual experience showed how strong were the ties between a faithful pastor

and an attached people. After a short period of feebleness, he died in Howard on April 7, 1893, in his 64th year.

He married on June 29, 1861, Miss B. H. McDonald, of New York City, who survives him with three sons and two daughters.

1862

HARRISON MALTZBERGER was born in Reading, Pa., on April 4, 1842.

In 1862 he served in the Pennsylvania militia, as 1st Lieutenant in the 11th Regiment, and in 1863 as 1st Lieutenant in the 42d Regiment. Meantime he was studying law in the Harvard Law School, where he was graduated in July, 1864; and after that he raised a company in Reading, and was commissioned as Captain in the 195th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers. On the expiration of his term of service he returned to Reading, where he was admitted to the bar in August, 1865, and practiced with success until his last illness. He was a member of the Common Council of the city for seven consecutive years, and for sixteen years a member of the School Board. He also held the office of Register in Bankruptcy from May, 1867, until the repeal of the bankruptcy law. He took a deep interest in politics, and was a Republican candidate for Congress in 1878, in a County which was overwhelmingly Democratic. He was also, three or four years before his death, the Independent Republican nominee for a judgeship of the Common Pleas. His career was conspicuous in the community, in which he was very widely beloved, for integrity and fidelity.

During the last six years of his life his health failed gradually. Early in December, 1892, disease attacked his lungs, and after a hard struggle, met with patience and hopefulness, he died at his home on January 28, 1893, in his 51st year.

He married, on July 3, 1877, Annie L. Trexler, of Berks County, Pa., who survives him with one son and one daughter; a younger son having died in infancy.

ISRAEL MINOR, Jr., was born in New York City on November 11, 1840.

He studied law in Columbia College Law School, graduating in 1864, and in 1865 he established himself in his profession in New York City. His practice was extensive and lucrative, chiefly in the Surrogate's Court, and he was highly esteemed

both as a lawyer and as a citizen. His residence was in Stamford, Conn., until 1871, then in New York City, and after 1876 in Brooklyn, N. Y.

About three years since he met with a severe accident while sailing, and after that his health gradually failed, to which result the severe mental strain consequent on the death of his only son contributed seriously. Early in June, 1893, he went to the residence of his brother, Dr. J. C. Minor, in Saratoga Springs, N. Y., where he died on the 13th instant, in his 53d year. He married on June 16, 1870, Sophie A., daughter of James Willcox, of Stamford, Conn., who survives him with their two daughters.

1863

WILLIAM HALLIDAY WHITIN, son of Charles P. and Sarah J. (Halliday) Whitin, was born in the village of Whitinsville, in the township of Northbridge, Worcester County, Mass., on September 5, 1841.

For a year after graduation he was occupied in travel and in general reading at home. He then became a member of his father's firm in the business of manufacturing cotton goods in Whitinsville, and was engaged in the same business and in allied interests until his death, which occurred in that village from Bright's disease, after an illness of three months, on June 4, 1893, in his 52d year. He was unmarried. He had been a prominent force for good in his native place, where he had been for over twenty years a deacon in the Congregational Church and the superintendent of the Sunday School.

1864

GEORGE WHITEFIELD BENJAMIN, son of Deacon Everard and Esther B. Benjamin, was born in New Haven, Conn., on February 18, 1843.

He spent a few months after graduation in teaching in Bennington, Vt., and was then at home for two years without fixed employment. In February, 1867, he entered the Yale Medical School where he was graduated two years later. He then went to New York City, and becoming interested in city-mission work returned to New Haven in 1871 and spent three years in the Yale Divinity School. He then went abroad and during two summers supplied an American chapel in Lucerne, Switzerland. He received deacon's orders in the Episcopal Church from

Bishop Littlejohn in Rome in April, 1876, but soon after, symptoms of insanity manifested themselves. He returned to America in June, 1877, and undertook clerical work again, but soon wandered back to Europe and was for a time in an asylum in Paris. He was finally taken to the State Hospital in Middletown, Conn., where he died of apoplexy, after thirteen years' residence, on June 5, 1893, in his 51st year. He was never married.

1866

WILLIAM SATTERLEE PACKER was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., November 19, 1845, and died of Bright's disease at his home in that city on April 23, 1893, in his 48th year.

He was the only son of William S. and Harriet L. Packer. His father, who was an influential citizen of Brooklyn, died in 1850, and his mother, well known as the Founder of the Packer Collegiate Institute, died in January, 1892.

After graduation he spent about three years in Europe for study and travel. On his return he entered the Columbia Law School and on taking his degree was admitted to the New York Bar in 1871. He retired from the active practice of his profession a few years later, in order to attend to important financial affairs. He was largely interested and influential as a director in the Putnam Nail Company at Neponset, Mass. For the last fifteen years he was a trustee of the Packer Collegiate Institute.

His love of nature led him to pass his summers on his farm near Stamford, Conn., devoting much time to agricultural pursuits. An Independent in politics, he was deeply interested in national and municipal reform. He was a man of fine culture and literary taste and an earnest student of modern history. Though quiet and unostentatious in his life, his character exerted a wide influence because of his high principle, his courtesy to all, and his sympathetic love for his friends.

On June 17, 1875, he married Miss Mary K. Jones, of Baltimore, Md. His wife and their three children, two sons and a daughter, survive him.

1869

SYLVESTER FORISTALL BUCKLIN, the only son of Sylvester F. Bucklin, was born in Marlboro, Mass., on March 29, 1847.

For a short time after graduation he was employed in the wholesale department of A. T. Stewart & Co., in New York

City, and then spent three years (to March, 1874), in farming in Laclede, Mo. He then settled on a farm in Norfolk, near Rockville, Mass., and on September 30, 1874, he married, in Andover, Mass., Sarah J., eldest daughter of the Rev. Dr. Luther Sheldon (Middlebury Coll. 1808). On this farm he spent the rest of his life, esteemed by the neighboring community for his upright example and public spirit. He died there on March 11, 1893, at the age of 46. His wife survives him without children.

GEORGE TORRENCE HARRISON, the only son of William and Mary (Torrence) Harrison, was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, on October 22, 1847.

After graduation he spent sixteen months in Europe for travel and the study of languages. He then studied law at home in the office of the late Justice Matthews and in the Cincinnati Law School, and was engaged in practice with success until his death. He was from 1879 until about 1890 in partnership with the Hon. Bellamy Storer. Besides his professional business he was much entrusted with the care of large estates, and won in all these relations the highest esteem of the community. He died in Cincinnati, after about four weeks' illness, from malarial fever which finally attacked the brain, on August 14, 1892, in his 45th year.

He married on June 6, 1876, Miss Sallie E. Perin, of Cincinnati, who survives him with their children, a daughter and a son.

1876

CHARLES DEFOREST HAWLEY, elder son of Frederick S. and Elizabeth (DeForest) Hawley, was born in San Francisco, Cal., on August 7, 1855.

After graduation he studied at the School of Mines in Freiberg, Germany, for three years, and afterwards devoted himself to his profession as a mining engineer and assayer. He was thus employed in Colorado, and in China, and elsewhere, and died in San Luis Potosi, Mexico, on January 22, 1893, in his 38th year.

1879

OTIS CLAY HADLEY, son of Nicholas T. and Mary J. Hadley, was born in Danville, Ind., on October 25, 1856. He entered Yale at the end of the Freshman year from Wabash College, Indiana.

After graduation he studied law in Indianapolis, but never followed the profession. In June, 1880, while temporarily employed in the banking-house of which his father was the head, he became so much interested in the business that he accepted an offer to remain there, and continued as cashier of the bank until 1885. In 1886 he settled in Kansas City, Mo., where he was connected with various transfer companies until his death. He was at the time of his death vice-president and treasurer of the Kansas City Omnibus and Carriage Company, president of the Atlas Carriage Works, and vice-president of the Springfield, Yellville and White River Railroad, in Northern Arkansas. He was very highly esteemed in all his business and social relations.

He died at his home in Kansas City on November 16, 1892, after six days' illness from typhoid fever, in his 37th year.

He married, on September 29, 1886, Mary T. Harvey, of Danville, who survives him. He left no children.

1882

JOSEPH ERNEST WHITNEY, son of Joseph L. Whitney, was born in Cornwall, Conn., on the 27th of February, 1858.

After graduation he had charge of a small private school for boys in Elmira, N. Y., until January, 1884, when he went to the Albany Academy as instructor in English and Rhetoric. He was called thence in the summer of 1884 to Yale College as Instructor in English, and remained here until December, 1888, when he went to Colorado on account of his health, which had begun to fail the previous year. He lived in Colorado Springs in increasing feebleness for over four years, and died there from hemorrhage of the lungs, on February 25, 1893, at the age of 35. His literary tastes were prominent in undergraduate days, and in spite of years of weakness he was able to do much work of a high order in poetry and criticism; while by his courage and sweetness of spirit he won the deepest regard.

He married, November 15, 1883, Miss Sadie P. Turner, of New Haven, who survives him with their only child, a daughter.

1886

FRANK GEORGE PETERS, son of Nicholas Peters, was born in Syracuse, N. Y., on August 18, 1863.

After graduation he spent one year in the Yale Law School. Later he went to St. Paul, Minn., where he was for a short time a student in the office of Lusk & Bunn, which he left in Decem-

ber, 1888, to form a law-partnership with Wilbur F. Booth (Yale Coll. 1884) in the same city. About two years later he removed to West Superior, Wisconsin, where he had a promising future open before him, at the time of his death, from typhoid fever, on May 13, 1893, in his 30th year. He was unmarried.

1887

JOHN BENNETTO, son of John and Elizabeth A. Bennetto, was born in Pool, Cornwall, England, on January 22, 1862. After their removal to this country the family settled in Bridgeport, Conn., where the father died in the early childhood of this son, who subsequently learned the printer's trade. By unusual effort, while pursuing his daily labor, he prepared himself for College, and through his College course, although obliged to earn his way, he attained high honors in scholarship and literature, and held the warmest regard and esteem of the whole class.

He spent the year 1887-8 in graduate study in New Haven (on a fellowship), and then entered the Law School, where he was graduated with distinction in 1890. He then went to New York City, to accept a position in the law-office of Simpson, Thacher & Barnum. In the summer of 1891 he was promoted to be their managing clerk, and in November he was admitted to the bar. His promising career was interrupted by an attack of appendicitis, which caused his death, in New York City, on October 10, 1892, in his 31st year, after an illness of two days. He was unmarried.

ELMER FOX BERKELE, only surviving son of Louis H. and Julia A. Berkele, was born in New Haven, Conn., Febr. 26, 1866.

In the fall of 1887 he entered the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York City, where he was graduated with the degree of M.D. in June, 1890. He then received in a competitive examination an appointment on the medical staff of Bellevue Hospital, extending from the fall of 1890 to April, 1892. By his devotion to his work there he was deservedly promoted to the head of the staff. In the winter of 1891-2 his health broke down from consumption, and although after a long and serious illness he recovered sufficiently to finish his term at the Hospital, he was then ordered by his physicians to Colorado. He never regained his strength, and after a serious illness of only three days died at Cañon City, Colorado, on August 20, 1892, in his 27th year. He was unmarried.

1891

JOHN JOUGHIN COX was born in Bedford, N. Y., on September 28, 1869, and died in Cambridge, Mass., on December 17, 1892, in his 24th year. He was prepared for College at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass., and entered with a brilliant reputation for classical scholarship which he sustained while here.

After graduation he entered the Law School of Harvard University, and was in the second year of his course there when an attack of spinal meningitis caused his death, after only four days' illness.

LOUIS CAZENOVE DUPONT, son of Irene duPont, one of the well-known firm of powder-manufacturers of Wilmington, Delaware, was born in that city on January 27, 1868. His father died before he entered College, which was in September, 1885. He remained with the Class of 1889 until the middle of Sophomore year, and was also for a time in the Class of 1890.

His death occurred in Wilmington, on December 2, 1892, in his 25th year.

1892

BENJAMIN LEWIS CROSBY, Jr., son of David J. Crosby, was born in Halcott Centre, Greene County, N. Y., on March 22, 1868.

In the fall after graduation he entered a law-office in New York City, but in October was induced to go to Annapolis as coach for the football team of the Naval Academy. While there he contracted a severe cold, and after his return to New York and resumption of work, in which was now included attendance at the New York Law School, he succumbed to an attack of typhoid fever. He was taken to St. Luke's Hospital, where he died after about ten days' illness of great suffering, on December 29, 1892, in his 25th year.

DANIEL LORD, 3d, only son of Daniel Lord, Jr. (Columbia College 1866), and Silvie (Bolton) Lord, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., on March 7, 1871.

On leaving college he began the study of law in the New York Law School, in connection with work in the office of his father's firm (Lord, Day & Lord), in New York City. On June 15, 1893, he left home with his family for a visit to Chicago, and he died there on Tuesday morning, June 20, from the effects of injuries received by falling from a fourth-story window during the preceding night, while (as is supposed) he was walking in his sleep.

HARLAN HENRY TAINTOR, the only child of Judge Henry E. Taintor (Y. C. 1865) and Jennie G. (Bennett) Taintor, was born in Hartford, Conn., on September 19, 1870, and was prepared for College at the Hartford Public High School.

On graduation he began the study of law in his father's office, but was attacked with pneumonia and died at his home in Hartford after a short illness on April 17, 1893, in his 23d year.

YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL.

1826

WILLIAM WOODRUFF, the third and youngest son of Dr. Gideon Woodruff (Y. C. 1785) and Sarah (Heaton) Woodruff, was born in New Haven, Conn., on July 17, 1804. His parents soon returned to Plymouth, Conn., where they had previously resided.

After graduation he began his professional life in Waterbury, Conn., but soon removed, in response to urgent invitation, to Plymouth Hollow, now Thomaston, Conn., where for many years he controlled a large practice. In 1838 he married Martha, eldest daughter of Seth Thomas, the noted manufacturer from whom Thomaston received its name. About 1870 he relinquished his practice for the most part, and for some years devoted himself to the attempt to restore by travel the health of an invalid daughter. He died at his home in Thomaston, of old age, on June 10, 1893, in his 89th year. Of his four children only one son survives him.

Dr. Woodruff, besides being an able physician, was a gentleman of remarkably dignified and courteous bearing, and of decidedly scholarly tastes in other than professional lines. He had been since August, 1890, the oldest living graduate of the Medical School.

1831

GEORGE CHANDLER, the eighth child of Major John Wilkes and Mary (Stedman) Chandler, was born in Pomfret, Conn., on April 28, 1806. His father died in his infancy, and he had already taught school before entering the Freshman Class of Brown University in the spring of 1826. At the end of his Sophomore year, in consequence of the disturbed state of that

institution he offered himself for admission to Union College, where he was graduated in 1829. He then read for his profession with his brother-in-law, Dr. Hiram Holt, in Pomfret, and attended one course of lectures in Boston before coming to New Haven.

In November, 1831, he opened an office in Worcester, Mass. From March, 1833, to May, 1842, he served as Assistant Physician in the State Lunatic Hospital in Worcester, and then spent over three years in charge of the Asylum for the Insane in Concord, N. H. In July, 1846, he succeeded Dr. S. B. Woodward as Superintendent of the Worcester Hospital, and his administration of ten years was marked by great success. In July, 1856, he retired from active service, making Worcester his home for the rest of his life. In 1859 he was a member of the State House of Representatives, and in 1862 an alderman of the city. He printed in 1872 an extensive Genealogy of the Chandler Family, and after the entire edition (excepting about forty copies) had been destroyed by fire, he went on with unwearied patience to prepare another edition, which appeared in 1883 (pp. viii, 1315).

Dr. Chandler died in Worcester, of diseases incident to old age, on May 17, 1893, in his 88th year.

He married, on May 4, 1842, in Salem, Mass., Josephine, daughter of Joseph W. Rose, who died on May 4, 1866. He next married, on April 8, 1874, Mary E., daughter of Stephen Douglas, of Greenwich, Mass., and widow of Charles A. Wheeler, of Worcester. She survives him, with two daughters by his first marriage.

1833

JOHN HOLMES SIMMONS, son of Alva and Tryphena (Burnham) Simmons, was born in Ashford, Windham County, Conn., on November 21, 1811.

On graduation he settled at Pomfret Factory, now Putnam, in his native county, but after a year he returned to Ashford, where he had a large practice for the rest of his life. He also took an active interest in public affairs. He was for two years postmaster, and he represented the town in the Legislature in 1855. In 1861 and 1864 he was a member of the State Senate, and in the latter year he was an *ex-officio* Fellow of the Corporation of Yale College.

He died in Ashford, from an attack of the prevailing influenza, on November 12, 1891, at the age of 80.

He married, on May 23, 1839, Mary Smart, of Salem, N. J., who died on February 27, 1876 ; of their four children three sons, all of whom served in the late war, are still living. Dr. Simmons next married, on November 19, 1877, Mrs. Emeline E. Moulton, who survives him.

1839

WILLIAM WICKHAM WELCH, son of Benjamin Welch, M.D. (honorary Y. C. 1838), and Elizabeth (Loveland) Welch, was born in Norfolk, Conn., on December 10, 1818, and died of apoplexy in the same house in which he was born on July 30, 1892, in his 74th year. Four other sons of the same family were also physicians of distinction.

His father began the practice of medicine in the same town before 1790, and this son continued there (except when interrupted by his public duties) with the ever-increasing confidence and esteem of the community until his death.

In 1848, 1850, and 1881 he was a representative of the town in the State Legislature, and in 1851 and 1852 he was a member of the State Senate. He was also a Representative in the 34th U. S. Congress (1855-57).

He married in 1845 Miss Emeline Collin, of Hillsdale, N. Y., by whom he had one son (Y. C. 1870), already distinguished in his father's profession, and one daughter, who also survives him. His wife died in 1850, and he next married in 1869 Miss Emily Sedgwick, daughter of Benjamin Sedgwick, of Cornwall, Conn., who is still living.

1842

WILLIAM MARK CURTIS died in Burlington, Vt., on December 3, 1890, aged 73 years and three months. He was a native of Newtown, Conn.

He did not long follow the profession of medicine, preferring the practice of dentistry, which he began in Bridgeport, Conn., in 1847, and continued for 25 years. In 1880 he removed to Vergennes, Vt., where he resided for eight years, much esteemed for his upright character, and whence he went to Burlington in 1888.

He was in feeble health for several years before his death. His wife survives him. He had no children.

1843

LINUS PIERPONT BROCKETT was born in Canton, Conn., on October 16, 1820, the son of the Rev. Pierpont Brockett, a Baptist minister. He was a member of Brown University in the class of 1841, but left in Sophomore year on account of delicate health. He studied medicine in Washington, D. C., and in the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York, as well as here. His residence at the time of graduation was in Lyme, Conn.

He soon abandoned the practice of his profession, and from 1847 to 1857 he was engaged in the publishing business in Hartford, Conn. In 1857 he received the honorary degree of Master of Arts from Amherst College. His later life was spent in Brooklyn, N. Y., and was filled with literary work. During these years he published some fifty volumes, on a wide range of subjects. He died in Brooklyn, on January 13, 1893, in his 73d year.

1854

HENRY PIERPONT, son of James Morris and Sila (Harrison) Pierpont, was born in Morris, then a part of Litchfield, Conn., on April 30, 1831. He was a lineal descendant in the fifth generation from the Rev. James Pierpont, pastor of the First Church of New Haven and a principal founder of Yale College; the Rev. John Pierpont (Y. C. 1804) was his uncle.

He began the practice of his profession in Naugatuck, Conn., but was interrupted by the failure of his health in 1858. Subsequently he went to Europe, and on his return in 1862 he settled in New Haven, where he had a large practice and was greatly respected. In the summer of 1892 he continued at his post while far from well, until finally obliged to give up, early in August. He died, at his cottage at Savin Rock (in the township of Orange), on August 26, in his 62d year.

He married, in 1871, Helen V., youngest daughter of Wyllys Warner (Y. C. 1826), the former Treasurer and Secretary of Yale College. She survives him with their children, two daughters and one son.

JOSEPH HENRY WAKEMAN, the only son of Silas Wakeman, was born in Greenfield, Conn., November 4th, 1829.

In 1851 he began studying medicine with his uncle, Dr. Nathan W. Wheeler, of Patterson, Putnam County, N. Y., and the fol-

lowing year entered the Yale Medical School. After practicing medicine in Patterson and Brewsters, N. Y., for four years, he went to Redding, Conn., where he remained until the time of his death, his practice being very large, extending over most of the adjoining towns. He died early in January, 1892, from apoplexy, which had first disabled him in 1886. A large number of friends mourn the loss of a faithful physician, a true friend, and a help and adviser in times of sickness and trouble.

He married, on May 31, 1864, Harriet W. Collins, of Redding, who survives him, with their two daughters, the elder being the wife of Dr. Ernest H. Smith, now practising in Redding; an only son died in infancy.

1857

JOHN WITTER, son of Asa Witter, M.D. (honorary Yale 1840), of East Woodstock, Conn., was born there on December 30, 1830. After finishing a common-school education he went on a voyage to China, and on his return read medicine with his father.

After his graduation he remained in New Haven for about two years, and in August, 1859, he settled in Brimfield, Mass., where he remained, much respected for his medical and surgical ability, until 1867, when he removed to Putnam, Conn., where he continued, with the high esteem of the profession and of his patients until his death, on May 19, 1891, in his 61st year.

He married in 1859 Miss Mary E., daughter of William Paine, of East Woodstock, Conn.

1858

TIMOTHY BEERS TOWNSEND, seventh son of William K. and Eliza A. (Mulford) Townsend, was born in New Haven on November 21, 1835.

After his graduation he went abroad and continued his medical studies in Dublin, Edinburgh, and Paris. He settled in his native city, and acquired a brilliant reputation as a surgeon; but he was obliged to relinquish his large practice about 1880 by the failure of his health. He spent much of the time in the later years of his life at the residence of his brothers in East Haven. In February, 1893, he went to New York City for treatment for Bright's disease, and died there, at the Buckingham Hotel, on the last day of March, in his 58th year. He was not married.

1861

GEORGE WHITEFIELD AVERY, son of David and Rebecca (Morgan) Avery, was born in Hampton, Conn., Sept. 27, 1836.

After graduation he served as house-physician in the New Haven Hospital, and at the outbreak of the war was appointed Assistant Surgeon of the 9th Conn. Volunteers, being at first ordered to the hospital at Ship Island, and then to New Orleans under General Butler, where he was in charge of the St. James Hospital and later of the Marine Hospital. From 1864 to 1866 he was Surgeon of the N. O. Volunteers, and after reconstruction was for a year sheriff of New Orleans. He remained there after the close of the war, and during the siege of cholera and of yellow fever was for weeks busy night and day. In November, 1871, he removed to Hartford, Conn., where he continued in medical practice until a few days before his death. He was physician at the American Asylum for the Deaf and Dumb and won the affection of the pupils in a marked degree. He was for several years a member of the Board of Pension Examiners.

He died suddenly on Feb. 23, 1893, in his 57th year, from a severe attack of pneumonia.

He had great physical strength, quick powers of observation, enthusiasm, fertility of resource, resolution and tenacity, and his warm sympathies endeared him to all who knew him well. Aside from his profession, his family, and his friends, his chief delight was in books. He read, in every spare moment, with eager interest. He lived much also in memories of the war. Each battle stood out clearly in his mind. He had a deeply religious nature, and God and the future life were familiar subjects of his thought.

He married on May 23, 1872, Lydia L., daughter of Rev. T. L. Shipman (Y. C. 1818), of Jewett City, Conn. He was again married on Sept. 10, 1884, to Elizabeth P., daughter of Rev. J. R. Keep (Y. C. 1834), of Hartford, Conn., who, with his four daughters (one by the first marriage) survives him.

1866

FRANCIS JAMES YOUNG was born in Cornwall, Conn., in February, 1843. He enlisted in the 2d Regiment Conn. Heavy Artillery in the summer of 1862, from Lakeville, in the township of Salisbury, Conn., and served through the war.

After his graduation he settled in Riverton, Conn., and in 1868 removed to Bridgeport, Conn., where he built up a large practice. He died very suddenly from organic heart disease, while attending a medical-society banquet in Danbury, on Jan. 5, 1893, aged about 50 years. At the time of his death he was President of the County Medical Association.

His widow, Mrs. Mary R. Young, is also a practicing physician, and his son is a student in the Yale Medical School.

1871

FREDERIC PORTER BLODGETT, son of A. Rollin and Laura (Chapin) Blodgett, was born in Broad Brook, East Windsor, Conn., Jan. 6th, 1847.

After graduation he began the practice of medicine in Ansonia, Conn., where, with the exception of two years, he continued in active practice up to the time of his death. He was very successful in his chosen work, and built up a large practice.

He was taken suddenly ill in New Haven, and died there, April 22, 1893, after an illness of three days, of Bright's disease.

In May, 1872, he was married to Martha J., daughter of Capt. O. A. Bill of New Haven, who survives him without children.

 YALE LAW SCHOOL.

1874

HUGH DAILEY, son of Michael Dailey, was born in New Haven on June 14, 1837. Soon after his father removed to a farm in Bethany, in the same county. In his teens he learned the trade of a carriage-body-maker in New Haven, and he was for most of the time in the carriage-making business in this city until 1864. He was similarly engaged in Boston and in Springfield, Mass., until 1868 or 9, when he obtained a position in the U. S. railway postal service.

A few months after his graduation he resigned his position in the postal service, and thenceforward devoted himself energetically to the practice of his profession in New Haven. He early became active and efficient in public affairs, and served for one or two years as councilman, and for six years as alderman. In 1883 he was appointed assistant city attorney, and four years later became city attorney, and so continued until his death. From

1885 to 1889 he was chairman of the Republican town committee, and he was prominent in the Republican councils of the State.

His death, in New Haven, on August 16, 1892, at the age of 55, was caused by lockjaw, resulting from the shock to the system produced by a fall from a hammock nine days before. He was never married. Since his death his sisters have presented his valuable law library to the Yale Law School.

1882

SHERMAN HARTWELL HUBBARD, the only son of Robert Hubbard, M.D. (Yale 1851), and Cornelia B. (Hartwell) Hubbard, died in Bridgeport, Conn., on December 9, 1892, aged 32 years.

He settled in Bridgeport, making a specialty of patent law, in which he became speedily recognized as an expert, and achieved remarkable success. From boyhood he was an ardent sportsman. At the end of November, 1892, he went to North Carolina on a hunting trip, and was there attacked, on Friday, December 2, with illness and immediately returned home, arriving on Monday. The disease proved to be pleuro-pneumonia, which ended his life on the following Friday.

He married in 1883 a daughter of Judge John T. Ludeling, of Louisiana, who survives him with one son.

1890

WILLIAM ANDREW ANDREW died at his home in Cheshire, Conn., from typhoid fever, on September 12, 1892, aged 25 years. He was then in successful practice in Waterbury, Conn.

 SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL.

1861

JOSHUA SANDS, eldest son of Rear-Admiral Joshua R. Sands, U. S. N., died in Los Angeles, Cal., where he had long resided, on Dec. 31, 1892, at the age of 50. He left a widow, but no children.

1873

MOSES BULKLEY, second son of Edwin and Helen Perry Bulkley, and a lineal descendant of the Rev. Peter Bulkeley who came from England in 1635, and settled in Concord, Mass., was born in Southport, Conn., in April, 1852.

On graduation he went to Turner's Falls, Mass., to learn the art of paper-making, and two years later he entered the firm of Bulkley, Dunton & Co., in New York City, which had been established many years before by his father, and had gained an enviable reputation as one of the most extensive and successful houses in the wholesale paper-trade. The business prospered under his management, and he was also a member of the Chamber of Commerce and a director in a large number of paper mills. He was a trustee of the Church of the Pilgrims in Brooklyn, where he resided, and a director of the National Bank in Southport, Conn., where he had his summer home. He was a man of retiring disposition, of sterling integrity, and of marked financial ability.

He died at his home in Brooklyn, on November 30, 1892, after an illness of three weeks from typhoid fever, in the 41st year of his age. He was never married.

WILLIAM JOSIAH PARKS, son of William M. Parks, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., on January 21, 1852, and died in New York City on January 26, 1892, at the age of 40.

On graduation he went abroad for European travel, and on his return settled in California, where he was engaged for several years in the development of a mine. A severe accident which he met with in going one night into the mine necessitated finally his return home for proper medical attention. On his recovery he became connected with his father in business as a broker in Wall street. In 1889 his father retired, and after that date Mr. Parks had no regular employment. He died of the grip, after a few days' illness. He was never married.

1877

EDWIN YOUNG, son of C. F. Young, was born in Honesdale, Pa., on January 25, 1856, and died in Albany, N. Y., on April 21, 1893, aged 37 years, from injuries received by being thrown from his horse two days before.

After graduation here he studied law at the Law School of Columbia College, in New York City. He received the degree of LL.B. in 1879, and then pursued additional studies in the University of Berlin. In 1881 he became the attorney of the Delaware & Hudson Canal Company, and continued to hold this position until his death. He was also at the time of his death

President of the Ulster & Delaware Railroad Company, and of the First National Bank of Rondout, N. Y.

He married a daughter of Joseph Cornell, of New York, who survives him with two children.

1879

EMERSON YOUNG FOOTE, son of Edward Y. Foote, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., on September 6, 1856. His family removed soon after to New Haven.

After graduation he took the regular course in the Yale Law School, receiving his degree and being admitted to the bar in 1881. In 1882 he removed to Augusta, Ga., where he lived for about two years. He then married Miss Marguerite Scott, of Brooklyn, N. Y., and in 1887 removed to Chicago, Ill., where he was engaged in real-estate business, until his very sudden death, from apoplexy, on June 24, 1892, in his 36th year. His wife and two children survive him.

1882

WILLIAM ANSON CHAMBERLIN died in New Haven, Conn., on April 15, 1893, aged 30 years. He was born in West Winsted, Conn., on November 13, 1862, and his widowed mother removed to New Haven when her son entered the Scientific School.

He was employed in New Haven after his graduation until his death,—at first in the Franklin stove store, and for the last two or three years of his life as book-keeper in B. Shoninger & Company's music store. He had been interested in politics, and in 1889 was a member of the Common Council of the city.

His mother died on Wednesday, April 12, 1893, after a brief illness, and he succumbed the same day to an attack of influenza; pneumonia developed rapidly, and he died on the following Saturday. He was not married.

1886

GEORGE POLLOK DEVEREUX TOWNSEND was born in Albany, N. Y., on September 25, 1864. He was the son of the Rev. John Townsend (Union Coll. 1852) and Georgina (Devereux) Townsend, and bore the names of his maternal grandfather, a graduate of Yale College in 1815. Before his admission to Yale his father had removed to Middletown, Conn.

He took the undergraduate course in Civil Engineering, and soon after graduation went to Colorado Springs, Colorado, to

pursue his profession. At first he was employed on the Colorado Midland Railway. Later he entered into partnership with the County and City Engineer, and in this connection he was engaged in adjusting boundary lines, as the land in that vicinity was opened up, in laying out territory for mining claims, and especially in providing for the introduction of water into the towns for domestic supplies or for irrigation. He was employed as consulting-engineer for determining the stability of the immense dam of the Denver Water Storage Company and its appurtenances. He compiled and drew a map of the boundary lines and topography of the county in which Colorado Springs is situated, which has become a record of official authority.

He was an enthusiastic alumnus, and delighted in efforts to maintain a feeling of loyalty to his Alma Mater, and to further her interests in his neighborhood. He served as a vestryman in the parish of the Episcopal Church in Colorado Springs.

After a short period of failing health he was induced by his physician to go for the sake of a change of climate to Fort Worth, Texas, where he died on March 21, 1893.

1887

ELMER ELLSWORTH BENNETT, son of John H. Bennett, was born in Moosup, in the township of Plainfield, Conn., on October 26, 1861, and died there in February, 1892, in his 31st year.

1890

GEORGE JARVIS SPENCER, son of Daniel C. and Emily (Stokes) Spencer, was born in New York City on May 2, 1866. His family removed subsequently to Saybrook, Conn.

After graduation he followed the profession of an electrical engineer for some months in Kearney and Omaha, Nebraska. He was attacked in the latter city with *la grippe* and rheumatism, and never recovered fully from the disease. In May, 1891, he returned to his home in Saybrook, and in 1892 entered the employ of the Yale & Towne Manufacturing Company, of Stamford, Conn. His last labor was in connection with the crane designed by that company for the Columbian Exhibition at Chicago; and after an illness of ten days, he died from pneumonia in Saybrook on November 10, 1892, in his 27th year.

SUMMARY

ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT.

(YALE COLLEGE)

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Date of Death
1820	Edward McCrady, 90	Charleston, S. C.	Nov. 16, '92
1822	Thomas E. Vermilye, 90	New York City	March 17, '93
1827	Maltby Gelston, 87	Ann Arbor, Mich.	Febr. 19, '93
1829	John B. Robertson, 83	New Haven, Conn.	July 14, '92
1829	Charles D. Robinson, 82	Blue Island, Ill.	May 23, '93
1829	Daniel Ullmann, 82	Nyack, N. Y.	Sept. 20, '92
1830	Enoch Mead, 83	Rockingham, Iowa	Dec. 6, '92
1831	William I. Kip, 81	San Francisco, Cal.	Apr. 7, '93
1831	Chester Newell, 89	Savannah, Ga.	June 24, '92
1831	William H. Stokes, 81	Baltimore, Md.	May 7, '93
1832	William W. Backus, 84	Guthrie, Oklahoma	Sept. 2, '91
1833	Charles S. Mills, 79	Richmond, Va.	Jan. 10, '92
1833	Leonidas Willson, 80	Clarksburg, Md.	Dec. 23, '92
1835	Daniel Butler, 84	Waverly, Mass.	Febr. 4, '93
1835	Oran R. Howard, 82	Bath, N. Y.	March 2, '93
1836	John W. Black, 76	Jobstown, N. J.	July 28, '92
1836	John C. Hurd, 75	Boston, Mass.	June 25, '92
1837	Aaron L. Chapin, 75	Beloit, Wisc.	July 22, '92
1837	George W. Cooke, 81	Waterbury, Conn.	Aug. 29, '92
1837	Alfred E. Ives, 82	Castine, Me.	Aug. 2, '92
1838	Charles F. McCauley, 76	Reading, Pa.	June 19, '92
1838	Israel P. Warren, 78	Portland, Me.	Oct. 9, '92
1839	Frederick T. Perkins, 81	Burlington, Vt.	May 2, '93
1840	John Devereux, 73	Raleigh, N. C.	Apr. 10, '93
1840	Henry M. Goodwin, 72	Williamstown, Mass.	March 3, '93
1842	Theodore P. Barber, 71	Cambridge, Md.	Jan. 1, '93
1842	Joseph V. Brown, 76	Conneaut, O.	Jan. 22, '93
1842	Joseph Chandler, 73	St. Paul, Minn.	July 27, '92
1842	Henry S. McCall, 74	Albany, N. Y.	March 19, '93
1842	Glen Wood, 74	Lake Forest, Ill.	Jan. 25, '93
1843	Hallam Eldridge, 71	Binghamton, N. Y.	Febr. 20, '93
1843	Charles Jones, 72	Wilton, Conn.	Sept. 2, '92
1843	Sanford B. Kellogg, 71	St. Louis, Mo.	Apr. 14, '93
1844	Henry W. Buel, 72	Litchfield, Conn.	Jan. 30, '93

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Date of Death
1844	Nathan C. Chapin, 69	Minneapolis, Minn.	Dec. 11, '92
1844	Charles Little, 74	Lincoln, Nebr.	Aug. 19, '92
1844	Joshua W. Waterman, 67	Detroit, Mich.	June 24, '92
1845	Henry Day, 72	New York City	Jan. 9, '93
1845	James J. Dean, 68	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Febr. 21, '93
1846	Elisha B. Shapleigh, 69	Philadelphia, Pa.	Dec. 10, '92
1846	John Spaulding, 75	Boston, Mass.	May 24, '93
1847	Frederick W. Cogswell, 69	Sandusky, O.	Jan. 4, '93
1848	Richard S. Mesick, 69	San Francisco, Cal.	May 26, '93
1848	Benjamin H. Rutledge, 64	Charleston, S. C.	April 30, '93
1849	Levi B. Bradley, 66	Middletown, Conn.	Sept. 5, '92
1849	Rufus A. Henson, 64	San Antonio, Tex.	August, '92
1851	Henry DeW. Beman, 61	Sparta, Ga.	July 17, '91
1852	Albert Bigelow, 64	Buffalo, N. Y.	June 27, '92
1852	David B. Green, 61	Pottsville, Pa.	Febr. 6, '93
1852	Oliver N. Payne, 65	Brooklyn, N. Y.	March 17, '93
1853	Randall L. Gibson, 60	Hot Springs, Ark.	Dec. 15, '92
1853	James M. Gillespie, 60	Rochester, N. Y.	Oct. 17, '92
1853	Augustine Hart, 62	Council Bluffs, Iowa	Apr. 25, '92
1853	Edward W. Seymour, 60	Litchfield, Conn.	Oct. 16, '92
1854	James W. Husted, 59	Peekskill, N. Y.	Sept. 25, '92
1856	William H. W. Campbell, 59	New Haven, Conn.	Dec. 9, '92
1856	J. Hunter Worrall, 65	East Bradford, Pa.	Oct. 26, '92
1858	Orlando Brown, 52	Frankfort, Ky.	July 17, '91
1858	Henry H. Turner, 61	California,	February, '93
1859	Ziba N. Bradbury, 63	Howard, N. Y.	Apr. 7, '93
1862	Harrison Maltzberger, 50	Reading, Pa.	Jan. 28, '93
1862	Israel Minor, Jr., 52	Saratoga Springs, N. Y.	June 13, '93
1863	William H. Whitin, 51	Whitinsville, Mass.	June 4, '93
1864	George W. Benjamin, 50	Middletown, Conn.	June 5, '93
1866	William S. Packer, 47	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Apr. 23, '93
1869	Sylvester F. Bucklin, 46	Norfolk, Mass.	March 11, '93
1869	George T. Harrison, 44	Cincinnati, O.	Aug. 14, '92
1876	Charles DeF. Hawley, 37	San Luis Potosi, Mex.	Jan. 22, '93
1879	Otis C. Hadley, 36	Kansas City, Mo.	Nov. 16, '92
1882	J. Ernest Whitney, 35	Colorado Springs, Col.	Febr. 25, '93
1886	Frank G. Peters, 29	West Superior, Wisc.	May 13, '93
1887	John Bennetto, 30	New York City	Oct. 10, '92
1887	Elmer F. Berkele, 26	Cañon City, Col.	Aug. 20, '92
1891	John J. Cox, 23	Cambridge, Mass.	Dec. 17, '92
1891	Louis C. duPont, 25	Wilmington, Del.	Dec. 2, '92
1892	Benjamin L. Crosby, Jr., 24	New York City	Dec. 29, '92
1892	Daniel Lord, 3d, 22	Chicago, Ill.	June 20, '93
1892	Harlan H. Taintor, 22	Hartford, Conn.	Apr. 17, '93

YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL.

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Date of Death
1826	William Woodruff, 89	Thomaston, Conn.	June 10, '93
1831	George Chandler, 87	Worcester, Mass.	May 17, '93
1833	John H. Simmons, 80	Ashford, Conn.	Nov. 12, '91
1839	William W. Welch, 73	Norfolk, Conn.	July 30, '92
1842	William M. Curtis, 73	Burlington, Vt.	Dec. 3, '90
1843	Linus P. Brockett, 72	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Jan. 13, '93
1854	Henry Pierpont, 61	Orange, Conn.	Aug. 26, '92
1854	Joseph H. Wakeman, 62	Redding, Conn.	January, '92
1857	John Witter, 60	Putnam, Conn.	May 19, '91
1858	T. Beers Townsend, 57	New York City	March 31, '93
1861	George W. Avery, 56	Hartford, Conn.	Febr. 23, '93
1866	Francis J. Young, 50	Danbury, Conn.	Jan. 5, '93
1871	Frederic P. Blodgett, 46	New Haven, Conn.	Apr. 22, '93

YALE LAW SCHOOL.

1874	Hugh Dailey, 55	New Haven, Conn.	Aug. 16, '92
1882	Sherman H. Hubbard, 32	Bridgeport, Conn.	Dec. 9, '92
1890	William A. Andrew, 25	Cheshire, Conn.	Sept. 12, '92

SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL.

1861	Joshua Sands, 50	Los Angeles, Cal.	Dec. 31, '92
1873	Moses Bulkley, 40	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Nov. 30, '92
1873	William J. Parks, 40	New York City	Jan. 26, '92
1877	Edwin Young, 37	Albany, N. Y.	Apr. 21, '93
1879	Emerson Y. Foote, 35	Chicago, Ill.	June 24, '92
1882	William A. Chamberlin, 30	New Haven, Conn.	Apr. 15, '93
1886	George P. D. Townsend, 28	Fort Worth, Tex.	March 21, '93
1887	Elmer E. Bennett, 30		February, '92
1890	George J. Spencer, 36	Saybrook, Conn.	Nov. 10, '92

The number of deaths recorded this year is 103, and the average age of the 78 graduates of the Academical Department is $64\frac{1}{4}$ years.

The oldest living graduates of the Academical Department are :

Class of 1822, Rev. HENRY HERRICK, of North Woodstock, Conn., born March 5, 1803.

Class of 1822, Rev. EDWARD BEECHER, of Brooklyn, N. Y., born August 27, 1803.

The oldest living graduate of the Medical Department is :

Class of 1827, HENRY BRONSON, of New Haven, Conn., born January 30, 1804.

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OBITUARY RECORD

OF

GRADUATES OF YALE UNIVERSITY

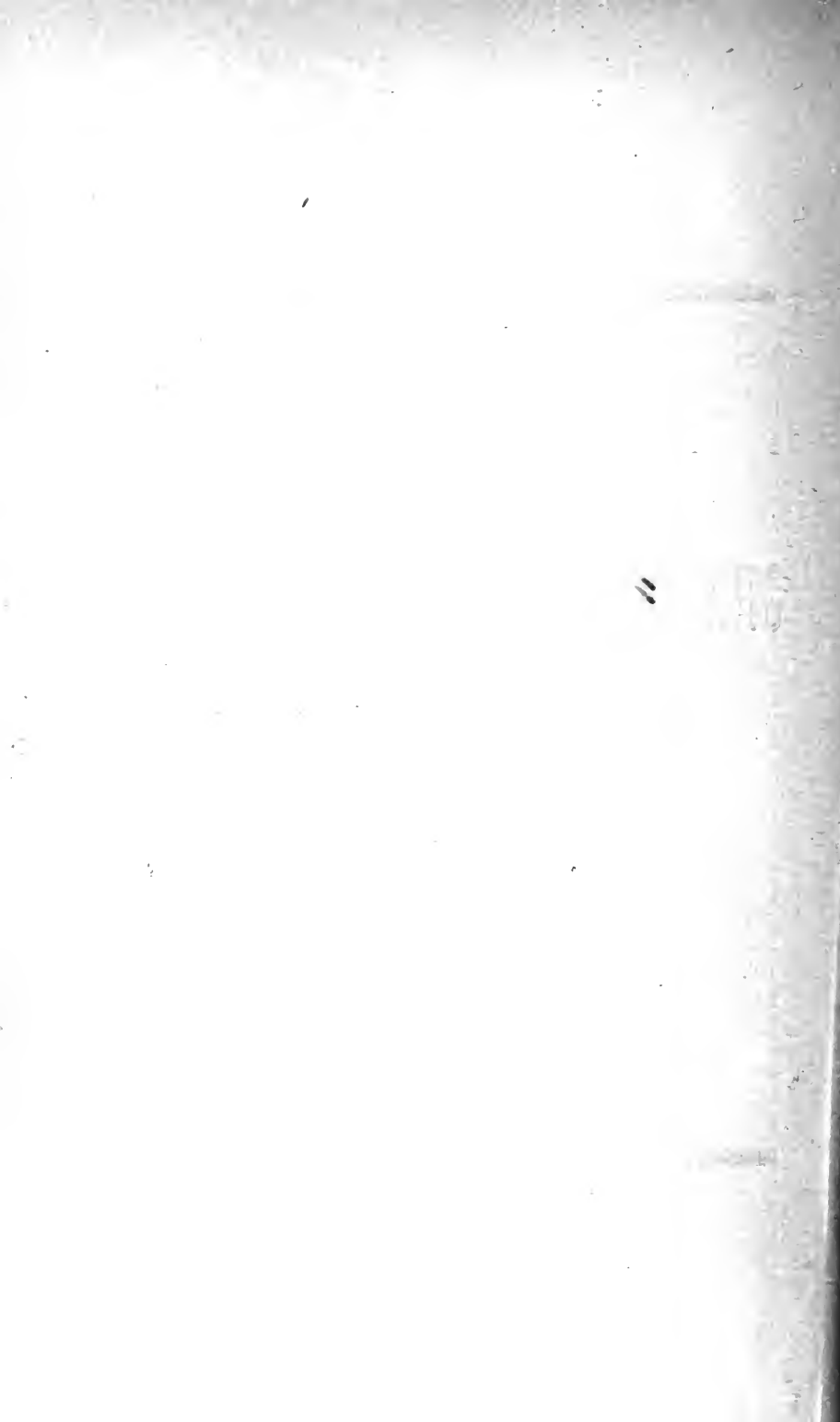
Deceased during the Academical Year ending in

June, 1894;

*Including the Record of a few who died previously, hitherto
unreported.*

[PRESENTED AT THE MEETING OF THE ALUMNI, JUNE 26th, 1894.]

[No. 4 of Fourth Printed Series, and No. 53 of the whole Record.]



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JUNE, 1894,

Including the record of a few who died previously hitherto unreported.

[PRESENTED AT THE MEETING OF THE ALUMNI, JUNE 26th, 1894.]

[No. 4 of Fourth Printed Series, and No. 53 of the whole Record.]

YALE COLLEGE.

ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT.

1824

TIMOTHY STONE PINNEO, the eldest son of the Rev. Bezaleel Pinneo (Dartmouth Coll. 1791), for over fifty years pastor of the First Congregational Church in Milford, Connecticut, was born in that town on February 18, 1804. His mother was Mary, only daughter of the Rev. Timothy Stone (Y. C. 1763), of Lebanon, Connecticut.

A severe attack of pulmonary disease in the winter after graduation made it necessary for him for several years to spend the winters at the South, until sufficiently restored to complete the study of medicine. He was graduated at the Medical College of Ohio, in Cincinnati, in 1834, and practiced for a few years in Maryland. Being unwilling to settle permanently in a slave State, he removed to Ohio in 1843, and was then for a year Acting Professor of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy in Marietta College. For the next eighteen years he resided in Cincinnati, engaged in the preparation for the press of several series of school-books (English Grammars, and Readers and Spellers, known as McGuffey's), which proved extraordinarily

successful. On June 1, 1848, he married Jeannette, daughter of the Rev. Dr. Joel H. Linsley, Ex-President of Marietta College, and pastor of the 2d Congregational Church in Greenwich, Connecticut. In 1862 Dr. Pinneo removed to Greenwich, and was occupied there in the revision of his text-books and in the conduct of a boys' boarding-school. In 1885, after his wife's death, he removed to Norwalk, Conn., where he resided with his elder daughter, the wife of Dr. James G. Gregory (Y. C. 1865). He died in Norwalk, from congestion of the liver, on August 2, 1893, in his 90th year. Two daughters and a son survive him,—two other children having died in infancy.

1826

EDWARD COLEMAN BULL, second son of Epaphras W. and Mary (Wells) Bull, was born in Danbury, Conn., on August 7, 1807. His father was a practicing lawyer in that town, who removed to Ohio when his son was five years old, and died there soon afterwards. The family then returned to Mrs. Bull's father's house, in New Milford, Conn.

After graduating he began the study of law in the office of Leonard Maison, in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., where he spent one year. He then went to Canandaigua, N. Y., where he completed his preparation and was admitted to the bar. He returned to Connecticut, but before entering on his profession his views of duty changed, and thenceforth he devoted himself to the ministry. He studied at Andover Theological Seminary for one year (1831-32), and also at New York and at Alexandria, Va., where he finished the course in 1834. He was admitted to deacon's orders in the Protestant Episcopal Church by Bishop Griswold on September 26, 1834. After brief engagements in other parishes his first regular charge was in Brookfield, Conn., from 1838 to 1841. He had been advanced to the priesthood at Boston in May, 1838. From Brookfield he went to Westport, Conn., for six years. In 1847 he was called to Christ Church, Rye, N. Y., where his ministry continued until May, 1859, when he resigned on account of impaired health. During the whole course of his ministry his health had been poor, and after leaving Rye he did not resume pastoral labors. He had married, in June, 1847, Miss Anna M. Waite, of Westport, and after his retirement from active life his residence was for a long time unsettled. In 1864 his wife died suddenly. On June 26, 1867, he married Miss

Mary E. Putnam, of Saratoga Springs, daughter of Benjamin R. Putnam, and in 1872 he settled permanently in Tarrytown, N. Y., where he died on March 15, 1894, the last survivor of his class, in his 87th year. His wife survives him. He had no children.

WILLIAM HARLOW, the only child of Deacon John Harlow, of Plymouth, Mass., by his first wife, Betsey Torrey, was born in that town on October 27, 1805.

After graduation he studied theology with the Rev. Jacob Ide, D.D., of Medway, Mass., and on October 29, 1828, was ordained as an evangelist by the Mendon Association of Ministers at Wrentham. He then supplied the Congregational Church in Canton, Mass., for two years. On March 19, 1829, he married Caroline, daughter of Lebbeus Porter, of Wrentham, and in 1830 fixed his residence in that town. For the next two years he supplied a Congregational Church in Waterford Village (now the town of Blackstone), in Mendon, but having been afflicted with deafness from his youth he found this a serious hindrance to his usefulness as a settled pastor, and employed himself thenceforth mainly in agricultural pursuits.

After 1862 his winters were spent in Brooklyn, N. Y., where his wife died on January 9, 1893. He died there, at the home of his only surviving child, a daughter, on December 21, 1893, in his 89th year.

1827

NELSON BEARDSLEY, the eldest of twelve children of John and Alice (Booth) Beardsley, was born in Oxford, New Haven County, Connecticut, on May 30, 1807. Before he was a year old his father removed to Cayuga County, New York, and settled in the town of Scipio, about ten miles from the present city of Auburn.

Soon after graduation, on the invitation of the Hon. William H. Seward, Mr. Beardsley entered his office in Auburn, and he pursued his legal studies there until admitted to the bar, in the fall of 1831. He then began practice with Mr. Seward, and the firm enjoyed a large and profitable business, until it was dissolved of necessity by the election of the senior partner to the governorship in 1838. Mr. Beardsley then formed a similar connection with the Hon. John Porter, which continued successfully until the pressure of outside interests induced him to give up the practice of law.

In January, 1843, to protect his own interests and those of his friends in the Cayuga County Bank, which had suffered from injudicious management, he was induced to accept the presidency of that institution, with no intention of abandoning his profession. He soon found, however, that this responsibility, with his personal affairs and the care of his father's estate, left him no leisure for professional pursuits, and a younger brother gradually assumed his place in his law office. He continued in the presidency of the bank until his death,—in the fifty-first year of such service. He became interested also as a stockholder in all the other incorporated banks in Auburn, and was a director or stockholder in almost all of the manufacturing companies of the city. He had also accumulated large wealth by judicious early investments in western railroads.

After a long life of unvarying good health he died from the effects of a cold, at his home in Auburn, on January 15, 1894, on his 87th year.

In May, 1836, he married Frances, daughter of the Hon. James Powers, of Catskill, N. Y., who died in July, 1854, after which date he remained a widower. Of his seven daughters, one died in infancy, and six are still living.

CHARLES PAYSON GROSVENOR, son of Payson and Prudence (Gray) Grosvenor, of Pomfret, Connecticut, was born in that town on the 12th of August, 1804.

The two years after graduation were spent in the Andover (Mass.) Theological Seminary. He then served as an agent for the Connecticut Sabbath School Union in Illinois and Missouri for one year, after which he finished his theological course by a year in the Yale Divinity School. For the next two years (1831-33) he was secretary and agent for Connecticut of the Sabbath School Union. On July 16, 1834, he was ordained pastor of a Congregational Church in Waterford, now Blackstone, Mass., where he remained until August 10, 1835. From September, 1835, until May, 1838, he supplied the Congregational Church in Kingston, R. I. Afterwards, from September, 1838, for nine years he had charge of a Congregational Church in North Scituate, R. I. He was next stated supply of the Congregational Church in Rehoboth, Mass., for nine years, or until October, 1856, when he removed to the Congregational Church in Stoneham, Mass. He left Stoneham in April, 1858, and on

March 9, 1859, was installed over the First Church in Canterbury, Conn., of which he was pastor until July 5, 1871. For the next three years he supplied the Congregational Church in West Woodstock, in the same vicinity, and then for seven years (until 1881) officiated in Ashford, another neighboring town.

During the later years of his life he resided, in poor health, in his native town, but died at the house of his only surviving son, in Palmer, Mass., from the grip, on December 23, 1893, in his 90th year.

He married, on June 24, 1835, Cordelia, daughter of Darius Mathewson, of Pomfret, who died on March 3, 1836. He next married, on April 9, 1838, Hannah H., daughter of Thomas R. Wells, of Kingston, R. I., who died on November 6, 1840. He married, thirdly, on May 19, 1842, Elizabeth E., daughter of Justus Harrison, of New Haven, and widow of the Rev. Lewis Foster (Y. C. 1831), of Clinton, Conn., who died on November 4, 1889. Two children, a daughter by his second marriage, and a son by his third marriage, survive him. Three other children died in childhood.

ROGER SHERMAN MOORE, son of Captain Roger and Rosetta (Hayes) Moore, of Southwick, Hampden County, Mass., was born in that town on the 25th of July, 1806.

In 1829 he began the study of law with the Hon. Daniel Gardner, of Troy, N. Y., where he remained for one year. He then went to Hartford, Conn., where he continued his studies in the office of Jared Griswold, Esq., and was admitted to the bar in the fall of 1832. He had, however, at that time no intention of engaging in practice, and in fact never did so. Soon after this he returned to his father's house in Southwick, which was his home until April, 1849. He then removed to Springfield, Mass., where he resided for the rest of his life. He soon became interested in banking enterprises, and was one of the organizers and original directors of the John Hancock Bank, incorporated in 1850. In October, 1863, he was chosen president of this bank, and retained that office until January, 1890. He died at his residence in Springfield, on the 31st of December, 1893, in his 88th year.

He married, on October 6, 1841, Sarah A., daughter of Joel Root, of (East) Granville, Mass., by whom he had only one child, a daughter.

1828

TRYON EDWARDS, son of Jonathan Walter Edwards (Y. C. 1789) and Elizabeth (Tryon) Edwards, was born in Hartford, Conn., on the 7th of August, 1809.

He studied law in his father's office, and became a member of the same firm; but he soon abandoned the profession and entered the Princeton Theological Seminary, where he was graduated in 1833. On July 22, 1834, he was ordained and installed as pastor of the First Presbyterian Church in Rochester, N. Y., where he remained until July 26, 1844. His next charge was in New London, Conn., where he was settled over the Second Congregational Church from March 6, 1845, to August 4, 1857. His residence continued in New London until his next settlement, over the Presbyterian Church in Hagerstown, Md., in 1866. While in Hagerstown he was influential in the establishment of Wilson College for Women, at Chambersburg, Pa. He left Hagerstown in 1873, and resided in Philadelphia until called to Gouverneur, N. Y., where he was pastor of the Presbyterian Church from 1880 to 1886. His later years were spent with a son in Detroit, at whose house he died on January 4, 1894, in his 85th year.

He married in 1843 Miss Catharine Hughes, of Virginia, who died in 1883. One of their sons was a member of Yale College in the classes of 1867 and 1868.

He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Wabash College in 1848. He was a frequent contributor to the religious literature of the day, both in periodical and book form. In 1842 he edited, with a memoir, the works of his grandfather, the younger President Edwards.

1829

GEORGE JONES KOLLOCK, a son of Dr. Lemuel Kollock, a prominent citizen of Savannah, Ga., of Huguenot descent, was born in that city on the 20th of April, 1810. His education preparatory for College was obtained at the Round Hill School in Northampton, Mass.

After graduation he studied law in Philadelphia, and was there admitted to the bar. He then returned to Savannah, where he entered on practice in connection with John M. Millen, Esq. His career at the bar was marked by rapid advancement, but owing to a serious affection of the throat he was compelled after a few years to abandon his profession and to devote his time exclusively to his interests as a planter near Savannah. In 1847 he bought

a residence near Clarksville in Habersham County, Ga., where he spent his summers for several years. For a few years after the war he continued to make his home in Savannah, but in 1872 he removed permanently to Clarksville, and there died on the 19th of February, 1894, in his 84th year.

He married in 1835 a daughter of Colonel James Johnston, of Savannah, who lived but a year, and he subsequently married a younger daughter, Miss S. M. Johnston, who survives him, with two sons and three daughters.

1830

JOHN WHITING ANDREWS, youngest son of Dr. John and Abigail (Atwater) Andrews, was born in Wallingford, Connecticut, on February 6, 1811.

After graduation he studied law at the Yale Law School, and in 1834 settled in the practice of his profession in Columbus, Ohio, being for some time in partnership with Judge Joseph R. Swan. His practice was extensive and lucrative, and he enjoyed the confidence of the courts and of his clients. After his retirement from the bar at a comparatively early age he was still employed in the management of trust funds, in which relation his fidelity and skill were warmly appreciated. He also devoted much of his time in his later years to various philanthropic activities. He framed the act establishing a Board of State Charities, and was President of the Board until the failure of his health. From 1872 to 1890 he was President of the Board of Trustees of the Public Library of Columbus, to which he made a special gift about 1886 in memory of his deceased son. He took a deep interest in all matters affecting the Protestant Episcopal Church, and for thirty years or more was a delegate to the General Convention, and for much of that time chairman of the Committee on Canons. He published a monograph upon Church Law in 1883. He was for sixteen years a trustee of Kenyon College, and received the degree of Doctor of Laws from that college in 1877.

He married in 1835 Miss Lavinia M. Gwynne, who survives him. Their children were one daughter and two sons. The daughter is the wife of E. B. Convers (Y. C. 1861). The elder son was graduated at Yale College in 1870, and died in 1880. The younger son (Harvard 1883) is still living.

About 1890 he removed to Englewood, N. J., where he made his home with his daughter, and where he died on October 29, 1893, in his 83d year.

TIMOTHY GREEN BRAINERD, third son of Joseph S. and Hannah (Hungerford) Brainerd, was born in Troy, N. Y., on the 24th of January, 1808. Later in the same year his parents removed to St. Albans, Vt., whence he entered college. His father died when he was nine years old, and his oldest brother was graduated here in 1822.

After graduation he taught for brief periods in Wethersfield, Conn., and in a family in Meredith, N. Y., in the meantime pursuing law studies. He then took charge of the academy in Randolph, Vt., and during the three years which he spent there was brought very low by illness and on his recovery decided to leave the law for the ministry. He studied in Andover Theological Seminary from 1836 to 1840; and in June of the latter year began to supply the Presbyterian Church in Londonderry, N. H., to the pastorate of which he was unanimously called in the following September. He was ordained there on November 5, and remained until May, 1855, when he was installed over the Congregational Church in Halifax, Plymouth County, Mass. During his residence there, in 1865 and 1866, he was a representative in the State Legislature. He was dismissed from his pastorate in October, 1866, and removed the next month to Grinnell, Iowa, where he spent the remainder of his life, preaching only occasionally. He lived to be the oldest Congregational clergyman in the State, and retained to the last his clear and active mind and his intelligent interest in all public matters. He died in Grinnell on May 25, 1894, in his 87th year.

He married, on Sept. 6, 1841, Harriet P., elder daughter of Major Jacob Cilley, of Nottingham, N. H., who died on September 23, 1848. He next married, in September, 1851, Lucinda R., daughter of Elias Dewey, of Hanover, N. H., who died in March, 1877. His children by his first marriage were four daughters and one son, of whom three daughters survive him. By his second marriage he had three sons, of whom one died in childhood, and the others are graduates of Iowa College, in Grinnell.

MARIUS SCHOONMAKER, son of Zachariah and Cornelia Marius (Groen) Schoonmaker, of Kingston, N. Y., was born in that place on April 24, 1811. He lost his father when he was seven years of age, and entered College late in the Freshman year.

After graduating he entered the law-office of Ruggles & Hasbrouck, in Kingston. In 1833, Mr. Ruggles having been appoin-

ted to a judgeship, he went into partnership with Mr. Hasbrouck (Y. C. 1810), and so continued until the latter's election to the presidency of Rutgers College in 1840, from which time he was in practice by himself. In 1849 he was elected to the State Senate, and served during two sessions (1850-51). In the fall of 1850 he was elected a Representative in Congress, and served for one term, declining a re-election. He then returned to his practice, but in January, 1854, received the appointment of Auditor of the Canal Department of the State, which necessitated his removal to Albany. About a year later he was transferred to the office of Superintendent of the Bank Department, which he resigned in 1856, and then resumed his profession. In 1867 he was a member of the State Constitutional Convention. In 1888 he retired from practice on account of deafness. In that year he published a creditable *History of Kingston* (pp. xi, 558, octavo). He died in his native city, after a brief illness, on January 5, 1894, in his 83d year.

He married, on December 13, 1837, Elizabeth VanWyck, daughter of the Rev. Dr. Cornelius D. Westbrook (Union Coll. 1801). Their children were three sons and one daughter.

1832

WILLIAM HENRY NOBLE, the eldest child of the Rev. Birdsey G. Noble (Y. C. 1810) and Charlotte (Sanford) Noble, was born on August 18, 1813, in Newtown, Conn., the home of his mother's family. Soon after his birth his father was settled in Middletown, Conn., whence he entered Trinity (then Washington) College in 1828. He came to Yale in the spring of 1830.

For eighteen months after graduation he taught school in Stamford, Conn., and then went to Bridgeport, Conn., and entered the law-office of the Hon. Joseph Wood. He was admitted to the Fairfield county bar in 1836, and for eight years was clerk of the county courts, and subsequently State's Attorney for two or three years. He ran for Congress as a Democrat in 1850, but was defeated. In 1851 he undertook an enterprise which occupied him largely for the next ten years—the development of East Bridgeport. In 1860, as a Douglas Democrat, he helped to organize the union movement in Connecticut; and in July, 1862, he was commissioned as Colonel of the 17th Regiment Conn. Volunteers. He was severely wounded at the battle of Chancellorsville, in May, 1863, but returned to his regiment to take

part in the battles at Gettysburg. He was then ordered to South Carolina, and after exhausting service at the siege of Fort Wagner was sent to Florida. In December, 1864, he was captured by Confederate scouts, and was in prison, in Macon and Andersonville, until April. In June he was breveted Brigadier General on Gen. Grant's recommendation, and was mustered out of service the next month.

He then returned home, with impaired health, but was able for some years to follow his profession, and to fill various public trusts. He was a member of the State Legislature in 1884.

He died at his home in Bridgeport, from bronchial pneumonia, after ten days' illness, on January 18, 1894, in his 81st year.

He married, on October 16, 1839, Harriet J., daughter of Benjamin Brooks, of Bridgeport, who survives him with two daughters and two sons; their only other child, a son, died in infancy.

1836

JOSIAH GARDNER DAVIS, son of Josiah and Elizabeth G. (Waters) Davis, was born in Concord, Mass., on the 23d of February, 1815.

After graduating he taught school for a few months, and then entered the Theological Seminary at Andover, Mass. Being obliged to leave Andover by ill health in the autumn of 1838, he again engaged in teaching. In the autumn of 1839 he entered Union Theological Seminary in New York City, where he finished the course in 1841. In April, 1844, he was called to the Congregational Church in Amherst, N. H., where he spent the entire period of his active ministry—from his ordination on May 22, 1844, to his dismissal at his own request, on account of impaired sight, on January 22, 1880. He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity in 1866 from Dartmouth College, of which institution he was a trustee for twenty years from 1871. He was an able and successful pastor and a useful citizen. He died in Amherst of cerebral paralysis, on the 14th of March, 1894, at the age of 79.

He married on September 26, 1848, Abby A., daughter of Dr. Matthias Spalding, of Amherst. Their only child is a daughter, who married her cousin, Dr. George A. Spalding (Y. C., 1872).

HENRY REEDER HARRIS, son of Joseph and Susanna (Reeder) Harris, was born in Leonardtown, St. Mary's County, Md., on August 15, 1815.

He married a relative of the same name—Kitty Ruth Harris, and settled on a farm in Harris Lot, Charles County, Md., on the shores of the Potomac, where he died on May 6, 1894, in his 79th year. He had five children who attained their majority, of whom one son and one daughter, with his wife, survive him.

1839

JOSEPH HEATLY DULLES, the eldest son of Joseph Heatly Dulles (Y. C. 1814), was born in Philadelphia, Pa., in 1820.

After graduation he entered on a business training in his native place in the counting room of his maternal uncles, Messrs. S. & W. Welsh. He afterwards organized the firm of Dulles & Cope, drug-importers, and after a very successful business career retired nearly thirty years before his death. He continued to reside in Philadelphia, though spending much time in travel. He died in St. Augustine, Fla., after a brief illness from pneumonia, on March 7, 1894, in his 74th year. He was not married.

GEORGE WASHINGTON, a younger son of John and Elizabeth H. (Cobb) Washington, of North Carolina, was born in Kinston in that State on July 3, 1818, and entered College from Newbern. His father was a grandson of Lawrence Washington of Virginia.

In the fall after graduation he entered the Yale Law School, where he finished the course. He had married, on September 18, 1839, Miss Anna Catharine, daughter of the late Dr. Henry Denison, of South Carolina, at that time residing with her mother in New Haven, who died on August 21, 1843, leaving one daughter and one son. Shortly after her death he went to Florida, as surveyor of Government lands, and to locate timber for the use of the Navy. In 1844 he married Miss Louisa C., daughter of Brig. Gen. Joseph M. Hernandez, of St. Augustine. He remained in Florida until 1856, when he removed to Kinston, N. C., where he was engaged in the practice of law, until in the fall of 1859, on the death of his wife, he went to Indianapolis, Ind., and introduced the manufacture of refrigerator cars. He was just getting the business into good working order when the war began; he then abandoned it, returned to the South, and established large iron works and coal mines, at Ore Hill and The Gulf, in Chatham County, N. C.

After the close of the war, in the fall of 1865, he married Miss Eleanor P., daughter of John H. Stephens, of Newark, N. J.,

who died in the spring of 1884, in New Haven, where he was then residing for the education of his two younger sons, who were graduated at Yale College in 1886 and 1889, respectively.

In 1886 he removed to Florida, and made his permanent residence at his orange grove, Bella Vista, about thirty miles below St. Augustine. In that year he had a slight sunstroke, from which he never fully recovered. In the spring of 1893 he had an operation performed for cataract; and on his way back to Florida in the following winter he stopped in Savannah, quite ill, being threatened with an attack of pneumonia. He recovered partially, but had a relapse, and died there on the 17th of January, 1894, in the 76th year of his age.

1840

JOHN PUTNAM GULLIVER, a son of Deacon John Gulliver, a well-known merchant of Boston, Mass., and Sarah (Putnam) Gulliver, was born in that city on the 12th of May, 1819.

After a brief occupation as a school-teacher in Randolph, Mass., he began the study of theology in 1842 in the Andover Seminary, where he finished the course in 1845, having taken the middle year at New Haven.

In 1845 he began to preach in the Main Street (now Broadway) Congregational Church in Norwich, Conn., where he was ordained pastor on the 1st of October, 1846. His residence of twenty years in Norwich was a period of marked power and usefulness; one distinguished service which he rendered during that time to the whole city was his project for the establishment of a Free Academy, which was incorporated in 1854. In July, 1861, he was elected to a seat in the Corporation of Yale College. He was dismissed from his charge in Norwich on the 24th of October, 1865, to accept an urgent call from the New England Congregational Church of Chicago, where his installation took place on February 21, 1866. This charge he resigned on July 20, 1868, to accept the presidency of Knox College, at Galesburg, Illinois, where he remained for four years. His next pastorate was over the First Presbyterian Church in Binghamton, N. Y., which he served from November, 1872, to June, 1878. He was then elected by the Trustees of Andover Theological Seminary the first incumbent of the Stone professorship of the Relations of Christianity to the Secular Sciences, which he retained until his death, although since 1890, on account of failing health, he had relinquished active work and had occupied himself in preparing

a volume in the field of his recent studies. He died in Andover, Mass., of pneumonia, on the 25th of January, 1894, in the 75th year of his age.

He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Iowa College in 1867, and that of Doctor of Laws from the State University of Iowa in 1869. He was a man of marked individuality and force of character, and exerted a commanding influence in public affairs, by his personal presence and his pen, as well as in the sphere of the pulpit.

He married on September 8, 1846, Fannie W., daughter of Deacon Elizur Curtis, of Torrington, who died on March 9, 1892. Two sons and two daughters survive their parents,—the elder son having graduated at this College in 1870.

LAZARUS DENISON SHOEMAKER, the youngest child of Elijah and Elizabeth S. (Denison) Shoemaker, was born in Kingston, Pa., on November 5, 1819. He had been a member of Kenyon College, Ohio, before entering Yale.

After graduation he studied law in Wilkes-Barre, Pa., with General E. W. Sturdevant, and was admitted to the bar in August, 1842. From that time until his death he practiced his profession in that city, except as interrupted by absence in the performance of public duty. In 1866 he was elected to the State Senate, on the Republican ticket, and served for three years. From 1871 to 1875 he was a Representative in Congress. With ample means, he was actively interested in promoting all manufacturing and industrial enterprises in Wilkes-Barre, and was universally respected as one of her most public-spirited citizens.

On the evening of Friday, September 8, 1893, he retired to rest in nearly his usual health, but passed away in his sleep early in the following morning, in his 74th year.

He married in 1849, Esther Wadhams, of Plymouth, Pa., who died in August, 1889. Six children survive their parents,—five daughters and one son (Y. C. 1882); one daughter is the wife of George L. Dickerman (Y. C. 1874).

1841

THOMAS McCLURE PETERS, the second son of Edward D. and Lucretia (McClure) Peters, was born in Boston, Mass., on June 6, 1821.

After graduation he studied in the General Theological Seminary of the Episcopal Church, in New York City, until April,

1843, beginning to officiate in the meantime, in 1842, as lay-reader in St. Michael's Church. He then spent two years in an extensive tour through Europe and the East, traveling as an attaché of the U. S. Legation at Constantinople. In October, 1845, he returned to his theological study, and after the completion of the course was ordained deacon by Bishop DeLancey on June 27, 1847, and at once entered on his life-work as assistant at St. Michael's Church, with the special charge of St. Mary's Church, one of its outgrowths. He also originated and built the church of All Angels, on the opposite side of the old parish, and was chosen its rector in 1850, being advanced to the priesthood by Bishop Whittingham on the 30th of June in that year. He had married, on June 29, 1847, Alice C., daughter of the Rev. William Richmond, rector of St. Michael's, and after Mr. Richmond's death he was elected his successor, on September 25, 1858. He celebrated the completion of fifty years' service with this parish in December, 1892, and died in office on August 13, 1893, in the 73d year of his age. His death occurred at Peekskill, N. Y., whither he had gone on parochial business.

He had long been known as one of the most active pioneers in religious and charitable efforts in New York, and had developed in connection with his own parish various beneficent institutions, such as the Sheltering Arms, the Children's Fold, and the House of Rest for Consumptives, which have been of great usefulness to the community outside; since his death steps have been taken to perpetuate the memory of his self-sacrificing labors by the erection of a parish-house, as a center of parish work, and by the provision of an endowment-fund for the Sheltering Arms, designed to save neglected children. Besides these charities he had been for many years practically the head of the New York Protestant Episcopal City Missionary Society; for about forty years Chaplain of the Bloomingdale Asylum for the Insane; and Pastor of the Leake and Watts Orphan House for about the same length of time. In recognition of his services, he was elected Archdeacon of the Diocese of New York in November, 1892. The degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on him by Trinity College in 1865.

His wife survives him with five of their six sons and six of their eight daughters. The second son was graduated at this College in 1873, and succeeds his father in his rectorship; while the first and third sons had also part of their undergraduate training at Yale, and the youngest was graduated at Princeton in 1888.

1842

SYLVESTER LARNED, the only son of General Charles and Sylvia E. (Colt) Larned, was born in Detroit, Michigan Territory, on September 23, 1820. His father, a leading lawyer in Detroit, died in 1834.

He studied law at home, and was engaged in full practice in Detroit, devoting himself especially, and with brilliant success, to criminal law, until May, 1861, when he entered the Union army, as Lieutenant-Colonel of the 2d Michigan Infantry. He was compelled by ill-health to resign in March, 1862, and then returned to the work of his profession in Detroit, with which he was busily occupied until the failure of his health in 1890. Outside of his legal business he was especially prominent in educational matters, being for many years a leading member of the City Board of Education, and also in matters connected with the reformation of criminals, as chairman of the Board of the State Reform School.

In September, 1893, he went to visit a married daughter living in England, and he died at her house in London on November 25, in the 74th year of his age. Soon after graduation he married Helen L., second daughter of Richard R. Lansing, of Utica, N. Y., by whom he had two daughters, who survive him. She died in 1860, and he next married, in September, 1862, Ellen S., daughter of C. Edwards Lester, of New York City, who is still living with their three children, two sons and a daughter.

1843

HERVEY MINOR BOOTH, second son and fourth child of Ely and Abigail (Minor) Booth, was born in Roxbury, Conn., on September 10, 1813. His ancestors on both sides, since about 1640, had all been farmers in Western Connecticut, and this occupation he pursued on the farm where he was born, working on the stony soil during spring, summer, and fall, and going to the district school in the winter, until he was eighteen years old, and after that teaching during the winters until his twenty-fifth year. Yielding then to the persuasion of his younger brother (Y. C. 1840), he came to New Haven to prepare for a College course; and under his brother's instruction he accomplished this work in six months' time, being already at the outset more proficient in mathematics than most graduates. Throughout his College course he ranked as the best mathematician in his class; and he seemed equipped

for success as a professor in that science. But his aged parents and an elder sister needed his assistance, and so upon graduating he returned to the old farm.

Thenceforth College life and the aspirations it had excited were but an episode ; but mathematics was still his solace and delight. His long life was chiefly spent in cultivating his paternal acres. But he found time during many of his winters to teach a select school in his native village ; and some three years before his death he was able to carry into execution a purpose long entertained for the endowment of an educational institution in the town by the gift of \$10,000, representing the savings of many years of toil and self-denial. During the latter part of his life he became somewhat of a recluse in his tastes and habits, relying for his enjoyment on his small but well-selected library.

He died in Roxbury on November 25, 1893, in his 81st year, after a brief illness, though a gradual decay of his powers had disabled him for the performance of his usual labors for several months previously.

1844

MARSHALL BULLARD ANGIER, the youngest in a family of six sons of Calvin and Annie (Parker) Angier, was born in Southborough, Mass., on the 22d of March, 1819.

After graduation he entered the Union Theological Seminary, New York City, where he finished the course in 1847. He then spent six months as a resident licentiate in Princeton Seminary, from which he was called to preach to a congregation recently organized in Worcester, Mass. In October, 1848, he went to Orange, Franklin County, Mass., where he labored as a home missionary for three years. Late in 1851 he removed to New Hampshire, and in March, 1852, began to minister to the Congregational Church in Hopkiuton, where he was ordained and installed on the 8th of June, 1853. He was dismissed from this church on March 28, 1860, to accept a call to a new missionary enterprise in Dorchester, Mass., where he was installed over Trinity Church on May 23. He was dismissed from this charge on January 2, 1862, and on July 1, 1863, was installed over the Congregational Church in Sturbridge, Mass., where he remained for about five years. On the last day of the year 1868 he was installed at Haydenville, in the township of Williamsburg, Mass., where he served for another period of nearly five years. He was

next settled over the South Congregational Church in Ipswich, Mass., from February 4, 1874, to July 8, 1878, and then in Foxboro', Mass., for another four years. A residence of some years in Newburyport, Mass., followed, during which he held no pastoral charge, though constantly occupied in preaching to neighboring churches. In 1892 he assumed the pastorate of the Presbyterian Church, in Windsor, N. Y., where he died from heart-disease, on February 25, 1894, aged nearly 75 years.

He married on the 29th of September, 1864, Emma S., eldest daughter of William H. Brewster, of Newburyport, Mass., who survives him with their only child, a daughter.

EDWARD NORTON, the second son of the Hon. John Treadwell Norton and Mary H. (Pitkin) Norton, was born in Albany, N. Y., in 1823. His elder brother was Professor John Pitkin Norton, Professor of Agricultural Chemistry at Yale.

After graduating he engaged in a general commission business in Albany for two years, and then for some years assisted his father in re-organizing a portion of the New York Central Railroad. In 1853 he traveled in Europe, and on his return became a partner in the stove-manufacturing firm of Treadwell, Perry & Norton. In 1857 this firm failed, carrying away all his property. Thenceforth he made Farmington, Conn. (his ancestral home), his residence, and devoted himself mainly to scientific agriculture. He became interested in fine grades of cattle, and was widely known for his enterprise and skill in this direction. He was instrumental in introducing the Guernsey breed of cattle to this country, and at the time of his death had been for many years Secretary of the American Guernsey Cattle Club. In 1870 the Farmington Creamery, the earliest enterprise of the kind in the state, was established by his efforts and opened a new and successful branch of industry in the village. He was a prominent officer in the local Savings Bank, and was much interested in the recent erection of a Town Hall and the development of a Public Library. Everything that concerned the welfare of the community found in him a generous friend. He was a highly intelligent man, and for many years occupied his leisure with the study of entomology, in which he became an authority.

He died suddenly in Farmington on April 8, 1894, at the age of 71. He was never married.

1845

CARTER HENRY HARRISON was born near Lexington, in Fayette County, Ky., on February 25, 1825. His father, for whom he was named, the son of an own cousin of William Henry Harrison, and a graduate of William and Mary College, died when he was in his infancy. He entered Yale as a sophomore in 1842.

After graduation he returned home and studied law, but instead of practicing settled for his mother's sake on his paternal farm, six miles from Lexington. After having traveled extensively in this country, he went abroad in 1851 and spent two years in Europe and Asia. In the fall of 1854 he sold his farm, and resumed his legal studies, graduating at the Law School of Transylvania University, in Lexington, in the spring of 1855. On April 12 of the same year he married Miss Sophonisba Preston of Henderson, Ky., and soon after settled in Chicago, devoting himself to real-estate business more than to legal practice. In 1872 he ran for Congress as a Democrat, but was defeated. In 1874 and 1876 he was elected, but declined a re-nomination in 1878. On the expiration of his last Congressional term he was immediately elected Mayor of Chicago. He served in that office for four biennial terms in succession, or until 1887, after which he made an eighteen months' trip around the world, the record of which he published with the title, *A Race with the Sun* (1889, octavo, pp. xiii, 569).

He was again elected to the mayoralty in the spring of 1893, and thus had the honor and responsibility of guiding the affairs of the city in the year of the Columbian Exposition. Just as the Fair was about to be closed, he was shot and killed at his home by a discharged policeman, on Oct. 28, 1893, in his 69th year.

His wife died on September 23, 1876. Of their ten children six died in infancy; one son is a graduate of the Yale Law School (1883).

ALVAN PINNEY HYDE, second son of Alvan and Sarah (Pinney) Hyde, of Stafford, Tolland County, Conn., was born in that town on March 10, 1825.

After graduation he entered on the study of law with the Hon. Loren P. Waldo, in Tolland, Conn., and after spending the winter of 1846-47 in the Yale Law School was admitted to the bar in Tolland in the fall of 1847. He began practice in his native town and remained there until September, 1849, when he

married Miss Frances Elizabeth Waldo, a daughter of his former law-preceptor, and transferred his residence to Tolland, where he continued to practice until the fall of 1864, when he removed to Hartford and joined his father-in-law in the firm of Waldo & Hyde. In 1867 Governor R. D. Hubbard was admitted to the firm, and Mr. C. E. Gross in 1877; also, successively, Mr. Hyde's two sons. The business of the firm was extensive, and its commanding position was largely due to Mr. Hyde's unrivalled power as an intelligent and skilful advocate.

He was a Democrat in politics and represented Tolland in the General Assembly, in 1854, 1858, and 1863. After the war he was three times a candidate for Congress.

After nearly a year of failing health he died at his home in Hartford on February 5, 1894, at the age of 69.

His wife survives him with their only children, two sons (Y. C. 1876 and 1879).

LYMAN DECATUR NORRIS, the only son of Mark and Roccena B. (Vail) Norris, was born in Covington, Genesee County, N. Y., on May 4, 1823. His father, a Vermonter by birth, settled in the Genesee country in 1820, and in 1827 removed to the site of the present city of Ypsilanti, Michigan. The son was the first student to matriculate in the University of Michigan in 1841, whence he came to the Junior Class of Yale in the spring of 1844. During the winter after graduation he began the study of law with Alexander D. Frazer of Detroit, and in April, 1847, he was admitted to the bar. In the spring of 1848 he began practice in St. Louis, where he was remarkably successful. In 1852 he had charge, before the Supreme Court of Missouri, of the Dred Scott case. In 1854 he was recalled to Michigan by the condition of his father's business, and he remained in practice in Ypsilanti until the spring of 1871. He was a member of the State Constitutional Convention of 1867, and in 1869 was elected to the State Senate as a Democrat. In 1871 he removed to Grand Rapids, where he stood at the head of the local bar until his death. He was the candidate of his party for Justice of the Supreme Court in 1875. He died in Grand Rapids, after six months' illness, on January 6, 1894, in his 70th year.

He married on November 22, 1854, Lucy A., daughter of General Chauncey Whittlesey (Y. C. 1800), of Middletown, Conn., who survives him with their children, a daughter and a son (Univ. Mich. 1879); a younger daughter died in infancy.

GEORGE WASHINGTON SHEFFIELD was born in New Haven, Conn., on the 22d of April, 1824, the son of William and Elizabeth B. Sheffield. His mother was a daughter of the Rev. Amos Chase (Dartmouth Coll. 1780), of Litchfield South Farms, now Morris, Conn.

In December after graduation he went to Norfolk, Va., and in the following month entered upon a lifelong career as teacher in that city. He was connected with the Norfolk Military Academy until 1860 (for the last three years as Principal); and then became Rector of Charlotte Street Public School, in which position he remained (excepting during three years of the war, when he carried on with eminent success a private school) until his resignation, a few months before his death. He died, after a lingering illness and much suffering, from Bright's disease, in Norfolk, on May 25, 1893, in his 70th year.

He married, on December 28, 1853, Helen Louisa, daughter of Duncan Robertson, of Norfolk, who survives him. He had no children. Mr. Robertson was Consul for Spain, Italy, and Belgium, and for twenty years Mr. Sheffield acted as Vice-Consul for him.

1846

ELIHU PHINNEY was born in Cooperstown, Otsego County, N. Y., on June 20, 1823, the son of Elihu and Nancy (Tiffany) Phinney.

After graduating he engaged in book publishing in Buffalo, N. Y., and afterwards in New York City in the firm of Phinney, Blakeman & Co. Failure of health led to his retiring from a flourishing business, in 1864; and his later years were spent in comparative retirement in Cooperstown, where he interested himself in all matters of public concern and was widely beloved. He was an elder in the Presbyterian Church and an active helper in all church work.

He was very fond of fishing and had exerted himself strenuously for the preservation of good fishing in Otsego Lake. His death occurred on the borders of that lake from drowning, on September 20, 1892, in his 70th year, as he was endeavoring to pass from the lake steamer to his rowboat.

He married on June 12, 1851, Sarah L., daughter of the Rev. Dr. Charles S. Stewart (Coll. of N. J. 1815), Chaplain in the U. S. Navy, who survives him with their only child, a son.

1847

EDWARD ISAAC SANFORD, son of Elihu and Susan (Howell) Sanford, of New Haven, Conn., was born on July 4, 1826.

On graduation he entered immediately the Yale Law School, where he finished the course in 1849. He then began practice in New Haven, and was thus successfully engaged until made a judge of the Superior Court of the State in 1867. In the meantime he was a member of the State Senate in 1864-5. He fulfilled his judicial duties with distinguished dignity and conscientiousness for three full terms, or until 1891, when the deadlock in the Connecticut Assembly intervened to prevent action on his re-nomination.

After a year of failing health, he died at his home in New Haven, of Bright's disease, on July 13, 1893, at the age of 67.

He married in June, 1849, Sarah J., daughter of Hanford Lyon, of Bridgeport, Conn., who survives him, with their only son (Y. C. 1884) and only daughter.

1849

WILLIAM FREDERICK POOLE, the second child of Ward and Eliza (Wilder) Poole, was born in that part of Salem, Mass., which is now Danvers, on the 24th of December, 1821, and entered College from Worcester, Mass., in 1842. At the close of his Freshman year he withdrew, in order to earn money by teaching, and he re-entered as Sophomore in 1846. Before the close of his Sophomore year he was appointed Assistant Librarian of the Brothers in Unity, and he printed in 1848 an Alphabetical Index to Periodicals in the library of that Society (8°, pp. 155), which marked a new departure in bibliography.

After graduation he remained in New Haven, engaged in the preparation of an enlarged edition of his Index, until called to an Assistant Librarianship in the Boston Athenaeum in 1850. In June, 1852, he became the Librarian of the Boston Mercantile Library Association; while in that office he completed and published the second edition of his Index to Periodical Literature (8°, pp. xi, 523), and also a catalogue of the Mercantile Library (8°, pp. xxiii, 298). He resigned his office in May, 1856, to accept the librarianship of the Boston Athenaeum, where he remained until January, 1869. During this time he re-classified that library, and superintended the preparation of the greater part of the catalogue subsequently published.

He resigned his place in order to act as a library expert and adviser, but after engaging for a few months in this work he accepted in November, 1869, the charge of the Public Library in Cincinnati, from which he went at the close of 1873 to Chicago, as Librarian of the new Public Library. He gave fourteen years to the organization and development of this institution, and during this time issued the third edition (royal 8°, pp. xxvii, 1442) of his great Index.

In the summer of 1887 he was appointed Librarian of the Newberry Library of Chicago, and his remaining years were given to this unequalled opportunity of building up a great library of reference.

He died at his home in Evanston, Ill., after two weeks' illness, on March 1, 1894, in his 73d year.

He received the degree of Doctor of Laws from Northwestern University in 1882. His eminence as a librarian was fully recognized in all conventions of his fellow-workers; while he was also justly eminent as an historical scholar and critic.

He married in Boston on the 22d of November, 1854, Fanny M., daughter of Dr. Ezra W. Gleason, who survives him with four of their seven children,—three daughters and one son (Y. C. 1891).

SAMUEL NEWELL ROWELL, son of the Rev. Joseph Rowell (Dartmouth Coll. 1794) and Hannah (Chase) Rowell, was born on November 21, 1821, in Cornish, N. H., where his father was then pastor of the Congregational Church. In his boyhood the family removed to Claremont, N. H., whence after many hindrances he came to College.

An affection of the throat prevented his entering the ministry, and he took up instead, on graduation, the study of medicine in the Yale Medical School. After receiving his degree in July, 1852, he remained in New Haven until December, when he settled in Wallingford, Conn., where he continued until February, 1856. He then removed to North Haven, Conn., where he practiced his profession for seven months, when he returned to his native State, and practiced at Salmon Falls, in Rollinsford, until January, 1859.

He then migrated again to Connecticut and established himself as a dentist in Naugatuck and the vicinity; but four months later went to Malta, Saratoga County, N. Y., where he practiced

as physician and dentist until 1887. He then removed to Vienna, N. J., and continued to follow his profession until the fall of 1893, when he was persuaded by his children to retire from active life and take up his residence with his eldest daughter in Roselle, N. J. Less than a week after the removal, having gone to pass a day and night with another daughter in Brooklyn, N. Y., he passed away quietly in his sleep, from heart-disease, on November 4, at the age of 72 years. His Christian character was marked and influential. He had filled the office of elder in the Presbyterian Church while living in Malta and in Vienna.

He married on August 17, 1850, Miss Eliza A. Benham, of Naugatuck, Conn., who died on May 24, 1864. He next married, on October 6, 1864, Miss N. Temperance Merriam, of Meriden, Conn., who died in July, 1893. Four daughters by his first, and one daughter by his second marriage, survive him,—two other children by the latter marriage having died early.

JAMES LAWRENCE WILLARD, son of James and Susan (Channing) Willard, was born in Madison, Conn., on the 11th of October, 1825.

He spent the three years next after graduation in the Yale Divinity School, being engaged at the same time in teaching in General William H. Russell's Collegiate and Commercial Institute. From July, 1852, to May, 1855, he served as stated supply in the Congregational Church in Seymour, Conn., and then accepted a unanimous call to the pastorate of the Congregational Church in Westville, a suburb of New Haven, where he was ordained on October 17, and where he remained until his death,—a period of nearly forty years. On account of failing strength he had fixed upon the very day on which his death took place for the announcement of the resignation of his charge. In his long pastorate he had identified himself to an unusual degree with the interests of the village, where his influence for good will long be felt and his memory long cherished. The degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on him by Maryville College in 1884.

He died in Westville on January 7, 1894, in the 69th year of his age.

Dr. Willard married on October 20, 1852, Victorine E., daughter of Nathan Hopson, of Madison, who survives him with their only child, the widow of S. Arthur Marsden (LL.B. Yale 1876).

1850

WILLIAM THOMPSON FARNHAM, son of Judge George W. and Caroline (Thompson) Farnham, was born in New Haven, Conn., on the 15th of November, 1830.

He studied in the Yale Law School for one year after graduation, and for another year in New York City, where he was admitted to the bar in October, 1852. He then began the practice of his profession in the latter city, and pursued it for many years with success. From 1859 to 1873 he was in partnership with his classmate, A. DeWitt Baldwin. He served with the Seventh Regiment of New York during the several campaigns in the civil war.

After having been in delicate health for some years he was attacked in 1892 with the grip, from which he never recovered. He died very suddenly, from aneurism of the heart, in Clinton, Conn., where he had recently been living, on August 11, 1893, in his 63d year.

GARDINER SPRING PLUMLEY, eldest child of Alexander R. and Hannah K. (Haskins) Plumley, was born on August 11, 1827, in Washington, D. C., where his parents were then conducting a school. He was named for his mother's former pastor in New York, to which city the family returned after a few years. He entered college in 1845 and spent two years with the Class of 1849, returning to the next class in the following January.

For several years after graduation he remained in New York City, engaged in teaching and as organist and musical director of the South Dutch Church. He was also for three years a student in the Union Theological Seminary; and on November 11, 1855, he was ordained pastor of the 50th Street or Bloomingdale Presbyterian Church. In 1858 he removed to the First Presbyterian Church in Metuchen, N. J., which he served as pastor until his resignation on January 1, 1876. In the following April he became pastor of the North Dutch Church, Fulton Street, New York, and he remained in connection with that denomination in that city for the next five years. On January 22, 1884, he was installed over the Greenfield Hill Congregational Church, in Fairfield, Connecticut, with which he remained connected until the end, although long disabled by illness. He died in a hospital in New York City, on February 21, 1894, in his 67th year.

He received the honorary Degree of Doctor of Divinity from Yale in 1889. He was faithful and beloved as a pastor, and specially accomplished as a linguist and musician.

He married on November 13, 1850, Emily A., second daughter of Alvin Fisher, of New York City. Their children were five sons and three daughters, who are all living except two sons who died in infancy.

1851

JULIUS YALE LEONARD, younger son of Louis G. and Hannah (Royce) Leonard, was born in Berkshire, Tioga County, N. Y., on June 12, 1827.

After graduation he taught in the Academy in Cromwell, Conn., for a year, and then entered the Yale Divinity School. Two years later he removed to the Andover Theological Seminary, and after finishing the course there took a supplementary course of medical lectures in New Haven. He was ordained here as a foreign missionary on June 14, 1857, and sailed the next month for Turkey, where he labored under a commission from the American Board for a quarter of a century. For the first three years he was stationed at Caesarea, in ancient Cappadocia, and was thence sent to Marsovan, to superintend the work in the northern provinces. His labors in founding schools and establishing churches during these years were abundant and fruitful. In 1882 he was released, in permanently broken health, and after that date he lived principally in New Haven. He died in Clifton Springs, N. Y., of congestion of the lungs, on October 29, 1893, in his 67th year.

He married, two days after his ordination, Amelia A., daughter of Gibbs Gilbert, of Hamden and New Haven, Conn., who survives him. He left no children.

1852

GOODLOE BOWMAN BELL, son of Judge Samuel and Louisa (Bowman) Bell, was born in Reading, Pa., on June 14, 1832:

He studied law for a year after leaving College, and was then for a time engaged in business. In 1856 he entered the Union Theological Seminary, New York City, where he finished the course in May, 1859. Three months later he was invited to become pastor of the North (Presbyterian) Church of Hardyston, Sussex County, N. J. Having been ordained at Norristown, Pa., in October, 1859, he removed to Hardyston, where he

remained until September, 1864. He then had charge for three years of the Mission Chapel connected with the Brick (Presbyterian) Church of New York City, and was next pastor for an equal period of the Presbyterian Church in Ramapo, Rockland County, N. Y. In April, 1871, he was installed over the 7th Presbyterian Church in New York City. He went thence in October, 1874, to the Reformed Dutch Church in Napanock, Ulster County, N. Y., but in 1882 the effect of the climate on his wife's health obliged him to remove to the 1st Presbyterian Church in Amenia, Dutchess County, where he was installed on May 16, and where he continued until the last month of his life. He died in the Johns Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore, Md., from cancer of the stomach, on June 5, 1894, at the age of 62.

He married in Brooklyn, N. Y., October 11, 1860, Annie A., only daughter of E. J. Austin, who died in October, 1887. Their only child was a daughter, who survives them.

ROBERT ELIJAH DAY, the eldest child of Elijah and Rebecca E. (Hungerford) Day, of Hadlyme, in the township of East Had-dam, Conn., was born in that village on July 11, 1828.

After graduation he studied law in Hartford, Conn., in the office of Hungerford & Cone, and was there admitted to the bar in September, 1855. Early in his legal practice he came to be entrusted with the management of large estates, and the ability shown in these relations led eventually to his entire time's being absorbed in these and like responsible duties. For many years before his death he was President of the Security Company of Hartford, a banking institution which also acts as administrator, guardian, and trustee of estates, while he was also a Director in several other financial institutions.

He died in Hartford, after a long illness, on May 24, 1894, aged nearly 66 years.

He married on June 27, 1860, Harriet N., daughter of Benjamin W. Green, of Hartford, who died on March 17, 1864. He next married, on August 4, 1886, Miss Welthea B. Tyler, of Hartford, who survives him, as does also his only child, a daughter by his first wife.

WILLIAM STANLEY, the only son in a family of eight children of Deacon George and Clarissa (Wadhams) Stanley, of Goshen, Litchfield County, Conn., was born there on August 9, 1827. His father died in 1842, after which the mother removed to

Bridgeport, and by her exertions provided the means for her son's entering college at the opening of the Sophomore year.

Upon graduation he entered the Albany (N. Y.) Law School, at the same time being enrolled as a student in the office of the Hon. William L. Learned of that city. In the summer of 1853 he was admitted to the bar, and soon after removed to New York City, where he was managing clerk in the office of the Hon. Benjamin F. Butler until January, 1855. He then entered the office of the Hon. Edwards Pierrepont, with whom he formed in 1856 a partnership which continued with some interruptions for several years. When Mr. Pierrepont was U. S. Attorney for the Southern District of New York (1869-70), Mr. Stanley served as his First Assistant. He had previously formed a partnership with Mr. C. C. Langdell, which continued until his transfer to a professorship of law at Harvard University in 1870. Hon. Addison Brown was also a member of the firm for some years before his elevation to the Bench.

After a long and successful career at the bar, Mr. Stanley retired on account of a failure of health in 1892, having already for the same reason removed his residence, which had been for many years in Englewood, N. J., to Great Barrington, Mass., in 1891. He died in Great Barrington June 28, 1893, aged nearly 66 years.

He married, on September 3, 1856, Elizabeth A., daughter of Samuel Parsons, of New York City and Durham, Conn., who survives him with their only son (a former member of the Class of 1881, Y. C.) and two daughters.

1853

EDWARD COKE BILLINGS, son of Israel and Hepsey D. (Partridge) Billings, was born on December 3, 1829, in Hatfield, Mass. He entered College in 1848, but was obliged by health to leave for a year in the middle of the course.

After graduation he remained for a year in the Yale Law School, and then spent two years in the Harvard Law School, where he received the degree of LL.B. in 1856. He then began the practice of his profession in New York City, in the firm of Billings, Talcott & Hughes, and met with immediate success. In February, 1864, having found a Northern climate too severe for his constitution, he removed with his partner, Mr. Hughes, to New Orleans, La., where the firm soon acquired a large and

lucrative practice, chiefly in commercial law. He was also prominent in political matters, especially as counsel in the Republican interest during the Tilden-Hayes presidential controversy.

In February, 1876, he was appointed on President Grant's nomination U. S. District Judge for the Eastern District of Louisiana, which office he held until his death. In 1880 President Hayes nominated him as Judge of the U. S. Circuit Court for the Fifth District, but the President's term expired before the nomination had been confirmed. In his judicial station he showed ability and learning, and commanded the respect and confidence of the bar and of the public. The honorary degree of Doctor of Laws was conferred on him by Yale in 1890.

Judge Billings died at his summer home in New Haven, on December 1, 1893, at the age of 64, after a long illness, from heart trouble, complicated with a disease of the kidneys.

He married on October 20, 1874, Emily, daughter of Hervey Sanford, of New Haven, and widow of Captain James F. Armstrong, U. S. N., who died on January 3, 1886. They had no children. Judge Billings cherished his wife's memory with an almost romantic affection; and by his last will he left \$70,000 to found a Professorship of English in the College to be called by her name.

JULIUS CATLIN, JR., son of the Hon. Julius Catlin, Lieutenant Governor of Connecticut in 1858-61, and Mary (Fisher) Catlin, was born in Hartford, Conn., on April 11, 1833.

On graduation he made a year's trip around the world, and then settled in New York City as a commission merchant dealing in cloths and woollens. In this business he was successfully engaged until his death, which occurred suddenly, from heart-disease, while he was attending a reception at the Restigouche Salmon Clubhouse, in Matapedia, Quebec, on July 20, 1893, in the 61st year of his age.

He married on October 8, 1862, in Bennington, Vt., Frances H., daughter of Seth B. Hunt, of New York City, with whom he was associated in business. She survives him with three daughters.

1854

CARROLL CUTLER, second son of the Rev. Calvin Cutler (Dartmouth Coll. 1819) and Rhoda B. (Little) Cutler, was born on January 31, 1829, in Windham, N. H., where his father was settled over the Presbyterian Church until his death in 1844.

His preparation for College was accomplished only by great self-denial.

After graduation he taught for a year in a boys' boarding-school in Bloomfield, N. J. During the following year he was a student in the Union Theological Seminary, New York City. In September, 1856, he entered on a tutorship in Yale College, and continued in that office for two years, at the same time studying in the Divinity School. He then spent a year abroad, engaged in study (at Berlin and Halle) and travel, and in February, 1860, he was appointed Professor of Metaphysics and Rhetoric in Western Reserve College, Hudson, Ohio. In 1871 he was advanced to the presidency of the College, and he received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Marietta College in 1872. The College was removed in 1882 to Cleveland, and under the name of Adelbert College was made a part of a new Western Reserve University. The responsibilities involved in this change were very heavy, and Dr. Cutler thought it expedient to resign his presidential office in 1886, retaining, however, the professorship of Intellectual Philosophy for about three years longer. As a teacher he made a deep impress on his pupils, and he published in 1889 a useful text-book, *The Beginnings of Ethics* (8°, pp. xiv, 324).

He then went to Biddle University, a Presbyterian institution for colored youth, in Charlotte, N. C., where he served as Professor of Theology for two years. His last employment was as Instructor in Theology in a similar institution in Talladega, Alabama, where he died from pneumonia, after a week's illness, on January 25, 1894, at the age of 65.

He married on August 10, 1858, Frances E., daughter of the Rev. Joseph S. Gallagher, of Bloomfield, N. J., who survives him with one daughter.

ALEXANDER HUNTER GUNN, son of Dr. Alexander N. Gunn (Columbia Coll. 1828) and Amelia (Gilbert) Gunn, was born in New York City on July 15, 1834.

For six years after graduating he was employed as clerk in mercantile houses in New York City. He then began the study of law, and in December, 1861, he was admitted to the New York Bar. After having practiced his profession for nearly a year, a favorable opportunity presented itself for going into mercantile business, and he became (in November, 1862) a mem-

ber of the wholesale drug house of Wm. D. Harris & Co. in Chicago. He retired from this firm in 1867, and for the rest of his life was mainly engaged in the real-estate business in Chicago. From 1880 to 1884 he was Assistant Secretary of the Chicago Board of Trade. He removed his residence in May, 1872, from Chicago to the suburb of Evanston, Ill., where he died very suddenly from lung trouble on July 11, 1893, at the age of 59. For the last seven years he was an Elder in the Presbyterian Church.

He married, on February 11, 1863, at Burlington, Wisc., Miss Emily A., daughter of Dr. Edward G. Dyer, who survives him with two sons and three daughters, the elder son being a graduate of the University of Illinois in 1892.

1855

JOHN RODOLPH JARBOE was born in Elk Ridge, Howard County, Md., on February 16, 1836, and entered College at the beginning of Junior year, from Baltimore.

He studied law in Baltimore for a year, and in July, 1856, went to California, where he taught school for one year in Alameda, continuing in the meantime his law studies. He was admitted to the bar in San Francisco in 1858, and entered the law-firm of Shattuck, Spencer & Reichert in that city. On the retirement of the senior partner, his name was added to the designation of the firm; and after this was dissolved by the deaths of his two partners, he formed a partnership with Ralph C. Harrison, which continued until the latter was elected to a position on the Supreme Bench of the State. After this he was in business by himself, with the assistance latterly of his son (LL.B. Yale 1891). He was recognized as one of the ablest and best known lawyers in California, and had been identified with some of the most prominent cases before the courts, as well as sought as an adviser by several of the wealthiest citizens. His large practice necessitated excessive work, and his health failed under the strain. After an illness of about seven weeks he died at his home in San Francisco, on July 4, 1893, in his 58th year.

He married on October 24, 1860, Miss Mary H. Thomas, who survives him with one daughter and one son.

1856

WILLIAM TILDEN KITTREDGE, son of William F. and Mary (Tilden) Kittredge, was born in Norwalk, Ohio, on the 21st of September, 1835.

After graduation he studied law in Cincinnati, and was there admitted to the bar in April, 1858. In May, 1859, he settled in Wilton, Waseca County, Minn., where he had a successful practice until August, 1861, when he enlisted in the 4th Minnesota Infantry. He served with distinction in the war, was wounded at Vicksburg, and was mustered out in December, 1865, with the brevet rank of Major. He then resumed his practice in Wilton, and in April, 1867, married Miss Emma E. Cook, of Buffalo. He remained in Wilton until forced by a partial paralysis of the eyes to abandon his profession. After wandering in search of health, he finally settled in California and engaged in farming. His closing years were spent in Santa Rosa, Sonoma County, where his wife died on December 29, 1891; and he himself passed away, leaving no family, five days later, on January 2, 1892, in his 57th year.

1857

HENRY CLEVELAND PRATT, son of Henry Z. Pratt, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., on the 8th of September, 1836, and died of apoplexy in Rosebank (formerly Clifton), Staten Island, N. Y., on September 10, 1893, at the age of 57. In his childhood the family removed to Hartford, Conn., whither he returned after graduation for the study of law. He pursued his studies further in the Law School of Harvard University, after September, 1858, and there received the degree of LL.B. in 1860.

In May, 1860, he was admitted to the bar in New York City, and practiced there until 1878, when he removed to Galveston, Texas, on account of ill health. He practiced in Galveston until September, 1880, when he was able to resume his professional life in New York, and there he continued in full activity until his death.

He married in Hartford, on June 20, 1860, Kate B., daughter of Sidney I. Cowen, of Albany, N. Y., who died on February 27, 1883. Their children were four daughters and three sons, of whom the eldest daughter (the wife of Wilbert W. Perry, Y. C. 1871) and two sons are now living.

1858

VOLNEY STAMPS ANDERSON, son of John B. and Nancy (Stamps) Anderson, was born in Keytsville, Chariton County, Mo., on April 19, 1835, and entered College from St. Louis.

During the first year after graduation he traveled and studied at home. Then followed a year in the Albany (N. Y.) Law School, where he received the degree of LL.B. in May, 1860. He practiced his profession in St. Louis for about a year, but in 1862 went to Idaho Territory, which became his subsequent residence. In 1864 he settled in Rocky Bar, Alturas County, where he was occupied partly in the practice of law but mainly in speculating in mining claims. His winters were usually passed in Boise City. From 1865 to 1868 he was Judge of the Probate Court of Alturas County. In 1868 he was elected to the Legislative Council (or Senate) of the Territory, and in 1874 to the Assembly (or House). In 1882 he removed to Hailey, where he continued until his death, except during about four years which he spent in London as Resident Director of the Atlanta Gold and Silver Consolidated Mines. He died in London on March 21, 1894, at the age of 59.

He married on August 29, 1878, Eliza S., daughter of Anapias Rice, of Kentucky, who died on October 17, 1879, leaving no children. He married, secondly, on April 5, 1882, Blanche, daughter of Francis C. Stainback, of Petersburg, Va., who survives him with their two sons.

MARTIN SMYSER EICHELBERGER, son of David and Rebecca (Smyser) Eichelberger, was born in York, Pa., on January 27, 1836.

He spent a few months after graduation in the study of theology in the Yale Divinity School. A weakness of the eyes then debarred him for a time from further study. In the fall of 1859 he began to read law at home, and in November, 1861, he was admitted to practice. He continued, nominally at least, in practice in York from this date until April, 1881, being Corporation Counsel for the borough for nearly half this period (1863-72). After 1883 he devoted himself largely to the improvement of a farm of a hundred and forty acres in the suburbs of York. Of fine literary taste, he accumulated a valuable library, and was particularly interested in all matters of local and colonial history. After a period of failing health, which confined him to his

house for a year or more, he died in York on July 10, 1893, in his 58th year. He was never married.

By his last will the University was left as his residuary legatee, and it is probable that a considerable sum will thus be realized.

WILLIAM HERRICK WOODWARD, son of Solomon and Lydia (Larned) Woodward, was born in Millbury, Mass., on May 19, 1838, and entered College from Woodstock, Vt.

The first four years after graduation he spent in Woodstock and in New York City, partly engaged in the study of law and in reading. During a portion of 1862-63 he was private secretary to the Rev. Dr. Bellows, of New York, the president of the U. S. Sanitary Commission. In October, 1863, he came to New Haven, where he was a member of a grocery firm until the following May. In the meantime he married, in New York, on April 18, Mrs. Helen E. Munson, of New Haven.

From June, 1865, until the beginning of 1870, he was engaged as a bookkeeper in New York City. He then returned to New Haven for two or three years, being the business manager of the *Palladium* for the latter part of that time. Thence he went South, where his wife's health failed, which brought him back to New Haven. In 1875 he became connected with the *Union*, and was business manager of that paper for some twelve years from 1878. In the spring of 1892 he became advertising agent of the *Evening Leader*, but in August, 1893, was ordered by his physician to stop work. He then went to Woodstock, Vt., where he died, of Bright's disease, on September 27, in his 56th year. His wife survives him.

1860

LYMAN BENHAM BUNNELL, son of Hezekiah and Amanda Bunnell, was born in Burlington, Conn., on August 18, 1832.

He remained in New Haven for two years after graduation, as Instructor in Gymnastics in the College Gymnasium, in the meantime studying law in the Yale Law School. He then removed to New York City, where he was admitted to the bar in November, 1862, and where he practiced law for many years. He was also engaged in business as a member of the firm of Bunnell & Sperry, mason contractors, but had largely retired from active pursuits for ten years before his death. He owned an orange-grove in Florida, and had spent the winters there for seven years.

After several months of infirm health, he died quite suddenly at Lake Maitland, Fla., on March 29, 1893, in the 61st year of his age.

He married on May 30, 1865, Miss Jennie V. Ranney, of West Townshend, Vt.

EDWARD LINUS GAUL, son of John Gaul, Esq., a leading lawyer of Columbia County, N. Y., was born in the city of Hudson on the 24th of February, 1837. He had spent two terms in Williams College before coming to Yale.

He studied law with his father for a few months after graduation, but in the spring of 1861 he enlisted in the U. S. Navy, where he served until February, 1862, as Assistant Purser and Captain's Clerk. In the following autumn he raised a company for the 159th N. Y. State Volunteers; of which regiment he was Lieutenant Colonel, at the time of his discharge, in June, 1864, on account of disability from swamp-fever, contracted in Louisiana, from the effects of which he never fully recovered. He then resumed his law studies, and was admitted to practice in December, 1865. He formed a partnership in Hudson with Cornelius Esselstyn, Esq., but in 1869 removed to New York City and accepted an editorial position on the *New-York Times*, in connection with the real-estate department. On his father's death in 1879 he returned to Hudson, to look after the interests of his estate, and that continued to be his residence until his death. He was well known through his prominence in Masonic circles and as an officer of the National Guard of the State of New York. He was unmarried.

He died in Hudson, after a long period of ill-health, on April 2, 1894, in his 58th year.

WILLIAM WALTER PHELPS, elder and only surviving son of John Jay Phelps and Rachel B. (Phinney) Phelps, was born in New York City on the 24th of August, 1839. He entered College in 1855, but left in March, 1857, on account of his health; in the fall of 1858 he joined the next lower class.

He was married on the evening of Commencement Day, July 26, 1860, to Miss Ellen Sheffield, daughter of Joseph E. Sheffield, Esq., of New Haven, and sailed at once for Europe, returning in the Spring of 1862. He then entered the Law School of Columbia College, where he was graduated with high honor in May, 1863. He practiced law with eminent success in New York City,

until the death of his father, in May, 1869, obliged him to relinquish general practice in order to devote himself to the management of the family estates and other private trusts. Soon after this, having removed his residence to Englewood, N. J., he became prominent in political affairs in that State, and in 1872 was elected by a large majority to the 43d Congress as a Republican. In his brief term of service he made a national reputation as a brilliant debater. He was again the nominee of his party in 1874, but was defeated by 7 votes. In May, 1881, he was appointed by President Garfield Minister to Austria, but he resigned his post in the summer of 1882. The same year he was re-elected to Congress, as also in 1884 and 1886. In June, 1889, President Harrison appointed him as Minister to Germany, where he represented his government with distinction for four years. On his return to America, in June, 1893, he accepted an appointment as Lay Judge of the Court of Errors and Appeals of New Jersey, and devoted himself laboriously to his duties in this relation until his last illness. He died of quick consumption at his home near Englewood, on June 17, 1894, in his 55th year.

His wife survives him with their three children, two sons (Y. C. 1883 and 1886, respectively) and one daughter.

Mr. Phelps was a warm friend of the College, and was included in the original election of Trustees by the Alumni in 1872. He retained this office until his refusal of a re-nomination in 1892. The degree of Doctor of Laws was conferred on him by the Corporation in June, 1890, as it had already been by Rutgers College in October, 1889. He had made liberal gifts at various times to the Sheffield Scientific School, the Medical and Law Schools, and other University interests, and as the trustee of a large bequest from his father as well as by his own gifts had been a very helpful friend to the University Library.

MORRIS WOODRUFF, second son of the Hon. Lewis B. Woodruff (Y. C. 1830), the first United States Circuit Judge of the 2nd Circuit, and Harriette Burnet Woodruff, daughter of Chief Justice Joseph C. Hornblower of New Jersey, was born in Newark, New Jersey, July 30, 1838.

Having prepared for College at Andover he entered the Freshman class in 1856, but did not complete the course, leaving in 1858 to engage in mercantile pursuits in New York City. Passing his novitiate with the dry-goods importing houses of Wil-

kinson, Stetson & Co., and E. R. Mudge, Sawyer & Co., he became in 1864 a member of the firm of George W. Lane & Co., importers of teas, of which house he was for over ten years and at the time of his death the head.

In October 1863 he married Juliette, the eldest daughter of his senior partner, George W. Lane, President of the N. Y. Chamber of Commerce, by whom he had four children, the elder son being a graduate of Yale College in 1893, and the younger now a member of the class of 1895 in the Sheffield Scientific School.

In 1874 the College conferred upon him the degrees of Bachelor and Master of Arts, and his name was enrolled with his class.

He was a member of the N. Y. Chamber of Commerce and for many years Treasurer of the Madison Square Presbyterian Church, of which he was also a member.

He died suddenly of paralysis at his home in the City of New York, March 3, 1894, in his 56th year. His wife and all his children survive him. He was a man of sterling qualities and of inflexible business and personal integrity, and his genial social characteristics endeared him to a large circle of friends.

1861

GEORGE MAKEPEACE TOWLE, only son of Nathaniel C. Towle (M.D. Bowdoin 1830) and Eunice (Makepeace) Towle, was born in Washington, D. C., where his father was then employed in the Post Office Department, on August 27, 1841.

After graduation he entered the Law School of Harvard University, where he received the degree of LL.B. in 1863. He was admitted to the Bar in Boston in December of that year, and for two years practiced his profession there, but his tastes leading him to literature and journalism, he then became a member of the editorial corps of the *Boston Post*. In the summer of 1866 he went abroad as U. S. Consul at Nantes, France, whence he was transferred in 1868 to Bradford, England.

On his return to America in 1870 he settled in Brookline, Mass., and for the rest of his life devoted himself mainly to literature and lecturing. He became in 1870 managing editor of the *Boston Commercial Bulletin*, and from 1871 to 1876 was foreign editor of the *Post*; and he was also a frequent contributor to the leading magazines and weekly papers. In 1891 he was elected to the State Senate as a Republican, and he was afterwards a member of the Governor's Council.

His published works include : History of Henry V of England (1866) ; American Society (2 vols., 1869) ; Heroes of History (6 vols., 1878-82) ; Certain Men of Mark (1880) ; England and Russia in Asia (1885) ; Young Folks' History of England (1886) ; besides a dozen or more other volumes, written, edited, or translated by him. At the time of his death he was engaged on the third volume of an extended compilation, entitled The Literature of the English Language.

After an illness of several months he died at his residence in Brookline, from paralysis of the brain, on August 10, 1893, at the age of 52.

He married, on September 16, 1866, Miss Nellie Lane, of Boston, who survives him, without children.

1862

THOMAS WEBB OSBORN, son of Thomas W. and Miriam I. (Reeve) Osborn, was born in Mattituck, in the township of Southold, Long Island, on the 13th of September, 1840. He entered College in 1857, but left the class in the following Spring, and joined the next class at the opening of Sophomore year.

He studied law at the Albany Law School, where he received the degree of LL.B. in 1863. From that time until his death he was a practicing lawyer in New York City. He died at his sister's residence in Peconic, in the town of Southold, Long Island, on December 15, 1893, in his 54th year. He had been for some time despondent from continued ill-health.

He married, on September 27, 1870, Miss Lizzie C. Metford, of New York City, who survives him with one daughter.

1865

CHARLES EDWARD BLAKE, son of Charles M. Blake (Bowdoin College, 1842), was born in Holden, Me., on the 14th of August, 1845. His father entered about 1853 the ministry of the Presbyterian Church, and became a Chaplain in the U. S. Volunteer Army in 1861.

At once after graduating he entered the army as a 2d Lieutenant of the 40th U. S. Colored Infantry, and remained with that regiment until mustered out in April, 1866. He then began the study of law, while engaged in farming near Prescott, Arizona, where his father was stationed. In 1869, owing to the ravages of the Indians, he sold his farm and removed to California. He

there engaged in teaching and in the study of medicine, and in 1873 graduated from the Medical College of the Pacific in San Francisco. For the rest of his life he practiced medicine with eminent success in San Francisco. He was for several years President of the State Medical Society. Disease contracted in the course of his practice in December, 1892, had rendered him subsequently a partial invalid, but as far as strength allowed he continued in the harness, and died very suddenly, from an affection of the heart, while in attendance on a patient, in San Francisco, on January 17, 1894, in his 49th year.

He married in San Francisco, on the 10th of June, 1874, Miss Martha Foster, of Boston, who survives him with their children, two daughters.

1866

ROLAND REDMOND, son of William Redmond, was born in Fairfield, Conn., on the 30th of August, 1845.

After graduating he became associated with his father in his business as an importer of linen goods in New York City, and he continued after his father's death in this business until December, 1887, when he retired from active commercial life. He was well-known as an enthusiastic sportsman, and was prominently identified with many movements in the State for the preservation and protection of game. He died at his residence in New York on March 4, 1894, in his 49th year.

He married on September 16, 1880, Helen C., daughter of Edward H. Bulkley, of New York, who survives him.

1867

THOMAS GREENWOOD, son of Walter Greenwood, was born in Providence, R. I., on the 27th of November, 1842, and entered College from East Templeton, Mass., in 1862. At the end of the sophomore year he left his class, and spent a year in the Commissary Department of the U. S. army, returning to Yale in 1865.

After graduation he taught for one year in Gambier, O., and for one year in Westchester, N. Y. He then spent four years in teaching in Jersey City, N. J., during which time he studied law at the Columbia Law School and was admitted to the New York Bar (1872). He practiced law in New York City from 1873, and in December, 1878, entered the office of the U. S. Attorney for the Southern District of New York as clerk. In October, 1885,

he was made Assistant Attorney, and this position he retained until his death.

After some months of ill health, which had, however, only kept him from his office for about two weeks, he died at his residence in New York on June 2, 1894, in his 52d year.

1868

EDWARD ALEXANDER LAWRENCE, only son of the Rev. Dr. Edward A. Lawrence (Dartmouth Coll. 1834) and Margaret O. (Woods) Lawrence, was born on January 16, 1847, in Marblehead, Mass., where his father was then pastor of the First Congregational Church. When he was about eight years old his father became professor in the Theological Institute of Connecticut, at East Windsor, whence he entered College.

After graduation he began the study of theology at Princeton, and in the spring of 1869 went to Germany, where he spent two years in further theological study in the University of Halle, and one year in the University of Berlin. From January to June, 1873, he was Tutor in German in Yale College, and on July 15, 1873, he was ordained (in St. Albans, Vt.) to the work of the ministry. He then preached for about two years in the Presbyterian Church in Champlain, N. Y., and in September, 1875, he was installed over the Congregational Church in Poughkeepsie, N. Y. In November, 1883, leaving Poughkeepsie, he accepted a call to the Plymouth (Congregational) Church in Syracuse, N. Y., and at once began his work with them, although not installed until January 29, 1884. On March 23, 1886, he resigned this charge, to undertake a tour around the world for the inspection and study of missions, which occupied him until late in 1887. In 1888-89 he was acting pastor of the Presbyterian Church in Sing Sing, N. Y. Meantime he had delivered a valuable course of lectures on missions in the Andover Theological Seminary, parts of which in other forms were given elsewhere with great acceptance.

In May, 1889, he was called to the First Congregational Church in Baltimore, Md., where he was installed on November 21. He served this church, and was a valuable influence for good in the city, until his lamented death, after a week's illness, from peritonitis, in Baltimore, on November 10, 1893, aged nearly 47 years.

He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Beloit College in June, 1893. He was never married.

EDWARD SPENCER MEAD, son of E. M. and Elizabeth (Hoe) Mead, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., on January 10, 1847, and entered College from New York City.

In 1870 he entered into partnership with Mr. Frank H. Dodd, forming the firm of Dodd & Mead, publishers, in New York City. In 1876, on the admission of another partner, the firm became Dodd, Mead & Co., in connection with which Mr. Mead continued until his death. He had charge, as far and as long as his health allowed, of the literary department of the business, and took a just pride in the success which the firm achieved. His health was delicate even in College, but his delight in outdoor sports helped to prolong his life, and his indomitable will enabled him to struggle for years under the inroads of consumption. He died of Bright's disease at his cottage in Southampton, L. I., on January 10, 1894, aged 47 years.

He married on May 4, 1870, Susan, daughter of the Rev. Dr. John S. C. Abbott (Bowdoin 1825), who survives him. They had no children.

HENRY STUART SWAYNE, son of Justice Noah H. and Sarah Ann (Wager) Swayne, was born in Columbus, O., on the 2d of June, 1845. He entered College in 1863, but left early in Sophomore year, returning a year later to the next class.

He did not enter a profession, but was mainly occupied with business interests and travel. From 1869 till the spring of 1872 he was Assistant Civil Engineer of the St. Paul, Minneapolis and Manitoba Railroad. In January, 1873, he entered into a firm in Toledo, O., for the manufacture of mouldings. On December 22, 1875, he married in Bloomington, Ill., Sallie W., daughter of the Hon. David Davis, at that time an associate of his father on the Supreme Court of the United States. In January, 1885, he retired from business, to devote himself to the care of certain property in which he was interested, and to these duties was added the following year the settlement of his father-in-law's estate.

Early in the summer of 1893 he returned from Europe to his home in Bloomington. A cold which he had contracted in Paris settled in his lungs, and brought on hemorrhages, during one of which he died, in Bloomington, on November 25, in the 49th year of his age. His wife survives him. They had no children.

1870

ROBERT BALDWIN, only son of Robert T. and Ann H. (Hart) Baldwin, of Baltimore, Md., was born in that city on the 12th of March, 1847. On graduation he began the study of law in Baltimore, and after some interruptions caused by business engagements and European travel he received the degree of LL.B. from the University of Maryland in May, 1873. He followed his profession in his native city, and acquired a large practice, while being also prominent in several measures for public improvement.

He married, on November 18, 1880, Jennie N., daughter of Ansel Bascom, of Seneca Falls, N. Y. While visiting his wife's former home for the benefit of his health, he died there, on April 21, 1894, at the age of 47 years.

THOMAS JOSEPH TILNEY, son of Joseph and Janet Tilney, was born in Paris, Canada, February 28th, 1845. When he was about fourteen years of age, his father removed to Brooklyn, N. Y., whence he entered college.

After graduation he studied law at the Columbia College Law School, where he was graduated with distinguished honor. He was admitted to the bar in May, 1873, and practiced law in the City of New York until the year 1887, when failing health compelled a change of vocation and he assumed the presidency of a manufacturing corporation. He married, June 3d, 1873, Katharine, daughter of Jonas P. Hutchinson of Brooklyn, N. Y., who died on September 4th, 1891.

He died at Brooklyn, N. Y., December 19th, 1893, in his 49th year, after a short illness, leaving surviving him four sons, the oldest of whom is a member of the present Freshman Class in Yale College.

1871

WILLIAM EDWARD DAVIDSON, the eldest child of William G. and Judith C. (Holman) Davidson, was born in West Millbury, Mass., on the 19th of August, 1840. He was obliged to earn his own support, both at school and in college, and his course was still further delayed by his service for a year (1864-65) in the Union Army, as a member of the First Battalion Mass. Heavy Artillery. He finally entered college in 1866, but left the class in Sophomore year and subsequently joined the class below.

On graduation he became Principal of the Academy in Woodstock, Conn., where he did good service until 1874, when he went to Boston to prepare for the legal profession. He took the regular course in the Law School of Boston University, and received the degree of LL.B. in 1876. Meantime he was admitted to the bar, and the rest of his life was spent as a practicing lawyer in the same city. The perseverance and Christian patience which he had shown in earlier struggles were continued in later life; and though prostrated some two years before his death by a very severe attack of the grip, which left him almost a physical wreck, he bore his sufferings with heroic fortitude and kept a hold upon his professional business until almost the last week of his life. In January 1894, he suffered from a second attack of the same malady, which resulted in his death, in Danielsonville, in the town of Killingly, Conn., on February 2, 1894, in his 54th year.

He married, on August 1, 1871, Miss Frances E., daughter of the late Judge Thomas Backus, of Danielsonville, who survives him.

1873

JERE WILLIAM CLEMENS, son of James Clemens, Jr., and Eliza (Mullanphy) Clemens, was born in St. Louis, Mo., on January 4, 1852.

He spent the two years and a half next after graduation in Germany, and then settled in St. Louis, with the nominal occupation of a dealer in real estate. His life was diversified by further foreign travel, and about 1887, on account of his brother's health, he removed to Southern California, where he cultivated a large ranch in Mission valley.

He died in San Diego, Cal., after a month's illness, the result of a cold, and ending in hemorrhage on April 23, 1894, in his 43d year. He was never married. He inherited a large fortune, and was very liberal in the aid of worthy objects.

1874

THOMAS WILLIAMS GROVER, son of Zuinglius Grover (Brown Univ. 1842) and Mary (Williams) Grover, was born in Nashua, N. H., on November 29, 1846. His father was a teacher in Providence, R. I., until 1857, and after that date in Chicago, Ill., whence his son entered college.

After graduation he studied law in the Law School of Columbia College, New York City, where he received the degree of LL.B. in 1876. In 1876 he was admitted to the bar of New York, and to the bar of Illinois in 1877. He taught almost continuously in Chicago from that date until his death,—being instructor in the classics for most of the time in the University School. He died in Chicago, from pneumonia, after a brief illness, on November 17, 1893, at the age of 47.

He married, on November 30, 1881, Miss Lilly Winston, of Chicago, daughter of the Hon. Frederick H. Winston, late U. S. Minister to Persia, who survives him. Of their three children, only one daughter is still living.

1875

WILLIAM DRUMMOND PAGE, son of Albert G. and Maria L. (Drummond) Page, was born in Bath, Maine, on March 16, 1853.

He went to New York City at graduation, and after reading law for two years in the office of Austin Abbott, spent one year in the Columbia College Law School and was admitted to the bar in March, 1878. He was then in the office of Martin and Smith until October, 1881, when he opened an office of his own. In 1888 he formed a partnership with Henry W. Taft (Y. C. 1880), which continued until his death. A severe attack of influenza in 1890 undermined his health, and in 1892 symptoms of heart-trouble appeared. He persisted nevertheless in attending to his daily business, though warned by increasing feebleness, and death found him at work in his office on September 25, 1893, when in his 41st year.

He married on October 31, 1882, Helen J., daughter of George B. Grinnell, of New York, and a sister of two of his classmates, who survives him with their children, two daughters and three sons.

1876

LEWIS JONATHAN WARREN, son of Edmund L. and Lucretia Warren, was born in Killingly, Conn., on the 15th of April, 1850. His early advantages were limited, and he was not able to determine on a college course until after he had reached his majority.

On graduation he entered the Medical School of Harvard University, where he received the degree of M.D. in 1879. In August of that year he began practice in Winchester, Mass.,

and on December 3 he married Miss Ardinelle Safford, of Boston. In April, 1880, he removed to the West, and settled in Clay Center, Kansas, where he remained with growing success until his death. He devoted himself unsparingly to his laborious profession, and undermined his health by his self-sacrificing efforts. He was also a leader in the Christian work of the place, and a public-spirited citizen, serving, for example, as president of the City Board of Education until a short time before his death. He died in Clay Center, on December 4, 1893, in his 44th year.

His wife survives him, without children.

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1879

THOMAS EDWARD ROCHFORD, son of Thomas and Catharine A. (Jackson) Rochfort, of County West Meath, Ireland, was born in New Haven, Conn., on the 30th of August, 1857.

After graduation he was employed for eighteen months as principal of the Fairfield (Conn.) Academy, and then entered the Yale Law School. Soon after this, however, he procured a situation as instructor in Latin in the High School in Washington, D. C., and in this way was enabled to support himself while continuing his studies in the Law School of the Columbian University, where he was graduated in June, 1882. He then went at once to New York City where he had acquired before his death a remarkably good position at the bar for so young a practitioner. Finally, overwork brought on a severe attack of nervous prostration, early in 1893, and the remaining year of his life was a losing battle with disease. He went to Cincinnati for medical treatment in the latter part of March, 1894, and died there, very suddenly, on April 1, from the bursting of an abscess on the lung, in the 37th year of his age. He was never married.

1880

CHARLES LANGDON SHERMAN, eldest child of Carlos S. and Charlotte L. (Langdon) Sherman, was born in Castleton, Vt., on June 22, 1858.

After graduation he became associated with his father's business as a hat-manufacturer in Philadelphia, and remained there until about two years before his death. He then went to St. Louis, and was engaged in teaching for a short time. The progress of disease obliged him to go thence to New Mexico, where he died, from consumption, in the village of Eddy, on December 21, 1893, in his 36th year. He was unmarried.

1881

HARRY HITCHINGS, son of Benjamin G. Hitchings, was born at Gravesend, L. I., N. Y., on the 21st of April, 1860.

He studied law after his college course, and entered on the practice of his profession in conjunction with his father and brother in New York City. Soon after an obscure spinal disease, which defied all medical skill, overcame him, and for eight years and until his death he was practically confined to the house. He died at his home in Gravesend on the 6th of February, 1894, in his 34th year.

1883

WILLIAM JAMES HOLLY, son of James Holly, was born in Philadelphia, Pa., on October 1, 1859.

After graduation he spent three years in the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, and received the degree of M.D. on May 1, 1886. He practiced in Philadelphia until his death there on April 18, 1893, in his 34th year.

EDWARD TOMPKINS McLAUGHLIN, eldest and only surviving child of the Rev. D. D. Tompkins McLaughlin (Y. C. 1834) and Mary W. (Brownell) McLaughlin, was born in Sharon, Connecticut, where his father was then pastor of the Congregational Church, on May 28, 1860. He entered College from Litchfield, Connecticut, where his parents had lived from 1872.

During his undergraduate course he showed marked ability in his literary work, and he was invited to remain as a graduate scholar with the distinct purpose of preparing himself for a position as a teacher of English. In 1884 he was appointed Tutor in English in the College, and he held this rank until 1890 when he was made Assistant Professor of the same subject. In May, 1893, before the expiration of this engagement, he was given a permanent appointment, with the title of Professor of Rhetoric and Belles Lettres. In the following vacation he was attacked with typhoid fever, and after an illness of two weeks died at his residence in New Haven, on July 25, in his 34th year.

He was married on July 19, 1892, to Sarah J., daughter of Professor George J. Brush, of New Haven, who survives him.

Professor McLaughlin had already made a marked impression as a teacher, and much was expected from him in the development of his department of instruction in the College. His excep-

tional gifts as a suggestive critic and interpreter of literature were enforced by an unusually wide culture as well as by a growing power of felicitous expression.

A few months before his death he published a volume of *Literary Criticism*, selected from English Essays, with notes; and since his death a school-edition of Marlowe's *Edward II.* and a volume of miscellaneous *Studies in Mediæval Life and Literature* (pp. xi, 188) from his pen have been issued.

A memorial fund, to provide for the award of prizes for improvement in English composition in the Freshman Class in College, has been constituted by gifts from friends and former pupils.

JOSEPH JAMES ROSE, son of Joseph Rose, was born in Bristol, England, on November 25, 1858, and was a resident of Bridgeport, Connecticut, when he entered College.

After graduation he taught school at Greenfield Hill, in Fairfield, Conn., for a year. Later he studied law in Bridgeport with the Hon. Amos S. Treat, and was admitted to the Fairfield County Bar in May, 1885. He then entered on the practice of his profession in Bridgeport in partnership with Charles Sherwood (Y. C. 1872), and in 1892 became a member of the law-firm of Paige, Rose and Carroll. He was elected by the State Legislature on the 1st of March, 1893, to the Judgeship of the City Court of Bridgeport, but fulfilled the duties of this office for only a few months, owing to failing health.

He died in Bridgeport, after a lingering and painful illness, on October 8, 1893, in his 35th year.

He married, on September 2, 1886, Miss Mary E. Porter, who with three daughters survives him.

Judge Rose had won in a remarkable degree the respect of the community by the honesty and uprightness of his life and the evidence of capacity for higher achievement, while struggling for years with cheerful courage against growing ill-health.

1885

HERBERT HENRY WHITE, son of William W. and Elizabeth S. White, was born in New Haven, Conn., on November 16, 1861.

He remained in New Haven for three years after graduation, pursuing advanced study (principally in the classics) on the Clark and Larned scholarship foundations, and assisting in the

Dean's office. In 1888 he received the degree of Master of Arts on examination; and was then elected Professor of Latin and Greek in Gates College, at Neligh, Nebraska, where he did good work until his death in that place, from typhoid fever, after a short illness, on December 4, 1893, at the age of 32 years.

He was not married.

1886

WASHINGTON IRVING HUNT, son of the Rev. Ward I. Hunt, was born in Ellington, Chautauqua County, N. Y., where his father was then a Congregational pastor, on November 17, 1864. In 1871 his father removed from New York to Michigan, and he spent the first two years of his College course at Olivet College in that State.

His distinguished promise as a classical student led to his appointment at graduation to a scholarship which he held for two years, and in 1888 he entered on a tutorship in Greek in the College. On June 9, 1889, he married at Columbus, Mich., Sarah H., daughter of Eugene K. Breese, and the following year he spent in study and travel in Germany, Italy, and Greece. He then resumed his tutorship, was reappointed for another term of service in March, 1892, and in June received on examination the degree of Ph.D. His conscientious application to his work had, however, undermined his health; and he broke down suddenly with pulmonary trouble in the following July. He was then obliged to resign his place, and went to his home in Michigan for entire rest. His condition had so improved that he had accepted an appointment received in the middle of August, 1893, to an Assistant-Professorship of Latin in the University of California, when he was again prostrated by a severe hemorrhage, and died, in Columbus, Michigan, on the 25th of the same month, in his 29th year. His wife survives him with a son.

Dr. Hunt's scholarship and skill as an instructor had raised the highest hopes for his future; while the transparent beauty of his character attracted the respect and admiration of all who knew him.

WILLIAM McELROY was born in Albany, N. Y., on March 4, 1865, the son of John E. McElroy and Mary Arthur McElroy (a sister of President Arthur).

After graduating he studied law in the Albany Law School, receiving the degree of LL.B. in May, 1887. In May, 1888, he

was admitted to the bar, and he practiced his profession in his native city with marked success until within a few days of his death.

On November 22, 1892, at Little Haddam, Conn., he married Mary C., the daughter of the late William E. Nichols, and the sister of a classmate. After an illness of ten days, from typhoid fever, he died in Albany on April 5, 1893, at the age of 28.

