ebroad; rast tracts of land were redeemed from a state of aarsh by engioeere flom Holland: all these imporiant undertakinge were conducted in a rude and imperfect manner; the philonopher had not directed his otudies in what wes useful, and mathematical knouledge uras alighted by the uolearned practitioner.
Of the ports and barbours of Britain he gives very full information: lighthouse are fully treated of, enpecially the Eddystone; and a history and deacription of the priacipal bridges are given with much valuable infor mation. From the latter section we learu that:-
"The total cost for building and completing Blackfriarabridge, and mahing the arenues thereto, wan as follows:-
To Jnerpl Dison. mizon
To brion and Spencer, en
To Mison and spence,
To ruadry other ardercen.


$\begin{array}{lll}3.555 & 11 \\ 9.196 & 16 & 118\end{array}$
<igo.ss3 13114




The apecification and form of contract for Londoñ Bridge which are given, will be found valuabie precedenta.
The amount paid to Messra. Jolliffe and
 but the whole sum expended on it including the spprosches war $1,458,311 /$. 8s. 11 fd.

The chapter on timber ronfs is a very raluable one (we ahould have been glad to find pinre iniurmation concerning irous roofa), and iocludes seventy illustrations, many of which are given for the tirut time.

The roof of the liall of Chrintis Hospital, London, conotructed by Mr. Shaw out of Baltic timber, ponsenaea considerable strengtb; Whe wall, 3 feet 6 inches thick, are 15 feet apart in the clear; the rise of the roof in the centre, from the under side of the tie-beatn in the top of the principaln, is 9 feet 4 incheo ; it is queen-poat trussed, and the tie-beanas are beld up at tive different puints, or at erery of feet $b$ inches: the priscipals are distunt from each otber $10^{\circ}$ feet; the length of the hall is 18 f feet and the breadth al feet; every. precaution has here been taken to unite the feet of the principals with the ends of the tie-beam, and their wenglit at the eads is partly borne by irnn stendardi, which rest oo shoes worked into the wall below. The principais taper, and are 18 inches by 9 inches at the feet, and 9 inches by :! inchee at the top; the tie-besms are 14 inches by 14 inches; the straining piece between the heads of the queens 12 inches by 9 inehes: the struns 6 inches by 6 inches; between each pair of principals ii a pair of main raftera nupported by five longitudinal trunses, and which are alon made to cary the ceiling. joint. These longitudial trusses bear upon
the principal tie. beams, which are 17 feet the principal tie beams, which are 17 feet
apart frum centre to centre; the middle loogitodinal truse enmes under the ridge, and is very atrongly braced; Hie lower bean io 12 iacbe by inches, the king poal 6 inchen by 6 incbee, and bead 18 inches by 6 inches; the struta 6 incher by 6 incbes; into the head of the kiogs are lindged tbe main rafters, which are 7 inches by 5 ioches: on these are laid the common rafters longitudinally to receive the boarding, Fbieb is lad in the direction of the olope of the roof; so that the lead which corert it is
not so subject to depangement al when the boarding is luid the reverse way. The two other trusser oo each side are similarly framed, the lieigbts being varied to suit the top of the roof; that of the pains on each side of the centre is 5 fret from uader the side beam to the under side the main rafter; the outhide pair are only 2 feet 9 inches in height from the asme points.

## ST. GEORGE'S Hall, LIVERPOOL.

Fkw architecta get through a large build. ing withnut difficulties and beart-burnings. Those of the arehitect of St. George's Hall arem to be approaching; the caprices of Dr. Reid, the wants of the musica! profenars, and the conflict of opinions in the Town Council, hid fuir wh produce a aform which may tax his temper and skill. Mr. S. Holme called the building a thing of shreds and patchea, and found foult with the expensice manner in which the works had been carried on. Mr. Elmes characterised the statement es that of a dis. antisfied contracior, and asid that Mr. IInlme's conduct, in aviiling himself of the knowledge he acquired as a contractor to make his altack in the council, was as unprecedented as it wes unjust; he added that his wishes had often been thwarted by the Aleasrs. Holme, who were suffering pecuniary losses by their coniract.

At a recent meeting of the council, Mr. Holine aid it was clear there must have been many alterations made, for the estimate bad gone up from $!0,000 \%$. in 145,0001 . The eatimate gireo in April, 1841, was for 98,0001 .; that win a meaded in $93,000 \%$; and the ventilation was to be 4,9001 . Mr. Tomkinann contracted for the carcass of the building for $710,000 \%$. In 1843, an addition of 28,0004 , was made to the estimate. In Octolerer 1843, an additional 1,0001. was demanded. Then came a demand of $5,977 l$. for atone iostead of terra. cotiacaps. Tben in February 1844, a demand of 4,3801 . wat made for granite columns: but the cont of the columps excreded that sum. and this showed that the building was erected in "shreds and patches." Then a dernand of 5.0001 . wae made for alleratione. In Augast, 1844 , a new eatimate was sent in for $1+3,0001$. The time for executiog the mork, and the nimount of the estimate, had both been doubled. lle bad never seen a number of tlues turned into one flue without their being amoky. He thought the whole of the rooms on the east mide of the building would be exceedingly dark, and that the rooms and passages on tibat side would have to be lighted with gas even in the day-time. The large ronm would also be dark.
It came out, however, during the discussion, that some of Mr. Molme's wark bad heen objeçted to, and that this liad led to ill. feeling. It neeme to us soinewhat anomalous for the constractor to be, in another capacily, one of the architect's masters. It would not be just, howia ever, for us to express an opinion on the subject with only half knowledge of the circumatances. At this moment, therefore, we simply chronicle the statements.

