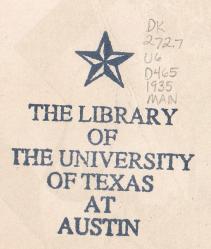
WHITE GUARD TERRORISTS IN THE U. S. A.

BY LEON DENNEN

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A SECRET organization of Russian White Guards calling itself the "All-Russian Fascist Party" operates in the United States with the knowledge of the U. S. authorities.

The main functions of this tsarist band are:

- 1. To organize terrorist and sabotage activities in and outside of the Soviet Union and to assassinate Soviet leaders.
- 2. To carry on anti-Soviet, anti-working class and anti-Semitic activities in the United States and other countries, praticularly those bordering on the Soviet Union—Poland, Latvia, Lithuania, Esthonia, Manchuria, etc.

3. To organize armed intervention against the Soviet Union in cooperation with the General Staffs of Japan and Germany.

The "All-Russian Fascist Party" was organized in August, 1933, following a conference of White Guards held in Thompson, Connecticut. Its program as formulated at this Thompson conference and as published in the form of a "military order" in the "Fascist," central organ of the "All-Russian Fascist Party," printed at 480 Canal Street, New York City, but circulated from Putnam, Connecticut, reads as follows:

"Arrange the assassination of Soviet military instructors, military correspondents, political commanders, as well as the most outstanding Communists. . . . Assassinate, first of all, the Party secretaries. . . .

"Cause confusion. . . . Sabotage all orders of the red authorities. . . . Hamper communication of the red power. . . . Hack down telegraph poles, cut wires, interrupt and

destroy all telephone communications. . . .

Remember firmly, brother fascists: We have been wrecking, we still wreck and in the future we shall continue to wreck!"

The "All-Russian Fascist Party" is a secret organization built up along military lines. Its "General Staff" headquarters are located in Thompson, Connecticut, on the estate of Marion B. Ream, the daughter of the late multi-

millionaire textile magnate, Norman B. Ream.

At a time when the United States is supposed to be on friendly terms with the Soviet Government, this anti-Soviet band of assassins, quite significantly, operates in this country with the knowledge and even consent of the U. S. authorities. The Dickstein-McCormack Congressional Committee, supposedly investigating fascist activities in the United States has never even considered it its duty to disclose to the American public the existence and activities of this international gang of White Guard cutthroats operating in the United States.

And yet, the Dickstein-McCormack Committee is quite aware of the existence of the "All-Russian Fascist Party." Indeed, it cannot possibly be ignorant of the fact that the leader of this Party, Anastasi Vonsiatsky, is the present husband of Marion Ream; that Vonsiatsky is a naturalized citizens of the United States and a lieutenant in the United States Army Reserve, Chemical Warfare Service;

that he is a licensed holder of a machine gun; that the little house of field stone adjoining the Ream estate—the headquarters of the Party—is a specially-built arsenal in which there are hidden hand grenades, bayonets, helmets and modern army rifles; that associated with Vonsiatsky are three former tsarist officers and that one of them, Lieutenant Donald Kunle, is chief of the private army of White Guards—supposedly servants—who live on the Ream estate under semi-military discipline.

Besides being engaged in anti-Soviet propaganda, Vonsiatsky is also engaged in anti-Semitic propaganda; one of his closest collaborators, Boris Brasol, chief of the "United Russian National Organizations in America," with the cooperation of the National Civic Federation, of which Matthew Woll is vice-president, is busily engaged in spreading the fake "Protocols of Zion." Another bird of the same feather, Kolesnikov, who came to the United States as a representative of the short-lived counter-revolutionary Siberian government of Merkulov, is now working in the Brookings Institute.

Is it really possible that the Dickstein-McCormack Committee is not aware of these facts?

Of course not. The existence of the "All-Russian Fascist Party" is no secret to anyone, certainly not to the U. S. authorities.

On December 30, 1934, the Sunday *Herald* of Bridge-port, Connecticut, carried an interview with Anastasi Vonsiatsky in which the reporter, among other things, observed:

"Although Vonsiatsky claims his organization is not

militaristic, a visit to his beautiful estate in Thompson

... shows many militaristic aspects.

"The *Herald* reporter never saw so many guns in all his life, except in an armory, as at the Thompson home of the Russian exile."

Moreover, Vonsiatsky was recently visited by an agent of the United States Department of State, who, as the "Fuhrer" of the Russian Fascists in America himself claims, gave him a clean bill of health as far as his anti-Soviet and anti-working class activities are concerned.