WALTER GAY STEBBINS, son of the Hon. John M. Stebbins (Dartmouth Coll. 1848) and Harriet C. (Haile) Stebbins, was born in Springfield, Mass., on June 4, 1865.

For a year after graduation he studied law with his father, and the next year he spent also in Springfield, engaged partly in real-estate business. In September, 1888, he entered the Harvard Medical School, in Boston, and in 1892 he received the degrees of A.M. and M.D., *cum laude*. He served as surgical house-officer from July, 1891, to January, 1893, at the Boston City Hospital, and in his work there showed a good surgical judgment and scrupulous attention to the comfort of his patients. After this he was house-officer at the Boston Lying-In Hospital from March to September, 1893. After a brief vacation he returned to the City Hospital on September 26, as a substitute for an absent officer for a few weeks, at the expiration of which time he expected to sail for Europe. Almost immediately after his arrival at the hospital he contracted diphtheria from a patient, from which he died there on October 8, in his 29th year. His industry and interest in his profession were full of unusual promise.

1887

CLARENCE GLISAN, son of Rodney Glisan, M.D. (Univ. Md.), was born in Portland, Oregon, on January 21, 1865.

After a year's study of medicine in Willamette University, at Salem, Oregon, and in his father's office, he entered in the fall of 1888 the Middle class of the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York City, where he was graduated in 1890, receiving an appointment by competitive examination on the surgical staff of Bellevue Hospital. After an interval spent at home he returned to this position at Bellevue on May 1, 1891, and in the summer of 1892 settled permanently in practice in his native city. He died there, after a brief illness, from rupture of the bowels, on August 22, 1893, in his 29th year.

WILLIAM BURRAGE KENDALL, JR., only son of William B. and Harriet M. Kendall, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., on September 10, 1865.

Upon graduation he went into his father's business, in New York City, and at the time of his death was junior member of the firm of W. B. Kendall & Son, sole agents for the Bigelow Carpet Company of Clinton, Mass. On December 1, 1891, he married Helen E., daughter of Thomas E. Stillman, of Brooklyn. He died in Brooklyn, after an illness of several months, from enteritis, on October 3, 1893, in his 29th year.

His wife and a daughter survive him.

1889

HORACE FLETCHER WALKER, son of Charles I. Walker, was born in Detroit, Mich., on the 11th of July, 1868, and died of consumption at the Hawaiian Hotel, in Honolulu, on the 9th of January, 1894, at the age of 26½ years.

He was distinguished as a scholar while in College, especially in the direction of the modern languages, and gave promise of unusual success as a teacher. For the year after graduation he taught in a private school in Stamford, Conn., and then entered the Yale Law School, at the same time serving as instructor in French in the Sheffield Scientific School. His health, however, gave way at this time, and the residue of his life was spent in an unavailing search for its restoration.

YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL.

1827

HENRY BRONSON, second son of Judge Bennet Bronson (Y. C. 1797) and Anne (Smith) Bronson, was born in Waterbury, Conn., on January 30, 1804.

He practiced medicine in Waterbury until 1845, but in that year removed his residence to New Haven, having already since 1842 filled the chair of Materia Medica and Therapeutics in the Yale Medical School, which he held (with the exception of a single year) until 1860. The honorary degree of Master of Arts had been conferred on him in 1840. He entered very little into general practice after his removal, but employed his leisure

largely in writing on historical and economic subjects. He was the author of a valuable *History of Waterbury*, published in 1858 (8°, pp. viii, 583), and of three extended and important contributions to the *Papers of the New Haven Colony Historical Society* (*A Historical Account of Connecticut Currency*, 1865, pp. 192; *Medical History and Biography*, 1877, pp. 150; *Chapters on the Early Government of Connecticut*, 1882, pp. 111), besides papers in the *Proceedings of the Connecticut Medical Society*, and others privately printed. His accuracy and good judgment, with a certain raciness of style, made him an admirable historian and biographer. He was President of the *State Medical Society* in 1869. He was in 1865-66 a member of the *City Board of Education*, and in 1860 was elected president of the *New Haven County Bank*. Between 1873 and 1890 he gave to the *University* upwards of \$80,000 to constitute a fund for providing instruction in *Comparative Anatomy*. He also gave \$20,000 to the *New Haven Hospital* and \$10,000 to the hospital in *Waterbury*.

He married on June 3, 1831, Sarah M., fourth daughter of the Hon. Samuel Lathrop (Y. C. 1792), of West Springfield, Mass., by whom he had four sons, of whom one died in infancy; the other three were all graduates of the *University* (Y. C. 1855, S. S. S. 1856, and Med. School 1866), and the two older are still living.

Mrs. Bronson died on April 29, 1889. Dr. Bronson's health was broken down some twenty-five years ago by acute disease of the bladder, and he died in *New Haven* on Nov. 26, 1893, in his 90th year. He was the oldest living graduate of the *Medical School*.

1829

ELIJAH FOWLER BRYAN was born near *Masonville*, *Delaware County*, *N. Y.*, on April 27, 1801.

He practiced medicine in *Granville*, *Ohio*, from the date of his graduation until the fall of 1889, when his family persuaded him to retire, much against his will. He was married twice, and had four children by his first wife and three by his second wife. After the death of the latter, in January, 1892, he removed to the residence of his only surviving child, a son by his first marriage, in *Lima*, *Ohio*, where he died on November 24, 1893, after a week's illness from the grip, aged 92½ years.

1831

RICHARD HENRY SALTER was born in Mansfield, Conn., on the 2d of August, 1808, the second son and ninth child of John Salter (Y. C. 1788) and Mary (Williams) Salter. He was prepared for College, at Willington, Conn., and at Andover, Mass., but owing to a peculiar shyness of disposition gave up the idea of a College course, though covering the ground of the collegiate studies by himself and with tutors. In 1826 he began the study of medicine with Dr. Samuel B. Woodward, of Wethersfield, Conn., in whose family he resided for most of the time until 1832, latterly as the doctor's assistant.

He first settled in practice in Norwich, Conn., but removed in the late fall of 1835 to Boston, taking up his residence in the old West End of the city, where he remained until his death.

During the night of July 19-20, 1893, he slipped in crossing his room and fractured the right femur. A few days later he was taken to the Massachusetts General Hospital, and was doing well when pneumonia set in and he passed quietly away on the morning of August 4, having kept his 85th birthday two days before.

Dr. Salter was a typical example of the old school of practitioners, an earnest student in the literature of the profession, and widely interested also in other lines of study, especially in philosophy and history. In 1847 he published a translation of de Mais-tre on the Divine Origin of Government. The honorary degree of Master of Arts was conferred on him by Kenyon College in 1854. He was prominent in founding the Church of the Advent in Boston, of which he was for twenty-five years an earnest member; he then joined the Roman Catholic Church. He was surgeon of the 1st Massachusetts Regiment in the civil war, and remained with his regiment from May, 1861, until ill-health compelled him to resign in February, 1863.

On the 29th of April, 1835, he married Abigail Wheeler, daughter of the Rev. Professor Leonard Woods, D.D., of Andover. She died in 1883; of their six children four are still living.

1832

AMOS WRIGHT, son of Dr. Amos C. and Lydia (Kinne) Wright, was the first white male child born in Tallmadge, Ohio, the date being October 5, 1808. His father was through a long life the leading physician of the town, and the son followed the same

calling, taking his first course of lectures in Cincinnati, and completing his studies in New Haven; he was unable, however, at that time to remain and get his degree, but it was granted him, on his request, in 1891.

He spent his life in the eminently successful practice of his profession in Tallmadge, and maintained to the end remarkable physical powers and unimpaired mental faculties. He was quick of perception, of tireless energy, expert in diagnosis, and a benevolent and public-spirited citizen. He died from circulatory and digestive derangements, common to old age, on September 22, 1892, after a short illness, at the age of 84.

He married Clemence Fenn in 1831; nine children were born to them, of whom six still survive.

1835.

JOSEPH WILLIAM CAMP, a native of Litchfield, Conn., died in Bristol, Conn., where he had spent his long professional life, on February 6, 1894, in his 85th year.

He married in early life, Lucy, daughter of Elisha Brewster, of Bristol, who survives him, with two sons and three daughters.

JOSEPH A. CORWIN, son of William and Martha (Vance) Corwin, was born in Sparta, Sussex County, N. J., on the 17th of May, 1810.

He began the practice of medicine in Washington, N. J., and shortly after removed to Belleville, N. J., where he continued in arduous service until 1849, when his retirement was occasioned by exhaustion. After nearly a year of illness he removed to Newark, N. J., and there remained active and useful in his profession until near the close of life.

He married in 1837 Miss Tarquinia T. Kenny, by whom he had three sons and a daughter. She died in 1851, and he next married, on September 18, 1856, Emma W., eldest child of Samuel A. Baldwin, of Newark, by whom he had three sons, who are still living. One son by the first marriage (a surgeon in the Navy) died before his father; and Mrs. Corwin died in the early part of the year 1892. Dr. Corwin, whose strength had been gradually declining for a year or two, failed after this more rapidly, and died at the residence of his eldest son, in East Orange, N. J., on September 13, 1893, in his 84th year.

1847

THOMAS CUDDEBACK, of French Huguenot extraction, was born on August 31, 1825, in Deerpark, Orange County, N. Y., where his ancestors had lived for six generations.

After graduation he practiced medicine in Port Jervis, N. Y., for about three years, or until ill-health compelled him to give up his profession. In 1866 he again attempted to practice, but was unable to continue except for a brief period. In 1870 he removed to Big Flats, in Chemung County, where he remained until his death (except for a short period spent in North Dakota), engaged in agricultural pursuits. He attained a position of prominence and usefulness wherever he was located, due to the kindness and gentleness of his disposition and his firm adherence to the teachings of the Bible, the guiding power of his life. He died in Big Flats, N. Y., on the 3d of November, 1893, in his 69th year.

He married on August 31st, 1847, Mary Elizabeth Thompson, who survives him, with two sons and a daughter.

ALFRED PATTEN MONSON, the oldest child of Dr. Alfred S. Monson (Y. C. 1815) and Mary Ann (Patten) Monson, of New Haven, Conn., was born in this city on June 20, 1823,

He practiced his profession for only brief periods (in Dubuque, Iowa, and Flushing, L. I.), his health not allowing continued exertion. He went to California in 1849, and subsequently traveled widely. He died in Cañon City, Colorado, of a disease of the kidneys, on May 2, 1894, aged nearly 71 years.

He married Miss Harriet Mygatt, of New Haven, who survives him with two sons and two daughters.

1850.

WILLIAM COOK WILLIAMS, eldest son of William C. Williams, M.D. (honorary Yale 1842), and Julia W. (Cook) Williams, born in Roxbury, Conn., on the 21st of August, 1828, and received his preparatory education at Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Mass.

He began the practice of medicine in New Hartford, Conn., but removed in 1851 to New Milford, and thence in 1854 to Cheshire, Conn., where he was just finishing his fortieth year of service at the time of his lamented death. He had by far the most extensive practice of any physician ever located in that

place, including a large clientele in all the surrounding towns. His success in his profession was phenomenal, and he left the remarkable record of having never lost an obstetrical case in all his long career. He was gifted with the faculty of inspiring his patients with confidence in his skill, while his geniality and cheerfulness made him welcome in the sick-room, as a friend as well as a physician.

He died in Cheshire, from septicæmia, contracted in the course of professional work, on May 18, 1894, in his 66th year.

He married on June 19, 1850, Lucinda, daughter of Beman Fairchild, of Brookfield, Conn., who died several years before him. Their children were two sons—both of whom became physicians—and one daughter; of these the elder son is deceased.

1853

LUCIUS ANTHONY SMITH was born in Prospect, New Haven County, Conn., on the 11th of July, 1831, and died at his residence in Greenpoint, Brooklyn, N. Y., on the 5th of January, 1894, aged 62½ years.

Just before graduation he served for about a year as apothecary in the Retreat for the Insane in Hartford, Conn., and then began practice in New Haven. Ill health interrupted his career here after a few months, but subsequently he removed to New York City, where he took an additional course of lectures at the College of Physicians and Surgeons.

In 1863 he definitely relinquished his profession, and thenceforward devoted himself entirely to the study of marine architecture and engineering—a subject which had always fascinated him. He was connected with the Continental Iron Works of Brooklyn, and in charge of the designing and construction of vessels became known as a naval architect of ability.

1855

HENRY DAVIS died in Wallingford, Conn., on August 10, 1893, in his 63d year. He was born in Oxford, Conn., on October 10, 1830, the elder son of Lewis and Lucinda (Perkins) Davis.

He resided and practiced in Bethlehem, Conn., from his graduation until 1867, when he removed to Seymour, Conn. In 1870 he removed to Wallingford, where he remained until his death.

He was a member of the General Assembly from Bethlehem in 1866, and again from Wallingford in 1873. During his residence in Seymour he was treasurer of the town for two years (1867-68).

He married, on November 28, 1855, Amelia Beecher, of Bethlehem, who died on May 28, 1893, a few weeks before his own death.

1861

SAMUEL HAWLEY OLMSTEAD died in Brooklyn, N. Y., from cerebral hemorrhage on the 22d of December, 1893, aged 55 years. He was the fourth son of the late Dr. Hawley Olmstead (Y. C. 1816), and was born in Wilton, Conn., Aug. 9th, 1838. He obtained his preliminary education at Hopkins Grammar School in New Haven, Conn., of which his father was long the Rector.

After graduation he traveled in Europe, visiting the principal hospitals and studying their methods. He returned home soon after the outbreak of the War of the Rebellion and entered the volunteer service on Sept. 11th, 1862, joining the 170th New York Volunteers (Corcoran's Irish Legion). He was commissioned as assistant surgeon by Governor Morgan, Nov. 10th, 1862, and went to the front with his regiment. He served in the Department of Washington and Virginia, was with the army of the Potomac, and took part in the following battles: Blackwater, Suffolk, Spottsylvania Court House, North Anna, Tolopotomy Creek, Cold Harbor, Petersburg, Boydston Road, and Deep Bottom. He was wounded on the field of battle while in the discharge of his professional duties, and on recovery was detailed for duty at the Depot Field Hospital at City Point, where he served during the three months ending Dec. 1, 1864. On that date he was commissioned and mustered into the service as Surgeon, and rejoined his regiment in the field, remaining with it during all the active service of the army in the closing scenes of the war. He was honorably discharged with his regiment, July 15, 1865, and was commissioned as Brevet Lieutenant Colonel by Governor Fenton, May 12, 1866, "for faithful and meritorious service during the war."

Dr. Olmstead was married, Oct. 19, 1869, to Sarah F. Decker of Brooklyn, who survives him. He left no children. He was an active member of King's Co. Medical Society, The American Legion of Honor, and also a consistent member of the South Congregational Church in South Brooklyn, in which he found

time to second all efforts for its progress. He was devoted and enthusiastic in his profession, ready to serve rich and poor alike. One of his last acts was to go at much inconvenience to visit one of his charity patients.

1862

WILLIAM HENRY THOMSON, son of Charles S. Thomson, M.D. (Yale 1822), and Susan C. (Belcher) Thomson, was born in Fair Haven, a suburb of New Haven, Conn., on February 8, 1840. When 17 years of age he received an appointment to West Point, but after a short period was obliged to resign his commission from increasing nearsightedness.

After graduation he immediately began practice in Fair Haven, in connection with his father, and continued there for over thirty years. The elder Dr. Thomson was obliged to relinquish active work in 1883, and during the ten years that remained the practice which his son had inherited was more than doubled. He died at his home in New Haven after a ten days' illness from typhoid fever and pneumonia, on October 18, 1893, in his 54th year. He married on June 25, 1867, Miss Sophie Tomlinson, daughter of C. C. Tomlinson, of Huntington, Conn., who survives him without children.

1874

HENRY COLMAN died in Lynn, Mass., on November 11, 1893, aged 55 years. Before studying medicine he had served during the civil war in the engineering corps of the Department of the Gulf, and after that had engaged on an extensive scale in cotton-planting in the South. His medical education was completed by several years' study in Germany.

He entered on the practice of his profession in Swampscott, Mass., whence he soon removed to Lynn, where his ability was speedily and fully recognized. In January, 1893, a cancer appeared in his throat, which caused his death.

He married Miss Nettie Scribner, of Lynn, and left one son.

YALE LAW SCHOOL.

1853

BENJAMIN HARRISON BASSETT was born in the Parish of St. Mary, La., on the 24th of February, 1831. He received his early education at the Jesuit College in Grand Coteau, La., and was a resident of Avoyelles Parish, in the same state, while in the Law School.

A few months after graduation he settled in Brenham, Washington County, Texas, in the practice of law. In 1857 he formed a partnership with the Hon. John Sales, which continued, except for the period of the war, for nearly thirty years. He served in the war, on the Confederate side, as an aid on Governor Lubbock's staff, and later on the staff of General J. P. Major, in the Texas-Mississippi department, with the rank of major. In 1886 he entered into a new partnership, with the firm-name of Bassett, Muse & Muse, and in 1889 removed to Dallas. He had at an earlier period, in connection with his former partner, written several law books which had a wide use in the State; and it was with universal approval that in June, 1893, he received an appointment to one of the chairs of law in the University of Texas. He went at once to Austin, to begin his duties, but on his arrival fell and broke an arm on the hotel stairs. He was out-of-doors again in a few days, but blood-poisoning set in, and his death followed on July 16, in his 63d year.

NATHAN UPHAM, a native of Brookfield, Mass., died in Brooklyn, N. Y., on the 5th of May, 1894, in his 69th year.

He had been the respected principal of one of the public schools in Brooklyn for twenty-five years; and though his health had begun to fail about the 1st of January (1894), he continued at his post until compelled to withdraw on April 3.

1858

WILLIAM BENTON CULBERTSON was the son of John W. and Elizabeth Culbertson, and was born in Wood County, in Northern Ohio, on the 23d of October, 1835. In 1839 his family removed to Iowa, then a Territory, and settled in Jefferson County, near Fairfield. His early education was obtained at the Denmark (Iowa) Academy, and at Howe's Academy in Mount Pleasant, Iowa.

After graduation he practiced law in Fairfield until 1882, when he removed to Burlington, Iowa, where he continued in practice until his death. He was a Democrat in politics, and in 1883 and 1885 served as a Representative in the State Legislature from Des Moines County, and was influential, honest, and useful in that position. He was a persuasive advocate and successful as a jury-lawyer. His sunny disposition and quaint humor made him a general favorite in society.

He died in Burlington, of Bright's disease, on February 7, 1891, in his 56th year.

He married in 1866 Miss Day, who survives him without children.

1864

ISAAC WAYLAND COOK died at the residence of his sister in Bridgeport, Conn., on June 1, 1893, at the age of 54, from Bright's disease, after an illness of five months. He was born in Meriden, Conn., on May 23, 1839.

A widow and one daughter survive him.

1873

HENRY DWIGHT RUSSELL, son of Ransom and Loly Russell, of Prospect, New Haven County, Conn., was born in that town on March 16, 1831.

He married Sarah Wooding on May 16, 1851, and made his home in Fair Haven, a suburb of New Haven. Since his admission to the bar he had practiced in New Haven. After several years of declining health, and a final illness of two months, he died at his home on Fair Haven Heights, New Haven, on the 1st of May, 1894, in his 64th year. His widow survives him with their only child, a son.

1889

WILLIAM DICK SHUPE, a practicing lawyer in Johnstown, Pa., died there on March 12, 1894, from blood-poisoning, which is said to have resulted from an injury to his leg, received while a child, and aggravated by a severe cold.

He was the son of O. P. Shupe, of Mount Pleasant, Pa., and was born there on February 20, 1867. He was graduated from Lebanon Valley College, Pennsylvania, in 1887, with the degree of Bachelor of Science. He removed to Johnstown soon after his

graduation at Yale, was admitted to the bar of Cambria County in January, 1890, and had built up a lucrative practice before his death.

He married on June 21, 1892, Anna, daughter of James Benford, of Johnstown, who survives him.

SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL.

1872

HARRISON WHEELER LINDSLEY was born in New Haven, on Feb. 6th, 1853, the eldest son of Professor Charles A. Lindsley, M. D. (Yale 1852), and Lydia L. (Harrison) Lindsley.

After graduating in 1872 and taking a further course, of one year, in the engineering department, with the degree of C. E., he spent a year or two in New York, devoting himself to architecture. In 1875 he went to Europe and spent nearly three years at *l'École des Beaux Arts* in Paris, devoting his vacations to travel in Germany and England, visiting some of the finest examples of architecture in those countries. In 1878 he returned to New Haven, and was engaged at once as Instructor in Architecture, in the Yale School of the Fine Arts, entering at the same time into practice as an architect.

In 1883 he was married to Miss Julia Irene Coe of New Haven, who survives him. He removed to the City of New York in 1886, still pursuing his chosen profession. After about five years in that city of close and severe application, his health became impaired, and he returned again to his native place in 1891 and resumed his practice. He was again invited to renew his connection with the college, and engaged in the duties of Instructor in Perspective in the Art School.

In the discharge of his duty he was ever faithful and conscientious, but his disposition was too modest and retiring, his nature too refined and sensitive, to be a successful competitor in the arts and practices known to the world as "business." Only the few who knew him well could fully appreciate his worth both professionally and as a man.

For some months before his death he had a pulmonary trouble, which under the influence of an outdoor life and partial rest, was

apparently improving ; but he was attacked with pneumonia and after a brief illness died in New Haven on the 29th of December, 1893, aged nearly 41 years.

1875

EDWARD LUTHER WHITE, son of J. Watson White, was born in Waterbury, Conn., on December 12, 1853. He was prepared for the Scientific School at Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Mass., and took the course in Civil Engineering at the School.

On graduation he entered the employ of White & Wells, the house founded by his father in Waterbury for the paper and paper-box business, as a salesman, and so continued until he went to Bridgeport about 1878 and there organized and started a branch firm. On the death of Mr. Alfred Wells, in July, 1886, he assumed the entire management of the business of White & Wells, while still residing in Bridgeport. On January 1, 1892, he returned to Waterbury, as secretary of the Waterbury Watch Company, and during the brief remainder of his life he enjoyed a continuance of the same success which had marked his earlier business connections. He died in Waterbury, after several weeks' illness, from endocarditis, consequent on acute inflammatory gout, from which he had suffered for many years.

His wife, who was Miss L. V. Ogden, daughter of Judge James L. Ogden, of Jersey City, N. J., survives him with three sons.

1877

JOAQUIN JOHN FRANCKE, son of J. Robert Francke, was born in Matanzas, Cuba, on August 16, 1857. His father's residence was New York City, at the time of the son's graduation.

Since graduation he had devoted himself with marked success to the sugar business with Cuba ; at first with his father, now deceased, and subsequently with his brothers. While on one of his periodical business trips to Cuba, he died in Havana, from pneumonia, on May 17, 1894, in his 37th year. He was unmarried.

1881

RICARDO LINDSAY TRUMBULL, the eldest child of Dr. James H. Trumbull (Y. C. 1848) and Eulojia (Lindsay) Trumbull, was born in Talcahuano, Chili, on March 19, 1860. He received his early education in Valparaiso, and was subsequently sent to New England to prepare for the Scientific School.

After graduation he studied for two years in the Yale Law School, interrupting his work in the meanwhile to act as attaché to the Chilean Legation in Washington. He was graduated as LL.B. in 1885, and then followed another year's study of law in Europe, and to this was superadded after his return to Chili two years' further study in the University of Santiago.

As a practitioner of law in Santiago he was mainly occupied as counsel for large American corporations doing business in that country, such as the Telephone, Electric Light and Palace Car companies. He acted also as counsel for the United States Legation, in the extradition of American criminals.

He early entered politics, and affiliated with the Radical wing of the Chilean Liberal party. During the struggle of the Congressionalists against President Balmaceda in 1891, he came to the United States as a special agent of the revolutionists, and while thus engaged was also a supplementary delegate to the Lower House in the Chilean National Congress, in which he had already sat in 1887, and to which he was again elected deputy after his return home from his mission. The brilliant ability with which he advocated the cause of his country in this period won him new distinction and has added a deeper pang to his early loss. He died suddenly from an attack of brain fever while spending a vacation at his father's home in Talcahuano, on February 1, 1894, aged nearly 34 years. He was unmarried.

1882

WALTER JOY VOUGHT died at the New York Hospital, New York City, of typhoid fever, complicated with pneumonia, after an illness of five weeks, on September 24, 1893, in the 32d year of his age. He was the son of John Henry Vought, and was born in Buffalo, N. Y., on January 8, 1862.

He was graduated from the College of Physicians and Surgeons in the City of New York in 1885, and then served as an interne on the medical division of the New York Hospital, after which he spent a year in the medical schools of Heidelberg and Vienna to perfect himself in the treatment of nervous diseases.

On beginning practice in New York City he connected himself with the medical department of the Vanderbilt Clinic, and at the time of his death was one of the most active and valuable assistants there. He was also for a year Chief of Clinic in the Nervous Department, a position which his skill in organization

and his ability in diagnosis enabled him to fill most admirably. In 1892, at the time of the cholera invasion, he served as chief physician at Fire Island with distinguished success. He had made several contributions of much value to the literature of nervous diseases, and published shortly before his death *A Chapter on Cholera for Lay Readers* (pp. 8,107), which was highly commended. He was never married.

1884

EDWARD BLAKE, the eldest surviving child of Henry T. Blake (Y. C. 1848) and Elizabeth C. (Kingsley) Blake, was born in New Haven on November 3, 1862.

From childhood he had shown marked talent in the direction of physical science, and during his undergraduate course had been particularly interested in the study of electricity. He spent the year after graduation in New Haven, and also the following year at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, in the further pursuit of that branch. He then entered upon practical work in his chosen career in Boston, as the representative there of the Sprague Motor Company, with the most flattering prospects. About 1889, however, he was obliged by ill health to abandon his work, and the rest of his life was an unavailing struggle with consumption. He was the first person in this country to be treated with the lymph prepared by Dr. Koch, but the disease had made too much progress for any remedies. He kept up his interest in his favorite studies to the last, and endured his long illness with a beautiful Christian fortitude. He died at his father's house in New Haven on October 10, 1893, at the age of 31.

1886

HENRY LEE TOWNSEND, the second son of Richard H. L. and Adeline T. Townsend, was born in the City of New York, on the 21st of August, 1862. He was prepared for College at the Berkeley School, New York City, taking the highest honors of the School in the Scientific course, and entered the Sheffield School in 1882.

For the first two years of the course he maintained his health by correspondingly hard work in the Gymnasium, and out of doors. At the beginning of the third year by overwalking during vacation, he injured one foot; that anchored him, and prevented the usual amount of exercise; this time he gave to increased studies,

which undoubtedly undermined his health, and he was obliged to leave a short time before the end of the year. He was, however, awarded his degree, the year after he left the University.

The years 1885 and 1886 he spent in travel, but good health never returned. He died in Bristol, R. I., on the 14th of March, 1894, in his 32d year. He was unmarried.

1890

ROBERT LOCKWOOD CASEMENT was born in Painesville, O., on September 8, 1868, and died at his home in Youngstown, O., on March 10, 1894, after a brief illness, in his 26th year.

 YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL.

1878

MARCUS WHITMAN MONTGOMERY, son of Matthew P. and Mary S. (Bull) Montgomery, was born in Prattsburgh, Steuben County, N. Y., on the 21st of June, 1839. In his infancy his family removed to Jay County, in eastern Indiana. He received his early education at Liber College, in the same county, and married on the 20th of July, 1859, Mary R. daughter of Daniel Votaw, of Pennville, also in Jay County. Soon after this he started a newspaper, *The Jay Torch Light*, at Portland, the county-seat, and saved enough money in three years to begin a higher education. He went first to Wheaton College, Illinois, and in 1866 joined the Sophomore Class in Amherst College, where he was graduated in 1869. For the next six years he was a real-estate broker in Cleveland, Ohio, whence he came to New Haven.

On the 11th of October, 1878, he was ordained as an evangelist in Cleveland, and for the next year and a half he supplied the Congregational Church in Fort Scott, Kansas. He then, for reasons of climate and in response to an urgent request, served Washburn College (at Topeka, Kansas) for nine months as its financial agent. From July, 1881, to August, 1884, he was Superintendent of Home Missions for Minnesota and the northern half of Dakota, under the appointment of the American Home Missionary Society.

His attention was soon drawn to the large number of Swedes and Norwegians in this district, and his study and comprehension of their needs led to his transfer to the superintendency of a special work undertaken by the same Society in behalf of Scandinavians.

In this work he found the great opportunity of his life, and gained a very exceptional influence for good. In 1889 he became instructor in English in the Scandinavian department of the Chicago Theological Seminary, and was thus engaged until his death, which occurred at Ravenswood, near Chicago, after three weeks' illness, from enlargement of the heart, on the 6th of February, 1894, in his 55th year.

His wife survives him, with three sons and one daughter.

1884

HECTOR ALEXANDER McINTIRE was born in Creswell, Ontario, Canada, on the 6th of June, 1852, and was graduated at McGill University, Montreal, in 1881.

On the 17th of September, 1884, he was ordained over Zion Congregational Church, Montreal, where he remained for three years. For the next five years he was acting pastor of the Smith Memorial (Congregational) Church, in Grand Rapids, Mich. The last few months of his life were spent in his native place, where he died on April 28, 1893, aged nearly 41 years.

SUMMARY

ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT

(YALE COLLEGE)

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Date of Death
1824	Timothy S. Pinneo, 89	Norwalk, Conn.	Aug. 2, '93
1826	Edward C. Bull, 86	Tarrytown, N. Y.	March 15, '94
1826	William Harlow, 88	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Dec. 21, '93
1827	Nelson Beardsley, 86	Auburn, N. Y.	Jan. 15, '94
1827	Charles P. Grosvenor, 89	Palmer, Mass.	Dec. 23, '93
1827	Roger S. Moore, 87	Springfield, Mass.	Dec. 31, '93
1828	Tryon Edwards, 84	Detroit, Mich.	Jan. 4, '94
1829	George T. Kollock, 83	Clarkesville, Ga.	Febr. 19, '94
1830	John W. Andrews, 82	Englewood, N. J.	Oct. 29, '93
1830	Timothy G. Brainerd, 86	Grinnell, Iowa	May 25, '94
1830	Marius Schoonmaker, 82	Kingston, N. Y.	Jan. 5, '94
1832	William H. Noble, 80	Bridgeport, Conn.	Jan. 18, '94
1836	Josiah G. Davis, 79	Amherst, N. H.	March 14, '94
1836	Henry R. Harris, 78	Harris Lot, Md.	May 6, '94
1839	J. Heatly Dulles, 73	St. Augustine, Fla.	March 7, '94
1839	George Washington, 75	Savannah, Ga.	Jan. 17, '94
1840	John P. Gulliver, 74	Andover, Mass.	Jan. 25, '94
1840	L. Denison Shoemaker, 74	Wilkes-Barré, Pa.	Sept. 9, '93
1841	Thomas M. Peters, 72	Peekskill, N. Y.	Aug. 13, '93
1842	Sylvester Larned, 73	London, England	Nov. 25, '93
1843	Hervey M. Booth, 80	Roxbury, Conn.	Nov. 28, '93
1844	Marshall B. Angier, 75	Windsor, N. Y.	Febr. 25, '94
1844	Edward Norton, 71	Farmington, Conn.	Apr. 8, '94
1845	Carter H. Harrison, 68	Chicago, Ill.	Oct. 28, '93
1845	Alvan P. Hyde, 69	Hartford, Conn.	Febr. 5, '94
1845	Lyznan D. Norris, 70	Grand Rapids, Mich.	Jan. 6, '94
1845	George W. Sheffield, 69	Norfolk, Va.	May 25, '93
1846	Elihu Phinney, 69	Cooperstown, N. Y.	Sept. 20, '92
1847	Edward I. Sanford, 67	New Haven, Conn.	July 13, '93
1849	William F. Poole, 72	Evanston, Ill.	March 1, '94
1849	Samuel N. Rowell, 72	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Nov. 4, '93
1849	James L. Willard, 68	New Haven, Conn.	Jan. 7, '94

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Date of Death
1850	William T. Farnham, 62	Clinton, Conn.	Aug. 11, '93
1850	Gardiner S. Plumley, 66	New York City	Febr. 21, '94
1851	Julius Y. Leonard, 66	Clifton Springs, N. Y.	Oct. 29, '93
1852	Goodloe B. Bell, 62	Baltimore, Md.	June 5, '94
1852	Robert E. Day, 66	Hartford, Conn.	May 24, '94
1852	William Stanley, 66	Great Barrington, Mass.	June 28, '93
1853	Edward C. Billings, 64	New Haven, Conn.	Dec. 1, '93
1853	Julius Catlin, 60	Matapediac, Canada	July 20, '93
1854	Alexander H. Gunn, 59	Evanston, Ill.	July 11, '93
1854	Carroll Cutler, 64	Talladega, Ala.	Jan. 25, '94
1855	John R. Jarboe, 57	San Francisco, Cal.	July 4, '93
1856	William T. Kittredge, 56	Santa Rosa, Cal.	Jan. 2, '92
1857	Henry C. Pratt, 57	Rosebank, N. Y.	Sept. 10, '93
1858	Volney S. Anderson, 59	London, England	March 21, '94
1858	Martin S. Eichelberger, 57	York, Pa.	July 10, '93
1858	William H. Woodward, 55	Woodstock, Vt.	Sept. 27, '93
1860	Lyman B. Bunnell, 60	Lake Maitland, Fla.	March 29, '93
1860	Edward L. Gaul, 57	Hudson, N. Y.	Apr. 2, '94
1860	William Walter Phelps, 54	Englewood, N. J.	June 17, '94
1860	Morris Woodruff, 55	New York City	March 3, '94
1861	George M. Towle, 52	Brookline, Mass.	Aug. 10, '93
1862	Thomas W. Osborn, 53	Peconic, N. Y.	Dec. 15, '93
1865	Charles E. Blake, 48	San Francisco, Cal.	Jan. 17, '94
1866	Roland Redmond, 48	New York City	March 4, '94
1867	Thomas Greenwood, 51	New York City	June 2, '94
1868	Edward A. Lawrence, 47	Baltimore, Md.	Nov. 10, '93
1868	Edward S. Mead, 47	Southampton, N. Y.	Jan. 10, '94
1868	Henry S. Swayne, 48	Bloomington, Ill.	Nov. 25, '93
1870	Robert Baldwin, 47	Seneca Falls, N. Y.	Apr. 21, '94
1870	Thomas J. Tilney, 48	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Dec. 19, '93
1871	William E. Davidson, 53	Danielsonville, Conn.	Febr. 3, '94
1873	Jere W. Clemens, 42	San Diego, Cal.	Apr. 23, '94
1874	Thomas W. Grover, 47	Chicago, Ill.	Nov. 17, '93
1875	William D. Page, 40	New York City	Sept. 25, '93
1876	Lewis J. Warren, 43	Clay Center, Kan.	Dec. 4, '93
1879	Thomas E. Rochfort, 36	Cincinnati, O.	Apr. 1, '94
1880	Charles L. Sherman, 35	Eddy, N. M.	Dec. 21, '93
1881	Harry Hitchings, 33	Gravesend, N. Y.	Febr. 6, '94
1883	William J. Holly, 33	Philadelphia, Pa.	Apr. 18, '93
1883	Edward T. McLaughlin, 33	New Haven, Conn.	July 25, '93
1883	Joseph J. Rose, 35	Bridgeport, Conn.	Oct. 8, '93
1885	Herbert H. White, 32	Neligh, Nebr.	Dec. 4, '93
1886	W. Irving Hunt, 28	Columbus, Mich.	Aug. 25, '93
1886	William McElroy, 28	Albany, N. Y.	Apr. 5, '93
1886	Walter G. Stebbins, 28	Boston, Mass.	Oct. 8, '93
1887	Clarence Glisan, 28	Portland, Oregon	Aug. 22, '93
1887	William B. Kendall, Jr., 28	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Oct. 3, '93
1889	Horace F. Walker, 26	Honolulu, H. I.	Jan. 9, '94

YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Date of Death
1827	Henry Bronson, 89	New Haven, Conn.	Nov. 26, '93
1829	Elijah F. Bryan, 92	Lima, O.	Nov. 24, '93
1831	Richard H. Salter, 85	Boston, Mass.	Aug. 4, '93
1832	Amos Wright, 84	Tallmadge, O.	Sept. 22, '92
1835	Joseph W. Camp, 84	Bristol, Conn.	Febr. 6, '94
1835	Joseph A. Corwin, 83	Newark, N. J.	Sept. 13, '93
1847	Thomas Cuddeback, 68	Big Flats, N. Y.	Nov. 3, '93
1847	Alfred P. Monson, 71	Cañon City, Col.	May 2, '94
1850	William C. Williams, 65	Cheshire, Conn.	May 18, '94
1853	Lucius A. Smith, 62	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Jan. 5, '94
1855	Henry Davis, 63	Wallingford, Conn.	Aug. 10, '93
1861	Samuel H. Olmstead, 55	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Dec. 22, '93
1862	William H. Thomson, 53	New Haven, Conn.	Oct. 18, '93
1874	Henry Colman, 55	Lynn, Mass.	Nov. 11, '93

YALE LAW SCHOOL

1853	Benjamin H. Bassett, 62	Austin, Tex.	July 16, '93
1853	Nathan Upham, 68	Brooklyn, N. Y.	May 5, '94
1858	Wm. Benton Culbertson, 55	Burlington, Iowa	Febr. 7, '91
1864	I. Wayland Cook, 54	Bridgeport, Conn.	June 1, '93
1873	Henry D. Russell, 63	New Haven, Conn.	May 1, '94
1889	W. Dick Shupe, 27	Johnstown, Pa.	March 12, '94

SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL

1872	Harrison W. Lindsley, 41	New Haven, Conn.	Dec. 29, '93
1875	Edward L. White, 39	Waterbury, Conn.	Aug. 5, '93
1877	Joaquin J. Francke, 36	Havana, Cuba	May 17, '94
1881	Ricardo L. Trumbull, 34	Talcahuano, Chili	Febr. 1, '94
1882	Walter J. Vought, 31	New York City	Sept. 24, '93
1884	Edward Blake, 31	New Haven, Conn.	Oct. 10, '93
1886	Henry L. Townsend, 31	Bristol, R. I.	March 14, '94
1890	Robert L. Casement, 25	Youngstown, O.	March 10, '94

YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL

1878	Marcus W. Montgomery, 54	Ravenswood, Ill.	Febr. 6, '94
1884	Hector A. McIntire, 41	Creswell, Canada	Apr. 28, '93

The number of deaths recorded this year is 110, and the average age of the graduates of the Academical Department is nearly 60 years.

The oldest living graduates of the Academical Department are :

Class of 1822, Rev. HENRY HERRICK, of North Woodstock, Conn., born March 5, 1803.

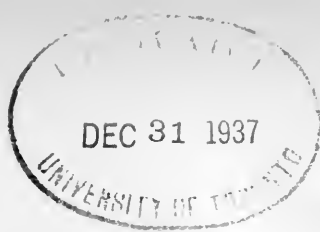
Class of 1822, Rev. EDWARD BEECHER, of Brooklyn, N. Y., born August 27, 1803.

The oldest living graduate of the Medical Department is :

Class of 1828, NELSON ISHAM, of Little Falls, N. Y.

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1844	Angier, Marshall B.	220	1886	McElroy, William	251
1870	Baldwin, Robert	245	1884 <i>d</i>	McIntire, Hector A.	268
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1827	Beardsley, Nelson	207	1868	Mead, Edward S.	244
1852	Bell, Goodloe B.	229	1847 <i>m</i>	Monson, Alfred P.	257
1853	Billings, Edward C.	231	1878 <i>d</i>	Montgomery, Marcus W.	267
1865	Blake, Charles E.	241	1827	Moore, Roger S.	209
1884 <i>s</i>	Blake, Edward	266	1832	Noble, William H.	213
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1830	Brainerd, Timothy G.	212	1844	Norton, Edward	220
1827 <i>m</i>	Bronson, Henry	253	1861 <i>m</i>	Olmstead, Samuel H.	259
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1858 <i>l</i>	Culbertson, William B.	261	1883	Rose, Joseph J.	250
1854	Cutler, Carroll	232	1849	Rowell, Samuel N.	226
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1836	Davis, Josiah G.	214	1847	Sanford, Edward I.	225
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1850	Farnham, William T.	228	1889 <i>l</i>	Shupe, W. Dick	262
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1827	Grosvenor, Charles P.	208	1862 <i>m</i>	Thomson, William H.	260
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1826	Harlow, William	207	1881 <i>s</i>	Trumbull, Ricardo L.	264
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1887	Kendall, William B.	253	1849	Willard, James L.	227
1856	Kittredge, William T.	235	1850 <i>m</i>	Williams, William C.	257
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OBITUARY RECORD

OF

GRADUATES OF YALE UNIVERSITY

Deceased during the Academical Year ending in

June, 1895,

*Including the Record of a few who died previously, hitherto
unreported.*

[PRESENTED AT THE MEETING OF THE ALUMNI, JUNE 25th, 1895.]

[No. 5 of Fourth Printed Series, and No. 54 of the whole Record.]



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OBITUARY RECORD

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YALE COLLEGE.

ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT.

1822

HENRY HERRICK, the eldest child of the Rev. Claudius Herrick (Y. C. 1798) and Hannah (Pierpont) Herrick, was born in Woodbridge, Conn., where his father was then pastor, on March 5, 1803. In his infancy his family removed to New Haven.

After graduation he taught for one year in West Springfield, Mass., and for two years was Rector of the Hopkins Grammar School in New Haven. He then pursued the study of theology,—for two years in Andover and for one year in New Haven, and began preaching in Massachusetts in 1828. He received ordination as an evangelist in Humphreysville, now Seymour, Conn., on April 14, 1830, and supplied a home-missionary church in Carrolton, Ill., for the ensuing year. He was then for about three years engaged in Sunday-School and other agencies in New England, and on February 19, 1835, married Sarah M., youngest daughter of Dr. Asahel Wright (Williams Coll. 1803), of Windsor, Mass. He then went to Knoxville, East Tennessee, as principal of a Female Academy, and was thus occupied, there and in Somerville and Moulton, Alabama, until his return to the

North in 1842. For the next twenty-five years he was mainly occupied in preaching, with tireless zeal and devotion, in unpromising fields in New York and adjoining states. He retired definitely from active labor in November, 1867, when he removed from Exeter, Otsego County, N. Y. (where he had resided for nine years), to North Woodstock, Conn.,—his home for the rest of his life.

He died in North Woodstock on March 11, 1895, at the age of 92, having been for two years the oldest living graduate of the College. Two children died in infancy, and three daughters and four sons are still living, as well as his widow. The eldest daughter is the widow of the Rev. Thaddeus H. Brown (Y. C. 1860), and the second son is a graduate of the Yale Divinity School (1871); another daughter is the wife of the Rev. John T. Nichols (Yale Div. School, 1890).

1825

ISAAC MOREAU WARD was born in 1806, in Bloomfield, N. J., being the eldest son of Joseph G. and Lucy (Dodd) Ward.

He studied medicine in New York City, at the Rutgers Medical School, and received his degree in 1828. He then settled in Newark, N. J., where he married the eldest daughter of William Rankin and began professional life.

Early in his career the new idea of Homoeopathy met him, and like all questions of reform claimed his interested attention. Having become convinced by patient experiment of the truth in the new system he adopted it in full, and as the pioneer homoeopathic physician in the State gained large notoriety and a lucrative practice. For the sake of the cause, however, he was induced to remove to Albany, N. Y., in 1841, and for several years was the only American homoeopathic practitioner in that city. When forced to retire on account of impaired health, he settled on a farm in the suburbs of Newark, where he became as active and progressive in horticulture as he had been in his profession.

From here he was called to a Professor's chair in the Homoeopathic Medical College of Philadelphia (1853-61), and thence to a kindred institution in New York City (1861-63), to which labors he devoted his winters. While in New York he became interested in an effort to afford women a thorough medical education, and drew up the charter of the Woman's Medical College,

became its Dean, and gave his services as lecturer until the enterprise was fairly on its feet.

Running parallel with his professional work, his activity had been as strong in religious lines. After devotion for several years to mission labor among the poor, he turned his thoughts more entirely to the purpose of the development of Scriptural holiness in the lives of Christians of all denominations. Through his labors he left a united band of prayer, of over 20,000 persons, with many of whom he had personal relations. This form of activity he did not lay down until his waning powers (owing to paralysis) drew him in his last year into a closer seclusion. After 62 years of married life, he passed away from his widow and their five children, at his residence in Lyons Farms, on February 24, 1895, in his 89th year.

1830

SAMUEL BURR SHERWOOD BISSELL, the eldest child of Governor Clark Bissell (Y. C. 1806) and Sally (Sherwood) Bissell, of Norwalk, Conn., was born in the present township of Westport on February 16, 1812.

After graduation he studied law for about six months in his father's office, and in the fall of 1831 entered Princeton Theological Seminary. On completing his course in 1834 he went to Fluvanna County, in eastern Virginia, as chaplain on General J. H. Coker's plantation, and soon became a voluntary tract distributor in that county. He was ordained as an evangelist by the West Hanover Presbytery, at Petersburg, Va., on April 17, 1836, and served thereafter until the fall of 1842 as General Agent of the Virginia Tract Society. In September, 1842, he became the acting pastor of the 1st Congregational Church in Greenwich, Connecticut, which he served with devout faithfulness eleven years. He then accepted the appointment of Secretary of the American Sunday-School Union for New York City and vicinity, which he resigned in 1858, to assume the secretaryship of the American Seaman's Friend Society in New York, and the editorship of the Sailor's Magazine. Five years later he resumed his work with the Sunday-School Union, and passed from faithful labor to honorable retirement on July 1, 1886, when in his 75th year. He died at Norwalk, which had been his residence since 1857, on August 23, 1894, in his 83d year.

He married on December 4, 1839, Fanny M., daughter of Rensselaer Havens, of New York City, who died on May 1, 1864. He next married, on May 4, 1867, Fanny J., daughter of the Hon. James Miller, of Newark, N. J., who survives him. The children by his first marriage were three daughters and six sons; of these, all but three sons survive him. An only son by his second marriage died in early life. The eldest daughter is the wife of Brayton Ives (Y. C. 1861).

1831

THOMAS DOUGLAS, the eldest son of Robert and Abiah (Douglas) Douglas, was born in that part of New London which is now Waterford, Conn., on March 29, 1807.

In 1833 he entered the Yale Divinity School, and the next year removed to the Andover Theological Seminary, where he continued for more than two years; but the condition of his health obliged him finally to relinquish his intention of preaching. He then settled in New London as a teacher, and after a career of considerable success in that relation, he emigrated to the Hawaiian Islands in 1845. He was engaged in business there for a few years, and then removed to California, where he resumed the occupation of teaching. Toward the close of his long life he returned to New London, where he died at the home of a relative, on January 27, 1895, in his 88th year. He was never married.

1832

ROLLIN SIDNEY STONE, fifth child of William and Lucy (Parmalee) Stone, was born in Canton, Conn., on February 18, 1809. In 1821 his family removed to New York City, where he spent a few years before preparing for college as a clerk.

While in College, and afterwards, he taught in Derby, Conn., and had already begun to preach before he entered the Yale Divinity School in October, 1833. In September, 1834, he took charge of a mission enterprise in Brooklyn, N. Y., which developed into the 3d Presbyterian Church in that city, over which he was ordained on April 22, 1835. He was released from this charge on April 9, 1837, and on the 31st of the following January he was installed as pastor of the 1st Congregational Church in Danbury, Conn., where he remained until Febr. 12, 1850. On October 8, 1850, he was installed over the Congregational Church in Easthampton, Mass., which charge he resigned in July, 1852,

in order to become pastor of a new Congregational Church in the same town, called the Payson Church, which had become necessary on account of the increase of population. His faithful ministry here was closed on January 21, 1863. He then served for some two years as an agent of the National Freedman's Relief Association, in Vermont and Long Island, and from 1866 to 1876 was engaged as a City Missionary in Brooklyn. On April 22, 1879, he was settled over the Congregational Church in Chatham, N. J., where he spent ten years, until failing health rendered him unable to continue. He then removed to Hartford, Conn., to make his home with a niece, and died there on March 16, 1895, in his 87th year.

He married in November, 1835, Urania E., daughter of Timothy Stone, of Durham, Conn. Of their five children a daughter and a son are still living.

1833

JAMES DWIGHT DANA was born in Utica, N. Y., on the 12th of February, 1813, the eldest child of James and Harriet (Dwight) Dana. After a careful training at the Bartlett Academy in Utica, where his scientific tastes were awakened and encouraged, he entered Yale in 1830, attracted by the name and reputation of Professor Silliman.

From August, 1833, to February, 1835, he served as instructor to the midshipmen on board a vessel of the U. S. navy, in a cruise to the Mediterranean. In 1836 he returned to New Haven as Assistant to Professor Silliman, and while thus employed published in 1837 the first edition of his *System of Mineralogy*—a large octavo of nearly 600 pages. In 1838 he accepted an appointment as Mineralogist and Geologist to the U. S. Exploring Expedition under Commodore Wilkes, with which he was connected from August, 1838, until June, 1842. The magnificent opportunities thus afforded were faithfully used, and the results were worked up in three valuable quarto volumes of Reports, on Zoophytes (1846), on Geology (1849), and on Crustacea (1852-54). The first two years of labor on these reports were spent in Washington, whence he removed in 1844 to New Haven, where he married on June 5 Miss Henrietta F., third daughter of Professor Benjamin Silliman. In 1846 he became associated with his father-in-law as an editor of the *American Journal of Science*, his labors in charge of which

continued until his death. While still engaged upon the Government reports, he was appointed in 1850 Silliman Professor of Geology in Yale College,—a chair having been specially endowed for the purpose of retaining him here. He did not, however, begin the work of instruction until 1855, by which time he had also issued three much enlarged editions of his *System of Mineralogy* and a new *Manual of Mineralogy*. Mineralogy was added to the title of his professorship in 1864.

Long-continued over-work brought on in 1859 a serious breakdown of health, from which he never fully recovered. By extreme care and self-denial he was able to continue in his accustomed routine, and also to publish in 1862 the first edition of his *Manual of Geology*, and in 1864 a *Text-Book* of the same subject. His most important contribution to Mineralogy, the 5th edition of the *System*, followed in 1868, and later appeared other volumes and new editions, notably an entirely re-written (4th) edition of the *Manual of Geology*, which was issued just before his death. After an alarming attack of illness in 1890 he did not resume his College teaching. The end came almost without premonition, in the fullness of his mental powers, on April 14, 1895, in his 83d year. His wife survives him with four of their six children,—two having died in childhood. The sons are graduates of this College—in 1870 and 1883 respectively,—and the elder daughter is the wife of George D. Coit (S. S. S. 1866).

Professor Dana's eminence in science was recognized by frequent honors at home and abroad. The purity and simplicity of his character and his earnest Christian faith were equally recognized and prized by all who had the privilege of knowing him.

1834

HENRY BUSHNELL ELDRED was born on April 16, 1810, in the present township of Winfield, Herkimer County, N. Y., the son of Zenas and Lucena (Carter) Eldred.

He studied theology for the three years after graduation in the Yale Divinity School, and was ordained on November 8, 1838, as pastor of the First Church in Kinsman, Trumbull County, Ohio, where he remained for 35½ years, until May 3, 1874. He then removed to Cleveland, Ohio, where he resided until his death, which occurred there on May 23, 1895, in his 86th year. A few days before his death he made a gift of \$15,000 to the Young Men's Christian Association of Adelbert College in Cleveland.

He married on Sept. 11, 1838, in Warren, Conn., Miss Janet Swift, who died on Nov. 18, 1860. On May 19, 1863, he married in Medina, N. Y., Miss Sarah T. Peck, by whom he had an only son, who died in childhood.

DANIEL DECIUS TOMPKINS McLAUGHLIN, son of the Rev. Edward and Jane (Rankin) McLaughlin, was born in New York City on October 18, 1812, and entered College in 1829 from Norfolk, Va. He left the class towards the end of Sophomore year, on account of ill health, and joined the next class a few months later,—his father, who had held a chaplaincy in the U. S. Navy since 1826, having by this time retired and removed to New York City. The whole of Junior year and a part of Senior year were spent at the University of the City of New York.

After graduation he had charge for two years of the classical department in St. Luke's School, in New York, and then established a classical school in the same city which he maintained with high repute for seven years. During this time (1839-42) he pursued the regular course of study in the Union Theological Seminary, and in 1843 he began to preach as a stated supply of the Presbyterian Church in New Windsor, Orange County, N. Y. In 1845 he removed to Somers, in Westchester County, where he supplied the Presbyterian Church for most of the time until 1856, having been ordained by the Third Presbytery of New York on April 16, 1846. In 1858 he removed to Sharon, Litchfield County, Conn., and was installed as pastor of the Congregational Church in that town on January 18, 1859. He was dismissed from this charge on June 7, 1865, and in May, 1866, began the supply of the Congregational Church in Morris, in the same county, where he was installed on May 1, 1867. On November 1, 1871, he took a dismission, and soon after removed to the adjoining town of Litchfield, where his residence continued until his death. He preached steadily until 1877 in various congregations, and after that date, until his last illness, did good service as chaplain to the County Jail. He also for many years gave private instruction to young men preparing for College.

He died in Litchfield, after long feebleness, on May 26, 1895, in his 83d year.

He married, on June 2, 1859, Mary W. daughter of the Rev. Grove L. Brownell (Univ. Vt. 1813), of Sharon, who survives him. Their children were two sons, of whom the younger died

in infancy, and the elder (Y. C. 1883) in 1893, just at the opening of his promising career as a Professor in the College ; from the shock of this bereavement the father never recovered.

1835

HENRY CLARK, the youngest son of Avery and Anna (Walkley) Clark, of Southington, Connecticut, was born in that town on May 8, 1810. He had begun to work at a trade before he ventured (with very slender resources) to prepare for College.

Upon graduation he entered the Yale Divinity School, and completed the three-years' course. His first regular engagement as a preacher was in Cairo, Greene County, N. Y., from February to August, 1839. He then supplied the Presbyterian Church in Franklinville, on Long Island, for a year, at the same time teaching the Academy in that place. He was ordained and installed pastor of the Presbyterian Church in Havana, Schuyler County, N. Y., on November 9, 1841, but was obliged to seek a dismissal ten months later, on account of illness. He then returned to his former duties in Franklinville, whence he went in 1846 to Brooklyn, N. Y., to conduct a school. On May 1, 1850, he was installed over the Congregational Church in Orient, L. I., where he remained until August, 1856. He was next settled over the Congregational Church in Burlington, Conn., from January 1, 1857, to November 29, 1859. He then removed to Avon, Conn., where he taught for two years. From 1861 to 1865 he supplied the Congregational Church in Riverhead, L. I., and that in Sayville, L. I., from 1865 to 1868. He then returned to Avon, Conn., as a farmer and teacher, and in 1878 represented that town in the General Assembly.

Late in life his sight failed, and he came to New Haven to reside with a daughter, at whose house he died on November 2, 1894, aged 84½ years.

He married in New York City in January, 1839, Miss Cornelia B. Gillies, who bore him one son and four daughters. She died on November 21, 1848, and he next married, in October, 1849, Miss Margaret E. Gillies. After her death he married, on November 26, 1861, Cornelia H., daughter of Luther Wheeler, of Avon. His only son died while in the Union army during the late war.

AARON MERRICK COLTON, son of Deacon Walter and Thankful (Cobb) Colton, was born in Georgia, Vt., on the 25th of August, 1809. He entered College in 1829, but was compelled to withdraw almost at once by severe illness, which held him back for two years.

Upon graduation he began the study of theology in the Seminary at Andover, Mass., and remained there for two years. The third year of study was mainly spent at Union Seminary, in New York City, but he returned to Andover to graduate with his class, and remained there pursuing advanced studies until May, 1840. On June 10, 1840, he was ordained over the First (Congregational) Church in Amherst, Mass., which he left in obedience to physicians' advice on July 4, 1852. On the 2d of the following March he was installed over the First (Congregational) Church in Easthampton, Mass., from which he was dismissed at his own request on December 1, 1880. His residence continued in Easthampton until his death there, on April 30, 1895, in his 86th year.

He was happy and successful in both his pastorates, and retained to the last in an unusual degree his activity and interest in life and in all good things. A characteristic volume of sketches written by him in his later years (*The Old Meeting House and Vacation Papers, Humorous and other*) was published in 1890.

He married in Andover, Mass., on July 15, 1840, Z. Elizabeth, daughter of Deacon A. J. Gould, who died on January 8, 1858. Her children—two sons and three daughters—are still living. He married again, on November 2, 1859, Sarah A., daughter of Decius R. Bogue, of St. Albans, Vt., who survives him; the only child of this marriage died in infancy.

PORTER INGRAM was born in 1810 in Marlboro, Vt., the son of Jonathan and Polly (Underwood) Ingram. He entered Williams College in 1831, and came to Yale near the close of Sophomore year.

Immediately after graduating he began studying law in the office of the Hon. Hiram P. Hunt, of Troy, N. Y. In 1836 he went to Georgia and settled in Hamilton, on the western border of the state. He was admitted to the bar the same year, and for seventeen years gave himself assiduously and with a good degree of success to the practice of his profession in that place. In 1853

he removed to Columbus, about twenty miles to the southwards, where he continued in practice until his last illness. He held no political offices, except as a member of the Confederate Congress for a portion of a term in 1863, and as a delegate to the Constitutional Convention of the State in 1877.

He died in Columbus in November, 1894, aged 84 years.

He married in 1848 Sarah, daughter of Dr. James M. Jarratt, of Georgia, who died in 1855, leaving an only child, a daughter. In 1860 he married Elizabeth, daughter of the Hon. Ulysses Lewis, of Russell County, Alabama, by whom he had one son and two daughters.

1836

GEORGE MORGAN BROWNE, son of Tyler and Rhoda (Morgan) Browne, was born in Lisbon, New London County, Conn., on May 7, 1811.

Having studied law in Norwich, Conn., he established himself, soon after his admission to the bar, in Boston, Mass. In 1857 and 1858 he was a member of the House of Representatives of the State. He was the President and legal adviser of the Eastern Railroad from 1859 to 1871. His general health was sadly shattered by anxieties which came upon him in connection with the disaster on the Eastern Road at Revere, in August of the last named year. He retired from his legal business in 1879, and died in Washington, D. C., on April 25, 1895, aged 84 years.

He married in 1842, Caroline, daughter of John Swett of New York, who died in 1847. In 1851 he married Mary, daughter of Henry Andrews, of Boston, who died in 1858. In 1861 he married Caroline, daughter of Edward Cabot, of Boston. His only child was a son by the last marriage, who was graduated at Harvard in 1887.

A volume of his *Essays and Addresses* (197 pp. octavo) was printed privately in 1886.

JOHN LEWIS DUNKEL, son of Dr. George A. and Catherine (Walsh) Dunkel, was born in Baltimore, Md., on September 15, 1815.

After graduation he studied law at home with James Mason Campbell, Esq., and was admitted to the bar in 1839. He practiced his profession in Baltimore for several years, but eventually retired to a farm near Columbia, Howard County, Md., where he

resided to the time of his death. His intellect and his interest in literary pursuits remained unimpaired to the last. His death, which occurred on the morning of December 1, 1894, in his 80th year, was the result of prostration arising from a severe cold.

He married Miss Rebecca T. Davidge, the daughter of Dr. John Beale Davidge, of Baltimore, who survives him with his seven children—five sons and two daughters.

1837

DAVID BENTON COE, of Granville, Mass., was born in that town on August 16, 1814.

After graduation he studied in the Yale Divinity School for two years, and during the next year completed his theological course while serving as a Tutor in the College. On the 14th of October, 1840, he was ordained as pastor of the 1st Congregational Church in Milford, Conn. Four years later he removed to New York City, to become the pastor of the Allen Street Presbyterian Church; and after a most successful pastorate there, he resigned his charge on May 1, 1849, to serve as District Secretary of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions. On January 1, 1851, he became a Corresponding Secretary of the American Home Missionary Society, in which office he continued (with the rank of Honorary Secretary since 1882) until his death at his home in Bloomfield, N. J., on February 13, 1895, in his 81st year.

In this last field of service Dr. Coe found the great work of his life; and few of his generation could look back on a more useful career. His sagacity in affairs and thorough conscientiousness were re-enforced by a most lovable character, which ruled his daily life.

The honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on him by Middlebury College in 1857.

He married, on January 6, 1841, Rebecca, daughter of the Rev. Alexander Phœnix (Columbia Coll. 1795), then of New Haven, Conn., who survives him. Their children were three sons and two daughters, of whom only the eldest son (Y. C. 1862) and the younger daughter are still living; the second son was graduated at Yale in 1872, and died the same year.

PHILO RUGGLES HURD, the eldest son of Anson and Lucy (Ruggles) Hurd, was born in Rhinebeck, N. Y., on February 19,

1811. In his infancy his parents returned to their former residence, in that part of New Milford now Bridgewater, Conn. For nearly five years before completing his preparation for College he had been a clerk in a store in Woodbury, Conn.

Immediately upon graduation he began the study of theology in the Yale Divinity School, where he finished the course in 1840. On the 1st of July, 1840, he was ordained to the pastorate of the Congregational Church in Watertown, Conn., from which he was dismissed on January 1, 1849. He then removed to Romeo, Mich., where he began to minister to the Congregational Church in November of that year (though not regularly installed until February 12, 1851), and where he continued until January 1, 1870. The next two years he spent without charge, preaching in various places, and in search of lost health. Near the beginning of 1872 he settled in Eaton Rapids, Mich., for the sake of the mineral springs there, and took charge of the vacant Congregational pulpit. In November, 1875, he removed to Detroit, Mich., where he remained until his death, without regular pastoral work, but continuing to be eminently useful to his ministerial brethren in various ways. He died in Detroit on March 25, 1895, in his 85th year.

He was one of the Trustees of Olivet College, Michigan, from 1865 to 1889, and received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from that board in 1870.

He married on May 9, 1842, Mary Ann, second daughter of Cyrus Deane, of Brookfield, Mass., by whom he had one child, a daughter, who died before her parents.

1838

JAMES NOONEY, son of James and Abigail M. (Denison) Nooney, was born in Chester, Mass., on August 12, 1810, and gained his education under serious difficulties by his own exertions.

He was distinguished for scholarship in College, especially in mathematics, and for two years after graduation he held the place of Professor of Mathematics in the U. S. Navy. In the Spring of 1841 he entered on a tutorship at Yale, and this position he retained until his appointment as Professor of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy in Western Reserve College, at Hudson, Ohio, in the summer of 1844. He resigned this office in 1848, and then travelled extensively, especially on the Pacific coast. In 1849 he accepted an appointment on the government survey

of the boundary between Mexico and this country, and on retiring from this engagement in 1850 he returned to California, where he found abundant employment as a surveyor and also embarked in extensive commercial ventures. In 1859 he was appointed astronomer of the commission on the boundary line between the United States and Great Britain (49th parallel), from the Pacific to the great lakes, and in this arduous and responsible work and the preparation of a report he spent several months. He continued to be occupied as a surveyor and mining engineer, and was engaged in Mexico as a superintendent of gold and silver mines at the time of Maximilian's advent as Emperor. In 1863 he returned to the East, and spent several years in and near New Haven, engaged in mathematical studies. For two years, about 1878-80, he resided on an orange plantation in Florida, and after briefer sojournings in various localities in Michigan, and other western States, he returned in the fall of 1884 to his native town, where he made his home until his death with two sisters. In these later years deafness and other infirmities led him to shun society, and the close of his eventful life was exceptionally quiet and peaceful. He died in Chester on April 12, 1895, in his 85th year. He was never married.

WHITMAN PECK was born in Greenwich, Conn., on May 16, 1815, the son of Samuel and Mary (Mead) Peck.

After graduation he spent two years in the Union Theological Seminary, New York City, and then completed his course in another year at Andover, Mass. He then served as acting pastor of the Congregational Church in Erving, Franklin County, Mass., for a year, and for a second year in Gustavus, Ohio. On October 23, 1844, he was ordained and installed over the (New School) Presbyterian Church in Genoa, Cayuga County, N.Y., from the pastorate of which he was dismissed on June 1, 1849. He then preached for a year in Auburn, Worcester County, Mass., and for four years in North Branford, Conn. In 1855 a failure of voice and general debility compelled him to leave the ministry, and he gave himself thenceforth mainly to teaching. He kept a private school in North Greenwich, Conn., from 1856 to 1858; then in Newark, Del., from 1859 to 1861; in Ridgefield, Conn., from 1862 to 1864; and in Fishkill, N. Y., from 1865 to 1868. In 1869 he removed to New Haven, Conn., and retired gradually from active pursuits. After 1883 he made his home

with one of his daughters, and died in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., on November 9, 1894, aged 79½ years.

He married on November 6, 1844, Ruth M., daughter of Harvey Keeler, of Ridgefield, Conn., who died on January 30, 1881. Their children were three daughters and one son. The youngest daughter died in girlhood, and the son (Y. C. 1875) a few years after graduation. The surviving daughters are married, respectively, to the Rev. Professor Alwin E. Todd (Y. C. 1871) and the Rev. Wayland Spaulding (Y. C. 1874).

1839

ROBBINS BATTELL, the youngest son of Joseph and Sarah (Robbins) Battell, of Norfolk, Conn., was born in that town on April 9, 1819.

The death of his father, in 1841, devolved upon him large responsibilities in the care of the family estates, by which his subsequent life was in a great degree shaped. His residence continued in Norfolk, and for over fifty years his rare public spirit, his generosity and his good taste were devoted in manifold ways to the advancement of his native region. The death of his brother Joseph in 1874 added to his cares, and thenceforth the greater part of each week was spent at his office in New York, in personal charge of the family investments; he retained, nevertheless, his unique relation to Norfolk and his deep interest in Connecticut and her institutions. He served the town as a Representative in the State Legislature in 1852, 1858, and 1860, and was a delegate to the Peace Convention in February, 1861. In the years of the civil war he devoted his time and means largely to the support of the government, and in 1865 he served as a member of the State Senate, and in 1866 as State Comptroller. He also did excellent service as a Trustee of the State Hospital for the Insane, at Middletown, from its opening in 1867 to 1891.

His love for his *Alma Mater* was strong, and his gifts to it were varied and frequent; through his influence, also, large gifts were directed to the College by other members of his family.

He married on August 15, 1849, Ellen R., daughter of George S. Mills, of Newark, N. J., who died on March 19, 1851. His only child, who married Frederic P. Terry (Y. C. 1869), survives him.

He died in Norfolk, on January 26, 1895, in his 76th year, after a few days' illness.

JOHN CATLIN was born in Litchfield, Conn., on May 23, 1814, the sixth in a family of nine children.

He left College an invalid, and being for this reason obliged to forego his strong desire of following the ministry, he entered on the work of teaching. He taught in Litchfield and in Washington, Conn., and finally kept a private school for several years in the village of Northfield (in Litchfield), where he continued to reside after closing his school. He then became a merchant, and was engaged in trade for eight years. After retiring from business he retained the office of postmaster until 1869. While in trade he became interested (in 1858) in the Northfield Knife Company, which has for a long time been managed by his sons,—his own feeble health for the last twenty years having interfered with his active participation in business. As a justice of the peace and as school-visitor and in numerous other ways he lived an eminently useful and public-spirited life, devoted to the good of the community. He was chosen a deacon in the Congregational Church in 1852. He died in Northfield, after five days' illness, on August 26, 1894, in his 81st year.

He married, on May 19, 1840, Miss Laura T. Humaston, of New Haven, who survives him with their three sons; their only daughter died in infancy.

JOHN SHERWOOD, son of the Hon. Samuel Sherwood, a Member of Congress from the State of New York, was born in Delhi, N. Y., on August 12, 1820, and entered College from New York City.

He studied law in his father's office in New York City, and began practice in 1842, being in partnership with his father until 1857. After a long and successful professional career, especially in the department of commercial law, he retired from business in 1888, having suffered from a stroke of paralysis, and made his home thenceforth in Delhi. He died there on February 11, 1895, in his 75th year.

He married in 1851 Mary Elizabeth, daughter of General James Wilson, of Keene, N. H., who survives him and is widely known as a writer. Of their four sons two are still living.

1840

JOHN MASON DOUBLEDAY was born in Binghamton, N. Y., on March 13, 1821, and died in Montclair, N. J., on September 3, 1894, in his 74th year.

He taught school for a few years, but on account of the failure of his health engaged in business as an umbrella manufacturer in New York City in 1846. During the war he met with reverses, but later resumed his former business and continued it successfully until his retirement about two years before his death. Meantime he had voluntarily completed the repayment in full, with interest, of all the claims against him at the time of his failure.

He leaves a widow and three children.

JONATHAN EDWARDS, second son of the Rev. Dr. Justin Edwards (Williams Coll. 1810) and Lydia (Bigelow) Edwards, was born on July 17, 1820, in Andover, Mass., where his father was then a pastor.

After graduation he taught school in Lunenburg, Va., and in Gorham and Augusta, Me. He studied theology at New Haven and Andover, and in March, 1848, received a unanimous call to the pastorate of the First (Congregational) Church in Woburn, Mass. He was ordained there on September 7, and this relation continued with entire harmony until a dismissal was granted him on January 21, 1856, in order to accept a call to Rochester, N. Y., where he was installed as the first pastor of the Plymouth (Congregational) Church on April 18. He was dismissed from this charge, from considerations of health, on November 20, 1862, and on the 1st of the following January was installed over the First (Congregational) Church in Dedham, Mass. Having been dismissed from this charge on April 13, 1874, he visited Colorado, and while there served for about a year as Acting President of Colorado College, which was opened in May, 1874. After his return he was installed on March 1, 1876, as pastor of the First Congregational Church in Wellesley Hills (then Grantville), Mass. While still in that office he died there suddenly, from pneumonia and heart-weakness, on July 16, 1894, at the age of 74 years.

He married on August 30, 1848, Frances S., daughter of the Hon. David Bronson, of Augusta, Me. Their children were two daughters and one son, who survive him with their mother.

• TIMOTHY DWIGHT HUNT, the youngest child of Dr. Simon and Huldah (Brewster) Hunt, of Rochester, N. Y., was born in Rochester on March 10, 1821.

He spent the three years after graduation in the Auburn (N. Y.) Theological Seminary, and having been accepted as a missionary of the American Board to the Hawaiian Islands, was ordained by the Genesee Presbytery at Perry, N. Y., on October 3, 1843. He was married on the 1st of November following to Mary, daughter of Nathan Hedges, of Newark, N. J., and spent nearly five years in the mission field. He then went to San Francisco, to preach to the newly-arriving emigrants, being thus the first settled Protestant minister in California, and organizing the first church there. While pastor of the First Congregational Church in San Francisco, he published (1853) a volume of lectures (189 pp., 16°) on *The Past and Present of the Sandwich Islands*. He was dismissed from his charge in 1857, and in 1858 was settled over the First Presbyterian Church of Ithaca, N. Y. In 1859 he removed to the Presbyterian Church in Waterville, N. Y., where his wife died on October 11, 1861. On December 4, 1862, he married Miss Mary E. Preston, of Waterville, who died in 1863. He was a third time married, on August 11, 1864, to Miss Sarah Nash, of Marshall, Mich., and in 1865 he became a pastor of the Presbyterian Church in Niles, Mich. He remained in Niles for six years, after which followed two pastorates in the State of New York,—Nunda (1872-76), and Sodus (1876-79). He was subsequently settled in Raisin and Fenton, Mich., and in Chili and Westernville, N. Y., and ended a faithful and diligent pastoral career of over fifty years on his retirement from the last named pulpit in April, 1894. The closing months of his life were spent in Whitesboro, N. Y., where he died very suddenly on February 7, 1895, aged nearly 74 years.

His wife survives him, with four daughters and four sons.

1842

ODLE CLOSE was born in Greenwich, Conn., on July 17, 1817, the son of Edward Close, and grandson of Odle and Hannah (Brush) Close. His mother was Charlotte, daughter of Joseph and Eunice (Knapp) Hobby.

In 1842 he began the study of law under Judge Robert S. Hart in the town of Bedford, Westchester County, N. Y., and while studying was also employed as a teacher in the Bedford Academy. He was admitted to the bar in May, 1845, and in the same year opened an office in Bedford. In 1853 he united with the Hon. William H. Robertson in forming the law firm of Close

& Robertson, with an office in Mott Haven, which was then outside the limits of New York City. This firm remained unchanged during the rest of his active business life, but their office was transferred to White Plains in 1865. In the spring of 1854 he removed his private office and family home from Bedford to Croton Falls, in North Salem, the northernmost township in the same county.

Mr. Close led a very active and highly respected professional life, and among other important positions was for several years counsel for the New York & Harlem Railroad and also for the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company. Under the U. S. law of 1866 he was appointed Register in Bankruptcy and held that office until the repeal of the law (1867-79). He was a member of the County Board of Supervisors from 1868 to 1892, when the state of his health forbade longer service. He served on the constitutional commissions of 1873 and 1891, for the revision of the State constitution, by appointment of the Governor and Senate. He was identified with the Republican party from its foundation. He was for many years a vestryman of the old Episcopal Parish of St. James, in North Salem, and frequently a delegate to the Diocesan Conventions.

He died suddenly at his home in Croton Falls, from heart-failure, on November 19, 1894, in his 78th year.

He married on October 26, 1846, Samantha B., daughter of Lewis Numan, of Glen's Falls, N. Y., who survives him with one daughter. A son and a second daughter died in early life.

HENRY PLUMER KEYES was born in Conneaut, Ashtabula County, Ohio, on February 14, 1820.

After graduation he studied law, and was admitted to the bar at Defiance, Ohio, in August, 1845. He afterwards engaged in mercantile business for several years in Conneaut, and from June, 1856, to October, 1865, in Cedar Rapids, Iowa. He then removed to St. Louis, Mo., but returned to Cedar Rapids in January, 1878, and there spent the rest of his life. In his later years he was a great invalid. He died in Cedar Rapids on December 3, 1894, in his 75th year.

He married on August 11, 1859, Sarah M., daughter of the Rev. David Huntington (Union Coll. 1809), of Harpersville, N. Y., who died on October 31, 1876, leaving three daughters. He next married on July 31, 1878, Mrs. Maria Grant, of Grand

Rapids, Mich., who survived him for about three months, dying from the effects of paralysis on March 10, 1895.

EDWARD CAREY WALKER, the youngest of thirteen children of Stephen Walker, of that part of Butternuts which is now Morris, Otsego County, N.Y., was born on July 4, 1820. His mother was Lydia (Gardner) Walker. He entered the class at the opening of the Junior year.

After graduation he studied law for three years—two years in the office of Messrs. Joy and Porter, in Detroit, Mich. (the home of a married sister), and one year in the Law School of Harvard College. He was admitted to the Detroit bar in the fall of 1845, and at once began practice there,—a brother joining him in partnership in 1850. For the rest of his life he resided in Detroit, greatly esteemed and respected. He was early made an Elder in the Fort St. Presbyterian Church, and throughout his career was active in all moral and religious movements. From 1864 to 1882 he was a Regent of the State University, and in 1867 was elected to the lower house of the Legislature.

He married on June 16, 1852, Lucy, only daughter of Abner Bryant, of Buffalo, N. Y., who died on March 10, 1883. Their children were one son and one daughter, both of whom survive their father—the son having been a partner in his law-office since 1880. He died at his son's residence in Detroit on December 28, 1894, in his 75th year, from inflammation of the bladder.

1843

ANTHONY QUINTON KEASBEY, son of Judge Edward Q. Keasbey, was born in Salem, N. J., on March 1, 1824, and entered Yale at the beginning of the Sophomore year.

Soon after graduation he began the study of law in his native town, in the office of Francis L. McCullough, and subsequently continued his studies with Cortlandt Parker, of Newark. In October, 1846, he entered on the practice of his profession in Salem, where he resided until October, 1852, when he went to Europe. On his return in the spring of 1853 he removed to Newark. He became associated in partnership with his former instructor, Mr. Parker, in 1855, and this relation continued until 1876, when Mr. Keasbey formed a new partnership with his two elder sons. In April, 1861, he was appointed U. S. District Attorney for New Jersey, and he held that office continuously

until 1884. He was distinguished in his profession, and was otherwise prominent in the community and most highly esteemed.

He went abroad in February, 1895, accompanied by his two daughters, and died in Rome, of peritonitis, on April 4, in his 72d year.

He married on October 18, 1848, Elizabeth, daughter of the Hon. Jacob W. Miller, of Morristown, N. J., who died in 1852. He married on September 18, 1854, Miss Edwina L. Miller, a sister of his former wife, who died in 1887. Two sons and a daughter by the first marriage, and four sons and a daughter by the second marriage survive him. The second son was graduated at the Sheffield Scientific School in 1871.

CHARLES WILLIAM QUICK was born in New York City on October 4, 1822, the eldest of fourteen children of Charles and Jean (Grant) Quick.

After graduation he taught in Philadelphia, and studied for the ministry in the Theological Seminary of the Diocese of Virginia. At the completion of his course he was ordained Deacon in the Protestant Episcopal Church by Bishop Meade on July 14, 1848. From 1848 to 1850 he was rector of St. Paul's Church, Chester, Pa., with the charge at the same time of St. Martin's Church, Marcus Hook. He was advanced to priest's orders by Bishop Potter on April 23, 1849. In the fall of 1850 he went to St. Andrew's Church, Pittsburgh, Pa., and while here the Calvinistic tone of his discourses began to be the subject of animadversion. In 1853 he was transferred to the Church of the Epiphany in the same city, where he remained until 1860, serving also for the years 1857-60 as County Superintendent of Public Schools. In October, 1860, he became rector of the Church of Our Saviour in Philadelphia, which he left in 1864. From 1865 to 1868 he was rector of St. David's Church, Manayunk, in the suburbs of the city, and then returned to the Church of Our Saviour, where he remained until 1873. In 1872 he had become the proprietor and editor of *The Episcopal Recorder*, which is now an organ of the Reformed Episcopal Church. He did not again take a parish but devoted himself to editorial work on the *Recorder* until 1888, being fully in sympathy with the Reformed Episcopal movement and in fact one of its originators, but preferring for many years to remain in connection with his old church for the sake of his influence there.

His health broke down during his editorial work, and he was obliged to seek rest in a country residence, at Malvern. Subsequently he edited the *Christian Woman*, a non-sectarian paper, which he gave up in 1893.

He died at his home in Philadelphia, after ten days' illness, from a paralytic stroke, on October 10, 1894, at the age of 72 years.

He married on October 7, 1856, Miss Anna P. Whitesides, of Pittsburgh, who survives him, with four of their five children, three daughters and one son.

1844

EDWARD BISSELL, the eldest child of Edward and Jane A. M. (Reed) Bissell, was born in Geneseo, N. Y., on September 24, 1824. His parents, who were natives of Windsor, Conn., removed to Lockport, N. Y., in 1828, and thence to Toledo, O., in his earliest days.

After graduation he studied in the Harvard Law School until February, 1846, when he went to Galveston, Texas, where he continued his law-studies with some interruptions (owing to the war with Mexico) until July, 1847. He then returned to his home in Toledo, where he was admitted to the bar in 1848. In the spring of 1852 he gave up his profession on account of ill health, but after extensive travel was able to resume work in 1856 and held thenceforth a prominent position at the bar, though his whole life was a struggle against physical weakness.

He died in Toledo of a brain disease, after eight weeks' illness, on Nov. 23, 1894, in his 71st year.

He married on December 24, 1862, Sarah A., daughter of Benjamin Secor, of Toledo, by whom he had five sons and one daughter. His wife survives him.

WILLIAM CLAIBORNE KAIN, the only son of Dr. John H. Kain (Y. C. 1816) and Eliza (Boardman) Kain, was born on February 22, 1824, at "Trafalgar," a plantation of his grandfather, John Kain, in Knox County, East Tennessee.

He read law for two years in the office of Judge Alexander, in Knoxville, Tenn., and was admitted to practice in 1847, having married in the meantime, on June 24, 1846, Mary A., daughter of Eli B. Austin, of New Haven, Conn. His home was at first on the Trafalgar plantation, while he practiced law in Knoxville,

whither he finally removed. He also edited for a time the Knoxville *Register*, and published in 1857 a volume entitled *The Constable's Guide*, which became a standard authority. He enlisted in the Confederate service at the opening of the Civil War, and fought with ardor to the close. He underwent subsequently a long imprisonment, while under the charge of murder for participating in a military execution, and on his release preferred to resume the practice of his profession in New York City. When peace and order were fully restored in East Tennessee he returned to Knoxville, and thereafter gave himself mainly to the preparation of various legal works, such as *The Tennessee Justice* (1889), and *The Tennessee Officer* (1893); at the time of his death he was preparing a treatise on the rights of railway passengers. He died in Knoxville, very suddenly, on October 29, 1894, in his 71st year.

His wife died many years before him, and his only surviving child is a daughter.

CHARLES ROLLIN LYNDE was born in Cortland Village, then part of the township of Homer, N. Y., on April 3, 1823, the son of the Hon. Charles W. and Cynthia R. (Thomson) Lynde. The family removed to Brooklyn, N. Y., in 1838, and he entered College towards the close of Freshman year.

He studied law at the Harvard Law School for a few months and then in Brooklyn until 1847. After an interval of extensive foreign travel he began the practice of his profession there, in partnership with Judge Morse. He married on December 19, 1854, Augusta, daughter of Joseph W. Harper, of Harper & Brothers, New York City. In 1862 he felt the need of a more active life, after long and successful practice, and removing to New York City devoted himself thenceforth to the care of his investments in real estate. In 1872 he removed to Princeton, N. J., for the education of his two sons, the eldest of whom was graduated at Princeton College in 1877. He established in 1876 the prize for debate known by his name at that College. In 1884 he removed to Trenton, N. J., and in 1891 returned to Brooklyn.

He died suddenly, from inflammation of the bowels, in Brooklyn, on July 25, 1894, in his 72d year. His sons survive him.

SAMUEL MINOR, ninth child and youngest son of the Hon. Matthew Minor (Y. C. 1801) and Lorena (Bacon) Minor, was born in Woodbury, Conn., on March 27, 1823.

On leaving College he traveled in the West, and taught for some months in Mansfield, Ohio. He then studied law in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., and further in the Yale Law School, and was admitted to the bar in March, 1847. He opened an office in his native town, but after six months' trial decided to seek a broader field and removed to Ohio. In June, 1848, he settled in Sandusky, where he remained until November, 1862. On account of continued ill health he was then obliged to spend some time in travel. In February, 1865, he established himself in Titusville, Pa., where he was for some years mainly occupied in business connected with the petroleum industry, but in 1872 resumed the full practice of his profession. He was a valued member of the State Constitutional Convention of 1872-73. His health failed again in 1884, and he removed in 1886 to Los Angeles, California, where he still followed his profession. He suffered from an apoplectic attack, due to overwork, in June, 1894, and died there on March 3, 1895, at the age of 72.

For forty years he was an elder in the Presbyterian Church and a moral force in the communities of his residence.

He married at Port Huron, Mich., on May 6, 1850, Mary T., daughter of the Rev. Peter Boughton, by whom he had one child, a daughter; both wife and child survive him.

JOHN WESLEY SHEPHERD was born in Huntsville, Ala., on July 20, 1826, and was the youngest member of the class as graduated. He entered College at the beginning of the Sophomore year.

After graduation he taught in an academy in his native town, and at the same time studied law with a brother-in-law, S. D. Cabaniss, with whom, on his admission to the bar in January, 1847, he entered into partnership. After a brief period his reputation attracted the attention of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State, and in 1851, at the early age of 25, he was offered provisionally the appointment of Reporter for that body. This required his removal to Montgomery, where he entered on his duties in the summer of 1851. He gave such satisfaction that his permanent appointment followed, and he held this office until his death, except during the reconstruction period (1868-74).

He was regarded as a model reporter and won the entire respect and regard both of the judges and of the bar of the State. Besides publishing over fifty volumes of reports of decisions, he issued a digest of the decisions in 1858, and in connection with the late Chief Justice Stone prepared in 1866 a Penal Code for the State. After more than a year of feeble health, he died in Montgomery, from blood-poisoning, on May 1, 1894, in his 68th year. His wife, whom he married on September 28, 1854, survives him with six daughters.

THOMAS MERRITT THOMPSON was born on September 18, 1817, in Woodstock, Ulster County, N. Y., whither his father had removed from Connecticut. When he was about ten years of age the family returned to Connecticut, and he lived in Roxbury and Woodbury, working as a farm hand until his admission to College.

From 1844 to 1847 he taught a high school in South Britain, in the town of Southbury, Conn. He married, on September 29, 1847, Miss Sarah Downs, of Woodbury, and fixed his residence in that town, where for many years he conducted successfully a select school for both sexes. Having engaged, however, in some disastrous business ventures, he went to Colorado in 1869, in the hope of repairing his fortunes. For the next twenty-five years his residence and occupation were a mystery to his friends, but in 1894 he was found to be living at Arroyo Hondo, in Taos County, New Mexico, where he had been for some two years engaged in teaching. The earlier period he seems to have spent mainly in Southern Colorado, prospecting for ores and trading.

He died of old age, at Taos, New Mexico, on June 6, 1894, in his 77th year.

His wife is still living in Woodbury; their only child, a daughter, died about two years before her father.

1845

CALVIN LUTHER GODDARD, son of Levi and Fanny (Watson) Goddard, was born in Covington, Wyoming County, N. Y., on January 22, 1822.

After graduation he taught in a classical school in New York City for a year, and then became a clerk in an establishment for the manufacture of machinery used by woollen mills. In 1854 he embarked in the same business on his own account, and about

this date his attention was drawn to the need of improvement in the machinery in use, and he perfected in subsequent years several inventions in burring and carding machinery which proved extremely valuable. In 1875 he disposed of his manufacturing business, which had hitherto been located in New York City, to a firm in Worcester, Mass., and removed to that city, where he continued to be engaged in the same business until his death. He was confined to his room for a week, with an attack of grip which developed into pneumonia, and died on March 29, 1895, in his 74th year.

He married on December 19, 1846, Gertrude G., daughter of Amos Quimby, of Milton, Ulster County, N. Y. Their children were two sons and two daughters.

FRANCIS IVES, son of Russell and Abigail (Dickerman) Ives, was born on July 22, 1819, in Hamden, New Haven County, Conn.

After graduating he taught through the winter in Oxford, Conn., and then entered the Yale Law School, where he received the degree of LL.B. in 1848. In June of this year he opened a law-office in Bridgeport, Conn., and for the succeeding twenty-five years he was in active and successful practice in that city. During his later years he was occupied in the development of his extensive real-estate interests in Bridgeport.

He was never married. He died in Bridgeport, from the results of a severe attack of the grip, on January 26, 1895, aged 75½ years.

JAMES MORTON, second son of Robert and Mary (Hamilton) Morton, was born on February 7, 1818, in Loudoun, Ayrshire, Scotland. His parents came to America when he was about 11 years old, and settled in Oneida County, New York. He entered Hamilton College, which was near his home (in the village of New York Mills), in 1841, and removed to Yale a year later.

After graduation he taught for one year in Rome, N. Y., and for the next year was the principal of the Whitesboro (N. Y.) Academy. The next two years were spent in the Union Theological Seminary, but a severe illness then delayed for about a year his entering on the work of his profession. In 1850 he went to the Presbyterian Church in Turin, Lewis County, N. Y., as stated supply, and received ordination from the Third Presby-

tery of New York on January 12, 1851. The state of his health obliged him in 1854 to seek a more southerly location, and the next six years were spent with the Presbyterian Church in Delaware City, Del. In 1860 he returned to New York City and took charge soon after of a new church in the northern part of the city. In the fall of 1863 he was called to the Presbyterian Church in Galesburg, Ill., which he supplied for about a year. He was then occupied in business in New York until 1867, when he took charge of the Presbyterian Church in Stanhope, N. J. In 1870 he was recalled to New York City by the sudden death of his brother, who was the originator of the Morton gold pen, and circumstances made it desirable for him at that time to assume control of the business. This occupied him for the rest of his life, which was diversified by frequent foreign visits. He never lost his deep interest in religious work, but continued to preach as opportunity offered and to labor in connection with the church.

He continued in good health until February, 1894. He went abroad in April, for rest and travel, but died in London, after a short but severe illness from vesical inflammation, on August 28, in his 77th year.

He married on November 6, 1861, Victorine B., daughter of John Carson, of Delaware City, Del., who survives him. They had no children.

1847

SWIFT BYINGTON was born in Bristol, Conn., on February 4, 1824, the son of Charles Byington, M.D. (Yale 1821) and Eveline (Barnes) Byington. His residence while in College was in Plymouth, Conn.

On graduation he entered the Yale Divinity School, where he remained for the first two years of his theological course, which he completed at the Andover Seminary in 1850. His first pastorate was over the First (Congregational) Church in (West) Brookfield, Mass., where he was ordained and installed on November 17, 1852. He married on September 8, 1852, Martha W., daughter of Joel Wheeler, of Boston. He was obliged by the condition of Mrs. Byington's health to take a dismissal from his charge on November 1, 1858, and for more than five years declined all offers of permanent settlement. Meantime he supplied for six months (1858-59) the Congregational Church in North Cam-

bridge, Mass. ; and had charge of the Congregational Church in North Woburn, Mass., from May, 1861, until his engagement in the fall of 1862 with the Old South Church, Boston, in place of their junior pastor, who was absent for nine months as chaplain in the army. On July 6, 1864, he was installed over the Congregational Church in Stoneham, Mass., from which he was dismissed to accept a settlement (on June 2, 1871) with the First (Congregational) Church, Exeter, N. H. After a useful and honored pastorate there of upwards of twenty years, his health began to fail, which caused his resignation in April, 1893. He continued to dwell among his attached people until his death there on May 26, 1895, in his 72d year.

His wife survives him with one son and two daughters,—the eldest daughter and another son having died before him.

WILLIAM PEET, the son of Frederick T. and Elizabeth (Lockwood) Peet, was born in New York City, where his father was a dry-goods merchant, on December 4, 1822. The family residence was in Brooklyn after 1828. The son spent a short time in his father's counting-room before entering College.

On graduation he began his law studies in the Yale Law School, and continued them in the office of Matteson & Doolittle, in Utica, N. Y., being admitted to the bar at Syracuse in November, 1848. In April, 1849, he opened an office in New York City, in partnership with his classmate Nichols. Livingston K. Miller joined the firm in 1857, and after Mr. Nichols' removal to Providence in 1866 William S. Opdyke took his place. Mr. Miller died in 1877, and the Hon. Benjamin H. Bristow joined the firm in 1878. Mr. Peet's reputation as a lawyer and as a man was of the highest, and his unvarying cheerfulness under great physical disability was a constant surprise. He died very suddenly from *angina pectoris*, in his office in New York, on June 17, 1895, in his 73d year.

He married on July 17, 1851, Martha I., daughter of James T. Homans, who survives him.

Their children were two daughters and nine sons, of whom only one daughter and three sons are living ; the youngest son graduates from this College the present week.

GEORGE APPLETON ROBBINS, son of George S. Robbins, of New York, was born in that city on November 7, 1827.

Upon leaving College he entered his father's banking house, which was known after January, 1849, as the firm of George S. Robbins and Son. After twenty years he retired from active business, and devoted himself for the rest of his life to the care of his estate and to his duties in connection with various public institutions. At the time of his death among other engagements he was treasurer of the N. Y. Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, a member of the Executive Committee of the Asylum for the Blind, vice-president of the Institution for the Savings of Merchants' Clerks, and a vestryman of Trinity Church. He was held in the highest esteem for his excellence of character.

He died at his home in New York, after a brief illness, on May 25, 1895, aged 67½ years.

He married on January 4, 1860, Miss Susan Arden Morris, daughter of William Lewis Morris, of New York City, by whom he had four sons and one daughter.

1848

DANIEL FRANCIS GULLIVER, son of Deacon John and Sarah (Putnam) Gulliver, was born in Boston, Mass., on May 29, 1826.

During the year after graduation he taught school in Norwich, Conn., where his elder brother (Y. C. 1840) had recently been settled in the ministry. He then spent two years in study at the Jefferson Medical College, in Philadelphia, and returned to Norwich to practice his profession. He married on September 16, 1852, Mary E., the eldest and only surviving child of the Hon. Henry Strong (Y. C. 1806), of Norwich. On account of delicate health Dr. Gulliver was never in extensive practice, but found it necessary to devote himself to farming and took great pleasure in the raising of fine stock. Owing to a rheumatic trouble affecting the action of the heart, he avoided public life, except so far as duties in connection with the church were concerned. He was for nine years a deacon in the Broadway Congregational Church, and was markedly successful there in the conduct of a Bible class for young men.

He died suddenly, from *angina pectoris*, in Norwich, on May 22, 1895, at the age of 69 years.

His wife survives him with four sons and two daughters; the two elder sons are graduates of this College, in 1875 and 1877 respectively.

ELIAS BREWSTER HILLARD, son of Captain Moses and Martha (Brewster) Hillard, of Preston, Connecticut, was born in that town on September 6, 1825. During his College course his residence was in Norwich, Conn.

After graduation he was for two years principal of the Lewis Academy in Southington, Conn., and a little later entered the Yale Divinity School. In 1852 he removed to the Andover Theological Seminary, where he finished the course in July, 1854. On March 15, 1855, he was ordained as pastor of the Congregational Church in Hadlyme, Conn., and on September 10th married Julia, daughter of Judge Frederick Whittlesey (Y. C. 1822), of Cleveland, O. He was dismissed from his pastorate on April 15, 1860, and on May 16 was installed over the Congregational Church in Kensington Society, in the township of Berlin, Conn. He left this post on March 2, 1867, and was settled two months later over the Congregational Church in South Glastonbury, Conn., where he remained until November, 1869. Thence he went to Plymouth, Conn., where during a pastorate of twenty years he came into special prominence throughout the State as a leader in movements of temperance reform. His last pastorate (1889-93) was in Conway, Mass., and the closing months of his life were spent in Farmington, Conn., where he died on March 1, 1895, in his 70th year, of heart failure, following pneumonia.

His wife survives him, with five daughters and two sons.

GEORGE GOUNDRY MUNGER was born in Morrisville, in Eaton township, Madison County, N. Y., in 1828. He entered Williams College as a Sophomore, from Rochester, N. Y., in 1845, and came to Yale the following year.

He began the study of law in the office of the Hon. Henry R. Selden, of Rochester, and in April, 1849, entered the Law School of Harvard University. On leaving Harvard in 1850 he was admitted to the bar and began practice in Rochester. In 1855 he was elected County Judge, but resigned in March, 1859, before the expiration of his term. In the fall of 1863 he was elected to the State Senate, and served for the term of two years. He was also U. S. Attorney for the Northern District of New York in 1866-67. About 1880 he removed to New York City, and there continued in the practice of his profession until his death. He died at his home in New York on March 14, 1895, in his 67th year, after a short illness.

He married on August 31, 1852, Charlotte L. daughter of Anson Sweet, of Manlius, N. Y., who survives him with two daughters.

1849

LORIN BARNES was born in Rutland, Vt., on June 24, 1819, and entered the class at the beginning of the Sophomore year.

He chose the profession of teaching, and was thus occupied until 1853, when he was compelled by reason of ill health to abandon the work. He then removed to Illinois, and became a farmer in Bloomingdale, DuPage County, where he remained for over twenty-two years. In February, 1876, he transferred his residence to Wheaton, the county-seat of the same county, about 25 miles west of Chicago, where he lived thenceforth. He was for many years an elder in the Presbyterian Church and active in Christian work. For some two years, however, before his death, he had been in feeble health, and impaired hearing had driven him into comparative seclusion. He died in Wheaton on August 26, 1894, in his 76th year.

He married on May 16, 1857, Miss J. H. Coe, of Bloomingdale, who survives him with their only child, a son.

MOSES WINTHROP WILSON was born in Fairfield, Conn., on March 19, 1826.

After graduation he studied law for two years in Bridgeport, Conn., and in 1851 served as clerk of the lower house of the State Legislature. He established his residence in Westport, Conn., in 1852, and was engaged in the practice of law there for the rest of his life. In 1859 he was a member of the State House of Representatives.

He died in Westport after an illness of about two weeks, from dysentery, on July 31, 1894, in his 69th year.

He married on November 20, 1850, Miss Margaret E., daughter of George Wheeler, of Easton, Conn., who died on December 17, 1893. Their only child died in infancy.

1850

WILLIAM BRUSH was born in New Fairfield, Conn., on February 19, 1827, and entered College in the fall of 1847.

He began to preach as a minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church in the spring of 1851, at Stockport, Columbia County,

N. Y. He remained there for two years, and fulfilled similar appointments in that vicinity until 1858, when he removed to Iowa, and preached for two years at Dyersville, near Dubuque. In the spring of 1860 he was called to the presidency of Upper Iowa University, at Fayette, where he spent between nine and ten laborious years. He then resigned, to resume preaching, and for three years was presiding elder of the Charles City (Iowa) district. In 1873 he went to Texas, to superintend the work of the Methodist church in that State, but returned to pastoral service in Iowa in 1881. In 1884 he became interested in the establishment of another educational institution, Dakota University, at Mitchell, (South) Dakota, and he filled its presidency from its opening in 1885 to 1892, although for a portion of this time by President Harrison's nomination he held the position of Consul at Messina, Sicily.

In the fall of 1892 he was induced to take the presidency of the University of the Northwest, Sioux City, Iowa, and for two years he labored there under difficult circumstances and with fatal effect upon his health. He returned in 1894 to Dakota University and undertook the duties of financial agent, but found his strength unequal to the task. He died in Englewood, Ill., on April 29, 1895, in his 69th year.

He was married on October 28, 1850, and had five children, of whom two died in infancy. His wife survives him.

He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Iowa Wesleyan University in 1869.

GARRICK MALLERY, son of the Hon. Garrick Mallery (Yale 1808) by his second wife, Catherine J. Hall, was born in Wilkes-Barre, Pa., on April 23, 1831. His father removed in 1836 to Philadelphia, from which he entered College.

He studied law for three years after graduation, and received the degree of Bachelor of Laws from the University of Pennsylvania in 1853. In the same year he was admitted to the Philadelphia bar and he continued in the practice of law in that city until the breaking out of the civil war. He volunteered as a private on April 16, 1861, the day of President Lincoln's proclamation, and on May 27, was appointed captain in the regiment afterwards known as the 71st Pennsylvania Infantry. At the battle of Peach Orchard, Va., on June 29, 1862, he was severely wounded and taken prisoner. After being exchanged he was

promoted, in February, 1863, to be Lieutenant Colonel of the 13th Pennsylvania Cavalry. Wounds received in the subsequent campaigns and severe illness induced him to accept in July, 1864, an appointment of equal rank in the 3d Regiment, Veteran Reserve Corps. Two years later he was commissioned as captain in the 43d Infantry in the regular army, and was mainly on duty for the next few years in connection with the military government of Virginia. In August, 1870, on the establishment of the system of meteorological observations which resulted in the present Signal Service Bureau, he was the first officer selected by the Secretary of War for this work, and continued to be prominently engaged in its organization for six years. He was then ordered to active duty in command of Fort Rice in Dakota, and while there became interested in the sign language and mythologies of the Indians. After a few months it was found that his old wounds rendered active service impossible, and he was ordered back to Washington, though not formally retired until July, 1879. Meantime he had been engaged in ethnological research in connection with the survey of the Rocky Mountain region, and on the organization of the Bureau of Ethnology later in 1879 he was made Ethnologist of the Bureau, which position he held until his death. In this connection he devoted himself to the study, on the comparative method, of the sign language and the pictographs of the North American Indians, and his published reports on these subjects are accorded the highest rank.

He died at his residence in Washington, after only three days' illness, the indirect result of diseases contracted during the war, on October 24, 1894, in his 64th year.

He married on April 14, 1870, Helen M., daughter of the Rev. Abraham V. Wyckoff (Rutgers Coll. 1842), of New Brunswick, N. J., who survives him, without children.

1852

JONATHAN ELBRIDGE GOODHUE, son of Joseph Goodhue, of Deerfield, N. H., was born in that town on April 15, 1824, and joined the class towards the end of the Freshman year. Ill health in senior year prevented his graduation, but he was admitted to a degree three years later.

He engaged in teaching for several years, but at length began his preparation for the ministry in the Berkeley Divinity School,

at Middletown, Conn. He was ordained at Middletown by Bishop Williams to the diaconate in the Protestant Episcopal Church on May 30, 1860, and at once entered on the rectorship of St. Paul's Church, Brookfield, Conn., where he was advanced to the priesthood by the same Bishop on May 31, 1861. In the spring of 1869 he removed to Grace Church, Sterling, Illinois, but two years later took charge of Trinity Church, Davenport, Iowa, where he remained until 1877. While in Davenport he taught in Griswold College for three years, and also served as Chairman of the Standing Committee of the Diocese. He returned to Sterling in 1877, and spent four more years in that parish. In the spring of 1881 he came to New York State and after a brief employment in missionary work accepted a call to Christ Church, in Cuba, Allegany County, where he spent three years. In the spring of 1885 he went to St. Mark's Church, in Newark, Wayne County, the rectorship of which he resigned on account of his ill health in 1892. His residence continued in Newark, and he did missionary work as his health permitted. He died in Newark of apoplexy, on March 17, 1895, aged nearly 71 years. He had been greatly beloved in all his fields of labor.

He married on October 29, 1860, Esther, daughter of Daniel B. Hawley, of Newtown, Conn., who survives him. Their children were two daughters and a son.

DAVID GREENE HUBBARD, the only son of the Hon. William J. Hubbard (Y. C. 1820) and Eliza O. (Chaplin) Hubbard, was born in Cambridge, Mass., on July 24, 1831.

The family residence was removed in his infancy to Boston, where after graduation he studied law. He was also for the year 1853-54 a member of the Harvard Law School, but his health failing he was obliged to give up entering his profession and lived for many years in the country. For some ten years he resided in Oswego, N. Y., but about the time of his father's death (in 1864) he returned to the vicinity of Boston and lived for more than twenty years on a small farm in East Bridgewater. During this time he read extensively and devoted much of his leisure to foreign languages, publishing occasional translations from the German and the Danish. Occasionally he had young men in his family as students, for whom his superior classical scholarship made him an admirable instructor. During the last two years of his life he filled a position in the cataloguing department of the Boston Public Library.

On June 30, 1894, he had an attack of cerebral hemorrhage, and died on the thirteenth of the following month, aged 63 years. He was never married.

JAMES ANDREW WOOD, son of Alva Wood, was born in Whitesville, a village in the township of Independence, Allegany County, N. Y., on August 23, 1828, and entered the Class at the beginning of the Sophomore year.

After graduation he studied in the Yale Law School, and received the degree of LL.B. in 1854. Soon after he entered the office of Charles Ives, Esq., in New Haven, and was admitted to the bar in April, 1855. From that date until his death he practiced his profession here, except for an interval of three years (1885-88) which he spent in Florida for his health.

He died in New Haven, from typhoid fever and pneumonia, on December 12, 1894, in his 67th year. He was never married.

1853

GEORGE ASBURY JOHNSON, son of Joshua and Emeline (Rider) Johnson, was born on July 27, 1829, in Salisbury, Md., and entered College at the opening of the Sophomore year.

For a few months after graduation he taught in the Western Military Institute, at Drennon Springs, Kentucky. In February, 1854, he began the practice of law in Newcastle, Ind., but soon after settled in Cambridge City, in the same State, where he married on October 11, 1855, Miss Juliet M. Wayman. He remained there until 1874, and during that time was for two years President of the Common Council of the city. He also served for two years by appointment of Governor Hendricks as Judge of the 17th Judicial Circuit Court.

In 1874 he removed to California and formed a law-partnership with Barclay Henley, in Santa Rosa. He became speedily popular in that vicinity, and in 1878 was elected Mayor of the city. In 1878 he was also a member of the Constitutional Convention of the State. He then declined a nomination from the new Constitution party for a Justiceship of the Supreme Court. In 1882 he was elected to the State Senate, and again in 1884. In 1886 he was elected Attorney-General of the State on the Democratic ticket. After the conclusion of his term of office he re-entered practice in Sacramento, and thence moved to San Francisco, where he died on September 20, 1894, in his 66th year.

His widow, four sons, and a daughter, survive him.

ROBERT McCURDY LORD, second child of Stephen J. and Sarah A. (McCurdy) Lord, of Lyme, Connecticut, was born in that town on January 10, 1833.

He studied medicine at the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York City, where he was graduated in 1857. After spending some months in the hospitals in New York, he began the practice of his profession in New London in April, 1858, and continued there with growing reputation until his removal to Kansas City, Mo., in September, 1867. He resided in Kansas City, engaged in practice, until his death, which occurred in San Diego, California, on May 11, 1894, in his 62d year.

He married on June 7, 1865, Lucy, daughter of William G. Johnson, of Montville, Conn., who died on October 22, 1893. Two sons survive them,—two other children having died in infancy, and another son in his 21st year.

HORACE HENRY McFARLAND, son of Horace and Mandana (Wallis) McFarland, was born on October 11, 1832, in Ware, Mass.

He read law in Springfield, Mass., for the year after graduation, and was then employed for two years on the editorial staff of the *New Haven Palladium*. He was then for two years in the City Bank, New Haven, and finally in 1858 entered the Yale Divinity School, where he spent two years. From February, 1860, to May, 1862, he served as assistant to the pastor of the Congregational Church in Morris, Conn., and after a year's employment in the U. S. Christian Commission, he was ordained and installed on June 16, 1863, over the Congregational Church in Flushing, L. I., where he stayed until April, 1866. He then took charge of a new organization in Brooklyn, the Fifth Avenue Congregational Church, from which he was transferred in 1868 to another new enterprise in the same city, the Park Congregational Church, the pastorate of which he resigned in 1869.

In 1871 he became the Secretary of the American Seamen's Friend Society, with his office in New York City and his residence in Greenwich, Conn. For nineteen years he edited the *Sailors' Magazine*, the organ of the Society, and during the same time he also did a large amount of other literary work, in connection with the *Christian Union*, the *Cyclopedia of American Biography*, and other similar publications. He retired from the Seamen's Friend Society in 1890, and about that time removed to

Woodhaven, L. I., where he resided until his last illness. In December, 1894, he went to the house of his younger daughter, in Jamaica, L. I., for medical treatment, and he died there, from dropsy of the heart, on March 14, 1895, in his 63d year.

He married, on December 24, 1856, Sarah A. Lum, of Seymour, Conn., who survives him with two daughters and one son; a younger son died in childhood.

1854

LEWIS WILLIAM GIBSON, son of Otis L. and Emmeline Gibson, was born in Wellsboro, Pa., on July 12, 1835, and entered Yale at the beginning of the Sophomore year.

After graduation he studied medicine for a year, and then taught school for three years—in Prompton, Pa., Fond du Lac, Wisc., and Joliet, Ill. In the fall of 1858 he entered the General Theological Seminary in New York City, where he finished the course in 1860. He was ordained deacon in the Protestant Episcopal Church by Bishop Alonzo Potter in Philadelphia on July 1, 1860, and in the following November took charge of a missionary parish in Sunbury, Pa. In 1861 he was advanced to the priesthood. He remained in Sunbury until 1867, and then took a parish in Austin, Minnesota. Later he returned to Pennsylvania, and went in 1873 to Christ Church in Dover, Delaware, where he continued his valued ministry for nearly twenty-two years. In 1876 he was made a member of the Standing Committee of the Diocese, of which he became the President ten years later.

In consequence of failing health he had resigned his rectorship, after an absence of some months; but while visiting Dover to arrange his affairs he grew suddenly worse, and died there on June 7, 1894, aged nearly 59 years.

He married Miss Mary Donnell on November 11, 1862.

1855

JUDSON BOARDMAN ANDREWS, son of Jesse and Mary J. (Bradley) Andrews, was born in North Haven, Conn., on April 25, 1834. During his College course his father's residence was in New Haven.

He taught school after graduation, in Greenfield, Mass., and West Winsted, Conn., and in the fall of 1857 began the study of medicine in the Jefferson Medical College at Philadelphia. In

May, 1858, he resumed teaching, in the Academy at Jonesville, in Saratoga County, N. Y., and continued there, and in Stillwater in the same County, until 1861. In September, 1861, he enlisted in the 77th N. Y. Volunteers, and was captain of a company which he had partially raised, until his resignation in July, 1862. He then completed his medical studies in New Haven, and was graduated here as M.D. in 1863. In the ensuing summer he was appointed Second Assistant Surgeon in the 19th Connecticut Infantry, afterwards the 2d Heavy Artillery; he served with that regiment, in Virginia, until August, 1865.

While practicing medicine in New Haven, in June, 1867, he received the appointment of 3d Assistant Physician in the New York State Lunatic Asylum, at Utica. By successive promotions he reached the rank of 1st Assistant, in 1871, and retained this position until his appointment, in June, 1880, to the Superintendency of the new State Asylum at Buffalo, of which he remained in charge until his death, in that city, on August 3, 1894, in his 61st year. He had been gradually declining in health for the two years preceding.

His large experience in the treatment of insanity had made him an expert in that subject, to which he had contributed valuable reforms. He had published frequent papers on professional topics, especially in the *American Journal of Insanity*, of which he was for ten years the working editor. He also held the chair of Medical Psychology in the Buffalo Medical College.

He married on December 27, 1871, Agnes S., daughter of the Hon. Samuel Campbell, of New York Mills, N. Y., who survives him with one daughter; a younger daughter died in infancy.

FRANKLIN AUSTIN SEELY, son of Colonel Richard L. and Maria (Torrey) Seely, was born at Seely's Mills, now Seelyville, a suburb of Honesdale, Pa., on April 4, 1834.

After graduation he began the study of law at home, but was hampered by weakness of the eyes, and so took up, in 1856, his father's business of lumbering, in which he was engaged until November, 1862. He was then appointed Assistant Quartermaster of Volunteers, with the rank of Captain, and was discharged in July, 1867, with the brevet rank of Lieutenant Colonel. In 1865 he was assigned to duty on the Freedmen's Bureau, and continued in the service of that Bureau until its discontinuance in 1871. He had been stationed in St. Louis, Mo.,

since March, 1867, and continued in business there until 1873. He then returned to Honesdale, Pa., and went into business there, but was unsuccessful and in December, 1875, obtained a position as Assistant Examiner in the U. S. Patent Office. In April, 1877, he was made Chief Clerk, and in June, 1880, Principal Examiner. The special division of work of which he had charge included the subject of trade marks, and on this branch of the law, as well as on all questions affecting international relations, he became a leading authority.

Some three years before his death he suffered from a stroke of paralysis, and after an interval of gradually failing health he died at his residence in Washington on February 6, 1895, aged nearly 61 years.

He married on November 17, 1858, Mary G., daughter of General Henry W. Wessells, U. S. A., who died on July 13, 1876. Their children were four sons and two daughters, of whom three sons and a daughter are still living. He next married, on September 20, 1888, Delia, daughter of Gilbert Rogers, of Waterford, Conn., who survives him.

1857

JONATHAN EUGENE PALMER was born in Bloomfield, Conn., on October 2, 1835, and died in the same town, on April 9, 1895, aged 59½ years.

He studied law in Hartford and in the Yale Law School, and was admitted to the bar in July, 1859. He practiced his profession in Hartford for many years, while still retaining his residence in Bloomfield, which he represented in the State Legislature in 1860 and 1862. He finally retired to his farm in Bloomfield, where his last years were spent. He died very suddenly, from the rupture of a blood-vessel during a violent fit of coughing.

NORMAN CAROLAN PERKINS, son of Alva C. and Patience (Paddock) Perkins, was born in Pomfret, Windsor County, Vt., on April 17, 1832.

After a College career of distinguished literary promise, he studied law in Chicago, Ill., with George Scoville, Esq., and was admitted to the bar in March, 1858. He practiced his profession in that city for some years, from 1859, but without abandoning his interest in literature; and finally the law was deserted, and

he gave himself wholly to editorial writing for several papers. In September, 1881, he removed to Detroit, Mich., and took an editorial position on the *Post and Tribune* newspaper. He resigned this place in 1885, and in the spring of 1886 was appointed one of the assistant librarians of the Detroit Public Library, where his wide knowledge of books and fine literary taste were appreciated and valued. He died in Detroit, after three months' illness, on March 20, 1895, aged nearly 63 years.

He married on May 28, 1862, Harriet C., only daughter of Dr. John M. Winslow, of Rochester, N. Y., who died on January 4, 1886. Their two children—a daughter and a son—are still living.

HENRY MAURICE SEELY, a brother of Franklin A. Seely, of the Class of 1855, whose death is recorded on the previous page, was born at Seely's Mills, Pa., on September 18, 1835.

After graduation he studied law in Albany, N. Y., and in the office of Goodman & Jesup in New York City, where he was admitted to the bar in May, 1859. He began practice in New York, but returned in the spring of 1861 to Honesdale, Pa., where he soon attained a prominent position at the bar. After a highly honorable career as a lawyer, he was appointed by Governor Hoyt in August, 1882, to fill a vacancy as Presiding Judge of the Twenty-second Judicial District of Pennsylvania, comprising Wayne and Pike Counties. At the ensuing election, in November, 1883, he was chosen to the same office, which he held with conspicuous success during a full term of ten years. At the expiration of his term he engaged in practice in Scranton, Pa.

In May, 1894, while attending court in Honesdale, which he still regarded as his home, he was taken seriously ill with Bright's disease. He was able to do but little business after this, and died in Honesdale on December 25, in his 60th year.

He had been since 1870 an Elder in the Presbyterian Church in Honesdale, and had given himself during all those years with sincere and fervent devotion to such Christian work as lay within his reach.

He married on May 13, 1862, Kate S., second daughter of the Hon. Thomas H. R. Tracy, of Honesdale, who died on July 31, 1888. They had no children.

JOSEPH LEDYARD SMITH, son of Sabin K. Smith, was born in New London, Conn., on March 4, 1836.

After a year of travel in the northwest and in Mexico he began the study of law in New London in the office of Abiel Converse, and was admitted to the bar in April, 1860. He was in practice in New London until 1868, and then in Chicago until 1870, when he settled in New Orleans, where he is said to have continued at the bar, being known by the name of Ledyard.

He died in Como, in northern Mississippi, of consumption, on March 4, 1894, at the age of 58. A widow survives him.

1858

WILLIAM FLETCHER INGERSON, son of Nathan and Maria (Blackleach) Ingerson, was born in Evans Mills, Jefferson County, N. Y., on December 20, 1831, and entered College at the beginning of the Sophomore year.

From graduation to the Spring of 1860 he taught in Charlotte Hall, St. Mary's County, Md., and was then occupied in studying law until September, 1861, when he enlisted as a private in the 1st Regiment N. Y. Artillery. In August, 1863, he was transferred to the U. S. Signal Corps, in which he served until his discharge in August, 1865. Soon after this he went to Minnesota, and was mainly engaged until the fall of 1877 in the survey of lands for the government. His later years were spent on a farm in Maple Plain, Hennepin County, where he died from pneumonia, consequent upon the grip, after a week's illness, on April 5, 1895, in his 64th year.

He married in Minneapolis, on October 5, 1871, Eliza A., daughter of Joseph Woolsey, who survives him with twin daughters.

ELISHA SMITH THOMAS, the eldest son of Allan M. and Charlotte (Smith) Thomas, was born in Wickford, R. I., on March 2, 1834. Two brothers were graduated at the College, in 1868 and 1869, respectively.

He began the study of divinity after graduation with the Rev. Dr. (now Bishop) Littlejohn, in New Haven, but in 1859 went to Baton Rouge, to teach in the Louisiana Institution for the Deaf and Dumb. He finally completed his theological course at the Berkeley Divinity School in 1861. He was ordained to the

diaconate by Bishop Clark on May 17, in Wickford, R. I., and for the next three years had charge of a mission chapel attached to St. Paul's Church in New Haven. On April 5, 1862, he was advanced to the priesthood by Bishop Williams in New Haven. In 1864 he was appointed Professor of Biblical Exegesis and Hebrew in the Seabury Divinity School, at Faribault, Minn., where he remained until October, 1870, when he became rector of St. Mark's Church, Minneapolis. Four years of assiduous parish labor broke down his health, so that he resigned his rectorship on November 1, 1874, and for the following year served as a special agent of the Society for the Increase of the Ministry. He was then sufficiently restored to resume full work, and on July 1, 1876, accepted the rectorship of St. Paul's Church, St. Paul, Minn., which he served with distinguished ability until his election as Assistant Bishop of Kansas. He was consecrated to the latter office on May 4, 1887, and the full responsibility for the administration of the diocese came upon him by the death of Bishop Vail in October, 1889. He gave himself without stint to the work, in which he showed rare executive ability, and died in the midst of active service, after less than a week's illness, in Salina, Kansas, on March 9, 1895, at the age of 61 years.

The degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on him by this College in 1887.

He married on October 2, 1861, Georgianá, daughter of George Brown, of Wickford, R. I., who survives him with two sons; two other children died in infancy.

1859

ARTHUR BURR WOOD, son of the Rev. Daniel T. Wood (Williams Coll. 1824) and Catharine C. (Andress) Wood, was born in Middletown, N. Y., on March 19, 1837. His father was the pastor of the Presbyterian Church in that town from 1830 until his death, just after his only son's graduation.

In the winter of 1859-60 he went to Albany, N. Y., where he found employment in the office of the State Comptroller, and also studied law in the Albany Law School. He received the degree of LL.B. and was admitted to the bar in the spring of 1861, and was subsequently Acting Paymaster-General of the State. Early in 1862 he was appointed by Governor Morgan as Agent, with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, to settle the accounts of the State

with the United States for the reimbursement of war expenditures. This obliged him to reside for the time in Washington, and led to his taking a clerkship in the State Department about 1868. He was rapidly promoted, and within four or five years became Chief of the Consular Bureau. Under his administration, the consular service was re-organized and made more efficient. He served continuously until 1880, when at his own request he was sent to the important consulate of Belfast, Ireland. He was transferred in 1884 to the consulate of Dundee, Scotland, from which position he retired about two years before his death. During this long service in the State Department, he enjoyed the full confidence of the successive Secretaries and became a valued adviser in important international questions.

He died at his residence in Hallstead, Susquehanna County, Pa., on February 22, 1895, aged nearly 58 years. His wife, Mrs. Margaret R. Wood, survives him, but no children.

1860

RICHARD BAXTER BROWN, son of Seneca and Sarah Gould Brown, was born in Hanover, N. H., on April 1, 1834.

For nearly a year after graduation he taught in a private family in Warrenton, Mississippi; but then succeeded in crossing the lines and returning to Boston, Mass., where he studied medicine for a year. He then served for some months as Apothecary in the Retreat for the Insane, at Hartford, Conn., after which he completed his medical course at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, in New York City, receiving the degree of M.D. in 1864. On May 23, 1865, he married Miss Alice Howard, of Bridgewater, Mass., sister of a classmate, and soon after settled in Milwaukee, Wisc., as a homœopathic practitioner. After a long and successful career he died suddenly in Milwaukee, from heart failure, on October 11, 1894, in his 61st year.

His wife survives him, with five children.

GEORGE NELSON GREENE, son of Charles Greene, was born in Warwick, R. I., on September 18, 1827. Before coming to College he had had some experience as a Baptist preacher.

The first year after graduation he spent in occasional preaching, and the second year in teaching in Montville, Conn. In the spring of 1863 he went to Norfolk, Va., as a missionary to the

Freedmen, and he remained at the South engaged in general missionary labor until the fall of 1865. On July 21, 1866, he married Miss Mary F. Saunders, of Westerly, R. I., and in April, 1867, accepted a call to the Central Baptist Church in Tiverton, R. I. Two years later he removed to the Baptist Church in Tivoli, Dutchess County, N. Y., and thence in September, 1870, to Rosendale, Ulster County. In June, 1871, he returned to New England. After a few years mainly spent in teaching, he attempted to resume the duties of the regular pastorate in the spring of 1876, in Rhode Island, but poor health obliged him to return speedily to an out-of-door farm life. In October, 1884, he took charge of a church in South Newfane, Vt. He went from there to a church in East Hardwick, in the same State, whence he removed in 1892 to Charlestown, R. I., on account of ill health. He was able the next year to resume preaching, but died of heart-disease at Charlestown, on May 17, 1894, in his 67th year.

His wife survives him with three sons and four daughters.

GEORGE HERMON GRIFFIN, the youngest child of Hermon and Louisa G. (Faulkner) Griffin, was born in New York City on May 13, 1839.

After a considerable period of foreign travel he entered the Union Theological Seminary, where he finished the course in June, 1864. On June 22, 1865, he was settled as pastor of the Plymouth (Congregational) Church in Milford, Conn., where he made himself greatly beloved. He was dismissed on February 18, 1885, to accept an invitation from the American Sunday School Union to become their Secretary for New England. He then removed to Springfield, Mass., and though retiring from the service of the Union in 1892 he continued his residence in that city until his very sudden death there, from cerebral apoplexy, on September 9, 1894, in his 56th year.

He married on June 13, 1867, Katharine L., daughter of Samuel A. Hayt, of Fishkill, N. Y., who survives him with three children,—two others having died in infancy. The eldest son was graduated at Yale College in 1892.

He printed a small volume of foreign travel in 1881, and various other publications—especially in the line of his special interest in Sacred Music. A brief memorial of his life has been issued.

1861

JOSEPH LUCIEN SHIPLEY, son of John and Rebekah (Dickey) Shipley, was born in Londonderry, N. H., on March 31, 1836. His entering College was delayed by the necessity of earning the means for an education.

After graduation he was for two years principal of the Bacon Academy, Colchester, Conn.; and then became Assistant Editor of the Springfield (Mass.) *Republican*, so continuing until September, 1866. At this date he entered on a similar duty in the office of the Boston (Mass.) *Journal*, but in November, 1869, became managing editor of the Scranton (Pa.) *Republican*. In November, 1870, he removed to Allentown, Pa., to become editor and joint proprietor of the *Lehigh Register*; after two months he sold out his interest in the establishment, but retained his editorial connection until March, 1872. For a few months after this he was editor of the Taunton (Mass.) *Gazette*. From August, 1872, to 1892, he was connected with the Springfield (Mass.) *Union*, of which he was principal owner and editor-in-chief from May, 1882. After this he continued to reside in Springfield, and during the winter of 1893-94 he served as a member of the State Legislature, and before his death he had been re-elected to the next session of that body.

He had always been a hard worker in his profession, and when his well-earned retirement came, he found that his health was seriously impaired. After a long period of feeble health, he died very suddenly, from heart disease, at his home in Springfield, on December 17, 1894, in his 59th year.

He married on October 4, 1864, Margaret H., daughter of Captain Hiram Weeks, of Colchester, Conn., who survives him without children. By his last will a portion of his estate may eventually revert to the College, which had always been the object of his warm attachment.

As a public-spirited citizen Mr. Shipley's influence was widely felt and appreciated in Springfield. The earnestness and simplicity of his character, and his faithful industry, made him a sound and capable editor, and won the hearty respect of all who came in contact with him. He was a pillar of the First Church in Springfield, of which he had been for some years a deacon.

1863

SAMUEL SHOREY HOLLINGSWORTH, son of John Hollingsworth (a Philadelphian by birth) and Fanny E. (Shorey) Hollingsworth, was born in Cleveland, Ohio, on November 11, 1842, and entered Yale early in the Junior year.

Upon graduation he went to Philadelphia, and there studied law with William Henry Rawle, Esq. After his admission to the bar (in March, 1866) he remained for one year with Mr. Rawle, and then began practice by himself. Subsequently (1870-77) he was associated in partnership with his classmate, the late George W. Biddle, and for some time before his death with Joseph C. Fraley. Besides being a successful lawyer, he entered somewhat into political life, as a Republican, and was an influential member of the Common Council of the City for the year 1881-82. For the last five or six years of his life he held the Professorship of the Law of Contracts and Corporations and Pleading in the University of Pennsylvania.

He died at his residence in Gwynedd, a suburb of Philadelphia, on June 28, 1894, in the 52d year of his age.

He married on June 1, 1872, Nancy P. Pleasants, who survives him with their children, two daughters and three sons.

1864

EDWARD WHITTLESEY LOWREY, the only child of the Hon. Romeo Lowrey (Y. C. 1818) by his second wife, Laura (Whittlesey) Lowrey, was born in Southington, Conn., on July 22, 1843.

He was unsettled for two years after graduation, and during that time made two trips to Europe. He then engaged in the hardware business in New York City, in partnership with George B. Curtiss (Y. C. 1863), a fellow-townsmen and early friend. In 1875 he withdrew from this firm, and two years later he removed to San Francisco, where he was connected until his death with the firm of Whittier, Fuller & Co., Pioneer White Lead and Color Works. His residence was in Oakland, Cal., where he died on January 18, 1893, from heart-disease, after an illness of ten months, in his 50th year.

He married on November 19, 1874, at St. Louis, Mo., Miss Jennie E. Page, who survives him with their only child, a son.

JOHN WILLIAM TEAL, son of David D. and Phoebe A. (Welch) Teal, was born on April 14, 1839, at Rhinebeck, Dutchess County, N. Y., and entered College from East Durham, Greene County, N. Y.

After graduation he taught for a year in an academy in Stamford, Conn., and then entered Union Theological Seminary, in New York City, where he spent three years. He then settled in Cornwall-on-the-Hudson, where he was ordained and installed as pastor on September 17, 1868. When nearly ten years had elapsed he accepted a call to the 2d Presbyterian Church in Germantown, Pa., and removed thither on May 1, 1878. After a pastorate of eight years in Germantown, he was installed on July 2, 1886, as pastor of the Westminster (Presbyterian) Church, Elizabeth, N. J., where he remained until his death.

He married on October 7, 1868, in Brooklyn, N. Y., Pamela R. Riggs, who died on August 15, 1877, leaving two daughters and three sons. He next married, on September 19, 1879, Eugenia H. Riggs, a sister of his former wife, who died on November 28, 1884, leaving one son and one daughter.

The honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on him by Lafayette College in 1884.

His second daughter died on June 24, 1894; and his youngest daughter, who had also been critically ill for a long time, died six days later, on June 30, about six in the morning. Two hours later, exhausted by protracted anxiety and grief, Dr. Teal himself died from heart-failure, without previous warning. His other children survive him, the second son being graduated from Princeton College the present year.

1865

CHARLES PINCKNEY BLANCHARD, son of Albert C. and Abby W. Blanchard, was born in Richmond, Ind., on March 13, 1843.

In the fall of 1865 he began the study of theology at Union Seminary, New York City, where he finished the course in May, 1868. In the following summer he began work as a home missionary in Kansas, and was ordained by the Presbytery of Kansas at Kansas City, Mo., on October 4. He had settled in Garnett, Anderson County, and had organized a church there before failing health obliged him, in the spring of 1869, to return to his father's home in Brookfield, Mass., where he spent the rest of his life. Although never able to take a parish again, he

devoted his time and strength to Christian work, and has left the memory of a life of pure and unselfish beneficence. His feeble health became still further impaired by overwork in 1886 and 1887, and while abroad for rest in the summer of 1891 he had a severe stroke of paralysis, from which he never recovered. He was able to return home, and after more than three years of great suffering died there on January 12, 1895, in his 52d year.

He married, in West Brookfield, Mass., on May 7, 1873, Miss Annie E. Brown, who survives him with their only daughter—a son having died in childhood.

JOHN KERR PAYNE was born in Pine Grove, Gallia County, Ohio, on September 26, 1839, the son of George J. Payne. He entered Yale at the beginning of the Senior year, having spent three years in Marietta College, Ohio.

On graduation he went to Tennessee as a teacher, and in the next year was elected to a Professorship of Mathematics in East Tennessee University, at Knoxville, which he held for twelve years, when he was dismissed in consequence of an outcry against teachers of northern birth. He continued in Knoxville until his death, engaged in engineering and in real estate and other business. He died there on June 16, 1895, in his 56th year, of neurasthenia, after eighteen months' illness.

He married on June 14, 1876, Miss Florence Kephart, who survives him with their seven children.

1867

CHARLES LESLIE MORGAN, son of Captain Elisha E. and Eliza Anne (Robinson) Morgan, was born in New York City on May 31, 1847.

On graduation he engaged in the shipping and commission business founded by his father and continued by his brother (Y. C. 1858), and by his own integrity and fidelity maintained the traditional reputation of the well-known firm which he represented. He died in New York, after two weeks' illness, from paralysis, on May 10, 1895, at the age of 48.

He married on May 17, 1877, Lucy P., daughter of the Hon. John Allen, of Saybrook, Conn.

[**EDWARD**] **SHELDON REYNOLDS** was born in Wilkes-Barré, Pa., on February 22, 1845, the son of Judge William C. Reynolds, and the descendant of early settlers in the Wyoming Valley.

He studied law and was admitted to practice in his native city, but although he had an admirable equipment for success in his profession, not being obliged to depend upon it for an income, he preferred to devote his time to general business and to literary and scientific pursuits. He had rare business qualifications and possessed the absolute confidence of the community in which he lived. He took a deep interest in historical matters, and a special pride in the Wyoming Historical and Geological Society, to the published volumes of which he made valuable contributions; he was the President of this Society at the time of his death. He was a Democrat in politics and had served usefully on local committees, but declined nomination for more public positions.

He had been in poor health for four or five years before his death, and his last illness, from pulmonary trouble, dated from the spring of 1894. He died at Saranac Lake, N. Y., on February 8, 1895, at the age of 50.

He married Miss Annie B. Dorrance, of Wilkes-Barré, on November 23, 1875, who survives him with an only son.

1869

ARTHUR HOYT AVERILL, the eldest child of the Hon. Roger Averill (Union Coll. 1832) and Maria D. (White) Averill, of Danbury, Conn., was born in Salisbury, Conn., on July 6, 1845, and entered College in 1864; he left the class towards the end of the second term, and began the course anew the next year.

He read law for a few months in his father's office, and then went to Ohio where he remained for several years. On returning to Danbury he resumed the study of law, and in 1875 began practice in connection with his father, who died in 1883. The remainder of his life was devoted to his profession, in which he maintained a highly creditable standing. For many years and until a short time before his death he was officially connected, first with the Borough Court and afterwards with the City Court of Danbury, as Prosecuting Attorney or Assistant Prosecuting Attorney.

He died in Danbury on August 9, 1894, after a week's illness with dysentery, aged 49 years.

JOHN BEACH ISHAM, son of Joseph G. and Christina (Beach) Isham, was born in New York City on March 28, 1847. His

parents removed to New Haven when his elder brother (Y. C. 1865) entered College.

For a year after graduation he taught in the Hopkins Grammar School, New Haven, where he had prepared for College; and then pursued advanced studies in physics and chemistry in the Sheffield Scientific School. In the spring of 1871 he went abroad and began, at Heidelberg, the study of medicine, which he afterwards continued at the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, New York City, where he was graduated M.D. in 1874. He then opened an office for the practice of his profession in New York City, being also for some time connected with Bellevue Hospital as Curator of the Wood Museum.

He married in Bergen Point, N. J., on April 23, 1889, Angelina J., daughter of Theodore Perry, and then removed to Manitou Springs, Colorado, where he acted as surgeon to the Manitou and Pike's Peak R. R. Construction Camp, making bi-weekly trips on horseback to the top of Pike's Peak. After leaving Manitou he practiced medicine in Colorado Springs until July, 1892. In the ensuing fall he removed to Pasadena, California, where he was engaged in practice until his death. He died on July 19, 1894, in his 48th year, from the shock resulting from a surgical operation. His wife survives him without children.

1870

FREDERICK HODGES HOADLEY, younger son of George and Maria A. (Bradley) Hoadley, of New Haven, Conn., was born in New Haven on August 31, 1848, and entered College in 1865. On account of ill health he left the Class of 1869 in the opening of the Senior year, and a year later joined the Class of 1870.

After graduation he spent a year in business with his father in New Haven, and then began the study of medicine in the Yale Medical School. His medical course was interrupted by several long periods of foreign travel, so that he did not take his degree until 1876. From March, 1878, to September, 1879, he was connected with the Woman's Hospital in New York City, and then went abroad again for travel and study. The state of his health controlled his movements until May, 1882, when he was sufficiently recovered to accept a position as medical officer and chief of the scientific corps of the first Greely Relief Expedition to the Arctic regions. He returned in November, and was then occupied for some time at the Smithsonian Institution in scientific

work, especially ethnology and ornithology. His constitution had, however, become impaired, and he broke down mentally and physically in 1886. After regaining his health he opened an office in New York City (in April, 1890) for the practice of his profession ; but he soon abandoned the intention of regular work, and spent his later years in travel.

He died, from heart-disease, at West Pine Beach, Florida, on February 25, 1895, in the 47th year of his age. He was never married.

EDWARD SPENCER WHITE, son of Spencer A. and Sophronia White, was born in Granby, Hampshire County, Mass., on March 12, 1848.

After graduation he taught the classics for one year in General William H. Russell's school in New Haven. He then studied law in the office of Chamberlin & Hall, of Hartford, Connecticut, and was admitted to the bar in April, 1873. A year later he became a member of the firm with which he had studied, and remained in that relation for nearly twenty years. He served as an associate Judge of the Hartford Police Court from 1883 to 1889. While still in practice he had been for some ten years the legal adviser of the Overman Wheel Company, as well as its secretary and treasurer ; and at length, in 1892, he withdrew from his law business and removed to Springfield, Mass., and thenceforth devoted himself with great assiduity to his duties as treasurer of the Company just mentioned. After a severe illness he took a southern trip for recuperation, but died from typhoid pneumonia, in Norfolk, Va., on January 12, 1895, aged nearly 47 years.

He married on August 13, 1874, Miss Alice E. Smith, of Granby, Mass., who died on February 11, 1883. He next married, on October 28, 1885, Miss S. Adelaide Moody, of Belcher-town, Mass., who died on February 13, 1890. Three children by the first marriage, and one child by the second marriage, survive him.

1871

ROBERT BRINKLEY LEA, son of the Hon. John M. and Elizabeth B. (Overton) Lea, was born in Nashville, Tenn., on May 7, 1849.

He studied law and began practice in his native city, and the promise of his College life was being fulfilled when he was laid

aside by ill health. He married at Frankfort, Ky., on October 15, 1874, Miss Rebecca Salmons. The last five years of his life were spent abroad on account of his own health and that of his wife. He died suddenly in Geneva, Switzerland, on January 9, 1895, in his 46th year.

