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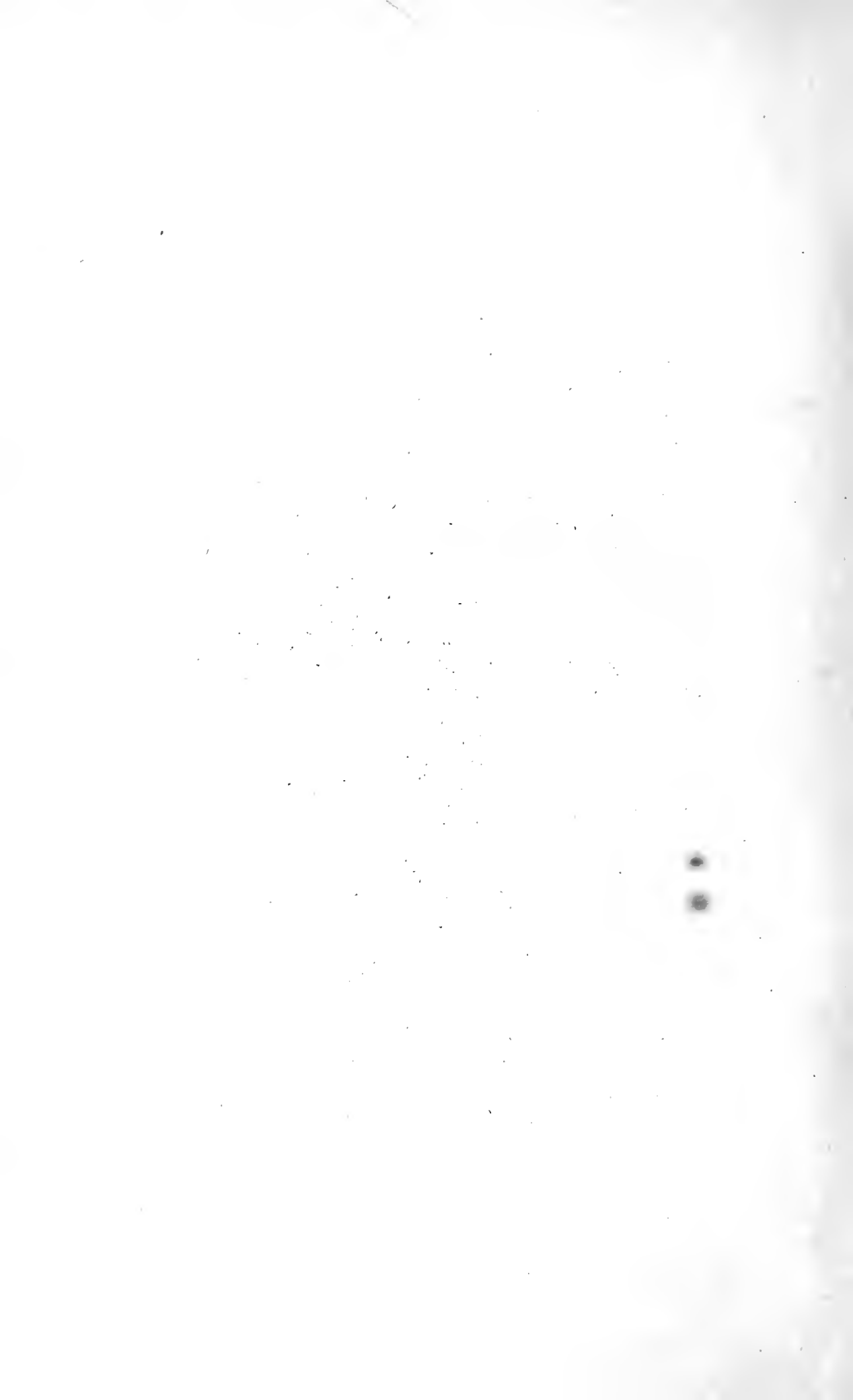
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AN ACCOUNT
OF THE
CONTROVERSY
BETWEEN
REGINALD LORD GREY OF RUTHYN
AND
SIR EDWARD HASTINGS,
IN
The Court of Chivalry,
IN THE REIGN OF KING HENRY III.



