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索南多杰 主编

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क्र्य तर्मेष्ट ग्रान्य

ट्रां, चं.चा, लुयी ताथी भे. कुपु, प्रूची ता, ट्रां, क्षेत्राश्चा कुथा, यूम्ट्रां, एक्ट्रं, क्षेत्री, ताय, त्रक्ष्र्ं, त्याय, हुन्, क्षेत्रीय, क्ष्यां, क्षेत्रा, त्या, क्षेत्रा, त्या, क्षेत्रा, त्या, क्षेत्रा, त्या, त्या, क्षेत्रा, त्या, त्या, क्षेत्रा, त्या, त्य

नुयाः अर्र् ख्रिंच वार्याः श्रुवा श्रुवा अर्था व्या

Preface

Those of us who have worked on this project feel particularly honored because we are well aware that the age of folklore telling is vanishing and that the repositories of that age old knowledge – our Tibetan elders – are fast leaving us. We understand the reasons for the accelerating, seemingly unstoppable alterations to our traditional society that once placed elders firmly in the center of our world. The pre-electrified world was a time when children gathered expectantly around elders on a warm sleeping platform in the evening to listen to tales, and a time when villagers felt very close to each other, freely visiting each other's homes to exchange the latest news, tell, and listen to folklore.

This has all changed as it has in much of the world as modernity in the form of electricity, radios, television, DVD/ VCD players, mobile phones, and so on arrives in once remote areas. This has now deprived our elders of an audience for their folklore and memories of monsters, witches, demons, demonesses, and amazing worlds colored by imaginative genius. When elders are not asked to tell folklore, they do not tell it, and when they do not tell, they tend to forget, and the next generation loses access to knowledge that was once central to life. Furthermore, the poetics of Tibetan oral literature and archaisms that characterize these traditions are rapidly moving out of the consciousness of young Tibetan people as they are replaced by the offerings of globalized media.

Aware of these changes, we set out to record folklore from Tibetan elders living in Xunhua Salar Autonomous County, Haidong Region, Qinghai Province, China. These tellers are:

- Shesrab (b. 1933) of Rimang Village, told *The Servant and The Princess, The Foxy Sister in-law and Brothers*, and *The King with a Magic Donkey*.
- Bsangbdag (b. 1936) of Rimang Village, told *The King Steals, Learning* the Language of Birds, The Rabbit and the Bear, The Wolf and the Sheep, and The Rich Son Finds a Wife.
- Mkha' 'grordorje (b.1941) of Mdo rtse Village, told *The Dog-man*, *The Golden Spindle*, *The Two Sisters, the White Man and the White Horse*, *The King and the Poor Man, King Gong tse rab brtan, The Chinese Couple, The Butcher, Minister Mgar dampa, The Prince's Recovery, The Rabbit and the Hunter, The Brother Visits the King of Death, and Two Monks Visit the Jobo.*

- MaNi 'bum (b. 1939) of Mtha 'ba Village, told Saddle-maker Rabbit,

 A Baby Monkey Steals a Pair of Shoes, The Mare's Son,

 The Banished Mother, and The Wise Birds.
 - Bkrashis (b. 1953) of Grasar Village, told The Fortuneteller, *The Tiger King* and the Poor Son, The Herdsman and the Frog, The Magic Bowl, The Princess and the Poor Man, and The Army of Mice.
- Klumosgrol ma (b. 1936) of A sde Village, told *The Maitreya Statue, A Beggar's Daughter, Melon Killing, Two Brothers, The Tiger, The Wolf and the Rabbit,* and *The Woodcutter and the Boulder.*
- Phagmothar (b. 1942) of Bar skor Village, told *The Little Lamb, The Old Couple and Two Children, Thag thag of the Forest, Two Brothers*, and *Ra lu ma and Ri lu ma*.
- Chogru (b. 1943) of Gshoangsa Village, told The Beetle, Frog, and Lizardand, The Story of a Kid's Tail.
- Dantug (b. 1929) of Bar skor Village, told An Old Lady and the Demon, The Old Man and the Bull Skin, A Poor Mother and Her Daughter, The Woodcutter and the Princess's Shoe, and Friendship.

All the stories were collected September-November 2011 by Bsod nams rdo rje. The stories were retold in the versions that appear here. We will make available both orally retold stories and the original recordings.

We hope these stories might bring joy to future generations who read and hear them.

A number of people made this project successful, including graduate students at Qinghai University for Nationalities, Darlene Clubb, Gerald Roche, Steve Frediani, Tim Thurston, Devin Gonier, Sarah Oliphant, Laura Fitch, Miguel Fialho, and other individuals, all of whom are thanked. Thank you also to the Canada Fund for Local Initiatives (China) for their generous funding support.

Wendu Education Association

८गार क्य

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टस्टां स्थातियाता क्रिंस् ग्रीयान्तर, स्थाति स्थातिया वर्षे स्थाया वर्षे स्थायया स्थाय स्थायया स्थाय स्थायया स्थाय स्थायया स्थाय स्थायया स्थाय स्याय स्थाय स्याय स्थाय स्य

仆 人和公主

很久以前,一位国王有一个忠实的仆人。很多年后的一天,仆人向国王禀报: "从今日起我不能再在皇宫作仆人了,离开前我有一个小小的愿望还请国王成全。"国王问: "是什么愿望?"他回答道: "我在皇宫呆了这么长时间了,但从未去过宫顶,希望国王批准我到皇宫顶上去参观一下。"国王答应了。

干是, 仆人兴高采烈地走上了皇宫顶端参观。他发现了一扇天窗并好奇 地望去。只见一位美丽如花的姑娘正在绣花,年轻的仆人对姑娘的美丽痴 迷,不经意间流出了一滴口水恰好落到了姑娘所绣的花瓣上,姑娘好奇地用 嘴吮吸了一下仆人的口水。年轻的仆人发现她是公主很是激动。他参观完后 兴高采烈回到家中,向父亲说:"我要娶公主为妻。"父亲很惊讶地说: "我们家如此贫穷,拿什么娶公主?咱们还是另找姑娘吧!"但儿子心意已 决, 多次催促父亲夫提亲。并告诉父亲公主已经答应嫁给他。在儿子的软磨 硬泡下,仆人和父亲拿着一瓶好酒和五彩绸缎,还有洁白的哈达前往皇宫提 亲。国王喜欢品酒, 见仆人和他的父亲送上的好酒就准备马上品尝。仆人的 父亲马上说道: "国王殿下,此酒非常酒…"话还没说完,国王就拿起酒瓶 一口气喝了下去。于是,仆人的父亲紧跟着说我是来向您提亲的。国王很惊 讶地说到"怎么办?这是提亲的喜酒,如今我已喝下去了,也不好再说啥 了,就听皇后的意思吧!"这时皇后走过来说到:"如今国王已经喝了喜 酒,我也不好再说啥了,就听公主她自己的意思吧!"公主却说:"我不认 识那位仆人,我是绝不会嫁给他的。"于是,年轻的仆人说:"前几日,公 主所绣得花上不小心滴上了在下的口水, 公主不是用嘴吮吸了吗?"公主羞 涩地回答到:"哦,是啊,当时没有下雨,我很好奇,便尝了一下,原来是 你的口水呀!"国王说道:"公主都已经表明了意思,现在只好把公主许配 给你家了。"但国王心里很不愿意这门亲事,心想如果我要世上稀有的宝物 做聘礼,刁难他们,他们肯定做不到。这样一来,一是保住了自己一言九鼎 的尊严,二是不委屈公主。于是就要求仆人准备一颗白螺蛋、一根金羽毛和 一块金砖做公主的聘礼。仆人的父亲埋怨儿子要娶公主为妻,现在上哪里去 找这些世上少有的宝物。于是,年轻的仆人准备到天竺国向佛祖求得化解闲 难的办法。

年轻的仆人就开始了漫长的旅途。在前往天竺国的路上,他遇到了一条 卧在洞里的龙,龙问仆人去往何处,他如实地告诉了他去往天竺国拜佛的缘 由。龙说道:"我去年落入此洞,就再也无法飞往蓝天,请帮我向佛祖求得 化解的办法吧!"年轻的仆人爽快地答应了。

他继续赶路,走了很长时间。他看见一根参天大树, 树顶上有一只孔雀,孔雀问仆人去往何处,仆人把事情的缘由告诉了孔雀。孔雀说道:"自我落到此树上起,就再也没能飞翔,请帮我向佛祖求得化解的办法吧!"仆人也爽快地答应了。

他继续赶路,又走了很长时间后,遇到很多人正在建一座宫殿,众人问仆人去往何处,仆人又一次地诉说了去往天竺国的缘由。众人说道:"他们建这座房屋已经有很多年了,但就是无法建完,请帮我们向神圣的佛祖求得化解的办法,好吗?"年轻的仆人没有犹豫就答应了。

他继续赶路,又走了很长时间后,终于到了天竺国。他虔诚地跪在地上 向佛祖磕头朝拜后,向佛祖祈求赐予他化解困难的办法。佛祖并没有给予他 任何宝物,只是说青龙身子底下有一颗白螺蛋,只要取出白螺蛋,青龙定能 飞往天空;大树根有一根金羽毛,只要取出金羽毛,孔雀自然能飞往蓝天; 房屋柱子下面有一块金砖,只要取出了金砖,房屋定能建成。

年轻的仆人在返回的路途中,逐个完成了佛祖的旨意,青龙和孔雀都飞上了蓝天,房屋也建成了,而仆人所需的宝物也逐个到手了,于是他高兴地回到家中。父亲惊讶地说:"这些宝物都是世上少有的,没必要献给国王,不如另娶一位美丽的姑娘?"年轻的仆人回答道:"为了迎娶公主,我不辞千辛万苦,前往天竺国向佛祖祈求并得到了宝物,我一定要娶公主为妻。"于是,他拿着宝物前往皇宫,迎娶了貌如天仙且心底善良的公主为妻,从此他们过上了幸福的生活。

The Servant and Princess

Once there was a king whose servant helped him administer the kingdom. One day after some time of loyal service, the servant said, "I won't be able to assist you as I did in the past. I have only one request that I hope you will fulfill."

"What is it?" the king said.

"I have never been to the roof of your palace, though I have served you for many years. Please allow me to go there," the servant said. After the king nodded in agreement, the servant went to the palace roof and looked down through a skylight into a room where he saw a pretty girl embroidering a flower. The servant was so attracted by the beauty that saliva from his drooling dribbled onto her work. The girl sucked up the saliva as soon as she saw the liquid, not knowing where it had come from.

The servant returned home full of delight and asked his father to arrange his engagement with the princess. "How does a family as poor as ours ask to marry a princess? Ridiculous! I'll find another girl for you," said the father.

But the son stubbornly said, "Let's go, Father! The princess has already agreed."

The father despondently went to the king accompanied by the servant, with a bottle of liquor ornamented in five-colored silk and *ka btags*.¹

The king was an alcoholic, and drank much of the liquor immediately. The father warned the king that the liquor was different than usual liquor, but the king drank it anyway. Then the father said to the king, "We came to engage my son to your daughter."

The king disappointedly said, "What shall I do now? I've already drunk the engagement liquor. I'll not say anymore until we discuss it with the princess."

When the princess arrived, she looked at the servant, and said, "I don't know who that young man is, and I certainly will not marry him."

"Didn't you suck up my saliva, which dripped on your embroidery, with your mouth yesterday?" asked the servant.

"Oh, yes, it wasn't raining and as soon as I saw the moisture I did suck it up without thinking," said the princess.

"The liquor has been drunk, the words of engagement said, and so we can't refuse you, but we demand betrothal gifts that are nearly impossible to find and then they won't take the princess," thought the king. He said, "Betrothal gifts

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¹ A scarf-shaped cloth or silk, used to welcome guests, and during religious rituals.

should be an egg of conch, a gold wing, and a gold brick." He was sure they would not find such treasures.

"You didn't listen when I said it wasn't easy to marry a princess. What shall we do now?" the father complained.

"I will go ask advice from the Buddha," replied the son and started a long journey. He walked a long way and met a dragon, who asked him where he was going. The boy explained he was going to holy India to get advice on his marriage from the Buddha. The dragon said, "I can't fly after living in this cave since last summer. Please ask the Buddha what I should do." The boy promised the dragon he would.

The boy saw a peacock in a tree after walking for another long period. The peacock asked him where he was going. When he replied that he was going to holy India to ask the Buddha for advice about his marriage, the peacock said, "I am stuck in this tree. I haven't been able to fly since last year. Please ask the Buddha what I should do." The young man agreed.

After days of more walking, he met some people building a house. When they asked him where he was going, he said he was going to visit the Buddha to ask advice about his marriage.

"We've been building this house since last year but the walls repeatedly collapse. We can't finish it. Please get some advice for us," the workers pleaded.

The boy set out again and soon reached the Buddha's abode. He knelt and reported why he had come and the situation of the creatures he had met on the way. The Buddha said nothing particular about his marriage, but did say, "There is a conch egg under the dragon. If you take it, the dragon will be able to fly as usual. There is a gold wing at the foot of the tree where the peacock is. Take it and the peacock can fly. There is a gold brick under the pillar. Take it and they can build the house successfully."

The boy did as the Buddha had advised and happily brought the treasures he found back to his home. To his surprise, his father told him that such treasures were so rare that the king's storeroom would surely not have them. "It isn't worth it to give them to the king for your wife. We will find another girl for you," he said.

"I tried my best to reach the Buddha, seeking his advice for my marriage. How can I give up at this point? I truly wish to marry my beloved," replied the boy, who went to king with the requested betrothal gifts, invited the princess to his home, and then they lived happily ever after.

याल्.श्चि.क्य.मी.श्च.श्र.रट्ट.से.ये.याध्या

य.भट. हुंब. ट्रे. २०. २८ : चयातपु. ट्र्ट. खेवा. वा. वट. ट्रे. पहांच पटिया भाक्ष. प्रत्याक्ष. कु. भट. वाल्वा. सं. ट्रेयट. वालच वा. व्या. या. व्या. व्य

योचुका चोचुन् त्याःस्य च्याःस्य च्याःस

两兄弟和狡猾的嫂子

很久以前有两个兄弟,哥哥很富有,而弟弟却很贫穷。有一年春耕之时,弟弟因油菜种子不够,便去向哥哥借。可是哥嫂是个恶毒的女人,她把种子炒熟后给了弟弟一袋。弟弟回去之后便把种子撒播于田中,却只长出一根苗子。日子一天一天过去了,很奇怪的是这朵油菜花竟然越长越大,像一棵大树一样傲立在田间。弟弟高兴得天天去看它的长势。可是有一天那朵大的像树的油菜花被人偷走了,幸好小偷留下了一串脚印。弟弟便跟着小偷留下的脚印去寻找,这个脚印一直延伸到一个洞里,洞里有一座房子,门前有一条看门狗。那狗非常奇怪地问弟弟,你是怎么进来的?这不是你来的地方啊,我家主人是个女鬼。今晚你要想办法躲在这里,说着把弟弟藏在了房间的一个角落里。

没过多久女鬼回来了,她问: "今晚怎么这么奇怪啊,怎么有股人味,是不是有人来过?"那只看门狗说: "可能是我们的味吧,没有人来过这里。"女鬼又问"那是不是来过一个有脚面的?"看门狗回答说: "脚面你我都有啊,这里真的没有人来过。"说完女鬼也就不追究了。晚上睡觉时女鬼的孩子缠着让她讲故事。女鬼说: "晚上不宜讲故事,如果讲着故事睡着的话,小偷会进来的。"小鬼说: "那又怎么样?"女鬼说: "那样的话,我们仓库里的金质手推磨就会被人偷走,这个手推磨右转会出金粉,左转就会产出银粉。"说着说着女鬼母女俩便睡着了。藏在角落里的弟弟一听此事,很是兴奋。便乘机把库房的手推磨给偷走了。

从此弟弟就突然变得富裕了。哥哥非常困惑弟弟为什么一下子就变得那么富有了呢?就问其原因,弟弟是个老实人就把事情的来龙去脉一五一十地告知了哥哥。哥哥因为贪财就马上按着弟弟所说的路线来到了那个洞里面,悄悄地躲在了一个角落里。到了晚上女鬼母女俩回来后说: "今晚这里又有股人味儿,上次把我们家的手推磨给偷走了。今晚一定要把他找出来。"说着便把躲在角落里的哥哥给揪了出来。然后女鬼把哥哥的鼻孔打通后穿了一根铁丝,并打了九个结,赶出了洞外。哥哥回到家后整日痛苦难耐,生不如死。弟弟不忍心让哥哥受如此大的痛苦,为了救哥哥他又来到了女鬼家里。

晚上,他听到小鬼问鬼妈妈:"上次那个小偷现在怎么样了?"女鬼说:"他现在真是生不如死啊。"小鬼又问:"那怎样才能解开那些结呢。"女鬼说:"用咱们仓库里的那把斧头,每次朝每个结挥动一下,就会

解开一个结。"弟弟听后,到女鬼家的仓库里把那把斧头悄悄偷回了家,并按女鬼说的那样一个一个地帮哥哥解,快到最后一个结的时候,嫂子从弟弟手里抢过斧头说让我来解。但一不小心斧头脱手而砸在了哥哥的鼻梁上,哥哥就这样一命呜呼了。

The Foxy Sister-in-law and Brothers

Once an elder brother was very rich while the younger brother was poor. One spring day when they were sowing the fields, the younger brother did not have enough mustard seeds, and went to the elder brother to borrow some. His hateful and conniving sister-in-law roasted a bag of mustard seeds and gave them to the younger brother.

After sowing, only a single mustard plant sprouted on the younger brother's field. Day after day it grew bigger and bigger, eventually becoming as large as a tree. The younger brother happily went to see it every day but one day, the big mustard plant was stolen. He tracked the footprints and eventually after a long walk, came to a cave. He entered and found a house inside, walked into the house, and met a dog. The dog was very surprised and said, "Hey! Young man, you shouldn't be here! A female devil lives here. Anyway, I guess you have to stay here tonight," and hid the younger brother in the house.

After awhile, the female devil returned and asked, "There is the odor of humans in the room. Did anybody come here today?"

"Of course! We are all human. Nobody came here," the dog answered.

"Did anybody come here with insteps today?" the devil asked.

"We have insteps," the dog answered.

When they went to bed that night, the devil's child asked his mother to tell folktales. "My dear, it's not good to tell stories in the evening. If I tell stories until midnight, we'll fall asleep without paying attention to thieves," the mother said.

"Dear Mother, what happens if the thief comes to our house?" the child asked.

"We have a golden hand-turned mill and the thieves might steal it. It is so valuable that gold dust comes out when it turns clockwise, and silver dust comes out when it turns counter-clockwise," the mother answered. Then they slept. The younger brother stole the gold hand-turned mill while they were sleeping and returned home. The younger brother then became rich.

One day his elder brother visited him and asked in great astonishment, "Hey! Brother! How did you become so rich?" The younger brother was so lacking in guile that he explained how he had become rich.

The elder brother's greed soon drove him to the cave where he hid in the female devil's house and waited motionlessly. When the devil and her child returned at night, the mother said, "There is the odor of humans today. The last time a thief hid and stole our gold hand mill. "I must find the thief tonight," and then she searched every part of the house. When she finally found the elder brother, she cruelly pierced his nose with a wire, tied the wire into nine knots, and then let

him go. He was very sick after he returned home, and always wept and shook because of the pain.

The younger brother was very sympathetic and wondered if there was a solution. He went to the devil's home at night and hid. The devil's child asked his mother, "What is the thief who came to our house doing now?"

"He is suffering from the wire knots in his nose. It can't be treated nor will he die very easily," explained the devil mother.

"Mother, how could the knots be untied?" the child asked.

"Only our gold hammer can untie the knots. Each time it points to the knots, one knot can be untied. For the nine knots, the hammer must be pointed nine times," the devil mother said.

After the younger brother heard these secrets, he stole the gold hammer, returned home, pointed the hammer at the knots, and untied the knots. When he was ready to untie the last one, his sister-in-law said, "I will untie the last one," and grabbed the hammer from the younger brother. However, she did not grip the hammer tightly and it fell from her hand, and hit the elder brother's head, killing him.

र्चट-तुर-चर्डनबायिः मुल-र्चा

सूर्या वाकूर-भिर-भिर-वाकूर-ताबुच-लूर-ता-सूर्याका-धूच-ताक्षी भैज-यूका-उन्चर-का-धूजा-जा-नहिंका-धु-च-खू-च-चे-ताकूर-ता-जा-भै-अव्याकु-ता-वु-ता-चि-ताबुच-वाक्ष्या-का-वोक्षा-बुका-वाक्ष्या-का-विच-ता-व्या-क्ष्या-वाक्ष्या-वाक्ष्या-का-विच-ता-व्या-क्ष्या-वाक्ष्य-वाक्ष्य-व

स्वान्तर-पश्चेर-प्रथेषाक्षाके, प्रकूथ-पं-पर्वीट प्राप्ती स्वान्तर-प्रमी

विश्व स्वान्तर-पश्चेषाक्षाके, प्रकूथ-प्-प्वीट प्राचीट प्राप्ती स्वान्तर स्वान्तर स्वान्तर स्वान्तर स्वान्तर स्वान्यर स्वान्तर स्वान्तर

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骑驴的国王

很久以前有一位国王,他每年都会到民间微服私访。有一年,他骑着一 头毛驴到某县做调研,在一位老奶奶母子家借宿并询问民情。通过了解他得 知这里的知县定下了很多不合理的规定。比如说:卖肉只削一刀从不准削第 二刀、不按秤计算、缺斤少两等等。并且经常为非作歹,目视王法,欺压百 姓。于是,国王就装扮成普通百姓前去买肉,国王按着钱数买肉,屠夫却拿 刀随便割了块肉给他,国王因缺斤少两向屠夫评理,屠夫却说:"这是知县 大人定下的规矩!"。于是国王随手递了些银子给屠夫,屠夫数了数说: "这点银子不够买这些肉",国王却回答道:"既然规定卖肉只切一刀而不 切第二刀,买肉也只付一次钱而不付第二次。"屠夫无可奈何只好要求到知 县大人那里去评判。

可恶的知县有眼不识泰山而把国王当叛逆收监关押。国王在坐牢期间,国王曾借宿过的老奶奶母子经常给国王送来吃的。有一次她们在送饭时看见国王要被处死的布告,于是她们赶快向国王禀报此事,国王从口袋中取出一根针,命老奶奶的儿子把针插到他毛驴的耳朵上,骑着他的毛驴不分日夜迅速前往皇宫传递消息,事情定会有所转机。国王的毛驴如同飞驰的骏马一般快,老奶奶的儿子很快就到了皇宫,并将国王遇难的消息传给了国王的爱臣。于是,那位大臣命令知县"把近期抓获的犯人和判处死罪的犯人速速押回皇宫听候发落"。知县心想国王一定是在支持他所规定的法规,就亲自骑马压着犯人到了皇宫后,将犯人交给皇宫处理。第二天,知县被国王召见,此时知县看到昨日的犯人却成了国王,他非常惊恐和害怕原来自己所抓之人竟然是国王。

可恶的知县被国王判为死罪,将知县压回该县斩首示众,以便警戒他人,欺压百姓的下场,并且把老奶奶的儿子任命为知县。

The Donkey Rider King

A king visited every part of his kingdom once annually. One year he rode a donkey while making his annual tour. One night during his inspections, he asked to stay in a home where a mother lived with her son. He asked about local conditions and learnt that the county headman had instituted an illegal policy whereby butchers sold meat they did not weigh. They just cut a hunk of meat once and the customer had to pay for the resulting piece, even if it was obviously too little.

The king decided to learn more about this, disguised himself as an ordinary citizen and went to buy meat. When he asked a butcher to sell meat for a certain number of coins he had, the butcher held up his knife, cut off a piece of meat, and gave it to the king. The piece was clearly not equal in value to the number of coins that the king had offered to pay. When the king complained, the butcher said, "This is the policy made by the headman: meat is only cut once, no twice."

The king then put his hand into his pocket and withdrew some coins.

The butcher said, "It's not enough."

"Your headman has his rule for measuring meat, and I have my rule to pay. I pay only once, not twice," the king said. The butcher was unhappy and charged the king before the county headman, who put the king in jail.

The mother and the son who had hosted him for a night sent food to the king every day. One day, as the mother and the son were on their way to the king with food, they saw a notice that the prisoner would be executed the next day. The king was afraid when they informed him, took a magic needle from his pocket, and said, "Ride my donkey and prick the donkey's ear with this needle. The donkey will then take you to your destination without stopping during day and night." The king also gave them a letter. In fact the donkey was a *gyi ling*.²

The donkey took the boy to the king's palace, following the king's instruction. The boy gave the letter to the ministers who sent a message to the headman that said: "If there is a prisoner who betrayed you or needs to be executed, send them to the palace."

The headman received the message and thought he was supported and valued by the king. He then got on his horse and brought the prisoner to the palace. The ministers said that they would consider the case the next day, and arranged the king and the headman in separate quarters.

The headman went to the palace at the king's invitation the next morning and was shocked to see the prisoner seated on the throne. He then realized that the

² A horse with magic power in legend and epics.

prisoner was the king, who then took the headman back to his county, executed him and commanded his chieftains to not oppress the people. He also appointed the boy, who had sent him food when he was in jail, as the county's new headman.

ष्यः सि.मैज.स्.भीय.ज.स्ट.यी

स्क्रमा।

स्वितालयः क्षेत्रभाराष्ट्रतीयाः तथा। भीयः आयावमः येटः टे.भी.ये. तस्त्रीं क्षैं. टेटः क्षेतः स्वायावमः कुष्यः भीयो तमः स्वायः द्वायः वितालयः कुष्यः अवमः स्वितः स्वायः वितालयः कुष्यः अवमः स्वायः स्वयः स्वायः स्वयः स्वय

चृटा बट. धुंच. बटब. बूच. च्युंच. च्युंच. च्युंच. च्युंच. च्युंच. च्युंच. व्युंच. व्युंच. व्युंच. च्युंच. व्युंच. च्युंच. च्य

` छुे नेत्र सं बर केवा वी वेवा वी वेवाबा रार मुख र्यका र्ज्ञ रूप विवा ख र्ज्ञावर प्टते खु वॉत्र राते के विवा वेत के ५-१९८-१४-१८-१ वि: स्टाकुवार्च अहवार्च अहवार्च के कुवार्च १९१५ विवास विद्याप्त अर्थे स्वास्त्र विदेश यायत्र स्त्र प्राप्त मृत्र यादे खेयाया सुन्य दे के मृत्र प्राप्त मृत्र प्राप्त प्राप्त स्त्र प्राप्त प्राप्त स् ८८.८५ था. त्रं क्षेत्राची त्रं क्षेत्राची त्रं कुषा क्षेत्राची त्रं क्षेत्रची चत्रे भ्रम्यमः नेत्र। मुलः चेत्रे विं त्यावावमा र्ख्या मुम्रम्भावमा प्रमानित्र निर्मा मुलः चेत्रा साम्राम्य प्रमानित्र प्रमानित्र । चनवाः अर्थेव 'र्'च्युं चर 'येचवा 'तर्वा'गुटा। ट रटा द्वेर 'ला भ्रुवा'ववा चर्षा हेर 'पॅर्च हेर 'वावेबारे 'रेटा द्वार्च र्ट्ट लाअनुआन्दार्वे न्व्यां स्वाया त्यां क्षां क् पहूंचाः भवना त्याभा चाराः होराका वित्रावेद्रात्रात्या वित्रावेद्या वित्राविता वित्राविता वित्राविता ॉवॅर्ळॅबॱश्वेट·५·म्]^{भु}ट्र-द्रबार्टर प्रमुखा हे ऑवा ऑवा दे प्रमा पर्वद मीबारा स्वार सुक्रा के बार्मे बार प्रमा विषयां विषयां विषय हो। विषय ह चरुषाराषात्त्वाराजनवर्षाप्तःरादे र्श्वाः र्श्वाः वर्षाः चुषाः ने 'बया त्रवाः क्षां र्श्वायात्त्रः विता वर्षाः व होबो.पक्षा. इंबो क्रीजा. त्या. त्या. त्या. त्या. त्या. प्या. त्या. प्या. त्या. विया त्रकारित तर्ति अरार्च त्रमुक्षकाराका धीराक्ष्य दे त्रकार् दे हिर्दे क्ष्या ग्रीटा तत्रवर स्थिका भेव अनेका यान्स्रयान्ययान्यं वार्षेयाः वित्राचित्रं वित्राचारम् यान्न्याच्या । अपूर्यः न्यान्यः यान्ययान्यः वित्राच्याः व मीय, या. ट्रेया. मी. हिंदा. है. समेता. त्या. हिंदा. क्षूर. त्या. यर ही. विता चया वीय ट. यी त्र वह्न ज्रून प्रति स्री स्री स्री स्री प्रचतः ब्रे. ब्रुपःपः प्रदे रे के प्रेष्ठा प्रः केपः प्रः च क्षः प्रयः क्षेत्रः क्षेत्रः क्षेत्रः व्यवका विष्ट શૂર્યા. શૂર્યા સૂર્યા. શૂર્યા. ત્યું જા. લી. લાંત્રું જા. ત્યું જા

घश्रयः क्टरं त्यटे : भ्रुंटे : टटः टेयः प्रटेषः त्यरं चीयः यूर्यः चित्रः त्यः चीयः त्यः चीयः त्यः चीयः त्यः चीयः वित्रः त्यः वित्रः वित्रः

国王行盗

很早以前,有位国王习惯于每年都占卜算命,并举行很多仪式来消灾。有一天他照常让人来占卜,占卜师禀报国王他将会在藏历大年初一驾崩,并且告知国王举行任何仪式都将于事无补,惟有国王自己去偷窃,到时他会遇到一个能替他消灾的人,这样才能避免他的死亡。国王听从了占卜师的话,启程去寻求偷窃的机会。当国王走到一个十字路口不知所措时,遇见了一位年青人,国王问那年青人的去向时,年青人回答说: "明天就是大年初一了,我和母亲没有肉可煮,所以我想去偷点肉明天煮。"听到这里国王也迎合道: "我明天也无肉可煮,咱们何不一起去偷?"年青人同意了这个提议。国王问道: "咱们到哪里去偷肉呢?"年青人回答道: "国舅一家很是富有,如果我们去他府上偷定不会造成很大损失。"他们达成了共识并开始前往国舅府,当他们到达后年青人叫国王翻墙去偷肉,可国王假装害怕并坚持叫年青人翻墙进去而自己在外把风,年青人最后同意并翻进了墙去偷肉。

年青人溜进国舅府上看到人们都在忙着包包子,他们把所有的包子分成了两组,一组是下了毒的而另一组则没有。年青人还听到国舅一家正商量着第二天一早把放了毒的包子供国王食用并毒死他,听到这里他只偷了一只羊就溜出了国舅府。当国王看到年青人只提了一只羊出来后,他又督促年青人回去再偷点,可年青人怎么都不愿意再溜进国舅府上去偷肉,他说一只羊已经足够了,不管国王再怎么劝说他都无动于衷。最后在国王再三坚持下年青人终于道出了真相,他说: "国王爱他的子民,可国舅一家却策划着大年初一谋害国王,国王没了,活着还有何意义,所以我只窃了一只羊,这已经足够了。"在回家的路上年青人又对国王说: "你带上这只羊吧!我没有也无所谓。"可国王提议说: "我明天有肉吃,你把这羊提走,明天一大早我们赶在国舅一家之前给国王献包子去。"两人约好第二天一早在宫殿前碰面。国王又说为了防止明天早上互相认不出对方,要相互交换帽子并戴在头上,这样就不会出错。

第二天一早国王命令手下若发现有一年青人戴着他的帽子在宫殿门外就邀请他进来,下人发现那年青人等在宫殿外后带他去接见国王,当年青人看到国王戴着自己的帽子时感到即慌张又奇怪,他想:"国王是不可能会去盗窃的,可自己的帽子又确实在他那里。"正当他郁闷不解时国王道出了事情的来龙去脉,并告诉年青人国舅早已到达,准备邀他去府上,可他一直在等

他,好让他陪同自己前往国舅府上。在他们启程之前国王交代年青人说: "等我们到达国舅府上,他们将会献我下毒之食物,而我会反邀他们享用, 倘若他们犹豫你就当场威胁他们,让其食用下毒食物。"当国王到达国舅府 上时全府上下都热情迎接并表达了他们的敬意。待国舅给国王献上下毒食物 时,国王说:"看着这么丰盛的食物我就算不吃也觉得饱了,我想邀请大家 和我共同享用!"说完后他把下了毒的包子反赐给了国舅一家,国舅一家当 场目瞪口呆,无人敢食用自制的包子。这时年轻人吼到:"国王所赐食物胆 敢回绝,还不赶快谢过圣恩。"同时拔出利剑。国舅一家见此情景后不得不 自食其毒,最后全府上下没有一个能保命。

国王把属于国舅的一切都赏给了那年青人,邀他及家母入住国舅府上, 并任命其为内臣。从此,他们都过上了平静详和的生活。

The King Steals

A king annually did rituals suggested by a fortuneteller. He went to the fortuneteller one day as usual and was told that the first day of the New Year would be his last day to live and doing rituals would make no difference. However, he could go out to steal on New Year's Eve to get rid of his bad luck. "If you go out stealing you will meet someone and thus your bad luck will end," said the fortuneteller. Thus persuaded, the king went out to steal. With no idea where to go, the king wandered to a crossroad, where he met a young man. The king asked, "Where are you going?"

"It's New Year's Day tomorrow, but my mother and I have no meat to eat. I'm trying to steal some meat," replied the young man.

The king said he was trying to find some meat and that they should go together. The young man agreed.

"Where can we steal some meat?" asked the king.

"The king's uncle is extremely rich, so it won't be a big loss for him, if we steal from his family," replied the young man.

The king agreed and they set off. When they reached the king's uncle's home, the young man told the king to climb over the wall first, but the king pretended to be afraid and refused. Thus the young man went inside while the king waited outside.

The king's uncle's family was making steamed dumplings and dividing them into two piles: one group was poisoned and the other was not. The young man overheard that they planned to offer the poisoned dumplings to the king early on the New Year's morning. Then the young man picked up some mutton and ran out. The king tried to get the young man to go back and steal more meat for him, but he refused. When the king asked why, the young man said, "The king is very popular his people, his uncle plans to poison him tomorrow morning. Since it is meaningless to live without the king, I only took this much mutton."

On their way home, the young man said to the king, "You take this mutton. I'll be fine."

The king insisted that the young man keep the mutton. They also both agreed to meet outside the palace the next morning, visit the king the next morning, and offer him dumplings before the king's uncle did. The king suggested changing their hats in case they did not recognize each other the next morning.

Early the next morning, the king told all his servants to find a man wearing his hat and bring him inside the palace. The young man was found and brought to the king. When he saw the king on the throne wearing his hat he thought, "The king would never go out stealing, so why is he wearing my hat?"

The king then told the whole story to the young man and then said to the young man, "My uncle came here to invite me to his home. I've been waiting for you. Come with me. When they offer me the poisoned dumplings today, I will offer them back to all of his family. When I do, frighten them with your sword if they hesitate to eat them." Then they left for the king's uncle's home.

At his uncle's home, the family showed respect and hospitality, offering dumplings and all kinds of delicious food. "I feel full just looking at all this food. All of you please begin and enjoy yourselves," said the king, offering dumplings to everyone. The uncle's family members were shocked and froze in fear.

The young man then took out his sword and shouted to the uncle's family, "How dare you not eat the dumplings that the king has offered you!" The uncle's family members then ate the dumplings and died one by one.

The king rewarded the young man with all his uncle's property and invited the young man and his mother to stay in his uncle's house. The young man was then made a minister, and they all lived comfortably and peacefully.

ग्रभ्न-श्रिंगःय।

मुक्षान्तः सूर्य।

पक्षम्रमानम् स्टाप्टाङ्ग्रेवोषाश्ची, शूटा चेषा प्रटाप्ट्रेटा क्षेप्राङ्गाः क्षेप्तः क्षेप्तः विवानम् स्वानम् स्टाप्ट्रेवोषाश्ची, शूटा चेषा प्रटाप्टा स्वानमान्त्रः सूर्या स्वानमानमान्तः सूर्या विष्ठेषा स्टाप्ट्रेवोषा स्वानमानम् स्वानमानमानम् स्वानमानमानम् स्वानमानमानम् स्वानमानमानम् स्वानमानम् स्वानमानमानम् स्वानमानमानम् स्वानमानमानम् स्वानमानमानम् स्वानमानमानम् स्वानमानमानम् स्वानमानम् स्वानमानम् स्वानमानमानम् स्वानमानम् स्वानमानम् स्वानमानम् स्वानमानमानम् स्वानमानम् स्वानमानमानम् स्वानमानम् स्वानमानमानम् स्वानमानम् स्वानमानम् स्वानमानम् स्वानमानम् स्वानमानम् स्वानमानमानम् स्वानमानम् स्वानमानमानम् स्वानमानम् स्वानमानम् स्वानम् स्वानमानम् स्वानम् स्वानमानम्यानम् स्वानमानम् स्वानम् स्वानमानम् स्वानम् स्वानम् स्वानमानम् स्वानमानम् स्वानमानम् स्वानमानम् स्वानम् स्व

त्युःकूटः स्ट्रेयः ग्रीः टियः ट्याः क्याः प्रत्येः त्यः व्याः स्टाः स्यः हो स्टिः स्ट्रियोकाः स्टिः प्रत्यः प्रत्य

यथटा क्षेर विषय थय. सूर स्ट्रिटी वथा तचीटा क्षेट्री प्रत्य विषय सूर स्ट्रियोया खेर प्रसूर प्रसूर प्रत्य स्ट्रियोया क्षेर प्रस्ता क्षेर क्षेर प्रस्ता क्षेर क्षेर प्रस्ता क्षेर क्षे

यश्यात्रवाष्ट्रं ह्टा त्युत्र विचिट्ट मेट्ट वटा ट्रिया वया द्वियात्र पदीचाया स्वाप्त स्वाप्त

शःर्यं क्षेत्रः अः लूटः तय् टिः प्टूट् न्डिय। डुट् त्युष्यः तक्ष्ट् । अत्याद्रेरः कूटः अर्यूत्रः लूट् त्यत्रे श्रीः योषुः क्ष्टः योः बटः टिः श्रीः योषुः सी योः त्याः योषाः ग्रीटः त्रटः योः खः

लीट. ब्या पर्यू र हुंबा श्री यो खुवी पर्लि र पूर्ट त्याचा दी सूर्वी स्थाया ग्रीया खास्य र स्थाया यावाया विट र र पर्ट. पर्यपुःपत्नुःर्म्बन्द्री ब्रिन्रन्यः अर्च्याप्तरः अर्च्यान्त्रः वर्ष्यः प्रतित्वानुनः कृते। वाप्तर्व्यवापाया वि वाबितः चुत्राः र्षेत्रः प्रान्तः साधितः त्रान्तः द्वात् राष्ट्रेतः ग्रीतः तर्वाः वावितः निष्यः वावितः निष्यः व चन्द्र-दाः धीत्रः वेत्राच्यन्द्राच्या अगुः मृति । अगुः मृत्याच्याः चेत्रः चित्रः चेत्रः चित्रः चेत्रः चेत्रः चेत्रः चेत्रः चेत्रः चेत्रः चेत्र इंग्ह्रवाबान्ड्रीयबाने संहित्वा वीपान हिवा मुना के साम हिता है से साम हिता है से स्वाप्त के स्वाप्त है से स्वाप क्र्य विषान्ते सार्म् वाषा तथा तथा तथा स्वापा से अध्यापा स्वापा स ढ़ोवाॱसॅवाॱऍट्रॱट्रसः ग्लेखः ट्रैसः दाः बा भ्रुः गादे । साः सम्भः सम्भः संदि । इ.स्टरः वाधानः तद्वाः विवा वह तिम्प्रमा अर्था, य. त्रान्त्रमा लायाला ह्या ह्या क्ष्या की भीता है। से बार्य का स्थाप का स्थाप हिस्सी हिस्सी हिस ॱ*चे*ॱचे्र-त्र'द्रग्' द्युरा'त्रसं' त्रेस'द्र'त्र। अुंगोदे'ख'स्रस्' स्वेट्-कंट-वी'र्झ्न'वित्र'द्य'र्देट सुग'र्धेट्-दादेदे' ८तुषात्र र्मेवा सार्वा स्वाप्त स्वापत स्वापत स्वापत स्वापत स्वाप्त स्वापत स्वापत स्वापत स्वापत स्वापत स्वापत स्वापत स् বে.৺প.জ.বাধ্যুপ্ন.∰পা र्चीवा'अ'न्गान्र'र्वे'ने'स्'तिन्वन्याः र्हेवान्'यन्नन्यें वाधवायन्यन्यन्ये स्थाप्यान्या ब्रन्गुन्द्रवा'तर्भे'च'र्रेक्'च्रम् देवे'चेक्द्रेक्'व्रम् देवे'केक्द्रेक्'व्रम् व्याप्त अर्थान्य स्वाप्त विकास लेब र् त्यू इंट र्वेत बट वी के टे की का वर व खेर पेंट हुन टेब अवेब प्रवृत्त रे तस्तर रेंट पर रेटी सि हा कुट देश भुगति के प्रमुद ध्रम्भ कर में कॅट प्रमु के स्मून मैल. स्. क्ट. वी. ह्रिवाबा शि. पर्मे. तप्पु. तप्पातमः दी मैल. स्पुता विवा मूर्ता क्षा वी. वा. व्याप्त वी. विवा क्षेत्र:क्रियायात्रावित्र:लूट्राट्टा देवे:ह्रेयायु:हेव:ह्यायाक्रियायीयःखायाया हुट्राह्याञ्चया द्वारा ·ॾॅ्रम्यान्नेत्रःक्ष्र्यायमाष्ट्रोत्तर्गुःह्यागुत्रःक्षेरक्षर्त्तःक्ष्यातुः त्येत्रःकुत्रःगुत्रःक्ष्यातुः क्ष् लूटी ब्रिट. ४८. श्री४. ८४. श्रीया व. ४८. वालूवा खूबा श्री. श्रीय. पङ्घा ह्यावटा श्री. श्रीय खूवा यथा टाइट. तथा अर-व-त्रुवा-वक्केट-ग्रीव-पर्वा-क्रिया-विवाद्यका-क्रिया-विवाद-विव लायदीत्यद्वारम्बाद्वारम्यायस्यायस्यम्बाद्वारम्यस्यायस्यम्बाद्वारम्बाद्वारम्बाद्वारम्बाद्वारम्बाद्वारम्बाद्वारम्बाद्वारम्बाद्वारम्बाद्वारम् कुट वीषा श्रेषाचर तर्वा केषाचर प्रश्न राषा वार्षावा राषा विषा विराद कुरा केषा विराद किया विराध

学鸟语

很久以前,有位老头有三个儿子,但是他的三个子都不务正业,整天游手好闲。有一天老头终于想到一个办法来激励他的儿子们。他说: "你们三个不能再像往常一样无所事事了,今天我给你们银子去做买卖,然后带着自己买到的商品回家。"小儿子非常清楚自己对做生意并不在行,所以他提出想跟两个哥哥一同上路的请求,可最后他遭到了拒绝,不得不独自去试做买卖。

小儿子非常纠结,因为他明白自己并不会做生意。他决定去找一位风水师问问他到底该怎么办。风水师叫他最好去学习如何听懂动物会话,小儿子听取了风水师的劝告并问在那里可以学到。风水师告诉他森林里有处闭关静地,在那里他可找到一位修行者,从他那里他可以学习动物会话。见到修行者后他把父亲给他的所有银子都献给了那位修行者,并开始学习动物语言。

等他把动物语言学好后回家去见他的父亲,他的两位哥哥也带着许多商 品回到了家。见他回来,父亲问道:"你带回来的商品在哪里?"小儿子把 他的求学经历全盘托出,可是老头一听就非常生气: "你学动物语言是否准 备跟鸟类、动物一起生活,既然这样,你想去哪里就去哪里吧,永远都不要 回来!"说着把小儿子赶出了家门。小儿子徘徊很久后走到了一片森林,这 片森林非常奇怪,一遇到天冷所有的树枝都会闭合紧锁起来,而天气变温变 热则反之。小儿子到森林时恰好碰上暴雨,他跑到一棵有鸟筑巢的大树下避 雨,这时因为天气的变幻,树枝一下缩成了一团,把他关在了里面。不论他 如何挣脱,就是松不开,在无助与恐慌之际他听到了巢内也有小鸟在哭喊。 没过多久鸟妈妈归来了,小鸟们开始哭喊道: "妈妈!你今天怎么这么晚回 家?在你回来之前有个人被困在了树枝里大声哭喊,因为你没有来我们也哭 了很久。"鸟妈妈回道:"因为公主生病了,王室一家都在进行很多仪式救 公主,我去享用了他们放在屋顶的垛玛(用炒面制成的供品),所以回来晚 了。闲在树枝里的那个人其实没有必要害怕,因为等到明早太阳升起时,树 枝自然会解开,他不了解这个事情所以害怕。"小鸟们又问道:"那公主得 的是什么病呢?"鸟妈妈回道:"因为有只虫子进了她的耳朵使她感到头 疼、耳痛,可人们不知道是虫子在作怪呢!"小鸟们再次问道:"那要怎样 才能医治公主?"鸟妈妈不厌其烦地回答道:"其实在国王的宫殿前有一块 大石头,这块石头里有一白一红两只蚂蚁。如果他们把白蚂蚁养在牛奶里,

把红蚂蚁养在血里,隔几天后先把白蚂蚁放进公主耳朵,里面的虫子一定会 移动,再把红蚂蚁随后放进公主的耳朵,红蚂蚁就会把虫子拖出公主的耳 朵,而公主也会完全康复。"

第二天一大早鸟妈妈就督促小鸟们去享用王室屋顶的美餐,她喊道:"咱们去享用美餐,而捆在树枝的那个人等到太阳升起就会解脱",说完都飞走了。小儿子听到了鸟妈妈所说的一切,等他从树枝里出来后开始走向了王宫。在路上他刚好碰到了一位策马奔跑的仆人,有匹小马仔也跟随其后紧追不舍,小马仔哭喊着对跑在前面的母马说:"妈妈等等我,我跟不上你!"而母马则说:"赶紧跟上来,我哪里有时间等你。因为昨天女仆把针忘在了我背上的垫子里,它刺得我正饱受煎熬呢!"母马与小马仔之间的对话被小儿子听的一清二楚,他把骑马的仆人拦了下来并让他检查马背上的垫子,骑马仆人半信半疑地检查了垫子确实找出了一只针。他惊讶地问道:"你既然有如此大的能耐,你可知道公主患的是什么病?"小儿子给出了一个肯定的答案,于是骑马的仆人把他请回了王宫。

国王得知骑马仆人并没有把大夫请回家,而是把一个陌生人领回家后狠狠数落了骑马仆人,仆人就把事情的经过都讲给了国王,国王相信了骑马仆人的话,向小儿子询问起了医治公主的办法。小儿子叫国王召集所有的石匠炸开门前的那块石头,等到他们把那块巨石炸开后,的确在里面发现了两只蚂蚁,小儿子按照鸟妈妈的话把红白蚂蚁各自放进血与牛奶里养了几天。隔几天后他把白蚂蚁先放进了公主的耳朵里,而后再把红蚂蚁也放了进去,最后那只红蚂蚁确实把那条虫子拖出了公主的耳朵,这样公主的病就完全康复了。

高兴之余,国王就把公主许配给了小儿子,并让他承担起了管理这个国家的重责。从此,小儿子就幸福快乐地度过了他剩下的人生。

Learning the Language of Birds

An old man had three sons who did nothing but waste time. One day the old man got an idea to motivate his sons and said, "You three cannot continue like this. I will give each of you some money to trade. Later, please return with some products." The youngest son knew that he was not good at trading and thus asked his elder brothers to take him with them. However, they refused because each wanted to trade by himself.

Since the youngest son was not interested in trading, and did not know what to do with the money given by his father, he went to a fortuneteller, who told him the best thing to do was learn the language of birds and animals.

The youngest said, "Where can I learn such a language?"

The fortuneteller instructed to take offerings and find a quiet place in the forest where he would find a yogi from whom he could learn the language of birds and animals. The youngest son found the yogi, taking with him the money his father had given him, and began learning the languages of birds and animals.

When he became fluent in the language of birds and animals, he went home and met his father and brothers, who had returned with their products. The old man asked his youngest son, "Where are your products?"

The youngest son then told the whole story to his father, who angrily said, "Are you going to live with birds and animals? Go stay with them if you like! Don't ever come back here again!" Thus the youngest son was kicked out by his father, just like that.

After a long period of wandering he reached a very strange forest-- all the tree branches opened out when it was warm and closed tight when it was cold. A big storm blew over just as he entered the forest, so he took shelter in a huge tree with a bird nest. The branches closed as he hid there, trapping him. The boy was so frightened that he started to cry, and then he heard birds crying in the nest, too.

After awhile the mother bird came and the baby birds cried, "Why did you come home so late, Mother? There is a man trapped in the branches. He cried and when we couldn't see you returning, we cried too."

"The princess was very sick and the king was doing various rituals. They left sacrificial objects made of *rtsam pa*³ on the roof. I spent so long enjoying it that I got back late. The trapped man needn't be afraid because he will be released at sunrise tomorrow morning," replied the mother bird.

"What's wrong with the princess?" asked the baby birds.

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³ Roasted barley flour.

"A bug entered her ear, so she has a terrible headache, but nobody in the palace knows that's the problem," said the mother bird.

"How can the princess be cured?" asked the baby birds.

"Two ants live in the center of a huge boulder outside the king's palace. One of the ants is white and the other is red. They should put the white one in milk and put the red one in blood for a couple of days. If they put the white ant in the princess's ear it will cause the bug in her ear to move. Then, if they put the red ant in her ear, that ant will drag the bug out and she will recover," said the mother bird.

Early the next day, the mother bird said to the baby birds, "Let's go enjoy the *rtsam pa* offerings on the king's roof. The trapped man will be released as soon as the sun rises," then they all flew off. The old man's youngest son had heard every detail. When he was released, he set off for the king's palace.

On the way he met one of the king's servants riding a mare, followed by a foal, crying to his mother, "Wait for me mother! I can't catch up!"

"Hurry! I don't have time to wait! I'm also suffering terribly from being pricked by a needle in the saddlecloth, which was forgotten by a female servant yesterday," replied the mare.

The boy overheard this, stopped the rider, and told him to check under his saddle. When the servant incredulously did so, he found a needle in the cloth. "You have amazing abilities! Do you know what disease ails the princess?" asked the servant. The old man's youngest son replied that he did indeed know, and thus the servant took him on the mare to see the king.

The king scolded his servant, saying, "I told you to fetch a doctor and you return with some random stranger!" But when the servant told the whole story about the needle in the saddlecloth, the king was convinced and asked how his daughter might be cured. Following the youngest son's instructions, the king arranged stonemasons to destroy the huge boulder outside his palace. Two ants were found and the youngest son used them as the birds had described. The bug moved when he put the white ant in the princess's ear and it was dragged out by the red ant, after which the princess completely recovered. The king was so delighted that he married his daughter to the youngest son and, since she was the king's only child, the youngest son eventually became king. The old man's youngest son then lived happily ever after.

द्रेन्ॱकॅं'न्ट'र्रे'र्नेट्य

अब्द्रिः, खुका ताये . ताये ते त्रा स्त्रीत् . व्या स्त्रीत् . व्या स्त्रीत् . व्या स्त्रीत . व्

च्च-दियात्वायाः भीताः कुटा हुयात्वायाः पद्चिट च्चियाः हेन् वित्तात्वायाः वित्वायाः वित्वायाः वित्वायाः वित्वायः वित्वयः वित्वयः

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马能和小兔

很久很久以前,有只马熊和一只兔子生活在一起。有天她们约好一起去挖人参果,他们把熊宝宝和小兔宝宝留在了家中。他们准备挖人参果时,兔妈妈提议说:"咱们把上午挖到的人参果都吃掉,下午挖的都存起来带回家如何?"。马熊同意了,他们开始挖掘,熊妈妈按照约定把早晨挖到的人参果都吃光光,而把下午挖的全部储存在袋子里。到了下午回家的时间,熊妈妈突然发现原来自己上了兔妈妈的当,因为兔妈妈并没有按他们先前约定的那样做,而是把当天采挖到的所有人参果一个不少的存了起来,气愤的熊妈妈就吃掉了兔妈妈。等她到家时,小兔宝宝跑来问道:"熊妈妈!我的妈妈没有回来吗?"。熊妈妈回答道:"你妈妈跟第二个采挖组一起在路上!"小兔宝宝等了很久发现自己的妈妈并没和第二采挖组一起回来,它又跑去问熊妈妈:"熊妈妈!我妈妈到底去哪里了?","你妈妈跟最后的采挖组一起在路上!"。等了很久,小兔宝宝发现自己的妈妈也没有和最后的采挖组在一起,这时它才想到自己的妈妈肯定是被熊妈妈吃掉了。

第二天,熊妈妈照常去采挖人参果。乘着这个机会,小兔宝宝跑去喊熊宝宝一起玩耍,可熊宝宝说妈妈让她不要出门。小兔宝宝说: "兔妈妈也叫我不要出门,但你知道妈妈们就只会唠叨,你听她的做什么!"。熊宝宝抵不住诱感,就出门和小兔宝宝一起玩耍,最终被小兔宝宝要了性命。当熊妈妈来挖了一天的人参果回到家后,发现自己的宝宝遇害了,气愤之余,熊妈妈就去找小兔宝宝报仇。得知熊妈妈要来找自己,小兔宝宝开始逃跑,而熊妈妈一路紧追不舍。跑了很久,小兔宝宝在途中碰见了一位牧羊人,小兔宝宝立即哀求道: "我的父亲被鹰叼走了,我的妈妈被熊妈妈害死了,而我打死了熊宝宝,现在熊妈妈在来找我的路上。如果有办法躲避,如果有地方躲藏,请你一定救救我!"。牧羊人赶紧把羊都赶在了一起,并叫小兔宝宝藏到羊身上的毛绒里。没过多久熊妈妈感励道: "识相的快点说实话,不然我吃了你!"。牧羊人害怕了,他叫熊妈妈往羊身上毛绒里找。当熊妈妈准备找时,小兔宝宝又逃跑了。

跑了很久,小兔宝宝又遇见了一位牧牛人,他又对那个牧牛人讲了同样的遭遇。牧牛人赶紧把所有的牛都赶在了一起,并叫小兔宝宝藏到牛尾巴里。没过多久熊妈妈又到了那里,她也同样地威胁了牧牛人,最终牧牛人叫

她在牛尾巴里找寻。小兔宝宝又聪明的逃离了困境,在途中他又遇见了一位 牧马人,牧马人叫小兔宝宝藏到马尾巴下。熊妈妈也紧追到了那里,也同样 威胁了牧马人,牧马人无奈之下也道出了实情。当熊妈妈准备往马尾巴下查 看时,小兔宝宝已经跑远了。

经过很长的一段路途后,小兔又遇上了一只野牦牛,他把自己不幸的遭遇又向那只野牦牛哭诉了一遍,可那只野牦牛并没有打算轻易帮他的忙,他是有条件的。他要求小兔宝宝赞美他的五官,如果他的赞美使他满意,那么他就会伸出援助之手让小兔宝宝躲藏到他的鼻孔里,否则什么都免谈。小兔宝宝开始了赞美: "野牦牛你的嘴是金嘴,你的鼻子是金鼻子,你的眼睛是金眼!",野牦牛对小兔宝宝的赞美很满意,他让兔宝宝进到了自己的鼻孔里藏身。熊妈妈也赶到了野牦牛所在的地方,她不识相地同样威胁野牦牛要他讲出小兔宝宝的行踪。野牦牛非常地气愤,他朝熊妈妈嚷道: "有本事你试试看!",当熊妈妈靠近那只野牦牛时他就用坚硬锋利的牛角刺死了熊妈妈。

待他刺死了熊妈妈后,野牦牛要求小兔宝宝再次赞美他的五官后出来。 小兔宝宝就开始了对野牦牛五官的再次赞美: "野牦牛你的嘴是铁嘴,你的 鼻子是铁鼻子,而你的眼睛实在也不过如此!",野牦牛非常生气,气愤之 下他开始用力地甩喷鼻子试图把小兔宝宝喷出鼻外,可不管怎么用力小兔宝 宝还是不出鼻孔。最后小兔宝宝叫野牦牛朝他跟前的鼠洞里喷气它才会出 来,野牦牛只好照做,可小兔宝宝一出鼻孔就钻进到了鼠洞里,野牦牛朝那 鼠洞用力撞击,最终因为伤到脖子而送了命。

The Rabbit and the Bear

A mother bear and a mother rabbit lived together with their children. One day, the mothers decided to leave their children at home and go out together to dig wild yams. When they started digging, the rabbit suggested to the bear, "Let's eat the yams that we dig this morning and take home the ones that we dig this afternoon."