WILBERT WARREN PERRY, the youngest of three children of Franklin R. and Clarinda (Barbour) Perry, was born in Canton, Connecticut, on December 20, 1851. The subsequent residence of his parents was in Collinsville, Conn.

After a College career of brilliant promise, he spent four years in teaching in Morristown, New Jersey. He then entered the Law School of Columbia College, where he was graduated in 1877. He began the practice of law in Hartford in December, 1877, and was Assistant State's Attorney until April, 1881. He was elected to the Legislature in 1883 from Hartford as a Democrat, and for a few years longer had exceptional success in his profession.

During the extreme cold weather of January, 1895, he froze his hands and feet severely, and in consequence of exposure and exhaustion his death occurred in the Hartford Hospital on February 12, in his 44th year.

He married on October 6, 1880, Kate C., eldest daughter of Henry C. Pratt (Y.C. 1857), who survives him with two children.

1872

JOHN HOWARD HINCKS, the youngest son of John W. and Sarah A. (Blodget) Hincks, was born on March 19, 1849, in Bucksport, Maine. His family removed to Bridgeport, Conn., in 1852.

After graduation he began the study of theology in the Seminary in Andover, Mass., but was obliged to suspend his work in 1873 and to make a sojourn in California and Colorado for the benefit of his health. In 1874 he resumed his studies in the Yale Divinity School, and graduated in 1876. On September 27, 1877, he was ordained pastor of the Bethany Congregational Church in Montpelier, Vt., of which he resigned the charge on June 19, 1888. In the meantime he had married, on April 4, 1878, Jeanette K., second daughter of the Rev. Richard B. Thurston (Bowdoin Coll. 1841), of Saybrook, Conn.

After leaving Montpelier he resided temporarily in Stamford, Conn., but soon became interested in the work undertaken for the colored people of the South by Atlanta University, where he spent five happy and useful years as Professor of History and Social Science and Dean of the Faculty. He found in this work full scope for all his ripened powers, and gave himself to it without stint. After a month's illness, of typhoid fever, he died in Atlanta, Ga., on December 11, 1894, in his 46th year.

His wife survives him with two sons and two daughters, their youngest son having died in infancy.

1874

CLARK DEWING, son of Hiram and Susan (Burkett) Dewing, was born in Rocky Hill, Hartford County, Conn., on March 4, 1853. His home while in College was in Stamford, Conn. He entered with the Class of 1873, and remained with them until the third term of their Senior year. In January, 1874, he joined the next class, but did not receive his degree until 1875.

He went into business in 1874 in New York as a stockbroker, at first in partnership with Henry Hooper, and afterwards with his father.

He married on October 12, 1875, Catherine H., daughter of Frederick N. Fleming, of Stamford, who died in Stamford on May 16, 1893. After this his own health failed, from consumption, and early in 1895 he went to Palm Beach, Florida, for relief. His father had brought him, on his return journey, as far as St. Augustine, when death overtook him there, on March 14, at the age of 42.

JOHN BOWEN WHITING, son of John N. and Sarah L. J. (Sutherland) Whiting, was born in Geneva, N. Y., on October 31, 1852. His residence in College was Orange, N. J.

After graduation he spent the first year in the Law School of Columbia College, and the subsequent sixteen months in study in Berlin and Jena. He then completed his course at Columbia and received the degree of LL.B. in 1877. From that date he practiced law continuously in New York City, at first with his father and after his death with his Yale classmate, William Parkin, and with Hanson C. Gibson.

He died suddenly, at his residence in New York City, after ten days' confinement from a heavy cold, which had developed into the grip, on February 7, 1895, in his 43d year.

He married on October 18, 1882, Clarissa M., eldest daughter of Frederic Lyman, of Orange, N. J., who survives him.

1876

ROBERT LOUIS MINTIE, son of James Mintie, was born in Thompsonville (in the town of Enfield), Conn., on February 26, 1850. In February, 1864, being then but 14 years of age, and residing in Hebron, he enlisted in the 5th Connecticut Infantry. He served through the war, as a drummer boy, and subsequently prepared for College, which he entered in 1871. He spent two years of the course with the Class of 1875. His college residence was in Waterbury, Conn.

After graduation he studied medicine for a year at the Yale Medical School and then in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York City. He finally took the degree of M.D. in 1880 at the Bennett College of Eclectic Medicine and Surgery in Chicago, and settled in practice in the same city, where he died from paralysis on May 21, 1895, in his 46th year. His wife, whom he married late in life, survives him.

1878

EDWARD HOWARD SEELY, JR., son of Edward H. Seely, a lawyer of New York, was born in that city on October 25, 1856. When he was about eleven years old the family residence was removed to Brooklyn.

On account of the condition of his health at graduation he spent a year or more on a sheep ranch in Texas, but later read law and was admitted to the New York bar. His tastes, however, inclined him to literature as a profession, and he won a gratifying reputation, especially as a writer of short stories. His first book, *A Lone Star Bo-Peep: Tales of Texan Ranch Life*, appeared in 1885; *A Nymph of the West: a Novel*, in 1888; and *The Jonah of Lucky Valley and Other Stories* in 1892. With a rarely attractive personality, the brilliant career which seemed open to him was clouded from the first by temporary insanity, and came to a sudden close at his home in Brooklyn on the night of June 22, 1894, before he had completed his 38th year. He was never married.

1880

WILLIAM MONTAGUE HALL, son of Henry C. and Amanda H. (Ferry) Hall, was born in New York City on July 2, 1857. His family left New York in 1868, and settled a few years later in Ashfield, Massachusetts, which was thenceforth his home.

He remained in New Haven for a year after graduation as a student of political and economic history, and spent the following year in study at the Cincinnati Law School and in work as a private tutor. He then returned to New Haven to accept an appointment as Tutor in the College, but before the close of the first College term (December, 1882) his health failed, and was never fully restored. After a period of rest and travel he attempted again, in September, 1884, to fulfil the duties of the tutorship, with the same result as before. In May, 1885, he removed to California and lived for five years on a fruit farm near Saratoga, in Santa Clara County. He then visited Colorado, and in October, 1890, began to take part in the instruction in Colorado College, at Colorado Springs, in which he was subsequently made Professor of Political Science and Dean of the Faculty. Under the disadvantages of continually failing health he labored for more than four years at this post, with rare devotion and eminent success, until obliged to give up all work. He was then brought to his mother's home in Ashfield, where he died a few weeks later, from consumption, on December 15, 1894, in his 38th year.

He married, on August 1, 1893, Kate A., daughter of Chester R. Chaffee, of Whately, Mass., who also died of consumption, in less than two months after her husband.

Professor Hall's character and attainments commanded the highest respect, and if his health had allowed he seemed certain of distinction, either in his chosen profession of the law, or in that of teaching, for which he had peculiar gifts.

CHARLES HENRY RICHARDSON was born in Groton, Massachusetts, on May 15, 1857,—the eldest of nine children of Joseph H. and Mary A. Richardson.

Immediately after graduation he was appointed, by competitive examination, Third Assistant Examiner in the U. S. Patent Office, and by successive promotions reached the grade of First Assistant Examiner. In April, 1894, while acting as principal Examiner, he broke down from nervous prostration,—largely, it

is probable, the result of overwork. The disease developed into tubercular meningitis, of which he died in Washington, D. C., on July 1, 1894, in his 38th year.

He married on October 10, 1883, Anna, daughter of the Hon. E. Dana Bancroft, of Ayer, Mass., who survives him with three sons.

HENRY TROWBRIDGE, Junior, the eldest son of Henry and Lucy E. (Parker) Trowbridge, was born in New Haven, Conn., on August 12, 1859.

Upon graduation he entered the Yale Law School, but left home in May, 1881, to take a position in the house of Trowbridge & Co., shipping merchants, at Barbados, West Indies. He became a partner in the firm in May, 1885, and in 1892 removed to the island of Trinidad, which was thenceforth his residence. He died at the city of Port of Spain, Trinidad, from yellow fever, after one week's illness, on June 23, 1894, in his 36th year.

He married on October 6, 1887, Minnie, daughter of the Hon. J. Thomas Jones, of Barbados, who survives him. He left no children.

1881

WALDO CHAPIN EAMES, son of the Hon. Benjamin T. Eames (Y. C. 1843) and Laura (Chapin) Eames, was born in Providence, R. I., on the 14th of June, 1859.

After graduation he spent five months in European travel, and upon his return entered the service of the Riverside Worsted Mills, in Providence, where he continued for about three years. In 1885 he became the Providence representative of Mauger & Avery, a large firm of Boston wool-dealers, and held this position until in the fall of 1887 he purchased an interest in the Thornton Worsted Mills, then engaged in the manufacture of worsted yarns. He disposed of this interest in February, 1890, and soon after went to Riverside, in Southern California, where he purchased an orange-grove, which he cultivated until January, 1892. He then returned to Providence, and in the following spring took a responsible position in the banking-house of Chace & Butts, which he held until his death.

He was taken suddenly and dangerously ill on the 15th of August, 1894, and died in Providence five days later, in his 36th year.

He married on the 11th of May, 1887, Laura A., daughter of Charles A. Hoppin, of Providence, who survives him with one son.

FRANCIS ESTY RICE, second son of Phineas G. and Mary E. (Esty) Rice, was born in Framingham, Mass., on May 6, 1860.

After graduation he spent two years as a private tutor in Louisiana and Florida, and then engaged in his chosen profession as a civil engineer. From 1884 he was employed on the Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Northern, the Chicago & North Western, and the Union Pacific Railways. In 1889 his health began to fail, and under medical advice he established his residence (in 1890) in Asheville, N. C. During the ensuing struggle against consumption he was able at times to perform some professional labor for the Asheville Loan Construction & Improvement Company. He finally returned to his parents' home on July 7, 1894, and died in Framingham five days later, in the 35th year of his age. He left a widow, but no children.

1882

GEORGE EDWARD CURTIS, son of George S. and Catharine L. (Curtis) Curtis, was born in Derby, Conn., on July 8, 1861.

He spent some months after graduation in an office in his native town, but in March, 1883, he obtained a position in the U. S. Signal Office at Washington, where he devoted himself to the study of meteorology and atmospheric physics. As an undergraduate he had been distinguished for proficiency in mathematics, and in 1887 he was granted the M. A. degree on evidence of advanced work. On leaving the Signal Office in 1887 he went to Kansas, and served for a year as Professor of Mathematics in Washburn College, at Topeka. He then became connected with the U. S. Geological Survey and was assigned to the work of the irrigation department—a work congenial to his scientific tastes and especially welcome because it kept him in the elevated dry regions which were favorable to his health, already suffering from the inroads of tuberculosis. He returned to Washington, much benefited, in 1889 and entered the service of the Smithsonian Institution. His work for the Institution included a new edition of the Smithsonian Meteorological Tables, published in 1893, and valuable reports on the Government rain-making expe-

dition to Texas in 1891. He also published many articles in various periodicals on meteorological subjects, and contributed the meteorological and climatological definitions from M to Z to the Century Dictionary.

In the midst of his enthusiastic labors, and surrounded by appreciative friends, his strength again failed, and late in 1893 he sought relief in Arizona and Colorado. In December, 1894, he went south for a less rigid climate, but returned to Washington late in January, for a farewell to his friends, and died there on February 3, in his 34th year. He was never married.

1885

HERBERT LIONEL DOGGETT, second son of John Doggett, was born in Iowa City, Iowa, on November 15, 1863. His father had removed to Kansas City, Mo., before his admission to College.

After graduation he was a reporter for the *New York Times* until April, 1887, when he returned to his home in Kansas City for the study of law, in the office of Dobson, Douglass & Trimble. In May, 1891, he joined in forming the firm of Dobson, McCune & Doggett; and when this firm was dissolved in 1894 by the elevation of the senior member to the bench, he formed a new partnership with G. I. Rosenzweig (Y. C. 1887). He was universally regarded as one of the most promising men at the bar of Kansas City,—able, industrious, and painstaking; while the attractive social qualities which won him friends at College, were none the less winning in his brief professional career.

His sudden death occurred at Kansas City, on December 12, 1894, in his 32d year. He was unmarried.

1888

EDWARD FRANCIS AYRES, JR., son of Edward F. and Harriet L. Ayres, was born in New Canaan, Conn., on January 19, 1866.

After graduation he returned to College on a graduate scholarship, but remained for only a single year. In January, 1890, he took a position as assistant examiner in the Patent Office in Washington, and while thus engaged studied law in the Columbian University, graduating in 1892. He also received the degree of Master of Arts on examination at Yale in 1890.

On January 1, 1893, he became associated with Francis T. Chambers, Esq., of Philadelphia, a patent attorney of distin-

guished standing, and a bright future seemed to lie before him, when he fell a victim to typhoid pneumonia, in Philadelphia, on December 12, 1894, at the age of nearly 29 years.

He married on January 26, 1893, Agnes D., daughter of Captain Robert H. Fitzhugh, of Lexington, Ky., who survives him.

1889

BENJAMIN WILLARD JACOBS, son of Abraham and Frances Jacobs, was born in Cincinnati, O., on October 25, 1866. His family removed in his early childhood to Denver, Colorado.

He studied law at the Yale Law School for two years after graduation and then returned to Denver, where he was in practice until his death. He died in Denver, very suddenly, from heart-disease, on May 25, 1894, in his 28th year. He was unmarried.

1892

CLARENCE WILLIS AUSTIN, son of Harrison H. Austin, was born in Suffield, Connecticut, on December 23, 1870.

After graduation he accepted a position as teacher of Latin in the Connecticut Literary Institute at Suffield, where he had been prepared for College. While thus occupied he was taken ill from appendicitis, and after a few days was removed to a private hospital in Hartford. An operation performed there was unsuccessful, and he died in the hospital on February 8, 1895, in his 25th year.

 YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL.

1829

SYLVESTER MEAD, younger son of the Rev. Mark Mead (Y. C. 1802) and Hannah (Mead) Mead, was born in Greenwich, Connecticut, the native place of his parents, on February 16, 1807. His boyhood was spent in Middlebury, Connecticut, where his father was settled over the Congregational Church from 1809 to 1830.

After graduation he began practice in Wilton, Connecticut, where he was for many years the leading physician of the whole vicinity. In 1864 he returned to his native town, where he

continued to practice until his death, with the high regard of all the community.

He died in Greenwich on December 21, 1894, aged nearly 88 years. He had been for over a year the last survivor of his class. He was never married.

1834

THEODORE BOTSFORD SHELTON, oldest child of Benjamin French Shelton (Y. C. 1809), a lawyer of Newtown, Conn., and Sylvia, daughter of Dr. Bennet Perry, a physician of the same place, was born at Stamford, Conn., Nov. 19, 1813.

He entered Yale College in 1828, but soon withdrew ; not long after, he began the study of medicine with Dr. Eli Ives, of New Haven (to which place his mother had removed, his father having died in 1826), and entered the Yale Medical School.

During the first year after his graduation he practiced in Cheshire, Conn., and in New Haven.

In 1835, having in the previous year married Miss Harriet Emmons, a daughter of Maj. Samuel Emmons, of East Haddam, Conn. (nephew of Dr. Nathaniel Emmons, the eminent New England divine), he removed to New York with the idea of establishing himself in practice there ; but some modest but successful ventures in real estate, and in Wall street, where he had relatives who had been successful, soon diverted his course from his profession, and Wall street became for nearly fifty years the scene of his active business life. He early developed the faculty of forming a more than usually correct judgment of the value of securities commonly dealt in in Wall street, and the effect upon them of the chapter of events of which he was a close and intelligent observer ; so that for many years before the Civil War, and during the war, and after, his operations were conspicuously large and successful, which made him prominent among the men of Wall street ; where by reason of his signally genial, generous, and artless nature, and upright and truthful character, he has left a respected name.

Although he so early abandoned the pursuit of his profession, he never ceased to take interest in medicine, and throughout his life one of his greatest pleasures was the purchase and perusal of new medical books.

He retired from active business some fifteen years before his death, which occurred suddenly at his summer residence at New-

burgh, on the Hudson, Sept. 20, 1894, in the eighty-first year of his age, leaving a widow, three daughters and three sons, his own death being the first in his immediate family. One daughter is the widow of George De Forest Lord (Y. C. 1854). He was the last survivor of his class.

1837

JOHN LOUNSBURY, the seventh son and eleventh child in a family of twelve children of Timothy and Hannah (French) Lounsbury, of that part of Woodbridge which is now Bethany, Conn., was born there on August 16, 1809. He had spent two year in the Academy at Wilbraham, Mass., before entering the Medical School in 1834.

In 1838 he began practice in Hamden, Conn., his choice of that place being determined by its nearness to New Haven and the opportunities of further study. In June, 1840, in response to urgent invitations, he removed to Oxford, Conn., settling about six miles from his father's house, and succeeding Dr. Noah Stone, who was then in advanced life. He continued in general practice, respected by all who knew him, until quite late in life; and afterwards gave attention mainly to chronic and difficult cases.

He was a devoted member of the Protestant Episcopal Church and was the first person to propose (when a delegate to the Diocesan Convention in 1874) the founding of a diocesan school for girls; he offered at the same time to give a site for its location, but the school was finally established in Waterbury.

He married on April 13, 1843, Mary, the youngest child of William Church, of Oxford; she was at the time a teacher in Brooklyn, N. Y. They had one son, who resided in Colorado and was murdered there in 1885, and one daughter, who survives her father. Mrs. Lounsbury died on September 23, 1889, at the age of 79, after having been a paralytic invalid for upwards of five years. Dr. Lounsbury's health had begun to fail before her death, but his mental powers remained vigorous until he was prostrated by a shock of palsy in February, 1895. He died at his home in Oxford on the 6th of April, in his 86th year.

1854

HORATIO NELSON HOWARD was born in Livermore, Maine, on July 24, 1830. He was a resident of Abbot, Maine, during his connection with the Medical Department.

He enlisted in October, 1861, while still a resident of Abbot, as a private in the 1st Maine Cavalry, but in September, 1862, he was commissioned as Assistant Surgeon of the 10th Maine Infantry. The members of that regiment were later transferred to the 29th Maine, and he held his place, with an excellent reputation, until mustered out of service in November, 1864. Subsequently he was made surgeon of the 30th Maine, and after the close of the war remained in Washington, D. C., where he had a clerkship in the Post Office Department for upwards of twenty years before his death, which occurred very suddenly in Washington, on January 12, 1895, in his 65th year.

He leaves a wife and one son.

1861

ELMORE CHARLES HINE, son of Charles B. and Jane (Taintor) Hine, was born in Middlebury, New Haven County, Conn., on September 16, 1836. He prepared himself for teaching by a course of study in the State Normal School, where he was graduated in 1856; and he had taught in several places before beginning his medical studies.

After graduation in medicine he settled in Westfield, Mass., but had hardly begun practice when he entered the service of the Union (in September, 1861) as Assistant Surgeon of the 7th Conn. Infantry. He was in active service until September, 1864, when he took charge of a department in the McClellan Hospital, in the suburbs of Philadelphia, Pa., in which city he settled in 1865 for the practice of his profession. In November, 1880, he was appointed to the chair of Natural History in Girard College, where he continued until his last illness. He was esteemed as a capable teacher, and had also a high reputation as a lecturer.

While visiting Atlantic City, N. J., for recuperation, he was stricken with apoplexy on March 2, 1895, and died there on March 8, in his 59th year.

He married on June 3, 1862, Mary A., youngest daughter of the Hon. William H. Buell, of Clinton, Conn. His second wife, who survives him, was Emma L., daughter of William B. Johns, of Philadelphia. He left no children.

1866

ALBERT COBERG HALLAM, was born in Watertown, Conn., on June 22, 1845. His residence was in Winsted, Conn., while he was a medical student.

After graduation he settled in Brooklyn, N. Y., where he built up an extensive practice. Notwithstanding his engrossing professional duties, he was much interested in public and municipal affairs. He was appointed a member of the City Board of Education by Mayor Low in 1882, and served efficiently in that capacity. At the time of his death he was vice-president of the Bushwick Savings Bank, and connected with many charitable and social organizations. He died from Bright's disease, after an illness of several months, at his home in Brooklyn, on January 9, 1895, in his 50th year.

He married, soon after his removal to Brooklyn, Mary, daughter of Dr. Edward Devendorf, of that city, who died in August, 1888. In 1893 he married Mrs. Mathilde Gallivan, who survives him, with two daughters by the first marriage.

YALE LAW SCHOOL.

1846

JOSEPH EMERSON BROWN was born in Pickens County, S. C., on April 15, 1821. His family removed to Georgia in 1836, and he subsequently taught school and studied law in Canton, the county seat of Cherokee County, where he was admitted to the bar in August, 1845.

After a year of study at Yale he returned to Canton, where he was in practice for the next few years. He was elected to the State Senate in 1849, and served with credit. In 1852 he was chosen a Presidential elector, and in 1855 became Judge of the Superior Courts of the Blue Ridge Circuit. He was elected Governor of the State by the Democrats in 1857, and was three times re-elected by increased majorities, resigning after eight years' service. During the war he was a vigorous supporter of the Confederate Government, but in 1866 he advocated compliance with the terms of reconstruction and thus lost his popularity for a time, during which he acted with the Republicans and was defeated (in 1868) in his candidacy for the U. S. Senate. Later in 1868 he was appointed by Governor Bullock, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Georgia, but resigned that office in December, 1870, to accept the Presidency of the Western and Atlantic

Railroad Company, which he retained for nearly twenty years. In 1872 he returned to the Democratic party, and in November, 1880, on General Gordon's resignation was chosen U. S. Senator. His term of service expired in March, 1891, and his health gradually declined until his death, which occurred in Atlanta, Ga., on November 30, 1894, in his 74th year.

1872

WILLIAM FITCH SWIFT was born in Cornwall, Litchfield County, Conn., on July 10, 1848, and entered the Law School from Sharon in the same County.

After graduation he went to Negaunee, in Marquette County, Northern Michigan, and soon began the practice of his profession there—at first in the firm of Adams, Sutherland & Swift, then in that of Sutherland & Swift, and lastly of Swift & Osborn,—Mr. Osborn being a graduate of the Sheffield Scientific School of the Class of 1874. Meantime he had removed his residence in 1874 to Ishpeming, a few miles distant. In 1879 he abandoned the law for mining speculation, and finally engaged in business as a dealer in mining hardware, and so continued until his death. He also held numerous civil offices, being Recorder of the City of Ishpeming from 1874 to 1879, and its Mayor in 1880. He was a State Senator in 1881–82.

He died in Ishpeming, after six months' illness, on August 16, 1894, at the age of 46.

He married in 1875 Ida E. Bundy, who died in 1889. He next married Mabel Silliman in 1890, who survives him, together with two sons by his first wife.

1881

JOHN BARRETT died in the hospital in Meriden, Conn., of uræmia, on May 6, 1895, aged 45 years.

He was from Middletown, Conn., and returned there after his graduation for the practice of his profession. He removed to Meriden about 1884.

He leaves a wife and four children.

1892

JOSEPH EDLEY ENGLAND was drowned in the early part of July, 1894, while visiting in Pennsylvania, at the age of 27 years.

He was a graduate of the College of the Christian Brothers, at St. Louis, Mo., and his residence was in Little Rock, Arkansas, where he was in the practice of his profession.

SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL.

1852

WILLIAM ARTHUR SHEPARD, son of Hiram and Sarah Pope Shepard, was born in Dorchester, Massachusetts, June 26, 1831.

After graduating in the Scientific School, he accepted the position of Instructor in Chemistry in Randolph-Macon College, Boydton, Va. In connection with the duties of this position, he pursued the studies of the regular College course, and graduated with the degree of B.A. in 1857. He was then elected Assistant Professor of Ancient Languages in the same institution, which professorship he held till he enlisted as a private in the 12th Virginia Infantry, at the breaking out of the war. In the army, he rose to the rank of Major. In January, 1864, he was married to Mattie, daughter of William T. Davis of Petersburg, Va. He taught in Petersburg from the close of the war till his election to the chair of Natural Science in Randolph-Macon College (which in the meantime had been removed to Ashland, Va.) in 1870.

He died suddenly of apoplexy in Ashland, on June 3, 1895, at the age of 64 years. His connection with the College had been continuous since 1870; and at the time of his death he was the senior member of the Faculty and the Professor of Chemistry and Geology.

His sweetness and nobility of nature were extraordinary. He was abundant in useful labors in the church and the community, and was universally beloved.

1861

GIDEON EMMET MOORE was born in New York City on August 21, 1842, the elder son of George H. and Eliza L. (Humphrey) Moore. His father, a native of Maine, was one of

the first settlers of San Francisco, and long at the head of a prominent shipping and warehouse firm in that city. The son's early life was spent in New York City and in Burlington, N. J., and his residence on entering the school was in Stamford, Conn.

He remained in New Haven for a year after graduation, pursuing advanced studies in chemistry, metallurgy, and mineralogy, and then engaged in the practice of analytical chemistry in San Francisco, and soon became chief assayer to the Gould & Curry mines at Virginia City, Nevada. After four years in this field, he resigned in order to pursue a thorough course of study in Germany. He sailed for Europe in 1867, and spent the first year at Wiesbaden under Fresenius. He next went to Heidelberg, where he was graduated *PH.D. summa cum laude* in 1870; and he studied also in Leipsic and in Berlin. In September, 1871, he married in Buda Pest, Marie Louise, daughter of Field Marshal von Hildebrandt, of the Austrian army, and in the following month returned to America.

In 1872 he became chemist to the Passaic Zinc Company, and continued in that capacity to the close of his life. His time was mainly devoted to study and the practice of his profession as an analytical and consulting chemist in New York City,—a field in which he rose to eminence, and left a brilliant record.

In his boyhood he was passionately fond of music; but deafness, the result of scarlet fever, grew upon him so that at maturity he was quite insensible to sound. Nevertheless he acquired a very perfect command of the German language and carried on spoken conversation with marvelous propriety and facility.

He died suddenly, of pneumonia, at his home in New York, on April 13, 1895, in his 53d year. His wife survives him but no children.

1877

WILLARD NOURSE PRATT, eldest child of H. DeV. and Mary (Hillabrant) Pratt, was born on August 4, 1855, at Cattaraugus, N. Y., but his residence from his early childhood was in Elmira in the same State.

For several years after graduation he was in business in Elmira in the wholesale grocery and tea trade, serving the city also from 1885 to 1887 as an alderman. In 1887 he removed to Tacoma, Washington, where he established a wholesale grocery firm and was considerably interested in real estate. He was at

one time vice-president of the Tacoma Board of Trade. In 1891 he removed to San Francisco, where he was engaged in plaster manufacture and wholesale trade. An attack of jaundice in the fall of 1893 was the cause of brain fever which resulted after three days in his death, at San Francisco, on June 27, 1894, in his 39th year. He was unmarried.

1880

[JOSEPH] ARTHUR CHANUTE, a son of Octave Chanute, the well-known civil engineer, and Annie R. (James) Chanute, was born in Peoria, Ill., on February 6, 1858. He was prepared for Yale at Tarrytown, N. Y., and while in the School his residence was in New York City.

Soon after graduation he settled in Leadville, Colorado, where he carried on the business of assaying for a time, but being successful in some mining operations he gave up his office and devoted himself exclusively for several years to mining. In 1886 he became interested in the construction of what is now the plant of the Globe Smelting & Refining Company, located in one of the suburbs of Denver. He was made vice-president of the Company in 1889 and took an active part in its management; and it was due largely to his energy and business ability that the capacity was gradually increased from the modest plan of its organization to its present size, it being now the largest individual smelter, of its kind, in the country. He died of malignant scarlet fever, after a very brief illness, at Denver, on February 20, 1895, at the age of 37 years.

On July 2, 1883, he married Mary V., second daughter of William T. Lockwood, of Tarrytown, N. Y., who with a son and daughter survives him; another son died before him.

1883

ROBERT OGDEN DuBois, the youngest son of Dr. Henry A. and Helen (Jay) DuBois, was born in New Haven, Conn., on January 19, 1860.

After graduation he took a three-years' course in the Yale Medical School, and immediately after receiving his medical degree began practice in New York City. He was for some time house-surgeon at the Chambers Street Hospital, and subsequently became resident physician at the Child's Hospital in 49th

street. He also held the position of assistant surgeon to the Ear and Eye Hospital, and was for several years assistant surgeon at the New York Hospital.

He married in 1889 a daughter of the Rev. Arthur Mason, of New York, who survives him with three children.

He died at his residence in New York on March 9, 1895, at the age of 35 years, of heart-disease, from which he had suffered for several years.

1884

CLARENCE WELLINGTON SHELDON, son of Lucius Marcus Sheldon, was born in Geneva, N. Y., on May 24, 1864. His residence while a member of the School was in Brooklyn, N. Y.

He studied medicine at the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York City, graduating in 1887.

He practiced his profession in Brooklyn, and died in East Orange, N. J., on October 19, 1894, in his 31st year.

A wife and one child survive him.

1892

WALTER LORD CALDWELL, son of Josiah Caldwell, of Ongar, Essex, England, and Anita (Smith) Caldwell, was born on March 3, 1872, in Itabo, Cuba, on the sugar plantation "San Ricardo," the home of his maternal grandfather; where he died on September 12, 1894,—three weeks after he had been summoned thither on account of the sudden death of a cousin who had managed the estate for many years.

He was prepared for the Scientific School at Mr. King's private school in Stamford, Connecticut, and made the home of an aunt in that town his headquarters for years before he died. His burial followed his death immediately, but a special memorial service was held on All Saints' Day at Stamford.

1893

ALBERT LEVERETT VANHUYCK, the eldest son of John M. and Laura (Phillips) VanHuyck, was born in Troy, N. Y., on July 4, 1870. He entered the Academical Department from Lee, Mass., in 1889, but left the Class the next year on deciding to follow Civil Engineering as a profession, and entered the Scientific School. As an undergraduate he took a prominent part in

athletics, and was for two years a member of the winning University crew at New London.

After graduation he was connected with the U. S. Corps of Engineers, and late in June, 1894, he was summoned from home to assist in a preliminary survey for a scheme for building a dam across the Hudson River at Mechanicsville, N. Y., to furnish power for electricity and manufacturing. While engaged in this work, on Friday afternoon, June 29, a rod used by the party was dropped in the water, and VanHuyek started to swim across the river and fetch a boat for its recovery. When within 100 feet of the opposite shore he sank in the stream, being probably disabled by cramp, and life was extinct before the body was rescued.

He was a member of the Congregational Church in Lee, and personally of unblemished character and genial disposition, with a future full of promise.

1894

ARTHUR MALCOLM DRUMMOND, the only son of Alex. M. Drummond (Syracuse University 1866) and Jennie L. (Bartholomew) Drummond, was born at Patchogue, Long Island, N. Y., on the 7th of January, 1874. He had spent one year at St. John's College, Md., and one year at the Hopkins Grammar School, New Haven, Conn., before entering the Scientific School.

After graduation he remained at home (in West Haven, Conn., where his father is the Superintendent of Schools) until the middle of January, 1895, when he received an appointment to a position in the expert department of the General Electric Company at Schenectady, N. Y.

He began his duties, full of enthusiasm for his chosen profession and with bright prospects of a successful career.

On the 7th of April he was attacked by typhoid fever, and was taken to the Ellis Hospital, in Schenectady, where he died May 2, 1895, in his 22d year.

YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL.

1881

CHARLES SUMNER LEEPER, son of Deacon Robert A. and Eleanor A. (Wilson) Leeper, was born in Granville, Ill., on June 1, 1853. He received a part of his education in Oberlin College, and spent two years of his theological course at Oberlin. During his connection with Yale his residence was in Churchville, Monroe County, N. Y.

He was ordained to the ministry on September 14, 1881, in Friendship, Allegany County, N. Y., where he served as acting pastor of the Congregational Church for two years from that date. He then took charge of the Congregational Church in Batavia, Ill., and married on December 5, 1883, Emma F., daughter of Oren H. Loomis, of Kewanee, Ill. After seven years of service at Batavia, he removed to the Congregational Church in Park Ridge, in the same State, which he supplied from 1891 until his death.

While returning from a vacation he died of apoplexy in a restaurant in Bay View, Mich., on August 25, 1894, in his 42d year.

SUMMARY

ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT

(YALE COLLEGE)

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Date of Death
1822	Henry Herrick, 92	North Woodstock, Conn.	March 11, '95
1825	Isaac M. Ward, 88	Lyons Farms, N. J.	Feb. 24, '95
1830	Samuel B. S. Bissell, 82	Norwalk, Conn.	Aug. 23, '94
1831	Thomas Douglas, 88	New London, Conn.	Jan. 27, '95
1832	Rollin S. Stone, 86	Hartford, Conn.	March 16, '95
1833	James D. Dana, 82	New Haven, Conn.	Apr. 14, '95
1834	Henry B. Eldred, 85	Cleveland, O.	May 23, '95
1834	D. D. T. McLaughlin, 82	Litchfield, Conn.	May 26, '95
1835	Henry Clark, 84	New Haven, Conn.	Nov. 2, '94
1835	Aaron M. Colton, 85	Easthampton, Mass.	Apr. 30, '95
1835	Porter Ingram, 84	Columbus, Ga.	Nov. '94
1836	George Morgan Browne, 84	Washington, D. C.	Apr. 25, '95
1836	John L. Dunkel, 79	Columbia, Md.	Dec. 1, '94
1837	David B. Coe, 80	Bloomfield, N. J.	Feb. 13, '95
1837	Philo R. Hurd, 84	Detroit, Mich.	March 25, '95
1838	James Nooney, 84	Chester, Mass.	Apr. 12, '95
1838	Whitman Peck, 79	Poughkeepsie, N. Y.	Nov. 9, '94
1839	Robbins Battell, 75	Norfolk, Conn.	Jan. 26, '95
1839	John Catlin, 80	Northfield, Conn.	Aug. 26, '94
1839	John Sherwood, 74	Delhi, N. Y.	Feb. 11, '95
1840	John M. Doubleday, 73	Montclair, N. J.	Sept. 3, '94
1840	Jonathan Edwards, 74	Wellesley Hills, Mass.	July 16, '94
1840	T. Dwight Hunt, 74	Whitesboro, N. Y.	Feb. 7, '95
1842	Odle Close, 77	Croton Falls, N. Y.	Nov. 19, '94
1842	Henry P. Keyes, 75	Cedar Rapids, Iowa	Dec. 3, '94
1842	Edward C. Walker, 74	Detroit, Mich.	Dec. 28, '94
1843	Anthony Q. Keasbey, 71	Rome, Italy	Apr. 4, '95
1843	Charles W. Quick, 72	Philadelphia, Pa.	Oct. 10, '94
1844	Edward Bissell, 70	Toledo, O.	Nov. 23, '94
1844	William C. Kain, 70	Knoxville, Tenn.	Oct. 29, '94
1844	Charles R. Lynde, 71	Brooklyn, N. Y.	July 25, '94
1844	Samuel Minor, 72	Los Angeles, Cal.	March 3, '95
1844	John W. Shepherd, 67	Montgomery, Ala.	May 1, '94
1844	Thomas M. Thompson, 76	Taos, N. M.	June 6, '94
1845	Calvin L. Goddard, 73	Worcester, Mass.	March 29, '95
1845	Francis Ives, 75	Bridgeport, Conn.	Jan. 26, '95
1845	James Morton, 76	London, England	Aug. 28, '94

1847	Swift Byington, 71	Exeter, N. H.	May 26, '95
1847	William Peet, 72	New York City	June 17, '95
1847	George A. Robbins, 67	New York City	May 25, '95
1848	Daniel F. Gulliver, 69	Norwich, Conn.	May 22, '95
1848	Elias B. Hillard, 69	Farmington, Conn.	March 1, '95
1848	George G. Munger, 66	New York City	March 14, '95
1849	Lorin Barnes, 75	Bloomington, Ill.	Aug. 26, '94
1849	Moses W. Wilson, 68	Westport, Conn.	July 31, '94
1850	William Brush, 68	Fayette, Iowa	Apr. 29, '95
1850	Garrick Mallery, 63	Washington, D. C.	Oct. 24, '94
1852	J. Elbridge Goodhue, 71	Newark, N. J.	March 17, '95
1852	David G. Hubbard, 63	Boston, Mass.	July 13, '94
1852	James A. Wood, 66	New Haven, Conn.	Dec. 12, '94
1853	George A. Johnson, 65	San Francisco, Cal.	Sept. 20, '94
1853	Robert McC. Lord, 61	San Diego, Cal.	May 11, '94
1853	Horace H. McFarland, 62	Jamaica, N. Y.	March 14, '95
1854	Lewis W. Gibson, 59	Dover, Del.	June 7, '94
1855	Judson B. Andrews, 60	Buffalo, N. Y.	Aug. 3, '94
1855	Franklin A. Seely, 61	Washington, D. C.	Feb. 6, '95
1857	Jonathan E. Palmer, 59	Bloomfield, Conn.	Apr. 9, '95
1857	Norman C. Perkins, 63	Detroit, Mich.	March 20, '95
1857	Henry M. Seely, 59	Honesdale, Pa.	Dec. 25, '94
1857	J. Ledyard Smith, 58	Como, Miss.	March 4, '94
1858	William F. Ingerson, 63	Maple Plain, Minn.	Apr. 5, '95
1858	Elisha S. Thomas, 61	Salina, Kan.	March 9, '95
1859	Arthur B. Wood, 58	Hallstead, Pa.	Feb. 22, '95
1860	Richard B. Brown, 60	Milwaukee, Wisc.	Oct. 11, '94
1860	George N. Greene, 66	Charlestown, R. I.	May 17, '94
1860	George H. Griffin, 55	Springfield, Mass.	Sept. 9, '94
1861	Joseph L. Shipley, 58	Springfield, Mass.	Dec. 17, '94
1863	Samuel S. Hollingsworth, 51	Gwynedd, Pa.	June 28, '94
1864	Edward W. Lowrey, 49	Oakland, Cal.	Jan. 18, '93
1864	John W. Teal, 55	Elizabeth, N. J.	June 30, '94
1865	Charles P. Blanchard, 52	Brookfield, Mass.	Jan. 12, '95
1865	John K. Payne, 55	Knoxville, Tenn.	June 16, '95
1867	Charles L. Morgan, 48	New York City	May 10, '95
1867	Sheldon Reynolds, 50	Saranac Lake, N. Y.	Feb. 8, '95
1869	Arthur H. Averill, 49	Danbury, Conn.	Aug. 9, '94
1869	John B. Isham, 47	Los Angeles, Cal.	July 19, '94
1870	Frederick H. Hoadley, 46	West Pine Beach, Fla.	Feb. 25, '95
1870	Edward S. White, 47	Norfolk, Va.	Jan. 12, '95
1871	Robert B. Lea, 45	Geneva, Switzerland	Jan. 9, '95
1871	Wilbert W. Perry, 43	Hartford, Conn.	Feb. 12, '95
1872	John H. Hincks, 45	Atlanta, Ga.	Dec. 11, '94
1874	Clark Dewing, 42	St. Augustine, Fla.	March 14, '95
1874	John B. Whiting, 42	New York City	Feb. 7, '95
1876	Robert L. Mintie, 45	Chicago, Ill.	May 21, '95
1878	Edward H. Seely, 37	Brooklyn, N. Y.	June 22, '94

1880	William M. Hall, 37	Ashfield, Mass.	Dec. 15, '94
1880	Charles H. Richardson, 37	Washington, D. C.	July 1, '94
1880	Henry Trowbridge, 35	Port of Spain, Trinidad	June 23, '94
1881	Waldo C. Eames, 35	Providence, R. I.	Aug. 20, '94
1881	Francis E. Rice, 34	Framingham, Mass.	July 12, '94
1882	G. Edward Curtis, 33	Washington, D. C.	Feb. 3, '95
1885	Herbert L. Doggett, 31	Kansas City, Mo.	Dec. 12, '94
1888	Edward C. Ayres, 29	Philadelphia, Pa.	Dec. 12, '94
1889	Benjamin W. Jacobs, 27	Denver, Col.	May 25, '94
1892	Clarence W. Austin, 24	Hartford, Conn.	Feb. 8, '95

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

1829	Sylvester Mead, 88	Greenwich, Conn.	Dec. 21, '94
1834	Theodore B. Shelton, 81	Newburgh, N. Y.	Sept. 20, '94
1837	John Lounsbury, 85	Oxford, Conn.	Apr. 6, '95
1854	Horatio N. Howard, 64	Washington, D. C.	Jan. 12, '95
1861	Elmore C. Hine, 58	Atlantic City, N. J.	March 8, '95
1866	Albert C. Hallam, 49	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Jan. 9, '95

YALE LAW SCHOOL

1846	Joseph E. Brown, 73	Atlanta, Ga.	Nov. 30, '94
1872	William F. Swift, 46	Ishpeming, Mich.	Aug. 16, '94
1881	John Barrett, 45	Meriden, Conn.	May 6, '95
1892	Joseph E. England, 27	Pennsylvania	July, '94

SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL

1852	William A. Shepard, 64	Ashland, Va.	June 3, '95
1861	Gideon E. Moore, 52	New York City	Apr. 13, '95
1877	Willard N. Pratt, 39	San Francisco, Cal.	June 27, '94
1880	Arthur Chanute, 37	Denver, Col.	Feb. 20, '95
1883	Robert O. DuBois, 35	New York City	March 9, '95
1884	Clarence W. Sheldon, 30	East Orange, N. J.	Oct. 19, '94
1892	Walter L. Caldwell, 22	Itabo, Cuba	Sept. 12, '94
1893	Albert L. VanHuyck, 24	Hudson River, N. Y.	June 29, '94
1894	Arthur M. Drummond, 21	Schenectady, N. Y.	May 2, '95

YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL

1881	Charles S. Leeper, 41	Bay View, Mich.	Aug. 25, '94
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The number of deaths recorded this year is 115, and the average age of the graduates of the Academical Department is nearly 63 years.

The oldest living graduate of the Academical Department :

Class of 1822, Rev. EDWARD BEECHER, D.D., of Brooklyn, N. Y., born August 27, 1803.

The oldest living graduate of the Medical Department is :

Class of 1828, NELSON ISHAM, of Little Falls, N. Y.

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1888	Ayres, Edward F.	331	1842	Keyes, Henry P.	292
1849	Barnes, Lorin	304	1871	Lea, Robert B.	324
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1839	Battell, Robbins	288	1853	Lord, Robert McC.	309
1844	Bissell, Edward	295	1837 <i>m</i>	Lounsbury, John	334
1830	Bissell, Samuel B. S.	277	1864	Lowrey, Edward W.	319
1865	Blanchard, Charles P.	320	1844	Lynde, Charles R.	296
1846 <i>l</i>	Brown, Joseph E.	336	1853	McFarland, Horace H.	309
1860	Brown, Richard B.	316	1834	McLaughlin, D. D. T.	281
1836	Browne, George Morgan	284	1850	Mallery, Garrick	305
1850	Brush, William	304	1829 <i>m</i>	Mead, Sylvester	332
1847	Byington, Swift	300	1844	Minor, Samuel	297
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1852	Goodhue, J. Elbridge	306	1834 <i>m</i>	Shelton, Theodore B.	333
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OBITUARY RECORD

OF

GRADUATES OF YALE UNIVERSITY

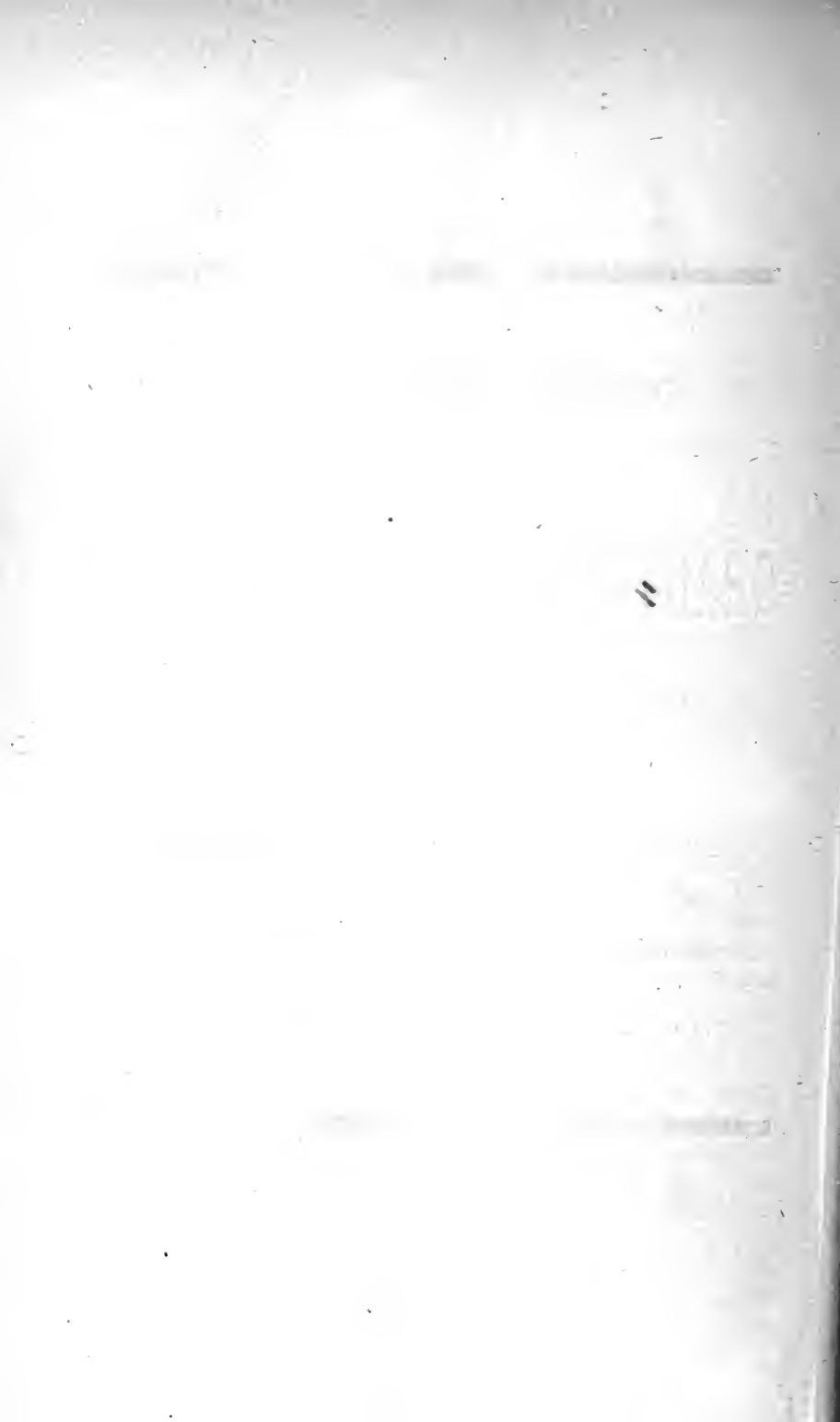
Deceased during the Academical Year ending in

June, 1896,

*Including the Record of a few who died previously, hitherto
unreported.*

[PRESENTED AT THE MEETING OF THE ALUMNI, JUNE 23d, 1896.]

[No. 6 of Fourth Printed Series, and No. 55 of the whole Record.]



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OBITUARY RECORD

OF

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YALE COLLEGE

(ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT)

1822

EDWARD BEECHER, the last survivor of his class, and the oldest living graduate of the college, died at his home in Brooklyn, N. Y., on July 28, 1895, aged nearly 92 years.

He was born in East Hampton, on Long Island, August 27, 1803, the second son and third child of the Rev. Dr. Lyman Beecher (Yale 1797) and Roxana (Foote) Beecher, and entered college from Litchfield, Conn., to which place his father had removed in 1810.

He taught for two years after graduation in the Hartford (Conn.) High School, and was next for less than a year a student in Andover Theological Seminary. He was then recalled to Yale as a tutor, and left this office to accept the pastorate of the Park Street (Congregational) Church in Boston, Mass., where he was ordained and installed on December 27, 1826. On October 27, 1829, he married Isabella P., daughter of Enoch Jones, of Wiscasset, Me. He was dismissed from his pastoral charge on October 28, 1830, to go to Illinois College, in Jacksonville, as its President, where he remained for over thirteen years. The honorary degree

of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on him by Marietta College in 1841. In March, 1844, he returned to Boston as pastor of a new organization, the Salem Street Church, which he served until November, 1855, being also senior editor of *The Congregationalist* from 1849 to 1853. From 1855 to 1871 he was settled over the First Congregational Church in Galesburg, Illinois. In 1872 he removed to Brooklyn, N. Y., where his distinguished brother, Henry Ward Beecher, was at the height of his power, and for many years he continued active in editorial and in evangelistic work. In 1885 he took charge of a small Congregational Church in Parkville, a suburb of Brooklyn, which he served until disabled by an accident in 1889.

His wife outlived him, dying on November 14, 1895. Of their eleven children, only two sons survive them, the younger of whom was graduated at Yale in 1867, and the elder is an Episcopal clergyman.

Among the more important of Dr. Beecher's publications were two volumes entitled respectively *The Conflict of Ages* (1853) and *The Concord of Ages* (1860), and a *Narrative of the Riots at Alton* (1838).

1823

SAMUEL BISSELL was born in Middlefield, Mass., on April 28, 1797. His father removed to Aurora, Portage County, Ohio, in 1806, and this son being the eldest child was long delayed by poverty in his quest of an education.

After graduation he studied theology with the Rev. Luther Hart, of Plymouth, Conn., and was licensed to preach in 1825. He then returned to Aurora, and opened a school there in 1826, in which he taught until called to the pastorate of the Presbyterian Church in Twinsburg, in Summit County, where he was ordained on April 29, 1828. Several young men whom he was fitting for college accompanied him thither, and this led to his establishing a school in Twinsburg. After seven years the growth of the school obliged him to resign the pastorate of the church, and for more than forty years Mr. Bissell gave himself to the training of youth, who numbered in all over six thousand. The faith, courage, and self-denial with which this laborious work was carried on were widely appreciated and have borne abundant fruit.

The later years of his life were spent in Twinsburg, where he died on August 26, 1895, in his 99th year. He had been for the

last month the oldest graduate of the university in the order of graduation. His health had been remarkably vigorous until a month or two before his death.

He married Miss Fannie A. Gaylord, who died many years ago. After her death he married Miss Amelia Sykes, who survives him. One daughter is also living.

CHARLES LEVEN POWELL was born in Alexandria, Va., on the 14th of September, 1804; but as his father, the Hon. Cuthbert Powell (a member of Congress in 1841-43), removed from town a few years later to his estate of Llangollen, in Loudoun County, at the foot of the Blue Ridge Mountains, he was brought up in the country and always retained the tastes of a Virginia country gentleman. His two grandfathers, Colonel Leven Powell and Colonel Charles Simms, were both personal friends of General Washington and served under him in the Revolution.

After graduation he studied in the law school of Chancellor Henry St. George Tucker, in Winchester, Va., was soon admitted to the bar, and practiced in the courts of Loudoun and the adjacent counties. In 1830 he married Miss Selina Lloyd of Alexandria. About 1858 he was earnestly solicited to take charge of a school for young ladies in Winchester, Va.; and from that date his time was devoted to the cause of education, until increasing infirmities obliged him to rest. With ripe scholarship and a deep interest in the events of the day, his retiring disposition prevented him from taking an active part in public affairs, though his sound judgment and high Christian character won and preserved the respect and confidence of his fellow-citizens. His mind continued clear and his faculties almost unimpaired up to the time of his death, which occurred at his residence in Alexandria, on January 9, 1896, in his 92d year. He was the last survivor of his class, and the oldest graduate of the University in the order of College age.

His wife died more than twenty years before him. Their two sons fell in the Confederate service, in 1861-62, and the only surviving children are two daughters.

1827

ANSON LITTLE, son of Samuel and Levina (Richardson) Little, was born in Columbia, Conn., on June 20, 1806. A half-brother was graduated here in 1844.

He studied law in Utica, N. Y., and was there admitted to the bar in October, 1830. He began the practice of his profession in the village of Horseheads, then part of Elmira, N. Y., whence he removed after two or three years to Clinton, N. Y. A year later he returned to Utica, and associated himself with Charles A. Mann, Esq. This connection continued until 1836, when he was appointed Clerk of the U. S. Courts for the Northern District of New York, which office he held for twelve years. In 1850 he took a position with the Nicaragua Transit Company, then carrying freight and passengers to and from California, and remained with that company until its operations were interrupted by Walker's filibustering in 1856. Soon after this he entered the employ of the Manhattan Gas Light Company in the city of New York, where he remained until his retirement from active life. His closing years were spent in Hebron, Conn., where he died, from old age, on September 15, 1895, in his 90th year.

He married in September, 1833, Miss Eliza Ann Welles, of Hebron, who died after his retirement to that village. Their children were two sons, the younger of whom died in his 17th year, and the elder survives his parents.

ALFRED JAMES PERKINS, youngest son of Frederick and Lucy (Eldridge) Perkins, and nephew of Enoch Perkins (Yale 1781) and Samuel Perkins (Yale 1785), was born in Hanover Society, then part of Lisbon, but now in Sprague, Conn., on March 31, 1807.

In 1828 he entered on the business of manufacturing woollen goods in his native town, and so continued for about seven years, with disastrous results, owing to the financial condition of the country, which involved the loss of all that he had invested.

He then removed to Germantown, Pa., where he founded and was for some four or five years principal of the Germantown Academy. He afterwards entered the publishing business at the corner of Sixth and Minor streets, Philadelphia; and was principally engaged, until his retirement in 1852, in the publication of educational text-books and maps and their introduction into the public schools of the country.

After a number of years of retired life, he was elected in February, 1864, Secretary of the Philadelphia Board of Trade, and occupied that position for some nine or ten years. He is entitled to the credit of having originated, while holding this office, the

plan of the Act passed by the U. S. Government enabling importers and merchants to have their merchandise forwarded to the point of destination without appraisal at the port of entry.

His remaining years were spent in quiet retirement in Philadelphia; he died there, of old age, on December 17, 1895, in his 89th year.

He married on February 7, 1850, Elizabeth Freemont, of Mobile, Ala., who survives him with three sons.

1828

WILLIAM STRONG, the eldest of eleven children of William L. Strong (Yale 1802) and Harriet (Deming) Strong, was born on May 6, 1808, in Somers, Conn., where his father was pastor of the Congregational Church.

He taught for the year after graduation in East Windsor, and for the following year in Tolland, Conn., in the meantime studying law in his leisure hours. In 1830 he went to Burlington, N. J., and continued teaching and studying until near the close of 1831, when he returned to New Haven for final preparation in the Law School for admission to the bar.

In November, 1832, he opened an office in Reading, Pa., and gradually built up an excellent practice, which was interrupted in 1846 by his election to Congress, as a Democrat. He served in the House of Representatives for two terms, but in 1850 declined a re-election and returned to the more congenial duties of his profession. In 1857 he was elected a Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania for a term of fifteen years. The consequent reduction of income led him, however, to resign the office in October, 1868, and to resume active practice, removing at the same time to Philadelphia. On the breaking out of the civil war he had allied himself with the Republican party. In February, 1870, President Grant selected him for the place of Attorney-General in his Cabinet, but by a change of circumstances he was nominated instead as Justice of the Supreme Court, and performed the duties of that office from March, 1870, until his resignation in December, 1880. His residence continued in Washington until his death, which occurred after several weeks' illness at Lake Minnewaska, Ulster County, N. Y., on August 19, 1895, in his 88th year.

He married on November 28, 1836, Priscilla L., daughter of Judge Garrick Mallery (Yale 1808), of Easton and Philadelphia,

who died on April 8, 1844. He next married, on November 22, 1849, Mrs. Rachel H. Bull, widow of Levi Bull, of Churchtown, Pa., and daughter of the Hon. Edward Davies, of Lancaster County; she died on October 5, 1887. By the first marriage he had two daughters and a son, and by the second marriage two daughters and two sons. Three daughters survive him.

Justice Strong commanded the highest respect for his abilities and character, and was very prominent throughout his active life as a member of the Presbyterian Church. He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws from Lafayette College in 1867, and from Yale and Princeton in 1870.

1829

FRANCIS WHITING, son of General John Whiting, of Great Barrington, Mass., was born in that town on March 27, 1808.

He studied law with his father, but the profession was not congenial, and this with imperfect health led him early to abandon practice.

He married on March 4, 1841, Harriet W., daughter of Daniel S. Curtis, of Canaan, Columbia County, N. Y., and continued for the next twenty-five years to reside upon his inherited estate in Great Barrington. In the spring of 1866, for the sake of a milder climate, he removed to an equally attractive rural home in Jeffersonville, Montgomery County, Pa.

After a year or two of increasing feebleness, he died in Jeffersonville, from a slight attack of the *grippe*, on January 27, 1896, aged nearly 88 years. His wife survives him, without children.

Though never robust in health, he had retained his mental powers to an uncommon degree, and was respected throughout the community for his active benevolence and firm religious principles. He had been an elder in the Presbyterian Church for nearly his entire residence in Jeffersonville.

1830

GEORGE GODDARD BARCLAY, son of Andrew C. Barclay, a merchant of Philadelphia, Pa., was born in that city on October 7, 1811.

After graduation he spent two years in the Yale Law School, and a third year in the office of the Hon. James W. Broom, of Philadelphia, where he was admitted to practice. Shortly after this he became the editor of the *Commercial Herald*, a daily news-

paper in the same city. In the summer of 1835 he removed to Reading, Pa., where he entered on the practice of his profession with ardor. In January, 1836, he was appointed deputy attorney-general for that district, and held the office until 1838. He continued in successful business in Reading for about thirty years longer, and then removed to Philadelphia. He was an influential member of the Constitutional Convention of the State in 1872. In later years he retired entirely from practice, and though making Philadelphia still his home spent much of his time in travel. He died at Atlantic City, N. J., on July 27, 1894, in his 83d year. He was never married.

JAMES RADCLIFFE DAVENPORT, younger son of John A. Davenport (Y. C. 1802) and Eliza M. (Wheeler) Davenport, of New York City, was born on November 15, 1812, in Stamford, Conn., while his parents were temporarily residing in the old family home. He spent his Freshman year in Columbia College.

After graduation he began the study of theology in Andover Seminary, but in 1832 removed to the Yale Divinity School, and in the spring of 1833 entered on a tutorship in the College, which he held for two years. In the meantime he had completed his preparation for the ministry, and his first charge was in Rye, N. Y., where he was ordained over the Presbyterian Church on October 13, 1836. He was dismissed from this parish in April, 1838, and on May 15, 1839, was installed pastor of the Congregational Church in Francestown, N. H., a position which he resigned on August 18, 1842. His next charge was in Cazenovia, N. Y., and he withdrew from that post and from the Presbyterian ministry in November, 1846. Doubts and uncertainties of long standing then led him into the Episcopal Church, in which he was ordained deacon (by Bishop De Lancey at Syracuse) on December 19, 1847. He was advanced to the priesthood by the same bishop at Syracuse on March 4, 1849, and then became rector of Grace Church, Albany, which was enlarged under his charge from a mission into a thriving and independent parish. In December, 1857, in consequence of his wife's ill-health, he accepted a call to St. Anne's Church, Annapolis, Md., but in six weeks after his arrival there, the church was burned to the ground. Through his exertions a new and enlarged church was built, before the war began. During the war he was an avowed and earnest supporter of the Government, under very difficult circumstances.

In March, 1865, he resigned his charge, and spent the next two and a half years abroad with his family.

On his return he settled in New York City (which was thereafter his home), and was more or less steadily occupied for many years in clerical service, in voluntary aid of his brethren. His longest connection with any parish during these years was as Rector of St. Mary's Church, Mott Haven, from May, 1878, to May, 1883. The degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on him by Columbia College in 1878.

His health remained remarkably vigorous until his last brief illness, of pneumonia, from which he died, at his home in New York, on April 13, 1896, in his 84th year. Rare sweetness of disposition and ripe culture united to make his society a pleasure and his loss widely felt.

He married, on September 7, 1836, Mehetable W. Newell, of Boston, the youngest child of the late Ebenezer Newell, of South Natick, Mass. She survives him with their two daughters and their younger son (Sheffield Scientific School 1871). The elder son (Yale College 1861) died in 1890.

1831

LORENZO LORRAINE LANGSTROTH was born in Philadelphia, Pa., on December 25, 1810.

For the first two years after graduation he taught in New Haven, at the same time studying in the Divinity School; and he then taught for over a year near West Point, N. Y. He then returned to the College to fill a tutorship in Mathematics for a year and a half; and on January 18, 1836, he was called unanimously to the pastorate of the South (Congregational) Church in Andover, Mass. He was ordained in this office on the 11th of the following May, but was dismissed on March 30, 1839, finding his health inadequate to the discharge of his duties. He was next for one year Principal of the Abbot Female Academy in Andover, and then removed to Greenfield, Mass., where he taught a High School for young ladies for four years. During the last two or three of these years he preached as a stated supply for the Second Congregational Church in Greenfield, and then accepted a call to settle as their pastor, and was installed on December 20, 1843. Ill health compelled his retirement from this post on February 15, 1848; after which he established a Young Ladies' School in Philadelphia, and this also he was obliged to relinquish in 1852,

because of his health. He then returned to Greenfield and a little later supplied for about two years the Congregational Church in the neighboring town of Coleraine. In 1858 he settled in Oxford, Ohio, which was his home until 1887. His later years were spent with a married daughter in Dayton, Ohio. Ever since his College days he had suffered at intervals from distressing attacks of pain in the head, lasting for periods of from six months to two years, which disabled him totally. On Sunday, October 6, 1895, although more than usually feeble, he undertook to deliver an address at the communion service in the church which he attended, but was stricken with death after a few introductory sentences, and passed away quietly, in his 85th year.

He married on August 22, 1836, Anne M. Tucker, of New Haven, second daughter of the Rev. James W. Tucker (Yale 1807), who died in January, 1873. Of their three children, two daughters are still living; the eldest child, a son, died of consumption contracted in the army.

He became interested while a pastor in Andover in bee culture, and was eventually recognized as one of the leading authorities on that subject. In 1852 he completed the invention of the movable-comb hive, since then universally adopted, and in 1853 he published a volume on *The Hive and the Honey Bee*, which is still regarded as of sterling value. As a minister he secured the respect and love of his parishioners, but his physical strength was unequal to the exhausting demands of the profession.

1832

WILLIAM JONES HOPPIN, the eldest child of Thomas C. and Harriet D. (Jones) Hoppin, was born in Providence, R. I., on April 21, 1813. He was obliged to leave Yale, with others of his class, in July, 1830, and was graduated at Middlebury College, Vermont, in 1832, but was admitted to full standing with his class here in 1879.

He studied law for the year 1832-33 in Providence with Judge Tristram Burges, and then went to the Law School of Harvard University, where he received the degree of LL.B. in 1835. He was admitted to the bar in Providence, but soon after went to Europe for an extended tour, and on his return in 1837 settled in New York City, where he engaged in practice, especially in the department of conveyancing. He was also widely known as

a critic and patron of art, and was one of the originators of the Metropolitan Museum of Art and its secretary until his removal from the city. He was one of the founders of the Century Club, and also of the Union League Club, of which he was the first treasurer, and the president from 1871 to 1873. He was also one of the trustees and the secretary of the Astor Library.

In June, 1876, he was appointed First Secretary of the United States Legation in London, and he retained that responsible office for ten years with distinguished credit. His later life was spent in his native city, where he died, after a short illness, on September 3, 1895, in his 83d year. He was unmarried.

1833

ABIJAH BARNUM DUNLAP, the son of William and Elizabeth Dunlap, was born in Ovid, N. Y., on August 29, 1809, and entered College in 1830.

After graduation he lived upon a farm in Ovid, teaching school during the winters, until 1846, when he entered the Auburn Theological Seminary, about twenty miles distant. He finished his studies there in 1848, and soon after assumed the pastorate of a Congregational Church in Saline, near Ann Arbor, Mich., being ordained at Lima on October 31, 1849. He returned to his native town on account of his health in 1850, and for nearly three years acted as pastor of the Presbyterian Church there.

On June 29, 1853, he married, at LeRoy, N. Y., Miss Mary A. Wright, of Ingham University in that place, in which institution he served for the ensuing year as Professor of Ancient Languages and Mental and Moral Philosophy. In 1854 he and his wife took charge of the High School in Jonesville, in southern Michigan, but ill health again obliged him to return to the East at the close of 1855. He then taught literature and the ancient languages in the Elmira (N. Y.) Female College until the close of 1858, when he was obliged to give up all literary pursuits and return to farming on account of serious trouble with his eyesight. He remained for the most part in Ovid until the fall of 1862, when he visited the Grand Traverse region in Northern Michigan and became interested in the settlement and development of that section of the State. He purchased a large tract of land in the vicinity of Traverse City, and spent the remainder of his life on this farm. He was elected as a representative in the State Legislature for two terms, from 1864

to 1868, and was always a useful and influential citizen, especially in all matters affecting public education.

He died in Traverse City on June 17, 1895, aged nearly 86 years. His wife died a few years before him. They had no children.

1834

ALFRED EMERSON, who died in Dorchester, Mass., on February 7, 1896, was born in Beverly, Mass., on April 5, 1812. His father, the Rev. Joseph Emerson (Harvard 1798), was a pioneer in the higher education of woman, and at the head of seminaries in Byfield and Saugus, Mass., and Wethersfield, Conn., and also the author of several educational text-books. His mother was Rebecca Hasseltine, sister of Mrs. Ann H. Judson, missionary to Burmah.

For a year after graduation he taught an academy in Milford, Del., and then began the study of theology in the Andover Seminary. In 1837 he left Andover to accept a tutorship at Yale, where he taught mathematics and natural philosophy for three years, at the same time continuing his theological studies.

After a period of five years, which he spent at his mother's in Bradford, Mass., and at the South, in ill health, he accepted a call to the Congregational Church in South Reading (now Wakefield), Mass., where he had a happy and successful pastorate of eight years, from his ordination on October 15, 1845, to 1853. He was then for three years Professor of Mathematics and Astronomy in Western Reserve College, at Hudson, Ohio. Returning to the East for the sake of the health of his family, he was installed on February 18, 1857, at South Berwick, Me., but in little more than a year was called to the Calvinistic (Congregational) Church in Fitchburg, Mass., where he had a most useful service of twelve years, adding 400 members to the church and sending off a strong colony to form another society.

In 1870, on account of ill health he resigned his charge, and thenceforwards resided at Lancaster, Mass., until 1877, when he removed to Dorchester, continuing to preach as his health allowed. With an inherited interest in the education of women, he rendered most efficient and valuable service for over twenty years as a trustee of Wheaton Seminary, at Norton, Mass., and for ten years was treasurer of the Board.

While his strength failed gradually, his serene and cheerful

faith and his active interest in Christian progress had full scope to the end.

He married on October 18, 1847, Martha E. W., youngest daughter of Peter T. Vose, of Lancaster, Mass., who survives him with their two daughters.

JOHN WALLACE HOUSTON was born on May 4, 1814, in Concord, Sussex County, Delaware, the son of John and Elizabeth (Wiltbank) Houston.

After leaving college he studied law for three years in the office of the Hon. John M. Clayton in Dover, Del., and in October, 1837, was admitted to the bar and began practice in Dover. Two years later he removed to Georgetown in his native county, where he soon attracted favorable notice as a lawyer and an advocate and built up a lucrative practice. In 1841 he was appointed Secretary of State by Governor Cooper, and in 1844, at the age of 30, before the expiration of his term of office, the Whig party of the State nominated and elected him to Congress. His ability and usefulness in this capacity were so widely recognized that he was re-elected in 1846 and again in 1848. In 1851 he returned to the practice of his profession, but in May, 1855, was appointed an Associate Justice of the Superior Court of Delaware, which office he held until retired upon a pension in January, 1893. During this period he was *ex-officio* reporter of the decisions of the court, and his reports in six volumes take a high rank. He was a delegate to the Peace Convention at Washington in 1861, and an earnest supporter of the Union during the ensuing years. In 1880 he was an unsuccessful candidate for Congress on the Republican ticket.

After his retirement he resided in feeble health with a nephew in Georgetown, and died there, from old age, on April 26, 1896, at the age of 82 years. He was never married.

1835

EDWIN ALEXANDER ANDERSON was born in Wilmington, N. C., on June 17, 1816, the youngest child and second son of Alexander and Mary (Howard) Anderson.

He studied medicine at the Yale Medical School, graduating in 1837, and spent the next four years in hospital service in Philadelphia. He then began practice in Louisville, Ky., but in 1842

returned to his native city, which was his home for the rest of his life. He held a distinguished position as a physician and surgeon, and served as President of the State Medical Society in 1870. During the war of the rebellion he was a surgeon in the Confederate army. He died in Wilmington on March 11, 1894, in his 78th year.

He married, in 1842, Mary, daughter of Major John A. Lillington, who survived him with her five children—three daughters and two sons.

1836

JOEL MILTON ACKER, son of Peter and Susannah (Halbert) Acker, was born in Pendleton District, now Anderson County, S. C., on March 15, 1815, and entered Yale at the opening of Sophomore year.

In December, 1836, he removed to Mississippi, and settled in Athens, then the county seat of Monroe County, where he began practice as a lawyer. Ten years later he removed to Aberdeen, the present county seat, where he resided until his death. He was elected to the State Legislature in 1839 and again in 1841, and to the State Senate in 1845. In the winter of 1846-7 he resigned his place as Senator, and served as Captain of a company of Mississippi Volunteers in the Mexican war until May, 1848. He then resumed his legal practice and in 1855 was again elected to the Senate. From 1856 to 1863 he held with honor the place of Circuit Judge of the First Judicial District of the State, and after the close of the civil war returned to the practice of his profession.

He died in Aberdeen during the first week of December, 1892, in his 78th year.

He married in 1858, in Columbus, Miss., Miss Martha Harris, who survives him. Of their children one son (Univ. of Mississippi 1881) and one daughter reached maturity.

EDWARD CLOSE DELAVAN, the fifth son of Dr. Tompkins C. and Esther (Jesup) Delavan, was born in Ovid, N. Y., on May 28, 1813, and entered College at the opening of the Sophomore year, having already spent two years in the law office of the Hon. William H. Seward.

On graduation he resumed his professional studies, at first in the office of Hon. Samuel A. Foot and Hon. Henry E. Davies, of New York City, and later with Hon. Lewis H. Sandford, of

Skaneateles, N. Y. He was admitted to the bar in July, 1837, and in September began practice in New York, where he acquired a large business, especially in the Surrogate's Court.

He died at his home in New Brighton, Staten Island, after a lingering illness, on April 28, 1896, aged nearly 83 years.

He married, on June 27, 1849, Margaretta M., daughter of David Bryson, of New York, who survives him with their children, three sons and a daughter. The eldest son was graduated at Yale in 1872, and the youngest at Rutgers College in 1880.

JARVIS McDUFFIE was born in Rochester, N. H., on March 24, 1812, and entered college at the beginning of the Sophomore year.

In December, 1838, he received an appointment as Professor of Mathematics in the U. S. Navy, which he retained for nearly ten years. Soon after leaving the navy he settled on a farm in Exeter, N. H., where he had been prepared for college, and where he had found his wife, Eliza, daughter of Daniel Conner. He also continued to teach for awhile in Exeter and the neighborhood.

He died in Exeter on January 23, 1895, in his 83d year. His wife survives him with one son.

GEORGE PALMER TYLER, son of Chief Justice Royall Tyler (Harvard 1776) and Mary (Palmer) Tyler, was born in Brattleboro, Vt., on December 10, 1810. Two of his brothers were graduated here (in 1825 and 1829, respectively).

After leaving College he went to New York City as a teacher in the Washington Institute, a well-known boarding school for boys, and while thus occupied began the study of theology in the Union Seminary, where he took the full course, from 1837 to 1840. In December, 1840, he began to preach in the Presbyterian Church in Lowville, Lewis County, N. Y., where he was ordained and installed, on October 13, 1841. He remained with that growing parish until the fall of 1853, when he accepted a call to the Congregational Church in his native town. He was dismissed from a successful pastorate there on January 28, 1867. A few months later he supplied the pulpit of the Congregational Church in Bucksport, Me., for a single Sunday, with such acceptance that he was prevailed upon to assume the charge of that church, and continued there for two years. He then returned to New York City, not intending to settle again in the ministry. But happen-

ing to preach for one Sunday in the Olivet (New School) Presbyterian Church, in Lansingburgh, N. Y., he was induced to remain with them as acting pastor until his resignation in 1875. His residence continued in Lansingburgh, and for the next seven years he preached in the vicinity as his strength permitted, being especially happy and useful in his service with the Oakwood Avenue and Memorial Presbyterian Churches in Troy. About the end of the year 1882 he resumed his old charge in Lansingburgh, which he held until increasing age obliged him to relinquish active work in the fall of 1891. His health began to fail seriously in July, 1895, and he died at his home in Lansingburgh on January 18, 1896, in his 86th year.

He married, on May 12, 1841, Elizabeth A., oldest daughter of Amos Trowbridge, of New Haven, who died in the summer of 1891. Their only son died in early youth, and their only daughter is still living.

He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Middlebury College in 1864. His ability and genial disposition made him greatly beloved.

1837

WALTER TILDEN HATCH, son of Aroet M. Hatch, was born in Haverhill, Mass., on October 5, 1818. His parents removed to New York City in 1823.

After graduation he entered on a course of study in the Yale Divinity School, but was obliged by ill health after a year's trial to relinquish these plans, and in 1840 began a mercantile life in New York City, which he continued (for part of the time as a member of the firm of Chittenden, Bliss & Co.) until 1863. He then began business as a banker and broker, and was thus engaged—during later years as the head of the firm of W. T. Hatch & Son—until his retirement on account of failing health. After a year or more of increasing feebleness he died at his home in Brooklyn, N. Y., on June 8, 1896, in his 78th year. He had been prominent for over half a century in Brooklyn life and society, and especially influential in the formation and advancement of the Church of the Pilgrims, of which he was the treasurer for 38 years.

He married on November 10, 1840, Rebecca, youngest daughter of the Rev. Professor Nathaniel W. Taylor, of the Yale Divinity School, who survives him. Their children were four

sons and three daughters, of whom one daughter and two sons (the elder a graduate of Yale in 1874) are still living.

CHARLES ANDREW JOHNSON, son of Ebenezer and Sarah B. (Law) Johnson, of New Haven, was born in New Haven on January 20, 1818, and was graduated with high honors in his class.

On leaving College he went to Columbus, Ohio, as a private tutor, and after a year of such employment there and in Virginia, he returned to New Haven for study in the Law School. In October, 1840, he removed to New Orleans, and finished his preparation for the bar in the office of his elder brother, of the class of 1827. He was admitted to practice in December, 1842, and in 1843 settled in Donaldsonville, La., where he enjoyed an extensive practice until the latter part of 1855, when he returned to New Orleans to succeed to the business of his brother, a celebrated lawyer, who then removed to California. He soon formed a partnership with Henry Denis, Esq., which existed until the breaking out of the Rebellion. Mr. Johnson spent a good part of the next few years in Europe, and in 1866 renewed his former partnership, which secured a large and lucrative business.

In the early part of 1875 he retired from practice, and directly after made another extended visit to Europe. Upon the organization of the Democratic government of Louisiana, in January, 1877, he was offered by Governor Nicholls a position on the Supreme Court bench, but for personal reasons he declined to enter again into active life.

Mr. Johnson was a lawyer of the highest ability, a polished scholar, and a man of spotless integrity. His later years were spent in travel and in the enjoyment of his books and of his favorite historical studies in New Orleans, where he died, after a brief illness, on February 3, 1896, at the age of 78. He was never married.

JOSEPH AUSTIN SPENCER was born in Westbrook, Conn., then part of Saybrook, on February 6, 1818, and entered College from New Haven.

He spent the years 1838-9 in connection with the U. S. Engineering Corps in the construction of Fortress Monroe; and was for the next three years principal of Jefferson Academy in Dinwiddie County, Va. He was solicited to settle there permanently, but declined on account of his objections to slavery. About 1844

he removed to Philadelphia, where he studied law in the office of the Hon. Charles J. Ingersoll, and was admitted to the bar on April 11, 1846. By diligence and steadfast integrity he acquired a lucrative practice in that city, and continued until failing health compelled him to retire from active duty.

In 1881 he removed his residence to Norristown, sixteen miles from Philadelphia. In June, 1890, he suffered from a slight attack of paralysis, but recovered in a measure and was still able to discharge in part his professional duties. In 1893 he again removed to Philadelphia, where his death occurred on September 12, 1895, the result of years and of the aggravation of his previous disease.

He married on March 20, 1856, Anna Catharine Brock, of Philadelphia, who died on November 2, 1870. He next married, on June 23, 1881, Evaline Young, of Norristown, who survives him. The children of his first marriage, two daughters, are also both living.

STEPHEN YERKES, of German origin, was born in Bucks County, Pa., on June 27, 1817, and entered College from Hatborough, Montgomery County.

After graduation he began the study of theology in Baltimore, Md., where he resided for fifteen years. He taught during most of this time, at first in the public schools, but from 1843 in a private classical school, being at the same time pastor of Presbyterian churches at Long Green and Bethel, in the same county. In 1852 he became Professor of Ancient Languages in Transylvania University, at Lexington, Ky., and pastor of a church in the vicinity, and so served until his election, in May, 1857, by the Old School General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church as Professor of Biblical and Oriental Literature in the Theological Seminary at Danville, Ky. In May, 1866, he resigned this chair, and for the next three years was acting Professor of Greek in Centre College, Danville, though resuming in May, 1867, his old relation to the Theological Seminary, which he held until his death. The title of his chair was changed in 1869 to Biblical Literature and Exegetical Theology, and later to New Testament Literature and Exegesis, and he was also President of the Faculty for some time before his death.

He died of apoplexy, at his home in Danville, after an illness which had confined him to his room for several weeks, on March 28, 1896, in his 79th year.

The honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on him by LaGrange College, Tennessee, in 1858.

He married on December 22, 1840, Mrs. Amanda Lovell Tyson, of Baltimore, who died on May 15, 1872. He next married, on May 13, 1875, Mrs. Amelia Anderson, daughter of Clifton Rodes, of Danville, who survives him. His children (by the first marriage) were three daughters and three sons. Two daughters and two sons (graduates of Centre College) survive.

1838

LEWIS JOEL DUDLEY was born in Guilford, Conn., on November 11, 1815, the son of Joel and Harriet (Griswold) Dudley.

After graduation he taught for the first year the Lewis Academy in Southington, Conn., and for the next year the Brainard Academy in Haddam, Conn.; and then became a tutor in the College. In this office he continued from 1840 to 1846, teaching Greek mainly, and also studying law. After leaving the tutorship he took one more year in the Law School, and received his degree there in 1847. He then entered the office of Messrs. Hungerford and Cone in Hartford, Conn., and was admitted to the bar in 1848. Feeling, however, more confident of success as a teacher, he started in 1849 a classical school in Northampton, Mass., for the preparation of boys for college, which had a very successful course until its suspension, owing to the war, in 1862.

Mr. Dudley then took an active part in public affairs, and was sent to the State Senate in 1864, and to the other branch of the State Legislature in 1865-67 and 1873. In 1867 he was a leader in securing the charter of the Clarke Institution for Deaf Mutes, located in Northampton, and after that date gave his time largely to the management of its affairs.

He married on May 7, 1851, Theresa H., third daughter of the Hon. Isaac C. Bates (Yale 1802), of Northampton, who survives him with one daughter, an elder daughter having died in infancy.

After twenty years of feeble health he died at his residence in Northampton on February 27, 1896, in his 81st year.

1839

DAVID LEWIS DAGGETT, the eldest child of Leonard A. Daggett (Y. C. 1807) and Jennette (Atwater) Daggett, of New Haven, was born in this city on June 24, 1820.

After graduation he taught for a brief period in Virginia, and then entered the Yale Medical School, where he took his degree in 1843. From that date he practiced medicine in New Haven, and at the time of his death he was among the oldest and most respected members of the profession in the city. He died in New Haven, after a very brief illness from pneumonia, on February 23, 1896, in his 76th year.

Dr. Daggett married on June 1, 1854, Margaret D., daughter of Dr. William Gibbons, of Wilmington, Del., who died on August 11, 1865. Their children were three sons, who are all graduates of the College.

HORACE CLARK PECK, the eldest child of the Hon. Henry Peck, Mayor of New Haven, and of Jerusha (Clark) Peck, was born in New Haven, on January 10, 1820.

After graduation he taught for some months in Angelica, N. Y., and on November 18, 1840, married Miss Julia A. Hayes, of Newark, N. J. He then established himself in the bookselling and publishing business in Philadelphia, having also a connection with his father's house of Durrie & Peck in New Haven. In the Civil war he served in the Antietam campaign (1862) as 1st Lieutenant in the 9th Regiment of Pennsylvania Militia. In the same autumn he was appointed Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue, and held that office until his resignation in February, 1864, after which he removed to his native city and resumed the bookselling business. Two or three years later he relinquished his business to his son's hands, and the rest of his life was spent here in retirement. He died in New Haven, on June 27, 1895, in his 76th year.

His wife died in New Haven on April 10, 1864. Their children were four daughters and four sons, of whom two daughters and two sons are still living. The younger surviving daughter is the wife of George R. Shepherd, M.D. (Yale 1866).

1841

LUCIEN BIRDSEYE, third son and fifth child of the Hon. Victory Birdseye (Williams Coll. 1804) and Electa (Beebee) Birdseye, was born in Pompey, N. Y., on October 10, 1821. He was a great-grandson of the Rev. Nathan Birdseye (Yale 1736) and of the Rev. James Beebe (Yale 1745).

After graduating he pursued the study of law in his father's office for two years, and for a third year in the office of Kirkland & Bacon of Utica. On his admission to the bar he settled in Albany, where he practiced his profession until May, 1850, when his former instructor, Charles P. Kirkland, Esq., of Utica, removed to New York City, and took him into partnership. After six years of successful business, he was appointed by Governor Clark in 1856 to fill an unexpired term of a year and a half as Justice of the Supreme Court. In the fall of 1857 he accepted the Republican nomination for the same position in a strongly Democratic district, but was defeated and devoted himself assiduously to his profession for the rest of his life. His residence was in Brooklyn, where he died suddenly on January 27, 1896, in his 75th year.

He married on June 16, 1846, Catharine M., daughter of Samuel Baker, of Pompey, who survives him, with their children, three daughters and two sons.

1842

DANIEL BEERS BEACH, son of John and Marcia (Curtiss) Beach, of New Haven, was born here on November 14, 1822.

During the first year after graduation he taught in private families in Virginia and North Carolina, and then began the study of law in the Yale Law School. He received the degree of LL. B. in August, 1845, and was admitted to the Connecticut bar the same month. He then entered a law office in Rochester, N. Y., as a student, and remained there until his admission to the bar of that State in January, 1847. From that date he practiced law in Rochester, with the exception of about four years (1867-71), which he spent in New Haven.

He married on June 1, 1853, Miss Loraine Rogers, of Lockport, N. Y., who died in Rochester, on November 20, 1892. Their children were two sons and four daughters, of whom three daughters survive them. He died at the residence of one of his daughters in Rochester, after a brief illness, on January 5, 1896, in his 74th year.

JOSEPH BREWSTER, son of James and Mary (Hequembourg) Brewster, of New Haven, Conn., was born in this city on February 16, 1822.

After graduation he spent two years in Virginia, engaged in

teaching, and then took the full course of study in the General Theological Seminary in New York City. On June 27, 1847, he was ordained Deacon in the Episcopal Church in New York City, by Bishop DeLancey, and immediately became rector of St. Paul's Church, Windham, Conn. He was advanced to Priest's orders by Bishop Brownell, in Hartford, in January, 1848, and in March, 1850, he removed to St. Paul's Church, Wallingford, Conn. In the autumn of 1853 he left Wallingford, and in the following January took charge of the mission in New Haven which became Christ Church parish in 1856. He was rector of that parish from its organization until compelled to resign by broken health in January, 1882. After this he spent his time mainly at his country place in Hamden, about eight miles from New Haven, but was accustomed to assist his eldest son in parish work during a part of each year. This led, in 1894, to his taking the rectorship of St. Michael's Church, in Brooklyn, N. Y., where he died after a very brief illness on November 20, 1895, in his 74th year.

He married, on September 8, 1847, Sarah J., daughter of Chauncey Bunce, of New Haven, who died on November 17, 1866.

He was again married on August 13, 1875, to Mrs. Mary Kane Gibbs, the widow of George Gibbs, of New Haven, and the daughter of William Channing Gibbs, of Newport, R. I. She died on December 18, 1876.

His children, by the first marriage, were four sons and three daughters, of whom one daughter died in infancy and another in early married life. The sons are all graduates of Yale, and two follow their father's profession.

CALVIN FROST was born in Somers, Westchester County, N. Y., on January 21, 1823.

He studied law in Peekskill, in his native county, and was there admitted to the bar in May, 1845. He immediately opened an office in that place, and thenceforth devoted himself with conspicuous fidelity and success to the work of his profession, declining all offers of political or judicial promotion. In 1889 he removed his office to New York City, where the youngest son (Y. C. 1883) was associated with him. After a year or two of poor health he died at his summer home in Bar Harbor, Maine, on July 22, 1895, aged 72½ years.

He married, on October 15, 1845, Miss Mary A. P. Hait, of Peekskill, who survives him with two sons and one daughter.

CHARLES HENRY HALL, son of Charles and Margaret C. C. (Reid) Hall, of Augusta, Ga., was born in that city on November 7, 1820. His father had removed to Georgia from Boston about three years before.

For the year after graduation he studied Biblical Literature in Andover, Mass. His further preparation for the ministry was pursued in Hartford, Conn., and at the General Theological Seminary, New York City, and on August 25, 1844, he was ordained Deacon in the Protestant Episcopal Church by Bishop B. T. Onderdonk at Red Hook, N. Y. His first settlement was as rector of St. John's Church, Huntington, L. I., in the early spring of 1845, and his ordination as Priest by Bishop Brownell followed on November 12 of the same year. In April, 1847, he became rector of the Church of the Holy Innocents in West Point, N. Y., and in the summer of 1848 he returned to the South as rector of St. John's Church, John's Island, S. C. He resigned this post in 1856, to take charge of the Church of the Epiphany in Washington, D. C., where he continued with great acceptance for twelve and a half years. In March, 1869, he was called to the rectorship of the Church of the Holy Trinity, Brooklyn, N. Y., where he spent the rest of his life, honored by the entire community as one of its leading citizens. He suffered from a paralytic stroke early in 1894, from the effects of which he died, in Brooklyn, on September 12, 1895, aged nearly 75 years.

He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Hobart College in 1860 and also from Columbia College in 1861; also the degree of Doctor of Canon Law from Trinity College in 1891, and the degree of LL. D. from Yale in 1892. From the date of his settlement in Brooklyn, until his death, he was President of the Standing Committee of the Diocese of Long Island.

He published, in 1857, two volumes of Notes on the Gospels, which passed to a second edition in 1871; and subsequently four or five other volumes appeared from his pen, besides numerous single sermons.

He married, on March 2, 1848, Anne M., eldest child of Judge Henry H. Cumming, of Augusta, Ga., who died on November 2, 1855, leaving a son, who is still living. He next married, on September 10, 1857, Lizzie M., daughter of George C. Ames, of Washington, D. C., who survives him, with four out of five daughters, and a son, who is now a member of the Sheffield Scientific School.

THEODORE RUNYON, son of Abraham Runyon, of Huguenot descent, was born in Somerville, N. J., on October 25, 1822.

He began the study of law shortly after graduation in the office of Asa Whitehead, of Newark, N. J., and was admitted to the bar in July, 1846, when he immediately entered on the practice of his profession in the same city. In 1853 his public career began with his entrance on the office of City Attorney, which he held until made City Counsel in 1856, and after eight years in this office he was elected Mayor for a term of two years. In 1860 he was chosen a Presidential Elector and cast his vote for Stephen A. Douglas. In May, 1857, he was commissioned as Brigadier General of Militia for Essex County, and when the war broke out in 1861, he was placed in command of the First New Jersey brigade of volunteers, and he served with credit through their term of enlistment.

In 1865 he was the unsuccessful candidate for the governorship on the Democratic ticket. In April, 1869, he was appointed Major-General of the National Guard of New Jersey, and held the office until his appointment as Chancellor, at which time he resigned also the presidency of the Manufacturers' National Bank of Newark, which he had held from its organization.

From 1873 to 1887 he held the Chancellorship of the State, and added distinction to the office by his legal learning and high character. After the expiration of this engagement he resumed practice at the bar, and in March, 1893, was appointed Minister to Germany. Later in the same year his rank was raised to that of Ambassador. He discharged the duties of this position with distinguished honor, until his very sudden death, from heart-disease, in Berlin, on January 27, 1896, in his 74th year.

The degree of Doctor of Laws was given him at Yale in 1882, at Wesleyan University in 1867, and at Rutgers College in 1875.

He married on January 20, 1864, Miss Clementine Bruen, of Newark, daughter of the late William D. Bruen, of New York City, who survives him with their two sons and two daughters.

HENRY DANA ARTEMAS WARD, the only surviving child of Henry D. A. Ward (Y. C. 1819) and Eliza B. (Tracy) Ward, of Middletown, Conn., was born there on November 27, 1821. His father died in his infancy.

He studied law for two years in the Law School of Harvard University, and pursued the study further in Middletown, until

his admission to the bar in 1848. He then removed to Detroit, Mich., where he practiced his profession for several years, but subsequently became a large owner of shipping on the lakes, and devoted himself mainly to that business. In 1864 he returned to Middletown, where the rest of his life was spent in literary pursuits. From 1874, until his resignation in 1879, he was a member of the City Board of Education, and he also served for one year as member of the City Council and for one year as alderman.

He died in Middletown on December 17, 1895, in his 75th year. He was never married.

1843

GARDINER GREENE, eldest son of William P. Greene, of Boston, Mass., was born in Boston on September 19, 1822. In 1824 his father removed to Norwich, Conn., where he had a long and honorable career as a business man and a public-spirited citizen.

After graduation he spent a year and a half in the Harvard University Law School, but instead of following a profession he then returned to Norwich, and assisted his father in starting the Shetucket mills in the suburb afterwards known as Greeneville, and the mills of the Falls Manufacturing Company—two of the largest cotton establishments in the State. He carried on the management of these enterprises ably and successfully until his retirement a few years since on account of failing health. At the end of his life it could truthfully be said of him that no one stood higher in the esteem of his fellow-citizens. He had been for some years Senior Warden of Christ Church, Norwich, but had not sought public office.

He died in Norwich, after some months of feebleness, on October 30, 1895, in his 74th year.

He married, on July 26, 1850, Miss Mary R. Adams, of Alexandria, Va., who survives him with their elder son (Y. C. 1873). Their second son, a graduate of the Sheffield Scientific School, in 1878, died six weeks before his father, and is noticed on a later page of this pamphlet.

WILLIAM JESUP JENNINGS, son of Jesup T. Jennings, a farmer of New Canaan, Fairfield County, Conn., and Isabella (Lee) Jennings, was born there on April 7, 1822. In his infancy his father removed to his native parish of Green's Farms, in the same county, now included in the township of Westport.

The first two years after graduating were spent in teaching in the Academy at Miller's Place, on the North coast of Long Island, and he then took the regular course of study in the Yale Divinity School. To these followed a year of rest at his father's house, in consequence of enfeebled health, and in August, 1849, he began to preach stately at Black Rock, a village in the suburbs of Bridgeport, Conn., where a Congregational Church was soon gathered, over which he was ordained on April 10, 1850. He had married, on the 26th of the preceding month, Miranda D., daughter of Russell Greene, of Miller's Place. He was dismissed from his parish on October 6, 1857, deeming it best for reasons of health to remove from the seaside, and he went at once to Seneca Falls, N. Y., where he was installed over the First Presbyterian Church on December 1. He was dismissed from this charge on January 14, 1862, and in the following May began to supply the Congregational Church in North Coventry, Conn., where he was installed on September 3. He was dismissed from this charge on November 5, 1879, to accept a call from the Congregational Church in Redding, in his native county, over which he was installed on December 17. He ended his active ministerial service with his dismissal from this charge on June 7, 1892, and after a few months removed to the residence of his eldest son, in Bristol, Conn., where he died, of senile gangrene, on October 5, 1895, aged 73½ years.

His wife died on August 9, 1892. Of their eight children, two daughters and three sons are still living. Two of the sons are graduates of Yale College (1876 and 1884), and the third of the Sheffield Scientific School (1884).

WILLIAM LATHROP KINGSLEY, the third child and youngest son of Professor James L. Kingsley (Yale 1799) and Lydia (Coit) Kingsley, was born in New Haven on April 1, 1824.

During the first year after graduation he studied in the Yale Law School, and then took the three years' course in the Divinity School. He spent the year 1848 in Europe, and for most of the year 1849 supplied a Congregational pulpit in Strongsville, near Cleveland, O. Returning to the East with somewhat impaired health, he undertook in 1850 the care of a small Congregational Church in Ridgebury, in the town of Ridgefield, Conn., but after a brief trial was obliged to relinquish the hope of settled employment in his chosen profession. He returned to New Haven, and

for the next six years was more or less an invalid, during which time he twice visited Europe.

In 1857 the condition of his health justified him in undertaking the editorship and proprietorship of the *New Englander*, to which magazine the best efforts of his life were given without stint and without due pecuniary reward for the next thirty-five years. In the meantime he was also abundantly active in religious, philanthropic, and literary work. He founded and carried on for many years the mission and Sunday school which became eventually the Taylor Church, in a suburb of New Haven. He was for a long series of years the efficient head of one of the most useful local charities. His literary interests were unusually wide, and he did much effective work in the pages of the *New Englander* and elsewhere, especially in the departments of history and literary criticism. His loyalty and devotion to the College were unbounded, and were notably seen in his editorship of the two sumptuous volumes on the history of the College, published in 1879. A fitting and well deserved recognition of his work was shown in the honorary degree of Doctor of Letters conferred on him in 1891.

His health was broken by an attack of paralysis early in 1892. After several years of invalidism, his condition became worse in the fall of 1895, and he died at his home in New Haven on February 14, 1896, in his 72d year.

He married on October 5, 1857, Miss H. Louise, youngest daughter of Colonel Timothy Upham, of Charlestown, Mass., who died on July 18, 1884. He next married, on April 30, 1890, Miss Jeannie Taylor, of New York city, daughter of James Taylor, who survives him. By his first marriage he had a son who died in infancy, and two daughters who are both living. The elder daughter is the wife of Professor Henry W. Farnam (Y. C. 1874).

1844

EDWARD ANDREWS BREED, the eldest child of Andrews and Susan (Davis) Breed, was born in Lynn, Mass., on September 20, 1823.

In the winter after graduation he sailed from Boston on a visit to Australia, and did not return until March, 1847. Subsequently he was employed in engineering work in Boston, and in 1849 removed to California, where he held responsible business positions until his last illness. He was for some years (until the dis-

solution of the firm) in the employ of the Kimball Manufacturing Company, and then became a clerk in the Bank of California. From that position he went to the firm of A. P. Hotaling & Co., as cashier, and held that position for about twenty years.

He had been ill for five months from dropsy, and was removed from his rooms in San Francisco, in February, 1896, to Capitola, where he died ten days later, on March 6, at the age of 72 years. He was never married.

THERON GAYLORD COLTON, son of the Rev. George Colton (Yale 1804) and Lucy (Cowles) Colton, was born in Westford, Otsego County, N. Y., on July 31, 1820, and died in Hudson, Mich., on March 21, 1896, in his 76th year. Four of his brothers were also Yale graduates.

For two years after taking his degree he taught a private school in Columbus, Ohio, and then spent three years in the Yale Divinity School. On September 25, 1849, he was ordained pastor of the Congregational Church in North Haven, Conn. He was dismissed from this charge on September 1, 1851, and was installed two days later over the Congregational Church in Ware, Mass. From this field also he was speedily called away, being dismissed on March 21, 1855, and installed at Monson, Mass., one week later. In October, 1866, for the health of his family, he removed to Whitewater, Wisconsin, thirty miles from Milwaukee, where he supplied the Congregational Church for eight years. On May 5, 1875, he was installed over the Congregational Church in Hudson, Mich., near the Ohio border, and resigned this charge in March, 1884, to accept the pastorate of the Congregational Church in Rootstown, Ohio, where he was settled on May 28. In 1891 he resolved to lay down the duties of the ministry, and made a permanent home for himself in Hudson, but nearly up to the time of his death preached stately to the Congregational Church in Sylvania, Ohio, a few miles to the southwards. In all these pastoral engagements he was devotedly zealous and sincerely beloved. His health was unusually good until a paralytic attack in December, 1895.

He married at Lockport, N. Y., on September 23, 1849, Jane Harwood, who survives him with one daughter and three sons. One son is a Congregational minister.

ALEXANDER CHALMERS LANIER, the eldest of the seven children of James F. D. Lanier, one of the founders of the New York

banking house of Winslow, Lanier & Co., and of Elizabeth (Gardner) Lanier, was born in Madison, Ind., on the 20th of October, 1820.

He did not study a profession. Inheriting large wealth, he passed his life as a country gentleman at Madison, with the exception of a short period not long after graduation, when he was a member of the commission firm of Ross & Lanier, who did an extensive business in flour. His father, a lawyer and banker at Madison before his removal to New York City, had erected a fine mansion in colonial style, which passed to his possession. The grounds, orchards, vineyards and gardens were kept in the highest state of cultivation, and the products distributed freely for the comfort of the sick and needy. The improvement of the place and reading occupied much of his time. His interest in horticulture and game was of great service in the introduction of new varieties of fruits and flowers and in the influence he exerted for the preservation of fish and of song and game birds from indiscriminate slaughter.

His charities were numerous but unobtrusive. In his earlier years he traveled extensively in this country and Europe, but for most of his life was a recluse at Madison. A lady for whom he had formed an early attachment had married Col. Samuel B. Sering. After Colonel Sering's death the intimacy was renewed and resulted in their marriage at Indianapolis on November 21, 1889. His former isolation was now followed by a period of happy married life. In the latter part of September, 1895, he went to the St. Vincent Hospital in Indianapolis to undergo an operation for the removal of cataract. This was successful, but before leaving Indianapolis he was stricken with malarial fever. Gradually failing, he was removed to Madison on October 8th and expired at his home on the 11th, at the age of 75 years.

In 1858 he connected himself with the Second Presbyterian Church of Madison and for many years was one of its ruling elders. His widow survives him.

MARTIN KELLOGG WHITTLESEY, son of Heman and Electa (Kellogg) Whittlesey, was born in Stockbridge, Mass., on September 14, 1821, but removed with his family when five years old to Newington, Conn.

On graduation he began the study of theology in Andover Seminary, whence he came to the Yale Divinity School in 1845.

His first employment in the ministry was in Burlington, Iowa, at the beginning of 1848, whence he went in June to Ottawa, Illinois. He received ordination as an evangelist at Lockport, Ill., on January 10, 1849, and was installed over the First Congregational Church of Ottawa on the 20th of the following May. There he remained, greatly beloved, until his resignation on February 15, 1870, in order to go to Alton, Illinois, where he organized a Congregational Church in July, 1870, of which he was installed pastor on October 18. In October, 1872, he resigned this charge, in order to accept the place of Superintendent of Missions for Central and Southern Illinois under the American Home Missionary Society, with his residence at Jacksonville. He filled this position for six years, and in 1881 returned to Ottawa, where he lived until his death. He was widely respected for his power as a preacher and his influence as a Christian gentleman. The honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on him by Illinois College in 1877. He died at his home in Ottawa, after two weeks' illness, from pneumonia, on January 15, 1896, in his 75th year.

He married on June 5, 1849, Susan A., daughter of James K. Camp, of Farmington, Conn., who survives him with their children, a son and a daughter.

1845

ALEXANDER CROCKER CHILDS, elder son of Deacon James and Elizabeth (Crocker) Childs, was born in Nantucket, Mass., on August 31, 1823.

After graduation he taught for one year in the Washington Institute in New York City, and then entered Union Theological Seminary, where he spent three years. In the fall of 1849 he went to Illinois as a Home Missionary, but after a few months' service in Elizabeth, and a briefer time in Batavia, he was called home by the fatal illness of his brother. He married on August 17, 1851, Eunice H., daughter of the Hon. William Barney, of Nantucket, and then returned to Illinois, remaining in Oswego for nearly a year. The rest of his life was spent in New England.

On May 18, 1853, he was ordained and installed as pastor of the Congregational Church in East Falmouth, Mass., from which charge he was dismissed on October 9, 1855. He was installed at Amesbury Mills, Mass., on November 19, 1856, and dismissed

on August 11, 1858. On January 1, 1860, he began preaching in Rehoboth, Mass., where he spent two and a half years. He was next for an equal period in Chatham, Mass., and then at Wenham, Mass., for a year. In 1868 he began to supply the Congregational Church in West Charleston, Vt., where he was installed on May 19, 1869. From this charge he was dismissed on May 22, 1872. He then went to Sharon, Vt., for a year and a half, and for two years from January, 1875, he supplied the church in Orfordville, N. H., and for the next two years the church in South Newmarket, N. H. Next came his longest term of service, from 1880 to 1886, with the church in West Gloucester, Mass., and then a two-years' engagement in Hanson, Mass. On November 14, 1888, he was installed pastor of the Congregational Church in Lyndeboro', N. H., and his active life ended with his dismissal from that post on October 15, 1890, when he removed to the home of his two sons in Worcester, Mass., where he resided—preaching as opportunity offered—until his death on April 13, 1896, in his 73d year.

GEORGE DEFOREST FOLSOM, eldest son of Joseph R. and Elizabeth (Winship) Folsom, of Bucksport, Me., was born in that town on July 26, 1822, and entered College at the opening of the Sophomore year.

On graduation he married, September 9, 1845, Susan B., daughter of Munson G. Curtis, of Bath, Me., and during the year 1846-7 he studied theology in the Yale Divinity School. He and his wife then opened a select school in New York City, while he continued his theological course in the Union Seminary, graduating in 1849.

He labored for a few months with the Congregational Church in Champion, Jefferson County, N. Y., and on July 11, 1850, was ordained and installed over the Congregational Church in Elbridge, Onondaga County, where he continued until August 24, 1852. From 1853 until November, 1854, he was settled over the Eastern Congregational Church in New York City; and on April 1, 1855, he was installed over the Olivet Congregational Church in Springfield, Mass., from which he was dismissed on September 1, 1860. He was next installed, on March 2, 1861, over the First Congregational Church in Fair Haven, Conn., to which he ministered until October 1, 1868. He then took charge for two years of a Young Ladies' Seminary in New Haven, but in the mean-

time, in December, 1869, became the stated supply of the Congregational Church in Northford, in the township of North Branford, Conn., where he remained until the fall of 1879, when he went to the Congregational Church in San Mateo, Cal., in the hope that a warmer climate might relieve the severe catarrhal deafness which had for years afflicted him. His engagement with this church ceased in 1882, and he soon removed southwards to Tustin City. A sunstroke disabled him about 1885, affecting his mind and making him permanently an invalid. He died in San Francisco on November 8, 1895, in his 74th year.

His wife died in 1890. Of their five children three sons survive, of whom the eldest was graduated at the Sheffield Scientific School in 1869, and the youngest in 1881. Another son died in infancy, and a daughter in childhood.

WILLIAM BROOKS GREENE, the eldest child of Thomas and Elizabeth (Brooks) Greene, of Nantucket, Mass., was born in that town on November 8, 1823.

On leaving College he taught for three years in Milford and Wethersfield, Conn., and Middleport, N. Y., and then entered Union Theological Seminary in New York City. The second year of his theological course was spent at the Yale Seminary, and the third in Andover. In May, 1852, he took charge of the Congregational Church in Sterling, Mass., but was obliged to leave a year later, on account of impaired health. He then returned to Andover as a resident licentiate, and while there occupied temporarily various pulpits. On November 15, 1855, he was ordained and installed as pastor of the First Congregational Church in Waterville, Me., from which charge he was dismissed on September 20, 1858. In April, 1859, he took charge of the Congregational Church in Needham, Mass., where he married Ellen M., daughter of Ichabod Bullen, of Needham, on January 3, 1860. He continued as stated supply in Needham for fourteen years, and next in August, 1873, began to preach in Scituate, Mass., where he resided until his return to Needham in October, 1879. For a brief period he supplied again the church in Needham, and from 1882 to 1887 was acting pastor of the Congregational Church in Dighton, Mass. He was then disabled by a stroke of paralysis, and spent his remaining years in Needham, in feeble health but free from suffering until a few days before

his death, when the disease attacked the brain and the end followed, on September 11, 1895, in his 72d year.

His wife survives him with their only child, a daughter.

JOHN WHEELER HARDING, the eldest child of the Rev. Sewall Harding (Union Coll. 1818), and Eliza (Wheeler) Harding, was born in Waltham, Mass., where his father was then pastor, on October 12, 1821. His father removed to the First Church in Medway, Mass., in 1837, and this son entered Amherst College in 1838. He left College after a few weeks, on account of illness, and in 1842 joined the Sophomore Class in Yale.

On graduation he entered Andover Theological Seminary, where he completed the regular course and remained for a fourth year as a resident licentiate. In the autumn of 1849 he was called to the pastorate of the First Congregational Church in Longmeadow, Mass., where he was ordained on January 1, 1850, and did his life-work. He was in a peculiar sense the pastor and teacher of the whole community, for forty-two years, until his voluntary resignation, in the full strength of his powers, at the age of 70, in October, 1891.

For the rest of his life he kept his home in Longmeadow, but spent the winters in Ormond, Fla., where he supplied the pulpit of a small Congregational Church, and where he died, very suddenly, on April 14, 1896, aged 74½ years.

He married, in December, 1852, Mehitable P., daughter of Jenkins Lane, of East Abington, now Rockland, Mass., who survives him with two sons and two daughters, a younger son having died in infancy.

1846

ARCHIBALD KENNEDY was born in Seekonk, Mass., on April 6, 1824, and entered College from Norwich, Conn., having been prepared in the Academy in Colchester, Conn.

Shortly after graduation he removed to Brooklyn, N. Y., where his residence continued until his death. He never entered active business.

He died in Brooklyn on May 20, 1894, in his 71st year.

He married in May, 1893, and his wife is still living.

MILO MARCELLUS SMITH, son of Captain John Smith, U. S. A., and Caroline G. M. (Willard) Smith, was born in Oxford, Ohio,

on October 22, 1827, and had spent one year in Miami University before entering Yale.

After leaving College he had spent portions of two years in teaching, and had begun the study of law, before a voyage to California in 1849. In 1851 he returned to his home in Louisiana in poor health, and in 1852 he graduated at the Louisiana Law School and opened an office in Greensburg in that State. He took no part in the War of the Rebellion, and after its close opened an office in Vernon in the northern part of the State. Thence he removed to Rocky Comfort, Arkansas, where he died on February 14, 1896, in his 69th year.

He married in March, 1851, Caroline Lewis, who survives him. Their children were four sons and two daughters.

1847

LEWIS HUBBARD REID, fifth son of Edward and Sophia (Hubbard) Reid, was born in Charlestown, N. H., on March 2, 1825. The family settled subsequently in New York City, and an elder brother was graduated here in 1843.

He spent three years in the Union Theological Seminary, New York City, and was ordained on December 4, 1850, as pastor of the Presbyterian Church in Fayetteville, N. Y., where he succeeded the father of President Cleveland. He married Maria L., daughter of Ransom Fuller, of Kent, Conn., on September 17, 1851. In 1861 he accepted a call to the First Ward Presbyterian Church in Syracuse, N. Y., whence he went in 1868 to the Eighth Presbyterian Church in Chicago. In 1874 he withdrew from this charge, and removed to (North) Canaan, Conn., in the neighborhood of his wife's early home, where for nearly six years longer he supplied the pulpit of the Congregational Church. During these years he had had a few boys in his family for instruction, and on leaving Canaan in 1880 he organized a boys' preparatory school in Rye, N. Y., removing it at the end of a year to Lakeville, in Salisbury, the adjoining town to Canaan, where he and his eldest son maintained for six years a successful classical school. For upwards of two years (1882-84) Mr. Reid also acted as pastor of the Congregational Church in Salisbury. When his son removed the school to Hartford, Conn., Mr. Reid accompanied him, and there he resided until his death in that city on July 8, 1895, in his 71st year.

He published three volumes of sermons (1885-89). The honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on him by the University of North Carolina in 1890.

The three sons who survive him were graduated at Yale (Yale College 1875 and 1877, and Sheffield Scientific School 1885), and his youngest son (Yale College 1886) died in his Senior year.

LAUREN SYLVESTER SCOTT was born in Bristol, Vt., on February 5, 1818.

After a year's experience of school-teaching in Georgia he studied law in the office of Chancellor Samuel Jones in New York City, and was admitted to the bar in 1851. He practiced his profession in that city for eighteen years, when failing health compelled his retirement. He then removed to his native place, and for a number of years was engaged with his brother in the hotel business at Highgate Springs, in the northwestern corner of the State. He died in Bristol on November 19, 1895, in his 78th year.

He married on September 18, 1869, Miss Frances H. Westcott, who survives him, but no children.

Mr. Scott's qualities of mind and genial temperament endeared him to all who knew him.

1848

THOMAS SMITH WALLACE, son of C. W. and R. A. (Ellerbe) Wallace, was born at Society Hill, S. C., on December 6, 1828, and went to New Haven at the age of 12 to prepare for College in the school of Mr. Stiles French.

After graduation he studied law with the Hon. John A. Inglis, in Cheraw, a few miles north of his birthplace, and was admitted to the bar at the age of 21. After six months he gave up practice on account of failing health, and retired to his farm, where he spent the remainder of his life.

He died near Florence, S. C., on February 20, 1896, in his 68th year.

1849

JOHN BELDEN MITCHELL was born in Rutland, Vt., on June 4, 1829.

After graduation he remained in Vermont for a year without special occupation, and then engaged in mercantile life in New York City until 1854, when he removed with his parents to Cor-

pus Christi, Texas, where he was engaged in business until a short time before his death. He was a man of the strictest integrity, an elder in the Presbyterian Church, and at one time mayor of the city.

He married on December 14, 1864, Miss Ellen A. Evans, who survives him with two sons and a daughter, three other children having died in infancy.

After nearly a year's illness he went to San Antonio, Texas, in July, 1895, for a change of climate, and was just about returning home when he died there, very suddenly, on October 3, in his 67th year.

1850

GEORGE SHERMAN CONVERSE, the only child of Sherman Converse (Y. C. 1813) and Eliza Converse, and grandson of the Rev. Dr. Samuel Nott (Y. C. 1780), was born in New York City on September 2, 1828.

He was a tutor for two years after leaving College in St. Timothy's Hall, a school near Baltimore, Md. He then studied medicine for a year in New York City, and after that entered the General Theological Seminary in the same city, where he prosecuted his studies, in connection with teaching, until his ordination as Deacon in the Protestant Episcopal Church by Bishop Horatio Potter on August 16, 1857. He was then, until June, 1859, an assistant to the Rev. Dr. Bedell at the Church of the Ascension, New York City. Having been ordained Priest by Bishop Potter on June 2, 1859, he then became Rector of St. James' Church, Roxbury, Mass., where he remained until his resignation in the spring of 1871, on account of health. In the fall of 1873 he took charge of St. John's Church, Boston Highlands, the outgrowth of a mission work which he had himself established while Rector of St. James'. He continued Rector of St. John's until June, 1895, when he resigned, worn out by overwork. He died in Boston on November 2, 1895, in his 68th year.

He held many important positions in the diocese, having the respect and confidence of all who knew him, and his death called forth many honest words of appreciation and regret. At the time of his death he was President of the Standing Committee of the diocese. He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Trinity College in 1891.

He married, on December 30, 1862, Ella, daughter of Isaac U. Coles, of New York City, who now survives him. Their children were one daughter and three sons.

1851

JOHN HENRY WINGFIELD was born in Washington, Ga., on June 12, 1830, and died at his residence in Montclair, N. J., on June 11, 1896, at the age of 66. He entered College in January, 1849.

He married Miss Mary E. Merwin, of New Milford, Conn., on November 20, 1851.

1852

GEORGE BLADGEN SAFFORD, the only child of Deacon Daniel Safford, an eminent merchant of Boston, Mass., by his third wife, Mary (Smith, Boardman) Safford, was born in Boston on January 6, 1832.

He spent the first year after graduation as a teacher in the Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, in New York City, and then completed the regular course of theological study at the Andover (Mass.) Seminary. The most of the year 1857 was devoted to European travel, and on June 28, 1858, he married Mary B., daughter of Abraham J. Gould, of Andover.

He was ordained as an evangelist on September 2, 1858, at Northbridge, Mass., where he had charge of the Congregational Church for nearly two years. In September, 1860, he removed to Burlington, Vt., where he was installed over the new College Street (Congregational) Church on December 26, which he served with signal success until his dismissal at his own request on August 8, 1882. He resided in Andover for the next year, and after that in New York City without permanent occupation, until December, 1886, when he removed to Elkhart, in Northern Indiana, where he was installed over the First Congregational Church on April 19, 1887. After a pastorate of nearly three years he returned to New York, and in April, 1890, became General Secretary of the Bureau of Charities in Brooklyn, a responsible position which he filled most acceptably until his death, in Brooklyn, on October 24, 1895, in his 64th year. The honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on him by the University of Vermont in 1878.

His wife survives him with two daughters and one son, another

daughter having been drowned in 1883, while a member of Smith College; the son was for a part of the course a member of the Class of 1886 in Yale College.

1853

CHARLES WESLEY BUNN, son of Jonathan and Ann (Conlon) Bunn, was born on February 12, 1829, at the family homestead near Pennington, N. J., and had taught school for two years before entering College at the opening of Sophomore year.

From 1853 to 1859 he was Principal of the Pennington Female Institute, in his native town, and then became a teacher in the Female College at Bordentown, N. J., where he remained until 1873. While in Bordentown he made the acquaintance of Miss Lucilla Linn, of Newton, N. J., whom he married on July 12, 1871.

His last employment was as principal of the public school in Lambertville, N. J., from 1874 to 1884. Here his health gave way, and after the death of his wife, on July 3, 1887, he returned to the family homestead, occupied by his brother, near Pennington, where he gradually failed, from progressive paralysis, until his death on July 21, 1895, in his 67th year.

His only child, a son, survives him.

JESSE WINEGAR HOUGH, son of Joel J. and Emily (Winegar) Hough, was born in Groton, Tompkins County, N. Y., on November 26, 1832, and entered the Class at the beginning of the Sophomore year.

He taught for three years after graduation, in Niagara, N. Y., St. Louis, Mo., and Adams County, Miss., successively; and then spent two years in the Union Theological Seminary, New York City. In 1858 he took charge of a mission church in New York City, and on March 13, 1859, he was ordained to the Presbyterian ministry. The condition of his health obliged him to seek another field of labor in 1860, and on August 15 of that year he was installed as pastor of the Congregational Church in Williston, Vt. He left this place in July, 1865, to become the pastor of the Presbyterian Church in Saginaw City, Mich., whence he removed to the First Congregational Church in Jackson, Mich., where he was installed on January 27, 1869. From this charge he was dismissed on September 17, 1872, when he went to Santa Barbara, Cal., where he served the Congregational Church as

pastor until his return to his old parish in Jackson in the summer of 1879. He was again dismissed in July, 1885, and then spent two years in charge of the American Chapel in Paris. He was recalled to this country in 1887 by the death of his eldest son in Santa Barbara, and thenceforth made his home in that city, with his son's family, supplying until 1890 a Presbyterian Church in the suburbs. In 1890 he was attacked with a form of paralysis, which laid him aside from all labor. He died in Santa Barbara on October 29, 1895, aged nearly 63 years.

He married on July 27, 1858, Sarah, daughter of Samuel J. Holmes, of Waterbury, Conn., who died in Santa Barbara on April 5, 1877. Their younger and only surviving child is a Professor in the University of Minnesota.

Dr. Hough sustained the reputation of an earnest and acceptable pastor and preacher, and served his generation faithfully. The honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on him by Iowa College in 1877.

1854

JONATHAN TILLOTSON CLARKE, son of Jonathan and Anna (Willard) Clarke, was born in Chester, then part of Saybrook, Conn., on May 29, 1827.

After graduating he spent two years in the Yale Law School, and was admitted to the bar in April, 1856. In the fall of that year he settled in East Haddam, Conn., where he practiced his profession with success. In August, 1862, he enlisted as a private in the 20th Regiment Conn. Volunteers, and served for six months as regimental secretary and Quartermaster's clerk at Harper's Ferry. He was soon obliged, however, by physical disability contracted in the service, to resign, and then resumed his law practice in East Haddam. In April, 1870, he returned to his native town, which he represented ably in the Legislature in 1880. In later years he was less active in his profession, but continued to his last illness what had for a long time been his custom of contributing largely to the local newspapers.

He died at his home in Chester, from Bright's disease, after three months' illness, on January 25, 1896, in his 69th year.

He married on December 2, 1854, Emma C., daughter of William H. Webb, of Stamford, Conn.; and after her death married, on June 5, 1883, Jennie A., daughter of Marvin Shailer, who survives him. He also leaves a daughter and a son by his first wife, another son having died in infancy.

WILLIAM DRAKE, son of William and Sally (Hair) Drake, was born at Spencer, Mass., on June 10, 1827.

After graduation he taught in the public schools for four years in Chicago, Ill., and then removed to Memphis, Tenn., and engaged in business. At the breaking out of the war the property of the firm to which he belonged was confiscated, and he was twice drafted into the Confederate service; on the first occasion he hired a substitute, and on the second joined the City guards. His deliverance came on June 6, 1863, on the capture of Memphis by the Federal gunboats. After this he speculated extensively in cotton, and undertook subsequently to raise it in Tennessee. In 1869 he removed to Cross County, Arkansas, and bought a plantation, where he remained until his death, on August 15, 1892, of ulcerative colitis. He was elected a member of the Arkansas Legislature in 1875.

Mr. Drake was married in March, 1872, to Victoria C. Wilkins, who died in January, 1873, leaving a daughter who died in 1881. He was married a second time, in 1876, to Mrs. Mary Runion. The match was an unhappy one and they were divorced in 1880.

MARCUS DWIGHT LARROWE, son of John and Elizabeth (Holmes) Larrowe, was born at Cohocton, Steuben County, N. Y., May 5, 1832. He entered College in 1849 as a member of the Class of 1853, but owing to a year's absence became a member of the next Class in its Sophomore year.

After graduation he was a member of the Yale Law School, until his admission to the Bar in February, 1856. He then went to New York City and remained there until the latter part of 1859, when he went West. In 1861 he settled in Nevada, where he lived four years. During his stay he was for awhile District Attorney for the Territory, and a member of its Constitutional Convention. On the admission of Nevada as a State in 1864, he was elected a State Senator for the term of four years. In 1866, however, he returned to New York. The subject of training the memory had occupied his mind from boyhood, and he finally took it up as a life-work. He gave lessons quietly in New York for awhile, and then removed to England, where he assumed the name of Professor Alphonse Loissette, in deference to his father's strong opposition to his project. He remained in England, giving instruction in his system of memorizing, until 1886, when he returned to America. He was located in New Haven for a few

months, and then settled in New York City. In November, 1894, he started on a lecture tour around the world. He lectured on his favorite topic, under the auspices of the governing authorities of the several places, at Bombay, Calcutta, Ceylon, Cape Town, and many other localities. He was attacked with diarrhoea in Japan, which turned to dysentery on the voyage to San Francisco, and he died in the Palace Hotel of the latter city on February 5, 1896, two weeks after his arrival there. His exhibitions of his own powers of memorizing were marvelous.

He was married August 16, 1864, to Nina, daughter of James Churchman, of Austin, Nev. The marriage was an unhappy one and they were subsequently divorced. He was married again, April 14, 1891, to Ida M. Hough, of New York City, who survives him.

LUZON BURRITT MORRIS, the youngest child of Eli G. and Lydia (Bennett) Morris, was born in Newtown, Conn., on April 16, 1827. He lost his father in his boyhood, and by manual labor he earned the means for obtaining an education; though obliged to leave College early in the Senior year, he was enrolled with his Class in 1858.

He was engaged in manufacturing in Seymour, Conn., from 1853 to 1855, and had meantime begun the study of law, which he pursued at the Yale Law School in 1855-56. He was a member of the House of Representatives from Seymour in 1855 and again in 1856, having in the meantime been admitted to the bar in March, 1856, and having begun practice in Seymour, where he married Eugenia L., daughter of Lucius Tuttle, on June 15, 1856. Early in 1857 he removed to New Haven, where he was elected Judge of Probate, and held the office from 1857 to 1863. In later years his time was largely given to the administration of trusts and to kindred business, with the result that no one in the city was more confided in as a judicious adviser. He was again a member of the House of Representatives in 1870, 1876, 1880, and 1881, and a member of the Senate in 1874. He was the Democratic candidate for Governor in 1888, and received a plurality of votes over the Republican candidate, but was defeated under the constitutional requirement of a majority of all the votes cast. He was nominated again in 1890, and his election was claimed by a very small majority, but a tedious legal contest ensued which occupied nearly the whole term which was in dis-

pute. Being again the candidate in 1892, he was elected by a clear majority and administered the office with dignity. After the expiration of his term of service he devoted himself again with his accustomed fidelity and thoroughness to his legal business, and while thus engrossed died from a stroke of apoplexy, at his home in New Haven, on August 22, 1895, in his 69th year.

His wife survives him with their three sons and three daughters. The eldest son was graduated at the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York in 1882, and the second son at this College in 1895. The second daughter is the wife of Professor Hadley of Yale.

WILLIAM STEELE SHURTLEFF, son of Colonel Roswell and Clara (Gleason) Shurtleff, was born in Newbury, Vt., on February 17, 1830, and entered College from Springfield, Mass. He left near the end of Sophomore year, but in 1866 was enrolled with his Class.

After leaving College he studied law in Springfield with the Hon. George Ashmun, and at the Harvard Law School, and was admitted to the bar in April, 1856, and commenced practice. In the fall of 1862 he went to the front as Lieut.-Colonel of the 46th Regiment Mass. Volunteers, was promoted to the colonelcy on February 8, 1863, and commanded the regiment until it was mustered out in July. Six weeks after his return, Governor Andrew appointed him Judge of the Court of Probate and Insolvency. This position he held until his death, with credit to himself, for only one or two of his decisions were reversed by the Supreme Court during a judicial career of more than thirty-two years, and with satisfaction to the public and the lawyers who appeared before him.

In his early life Judge Shurtleff was prominent in the Masonic order. In the years 1876-7-8 he was a member of the Common Council of Springfield. He was identified with many interests, State and local: was Clerk and Counsel for many years of the Mass. Inst. for Savings; a Director in the City Library Association; for four years President of the Winthrop Club, and for two years President of the Yale Alumni Association of Western Massachusetts. He was also a member of the Mass. Historical Society, Vice-President of the Conn. Valley Historical Society, and Vice-President of the State Board of Public Reservations.

He was a lover of books and of nature. He delighted in pedes-

trianism, once walking from the mouth of the Connecticut river to its source, and indulged in the pastime whenever opportunity presented itself, as it did both at home and during four trips abroad. He was a man of well-rounded culture, and might readily have made a name as an author had he devoted his life to literature. He produced some charming poems, and on various memorial occasions delivered addresses that take high rank in that line.

A few years ago he bought a home at Longmeadow, a rural suburb of Springfield, and there he died, suddenly and unexpectedly, of neuralgia of the heart, on the evening of January 14, 1896, in his 66th year.

Judge Shurtleff was married on November 26, 1857, to Clara, only daughter of the Hon. George Dwight, of Springfield. The widow and one daughter survive him, a younger daughter having died.

ROBERT EVELEIGH TAYLOR, the only child of Robert B. and Susan A. (Burritt) Taylor, was born in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., on September 18, 1833, and entered College at the beginning of the Sophomore year.

After graduating he studied law in the office of the Hon. Joseph F. Barnard (Y. C. 1841), at Poughkeepsie, was admitted to the Bar in April, 1857, and settled in practice in the same city. After having been City Chamberlain from 1859 to 1865, he was elected Recorder of Poughkeepsie in March, 1866, and served for three terms or twelve years in that responsible office.

He was elected to a life-chair in the Board of Trustees of Vassar College in 1885. He was also the chief legal adviser of the Board, but declined on account of his official position to make any charge for this service.

He died suddenly at his home, from apoplexy, on May 6, 1896, in his 63d year.

He married on November 1, 1866, his cousin, Virginia S., daughter of Frank Taylor, of Washington, D. C., who survives him with two sons.

MATTHEW NOYES WHITMORE, the eldest son of the Rev. Zolva Whitmore (Union Coll. 1818), pastor of the Congregational Church in North Guilford, Conn., was born there on February 20, 1831. His mother was Sarah, daughter of the Rev. James Noyes

(Yale 1782), of Wallingford, Conn. His father left North Guilford in 1846, and the son was prepared for College in Hartford.

He resided in New Haven until 1882, and was mainly employed for the first twenty years in giving instruction in playing the piano and organ; he was also for many years the organist of Trinity Church. Increasing deafness interfered with this employment, and in 1873 he began the study of law in the Yale Law School, where he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1875. He then opened a law office in New Haven, but removed to New York City in 1882. His health was, however, very frail, and he found his strength unequal to the strain of office work. After several visits to the South, he removed with a sister to New Orleans in 1886, and lived there until his death, after ten days of great suffering from typho-malarial fever, on September 28, 1893, in his 63d year.

1855

VAN BUREN HUBBARD was born in LaGrange, Ohio, on May 1, 1833. He entered College in the Junior year, his father being then resident on Staten Island, N. Y.

He studied law after graduation in the office of Barker & Whitehead, New York City, and was admitted to the Bar in the fall of 1857. He began practice in New York, but abandoned the profession early in 1859 and took up the study of medicine with his father on Staten Island. He received the degree of M. D. from Bellevue Hospital Medical College, New York City, in the spring of 1862, and was appointed Assistant Surgeon in the U. S. (Regular) Army, in April of the same year. He received the rank of Major by brevet "for faithful and meritorious services" in 1865, and his commission as Surgeon in August, 1881.

He died at Fort McPherson, Ga., on September 6, 1895, in his 63d year. He was never married.

1856

CHARLES ADDISON MANN, the eldest son of the Hon. Charles A. and Emma (Bagg) Mann, of Utica, N. Y., was born in that city on May 29, 1835.

After graduation he spent a year in European travel, and then began the study of law in his father's office. He completed his preparation for the bar in New York City, where he was admit-

ted to practice in 1859. On June 15, 1864, he married Alice C., daughter of the Rev. Dr. Andrew B. Paterson (Rutgers Coll. 1834), of St. Paul, Minn., and granddaughter of President Charles King of Columbia College; and in the following April he removed from New York to St. Paul. His wife died on August 10, 1869, leaving no children, and after a period of foreign travel he removed to Utica in 1872.

On July 2, 1874, he married Mary E., only daughter of William Barlow Lee, of Washington, D. C., and in 1877 he removed his residence to Cazenovia, N. Y. Ten years later, in October, 1887, he settled in Washington. He retained large real estate interests in St. Paul, and while on one of his visits to that city died very suddenly from heart disease during the night of March 11-12, 1896, in his 61st year. His wife survives him with one son and one daughter, an elder daughter having died in infancy.

Mr. Mann had devoted himself mainly to literary and scientific pursuits, and had written largely in various lines of study. He published in 1872 a volume entitled "Paper Money the Root of all Evil" (N. Y., 12mo).

GEORGE ELEAZAR [HOLT] PEASE was born in Norfolk, Conn., on August 21, 1833,—the youngest child of Augustus P. and Almira (Holt) Pease.

After graduation he read law in the office of Judge Holt of Dayton, Ohio, and with Judge Vandover, of Springfield, Ill., and was admitted to the bar in November, 1857. He settled in Pana, Ill., and was Mayor of that city in 1858-9. On the outbreak of the civil war he served for a year as Captain in the 3d Cavalry Regiment of Illinois Volunteers. In 1873 he removed to Fair Play, Park County, Colorado, where he resided until his death. About 1878 he became interested in mining in Leadville, and was at first successful, but was eventually obliged by misfortunes in 1890 to resume his profession. He was a member of the First Constitutional Convention of Colorado in 1876, and Mayor of Fair Play in 1882-3. Subsequently he was a member of the Lower House of the State Legislature, and in 1893 was chosen to the State Senate. He died in Fair Play, on May 22, 1895, in his 62d year.

He married on December 31, 1863, Miss Isabella L. Bond, of Illinois, who died on July 15, 1887. Their children were two sons (who are both living) and three daughters.

EDWARD ALFRED SMITH, son of Isaac E. and Emily (Walker) Smith, was born in (East) Woodstock, Conn., his mother's family home, on July 22, 1835. He was brought up in and near New York City, where his father was a successful lumber merchant.

He remained in New Haven for two years after graduation, pursuing a general course of reading in connection with studies in the Divinity School. The last year of his theological course was spent in Andover Seminary. After another year, passed at home, in Hoboken, N. J., he went abroad in 1860 for two years of study in Germany. After another period of further preparation, in Hoboken, New Haven and Chicago, and a brief experience in the service of the U. S. Sanitary Commission, he began in January, 1865, to preach in the Second (Congregational) Church in Chester, Mass., at the village of Chester Factories, and was ordained as an evangelist by a council held in West Springfield, Mass., on November 13, 1865. He married Mrs. Melissa E. Heath, widow of Theodore L. Heath, of Chester, and daughter of Charles W. Knox, on March 3, 1868; and continued in charge of that church until his removal to Farmington, Conn., where he was installed on May 5, 1874. On account of impaired health he was dismissed from this pastorate on October 23, 1888, having won in an unusual degree, both there and in Chester, the respect and affection of his people.

In March, 1889, he removed his residence to Hartford, Conn., and spent there the brief remainder of life, active in such Christian work as his strength permitted. Increasingly frequent premonitions of heart-weakness were followed by his sudden death, in Hartford, after a day or two of illness, on October 26, 1895, in his 61st year. His wife survives him with their two sons, the elder being a graduate of Yale College, Class of 1891.

Mr. Smith was a member of the Corporation of the University from June, 1889, until his death. His death was felt as a public calamity in Hartford, where he had come to be widely known and loved.

HENRY EDGAR WOOTTON, son of Dr. Turner and Olivia C. (Hopewell) Wootton, was born in Rockville, Md., on September 21, 1837, and entered Yale at the opening of the Junior year from Georgetown College, D. C.

He began the study of law at home after graduation, and continued it in Baltimore, being admitted to the bar in October,

1858. In April, 1859, he opened an office in Ellicott's Mills, now Ellicott City, Md. His professional career was interrupted by the war, during which he served in the Confederate army; but after General Lee's surrender he resumed his practice and attained the front rank among the lawyers in the State, with the esteem and honor of all. He was State's Attorney for Howard County from 1867 to 1885.

After a year or two of failing health, culminating in five months' illness, he died in Ellicott City on April 13, 1894, in the 57th year of his age.

He married on October 13, 1868, Adah O'Donnell, of Baltimore, who survives him without children.

1857

ELI WHITNEY BLAKE, ninth child and fifth son of Eli W. Blake (Yale 1816) and Eliza M. (O'Brien) Blake, was born in New Haven, Conn., on April 20, 1836.

After graduation he spent a year in teaching in Unionville, Conn. In 1858 he took up advanced work in chemistry in the Yale Scientific School, and before the completion of his studies here married, on March 8, 1860, Miss Helen M. Rood, of New Haven. In August, 1861, he went to Europe, and devoted four years to the further study of chemistry and physics, at Heidelberg, Marburg, and Berlin. For the year 1866-67 he filled *pro tempore* the professorship of those subjects in the University of Vermont, and then became acting Professor of Physics in Columbia College. In 1868 he went to Cornell University as Professor of Physics and Industrial Mechanics, and while there lost his wife, who died on February 27, 1869. In 1870 he accepted the chair of Physics in Brown University, and retained that position with growing reputation for twenty-five years. Meantime he married, on June 9, 1881, Miss Elizabeth E. Vernon, who now survives him, with a daughter and a son (Brown Univ. 1888) by his first marriage.

Owing to his wife's ill health, he had presented the resignation of his chair, to take effect in June, 1895; but before that date arrived he had become seriously ill himself, and after about five months of much suffering, caused by a deep-seated digestive trouble, he died in Hampton, Conn., on October 1, 1895, in his 60th year.

Professor Blake's scientific ability and his fidelity as an instructor were recognized by the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws from Brown University on the resignation of his professorship. A brief Memorial of his life has been printed by the family.

HENRY SWIFT DEFOREST, son of Lee and Cynthia S. (Swift) DeForest, was born in South Edmeston, Otsego County, N. Y., on March 17, 1833.

He attended the Yale Divinity School for the year after graduation, and then spent two years in Beloit College, Wisconsin, as Tutor of Mathematics. He then resumed his theological studies in the Union Seminary, New York City, but was recalled to Yale in September, 1861, as Tutor in Latin. Here he continued his preparation for the ministry, and was ordained on August 2, 1863, for the service of Chaplain to the 11th Regiment Connecticut Volunteers. This occupied him until the close of the year 1865, when he returned to the Yale Divinity School for further study.

In September, 1866, he settled in Des Moines, Iowa, as pastor of Plymouth Congregational Church, with which he remained until July 1, 1870. His next pastorate was in Council Bluffs, in the same State, from November 5, 1871, to December 31, 1876. For the next year and a half he had charge of the church in Waterloo, and was then employed for a year as financial secretary of Iowa College.

In October, 1879, he accepted a call to the presidency of Talladega College, in Talladega, Alabama, an institution founded by the American Missionary Association for the education of colored youth. He devoted himself untiringly with all the intensity and ardor of his nature to this work, and achieved a gratifying degree of success in his labors. The honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on him by Beloit College in 1881. Though struggling for several of the last years with impaired health, he remained at his post, and died in Talladega suddenly, from an apoplectic stroke, on January 27, 1896, in his 63d year.

He married on August 25, 1869, Anna M., daughter of the Rev. Dr. Alden B. Robbins (Amherst Coll. 1839), of Muscatine, Iowa, who survives him with their three children, one daughter and two sons; the elder son is graduated this year from the Sheffield Scientific School.

