been rixited by Sir W. Gell, when nubse. yuendy it was exanimed by Mr. Cockercil, Fiuster, now of liverpool. These gentlemendisoupered the existence of the sculpture now preserved in the British Mumpuni, and in 1812, a party wet formed at Athens for the purpone of excavating, and delinenting the precious works of art. The temple was found in Consiot of six columus in front, with a range of fifteen culuman on cach side, two more than in the temple of Theseus, and was 105 feet in length, and nearly $t^{7}$ feet in breadth. It is con. sidered to bave been hypuibral. The external order is elesuted upon three steps. The temple is pripteral, consisting of a prristly, pronase,
nuns or cella, a space between ihe naos and nuos or cella, a apsice between the naos and The opisthodomur, und the oplsthodomu isaelf.
 will there is a door into the periatyle, the use of which has occasioned some discussion. A siduilar door is furand in the Teniple of Theseus at A thene. The structure does not atand east and west, as most templen dos, but nearly norits and south. The Doric columne of thic periaryle were 3 feet 7 inclies in diaweter, and 19 feet 6 inches in height. In the interior of the cella were very curious columns of the tomic urder, ligether with aningle column of the Corinthian order, which, as it has heen supposed, necupied the position opposite thie ell.
irance, being an almost isolated instunee of a Trance, being an almost isolated instunee of at ceatral column in firecian architecture. There
is one other example at Pumatun. This idea of the pasibion of the vrolunill in, bowever, formed upon the ianumption that the temple wes lippoithral, which may not loave been the cose, and upon the fact that the epace would scarcely allow of ivo columbe. Jhe frieze would thas range rusund the four nides of the cella, being enmmon to loth ofidera, and it is an argument for the temple's being hyputhral, that otherwise the aculpture wuld receire no
light. The lonic culumns project from the wall in a very ningular unanner, being ottached to the endn of ahors walls, anot are three quarters nf a circle in plan. I'wo of theae walls, at the furtherend, join the wall of the cella obliquely, fur what reason does noit seem clear. Engaged colunns were not
uaually employed in 3 recian architecture, but are found in the Kirectheum, and the Temple of the Giants, at Agrigeatum. The eapialn and bases of the columns are very siogular, so much so ns to haveled many to atippone, that they were of a later date thing other purte of
the fabric. It is rather difienle to deseribe them, but a fragment of one of the capitals is in the collection, phewing thut the volutes werie joined at a right angle, the copisal fucing ull ways: an extension of the idea of the angular capital in the temple on the llissu", and in those of Minerva Holian, and Firectheus. The consinuous ranalding of the rnlutea rome in a alight curvature from one volute io the other, and liad not the unvel abacus. The eve of the volute was a separate piece, it wam, howerer, of ntone, and not of any osher materiul, as mighi be supposed, and was fasiened into the mocket by a plug. Io the fragroent, one of these balis is wanting. The base is not leas singular. The small uegnuent, forming the union between the shaft and hase, is here expended into a large curve, so that the baren have great projection.
The bumes hemselves have for their principal dinoulding a large sootia, the nection of the $x$ hole being not unlike that of the moulding, incoediately below the base of the order in the anooument of Lysicrates. The thuten sre more like those of the Doric than of the Ionic urder, being of slight depth; they have
narrow fillets betwern, is iometimes seen narrow fillets between, cometimes neen
in the Doric. It is to be regretted, that the suseum possenses no other fragment of this vingular order than the amall one abore alluded to, which includes a portion of the fluies. The Corinthian capital is a atill greater lomm, an the examples of that order of Grecian origin
nre. few :-it tas now diouppeared frnm the ruina, but a capital bearing clooe resemblance to thin one, was found on the Acropolis of Athens by Mr. Iowood, and is wow in the collection of that geotleman. The discovery of two capitan of similar description in these particulas localitien, is a circumstance of mome oterent, leading in to the inference, that they
were both designed by Jetinus. That it Phigalia was much mutilated, but shewed at lower range of eaulicoli, as in the suonument of

Lersicrites. The other archinectural fragmente are, one of a Doric capital of one of the an notefixa of Lemutiful denign, and the corresponding ornamient at the ridge, besides fragments of the metopen, from the porticon of the pronaos and posticuw. These parts of the building were not usually nenamented with tri-
alppha, but were so in the building under notice. elyphs, but were so in the building under notice.
If ecenss to un, that l'uusanius, in apeaking of Tt ecensto un, that l'ausanius, in apeaking uf
the besuty of the roof of this temple, rfferred to the lecunaria, of which sis different varieties were discovered, and figured in the deseription of the temple by Mr. Donaldson, which form, part of the supplenientary volume of Sturrin "Athens." They were all frenutiful, and two varieties were arranged in diamond forma. The ornsument of the crowning eyma of the pediment is engraved in the titce-page of the faurth part of the deacription of the Musmm marbles: it was of besutiful design, aimilar to that of the Erectlieum, and mey be connidered oo shew an advance upon the painted ornanitent of the Purthenon. In ac-
cordance with the firccian principle, the cyma uras not continued along the Hanke, its pusition being necupied by the antefixer.