"OK," agreed the bear, and ate the yams she dug that morning and put the ones she dug in the afternoon in her bag.

Unlike the bear, however, the rabbit put all the yams in her bag without eating a single one. When they were ready to go home, the bear discovered what the rabbit had done. She became very angry with the rabbit for tricking her, killed the rabbit, ate her, and then took all the yams home.

When the mother bear returned, the baby rabbit ran to her and asked, "Aunty Bear, is my mother coming home?"

"Your mother is with the second group," replied the mother bear.

The little rabbit waited for her mother and when she did not come home with the second group, the little rabbit went to the mother bear again and asked, "My mother is not with the second group. Where is she?"

"She must be with the last group," answered the mother bear.

The little rabbit waited until the last group came home, and when her mother was not with them, she realized that the bear had eaten her mother.

The little rabbit ran outside the next day when the mother bear went to dig yams, and said to the baby bear, "Baby bear! Come outside! Let's play together!"

"My mother told me not to go outside and I must be obedient," replied the baby bear from inside the house.

"Oh, mothers say a lot of things!" exclaimed the little rabbit. "My mother tells me not to go outside too, but you know how mothers are! We don't have to obey!"

Then the baby bear went outside to play and was killed by the little rabbit.

The mother bear finished digging yams that day, came home, and discovered that her baby had been killed by the little rabbit. She began chasing the little rabbit, who took off running as fast as she could. While running, the little rabbit met a sheep herder.

"Oh, Mr. Sheep herder!" cried the little rabbit. "My father was taken by an eagle and my mother was killed by a bear. I killed the bear's baby and now his mother is chasing me. Please help me hide!"

The sheep herder asked her to circumambulate the sheep and hide in the sheep's fleece.

When the mother bear arrived she asked the sheep herder, "Did you see a little rabbit come by here?"

"No, I certainly did not," answered the sheep herder.

"Tell me where she is or I'll kill you," threatened the bear.

Frightened, the sheepherder confessed to the mother bear, "Well, she might be in the sheep's fleece."

The mother bear went to check the fleece and the little rabbit fled. After running a long time, the little rabbit met a yak herder. The little rabbit told him the same story she had told the sheep herder and begged him to help her hide. The yak herder asked the little rabbit to circumambulate the yaks and hide in a yak's tail. When the mother bear came, she frightened to kill him if he did not tell her where the little rabbit was hiding. The yak herder was so frightened that he told her the truth.

The mother bear went to check in the yaks' tails and the little rabbit fled and soon came upon a horse herder. When he heard the little rabbit's story, the horse herder told her to hide under the horse's mane. He also was frightened when the angry mother bear threatened to kill him and told her where the little rabbit was hiding. The little rabbit had to run for her life again.

After running for a long time she met a wild yak and told him her story too. Before the yak would help her hide, he wanted her to please him by praising his five sense organs.

"Uncle Wild Yak's mouth is a golden mouth, his nose is a golden nose and his eyes are golden, too," chanted the little rabbit. This pleased the yak so he let the little rabbit hide in his nose. When the mother bear arrived and threatened him, the yak became very angry.

"Eat me, if you can!" he bellowed.

When the bear charged him, he gored her to death. Then the yak told the little rabbit to get out of his nose while praising his five sense organs. "Uncle Wild Yak's mouth is made of iron," taunted the little rabbit, "his nose and eyes are made of iron, too!" This enraged the wild yak who began to blow his nose but the little rabbit would not come out.

"Blow your nose into the marmot's burrow and I'll come out," the little rabbit said.

The yak then blew his nose into the marmot's burrow and the little rabbit came out. The yak was very angry and he charged at the burrow, hitting it so hard that he broke his neck and died.

श्रुट मी दट अर्थे।

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狼和羊

很久很久以前,有一匹狼不小心掉进了一口深井里。 一只羊吃草经过那口井。狼可怜巴巴地祈求道: "请您把我拉上去好吗?"。那只羊真诚地回答道: "我可以帮你,可等我把你拉上来之后,你肯定会把我吃了。"狼一再承诺得救后绝不伤害羊。最后,善良的羊没能顶住狼的软磨硬泡,伸出手把那狼拉上了井口。可是,狼刚脱离险境就试图要吃掉那只羊。

羊很委屈只喊道: "我说过我把你救出深井后,你肯定会吃了我,可你口口声声答应过不会那么做。你怎么可以这样忘恩负义呢?"。狼回答道: "这样的事情每天都在发生!虽说善恶有报,但又有谁能不厌其烦地遵循这个原则呢?"。最后关于"忘恩负义"是否合乎天理一事,羊和狼都无法达成共识,他们决定再找其他三个动物来帮他们分辨是非。

走了很久的路,羊和狼终于碰上了一匹马。羊迫不及待地上前问道: "这只狼掉进了一口深井当中,它求我救它一命。我告诉它等我把它救出后 它肯定会吃了我,可它保证说不会那样,可真等我把它从深井救出后,它却 试图要吃掉我。你说天底下还有比这更荒唐的事情吗?"。那匹马则回答 说:"我不相信善恶有报这一说法。当我年少力壮的时候我被骑到天南地 北,如今我已变得体弱多病,却被流放到深山里无人照看。等我变得健壮一 些,主人无疑又会把我卖掉。所以,我确信忘恩负义的处世方法是存在于这 世间的。"。

羊和狼又继续了前行,因为他们还要找出两个动物来求证各自的观点。 走了很长时间的路,他们终于在路上遇见了一只母牦牛。羊上前将它对马问 过的问题同样又问了那只母牦牛。母牦牛回答道: "这世间忘恩负义的事见 怪不怪!我的主人从我这儿受益不浅,他们享尽了我的牛奶、酸奶、酥油, 还有我的奶酪。如今我年老乏力却把我流放在深山野外,等我变健壮起来, 他们肯定还会享用我的血肉!"。

现在只剩下找最后的一只动物来求证关于忘恩负义是否合乎天理这一事了。狼得意忘形地阔步向前,羊则心事重重地跟随其后。经过一段漫长的路程他们终于遇见了最后一只动物——兔子。羊对那只兔子问起了同样的问题,并把事情的来龙去脉告诉了它。兔子则说: "要判断忘恩负义的做法是对是错是件非常困难的事情。你们还记得原先的那口深井吗?羊和狼异口同声地说: "当然记得!"。 兔子领着羊和狼重新回到那口深井后问道: "你

们当时的位置是怎样的?"。这时狼跳进了深井,羊则留在了井口,对兔子喊道:"我们当时是这样的状况!"兔子说:"既然很难判断忘恩负义的做法是否合乎天理,不如你们还是保持现状吧!"说完兔子就离开了,而狼再次被困在了深井里。

The Wolf and the Sheep

Once a wolf fell into a deep hole and could not get out. One day, a sheep was grazing on grass nearby. The wolf, seeing the sheep, asked, "Oh, Madam Sheep, could you please help me get out of here?"

"I could help you get out, Mr. Wolf, but you will eat me if I do," replied the sheep.

"Please," pleaded the wolf, "help me get out of here! I promise I won't hurt you!"

The sheep decided to trust the wolf, reached down into the hole, and helped the wolf out. Once the wolf was out of the hole, he turned to eat the sheep. "Wait!" objected the sheep. "You promised to not eat me! No one has ever acted like this! I saved you from dying in that hole and rather than eating me, you should be grateful!"

"Nonsense," retorted the wolf. "People talk about cause and effect. They talk about being grateful and repaying the kindnesses of others, but they don't really do it very often!

In this way the sheep and the wolf argued a long time and could not come to an agreement. Finally, they decided to ask three other animals what they thought and set off together to find them.

After walking a long time, they met a horse. The sheep said to the horse, "Mr. Wolf here fell into a deep hole and was trapped. I found him, helped him get out, and saved him. Then, as soon as he was out of the hole, he was going to eat me. I think most people would never act like that! What do you think?"

The horse replied, "Oh, people talk about the law of cause and effect, but when I was young people rode me here and there all the time. Then, when I got old, they released me into the mountains and left me with no one to look after me. If I had still been useful, I would surely have been sold. Therefore, I think repaying the kindness of others is quite rare."

The wolf exclaimed, "Now I'll eat you!"

"It's not time, we must consult other animals," replied the sheep.

The wolf and the sheep took off walking to find another animal to consult and after a long time they met a female yak.

The sheep told her story and the female yak replied, "Actually, I think most people are quite ruthless. When I was young, my masters benefited from me in many ways. They enjoyed my milk, yogurt, butter, and cheese. Then, when I got old they took me into the mountains and left me with no one to look after me. If I

had been stronger and fatter you can be sure that they would have butchered me and the whole family would have enjoyed my meat and blood."

The wolf exclaimed, "Now I will eat you!"

"It's not the time, we must consult another animal," replied the sheep.

The wolf and sheep continued on their journey. They only had one more animal to consult to settle the argument. The wolf was filled with joy. The sheep, however, was very anxious. After walking for some time, they met a rabbit and the sheep told her story to the rabbit. She told every detail of her story this time and asked the rabbit if the wolf was not repaying her kindness in a terrible treacherous way.

The rabbit replied, "It's actually quite difficult to know who is right and who is wrong here. Do you two remember where that hole is located?"

"Of course we do," the sheep and the wolf answered in unison.

"Could you take me there," the rabbit asked.

"Of course," they replied.

When the three of them reached the hole, the rabbit asked them to show her their positions when they met. The wolf jumped into the hole and the sheep stood at the edge.

"Our positions were exactly like this," they said in unison.

The rabbit said, "It's too difficult for me to decide whether the way of dealing things is right or wrong, so it's better for the two of you to stay where you are."

Then the rabbit hopped off to its home leaving the wolf stuck in the deep hole.

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做马鞍的小兔子

在很久以前,狼大哥在山上寻觅食物时,看见小兔子跑上跑下忙得很,狼大哥便问道:"喂,兔子啊,你在干什么?"小兔子说:"我在做一套马鞍,我就是做马鞍的兔子。"狼大哥又问:"你做马鞍干什么呀?"小兔子说道:"有了这个马鞍啊!抓羊可快了。"狼大哥经受不住诱惑,赶忙说:"那赶快给我做一个!"小兔子说:"看在您的面子上,把我做好的这套马鞍送给您。"随后小兔子把那套马鞍套在狼的背上,狼大哥很有自信地抓羊去了,可有谁能想到,狼大哥在抓羊时被那套马鞍拖了个半死,也被羊群的主人痛打了一场。

狼很愤怒,心想一定是那个狡猾的兔子施的计,这回要狠狠地教训一下兔子,这时,他又看见一只小兔子在山上忙着煮东西,便上前去问: "喂!你看见那个做马鞍的兔子了吗?"小兔子说: "没有呢!我是山上调糊的兔子。"狼大哥好奇的问: "调糊做什么呀?"小兔子机灵地说: "如果把糊涂在眼睛上,不仅能抓到羊,而且还能由你控制羊的去向。"狼大哥说:"那就把糊涂在我的眼睛上吧。"小兔子很仔细把糊涂在狼的眼睛上,然后狼回头去找羊群了,但狼大哥眼睛被糊着,什么也看不见,怎么能找到羊群呢?

之后狼大哥走啊走,走到一个山顶上,又碰到一只兔子在烧火,狼大哥又问那只兔子: "你在干什么呀?有没有看见一只调糊的兔子。它可把我整惨了!"兔子边烧火边回答说: "我没看见呀,我是山顶烧火的兔子。"狼大哥又问: "你烧火做什么呀? "小兔子说: "用火烧掉眼睫毛不仅眼睛会变大,而且对抓羊很有效。"狼大哥说: "我也要烧掉睫毛。"狼边说边坐在兔子的旁边,小兔子边烧狼的睫毛边聊天,兔子偷偷将那堆火苗推向狼的旁边说道: "狼大哥你稍微往后退一点,不然会点燃你的毛。"狼大哥就往后退了一点,兔子又把那堆火苗向狼的身边推了一点,又说道: "狼大哥您再往后退一点,不然会点燃您的毛。"狼大哥就又稍微往后退了一点,结果就从悬崖上掉下去摔死了。

The Saddle-maker Rabbit

As a rabbit was making a saddle by a mountain pass, a wolf snuck up and said, "Hi, Uncle Rabbit, what are you doing here?"

"I'm making a saddle. That's why people call me Saddle-maker Rabbit," replied the rabbit.

"Why are you making a saddle?" asked the wolf.

"If I put this saddle on your back, you will catch more sheep," the rabbit said.

"Please make one for me," the wolf said.

"I'll give you this one," the rabbit said. After the rabbit put the saddle on the wolf's back, the wolf chased sheep grazing on a hillside. As the wolf ran down the hill, the saddle slid onto his head and thus the saddle was broken. Meanwhile, the shepherd hit him with stones. The wolf was barely able to escape his life. Thinking the rabbit had deceived him, the wolf went back looking for the rabbit. On the way, he had met another rabbit who was boiling some glue at the foot of a rocky mountain.

"Hi! Where is Saddle-maker Rabbit?" asked the wolf.

"I don't know. I'm boiling glue here at the foot of this rocky mountain. That's why people call me Glue-boiler Rabbit," replied the rabbit.

"Why are you doing this?" said the wolf.

"If you put some glue on your eyes, the sheep will be immobilized and easy to catch," said the rabbit.

"Please put some glue on my eyes," said the wolf and the rabbit did as the wolf asked. The wolf then went once more to catch sheep, but was unsuccessful. After escaping from the shepherd again, he met another rabbit that was making a fire atop a rocky mountain.

"Hi, what are you doing here? Did you see Glue-boiler Rabbit?" said the wolf.

"No, I didn't. I am Fire-maker Rabbit," responded the rabbit.

"Why are you making a fire?" asked the wolf.

"If a fire singes your eyelashes, you'll be able to see more, which will certainly help you catch sheep," answered the rabbit.

Then the wolf said, "I will singe my eyelashes while warming myself by the fire," sat by the fire, and the rabbit singed his eyelashes as they chatted.

The rabbit covertly shoved the coals closer to the wolf, saying, "Dear wolf, please move back a bit, otherwise you will be burned," and the wolf moved back a bit. The rabbit did the same thing again a while later, and the wolf moved back

again. When the rabbit said this a third time, the wolf fell off the edge of the cliff behind him and died.

র্হ্বিবা, চ্যু, দ্রু, দ্রের, দ্রের,

ड्रवी.बीट.चे.लूट.ड्रब.लुट.घुच.थे.भ्रें.चए.टट.चथ.चर्चट.पट्ची अ.बोट्ट्रबीय.शुट.टा.पट्ट.लट.श.शघच.प्रिय.डुट.झैट.ट्यूश.टा.पट्ट.डु.खुवी.लुच.चथी ट.पट्ट.पट्टु.लय.टच. भ्री.ल.ट्र-.पट्टट.ट्रब.,खुय.टचट.टा.चखुच.ट्र.श.घवी.थे.झैट.टे.पज्ज्ञ.चपु.लश.जश.ज.कथी ल.शब.पट.ज.ची.बहुवी. यथेव.टा.ला श्रू.टा.टट.कुब.टा.चेशब.ग्रीयःस्ट.विचा.थे.झैट.टे.पज्ज्ञ.चुट.झैट.कु.पट.खु.यट्य.लुवा.चु. श्रूट.टापु.टेब.ल.चचब.ग्रीट.। पू.टट.पक्श.तपु.छेट.श.खुवा.श.कुंट.तथी श्रू.चप्ट.बु.ट्रब.टा.कु.वा.डुवा.चु. वोचप.इं.खुवी.ल.चं.बोड्या.सं.श.बोट्टवी.सं.श.बोट्टवीय.श्रुट.खीवा.स्.खेवी.स्.खेवी.स्.खेवी.स्.खेवी.स्.खेवी.सं

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ड्रवो,,ड्रब.व्रिंश.यथा.व्रीट.ज्रीय.यर्था.व्रीय.व्रीय.क्र्य.तपु.क्रिय.व्राच्य.यंथा.यंथा.यंथा.यंथा.यंथा.यंथा.व्र हे.स्ट्रे.क्षेट्र.यथात्रा.य.व्रीट.ज्रीया.यर्था.व्रीया.व्र्यातपु.क्षेत्र.व्राच्याय्येषा.यंथा.यंथा.यंथा.यंथा.यंथा

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富儿找老婆

很早以前,有一户富人家只有一个儿子。随着时间的推移,他已到了娶妻成家的年龄,但一直没能找到合适的人选。他们算卦了很多次,不管是风水师,还是占卜算卦的都说只有让独子去远处乞讨才能遇见他的命中人。所以虽是万般地不舍,这家富户还是决定让他到处乞讨以便找寻自己的终身伴侣。独子的母亲虽然很纠结,但她还是挥泪送走了自己惟一的儿子,离别之际母亲把一块宝石塞给她的独子并祈祝这块宝石能让他衣食无忧。

走了许久,独子来到了一个湖边,因为口渴弯腰去捧水解渴时不小心把母亲赐给的宝石丢进了湖里,他伤心极了,哭了很长时间,居然哭得双目失明了!自此以后,他只好留在那个地方,整天在当地一家富户门前讨饭吃。

有一天,当地的国王举行盛大表演仪式并邀请了所有人参加,那家富户也让他们的三个女儿穿上最好看的衣服、戴上最耀眼的首饰去参加庆典。回来之后,富户的双亲问道: "今天在仪式上谁穿的衣服最好看,谁戴的首饰又最耀眼?"三个女儿都回答道: "我们的衣服最好看!我们的首饰最耀眼!"父母又问道: "这是父母的恩还是你们自己的命?"大女儿回道; "这一切都来自于父母。" 而二女儿也说了和她大姐同样的话,可小女儿回答道: "这一切虽然有父母的恩赐,但也不可否认是我自己的命!"听到这儿父亲非常气愤地说: "既然你这么认为,那就留下所有的衣服首饰,出去和那门前的乞丐一起生活吧!"就把小女儿赶出了家门。

小女儿留下所有的服饰后,到门前去见了那个要饭的,并牵手要他跟着自己去别处生活。可那乞丐说:"我没别的去处,我在这里每天都靠这家的施舍吃饱喝足,让我呆在这里吧。"姑娘坚持道:"我父亲已把我许配给了你,让我们到别处去生活吧!"乞丐又回答说:"我既没财又是个瞎子,你跟着我怎会有好日子呢?还是让我一个人留在这里吧!"等到那位姑娘把自己的经历讲给他听后,乞丐决定把姑娘领到自己家里去。

走了很久后那姑娘问道: "你的双眼是天生就是这样,还是后天失明的呢?"乞丐则把自己丢掉宝石及其所有经历都告诉了她,得知这一切后那姑娘把他领到了原先的那个湖边,让他坐在那里。自己则在湖边乱喊乱跑以至于湖里的龙王家族都出来找她问话,她告诉龙王有一家人把诅咒过的石头放进了湖水里,湖水不久将干枯而他们则会失去家园。听到这里龙王一家吓得惊慌失措,他们问道: "如何制止这件事情发生?"姑娘说: "你们把湖里

所有的石头都搬出来,即是小小的一块也不能留下。"龙王一家开始忙碌起来,没过多久四只青蛙抬着一小石块浮出水面,好奇地问道: "为什么我们能独立搬动比这大很多的石块而这一小块却要我们四人搬?"姑娘笑嘻嘻地回道: "这就是那块被诅咒的石头,从今往后你们大可安心地生活啦!"说完带着那捞出的宝石,走向了自己的相公,当那乞丐得知自己的宝石已经捞出,开心极了,双眼竟也奇迹般地复明了,就高高兴兴带着姑娘回到了家中,从此,他们就幸福快乐地度过了一生。

The Rich Son Finds a Wife

When a rich family's only son reached marriageable age, they could not find a suitable bride for him. All the fortunetellers they visited told them that he would meet the right person only if went wandering and begging. His mother was very upset that she would be separated from her only son. When she saw him off, she handed him her precious stone and tearfully told him that the jewel would help him whenever he was thirsty or hungry.

The boy eventually reached a lake. He was very thirsty from wandering and begging and accidently dropped the precious stone in the lake, as he attempted to drink from it. He was then so sad that he cried until he went blind. He then began living off food that was given to him by a rich family whose door he always sat by.

All the local people were invited to a performance by the local king one day. The rich family sent their three daughters, dressed in nice clothes and beautiful jewelry. When the daughters returned home, their parents asked them whose clothes were the nicest and whose jewelry got the most attention. "Our clothes were the nicest and our jewelry got the most attention," replied the three daughters.

The parents asked, "Is this from your parents or from your own fate?"

"It is all from our parents," replied the eldest daughter. Then, the same questions were asked to the second and the youngest daughters. The second daughter gave the same answer as the eldest, and their parents were extremely delighted.

However, the youngest daughter replied, "It might be from my parents, but I believe it was mostly due to my own destiny." Her enraged father then shouted, "Fine! Go stay with the beggar by our gate and leave all your clothes and jewelry here with me!" Thus the youngest daughter was expelled from the home.

The youngest daughter went to the beggar at the gate, leaving her beautiful clothes and jewels behind, and said, "Let's go find somewhere else to live," and held the beggar's hand.

"I have nowhere to go. Please leave me here, as this family gives me food," the beggar said. When the girl explained that she had been given to him as a wife by her father, the beggar insisted, saying, "How could you be happy with such a man as me? I'm not only blind, but also poor. Where would we go? Now leave me alone!" But after hearing the whole story about how the girl got kicked out of her home, he decided to take her to his home as she wished. The girl then asked the beggar about his eyes and he explained that he had not been born blind, so she led him to the lake to retrieve his precious stone.

At the lake, the girl told the beggar to sit down, and then she started shouting and running around crazily. The water deities of the lake appeared and asked the girl why she was acting so strangely. She replied that a cursed stone had been put in the lake, and that would dry the lake up, leaving all the water deities homeless. This frightened the water deities, who asked her what they could do. She told them to remove all the stones from the lake bottom, which they dutifully began doing.

After awhile, four frogs waddled out of the lake carrying a stone and said, "We usually can lift bigger stones by ourselves, but this one is so heavy that it took four of us to carry it."

The girl replied, "This is the cursed stone. Give it to me and now you can leave without fear," and took the stone back to the blind beggar.

The stone was the one the beggar had dropped, and he was so happy to have it back that he regained his vision. Then the two of them returned to the beggar's home and lived happily ever after.

र्वे क्षेत्र प्या अर्गे

क्र. बुवा वोबा भ्रेबा रा देते छिट अबा द्विया व भ्रेबा चा चेदा राविय राविया विषय रहें वा वाबवा र्यूर राविद रावि ग्रीट त्रोग्रमा भारता द्वामा पार्चिमा प्राप्त प्र प्राप्त प्राप्त प्राप्त प्राप्त प्राप्त प्राप्त प्राप्त प्राप्त प्र वयाबिटावरावर्ज्ञातुवाद्वेया क्षेत्रापुराधुरावेदावया कुटायवाद्विराविरावराव्येवादावा कुटायवाद्वियावया यत्रात्वेयार्यायान्यवराद्रात्त्रात्त्रात्त्रात्त्रात्त्रात्त्रात्त्रात्त्रात्त्रात्त्रात्त्रात्त्रात्त्रात्त्र वया द्ये विवा श्वे चेंदि वट पहुवा श्वे हिं वार हिर कुर वा श्वेवा द्येट पर सर्वट सामव श्वेषा पर दे द्विर विट विर सेंट यमायाचेत्राविमाचिमायमायाच्या देरमाळ्टामालेटायमाञ्चर हेमावेटार्म्यामेत्राम्या ला.बुट.का.भूबा.तपु.मै.बक्य.टुबा.ता.बी व्रि.वोबा.केट.बा.ला.खा.वी व्रिट.ग्रीबा.ट.वायुट.लबा.बा.वयंटवा.क्री टबा. क्वे.जम.लम.स्.सुवा.श्चे.तबुत्र.पर्याः,ङ्बा.तस्या ट्रे.यया.क्वेट.भया.श्चेट.ग्रीया.श्चे.जम.वर्.खुवा.श्चेया.श्चेय बेषाद्वेषाराव। व्विंगवावन्यार्वेरार्भेगान्। अर्वेटाचिताववार्ख्याक्ष्यात्र्यवार्केराचन्द्रात्या कुटायार्टार्का दे'अ'द्गेद'पर'चु'व्यव्यान्नद्रव कुट'अब'र्भ्भवा'तृ'क्वर'र्के'व्यार्र्टाची'र्ब्वि'व्यव्याक्री'व्यथापकुद'द्रबार्टाची'न'अ ब्रुपुःसवाःभः तक्षः त्व्र्याः त्व्र्यः त्रेः तः (बृषाः क्षेष्णः यः त्रेषः तेः त्व्र्यः त्व्र्यः त्व्र्यः विष्णः व्यायः विष्णः व्यायः विष्णः व्यायः विष्णः व्यायः विष्णः व्यायः विष्णः व त्रहुवा'न्व्यूबा'न्न्यूबा'न्न्या स्वा'वी'झ'र्ख्या'वीबा'अर्क्टन्य'त्रनुवा'न्यूबा'क्वा'कुवा'कुवा'ची' स्वा'वी'झ'र्ख्या'यीन्या'न्युवा'न्यु क्षरावर्षात्रेत्राचुर्या देवताञ्चेत्राचारेत्राचेत्राच्याराच्याः भूत्राच्याः भूत्राच्याः भूत्राच्याः भूत्राच्या पक्रान्तुं र्स्ता वेद्रावेषायः प्रवादिषायो द्वार्यात्रकार्यमा स्वाप्त्रकार्येत् प्रवादिकाः क्रेत्राह्याः विका वाष्ट्रात्त्रं र प्रमुत्रा मुन्न क्रान्ति स्ववाङ्गेत प्रति द्ना मुन्न र प्रति प्रकार प्रमुव प्रति प्रकार प्रमुव प्रति प्रकार प्रमुव प्र मु'गुब'२'षुच'र्स्रट'च'रेट्।

ट्रिक्चिन, सूपु. कर्टेब, ट्रि. शूर्टा। तर्रा हूब, क्री. चे. त्या पूल, क्रूट्र ट्रेट. सूची, जब, क्री. ट्रेट. बेब, जुवीब, प्रचीट. डीट. शूटी ट्रेड्ट क्री. वेश, बूच्र. त्या क्री. व्रिट. शूटी ट्रेड्ट क्री. व्रिट. शूटी व्राव्य क्री. व्रिट. शूटी व्राव्य क्री. व्राव्य क्री.

ट्रिस्या, ट्राक्ष्या, ट्राक्ष्या, स्ट्राट्स्य, स्ट्राक्ष्य, स्ट्राक्ष्य, स्ट्राक्ष्य, स्ट्राक्ष्य, स्ट्राक्ष्य, स्ट्राच्य, स्ट्राच्य, स्ट्राक्ष्य, स्ट्राच्य, स्ट्राक्ष्य, स्ट्राच्य, स्ट्राक्ष्य, स्ट्राच्य, स्ट्रच्य, स्ट्रच्य, स्ट्रच्य, स्ट्राच्य, स्ट्रच्य, स्ट्रच्य, स्ट्रच

 $= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n}$

读梦大师

很久很久以前在一个小村庄里有一对夫妻,丈夫每天天一亮就去农田里 忙农活儿,而他的妻子则好吃懒做,每天呆在家里净挑好吃好喝的偷吃偷 喝。邻居大婶实在看不惯,就把事情的原委详详细细告诉了农夫。

农夫心存疑虑,决定查个清楚,第二天一早他还像往常一样早早就拿着农具去农田干活儿,不过他只是装装样子,看妻子回了屋他就悄悄回到屋外,从窗户往里一看,只见妻子熬了一壶浓浓的奶茶,放了一块最新鲜的酥油就着热腾腾的馒头吃得津津有味,等吃饱喝足之后打开壶盖往剩余的的奶茶里添了些开水,拿了些干馍馍,做好了往田边送饭的准备,于是他赶紧返回到农田边躺下装作正在打盹的样子。妻子到了田边看到丈夫一点农活儿也没干,就把丈夫叫醒问原因,丈夫就说:"哎呀!你怎么把我叫醒了啊,我正在做好梦呢!"妻子就问:"你做什么梦了?"丈夫就把早晨所目睹的情况说了一遍,只见妻子脸色变得又惊又羞愧。

又过了好一阵子,一天,村里胖大婶家的母猪丢了怎么找也找不到,正在苦恼时,农夫的妻子就把丈夫能从梦中预知事实的事情告诉了胖大婶,胖大婶一听可高兴了,就请求农夫帮她找回母猪,农夫听到后就说:"让我帮你找也可以,不过你得宰头猪,猪肉供我食用,猪耳用于祭祀。"胖大婶立马答应了。之后农夫白天就吃着猪肉休息,夜晚悄悄出去寻找母猪的下落。终于,他在一个院子里找到了下了崽的母猪,他就把小猪崽的数目、颜色及公母详细牢记之后,第二天就把详细情况告诉了胖大婶。自从这件事之后,农夫会读梦的消息就传遍整个国家。

又有一天,国王国库的钥匙被盗,国王大怒命两名大臣去找农夫读梦。农夫接到命令之后很惶恐,但又不得不遵旨,他想了又想,终于想到了妙招,就把妻子悄悄叫到一边,吩咐她当看到他和大臣翻过山之后便放火点了柴房。吩咐完之后他就和大臣们出发了,翻过大山之后他就提议休息一会儿,大臣们也累了就同意休息一会儿再走,他佯装小睡了一会儿,突然站起身大喊: "不好,不好,我梦到我家的柴房着火了!"说罢就往回跑,大臣们也半信半疑跟着他回去,在看到农夫家房子的一刻他们大吃了一惊,农夫家的柴房果然着火了,他们立即帮忙扑灭了大火。两个大臣对视了一下,心想这农夫果然会读梦,当下一心虚,就把他们偷取国库钥匙的事情原原本本告诉了农夫,并求他饶命。农夫听后心里大喜,不过嘴上却说: "其实我早

就梦到了,你们可真是大胆,如果不是你们及时承认错误,等我禀报国王之后,只怕你们脑袋不保啊!"两个大臣连连磕头请求救命,并将钥匙交给了农夫,农夫答应帮助他们。之后,农夫就将钥匙藏在了一个山洞里,然后去见国王。国王承诺:"如果你能将本王国库的钥匙找到,我就答应将本王的半边江山赏赐给你!"农夫佯装道:"钥匙固然会找到,但要找到钥匙首先需要宰猪祭祀!"国王答应了他所提的所有要求,七天之后农夫就把先前藏钥匙的地点告诉了国王。就这样他得到了国王赏赐的半边江山。

这件事使他的名声传遍了大江南北。某日邻国的王妃身患重病,太医们都找不到病因。国王听说了邻国读梦大师的事迹之后立刻命大臣去传,农夫接到命令之后很是苦恼,之前那些都是因为投机取巧才成功的,可这次治病救人他哪里会啊,可王命难违,他只能前往邻国复命。快到王宫时他停下来,在王宫外的一个大石头上他解了个小手,不小心放了个屁,解完手他拔了些干草垫在了鞋里,然后径直往王宫里走去。见到国王之后,国王承诺若将王妃的病治好也赏赐他半个江山,农夫还是像上次一样要求宰猪祭祀,国王立即吩咐下人照办。天渐渐暗下来,夜幕降临,可农夫仍然想不出办法,他决定逃走。

他刚翻过城墙便掉到了牛棚里,掉在了一头母牛身上,母牛大惊,大吼一声将他摔在地上就跑出了牛棚,农夫跌坐在地上正打算起身就听到母牛的声音: "大石!大石!不好了,不好了,他都知道了!"之后又听到王宫外的大石开口对母牛道: "是啊!是啊!他来的时候就知道了啊,他在我头上降了场大雨,打了声惊雷,还将我的辫子拔下铺成了鞋垫之后走了!"这时王妃的女仆从王宫里走了出来,问母牛和大石发生什么事情,母牛和大石就把事情一五一十告诉了女仆,女仆也大惊说: "难怪今天白天我给他倒茶时,他一次又一次看我的脸,看来是早就知道了啊!"听到这里他完全明白是怎么回事了,第二天他就请皇上将所有的石匠派给他使用,还让下人准备大量木炭,准备好一切之后,他就让石匠将王宫门口的大石凿成了粉碎,还命人用木炭将母牛和女仆焚烧了。事后王妃的病竟然奇迹般的痊愈了,原来王妃是中了魔咒,国王遵守承诺将半边江山赏赐给了农夫。

The Fortuneteller

A wife rested at home and ate food secretly while the husband plowed. One day, an old woman who was their neighbor told the husband what his wife was doing and he decided to investigate. He pretended to go to the field early the next morning but then returned and observed his wife eating the freshest butter and drinking milk tea. After she finished, she prepared to take breakfast to her husband by adding water to the remaining milk tea and putting the remaining barley bread in a bag. The husband ran back to field and pretended to be sleeping.

When she arrived and saw the field unplowed, she said, "Why aren't you plowing?"

"Oh my dear! I'd continue dreaming if you had not awakened me," he replied. The wife asked, "What were you dreaming about?"

The husband told her what he had seen at home, and his wife blushed in shame.

An old woman lost one of her pigs while she was herding a few days later. The wife met the old woman and told her about her husband's ability to see things in dreams. The old woman then asked the husband to dream and tell her where her pigs were. The husband agreed on the condition that she slaughters a pig for him to eat and give one of its ears as an offering. The old woman agreed. The husband then spent a whole day eating pork and then searched for the lost pig at night. He found the pig feeding its piglets in an empty courtyard. He then took a careful look at the pig and piglets, paying attention to the color, sex, and number of piglets, and reported it all to the old woman in great detail and thus his fame spread.

One day, a local king lost the key to his storehouse and sent two ministers to invite the man to dream about the whereabouts of his key. The man was frightened, but could not resist and told his wife, "Please set our stack of dry fodder on fire when I reach the mountain pass." The man and the ministers then took a nap at the mountain pass some time later. Then the man shouted suddenly, "My fodder is on fire!" When they returned to his home, his fodder was indeed on fire, and the two ministers helped extinguish the flame. Witnessing his ability, the two ministers admitted that they had stolen the king's key. He told the two ministers that they would definitely be punished if the king learnt they were the thieves. They then went to the king after they had buried the key. The king was told to slaughter a pig and he then promised to give half of his wealth if his key could be found. After seven days, the man unearthed the key and received half the king's wealth.

One day another king heard about the man's dreaming ability. His wife had been very sick, so the king sent his ministers after the man. The man was very anxious because all of his previous work had been accomplished without recourse to supernatural abilities. He knew that he was in big trouble this time. A big boulder was in front of the palace. He peed and farted on it, pulled some grass from the boulder, and went to see the king after putting the grass in his shoes. He asked the king to slaughter a pig. When the time had almost approached for him to tell the king how to cure his wife, he had not yet found any answers and prepared to escape. One night he jumped in the yak herd and mounted a milk yak. The milk yak took off, and the man fell off. The milk yak rushed to the big boulder and shouted, "Boulder! It's no good!"

The boulder replied, "That man noticed. He rained and thundered on me when he arrived here, scratched my head, put my hair in his shoes."

A maidservant came out and asked what was happening. The milk yak and boulder told her the whole story. "He stared at me when I offered him tea. He knew everything at the beginning," the maidservant said. The man overheard all this, and realized that they were the cause of the queen's illness. He asked the king to gather stonemasons and bring charcoal as well. The boulder was destroyed by the stonemasons, and the milk yak and the maidservant were burned with the collected charcoal. The queen thus recovered and the man received half of the king's wealth.

न्त्र्यार्चान्द्रम् मुग

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苦娃与虎王

很久很久以前,在一个小山村里住着一户穷苦人家,母子二人相依为命,因为家境贫困,就给男孩起名叫苦娃。母子二人的生活仅靠苦娃每天进山砍柴买得的钱来维持,生活过得很清苦。

一天,苦娃又像往常一样进山砍柴,正好被住在这里的虎王看见了,虎王想试试这个男孩的心地,于是找了个树杈,装作卡在树杈中间快要死了的样子,苦娃看到了将死的老虎,心里很是犹豫不知该不该救,他心想:"如果我救了这只老虎之后老虎反而要吃了我该怎么办,如果我被老虎吃了那么家中年迈的老母亲就没人照顾了,那么老母亲就肯定会饿死;可是如果我不救这只老虎,这只老虎就会死去,到底该怎么办呢?"他思来想去,最后还是决定救它。虎王被救之后很开心,就帮着苦娃砍柴,当它看到苦娃母子窘迫的生活状况之后,就把他们带到了一个土地肥沃的地方,之后它又心想,还需要给苦娃找一个妻子才行,于是他就到王宫将公主捉了回来给苦娃当妻子。王宫上下都以为公主被老虎叼走吃了,非常伤心,就给公主办了隆重的葬礼。

很多年后的一天,苦娃把爱妻的画像放在田边,一边看着画像,一边耕田。忽然一阵大风刮过,画像被刮走了,正好被一个大臣捡到,大臣将画像交给了大王,大王知道自己心爱的公主没有死之后非常高兴,命下人彻查公主的下落,并承诺谁如果找到公主就将半个国土赏赐于他。手下的人们到处寻找,终于找到了公主的下落,大王就把公主和苦娃母子带到宫中。

老虎过来看望苦娃一家人,却看见房中空无一人,断定他们是被带到了王宫,马上召集了手下的五百只老虎将王宫团团包围。大王见到此情景非常害怕,问苦娃有没有老虎朋友。苦娃说有, 大王让苦娃让他的老虎朋友离开王宫。当虎王看到苦娃立即问: "大王有没有为难你们?"苦娃摇了摇头。虎王松了一口气,又说: "你去告诉大王只要他给每只老虎准备一头猪,那么它们就肯离开。"苦娃如实告诉大王之后,大王立刻让下人准备了五百头猪让苦娃送去,苦娃出去之后骑在了虎王背上,随手挥舞鞭子,轻轻一赶,那五百只老虎很听话的离开了。大王心想这人一定不简单,连凶猛的老虎都听他的话,于是就将半个国土及许多奴隶赏赐给了他,从此苦娃一家过上了幸福快乐的生活。

The Tiger King and the Poor Son

An old woman and her son made a living collecting firewood. A tiger living in the forest where they cut wood decided to test the young man's sense of compassion. The tiger shoved his head between two closely grown branches, pretended to be about to die, and waited to see what the young man would do.

"This tiger will surely eat me if I help him and my mother will be alone if I die. But he will die if I don't save him," thought the young man, and decided to help the tiger. Moved by his compassion, the tiger helped the young man collect fuel afterwards. The man and his mother then led a more comfortable life after moving to another place with the tiger's help. The tiger noticed that the young man lacked a wife and brought a princess. The princess's father believed that his daughter had been eaten by a tiger and thus was doing many rituals after her 'death'.

The boy often brought a picture of the princess to field and looked at while he plowed, but forgot it in a field after plowing one day. It was then blown away by the wind. A servant of the king happened to get it, and thus the king learnt that his daughter was still alive. The king then announced that anyone who found the princess would be rewarded with half of his wealth. Finally, the king's ministers found the couple and the old woman, and ordered them brought to the palace. When the tiger came to visit the young man, nobody was there. The tiger realized that the king had taken them, gathered five hundred tigers, and surrounded the king's palace. The king was terrified and asked the young man to confirm if the leader tiger was the one he had saved. The woodcutter said it was. The young man then met the tiger, who told him to ask for a pig for every tiger. The king agreed, and the young man mounted the leader tiger and rode off, leaving the other tigers. Witnessing these events, the king believed that the young man was truly an amazingly capable man, and thus gave him half of his wealth. The whole family then lived happily ever after.

मैज.सूपु.शंबाशू.र्टट.यी.चुटापंची

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公主和苦娃

古时候有个地方住着一位老奶奶和她的两个儿子,小儿子以砍柴为生,有一天他在砍柴回来的途中遭遇了一股强烈的龙卷风,他拼命挥动手中的斧头,这时却从空中掉下来了一双鞋子。之后他去集市居然有人出高价把那双鞋买走了。有一天,有个大臣偶然在集市上看到那双鞋,便问商人从何得来?商人说是一个砍柴的年轻人卖给他的,便把小儿子给供出去了。原来那双鞋的主人居然是当朝的公主,而公主又在不久前失踪了。大臣随后就把小儿子抓到了皇帝面前,皇帝下令小儿子务必要把公主找回来,否则就死罪难逃,连他的家人也难免一死。

小儿子就这样启程去寻找公主,走到一个地方他看到有些人在伤心地哭泣,而另外一些人却在欢喜雀跃、幸灾乐祸的样子,问其原因,才知道,原来哭的人是因为今晚要去守寺庙,而去了便会被一个九头魔女吃掉。欢喜的人是因为他们要等到明天才轮到去守寺庙。小儿子说原来是这样啊,便安慰那些人不必太担心,只要提供给他上好的弓箭,他许诺晚上去守寺庙,那些人非常高兴地答应了。

晚上他如约守寺庙的时候,伴随着一阵邪风女魔头来了,他用尽全身的 力气将箭射向那女魔头,一声惨叫后女魔头便跑了。第二天清晨他回到村子 里告诉大家魔女已经受伤了, 但自己因为还要去寻找公主故不便在那里逗 留。说罢便沿着九头魔女留下的血迹直追而去。那血迹一直延伸到一个巨大 的地洞里,走到洞里面便是一个广袤的草原,他看到公主在那里放羊,原来 公主就是被魔女抓来了。他询问公主如何才能淌过前面的大河,公主说只要 嘴里念"顺流逆流白山羊要过河"就能跨到彼岸,他又问公主如何将牲畜赶 入圈内,公主说念"马儿马儿进圈、牛羊牛羊进圈"即可。又问魔女的命门 在哪里,回答说是脖子上像羊羔形状的黑痣和塘边上的蚂蚁窝。公主又说魔 女的伤口还没有痊愈,说她每天要喝一碗牛奶后舔舐魔女的伤口。了解了这 一切后小儿子和公主把牛羊圈讲了圈,然后杀死一条狗,把它的舌头割下来 用来代替公主舔舐魔女的伤口。魔女说今晚你的舌头为何如此粗糙,要求重 新舔。小儿子在帮助魔女舔舐伤口时,他给魔女说你脖子上有个虱子要处理 掉,说话间就把她脖子上的像羊羔形状的黑痣给割下来了,顺便把一壶开水 倒入了火塘旁边的蚂蚁窝后杀掉了从中出来的毒蛇,就这样九头魔女就一命 呜呼了。

杀死魔女后小儿子和公主准备回家去,没想到刚到洞口时他哥哥却在那里等待,他把公主先拉上来后却用一块巨石把洞口堵住了,可怜的小儿子就这样又被关在洞里了。更可恶的是大儿子回去后还说是自己救了公主,他如愿以偿地得到了皇帝赐给的一半江山,公主虽然非常清楚事情的真相,但为了保护小儿子,姑且将计就计,干脆装成哑巴整天不说一句话。一时间人们都以为公主被魔女抓走后就成傻子了。

此时的小儿子在洞中无聊地抓狂,他随手拿起一个铁盒子狠狠地砸在了地上,砸开的盒子里却爬出来了一条毒蛇把他的身子缠了三圈,他顿时昏厥过去。醒来之后他对那条蛇说你到底是谁,要杀要刮请赶快,但蛇说哪里哪里,是您救了我的命,现在我邀请您去我们家里做客。原来那条蛇是海龙女,为了表达救命之恩,海龙王不但把他的女儿许配给了小儿子,还把自己一半的江山分给了他,从此小儿子过上了幸福的生活。有一天他跟海龙女说他可不可以到地面上去看看,她说可以,但你要保证一定回来,他发誓肯定会回来。临走时海龙女给了他一个三角形状的厚纸,说万一你遇到什么困难它能帮到你。

他到地面上后大儿子看到了他,大儿子命令随从把自己的弟弟抓起来关进了牢里,小儿子拿出之前海龙公主给他的三角形的纸后监狱里突然出现了一道彩虹。彩虹被公主看到了,她感到十分好奇想去近处观察,结果在牢里看到了自己真正的救命恩人,两人像一对分离太久的情人一样紧紧地抱在一起,在场的人们都很奇怪为什么公主面对一个犯人如此失态。正在人们议论纷纷的时候公主抛开假装的面纱,告诉了人们所有真相。自然,皇帝把之前赐给大儿子的那半个江山转而赐给了小儿子。从此以后,小儿子在地上和"地下"各拥有了"半壁"江山,过着无忧无虑的生活。

The Princess and the Firewood Collector

An old woman had two sons. Her younger son made a living for himself and his mother collecting fuel. One day on the way home he met a tornado, waved his axe at it, and a shoe suddenly dropped down from it. He took it to the market and sold it for a high price.

The shoe belonged to a princess who had recently disappeared. Later people were informed that the princess was lost. Meanwhile, one of the king's servants saw the shoe in the market and had gotten all the details from the merchant who had bought the shoe. The firewood collector was arrested and ordered to find the princess or his whole family would be punished.

After a long walk, the firewood collector came to an unfamiliar place where some people were crying and others were laughing. The firewood collector asked them what they were doing. He was told that they had to guard a temple in turns. The people who were crying were supposed to guard the temple that night, and the ones laughing did not have to go there that night. The firewood collector said, "Bring me an iron bow and arrow and I will stay at the temple tonight."

A demon arrived at the temple that night in a strong wind and terrible sound. The firewood collector used all his strength to notch and shoot an arrow at it. The demon vanished in a huge gust of wind. Early next morning, the firewood collector told the villagers that the demon was destroyed, and that he had to go after the princess. He then followed drops of blood and finally entered a high and wide cave where he found the princess herding sheep. "How can I get to the other side of this river?" asked the firewood collector.

The princess said, "Just say, 'White goat I need to cross to the other side of the river. Give me a way to get over please!"

"How can I make sheep and yaks get in their stables?" asked the firewood collector.

"Just say, 'Horses get into the horse stable, yaks get into yak stable,'" the pri ncess said.

"How can I take the demon's soul?" asked the firewood collector.

"There is a mole like a sheep on her neck and an ant nest on the stove. Her life can be taken by either hitting the mole or destroying the ant nest. She was hurt before and is now recovering. I must drink a bowl of milk and lick her wound every day till she recovers," the princess said.

After putting the livestock in the right places, the firewood collector and the princess killed a dog and took its tongue with them. When they got to the demon,

they rubbed the dog tongue on the demon's wound. "Why is your tongue so rough tonight? Please lick my wound after you drink a bowl of milk," ordered the demon.

The firewood collector did so and said to the demon again, "You have lice in your hair. I'll help you catch them." Then he cut off the mole on the demon's neck, boiled some water, and poured the hot water on the ant nest. A serpent came out off the nest and he killed it, and thus the demon died.

The firewood collector and the princess decided to leave the cave. When they reached the mouth of the cave, the firewood collector's elder brother was waiting and helped take the princess out of the cave but covered the entrance before his brother could get out. The elder brother then pretended to be the one who had saved the princess.

The princess knew that the man who had saved her was left behind and refused to speak. Everyone assumed the demon had struck her dumb. The firewood collector found an iron vase in the cave. He hit it with a hammer and a serpent came out. He was frightened by the serpent and fainted. When he revived he said, "You can eat me if you want."

The serpent said, "No, no. I was controlled by the demon and you liberated me." The firewood collector then followed the serpent and realized that the serpent was the son of the Naga King, Gtsug na rin chen. The Naga King later gave half of his wealth to the firewood collector, who then lived happily with a naga wife.

One day the firewood collector asked his wife, "Is there a way that I can go to the land above?"

His wife replied, "If you go you will not return!" He promised he would return, and thus his wife gave him three colored, folded papers, and said that he would need them in the world above. When the firewood collector got to the outside world, his elder brother saw him and ordered his people to imprison him. The firewood collector was put in jail. He held the folded papers and a rainbow appeared atop the jail. The princess saw the rainbow, curiously came to the jail, and found the man who had truly saved her.

Both the firewood collector and the princess were shocked into stillness. Everyone around them were surprised to see the princess behaving this way when she saw the prisoner. The princess then broke her silence and told the whole story, and thus the firewood collector got half of the king's wealth and they lived happily after receiving wealth from both kings.

न्गर र्षेया धेन निव वें र हा

यात्रतः झः श्र्या वाकः विवा त्रः मृत्रः श्रासाः यात्रेवाः यात्रः वात्रः वात्रः

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如意碗

从前有个地方,住着一位老母亲,膝下有一儿。母子俩家境极为贫寒,每逢春节,乡里乡外都在忙乎过节,母子俩无钱购置年货,就闭门不出。有一年春节,母子俩和往常一样闭门在家,不知是何缘由,母亲深思了会儿,拿出家里仅有的三贯钱交给儿子购年货。儿子走到半路看到几个小孩在玩弄一条小狗,觉得很可怜,便上前去说道:"这条小狗卖给我,我给你们一贯钱",孩子们答应了,然后他继续赶路。

走着走着又碰到一只小猫被几个孩子弄的死去活来,便上前去给了一贯钱,救了那只猫。又走了一会儿,碰到几个渔夫,其中一个渔夫拿着一条活蹦乱跳的大鱼正准备杀死。他觉得甚是可怜,拿出仅剩的一贯钱买了那条鱼。在他捧着那条鱼思量着如何是好时,那条鱼一跃便跳进了海里。他口中喃喃道: "你的命是我花钱买来的,你不跑,我也不会伤你性命的。"说着坐在河边,思量着购置年货的事。

没过多久,他看到一位英俊潇洒的年轻人,骑着一匹白马来到他旁边,说道: "方才你救了我性命,请随我到海里去,我父亲想好好感谢你的救命之恩。若我父亲用大秤分金银给你或布匹论车给你,你万万不可取,到了地面会化为虚无。要是问想要什么,你就说'要你家上房里的那个碗。'此碗乃宝中之宝,想要世间何物,都会如愿得到。"说完后,他们一起到了龙王殿。龙王殿里的人个个都显得奇形怪状,有蛇头人身的随从,有章鱼样子、满身是枝节的丫鬟等等。看着这些他心惊胆寒,却也装出一副有胆的样子,继续前去,就看到了龙王爷。龙王爷为报答他儿子的救命之恩,拿出金银财宝,锦帛玉衣。他依龙王儿子之言一一谢绝。龙王道: "你要何物?"他说: "要你家上房里的那个碗"。龙王思量了半会儿,说道: "既然儿子已答应给你,我也不计较了,给你便是。"说完后把碗交给了他。龙王的儿子就送他回到了地面。

到家后,母亲忙问:"购置的年货在哪儿?"他就拿出方才救回的那只小狗和小猫。母亲大怒,骂道:"人家购置年货,买许多好吃的,你可好,买小狗和小猫,能当猪宰吗?"他又拿出方才龙王爷送他的那个碗,从头到尾说了一下事情的经过,并对着碗说了一下心里念着的年货,果然天下美味佳肴要啥有啥。这下乐坏了正在生气的母亲。

母子俩吃着美味佳肴过了很长一段时间。他觉得自己也应娶妻生子了,就把喜欢当地国王女儿的事说给了母亲。母亲觉着我们一小小农户,怎敢高

攀王室,试图打消他的念头。可他再三请求,母亲觉得甚是可怜,依他前去求婚。

母子俩的住处和国王家隔着一条大河。他背母亲过河后,母亲在王宫前转悠了半天没敢进,就回来了。第二天母亲又到王宫前,正当她犹豫不决是,正好被国王逮了个正着,问起缘由,母亲只好如实说了。国王听到母亲求婚之事。大笑起来,说道: "连邻国王子的求婚都被拒绝,更何况你家儿子。若嫁给你儿也可,但要满足我的条件。次日破晓时分,在我王宫与你家之间的大河上要架铁桥,河边栽满铁树,树上要有各色鸟类叽叽喳喳,地上铺满红白两种地毯。若做到,我家公主便嫁给你儿,否则你们母子俩就要脑袋搬家。"母亲听完后六神无主,顿时傻眼了。回到家中对儿子说了个详细,儿子看着既疲惫又恐慌的母亲,就让母亲早点休息。晚上对着碗说了国王的所有请求后,那些东西都自个儿长出来了!第二天国王看到一切后既惊讶又恼火。但一言既出,驷马难追,更何况自己是一国之主,便把公主嫁给了他。

又过了很长时间,公主的随从丫鬟对那个碗起了疑心,便仔细打探了一切后,回禀国王道:"此母子俩发家之宝乃一碗也,称其碗为如意碗,对着碗说想要之物名字,便可得到。"那丫鬟在国库里找了一个跟如意碗一模一样的碗,回去与那真如意碗掉包后交给了国王。此后,母子俩生活日渐贫困,公主也离他回娘家去了。

于是,那小狗和小猫就商量着如何将那碗偷回来,一切布置妥当后,小狗背着小猫渡河到了王宫。小狗守在门口。小猫偷偷进去,探了个究竟,顺便拿了些风干肉出来了。小猫将探得的情况一一说给了小狗。聪明的国王将那如意碗藏在老鼠洞,由一大群老鼠守护着。得知此消息后,小狗和小猫充满信心,守在老鼠洞口。在洞口,小猫假装死亡,一动不动的躺着。几只老鼠前来探真假,有的老鼠在小猫头上撒尿,有的则拉尾巴。过了会儿,小猫还是一动不动的躺着。此时老鼠大王前来,出洞口的刹那间,小猫一跃咬住了老鼠大王的咽喉,说道:"快快将那如意碗拿来,否则吃了你。"几只老鼠吓得差点尿裤子了,急忙把如意碗拿来交给了小猫。小猫把如意碗扣在头上,骑着小狗过河时,一不小心如意碗掉入了河里。

到了河岸才对小狗说了此事,它们觉得这样回去无脸面见主人。小猫说道:"我去林里捉野鼠为生,你在河边觅死鱼为生,"说完便各自离开了。有一天,小狗觅得一条死鱼。正剖腹食用时,看到如意碗在鱼腹里。小狗百

感交集,急忙拿着如意碗到林里寻小猫。觅得小猫后,它们把如意碗交给了 主人,从此母子俩依靠那如意碗,又过上了幸福的生活。

The Magic Bowl

Once a poor mother and a son lived together. While other villagers went shopping in preparation for Tibetan New Year, they stayed at home. Finally, the mother took out all their money – three copper coins – and told the son to buy something for New Year.

The son took the money and set out. On the way to the local market, he saw some children who had caught a little dog. They were trying to kill it. He took a copper coin and said, "If you let the little dog live, I'll give you this copper coin." The children were pleased to see the money and left.

Halfway to town, he saw another group of children trying to kill a cat. He did the same thing and saved the cat.

When he was almost in the town, he saw some fishermen who had caught a fish. He then sacrificed his last copper coin and saved the fish. He held the fish in his hands and, as he thought over his journey, the fish flopped about and slipped into the river. "Oh, even though you escaped, I won't try to kill you because I have used my only copper coin to save your life," he said emotionally.