DANIEL CADY EATON, the only son of General Amos B. Eaton, U. S. A., and Elizabeth (Selden) Eaton, and grandson of Professor Amos Eaton, the distinguished geologist and botanist, was born on September 12, 1834, at Fort Gratiot, Michigan Territory.

While in College he was already a zealous student of botany, and the three years after graduation were spent in the Lawrence Scientific School of Harvard University, where he received the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1860. During the civil war he was in the service of the U. S. Commissary Department (his father being Commissary-General) as clerk and inspector of subsistence stores in New York City. In July, 1864, he was elected to the newly founded University Professorship of Botany at Yale, which he held until his death. His instruction was mainly given in connection with the Sheffield Scientific School.

He married on February 13, 1866, Caroline, daughter of Tredwell Ketcham, of New York City, who survives him with one daughter and one son (Y. C. 1894),—an elder son having died in boyhood.

Professor Eaton published many botanical papers, chiefly in reference to ferns, the cryptogamic plants being his special field of study. His most elaborate single publication was a standard work on the Ferns of North America, in two quarto volumes (1879–80). His knowledge was exact and minute and remarkably at his command, and was seconded by a clear and precise literary style. The same qualities shone in his work as a teacher, and corresponded to the whole manifestation of his transparently pure and upright life.

He died in New Haven on June 29, 1895, after a painful illness of several months, in the 61st year of his age.

JAMES WAKEMAN HUBBELL, second son of Deacon Wakeman and Julia A. (Lynes) Hubbell, of Wilton, Conn., was born on March 29, 1835.

He taught school successively in Stamford and Norwalk, Conn., and in 1859 entered the Union Theological Seminary, New York City. A year later he removed to Andover Seminary, where he finished the course in 1863, having spent one year in the meantime in Minnesota for his health. From September, 1863, to April, 1864, he preached in the Congregational Church in Plainville, Conn., and then became pastor of the First Congregational Church in Milford, Conn., where he was ordained on September

21, 1864. He left that charge to accept a call to New Haven, Conn., where he was installed over the College Street Church on June 10, 1869. He was dismissed from this church on December 1, 1876, and supplied the pulpit of the North Church, Portsmouth, N. H., from January, 1877, until his installation over the First Church in Danbury, Conn., in April, 1879. From Danbury he was called in 1886 to the First Congregational Church in Mansfield, Ohio, where he labored until his last illness with the same efficiency and warm personal sympathy which had marked his earlier pastorates. The honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on him by Marietta College in 1890. He died in Mansfield of diabetes on May 19, 1896, in his 62d year.

He married, on September 25, 1861, Mary W., daughter of Charles Gregory, of Wilton, Conn., who survives him with their children, three daughters and one son.

1858

DANIEL AUGUSTUS MILES, son of Willard M. and Alice (Browning) Miles, was born in Rutland, Mass., April 2, 1835.

He studied theology in the Yale Divinity School for three years after graduation, and then resided at Andover Seminary for an additional year. In April, 1863, he began to supply the Congregational Church in Patten, Maine, but in the following August he enlisted in the 8th Maine Infantry, and served at the front until May, 1864, when he was wounded at Bermuda Hundred, Va. On July 27, 1864, he was ordained as an evangelist at Worcester, Mass., and on the 6th of December following he was appointed Chaplain of the 4th New Jersey Veteran Infantry, with which he served in the Army of the Potomac until the close of the war. After this he was employed for some months in missionary work among the Freedmen in Virginia, and in February, 1867, he took charge—under appointment of the American Home Missionary Society—of the Congregational Church in Forest Grove, Oregon. His engagement with this church terminated in December, 1868, though his residence continued in Forest Grove for six months longer.

The rest of his life was spent mainly in Worcester County, Mass., in impaired health, both physical and mental.

He died in Westboro, Mass., of apoplexy, on June 20, 1895, in his 61st year.

He married in San Francisco, Cal., on December 25, 1867,

Elizabeth W., daughter of Isaac Wilcox, of Providence, R. I., who survives him. Their only child, a daughter, died in early youth.

1859

HENRY EUGENE HAYWARD, youngest child of John L. and Esther L. (Longstreth) Hayward, was born in Baltimore, Md., on July 14, 1834, and entered the Class as a resident of Philadelphia, Pa., in January of the Sophomore year.

He studied law in Philadelphia, and practiced his profession in the same city, with his residence in Germantown, where he died on April 23, 1894, in his 60th year.

He married, on July 6, 1870, Bessie, daughter of William C. Irvine, of Philadelphia. Their only child, a son, survives him.

1860

GEORGE LOUIS BEERS, son of Davis and Susan Beers, was born in Stratford, Conn., on December 28, 1839, and entered College at the opening of the Junior year.

After a year of travel in the West he began the study of medicine with Robert Hubbard, M. D., of Bridgeport, Conn., and in the fall of 1862 entered the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York City, where he was graduated in March, 1865. He then settled in practice in Bridgeport, whence he removed in 1873 to Avon, Lorain County, Ohio. In 1879 he again removed to Allegheny City, Pa., and finally in September, 1882, to Topeka, Kansas, where he was highly esteemed in his profession.

He died in Topeka, after a lingering illness and much suffering, from a complication of Bright's disease and nervous prostration, on January 17, 1896, in his 57th year.

He married, in Avon, Ohio, on September 13, 1882, Annette Wilder, who survives him. He left no children.

DANIEL DENISON, son of Daniel and Susan (Cunningham) Denison, of Hampton, Conn., was born in that town on September 4, 1838,—his father having died before his birth. His eldest brother was graduated here in 1847.

For nearly a year after graduation he taught in Birdsboro', Pa., and then entered the Union Theological Seminary, New York City. A year later he removed to Andover Seminary, where he finished the course in 1864, though his health had been

broken by malaria contracted in 1863 in the service of the Christian Commission. The most of the following year he spent in feeble health with his eldest brother in Portland, Conn. He then spent some eighteen months in travel as a business agent of the *New York Tribune*, to which succeeded another interval of poor health. He was again, from June, 1869, to September, 1872, in the service of the *Tribune*, and finally, on December 30, 1873, was sufficiently strong to be ordained and installed over the Second Congregational Church in Middle Haddam, Conn. He resigned this pastorate in June, 1884, his health again failing. He then went to Hartford, Wisc., the home of a brother, for a year; and was able while there to supply the Congregational Church in that town.

In 1885 he returned to his native village, and supplied the pulpit there until his acceptance of a call to the Congregational Church in Pomfret, Conn., where he was installed on November 1, 1889. He continued in Pomfret, greatly beloved and very happy in his work, until his death, after a long illness of severe suffering, from sarcoma of the liver, on July 7, 1895, aged nearly 57 years.

He married, on September 25, 1872, Miss Augusta M. Bryant, of Springfield, Mass., daughter of Samuel W. Bryant, who died in Middle Haddam on December 22, 1873, leaving no children.

EVERETT PARKER FREEMAN, second son of Horace and Eliza A. (Belknap) Freeman, was born in Hartford, Conn., in June, 1837.

After studying law for a year in the Albany Law School and at home, he married, in October, 1861, Eliza K., daughter of the Rev. Henry Morris (Hamilton Coll. 1823), of Port Jervis, N. Y. He then went West, and settled in Mankato, in southern Minnesota, where he was engaged up to the time of his death in the successful practice of his profession. He was also largely entrusted with important offices, and twice served in the State Senate.

He died in Mankato, on November 27, 1895, in his 59th year. His wife survives him with three children.

1862

ALBERT EGERTON ADAMS, son of the Rev. Dr. John R. Adams (Y. C. 1821) and Mary Ann (MacGregor) Adams, was born in Great Falls, N. H., on August 22, 1840. His boyhood

was mostly spent in Gorham, Me., where his father was pastor of the Congregational Church from 1847 to 1861.

He enlisted upon graduation in the 1st N. Y. Mounted Rifles, in which he was promoted to a captaincy, and remained in service until discharged for disability in September, 1864.

Soon after this he went to Davenport, Iowa, where he entered the hardware business in the employ of Sickels & Preston. He became a member of that firm in February, 1869, and so continued until January, 1879, when he removed to Chicago. There he built up the business of the Chicago Forge and Bolt Works, of which corporation he was the president and active manager; and was otherwise largely interested in the promotion of the iron industry in that city. He died in Chicago, of pneumonia, after a very brief illness, on January 4, 1896, in his 56th year.

He married on September 5, 1873, Elizabeth L. Steele, of Marquette, Mich., who survives him.

CHARLES FREDERIC BRADLEY was born on April 4, 1840, in Bergen, now Hudson City, N. J., and entered College from Roxbury, Conn.

After graduation he taught school successively in Roxbury and Goshen, Conn., in Westfield, Mass., and Colchester, Conn., and then spent two years in the Yale Divinity School.

In 1868 he went to South Lee, Mass., a sort of missionary field, where he labored for a little more than a year. On August 18, 1869, he was ordained pastor of the Village Congregational Church in West Stockbridge, Mass., but resigned this charge in May, 1872, in reduced health and strength. He then spent another year in South Lee, and on December 30, 1873, was installed over the First Congregational Church in Birmingham (a borough in the town of Derby), Conn., where he remained until September, 1884. After a brief interval he became pastor of a Unitarian Church in Sandwich, Mass., whence he went in 1887 to the Unitarian Church in Quincy, Ill., of which he was still pastor at the time of his death. His health had always been frail, and he died in Quincy, after several months of increased feebleness, on May 7, 1896, in his 57th year.

He married on July 4, 1863, Lucy E., youngest daughter of Zebadiah Clapp, of Westfield, Mass., who died on December 23, 1874. He next married, on September 8, 1875, Elizabeth P. Bas-

sett, of Derby, Conn., who survives him with his only child, a son by the first marriage (Y. C. 1890).

1863

ALEXANDER HAMILTON WRIGHT, younger son of Jesse and Harriet (Williams) Wright, of Lebanon, Conn., was born in that town on September 1, 1838.

From 1863 to 1870 he was employed in the U. S. Civil Service at Washington, D. C., having in the meantime taken the law course in Columbian University, where he received the degree of LL.B. in 1866. In 1870 he began the practice of his profession in Kansas City, Mo., but removed to New York City in 1873, where he continued until his last illness. Beginning under difficulties, he had won his way to an honorable rank in his profession by characteristic diligence and thoroughness.

He was also interested in historical and genealogical studies, and published in 1887 a volume on the Descendants of Veach Williams, of Lebanon, and the Ancestry of Lucy Walsworth, his wife, an admirable example of thorough and discriminating research.

After a year or more of feebleness, resulting from Bright's disease, followed by a few days of acute suffering, he died in St. John's Hospital, Brooklyn, N. Y., on June 3, 1896, in his 58th year. He was unmarried.

1864

WILLIAM McAFEE, son of Archibald and Jane (Kennedy) McAfee, was born on May 18, 1844, near Enniskillen, County Fermanagh, Ireland, and entered College as a resident of Sound Beach, in Greenwich, Connecticut.

He remained in New Haven for four years after graduation as a teacher of Greek in General Russell's School, and then took the position of Professor of Greek in the Claverack College and Hudson River Institute, at Claverack, N. Y. He became President of this school in 1885, and devoted himself with assiduity to its service until compelled by long continued ill-health to resign in June, 1895. He died in Claverack on January 9, 1896, in his 52d year.

He married on June 22, 1882, Flora, daughter of J. C. Ackley, of Marbledale, Conn., who survives him with their children—two daughters and one son.

WILFRED ERNEST NORTON, son of Henry S. and Lucy (Todd) Norton, was born in Salisbury, Conn., on August 21, 1843.

After graduation he taught in the Norwich (Conn.) Free Academy (1865-66) and elsewhere, and began the study of law. He completed his preparation for his profession in the Yale Law School, where he received the degree of LL.B. in 1867. He married, in New Haven, on April 11, 1867, Sarah E., daughter of the Rev. James Averill (Amherst Coll. 1837).

In September, 1867, he formed a partnership with his classmate Barnett, for the practice of law in Bridgeport, Conn., where he spent the rest of his life. His partnership being dissolved in 1869, he became City Clerk about that time, and also Clerk of the City Court, so continuing until 1872. He was also Assistant Clerk of the County Court of Common Pleas from 1870 to 1874, when he became a member of the law firm of Treat & Norton. In 1877 he relinquished his practice to accept the office of Clerk of the County Court, in which he continued until his death, at his home in Bridgeport, on January 9, 1896, in his 53d year.

His wife survives him with their children,—two daughters and two sons.

1865

OSCAR ROGER BURCHARD was born in Conkling, near Binghamton, N. Y., on June 9, 1842.

For the year after graduation he taught under the direction of the American Union Commission in Raleigh, N. C., and was then engaged in the lumber business for two years in Binghamton. Having studied in the State Normal School at Oswego, he took charge in 1869 of the department of ancient languages in the Normal School at Fredonia, N. Y., and retained this position until 1881. In the meantime he was for three years (1872-75) the editor and publisher of the newly-established *State Educational Journal*, and he published in 1878 a volume describing a trip to Europe, besides many articles on educational subjects.

After retiring from the work of teaching he was in business in Fredonia for a year, and then removed to Denver, Colorado, where he was engaged in real-estate and investment business until his death, on January 19, 1896, in his 54th year.

He married on August 17, 1871, Miss Katharine B., eldest daughter of Sobieski Burt, of Oswego, N. Y., who survives him. They had no children.

LOUIS STOSKOPF, son of Valentine and Katharina (Schaub) Stoskopf, was born in Freeport, Ill., on November 14, 1842, and spent the first two years of his College course in the University of Michigan.

He began the study of medicine at home after graduation, and afterwards attended lectures at the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York City, where he received the degree of M.D. in March, 1869. He supplemented his preparation by further study at Rush Medical College, in Chicago, where he was admitted to the same degree in 1871. He settled in the practice of his profession in his native city, where he was successful from the first and gained the reputation of being one of the most skillful surgeons of the vicinity. He was universally esteemed in the community, and valued as a public-spirited citizen. After a year or more of ill health he died at his home in Freeport, from congestion of the liver, on July 13, 1895, in his 53d year.

He married on October 1, 1873, Caroline H., daughter of D. S. Brewster, of Freeport, who survives him with one son and one daughter.

1870

JOSHUA BARTLETT RICH, son of Joshua G. and Mary Noble Rich, was born in Roxbury, Mass., on August 23, 1844. He entered College from Upton, Me., in 1865, but was compelled by his health to retire from that Class at the end of the Junior year.

After graduation he taught in North Lyme, Conn., for a year, and then entered the Jefferson Medical College in Philadelphia, at the same time being an instructor in the Pennsylvania Institution for the Instruction of the Blind. On February 6, 1873, he married Miss Sarah Jane Wrigley, one of his fellow-teachers in the Institution and daughter of Edward Wrigley, Esq., of Philadelphia, and in March, 1874, he received his medical degree. He remained in practice in Philadelphia until the fall of 1876, when he removed to Worcester, Mass., to take charge of the City Hospital. This duty occupied him until the fall of 1881, when he entered into general practice in Worcester. For the rest of his life he was a successful and devoted physician there, much interested in his profession and not sparing himself in its pursuit. During the last year of his life he had suffered from several attacks of *angina pectoris*, owing to overwork. A final attack was succeeded by pneumonia, which caused his death, in Worcester, four days later, on February 25, 1896, in his 52d year.

His wife survives him with one son and one daughter, a younger child having died in infancy.

1874

HENRY HARGER RAGAN was born in Turin, Jefferson County, N. Y., on August 4, 1850, the son of Henry and Mary Ragan.

After graduation he studied for one year in the Law School of Columbia College, and then entered an office in Dubuque, Iowa, where he was admitted to the bar in April, 1876. He practiced his profession in that city until January, 1881, when he entered the lecture field, for which he had already shown a marked aptitude and in which he achieved signal success. He lectured extensively for the rest of his life throughout this country, and also in England. His home in later years was in Syracuse, N. Y., and he left that city on September 24, 1895, for a long tour through the Southern States. He arrived in Atlanta, Ga., about a fortnight later, but died there of pneumonia on October 11, in his 46th year. He was never married.

1875

TILDEN RUSSELL SELMES, son of Tilden R. and Sarah P. (Benton) Selmes, was born in Hannibal, Mo., on November 10, 1853, but removed with his parents at an early age to Quincy, Ill.

He returned to Quincy upon graduation, and studied law there and began practice. He soon removed to St. Paul, Minn., and late in 1880 formed a partnership with Walker Blaine (Y. C. 1876). Upon the dissolution of this firm in the spring of 1881, on Mr. Blaine's going to Washington, Mr. Selmes removed to Mandan, N. Dakota.

He married on June 7, 1883, Miss Martha M. Flandrau, of St. Paul.

He died in Aurora, Ky., on August 1, 1895, in his 42d year.

1876

CHARLES WILLARD BIRD, son of Theodore and Eliza Bird, was born in Bethlehem, Conn., on October 11, 1851.

He spent a year after graduation as principal of the academy in Harwinton, Conn., and then took the three years' course in the Yale Divinity School. On May 26, 1880, he was ordained in his native town as an evangelist, preparatory to five years' service under the American Home Missionary Society, in and about

Morristown, Minnesota. In 1885 he took charge of a self-supporting Congregational Church in Glyndon, Minn., where another period of five years' arduous labor somewhat undermined his health, so that a year's rest in Bethlehem and in Boston became necessary. On the 22d of October, 1890, he was installed over the First Congregational Church in Portland, Mich., where his valued pastorate was cut short by his death at a sanitarium in Alma, Mich., on May 6, 1896, from a tumor on the brain, in his 45th year.

He married on December 24, 1884, Jane E., daughter of Dr. Chauncey Reed, of Sharon, Conn., who survives him. They had no children.

1878

WILLIAM BROWN GLOVER, son of Samuel and Emily H. (Brown) Glover, was born in Philadelphia, Pa., on April 7, 1857, and entered College from Fairfield, Conn.

He was graduated at the Law School of Columbia College in 1880, and in 1881 settled in Fairfield, in the practice of his profession. In 1882 he was elected Judge of Probate for the Fairfield District, and he retained this office to the eminent satisfaction of the community until his death. In 1883, 1884 and 1888-90 he was a member of the State Legislature, and took always a prominent part in its proceedings. His high character and faithfulness to duty won universal regard, and this in turn gave promise of a more distinguished career in the future. He died at his home in Fairfield, from pneumonia, on January 18, 1896, in his 39th year.

He married on June 4, 1884, Helen, daughter of Jeremiah Wardwell, of New York City, who survives him with several children.

1880

FRANK PARKER CHAMBERLAIN, son of Frank H. Chamberlain, was born in Mobile, Ala., on September 9, 1858. His family left Mobile at the time of the civil war, and his boyhood was spent in Canada and in Europe. He was prepared for College in Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass., and entered Yale as a resident of New York City.

After two years in business in New York, he went to Texas, where the rest of his life was spent, mainly on a cattle ranch. He died in Houston on September 9, 1895, at the age of 37 years.

LAWRENCE WILKINSON, eldest son of Edmund and Harriet A. Wilkinson, was born in Putnam, Conn., on October 2, 1858.

After graduation he entered the Law School of Columbia College, where he took his degree in May, 1882. He was admitted to the bar in October, and in January, 1883, began practice in New York City in partnership with his College classmate Tappan. The firm was dissolved in September, 1888, and his later years were spent mainly at the family home in Greenwich, Conn., where he died suddenly on November 2, 1895, in his 38th year. He was unmarried.

1881

GEORGE BLISS SILLIMAN was born on April 10, 1860, in Norwich, Conn., and entered College as a resident of East Haddam, Conn.

He studied law in the Law School of Columbia College, receiving his degree in 1883. After a period of foreign travel he settled in St. Paul, Minn., and finally removed to San Bernardino, Cal., where he continued in practice until his death. He was killed in a runaway accident, while on a visit in the neighboring town of Riverside, on May 14, 1896, in his 37th year.

1883

GEORGE CONKLING JENNINGS, son of John G. and Caroline (Conkling) Jennings, was born in Cleveland, Ohio, on December 21, 1861.

In the fall of 1883 he went into the insurance office of his father; but preferring the training of a practical mechanic, he entered, in the following year, the machine shop of Warner & Swasey, as an apprentice, where he continued for two years, learning the machinist trade.

In 1886 he went to California, to assist his father in the management of his mining interests. In February, 1887, he was engaged by a large manufacturing company in Cleveland, as their representative in the Southern States.

In August, 1888, he purchased an interest in an iron foundry in Cleveland, and by his ability and skillful management rapidly developed it into a large and successful business, with a branch established in Chicago. Becoming interested in a valuable chemical process, he successfully developed and perfected it, and was just completing extensive improvements to utilize it in his busi-

ness, when he was stricken down, on November 8th, with a fatal attack of malarial fever, which continued until his death, November 29th, 1895, at the age of 34 years.

He was unmarried; had already become one of the influential young men of Cleveland; was always, from a boy, very active in Church and Sunday School work; was an active member of the Chamber of Commerce and of the Young Men's Christian Association; and was always generously and intelligently interested in every kind of good work for his fellow men.

HARRY WOODVILLE LATHAM, the son of Captain George W. and Louisa (Calhoun) Latham, was born in Lynchburg, Va., on September 30, 1862. His father, who during the civil war served on General Robert E. Lee's staff, died early, so that his boyhood was spent in his mother's early home, at Bridgeport, Conn.

After graduation he took the regular course of study in the Law School of Columbia College, being also in the meantime in the office of Blatchford, Seward, Griswold & DaCosta, in New York City. In June, 1885, he received the degree of LL.B. and was admitted to the bar, continuing in the above-named office.

In 1887, on manifestations of lung disease, he was ordered to California, and spent two years in the mountain air of San Jacinto. In 1889 he established himself in his profession at Los Angeles, and in 1891 formed a partnership with M. L. Graff, Esq., the firm becoming attorneys for the Board of Trade, and Mr. Latham making commercial law and insolvency his specialties.

For the rest of his life Mr. Latham was prominent professionally and socially, and active and deservedly popular in the community. He died, from consumption, after two weeks' confinement to the house, at the residence of his classmate, N. W. Bell, in Pasadena, California, on May 14, 1896, in his 34th year.

CLARENCE WETHERILL WILSON, son of Guilford R. and Jane C. (Townsend) Wilson, was born on May 10, 1861, in Buffalo, N. Y.

After a trip of some eight months through the Western and Southern States, following graduation, he returned to Buffalo and became associated with the mercantile firm of Chester & Wilson.

Deciding to take up the profession of law, in 1885 he entered

the law office of Bissell, Sicard & Goodyear; the following year was spent at the Law School of Columbia College.

He was admitted to the bar on May 12, 1887, opened an office in Buffalo, and practiced law until the spring of 1888, when he went abroad. After traveling extensively in Europe for about eighteen months, he returned to Buffalo, and continued the practice of his profession uninterruptedly until 1892, when he again went abroad and devoted himself to a long period of travel. Upon his return to this country he again resumed the practice of law, and successfully followed that vocation until his death.

As a member of the 65th Regiment, N. G. N. Y., he was inspector of rifle practice with rank of Captain.

He died at his residence from a stroke of paralysis, on June 17, 1895, at the age of 34 years, after an illness of a few hours. He was never married.

1884

HENRY BOWMAN CROMWELL, youngest son of Henry B. Cromwell, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., on December 8, 1863. His father died in his childhood, and before he entered College his mother had become the wife of the Hon. Charles L. Benedict, of Brooklyn.

For two years after graduation he was connected with the Cromwell N. Y. and N. O. Steamship Company, which had been founded by his father. He was also associated with his brother (Y. C. 1883) in breeding registered Jersey cattle at their farm on Staten Island. More recently he was an officer of and largely interested in the Walker Chemical Company, of New York City.

His attachment to his College friends was unusually strong, and there is reason to fear that his health was injured by the attention he gave to the details of preparation for the decennial reunion of his Class in 1894. After that event he found himself considerably weakened, and for the first time discovered symptoms of consumption. The rest of his life was spent in the Adirondack Mountains, and after a gradual failure of his strength he died at Saranac Lake, on May 1, 1896, in his 33d year. He was unmarried.

1889

CHARLES CHANDLER GRISWOLD LANE, younger son of the late Judge William G. Lane (Y. C. 1843) and Elizabeth D. Griswold Lane, was born in Sandusky, Ohio, on December 16, 1867.

After a course in architecture in the School of Mines, at Columbia College, he went in October, 1891, to Paris, and spent two years in an atelier, followed by two years at the *École des Beaux Arts*. Returning to America in 1895, failing health compelled him to abandon the hope of pursuing his profession. The closing months of his life were spent with his brother (Y. C. 1888) in New York City, where he died on May 7, 1896, in his 29th year.

1892

ALFRED LAWRENCE SPENCER, the only son of Francis E. Spencer, was born in New Haven, Conn., on January 6, 1871.

After graduation he went into business in New Haven as a member of the firm of Spencer, Matthews & Co., dealers in paints, oil, and glass, of which his father was the head. In February, 1895, he was attacked with typhoid fever, and after a long illness he was taken in June to the Adirondacks. He died at Saranac Lake on July 5, in his 25th year. He was unmarried.

1893

ELLIOT STONE CURTIS, son of Elliot M. Curtis, was born in Tidioute, Warren County, Pa., on June 18, 1871, and was killed by a stroke of lightning at his father's door in Tidioute, on July 1, 1894, just after he had entered his 24th year.

RICHARD EDWARD DUNHAM, son of James Dunham, was born in Warren, Pa., on January 29, 1865.

While in College he suffered a serious injury to one wrist, and by over-exercise increased the difficulty. He attempted after graduation to teach in Milford, Conn., but was finally obliged to abandon all work and undergo treatment. He was for some months in the New Haven Hospital, and again in a hospital in Cleveland, Ohio. In March, 1896, he was removed to his home in Warren, Pa., and died there on the 21st of the same month, in his 32d year.

1894

ROBERT CAMPBELL JAMES, the youngest son of Henry and Amelia B. (Cate) James, was born in Baltimore, Md., on July 23, 1872. Three of his brothers are graduates of the College.

After taking his degree he went into his father's banking office in Baltimore, and was thus engaged until the sudden attack of

pneumonia which ended his life, at his home in that city, on March 17, 1896, in his 24th year. Few men in his class were more loved and respected.

YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL

1828

NELSON ISHAM, son of Noah Isham and his wife Anna Lambert, was born in Bolton, Tolland County, Conn., in 1805. He was the youngest of six brothers, the family having moved from Colchester to Bolton a short time previous to his birth.

Left an orphan at an early age, he became the ward of an uncle, Ephraim Isham, of Hartford, under whose care his education was conducted, with such advantages as the schools of that time afforded. He was apprenticed to and studied medicine with Dr. Jabez L. White, of Bolton, and later whilst at New Haven pursued his medical studies under Dr. Nathan Smith.

In 1829 he went west and settled in Manheim Centre, Herkimer County, N. Y., where he was married to Delia Snell in 1830. He subsequently practiced medicine in Nantucket, Mass., returning to Herkimer County in 1840. He was a resident in Mohawk and Little Falls for the remainder of his life. On the breaking out of the rebellion he was commissioned as Assistant Surgeon, and subsequently as Surgeon, of the 97th Regt. of New York Vols., and served as such with his regiment in the battlefields of Antietam, Fredericksburg, Gettysburg, and the Wilderness.

He died at Little Falls, September 18, 1895, in his 91st year. He had retired from practice fifteen years previous to his death, and had been for nearly two years the oldest graduate of the Medical School. From an early age he was a member of the Presbyterian Church, and all his life he was characterized by his love of and loyalty to his friends, and his sturdy piety; and in the evening of his life his pleasure was derived from the reading of books.

His oldest son, Dr. Ralph N. Isham, and his grandson, Dr. George S. Isham (Y. C. 1881), are practicing surgeons in Chicago, Ill.

1841

ASHBEL WARD BARROWS was born in Mansfield, Conn., on December 3, 1816, and spent his minority on his father's farm.

After graduation he settled in Rocky Hill, then part of Wethersfield, Conn., but in 1847 removed to Hartford, where he continued to attend to his practice until about three weeks before his death. He was connected with the Hartford Hospital as a visiting physician from its foundation in 1857 until 1874, and as a consulting physician until his death. From 1853 he was the Medical Director of the Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company. He served as President of the State Medical Society in 1876. He was also active in all church work, having been a deacon in the South Congregational Church from 1858 to 1873, when he joined the Park Church, in which also he held for many years the office of deacon.

After two months of failing health, he died in Hartford, very suddenly, on January 3, 1896, in his 80th year.

Two sons survive him.

1864

JOHN HEMAN TYLER died in Madison, Conn., on June 18, 1895, aged 54 years and 8 months.

His life had been mainly spent in Madison.

1885

EDWARD GEORGE MADDEN was born in Ireland on August 5, 1863, and was brought by his parents to this country while still young. The family settled in New Britain, Conn., where this son graduated at the High School in 1882.

On taking his medical degree he gained by competitive examination a position on the staff of the New Haven Hospital, and after a year's service there opened an office in this city for general practice. He met with immediate success and had a very useful career until his sudden death from apoplexy (attributed to overwork) on March 12, 1896, in his 33d year.

He married in 1891 Katharine, daughter of John Starrs, of New Haven, who survives him with one child.

YALE LAW SCHOOL

1844

JOHN WILKINSON WEBSTER, son of Charles and Joanna (Darling) Webster, and a nephew of Dr. Noah Webster (Y. C. 1778), the lexicographer, was born in West Hartford, Conn., on January 19, 1817. He followed for awhile the trade of a machinist before seeking a profession.

On his admission to the bar in 1844 he settled in Waterbury, Conn., and his mechanical and business experience enabled him the more readily to command an assured and honorable professional position. He filled usefully many local offices, such as City Attorney, Judge of the Probate Court, and Mayor (1856-7), and received general respect as the senior active member of the bar in Waterbury from 1864 until his death.

He died in St. Luke's Hospital, New York City, from the effects of the operation of lithotomy, on June 4, 1896, in the 78th year of his age.

He married on March 28, 1860, Elizabeth S. Hickox, of Naugatuck, Conn., by whom he had one daughter, who is still living.

1846

TILTON EDWIN DOOLITTLE, son of Ambrose E. and Betsey (Benham) Doolittle, of Cheshire, Conn., was born in Riverton, in the town of Barkhamsted, Conn., on July 31, 1825, and was graduated at Trinity College in 1844.

He was admitted to the bar in August, 1846, and at first settled in Meriden, Conn., whence he removed to New Haven in 1852. In 1859 he was appointed U. S. District Attorney for the district of Connecticut, and held the office for one year. He was elected to the lower house of the General Assembly in 1866, 1867, 1870, and 1874, and served in the last session as Speaker. In 1879 he was appointed State's Attorney for New Haven County and retained that office with distinguished ability for the unusually long period of sixteen years. After three weeks' illness, terminating in a stroke of apoplexy, he died in New Haven on March 21, 1896, in his 71st year.

He married on November 1, 1843, Mary A., daughter of John Cook, of Wallingford, Conn., who survives him with two sons and one daughter. The elder son was graduated at the Yale

Medical School in 1884, and the younger son at the Yale Law School in 1889.

1848

NATHAN AUGUSTUS CHEDSEY was born in Durham, Conn., on the 10th of September, 1821, and died at his residence in the city of New York, on the 20th of August, 1895, at the age of 74 years. His father was a well-to-do farmer of (North) Guilford, Conn., and his mother, Mary Coe, was a native of the adjoining part of Durham. In 1842 he entered Wesleyan University, at Middletown, in the English and Scientific course, but left in 1844, and spent the next two years in Marshall, Mich., as principal of the Union School.

In 1849 he began practice in New York City, where he occupied the same office from that date until his death, a period of over forty-six years. He had enjoyed uninterrupted health until his last illness, and at the close of his long career of active practice his faculties remained as vigorous as in the prime of life. His practice was large and of a desirable sort, and he acted in the capacity of executor and trustee in the settlement of many considerable estates.

He married in 1856 Anna Maria Waldron, of New York City, who survives him, but no children. In the disposal of his large estate he included legacies of \$7000 to the church of his boyhood, the First Church in Durham, for the support of the ministry and the care of the village cemetery.

1849

WILLIS ROGERS AUSTIN was born in Norwich, Conn., on January 31, 1819.

He was engaged for many years in cotton speculation in Texas, and was afterwards a banker in Philadelphia. After the close of his business life, and an interval of extended European travel, he returned to his birthplace for a permanent residence. He served as a representative in the Legislature in 1874 and again in 1875, and as a State Senator in 1876. He died in Norwich, after four days' illness from pneumonia, on March 4, 1896, in his 78th year.

He married Miss Mary McComb, who died a few years before him. One son survives him.

1852

CURTIS SYLVESTER BUSHNELL, fifth son of Dan and Lovisa (Chapman) Bushnell, of Westbrook, Conn., was born in that town (then part of Saybrook) on November 15, 1825.

He was admitted to the bar in 1853, and practiced his profession in New Haven from that date until his death. He married on August 10, 1858, Margaret A., daughter of Daniel Clark, of Haddam, Conn.

His residence being in the suburb of Fair Haven, he was largely identified with the growth of that district and interested in its welfare.

He died very suddenly, from heart disease, in New Haven on March 23, 1896, in his 71st year. His wife survives him with one son, a graduate of the College in 1891.

1864

JAMES BETTS METCALF, eldest child of Dr. James W. and Maria C. (Betts) Metcalf, was born in New York City on May 13, 1843, and was graduated at Williams College in 1862.

He practiced law in New York City for a few years, but in 1873 became a banker and broker, in which business he was successfully employed until his death.

He died at his residence in New York, on February 1, 1896, in his 53d year, from pneumonia, after a few days' illness.

He married on March 31, 1869, Miss Annie T. Cutting, of New York City, who survives him with their children, a daughter and a son.

1872

ALBERT HIRAM CHADBOURNE, son of Ivory L. and Sally L. (Plummer) Chadbourne, was born in South Berwick, Me., on August 16, 1851, and came to New Haven to reside in 1867.

He never practiced law, but soon after graduation went to Boston, and for seven years was assistant steward at Young's Hotel. He then returned to New Haven, and with a younger brother opened the Beach House at the West Haven shore. After a single season, which proved unsuccessful, he was associated with an elder brother in the United States Hotel in New Haven, now the Richmond. In 1883 he and his younger brother bought the Rood Hotel in this city, changed the name to the Windsor, and this business, which was hereditary in his family, occupied him

until his death, which occurred here, after two days' illness, on February 9, 1896, in his 45th year.

He married on August 16, 1881, Augusta Ernestina Ploéger, of New Haven, who survives him, but no children.

1874

ELI EDWIN HALL, third son of Eli Hall, M.D. (*hon.* Yale 1841), and Elizabeth (Treat) Hall, was born in Blandford, Mass., on April 11, 1814. He went to the West in 1832, and was graduated from Illinois College in 1838. He then took the three years' course in the Yale Divinity School, and on October 25, 1843, was ordained over the First Congregational Church in Guilford, Conn., where his active and fruitful pastorate continued until July 24, 1855. During a visit to Europe for rest, in 1850, he married, on August 29, Cécile A., daughter of the Rev. César Malan, D.D., the distinguished Protestant pastor of Geneva. In 1856 he went to Europe again, and was for three years chaplain of the American Church in Rome. He then returned to Guilford, but was recalled to Italy in 1861 as Superintendent of the missions of the American and Foreign Christian Union in Italy and chaplain of the American Church in Florence. In 1866 he returned again to Guilford and resumed for three years longer the charge of his old church. He represented the town in the State Legislature in 1868. In 1870 he removed to Fair Haven Heights, a suburb of New Haven, and retained that residence until his death.

Mr. Hall never practiced the legal profession. A week after taking his degree at the Law School he was injured in a railroad disaster, and suffered from the injuries received to the day of his death.

After a year or more of greatly broken health, he died at his home in Fair Haven on May 2, 1896, having just entered on his 83d year.

His wife survives him with one son (Y. C. 1880).

1879

JOHN BREED DOUGLAS died suddenly at his home in Bridgeport, Conn., on December 14, 1895, aged 37 years.

He was a native of Windsor Locks, Conn., and on his admission to the bar began practice in Hartford, Conn., but owing to

poor health soon returned to Brainerd, Minnesota, where he was Judge of the Municipal and Probate Courts from 1883 to 1886. In 1893 he returned to the East and settled in Bridgeport, in partnership at the time of his death with Frederick A. Bartlett (LL.B. Yale 1888).

1889

JOHN LEWIS MOREHOUSE died in Bridgeport, Conn., where he had practiced his profession, on February 10, 1896, aged 33 years.

He leaves a wife and two children.

1893

CHARLES RODERICK BEERS, son of Roderick S. and Georgia L. Beers, of Bridgeport, Conn., was born in that city on December 25, 1868. He took a partial course in the College of the City of New York (Class of 1888), and had been engaged in real estate and insurance business in New York before joining the Law School.

After graduation he entered the law office of John A. Amundson, Esq., in New York, and was just about resigning the position of managing clerk in order to go into business for himself, in October, 1894, when he was attacked with consumption and was compelled to make a journey to the South, from which he never returned alive. He died in Asheville, N. C., on January 19, 1895, in his 27th year, and was buried in his native city.

 SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL.

1857

JOHN KENNEDY BEESON was born in Uniontown, Pa., on June 19, 1845.

His life was spent in mercantile business in Uniontown, and he died there, after an illness of many months, from Bright's disease, on January 20, 1896, in his 51st year. His wife and two children survive him.

1867

CHARLES JOSEPH SHEFFIELD, younger son of the munificent benefactor of the School, Joseph E. Sheffield, and Maria (St. John) Sheffield, was born in New Haven, Conn., on September 6, 1844. From 1860 to 1863 he studied abroad, in Lausanne, Göttingen, and Heidelberg. He entered the Scientific School in 1864, and left the class in 1866, but served for the next two years as an Assistant in Chemistry, and was admitted to his degree and enrolled with his class in 1872.

Soon after leaving the School he removed to Cleveland, Ohio, where he was for a time engaged in active business. He married in 1883 Laura, daughter of General James Barnett, of Cleveland, who survives him with one son.

His health began to fail seriously in 1893, and he visited Europe in 1894, but without benefit. After three or four months of extreme prostration he died at his home in Cleveland on July 26, 1895, in his 51st year.

1876

WALTER CLEVELAND BUTLER was born in Guilford, Conn., on August 12, 1856, and died suddenly from hemorrhage of the lungs in Redlands, California, on January 4, 1896, in his 40th year.

He went to California in 1879, and has since been actively employed in many of the great engineering enterprises in that region.

JOHN HENRY CHAPMAN, the youngest son of Timothy P. and Rachel (Hartwell) Chapman, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., on January 10, 1853. Just before entering the school he had spent two years in Germany.

He married on July 6, 1876, Miss Lucy F. Barrett, of Concord, Mass., and then returned to Europe and spent three years in the study of architecture in Paris and Stuttgart. Subsequently he settled in Boston, with his residence in Concord, and for something over ten years was busily occupied with the practice of his profession. His health having become frail, he then bought a domain, called Snowden, near Fredericksburg, in Virginia, where he carried on farming. His success in this direction was so considerable that the Virginia Legislature appointed him on a com-

mission of three to provide better instruction for the farmers in the State in the science of agriculture. He died suddenly, on October 26, 1895, of the disease which had long threatened his life, leaving his widow with one daughter.

1878

LEONARD VASSALL GREENE, younger son of Gardiner Greene (Y. C. 1843), whose death is noticed above (p. 372), was born on December 22, 1857, in Norwich, Conn.

Early in 1879 he went to Texas, with the view of becoming a cotton broker, but his stay there was brief. Shortly afterwards he undertook the management of a lumber enterprise in Michigan, in which his father was interested, and remained in charge of the property until it passed into other hands. In 1883 he entered the employ of the Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Northern Railway, and so continued until his death, from typhoid fever, at Cedar Rapids, Iowa, on September 18, 1895, in his 38th year. He was unmarried. A brief memorial pamphlet published since his death portrays a character of unusual attractiveness and a well-spent life.

1880

JACOB EDWARD EMERY, son of Alexander Emery, was born in Fort Covington, Franklin County, N. Y., on January 16, 1858, and removed to New Haven, Conn., about 1872.

After his graduation he entered the Yale Law School, and was graduated there in 1882. He did not, however, follow the profession of the law, but was until 1893 the Secretary of the State Street Horse Railroad, in New Haven.

After a two-years' struggle with pulmonary disease, he died at his home in New Haven on June 12, 1896, at the age of 38.

He married on January 15, 1887, Miss Purse, of New Haven, who survives him with one son.

1881

ALBERT MOSES GERSTLE was born in Youngstown, Ohio, on August 26, 1860, and died of appendicitis in Chicago, on March 12, 1896, in his 36th year.

After graduation he studied law in the University of Virginia, and became a practicing patent lawyer in Chicago. Two children survive him, their mother being dead.

1888

CARLTON MELVILLE DEWOLF, only son of Melville W. and Emma M. DeWolf, was born in Memphis, Tenn., on September 3, 1868. His father removed soon after to New York City. In the Scientific School he pursued the course in select studies.

After graduation he took a position for a short time in the office of one of the large railroads. Realizing, however, that his inclination was towards the profession of the law, he entered the Law School of Columbia College, but removed on the resignation of Professor Dwight to the New York Law School, where he was graduated in 1892. He was admitted to the bar in June of the same year, and thereafter became associated with the law firm of Merrill & Rogers, in New York City, with whom he was doing excellent work in his profession up to the time of his death. He died at his home in New York, after a very short illness, on June 1, 1895, in his 27th year.

1889

EDWIN READ, son of Edwin O. Read, of Brooklyn, N. Y., was born in that city on October 30, 1865.

He had been a real estate broker in Chicago before his removal to Boston, where he was associated in a prosperous business with Mr. John B. Thomas until his sudden death, from typhoid fever, at his home in Lexington, Mass., on November 26, 1895, at the age of 30 years.

His wife, who was a daughter of Dr. Clark, of Paris, survives him with three daughters.

1892

FRANK HARRISON TEFFT BARBOUR died suddenly of heart failure in Boston, Mass. on June 6, 1896, at the age of 25. He was born in Detroit, Mich., on October 2, 1870, the son of Edward S. Barbour.

Soon after graduation he entered the employ of the Detroit Stove Works in his native city, and by hard work rose to the position of First Vice-President, only to be forced to retire by the failure of his health.

He married in 1894 Miss Tower of Ionia, Mich.

1895

STEPHEN BAYARD ROE, only son of Major Charles F. Roe, was born on September 26, 1875, at Fort Ellis, Montana, where his father was then stationed. During the winter of his Senior year a disease of the lungs began to show itself, and he was absent at the time of graduation but subsequently completed his work.

He then entered the Law School of Columbia University, but was soon obliged to abandon his studies from failing health. He died at his father's country home, in Highland Falls, N. Y., on April 26, 1896, in his 21st year.

YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL.

1870

JUBA HOWE VORCE was born in Crown Point, N. Y., on March 19, 1843, and was graduated at Middlebury College, Vt., in 1865.

On November 16, 1870, he was ordained pastor of a small Congregational Church (now extinct) in (South) Meriden, Conn., which he served until April 21, 1873. He was then acting pastor of the Congregational Church in Essex for two years, and to this succeeded a similar engagement of four years in Derby, followed by four years in Kent,—all these parishes being in Connecticut. In July, 1883, he was recalled to Essex, where he continued for ten years. He then took charge of the Congregational Church in Enfield, Hampshire County, Mass. While here his health failed, and he went to the Hospital in Hartford, Conn., for surgical treatment. He died in Hartford, suddenly, on February 20, 1896, aged nearly 53 years.

His wife survives him.

1885

SILAS LEVI SMITH, son of Matthew and Ann (Kelsey) Smith, was born in Madison, Wisconsin, on October 9, 1857, and was graduated at Hillsdale College, Mich., in 1882.

He was ordained pastor of the (Congregational) Church of the Redeemer, St. Louis, Mo., on September 25, 1885, and was dismissed from that charge on November 8, 1887, going thence to

Vermontville, Mich., where he was acting pastor of the Congregational Church for two years. Then followed a similar engagement in Romeo, Mich., for four years, and in 1893 he went to the Harmar (Congregational) Church in Marietta, Ohio, where he labored with devotion and success until his death, from typhoid fever, on October 6, 1895, at the age of 38.

He married on August 26, 1883, Mary E., daughter of Professor George B. Gardner, of Hillsdale, Mich., who survives him with three children.

1888

EMPSON CORY, son of Jeremiah and Mary Ann (Bennett) Cory, was born in Thorntown, Ind., on October 2, 1859, and was graduated at Wabash College, Indiana, in 1885.

Immediately on leaving the Seminary he took charge of the Congregational Church in Washburn, Wisconsin, where he was ordained on October 22. After two years he went to the Congregational Church in Great Falls, Montana, and from that in 1892 to the Congregational Church in Wadena, Minn., which he served until his death. He died in Wadena, after a very painful illness of several weeks, from an abscess on the liver, on August 11, 1895, in his 36th year.

He married on November 19, 1890, Addie L., daughter of Lewis Ruggles, of Hagar, Mich., who survives him with one son and one daughter.

SUMMARY

ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT

(YALE COLLEGE)

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Time of Death
1822	Edward Beecher, 92	Brooklyn, N. Y.	July 28, '95
1823	Samuel Bissell, 98	Twinsburg, O.	Aug. 26, '95
1823	Charles L. Powell, 91	Alexandria, Va.	Jan. 9, '96
1827	Anson Little, 89	Hebron, Conn.	Sept. 15, '95
1827	Alfred J. Perkins, 88	Philadelphia, Pa.	Dec. 17, '95
1828	William Strong, 87	Lake Minnewaska, N. Y.	Aug. 19, '95
1829	Francis Whiting, 87	Jeffersonville, Pa.	Jan. 27, '96
1830	George G. Barclay, 82	Atlantic City, N. J.	July 25, '94
1830	J. Radcliffe Davenport, 83	N. Y. City	Apr. 13, '96
1831	Lorenzo L. Langstroth, 84	Dayton, O.	Oct. 6, '95
1832	William J. Hoppin, 82	Providence, R. I.	Sept. 3, '95
1833	Abijah B. Dunlap, 85	Traverse City, Mich.	June 17, '95
1834	Alfred Emerson, 84	Dorchester, Mass.	Feb. 7, '96
1834	John W. Houston, 82	Georgetown, Del.	Apr. 26, '96
1835	Edwin A. Anderson, 77	Wilmington, N. C.	March 11, '94
1836	Joel M. Acker, 77	Aberdeen, Miss.	Dec., '92
1836	Edward C. Delavan, 83	New Brighton, S. I., N. Y.	Apr. 28, '96
1836	Jarvis McDuffie, 82	Exeter, N. H.	Jan. 23, '95
1836	George P. Tyler, 85	Lansingburgh, N. Y.	Jan. 18, '96
1837	Walter T. Hatch, 77	Brooklyn, N. Y.	June 8, '96
1837	Charles A. Johnson, 78	New Orleans, La.	Feb. 3, '96
1837	J. Austin Spencer, 77	Philadelphia, Pa.	Sept. 12, '95
1837	Stephen Yerkes, 78	Danville, Ky.	March 28, '96
1838	Lewis J. Dudley, 80	Northampton, Mass.	Feb. 27, '96
1839	David L. Daggett, 75	New Haven, Conn.	Feb. 23, '96
1839	Horace C. Peck, 75	New Haven, Conn.	June 27, '95
1841	Lucien Birdseye, 74	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Jan. 27, '96
1842	Daniel B. Beach, 73	Buffalo, N. Y.	Jan. 5, '96
1842	Joseph Brewster, 73	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Nov. 20, '95
1842	Calvin Frost, 72	Bar Harbor, Me.	July 22, '95
1842	Charles H. Hall, 75	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Sept. 12, '95
1842	Theodore Runyon, 73	Berlin, Germany	Jan. 27, '96
1842	Henry D. A. Ward, 74	Middletown, Conn.	Dec. 17, '95
1843	Gardiner Greene, 73	Norwich, Conn.	Oct. 30, '95
1843	William J. Jennings, 73	Bristol, Conn.	Oct. 5, '95
1843	William L. Kingsley, 72	New Haven, Conn.	Feb. 14, '96
1844	Edward A. Breed, 72	Capitola, Cal.	March 6, '96
1844	Theron G. Colton, 74	Hudson, Mich.	March 21, '96

1844	Alexander C. Lanier, 75	Madison, Ind.	Oct. 11, '95
1844	Martin K. Whittlesey, 74	Ottawa, Ill.	Jan. 15, '96
1845	Alexander C. Childs, 72	Worcester, Mass.	Apr. 13, '96
1845	George DeF. Folsom, 73	San Francisco, Cal.	Nov. 8, '95
1845	William B. Greene, 72	Needham, Mass.	Sept. 11, '95
1845	J. Wheeler Harding, 74	Ormond, Fla.	Apr. 14, '96
1846	Archibald Kennedy, 70	Brooklyn, N. Y.	May 20, '94
1846	Milo M. Smith, 68	Rocky Comfort, Ark.	Feb. 14, '96
1847	Lewis H. Reid, 70	Hartford, Conn.	July 8, '95
1847	Lauren S. Scott, 77	Bristol, Vt.	Nov. 19, '95
1848	Thomas S. Wallace, 67	Florence, S. C.	Feb. 20, '96
1849	John B. Mitchell, 66	San Antonio, Tex.	Oct. 3, '95
1850	George S. Converse, 67	Boston, Mass.	Nov. 2, '95
1851	John H. Wingfield, 66	Montclair, N. J.	June 11, '96
1852	George B. Safford, 63	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Oct. 24, '95
1853	Charles W. Bunn, 66	Pennington, N. J.	July 21, '95
1853	Jesse W. Hough, 63	Santa Barbara, Cal.	Oct. 29, '95
1854	J. Tillotson Clarke, 68	Chester, Conn.	Jan. 25, '96
1854	William Drake, 65	Cross County, Ark.	Aug. 15, '92
1854	Marcus D. Larrowe, 63	San Francisco, Cal.	Feb. 5, '96
1854	Luzon B. Morris, 68	New Haven, Conn.	Aug. 22, '95
1854	William S. Shurtleff, 66	Longmeadow, Mass.	Jan. 14, '96
1854	Robert E. Taylor, 62	Poughkeepsie, N. Y.	May 6, '96
1854	Matthew N. Whitmore, 62	New Orleans, La.	Sept. 28, '93
1855	VanBuren Hubbard, 62	Fort McPherson, Ga.	Sept. 6, '95
1856	Charles A. Mann, 60	St. Paul, Minn.	March 12, '96
1856	George E. Pease, 61	Fair Play, Col.	May 22, '95
1856	Edward A. Smith, 60	Hartford, Conn.	Oct. 26, '95
1856	Henry E. Wootton, 56	Ellicott City, Md.	Apr. 13, '94
1857	Eli W. Blake, 59	Hampton, Conn.	Oct. 1, '95
1857	Henry S. DeForest, 63	Talladega, Ala.	Jan. 27, '96
1857	Daniel C. Eaton, 60	New Haven, Conn.	June 29, '95
1857	James W. Hubbell, 61	Mansfield, O.	May 19, '96
1858	Daniel A. Miles, 60	Westboro', Mass	June 10, '95
1859	Henry E. Hayward, 59	Philadelphia, Pa.	Apr. 23, '94
1860	George L. Beers, 56	Topeka, Kan.	Jan. 17, '96
1860	Daniel Denison, 57	Pomfret, Conn.	July 7, '95
1860	Everett P. Freeman, 58	Mankato, Minn.	Nov. 27, '95
1862	A. Egerton Adams, 55	Chicago, Ill.	Jan. 4, '96
1862	Charles F. Bradley, 56	Quincy, Ill.	May 7, '96
1863	Alexander H. Wright, 57	Brooklyn, N. Y.	June 3, '96
1864	William McAfee, 51	Claverack, N. Y.	Jan. 9, '96
1864	Wilfred E. Norton, 52	Bridgeport, Conn.	Jan. 6, '96
1865	Oscar R. Burchard, 53	Denver, Col.	Jan. 19, '96
1865	Louis Stoskopf, 52	Freeport, Ill.	July 13, '95
1870	J. Bartlett Rich, 51	Worcester, Mass.	Feb. 25, '96
1874	Henry H. Ragan, 45	Atlanta, Ga.	Oct. 11, '95
1875	Tilden R. Selmes, 41	Aurora, Ky.	Aug. 1, '95
1876	Charles W. Bird, 44	Alma, Mich.	May 6, '96

1878	William B. Glover, 38	Fairfield, Conn.	Jan. 18, '96
1880	Frank P. Chamberlain, 37	Houston, Tex.	Sept. 9, '95
1880	Lawrence Wilkinson, 37	Greenwich, Conn.	Nov. 2, '95
1881	George B. Silliman, 36	Riverside, Cal.	May 14, '96
1883	George C. Jennings, 34	Cleveland, O.	Nov. 29, '95
1883	Harry W. Latham, 33	Pasadena, Cal.	May 14, '96
1883	Clarence W. Wilson, 34	Buffalo, N. Y.	June 17, '95
1884	Henry B. Cromwell, 32	Saranac Lake, N. Y.	May 1, '96
1889	Charles C. Griswold Lane, 28	New York City	May 7, '96
1892	Alfred L. Spencer, 24	Saranac Lake, N. Y.	July 5, '95
1893	Elliot S. Curtis, 23	Tidioute, Pa.	July 1, '94
1893	Richard E. Dunham, 31	Warren, Pa.	March 21, '96
1894	Robert C. James, 23	Baltimore, Md.	March 17, '96

YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL

1828	Nelson Isham, 90	Little Falls, N. Y.	Sept. 18, '95
1841	Ashbel W. Barrows, 79	Hartford, Conn.	Jan. 3, '96
1864	John H. Tyler, 54	Madison, Conn.	June 18, '95
1885	Edward G. Madden, 32	New Haven, Conn.	March 12, '96

YALE LAW SCHOOL

1844	John W. Webster, 79	New York City	June 4, '96
1846	Tilton E. Doolittle, 70	New Haven, Conn.	March 21, '96
1848	Nathan A. Chedsey, 74	New York City	August 20, '95
1849	Willis R. Austin, 77	Norwich, Conn.	March 4, '96
1852	Curtis S. Bushnell, 70	New Haven, Conn.	March 23, '96
1864	James Betts Metcalf, 52	New York City	Feb. 1, '96
1872	Albert H. Chadbourne, 44	New Haven, Conn.	Feb. 9, '96
1874	E. Edwin Hall, 82	New Haven, Conn.	May 2, '96
1879	John B. Douglas, 37	Bridgeport, Conn.	Dec. 14, '95
1889	John L. Morehouse, 33	Bridgeport, Conn.	Feb. 10, '96
1893	Charles R. Beers, 26	Asheville, N. C.	Jan. 19, '95

SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL

1867	John K. Beeson, 50	Uniontown, Pa.	Jan. 20, '96
1867	Charles J. Sheffield, 51	Cleveland, O.	July 26, '95
1876	Walter C. Butler, 39	Redlands, Cal.	Jan. 4, '96
1876	John H. Chapman, 42	Fredericksburg, Va.	Oct. 26, '95
1878	Leonard V. Greene, 37	Cedar Rapids, Iowa	Sept. 18, '95
1880	Jacob E. Emery, 38	New Haven, Conn.	June 12, '96
1881	Albert M. Gerstle, 35	Chicago, Ill.	March 12, '96
1888	Carlton M. DeWolf, 26	New York City	June 1, '95
1889	Edwin Read, 30	Lexington, Mass.	Nov. 26, '95
1892	Frank H. T. Barbour, 25	Boston, Mass.	June 6, '96
1895	Stephen B. Roe, 20	Highland Falls, N. Y.	Apr. 26, '96

YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL

1870	J. Howe Vorce, 53	Hartford, Conn.	Feb. 20, '96
1885	Silas L. Smith, 38	Marietta, O.	Oct. 6, '95
1888	Empson Cory, 36	Wadena, Minn.	Aug. 11, '95

The number of deaths recorded this year is 129, and the average age of the graduates of the Academical Department is about 64½ years.

The oldest living graduate of the Academical Department is :

Class of 1824, Hon. BENJAMIN D. SILLIMAN, LL.D., of Brooklyn, N. Y., born Sept. 14, 1805.

The oldest living graduate of the Medical Department is :

Class of 1831, CHAUNCEY AYRES, of Stamford, Conn., born Aug. 14, 1808.

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OBITUARY RECORD

OF

GRADUATES OF YALE UNIVERSITY

Deceased during the Academical Year ending in

June, 1897,

*Including the Record of a few who died previously, hitherto
unreported.*

[PRESENTED AT THE MEETING OF THE ALUMNI, JUNE 29th, 1897.]

[No. 7 of Fourth Printed Series, and No. 56 of the whole Record.]



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YALE COLLEGE

(ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT)

1825

WILLIAM HENRY MILLS, the youngest son of the Hon. Isaac Mills (Y. C. 1786) and Abigail (Phelps) Mills, of New Haven, was born in this city on April 26, 1805.

He entered college in 1820, and spent the larger part of his course with the class which was graduated in 1824.

He studied law in the Yale Law School, and was admitted to the bar, but never practiced the profession. His father being one of the owners of the territory now occupied by the city of Sandusky, Ohio, he emigrated at an early date to that locality, where the rest of his life was spent, in charge of his large landed interests. He acquired the title of General by connection with the State militia. He married on January 30, 1830, Miss Caroline Hurd, who now survives him with their children, two sons and three daughters.

In 1894 General Mills's health began to fail, and in April, 1895, he took up his residence with his younger son, also in Sandusky. After this he was mostly confined to the house; his death, on March 6, 1897, in his 92d year, was the result of a fall.

1829

GEORGE THOMPSON TODD, son of Captain Eli and Rachel (Thompson) Todd, of New Milford, Conn., and half-brother of Walker Todd (Y. C. 1810), was born in New Milford on September 6, 1810.

His earliest professional study was in the Yale Law School; but in 1831 he entered the Andover Theological Seminary, and after taking one year there completed the full course in the Princeton Seminary.

He served as acting pastor of the Gilead Presbyterian Church, in Carmel, Putnam County, N. Y., from 1835 to 1838, and on October 11, 1838, was ordained as pastor. He left that church in 1844, and for a few months had charge of the Congregational Church in Bethel, Conn. He was then pastor of the Presbyterian Church in Ballston Spa, N. Y., for two years (1845-47); and from 1847 to 1855 was over the Smithfield Presbyterian Church in Lithgow, Dutchess County, N. Y. His health then failed and he retired from active labor. His residence was in Fond du Lac, Wisconsin, for most of the time until 1894, when he went to Aberdeen, South Dakota, where his youngest son was settled in the Presbyterian ministry. He died in Aberdeen on February 10, 1897, in his 87th year. He had been nearly blind for many years.

He married on June 27, 1844, Mary A., second daughter of the Rev. James M. Winchell (Brown Univ. 1822), late pastor of the 1st Baptist Church in Boston, who died on December 29, 1850, leaving two sons and one daughter. He next married on April 12, 1854, Coralie, daughter of Calvin Chamberlin, who is still living; by her he had one son and two daughters. His children are all living, except one daughter.

1830

HENRY ROGERS WINTHROP, the eldest son of John Still Winthrop (Y. C. 1804) and Harriet (Rogers) Winthrop, was born in New York City on January 31, 1811.

After leaving College he studied law under Judge Daggett in New Haven, and was admitted to the bar in September, 1832. He immediately entered the law office of Johnson & Kent in New York City, and after this for about twenty years he was actively and successfully engaged in the practice of his profession in New York, devoting himself mainly to office business and consultation.

He resided throughout life in New York and used the advantages conferred by a distinguished ancestry and high social position for the advancement of nobler ideals in the community.

He died at his country place, Far Rockaway, L. I., on October 23, 1896, in his 86th year.

He married on November 20, 1838, Margaret L., daughter of Thomas Hicks, of New York City, who died on February 26, 1873. After her death he married Mary Jones Gelston, who survives him, as well as one daughter and one son (Yale Coll. 1862), the children of his first marriage.

1832

SETH COLLINS BRACE, the third child and eldest son of the Rev. Dr. Joab Brace (Y. C. 1804) and his wife, Lucy, daughter of Seth Collins, was born in Newington, then a parish in Wethersfield, Conn., on August 3, 1811.

From 1832 to 1835 he taught in Lenox and Northampton, Mass., being also for a brief part of this time editor of the *Massachusetts Eagle* at Lenox. From 1835 to 1838 he was a tutor in this College, and at the same time studied in the Divinity School. In March, 1839, he became the editor of the *North American*, then begun in Philadelphia, and was connected with the editorship, at intervals, until 1845. For the year 1842-43 he was Professor of Mathematics in Delaware College, at Newark, Del.

From 1847 to 1851 he taught in a Young Ladies' Seminary in Pittsfield, Mass. He then returned to Philadelphia, and for one year (1855-56) filled with great acceptance the post of Librarian of the Mercantile Library. In 1857-58 he supplied the Presbyterian Church in Newark, Del., and in 1859-60 the Congregational Church at Curtisville in Stockbridge, Mass. In August, 1860, he took charge of the Congregational Church in Bethany, New Haven County, Conn., where he was ordained on June 26, 1861. He was dismissed from this pastorate on May 18, 1864, and for the next six years was occupied as a private tutor in New Haven. He then removed to Philadelphia, where the rest of his life was spent. After a very brief illness he died in that city on January 25, 1897, in his 86th year, having retained his mental faculties unimpaired to the last. He was never married.

Mr. Brace was through life a keen and accurate scholar, with a mind well furnished by reading and study, but his retiring dis-

position made it difficult for him to take the place to which his capacities and attainments rightfully entitled him.

JAMES HARRISON CARRUTH was born in Phillipston, Worcester County, Mass., on February 10, 1807, the eldest in a family of seven children. In 1826 he entered Amherst College, but left there early in 1828, and in February, 1830, joined the Sophomore Class at Yale.

After graduation he taught school for three years, and then began theological studies at the Seminary in Auburn, N. Y. Two years later, in the fall of 1837, he removed to the Yale Divinity School for the closing year of his course. For the next eighteen years he was mainly occupied in teaching in Salem, Cherry Valley, and Watertown, N. Y., and in preaching in the same State, after his ordination as an evangelist, on June 25, 1851, at Cooperstown.

In May, 1856, he went to Kansas and took up a claim near Ossawatimie. In the spring of 1863 he went to Baldwin City, in the same State, where he was Professor of Natural Sciences in Baker University, a young Methodist institution, for nearly three years. In the fall of 1866 he removed to Lawrence, and for the year he supplied acceptably the pulpit of the Presbyterian Church in Clinton. This was his last pastoral service, and the rest of his life was occupied with miscellaneous literary work, with special attention to perfecting a list of the flora of the State, on which subject he was recognized for many years as the highest authority. He instructed in Botany in Washburn College, at Topeka, for a short time about 1880. In May, 1892, he removed from Lawrence for the sake of his wife's health, and the remainder of his life was spent in a more southern climate, principally in New Mexico. He settled in Van Buren, Arkansas, in April, 1896, and died there on Sept. 15, after an illness of about twelve days, in the 90th year of his age. His bodily and mental powers and his interest in biblical and scientific studies were wonderfully preserved to the last. His principal publications were in connection with his work as State Botanist.

He married on Sept. 13, 1841, Jane Grant, of Steuben County, N. Y., by whom he had two daughters and five sons. His wife died in March, 1875, and he was again married on March 14, 1883, to Mrs. Mary E. Pedrick, of North Topeka, Kansas, who survives him.

GEORGE WILLIAM EDWARDS, the fifth son of Jonathan Walter Edwards (Y. C. 1789) and Elizabeth (Tryon) Edwards, and a grandson of the younger President Edwards, was born in Hartford, Conn., on November 1, 1811.

After graduation he went to New York City, to engage in mercantile pursuits, and was thus occupied (making Brooklyn his home after 1847) until his retirement to Stamford, Conn., in May, 1887. In both Brooklyn and Stamford he was an elder in the Presbyterian Church, and as long as his health permitted a most successful Sabbath-school teacher and superintendent.

He died, of old age, in Stamford, on July 21, 1896, in his 85th year.

He married, on November 27, 1839, Mrs. Dorinda (Barker) Cheney, of New York, who died on August 25, 1850. He next married, on October 13, 1864, Miss Hannah L. Abbott, of Bath, Me., who survives him. One daughter and one son by the first marriage, and one daughter by the second marriage, also survive him.

ALFRED HEBARD, fourth son of Augustus and Bathsheba (Learned) Hebard, was born in Windham, Conn., on May 10, 1811.

On leaving College he engaged at once in teaching, in the Edgehill Seminary, Princeton, N. J., whence he went about two years later to the charge of a boys' school in New London, Conn. In 1836 he left New London for the West, and spent a year in engineering service on a railroad in Indiana. This work being suspended in 1837, he removed to Wisconsin Territory, and began the improvement of a large farm near Burlington, in what is now Iowa. He married Anne M., second daughter of the Rev. Daniel Huntington (Y. C. 1807), of North Bridgewater, Mass., on April 20, 1841. He continued to reside in the suburbs of Burlington until 1860, and was a representative from the county in the 3d, 4th, and 6th Legislative Assemblies of the Territory, and also in the 1st General Assembly of the State. He returned gradually to his favorite occupation as a civil engineer, and in the later years of his stay in Burlington was busily employed in railroad service of this nature.

During the war of the Rebellion he was occupied in bridge and railroad construction for the Union government in Southern Missouri and Tennessee, with headquarters at St. Louis and after-

wards in Nashville. After the close of the war he was engaged in rebuilding bridges in Tennessee, Georgia, and Alabama, until 1868, when he established himself in the new settlement of Red Oak, in the southwestern part of Iowa, where the rest of his life was spent. He was a member of the State Senate from 1875 to 1883, and gained universal respect and esteem in that body for his attractive personal qualities and his practical wisdom as a legislator. Meantime he was honored in Red Oak as having so largely determined through his influence the character of that city for culture and righteousness.

In the summer of 1896 he visited New England and while here was suddenly attacked with gangrene of the foot, and after five weeks' painful illness died at the home of his sister in New London, Conn., on September 21, in his 86th year. His wife survives him, with two of their four children.

1833

JOSHUA THOMAS TUCKER, only surviving son of Joshua and Wealthy (Thomas) Tucker, was born in Milton, Mass., on September 20, 1812.

On graduation he went to St. Louis, Mo., and in 1835 entered Lane Theological Seminary, in Cincinnati, Ohio. On leaving there in 1837 he took charge of home-mission work in Chester, Randolph County, Illinois, and on May 30 married in St. Louis Mary O., daughter of Christopher Stibbs, of London, England. On November 16 he was ordained by the Presbytery of Alton, Ill. In 1838 he removed to Rushville, in Schuyler County, and in 1840 became pastor of the 1st Presbyterian Church in Hannibal, Mo., where he remained for six years. His wife died there on August 31, 1844, and he married in St. Louis on October 7, 1845, Anne D., daughter of John Shackford, of Portsmouth, N. H.

In 1846 he went to St. Louis as pastor of the North Presbyterian Church and associate editor of the *Herald of Religious Liberty*. Leaving there in 1848, he was installed over the Congregational Church in Holliston, Mass., on June 6, 1849, where he fulfilled an able and faithful ministry of nearly eighteen years, until his resignation on April 1, 1867. In 1863-64 he was one of the editors of the *Boston Recorder*; and in 1861 one of the founders of the *Boston (Congregational) Review*, and an editor of it until 1868. On April 8, 1868, he was installed pastor

of the 2d Congregational Church in Chicopee, Mass., from which a dismissal, on account of failing health, was reluctantly granted him in April, 1878. He then removed to Boston, where the rest of his life was spent.

He died in Boston (Dorchester District), on June 11, 1897, in his 85th year.

His children (by his first marriage) were two daughters, who survive him, and two younger children who died in infancy. The eldest daughter is the widow of Edward P. Nettleton (Yale 1856).

Besides his extensive contributions down to almost the end of life to the periodical press, and occasional sermons, he published a life of Christ, entitled *The Sinless One*, in 1855 (12°, pp. 324), and *Christ's Infant Kingdom*, in 1870 (16°, pp. 104). The degree of Doctor of Divinity was given him by Iowa College in 1875.

1834

JOHN PHELPS ATWATER, the youngest child of the Rev. Dr. Jeremiah Atwater (Y. C. 1793) and Clarissa (Storrs) Atwater, was born on March 4, 1813, in Carlisle, Pa., his father at that time being President of Dickinson College. About two years later the family removed to New Haven, President Atwater's native place.

He studied medicine after graduation, mostly in the Yale Medical School, and received the degree of M.D. here in 1837. In that year he removed to Cincinnati, O., where he resided until 1861. In 1845 he retired from the practice of his profession, and did not again resume it. He foresaw at an early day the development of Chicago and invested in real estate there which increased greatly in value. On leaving Cincinnati he went to Brookline, Mass., but in 1862 settled in New Haven. Finally in 1870 he removed to Poughkeepsie, N. Y., where he resided until his death. He had been in poor health for several years, but died suddenly and without pain, as he was sitting in his chair, on May 23, 1897, in his 85th year. He showed his regard for the University by the bequest of a valuable piece of landed estate which he owned in New Haven.

He married on July 27, 1845, Lucy J. Phelps, of West Townshend, Vt., who survives him with one son (Y. C. 1875) and one daughter; four other children died in infancy.

PINCKNEY WEBSTER ELLSWORTH, the eldest child of Governor William W. Ellsworth (Y. C. 1810) and Emily (Webster) Ellsworth, was born in Hartford, Conn., on December 5, 1814.

After graduation he began the study of law, but soon changed to medicine and completed the usual course, partly in Philadelphia and partly in New York City, receiving his degree at the College of Physicians and Surgeons in the latter city in 1839. He then opened an office in Hartford, and on October 11, 1842, married Julia M., daughter of Jesse Sterling, of Bridgeport. In 1843 he went abroad for special studies, which he pursued in Paris, London, and Dublin, and on his return he settled in Providence, R. I., but soon went back to Hartford, where he remained in active practice with distinction until his retirement in 1894. He was most eminent as a surgeon, and also made a specialty of diseases of the eye and ear.

On the breaking out of the civil war he was appointed Brigade Surgeon by Governor Buckingham, but in consequence of exposure on the field was obliged to resign in the winter of 1861-62.

His wife died on March 18, 1854, their only child having already died in infancy. He next married, on December 7, 1857, Julia T., daughter of Lucius K. Dow, of New Haven, by whom he had five daughters (of whom one died in infancy) and two sons. The latter are graduates of Yale (B.A. 1890 and Ph.B. 1893, respectively).

Dr. Ellsworth died in Hartford, from paralysis, on November 29, 1896, at the age of 82 years.

GEORGE MIXTER, youngest son of Jason and Susan (Cutler) Mixter, of Hardwick, Mass., was born in that town on April 28, 1815.

In the year of his graduation he visited St. Louis, and again in 1837, when he went West permanently, settling in May in Rock Island, Illinois, which city was afterwards his residence, excepting for three years during which he was Registrar of a Land Office in Dixon in the same State.

In 1838 he was admitted to the bar, but never practiced the profession. His choice of an occupation was always limited by a reference to his health, being a sufferer from asthma. He was thus at different times engaged in farming, in the lumber business, and in manufactures.

He died at his home in Rock Island on April 20, 1897, at the age of 82.

He married on January 1, 1846, Miss Susan E. Gilbert, of Moline, Wisconsin, who died about five years before him. Their children were four sons and four daughters. Of the three sons who survive them, the eldest was graduated at the Sheffield Scientific School in 1867, and the second in 1877; one daughter is also living.

THOMAS PORTER SCOVELL, son of Dr. Seymour and Cynthia (Porter) Scovell, was born in Palmyra, Wayne County, N. Y., on November 22, 1814, and entered College from Lewiston, Niagara County, his father being among the early settlers in that vicinity.

After graduation he began the study of law in Lockport, the county seat of Niagara County, but abandoned it after a few months, for reasons of health and from distaste for the study. In 1837, during the excitement attending the Canadian insurrection, he edited a paper called *The Frontier Sentinel*. In 1839 *The Niagara Democrat* passed into his hands and was edited and published by him at Lockport until 1846, when he retired from business on account of illness. He spent the next winter at the South, and returned to his home in Lewiston with health re-established. In 1849 he became the agent of the *Ætna Fire Insurance Company* of Hartford, and continued in that business for nearly half a century. He was also for over forty years, until his resignation in 1892 on account of feebleness, town clerk of Lewiston, and was most highly respected both in public and private life.

He died in Lewiston of paralysis on August 6, 1896, in his 82d year. He was unmarried.

1838

WILLIAM STUART FLEMING was born near Zion Church, Maury County, Tennessee, on April 23, 1816, the eldest son of Thomas F. and Margaret E. (Armstrong) Fleming. His parents were of Scotch-Irish descent, and had emigrated from South Carolina in 1805. He was excellently prepared for College under a private tutor, and entered at the beginning of the Sophomore year.

He taught in his native county for a short time after graduation, and then began the study of law. In January, 1842, he was

licensed to practice and opened an office in Columbia, the county seat of Maury County, where he practiced with distinguished success until his election, in August, 1870, as Chancellor of the Eighth Chancery Division of the State, embracing Maury, Giles, Williamson, and Marshall Counties. To this judicial position he was re-elected by an overwhelming majority of the popular vote in August, 1878, for another term of eight years. In 1886, when enfeebled by age, he declined to offer himself for re-election, though urged by the bar to do so, and retired from the bench with tokens of the deep affection and veneration felt for him by the members of the bar in the courts over which he had presided.

He then associated himself with his youngest son in practice and entered again on the labors of the profession. In 1893 he retired from active life and passed the remainder of his days pleasantly occupied in writing reminiscences and poems, and especially in the devotional study of the Scriptures. He was for the greater part of his life an elder in the First Presbyterian Church in Columbia, and always devoted to the cause of Christ. The most important of his writings was a *History of Maury County*, published in 1876.

He married on September 5, 1839, Miss Frances M. Stephenson, who died on April 28, 1849; of her six children, one daughter and one son are still living. He next married, on January 12, 1854, Mary W., second daughter of J. W. S. Frierson, M.D., of Columbia, who died on November 8, 1858; her three children died early. He married again, on February 8, 1860, Ruth A. Johnson, widow of Albert Booker, who bore him three children, of whom one son only is living.

Judge Fleming died in Columbia, after a long life of honor and usefulness, on July 13, 1896, in his 81st year.

1839

RICHARD ELISHA RICE was born in Winthrop, a village in Saybrook, Conn., on February 8, 1816.

For eighteen months after graduation he taught school in Delaware, Ohio, and was then for three years principal of the Academy in Madison, Conn. In the fall of 1844 he went to Augusta, Ga., where he was engaged for about three years in mercantile business. He then resumed the charge of the Madison Academy, but in May, 1850, removed to Stamford, Conn., and established a boarding-school for boys, which he conducted

successfully for fourteen years. In April, 1864, his health giving way, he gave up his school and soon removed to New Haven, his eldest child being just ready to enter College. For the rest of his life he found employment in acting as trustee for several estates and as an office-bearer in the church. He had served as deacon of the 1st Congregational Church in Stamford from 1854 to 1864, and after his removal to New Haven was deacon for twenty years in the North, now the United Church, and also its clerk and treasurer. He was compelled by advancing age and infirmities to resign the office of clerk about a year before his death, but retained the position of treasurer to the end.

He died at his home in New Haven on May 30, 1897, in his 82d year.

He married on September 11, 1845, Parnella, younger daughter of Hubbard Scranton, of Madison, who died on March 28, 1893. Of their four children, one son (Y. C. 1868) and one daughter, the wife of Professor W. T. Sedgwick (S. S. S. 1877), are still living.

EDWARD WELLS was born in Durham, Greene County, N. Y., on December 2, 1818, and entered College from Sing Sing, N. Y., during the first term of Junior year.

After graduation he studied law, at first in the office of the Hon. Aaron Ward, of Sing Sing, and later with Minott Mitchell, of White Plains. In October, 1842, he was admitted to the bar, and settled two months after in Peekskill, N. Y., for the practice of his profession, in which he attained eminent success. Though residing in a district opposed to him in politics, he was elected District Attorney of Westchester County by the Whigs in 1850, and was re-elected three years later, but declined a third nomination. As an orator and public speaker he held a foremost place in the bar of the State. He was for many years an elder in the First Presbyterian Church of Peekskill, and was always most highly esteemed for his uprightness and fidelity.

He died, after a protracted illness, at his home in Peekskill, on October 9, 1896, in his 78th year.

He married on October 21, 1856, Hannah H., daughter of the Rev. Dr. Charles W. Nassau, of Lawrenceville, N. J. His two sons and one daughter survive him, the elder son being a graduate of Yale College in 1884.

JOSIAH DWIGHT WHITNEY, the eldest child of Josiah Dwight Whitney, of Northampton, Mass., and Sarah (Williston) Whitney, was born in Northampton on November 23, 1819.

After six months' study in the chemical laboratory of Dr. Robert Hare, in Philadelphia, he began his active geological work as assistant under Dr. Charles T. Jackson on the survey of New Hampshire, where he was engaged for two years. He then undertook an extended course of study in chemistry, mineralogy, and geology, at the School of Mines in Paris, and the universities of Berlin and Giessen. Returning in the spring of 1847 he was appointed by the U. S. Government, with J. W. Foster, to assist Jackson in the geological exploration of the Lake Superior region. After two years the work was committed to Foster and Whitney alone, and the results of their labors appeared in their final report, in two volumes (1850-51). He then spent two years in an extended investigation of the mines and mineral regions east of the Mississippi, in preparation for his *Metallic Wealth of the U. S.*, published in 1854. In 1855 he was appointed State Chemist of Iowa and Professor of Chemistry in the State University, and in the same year began geological work in Iowa in connection with Professor James Hall. The results were published in Part I of the Report on the Geology of Iowa in 1858. He withdrew from his professorship after two or three years.

He next undertook the investigation of the Upper Mississippi Lead Region, in connection with official surveys of Wisconsin and Illinois, and printed the results of his explorations in the Report on the Geological Survey of Wisconsin in 1862.

In 1860 he was appointed State Geologist of California, and until the spring of 1874 (when the work was discontinued by act of the Legislature) was engaged in the organization and conduct of a thorough topographical, geological and natural-history survey of that State. His Reports of this survey, in six volumes (1864-70), were his most elaborate work and exhibit his best powers.

In the meantime he was appointed in 1865 Professor of Geology in Harvard College, with charge of the School of Mining and Practical Geology, which professorship he held until his death, though he did not begin active duty for some years.

After a period of failing health he died suddenly, at Lake Sunapee, N. H., on August 19, 1896, in his 77th year.

He married on February 5, 1854, Louisa, daughter of Samuel

Goddard, of Brookline, Mass., who died on May 13, 1882. Their only child, a daughter, died a few hours after her mother.

Professor Whitney received the honorary degree of LL.D. from Yale in 1870, and was one of the original members of the National Academy of Sciences. Mount Whitney, the highest mountain in the United States (outside of Alaska), was named in his honor.

1840

THOMAS SPENCER HUNTINGTON was born on June 20, 1820, in Hartford, Connecticut.

After graduation he went to Augusta, Ga., the home of a cousin. In the meantime his father had removed to Cincinnati, O., whither the son also went about 1842. He adopted the profession of civil engineering and was connected with the survey and construction of several railroads, especially with the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton R. R., of which he was chief engineer for about six years. He resided principally in Ohio and Wisconsin until 1850, and for the next ten years in Cincinnati. He then removed to a new settlement on Lake Pepin, a short distance below St. Paul, Minnesota.

He returned to Cincinnati about 1886, but soon after became a patient in Longview Asylum, at Carthage, in the suburbs of the city, where he died on October 10, 1896, in his 77th year.

He married soon after his return to Cincinnati in 1850, and left children.

WILLIAM NORRIS was born in Baltimore, Md., on December 6, 1820.

He began life after graduation as a merchant in Baltimore, but subsequently studied law and was admitted to the Baltimore bar in 1844. He then went to Texas as a surveyor, and in 1845 settled in New Orleans for the practice of his profession. In 1848 he went to California and while there was engaged in mining, surveying, and speculating, as well as in the practice of law. He acted for a time as Judge-Advocate of the Pacific squadron of the U. S. Navy, then lying in the Bay of San Francisco, and while thus engaged visited Valparaiso, Chili, in 1851, and there met and married Miss Ellen L., daughter of U. S. Consul George G. Hobson.

He then returned to Baltimore, where he was engaged in business at the outbreak of the Civil War. In July, 1861, he

entered the Confederate service, and was appointed as a Captain on the staff of General Magruder. In October, 1862, on the General's recommendation, he was appointed Chief of the Signal Service of the Confederate army, with the rank of Major. He was subsequently promoted to be Colonel, and was appointed Commissioner for the exchange of prisoners, and Chief of the Secret Service Bureau.

At the close of the war he retired to his ancestral estate called Brookland, near Reisterstown, in Baltimore County, where he lived, highly respected, until his death. He was offered in 1870 a high position in the army of the Khédive of Egypt, but declined it.

He died suddenly, from apoplexy, at Brookland, on December 29, 1896, at the age of 76. His wife survives him with their four children, two daughters and two sons.

Colonel Norris published in 1879 a graphic account of the naval battle between the Monitor and the Merrimac in Hampton Roads in 1862, of which he was an eye-witness.

1841

EDMUND PARKER CHASE, son of William Chase, was born on May 30, 1821, in Boston, Mass., but entered College from New York City.

After graduation he began reading law at his home in Pepperell, Mass., with the Hon. Asa F. Lawrence. He continued his studies with David A. Hall, of Washington, D. C., and after his admission to the bar he settled for practice in St. Louis, Mo., in 1844. After about a year he removed to Beardstown, Ill., and in 1846 gave up his profession for mercantile business in Rushville. In 1850, having been unsuccessful, he returned to Beardstown, where he prospered. In the fall of 1870 he sold out his business, and in December of that year removed to Des Moines, Iowa. In May, 1894, he suffered partial paralysis as the result of a sun-stroke, which also affected his brain, so that his mind gradually failed. He died at his home in Des Moines on June 21, 1896, in his 76th year.

He married on October 12, 1846, Eliza A. D., eldest daughter of the Rev. John Scripps, Presiding Elder in the Methodist Episcopal Church, who survives him. Their children were seven sons and three daughters, of whom five sons and one daughter are still living.

WILLIAM TEMPLEMAN SAWYER, son of Wilson and Sarah G. (Sawyer) Sawyer, was born in Elizabeth City, N. C., on February 20, 1821. His father died in 1823, and he resided chiefly in Norfolk and Alexandria, Va., before entering College in the fall of 1839.

On returning to the South after graduation he found that his property had been dissipated through the speculations of his guardian, so that he was forced to abandon his plan of study in the Yale Law School. He remained for some years in feeble health among his kindred in Greensboro, Hale County, Alabama. In 1853-4 he was well enough to teach a select school; and a little later he took up the study of medicine, and received the degree of M.D. at the University of Louisiana in 1860. During the civil war he served as surgeon in the Confederate army, chiefly in hospitals in Mississippi and Alabama. In the winter of 1865-6 he settled in New Orleans for the practice of his profession, but on the partial failure of his health in 1866 he removed to Whistler, Ala., near Mobile, where he was a successful practitioner for twenty-eight years. He never married, and when no longer able to undergo the fatigues of professional life he removed in 1894 to the house of a niece, at his old home in Greensboro, where he died on July 9, 1896, in his 76th year.

1843

LEMUEL SANFORD DAVIES, son of the Rev. Thomas F. Davies (Y. C. 1813), was born in New Haven, Conn. (where his father was then editing *The Christian Spectator*), on February 28, 1823.

On graduation he entered the Law School, but in the following spring was obliged by the failure of his health to relinquish study. He then spent a year in Cayuga County, N. Y., and was sufficiently recruited to undertake a year's engagement as a teacher in Northampton County, N. C., after which renewed feebleness drove him again to Cayuga County. Finally he returned to New Haven in the fall of 1846 to complete his studies, and in the spring of 1847 he was admitted to the bar. On September 14, 1847, he married Stella M., elder daughter of Edward Scovill, of Waterbury, Conn., and in the uncertain condition of his health he again returned to Cayuga County and devoted himself to agricultural pursuits. In the spring of 1855 he opened a law office in Waterbury, and practiced his profession with suc-

cess. He was Mayor of the city for the year 1863-64, and Judge of Probate from 1866 to 1868. His health, however, finally compelled him to abandon professional work, and after trying for brief visits the climate of Minnesota he removed to Santa Cruz, California, where he died on June 15, 1897, in his 75th year.

EDWARD EELLS was born in Middletown, Conn., on November 10, 1818, the son of Samuel and Lucena (Woodward) Eells of that town.

After leaving College he taught for one year in Baltimore, Md., and then went to the Princeton Theological Seminary, where he was graduated in 1847. For nearly two years he was a home missionary in Boone County, Kentucky, and was ordained there as an evangelist by the Presbytery of Ebenezer on September 14, 1848. He was then recalled to Connecticut, and from June, 1849, to April, 1850, supplied the Congregational Church in Bozrah. Next followed an engagement for home mission work in Atlantic County, N. J., principally at Absecom. After another interval of service in Northern Kentucky, he went in 1855 to mission work among the Choctaw Indians, and in 1856 to Texas, where he spent three years in preaching and teaching in Lamar and San Augustine Counties. He then removed to north-western Louisiana, and preached for nine years in De Soto Parish. In 1868 he returned to the neighborhood of his early Kentucky ministry, and from 1869 to 1882 labored faithfully and successfully in Coalsmouth, now St. Albans, West Virginia. Then, on the failure of his health, he fixed his home in Washington, D. C., where he died, after a long and at times very painful illness, on March 11, 1897, in his 79th year.

He married on January 4, 1848, Hetty, daughter of the Rev. Christian Wiltberger, of Yardleyville, Pa., who survives him. Their children were five in number, all but one of whom are now living.

1844

CYPRIAN PORTER WILLCOX, son of Cyprian and Catharine (DeWitt) Willcox, was born in Sparta, Ga., on November 26, 1822. He entered Yale at the opening of the Junior year, his family having removed to New Haven in his childhood.

The year after graduation he spent in his native State. The next four years were mostly employed in teaching in New York

City, where he also attempted to study medicine, but found the profession uncongenial. In October, 1849, he went to Europe, and remained there until the summer of 1856, principally occupied in teaching private pupils and in the study of modern languages. He then formed the plan of establishing a Home School for American boys on the Continent, but was delayed by the financial panic of 1857. He was married in Augusta, Ga., on October 7, 1859, to Mary F., daughter of James M. Smythe, and immediately returned to Europe and opened his projected school in Geneva, where it was eminently successful until interrupted by the outbreak of the civil war. After this he engaged in business in Brussels, and in the fall of 1869 returned to America, and settled in Columbus, Ga., where an older brother was living. In January, 1872, he accepted the chair of Modern Languages in the University of Georgia, at Athens, where he remained as a valued officer until his death. The honorary degree of Doctor of Laws was conferred on him by the University of the South in 1891. Besides being honored for his scholarship, he was also highly esteemed for his integrity of character. For many years before his death he was Senior Warden of the leading Episcopal Church in Athens.

He died at his home in Athens very suddenly, from heart disease, on Sept. 4, 1896, in his 74th year. His wife survives him, with their six sons, an only daughter having died several years before him.

1845

OLIVER CRANE, the eldest son of Stephen F. and Matilda H. (Smith) Crane, was born in West Bloomfield, now Montclair, N. J., on July 12, 1822. His father was a well-to-do farmer, and he was prepared for the Sophomore Class in the face of considerable difficulties, with a view of becoming a foreign missionary.

He taught after graduation in a boarding-school in Bordentown, N. J., until he entered Andover Theological Seminary in the fall of 1846. A year later he removed to Union Seminary, where he finished the course in May, 1848. On June 18, 1848, he was ordained by the Presbytery of Newark, being already under appointment as a missionary of the American Board to the Armenians of Turkey. On Sept. 5, 1848, he was married to Marion D., daughter of John Turnbull, of New York City, and he sailed for his new field of duty in January, 1849. After he

had acquired the Turkish language he did efficient service, mainly in Aintab, Syria, until compelled to return home by his wife's health in the fall of 1853.

In January, 1854, he was installed as pastor of the Presbyterian church in Huron, N. Y., on the shores of Lake Ontario, but the rigor of the climate proving too severe for Mrs. Crane, he was obliged to accept another call, in May, 1857, to the Presbyterian Church in Waverly, in Tioga County. In the spring of 1860, Mrs. Crane's health seeming to warrant it, he was reappointed missionary, and then spent nearly three years in Adrianople, Turkey. Mrs. Crane's illness again compelled her husband to relinquish his post in July, 1863.

In the summer of 1864 he was elected Professor of Biblical Literature and Moral Science in Rutgers Female College, New York City, but declined in order to accept a call to the pastorate of the Presbyterian Church in Carbondale, Pa., where he was installed in October, 1864. In the spring of 1870 he resigned this charge, and a year later settled in Morristown, N. J., where he devoted himself largely to literary pursuits, and where Mrs. Crane died on July 23, 1890, after a lingering illness. Three daughters and a son (Yale 1879) survive their parents, another daughter having died in infancy.

On Sept. 1, 1891, he was married to Miss Sibylla A., daughter of Henry Bailey, of Boston, and thenceforth made that city his home. He died there of paralysis on November 29, 1896, in his 75th year.

The honorary degree of M.D. was conferred on him by the Eclectic Medical College of New York City in 1867, that of D.D. by the University of Wooster, Ohio, in 1880, and that of LL.D. by Westminster College, Missouri, in 1889.

He published in 1888 a line-by-line translation of Vergil's Aeneid in dactylic hexameter, and in 1889 a small volume of miscellaneous poems. As secretary of his College Class, he published a remarkably full record in 1881.

LEONARD EUGENE WALES was born in Wilmington, Del., on November 26, 1823, the third child of the Hon. John Wales (Y. C. 1801) and Ann (Patten) Wales.

On graduation he read law in his father's office for three years, and was admitted to the bar in May, 1848. He settled in practice in his native city, and for two years was an associate editor

of the *Delaware State Journal*, then the organ of the Whig party in the State. For several years from May, 1849, he was clerk of the United States Court for the district of Delaware. In July, 1853, he was elected City Solicitor of Wilmington, and was re-elected the following year. In April, 1861, he enlisted in the 1st Regiment of Delaware Volunteers, for three months' service, and was chosen 2d Lieutenant. In May, 1863, he was appointed a Commissioner of Enrolment for Delaware, to superintend the draft of troops; and while still serving on this Board he accepted, in October, 1864, the position of Associate Judge of the State Courts for Newcastle County. He retained this place until his appointment by President Arthur in March, 1884, as Judge of the United States District Court for the district of Delaware, and the duties of this office he performed with much acceptability until his last illness.

He died in Wilmington on Febr. 8, 1897, in his 74th year, after less than a week's illness, from bronchitis, resulting from an attack of the grip. He was unmarried, and a maiden sister who had for many years lived with him, died about two weeks earlier.

1846

CHARLES JOSEPH GOBRECHT, the eldest son and second child of Christian and Mary Gobrecht, was born in Philadelphia, Pa., on August 15, 1825.

He studied law in Philadelphia for two years after graduation, and was admitted to the bar in October, 1848. He then began the practice of his profession in that city and thus continued until within a few years of his death. He also did editorial work for a long series of years on the Philadelphia *Ledger*. At the time of his death he was Secretary of the Board of Directors of the Mercantile Library, of which he had for the past six years been a member.

He died very suddenly, from valvular disease of the heart, in Philadelphia, on December 22, 1896, in his 72d year. He was never married.

JOSEPH FRANKLIN GRIGGS, fifth son of John and Mary (Thurston) Griggs, was born in Sutton, Worcester County, Mass., on April 24, 1822.

He entered the Andover Theological Seminary in September, 1846, and again in February, 1847, but each time was soon obliged to withdraw on account of ill health.

In September, 1847, he began his career as a teacher, and was employed for two years in his native county. He then opened a boys' classical school in Alleghany City, Pa. In 1855 his school was merged in the Western University of Pennsylvania, at Pittsburg, in which he became Professor of Ancient Languages. In 1864 his professorship was divided, and he retained the chair of Greek until 1880, when he was made Secretary and Treasurer of the Board of Trustees,—an office which he held until disabled by paralysis in 1892.

He died in Pittsburg on April 1, 1897, at the age of 75.

Professor Griggs had been an elder in the Third Presbyterian Church in Pittsburg for thirty-five years, and was one of the most honored and useful citizens of that city.

He married, on April 16, 1863, Eliza B., daughter of Dr. J. B. Brooks, of Pittsburg, who survives him with one daughter and three sons; a second daughter died in infancy.

FRANKLIN HOLMES was born on March 26, 1823, in West Boylston, Mass., the son of Peter and Olive (Graves) Holmes. Soon after his birth his father removed to Amherst, Mass., and in 1833 to what is now Albion, Michigan, nearly a hundred miles west of Detroit. He had taught for two or three years in Michigan and in Massachusetts before entering College.

After graduation he taught for two years in Napanoch, Ulster County, N. Y., and then continued teaching in New Haven while a student (for two years) in the Yale Divinity School. He preached for a few months in North Brookfield, Mass., and while a resident licentiate at Andover Seminary he was called (in March, 1852) to settle over the Trinitarian Congregational Church in Norton, Mass., where he was ordained pastor on September 15, 1852, and where his memory is still held in affectionate remembrance.

He resigned this charge in 1860, when a tendency to pulmonary difficulties made it seem expedient for him to seek some other occupation. He was then for ten years engaged in a manufacturing business in New York City, and in 1870 became connected with the *New York Mercantile Journal* as editor. In this capacity, and as part owner, he was actively engaged until ill health compelled him to give up business life in 1883.

After suffering much from asthma for some years, he died suddenly of paralysis, in Paxton, Mass., on September 30, 1895; aged 72½ years.

He married on August 5, 1855, Martha Sawyer, of Charlestown, Mass. His widow and his two children, both sons, survive him.

BERNARD ANTHONY PRATTE, elder son of Bernard and Marie Louise (Chenie) Pratte, was born in St. Louis, Mo., on August 5, 1825, and entered College in March of Freshman year. His father was engaged in the fur trade in early life, and was connected with the old French Creole families of St. Louis by blood and social position.

After graduation he studied law and established himself in practice in St. Louis. He married on June 5, 1856, Eliza G., daughter of Frederick G. Edwards, of Louisville, Ky., who survives him without children.

He served as an officer in the Ordnance Department of the Confederate Army during the civil war, and after its close he removed to Atlanta, Ga., where he was at first in business as a commission merchant and afterwards clerk in a Life Insurance office.

He removed finally to Decatur, in Northern Texas, where he died on February 1, 1897, in his 72d year.

1847

CHARLES THEODORE HART PALMER, the second son of Benjamin F. and Eliza Palmer, was born at Mystic Bridge, in Stonington, Conn., on January 15, 1827. His mother was a daughter of the Rev. Ira Hart (Y. C. 1797).

He studied law after graduation, for six months with the Hon. LaFayette S. Foster, of Norwich, Conn., and later in the Yale Law School; and early in 1849, when the gold fever was at its height, he emigrated to California and began practice in San Francisco. His office was soon burnt out, and he then removed to Sacramento, where he established the first school in that city. From this occupation he passed into various business ventures, chiefly connected with mining operations. He was for some years in the banking and assaying business in Folsom, and thence removed to the suburbs of San Francisco.

He died at his residence, in Berkeley, on February 18, 1897, in his 71st year.

He was general manager, at the time of his death, of several extensive porphyry paving companies, and a fall in a quarry

which he was inspecting, some three months before, is believed to have hastened his death.

He married in May, 1857, Hattie K., daughter of Sherman Day (Y. C. 1827), who survives him. They had no children.

1848

EDWARD PAYSON ABBE, eldest son of Alanson Abbe, M.D. (Yale 1821) and Eliza W. (Barnes) Abbe, was born in Litchfield, Conn., on November 28, 1825, and entered the Yale Medical School in September, 1844. A year later he joined the Sophomore Class in College.

In 1849 he made a voyage to California for the sake of his health, and in March, 1850, resumed his medical studies at the Harvard Medical School, where he was graduated in August, 1852. After a brief engagement as Assistant Physician at the Hospital on Deer Island, in Boston Harbor, he settled in New Bedford, Mass., in May, 1853, for the practice of his profession, and there continued, an honored citizen, through his life. He was President of the Southern Massachusetts Medical Society in 1880-81.

He died in New Bedford on February 25, 1897, in his 72d year.

He married, on May 2, 1854, Mary H., daughter of Captain William G. Blackler, of New Bedford, who died before him. One daughter and one son (a physician) are still living.

HOMER NORTROP DUNNING, son of Hermon and Flora (Northrop) Dunning, was born in Brookfield, Conn., on July 17, 1827, and entered College at the beginning of the Sophomore year from Peekskill, N. Y.

For a year after graduation he was the principal of the Academy at Sag Harbor, Long Island, and then took the full course of study in the Union Theological Seminary, New York City. On December 2, 1852, he was ordained and installed as the first pastor of the Congregational Church in Gloversville, N. Y., where he remained until his acceptance of a call to the Congregational Church in South Norwalk, Conn. He was installed at this place on April 17, 1866, and continued in service until his retirement from the active work of the ministry on May 1, 1883.

The rest of his life was spent in literary labor and in private teaching in South Norwalk, where he died from the effects of an attack of the grip, on March 27, 1897, in his 70th year.

He married, on October 19, 1852, Sarah, daughter of Wales A. Candee, of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., who survives him with their two daughters,—an only son having died in infancy.

Mr. Dunning was recognized as a preacher of unusual ability, and was especially well versed in Hebrew, Greek, and German. He was a skillful translator from these languages into English, the best known of such efforts being a poetical version of the Book of Job.

JAMES HEDDEN TRUMBULL, son of John M. and Eliza (Bruen) Trumbull, was born in Elizabeth, N. J., in March, 1828, and entered College from Colchester, Conn., at the opening of Sophomore year.

On graduation he began the study of medicine at the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York City, and after some interruptions completed the course and received the degree of M. D. in 1852. He then went to Chili, settling at first in Valparaiso, and ultimately in Talcahuano, where he resided for upwards of thirty years. He retired from the active practice of his profession some years before his death.

In June, 1859, he married Eulogia, daughter of Richard Lindsay, of Talcahuano, by whom he had five sons and four daughters. The two elder sons were graduated at the Sheffield Scientific School in 1881. Two sons and three daughters survive him.

While on a visit to Iquique, at the northern extremity of Chili, for his failing health, he died there on Nov. 12, 1896, in his 69th year. His wife died in 1891.

BENHAM DANIEL YOUNG, also known in later life as DANIEL BENHAM YOUNG, but in College only as BEN D. YOUNG, was born in Christian County, Kentucky, on October 16, 1822, the son of Harvey and Lucretia (Benham) Young. He entered College at the opening of the Sophomore year, being then a resident of Huntsville, Alabama, and his progress having been delayed by lack of money.

On graduation he returned to Huntsville to study law, and meantime was occupied in teaching. He was soon admitted to the bar, and for a number of years lived in the family of Dr. John Y. Bassett, whose daughter, Alice L., twenty years his junior, he married on January 13, 1859. Although his sympathies were strongly southern, he was opposed to secession, and deprecated the war. He did not serve in the army.

For several years after the rebellion he continued at the bar, but eventually turned from an unlucrative practice and devoted himself to teaching. The drudgery of the latter profession was, however, distasteful to him, and the death of his wife on April 6, 1877, served to make him more of a recluse. His taste for literature and his skill as a writer, which were known to his classmates, continued to the last. He died in Huntsville on May 12, 1895, in his 73d year, leaving several children.

1849

BELA HORTON COLEGROVE was born in Coventry, R. I., on March 22, 1824, and entered the class from Brown University in January, 1846.

After graduation he studied for two years in the Yale Law School, and then practiced his profession in Buffalo, N. Y., until March, 1873, when he removed to Sharpsburg, in northeastern Kentucky, to take charge of a school. For the rest of his life, however, he was mainly employed in farming and stock raising.

He died in Sharpsburg on April 27, 1897, from the effects of a paralytic stroke, after two weeks' illness, in his 74th year.

He married on July 29, 1856, Miss Laura H. Saunders, of Buffalo, by whom he had two sons (both of whom died in infancy) and four daughters.

JOB LEWIS SMITH, son of the Hon. Lewis and Chloe (Benson) Smith, was born in Spafford, Onondaga County, N. Y., on October 15, 1827, and entered College in May, 1846.

He began the study of medicine with Dr. Caleb Green, of Homer, N. Y., and after attending lectures in the Buffalo Medical School was graduated at the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York City in the spring of 1853. From that date until his last sickness he practiced his profession in New York City. He made a specialty from the first of the diseases of children, and published a most valuable Treatise on that subject, which reached an eighth edition in 1896 (pp. 987), and is regarded as a standard authority. In 1878 he was appointed Professor of the Diseases of Children in Bellevue Hospital Medical College, and so continued until he was made Professor Emeritus shortly before his death. He had been Second President of the National Pediatric Association. He had also served for many years as

Physician to the City Hospital, the New York Foundling Asylum, and Infant Asylum, and was especially devoted to faithful labors among the poor.

He married on April 22, 1858, Mary Anne, eldest daughter of George Hannah, of New York City, who died on January 27, 1878. Their children were four daughters, who are still living, and three sons, all deceased. The eldest son was a graduate of Columbia College (1881) and the Bellevue Medical School.

Dr. Smith died from heart failure in New York City, on June 9, 1897, in his 70th year. He had been in poor health for several years, but was engaged in active practice until a few days before his death. He received a severe nervous shock in a runaway accident several months earlier, and had scarcely recovered from this when an accident on a cable car resulted in such lameness that he was confined to his bed, and impaired digestion sapped, his strength.

1850

SYLVANUS SANFORD MULFORD was born in Montrose, Susquehanna County, Pa., on January 24, 1830, and entered Yale in the first term of the Sophomore year.

He spent the year after graduation engaged in civil engineering in his native county, and did not begin until October, 1852 the study of his chosen profession at the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York City. In 1855 he received the degree of M.D., and was then for two years house physician in the New York Hospital. A year of travel and study in Europe followed, after which he settled in Cherry Valley, N. Y. In the spring of 1861 he gave up his practice to enter the Union Army as Surgeon of the 33d N. Y. Volunteers, with which he remained until November, 1862; he continued in the army until August, 1865, and after a year's rest in travel he settled, in accordance with his original intention, in New York City, where he remained until his sudden death there, from apoplexy, on September 9, 1896, in his 67th year. He was unmarried.

HUBERT ANSON NEWTON, the fifth son in a family of eleven children of William and Lois (Butler) Newton, was born in Sherburne, Chenango County, N. Y., on March 19, 1830, and entered College the second term of Freshman year.

He spent the first two and a half years after graduation at Sherburne and in New Haven, pursuing mathematical studies. In January, 1853, he entered on the office of tutor in the College, and from the first had the care of the whole department of mathematics, in consequence of the illness and death of Professor Stanley. At Commencement in 1855 he was elected Professor of Mathematics, with leave of absence for a year, which was spent in study in Paris. From this time until his last illness he was actively employed in the discharge of his duties, so that at the time of his death he was not only the oldest Academical Professor in service, but had had a longer uninterrupted connection with the teaching body of the University than any one who survives him.

Besides his special work of instruction, Professor Newton was deeply interested in the development of the Yale Observatory, for the direction of which he was, if not nominally, really responsible ever since its inception.

After several years of feeble health, he died in New Haven on August 12, 1896, in his 67th year.

He married, on April 14, 1859, Anna C., eldest child of the Rev. Dr. Joseph C. Stiles (Y. C. 1814). Mrs. Newton, who had long been a great invalid, survived her husband for three months, dying on November 12, 1896. Their two daughters are still living.

In his earlier years Professor Newton's special studies were in the field of modern higher geometry; but he soon became most deeply interested in the complicated problems of meteoric astronomy, which engrossed the best efforts of his life. His ingenious investigations, conducted with characteristic and indefatigable patience, enlarged widely the boundaries of knowledge in this direction and gave him a solid claim to remembrance among the masters of astronomical science.

He was one of the fifty original members (1863) of the National Academy of Sciences, and was honored by election into many other learned societies, at home and abroad, including the Royal Society of London (1892). The degree of Doctor of Laws was conferred on him by the University of Michigan in 1868. In the administration of the College he was a strong and efficient force, and the simplicity and loveliness of his character endeared him to all his associates.

1851

THOMAS STOUGHTON POTWIN, the oldest child of Thomas and Sarah (Stoughton) Potwin, of East (now South) Windsor, Conn., was born there on April 4, 1829. He was a victim of permanent ill-health from early boyhood.

After graduation he was tutor in Greek and Latin in Beloit College, Wisconsin, for two years, and then began the study of theology in the East Windsor Seminary. From the fall of 1854 to the spring of 1858 he was a tutor at Yale, after which he resumed his theological studies in East Windsor. On December 29, 1858, he married Harriet A., daughter of Colonel Benjamin King, of Boston, and settled in New Haven, where he found further employment as a teacher. In the fall of 1860 he took charge of the Congregational Church in Franklin, Delaware County, N. Y., of which he was ordained pastor on February 21, 1861. Ill health from overwork compelled him to resign in February, 1867, and after two years' rest in East Windsor, he removed to Amherst, Mass., where he lived until the spring of 1875.

His health being still insufficient to pastoral service, and Mrs. Potwin being specially adapted to the care of children, they then took the superintendency of the Orphan Asylum in Hartford, Conn., which they retained for twelve years. In the spring of 1887, in consequence of severe throat troubles he attempted orange culture in Winter Park, Florida, but returned after one year to Hartford, where he lived afterwards in retirement.

After several months of mental depression he died in Hartford on October 22, 1896, in his 68th year. His wife survives him, with an adopted daughter and an adopted son.

He published in 1887 a small volume (193 pp.) entitled *The Triumph of Life*, in support of the doctrine of conditional immortality. As historian of his College Class, he issued in 1893 a volume of Class History (348 pp.).

1853

HENRY ISAAC BLISS, younger son of Charles and Lucia (Coe) Bliss, was born on January 8, 1830, in Hartford, Conn. He and his eldest brother (Yale 1852) lost their father in 1836, and lived with their grandfather in Hartford during their early education.

He adopted the profession of civil engineering and was thus employed in Wisconsin for the year after graduation. For a part of the next year he was in charge of the Grammar School in Hartford, but he returned to Wisconsin in August, 1855, and ever after resided there. In March, 1856, he settled in La Crosse and was an esteemed citizen of that place until his death. He was annually elected City Surveyor from 1856 to 1884, and was also employed in the survey and construction of various railroads in that region.

During his last years feeble health withdrew him in a measure from active life. He died in La Crosse during the night of July 9, 1896, aged 66½ years.

He married on April 28, 1858, Harriet H., second daughter of Samuel D. Partridge (Amherst Coll. 1827), of Brooklyn, N. Y., who survives him with their only daughter; an only son died in infancy.

1855

LUTHER HENRY TUCKER, the only son of Luther Tucker by his second wife, Mary Sparhawk, was born in Rochester, N. Y., on October 19, 1834. His father, the founder of the first daily paper in New York State west of Albany, removed to Albany in 1839. He entered College at the beginning of the Sophomore year, and left in January of the Junior year, but was enrolled with the class in 1858.

His withdrawal from College was for the sake of helping his father, the editor and publisher of the *Cultivator and Country Gentleman*, a weekly journal devoted to agriculture, horticulture, and rural affairs. He became a partner in the firm in December, 1855, and editor-in-chief after his father's death in January, 1873. During the earlier years of his busy editorial life he was prominent as a public lecturer on agricultural topics; on the establishment of the State College of Agriculture at Rutgers College, New Jersey, in 1865, he was appointed Professor of Agriculture, but he found the duties incompatible with his other engagements and soon resigned the office.

After thirty years of unremitting industry, his health failed, in December, 1884, and for the rest of life he was largely withdrawn from active work. He died suddenly, from Bright's disease, at his home in Albany, on February 23, 1897, in his 63d year.

He married, on November 28, 1865, Cornelia S., daughter of Harvey W. Vail, of Islip, L. I., who survives him with their children, three sons and one daughter. The eldest son was graduated at Yale College in 1891, and the second is now a Sophomore in Union College.

1856

GROVE PETTIBONE LAWRENCE, the second son of the Hon. E. Grove and Jerusha S. Lawrence, of Norfolk, Conn., was born in that town on November 20, 1830.

He assisted his father on his farm until May, 1858, when he removed to Pana, in central Illinois, where he was occupied as a farmer and merchant until 1863, when he gave up the latter employment on account of his health. From 1867 to 1870 he was engaged in banking, and in the fall of 1871 he became actively interested in the construction of a railroad in Missouri which occupied him until the panic of 1873. After that date his attention was divided between dealing in real estate and farming. He had been elected mayor of the city of Pana, and held numerous other positions of trust and responsibility which testified to the regard which he had secured in his adopted home.

A severe illness about 1885 undermined his robust constitution, and from that time he failed gradually until his death, in Pana, on October 27, 1896, in his 66th year.

He married on October 24, 1866, Ella G. Blackburn, of Pana, who survives him with two sons and one daughter,—an elder daughter having died in infancy.

1857

JAMES MARSHALL was born in Grove, Allegany County, N. Y., on October 4, 1831, of Scotch-Irish parentage. In his boyhood the family removed to the next town northwards, Nunda, in Livingston County, from which place he entered Yale.

In the year after graduation he began the study of law in Syracuse, N. Y., where he continued for the next three years as principal of a Young Ladies' School. Meantime he had resolved on the ministry as a profession, and in 1861 he entered Princeton Seminary. In June, 1862, he was appointed Hospital Chaplain, and served as such for four years at Fortress Monroe.

In October, 1866, he married Jeannie M., daughter of Robert McNair, of Mt. Morris, N. Y., and spent the next three years in

European travel and in study in Edinburgh and Heidelberg. On his return he settled in Syracuse, and in 1871 organized the Westminster Presbyterian Church in Troy, N. Y. From 1872 to 1876 he was pastor of the First Presbyterian Church of Hoboken, N. J., and thence went to New York City, where he remained engaged in city missionary work until 1884, at first in connection with the Lebanon Chapel (1876-81), and afterwards with the DeWitt Memorial Church, which he founded.

From 1884 to 1887 he resided in Nunda, engaged in literary work. He had already declined (in 1881) the Chancellorship of Ingham University (for women) in LeRoy, N. Y., and the Presidency (in 1885) of Blair (N. J.) Presbyterial Academy and of Berea College, Ky. In September, 1887, he accepted the Presidency of Coe College, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, where he did efficient service until his death from pneumonia on September 11, 1896, in his 65th year. His wife died nearly four years before him. They had no children.

1858

ROBERT CHANDLER HASKELL, the youngest child of John C. and Randilla (Whipple) Haskell, was born in Weathersfield, Vt., on September 6, 1834.

At graduation he accepted an appointment as Professor of Mathematics in Oahu College, Honolulu, which he held for nearly two years. He was then obliged by the death of his only brother to succeed him in his business, the manufacture of floor oil-cloth, in Lansingburgh, N. Y., where the rest of his life was spent. As school-trustee for nearly thirty years, he devoted himself, in the midst of an engrossing business, to the improvement of the Lansingburgh school system, and by his wise and liberal public spirit left an enduring impression on the community. In more than one instance he employed instructors at his own expense in order to ensure the high standard of efficiency at which he was aiming. The city Board of Education recognized in 1894 his useful services by naming a new public school in his honor.

He was stricken with paralysis in May, 1895, and never recovered health. After November 1, 1896, he was confined to his room, and an attack of pneumonia in his weakened condition ended his life after a week's illness, in Lansingburgh, on May 12, 1897, in his 63d year.

He married on November 5, 1863, Sarah H., daughter of Elias R. Parmelee, of Lansingburgh, who survives him. Their only child, a son, died in infancy.

ARTHUR NELSON HOLLISTER, the eldest child of Nelson and Edith (Sawyer) Hollister, was born in Andover, Conn., on December 28, 1835. In his boyhood his father removed to Hartford, Conn.

He remained at home in imperfect health for two years (1858-60), and then spent a year in New Haven in graduate study. For the next eight years he was occupied in teaching in Hartford, for most of that time in the Hartford Grammar School. In 1869 his health compelled him to retire, but in 1873 he took a position in the office of the Charter Oak Life Insurance Company, which he held until August, 1877. In 1878 he was persuaded to return to teaching, and continued in that work until 1883, but then found his nervous system exhausted. For the rest of his life he lived in retirement at his father's house in Hartford, where he died suddenly on January 18, 1897, in his 62d year.

He married on August 25, 1863, Fanny R., daughter of Cyprian Willcox, of New Haven, who died on December 1, 1864. Their only child died in infancy.

WILLIAM ALLEN MACDOWELL, son of Robert and Sarah M. (Horrell) MacDowell, was born in Allensville, Mifflin County, Pa., on July 15, 1828, and removed with his family to Uniontown, the county seat of Fayette County, in 1844. He had taught school with success for some years before entering college in September, 1856.

After graduation he taught in Uniontown and read law for three years. In August, 1862, he enlisted as a private in the 16th Pennsylvania Cavalry, and was made within two months regimental commissary with the rank of 1st Lieutenant. He served until the end of the war, participating in eighteen engagements, and retiring with the title of Captain by brevet.

He then resumed his law studies, was admitted to the bar in December, 1866, and began practice in Uniontown. From June, 1868, until the spring of 1870 he was associate principal of the Tuscarora Academy in Academia, Pa. After an interval of travel in California he acquired in 1871 an interest in *The Genius of*

Liberty in Uniontown, and edited that paper with ability for ten years. He then disposed of the property and after that devoted himself successfully to the improvement of some real estate which he owned in the town. He spent a part of each year in travel, and kept up his interest in books and music. For ten years or more before his death his health prevented his engaging in any active occupation. He died suddenly, at his home in Uniontown, on January 18, 1897, in his 69th year, from heart trouble and asthma, of which he had complained for a short time previously. He was a leading member of the First Presbyterian Church, and one of the best known and most respected citizens of Uniontown.

He married in Peru Mills, Pa., on May 21, 1873, Clara, daughter of John Patterson, by whom he had one daughter and one son.

DANIEL TERTIUS POTTER, son of Deacon Tertius D. and Esther B. (Frisbie) Potter, and grandson of General Daniel Potter (Y. C. 1780), was born in Plymouth, Conn., on January 18, 1829. He entered College in 1853, but left the class before the close of the first term, and returned to the next class a year later.

During the first three years after graduation he taught in various places near home, and began the study of law in Hartford. In 1861 he went West and taught, at first in Illinois and Wisconsin. In 1863 he settled in St. Louis and was occupied in teaching and in further legal study until his admission to the bar in December, 1865. He continued in practice there, and was from September, 1874, the editor and proprietor of the *Insurance Law Journal*, a successful monthly publication, which he disposed of in December, 1876, because it engrossed too much of his time. In June, 1877, he removed to Deadwood, Dakota Territory, where he was engaged in law practice and in mining business until he again removed, to Spearfish, in the same territory (now South Dakota), in October, 1883. In October, 1895, he was taken suddenly ill with a disease of the heart (myocarditis), the brain also being slightly affected. He came East immediately and spent some weeks with one brother in Brooklyn, N. Y., and a like time with another brother in Thomaston, Conn. He was then taken to the Retreat in Hartford for treatment, but failed rapidly and died there on December 22, aged nearly 67 years. He was never married.

HENRY ANDREWS PRATT, son of Francis H. and Emeline (Morse) Pratt, was born in Waterbury, Conn., on August 27, 1833, and entered College as a resident of Litchfield, Conn.

For the first year after graduation he taught in General Russell's School, in New Haven (at which he had finished his own preparation for College), and for the next year he was principal of the Haydensville (Mass.) High School. He then became principal of the Waterbury (Conn.) Academy, and left this position in March, 1862, to become 2d Lieutenant in the 1st Connecticut Heavy Artillery. He was mustered out in March, 1865, with the rank of Brevet-Captain, for gallant and meritorious services.

For the next two years he was in the service of the State of Connecticut as Military Store-keeper at the Hartford Arsenal. In September, 1867, he became principal of what was then known as the Union Seminary, in Gloversville, N. Y., and he continued as principal of the Union Free School in that place until his election as superintendent of schools in 1881. He retained the latter post for nine years, and throughout his long service impressed himself by a consistent example of fidelity and conscientiousness on all who came under him.

He died at his home in Gloversville on June 17, 1896, aged nearly 63 years.

He married on March 29, 1860, Harriet J., daughter of Elisha Morgan, of Northfield, Mass., who survives him with their two daughters.

CHANNING RICHARDS, the eldest child of Channing and Lydia H. (Williamson) Richards, was born in Cincinnati, O., on February 21, 1838.

After graduation he was engaged in studying law and teaching in Cincinnati until April, 1859, when he received the degree of LL.B. from the Cincinnati Law School and was admitted to the bar. He practiced his profession in that city until his enlistment in April, 1861, on the first call for troops, as a private in the 6th Ohio Infantry. In January, 1862, he was appointed 1st Lieutenant in the 13th Missouri Infantry (a regiment raised in Ohio but adopted by Missouri), and a month later was promoted to a captaincy for gallant service. For conspicuous ability and gallantry at the battle of Shiloh General Grant recommended him for the colonelcy of a new regiment, but through some clash of authority between the National and State officials the promotion

was not sanctioned by the governor of Ohio. In May, 1862, the 13th Missouri was accredited to Ohio as the 22d Infantry, and Captain Richards retained his connection with the regiment, though frequently detailed on other important service. In April, 1863, he was assigned to duty as Provost Marshal of the District of Jackson, Tenn., and on the change of quarters of the troops, in August, continued the same duties at Memphis. After the capture of Vicksburg he was ordered back to Memphis, where he served as Acting Judge Advocate and as Acting Assistant Adjutant-General, and from November, 1864, to July, 1865, as Military Mayor of the city. He married in Memphis, on April 11, 1865, Harriet S., eldest child of Paschal P. Learned, of Norfolk, Va.

On being mustered out of the army he resumed the practice of law in Memphis, where he remained in honored and successful professional work until March, 1871, when the effect of the climate on his health induced him to return to Cincinnati. Just at this time he was offered by Governor Brownlow the position of Chancellor of the Court of Memphis, but the reasons for a change of residence seemed imperative.

In September, 1871, he was appointed Assistant District Attorney of the United States for the Southern District of Ohio, and held this office until appointed District Attorney by President Grant in February, 1877. He was re-appointed by President Hayes and retained the office until 1883, when he entered the legal firm of King & Thompson. From 1888 he was Professor of Commercial Law in the Law School of the Cincinnati College. He was elected President of the Cincinnati Bar Association in 1893. He was a devoted member of the Protestant Episcopal Church and active in service to all its interests. From 1872 to 1892 his residence was in the village of Glendale and for the rest of his life in Mt. Auburn.

His health failed in 1895 and he was taken to Battle Creek, Michigan, for the following summer. He died there on September 12, 1896, in his 59th year.

His wife survives him with four sons and one daughter.

NORMAND SMITH, son of Deacon Thomas and Mary Ann (Ripley) Smith, was born in Hartford, Conn., on August 6, 1836.

After graduation he studied medicine in New York City until October, 1861, when he received the degree of M.D. from the College of Physicians and Surgeons. For the next two years

he served as an Assistant Physician in the New York Hospital, and then began practice in the same city. In June, 1867, he sailed for Europe, where he remained for five years, engaged in medical study in Berlin and Vienna, and in travel. He married in Munich on December 2, 1871, Elena, daughter of Heinrich Max Im-Hoff, who survives him. On his return in 1872 he settled in New York City, but removed his residence to Yonkers in 1881. From 1888 to 1894 he lived in Dresden, Germany, partly on account of his wife's health, and partly for the sake of musical advantages for his children. In January, 1896, while apparently in perfect health, he suffered from a slight attack of cerebral apoplexy, from which he recovered bodily but not mentally. A second attack ended his life on July 30, at Keene Valley, N. Y., where he had spent his summers for many years.

Dr. Smith was a man of much natural refinement, and being possessed of a competent fortune he was able to devote himself successfully to the cultivation of his pronounced literary and musical tastes.

His five children survive him, three daughters and two sons, the elder son being a member of the Junior Class in Yale College.

1859

LAWRENCE VOORHEES CORTELYOU, son of Jacques Cortelyou, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., on October 30, 1837.

After graduation he devoted himself, with some interruptions for foreign travel, to the study of medicine, and in 1864 he received the degree of M.D. from the Bellevue Hospital Medical College of New York City.

He practiced his profession intermittently in Brooklyn for some ten years, until the death of his father made it possible for him to retire from business and devote himself to the care of his fortune. Later his health failed, and while mentally irresponsible he met his death by leaping from a window of his residence, in Brooklyn, on August 5, 1896, in his 59th year.

He married in April, 1865, Ida, only surviving daughter of John T. Tuttle, M.D. (Yale 1830), of New York City, who died on July 3, 1866, soon after their return from a wedding trip to Europe.

He next married Miss Caroline Townsend, of Newburgh, N. Y., who survives him. He had no children.

EDWARD STRONG HINCKLEY, youngest son of Justin and Phoebe (Grant) Hinckley, was born in Lebanon, Conn., on November 12, 1834. Before he entered College his father had removed from Lebanon to Norwich, Conn.

The first two years after graduation he spent in Norwich, engaged in teaching and in studying law. During the next year he was Principal of the Academy in Lebanon, and in August, 1862, he enlisted in the 18th Connecticut Volunteer Infantry. He was promoted to the rank of 1st Lieutenant, and afterwards to that of Captain, though the commission did not reach him until after he was mustered out of the service, at Harper's Ferry, in June, 1865.

A great part of his after life he spent in teaching, being for many years Principal of Lebanon Academy, and gaining in this vocation remarkable success. He was also well read on all the topics of the day, and took an active part in political debate, being a fluent and eloquent speaker.

He died at his home in Norwich on August 10, 1896, in his 62d year.

He married in 1868 Abbie, daughter of Lester Ford, of Lebanon, and she survives him with two sons and one daughter; their eldest son died in infancy.

WILLIAM THOMPSON LUSK was born in Norwich, Conn., on May 23, 1838. He left college at the end of the Freshman year, but was enrolled with his class by the action of the Corporation in 1872.

He studied medicine in Heidelberg and Berlin from 1858 to 1861, and on his return enlisted as a private in the 79th Highlanders, New York Volunteers. He was promoted to a captaincy in January, 1862, and resigned his commission on February 28, 1863. He then resumed his medical studies at the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, and received the degree of M.D. in 1864. He married on May 4, 1864, Mary H., only daughter of the Hon. Simeon B. Chittenden, of Brooklyn, N. Y., and spent the most of the next four years in further study in Europe. He then established himself in practice in New York City, and also from 1868 to 1871 filled the Professorship of Physiology in the Long Island College Hospital. In 1871 he became Professor of Obstetrics and Gynecology in Bellevue Hospital Medical College, and continued in that relation until his death; from 1890 he was also the Presi-

dent of the Faculty of the College. As one of the leading physicians of the country, he was honored with election to many scientific societies at home and abroad. He contributed largely to medical and surgical journals, and was the author of *The Science and Art of Midwifery* (3d edition, 1892, pp. 763), which has been translated into French, Italian, and Spanish. This University gave him the honorary degree of LL.D. in 1894.

He died very suddenly, of apoplexy, at his home in New York, on June 12, 1897, in his 60th year.

His wife (in whose memory the Chittenden Memorial Library of Yale University was built) died on September 13, 1871, leaving two sons and two daughters, who are still living. The elder son is a Professor in this University, and the younger is a graduate of the College in 1890, and was associated with his father in his practice. Dr. Lusk leaves also a daughter by his second wife, Mrs. Thorne, of Albany, who died some three years before him.

MOSES LYON, the eldest son of Moses and Catharine (Wright) Lyon, was born in New York City, on October 8, 1829, and before entering College had been in the employ of his brother-in-law, William W. Cornell, an iron-merchant on Centre Street.

After graduation he taught for a few months, and then entered the Methodist ministry, connecting himself with the New York East Conference. His first station was in Middlebury, Conn., 1860-62. He remained in the itineracy for less than twelve years, owing to poor health, especially due to the loss of an eye in 1864, which was soon followed by impaired hearing.

He then engaged in business, the sale of milling machinery, and while thus occupied lived for eight years in London. He returned to New York in very poor health, but though unable to apply himself rigorously to business he found pleasure in the use of his pen for occasional publication. Since about 1890 he had resided in Philadelphia, where he died, after weary months of suffering, on November 13, 1896, in his 68th year.

He married in August, 1864, a daughter of David B. Moseley, of Hartford, Conn. Two daughters survive him.

1860

GEORGE LYNDE CATLIN, the eldest child of George and Catharine L. (Kearney) Catlin, was born on Staten Island, N. Y., on February 13, 1840.

In December after graduation he became the editor of the *Richmond County Gazette*, published on Staten Island, but in the following April he enlisted in the 5th N. Y. Volunteers, with which he remained until his discharge, on account of protracted ill health, with the rank of 1st Lieutenant, in November, 1862. After a long period of confinement he was able, in December, 1863, to re-engage in the service, and was employed in the Quartermaster's Department in New Orleans up to the close of the war. He married on April 10, 1864, Miss Louise E. Pradat, of Pass Christian, Miss.

After an experience of mercantile life in Mobile, he returned to New Orleans in October, 1866, as local editor of the *Daily Crescent*, and so continued until a visit to New York City in April, 1869, as correspondent of the *New Orleans Bee*. Instead of returning in the fall, as he had intended, he was induced to remain in New York (with his residence in Paterson, N. J.), at first in the editorial office of the *Commercial Advertiser*, but for the most of the time until September, 1873, in charge of the newspaper and advertising department of the Erie Railway Company. He was next for four and a half years again connected with the *Commercial Advertiser*, and then entered the consular service of the U. S. Government. From May, 1878, to May, 1880, he was stationed at La Rochelle, France, next at Stuttgart, Germany, until October, 1884, and finally at Zurich, Switzerland, until 1895.

He then returned to the United States and while residing again in Paterson, died at St. Luke's Hospital in New York City, while undergoing a surgical operation, on December 14, 1896, in the 57th year of his age.

His wife survives him with their children, a daughter and a son.

Mr. Catlin was a sprightly writer, both of prose and verse, and had published several volumes of original work, besides translations.

JULIUS HAMMOND WARD, only son of Hammond and Laurinda (Lathe) Ward, of Charlton, Worcester County, Mass., was born in that town on October 12, 1837.

He taught school for six months after graduation, and then entered the Berkeley Divinity School in Middletown, Conn., where he was ordained Deacon by Bishop Williams on June 4,

1862. He then took charge of Grace Chapel, in Yantic, a part of Norwich, Conn., and on May 6, 1863, he was advanced to the priesthood. In February, 1864, he became rector of Christ Church, Ansonia, Conn., and went thence in August, 1865, to St. Peter's Church, Cheshire, Conn. In the fall of 1866 he published the *Life and Letters of James G. Percival*, which he had begun to prepare while a student in College.

In December, 1867, at the earnest call of Bishop Neely, he took charge of an extensive missionary field in Thomaston and Rockland, Maine, where he labored assiduously until the early part of 1875. By this time he had become greatly overworked, and he removed to St. Michael's Church, Marblehead, Mass., where his health was re-established. In the beginning of 1877 he acted for three months as editor of the *North American Review*, and in September of that year began a connection with the *Boston Herald*, which he served as literary editor and editorial writer until his last illness. In 1878 he removed to Boston and undertook a series of Sunday afternoon lectures in the Union Hall, which he hoped might lead to the organization of a permanent People's Church, but the experiment was abandoned after three seasons and he found instead an abundant opportunity for influence in his successful editorial work. Besides his constant service on the *Herald*, he wrote largely for other daily and weekly papers, and for monthly magazines, especially on questions in religion, social movements, and education. He also published several volumes, the most important of which was *The Church in Modern Society* (1889). His health failed in November, 1896, and an attack of paralysis which occurred on May 25, 1897, left him unconscious, and led to his death, five days later, in Worcester, Mass., in the 60th year of his age.

He married on September 2, 1862, Olive E., daughter of John Witter, of Brooklyn, Conn., who survives him with two daughters.

1861

EBENEZER ANDREWS, younger son of Ebenezer Andrews (Y. C. 1817) and Rachel (Hyde) Andrews, and a great-grandson of Ebenezer Jesup (Y. C. 1760), was born in Milan, Erie County, Ohio, on July 21, 1837. Before entering Yale he had spent one year in Western Reserve College, Ohio.

After graduation he was for one year in the Yale Law School,

and then removed to Chicago, where, in connection with his brother (Y. C. 1859), he engaged in the coal and vessel trade until May, 1866. During the next ten years the firm gave their attention more especially to real estate. In 1876 he removed to a farm in his native town, and remained there for the rest of his life.

He died in Milan, after a brief illness, on November 18, 1896, in his 60th year.

He married, on December 25, 1862, Miss Ella A. Blanchard, of New Haven, who died on April 10, 1864, leaving an infant son who died a few weeks later.

He next married, on September 15, 1869, Miss Helen E. Robinson, of Fulton, Ill., who survives him with their only child, a daughter.

PETER COLLIER, son of Jacob and Mary E. Collier, was born in Chittenango, N. Y., on August 17, 1835.

After graduation he entered the Sheffield Scientific School, in which he served as Assistant in Chemistry from 1862 to 1866, receiving in the latter year the degree of Doctor of Philosophy. In 1867 he accepted the Professorship of Chemistry, Mineralogy and Metallurgy in the University of Vermont, at Burlington, being also Professor in the Medical Department, and its Dean from 1871. The honorary degree of M.D. was conferred upon him there in 1870. During these years he was active in awakening an interest in agricultural and applied chemistry, and in 1873 he served as one of the U. S. Scientific Commissioners to the Vienna Exposition. In August, 1877, he resigned his professorship to accept an appointment as Chief Chemist of the Department of Agriculture at Washington, where he remained until April, 1883. During this period he entered with characteristic enthusiasm into the problems of sugar production and became widely known as an advocate of the economical cultivation of sorghum. He published in 1884 a comprehensive volume on the latter subject (pp. 570).

He continued to live in Washington until after his election, in October, 1887, to the post of Director of the New York State Agricultural Experiment Station, at Geneva. He held this post with distinguished credit until his prostration by disease in the summer of 1895. In November, 1895, he rallied sufficiently to bear the journey to the house of his brother-in-law, in Ann

Arbor, Mich., where he died on June 29, 1896, aged nearly 61 years.

He married on October 18, 1871, Caroline F., daughter of Andrew A. Angell, of Scituate, R. I., who survives him with their only child, a daughter.

1862

WILLIAM LAMPSON, eldest son of Miles P. Lampson, was born in LeRoy, Genesee County, N. Y., on February 28, 1840.

He visited Europe after graduation, and by the death of his father in 1864 inherited a large estate. In 1865 he entered Columbia College Law School, where he received the degree of LL.B. in 1867. He never, however, practiced the profession, but on his return home gave himself unreservedly to business and the management of the family estates. He succeeded his father in the office of president of the Bank of LeRoy, and remained in that position until his death. The successive deaths of his mother, his only sister, and one of his two brothers, left him alone with an invalid brother, neither of them being married. In January, 1896, Mr. Lampson suffered a slight stroke of paralysis, which confined him to his house for several months. He gradually rallied, but the shock of his brother's death, in December, 1896, prostrated him completely, and his own death followed, on February 14, 1897, at the age of 57 years.

The main part of his estate, valued at over \$500,000, is bequeathed by his last will to Yale University.

1863

WILLIAM HENRY BELDEN, third son of the Rev. William Belden (Union Coll. 1835) and Mary (Magie) Belden, was born on August 3, 1841, in Newark, N. J., where his father was then pastor of the Central Presbyterian Church.

For four years from the winter after graduation he studied theology in Union Seminary, New York City, and during that time and for four years later he was largely interested and occupied with journalism and editorial work. On January 1, 1872, he took charge of the Presbyterian Church in Branchville, N. J., where he received ordination to the ministry on May 2, 1872. He laid down his pastorate on October 15, 1877, to accept a call to the Second Presbyterian Church in Scranton, Pa., where he was installed a fortnight later. He married on February 4, 1879,

Ellen H., daughter of Colonel Charles Scranton, of Oxford, N. J., and was dismissed from his pastoral charge on the 15th of the following August, having accepted an appointment from the American Board of Foreign Missions. He then went to Constantinople to become co-editor of the Bulgarian mission-paper and threw himself with his accustomed energy into other literary work for the mission; but overwork and ill-health in his family compelled his return home late in 1881.

His next pastorate, in the West Presbyterian Church, Bridgeton, N. J., began on February 4, 1884, and thence he went in May, 1890, to the Congregational Church in Bristol, Conn., where he labored with vigor and devotion for about nine months, until his prostration by a stroke of apoplexy, which disabled him for further pastoral service.

As soon as he was able he removed to Clifton Springs, N. Y., where he resided until his sudden death, from a second apoplectic stroke, on July 31, 1896, at the age of 55 years.

He had been since 1888 the secretary of the International Missionary Union, and through all his pastorates and since his enforced retirement he had been remarkable for his devotion to the missionary cause.

His wife survives him with their five children.

1865

GEORGE PHILIP DUTTON, the only child of Deacon Samuel and Elizabeth (Leach) Dutton, was born in Ellsworth, Me., on May 28, 1842. He entered Yale in 1860, and remained for two terms and a half, returning a year later to the same rank in the next class.

On graduation he began the study of law in the office of A. A. Strout, Esq., in Portland, Me., and took a concluding year (1867-68) with distinction in the Law School of Harvard University. A few months later he began practice in his native city. In 1874 he was chosen State Attorney for the County on the Republican ticket, and for the last eleven years of his life was Judge of the Ellsworth municipal court. He was elected mayor of the city in 1895. He was very popular in both social and business circles, and was also a leader in church work, a deacon in the Congregational Church (since 1881), and a trustee of the Bangor Theological Seminary.