The reason why the Russian White Guard was given a "clean bill of health" is quite obvious. Vonsiatsky, as he stated in his interview with the reporter of the Sunday Herald, believes his propaganda against the Soviet Union is helpful to his 'adopted country; helpful to Wall Street in its fight against the workers' government of Russia as well as against the workers and farmers in America. The Department of State at Washington and particularly Robert Kelley, Chief of the Eastern European Division of the Department of State and "expert" on Russian affairs, who, as I shall show later, is chiefly responsible for the break of the Soviet-American debt negotiations, accept him with open arms.

The Department of State is not only aware of Vonsiatsky's anti-Soviet activities but it permits him to slander publicly the United States Ambassador to the Soviet Union, William C. Bulitt.

In the October-November, 1934, issue of Vonsiatsky's sheet, the *Fascist*, there is printed a picture of "Roosevelt's Ambassador to Russia" and the following story:

"William Bulitt, the U. S. Ambassador to Russia, smuggles Soviet currency into Soviet Russia."

According to Vonsiatsky, the U. S. Ambassador "is connected with a chain of money-exchange offices" and "for a trifle he buys in of the countries bordering on the U.S.S.R. Soviet currency which he smuggles into the Soviet Union."

Vonsiatsky accuses William C. Bulitt of engaging in contraband! Is it true? If not, why does the Department of State keep silent about it?

Who Is Vonsiatsky?

In one of the issues of the *Fascist* there is a picture of the degenerate executioner of the German workers, Wilhelm Hermann Goering, with the following caption printed in bold-face type: "Yes, I killed!..."

"Yes, I killed . . .", more than anything else, reveals the physiognomy of the "Fuhrer" of the Russian Fascists in America.

Anastasi Vonsiatsky is a murderer of the Russian workers and the son of a murderer. To his neighbors in Putnam, Connecticut, he is known as the "count". The truth is, however, that he is the son of Andrey Vonsiatsky, a colonel of gendarmes under the tsarist regime. The old tsarist cop, notorious in his day as one of the most brutal executioners of Russian workers and peasants, was shot in Warsaw in 1910 by a Polish revolutionist. Now his worthy son is carrying on in his father's footsteps.

Since the early days of the Russian Revolution Vonsiatsky has been active in fighting against the Russian workers and peasants. In 1917, soon after the Bolsheviks

ascended to power, he joined Baron von Wrangel's White Guard army. The savagery and brutality of Wrangel's army during the Russian Civil War is well known. It nauseated even the British forces then in Russia. But the White Guard "Fuhrer" has nostalgia for the "good old days". He loves to relate, and he does it with much gusto, how on November 26, in Rostov, together with other White Guard officers, he shot 500 Soviet "war prisoners" with machine guns. "Because our group was so small", he relates, "we were unable to guard these prisoners so we had to shoot them with machine guns. . . ." Although Vonsiatsky calls the people he executed "war prisoners", they were really unarmed Rostov peasants.

Next to the Bolsheviks, Vonsiatsky hates most the

Jews and the Masons.

The designation of this martinet as the white hope of the White Guards of the world symbolizes, more than anything else, the degeneracy of Russia's former rulers.

Not that the White Guards have much love for their "Fuhrer". He is considered an upstart and is undoubtedly the most hated person in the White Guard colony. Princes, counts and generals who have been cast upon the scrap heap of history by the Revolution and who are now spending their days washing dishes in New York cafeterias or driving taxis in Paris, resent the rise of this boastful and fanatical "leader". He is, however, a necessary man. Behind Vonsiatsky there are the millions of the aged heiress, Marion Ream, and, what is more important, her connections with Wall Street bankers.

With Marion Ream's money—the money that represents the sweat and blood of American workers-Anastasi

Vonsiatsky is able to support several fascist newspapers in the United States, Manchuria and other countries, as well as a growing group of henchmen.

It is known, for instance—perhaps the Dickstein-Mc-Cormack Committee will be interested in knowing it—that Vonsiatsky supports several newspapers and fascist "cells" (yathcheikas) in the United States. In charge of the New York branch (located at 480 Canal Street) is a certain Alexander Pyshnov. Working in close collaboration with Pyshnov is the notorious anti-Semite N. P. Rybakoff, editor of the Russian daily Rossiya. In Seattle Vonsiatsky's henchmen publish two mimeographed sheets, Razsvet and Put, distributed from 911 Lakeview Boulevard and 805 32nd Avenue. In charge of the Seattle branch is the very mysterious "Brother" No. 293 whose real name is Prokopi Vassilyev. The "Chief" of the all-California section is Valerian von Meier. (The address is 123 Pierce Street.) Von Meier operates in San Francisco, while his assistant, Feodor Simons, has charge of Los Angeles. The address of the Los Angeles "Yathcheika" is 5611 Hollywood Boulevard.