After a while, a white man riding a white horse approached and said, "You saved my life, so please ride my horse. I will take you to my father. He'll offer you much gold, silver, and silk. Don't accept them because they become soil and stones above ground. If he asks what you want, bravely ask for the bowl on the shelf. It can provide you whatever you want." The poor son agreed. The white man ordered him to close his eyes for a moment, and when he opened them, he was in a sea, the realm of water deities.

The son saw huge frogs and enormous serpents but showed no fear. Then he met the king of water deities who offered him much silk to express his gratitude for saving the fish but the boy refused. The king then tried to give him boxes of silver and gold, but the son also refused. The king was astonished by the son's reaction and asked what he wanted.

The son answered, "I want the bowl on your shelf."

"I would not give this bowl to anyone else, but since you saved my son, you may have it." The king offered the bowl. He then ordered his son to take the visitor back to land.

When the son got home, his mother asked what he had purchased for the New Year. The son showed her the puppy dog and cat. "While others buy delicious food, you intend to slaughter these two little living things for our New Year meal?" his mother said.

The son showed the bowl to his mother and said, "We can get whatever we need from this bowl." The mother was pleased and they lived comfortably for a long time. The son later decided he needed a wife and asked his mother to propose to the king's daughter on his behalf. "The king won't even give his daughter to a prince so why would he agree to your proposal?" she said in amazement.

"Maybe he will agree," the son said hopefully and his mother decided to try. The son escorted his mother to the other side of the river that flowed between their home and the palace. The mother wandered around the palace for a long time but failed to see the king.

The next day the mother wandered around the palace as the day before. The king noticed her and sent a minister to find out what she was doing. The mother truthfully reported that she wanted the princess to be her daughter-in-law.

"I have never agreed to let my daughter marry other princes so why would I accept your strange offer?" the king replied deprecatingly. "But if you insist on proposing, I order you to build an iron bridge between your home and the palace, with iron trees on the sides with birds and insects. White and red carpets should cover the bridge. I'll kill you and your son if this is not completed by tomorrow morning."

When the mother anxiously repeated what the king had said, the son sent her to bed without showing any emotions. The son stared at the bowl that night and said, "Iron bridge," and an iron bridge stretched to the palace. A bit later, trees, birds, and carpets appeared, just as the king ordered. At daybreak, the king saw the bridge, trees, birds, insects, and carpets had appeared, just as he had demanded. There was no way to retract the powerful words he had spoken, and thus the princess and the poor son married.

After a long time, the princess's maidservant learned the bowl was the source of power and reported to the king, "The mother and the son became rich because they have a magic bowl that gives them whatever they ask for. Your Majesty, you have a bowl in your storeroom that looks similar, I'll exchange it for you." The maidservant then stole the magic bowl, and the mother and the son became as poor as before and the princess left them.

The cat and dog decided to steal the magic bowl from the king's palace. The dog carried the cat on his back and crossed the river. When they reached the palace, the dog watched the door while the cat went in to find the bowl. The cat learned that the king had an army of mice guarding the bowl. The cat stole some dried beef, and went back to share the beef with the dog and to explain what he had seen.

During the night, the cat bravely slept at the gate of the mice's house. The mouse armies peed on the cat's head, pulled its tail, and played many tricks on it, but the cat pretended to be dead. When the mice king came to check if the cat was really dead, the cat suddenly jumped up, bit the mice king on the neck, and frightened the mice king into returning the bowl.

The cat put the bowl on its head and rode on the dog back across the river. Before they reached the riverbank, the cat lifted its head and the bowl fell into the water. They were so ashamed about their failure that they decided to leave their home when they reached the bank. The cat explained what had happened.

"I'm going to live on mice in the forest," the cat said.

"I'll survive by eating dead fish here and continue looking for the bowl," the dog said.

One day, the dog found the bowl in the belly of a dead fish. Then it called the cat in the forest, they crossed the river carefully, gave the bowl to the mother and the son, and then again enjoyed a comfortable life.

ष्टिःस्वाबार्म्य्यः स्वाःभूमा

ज्या क्रे.कॅर.चवुष .षुं.जं.ग्रेंब. हे.चक्रंट.टा.ची चे.श्.लट.कुर.लेज.ज.सूषी ट्रेब्य.प्र्य चे.श्र्.जी ट्रेट्ट.ग्रे.श्र्ंब. वृवी.ज.चक्रुच्य.हे.भैज.च्र.क्ट.ग्री.श्रंब.श्र्र.खेवीया.हे.र्ज्ज.कुट्ट.क्र.क्र्याथा.ज.खेवायी ह्रे.ट्र.क्र.श्र्य या.हेर.लेज.ज. च.टट. विट.क्श.प्रांट.ह्या प्र्यःट.वुट.ग्री.खे.ज.सिट.ट्र.जिथ.ज.ग्र्याया.जंयाया.वेया.वेया.वेया.वेया.वेया.विश्वः पर्टेव ड्रियःक.चेट.क्थ.ग्री.हीवी.ट्र.ट्रेय.चे.श्र्यःभेष.ग्रीया.वेया.क्र्यःश्राच्याया.क्र्यःश्राच्याया.व्याप्त वेष.विवा लेज.ट्रंप.भेज.च्र.क्ट.ग्रीया.व्याप्तःच्याया.क्र्यःग्रीया.विच्याया.क्र्यःभ्राच्याया.वेया.वेया.वेया.वे लयटःश्रेयःग्रीटः प्रचित्रः भ्रुः स्वेयः सूर्वि बुयः लयः चित्रः । हः क्रियोयः त्वा यद्वाः स्वेयः तः तः सूर्योयः तप्तः सूर्योयः स्वेयः स्वयः स

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狼身财主

从前,有一个贫穷的老爷爷,他有三个女儿。有一年,因为闹干旱,生活很苦。老爷爷出于无奈,就向村里的狼身财主借了五斗粮。日子一天一天的过去了,财主天天来催债,但老爷爷没能力还债。

可恶的财主搜肠刮肚,想出了一个坏主意。他来到老爷爷家说:"如果你没能力还债,那就让你的一个女儿嫁给我,你的债也就算清了。"老爷爷万般无奈,只好把大女儿许配给了财主。大女儿的心里很不愿意,所以嫁给财主后,表现的好吃懒做。财主很气愤,于是把大女儿还给了老爷爷,又向老爷爷不停的催债。老爷爷只好又把二女儿许配给了财主。二女儿的做法也跟大女儿一模一样,整天不好好干家务活,有好吃的自己吃,给大财主吃的竟是残羹剩饭。财主又把二女儿退还给了老爷爷。老爷爷只好又把自己最小的女儿许配给了大财主。

小女儿不仅长得漂亮,而且心地很善良。她嫁给财主后,不像两位姐姐 那样好吃懒做,而是兢兢业业的操持家务,努力地去做一名好妻子。财主很 是满意,决定跟她厮守终身,白头偕老。

有一天,国王要举行宴会,财主把妻子打扮得漂漂亮亮去参加宴会。妻子走后,财主脱掉身上的狼皮,穿一身的红衣,驾一匹枣红马,也去参加宴会。宴会快结束时,他早早的回到家里,依旧穿上那件狼皮等妻子回来。妻子回来后,他问妻子: "今天参加宴会的人群里,谁最引人注意?"妻子回答: "有一位穿红衣,驾枣红马的年轻人,不管在唱歌、射箭、赛马等方面都无人能敌。"财主笑了笑,没出声。

第二天,大财主等妻子走后,又立刻脱掉身上的狼皮,穿一身黄衣,驾一匹黄马去参加宴会。宴会快结束时,他早早地回到家里,依旧穿上那件狼皮等妻子回来。妻子回来后,他问妻子: "今天参加宴会的人群里,谁最引人注意?"妻子回答: "有一位穿黄衣,驾黄马的年轻人,不管在唱歌、射箭、赛马等方面都无人能敌。"财主笑了笑,没出声。

第三天,财主等妻子走后,跟前两天一样,立刻脱掉身上的狼皮,穿一身白衣,驾一匹白马去参加宴会。宴会快结束时,他又早早的回到家里,依旧穿上那件狼皮等妻子回来。妻子回来后,他问妻子: "今天参加宴会的人群里,谁最引人注意?"妻子回答: "有一位穿白衣,驾一匹白马的年轻人,不管在唱歌、射箭、赛马等方面都无人能敌。但遗憾的是他在赛马时,

不小心从马上摔下来,磕掉了一颗大门牙。"大财主忍不住大笑起来。妻子看见丈夫的门牙也少了一颗,心中便充满疑惑,这两天在宴会上出尽风头那个人的该不会自己的丈夫吧!

有一天早上,她装作出去干活,偷偷返回来从窗户朝里偷看,只见丈夫脱掉身上的狼皮在洗漱,于是她冲了进去,把那件狼皮扔进了火里。丈夫看妻子已经知道了,就把实情说了出来。原来,他这样煞费苦心地伪装自己,是为了能娶上一个不看重他外貌,不看重他钱财,能跟他同甘共苦的好妻子。妻子听完丈夫的话,脸上洋溢着幸福的笑容。从此他们过上了美满的生活。

The Dog-man

Long ago, there were a poor man with three daughters and a rich dog. The poor man borrowed a box of barley from this rich dog. Later, the poor man could not repay the rich dog. One day the dog said, "If you can't return my barley, you must give me one of your daughters."

The poor man agreed and gave his oldest daughter to the rich dog. While at the rich man's home, she went to fetch water and returned with little water. She went to collect fuel and returned with very little fuel. Whenever they cooked meat, the daughter of the poor man ate all the flesh and gave the bones to the rich dog.

Then the dog thought, "I must return this girl to her father," took the girl to her father, and said that he did not need her. The poor man still had no barley to give the dog and asked if he could give his second daughter instead of barley. The dog agreed. When she got to the dog's home, she behaved as had her sister, and was also returned to her father.

The poor man had no choice but to give the youngest girl to the rich dog, who agreed to take her. This girl was different from her two sisters. She went to fetch water and returned with much water. When she went to collect fuel she returned with much fuel. When they cooked meat, she ate bones with little flesh and gave bones with much flesh to the rich dog. The dog was pleased with her and they lived a happy life together.

One day, the local king organized a feast and invited all the locals. The dog dressed his wife in fancy clothes and jewelry and sent her to the feast. When she was gone, the dog removed his dog skin, put on red silk clothes, and rode a red horse to the king's feast. After the feast, he returned home before his wife and put his dog skin back on. When the wife returned, the dog asked her, "How was the feast today? Who was there?"

"A man in red silk clothes rode a red horse. He was a good singer, a good rider, and also a good archer. He excelled in so many ways that nobody could compare," said the poor man's daughter.

The next day, the girl again dressed in beautiful clothes and jewelry and left for the king's feast. The dog took off his dog skin, put on yellow silk clothes, and rode a yellow horse to the king's feast. In the afternoon, he returned home early, put on his dog skin, and waited for the girl. When she returned he asked, "Who was the best man at the feast today?"

"It was the same man as yesterday. Today he wore yellow silk clothes and rode a yellow horse. Nobody compared to him," replied the girl.

On the third day, the girl dressed in beautiful clothes and jewelry and left for the feast. The dog removed his dog skin, put on white silk clothes, and rode a white horse to the king's feast. The rich man returned home early and waited for the girl. When she got home, the rich man asked, "Who was the best man at the feast today?"

"It was the same man as the previous two days. He wore white silk clothes and rode a white horse. Unfortunately, he fell off his horse and broke his teeth," replied the girl. The rich dog burst out laughing and the girl saw that his front teeth were broken. She realized that the dog was actually a real man, and is a man in dog's appearance. The girl then pretended to go out to work one day, returned and saw his dog skin in the room. She burned the dog skin secretly and then they lived a happy life together.

ब्रिजःस्वाःग्रेषःक्षयःचमुषःप

小猴偷鞋

很久很久以前,在一个茂密的森林里有一群猴子过着幸福的生活。其中 有一只小猴不听父母的劝告,跑出了森林。途中,小猴遇见了一群小孩儿在 村外玩耍,小猴心想假如它也有一双鞋子,就能和他们一样玩耍了。于是, 它就进村找鞋子穿,但一无所获。

到了晚上,孩子们回家之后,小猴又溜进村子偷鞋,但是找遍了整个村子也没找到适合自己的,正当小猴非常沮丧的时候,有一户人家的窗台上放着一双小孩的鞋子,看着很是合脚,小猴便偷了这双鞋子,到了村外的小路上,穿上偷来的鞋子回家了。

有一天,一只饥饿的狮子,看见这只小猴,想让这只小猴成为自己的口中餐,便慢慢地靠近它,其它猴子都迅速地爬到了树上,但那只小猴子因为穿着鞋子,没能及时爬上树,就在这千钧一发之时,猴妈妈从树上跳下来救了小猴。

狮子悻悻的离开了。猴妈妈脱掉小猴的鞋子说: "从今天起,你要听父母的话,不要太随意,我们不能逆着自己的风俗而生活!"

A Baby Monkey Steals a Pair of Shoes

Many monkeys lived in a remote mountain valley in a dense forest. One naughty baby monkey tramped to the end of the valley where he saw children playing. He thought that if he could have a pair of shoes like the children wore, he would be able to play like them. Then he snuck into a nearby village to steal a pair of shoes, but did not find any.

The children returned to their homes at dusk and the little monkey resolved anew to steal a pair of shoes. After a long time searching, trying to be as quiet as possible, he finally found a pair of shoes that a child had left on a windowsill. The monkey stole the shoes, put them on when he reached the edge of the forest, and then returned home.

One day a hungry lion slowly snuck up on the baby monkey, hoping to eat him. All the other monkeys promptly climbed the trees to escape. But the baby monkey could not climb the tree because he was wearing a pair of shoes. At the very last moment, his mother jumped down from a tree top and saved him.

As his mother removed his shoes she said, "From today, you must be obedient to your parents and not tramp around without our permission. Follow our own customs and don't adopt others' customs."

मूर्यायाचाः श्रेषायाः घरा मैला

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ज्या-कृषा-यमेबोबा ट.क्ट्रबा-झ्या-झेबा-ब्राह्म-द्राह्म-द्राह्म-द्राह्म-त्राह्

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马孩吉太加

从前,有匹马,生了一个男孩,大家都叫他马孩。

有一天,马孩造了一把弓箭,然后就去狩猎了,到了森林深处,他见不远处有蓝烟升起,他想知道个究竟,就往蓝烟那边射了一箭,意外的是蓝烟里竟出现了一个很黑的孩子,说: "我是树孩,我既没得罪天,又没得罪地,你为什么不让我安心的窝着?"马孩说: "很抱歉,我不是故意的,我们可以做朋友吗?"树孩同意了,于是他们就成了好朋友。

之后,他们俩又造了一把弓箭,一起去狩猎,走着走着他们俩又见不远处的片石堆里起着烟,就往片石堆里射了一箭,谁知道石堆里竟出现了个全身很绿的男孩,他大声说:"我是石孩,我既没得罪天,又没得罪地,你们为什么不让我安心地窝着?"马孩和树孩说:"很抱歉,我们不是故意的,我们可以做朋友吗?"于是他们就成了好朋友。

从那以后,他们就天天在一起,他们还找了一块偏僻的地方,作为他们的居住地,盖了房子。让他们奇怪的是:他们白天去狩猎,晚上回到家时,家里就被打扫的干干净净,而且还有做好的饭。他们三个很惊奇,就想知道个究竟。第二天,树孩假装去狩猎,然后躲在门外偷看,不一会儿他就看见三只小鸟飞了进去,一转眼的时间,那三只小鸟就变成了三位貌美如花的姑娘,她们打扫完房子,做好饭之后,到黄昏时,又变回三只小鸟飞走了。晚上树孩就把白天所发生的事,告诉了马孩和石孩。第三天,石孩留下来偷看,那三只鸟又飞回来,变成三位姑娘,给他们的房子打扫干净之后,做了饭,晚上又飞回去了。第四天,马孩留了下来,那三只小鸟又飞来变成了三位美丽的姑娘,她们又像之前一样给他们打扫房子,做饭,就在这时,马孩把那三只小鸟的外衣丢到了湖里,到了黄昏时,她们三个因飞不回去就留下来跟他们三个一起生活。原来,那三个美丽的姑娘分别是太阳、月亮和星星的女儿。

但是, 随着时间的推移, 他们发现那三个美丽的姑娘越来越老了, 他们决定找出其中的原因。

第二天,树孩没去狩猎,留下来偷看,只见有一位老奶奶来给她们三个抓虱子,除此之外,什么事也没有发生,晚上他把事情向马孩石孩说了。

第三天,石孩留下来偷看,他也只是看见有一位老奶奶背着一个箩筐, 来给三位姑娘抓虱子之外,什么事也没发生。 第四天,马孩吉太加留下来偷看,发现那位老奶奶并没有给她们抓虱子,而是在吸她们的血,他才知道那位老奶奶原来是个吸血妖,于是他就把那个箩筐里的铁钳子换成木钳子,把铁链换成了棉绳,把铜嘴换成木嘴,之后就进入屋中。

- "你是马孩吉太加吗?"老太太问道
- "我是。"马孩回答。吸血妖准备逃时,马孩一翻手就把她给抓住了,但是吸血妖又反过来把马孩摁在地上从箩筐里拿出钳子,可是钳子断了,她又拿出铁嘴来攻击马孩时,那铁嘴也断了,马孩拿出铁钳子拧了她一下,她就喊: "哎呀哎呀,我的铁钳子。"马孩又拿出铁链,勒她时,她又喊: "哎呀呀我的铁链。"随后马孩就把那吸血妖的八个头砍下来,并把她拴在一颗大树上,晚上两个兄弟狩猎回到家吃过晚饭后,就一起去看那个吸血妖,可吸血妖早就跑掉了,他们顺着那老妖的血迹来到了一个很深的洞旁边,他们商量之后就决定一个一个下去,首先是树孩下洞,可是树孩下去不久以后,就说: "不行不行。"于是马孩和石孩就把他拉上来了,然后石孩下去了,可过了不久,石孩也喊着说: "不行不行,你们把我拉上来。"于是,马孩下了洞,没过多久也喊道: "不行不行!"可是树孩和石孩不小心把绳子给松开了,马孩就掉到了洞底下。没想到的是,到了洞底下,马孩遇见一位放牧的姑娘。
 - "喂,姑娘,你在干什么?"马孩问道。
 - "我在放牧,你要去哪儿?"姑娘问道。
- "我是个流浪者"马孩答道,他们俩就开始聊天,那位姑娘还给他抓虱 子。
- "我妈妈去了人间,可遇到了马孩吉太加,他把我妈妈的八个头颅给砍掉了现在就只剩下一颗头了,不过没事,我妈妈的伤快好了,我每天都喝一碗牛奶给妈妈养伤,用舌头舔伤口,伤口就会好的快,那样我妈妈就可以去人间报仇了。"姑娘说道。
 - "那你妈妈的命门在哪儿?"马孩问。
 - "我妈妈的命门是一碗蚂蚁和一把针。"姑娘答道。
- 之后马孩就把那女孩杀了,然后他就把她的衣服穿上,赶着羊回到那老 妖的家。
 - "妈妈,要把这些羊圈到哪儿?"马孩问。
 - "圈到之前的地方"老妖答道。

- "妈妈,那一碗牛奶在哪儿?"
- "在之前放的地方。"老妖答道。

然后马孩就喝了那一碗牛奶,拿着一个狗舌、羊舌和牛舌到了女妖身 边。他用牛舌舔了一下她的伤口,那老妖就喊道: "哎呀哎呀女儿你再去喝 一碗牛奶再来。"

"好的,妈妈,可能是因为我今天故事讲多了。"马孩说,他喝完牛奶之后,又拿着羊舌舔了一下她的伤口。"哎呀哎呀,女儿你再去喝一碗牛奶再来"老妖女说道。

"好的,妈妈,可能是因为我今天吃了很多水果。"马孩说道。

他又喝一碗牛奶, 然后又用狗舌舔了一下老妖的伤口。

"这次很好。"老妖说道。

然后马孩就把一碗蚂蚁倒到火堆里,又把那一把针给扭断,用铁钳子拧了那妖女,妖女就说:"哎呀哎呀,我的铁钳子。"用铜嘴压着那妖女,妖女就说:"哎呀哎呀,我的铜嘴。"最后,马孩吉太加用铁链勒死了那吸血老妖女。

马孩在回来的路上,看见在一棵大树上有个鹰巢,树底却有一只蛇在往上爬,然后他就把毒蛇杀死,把它用枕头压在树底下睡觉时,一只老鹰飞到树上,看见巢穴里的孩子们都安然无恙,说: "今天是谁救了你们?"说着说着就往树底下看了一眼,就见到了马孩。

"喂,你是干什么的?"老鹰问道。

"我是人间的,要回去,但是我杀死了这条毒蛇,现在回不去了。"马 孩答道。

"要把你送到人间,这事好办,可是你要答应我杀掉一百零八只小鸟, 拿到我跟前,你救了我的孩子们,我会报答你的恩情。"

于是马孩就杀了一百零七只小鸟,拿到老鹰跟前,骑在老鹰上飞回人间,飞的过程中,马孩就把那一百零七只小鸟一个一个喂到老鹰的嘴里,快到人世间时,马孩就把脚踝拿下来给老鹰充饥,马孩才到了人间,马孩从老鹰身上下来,拖着脚走了。

"你的脚怎么了?"老鹰问。

马孩说道:"我杀了一百零七只小鸟给你充饥,又把脚踝拿下来给你充饥了!"

老鹰说: "那你捶一下我的背, 脚踝会掉下来的。"

然后,马孩就按老鹰说的那样做,脚踝真的掉下来了,他就把脚踝安回去。

从那之后,我们人类能动脚踝的故事也就随之出现了。

The Mare's Son

Long ago, a mare gave birth to a boy. When he grew up he was called Mare's Son. One day he made a bow and arrows and went to hunt in the forest. When he arrived in the middle of the forest, he saw smoke, hesitated for a bit, shot into the smoke, and then a man as dark as charcoal appeared out of the smoke.

"Why do you interrupt my meditation? Birds are not allowed to fly and rich men are not allowed to pass here. Why are you bothering me?" said the dark man.

"I'm sorry. Can we be friends?" replied Mare's Son. The dark man agreed and said he was Big Head, Pine Tree's son.

The two men walked for a long time until they noticed smoke billowing from some slate. They both shot arrows into it and a man as green as turquoise came out of the smoke and said, "Why did you interrupt my meditation? Birds are not allowed to fly and rich men are not allowed to pass here. Why are you bothering me?"

"We're so sorry. Can we be friends?" the men asked. The green man agreed. His name was Flat Head, Son of Slate.

After a long trip, they reached an old empty house in a desolate valley. To their surprise, every time they returned to the house after a day of hunting, a delicious meal awaited them and the house had been cleaned. One day they decided to learn what was happening while they were out.

The next morning, Big Head pretended to go hunting but stayed behind the door. Three birds flew to the ground and turned into three pretty young girls, who cooked, cleaned the house, and turned back into birds and then flew away. Big Head reported what he had seen when Mare's Son and Son of Slate returned from hunting.

Son of Slate stayed at home the next morning. The three birds came, turned into three beautiful girls, cooked, cleaned the house, and then flew away.

On the third day, Mare's Son stayed behind. Three birds came, turned into three girls, leaving their bird bodies, but while they were cooking and cleaning the house, he took the three birds' bodies and threw them into a river. When dusk came, the three girls could not turn back into birds and so began living with the three men. The three men discovered that they were the daughters of the sun, moon and stars.

To their dismay, every time they returned home from hunting, the girls had become thinner. Once again, the men decided to watch and learn what was happening.

Pine Tree's son stayed on the first day. An old woman came and picked lice from the girls' heads. Nothing else happened. When Mare's Son and Son of Slate returned, he told them what he had seen.

The second day, Son of Slate stayed home. The old woman came with a basket on her back and the same actions were repeated.

Mare's Son stayed on the third day. The old woman came, put the basket outside the door, and then entered the house. Mare's Son realized she was a ghost and was not picking lice but sucking the girls' blood. While the old woman was sucking blood, he replaced the iron fire-pit pincer with a wooden pincer; the metal chain with a wooden one, and her copper fangs with wooden fangs—the contents of her basket. Then he approached the old woman.

"Are you Mare's Son?" said the old woman.

"Yes," he replied. She had tried to escape as soon as she heard this, but Mare's Son stopped her. The old woman fell to the ground, took the pincer from the basket, but when she tried to attack him she discovered the pincer was broken. She then tried to use the chain to tie him but it had been cut. She tried to use the copper fangs and they were broken as well. He then took the iron pincer and nipped her. She shouted, "Damn it, that's mine!" He took the copper fangs and bit her. She shouted, "Damn it, that's mine!" He took the copper fangs and bit her. She shouted, "Damn it, that's mine, too!"

Afterwards, he cut off eight of the old woman ghost's nine heads and tied her to a gigantic tree. The two other hunters returned and went to see the old woman ghost after dinner. They found that the ghost pulled up the tree and escaped. They followed the trail of blood to a very deep cavity in the ground. They discussed how to follow her. Pine Tree's son offered to go first with a rope tied around his waist. He said, "When I say 'It's not right,' pull me up." Soon he shouted, "It's not right! It's not right!" and they pulled him up. Then Son of Slate tried to go down, but after a while he was also pulled up.

Eventually Mare's Son picked up the iron fire-pit pincer, the metal chain, and the copper fangs. He said "When I say 'It's not right,' you must pull me up." After a little while, he shouted, "It's not right! It's not right!" but the other two were jealous and left him at the bottom of the cavity, in the underworld.

Mare's Son walked for a very long time and finally met a girl herding a flock of sheep. "What are you doing here?" asked Mare's Son.

"I'm a herder. Where are you going?" said the girl.

"I'm just a wanderer," said the Mare's Son. They talked for a long time while the girl looked for lice on his head. She eventually said, "Mother went to the human world, and met a man named Mare's Son who cut eight of her nine heads off. The heads are growing back and I need to lick the wounds to cure them after drinking a bowl of milk. Soon she will be able to return to the human world and take revenge."

"Where is your mother's soul?" he asked her.

"It is a bowl of ants above the fireplace and a needle below the fireplace," said the girl.

Mare's Son killed the girl, put on her clothing, and then drove the sheep back to the old woman's home.

He said, "Mother, where should I take the sheep?"

"Do as before," said the old woman.

"Mother, where is the bowl of milk?" he said.

"It's in the same place," said the old woman.

He gathered a dog's tongue, a sheep's tongue, and a yak's tongue. Soon after he drank the bowl of the milk, he approached the old woman. He licked her wound with the yak's tongue. She said, "Oh, it's so rough! Go drink another bowl of milk and come back."

Mare's Son said, "OK, Mother, today I told too many stories," went back, had another more bowl of milk, and then licked the wound with the sheep's tongue.

"Damn, it's still too rough. Go have another bowl of milk and come back," said the old woman ghost.

"OK, Mother. I ate too many fruit today, no wonder it's rough," said Mare's Son. He drank another bowl of milk and then returned and licked her wounds with the dog's tongue.

"That's comfortable," said the old woman.

Mare's Son next threw the bowl of ants into the fire and broke the needle. He snipped the old woman ghost with her iron fire-pit pincers and the old woman shouted, "Damn it, that's mine!" He then pricked her with the copper fangs and she again shouted, "Damn it, that's my mine!" Finally, Mare's Son tied her up with the iron chain and killed her.

On his way home, he encountered an eagle's nest atop a gigantic tree and a serpent crawling underneath. He killed the snake, made a pillow from it, and tried to take a nap. An eagle flew over his head making loud sounds with its wings and landed atop the tree. The eagle saw that her chicks were safe, wondered who had saved them, looked down under the tree, and saw Mare's Son. "Who are you?" said the eagle.

"I'm from the upper world and I need to return, but I have killed the snake so I am unable to go. Please help me reach the upper world," said Mare's Son.

"It's easy to take you there, but first you must kill 108 birds and bring them to me. You have saved my children, so I'll surely help you," said the eagle.

Mare's Son killed only 107 birds and returned, but did not tell the eagle that he needed one more bird. While he was riding on the eagle's back, he fed the eagle dead birds as it turned its head, one by one. When they had nearly reached the upper world the dead birds were finished, so Mare's Son had to cut out one of his kneecaps to feed the eagle.

When they reached the upper world, Mare's Son got off the eagle and limped away, dragging the leg he had injured.

"What's wrong with your leg?" said the eagle.

"I only killed 107 birds, so I had to cut out my kneecap to feed you," said Mare's Son.

"OK, hit my back with your fist and I will vomit it up," said the eagle.

Mare's Son did as the eagle said, the kneecap came out of her mouth and he put it back. From then on, men could bend their knees.

বাধ্যম-দ্রী-বেশ-র্মো

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চ্টিত্র দ্বিশংকিমার্ক্ত কিমার্ক্তা

र्द्र'यर्ट्र'याःच'र्म्चपर्द्र'धेवा।

क्र.पट्ट.ब्र.पर्घट.ग्रीय.क्र.लुब्रा

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金纺锤

很久很久以前,有个老伯伯,他有三个女儿。老伯每天都上山放羊,顺 便纺羊毛线来维持生计。有一天,老伯一不小心,将心爱的金纺锤掉进了蛇 洞里。老伯伤心欲绝,老泪纵横地恳求蛇洞里的蛇王:"请您把那个金纺锤 还给我吧!"蛇王说:"你有三个女儿,只要把其中一个女儿嫁给我,我就 把金纺锤还给你。"老伯哭着走回家对大女儿说:"家里值钱的只有那个金 纺锤,如今金纺锤不小心掉进了蛇洞里,蛇干说如果不把你们当中的一个嫁 给它,它就不把金纺锤还给我。好女儿,你就嫁给它吧!"当时大女儿正在 做搅团,一听到这话,边拿搅棒打父亲边说:"我连地上的人都不嫁,又怎 会嫁给地下的蛇呢?"老伯没有办法,只好哭着走到二女儿面前,把刚才的 话又说了一番,二女儿也用筷子打父亲,表示坚决不嫁。于是老伯又走到小 女儿面前哭着说了一番蛇的话,紧接着又说:"我跟你两个姐姐说过了,你 大姐用搅棒打我,你二姐用筷子敲我。你就帮帮我,嫁给蛇王吧!"当时小 女儿正在熬粥,她一点都没有生气,温和地对父亲说: "您别担心,先喝碗 粥,我去!"老伯听了非常欣慰。最终,小女儿遵守诺言,嫁给了蛇王,蛇 便把金纺锤还给了老伯, 小女儿也在蛇洞里过着快乐的日子。清晨当小女儿 挑水回来时,小蛇们便围着她愉悦地发出呲呲的声音。老伯也因为小女儿嫁 给了蛇过得很开心,也很快乐。心想:"小女儿为了拿回我的金纺锤而委屈 嫁给了蛇,但是她现在过得却很快乐,真是一件好事情。"他对另外两个女 儿说: "虽然你们都不愿嫁给蛇,可是老三现在却过得很快乐,况且我的金 纺锤也拿回来了,这不是皆大欢喜吗?"两个女儿听了顿时心生妒忌,趁着 小妹出去挑水的时机将她杀害了。两个姐姐还穿了小妹的衣服走到蛇洞口叫 小蛇们开门,小蛇们呲呲叫着开了门将她们围了个水泄不通,大姐吓得赶 忙用泥团打小蛇,小蛇们也吓得赶紧进洞关了门。这样反反复复之后,小蛇 们知道了她不是它们可亲可敬的妈妈,便嚷嚷着: "你不是我们的妈妈,把 我们的妈妈带回来。"可是小女儿已被两个姐姐杀害,再也回不来了。

后来,小女儿投胎转世成了湖边的一只小鸟。有一天,国王家的看马倌把一群马赶到湖边饮水时,小鸟叽啾叽啾地叫着:"别吃这草,这草是邪草;别喝这水,这水是邪水。快快离去,这是姐姐杀害妹妹的地方!"边叫边扑腾着翅膀,不让马儿接近湖水。看马倌无奈,便把马儿赶了回去。国王斥责看马倌:"你没看到马粪都是干的吗?怎么没给马儿饮水呢?"看马倌

就说: "我去给马儿饮水时,一只小鸟叽啾叽啾地叫着说:'别吃这草,这草是邪草;别喝这水,这水是邪水。快快离去,这是姐姐杀害妹妹的地方!'还扑腾着翅膀不让马儿喝水。"国王打算亲自去看看究竟是怎么回事。

第二天,国王亲自赶马去湖边给马喂水时,那只鸟儿又啾啾叽叽地边叫 边扑腾翅膀不让马儿喝水。国王便说: "你若是只仙鸟,就请落到我右肩; 你若是只妖鸟,就请落到我左肩。"鸟儿听了国王的话,落到国王的右肩, 国王心想它一定是只仙鸟,就将它带回王宫,放在宫殿门口。

有一天,国王在庆典上邀请了所有的国民。其他客人到来的时候,鸟儿很安静。两个姐姐来参加庆典时,鸟儿朝她们拉屎。她们便咒骂小鸟、拧鸟脖子,将鸟杀害后扔在门口。鸟儿即时转世投胎成一堆刺,第二天客人们到来时,刺儿将全身的刺收紧,以免不伤害到他们。唯独两个姐姐到来的时候,刺儿将全身的刺舒展开,刮烂她们的新衣服,弄伤她们。她们又咒骂着把刺扔进炉灶里烧了。后来刺儿变成一个金纺锤,被一个老阿妈从炉灶里捡回了家。老阿妈心想这绝对不是件普通的金纺锤,于是将它供起来。过了七天之后一看,金纺锤的形状开始发生变化,只是特别朦胧,看不出会变成什么。又过了七天,金纺锤变成人形,开始有了明显的四肢。又过了七天之后,金纺锤彻底脱胎换骨,变成一个仙女般美丽的姑娘,原来她就是小女儿的转世!从此,美丽的小女儿终日陪伴着老阿妈,很开心的在一起生活。

The Golden Spindle

An old man had three daughters. He herded everyday, and while he was herding, he also spun wool. One day, accidently the man's gold spindle tumbled into a hole where a snake lived. He asked the snake to return his gold spindle, and cried in sadness. The snake answered, "If you offer one of your daughters to be my wife, I'll return your spindle."

The old man tearfully returned home and said, "The only property I have of any value is the gold spindle, and it fell down into the snake's home. He demands that I offer him one of my daughters to be his wife or he will not return the gold spindle."

The old man sadly told this to his elder daughter as she was making bean flour gruel.

She was furious, beat her father with the scoop, and shouted, "I don't even want to marry a human above the ground so why should I marry a reptile under the ground?"

The old man went to his middle daughter and asked her to marry the snake as she was making noodles. She also refused, beat him with chopsticks, and gave the same response.

Finally, the old man asked his youngest daughter to marry the snake, explaining the situation while she was cooking porridge, "Father, don't worry and have a bowl of porridge. I'll obey you and marry the snake," said the daughter, delighting the old man.

The youngest daughter married the snake and her father got the gold spindle back. Beyond their expectations, she had a very happy life with the snake. The baby snakes always made happy sounds near her when she fetched water with a bucket on her back in the mornings. The old man was also pleased when he saw that his obedient daughter was happy and complained to his two elder daughters, "Your youngest sister enjoys her happy life even though she married a snake. Even without your help, I got the golden spindle back."

The two elder sisters were jealous and killed the youngest sister when she was fetching water by the river. They put on the youngest sister's clothes and carried water back to the snake's house. When they reached the gate, they called to the baby snakes, asking them to open the door. The baby snakes made happy sounds and opened the door. The elder sisters were scared and hit them with soil, so the snakes rushed back into their house and shut the door. Eventually they realized the sisters were not their mother. They then asked them to bring their mother back, crying and yelling.

The youngest daughter was eventually reincarnated as a bird by the river. One day, the king's stable-boy drove livestock to the riverbank where the bird did not let them eat the grass or drink by flapping its wings in their faces while chirping, "Don't drink spoiled water, don't eat stained grass. This is the place where a woman was killed by her sisters." The stable-boy then drove the livestock back home without watering them.

As the stable-boy arrived, the king scolded, "Don't you see the livestock have dried dung? You didn't water them well."

The stable-boy explained what the bird had said. The next day, the king drove the livestock to the river bank. The bird chirped, flapped its wings and again did not let them drink water.

"If you are a divine bird, please land on my right shoulder. If you are an evil bird, land on my left," the king said to the bird. The bird then landed on his right shoulder. The king thought it must be a divine bird, took it home, and put it on the gate lintel.

One day, the king invited many guests, including all the civilians under his administration, to a party. The bird kept silent until the two sisters came and then it shat on them. The sisters then twisted its neck and killed it, leaving it behind the door.

The bird then reincarnated behind the door as a bush with thorns.It contracted its branches and did not hurt when guests arrived, but when the two sisters entered, it extended its branches and injured them. The sisters then cut it off and angrily burned it in the fireplace, where it suddenly became a gold spindle. At the time, an old woman came for some fire and she took the spindle home as soon as she noticed it in the pit. The old woman thought it was very special and kept it in a nice box. After seven days the spindle became an oval, and after seven more days, it had become a beautiful girl. Then they lived together, enjoying a happy life happily ever after.

ববব'ববব'থু'য়

मैच.ज.पवित्रःवयार्श्चत्वीः यूट्टाच्यां यूट्टाचेलावयात्वीट्यीयार्मेयात्रोट्टाचीयाः वीच्यः प्रत्यात्वीत्यात्रात्वीत्यात्रात्वीत्यात्रात्वीत्यात्वीत्वीत्यात्वात्वीत्यात्वीत्यात्वीत्यात्वीत्यात्वीत्यात्वीत्वीत्यात्वीत्यात्वीत्यात्वीत्यात्वीत्यात्वीत्यात्वीत्यात्वीत्यात्वीत्यात्वीत्यात्वीत्यात्वीत्यात्वीत्यात्वीत्वीत्यात्वत्यात्वत्यात्वत्यात्वीत्यात्वत्यात्वत्यात्वत्यात्वत्यात्वत्यात्वत्यात्वत्यात्वत्यात्वत

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द्रमः अश्रः अस्य स्वायं स्वयं स्वयं

咩咩小羊

很久以前,有一只绵羊,它生下了一只小羊羔。有一天,羊妈妈要上山 拔草,走之前叮嘱小羊: "妈妈要去拔些草,在我回来之前,无论谁敲门, 都千万不能开门。"之后便背上背篓上山了。

狼知道绵羊不在家,便来到绵羊家门口轻声呼唤:"咩咩小羊,给妈妈开门。"小羊回答:"我妈妈不是你这样的,她是白土里的白球儿。"狼到白土里打了个滚回来,又轻声呼唤:"咩咩小羊,给妈妈开门。"小羊回答:"我妈妈不是你这样的,她是黑土里的黑球儿。"狼到黑土里打了个滚儿回来,又轻声呼唤:"咩咩小羊,给妈妈开门。"小羊回答:"我妈妈不是你这样的,她是红土里的红球儿。"狼到红土里打了个滚儿回来,再次轻声呼唤:"咩咩小羊,快给妈妈开门。"小羊心想这次一定要开门,不然大灰狼会生气把自己吃掉的。把门开了之后钻到斗下面,任狼不停地呼唤:"咩咩小羊",小羊都没吭声。于是狼走过来一屁股坐在斗上面放了个臭屁,小羊偷偷地笑着说:"放屁狼先生。"于是狼说:"哦,我正愁找不着你呢!原来你在这儿。"说完,狼就扑向小羊,准备吃掉小羊。这时远处传来了羊妈妈的叫声,大灰狼急忙逃走了。

羊妈妈背着一背篓的青草来到自家门口,轻声呼唤:"咩咩小羊,给妈妈开门。"小羊伸出头把门打开了,并告诉了妈妈刚才发生的可怕的事情。羊妈妈听完后,便数落小羊:"我不是叮嘱过你吗?我走之后不许给狼开门的吗?可你却不问清楚就随便开门,看!这就是你的下场。"羊妈妈想了想说:"我们要想个办法消灭狼,到底有什么好办法呢?"绵羊母子俩挖了两个大洞,一个洞里放火,一个洞里填土。一个上面铺上白毡,另一个上面铺上红毡,旁边摆上一个桌子,为邀请狼先生做好了准备。羊妈妈对小羊说:"今天我们要杀了狼先生。"她让小羊去邀请狼,自己在家烧了香喷喷的饭菜等着狼先生的到来。

小羊到了狼的家里对狼先生说: "尊敬的狼先生,我妈妈邀请你到我家做客。"狼回答: "我今天吃得特别饱,就不来了。"小羊坚定地说: "我妈妈准备了丰盛的晚餐,一定要我请到您这位尊贵的客人,我们走吧!"狼经不住诱惑就跟着小羊来到绵羊家里。小羊问狼: "狼先生,你是要坐在白毡上面呢?还是坐在红毡上面?"狼说: "我坐红毡上吧!"边说边坐到红

毡上面,结果掉进了洞里。绵羊母子乘机往洞里填土,将狼给活埋了。从此,绵羊母子过上了幸福安稳的生活。

The Little Lamb

One day, an ewe told its lamb that she would go collect grass and told the lamb to stay at home and not open the door after she left with a basket.

While the ewe was away, a wolf went to the ewe's home, pretending to be the ewe, and said, "Little lamb, I'm your mother. Please open the door."

"My mother isn't like you. She's white," replied the little lamb.

The wolf went to white soil, rolled back and forth, and came back covered in white. The wolf said, "Little lamb, please open the door for your mother."

"My mother is unlike you. She's black," said the little lamb.

The wolf went to black soil, rolled back and forth, returned and said, "Little lamb, please open the door for your mother."

The lamb responded, "My mother is different from you. She's red." The wolf then went to red soil, rolled back and forth, returned to the lamb, and said, "Little lamb, please open the door for your mother."

The lamb thought that she should open the door, did so, and then hid under a wooden vessel. The wolf called the lamb many times but the lamb remained quiet. The wolf got closer to the wooden vessel, sat on it, and then farted. The lamb said, "Farting-king Wolf."

The wolf realized that the lamb was hiding under the wooden vessel and said, "Oh! You're here. I was looking for you and couldn't find you," as he was attempt to eat the lamb, they heard the ewe coming and the wolf escaped away.

The ewe returned home with a basket of grass and said, "Little lamb! Please open the door for your mother." The lamb came and opened the door. As she said wolf came here and just escaped, the ewe was shocked and said, "I told you not to open the door! This is the result of opening the door to strangers. Now we must find a way to kill the wolf."

The ewe and the lamb then dug two big holes. They put fire in one hole and soil in the other one. They covered one hole with a white carpet and the other with a red carpet. They put a table beside the carpets. While the ewe was preparing a meal for the wolf, she said to the lamb, "Let's kill the wolf today," and sent the lamb to invite the wolf.

The lamb went to the wolf's home and said, "Uncle Wolf, my mother has invited you for breakfast."

"I don't want to go. I'm full today," said the wolf.

"My mother said you must come today," insisted the lamb and brought the wolf back for breakfast.

The ewe said, "Uncle Wolf, please sit on the red carpet." The wolf sat on the red carpet and dropped into the hole. The ewe and the lamb then put fire on the wolf and killed him. After that, the ewe and lamb lived happily ever after.

म्बर्कें प्रमात्रे की

क्र-ट्यूयः,ख्रियःयटिश्यः ह्यां श्र-सं.य्ध्यः स्टिंग्व्यः स्टिंग्वः स्ट्यं। स्ट्रेंबः स्ट्यां में स्ट्रं यज्ञयः ह्यां य्यं अपुर सं. श्र्यः पट्नेंद्रं स्ट्रं स्ट्रं प्रतित्वः स्ट्रं स्

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老奶奶和妖女

很久以前,一位老奶奶和一个妖女以姐妹相称住在一起,她们分别有一个女儿。有一天老奶奶去世了,她转世投胎成为这家的牛。妖女经常让老奶奶的女儿去放牛,每天放牛时还得拾一捆柴火、捻几团线。牛心疼女儿,经常做油炸馍馍给女儿吃,并叮嘱她千万不要剩下。有一天姑娘不经意间将吃剩的馍馍带回了家。妖女见了便问: "你这油炸馍馍是从哪儿带来的?"姑娘诚实地回答: "这油炸馍馍是我家的牛拉的。"妖女的女儿听见之后便嚷嚷着: "明天我要去放牛"。

第二天一早她就去放牛了,她没有拾柴火,也没有捻线,而是守株待兔,就等着牛儿拉油炸馍馍。可是牛儿带着所有的家畜东奔西窜,连一块油炸馍馍都没拉。气得她一回家就鼓动妖女,说明天该把咱家的那头牛给宰了。当晚牛就叮嘱姑娘: "等明天把我宰了,你就从屠夫手里把我的心脏、小肠和肾脏取来放在门口的土坑里,几天之后再去看。"第二天屠夫宰了那头牛,姑娘按牛的嘱托,将牛的心脏、小肠和肾脏取来藏在门口的小坑里。

有一天,有个小国的国王为了给王子选妃子,将全国所有少女聚集在一起,进行为期十八天的庆典。妖女将菜籽和粟各一斗混合在一起,吩咐姑娘在她回来之前将油菜籽和栗筛选出来分别放到两个盘里,然后带着自己的女儿到了国王的庆典上。此时的老奶奶已转世投胎成一只小鸟,她飞到自己女儿身边说: "你去看一下土坑里的心脏和小肠怎么样了?"姑娘去看时,发现土坑里有一双鞋、一身衣服和一条腰带。小鸟对她说: "这些活儿由我来干,你穿着这些衣服去参加国王的庆典,记得要早点回来。"姑娘按小鸟说的那样穿上衣服和鞋,系上腰带之后就去参加庆典,小鸟则替她将混合的菜籽和粟一粒粒地用嘴叼啄,分放到两个盘子里。

姑娘到了国王的庆典上,妖女的女儿看到之后,问妖女: "妈妈,那个漂亮女孩好像是咱家老奶奶的女儿。"妖女不屑一顾: "不可能是她,她现在正在家里筛选菜籽和粟呢!"姑娘在庆典上玩得意犹未尽,全然忘了母亲的嘱咐,由于回家晚了,就将那双鞋夹在腋窝下撒腿跑,慌乱中丢掉了一只鞋被国王的随从捡到。国王就下令找那只鞋的主人,他和王子协商一致:哪个少女能穿上这双鞋,她就会被纳为王妃。可是试了很多姑娘,鞋子都不合她们的脚。有一天随从们拿着那双鞋到了妖女的家里,任凭妖女的女儿使尽

所有力气、想尽所有办法都无济于事,她都没能穿上那双鞋。这时,随从们看到姑娘,便让她试穿,结果一穿就合适,像是给她量身定做似的。国王当下宣布: "这就是我儿纳的新王妃,从现在起我们的国度里不分高低贵贱,全都平等对待。

过了些时日,妖女说:"姐姐就要嫁人了,我们去岛上野炊吧!"她们三人便一同去野炊。妖女心怀不轨,让自己的女儿吃奶酪,而让姑娘吃下了三个蛇蛋。没过几天,姑娘的肚子渐渐鼓了起来。妖女便说姑娘没出嫁就把肚子弄大了,不合规矩,借故将姑娘赶出了家,准备让自己的女儿顶替姑娘出嫁。

姑娘无路可走之际,遇见了国王的仆人,仆人问姑娘是否可以守猪圈,姑娘欣然应允,从那天开始姑娘便睡在了国王家的猪圈门口。晚上国王如厕的时候看到姑娘被彩虹包围的神奇景象,便向随从打听。随从说: "今天我让一个姑娘守猪圈。"国王觉得姑娘并非等闲之辈,下令将姑娘请来。国王向姑娘询问了事情的来龙去脉,姑娘将事实一一道来。国王命人将蘸有酥油的孔雀毛塞进姑娘的喉咙,引出了三条巨大的毒蛇,并把这三条毒蛇分别放在三口大缸里养着。

随后国王传令让妖女把未来的王妃送到宫殿里,妖女把自己的女儿送到宫殿里。国王见状,下令将缸里的三条毒蛇全放了出来。妖女认为这是在侮辱他们,特别生气。国王就把妖女祸害姑娘的事实一五一十地说了出来,并处死了妖女。从此姑娘在宫殿里和国王、王子一起过着幸福快乐的日子。

An Old Lady and the Demon

An old lady and a demon lived together like sisters, each with their only daughter. One day the old lady died and was reborn as one of their cows, although the family was not aware of it. Following her death, the demon treated the old lady's daughter badly, ordering her to herd the cow, fetch bundles of firewood, and spin wool.

Although the demon and her daughter mistreated the girl, the cow secretly fried bread for her daughter every day and instructed her daughter to eat it all before she returned home. However, one evening she went home with some leftover bread in her bag. The demon discovered the bread, and asked the girl where she got it. The girl answered truthfully.

The next morning, the demon's daughter took the cow out to graze while the old lady's daughter stayed at home. The demon's daughter did not collect firewood or spin wool, she just wanted to eat fried bread, but the cow ran around the whole time and the girl did not have a chance to rest. When she returned home that night, she told her mother that it was hard to herd the cow and it would be best to slaughter it and enjoy the meat.

The cow overheard the conversation between the demon and her daughter and instructed her daughter, "If they kill me tomorrow, ask the butcher for my heart, lungs, and intestines and bury them near the door. Then look for them a few days later." The next morning, the butcher slaughtered the cow and the cow's daughter did as her mother had instructed.

The king's family looked for a wife for the prince sometime later. They invited all the young girls of the kingdom to attend an eighteen day party. The demon mixed a box of rapeseed and hemp together, and told the old lady's daughter she could not attend the party until she had separated the seeds, then left for the party with her daughter.

Meanwhile, the old lady had been reborn as a little bird and lived near their house. She went to her daughter and urged her to dig up the heart, lungs, and intestines buried near the door. The daughter dug them up and found a beautiful pair of shoes and a robe with a sash.

The bird said, "I'll do the housework for you, while you go to the king's party. Wear this robe and these shoes, and come home earlier than the demon and her daughter." The girl then went to the party while her mother did the housework.

When she arrived at the party, the demon's daughter said, "Mother, that looks like the old lady's daughter."

The demon knew the girl could not have finished her task and said, "No, she is at home busy separating seeds." She did not realize that this was indeed the old lady's daughter and gave it no more thought.

The young girl enjoyed herself so much she had to hurry to get home before the demon and her daughter. As she ran, she lost one of her shoes. Someone from the king's family found it and it was decided that the prince should marry the girl who could put on the shoe. A search then began for the girl who could put on the shoe.

When they reached the demon's house, the demon's daughter tried to put the shoe on, but it did not fit her no matter how hard she tried. Then the old lady's daughter tried, it fit her foot perfectly, and she was then declared the prince's bride-to-be.

The demon said to her daughter a few days later, "Your sister will soon marry and leave us. We will go for a farewell picnic as departure party." So the three then went for a picnic on a forested mountain. During the picnic, the demon gave butter to her daughter. She broke three snake eggs in a bowl and forced the old lady's daughter to drink it. Afterwards, the young girl's belly got bigger and bigger. Apparently she was pregnant with snakes. The demon drove the girl from their home and said that she had no right to marry, because of her pregnancy, hoping that her daughter could marry the prince.

As the old lady's homeless daughter was wandering, she met a servant at the gate of king's home. The servant asked her if she could watch the pigs and she agreed. She then stayed and slept in the pigsty at the gate of the king's palace. One night, the king came out to pee and saw the young girl surrounded by rainbows and colored lights. He asked his servant about the girl, and the servant explained that she watched the pigs.

"She is an uncommon person. Call her in," said the king. The king then asked about her past, and girl told everything honestly, including her pregnancy with snakes. The king soaked a peacock feather in butter, removed three poisonous snakes from her belly, with the soaked feather, put them in three big pots, and fed them.

Several days later, the king sent a message to the demon to send the bride to him. The bride's relatives came with the demon's daughter as invited. The king put the three big pots with snakes in front of them. When the snakes came out during the wedding party, the bride's relatives were enraged and said the king did not respect them, since they were also unaware of the demon's evil deeds.

Finally, the king explained everything to the relatives, killed the demon and her daughter, and then the old lady's daughter lived happily with them.

म्बर्धिन्द्रम्

र्ष्टेब्र'बाळ'वेवा'ब्र'क्त्'र्रे'वेवा'व्य'सु'वेवा'८्ट'सूट'क्त्व,'वेवा'र्ध्य,'प्रबा क्त्व'र्ध्य'रट'वी'सु'व्यक्ट'री'हेबा चन्दा वेत्रः वेवा यः मत्रः देः दर्देशः द्रशः वेदाः केरायः व्यापः व्यापः वेदाः वेदाः वेदाः विद्यापः विद त्तृअष् भेटः श्चे अद्यतः र्भेरः वषः दोट्षायाषुअः द्वटः हेषा विद्धेः वषः वटः ट्वायः वाद्यः वाद्यः विद्यायः विद्य ॻॖऀॱॾॣॴॱऄॴॱॸॖॱॻॖॗॖॖॖॖॖॖॖॖॖॖॖॖॖॖॖॸॱय़ॸॖॴॱॴॿॕॸॱ।ॱॱॸॖ॓ॱक़ॴड़ॖॱऄॴॱक़ॖॱॴड़ॖॱॵ॔ॸॱॿॣ॓ॱक़ॱॴॶॖॴॸॖॱॸऻॺॕॴक़ॴॹॗॱॵ तिवा'त्रष'म्बत'र्स'स'स्व'वित्र'त्य'वात्रष'र्स्ट'वाध्यम्। मृत्र'र्सेष्यप्वत्रष'र्स्ट'वाध्यम्'त्र'र्सेव'र्सेट्। ट'र्सेदे'र्झे'च' $\alpha \hat{\mathcal{L}}_{\alpha}^{\alpha} \cdot \hat{\mathcal{A}}_{\alpha} - (\hat{\mathcal{A}}_{\alpha}^{\alpha} - \hat{\mathcal{A}}_{\alpha}^{\alpha} - \hat{\mathcal{A}}_{\alpha$ श्रेन् राषा ने न्व्रीन न्त्रे मु अंश न्व्रीन ह तहार हे व । वन क्षेत्र ने खुन वी तर्वे न्व्रीव राषा ने क्षिन पर क्र्या.वोत्र अध्याद्रमाना वा प्र.स्माद्रीत्वेष.वी.वार्मात्यमान्यमाना अध्याद्रमानाः स्मात्यमानाः स्मात्यमानाः स क्रॅंट-ट्रेटि-वट-ट्-अ-पवि-क्रुय-दॅटि-चर्ड्ड-ऑविग-नयःग्रीव-ऍट्। ट्रे-वर्गार्य-पविश-ग्रीय-पट-एड्ग-टावा चर्ड्व-कॅब्र-दिन्द्रम् स्टाब्र्स्य अवित्र ने प्पेन् कॅन् वर्षा व्यव्या निवा मुद्री मुद्रा अर्थेन कु वित्र वित्र वित्र यविषात्रषात्वा श्रुपायविषात्री अर्थे त्याचीषाद्वीतार्येताचा अर्थेता दे त्रषात्रुताया वर्षेत्राचरात्वा श्रुपायविषाद्वी उ.च्र्य.ता.यी प्र. त्रुप्त. व्याप्त. त्या. व्याप्त. त्या. व्याप्त. त्या. व्याप्त. त्या. व्याप्त. व्यापत. व्याप्त. व्यापत. व त्रमा रज्ञान्द्राद्धरात्र्यात्रवा हेकान्चे साम्भागादा त्रात्रात्र त्रमाञ्चला विकारा हिता साम् ैव'च'रेट्रा दे'त्रब'र्वि'र्च'क्व'र्वे'ट्वे'सु'र्बे'ट्ट'यावेत्र'र्भ्वेष'ध्वब'वेट'चटे'भ्रेट्र'ग्री'वर्ळे'चर'र्खे'ट्वर'र्बेट्य'र्ख् 35.2

老汉和牛皮

很久以前,有一名老汉,他有一个儿子和一头老牛。虽然他们的生活很 贫穷,但是过的很快乐。

日子一天一天的过去了,老汉也走到了生命的尽头。临终时,对儿子说: "等我死后,把我的尸体用牛皮裹上,绕村庄走三圈,将会有奇迹出现。"说完老汉就去世了。于是儿子按父亲的遗言,用牛皮把父亲的尸体裹好后,背着父亲的尸体绕村庄走了三圈。然后他打开一看,里面竟变成了一头金虎。儿子很惊讶,于是他背上这头金牛,走上了去往拉萨的朝圣之路。

很多年以后,儿子来到了拉萨,他把金牛分成了三份,当作供奉,敬献给了三位德高望重的活佛。三位活佛看到他的孝心,很是感动,分别回赠给他一把剑、一把斧头和一袋沙子。儿子拿上这三件东西,踏上了回家的路。走了很长很长的路,他又饿又累。幸好在离他不远的地方有一户农家,他就去借宿。主人是一对母女,说"借宿可以,不过我们村里有一座废弃的园子,每晚都得有一名女孩前去看守。到目前为止,前去看守的女孩一个都没回来。你能替我女儿去看守吗?"他同意了。吃过晚饭后,他前往废弃的园子。

原来,这件废弃的园子里居住着一名被大王打入冷宫的王妃。他和王妃聊了起来,王妃说: "每晚都有一名女孩前来陪我,不过一到早上,前来陪我的女孩就都不见了,我也很奇怪。"说着说着王妃睡着了。过了一会,他看见王妃的脸越来越黑,鼻孔里竟慢慢地钻出来两条大蟒蛇。他害怕之余,连忙拿出活佛送的剑和斧头去砍蟒蛇。可任他怎么砍,断了的蟒蛇又能迅速接上。这时他想到了活佛送的沙子,于是一边用斧头砍,一边撒沙子。苦战了整整大半夜后,终于把两条蟒蛇给杀死了。

男孩成了村里的恩人,家家户户都来感谢他。给他借宿的那户人家也把 女儿许配给了他。他们过上了幸福美满的生活。

The Old Man and the Bull Skin

An old man had a son and a bull. The old man told his son, "After I die, wrap my corpse in the bull skin, and carry it around the village three times. Then you will discover something."