He had been in ill-health for a number of years, but had been

able to attend to his professional duties until within two months of his death, which occurred in Ellsworth, from Bright's disease, on September 8, 1896, in his 55th year.

He married Miss Annie B. Craig, of Augusta, Me., daughter of the late Rev. Wheelock Craig (Bowdoin Coll. 1843), on July 18, 1878, who survives him with their only child, a daughter.

JAMES SAGER NORTON was born in Lockport, Ill., on December 6, 1844, the son of Hiram Norton. He passed the first two years of his College course at Kenyon College, Ohio.

After graduation he spent nine months in Europe, and then became a member of the Columbia Law School, in New York City, from which he received the degree of LL.B. in 1867. In the fall of that year he removed to Chicago, where he practiced his profession until his last illness with singular success. In addition to his high position at the Bar he was a brilliant writer and speaker and a prominent figure in the social and literary life of Chicago, as is abundantly shown in the volume of *Addresses and Fragments in Prose and Verse*, which has been published since his death.

In the prime of life and the maturity of his powers his health began to fail. He went abroad in 1894 and spent a year in travel, but after his return it was found that he was suffering from a fatal internal disease, which entailed a lingering and very painful illness, borne with heroic fortitude. He died at his summer home in Wisconsin, on the shore of Lake Geneva, on September 17, 1896, in his 52d year.

He married on October 14, 1873, Frances, daughter of George F. Rumsey, of Chicago, who survives him with their two daughters, their only son having died in infancy.

CHARLES EDGAR SMITH, son of George S. Smith, was born in Machias, Maine, on December 25, 1839. His residence on entering College was in Ellsworth, Maine. In the summer of 1864 he served for three months in the Union army, as a private in the 60th Massachusetts.

After graduation he began the study of law in the office of Ex-Governor Boutwell in Boston, and was also for a few months in the Harvard Law School. He was admitted to practice in May, 1867, but finding the Boston climate too harsh he soon settled in Northampton, Mass., where he practiced his profession

with credit until the fall of 1872, when he removed to New York City and entered into partnership with his classmate Chandler.

In the spring of 1878 his health failed, and after visiting the West he settled in Colorado in May, 1880, and opened a law office, at first in Boulder and then in Denver. In 1885, for the sake of a more out-of-door life and consequent benefit to his health, he relinquished his profession and took up mining and dealing in real estate. About 1889 he became also the editor of the *Boulder Sentinel*, a leading democratic paper. In the summer of 1892 he returned to his native State, with such good effects that in the ensuing winter he re-opened a law office in New York City, and continued in practice until his death.

About 1890 he became a silver Democrat and in the summer of 1896 he went to the nominating convention in St. Louis as a delegate from the People's Party. The intense heat at that time left a permanent effect on his health, and he died very suddenly from pneumonia, at his residence in Brooklyn, N. Y., on December 8, 1896, aged 57 years.

He married, in Lowell, Mass., on November 12, 1874, Margaretta W. Moffitt, who survives him with their three children— a son, now a Junior in Yale College, and two daughters.

1866

GEORGE FICKLEN BRITTON, son of the Hon. James H. Britton, was born in Troy, Mo., on December 17, 1842. His father removed in 1857 to St. Louis, from which city he entered College. During the civil war he fought in the Confederate army.

After graduation he engaged in the wholesale dry-goods business in St. Louis, until 1878, when he removed to New York City. His father was intimate with Governor Tilden, and this perhaps led to his appointment by Mayor Cooper in 1879 as secretary of the Board of Public Charities and Correction. He held this position in the department until its recent division, and then became Secretary of the Board of Charities. His health had been failing for several months and on March 15, 1896, he was obliged to resign his post. He died in New York City on June 28, 1896, of Bright's disease, in the 54th year of his age. He was unmarried.

CHARLES BROWN HERRICK, elder son of William and Catharine E. (Brown) Herrick, was born in Milan, Dutchess County, N. Y., on August 15, 1845. Before coming to College his father had removed to Salt Point, a village in the town of Pleasant Valley in the same county.

Soon after graduation he entered a law office in Poughkeepsie, Dutchess County, and was admitted to the bar there in June, 1870. His industry and devotion to his profession made him one of the most prominent and successful lawyers in that city. He served for three terms, or six years, as City Attorney with marked success.

About 1893 his health broke down under an attack of spinal disease which made a steady inroad on his vitality. He remained at work as long as possible, but while on a visit to the Catskill Mountains for relief other symptoms supervened, and he died in Haines Falls, Greene County, on July 29, 1896, at the age of 51.

He married on September 11, 1872, Ada VanBenschoten, of Dutchess County, who survives him. They had no children.

CHARLES THEODORE WEITZEL, son of Dr. Louis and Frederica W. (Beighlin) Weitzel, was born in Buchau, Württemberg, Germany, on May 12, 1847. The family removed to Hartford, Conn., about 1860.

After graduating he taught in Yonkers, N. Y., until July, 1872, being married on April 2, 1872, to Sophia W., daughter of Professor Forrest Shepherd (Y. C. 1827), of New Haven. He then spent two years in Germany, after which he completed his theological studies in the Union Seminary, New York City. In June, 1875, he became acting pastor of the First Congregational Church in Norwich, Conn., at Norwich Town, where he was ordained and installed on April 18, 1876. He was dismissed on September 1, 1885, the condition of his wife's health requiring a change of climate. He then went to Santa Barbara, Cal., as acting pastor of the Congregational Church, and there Mrs. Weitzel died on June 4, 1892. On April 1, 1893, he closed his engagement with the church there and returned to the East. The same fall he went abroad for travel, returning in August, 1894, and in the following October he became assistant pastor of Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, N. Y. His genial disposition and

sympathetic manner were of special value in the pastoral work, which was his special duty in this field.

He died in Brooklyn, after a brief illness, of meningitis, on December 20, 1896, in his 50th year. His two children died in infancy.

1870

EDWARD FISKE MERRIAM, youngest son of George and Abby (Fiske) Merriam, was born in Springfield, Mass., on May 5, 1847.

After graduation he spent a year in Cambridge, Mass., in the office of the Riverside Press, and then travelled for a year, mainly in the South, for his health. He was then for a short time in the office of his father and uncles, Messrs. G. & C. Merriam, publishers, of Springfield. From 1878 to 1881 he was associated with the Rev. Dr. Gladden in editing and publishing the magazine called *Sunday Afternoon* and afterwards *Good Company*. In the latter part of this engagement he removed to New York City, and after the winding up of the magazine remained there, living in seclusion, though genuinely interested in all humanitarian efforts. He was an able writer, of refined taste in literature and an artistic temperament. Early in April, 1896, he had a severe attack of pneumonia, from which he never fully recovered. In July he was brought to his old home in Springfield, where he died on August 25, in his 50th year, unmarried.

1872

LUCIUS SYLVIUS BOOMER, son of Lucius B. and Elizabeth (Messenger) Boomer, was born in Louisville, Ky., on December 5, 1850, and entered College as a resident of Chicago, Ill.

After graduation he made a thorough practical study of bridge building in the shops of the American Iron Bridge Company of Chicago, and in November, 1874, entered on that business in partnership with his father, a prominent builder and the founder of the American Bridge Company. In December, 1879, he went into the employ of the Union Iron and Steel Company of Chicago, and in 1882 engaged in the manufacture of railway frogs and switches on his own account. In May, 1884, he became assistant to the manager of the Gautier Steel Department of the Cambria Iron Company of Johnstown, Pa., was promoted to be manager in 1885, and commercial agent from 1886 to 1889. He was next for two years in Pittsburg, with the Black Diamond Steel Works,

and then went into business in Chicago, representing iron and steel manufacturers. He died in that city, from pneumonia, on March 6, 1897, in his 47th year.

He married on March 13, 1877, Miss Bertha Sterling, who survives him with their children, two sons and two daughters.

WILLIAM FISKE SANDFORD, son of William and Rebecca (Fiske) Sandford, was born in Bangor, Maine, on December 30, 1850, and entered Bowdoin College in 1867. He remained there until the close of the Junior year, and entered Yale with the same rank a year later.

For a year after graduation he taught in Gardner, Illinois, and then obtained a position as Instructor in Latin in one of the public schools in St. Louis, Mo., in which city he remained as a teacher until his death. In 1880 he was appointed Principal of the Polytechnic or Branch High School, and when that school was absorbed in the new High School he was made Assistant Principal. He was regarded as an excellent disciplinarian and instructor, and a brilliant and able man, but his work told upon his health, with the result that he was fatally stricken with paralysis at the age of 46. After less than a month's illness, he died at the Mullanphy Hospital in St. Louis, on June 13, 1897. He was never married.

CHRISTOPHER WETHERILL, Jr., son of Christopher Wetherill, was born in Philadelphia, Pa., on November 13, 1849, and entered College in January of the Sophomore year.

After graduation he studied law in the office of Richard C. McMurtrie, of Philadelphia, and after being admitted to the bar practiced his profession successfully in that city until his death.

He married on October 16, 1890, Mary Lawrence Wetherill, who survives him.

He died at his residence in Germantown, Philadelphia, on March 11, 1897, in his 48th year.

1873

ARTHUR BIDDLE, the youngest and last surviving son of George W. Biddle, an eminent lawyer of Philadelphia, and Maria (McMurtrie) Biddle, was born in Philadelphia on September 23, 1852. His brothers were graduated here in 1863 and 1868. He entered College in the third term of Freshman year.

He was in Europe from September, 1873, to November, 1875, and then began the study of law in his father's office. After further interruptions for foreign travel he was admitted to the bar in the spring of 1878, and subsequently became a member of his father's firm. By his noteworthy abilities and his remarkable industry he won his way steadily to the front ranks of his profession, distinguishing himself especially by his research in certain branches. In 1881 he published in connection with his eldest brother a useful *Treatise on the Law of Stock Brokers*, and in 1884 he issued a *Treatise on the Law of Warranties in the Sale of Chattels*. His most extensive work, on *The Law of Insurance*, in two volumes, appeared in 1893. He received the degree of Master of Arts from Yale in 1893 in recognition of his published work.

He was severely attacked with the grip in January, 1897, and went to Atlantic City, N. J., in the hope of recovering strength, late in February, but died there on March 8, in his 45th year.

He married on November 18, 1880, his second cousin, Julia, daughter of Thomas A. Biddle, of Philadelphia, who survives him with one daughter and two sons.

1874

ARTHUR MURRAY DODGE, the youngest child of William E. and Melissa (Phelps) Dodge, was born in New York City on October 29, 1852.

After an interval of foreign travel, he engaged in March, 1875, in the lumber business with the firm of Dodge, Meigs & Co., of New York City, in which he afterwards became a partner, and so continued until his death. After nearly a year of ill health he died at his country home in Simsbury, Conn., on October 17, 1896, at the age of 44.

He married on October 9, 1875, Josephine M., daughter of the Hon. Marshall Jewell, of Hartford, Conn., who survives him with five sons,—the oldest being a Junior and the next oldest a Sophomore in this College.

Mr. Dodge was a man of warm sympathies and upright life, a generous friend of the University, and deeply interested in its progress and welfare.

1875

AUGUSTUS TORREY METCALF, the eldest son of Jabez H. and Mercy F. Metcalf, was born in Canandaigua, N. Y., on the 12th of March, 1854.

After graduation he read law in his father's office in Canandaigua, and was admitted to practice in October, 1877. He then opened an office in St. Louis, in partnership with his classmate Mitchell and with Charles J. Harris, formerly of the Class of 1874.

At the close of the year 1878 he returned to the practice of his profession in Canandaigua, and in 1882 went West, where he spent five years, chiefly in San Francisco and Dakota. The last nine years of his life were passed in Canandaigua or vicinity. His sudden death, from heart disease, occurred in Rochester, N. Y., on the 11th of September, 1896, in his 43d year.

On the 8th of February, 1894, he married Mrs. Carrie S. Mathiot, daughter of the Hon. A. J. Stewart, of Smithfield, Pa., who survives him. They had no children.

CHARLES ALBERT MYERS, fifth son of Colonel James S. and Emily (Bunnell) Myers, was born in Franklin, Pa., on May 21, 1853.

He began the study of law with his father, and was admitted to practice in his native city in August, 1877. By his ability and industry he won a leading rank in his profession, and from 1887 held the responsible place of attorney for the County Commissioners. He was elected Mayor of the city in 1893 and re-elected in 1894.

On the morning of December 20, 1896, he went into a small bath-room in his lodgings to take a bath, and was found dead there some hours later, having been overcome by the heat and closeness of the room and having fallen while endeavoring to reach the window. He was in the 44th year of his age and unmarried.

1876

AUGUSTUS WYNKOOP DUNNING was born in New York City on October 3, 1855, the son of William H. and Eliza A. (Wynkoop) Dunning.

After a brief experience in other business he engaged in the dry-goods commission business in New York City, and so con-

tinued until his death. He married on April 12, 1888, May, daughter of Thomas N. Bolles, of New York, and then fixed his residence on Staten Island, removing two years later to Orange, N. J., where he died of consumption on October 18, 1896, at the age of 41 years.

His wife survives him with their two children, one daughter and one son.

JOHN HOWARD PACKARD, son of E. F. Packard, was born in Auburn, Maine, on March 14, 1856, and spent the first three years of the College course at Amherst College.

After graduation he remained for a year at Yale as a student of political science, and then studied law in Lewiston, Maine, and in the Law School of Boston University. He was admitted to the Massachusetts bar in 1879, and from that date was a practicing lawyer in Boston, until his death there on May 9, 1897, after a brief illness, in his 42d year. He was unmarried.

1878

CHARLES PUTNAM WOODBURY, son of Isaac B. and Mary A. (Putnam) Woodbury, was born in Norwalk, Conn., on July 11, 1857.

After graduation he taught in Easton, Conn., for one year, at the same time studying law. He then entered the Yale Law School, where he was admitted to the degree of LL.B. in 1881. He at once began practice in his native town. In 1882 he was Clerk of the State House of Representatives and in January, 1883, was made Clerk of the Senate. Owing to broken health he was obliged in 1885 to give up practice and seek a milder climate. He settled in Ashland, Kansas, and spent some eight years there, engaged in banking and the negotiation of loans on mortgage. He then returned to Norwalk, and was employed in similar business until his death, from pneumonia, which occurred on December 30, 1896, in the 40th year of his age, while on a visit in (East) Morris, Conn.

1881

FREDERICK ARNOLD MANNING, son of Frederick R. Manning, was born in Eddyville, Iowa, on May 3, 1859, and entered the class from Brooklyn, N. Y.

On leaving New Haven he went to the College of Physicians

and Surgeons in New York, where he was graduated in 1884. He then obtained upon examination a position on the staff of the New York Hospital, and in 1887 was appointed attending surgeon to the Manhattan Hospital. He had developed a good private practice, when in 1894 symptoms of tuberculosis interrupted his work. He then went to the Adirondacks for a year and subsequently to Colorado. He died in Denver, on December 3, 1896, in his 38th year.

1882

WALTER MURPHY, son of James Murphy, was born in West Philadelphia, Pa., on April 26, 1861, and entered Yale from the Sophomore Class of Princeton College in December, 1879.

On graduation he went to the Law School of the University of Pennsylvania, where he took the degree of LL.B. with the highest honors in 1884. He received a gold medal for an essay on "Remainders to Children as a Class," which was published. He practiced law in Philadelphia for four years, and in the meantime published also "A Digest of the Partnership Law of Pennsylvania" and "A Digest of the Corporation Law of Pennsylvania."

In the fall of 1888 he removed to Salt Lake City, Utah, and entered into partnership with the Hon. J. G. Sutherland. He died there, after three days' illness, on February 5, 1897, in his 36th year.

1884

JAMES MILTON CLAGGETT, son of James P. Claggett, was born in Northboro, Worcester County, Mass., on December 31, 1862, and entered College from Hollis, N. H.

Upon graduation he established a school, called Maple Grove Academy, in Eatontown, N. J., which he conducted until his removal in 1889 to New York City, where he taught in the public schools and also took two terms of study in the Columbia College Law School. He was about to complete his legal preparation when an acute attack of neuralgia in the face caused his death, after a week's illness, in New York City, on January 7, 1897, at the age of 34 years. He was never married.

GEORGE EUGENE COHEN, son of Henry Cohen, was born on July 24, 1862, in Pittston, Pa.

He studied law after graduation and entered on the practice of his profession in Wilkes-Barré, retaining his residence in West

Pittston. He died suddenly of heart-failure, in the County Court House in Wilkes-Barré, on October 9, 1896, in his 35th year.

He married in 1888 Lillian Stein, of Montgomery, Alabama, who survives him with two sons.

WARD WEBSTER SAVERY, eldest child of Rufus L. and Harriet W. (Hathaway) Savery, was born in Wareham, Plymouth County, Massachusetts, on May 16, 1860, and entered College from the adjoining town of Marion.

For the year after graduation he taught in the Harry Hillman Academy in Wilkes-Barré, Pa.; but during that time he contracted an affection of the throat which led to his going to New Mexico in the fall of 1885. He taught a private school in Socorro for a year, and then took up a claim in the northeastern part of the Territory, where he spent three years in the cattle business. In the fall of 1889, believing his health to be fully re-established, he removed to Chicago, and obtained a situation as teacher. He also at the same time studied law in the Lake Forest University, and was admitted to the bar in 1892. After this his health again failed, and in 1893 he went with a sister who was also in feeble health to Redlands, California, where she soon died and he continued for two years to struggle on, without money or friends. In June, 1895, he was obliged to give up and return to his parents in Marion, where good care and home comforts prolonged his life for another year. He died there on June 19, 1896, in his 37th year.

1888

EDWARD SHERMAN FARRINGTON was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., on February 26, 1866, the son of Harvey and Juliet (Chase) Farrington.

After graduation he taught for a year in the Westminster School, at Dobbs Ferry, N. Y., and then entered the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York City, where he received the degree of M.D. in 1892. He was then for two years *Interne* at Bellevue Hospital, and began private practice in New York in May, 1894. He had already established a lucrative practice, with apparently brilliant prospects, when he was stricken down with typhoid fever. He died at his home in New York, on September 7, 1896, in his 31st year.

He married on April 18, 1894, Josephine, daughter of John M. Copeland, of New York City, who survives him.

1893

WILLIAM JAMES MCKENNA, son of Francis McKenna, was born in Westboro, Mass., on February 9, 1870.

After graduation he entered the Medical School of Harvard University, and remained there until the spring of 1895, when he went to Colorado for the sake of his health. The change failed to benefit him, and he returned to his home in Westboro in July, 1896. He died there of consumption, on December 18, in his 27th year.

ROBERT EDWIN ROWLEY, son of E. A. Rowley, was born in Williamsport, Pa., on March 30, 1869, and was fitted for College at Phillips Academy, Andover.

After graduation he became a member of the firm of Rowley & Hermance, manufacturers of wood-working machinery in Williamsport, and was thus engaged at the time of his death, in that city, from pneumonia, on March 14, 1897, at the age of 28.

He married on December 3, 1895, Annie C., daughter of the Rev. Dr. E. A. Woods, of Williamsport, who survives him.

1894

DECIUS LATIMER PIERSON, the only surviving son of Stephen C. Pierson (Yale Coll. 1864) and Hannah P. (Latimer) Pierson, of Meriden, Conn., was born in Meriden, on December 8, 1871. After his mother's death, in 1883, he lived mainly with relatives in Hartford.

After graduation he returned to Hartford, and was connected until his death with the actuarial department of the Traveler's Insurance Company. On Saturday, January 16, 1897, he went to Weatogue, in Simsbury, to spend Sunday with friends, but was taken suddenly ill on Saturday night, and submitted the next day to an operation for appendicitis. All seemed to be going well when complications arose from Bright's disease, and he died early in the morning of Tuesday, the 19th, in the 26th year of his age.

1895

LAURENS HAMILTON, second son of William G. and Helen M. (Pierson) Hamilton, and a great-grandson of Alexander Hamilton, was born in Ramapo, N. Y., on September 14, 1872. He was prepared for College at St. Paul's School, Concord.

After graduation he entered the office of the Manhattan Trust Company, in New York City. He died in New York, after a week's suffering from appendicitis, on March 19, 1897, in his 25th year.

EUGENE NATHAN SOLOMON, son of Nathan Solomon, a lawyer of New York, was born in that city on March 4, 1874.

He had completed his first year in the New York Law School and was anticipating the resumption of his work there when he died, in New York City, after a brief but very severe illness, from appendicitis, on August 8, 1896, in his 23d year.

1896

WHEELER ARMSTRONG, Jr., was born in Rome, N. Y., July 4, 1874. He was taken ill during his Senior year in College, and was not able to complete the regular work of the course. He died from quick consumption in Hartford, Conn., on Nov. 12, 1896, in his 23d year.

 YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL

1836

HENRY WIGHTMAN HOUGH, the eldest child of William and Philena (Wightman) Hough, was born in Bozrah, Conn., on February 6, 1810, and began the study of medicine with Samuel Johnson, M.D. (Yale 1829), of Bozrah, taking only the closing year of the course at Yale.

He married on June 6, 1837, Hannah D., daughter of Isaac Huntington, of Bozrah, and settled in the practice of his profession in the village of North Killingly, now called Putnam Heights, in the present town of Putnam, Conn. In 1846 he removed to Putnam Center, where he remained until his death. His wife died, after many years of physical prostration, on January 7, 1855, and he next married, on January 17, 1856, Mary Tripp, of Putnam, who died in 1894. In September, 1862, he enlisted in the 18th Regiment Connecticut Volunteers, as Assistant Surgeon, but resigned six months later.

He was a successful practitioner, and a man of upright and benevolent character.

He died at his home in Putnam on January 21, 1897, at the age of 87 years. He left no children.

1839

HENRY GASSETT DAVIS was born in Trenton, Hancock County, in the District of Maine, on November 4, 1807, the second son and fourth child of Isaac and Polly (Rice) Davis. His father, a brother of Governor and Senator John Davis (Y. C. 1812), returned to his native town of Northboro, Worcester County, Mass., in 1819, to engage in cotton manufacturing, and this son was put in charge of the factory at an early age, thus having the impulse to develop his mechanical ingenuity.

In 1835 he started for the South to establish a manufactory of cotton bagging, but while visiting on the way a sister who was under treatment for curvature of the spine he became so impressed with the imperfect methods of surgery that he resolved to take up the study of medicine with a view to the treatment of similar cases. He attended the lectures in the Yale Medical School in the following winter, and then went to Bellevue Hospital, N. Y.

After his graduation he practiced for a short time in Worcester, and then removed to the neighboring town of Millbury. In 1855 he left Massachusetts for New York City, where he devoted himself chiefly to the practice of surgery. He was skillful in the invention of new surgical apparatus, and published a volume called *Conservative Surgery*, on one of his specialties, the use of extension in joint diseases. His inventive genius was not confined to professional matters, and he is said to have been the first to suggest the raising of the outer rail on railroad curves, to allow of continuous speed at such points.

He remained in New York until ill-health induced his return to Massachusetts, and in 1885 he settled in Everett, Middlesex County, where he died on November 18, 1896, having just entered on his 90th year. He retained his mental faculties and his interest in his profession up to the time of his death. A widow, one son, and two daughters survive him.

FRANCIS LEMUEL DICKINSON, son of Lemuel and Sarah Dickinson, was born in Portland, then part of Chatham, Conn., on January 29, 1817. His father died in his infancy, and his mother removed to Colchester, Conn. He had taught school for three winters and had prosecuted his medical studies with Dr. Frederick Morgan, of Colchester, and with Dr. Alvan Talcott, of Vernon, before entering Yale.

On his graduation he settled at first in Hampton, Conn., and a year later in Willington, Conn., as a physician, and removed thence to Rockville, in the town of Vernon, in the summer of 1863. He represented Willington in the General Assembly in 1850 and 1857, and Vernon in 1875; and for three years (1877-79) he was a member of the State Senate.

He retired from active practice several years before his death, which occurred in Rockville on June 2, 1897, three weeks after he had suffered from a stroke of paralysis, at the age of 80.

His wife, a daughter of Colonel Francis McLean, of Vernon, survives him with three sons.

WILLIAM HENRY GOODE, the only son of William Embry Goode and Martha (Pegram) Goode, was born in Dinwiddie County, Va., on March 9, 1814. His parents died in his early childhood, and he was then taken to the house of his grandfather, John Goode, of Powhatan County, who was a first cousin of President Jefferson. He was educated at Hampden Sidney College, Virginia (Class of 1839), and when Professor John W. Draper left that institution in 1839 to become Professor of Chemistry in the University of the City of New York, Mr. Goode, who had studied especially under him, accompanied him thither as his assistant, and also returned to this position after two years at Yale.

A few years later he came back to Virginia, settling on a plantation in Goochland County, where he practiced medicine successfully until the outbreak of the civil war.

In 1872 he removed to Staunton, Va., where he died on February 2, 1897, after ten weeks' illness, aged nearly 83 years. He was a member of the Second Presbyterian Church in Staunton, and faithful to every trust.

He married in 1849 Elizabeth, daughter of Owen C. Morris, who with two sons and two daughters survives him ; two other sons died before him—the youngest six months before his father.

1850

JOEL WASHINGTON SMITH was born in Franklin, Delaware County, N. Y., on July 23, 1824, the second son of Silas and Lydia (Gillett) Smith. His father was a native of West Springfield, Mass., and his mother of Hebron, Conn. He had been a successful teacher before entering on his medical studies, for which he gained the means by his own exertions.

On April 4, 1850, he married Susan Maria, only daughter of William Wheat, of East Franklin, a village in his native town, where he practiced from 1851 to 1857. He then decided that the West offered a better field to a young physician, and removed to the new settlement of Charles City, Iowa, where he won his way from the first by his good judgment, industry, and kindness, and where his character made and left a deep impress. He labored ardently and gave generously for education, religion, prohibition, and the purification of politics, though avoiding office for himself, and accepting only that of postmaster, by appointment of President Lincoln, which he held for nine years. After a useful career in that community for nearly forty years he suffered from a stroke of paralysis in the summer of 1896. He recovered partially, but succumbed to a second stroke. After lingering for a few weeks he died at his home in Charles City on June 6, 1897, in his 73d year.

His wife survives him, with one daughter and three sons; his eldest son (already distinguished in his father's profession) and one daughter died before him.

1854

BURR REEVE ABBE, third son of Alanson Abbe, M.D. (Yale 1821), and Eliza W. (Barnes) Abbe, of Litchfield, Conn., was born in that town on November 20, 1830. His elder brothers, one of whom is noticed above, on page 450, were both graduates of Yale College in 1848. Before taking his medical course he had visited California, on the outbreak of the gold fever in 1849.

He began the practice of medicine in Enfield, Conn., but soon

removed to Westport, near New Bedford, Mass. (the residence of his brother, Dr. Edward P. Abbe). He there married Elizabeth, daughter of Gideon Nye, of Acushnet, a suburb of New Bedford, and through her brothers, who were merchants in China, was led to go to that country as a commission merchant. After a short time his wife died from the effects of exposure in shipwreck as she was starting for home with her two children. Dr. Abbe then returned home with the children, and went back to China, but only for a brief period.

After his final return to America he married, on August 16, 1865, Julia A., only daughter of the Rev. Elisha C. Jones (Y. C. 1831), of Southington, Conn., and in the ensuing fall settled in Hartford, Conn., and opened an office as a stockbroker. He continued there in business as a banker and broker, with the highest reputation for integrity and uprightness, until his last illness. He died at his home in Hartford, from heart and liver troubles, on March 13, 1897, in his 67th year.

Mrs. Abbe survives him, with her three sons (graduates of Yale College) and two daughters—an elder daughter having died in infancy. The son and daughter by his first marriage are also still living.

1865

DANIEL CARROLL LEAVENWORTH, third son of Russell and Eveline (Stone) Leavenworth, was born in Woodbury, Conn., on April 29, 1828. He removed to New Haven before he was of age and began to learn the trade of a carriage-maker, but soon after entered the drug business in connection with his oldest brother, with whom he remained until 1855 or 6. He then opened a drug store by himself, on Chapel street, adjoining the New Haven House, which he carried on until about 1870.

After his graduation at the Medical school he entered on general practice in the city, and so continued until induced to retire by failing health.

He died at his home in New Haven on December 19, 1896, from paralysis, in the 69th year of his age.

He married on May 13, 1869, Julia A., daughter of the Rev. Aaron S. Hill, who survives him. Their only child was graduated at Wesleyan University in 1896 and is a member of this year's graduating class in Yale College.

1869

BYRON WOOSTER MUNSON, second child and elder son of Harris B. and Maria (Leavenworth) Munson, was born in Oxford, Conn., on December 3, 1845. In December, 1863, he enlisted in the 1st Connecticut Cavalry, in which he served until the end of the war.

He practiced his profession for a short time in Easton, Conn., until disabled by a stroke of lightning, which necessitated a rest on a farm for four years. He then practiced in Bridgeport, Conn., until April, 1887, when he became superintendent and resident physician of the State Soldiers' Home at Noroton, in Darien, Conn. He retained this office until the summer of 1891, when he removed for considerations of health to Sharon, Conn., where he practiced medicine successfully until his last illness. He died there of asthma and heart disease, on January 3, 1897, in his 52d year.

He married on December 2, 1867, Isabelle C., youngest daughter of Dr. Thomas A. Dutton, of Milford, Conn., who died of consumption on the 6th of the following month. He next married on February 23, 1870, Jemima, daughter of Thomas Marsh, of Easton, Conn., who survives him. Their children were three daughters (two deceased) and one son.

1875

ELISHA MUNGER, son of William S. Munger, was born on April 17, 1848, in Northfield, Litchfield County, Conn., and labored on his father's farm and neighboring farms until the age of twenty-four, when he began the study of medicine with Dr. Ralph S. Goodwin, of Thomaston.

On his graduation he settled in the village of Niantic, in East Lyme, Conn., and soon obtained a large medical and surgical practice over an unusually wide extent of territory. With a good faculty of diagnosis, quick common sense, and untiring devotion, he won the warm friendship of his patients and the confidence of the community. In 1891 he removed to the neighboring city of New London and was busily occupied there with professional duties until his death. In March, 1897, he underwent an operation for appendicitis, and in his overworked condition he was unable to rally, but died at his home in New London on May 14, in his 50th year.

His wife survives him with one son, a member of the Junior Class in the Yale Medical School.

YALE LAW SCHOOL

1866

BRADLEY DAVID LEE was born in Pleasant Valley, a village in Barkhamsted, Litchfield County, Conn., on March 24, 1838. After receiving a common-school education he read law for two years, and in September, 1862, joined the 19th Regiment Connecticut Infantry, afterwards the 2d Heavy Artillery. Having reached the rank of Captain, he was assigned in March, 1864, by President Lincoln, to the general staff service of the Volunteer Army, and was mustered out at the close of the war with the brevet rank of Major.

Soon after his completion of his legal studies he settled in St. Louis, Mo., at first in partnership with Daniel T. Potter (Y. C. 1858), whose death is noticed on page 460. He rose rapidly in his profession and was recognized for several years before his death as one of the best corporation lawyers in the city. After a serious illness of five months he died at his home in St. Louis, on May 10, 1897, from valvular disease of the heart, in his 60th year.

He married on November 23, 1870, Belle F., daughter of A. P. Waterman, of Beloit, Wisconsin. She survives him with their two children, both sons, the elder of whom is a Senior in Williams College.

1867

MORRIS GOODHART, son of Jacob Goodhart, was born in the city of Amsterdam, Holland, on August 7, 1838. His parents came to New York City in 1846, and three years later removed to Hartford, Conn.

After graduation he practiced his profession in New Haven for two years, during which time he was clerk of the City Court. He then went to the city of New York, where he continued in active practice until a few weeks before his death.

He was largely interested in charitable work, being at the time of his death President of the Hebrew Mutual Benefit Society and of the Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society, both of New York. He was also connected with the Independent Order Benai Berith, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Knights of Honor, the American Legion of Honor, and the Royal Arcanum, and was a Royal Arch Mason.

He died at his home in New York on February 6, 1897, in his 59th year.

He married, on May 9, 1871, Bertha, daughter of Judge Philip J. Joachimsen, of New York, who survives him with two daughters and five sons.

1871

WILLIAM HENRY KENYON was born at Westfield, in Middletown, Conn., on January 27, 1841.

He practiced law in New Haven from 1871 until his death ; during the last fifteen years his business was mostly in real estate. He was unmarried. After some months of ill health, he died at his former home in Westfield, from consumption, on August 4, 1896, in his 56th year.

1872

HENRY CHALMERS BALDWIN, the ninth in a family of fourteen children of Lucius and Maria (Willard) Baldwin, was born in what is now Naugatuck, Conn., on September 15, 1842. In August, 1862, he entered the Union army as a private in the Fifteenth Connecticut, and served with credit until the close of the war. He then engaged in teaching in Naugatuck, and afterwards in manufactures.

After graduation he opened a law-office in Naugatuck and won a large practice, having also a branch office in New York City, and one in Waterbury during the last years of his life. He gained additional prominence by advocating the Greenback movement (in 1876 and following years), and subsequently as an adherent of the Labor party and a defender of the Chicago anarchists. He was once nominated as Governor of the State on the Greenback ticket, and in 1890 as Governor and Congressman on the Labor ticket. In the last Presidential campaign he was a delegate to the St. Louis convention of the People's party, and his exertions for Bryan's election broke down his health. He died of nervous prostration, at his home in Naugatuck on January 15, 1897, in his 55th year.

His widow, two daughters and a son survive him.

1875

LEVI HITE was a native of Lancaster, Ohio, and entered into practice there in partnership with Thomas H. Dolson, immediately after his admission to the bar in September, 1875.

He married in September, 1879, Miss Elizabeth Courtright. In the summer of 1887 he removed to Columbus, Ohio, retaining his connection with Mr. Dolson until the summer of 1888, when he formed a partnership with his brother-in-law, Edward W. Courtright.

During his stay in Lancaster he was appointed as Prosecuting Attorney for Fairfield County, and in general he was regarded as a well-equipped lawyer, of good professional reputation, while socially he was one of the most genial and companionable of men.

He had suffered for some four years from diabetes, complicated with other diseases, but kept at his business until about seven weeks before his death, which occurred in Columbus on December 17, 1896.

Three daughters and one son survive him.

1889

JAMES ALBERT WILSON was born in Fairfield, Conn., on February 11, 1845, the son of William S. and Phebe A. Wilson. He finished his school education at the Golden Hill Institute in Bridgeport, Conn., in 1868, and subsequently studied law by himself before entering the Yale Law School. During this interval (1868-88) he was teacher and principal in the public schools of Fairfield, Bridgeport, and Bayshore, L. I.

On his graduation he was admitted to the bar and entered on the practice of his profession in Bridgeport, where he remained until his death.

He died in Bridgeport on February 12, 1897, from pneumonia, at the age of 52 years.

He married on October 3, 1872, Mary E., daughter of Gilbert Wordin, of Bridgeport, who survives him with two sons and two daughters.

1893

DANIEL FREDERICK FOWLER, son of Frederick and Eliza H. Fowler, was born in Westfield, Mass., on December 3, 1873.

He was admitted to the bar in Springfield, Mass., on December 4, 1894, when he had just passed his twenty-first birthday.

Before leaving the Law School his health had become impaired, and the trouble soon developed into catarrhal consumption, which caused his death, at Oneonta, N. Y.,—his father's present residence,—on August 26, 1896, in his 23d year. He was buried in the family lot at his native place.

YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL

1880

LUMAN AUGUSTINE PETTIBONE, son of the Rev. Philo C. and Louisa L. (Foster) Pettibone, was born on October 5, 1852, in Stockholm, St. Lawrence County, N. Y., where his father was then pastor. The father removed to Burlington, Wisconsin, in 1856, thence to Beloit in 1863, and to Chicago just before his death in 1870. The son was graduated at Beloit College in 1877.

Immediately after leaving Yale he took charge of Plymouth (Congregational) Church, in Burlington, Wisconsin, which his father had organized. He received ordination as an evangelist on June 21, 1881, and labored with untiring fidelity until September, 1895, when the progress of consumption compelled his resignation. A few weeks later came a call to the Congregational Church in Tucson, Arizona, but a brief trial there proved unfavorable and he returned to Burlington in June, 1896, to wait in patience for the end. He died there on August 27, aged nearly 44 years.

He married on December 30, 1885, Alma M., daughter of Anthony Meinhardt, who survives him with three daughters.

1883

MILTON SARGENT PHILLIPS, son of Joseph and Deborah J. (Hardy) Phillips, was born in Roxbury, N. H., on February 15, 1853. He entered Drury College at Springfield, Missouri, in 1875, and was graduated in 1880, having in the meantime been ordained there on March 1, 1879.

From the seminary he went to a Presbyterian Church in Holden, Missouri, as acting pastor, and the next year to a Congregational church in Blue Springs in the same State. From that place he returned to Connecticut early in 1886. He supplied for short periods successively the churches in Long Ridge (Stamford), Stony Creek (Branford), and Rocky Hill; and on January 1, 1889, took charge of the Ferry Street Church in New Haven, with which he continued for three years. In November, 1892, he became acting pastor of the Congregational Church in Chaplin, Conn., but after a little more than a year the inroads of consumption obliged him to seek a different climate. He then went to California, and as his health seemed to be improving he ventured

to assume the charge of the Congregational Church in Highland, but was able to retain it for only a few months. He died in Highland on September 7, 1896, in his 44th year.

He married on May 22, 1883, Harriet R., daughter of the Rev. Charles Dixon, of Naugatuck, Conn., who survives him with three of their four children.

1889

OLAUS DAHL was born in Nannestad, a village in the district of Hedemarken, Norway, on September 15, 1859, and came to America at an early age. He was graduated at Luther College, Decorah, Iowa, in 1885, his residence being in Lochiel, in the northwestern part of that State, and he found occupation in Decorah for the ensuing year.

After his graduation from the Divinity School he pursued further study in the Semitic languages and received the degree of Ph.D. here in 1891.

In the meantime he was employed in 1890-94 to offer elementary instruction in Swedish and Danish in the Academical Department. In 1894 he accepted an appointment in the University of Chicago, as Lecturer in Scandinavian literature, and was thus occupied for the rest of his life.

He died, after a brief illness, in the Chicago Hospital, on March 10, 1897, in his 38th year. He was unmarried.

1891

CALVIN URSINUS OLEVIANUS DERR, son of Levi K. and Rachel B. Derr, was born on December 30, 1863, in Tamaqua, Schuylkill County, Pa., and was graduated at Ursinus College in 1888. His residence was then in Reading, Pa.

Soon after receiving his degree at Yale he became pastor of the First Reformed Church in Spring City, Chester County, Pa., where he died in office suddenly, from the effects of quinsy, on March 12, 1897, in his 34th year. His wife died about five weeks before.

1892

JESSE BAILEY, son of John B. and Rebecca (Gammon) Bailey, was born in Woolwich, Maine, on January 29, 1860, and was graduated at Bates College in 1887. For the next two years he was Principal of one of the departments of Talladega College, Alabama.

On July 28, 1892, he was ordained pastor of Emmanuel (Congregational) Church, Watertown, N. Y., but was attacked with consumption in the following November. He resigned his pastorate in September, 1894, and went to Colorado, where he struggled for health for two years longer, dying in Buffalo Creek on September 9, 1896, in his 37th year.

He married on August 31, 1892, Thalia E., daughter of Henry P. Mitchell, of South Britain, in Southbury, Conn., who survives him with one son.

DEPARTMENT OF PHILOSOPHY AND THE ARTS

GRADUATE SCHOOL

1869

EDWARD THOMSON NELSON was born on October 14, 1845, in Worthington, Franklin County, Ohio, while his father, the Rev. Dr. Alexander Nelson, was President of a Female College in that place. He served through the summer of 1864 in the 145th Ohio Volunteer Infantry while a member of the Ohio Wesleyan University, in Delaware, Ohio, where he was graduated in 1866, his father being then settled over a Methodist Church in that city. He then came to Yale, and for the last year of his course here served as an Assistant in Mineralogy in the Scientific School.

He received the degree of Ph.D. in July, 1869, and was almost immediately elected Professor of Natural Science in Hanover College, Indiana, where he remained for two years. He was then chosen to a new chair of Natural History in his *Alma Mater*, the Ohio Wesleyan University, which place he filled with increasing reputation until 1891, when the work was divided, and he thenceforth held the chair of Physiology and Geology. He was an unusually inspiring teacher and a prominent religious force in the community. He was a member of the State Board of School Examiners from 1889 to 1893, and of the State Board of Health from 1887 until his death.

While in Washington, D. C., for treatment for a complicated form of heart-trouble, from which he had suffered for some months, he died suddenly, on February 28, 1897, in his 52d year.

He married, on August 17, 1871, Miss Jane Wilson, of Bellaire, Ohio, who survives him. Of their six children two were graduates of the Ohio Wesleyan University; the eldest son, a Professor of Natural Science at the West, died six weeks before his father.

SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL

1858

HORACE KENDALL KING, son of Henry F. and Mary King, was born in Tully, Onondaga County, N. Y., on June 18, 1839.

After his graduation he studied law, and for many years practiced that profession in his native town, and established an enviable reputation in the vicinity. After a failure of health extending over seven or eight years, caused by heart trouble and a complication of diseases, he died at his home in Tully on May 31, 1897, at the age of 58 years.

He married in 1863 Renette E., daughter of Dr. S. M. Farnham, of Tully, who survives with one son and one daughter, one daughter having died before him.

1859

HENRY AUGUSTUS DuBois, eldest surviving son of Dr. Henry A. and Helen (Jay) DuBois, was born in New York City on June 26, 1840. His parents then resided in Newton Falls, Trumbull County, Ohio, and removed to New Haven, Conn., in 1854.

He studied medicine in New York City after his graduation, and in April, 1861, joined the 12th N. Y. State National Guards as Hospital Steward, but in the following August was appointed Assistant Surgeon in the regular army and served in the field through the war. In 1865 he was placed in charge of the Medical Laboratory in Philadelphia, and in 1866 was sent to Fort Union, New Mexico. He retired from the service, with the rank of Brevet Major, in April, 1868, and then removed on account of his health to San Rafael, California, where he remained until his death, on May 26, 1897, aged nearly 57 years.

He married on December 1, 1880, Emily, daughter of Samuel Blois, M.D., of New York City, who survives him with five children.

1864

CHARLES BILL, the youngest child of Gurdon and Lucy (Yer-rington) Bill, was born in Ledyard, Conn., on June 7, 1840. After his father's death, in 1856, he entered the State Normal School, in New Britain, Conn., and completed his preparation for Yale at the Norwich (Conn.) Free Academy.

On graduation he went to Chicago, as an agent for a firm of book-publishers, and in 1867 he settled in Springfield, Mass., as a member of the subscription-book publishing firm of Bill, Nichols & Co., which succeeded to the very successful business previously conducted there by his older brother. In 1871 he was severely injured in a gas-explosion, from which he never fully recovered. On this account in 1873 he withdrew from business, and for the rest of his life was obliged to devote himself mainly to the care of his health and to recreation,—his residence remaining in Springfield.

As had been his custom for many years, he went to Florida in January, 1897, to escape the rigors of the Northern climate, and while on his way home died suddenly at Lithia Springs, Ga., on April 15, from blood-poisoning, brought on by a surgical operation for an ulcerated tooth. He was never married.

Although he took no active part in public affairs, Mr. Bill was well known in the community and universally respected for his exemplary life and high character. By his last will he made liberal bequests to Wellesley College for scholarships, and to the city of Springfield for the Hospital, besides smaller sums to the Bill Public Library and the Congregational Church in his native town.

1868

SAMUEL SWIFT was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., on August 5, 1849.

He studied medicine, and received the degree of M.D. from the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York in 1872.

In 1873 he settled in Yonkers, N. Y., where besides his medical practice he was much engaged in public affairs, being for one term Mayor of the city, and also President of the Board of Education.

He was stricken with apoplexy in a public place of entertainment in New York City on the evening of July 25, 1896, and died at Flower Hospital on July 29, at the age of 47.

His wife, Lucy, daughter of Judge Henry E. Davies, of New York City, died on February 4, 1897. One daughter survives them.

1871

JOHN FRANKLIN QUIGLEY, oldest son of Philip and Eliza Quigley, was born in Wilmington, Del., on November 14, 1848.

After graduation he accompanied Professor Marsh on a six-

months' trip to the west for the collection of fossils, and after his return engaged in business with his father in his profession as a civil engineer. They received the contract for building the Machinery and Agricultural Halls at the Centennial Exhibition held in Philadelphia in 1876, and soon after that date he went into the manufacture of wood-pulp. He built and owned the Cliff Pulp and Paper Mills at Niagara Falls, and afterwards engaged in a similar work at Harper's Ferry, Va. At the time of his death he was president of the American Hard Fibre Company of Newark, Del.

He died suddenly, at his home in Wilmington, from hemorrhage of the brain, on March 27, 1897, in his 49th year.

He married on October 28, 1875, Martha E., daughter of Abel J. Barrett, formerly of Concord, Mass., who survives him.

1875

CLARENCE HOYT STILSON, son of Hiram H. and Laura A. (Bostwick) Stilson, both natives of New Milford, Conn., was born in Edinburgh, Ohio, in September, 1849. His parents removed to Cleveland, Ohio, in his boyhood.

Immediately after graduation he married Martha P., youngest daughter of Minott A. Osborn, of New Haven, and went to Paris, France, where for two years he studied architecture. On his return he settled in New Haven and entered into partnership in his profession with David R. Brown. This connection was dissolved three years before his death by the serious failure of Mr. Stilson's health. For the last two years of his life he was entirely helpless, and he died in New Haven, from progressive paralysis, on June 20, 1897, in his 48th year.

His widow survives him with their three sons, the eldest of whom graduates this year from the Scientific School.

FREDERICK MONCRIEFF TURNBULL, son of the Rev. Robert Turnbull, D.D., a well-known Baptist clergyman of Hartford, Conn., was born in that city on June 28, 1853.

He remained at Yale for a year after graduation, pursuing preparatory studies in medicine, and then completed his course in the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia, where he was graduated M.D. in 1877.

He practiced his profession in Oshkosh, Wisc., for two years, and then accepted the position of 2d Assistant Physician at the

McLean Asylum for the Insane, in Somerville, Mass., which he held for six years, from 1880 to 1886, when he began general practice in Boston.

In 1891 he married Evelyn, daughter of James M. Hilton, of Cambridge, and removed his residence to that city. He was an invalid from 1893 and abandoned his practice and settled, for the sake of his health, in Cataumet, a village in Bourne, Mass. During these later years he employed himself mainly in painting, having long made a careful study of art. He died in Taunton, Mass., on January 15, 1897, in his 44th year. His wife and three children survive him.

1876

JOHN MOFFAT CUNNINGHAM was born in New York City on July 10, 1855, the son of William and Sarah (Moffat) Cunningham.

After leaving Yale he studied mining engineering for two years in Freiberg, Saxony, and then returned to this country and followed his profession.

He was engaged in the development of mines in Oregon, Washington, California, Arizona, and New Mexico, and about ten years before his death settled in San Francisco, where he married in 1890, Clara, daughter of Nicholas Luning. He was instrumental after Mr. Luning's death in organizing his large estate into The Luning Company; and of this corporation he was a director and the active manager up to the time of his death.

He died in New York City, from typhoid fever, on January 14, 1897, in his 42d year. His wife survives him with three daughters.

FREDERICK PLUMB MILES, son of the Hon. Frederick and Emily (Plumb) Miles, was born in Goshen, Litchfield County, Conn., on June 3, 1854. In 1858 the family removed to Chapinville, in Salisbury, in the same county, where Mr. Miles engaged in the manufacture of charcoal pig iron.

In his course at the Scientific School the son studied metallurgy and chemistry especially, with the intention of joining in his father's business, in which he continued from his graduation until his last illness. The iron works in which he was concerned were situated at Copake, Columbia County, N. Y., but his residence was in Lakeville, where he was much interested and active in all town affairs. He died at his home in Lakeville, from Bright's disease, on February 19, 1897, in his 43d year.

He married on February 24, 1881, Miss Clara L. Gray, of Bridgeport, Conn., who survives him with one son and one daughter.

1881

CLARK WRIGHT, the son of Dr. Clark and Harriet (Sherman) Wright, was born in New York City on June 15, 1859, and entered the Scientific School at the beginning of the Junior year.

After graduation he studied medicine at the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York, receiving his degree of M.D. in 1885. He then went into Bellevue Hospital as *Interne*, and remained there for two years,—one year as House-Physician.

In 1888 he went abroad and completed his studies in Berlin, Paris, and Vienna, returning to New York in 1890. After this he was for five years attending Physician in the Out-Patient Department of Roosevelt Hospital, and established a good practice. He died of pneumonia, in his native city, on March 16, 1897, in his 38th year.

He married, on October 29, 1885, Marion A., daughter of Thomas M. Stockman, of Boston, Mass. She survives him, with one daughter.

1885

JOHN FRANK BABCOCK, son of Erastus F. and Martha J. (Nicks) Babcock, was born in Elmira, N. Y., on February 8, 1863. He received his early education in Elmira and completed his preparation for Yale at Williston Seminary, Easthampton, Mass.

After graduation he read law in the office of his father and was admitted to the bar in 1888. He practiced his profession in his native city, where he died on July 9, 1896, in the 34th year of his age. He was unmarried.

1888

GEORGE DAVID COLTON, son of Lawrence Colton, of Collinsville, Conn., was born in Collinsville on January 16, 1865.

After graduation he was employed as a draughtsman in various places in Connecticut, as by the Coe Brass Company of Torrington, the Waterbury Brass Company, and the Pope Manufacturing Company of Hartford.

For several years he had suffered from consumption, and he was for some months confined to his bed before his death, at his home in Collinsville, on January 1, 1897, at the age of 32.

1892

EGBERT WHEELER CORNWALL, the eldest child of James H. Cornwall (Y. C. 1866) and Belle (Wheeler) Cornwall, was born in Patterson, Putnam County, N. Y., on March 6, 1871.

After graduation he continued at the Scientific School for a short time in the further study of civil engineering, and was afterwards employed in that profession by the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, and subsequently by the Southern New England Telephone Company, with his headquarters in New Haven. He died here from typhoid fever, on October 24, 1896, in his 26th year.

1893

FRANK ALLEN LITTLE, eldest son of Charles L. and Genevieve (Stiles) Little, was born in Meriden, Conn., on August 30, 1864. The last half of his Senior year was broken into by a severe attack of the grip, from which he never recovered.

A year in California after graduation gave flattering promise of entire restoration, and he then returned to a position as mechanical engineer in a large bridge-building establishment in the East, which had been kept waiting for him; but a month's labor showed that the disease was still master. A summer at Colorado Springs only delayed the end, which came peacefully at his home in Meriden, on December 26, 1895, in his 32d year.

He was a young man of exceptional attainments and a future of unusual promise in his chosen profession.

SUMMARY

ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT

(YALE COLLEGE)

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Time of Death
1825	William H. Mills, 92	Sandusky, O.	March 6, '97
1829	George T. Todd, 86	Aberdeen, S. D.	Feb. 10, '97
1830	Henry R. Winthrop, 85	Far Rockaway, N. Y.	Oct. 23, '96
1832	Seth C. Brace, 85	Philadelphia, Pa.	Jan. 25, '97
1832	James H. Carruth, 89	Van Buren, Ark.	Sept. 15, '96
1832	George W. Edwards, 84	Stamford, Conn.	July 21, '96
1832	Alfred Hebard, 85	New London, Conn.	Sept. 21, '96
1833	Joshua T. Tucker, 84	Boston, Mass.	June 11, '97
1834	John P. Atwater, 84	Poughkeepsie, N. Y.	May 23, '97
1836	Pinckney W. Ellsworth, 82	Hartford, Conn.	Nov. 29, '96
1836	George Mixer, 82	Rock Island, Ill.	Apr. 20, '97
1836	Thomas P. Scovell, 81	Lewiston, N. Y.	Aug. 6, '96
1838	William S. Fleming, 80	Columbia, Tenn.	July 13, '96
1839	Richard E. Rice, 81	New Haven, Conn.	May 30, '97
1839	Edward Wells, 78	Peekskill, N. Y.	Oct. 9, '96
1839	Josiah D. Whitney, 76	New London, N. H.	Aug. 19, '96
1840	Thomas S. Huntington, 76	Cincinnati, O.	Oct. 10, '96
1840	William Norris, 76	Baltimore, Md.	Dec. 29, '96
1841	Edmund P. Chase, 75	Des Moines, Iowa	June 21, '96
1841	William T. Sawyer, 75	Greensboro, Ala.	July 9, '96
1843	L. Sanford Davies, 74	Santa Cruz, Cal.	June 15, '97
1843	Edward Eells, 78	Washington, D. C.	March 11, '97
1844	Cyprian P. Willcox, 73	Athens, Ga.	Sept. 4, '96
1845	Oliver Crane, 74	Boston, Mass.	Nov. 29, '96
1845	Leonard E. Wales, 73	Wilmington, Del.	Feb. 8, '97
1846	Charles J. Gobrecht, 71	Philadelphia, Pa.	Dec. 22, '96
1846	Joseph F. Griggs, 75	Pittsburg, Pa.	Apr. 1, '97
1846	Franklin Holmes, 72	Paxton, Mass.	Sept. 30, '95
1846	Bernard A. Pratte, 71	Decatur, Tex.	Feb. 1, '97
1847	Charles T. H. Palmer, 70	Berkeley, Cal.	Feb. 18, '97
1848	Edward P. Abbe, 71	New Bedford, Mass.	Feb. 25, '97
1848	Homer N. Dunning, 69	South Norwalk, Conn.	March 27, '97
1848	James H. Trumbull, 68	Iquique, Chili	Nov. 12, '96
1848	Ben. D. Young, 72	Huntsville, Ala.	May 12, '95
1849	Bela H. Colegrove, 73	Sharpsburg, Ky.	Apr. 27, '97
1849	J. Lewis Smith, 69	New York City	June 9, '97

1850	Sylvanus S. Mulford, 66	New York City	Sept. 9, '96
1850	Hubert A. Newton, 66	New Haven, Conn.	Aug. 12, '96
1851	Thomas S. Potwin, 67	Hartford, Conn.	Oct. 22, '96
1853	Henry I. Bliss, 66	La Crosse, Wisc.	July 9, '96
1855	Luther H. Tucker, 62	Albany, N. Y.	Feb. 23, '97
1856	Grove P. Lawrence, 66	Pana, Ill.	Oct. 27, '96
1857	James Marshall, 65	Cedar Rapids, Iowa	Sept. 11, '96
1858	Robert C. Haskell, 62	Lansingburgh, N. Y.	May 12, '97
1858	Arthur N. Hollister, 61	Hartford, Conn.	Jan. 18, '97
1858	William A. MacDowell, 68	Uniontown, Pa.	Jan. 18, '97
1858	Daniel T. Potter, 67	Hartford, Conn.	Dec. 22, '95
1858	Henry A. Pratt, 62	Gloversville, N. Y.	June 17, '96
1858	Channing Richards, 58	Battle Creek, Mich.	Sept. 12, '96
1858	Normand Smith, 60	Keene Valley, N. Y.	July 30, '96
1859	Lawrence V. Cortelyou, 58	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Aug. 5, '96
1859	Edward S. Hinckley, 61	Norwich, Conn.	Aug. 10, '96
1859	William T. Lusk, 59	New York City	June 12, '97
1859	Moses Lyon, 67	Philadelphia, Pa.	Nov. 13, '96
1860	George L. Catlin, 56	New York City	Dec. 14, '96
1860	Julius H. Ward, 59	Worcester, Mass.	May 30, '97
1861	Ebenezer Andrews, 59	Milan, O.	Nov. 18, '96
1861	Peter Collier, 61	Ann Arbor, Mich.	June 29, '96
1862	William Lampson, 57	LeRoy, N. Y.	Feb. 14, '97
1863	William H. Belden, 55	Clifton Springs, N. Y.	July 31, '96
1865	George P. Dutton, 54	Ellsworth, Me.	Sept. 8, '96
1865	James S. Norton, 51	Lake Geneva, Wisc.	Sept. 17, '96
1865	Charles Edgar Smith, 57	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Dec. 8, '96
1866	George F. Britton, 53	New York City	June 28, '96
1869	Charles B. Herrick, 51	Haines Falls, N. Y.	July 29, '96
1869	Charles T. Weitzel, 49	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Dec. 20, '96
1870	Edward F. Merriam, 49	Springfield, Mass.	Aug. 25, '96
1872	Lucius S. Boomer, 46	Chicago, Ill.	March 6, '97
1872	William F. Sandford, 46	St. Louis, Mo.	June 13, '97
1872	Christopher Wetherill, Jr., 47	Germantown, Pa.	March 11, '97
1873	Arthur Biddle, 44	Atlantic City, N. J.	March 8, '97
1874	Arthur M. Dodge, 44	Simsbury, Conn.	Oct. 17, '96
1875	Augustus T. Metcalf, 42	Rochester, N. Y.	Sept. 11, '96
1875	C. Albert Myers, 43	Franklin, Pa.	Dec. 20, '96
1876	Augustus W. Dunning, 41	Orange, N. J.	Oct. 18, '96
1876	John H. Packard, 41	Boston, Mass.	May 9, '97
1878	Charles P. Woodbury, 39	Morris, Conn.	Dec. 30, '96
1881	Frederick A. Manning, 37	Denver, Col.	Dec. 3, '96
1882	Walter Murphy, 35	Salt Lake City, Utah	Feb. 5, '97
1884	James M. Claggett, 34	New York City	Jan. 7, '97
1884	George E. Cohen, 34	Wilkes-Barré, Pa.	Oct. 9, '96
1884	Ward W. Savery, 36	Marion, Mass.	June 19, '96
1888	Edward S. Farrington, 30	New York City	Sept. 7, '96
1893	William J. McKenna, 27	Westboro, Mass.	Dec. 18, '96

1893	Robert E. Rowley, 28	Williamsport, Pa.	March 14, '97
1894	Decius L. Pierson, 25	Simsbury, Conn.	Jan. 19, '97
1895	Laurens Hamilton, 24	New York City	March 19, '97
1895	Eugene N. Solomon, 22	New York City	Aug. 8, '96
1896	Wheeler Armstrong, Jr., 22	Hartford, Conn.	Nov. 12, '96

YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL

1836	Henry W. Hough, 87	Putnam, Conn.	Jan. 21, '97
1839	Henry G. Davis, 89	Everett, Mass.	Nov. 18, '96
1840	Francis L. Dickinson, 80	Rockville, Conn.	June 2, '97
1842	William H. Goode, 83	Staunton, Va.	Feb. 2, '97
1850	Joel W. Smith, 73	Charles City, Iowa	June 6, '97
1854	Burr R. Abbe, 66	Hartford, Conn.	March 13, '97
1865	Daniel C. Leavenworth, 68	New Haven, Conn.	Dec. 19, '96
1869	Byron W. Munson, 51	Sharon, Conn.	Jan. 3, '97
1875	Elisha Munger, 49	New London, Conn.	May 14, '97

YALE LAW SCHOOL

1866	Bradley D. Lee, 59	St. Louis, Mo.	May 10, '97
1867	Morris Goodhart, 58	New York City	Feb. 6, '97
1871	William H. Kenyon, 55	Middletown, Conn.	Aug. 4, '96
1872	Henry C. Baldwin, 54	Naugatuck, Conn.	Jan. 15, '97
1875	Levi Hite,	Columbus, O.	Dec. 17, '96
1889	James A. Wilson, 52	Bridgeport, Conn.	Feb. 12, '97
1893	Daniel F. Fowler, 22	Oneonta, N. Y.	Aug. 26, '96

YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL

1880	Luman A. Pettibone, 44	Burlington, Wisc.	Aug. 27, '96
1883	Milton S. Phillips, 43	Highland, Cal.	Sept. 7, '96
1889	Olaus Dahl, 37	Chicago, Ill.	March 10, '97
1891	Calvin U. O. Derr, 33	Spring City, Pa.	March 12, '97
1892	Jesse Bailey, 36	Buffalo Creek, Col.	Sept. 9, '96

GRADUATE SCHOOL

1869	Edward T. Nelson, 51	Washington, D. C.	Feb. 28, '97
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SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL

1858	Horace K. King, 58	Tully, N. Y.	May 31, '97
1859	Henry A. DuBois, 57	San Rafael, Cal.	May 26, '97
1864	Charles Bill, 57	Lithia Springs, Ga.	Apr. 15, '97
1868	Samuel Swift, 47	New York City	July 29, '96
1871	John F. Quigley, 48	Wilmington, Del.	March 27, '97

1875	Clarence H. Stilson, 47	New Haven, Conn.	June 20, '97
1875	Frederick M. Turnbull, 43	Taunton, Mass.	Jan. 15, '97
1876	John M. Cunningham, 41	New York City	Jan. 14, '97
1876	Frederick P. Miles, 42	Lakeville, Conn.	Feb. 19, '97
1881	Clark Wright, 37	New York City	March 16, '97
1885	John F. Babcock, 33	Elmira, N. Y.	July 9, '96
1888	George D. Colton, 32	Collinsville, Conn.	Jan. 1, '97
1892	Egbert W. Cornwall, 25	New Haven, Conn.	Oct. 24, '96
1893	Frank A. Little, 31	Meriden, Conn.	Dec. 26, '95

The number of deaths recorded this year is 125, and the average age of the graduates of the Academical Department is about 61 years.

The oldest living graduate of the Academical Department is :

Class of 1824, Hon. BENJAMIN D. SILLIMAN, LL.D., of Brooklyn, N. Y., born Sept. 14, 1805.

The oldest living graduate of the Medical Department is :

Class of 1831, CHAUNCEY AYRES, of Stamford, Conn., born Aug. 14, 1808.

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1892 <i>d</i>	Bailey, Jesse	492	1840	Huntington, Thomas S.	441
1872 <i>l</i>	Baldwin, Henry C.	489	1871 <i>l</i>	Kenyon, William H.	489
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1876	Dunning, Augustus W.	477	1876	Packard, John H.	478
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1895	Solomon, Eugene N.	482	1839	Whitney, Josiah D.	440
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OBITUARY RECORD

OF

GRADUATES OF YALE UNIVERSITY

Deceased during the Academical Year ending in

JUNE, 1898,

INCLUDING THE RECORD OF A FEW WHO DIED PREVIOUSLY,
HITHERTO UNREPORTED

[Presented at the meeting of the Alumni, June 28th, 1898]

[No. 8 of Fourth Printed Series, and No. 57 of the whole Record]



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YALE COLLEGE

(ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT)

1827

JOSEPH HARDY TOWNE was born in Salem, Mass., May 27, 1805, the son of Captain Solomon and Lydia (Goodale) Towne.

Soon after graduation he entered a law office in Boston, to which city his parents had removed; but after three years' study a change in his religious convictions led him to begin preparation for the ministry with his pastor. He was licensed to preach in September, 1831, and on June 13, 1832, he was ordained pastor of the Pleasant Street (Congregational) Church in Portsmouth, N. H. In the fall of 1836 he was called to the Salem Street Church in Boston, where he was installed on June 2, 1837. On December 27, 1843, he was dismissed, at his own request, to take charge of a new enterprise in the same city. A Congregational Church, known as the Leyden Church, was organized in February, 1844, of which he was installed pastor; but as the expectations connected with the enterprise were not fulfilled, the church was disbanded in July, 1847. On December 15, 1847, he was installed over the High Street Church in Lowell, Mass., where he continued until his dismissal on May 22, 1854, to accept a call to the First (or North) Congregational Church in Bridgeport, Conn.

His pastorate there closed on June 29, 1858, and four months later he was installed over St. Peter's (Presbyterian) Church, Rochester, N. Y. He continued there until March 9, 1860, and from June 1, 1860, to October 1, 1861, he was stated supply of the Westminster Presbyterian Church in Buffalo, N. Y. He went thence to the First Presbyterian Church in Milwaukee, Wisc., which he served for four years.

A bronchial affection, which incapacitated him from public speaking, obliged him after this to withdraw from active service as a preacher. His closing years, from 1885, were spent in Andover, Mass., where he died on July 30, 1897, in his 93d year.

He married on May 1, 1832, Eliza J., daughter of Caleb Wiley, of Lynn, Mass., who died on September 18, 1894. One son and two daughters survive their parents, three sons having died before them.

He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Marietta College in 1859. He was a preacher of unusual attractiveness and power, and retained to the last in a wonderful degree his intellectual vigor and his interest in religious themes. He had been since December, 1895, the last survivor of his College Class.

1828

THOMAS GOLD ALVORD was born on December 20, 1810, at Onondaga Hollow, in the County of Onondaga, N. Y.

His father, Elisha Alvord, a pioneer salt-maker, came to the neighborhood of the present city of Syracuse in 1793, but about 1813 removed to Lansingburg, in Rensselaer County, his wife being Helen Lansing, of the family which gave that place its name.

Mr. Alvord was prepared by tutors to enter the Sophomore Class in 1825, and after graduation studied law. In 1830, before he had attained his majority, he had his first official experience at Peru, in Clinton County, where he was elected Inspector of Schools.

In October, 1832, he was admitted to the practice of law by the Supreme Court of the State, and in January, 1833, was admitted to the bar of Onondaga County. He practiced law in Salina, now a part of Syracuse, until 1846, when he engaged in the lumber and coarse salt business.

After having been clerk of the village and town of Salina for

several years, he was elected, in the fall of 1843, to the Assembly of the State, in which he served for fifteen terms in all, namely, 1844, 1858, 1862, 1864, 1866-72, 1874-75, 1877-82. He was Speaker of the Assembly in 1858, in 1864, and on the entry into the new Capitol in 1879. In the fall of 1864 he was elected Lieutenant-Governor of the State on the Republican ticket, and served in that capacity during 1865 and 1866. In the fall of 1867 and again in 1893 he was elected a delegate to the State Constitutional Convention, and in each of these bodies he was chosen vice-president. This last service closed his political career.

Governor Alvord was an authority in parliamentary matters, an able debater, and a firm presiding officer.

He died of old age at his home in Syracuse on October 26, 1897, in his 87th year.

He married, in February, 1833, Miss Amelia Kellogg, who left one son, now living. He married secondly, in February, 1851, Mrs. Charlotte M. Earll, by whom he had one daughter and one son, both still living.

1831

WILLIAM WATSON ANDREWS, the eldest child of the Rev. William Andrews (Middlebury Coll. 1806) and Sarah (Parkhill) Andrews, was born in Windham, Conn., on February 26, 1810. In 1813 his father removed from the Congregational Church in Windham to the 1st Church in Danbury, Conn., and the year before his eldest son entered College as a Sophomore he removed again, to the Congregational Church in (South) Cornwall, Conn.

During his last year in College, under the influence of a new religious life, Mr. Andrews relinquished his purpose of studying law, and at once on graduation began, under his father's direction, a preparation for the ministry. In the meantime he also taught—in Virginia, and in Washington and Cornwall, Conn.

On May 21, 1834, he was ordained pastor of the Congregational Church in Kent, Conn. His devoted ministry to that people was interrupted in May, 1842, by the failure of his voice, and he improved the opportunity while thus disabled of visiting England, in part with the object of informing himself on the religious movement known as the Catholic Apostolic Church. He resumed his duties in October, 1843, but his growing belief in the movement just indicated and his desire to take a more active part in its service, led him, finally, to take his dismissal

from the church in Kent in May, 1849. In September, 1849, he removed to Potsdam, in Northern New York, to be the pastor of a small flock of his fellow-believers.

In 1857 he gave up pastoral work to labor as an evangelist in the United States and in Canada, and settled in Wethersfield, Conn., his home for the remainder of his life. His mental activity and rare felicity of expression, for which he had been remarkable from his undergraduate days, were equally characteristic of him to the last, and a certain saintliness of character left an inefaceable impression on all who were privileged to know him.

He died in Wethersfield, after a brief illness, on October 17, 1897, in his 88th year.

He married, on July 24, 1833, Mary Ann Given, of Fishkill, N. Y., by whom he had two sons and one daughter. His wife died in October, 1848, and on July 21, 1858, he married Elizabeth B. Williams, of Wethersfield, who survives him with her children, two daughters and one son.

The eldest son (the only surviving child by the first marriage) was graduated at Marietta College in 1855; and the youngest son at Trinity College in 1884.

1834

THOMAS JEFFERSON BRADSTREET, son of Captain Dudley and Mary (Porter) Bradstreet, was born in Topsfield, Mass., on April 7, 1807,—a direct descendent of both Governor Dudley and Governor Bradstreet of the Massachusetts Colony. When he was three years old his family removed to Danvers, Mass.

He entered College with the intention of becoming a lawyer, but a change in his religious feelings led him, upon graduation, to take the three years' course in the Yale Divinity School, after which he was invited to supply the pulpit in a new Congregational Church in Plymouth Hollow, now Thomaston, Conn. Here he labored for a year, going beyond his strength, with the result of a serious inflammation of the throat. For the next two winters he continued to preach (in Meriden and New London, Conn., successively), and was then reluctantly compelled by the trouble with his throat to abandon his profession and enter on a more active life.

On November 4, 1840, he married Amanda, daughter of Seth Thomas, the founder of the well-known clock company of Thomaston, and in the following spring he found employment as

superintendent of his father-in-law's cotton-factory, and was thus engaged for fifteen years. For the next six years he was traveling agent for the Seth Thomas Brass Company, but resigned at the outbreak of the civil war. His residence continued in Thomaston in later years, his time being occupied in farming, in the grain business, and in the management of his property.

As one of the leading citizens of the locality he represented Plymouth in the Legislature in 1871, and was for thirty-five years a member of the Board of Education. He was also for twenty-five years Superintendent of the Sunday School. He died in Thomaston on October 5, 1897, aged 90½ years.

His children, four sons and one daughter, all survive him. The second and youngest sons are graduates of Yale College (1871 and 1874), and the daughter is the wife of Joseph R. French (Yale Coll. 1856).

JAMES GILMORE, son of Gordon R. and Phebe (Sanford) Gilmore, was born in Bridgehampton, L. I., N. Y., on September 21, 1814. In 1821 the family removed to Cincinnati, which was his residence until his death.

After graduation he studied law in Cincinnati, and was admitted to the bar, but never engaged in active practice, as his father's death, in 1832, threw on him at an early age large business cares. In January, 1840, he founded a banking house, with which he remained actively interested until his retirement in 1878. Throughout this period he was one of the most influential citizens of Cincinnati. He also gave much time to the pursuit of music and literature. He kept always at hand in his office copies of the Greek and Latin classics in the original, and read in them daily.

After his retirement he spent much of his time in Europe, especially in Italy, where he devoted himself to the study of Dante. After seventeen years thus passed in Florence under leading scholars, he was recalled to America by business in 1890, and after arranging his affairs came to New Haven in the fall of 1891 to prosecute further advanced study of Dante. Not finding at Yale the opportunities which he desired, he went to Harvard and took a course there under Professor Norton. One incidental result of his disappointment at the facilities for the study of Dante at Yale was a bequest in his will for establishing such a course.

He returned to Florence; was again recalled to Cincinnati; and in June, 1897, left for Florence to renew his studies in the Italian classics, in his 83d year, but died before he had reached that city, at Innsbruck, in the Tyrol, on July 12.

He married, on July 18, 1842, Miss Mary Jane Stibbs of Cincinnati. Of their five sons, three are still living.

WILLIAM WALKER TAYLOR was born in Wilmington, Del., on June 10, 1811, the son of Andrew and Elizabeth (Deacon) Taylor.

He spent the three years after graduation in the Yale Divinity School, and then served for three years as stated supply of the Presbyterian Church in Womelsdorf, Berks County, Pa. In the meantime he was ordained as an evangelist by the Third Presbytery of Philadelphia, on May 13, 1838. In May, 1840, he was installed over the Presbyterian Church in Greensburg, Westmoreland County, Pa., where he remained until May, 1843. On the 11th of October, 1843, he was settled over the Presbyterian Church in Canton, Ohio, which he left in October, 1846. In September, 1847, he began to supply the Green Hill Presbyterian Church, Philadelphia, where he was installed on April 22, 1849. He resigned this charge in May, 1854, and on October 9, 1855, was settled as pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, Penn Yan, N. Y., which he served until May, 1860. He was next installed on October 9, 1861, over the Olivet Presbyterian Church in Philadelphia, and continued there until May, 1871. On June 12, 1872, he was installed over the Presbyterian Church in Shippensburg, Pa., but left there in September, 1874. His last settled pastorate was in Delaware City, Del., from June 2, 1876, to April, 1881.

The rest of his life was spent in his native State, and until the end he preached frequently and always with acceptance.

He died at the house of a brother, in Wilmington, on December 26, 1897, in his 87th year.

He married, on May 8, 1838, Eliza Saunders, of New Haven, who died before him. Their children were five daughters, all of whom died in infancy.

1839

JOHN NILES HUBBARD, son of the Rev. Robert Hubbard (Williams Coll. 1803) and Elizabeth (Van Campen) Hubbard, and grandson of the Rev. Robert Hubbard (Y. C. 1769), was

born in Angelica, Allegany County, N. Y., on August 27, 1815. His father was a successful pioneer missionary in Western New York, and was settled in Dansville, Steuben County, when this son entered College.

For two years after graduation he had charge of the academy in Dansville, in the meantime studying theology with the Rev. Leverett Hull. In 1841 he was licensed to preach, and began to supply churches in Dansville and the vicinity. In 1842 he entered the Middle Class in Auburn (N. Y.) Seminary, and supplied the Presbyterian Church in Hannibal, N. Y., until the end of his theological course. He was ordained and installed pastor at Hannibal by the Presbytery of Oswego, on August 14, 1844, and continued to labor there successfully until 1853. He then returned to the church at Dansville, from 1854 to 1857; and from 1858 to 1861 had charge of the churches in Friendship and Belmont, near his birthplace. He was then recalled to Hannibal, and spent six happy years in that familiar community.

In 1867, on account of his health, he removed to California, and devoted himself mainly to the work of organizing new churches in that State. He was settled in Lincoln until 1870, and then successively in Wheatland, Greyson, and Ellis. From 1881 his home was in Tracy, California, where he died on October 16, 1897, in his 83d year.

He married, on February 18, 1845, Miss Margaret McDougal, of North Sterling, Cayuga County, N. Y., who survives him. Of their five children, one is still living.

HENRY ROOTES JACKSON, son of Professor Henry Jackson, LL.D., of the University of Georgia, was born in Athens, Ga., on June 24, 1820.

After graduation he entered the law school which Judge Harden had just established in Athens, and was admitted to the bar in 1840. He settled in Savannah, and in 1843 was appointed U. S. District Attorney for the State. When the Mexican war broke out he took the field as Colonel of the 1st Georgia Volunteers. He had already become known as a graceful writer, especially of verse, and after his return he was editor and part owner (in 1848-49) of *The Georgian* in Savannah.

In 1849 he was elected by the State Legislature Judge of the Superior Court, for the Eastern Circuit, for four years, and entered on his duties in December. He resigned on his appoint-

ment by President Pierce in May, 1853, as Chargé d'Affaires at the Court of Austria. In 1854 the grade of the mission was raised by Act of Congress, and he served as Minister Resident from June, 1854, until his resignation in July, 1858.

Shortly after his return home he was appointed by the U. S. government associate counsel with the District Attorney for Georgia in the prosecution of notorious slave-trading cases and was occupied for two years with this duty in bold defiance of a section of the popular sentiment. In December, 1858, he was elected Chancellor of the University of Georgia, but after some deliberation declined the office.

He was a delegate to the Democratic Presidential Convention at Charleston in 1860, and seceded with other Southern delegates, serving subsequently as a Presidential Elector on the Breckinridge and Lane ticket.

When Georgia seceded from the Union he was appointed Major-General in command of the State militia, and in August, 1861, he accepted the commission of Brigadier-General in the Confederate army. He was taken prisoner at the battle of Nashville, in December, 1864, and held in prison until the close of the war.

He then resumed his law practice in Savannah and was again prominent in the public and social life of that city. From 1875 to 1888 he was one of the Trustees of the "Peabody Education Fund." He was President of the Georgia Historical Society from 1872 until his death.

In March, 1885, he was appointed U. S. Minister to Mexico, but withdrew from the office three months later, on a difference of opinion with the government.

He married Miss Florence King, who survives him with one son and one daughter,—two sons having died before him.

He published at Savannah in 1850 a volume entitled *Tallulah, and other Poems* (8vo, pp. 235), which was received with high praise, and a few separate poems by him have had a wide circulation at the South.

In March, 1898, he suffered from a stroke of paralysis, and though he seemed to rally from this attack, those who were nearest him realized that it was the beginning of the end. A second stroke prostrated him on May 14, and he died at his home in Savannah on May 23, aged nearly 78 years.

CHARLES HUNTINGTON MORSE, son of Captain Josiah B. Morse, of New Haven, Conn., and brother of George B. Morse (Y. C. 1837), was born in New Haven on August 28, 1816, but removed with his parents to South Carolina at an early age. His residence while in College was in Montgomery, Ala.

After graduating he studied law for two years in the Yale Law School. He practiced his profession for a number of years in Columbia, Miss., and subsequently removed to Mobile, Ala. In 1872 he removed to Chicago, Ill., where he continued in active practice until within a few years of his death. He was at one time Corporation Counsel of the city.

He died in Chicago on July 3, 1897, aged nearly 81 years.

He married Laura Compton, of Jackson, Tenn., who survives him. He also left two daughters and one son (Y. C. 1887).

1840

LEVI ABBOT, youngest child of Zebadiah and Elizabeth (Hale) Abbot, of Wilton, Hillsborough County, N. H., was born in that town on May 26, 1818. An elder brother was graduated in 1833.

After graduation he studied law in Nashua, N. H., and in 1843 went to Alexandria, Va., as a teacher, in which occupation he was engaged until 1849. He then completed his law studies in the Harvard Law School, graduating in 1850. He was admitted to the bar in Manchester, N. H., in October, 1850, but after a short experience preferred teaching to the practice of his profession, and in 1854 removed to Newark, N. J., where he was occupied for eight years—at first as teacher of classics in the Wesleyan Institute, and afterwards in an English and Classical School of his own. On January 1, 1857, he married his second cousin, Matilda, youngest daughter of the Hon. Timothy Abbot, of Wilton.

In 1862, from considerations of health, he disposed of his school and removed to Hollis, in his native county, where he settled upon a farm. For the rest of his life he occupied his leisure in reading and study, and gave much time to the interests of the Hollis Public Library and to the public schools of the town, of which he was the superintendent until his resignation at the age of seventy.

He died in Hollis on March 11, 1898, in his 80th year. His wife survives him without children.

HENRY BOOTH, son of Ely and Abigail (Minor) Booth, was born in Roxbury, Litchfield County, Conn., on August 19, 1818.

On leaving College he took charge of an academy in Wellsboro, Pa., for a year, and then as his health allowed pursued the study of law under Judge O. S. Seymour, in Litchfield, and at the Yale Law School, where he was graduated in 1844.

In September, 1844, he settled in Towanda, Pa., where he practiced his profession until May, 1856, when he removed to Poughkeepsie, N. Y., and took charge of the Law Department of the State and National Law School. In June, 1858, he withdrew from this school and engaged in the practice of law in the same city.

In July, 1859, he removed to Chicago, Ill., having been invited to assist in the organization of a Law Department in the University of Chicago. He had the principal, and for much of the time sole charge of that department until 1870, when he was elected one of the Judges of the circuit court of Cook County. He was also engaged in active and successful practice at the bar, from the spring of 1862.

He served on the bench with distinction until 1879, and in the meantime continued to be connected with the Law School as Dean, serving gratuitously.

Sometime after his retirement he removed to California, and was residing in Pasadena at the time of his death.

In April, 1898, he left Pasadena for Chicago, and while stopping on the way for a visit to a daughter in Minden, Nebraska, died there on April 29, in his 80th year, as the result of a runaway accident.

He married in October, 1846, Ellen, daughter of the Hon. Samuel W. Morris, of Wellsboro, Pa. Their children, three daughters and three sons, are still living.

STEPHEN CLARK FOSTER was born in East Machias, Maine, in 1820.

He taught in Amelia County, Va., in 1840-41, in Montgomery County, Alabama, in 1842, and in Sumpter County, Alabama, in 1843. In 1844 he attended a course of medical lectures in the Louisiana Medical College, at New Orleans, and then began the practice of medicine in Westport, Jackson County, Mo. In 1845, however, he crossed the plains to New Mexico as a trader, and pushed on into the province of Sonora, in Mexico, settling in

Oposura, where he practiced medicine until June, 1846, when he returned to Santa Fe. Thence he went to California in the Mexican war, as interpreter, and in March, 1847, arrived in the little pueblo of Los Angeles, with the gradual development of which city he was intimately connected.

He continued in Government employ as interpreter until May, 1849. In the meantime he was elected to the judicial office of Alcalde of Los Angeles in January, 1848, and held that position for over a year. He was a member of the convention of September, 1849, which framed the first constitution of California, was State Senator in 1851, 1852, and 1853, and the first Mayor of Los Angeles in 1854-56.

He married in August, 1848, Senora Merced, daughter of Antonio Maria Lugo, and widow of Juan Perez, by whom he had two sons, both of whom survive him.

In later years the family residence was on a ranch near Downey, in Los Angeles County, about 18 miles from the city, but he spent most of his time in the city itself.

He died in Los Angeles, in destitute circumstances, on January 28, 1898, in his 78th year.

AMOS EDWARD LAWRENCE, son of Joseph W. and Sybil (Heath) Lawrence, was born in Geneseo, N. Y., on June 25, 1812, and entered College from New York City.

After graduation he spent a year in travel through the Northwest, before entering the Union Theological Seminary, where he completed the course in 1844. In the Spring of that year he became Assistant Secretary of the American Home Missionary Society, in New York City, in which service he spent four years. On June 25, 1848, he was ordained and installed over the Presbyterian Church in Cutchogue, L. I., where he remained for three years. On December 10, 1851, he was installed over the Congregational Church in Southbury, Conn., but was dismissed in July, 1860, to accept a call to the Congregational Church in Lancaster, Mass., where he remained until March 15, 1864. His next engagement was in Housatonic, in the town of Great Barrington, Mass., where he preached from 1866 to 1869. He removed to Stockbridge, Mass., and thence in 1874 to Newton, Mass., where he was a useful and honored citizen. His service as a member, and for some years chairman, of the School Committee, was especially valued.

He died in Newton on November 23, 1897, in his 86th year.

He married on September 1, 1846, Hannah, daughter of Robert L. Bowne, of New York City, who died on April 11, 1858. He next married, on May 18, 1859, Ann Maria, fourth daughter of Oliver Crocker, of New Bedford, Mass., who died on August 20, 1865. He married again, on June 12, 1867, Lucy W., daughter of Samuel Davis, of Boston, who survives him.

By his first marriage he had one daughter and one son; and by his second marriage two sons and one daughter. His children survive him, except the eldest daughter.

1841

BIRDSEY GRANT NORTHROP, son of Thomas G. and Aurelia (Curtis) Northrop, and grandson of Lieutenant Amos Northrop (Y. C. 1762), was born in Kent, Conn., on July 18, 1817. He entered College in 1835, but left in 1836 on account of illness, and was not able to return for two years.

After graduation he remained at the College for one year, engaged in general study, and then took the three years' course in the Yale Divinity School. In May, 1846, he began to supply the pulpit of the Congregational Church in Saxonville, a manufacturing village in Framingham, Mass., where he was ordained pastor on March 10, 1847. He had already married on February 18, 1846, Harriette E., daughter of Jeremiah Chichester, of Troy, N. Y.

In 1857 he resigned his pastorate to accept the office of Agent of the State Board of Education of Massachusetts; and he was called from this position at the close of the year 1866 to the place of Secretary of the Board of Education for Connecticut, with his residence in New Haven. In 1878 he removed his residence to Clinton, Conn. During the later years of his continuance as secretary he gave a great deal of time to the encouragement of village improvement and ornamental tree planting; and when he left office, at the close of the year 1882, he devoted himself with enthusiasm to the promotion of these interests, throughout the country. In this behalf he lectured and traveled extensively, and he was especially successful in introducing the observance of "Arbor Day" in schools,—an idea which originated with him.

While secretary of the Board of Education he was intimately connected with the movements for furnishing an American education to Chinese and Japanese youth who were sent to this

country, and in 1895, at the age of 78, he was able to make a journey to Japan, where he was received with special honor and witnessed the outgrowth of his efforts. Williams College gave him the degree of LL.D. in 1872.

He died at his home in Clinton, after an illness of several weeks, on April 27, 1898, in his 81st year.

His wife died on February 20, 1892. Their children were three daughters and three sons. Those still living are the second daughter, wife of Dwight Holbrook (hon. M.A. Yale 1886), and the youngest son (Y. C. 1876).

1842

GEORGE BUSHNELL, the youngest child of Ensign and Dotha (Bishop) Bushnell, was born in the parish of New Preston, in Washington, Litchfield County, Conn., on December 13, 1818. His distinguished brother, the Rev. Dr. Horace Bushnell, sixteen years older than himself, was graduated in 1827.

After leaving College he taught for a few months in West Hartford, Conn., and in October, 1843, entered the Auburn (N. Y.) Theological Seminary. Two years later he transferred himself to the Yale Divinity School, where he completed the course in 1846.

He accepted no call to a settlement until 1848, when he was ordained on December 13 over the Salem Street Congregational Church in Worcester, Mass. He held this charge until the end of December, 1856, when he resigned in order to act as Superintendent of the public schools in that city, which position he retained for a year and a half. He then returned to the work of the ministry, and was installed on September 29, 1858, over the First Church in Waterbury, Conn. He resigned this charge on January 31, 1865, to accept a call to the First Congregational Church in Beloit, Wis., where he served from March 2, 1865, until his resignation, on account of impaired health, on May 5, 1884. A few months later he returned to New Haven, where he resided until his death. His only further pastoral service was as stated supply to the First Church in Durham, Conn., for two or three years after 1886. He was elected to membership in the Yale Corporation in November, 1888.

A severe illness in June, 1897, broke down his health, and he died at his home in New Haven on April 5, 1898, in his 80th year.

He married on May 21, 1851, Mary E., eldest child of Eli W. Blake (Y. C. 1816), of New Haven, who survives him with their children, one son (Y. C. 1876) and three daughters.

The honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity was given him by Beloit College in 1879. He was greatly beloved in that community, as in the other places of his residence, for the sturdy simplicity of his piety, his large-hearted charity, and the vigor and freshness of his intellectual life.

JAMES HAMMOND TRUMBULL, son of Gurdon and Sally Ann (Swan) Trumbull, was born in Stonington, Conn., on December 20, 1821. His early development was rapid, and a failure of health obliged him to withdraw from College in the earlier part of Junior year. He was given an honorary degree of Master of Arts in 1850, and was enrolled with his class in 1862.

After regaining health he settled in Hartford, Conn., in 1847, and for the next five years was assistant in the office of the Secretary of State. In the meantime he published (1850-52) two volumes of the earliest Colonial Records of Connecticut. In 1854 he was appointed to the new office of State Librarian, which he held for one year.

On August 6, 1855, he married Sarah A., elder daughter of David F. Robinson, of Hartford, and the following year he spent in travel in Europe and the East. He was again Assistant to the Secretary of State from 1858 to 1861, during which time he issued the third volume of his transcript of the Public Records of the Colony. In 1861 he was elected Secretary of State on the Republican ticket, and he retained that office for five years by annual re-election.

In the meantime he had been appointed in 1862 Librarian of the Watkinson Library in Hartford, and when that was opened to the public in August, 1866, he assumed the active duties of Librarian. He remained in full charge until the end of 1890, when his resignation on account of impaired health was accepted, and his title changed to Librarian *emeritus*. The excellent service which he rendered in the selection of this exceedingly choice Library deserves emphatic recognition. His later years were years of increasing feebleness, and he died in Hartford on August 5, 1897, in his 76th year. His wife and only child, a daughter, survive him.

His early inclinations were towards natural history and mathe-

matics, but an inherited love for New England history dominated most of his maturer studies. About 1853 he became interested in the American Indian languages, and he gave to their study long periods of most exhaustive and remunerative labor. His acquirements in bibliography were also specially notable. His published writings were mainly contributions to historical magazines and the proceedings of learned societies, or annotated editions of historical works; but all were overflowing with curious learning marshaled with characteristic accuracy and completeness.

He received the honorary degree of LL.D. from Yale in 1871 and from Harvard in 1887, also that of L.H.D. from Columbia in 1887.

From 1873 to 1885 he held the appointment of Lecturer on the Indian Languages of North America at Yale.

1843

LEWIS RAYMOND HURLBUTT, the youngest son of John B. and Elizabeth (Ogden) Hurlbutt, was born in Wilton, Conn., on August 13, 1820. He had taught for two years before entering College.

After graduation he was principal of Bacon Academy in Colchester, Conn., for two years, and for the two following years had charge of the Hopkins Grammar School in Hartford. He was then called back to the College as tutor, and during his three years' service in that office also pursued a course in medicine, receiving the degree of M.D. in January, 1850.

In October, 1850, he went to New York City to attend lectures in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, and served later in the New York Hospital for more than a year.

In May, 1852, he began practice in Stamford, Conn., and maintained himself as the leading physician in that community until his last illness. He was also highly valued as a public-spirited citizen and especially for his long service in connection with the schools.

After several months' feebleness he died in Stamford on February 14, 1898, in his 78th year.

He married on April 11, 1854, Matilda L., daughter of A. R. Moen, of Stamford, who died on January 25, 1881. Their children, three sons and four daughters, are all living. The eldest son was graduated at Yale College in 1876.

WILLIAM JONES WEEKS, only child of James H. and Susan M. (Jones) Weeks, was born in Oyster Bay, L. I., N. Y., on February 21, 1821. In 1828 his parents removed to that part of Brookhaven, L. I., afterwards known as Yaphank, where the rest of his life was spent.

He gave himself after graduation to general reading, and the practice of agriculture, horticulture, and surveying. From the year 1850 he was extensively occupied in the keeping of bees and made a careful study of their structure and habits, in the course of which he published in 1860 a remarkable series of papers on the construction of the hexagonal cell.

He retained through life extraordinary physical vigor, and after the age of 75 was still an expert in figure-skating, bicycling, and other out-door sports.

He died at Yaphank, from cancer of the stomach, on September 2, 1897, in his 77th year.

He married, on January 1, 1848, Mary, daughter of Archibald Crosswell, of Gilboa, Schoharie County, N. Y., who died in 1883. Their children were six sons and six daughters, of whom three sons and five daughters are still living. The eldest son was graduated at Cornell University in 1872.

JOHN WALCOTT WETHERELL, second son of John and Clarissa (Sigourney) Wetherell, was born in Oxford, Worcester County, Mass., on July 16, 1820.

Upon graduation he entered the Law School of Harvard University, where he received the degree of LL.B. in 1846. After a few months' further study in the office of Barton & Bacon, in Worcester, he was admitted to the bar in December, 1846, and began practice in the same city. Later he was in partnership with a younger brother (Y. C. 1848) from 1851 until the junior partner's death in 1858. He was successful at the bar, but when the rebellion broke out he was drawn away from his profession and did not again resume it. As one of the aides of Governor Andrew, with the rank of Colonel, he was kept hard at work during the four years of the war and was extremely useful in his place. After this exhausting service he devoted his time chiefly to the care of his estate. His health never fully recovered from the strain and overwork of the war-period, and he died after a long illness, of Bright's disease, in Worcester, on October 2, 1897, in his 78th year.

He married on September 10, 1858, Hester, daughter of Major Rejoice Newton, of Worcester, who survives him. He left no children.

1845

JONATHAN STURGES ELY, son of David Ely (Y. C. 1800), a New York merchant, and grandson of the Rev. Dr. David Ely (Y. C. 1769), was born in New York City on Sept. 9, 1822. His mother was Priscilla, daughter of Judge Jonathan Sturges (Y. C. 1759), of Fairfield, Conn. The family removed in 1831 to Manlius, N. Y., and a few years later to Rochester, N. Y., from which place the son entered College.

After graduation he taught in Gloucester County, Va., and Lyons, N. Y. He began the study of law in 1847 with Orlando Hastings, of Rochester, and subsequently studied in the office of George F. Danforth, of the same city. He completed his preparation in the office of his cousin, the Hon. Benjamin D. Silliman (Y. C. 1824), in New York, and after his admission to the bar in 1852 remained with Mr. Silliman until 1855. He then opened a law office in New York, in connection with James Morris, Esq., and on March 28 in that year he married Euphemia G., daughter of John G. Hicks, of New York. In 1862 he removed to New Rochelle, N. Y., retiring from business mainly on account of ill health. His wife died in New Rochelle on May 24, 1864, and on October 11, 1866, he married Susan D., second daughter of the Hon. Levinus Monson (Y. C. 1811), of Hobart, N. Y.

In his later years he was employed as a clerk in the New York Post Office, and he died in New York City on May 19, 1898, in his 76th year. He had no children.

ORRICK METCALFE, son of Dr. James and Sarah W. Metcalfe, was born at his father's homestead on Second Creek, near Natchez, in Adams County, Mississippi, on July 17, 1824. His parents were both Kentuckians, from old Virginia families. After preliminary training in Jefferson College, in his native county, and the Indiana University, he entered Yale at the beginning of Sophomore year.

Soon after graduation he was elected Professor of Languages in Jefferson College, and continued in that place for two years, until the College ceased to exist. He then studied law in New York City, and was admitted to the bar there in 1850. Imme-

diately after his admission he went abroad, and while under treatment in Paris for impaired hearing, was led to attend the hospitals, with the result that on his return he began the study of medicine. He received the degree of M.D. from the University of the City of New York in 1853, and then began practice in Natchez. A successful career there was interrupted by the civil war, and he went into the Confederate Army in June, 1861, as a private. He was commissioned in November as a Surgeon, and remained in the service until the close of the war.

Afterwards, finding it difficult in the disorganized condition of the South to earn a living, he came to New York City and was occupied there from 1867 to 1870, making a specialty of diseases of the ear. For the remainder of his life he pursued his profession in Natchez, where he died on March 2, 1898, in his 74th year. He was highly esteemed in the community for his professional skill and his abundant benevolence to the poor.

He married on February 15, 1855, Helen, daughter of John F. Gillespie, of Adams County, Miss., a sister of James M. Gillespie (Y. C. 1853). She survives him with one daughter, four other children having died early.

1846

JOHN BALL BRISBIN, son of Dr. Oliver and Anzoletta (Ball) Brisbin, was born at Schuylerville, in Saratoga, N. Y., on January 10, 1826.

After graduation he studied law and was admitted to the bar in February, 1850. He began practice in his native village, but in 1853 removed to St. Paul, Minn. He obtained a high rank in his profession, and at the same time engaged actively in political life. He was a member of the Territorial Council, and its President, in 1856-58, and after the admission of Minnesota as a State was a Member of the Legislature in 1858 and 1864. In later years he was chairman of the Democratic State Committee. He was unanimously elected Mayor of the city of St. Paul in 1857, having been city attorney in 1856. About ten years ago he retired from practice and after some years of ill health he died suddenly in St. Paul, on March 22, 1898, in his 73d year.

He married in 1850, Almira George, of Franklin County, Vt., who died on December 3, 1863. He next married on May 5, 1865, Margaret M. Jones, of Avon Springs, N. Y., who survives him with one child.

JAMES McLAREN BREED DWIGHT, the third son of James and Susan (Breed) Dwight, and a grandson of President Timothy Dwight, was born in Norwich, Conn., on August 11, 1825.

After graduation he taught for a year or two in the Brainard Academy at Haddam, Conn., and from July, 1849, to December, 1853, was a Tutor in Yale College. He began the study of theology in the Andover Seminary in 1854, and removed to the Yale Divinity School in 1856. He remained in New Haven, occupied in private teaching and in preaching, until 1859, when he removed to New York City and entered on the study of law in the Columbia Law School, then under the charge of his cousin, Professor Theodore W. Dwight. In May, 1861, he received the degree of LL.B. and was admitted to the bar, and from 1863 to 1866 he assisted in the instruction in Municipal Law in Columbia.

On June 6, 1866, he was married, in Philadelphia, to Miss Cora C., daughter of the late Major Charles B. Tallmadge, U. S. A., and he then removed his residence to New Haven. Here he lived until his death (with the exception of an extended period of travel in Europe from 1869 to 1876), absorbed in his home life, and devoted to his books, but exercising a keen and intelligent interest in all matters of public importance, whether national or local, and known and esteemed in his circle of friendship as a man of wide reading and of a wonderful range of minute and exact knowledge.

He printed for private circulation in 1885 a poem entitled "The Vigil" (8vo, pp. 116).

In the evening of June 23, 1897, he tripped and fell in his dressing-room, breaking a thigh, and the entire system received such a shock that he failed rapidly and died five days later, having nearly completed his 72d year.

Mrs. Dwight survives him without children.

ISRAEL HOPKINS HARRIS, the eldest child of James and Rebecca C. (Jennings) Harris, was born in Centreville, Montgomery County, Ohio, on November 23, 1823, and entered College at the opening of the Junior year.

Centreville was his father's birthplace and early home, but Waynesville, nine miles distant, in Warren County, was his own family residence, to which he returned at graduation. At his father's desire he joined him in his business—that of a large and profitable general country store—and was so employed until 1855,

when he became a private banker, and so continued until his death. By his rare good judgment, tireless industry, and unblemished integrity he accumulated a fortune and secured the respect of the community.

He was more widely known as a student of the natural sciences, and an enthusiastic collector of specimens in geology, mineralogy, conchology, and archaeology, which passed at his death, by his desire, to the U. S. National Museum. Other valuable collections, of rare coins and remarkable fresh-water pearls, are retained by the family.

He died in Waynesville, after a brief illness, on October 17, 1897, aged nearly 74 years.

He married in November, 1848, Esther Ann, daughter of Jarvis Stokes, of Lytle, Warren County, Ohio, who died in November, 1849, leaving a daughter who died in infancy. He married in November, 1852, Carrie E., daughter of Merritt Bunnell, of the same county, who died in January, 1873. Her children were two daughters and one son, of whom the younger daughter is the only survivor. He next married, in 1874, Edith, daughter of Nathan Mosher, of Cardington, Morrow County, Ohio, who survives him with one daughter, another child having died in infancy.

BENJAMIN BALCH HOPKINSON, son of William and Maria (Atwood) Hopkinson, was born in that part of Bradford, in Essex County, Mass., which is now Groveland, on March 6, 1820.

After graduation he was for three years a member of the Yale Divinity School, and spent some time in teaching. In June, 1851, he took charge of the Congregational Church in North Killingly, now East Putnam, Conn., where he received ordination as an evangelist on September 8, 1852. He continued there for about four years, and then supplied the church in Salem, Connecticut, for two years, or until May, 1857.

In 1858 he went to the First Church in Middle Haddam, a part of Chatham, Conn., where he supplied for nearly ten years. He was a member of the Legislature from Chatham in 1867.

In January, 1869, he took charge of the church in Ashford, Conn., and remained there for four years. In April, 1875, he began his longest period of service, with the church at Grassy Hill, in Lyme, Conn., where he continued until 1893. On January 7, 1894, he took pastoral charge of the Congregational Church in Union, Conn., and was still in office at the time of his sudden death there, on October 14, 1897, in his 78th year.

He married, on July 10, 1851, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Ezra Tuttle, of New Haven, Conn., who died on November 21, 1887. Their two children, both daughters, survive them.

1847

CHARLES THOMPSON BLAKE, eldest son of Eli W. (Y. C. 1816) and Eliza M. (O'Brien) Blake, was born in Whitneyville, New Haven, on October 19, 1826.

After graduation he attended lectures in the Law School and afterwards studied civil engineering. Early in 1849, on the breaking out of the gold fever, he went to California, where he spent two years in mining. He then engaged in banking, and later entered the express business as an agent for Wells, Fargo & Co.

In the spring of 1864 he established an express of his own, connecting with the Overland Stage Route from Sacramento to the East, and greatly reducing the time for letters and papers. From 1866 to 1868 he was engaged in business in Idaho City, and then spent a year in the East, settling in Boise City, Idaho, on his return. Two years later he went back to San Francisco, and in 1873 bought an interest in and became secretary of the Oakland Paving Company, of which his classmate, C. T. H. Palmer, was president. After the death of the latter in February, 1897, Mr. Blake became president of the company, which did an extensive business in quarrying stone and macadamizing streets.

He married in October, 1868, Harriet W. Stiles, of San Francisco, daughter of Anson G. Stiles, who survives him with one daughter, the wife of Sherman D. Thacher (Y. C. 1883), and three sons,—two daughters and a son having died early.

After having been for several years in poor health he was obliged to come East about the first of December, 1897, and on the trip contracted a heavy cold. After his return pneumonia developed, which caused his death, at his residence in Berkeley, on December 27, 1897, in his 72d year.

CHARLES HENRY BULLARD, son of Luther and Hannah (Dudley) Bullard, was born in Uxbridge, Mass., on February 13, 1820.

After graduation he taught in General Russell's Collegiate and Commercial Institute in New Haven, and also from 1848 to 1851 pursued the course in the Yale Divinity School. He was then called to the pastorate of the Second Congregational Church in

Rockville, Conn., which he supplied for a year before his ordination there, on November 17, 1853. His acceptable service in this church was terminated, on account of ill health, on February 1, 1857, when he removed to Hartford, Conn., and went into the book business. In 1858 he became District Secretary of the American Tract Society of Boston, for Connecticut and Western Massachusetts, and so continued until 1868, when he was commissioned as State Missionary for the Connecticut Home Missionary Society. Four years later he was appointed District Secretary for Connecticut and Western Massachusetts of the American Tract Society of New York, and he served the interests of this Society with loyal devotion until 1895.

His residence had continued in Hartford, where he died after ten months' illness, on October 15, 1897, in his 78th year.

He married on October 14, 1852, Susan Augusta, daughter of George Spencer, of Deep River, Conn., who died August 7, 1896.

Of their children one son and two daughters are living, one son and two daughters having died before their parents.

SAMUEL ROBINSON DIMOCK, son of Rufus and Betsey (Hawkins) Dimock, was born in Mansfield, Conn., on May 28, 1822, and entered College from (South) Coventry, Conn.

He taught school after graduation, principally in Manchester, Conn., and studied theology, in part at the East Windsor (Conn.) Theological Institute, being licensed to preach by the Tolland Association of Congregational Ministers in November, 1854. After a further period of teaching at the West, he was ordained and installed on April 23, 1855, over the Presbyterian Church in Valatie, a village in Kinderhook, N. Y., where he remained until 1859. He was next settled over the Congregational Church in Wilton, Conn., from December 7, 1859, to June 8, 1861; and over the South Congregational Church in Pittsfield, Mass., from September 24, 1861, to April 24, 1864. He was then pastor of the Plymouth Congregational Church in Syracuse, N. Y., from September 14, 1864, to October 13, 1868. Thence he went to Quincy, Ill., where he served the Union Congregational Church as pastor for about two years, and in 1871 he removed to Nebraska, where he became pastor of the First Congregational Church in Lincoln. In 1875 he left this post, on account of seriously impaired health, and made a last removal, to Colorado. For more than twenty years he continued to reside in Denver, and

after having contended with feeble health and persistent asthma for all his life, he suffered, after the summer of 1889, from extreme weakness and passed his last years in a condition of utter helplessness of body, though his mind remained clear and his patience and Christian faith unailing. He died at his home in Denver on April 19, 1898, aged nearly 76 years.

He married on November 22, 1849, Louisa S. Dimock, of Manchester, Conn., who died in 1855. In 1858 he married Anna S. Husted; and after her death married on October 12, 1875, Mrs. Jane A. Harter, who survives him. Of his four children two died in infancy, and one daughter and one son are still living.

JAMES PRESLEY GRAY, son of Ben Presley and Ann Eliza (Offut) Gray, was born in Newtown, Scott County, Ky., on December 16, 1824. About ten years later his parents removed to Versailles, in Woodford County, whence he entered College as a Sophomore.

After graduation he was engaged in business as a stock-broker until 1855, when he became a cotton-planter in Mississippi. After the war of the rebellion, in which he took no active part, he continued in Mississippi until his death, and was for many years engaged in land and lumber business and also as a contractor for building railroads and levees. He retired from business on account of ill health, from cirrhosis of the liver, a few years before his death. For many years he resided in Greenville, Washington County, and later in Bolivar County. He died in Benoit, in the latter county, at the house of a daughter, from a paralytic stroke, on September 25, 1897, in his 73d year.

He married in Woodford County, Ky., on December 2, 1856, Louise, daughter of Medad B. Hoyt, of Collinsville, N. Y., who died a few years before him. Their only son died in his 15th year while preparing for Yale. Of their five daughters three are still living.

1848

WILLIAM KINNE, the eldest child of Deacon William Kinne (Y. C. 1804) and Eliza (Evans) Kinne, was born on March 26, 1819, on Black Hill, in Plainfield, Conn. He entered College in 1842, and retained his connection with the class of 1846 until Junior year. Two years later he resumed his work with the class of 1848. In the latter part of his course his father removed to the adjoining town of Canterbury.

Though he had intended to enter the Christian ministry, his pecuniary circumstances led him to take up teaching, and on graduation he became principal of Bacon Academy in Colchester, Conn. He left there in August, 1850, to accept a tutorship at Yale, which he held for two years.

He then resumed the charge of Bacon Academy, and on December 31, 1853, married Miss Phebe E. Adams, of Canterbury, Conn. In 1856 he took a position in the Boston Latin School, and in October, 1857, became principal of the Eaton School, one of the graded schools in New Haven. When the Public High School was established here in May, 1859, he was selected as the first Master, and served in that office until his resignation in July, 1868. This was the most successful period of his career. His thoroughness in scholarship and in discipline and the example of his conscientious devotion to his work remain with his pupils as a lesson and an inspiration.

From New Haven he went to West Brattleboro, Vt., as principal of the Glenwood Ladies' Seminary, but after a year he again removed—to Ithaca, N. Y., where for nearly twelve years he kept a school of high character preparatory for Cornell University.

In 1886 he returned to his native town, his health impaired by a slight paralytic shock which compelled him to lay down active work and to spend his remaining days in quiet enjoyment of his friends, his books, and his outdoor walks. He was from 1893 clerk of the First Church in Plainfield (as he had previously been of the Congregational Church in Ithaca), and was also clerk for the Trustees of the Academy in Plainfield.

He died in Plainfield, from paralysis, on March 11, 1898, at the age of 79, having survived his wife for five years. They had no children. He bequeathed his library to the church in Plainfield, with a generous sum of money for its benefit.

1849

JAMES HENRY ATKINS was born in Meriden, Conn., on April 25, 1828, and entered College as a Sophomore in November, 1846.

After graduation he taught for one year in Plymouth, Conn., and from 1850 to 1856 was principal of the Academy in his native town. In the latter part of this period he studied law with Benajah Andrews, but owing to deafness he did not practice the profession.

He died in Meriden from consumption, after an illness of several months, on October 25, 1897, in his 70th year. He was never married.

HORACE BARNARD, son of Horace and Harriet (Thwing) Barnard, was born in Charleston, S. C., on July 31, 1829. His family was originally from Hartford, Conn., and returned thither in his childhood.

In January, 1851, he began the study of law in the office of George Wood, of New York City, and the next year continued his studies in the Law School of Harvard University, where he received the degree of LL.B. in July, 1853. From 1853 to 1856 he was in the office of Butler, Evarts & Southmayd, in New York, and he remained continuously in practice in that city until 1895, when he was laid aside by serious illness. He died in New York on November 8, 1897, in his 69th year.

He married on July 30, 1863, Louise A., daughter of Augustus Zerega, of New York, who survives him with their children, two sons and one daughter. The elder son was graduated at the Columbia Law School in 1891, and was associated in business with his father; the younger son was graduated at the same University as B.A. in 1892.

JOHN OAKEY, a lineal descendant of Colonel John Okey, the regicide, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., on September 12, 1829. Before he entered College the family had removed to the suburb of Flatbush, where his residence continued for many years.

After graduation he studied law in the office of the Hon. James Humphrey, of New York, and was admitted to the bar in October, 1851. He was for two years managing clerk in the office of Charles T. Cromwell, of New York City, and in October, 1854, began practice in New York—at first in partnership with Mr. Cromwell. In the Civil War he served for a few months in 1861 in the N. Y. State National Guard, and again in 1862 and 1863. In 1866 and again in 1867 he was elected to the State Assembly, on the Republican ticket from a district then strongly Democratic.

From 1868 to 1873 he was Judge Advocate, with the rank of Colonel, on the staff of Major General Shaler, First Division, State National Guard.

In 1871 he removed his residence from Flatbush to Brooklyn, and soon after opened an office there, in addition to his office in

New York (which he retained until 1874). From 1878 to 1884 he was Assistant District Attorney of Brooklyn and Kings County ; and on September 1, 1889, he was appointed Assistant United States District Attorney for the Eastern District of New York. He was promoted on January 1, 1894, to the rank of District Attorney, which he resigned a few months later, when he resumed practice in New York City. At the time of his death he was U. S. Commissioner for the Eastern District of New York.

Colonel Oakey was also a prominent member of many social organizations, an excellent amateur actor, an enthusiastic yachtsman, and an interesting and popular stump speaker and lecturer.

He died suddenly from apoplexy, on March 24, 1898, in his 69th year.

He married on June 3, 1857, Sarah, eldest child of Charles N. Spofford, of Flatbush, who died on August 26, 1862. Her only child died in infancy. He next married, on November 9, 1871, Fanny Wallach, daughter of Tristram Allen, of Ravenswood, L. I., who survives him. Of their three daughters, the youngest only is living.

1851

JAMES AUSTIN GALLUP, third son of Deacon Russell and Hannah (Morgan) Gallup, was born in Ledyard, then part of Groton, Conn., on November 15, 1823.

He was a member of the Yale Divinity School from 1851 to 1854, and on May 17 of the latter year was ordained and installed as the first pastor of a new Congregational Church in Essex, Conn. After a very successful ministry there, during which he identified himself fully with every good work in the community, he accepted a call to a larger field, in Madison, Conn., and was dismissed on October 4, 1865. He was installed in Madison on November 2, and continued there with great acceptance until his retirement on account of advancing years and declining health, in November, 1893. His connection with the church as pastor *emeritus* was terminated by his death, in Madison, on January 30, 1898, after a distressing illness of several weeks, in his 75th year.

He married, on June 21, 1854, Emily T., daughter of Ezra S. Hubbard, of New Haven, who died on May 3, 1870.

He next married, on November 28, 1876, Charlotte R., daughter of the Rev. Samuel R. Andrew (Y. C. 1807), of New Haven, who survives him. He had no children.

ROBERT BARFE PEET, second son of Frederick T. and Elizabeth (Lockwood) Peet, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., on January 9, 1831. His elder brother was graduated here in 1847.

For the year after graduation he taught in the Episcopal High School at Fairfax, Va., and for the next year in West Chester, Pa. He then entered the Theological Seminary of the Diocese of Virginia, and on completing his studies was ordained deacon there, on June 29, 1856, by Bishop Meade. During his first charge, in Montrose, Pa., in 1857, he was advanced to the priesthood by Bishop Alonzo Potter.

His subsequent charges were in Pittsburgh, Pa., Mount Vernon, Ohio, Carbondale, Pa., and Newport, R. I. In March, 1890, on account of severe illness, he resigned the rectorship of Emmanuel Church, Newport, where he had been settled for sixteen years.

He then removed to California, where he regained to some degree his health. He died in Palo Alto, where he had charge of All Saints Mission, on December 12, 1897, in the 67th year of his age.

He married on January 27, 1858, Julia A., youngest daughter of Abel Dickinson, of Wadsworth, Ohio, who survives him with two sons and a daughter.

1852

CHARLES COTTON SALTER, son of Cleveland J. and Eliza (Cotton) Salter, was born in New Haven, Conn., on February 19, 1832. The family removed a few years later to Waverly, Ill., and he entered College in June of the Freshman year.

For the first two years after graduation he taught in the classical department of the High School in St. Louis, Mo. He studied theology during the year 1854-55 at the Seminary in Andover, Mass., and for the next two years in the Yale Divinity School, being also tutor in the College from January, 1856, to May, 1857. He then spent another year at Andover as a resident licentiate, and on April 20, 1859, was ordained and installed pastor of the Congregational Church in Kewanee, Ill. He was dismissed from this charge on account of ill health on March 20, 1861, and returned to New Haven. In January, 1862, he entered the army as chaplain of the 13th Regiment Conn. Volunteers, but was obliged to resign five months later because of a loss of voice. In October, 1862, he took charge of the First (Plymouth) Congregational Church in Minneapolis, Minn., where he was installed pas-

tor on September 28, 1864. Here again poor health interfered with his continuance, and after a long vacation in Europe he resigned his charge on April 14, 1869. In the following autumn he removed to Brookfield, Mo., and while there was acting pastor of the Congregational Church. Thence he went in 1871 to Duluth, Minn., and founded the First or Pilgrim Congregational Church, over which he was installed on March 12, 1872. This relation was terminated on April 11, 1876, and after a European trip he settled in Denver, Col., for the sake of the climate, and assumed the pastoral care of the Congregational Church there for three years from the spring of 1877. He then spent eighteen months at his old home in Waverly, Ill., during which time he supplied the pulpit of the Congregational Church in that place. In May, 1881, he accepted a recall to his former church in Duluth, but a severe nervous prostration resulted in his retirement within a year from all professional duties. In October, 1882, he went to Europe and remained for about two years, supplying during the first six months the American Union Chapel in Florence, Italy.

He finally returned in 1886 to Duluth for a permanent home and devoted himself to mission work among the poor,—a form of service which appealed powerfully to his self-sacrificing nature and for which he was specially adapted by his power of sympathy and his attractive goodness. He founded the Bethel Association, of which he was elected chaplain in the spring of 1887, and which he carried on until his death.

After a life of frail health, he died in Duluth, on December 19, 1897, in his 66th year.

He married on June 1, 1859, Maria, daughter of Wanton Vaughan, of Providence, R. I., who survives him with three sons and two daughters, two sons having died in infancy. The second son is an educated physician, and the elder daughter a graduate of Wellesley College.

His funeral was the occasion of a spontaneous tribute of respect from the entire community,—all the city and county offices being closed, in testimony of his worth and influence.

CHARLES EDWIN VANDERBURG, son of Stephen and Maria (Calkins) Vanderburg, was born on December 2, 1829, in Clifton Park, Saratoga County, N. Y. In 1836 the family removed to Marcellus in Onondaga County, from which place he entered College at the beginning of the Sophomore year.

On graduation he became principal of the Academy at Oxford, Chenango County, N. Y., and in the same year began a course of preparation for the law under the direction of Henry R. Mygatt. He gave up teaching in the spring of 1853, and in January, 1855, was admitted to the bar. In September, 1855, he went west to seek a permanent location, and in April, 1856, settled in Minneapolis, Minn., where he spent the rest of his life. After a successful career at the bar, he was elected in November, 1859, Judge of the Fourth Judicial District of Minnesota, and held that office by successive re-elections until November, 1881, when he was made an associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the State. He retained this position with high reputation for ability and for fearless devotion to duty until the expiration of a third term in 1894. He was also most highly esteemed in private life, for many years an elder in the Presbyterian Church, a leader in church work in the city, and abundant in private charities.

He died in Minneapolis, after an illness of several weeks, from inflammatory rheumatism, on March 3, 1898, in his 69th year.

He married on September 2, 1857, Julia, daughter of William Mygatt, of Oxford, N. Y., who died on April 23, 1863, leaving one son and one daughter. He next married, on April 15, 1873, Anna, daughter of John Culbert, of Fulton County, N. Y., who survives him with her only child, a daughter. Judge Vanderburg's son is also living, his elder daughter having been drowned in childhood.

1855

WILLIAM LEDYARD AVERY, eldest son of John C. Avery by his second wife, Lydia (Robinson) Avery, was born in Cincinnati, O., on November 21, 1833, and entered the Class at the opening of Sophomore year.

After graduation he studied law in Cincinnati, was admitted to the bar in June, 1857, and continued to reside there, engaged in the successful practice of his profession, until the breaking out of the civil war. He entered the army in October, 1862, was commissioned in November as Captain by the Governor of Ohio, and was mustered out in August, 1865, with the rank of Major and Aide-de-Camp, and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel.

He then returned to the practice of law in Cincinnati, and in recognition of the brilliancy of his professional career he was elected Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of Hamilton County

in February, 1871. He served with distinction on the bench, until his devotion to his duties had so undermined his health that he was compelled to resign his office in October, 1884.

He never regained his health, but after a long struggle died at his country home, near Covington, Ky., on May 12, 1898, aged 64½ years.

He married, in Leavenworth, Kansas, on January 5, 1878, Mrs. Johanna Buddemeyer, daughter of Richard Ummethun, who survives him with their children, one daughter and one son.

LEONARD ABRAM BRADLEY, elder son of Leonard and Charlotte S. (Lockwood) Bradley, was born in New Haven, Conn., on March 14, 1833.

At graduation he was at first undecided whether to prepare for the ministry or the law, but settled the matter for the time by entering the Yale Law School. Thence he went in November, 1856, to the office of Charles E. Strong, Esq., in New York City. He was admitted to the New York bar in May, 1858, and pursued the practice of his profession there, making a specialty of real-estate law, until the fall of 1865. In the mean time he had been much interested in mission work among the poor, and he now entered the Union Theological Seminary, to prepare himself for the ministry. After two years he decided that he could better accomplish his purpose as a layman, and he then resumed his law practice and continued it until his death. He continued, however, to be active in mission work, and in the work of the Y. M. C. A. As Vice-secretary of his College Class he rendered efficient service in the compilation of its recent published reports.

He was in the habit of making frequent visits to New Haven, and while on such a visit he died very suddenly from heart-disease, at the home of his sisters, on April 18, 1898, in his 66th year. He was never married.

LINUS MASON CHILD, the only son of the Hon. Linus Child (Y. C. 1824) and Berinthia (Mason) Child, was born in Southbridge, Mass., on March 14, 1835. His father removed to Lowell, Mass., in 1845.

He studied law in his father's office for two years after graduation, and for a third year in the Harvard Law School. In February, 1859, he opened an office in Boston and there continued in practice until his death. By his industry and ability he acquired

a leading position at the bar and was especially prominent and successful as a corporation lawyer. He was at different times a member of the City Council, of the Boston School Board, and in 1868 and 1869 of the State House of Representatives.

He died from apoplexy in the Park Square railroad station in Boston, on January 25, 1898, in his 63d year.

He married on October 16, 1862, Helen A., daughter of James Barnes, of Boston, who died on December 24, 1880. He next married on July 20, 1889, Mrs. Ada M. Wilson, daughter of Jason R. Cummings, of Chelsea, Mass., who survives him. Three daughters by his first wife also survive him, their only son having died in infancy.

JOHN CALDWELL PARSONS, the eldest child and only son of Judge Francis Parsons (Y. C. 1816) and of Clarissa, daughter of William Brown (Y. C. 1784) was born in Hartford, Conn., on June 3, 1832. He entered College with the class of 1854, but went away for a year in the middle of the course on account of ill health.

After graduation he studied law with his father until January, 1858, when he was admitted to the bar in his native city, where he resided until his death. His professional work was largely in the line of testamentary, fiduciary and office business, and few men of his time in Hartford left so strong an impression of personal integrity and fidelity. He served the city admirably in various lines of public duty (such as the chairmanship for eight years of the board of street commissioners), and to all the boards of trust with which he was at different times connected he gave most valuable and conscientious service.

He died in Hartford from Bright's disease, after being confined to the house for about a month, on March 11, 1898, in his 66th year.

He married on April 7, 1870, Mary, daughter of Samuel McClellan, M.D. (Yale 1823), of Philadelphia, who died on January 22, 1871. Their only child is a graduate of Yale College in 1893.

1856

STEPHEN CONDIT, son of Stephen and Phebe S. Condit, was born in Orange, N. J., on September 23, 1835.

After graduation he studied law for a year in the office of Governor William Pennington, in Newark, N. J., and then spent

a year in the Yale Law School. In May, 1859, he began practice in partnership with his brother (Y. C. 1848) in Brooklyn, and so continued until the latter's death in October, 1876. In the meantime Mr. Albert E. Lamb (Y. C. 1867) had been admitted to the firm, which was not dissolved until April, 1881. For the rest of his life he was in practice by himself.

He died at the residence of a niece in Brooklyn, after three weeks' illness from a complication of diseases, on October 6, 1897, in his 63d year. He was never married.

1857

VOLNEY HICKOX, son of Horace and Eliza (Stanley) Hickox, was born in Rutland, Jefferson County, N. Y., on November 1, 1835. In his infancy his parents removed to Springfield, Illinois.

After graduation he taught school in Springfield, in the meantime studying law, and was admitted to the bar in St. Louis, Mo., in 1858.

Early in the war of the rebellion he was appointed additional aid-de-camp on General McClellan's staff, and was mustered out in the spring of 1862. He was re-appointed, with the rank of Captain, on General Fremont's staff, and soon after assigned to duty with General Hunter, but was mustered out of service in January, 1864, on account of severe inflammatory rheumatism, from which he never fully recovered. In the spring of 1865 he went to Georgia as an army correspondent for the *Cincinnati Commercial*, and was the first man to report General Sherman's arrival on the coast after his famous march. In 1866-67 he was in Mexico as the correspondent of the *New York Tribune*, after which he returned to St. Louis and found employment as a clerk.

He married on October 1, 1873, Miss Cassandra B. Moore, of Batavia, Ill., and settled in his old home at Springfield. He was for many years the stenographer of the Circuit Court, but retired from this office some years before his death, which occurred in Springfield on March 12, 1898, in his 63d year.

His two children died before him.

MANNING CASE WELLS, son of Aldrich Wells, of Buffalo, N. Y., was born in that city on December 21, 1837. He entered Amherst College as a Sophomore in 1854, and a year later removed to Yale.

After graduation he went to Mount Sterling, the county seat of Montgomery County, Ky., where he taught school and studied

law until his admission to the bar in February, 1860. He remained there in the practice of law until 1862, when he returned to the North and soon after entered into partnership with E. M. Morse, of Canandaigua, N. Y., whose sister, Miss Emma M. Morse, he married on July 23, 1863.

In May, 1874, he removed to New York City, where he continued in successful practice until 1893. During most of this time he was in partnership with John E. Develin, and after his death in 1888 with Charles E. Miller.

The last years of his life were spent in a struggle with consumption, from which he died, at the house of his brother-in-law in Canandaigua, on October 19, 1897, aged nearly 60 years. His only child died in infancy.

1858

GEORGE BOARDMAN MACLELLAN, the eldest child of Arthur L. and Rachel M. (Taylor) MacLellan, was born in King and Queen County, Va., on July 27, 1833. His father died in his childhood, and his mother married again in Mississippi. His residence while in College was in Oktibbeha County, Miss.

On graduation he took charge of an academy for boys in Crawfordsville, Miss., which he taught until Christmas, 1861. He served in the Confederate army for over three years, his rank at the close being Assistant Engineer. In 1865-66 he taught again in Crawfordsville, and in 1867-68 in Columbus, Miss. In the fall of 1868 he removed to New Hampton, N. H., his mother's early home, and after briefer engagements elsewhere became an assistant in the Central High School of St. Louis in September, 1873. He taught Greek and Latin there until October, 1878, and in January, 1879, established a select private school for boys in Jacksonville, Fla. He was partially disabled by a paralytic attack in April, 1882, but resumed work and from 1883 to 1885 taught in Mayport, Fla. His health, however, was permanently shattered, and his subsequent attempts at teaching and at book-cavassing were successively broken off.

In the spring of 1894 he entered the Confederate Veterans' Home in Jacksonville, Fla., where he died on October 30, 1897, in his 65th year.

He married on June 20, 1858, Emily M., daughter of William Moore, of Bristol, N. H., by whom he had three sons and three daughters: of these one daughter and one son are still living.

He was divorced from his wife (who died on February 12, 1892) on March 11, 1879, and on the 23d of the following September married Ethel, daughter of George M. Wyeth, of St. Louis, who survives him with two of her three children,—a daughter and a son.

GIDEON WELLS, son of Romanta and Mary Ann (Morgan) Wells, was born in Wethersfield, Conn., on August 16, 1835.

After graduation he studied law in the office of Ashmun & Leonard, Springfield, Mass., until March, 1860, when he began practice there; from October, 1860, he was associated with the firm of his former instructors. He enlisted in the 46th Massachusetts Infantry in August, 1862, for one year's service, and attained the rank of First lieutenant. He served again for four months in 1864 in the 8th Massachusetts.

In January, 1867, he was appointed Register in Bankruptcy of the U. S. District Court, and held this office until his appointment in June, 1876, to the Judgeship of the Springfield Police Court. He retained this position, in conjunction with a large private practice, to the eminent satisfaction of the community, until December, 1889, when he resigned in order to assume the duties of President of the Holyoke Water Power Company. He also held many other places of trust and honor and was connected actively with many of the leading business enterprises of the city.

After a period of poor health he died in Springfield, from Bright's disease, on March 26, 1898, in his 63d year.

He married on October 13, 1875, Marietta, daughter of Merrit S. Gilbert, of Norwich, Conn., who survives him with their only child, a son.

1859

JOEL JACKSON HOUGH, son of Joel J. and Emily (Winegar) Hough, was born in Groton, Tompkins County, N. Y., on April 3, 1835.

During the first, and the greater part of the second year after graduation, he was engaged in teaching in Natchez, Miss. He then entered the Union Theological Seminary and finished the course there in 1863. In the same year he took charge of the Presbyterian Church in Cannonsville, Delaware County, N. Y., where he spent four years,—being ordained to the ministry on

April 20, 1864. On September 12, 1867, he was installed pastor of the First Congregational Church in Franklin, in the same county, and was dismissed on September 23, 1873. Two months later, on November 19, he was installed over the First Congregational Church in Danbury, Conn., where he remained until December 31, 1878. From 1879 to 1885 he was acting pastor of the Congregational Church in Antwerp, Jefferson County, N. Y., and for the last twelve years of his life of the Congregational Church in Berkshire, Tioga County, N. Y. The honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity was given him, in recognition of his successful pastoral service, by Whitman College in 1894.

He died, of diabetes, in Berkshire, on September 24, 1897, in his 63d year.

He married, on February 18, 1864, Henrietta, daughter of Uri Finney, of Groton, N. Y., who died on December 8, 1867. He next married, on August 4, 1869, Sarah E., daughter of the late Rev. Charles Johnston (Dartmouth Coll. 1813), of Ovid, N. Y. He had no children.

CHARLES ADDISON MILLER, son of Colonel Seth and Laura (Todd) Miller, was born in Constableville, Lewis County, N. Y., on July 6, 1837.

On graduation he went to New York City, and entered on a clerkship in the dry-goods house of S. B. Chittenden & Co., where the ability which he showed secured for him in 1865 membership in the firm. On October 11, 1870, he married Mary E., only daughter of David J. Ely, of New York, and in the same year he became a partner in his father-in-law's house of importers and jobbers of coffee. In January, 1882, he established the firm of Miller, Francis & Co., bankers and brokers, and in 1888 he withdrew from this firm and formed the banking and brokerage house of Miller & Doubleday, in which he continued until his death. He died at his home in New York City, from heart-trouble, after an illness which confined him to his bed for about three weeks, on December 29, 1897, in his 61st year. His wife survives him with two daughters and two sons.

He was a man of sterling character and of consistent Christian principle. He had been for many years Treasurer of the Brick Presbyterian Church, and was widely valued and respected as a business man and a citizen.

JOHN BENJAMIN RECTOR was born in Jackson County, in northwestern Alabama, on November 24, 1837. The family removed to Texas in 1847, and he entered College from Bastrop in that State at the opening of Sophomore year.

He studied law after graduation under Chief Justice Wheeler of Texas, and settled in Austin. Soon after the Civil War broke out he enlisted in Terry's Texas Rangers, one of the best known cavalry regiments of the Confederacy, and served until the end of the struggle.

He then resumed his law practice in Bastrop, and in 1866 was elected District Attorney of the Second Judicial District of Texas, but lost his position the next year under the reconstruction government. From 1871 to 1876 he was a Judge of the State Court in the same District, and afterwards practiced his profession in Austin. In March, 1892, he was appointed Judge of the United States Court for the Northern District of Texas and held that office until his death, in Austin, on April 9, 1898, in his 61st year.

He married in 1866 Miss Barton, of Holly Springs, Miss., who survives him without children.

WILLIAM AUGUSTUS STILES, the eldest child and only son of Edward A. and Eveline B. (Howell) Stiles, was born near the village of Deckertown, Sussex County, N. J., on March 9, 1837.

After graduation he taught for a few years in his father's very successful private school, until obliged by impaired eyesight in 1864 to cease work. He then went to California, but the same infirmity interfered with his efforts there at employment. After his return and partial restoration to health, he assisted his father again and in 1869 took a position as gauger in the New York Custom House, which he resigned some seven years later. He then took up newspaper work with the New York *Tribune*, and contributed largely to other papers, especially as agricultural editor of the *Philadelphia Weekly Press*. His ability as a speaker brought him into prominence in politics, and in 1880 and 1883 he ran unsuccessfully as the Republican candidate for State Senator in his native county. He was Clerk of the New Jersey Senate during three annual sessions (1882, 1884, 1885).

When *Garden and Forest* was started in 1888, he became its managing editor, and so continued until his death. His high reputation as an authority on landscape-gardening led to his appoint-

ment in November, 1895, as one of the Park Commissioners of New York City, and thenceforth he was more widely known and universally respected from the signal ability shown in that office.

After lifelong ill-health he died at the house of his sister, in Jersey City, N. J., from cancer of the stomach, complicated with other disorders, on October 6, 1897, in his 61st year. He was never married.

1864

CHARLES HORACE HALL, son of John S. and Harriet (Walker) Hall, was born on March 21, 1844, in Columbus, O.

On graduation he went into business in Louisville, Ky., whence he removed to Jeffersonville, Ind., in October, 1865. He was the leading member of a firm of manufacturers of agricultural implements, stoves, etc., in that place until May, 1869, when he established a new firm in Michigan City, Ind.

In August, 1871, he returned to his native city, where he resided until his death, engaged in active business until 1895, when his health failed. He died at his home in Arlington, a suburb of Columbus, on April 20, 1898, in his 55th year.

He married on January 31, 1867, Annie, daughter of T. J. Price, of Columbus, who survives him with their children, one daughter and three sons.

HUNTING COOPER JESSUP, youngest son of Judge William Jessup (Y. C. 1815) and Amanda (Harris) Jessup, of Montrose, Pa., was born in that town on February 18, 1843.

On graduation he began the study of law in his father's office, but his course was interrupted by nine months' service (April, 1865-January, 1866) in the Union Army, as Lieutenant in the 101st U. S. Colored Troops, stationed at Nashville and Clarksville, Tenn. During this period of service, on December 27, 1865, he married Miss Nina M. Cobb, of Clarksville.

He was admitted to the bar in November, 1868, and from that date until his sudden death was in partnership with his eldest brother (Y. C. 1849), though, having been subject for many years before his death to epileptic attacks, he was largely confined to office work in his profession. He served the community capably and faithfully in many other capacities, and was a consistent member and officer of the Presbyterian Church.

He was stricken with apoplexy at his home in Montrose on

December 3, 1897, and died after three days of unconsciousness on the evening of the 6th, in his 55th year.

His wife survives him with one daughter and two sons, two other children having died in early life.

ALBERT HARRISON VANETTEN, son of James B. and Martha (Hill) VanEtten, was born on October 23, 1843, in VanEttenville, Chemung County, N. Y., and entered College from Albany.

After graduation he engaged in the business of manufacturing staves, barrels, and wooden ware,—for most of the time until March, 1867, in Warren, Pa. He was then in New York City until July, 1868, and in the same business in Bay City, Mich., until 1875. From 1875 to 1880 he resided in Little Rock, Ark., in St. Louis from 1880 to 1882, and for the rest of his life in Winnipeg, Manitoba, where he was engaged in the lumber business until 1891, and after that date was a life-insurance agent until about 1895, when he resumed the lumber business. He died in Winnipeg, after an illness of about two years, on December 8, 1897, in his 55th year.

He married Florence E., daughter of the Hon. Sanford M. Green, in Bay City, on December 28, 1870; she survives him with their children, one son and one daughter.

1865

STACY BIDDLE SHREVE, son of Stacy B. and Susan Shreve, was born in Springfield, N. J., on October 16, 1844, and entered the class from Mount Holly, N. J., at the beginning of the Sophomore year.

He returned to Mount Holly after graduation, and on December 21, 1865, married Ella H., daughter of James S. Hulme, of that town. For several years he continued to live in Mount Holly, at the same time superintending a large farm which he owned near Jobstown, N. J. In 1879 he leased his farm to Mr. Pierre Lorillard as a stock farm, and for a while after this he was in Mr. Lorillard's employ as a traveling salesman of tobacco.

In 1883 he passed a civil-service examination and received an appointment as clerk in the Public Stores in New York City; being a Republican, however, he lost his place during President Cleveland's first term. In 1890 he passed another examination, was appointed Customs Inspector in December, and held this office until his death. Since 1886 he had lived in Brooklyn, N. Y.,

where he died on December 13, 1897, in his 54th year, after a week's illness, caused by kidney-trouble and heart-disease.

His wife and only child, a daughter, survive him.

1867

EDWIN STONE BUTTERFIELD, son of Alanson and Julia (Stone) Butterfield, was born in Bridgewater, Bucks County, Pa., on December 17, 1840, and entered College from Montrose, Pa.

During the year after graduation he was principal of the academy in Pompey, Onondaga County, N. Y., and then entered the law office of Judge Israel Spencer, of Syracuse. He was admitted to the bar in October, 1869, and practiced his profession in Syracuse until 1894, when he removed to Denver, Col., on account of his health. He returned to his old home in Montrose in the summer of 1897, and failed rapidly until his death there on December 7, 1897, at the age of 57. He was unmarried.

GEORGE LATHROP WRIGHT, son of Chauncey Wright, was born in Moravia, Cayuga County, N. Y., on April 23, 1843, and died at his brother's residence, in Auburn in the same county, on November 7, 1897, in his 55th year.

After graduation he taught for four years in Morristown, N. J. In the spring of 1873 he became an agent for the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, at St. Louis, Mo., where he married on April 22, 1874, Miss Florence G. Scott.