Vonsiatsky's Ambitions

Just what does Vonsiatsky aim to achieve? First of all he wants to return Russia to her old "glory", that is, he wants to "return the land to landowners and the factories to the capitalists." His ambition, he claims, is to "liberate" the "poor suffering" Russian workers and peasants from the clutches of the Reds, "the gang of international bandits". To those to whom it may seem strange that the man who in 1918 shot with machine guns 500

unarmed peasants because they were his enemies, his "prisoners of war", should now be so vitally interested in the liberation of these very peasants, Vonsiatsky replies:

"There is nothing strange in that. In the last 17 years I have learned a great deal. I have learned much from Hitler. I shall beat the Bolsheviks at their own game. In order to achieve the 'Russian National-Socialist Revolution', we need the support of the Russian workers and peasants. . . ."

While Vonsiatsky is prepared to kill millions of workers and peasants, whom he still regards as his enemies, he thinks it is the "correct tactics" to call them his "friends" in public. He even added recently a sub-title to the name "All-Russian Fascist Party"—"The Russian National-Revolutionary Workers and Peasants Party".

There isn't the slightest doubt that Vonsiatsky's aim is to "free Russia" by returning the land to the landowners and the factories to the bosses. He is even more ambitious than that. How about the crown of the tsar of All Russia? Vonsiatsky smiles. Mildly he says no. It is bad tactics. But every once in a while he publishes in the Fascist insinuating letters from "prominent" Russians in which he is called upon to don the crown of the Russian tsar.

In November, 1934, issue of the Fascist there is a letter from "Baroness" Anastasia Vassilyevna von Andresin, in which she writes:

"Dear Editor:

"A few days ago someone told me:

"Baroness, what are you doing? Whom are you de-

fending? Don't you know that Vonsiatsky is after the crown?...

"To which I replied:

"'The ways of God are unknown. If God wills, he will don the crown. . . . Vonsiatsky, in spite of his youth, may be more clever than Napoleon, Hitler and Mussolini . . . God will help him. . . . He will show the path to the Russian Eagle . . . where and how to fly . . . and what to do for the glory of Russia. . . . "

Of course the "baroness" and her fellow White Guards expect more from Marion B. Ream with her millions, from William Randolph Hearst and Sir Henri Detering, the British oil magnate, who have long been active in financing counter-revolutionary activities in the Soviet Union than from some mythical "God".

Kill Kirov . . . Shoot Stalin!

How does Vonsiatsky and his band propose to "free" Russia from the "yoke" of the Reds?

The answer is—through terror, through the assassination of Soviet leaders, and through plotting war on the Soviet Union.

Vonsiatsky's group is working in cooperation with the German and Japanese Governments and it is well known that the German Government has recently attempted to send some groups of terrorists to the Soviet Union under the guise of "German political refugees."

The July, 1934, issue of the Fascist carries the follow-

ing story:

"An unsuccessful attempt of the G.P.U. to catch Ivanov-Krivkov!

"Captain Ivanov-Krivkov, a member of the All-Russian Fascist Party, has crossed the Polish-Soviet border in the district of Temashevich.

"Ivanov-Krivkov is an active member of the Party and several months ago he went there to carry on fascist propaganda.

"He was spotted, however, by the G.P.U. and was

forced to escape from the Soviet Union.

"Ivanov-Krivkov is now detained by the Polish authorities and the Central Headquarters of the All-Russian Fascist Party has already taken measures to release him."

An even more gruesome story of White Guard terrorism in the U.S.S.R. is published in the February, 1934, issue of the *Fascist*:

"Militant Work in Western Russia!"

"On October 7 the Fascist Trio No. A-5 caused the crash of a military train. According to information received here about 100 people were killed.

"In the village of Bresin, district of Mozyr, a group of 'brothers' (members of the Fascist Party) shot five

Communists. . . .

"In the Starobinsk district, thanks to the work of the 'brothers', the sowing campaign was completely sabotaged. Several Communists in charge of the sowing campaign mysteriously disappeared! . . .

"On September 3, in the District Ozera Kniaz, the Communist chairman of a collective farm was killed by

'brothers' Nos. 167 and 168! . . . "

Thus Vonsiatsky brags about his "good" work. Quite brazenly he admits his support of murderers of Soviet officials. In the April, 1934, issue of the Fascist we read:

"The editorial office of the Fascist wishes to announce that it is in receipt of 1,500 zlotys (about \$300) to be delivered to Boris Koverda when he is discharged from prison. The money is a present from Mr. Vonsiatsky."

Who is this Boris Koverda whom Vonsiatsky supports with money? He is the murderer of Voykov, the Soviet Ambassador to Poland. Voykov was murdered by Koverda in 1926 in Warsaw. The murderer was sentenced to only a short term of imprisonment by the Polish courts.

Vonsiatsky also supports the "National League of the New Generation". In supporting this group, he has the active cooperation of Sir Henri Deterding of the Royal

Dutch Shell Oil Company.