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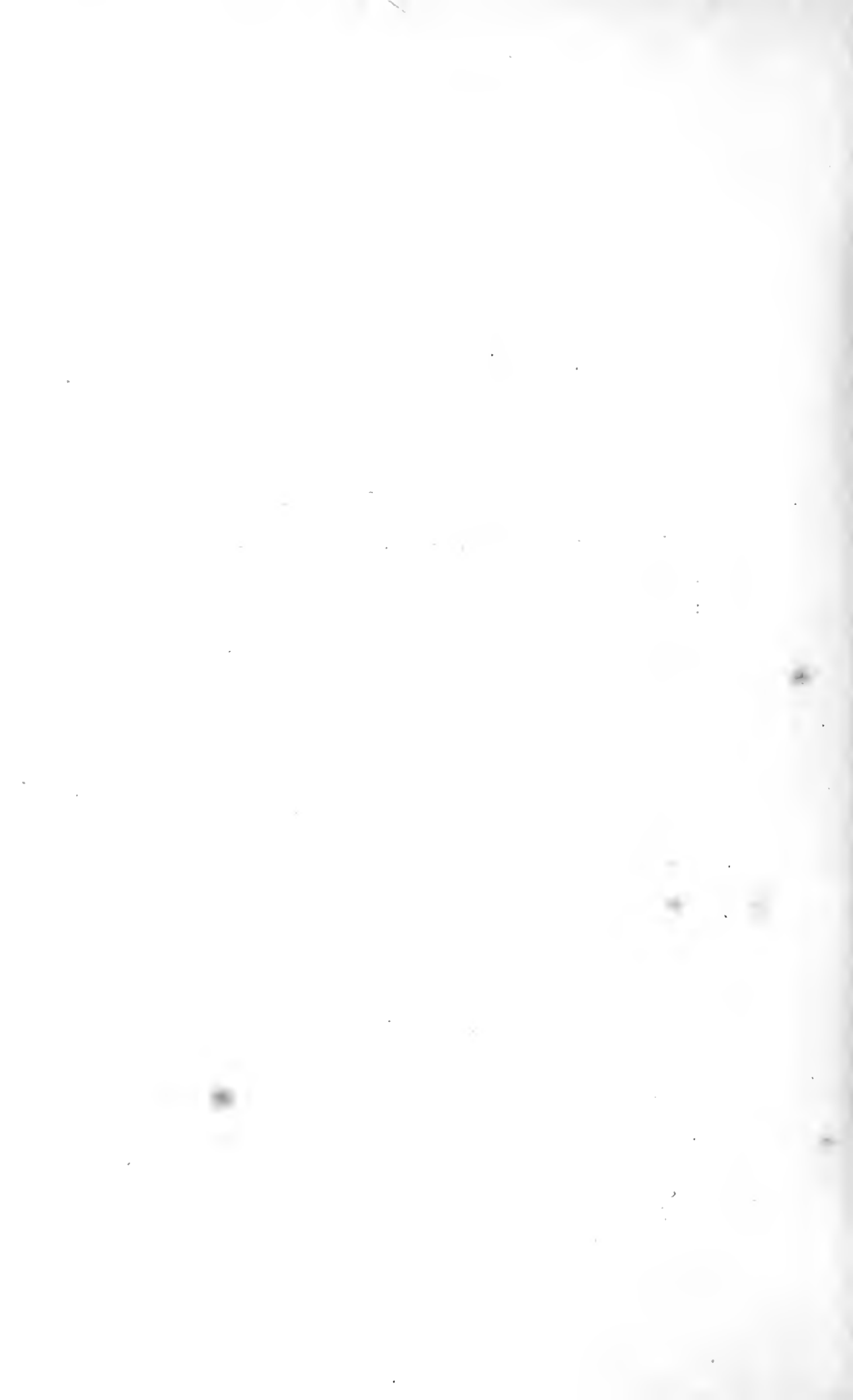
1841

The following sheets are printed at the expense of
the Right Hon. JACOB BARON HASTINGS, for private dis-
tribution only.

CHAS. GEO. YOUNG,
York Herald.

College of Arms,
30th October, 1841.

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THE following Proceedings in the celebrated contest between Reginald Lord Grey of Ruthyn and Sir Edward Hastings, respecting the right to bear the Arms of HASTINGS, which arose after the death of John, sixth Lord Hastings and third Earl of Pembroke, are printed from a Manuscript in the hand-writing of Robert Glover, Somerset Herald, and now remaining in the library of the College of Arms.¹ Glover appears to have transcribed these Proceedings from an ancient register, in the possession of Henry Earl of Kent in the years 1582 and 1583. The Earl of Kent was the lineal descendant and heir of Reginald Lord Grey of Ruthyn, the Plaintiff in the suit, and died in 1615.

The Harleian MS. N^o. 1178, contains a transcript of Glover's MS. made in the year 1614.

The Proceedings seem to be an Exemplification of the Process in the Court of Chivalry, certified under the seal

¹ Philpot, P. c. N^o. 1. formerly marked and referred to as N^o. I. 5. Glover.

A MS. formerly in the possession of Peter Le Neve, Esq., Norroy, appears to contain a more detailed and ample account of the evidence adduced, together with the Interrogatories put to the witnesses, a transcript of which is in the possession of Henry Lestrange Styleman Le Strange, of Hunstanton, Esq. one of the coheirs of Sir Edward Hastings.

The enrolment of the Process and Evidence in the Controversy between Sir Richard Scrope and Sir Robert Grosvenor, in 11 Ric. II., equally celebrated, and probably more interesting from the historical events of the reign of Edward the Third mentioned by the various deponents, has already been printed.

The form and manner of proceeding in the Court of the Constable and Marshal, or Court Military, touching the use and bearing of Arms, collected from records, will be found in the second volume of a Collection of Curious Discourses by eminent Antiquaries, generally known as Hearne's Curious Discourses; 2nd ed. 2 vols. 8vo. 1773, p. 243.

of Prince John, son of King Henry the Fourth, then Constable of England, afterwards created Duke of Bedford, and so well known as the Regent of France, before whom, assisted by Ralph Neville, Earl of Westmorland, Marshal of England, and their respective officers, the cause was heard, by virtue of a Commission issued in the ninth year of the reign of King Henry the Fourth.