In the spring of 1876 he left this employment, and in 1878 he began the organization of a company for the improvement of the Mississippi and other Western water-ways. As secretary of the executive committee which was charged with these large interests, he was abundantly and prominently occupied for the next seven years in working to secure Congressional appropriations for the object of the enterprise.

In the fall of 1885 he organized an Electric Light and Motor company in New York City, and was occupied with the duties of the presidency until the failure of his health.

His wife and a daughter survive him.

1869

AUGUSTUS MONTAGUE CUNNINGHAM, son of John S. Cunningham, Pay-Director in the U. S. Navy, and Elizabeth (Brockett) Cunningham, was born in Washington, D. C., on Nov. 22, 1849.

He studied law after graduation and entered on the practice of his profession in Brooklyn, N. Y. After a brief term of service as Assistant U. S. District Attorney, he was appointed Register in Bankruptcy for the Eastern District of New York (with the courtesy-title of Judge), which he held until the repeal of the national bankruptcy law in 1878. After this he divided his time between Brooklyn and South Kingstown, R. I., the township in which Narragansett Pier is located, in which neighborhood he had previously invested largely in real estate. He died suddenly in South Kingstown, on October 8, 1897, aged nearly 48 years. He was unmarried.

1870

WASHINGTON HESING, son of Anton C. and Louisa L. Helsing, was born in Cincinnati, O., on May 14, 1849. His parents removed to Chicago, Ill., in 1854.

He married about the time of his graduation Henrietta, daughter of Samuel Wire, of New Haven, and went immediately to Europe, where he pursued further study in the German universities. Returning in 1871, he entered in November the office of the *Illinois Staats-Zeitung*, of which his father was the proprietor. He continued to be connected with this paper until his death, having become the managing editor in 1880. From the first he was also active in politics as a Republican, entering public life as a member of the Board of Education in 1872. In the fall of 1874 he declined a nomination for Congress. He also declined a second term on the City Board of Education in 1876, but was elected to the County Board in 1880. In later years he was prominent and influential as a public-spirited citizen. Having become dissatisfied with the position of the Republican party on the tariff question, he finally became a Democrat, and was a candidate for nomination as Mayor of Chicago in 1893. In November, 1893, he was appointed postmaster of the city by President Cleveland and held the place until the early spring of 1897. He then accepted an independent nomination for the mayoralty, but received a comparatively small vote.

He died suddenly, from heart-failure, in Chicago, on December 18, 1897, in his 49th year. His wife survives him without children.

Mr. Helsing was a Roman Catholic in belief, and received the honorary degree of LL.D. from the University of Notre Dame, Indiana, in 1895. He published in 1887 a volume of sketches of European travel, *Neunzig Tage in Europa* (pp. vii, 128).

1871

JAMES DANA JONES, elder son of J. Wyman and Harriet D. (Dana) Jones, was born in Utica, N. Y., on June 18, 1850. His residence from early childhood was in Englewood, N. J.

After graduation he began the study of law in an office, and subsequently entered the Columbia Law School, where he received the degree of LL.B. in 1874. He began practice in New York City, and from February, 1877, to March, 1880, was Assistant U. S. Attorney for the Southern District of New York. He then returned to practice.

He died at Oceanus, N. Y., on January 3, 1898, in his 48th year.

ALWIN ETHELSTAN TODD, son of Orrin B. and Eliza (Mann) Todd, was born in (North) Blandford, Mass., on August 14, 1846.

For the most of the year after graduation he was employed in civil engineering in Maine, and in the fall of 1872 he entered the Yale Divinity School, where he finished the course in 1875. He then took charge of a small Congregational Church in Stuart, Iowa, where he was ordained as an evangelist on December 23, 1875. In March, 1877, he left Stuart, and for three years from October 1 supplied the Congregational Church in Monterey, a hill town near his native village. In October, 1880, he removed to the 2d Church in Chester, in the same vicinity, which he served until the close of the year 1886. Thence he went to another neighboring church, in Westhampton, which he left four years later, in January, 1891, to become Professor of Natural Sciences in Berea College, Kentucky. He had always had an active interest in such studies, and hoped that the change of climate might be beneficial to his health. He was able to continue at his post without serious interruption until the fall of 1897, when his gradual decline from consumption led him to go to Arizona for relief. He returned to his home, only to die there, on January 30, in his 52d year.

He married, on July 14, 1875, Gertrude M., eldest child of the Rev. Whitman Peck (Y. C. 1838), of New Haven, who survives him with their five children. Their eldest child, a son, was graduated at Berea College in 1897.

1872

JAMES OLMSTEAD, son of James and Sophia (Richards) Olmstead, of New Haven, and grandson of Dr. Hawley Olmstead (Y. C. 1816), was born in this city on November 14, 1849.

On graduation he entered the Yale Medical School, and received his degree there in 1874. After a year on the house staff of the New Haven Hospital he began the practice of his profession in New Haven. In January, 1877, he became assistant physician in the State Hospital for the Insane in Middletown, and on the death of Dr. Shew, the Superintendent, in 1886, he succeeded to that office and retained it until his death. The conscientious devotion to his exacting duties which those who knew him would have expected of him, undermined his health, and he went to New York City late in November, 1897, to receive medical treatment for nervous prostration. He sank rapidly and died there on December 4, having just entered on his 49th year.

Dr. Olmstead married on September 25, 1882, Miss Emma Parmerton, of Derry, N. H., who survives him with their only child, a daughter.

1873

WILLIAM TOWNSEND BARBER, son of William E. and Annie (Townsend) Barber, was born in Baltimore, Md., on December 14, 1853. In his infancy his father removed to West Chester, Pa.

On leaving College he began the study of law in his father's office and was admitted to the bar in December, 1876. He engaged in practice for a year in New York City, in partnership with his classmate Clark, but then returned to West Chester, where he was occupied in the pursuit of his profession until his death.

As a lawyer he took high rank. He was Secretary of the County Bar Association for six years prior to 1897, resigning on account of ill health; and was for a number of years one of the Examining Board for admission to practice. He enjoyed the entire confidence of the Court and of every member of the Bar, and was most thoroughly esteemed by all who knew him. He was a consistent member of the First Presbyterian Church of West Chester, and one of its Trustees since 1884.

He died in West Chester, on September 24, 1897, in his 44th year, from consumption, after having been in failing health for several years.

He married on October 19, 1875, in Media, Pa., Annie R., daughter of John Haldeman, who survives him with their only child, a daughter.

1876

ELISHA SLOCUM BOTTUM, son of George G. Bottom, was born in Norwich, Conn., on July 24, 1854.

He remained in New Haven for two years after graduation, on the Douglas Fellowship, and then taught in Norwich, while also studying for the bar. In June, 1883, he removed to Chicago; and was admitted to practice in November of that year. He remained in the office of the Hon. Leonard Swett until 1887 when he began practice on his own account. In April, 1892, he was made Assistant City Attorney, and when his principal, the Hon. Jacob J. Kern, became State's Attorney, Mr. Bottum was made (in December, 1892) his first assistant, and won distinction in that capacity by his excellent judgment and marked ability as a prosecuting officer, as shown in several notable cases, especially in the Cronin murder case.

In December, 1876, he resumed private practice, in partnership with Mr. Kern, with every prospect of brilliant success; but unremitting devotion to his work had already undermined his health, and after a year's suffering from Bright's disease he died in Chicago, on March 15, 1898, in his 44th year.

He married in October, 1889, Miss Marie Hibbeler, of Chicago, who survives him with their three children.

HORACE RIVERSIDE BUCK, son of Charles L. and Maria I. Buck, was born at Sessions Landing, in Coahoma County, northwestern Mississippi, on September 17, 1853, and entered College from Sedalia, Mo.

After graduation he read law for a year in the office of Noble & Wonck, in St. Louis, attending lectures at the same time in the Law School of Washington University. In 1877 he was admitted to the bar, and for about two years practised in St. Louis. After a brief interval of teaching in Minnesota, he settled in Fort Benton, Montana, in 1880, and formed a law-partnership with William H. Hunt, formerly of the class of 1878, Y. C. He was also an editor of the *Benton Record*, City Attorney from 1883 to 1887, and a member of the Council (or Upper House) of the Territorial Legislature in 1884 and 1885.

He removed to Helena in 1887, on his appointment as Reporter of the Supreme Court of the Territory, and held this office until the admission of Montana as a State in 1889. He published meantime two volumes of Reports, and in 1890 issued a *Digest of*

Supreme Court Reports of Montana Territory. In February, 1891, he was appointed one of the District Judges of the First District of Montana, and held that position until his death.

He had been breaking down in health for some time, and his death by his own hand came without warning at his home in Helena, on December 7, 1897, in his 45th year.

He married, on Aug. 25, 1881, Mary E., daughter of Pliny A. Jewett, M. D. (Yale 1840), of New Haven, who survives him with their three children, one daughter and two sons.

FRANKLIN WILLIAMS PIERCE, younger son of John Pierce, M.D., and Chloe (McLellan) Pierce, was born in Edgartown, Mass., on September 11, 1852.

During the first year after graduation he taught in West Falmouth, Mass. He then entered the Medical Department of the University of the City of New York, where he received the degree of M.D. in February, 1879. In the fall of that year he settled in Marston's Mills, a village in Barnstable, Mass., and continued there until 1894, when he retired from general practice to devote himself to nervous diseases.

For one year, 1894-95, he held the position of assistant superintendent of Dr. Walter Channing's private insane hospital in Brookline, Mass. He then secured an appointment as second assistant superintendent of the New Hampshire State Lunatic Asylum, at Concord, and a few months later was promoted to be first assistant. This position he held until illness forced him to resign, when he returned to Edgartown, where he died on October 19, 1896, in his 45th year.

He married on June 14, 1884, Annie A., daughter of Daniel Hale, Esq., of Brunswick, Me. She died on April 23, 1890, and their only child, a son, died the following year.

Dr. Pierce was Medical Examiner for Barnstable County from 1884 to 1891; he was also a member of several medical societies in which he had held various offices.

By his last will he left to the College an interest in his residuary estate, after the death of his mother and brother.

LEWIS WILLIAM SHAFFER, son of William and Susan Lewis Shaffer, was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, on November 9, 1854, and was prepared for College at the Chickering Academy in that city.

After graduation he entered the pork-packing and commission

business in Cincinnati, as a partner of his father; and on November 13, 1883, he married Miss Sarah R., daughter of Harry R. Smith, of Cincinnati, and sister of his classmate, Judge Rufus B. Smith.

In November, 1886, he removed to Alabama, and engaged in the business of mining iron ore at Oxmoor, in Jefferson County. Thence he went, in February, 1891, to Woodward, in the same county, where he held for about a year the position of secretary of another iron company.

In 1892 he returned to Cincinnati, and was engaged in the marble business until his death. He died in Cincinnati on February 7, 1898, in his 44th year. His wife survives him.

1877

ALBERT HOYSRADT, eldest son of General Jacob W. and Caroline L. (McArthur) Hoysradt, was born in Hudson, N. Y., on February 19, 1855.

A fortnight after graduation, on July 10, 1877, he married Alice, daughter of William H. Gifford, of Hudson. In the ensuing fall he began the study of law in his native city, and was admitted to the bar in September, 1879, and at once entered on a busy professional career in Hudson. A few months later he was elected Recorder, and held that position for four years, his duties making him law-adviser to the City Council and its presiding officer. In 1883 he was nominated by the Republicans for County Judge, but was defeated by party dissensions. He was also about the same time unanimously nominated for Mayor of the city, but declined the offer.

While absorbed in a prosperous business, the death of his father, the President of the Hudson Iron Company, in November, 1890, threw on him the duty of settling a large and intricate business, which resulted in overtaxation of his strength. Symptoms of brain trouble and paresis soon appeared, and he was obliged to give up his profession. After more than a year of confinement to the house death brought relief on December 8, 1897, in his 43d year.

His wife survives him with their children, three daughters and a son.

MORRIS SHOTWELL SHIPLEY, eldest son of Murray and Hannah D. (Taylor) Shipley, was born in the city of Cincinnati, Ohio, on December 7, 1856.

After graduation he devoted himself closely to business in connection with an extensive carriage company in Cincinnati, of which he was President at the time of his death. He was an earnest member of the Society of Friends, and the high moral standard which he maintained in his business gave him the confidence and esteem of those with whom he came in contact. He died at his home in Cincinnati, after a few days' illness from pneumonia, on March 6, 1898, in the 42d year of his age.

He married on November 9, 1882, Anna M., daughter of William Neal, of Bloomsburg, Pa., and sister of a classmate, who survives him with four of their seven children.

JAMES SMITH THOMPSON, son of Edward E. and Caroline (Smith) Thompson, of East Haven, Conn., was born in that town on December 19, 1854.

He was graduated from the Yale Law School in 1879, and then took a desk in the law office of Colonel Dexter R. Wright, of New Haven, and made such progress in his profession that at the death of Colonel Wright in 1886 he became a member of the firm. He was elected by the Republicans of his native town to the General Assembly in 1887, and while a member of that body was appointed Assistant Judge of the City Court of New Haven, which office he held until the failure of his health in 1891.

He then went to Arizona and for a few years managed a successful fruit ranch. When no longer competent to attend to this he was taken to California, and died in Stockton on December 30, 1897, at the age of 43. He was unmarried.

1878

FRANK VIRGIL McDONALD, the eldest child of Dr. Richard H. and Sarah M. (Whipple, Steinagel) McDonald, was born in Sacramento, Cal., on April 19, 1852.

After graduation he entered the Senior Class in Harvard College, and received the degree of A.B. there in 1879. For the next two years he studied in the Harvard Law School. He also devoted much time in these years to genealogical studies, having already printed some of his collections. Later he was connected with his father's bank in San Francisco, before the failure of that concern.

He died in London, England, of paralysis, on October 4, 1897, in his 46th year.

1879

OTIS ELIHU ATWATER, son of Lewis B. and Amanda S. (Burnham) Atwater, of New Haven, was born in this city on January 1, 1851. His father died when he was three years old. After leaving school he was for several years clerk in a drug-store, and spent one year in the College of Pharmacy, New York. Overwork at this time brought on an attack of insanity, from which he apparently recovered.

After graduation he pursued the study of chemistry in the Sheffield Scientific School, and in the winter of 1880-81 accepted the position of assistant in Professor Wolcott Gibbs's private laboratory in Cambridge, Mass. Here in February, 1881, he became violently insane and never recovered. He died, of peritonitis, in Hartford, Conn., on November 16, 1897, aged nearly 47 years.

HENRY COOPER CROUCH, eldest son of Henry G. and Almira L. (Callender) Crouch, was born in Galena, Illinois, on March 11, 1858. In his infancy his parents removed to Herkimer, N. Y., and thence in 1864 to Kingston, N. Y., from which place he entered College.

On graduation he began the study of medicine, but in the spring of 1880 accepted the position of teacher of modern languages in the Kingston Academy, where he had been fitted for College. In 1882 he took the degree of M.A. at Yale on examination. In 1883 he gave up teaching and went to Europe to study medicine, going first to Strassburg for three semesters and afterwards to Berlin. In 1886 his health began to fail, and although he had not yet completed his studies he accepted in March of that year the position of United States Consul at Milan, Italy. While at Milan pulmonary consumption developed, and he was obliged to spend much of his time in the mountains. When President Cleveland's term expired in 1890, he was superseded in the consulship and he then went to Giessen and received the degree of M.D. upon examination.

He returned at once to America, and in 1891 settled in Colorado Springs, Colorado, for the practice of medicine, but removed to Denver in 1894. While in Germany he had devoted much of his time to bacteriology, and in 1895 he was appointed bacteriologist for the Denver Board of Health; and his work in that capacity, particularly his methods of staining and photographing,

attracted considerable attention from physicians. He also continued his practice, confining his attention to diseases of the stomach. In the winter of 1895-96 he contracted the grip, and recurrent attacks so weakened him that consumption, from which he had partially recovered, made rapid progress, and he died in Denver on April 20, 1898, in his 41st year.

He married in June, 1895, Miss Maria Chapman, of Council Bluffs, Iowa, who survives him without children.

1884

GEORGE REDDINGTON BLODGETT, the second son of George Blodgett (Williams Coll. 1857), of Bucksport, Me., was born in Bangor, Me., on Sept. 19, 1862. His mother, Mary S. Pond, was a daughter of the Rev. Dr. Enoch Pond (Brown Univ. 1813).

Soon after graduation he obtained a position as Assistant Examiner in the U. S. Patent Office, and while there studied law in the Columbian University. In 1888 he began practice as a patent lawyer in New York City, and became professionally connected with the Bentley-Knight Electric Railway Company. After the amalgamation of that company in the summer of 1889 with the Thomson-Houston Electric Company, of Boston, he removed to that city and became a member of the law firm of Bentley (Yale 1880) & Blodgett, giving special attention to electrical patents and being counsel for the Thomson-Houston Company and subsequently for the General Electric Company. When the last named company removed its headquarters, in 1893, to Schenectady, N. Y., Mr. Blodgett removed thither and took charge of the patent department. Apart from his immediate duties he attained before his tragic death a position of great influence in the affairs of the company by his sound judgment and executive ability, and was also highly successful in his private practice and widely known and respected as an expert in electrical science.

In the early morning of December 3, 1897, he was awakened by the presence of a burglar in his bedroom, and on starting to his feet was fired at with fatal effect. He died on the afternoon of the next day, in his 36th year.

He married on April 11, 1893, in New York City, Katharine B., youngest daughter of Charles H. Burr, who survives him with one son and one daughter.

1886

DUDLEY WINSTON, the second son of General Frederick H. and Maria G. (Dudley) Winston, was born in Chicago, Illinois, on June 10, 1865. He left College shortly before graduation, at the request of his father, who had just been appointed Minister to Persia by President Cleveland and desired to take his son with him as his Secretary. He was admitted to a degree and enrolled with his class in 1892.

The father resigned his appointment after a few months, and the son returned to Chicago and became teller in the American Exchange National Bank. In 1892 he established the firm of Winston & Co., mortgage bankers, loaning money on real estate, of which he was the head up to the time of his death. He was a Democrat in politics, and was appointed in 1897 as one of the Chicago Civil Service Commission, being subsequently made its President. He was also socially prominent and widely esteemed.

After having been for some time out of health, he left Chicago on April 10, 1898, to join his wife at Lakewood, N. J., and was found dead in his berth in the sleeping car the next forenoon. An autopsy showed that death was due to congestion of the brain, complicated with other serious disease.

He married on December 4, 1888, Grace, second daughter of the Hon. Charles B. Farwell, of Chicago. Their only child survives his father.

1887

JOHN HUBBARD CURTIS, eldest son of Thomas W. T. Curtis (Dartmouth Coll. 1844) and Virginia H. (Hubbard) Curtis, was born in Hartford, Conn., where his father was then teaching, on June 9, 1865. In his infancy his father removed to New Haven, to become the Principal of the High School.

He was graduated with a high rank for scholarship, and remained for two years at the University as a graduate student in English literature and philosophy, teaching in the meantime for one year in the Hopkins Grammar School. In September, 1890, he went to Cleveland, Ohio, as instructor in English and German in the University School; but towards the close of the year a severe attack of pneumonia and grip obliged him to resign his position and seek the benefit of a voyage around the world. He returned much improved, but never permanently regained his

health. His trouble, originally pulmonary, developed into general weakness, and a sojourn of nearly four years in California failed to restore him.

On January 10, 1898, he went to a private home for invalids in Lexington, Mass., for a brief stay, but died there suddenly three days later, in his 33d year.

1888

JOSHUA WILSON ALLEN, son of John and Mary B. Allen, of Hartford, Conn., was born in that city on March 2, 1864.

In January, 1889, he became connected with the Hartford Theological Seminary (Congregational), as assistant in the Library, and in the following June was made Assistant Registrar. In June, 1891, he became Secretary of the Executive Committee and retained that office until his death, having also been elected a member of the Board of Trustees in June, 1896. In these relations he was largely responsible for the administration of the business affairs of the Seminary, and had made for himself year by year a place of wider usefulness and efficiency, winning by his daily life the highest esteem of his associates.

In the early summer of 1897 an obscure but acutely painful disease in the head manifested itself, and in July an operation was performed for the removal of certain glands from his neck. No permanent relief was gained, and after weeks of great suffering he died in Hartford on October 2, 1897, in his 34th year.

He married on June 10, 1891, Lucy M., daughter of Thomas K. Brace, who survives him with their three children.

CLAYTON HARCOURT BRIGHAM, the fourth son of the late Henry Brigham, of Savannah, Ga., was born in that city on January 15, 1866, and was prepared for College at St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H.

After graduation he took a course in assaying at the School of Mines in Columbia College, and then went to California for two years as an assayer. On returning to the East he engaged in business as a stock-broker in New York, and while on a visit to his native city he expired very suddenly from heart failure in Savannah on July 28, 1897, in his 32d year. He was not married.

GARD MAYNARD, son of Matthew H. and Mary E. Maynard, and grandson of the Hon. John A. Foot (Y. C. 1823), was born

in Marquette, Michigan, on March 3, 1863, and took his Freshman year at Middlebury College, Vermont.

In May, 1889, he began work as a clerk with the Illinois Steel Company, in Chicago, and was advanced from one position to another until he became assistant to the Second Vice President in May, 1894. He died in Chicago, on November 1, 1897, in his 35th year, from heart trouble, caused by a rheumatic affection, from which he had long suffered. He was unmarried.

1890

HARRY ELBRIDGE PRATT, son of Elbridge S. Pratt, was born in Boston, Mass., on September 11, 1868. His parents removed to Chicago in his infancy.

After graduation he studied in the Law Department of the Northwestern University, at Evanston, Ill., and then began practice in Chicago, where he was beginning to be well known among the younger members of his profession at the time of his sudden death. On November 30, 1897, he had the nerve in a tooth removed, and the opening being capped over at once blood-poisoning set in and caused his death on December 6, in his 30th year.

1892

EDWARD CLARENCE BISSELL, third son of Dr. William Bissell (Y. C. 1853) and Mary G. (Bidleman) Bissell, was born in the village of Lakeville, in Salisbury, Conn., on June 13, 1868. His eldest brother was graduated at the Sheffield Scientific School in 1879, and his remaining brother at the College in 1888.

He studied law in the New York Law School, where he took the degree of LL.B. in 1894. Ever since that time he had been in poor health and had remained at home, where he died on August 21, 1897, in his 30th year.

1893

MORRIS WOODRUFF, elder son of Morris Woodruff (Y. C. 1860) and Juliette (Lane) Woodruff, was born in New York City on May 23, 1870.

On graduation he became connected with the firm of George W. Lane & Co., tea importers, of which his father was then the head; and after his father's sudden death, in March, 1894, he became a partner in the business.

He died at his home in New York, from heart disease, on December 31, 1897, in his 28th year. He was unmarried.

1894

HENRY BROWNELL TUCKER, the third child and only son of Henry O'R. and Elizabeth L. (Brownell) Tucker, was born in Troy, N. Y., on March 10, 1873, and after graduation entered the office of the *Troy Daily Press*, of which his father was the proprietor, as a city reporter.

After a varied training in the work of the office he was made an associate editor of the *Press* in 1897, and on July 27 left home for a trip to the Klondike gold regions. He sailed from Seattle on August 5, and on the 20th reached St. Michael, whence he began the journey up the Yukon River on August 28. On Wednesday, September 8, he left the boat at Rampart City (about 600 miles below Dawson City) in company with John C. Powell (S. S. S. 1890), to try his fortune in the Minook diggings. They started early the next morning on a prospecting trip, and after a severe tramp of two days were caught in a snow storm against which Tucker was unable to struggle. On Saturday his comrade was obliged to leave him, to obtain food and help, and on returning found him dead from exhaustion. He was unmarried.

1895

JAMES HERBERT PERRIN was born on October 3, 1871, in Lafayette, Indiana, the son of J. J. and M. Perrin.

He was obliged to leave College in December, 1894, for Colorado, and his subsequent life was a heroic struggle with an incurable disease. Most of the time was spent in Colorado, but he made somewhat extended visits to Mexico and Switzerland.

He died in Boulder, Colorado, on June 15, 1898, in his 27th year.

1897

THEODORE MOORE BARNES, Jr., son of Theodore M. and Josephine B. Barnes, was born in New York on December 13, 1874, and was prepared for College at the Berkeley School in that city.

He was taken ill the day after graduation, at the summer home of his parents in Ridgefield, Conn., but it was not until two days later that the disease was diagnosed as typhoid fever. After a brief illness, ending in a week's unconsciousness, he died in Ridgefield on July 14, in his 23d year.

CHARLES MEIGS CHARNLEY, Junior, the second child of Charles M. Charnley (Y. C. 1865) and Louise E. (Averill) Charnley, was born in Chicago, Ill., on May 16, 1874.

His intention while in College was to prepare for the ministry. Family misfortunes about the time of his graduation broke up his plans, and finally he and his only surviving brother drifted to Los Angeles, California, in search of employment. Despondency over their circumstances and his own health led to his taking his life there, on June 4, 1898, in his 25th year.

YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL

1839

DEWITT CLINTON JAYNE, son of Stephen Jayne, was born in Florida, Orange County, N. Y., on February 6, 1817. In 1834 he entered the office of Dr. Samuel M. Barlow, of Florida, and received his preliminary medical training with him.

Upon graduation he returned to his native place and began practice, being soon recognized as possessing special skill in diagnosis. After a time he was led by the advice of his former preceptor, and by his own experience, to employ homœopathic medicines in his practice, and for the rest of his long life he used freely whatever remedies his own judgment approved as best adapted to the case in hand. His courtesy and sympathetic kindness made him a trusted friend as well as physician. He was President of the Orange County Homœopathic Medical Society in 1867, one of the first Trustees of the State Insane Hospital in Middletown, and also a member of the Republican Convention at Saratoga in 1854, when the party organized.

He died in Florida on November 9, 1897, in his 81st year.

He married, on December 20, 1849, Mary Augusta, daughter of Edwin P. Seward, of Florida, who survives him. They had no children.

1841

JOHN YALE, second son and child of the Rev. Cyrus Yale (Williams Coll. 1811) and Asenath (Bradley) Yale, of New Hartford, Conn., was born in that town on April 2, 1820. His great-great-grandfather was a first cousin of Elihu Yale, from whom the university received its name.

Before entering the Medical School he had studied under the direction of Dr. Horace Goodridge of Ware, Mass., and after receiving his degree he returned to the same town. where he spent his entire professional life.

He married on January 17, 1844, Miss Mary Ann Cumming, who died on March 1, 1893.

He died in Beloit, Kansas, on February 26, 1898, aged nearly 78 years. Eight children survive him.

1843

MONROE JUDSON, second son of John Judson, M.D. (hon. Yale 1830) and Philena (Hubbell) Judson, was born in Newtown, Conn., on January 17, 1820, and had his preparatory training in medicine under his father, who died in 1839.

On graduation, though strongly urged to remain in New Haven, he returned to Newtown, and for a time practiced in connection with his brother, Dr. George Judson, who died in 1853. As long as he cared for active employment he had all the medical business to which he was able to attend, but in later years he preferred a life of leisure.

He was also much engaged in public business. He represented the town in the Legislature in 1849, was town clerk from 1849 to 1855, and Judge of Probate from 1850 to 1860 and from 1879 to 1887. He was also for a short time postmaster.

He was stricken with apoplexy early in the morning of March 27, 1898, and died in the afternoon of the next day, at Newtown, in his 79th year.

He married first Sarah Maria, daughter of Ziba Blackman, of Newtown, who died on February 25, 1867. Her children, a son and a daughter, are still living. He next married, on February 3, 1869, Miss Sarah Curtis, who survives him.

1846

SAMUEL AUGDEN HILLS, son of Chester Hills, was born in Glastonbury, Conn., in 1821.

On graduation he settled in the upper part of New York City, then Harlem, and continued in practice there until his retirement about 1883. He was also for a time the coroner of his district. He was one of the organizers of the Pilgrim Congregational church, in which he was for many years a deacon.

Some five years ago he sustained severe injuries in a fall from

his carriage, which ultimately caused his death, at his home in New York, on February 26, 1898, in his 77th year.

He married on June 29, 1848, Caroline M., daughter of Benjamin Sutton, of Harlem, who survives him with three sons and two daughters.

1847

ALBERT BROWNELL WORTHINGTON died at his home in Middle Haddam, Conn., on April 26, 1898, aged 79 years.

He was born in Colchester, Conn., in May, 1819, and began his medical studies there, and had also attended a course of lectures in the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York before coming to New Haven.

On graduation he settled in Middle Haddam, which was his home for the rest of his life. For about six years before his death his health was failing gradually, thus necessitating retirement from active practice.

He married Mary Elizabeth Selden in 1848, and leaves two sons and a daughter.

1851

ROBERT HUBBARD, eldest child of Captain Jeremiah and Elizabeth (Roberts) Hubbard, was born in Cromwell, then a parish in Middletown, Conn., on April 26, 1827, and entered Yale College in 1846. Being straitened in means, at the end of the Freshman year he became principal of the academy in Durham, Conn., with the intention of returning to his academic course, but the advice of Benjamin M. Fowler, M.D. (Yale 1846), of Durham, led him to devote himself instead to medicine. He taught for a year and a half and continued his studies with Dr. Fowler until entering the Medical School in the fall of 1849.

In 1851 he began practice in Bridgeport, Conn., and in 1854 he formed a partnership with David H. Nash, M.D. (Yale 1834), which continued for about seventeen years. In the meantime he went to the war in 1862 as surgeon of the 17th Conn. Infantry, but resigned in December, 1863, with broken health, which was not fully re-established for seven or eight years.

He took a prominent part in politics and was elected to the General Assembly as a Republican in 1874 and 1876. In 1875 and 1877 he was the unsuccessful candidate of his party for Congress.

In 1877 he was elected President of the State Medical Society. He was recognized as a leader in his profession until about 1885, when he began to withdraw from practice. On July 18, 1897, he fell on the stairs while entering his office, and received such injuries to his head that he died a few hours later, in his 71st year.

He married on April 25, 1855, Cornelia B., youngest child of Sherman Hartwell, of Bridgeport, who died in 1871. Two daughters survive him, and the only son (LL.B. Yale 1882) died in 1892.

1859

FREDERIC LEVI DIBBLE, son of Horace B. Dibble, was born in Newtown, Conn., on April 16, 1830. His parents removed in 1833 to New Haven, which was thenceforth his residence. In March, 1849, before he was 19 years old, he started for California to join the gold miners, and before his return he traveled extensively in Central America, South America, and Australia.

After his graduation he practiced in New Haven, and on the outbreak of the civil war went to the front as surgeon to the First Connecticut, a three-months regiment. In September, 1864, he re-enlisted in the 6th Connecticut Infantry, and was mustered out of service in August, 1865.

He continued in practice until his retirement about 1892, and after that date spent much of his time in travel, his winters being usually passed in the Southern States. He had been in poor health for some two or three years before his death, and in November, 1897, he left home to spend the winter with his only sister, at her residence in Macon, Ga. He failed steadily, and died there on May 12, 1898, in his 69th year.

He married, on April 26, 1861, Mrs. Sarah E. Cooper, of New Haven, who survives him.

Dr. Dibble was a man of decided opinions, and engaged with alacrity in controversy on their behalf. He was especially at variance with modern authorities on questions of sanitary legislation, and advocated his own views in the newspapers with skill and persistence.

1860

ABEL CARTER BENEDICT, the eldest child of Edwin and Polly S. (Carter) Benedict, was born in Bethel, Conn., on November 17, 1836. The family residence was afterwards in Cornwall,

Connecticut. He began his medical studies in the office of his cousin, Michael D. Benedict, M.D. (Yale 1836), of Skaneateles, N. Y.

He married on March 5, 1862, Hannah W., daughter of Reuben Tompkins, of Dover, Dutchess County, N. Y., where he practiced until in the following August he received a commission as Assistant Surgeon of the 1st N. Y. Volunteer Infantry. In April, 1863, he resigned this to accept a commission as Assistant Surgeon of U. S. Volunteers, and was promoted to the rank of Surgeon in the following September. He was brevetted Lieutenant Colonel of Volunteers by President Johnson in June, 1865. After this he had charge of the general army hospital in Beaufort, N. C., until he was mustered out of service in December, 1865.

He settled soon after this in Waverly, Ill., but removed in 1875 to Syracuse, N. Y., where he enjoyed an extensive practice, especially as a surgeon, until his death. He had been ill for over two years, but was able to attend to his practice until the middle of May, 1898. He died in Syracuse about the middle of June, in his 62d year.

His first wife died in 1876, leaving three sons, who are still living. In 1877 he married Lizzie, daughter of Captain Hezekiah Parmelee, of New Haven, Conn., who survives him with her children, one daughter and one son.

1864

JONATHAN KNIGHT BACON, the eldest child of the Rev. William T. Bacon (Y. C. 1837), was born in New Haven on August 10, 1840. His mother was Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Professor Jonathan Knight, M.D., of the Yale Medical School. His boyhood was mainly spent in New Haven and Woodbury, Conn., and in 1856 he entered Yale as a Freshman. He left college in April, 1858, and began his medical course in 1861.

In March, 1864, just after receiving his degree, he entered the U. S. Navy as acting assistant surgeon, and was in the fleet under Admiral Farragut at his capture of Mobile. His resignation from the service was accepted in October, 1865, and in January, 1868, he began the practice of his profession in New Milford, Conn. He remained there until his death—a period of almost thirty years—and was widely known and appreciated in the vicinity, both as a physician and a surgeon.

He died in New Milford on July 17, 1897, after an illness of several weeks, aged nearly 57 years.

He married on December 16, 1868, Sophie, eldest daughter of Frederick A. Marsh, of Litchfield, Conn., who survives him. He left no children.

1874

WILBUR HIRAM BOOTH was born in Huntington, Conn., on December 11, 1852.

In October, 1884, he was appointed one of the house surgeons in the Charity Hospital on Blackwell's Island, New York city, and served for two years. He then established himself in Utica, N. Y., where he built up a large practice. He was a successful operator in surgery, and had become well known by his frequent contributions to medical and surgical journals. It may be especially mentioned that he was one of the first surgeons to advise the removal of the *appendix vermiformis* for inflammation of that organ, and he performed this operation successfully in June, 1876.

After suffering for many years from Bright's disease, he was seized with an acute attack while spending a few days in New York city, and died there on September 26, 1897, in his 45th year.

He married Sarah L., daughter of James S. Lynch, of Utica, on July 10, 1878. She died on February 15, 1882; and he married on August 11, 1897, Miss Emma Keith, of New York city, who survives him.

1880

HENRY DOUTTEIL was born in the electorate of Hesse-Cassel, in Western Germany, in 1848, but came to America (and New Haven) when twenty years old.

He remained here for a year after his graduation, as Resident Physician at the State Hospital, and then settled in Meriden, Conn. About 1889 he removed to New Britain, Conn., where he practiced his profession until his death, on May 3, 1898, at the age of 50 years. His wife survives him.

1881

WILLIAM HENRY BRINLEY, eldest son of Daniel and Ann Brinley, was born in New York City on July 23, 1858. The family removed to New Haven in his early youth.

He began practice on graduation in Shelburne Falls, Mass., but in 1883 removed to Washington, in Litchfield County, Conn. He soon decided that the West offered a better field for a young man, and went accordingly to Minnesota, where he settled at first in a small town named Wadena, and next in Brainerd. He finally removed to Minneapolis, where he practiced for nearly twelve years. He died there, from cancer of the throat, on the 1st of September, 1897, in his 40th year.

He married in Hartford, Conn., on February 21, 1884, Maria, daughter of Stiles Somers, of New Haven. Mrs. Brinley survives him with two daughters, two sons having died in infancy.

YALE LAW SCHOOL

1844

RICHBOROUGH GAILLARD, from Claiborne, Alabama, spent his life as a lawyer in Camden, Wilcox County, Ala., where he died on July 28, 1897.

1874

JOSEPH DANIEL PLUNKETT, son of Bartholomew and Margaret (Whitehead) Plunkett, was born on July 5, 1842, in Mornington, County Meath, Ireland, and emigrated with his parents in his early childhood, to Norwich, Conn. In July, 1862, he enlisted in the 21st Regiment Connecticut Volunteers, and served to the close of that year, attaining the rank of 2d Lieutenant.

For a time after this he had a successful career on the stage, but at his mother's desire gave up this employment, and in 1866 married Parmelia, daughter of Michael McNulty, of New York City. For the next two years he was agent for a New York publishing house. In 1868 he took an active part in the Democratic campaign for the Presidency in Connecticut, and then removed to New Haven to take a position in the office of the Hon. Colin M. Ingersoll, Adjutant General of the State.

After his admission to the bar he began practice in New Haven, with assured success from the first. In 1876 and 1877 he was Assistant City Attorney and after this had an especially large business in pensions and government claims. He was a member of the City Board of Education from 1881 to 1893, and was elected to the State Senate in 1882 and 1883.

He died in New Haven, from appendicitis, after less than a week's illness, on December 6, 1897, in his 56th year. His wife died in 1896; and two sons and two daughters survive him.

1876

JOHN BASIL WARD, son of Patrick and Rosanna Ward, was born in New Haven in 1850. Before entering the Law School he had taken a partial course in Georgetown College, D. C.

He practiced his profession for many years in New Haven, until visited with a severe attack of nervous prostration, from the effects of which he never fully recovered.

He was found dead in his room on the 31st of October, 1897, death being probably the result of rheumatism of the heart.

He was unmarried.

1883

CHARLES HENRY AYER, son of Edwin Ayer, was born in Saybrook, Conn., on April 25, 1862.

Soon after graduation he began practice in Olympia, Washington. He was successively in partnership with Judge Thorn (1887-88) and with Judge Allen (1888-93), and gained an enviable reputation for conscientious and thorough professional work. In 1889 he was elected City Attorney, and in 1890 prosecuting attorney for the County. He was chosen Mayor of the city in 1895, and in 1896 was elected Judge of the Superior Court of the County, a position which he held until his death.

After three or four months' illness he died in Olympia, from aneurism of the heart, on March 9, 1898, in his 36th year.

He married Miss Cora Ellis, who survives him with five children.

 YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL

1885

GEORGE RUDOLPH FREEMAN, eldest son of Samuel and Maria Freeman, was born in Gettysburg, Adams County, Pa., on September 20, 1850, and was graduated at Pennsylvania College, a Lutheran institution at that place in 1876.

He was awarded the Hooker Fellowship on leaving the Divinity School, and spent the first year of study thus provided for in New

Haven and the second in Berlin. After his return to America he went to Harvard University, where he enjoyed for the year 1888-89 one of the Williams Fellowships in the Divinity School. He remained in that school until June, 1890, being enrolled as a graduate thereof in 1889.

In September, 1890, he went to the (Unitarian) Theological School in Meadville, Pa., as Assistant Professor of Hebrew, the Literature of the Old Testament, and the History of Religion, and soon won promotion to a full professorship in these branches, which he filled with great and increasing ability and acceptance until his death. In the meantime he spent two summer vacations in study at the University of Giessen, in Germany. He was an indefatigable student, conscientiously faithful in his duties as a teacher, and universally beloved by pupils and colleagues. He died very suddenly, from peritonitis, after twenty-four hours' illness, at his home in Meadville, on April 10, 1898, in his 48th year.

He married on June 24, 1886, Mary, daughter of the late Rev. Philo B. Wilcox (Univ. Vt. 1845), of Northboro, Mass., who survives him.

1889

WILLIAM LUKE CUNNINGHAM was born in Alnwick, Northumberland, England, on March 4, 1847, the son of George M. and Elizabeth (Smith) Cunningham. He spent his youth in London, in commercial business, and in early manhood emigrated to Halifax, Nova Scotia. In 1879 he entered Princeton Theological Seminary, and on April 14, 1880, was ordained by the Presbytery of New Brunswick and installed as pastor of the church in Hamilton Square, N. J. He was dismissed from this charge on August 26, 1888, to enter the Yale Seminary. While here he was also pursuing a course of non-resident study under the direction of the Illinois Wesleyan University, which gave him the degree of Ph.B. in 1889. The honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity was given him by the University of Wooster in 1889.

On December 4, he was installed over the Presbyterian church at Point Pleasant, N. J., where he remained until his death. The membership of the church was more than doubled during his pastorate, and he won his way to high respect in the community.

He died at Point Pleasant on October 5, 1897, in his 51st year.

He married on September 9, 1880, Miss Frances Amelia Jordan, of Halifax, who survives him with one son.

1891

SAMUEL WEYLER was born in Kreslavka, Vitebsk, in Western Russia, on July 3, 1863, of German Hebrew parentage. He came to America in 1880, settling at first in Atlanta, Ga. Thence he went to Missouri, and in 1885 entered Knox College, Galesburg, Ill., where he was graduated in 1888.

On leaving the Seminary he went to Pueblo, Colorado, on account of throat trouble, and engaged in missionary work there, but in 1892 became pastor of the Union Congregational church in Buffalo, Wyoming, receiving ordination in Denver on March 1. In 1896 he removed to the Congregational church in Benicia, California, of which he was the devoted and beloved pastor at the time of his death.

While absent from home, after a severe attack of the grip, he died from prostration, in Saratoga, California, on February 8, 1898, in his 35th year. He was never married.

1892

JOSEPH HENRY ARTOPÉ, youngest son of Charles and Rebecca Artopé, was born in Augusta, Ga., on October 24, 1863. His father, a Methodist minister, died in his infancy, and he worked in his boyhood at a blacksmith's trade, in order to help his mother with her large family. He was at length able, at the age of 18, to devote himself to study, and after attending Payne Institute in Augusta, and having some experience as a teacher among his own people, he went to Wilberforce University, Ohio, an institution under the auspices of the African Methodist Episcopal church, to fit himself for the ministry. While there he acted for one year as assistant teacher in Pastoral Theology, and spent another year in travel as the manager of a company of students which went out to raise funds for the institution by singing.

He received the degree of Bachelor of Divinity in 1889, and then entered the Yale Seminary.

After graduation here he was first sent by Bishop Payne of the A. M. E. Church to the congregation in Wheeling, W. Va., but at the next Conference, in September, 1892, he was put in charge of Brown Chapel, Walnut Hills, Cincinnati, Ohio. After serving there for two years he was sent to Chillicothe, O., where he had entered on the second year of faithful work, when he died, after ten days' illness from malaria and bilious fever, on January 7, 1896, in his 33d year. He married, on October 26, 1892, Bertie, youngest daughter of Martin Clinton, of Zanesville, Ohio, who survives him with one son.

SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL

1852

WILLIAM JARVIS CRAW, son of LeGrand W. Craw, of Scotch descent, and Nancy (Raymond) Craw, was born in Norwalk, Conn., on January 27, 1830. In the fall of 1848 he entered the Yale Analytical Laboratory (opened the year before) and was one of the original class of four members which took up at that date the newly established course in Chemistry. The degree of Ph.B. was instituted in 1851, and first given in 1852.

He was appointed Assistant in Applied Chemistry in 1849, and held the position until he left the School in 1853.

He then became chemist to the Hampden Paint Company, in Springfield, Mass., but after two years his health gave way so seriously that he was obliged for some time to give up all intellectual work, and was never able again for any extended period to leave the place of his birth.

Being compelled to choose an open-air life, he entered into the oyster business and became in time the owner of extensive oyster-grounds. His scientific knowledge and trained habits of observation enabled him to achieve success and to aid materially in solving the problems that have arisen in the development of this industry. Through his business life botany, which had been a favorite study from boyhood, remained his pastime.

For more than forty years his life was an increasing struggle with a very painful but obscure disease, the nature of which was not, and as an autopsy proved could not be, known during his life. He bore his ill-health with Christian fortitude and was held in high esteem among his neighbors for sterling integrity. He took a deep interest in the mission and benevolent work of the Congregational denomination, to which he belonged, and was a liberal supporter of everything conducive to the religious and social welfare of those about him.

He died at his home in Norwalk, on October 26, 1897, in his 68th year.

He married on November 27, 1879, Miss Josephine Chapin, of New Berlin, Chenango County, N. Y., who had recently returned from five years' work in the Arcot Mission in India, and now survives him. He left no children.

1855

IRA MORE was born in Parsonsfield, Maine, in 1829. He was graduated at the State Normal School in Bridgewater, Mass., in 1849, and had taught in that School and in Hingham, Milton, and Newburyport, in the same State, before taking his degree here.

In 1856 he helped to organize the first High School in Chicago, Ill., taking special charge of the City Normal School, which was placed in connection with it. When the Illinois Normal University was opened at Bloomington, in the fall of 1857, he was elected to the mathematical chair, and remained there until 1861, when he became captain of a company, largely recruited from among his students, in the 33d Regiment Illinois Infantry. After three years of hard service, including the siege of Vicksburg, he resigned in broken health in May, 1864. He removed to Minnesota in 1865, and had charge of the department of mathematics in the newly organized University of Minnesota from 1867 to 1869. In the latter year he was appointed principal of the State Normal School, at St. Cloud, and held that position until 1875. Feeling the need of a change of climate, he then removed to California, and taught in the State Normal School at San Jose until his appointment as principal of the State Normal School at Los Angeles in 1883. In 1893 he resigned this position on account of failing health, and in 1894 suffered a severe shock of paralysis, affecting him mentally even more than physically, from which he never recovered. His mind became shattered, and on October 28, 1897, he took his own life, at his home in Cucamonga, San Bernardino County.

He married on April 16, 1857, Lucy C. Drew, of Newfield, Maine, who survives him with one son and one daughter.

Some years before his death he adopted More as the spelling of his family name, having previously written it as Moore.

1865

ALBERT PARSONS MASSEY, of Watertown, N. Y., who had been for some years in the employ of the New York Air Brake Company as mechanical engineer, died at sea on the voyage from New York to England on June 5, 1898, aged 56 years.

1867

ROBERT MICHAEL GROVE, the youngest son of Michael J. Grove, was born in Lebanon County, Pa., on October 28, 1847 ;

his father removed soon to Danville, in Montour County, for a permanent residence.

On graduation he returned to Danville, entering his father's office to learn the iron business. The rest of his life was spent in the same city, in prominent connection with leading business enterprises. He was director and treasurer of the Danville Nail and Manufacturing Company; director of the First National Bank; and later President of the Danville National Bank.

He died in Danville, after a week's illness from acute pneumonia, on October 24, 1897, at the age of 50 years.

His wife and two daughters survive him.

1868

JAMES DETRAFFORD BLACKSTONE, son of Lorenzo Blackstone, was born in Manchester, England, in 1847. His residence while a student was in Norwich, Conn.

He was engaged in business as a manufacturer in Norwich, but had been an invalid for five years before his death.

He died at his winter home in New York City, from paralysis, on March 7, 1898, aged 51 years.

He married soon after graduation Miss Elizabeth A. Whittaker, of Springfield, Mass., who obtained a divorce from him in 1877. He subsequently married, in London, Miss Annie Rich, who died, leaving no children. He was remarried on February 24, 1897, to his former wife, who survives him with their only son, a former member of the Class of 1898, Yale College.

HENRY MARCHANT DUDLEY, the eldest child of Paul W. and Sarah A. (Tobey) Dudley, was born in Uxbridge, Mass., on August 12, 1846. His residence was early removed to Whitinsville, in the adjoining town of Northbridge.

In 1875 he opened a drug store in Whitinsville, and continued in business there until 1882, when he removed to Woonsocket, R. I., where he remained in the same business until his death. He was for ten years a member of the State Board of Pharmacy, and was highly valued for his scientific attainments and accuracy, as well as respected for his character.

He died in Woonsocket, from pneumonia, after a little over a week's illness, on June 30, 1896, in his 50th year. He married on May 6, 1873, Hattie L. Reed, who survived him with two daughters and a son,—an elder son having died in infancy.

1876

RANDELL HUNT was born in New Orleans, La., Oct. 30, 1856, being the third son of the Hon. William H. Hunt (a former member of the Class of 1843, Yale College) and Elizabeth (Ridgely) Hunt.

After leaving College his first practical experience as a civil engineer was gained in connection with the Department of Parks of New York City, and in 1878 he established an office as civil engineer in Fargo, (North) Dakota, and identified himself thoroughly with the principal engineering works of the then very active and prosperous West. As a specialty, he devoted himself to bridge structures and foundations, and all through his professional career these were the particular branches in which he excelled and with which his name became prominently connected. Until 1883 he remained in Dakota, with the exception of a period in 1879, when he was attached to the U. S. Mississippi-River Commission as hydraulic engineer in the investigations of that waterway.

From 1883 until 1888, he was located at St. Paul, Minn., and employed as constructing engineer by the Chicago, Burlington and Northwestern Railway. He had charge of the bridge work, and under his direct supervision the noted Chippewa River Bridge was built.

In 1888, he removed to San Francisco, and began a general engineering practice in the line of his specialty. A number of California bridges were designed by him and built under his direction. In 1889, he was made the engineering expert of the contracting firm of Antonelle & Doe, and soon became prominent there by reason of his original plans for and successful construction of the sea wall at the foot of Market street, San Francisco.

In 1890, the firm of Doe & Hunt, engineering contractors, was established, and it carried on a successful business for a number of years. Here Mr. Hunt displayed great energy and activity, and the results of his labor are manifest in a variety of existing public works. His last work under the name of the firm was the very important construction of the headworks and canal of the Turlock Irrigation District in California.

In 1897, Mr. Hunt's services were engaged by the U. S. Commission appointed by the Government to decide as to the respective merits of the Santa Monica and San Pedro harbors for deep water improvement and shelter to vessels. Here he became the

expert in the work of making borings in the two localities, to establish the composition of the materials in the respective harbor bottoms. Although then suffering from a malady that proved incurable, and very ill, he carried out his trying work to the end, at a season when the conditions of the weather made it a severe test for a man even in health to have been so constantly in attendance as he was.

In 1883, he was elected a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers. In 1890, he was elected a member of the Technical Society of the Pacific Coast, in which he held a position in the Executive Board for a number of years.

His name may be found frequently in the professional literature of recent years. A paper read before the Technical Society of the Pacific Coast, entitled "Cofferdams and Floating Caissons," was published, and found a widespread circulation by frequent reprints. On the subject of foundations, a number of valuable contributions from his pen are extant; a more recent one considered the various method of founding modern high buildings in our large cities, and appeared in the Journal of the Association of Engineering Societies. For years he had carried the idea of publishing an extensive work on the entire subject of foundations, but ill health prevented him from finishing the manuscript, which must now be left to others to arrange and complete.

He died in San Francisco, January 24, 1898, after a lingering illness of several weeks, in his 42d year. He leaves a widow and two little girls.

1877

BURR KELLOGG FIELD, son of F. K. Field, was born in Auburn, Indiana, on the 5th of May, 1856. His parents soon removed to Malden, Ulster County, N. Y., and his preparatory education was obtained in Sing Sing, N. Y., though before he came to New Haven, the family had again removed to Germantown, Pa. He was brought up in wealth, but just before his graduation his father failed in business and he was obliged not only to earn his living but to help from the first out of his salary toward the support of his parents and their younger children.

He had taken the civil-engineering course as an undergraduate, and his career began as a water-boy to a section gang on the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, at three dollars a week. After a succession of brief engagements he found employment in August, 1879, on the

Wichita Extension of the St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad, occupying successively the positions of rodman, leveler, and topographer. In the spring of 1880 Mr. J. F. Hinckley was detailed by the same Railway Company to make surveys from what is now Monett, Mo., to Van Buren, Ark., and Mr. Field was engaged by him as topographer in the preliminary work. He continued as topographer on location, over the territory from Fayetteville to Van Buren, Ark., the line crossing the Boston Mountains near the present station of Winslow. Later he was put as Engineer in charge of masonry, trestles, and bridging between Winslow and Van Buren. On this portion of the line the masonry and bridging are important in character, the streams crossed being rapid torrents and the foundations difficult to sink. Under his direction three iron trestles were constructed ranging from 400 to 700 feet in length and from 100 to 120 feet in height, besides some twenty spans of Howe truss bridges resting on masonry piers. He was further occupied in preliminary surveys on other parts of the same railway system until February, 1882, when he was appointed Assistant Engineer on the Northern Pacific Railroad.

In this position he was for some time in charge of the construction of the Yellowstone division, and later in charge of the tracks and bridges in the construction of the branch connecting the Yellowstone Park with the Northern Pacific.

In January, 1884, he was appointed to the important position of Superintendent of Bridges in the Highway Department of the City of Philadelphia, which he filled in a thorough and conscientious manner.

In 1886 he accepted an appointment as Assistant Engineer of The Berlin Iron Bridge Company, of East Berlin, Conn. His advancement there was very rapid, to the important position which he held at the time of his death, of Vice-President of the Company in full charge of the making of all contracts. During this period the Company's business was much extended and its product introduced into all parts of the world; Mr. Field had no small part in the making of the enviable reputation which the Company now enjoys, and his death is a severe loss to its interests as well as to his associates.

He was not only an indefatigable worker for the corporation which he so faithfully served, but equally active and energetic in every public relation, earnest in his devotion to the church, a

staunch friend to the cause of temperance and to all good citizenship.

He died at his home in Berlin, from pneumonia, after a few days' illness, on January 13, 1898, in his 42d year.

He married on May 5, 1886, Juanita, daughter of O. M. Bourland, M.D., of Van Buren, Arkansas, who survives him with two daughters.

1878

GEORGE STEWART HEGEMAN, son of Joseph and Aletta Maria (Aycrigg) Hegeman, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., on November 17, 1857.

On graduation he entered the Law School of Columbia College, in New York City, and received the degree of LL.B. in 1880.

After practicing his profession for a while he became interested in electrical inventions, and in consequence helped to organize in 1890 the Hart & Hegeman Company, of Hartford, Conn., manufacturers of switches for electric lighting, a flourishing concern of which he was Vice President up to the time of his death.

He left Hartford on August 28, 1897, in excellent health, to go to Seattle, Washington; but while in Detroit, Mich., where he had stopped to visit a sister, he was taken ill with acute inflammation of the kidneys, and died within three days, on September 7, in his 40th year. He was unmarried.

1879

ALBERT WILLIAM CONGDON, son of George C. Congdon, was born in Upton, Worcester County, Mass., on August 7, 1857, and died on August 7, 1896, aged 39 years.

After graduation he followed for several years the profession of a civil engineer, and then took up electrical engineering. In 1896 he went to Japan to introduce the Edison system of electric lighting. During the three years which he spent there he constructed numerous plants for electric lighting, including one for the Emperor's new palace in Tokyo. From 1891 until his death he was connected with the Canadian General Electric Company.

1883

WILLIAM ELLISON LOCKWOOD, third son of Joseph E. and Mary J. (Talmadge) Lockwood, of Stamford, Conn., was born in North Stamford on May 26, 1863.

He remained in New Haven after graduation, pursuing the regular course in the Medical School and receiving the degree of M.D. in 1885. He then opened an office in New Haven and practiced medicine for two years, for the first year being also an Assistant in Chemistry in the Medical School.

On June 30, 1887, he married Sara E., daughter of Alfred W. Husted, of New Haven, and for the next three years devoted himself mainly to the study of physiology, which he hoped to make his life-work. For the year 1888-89 he was Assistant in Physiology, and for the next two years Demonstrator of Physiology, in the Medical School. He then received an appointment as Fellow in Physiology in Clark University, at Worcester, Mass., where he broke down in health from overwork, just as a successful scientific career seemed assured to him. Several years before he had met with a lasting injury to one knee, and it now became apparent that tuberculosis had developed there and that amputation was necessary to save his life. The operation was performed in June, 1892, and a few months later he removed with his family to Redlands, California, where the mild climate and out-of-door occupation prolonged his life for nearly five years. He planted and cultivated an orange-grove, and also gave a good deal of time to the interests of the public schools, serving on the Board of Trustees. The manly way in which he accepted and made the best of the hard limitations of his life, remaining true to a high sense of Christian duty, won the respect of all.

He died suddenly, from a succession of hemorrhages, in Redlands, on June 23, 1897, having just entered on his 35th year.

His wife survives him with one daughter and one son.

1885

CURTISS CHAUNCEY TURNER, the only son of Charles Turner, was born in Omaha, Nebraska, on August 31, 1863.

Two years after his graduation he received the degree of Mechanical Engineer, and on his return to Omaha he entered on the profession of civil engineering, for which his natural tastes and capacities seemed especially to adapt him. In the succeeding years he was employed by the Missouri Pacific Railroad; by the Omaha Cable Tramway Company in the construction of cable roads in that city; in the office of the city engineer; and in a variety of other work. In 1892 he organized a movement

for "good roads," a subject to which he had given special study, and after persistent hard work he had the satisfaction of seeing public opinion aroused, so that a large improvement in the roads of the State was attained.

He took an active interest in the discussion and settlement of many other public matters, such as the laying-out of the city park system, the location of the grounds for the coming Exposition, and repeated speculative projects involving large city indebtedness.

In the summer of 1897 his energetic nature was attracted by the development of the Klondike region, the features of the transportation question interesting him as an engineer. He made one visit for investigation to Alaska in November, and went again in December, with the design of providing eventually a transportation line for freight from Chilkoot Pass to Dawson. While superintending his arrangements there, he was caught on the morning of April 3, during a heavy storm, in a snow-slide on the trail leading up the Chilkoot Pass, and his body was not recovered until the third day after.

1886

MORISON THOMAS HUTCHINSON, elder son of Gardiner S. Hutchinson (LL.B. Harv. 1858) and Arianna (Morison) Hutchinson, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., on June 1, 1865, and had his preparatory training in the Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute.

On graduation he began the study of medicine in the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York, and after taking his degree there in 1889 entered the New York Hospital, where he served for a year and a half. After having occupied the post of house physician in that institution he went abroad for further study.

Upon his return he began practice in New York, but the death of his father, a manufacturer of men's underwear in New York, in 1893, seemed to necessitate his taking up the business; in 1895 he became Secretary of the company.

He died suddenly in Crawford, N. H., on September 11, 1897, in his 33d year, and was buried from his residence in Englewood, N. J.

He married on November 9, 1895, Lucy B. Chase, who survives him with one son.

1892

WILLIAM BASSETT WOODWARD, son of Benjamin F. and Helen S. (Bassett) Woodward, was born in Denver, Colorado, on June 4, 1869, and completed his preparation for the Scientific School at Phillips Academy, Andover.

After graduation he traveled for some time in Europe, and on his return engaged in the real estate and investment business in Denver. While an undergraduate he had been an active worker in the Young Men's Christian Association, and he maintained his interest in that direction and in other church work after graduation, serving for several years as an elder in the Central Presbyterian church in Denver.

His constitution was never vigorous, and while on an Eastern trip in the summer of 1897 an attack of prostration from the heat so undermined his health that he never fully recovered. His unexpected death, however, was caused by insufficient action of the principal organs of the body, which brought on acute uræmia. He died in Denver on October 1, 1897, in his 29th year. He was never married.

1893

JASON EVANS, son of Benjamin F. Evans, was born in Cincinnati, O., on July 13, 1871.

He settled after graduation in Morristown, N. J., but subsequently removed to California on account of his health. Since 1896 he had resided in Pasadena, where he died suddenly from a hemorrhage on April 16, 1898, in his 27th year.

He married Miss Anna Mohr, of Philadelphia, who survives him.

 GRADUATE SCHOOL

1894

GUY VANGORDER THOMPSON, the eldest child of Colonel Henry E. Thompson, and grandson of the Rev. James Ballard (Williams Coll. 1827), the founder of the First Congregational church of Grand Rapids, Mich., was born in Grand Rapids, on February 13, 1865. Soon after graduation from the Grand

Rapids High School in 1883, he removed with his family to Colorado, where he completed the B.A. course at the State University in Boulder in 1888. The next year he spent in the Graduate Department at Yale, and then went to Grand Rapids for two years as a teacher in the High School. After another year of graduate work at Yale he was appointed Instructor in Latin here in 1892, and Tutor a year later. He completed the course for the degree of Ph.D. in 1894.

In June, 1896, he was granted a leave of absence, during which he studied in Berlin and Rome. He was married in Berlin, on December 9, to Miss Lucy Follett Uhl, daughter of the United States Ambassador to Germany, whom he had known from childhood. He resumed the duties of the tutorship in February, 1897, with fresh zeal and delight, but the effects of a severe cold in May warned him that at least a temporary change of climate was necessary, and he went in June to Colorado, to accept a position in the Latin Department of his *Alma Mater*. His health failed rapidly during August and September, and he died in Boulder on October 2, in his 33d year. His wife survives him.

SUMMARY

ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT

(YALE COLLEGE)

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Time of Death
1827	Joseph H. Towne, 92	Andover, Mass.	July 30, '97
1828	Thomas G. Alvord, 87	Syracuse, N. Y.	Oct. 26, '97
1831	William W. Andrews, 87	Wethersfield, Conn.	Oct. 17, '97
1834	Thomas J. Bradstreet, 90	Thomaston, Conn.	Oct. 5, '97
1834	James Gilmore, 82	Innsbruck, Austria	July 12, '97
1834	William W. Taylor, 86	Wilmington, Del.	Dec. 26, '97
1839	John N. Hubbard, 82	Tracy, Cal.	Oct. 16, '97
1839	Henry R. Jackson, 78	Savannah, Ga.	May 23, '98
1839	Charles H. Morse, 81	Chicago, Ill.	July 3, '97
1840	Levi Abbot, 79	Hollis, N. H.	March 11, '98
1840	Henry Booth, 79	Minden, Nebr.	Apr. 29, '98
1840	Stephen C. Foster, 78	Los Angeles, Cal.	Jan. 28, '98
1840	Amos E. Lawrence, 85	Newton, Mass.	Nov. 23, '97
1841	Birdsey G. Northrop, 40	Clinton, Conn.	Apr. 27, '98
1842	George Bushnell, 79	New Haven, Conn.	Apr. 5, '98
1842	J. Hammond Trumbull, 75	Hartford, Conn.	Aug. 5, '97
1843	Lewis R. Hurlbutt, 77	Stamford, Conn.	Feb. 14, '98
1844	William J. Weeks, 76	Yaphank, N. Y.	Sept. 2, '97
1844	John W. Wetherell, 77	Worcester, Mass.	Oct. 2, '97
1845	Jonathan S. Ely, 75	New York City	May 19, '98
1845	Orrick Metcalfe, 73	Natchez, Miss.	March 2, '98
1846	John B. Brisbin, 72	St. Paul, Minn.	March 22, '98
1846	James M. B. Dwight, 72	New Haven, Conn.	June 28, '97
1846	Israel H. Harris, 74	Waynesville, O.	Oct. 17, '97
1846	Benjamin B. Hopkinson, 77	Union, Conn.	Oct. 14, '97
1847	Charles T. Blake, 71	Berkeley, Cal.	Dec. 27, '97
1847	Charles H. Bullard, 77	Hartford, Conn.	Oct. 15, '97
1847	Samuel R. Dimock, 76	Denver, Col.	Apr. 19, '98
1847	J. Presley Gray, 72	Benoit, Miss.	Sept. 25, '97
1848	William Kinne, 79	Plainfield, Conn.	March 11, '98
1849	James H. Atkins, 69	Meriden, Conn.	Oct. 25, '97
1849	Horace Barnard, 68	New York City	Nov. 8, '97
1849	John Oakey, 68	Brooklyn, N. Y.	March 24, '98
1851	James A. Gallup, 74	Madison, Conn.	Jan. 30, '98
1851	Robert B. Peet, 67	Palo Alto, Cal.	Dec. 12, '97
1852	Charles C. Salter, 65	Duluth, Minn.	Dec. 19, '97

1852	Charles E. Vanderburg, 68	Minneapolis, Minn.	March 3, '98
1855	William L. Avery, 64	near Covington, Ky.	May 12, '98
1855	Leonard A. Bradley, 65	New Haven, Conn.	Apr. 18, '98
1855	Linus M. Child, 63	Boston, Mass.	Jan. 24, '98
1855	John C. Parsons, 65	Hartford, Conn.	March 11, '98
1856	Stephen Condit, 62	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Oct. 6, '97
1857	Volney Hickox, 62	Springfield, Ill.	March 12, '98
1857	Manning C. Wells, 59	Canandaigua, N. Y.	Oct. 19, '97
1858	George B. MacLellan, 64	Jacksonville, Fla.	Oct. 30, '97
1858	Gideon Wells, 62	Springfield, Mass.	March 26, '98
1859	Joel J. Hough, 62	Berkshire, N. Y.	Sept. 24, '97
1859	Charles Addison Miller, 60	New York City	Dec. 29, '97
1859	John B. Rector, 60	Austin, Tex.	Apr. 9, '98
1859	William A. Stiles, 60	Jersey City, N. J.	Oct. 6, '97
1864	Charles H. Hall, 54	Columbus, O.	Apr. 20, '98
1864	Hunting C. Jessup, 54	Montrose, Pa.	Dec. 6, '97
1864	Albert H. VanEtten, 54	Winnipeg, Manitoba	Dec. 8, '97
1865	Stacy B. Shreve, 53	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Dec. 13, '97
1867	Edwin S. Butterfield, 57	Montrose, Pa.	Dec. 7, '97
1867	George L. Wright, 54	Auburn, N. Y.	Nov. 7, '97
1869	Augustus M. Cunningham, 48	S. Kingstown, R. I.	Oct. 8, '97
1870	Washington Hesing, 48	Chicago, Ill.	Dec. 18, '97
1871	J. Dana Jones, 47	Oceanus, N. Y.	Jan. 3, '98
1871	Alwin E. Todd, 51	Berea, Ky.	Jan. 30, '98
1872	James Olmstead, 48	New York City	Dec. 4, '97
1873	William T. Barber, 43	West Chester, Pa.	Sept. 24, '97
1876	Elisha S. Bottum, 43	Chicago, Ill.	March 15, '98
1876	Horace R. Buck, 44	Helena, Mont.	Dec. 7, '97
1876	Frank W. Pierce, 44	Edgartown, Mass.	Oct. 19, '96
1876	Lewis W. Shaffer, 43	Cincinnati, O.	Feb. 7, '98
1877	Albert Hoysradt, 42	Hudson, N. Y.	Dec. 8, '97
1877	Morris S. Shipley, 41	Cincinnati, O.	March 6, '98
1877	James S. Thompson, 43	Stockton, Cal.	Dec. 30, '97
1878	Frank V. McDonald, 45	London, England	Oct. 4, '97
1879	Otis E. Atwater, 47	Hartford, Conn.	Nov. 16, '97
1879	Henry C. Crouch, 40	Denver, Col.	Apr. 20, '98
1884	George R. Blodgett, 35	Schenectady, N. Y.	Dec. 4, '97
1886	Dudley Winston, 33	—, N. Y.	Apr. 11, '98
1887	John H. Curtis, 32	Lexington, Mass.	Jan. 13, '98
1888	Joshua W. Allen, 33	Hartford, Conn.	Oct. 1, '97
1888	Clayton H. Brigham, 31	Savannah, Ga.	July 28, '97
1888	Gard Maynard, 34	Chicago, Ill.	Nov. 1, '97
1890	Harry E. Pratt, 29	Chicago, Ill.	Dec. 6, '97
1892	Edward C. Bissell, 29	Lakeville, Conn.	Aug. 21, '97
1893	Morris Woodruff, 27	New York City	Dec. 31, '97
1894	Henry B. Tucker, 24	near Rampart City, Alaska	Sept. 11, '97
1895	James H. Perrin, 26	Boulder, Col.	June 15, '98
1897	Theodore M. Barnes, Jr., 22	Ridgefield, Conn.	July 14, '97
1897	Charles M. Charnley, Jr., 24	Los Angeles, Cal.	June 4, '98

YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL

1839	DeWitt C. Jayne, 80	Florida, N. Y.	Nov. 9, '97
1841	John Yale, 78	Beloit, Kansas	Feb. 26, '98
1843	Monroe Judson, 78	Newtown, Conn.	March 28, '98
1846	Samuel A. Hills, 77	New York City	Feb. 26, '98
1847	Albert B. Worthington, 79	Middle Haddam, Conn.	Apr. 26, '98
1851	Robert Hubbard, 70	Bridgeport, Conn.	July 18, '97
1859	Frederic L. Dibble, 68	Macon, Ga.	May 12, '98
1860	Abel C. Benedict, 61	Syracuse, N. Y.	June, '98
1864	J. Knight Bacon, 57	New Milford, Conn.	July 17, '97
1874	Wilbur H. Booth, 44	New York City	Sept. 26, '97
1880	Henry Doutteit, 50	New Britain, Conn.	May 3, '98
1881	William H. Brinley, 39	Minneapolis, Minn.	Sept. 1, '97

YALE LAW SCHOOL

1844	Richborough Gaillard,	Camden, Ala.	July 28, '97
1874	Joseph D. Plunkett, 55	New Haven, Conn.	Dec. 6, '97
1876	John B. Ward, 47	New Haven, Conn.	Oct. 30-31, '97
1883	Charles H. Ayer, 36	Olympia, Wash.	March 9, '98

YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL

1885	George R. Freeman, 47	Meadville, Pa.	Apr. 10, '98
1889	William L. Cunningham, 50	Point Pleasant, N. J.	Oct. 5, '97
1891	Samuel Weyler, 34	Saratoga, Cal.	Feb. 8, '98
1892	Joseph H. Artopé, 32	Chillicothe, O.	Jan. 7, '96

SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL

1852	William J. Craw, 67	Norwalk, Conn.	Oct. 26, '97
1855	Ira More, 68	Cucamonga, Cal.	Oct. 28, '97
1865	Albert P. Massey, 56	At sea	June 5, '98
1867	Robert M. Grove, 50	Danville, Pa.	Oct. 24, '97
1868	J. deTrafford Blackstone, 51	New York City	March 7, '98
1868	Henry M. Dudley, 50	Woonsocket, R. I.	June 30, '96
1876	Randell Hunt, 41	San Francisco, Cal.	Jan. 24, '98
1877	Burr K. Field, 41	Berlin, Conn.	Jan. 13, '98
1878	George S. Hegeman, 39	Detroit, Mich.	Sept. 7, '97
1879	Albert W. Congdon, 39		Aug. 7, '96
1883	William E. Lockwood, 34	Redlands, Cal.	June 23, '97
1885	Curtiss C. Turner, 34	Chilkoot Pass, Alaska	Apr. 3, '98
1886	Morison T. Hutchinson, 32	Crawford, N. H.	Sept. 11, '97
1892	William B. Woodward, 28	Denver, Col.	Oct. 1, '97
1893	Jason Evans, 26	Pasadena, Cal.	Apr. 16, '98

GRADUATE SCHOOL

1894 Guy V. Thompson, 32

Boulder, Col.

Oct. 2, '97

The number of deaths recorded this year is 121, and the average age of the graduates of the Academical Department is about 62 years.

The oldest living graduate of the Academical Department is :

Class of 1824, Hon. BENJAMIN D. SILLIMAN, LL.D., of Brooklyn, N. Y., born Sept. 14, 1805.

The oldest living graduate of the Medical Department is :

Class of 1831, CHAUNCEY AYRES, of Stamford, Conn., born Aug. 14, 1808.

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1852 <i>s</i>	Craw, William J.	569	1876	Shaffer, Lewis W.	550
1879	Crouch, Henry C.	553	1877	Shipley, Morris S.	551
1869	Cunningham, Aug. M.	545	1865	Shreve, Stacy B.	544
1889 <i>d</i>	Cunningham, William L.	567	1859	Stiles, William A.	542
1887	Curtis, John H.	555	1834	Taylor, William W.	512
1859 <i>m</i>	Dibble, Frederic L.	562	1894 <i>dp</i>	Thompson, Guy V.	578
1847	Dimock, Samuel R.	528	1877	Thompson, James S.	552
1880 <i>m</i>	Doutteil, Henry	564	1871	Todd, Alwin E.	547
1868 <i>s</i>	Dudley, Henry M.	571	1827	Towne, Joseph H.	507
1846	Dwight, James M. B.	525	1842	Trumbull, J. Hammond	520
1845	Ely, Jonathan S.	523	1894	Tucker, Henry B.	558
1893 <i>s</i>	Evans, Jason	578	1885 <i>s</i>	Turner, Curtiss C.	576
1877 <i>s</i>	Field, Burr K.	573	1852	Vanderburg, Charles E.	534
1840	Foster, Stephen C.	516	1864	VanEtten, Albert H.	544
1885 <i>d</i>	Freeman, George R.	566	1876 <i>l</i>	Ward, John B.	566
1844 <i>l</i>	Gaillard, Richborough	565	1844	Weeks, William J.	522
1851	Gallup, James A.	532	1858	Wells, Gideon	540
1834	Gilmore, James	511	1857	Wells, Manning C.	538
1847	Gray, J. Presley	529	1844	Wetherell, John W.	522
1867 <i>s</i>	Grove, Robert M.	570	1891 <i>d</i>	Weyler, Samuel	568
1864	Hall, Charles H.	543	1886	Winston, Dudley	555
1846	Harris, Israel H.	525	1893	Woodruff, Morris	557
1878 <i>s</i>	Hegeman, George S.	575	1892 <i>s</i>	Woodward, William B.	578
1870	Hesing, Washington	546	1847 <i>m</i>	Worthington, Albert B.	561
1857	Hickox, Volney	538	1867	Wright, George L.	545
1846 <i>m</i>	Hills, Samuel A.	560	1841 <i>m</i>	Yale, John	559
1846	Hopkinson, Benjamin B.	526			



OBITUARY RECORD

OF

GRADUATES OF YALE UNIVERSITY

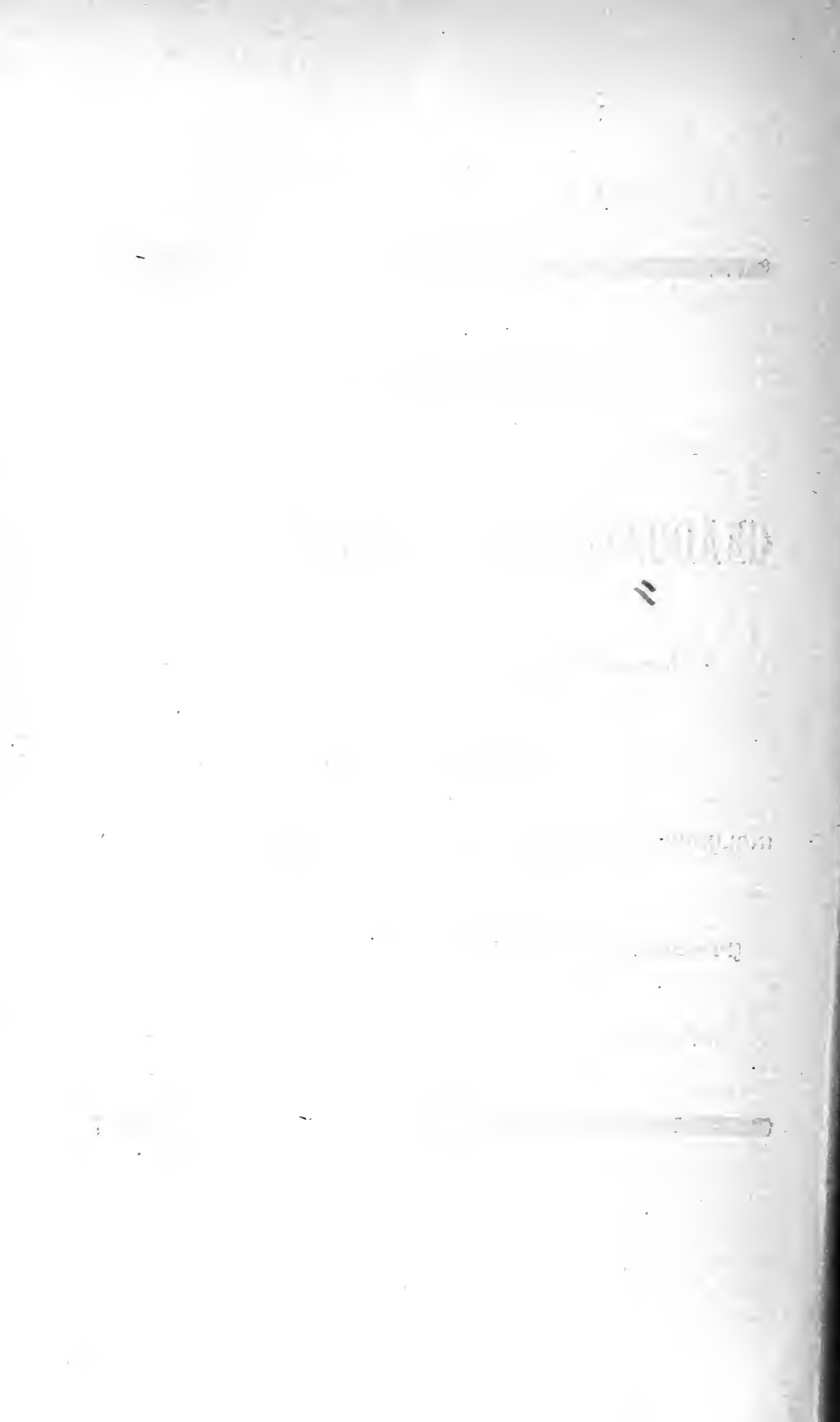
Deceased during the Academical Year ending in

JUNE, 1899,

INCLUDING THE RECORD OF A FEW WHO DIED PREVIOUSLY,
HITHERTO UNREPORTED

[Presented at the meeting of the Alumni, June 27th, 1899]

[No. 9 of the Fourth Printed Series, and No. 58 of the whole Record]



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YALE COLLEGE

(ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT)

1825

STILLMAN KING WIGHTMAN was born in Scituate, R. I., on January 8, 1803, the only son of the Rev. Frederick Wightman, a Baptist minister. His residence while in College was in Middletown, Conn.

After graduation he studied in the Yale Law School, and settled in practice in Middletown. He became prominent in his profession, and held various local offices, such as Judge of Probate. In 1835-37 he was a representative in the State Legislature, serving in his last term as Speaker of the House. In 1839 and 1840 he was elected to the State Senate, and in the latter year served as one of the *ex-officio* members of the College Corporation. In 1842 he was again Speaker of the House, but the next year removed to a broader field in New York. During his legislative career in Connecticut he was influential in securing the passage of two specially important measures—the abolition of imprisonment for debt, and the appropriation of the income of the United States deposit fund for the public schools.

In New York City he continued in active legal practice for over fifty years. He survived all his classmates, and died at his home in New York on May 27, 1899, in his 97th year.

His wife, Clarissa Butler, died on January 28, 1897. A son who survives him was associated with him in practice.

1830

JAMES ARCHER, son of Chief Justice Stevenson Archer (Princeton College 1805), was born near Belair, Harford County, Md., on December 23, 1811, and entered College in the spring of the Sophomore year.

He studied law with his father and began practice in his native county. In 1835 he removed to Mississippi, and in 1837 settled on the large plantation which was his home for the rest of his life, near Stanton, in Jefferson County, about fifteen miles northeast of Natchez. His life was happy and successful down to the time of the civil war. He then opposed the course of his adopted State, but when the struggle began went with the stream. As a result he lost all except his house and land, and was obliged to keep a school as a means of support. He was long an elder in the Presbyterian Church.

He died at his home, Oakwood Plantation, on December 30, 1898, aged 87 years.

He married in 1836 Mary Ann, daughter of David Hunt, of Mississippi, who died in 1884. Their children were six sons and eight daughters—of whom four sons and three daughters grew to maturity.

1831

JAMES HERVEY SANFORD, eldest child of Hervey and Mary (Lyman) Sanford, was born in New Haven on December 17, 1812.

After graduation he taught school in Baltimore, and in 1833 began the study of law in the Yale Law School. In 1835 he began practice in Peoria, Illinois, but returned to the East the next year and became connected with the *Journal of Commerce* of New York City. He continued with that paper until 1857, when he retired in consequence of a difference with his associates on the subject of slavery. Soon after this he bought a controlling interest in the Buffalo (N. Y.) *Courier*, and for five years managed that paper. He then disposed of the property and returned to New York, where he spent the rest of his life, with the exception of extended travels in Europe.

He died from an acute attack of grip, in New York, on December 26, 1898, at the age of 86.

He married, on September 8, 1859, Lucy Sistare, who survives him with their only child, a daughter.

SAMUEL GILES BUCKINGHAM, third son of Deacon Samuel and Joanna. (Matson) Buckingham, of Lebanon, Conn., and a descendant of the Rev. Thomas Buckingham, one of the founders of Yale College, was born in Lebanon on November 18, 1812.

In the three years after graduation he completed the course in the Yale Divinity School, and on May 24, 1837, he was ordained to the pastorate of the 2d Congregational Church in Millbury, Massachusetts, having been married on May 10 to Harriet T., second daughter of the Rev. Dr. Nathaniel W. Taylor, his chief theological instructor.

When the South Congregational Church in Springfield, Mass., was organized in 1842, Mr. Buckingham declined a call to the pastorate, which was afterwards accepted by his brother-in-law, the Rev. Noah Porter ; but when the latter resigned, in 1847, to become a professor at Yale, Mr. Buckingham accepted a renewed call to the South Church, and was installed there on June 16. This eminently successful and happy relation was ended only by his death, though he resigned active duties in March, 1894, after having already had an associate in the pastorate since 1885. After several years of frail health he died at his home in Springfield, rich in the esteem and affection of the entire city and neighborhood, on July 12, 1898, in his 86th year.

He received the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity from Yale College in 1869. His chief literary labor was an admirable life of his elder brother, Governor William A. Buckingham of Connecticut, published in 1894.

His wife died after a long period of ill-health, on October 22, 1863. Their only child, a daughter, survives them.

JONATHAN BALDWIN TURNER, son of Asa and Nabby (Baldwin) Turner, was born in Templeton, Worcester County, Mass., on December 7, 1805. At the age of 15 he had one term of study in the academy in Amherst, Mass., and for the next seven years divided his time between work on his father's farm and teaching.

On graduation he went to Jacksonville, Illinois, as Professor of Rhetoric and Belles Lettres in the newly established Illinois College, but was compelled to resign his office in 1847 by ill health and incessant labor in the conflicts of opinion in which he had become involved respecting slavery, sectarianism, and other burning questions of the day.

His residence continued in Jacksonville, of which he was an honored citizen. His time was largely given to practical improvements in agriculture and horticulture and to the promotion of education. As typical of his labors two of his achievements deserve commemoration:—he introduced a good mode of fencing in the Western prairies by the use of the osage-orange as a hedge; and before 1850 he formulated a plan for the creation of an agricultural and industrial university system, which by his persistent advocacy led finally to the Act of Congress establishing Agricultural and Mechanical Colleges in 1862.

Besides a long service as public lecturer, he also edited a newspaper, preached frequently, and issued a large number of pamphlets which had a wide circulation. In 1842 he published a volume on *Mormonism in All Ages*, directed against that delusion. He was early identified with the Free-Soil party, and afterwards a strong Republican.

He married in the fall of 1835 Rhodolphia, daughter of Rhodolphus Kibbe, of Somers, Conn., by whom he had six sons and one daughter.

His closing years were spent in the family of his daughter, in Jacksonville, where he died, suddenly and peacefully, on January 10, 1899, in his 94th year.

GEORGE INGERSOLL WOOD, second son of the Hon. Joseph Wood (Y. C. 1801) and Fanny Wood, and grandson of Chief Justice Oliver Ellsworth, was born in Stamford, Conn., on May 20, 1814.

After graduation he studied law for two years with his father in Bridgeport, Conn., and then began preparation for the ministry under his pastor, the Rev. Dr. Nathaniel Hewit. Later he spent a few months in the Yale Divinity School, and completed his course in the Union Theological Seminary, New York, where he was enrolled from 1836 to 1838.

He was ordained pastor of the 2d Presbyterian Church in Washington, D. C., on May 18, 1840, having married on the 28th of the preceding month Susan T., second daughter of the Rev. Samuel Merwin (Y. C. 1802), of New Haven. He remained in Washington but a single year, and on November 9, 1841, was installed over the Congregational Church in West Hartford, Conn., but ill health compelled him to take a dismission on June 5, 1844. In December, 1844, he undertook the supply

of the small Congregational Church in North Branford, Conn., where he continued until June 26, 1850, when he assumed the pastorate of the Congregational Church in Ellington, Conn. A serious bronchial trouble compelled his resignation on February 20, 1854. In October, 1855, he was well enough to resume his former work in North Branford, where he remained until his installation, on November 30, 1858, over the 3d Congregational Church in Guilford, Conn. Once more failing health obliged him to resign his charge, on October 2, 1867. He then ventured to try a different climate, and for nearly two years supplied the Congregational Church in St. Cloud, Minn., but in July, 1869, settled for a permanent home in his old parish of Ellington. For a year or two he supplied the vacant pulpit there, but persistent laryngitis interfered with further continuous pastoral labor. In 1891 he removed to Washington, D. C., where he made his home with his daughter, and there he died on January 10, 1899, in his 85th year. His wife survives him with their only daughter, and one of their three sons.

1835

DANIEL LUCIUS ADAMS, younger son of Dr. Daniel Adams (Dartmouth Coll. 1797) and Nancy (Mulliken) Adams, was born in Mount Vernon, N. H., on November 1, 1814, and spent the first two years of his College course in Amherst College.

He studied medicine after graduation, in part with his father and in part at the Medical School of Harvard University, where he received the degree of M.D. in 1838. He then began practice in New York City and there continued for twenty-seven years, for most of the time being closely connected with the New York Dispensary. During these years he took an active interest in athletic sports, and cultivated especially his extreme fondness for music.

He married, on May 7, 1861, Cornelia A., daughter of Edward Cook, of New York, and four years later retired from practice and settled in Ridgefield, Conn., where he could live a healthy out-of-door life and devote his entire attention to the care and education of his children. In 1888 he removed to New Haven, where his sons were graduated, from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1892 and 1893 respectively.

He died in New Haven, after five days' illness, from grip and resultant pneumonia, on January 3, 1899, in his 85th year. His wife with two daughters and two sons survives him.

WILLIAM CHURCH BISSELL, only son of Orris and Melicent (Church) Bissell, from Middlefield, Mass., was born in Aurora, Portage County, Ohio, on June 8, 1810. His father died eight years later, and his education was cared for by a distant relative, the Rev. Samuel Bissell (Y. C. 1823). In 1830 he entered Western Reserve College, but left there at the end of Junior year, and a year later entered the Senior class at Yale.

He spent one year after graduation in the Yale Divinity School, but was obliged on account of a bronchial difficulty to abandon his cherished hope of becoming a preacher. He then returned to Ohio, and devoted his life to teaching, in which he was efficient and successful. He was thus engaged, near Lexington, Kentucky, from 1837 to 1841, for the next ten years in a young ladies' seminary in Ripley, Ohio, and for about seventeen years in eastern Illinois.

He married on October 10, 1837, in Aurora, Ohio, Mary Cannon, who bore him one daughter, who died in infancy, and one son. After her death he married, in Cincinnati, on March 11, 1855, Martha A. Hamlin. He married, thirdly, in Covington, Ind., on September 5, 1861, Mary R. Getchell, who survives him, their only child (as well as the only child of his second marriage) having died early.

In 1875, he removed to Humboldt, in southeastern Nebraska, on account of the health of his son, who however soon died there.

Left childless thus in his old age, he submitted patiently to his lot, and labored still in the time that remained to make men better so far as he had opportunity. He was for many years an elder in the Presbyterian Church, and faithful in Christian example and teaching.

He died peacefully at his home in Humboldt, in full possession of his faculties, while resting in his chair, from paralysis of the heart, on April 11, 1898, in his 88th year.

ABRAHAM HAZEN ROBINSON was born in Concord, N. H., on January 8, 1813, the eleventh in a family of twelve children of Josiah and Lucy (Sanborn) Robinson, and began his preparation for College under his brother, Joseph Robinson (Dartmouth Coll. 1825). He entered the Sophomore Class in 1832, from Phillips Exeter Academy.

After graduation he taught in an academy in Webster, Mass., for nearly a year, and in 1836 began the study of medicine with

Dr. Timothy Haynes, of Concord, with whom he continued for about four years.

Early in 1840 he began practice in Hillsborough, N. H., but about four months later removed to Salisbury, N. H., where he remained for nineteen years in active practice, and gained in a remarkable degree the confidence and esteem of the community. In 1850 he was a delegate to the State Constitutional Convention, and in 1857 and 1858 he represented the town in the Legislature. He was also Postmaster from 1846 to 1856.

In the spring of 1859 he removed to his native city and there continued in general practice until far advanced in years. In 1867 he was chosen President of the New Hampshire Medical Association, and in the same year he received the honorary degree of M.D. from Yale College.

He died in Concord on October 31, 1898, in his 86th year.

He married in 1840 Miss Abby G. Gould, of Hopkinton, N. H., who died on August 26, 1884. Their children were two daughters (who died in infancy) and three sons.

CHARLES SELDEN SHERMAN, the fourth son of Josiah and Hannah (Jones) Sherman, and a great-nephew of the Hon. Roger Sherman, was born in Albany, N. Y., on April 26, 1810. He entered on a business life in his father's store at the age of 14, but after becoming a Christian and adopting the ministry as a profession, he began to prepare for College.

He studied theology at the Andover Seminary (excepting one winter at the Yale Divinity School), and while waiting for appointment as a missionary acted for six months as pastor of the Congregational Church in Pepperell, Mass. He was ordained to the ministry on November 30, 1838, at Woburn, Mass., and on June 11, 1839, he married Martha E., daughter of Cyrus Williams, of New Haven. They left the next month for Jerusalem, where they labored in the employ of the American Board of Foreign Missions until May, 1842, when his health obliged them to return.

After the restoration of his health he preached in Naugatuck, Conn., for a year, and on July 2, 1845, was installed as pastor of the Congregational Church in New Britain, Conn., where his wife died on July 9, 1846. He next married, on July 1, 1847, Esther W., second daughter of Deacon Horace Pitkin, of Manchester, Conn., who died on July 11, 1893.

He was dismissed from New Britain on September 5, 1849, and two months later was settled in Naugatuck, Conn., where he enjoyed a fruitful ministry until his resignation in April, 1869. From September, 1870, to April, 1875, he had charge of the Presbyterian Church in Nassau, Rensselaer County, N. Y. He continued to reside in Nassau until 1883, when he removed to Manchester, Conn., where he died in a happy and tranquil old age, on January 3, 1899, in his 89th year.

His children were two sons and a daughter by the first marriage; also, two sons and a daughter by the second marriage. Two sons died in infancy, and one of the daughters is also deceased.

1836

MOSES HOGE HUNTER, the youngest of nine children of David and Elizabeth (Pendleton) Hunter, was born in Martinsburg, Va., on October 5, 1814. After three years of business life he began his preparation for College at the age of 18, and in May, 1833, entered Hanover College, Indiana. In May, 1834, he was transferred to Princeton College, and the following term to the Junior Class in Yale.

He studied theology in Princeton Seminary for two years, and spent another year in the Yale Divinity School. On June 27, 1840, while in charge of the (New School) Presbyterian Church in Winchester, Va., he was ordained to the ministry. In the autumn of 1841 he finished his engagement in Winchester, and went to Cincinnati, where he lived in the family of a brother-in-law, who was a clergyman of the Episcopal Church, with the result that he was ordained as Deacon in that Church by Bishop McIlvaine at Mount Vernon, O., on August 14, 1842. For the year 1843 he was rector of Christ Church, Indianapolis, Ind., receiving Priest's orders from Bishop Kemper in December. From January, 1844, to August, 1846, he was rector of the Church of the Ascension, Frankfort, Ky., and then took charge of Trinity Church, Monroe, Mich., for one year. He then established a boarding-school for boys on Grosse Isle, Mich., which he maintained until the opening of the civil war. In November, 1861, he became chaplain of the 3d Pennsylvania Cavalry, but was obliged to resign in November, 1863, by physical exhaustion.

When he was again able to undertake work, in the spring of 1866, he settled in Detroit, Mich., where he lived until May, 1875, occupied in private teaching and occasional preaching. He then

removed, on account of his wife's health, to St. Mary's City, Md., and took charge of the church there. In September, 1878, he went to Washington, D. C., and taught in a girls' boarding-school. In December, 1879, he became rector of St. Paul's Church in King George County, Va. In 1881 he settled in La Plata, Charles County, Md., which was his home for most of the time until his death. He died in La Plata on January 9, 1899, in his 85th year.

He married in February, 1843, Catherine, youngest child of Charles Hammond, of Cincinnati, who died in May, 1877. On October 20, 1880, he married Nannie C., daughter of Josias H. Hawkins, of Charles County, Md., who survives him with two sons and two daughters by his first marriage; two sons died before him.

1838

EDWARD STRONG, third son of the Rev. William L. Strong (Y. C. 1802) and Harriet (Deming) Strong, was born in Somers, Conn., on October 25, 1813. He began to teach school at the age of 17, and was thus occupied until January, 1835, when he resolved to enter College and came to New Haven to study with his next older brother (Y. C. 1831), then a tutor at Yale. He joined the class of 1838 at the opening of Sophomore year.

Upon graduation he was appointed Principal of Bacon Academy, Colchester, Conn., where he remained until January, 1840. He then began the study of theology at Union Seminary, New York City, but in the following autumn returned to Yale as tutor. He completed his theological studies here, and in November, 1842, resigned the tutorship to become pastor of the Church Street (afterwards College Street) Congregational Church in New Haven, over which he was ordained on December 14.

After nearly twenty years of devoted service he was compelled by ill health to take a dismissal on July 1, 1862. When sufficiently recovered he accepted a call to the South Congregational Church in Pittsfield, Mass., where he began his labors on January 1, 1865, being installed on March 15. He remained there until December 1, 1871, and on May 2, 1872, was installed over the South Evangelical Church in West Roxbury, Mass. In 1882 an attack of acute bronchitis compelled him to relinquish preaching temporarily, and he took a dismissal from his charge on July 13 of that year. A sojourn of two years in California restored him to health, after which he lived without charge in Boston until 1888, and after that date in Pittsfield.

He died in Pittsfield, after a few days' illness from pneumonia, on December 13, 1898, in his 86th year.

He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Hamilton College in 1864.

He married on March 20, 1843, Margaret S., daughter of Thaddeus Sherman, of New Haven, who died on June 6, 1873. He next married, on September 10, 1874, a cousin of his first wife, Harriet, daughter of Charles Sherman, of Suffield, Conn., and widow of Dr. Clark Wright, of New York City. She survived him, dying on February 2, 1899.

His children, by his first marriage, were one daughter and two sons, all of whom are still living; the younger son was graduated at Yale College in 1876.

1839

GEORGE SHERMAN, fifth son and ninth child of Roger Sherman, Jr. (Y. C. 1787), and Susanna (Staples) Sherman, was born in New Haven on January 27, 1818.

For five years after graduating he was in the employ of a cotton firm in Mobile and New Orleans as an accountant. He then went into the lumber trade at St. Stephens, New Brunswick, where he married on June 22, 1846, Miss Mary J. Milliken, by whom he had five sons and four daughters. From January, 1850, to August, 1853, he spent in Oregon, and after his return removed to Boston, where he was occupied, mainly as a book-keeper, for about twenty years. For the succeeding fifteen years (1873-88), after his wife's death, he resided in New Haven, finding congenial employment for part of that time as Curator of the New Haven Colony Historical Society.

His remaining years were spent with his children, in Cambridge, Mass., and in Columbia Falls, Maine; he died in the latter place on November 12, 1898, in his 81st year. Two sons and one daughter survive him.

1841

HENRY EDWARDS, son of Horace H. and Maria (Golding) Edwards, was born in New Haven, Conn., on December 31, 1821.

After graduation he taught in Virginia, New York, and Kentucky, and in 1845 began in New Haven under the Rev. Dr. Croswell the study of theology, which he afterwards continued in the General Theological Seminary at New York. He was

ordained Deacon in New Haven by Bishop Brownell on September 16, 1847, and had charge for the next year of Christ Church in East Haven. On August 30, 1848, he was advanced to the priesthood in New Haven by Bishop Ives, and was Rector until May, 1850, of St. John's Church, Stockport, N. Y. He was next for a year Rector of St. Paul's, Windham, Conn., and for a year and a half Rector of St. Paul's, Palmer, Mass. After a few months' service, in 1853, as Assistant Minister at St. Barnabas' Chapel, Irvington, N. Y., he removed to Cumberland, Md., where he taught for three years.

On January 1, 1857, he became Rector of St. John's Parish, Hagerstown, Md., retaining this charge for ten years, though a Union man, while a majority of his parishioners sympathized with the confederacy. He held for a short time during the war a commission as U. S. Hospital Chaplain.

His residence continued in Hagerstown after his resignation of the rectorship, and he still maintained a select school there, and served as Chaplain of the College of St. James. He took the rectorship also of St. Mark's Church, at Lappans Cross Roads, about six miles distant, and had charge of three other small churches in the vicinity for part of the time until his retirement from active pastoral duty in June, 1891. He died in Hagerstown, from heart-failure, on February 25, 1899, in his 78th year.

He married, on October 30, 1850, Charlotte M., eldest daughter of Colonel Ichabod B. Crane, U. S. A., who died on January 21, 1897. Two sons and a daughter died in infancy, and two sons (the elder of whom was graduated at Racine College in 1873) and three daughters are still living.

1842

ALEXANDER HUNTINGTON CLAPP, second son and child of Levi and Sarah (Huntington) Clapp, was born in Worthington, Mass., on September 1, 1818. His mother died in his infancy, and his childhood was spent in the family of her eldest brother, Ralph Huntington, of Boston, where he was several years a clerk after leaving school.

After graduation he studied theology for two years in the Yale Divinity School, and finished his course in the Andover Seminary in 1845. He then taught for a year in Middlebury College, Vermont, during a vacancy in the department of Rhetoric and English Literature, but declined an offer of the professorship.

On October 14, 1846, he was ordained pastor of the Centre Congregational Church of Brattleboro, Vt., where he endeared himself greatly to his people ; but in January, 1853, he was obliged by a severe affection of his eyes to suspend preaching, and in consequence resigned his charge on November 15. While under the care of oculists he served as Cashier of the Pacific Mills Corporation in Boston and Lawrence, Mass. When able to resume his profession he accepted a call from the Beneficent (Congregational) Church of Providence, R. I., where he was installed on October 3, 1855. His eminently happy and fruitful ministry there was interrupted in February, 1865, by his acceptance of an appointment as Corresponding Secretary of the American Home Missionary Society, in New York City. He filled this office with distinguished ability until January, 1878, when he resigned and became the Treasurer of the same Society, and Editor of the *Home Missionary*. Impaired health obliged him to retire from this post also in 1894, but he continued for a time to render editorial service in the society. After ten years of acute suffering he died at his home in New York, from Bright's disease, on April 27, 1899, in his 81st year.

The honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity was given him by Iowa College in 1868. From October 1875, to December, 1897, he rendered a valuable service as the regular New York correspondent of *The Congregationalist* newspaper of Boston.

He married, on September 4, 1845, Emily P., daughter of Seth Copeland, of Boston, who survives him. They had no children.

1843

GEORGE CLARK LUCAS was born in the County of Sussex, England, in 1816, and came to this country when 16 years of age. He entered College from Milan, Ohio.

He spent the three years after graduation in the Yale Divinity School, and supplied the pulpit of the Presbyterian Church in Rome, N. Y., during the Winter of 1846-47. In January, 1848, he was ordained and installed as pastor of the 2d Presbyterian Church in Lansingburgh, N. Y., whence he removed in September, 1849, to the Central Presbyterian Church in Newark, N. J. He resigned the pastorate of this church in October, 1854, and during the next month was installed over the Allen Street Presbyterian Church, New York City. Four years later he removed to the 2d Presbyterian Church, Jersey City, N. J., and again in 1863 to

the 1st Presbyterian Church, Woodbridge, N. J., which he served until 1874.

After several years spent abroad he settled in Brooklyn, N. Y., where he died, after a long time of failing health, on August 9, 1898, in his 83d year.

He married, on September 7, 1853, Mary E., daughter of Noah T. Pike, of New York City, who survives him with three daughters and one son.

BURRITT AUGUSTUS SMITH, son of Abraham E. and Emma M. Smith, was born in Oxford, New Haven County, Conn., on August 4, 1820.

After graduation he spent the first year in teaching in New London, Conn., and was then for two years Instructor in Latin and Greek in the new University of Michigan. He then studied for a year in the Yale Divinity School, after which he spent five years in Leicester, Worcester County, Mass., for two years as Associate Principal and for three years as Principal of the Leicester Academy. He married there, on May 7, 1849, Mary G., daughter of the Rev. Samuel W. Colburn (Dartmouth Coll. 1808). He next removed (in 1852) to Fair Haven, Conn., where he established a boarding school for boys; but at the end of two years went to New York City, where he conducted a private day school for boys. His wife died on September 10, 1855, and he next married, on April 16, 1857, Mary T., daughter of Dr. Waldo Hutchings, of New York. (After her death he married a third time.)

He subsequently entered the Congregational ministry, and while supplying the church in Southampton, Mass., was ordained pastor on March 15, 1865. He left this charge in June, 1868, and then spent two years in Illinois, serving first a church in Mendota, and then one in Ottawa. The health of his wife then recalled him to the East, and he supplied the First Church in East Hampton, Conn., for three years from February, 1871. He then resumed teaching, residing in Middletown, Conn., until 1883, when he went to Worcester, Mass., the home of his eldest daughter, the wife of Frederick J. Barnard (Y. C. 1863). He was still able to preach occasionally, but was finally disabled by paralysis and old age. He died in Worcester, on June 16, 1899, in his 79th year.

Two daughters survive him, and also one son (Y. C. 1889).

ROBERT PALMER STANTON, son of the Rev. Randall and Clarissa (Spicer) Stanton, was born on January 20, 1818, in Belchertown, Massachusetts, where his father was then pastor of a Baptist Church. Before he was five years old he was left in destitute circumstances by the death of both parents. He was brought up by relatives in Groton and Preston, Conn., and learned the carpenter's trade; but a new religious experience changed his plan of life, and after preparation at the Monson (Mass.) Academy, he entered Amherst College in 1839. At the beginning of the Junior year he came to Yale.

After graduation he had charge of the Academy in Southington, Conn., for one year, and then became a member of the Yale Divinity School, where he completed the course in 1847. His first permanent place of preaching was Cohoes, N. Y., where he was ordained and installed pastor of the Presbyterian Church on February 9, 1848. Impaired health constrained him to resign this charge on May 10, 1853, when he removed to Derby, Conn., where he was installed over the First Congregational Church on November 2 of the same year. He was dismissed from this pastorate at his own request in January, 1856; and in the same month began preaching in the Congregational Church in the parish of Greenville, in Norwich, Conn., where he was installed in the following June. He was dismissed at his own request on July 22, 1879, but continued to supply vacant pulpits in eastern Connecticut, until constrained by the infirmities of age to lay aside all ministerial work. His services as a preacher and also in pastoral work were very acceptable and profitable, and the churches to which he ministered were prospered under his labors. He was also thoroughly interested in all educational matters, and served as School Visitor in Norwich for thirty-three years.

His residence continued in Norwich, where he died, of pneumonia, after a year or two of greatly enfeebled health, on September 11, 1898, in his 81st year.

He married on January 17, 1848, Harriet, eldest daughter of Dr. Timothy Jones (Yale Coll. 1804), of Southington, Conn., who survives him with their two daughters.

1844

CHARLES HENRY ROGERS, son of Charles Rogers, was born in Pomfret, Windham County, Conn., on February 6, 1818.

After graduation he remained in New Haven for a course of study in the Yale Medical School, and immediately on receiving

his degree there he began practice in West Woodstock, in his native county, where he married, on May 28, 1848, Sarah C., youngest daughter of Dr. Thomas Morse of that town.

In 1856 he removed to Central Village, in Plainfield, in the same State, where the rest of his life was spent in the practice of his profession, with the exception of his service during the civil war (November, 1861, to May, 1863) as Assistant Surgeon of the 11th Connecticut Infantry. At this time he was in charge of the Hospital at Hatteras Inlet, N. C., until obliged to resign by disease, from which he never fully recovered.

After a long illness he died at his home in Central Village, on May 23, 1897, in his 80th year.

HENRY D. SMITH was born in Hartford on December 9, 1820, the son of Asaph and Betsey (Abbey) Smith. His family subsequently removed to North Haven, Conn., and on his becoming a Christian, at the age of 19, he began to prepare for College with a view to entering the ministry.

After graduation he taught a select school in Southington, Conn., for two years, and then taught for a year in North Haven. In 1847 he founded the Meriden Institute, in West Meriden, Conn., which he conducted for three years.

By this time he was persuaded that he was especially fitted neither for the ministry nor for teaching; and he now turned his attention to business, with signal success. In 1850 he introduced the manufacture of carriage hardware by machinery, and revolutionized the entire mode of production of such fittings. He continued through his life at the head of the firm which he then organized in Southington, and was also prominent as a citizen of enlightened public spirit. Early in life he became an aggressive abolitionist and advocate of total abstinence. In 1873 and for several years later he was the Prohibition candidate for governor of the State. He had been since 1890 President of the Board of Trustees of the Connecticut Industrial School for Girls, at Middletown.

He died at his home in Plantsville, in Southington, after two months' illness, on March 28, 1899, in his 79th year.

He married on April 24, 1850, Jennette C., second daughter of Deacon Timothy Higgins, of Southington, by whom he had three sons and three daughters. He married secondly, in 1889, Laura A. Brooks, who survives him with one daughter. His second son was graduated at the Sheffield Scientific School in 1877, and died in 1890.

EDWIN WRIGHT, son of Jesse and Philura (Fuller) Wright, was born in North Coventry, Conn., on March 7, 1821. His home was in Lebanon, Conn., until he entered college.

At graduation he became a teacher in the English High School in Boston, and was also for one year principal of the Medford (Mass.) High School, and for two years Master of the Eliot Grammar School in Boston. A highly successful teacher, he retained through life a warm interest in public school education, and served for many years on the Boston School Committee.

He began his legal studies in the Harvard Law School in 1847, and was admitted to the Suffolk County Bar in 1850, and then commenced practice in Boston, making real estate and wills his specialties. He was twice (in 1857 and 1867) elected to the State Legislature, and in 1861 was appointed by Governor Andrew Judge of the Boston Police Court. He served with distinction in that office until its abolition in 1866, and it is notable that no decision of the Court during his term was ever overruled or abridged.

After leaving the bench he resumed a growing practice and continued to be actively employed until the last week of his life, though increasingly infirm during recent years. Outside his profession, he was a lecturer on medical jurisprudence in Boston University from 1877 to 1879, and was widely and profoundly read on all religious and ethical questions and a frequent lecturer on such themes before literary societies.

He died at his home in Boston on January 21, 1899, in his 78th year.

He married on October 29, 1850, Helen M., eldest daughter of Paul Curtis, of Medford, Mass., who survives him, with two of their three children: a daughter, who is the wife of the Rev. Theodore C. Williams (Harvard Coll. 1876), and a son (Harvard Coll. 1881).

1845

GEORGE CANNING HILL, son of George and Hannah (Dunham) Hill, was born in Norwich, Conn., on February 10, 1825.

For about eight months after graduation he taught a private academy in Norwich, and then studied law with his father. In December, 1846, he married Martha M. Lyon, of Chaplin, Conn., and for the next year was principal of an academy in Lowndesborough, Alabama, where he was also admitted to the bar. He

was then an editor of the Hartford (Conn.) *Courant* for a year. After this he spent six years in Chaplin, his wife's former home, with a view to health, and was mainly employed in literary work, though in the meantime admitted to the bar.

In 1856 he removed to Boston and took charge of the *Daily Ledger*, then just started, which was absorbed, nearly four years later, in the *Boston Herald*. After this he was engaged in general journalistic work until February, 1865, when he took the responsible position of associate editor of the *Boston Post*. He resigned this place on January 1, 1880 (having been for the last two years editor-in-chief), and devoted himself thenceforth to private literary work.

On November 14, 1898, he was fatally attacked with heart disease in the street in Boston, and died a few hours later at the City Hospital, whither he had been carried. His wife died a few years before him. They had no children.

EDWARD OLMSTEAD, second son of Dr. Hawley Olmstead (Y. C. 1816) and Harriet (Smith) Olmstead, was born in Wilton, Conn., on November 22, 1824, and removed to New Haven when his father became Rector of the Hopkins Grammar School in this city in 1839.

After graduation he taught for six months in Essex, Conn., and then spent a year in the Yale Divinity School. He then became assistant to his father in the Hopkins Grammar School, and in the fall of 1849 succeeded him as Rector. On December 30, 1851, he married Marian Hyde of Norwich, Conn., daughter of the late James Nevins Hyde, and sister of the Rev. James T. Hyde (Y. C. 1847). •

After serving for four years and a half as Rector of the Grammar School, his health was broken down, and he removed in the spring of 1855 to his birthplace, where he purchased a small farm and re-opened the Wilton Academy, which his father had established in 1817. He made it an excellent school, and conducted it until his death. Soon after his removal to Wilton he was elected a Deacon in the Congregational Church, and his blameless life became a blessed influence in the place.

He died in Wilton, after four days' illness from pneumonia, on December 2, 1898, aged 74 years.

His wife survives him with four daughters and two sons, three sons and a daughter having died in infancy.

ISAAC LEWIS PEET, the eldest son of Dr. Harvey P. Peet (Y. C. 1822) and Margaret M. (Lewis) Peet, was born on December 4, 1824, in Hartford, Conn., at the American School for the Deaf, with which his father was then connected as instructor and steward. In 1831 his father became Principal of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb in New York City. He entered College with the Class of 1844, but was absent for a year from illness.

On graduation he was appointed an instructor in the N. Y. Institution, of which his father was the head, and while thus engaged, in order to prepare himself the better for his duties, he pursued the regular course in the Union Theological Seminary, completing it in 1849. In 1854 he was elected Vice-Principal of the Institution, and on the retirement of his father in 1867 he succeeded to the office of Principal. In 1872 he received from Columbia College the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws. At the end of 1892, after more than forty-seven years of continuous service, he became Principal Emeritus. He was for many years an elder in the Washington Heights Presbyterian Church.

After a brief illness he died of pneumonia at his home in Fordham Heights, N. Y., on December 27, 1898, having just entered on his 75th year.

He married, on June 27, 1854, Mary, daughter of Alva Toles, of Forestville, N. Y., and a graduate of the N. Y. Institution, who survives him. Their children, three sons and one daughter, also survive him, except the eldest son, who died in infancy.

WILLIAM THOMAS REYNOLDS, son of James and Hetty (Smith) Reynolds, was born in West Haven, Conn., on November 16, 1823.

After graduation he studied theology, for one year at Andover and for two years at Yale. For the next two years, his health not being good, he was principally occupied in farming and teaching in his native place, and he there married, on November 18, 1850, Sarah M., eldest daughter of Dr. Alexis Painter (Y. C. 1815). During the following winter he taught an academy in Adams, Jefferson County, N. Y., and in October, 1851, began preaching to the Congregational Church in Sherman, Chautauqua County, where he was ordained pastor on April 22, 1852. He served his people with enthusiasm and success until October 23, 1854, when considerations of health led him to resign and return to his father's farm, where he remained over a year, preaching occasionally.

In the spring of 1856 he was recalled to Chautauqua County, to take charge of the Congregational Church in Kiantone, where his ministry left a salutary and lasting influence. In 1862, in consequence of his father's death, he returned to West Haven, and in March, 1863, entered on the work which occupied the rest of his life, in connection with the Congregational Church in North Haven, Conn. After serving that parish for six years as stated supply, he was installed as pastor on April 29, 1869, and continued his efficient and successful ministry until his voluntary retirement, in view of the approach of old age, early in 1893. He retained his residence in North Haven, and his public-spirited interest in all that concerned the town and its history, until his death there, from paralysis of the brain, on January 24, 1899, in his 76th year.

His wife died in September, 1898. Their children were four daughters (three of whom died early) and one son (Y. C. 1884).

1846

LEVI WELLS HART, eldest child of Chester and Elva (Wells) Hart, was born in New Britain, Conn., on June 7, 1825.

After leaving College he taught in Wallingford, Conn., for three years, before beginning a three-years' course in the Union Theological Seminary, New York City. He was licensed to preach by the South Presbytery of New York in 1852, and spent one year as a Sunday-school missionary among the Germans of the city. In 1853 he became Rector of the College Grammar School in Brooklyn, N. Y., and in the congenial duties of this position he spent the rest of his life, until the week before his death, when he assumed the place of Professor of Languages in the School of Commerce connected with the Pratt Institute of Brooklyn. In 1887 he removed his residence from Brooklyn to Ramsey, N. J., where he died from pneumonia, after a brief illness, on February 22, 1899, in his 74th year.

He married on December 27, 1854, Georgiana M., eldest daughter of William B. North, of New Britain, who survives him. Their children were two daughters and two sons.

1847

FREDERICK WILLIAM MACKAY HOLLIDAY, son of Dr. R. J. McKim and Mary C. (Taylor) Holliday, was born in Winchester, Va., on February 22, 1828, and entered College at the opening of Junior year.

After graduation he studied law, philosophy, and political economy in the University of Virginia, and was admitted to the bar and began practice in Winchester in 1850.

When the Civil War broke out he took command of a newly formed infantry company, and rose to the rank of Colonel of the 33d Virginia regiment, in Stonewall Jackson's brigade. At the battle of Cedar Run, in August, 1862, he lost his right arm, and being thus unfitted for the field he was elected to the Confederate Congress, in which he served from February, 1864, to the collapse of the rebellion.

He then resumed his profession and became the leader of the bar in his section of the State. He was a Democratic Elector-at-large in the Presidential election of 1876, and in November, 1877, was elected Governor of Virginia. His administration was pure and honest, and after his retirement to private life he gradually withdrew from active employment, spending his time largely in foreign travel.

In March, 1896, he was stricken with paralysis, from which he only partially recovered. He died at his residence in Winchester on May 29, 1899, in his 72d year.

He married in January, 1868, Miss Hannah T. McCormick, of Clarke County, who died in December, 1868. In October, 1871, he married Miss Carrie C. Stuart, of King George County, who died in October, 1872. By each marriage he had one child, but neither survived.

He left his fine miscellaneous library to the University of Virginia.

WILLIAM EVES MOORE, son of Jacob Moore, M.D. (Univ. Pa. 1819) and Sarah S. (Faris) Moore, was born in Strasburg, Lancaster County, Pa. on April 1, 1823. His parents soon returned, however, to their ancestral home in Delaware, where the father died in 1829. His College residence was in Cecil County, Maryland.

After graduation he studied theology with the Rev. Lyman H. Atwater, while teaching in the Academy in Fairfield, Conn., and on October 31, 1850, he was ordained and installed over the 1st Presbyterian Church in West Chester, Pa. A pastorate of twenty-one and a half years there was closed in April, 1872, by his acceptance of a call from the 2d Presbyterian Church of Columbus, Ohio, where he was installed on October 30. After

another equally prolonged period of service, he resigned this charge in April, 1894, and was made Pastor Emeritus.

He was always identified with educational interests, serving while in West Chester as President of the City School Board and as President of the Board of the Normal School. He was from 1873 a Trustee of Marietta College, and from 1879 a Trustee of Lane Theological Seminary. The honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred on him by Marietta College in 1873, and that of Doctor of Laws by Lake Forest University in 1891.

Dr. Moore served as Permanent Clerk of the Presbyterian General Assembly from 1884 until his death, and was Moderator of the Assembly of 1890. He was widely known for his exact acquaintance with all matters of Presbyterian church government, and as the author of the digest of the Acts of the New School General Assembly of 1861, and of those of the re-united Church of 1873, 1886, and 1897. During the Civil War he was active in the Christian Commission, and served in the field during the Gettysburg campaign as a 2d Lieutenant.

He attended the sessions of the General Assembly at Minneapolis in May, 1899, but came home suffering from a cold, which developed into acute bronchitis, which caused his death, at Columbus, on June 5, in his 77th year.

He married on September 19, 1850, Harriet F., only daughter of the Rev. George Foot, of Newark, Del., under whose instruction he had prepared for College. She survives him, and of their ten children six sons are still living, all in active, professional life—three of them graduates of Yale College, and three graduates of Marietta. Three sons and a daughter died in infancy.

1849

GEORGE DOUGLAS, the youngest child of Jonathan H. and Harriet A. (Sheldon) Douglas, was born in Waterford, Saratoga County, N. Y., on October 10, 1829, and spent the first two years of his College course in the University of the City of New York.

After graduation he studied law in New York City and Ballston, N. Y., and was admitted to the bar in May, 1851. After sixteen months' travel in Europe and the East, he began practice in New York City in November, 1853, and was thus engaged until his death, from pneumonia, at his residence in New York, on May 11, 1899, in his 70th year. He served for three months in 1862

in the 22d Regiment N. Y. State National Guard at Baltimore and Harper's Ferry.

He married, on October 26, 1854, Martha H., daughter of William Montague, of Hartford, Conn., who survives him with one daughter and two sons; their eldest son died in infancy.

ALFRED LORING SKINNER, son of Loring and Hannah (Darling) Skinner, was born in Bucksport, Maine, on November 22, 1824.

After graduation he studied for the ministry in the Bangor Theological Seminary, and in September, 1852, began to preach in Frankfort, nearly opposite his native place, on the Penobscot River. Four months later he resumed study in the Andover Seminary, but returned to Frankfort at the close of the Seminary year, and was ordained there on January 27, 1854. In the fall of 1855 he was installed over the Congregational Church in Rockport, Maine, but was obliged by enfeebled health to retire from all professional labor in the spring of 1857.

He next found employment in the U. S. Engineer offices at Fort Knox, near Bucksport, and at Portland, until December, 1859, and after that preached occasionally. In the fall of 1860 he returned to Bucksport for a permanent residence, and from July, 1861, to April, 1887, he served as Postmaster of the town. In the summer of 1887 he resumed preaching in the Congregational Church in South Gardiner, Maine, and was invited to the pastorate, but was prevented from accepting by ill health. In November, 1887, he was made one of the trustees of a new Library in Bucksport, and was subsequently appointed Superintendent and Librarian, which office he filled until his retirement in December, 1890. His chief occupation in later years was in connection with the trusteeship of several estates.

He died at his home in Bucksport, from apoplexy, on March 25, 1899, in his 75th year.

He married on June 5, 1856, Ruth A., daughter of Elisha Chick, of Frankfort, who died on May 22, 1884. Their children were one son, now a clergyman, and one daughter.

BENJAMIN TALBOT, only surviving child of Benjamin and Nancy (Watrous) Talbot, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., on May 22, 1827. He lost his father in his early childhood, and was brought up in the family of an aunt in Colchester, Conn., entering College in May of the Freshman year.

He remained in New Haven for four years after graduation,—for one year as a graduate student and for the rest of the time as a member of the Divinity School. From November, 1853, to August, 1854, he taught in place of the absent Principal of the Williston Seminary, in Easthampton, Mass., and then entered on the occupation of his life as a teacher of the deaf and dumb. Until 1863 he was connected with the Ohio Institution for the Deaf and Dumb, at Columbus, and then became Superintendent of the Iowa Institution, in Iowa City (removed to Council Bluffs in 1870).

After a trying experience there, which reflected in no way on his integrity or his ability as a teacher, he was superseded at the beginning of the year 1878, but remained in Council Bluffs for nearly two years, being for one year Principal of the High School. In September, 1880, he returned to the Ohio Institution as head teacher, and remained there until his death. He had been ordained to the Congregational ministry on September 6, 1864, and often served as pulpit supply.

His system had been enfeebled for some years by the inroads of *angina pectoris*, and when attacked with the grip he sank rapidly, and died suddenly at his home in Columbus on January 16, 1899, in his 72d year.

He married on July 5, 1859, Hattie E., youngest daughter of Dr. Ezra Bliss, of West Jefferson, Ohio, by whom he had four daughters and two sons. Mrs. Talbot was seriously ill at the time of her husband's death, and survived him only two days. Their sons and two daughters are still living.

1850

ROBERT HETT CHAPMAN, eldest child of William S. Chapman (Univ. of N. C. 1823) and Coziah A. (Beck) Chapman, and grandson of the Rev. Dr. Robert H. Chapman (Princeton Coll. 1789), President of the University of North Carolina, was born in Greensboro, Ala., on February 7, 1828, and entered Yale in the third term of the Freshman year.

During the first year after graduation he taught in Livingston, and during the next year in Tuscaloosa, both in Alabama. He then returned to Talladega in the same State, where most of his boyhood had been spent, and read law in the office of Chilton & Morgan (the latter being the present United States Senator).

He was admitted to the bar at Talladega in 1854 and began

practice there, and was also for three or four years soon after this employed as editor of the Talladega *Watchtower*. He then went to Camden, in Wilcox County, and formed a law partnership with the Hon. Frank Beck, which was interrupted by the outbreak of the Civil War. He was in the Confederate army (23d Alabama Infantry) throughout the war, attaining the rank of Captain.

He then resumed his law practice in Camden, but found the new régime so distasteful that he left Alabama in December, 1867, for California. He settled at first upon a ranch, but with such indifferent success that after three years he resumed his profession in Los Angeles, and continued to be thus occupied until his very sudden death, which occurred at his brother's residence, near San Gabriel, on February 4, 1899, at the age of 71 years. He was never married.

EDWIN HALL, eldest child of the Rev. Dr. Edwin Hall (Middlebury Coll. 1826) and Fanny (Hollister) Hall, was born in Middlebury, Vt., on August 1, 1829. During his infancy his father was settled over the Congregational Church in Norwalk, Conn., where he remained until 1854.

He taught in North Granville, N. Y., and Norwalk, Conn., until September, 1851, when he entered the Theological Institute of Connecticut, at East Windsor Hill, where he finished the course in 1854. He then took charge of the South Congregational Church in New Hartford, Conn., in the present village of Nepaug, where he was ordained pastor on December 13. He remained there until April 13, 1869, when he accepted a call to the Presbyterian Church in Youngstown, Niagara County, N. Y., where he was installed on July 14. After his dismissal from this charge, in May, 1873, he served for a year as acting pastor of the Congregational Church in Falls Village, South Canaan, Conn., and then for two years held a similar position in Rosendale, Wisc. For one year from February, 1877, he was acting pastor of the Kanawha Presbyterian Church of Charleston, W. Va. In April, 1879, he took charge of the Presbyterian Church in Rock Stream, Yates County, N. Y., whence he went six or seven years later to the church in Canoga, Seneca County. His last service as pastor was in Conewango, Cattaraugus County, and in 1893, being in feeble health, he retired to Auburn, N. Y., which was his home until his death. He died in Auburn, of diabetes, on June 23, 1898, in his 69th year.

He married, on October 13, 1869, Henrietta, daughter of Edmund Watson, of New Hartford, Conn., who survives him without children.

FREDERICK BEECHER PERKINS, the eldest child of Thomas C. Perkins (Y. C. 1818) and Mary F. (Beecher) Perkins, was born in Hartford, Conn., on September 27, 1828. He left college in the fall of 1848, but was admitted to a degree and enrolled in his former class in 1860.

He began the study of law in his father's office in 1848, and after some interruptions was admitted to the bar in 1851. The next year he pursued a course of study in the State Normal School, and then taught for a few months in Greenwich, Conn. He returned again to Hartford, to assist the Hon. Henry Barnard in his editorial and office work, and in the fall of 1854 went to New York City, where he was employed on the *Tribune* and in miscellaneous literary work until the spring of 1857. On May 21, 1857, he married Mary A., daughter of Henry Westcott, of Providence, R. I. He then settled in Hartford, was appointed Librarian of the Connecticut Historical Society, and associated himself again with Mr. Barnard as an editor of the *Journal of Education*.

From 1870 to 1873 he assisted his brother-in-law, the Rev. Edward Everett Hale, in the editorship of the magazine *Old and New*, in Boston, and in the summer of 1874 he became Office Secretary in the Boston Public Library. He subsequently held the place of Register and Assistant Librarian, and Special Cataloguer, remaining in the library until the end of 1879. He was next for eight years librarian of the Free Public Library in San Francisco, Cal., and remained in that city for a few years longer engaged in editorial work.

He died in Morristown, N. J., from a lingering paralysis which had for some time removed him from active life, on January 27, 1899, in his 71st year. His wife died shortly before he left California, and he next married in May, 1894, Frances B., daughter of Samuel C. Johnson, of Guilford, Conn., and widow of the Rev. James C. Beecher (Dartmouth Coll. 1848).

His children were two sons and two daughters, of whom one son and one daughter survive him.

He was a brilliant and original writer of fiction and essays, but circumstances prevented his doing himself full justice in these

lines. He also made some notable contributions to bibliography, such as his *The Best Reading* (1873), which reached a fourth edition in 1877, and his Check List for American Local History (1876).

1851

WILLIAM KIRTLAND DOUGLAS, second child and only surviving son of John and Anne (Carter) Douglas, was born on May 29, 1829, in New Haven, Conn.

After graduation he began the study of law while teaching in New Haven, but soon determined to devote his life to the ministry of the Episcopal Church, and pursued his studies while doing missionary work among the mill operators at Thompsonville, in Enfield, Conn. He was ordained deacon by Bishop Brownell on May 22, 1853, at Hartford, and in December became rector of St. John's Church, at Warehouse Point, in the town of East Windsor, Conn. On July 23, 1854, he was advanced to the priesthood by Bishop Williams, at Warehouse Point. Late in 1855 his health broke down, and he removed to Waterproof, in Tensas Parish, La., where he organized a church. Driven thence by fever and floods, he became rector of the Church of the Epiphany in New Iberia, La., in May, 1858. Late in 1860 he accepted the presidency of Jefferson College, near Natchez, Mississippi, with the pastoral care of the congregation worshipping in the College chapel, and here he remained until the fall of Vicksburg broke up all exercises. Before the act of secession, his sympathies had been wholly with the Union, but the course of events now left him no choice as to his duty. After a short time the State government appointed him as its agent to provide for soldiers' families within the Federal lines.

At the close of the war he resumed pastoral duties; and also held for a year the appointment of Superintendent of Schools in Natchez. Prostrated in health he then took charge of Raymond Seminary, in the central part of the state, but a year later was able to devote himself to needed church mission work.

In 1871 he organized at Dry Grove, in Hinds County, a training school for candidates for the ministry. This useful work was sadly interrupted in 1878 by a devastating outbreak of yellow fever; and in consequence Dr. Douglas (the degree of S.T.D. having been conferred on him in 1875 by Columbia College) accepted in 1880 the rectorship of Calvary Church, New Orleans, where he remained until 1886. For the rest of his life he was rector

of Grace Church, St. Francisville, La. He had been since 1870 one of the examining chaplains of his bishop, first in Mississippi and then in Louisiana; and also held the office of archdeacon of Baton Rouge.

He died in St. Francisville on December 19, 1898, in his 70th year.

He married on October 20, 1857, Miss Sarah L. Tucker, of Natchez, who died of yellow fever in 1878. Their children were two sons and five daughters, all of whom are living except the youngest daughter, who died in infancy.

[JOHN] WALKER FEARN was born on January 13, 1832, in Huntsville, Ala. He was the only child of his father, a distinguished physician of Mobile, his mother being a daughter of the Hon. John W. Walker (Princeton 1806), the first United States Senator from Alabama. His uncle, General Leroy Pope Walker, was Confederate Secretary of War in 1861-62. He entered college at the opening of the Sophomore year.

He studied law in Mobile with the Hon. John A. Campbell, afterwards Justice of the U. S. Supreme Court, and was admitted to the bar on the day that he attained his majority. In the same year (1853) he went to Brussels as Secretary of the U. S. Legation, and on his return home filled a similar appointment in Mexico from July, 1856, to March, 1859. He then traveled extensively in Europe, and in 1861 was a member of a commission appointed by the Provisional Government of the seceding States to induce the peaceful intervention of foreign powers. On his return he was appointed on Gen. Joseph B. Johnston's staff, but early in 1863 was sent on another diplomatic mission abroad. Later he had another period of service in the field with the rank of Adjutant General.

In November, 1865, he married in New York a daughter of James Hewitt, of Louisville, Ky., and in 1867 he settled permanently in New Orleans, devoting himself to the practice of admiralty law. When the Tulane University of Louisiana went into operation in 1884, he accepted the chair of Spanish and Italian, but his appointment as U. S. Minister to Greece, Roumania and Serbia, in April, 1885, removed him permanently from an academic life. On President Harrison's election in 1887 a new Minister succeeded him, and he then established an international law firm with offices in London and New York. This

position he left in 1891 to assume the duties of chief of the Department of Foreign Affairs of the World's Fair in Chicago. After the close of the exhibition he was appointed in February, 1894, by President Cleveland, as one of the American representatives on the court of first instance of the International Tribunal of Egypt.

He returned to America in ill health some months before his death, which occurred at Hot Springs, Arkansas, on April 7, 1899, in his 68th year. His wife survives him with one daughter.

GEORGE WASHINGTON MEAD, third son and fifth child of Alfred and Polly (Brundage) Mead, was born in South Salem, now Lewisboro, Westchester County, N. Y., on February 12, 1827.

He was graduated from the Yale Law School in 1853, was admitted to the New York Bar in February, 1854, and practiced for nearly ten years in New York City in partnership with his classmate Taft.

He then withdrew from the legal profession and for the next eight years was largely occupied with the organization and direction of the New York, Housatonic and Northern Railroad Company, of which he was president until his retirement in 1872. From that time forth he devoted himself, with all his wonted energy, mainly to the development of real estate in Brooklyn, N. Y.

He died at his home in Brooklyn, very suddenly, on February 13, 1899, at the age of 72 years.

He married in 1858 Sarah F., only daughter of John J. Studwell, of Brooklyn, who survives him with six daughters and five sons,—the eldest son having died in infancy. One son was graduated at Yale in 1897, and one daughter married Dr. Herbert A. Smith (Y. C. 1889).

WILLIAM [WOOLSEY] WINTHROP, youngest son of Francis B. Winthrop (Y. C. 1804) and Elizabeth (Woolsey) Winthrop, was born in New Haven on August 3, 1831.

He studied law in the Yale Law School, receiving the degree of LL.B. in 1853, and supplementing his course by another year in the Harvard Law School. In 1855 he entered on practice in Boston, in partnership with the Hon. William J. Hubbard, and in 1860 removed to New York City and formed a partnership with his classmate Little.

In April, 1861, he enlisted in the 7th Regiment, N. Y. Militia, and served through the war, attaining the rank of Colonel. In February, 1867, he was transferred to the regular army as Major and Judge Advocate, and in July 1884, was promoted to be Deputy Judge-Advocate General with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel. His final promotion to the position of Assistant Judge-Advocate General, with the grade of Colonel, was in January, 1895. From 1882 to 1886 he was Judge-Advocate of the Division of the Pacific, and from 1886 to 1890 Professor of Law at West Point. In his later years he was on duty in the War Department at Washington, until his retirement in August, 1895.

He died suddenly, from an acute attack of heart-disease, while at Atlantic City, N. J., during the night of April 8, 1899, in his 68th year.

He published in 1886 a work in two volumes on Military Law, which has become a standard authority. He also prepared the Digest of Opinions of the Judge-Advocates General of the U. S. Army; and was in his later years a contributor to literary and scientific periodicals.

The honorary degree of Doctor of Laws was conferred on him by Georgetown University in 1896.

He married, in 1877, Miss Alice Worthington, who survives him.

1852

ALEXANDER COGLE MCKISSACK, son of William McKissack, was born in Roxboro, Person County, N. C., on April 20, 1831, but resided while in College in Maury County, Tennessee.

He studied law at Springhill, in Maury County, for a year after graduation, and was then engaged in cotton and wool manufacturing in Pulaski, Tenn., where he married Eliza J. Aykroyd on August 10, 1854. In 1855 he removed to a cotton plantation of 800 acres, near Holly Springs, in Northern Mississippi. His life there was interrupted by the war, in which he served for four years,—for most of the time as Captain in the 4th Mississippi Confederate Cavalry.

After this he returned to his plantation, and spent the rest of his life there in retirement.

He died at the residence of a sister, near Memphis, Tenn., on September 27, 1898, in his 68th year. His only child, a daughter, died early.

1853

ISAAC HILL BROMLEY, son of Isaac and Mary (Hill) Bromley was born on March 6, 1833, in Norwich, Conn. His College course was interrupted in November of the Sophomore year, but he received a degree and was enrolled with his Class in 1868.

He studied law in Norwich and New Haven, and was admitted to the bar in 1854. In 1855 he edited a weekly newspaper, *The State Guard*, in Norwich, where he married, on December 25, Miss Adelaide E. Roath. In January, 1856, he formed a law partnership with Lucius G. Peck, of New Haven, but was soon diverted from the practice of his chosen profession, and never returned to it. He was made Assistant Clerk of the State House of Representatives in 1856, Clerk of the same House in 1857, and Clerk of the Senate in 1858. In November, 1858, he removed to Norwich and began the publication of a new daily paper, *The Bulletin*. In August, 1862, he enlisted in the 18th Conn. Volunteers and was commissioned as Captain. He served for most of the time as Provost Marshal of the Third District of Connecticut, until his resignation in March, 1864. In 1866 he was elected to the Legislature from Norwich.

In 1868 he removed to Hartford and took editorial charge of the *Evening Post*, with which he continued until 1872. In February, 1873, he joined the editorial staff of the *New York Tribune*, and remained with that paper for ten years. In the meantime (in June, 1882) he was appointed by President Arthur as one of the Government Directors of the Union Pacific Railroad. After a series of brief editorial engagements with the *Commercial Advertiser* and the *Evening Telegram* of New York, and the *Rochester Post-Express*, he became (in 1884) Assistant to the President of the Union Pacific Railroad, and held that office until 1889. In October, 1891, he resumed editorial work in the *New York Tribune*, and continued in active service until a few months before his death. In April, 1898, after several years of poor health, he became seriously ill, and in June was removed to the Backus Hospital in his native city, where he died, from neuritis, on August 11, in his 66th year. His wife survives him with their only child (Y. C. 1881).

A trenchant writer, gifted with a style of unusual brilliancy and unique in its quality of wit, he ranked easily among the leaders of his profession in his generation and was as warmly beloved as he was admired.

WILLIAM LAMSON HINMAN, son of Chief Justice Joel and Maria (Scovill) Hinman, was born in Waterbury, Conn., on March 12, 1833. During his College course the family lived in New Haven.

For a year after graduation he was in the Yale Law School and then went to Cheshire, Conn., where he continued his law studies and also turned his attention to agriculture. He was admitted to the bar in 1855, but from lack of ambition and extreme modesty made no exertion for employment. He served as town clerk for a number of years, was a member of the State House of Representatives in 1860, and Judge of Probate for the Cheshire district in 1863-4.