The "National League of the New Generation" is the most ruthless White Guard terrorist organization operating against the U.S.S.R. The League has set itself the task of organizing the most reckless elements among the younger generation which has grown up in exile. The headquarters of this organization is the Paris Bureau of the notorious Industrial Party "Torgprom" which organized sabotage activities in the Soviet Union some time ago. This organization works in direct collaboration with the French and German fascists. Military questions are dealt with openly at their meetings. A great number of the members are recruited from the Scout associations, of which there are three in Paris alone; the "National Organization of the Russian Boy Scouts", the "Russian Pathfinders" and the "Russian Sokol".

In all these associations which are openly under the patronage of the International Council of the Y.M.C.A., hatred of the Soviet Union is taught systematically.

Union, which is expressed by their leaders in their press.

On November 1, 1934, Za Rossiyu, the organ of this "National League of the New Generation", published in Belgrade, Yugoslavia, printed the following editorial:

"Kirov in Leningrad must be removed. We must also do away with Kossior and Postyshev in the South of

Russia.

"Brothers, fascists, if you can't get to Stalin, kill Gorki, kill the poet Demiyan Biedni, kill Kaganovich. . . . "

On December 1, 1934, Sergei Kirov, one of the most energetic leaders in the Soviet Union, was killed by Leonid Nikolayev, a member of a terrorist organization.

This was the sixth murder of a high Soviet official committed by members of White Guard terrorist bands.

In 1923, the Soviet Ambassador to Switzerland, Vorovski, was murdered in Lausanne.

In 1925, the Soviet diplomatic courier, Nette, was murdered in Latvia.

In 1926, Voykov was killed in Poland.

In 1932, an employee of the Soviet Consulate in Poland was murdered in Lemberg.

In 1933, Esthonian fascists and Russian White Guards carried out a murderous attack upon the Soviet Embassy in Helsingfors, Finland.

In 1934—Sergei Kirov.

After the abominable murder of Kirov, the Soviet Government took steps to put an end to the activities of the terrorist bands operating within the Soviet Union. It gave orders that all impending trials for attempted or achieved acts of terrorism should be dealt with at once by summary procedure before courts martial and that the sentences should be enforced immediately.

As a result, 117 White Guards and counter-revolution-

ists caught red-handed were executed!

The execution of these terrorists called forth a campaign of slander in the capitalist countries on a scale hitherto unheard of. The capitalist press could find but little space to report the murder of Kirov, but accorded a great deal of space to expressions of "indignation" roused by "the vengeance" taken by the Soviet Government. William Randolph Hearst, Fascist No. 1 of the United States, who works hand in glove with this band of White Guard cut-throats and assassins, cried murder all over his yellow press.

While, however, the capitalist press was denouncing the Soviet "act of revenge", while the liberals and the socialists were organizing united front "protest" meetings in cooperation with the White Guards, Vonsiatsky and his

gang were jubilant.

"Kirov is finished!" exclaimed Vonsiatsky in the March, 1935, issue of the Fascist. "Next shot made must be aimed at Stalin—a signal to insurrection!"

"Not loud," he continues, "was the shot of our brother Nikolayev but it resounded throughout the world. . . .

"Hats off, Russian people, before Nikolayev's fresh grave. . . . "Long live the immortal hero, Nikolayev!"

Plotting Intervention: Vonsiatsky and Hearst

Terrorism is not Vonsiatsky's only stock in trade. With the aid of Japanese and Nazi imperialists he hopes to do bigger and better things.

"Should there be a war between Japan and Soviet Russia," he write in the Fascist, "we Russian fascists shall be in the front lines, marching shoulder to shoulder with the Japanese soldiers. . . . Our propagandists and organizers must be ready for that moment. . . .

"One of our important, if not the most important, strategetic points in the fight against the U.S.S.R.," he emphasizes, "is the Far East. Harbin is the strongest

fortress of Russian fascism today."

In the meantime, while waiting for the day when he will be able to "march shoulder to shoulder" with the Japanese imperialists, he spreads pro-Japanese propaganda in the United States.

In this he has the most active cooperation of William Randolph Hearst.

There is a very close kinship between Vonsiatsky and Hearst. Both are worthy defenders of privilege. Both of them are prepared to drown the working class—whether it be in Russia, the United States or anywhere else—in rivers of blood. But at no other time are they so near to each other, so permeated with the spirit of cooperation, as when they lie about the Soviet Union. Vonsiatsky borrows from Hearst's yellow press all the lies about the Soviet Union and passes them off as authentic information. Hearst, in turn, borrows "authentic news" from Vonsiatsky's Fascist and spreads it all over the front pages of his yellow press.

Recently Hearst's New York American carried an "authentic" story from a "special correspondent" in which the impression was given that the Soviet Union plots imperialist expansion, particularly in the Far East.

A hot scoop!