The really raluable portion of the I'higatimn marbles in the frieze. When discovered, it was much broken, and the uniting of the acteral pinces was a work of extreme dif. ficulty, at last accompliathed by Mr., now Sir Richatd I'extmacott. It occupied the position, ulove the lunic colusuns of the interior,
alout 291 feet from the floor, nad was attuched a hout 29 feet from the floor, and natathached to the wall by pins, the holea of which onay by Air. Tinflor Comber, the author of the de. acription of the Muscuin marbles, to have been of Jead, similar pins being used in the fixing of friezes of cerfa colta. The positions of the slabe are almont a matter of ronjecture,
though evidently mome of them followed in the order, in which they are now ranged. The subject of eleven of the slabs in, that which was so fertile a theme for Cirecian seulptors, the combut of the Centaurs and La. pithere and that on turelre of the olabs, is the hatle of the Grecke and Amazons. The direc. tion of the mabe, belnngitug to the former subject, was from right to left; that of the lutter,
frou left tu right. The frieze of the Parthenon is in low relief, representing the Pana. thenaic prncession in honvur of Minerva, and is wonderfully accurate in anatorny, und the proportions of parta. But the Hhigalian frieze, though nat io evely reapect correct, an to the veveral parts of leg" and arms, exthibits a maryellous apirit and energy. Sinne of the
figures are alinost detached from the back ground, and the whole are ill riolent action the Centaurs are burling rocke at their ap ponents, and everywhere the ardour of atrife prevails amidat the dead and dyinge.
1914, for the sum of tin, 000 doll Zante, is 191t, for the sum of tin, (00) dallare, rather above 15,000 ., which liad heen previously of fered for thew by Mr. Legh, one of the din. coverers, and they are now bardly inferine in value to those other works of the age of Pericles with which they were in origin on intimately ennnected, and along with which they are no united under one rouf.
E. H.

THE FUTURE ARRANGEMENT OF THE (ANTHIAS MARBLES.
Sisce: our former notice of these interesting fragmenta," the quention of their fiature arrangeinenf, in the building now in progress, has become a subject of consideration. In connequence, a model han been prepared, we believe by Sir Hicbard Westmacoth, shewing a proposed arrangement, and we have hearul, that 8 Sir Charles Fellowes is alout to prepare anotber. The former model is now in the
central salcon of the Museum. 'Trking the door to be the same size as that of the Elgin room, 7 feet wide, we may venture to ronsider the sate of the model, one inch to the font. This maken the proposed ronin is feet long, 40 feet wide, and 30 feet tigh. It is lighted by a range of long windows, immediately under the ceiling; the walls are bhewn of a light red granite, about three feet in heipht from the foor, being left for seagliola in imita. tioo of Sienom marble. This leaves the lower part of the wall entirely frer, except at the ends of the room.

- Vide p. 301, ande

On the walts are various bacoreliefi, many of tbem not yet unpacked; and the end of the frapmepps of the enomen erected to cont. memorate the conquent of Xanthue by liar. pagus, previouniy decoribed. They are artabaged in the same positions, they occupied in the huilding, with the exception of the pedi. mente, nid some of the figuree from the inter. column, which are necesestily placed on the
door of the room. The lowes range of bas. door of the room. The lowel range of bas. mucb rather see it occupying itu original pani. tinn. The centre of the roum is occupied by two immense tombs of the kind, which Sif Charles Fellowea bas likened to Gothic warko. They precinely resemble each other, being inly turoed different waye, so that we don't under. aland why there should be two of them. They mand on pedeatals baving a panael at, the eod, und' a airaple cornice of fascia, enriched orolv, and fillet. Above thie pedestal are bas.reliefs. apparently of good character, and ebore this a curious arraggement of pannels, and projections very much reaembling timber conatruction, and the projections mach reminding un of the halving of the wall plates at the noglet of a roof. There are aino some projections in the form of hooks; or rather ilte mon door. Whe rouf is in the form of a Gothic arch, and with its ridse, resemblet the bothot uf a vessel upset. The "pedinient" at the ends has mutulep, which are not found in the pedimente of Grecian building. Two lions. heds project on each side from the curve of the rom. Nearer to the doar of the rouma, in the "Harpy Tumb," and on cach side the donr are examples of the swo nther rarietien of nonuments, which bear an otrong resemblance Ls the dwellinges of the pretent iohabilants of Asia Minor.

We trust, that the increased accommodation in the new buildings will ullow of the better arraogement of many parts of the collection, which have long needed it-the arehitectarnl. canto for exmmple. We winh we could ace any reseon to hope for mime provision for mationnt antiquities, which are us deserving of uttention
an thoue of fireece or thome, and ure to be had an thowe no frecce or Rome, and hre to be had
for a smull fruction of the expenee. E. II

THE (LINNEAN) SISTEMATISING OF TIIE: STREETS OF LONDON



Ir the men of the present uge bave taken great deal of trouble in systetuatising gnate beelles, and all sorts of vermin-it can, not withatanding, not be maid, that they hare bestow̄ed equal care on any thing connected with public suility, object more grand, sub. lime, warthy. Alsd as we would be iselised ahiaking bid of nony genteman, whose gloves even, for instance, were conetanily soiled ar mellerwise divorderly, the anmplete chane in which the huge netwank of oulir streets is femnining, leaves ample room for an unalogous conclusion the the whole of ou civic arrangementa. It is, however, one of the Panding and periodically returaing isems of our periodicals, to dilate ou the number of streets, going by the generic of hing's or Charles (cither I. or II), and so on. Tber our perodirala bave alopped-and, therefore, rather deacrive the atyginu, which bas been cast, at least, upon one of them, viz. "' Endiag fuult with every thing, withont stating anj thing to be done in lieu ihereof." Besides mosi confusing aud perplex synowerny, the very nocoenclature of many streets is crroheom and unaystematicul-in as muchas
lot. Iwo apprasite rown of housce of the same strect bear different naties; fur instance Cambridge-terrace and Uxfird-terrace, and many other (even better) exumplea.



 quendy a chapal undertundag. if we no kno fiom tre otber trece tan wice duspitied
ane the only ende
rested upoce chen