The Plaintiff contended for the right to bear the Arms of HASTINGS, as heir-general of John Earl of Pembroke and Baron Hastings, (the last person seised of the Lordship, Lands and Arms of Hastings,) being descended from Elizabeth, sister of the *whole blood* of John, third Lord Hastings. The Defendant asserted and maintained his right to the Arms as *heir male*, he being the great-grandson of Sir Hugh Hastings, brother of the *half blood* of the said John, third Lord Hastings. In the progress of the suit other incidental questions arose; such as, whether livery of Lands could transfer the right of bearing the Arms; whether a label of three points was the proper difference for the next heir of a family; and, whether the possession of the honours by the elder brother gave those honours to his sister of the *whole blood*, in preference to the right heirs of his younger brother of the *half blood*.

The decision of the Court was pronounced in the 11th of Henry the Fourth, against Sir Edward Hastings, who was condemned in costs; but from that judgment he entered an appeal, which was never heard.

Sir Edward Hastings denied the justice of the decision, and, notwithstanding he was confined in prison for the payment of the heavy costs in which he was condemned, invoked "God's curse and his own" on all his heirs that would not sue the right after him.

As, however, it is not intended here to discuss the several questions incidentally introduced, or to enter into an examination of the evidence, the following brief but

interesting statement respecting this contest, taken from the Case of Sir Jacob Astley, drawn by Sir Harris Nicolas, and printed for the House of Lords, will be a sufficient introduction to the official detail of the Proceedings in the Court of Chivalry.

After the death of John, sixth Lord Hastings and third Earl of Pembroke, in 1389, a Controversy arose between Reginald Lord Grey of Ruthyn, the heir of the *whole blood* of the said Earl, and Sir Edward Hastings, the collateral heir male, respecting the right to bear the Arms of Hastings, without a mark of Difference or Abatement.

Though merely called "a Plea of Arms,"² it would appear that the *Honours*³ as well as the *Arms* of the Family were involved in the question, it being then considered that Dignities, like Lands, descended upon the heir of the *whole blood* of the person last seised, instead of upon the heir of the person first created. Reginald Lord Grey, who asserted that "the Arms, Inheritance, and Name of

² On the Rolls of Parliament, (vol. III. p. 480,) there is a Petition of Reginald Lord Grey of Ruthyn in 2 Hen. IV. 1400-1, stating that he had a suit before the Constable and Marshal of England, between him and Sir Edward de Hastings, Knight, for the Arms of the said Reginald, which suit had been delayed because the said Edward being within age, and in the King's Wardship, had not had a Curator assigned to him for the said suit: Lord Grey therefore prayed that a Curator might be appointed for Sir Edward Hastings, notwithstanding his minority.

³ At the Coronation of King Henry the Fourth, Reginald Lord Grey of Ruthyn claimed to carry the Great Spurs before the King, as John de Hastings Earl of Pembroke, and his ancestors, whose heir he is, had done; which was allowed. Sir Edward Hastings was then a minor; but, at the Coronation of King Henry the Fifth, when Lord Grey, by the Titles of "S^r de Hastings, de Weishford, et de Ruthin," petitioned to bear the Second Sword, as cousin and heir of John de Hastings Earl of Pembroke, and recited his descent, and also to carry the Great Spurs, Sir Edward Hastings, by the style of "*Edward Sire de Hastings, Chevalier, cosin et heire universele et heire male*" of John Earl of Pembroke, also claimed to bear the Second Sword and Great Spurs, and recited his pedigree.—Harleian MSS. 310, f. 36-39, where the authority referred to is "Ex Bundello Clamiorum de anno primo Henrici Quinti."

Lord Hastings" belonged to him, assumed that Title,⁴ and it was always borne by his descendants, the Lords Grey de Ruthyn and Earls of Kent, until 1640, when Charles Longueville, Esq. the heir-general of the Plaintiff, Lord Grey of Ruthyn, (and cousin and next heir of Henry Earl of Kent,) claimed the dignities of Lord Hastings and Ruthyn. The House of Lords, after hearing Counsel, referred the question to the Judges, who reported their opinion, that there could not be a *possessio fratris* in a dignity, and the House, conceiving the Claimant's Petition to be defective, ordered, that he should have leave to amend it, by inserting the title of Lord Grey, which was in effect rejecting the claim to the Barony of *Hastings*; and, accordingly, the Petition having been amended, by confining the claim to that of Grey of Ruthyn, the House resolved, that the Claimant should be admitted to the title and dignity of Lord de Grey.⁵

Sir Edward Hastings, however, also assumed the Title of "Lord Hastings," and never relinquished it.⁶ On the 9th of May, 11 Hen. IV. 1410, the Controversy was decided in favour of Lord Grey de Ruthyn; but Sir Edward Hastings immediately appealed against the judgment;⁷ and on the accession of King Henry the Fifth several Commissions were issued for hearing the Appeal.⁸ The Pro-

⁴ In 1425 he styled himself "Reginald de Grey, *Lord Hastynge*, Weyford, and of Ruthyn," in a Petition in Parliament stating that he was entitled to Precedency of John Lord Talbot.—(Rot. Parl. vol. IV. p. 312.) His grandson Edmund Lord Grey of Ruthyn was created Earl of Kent in 1465, and was described in the Patent as "Consanguineus noster Edmundus Baro et Dominus de *Hastynge*, Waisford, et de Ruthyn."