The truth is, however, that the story was merely a reproduction of a crude lie that was published in Vonsiatsky's Fascist.

"The Bolsheviks are preparing to attack Japan!" screams Vonsiatsky in the February, 1935, issue of the Fascist.

The Bolsheviks are preparing to attack Japan! Hearst echoes in the February 2 issue of the New York American.

Japan, to be sure, is not at all averse to utilizing these White Guard cut-throats in her sinister designs upon the Soviet Union.

Early in March, 1934, Vonsiatsky and a group of his henchmen held a "conference" in New York City. Present at this conference were Colonel L. Kh. Bek-Mamedov, a White Guard personage reputed to have very intimate connection with the elite of Washington, and Kelly, chief of the New York district of the "Silver Shirts".

It was after this conference that Vonsiatsky decided to make his much trumpeted pilgrimage to the shrines of the Mikado and Hitler.

When Thieves Fall Out ...

In the face of recent world events, only a very naive person can fail to realize that Japanese imperialists are preparing a bloody attack upon the Soviet Union. Japan is reported to have concluded secret treaties with Germany and Poland, according to which Germany and Poland are to attack the Soviet Union in the West—in Soviet Ukraine—at the moment Japan attacks her in the East. Japan



supports a regular White Guard army in the East. In Manchuria alone she can mobilize 150,000 White Guard Russians.

The White Guard colony in Harbin is armed and organized along military lines. At the head of this army of counter-revolution—the shock troops of Japanese imperialism—stands the notorious tsarist bandit, "Ataman" Semionov.

Semionov's connection with the Japanese General Staff—hitherto kept a secret by both sides—was recently brought out into the open by none other than Vonsiatsky himself.

When Vonsiatsky came to Japan, he succeeded, with the aid of Marion Ream's money, in buying the fascist newspaper Nash Put and in effecting a union with C. V. Rodzayevski, general secretary of the Harbin Russian Fascist Party. This union, however, was short-lived. Vonsiatsky and Rodzayevski split on two issues: anti-Semitism and the question of Semionov.

Rodzayevski is an anti-Semite who believes that the Jews ought to be exterminated at once. Vonsiatsky is also an anti-Semite who believes in the extermination of Jews. Unlike Rodzayevski, however, he wants to do it quietly, not to make an issue of the Jewish question, so that he may get the support of rich Jewish bankers in America who are known to support fascist groups in the U.S.

Questioned by the reporter of the Bridgeport Sunday Herald as to his attitude toward Jews, Vonsiatsky replied:

"If the Jews want to be our friends and helpers we shall welcome them gladly. . . . Here is where Hitler and I disagree. I am a great admirer, however, of Mussolini

and Hitler and their methods of combatting Communism. . . ."

This interview was given, of course, for American consumption. It is quite mild in tone. At the "conference" of Russian fascists held in March in New Yor City, he was a little more explicit than that.

"The attitude of the All-Russian Fascist organization towards the Jews," he said, "depends primarily upon the attitude of the Jews towards the Russian fascist movement..."

What does that mean? It means that if the rich Jewish bankers in America, like their German brothers (the Jacob Goldschmidts and others), will furnish the millions of dollars about which Vonsiatsky bragged when he made his alliance with Rodzayevski in Manchuria, they will be allowed to participate in the fascist movement.

Even that, however, does not explain fully Vonsiatsy's attitude towards the Jewish question.

What, then, is the truth?

In the July, 1934, issue of *Nazia*, *Vonsiatsky's* theoretical organ published in Harbin and Shanghai, and edited by Rodzayevski, we read:

"A Provocation Concerning the Jewish Question."

"Our enemies never miss an opportunity to sow dissention in our ranks. Having found out that there are minor differences between us and Brother Vonsiatsky concerning the Jewish question, they choose to provoke us on this score.

"The truth is, however, that having taken into consideration the fact that the All-Russian Fascist Party is operating in the United States, a country governed by Jews and

Masons, we decided that it is as yet premature to raise the Jewish question. . . ."

Premature!

The Jewish Telegraphic Agency reports the following

story from Harbin:

"The slaying of a Jewish boy at Harbin by a group of White Russians was called to the attention of Sir Alexander Cadogan, British Minister to China, by N. E. B. Ezra, editor of *Israel's Messenger*.

"Sir Alexander was told that Mr. Igguchi, a high Japanese police official at Harbin, had issued a statement to the press in connection with the kidnapping and murder of another Jew, Simon Kaspe, a French citizen, in which

Igguchi said the crime was justified.

"'He stated that in his opinion Kaspe was put to death by White Russians because he was a Jew and that the White Russians, exiled from their homeland, have grievances against the Jewish people for ruining their country and identifying themselves with Communism.

"'Because of these circumstances,' Igguchi said, 'the

killers are entitled to leniency."