When the old man passed away, the son wrapped his corpse in the bull skin, carried it around the village three times, opened it, and discovered a gold tiger. The son then went to Lhasa carrying the gold tiger. He cut the golden tiger into three pieces and offered them to three famous lamas so they would pray for his deceased father. The first lama gave him a sword, the second gave him a wheel, and the third lama gave him a bag of sand. He then set out for his home carrying these things.

During his travels, he asked an old woman to let him stay in her home. She said, "I'll let you stay for one night. There is an empty building here in the village and every night one girl must go there. No one ever returned. My daughter must go there tonight after dinner. Can you go instead of her?"

He promised the old woman that he would, and then left. He found a queen in the empty hall who said, "The girls who come to protect me always vanish before the next morning." After the queen slept, her face became red, and slowly two snakes slithered out of her nose. The man immediately cut them into pieces with the sword and wheel given by the lamas, but the snakes joined back together again and again. The he cut the snakes into pieces and poured the bag of sand on the pieces, which prevented the pieces from rejoining, thus the snakes were finally killed.

The boy eventually married the old woman's daughter and they lived happily ever after.

म्बरम्बरम्बरम्बर्थः प्रमानिका

मूच त्वावेयाम् व्याप्त प्रक्रमा वित्त प्रक्रमा वित्त प्रक्रमा वित्त प्रक्रमा वित्त प्रक्रमा वित्त प्रक्रमा वित्त प्रक्रमा वित्र प्रक्रमा वित्त प्रक्रमा वित्र प्रक्रमा वित

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两位老人和两个孩子

很久以前,有一个地方住着两位老人和两个孩子,家里养有一头奶牛和一只母鸡。有一天,老奶奶出了个坏主意,她对老爷爷说: "老头子,如果我们把两个孩子支得远远的,我们每人就能分到两个鸡蛋和两斤牛奶了,不如我们想个办法把两个孩子送到另一个地方吧!"老爷爷也表示同意,于是他们对两个孩子说:"明天带你们去一个很好玩的地方"。晚上老奶奶准备了许多干粮,次日清晨,老爷爷把两个孩子带到了一个很远的地方,然后叮嘱说:"你们先在这儿玩,爷爷去那边山头。当你们看到山坳上爷爷向你们挥手时,你们就回家。"老爷爷在山坳上插了一根拴着布条的木棒之后就回家了。两个孩子玩了很久,当太阳的余晖渐渐暗下来的时候,他们看到山那边木棒上的布条迎风飘扬。姐姐就对弟弟说:"我们该回家了,瞧!爷爷正在山坳上冲我们挥手呢!"。当他们兴高采烈地跑到对面山上时,他们看到的不是他们可亲可敬的爷爷,而是爷爷的阴谋诡计。这令姐弟俩十分痛心。

当两个孩子不知所措的时候, 伤心之余, 他们找出奶奶准备的干粮边吃 边用手指戳地。突然,山地塌陷,形成一个巨大的山洞。他们走进了山洞, 那是一个魔鬼的住所。晚上,弟弟问姐姐:"姐,咱们睡哪儿呀!"姐姐 说: "咱们就睡屋檐上吧!"于是他们睡在了魔鬼的屋檐上。不一会儿,魔 鬼母子进来了。小鬼疑惑地问:"咱家怎么有股生味啊?"魔鬼答道:"难 道咱俩就不是活生生的?"小鬼说:"那不一样"。小鬼又说:"妈妈,咱 家好像有扁脚的来过了。"魔鬼就答: "难道咱俩就不是扁脚的?" 小鬼反 驳: "那是两码事。"魔鬼问: "我们是睡炕上还是睡在锅里啊?"小鬼答 道: "炕上暖和,睡炕上吧!"两个魔鬼就睡在了炕上。此时,睡在屋檐上 的弟弟小声对姐姐说: "姐姐怎么办?我尿急。"姐姐说: "那少尿点。" 弟弟就少少地尿了点。两个魔鬼看到屋檐上的水滴,以为屋檐漏雨,就睡到 了锅里边。姐弟俩借机蹑手蹑脚地走到锅旁,将魔鬼家里的巨大的金蛋搬到 锅盖上死死地压住,然后在锅底烧大火。任由两个魔鬼蹦跳哭喊,火始终没 有小下来。第二天天明,等姐弟俩掀开锅盖时,两个魔鬼已经变成了两把扫 帚,姐弟俩就把那两把扫帚和屋里一切污秽的东西全扔了出去。魔鬼的屋里 有一个非常神奇的纯金磨盘,如果向左转动,绫罗绸缎就会量丈而来,如果 向右转动,珍馐美味、金银财宝便会随想而得。有了它,姐弟俩衣食无忧的 幸福生活开始了。

有一天,姐弟俩遇见了因走投无路沿街乞讨的爷爷奶奶,弟弟说:"姐姐,那两个人是我们的爷爷奶奶",姐姐说:"他们不是我们的爷爷奶奶,就算是,他们当初把我们姐弟俩赶出家门,我们也没有赡养他们的义务啊!"弟弟义正言辞地说:"好歹他们养育了我们这么多年,他们始终是我们的爷爷奶奶啊!"姐姐停了弟弟的话,也觉得没错,于是他们把爷爷奶奶接回了家,一家人从此和睦相处,过上了幸福快乐的生活。

The Old Couple and Two Children

An old couple had a son and a daughter and owned only a cow and a few hens. One day the old woman secretly said to her husband, "If we could get rid of these children, we would have two cups of milk and two eggs for ourselves every day." The husband agreed.

"We'll take you to a beautiful place to play tomorrow," the old couple said and the old woman prepared food for the children to eat on the way.

When the bright sun rose in the east the next morning, the husband took them a long way from home and said, "Play here. I need to go some distance away. When I wave my hand by the mountain pass, please come. I'll be waiting there."

Then he left and put a stick in the ground with a piece of cloth tied to it at the mountain pass where a small zigzag path passed through. The children played until evening. When darkness was about to swallow the earth, the elder sister saw the cloth flapping in the wind and thought their father was waving his hands.

"We need to go now, Brother," said the girl and they headed back toward their home.

When they reached the mountain pass, they realized they had been tricked by their parents and were very sad. They had no idea what to do. Fortunately they found a piece of bread on the ground and dug up the ground under the bread with their fingers. The ground suddenly sank revealing a deep hole underground. They went in and found the house of a demon.

"Where shall we sleep?" the brother asked.

"Let's sleep on the ceiling tonight," the sister replied.

Soon the demon and her son returned. The boy asked, "Is that the smell of something living in our house today?"

"Aren't we alive?" his mother said.

The boy insisted something was different and said, "Someone with an instep entered our house."

"Don't we have insteps?" asked his mother.

"These are different," said the devil son.

"Will we sleep in the pot or on the heated bed?" he asked his mother, and then they slept on the heated bed as the son wished.

Later the younger brother asked, "I must pee. What shall I do? I must pee!"

"Pee little by little," instructed his sister.

The younger brother peed as his sister advised. Urine then dribbled on the bed. The demon and her son thought it was raining outside and moved into the pot to sleep.

The two siblings then covered the pot, put the gold grind stone on the lid, lit a fire under the pot and kept it burning until next morning as the demon mother and devil son screamed and struggled inside. When dawn came they opened the pot and realized that the demon mother and her son had changed into two brooms, which they used to clean all the dirt from the house. Luckily, there was also a magic mill that produced silk when it turned clockwise and generated other treasures when it was turned counter-clockwise. Eventually they became very rich and lived wonderful happy lives.

One day, they saw their parents begging. The brother said, "They are our parents" to his sister.

"No, they aren't ours. Even if they were, because they didn't take care of us, we have no responsibility for them."

"No matter how bad they were in the past, they are still our parents," the brother said. Finally they agreed to take care of them and invited them to their home. The ensuing days then had passed with endless happiness.

<u>रचित्र.च्.स.च.बेश</u>

वाबतः इंग्सॅर वाळ बिवा व खायो बिवा प्राप्त हो बिवा प्राप्त प्राप्त प्राप्त हो स्वाप्त हो बेर। रे विषा यो र्ज दामद रॉ विषा ७ थे र्कट यो हे त्रम्य ५ व्या राष्ट्र विषा या सुद सुद ग्रीद र्यादा राज्य म्पेत्र र्सेश रे रेस्ट बिया व्या रे रेस्ट व्यवाया हिन सेंट व्यय सुर्श्वे यात्र यो श्रीट व्या के बिया चेर पर देश क्रिया केया वयानुः कॅतिः क्षेटः त्यात्ययदः त्यां चेरः वेषा स्वतः प्रान्तः । स्वरः प्राप्तः क्षेताः स्वीतः त्यात्ययदः त्यां चेरः प्राप्तः विषाः ल्ट्रिंट्र प्राप्तिन् द्वीर र्वाट् वर्षा देवा व्राप्त्र व्याप्ति वर्षा विद्याला वर्षा विद्याला विद्याल [°]दे'र्चट'र्षेट'क्ष'अ'ओ'र्कट'वी'र्स्से'र्स्य'सु'र्जुय'सु'द्रिट'चठका'ष्ट्रेद'र्सेष'तद्यद्र'चित्र'चश्र्य'। अ'योब'तु'र्से'य'बेट' वी'तर्त्व'खे'ख| द्विन'र्सेट'क्स'रे'र्सेट'वाक् 'सर'ख'र्स्सेवाब'रीवा'ठेब'चेर'प'र्त्न। रे'र्सेट'क्वीर'र्सेट'क्स'क्ति'र्सेर' द्युःकॅतिःकीटःवःकोटःवीःवर्वाःसःकोरःवेषःचन्नदःकंत्रःमानवाःसःक्रांक्षेत्रःस्त्। क्षतःस्वाःसःक्रांववा ह्युः प्टेंदिः हुः अर्थेः क्रूं र-व्रागटाताः त्य्रां ट्र्यं या हुः स्क्रूं र-व्रागटाताः त्य्रां ट्र्यं या दीः अर्थाः क्रुं त्ये तीया हुः स्क्रूं र-व्रागटाताः त्यां दीः अर्थाः क्रुं त्ये तीया व्राप्ताः व्यापताः व्राप्ताः व्राप्ताः व्राप्ताः व्राप्ताः व्राप्ताः व्राप्ताः व्यापताः वर्षाः वर्षात्रः वर्षात् वर्षात् वर्षात् वर्षातः वर्षात् वर्यापत् वर्षात् वर्याः वर्षात् वर्षात् वर्यापत् वर्यापत् वर्यापत् वर्षात् वर्यापत् व बर्रिस्पानी हैं त्यादर्में प्रवेषा कुर्रे क्रिंस में रावर मुरामकेंदिर अधिदाय विषय विषय विषय विषय विषय विषय विषय र्षाट तथा मन र्रे देविया वी टाया सुर्वे तथा बा कु तरिते कु अर्वे क्रें राज वाट या तर्वे र्वेषा कु संक्रें राज वाटा या लायम् र्यूयावेयायव राम्पाराधेव वेयायायर राम्पा वाययायेन में में स्वर्गान्य स्वराहित स्वर्गान्य स्वराहित स्वराहि ष्टिन् रन्टः र्वाटः त्रवाद्वाटः व्यः त्रिन् रहेवायान् व्यवस्या स्यात्रां स्थितः व्यवस्य व्यवस्य स्यात्रात्रात्य ८८.८.इंब.५.५८.दुवा.वीट.६.७.८च्य.५.व्य.८व्य.इट.व्य.८व्य.८व्य.८व्य.८व्य.८व्य.८व्य. ॅर्झॅट पु पॅट प्राप्त क्षेत्र स्वार्थ । यह प्राप्त क्षेत्र क्षेत्र क्षेत्र क्षेत्र प्राप्त क्षेत्र प्राप्त क्षेत्र क्षेत्र प्राप्त क्षेत्र क्षेत्र प्राप्त क्षेत्र প্তথ্যবস্থ म्पेय,त्र्याष्ट्रिट,ग्रीय,पञ्च,तपु, घट,र्, युत्रय, क्र्याय,च्रीय, व्यूत्र, प्राप्त, युत्र, युत्र, युत्र, युत्र तर्द्रव चि.ट्रमा ह्रमा शुद्धित रस्टाळे लमा तर्मा वतत्तर तर्दि लगा स्वामा राज्य स्वामा टेबालेबार्म्यान्यक्षाराम् सुर्वेषागुषाम् रादेवे प्रान्यायाः क्षेत्राच्याः व्याप्यायाः स्वाप्या दार्राराम्यायाः (विषायमा) मेत्र क्रां प्रायः सुरायमा स्रायः स्रीयः ययः प्रीयः यद्यतः स्रीयः स्र व्यानुःक्ष्र्वान् न्राम्याष्ट्रियानुः त्रिष्ट्रान् र्या

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穷人母女俩

从前有一个地方, 住着一对穷人母女, 女儿名叫桑格德里姆。有一天, 一位老翁来到这户人家附近的小溪边给牦牛喂水。老翁吩咐兔子:"小兔 子, 你去打听一下那家的姑娘叫什么名字!"兔子前去打听, 跑到半路, 看到 一个线团,就跑回去对老翁说:"姑娘名叫线团。"老翁恐吓说:"哪有姑 娘叫线团的, 你再去打听, 否则我吃了你。"于是兔子跑到穷人家门口, 用 爪子抓门弄出刺耳的响声。只听老阿妈说: "桑格德里姆,你去把那讨厌的 兔子赶走。"兔子闻声赶忙跑到老翁身旁,对老翁说:"姑娘名叫桑格德里 姆"。正在这时,女孩走了出来。老翁问女孩:"姑娘,这条小溪顺着源头 能到哪儿?顺着溪尾又到哪儿?"女孩回答:"这条小溪顺着源头到达雪山 顶上,顺着溪尾汇向大海深处。"女孩回到家对老阿妈说: "阿妈,有位老 翁问我这条小溪顺着源头到达哪儿?顺着溪尾又能到哪儿?我对他说顺着源 头到达雪山顶上,顺着溪尾汇入大海深处。"老阿妈说:"你为什么要撒那 样的谎呢?快去如实相告。"女孩跑去对那老翁说:"你趟过这条小溪,翻 过一座山就可以去你想去的地方。"老翁前去对老阿妈说:"老阿妈,不瞒 您说,我是专程来迎娶你家姑娘的。"老妈妈说:"我女儿不能嫁给你,我 还得靠她养活呢!"老翁承诺说:"这你不用担心,你们的衣食住行一切生 活用品我都会安排妥当,就连你以后的丧事我都会替她办好的。"桑格德里 姆听了信以为真,便哀求母亲: "阿妈,我们不可能一辈子生活在一起,如 果有人愿意娶我,你就把我嫁了吧!"老阿妈觉得她言之有理,就把她嫁给 了老翁。干是老翁将桑格德里姆驮上牦牛带回了家。

老翁家里有个和桑格德里姆年龄相当的女孩,有一天,老翁杀死了那个女孩,把那女孩的肉和血分给桑格德里姆吃,桑格德里姆假装着吃肉喝血,借机把肉和血倒到炉灶里。等老翁骑着马走了之后,从炉灶里走出来一位老奶奶,她对桑格德里姆说:"我是个女巫,刚才那个老翁是我的儿子,你必须逃到另一个地方,否则他带回来另一个女孩,就会把你煮了吃了。你刚才假装吃肉喝血,把它通通倒到炉灶之后,让我吃饱了肚子,为了报答你,我把我的脸皮借给你。在逃跑途中,你肯定会撞见他,他肯定会问:'阿妈,你要去哪儿?'你就要回答:'我去人群中搜集人肉,然后拿到案板上剁人肉,'这样你就能逃掉了。"桑格德里姆戴着女巫的脸皮从那儿逃了出来。

如女巫所料,途中撞见了老翁,也就是吃人肉喝人血的魔鬼,魔鬼问她要去哪儿,她按女巫的叮嘱回答之后顺利逃脱了。

那老翁回到家之后发现女孩不见了,就立刻掉头追。女孩在逃跑途中遇见了一群僧人前去坐禅,便对他们说: "几位高僧,劳烦你们拦一下那个人,他是个魔鬼,我有被吃的危险。"女孩跑啊跑,跑到一片森林,遇见了几个猎人,女孩又像刚才那样拜托几个猎人之后继续逃。猎人们叫住老翁: "过来喝口茶吧!"老翁说: "不了,我要去把那个女孩抓回来。"猎人们说: "没关系,先过来喝口茶,歇歇脚,我们帮你抓那个女孩。"老翁听了,就朝猎人的方向走去。猎人们事先在挖好的陷阱上铺了白毡,请他坐在上面,等老翁掉到陷阱之后填上土将他活埋了。

女孩跑啊跑,到了另一个地方,刚好赶上当地国王的三个儿子同时选 妃,其中有一批女的穿着红色的衣服排成一排,另外一批穿着黄色的衣服站 成一排,还有一批穿着白衣站成一排,万千佳丽,秩序俨然,他们在等候三 个王子前来选妃。大王子带走了其中一个白衣女孩,二王子带走了一个红衣 女孩。另所有人都意想不到的是,小王子即没有选红衣女孩,也没有选白衣 女孩,偏偏从众多乞丐中带走了桑格德里姆,有意将她选为王妃。国王拗不 过小王子,便对她说: "你不挑白衣女孩,不选红衣女孩,黄衣女孩你也看 不上眼,却偏偏要娶她。那你单独和她过日子吧!"说罢便下令分家产,国 王给小王子夫妇分了一头牦牛,一匹马和一只羊,就将他们逐出了宫殿。

过了很久,那只羊生了很多小羊羔,那头牦牛生了很多小牦牛,那匹马也生了很多小马,小王子夫妇的生活渐渐宽裕起来。有一天,桑格德里姆对小王子说:"咱们今天去看我阿妈吧!"于是他们一起去看望老阿妈。到了家门口轻声地呼唤着阿妈,老阿妈说:"没有人叫我阿妈的呀!唯一的女儿也已经被魔鬼吃了。"桑格德里姆十分痛心,便走到老阿妈身旁,颤声说:"阿妈,是我啊!我是你的女儿桑格德里姆。"老阿妈喜极而泣,贴着女儿的脸颊痛哭失声。从此女儿带着阿妈和自己的丈夫一起过着幸福快乐的日子

A Poor Mother and Her Daughter

An old lady had a daughter named Sang gi `du li ma. One day, an old-man headed toward their house, hoping to water his yak. He saw a rabbit and asked it to find out the girl's name. The rabbit saw a spindle on the way to the house and told the old man the girl's name was Spindle. The old man did not believe the rabbit and angrily threatened to kill the rabbit if he did not learn the girl's real name. Then, the rabbit stayed by the gate where the old-lady and her daughter lived.

"Sang gi `du li ma, please make that rabbit go away," the old-lady said to her daughter.

The rabbit thus learnt the girl's name and reported it to the old-man. When the girl came near the old man and rabbit, the old man asked, "Where should I go if I want to cross this river where it begins and where I should go if I want to cross it where it ends?"

"Go the mountain peak if you want to cross the river where it begins and go down to the ocean if you want to cross the river where it ends," answered the girl.

When the girl told her mother what she had said to the old man, her mother was unhappy, scolded her for lying, and told her to go find the old man and tell him the truth.

"Just walk through the river," she told him when she found him. "Even rabbits walk through the river."

The old man then went to the old lady's house and asked to marry her daughter.

"I can't let her marry you," the old lady replied, "I depend on her to help me make a living."

The old man assured her that there was nothing for her to worry about. Then he promised he would meet all her needs. He even promised to take care of her funeral rituals after she died. Her daughter argued with her mother as well, complaining that it was not right to have to stay at home and remain single when she had a suitor. Under such duress, the old lady agreed to let her daughter marry and when the old man returned home, Sang gi `du li ma was with him.

When they reached the old-man's house, Sang gi 'du li ma discovered that there was another girl of her age living with the old-man. Later, the old man murdered the other girl and cooked soup using chunks of her flesh. When the soup finished cooking he filled one bowl with it for himself and another bowl for Sang gi 'du li ma. They sat down to eat. Sang gi 'du li ma pretended to eat, but when the old man was not looking she secretly threw her soup into the fire-pit.

The next day, the old-man left on his horse. Once he was gone, an old woman came out of the fire-pit and said, "I ate the food you threw into the fire-pit yesterday. I've come to express my gratitude. You must leave. I am this man's mother and I can tell you that he has gone to get another young girl. When he returns, he will murder you just as he murdered the girl who was here when you arrived. He will eat you if he returns with another girl when he comes back today. Please take the skin from my head and cover your face with it. Escape from here quickly. If you meet him on the way, he'll ask you where you're going. Tell him you are going for meat and milling."

Sang gi 'du li ma followed these instructions and fled the cannibal's cave. She met the old man on the way, but escaped by repeating what the old lady had advised her to say.

When the old man got home, he realized that the girl he had met on the road was Sang gi 'du li ma. He then set out to catch her and bring her back.

While she was fleeing, the girl met some hunters and pleaded with them. As the cannibal got close to the hunters, they invited him to have tea with them.

"No," he replied, "I need to catch a girl."

"Don't worry, we'll help you catch her, but let's have tea first," they said.

They had earlier dug a deep pit and covered it with a white carpet. When the cannibal stepped onto the carpet, he fell into the pit and then the hunters buried him alive.

After wandering for several days, Sang gi 'du li ma reached a place ruled by three kings. There sons, the princes were choosing their wives at a big party. Many girls were in three lines. The girls in each line wore a particular color of clothes. One line wore red clothes, another wore yellow, and the girls in the third line were clad in white. Every girl hoped to be chosen by a prince. After some time passed, one prince chose a girl from the white line. Another prince chose a girl from the red line and the third prince chose Sang gi 'du li ma from among the beggars who were not in the lines.

The father of the third prince was very unhappy with his son's choice and shouted, "You didn't choose from the white line, the red line, or even the yellow line! You chose a beggar! Live by your own efforts if you want her!"

The king gave the couple an old female yak, an old ewe, and a mare, and threw them out of the palace. After several years, the yak, the mare, and the sheep had all given birth to many offspring and the young couple had become rich.

One day, Sang gi 'du li ma said to her husband, "I want to visit my mother."

They discussed the idea and decided to go. When they reached her mother's house, Sang gi `du li ma called to her mother. "No one calls me mother anymore," her mother said, tears welling in her eyes, "My daughter was killed by a cannibal."

"No, Mother, it's me, Sang gi 'du li ma," her daughter replied, approaching her mother, smiling with delight. Her mother had missed her daughter so much after she went with the cannibal, which she had cried every day until her pillow was soaked with tears. The mother and daughter had missed one another terribly.

Sang gi 'du li ma then took her mother to the home she shared with her husband and they lived happily ever after.

ব্যাঝাগ্রী প্রবা প্রবা

पट, यूथा, क्रिंट-तपुर्वेथ, अर्ज्या अर्ज्या वि. क्र्रां च्रिं अ. क्रिंग वि. क्र्रां च्रिंग में वि. क्र्रां च्रिंग में वि. क्र्रां च्रिंग में क्रिंग में क्रां में क्रिंग में क्र

या. छीर प्रस्ता स्वार्थ स्वार

森林塔塔

从前有一个叫森林塔塔的女妖,那地方的国王有三个女儿和一只上身是 金、下身是银、腰身是螺、角是百炼钢、鼻环是七彩丝的牦牛。

有一天,国王的牦牛弄丢了,被森林塔塔牵到自己的牛圈里拴起来。国 王的大女儿来森林塔塔家里找牦牛,她问森林塔塔:"请问你有没有看到一 只上身是金、下身是银、腰身是螺、角是百炼钢、鼻环是七彩丝的牦牛啊?"女妖回答:"没看见,不如进来喝口茶解解渴吧!"她刚进门,就被森林塔塔一棒子打死,尸体被装进了一口棺材里。二女儿来找牦牛,又问了同样的问题,森林塔塔回答:"没见到,不如进来喝口茶解解渴吧!"二女儿刚进得门来,又被森林塔塔挥棒子打死,尸体被装进另一口棺材里。

后来小女儿也来找牦牛,又向森林塔塔问了同样的问题,森林塔塔又像以前一样回答: "没见到,进来喝口茶解解渴吧!"小女儿便进去了。可是小女儿非常聪明,她看到女妖家里没有水,就给女妖一个被针扎得千疮百孔的牛皮水袋,让她去取水。女妖取水回来的路上水流光了,任凭她想尽办法把孔堵上都于事无补。趁女妖取水之机,姑娘把屋子里各处翻了个遍。她从厨灶里拉出一个半死不活的老太太,老太太说: "姑娘,你赶快离开这里,我也是在你这个年纪来这之后就滞留到现在。你要找的牦牛在牛圈里拴着,你的两个姐姐也在这儿,她们的尸体被分别装在两口棺材里。你把灶头上的那两坛酒洒在你姐姐的尸体上,她们便会复活,然后带着牦牛和两个姐姐逃命去吧!"姑娘按老太太所说救下两个姐姐,然后三姐妹牵着牦牛逃了出去,任凭女妖怎么追都没能追到。三姐妹平安地回到了家,从此过上了幸福快乐的生活。

Thag thag Of the Forest

Long ago there lived a ghost called the Thag thag of the Forest in an area ruled by a king who had three daughters and a yak-cow crossbreed that had metal horns. The upper part of the cow's body was made of gold, the middle part was made of silver, and the lower part was made of conch. The rope passing through the cow's nose was made from the queen's silk.

One day, the cow was lost and Thag thag took it to her yak enclosure and kept it tethered. One of the king's daughters came and asked, "Did you see a cow whose upper part is gold, middle part is silver, lower part is conch, and has a rope through its nose made from the queen's silk?"

"I didn't see any animal like that. Little girl, please come in. Eat some food and drink some tea," said Thag thag. Just after she entered the house, the ghost hit the girl's head with a stick, killing her. Then she put her corpse in a coffin. The second girl came and asked the ghost if she had seen the cow. The ghost also killed her and put her in the coffin. The third girl then came and asked the same question as her sisters had. She was also invited into the house for food and tea.

Thag thag had no water in the home and said she would go fetch some. Before she left to fetch water, the third girl used a needle and pricked the ghost's leather bag a hundred times. When the ghost went to fetch water, the water leaked from the leather bag. The ghost pulled out her own teeth and hair trying to stop the leaks, but was unsuccessful. While the ghost was away, the girl searched the house and found an old woman, who was almost dead. She said, "Little girl, don't stay here. I have been a prisoner here since I came. Your cow is in the yak enclosure, your sisters are in the coffin, and there is a crock of nectar on the stove. If you pour the nectar on your sisters, they will return to life. Don't stay here! Go! Go!" said the old lady in the stove. The youngest sister resurrected the two girls and fled with the cow. The ghost later chased the girls but she could not catch them. The three sisters arrived home and led a happy life.

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姐弟俩和英俊潇洒的骑者

从前有一个地方,住着一对老夫妇。老夫妇膝下有一男一女。男孩年幼,整日游玩,对家里丝毫帮不上什么忙。老头心想,这男孩一无是处,甚至是浪费食物。便私下与老妇商量,要抛弃儿子,老妇如何劝说都无济于事。有天,老头自个儿做了一个木箱,等母女俩外出砍柴、放牧之时,把儿子放入木箱,并放了些少量的肉、干粮、酥油等,锁好箱子后抛入河中。傍晚,母女俩回到家里,看到儿子不在,心急如焚,忙问老头。老头说道:"方才在大门口玩耍,一个商人也在此,是否被商人领走了呢?"尽说了些骗人的话。女儿找木箱不在,便猜到弟弟被狠心的父亲投入河中,急忙奔到河边,看到木箱在河中漂浮,心痛如绞,万分沮丧,唱道:"六字真言是母亲的心声,亲爱的弟弟听姐说,干粮是否吃完了,酥油是否吃完了,肉是否吃完了,小脚是否弄湿了,六字真言是母亲的心声"。

弟弟回唱道: "六字真言是母亲的心声,亲爱的姐姐万事如意,酥油吃到一半了,干粮已经吃完了,肉已吃到一半了,小脚还未弄湿,不说小弟痛楚了,姐姐快快回家去,六字真言是母亲的心声"。

没过多时,姐姐又唱道:"六字真言是母亲的心声,亲爱的弟弟听姐说,干粮是否吃完了,酥油是否吃完了,肉是否吃完了,小脚是否弄湿了,六字真言是母亲的心声"。

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在河边,姐姐碰到一个徒步者。便请求道:"请你救救我的小弟弟,要 是救回我的小弟弟,你若需要妻子我可以嫁给你,你若需要儿子我的弟弟可 以做你的儿子"。那个徒步者说:"我既不需要妻子,也不需要儿子",便 转身走了。

后来姐姐又碰到一个骑黑马,肤色黝黑的人。请求道: "请你救救我的小弟弟,要是救回我的小弟弟,你若需要妻子我可以嫁给你,你若需要儿子我的弟弟可以做你的儿子"。那个骑者说: "我既不需要妻子,也不需要儿子",说完也转身走了。

后来姐姐又碰到一位英俊潇洒、骑着白马的人,姐姐又上前请求道: "请你救救我的小弟弟,要是救回我的小弟弟,你若需要妻子我可以嫁给 你,你若需要儿子我的弟弟可以做你的儿子"。那位英俊潇洒的骑者道: "妻子和儿子都要",并找了一条较长的钩子,把箱子从河中打捞出来,救 出了奄奄一息的弟弟。这位英俊潇洒的男人带着姐弟俩回到他们家,让他们 享受着衣食无忧的生活。而老夫妇生活日渐破落,到处乞讨为生,姐弟俩时 常施舍一些食物给他们。后来姐姐与这位英俊潇洒的骑者喜结良缘,并和弟 弟一起过着幸福美满的生活。

The Two Sisters, the White Man, and the White Horse

An old couple had a daughter and a young son who did no work, he just played everyday. The old man thought that the son was useless and just like a pig, doing nothing and wasting food. He discussed this with his wife, who argued that the son would be able to do things when he grew up. The old man was still not convinced.

The old man made a box in which he intended to stuff the son. While the old man's wife and daughter were away, the old man put his son inside the case with some meat, bread, and butter and then locked it, took it to a river, threw it into the current, and left.

The old lady returned in the afternoon, when she learned that her son had disappeared, she was frightened and asked the old man where he was. The old man replied, "He was just now playing at the door. There was also a Chinese merchant there, so maybe he took him," pretending to know nothing.

The girl looked for the case in the home and when she didn't find it, she ran to the river and saw the case floating in the middle of the river. She was so sad to see her brother in the case and sang, "My little brother, please listen, did you finish eating the bread? Did you finish eating the butter? Did you finish eating the meat? Are your feet wet?"

Then her brother sang back, "My dear sister, my butter is almost finished. I finished eating the bread. I almost finished eating the meat. My feet are wet. Let's not talk about my sadness. Please don't stay at the river and go home."

On the way back home, the girl met a passerby and said, "Hello, sir, please help get my brother out of the river. If you do, I'll be your wife if you need one. I'll give you my brother if you need a son." The man ignored her and left.

After a while, she met a dark man on a black horse and said, "Hey, dark man on a black horse! Please help me take my brother out of the river. If you do, I'll be your wife if you need one. I'll give you my brother if you need a son." The dark man said he needed neither and left.

Later, she met a pale man on a white horse and said, "Hey, pale man on a white horse! Please help me get my brother out of the river. If you do, I'll be your wife if you need one. I'll give you my brother if you need a son."

The passerby said, "I need a wife and a son." Then he looked around, found a metal hook, used the hook pull the little boy from the river, broke the lock on the case and took the boy out and fed him tsampa. The little boy was saved. They put him on horseback to go to the pale man's home and began a happy life together.

Meanwhile, the old couple had been reduced to such poverty that they had become wandering beggars. The old couple's son and daughter gave them some food and sent them back home. Later, the pale man and the girl married and lived a happy life with the little boy.

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拾柴禾的小伙子和公主鞋

很久以前,有个地方住着一对母子,他们靠小伙子上山打柴来维持生 计。

有一天,小伙子背着柴禾走到山下的一座狮子石像上坐着休息时,石狮 子开口说道: "你为什么非得每天坐在我身上休息呢? 我实在是支撑不下夫 了。请你坐到地上休息吧!你想要什么我都会给你的。"小伙子回答:"那 我想要一把斧头。"石狮子便给了他一把能披荆斩棘的非常锋利的金斧头。 小伙子拿着那把锋利的斧头,又像往常一样上山砍柴,回家卖柴。不知过了 多久,有一天,小伙子走到森林中砍柴时,在一棵树的枝桠上发现了一双光 彩夺目的鞋子, 他便拿着那双鞋回家一一向村民间这是谁的鞋子, 其中一个 村民说这是汉族皇帝最疼爱的公主的鞋子。于是他在村民的陪同下走到汉族 皇帝所居住的宫殿里,向皇帝禀明实情。皇帝看到公主的鞋子,知道了公主 遭遇不测,便常赐给他们很多金银财宝,并派小伙子去寻找公主的下落。小 伙子在锦衣卫的陪同下来到一座悬崖峭壁上,壁檐上有一个山洞,公主被妖 怪抓进了洞里。他们趁妖怪睡着之际,用自己的腰带打结成长长的绳子,将 小伙子吊进了山洞。小伙子先是砍掉了守护在妖怪左右的金蛙和银蛙,挥起 金斧头砍掉了妖怪的脑袋, 救下了公主。顺便砍断了捆着一条龙的绳索, 和 公主一起骑上龙飞到峭壁上。后来,小伙子在皇帝的指婚下迎娶了公主,过 着幸福快乐的生活。

The Woodcutter and the Princess's Shoe

A woman and her son made a living by cutting and selling firewood. One day when the boy was in the forest collecting wood he rested on a stone image of a lion. Suddenly, a voice said, "Why do you always sit on me when you rest? I can bear it no longer. Please rest on the ground and I will give you whatever you want." The boy then asked for an ax and the lion gave him a very sharp ax. He then collected much more wood than before.

One day, he went to the forest as usual and discovered a shining shoe in a tree. He brought the shoe back to his village, and asked who owned the shoe. A villager told him that it belonged to the emperor's daughter. The son then went to the emperor's palace with the shoe where the emperor and the emperor recognized it as the princess's shoe. The emperor rewarded the boy and asked him to search for the lost princess.

He went to the middle of a rocky mountain with some of the king's ministers who lowered the boy into a deep ravine with their sashes tied together. He discovered a sleeping monster and killed the gold and silver frogs that surrounded it. Then he killed the monster with his ax and saved the princess.

He broke an iron chain that tethered a dragon and flew to the top of the rocky mountain. Later, he married the princess and had a happy life.

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穷娃夺王位

很久以前,在某个地方,有一对老母亲和她的儿子一起过着很艰苦的生活,经常以乞讨为生。

有一天早上,儿子对母亲说,他昨晚做了一个很奇怪的梦,梦里他的左右肩上升出了太阳和月亮,老母亲想了一会儿后对儿子说: "你做的这个梦预示着今后我们不会再靠讨饭过活啦!"儿子叮嘱母亲说: "母亲您到王宫那里乞讨时,不要告诉别人这件事,以免惹是生非啊!

但是,第二天,老母亲因为不以乞讨而生的预兆而一时狂喜,对众人说出了儿子的好梦,老母亲的话被王宫里的一个仆人听见之后并告诉了大王,大王一想,真有这么一个人的话,那肯定是要夺我王位的。于是大王下令把老母亲的儿子抓回王宫,挖出了一只眼后,并嘱咐两个仆人把老母亲的儿子流放到一个不长草的蛮荒之地。

两个仆人带着老母亲的儿子行程了无数个日日夜夜,最后实在累得走不动了,儿子对两个仆人说: "我一个瞎子是不可能回去的,你们回去跟大王说把我留在一个不毛之地就行了,那样大王是不会怪罪你们的。"两个仆人一听,觉得也没什么不妥,就回宫复命去了。那两个仆人走后,老母亲的儿子把草帽当做枕头想躺下休息一会儿,就在这个时候他忽然看见一只鹞鹰叼着一条小精蛇,他连忙拿起石头打鹞鹰,那条小精蛇就掉到他的身边,然后他把小精蛇放在帽子里。这时,小精蛇说它是龙王的太子,一会儿有个身穿黑色盔甲、骑着黑马来找寻我的,就是我大哥,他问你有没有看见一只鹞鹰叼着一条小精蛇飞过,你不要如实回答,你就说我一个瞎子能看见什么,因为就算你如实说了他也不会给你什么好处的;之后要来一个穿红衣、骑着红马的,他是我二哥,他会问你同样的问题,你也不要如实答复,他也不会给你什么;最后会来一个身穿白衣、骑着白马的是我父王,这次你要如实回答,说出你是如何救了我,他一定会感谢你的,而且会把你带到龙宫,要给你很多东西,但那些东西其实都不能用,在我们家的大灶上方有个碗,你就要它,它会让你万事如愿的。

于是,他就按照太子的说法去答复那三个人,最后身穿白衣、骑着白马的那个人说带他去龙宫给他所想要的东西,龙王说: "你害怕去龙宫吗?如果害怕,就把眼睛闭上这样我可以带你到龙宫。"他们到了龙宫之后,龙王就对他说: "你有什么需要就尽管开口,金子、银子、礼服样样都有。"但

老母亲的儿子说: "这些我统统不要",他依照小精蛇的话,跟龙王提出了要大灶上方三个碗当中的其中一个。龙王想了想,一般这个碗是不能轻易给的,但是他救了我儿子的命,功劳极大,之后就决定给他这个神奇的碗,还治好了他的眼睛。

老母亲的儿子回到海滨后,拿着自己的碗漫步,这时,他遇见了一个扛着一根棍子的人,他问到: "你这么费力地扛着一根棍子干嘛?"那个人说: "如果有我喜欢的东西,我只命令这根棍子它就会帮我抢过来,满足我的需求。"男子听完后,就说起了自己宝物的神奇之处: 如果饿了,碗里就有饭,如果渴了就会有水喝。说完之后他们就交换了宝物。结果男子走了一段路之后,就命令棍子把那个神奇的碗抢了回来。

男子又走了一段路之后,遇见一位带着一个大锤子的人,男子问:"这个锤子有何用处。"那个人说:"用我的锤子,往地上轻轻地敲三下,就会出现铁堡的基地,狠狠地再敲三下,就会出现九层楼。"于是他们交换了宝物,男子又照旧把碗抢了回来。

之后男子又遇见了带着一根茅草的人,问起了茅草的神奇之处,那个人说: "轻轻地拉三下,就可以呼风唤雨,狠狠地拉三下,就可以洪涝成灾。"于是他们交换了法宝,过一阵子后男子又命令棍子把碗抢了回来,然后他就带着四件宝物回了自己的家。

由于他无法容忍以前大王对他的所作所为,所以在王宫后面用大锤子筑起了九层的铁堡,第二天早晨,大王跟皇后说: "昨夜王宫后边大吵大闹,你去看一下。"皇后把亲眼所见如实上报后,大王却在一怒之下杀了她,大王又派贵妃,贵妃害怕遇到和皇后一样的下场,就用刀砍下了自己的手,之后又派二贵妃,她不知所措只好请邻里的老奶奶当自己的顾问,二贵妃照老奶奶的话把国王领到外边去看,国王察觉到情况有点不妙,所以命令下人用柴火堆在铁堡的周围点火,铁堡逐渐热了起来,男子从一楼跑到楼顶,用他的茅草呼风唤雨发起了洪水,差点儿把王宫也冲走。这时,大王知道了那个男子就是自己以前流放的那个男孩,无奈之下,大王只好把王位传给男子,自己作了他的臣相。男子当上国王之后,政治开明,国泰民安,从此母子两个过上了幸福美满的生活。

The King and the Poor Man

An old beggar mother and her son lived in dire poverty and lived by begging for food. The son said to his mother one morning, "Last night I dreamed of the sun shining from my right shoulder, and the moon shining from my left shoulder. This must be auspicious. I'm sure we won't need to beg in the future. Please don't tell others about this dream when you go to enjoy the sunshine by the wall of the king's palace." However, the mother was so delighted with what she had heard that she could not control herself, and told others she met at the wall of the king's palace.

As soon as one of the king's servants heard the dream, he reported to the king, who worriedly thought, "If that is the case, he will surely take control of my kingdom." Then he called the beggar's son to the palace, gouged out one of his eyes, and banished him under the watch of two ministers who wore armor. The king dismissed them, saying, "Take him to a desolate place. Don't return until your armor and metal shoes are worn out."

The two ministers took the beggar's son and walked for days and nights. Eventually they were tired of walking and began complaining. The boy said, "Dear ministers, the king asked you to take me away until your armor and metal shoes are worn out, but that's impossible! You should rub your clothes and shoes on a rock and then put them in water. They will then quickly become worn out and you will be able to go home without fear of punishment from the king."

The two ministers did as he said, and soon returned to the palace. After the ministers left, they boy lay on the ground, using his hat as a pillow. Through his one good eye he saw a kite carrying a baby snake. He threw a stone at the kite and, though he did not hit it, the frightened the bird dropped the snake, which fell right on his head. Worried that the kite would still try to catch the snake, he hid it under his hat.

After a while, the snake said, "I'm a water deity and a black man on a black horse will soon come and ask you if you saw a kite carrying a serpent. Don't tell the truth. Just reply that you are blind and can't see anything. He is my eldest brother and will give you nothing for saving my life. After the black man, a red man on a red horse will come and ask you the same thing. Give the same answer. He is my elder brother and won't give you anything for saving my life. Next, a white man on a white horse will come and ask you the same thing. This time tell the truth. He is my father and he will repay your kindness. He will lead you to the realm of water deities and offer you thousands of meters of silk and hundreds of kilos of gold and silver. However, all those things will become stone and soil as

soon as you return to land. Ask only for the bowl on the stove, and it will benefit you in the future."

The black man soon came riding a black horse and the red man came next riding a red horse. When they asked if he had seen a kite and a serpent, he lied. He only told the truth to the white man on a white horse. Then the white man said, "Please come with me under the sea and I'll give you whatever you want."

"I'm afraid to go under the sea," replied the boy.

The white man said, "There's nothing to be afraid of. Close your eyes. When you open them again, you'll be in the realm of the water deities." Then the white man led him underneath the sea.

Once in the realm of the water deities, the king said, "Please tell me what you want. I can give you thousands of meters of silk or hundreds of kilos of gold and silver to show my gratitude."

When the boy requested only one of the three bowls on the stove, the king said, "I really shouldn't give you this bowl, but because you saved my son, I can only agree." With the bowl's magic help, the beggar's eye-sight recovered completely and the king of the water deities took him back above the sea.

The boy kept the bowl in his robe and wandered about. One day he met a man carrying a heavy piece of wood, "Why are you carrying that piece of wood and sweating like a bullock?" asked the boy.

"If you want anything from others, this piece of wood will beat them and obtain it for you," the man explained.

"My bowl can provide meat, butter, tea, whatever you want. How about exchanging your piece of wood for my bowl?" said the boy, and they then exchanged. After a short while, the boy said to the magic branch, "We have nothing to eat now, please bring the bowl back to me." The branch then flew away, beat the man, and brought the bowl back.

Next, he met a man carrying an iron hammer. When he asked the man what the hammer was for, the man replied that when the hammer struck thrice lightly, the foundations of a building would appear, and if it struck three times forcefully, a nine-floored iron building would appear. Then, he explained the use of his bowl and exchanged it. After a while, he sent the branch to bring back the bowl.

He next met a man carrying straw. When he asked the use of the straw, he learned that if the straw was pulled lightly, it would make the sky cloudy, and if it was pulled forcefully, a flood would destroy the king's palace. Then the boy explained the use of his bowl, exchanged it, and then sent the branch to bring the bowl back. Soon afterwards, he arrived home.

He was still angry with the king, went behind the king's palace, used his hammer to lightly hit the ground three times, and then forcefully hit the ground three times. A nine-floored iron building appeared.

The next morning, the king ordered his oldest queen to find out what the strange sounds were from behind the palace. She reported exactly what she saw and the king killed her in anger. Then the king ordered another queen to investigate and report. Afraid that the king would kill her if she told the truth, she cut her finger on the blade of a knife as an excuse to escape the punishment. Finally the king ordered his youngest queen to investigate. She went to their neighbor to ask advice. The old woman advised her to convince the king to go look for himself, and that is exactly what she did.

When the king saw the nine-floored iron building, he was astonished. He collected firewood from all the villages under his administration, piled it around the iron building, and set fire to it.

When the first floor heated up, the boy went up to the upper floor, and gradually reached the ninth floor. He then lightly pulled the straw three times, and it became cloudy. When he pulled forcefully three times, a flood struck, destroying the king's palace.

Afterwards, the king gave the kingdom to the beggar's son and served him as a minister. The new king treated the civilians kindly and led a happy life with his mother.

र्ज्ञवाहिर्द्रान्यकाय

राप्टु.जांश. दे.जींग. त. बुवा.श्राष्ट्रदा। विषा.जींग. त. दु.जींग.जींग. जूट. विषा.ची. विषा.ची. विषा.ची. विषा.ची. रान्दा वेत्राप्वेत् द्वां च्यार्थेद् र्क्ट्रास्य वेता सार्चेया प्राप्त वित्राप्त वित्राप्त वित्राप्त वित्राप्त लबाह्राब्दान्त्राणु अप्तवानुवाद्या विषया में कार्य में क ऍ८.क्८.४८.मी.थ.चथ.तर.भूँ.पचिषाची.श्री.र्युष.प्याची.श्री.र्युष.प्याची.श्रीता.यर.क्रेर.मीथ.ल्.ता.चेष.तथा तथा.वी.जा.विषा.यर. वाबय ता.भूर. र्यूषा बुषा तथर. ता.ची विषा तथर. भूर. मैं या.च. र. र. वीषा कुट. र्या वषा तभूर वा. या. वीषा तथर. ञ्चलाचाद्रेरावाबद्रालाञ्चित्रदर्वाषाळे देवाचराद्रेत्याचारा विष्याचाद्रेत्राचाद्रेत्राचाद्रेत्राचाद्रेत्राचाद्र विषाः निष्यां निःस्वाः वीकाः स्वाः स्व ला च आ अर र्ये केर हे प्रविष् हे प्रभुष। अर पर रेष च अर अर र्ये चेष प्रवासिक केर हे च व सिर वर है. . इ.सॅट.ट.चुवा.ये.बीटा अंचळ.टुरी ४०.१.८.वे.बीटा.स्.वाधुश.लूट.टा.टु.वाधुश.बीटा.बीटा.हूट.टा.हूवा.रुथ.हीट. त्र्रां पः अरः र्रा ब्रेंबा पार्टा वेदा विवा श्वाप्याव त्युरः पार्टा विवा वार्ट्य द्वारा व्याप्य अरः र्रा व्रिरः अर्पा वार्ष्य स्थाप ह्यमाराज्य देवः मुकासुःसुःसुवादेवरावर्षा सम्भास्य स्वार्धिरायाः साम्रीमानाः स्वार्धिरायाः सम्भास्य स्वार्धिरा ८.ल८. च.कुब.लुब. वथः, जुब. तथि.त.वी मिल.तबा.स्या.खूर. ८.४वी.वर. २.७१ लूट. तथा वया मेवा.से. तम्म $\widehat{a}_{L,M}(\mathbb{R}^{-1}) = \widehat{a}_{L,M}(\mathbb{R}^{-1}) + \widehat{a}$ ॉर्यन्यः र्वेषारु: नृतः विवायितः सुतः सुत्यिनः प्रतिनः प्रतितः श्चीः स्त्रः स्त्रितः स्त्रः स्त्रः स्त्रः स्ति स्त्राप्तः स्त्रारुः सुत्रः स्त्र त्यापाश्चरः हेवाप्यश्चरा स्वयः द्वाप्यः स्वरः त्वयः द्वाप्यः स्वरः स्वरः स्वरः स्वरः स्वरः स्वरः स्वरः स्वरः स શુંભાર્સ-તાનવાતાનુ ત્રાના ત્રાના ત્રાના કું કું માના ત્રાના ત્રાના ત્રાના ત્રાના ત્રાના ત્રાના ત્રાના ત્રાના ત ८८विषायार्थयान्। विषार्थेर सुन् नेश्चर प्रवास्त्र सुनार्थिर सुनार्थिर सुनार्थिर सिनार्थिर सिनार्थि सिनार्थिर सिनार्थिर सिनार्थिर सिनार्थिर सिनार्थि सिनार्थ सिनार्थि सिनार्थ

神蛙与牧羊男孩

很久很久以前,在一个小村庄里有一个牧羊的小男孩。

有一天他放完羊回家的路上捡到了一只受伤的青蛙,于是就把它带回了家里,对他每天细心照顾,用自己仅有的口粮喂那只青蛙而自己则饿着肚子。日子一久他的身体变得越来越消瘦,小男孩的父亲感到很疑惑,详细一查才发现儿子是将自己的口粮喂给了一只青蛙,于是父亲就要求儿子将青蛙扔掉,儿子就说青蛙是自己所救,怎么也不肯,父亲再三劝说之后,儿子才终于答应了,不过却说如果要扔掉必须给他足够的食物才愿意。父亲拗不过儿子就答应了他的要求,儿子就把青蛙送到了很远的一个山洞里,父亲也准备了几车粮食一同送去,年复一年青蛙越长越大,几乎快长满了山洞。

这一年两个国家正为争夺国土而开战,当年的小男孩也长成了大小伙儿,他也参与到战争中,希望得到一片领土。而那只青蛙则因为没有食物可吃吃了很多过路人,这天,他又对着一个行人张开大口,刚把这人衔到口中,这人就开口道: "我当年救了你并帮你疗伤还给你食物吃,难道你却要反过来吃了我吗?"青蛙一惊,这才认出是那男孩,于是就说: "我一直等着你来看我,等到食物都吃完了,可你还没来,我无奈之下只好吃人。"接着又说: "你现在就把我的肚子划开,里面有一件宝物,你把宝物取出,带在身边,以后就能心想事成。"男孩当即就说: "我不会为了拿到宝物而杀了你,这样我做不到。"青蛙很感动,它乘男孩不注意划开了自己的肚子,将宝物交给了男孩,男孩很伤心,在掩埋了青蛙的尸体之后。拿着宝物一直走啊走,在到了一个地方之后他看到了很多老百姓的尸体,他对着宝物默默祈祷,奇迹发生了,那些人竟然复活了。就这样,他依靠宝物的力量得到了大片的国土,过上了幸福的生活。

The Herdsman and the Frog

A boy who herded livestock once found a frog on his way back home, picked it up, put it by the gate under a basket, and fed the frog using his own food. As boy became progressively thinner, his father noticed and found that the boy was giving all his food to the frog under the basket.

The father ordered his son to give the frog away. The boy said that he had fed the frog since he was young. He asked his father whether or not his father would provide food for the frog if the frong needed to be carried away. The father agreed and provided the frog with carts of food when the son took the frog to a cave. After awhile the frog became so large that he hardly fit in the cave. At this time, two kings and the boy were each struggling for the throne. The frog was hungry, since all the provided foods were finished, so it killed many people to eat. It also caught the boy.

The boy shouted, "I fed you and you still want to eat me!" "I have been waiting for you because all my food is finished. I was forced to eat people to live. Please cut open my stomach and you will find a precious stone there. It will make all your dreams come true," said the frog.

The boy refused and said, "I don't want to take your life to get that precious stone."

Then the frog cut open his own stomach and handed the precious stone to the boy.

The boy went to the scene of a recent battle and found many people dead on the battleground. They all came back to life after he touched them with the precious stone. Eventually the precious stone helped the boy get the throne.