⁵ Lords' Journals, 27 Nov.; 14, 15, 29, 30 Dec.; 5 Jan.; 1, 4, and 5 Feb. 1640; and Collins's Proceedings and Precedents, &c. on Claims and Controversies concerning Baronies by Writ, &c. 1734, pp. 254—257.

⁶ See pp. xiii. xiv.

⁷ Several original Documents on the subject are preserved among the muniments of H. L. Styleman Le Strange, Esq.

⁸ See pp. 32 and 33.

ceedings were interrupted by the absence of one of the Commissioners, and afterwards by the expedition to France in 1415, Sir Edward Hastings having been retained to serve in the retinue of the Earl of Dorset, by Indentures dated in May 1415, under the designation of "Edward Seigneur de Hastings et de Stuteville."⁹ In 1417 the Appeal was resumed, but (as would appear from a petition of Sir Edward Hastings to the King, about 1421) before judgment was given he was arrested by Lord Grey for the sum of £987, the costs of the original suit, and was thrown into the Marshalsea.¹⁰

Fearing that the payment of those costs would be deemed an acknowledgment of Lord Grey's right to the Honours and Arms of his family, Sir Edward Hastings continued a prisoner for twenty-six years, part of which time he was, he says in some pathetic documents on the subject,¹¹ "boundyn in fetters of iron liker a thief or a "traitor than like a gentleman of birth." Imprisonment and chains, the destruction of his own health, and the death of his wife and children,¹² could not shake his firmness. He steadily refused Lord Grey's offer to release him from the debt, if he would admit his superior right to the objects in dispute. The only compromise to which he could be induced to consent, was a marriage, either in his own person, or in that of one of his children, with one of those of his adversary; and in case his eldest son, John Hastings, should marry one of Lord Grey's daughters, he said he would relinquish to him and the heirs of that marriage "the Name, Right, Inheritance, and Arms," &c. which he claimed as heir of John last Earl of Pembroke,

⁹ The Original Indentures are in the possession of H. L. Styleman Le Strange, Esq. Sir Edward Hastings assumed the title of "Stuteville," from being the heir of one branch of the ancient baronial family of that name, through his great-grandmother Margery Foliot.

¹⁰ See pp. x. xi. xii. xiii.

¹¹ See pp. xiii. xiv.

¹² See p. xiii.

“ for I doubt not,” he says, “ to shew the possession, right, and claim of my father, my brother Hugh, and to me descended as well by right and possession of Arms, as it is to shew by *diem clausit extremum* for two parts after the decease of John Hastings last Earl of Pembroke, as for the third part to me after the decease of the last Countess of Pembroke, which Descent, Right, Claim, and Inheritance, God’s curse and mine have all mine heirs that will not sue the right after me, and upon these points I will life ;” adding, “ for plainly I will never renounce my right without that my son have a great parcel of my right, other than in semblable wise as I have proffered you.”¹³

The latest of those remarkable papers now extant was written about January 1433-4, when Sir Edward Hastings was still in prison, and in which, as before, he styled himself “ Edward Lord Hastings.”¹⁴ After 1434 nothing has been discovered respecting him, except his death in January 1437. His son, John Hastings, warned perhaps by his father’s unhappy fate, seems to have yielded to the usurpation of his rights by the Lords Grey of Ruthyn; and, in the reign of King Henry the Eighth, the representation of the House of Hastings fell among Coheirs.

The recent revival of the BARONY OF HASTINGS in the person of Sir Jacob Astley, Bart. as one of the coheirs of Sir Edward Hastings, the Defendant, and in his right as a coheir of Sir Henry Hastings summoned to Parliament in the 49th year of King Henry the Third, has given a new interest to this remarkable case. After a lapse of four centuries the dignity has been restored to one of the heirs of Sir Edward Hastings, who has successfully “ sued the right and inheritance after him.”

¹³ See p. xi.

¹⁴ That document contains many facts corroborative of his descent from the Lords Hastings, and is in itself of much interest. See pp. xiv. xv.

COPIES OF PAPERS WRITTEN BY SIR EDWARD HASTINGS, RESPECTING HIS CONTROVERSY WITH REGINALD LORD GREY OF RUTHYN, THE ORIGINALS OF WHICH ARE IN THE POSSESSION OF HENRY LESTRANGE STYLEMAN LE STRANGE, ESQ.