He died suddenly, from pneumonia, after years of impaired health, while on a visit to a sister in Hartford, Conn., on April 16, 1899, in his 67th year. He was never married.

1854

LEWIS WHITMARSH FORD, son of Cyrus and Clarissa (Whitmarsh) Ford, was born in Cummington, Hampshire County, Mass., on December 12, 1830. His family removed to Ohio in 1838, and in 1841 settled in Cleveland. He entered Western Reserve College in 1850, and came to Yale at the opening of the Junior year.

During the year after graduation he studied law in the office of the Hon. Hiram Griswold, of Cleveland, and for the next year in the Harvard Law School. On January 1, 1857, he began practice in Cleveland, but in the following summer accepted the offer of a tutorship at Yale, which he held for two years. In October, 1859, he resumed practice in Cleveland and became prominent in the profession by his sterling integrity and sound judgment. He was for many years in partnership with the late Judge C. C. Baldwin, and during later life gave part of his time to real-estate and investment business.

He died at his home in Cleveland, after about a week's illness, on January 27, 1899, in his 69th year.

He married, on November 21, 1860, Anna E., daughter of Sereno Fenn, of Tallmadge, Ohio, who survives him with two daughters and two sons, their eldest daughter having died in childhood. The elder son was graduated at Adelbert College in 1887.

AUGUSTUS STEBBINS HITCHCOCK, son of Deacon Augustus and Amelia J. (Hulburt) Hitchcock, was born in Great Barrington, Mass., on March 23, 1827. After an education in the common schools he worked with his father at the trade of a cabinet-maker until he attained his majority.

After graduation he taught school for four years, during most of the time in Berkshire, Tioga County, N. Y. In 1859 he entered the law office of Pierrepont, Stanley & Langdell, in New York City, and was admitted to the bar in Brooklyn, N. Y., in December, 1861. He married on August 23, 1861, Sophia S., daughter of Asa Lyon, of East Woodstock, Conn., where he had formerly taught school.

In February, 1863, he was appointed Superintendent of Freedmen on Port Royal Island, S. C., and held that position until the spring of 1864, when government supervision was withdrawn. He then engaged in raising cotton there, until the unfavorable seasons of 1867-8 led him to abandon that enterprise and resume the practice of his profession in Beaufort. In February, 1868, while the district was under General Canby's administration, he was appointed Provost Judge of Beaufort County and held that office until reconstruction was accomplished in July, 1869. For eight years longer he continued in the practice of law, and then on account of imperfect health retired to a quiet life on his plantation.

In 1889 he returned to the North, and settled on a small farm in Plainville, Conn., where he died on January 9, 1899, in his 72d year.

His wife survives him with one son and one daughter,—four daughters having died in early life.

ELIZUR HITCHCOCK, third son of Lucius W. and Eleanor (Wolcott) Hitchcock, was born in Tallmadge, Ohio, on August 15, 1832, and spent the first two years of his College course in Western Reserve College.

He taught for four years after graduation, and then began the study of medicine in the University of Michigan, finishing his course and receiving the degree of M.D. in 1860, at the Medical Department of Western Reserve College, in Cleveland, O. He began practice in Ohio, but had not settled permanently when he entered the Union Army, as Assistant Surgeon of the 7th Ohio Volunteers, in November, 1862. He was discharged from service in the following June, and then settled in West Williamsfield, Ashta-

bula County, O., where he practiced until 1870, when he went to New York and spent five or six months in further study in Bellevue Hospital Medical College.

In April, 1871, he settled in Akron, O., and remained there until his death, which occurred on May 21, 1899, in his 67th year.

He married, in November, 1861, Harriet, daughter of Daniel Reed, of Mecca, O., who died on May 20, 1864. He next married, on November 30, 1864, Lucretia, daughter of Morris Kellogg, who survives him with her two sons and a daughter by his first wife.

GEORGE ROGERS HOWELL, the eldest child of Captain Charles and Mary (Rogers) Howell, was born in Southampton, L. I., on June 15, 1833, and entered College at the beginning of the Sophomore year.

After graduation he taught for most of the time until 1861, when he entered Princeton Theological Seminary, where he finished the prescribed course in May, 1864. He supplied the pulpit of the Presbyterian Church in Moscow, Livingston County, N. Y., for a year and a half, and then, being invited to deliver the address at the celebration of the 225th anniversary of the settlement of his native town, he returned thither and in connection with the interest aroused by this event was led to prepare a volume on the *Early History of Southampton, with Genealogies*, which was issued in 1866, and again in a much enlarged edition in 1887.

In the spring of 1869 he became the principal of a boys' school in Mt. Morris, Livingston County, N. Y., and early in 1872 he was engaged, on consideration of his linguistic attainments, as Assistant Librarian in the New York State Library at Albany. He continued in the Library until his death, his special department after April, 1889, being the care of the archives and manuscripts. In the meanwhile he found time for further literary and historical study and contributed largely to periodicals and learned societies, besides publishing a few independent volumes. In recognition of his attainments the honorary degree of Master of Arts was given him by Yale in 1885.

He died of pneumonia at his home in Albany, on April 5, 1899, aged nearly 66 years.

He married on August 18, 1868, Mary C., daughter of Norman Seymour, of Mt. Morris, N. Y., who survives him. Their only child died in 1891 while a Junior in Harvard College.

JAMES THOMAS MATTHEWS, son of John and Lydia (Day) Matthews, was born in Boston, on March 14, 1830, and entered College from Charlestown, Mass.

After graduation he taught in a private family in Trevorton, Pa., for a year and a half, and then for a few months in Orange, N. J. In September, 1856, he entered the Union Theological Seminary in New York, where he finished the course in 1859. He then preached for a year in the First Presbyterian Church in Port Jervis, N. Y., being ordained by presbytery on November 28, 1859. From 1860 to 1864 he supplied the 1st Congregational Church in Kenosha, Wisc., and on December 20, 1864, was called to the 8th Presbyterian Church in Chicago, Ill., where he remained until forced by ill health to resign in the fall of 1868. He did not again venture to undertake the burden of a pastoral charge, but preached occasionally. In 1869 he was occupied with the establishment of *The Interior*, a Presbyterian newspaper in Chicago, and in later years mainly in travel and miscellaneous literary work.

He was found on the morning of July 20, 1898, at his home in Evanston, a suburb of Chicago, having apparently passed without consciousness from sleep into death.

He married, on December 6, 1860, Mary F., daughter of Samuel Hale, of Kenosha, Wisc., who survives him with their two children, a son and a daughter: the son was graduated at Yale College in 1886.

1855

GEORGE ARBA DICKERMAN, the youngest child of Arba and Cynthia (Brockett) Dickerman, was born in Hamden, Conn., on July 30, 1830.

After graduation he took the full course of study for three years in the Union Theological Seminary, New York, and then returned to Connecticut. He was connected for a time with the Yale Divinity School as resident licentiate, and served various churches for brief periods,—as the church in North Canaan for a year from May 1, 1860.

About 1870 he removed to Chicago, Ill., and engaged in various forms of business as his health allowed. He was from 1875 to 1885 employed in the U. S. Internal Revenue office, and later as agent for a publication company, and in real-estate business.

He died in Chicago on January 5, 1899, in his 69th year. He was never married.

PLINY FISK WARNER, son of Deacon Milo and Lucina K. (Sykes) Warner, was born in the present township of Java, Wyoming County, N. Y., on December 20, 1830. An older brother was graduated here in 1850.

He taught in Brooklyn, N. Y., during the year after graduation, and then spent two years in the Yale Divinity School, finishing his theological course in Andover Seminary in 1859. In November, 1859, he began preaching to the 1st Congregational Church of Stonington, Conn., where he was ordained and installed on October 31, 1860. He was dismissed from this charge on March 31, 1863, and married on the 27th of the next month Jane B., third daughter of Gilbert Denison, of Norwich, Conn.

In May, 1864, he became acting pastor of the Congregational Church in Clinton, Wisconsin. In 1866 he removed to the Congregational Church in Como, Illinois, and to Aledo, in the same State, in 1869; thence in 1872 to the Congregational Church in Newaygo, Mich., and in August, 1874, to the church in Fort Scott, Kansas. In 1878 he returned to Aledo, and in October, 1881, settled in Havana, Illinois, as editor of the *Mason County Republican* newspaper. In November, 1892, he retired from this position, and about four years later removed to Peoria, Ill., where his closing years were spent. He continued in vigorous health (his eyesight only being impaired), and was able to preach frequently and to assist in other forms of Christian service, until his sudden death, from cholera morbus, in Peoria, on July 8, 1898, in his 68th year. His wife survives him without children.

1856

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN BARKER was born in Berkshire, Tioga County, N. Y., on May 10, 1829, and entered College at the beginning of the Junior year from Cazenovia Seminary.

In the year 1856-7 he was the principal of the academy in Onondaga Valley, N. Y., after which he studied theology. In 1859 he began his life work as a preacher in the Methodist Episcopal Church at Georgetown, Madison County, N. Y., and for the next twenty-four years he filled a succession of pastorates in the Oneida and Oswego Conferences in that vicinity; during part of the time he was Presiding Elder in his district.

In 1883 he retired to a farm in East Onondaga, N. Y., where he died on October 25, 1898, in his 70th year.

He married on June 4, 1863, Eliza M. Kinne, of DeWitt, N. Y., who survives him with their three sons and one daughter.

1857

MYRON NEWTON CHAMBERLIN, son of Abel Chamberlin, was born in New Haven, Conn., on September 6, 1836.

After graduation he taught school in New York and Connecticut, and from September, 1862, to July, 1863, served in the army as a member of the 27th Connecticut Volunteers, and then studied in the Yale Medical School.

His entire professional life was spent in Cheshire, Conn., where he was prominently connected with all public matters and greatly respected.

He died there very suddenly, from a stroke of apoplexy, on January 11, 1899, in his 63d year.

He married on January 15, 1867, Julia A., only daughter of Dr. Jeremiah T. Denison (Y. C. 1824), of Fairfield, Conn., who died on May 4, 1873. He next married, on December 1, 1875, Caroline A. Beers, of Cheshire, who survives him with his only child, a daughter by his first wife.

LOUIS EMILE PROFILET was born in Natchez, Miss., on October 13, 1834.

In November, 1857, he began the study of medicine, and was connected with the Charity Hospital in New Orleans as a resident student for two years from April, 1859. After this he practiced his profession in Natchez until May, 1862, when he entered the Confederate service as Assistant Surgeon. Two months later he was appointed Surgeon, and had charge of various hospitals until the end of the war, when he resumed his practice in Natchez, where he died on December 13, 1898, in his 65th year.

He married on April 30, 1867, Miss Lizzie F. Sims, of Woodville, Miss., who died one month after him. One daughter and four sons are still living—two sons and two daughters having died before him.

1858

GEORGE MAYER FRANKLIN, son of the Hon. Thomas E. Franklin (Y. C. 1828) and Serena (Mayer) Franklin, was born in Lancaster, Pa., on June 9, 1839.

He studied law in his father's office from 1858 until his admission to the bar in August, 1861. One year later his law practice was suspended for service in the war, as Captain in the 122d Regiment, Pennsylvania Infantry. After participation in the

most exciting campaigns of that period, his regiment was discharged in May, 1863, but he was immediately appointed Captain and Assistant Adjutant General on General Franklin's staff, and continued in active service until his resignation in October, 1864.

He then resumed for a short time his law practice, and on April 24, 1866, married Sarah M., daughter of George M. Steinman, of Lancaster. From this time he was engaged in active business: as a member of the hardware firm of George M. Steinman & Co.; in connection with the Juniata Sand Company; and in other lines of manufacturing, mining, and farming.

He died at his home in Lancaster, on May 15, 1899, aged nearly 60 years. He had just recovered from an attack of pneumonia, which left him in a weakened condition which his heart, for some time weak, could not stand. He passed away quietly during sleep.

His wife survives him with their children, four sons. The eldest son was graduated from Lehigh University in 1888 as a Mechanical Engineer; the second and third sons are graduates of Yale College, in 1892 and 1895 respectively, and the youngest son is a member of the Class of 1900.

1860

HENRY EUGENE HAWLEY, youngest son of Irad and Sarah (Holmes) Hawley, was born in New York City on June 24, 1838.

He spent the first year after graduation in mercantile business in Nassau and Havana, and returning to New York, married on February 12, 1862, Elizabeth J., eldest child of William S. Lockwood, of Norwalk, Conn. In the following summer he went to Europe, and in December, 1864, settled to a business life in New York City. For a long time he was engaged in the tea importing and jobbing business, and more recently was at the head of the Standard Asphalt Company.

He died in New York after a brief illness on February 10, 1899, in his 61st year.

His children were four daughters, the eldest of whom died in infancy.

WILLIAM McALPIN, son of Andrew and Margaret (Merrie) McAlpin, was born in Cincinnati, O., on January 20, 1839.

On graduation he returned to Cincinnati and engaged in business in connection with the firm of McAlpin, Hinman & Co., cabinet and general hardware dealers. He became a member

of the firm in 1863, but retired in 1867, after a period of ill-health resulting from too close confinement. As his strength allowed he gave himself generously in subsequent years to public and philanthropic interests, and came to be regarded as one of the foremost citizens of Cincinnati by his activity in good works.

He had served the First Presbyterian Church since 1864 in various offices, such as Trustee, Deacon, Elder, and Superintendent of the Sunday School. From 1874 he gave much of his time to the work of the City Young Men's Christian Association, and filled the office of President from 1879 to his resignation in 1895. He was one of the first to become interested in the establishment of the Cincinnati College of Music, and was President of that institution at the time of his death. He was also a Trustee of the University of Cincinnati from 1892.

On the death of his brother in 1890 he took up an active business life again, as Secretary of the George McAlpin Company, a large dry-goods firm, but was obliged by the state of his health to lay down his work in 1897.

After several months of feebleness he died suddenly, from pulmonary hemorrhage, on June 2, 1899, in his 61st year.

He married Mary, daughter of the Hon. George W. C. Johnston, of Cincinnati, who survives him with two sons and two daughters.

EDWARD DE COST MCKAY, son of Ferdinand and Angelina McKay, was born in Warsaw, Wyoming County, N. Y., on January 1, 1836.

From graduation until May, 1866, he was engaged in the wholesale boot and shoe business in Hudson, N. Y. He then went to New York City, and by his boundless energy achieved a striking success as agent of the N. Y. Life Insurance Company. He retired from business about 1880, and after a course of study in Columbia College received the degree of LL.B. in 1882 and that of Ph.B. in 1883.

He died at a sanitarium in Southern Pines, N. C., from heart disease, of long standing, on January 31, 1899, in his 64th year.

He married on January 15, 1861, Susan E. White, of Worcester, Mass. One son and one daughter survive him.

OTHNIEL CHARLES MARSH, eldest son of Caleb and Mary G. (Peabody) Marsh, both natives of Danvers, Mass., was born in Lockport, N. Y., on October 29, 1831. His early advantages

were limited, but in 1851 his uncle, Mr. George Peabody, of London, offered him a higher education and he began his preparation at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass. Before he entered Yale his scientific bent was already manifest, and he had even begun in a modest way his career as an explorer and discoverer.

For two years after graduation he pursued the study of natural science in New Haven, and then spent three years in close study in Germany. In the meantime he had contributed several papers to the *American Journal of Science*, and as early as 1863 his ability had been recognized by his election as a Fellow of the Geological Society of London.

On his return from abroad he was elected, in July, 1866, Professor of Palaeontology in Yale College. Three months later his uncle, Mr. Peabody, gave to the College a foundation, on terms suggested by Professor Marsh, for a Museum of Natural History. Professor Marsh was appointed Curator of the Geological Collections of the College in 1867, and under his superintendence the first wing of the Museum was completed in 1876.

Beginning in 1870 he led a series of explorations to the West, which accumulated a vast store of vertebrate fossils, to the description of which the remainder of his life was mainly devoted. In 1882 he was appointed vertebrate Palaeontologist of the U. S. Geological Survey, and held this office with his professorship until his death. In January, 1898, he presented his valuable collections to the Museum, and by his will left to the University the main part of his estate.

He was elected a member of the National Academy in 1874, and was the President of that body from 1883 to 1895. He received the honor of membership in numerous learned societies, at home and abroad, and the honorary degree of Ph.D. from Heidelberg in 1886 and that of LL.D. from Harvard in the same year. The Bigsby medal of the Geological Society of London was awarded him in 1877, and the Cuvier prize of the Institut de France (of which he was a Corresponding Member) in 1897. His publications, in the form of contributions to scientific journals and separate monographs, are voluminous and of the highest importance.

His health had been impaired since the fall of 1897, and a cold which he contracted early in March, 1899, passed into pneumonia, from which he died at his residence in New Haven, on March 18, in his 68th year. He was never married.

EDWARD GAY MASON, son of Roswell B. and Harriet L. (Hopkins) Mason, was born in Bridgeport, Conn., on August 23, 1839. His family removed to Chicago, Ill., in 1851.

After graduation he studied law in Chicago with H. G. Miller, and was admitted to the bar in 1863. Endowed with superior mental gifts and a peculiar personal charm, he won easily a distinguished rank in his profession, but by preference devoted himself mainly to office practice, and in his later years, in partnership with his brother (Y. C. 1870), gave most of his attention to real-estate business.

He was also a controlling spirit in all that concerned the higher intellectual life of the city, and rendered especially valuable service to the community as President of the Chicago Historical Society from November, 1887, to his death. He was elected by the Alumni as one of the Fellows of the Yale Corporation in 1891, and re-elected without opposition in 1897. Knox College, Illinois, gave him the honorary degree of LL.D. in 1895.

He died in Chicago, suddenly, from Bright's disease, on December 18, 1898, in his 60th year.

He married on December 25, 1867, Julia M., daughter of Charles Starkweather, of Chicago, who survives him with their children, ten sons and three daughters. The eldest son was graduated in 1889, three others have since finished the College course, and three were undergraduates at the time of his death.

1862

XYRIS TURNER BATES, elder son of Joseph Bates, M.D. (Castleton Med. Coll. 1832), and Eunice M. (Turner) Bates, was born in Lebanon Springs, Columbia County, N. Y., on August 11, 1839, and first entered College in 1857, spending half of Freshman year with the Class of 1861.

After graduation he taught in the Rectory School in Hamden, Conn., until he began the course in the Albany Medical College, where he received the degree of M.D. in the fall of 1867. He then settled in his native town and was engaged in active practice there until 1890. After his father's death, in 1879, he succeeded him as editor of the *Journal of Materia Medica*. In 1890, finding his health unequal to so laborious a life, he removed to Poughkeepsie, N. Y., and confined himself chiefly to office work.

In 1894 he closed his office, and after that, excepting for consultation, devoted most of his time to writing.

He died in Poughkeepsie, on January 2, 1899, in his 60th year.

He married, on September 16, 1875, Emily A. Warren, of Bangall, in the town of Stamford, Dutchess County, N. Y., who survives him with their only child, a daughter.

JOHN WESLEY JOHNSON was born near Kansas City, Missouri, on March 22, 1836. In 1850 he migrated with his parents to Oregon, and settled near Corvallis, in Benton County. He began to teach at the age of 18, and had attended the Pacific University, at Forest Grove, for part of two years before entering Yale.

After graduation he returned to Corvallis and taught for a few months in an institution which has since developed into the State Agricultural College. His health being poor, he spent the most of the year 1863 in the placer diggings in Northern Idaho, and in January, 1864, took charge of the McMinnville (Oregon) Baptist College, in which he had taught before going to Yale. He resigned this position in the summer of 1868, to become Principal of one of the Grammar Schools in Portland, Oregon. After two terms, a High School was organized and placed in his charge. In this institution he spent over seven years, during which time his health was seriously impaired.

In 1876 he accepted the presidency of the University of Oregon, located in Eugene, and held that position until 1893, when he resigned and took the chair of Latin in the same institution. In the spring of 1898 he was obliged by the state of his health to suspend his work, and failing to improve he tendered his resignation in August. He died at his residence in Eugene on the 14th of September, in his 63d year.

He married, on July 3, 1865, Helen E., daughter of the Hon. W. L. Adams, of Astoria, Oregon, by whom he had four sons and two daughters.

OLIVER FERDINAND TREADWELL, elder son of Oliver W. Treadwell (Univ. N. C. 1826) and Anna H. (Kramer) Treadwell, and great-grandson of Governor John Treadwell (Y. C. 1767), was born in Baltimore, Md., on June 25, 1841, and entered college from Rockville, Md.

After graduation he taught in Franklin, N. Y., and pursued medical studies partly at home and partly in New Haven, receiv-

ing his medical degree here in January, 1865. His father had meantime removed to Hamden, Conn., and in the spring of 1866 he settled in the western part of New Haven in the practice of his profession. Near the close of 1868 family reasons recalled him to Hamden, where he continued until his death,—in the earlier part of the time not entirely ceasing from professional work, but principally occupied in gardening for the city markets.

He married on July 10, 1872, Sarah J. Barraclough, of Glenham, in Fishkill, N. Y., who survives him. He had no children.

He died at his residence in Hamden, on August 22, 1898, in his 58th year.

1863

SAMUEL AMOS YORK, son of Daniel and Esther J. York, was born in North Stonington, Conn., on May 25, 1839.

He studied law after graduation, receiving the degree of LL.B. at the Albany (N. Y.) Law School in 1864, and in November of that year he began practice in Kalamazoo, Mich. On November 1, 1865, he married Helen E., daughter of Minott A. Osborn, of New Haven, and in March, 1867, by his father-in-law's desire, he removed to this city, where he was occupied for some time as associate-editor of the *Daily Register*, of which Mr. Osborn was the proprietor.

In 1873 he was clerk of the State House of Representatives, and in 1874 clerk of the Senate. After this he returned to the practice of his profession, and in July, 1876, became Judge of Probate in the New Haven District, and was five times re-elected—leaving the office finally in 1884. In December, 1886, he was chosen Mayor of the City by the Democratic party, and served for two years.

He died very suddenly at his home in New Haven, from a hemorrhage of the stomach, on November 5, 1898, in his 60th year.

His wife survives him with their four children; the elder of the two sons was graduated at Yale College in 1890.

1864

ARTHUR PHINNEY, son of James and Cynthia (Mosher) Phinney, was born on March 28, 1837, in Gorham, Me., and spent the Freshman year in Dartmouth College.

From graduation until August, 1865, he was employed in statistical work for the U. S. Sanitary Commission, and was then

for two years principal of the Academy in Chester, Orange County, N. Y. From the fall of 1867 to the spring of 1870 he was Principal of the High School in Sandusky, O. He then studied law in Sandusky and in the Michigan Law School, and in December, 1872, was admitted to the bar.

From that date until the failure of his health in 1898 he practiced his profession with success in Sandusky.

He married on July 15, 1868, Miss Sarah E. Bell, of Sandusky, who died on January 7, 1898. After her death his own health gave way, and he died at his home in Sandusky, on May 21, 1899, in his 63d year. His three children, all daughters, survive him.

JOHN ALMER WILLIAMSON, son of James and Phoebe A. Williamson, was born in New London, Huron County, Ohio, on September 25, 1842, and spent the first three years of his course in Oberlin College.

After graduation he studied law in the Albany Law School, where he received the degree of LL.B. in 1865. He then engaged in practice for short periods in other localities, but settled early in Norwalk, in his native county, where the rest of his useful life was spent. He served for two terms (1877-81) in the State House of Representatives, during the latter term being elected speaker. Besides the practice of his profession, he was President of the Huron County Banking Company of Norwalk, and was otherwise largely interested in banking enterprises.

He died at his home in Norwalk, on April 19, 1899, in his 57th year.

He married, on January 19, 1869, in Camden, O., Celestia M. Tennant, who died on November 5, 1880. He next married, on June 22, 1882, in Norwalk, O., Mrs. Sarah Manahan, who survives him. He had no children.

1866

JAMES BRAND, son of James and Janet (Boyes) Brand, was born at Three Rivers, Quebec, on February 26, 1834. He learned the carpenter's trade and worked at that occupation until 1858, when he determined to have a College education and entered Phillips Academy, Andover, being then a resident of Saco, Maine. At the end of his Freshman year he enlisted in the 27th Connec-

ticut Volunteers, and after a year's service returned to the next class in College. He received a gold medal for special bravery in the battle of Gettysburg.

After graduation he studied Theology at Andover for three years, and on October 6, 1869, was ordained as pastor of the Maple Street (Congregational) Church in Danvers, Mass. He was dismissed from this charge to accept a call to the First (Congregational) Church in Oberlin, Ohio, as successor to President C. G. Finney, where he was installed on November 13, 1873. His faithful service there, during which he had admitted to the church more than one thousand persons on profession of faith, was ended by his sudden death, at his home, from apoplexy, on April 11, 1899, in his 66th year.

The honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity was given him by Iowa College in 1883. He was conservative in his theological views, a preacher of singular power and moral earnestness, and a tireless worker in behalf of all good causes. He published a volume of *Sermons from a College Pulpit*, in 1883, and another entitled *The Beasts of Ephesus*, in 1892, an outgrowth of the war against the liquor saloon.

He married on November 30, 1871, Juliet H., daughter of the Rev. Daniel Tenney, who survives him with their two sons and four daughters.

1867

JOHN JAY DUBOIS, fourth son of Henry A. DuBois, M.D., LL.D., and Catharine H. (Jay) DuBois, was born in Newton Falls, Ohio, on June 6, 1846. The family removed to New Haven, Conn., in 1854.

After graduation he entered the Columbia College Law School, where he received the degree of LL.B. in May, 1869. For some years he resided at home, and traveled extensively, but in 1876 he opened a law office in New York City. In the latter part of 1877 he was overtaken by severe illness, which put an end to any attempts at continuous employment. Much of his time was spent abroad, and since the family home in New Haven was broken up he had made New York his headquarters.

He died in Lakewood, N. J., November 11, 1898, in his 53d year. He was never married.

JAMES ALEXANDER MOORE, son of William Moore, was born in Fredericksted, Santa Cruz, Danish West Indies, on April 29, 1846.

After graduation he returned to his birthplace, and was engaged in business there until 1879. He then came to New York City, for the study of medicine, and received the degree of M.D. at the Bellevue Hospital Medical College in 1883. He practiced his profession in New York until the state of his health drove him to Colorado about 1890.

He died in Helena, Montana, on November 29, 1898, in his 53d year.

JOHN WILLIAM SHOWALTER, son of Benoni Showalter, was born in Minerva, Mason County, Ky., on February 8, 1844, and entered College in the first term of Junior year.

After graduation he read law at his home, and in Chicago, Ill., where he was admitted to the bar in 1870. He practiced law successfully in that city until February, 1895, when he was appointed by President Cleveland as Judge of the United States Circuit Court. As a Judge he was able, patient, painstaking, studious, and impartial.

He died after a brief illness from pneumonia, in Chicago, on December 10, 1898, in his 55th year. He was never married.

1872

HOWARD SAXSTONE CLAPP, sixth child of Caleb and Sarah M. (Saxton) Clapp, was born in Hartford, Conn., on April 28, 1851.

After graduation he studied for a year in the Hartford Theological Seminary, and after two further years of study in the Berkeley Divinity School in Middletown, Conn., he was ordained by Bishop Williams as Deacon in the Protestant Episcopal Church at Middletown on May 26, 1875. He then took charge of Trinity Church, Wethersfield, Conn., and was advanced to the priesthood there by Bishop Williams on June 1, 1876. In May, 1883, he became Rector of St. Paul's Church, Norwalk, Conn., where he remained until 1889. He then spent a year in foreign travel, after which he took charge of St. Matthew's Church in St. Anthony's Park, Minn. In February, 1892, he was elected Associate Rector of Christ Church, St. Paul, Minn., but a few months later removed to Philadelphia, Pa., where he ministered in the Church of the Advent until 1896. His residence remained in Philadelphia until his death, which occurred during a visit to his mother's house, in Hartford, on October 16, 1898, in his 48th year.

He married, on January 30, 1883, Lucy B., youngest daughter of the Hon. William H. Barnum, of Lime Rock, Salisbury, Conn., who survives him.

1874

WILLIAM FOSTER, son of Daniel and Waite A. Foster, was born in Warren, R. I., on June 10, 1854, but entered College as a resident of Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands.

After graduation he studied in the Yale Law School, where he received the degree of LL.B. in 1876. In September of that year he settled in San Francisco, where he practiced his profession until December, 1881, at first in the office of Milton Andross, and later in that of Charles Page (Y. C. 1868).

He then returned to Honolulu, where he was occupied as Treasurer of the Inter-Island Steam Navigation Company until July, 1883. He was then appointed Clerk of the Supreme Court of the Islands, and filled that office until the close of 1888, when he assumed the position of Judge of the District and Police Court of Honolulu. When the royal government, of which he was a pronounced adherent, was overthrown, in 1894, he removed to San Francisco. He found employment there in his profession and in editorial work for the law-publishing firm styled the Bancroft-Whitney Company.

He had married, on August 4, 1885, Mary Winter, of Galesburg, Ill., and her death about ten years later caused a deep shock from which he never recovered. He died in St. Luke's Hospital, San Francisco, from a stroke of paralysis, on November 27, 1898, in his 45th year.

1875

JAMES HOPKINS CARRINGTON, son of James H. and Anna F. (Seagrave) Carrington, was born in Fordham, N. Y., on June 21, 1853, and entered College from New York City.

He followed a business life in New York for about twelve years after graduation, and subsequently was employed by the Central Vermont Railroad for a short time. He then settled in Ogdensburg, N. Y., where he died on April 24, 1897, in his 44th year.

He married Miss Christabel Ballance, at Kemptville, Canada, on October 31, 1894.

LEWIS FULLER REID, eldest child of the Rev. Dr. Lewis H. Reid (Y. C. 1847) and Maria L. (Fuller) Reid, was born in Fayetteville, N. Y., where his father was then pastor of the Presbyterian Church, on November 16, 1853. In 1861 the Rev. Dr.

Reid took charge of a church in Syracuse, N. Y., whence he went in 1868 to Chicago.

For three years after graduation the son taught the classics in a school in Cornwall-on-the-Hudson, N. Y. On July 2, 1878, he married Miss Charlotte Crosby, of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., and for the next two years taught in that city. He then joined his father in the establishment of a private preparatory school which was successfully maintained in Lakeville, in the township of Salisbury, Conn., until 1888. He took on examination the degree of M.A. at Yale in 1886, and that of Ph.D. at the University of Syracuse in 1891.

In 1888 he removed to Hartford and opened the Collins Street Classical School, which was conducted with distinguished success for some nine years. After his school closed Dr. Reid gave some assistance in the English department of Trinity College, and was invited to give some lectures in English at Yale in November, 1898, but before the date of his first lecture had arrived he was stricken with apoplexy, on November 9, and died at his home in Hartford three days later, at the age of 45.

His wife survives him with their children, one son and one daughter.

1878

CHARLES PARSONS, JR., son of Charles and Sara J. (Shepley) Parsons, was born in Savannah, Ga., on January 18, 1858. His home through his boyhood was in New York City.

After graduation he read law in the Columbia Law School and in the office of the Hon. D. H. Chamberlain. But before completing his law studies he became interested in various financial enterprises, and eventually devoted himself to railroad business. He was thus at various times connected with the Midland Railroad of New Jersey, the New York & New England Railroad, the Utica & Black River Railroad, and the Oswego & Rome Railroad. He had also been for years before his death vice-president of the Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg Railroad, and of the South Carolina & Georgia Railroad.

He died at his home in New York, from heart-failure, on January 12, 1899, at the age of 41.

He married, on June 27, 1883, Miss Frances Louise Humphrey, of Hartford, Conn., who died on August 10, 1896. Their three children survive them.

GEORGE TROWBRIDGE, the youngest child of Amos H. and Julia (Atwater) Trowbridge, of New York City, was born in New Haven, Conn., the original home of his parents, on July 11, 1855.

In 1879 he entered the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York, and received the degree of M.D. in 1881. He practiced his profession in New York until the summer of 1884, when he retired to devote himself to the cultivation of his scientific and literary tastes. He received the degree of M.A. from Yale in 1882.

He married in 1881 Theodora, daughter of Abraham D. Polhemus, of Brooklyn, N. Y., who survives him with their two daughters.

He died suddenly, from paralysis of the heart, at his residence in New York, on September 10, 1898, in his 44th year.

1880

SIMON CHARLES METZGER, son of Charles J. and Clara (Rosenthal) Metzger, was born in New Haven, Connecticut, on February 1, 1857. While still an undergraduate he showed great ability as a performer on the piano and the violin, and was successful beyond any previous experience here in organizing and training an orchestra of students.

On graduation he expected to study medicine, but was diverted from this purpose by an advantageous offer from the B. Shoninger Co. to take charge (as a partner in the firm) of a branch store in Hartford, Conn., for the sale of musical instruments. Under his management the business was successful from the start, and after two years' experience he formed a new partnership, which continued until his death, with John M. Gallup, who purchased the interest of his former partners.

He married on December 25, 1882, Alice, daughter of Joseph Schwab, of Hartford, who survives him with their two children.

Early in July, 1898, his family went to Watch Hill, R. I., for the summer, and he joined them there on August 27, in good health except for a recent cold. A few days later he was seized with acute pneumonia, from which he died, at Watch Hill, on September 5, in his 42d year.

WIRT DEXTER WALKER, son of James M. Walker (Univ. Mich. 1846) and Eliza M. Walker, was born in Chicago, Ill., on September 1, 1860, and was named for his father's law partner.

His father died in the January after his graduation, and he studied law in Mr. Dexter's office and was admitted to practice in 1883. By his father's death large real-estate interests devolved upon him, and his professional business was wholly limited to office work.

A few years since he was attacked with atrophy, and gradually became blind, so that he was obliged to retire from all business, though still able to enjoy travel.

In April, 1899, he left Chicago with his wife for a brief visit to his summer residence in Pittsfield, Mass., and contracted a cold on the journey. On Monday, April 24, he proceeded to New York, with the intention of sailing for Europe later in the week. He died at his hotel very suddenly on the evening after his arrival, from a sharp attack of pneumonia, in his 39th year.

He married on December 5, 1894, Miss Marie Winston, of Chicago. They had no children.

1881

HENRY PIERSON JOHNES, the only son of Goldsmith D. and Mary G. (Beers) Johnes, was born in Newburgh, N. Y., on March 26, 1860.

He studied law at the Columbia College Law School, graduating in 1883, and from that time was engaged in practice in New York City, in an office by himself since 1891.

He took a severe cold while playing in the rain at a golf tournament on November 18, 1888; pneumonia set in, and he died at his rooms in New York on November 28, in his 39th year. He was unmarried.

1883

CHARLES HALSEY, son of John R. Halsey, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., on August 21, 1861, and was fitted for College at the Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute.

He studied law in the Columbia College Law School, and was admitted to the New York bar on receiving his degree in 1885. He then entered on the practice of his profession in New York City, and was especially devoted to real-estate law, holding for some ten years before his death a responsible position with the Title Guarantee and Trust Company. He was also interested in politics, and in 1896 was a candidate for the State Assembly on the Democratic ticket.

In the winter of 1897-98 he was obliged by the state of his health to give up his business, and he spent the ensuing spring and summer in Lower California. He removed to Arizona in the fall, and died at Tucson on November 28, in his 38th year. He was unmarried.

1884

SAMUEL ALBERT BOOTH, the second child and eldest son of the Rev. Albert Booth (Y. C. 1850) and Louisa (Tristram) Booth, was born in Litchfield, Conn., on February 3, 1860.

After graduation he taught for two years in the Shattuck School, at Faribault, Minn., in the meantime studying law, and in June, 1886, was admitted to the bar and settled in Minneapolis. He was successively associated in practice with Colonel George C. Ripley (Y. C. 1862), with George P. Douglas (Y. C. 1889), and for the last year and a half of his life with his brother (and classmate) Wilbur F. Booth. Before the last-named change his health had begun to fail; and he died, from cancer, in Minneapolis, on December 3, 1898, in his 39th year. He was unmarried.

In College he was prominent, especially in athletic sports, and universally liked; and in his brief professional life in Minneapolis he won the high regard of a wide circle of friends.

CHARLES ANSEL WATROUS, younger son of the Hon. George H. Watrous (Y. C. 1853) and Harriet J. (Dutton) Watrous, was born in New Haven, Conn., on December 5, 1863.

After studying for a year in the Yale Law School he spent nearly two years in Colorado, and was for a time on the staff of the *Denver Republican*. In 1887 he returned to the East to accept a position on the city staff of the New York *Evening Sun*. Later he became the financial editor of the same paper. In 1892 a severe attack of typhoid fever obliged him to give up active work, and he lived abroad for nearly two years. On returning to New York he spent a short time in investigating and advising investments, and in October, 1895, he entered the firm of Charles Fairchild & Co., organized for general banking and brokerage business, for which he was by ability and disposition peculiarly fitted. He was already markedly successful, and had won for himself the warm affection of a large circle of friends, when he was taken ill with appendicitis. He died in New York after a week's illness, on January 20, 1899, in his 36th year. He was not married.

1885

JOHN HULETT ARNOT, son of the Hon. John Arnot, who was for a time a member of the Class of 1854, Yale College, and A. E. (Hulett) Arnot, was born in Elmira, N. Y., on July 7, 1860.

On graduation he entered the Chemung Canal Bank, in Elmira, of which his father was the President. He continued in this employment, and held the position of Cashier at the time of his death, in Elmira, from consumption, on May 25, 1899, in his 39th year.

1887

RODMOND VERNON BEACH, the youngest child of John S. Beach (Y. C. 1839), a distinguished lawyer of New Haven, and Rebecca Gibbons Beach, was born in this city on May 18, 1865.

He was graduated from the Yale Law School in June, 1889, and engaged to some extent in practice. He had also an ardent love for military life, and in June, 1891, enlisted in the New Haven Grays. On the outbreak of the war with Spain he was appointed Second Lieutenant in the 1st U. S. Engineers, and was soon after commissioned as First Lieutenant. His regiment was in camp at Peekskill, N. Y., until it left for Porto Rico on August 9. He died at Ponce on September 29, from typhoid fever, in his 34th year. He was unmarried.

His body was brought home for burial.

HARRY LAWTON MAY, only child of Joel H. and Mary B. (Holland) May, was born in North Brookfield, Mass., on December 26, 1862, and was prepared for College at Cushing Academy, South Ashburnham.

He was connected with the Springfield (Mass.) *Union* for some two years after graduation, and later was employed on other newspapers, especially the Boston *Daily Advertiser*, for which he wrote editorially on financial matters from 1894 to 1898. His work was repeatedly interrupted by ill health, resulting in great depression of spirits. While mentally unbalanced from this cause he took his own life, at Ashburnham, Mass., on October 23, 1898, before he had completed his 36th year.

He married in April, 1890, Miss Mabel W. Tenney, of Ashburnham, who survives him with their children, two sons and one daughter.

1888

WILLIS GAYLORD COSAD, son of David and Sarah E. (Clark) Cosad, was born in Phelps, Ontario County, N. Y., on August 25, 1863, and died in the same town on June 10, 1898, in his 35th year.

He was prepared for College in Norwich, Conn., where he had relatives, and after graduation he returned thither for the study of law in the office of the Hon. Jeremiah Halsey.

In June, 1890, he was admitted to the Connecticut bar, and the next fall went to New York City, where he studied as clerk in a law office for another year to qualify himself for admission to the bar of that State. He subsequently became a member of the firm of Kemper & Cosad, which gave special attention to corporation and real-estate business, but met with indifferent success and became discouraged and fell into habits which undermined his health. He was never married.

1889

BURR REEVE ABBE, eldest son of Burr R. Abbe, M.D. (Yale 1854), and Julia A. (Jones) Abbe, of Hartford, Conn., was born in Enfield, Conn., on August 19, 1868, and was prepared for College in the Hartford High School.

He was employed for three years after graduation in his father's business of stock-brokerage in Hartford, and then entered on the study of medicine in the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York, where he was graduated in June, 1895. Soon after this date symptoms of Bright's disease developed, and he went to California for relief. In the summer of 1897, he returned in improved health, and began preparations for going to China as a medical missionary. He left home with this purpose late in May, but while spending a few weeks with friends in California, Bright's disease returned in an acute form, and he died at Long Branch, on August 11, at the age of 30.

1891

JOSEPH POTTS LLOYD, Junior, son of Joseph P. Lloyd, was born in Orange, N. J., on April 16, 1869.

After graduation he entered the office of the banking firm in New York with which his father was associated, and in March, 1896, was admitted to the Stock Exchange, as member for Lloyd & Company.

He had previously suffered severely from appendicitis, and died from the effects of an operation, in the Post-Graduate Hospital of New York, on October 23, 1898, in his 30th year.

He married on October 12, 1896, Miss Edith W. Jones, of East Orange, who survives him. He leaves no children.

1892

HENRY MARTINDALE KIDD, son of Lieutenant William Kidd, and grandson of Major-General John H. Martindale, was born in Rochester, N. Y., on November 12, 1871. His youth was mainly spent in Albany, N. Y., and he entered college from St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H.

After graduation he studied law in Albany, in part in the office of Charles J. Buchanan, and was graduated from the Albany Law School in 1894. After his admission to the bar (in May, 1894) he entered a law office in Buffalo, N. Y., and in 1895 began practice by himself. In the Spring of 1896 he relinquished his profession, and in July went to Europe to study for the operatic stage, having a bass voice of unusual strength, compass, and flexibility. After nearly two years' study in London and Paris, he came home for seven weeks' vacation, and on July 2, 1898, sailed from New York to resume his studies in Paris. The steamship *La Bourgogne*, in which he took passage, collided on the morning of July 4, off Sable Island, Nova Scotia, with a British sailing vessel, and Mr. Kidd was one of the large number of passengers who perished.

1893

ROBERT STORER TRACY, son of J. Evarts Tracy (LL.B. Yale 1857) and Martha (Greene) Tracy, was born in New York City on October 6, 1871.

After graduation he studied medicine at the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York and received the degree of M.D. in June, 1896. As the result of a competitive examination he served on the staff of the New York Hospital from January, 1897, to July, 1898, and later occupied a similar position in the Sloane Maternity Hospital for six months. In January, 1899, he went to Dr. Trudeau's Sanitarium at Saranac Lake, N. Y., to recuperate from threatened pulmonary disease. He had experienced benefit from the treatment, and on the evening of April 12, he dined at the hotel in Saranac Village, and left to return to the Sanitarium

about midnight. On his way, deceived by a turn in the road, he walked into the ice-covered bay and was drowned, but although search was made immediately his body was not recovered until four weeks later. He was unmarried.

1894

ELLSWORTH DAGGETT WHITING, son of Edward P. Whiting (Oberlin Coll. 1859) and Urania E. (Coe) Whiting, was born in Bellevue, Iowa, on July 21, 1869. His father, a Congregational minister, died in 1877 while settled in Iowa, and he entered College in 1889 from Aurora, Illinois, having been prepared at Beloit (Wisconsin) Academy. Illness at the close of the Sophomore year obliged him to withdraw into the next class.

After graduation he entered the Rush Medical College in Chicago, where he finished the course with high honors in the Spring of 1898. His health, however, which was never robust, had been affected by hard study, and a severe attack of typhoid fever caused his death, at Aurora, Illinois, on April 26, 1898, in his 29th year.

1896

GERARD MERRICK IVES, son of Chauncey B. Ives, the distinguished American sculptor, and Louisa Davis Ives, was born in Rome, Italy, on February 19, 1872. His early life was spent abroad, and his preparation for college was completed at the Lawrenceville school, New Jersey, his widowed mother residing in New York city.

He was engaged in business in New York when the Spanish war broke out, and volunteered in Col. Roosevelt's Rough Riders. He left New York for the camp in Tampa, Florida, on June 10, 1898, but was among the troops left behind when the rest went to Santiago. Towards the last of July he was attacked with typhoid fever, and on obtaining a furlough he left for home alone. He arrived in New York, after great hardships, on August 6, in a very weak and helpless condition, and died on August 9, in his 27th year.

HENRY EDWIN McDERMOTT, son of John Y. McDermott, was born in St. Johns, New Brunswick, on November 27, 1873. The family removed to New Haven, Conn., in 1885.

He spent the year after graduation in further study, while also serving as an assistant to Professor Chittenden in the Sheffield Biological Laboratory. In 1897 he entered the Yale Medical School, where he again showed his ability as a thorough student. In the spring of 1898 he was seriously ill with appendicitis, and was left by an operation in a weak condition, from which he never fully recovered. He received the degree of M.A. in June, 1898.

Having received an appointment as Laboratory Assistant in Physiological Chemistry at Columbia University, he began his work there in September, 1898, but was soon obliged to resign by the state of his health. His brain was probably affected by his low physical condition; and he put a sudden end to his life, in New Haven, on October 3, in his 25th year.

1897

THEODORE WESTWOOD MILLER, son of the Hon. Lewis Miller, was born in Akron, Ohio, on January 30, 1875, and was prepared for College at St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H. His active connection with athletics began while in school, and was continued here.

After graduation he entered the New York Law School, and was thus engaged when war with Spain was declared. He delayed until after the second call for troops, when he had finished his year's work in the Law School, and on May 28 he left New York to join Colonel Roosevelt's regiment of Rough Riders. He was formally enlisted on his arrival at Tampa, and sailed in the first expedition to Santiago. He landed in Cuba on June 22, and on July 1 was fatally wounded in the neck in the assault on San Juan. He was taken to the hospital at Siboney, and received all possible care, but died one week later, on July 8, 1898, in his 24th year. His body was taken home for burial.

He led an active Christian life in Collegè, and was actuated to the last by the noblest ideals of duty. A memorial gateway is planned to be erected by his classmates in his honor on the College Square.

YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL

1842

HORACE BURR, second son and child of Noah P. and Rebecca (Bulkeley) Burr, was born in Haddam, Conn., on December 13, 1817. At the age of 18 he began teaching school, at the same time pursuing a thorough course of self-instruction in mathematics and the natural sciences, and beginning the devotion to the acquisition of modern languages which continued through his life. His medical studies commenced at the age of 21.

On graduation he settled in Westbrook, Conn., and soon acquired a large practice and won a very considerable reputation, especially in surgery and obstetrics. At the age of 51, finding that his employment had far outgrown his strength, he relinquished it and removed to Wilmington, Del., with the intention of living in retirement. After his health had improved, however, he resumed practice there, but still held to his literary pursuits and his favorite studies. In this way he became familiar with a dozen or more of the principal modern languages, and gave considerable attention to comparative grammar. He also collected a valuable library in these directions, which by his will was left to Trinity College. His skill as a linguist was called into exercise by the Pennsylvania Historical Society for translations from the Swedish, and he also translated and published the records of Trinity (Old Swedes) Parish in Wilmington, of which he was for a number of years Warden. He was active in the counsels of the Episcopal Church in Delaware, long a member of the Standing Committee, and often a delegate to Diocesan and General Conventions.

He died at his home in the suburbs of Wilmington, after ten days' illness from pneumonia, on January 10, 1899, in his 82d year.

He married on December 13, 1847, Louisa N. Hungerford, of East Haddam, Conn., by whom he had seven daughters and one son; five daughters and one son are still living. He was again married, on January 12, 1898, to Miss Miriam Moore, of New Castle County, Delaware, who survives him.

1846

ANDREW JUDSON WHITE, who died at the Savoy Hotel, London, England, on September 23, 1898, was born in Canterbury, Connecticut, on May 19, 1824. He was the son of George S. White, an English Episcopal clergyman, who came to America to preach and settled in Canterbury. Having received his early education at the village school, he soon became tired of the narrowness and lack of opportunity in the life there, and came to Yale with the design of entering the College. He soon decided that he could not afford to continue the regular course, and thereupon entered the Medical School.

For several years after graduation he practiced his profession, but growing tired of the small field open to a physician in a country town he became connected with various enterprises, until he finally entered upon the wholesale drug business, in which he was interested at the time of his death. In 1891 he became a large stockholder of the Yost Typewriter Company, of which he was afterwards President. A few years later a combination of several of the typewriter companies was formed, called the Union Typewriter Company, and he was a Director of this Company at the time of his death.

His interest in Yale, Yale men, and Yale customs, was extraordinary, considering the fact that he was never in touch with any of the younger generation of Yale men. For several years previous to his death he had seriously considered presenting the College with a building, which finally took the form of the White Dormitory, opened in 1894. He believed that the literary activities of Yale men should be encouraged, and for this reason he furnished rooms for the various college papers in this dormitory. He dreaded notoriety, and this for many years kept him from making this gift, and it was his wish for a long time that the name of the donor should not be made public. This feeling dominated many of his charities, for he many times gave quietly with the sole knowledge of the recipient. In 1895 the University honored Mr. White with a degree of M.A.

Mr. White was taken ill in the spring of 1898, and after a serious illness he improved so greatly that it was his expressed hope to return to his home in New York. He went so far as to engage his passage, but the ship that was to have brought him home brought instead his body for burial.

He was laid at rest on October 8th, 1898, at Woodlawn Cemetery. He left surviving him a widow, and a son, who graduated at Yale College in 1895.

1847

WILLIAM EDWARD SPARROW, sixth and youngest child of Josiah and Minerva (Miller) Sparrow, was born in Rochester, Plymouth County, Mass., on April 21, 1824. At the age of 16 he entered the drug store of his brother-in-law, Dr. Newton Southworth, located in that part of Rochester which is now the town of Mattapoisett; later he studied medicine at the Berkshire Medical College, in Pittsfield, Mass., before entering Yale.

On graduation he began practice at Mattapoisett, where he was for some years the only resident practitioner. He continued there in active practice until the hour of his death, dying suddenly from angina pectoris on the night of May 15, 1899, while on a professional visit at the house of a patient.

The Town of Mattapoisett was formerly growing and prosperous, actively engaged in ship building and the whaling industries, but later lost practically all business and diminished greatly in population. This allowed him in the latter part of his life to become interested in a lumber mill and cranberry culture. During the Civil War he was Medical Examiner and served twice at Alexandria and Jefferson Barraeks as Acting Assistant Surgeon; afterwards, for nearly thirty years he was postmaster, at Mattapoisett.

He married, in 1848, Sophronia, daughter of Josiah Holmes, a locally famous ship builder, by whom he had a family of three sons and two daughters. One of the daughters died in childhood and the other in 1898; the sons, Wm. E. Jr. (Mass. Inst. Tech.), Solomon E. (U. S. Military Academy '78), Frank M. (Harvard '83), are still living. After the death of his first wife, in 1865, he married in 1867 Eliza Harding of Vineyard Haven, Mass., who survives him. In the last year of his life he repeatedly evidenced and expressed his unabated interest in the practice and progress of his profession, and made special provision in his will to encourage and aid such of his grandchildren as would study and practice medicine.

1848

SIGMUND (or SIGISMOND) WATERMAN, was born on February 22, 1819, in Bruck, near Erlangen, in Bavaria, Germany, and had studied in the University of Erlangen before his emigration to America in 1840. He settled in New Haven as a merchant, and

a chance meeting with one of the Professors led to his employment as Instructor in German in the College from 1844 to 1847. In the meantime he had begun his medical studies, and was thus the first Jew to receive a degree from Yale.

On graduation he began practice in New York City, and enjoyed a rapid rise in his profession. In 1857 he was made Police Surgeon and filled that post for thirty years. In the Civil War he was appointed Draft Surgeon by Governor Morgan and did good work during the riots of 1863. He made a special study of spectroscopic analysis, and in 1868 was instrumental in its introduction into medical practice. He was for fifteen years physician of the Hebrew Orphan Asylum of New York, and for a few years before the failure of his health was Professor of the Diseases of the Genito-Urinary Organs in the Eclectic Medical College of the City of New York. He was one of the founders, and medical director until his death, of the Home for Aged and Infirm at Yonkers, and was active in other charitable and medical institutions. He was also one of the founders of the Maimonides Library.

He was a man of exceptional gifts, and high minded in his sympathies and in his life, which was one of tireless service to his fellow-men. He retained his faculties unimpaired until the end, which came suddenly, from heart trouble, at his home in New York City, on March 16, 1899, in his 81st year.

He was twice married, and his second wife survives him, with three sons and a daughter by the first marriage. By his last will upwards of two hundred volumes from his medical library were left to the Yale Medical School.

1853

JOSEPH BAILEY ELLIOTT, third son and sixth child of John A. and Joanna (Bailey) Elliott, of Sharon, Conn., was born in that town on July 21, 1821. After studying medicine privately he attended a course of lectures here in 1845-46, and began practice in New Hartford, Conn. In 1848 he was appointed assistant physician at the New Jersey State Lunatic Asylum, in Trenton, and on leaving there took a second course of lectures here and received his degree.

He then settled in Brooklyn, N. Y., where he continued in active practice until near the close of his life. He was connected in his later years with the homœopathic school of medicine, and

was one of the leading physicians of that school in Brooklyn. He died in Brooklyn, of heart disease, on July 3, 1898, at the age of 77. His wife died four years before him.

1863

CHARLES SAMUEL WARD, son of Dr. Charles S. and Lucinda J. Ward, was born in New York City on October 28, 1842. His widowed mother had removed to New Haven before he began his medical studies.

Immediately after graduation he entered the service of the United States as a medical cadet, and was thus engaged until the close of the civil war. In 1868 he opened an office in New York City and was actively engaged in his profession there until 1892, when he retired at the age of fifty. He then removed to Bridgeport, Conn., where he resided with his mother until his death. In these later years he gave much time to the interests of the Connecticut Society of Colonial Wars, of which he was one of the original members, and the first named in the Act of Incorporation (1893).

He died in Bridgeport, from cerebral hemorrhage, after a long period of illness, on July 31, 1898, in his 56th year.

He married, on June 30, 1873, Julia M. Tuttle, who died on August 21, 1874, leaving an only daughter, who died in early childhood.

1868

JAMES LANGFORD WEAVER, son of the Rev. Charles S. Weaver, was born on November 9, 1845. His father removed from Norwich, Conn., to Noank, in Groton, Conn., as pastor of the Baptist Church, about 1860. The son enlisted in August, 1862, in the 21st Regiment Conn. Volunteers, but was discharged in the following March on account of physical disability.

After graduation he began practice in Preston, Conn., but about 1872 returned to Noank, where he was until his death a successful and faithful physician. He also took a prominent place in the public affairs of the village, of which he was a leading citizen.

He died in Noank, after long continued ill health, on January 14, 1899, in his 54th year.

He married in 1864 Adelia Chipman, who survives him with five of their seventeen children.

1897

ALBERT EMORY LOVELAND, son of Henry A. Loveland, was born in Vernon, Conn., on November 30, 1869, but his family removed to New Haven in his early childhood. He was graduated at the Hillhouse High School in this city in 1887, and from Wesleyan University in 1893. During his Senior year in College he made some biological discoveries which attracted attention, and led to his serving as assistant in the food investigations conducted at the World's Fair in Chicago in the summer of 1893 under the National Board of Agriculture. For the next two years he was an assistant in biology in Wesleyan University, and during his entire course in the Medical School he served as assistant in the histological laboratory.

After graduation he spent a year as resident physician at the Worcester (Mass.) Memorial Hospital, and went thence to the McLean Hospital, a branch of the Massachusetts General Hospital, in Waverly, Mass., where he was engaged in the special study of nervous and mental diseases. He died there, from pneumonia, after a few days' illness, on April 7, 1899, in his 30th year. He was an earnest student of great promise, and universally respected as a man of character.

YALE LAW SCHOOL

1875

HERBERT ELMORE BENTON, youngest child of Daniel L. and Sarah M. (Starr) Benton, was born on July 31, 1849, in the present town of Morris, Litchfield County, Conn. His early life was spent on his father's farm, and later he found employment in the factory of the Diamond Match Company, in Westville, near New Haven. He then prepared for College at General Russell's School in New Haven, and entered Yale in 1868. He left his class at the end of Junior year, and returned the following spring to the class of 1873, but again withdrew from College in the middle of Senior year, and entered the Law School in the following autumn. During his law course he served as city editor and afterwards as editor-in-chief of the New Haven *Press*.

In February, 1875, he became night-editor of the *New Haven Palladium*, and in the autumn of 1879 editor-in-chief, and held that position until April, 1885, when, his eyesight being impaired, he accepted an appointment by his former classmate, Judge Studley, as clerk of the New Haven County Court of Common Pleas, which he held until his resignation in January, 1893. In the meantime he had become prominent in State and municipal politics, and had served in the city government for two years as Councilman and for four years as Alderman. In November, 1888, he was an unsuccessful candidate for State Senator; and for several years he was chairman of the Republican State Committee. From 1895 until his death he was the Commissioner of the State School Fund.

He died at his home in New Haven, on July 23, 1898, at the age of 49, after twelve days' illness, death having resulted from fatty degeneration of the heart, in connection with an attack of appendicitis.

He married on September 29, 1875, Evelene L. Marshall, of Cheshire, Conn., daughter of William H. Marshall, of Ogdensburg, N. Y., who survives him, without children.

1897

GEORGE HENRY BARLOW, son of John H. Barlow, was born in Derby, Conn., on August 6, 1871.

He had already begun a promising career at the bar in Shelton, a borough in the township of Huntington, near Derby, when his sudden death occurred. On September 10, 1897, while riding down an incline on his bicycle at a rapid rate, in Shelton, he ran into a slowly moving car of the Street Railway Company. His skull was fractured, and he died the same day. The accident was supposed to have been due to his defective eyesight.

SHELDEN DOUGLASS GILBERT died suddenly in Houghton, Mich., on April 23, 1899.

He had received the degree of LL.B. at the Northwestern University, Evanston, Illinois, in 1896, before coming here for the degree of M.L. His residence was then in Chicago.

YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL

1870

THOMAS DOUGALL BARCLAY, son of James A. and Margaret (Dougall) Barclay, was born in York, Livingston County, N. Y., on June 5, 1846, and was graduated from Monmouth College, Illinois, in 1867. The larger part of his theological course was spent in Princeton Seminary.

He spent two years after graduation as principal of the Academy in Walton, N. Y., and then took charge of the Congregational Church in Hamilton, N. Y., where he was ordained as an evangelist on December 31, 1872. In November, 1873, he removed to Kent, Conn., as acting pastor of the Congregational Church. He laid down this charge in April, 1879, but continued in the same town, mainly occupied in teaching, until November, 1883, when he became acting pastor of the Congregational Church in the village of Centerbrook, in Essex, Conn. He remained there for four years, and then served for a year as principal of the Academy in Gilbertsville, N. Y. The rest of his life was spent on a farm in Kent, where he held the esteem of his former parishioners and was elected a Representative in the General Assembly for the session of 1897. He died in Kent, from pneumonia, on July 20, 1898, at the age of 52.

He married, on March 13, 1872, Mary R., daughter of the Rev. Samuel J. White (Williams Coll. 1839), of Walton, N. Y., who survives him with one daughter and three sons.

1871

WILLIAM WOODMANSEE was born in Jackson, Ind., on September 7, 1840, and while resident in Denmark, Iowa, and a member of the Preparatory Department of Oberlin College, he enlisted in the 7th Ohio Volunteer Infantry, in May, 1861. He was in active service until his discharge in July, 1864, and took part in the battles of Cross Lanes, Winchester, and Port Republic. He graduated at Oberlin College in 1868, and remained there for the first two years of his theological course.

On graduation he took charge of the Congregational Church in Hart, Michigan, and was ordained there on December 10, 1871.

For the next twenty years he served as supply to various missionary Congregational Churches, chiefly in Michigan, and in 1892 fixed his residence in Milwaukee, as Assistant Superintendent of the Children's Home Society of Wisconsin. He died while still thus occupied, on November 4, 1898, in his 59th year.

He married on June 10, 1871, Persis E. Webster, of Geneva, Ohio, and had three sons.

1880

CHARLES ALBERT SAVAGE, son of Reuben A. and Elizabeth D. Savage, was born in Stowe, Vt., on July 10, 1849, and was graduated at Dartmouth College in 1871. He then taught school at St. Johnsbury, Vt., for three years, and for the next four years was Professor of Mathematics in Robert College, Constantinople.

On leaving the Seminary he went to Berkeley, Cal., where he was ordained pastor of the Congregational Church on November 9, 1880. He took a dismissal from this charge on February 14, 1887, and spent the next three years with the 1st Congregational Church in Enfield, Mass. On June 19, 1890, he was installed over the Congregational Church in Orange Valley, N. J. His happy ministry there was terminated, after several months' illness, by his death in Orange, on May 11, 1899, in his 50th year.

He married on June 8, 1882, Mary F., only daughter of the Rev. Dr. Daniel T. Fiske (Amherst Coll. 1842), of Newburyport, Mass., who survives him with their children, one son and one daughter.

1891

GEORGE MERRIAM HYDE, youngest son of the Rev. Dr. James T. Hyde (Y. C. 1847) and Augusta S. (Hempstead) Hyde, was born on February 26, 1865, in Middlebury, Vt., where his father was then settled in the ministry. In 1870 Dr. Hyde became a Professor in the Chicago Theological Seminary, and the son was graduated at Amherst College in 1888.

He found employment in New York as a literary critic and a contributor to *The Book Buyer* and similar periodicals, and married there, on January 11, 1899, Violet, daughter of Oliver P. Buel.

Mr. Buel died on Friday, April 7, and his son-in-law was greatly affected. On the following Tuesday, April 11, he left his house about 1 P.M., and did not return. His body was found in the Hudson River, off Hoboken, on June 4, and it is believed that he drowned himself while temporarily insane.

SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL

1855

GEORGE DEXTER WALCOTT, son of Albert Walcott, was born in Auburn, N. Y., on January 11, 1831. In 1852 his family removed to Jackson, Michigan, and three years later to Detroit. In the Yale Scientific School he took the course in Civil Engineering.

On graduation he engaged in lumber manufacture with his father in Minneapolis. Returning to Jackson in 1860, he spent several years in the employ of a manufacturing company there. Later, as Superintendent of Public Works for the city, he was especially serviceable in the construction of water-works, and accomplished a similar service in the city of Saginaw, besides acting as consulting engineer for the water-works in Bay City. In 1880 he established in Jackson a firm for the manufacture of machine tools, and this business occupied the rest of his life.

He died suddenly, from a disease of long standing, at his home in Jackson, in the night of May 9, 1899, in his 69th year.

He married in 1857 Caroline, daughter of Dr. Edward Lewis, who survives him with a daughter and two sons.

1866

WILFORD LINSLEY, fourth son of Dr. Jared Linsley (Y. C. 1826), was born in New York City in 1844. He left the Scientific School during his Senior year, but received his degree in 1880 and was then enrolled with his class.

He intended at first to follow his father's profession, that of medicine, but abandoned his design to indulge a natural artistic bent. He became very favorably known as a landscape painter.

He married in 1877 Miss Johanna Williams, of New York, who survives him with one son, a member of the Class of 1901, Yale College.

He died after a long illness, at his home in New York, on August 4, 1898, in his 54th year.

1879

GEORGE WALKER MEEKER, son of Arthur B. Meeker, was born in Chicago, Ill., on July 26, 1857.

On graduation he engaged in the coal business in Chicago in the employ of the firm of E. L. Hedstrom & Co., in which he subsequently became a partner and so remained until his death. He died, after a brief illness, at his residence in Chicago, on April 21, 1899, in his 42d year, leaving a high reputation for integrity and fidelity.

He married in 1882 Louise Ackerman, who survives him with one son and one daughter.

1880

THEODORE LANAHAN HOOPER, son of Theodore Hooper, was born in Baltimore, Md., on June 23, 1860.

On graduation he entered the employ of his father's firm, Messrs. William E. Hooper & Sons, dealers in cotton-ducks, twine, etc., and continued with them until 1896, when he was attacked with consumption. The remaining years of his life were spent in the search for health, for most of the time in Colorado Springs, whence he went a few months since to El Paso, Texas, where he died on May 10, 1899, in his 39th year. He was unmarried.

1881

BLAIN JAMISON, son of Samuel and Anna E. Jamison, was born in New Orleans, La., on April 18, 1859.

On graduation he engaged in the cotton business in New Orleans in the firm of Smith & Jamison, but in 1882 accepted the position of Secretary of the School Board of the city and continued in that place until his death. In his official relations he was highly esteemed, and by his intelligence, accuracy, and tact he deserved and held the respect of the Board and of the public. He was also socially widely known and a great favorite.

He died suddenly, after less than two days' illness, from heart failure, superinduced by a congestive chill, at his mother's residence in New Orleans, on October 28, 1898, in his 40th year. He was unmarried.

1892

EDWARD WILSON JOHNSTONE, son of Joseph Johnstone, was born in Connellsville, Fayette County, Pa., on February 6, 1870, and was prepared for the school at Phillips Academy, Andover.

After graduation he was employed in the building of a railroad and water works for a large mining concern in Butte, Montana. Two years later he removed to Jerome, Arizona, to undertake the construction of a railroad from that place to Phoenix. When this was successfully carried out, he accepted in 1897 the superintendency of the United Verdi Copper Company, in Jerome, and remained with them until his death.

He was instantly killed, on July 23, 1898, by the collapse of the walls of the assaying office at the works of his company.

1894

JAMES BARNETT GOODWILLIE, son of Thomas Goodwillie, and grandson of Gen. James Barnett, was born in Cleveland, Ohio, on December 25, 1873, and was prepared at the University School in Cleveland.

After his graduation he pursued further chemical studies for a year, in the Case School of Applied Science, in Cleveland, and then took a position as chemist in the Johnson Steel Works in Lorain, Ohio. About a year later he accepted the appointment of head chemist in the Buckeye Malleable Iron Company of Columbus, Ohio, which he held until his death there, of pneumonia, on April 30, 1898, in his 25th year.

1895

GUY ERNEST STEVENS, only son of S. M. and Sarah Stewart Stevens, was born in Scranton, Pa., on October 23, 1874, and took his preparatory course at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass.

He married in Los Angeles, Cal., on January 20, 1896, Maud M., daughter of the Rev. Dr. Charles C. McLean, formerly of Scranton.

For two years before his death he had been studying medicine in the University of Pennsylvania. He died of typhoid fever in Philadelphia, on March 7, 1899, in his 25th year. His wife and two children survive him.

1896

LAZARUS DENISON STEARNS, son of Major Irving A. and Clorinda (Shoemaker) Stearns, was born in Wilkes-Barré, Pa., on December 27, 1875, and finished his preparation for the Scientific School at Phillips Academy, Andover.

After graduation he was for a time in the employ of the Susquehanna Coal Company, and later became Secretary and Treasurer of the Hygiene Milk Company of Wilkes-Barré.

He had always been passionately fond of military life, and but for the dissuasion of his parents would have entered the regular army at an earlier period. In March, 1897, he joined the 9th Pennsylvania Regiment as a private, and on July 1, was elected Second Lieutenant. On May 5, 1898, just after the regiment was mustered into the service of the United States, he was elected Captain of his Company, and he discharged the duties of that office efficiently and loyally until his fatal illness.

About the middle of August he was summoned home, from the camp at Chickamauga, to see his father, and returned at the end of the week. While on his way back he was attacked with illness, but he continued in command of his company until August 27. He arrived home on the 30th, and died there of typhoid fever, one week later, on September 6, in his 23d year.

GRADUATE SCHOOL

1892

KUMATO MORITA, son of Itaru Morita, was born in the prefecture of Kumamoto, on the island of Kiushū, Japan, in the year 1858. After graduation at the Kumamoto College he entered the Doshisha Theological School in Kyōtō and finished the course there in 1880. He then taught Logic and Mental and Moral Philosophy in the Doshisha College in Kyōtō for ten years, and in the fall of 1890 came to Yale as a student. During his second and concluding year here he held an appointment as Lecturer on the History of Philosophy.

After receiving his degree he returned at once to Japan, and resumed his work at the Doshisha, and died there, after three months' illness, from Bright's disease, on February 23, 1899, in his 41st year. He leaves a wife, one son, and four daughters.

SUMMARY

ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT

(YALE COLLEGE)

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Time of Death
1825	Stillman K. Wightman, 96	New York City	May 27, '99
1830	James Archer, 87	Stanton, Miss.	Dec. 30, '98
1831	James H. Sanford, 86	New York City	Dec. 26, '98
1833	Samuel G. Buckingham, 85	Springfield, Mass.	July 12, '98
1833	Jonathan B. Turner, 93	Jacksonville, Ill.	Jan. 10, '99
1833	George I. Wood, 84	Washington, D. C.	Jan. 10, '99
1835	Daniel L. Adams, 84	New Haven, Conn.	Jan. 3, '99
1835	William C. Bissell, 88	Humboldt, Nebr.	Apr. 11, '98
1835	Abraham H. Robinson, 85	Concord, N. H.	Oct. 31, '98
1835	Charles S. Sherman, 88	Manchester, Conn.	Jan. 3, '99
1836	Moses H. Hunter, 84	La Plata, Md.	Jan. 9, '99
1838	Edward Strong, 85	Pittsfield, Mass.	Dec. 13, '98
1839	George Sherman, 80	Columbia Falls, Me.	Nov. 12, '98
1841	Henry Edwards, 77	Hagerstown, Md.	Febr. 25, '99
1842	Alexander H. Clapp, 80	New York City	Apr. 27, '99
1843	George C. Lucas, 82	New York City	Aug. 9, '98
1843	Burritt A. Smith, 79	Worcester, Mass.	June 16, '99
1843	Robert P. Stanton, 80	Norwich, Conn.	Sept. 11, '98
1844	Charles H. Rogers, 79	Plainfield, Conn.	May 23, '97
1844	Henry D. Smith, 78	Southington, Conn.	March 28, '99
1844	Edwin Wright, 78	Boston, Mass.	Jan. 21, '99
1845	George C. Hill, 73	Boston, Mass.	Nov. 14, '98
1845	Edward Olmstead, 74	Wilton, Conn.	Dec. 2, '98
1845	Isaac L. Peet, 74	New York City	Dec. 27, '98
1845	William T. Reynolds, 75	North Haven, Conn.	Jan. 24, '99
1846	Levi W. Hart, 73	Ramsey, N. J.	Febr. 22, '99
1847	Frederick W. M. Holliday, 71	Winchester, Va.	May 29, '99
1847	William E. Moore, 76	Columbus, O.	June 5, '99
1849	George Douglas, 69	New York City	May 11, '99
1849	Alfred L. Skinner, 74	Bucksport, Me.	March 25, '99
1849	Benjamin Talbot, 71	Columbus, O.	Jan. 16, '99
1850	Robert H. Chapman, 71	San Gabriel, Cal.	Febr. 4, '99
1850	Edwin Hall, 69	Auburn, N. Y.	June 23, '98
1850	Frederick B. Perkins, 70	Morristown, N. J.	Jan. 27, '99
1851	William K. Douglas, 69	St. Francisville, La.	Dec. 19, '98
1851	Walker Fearn, 67	Hot Springs, Va.	Apr. 7, '99
1851	George W. Mead, 72	Brooklyn, N. Y.	Febr. 13, '99
1851	William Winthrop, 67	Atlantic City, N. J.	Apr. 8, '99
1852	Alexander C. McKissack, 67	Memphis, Tenn.	Sept. 27, '98
1853	Isaac H. Bromley, 65	Norwich, Conn.	Aug. 11, '98
1853	William L. Hinman, 66	Hartford, Conn.	Apr. 16, '99
1854	Lewis W. Ford, 68	Cleveland, O.	Jan. 27, '99

1854	Augustus S. Hitchcock, 72	Plainville, Conn.	Jan. 9, '99
1854	Elizur Hitchcock, 66	Akron, O.	May 21, '99
1854	George R. Howell, 65	Albany, N. Y.	Apr. 5, '99
1854	James T. Matthews, 68	Evanston, Ill.	July 20, '98
1855	George A. Dickerman, 68	Chicago, Ill.	Jan. 5, '99
1855	Pliny F. Warner, 67	Peoria, Ill.	July 8, '98
1856	Benjamin F. Barker, 69	E. Onondaga, N. Y.	Oct. 25, '98
1857	Myron N. Chamberlin, 62	Cheshire, Conn.	Jan. 11, '99
1857	Louis E. Profilet, 64	Natchez, Miss.	Dec. 13, '98
1858	George M. Franklin, 60	Lancaster, Pa.	May 15, '99
1860	Henry E. Hawley, 60	New York City	Febr. 10, '99
1860	William McAlpin, 60	Cincinnati, O.	June 2, '99
1860	Edward deCost McKay, 63	Southern Pines, N. C.	Jan. 31, '99
1860	Othniel C. Marsh, 67	New Haven, Conn.	March 18, '99
1860	Edward G. Mason, 59	Chicago, Ill.	Dec. 18, '98
1862	Xyris T. Bates, 59	Poughkeepsie, N. Y.	Jan. 2, '99
1862	John W. Johnson, 62	Eugene, Oregon	Sept. 14, '98
1862	Oliver F. Treadwell, 57	Hamden, Conn.	Aug. 22, '98
1863	Samuel A. York, 59	New Haven, Conn.	Nov. 5, '98
1864	Arthur Phinney, 62	Sandusky, O.	May 21, '99
1864	John A. Williamson, 56	Norwalk, O.	Apr. 19, '99
1866	James Brand, 65	Oberlin, O.	Apr. 11, '99
1867	John Jay DuBois, 52	Lakewood, N. J.	Nov. 11, '98
1867	J. Alexander Moore, 52	Helena, Mont.	Nov. 29, '98
1867	John W. Showalter, 55	Chicago, Ill.	Dec. 10, '98
1872	Howard S. Clapp, 47	Hartford, Conn.	Oct. 16, '98
1874	William Foster, 44	San Francisco, Cal.	Nov. 27, '98
1875	James H. Carrington, 44	Ogdensburg, N. Y.	Apr. 24, '97
1875	Lewis H. Reid, 45	Hartford, Conn.	Nov. 12, '98
1878	Charles Parsons, Jr., 41	New York City	Jan. 12, '99
1878	George Trowbridge, 43	New York City	Sept. 10, '98
1880	Simon C. Metzger, 41	Watch Hill, R. I.	Sept. 5, '98
1880	Wirt D. Walker, 38	New York City	Apr. 24, '99
1881	Henry P. Johnes, 38	New York City	Nov. 28, '98
1883	Charles Halsey, 37	Tucson, Ariz.	Nov. 28, '98
1884	Samuel A. Booth, 38	Minneapolis, Minn.	Dec. 3, '98
1884	Charles A. Watrous, 35	New York City	Jan. 20, '99
1885	John H. Arnot, 39	Elmira, N. Y.	May 25, '99
1887	Rodmond V. Beach, 33	Ponce, Porto Rico	Sept. 29, '98
1887	Harry L. May, 35	Ashburnham, Mass.	Oct. 23, '98
1888	Willis G. Cosad, 34	Phelps, N. Y.	June 10, '98
1889	Burr R. Abbe, 30	Long Branch, Cal.	Aug. 11, '98
1891	Joseph P. Lloyd, Jr., 29	New York City	Oct. 23, '98
1892	Henry M. Kidd, 26	Atlantic Ocean	July 4, '98
1893	Robert S. Tracy, 27	Saranac Lake, N. Y.	Apr. 13, '99
1894	Ellsworth D. Whiting, 28	Aurora, Ill.	Apr. 26, '98
1896	Gerard M. Ives, 26	New York City	Aug. 9, '98
1896	Henry E. McDermott, 25	New Haven, Conn.	Oct. 3, '98
1897	Theodore W. Miller, 23	Siboney, Cuba	July 8, '98

YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL

1842	Horace Burr, 81	Wilmington, Del.	Jan. 10, '99
1846	Andrew J. White, 74	London, England	Sept. 23, '98
1847	William E. Sparrow, 75	Mattapoisett, Mass.	May 15, '99
1848	Sigmund Waterman, 80	New York City	March 16, '99
1853	Joseph B. Elliott, 77	Brooklyn, N. Y.	July 3, '98
1863	Charles S. Ward, 55	Bridgeport, Conn.	July 31, '98
1868	James L. Weaver, 53	Groton, Conn.	Jan. 14, '99
1897	Albert E. Loveland, 29	Waverly, Mass.	Apr. 7, '99

YALE LAW SCHOOL

1875	Herbert E. Benton, 49	New Haven, Conn.	July 23, '98
1897	George H. Barlow, 26	Huntington, Conn.	Sept. 10, '97
1897 ^{mt}	Shelden D. Gilbert	Houghton, Mich.	Apr. 23, '99

YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL

1870	Thomas D. Barclay, 52	Kent, Conn.	July 20, '98
1871	William Woodmansee, 58	Milwaukee, Wisc.	Nov. 4, '98
1880	Charles A. Savage, 50	Orange, N. J.	May 11, '99
1891	George M. Hyde, 34	Hudson River, N. Y.	Apr. 11, '99

SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL

1855	George D. Walcott, 68	Jackson, Mich.	May 9, '99
1866	Wilford Linsly, 53	New York City	Aug. 4, '98
1879	George W. Meeker, 41	Chicago, Ill.	Apr. 21, '99
1880	Theodore L. Hooper, 39	El Paso, Tex.	May 10, '99
1881	Blain Jamison, 39	New Orleans, La.	Oct. 28, '98
1892	Edward W. Johnstone, 28	Jerome, Ariz.	July 23, '98
1894	J. Barnett Goodwillie, 24	Columbus, O.	Apr. 30, '98
1895	Guy E. Stevens, 24	Philadelphia, Pa.	March 7, '99
1896	L. Denison Stearns, 22	Wilkes-Barré, Pa.	Sept. 6, '98

GRADUATE SCHOOL

1892	Kumato Morita, 41	Kyoto, Japan	Febr. 23, '99
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The number of deaths recorded this year is 116, and the average age of the graduates of the Academical Department is about 62 years.

The oldest living graduate of the Academical Department is :

Class of 1824, Hon. BENJAMIN D. SILLIMAN, LL.D., of Brooklyn, N. Y., born Sept. 14, 1805.

The oldest living graduate of the Medical Department is :

Class of 1831, CHAUNCEY AYRES, of Stamford, Conn., born Aug. 14, 1808.

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1830	Archer, James	588	1852	McKissack, Alexander C.	615
1885	Arnot, John H.	637	1860	Marsh, Othniel C.	624
1870 <i>d</i>	Barclay, Thomas D.	649	1860	Mason, Edward G.	626
1856	Barker, Benjamin F.	621	1854	Matthews, James T.	620
1897 <i>l</i>	Barlow, George H.	648	1887	May, Harry L.	637
1862	Bates, Xyris T.	626	1851	Mead, George W.	614
1887	Beach, Rodmond V.	637	1879 <i>s</i>	Meeker, George W.	652
1875 <i>l</i>	Benton, Herbert E.	647	1880	Metzger, Simon C.	634
1835	Bissell, William C.	592	1897	Miller, Theodore W.	641
1884	Booth, Samuel A.	636	1867	Moore, J. Alexander	630
1866	Brand, James	629	1847	Moore, William E.	606
1853	Bromley, Isaac H.	616	1892 <i>dp</i>	Morita, Kumato	654
1833	Buckingham, Samuel G.	589	1845	Olmstead, Edward	603
1842 <i>m</i>	Burr, Horace	642	1878	Parsons, Charles	633
1875	Carrington, James H.	632	1845	Peet, Isaac L.	604
1857	Chamberlin, Myron N.	622	1850	Perkins, Frederick B.	611
1850	Chapman, Robert H.	609	1864	Phinney, Arthur	628
1842	Clapp, Alexander H.	597	1857	Profilet, Louis E.	622
1872	Clapp, Howard S.	631	1875	Reid, Lewis I.	632
1888	Cosad, Willis G.	638	1845	Reynolds, William T.	604
1855	Dickerman, George A.	620	1835	Robinson, Abraham H.	592
1849	Douglas, George	607	1844	Rogers, Charles H.	600
1851	Douglas, William K.	612	1831	Sanford, James H.	588
1867	DuBois, John Jay	630	1880 <i>d</i>	Savage, Charles A.	650
1841	Edwards, Henry	596	1835	Sherman, Charles S.	593
1853 <i>m</i>	Elliott, Joseph B.	645	1839	Sherman, George	596
1851	Fearn, Walker	613	1867	Showalter, John W.	631
1854	Ford, Lewis W.	617	1849	Skinner, Alfred L.	608
1874	Foster, William	632	1843	Smith, Burritt A.	599
1858	Franklin, George M.	622	1844	Smith, Henry D.	601
1897 <i>l</i>	Gilbert, Shelden D.	648	1847 <i>m</i>	Sparrow, William E.	644
1894 <i>s</i>	Goodwillie, J. Barnett	653	1843	Stanton, Robert P.	600
1850	Hall, Edwin	610	1896 <i>s</i>	Stearns, L. Denison	654
1883	Halsey, Charles	635	1895 <i>s</i>	Stevens, Guy E.	653
1846	Hart, Levi W.	605	1838	Strong, Edward	595
1860	Hawley, Henry E.	623	1849	Talbot, Benjamin	608
1845	Hill, George C.	602	1893	Tracy, Robert S.	639
1853	Hinman, William L.	617	1862	Treadwell, Oliver F.	627
1854	Hitchcock, Augustus S.	618	1878	Trowbridge, George	634
1854	Hitchcock, Elizur	618	1833	Turner, Jonathan B.	589
1847	Holliday, Fred'k. W. M.	605	1855 <i>s</i>	Walcott, George D.	651
1880 <i>s</i>	Hooper, Theodore L.	652	1880	Walker, Wirt D.	634
1854	Howell, George R.	619	1863 <i>m</i>	Ward, Charles S.	646
1836	Hunter, Moses H.	594	1855	Warner, Pliny F.	621
1891 <i>d</i>	Hyde, George M.	650	1848 <i>m</i>	Waterman, Sigmund	644
1896	Ives, Gerard M.	640	1884	Watrous, Charles A.	636
1881 <i>s</i>	Jamison, Blain	652	1868 <i>m</i>	Weaver, James L.	646
1881	Johnes, Henry P.	635	1846 <i>m</i>	White, Andrew J.	643
1862	Johnson, John W.	627	1894	Whiting, Ellsworth D.	640
1892 <i>s</i>	Johnstone, Edward W.	653	1825	Wightman, Stillman K.	587
1892	Kidd, Henry M.	639	1864	Williamson, John A.	629
1866 <i>s</i>	Linsly, Wilford	651	1851	Winthrop, William	614
1891	Lloyd, Joseph P.	638	1833	Wood, George I.	590
1897 <i>m</i>	Loveland, Albert E.	647	1871 <i>d</i>	Woodmansee, William	649
1843	Lucas, George C.	598	1844	Wright, Edwin	602
1860	McAlpin, William	623	1863	York, Samuel A.	628



OBITUARY RECORD

OF

GRADUATES OF YALE UNIVERSITY

Deceased during the Academical Year ending in

JUNE, 1900,

INCLUDING THE RECORD OF A FEW WHO DIED PREVIOUSLY,
HITHERTO UNREPORTED

[Presented at the meeting of the Alumni, June 26th, 1900]

[No. 10 of the Fourth Printed Series, and No. 59 of the whole Record]



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YALE COLLEGE

(ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT)

1828

OLIVER PAYSON HUBBARD, son of Stephen Hubbard, a merchant, and Zeruah (Grosvenor) Hubbard, was born at Pomfret, Conn., on March 31, 1809. When he was two years of age the family removed to Rome, N. Y., and from there he entered Hamilton College, but at the end of 1826 joined the Junior class at Yale.

The year after graduation he taught in Geneva, N. Y., and the two years following in the Academy of O. A. Shaw (Yale 1821) at Richmond, Va., and elsewhere. From 1831 to 1836 he was Prof. Silliman's assistant in the Chemical Laboratory of Yale College, where he aided Charles Goodyear in all those early experiments which led to his discovery of the process of vulcanizing India rubber. During these years he also made a report to the United States Government on the culture of sugar cane and manufacture of sugar in the Eastern States, and delivered a course of scientific lectures at Wesleyan University, Middletown. He was personally familiar with the earliest use of anæsthetics.

In February, 1836, he was appointed Professor of Chemistry, Mineralogy and Geology at Dartmouth College, and filled that

chair for thirty years. After resigning his professorship, he continued his lectures in the Dartmouth Medical School until 1883, when he was made Professor Emeritus. In 1853 he built the Shattuck Observatory. From 1867 to 1895 he was Overseer of the Thayer School of Engineering. From 1852 to 1873 he also conducted, with the assistance of Mrs. Hubbard, a school for young ladies, first in Hanover and later in New Haven. After 1874 he made his home in New York City.

In 1863-64 he was a member of the New Hampshire Legislature. He was a founder of the Association of American Geologists and Naturalists in 1841, also a founder of the American Association for the Advancement of Science in 1848, and its Secretary and Vice-President from 1885 to 1892, and President in 1892-93.

He contributed various papers to the *American Journal of Science* and the *Magazine of American History*, and was the author of the "Early History of the New Hampshire Medical Institution and its Founder, Dr. Nathan Smith," and a "History of the Chandler School" (Dartmouth College), 1881; also of the "Transactions of the New Hampshire State Medical Society" of 1879, and an "Account of Seven Nineveh Slabs," which he imported. In 1898 Prof. Hubbard published "Biographical Sketches of the Class of 1828, and College Memorabilia."

He received the degree of M.A. from Yale, also from Dartmouth College in 1873, of M.D. from the South Carolina Medical College in 1837, and of LL.D. from Hamilton College in 1861.

He married, on May 17, 1837, Faith Wadsworth, daughter of Prof. Benjamin and Harriet (Trumbull) Silliman.

Prof. Hubbard died at his home in New York City, March 9, 1900. He was the last survivor of the eighty-two graduates of his class, and had nearly completed his 91st year. A son and a daughter survive him.

1829

WILLIAM WATSON was born at Hartford, Conn., on October 11, 1809, and was the son of William and Mary (Marsh) Watson, grandson of John Watson (Yale 1764) of East Windsor, Conn., also grandson of John Marsh, D.D., Fellow of Yale College from 1801 to 1820.

After graduation Mr. Watson studied law one year at the school of Judge Gould (Yale 1791), at Litchfield, and two years

in New York in the office of Gen. James Tallmadge. He was admitted to the bar in 1833 and practiced law uninterruptedly for over sixty years, having been during that time counsel in many celebrated cases. From 1842 to 1845 he was Assistant United States District Attorney.

He married, on October 19, 1843, Louise Adele Lynch of New York, who died on Staten Island September 11, 1859.

Mr. Watson died on February 28, 1900, as a result of breaking his thigh about six weeks previously. His age was 90 years. Four of his seven children survive.

1833

JOHN SIDNEY DAVENPORT, eldest son of John Alfred and Eliza Maria (Wheeler) Davenport, and a descendant in the sixth generation from Rev. John Davenport, the first minister of New Haven, was born in Stamford, Conn., September 26, 1808. He joined the class in Junior year, after having been engaged in business in New York City.

In the autumn of 1833 he began the study of theology in New Haven, and continued two years. In July, 1836, he was ordained pastor of a Congregational church in Bolton, Mass., where he remained two years and a half. On July 16, 1840, he was installed over the First Parish in Gorham, Me., and after a pastorate of just two years he was dismissed at his own request, and took orders in the Protestant Episcopal Church. He then had charge of parishes in Newburyport, Mass., and later, for seven years, in Oswego, N. Y. After leaving Oswego on account of ill health he resided for a short time in Syracuse, and then entered a second time upon a mercantile life in New York City. After about eleven years he retired, and in 1866 settled in Boston. About 1854 he became identified with the Catholic Apostolic Church, and during his residence in Boston he had charge of a congregation of that body. In 1874 he removed to Hartford, Conn., and for some time carried on the work of an evangelist. His death occurred at his home in that city, February 17, 1900, from heart disease. He was in his 92d year.

He published a small volume on "Christian Unity and its Recovery," 1866, besides various articles in the *Church Review*, with tracts and pamphlets.

He married in New Haven, July 5, 1836, Elizabeth Sewall Leverett of New Hampshire. Two sons and three daughters survive, the younger son having graduated at Yale in 1866.

EDWARD STRONG MOSELEY was born June 22, 1813, in Newburyport, Mass., and was the eldest son of Hon. Ebenezer Moseley (Yale 1802), a successful lawyer of long practice at the Essex bar, and Mary Ann, daughter of Edward Oxnard (Harvard 1767), of Portland, Me. He was a grandson of Rev. Ebenezer Moseley (Yale 1763), who was first a missionary to the "Six Nations," and afterwards Captain of a company in Gen. Putnam's regiment, which took part in the battle of Bunker Hill.

The third term of Junior year he received a certificate of honorable dismissal from College, and soon entered the counting room of B. A. Gould of Boston, an East India merchant, and while in his employ made several voyages to the Orient. He continued his business connection with Mr. Gould as long as the latter lived, and while American shipping was flourishing, and up to the time of the decline of wooden sailing ships, he was one of the largest ship owners and promoters of shipbuilding in his native town. When manufactures were being established in Newburyport he helped with his money and personal attention. Later he devoted himself to banking and finance. For over forty years he was director or president of the Mechanics Bank, and for a like period trustee or president of the Institution for Savings. He was trustee of many estates, director of insurance, manufacturing, and other corporations, and treasurer of many public funds, and was personally known to a very large circle.

In the development of the public library of Newburyport he took deep interest, and after his death in recognition of his services the trustees voted to place in the library building a bronze tablet suitably inscribed. He was influential with the late George Peabody in securing the Peabody fund for the benefit of the library, and with others in obtaining other liberal gifts.

He was never a candidate for public office except upon the school committee, and on that board he served several years and presided over its deliberations. For many years he was one of the trustees of Dummer Academy.

He was one of the vice-presidents of the Massachusetts Bible Society, member of the executive committee of the Massachusetts Society of the Cincinnati, an officer of the Bunker Hill Monument Association, president of the Merrimac Humane Society, and an officer of various other associations. He was a member of St. Paul's Protestant Episcopal Church, and had held the offices of vestryman and warden.

Besides contributing many minor articles to the *New England Historical and Genealogical Register* and to local papers, he wrote an account of his branch of the Moseley family and printed it for private distribution in 1878, edited and published the *Diary* of his maternal grandfather, Edward Oxnard (Harvard 1767), who was a Loyalist at the time of the Revolution, and also published a description of his visit to St. Helena in 1836.

In 1870 Mr. Moseley received the honorary degree of M.A. from Yale, and has since that date been enrolled with the graduates of 1833.

He maintained remarkable health and vigor until about two years ago, when he was seriously ill. He rallied, and until about seven weeks before his death was able to be at the Mechanics Bank daily and to attend to his usual business. He died at his home April 25, 1900, from an attack of the grippe complicated with other diseases. He was in his 87th year. He was universally respected for his business capacity, integrity and high sense of honor. He left in his will a substantial bequest to Yale University.

He married, February 5, 1839, Charlotte Augusta, daughter of Rev. George T. Chapman, D.D. (Dartmouth 1803), an Episcopal clergyman, then Rector of Grace Church, Newark, N. J. Mrs. Moseley died November 13, 1893. Their three sons and two daughters survive.

1834

AMOS CROCKER, son of Amos and Mary (Owen) Crocker, was born in Lebanon, Madison County, N. Y., on January 13, 1813.

After graduation he studied law in Madison County, and after three years was admitted to practice. He soon formed a partnership with Charles Mason, Esq., subsequently Judge of the Supreme Court of the State of New York. After five years of successful practice a conviction of duty led him, at great personal sacrifice, to give up the law and enter the ministry. He was licensed to preach by the Oneida Association in the fall of 1843, and after preaching nearly a year went to Andover Theological Seminary for further study. There his health failed, and he was obliged to return home and engage in business for two years before he was able to preach again. After his ordination by the Oneida Association in 1848 he was employed in preaching at Hamilton, N. Y., until 1853, when he removed to Cape Vincent, Jefferson

Co., N. Y. After this he was settled in the same State, in Northville, in the town of Genoa, in Cayuga County, for eleven years, and in Coventry, Chenango Co, for ten years.

He died on May 13, 1897, at Hamilton, N. Y., at the age of 84 years; but his decease has been hitherto unreported. He received the honorary degree of M.A. from Madison (now Colgate) University in 1853.

Mr. Crocker married on January 22, 1838, Miss Sarah A. Pierce, of Hamilton, N. Y., who died July 11, 1884, leaving one daughter.

1835

EDMUND DWIGHT, son of Rev. Henry Dwight (Yale 1801) and Mrs. Susan Miles (Hopkins) Dwight, was born at Utica, N. Y., on October 14, 1814, and entered Yale at the beginning of Junior year from Amherst College.

The two years following graduation were passed mostly in travel here and in Europe. After some time in the bank at Geneva, N. Y., and in New York City, and a winter in Cleveland, O., he was appointed Cashier of the Bank of Geneva and filled the position with success for five years. He was offered a partnership in New York in 1845, and entered the firm of Dwight, Beales & Co., commission merchants in South street. After a few years he became interested in the construction and board of management of the Hannibal & St. Joseph Railroad, as well as other lines, and engaged in other enterprises, but then gradually withdrew from active business.

He was one of the incorporators of the New York Juvenile Asylum and the Hahnemann Hospital, of both of which he was a trustee for over forty years, and for many years he also rendered most useful service as one of the Board of Governors of the Woman's Hospital, and as a trustee of the New York Homœopathic Medical College, and other philanthropic institutions.

He early made a thorough study of political economy and finance, and contributed to *Hunt's Merchant's Magazine* and occasionally to newspapers articles on these subjects, which were not without influence on public opinion. When, at the opening of the Civil War, the establishment of a national banking system was in contemplation, he wrote out a plan of which important use was made in the system adopted. Several of his articles were issued in pamphlet form.

On December 3, 1849, he married Miss Harriet Allen Butler, daughter of Benjamin F. Butler, LL.D., of New York, who was Attorney General in the cabinets of Presidents Jackson and Van Buren. In December, 1899, Mr. and Mrs. Dwight celebrated their golden wedding.

Mr. Dwight died at his home in New York City, May 20, 1900, at the age of 85 years. His widow, a daughter, and two sons survive. He was at one time actively identified with the Madison Square Presbyterian Church, and was a close personal friend of the Rev. Dr. William Adams, its first pastor. Recently he attended the University Place Presbyterian Church.

GEORGE WARNER NICHOLS, eldest of the seven sons and nine children of Rev. Samuel Nichols, D.D. (Yale 1811), and Susan Nexsen (Warner) Nichols, was born May 12, 1817, at Fairfield, Herkimer County, N. Y., where his father was at the time instructor in the Fairfield Academy.

Immediately after graduation he entered the General Theological Seminary in New York, where he studied two years. He was ordained Deacon by Bishop Onderdonk, and Priest by Bishop Brownell, October 21, 1842. During the twelve or fourteen years following he ministered to parishes at East Haven, Bantam Falls, Milton, and East Haddam, all in Connecticut, and then, as his health failed, in 1858 he engaged in business with his brother, Effingham H. Nichols (Yale 1841) in New York City, and resided in Brooklyn.

In 1860 he published a volume called "The Pastor's Wreath," and after his removal to Norwalk, Conn., "Letters from Waldegrave Cottage," second edition, 1888. In 1889 he gave a fund to Yale University to be used at the discretion of the Corporation. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from St. Stephen's College in 1889.

For a number of years Dr. Nichols had been in ill health, and his death occurred at his home in Norwalk, on February 16, 1900. His age was 82 years.

He married, March 24, 1870, Miss Elizabeth Ray Lott, daughter of Henry Lott of New York City.

1836

THOMAS DARLING, son of Thomas Darling (Yale 1803), an East India merchant of New York City, who died in 1843, and Frances (Frith) Darling, was born in the above city on April 13, 1816.

Upon graduation he entered business in his native city, and afterward gave his attention to manufacturing in Connecticut and New York. For several years he lived in North Carolina, where he was interested in a gold mine, but at the outbreak of the Civil War he came North, and served in the navy. After the war he engaged in coal mining in Ohio, but in 1868 he was forced to give up business owing to cataracts on both eyes which caused almost total blindness. A successful operation, however, in 1871, and another a year later, removed the trouble, and he was able to resume business, and was thenceforth connected with the Murray Hill Bank in New York City.

Mr. Darling died in New York City on September 23, 1899, at the age of 83 years. From early life he was a member of the Presbyterian Church. He never married.

PASCAL PAOLI PEMBROKE KIDDER, son of Nathaniel and Polly (Eddy) Kidder, was born in Wardsboro, Windham County, Vt., December 21, 1810. He was the youngest but two of fourteen children, all of whom reached mature life, and of whom four sons entered the ministry. He joined the Sophomore class at Yale after completing his Freshman year at Amherst College.

After graduation he spent a year and a half in teaching at Mayville, Chautauqua County, N. Y., and entered the General Theological Seminary in New York City, graduating from that institution in 1840. He was ordained Deacon by Bishop Brownell at Hartford, Conn., in July of that year, and Priest the following autumn at Bridgeport. He was Rector of Trinity Church, Branford, Conn., four years, then successively in New York State at Avon Springs, Albion, Ellicottville, and Dunkirk. After eight and a half years at Dunkirk, during which a new church was built, he resigned, but continued to reside there. In the autumn of 1871 he received an appointment in the Treasury Department, but preached regularly. He was later Rector at Salamanca for over four years, and during this time, through his efforts, a new church was built and consecrated. His last charge was at Forestville, nine miles from Dunkirk.

He married, on September 21, 1840, Miss Emeline Burrows of Mayville, eldest daughter of Jabez B. Burrows, one of the earliest settlers on the borders of Chautauqua Lake.

Mr. Kidder died at Dunkirk on January 3, 1899, in his 88th year, leaving six daughters and one son.

WILLIAM THOMPSON, of Virginia parentage, son of George Claiborne and Mary McClung (McDowell) Thompson, was born at Shawnee Springs, Mercer County, Ky., May 16, 1814. He entered Yale in November, 1832, and after graduating returned to Kentucky and became a planter. In 1857 he emancipated his slaves who were willing to go to Liberia, thirty-six in number, and allowed others to choose homes in Kentucky. He then removed to Keokuk, Ia., and became a banker and erected a large business house, but lost heavily, and in 1871 went to Florida and began orange-growing. In 1873 he removed to Palatka, Fla., to practice law, and was for one term county judge for Putnam County.

He was an elder of the Presbyterian Church in Harrodsburg, Ky., also in Keokuk and Palatka.

At the fiftieth anniversary of his graduation he attended Commencement, and presented to the President for preservation the club which as Class Bully had been given him by his class when he graduated.

He died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. J. H. Haughton, in Palatka, February 2, 1900, in his 86th year.

He was married three times. His first wife was Zilpha A. Clarke of Mississippi, daughter of Joshua G. Clarke, whom he married November 30, 1836. She died in 1858, leaving four children, of whom two daughters are living.

His second wife was Sallie Thompson of Kentucky, who died in 1862, and left no children.

His third wife was Emma McGruder Clarke, daughter of Staley M. Clarke, and cousin of his first wife. She died in July, 1873, leaving five children, of whom four daughters survive him.

RICHARD HOOKER WILMER, son of the Rev. William H. Wilmer, D.D. and Marian (Cox) Wilmer, was born on March 15, 1816, at Alexandria, Va.

After graduation at Yale he studied three years in the Episcopal Theological Seminary near Alexandria, and was ordained

Deacon by Bishop Moore on March 31, 1839, and Priest in 1840. Except in 1843-44, when he was in charge of St. Paul's Church, Wilmington, N. C., he was for over twenty years Rector of various parishes in Virginia.

He was consecrated the second Protestant Episcopal Bishop of Alabama in St. Paul's Church, Richmond, Va., on March 6, 1862.

Bishop Wilmer's sympathies were strongly with the South in the Civil War. In 1887 he published recollections of the "Recent Past from a Southern Standpoint." He also published a "Guide Book for Young Churchmen," and many sermons.

He received the degree of D.D. from the College of William and Mary in 1850, also from the University of the South in 1883, and of LL.D. from the University of Oxford, England, in 1867, also from the University of Alabama in 1880.

He married, October 6, 1840, Margaret, daughter of Gen. Alexander Brown, of Nelson County, Va.

Bishop Wilmer died at Spring Hill, Mobile, Ala., on June 14, 1900, at the age of 84 years.

1838

WILLIAM WOODBRIDGE RODMAN, son of William Woodbridge and Lucy Sheldon (Woodbridge) Rodman, was born in Southington, Conn., April 1, 1817.

In 1839-40 he taught at the Academy in Stonington, Conn., and was then obliged to take a respite on account of impaired health. On recovering he commenced the study of medicine in Stonington, continued it in the laboratory of Prof. Charles W. Shepard in Charleston, S. C., and completed his medical course in Philadelphia, graduating at Jefferson Medical College in March, 1844. In September of that year he began the practice of medicine in Waterbury, Conn. In 1860 he removed to New Haven and resided there through life.

He early became interested in homœopathy, and was convinced of the general correctness of its principles, but never adopted it as an exclusive system. The winter of 1848-49 he spent in a water-cure establishment, for the purpose of studying its processes and results. Various other therapeutic methods, as taught by their advocates, he investigated one by one.

In 1860 he received an appointment as Professor of Physiology in the New York Homœopathic Medical College, but owing to the pressure of other duties he retained the place but a short time. During his residence in Waterbury he was for several

years an active member of the board of education of that city. In later years he gave much time to genealogical researches, particularly of the families to which he was related. He printed a number of essays and pamphlets on genealogical and medical topics. In 1862 he succeeded Edward Strong as Secretary of his class, and after much labor issued in 1879 a "Biographical Record of the Class of 1838," with a Supplement in 1889. He united by letter with the College Church, August 2, 1835, and for over thirty years previous to his death was a member of the Center Church in New Haven.

He died of acute bronchitis at his home on March 29th, 1900, three days before his 83d birthday.

November 26, 1844, Dr. Rodman married Miss Jerusha, the eldest daughter of Judge Benjamin Pomeroy of Stonington. Of their four children, one daughter married Rev. Charles H. Hamlin (Yale 1871). Mrs. Rodman died in 1871, and Dr. Rodman married her sister, Miss Anna Grosvenor Pomeroy, by whom he had two sons, graduates of the Sheffield Scientific School in 1896 and 1898.

1839

CHARLES JANEWAY STILLÉ was born in Philadelphia, Pa., September 23, 1819, and was the son of John Stillé, a prosperous East India merchant, and Maria (Wagner) Stillé, and a great-great-grandson of Olof Person Stillé, who came to the shores of the Delaware with the Swedish expedition under Governor Printz in 1641, as the millwright of the colony.

After graduation he studied law but did not seek extensive practice, preferring to devote his time to literary pursuits. During the Civil War he was an active and useful member of the United States Sanitary Commission, and afterwards became the historian of the Commission.

In 1866 he was made Professor of Belles Lettres, English Language and Literature, in the University of Pennsylvania, where his brother Alfred (Yale 1832) was Professor, and in 1868 he was elected Provost of the University. During his administration of fourteen years he introduced the elective system of studies, established the Towne Scientific School, and removed the institution from 9th street to its present location in West Philadelphia.

In 1888 he was chosen Vice-President of the Pennsylvania Historical Society, and in 1892 succeeded the late Brinton Coxe as

President. His first large work was "The Life and Times of John Dickinson," written at the request of the trustees of the Publication Fund of the Society in 1891. He made many valuable contributions to the Pennsylvania Magazine, and other writings have won high praise from historians and literary authorities. His first war pamphlet, "How a Free People Conduct a Long War," attracted such widespread attention that over half a million copies were printed.

In 1893, he finished, "as a labor of love," the work entitled "Major-General Anthony Wayne and the Pennsylvania Line in the Continental Army." His last literary work was to edit a "Memoir of Dr. George Logan of Stenton," which was published a few weeks before his death.

He received the degree of Doctor of Laws from Yale University in 1868.

He died of heart failure, at Atlantic City, N. J., August 11, 1899, having nearly completed his 80th year. He had been ill for several months, and had left his Philadelphia home in the hope that the sea air would prove beneficial.

He married, April 21, 1846, Anna W., daughter of Joseph H. Dulles (Yale 1814), and sister of his classmate, Joseph H. Dulles, who survives him without children.

By his will Dr. Stillé left to Yale University a generous fund, the income of which is to be devoted to defraying the expenses of undergraduates in History and Political Science.

1841

CHARLES PHILIP HELFENSTEIN, son of John Philip and Elizabeth (Leonard) Helfenstein, was born in Carlisle, Pa., September 12, 1820, but entered college from Dayton, O.

He left his class after the spring vacation of Senior year on account of his father's financial difficulties, but in 1880 he received the degree of M.A. from Yale, and since 1883 his name has been enrolled in the Triennial Catalogue among the graduates of 1841.

Mr. Helfenstein studied law at Pittsburg, Pa., with his brother-in-law, Judge Patton, and then returned to Dayton for a time. For several years he was in Milwaukee, Wis., assisting his brother, I. Albert Helfenstein, in the United States Land Office, and then removed to Shamokin, Pa., which was afterwards his home, and where he was successfully engaged with his brother, W. L. Helfenstein, in developing the anthracite coal mines.

He belonged to the Protestant Episcopal Church until 1876, when he united with the Reformed Episcopal Church. He was for years actively engaged in Sunday School and Young Men's Christian Association work.

He married, November 6, 1855, Miss Caroline Hill Perkins, of Exeter, N. H., daughter of Jeremiah C. and Esther Ann (Colcord) Perkins.

Mr. Helfenstein died at Shamokin, February 15, 1900, aged 79 years. Two sons and two daughters survive him, of whom the sons graduated from Yale in 1880 and 1896.

CHARLES SHERMAN MINOR, son of Sherman and Jerusha E. (Norton) Minor, was born at Washington, Conn., on January 11, 1817, but soon removed to Roxbury, Conn., and from there entered college.

After his graduation he taught at the academy in Wellsborough, Pa., two years, meantime studying law under James Lowrey, Esq. (Yale 1824). The following year he was in the Yale Law School, and was admitted to the bar in New Haven. In October, 1844, he went to Honesdale, Pa., was admitted to the bar of Wayne County in December, and practiced his profession in that place for over half a century. For many years he was also a manufacturer of glassware. In the summer of 1862 he was appointed by Gov. Curtin a Commissioner to make the first draft for troops, and was occupied with this until winter. In the fall of 1863 he took a position in the Treasury Department at Washington for several months, and was sent to California on the business of the Department. The change of climate and work restored his health, which had become impaired. From 1869 he was a trustee of the Pennsylvania State Hospital for the Insane.

He married, March 19, 1846, Miss Harriet I. Bache, who died five months afterward of a malignant fever then epidemic in the town. He married for his second wife, March 30, 1848, Miss Nancy P. Brown, of Utica, N. Y.

Mr. Minor died at his home, on May 6, 1900, at the age of 83 years, leaving a wife and two daughters. His death was due to the infirmities of age accompanied by kidney trouble. A number of years ago he withdrew from the Presbyterian church of which he had long been a member.

EFFINGHAM HOWARD NICHOLS, second of the seven sons of Rev. Samuel Nichols, D.D. (Yale 1811), and Susan Nexsen (Warner) Nichols, was born on November 17, 1821, at Bedford, Westchester County, N. Y., where his father was at the time Rector of St. Matthew's Protestant Episcopal Church. He was a nephew of Effingham Howard Warner, a successful New York merchant, and one of the founders of St. Bartholomew's Church. During his college course his father moved to Greenfield Hill, Conn., the seat of the Academy taught by the elder Dwight and Jeremiah (afterward President) Day.

Upon graduation he declined the chair of mathematics in the University of Virginia, and entered the law office of J. Prescott Hall (Yale 1817), and Charles E. Butler, with whom the Hon. William M. Evarts (Yale 1837) soon became a partner. For a short time from 1844 he was with John W. Nelson, and then practiced by himself. He gained many important cases, and was connected as counsel with the organization and consolidation of large railroad enterprises. During his later years he devoted himself principally to real estate law, and to the management of family and a few other interests intrusted to his care, and in these he was unusually successful, notably so in the development of certain valuable properties in and near New York.

The interests of the Class of 1841 always commanded his warm and generous support. He more than any other one man made possible the publishing of its very complete Semi-Centennial Record. In 1886 he received the degree of LL.D. from the University of the South.

He was deeply interested in the establishment of the musical department at Yale, and was one of the executive committee of the Fairfield County (Conn.) Alumni Association, when that Association in 1888 suggested to the Corporation the advisability of establishing a school of music.

He married, on April 9, 1845, Miss Elizabeth Seabury, daughter of Seabury Tredwell. She died on January 7, 1880, leaving a daughter. He afterward married Caroline, youngest daughter of Nathan Robins, of Metuchen, N. J.

Dr. Nichols died after a week's illness, on November 4, 1899, at his summer home in Greenfield Hill, Conn. His age was 77 years and 11 months. His widow and daughter survive him.

He had been a member of the Union League Club since 1865, and was a Fellow of the National Academy of Design, and of

the London Society of Science and Art. He was a devoted Churchman, and at the time of his death was connected with the Church of the Heavenly Rest in New York City.

RICHARD STORRS WILLIS, son of Deacon Nathaniel and Hannah (Parker) Willis, was born in Boston, Mass., February 10, 1819. He was the youngest brother of the poet N. P. Willis (Yale 1827) and of Sara Payson Willis, who became famous as "Fanny Fern." His father founded and edited the *Boston Recorder* (now *The Congregationalist*) and the *Youth's Companion*.

During his student days Mr. Willis did much to advance the musical interests of the college. He composed vocal and instrumental music and arranged many German part songs. He was the author of the familiar "Gaudeamus," and wrote the "Thoughts at Parting," sung by his class July 7, 1841. In Sophomore and Senior years he was President of the Beethoven Society, and his address at the Commencement Concert on "Head-music and Heart-music" was published by that Society. Among his instrumental pieces of this period the "Glen Mary Waltzes" retained their popularity for a long term of years.

In the spring following his graduation, Mr. Willis sailed for Germany to make a thorough study of the science of music. He had the good fortune to pass a summer in company with Mendelssohn, and to have several of his compositions revised by that great master.

During a winter passed in Homburg, his familiarity with German enabled him to perform some literary service for Gustav, the reigning Landgrave of Hesse-Homburg, who conferred upon him, June 26, 1848, a diploma, with the honorary title of Professor.

After an absence of over six years, he returned to America in the autumn of 1848, and the following winter taught music and German in New Haven. Among his pupils were a number of professors and tutors, who formed a class for the practice of colloquial German.

He afterwards went to New York, and wrote for the *Albion*, the *Tribune*, the *Musical Times*, and the *Catholic World*. In 1850 he published "Church Chorals and Choir Studies." In 1852 he taught music in the Rutgers and Spingler Institutes, and was chorister at Rev. Dr. Cheever's church, New York, and the same year bought the *Musical Times*, which he consolidated with the

Musical World under the name of the *Musical World and Times*, and edited for several years. In 1856 he published a volume on "Our Church Music," which has received high commendation. In 1862 he started the art magazine, *Once a Month*. During the war he wrote the words and music of his "Anthem of Liberty," and won a prize offered for the best national song. He afterwards wrote the song "Why, Northmen, Why?" and others of a patriotic type.

He married, September 30, 1851, Miss Jessie Carnes, whose home at Roslyn, R. I., adjoined those of Bryant and Parke Godwin. She died seven years later, leaving three daughters. October 3, 1861, Mr. Willis married at Kalamazoo, Mich., Mrs. Alexandrine Macomb Campau, formerly Miss Sheldon of Detroit.

About 1872, he went abroad to complete the education of his children, and remained four or five years. While he was living at Nice, his three daughters met and afterward married Lieutenants Ward, Emory and Broadhead, three officers of the flagship "Franklin," of the United States Navy, which was lying near the city. At this time Mr. Willis collected his national songs and miscellaneous lyrics into a volume, called "Waif of Song," the first copies of which were sold during the Nice carnival of 1876, for the benefit of the poor.

For many years he divided his time between Detroit and New York, but large property interests at length required his constant presence in Detroit. In 1883 he published a volume of poems entitled "Pen and Lute." Mr. Willis was a leader in social, musical and literary circles, and in 1887 was elected President of the Public Library Commission of Detroit, serving most acceptably for twelve years.

Until the last year Mr. Willis had enjoyed exceptionally good health, and devoted some time each day to literary and musical composition. On the day before his death while preparing for church he fainted. A few hours later his condition grew rapidly worse, and he died from heart failure, May 7, 1900, at the age of 81 years. His widow and three daughters survive him. For many years he had been a Roman Catholic, and the funeral service was held at the Jesuit Church of Saints Peter and Paul.

1843

ROBERT AIKMAN, son of Robert Aikman, was born in New York City, June 29, 1816.

For over a year after graduation he was in charge of the Norwich Town (Conn.) High School. In December, 1844, he entered Union Theological Seminary, and was for a time superintendent of a mission for colored children at Five Points, New York. After finishing his theological course in 1847, he was ordained and installed on November 11, 1847, Pastor of the Congregational Church in Coventry, R. I. During the year 1850 and a part of the next year he was associated with Rev. Dr. Beman in the pastorate of the First Presbyterian Church in Troy, N. Y., and in September, 1851, was settled over the newly organized Third Presbyterian Church in Elizabeth, N. J. This charge he resigned in 1869 to accept a call from the Presbyterian Church in Madison, N. J. After a successful pastorate there of twenty-five years, he was made Pastor Emeritus in 1894, and retired from active work.

In 1871 he was Moderator of the Synod of New Jersey, and from 1874 to 1881 was President of the New Jersey State Alliance. In 1875 he received the degree of Doctor of Divinity from Princeton University.

He married, on January 27, 1848, Miss Jerusha Leffingwell daughter of James Stedman (Yale 1801) of Norwich, Conn. After her death he married in 1866 Mrs. Mary G. Rankin.

Dr. Aikman died of apoplexy at his home in Madison, on May 12, 1900, in his 84th year. His widow and one son survive him.

WYLLYS ATWATER, the last survivor of the seven children of Major Lyman and Clarissa (Hotchkiss) Atwater, was born in New Haven, Conn., December 9, 1821.

For about four years after graduation he taught school successively at Fairfield, Conn., in Brooklyn, N. Y., and at Bennington, Vt. From 1847 to 1855 he was the cashier of banks at Southport and Seymour, Conn., and from 1855 to 1867, cashier of the Tradesmen's Bank in New Haven. Since 1867, his health had not been good, and he retired from active business.

His hip was broken by a fall on October 5, 1899, and the complications resulting from this caused his death on November 28. He had nearly completed his 78th year.

He married, on July 3, 1855, a daughter of Elihu Sanford of New Haven, Miss Harriet Sanford, who survives him without children.

SYLVESTER HINE, son of Laban Bronson and Clarissa (Stone) Hine, was born in Middlebury, Conn., on March 16, 1818.

After graduation he entered the Theological Institute of Connecticut at East Windsor, completing his course there in 1846. He was ordained at Ticonderoga, N. Y., September 20, 1848, and was dismissed the following August. After supplying a year at Abington, Conn., in 1851 he was settled at Thorndike, Mass., but was dismissed in May, 1854, on account of ill health. From 1855 until 1878 he was acting pastor successively at Groton, Conn., for six years, at Northbridge, Mass., and Staffordville, Conn., three years each, and at Higganum, Conn., for ten years. He then resided at East Hartford and Hartford, Conn., without charge, but during part of this time he was associate editor of the *Religious Herald*. For several years he was afflicted with blindness.

He married, on October 19, 1848, Miss Anna Grant, daughter of Rev. Newton and Ursula (Wolcott) Skinner, of East Windsor Hill, Conn.

Mr. Hine died at his home on July 28, 1899, at the age of 81 years. One daughter survives him.

EDWARD WRIGHT ROBBINS, eldest son of Rev. Royal Robbins (Yale 1806) and Martha (Wright) Robbins, was born May 17, 1822, at Kensington, a parish of Berlin, Conn., in which his father was the Congregational pastor for forty-three years. While in college he was editor of the *Yale Literary Magazine*, 1842-43, also President of Linonia.

The six months immediately succeeding graduation Mr. Robbins taught school in Meriden, Conn., and the following six months he was a private tutor on a plantation at Eastville, Va. He then studied law successively at Troy, N. Y., in Boston and in Baltimore, but was never admitted to the bar on account of ill health. From 1847 to 1858 he resided in New York City and at South Kingston, R. I. During a part of this time he was teaching. In 1858 he returned to Kensington, which was his residence until 1894, when he removed to Bristol, R. I. He was an instructor in the State Normal School at New Britain, Conn., from 1858 to 1860. For fourteen months from June, 1869, he traveled abroad, visiting many countries.

For many years he devoted much time to literary pursuits, writing a poem on the Bicentennial of the Town of Bristol, R. I., in 1880, and Historical Sketches of (Kensington) Berlin, Conn., in 1886. He contributed a poem for the twenty-fifth anniversary of his class, also frequently to the *Hartford Courant*, *New Englander*, and other periodicals.

He married, on October 23, 1872, Miss Marian Pearse, daughter of Albert S. Pearse, of Bristol, R. I.

He died, after many years of general debility, at his home in Bristol, R. I., November 7, 1899, at the age of 77 years. His wife survives him without children. He was a member of the Congregational Church in Bristol at the time of his death, and for many years previous of the First Congregational Church in Berlin.

JOHN MONROE SIBLEY. See page 739.

1846

JOHN WOODBRIDGE BIRCHMORE, son of William Birchmore and Juliana (Bissell) Birchmore, formerly of Windham, Conn., and the daughter of Col. Hezekiah Bissell (Yale 1762), was born on February 14, 1822, at Charlestown, Mass., where his father was a surgeon in the United States Navy Yard.

After graduation he taught a year in Westmoreland Co., Va., and then studied theology in the Berkeley Divinity School at Middletown, Conn. He was ordained Deacon by Bishop Brownell March 4, 1849, and Priest in 1850. His first charge was St. John's Church, Millville, Mass., from 1849 to 1852. The following winter he was at St. Mary's Church, Dorchester, Mass., and from 1853 to 1859 was Rector of Christ Church, Geneseo, N. Y. After a winter in Rochester, N. Y., he served as Rector of St. Paul's Church, Flint, Mich. From 1869 to 1875 he was Rector of Christ Church, Hyde Park, Mass., and the following three years of the Church of the Good Shepherd, Clinton, Mass., and the next three years of St. John's Church, Abilene, Kan. During 1881-82 he ministered to Trinity Church, Camden, N. Y., and the year after he had the care of a mission at Edwardsville, Ill. For several years from 1883 he was Rector of Grace Church, Muncie, Ind. Since 1893 he had been an assistant in St. James's Church, North Cambridge, Mass.

He was the author of "Prophecy Interpreted by History," 1871, and the tract, "Historical Christianity," 1886. He con-

tributed to the *Church Review* and other periodicals. In 1872 he received the honorary degree of Master of Arts from Trinity College.

He married, on May 5, 1853, Mary Jane, daughter of Elijah Morse of Boston, Mass., by whom he had two sons and two daughters.

He died at his home in Cambridge, Mass., March 21, 1900, at the age of 78 years.

1847

HENRY TROWBRIDGE WISWALL, son of Thomas and Sarah F. (Trowbridge) Wiswall, was born in Exeter, N. H., on April 26, 1823. He did not join the class until Sophomore year. He passed his final examinations, but left before Commencement and did not receive his degree until 1875.

He studied law in Dover, N. H., and after admission to the bar practiced there several years. In August, 1864, he removed to Washington, D. C., and was for two years in the Paymaster's Department of the U. S. Government, after which he was admitted to practice in all the courts of the District of Columbia.

He married, on November 26, 1854, Miss Lucretia, daughter of Deacon Asa Perkins of Dover, N. H., who died April 26, 1864, leaving one son. In March, 1870, he married Lizzie, daughter of Rev. O. Ayer. She died in May, 1877, leaving two daughters.

Mr. Wiswall's death occurred in Washington, D. C., on October 16, 1899. His age was 76 years.

1848

JOHN PARKINSON HUBBARD, son of John Hubbard (Harv. 1785) of Boston, Mass., and Jane (Parkinson) Hubbard, was born on June 1, 1820, in London, England. While preparing for college he dropped his studies for a year and made a voyage with his brother-in-law to China, returning in June, 1837. In 1842 he decided to enter the ministry, with a view to foreign missionary service, but his health was a barrier to this hope. He joined his class in the Sophomore year.

After graduation he studied theology at the Protestant Episcopal Seminary at Alexandria, Va., and was ordained Deacon by Bishop Meade, July 10, 1851, preaching during the year in behalf of the China Mission. He was then Rector of St. John's Church,

Northampton, Mass., until November, 1856, and for the two years following, of Christ Church, Bay Ridge, N. Y. Afterwards he was successively Rector of Christ Church, Westerly, R. I., of the Church of the Strangers, Washington, D. C., of Trinity Church, Shepherdstown, W. Va., and of St. Matthew's, Philadelphia. One year he assisted Dr. Cullis at the Consumptives' Home, in Boston, and devoted another year chiefly to evangelistic work. In 1893, on account of failing health, he was made Rector Emeritus of St. Matthew's Church, after which he performed occasional service.

He married at Trinity Church, Washington, D. C., on June 28, 1849, Adelaide, daughter of James W. McCulloh, First Comptroller of the United States Treasury. Of their twelve children, five daughters and one son survive, of whom the eldest, Mary A., was the Class child and received the Class Cup in 1851. One son graduated at Williams College.

On his 78th birthday Mr. Hubbard was seized with *angina pectoris*, and died at Germantown, Pa., October 12, 1899, at the age of 79 years.

FRANCIS TOWNSEND JARMAN, son of Francis Turnbull and Catherine W. (Townsend) Jarman, was born in New Haven, Conn., on February 16, 1828.

Soon after graduation he entered mercantile life, and in 1853 opened a book and stationery store, which was located for many years in the Exchange building on Church street. He made a specialty of religious literature.

He married, on October 21, 1857, Jane A., daughter of Thomas Scranton of Madison, Conn., and had one son, who died in 1868. Mrs. Jarman died in May, 1890.

Mr. Jarman died of heart disease at his home on College street November 5, 1899, at the age of 71 years. Since 1851 he had been a member of the United (formerly the North) Church. He was sincerely respected by all who knew him, either in business or in social life.

GEORGE WHITE, son of Nathaniel White, originally of Weymouth, Mass., and Mehitabel, daughter of Theophilus Curtis of Boston, was born in Quincy, Mass., November 9, 1821. He went from Yale to Harvard as a Junior in October, 1846, but remained there only six weeks, and returned to Yale. He was President of Linonia in 1847.

After graduation he entered the Harvard Law School and remained until May, 1850, and then continued his studies in the office of Hon. Robert Rantoul in Boston. Soon after his admission to the bar in October, 1851, he became the partner of Mr. Rantoul under the firm name of Rantoul & White. In the same year he bought an interest in and edited the *Quincy Patriot*. After the death of Mr. Rantoul he entered into a partnership with Hon. Asa French (Yale 1851), which continued until 1858.

Mr. White took an active interest in the schools of Quincy, serving for several years on the school committee. He was also deeply interested in the Unitarian Society there, and was for many years the superintendent of its Sunday School.

In 1853 he was elected a member of the State Constitutional Convention of Massachusetts, and in 1857 was chosen President of the Young Men's Convention held at Worcester, which nominated Nathaniel P. Banks for Governor.

In July, 1858, he was appointed Judge of Probate and Insolvency for Norfolk County, Mass., and held the office during the remaining forty years of his life. Aside from his judicial duties, he had the care of many trust estates.

He married, on October 28, 1863, Miss Frances Mary Edwena Noyes, daughter of Edward Noyes, a prominent druggist of Boston.

Since 1863 Judge White had been a resident of Wellesley, and was about to occupy his handsome new home there when he was taken ill, and after about four weeks died from a cerebral hemorrhage, on July 29, 1899, at the age of 77 years. Mrs. White, with two sons and a daughter, survive him.

1849

SHEARJASHUB BOURNE was born at Bristol, R. I., on December 28, 1822, and was the son of Shearjashub Bourne, and a direct descendant of Richard Bourne, missionary to the Mashpee Indians of Cape Cod, Mass., about 1658. Intending that his family should ultimately return to the English home, the pioneer gave his son the old Hebrew name Shearjashub, signifying "A remnant shall return"—a name which has continued through the generations.

After graduation he taught a year in Madison County, Ky., and then entered Andover Theological Seminary, graduating in 1853. After preaching six months in Monson, Mass., and filling other brief engagements, he was ordained and installed over the

First Congregational Church in Flushing, Long Island, N. Y., December 6, 1854. He was obliged by ill health to resign his pastorate on April 4, 1859, and during the three years following was engaged in business in New York City. In 1862 he formed the Harlem Congregational Church, of which he was pastor for nine years,—until May, 1871. After a European tour of nine months he was acting pastor of the Congregational Church in Ellington, Conn., from November, 1872, to June, 1875, and for the next eight years was settled over the First Congregational Church in Paterson, N. J. He spent the next six years on a farm at Barrington Center, R. I., preaching at a mission near his home. In 1889 he organized a Congregational Church in Bedford Park, N. Y., of which he was pastor until his retirement from active duties in 1895.

He married, on July 15, 1863, Miss Susan Ketchum, daughter of Edgar Ketchum, a lawyer of New York City.

Mr. Bourne died on March 21, 1900, in his 78th year. Six of his seven children survive.

WILLIAM LAWRENCE CLARK was born at Winchester, Va., January 16, 1830, the second son and third of the seven children of Hon. William Lawrence and Louisa Morrow (Peyton) Clark. He entered the class at the beginning of Junior year.

After graduation he studied law with his father, was admitted to the bar in November, 1851, and from that time forward, except during the Civil War, practiced his profession in his native city.

During the Civil War he served under Gen. Stonewall Jackson, as captain of the Stonewall (Virginia) Brigade. He was severely wounded July 21, 1861, at the first battle of Manassas, but served until April 9, 1865, and carried the ball in his body until it was removed in 1890.

From 1886 to January 1, 1894, he was Judge of the City Court of Winchester.

He married, April 19, 1862, Miss Mary Johnson Stuart of Staunton, Va., daughter of Dr. Chapman Johnson and Margaret (Baldwin) Stuart. Mrs. Clark died on December 15, 1877, leaving eight children, of whom four sons and three daughters survive.

Mr. Clark died of paralysis at the residence of his son in Northport, Long Island, N. Y., December 1, 1899, in his 70th year.

WILLIAM AUGUSTUS BALDWIN was born at Killingworth, Conn., on February 23, 1824.

After graduation he studied for two years at Bangor Theological Seminary, completing his course at New Haven in 1853. He was ordained at Peru, Ill., preaching and teaching there until the summer of 1854, when he went to Morris, Ill., about sixty miles southwest of Chicago. Then he preached at Whitewater, Wis., for about three years, and the following year in the First Congregational Church at Fond du Lac, Wis. Owing to a change in his religious views he then left the ministry, and after two years of legal study was admitted to the Wisconsin bar in 1862. In 1868 he came East on account of impaired health, and the next year, after a brief residence in Battle Creek, Mich., he was again obliged to come East and remain. From 1868 he practiced law in Philadelphia, residing at Waterford, N. J., and other suburban towns.

He married at Flushing, N. Y., on June 21, 1853, Julia S. Reynolds of East Hartford, Conn., by whom he had a son and four daughters. After her death he married again.

In 1896 Mr. Baldwin had a stroke of paralysis, from which he suffered the last years of his life both mentally and physically. He died in New York City in June, 1899, at the age of 75 years.

CHAMPION BISSELL, son of Josiah Bissell, was born in Rochester, N. Y., January 11, 1830.

After graduation he was with Wetmore & Co., iron merchants in New York City, until January 1, 1852. The year following he published the *American Whig Review*, and was afterwards a commission paper merchant. He was admitted to the bar in 1860. In 1861 he delivered a poem entitled "The Crisis" before the Phi Beta Kappa Society at Yale, and included it in a volume published the same year. In 1863 he went to Rockville, Conn., and established the *Tolland County Herald*. From 1871 for several years he edited and published the *New York Paper Trade Review*, but in later years practiced law.

In October, 1864, he married Josephine, daughter of Hon. John Wales (Yale 1801), of Wilmington, Del., and had two sons, one of whom graduated from the Sheffield Scientific School in 1890, and two daughters.

Mr. Bissell died in New York City, on January 1, 1899, of heart failure as a result of an attack of the grippe, in his 69th year.

JOHN ROBERT MILLS was born at Vicksburg, Miss., on June 13, 1829.

After graduation he spent several years in business in the New York branch of the house of R. & D. G. Mills, and then went to Galveston, Texas, and became a partner in that firm. For the last twenty years or more he was a planter in Brazoria, Texas.

He died there on September 9, 1898, but intelligence of the fact has just been received. His age was 69 years.

1851

WILLIAM AUGUSTUS ATLEE, fifth son of John Light Atlee, M.D., LL.D., and Sarah Howell (Franklin) Atlee, and great-grandson of Judge William Augustus Atlee, was born at Lancaster, Pa., on January 9, 1832.

After graduation he read law in the office of his uncle, Thomas E. Franklin, LL.D. (Yale 1828), for three years, and was admitted to the bar on August 25, 1854. He was District Attorney of Lancaster County for three years from October, 1865, and Mayor of the city of Lancaster from October, 1869, to October, 1871, being the first Republican ever elected to that office.

At the outbreak of the Civil War he volunteered as a private in Company F, First Pennsylvania Infantry, for three months, and at the expiration of that time was honorably discharged. As Captain of Company A, Twelfth Pennsylvania Militia, he responded promptly to the call for troops at the battle of Antietam in the summer of 1862, and in the summer of 1863, when the emergency call came at the time of the battle of Gettysburg, he served as Captain of Company F, Fifteenth Pennsylvania Militia.

Mr. Atlee was a charter member of the Law Library Association, and for a long time Vice-President of the Lancaster Bar Association. He was devoted to his profession, in which he gained a wide reputation as a reliable counsel and successful advocate.

He was chosen vestryman of St. James's Protestant Episcopal Church, April 13, 1857, warden, April 30, 1886, and was registrar

of the parish for over thirty years. He and his father sat together as vestrymen twenty-eight years, and the son succeeded his father as warden. Four generations of the family have served in the vestry of this church.

He married, on October 14, 1857, Elizabeth, daughter of Hon. Benjamin and Elizabeth B. Champneys, and had seven children, of whom two sons and a daughter survive. Mrs. Atlee died on March 8, 1899.

Mr. Atlee suffered a severe attack of pneumonia about two years ago, from the effects of which he did not entirely recover. He died at his home in Lancaster, of heart disease, on February 24, 1900, at the age of 68 years.

1852

HENRY CLAY HALLOWELL, son of Benjamin and Margaret E. Hallowell, was born at Alexandria, Va., June 16, 1829. He entered the class at the beginning of Sophomore year.

For three years after graduation he was associated with his father and his classmate Miller in conducting the Mathematical and Scientific School at Alexandria, of which his father was principal. In 1855, on account of ill health, he spent a year abroad, visiting several countries of Europe, but remaining longest in Italy. In 1857 he removed to "Rockland Farm," Sandy Spring, Montgomery County, Md., eighteen miles north of Washington, D. C., and continued to reside there during his life.

He devoted much of his time to farming, but from 1878 to 1892 conducted a school for girls. He frequently lectured on literary and scientific subjects, and in September, 1876, contributed the "Centennial Ode" at the celebration of the one hundredth anniversary of the organization of Montgomery County.

He married, on July 16, 1857, Sarah, daughter of Robert H. Miller, of Alexandria, and sister of his classmate, Francis Miller.

Mr. Hallowell died at his home on August 11, 1899, at the age of 70 years. His wife and seven of their eight children survive. He won in large measure the confidence and respect of his fellow men.

JOHN BAKER HENDRICKSON, son of George Ryerson and Cornelia Hendrickson, was born on October 1, 1829, in Savannah, Ga., where his father was a wholesale druggist.

He spent the winter following graduation in Savannah, and then fixed his residence in New York City. He began the study of medicine, but soon abandoned it for mercantile life, and after a time became his father's partner in the importation and refining of crude saltpeter. Together they managed the Croton Laboratory until the death of his father in 1877.

On April 5, 1864, he married Emma Olivia, daughter of Albert Clark, formerly the proprietor of the Breyvoort House in New York City.

For over a year before his death Mr. Hendrickson had suffered from a complication of diseases, but died suddenly at Milford, Pa., on July 24, 1899, at the age of 69 years. His widow survives, with his only child, a daughter, who is the wife of the Rev. Spencer S. Roche, of Brooklyn, N. Y. Mr. Hendrickson was long connected with the Church of the Holy Trinity, in Brooklyn.

WILLIAM PRESTON JOHNSTON, eldest son of General Albert Sidney and Henrietta (Preston) Johnston, was born in Louisville, Ky., on January 5, 1831. His mother died when he was four years of age, and his father soon afterward moved to Texas, leaving his son's early education under the care of maternal relatives in Louisville. He did not join the class until the third term of Junior year, but showed excellent scholarship, and won the Clark premium for English composition.

After graduation he studied law and received his diploma from the Law School of the University of Louisville, in March, 1853, and except for about two years in New York City, practiced his profession in Louisville until 1861.

He was a strong and active advocate of the principles of the South, and when war began he was among the first in his state to raise troops for the Confederate army. He aided in recruiting and equipping several companies in the summer of 1861, and was then appointed Major of the Second Kentucky Regiment, but was soon transferred to the First Kentucky Regiment, of which he subsequently became Lieutenant Colonel. As his regiment had been disbanded during his illness due to typhoid pneumonia and camp fever, in May, 1862, he became Aide-de-camp of Jefferson Davis, with the rank of Colonel. He was captured with Mr. Davis near Irwinsville, Ga., May 10, 1865, and imprisoned for several months in Fort Delaware. After his release he lived

nearly a year in exile in Canada, and then resumed his law practice in Louisville.

In February, 1867, he was invited to the chair of History, English Literature, and Political Economy in Washington and Lee University, at Lexington, Va., by Gen. Robert E. Lee, then its President, and held a professorship there for ten years. While at Lexington he prepared and published in 1878 a "Life of Albert Sidney Johnston," his father, who commanded the Confederate forces at Shiloh, and was killed in that battle. This biography has received high praise from fair-minded critics of North and South. In 1875 he received the degree of Doctor of Laws from Washington and Lee University.