ধ্র'ব্র'শবিশা

 $\frac{1}{2} \int_{\mathbb{R}^{3}} d^{3} d$

वेत्र-विष सुःर्रात्र-तुःर्र-त्य-भेट-पावेत्र-विक्ष-पवित्यर्गत्य-ने : र्राः स्ट्र-प्य-त्य-प्य-त्य-त्य-ने क्यः र्ह्य-देत्र-यम् इ'र्चर्यान्सु'र्च'त्ववावा देन'र्कट'वी'तर्चुर'याने'तर्नु पत्रमान्नेट'र्चे सेन'यावादीन'ग्रीकान्पन्ते सेन'साम त्यासुन् भेटा अटा र्या तस्या वर्षा वर्षा वर्षा वर्षा विकाया विषय स्था वर्षा व क्या. त्रा. ह्या. त्रा. ह्या. <u>खु</u>ॱळॅब्रासु चॅं त्या हुिया कॅर कॅर त्यस्त व्यापना स्थाप सार क्षा सार क्षा सार क्षा क्षा सार क्षा क्षा का क्षा का कि राःक्ष्ररः द्विमः वाद्ये संस्थान्य स्वाद्यात्र स्वाद्यात्र स्वाद्यात्र स्वाद्यात्र स्वाद्यात्र स्वाद्यात्र स्व कु.लट.श्रट.टी लूट.त.यु.ट.यंथे.ट.वी. घेट.सी विट.व.वश्य विश्वभातीय लुट.वा.वीट.व्याविट.वा.वीट.ट्यूब्रः, खेय.ट्या बु 'र्चब्रक्ष'-द्राब्य'न मुद्रान्द्र मुद्रान्द्र मानुब्रान्द्र मुद्राव्या विष्याचा मुद्राच्या सु 'र्चब्राचा मुद्राच्या मुद्राच्या सु 'र्चब्राचा मुद्राच्या मुद्राच मुद्राच्या मुद्राच्या मु चुन्। ट्रे.यंबाये.त्र्याय.व्यट.जा.चुट.स्.पर्टेट.टे.पर्छवो.यंबाबा.चुय.ध.घवो.प्टट.खुवो.धे.ब्र्या.धे.ब्र्या.च.टा। जन्ना नः ब्राटः त्रकेः त्रनः अत्वः धुँवायः ग्रीः नेः अर्थेवः यः विवाः यानः नः नः नश्चवः वयः गर्शेनः नेतेः श्लेटः न् र संटः वयः नर्देशन्तः अर्क्षः र्षेत्राची त्वेषानित्र अर्क्षः केत्राविषा अर्वेदः देष। विदायना सार्वे त्या स्वापनित्र सार्वे विषा तर्दिन व के बिवा थेंद्र। ब्रिट रूट वावका दे ला केंद्र व का वावका ला चक्षका व का खुन रक्षा बिवा ला केंद्र प्रटा दे उ $\xi \in \mathbb{Z}$. ξ ॉवेंदे'च'त्रूट'वी'चश्रद'च'चेबेद'र्दु'बॅवाष'चदे'श्चु'रेट्ष'श्रर'च'द्ट'अवुग्र'र्दु'अर्कें'देदे'वेु' टेबःग्वेबःचन्त् प्रचायान् स्त्रान्त्रान्त्रा याद्वान्त्रान्त्राच्यान्त्रान्त्रान्त्रान्त्रान्त्रान्त्रान्त्रान्त्रान्त्रान्त्र क्र्यायाः भ्रुवा राषा धीन रन्ना रुवा रुम र्मु रार्स्यवा राम द्वीन रुम। कुम र्वं अर वर्षे म हेषा ब्रह्मा खायता व्रषा क्षा खारा वि
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兄弟俩

从前有两兄弟,家境特别贫寒,家里有一头能听懂人话的老牛。哥哥娶 了个媳妇而弟弟还没结婚。兄弟俩经常一起去放牛,他们给牛吃最嫩的草, 喝最清的水,顺便靠拾柴禾为生。

有一天,嫂嫂心里生出不好的念头,她想:"家境本来就不富裕,如果把家产分了,将弟弟赶出家,我们的日子就会好过一点的。"于是,她经常在丈夫耳边唠叨。哥哥就和弟弟商量:"咱们分家怎么样?"弟弟说:"哥,咱家的家境不好,你先别这样。等我拾了很多柴禾卖掉,咱再分家,我们每人就有稍多点的家产可以分了,"之后弟弟每天都一声不吭地上山拾柴禾。

嫂嫂见状,就越发费劲口舌说一些分家的好处,这使哥哥不得不受影响。哥哥又向弟弟提起了分家的事,他问弟弟: "咱家可以分的家产就只有一头牛、一辆马车和一间房子。你要哪个?" 弟弟说: "我要马车和牛"。于是哥哥就把马车和牛分给了弟弟,弟弟驾着牛车要到很远的地方,途中经过一座大山时马车坏了,老牛也生病死了。老牛在临死之前指着前面的大山说: "你站在那儿就会看到一条叫做措恩宝(现在的青海湖)的美丽的湖水,那儿有你想要的一切。你到那儿之后仰望天上,经常有一群仙女来人间沐浴,其中有一位穿绿色霓裳的仙女,你把那件绿色霓裳偷来,并把它藏起来,这位仙女必将成为你的妻子。"

弟弟按老牛的授意,当清晨第一轮曙光照亮大地时来到托仑宝附近,湖边的草地、森林和鸟雀的啾鸣声仿佛将他的灵魂都要带走。他望向天际,没过多久,天上有一群仙女飞到湖边沐浴更衣,其中就有老牛说的穿绿色霓裳的仙女。等仙女们下水嬉戏之时,弟弟就拿起那件绿色霓裳转身藏到了森林中。不一会儿,仙女们各自穿着霓裳飞向天空,唯独剩下那位仙女焦急地找着自己的绿色霓裳。此时,弟弟将那件绿色霓裳拿给了仙女,并向她表示爱慕之意,他们果真如老牛所说的那样成为了夫妻,过着幸福美满的生活。

Two Brothers

Two brothers in a poor family had a bull that could understand human language. The older brother married while the younger one remained single. The two brothers often drove the bull where there was fresh water and good grass. As the bull grazed, they collected firewood to sell and thus made a living.

As time passed, the sister-in-law came up with an evil idea for getting rid of the younger brother so their lives would be better and urged her husband to persuade the younger brother to leave. One day he told his brother about his wife's idea.

"We're not rich and I think it's too early to discuss dividing our family. What do you think of living individually after we sell more firewood and have some savings? At that time we would have some property to divide," the younger brother responded.

The younger brother went to fetch firewood as usual every day, but the couple persistently urged him, and he finally agreed to leave. "We have nothing except the bull, a cart, and a house. Which do you want?" asked his brother.

"I want the bull and cart," said the younger brother. The younger brother then drove the bull to a distant place with the cart hitched behind it. Unfortunately, the cart broke and the bull said, "Go to that mountain facing us. There will be a lake behind that mountain where goddesses come to bathe. Take the green dress and hide. The girl whose dress you take will become your wife." Then the bull suddenly died.

The younger brother did as the bull instructed and when he reached the mountain top, he saw a lake surrounded by colorful flowers, and a forest with birds melodiously singing everywhere. Many goddesses from Paradise came to the lake to bathe, he happily took the green one among many dresses and then hid in the trees.

All the goddesses flew back to Paradise except the one who was sadly looking for her dress. The younger brother went to her and sincerely talked to her. Eventually they fell in love and lived happily ever after.

এই:প্রথম

पर्सर-प्रे.श्र्ट-वर्-प्रीय-तियाक्ष्यक्ष्य-विकासीटा। वे.क्र्-टिट-टट-वर्-विक्षियःभ्रियः

悲悯之心

很久以前,有一只青蛙、一只天鹅和一只鹦鹉生活在一起,它们从小一起玩耍、一起长大,有着很深厚的感情。有一天,鹦鹉飞向森林,天鹅飞到一片湖水边,青蛙伤心地哭了起来。鹦鹉和天鹅顿时起了悲悯之心,它们商量着:"小青蛙是我们小时候的玩伴,我们现在会飞了,就要带它一起飞。"于是它们用草编了一个貌似背篓的东西,把青蛙放进里边,将小背篓绑在一条木棒上,然后用嘴叼住木棒两端开始了它们的飞行之旅。

它们飞啊飞,飞到了一个地方,有一群小孩在拾牛粪,其中一个看到鹦鹉和天鹅叼着一根木棒在飞行,便惊奇地呼喊: "那是谁的主意啊?"鹦鹉随即便说: "那是我想出来的。"一不小心木棒从嘴里掉下来,青蛙落到了地上。一只乌鸦过来想要将青蛙叼走时,鹦鹉说: "乌鸦,你不想知道青蛙的名字吗?"乌鸦回答: "想啊!"鹦鹉说: "它的名字叫悲悯之心,你在吃它之前一定要去河边洗干净。"乌鸦听了鹦鹉的话,将青蛙叼到河边准备洗时,一不留神,青蛙钻进河边的石头底下溜走了。随后乌鸦左蹦右跳地喊着: "悲悯之心! 悲悯之心!"就这样把到嘴的美餐丢了。

Friendship

A frog, a parrot, and a goose lived together in one place. They were friends who got along well. One day the parrot was about fly to a big forest and the goose planned to fly to a beautiful lake. The frog could only stay behind alone. He became very sad and sobbed.

The two birds thoughtfully talked about how they had grown up together and therefore should take the frog with them. They made a small basket, put the frog in it, tied it to a stick, and then each bird held a stick end in their mouth and flew off.

As the birds were flying, carrying the frog in the basket, some children saw them and said, "What a clever idea! Whose idea was it?"

The parrot proudly said, "It was my idea."

As soon as he spoke, the frog fell to the ground. A crow caught the frog in its beak, before it hit the ground.

The parrot flew down and asked the crow, "Do you know its name?"

"No." replied the crow.

"Its name is Brave-hearted. Wash it before you eat it," the parrot instructed.

The crow took the frog near a river and, as he began to wash it, the frog escaped under a stone. The crow thus lost his delicious meal and realized the parrot had tricked him.

मुल र्च मॅिट लें रच चहुन्

षुत्रथायियःचियां कु.शहेवा.मु.चै.टाचवेवा.शचतःट्वा.ची.कू.खुवी.मु.शयू.शु.कूच.तयः.कु.क्षेत्र.ची.क्षेशःचयः,धुच.शक्चे।पूप्र.शू.लीवा.मे. ला.पहूच.ट्यूयःखुयःमैज.तूयःट्वा.म्बैच.पट्टा.ची.प्वा.मु.श.कूच.या.मु.श.कूच.या.कुच.या.कूच.यूप्र.शू.त्वी.पटट. पट्.तपु.ज्ञयःशू.श्चेव.वर्षेशःभुष्रेशःलूट.चपटा. ची.खुवा.श.भुष्यःक्षेत्रयां वाचपःशु.तूट.ग्री.वाधशःट्वा.ला.स्.चीनःची. ट्र.लट.वाचपःकू.शूपु.ट्या.चुवा.जा लीज.मी.खुवा.च.मैजःतूर्।शू.धी.वी.चेट.जा.लुट.दूट.शावपःला.शहूयःचीट्

यज्ञेट.ट्रे.ज्ञेस.ब्र्.ब्र्ट्ट.व्यंच्यःक्रेट.ल.चस्वे.त्यःचर्भेवाना

क्रीम.ट्रंट.च्रेट.स्वेट.स्वेन.स्वं.च्रंट.च्रंच.च्र

यध्याताची जन्नाच्यात्म्म् स्वयात्म्म् चैतः द्वात्त्र्याक्ष्म् व्यात्म् कृतः त्वात्त्र्याक्ष्मः व्यात्म् कृतः त्वात्त्र्याः व्यात्त्र्याः व्यात्त्र्याः व्यात्यः व्यात्त्र्यः व्यात्त्र्यः व्यात्यः व्यात्यः व्यात्यः व्यात्यः व्यात्यः व्यात्यः व्यात्यः व्याः व

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र्डव्यास्य स्वया स्वया

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恭孜拉丹王子

很久以前,有一位国王,他有三个美貌如仙的公主,但遗憾的是王后一 直没能诞下一个王子。随着时间的推移,"子继父业,养儿防老"的想法越 来越困扰着国王。

日子一天天地过去了,国王的三个公主都出落得亭亭玉立,到了谈婚论嫁的年龄,国王为了女儿们的幸福,也为了弥补自己没王子的遗憾,便决定公告全国,他将举办一场盛大的宴会,给三位公主招驸马。经多方打听,邻国的恭孜拉丹王子才貌双全,品德高尚,国王很是满意,就很想招他为驸马。此事也传到了恭孜拉丹王子的耳边,他便装作乞丐来到皇宫前行乞。

有一天,国王的大公主来河边玩水,恭孜拉丹王子装作一名僧人躺在路中央。大公主一看见这情形,对他说,"喂!快让路。"王子说:"如果你赶时间,就从我身上跨过去,如果不急,就请绕道而行。"公主说:"我可没时间绕道。"说完便从王子身上跨了过去。

第二天,国王的二公主前来玩水,恭孜拉丹王子装作一名乞丐躺在路中央。二公主看见这情形,对他说:"喂!快让路。"王子说:"如果你赶时间,就从我身上跨过去,如果不急,就请绕道而行。"公主说:"我可没时间绕道。"说完跟大公主一样,也从王子身上跨了过去。

第三天,国王的三公主前来玩水,恭孜拉丹王子也装作一名乞丐躺在路中央。三公主看见这情形,对他说: "喂!快让路。"王子说: "如果你赶时间,就从我身上跨过去,如果不急,就请绕道而行。"公主心想,自己平时连条虫子的身上也没故意跨过去,更何况这是一个人,不管贫富贵贱,一样值得尊敬。公主便绕道而行。王子见此情形,立马起来挡住公主的去路,说: "你父皇要招驸马,你能不能选我呀!"公主一见乞丐俊朗的脸以及充满真诚的眼神,心存几份喜爱,羞涩地说: "前来参加选婿的人群中,我怎么能认出你呢?"王子说: "要不这样吧,招婿那天我穿这件乞丐服,手里持个拐杖,怎么样?"公主应允了。

举行宴会的日子很快到了。这一天,国王的大公主和二公主分别挑选了 英俊潇洒,风流倜傥的富家子弟。尽管没选上恭孜拉丹王子,但国王还是很 满意。不过让所有人出乎意料的是小公主却选择了一名乞丐,让所有人大为 不解。尤其是国王大发雷霆,以为小公主玷污了他神圣的皇室血统,于是就 把公主赶出了皇宫。 小公主尽管有很多不舍,但面对父皇的绝情,她义无反顾的选择了跟乞丐夫婿一起流浪乞讨。若干年后的有一天,小公主问乞丐:"你就没有个安稳的家吗?"乞丐说:"有,该是带你回去的时候了,不过我在前面拖着拐杖走,你沿着拐杖的痕迹跟着来。"说完便大步往前走,小公主紧随其后。走着走着,突然拐杖留下的痕迹消失了,而且乞丐也不见了。小公主很紧张,便加快步伐往前走。走着走着,小公主碰到一名放牛的牧人,便问到:"您有没有看见一个拄拐杖的乞丐。"那名牧人回答:"乞丐没看见,不过看见了恭孜拉丹王子。"公主心想,怎么可能呢!于是她继续前行,之后又碰到了放羊和放马的牧人,回答都跟前面的一样。公主自言自语到:"要是自己的夫婿真是恭孜拉丹就好了,不过大姐和二姐都没能招上恭孜拉丹王子,自己哪有那么好的命呀!"说完便继续前行。

又走了很长的路,乞丐夫婿依然穿着那件乞丐服,在一片开满鲜花的草地上等她。乞丐见到她说: "你在草地上摘些鲜花,装在口袋里。"公主照王子的话,摘了一些鲜花放进了口袋里,很奇妙的是,那些鲜花瞬间变成了很多珊瑚和绿松石。公主像是做梦一样,简直不敢相信自己的眼睛,傻傻地楞在那里。这时,乞丐又说到: "一会儿我父母问你,你路上碰到羊群、牛群和马群了吗?数量多吗?你就回答碰到了,数量很多,但比起我家略逊一些。"公主答应了。于是他俩就来到了王子的家里,乞丐的母亲便问到之前乞丐给公主说的问题,公主也按乞丐的吩咐回答了。因为乞丐的母亲是个贪财之人,又问到: "既然你家那么富裕,那没给你陪点嫁妆吗?"公主回答: "陪了。"说完拿起口袋里的珊瑚和绿松石给乞丐母亲看。乞丐母亲一见,以为自己的儿子找了个有钱人家的姑娘,高兴地合不上嘴。

有一天,恭孜拉丹王子认为该是自己以王子的身份和公主一同回去探亲了。于是把这个想法了告诉公主。公主认为这样贸然回去有所不妥,便决定自己先回去,跟家里人打个招呼,以便他们有个心理准备。就这样公主首先来到大姐家,向她告诉自己找的夫婿不是乞丐,而是恭孜拉丹王子。大姐听后说: "你该不会是在做梦吧!连我都没那个福分,你怎么可能有这样的福分"说完就不搭理她。公主又来到二姐家,也同样没搭理她。公主只好去见父母。她来到皇宫里把整个事情的前前后后都告诉了父皇,但父皇以为她和乞丐夫婿穷途末路,来行乞了,一直不给好脸色,也不相信公主所说的话。这时恭孜拉丹王子被千军万马左右护驾而来,国王一见这情形,顿时目瞪口呆,惊讶万分,便与以往不同的姿态热烈恭请拉孜拉丹王子。国王和王后心

情很激动,便给小公主补陪了非常丰厚的嫁妆。从此恭孜拉丹王子和公主为四位老人尽孝,过着幸福美满的生活。

King Gong tse rab brtan

A king and queen had three very beautiful princesses and no sons. According to Tibetan tradition, a man's estate should be inherited by his son. The king thought about how he needed a son to take care of him when he got old and to inherit his estate after his death. He knew that his daughter would be unable to manage such things.

As time passed, the three princesses grew up and it was time for them to marry. The king thought that for the sake of having someone to care for his estate and the three princesses, he must find grooms for them. He thought that King Gong tse rab brtan would be the best choice for one princess. When King Gong tse rab brtan learned that the king wanted him to marry a princess, he disguised himself as a beggar, went to the king's well, and waited for the princesses to come fetch water.

The next day, the king sent the first princess to fetch water. King Gong tse rab brtan disguised himself as an old monk and lay in the middle of the road, blocking the way to the well. The princess saw the old monk in the middle of the road and said, "Hey! Old monk, go away. My father ran out of water to wash and my mother ran out of water for cooking. I must fetch water."

"You can jump over if it's urgent, or go around to fetch water," he said.

The princess said, "I don't have time to go around," jumped over the old monk, and went to fetch water.

On the second day, the second princess went to fetch water and encountered King Gong tse rab brtan who now seemed to be a beggar, lying in middle of the road, blocking the way. The princess said, "Hey! Poor guy, go away. My mother has no water to wash her hands and my father has no water to make offerings. I must fetch water."

"You can jump over me if it's urgent, or go around to fetch water," said the beggar.

"I have no time," said the princess, jumped over him, and went to fetch water.

On the third day, the youngest princess was sent to fetch water and King Gontse rab brtan was disguised as a beggar in the middle of the road, blocking the way. The princess said, "Hey! Go away! My father has no water to wash to wash and my mother has no water to drink. I must fetch water."

"Your sisters jumped over me and went to fetch water. You can do the same if it's urgent or you can go around," said King Gong tse rab brtan.

The princess thought, "I have never even jumped over insects since coming to this world, so how can I jump over a human?" She didn't jump over King Gong tse rab brtan, but went around to fetch water. Before she left, King Gong tse rab brtan stopped her and asked, "Will your family accept me as a groom?"

"I can choose you but I won't be able to recognize you on the day we choose grooms," the youngest princess said.

"I'll pretend to be a beggar with a stick on that day," said King Gong tse rab brtan. The princess agreed to the plan.

The king's family started to choose grooms for the three princesses a few days later. The first and second princesses chose two rich handsome men as their husbands and offered them liquor. The youngest princess had chose King Gong tse rab brtan, who had disguised himself as a beggar. The king was enraged with her choice and said, "Listen! How can a king's family choose a beggar? Look! Your sisters chose rich, good-looking men." The king then beat the youngest princess and expelled her from his home.

The princess and King Gong tse rab brtan wandered to many places and encountered many difficulties. Then one day, the princess asked King Gong tse rab brtan, "Don't you have a nice home?"

"Yes," said King Gong tse rab brtan and they then went to his home. As they walked in the direction of King Gong tse rab brtan's home, he said to the princess, "I'll go first, dragging the stick. You follow the trail a distance."

The princess agreed and followed. Then she suddenly lost sight of King Gong tse rab brtan. The princess continued walking and met King Gong tse rab brdan's yak herder, she asked him, "Did you see a beggar dragging his stick?"

"I didn't see a beggar but I saw King Gong tse rab brtan pass by," replied the yak herder.

The princess wondered how she might have the good fortune to marry King Gong tse rab brtan and continued walking. She next met King Gong tse rab brtan's sheep herder and asked, "Did you see a beggar dragging his stick?"

"I didn't see a beggar but I saw King Gong tse rab brtan pass by," answered the sheep herder.

The girl wondered how she might have good fortune to spend her life with King Gong tse rab brtan and continued walking. She then met King Gong tse rab brtan's horseman and asked, "Did you see a beggar dragging his stick?"

"I didn't see a beggar but I saw King Gong tse rab brtan pass by," replied the horseman.

She continued walking and thought that she would never have the good fortune to marry King Gong tse rab brtan. Although her sisters had wanted to marry King Gong tse rab brtan, they could not. "How wonderful it would be to be to spend my life with King Gong tse rab brtan," she thought and continued walking.

She eventually reached a place where there were many flowers. It was just like paradise. She was reunited with King Gong tse rab brtan, who was still disguised as a beggar. He told her to pick many flowers and put them in her pocket. She did so and all the flowers turned to such treasures, as jade and coral in her pockets. King Gong tse rab brtan said, "When we reach my home, my parents will ask you if you met a yak herder, a shepherd, and a horseman. They will also ask if there were many livestock. Say that you have seen a yak herder, a shepherd, a horseman, and many livestock, but none of them can compare with yours." The princess tried to remember what king Gong tse rab brtan said to her as they walked to his home.

When they reached King Gong tse's home, the king's parents asked questions and she replied to them according to what the king had said. King Gong tse rab brtan's mother was greedy and asked the princess, "If your family is so rich, what dowry did your parents give you?"

The girl then took out the jade and corals from her pocket and gave them to King Gong tse rab brtan's mother, who was delighted thinking her son had found a wife from a very wealthy family.

After a few days, King Gong tse rab brtan's parents decided to send King Gong tse rab brtan and the princess with many soldiers to the princess's home. The princess then suggested she go home first and inform her parents. The princess then went home but was afraid to go tell her parents. Instead, she found her oldest sister and told her everything, but the oldest sister didn't believe her. She said that that beggar with a stick could not be King Gong tse rab brtan, laughed at her, and then ignored her.

The princess next went to her second sister's home and told her everything. The second sister also disbelieved her and told the princess that she and her eldest sisters lacked the fortune to marry King Gong tse rab brtan, so how could the youngest princess be so fortunate.

Without any other choice, she visited her parents and told them she had married King Gong tse rab brtan.

Her parents doubted her and said, "How are you so fortunate to live with King Gong tse rab brtan? Even your sisters didn't get to marry him. Aren't you two here to beg?"

"If you don't believe me just look outside and see King Gong tse rab brtan coming with his people," said the princess. They did go outside and saw King Gong tse rab brtan coming with his entourage. The parents were surprised and changed their attitude because they wanted King Gong tse rab brtan as a son-in-law!

The family delightedly welcomed King Gong tse rab brtan. The princess's family then gave many sheep, yak, horses, and other valuables as a dowry to the princess. Afterwards, the princess and King Gong tse rab brtan lived a happy life together.

द्रेषः स्तः यान्यः कुन्।

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山羊羔尾巴的故事

很久以前有一对老夫妻,因为年龄大了脾气也大变样,他们的婚姻出现了问题,所以双方提出分家,为了公平划分家中的一百只母山羊和一百只山羊羔。老头提议举行做烧饼比赛划分财产,谁的烧饼先熟谁就能够拥有一百只母山羊,谁落后,一百只山羊羔就归谁。于是,他们忙活着做烧饼,做着做着,没水了,老奶奶好心要去提水,就说: "老头子,老头子,你帮我看着点,我去挑水赶紧回来!",老奶奶走后老头揭开锅盖发现他的饼子没熟而老奶奶的却已经熟了,于是他狡猾地调换了锅中的饼子。没过多久老奶奶匆忙挑水回来。 这时,老头假装说"老太婆,老太婆,快看看谁的饼子先熟了",他揭开锅盖后欣慰地说:"一百只母山羊归我啦,那一百只山羊羔就归你啦"。于是他们开始分羊,当老头赶走母山羊之时,羊羔却不听老奶奶的使唤,一个劲地东窜西逃跑往母羊群里。老奶奶费了九牛二虎之力,抓住了一只小羊羔的尾巴往回拉,却不料扯断了羊羔的尾巴。老奶奶悲伤地说:"我已失去了一百只山羊,一根山羊羔尾巴拿来何用!"说着把尾巴扔到了地上,这时山羊羔尾巴却开口对老奶奶说:"奶奶,奶奶,别扔下我,我会有用处的",于是老奶奶惊奇地把山羊羔尾巴带回了家中。

有一天,老奶奶除完草回家之时,遇到一位骑马的汉子,那人问老奶奶: "老太婆,你今天用铲除刮了多少次地?","我怎能记得刮了多少,我不知道",老奶奶回答道,而那位汉子却威胁老奶奶数好明日用铲刮地的次数。不然杀了她。老奶奶哭着回到家中,这时山羊羔尾巴好奇问道: "您为何哭泣?",老奶奶把事情原模原样地告诉了它,羊羔尾巴却说: "奶奶,奶奶,不要哭,我有办法帮你解决问题"。

第二天,老奶奶把山羊羔尾巴放入篓子带到田中干活时,那位骑马的汉子又一次前来询问老奶奶今日用铲刮了多少次地,这时山羊羔尾巴跳出篓桶反问那人: "你能记得你的马今天走了多少步吗?"那人哑口无言,无奈之下却强求老奶奶把山羊羔尾巴送给他,于是他带着山羊羔尾巴来到一处石崖边,说他们今晚在此休息过夜,睡前那人把马鞍及鞍垫放到枕头边,把山羊羔尾巴放到了脚跟,夜里他故意辗转反侧,企图想把山羊羔尾巴踢下山崖,却不料把马鞍和马鞍垫子踢入了山崖。这时山羊羔尾巴哈哈大笑地说"去捡回你的马鞍吧,这次有你受的!"说完赶回老奶奶家中,老奶奶从此和它相依为命,过上了幸福的生活。

The Story of a Kid's Tail

An old couple lived together for many years and then decided they had such serious differences that it was time to separate. However, they could not agree on how to divide their property, which was one hundred nannies and one hundred kids. After much debate, the husband suggested. "Let's compete in baking bread. The one whose bread is cooked first gets all the nannies."

The wife agreed and they commenced baking bread. They both made a fire and put their steamers on it with dough inside. After a few minutes, the old woman realized they lacked enough so she went to fetch some. During her absence, the old man opened her steamer and discovered that her bread was almost cooked. He exchanged steamers and, when his wife returned, said, "Let's see whose bread is cooked."

When they opened the lids, what appeared to be the old-man's bread was well cooked.

"Now all the nannies are mine and the kids belong to you!" the old man said.

They separated the nannies and their kids, and the old man left with the nannies. All the kids ran after their mothers. Although she tried her best, the old woman could not keep the kids with her. Exasperated, she tried to stop the very last kid from running away and grabbed at it with all her might. The kid jerked away, leaving her with only its tail.

"What can I possibly do with this tail?" she asked herself and was about to throw it away.

Just then, the tail said, "Don't throw me away, Grandmother. I'll be useful in the future." Then, the old woman put the tail behind a pot by the stove.

One day, the old woman met a man riding a horse as she returned home from weeding. He asked her how many times she had lifted her trowel in the field that day.

"I don't know. I really don't know how many times I lifted my trowel," she said.

"Tomorrow when you go to the field, count how many times you lifted the trowel. I will meet you here and you report me, or will kill you," the man said.

This worried the old woman so much that she cried the rest of the way home. When she arrived, the tail asked her what was wrong. The old woman explained, "Don't worry. Put me in your basket, take me with you tomorrow, and I'll help with this problem," the tail said.

The next day, the man on the horse came to where the old woman was weeding in the field. "How many times have you lifted your trowel today?" he asked.

"How many times did your horse's hooves strike the ground today, Grandfather," the tail asked in turn.

This silenced the man, who grabbed the tail and said to the old woman, "This tail is not something you need! It belongs to me!" and took the tail with him, and left.

When they reached a cliff, at dusk the man looked at the tail and said, "We must stay here tonight." The man then laid down to sleep, using his saddle as a pillow. As midnight came, the man tried to throw the tail off the cliff. He gave a kick, missed and hit his saddle, sending it off the cliff.

The tail laughed victoriously and said, "Ah, Grandfather, please prepare to go get your saddle!" The tail then shoved the man and returned home to the old woman.

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赶阿妈出门

很久以前,有个到处游荡的流浪汉,他妻子也是一个不喜欢干活,除了抓自己头上的虱子之外,整天睡觉的懒女人。因此,流浪汉的阿妈担负起了家里一切力所能及的活,老阿妈年事已高,嘴里的牙齿都已掉光了,整日咀嚼着一粒曲拉(奶酪干)干活。

有一天,妻子对自己的丈夫说:"咱阿妈总是背着我们吃独食,如果经常这样,我们恐怕很难养活她。"丈夫心生怀疑,真的是这样的吗?在接下来的几天里,他有意观察阿妈的言行举止,便相信了妻子的话。夫妻俩协商决定把阿妈逐出门,儿子把阿妈放到背篓里背到远处。途中,老阿妈口中的曲拉掉了出来。老阿妈焦急地说:"等一等,儿子,我的嚼食掉了。"儿子心想嚼食到底是什么啊?他低头一看,只看到一粒咀嚼了很久的曲拉。他知道阿妈并没有吃独食,便从地上捡起曲拉还给阿妈,掉转头把阿妈背回了家。

回到家之后,老阿妈像往常一样,嘴里含着那粒曲拉继续卖力地干活。 妻子又对丈夫说:"咱妈真的在吃独食。"她时不时地吹点枕边风,丈夫就 又相信了她,将阿妈背到了离家特别远的一片山林中。

山林中有一只兔子,它每天都从地底下挖人参果给老阿妈吃,它和老阿妈 因此成为很好的朋友。有一天,兔子被两个猎人追捕,它躲到老阿妈身后, 两个猎人便问老阿妈:"喂!你是谁?"

老阿妈回答: "我的儿子儿媳不要我了,这只兔子一直养我到现在,请 别伤害他。"

- "我们没有阿妈,不如你做我们的阿妈吧!"猎人说。
- "你们要到处去打猎,我不知道该去哪里呀!"
- "那不是问题。"两个猎人因为认了阿妈,带着无以言表的喜悦,高兴 地背阿妈上路了!

他们走了很久的路,便在离国王家不远处挖了个山洞给老阿妈安顿了住 处,自己便在附近做些小工谋生。 有一天,老阿妈叫来了两个儿子,对他们说:"今天你们去国王那儿给 我们要些地皮来。"

他们问:"地皮要多大的?"

老阿妈回答: "要上一斤羊毛的量。"

之后,两个猎人就走到国王那儿,请示国王: "国王陛下,请给我们能容一斤羊毛的地皮。"国王心想这要求不算高,就应允了。回家途中两人边聊边走: "一斤羊毛的地皮只够咱阿妈睡的……"

"阿妈, 国王给了咱们一斤羊毛的地皮, 怎么分配?"他们问。

"把那一斤羊毛撕了之后弄成羊毛线后, 用毛线衡量所需的面积。"两个儿子按阿妈说的那样把一斤羊毛纺成线后,以那条毛线衡量了所需的地方,国王也只能守承诺,提供他们所需的地皮。

"阿妈, 地皮到手了, 现在怎么办?"两个儿子问。

"现在你们两个去挖墙角"老阿妈说。

他们每天都按阿妈的吩咐挖墙角,有一天,他们挖到了一块古董一样的 东西,就将它带到阿妈面前。

老阿妈一看就知道它是块金砖,便说: "你们现在不用挖墙角了,我们可以雇人来挖。"

他们便雇了许多人建了一座大房子,之后,开始精心准备房庆事宜。第一天,在给客人们分喜礼的时候,两个儿子问: "阿妈,今天是房庆的第一天,我们该怎样分喜礼好呢?发的喜礼不够就没办法了呀!"

"今天从上座开始依次分发下去"老阿妈说。

他们俩就从上座开始依次分发,还没到尾座喜礼就已经分完了,因此坐 在尾座的将老阿妈逐出家门的夫妻俩没能分到喜礼。

房庆的第二天,两个儿子又问: "今天的喜礼该怎么分配呢?"

老阿妈说: "今天从尾座开始依次分发下去, 直到喜礼分完了为止。"

两兄弟就按阿妈说的那样从尾座开始依次分发,结果还没分到上座喜礼就分完了,坐在上座的夫妻俩这次又没分到喜礼。

房庆的第三天,两兄弟又问: "阿妈,今天怎么分喜礼呢?"

老阿妈说: "今天从中座开始向两端分发。"

这次夫妻俩分别坐在了两头,可想而知,他们又没能拿到房庆的喜礼。

夫妻俩来到国王家里,说道:"他们家举行了三天的房庆,可我们连一次喜礼都没分到。"

国王就来到老阿妈家里,下令道: "你们家举行了三天房庆,却没给那 夫妻俩分喜礼,请给他们分点喜礼。"

老阿妈嘱咐两个儿子说: "烧七个饼子,在饼子里分别放上五十文钱给那夫妻俩,不要让我再看到他们。"

两兄弟按照老阿妈的嘱咐,把饼子给了那夫妻俩。那饼子因为夹着钱币 而显得特别重,夫妻俩以为饼子是生的,就把七个饼子换成了七个鸡蛋,边 吃鸡蛋边回家。

卖鸡蛋的人听到国王家附近的一户人家举行大型的房庆,便把饼子作为 贺礼带过去,一来二去,几经周转,那七个饼子和七块钱币又回到了老阿妈 手上。

从那以后,藏族民间流传着一句话:"浪子贪欲又贪念,三次庆典,三次没份。"

The Banished Mother

A man often wandered around aimlessly and was rarely at home. His wife never did any work, she just sat collecting lice from her hair. All the housework was done by the man's mother who was so aged that there was not a single tooth in her mouth. She often chewed a piece of cheese while working.

One day the wife said to her husband, "Mother eats constantly while she works. If she keeps this up, we won't be able to feed ourselves." The man decided to investigate and, when he saw his mother chewing, he put her in a basket and carried her on his back. On the way to a remote place where he planned to leave his mother, she said, "Son, please stop. I dropped my chewing gum on the ground." The man stopped, turned back, picked it up, and discovered that it was a tiny piece of chewed cheese. Realizing his mother was not eating all their food, he brought her back home.

The mother chewed cheese while working as before. The wife said, "Look! She really is eating all our food." This time he listened to his wife and took his mother far away and left her.

In the isolated place where the mother had been abandoned, there was only a rabbit that dug wild yams and fed them to the old woman. One day, two hunters were hunting the rabbit that hid behind the aged woman.

The two hunters saw the old woman and asked in surprise, "Who are you?"

"My son and daughter-in-law discarded me here. The rabbit has fed me until now, so please don't kill her" said the old woman.

"We don't have a mother. Please be our mother," the two hunters said.

"You two often go hunting for a long time and it has become very difficult for me to walk, so how can I be your mother?" said the aged woman.

"That's not a problem," the two hunters said and made a contraption to carry her. They took her everywhere they went. After a long walk, they decided to live in a cave near a king's castle and made a living by doing occasional labor for villagers.

One day the old woman told her two sons, "Go to the king's palace today and ask for a piece of land for us."

"How much should we ask for?" said the two men.

"Ask for a half kilogram of wool's worth of land," said the old woman.

The two hunters went to the king's palace and said, "Dear king, we came to ask for a piece of land. We need only half a kilogram of wool's worth." The king thought that such a piece of land would be very small and agreed. The two hunters said to each other on the way back home, "If mother sleeps on our piece of land then we will have no space to sleep."

"Mother, the king gave the land, but how will we use it?" the two men said, when they got home.

"Now you two need to spin half a kilogram of wool into yarn, and measure according to the yarn's length," said the old woman. The sons measured the land, came back home, and said, "Now that we've marked off the land, what should we do next?"

"From today, you two need to dig the foundation," said the old woman

The two men worked very hard every day to dig the foundation. One day they dug up a piece of strange rock and brought it home. The old lady instantly realized it was a piece of gold covered in dirt and said, "You no longer need dig the foundations yourselves. Hire others."

The two men hired many people and soon a very large house was completed. The family prepared to celebrate the completion of the new house and invited all the villagers. According to custom, they needed to give gifs to each guest. On the first day, the two men said, "Mother, how will we give gifts to our guests?"

"Begin by giving gifts from the head of the lines on both sides of the room," said the old woman.

The two men started giving gifts from the head of the lines on both side of the room and the gifts were finished before they reached the ends of the lines. The couple, who had driven the old woman out of their home were at the end of the lines and receive no gifts.

The hunters asked on the second day, "Mother, how should we give gifts today?"

"Start from the end of each line," she said.

The two men did as their mother said. Again the gifts were finished before reaching the beginning of each line. Because the gifts had been given from the head of each line, the couple had sat at the head of each line on the second day, and thus received nothing.

On the third day, the two men asked the same question and the mother said, "Start giving gifts from the middle of the lines."

The two men did exactly as their mother told them and again the couple received no gifts. They were furious, went to the king's palace, and said, "That family has celebrated for three days, but we haven't received a single gift."

The king went to the family and said, "You've celebrated for three days and this couple still has not received gifts. Please give them something."

The old woman said to her two sons, "Bake seven big loaves of bread and put fifty grams of silver in each loaf. Give the bread to the couple and do not bring them to me."

The couple thus received seven loaves of bread. On the way back home, the couple found the bread was too heavy to carry, and exchanged them for eggs. The person who exchanged the eggs was then invited by the hunters and their mother to their house-warming celebrations, and gave them the bread as a gift.

From that day on, it was said that the two beggars' selfishness made them lose three chances to receive gifts.

र.भी.षा.र्टर.पु.षी.षी

८.क्षेपट-ध्रि-पपु, ब्रह्म-ट्रि-वेची, हुची, चाडुका, लूट-ट्र-ट्र-पीडुका, लुच-एक्षेप-ट्रि-ट्र्स्ल, लूट-ट्र-ट्र-ट्र-विका, च्राची, च्राची,

热栗玛和日栗玛

从前,有三个名叫热栗玛、日栗玛和君朵玛的女孩。有一天,她们去森林深处游玩,因玩得太尽兴,忘了回家。天色已晚,她们只好借住在一个老奶奶家里。

老奶奶是一个魔鬼,她安排热栗玛睡在炕的左侧、日栗玛睡在炕尾、君朵玛睡在枕边。她说: "我要在枕边放一罐水和一碟炒青稞。"三个女孩按她说的那样在魔鬼的枕边放了一罐水和一碟炒青稞,然后相继睡着了。那晚,魔鬼大口大口地喝君朵玛的血,那响声把热栗玛和日栗玛吵醒了,她们问魔鬼: "奶奶,你在喝什么?"魔鬼回答: "我在喝昨晚准备的水。"魔鬼喝完血,便又大口大口地啃君朵玛的骨头,啃得咔嚓响。热栗玛和日栗玛就问: "奶奶,你在吃什么?"魔鬼回答: "哦!我在吃炒青稞。"两个女孩觉得不对劲,心想魔鬼一定在吃君朵玛,于是对魔鬼说: "奶奶,我们要去尿尿。"魔鬼说: "你们要是尿急,就把这羊毛绳子绑在脚上去上厕所。"然后魔鬼就用羊毛绳的一头绑住她们的脚,一头牵在自己手里。两个女孩走出屋子之后抬头看着天上的月亮默默祈求: "月亮啊月亮,请你把我们带走吧!要不就取了我们的性命,否则魔鬼肯定会把我们吃掉的。"月亮掷下一团火球烧断了羊毛绳,又放下一条铁链,将热栗玛和日栗玛带到月亮上。现今有一种说法,月亮上两个黑点就是热栗玛和日栗玛。

Ra lu ma and Ri lu ma

Many years ago, three people were called Ra lu ma, Ri lu ma and Cong ldog ma. They asked if they could stay overnight at a demon's house while they're travelling and the demon agreed. As they were about to go bed, the demon ordered the Ra lu ma, Ri lu ma and cong ldog ma to sleep at different locations on the bed.

The demon said, "Please, bring me a cup of water and a plate of roasted barley and put them by the pillow before you all go to bed."

At night, the demon ate Cong ldog ma who was sleeping beside her, and drank her blood. The sound awoke the Ra lu ma and Ri lu ma, who asked, "What's going on, Granny?"

"I'm drinking and eating the water and roasted barley you prepared," replied the demon.

They realized that she had killed Cong ldog ma, then said they needed to go pee. The demon ordered them to tie a rope to each of their hands, and then they went out with their hands tied to the end of a rope. As they walked, they prayed to the moon to take them up to her or take their lives if it could not save them, before they would surely be killed by the demon. The moon threw fire down on the rope and burned it off, and then the moon dropped a long chain to take them up to the moon and brought them there. That is why there are two black spots on the moon today, they are Ra lu ma and Ri lu ma.

ক্র'মারবার্রমা

त्यूर्यः युर्यः भ्रुत्यः त्युः क्षूष्टः यः वृत्यः श्लेषः स्याः स्यः स्याः स्य

रे'बिया'वी'र्छ'त्र। श्रेुष्य'रा'त्वार'श्चेंदि'त्र्र होत्या'रा'त्रा श्चे'त'त्र प्रते'रे'अर्वे'बिया'त्रषा'अर पक्ष <u>र्मा व्यायक्षेत्र पालिया वार्ते क्षेत्र विषय प्राप्त क्षेत्र विषय क्ष</u> वर्षित्राक्रीयावृत्त्यातान्ता इं.यपु.यम्तातात्रान्ते ख्रान्त्राच्यात्रात्त्रां क्षेत्रात्तात्त्रात्त्रात्त्रा रास्त्राब्व भ्रेषिक्वाण्यात्रम् भ्रेर्पाच्यायात्रम् । विदान्नेत्रम् स्वान्यायात्रम् स्वान्यायात्रम् चन्ना यथाक्रेरान्दिः सुन्यान्ना चर्चा वर्षान्या स्वीता स्व प्रवापः तर्भेर्यः भूपः त्रापः प्रवापः प्रवापः प्रवापः प्रवापः प्रभूषः प्रवापः प्रभूषः प्रवापः प्रव चःर्यस्ति त्व्याक्षेत्रात्रेत्रात्रेत्रात्यात्र दिश्चरा स्तात्रेत्रात्याः स्त्रेत्रात्याः स्त्रेत्रात्याः स्त्र ૹૹઃૠ૾ૢૼ૾ૡૢૺૹૢૢૢૢૢૹૢ૽૾ૡૼ૽ઌૣૼૹઌ૾ૡ૽ૻ૽ૢ૾ૢૼ૱ૢૹૢૻૡૻઌઌૼઌૢૼ૽ૺઌ૾ૼૹૺ૽ૡ૽ૹૣૢઌ૽૱ઌૡ૱ૢ૽ૡૢ૿ૹ૽૱ૢઌૢૡૢ૽ૹ૾૽૱ૡ૽૽૱ૡૺ૱ૡ૾ૺ૱ 'अवा,वार्षिभा मुक्तावट्याता स्टा भटालभा र्यट्टा श्रमावट्या सूर्या भू सु. थटा भी राज्या स्थापि स्थाप्त स्थापि स निरंपित्। देव गुटात् क्षे के हुटार्पटा। ब्रे व्विमारे रेते क्षे ही बटाग्वात, है के रेत्र खुवा वासुमाओटा पर देवा की यञ्चा ग्रीट अर्घट के अर्थ विट होट प्राप्त कार्य के अर्थ विषय के स्वाप्त के स्वाप्त के स्वाप्त के स्वाप्त के स्व ' तथाया यया भ्री' त्र्र . क्रीं . लूट्. रा. कु. रुटी । क्रिंट. व्यक्ति . सी. यी. सी. रा. तीया रा. लीया . लीया के स्व . ब.चेबः,,बेबः,तबः, न्याः, व्याः, व तर्रर'तर्वा व्यव्यः च्चेर'र्वाषा श्रुषः श्रेष्टे रे.उ. ववा तर्वा चुर्षा

ત્રું. ત્યાન ક્રુંય. ત્યાન ક્ર્યું. ત્યાન ક્રુંય. ક્રેયાન ત્યાન ક્રિયાના ક્રેયાન ક્રિયાના ક્રિય

वित्यारा प्रतः। मृत्याया प्रतः स्थापार तर्चे स्याय तर्चे स्वायेत्या स्थापी। क्षे स्थी स्वतः स्वाय स्वय स्वाय स्व शर्जूट. $\hat{\mathbb{P}}$. श्रुट्। $|ac. \hat{\mathbb{P}}$ ट. $ac. \mathbb{P}$ वयाः भुंतरः शुरुराधिराधेषा दयाः स्ट्रान्यराधेः यराः स्टेश्चिराः स्ट्रान्य वित्रात्वेषाः स्ट्रान्य स्वराधियाः स ग्रीटा। वि.शूबा.कु.लटा.बा.चुबा.बुबा.चुन। टा.बु.टा.नटा.कु.चा.टुन.पट्वा.तम.भ्रैवा.तब। ब्रिटा.ग्रीबा.पट्टी.बबा.वटा. यःविवाःचर्क्यः र्र्वाषाःग्रीष्रभःवेषाःवृषाः व्याषाः प्रवाषाः प्रवाषाः प्रवाषाः प्रवाषाः चर्वाषाः चरवाषाः चर्वाषाः चर्वाषाः चर्वाषाः चर्वाषाः चरवाषाः चर्वाषाः चर्याः चर्वाषाः यमः बिदः मः तर्मेरः तरः म्वामार्यः स्तारः यमा विदः पः विवासित्। विदः स्ताः स्ताः स्ताः स्वाः समार्थः विवाः स्व ८८:क्र्योःक्रियःच्रा श्रेयःतःट्रे.ट्यादःश्र्वेतेःटटःष्वियःट्रःय्याःचः८टः। व्यःचत्रतःञ्ज्ञःयानेयःश्रेयःठःवयाः स्थयः मॅ्याबार्यात्वर्ष्ट्यान्तान्तात्वे हेवासुर्येता चेत्रवाष्ट्रीयावार्ष्यावार्याक्षेत्रवार्यात्वेत्रवार्यात्वेत्र र्चत्र पार्टित्। वित्रविष्ठाः स्टान्यते : क्षेप्पारे पार्टे प्रमुः प्रेति । स्वाप्यायाः स्वाप्यायाः स्वाप्याया क्रम्यायान्यस्य स्वर्ताः स्वर ८.क्ष्युः इ.य..वाष्य्यः इ.र. हे.लूट. य.लूट. ट्यः, ख्या. हु. था. क्ष्यः सूर्यः पुरेट. जवाया वि.यट. में. में. सूर डुका.वाश्वेत्का मे.टु.लूट.येका.में.शक्य.पंथंता.पंतर्वा.पं.टुका.तत्ता मेका.यंचेट.मैंत्रःस्डूय.ट.कूट.जा.पंसू.टेका.ट. कॅं.इं.त.८४.४४.इं.विभ.५.५५८.झॅ.ह्).४८.भी४.२.५५.५५५.व्या.वाधिभ.वीस.वि८४.त.८८.१ मे८.५४५.२५५५ ग्रव म् म् इं र त्या वास्रुय से द र द्वा के विका ग्राम्य से हिए से से प्राप्त से वयः चॅर प्रयापद्रिया कुं र्यप् प्र्याप्तर्भा व्याप्तर्भा व्याप्तर्भा व्याप्तर्भा व्याप्तर्भा व्याप्तर्भा व्याप यया सु 'पठुव कुट' स्रम 'कु 'सर्कद 'द्रैय' गुट' विं स्र्य के 'याट से 'मेय' खेया यद 'पन्प विं त्यावा पर्व 'पर्व 'दे ब्र्च हिंद रदा अपविद राम अवसाराम विवा अवसारा स्वा अवसारा हिंद स्व प्रा के स्व स्व स्व स्व स्व स्व स्व स्व स्व स तम् मुःर्श्रवाः वर्षे, त्याप्ताः प्राणुवाषा द्वारा सुवाः प्राप्ताः वर्षाः प्राप्ताः स्वारा प्राप्ताः स्वारा प्राप्ताः स्वारा प्राप्ताः स्वारा प्राप्ताः स्वारा प्राप्ताः स्वारा स ह्येत्रा मुख्याप्तर प्रस्था हेवा विर्जे आराजित्या स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप ह्यूट वर्ष दिवा वी होत्र स्रित वार्ट्ट दे वार्स्ट स्रम प्रमुख हेरा हुम होते वार्ट्ट रत्यवा वीत्रा वार्ट्ट राम स्राम स्रा वयास्याकु प्रविराधारावदी वद्यात्र व्यापार विवास वार पुरायक्ष वया देर प्रश्रम् वया व्यापार विवास विवास विवास व षियो.भः विवा,वा,वर-दे,शुषु,श्रव्,द्रा,वर्षाचरावियः लूटः वया श्रिषा लूचा लूटः तर दुर्धः बटः दे स्थिता है, वया श्रु अव्रास्त्रकाः ब्रम् तर्ते हि. पर्रातुः स्टानायत् प्रतिष्या व्यवस्य विष्यः त्यात्रे स्वाप्तः स्वाप्तः स्वाप्तः स्वाप्तः स्वाप व्याप्ति हि. पर्रात्ते स्वाप्तायाः विषयः वि

*चुै*ॱक़ेत्रॱश्लुॱरेप्त्यः प्रत्यः या वर्षः प्राप्तः प्रमुवाया त्रयः क्रिंतः त्याया प्राप्तः स्वाप्तः स्वाप्तः स्व खुन्नराखन्नराखन्नरादि कुटा अप्टेर्ट्या द्या देवा के सिन् में कि स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त सर्टार्म्हिर्टा वित्राध्या व्याप्त वित्राध्या वित्राध्या वित्राध्या वित्राध्या वित्राध्या वित्राध्या वित्राध्य कृतः अः तर्वे रः चरः यातः बेत्या विवेषाः यात्रुया। बेत्या वायुया चरः चात्रुयः हेय। विः व्राः यात्रायात्र यात्र बर्वर्न् कॅट्रा विंकॅबर्ट्वे स्ट्रिं स्ट्रिं अर्वे विंद्वे रह्या विषये विंद्वे रह्या विंद्वे रहें विंद्वे विंद चीट्रेट.ज.भैच.शट.व्.चींचेब.त.टेट.व.विची.री.ट्रेंच.ट्रंच कूबी भैट.शब्र्च.त्य.पत्री.ट्रेच्ट.पचीट. ह्या. हुया. सूर. जूटा। ट. सैवा. यथा. र्चा. व्हे. चर्चर. लट. पट्टी. पट्टी. यथा. वीट. विवा. वा. वाट. टे. पर्चे. चया यथा. यथा. चर्ची वयः व्याः व्या <u> ट्रे-द्रबाक्षे-अर्वे र्क्ष्वावेट र्द्रवा पश्च</u> द्रवा बवा वाट र्च्य र सहिवाबा सु: उट र प्रते : श्रुवा क्रिंट र सुवाबा स लवीबा ब्रिट्-ग्रीबाटेबार्यर,ट्रांक्:ब्रांपर्ट्वायर,ब्रांब्रिया टास्पर,ब्र्वा ब्रिट्-ब्रिट्टे,ह्यं,चालपटाकवारहिवाबार्स्यर त्रेत्र के अवेत्र प्रम्ता केंद्र खुषात्र प्रायक क्ष्मा । ब्रिंद ग्री क्रुट स स्वायदे के अपने हो स स्वायक क्षमा हिंद ग्री । कुट अ सुन दीट तिहार वर्षे निर्वाय वर्षा वर्षे वरते वर्षे वर्षे वर्षे वर्षे वर्षे वर्षे वर्षे वर्षे वर्षे वर् त्रमु' उ'र्बेट 'हेब' खु| ब्रिंट 'ग्रीक' टक' रच' वाद्रक' द्वाक' त्रमु' रेवाक' तर्दे 'ट्वा' खट' त्यक' ट्टा | ब्रिट 'र्बट' वी' ट्र' विते ब्रेट र्रुव रें रेट र बिवा प्रहें वा दर्वे था पा दिए। देते ब्रेट र दाना र र्षे था प्रदेश विश्व अपने विश्व र्षाया बटा तृ त्युः रेषाया यदी र वा राववा वा या रावें या यदी वा त्युवा होता रावें वा विकार विकार विकार विकार व ्टवा.श्रम्तर्टिय.प्रि.श्रु.श्रु.स्ट्रा.श्रु.धिय.तथा श्रु.ल्र्.योच्राट्ययथा.श्रुट्.ग्री.ड्रेट्यत्य श्रम्ट्या ह्रट्य.प्रेर. अक्ट्रियान्त्र्यान्त्रिन् ग्रीयान्त्राम् र्ध्यान्त्रेयान्त्र्यायाः निष्यान्त्राम् निष्यान्त्राम् । स्यान्त्राम र्चमः८८:८:ह्रॅब्रःबॅ८ः। ८:श्रेब्रःबॅब्राबॅ्र्ट्राय्करः८मःधेद्रःबेषःगशुट्यःपम्। कुषःर्हेद्रःशुग्नायःपम्८८:८: क्षेत्र ते ते प्रवेष प्रश्चित्र वित्र वित्र वित्र प्रवेष प यर.पश्चम्यायीट.पर्च्.म.विय.तम्। क्षेट.प्रेंट.म्.त.पक्ट.। त्वेष.रम्.र्थर.त्रर.क्रेर। भ्रांप्.योग्रटमा ्रबक्के'च'यानिकाञ्चीर'चार्नेत्। त्र्'स'याठेया'खया'च'याधका'चर'त्रस्टका ठेया'र्नेक'खया'च'यार्धत्र'चर तत्रम्यान्। ब्रिन्गीयायन् स्रम्भिन्छिन् र्देव कि. धीव बियायम् ब्रिन्न् न्द्राष्ट्रीं वित्र स्रीता हिं वायान्यामा धीवा मुकारे रे राविव रामुरा हे अवत अते रामर र्थायाया वेंब र् का र्राट्य आधार केंब र्याया है वें खुनाया परि और ब्राय र्चमारामा र्हेद्रास्त्रमारा व्यव विषा विराहेसा स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त स्वाप्त ॉर्ड्र-'ग्रीका'र्के खेंत्रिं खुका र्चे त्यहें व न्वेंका हे 'क्षेत्र 'चुका क्रें 'खेवा' या वे 'खेंत्रे' खुका क्षेट 'त् ख्वाकायि वाहें व 'खेव' 'खेव' कॅर्ति हुःर्ह्येन ने निपाधीन त्या वरा दास्त्रमा यो अवेषा ने ना हिंदे खिनाया प्रयत्न केंद्रि खेया होना ने प्रया लुम्बार्यादी प्रमुद्रापञ्चर्यम् याद्वाराष्ट्रिय पञ्चेम्बा ह्रेषा कुं के प्रमुख्य प्र ॱॸॕ॔य़॔ॱॶॺऻॺॱय़ॺॱॱॿॕॖॎ॔॔ॱॻॖॖऀॺॱॺॕॱॺॕॹॎय़ॱॺॺॱय़ॱय़ॕॴॿॖऀॱॶॖॖॖॖॸॱॸॱॸॣ॓य़॓ॱय़ॸॣज़ॹॺॕॱॸॕॱख़ॖ॔य़ॱय़ऒॣ॔य़ॱॺक़॔ॸॸॣ॓ॱॺॕ विश्वान क्षिप्ता क्षिप्तान स्वानित्वान प्रतानित्वान प्रतानित्वान स्वानित्वान स्वानित्वान स्वानित्वान स्वानित्व ८८. | ધૂ.તૂય.૮.કે૪.૪૧.૮૭૪.૪ નિ.૧૪.૧૫.૧૯.ફે૪.૧.૮ધૂ૪.૮૪.ૹ૽ૼ૪.૮ ટૂંય.૪૫.ઌૂ૮. નિ.૧૫.ફૂ૪.૮૪.છે. र्याः द्वेर त्यां राज्या व्याप्ता व्याप्ता व्याप्ता वित्रात्ता व्याप्ता वित्रात्ता वित्रात्ता वित्रात्ता वित्र ८८. पञ्चा १५. तं विष्यां विषय १५. तं व <u> हिंद् ग्रीय पार्यद्रारा प्राप्तीय अवेय विया क्रिंद शिवाय त्राया स्थानीत्र है त्र प्राप्ता पर्वाय प्राप्तीय प</u>्र ૄેંકુંન્' ગુે'ક્કુન્'સ'કુંત્ર-શ્રે'લુશ્વ'ર્ક્રન'ત્ર્ય બેંદ'ન્વ'બેઠ્યા વાય છે. ફુંન્'ત્રદ'ર્દે'સ'સુવા'ત્ર 'દયા ફુંન'ર્લે સંત્ર બેંદ્ર' છેતે. જેયા ત્રવા चर-र्-चर्नेट-क्र्योः,श्रुयःपश्चिट्यः यय। प्र.चिश्वयःर्ययः यवेशःर्-एवक्क्षःचःर्ययः ययः चर्न्य-एन्ट्रेट। वेवः यटःर्यः त्यूर्यरायपुर्म् भाषी मि.ट्र.ट्र.वाजूट्रायूपुर्वा अर.ट्र्यायाय यात्रायाच्या क्रया हूर्या सूप्रायायाचा विषयाचा प्राया चल'च'८८'। विं'चनत'त्त्व'विकागीकार्षेत्र'क्षर'चरे'भ्रीर'गी'वर्षे'चर'र्रेल'र्ने।

一对夫妇

从前有一对夫妇,膝下无儿无女,生活非常富裕。那男的是个生意人, 外出做生意已过七八年了。有一天晚上,来了一个妖女,她冒充那男的声 音,叫妻子的名字,妻子以为外出做生意的丈夫回来了,就打开了门,一股 黑旋风结果了那女的性命。妖女附在那女人的身体,在村里做杀人的勾当。

有一天丈夫回家,到了离村庄很近的一个山头,看到村庄里变得死气沉沉的,原先生机勃勃,人畜兴旺,漫山遍野的牛羊都不见了踪影。看到屋顶、小径长满了野草,所有的一切都显现出没有生命的迹象。心想着此刻我回家去,妻子等村里人肯定都不在了。正想返回去时,又觉得既然已到了,何不去看看。到房门口时,他简直不敢相信眼前的一切,自家的烟囱里冉冉升起着一缕缕青烟。便上前去边叫妻子的名字边敲门,没过多久,妻子打开门引他进屋。他向妻子问道:"我临走时,家家户户,村里村外充满着生机。可现在所有的一切变得死气沉沉,原先人来人往的村间小径上长满了野草,看样子好久没有人住了,而为何你一人得以存活"。妻儿回答道:"是吗?我可不知道发生了什么事啊!"。他心想其中必有什么隐瞒,晚上住下来探个究竟。

他有一位生死之交住在河彼岸,次日前去投靠他。将他所见所闻从头到尾说了一遍后,请求他在此处帮助找一间房子住。他朋友道: "我会想办法",说完后立即动身找房子去了。没过多久,他朋友回来说道: "房子已找到,你可以搬进来",他高兴的回到家里和妻子一起把东西搬往新住处。到了河边,妻子道: "你先去找你朋友,我随后赶来"。他和朋友赶到住处时,看到妻子早已到了。他们搬进去的那个村里有一位道法甚高的道士,那道士对村里人说: "昨夜梦见一女鬼拿着火炬围我们村转了一圈,此梦凶多吉少,我村近来有无陌生人入住"。村民们答道: "确有此事,昨日新搬来一户人家,为一夫妇",那道士说: "叫那男的过来,我有话问他"。生意人向道士说道: "我住的那村落,原先生机勃勃,香火兴旺,漫山遍野的牛羊。可现在那村落里死沉沉的,别说家畜,连个人影都找不着。往日热闹的村间小径,现在长满野草。唯独我妻子一人存活着,问她缘由,她说不知道"。那道人深思了会儿,说道: "今晚你假装睡觉,看你妻子有何异常"。

晚上他假装熟睡,注意着妻子的一举一动。到了半夜,她抬头看了一下丈夫,过了一会儿,又抬头看了一下,第三次抬头看完后,就起床到梳妆台前,把头拔出来好好洗漱了一下,又安在脖子上,并抹上胭脂,口红等,阴笑着出门了,样子甚是可怕。他怕得打哆嗦,冷汗从两腮缓缓流下。快到三更了,想着也无处可去,便壮着胆子躺下了。过了很久,他媳妇背着个麻袋回来了,仔细一看,麻袋里全是人头。一阵乒乓后,人头被倒入了箱子。血淋淋的人头整宿在箱子里吵吵闹闹的,像是争论什么似的,那声音甚是可怕。丈夫觉得此夜比往日长了很多,期待着早一点破晓。

黎明时分,他再也睡不着了,跑到那道人面前去说道: "我媳妇是个妖 女,昨日我依你吩咐,假装睡觉。看到食人情节,差点吓破了胆。"并从头 到尾把所见所闻说了一遍,请求道人降了那妖女,那道人道: "你妻子果然 是个妖女,我有一计,你妻可否上山砍柴去",他回答道:"她必每日上山 砍柴,此事从未中断过"。那道人抚了一下络腮须,道:"明日她上山砍柴 后, 你把这些施过法的谷子分成三粒分别放在路和窗子上, 并把这两个道符 贴在门内侧。床上放一条长桌,把三碗盛着谷物的碗放在桌上,你假装念 经。她回到家后,看到这些法物,就无法外出食人,此时她头发纷乱,向你 扑来,每次她向你扑来时,用盛满谷物的碗向她击去,只剩最后一个碗时, 你呼我名字,我来降了她"。他依那道人之言,一一做完后。看到她无法外 出食人,就心急如焚,两腮通红,头发纷乱,两前门牙外露,吼叫着为何如 此待我,便向他扑去。他用碗一一击她,只剩最后一个碗时,恐吓之际忙呼 了一下那道人的名字。道人飞一般的到了屋里,向他说道: "我焚烧妖女之 际,你必须抓牢她的身体,这样降了妖女后,你妻子会安然无恙"。他回答 道: "你将她的身躯一起烧了吧!想想她的行径,我就打哆嗦"。那道人 道: "驱除附在身上的妖女后,她已成为正常人,你不必害怕"。他按那道 人的吩咐,牢牢抓着她。一会儿工夫,道人驱除了妖女。

他的妻子像个死尸一样一动不动的躺在地上。那道人指着一条山沟道: "你背她到那山沟,头朝村里,平放在地上,一路洒着油回来,她会沿着你 洒下的油回来的"。他说: "我背她去那山沟,扔了就速速回来"。那道人 道: "你不必害怕,她是人,不是妖,再说是你妻子"。他半信半疑的背她 到山沟后,头也不敢回的往村里跑。到了村口,他偷偷往回一看,妻子正沿 着小路跟着他。此时吓得他差点尿了裤子,急忙到道人哪儿请求道: "她回 来了,请你杀了她"。道人回答道: "你不必害怕,妖已降服,那是你妻 子,若你不信,我守着,直到你相信为止"。这样他们三人一起生活了一段时间后,他完全相信妻子后,那道人也离开了他们。夫妻俩像以前一样过着幸福的生活。

The Chinese Couple

A kind, wealthy Chinese couple had no children. The husband was a businessman, went to another place on business, and did not return home for seven years. During this time, a devil came to their home and called to the wife in her husband's voice. A black whirlwind entered the house when she opened the door and overpowered her. The devil entered her body and killed all the villagers one by one.