[*Apparently written about 1420.*]

“ Be hit remembrid to Thomas Barton Squier where þ^t sum s̄v^{ant} of S^r Reynoldys Grey lord of Rethyn enformyd hym þ^t if I wolde submytte me to þ^e forseide S^r Reynoldis grace he wolde forzeve me my condempnaçon and late me go fre, as touchyng to þ^t I thank god and Grey þ^t hym like to do so But I wote wel god shal sende Grey suche steryng þ^t he shal be thenke hym self what joie is in hevене and what peyne is in helle and whether he holt me in þ^{erson} rightwisly or wrongfully, and but if he amende hym betymes to me I pray god be our jugis whenne oure soules ar deþtid fro þ^e bodies. For he knowith wel I nowe in hys conscience and shal knowe at a day when hys body and soule shal deþte whethir lordship maintenaunce richesse and power holt me in þ^{erson} or ellis conscience lawe right and reson And also how longe he hath holde me in hard þ^{erson} by iij zere and moche mo^{re} by whiche desese in þ^{erson} I have caught my deth and my wiff dede and many of my childryn and sum of my s̄v^{ant} þ^t by goddis grace myght have levid and fard wel ne had hys holdyng of me in þ^{erson} be many a creatoure supposyng mo than myself, and if he do right wisly to me hit may happyn his eyres to do wel for hym and rejoise hit And ellis hit may happyn theym to go þ^{frō} and for to thenke lital upon hym when hys soule and my soule shul abide þ^e rightwisnesse and jugement of God and alle worldly godis and vanytees shul be thenne passid, But if hit wolde like hym þ^t I myght wete what þ^t he will do to me touchyng myn enheritaunce þ^t dissendid to me after S^r John de Hastyng^e erle of Penbroke ther of I wolde pray hym and also to remembre hym in what wyse he halt me in þ^{erson} and þ^t hit likid hym of his gentilnesse and knyghthode to remedie my deseses til oure liege lorde þ^e Kyng

come home, For when he is come hom he may make a gode ende
betwene us And hit lith in hys power to make a gode ende and
save boþ our worshepis And so I trust in god he shal."

In dorso.

"The remembraunce of Thomas Barton."

[*Apparently written about 1420.*]

"Syr John Grey wyth all youre conseit I undyrstonde that
ye wyll not acorde to mine trefy that I have offered or pfered
y thys tyme but wylfully me thynketh that ye departe
from resoñ And therefore zitte I wrytte to you praynge you and
req as ye wyll answere afore god at the dredfull day
of dome fore all youre awn pte and youre faders and I to be
excused seyd dredfull day of dome fore my parte
that ye refuse noght thys profere that I move now Fore be the
feyth that knyghthode I schall neþ make yow no mo
pfers fore maryage ne els. Fore ye desyre of me that I schuld
marye wyth that I schuld renūce all my ryght and
cleyme of name and armes of the Lordꝛ Hastyngꝛ wherto Syr John
Grey desyre y I schuld renūce to yow my ryght when ye
sey that I have no ryght, fore a s̄m of 1x. c. iiij. xx vii. li x ʒ j đ ob.
of an iuste conde by myn adʒsaryes youre own faders
fedemen syttyng as fore Juges yefe they satte by strenght and
powere of Cōmyssyoñ to condemp me I schall answere
therto byfore the Kyng and all the astates of thys londe by
avyce of counsell And if they satte on the as fore my juges
and condempned me wythout powere of Cōmyssyoñ I schall ans-
swere as a knyght therto And therefor kynges intresse
þserved and my sutes not letted I desyre as is affl wrytten.

"Thys be the poyntez of trefye desyred by Edward lord Hast-
yngꝛ of Syr Reynold Grey lord of Ruthyn

"Fyrste at the sutes of the seyd Edward be not letted. Also
he desyret to marye John Hastyngꝛ his sōne and hys eyre to a
doghter mulier and lawfully begetten of the ʒ Reynold Grey vnder
the condycyons that foloweth. Fyrste that the seyd Edward wyll
yefe and graunte in joynt'e to hys seyd sōne and hys wyfe and to

the eyres of theyre bodies begetten C m̄c of zerly lyvyng so that the remayndre of fee if they dye wyth oute eyre be twyخته heme be to the ryght eyres of the seyde Edward And I the seyde Edward schalt yefe gr̄unte and relese to hys seyde sōne and hys wyfe and to the heires of heme two begetten the name ryght inherytaunce and armes wyth all the ap'tenance dependentez and connexez that the seyde Edward cleymeth as cosyn and eyre to the Erles of Penbroke of the name of Hastynḡ fore I doute nocht to schew the possessyon ryght and cleyme of my fader my broder Hugh and to me descended as wele by ryght and pozecyon of armes as it is to schew by diem clausit extremū fore ij partez aftyr the decese of John Hastynḡ laste Erle of Penbroke as fore the threde pte to me aft̄ the decese of the laste countesse of Penbroke whiche decent ryght cleyme and inherytaunce Godes curse and myn have all myn eyres that wyll not sue the ryght aftyr me — and upon thyse poyntes I wyll lyfe a

“ And if it lyke you S^r John Grey and y^r faders counsell and youres to sette osyde all your cleyme and ryght out of trefy and my cleym my ryght in the same wyse oute of trefy save only the condycyons that folown I am not aferde in god and in ryght do zoure best and I myn — Thyse be the condycyons that yeve we acorde of maryage oonly . ye schull feythful . . and clerly dyscharge me of the seyde s̄m̄ and at ye schull trefly aquyte me the seyde Edward of all man^r charges and condemp in the whiche the seyde Edward is condempned in at the sute of S^r Reynold Grey in the Courte of Constable and Marschall and of all man^r accyons of fees and charges that longeth or pteyneth in eny man^r to eny Offycer of the seyde Courte of Counstable and Marschall and thereupon ye schall make the seyde Edward aquyetaunce of the seyde sōmes and aquyte hym frely of the seyde accyons demaunde of fees and of all the remeblant ye and youre eyres stonde at your aventure and we and oure eyres stonde at oure aventure and no mo aquyetaunce of nethyr ptye and frome thys tyme furth god be w^t you and us Fore pleynly I wyll ne^v renūce my ryght w^tout that my sōne have a grette pcell of my ryght other then in semtbleable wyse as I have pfered yow then ye to make me gen^lall aquyetaunce and I yow oone othyr.