In 1880 Colonel Johnston accepted the Presidency of the Louisiana State University at Baton Rouge, and reorganized it. In 1883, soon after Paul Tulane made his noble gift for higher education in Louisiana, President Johnston was requested by the trustees to take charge of the new institution of learning. The result was the merging in the following year of the University of Louisiana into the Tulane University at New Orleans, which, with its departments of arts and sciences, technology, law and medicine, the Sophie Newcomb College for women, and numerous preparatory schools, has developed under his care into the leading institution for higher education in the Southwest.

Colonel Johnston delivered many addresses before educational assemblies, which have been widely commended as giving a correct picture of the Old and New South.

Besides essays on literary, historical and pedagogical subjects, he frequently wrote strong and melodious verse, but rarely printed any until 1894, when he issued, chiefly for private distribution, a collection of his poems, under the title "My Garden Walk." In 1896 he published a supplementary volume, entitled "Pictures from the Patriarchs, and Other Poems."

Colonel Johnston married, at New Haven, on July 6, 1853, Rose Elizabeth, daughter of John N. Duncan, of New Orleans. She died on October 19, 1885, and their only son died in the same year. In April, 1888, Colonel Johnston married Margaret Henshaw Avery, of Baton Rouge, La.

For the last twelve years he had suffered from chronic bronchitis, and in the winter of 1899 his strength had been greatly diminished by a siege of the grippe, but his friends thought he would ultimately recover. In the vain hope of benefit he tried

the Virginia Hot Springs, and then went to the residence of his son-in-law, Hon. H. St. George Tucker, at Lexington, Va., where a week later he died, on July 16, 1899, at the age of 68 years. He left a widow and three daughters. President Johnston was a devout member of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

COOKE LOUNSBURY, son of Allen and Maria (Cooke) Lounsbury, was born on April 20, 1828, at Prospect, Conn., but entered college from Wallingford.

After graduation he taught one year each at the Academy in Wethersfield, Conn., and the Episcopal Academy at Cheshire, and then studied law with Col. Dexter R. Wright (Yale Law School 1848), of Meriden (afterwards of New Haven). Upon his admission to the bar at New Haven, September 7, 1855, Mr. Lounsbury at once formed a partnership with his instructor, which continued until 1857. He resided in West Meriden until January, 1859, when he removed to Hartford. During that year he was admitted to practice in the United States courts. He was clerk of the Connecticut House of Representatives in 1862, Judge of the City Court of Hartford in 1865 and 1866, City Attorney of Meriden the next two years, and Prosecuting Attorney for Hartford County from March, 1875, to July, 1881. At the time of his retirement, which was shortly before his death, he was one of the oldest members in point of practice of the Connecticut bar.

He married, on November 1, 1860, Mary Augusta Winship, daughter of Thomas Winship, of Hartford, who died August 20, 1861. He afterward married, on June 7, 1864, Isabella Spalding, daughter of Dr. James Spalding, of Montpelier, Vt., who survives him with one daughter and two sons, one of the sons having graduated at Yale in 1894.

Mr. Lounsbury died of apoplexy at Hartford, on April 23, 1900, at the age of 72 years.

He became a member of St. John's Protestant Episcopal Church in 1865, but for the last twenty years he had been a devoted member of the Catholic Apostolic Church. His warm and gentle nature drew to him many friends who honored him for the strength and wholesomeness of his character.

MARCUS LYON, son of Moses and Laura (Riggs) Lyon, was born at Genoa, Cayuga County, N. Y., on September 23, 1827.

After graduation he taught Latin and mathematics in Ithaca (N. Y.) Academy, studying law at the same time. He was admit-

ted to the bar there on July 11, 1854, and the next year was appointed District Attorney of Schuyler County. In November, 1856, he was elected District Attorney of Tompkins County, and held the office for eight years. In May, 1871, he was appointed Postmaster at Ithaca, but resigned in November, 1873, on being elected Presiding Judge of the County Courts. This office he held for about twenty years, retiring from the position and from active practice in 1892 on account of ill health. Judge Lyon was a member of the Board of Education of Ithaca for twelve years, and was a trustee of the First Congregational Church.

He married at Ithaca, on September 17, 1855, Susan Mann Schuyler, daughter of Philip C. and Lucy M. (Dix) Schuyler, who died September 17, 1896.

Judge Lyon died at Owego, N. Y., September 18, 1899, in his 72d year. One son (Cornell Univ. 1897) and two daughters survive him.

WILLIAM CARRINGTON MAYO, son of Edward Carrington Mayo (Yale 1811) and Adelaide Marks Mayo, was born at Richmond, Va., on January 8, 1834. He entered the class at the beginning of Junior year from Burlington College, Burlington, N. J.

After graduation he was for a short time engaged in engineering in Pennsylvania and Ohio, and then spent several years abroad, residing chiefly in Paris. At the outbreak of the Civil War he was kept in Paris for six months with a broken leg, but as soon as possible he came home, and ran the blockade into Charleston. He joined the Army of Northern Virginia and fought with distinction in many important battles, but he refused reward and remained a private until the end. He was wounded six times during the war. Although he fought on the side of the South, he afterward felt, as stated in a letter written in 1892, that the success of the Confederacy "would have been attended with the most deplorable results."

After the war he engaged in business in Richmond for a time, but also traveled extensively. Twice during his lifetime he made the journey around the world.

In 1888 he entered the State Department at Washington as clerk and translator, and a few months before his death was promoted to a position in the Diplomatic Corps. His knowledge of languages was marvelous. He was able, it is said, to read and write eleven languages, and to speak those of Continental Europe with fluency.

In 1891 he began the study of law in the Columbian University, and graduated as Bachelor of Laws in 1894, and Master of Laws in 1895. He was admitted to the bar, but did not practice. In 1895 Yale University gave him the honorary degree of Master of Arts. He was busy for many years compiling a collection of German idioms, and one of French idioms for the use of schools, and writing a History of the Society of the Cincinnati. Among his translations was that of "Black Beauty" into Spanish for the American Humane Society.

He married in 1870 Miss Ellen Margaretta Wise, daughter of Ex-Governor Henry A. Wise of Virginia.

He died of heart disease at Richmond, Va., on April 12, 1900, at the age of 66 years. He had been seriously ill only about two weeks. His widow survives him with four daughters and a son, who graduated from the Law Department of the University of Virginia in 1898.

MELANCTHON STORRS, eldest of the eleven children of William and Harriet E. Storrs, was born at Westford, in the town of Ashford, Conn., October 2, 1823. He entered the class at the beginning of Junior year from Brown University, and had previously begun the study of medicine.

The year after graduation he taught at the Deaf and Dumb Institution of New York City. In 1853 he received the degree of M.D. at the Yale Medical School, and settled as a physician in Colchester. In October, 1861, he joined the Eighth Regiment, Connecticut Volunteers, and soon became Brigade Surgeon. He was with Burnside's expedition in North Carolina, and afterwards in Virginia, and was in the battles of Fredericksburg, Antietam, Cold Harbor, and many others. At the end of the war he was Executive Surgeon of the Army Hospital at Fortress Monroe.

After leaving the army he settled in Hartford, Conn., and immediately took high rank as a surgeon. In 1887 he was one of the Vice-presidents of the surgical section of the International Medical Congress. He was chairman of the committee of the Connecticut Medical Society which secured the passage of the medical practice act, requiring physicians to be registered and examined before practicing. In 1891 he was President of this Society, and his paper read at the time on "The Health of our Public Schools" was published as a state document. He was also

in that year a member of the Berlin Medical Congress and was recognized by that body as a man of marked professional attainments. The next year he was President of the section of the Connecticut Medical Society on surgery, and presented a valuable paper on "A Century of Medical Progress—its Causative Conditions." For several years he rendered invaluable service to the Hartford Retreat and the Hartford Hospital, of both of which he was a director. For thirty-five years he was the chief medical adviser of the Connecticut General Life Insurance Company.

Dr. Storrs died at his home in Hartford on June 9, 1900, at the age of 76 years. He had been a deacon of the Center Church, and a member since 1873.

He married, November 9, 1853, Miss Jane D. Adams, of Boston, Mass., who died in 1896. Their two sons and a daughter survive him. He also left three brothers and two sisters.

1853

THEODORE BACON, son of Rev. Leonard Bacon, D.D. (Yale 1820), and Lucy (Johnson) Bacon, was born in New Haven, Conn., May 6, 1834, and was the youngest member of his class.

The year following graduation he spent in Iowa as a civil engineer on the Mississippi and Missouri Railroad, and the year after was a private tutor in New Orleans. He then entered the law office of Hon. H. R. Selden in Clarkson, near Rochester, N. Y., and was admitted to the bar in 1856. After two years of practice in Rochester Mr. Bacon spent two years abroad. At the outbreak of the Civil War he returned to New Haven, raised a company of volunteers, and the following September went to the front as Captain of Company F, Seventh Regiment, Connecticut Volunteers. He received special commendation for his part in the battle of Pocotalico, S. C. As Acting Assistant Adjutant General on Gen. Terry's staff, he was engaged in the operations against Fort Sumter and Charleston, and later took an active part against Richmond. In September, 1864, he was mustered out of the service, and returned to his law practice in Rochester.

In 1887 he was elected non-resident professor in the Law School of Cornell University. He was a trustee of the Industrial School and the Reynolds Library at Rochester, and of Wells College at Aurora, N. Y.

He contributed valuable essays to the *New Englander*, *Putnam's Monthly*, *Old and New*, *The Galaxy*, *Atlantic Monthly*, and (New York) *Nation*.

In 1896 Yale University conferred upon him the degree of Doctor of Laws.

He earnestly advocated wholesome measures of political reform careless of personal advancement; yet in 1886 he was a democratic candidate for Congress, and in 1898 was nominated for Governor on the Citizens' Union ticket.

He married, February 18, 1864, Miss Julia Selden, of Clarkson, N. Y., who survives him with two daughters and two sons. The sons are graduates of Yale in 1893 and 1896 respectively.

He died at his home in Rochester, after an illness of several weeks from a nervous disorder, on January 23, 1900, at the age of 65 years. For many years he was a member of St. Peter's Presbyterian Church. Unswerving devotion to principle was eminently characteristic of his life.

WILLIAM CULLEN BREWSTER, son of William and Harriet (Hamlin) Brewster, was born at McConnellsville, Morgan County, Ohio, on July 29, 1831, and entered College in January, 1850.

The year following graduation he took his degree of Bachelor of Law at the Cincinnati Law School, and soon afterward became junior partner in the banking house of Isett & Brewster in Muscatine, Ia. About ten years later he removed to New York, which had since been his home. He was one of the founders of the Plaza Bank, and its first President, retiring about 1895. He was also President of the Fifth Avenue Safe Deposit Company, and a director of the Second National Bank, and of many other financial institutions of the city.

He married, on June 23, 1857, Georgiana, daughter of Judge Joseph Williams, the first Chief Justice of Iowa, and afterwards Chief Justice of Kansas.

Mr. Brewster died suddenly of heart disease at his home, May 30, 1900, at the age of 69 years, leaving a widow and two daughters.

DAVID WHEELOCK BROOKS, son of Lanson and Mary (Smith) Brooks, was born December 29, 1829, at Madison, Ohio, and joined the class in August, 1852, from Western Reserve College.

After graduation he studied law in 1854-55 in New York and then in Cleveland, O., where he was admitted to the bar and practiced until 1861. He then removed to Detroit and continued his law practice, also serving for eight years on the board of education.

He married Emma D. Chilly, of Detroit, November 13, 1860.

Mr. Brooks had been in ill health for two years, and died of apoplexy, June 18, 1899, at the age of 69 years.

FRANK WAYLAND FELLOWES. See page 739.

CHARLES HARDING, son of Lyman and Sylvia (Smith) Harding, was born at Whately, Mass., November 21, 1826.

After graduation he spent three years at Union Theological Seminary, was ordained July 3, 1856, at Sunderland, Mass., and on August 18 of that year sailed for India to join the Marathi Mission of the American Board, where with the utmost fidelity and consecration he labored for over forty years. After a voyage of one hundred and forty-seven days from Boston he reached Bombay, and was stationed there for about five years. In 1862 he removed to Sholapur, but was again at Bombay from 1869 to 1876, when he returned to Sholapur. He visited America in 1868-69, and spent two years in Amherst, Mass., from 1880 to 1882.

He married on June 25, 1856, Julia M., daughter of Henry and Emily (Blakeslee) Terry, of Plymouth, Conn., who died February 11, 1867. He married on August 19, 1869, Elizabeth, daughter of Rev. Henry Ballantine, one of the veterans of the Marathi Mission, and Elizabeth (Darling) Ballantine.

Mr. Harding had gone for rest and change to Wai, India, where he died September 29, 1899, in his 73d year.

Two daughters are in missionary work at the Marathi Mission, one of them the wife of Rev. Henry Fairbank (B.D. Yale 1886). Besides these his widow, two daughters and four sons survive him.

HENRY CORNELIUS ROBINSON, son of David Franklin and Anne (Seymour) Robinson, was born in Hartford, Conn., August 28, 1832.

After graduation he studied law in the office of his brother, Lucius F. Robinson (Yale 1843), and after three years of practice alone, became his partner. After the death of his brother in

1861, Mr. Robinson continued the practice alone until, in 1888, he admitted his eldest son, Lucius F. Robinson (Yale 1885) to partnership, and later his son John T. Robinson (Yale 1893). The firm gained a preëminent position in the State, having charge of many corporation interests in addition to a large general practice. Mr. Robinson was leading counsel for the Republican party in the *quo warranto* proceedings growing out of the contest for the Connecticut governorship of 1891-93, and was a member of the board of arbitration appointed by the State in the litigation between Yale College and the Storrs Agricultural School, involving the disposal of the government agricultural funds. He was also one of the leading counsel and a director of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company, the presidency of which he declined a few years ago. He was a republican from the formation of the party and held many important offices. As fish commissioner in 1866 he did much to develop that industry. He was elected Mayor of Hartford in 1872, overcoming a large democratic majority, and gave the city an administration notable for its efficiency. He was three times nominated for Governor of the State. In 1879 he was elected to the General Assembly, of which he became the leader. As chairman of the judiciary committee he secured legislation which effected important reforms in judicial procedure. In 1880 he was a member of the National Republican Convention which nominated Garfield and Arthur, and drafted a considerable part of its platform. In 1887 he was the commissioner from Connecticut to the Constitutional centennial celebration at Philadelphia. He was offered the appointment of Minister to Spain by President Harrison, but declined.

He was closely identified with the business, philanthropic and educational interests of his city. He was a director of important insurance and banking companies and was a charter member and for several years President of the Hartford City Missionary Society, a director of the Hartford Hospital, and a trustee of the Wadsworth Atheneum. He was Vice-President of the Bar Association of Connecticut and of that of Hartford County, also a founder of the Connecticut Society of the Sons of the American Revolution. For over fifty years he was a member of the South Congregational Church, and one of the strong laymen of the denomination. He was in great demand on public occasions and among his many eloquent addresses were his orations at the dedication of the Putnam equestrian statue at Brooklyn, Conn.,

those on the death of President Garfield and General Grant, his addresses at the semi-centennial observances of the Hartford Public High School, at the first banquet of the Connecticut Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, upon the four hundredth anniversary of the birth of Martin Luther, and many Memorial Day addresses.

He frequently contributed to the *New Englander* and the *Yale Law Journal*, and had recently written a "Constitutional History of Connecticut." He was always active in promoting Yale interests by work and counsel and was the third President of the Hartford Yale Alumni Association. He was for years a lecturer in the Law School, on the ethics of the legal profession. He received the degree of LL.D. from Yale in 1888.

He married on his birthday, August 28, 1862, Miss Eliza Niles Trumbull, daughter of John F. Trumbull of Stonington, Conn.

For several months before his death Mr. Robinson had suffered from rheumatism, which later become complicated with symptoms of gout. He died at his home in Hartford, on February 14, 1900, at the age of 67 years. His widow, three sons and two daughters survive him. He leaves also two sisters, one the widow of J. Hammond Trumbull (Yale 1842), and the other the wife of Judge Nathaniel Shipman (Yale 1848).

1854.

THOMAS EGLESTON, son of Thomas and Sarah J. (Stebbins) Eggleston, was born in New York City, December 9, 1832.

After graduation he remained in New Haven and acted as assistant to Professor Silliman until March, 1855. The next two years he spent in European travel, and then entered the School of Mines in Paris, from which he graduated with honor in 1860. Upon his return to this country he was appointed in charge of the mineralogical collections in the Smithsonian Institution at Washington. After spending two years there, he prepared plans which were used in establishing a School of Mines as a department of Columbia College. In January, 1864, he was chosen Professor of Mineralogy and Metallurgy in the school, which opened with about 20 students, but which has steadily grown until its influence has been felt in all parts of the country. This professorship he held for thirty-three years and on his resignation in 1897 he was made Professor Emeritus.

Professor Egleston was one of the founders of the American Institute of Mining Engineers, and at one time its President, one of the founders of the American Meteorological Society, and of the Societies of Mechanical Engineers and Electrical Engineers. He was also a member of the Society of Civil Engineers and of the Iron and Steel Institute of Great Britain. In 1868 he was appointed a United States Commissioner to examine the fortifications of the coast, and in 1873 was one of the jurors of the International Exposition at Vienna. In 1874 he received the degree of Ph.D. from Princeton, and the same year that of LL.D. from Trinity College. In 1891 he was made a Chevalier and in 1895 Officer of the Legion of Honor of France.

Professor Egleston published "The Metallurgy of Gold and Silver in the United States" in two large volumes, a "Catalogue of Minerals and their Synonyms" in three editions, a "Life of Major-General Paterson of the Revolutionary Army," and many pamphlets on Metallurgy and related subjects.

He rendered a notable service to New York City by his efforts in saving Washington Square when it was threatened with obliteration during the Tweed régime. He devoted much time to the subject of the proper preparation of food for the sick, and had under his care a large and admirably equipped cooking school on the east side of the city.

Since 1878 he had been a vestryman of Trinity Church. He became President of the Bible and Common Prayer Book Society in 1871, and was Vice-President of the Protestant Episcopal City Mission Society from 1870 to 1877. In 1895 he was elected a trustee of the General Theological Seminary.

He married May 2, 1865, Miss Augusta McVickar, daughter of Edward McVickar of New York. She died in 1895, and in her memory her husband presented to Trinity Church a richly jeweled chalice.

Professor Egleston died of a complication of diseases at his New York home, in which he had lived for thirty years, on January 15, 1900, at the age of 67 years. He had no children. He bequeathed the large residue of his estate to Trinity Church, New York, for the maintenance of its parish schools.

JAMES KING HILL, son of Nathaniel P. and Matilda (Carrford) Hill, was born in Montgomery, Orange County, N. Y., on June 22, 1832.

After graduation he spent a few months in teaching at Sag Harbor, N. Y., and then studied at Harvard Law School until the summer of 1856, when he entered the law office of Brown, Hall & Vanderpoel. In May, 1857, he was admitted to the bar, and for several years thereafter practiced in partnership with his classmate, the late Gen. James C. Rice, under the name of Rice & Hill. He afterward organized the firm of Hill, Wing & Shoudy. In May, 1887, after thirty years of steady work, he withdrew in part from practice. His specialty was mercantile law, and in that he attained prominence. He was a member of the American Geographical Society, the Metropolitan Museum of Art, and the American Museum of Natural History.

He died of heart disease at Narragansett Pier, R. I., where he was temporarily staying, on September 5, 1899, at the age of 67 years. He was never married.

EDWARD SANFORD, son of Edward and Ursula (Whittlesey) Sanford, was born in Saybrook, Conn., August 28, 1833.

After graduation he moved to Morris, Ill., and at first taught school three years, also studying law meantime, and was admitted to the bar in 1857. He made a specialty of real estate law, investments and collections, and was solicitor in his vicinity for two important railroads.

He married, on May 2, 1855, Mary S., daughter of Hon. James A. Reading, of Morris.

Mr. Sanford died of pneumonia at his home in Morris, Ill., on March 18, 1900, at the age of 66 years. His widow, three sons and a daughter survive him.

1855

ELIJAH CONE was born in Locke, Cayuga County, N. Y., April 4, 1831, and was the son of Thomas Cone, a farmer. His name first appeared in the catalogue as a Sophomore.

After graduation he taught Latin and Greek in the academy at Cortland, N. Y., for two years, and then he taught four years in Chilton, Wis. When the Civil War began he enlisted as a private in the Fourth Infantry Regiment, Wisconsin Volunteers. In 1863 he resumed teaching in Chilton for a year, and then was in the office of the Provost Marshal of the Fifth District of Wisconsin from 1864 to 1866. He afterward spent some time in

Colorado and Wyoming. In 1870 he returned to Fond du Lac and engaged in teaching and grain trading, and later became editor of the Fond du Lac *Daily News*, holding this last position at the time of his death, which occurred on February 9, 1900. He had been missed for forty-eight hours, when his body was found frozen in the ice on the 11th of that month. He was in his 69th year. He was a member of the Congregational Church, and a republican in politics.

He married, on November 20, 1867, Miss Ellen Agnes Beall, a daughter of Governor Samuel Beall, of Wisconsin. Two children, a son and daughter, survive him.

DAVID LOW HUNTINGTON, son of Lynde Atwater and Margaret Adams (Low) Huntington, was born at Charlestown, Mass., April 10, 1834.

He received the degree of M.D. from the University of Pennsylvania in 1857, and practiced medicine until the Civil War. In March, 1862, he entered the regular army as Assistant Surgeon and served through the war, and in October of that year he was appointed Medical Director of the Department of Virginia. He was with Gen. Grant as Assistant Medical Director through the Vicksburg campaign, and was made Medical Director of the Army of Tennessee in November, 1864. From February 25 to June 30, 1865, he was Medical Director with the rank of Colonel in the Volunteer army.

He was later stationed at different army posts. From 1875 to July, 1880, he was at the Soldiers' Home, Washington, D. C., and while there, besides the regular duties of Surgeon-in-charge, he supervised, in connection with Dr. John S. Billings, the erection of the model hospital. From July, 1880, to March, 1887, he was in the Surgeon-General's office at Washington, D. C., and during this time completed satisfactorily the remaining volumes of the "Medical and Surgical History of the War," succeeding the late Dr. Otis as editor. Subsequently he was in charge of the executive business of the Surgeon-General's office.

In March, 1887, he was detailed to San Diego, Cal., and was afterward stationed successively at St. Augustine, Fla., Los Angeles, Cal., and in 1894-95 at Denver as Medical Director of the Department of the Colorado, U. S. A. In 1895 he succeeded Dr. Billings in charge of the library and museum of the Surgeon-General's office.

On August 18, 1862, he was made Lieutenant, was promoted to the rank of Captain in 1866, was appointed Major with rank of Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel in 1877, and was promoted to the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel in 1895, retiring upon reaching the age limit, April 10, 1898. He was delegate of the United States Government to the International Medical Congress at Moscow, Russia, in 1897.

He married at Philadelphia, May 9, 1860, Miss Anna Martha Allen, who died on November 8, 1861. She was the daughter of William Henry Allen, LL.D., who was for about twenty years President of Girard College. On September 29, 1869, Col. Huntington married Gertrude Elizabeth, daughter of Capt. W. R. Shoemaker, U. S. Army.

Upon his retirement Col. Huntington went at once to join his wife and daughter, then in Europe. He had planned to return to this country early in the summer of 1900, but late in September of 1899 he was suddenly attacked with a serious nasal hemorrhage, followed by other like attacks, but under medical care he rapidly improved. Symptoms of Bright's disease and of heart trouble had, however, developed, and he died suddenly at Rome, Italy, December 20, 1899, at the age of 65 years. His widow, a son (Yale, S. S. S. 1891) and a daughter survive.

A classmate who knew Col. Huntington well through life wrote of him that from college days the keynote of his character was integrity and fidelity.

CHARLES PIERCE STETSON, son of Hon. Charles Stetson (Yale 1823) and Emily J. (Pierce) Stetson, was born in Bangor, Maine, May 24, 1835.

After graduation he entered the law office of Rowe & Bartlett in Bangor, spent a year at the Harvard Law School, was admitted to the bar in July, 1857, and then formed a partnership with Joseph Carr of Bangor. From 1861 to 1875 he was District Attorney of Penobscot County. In later years various important trusts devolved upon him. He was Solicitor from 1870, and afterward President, of the European & North American Railway, Vice-President of the Merchants' National Bank, and Director of the First National Bank, the Union Insurance Company, and the Bangor Gas Light Company and the Bangor Bridge Company. In 1878 he was Alderman of the city of Bangor.

He married, May 24, 1875, Miss Annie S. Sawyer of Bangor.

Mr. Stetson died after a few days' illness from heart disease at his home in Bangor, September 29, 1899, at the age of 64 years. His widow and only son, who is a member of the class of 1900 in Yale College, survive him.

1856

GILBERT FIELD BAILEY, son of Solomon Bailey, was born at North Salem, Westchester County, N. Y., on October 12, 1833. In his Sophomore year he won two prizes in English composition, and in Junior year was elected an editor of the *Yale Literary Magazine*.

After graduation he began the study of law but before the end of his first year the death of his father compelled him to abandon his preparation for professional life and take charge of the homestead farm in Croton Falls, N. Y. Besides the pursuit of farming he frequently gave lectures in the winter season, and occasionally spoke in political campaigns.

He married on May 18, 1859, Miss Georgia Pierce of Dundee, N. Y.

His health had been failing for some time, and he died at his home in Croton Falls, November 3, 1899, at the age of 66 years, leaving a widow, two sons and one daughter.

ANDREW JACKSON BARTHOLOMEW, son of Adolphus and Lydia (Conant) Bartholomew, was born at Hardwick, Mass., on October 1, 1833.

After graduation he studied law a year in the office of Rice & Nelson, at Worcester, Mass., and completed his course at the Harvard Law School. He was admitted to the bar on February 1, 1858, and began practice in Southbridge, Mass. In the early part of the Civil War he raised a company of volunteers, intending to go into the field, but as his father could not spare both sons, his brother Nelson (Yale 1856) went to the front, and he remained at home.

For several years he was United States Collector of Internal Revenue for his district, and Commissioner of Insolvency for Worcester County. In 1867 he was a member of the lower house of the Massachusetts Legislature, and State Senator in 1871 and 1872. In 1894 he was appointed Judge of the First District Court of Southern Worcester County, and held that office at the time of his death.

He was deeply interested in historical research, and was President of the Southbridge Historical Society, of which he was the founder. In 1876 he delivered the oration at the reunion of the Bartholomew family at Branford, Conn., and on one occasion he was the Fourth of July orator at Woodstock, Conn.

Judge Bartholomew married Miss Ellen J. Trow of Southbridge, Mass, on May 15, 1862.

He died of Bright's disease after an illness of nearly a year, at Southbridge, on July 17, 1899, in the 66th year of his age.

LOUIS CHRISTOPHER FISCHER was born in Baltimore, Md., on August 13, 1834, and entered Yale in Sophomore year from Saint Mary's College.

The two years following graduation he devoted to a general course of reading at home, then studied law in the office of Brown & Brune, and practiced his profession for over twenty years. For a few years he was in partnership with E. J. D. Cross, Esq. In 1883, when the Baltimore Mercantile Trust and Deposit Company was formed he became its Secretary and Treasurer and afterwards its Secretary. He was unusually well-read, and had translated several novels from the German. His devotion to Yale had recently been shown in his activity in organizing the Yale Alumni Association of Maryland.

He married, on November 22, 1866, Miss Ann Franklin Gill, sister of General John Gill. She died July 24, 1887.

Mr. Fischer died at his home in Baltimore, after an illness of about six months from Bright's disease, on November 29, 1899, at the age of 65 years. He was a member of Saint Paul's Protestant Episcopal Church. Three sons and a daughter survive him.

JOHN DUNN WOOD, son of Ross W. Wood, was born in New York City, on October 5, 1837.

On graduation he entered the East India house of William A. Sale & Co., and three years later sailed for Singapore in the interest of this house and that of Crocker & Warren. In May, 1861, he returned to New York, and until 1866 was engaged in the shipping business, residing alternately in New York and England. From 1866 to 1890 he was an importing merchant in New York, after which he became the active partner in the firm of E. S. Higgins & Co., carpet manufacturers. In 1893 he retired from business.

He married, on December 10, 1868, Miss Alice R. Colgate of New York, who survives him with three children.

Mr. Wood died after a very brief illness at the Cambridge Hotel, New York, on February 12, 1900, at the age of 62 years.

1857

JOHN CALVIN DAY, son of Calvin and Catherine (Seymour) Day, was born at Hartford, Conn., on November 3, 1835.

After graduation he began the study of law in Hartford, and, after two extensive trips abroad, completed his course and was admitted to the bar in 1864. The next year he was Executive Secretary of State, and from 1865 to 1872 was in partnership with Hon. Lewis E. Stanton (Yale 1855), and afterwards practiced alone. He was counsel for the old Hartford, Providence & Fishkill Railroad, the National Exchange Bank and the Hartford Fire Insurance Company. On the death of his father in 1884 Mr. Day retired from the active practice of the law and succeeded him as director in various corporations. He was trustee of the American School for the Deaf and Dumb, and of the Retreat for the Insane. In 1887 he went abroad with his family, and had spent much of his time since then in travel and residence abroad. He became proficient in foreign languages, the study of which was a favorite pursuit through life.

He married, on June 17, 1869, Miss Alice Beecher Hooker, daughter of John and Isabella (Beecher) Hooker, and niece of the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, who officiated at the wedding. A sister of Mr. Day married his classmate, General Joseph C. Jackson.

Mr. Day died of paralysis at Dublin, N. H., where he was spending the summer with his family, on June 24, 1899, in his 64th year. His widow and two daughters survive him.

1858

WALTER SCOTT ALEXANDER, son of William and Susan (Day) Alexander, was born in Killingly, Conn., August 29, 1835. He left College during Junior year, but on completing the full course at Andover Theological Seminary his classmates there petitioned the Faculty at Yale that he might be enrolled with his class, and accordingly his name was so placed in the Triennial Catalogue.

On November 22, 1861, he was ordained Pastor of the First Congregational Church in Pomfret, Conn., and continued there

until February 1, 1866, when he began a pastorate of over six years at the First Presbyterian Church in Racine, Wisc.

In October, 1872, he went to Italy as a missionary of the American Board of Foreign Missions, having his headquarters at Florence. He presided for two years over twelve churches of the Free Church of Italy.

On returning to the United States in October, 1874, he took charge of his old church at Pomfret until January 1, 1876, when he became Professor of Theology in Straight University, New Orleans, La., and from October, 1877 to 1884, was its President. During his residence in New Orleans he was also Pastor of the Central Congregational Church. From 1884 to 1886 he was acting pastor in Massachusetts, at Hyde Park, Fitchburg, Charlestown, and the North Avenue Church in Cambridge, and in November, 1886, was settled over the last named church. After a year without charge, in November, 1891, he became Pastor of the Clinton Street Immanuel Presbyterian Church in Philadelphia, Pa., and remained there until 1898, when he returned to Cambridge to reside.

His publications include a "Historical Address on the 150th Anniversary of the First Congregational Church of Pomfret, Conn.," memorial sermons, and numerous historical articles for the *Collector* of New York.

He was an honorary member of the Historical Societies of Wisconsin, Pennsylvania, Minnesota, and Connecticut. In 1880 he received the degree of D.D. from Beloit College.

He married in Pomfret, Conn., May 15, 1866, Constance, daughter of Hon. Edward and Hannah (Grosvenor) Eldredge.

Dr. Alexander died at his home in Cambridge, Mass., of cancer, May 15, 1900, at the age of 64 years. One daughter (Radcliffe College 1893) survives him.

DANIEL GARRISON BRINTON, son of Lewis and Ann Carey (Garrison) Brinton, was born at Thornbury, Pa., on May 13, 1837.

After graduation he studied two years in the Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, and received the degree of M.D., March 12, 1860. The next year he traveled in Europe and studied in Paris and Heidelberg, and then began to practice medicine in West Chester, Pa. On August 20, 1862, he entered the Volunteer Army of the United States, and served through the war, a part of the time as Medical Director of the Eleventh

Corps, Army of the Potomac. He was at Chancellorsville, Gettysburg, Lookout Mountain, Missionary Ridge and other important battles. In April, 1864, on account of disability by sunstroke for further field work he was assigned to the General Hospital at Quincy, Ill., as Surgeon in charge, and remained there until the close of the war. On August 15, 1865, he was brevetted Lieutenant-Colonel of Volunteers, "for meritorious services."

He then returned to West Chester, Pa., and practiced medicine until April, 1867, when he removed to Philadelphia, and for twenty years edited weekly the *Medical and Surgical Reporter*, besides editing the *Compendium of Medical Science*, issued semi-annually, and many other professional publications. The leisure of his busy life he devoted to the study of American ethnology and related subjects.

In February, 1884, he became Professor of Ethnology and Archæology in the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia, and in October, 1886, Professor of American Archæology in the University of Pennsylvania.

He received the degree of Doctor of Laws from Jefferson Medical College in 1891, and of Doctor of Science from the University of Pennsylvania in 1893. He made several visits to Europe, and two to northern Africa. In 1892 he was commissioned by the President of the United States to visit Madrid in the interests of historical and archæological work. In 1893 he was President of the International Congress of Anthropology at Chicago, and the same year President of the American Association for the Advancement of Science. He was also President of the American Folk Lore Society, and the Numismatic and Antiquarian Society of Philadelphia, member of the Anthropological Societies of Berlin and Vienna, the Ethnographical Societies of Paris and Florence, the Royal Society of Antiquaries of Copenhagen, the Royal Academy of Madrid, the American Philosophical and Antiquarian Societies, and other learned bodies. In 1886 he received the medal of the Société américaine de France.

He published a score of volumes and contributed about one hundred and fifty papers to scientific periodicals, including valuable reports on mounds, shell-heaps, rock inscriptions and other antiquities of America, besides popular articles on science and literature. For the purpose of placing within reach of scholars authentic materials for the study of the languages and civiliza-

tion of the native races of America, he established a library and publishing house of aboriginal American literature.

In 1899 he presented his entire collection of two thousand books and manuscripts on the aboriginal languages of America, and nearly two hundred indexed pamphlets on the ethnology of the American Indians to the University of Pennsylvania.

In 1896 he delivered eight lectures on the "Scientific Study of Man," and in 1897 at Yale University a course of six lectures on "The Religions of Primitive Peoples."

Dr. Brinton died at Atlantic City, N. J., after a brief illness, on July 31, 1899, at the age of 62 years.

He married, on September 28, 1865, at Quincy, Ill., Sarah M., daughter of Robert and Charlotte Field (Topliff) Tillson, who survives him with a son and daughter.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER MAGILL, son of Rev. Seagrove William Magill, D.D. (Yale 1831), and Helen Almira (Twining) Magill, was born in Bryan County, Ga., January 2, 1836. He entered the Class of 1856, but in the fall of 1853 was obliged to leave on account of inflammatory rheumatism. While he was a student he adapted the German student lamp to the use of "burning fluid" or oils lighter than the sperm oil hitherto used, and thus largely increased its popularity. He spent the time while out of College as clerk in a book store, and as teacher in the High School in Waterbury, Conn.

In May, 1855, he was able to join the Class of 1858, during the third term of its Freshman year.

After graduation he taught successively at Middlebury, Conn., Westerly, R. I. and Ellington, Conn., and from 1860 to 1863, with the aid of his wife, conducted an academy in Wethersfield, Conn.

He enlisted as a private in the Twenty-fifth Connecticut Infantry, August 28, 1862, and by promotion served as Sergeant and then as Hospital Steward. He was in Gen. Banks's expedition through Louisiana, and was stationed at Sugar House, Grover's Division Hospital, until the surrender of Port Hudson, in July, 1863. He was mustered out of service on August 27, 1863, and in September established a family boarding school for boys in Old Lyme, Conn. In 1865 he received the degree of M.A. from Yale. In 1868 he opened a school in Newton, N. J., and two years later removed to New Haven, Conn., where he conducted

a home school for boys, connected with Hopkins Grammar School, until 1878. He then retired to Amherst, Mass., and bought a farm, upon which he passed the remainder of his life. In 1882 he largely helped to organize the Amherst Coöperative Creamery Association, and had been its Treasurer most of the time since.

He married on August 28, 1860, at Sutton, Mass., Miss Matilda W. Smith, a graduate of Mount Holyoke Seminary in 1858, and daughter of Jotham and Maria Smith.

Mr. Magill was apparently in his usual health when he suddenly expired at his home in Amherst, Mass., on November 22, 1899, in his 64th year. His mother, who is the aunt of President Hadley of Yale University, his widow, a daughter, and three sons survive him. The eldest and youngest sons are graduates of Amherst College in the Classes of 1887 and 1896 respectively.

1860

FREDERICK LEONARD CHAPPELL, son of Elisha T. and Sabra Chapell, was born at Waterford, Conn., November 9, 1836.

After graduation he took a course in Rochester Theological Seminary and was then ordained to the Baptist ministry at Middletown, Ohio, September 29, 1864. After a pastorate there of nearly seven years he was called to Evanston, Ill., where he remained seven years, and also lectured to the students of the Theological Seminary. A few of his sermons and addresses were published. From July, 1878 to May, 1881, he was at Janesville, Wis., and afterward at Flemington, N. J., eight years. He then accepted a position in the institution which was afterwards called the Gordon Missionary Training School in Boston, of which he was at the time of his death the Dean.

He married, September 7, 1865, Miss L. Eva Stow, daughter of Henry Stow of New Haven.

He died of Bright's disease at the home of his daughter, Mrs. J. Frank Fleming, in Newport, R. I., on February 16, 1900, at the age of 63 years.

1862.

ALBERT FRANCIS JUDD, son of Dr. Gerrit Parmele and Laura (Fish) Judd, was born in Honolulu, in the Hawaiian Islands, January 7, 1838. His father went from Paris, N. Y., in 1827, under

the auspices of the American Board as a missionary physician to the Sandwich Islands, and afterwards rendered conspicuous service in civil life there. The son entered college at the beginning of Junior year.

Two years after graduation from Yale he received the degree of LL.B. from Harvard, and in the summer of 1864 returned to Honolulu and practiced law. In 1868 and 1872 he was in the Legislature. In 1873 he was made Attorney-General by King Lunalilo. The next year he became a Justice of the Supreme Court, and since 1881 had been Chief Justice. In this Court a great number and unusual variety of important questions were submitted to his judgment, many of them of political origin and due to changes in the government of the Islands. He edited several volumes of Hawaiian Reports and assisted in a Compilation of the Laws.

Besides his professional work, he took an active part in the educational and religious interests of the Islands. He was trustee of Oahu College, the Kawaiaho Seminary for native girls, and the Hawaiian Board of Missions, and a deacon of the Fort Street Congregational Church. Previous to 1892, when Circuit Courts were held or when traveling, he frequently preached to the natives in their own language.

He occasionally visited the United States and Europe during his vacations, and was present at his reunion in 1897, when two sons graduated from Yale. He received the degree of LL.D. from Yale in 1894.

Mr. Judd married on April 4, 1872, Agnes Hall, daughter of Rev. James R. Boyd, D.D., of Geneva, N. Y., and had seven sons and two daughters, all of whom with his widow, survive him.

Failing health in the autumn of 1899 led him to seek rest and recuperation in central New York, but he was seized with an attack of the grippe. He was able, however, to return to Honolulu, where he died on May 20, 1900, at the age of 62 years.

1863.

ELEAZAR KINGSBURY FOSTER, son of Eleazar K. Foster (Yale 1834) and Mary (Codrington) Foster, was born October 31, 1841, in New Haven, Conn.

During the year after graduation he resided, on account of his health, at Potsdam, N. Y. He then studied in the Yale Law

School and was admitted to the bar in the spring of 1865. His health again failing, after a period of travel in the West, he settled in Florida in October, 1866. For a time he was Collector of the port and a farmer at St. Augustine. In 1868 he was appointed United States Attorney of the Fourth Judicial District of Florida, but resigned two years later because of ill health, and moved to Sanford, Fla. From 1881 to 1884 he was State Superintendent of Public Instruction, and while in this office established normal schools and teachers' institutes which did much to elevate the educational standard in the State. In 1885 he became Judge of the Circuit Court of the Seventh Judicial District of Florida, serving until May, 1887, when he returned to his law practice and for about ten years was attorney for several railroads of the Plant system.

He married on November 19, 1874, Mary G., daughter of Dr. Nathan and Emma E. Benedict of St. Augustine, who survives him with one son and two daughters.

Judge Foster died at the New Haven Hospital from the effects of the amputation of a leg less than a week previous, on December 8, 1899, at the age of 58 years.

ARTEMAS WISWALL GATES-FAIRBANKS, son of Frederick Field and Louisa Dell (Fairbanks) Gates, and grandson of Rev. Thaddeus Fairbanks (Yale 1796) of Monson, Mass., was born in Monson, Me., on November 22, 1836, and joined his class in March, 1860.

For two years after graduation he was clerk in the office of the Provost Marshal in New Haven, meanwhile studying law. He finished his legal studies in 1866, and for about two years practiced in New Haven, but in 1868 removed to New York City and entered the firm of Rust & Gates. In 1878 he formed a partnership with Justice Frederick D. Ely, under the name of Ely & Gates.

In 1890, by due process of law, he united the name of his mother with that of his father, and thereafter bore the name Gates-Fairbanks.

He died at Monson, Mass., after several years of ill health, on May 15, 1900, at the age of 63 years. He was unmarried. Until the failure of his health he had resided for eighteen years with Judge Ely, at Dedham, Mass.

1864

FRANK HENRY HOOKER, son of Henry and Charlotte (Lum) Hooker, was born in New Haven, Conn., January 11, 1843. He was a direct descendant in the eighth generation of Rev. Thomas Hooker of Hartford, founder of the Connecticut Colony.

After graduation he engaged in business in St. Louis, Mo., for about two years, and then had charge of the New Orleans branch of his father's carriage business until 1873. Soon after the death of his father in that year Mr. Hooker returned to New Haven and was elected Treasurer of the extensive carriage manufacturing establishment of Henry Hooker & Co. This office with that of manager he continued to hold until his death.

Mr. Hooker succeeded his father as director of the Winchester Arms Co. and the National Tradesmen's Bank, and as vestryman of Trinity Church. He was also Treasurer of the Hygeia Ice Company, Secretary and Treasurer of the National Carriage Builders' Association, a trustee of the New Haven Savings Bank, and director of other business corporations.

He married on October 29, 1868, Grace, daughter of Henry E. Russell, a leading manufacturer in New Britain, Conn. Her death occurred in 1881.

Mr. Hooker died of apoplexy at some time early in the morning of April 14, 1900. He had spent the preceding evening with friends, and had retired apparently in excellent health. His age was 67 years. Two sons and a daughter survive him, of whom one son graduated at Yale in the class of 1899.

1865.

WILBUR RUSSELL BACON, son of William Walter Bacon, a merchant of New York City, and Jane (Plumb) Bacon, was born in Middletown, Conn., March 25, 1844. He entered college from General Russell's Collegiate and Commercial Institute in New Haven, and won a Townsend premium for English composition in Senior year. He was stroke of the University crews of 1864 and 1865, which after a long series of defeats, first brought to Yale victory over Harvard on the water in a University race. In his Senior year he was Commodore of the Yale Navy.

In the autumn following his graduation he entered Columbia Law School, and on completing his course in 1867 was admitted to the bar.

Mr. Bacon died at the New York Hospital on May 9, 1900, from consumption and thrombosis, following an attack of the grippe. His age was 56 years.

1867.

JOHN MILTON HART, son of Hezekiah Milton and Eunice (Judson) Hart, was born on June 5, 1845, at West Cornwall, Conn.

After graduation he taught in New Haven, spent two years in Yale Theological Seminary and one year in Union Theological Seminary, receiving the degree of B.D. in 1876. He was ordained December 11, 1878, and was pastor of the Congregational Church in Wenham, Mass., for a year or more, when he went to San Francisco, and was there without pastoral charge until 1893. He died at San José, July 24, 1893, at the age of 48 years, but his death has not before been recorded.

1868

WILLIAM HENRY FERRY, son of William H. and Mary Ann (Williams) Ferry, was born in Utica, N. Y., on May 15, 1845.

After graduation he began the study of law but was obliged to give it up, owing to trouble with his eyes. He spent the years 1870 and 1871 traveling abroad, and then took up the real-estate business in Chicago, but in 1885 went into the wholesale dry goods business. Ten years later he went to California and settled in the El Cajon Valley, where he bought a ranch of 3,200 acres near Riverview, and became an expert in fig culture. He wrote articles for the magazines and made addresses on this subject. He was also interested in plans for irrigation, and was President of the San Diego Flume Company, also President of the San Diego Water and Land Company.

Mr. Ferry was struck by a railway train at Lake Forest, Ill., on March 4, 1900, and instantly killed. His age was 54 years.

He married on October 12, 1875, a daughter of John V. Farwell, of Chicago, Miss Abbie Farwell, who survives him with four sons. His brother, Charles H., graduated at Yale in 1872.

GEORGE WILLIAM FISHER, son of Erastus and Mary F. (Dresser) Fisher, was born in Grafton, Mass., November 18, 1843.

Immediately after graduation he went into business in Fisherville, about three miles from Grafton, and after a time became a

partner in the firm of E. Fisher & Sons, manufacturers of cotton goods.

He married, at Northbridge, Mass., on January 18, 1876, Miss Ella F. Farnam, who survives him.

Mr. Fisher died at his home in Grafton, on February 17, 1900, at the age of 56 years.

JULIUS WILLIAM RUSSELL, son of William P. and Lydia (Miner) Russell, was born at Moira, N. Y., on September 1, 1846. The first two years of his college course he took at Wesleyan University, and entered Yale in Junior year.

The year following graduation he was principal of the academy at Hinesburgh, Vt., but in December, 1869, he entered the law office of Judge William G. Shaw, in Burlington, Vt., and the next year studied at Columbia Law School. In September, 1871, he was admitted to the Chittenden County bar, and thenceforth devoted himself entirely to his profession. For two years he was State's Attorney of Chittenden County, and was City Attorney of Burlington from 1889 to 1891. He also served as city grand juror, as school commissioner, and for twelve years as justice of the peace.

On April 2, 1894, he was appointed Judge of the City Court, being the unanimous choice of the county irrespective of party. During the nearly six years of continuance in this office many important cases were brought before him, and his decisions gave unusual satisfaction. He had acquired a knowledge of the law comprehensive and varied, and in some departments profound.

He died at his home in Burlington, February 25, 1900, from a hemorrhage following four weeks of illness due to typhoid fever. He was 53 years of age.

He married, December 31, 1872, Kate, daughter of Dr. Elmer and Emeline (Dudley) Beecher of Hinesburgh, who survives him with their three children, two sons and a daughter.

DOUGLAS [DOUSMAN] WALCOTT, son of Erastus Bradley Walcott (M.D., Coll. Phys. and Surg., N. Y.) and Elizabeth Jane (Dousman) Walcott, was born in Milwaukee, Wis., May 20, 1844. His name was originally Wolcott, but he had it legally changed for personal reasons.

The year after graduation he studied medicine in New York City, but on account of impaired health was obliged to give up

a settled occupation for several years. In 1876 he decided to engage in mission work, and the next three years was a medical missionary in India under the American Board, when it became necessary to seek a change of climate. He sailed for Melbourne, Australia, and was in charge of a large city mission there until July, 1881. After that he traveled very extensively, and during his life went around the world three times. He was an excellent pedestrian, and in 1888 he walked three thousand miles in eighty-three days. He took long tramps in the mountains which proved very beneficial to his health. The lung trouble from which he had for many years suffered entirely disappeared.

For a number of years his residence was in Baltimore, but he died in Denver, Col., June 29, 1899. He had been ill about a fortnight from an injury to his spine resulting from a fall. He was 55 years of age and unmarried. One sister, who is the widow of Col. Theodore Yates, survives him.

1869

JOHN HENDRICK TRAYNHAM, son of Dr. William B. and Eliza (Posey) Traynham, was born in Holmes County, Miss., August 19, 1846. He joined the Confederate army at Galveston, Texas, in December, 1864, and served in Company B, Twentieth Texas Volunteer Infantry until the end of the war. He entered Yale in the fall term of Sophomore year from Chappell Hill, Texas.

After graduation he taught for a year and a half at Long Point and Austin, Texas, and for the following six months was clerk of the Texas Senate. From June, 1871 to January, 1874, he was Deputy of the United States Marshal's office at Austin. The next six months he taught a select school for boys, and the year after was in the office of the Clerk of the United States Courts in the same city. The next three years he was again in the United States Marshal's office for the Western District, and afterward in the office of the Eastern District, at Galveston. Meantime he had been admitted to the bar, November 18, 1875. From June, 1879 to January 1, 1882, he was General Deputy United States Marshal for the three Federal Districts of Texas.

During 1882 and 1883 he occupied himself with electrical experiments, and invented several telephone attachments, also a mechanical adding machine for desk use. From October, 1883, until February, 1885, he was State agent for the American Well Works of Aurora, Ill., makers of hydraulic machinery, and then

returned to the United States Marshal's office at Austin as Chief Deputy. On his retirement from this office, in January, 1887, he engaged in the publishing and advertising business until April, 1894, when he became agent of the New York Life Insurance Company, at Austin.

On his return to Texas from Yale in 1869 he left the Democratic party, and did important committee work in the Republican ranks.

He married, at St. David's Episcopal Church in Austin, on December 31, 1873, Miss Lulu J. Calaway.

Mr. Traynham died suddenly of heart disease at his home in Austin, March 19, 1900, at the age of 53 years, and his widow died two weeks later, leaving a son and a daughter.

1871

CLARENCE EDWIN BEEBE, youngest son of William J. and Elizabeth (Hinman) Beebe, was born June 4, 1849, in Brooklyn, N. Y., but entered college from South Orange, N. J.

After graduation from Yale he studied medicine in the University of New York, where he was Valedictorian of the class of 1873. In 1874 he was Surgeon in the New York Dispensary for Diseases of the Throat and Chest. Later he was Professor of Laryngology and Rhinology in the New York Homœopathic Medical College, and in the New York Ophthalmic Hospital and College, and President of the Board of Governing Surgeons of the latter, and also lecturer in Union Theological Seminary. In his specialties he gained high repute. For a time he was President of the Homœopathic Medical Society and the New York Medico-Chirurgical Society. He was always interested in military life, and at the time of his death was Assistant Surgeon of the New York Seventh Regiment Veterans.

He edited for a time the New York *Homœopathic Times*, New York *Medical Times*, and the *North American Journal of Homœopathy*.

Dr. Beebe died of pneumonia at his home in New York, March 1, 1900, at the age of 50 years. In 1874 he married Miss Maria Louise White. He left three children.

GUSTAVE MOZART STOECKEL, son of Gustave Jacob Stoeckel, Professor Emeritus of Music in Yale University, and Matilda Wilhelmina (Wehner) Stoeckel, was born in New Haven, Conn.,

on March 1, 1850. During his college course he was one of the founders of the Yale Glee Club.

The Academic year after graduation was spent in the Yale Medical School, and after two years more of study in the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York he received his M.D. there in 1874. After service in the Infants' Hospital and Bellevue Hospital, he sailed for Europe in October, 1875, and spent a year in London, Paris and Vienna, studying surgery and medicine. In August, 1878, he opened an office in New York. He became Assistant Surgeon of the German Dispensary, and for three or four years was Assistant Sanitary Inspector. Much of his practice was by preference among the poor.

Dr. Stoeckel died after a short illness at his home in Norfolk, Conn., on February 15, 1900, in his 50th year. He was not married.

1872

JOSEPH ALVIN GRAVES, son of Warren Henry and Sarah C. (Edwards) Graves, was born in Springfield, Mo., on September 21, 1849.

After graduation he was principal of the High School in his native city one year, and of the Shaw School in St. Louis one year. From 1874 to 1878 he was Tutor of Latin in Yale College, and for the next three years was principal of the Skinner School in New Haven. In 1881 he went to Hartford, Conn., and during the rest of his life had charge of the South School, which is the largest grammar school in the State. His memory for names and faces was remarkable, and it is said that he could call every pupil of the schools in his district by name. He was active in helping to establish a manual training department in the schools of the city. Everything concerning his profession interested him. He was for many years connected with the Connecticut Teachers' Association, and was its President at the time of his death, and had been State Vice-President of the National Council of Education. To him was largely due the organization of the Connecticut Teachers' Annuity Guild. Mr. Graves frequently read papers at gatherings of teachers, and compiled a "Graded Speller" and "School Hymnal," which have proved acceptable to teachers.

Besides his school interests he devoted time to municipal affairs. He was Vice-President of the Common Council in 1895

and 1896, and the next two years was a member of the Board of Aldermen.

For several years he was deacon of the South Church in Hartford. He often assisted the choir on special occasions, and by his work as an officer of the Choral Union advanced the musical interests of the city. While in New Haven he sang in church choirs several years.

Mr. Graves died of apoplexy at his home in Hartford, on July 28, 1899, at the age of 49 years.

He married, June 20, 1876, Mary Francis, daughter of William S. and Jane H. (Morgan) Harmount, of New Haven. His widow, a son (Yale 1900) and a daughter survive him. He received the degree of Ph.D. from Yale in 1878.

1875

GUY HOWARD, son of Major-General Oliver Otis Howard (Bowdoin 1850; West Point 1854) and Elizabeth A. (Waite) Howard, was born at Kennebec Arsenal, Augusta, Me., on December 16, 1855.

After graduation he entered the United States Army, and on October 31, 1876 was commissioned Second Lieutenant of the Twelfth Infantry. During the next four years he served in several Indian wars. He was appointed Aide-de-camp on the staff of the general commanding the Department of the Columbia, in May, 1880, and for two years was on detached duty at the Artillery School, Fort Monroe, from which he graduated May 1, 1882. On July 19, 1882, he was promoted to the rank of First Lieutenant. During that summer, and also in 1884 and 1892, he traveled extensively in Europe. In the autumn of 1882 he was stationed at Omaha, Neb., as Aide-de-camp under his father, who commanded the Department of the Platte. In 1891 he was shipwrecked with the Warner Miller Nicaragua Canal party on Roncador Reef, and it was largely through his efforts that all were rescued. On January 7, 1893, he received his commission as Captain and Assistant Quartermaster, and was assigned to duty successively at Fort Niagara, N. Y., Fort Bennett, S. D., Fort Yates, N. D., Governor's Island, New York City, and Burlington, Vt. While at Burlington he had charge of all expenditures and contracts for the construction of the military post at Fort Ethan Allen, Vt.

On the outbreak of the Spanish war, Captain Howard joined the Second Army Corps, of which on August 11, 1898, he became Chief Quartermaster, with the rank of Lieutenant Colonel. He was with his corps in the Southern camps until his last regiment was mustered out of service, April 10, 1899, and then returned to his position as Captain and Assistant Quartermaster in the regular army. Soon afterward he went to the Philippine Islands, and while on duty near Arayat, on board the gunboat Oceania, was shot by the insurgents from an ambush on October 22, 1899, and died almost immediately. His last words as he fell were "Whatever happens, keep the launch going." His age was 44 years. His remains were brought home for burial.

Captain Howard married, on February 14, 1884, Jeanie, daughter of Judge J. M. Woolworth, of Omaha, Neb. Mrs. Howard and three children survive.

1876.

FRANK VANDYKE ANDREWS, son of Alexander H. and Laura C. Andrews, was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, August 19, 1853.

After graduation he entered the University of Cincinnati Law School, and took the degree of LL.B., May 10, 1878. He was then for a time with the Cincinnati law firm of Healy & Brannan, but afterward practiced alone, being attorney for several corporations. He was a republican, but held no political offices. Much of his leisure time he devoted to the study of French and German.

He died suddenly at his home in Glendale, a suburb of Cincinnati, February 14, 1900, from a hemorrhage of the brain, at the age of 46 years.

He married, April 18, 1888, Mary Louise Richardson, daughter of Samuel and Mary Lawrence Richardson of Pittsburg, Penn., who survives him without children.

JOHN JOSEPH JENNINGS, son of Rev. William Jesup Jennings (Yale 1843) and Miranda D. (Greene) Jennings, was born at Black Rock, a village in the suburbs of Bridgeport, Conn., January 30, 1855, but entered college from Coventry, Conn. One brother graduated from the Academic Department of Yale in 1884, and another brother from the Sheffield Scientific School in the same year.

After graduation he taught two years in a private school at South Glastonbury, Conn., and 1878-81 at Bristol, Conn., at

the same time studying in the law office of Newell & Pierce. He was admitted to the bar of Hartford County in 1881. For a few months he was in the United States Pension Office at Washington, and then in the insurance business in Chicago. In November, 1882, he returned to Bristol, and became a partner in the law firm of Newell, Pierce & Jennings, which in the fall of 1884 became Newell & Jennings. From the death of Mr. Newell in 1888 he practiced alone for three years, but in July, 1891, he entered into partnership with his brother-in-law, Roger S. Newell (Yale, S. S. S. 1889). He made a specialty of patent law and was retained in many important cases.

He was very active in school administration in Bristol, and was for fifteen years acting school visitor. He wrote some pamphlets on education, and lectured on that subject under the auspices of the State Board of Education. He was trustee of the Bristol Savings Bank, Vice-President of the New Departure Bell Company, and director in several other manufacturing corporations.

He died at his home in Bristol, April 1, 1900, after an illness of one week from pneumonia, aged 45 years.

He married, September 1, 1881, at Bristol, Elizabeth Naomi, daughter of Samuel P. and Martha J. Newell. She died in October, 1888, nine months after her father, leaving two sons.

1877.

JOHN RUGGLES HATCH, eldest son of Alfrederick Smith and Theodosia (Ruggles) Hatch, was born in New Haven, Conn., on April 7, 1855.

After graduation he entered the banking house of Hatch, Brooks & Hamlin, in Wall street, New York, but after three years retired and went into the real estate business. He was for a time Assistant Secretary of the Citizens' Union. He had been in ill health for two or three years, and for about nine months before his death had been confined to his bed with a complication of diseases. He died at the house of his father in New York City, on May 10, 1900, at the age of 45 years.

He married in New York City, on October 10, 1877, Almira Ruth, daughter of Charles G. Tefft. She died in 1888, leaving three sons and two daughters, who are still living.

1879.

GERARD MORRIS EDWARDS was born in New York City, January 2, 1856. He was the son of Jonathan Edwards (Princeton 1840) and Mary, the daughter of Gerard Morris, and a direct descendant of President Jonathan Edwards.

After graduation he spent most of his time in traveling, with the exception of about two years of study at the Columbia Law School. He was an enthusiastic yachtsman, and at one time began the construction of a yacht on original designs. It is said that he knew the name and characteristics of nearly every yacht afloat.

He died at Nice, France, after a brief illness, on March 1, 1900, at the age of 44 years. He was unmarried.

STEPHEN CARROLL WOOD, son of Stephen Wells and Catherine C. B. Wood, was born on November 25, 1856, at Cornwall, Orange County, N. Y., and entered the class in January of Sophomore year from Dartmouth College.

After graduation he taught in Lancaster and Philadelphia, Pa., and studied medicine in the University of Pennsylvania from 1882 to 1886. He was then surgeon on a Cunard steamer for a year, and afterwards traveled abroad and in this country with patients. He was at Tangier, Morocco, from 1890 until the spring of 1897, when he went to South Africa, and while traveling in the newly settled interior, died suddenly of dysentery at Buluwayo, Rhodesia, South Africa, on December 14, 1897, at the age of 41 years. He was unmarried.

1883.

FREDERICK SANFORD CALHOUN, son of David P. and Fanny O. (Sanford) Calhoun, was born in New Haven on June 12, 1862.

A year after graduation he entered the wholesale drug house of R. Wells & Co. About four years later he became a member of the firm of Wells & Calhoun, and from 1892 conducted the business alone under the name of F. S. Calhoun & Co.

About two years before his death he suffered a hemorrhage of the lungs, and afterward was obliged to spend most of his time in the Adirondacks and the pine regions of the South. There his health had so improved that his physicians thought he could safely pass the next winter at home; but while visiting in Newton, Mass., he was taken with a hemorrhage, and died there three

days later, on November 23, 1899, at the age of 37 years. He united with the Church of the Redeemer upon profession in 1876.

He married on June 21, 1888, Lilla, daughter of Henry J. Atwater of New Haven, who survives him with one son.

HENRY EDWARD FISK, son of Prof. Franklin Woodbury Fisk (Yale 1849) and Amelia Allen (Bowen) Fisk, was born in Chicago, Ill., on September 11, 1862. His father has been professor in the Chicago Theological Seminary since 1859, and in 1887 was also elected President.

In the fall of 1883 Mr. Fisk entered the wholesale grocery house of Sprague, Warner & Company of Chicago, but at the time of his death was at the head of the commission house of H. E. Fisk & Company, dealers in canned goods.

He married, on December 31, 1885, Miss Hannah S. McNeish of Chicago.

He died at the home of his father in Chicago on April 27, 1900, at the age of 37 years. He left a widow and a son about a year old.

1886

DANIEL AGNEW MOORE, son of Ezra Moore, was born in St. Louis, Mo., December 4, 1864.

After graduation he began the study of law in St. Louis, but soon decided on a business career. He studied at the Columbia School of Mines and a year at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, and then entered the works of the Oliver Iron and Steel Company in Pittsburg in 1888, where he rose to the position of General Manager in 1894. In 1897 he withdrew from this company and organized the Pittsburg Screw and Bolt Company of which he was President until his death. His success was beyond his anticipations, and even in his short career he had come to be regarded as an authority in the steel industry.

Mr. Moore died of blood poisoning after an illness of three weeks at his home in Pittsburg, on November 14, 1899, at the age of 34 years.

He married in 1889, Miss Nellie Card of Pittsburg, daughter of W. W. and Harriet D. Card. His widow survives him, with a son and daughter.

1892

EDWIN OBED STANARD, JR., son of Hon. Edwin O. and Hester Ann (Kauffman) Stanard of St. Louis, Mo., was born on January 1, 1869.

After graduation he engaged in the grain business, and in 1894 became Treasurer of the E. O. Stanard Milling Company. Much of his remaining years he spent in quest of health. After his return from a European trip he settled in Colorado Springs. He was interested in a mining property in the West, and also spent considerable time each year in the successful hunting of big game in Colorado and Wyoming. An article of his on this subject appeared in *Harper's Weekly* in April, 1899.

Mr. Standard died of pneumonia, after an illness of only four days, at Colorado Springs, on October 19, 1899, at the age of 30 years. His geniality and kindly ways made his presence everywhere welcome.

1893

FRANK JAMES BROWN, son of Benjamin S. Brown, was born at Farmington, Warren County, Pa., on February 22, 1866.

While in college he earned his own support by various means, and was a most persistent worker. For a time he was superintendent of the Boys' Club conducted by the United Workers, and during Junior and Senior years was principal of a public evening school in the city.

After graduation he entered the Yale Law School, and completed his course there in 1895. He was then admitted to the bar, and opened an office with A. McClellan Mathewson (Yale LL.B. 1884).

In July, 1897, he became City Attorney of New Haven, and discharged his duties with an evenness of temperament, fairness, and freedom from prejudice, that were felt by all with whom he came into official contact. The strain of constant application to which he had held himself from the beginning of his studies at length became evident, and in the fall of 1898 he was obliged to seek temporary relief from duty. He returned somewhat benefited, but again had to give up his work. His courage did not fail, however, and he hoped to the end to return to his place. He died of anæmia in New Haven, on February 14, 1900, in his 34th year. He was unmarried. "He was sincere, clean, honest, and sound to the core."

JONATHAN BOYNTON DILL, son of Rev. William H. Dill (Penn. Coll. 1860) and Edith (Boynton) Dill, was born at Clearfield, Pa., January 30, 1871.

The three years following graduation he spent in Philadelphia, and then went to Hastings, Pa., where he became Manager of the Alport Coal Company. He won the esteem of all classes in the community, and the workers in the mines held him in the highest regard. In February, 1900, he was elected Chief Burgess of Hastings.

Mr. Dill died at his home, on April 22, 1900, of acute spinal meningitis, after an illness of less than twenty-four hours, at the age of 29 years. He was unmarried.

ALBERT WELLS PETTIBONE, JR., son of A. W. Pettibone (Union Coll. 1849), was born in Hannibal, Mo., January 30, 1870, but entered College from La Crosse, Wisc.

Immediately after graduation he took a position with the Hannibal Saw Mill Company, of Hannibal, Mo., but later removed to La Crosse, Wisc., where he continued with the same company until his death.

He died of pneumonia at his home in La Crosse, September 29, 1899, at the age of 29 years.

He married, January 8, 1895, Miss Jessie C. Newell, daughter of H. A. Newell of Brooklyn, N. Y. Mrs. Newell, with two sons, survives him.

1894

SAMUEL BURR SHERWOOD BISSELL, only son of Rensselaer H. and Frederika (Belden) Bissell, and grandson of Rev. Samuel B. S. Bissell (Yale 1830), was born at Norwalk, Conn., May 13, 1872, but entered college from New York City.

He died of consumption, after an illness of three years, at his father's home in New York City, on April 15, 1900, at the age of 27 years.

1895

WILLIAM SPENCER EAKIN was born in Groton, Conn., on May 14, 1872, the son of William Spencer Eakin (Yale 1846) and Mary P. (Chaney) Eakin.

After graduation he engaged in business in New Haven for a year, and had since been interested in several investments in

New York, where he spent much of his time, although his residence was in New London, Conn.

He died quite suddenly of apoplexy at the Holland House in New York, on May 18, 1900, at the age of 28 years. He was unmarried.

EVERETT WINSLOW HOBART, son of William N. and Elizabeth B. Hobart, was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, on January 25, 1873.

After graduation he took a course in the Cincinnati Law School, completing it in 1897.

Mr. Hobart lost his life by drowning in the lake near Traverse City, Mich., on August 19, 1899. On that afternoon, while bathing with his eight-year-old nephew, the child was placed by his father on a raft which was supposed to be securely anchored, but it was not and floated off towards the lake. His uncle attempted to swim in with him, but was seized with a cramp or an attack of dizziness, and before his brother James, who was also in the water, could reach them, both uncle and nephew had gone down for the last time. Mr. Hobart's age was 26 years.

1896

WARD CHENEY was born in South Manchester, Conn., May 26, 1875. His father is Frank W. Cheney (Brown 1854), Lieutenant Colonel of the Sixteenth Connecticut Volunteers in the Civil War; wounded at Antietam, September 17, 1862; Treasurer of Cheney Brothers of South Manchester. His mother is a daughter of the late Rev. Horace Bushnell, D.D. (Yale 1827) of Hartford, Conn.

Ward Cheney went to a small private school in South Manchester during his boyhood. At twelve years of age he passed examinations for the Hartford Public High School, and then spent a year in a carpenter's shop, and in the study of French, before entering. He graduated from the High School in 1892, having maintained a high stand throughout his course, and his graduation oration on Prison Reform was accorded the prize. His college life, and especially his Senior year, was marked by warm friendships, the fullest enjoyment and use of the best opportunities, and a high stand among his classmates in character and influence.

After graduation he went immediately abroad and spent the summer in England, France and Switzerland. In September he went to Brunswick, Germany, to study the German language, and in less than two months picked up enough of it to enable him to understand lectures in Berlin University, to which he repaired in November. During the winter holidays and the long spring vacation, he took some interesting journeys, visiting the German cities and Vienna, Buda-pest and Constantinople, and then taking with two Yale men older than himself a horseback trip through Palestine. They returned by Cairo and Italy. In the summer he was at Heidelberg and came home in the early autumn. In December, 1897, he was given a position on the staff of the *Hartford Courant*, and there he began with enthusiasm upon his chosen work of journalism. But the Spanish war breaking out in the spring, he enlisted April 26, 1898, in Company G, First Connecticut Volunteers. This was a South Manchester company, and two of Ward's brothers, John Davenport Cheney as First Lieutenant, and Seth Leslie Cheney as Corporal, were among its members. The regiment went into camp at Niantic, Conn., on May 4, but Ward was soon detailed for recruiting duty in Hartford, and did not rejoin his regiment until it reached Portsmouth, N. H., on its way from Fort Knox, Me., where it had been stationed for about a month, to Camp Alger, Va., where it remained until September. At Camp Alger Ward Cheney received a commission as Second Lieutenant in the U. S. Army, to date from July 9, and was assigned on July 26 to duty with the Fourth U. S. Infantry, a battalion of which was then being recruited at Fort McPherson, Ga., and later at Newnan, Ga. At the last named place he was taken ill with typhoid fever early in September, and on the 11th he arrived, with the newly recruited battalion, under the command of Major John W. Bubb, at Fort Sheridan, Ill. He was ill for about six weeks, but was able to be moved to his home in Connecticut on October 24, and on December 24 returned to duty at Fort Sheridan.

On January 19, 1899, he sailed with his regiment for Manila on the transport Grant, the first U. S. transport to go to the East via the Mediterranean and the Suez Canal. They touched at Gibraltar, Port Said, Perim, Colombo and Singapore, and arrived at Manila on March 10. The news of the outbreak of war with the Filipinos reached the command at Port Said, and hurry orders awaited them at Colombo. After arrival the Fourth Infantry

was stationed first at Manila and then for some three months near La Loma Church. From the latter point two brief campaigns were made, one to Maraquina, a twenty-four hours' march, on May 18, and one of several days early in June to Morong and Santolan. There were a number of severe engagements about this time. In June the regiment was moved to Imus, in Cavite province, where its headquarters were fixed for the remainder of the year. An engagement which took place on the road between Imus and Las Marinas on July 19, when the First Battalion of the Fourth Infantry was ambuscaded by about 2,000 Filipinos, was one of the most severe fights of the war. On this occasion Ward Cheney, acting as Battalion Adjutant, for meritorious conduct was recommended for a brevet by the Major in command, and afterwards by General Lawton in his last report. He prepared for his examination for First Lieutenant in May while at La Loma, and his commission for that duty was dated to June 2, 1899. While at Imus, many of the officers being ill, he was assigned to the command successively of Companies M, H and C. The latter was his own company, and he remained in command of it for several months and up to the time of his death. In October, November and December there were frequent brushes with the enemy and two night attacks, one of which was the boldest attempt of the Filipinos in Cavite province. His health had been excellent all the time he had been in the island of Luzon, but in December he had an attack of dengue fever, which after a week of delay sent him on December 8 to the Second Reserve Hospital in Manila. He improved under good care, and hearing that active campaigning under General Wheaton was about to begin in Cavite province, after only four days of rest he left the hospital on December 12 and returned to Imus. Friends who saw him said that he looked ill and was obviously unfit for service, but their persuasions and the advice of the doctor were alike unavailing to keep him longer idle. As soon as possible he resumed command of his company, and although not strong was able to attend to his duties. The first week in January brought the movement for which they had waited so long, the invasion of Cavite by an adequate force under Generals Wheaton, Bates and Schwann. The first move from Imus was a reconnaissance entrusted to Lieut. Ward Cheney with Company C, and Lieut. Henry N. Way with the Fourth Infantry Scouts, the official account of which is given in a regimental general order as follows :

"G. O. 9, Jan. 14, 1900, 4th Inf., Imus, P. I.

Again the 4th Infantry mourns the death of an officer, one of its bravest.

First Lieutenant Ward Cheney fell at the head of his company on the morning of January 7th, 1900, while leading a charge upon intrenchments of the insurgents near Puente Julian. Lieutenant Cheney with his company ('C,' 4th Infantry) and Lieutenant Henry N. Way, with the scouts, 4th Infantry, had been ordered to reconnoitre the position of the enemy at daybreak, to ascertain their strength at the bridge, before the general advance which was to take place that day.

The movement began at 5.15, and was a very successful one, and a complete surprise to the enemy. At about a mile and a half from here, Lieutenant Cheney's advance guard struck the enemy's outpost, and drove them in precipitately. Taking personal command of the advance guard, without a pause, he followed closely on their heels, his company following as a support. Upon coming in sight of the main body, already in confusion, he instantly charged their works, from which he encountered a heavy fire, however, and fell while crossing the barricade. A few minutes later, the insurgents were routed by the attack of the scouts in the flank, five hundred of them flying in every direction, but leaving two officers and seven men dead on the bridge. When Lieutenant Cheney fell, his men attempted to carry him to the rear, but with that unsurpassed courage he repulsed them, exclaiming: 'I will not go to the rear until those works are taken.'

This affair was a brilliant success, but it has cost the 4th Infantry one of its best young officers; one who, by his high courage, devotion to duty and courteous bearing, had won the esteem and affection of all who served with him.

Lieutenant Cheney was appointed from civil life, July 9th, 1898, and has served with the regiment since August 1, 1898. His death is a blow that is felt by every one in the regiment.

By order of Major PRICE.

(Signed)

AUSTIN H. BROWN,
Adjutant."

1897

JOSEPH WILLIAM ALPORT, son of Edwin L. and Anna M. Alport, was born in St. Louis, Mo., on August 29, 1875, but entered college from Buffalo, N. Y. His father was at one time

a Brigadier-General of Canadian Volunteers, but died before his son came to Yale.

After graduation Mr. Alport entered the University of Buffalo Law School, but when the Spanish war began he joined Company L, Sixty-fifth Regiment, New York Volunteers, of which he was appointed First Sergeant on May 1, 1898. He did not have an opportunity to go to the front, and when he was mustered out of service, on November 19, 1898, he at once reënlisted with the Forty-third United States Volunteers and went as Corporal to the Philippines. He was wounded in a skirmish at Matuguine early in March, 1900, and died on the 18th of that month, at the age of 24 years. His noble qualities had endeared him to his classmates in an unusual degree.

HENRY VANDYNE RYDER was born on February 4, 1875, and was the son of Charles E. and Catharine Ryder of Plainfield, N. J. While in college he showed great interest in athletics.

Soon after graduation he took a position with the Atlantic Trust Company of New York City and faithfully filled it until his last illness. He died at his home in Plainfield of pneumonia, after a week's illness, on March 8, 1900. His age was 25 years. Two brothers have graduated from Yale, in 1891 and 1894.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN CARVER THOMPSON, son of a lawyer, John Howland Thompson (Amherst 1850), was born in Chicago, Ill., on April 6, 1876, and fitted for college at St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H.

Since graduation he had been studying in the Northwestern Law School and in the law office of Gurley, Stone & Wood, and expected soon to be admitted to the bar.

He died of anæmia at his home in Chicago on September 22, 1899, at the age of 23 years. His memory will be treasured by his friends for his quiet manliness and high principles.

1898

AUGUSTUS CANFIELD LEDYARD was born in Chicago, Ill., on February 17, 1877, the son of Henry Brockholst Ledyard, President of the Michigan Central Railroad and a West Point graduate (1865), who served several years in the artillery of the regular army. His mother was Mary, daughter of Stephen

L'Hommedieu of Cincinnati. His brother Henry graduated at Yale in 1897.

On the outbreak of the Spanish war toward the end of his Senior year he enlisted as a private in Light Battery A, First Connecticut Artillery, the organization known as the Yale Battery. In June, 1898, he received a commission as Second Lieutenant in the regular army, was assigned to the staff of General Miles, and sailed for Porto Rico, July 23. After his return from there he was transferred to the Twelfth Infantry, and sailed for Manila in March, 1899. He took part in General Lawton's southern expedition and was soon promoted to the rank of First Lieutenant. He was transferred to the Sixth Regiment, and in September or October was assigned to duty on the Island of Negros. In the fighting which resulted from an uprising of the police of La Carlata district, he received a fatal wound, and died in December, 1899. He was in his 23d year.

1899

DEFOREST BALDWIN, son of Henry and Cornelia Estelle (Hoskins) Baldwin, was born in Philadelphia, Pa., on April 20, 1878. He fitted for Yale at Selwyn Hall, Reading, Pa., and at the Hopkins Grammar School, and graduated with an Oration stand and a Two-Year Honor in Natural Science.

In the autumn after graduation he entered the Graduate Department of the University, and was studying for the degree of Ph.D., doing special work in mineralogy and chemistry, when he was taken ill. He died soon after at the home of his parents, of enlargement of the heart, on February 2, 1900, in his 22d year.

STUART HOLT, son of George Chandler Holt (Yale 1866) and Mary Louisa (Bowen) Holt, was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., on September 5, 1876. His preparation for college was completed at the Woodstock (Conn.) Academy.

In the autumn after graduation he entered the office of the *Independent*, which was long published by his grandfather, Henry C. Bowen, and worked in the publishing and subscription department and did some editorial work in book reviewing. He had a decided taste for literary work and hoped for an honorable career on the paper, but he was stricken with appendicitis followed by peritonitis, and died in two days, at his father's home, on March 9, 1900. He was in his 24th year. A brother graduated at Yale in 1894.

YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL.

1838

FREDERIC ALBERT HART, only son of John Albert and Rachel (Newell) Hart, was born on January 8, 1818, in Southington, Conn., which was his home during his whole life. After a year of study in the office of Amariah Brigham, M.D., in Hartford, Conn., he entered the Yale Medical School.

After graduation he traveled extensively in the United States and Europe for two years, but in 1849 began the practice of his profession in Southington and continued until 1876. During this time he made several trips abroad for the benefit of his health, remaining in London a year, Paris nine months, passing a winter in Rome, and long periods in various health resorts. From 1881 to 1885 he made a leisurely tour of Europe, and visited Morocco and Asiatic Turkey.

For the last ten years of his life he had suffered much from ill health, which had confined him pretty closely at home. He died at Southington of acute bronchitis, on April 6, 1900, at the age of 82 years.

He married, on June 21, 1842, Lucretia A., daughter of Martin and Sally Hart Lee of New Britain. She died in 1876, and he married, on October 11, 1890, Miss Annie Delahanty, who survives him without children.

1851

FRANCIS COLES GREENE, son of Nathaniel C. and Mary Ann (Squire) Greene, was born in New Haven, Conn., September 2, 1827. He entered the Academic Department of Yale in 1845, but had to leave soon on account of the failure of his health. The next year he sailed from New York on the clipper ship *Houqua*, owned by an uncle, and was gone two years. This ship was the first to hoist the American flag in the harbor of Shanghai. The long voyage brought health, and in 1848 he entered the Medical School.

After graduation he first opened an office in Holyoke, Mass., but in 1854 removed to Easthampton, Mass., and there remained until the breaking out of the war. He served as Assistant Surgeon of the Thirteenth Massachusetts Regiment under McClellan in the Peninsular campaign, and for two and a half

years in Louisiana. After the war he settled for a time in New York, then he was associated with Dr. Holland in Westfield, but in 1868 returned to Easthampton, where he built up a large practice, notably as a surgeon. His tact and sympathy made his presence always welcome.

For many years he was connected as vice-president or director with the Public Library Association. In 1882 he was made a incorporator of the Easthampton Savings Bank, and chairman of the committee on finance and a director of the National Bank the same year. He was a director in several other business corporations.

He died of atrophy of the liver at his home, on August 2, 1899, in his 71st year.

He married, in February, 1855, Miss Lucy J. Wedge, a native of Pelham, Mass., daughter of Lemuel C. Wedge. She survives him without children.

WILLIAM SOULE, son of Ivory and Marilla (Bingham) Soule, was born in Chaplin, Conn., on August 24, 1827. He studied in Woodstock (Conn.) Academy and under a private tutor, and also taught school, before entering the Medical School.

After graduation he practiced at Pascoag, R. I., and Hampton, Conn., until 1854, when he removed to Jewett City, in the town of Griswold, Conn.

At the outbreak of the Civil War he was appointed Assistant Surgeon of the First Connecticut Heavy Artillery, with the rank of Captain. A year later he was promoted to the position of Surgeon of the Twenty-first Regiment, and was in the battle of Fredericksburg.

He was a member of the Board of Education for twelve years, and a Justice of the Peace for twenty-five years. He had been senior deacon of the Congregational Church, and for twenty-seven years superintendent of its Sunday school.

Dr. Soule died at his home in Jewett City, on May 15, 1900, from injuries received by being thrown from his carriage while calling on patients the week previous. He was 72 years of age.

He married, in 1857, Harriet, daughter of Jeremiah Hall of Chaplin. She died, leaving a son and two daughters. He afterward married Martha P., daughter of Deacon Abel Chapman of Voluntown. By this marriage there were a son and daughter, who, with their mother, are living.

1873

FREDERICK OLIN WHITE, son of William W. White, M.D., was born in Seymour, Conn., in 1852. When he was about eight years of age his father removed to New Haven, and became prominent as a physician.

After graduation from the Yale Medical School, he continued his studies in France, and then settled in New Haven. He died of apoplexy at his home, on October 5, 1899, at the age of 47 years. His widow survives him.

YALE LAW SCHOOL.

1849

WILLIAM F. C. GREGORY, son of William and Judith (Friend) Gregory, was born at Oak Grove, Amelia County, Va., in June, 1827.

After completing his law course he was twice a member of the Virginia Legislature, and was Mayor of Petersburg for several years. During the war he was a Colonel in the Confederate Army. In 1874 he moved to Richmond, Va. He was an elder in the Presbyterian Church for a long period, and in 1885 was ordained a Presbyterian minister.

His death occurred at Richmond, Va., in May, 1887, but has not been previously reported. His age was 59 years.

He married, in January, 1854, Miss Francis, daughter of Dr. Joseph Anderson, of Amelia County, Va. His four children have died, but his widow survives him.

1875

SAMUEL WINCHESTER FOOTE ANDREWS, youngest son of Ruel and Olive (Foote) Andrews, was born January 25, 1844, in East Haven, Conn., where he spent nearly his entire life.

After graduation he practiced his profession until about 1890, when he opened a store in connection with the postoffice, of which he was postmaster until recently.

He died at his home on March 4, 1900, at the age of 56 years. The immediate cause of his death was erysipelas. His first wife died about twenty years ago. His second wife, two sons and a daughter survive him, also a son by the first wife.

1890

STEPHEN LELAND DOWS, JR., son of Stephen Leland and Henrietta Weddell (Safley) Dows, was born at Cedar Rapids, Ia., on February 1, 1867.

After graduation he returned to Cedar Rapids, and died there after a brief illness, on July 5, 1899, at the age of 32 years.

1892

JOHN FRANCIS CUFF, son of John and Alice Cuff, was born at Danbury, Conn., on December 21, 1862.

The year after graduation he was chosen City Attorney of Danbury, and Corporation Counsel in 1897. He was also a member of the Democratic State Central Committee for several years.

He had been in poor health for two years or more, and about the beginning of the present year went to Suwanee Springs, Fla., where he died on January 20, 1900, in his 38th year. He was unmarried.

1895

DANIEL BOYLE KELLY, son of James C. Kelly, was born on June 30, 1872, at Omagh, Ireland, but came with his father at an early age to Newburyport, Mass. Before entering the Law School he graduated from Ottawa College and Niagara University. While at Yale he was President of the Kent Club.

After receiving the degree of LL.B., he was admitted to the bar, and began practice in Haverhill, Mass.

He died very suddenly of heart failure in that city, on June 10, 1900, in his 28th year. He left a widow.

ALLYN BANCROFT WILMOT, son of B. W. Wilmot, was born at Post Mills, Orange County, Vt., on July 19, 1869.

After graduation he became a member of the law firm of Coleman & Wilmot. In the spring of 1899 he joined the regular army of the United States as a member of the Twelfth Regiment, and sailed for Manila on the transport Sheridan. Several interesting letters of his describing his experiences were printed in the local papers.

He died of typhoid fever in Manila in September, 1899, at the age of 29 years.

YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL.

1877

LOREN FOSTER BERRY, son of Amos and Mary (Curtis) Berry, was born at Leeds, Me., March 31, 1847. His father died when he was eight years of age. He graduated from Bowdoin College in 1873, and immediately after completing his studies in the Yale Divinity School, he was ordained at Plantsville, Conn., on June 3, 1877, and remained there as pastor until November, 1886, and then on account of the delicate health of his wife went to Fremont, Neb. Four years later he became Pastor of the First Church of Ottumwa, Ia., and in 1898 accepted the call of the Evanston Avenue Congregational Church of Chicago.

While in Fremont he was a director of the Nebraska Home Missionary Society, and a trustee of Doane and Gates Colleges, and when at Ottumwa he was chairman of the executive committee of the Iowa Home Missionary Society, and a trustee of Iowa College. From all the churches and organizations which he served comes testimony of efficient and conscientious labor.

He married, August 27, 1878, Miss S. Louise Coy, teacher of mathematics in Smith College.

He was apparently in his usual vigorous health when he died suddenly at his home in Chicago on May 8, 1900, at the age of 53 years. His wife, a daughter and son survive him.

1879

ALVA LAWRENCE DELONG was born at Newville, DeKalb County, Ind., April 24, 1850. He graduated from Otterbein University in 1875, studied theology at Union Theological Seminary, 1876-77, and completed his course during the two years following at New Haven.

From 1879 to 1883 he was at Braddock, Pa., where he was ordained over the church of the United Brethren in 1881. In 1883-84 he was Professor in Western College, and was then pastor in Johnstown, Pa. He died June 4, 1890, at Garden City, Kan., at the age of 40 years. His wife, who was Miss Florence I. Grim of Roanoke, Ind., survives him.

1887

GEORGE RAYNOLDS MATHEWS was born December 12, 1861, at Painesville, O. He graduated from Western Reserve College in 1884.

After finishing his studies in the Theological Seminary at New Haven three years later, he took special courses at Leipzig in 1887-89, and at Harvard the next year. After preaching several months at Woodstock, Conn., he became in 1892 Professor of Ancient Languages, and the next year Professor of French and German, in the University of Utah, at Salt Lake City.

Prof. Mathews had been in poor health for a long time, and died in Pasadena, Cal., December 10, 1899, at the age of 38 years.

1891

THOMAS ARTHUR FREY, son of Peter A. and Martha Frey, was born at Lovettsville, Va., on March 16, 1866. He graduated from Roanoke College in 1888, and three years later from the Yale Divinity School. He was ordained pastor of the Pavilion Church in Biddeford, Me., on July 14, 1891, and remained over three years, and the next three years was in charge of the Second Congregational Church in the same town.

In May of 1897, he went to Europe for rest and study, but soon after his return was obliged to resign his charge, and in January of 1898 went to Denver, Colorado, for relief from lung trouble. While there he supplied the Third Congregational Church for six months, then removed to University Park, where he studied philosophy in the University of Denver, and was also Professor of Biblical Literature. He died at University Park of tuberculosis, January 8, 1900, in his 34th year.

Mr. Frey married Luella A. Leavitt, daughter of Benjamin Leavitt of Saco, Me., January 28, 1892. His widow survives him with two daughters.

SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL.

1853

BENJAMIN CUTLER JILLSON, son of Seth and Elizabeth Jillson, was born at Willimantic, Conn., on July 15, 1830. His father was one of the originators of the Willimantic Thread Mills.

After graduation he studied medicine at the Universities of Louisville and Nashville, receiving the degree of M. D. from the latter in 1857. He settled first at Nashville, and then removed to Pittsburg, Pa., which, with the exception of three years, was afterward his home. During the Civil War he served as Assistant Surgeon in the Union army, and afterward as Chief Surgeon in the Philadelphia Hospital. For many years he filled the chair of geology and botany in the Western University of Pennsylvania, but later became Principal of the High School in Pittsburg. He wrote a number of pamphlets on geological subjects. In 1894 he accompanied Dr. Cook on his Greenland expedition in the steamer *Miranda*.

He married, in Philadelphia, June 15, 1864, Anna, daughter of Andrew Rovoudt, a wholesale merchant and importer of china and glass.

Dr. Jillson died of serosis of the liver after an illness of five months, at Pittsburg, on July 19, 1899, at the age of 69 years. He left a widow and four daughters. He was for many years a vestryman of Calvary Episcopal Church. He received the degree of Ph.D. from Lafayette College in 1870.

1867

LUTHER HODGES WOOD, son of A. F. and Rachel H. Wood, was born on August 7, 1847, in New Haven, Conn.

After graduation from the Scientific School he entered the Medical School and received the degree of M.D. in 1869. He at once began the practice of his profession in New Haven, and was also for a time a partner with his father in the drug business. In 1874 he removed to Torrington, Conn., but ten years later he was obliged to seek a change of climate, and settled in Denver, Colo., where he continued in successful practice until his death.

He died of Bright's disease in Denver, on September 4, 1899, at the age of 52 years. He left a widow, who was the daughter of Rev. J. Townsend, and one son.

1873

HENRY SHEAFF HOYT, son of L. M. Hoyt, was born at Staatsburg, Dutchess County, N. Y., in 1852.

After graduation he took a course at Columbia Law School, received the degree of LL.B. in 1878, and was admitted to practice in New York. He was a member of the Bar Association of New York, also Vice-President of the Racquet Club.

He died of appendicitis at his home in New York City, on May 23, 1900, at the age of 48 years.

1877

WILLIAM WHITTLESEY ABBOTT, son of Rev. Jacob Jackson Abbott, D.D. (Dartmouth 1839) and Margaret Fletcher (Whitin) Abbott, was born on August 5, 1856, at Uxbridge, Mass., but was prepared for College at the High School in Yarmouth, Me., where his father was at the time a Congregational pastor.

After graduation he returned to the Sheffield Scientific School for a course in mechanical engineering, and studied another year at the Worcester Polytechnic Institute. He then spent two years in the mountains of Colorado, but found the climate unfavorable to him. He accordingly returned to New England and engaged in teaching, first in the Sheffield (Mass.) High School, where he also had the oversight of the other schools in the town, afterward a year in New York, and then became Principal of the High School and Superintendent of all the schools in Naugatuck, Conn. Later he was Superintendent of Schools of the five towns in Berkshire County, Mass., of Sheffield, Richmond, West Stockbridge, New Marlboro, and Egremont. After a few years in this congenial work his health broke down, and he went to Southern Pines, N. C. His condition appeared much improved by his stay of three years there, and his death was unexpected to those near him. He died of apoplexy in Worcester, Mass., on July 7, 1899, in the 43d year of his age. In connection with his work he delivered many lectures upon the advantages of higher education.

He married, on August 25, 1885, Mary, daughter of Gilbert Camp of New Haven. She survives him without children.

1885

CLARENCE RUSSELL BRITTON, son of Joseph William Britton, was born in Cleveland, O., on July 24, 1862. He entered the Scientific School from Brook's Academy in Cleveland with the class of 1884, but was obliged to be out a year on account of ill health, and graduated with the next class.

After graduation he was Secretary of the Britton Rolling Mills Company until its consolidation with the American Tin Plate Company, and was then connected with the latter company in Chicago. At the time of his death he was Secretary of the American Tin Plate Manufacturers' Association.

An attack of pneumonia a year before his death had left him in very poor health, and he went to Saranac Lake, N. Y., but died there of consumption, on March 24, 1900, in his 38th year. His widow survives him.

1888

WILLIAM CLARKE CATLIN, son of Henry G. Catlin, was born at Burlington, Vt., on April 19, 1867, and was fitted for College at the High School in Providence, R. I.

From graduation until 1897 he was in the employ of the Illinois Steel Company, the latter part of that time as its General Superintendent at Joliet. In 1898 he accepted a position with the Cambria Company, of Johnstown, Pa., and a few weeks before his death began his duties as Superintendent of the Bessemer Department of that company.

He died of pneumonia, after only a few days' illness, at his home in Johnstown on February 2, 1900, at the age of 32 years.

He married, on November 19, 1891, Miss Aliama Fredrika Smith, who survives him with one son.

1892

JOSEPH SUTTON GREEN, son of Joseph Green, was born at Deep River, in the town of Saybrook, Conn., on February 8, 1863, but entered the Scientific School from North Raynham, Mass.

His death occurred on December 23, 1897, at the age of 34 years.

1893

HUSON TAYLOR JACKSON, son of Caleb H. and Anna B. (Taylor) Jackson, was born December 25, 1870, at Kennett Square, Chester County, Pa. He prepared for the Scientific School at Lawrenceville, N. J.

He died at Colorado Springs, Col., October 5, 1899, in the 29th year of his age.

1894

ALEXANDER [McBURNAY] BYERS, son of Alexander M. and Martha (Fleming) Byers, was born on September 1, 1872, at Allegheny, Pa.

After graduation he entered the iron business of his father, who was President of the A. M. Byers Company, and rose to a high position.

He died of typhoid fever at his home in Allegheny, on December 16, 1899, at the age of 27 years.

1899

DANIEL PATRICK DOOHAN, son of Thomas Doohan, a harness maker, was born on September 10, 1878, at Fair Haven, Conn. He was prepared for the Scientific School at the Hillhouse High School in New Haven.

In Senior year he won a special honor in French. He planned to make a thorough study of electricity, but soon after graduation the disease with which he had been threatened during his course began to develop, and he went to Colorado for relief. He was able to reach his home in East Haven, Conn., but died three weeks afterward, on March 16, 1900, in his 22d year.

HARRY COURTLAND GAUSE, eldest son of Harry Taylor Gause (Ph.B. Yale 1873) and Virginia Ingersoll Gause, was born on June 14, 1877, in Wilmington, Del.

For excellence in all his studies he received a Two-Year Honor at graduation. He was awarded a graduate scholarship and was taking a course leading to the degree of Master of Science, but in December, 1899, he was taken with appendicitis, of which he died in New Haven, on the 28th of that month, at the age of 22 years.

WILLIAM WASHBURN MURSICK, son of George A. Mursick, M.D. (Coll. Phys. and Surg. N. Y.) and Julia (Washburn) Mursick, was born at Nyack, N. Y., on August 8, 1880. He completed his preparation for Yale at the Hopkins Grammar School.

At graduation he received a Two-Year Honor for excellence in all the studies of Junior and Senior Year. Immediately afterward he became assaying chemist in the Ætna Standard Rolling Mills at Steubenville, O., but overwork made him a victim of typhoid fever, of which he died there on December 31, 1899, at the age of 19 years. He was a member of Grace Episcopal Church in Nyack.

OLIVER HENRY PERRY, son of Henry Hoyt Perry (Ph.B. Yale 1869), was born February 19, 1879, at Ashtabula, O., but his home was afterward in Southport, Conn.

Soon after graduation he went to Kansas and was engaged there during the summer in the civil engineering department of the Union Pacific Railroad. In October he became a victim of typhoid fever, and died four weeks later in Omaha, Neb., on November 29, 1900, at the age of 20 years.

WALTER SCOTT THOMAS, son of Jacob H. Thomas, was born at Pottstown, Pa., October 10, 1879. He was prepared for college in the Hillhouse High School.

After graduation he entered the works of the Westinghouse Electric Company of Pittsburg, Pa. While spending the Christmas holidays with relatives at West Chester, Pa., he was taken ill with typhoid fever and died there in a week, on December 31, 1899, at the age of 20 years.

GRADUATE SCHOOL.

1873

JULES LUQUIENS, was born January 24, 1845, in Lausanne, Switzerland, where his boyhood and school days were passed. He graduated from the University of Lausanne in 1866, and from the theological department of the University of Geneva, but soon after definitely gave up the ministry. Declining an offer to teach French in Robert College, Constantinople, he came to America in 1868. His first position was in Charlier Institute in New York City, and then he went to the Western College for Women, in Cincinnati. In the fall of 1872 he came to Yale and studied Sanskrit with Prof. Whitney, under whom he received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy. After a year as Instructor in the University of Cincinnati, in the winter of 1874 he became Instructor, and later, Associate Professor of French in the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, and remained there until he was elected in 1892 Street Professor of Romance Languages and Literatures in Yale University.

Prof. Luquiens contributed a few papers to the *Journal of the American Oriental Society*, the *American Journal of Philology*, and one on "The Avesta and the Storm Myth" to the *New Englander* in 1880. He published "French Prose of Popular Science and Descriptive Literature," 1885; "A Second Year's Course in French Grammar," 1887; and "Peoples and Places," 1895.

He married, January 27, 1875, Miss Emma Clark, daughter of W. H. Clark, a manufacturer of Salem, O.

Prof. Luquiens was obliged to drop work during the spring of 1899. He sought change and rest at Clifton Springs, and then went to Salem, O., where he died of heart disease on August 23, at the age of 54 years. His wife, two sons, and a daughter survive him. His son Frederick B. (Yale 1897) is Instructor in German in the Sheffield Scientific School, and the younger son is in the class of 1902, Academic Department.

Intelligence of the death of the following graduates was received too late for the insertion of their obituaries in their proper places :

ACADEMIC DEPARTMENT.

1843

JOHN MONROE SIBLEY, son of Jonas Leonard Sibley (Brown Univ. 1814) and Margaret N. (Monroe) Sibley, was born on July 7, 1822, in Sutton, Worcester County, Mass.

After graduation he was in the Custom House in Boston, Mass., for many years, and then went to California, where he resided for twenty years or more, and where he was State Superintendent of Schools.

He died at Sutton, Mass., on June 2, 1900, in his 78th year.

His wife was Experience C. Wheelock, of Warwick, Mass., by whom he had one son.

1853

FRANK WAYLAND FELLOWES, son of James Fellowes, was born on September 4, 1833, in New York City, where his father was a wholesale jeweler. His mother was Mrs. Waite Trip (Simpson) Fellowes, who died in New Haven in 1892 at the age of 102 years.

After graduation Mr. Fellowes was in business in New York and then for a time was a manufacturer of salt in East Saginaw, Mich. In 1872 he went abroad and remained for twelve years, studying art in Munich, Paris, in Italy, and elsewhere. He twice exhibited pictures in the Paris *Salon*. After his return he pursued his profession in New Haven, Conn. "A Gray Day in Brittany" and "Our Katrina" were his best-known pictures.

He had been an invalid for many years, and died at his residence in New Haven, June 16, 1900, in his 67th year. In memory of a beloved daughter he had recently presented to St. John's Protestant Episcopal Church a peal of four bells. He was a vestryman of that parish.

His wife, who was Miss Margaret McCoun, of Troy, N. Y., survives him with two daughters.

SUMMARY

ACADEMICAL DEPARTMENT

(YALE COLLEGE)

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Time of Death
1828	Oliver P. Hubbard, 90	New York City	March 9, '00
1829	William Watson, 90	New York City	Feb. 28, '00
1833	John S. Davenport, 91	Hartford, Conn.	Feb. 17, '00
1833	Edward S. Moseley, 86	Newburyport, Mass.	Apr. 25, '00
1834	Amos Crocker, 84	Hamilton, N. Y.	May 13, '97
1835	Edmund Dwight, 85	New York City	May 20, '00
1835	George W. Nichols, 82	Norwalk, Conn.	Feb. 16, '00
1836	Thomas Darling, 83	New York City	Sept. 23, '99
1836	Pascal P. P. Kidder, 87	Dunkirk, N. Y.	Jan. 3, '99
1836	William Thompson, 85	Palatka, Fla.	Feb. 2, '00
1836	Richard H. Wilmer, 84	Mobile, Ala.	June 14, '00
1838	William W. Rodman, 82	New Haven, Conn.	March 29, '00
1839	Charles J. Stillé, 79	Atlantic City, N. J.	Aug. 11, '99
1841	Charles P. Helfenstein, 79	Shamokin, Pa.	Feb. 15, '00
1841	Charles S. Minor, 83	Honesdale, Pa.	May 6, '00
1841	Effingham H. Nichols, 78	Greenfield Hill, Conn.	Nov. 4, '99
1841	Richards S. Willis, 81	Detroit, Mich.	May 7, '00
1843	Robert Aikman, 83	Madison, N. J.	May 12, '00
1843	Wyllys Atwater, 77	New Haven, Conn.	Nov. 28, '99
1843	Sylvester Hine, 81	Hartford, Conn.	July 28, '99
1843	Edward W. Robbins, 77	Bristol, R. I.	Nov. 7, '99
1843	John M. Sibley, 77	Sutton, Mass.	June 2, '00
1846	John W. Birchmore, 78	Cambridge, Mass.	March 21, '00
1847	Henry T. Wiswall, 76	Washington, D. C.	Oct. 16, '99
1848	John P. Hubbard, 79	Germantown, Pa.	Oct. 12, '99
1848	Francis T. Jarman, 71	New Haven, Conn.	Nov. 5, '99
1848	George White, 77	Wellesley, Mass.	July 29, '99
1849	Shearjashub Bourne, 77	New York City	March 21, '00
1849	William L. Clark, 69	Northport, N. Y.	Dec. 1, '99
1850	William A. Baldwin, 75	New York City	June , '99
1850	Champion Bissell, 68	New York City	Jan. 1, '99
1850	John R. Mills, 69	Brazoria, Texas	Sept. 9, '98
1851	William Augustus Atlee, 68	Lancaster, Pa.	Feb. 24, '00
1852	William C. Hallowell, 70	Sandy Springs, Md.	Aug. 11, '99
1852	John B. Hendrickson, 69	Milford, Pa.	July 24, '99
1852	William P. Johnston, 68	Lexington, Va.	July 16, '99
1852	Cooke Lounsbury, 71	Hartford, Conn.	Apr. 23, '00
1852	Marcus Lyon, 71	Owego, N. Y.	Sept. 18, '99
1852	William C. Mayo, 66	Richmond, Va.	Apr. 12, '00
1852	Melancthon Storrs, 76	Hartford, Conn.	June 9, '00
1853	Theodore Bacon, 65	Rochester, N. Y.	Jan. 23, '00
1853	William C. Brewster, 69	New York City	May 30, '00

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Time of Death
1853	David W. Brooks, 69	Detroit, Mich.	June 18, '99
1853	F. Wayland Fellowes, 66	New Haven, Conn.	June 16, '00
1853	Charles Harding, 72	Wai, India	Sept. 29, '99
1853	Henry C. Robinson, 67	Hartford, Conn.	Feb. 14, '00
1854	Thomas Egleston, 67	New York City	Jan. 15, '00
1854	James K. Hill, 67	Narragansett Pier, R. I.	Sept. 5, '99
1854	Edward Sanford, 66	Morris, Ill.	March 18, '00
1855	Elijah Cone, 68	Fond du Lac, Wisc.	Feb. 9, '00
1855	David L. Huntington, 65	Rome, Italy	Dec. 20, '99
1855	Charles P. Stetson, 64	Bangor, Maine	Sept. 29, '99
1856	Gilbert F. Bailey, 66	Croton Falls, N. Y.	Nov. 3, '99
1856	Andrew J. Bartholomew, 65	Southbridge, Mass.	July 17, '99
1856	Louis C. Fischer, 65	Baltimore, Md.	Nov. 29, '99
1856	John D. Wood, 62	New York City	Feb. 12, '00
1857	John C. Day, 63	Dublin, N. H.	June 24, '99
1858	Walter S. Alexander, 64	Cambridge, Mass.	May 15, '00
1858	Daniel G. Brinton, 62	Atlantic City, N. J.	July 31, '99
1858	William A. Magill, 63	Amherst, Mass.	Nov. 22, '99
1860	Frederick L. Chapell, 63	Newport, R. I.	Feb. 16, '00
1862	Albert F. Judd, 62	Honolulu, H. I.	May 20, '00
1863	Eleazar K. Foster, 58	New Haven, Conn.	Dec. 8, '99
1863	Artemas W. Gates-Fairbanks, 63	Monson, Mass.	May 15, '00
1864	Frank H. Hooker, 67	New Haven, Conn.	Apr. 14, '00
1865	Wilbur R. Bacon, 56	New York City	May 9, '00
1867	John M. Hart, 48	San José, Cal.	July 24, '93
1868	William H. Ferry, 54	Lake Forest, Ill.	March 4, '00
1868	George W. Fisher, 56	Grafton, Mass.	Feb. 17, '00
1868	Julius W. Russell, 53	Burlington, Vt.	Feb. 25, '00
1868	Douglas [D.] Walcott, 55	Denver, Col.	June 29, '99
1869	John H. Traynham, 53	Austin, Texas	March 19, '00
1871	Clarence E. Beebe, 50	New York City	March 1, '00
1871	Gustav M. Stoeckel, 49	Norfolk, Conn.	Feb. 15, '00
1872	Joseph A. Graves, 49	Hartford, Conn.	July 28, '99
1875	Guy Howard, 44	near Arayat, Phil. Isl.	Oct. 22, '99
1876	Frank V. Andrews, 46	Glendale, O.	Feb. 14, '00
1876	John J. Jennings, 45	Bristol, Conn.	Apr. 1, '00
1877	John R. Hatch, 45	New York City	May 10, '00
1879	G. Morris Edwards, 44	Nice, France	March 1, '00
1879	Stephen C. Wood, 41	Buluwayo, S. Africa	Dec. 14, '97
1883	Frederic S. Calhoun, 37	Newton, Mass.	Nov. 23, '99
1883	Henry E. Fisk, 37	Chicago, Ill.	Apr. 27, '00
1886	Daniel A. Moore, 34	Pittsburg, Pa.	Nov. 14, '99
1892	Edwin O. Stanard, 30	Colorado Springs, Col.	Oct. 19, '99
1893	Frank J. Brown,	New Haven, Conn.	Feb. 14, '00
1893	J. Boynton Dill, 29	Hastings, Pa.	Apr. 29, '00
1893	Albert W. Pettibone, 29	LaCrosse, Wisc.	Sept. 29, '99
1894	Samuel B. S. Bissell, 27	New York City	Apr. 15, '00
1895	William S. Eakin, 28	New York City	May 18, '00
1895	Everett W. Hobart, 26	Traverse City, Mich.	'Aug. 19, '99

Class	Name and Age	Place and	Time of Death
1896	Ward Cheney, 24	Bacoar, Phil. Isl.	Jan. 7, '00
1897	Joseph W. Alport, 24	Matuguine, Phil. Isl.	March 18, '00
1897	Henry V. Ryder, 25	Plainfield, N. J.	March 8, '00
1897	Benjamin F. C. Thompson, 23	Chicago, Ill.	Sept. 22, '99
1898	Augustus C. Ledyard, 22	Island of Negros	Dec., '99
1899	DeForest Baldwin, 21	New Haven, Conn.	Feb. 2, '00
1899	Stuart Holt, 23	Brooklyn, N. Y.	March 9, '00

YALE MEDICAL SCHOOL

1838	Frederick A. Hart, 82	Southington, Conn.	Apr. 6, '00
1851	Francis C. Greene, 71	Easthampton, Mass.	Aug. 2, '99
1851	William Soule, 72	Jewett City, Conn.	May 15, '00
1873	Frederick O. White, 47	New Haven, Conn.	Oct. 5, '99

YALE LAW SCHOOL

1849	Wm. F. C. Gregory, 59	Richmond, Va.	May, '87
1875	Samuel W. F. Andrews, 56	East Haven, Conn.	March 4, '00
1890	Stephen L. Dows, 32	Cedar Rapids, Ia.	July 5, '99
1892	John F. Cuff, 38	Danbury, Conn.	Jan. 20, '00
1895	John Boyle Kelly, 27	Haverhill, Mass.	June 10, '00
1895	Allyn B. Wilmot, 30	Manila, Phil. Isl.	Sept., '99

SHEFFIELD SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL

1853	Benjamin C. Jillson, 69	Pittsburg, Pa.	July 19, '99
1867	Luther H. Wood, 52	Denver, Col.	Sept. 4, '99
1873	Henry S. Hoyt, 48	New York City	May 23, '00
1877	William W. Abbott, 42	Worcester, Mass.	July 7, '99
1885	Clarence R. Britton, 37	Saranac Lake, N. Y.	March 24, '00
1888	William C. Catlin, 32	Johnstown, Pa.	Feb. 2, '00
1892	Joseph S. Green, 34		Dec. 23, '97
1893	Huson T. Jackson, 28	Colorado Springs, Col.	Oct. 5, '99
1894	Alexander [M.] Byers, 27	Allegheny, Pa.	Dec. 16, '99
1899	Daniel P. Doohan, 22	East Haven, Conn.	March 16, '00
1899	Harry C. Gause, 22	New Haven, Conn.	Dec. 28, '99
1899	William W. Mursick, 19	Steubenville, O.	Dec. 31, '99
1899	Oliver H. Perry, 20	Omaha, Neb.	Nov. 29, '99
1899	Walter S. Thomas, 20	West Chester, Pa.	Dec. 31, '99

YALE DIVINITY SCHOOL

1877	Loren F. Berry, 53	Chicago, Ill.	May 7, '00
1879	Alva L. DeLong, 40	Garden City, Kan.	June 4, '90
1887	George R. Mathews, 38	Pasadena, Cal.	Dec. 17, '99
1891	Thomas A. Frey, 33	University Park, Col.	Jan. 8, '00

GRADUATE SCHOOL

1873	Jules Luquiens, 54	Salem, O.	Aug. 23, '99
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The number of deaths recorded this year is 127, and the average age of the graduates of the Academical Department is about 60 years.

The oldest living graduate of the Academical Department is :

Class of 1824, Hon. BENJAMIN D. SILLIMAN, LL.D., of Brooklyn, N. Y., born Sept. 14, 1805.

The oldest living graduate of the Medical Department is :

Class of 1831, CHAUNCEY AYRES, of Stamford, Conn., born Aug. 14, 1808.

The annual Obituary Record of Yale Graduates was first printed in 1860, and each decade since has completed a separate series.

In the first printed series (1860-70) 804 deaths were recorded,—711 being graduates of the Academical Department, 76 of the Medical School, 11 of the Law School, and 6 of the Scientific School.

In the second series (1870-80) 791 deaths were recorded,—680 graduates of the Academical Department, 79 of the Medical School, 16 of the Scientific School, 9 of the Divinity School, and 7 of the Law School.

In the third series (1880-90) 965 deaths were recorded,—796 graduates of the Academical Department, 86 of the Medical School, 43 of the Scientific School, 24 of the Law School, and 16 of the Divinity School.

In the present series (1890-1900) 1268 deaths are recorded,—971 graduates of the Academical Department, 93 of the Medical School, 116 of the Scientific School, 57 of the Law School, 27 of the Divinity School, and 4 of the Graduate School.

The average age at death of the 3158 graduates of the Academical Department included in the four series (1860-1900) is nearly 61 years.

The fourth printed series of the Obituary Record closes with the present number. Aid in obtaining information concerning deceased graduates is urgently requested by the Secretary of the University.



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1889	Abbe, Burr R.	638	1832	Backus, William W.	150
1848	Abbe, Edward P.	450	1864 <i>m</i>	Bacon, J. Knight	563
1840	Abbot, Levi	515	1853	Bacon, Theodore	690
1877 <i>s</i>	Abbott, William W.	734	1865	Bacon, Wilbur R.	708
1836	Acker, Joel M.	361	1856	Bailey, Gilbert F.	699
1862	Adams, A. Egerton	399	1892 <i>d</i>	Bailey, Jesse	492
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1861 <i>m</i>	Aiken, Edward	60	1852	Baird, John G.	111
1843	Aikman, Robert	675	1899	Baldwin, DeForest	726
1858	Alexander, Walter S.	701	1872 <i>l</i>	Baldwin, Henry C.	489
1888	Allen, Joshua W.	556	1870	Baldwin, Robert	245
1897	Alport, Joseph W.	724	1850	Baldwin, William A.	682
1828	Alvord, Thomas G.	508	1842	Barber, Theodore P.	161
1878 <i>l</i>	Ambler, Richard C.	133	1873	Barber, William T.	548
1835	Anderson, Edwin A.	360	1892 <i>s</i>	Barbour, Frank H. T.	419
1858	Anderson, Volney S.	236	1830	Barclay, George G.	354
1845	Anderson, W. Geo.	106	1870 <i>d</i>	Barclay, Thomas D.	649
1890 <i>l</i>	Andrew, William A.	197	1856	Barker, Benjamin F.	621
1861	Andrews, Ebenezer	467	1897 <i>l</i>	Barlow, George H.	648
1876	Andrews, Frank V.	715	1849	Barnard, Horace	531
1830	Andrews, John W.	211	1848	Barnes, James N.	109
1855	Andrews, Judson B.	310	1849	Barnes, Lorin	304
1875 <i>l</i>	Andrews, Samuel W. F.	729	1897	Barnes, Theodore M., Jr.	558
1831	Andrews, William W.	509	1841	Barnum, Samuel W.	98
1844	Angier, Marshall B.	220	1881 <i>l</i>	Barrett, John	337
1843	Appleton, Daniel S.	32	1841 <i>m</i>	Barrows, Ashbel W.	411
1830	Archer, James,	588	1856	Bartholomew, Andrew J.	699
1896	Armstrong, Wheeler	482	1838	Bartlett, John K.	24
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1892 <i>d</i>	Artopé, Joseph H.	568	1853 <i>l</i>	Bassett, Benjamin H.	261
1849	Atkins, James H.	530	1862	Bates, Xyris T.	626
1851	Atlee, William A.	683	1839	Battell, Robbins	288
1834	Atwater, Charles	87	1847	Bayne, Thomas L.	106
1834	Atwater, John P.	435	1842	Beach, Daniel B.	368
1879	Atwater, Otis E.	553	1887	Beach, Rodmond V.	637
1843	Atwater, Wyllys	675	1859	Beard, Edwin S.	116
1892	Austin, Clarence W.	332	1827	Beardsley, Nelson	207
1849 <i>l</i>	Austin, Willis R.	413	1871	Beebe, Clarence E.	712
1869	Averill, Arthur H.	322	1822	Beecher, Edward,	349
1861 <i>m</i>	Avery, George W.	195	1893 <i>l</i>	Beers, Charles R.	416
1855	Avery, William L.	535	1860	Beers, George L.	398
1883 <i>l</i>	Ayer, Charles H.	566	1867 <i>s</i>	Beeson, John K.	416
1888	Ayres, Edward F.	331	1863	Belden, William H.	469

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1860 <i>m</i>	Benedict, Abel C.	562	1830	Brainerd, Timothy G.	212
1864	Benjamin, George W.	184	1866	Brand, James	629
1842	Benner, Robert	99	1844	Breed, Edward A.	374
1887 <i>s</i>	Bennett, Elmer E.	200	1842	Brewster, Joseph,	368
1887	Bennetto, John	188	1853	Brewster, William C.	691
1842	Benton, Joseph A.	100	1888	Brigham, Clayton H.	556
1875 <i>l</i>	Benton, Herbert E.	647	1881 <i>m</i>	Brinley, William H.	564
1888 <i>s</i>	Berger, Charles B.	68	1858	Brinton, Daniel G.	702
1887	Berkele, Elmer F.	188	1846	Brisbin, John B.	524
1877 <i>d</i>	Berry, Loren F.	731	1885 <i>s</i>	Britton, Clarence R.	735
1877 <i>s</i>	Betts, Arthur L.	67	1866	Britton, George F.	472
1868	Biddle, A. Sydney	52	1843 <i>m</i>	Brockett, Linus P.	193
1873	Biddle, Arthur	475	1853	Bromley, Isaac H.	616
1852	Bigelow, Albert,	174	1827 <i>m</i>	Bronson, Henry	253
1881	Bigelow, Russell A.	56	1840	Bronson, William A.	29
1864 <i>s</i>	Bill, Charles	494	1853	Brooks, David W.	691
1853	Billings, Edward C.	231	1893	Brown, Frank J.	719
1863	Bingham, Egbert B.	121	1846 <i>l</i>	Brown, Joseph E.	336
1846	Birchmore, John W.	677	1842	Brown, Joseph V.	162
1876	Bird, Charles W.	404	1858	Brown, Orlando.	181
1841	Birdseye, Lucien	367	1860	Brown, Richard B.	316
1826	Bishop, E. Huggins	9	1836	Browne, George Morgan	284
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1844	Bissell, Edward	295	1829 <i>m</i>	Bryan, Elijah F.	254
1892	Bissell, Edward C.	557	1889	Buchanan, Thomas W.	127
1839	Bissell, Henry N.	26	1876	Buck, Horace R.	549
1823	Bissell, Samuel	350	1833	Buckingham, Samuel G.	589
1830	Bissell, Samuel B. S.	277	1869	Bucklin, Sylvester F.	185
1894	Bissell, Samuel B. S.	720	1865	Budlong, Morris M.	122
1835	Bissell, William C.	592	1856	Buehler, George W.	46
1836	Black, John W.	154	1844	Buel, Henry W.	166
1868 <i>s</i>	Blackstone, J. deTrafford	571	1873 <i>s</i>	Bulkley, Moses	197
1865	Blake, Charles E.	241	1826	Bull, Edward C.	206
1847	Blake, Charles T.	527	1847	Bullard, Charles H.	527
1884 <i>s</i>	Blake, Edward	266	1853	Bunn, Charles W.	385
1857	Blake, Eli W.	394	1860	Bunnell, Lyman B.	237
1832 <i>m</i>	Blakeman, Wm. N.	60	1865	Burchard, Oscar R.	402
1865	Blanchard, Charles P.	320	1842 <i>m</i>	Burr, Horace	642
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1842	Boardman, Douglass	100	1881 <i>m</i>	Bush, George M.	130
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1884	Booth, Samuel A.	636	1876 <i>s</i>	Butler, Walter C.	417
1874 <i>m</i>	Booth, Wilbur H.	564	1867	Butterfield, Edwin S.	545
1848	Borland, John N.	39	1894 <i>s</i>	Byers, Alexander	736
1881 <i>d</i>	Bothwell, George W.	63	1847	Byington, Swift	300
1876	Bottum, Elisha S.	549			
1849	Bourne, Shearjashub	680	1892 <i>s</i>	Caldwell, Walter L.	341
1825	Boyden, Ebenezer	7	1883	Calhoun, Frederic S	717
1846	Brace, Charles L.	35	1835 <i>m</i>	Camp, Joseph W.	256
1832	Brace, Seth C.	431	1882	Campbell, James A.	57
1859	Bradbury, Ziba N.	182	1856	Campbell, William H. W.	180
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1890 <i>s</i>	Casement, Robert L.	267	1888	Cosad, Willis G.	638
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1860	Catlin, George L.	465	1872	Cowles, Edward L.	54
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1888 <i>s</i>	Catlin, William C.	735	1852 <i>s</i>	Craw, William J.	569
1872 <i>l</i>	Chadbourne, Albert H.	414	1834	Crocker, Amos	663
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1882 <i>s</i>	Chamberlin, William A.	199	1879	Crouch, Henry C.	553
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1880	Chanute, Arthur	340	1858 <i>l</i>	Culbertson, William B.	261
1860	Chapell, Frederick L.	705	1869	Cunningham, Aug. M.	545
1837	Chapin, Aaron L.	155	1875 <i>s</i>	Cunningham, James	66
1844	Chapin, Nathan C.	166	1876 <i>s</i>	Cunningham, John M.	497
1866	Chapman, Daniel C.	122	1889 <i>d</i>	Cunningham, William L.	567
1876 <i>s</i>	Chapman, John H.	417	1893	Curtis, Elliot S.	409
1850	Chapman, Robert H.	609	1882	Curtis, G. Edward	330
1897	Charnley, Charles M., Jr.	559	1887	Curtis, John H.	555
1841	Chase, Edmund P.	442	1842 <i>m</i>	Curtis, William M.	192
1848 <i>l</i>	Chedsey, Nathan A.	413	1854	Cutler, Carroll	232
1896	Cheney, Ward	721	1835 <i>m</i>	Cutter, Daniel B.	60
1855	Child, Linus M.	536			
1845	Childs, Alexander C.	377	1839	Daggett, David L.	366
1884	Claggett, James M.	479	1889 <i>d</i>	Dahl, Olaus	492
1842	Clapp, Alexander H.	597	1874 <i>l</i>	Dailey, Hugh	196
1872	Clapp, Howard S.	631	1833	Dana, James D.	279
1835	Clark, Henry	282	1836	Darling, Thomas	666
1849	Clark, William L.	681	1830	Davenport, J. Ratcliffe	355
1854	Clarke, J. Tillotson	386	1833	Davenport, John S.	661
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1826	Close, Reuben H.	9	1855 <i>m</i>	Davis, Henry	258
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1860 <i>s</i>	Coddington, Clifford	135	1836	Davis, Josiah G.	214
1837	Coe, David B.	285	1845	Day, Guy B.	35
1847	Cogswell, Frederick W.	170	1845	Day, Henry	168
1884	Cohen, George E.	479	1857	Day, John C.	701
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1844	Colton, Theron G.	375	1891 <i>d</i>	Derr, Calvin U. O.	492
1856	Condit, Stephen	538	1840	Devereux, John	160
1855	Cone, Elijah	696	1874	Dewing, Clark	326
1879 <i>s</i>	Congdon, Albert W.	575	1888 <i>s</i>	DeWolf, Carlton M.	419
1845	Conner, Lemuel P.	34	1840	Dexter, Henry M.	30
1850	Converse, George S.	383	1859 <i>m</i>	Dibble, Frederick L.	562
1864 <i>l</i>	Cook, I. Wayland	262	1855	Dickerman, George A.	620
1837	Cooke, George W.	156	1840 <i>m</i>	Dickinson, Francis L.	484
1892 <i>s</i>	Cornwall, Egbert W.	499	1893	Dill, J. Boynton	720
1859	Cortelyou, Lawrence V.	463	1847	Dimock, Samuel R.	528

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1854	Dorman, Lester M.	43	1877 <i>s</i>	Field, Burr K.	573
1840	Doubleday, John M.	289	1856	Fischer, Louis C.	700
1849	Douglas, George	607	1868	Fisher, George W.	709
1879 <i>l</i>	Douglas, John B.	415	1883	Fisk, Henry E.	718
1831	Douglas, Thomas	278	1879	Fleischman, David	124
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1880 <i>m</i>	Doutteil, Henry	564	1845	Folsom, George DeF.	378
1890 <i>l</i>	Dows, Stephen L.	730	1823	Foot, John A.	79
1854	Drake, William	387	1879 <i>s</i>	Foote, Emerson Y.	199
1894 <i>s</i>	Drummond, Arthur M.	342	1854	Ford, Lewis W.	617
1859 <i>s</i>	DuBois, Henry A.	494	1863	Foster, Eleazar K.	706
1867	DuBois, John Jay	630	1840	Foster, Stephen C.	516
1883 <i>s</i>	DuBois, Robert O.	340	1874	Foster, William	632
1868 <i>s</i>	Dudley, Henry M.	571	1893 <i>l</i>	Fowler, Daniel F.	490
1838	Dudley, Lewis J.	366	1877 <i>s</i>	Francke, Joaquin J.	264
1839	Dudley, Martin	95	1847	Franklin, Elmer	107
1839	Dulles, J. Heatly	215	1858	Franklin, George M.	622
1893	Dunham, Richard E.	409	1860	Freeman, Everett P.	399
1836	Dunkel, John L.	284	1885 <i>d</i>	Freeman, George R.	566
1833	Dunlap, Abijah B.	358	1853	French, Joseph S.	42
1876	Dunning, Augustus W.	477	1891 <i>d</i>	Frey, T. Arthur	732
1848	Dunning, Homer N.	450	1842	Frost, Calvin	369
1891	duPont, Louis C.	189			
1865	Dutton, George P.	470	1844 <i>l</i>	Gaillard, Richborough	565
1835	Dwight, Edmund	664	1851	Gallup, James A.	532
1838	Dwight, Edward S.	24	1888 <i>s</i>	Garneau, George F.	136
1846	Dwight, James M. B.	525	1863	Gates-Fairbanks, Ar-	
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1895	Eakin, William S.	720	1860	Gaul, Edward L.	238
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1845	Ely, Jonathan S.	523	1852	Goodhue, J. Eldridge	306
1834	Emerson, Alfred	359	1876	Goodman, Jacob	124
1880 <i>s</i>	Emery, Jacob E.	418	1894 <i>s</i>	Goodwillie, J. Barnett	653
1892 <i>l</i>	England, Joseph E.	338	1840	Goodwin, Henry M.	161
1893 <i>s</i>	Evans, Jason	578	1863 <i>s</i>	Goodyear, Watson A.	64
1869	Ewing, Alexander H.	53	1856 <i>l</i>	Goss, Jesse H.	61
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1832	Farley, Benjamin F.	85	1847	Gray, J. Presley	529
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1864	Hall, Charles H.	543	1847	Holliday, Fred'k. W. M.	605
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1852	Hallowell, Henry C.	684	1864	Hooker, Frank H.	708
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1839 m	Jayne, DeWitt C.	559	1866 l	Lee, Bradley D.	488
1883	Jennings, George C.	406	1881 d	Leeper, Charles S.	343
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1861	Johnson, Henry N.	118	1883 s	Lockwood, William E.	575
1877 l	Johnson, Richard H.	133	1892	Lord, Daniel	189
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1892 s	Johnstone, Edward W.	653	1853	Lord, Robert McC.	309
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1871	Jones, J. Dana	547	1837 m	Lounsbury, John	334
1862	Judd, Albert F.	705	1897 m	Loveland, Albert E.	647
1843 m	Judson, Monroe	560	1864	Lowrey, Edward W.	319
			1843	Lucas, George C.	598
1844	Kain, William C.	295	1873 dp	Linquiens, Jules	738
1843	Keasbey, Anthony Q.	293	1859	Lusk, William T.	464
1843	Kellogg, Sanford B.	165	1844	Lynde, Charles R.	296
1895 l	Kelly, Daniel B.	730	1852	Lyon, Marcus	687
1887	Kendall, William B.	253	1859	Lyon, Moses	465
1846	Kennedy, Archibald	380			
1871 l	Kenyon, William H.	489	1864	McAfee, William	401
1842	Keyes, Henry P.	292	1860	McAlpin, William	623
1892	Kidd, Henry M.	639	1842	McCall, Henry S.	163
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1893	McKenna, William J.	481	1861 <i>s</i>	Moore, Gideon E.	338
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1858	MacLellan, George B.	539	1855 <i>s</i>	More, Ira	570
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1858	Magill, William A.	704	1867	Morgan, Charles L.	321
1850	Mallery, Garrick	305	1892 <i>dp</i>	Morita, Kumato	654
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1832	Manning, J. Angus	16	1833	Moseley, Edward S.	662
1868	Marsh, Charles C.	52	1850	Mulford, Sylvanus S.	453
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1860	Marsh, Othniel C.	624	1848	Munger, George G.	303
1857	Marshall, James	457	1869 <i>m</i>	Munson, Byron W.	487
1860	Mason, Edward G.	626	1882	Murphy, Walter	479
1865 <i>s</i>	Massey, Albert P.	570	1899 <i>s</i>	Mursick, William W.	737
1837	Mather, John P. C.	22	1875	Myers, C. Albert	477
1826	Mather, Thomas G.	69			
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1870	Merriam, Edward F.	474	1844	Norton, Edward	220
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1880	Metzger, Simon C.	634	1872	Olmstead, James	547
1858	Miles, Daniel A.	397	1861 <i>m</i>	Olmstead, Samuel H.	259
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1859	Miller, Charles A.	541	1876	Packard, John H.	478
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1871	Perry, Wilbert W.	325	1841	Robinson, William E.	99
1886	Peters, Frank G.	187	1879	Rochfort, Thomas E.	248
1841	Peters, Thomas M.	217	1838	Rodman, William W.	668
1833	Pettee, Joseph	17	1895 s	Roe, Stephen B.	420
1893	Pettibone, Albert W.	720	1844	Rogers, Charles H.	600
1880 d	Pettibone, Luman A.	491	1883	Rose, Joseph J.	250
1860	Phelps, Wm. Walter	238	1849	Rowell, Samuel N.	226
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1864	Phinney, Arthur	628	1842	Runyon, Theodore	371
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1876	Pierce, Frank W.	550	1868	Russell, Julius W.	710
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1834	Seymour, Nathan P.	89	1890 <i>s</i>	Spencer, George J.	200
1876	Shaffer, Lewis W.	550	1837	Spencer, J. Austin	364
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1845	Sheffield, George W.	224	1843	Stanton, Robert P.	600
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1857 <i>l</i>	Smith, George W.	62	1897	Thompson, Benj. F. C.	725
1876 <i>m</i>	Smith, Heman B.	130	1894 <i>dp</i>	Thompson, Guy V.	578
1844	Smith, Henry D.	601	1877	Thompson, James S.	552
1844	Smith, Howard	105	1844	Thompson, Thomas M.	298
1849	Smith, J. Lewis	452	1836	Thompson, William	667
1850 <i>m</i>	Smith, Joel W.	485	1862	Thoms, Matthew H.	120
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1853 <i>m</i>	Smith, Lucius A.	258	1862 <i>m</i>	Thomson, William H.	260
1846	Smith, Milo M.	380	1887	Thornton, Joseph L.	59
1858	Smith, Normand	462	1870	Tilney, Thomas J.	245
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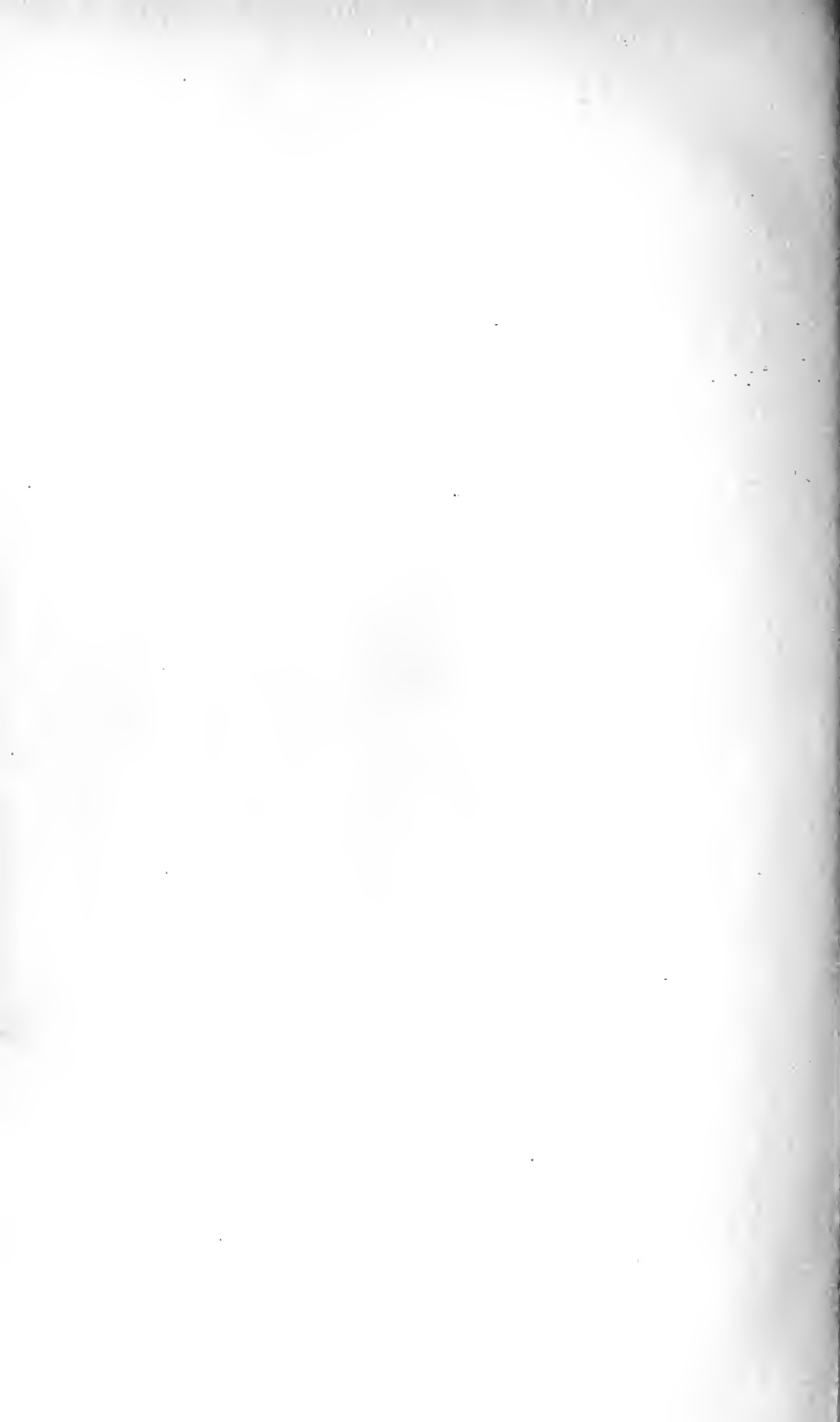
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1858	Turner, Henry H.	182	1857	Wells, Manning C.	538
1833	Turner, Jonathan B.	589	1859	Wells, Thomas B.	117
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1836	Tyler, George P.	362	1891 <i>d</i>	Weyler, Samuel	568
1864 <i>m</i>	Tyler, John H.	411	1832	Wharton, William C.	17
1829	Ullmann, Daniel	147	1846 <i>m</i>	White, Andrew J.	643
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1864	VanEtten, Albert H.	544	1848	White, George	679
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1880	Walker, Wirt D.	634	1849	Willard, James L.	227
1836	Walkley, James C.	20	1847	Willcox, Wallace C.	38
1848	Wallace, Thomas S.	382	1844	Willcox, Cyprian P.	444
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1825	Ward, Isaac M.	276	1850 <i>m</i>	Williams, William C.	257
1876 <i>l</i>	Ward, John B.	566	1864	Williamson, John A.	629
1860	Ward, Julius H.	466	1841	Willis, Richard S.	673
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1855	Wilson, William T.	45	1892 <i>s</i>	Woodward, William B.	578
1851	Wingfield, John H.	384	1858	Woodward, William H.	237
1886	Winston, Dudley	555	1856	Wootton, Henry E.	393
1830	Winthrop, Henry R.	430	1882	Worcester, Franklin E.	57
1851	Winthrop, William	614	1847 <i>m</i>	Worthington, Albert B.	561
1847	Wiswall, Henry T.	678	1856	Worrall, J. Hunter	181
1857 <i>m</i>	Witter, John	194	1832 <i>m</i>	Wright, Amos	255
1859	Wood, Arthur B.	315	1863	Wright, Alexander H.	401
1833	Wood, George I.	590	1881 <i>s</i>	Wright, Clark	498
1842	Wood, Glen	163	1844	Wright, Edwin	602
1852	Wood, James A.	308	1867	Wright, George L.	545
1856	Wood, John D.	700			
1867 <i>s</i>	Wood, Luther H.	733	1841 <i>m</i>	Yale, John	559
1879	Wood, Stephen C.	717	1837	Yerkes, Stephen	365
1878	Woodbury, Charles P.	478	1863	York, Samuel A.	628
1839	Woodford, John B.	95	1848	Young, Ben. D.	451
1871 <i>d</i>	Woodmansee, William	649	1877 <i>s</i>	Young, Edwin	198
1860	Woodruff, Morris	239	1866 <i>m</i>	Young, Francis J.	195

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