The murder of Kaspe was not, of course, the only murder of Jews that the White Guards committed within recent years in Harbin with the approval of the Japanese officials. It was the most gruesome, however, and most publicized in the United States. A group of prominent American Jews sent a protest to the Japanese Ambassador at Washington. Vonsiatsky was irked. How about the millions of dollars he promised to furnish when he was in Harbin? How can he now approach the Jewish bankers in the United States? What will the Jewish bankers

say? Will they still offer him cash to combat Communism? Why make an issue of the Jewish question just now?

This was the beginning of Vonsiatsky's rift with Rodzayevski. The quarrel with Semionov caused the final break.

"Ataman" Semionov, as I have already pointed out, is a hireling of the Japanese militarists. He is designated by them as the "Commander" of the White Guard forces upon whom Japan counts to commence the offensive against the Workers' Republic. Vonsiatsky, while in Harbin, tried to step into Semionov's boots. The latter, being in the confidence of the Japanese General Staff, was successful in frustrating Vonsiatsy's ambition. Vonsiatsky was peeved. He ordered Rodzayevski to break with Semionov. Rodzayevski, who, while receiving money from Vonsiatsky, was also in the pay of the Japanese General Staff, refused. Vonsiatsky threatened to kill Semionov.

"We must put a bullet into the head of Semionov, the traitor to the Russian cause," he announced in the Fascist.

"Rodzayevski replied:

"In case of war (with the Soviet Union) Ataman Semionov will play an important role and he will have the actual power in the liberated territory, since he will be appointed as the chief of the Russian armed forces attached to the Japanese army. . . ." Why quarrel?

Thus the truth about Japan's use of Russian White Guards, which has been known to observers of Far Eastern events all the time, was disclosed to the world much to

the chagrin of the Japanese General Staff.

At the Shrine of Hitler

Vonsiatsky's visit to Hitler was much more successful. He was acclaimed and feted by Alfred Rosenberg, Hitler's chief foreign spokesman himself. Rosenberg even influenced Vonsiatsky to patch up his differences with Rodzayevski. After all, why quarrel over the spoils. Aren't they both inspired by the same noble spirit—to kill Communists, Socialists, Liberals and Jews? Let them first defeat Soviet Russia and then there will be enough loot for everybody.

That Rosenberg should be interested in Vonsiatsky's patching up differences with Rodzayevski is not at all strange since Germany is the most obvious ally of Japan. The Hitler-Rosenberg scheme for German-Polish invasion of the Soviet Ukraine is the dearest dream of Nazi imperialism. The invasion, to be successful, must coincide with Japan's attack from the East. In the last two years Germany and Japan have taken little trouble to conceal their common interest in attacking Russia.

In fact, long before he came to power, Hitler wrote:

"We National-Socialists begin where Germany stopped six centuries ago. We are completing the century-long movement of the German race to the South and West of Europe and turning our gaze to the lands of the East. ... We have in view Russia and the territory under its control."

Like Japan, the Nazis have been supporting and nursing a large group of Russian White Guards who are to be used as the Nazi shock troops in the war with Soviet Russia.

Even six months before Hitler took power it was known

that a group of Russian White Guards were on the payroll of the Brown House in Munich. The group is headed by Bumanski, a former officer in the Wrangel army with a shady past; Taboritzky, a former tsarist officer who murdered the former Russian emigre Nabokov in Berlin; Talberg, secretary of the terrorist organization, the "Brotherhood of Russian Truth", that has been sending terrorists into Soviet Russia, and Knolin, the White Guard writer.

The Nazi specialist for "Ukrainian matters" is the White Guard, Colonel Poltavetz Ostranitza, who makes regular reports to Nazi headquarters on "Ukrainian affairs".

Recently the White Guards in Berlin have formed a military organization known as the "Rond". At the head of the "Rond" stands the notorious Baltic adventurer, Svetozaroff (Pelchau). Associated with him are the notorious spies, Muratoff (Snadmann), Mlle. Runge and Meller-Zakomelsky.

While in Berlin, Vonsiatsky formed close ties with the "Rond". He had several conferences with Rosenberg and Svetozaroff. Participating in these conferences were also Gleb Galetski, the representative of the Ukrainian White Guard organization known as "Soyuz Mladorossov"; A. A. Averkiev, a member of the council of Russian Fascists in Berlin; N. R. Kastel, "the Chief of the General Staff"; Count Pavel Avalov, the leader of the Russian Fascists in Berlin; and Count S. Obolenski, representing the Ukrainian terrorists.

While in Europe Vonsiatsky also visited Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Yugoslavia, Italy and France.

In Hungary he made contacts with A. Rash, the "Fuhrer" of the Hungarian National Socialists. In France he carried on negotiations with the head of the "Soyuz Mladorossov", A. L. Kazem-Bek.