“ I pray yow of an answer zee or nay tomorow at the ferreste fore thys ma^r may noue by answered wythout delay or excusacyon

. beth the poyntes of the fourthe trefy desired by Edward Lord Hastyng℄ of Syr Reynold Grey lord of Rythen Fyrste that the sutes of the seyde Edward letted & the kyng℄ intres p̄served all so the seyde Edward desireth to marye John Hastyng℄ hys sonne & hys eyer to a doughter mulier & lawfully begetten he seyde Sr Reynold Grey under the condicions that foloweth Fyrst that the seyde Edward wyll zeve & graunte in joyntur to hys seyde sonne wyff & the eyers of ther bodyes begetyn C m̄rc of zerly lyvyng so that the remayndre of fee yf they dye without eyers betwyxte hem to the right eyers of the seyde Edward And I the seyde Edward schall zeve graunte & relese to my seyde sonne & hys wyff and the eyers of hem two bygotyn the name right inheritance and armes with all ther app'tenance dependancez & connexis that the seyde Edward cleymeth as cosyn and eyer to the Erles of Penbroke of the name of Hastyng℄ And yf it lyke zou Sr John Grey and zour Faders is counsell and zours to sette osyde all zoꝝ cleyme & right out of trefy And my cleyme and my right in the same wyse out of trefy þan muste ze stonde to zour aventur & I to myn save onely ze muste feythfully & clerely dyscharge me of the som of condempnacion the whiche zoꝝ Fader cleymeth in the courte of Constable & Marcheſſ' and of all man's accions feys & charges þ' longeth or pertenech in any man's to any offiç of the seyde Court of Constable & Marchall And þ' e upon ze schall make ther seyde Edward a gen'all aquytance upon the seyde ma's accions demandez or feys And in this seyde wyse the seyde Edward to go quyte onely for the mariage of hys sonne.

. . the fyrste
desir of trefy.

“ Cosyn Sr John Grey I am sertefied from zou that ze desire to have of me money or els londe for zour money And else ze wold do me mor durésse þan ze have don For añ I dye zoꝝ advantage were but litell trewly as to the seyde ma's I am not awysed to trefe w' zou but I quiethe my soule to god and the body schall suffr tormentyng as it hath don before tyme Neç the les yf þ' be any oþ' good wey of mene & trefy þ' zou liketh to let me knowe zoꝝ entente for zour worshipp & ese & myn all so my sutes not letted so that ze have suffisant auctorite with zou redy in hand & not to send for zoꝝ auctorite when moste nede wer I wyll then intrete with zou & zour counsell for the best intende to a finall

ende for þ^r schall be none defaute fraude ne frevyll delay ne dysseyte fōnde in me the kyng is intres þ^rservyd & hys gracious lycence my right & worshipp savyd all weyes And as reson wyll zo^r pleasaunce servyd by a wyse of kyn & conseitt."

[*Written about 1421.*]

" Sir Reynald Grey lord of Rethyn be thenkith zowe howe ye hav kept me Edward Lord Hastynges in prison ny thre yere and an half thurgh which distresse in prison my body and my lemys ar aperted and I brought in til langweryn sickenesse that I am nevyr like to be heile But evir more to endure in febilnesse til god departe my soule fro my body And also in the long distresse of prisonement my wife is dede my childryn and my servauntz that be goddis grace myght have levid and fard wel ne had my desese and duresse of prison be, and ther to my wordly levying is be nome me as hit may be for the time I thanke god of my febilnesse and my povert And therefore on goddis be halve be thenkith zowe whate joye is in hevyn and what peyne is in helle and whethir ze holde me in prison by lordship mayntenaunce richesse or power or by gode concience lawe right or reson And therfor I pray zowe sende me substancial worde what and howe ze wil . . ordeyne þ^rfer to me touchyng myn armes and myn enberitaunce which of right is discendid unto me aftir the desese of Sir John Hastyng^e Erle of Penbroke and wher to I shal triste and whethir ze will lete me dye in prison or none or what remedye zowe liketh to ordeyne for my duresse in prison For my tyme is shorte of life I suppose and to dye in prison I am like so as I ly boundyn in feteris of ilyn in þ^r Marschy and I trist to God for myn heires I have ordeyneved when that evir I dye And zif ze do wel and rightwisly I pray god thanke zowe and zif ze do otherwise I pray God and I dye that he be oure rightwys Juge whan bothe oure soules are deytid fro oure bodyes And also zif ze do knyghtly and gentilly to me I shal thanke zowe and quyte zowe to my power, and zif ze do otherwise I shal seke grace to god and to my liege lorde kyng Harry so that I hope I shal be delivered with right wisnes & worshipp And I am informyd by Thomas Barton Marchal of þ^r

Sic.