To Trat Supmate of Ammonia.-Sir I take the liberty of sending you the following simple mode of teating the purity of sulphate of ammonia. At this season of the year, when large quantities of tiain highly fertilizing manure are being used, and when it is considered thet it is sold adulterated to the exieat of thirty, fifty, and even serenty per cent. I truat thit you will consider this worthy of insertion in your valuable and widely-circulated paper.

I am, Bir, \&ce. $\qquad$
Chemical Work, Bow-common, Middleser.
Heat a shorel, or any plate of iron, to rednest, and place upan it a portion of the salt of ammonia. If the salt be pure, the whole will go into rapoor in if adulterated, ibe impurity will remain on the plate of iron.
New Teryinus, Lithepool.-The London and North. Weatern Railway Company is about to rebuild the muin terminus at Liver. prol, under the direction of Mr. Tite. Mr. Jobn Jay, of London-wall, London, in the contractor for the worke, at the amount of 36,000 t. A great partion of the work is to be completed in a few months, and the whole within ten monthe from commencing.

## NOTES IN THE PROVINCES.

The comprehensive 'public building acbeme at Sbeffield, lately noticed in The Builder, seems to have already led nther town's to 'look out,' prospectively, for similar public accommodation on the preat acule. Catsoridge proposes to bave not only her "iuasemiliyfooms, readiag-rome, lecture-rooms, public offices," but ber "post-office, excise-office, and other public inatitutions" comfortably grouped together io the oume constellation, on the very site, too, of the townhall iteelf, which, it in presumed, will be also comprehended within the extensive area of so grand a schemp, if thus swallowed op and abrorthed within the linitu of its ample otructural organian. The funds are to be raised on the joint-stack principle, to the smount of the necessury sum, numely, 11,0001 . or 12,0001 , which will, it is expected, realize at least $\pm$ per cent. to begio with. athe eventually a larger return. Accommadation will be provided in the projected eninpound institution not only for mentuifood in reading. rooms, lecture-rooms, \& e., but alaof for refyrsh. ment both of hody and mind in rooms for prolaily rants, a tavern, \&c. By the wat, it is not Sluet. field elone, but Nottingham, at least, along nith it, that has bad the merit and the spirit tolake the initiative in thin great structural inwere. ment.-The restoration of $S$. Nieholas Cbureb, at larfuouth, is satisfuctorily pro kressing, though the funde are quite inude. quase. Thegallery, which has so long occupied the whole nare, has been removed, and the north wisle is thus no longer separated from it. The body of the church is now said to have some grandeur of appearance, and the lout ensemble to lye enhanced by the effect of the laneet window at the west end of the anve. ——The state of two of the county bridges wat lately brough: under notice at the Suffulk ension, held at Becelev. St. Olave's bridge, - doubsful property it eemi in more nenacs than one, since no one knows whether it belonge to the county or in the liarmouth Haren and Pier Commistioners, is in usery insecure and dangernus state, a part of the piers under water being entirely gone.. East bridge, 3 wonden erection in Weatletor parish, son, is bruken down and inuat ve rebuidt. - The fund for the erpction of Pawnbrokero Alms. housps, at Stratford, Essex, bas ueen realized to the estent of 3,0001 ., and the ground has been purchased for a site. -A coloured draw. ing of a plan for the proposed eaplupude at Ryde, the wort of Mr. Thomas Hellyer, ar. chitect, bas been exhibited of late at Ryde. It represents the esplanade three miles in ex-tent-on a different and it is alleged an every way nuperior plan 10 that sought to be carried oui by Act of Parliament.- The foundation stone of the new hospital at Purtaronuth is 10 be laid by II. R. 11. the Prince Consort. The gus movement is pervading the chovice little Isle of Wight like every where else. The inhabitants of V'edtoor, in public meeting late)y assembled, bave heen formally expressing their conviction, "that the introductivo of Eas would be a great public benefit, and tens to the further improvenent of the town " " " re. $^{\text {a }}$ solution" merely preliminary, it is to he boped, to irmomediate menares of practical de-acription.-The completion of the inner or floating dock at -Souibampton is likely, it is feared, to be pratponed tull next apring. The new county prisons at Winchester are be gun with the excarations for the fnundations Tbe Conaty Bridewell in to be converted into materials for the new building.-The Aber. gavenny Charity Truntees base agreed to ud vapee $500 \%$. towards the erection of a schoul rootn for poor children. Mr. F. II. Williarns has kindly offered to give the shone necean for the building, and the trustees are to $\mathrm{p}^{3} 50$ ). - year lowarde the manter's oulary.-At a Lirerpool select veatry, lant week, whon a report on the new workbouse was read "Mr. Kiarle," according to the Mafl, "ssid that a more abominable plan then that of the new buildings at the workhouse he had nerer known. Until Mr. Wighiman hed gone shoul to collect the detulle of bis report, not a simple requinite had been provided for the inmure. Think of one or twu trater-closets obly for 400 or 500 people! In short there was nothing provided. All the money way opent on arma mental pinnacles. Hectur Brooks asid the Hon. Mr. Clementa, the Aesistant Poor Law Commisnioner, might be said to be the princie