In an interview given to the *Tsarski Vestnik* (Tsarist News), published in Belgrade, Vonsiatsky described his

visit to Berlin thus:

"I am amazed at the spirit of contemporary Germany.
... I saw how on a Sunday, on Reichskanzler Plantz, storm-troopers came out to meet the Hitler girls. The girls met the storm-troopers with banners. The storm-troopers sing songs which end with the words 'blue eyes, golden locks, preserve your country for better times. ...'
The girls reply: 'Deutschland, Deutschland uber alles!

"This example of patriotism is infecting the Russian exiles. I felt it when I spoke in Berlin before an audi-

ence of 3,000 White Russians.

"Of course, the growth of German patriotism is primarily for the Germans. We can learn from the Nazis, borrow their tactics, but we must depend upon ourselves. "For obvious reasons I can't tell you anything about the results of my conferences with various representatives of anti-Communist organizations in Europe. About that I can only speak in my circle of fascists. I am happy to report, however, that the All-Russian Fascist Party, the Russian National-Socialist movement and Germany, and the "Soyuz Mladorossov" are now united and coordinated..."

Sir Henri Deterding Helps

Vonsiatsky's claim that "we must depend upon our-

selves" is, of course, a lot of hot air. He is a willing tool of Alfred Rosenberg. Rosenberg in turn works in close cooperation with Sir Henri Deterding, the British oil magnate, who supplies much of the cash needed to carry on terrorist activities in the U.S.S.R.

Sir Deterding, who is still mourning the Baku oil fields that the Georgian workers have taken away from him, has long been bending every effort to build a front against the Soviet Union. Germany and Poland are the horses

on which he is betting.

Some time ago 400 Polish miners lost their jobs in France and were sent back to Poland. The Polish Government immediately retaliated by suing two French directors of the Zyradov textile mill on the ground that they had swindled the stockholders and the state. The "Zyradov affair", as it came to be known, was played up big in Germany in an attempt to estrange Poland from France.

According to the *Freie Weltbuhne* of Prague, however, the whole business, not only the "Zyradov affair" but also the Polish-German reprochement, is the creation of Sir Henri Deterding, who is working for a German-Polish-Hungarian alliance against the Soviet Union and is receiving cooperation from the British Foreign Office.

Sir Deterding, according to the Prague paper, keeps on his payroll several agents in Poland—among others, Wozniaski and Avaloff, two notorious Russian fascists. The British Metropolitan Vickers (whose agent, Alan Monkhouse, was recently expelled from the Soviet Union for espionage and sabotage activities) and the Westinghouse Saxby, whose investments in Poland are controlled by Sir Henri, furnish the money.

Like Germany, Poland, too, has recently effected a close alliance with Japan. At the time of Japan's invasion of Manchuria, Marshall Pilsudski, Poland's aged dictator, was in constant communication with Japan; Japanese missions were dispatched to the Baltic States on unmistakable errands.

Robert Dell, veteran British liberal correspondent, reports in the magazine, Living Age, that the Polish Ukrainian White Guards (followers of the notorious pogrom instigator, Petlura) whom the Poles have harbored for 16 years seem now to be on excellent terms with Pilsudski's government—and with Mr. Ito, Japanese Ambassador to Poland. These Ukrainians have protested against the admission of Soviet Russia into the League of Nations but they made no protest against the foreign minister, Colonel Beck's repudiation of the national minorities treaties.

"One wonders," says Dell, "what they have been promised. Ukrainian independence? How can they attach any value to the promises of the Polish Government or Mr. Ito? The sinister aspect of the situation is that the aim of these people is war against Russia. If the hopes of Ukrainian independence has been held out, its condition must be a Japanese victory over Russia."

The "Intellectual" Face of Russian Fascism in the U.S.A.

While it is Vonsiatsky's function to organize terrorist activities in the Soviet Union, to assassinate Soviet leaders, and train soldiers for intervention, the function of the "United Russian National Organizations in America" is to pull strings in Washington and spread propaganda

against the Soviet Union. The "United Russian National Organizations in America", whose offices are at 4 Columbus Circle, New York City, is a very influential organization. It has intimate connections with American "society" and the leading circles of Washington.

The head of this organization is the anti-Semitic peddler of the fake "Protocols of Zion", Boris Brasol. Associated actively with him are Professor I. V. Emelianoff, Rev. Alexander Kukulevski, I. I. Sikorsky and the darling of American millionaires, Prince Paul Chavchavadze.

Affiliated with the "United Russian National Organizations in America" are the following White Guard groups:

All Russian National Peasants' Alliance, New York.

Russian War Veterans, New York.

Russian University League of America.

Association of Former Russian Naval Officers in America.

Society for Relief of Russian War Invalids Outside of Russia.

Russian People's Centers, Inc.