Marchesy þ^t zif I wolde sue zoure grace ze wolde forzeve me my condempnacion And of that gode wil I thanke zowe But I am sekir ze will of concience se more to my right by the Kynges licence for myn apele to me savid for hit were a smale reward to me to abide thus longe in grete duresse of prison I liyng peyned in p^rson of þ^e Marchesye liker a thef or a traitour than lik a Gentilman of berthe And therefore gode sir in zoure wordly joye thinkith on my wordly penaunce for hit lithe right wel in oure kynges power to make a worshipful ende bytwene us and a rightful and ther of I pray God.”

“ To all the worschypfull astates & degrees of the worschypfull gude and gracyouse lordes wyth all othyr kynne alyaunce freendes councells and wele wyllynge to me or to my sonne John Hastynges I Edward Lord Hastyng^e lowlych beseche yow and pray yow that ye wyll vouchesave to consydere the longe durable and contynuel enþsonment that the seyde Edward hath suffered unð the gude and gracyouse lord Duc of Norff^e that god assoyle and unð his assignes and deputees hys kepars of the þ^rson of the m^rschalcyce of the kyng^e household atte the instaunce and sute of Sir Reynold Grey lord of Ruthyn wyth all hys adherentes and complees fro the moneth of May the zere of oure lord god Jhu Cryste M^cccc and xvij into thys moneth of Januar the zere of oure lord M^cccc and xxxij in grette duresse be dy^rs tymes And also that it lyke yow to consydere how that the worschypfull lord Erle of Huntingtoñ came to the seyde Edward counselynge h^y to make an end wyth the seyde s^r Reynold And the seyde Edward answered the worschypfull lord that he wold make an ende wyth gude wyll by way of maryage that John Hastynges hys soñe schuld wedde a doghter lawfully begetten of the seyde S^r Reynold and the seyde Edward wold gyfe heme tweyne in maryage xl. ði zerly to theyme and to the eyres of theyre bodyes begetten, and zif they dyed w^outyn eyres of theyre bodyes begetten then turne agayne to the eyres of the seyde Edward and zitte more Joynt^e zife they wold entrete hym in gentyll and fayre man^r And therto he wold graunte and relese to John hys sone by avyse of Councill al the ryght

cleyme inherytaunce portacyon of armes sygnees bagees devyces
 scriptures of wordes or resons that the seyde Edward hath or may
 have by the ryght cleyme or inheritaunce aftyr the decease of Hew
 Hastyng^e esquier brother to Edward cosyn and eyre to John
 Hastyng^e Erle of Pembroke as it scheweth and is knawn by byrth
 blode and pedegrees and othyr dyverse resons verōs knowlyche and
 preves as wele by enquerres takyn before dyverse eschetōs as by
 knowlychyng of the worthy Duchesse of Norff^e Grantdame to s^r
 John Hastyng^e Erle of Penbroke that was slayn at Wodstoke,
 what tyme that the seyde duchesse and the seyde Erle prayed Syr
 Hew Hastyng^e fader to Hew brother to Edward that he as nexte
 his cosyn and eyre to the seyde Erle wold do that worschyp to the
 Erle to bere hys armes hole in Banere of gold wyth a maunche
 of gules on all the worschupfull vyage that John Duc of Lancast^r
 kyng of Castyel and Lyons schuld make into Spayne and upon
 that prayer as nexte eyre the seyde s^r Hew dyed posseste in the
 seyde armes at Vyle hove in Spayne and then fell that the seyde
 S^r John Hastyng^e Erle of Penbroke dyed w^outyn ysshew and Hew
 Hastyng^e esquier occupied furth the possessyons of the armes
 aftyr hys fader s^r Hew and lyeth beryed at Calys: atte whose
 bereyng offerede the kyng of Englonde and the kyng of
 Fraunce, atte the maryage of Quene Isabell w^o al the astates of
 both reemes to record that wern in Calys at that tyme and zitte the
 same armes and hys cote w^o hys Baner arne at Calys o^o hys
 bones. And the worschypful Erle of Huntynghon answered to the
 . . . Edward as touchyng the maryage it was noth to speke of,
 bot if he wold relese to the seyde S^r Reynold and aythyr make
 aythyr aquyetaunce and the seyde Edward seyde nay, he wold make
 the seyde S^r Reynold none acquyetaunce bot lette hym and John
 Hastyng^e his sonne in law worthe and accorde for othyr trettee
 wold the seyde Edward noth make ner peny wold he ne^o none paye
 to dye therefore and the seyde Erle answered agayne and seyde
 pleynly he schuld dye therefore and so they departed on a Monday
 and aftyrward for affynytee that S^r John Grey sone to the seyde
 S^r Reynold hath wedded the worschypfull lady Countees M^oschall
 syst^r to the seyde Erle of Huntynghon and the seyde E[erle of] Hunt-
 yngton on the nexte Satyrday aftyr sodaynly comaunded the seyde
 Edward to be fettered and kepte in duresse of p^oison where that
 men for treß, felons, and condempned men goñ at large un^o surtee