When the husband returned, he gazed at the village from a nearby mountaintop. When he had left seven years earlier, many livestock were in the yards, the pathways were full of people, and it was a happy village. Now, there were no people and no livestock. Plants grew in the paths and everything was grey. He was surprised and thought the village was deserted. When he got near his house, he saw smoke coming from his chimney. He yelled his wife's name when he came to the door of his home. When she opened the door, he said, "When I was leaving, there were many livestock in the yards, the paths were full of people, and it was a happy village. Now, there are no people and no livestock, the paths are overgrown and everything looks grey. What happened? Why are you the only one in the village?"

The wife said she did not know. He thought something must be wrong. Needing a place to stay, he stayed in his home that night. The next morning, he visited a friend who lived on the other side of the river near the village. He said to his friend, "When I left the village, there were many livestock in the yards, the paths were full of people, and it was a happy village. Now, there are no people and no livestock. The paths are overgrown and everything looks grey. I asked my wife about the village and she said she knew nothing. I am frightened to stay in that village. Please help me find a new house."

His friend did help him find a new house to live in and then he happily went back home. The couple prepared all that they needed for the new house. On the way back to his friend's village, they came near the river. His wife said, "Please, go first and I'll come later." When the husband reached the new house, his wife had also mysteriously arrived.

A powerful Taoist lived in the new village. The day they arrived, the Taoist said to the villagers, "Last night I dreamed of a Chinese woman circling the village with fire. Are strangers in the village?"

When the villagers told the Taoist about the new couple's arrival and he asked the villagers to bring the Chinese man to him. The husband told the whole story to the Taoist, who warned him to beware of his wife. That night he pretended to sleep. At midnight, his wife got up, looked at him three times, she went in front of a mirror took off the Chinese woman's head, washed the devil's original head, put the devil's head on her body, applied blood-colored lipstick to her lips, laughed several times, and left. The Chinese man was scared to death and wondered what to do. After a while, she came back home with a bag of heads and put them in a wooden box where they made noises the whole night. He dared not to sleep that entire night.

Early the next morning, the Chinese man went to the Taoist and told him this story:

"My wife is a devil. She is no longer human. I pretended to sleep last night. At midnight she got up, looked at me three times, went in front of the mirror, removed my wife's head, washed the devil's original head, put the devil's head back on, made herself up, put on blood-colored lipstick, laughed several times, and then left the house. I was scared to death and wondered what to do. She came back home after a while with a bag of heads and put them in a wooden box. The heads made noises the whole night. I dared not sleep the whole night. Please kill this devil or it will eat all the villagers."

"She is a real devil and I have ways to kill her. Does she collect wood from the forest?" asked the Taoist.

The Chinese man said, "Yes, she needs to collect wood regularly."

"After she leaves home, put these seeds on the paths and windows of your home, stick these yellow and red papers inside your home and put a long desk on your bed and put three bowls on it. Pretend you are chanting and put these seeds in the bowls. She won't dare go out when she sees all of these. She will be enraged and jump on you. Hit her with these seeds every time she jumps. At the end yell my name and I'll appear," replied the Taoist.

The Chinese man returned home, and prepared as the Taoist instructed. The wife came home and noticed she could not go out. She was enraged, and she jumped on her husband, her face became red as blood, long fangs protruded from her mouth, she slung her right breast over her right shoulder, and dragged her left breast on the ground. The Chinese man hit the devil with the seeds and shouted the Taoist's name.

The Taoist suddenly appeared, threw the devil to the ground, and said, "Don't be scared, after we burn the devil inside your wife's body, your wife will be fine."

They burned the devil from his wife's body, and she became human. She looked like a corpse and was very weak. The Taoist said, "You must put her body

inside that valley. When you go, scatter this roasted barley behind you, and she will follow you."

"After I put her in the valley, I'll immediately return," the Chinese man answered.

"You don't need to be scared. She will become a normal human being," replied the Taoist.

The Chinese man followed the Taoist's orders, and returned after doing so. His wife followed the barley seeds and also returned. The Chinese man was very afraid to be with her, and asked the Taoist to kill her.

The Taoist said, "Don't be afraid. We already killed the devil inside her body, and now she is the same as before. If you don't believe me I'll stay with you for some time."

Then the three of them stayed together for a long time, and the husband came to believe the Taoist and trust his wife. In the end, he had confidence in his wife, and the Taoist left, and they had a happy life.

म्निट वी स्वा वार्स्टी

त्यः प्रेशः मेथाः वाश्वायः स्. भ्रेशः वियाः मेटः भ्रीयः त्विष्ठं सूर्यः त्याः प्राप्तः मेटः भ्रीयः वाश्वायः स्यायः स्याय

ल्ल. क्. ची.लट था. खी.च टेट. क्.ची. अक्. क्.ची. अक्. कु.ची. प्रमान क्. ची. सं. अंटा वार्षा विट. कु.ची. लट था. खी. अक्. कु.ची. अक्. अक्. कु.ची. ची. अक्. कु.चे. त्या. अंटा वार्षा विट. ची. या. अंटा वार्षा वा

च.क्षेत्र.ब्र्.प्र.च्र.ब्र.ब्र.क्ष्यां व्रिट्.ग्रीय.क्षेत्र.ब्र्.प्र.च्र.ब्रित्र.ल्र्ट्राच्य.क्ष.क्ष्ययाग्रीय.ग्रीट.ब्र्रिट्.ज.त्यवी.च्यीत.द्र.क्ष्य.व्याच्यां व्यवी.क्ष्य.व्याचिट्य.

ट्रे.बंबा.बीट.क्षा.एब्स.टा.बे.ची.बीचा.कुबं.बीचा.पर्ने.मात्त्वी.ता.चीक्चा.वीबा.बा.वाचा. वर्षिवान्तः द्ववाः र्वेषान्तेषान्तेषावाद्वयायवेषात्वाचनः स्वापनः स्वापनः स्वापनः स्वापनः स्वापनः स्वापनः स्वापन ट्रैक'रा'ल। विकाक्ष'लवाकामुकावाबुटक'रा'हे'रावेद 'वुट'केद'ल'राम्निर'राम'रा'न्। वि'र्मर'वी'वादकार्स्कार्टर ८.क्षे.ब्र्यू-प्रामुब्य-प्रामुब्य-प्रामुब्य-भाषीयाः भाषीयाः याचीयाः विविद्यम् विविद्यम् विविद्यम् विविद्यम् विविद्यम् षाच्या देट र्च बिया था ब्रिंट यहिया सुर तर्चे कु ५ रहट विया चें ध्रीद राषा ५ रहे रह केंट हो हो हो राथ केंद्र स ॅॅंब्र लेब्र प्रमृत्याय स्वता ५ उत्पृत्य क्षेत्र क्षेत्र क्षेत्र क्षेत्र प्रमृत्य क्षेत्र क्षेत्र क्षेत्र क्षेत् इत्र क्षेत्र क वर्ष्वारादः श्रेटः र्रायत्यः व्याधिरः वयाधिरः ययाधिरः स्वायः व्याधियः श्रेयः याधियः व्याधियः वयाधिरः वयाधिरः व पर्मेः अवेयः ट्रैयः तथा
 विंटः क्रवे. ग्रीयः के अविंटः प्रमेटः टे. पर्मे. ट्या. व्या. तथा हिंदः क्रवे. याः अविंवः व्या. यां विंदः क्रवे. याः अविंवः विंदः विंवः विंदः विंवः त्यूं.क्र्योःक्र्यःश्रैयात्या विंटःक्रुयं ग्रीयान्दे क्षेत्रः त्येयः वृष्टे विंदः वृष्टे त्यात्ये विंदः वृष्टे ^{द्}रे.लट.थु.प²चेंट.तर.यट्,ज़बाब.टट.लेंब.टे.पव्हें. विय.टुबा व्रिट.ग्रीब.ब्रू.सं.यं.बेड्बा.ग्रिथ.क्ट.वाचेत्र.त. देर ह्रेर पर्ट क्रेंर सुगिर्वेष रट वै त्या हुन तहें वर्षण दे हुर सुरा सुरा ही वर्ष हिर हो त्या हुन के विवास पर `ढ्रेवा'तज्ञूट'च'र्वे' झवा'धेद्र''ब्रेब'च्यदी दे'दब्ब'र्वि'त्रट'चदे'खेबाब'टट'ध्वीर'धुब्य'द्र'वर्ड्डर'च'दट'धुट'ळेद য়ৢঌ৽ঢ়ঀৢঀ৾৽ঢ়৽ড়ৼ৽ঢ়ৠৢঢ়ঌ৽ঢ়৻য়৾য়ৣঢ়ৢৼ৽ঀৣৼড়ৢ৽য়৾ঀঢ়ড়ঀ৽ৠৢঀড়৽য়ড়ঢ়৻ঢ়ৢয়৽ড়৾ঢ়৽ঢ়৾৻৻য়৽ড়৾ঢ়৽য়৽ড়ৢয়৽ঢ়৻ঢ়ৢৼ৽য়য়৽ त्वीवाराः क्षेत्रात्ववा विः तार्वित्त्रात्वा वृत्रायः प्रतात्व्यः प्रतात्वा विष्यः प्रतात्वे विष्यः प्रतात्वे व *ऀवेत्र '*दे'त्रवा'च्राचुट'|वॅवा'खा'व्यावा'मीु'अर्ळत्'त्रवा'चॅवा'में'यावॅवा'च'यदेचवा'च'द्रद्या'च्या'वाशुका'त्रे' तक्तायमार्ट्रियःक्ष्यःक्ष्याः स्वायाः स्वायः स्व

村里的屠夫

从前有个很大的村庄,全村就只有一个杀猪的屠夫。有一天,村里来了个得道高僧借住在屠夫家里,屠夫便邀请高僧住在楼上。屠夫听到高僧整晚都在诵经念佛,心想:"这样不行,这位僧人披着袈裟,戒了七情六欲,已经算是德高望重了,他还在为普度众生而废寝忘食地诵经。而我,别说是做积德的事,连名字都叫村里的屠夫。每年都得屠杀这个村庄所有人家的猪,造的孽可不小啊!来世我还怎么投胎呢?"他决心痛改前非,第二天一早便将自己的想法向得道高僧如实禀明,问道:"我以后发誓不杀猪怎么样?"高僧当下表示赞成:"从今以后你承诺不杀猪,这对天下苍生来说是何等的喜事啊!正所谓放下屠刀,立地成佛。你能痛改前非也算是功德一件,我替你感到高兴。"当天屠夫就在高僧面前发誓从今以后决不杀猪。

有一天,寨主家要杀猪,便派人来找屠夫,他说了事情的原委之后拒绝 杀猪。来人听了特别生气地说: "你是村里的屠夫,杀猪原本就是你的职责 所在,你却在我寨主杀猪的时候推卸责任,不是明摆着让寨主家人造孽吗? 为了洗清你的罪责,你到大海里取回一件宝物,寨主就会原谅你",说着便 命令屠夫去取宝物。屠夫临走时,高僧给他戴了护身符,并叮嘱他: "千万 不能上日月星辰,不能吃大鹏的蛋,你下决心不再屠杀实在是功德一件,等 你取回宝物之后村民们也不会再为难你的。"然后默默诵经为他祈福,保他 平安。

屠夫走了几天几夜之后,遇到了一行人。他们问屠夫去哪儿?有没有同伴?屠夫回答自己只身一人前去取回宝物,于是他们结伴而行。他们走到一座山脚下,同伴说:"我们把大鹏的巢捣了,生起火煮蛋吃吧!"屠夫将高僧的叮嘱牢记于心,委婉地拒绝了他们的邀请便独自一人住到另一个山洞。没过多久,飞来了一只大鹏。它来势汹汹,一只翅膀像要把大地覆盖,一只翅膀像要把天空遮蔽,一口就吞掉了屠夫的同伴们。它问屠夫:"你为什么没有伤害我的宝宝?"屠夫将事情的原委一字不落地说了出来。大鹏对他说:"那么远的地方你要一个人前去,路上不知会遇上多少艰难险阻,不如我去替你取回来。"说着,大鹏取回来三件宝物交给他,并说要将他放在翅膀上载他回去。他想起高僧的叮嘱,便问:"你会飞上日月星辰吗?"大鹏回答:"当然会飞到日月星辰上去啊!"于是他婉言谢绝了大鹏的帮助,打算独自步行回去。大鹏说:"既然这样,那你连夜赶路,一定会平安到达

的。你把一件宝物送给寨主家,另外两件宝物要自己收着,这样,寨主家必遭不测。"屠夫顺利到家之后按大鹏说的那样把一件宝物送给了寨主家。突然,整个村庄发大水,寨主的宫殿和宫殿里所有的人都被洪水冲走了,只剩下寨主一人幸免于难。寨主一经打听,意识到了不应该派屠夫前去取宝物,连忙向屠夫道歉并把被洪水冲走的宝物寻回来交还给他。从那之后,屠夫更加坚信因果报应,每日都喊着高僧的名字磕三个头,决心洗清自己的罪孽,承诺再也不会杀猪了。

The Butcher

A butcher in the village was the only one who slaughtered pigs locally. One day, a hermit came and stayed at the butcher's house. He invited the hermit to the top floor of his family home and the hermit chanted the whole night. The butcher thought the hermit was a monk who had taken Buddhist vows. The butcher thought, "Instead of chanting and praying for the next life, I am slaughtering pigs and creating much sin." He felt strong regret for what he had done in his life. The next morning, he told his feelings of regret to the hermit and took vows of not killing.

That very day, the village headman asked him to slaughter a pig. When the man explained how he had taken vows of not killing from the hermit, the village headman angrily said, "Slaughtering pigs is your responsibility. If you don't slaughter pigs for my family, then you need to bring the almighty precious from the ocean for our forgiveness." The butcher then decided to go to the ocean.

Before leaving, he asked the hermit to give him an amulet and a blessing. The hermit said, "On the way to the ocean, don't go to the surface of the sun and the moon, and don't eat eggs of the bird king Garuda. You will then return home safely, and no one will ask you to slaughter pigs. What you are doing is a great honor and you will surely return to the village."

After the hermit's blessing, the butcher started his long journey. He traveled for several days, and met some people on his way to the ocean. He told his story to the strangers and they agreed to help him. They reached a rocky mountain and his companions said, "We will destroy the nest of the garuda and eat the eggs."

The butcher relayed the words of the hermit to his friends and they did not eat the eggs. After a while, a gigantic garuda landed on the ground and swallowed his friends one by one. The garuda asked the butcher why he did not destroy the nest. He told his story and the hermit's instructions to the faruda.

The garuda said, "It's very difficult to go such a long way and get the almighty precious, therefore I will bring it to you."

Immediately, the garuda brought three almighty precious objects from the ocean. "Now, please get on my back and I will take you to the village," the Garuda said.

"If I get on your back, will we go to the surface of the sun and the moon?" he asked.

"Yes, we will go to the surface of the sun and the moon," the Garuda replied.

The butcher said, "The hermit told me not to go the surface of the sun and the moon. So I'll go to the village on foot."

"Then, please go on foot and one day you will reach the village safely. You need to give one of the almighty precious to the village headman, and keep two for

yourself. Misfortune will come to the headman's family," replied the Garuda.

Finally, the butcher reached the village safely and did as the Garuda had said.

One day, a sudden flood took everything that belonged to the king. The king discovered the reasons for the flood, asked for the butcher's forgiveness, and returned the almighty precious to the butcher. From that time on, he prayed every day and kept his promise not to kill for the remainder of his life.

अवतः अःरेगः र्मेट्।

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聪明的媳妇

很久以前,有一户人家,家里有个傻儿子。父亲心想,要是儿子娶不了聪明的媳妇儿,那么儿子将来必定一事无成,为了给儿子讨一个聪明的媳妇儿,父亲让他带了一把锯子和一百驮力牲畜远行并要求他驮回一百件物品。于是傻儿子就边笑边哭边赶着牲畜,在河边遇见了一位打水的姑娘。"喂,你在哭什么?"姑娘问道。"父亲要我在这一百口牲畜上驮一百件东西,我不知道该驮什么。"他哭着回答。"除了一百口牲畜之外,你还有什么?"姑娘又问道。"我还有一把锯子。"于是姑娘就说:"那容易,你可以将你的牲畜的角截下来驮回去啊!"于是,傻儿子照办回家,告诉父亲是一位姑娘给他出的点子,父亲心想总算我儿子遇到了一位聪明的姑娘,但是还需要再测一次。便交给儿子一把剪刀和一百只羊,让其再驮一百件物品。

于是傻儿子就赶着羊去找那姑娘,找到后说: "我父亲又叫我用一百只羊驮一百件物品。我不知道该驮些什么?你认为呢?" "你父亲还给了你什么?"姑娘问,他回答说: "给了我一把剪刀。"姑娘就说: "那简单,你可以将一百只羊的毛剪下后驮回去给他。"傻儿子照做后便回了家,又告诉父亲是那姑娘替他出的点子,父亲打算将那姑娘娶做儿媳,走入山谷后进了姑娘家门,家中只有姑娘一人,便问道: "姑娘啊,你的父亲去哪儿了?"姑娘回答道: "父亲去买故事了。"又问: "那你母亲呢?"又回答道: "我的母亲去买眼了。"傻儿子的父亲心中起了疑问怎么能买到故事和眼呢?

天黑了,姑娘的父亲和母亲分别拿着一瓶酒和一盏灯回了家,父亲这才恍然大悟。傻儿子的父亲要他们将女儿许配给自己的傻儿子最终取得了同意,不久,姑娘和傻儿子便成了亲。

有一天,他想掂量一下儿媳的聪明,便对儿媳说: "儿媳啊!你去赶那些公鸡到河边饮水。"儿媳聪明地回答说: "好的,公公,您赶到河边我就给它们饮水。"父亲又说: "儿媳啊,你到田野施肥,我要播种子。"儿媳又机灵地说: "好的,公公,您先耕耘,我再去施肥。"

几年后,傻儿子的父亲因犯法进了监狱,当时,有两个撒拉人出狱,他便向家里人带了话说: "不必担心我的安危,有三千士兵守着,有个骑青马的人,需脱下缰绳,善待那只白羊,把黑羊宰了。"傻儿子听见此话心想要

马上宰只羊,媳妇却对丈夫说:"并非如此,父亲的意思是善待一好人,杀死一坏人,脱去缰绳是叫我们寄钱过去,这样父亲就有救了。"

于是,一家人按照聪明儿媳的想法成功地救出了父亲,从此过着幸福快乐的生活。

The Wise Bride

Once a dull-minded son was born into a very wealthy family. Realizing that if his son didn't marry a wise girl he would not make good use of his life, the father decided to find an intelligent bride for his son. To locate such a bride, he gave his son a saw and sent him out with a herd of a hundred male yaks. He told the boy to return home with the yaks loaded.

The son went to the grassland, stayed with the yaks, and cried. Finally, one day, he met a girl who was gathering water at the river. "Why are you crying," the girl asked.

"I've been staying here alone, far from my family. Father told me not to return unless each yak was carrying a load, I can't figure out what the load should be," he said.

"Other than the yaks, what things did your father send with you when he sent you here?" she asked.

"A saw," answered the boy.

"Well, that's very easy. Saw off each yak's horns and load them onto the yaks," the girl said.

The dull-minded boy did as the girl instructed and returned home with all the yaks loaded. He told his father how he got the idea to saw off the yaks' horns. His father then knew his son had met an intelligent girl and decided to give her another test. He gave his son a pair of shears, sent him to the grassland with a hundred sheep, and told him not to return until each sheep was carrying a load.

The dull-minded boy took the shears and the sheep and went looking for the girl. After a long walk, he found her. "Father told me not to return home until each sheep is carrying a load, I don't know what to do," said the boy.

"What else did your father send with you," the girl asked.

"He gave me a pair of shears," answered the boy.

"It's very simple. Shear off the sheep and load each one with its wool," advised the girl.

The dull-minded boy did exactly as the girl had instructed, returned home with the loaded sheep, and told his father about meeting the girl. His father then decided to make a marriage proposal for his son. He journeyed through a valley to the girl's home and, when he arrived, the girl greeted him. "Where is your father," he asked her.

"My father has gone to buy 'speech'," answered the girl.

"Where is your mother," he asked.

"She has gone to purchase 'eye'," answered the girl.

He thought it impossible to buy such things. When the girl's parents returned home at dusk, her father brought a bottle of liquor and her mother had purchased a lamp. The boy's father told them he had come to make a marriage proposal for his son. They had a discussion, the parents agreed to the marriage, and the young couple was soon married.

One day, the boy's father decided to test the wisdom of his son's wife again. "Daughter-in-law, please take the ducks to the river."

"Father, please gather the ducks and I'll take them to the river," she said.

"Daughter-in-law, please put manure on the roof. I need to sow," said the father.

"Father, please plow and I'll put manual on the roof," replied the girl.

Some years passed, the dull-minded boy's father was put in the king's prison for breaking the king's rules. While in prison, two of his fellow prisoners were released. He asked them to take a message to his family. They carried this message to his son and daughter-in-law: "Do not worry about me. I am surrounded by thousands of soldiers and riding a pale colored horse. A pigeon needs to be sent, a decision has been made to entertain the white goat. The grey goat needs to be killed."

The man's son then began preparing to kill a goat.

"We don't need to kill a goat. When your father asked us to entertain one goat and kill the other, he meant to entertain one of the men who brought your father's message and kill the other, when he asked us to send a pigeon, he meant to send some silver coins to save his life," said the girl.

The couple followed the message's instructions as interpreted by the bride, thus saving the life of the dull-minded boy's father and then they lived happily ever after.

भूव र्च अग्र प्रया

वादतः इः क्रेंति द्रारा सुन्तुयः दें विवा यः क्लेंद्र दें वादेश प्रेंद्र रा वादेवा वी क्रेट यः क्लेंद्र रा अवार द्रारा द्रार यिष्ठयाची क्षेत्रात्म क्षेत्र र्रा भ्राप्तवर चेरा विषय विषय विषय विषय क्षेत्र क्षेत्र क्षेत्र क्षेत्र क्षेत्र विषय क्षेत्र क्ष ्रथम्
श्वीयाः ग्रीः क्ष्ट्रां अर्थानः क्षुं अर्थाः विवायः चर्मायः चर्झेषायः द्राः म् क्रेंब्राय्राः स्वारः द्रायायः दृष्ट्वायः विवायः विवायः सुद्राः द्रायः स्वायः स्वयः मु कॅ बिवा श्ववाबा ग्री हॅन्ट नेंदि हे कें व नहें बा खार प्राप्त ना अहिंद निवा केंद्र केंद्र अवार निवा का स्वी ऍ८.८४.थ्र.लूटा त्री'र्पट'त'रत'र्स्व'त्वर्दे'विक्'र्योद्धर'टेक'धेद''वेक'त्रेर'त्वा कु'र्से'ट्ट्रा भावा हिस्स चरुष्यः-द्रायत्रः केषाचेरः चित्रेत्रः स्रायन्यवात्रः व्याः क्षेत्रः द्रायः स्त्रः द्रायः स्त्रः द्रायः क्षेत्रः व्या वीषामी क्षु ८८ पठका तर्द्धपाया बिवा ८८ याज्या दुः योदाया सम्यास्य क्षेत्र प्राप्त स्थापया मिटापाया है हिरा $\forall a_i \cdot \widehat{a}_{0i} \cdot \widehat{a}_{0i$ टबार्षः स्यार्षः स्यार्ष्यः स्यार्थः व्यार्थः व्यार्थः विषयः स्थार्थः विषयः स्थार्थः विषयः स्थार्थः विषयः स्थार ट्रियाया प्रति के स्वर क्षेत्र क्ष धीदःग्रेस देःद्रवाः मुलार्चवः वाषाः वा देदः मुलार्चितः वार्दिदः ग्रीः श्चेतुः वादः तदिः द्वतः रुदः विवा बोदः पवा र्ट. कुष. त्रं. जयाया हे. में. मूर्य. ह्यं प्राची में क्यां स्थान स्थान स्थान स्थान स्थान स्थान स्थान स्थान स् धीदःभेत्रेर प्रमा क्रुयः र्वेषः 'र्वेद्वर्ये' अगर प्रमाय प्रमाय। हिन् गित्रेषः ग्री कुयः र्वेद्वर ग्री अर्ह्द पर है 'या प्रक्षेत्र द्वयः ाँच् भीकार्यात्मात्त्वा विवास्य विवास्य देवरायस्य विवास्य स्वास्य स्वास्य स्वास्य स्वास्य स्वास्य स्वास्य स्वास्य $-\text{Lower Lower L$ હુવા.વા.વ૮.૨.૩.૩૫૪.૨૪ કે.૨.૨૬૬.૪.૪.૪.૪.૨૫૪.૨૪૪.૩૪.૭૮.૭૮.૩.૧૪૨૫ મે. ક્રેવા.૭૮.૧૪૮૪.૪૪૪. चर्लेब र्ल्सन्यान्त्रा वाल्याः ह्या वी सिन्यान्या होवा सम्पन्धः स्त्रीया चर्लेब र्ल्सन्या सिन्यान्या सिन्यान्या ८म.तम्, ब्रिट्.क्रुपु.र्ज्ञ.य.पट्ट.ल.भक्ष्य.रुटी भु.ज.ज.टवीप.यम.ध्री.मुय.व्य.ट्र.पचिटाटटा हे.क्रीवी.मटिप. . यायायाञ्चा ती तिरार्चा या होता सराहा अता क्षेत्र । या विषय स्वापन हो की स्वापन हो हो हो । स्वापन हो हो हो स क्रूयःस्ट्र-इंग्नयं क्षायाः इंग्र्वेवियायः वियायह्याः द्वियाया वियायह्याः स्वायत् स्वायत् स्वायत् स्वायत् स्वा ल्रिंदार्द्रा ह्रावार्वा स्रमाने देरात्वे प्रतानि स्वादानि स्वादानि स्वादानि स्वाद्या स्वादानि स्वाद्या स्वादा વર્ગન ફ્રિંક, દ્વારા ફ્રિંક કરા ત્યાન ત્

दे'व्या र्ह्मेंव'र्यं अवार द्या प्रमाध्या अप्या सूर्वें अपवार्द्भवें विवा र्थेत्। अप्या सूर्वें वेर प्रा के विवा रेत्र रेका ट्रैया ब्रे'क्रे'क्रॅय्यप्यायाक्ष्यं ब्रेंचेरप्राचेरविषाणीयापाटाक्रॅयाग्राटक्रेंयाग्राटक्रेया प्रमुटाक्रुयप्राचेपावीपावीपाटि . होर-पॅट-कु:केट्गन्देख-पत्र-पन्ना ह्वॅब-र्रा:कण्र-ट्रका:प्रब-प्टेर-र्क्नेब-के:प्रत्या-ट-प्रक्रें ट्रकान्दे:विवा:पहोर-८र्मुबः, बेबा है या तथा है। क्षें क्षें बा हिंदा ग्रीया है। मृत्या सामा स्वापार स्व क्र.ट्रेन.क्रं.बी.वोट.टे.पहूर्वा.खेबाट्रेबायबबाक्रं.बी.पहूर्वा.बन.तथवी.ह्रबी व्याया.क्रं.ब्र्यूया.ट्रे.ट्रब्रूट.ट्रब्रूट.चुन.रथा. र्ष्ट्र-इंर-खेर-खेर-दर्ग्या वाय-हे-सॅट-इंर-खेर-खेर-खेर-खेर-खेर-खेर-ख-दर्गया-दर्गया क्विं, द्वां स्वार-दर्ग प्र . प्रतामिका क्रिया हो की रहें की रहें मी श्वादा के का नाम स्वादा हो का सामिका का स्वादा कर स्वादा का स्वादा की · र्वत्र हेषाः र्ह्मेत्र र्याः अवारः प्रथाः प्रथाः प्रवाधः स्वाधः प्रति । वार्षे विष्याः प्रथाः प्रवाधः प्रवाध ॕॣॿ॔ज़ॱय़॔ॱॺॺऻॸॱ८ॺॱय़ॺॱख़ऀॱॺॖॕॱय़ऀॱॺॖॕढ़ॎ॔ॱॻॖऀॱख़ॱॺॺॱॸॕॱ८ॺॕ॔८ॱ८ॱॺ॔॔८ॱॾ॓ॸॱॸॺॱॾॕ॔ॸ॔ॱॾ॓ॸॱॿ॓ॺॱड़ऀॺ<u>ऻ</u> द्यु:बॅब्र-ऍ-८वॅट-ख-अब-व्रिट्-रट-ऍन्-चेर-बेब-चन्नि क्वेंब-ट्-या-ब्रायन-ट्य-प्य-स्वायन-ट्य-व्यायन-ट्यायन-ट्यायन-वार-र-पर्ववायः व्याद्यात्र विः स्वार्थः स्वर्थः स्वार्थः स्वार्थः स्वार्थः स्वार्थः स्वार्थः स्वार्थः स्वर्थः स्वर्यः स्वर्थः स्वर्थः स्वर्थः स्वर्थः स्वर्यः स्वर्थः स्वर्थः स्वर्थः स्वर्यः स्वर्यः स्वर्थः स्वर्थः स्वर्थः स्वर्यः स्वर्यः स्वर्थः स्वर्यः स्वर्य ब्रूट केंब बिग ग्राध्या द्वारा अप्यान्य स्त्रा अप्यान्य स्त्र स्त् तर्देर: र्वेंब्र: देव्यः वेंब्य: प्रमृत् क्वेंब्र: प्रमृत्र: व्याप्त्र: प्रमृत्र: व्याप्त्र: व्याप्तः व्यापतः वयापतः वय वयापतः वयाप व.ट.र्यूयः, चुर.प्या व. यूयात्त्रात्तात्त्र्यात्त्रात्त्रात्त्रात्त्रात्त्रात्त्रात्त्रात्त्रात्त्रात्त्रात्त्

त्राथवार-ट्यात्यात्मात्मार्थयाः च्यात्मात्म्यां स्ट्र-ट्रिचीयात्मार्थयात्मात्मित्मात्म्याय्म्यात्म्य्यात्मात्मित्मात्म्यात्म्

स्यादि । स्वाप्तान्त्र विष्याः स्राप्त्र । दे ने दे ने क्षाः चे स्वाप्तः स्वापः स्वापः स्वापः स्वापः स्वापः स् इ.स. स्वापः स्वापः स्वाप्तः स्वापः स्वाप

त्त्र री. तर्या. था. येथा. य

क्ष्वीयाबुयान्त्रन्त्रियाक्षेत्रास्त्रियाक्षेत्रास्त्रियाक्षेत्रास्त्रियाः वित्याक्षेत्रेत्र्यात्त्रियाः वित्य इत्राचीय्यान्त्रायाः वित्याक्षेत्रास्त्रायाः वित्याक्षेत्रायाः वित्यवाः वित्याक्षेत्रायाः वित्यवाः वित्यवाः व

दे'व्रवायाद'म्य द्वेषावादे ख्वा हेवा मृदायायावाव्य दे त्रिष्ठेर व्रवा कुया र्वेदे खत्व व्या क्रा क्रेब र्रा लगमा ५.२८ ईंब ब्रा ड्रीट रायु रिया शे ह्व अट हो। क्रेज र्यु स्राचित है से लिया प्रथम हो। हेवा'सेट्'राबा'र्सं''बेबा'चेर'पाया कुय'र्पेबा'क्षु'धुय'विसवा'या'सु'दर्मे 'धृप''हेवा'ट्रेबा र्बेव र्ग.भे तथर. ॻॖऀॺॱॱक़ॣॕॺॱऍॱॺॻऻॸॱॸॖॺॱय़ॱऄॺॱॸॖॱढ़ॎॿॕॖॱॻॸॱॻॻढ़ॎॱॾॕॗख़ॱॸ॒ॸॱॺॕॺॱॿॖॎ॓ॸॱऍ॔ॸॱॸ॓ॺॱऄॺॢॱॿ॓ॺॱॿ॓ॸॱॻॺऻ र्चन्न वित्रास्त्र स्वाप्त निवास क्षित्र क् लगानर्स् नमुन्या क्रिंत साम्राज्य क्रिंत नात्र निर्मेत्र नात्र निर्मेत्र नात्र निर्मेत्र निर्मेत बान्चियान्तरार्ट्यात्रात्रेतात्वे प्रति प्रति प्रति । विष्यान्त्र विषयः विषय इं.लीजावश्वायी सूथ रे.क्योबा खुबा यचेट व्यवश्चायी ही रेया ई.लीजावश्वायी सूथ रा.रेटा ट्रेयेवा ई.लीजा [पर्याया मुन्तः हुना न्यूने वा त्रम् वा वा त्रवा हुन मुन्तः तृतः दृतः दृतः नुन्तः हुन्तः वा वा वा वा वा वा वा व α अप्र. α - α - व्यव द्रा में निवर मुक्ता प्रतान के ययोर्ट्यात्रमान्यात्रम् क्षेत्रात्र्राक्षेत्रात्र्याया राक्षात्र्रात्रम् क्षेत्रात्रम् व्याप्त्रम् व्याप्त्रम् त्रेषःभ्रद्गत्त्रहृतः तर्वा प्रवादित्यः । त्रेषः प्रवाद्यः प्रवेषः प्रवाद्यः । त्रेषः प्रवाद्यः । विष्यः प्रवि लवाबा ८. मृत्या व्रिट. पर्मे. ट्रम्ब. में उर्दा व्रिट. ग्रीब. ग्रीट. प्र्यं र. श्रवं र. लवाबा ८. मृत्यः प्रवाध राम हिंदा रा चन्नि देःवयः र्ह्वेवःर्रः श्चःचवरः द्रद्र्यः श्चवाः द्र्रः चवरः र्ह्वेवःर्रः अवारः द्रुयः या ह्विदः श्वः यावाः वेः स्वरः र्वेदः च धोद्रः विषाद्वेष। र्ह्नेद्रार्था अवाराद्यापाय (वि द्यायाक रेपे रेराक्रेट विषाद्याप्त विषापविषाक्षेप्राचिष रही प्रया: भ्वा:स्ट्रां त्रवा:स्ट्रां स्वा:स्ट्रां स्व:स्ट्रां स्व:स् वयः भ्रॅंब 'यामा पन्पाप्या थुः पुरा प्रांच 'पॅप्' ग्ठेया या पाना भ्रंव 'पॅर भ्राप्यवर मीया भ्रंव 'पॅर माप्य प्र वयानिते विवानित्राच्या भ्रवान्तर्थ्यावयान्तर्थ्यात्र्यान्तर्भाषान्तर्भवत्रात्र्यात्र्यान्तर्भाष्ट्रात्र्यान्तर क्षेषाः धुः त्रषः त्रः द्रः सुः सुः त्रः त्र्वाः क्षेत्रः चरः त्र्याः त्रः त्रवाः त्रवाः त्रवाः त्रवाः त्रवाः त

贤丞相格尔

从前有个国王,有两位丞相。一名为贤丞相格尔,一名为颓头丞相。一 天早晨,国王对贤丞相格尔说:"昨夜我梦见一妇女爬我家铁树,请你去看 看究竟"。贤丞相格尔将一根棍棒藏匿于袖中前去,果真看到一妇女在铁树 顶。贤丞相格尔叫道:"请速爬下铁树,否则砍断铁树",那妇女吓得顿时 面如土色, 赶忙说: "我马上下来"。等那妇女下来后, 贤丞相格尔走上前 乘那妇女不注意, 快速拿出藏于袖中的棍棒, 狠狠打在她的腿上, 其腿即时 成了两截。那妇女在疼痛的哀嚎中与一阵风一起不见了踪影。贤丞相格尔拿 着那条打断的腿前到国王那儿禀报,说:"尊敬的国王,铁树上果真爬着一 位妇女,我恐吓她下树并乘机打断了她一条腿。"国王道:"吖吖吖!我国 库里的猴子也没这般本事,要是两条腿都打断了那该多好呀!"国王的贪婪 之火越燃越烈。此时颓头丞相上前道:"尊敬的国王,此事容易,国王下令 让贤丞相格尔前去猎妖,他准能找到。"国王道:"贤丞相格尔,看在你我 感情深厚的份上,请务必将另一条腿也拿回来吧!"。贤丞相格尔立下军令 状后赶路了。他走了很长一段路,到了一个陌生的村庄。看到村落里的人各 个都很怪异,便上前询问,道:"你们有的唱歌跳舞、有的赛马射箭,可有 的背负沉重的担子,呻吟着、哭泣着,这是怎么回事啊?"。村民们回答 说: "仙女姐姐要求我们村落要交人丁税, 高兴的哪些人是庆祝不用去服 役,而痛苦的哪些人是害怕去服役"。贤丞相格尔道: "你们不必焦虑,我 替你们去服役",听到此话,村民们万分感激。贤丞相格尔接着又问道: "除了仙女姐姐外还有何人,仙女姐姐是何人?"。村民们回答道:"我们 也不知道神仙姐姐是何人,传言和一个女孩一起住在一座磨房里,去过那里 的人,除了几个命大的回来外,其余人都杳无音讯"。贤丞相格尔道:"此 事无碍,我去服役。敢问要带什么东西吗?"。村民们回答道:"拿一盆面 糊,到了磨房,问那女的放哪儿,放了面糊后又要问神仙姐姐让我住这儿还 是让我回去,要是说不用住,你就回来"。贤丞相格尔仔细听完后,拿着村 民们准备好的一大盆面糊朝着磨房走去了。到了磨房,贤丞相格尔问那女的 面糊放哪儿。那女的说:"哦!放地上就可以了"。贤丞相格尔又问那女 的,说:"你妈妈今晚让我住这儿还是让我回去"。那女的回答说:"今晚 我妈妈让你住这儿"。贤丞相格尔又问道: "你妈妈在哪儿"。那女的回答 道: "我妈妈现在不在家,待会儿回家"。贤丞相格尔问道: "你妈妈来时 有什么征兆"。那女的回答道:"当微风吹起的时候,预示着妈妈已经准备

上路。当风力逐渐增大时,预示着妈妈已经在回家的路上。当狂风肆虐的时 候就预示着妈妈已经到家了"。贤丞相格尔道:"我住在磨房顶上,等你妈 妈来了叫我",说完就到磨房顶上了。没过多久,妈妈随着一阵狂风到家 了。嘘嘘几声后一盆偌大的面糊已经吃得一干二净了。转身说道: "今天送 面糊的人在那儿?带到这儿来"。那女的道:"妈妈,今天送面糊的那个人与 众不同。我很害怕,他在磨房顶上"。妈妈道: "用不着怕,你去叫他"。 那女的对贤丞相格尔道:"嗨!我妈妈叫你"。贤丞相格尔一边应答着,一 边把一根棍棒藏在袖中。刚到磨房,那妖女看到贤丞相格尔,打了个哆嗦, 随着一阵风消失了。贤丞相格尔对那女的喝道: "要是不说你妈妈在哪儿, 我就取了你性命!"。那女的生性胆怯,为了保住性命,请求贤丞相格尔不 杀,并把他带到那女妖住处。那女的指着一条山沟道:"这条山沟里有一扇 木门,进了木门后有一扇海螺门,进了海螺门后有一扇白银门,进了白银门 后有一扇黄金门, 进了黄金门后, 你会看到我妈妈坐在桌子上。只要坐在那 张桌子上就可以随心所欲,想到那儿就到那儿"。贤丞相格尔虽然嘴上承诺 不杀那女的,但到了一处万丈悬崖时,用力一推,便把那女的推下山崖了。 贤丞相格尔一一打开各扇门,并一一关上,到了妖女房中。那妖女看到贤丞 相格尔后惊慌失色,失声说道:"这不是我的仇人吗",说着便爬到桌子底 下的洞穴里。贤丞相格尔道: "我如此辛苦找你,你出来,我不杀你,我有 话与你说"。那妖女说道: "你要立誓不杀我,我方出来"。贤丞相格尔立 誓后,那妖女缓缓爬出洞穴。此刻贤丞相格尔疾速取出棍棒向那妖女头上狠 狠打去,顿时妖女血溅满地,命丧黄泉。贤丞相格尔取了些上等的衣物放在 桌上,并取下那条残腿坐在桌上,双目紧闭,口中念道:"到原先的村 落?",刚一睁眼便到了那村落。藏好桌子后,进入村中说道:"从今以后 你们不再赋人下税了,我已杀死妖女和她女儿,你们也不必叫神仙姐姐,她 是个妖女, 你们可以自由幸福的生活了"。说完, 村民们万分感激, 异口同 声的说: "你做我们的国王,我们为你建造一处富丽堂皇的宫殿,并迎娶最 美丽的姑娘为你做妻子"。贤丞相格尔道:"我身为他国之丞,我不能做你 们的国王"。说完辞别村民,坐在桌子上,一睁眼的功夫就到了离别已久的 国土。藏好桌子后,拿着妖女残腿觐见国王。国王看到妖女被杀,异常高 兴,传旨道:"贤丞相格尔杀妖有功,大摆宴席,连庆十八天"。此时颓头 丞相上前道: "尊敬的国王, 莫要着急庆功, 殿里尚未有仙界果子"。国王 道:"谁能上仙界也?"。颓头丞相又道:"国王下令,让贤丞相格尔取仙 界果子,他定能拿到"。国王对贤丞相格尔道:"你到仙界拿果子,我大摆 宴席,庆祝你十八日"。贤丞相格尔回答道: "国王不庆也罢,我会去拿果子。"贤丞相格尔坐在桌上,双目紧闭,口中念道: "让我到仙界",说完睁开眼睛便到了仙界,从仙界摘了个果子,回到王宫。国王百感交集,连忙准备宴席。贤丞相格尔心想,若不想个法子,随着自己功勋日臻,颓头丞相必加害于我,便向国王禀报,尊敬的国王,现在没功夫庆功,仙界各仙男、仙女蓄发及腰,应下令让颓头丞相前去理发。国王道: "颓头丞相,你去仙界理发"。颓头丞相惊恐万分,忙问贤丞相格尔,你是如何去仙界的,贤丞相格尔答道: "做一个很大的祭祀台,上面放了很多柏树枝等祭品,点燃后坐在上面,双目紧闭,口中念诵: 到仙界,便可到达仙界"。颓头丞相依照贤丞相格尔的指示做完所有准备后,坐在柏树枝等祭品上,双目紧闭,念道: "到仙界去。"睁开眼睛后,还未到达,于是连试了几次后还未到达仙界。没过多久,柏树枝等祭品燃烧起来将颓头丞相活活烧死了。从此国王和臣民们过着幸福安康的生活。

The Minister Mgar dampa

Once a king had two ministers, named Mgar dampa and Barber. One morning the king said, "I dreamed of a woman climbing our iron tree, please investigate!"

Minister Mgar dampa left with a wand hidden in his sleeve and found a woman in the tree as the king had dreamed. He said to the woman, "Please come down or I'll cut the tree down."

The frightened woman obeyed him. As soon as she was on the ground, he hit her with the wand on the foot, which broke off. The woman disappeared in a whirlwind. Mgar dampa then went to the king, reported, and handed him the broken foot.

"Aw! Excellent, the monkey in my storehouse doesn't have a foot as deft as this one. How nice it would be to have her other foot!" said the greedy king.

"Dear great king, it's easy! If you order Mgar Dampa to look for it, he will surely find it," advised Barber deviously.

The king ordered Mgar dampa, "Use all your effort to obtain the other foot."

Mgar dampa set off and after he had walked for a long time, he reached a large village where some people were dancing, singing, racing horses, and shooting arrows. Some were laughing, while others were crying with excessive sadness. Mgar dampa was surprised and asked, "Why are some people dancing, singing, racing horses, and shooting arrows while laughing, while some others are crying?"

The villagers explained, "We must pay tax to a demon in turn. The one who pays the tax never returns. The crying ones are chosen to pay, and the happy ones are those who still have some days left to enjoy the rest of their lives."

"I'll pay the tax for you tonight," replied Mgar dampa, which delighted everyone. The villagers explained that they did not know much about the demon other than that she lived with a daughter in a milling house, and only a few lucky ones returned after paying the tax.

"What do I need to take for the tax?" asked Mgar dampa.

The villagers said, "Take a pot of porridge and put it where the daughter tells you. Then ask the girl if the demon wants you to stay or leave. Listen to whatever the demon says."

Mgar dampa then set off for the milling house with a pot of porridge. When he arrived he asked where he should put the porridge.

"Put it on the ground," replied a girl.

When he asked if the demon wanted him to stay or leave. The girl said, "Mother wants you to stay tonight,"

"Where is your mother?" asked Mgar dampa.

"Mother isn't here, but she'll be back soon," the girl said.

"How will she come?" asked the Mgar danpa.

"When it is a little windy here, it means she is ready to come. When the wind blows stronger, she is on the way. She arrives here in a dust storm," the girl said.

They both waited for her mother's arrival. Soon, it was a little windy and the girl said that her mother was ready to come. When the wind blew stronger, the girl said her mother was on her way. The demon soon arrived in a dust storm, drank the pot of porridge in noisy slurps, and then exclaimed, "Bring the one who brought the porridge tax!"

"The man who came here today is different from the others. He's on the millstone and I'm a little afraid of him," said the girl.

"There's nothing to be afraid of. Call him here!" ordered her mother.

Minister Mgar dampa came with a wand hidden in his sleeve. The mother saw him and screamed, "This is the one who broke my foot!" and vanished in a wind storm.

The minister frightened the girl saying, "If you don't tell where you mother went, I'll kill you."

She then timidly led him to where her mother lived, after making him promise he would not kill her. They reached a place deep in the valley and the girl said, "There are a wooden door and a conch door inside. Once through those doors, you will come to a golden door. Mother will be on a magic chair that takes her wherever she wants to go."

The minister then kicked the girl off of a cliff, breaking his promise. He entered the doors, closing the doors behind him. The demon saw him and screamed, "This is the man who broke my leg!" and went into a hole under the chair.

"Come out. I won't kill you. I've come to chat," Mgar dampa said.

"You must promise not to kill me," said the demon.

When she hesitatingly came out of the hole, he hit her on the head and killed her. He then piled all the treasures on the magic chair, cut off the demon's other foot, and made a wish to return to the village. As soon as he opened his eyes, he was back in the village.

He hid the magic chair, went to the villagers, and said, "Pay no more taxes. Enjoy happy times. I have killed the demon mother and daughter. The one you called goddess actually was a demon!"

"Please dwell here as our king. We will build a nice palace and provide you with a beautiful queen," beseeched the villagers.

"I can't stay here as your king, because I am a minister of another king," Mgar dampa said, and went to the magic chair, sat in it, wished to return to the palace of his king, opened his eyes, and was back in the palace. He took the demon's other foot to the king who was so delighted that he planned to host a party for eighteen nights and days. The barber, out of jealousy, advised the king, "This is not the exact time for celebration. We still lack divine fruit from Heaven." When the king asked who should go to Heaven, the barber said, "Minister Mgar dampa would surely be successful."

"Dear Minister Mgar bampa, please bring me divine fruit from Heaven and I will celebrate your accomplishment for eighteen days and nights," said the king.

"I will go for the divine fruit, even you don't celebrate my victory for eighteen days and nights," Mgar dampa replied, then went to Heaven in the magic chair, and returned with divine fruit.

As the king was ready to celebrate the party he had promised, Mgar dampa thought, "Even if I am promoted to a higher position, I won't have time to live well with this barber." He then said, "Dear great king, we don't have time to celebrate. Nowadays, gods and goddess in Heaven have hair so long that it reaches their shoulders. They have sent a message through me to you saying order the barber minister to go cut their hair in Heaven."

"Dear Minister Barber, this time it's your turn to go. Please try your best and do as well as Mgar dampa has done," ordered the king.

"How did you get to Heaven?" the barber asked Mgar dam pa.

"I collected firewood and offerings from all over, put it all together, sat on it and, when it was lit, I prayed to arrive in Heaven with my eyes closed, and then I arrived there," Mgar dampa explained.

The barber then collected firewood and offerings, put it all together, sat on it, and wished to arrive in Heaven, while people kindled a fire. When he opened his eyes after making his wish, he was still on the pile. He closed his eyes again and continued wishing. Then the fire burned him to death. Later, everyone lived happily ever after.

चर्यु.र्झेर.र्टट.झेल.य\ **%**ट्यारा.षि.रजी

ट.ज.भूषे अ.ज.ट्यंगं, कुयाजयः तः सुर्या ट्यांजा अर्म्युं व्यां कुयाजयः या सुर्या अर्मा सुर्या अरमा स

蜣螂、青蛙和壁虎

很久以前有三只两栖动物,它们分别为蜣螂、青蛙和壁虎。一个阳光明媚的早晨它们聚在一起协商去劫掠财物,它们商量着到马路边去抢劫一匹骏马。此时,恰好遇上一匹飞驰而来的马。它们心想: "哈哈!今天你倒霉,落到我们手中了",于是大模大样地走向马路中央排成了一队准备拦截那匹马。眼看马要接近之时,壁虎却因胆怯跳向了石岩,青蛙也恐于此景扑通一声跳入池中,唯有蜣螂没来得及逃跑而被马踩伤。这时两个伙伴争前恐后地前来问及伤情,蜣螂使劲地扬起头而骄傲的说: "我既没有胆怯而跳向石岩,更没有畏惧而扑入池中,只不过轻挂了我尊贵的黑衣罢了!"

The Beetle, Frog and Lizard

A beetle, frog and lizard met and planned a robbery. They came to a road and decided to steal a horse. After a while, a man galloped toward them. They decided to rob him by standing in the middle of the road to stop the horse.

When the horse got near, the lizard scuttled away and the frog jumped into a small pond beside the road. The beetle was very small and did not dare move. The horse stepped on the bottom of the beetle, wounding him. After the horse left, his friends came and asked, "Dear friend, are you OK?"

The beetle said, "I didn't run away like the lizard, and I didn't hop into the water like the frog. The horse just destroyed a part of my clothes, and I am fine."