Russian Alumni Association and Students' Association of America.

Russian Women's League of the Republican Party.

Educational Circle of New York, etc.

Mr. Boris Brasol, who pretends to be something of a literary person, has close contacts with Mr. Clarence Manning, assistant professor of Slavonic languages at Columbia University, and other university professors.

It is the "United Russian National Organizations of America" that has been carrying on, with the cooperation of Hearst, the Civic Federation, the Elks, the Daughters of the American Revolution, and the American Legion, campaigns against U.S. recognition of Soviet Russia. Long before Litvinoff arrived in Washington, Boris Brasol was circulating petitions against recognition. He enlisted for this purpose the services of Hearst's hireling, Isaac Don Levine, the notorious red-baiter, Father Edmund Walsh and Rev. George A. Simons of Mineola, L. I. His main card, however, is Robert Kelley, chief of the Eastern European division of the State Department.

Kelley is notoriously anti-Soviet. While still in the army, Kelley was assigned to the diplomatic service as a military attache and served on a special mission to countries bordering on Soviet territory. His duties, in fact, were to spy on Russia and even as chief of the State Department's Eastern European division in pre-recognition days his job was to conduct a polite espionage service.

Kelley, himself, has never been to Russia. He gets most of his information from White Guard papers published in Paris and the United States. Some of his closest friends are notorious anti-Soviet. There is no doubt that both Brasol and Kelley had a hand in the break-down of the Soviet-American trade relations.

A Fragment of an Empire

There are at least a million White Guards all over the world who are plotting to destroy the Soviet Union. In New York alone there are more than 3,000 of them. Like heroes of a Dostoyevski novel, they inhabit a little "empire" around 120th Street and Lenox Avenue. They are somewhat unhappy and sad these days. For the Soviet Union is forging ahead. Every accomplishment of the

Soviet workers is another nail in their coffin—in the coffin of all anti-Soviet forces. Naturally, they unceasingly plot the destruction of the Soviet Union. Assisted by American millionaires, army men, American Federation of Labor officials and even some Socialist Party leaders, they sharpen their teeth against the Workers' Republic. They hold secret conclaves, collect funds, adherents, arms, publish newspapers and journals, finance sabotage and terrorist activities in the U.S.S.R., assassinate Soviet leaders, plot destruction and murder.

What is more important, however, is that they do all this with the knowledge and even blessing of the Roosevelt administration.

In Mexico, Argentine, United States, Germany, Poland, Japan, China, Manchuria—all over the world—the agents of Vonsiatsky and his like are recruiting the army of the counter-revolution. They are preparing a bloody war against the Soviet Union.

Will they succeed in their criminal designs?

That depends primarily upon two important facts: The strength of the Soviet Union and the international solidarity of the workers and farmers the world over.

The Soviet Union is growing steadily in strength and power. The machinations of the White Guards and other Soviet enemies will not avail against the determination of the Russian workers and farmers to defend the Socialist fatherland, and to continue building a new society without exploiters. Should the imperialists of the world—the Hitlers, the Japanese militarists, the Deterdings, the Hearsts, the Russian White Guard and all other antisocial forces succeed in bring about an attack on the

Soviet Union, they will be met by the power of an organized working class, by the blows of the Workers' Red Army, whose strength has no parallel in the world. But friends of the Soviet Union, in the U.S. as elsewhere, must not permit the plotters to carry their schemes to a bloody conclusion. Certain as the Soviet workers are of being able to defeat their imperialist enemies, they want no war with any nation. They do not want "an inch of foreign soil", nor conquests of backward states for exploitation. They want peace to build Socialism in the Soviet Union. Every true friend of the Soviet workers and farmers, every honest, intellectual and professional. every workers' and farmers' organization in the U.S., and in the world, must redouble their efforts, especially at this time, to counteract the campaign of the Soviet enemies, to rally to the defense of the Soviet Union.

To Spread the Truth and Combat Falsehood

The Friends of the Soviet Union is a non-party, non-sectarian organization of people in countries other than the Soviet Union, who believe that the workers of the Soviet Union should have the right to develop their country and its socialist institutions without interference by the capitalist world.

The functions of the Friends of the Soviet Union are

TO SPREAD THE TRUTH ABOUT THE SOVIET UNION.

TO EXPOSE THE SLANDEROUS LIES OF WHITE-GUARDS
AND OTHER ENEMIES OF THE SOVIET WORKERS.

TO SUPPORT THE SOVIET POLICY OF PEACE BETWEEN
ALL PEOPLES, and

TO COMBAT WAR AND FASCISM.

We need the help of every bonest person in this campaign. We urge you to JOIN the F. S. U., either as an active participant in this work, or as an Associate Member. Associate membership costs \$1.50 a year and includes a subscription to "SOVIET RUSSIA TODAY."

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