मैज.सं.श्रम.बार्श्व.ता

श्रध्यः संयोक्षयः स्विच्याः कुर्वः कुर्वः त्रियो त्राः विक्रायः त्रियः स्वाः स्विच्यः स्वाः स्व

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王子复活

很久以前有一国王,其王子非常喜欢骑骡子。有一天,因骡子受惊把王 子狠狠的摔到在地上,并受了重伤,正当生死关头,又被一妖女挖去心脏, 尸体无法回家只好藏在一后山岩谷中。

国王有一邻居,其家中只有母女俩,女儿名为坠吉(其意为幸福的骡子),每当坠吉去河边背水之时,时常能忽隐忽现地见到王子的尸体骑着骡子在走。有一次,王子的尸体说: "阿姐坠吉,骑上骡子跟我走"。回家后,坠吉把这事告诉了她的母亲,母亲说道: "对此你是否感到害怕?如果不怕,你就跟踪他仔细查看一下他的去处!"

第二天,坠吉去背水时,王子的尸体像往常一样跟她说: "阿姐坠吉,骑上骡子跟我走",于是,坠吉就跟着王子的尸体到了后山岩谷中,尸体开口说,他是国王的王子,前些日子骑骡子,不慎骡子受惊受了重伤,后被妖女挖了心脏,拿到了别处,他已知道心脏现在何处,但无力去抢回,需要她帮他取回心脏,如果顺利拿回心脏他还有复活的希望。于是,坠吉答应舍身去解救王子。王子的尸体详细叙说了妖女和心脏的所在之处,并嘱咐路上在岩高的地方向上跳三下、岩低处燃起一堆大火,那样妖女要是追她,她就能安全逃脱,并在放牧时想法设法接近妖女的女儿,设法打听妖女家的日常生活习惯及情况。

于是,坠吉按照王子的意思,放牧时问妖女的女儿: "你回家后需要做哪些事?",妖女的女儿把回家后具体要做的事告诉了她: "首先拴山羊,要大声命令山羊分开,山羊就会各自自动分开,然后逐个拴住就行; 其次,进家门后,母亲会给一碗牛奶,喝完后如天是晴的,就无事可做,如是阴天就需要收拾妖女抢回来晒在房顶上的心脏,其余就没什么特别可做的事情"。于是,坠吉要求抓妖女头发里的虱子,妖女的女儿拒绝说: "不能抓我头发里的虱子,我头上有颗痣,如不小心挤了那颗痣,我就会死去"。这时坠吉向妖女的女儿保证不动那颗痣,在坠吉的劝说下,妖女的女儿允许了,借此良机坠吉杀死了妖女的女儿,并换上她的衣服,赶着山羊去妖女家。按照事先问好的步骤,拴了山羊后进门喝了妖女给的牛奶,并告诉妖女天阴了我到房顶收拾心脏。此时,妖女瞧一瞧晴朗的天空,不让她去收拾心脏。但是她不顾妖女的反对就自行爬上了房顶,妖女一心认定眼前姑娘是自己的女儿,就没在意她的举动。坠吉上了房顶后在众多血淋淋的心脏中仔细

挑出王子的心脏后就不顾一切往回逃,妖女等了许久不见女儿下来,就上房顶去查看,远远看见了坠吉带着王子的心脏逃去。于是,迅速去追赶她。但由于种种挫折和困难,妖女只好眼睁睁看着坠吉逃走了。

坠吉拿到了王子的心脏并顺利地救活了王子,从此和王子结为夫妻,过 上了幸福美满的生活。

The Recovery of the Prince

A prince was fond of riding mules. One day he fell off his mule and broke both his legs. A devil discovered him and took away his heart. He thus became a zombie and did not return home. He stayed in a deep valley behind his house.

A woman and her daughter lived adjacent to the king's home. The daughter was named Drel skyid. Every day she fetched water. She saw a mule being ridden by a zombie who called to her, "Sister Drel skyid, come! Let's go home together!"

The daughter told her mother about the zombie. The mother asked, "Are you afraid of the zombie?"

"No, I am not afraid," replied the daughter.

"Then, follow the mule and see where they go," the mother said.

The next day, the daughter went to fetch water and met the zombie. The zombie said, "Sister Drel skyid, come! Let's go home together!" She then followed the zombie into a deep valley behind the king's home. The zombie said, "I am the prince of the king's family. Several days ago, I fell off a mule and broke my legs. Then a devil came and took my heart. I know where my heart is and where the devil lives, but I can't get the heart without your help. If you can bring the heart to me, I will be fully alive."

"I will help you get your heart back. If I can bring your life back, I won't regret it even I die," the girl replied.

The zombie said, "On the way to the devil's place, you must jump three times at the Jumping Place, rest at the Resting Place and make a fire by the Fire Place. You will meet two quarreling yaks fighting for a wooden nose string. Divide the string into two pieces and give it to them. Then, you can escape from the devil safely. The daughter of the devil is herding the yaks and you must kill her first."

The daughter went to the devil's place and did what the prince had said. She went to the grassland and met the devil's daughter and asked her, "What do you do when you get home?"

"I tether all the goats in their own places. If I say 'Elders to elders, youths to youths,' then the goats go to their own places. Mother offers me a bowl of milk and I drink it. If the weather is cloudy, I collect the heads drying in the sun on the roof."

"I'll help you catch lice in your hair," she said to the daughter of the devil.

"No, I have a mole atop my head, and if you mash it I would die immediately," the daughter said.

She convinced the devil's daughter to let her collect lice and killed her by mashing the mole. She then put on her clothes, and went to the devil's home. After

she put the goats in their proper places, she said, "Dear Mother, it's cloudy so I'll gather the heads from the roof."

"It's not cloudy so you don't have to," the devil replied, not noticing it was not her daughter.

She went to the roof anyway and found many heads and hearts on the roof. She found the prince's heart and escaped. The devil waited a long time. Then she noticed a girl running with the prince's heart and ran after her.

When the girl got to the Jumping Place, Resting Place, Fire Place and the yaks, the devil asked each of them to stop the girl, but they said, "You passed us thousands of times and never helped us. We won't stop this girl, but actually we'll stop you!"

When the girl was about to reach the prince, she fell and the heart she held leapt into the prince's body, He then recovered and married the girl, who eventually became the queen and had a happy life.

चिष्रयाता.यशिटायचूर्य।

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 मैल.सीया शैर.दे.रट. ग्री-चर्ड्य, ब्र्र्य-चर्थया।

स्टा-दा-श्रेटी श्रीया श्री-देश, च्री-देश, च्री-देश, च्री-देश, ज्री-देश, ज्र

शह्ट, कुटा, कैला तू. प्रांत्र-प्टान्ट्य ता. वुं अंच्या पांत्र-प्टान्य या विद्यात्र विश्वात्र विश्वात्य विश्वात्र विश्वात्र विश्वात्र विश्वात्र विश्वात्र विश्वात्य विश्वात्य विश्वात्र विश्वात्र वि

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弥勒之言

从前,在一个地方住着一对母女,因为家境贫穷,她们只能在一座土墙 角边吃住。那个地方有个国王,国王的家仆们经常到那儿砍树,那些家仆冷 时,那对母女就给他们生火,渴了就给他们水喝。后来,那些伐木人就说这 对母女对我们有恩,我们走时,每人要砍一棵树给他们。伐木的人砍伐完之 后就每人给她们一棵树。

后来,国王家的木匠经过她们那儿,她们又给木匠们供暖供水,木匠头儿就说: "这对母女太可怜了,有树却没房,我们就帮这对母女盖个房!"后来,国王家的神像工匠们又经过那里,那对母女不只给他们供水供暖,还供住,工匠们就说: "这位老奶奶连个拜佛的佛像都没有,实在太可怜了,我们给她塑个神像吧!"这样就给老奶奶塑造了一个神像——弥勒佛。

后来,那位老奶奶就经常叩拜弥勒佛,祈祷说: "我死了就没人照顾我的这个女儿了。我快死了,愿弥勒佛能够保佑我的女儿去到一个幸福快乐的地方,遇到一位好男人,找上一个好婆家。希望我没死之前就能找到好婆家。"老奶奶许的愿恰好被门外的杂货郎听到了。有一晚,杂货郎就悄悄来到她们家,躲在弥勒佛像后,等老奶奶叩拜佛像时,杂货郎就假装自己是弥勒佛说:明天早上会有一个人来,你把女儿交给他,他会带你女儿到是一个幸福快乐的地方!老奶奶以为是弥勒佛亲言,一大早就叩拜佛像等那个人来,有个杂货郎叫喊着来到了门口,老奶奶认为他就是弥勒佛所说的那人,便对杂货郎说: "我有个女儿,不知你要不要?"杂货郎说: "我要!"于是老奶奶就把女儿交给了杂货郎。杂货郎把女儿装在箱子里后,就背走了。

走着走着就遇到国王家在设宴。杂货郎就把箱子藏在河床边的小土山上后,自己就去参加国王家的宴会去了。国王在给王子选王妃,说是王子往天空射箭,箭落哪位姑娘身上,哪位就是王妃。王子射箭时,王子往人群上空射箭,本来箭应落到人群中,可是王子不管怎么射都会落到河床边的小土山上,于是人们就好奇的到了小土山那边,仆人们在那儿找到了一个箱子,打开箱子一看,见里面有位女孩,就把她选为王妃了。

女儿被选为王妃,可老奶奶流落在外!有一天,老奶奶流浪到国王家门外,女儿见后,就悄悄把母亲带到国王的国库,女儿天天为她母亲送饭到国库。可是,不料有一天,母亲死在国库中,女儿很慌张,不知该把尸体带到哪里!就心念弥勒佛,叩拜道:"我的母亲要是能变成像一只羊那么大的金

银就好了!"有一天,有位臣子向国王说:"我们的国库有腐烂味!"国王 说: "国库里怎么会有腐烂味呢?"臣子说: "每天在国库外来回走时就能 闻到一道腐烂味。"于是,国王就同群臣一块夫杳看国库,打开库门后,他, 们就听见王妃在里面哭喊,旁边还有一块一只羊那么大的金银,因为国库里 之前没有这么大的一块金银,国王就问王妃:"这是怎么回事?"王妃不知 所措,就说:"这是我娘家捎来的。"国王就说:"你有家吗?我们在一块 小土山上找到你, 就以为你没有家, 要是有家的话, 哪有不回娘家的道理 啊! 你已经有很多年没回家了, 明天, 我们就陪你一同夫你娘家看看!"然 后,国王和王子、众群臣就去准备出发了。王妃很担心,心想回家后就只有 一尊弥勒佛像,除此之外,什么东西都没有,该怎么办才好呢?就又心念弥 勒佛求福。晚上,她就梦到弥勒佛来到她跟前,说:"你不用害怕,明天你 回家时,首先,你们会碰到一群羊,他们要是问,你就说这些都是我家的 羊。然后会碰一群马,他们要是问,你就说这些都是我家的马,然后再上 来,你就会碰到一群牲畜,他们问的话,你就说这些都是我家的牲畜!然 后,我就会化成你哥,你母亲会变成你嫂子,我们俩会带着千军万马来迎接 你,但是你在家只能呆七天,七天之后,一切法术变的东西都会自然消失, 所以你只能呆七天!"

第二天王妃很开心地骑上马,就回娘家了!果真如梦境中所说,首先,他们到了一处非常美丽的草原,草原上,遍地都是羊群,然后,众群臣就问王妃:"这些都是谁家的羊群?"王妃就回答说:"这些都是我家的羊群。"他们又走了一会,又见到一个山沟里到处都是骏马,众群臣又问王妃:"这些骏马都是谁家的?"王妃回答:"这些骏马都是我家的!"然后又走了一会,见到满山遍地的牲畜,王妃说那些都是我家的!过了不久,他们就见到千军万马来迎接他们的,王妃的哥哥与嫂子设宴为他们洗尘!就这样,他们在那儿呆了七天,第七天,王妃就说我在家有些闷了,我想回去,哥哥与嫂子假装留她,可她却执意回去了。

过了很多天,有一天,弥勒佛对那王妃说: "几天之后的吉日,我就会飞去西方极乐世界,你要是诚心诚意地祈求叩拜,你就会见到我。"所以,王妃就在吉日,在宫殿里摆好供品,诚信地祈愿,不久之后,她就见到了上空中金光闪闪的弥勒佛,弥勒佛对王妃说: "你以后再也没有家了,就在这里幸福地生活吧!"

The Maitreya Statue

A poor mother and her daughter lived in the corner of an empty yard, where they also cooked. A great king lived nearby. When his servants went to cut wood, the mother and the daughter lit a fire to warm them up and offered them boiled water. The servants were very grateful and decided that each of them would give a log to the daughter and mother when they returned, which they did when they returned.

Later, the mother and the daughter saw the king's carpenters going to work, and did the same for them. The carpenters discussed and one man said, "What a pity! They have the wood, but they don't have a house. Why don't we make a house to show our gratitude?" then they constructed a house for the mother and the daughter.

At another time, the king's sculptors were going to work, and the mother and the daughter lit a fire, boiled water for them, and even let the statue makers stay in their house. "What a pity they have no image to worship," said the sculptors, and they made a Maitreya statue for them.

Afterwards the mother often worshipped the statue and said, "I'm about to die, and then no one will care for my daughter. Dear compassionate Maitreya, please bless my daughter with a good husband and a good family before my death."

A street vendor overheard the old woman, secretly came to the house, and hid behind the statue one night. When the woman prayed to Maitreya, the street vendor said, "Give your daughter to whoever comes first to your home tomorrow morning."

The old woman thought the statue had spoken, got up early the next morning to worship the statue, and waited. When a street vendor appeared outside the house, calling for customers, she thought he must be the person the statue had referred to and gave him her daughter. The street vendor put the girl in his box and left.

After walking for awhile, he saw a king holding a banquet, hid the box under a mound of dirt on the bank of a river, and went to the banquet. At the banquet, the king planned for his son to toss an arrow into the crowd. Whoever the arrow hit would be his son's wife. After enjoying the banquet, the prince tossed an arrow at a group of pretty girls, but the arrow fell on the mound on the river bank. Since they didn't see anyone there, they collected the arrow and the prince threw it again, but it fell in the same spot. They were then very curious about the mound, dug there, and discovered the girl in the box, who married the prince.

Although the girl became a queen, her mother lived alone and became a wandering beggar. One day the daughter saw her mother wandering around the palace, led her to a storehouse, and provided her with food. After a few days, her mother died, and the princess worried about where to bury the corpse. She worshiped the Maitreya statue and prayed, "How good it would be if my mother's corpse becomes a piece of gold as big as a sheep's head." Her wish then came true. One day a minister said, "There is a bad odor in the warehouse. Let's investigate."

They opened the door and saw a chunk of gold as big as a sheep's head. The king said, "This gold wasn't here before. Who brought it here?"

The prince's wife nervously said, "It was sent by my family."

"Do you have a family? We thought you didn't have a family, because we discovered you in a mound. If you have a home, we will visit tomorrow since you haven't returned home for a long time," said the king.

Then the king, ministers, and the king's soldiers prepared to visit the queen's home. The wife knew that there was only the Maitreya statue in her home and worried. She prayed to Maitreya and that night she dreamed of Maitreya, who said in her dream, "Don't worry! Come home with them tomorrow. You will meet a flock of sheep. When they ask whom they belong to, reply that they are your family's. You then will meet a herd of horses. When they ask you whose they are, say that they are your family's. You will then meet many yaks. When they ask whose they are, say they are your family's. Then I will transform myself into your brother and your dead mother will transform into your sister-in-law to greet you with many people. Stay at your home for only seven days, because my miracle will vanish after that." The wife felt very happy when she heard all this.

They saw beautiful grasslands speckled with a flock of sheep on the way to her old home. They asked, "Whose sheep are these?"

"They are my family's," the queen said.

Later they saw many horses on the mountain and asked, "Whose horses are these?"

"Those are my family's horses," answered the wife. When they saw yaks the wife said the same thing. When they arrived at the wife's home, many troops came out to welcome them. Maitreya transformed himself into her brother and her dead mother transformed into her sister-in-law and greeted them. They held a great banquet and servants served everyone very well. On the seventh day, the daughter said, "I feel bored here, let's leave." Even though the brother and sister-in-law politely tried to stop her, she left.

One day the Maitreya statue said, "I will fly into the sky a few days later. Please worship me and then you will be able to see me." On the specified day, the queen burned incense, looked at the sky for a while, and saw the yellowish Maitreya flying into sky, saying, "Never return to your home.

<u>दे.लट.वायत क्रा.चूच.क्रा.चीच.क्रा.चीच.यट.वी.वी.ट.क्षेथ.टे.क्क्.ट.क्र्य.ट.क्र्य.ट.क्र्य.ट.क्र्य.ट.क्र्य.ट.क्र</u> ८८ वित्र विवाद्य दे दे अर्थे र सुर विट यहा र र्थेट प्याय विद र्थेट विवाय वितर विवाय विद र र विवास प्राप्त विवा रै·पॅट-ट्रे·वॉर्सर-पर-८ट्ट-ट्रे। *क्टें*-ळेब-पॅ-बिवा-अर्वेर-पगुवाब-हे-वॉर्सर-पर-वानब-परि-भ्रवबारि-पॅट-वीब-ब्रिट-ग्रीषाटाखामार्वेदान्तेन दायाद्वियादाखायार्थार्थाद्वात्वार्थेदान्तेषाञ्चरायात्वा विषाद्विदायाखायार्थेन्वात्वार्थेदाद ८.जपट. व्रिश.य.का.म्.ज्य. व्रुवा.लूटीट्य.य.वे.वे.वे.यथ्य. प्रवट. टाश्चीवा.य.कु.पट. रुट. कुया.चूंया.टार्डर. ैनेट[,]वानुकामाप्तकसमाप्तमार्वेका ने पॅटाव्विसायाविट पॅटाव्यका सामाप्तसाने पॅटावेवा विटापॅट पॅटा लटा विशाव का अपूर्ण विवासित तथा हिन वालेश श्रव त्यश्चेवाया पासीव विषा तथि त्यावी अप्रया विवास अप्रया विवास अप्र राते :क व्रवा के 'त्र - कॅर्नातॅव गुर्म द्विवा व 'खा व्या वॅर्ग वॅर्च - रे पॅर्म राते :क व्रवा गठिग । त्र - पोव रावा श्वे न राश्वे न विश्वे न विश्व धोत्राप्-त्रे प्टलाविंग्यादेत् पत्रम्पतिषाञ्चपायदेत् प्रायान्त्रे तिषापञ्चयात्र पत्रम्पाद्रायान्त्रे वापायान्त ट्रेन्'अ'नु'गिक्रा'ल'ग्वट'च'अेन्'ल'च'कु'त्रबुट्'कु'अट'अेन्।तर्ने'तर्नते'ङ्गूट्'चॅ'लेग्'ल'ग्वा'में'कुट्'अ'लेग्'अ' ञ्चन्यात्र हेयात्रवानः भी ब्रान्य त्रार्वातात्र वान्य स्वायाः भेवा गुन्य ब्रोन् रावाष्ट्रा स्वायाः स्वायाः स्व रे'र्चेट'र्ट्डेब'ळेब' र्दाब्विन ग्रीयार्वे त्यासुन स्वावादर्से वार्या देवाया देवाया नियान स्वावाद स्वावाद स्वावाद स्वावाद स्वावाद स्

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पक्ष.म.स्यानविष्यं नर्जन्।

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兔子和小伙子

从前,有一个老阿妈和自己的儿子住在一起。有一天,儿子上山打柴时无意中碰到一只睡着的兔子,当时他想杀了兔子,举起大石头想砸它时,兔子便苦苦求饶: "你别杀我,我家里还有一个年迈的母亲。"他说: "你有一个年迈的母亲,我家里也有一个年迈的母亲,不如我俩结拜为兄弟吧!"两人一拍即合。儿子便把兔子领进了家门,他对老阿妈说: "我把一个兔子带到了家里,兔子家里也有一个年迈的母亲,我们就结拜成兄弟了。"老妈妈听了高兴地说: "好儿子,人和动物结拜的确是件好事,以后你不许做伤害兔妈妈的事啊!"兔子对老阿妈说: "我们虽说不是同类,但是我们都有着一位慈祥的老阿妈,正是这样的共性让我们结拜成兄弟。现在我要做一件好事来回报他,我该做些什么呢?"老阿妈回答: "我们母子既没房、又没有吃的,这样穷困潦倒的家庭,如果不赶紧给他娶个媳妇的话,我死之后就没人陪他了。大恩大德的兔子,拜托你给他找个媳妇吧!"兔子当下承诺说: "老阿妈,你放心,在你死之前我一定替他找个好媳妇。"

第二天,兔子对那个儿子说:"你准备好一新一旧两个哈达,一个揣在 怀里,另一个塞到鞋子里,我们到国王家里去迎娶新娘。"他们走了两天才 走到国王家门口,兔子让他躲在帐篷里喊"国王陛下",自己站在门口打算 试探几个公主的秉性。国王听到叫声便对大公主说: "你去看一下,好像外 面有人在叫门。"大公主来到门口只看到一只兔子,便气冲冲地摔门而去。 国王问是怎么回事,她回答:"门外除了一只兔子之外什么也没有。"没过 多久,门外又响起了"国王陛下"的叫声,国王心想: "一只兔子怎么可能 会说话呢?"于是派二公主前去打听,结果和大公主说的一样。过了一会 儿,门外再次响起了"国王陛下"的叫声。国王就吩咐三公主:"你去将两 个姐姐没能了解到的情况打听清楚再来禀报。"三公主来到门口看到一只兔 子和一个小伙子。兔子和小伙子一致认为三公主是他们心目中的最佳新娘人 选,小伙子将鞋里的新哈达取出来揣进怀里,便和三公主一同觐见国王。兔 子走到国王面前鞠躬道:"国王陛下,这个小伙子有着富可敌国的财富和凌 霄宝殿一样的房子,自认和公主门当户对,据卜师和算命的都说和三公主有 姻缘。"国王说:"既然如此,只要小女愿意,我便随她的愿。"三公主表 示愿意嫁给小伙子。兔子又说: "后天是个黄道吉日,那天陛下就派随从们 骑着马,吹着号角将公主送来,我们在家做好准备,只等公主驾到。"说 罢,兔子和小伙子便回去准备迎亲的事项了。

兔子走到一座豪华的宫殿里,那里住着一个老巫婆和她的儿子。兔子一进门便长长地叹了口气,巫婆问: "兔子,到底出了什么事?"兔子回答: "国王陛下知道你们住在这里之后,过几天就要派兵前来捉拿你们,现在正在准备兵马,你们快点逃吧!我非常担心你们,所以来把这消息告诉你们的。"巫婆母子听了赶紧逃到一个山头。第二天,兔子和小伙子就把那座豪华宫殿里的所有骷髅都清理干净,将屋子收拾得一尘不染。这些全被巫婆看到了,她们知道自己被兔子欺骗,便诅咒兔子豁嘴。隔天当她们准备返回宫殿之时,正好赶上国王送三公主。巫婆母女看到国王的兵马吹着号角,来势汹汹,吓得赶紧逃走了。

兔子和小伙子便把新娘迎进了那座豪华宫殿,将老阿妈接了进来,一家 人开始了他们的幸福生活。

后来三公主生下了一男一女两个可爱的孩子,老阿妈了却了她的心愿, 便在谢过兔子之后与世长辞。

时间一天天过去,眨眼间两个孩子已有五六岁了。有一天,兔子为了试探小伙子对它的忠诚,便假装自己生病。小伙子便说: "兔子,您这病要我做些什么才好呢?您就像是我的再生父母一样,我一定要帮你把病治好。"兔子指着一座山回答: "你要真想照顾我的话,你就沿着沟壑爬上那座山,那里有一个长得和我一模一样的兔子,她是我姐姐,是一名卜师,你去向她讨教就知道我得的什么病了。回来时一定要沿着沟壑走。"小伙子沿着沟壑爬上山顶之际,兔子抄近路早已等候在山顶。小伙子走了很长时间才到达山顶,他问长得酷似兔子的兔子姐姐: "你是兔子的姐姐吗?"兔子回答: "我是"。小伙子就把兔子对他家的恩惠以及兔子生病的情况全一五一十地说了出来,边抹眼泪边哀求: "求求你卜一下卦,看看怎样才能救救兔子?"兔子回答: "只需将你儿子和女儿的心取出来让兔子吃下,兔子的病就会好了。"之后兔子便又抄近路赶在小伙子之前到了家。

小伙子回到家之后一言不发,只管在那儿磨刀。兔子问: "你磨刀不会是打算宰了我吧!"小伙子说了句不宰你就又继续磨刀。兔子就哭着说: "你一定是要宰我。"小伙子又说了句不宰你,便将两个孩子叫来准备取心之时被兔子拦住了。兔子将事情的原委告诉了小伙子,它说: "我是以小人之心度君子之腹,我为了试探你而撒谎说自己生病,结果你却不惜牺牲自己

儿女的性命来拯救我,你的确是位正人君子,令人敬佩。"顿了顿,兔子又说:"我本是个动物,应该生活在山林中,我走了以后,你和你的妻子孩子一起要生活的幸福。"小伙子赶忙说:"你别走,你和我们一起生活吧!你就像我的生身父母,如果你走了,我会想你的,会不开心的。"从那以后,小伙子对兔子如生身父母般照顾得无微不至,他们一家人和兔子过上了幸福快乐的生活。

The Rabbit and the Hunter

Long ago, an old woman lived happily with her son. One day, the son went to a forest to collect wood and noticed a sleeping rabbit. He decided to kill it and lifted up a big stone but, just before he hit the rabbit with it, the rabbit said, "Please, don't kill me. I have an eighty year old mother at home."

The boy then said, "We both have mothers who are in their eighties, so let's be friends." The boy then took the rabbit to his home.

When he arrived, he said "Dear mother, today I brought a rabbit home. He has an eighty year old mother so we decided to become friends."

The mother said, "Good! If you can be an animal's friend, that is great. You mustn't hurt your rabbit friend in the future."

"We are different, but we both have mothers in their eighties. I want to do something good for your son because we are friends. What can I do?" said the rabbit.

The boy's mother said, "We don't have a good house and we don't have enough food. After my death, there will be no one to care for him. Please, help him find a good wife."

The rabbit then promised to find a good wife for the son and the next day asked the son to prepare a new *kha btags* and an old *kha btags*, and put one in the boy's pouch and the other in the shoes. They went to the front gate of the king's palace and called to the king several times. The king ordered his oldest daughter to check on who was calling him. When the oldest daughter came out from the palace, the rabbit stood in front of the gate in order to judge the princess's character. When the princess saw a rabbit in front of the gate, she closed the gate and returned inside the palace.

The king asked his daughter "Who was it?"

"Only a rabbit," replied the princess.

The rabbit called the king's name again. The king was curious, sent his second princess, who soon returned with the same report.

The king's name was called again. The king sent the third princess to investigate. When she reached the gate, she saw a boy and a rabbit. The boy and rabbit both thought the third princess had good character. The rabbit took out the *kha btags* from his shoes, put it into his robe's pouch, went inside with the third princess and said to the king, "This boy is very rich and has a marvelous house. It would be wonderful if you allowed one of your daughters to marry him. We consulted many oracles and they said that your third daughter is the most suitable."

"I agree if my daughter is willing," replied the king.

The princess agreed to marry the boy and then the rabbit said, "The day after tomorrow is an auspicious day, so please send your daughter to this boy's home. Please bring rifles with you and, when you reach the mountain pass near this boy's home, fire the rifles and shout aloud so we will be ready to welcome you."

On their way back home, the rabbit entered a marvelous house where there were two ghosts and sighed sadly. A ghost asked, "What's happening?"

"The king knows you are here and will come and kill you in a few days. They are preparing horses and rifles now. It's better that you run away. I feel compassion for you so I came here to warn you," said the rabbit. The two ghosts then ran up into the mountains. The next day, the rabbit and the man removed all the horse and human corpses from the ghosts' house. The ghosts saw the rabbit and the man cleaning the cave and realized that the rabbit had lied to them and cursed the rabbit.

The next day, the two ghosts were returning to their house as the king's entourage was escorting his third daughter to the groom's home. When the king's group reached the pass, they fired their rifles and shouted. The ghosts then believed that the king's men were coming and fled. The rabbit warmly welcomed the third princess to what had been the ghost's home and they had a happy life together.

The third princess later gave birth to a son and a daughter. The man's mother was delighted that her son had married and had two children. After everything was perfectly arranged, the mother thanked the rabbit and died.

When the children were four and five years old, the rabbit decided to check if the man was loyal. She pretended to be sick. The man said, "Friend rabbit, what's wrong with you? You are more important than my parents. I must find a way to cure your sickness.

"If you really want to care for me, please go atop that mountain that stands above the valley bottom. You will see my sister. She is a great oracle and will tell you how to cure me. When you are returning, walk along the edge of the valley," said the rabbit to the man pointing to a distant mountain.

While the man was walking in the bottom of valley, the rabbit ran up to the top of the mountain along the edge of the valley and waited. It took a long time for the man to reach the mountaintop. When he finally arrived, he saw a rabbit exactly like his rabbit friend. "Are you the sister of my rabbit friend?" asked the man.

"Yes," the rabbit said.

The man told the rabbit how generous his mother rabbit was and asked, "Now my rabbit friend is seriously sick. Please do a divination for the rabbit."

"You have two children and if you take their hearts and feed them to your rabbit friend, she will be cured," the rabbit said, then ran down along the bottom of the valley, while the boy was returning along the valley's edge.

The rabbit got home before the man. When the man arrived sometime later, he started to sharpen a knife. "Why are you sharpening a knife? Are you going to kill me?" the rabbit said.

The man said, "No," and continued sharpening. He said he was going to kill the two children and take out their hearts.

The rabbit then explained everything to the man and said, "I wanted to see if you were loyal. I am not ill. You are a very loyal man. I am an animal and I must return to the mountains. You and your family have a happy life together."

"You are really like a parent to me. If you go to the mountains then I will be very sad," said the man and after that he really treated the rabbit like his own parent and they lived a happy life together.

यिव में देर तीयाया का छातर्क्ष्या में स्टार्या

<u> </u>दे'त्रबासुःह्यूदःवीषाशुदःचाःविवाःवीःसुःदेदःत्रबाःबॅदःबॅदःब्रह्यः-बॅदःवेवाःददःतस्त्रदः ₫, कुटाक्षा घटाकटा टे विवास सहें पार्चिटा टे त्या धुवा वाह्यसा यह स्था तह विवासी सह विवासी सह स्था विवास धीत्र त्र तर्रा हिंद् रहेवा अद्वित्र अने रात्र त्रार्ट् पार्येट वी हिंवा पृत्र त्र त्र त्र त्र वा प्रवित्र वा की वी स्वाप्त प्रवित्र त्र प्रवित्र त्र प्रवित्र त्र प्रवित्र त्र प्रवित्र वित्र त्र प्रवित्र त्र प्रवित्र त्र वित्र वित वयायारायात्र्यात्र्वात्त्रात्तरात्रात्रात्रात्रा अरायात्र्याः अपवयान्त्रीः अपवयान्त्रीः अपवयान्त्रीः विष्णायान्त्रेयाः विष्णायान्त्रेयाः विष्णायान्त्रेयाः विष्णायान्त्रेयाः विष्णायान्त्रेयाः विष्णायान्त्रेयाः विष्णायाः विषणायाः विष्णायाः विष्णायाः विष्णायाः विषणायाः विषणायः श्चामह्म प्रमान्त्र विष्यात्र विषयात्र विषयात्र विषयात्र विषयात्र विषयात्र विषयात्र विषयात्र विषयात्र विषयात्र बटार्-की क्रिया शार्या कर्ना में वा का सुराया राजिन के निया क्षा कर विवास कर की का देते वटान् न्देश र्वे के बेरावयाया मुन्नूट्याचा हिस्सा है ह्या है ह्यू मुन्नु निवेद थाया है वया विस्ता है स्त क्षे'अट''तळॅवाब'रादे'मु''्थअ'ट्'रबॅट''वब''्यव 'रेर'यटब''वब''चष्ट्र-'रा'ट्ट'यव 'रेर'र्ख्व'वब''त्र्यट्ट'रा'य। ख' ड्रेया मुपान्, खुातुराव्या र्वेवा मुद्दा विषा अर्वेदाया मान्या मुन्ता अर्थे । अर्थे अर्थेया प्राप्ता मुद्दा ही ব্রিম'বম'ন্তুদ্'র্মিদ্য अ'ग्रवि'अ'रु'ते'ग्रित्'हे'र्केश'कुय'ग्री'ह'अ'पीत'प्रशायहेगा'हेत'प्रि'ओ'ट्ट'ग्रह्त क्षे'स'पीद'हे। तदे'क्रॅं'क्षे'सदे'पुव'पीद'दा'र्बुद'ग्रीस'क्षे'दोब'स्तर '' देव'प्यद्रद्रिय'रा'व। दा'क्ट्'पीस ''८'दिया' हेत्र पति क्षे भीत्र हो। अ छे कॅट हेत्र स्था त्र अप्यास्य स्वाप्य स्था मीत्र प्राप्त होता होता हो। स्वाप्त हेर तक्क्यान् प्राप्तान वित्राण्यान्याः के अर्थन्य नित्राः वित्राण्याः वित्राः वित्राः वित्राः वित्राः वित्राः वित श्चे देय "वर्दे ने तहिया हेन दिए श्चे वर्षे वर्षे वर्षे वर्षे भ्वेत्र स्थाप्त स्थाप्त स्थाप्त स्थाप्त स्थाप्त स्थापत स्यापत स्थापत स्यापत स्थापत स्थापत स्थापत स्थापत स्थापत स्थापत स्थापत स्थापत स्था गर्मुअ'र्रस्टर्अ'ट्ट'र्झ' ब्रचर्य'प्रस्था प्रमुं प्रम्था प्रमुं प देश'प्रभृद्र'रा'हे'प्रविद्र'श्चर्य'रा'व। अ'रु'छुर'विर'हे'आअर्ळर'प्रवे'ट्र "विद्र'यट'रे'द्रश्र'रार्व्र वेंद्र'वेंद्र' नःलीवःवर्षा विषानः । सामान्यानः विष्ठानः । विष्ठानः वीष । । । विष्ठानः वीष । । । विष्ठानः विषयः विषयः । विष्ठान <u> इय स्ट.ट.हीर पर्चे.व.ज.वियी ब्रिट.शैर.टे.वा.वाष्ट्रवीयारे.ब्रूट अपुरायधी ये.त्यावा.वाष्ट्रवी.वर्जन</u> क्रमार्थः रे.प्रतिव्र स्र्राप्तित्र त्यात्र विष्या विषयः मुक्षायात्रीयः मुक्षायायः व्याप्ति स्राप्ति स्राप्ति स <u> २.११</u>८० मिलाजा पहिर्माला तरा हुतीया तथा हूंचाला चीचेच हि. कूबा मिला ही अर्च र रे. शूर ही कूबा मिला ही उत्त्वी खे स्यामु प्रवास ने विष्यामु प्रवास निष्यामु प्रव "देश'व'र्बेत' चेका'र्स'न्'नुन्यं प्रमृत्व क्षेत्रं क्षेत्र वयान्त्रोगयान्त्रेन, त्यां भ्रत् अन्त्रान्त्रान्त्र क्ष्यान्त्रान्त्र क्ष्यान्त्र क्ष्यान्त्र क्ष्यान्त्र क्ष्य नन्गाचीयार्बिन् ञ्चन्याची क्षें के त्वरान्तर क्षेत्र के निक्षान्तर क्षेत्र क्ष त.र्ट..वि.चेब.चर्. पर्चूर.वर्भेज.ब.लुब.धे। क्रूब.भेज.बीब सर्ववाब.बावर.पर्दुषु.वि.र्रे.ब्रिट्.वीघेष.बब. प्रमुखान्त्रेयान्त्रेयान्त्रेयान्त्रेयान्त्रेयान्त्रयान्त्यान्त्रयान्त्ययान्त्रयान्त्ययान्त्रयान्त्ययान्त्रयान्त्रयान्त्रयान्त्रयान्त्ययान्त्ययान्त्ययान्त्रयान्त्ययान्त्ययान्त्ययान्त्ययान्त्य इ.मैज.त्या.त्या.तट्या.ज स्त्या.सैया.ट्र.ट.ज.एक्ट्र्ट अष्ट्रेश.टाघट.त्या स्या.तट्या.ग्रुश स्त्या.सीया.एट्र.क्र्य. वयानर्स्टर: चेवरमार्मिटरायानर्स्टर भेरतव अवेयानम्दरम्या क्रियामुया मेया अपना स्वाप्तानम्या स्वाप्तानम्या र्वोट्-ह्रेर। स्वाःस्वाः तर्दे दे र्टते र्टः अते तु र्वे धीत रा र्ट्टः भ्रवायः ग्री क्वे त्राव त्रयः सूचया अधीवाय रार श्रूटः वयायवाची भ्रिपा मान्यायाधी प्रतियाप्त प्रतियाप्त प्रतियाप्त विष्याप्त प्रतियाप्त विष्याप्त विष्याप्त विष्याप्त त्र प्राप्त ''ट.हीर.पर्ज्ञ, टेर्गूबाय. बा.बु.ट.ट. व्यवेश.टे.पर्ज्ञ, टेर्गूबा वीजा.टे.बा.बु.पर्ज्ञ, व्यर्ज्ञ, व्यर्ञ, व्यर्ज्ञ, व्यर्ज्ञ, व्यर्यः, हेषाचरानु त्राप्तरानु त्राप्त अनेराचर्या केषा मुखान्ता खानेषा गुराविषा गुराविषा गुराविषा गुराविषा गुराविषा भी अघतः अरः क्र्या मुलः मुक्षः त्रुं तः (भूष्टि : धुरः सुटः चः देन : त्रकः क्र्यः स्टः प्यः स्वृं स्वः सुवाः त्रः यावाया चर-पुःषर-तर्में कुः संवा चत्वर चा चित्र संप् संप् संप् अर तर्में विश्व विवा विषय स्थान संप संप स्थान स्थान स्थान सर्दे. खेबो.ज. ह्यं दा.च.चे.ची. शू. वाष्ट्रंच वे वा.ही दे तर सू. वा.सहत. चे स. ची. शू.ही दे तर सू. हे मान हो मान व। दःश्र्याष्ट्रीयान्। स्वाप्तान्यान्त्रान्यान्त्रान्यान्त्रान्त् कुट वीषा देषा व विंद्र हिंद स्तरे कुट सार्चेषा दट विंद्रा व प्याया विवाय करें अने व स्तर्भ स्तर स्तर स्तर स्तर ार्हें प्रि: मी: खंद: अ: में देर: अ: में देर: अ: में स्व: या में अ: यो में सिक्र के स्व: या स्व: या में सिक्र स वीषार्वि संबित ते विराद स्वापाया । अरुष अष अष अप के विराद अरुष के स्वाप से किया है है है से स्वाप्त की स्वाप्त र्देत्र'द्रषाःक्षे:ग्रुट्र'क्रुक्षयःत्रे:रे:प्रवित्र'ख'यस्य प्रमुद्र'यःद्रद्रा विदे प्रदे प्रकेट ग्वी:अवत्यः याष्ट्रस्य विवासाः यात्रः साक्त्यायाः सात्रः स र्देन गुप्त अन्नतः अपाष्टर पार्टे और अपीन स्पर्स स्पर्दे धीन राषा वि आवषा या वाषा विषय रहता विवाधीन स्था पर्सित.कु.टाबा.चब्रा.बूर्याबा.क्री.बूर्याबा.वीलूपा.भूजा.चुट्-रबावबा.चुट्-रिवा.क्रीट.जवा.क्रीट.ख्रिया.ग्रीट.लुबा लुब.च.लट्-तर्ने 'क्षे' चुते 'तर्के' न 'सुत्र 'र्ने कुत्र 'तर्ज्ञान' का ह्युन 'क्षेत्र 'त्रे 'त्रिक 'तर्ज्ञ' व्याप्त 'क्षेत्र 'तर्ज्ञ' व्याप्त 'क्षेत्र 'तर्ज्ञ' व्याप्त 'क्षेत्र 'तर्ज्ञ' व्याप्त 'क्षेत्र 'त्रे 'त्रे 'तर्ज्ञ' व्याप्त 'क्षेत्र 'त्रे 'त्रे 'त्रे 'त्र 'त्रे 'त ऍट त्रवार् भ्वी श्रुपवा त्रवा प्रदेश रहेन । श्रिवा तरी देश हो विवार प्रदेश हो विवार हो । विवार हो । विव वाषार पः धोत में में में देव त्यादि र्षेत्र त्यादि प्राप्त प्राप्त अवेषा यात्र प्राप्त प्र प्राप्त प्राप्त प्राप्त प्र प्राप्त प्राप्त प्राप्त प्र प्राप्त प्राप्त प्राप्त प्राप्त प्त गतिः श्चिंगवान्ववान्ते । वर्षान्त्रवान्याः वर्षान्याः वर्षान्याः वर्षान्याः वर्षान्याः वर्षान्याः वर्षान्याः व ८८ व्यवतात्रात्राहात्रीत्रावयार्थातात्रात्रुवायायद्गायीवाववात्रीयीवावयात्रीयीवावयात्रीयात्रात्रात्रात्रात्रात्र ल.षष्ट्र. तपु. ८८८. विष्ठा. ८. जूबो. थया. व्यवप. व्यप्. अपूर. क्री. और. क्र. क्र. लट. था. जया. तप्र. तक्री अथ. त्यार्देव, दवा, त्याव, द्या, त्या, त्रेव, त्या, त्य तःकटालान्त्रन्ते भटाक्षेत्रात्यार्द्रादेवायाः कृत्वाताः कृत्वाताः वित्याताः वित्याताः वित्याताः वित्याताः वित् |कॅ: ह्या'पीर अनेस'न्स'परुष| ही:तेत्र'खाराम्तर'र्सं'याधुम'पिते'त्रम'न्संम्'स्रे'सत्तर्भःसर्'स्'तिहेर:र्स्या'रेस चन्ना अवतः अवः क्रिन् वात्वावः चर्च्याः ने स्वीतः स्वानः चर्चाः व्यानः विद्याः राज्ञायवरायात्रीयार्वेदाचराणुर। देवाणुराचयाष्ट्रेरार्याप्रायाद्यायात्रीयायव्यापुरा व्यायात्रीयाय्या अवतः अ'तर्दे'धीव'रा'त्र्स्यासु'वेषाने। द'तर्दे'श्चे'ग्रायावषा'व'से'तर्ग्यायास्य स्त्राप्तावापायास्य स्त्राप्ता याट. क्षेत्र. ग्रीट. श्रवं प. थर्ट. त्रीय. तथा पर्टे ज. टे. यूचा अध्याप्त हो. पर्टे ज. श्रवं अध्याप्त अध्याप्त Ιαιαβάχιζής | "ब्रिंट् ग्रीका कोक्षका या किट क्वा ट्रांची ट्रांची खुट का च्रीट त्या दें दिन त्या ब्रिंट त्या च्रेंची व्या के दें की व्या के कि दें की व्या के दे की व्या के दें की व् क्रममा तर्दे तर्नाया निक्षा र प्राप्त निकार निकार क्षानि । स्त्रीय । स्त्रीय । स्त्रीय । स्त्रीय । स्त्रीय । स ট্র্ডিন্'ন্' (ब्रॅंच,चका.ट्रट्.वावेका.टंट.ब्र्वा.पंसट्.क्रंच.क्रंच्.वंचा.ब्रूच्.ब्र्या.च्र्या.च्रंचा.वेब्या.वाबीका.पंक्ता.ह्र्या.हीय.तीका.टे. क्वीयाः प्रेवा निर्वासम्बद्धाः स्त्रीत्र स्त्रीत्र स्त्रीत्र स्त्रीत्र स्त्रीत्र स्त्रीत्र स्त्रीत्र स्त्रीत्र अद्भारतम् अत्याद्यात्राच्य শ্রীযাম "বিমার্ক্লী ঘর্টুরা

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弟弟为妹游地狱

很久以前,有一老妇,膝下有一男一女。兄妹俩自幼心底善良,为人厚道,感情甚好。没过多久,妹妹得了个疟疾,不幸夭折了。母亲痛苦万分,茶不思,饭不想,日夜以泪洗面。那男孩对母亲说道: "母亲如此痛苦,孩儿无法入眠,就算入睡,也梦见母亲伤心流泪。请母亲略备干粮,孩儿前去把妹妹找回来"。母亲知道人死不能复生,可心生侥幸,将儿子打发寻妹妹去了。

他沿着一条山沟走了很长一段路, 遇到一块很大的岩石, 此时深感疲 魚,向岩石扣了三个响头,睡在了岩石上。次日,继续赶路,碰到很多来往 的路人。路人中没有一个认识的,也无人给自己打招呼。蹊跷的是,过路人 很多,来路人只有一两个。走着走着遇到一家日用杂货店,店里商品琳琅满 目。当用手去触摸哪些商品时,就像抓彩虹一样,空荡荡的。他就到一路 口,看着这些蹊跷的事。突然看见妹妹正背着一桶水赶来了。他喊了几声妹 妹,可妹妹连头也不回的走了。此时他恍然大悟了,原来妹妹当了阎罗王的 厨师,与我们这些阳间的人是不同的。此时阴间一小伙子说道: "你不知道 这是阴间吗?"他回答道:"我是从阳间来的,妹妹走了以后,母亲非常痛 苦, 所以我前来寻找妹妹, 可妹妹不理我"。那人又道: "这与阳间不同, 下次看到她来挑水,把三块石子掷过去,水桶上打个窟窿,她方会转过头 来"。次日看到妹妹来挑水,他就依那人的话,用石子将水桶打了个窟窿。 妹妹回头看到哥哥,很惊奇的问道: "莫非你也死了,母亲孤独一人如何是 好"。他回答道: "我不是死了来这儿的,我是从阳间活着来的,母亲非常 想念你,跟我一起回家"。妹妹说:"我怎能走的了,你快快回母亲身边 去"。他把母亲的思念之情一一说给妹妹听,妹妹觉得很可怜,决定到阎罗 王哪儿求情。她先让阎罗王去掉面具,怕弟弟害怕,然后诉说母亲的痛楚。 阎罗王问道: "你妹妹的尸体是否还在,若在,她可以回阳间"。可妹妹的 尸体早已焚烧了, 兄妹俩正发愁此事时, 阎罗王道: "我带你们去看阴阳 门, 六道的入口均在此, 阴阳门里万万不可动弹, 否则会堕入下三道", 说 完他们来到阴阳门。看了许久,哥哥有点困惑,稍微移动了一下,不慎堕入 畜牲道。

哥哥的灵魂投入到一头母猪体内,那母猪产了一头四蹄均为白色的幼崽。阎罗王向那头猪的主人说道:"此幼猪非同一般,是我厨师之弟的灵

魂,在阴阳门不慎掉入畜生道的,请买给我,我要将他返送人间",那猪主人道: "此幼猪早已卖给他人了,请阎罗王另觅它处吧!"阎罗王又说道: "我双倍给价"。那猪主人思量了会儿,就买给了阎罗王。阎罗王将他的灵魂附给肉体后,说道: "你快快回阳间去",哥哥回答道: "让我回去也可,妹妹也跟我一起回阳间去,若妹妹不能去,我一定寻个女子一同回去!"此时阎罗王和妹妹都无可奈何了,最后阎罗王说道: "你沿着那条山沟原路返回,若遇到来路人,你可千万不要打招呼,若遇到过路人,你可领她走"。说完他就高兴地沿那条山沟走了。在路上,看到许多来路人,可过路人一个都没见着。走着走着快到路口时,看到一个年轻美貌的少女。问她为何回去,那女的回答道: "家中上有老,下有小,放不下心"。他说: "你嫁给我,家中唯有一母"。那女的回答道: "我可以嫁给你,所有家务都可以我来做"。他就带那女的回家去了。母亲问妹妹在哪,他从头到尾如实说了一遍阴间的所见所闻,并把新媳妇介绍给了母亲。母亲对新媳妇很满意,新媳妇能说会做,而且会烹饪各种菜肴。

好景不长,有一天,一猎妖师经过他家门口,看到妖气甚重,便前去打探,问老婆婆,你家是否有过路客人留宿,老婆婆回答道: "我家没有留宿过任何人,那女的是我儿子前些日子领回家的"。猎妖师接着又问道: "你家儿媳妇做家务方面如何"。老婆婆道: "是个女中强人,非常能干"。猎妖师说,明日你到打谷场碾麦石附近歇息,叫儿媳送茶过来,看她是人是妖。老婆婆觉得此事较为蹊跷,但回家后没有谈及这方面的任何事。儿媳也得知此事凶多吉少,便哭泣着。儿子回家后看到妻子在哭泣,前去问缘由。妻子将实情告诉丈夫道: "我很怕碾麦石,我不会害你们母子的",且发了毒誓。次日,老婆婆依猎妖师之言,坐在碾麦石旁边叫儿媳妇拿些茶水过来。儿媳妇拿着茶水刚到碾麦石旁边,就不见了踪影,可茶水轻轻放在了地上。老婆婆恍然大悟,才知道自家儿媳妇原来是个妖精。心想,把儿媳妇赶出家门,又怕村里人说闲话,便告诉了猎妖师。

此时儿媳妇心想,必定有人来降我,便装病卧床,对丈夫道: "你若真心爱我,我教你个法子,明日猎妖师来降我时,你骑马速到你我相见的那个路口,叫三声我的名字,然后叩三个响头,完事后,你速速回家,你便看到猎妖师捉我出门,此时你前来紧紧抱住我,不管我身上怎么恶臭,轻轻吻三下,这样既可以降妖,也可以让我恢复成人,为了我将猎妖师与妖精一起烧

死"。次日,他依妻子之言行事,将那猎妖师与妖精一起烧成了个炭灰。虽 然儿媳妇没有了以前的手艺,可一家三口从此过着幸福美满的生活。

The Brother Visits the King of Death

An old lady lived with her son and daughter. They were kind and good to each other. Sadly, suddenly the girl passed away. The old lady then cried every day. One day, the boy said, "If you cry like this everyday, I can't sleep. Even if I sleep, you will cry in my dream. Give me enough food for a few days and I'll go look for my sister."

The old lady knew that her son would not find her daughter, but nevertheless, she gave some food to her son. The boy walked to the end of a valley and found a huge boulder. The boy made three prostrations to the boulder and said, "No matter if you are a god or a ghost. May you be blessed!" and then he spent the night on the boulder.

The next day he continued to walk up into the valley. He met many people going up into the valley but saw very few people coming down the valley. He knew none of them and nobody talked to each other. As he continued walking, he reached a pass where there was a shop crowded with people, but he knew no one there and everyone was silent. As he approached with the intention to buy some goods, he realized it was all an illusion. He walked towards the crowd on the road, and saw his sister carrying a bucket of water and walking away. He called to her but she did not turn back. He then realized that she was the Lord of Death's cook. A man from the After-death realm came and said, "These are beings in the After-death Realm. They are not worldly beings. Don't you know that this is the After-death Realm?"

"I am a worldly being. After my sister died, my mother cried everyday so I came here looking for my sister. I saw my sister and she ignored me," said the boy.

"Life in After-death Realm is not what you expect. When she was carrying water, you should have thrown three stones into her bucket, breaking the bucket bottom," said the man.

The boy did as instructed, and his sister stopped and said, "Did you also die and come here? Why did you come here and leave Mother alone?"

"I didn't die. I'm still alive. Mother misses you terribly and you should return with me," said the boy.

"I can't go back. Please return home quickly," said the girl.

The boy explained how sad their mother was and then they decided to go see the Lord of Death. Worried that her brother would be afraid of the Lord of Death, she asked the Lord of Death to remove his mask and then took her brother to him. They told the Lord of Death about their mother's suffering. The Lord of Death said, "Do you still have her corpse? If you do, then she can return to the human world."

"We burned the corpse," replied the boy.

"If you burned the corpse then there is no way for her to return," said the Lord of Death and took the boy to see the metal door. There they saw some people being reborn in higher realms of being and others going to the lower realms of living beings. "Don't move at the metal door," said the Lord of Death. The boy stood still for a while, but got tired and moved a bit. As soon as he moved, he went directly to Hell, entered a pig, and was reborn as a pig with white legs.

The Lord of Death went to the owner of the pig and asked, "Can I buy your pig?"

"I have already sold the pig to someone so I cannot sell it to you," replied the pig's owner.

"I'll pay you double. This little pig is my cook's brother. He accidently moved at the metal door, fell to Hell, and was reborn as a pig. He must return to the human world," the Lord of Death said and bought the pig.

Then the boy moved back into his previous body. The Lord of Death told the boy to go home but he said he had to go back with his sister. "If my sister can't return then I need another girl to be my wife," said the boy. The Lord of Death and the sister were then at a loss.

In the end the Lord of Death told the boy to take someone who was going down the valley, and not to take anyone who was going up the valley. The boy delightedly went to the valley where he met many people going up into the valley. He saw nobody going down. He continued walking and arrived at the end of the valley where he saw a girl who was coming down. He said, "Why are you coming back?"

"I have a mother and son at home. I miss them very much and I can't go to the next life," said the girl.

"Please be my sister. There is only me and my mother in my family," the boy responded.

"Okay, I can be your sister. I'll do the housework for you and your mother," replied the girl.

The boy took the girl to his home. When the boy's mother saw them, she asked, "Where is your sister?" The boy explained what he had seen in the After-death Realm, and introduced the girl to her mother. He said that she was his new sister. The mother also agreed she could live with them. However the new sister was not a real human, but instead she was a ghost with magic powers. She used her magic to

cook many different dishes and her time in the home was brief. One day, a man who could subdue ghosts came to the boy's home, saw the ghost, and asked the boy's mother if her family had a guest.

The mother replied, "We don't have a guest, but we have a new bride."

"How is the new bride?" asked the man.

"She is pretty and hard working," said the boy's mother.

"Okay. Tomorrow put a thresher stone on the floor and ask her to bring you lunch. Then we will know if she is a ghost," replied the man.

The mother was surprised, went home, and said nothing about the conversation. But the bride knew something was wrong and cried. When the boy asked her what was the matter, she told what she knew and said she was afraid of the threshing stone since she was not human. The bride promised the boy and the mother that she would not harm them. The next day, the mother went to the threshing stone and waited for the bride to bring lunch. The bride came with some dishes for lunch but disappeared when she approached the threshing stone. Someone whom the mother could not see put food in front of her. The mother realized the bride was a ghost and thought that she should be driven from the village. She then decided to subdue the ghost bride and went to see the man who subdued ghosts. The bride, realizing that she would be subdued, pretended to be sick, lay in bed, and suggested to the boy, "If you really love me, ride a horse to the place where we first met. Do this tomorrow when people come to see me and that man is preparing to subdue me. When you arrive, call my name, do three prostrations, and return. I will be gone when you return. Please hold me and kiss me three times, no matter how I look and smell. Don't feel disgusted. If you do all of this, I will become human." The boy did exactly what the ghost bride said and afterwards the boy, the bride, and the mother lived happily together.

श्चिट र्चेते तु र्स्

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灰姑娘

从前有一位仁慈的国王,只有一个儿子。王子资质甚差,已到了婚配的年龄,一占卜师向国王说,绣一双与王子适脚的鞋,并让全城的少女试脚,适合者便是你家王妃。国王按占卜师之言,绣了一双与王子适脚的鞋。召集当地所有的子民,大设宴席。与王子年龄相当的少女都试脚后,无一能穿得上。

有一对贫困母女被拒之门外,女儿想参加宴会,几次请求都被拒绝,还被母亲毒打了一顿。女儿哭泣时被国王看到,国王问随从此女为何哭泣?随从回答道:"这个姑娘不听母亲的话,想要参加宴会,遭到她母亲的毒打"。国王心想此事蹊跷,叫那女儿进屋并试穿那双鞋。穿在脚上后,此鞋不大不小合适极了。国王知道此女正是命中注定的王妃,并让王子迎娶她过门。王子凭借父亲的权势带着昂贵的钟表、珠宝、戒指等首饰外,天生没什么本事,而且还嗜好烟酒。

没过多久, 国王不幸去世。王子时常喝酒并口出狂言, 炫耀家世。一小 伙子对王子道: "你为何口出狂言,除了手表与戒指外,你一无所有"。王 子怒道: "这说的什么话,我满身是宝,这手表算的了什么!",并当场砸 毁了手表。第二天王子又炫耀家世,又一小伙子听到后道: "若你有本事, 为何不娶一位公主,怎么取了一个乞丐的女儿,若不是这个女子贤惠,你早 就饿死了!"。王子怒道: "什么乱七八糟的话,我现在就休了她,没她我 照样生活的很好!"。说后便到家中休了妻子,妻子请求王子道:"天色已 晚,无处可去,今晚就让我住一晚上吧?"。无论如何请求都无济于事,妻 子只好离开了。妻子临走时又请求道:"可否将那匹老骡子给我"。王子依 了妻子,把那匹老骡子给她做乘骑。那骡子本性拙劣,只住水草肥美之地, 不住荒凉野地。妻子骑着骡子走了很长一段路程。到了一处树林,骡子停下 来了,妻子看到树林深处有一座房子,便想在此地休息。妻子推开门,看到 一位老婆婆在屋,前去打了个招呼。老婆婆从头到尾问了个究竟后,妻子请 求老婆婆留宿一晚。老婆婆点头答应着说道: "我儿子到山里砍柴,时常早 早回家,今天为何还没回来呢",正说着,儿子赶着两头毛驴,驴背上驮着 很大的担子回来了。老婆婆问道: "今天怎么这么晚回家?"。那儿子回答 道: "担子走了轻重,泉水旁找了些石头放在较轻的一边,方到家的"。说 着卸下了担子,看到方才拾来的石头全都变成了金子, 儿子惊呆了。

老婆婆对女的说: "我儿子尚无家室,你也无家可归,何不嫁给我儿子"。这样,遭王子抛弃的妃子就嫁给了老婆婆的儿子。次日,夫妻俩赶着毛驴到泉水旁拾金子,并到附近集市去卖金子。在集市角落里碰到了一个买者,那买者问道: "你想要什么来与金子交换"。儿子回答道: "我要一百辆木车和一百间房子"。儿子这样说是因为从前是国王家的邻居,那王子时常欺辱老婆婆一家,他们被逼搬到偏僻的树林里,此时就想与那王子较量一下。

夫妻俩将一百间房子的木料运到王子住处附近,修建了一座美丽的房子,过着幸福的生活。有一天,王子上门乞讨,妻子觉得很可怜,将一锭金子放在馒头里给了王子。王子走到半路看到卖酒的,就把方才的馒头换酒吃了。那卖酒的老妇又舍不得吃,就送给夫妻俩作为贺礼。那装有金子的馒头辗转又回到妻子的手里了。王子依父王生前的好人缘,行乞度日。而妻子品行俱佳又吃苦耐劳,和老婆婆及自己的丈夫一起过着幸福的生活。

A Beggar's Daughter

A great king had an unlucky son. When the prince reached marriageable age, an astrologer said to the king, "You should make a pair of shoes for your son and try them on all the girls. Whoever's feet fit this pair of shoes is your daughter-in-law."

Then the king made a pair of shoes when it was about time for the prince to marry. The king held a grand party and brought everyone together. The king tried the shoes on all the same aged girls, but the pair did not fit any of them. Some ministers saw there were a mother and a daughter outside in the yard. The daughter wanted to join the party but her mother did not give her permission and beat her. The daughter was crying.

"What's the wrong with that girl?" the king asked.

"She wants to join the party but her mother won't let her enter. She doesn't want to obey her mother, so her mother beat her," the ministers answered.

The king then ordered the girl to join the party, and tried the shoes on her. They fit properly. The king then told the prince to marry her.

The king died a few years later. The prince was an unlucky drunkard who owned a valuable watch and a gold ring. He had no other valuable things. He often drank and boasted. One day a young man said, "Why do you boast? You have nothing but that watch and gold ring."

The prince, who was now king, angrily said, "It's not like that. I can break these now," and then smashed the watch and the golden ring.

The next day when he boasted again, another young man said, "You have nothing to boast about. If you are capable, why didn't you marry a princess instead of a beggar's daughter? Without your wife's help, you couldn't support your family."

The king angrily said, "It's not like that. Let's drive her out and we can see what will happen."

Then he went back home and said to his wife, "You must leave this family."

"I can't go anywhere this night so please let me stay one more night, I beg you!" said his wife, but he insisted she leave immediately. Then the wife asked him to give the good mule to her, and he agreed. The mule went on without stopping for a long time. When they got to a forest it was dark. They came to a small house made of willow in the center of a yard. The mule pushed the door open with its nose. The king's wife thought that this was where they should stay, opened the door, and saw an old woman in the room.

"What happened to you?" the old woman asked.

"I was driven out of my home and have not found a place to stay. Please let me stay here for one night," the woman said.

"Certainly you can stay here. My son went out to collect firewood. Usually he comes back early, but it's already very late. I'm worried about him."

At that moment the young man came back with a heavy, unbalanced load on a donkey, "Why are you so late? What happened?" his mother asked.

"Today the donkey's load was unbalanced, so I put some stones from the stream in the valley on the load," said the son.

When they unloaded the donkey, the stones had become gold. The girl said, "They are gold."

They were very surprised. The young man said, "I took these from the stream in the valley."

The old woman then felt this girl was good and asked her to marry her son. She agreed. The next day the couple went to collect gold stones in the valley. After a few days they went to town to sell the gold stones. The buyer asked, "What do you want for them?"

The man answered, "I want one hundred carriages and one hundred small rooms."

Actually, the mother and son were once the king's neighbors. The king had driven them away and the young man wanted revenge. The couple loaded the wood on the carriages, went near the king's home, and began to build the rooms. They completed a house and lived there happily.

One day they saw the king begging for bread outside their home. The girl felt sympathy, put a piece of gold in the bread, and gave it to him. Afterwards the king met a woman selling wine and exchanged the bread for wine. The next day the old woman thought she should give a gift to the girl's family for completing their home and gave the bread to her, thus the bread with gold returned to her. The family of the beggar's daughter lived happily in a new big home. The king went to his father's friends and everywhere to beg, while the beggar's daughter was a lucky woman and lived happily.

क्षाग्राच्यर्

र्ष्ट्रेब'ख'त्वि'च'यर'विषा'र्येद'दा'दे'र्क्य'गा'वर्ष्ट्रद'तु'र्स्रद'। वेब'ष्ट्राच्द्रंर'र्क्य'गा'वर्ष्ट्रद'द्रब'ख'र ट्यीट.शूर.ब.क.ट्र.वंबा.वंबा.पर्यं विष्य.त.प्रटी वुच.ट्रंट्रांब्र.प्रट.चे.कट.घट.कट.ट्याब्र.तबा ाूब्ब.त्र्ट्र.वी र्झेट र्दे बिवा पॅट रा देर पह वाका भेट विं रट र्झेट स्वका दे का खवा वाबिट र प्यूरा ववा यह का प्रत्या र्वका पेट बेन्'रा'अर्वेन्'राषा'र्वे'र्न्नर'र्वेन्'सु'तर्वेवा'नु'र्वेन्'र्वे| वॅन्रासुषा'वावत्र'र्वन्'वे।'वेन्'वन्'व'र्वे'वा'व'रावित्र'र्धेन् लास्, स्वाजीट अट. रे. इंबाल्ट त्वा वृष्टु अंशवाला स्वाजीत स्वा <u>ॅ</u>बॅब चेत्र 'राब' देते 'श्लेत 'र्क्त' सु-र्वत' सु-विषा 'राविषा' त्र 'त्र चीषा' 'रुवा' क्वेत' स्वा' में पा चेंब 'राविष' सु-राविषा 'श्ले . उटः लॅं 'हॅव' 'बॅब' अर्क्यक्ष 'ब्रु' वाञ्चवाब' दिवेदाब' देश' देश' रुद 'ग्री' 'त्रतु 'क्रेद 'दॅश' देव' 'लॅव' 'लॅव' पर्यात्रास्त्राः भूती. क्र्याः यत्रीयाञ्च्याः क्र्याः यत्रीयाः यत्रात्राः यत्रात्राः प्राप्ति यात्राः यात्राः प्राप्ति यात्राः यात्र ऍट्रिक्षेष्ट्रेश्चेश्चेश्चरुष्यायाः स्टिन्ट्रेट्रिक्ट् ॱॸॕज़ॱॻॖॖॖॖॖॖॖॖॸॱॺॸॱॸॕॱढ़ॏज़ॱॾॕॺॱख़॔ॸॱढ़ॸॖज़ॱॻॺऻ<u>ॸ॓ॱॸ॓ॱॹॸॸॸॱढ़ॱढ़ॱढ़</u>ॱढ़ॱॹॸऄढ़ॱॸ॔ॱढ़ॹॗॸॱॸ॓ॺ॓ॱॿॏॺॱ बिटावर र्वेत र्त्या न्टेंबा वात्र वार्षेत्र कर विं क्षेत्र अर्वेट या श्चेट प्तरे ''तन् केत र्रे ''या अर्कर पा बिवा तर्वारार्ट्यं मृवागुट्यारार्ट्यं वेंबाप्पर्यं राजवेंद्राच्या विः व्याप्यं विषयः भ्रवार्ट्यं विषयः भ्रवार्ट्यं ऍट्रिं प्यापुत्रिं विषाप्तवषा है पर्वित्र र्वेट है प्रत्य के द्रापाद वार्वेट्र प्राप्त है विष् क्ष्यात्मवाः मुन्यत् । प्रत्यापाः स्वावायाः स्वावायाः स्वावायाः स्वावायाः स्वावायाः स्वावायाः स्वावायाः स्वावाय ग्रीत्र ''तत् उकेत्र 'र्ये 'नेते वात्र प्राप्त प्रकर हे मीत्र प्रध्यात्र मित्र मित्र क्या मृत्र प्राप्त प्राप्त क्या मुन्त प्राप्त क्या मित्र क्या मित्र क्या मित्र प्राप्त क्या मित्र क्या 'कोवा'त्व्'र्ट्'पठका'पा'का'वा'वॉर्ह्रेम् दे'क्वा'र्क्ट'का'अत्व'र्'केंट'क्वा'पञ्च'र्त्वा'व्'क्'र्ठ् ष्रथाः मेव नेत्र नेत्र नित्र नित्र नित्र महिषायाः निष्ट्र निष्यायाः मेन नित्र नित्र नित्र नित्र नित्र यात्र या _ વાબઃ કે 'અ:પત્રબદ' સ્કેં' તર્ફતે 'સું' શું' તર્ફ 'દ્દવા' ત્રુ ર 'શ્રેં તું 'સેં' કેંવા' તા 'શું કેંદ્ર શું ત ચાબઃ કે 'અ:પત્રબદ' સેં' તરફતે 'સું' શું' તરફે 'દ્દવા' ત્રુ ર 'શ્રેં તું સેં' કેંવા' તા 'શ્રું કેંદ્ર શું તું સ टेबागबेबार्कटा समा हो न निवास महाने निवास महिला है । देवार महिला है । देवार महिला है । देवार महिला है ।

杀"怪虫"的故事

从前有个撒拉叔叔,有一天他去卖菜瓜,卖了一整天,天逐渐黑了下来,他就住到了那个地方。他把驴栓在一棵树上,他就在树下睡着了。次日早上,他醒来发现驴不见了,赶忙去找驴,结果在别家的田地里,找到了正在吃庄稼的驴,庄稼已被驴糟蹋了好多,于是他心想: "我的驴吃了这么多的庄稼,应该给人家放个大菜瓜以作补偿。"于是他就在被驴吃的空地和庄稼的交界处放了一个大菜瓜。

第二天,那块田地的主人去田里,看到地里有个圆圆的东西,那个东西长着一条尾巴还往上翘着。他匆匆忙忙回到村里,通知大家: "今天在我家的地里发现了一条很奇怪的虫子,是我们从来没见过的,它的尾巴往上翘着,还吃了我家好多庄稼,现在我们该怎么办呢?"于是他领着大家去看,果真发现了那条奇怪的大虫。

村民们回来后,一边担心一边商量着怎样才能把那只大虫杀死。于是他们想到了一个好办法,让他们村的那个傻子拿着大刀去砍那大虫的头,同时村民们拿着刀、矛和木棒围着他。那傻子一刀下去把菜瓜砍成了两半,菜瓜的籽都洒到了地上,村民们上前去看到菜瓜的籽很多,他们误以为菜瓜的籽是虫卵,都非常高兴,夸那傻子说道:"这条大虫真该杀了,要不然等到它肚子里的虫卵都长大了,就会把我们的庄稼全吃完!"。最后,他们给了那个傻子一些奖励并赋予他英雄的称号。

Melon Killing

Many years ago, an old Salar man went to a village and sold melons until sunset. He felt very sleepy, and stayed under a big tree that night. He tied his mule to the tree before he slept. When he woke up the next morning, his mule was gone, so he went around looking for his mule until he found it eating wheat in a villager's wheat field. The mule had eaten a lot of wheat, and he felt very sorry for the farmer, thought he should give something to the farmer, and left a big melon in the field.

The next day the farmer came to the field and saw the big melon with its stem coiling up a bit. The farmer had not seen a melon before, and was very afraid. He returned to the village and said, "There is a strange insect in my field. Its tail is coiled up a bit, and it ate a lot of wheat. I've never seen an insect like this before. What should we do?"

All the villagers then went to the field. They all agreed the melon was a large, strange insect and worriedly discussed how to kill it. They then decided to get the village idiot to kill it.

The next day the villagers all went to the field and they told the idiot, "You must kill the insect," and handed him a sword.

The idiot took the sword as the other villagers stood around the insect with spears, knives, and sticks. The idiot went near the insect and chopped it with the sword as seeds flew.

The villagers noticed and said, "This was the right time to kill it or the small ones would have matured and destroyed our crops." They then rewarded the idiot with gifts and *kha btags*.

ধ্র'বু'শবিশ

क्ष्योः कुषाः तक्क्ष्यः तक्ष्यः त्या सि. त्याः सुध्यो ह्रिट्. क्ष्रीः क्ष्रियः अद्याः कुषाः वावा विकार्याः विकार्यः विकार्याः विकार्यः विकार्यः

俩 兄 弟

很久很久以前,村落里有兄弟俩,哥哥家很富裕,家里只有他和妻子两个人,而弟弟家却很贫穷,还有很多孩子。所以哥哥就经常数落弟弟,说他之所以养不起家,是因为娶了一个懒惰的媳妇,并且生了很多孩子的缘故! 他们家虽然没有孩子,但是他的妻子是个善于做饭又很爱干净的女人,加上他们家有福气,所以才会富裕,很幸福!

有一天,哥哥要去经商,弟弟就求他带他一起去,他们就一块儿经商去了,去经商的路上,哥哥又数落他说如果他把妻子给离了,再娶一个聪明又能干的女人的话,就不会这样了!是因为他懒惰的妻子他才会养不起家!

弟弟想了一会儿才说:"哥哥,你不要那样说我妻子,其实我的妻子是一位既漂亮又善良的好女人!我们家仅仅是因为有很多孩子才会养不起家,比起嫂子,我妻子还是很好的。"

哥哥说: "哼!你的妻子有什么好的?"弟弟又说: "如果哥哥真的不相信我说话,那我们回家以后可以试探一下她们。"

于是哥哥也同意了弟弟的说法。晚上他们两个悄悄回到了家中,他们先去了哥哥家,悄悄爬到屋顶上,静静地听着里面的动静。过了一会儿,他们听到嫂子一个人在里面自言自语地说:"自己一个孩子都没有,我不吃谁吃啊?"说着就拿来一块儿肥肉就吃了!过了一会儿她又说:"家里还有肠子不如把那个也吃了算了。"说着又吃完了!

最后,她又说:"自己没孩子,这留着干啥呀!"说着又把一大碗酸奶也喝完了才去睡觉。然后他们俩就悄悄爬到了弟弟家的屋顶上,听到孩子向她们的妈妈说:"妈妈,晚饭我们没吃饱,我们还饿。"而弟媳却跟孩子们说:"我们已经每人吃过一碗了,爸爸为了养活我们,整天去外边操劳,多辛苦呀!一会他回来,一定饿坏了,我们得给他留一碗。"弟兄俩听到这些很是感动。并对哥嫂的行为甚是不满,便决定回去好好的数落一下她。

俩兄弟回到哥哥家门口,弟弟便喊:"嫂子,我们回来了!"嫂子紧紧张张地跑出来说:"哎哟!吓死我了,你俩怎么回来了,是不是出啥事了?"弟弟回答:"嫂子你不用害怕,没出啥事,只不过刚才在路上碰到一条你吃得血肠那么粗的蛇,我们很是害怕,从地上捡起一块你刚才吃的肥肉那么大的石头,砸中了蛇的头部,于是蛇的脑浆如你刚才喝得牛奶一样流出来了。

我们感觉这次出行有些不吉利,便回来了。"嫂子听完,感觉弟弟的话里有话,羞愧地无地自容便跑了出去。

Two Brothers

An elder brother had a wife and no children. His family was rich and happy. Conversely, the younger brother had many children and his family was very poor. The elder brother always scolded the younger brother by saying things like, "Your wife is very lazy and had many children, so your family became very poor. My wife was lucky and had no children. She is also a good cook and likes to clean. This is why my family is rich and happy."

One day the younger brother heard that his elder brother wanted to go trading and asked his brother if he could go with him. The elder brother agreed. The elder brother constantly scolded his younger brother as they walked along: "If you had gotten another wife, your family wouldn't be like it is now. Your wife is lazy, so your family became very poor."

Then the younger brother thought and said, "Please don't talk like that. My wife is a very kind and good hearted woman. We are poor because we have many children. She is actually better than your wife."

The elder brother responded, "What is your wife good at doing?"

The younger brother said, "If you really do not believe me, let's return to our families and test them." The elder brother agreed and they went back to test their wives that evening.

They climbed up on the roof of the elder brother's home to watch the elder brother's wife through the skylight. The sister-in-law sat for a while, ate a lump of meat, and said, "I have no children so who else will eat this?" She thought for a while and then ate a large sausage. She said to herself, "It's better to sleep after drinking a bowl of yogurt. I don't have any children, so I don't need to share with anybody." Then she went to bed after drinking a bowl of yogurt.

Next the two brothers climbed up on the roof of the younger brother's home and heard the little children yelling at their mother, "Mother, I am not full with just porridge. I'm still hungry!"

The mother said, "Each of us has eaten one bowl. Your father has gone out to make money for us, and what will he eat if he comes back?"

Then the two brothers returned to the elder brother's home, knocked on the door, and called to the sister-in-law. She pretended to be very surprised, and as energetic as a monkey, said, "Why did you come back? How are you two?"

The younger brother said to his sister-in-law, "Please don't be nervous or worry. Far from our village, we met a snake as fat as the sausage you were eating some moments ago. We were scared and beat it with a stone as big as the chunk of

meat you were eating moments ago. Its brains fell out, just like the big bowl of yogurt you were having. We felt disgusted and scared, so we ran back."

Then the sister-in-law was very embarrassed.

म्। पाना निका हैं अहल पुः धिवाप

ॱढ़॓॓**ढ़ॱढ़**ॺढ़ॱढ़ॺॕॸॱॾॖ॓ॺॱय़ऀॱॺॕॸॱॸढ़ऀॱॿॗॱॸॱॸ॓ॱॾॖऀॸॱॺऻॺॕढ़ॱढ़ॺॱऻॕॱॸॕढ़ॎॱॸ॓ॱॾॕढ़ॱॿॖऀॱॸड़ॖॺॱॿॕॺॺॱॸ॓ढ़ऀॱॾ॒॓ॺॱळॅॸॱ चौ.प.वाष्ट्र. प्रेथ..खे.वाध्यात्माक्या.सेप्या.संश्रावायर.त.प्र.पचित.खेटा.संश.क्षेट.प.प्र.प्र्ये. लूप्.ला <u> ब्रिट्ट्रेन्ट्रेन्द्र</u>न्ते स्ट्राचा क्षेत्रात्त्रका स्वापार्ट्या स्वापार्ट्यात्ता स्वापार्ट्या यात्रात्त्रात्त्र ट्रैष'चष| दत्ते'ञ्चब'कद'र्षेद'बेर| थद'ग्रु'च'दे'द्वे'खूब'ङ्केद'चत्रद'ब'ळद'चर'र्थेद'व| प्रुेद'ग्रुेब'ख़ूब'ग्रबर' क्रेट्यानेशगाःहे क्षराचर् रहेश देश चर्या म् प्रत्रेति तु वित्रेषा मा के त्य म्रो प्रति म्रो प्रति । वित्रायस्य विस्रुसाया त्र्या प्रवित स्प्रिं प्रवित स्प्रिय प्रवित स्प्रिय स्प्रिय स्प्रिय स्प्रिय स्प्रिय स्प्रिय स्प्रिय स्प्रिय स् नमा प्राप्त पानिमाना मानिमाना प्राप्त प्र प्राप्त प्राप्त प्राप्त प्र प्राप्त प्र प्राप्त प्राप्त प्र प्राप्त प्र प्राप्त प्र प्राप्त चतिः म् । च । चेतः स्वाप्तान्त्र । चेतः स्वापत्र । चतः स्वापत्य । चतः स्वापत्र । चतः स्वापत्र । चतः स्वापत्र । चतः स्वापत्र । च ार्चित् : बाकुः धीतः वित्याविः त्याः तहिषात्राः भूत्या विः तत्र त्याः वाः चाः चितः तत्र त्याः स्थानितः वित्याः कुः धीतः । बेर प्रमा क्षु मित्र के कि प्रमान के कि प्रमान के कि प्रमान का कि प्रमान के कि प्रमान के कि प्रमान के कि प्रमान षादः ह्रा.च्रांचान्यात्राच्यात्राच्यात्राच्यात्राच्यात्राच्यात्राच्यात्राच्यात्राच्यात्राच्यात्राच्यात्राच्या दे'त्रवार्षायानेवाङ्गावराष्ट्रं वराप्तराह्मं वर्षात्राह्मायवि अववार्षाः वर्षाः वर्षाः वर्षाः वर्षाः वर्षाः वर्ष प्रवित 'हॅ' र्रे 'र्रे त 'र्रे 'केर 'श्रुवाय' हे 'ठव 'बेयादे 'श्रृंव 'र्र् प्रो 'त्र्युय' र्युवाय' श्रे हे य 'छेर 'व्या केर्य हे य 'केर 'हें य' ८८। देवाहें र्चे से मुंब मुनवार्धे प्रति विवादिया हैं विवादिया है विवादिया हैं विवादिया है विवादिय है सहयागुटार्द्र भ्रेट सेट्र प्राप्त प्रमाणका र्ह्या स्वापा है प्रविद विषा है हैं प्राप्त में में स्वाप्त सहया है प्राप्त सहया <u> अर्ट्र-विवान्द्र-वार्च्याः भ्रुंब्राविवान्चरुषायात्रमः मुश</u>्चित्रः वार्षान्यः वार्षान्यः वार्षान्यः वार्षान्यः व वेषायासुप्तारा सेट्रा

ऍट्रप्ट, वया क्षेत्र तयार प्रज्ञा क्षेत्र खेवा क्षेत्र त्वेवा क्षेत्र त्वेवा वाका राज्या प्रक्षे विट वया वा त्य क्षित्रमाराष्ट्रम् तमाराष्ट्रमाराष्ट्रमाराष्ट्रमाराष्ट्रमाराष्ट्रमाराष्ट्रमाराष्ट्रमाराष्ट्रमाराष्ट्रमाराष्ट्रम त्रेषाच्यम् न्यायाः मृत्यकारकाष्ट्रोत् त्यायर्दे प्रॉन्स्यते स्वायम्बर्धाः स्वयायात्रेत्रः स्वरं स्वरं स्वरं स ५.७८ भ्रिया. कुषा. तथरी हे. यथा भिषा. तथा. तथया. तभीषु. ही. हीर. यथा. पहे. मय. लूर. श्रीट. तथरे. श्रीट. त. दे. भ्रम्यरादेरायदे मुन्नायद्वारायक्र्यात् स्वराधिरायाया स्वराधिरायाया स्वराधिरायाया स्वराधिरायायायायायायायायायाया पर्च्रित्र्याग्वाशुक्षायदेन् पतिवा वर्च्यत्रभाववार्श्वन् स्वात्त्र्यात्त्रम् विता वर्च्यत्रम् विवा कानेन् वित्र तर्व दे,ययायर्,म्याम्बाधार्यात्र्यात्र्यात्र्यात्र्यात्र्यात्र्यात्र्यात्र्यात्र्यात्र्यात्र्यात्र्यात्र्यात्र वर्षिवायाः क्टारायाया । कुयार्चः दे दे स्वरावर्षद् यात्र्याराराञ्चेयायञ्चयायञ्चयायया । अपयादेरावायदे चम्रमान्यः स्थान्यः स पर्ट्-विवादम् अत्रुवाचित्रः विवादिः निवादिः निवादिः विवादिः वि यानम्रि, मुं के बिर्यं के स्वार्थ स्वा म्बर्,लूर्,बाद्र,वाब्य,वाङ्गव,बर्,दुर्,दुर्,दुर्,दुर्,विय,वाद्री, वी.त्य,वाद्री,म्बर्,वीर,वपुर,विवाय,बी.लूर्,तार्टा,व्राच्री, . को.बियःक्ष्यःत्यन्ति क्रियःर्य्यार्ब्वेट्राय्क्यं.ब्रीट्य्याय्यंत्रायदे.म्थःल्यंट्रायदे,या.क.ट.जा.वर्ष्ट्यं.वर्ष्याःक्रयःत्यन्ति हे. वयान्। प्रवास्त्र सुवायाः व त्युः प्रवास्त्र । व त्यान् व चं.त.होर.चवं.विट.र.लूट.वयाचेल.च्.रट्ट.पट्ट.मेव.लूट.यप्ट.वट.तदेशव.वयाचहरी लट.पट्ट.मेव.ची. मुल'र्स'न्र-र्स्'र्मेन्'सून्।त्र्न'प्र'रे-र्ना'रे-रेते स्नेन्'ल'र्ग्नेन'प्र'र्ग्नेन'त्रस्त्र'त्र्यं स्निन्'त्र् चबुर्यानीत्व अच्याद्रम्यः च्याच्याद्रम्यः स्थानात्वेत्रः स्थान्यः स्थानः स्थान्यः स्यान्यः स्थानः स्थानः स्थान्यः स्थानः स्थान ロメイト、このターの形工

खेवा अधेट ख्रूट क्षिट ख्रूट क्षिय तिट त्या अपया ट्रेट च्राच क्षिय ते स्वाप्त क्षिय तिट क्षिय तिट क्षिय तिट क्षिय विष्य क्षिय क्षिय ते क्षिय ते क्षिय ते क्षिय ते क्षिय क्षिय

द्र्या वया ह्र. यू. यु व. यू. कुया चीशिट्या चा. चाचुच . क्षेत्रा चुया. ची. चा. कुट. ची. ची. खे. खुची. ची. खुचा. ची. खे. खुची. ची. खुचा. ची. ची. खुचा. खुचा. ची. ची. खुचा. खुचा. खुचा. खुचा. खुचा. खुचा. ची. खुचा. खुच

两名僧人去拉萨朝拜

很久以前,有两个僧人想去拉萨朝拜佛祖释迦牟尼佛,于是他们达成协议一同前往拉萨。在启程时他们分别穿了一双旧鞋子,备了一双新鞋。在他们还没到达拉萨之前,其中一位僧人因身体不适而去世,于是另一位不分日夜的继续赶路。过了些时日,去世的僧人复活过来并赶上了他,还跟他借他的一双鞋,他很好奇地问: "你不是已经死了吗?你的鞋子丢哪了,我们启程前不是备好了两双鞋吗?"复活的僧人回答说"我没死,我的鞋子已破旧不堪", "我的旧鞋还没破,怎么你的两双鞋子都破了?"他问道,复活的僧人回答说: "我们不能相提并论,我从三界走过来了",于是他顿时怀疑同伴已成魔鬼,提心吊胆的向拉萨方向走去。在途中,复活的僧人说到:"这次到拉萨,我要把释迦牟尼佛一把火烧了,如果这事你告诉别人,我第一个把你给吃了",在重重威胁下,他想这魔鬼对佛祖心怀不轨,假如这事没有向佛祖禀报,可能会罪孽深重,这是对佛的不敬。

经过了长途跋涉,他终于到达拉萨,他拜佛并向佛祖说明自己的经历见闻,于是佛祖赐给他一个护身符和一株香,并祈福保佑他回家途中平安无事。

在他回家途中,他听说到某一个山谷有妖魔作怪,他一心断定是那个复活的僧人,于是他不敢前往,在一处山洞里住了下来。有一天,一位国王率领一百名猛将前来询问妖怪的下落,于是他详细的说出了妖魔所在之处,国王率领部将迅速前往。他回到居住的山洞口,瞭望国王的行踪。当国王一行到达妖魔所在的山谷时,遇上了刚去打猎回来的妖魔,它赶着一头野牦牛和两头野牛犊,身后还背着四头牦牛肉,手中不断地揉着牛皮。它见国王一行人非常愤怒,弹指间的功夫将百名将领杀了个片甲不留,最后砍去了国王的头颅。此时,虽然僧人手中紧紧握着佛祖赐给他的护身符和香火祈福保佑他,但他还是畏惧前往。

又过了些时日,另一位国王率领八名猛虎将领前来打听妖魔的下落,他 如实地告诉了妖魔所在的山谷并回到洞口观战,其结果妖魔毅然残杀了国王 及猛将,尸体遍满山谷。于是僧人心想常人无法制止妖魔,但自己对此事无能为力。

次日,一位年迈的僧人身上披着袈裟,手持小鼓前来向他问道: "祸害 人间的妖魔现在何处",他一如既往地说了妖魔的所在之处后回到洞口提心 吊胆地望着老僧前去背影。老僧刚到山口就遇上狩猎满载而归的妖魔。这时老僧人盘腿禅坐在妖魔的洞口,默默诵起经来,此时妖魔无可奈何地在一旁揉牛皮,但是在一瞬间妖魔的身形越来越小,过了一小会就自然消失在洞口。于是年青的僧人想这一定是佛祖仙灵,虔诚地向神圣的三宝祈福。年迈的僧人回到他旁边说: "妖魔已制服!"并提醒僧人,他没有把妖魔的灵魂收回,"等你回到家中之时,附近将会诞生一个新生命,现在你安心上路把!"正如老僧人所说,僧人回到家中得知亲戚家中恰好生了一子。

Two Monks visit the *Jobo*⁴

Once, two monks made the decision to go on a pilgrimage to Lhasa to worship the Jobo. When they began their journey, each prepared a new pair of shoes and wore their old ones. On the way to Lhasa one of the monks got sick and died, while the other continued.

After a few days the dead monk came back to life, caught up with his friend, and asked his friend if he could borrow a pair of shoes. The other monk said, "We both brought a pair of new shoes and wore our old ones at the beginning of our journey. What have you done with your new shoes? You are dead, aren't you?"

"No, I'm not dead and all my shoes are worn out," the revived monk answered.

"Both my new shoes and old shoes are still fine. Why are both of your pairs of shoes worn out?" asked the other monk.

"I've been wandering the three realms," the revived monk answered. Then the other monk thought that his friend was not human, but they continued on together as before.

Halfway to Lhasa the revived monk said, "This time I want to offer a butter lamp to the Jobo but if you tell anybody about this, I will eat you." Then the monk realized that the revived monk would burn the Jobo and he knew he must warn others.

They went to visit the Jobo when they reached Lhasa. While worshiping, the monk showed strong faith and concentrated on praying. Then he told the compassionate Jobo story of his friend: how he died, came back to life, how he planned to burn down the Jobo, and what he thought about it. Then the Jobo gave him an amulet and incense and said there would be no obstacles or interference on his return home.

Then the monk started his return journey in great worry. He heard that there was a ghost on the way and believed that it must be his friend. He decided to delay his journey and stayed in a rocky cave for a few days on his way back home.

A king with a hundred soldiers met the monk and asked where the ghost was. The monk pointed to a valley in front of him and said the ghost was there. The king then told the monk to lead him to the ghost. The monk said, "I can show you the road but I can't take you there because I'm very afraid of the ghost." The monk

⁴ A precious image of the Buddha brought to Tibet by King Srong btsan's Chinese bride.

⁵ Desire realm, form realm, and formless realm.

showed the road to the king and the king and his soldiers left. Then the monk returned to the rocky cave, sat, and watched.

The ghost was returning from hunting wild yaks. He was driving one wild yak cow accompanied by three wild yak calves, carrying a dead wild yak on his back, and tanning a wild yak skin. The ghost killed all the soldiers with a single flick of his finger and slashed the king's belly with his knife. The monk thought he was not in danger because the Jobo had given him the amulet and incense, but he still dared not leave the cave.

A king with six tiger-like soldiers came to the monk a few days later and asked, "Have you seen a ghost? Please show me where the ghost is."

"The ghost lives in a valley but I can't take you there because I am afraid of the ghost," the monk answered.

"Just show me the way," said the king.

"There are two valleys and the ghost lives in the valley to the left," the monk said. Then the monk went back to his cave and watched as the king and his men were killed when the ghost slashed their bellies.

The monk was concerned, thinking it would be difficult to subdue the ghost. A very old monk came to that place the next day carrying his religious robe on his back and holding a drum, "Honorable monk, where is the ghost?" the old monk asked.

"I can tell you the place where the ghost is, but I can't take you there because I'm afraid of the ghost," the monk answered. Actually, the old monk was the Jobo's apparition. The monk showed the way, then went back to the cave and watched.

The ghost was returning from hunting wild yaks, driving one wild yak cow accompanied by three calves, carrying a dead a wild yak on his back, and tanning a wild yak skin by hand. The old monk sat in a cross-legged posture in the ghost's cave, reciting religious teachings. The ghost did not know what to do and sat there with the dead yak on his back, tanning the wild yak skin. Immediately the ghost became smaller and smaller, and finally completely disappeared.

The monk thought the ghost must now be subdued. "There is no doubt that the old monk is the Jobo," he thought and fervently prayed to The Three Jewels.⁶

The old monk came and said, "I am the Jobo. Don't be afraid of anything on the way back to your home starting from today. I didn't send the ghost to the lower realm. He will be reborn near your home, when you return."

⁶ Buddha, Dharma, and Sangha.

When the monk got home from Lhasa a baby was born in his brother's family just as the old monk said.

क्षेया.रट.क्वेट.ग्री इ.स्ट.।

सूर.ग्रेश|

पट्ट. देन. क्रै. वृवा. सूट. ग्रीट. उट. युट. ग्रीट. क्र्व| वाट. क्षेत्र. हे. जुत्र. पट्ट. ट्या. प्री. वृवा. सूट. हुवा. सूट. हुवा. वाट. क्षेत्र. हुवा. सूट. हुवा. हुवा. हुवा. सूट. हुवा. सूट. हुवा. सूट. हुवा. सूट. हुवा. हुवा. सूट. हुवा. हुवा. हुवा. सूट. हुवा. हुवा. हुवा. हुवा. हुवा. हुवा. हुवा. सूट. हुवा. हुवा.

ह्र्याक्षः, खुका. तथि स्ट्रियः क्रूपः, क्रूपः चिः चीः क्षेत्री ता. घश्रवा. क्टरः स्तान्तविक्षः तथा विक्राः चितः विक्राः क्रूपः विक्राः क्रुपः विक्राः विक्रा

老虎、狼和兔子的故事

从前在一个地方,生活着一只老虎、一匹狼、一只兔子。有一天,他们看到一个法师去念完经后带着他的法鼓、法铃和一些食物回家,兔子对他们俩说: "我们去抢和尚的东西怎么样?"老虎和狼异口同声道: "我们怎么做才能抢的到他的东西呢?"兔子又说: "你们俩守在这儿,我去把法师引开,我会从前面的那块大石头上往下跳,然后装着受伤慢慢往前跑,这样他就会追我的,等他快要追上来的时候,我就会稍微跑快一点,这样他就会把他的东西放下来追我,你们趁机去拿法师的东西,我会在他看不到的地方跑得无影无踪。"

没过一会儿,兔子从前面的大石头上往下跳,装着脚疼,慢慢的跑起来,法师心想自己肯定能抓到这只兔子,于是去追兔子,眼看快追上的时候,兔子突然越跑越快,于是法师便放下自己的东西继续追,老虎和狼带着法师的东西逃到树林,法师最终还是没有追到兔子。然后他们三个聚到一起,分脏法师的东西,兔子道:"这个法鼓分给老虎吧,因为他要管他的子孙们,只要日日夜夜敲这个法鼓,他的子孙们就会一天比一天长大;这个法铃分给狼,因为他也要看管他的子孙们,只要日日夜夜敲这法铃,他的子孙也会一天比一天长大,我自己没有子孙,所以不管这袋子里有吃的还是没吃的都要给我。"他们便把东西分好了。兔子打开袋子一看,里面有一大块馍,他把馍的瓤都吃完后,预料到老虎和狼那儿会出事,他把自己的嘴唇弄烂并流血,还在刚才那块馍壳里拉满屎放回袋子。

老虎和狼日夜都敲那鼓和那铃,结果他们的子孙都被震死了,他们俩想"这都是兔子的阴谋诡计,我们一定要去找他算账",他们俩便去找兔子了。兔子早已知道他们要来,故意佯装半死不活的躺在那儿,嘴角还流着血,说道: "你们来的正好,我就要死了。"他们俩便问兔子: "到底发生什么事了?"兔子说: "我吃了一点法师的馍,结果我的嘴都烂了,肚子也剧烈的疼痛,我想我可能快要死了,万一我死了,你们俩要和睦相处。"老虎和狼说: "我们的子孙也都死了,可能是因为我们抢了那法师的东西吧。"兔子又道: "你们把那馍给吃了吧,谁把那块馍放到头上吃,谁就是强者,谁把馍放到膝盖上吃,谁就是弱者。"于是狼心想我是强者,才不要当弱者,于是便把馍放到头上,一掰开,屎全流到他的脸上,由于这个原因,从此以后,狼的脸上就变得凹凸不平了。

The Tiger, the Wolf, and the Rabbit

A tiger, wolf, and a rabbit lived in one area. One day they saw an exorcist was going home with his drum, cymbals, and provisions. He was returning from a home where he had just finished a ritual. The rabbit said, "Let's steal the exorcist's things."

The tiger and the wolf responded, "How?"

The rabbit said, "You two wait here and watch. I'll jump from the rocky hill in front of the exorcist, pretend to have pain in my feet, and go very slowly. I'm sure he'll chase me. When he gets near me, I'll run a little faster, so he will leave his things behind. Then you two grab his things and run away. I'll run just below the mountain pass."

The rabbit then jumped out from a rocky hill in front of the exorcist and dragged his left leg, pretending injury. The exorcist thought he could catch the rabbit and chased it, but the rabbit hopped a little more quickly. The exorcist left his goods behind and chased the rabbit. The wolf and the tiger then took the goods and went into a forest. The rabbit soon hopped behind a hill, losing the exorcist.

The rabbit, the tiger, and the wolf met in the forest and started to divide the goods. The rabbit said to the tiger, "You should take the drum because you have many babies. Beat the drum night and day to help them grow more quickly."

The rabbit said to the wolf, "You also have many babies. Take the cymbal and clang it night and day to help them grow up. I have no babies, so, I'll take the bag, even if there is nothing in it." Then they left in separate directions.

The rabbit opened the bag and saw burned bread. He ate some, smeared excrement into the remaining bread, and bound his mouth with thin grass.

The tiger and the wolf played the drum and the cymbal night and day, and their babies died. They thought this was caused by the rabbit's trickery and agreed to kill him in revenge. The rabbit guessed they would come to him, so he made his mouth bleed and pretended to be very sick. When they came, the rabbit way lying on the ground and his mouth was bleeding. He said to the tiger and the wolf, "It's very good you two have come for I will die soon."

"What happened to you?" they asked.

The rabbit said, "I ate a little of the exorcist's bread, then it slashed my lips, and I feel very ill. I'm sure I will die soon. I hope you two will eat the bread."

The tiger and wolf said, "Our babies died. Maybe all these things were caused by our stealing the goods from the exorcist."

"Please eat the bread. If you are the son of a great man, you should break it with your head; if you are the son of a bad man, you should break it with your kneecap," said rabbit.

The wolf thought he was surely the son of a great man, and broke the bread with his head, so the excrement fell out from the bread onto his face, which explains why the wolf's face is not flat.

न्त्रित्रत्वु अष्व द्रत्रे लेटा स्

ट्यूट.-दुषु.खेल.विय.-हूं.यूर.क्यू.ल.सैवी.यिश्वेश.पक्य.-हुब्य.-ट.योजूट.यिथेटी वृत्य.खुश्चय.श्चे. हूं.यूर.क्यू.पट्ट.-रट.यो.च.खुवी.श.-दुट.श्वेश.चेबा हूं.-टु.खुर.चेबा.खुेटी श्चेय.क्ट.-.च.टु.चेवाबा.श्वे.लय.पच्चू.श.पजूं.चुट.:श्चेपबा.हूं.जुटा.क्यू.चूट.पचूं.च.खुवी.क्चेय.टी.श्च्ट.खुटी खेथ.खुवी. टैब्य.क्चेय.श्चेय.केट.-च.ल.चूट.से.पट्टे.-टि.-यिख्वी.झे.सीट.पुट.पप्डी.च.शूवाबा.लबा.झु.झू.चश्चा.कट.लबा.श्चे.चिखी इंच.या.क.खुवी.य.श्चेय.योखेया.लूट..कुटा.| श्चेय.कु.च.ला.केट.श.खुवी.लूट.ना.चु. २.००८ घ.चेवा.खुवी.लुच..छे

लस्त स्त्रीप्त, क्रीया सूची स्वर्ध, व्या सीचित क्रमा सूच सूची स्वर्ध, ता सूची स्वर्ध, त्या सूची सूच, व्या सीचित क्रिया सूची सूच, व्या सीचित सुच, या सूची सूच, व्या सीचित सुच, या सूची सूच, व्या सूच, व्या सूच, व्या सूच, व्या सूच, व्या सूची सूच, व्या सूच, व्य

सूत्रा शिव्यत्य क्ष्या दुःस्वायत्यय सूट्ट्यूया बुया ट्यापाय स्वा चिःक्ष्ट्या वा स्वाक्ष्य स्वावित स्व

ट्यात्यूट्र-ट्यूयाबुयाच्चराय्यात्य्याच्चराय्याः च्यात्यूत्र-प्याय्याः च्यात्यूट्र-प्याय्याः च्यात्याः च्यात्या ह्यात्यूट्र-प्यूयाबुयाच्यात्याः च्यात्यात्याः च्याः च्य

વ. શુંત્ર- શુંવર્ પ્રવેશના સે તે પ્રાપ્ત શુંવર્ પ્રાપ્ત શુંવર પ્રાપ્ત શવા છે. સે પ્રાપ્ત પ્રવેશના શુંવર પ્રાપ્ત શુંવર પ્રાપત શુંવર પ્રાપ્ત શ

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一名男子与仙女

从前有一个地方,住着兄弟俩,哥哥的妻子是个蛇蝎心肠的女人,经常 让弟弟去干类似于骑驴去山上捡柴火等非常难的活儿。每次弟弟在去捡柴火 的路上都能碰见一块闪闪发光的石头。

有一天他心想,这块石头一定不简单,于是他把石头带回家放到了家里的供奉台前。每天晚上睡觉前他都对那个石头磕三个头再睡。有一天他捡柴火回来看到家里做了好多美味佳肴,他很惊讶,想这些食物是从哪里来的呢?大哥两口子绝对不会这样对我的,后来他打听了一下,但还是没弄清楚是怎么回事。

几天后,他心想: "肯定不会有人无缘无故地做那么好吃的饭给我,不管怎样我今天先装着去捡柴火,然后偷偷的回来看到底是怎么回事儿"。奇怪的是他看到从那个石头里走出来一位美貌如花的姑娘,然后开始做饭。他便问那位姑娘: "你为什么给我做好吃的呢?"姑娘对他说: "因为你没有父母、哥哥嫂子也对你不好,所以我是从天上下凡到人间来专门给你做饭来的。"然后,他对仙女说: "你一个仙女当像我这样一个穷人的妻子是非常不合适的,再怎么说,自己有了妻子,也要先请头人到家里来并告诉他这件事情。"但是妻子刚开始不赞同这事儿,他一直坚持最后妻子没办法就答应了。但是妻子嘱咐他说: "头人来了我会煮一壶好茶给他,那一壶喝完了你千万不能再让我煮茶。"

那天,他一直给头人端茶,他妻子故意用丑态来掩饰她的美丽,结果茶喝完了,头人今天的茶太好喝了,他就忘记了妻子的嘱咐,让她起身去给头人再煮一壶茶。妻子起身的那一瞬间她原来的美貌全显露出来了。头人看到后,命令他:"这仙女般的姑娘不合适像你这样一个穷人,还是许给我做我的妻子吧,如果你不同意的话,那你就去魔鬼世界给我摘'阿白啦'花回来。"于是他给头人诉说他们家的困难,可还是得不到头人的同意。于是他的妻子对他说:"你去魔鬼世界摘花吧,那里有我的姐姐,她是被魔王强行抓走了,你到一个三角形的山顶后喊她的名字,她就会帮你的,但必须是白天,因为到了晚上魔鬼就都已经回家了。"

次日他出发了,到达后按妻子所说的去做了,妻子的姐姐说:"我早已 听说过这个花,可是从来没见过,虽然魔王很多宝库的钥匙都在我手里,我 也曾寻找过这种花,但是都没有找到,不过有一把钥匙不在我这儿。现在魔 王快要回来了,你先找一个能够听到我们说话的地方藏起来。"过了一会儿魔王回来了,他妻子的姐姐问魔王: "我曾经在天上听说过一种叫'阿白啦'的花,但是从来没见过,这里有那种花吗?"魔王回答道: "这里的确有这种花,但普通的人是不能看的,如果你想看的话,我可以让你看。"于是魔王把钥匙给了她。她和妹妹的丈夫一起去了宝库,他们不仅偷了'阿白啦'花,还偷走了魔王的金锅、一袋神豆、一袋魔灰和一筏子毒药,他们带着这些东西一起逃跑了。

过了一会儿,魔王回来了找不到仙女,于是就去追他们了,眼看魔鬼就 要追上了,他们把魔灰一把一把的洒向魔鬼,边洒嘴里边念叨着:"把这些 灰变成雾让魔鬼看不到我们"。洒完之后他们又用神豆抛向魔鬼,嘴里念叨 着: "把这些豆子变成冰雹让魔鬼追不上我们"。豆子洒完了,他们渡过一 条大河后把筏子里的毒药放入水里,魔鬼掉到河里后就全死了。他们拿着 "阿白啦"花去面见头人,头人看到后不服气,又为难他说: "我们比一比 看谁的绸缎能把我家门前的那座山围起来,如果你输了就要把你的妻子让给 我,如果我输了我就把我的王位让给你。"他心里想着: "我这么穷的人去 哪里找那么大的绸缎",回到家后,他把这件事情告诉了仙女,仙女说: "你不用愁,你去你原来捡石头的地方喊两声岳父、岳父,你们家最长的绸 缎对人间来说太长了,最短的绸缎又太短了,能把中间那段绸缎借给我吗? 就会有人给你一个盒子,你拿着盒子回来就可以了。"他就照着仙女的话去 做了,结果真有人送给他一个盒子,他拿着盒子去和头人比赛,结果头人的 绸缎只能围住半座山,他打开盒子,里面的绸缎把整座山都围起来了,头人 输后又对他说: "咱们再比一比看谁家的军队强。"仙女告诉他用同样的方 法去做,他又一次来到那个地方用同样地办法借到了军队,走到半路由于好 奇他打开盒子, 里面的人全都冲了出来, 问他要去哪里打仗, 他惊慌失措顺 手指向前面的树林,结果那些人不一会儿就把树林砍光了,直到他们累了, 他就又把他们装到了盒子里。回到家里, 仙女问他中途是否打开过盒子, 他 回答没有。他就带着盒子去和头人比赛,头人家的军队看到后吓得都不敢出 来。头人看到后很生气,对他说:"咱们再比一次看谁家的母鸡厉害。"他 听后又用前两次的方法借来了一只母鸡,结果打败头人家的母鸡,头人百般 无奈只得认输, 最后不得不把自己的位置让给了他, 从此以后他和他的妻子 过上了美满幸福的生活。

The woodcutter and the Stone

An older brother had a cruel wife who often asked his younger brother to go out with a donkey and collect fuel. The younger brother saw a shiny stone as he passed through the forest. He eventually decided that the shiny stone must be very special, so he took it home and put it in the family shrine. Every night before he went to bed, he did three prostrations.

One day when he returned from the forest, someone had prepared bread, meat, and tea for him. He was surprised to see this and wondered who was responsible. He thought that his brother and sister-in-law would never give him such good food.

This continued and one day he pretended to go collect fuel but actually hid nearby. To his surprise, a girl came out of the shiny stone and cooked delicious food for him. He asked, "Why do you come and cook for me?"

"You have no parents. Your brother and his wife are unkind to you. So I came from Heaven to cook for you and be your wife," she said.

"It's appropriate that a goddess from Heaven cooks for a poor man like me and become my wife. But I must report this to the king," said the man but his wife did not agree. He insisted that he report this news to the king and finally, his wife despondently agreed.

"When then king arrives here, I will make some tasty tea. If the king finishes drinking the tea, please don't call me to make more tea," said the girl and then they invited the king to have a meal.

When the king arrived, the girl served the tea and pretended to be sad to mask her beauty. After a while the king finished his tea and said, "Such tasty tea! Please make more." The girl didn't say anything, while maintaining a dour expression.

Her pretense, however, did not work and the king discovered her beauty when she served the second round of tea, and said "This girl is just like a goddess. She is not suited for a poor man like you. It would be wonderful if she could be my wife. If you don't agree, then I'll order you to go to the Land of Rashasa⁷ and steal the valuable lotus flower," the king threatened.

The man explained that he could not go but his request was rejected. Then the girl said, "In the Land of Rakshasa, you will find my sister who is under the control of Rakshasa. When you reach a rocky hill, call my sister's name and she will help you. You must call her name when Rakshasa is absent."

The man then started off to the Land of Rakshasa. His wife's sister said, "I have heard about that flower but I've never seen it. I have all the keys to the

⁷ Vampire

storage rooms except one. I will ask the vampire when he returns. Please hide in the well and overhear our conversation."

The man's wife's sister said to the vampure, "Is there a flower called lotus here? I have heard about it but have never seen it."

"Yes, there is a flower like that. Ordinary beings are not allowed to see it, but you can see it if you want," he said and gave the key to the man's wife's sister.

The sister and the man went to the storage room and stole the flower. They also took a gold pot, a bag of beans, a bag of ash, and a bag of vampire killing disease. The sister of the man's wife's sister also escaped with him.

When the vampire learned the goddess was gone, he ran after the man and the goddess, who flung a handful of ashes in the air and said a curse to turn them into a cloud, which covered the vampire's eyesight and he could not run after them as quickly as before. They repeated this several times, and went through all the ashes. They then flung the beans and cursed them to turn into hailstones, but the beans were also exhausted after a while. Just at that time, they crossed a river and blew disease from the vampire killing disease bag and all the vampires died in a second. Then the man and the sister took the lotus flower to the king.

The king said, "Just bringing this flower is not enough. Let's see if you can cover the mountain in front of my palace with silk. If you can, then I will give you my position as king. If not, I will take your wife."

The man went home in great worry, and his wife's sister told him to find the place where he found the shiny stone and say, "Father in-law, your big box of silk is too large, your small box of silk is too small, please lend me the medium-sized box of silk."

The man then followed the goddess's instructions, obtained a box from the shiny stone, and covered the mountain in front of the king's palace. But the king's silk could only cover half of the mountain. The king had failed.

But the king was tricky and said, "This is not enough. Let's fight."

The sister in-law told the man to return the box of silk and say to the stone, "Your big box of soldiers is too large, your little box of soldiers is too small, so please lend me your medium-sized box of soldiers."

He then got the medium-sized box of soldiers from the father in-law. On the way back, he wondered what was in the box and opened it. The magic soldiers came out of the box and asked the man what they should attack. He did not know what to say and told the soldiers to attack the forest. The soldiers cut down all the trees in the forest and were then a bit tired. The man then took the box home.

The sister in-law asked, "Did you open the box?"

"No, I didn't open it," he lied. Then they took the box to the king's family and asked the soldiers to fight. The king's soldiers were surprised and scared, and would not come out.

The king again asked to compete using cocks. The man borrowed a cock from the father in-law. It fought the king's cocks and killed them all. The king then had to give his position to the man. The man and his wife lived a happy life together.

ट्र्.योप्ट.मैज.च्री

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珊瑚国和翡翠国之战

从前,有三个国度,珊瑚国、翡翠国和鼠国。有一天,鼠国因天灾人祸而断了口粮,鼠国国王便决定去向翡翠国王借点米粮。它走到翡翠国宫殿前大声喊:"请把帘子拉开一下,我有要事相商。"帘子被如愿拉开了,它走进去说:"我们鼠国受了天灾断了粮,很多鼠民因饥荒而白白送了性命,请问有没有米粮借给我们啊?"翡翠国王不屑地回答:"连地上的人都没得借,我怎么可能借给你这样的地底下的鼠类呢?"没办法!鼠国国王又去珊瑚国借米粮。珊瑚国王答应尽自己所能借给鼠国足够的米粮,鼠国国王便派众多鼠兵前去取米粮。第二年鼠国如约将所借米粮还了回来,千恩万谢之后,说道:"以后如果有需要我鼠国帮忙的地方,请到对面凸出的地底下找我。"

多年后的一天,珊瑚国和翡翠国因争一块地皮而决定开战。因实力悬殊,珊瑚国王自知不是翡翠国的对手,便想到了找鼠国国王帮忙。于是它找到了鼠国国王说出了自己的请求,鼠国国王就说: "你派兵在湖边倒上很多马粪,我来想办法!"晚上大批鼠兵踩上马粪轻而易举地来到翡翠国的兵营,悄无声息地将对方的盔甲和所有兵器都撕成碎片。开战在即,第二天,当战号响起时,翡翠国兵营里,大兵们丢盔弃甲,一片狼藉。翡翠国王心想: "我们还没开战呢!兵营里就已经出现这种不详的征兆,一旦开战那还得了?"他决定不再开战,当下举白旗向珊瑚国投降了。

The Mice Army

There once was a coral king, a turquoise king, and a mouse king. One day, the mouse king's family ran out of food and went to borrow food from the turquoise king. The mouse king went to the turquoise king's door and shouted, "Please take the cat away! I need to talk to your king," and was allowed to enter.

When he met the turquoise king, he said, "My family ran out of food and my fellow mice have nothing to eat. Many of them have died. Can you lend me a box of barley?"

"I don't even lend my barley to people, so how could I lend barley to animals?" replied the turquoise king.

The mouse king then went to the coral king, who agreed to lend the mouse king some barley. That evening the mouse king led his fellow mice and took the borrowed barley from the coral king.

The next year, the mouse king's family returned the barley to the coral king. The mouse king thanked the coral king for his help, told the coral king that his mouse country would help if the coral country encountered problems, and then returned to his home.

After a period, the coral country and the turquoise country were about to start a battle. Both sides arranged to fight on the two sides of a river at a certain time. The coral king thought that the mouse king would probably help and went to ask help from the mouse king, who agreed to assist. The mouse king requested the coral king to put plenty of baskets of horse dung along the river bank.

In the evening, all the mice crossed the river riding the horse dung and cut all the horse reins, saddles, sashes and shoes of the turquoise king's soldiers into pieces on the opposite side of the river.

The next morning when the battle was engaged, the turquoise king's soldiers found all their horse reins, saddles, and shoes were cut into pieces. The turquoise king thought that it was a bad omen and said, "Even if we went to war we could not win."

He accepted the loss and the coral king became the winner.