and knyghthode ne byrth noth reŵensed and worschyped ne considered Wherefore that ze wyll considere the maters before seyde and of zoure hye dyscrecyon gudenesse ordeyn that he may fynde surtee that he schal . . . trew p'isoner tyll the tyme that God take hym by fayre deth in to hys grace so that he be noth myscheved ne maymed in armes now in hys age or els that God of hys grace fortune hym to lyfe and abyde the wele beyng welth and p'spytee of our soŵayne lege . . . that nowe is and that he be atte full power to do hym grace and to redresse the wronges don to hym and othyr wronges not to be remedied bot by y^e kyngis gr̄ce Thys the seyde Edward besecheth in the moste hoemle wyseoure soŵayne lege lord the kyng with spyrtyuel and tempaŵt and al othyr degrees and astates comyns and els that is unḁ the subjeccyon ofoure lege lord for helpe ryght and remedye in the worschyp of all myghty god andoure lady seynt Marye w^t all the seyntes of hevene and paradise and of all knyghthode and that byrth and blode be reŵencede frome othyr transgressours in law thys by way of a ryght and in wey of charytee."

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COLLECTANEA QUÆDAM

EX REGISTRO ANTIQUO

IN QUO PROCESSUS IN CAUSA ARMORUM CORAM CONSTABULARIO ET MARISCALLO ANGLIÆ IN MILITARI CURIA OLIM CONTROVERTEBATUR INTER REGINALDUM DOMINUM GREY DE RUTHYN ACTOREM ET EDWARDUM DE HASTINGS EQUITEM DEFENSOREM, OBITER TRANSCRIPTA ANNO GRATIÆ 1582.

NOTE.

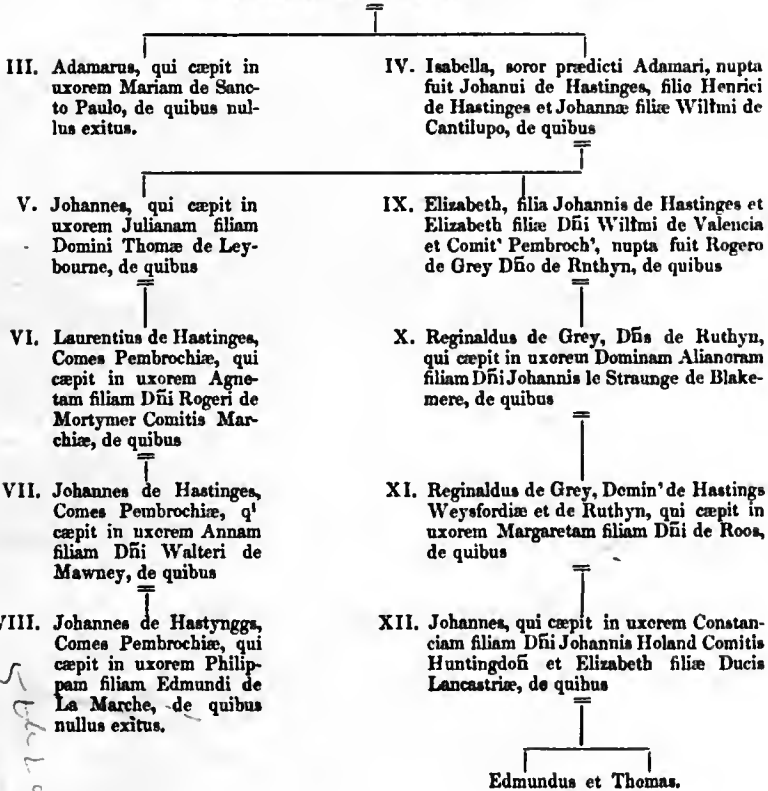
In the MS. the margins of the Pedigree printed on the opposite page are illustrated with the Armorial bearings hereunder described, viz.

- I. VALENCE, Barry Argent and Azure, an orle of martlets Gules.
- II. MONCHENSEY, Lozengy Or and Gules.*
- III. VALENCE, *impaling* ST. PAUL, viz. Gules, three pallets Vair, a chief Or.
- IV. HASTINGS, Or, a maunch Gules, *impaling* VALENCE.
- V. HASTINGS, *impaling* LEYBURNE, viz. Azure, six lions rampant, three, two, and one, Argent.
- VI. HASTINGS and VALENCE Quarterly, *impaling* MORTIMER, viz. Barry of six Azure and Or, an inesccheon Argent; on a chief of the second two pallets between as many gyrons of the first.
- VII. HASTINGS and VALENCE Quarterly, *impaling* MANNY, viz. Or, three chevrons Sable.
- VIII. HASTINGS and VALENCE Quarterly, *impaling* MORTIMER as before.
- IX. GREY DE RUTHYN, Barry of six Argent and Azure, in chief three torteauxes, *impaling* HASTINGS.
- X. GREY DE RUTHYN, *impaling* STRANGE, viz. Argent, two lions passant Gules.
- XI. HASTINGS and VALENCE Quarterly in the first and fourth quarters; GREY DE RUTHYN in the second and third, *impaling* ROOS, viz. Gules, three water-bougets Argent.
- XII. HASTINGS and VALENCE Quarterly in the first and fourth quarters, GREY DE RUTHYN in the second and third, *impaling* HOLLAND, viz. Gules, three lions passant guardant Or, within a hordure Azure, charged with fleurs de lis of the second.

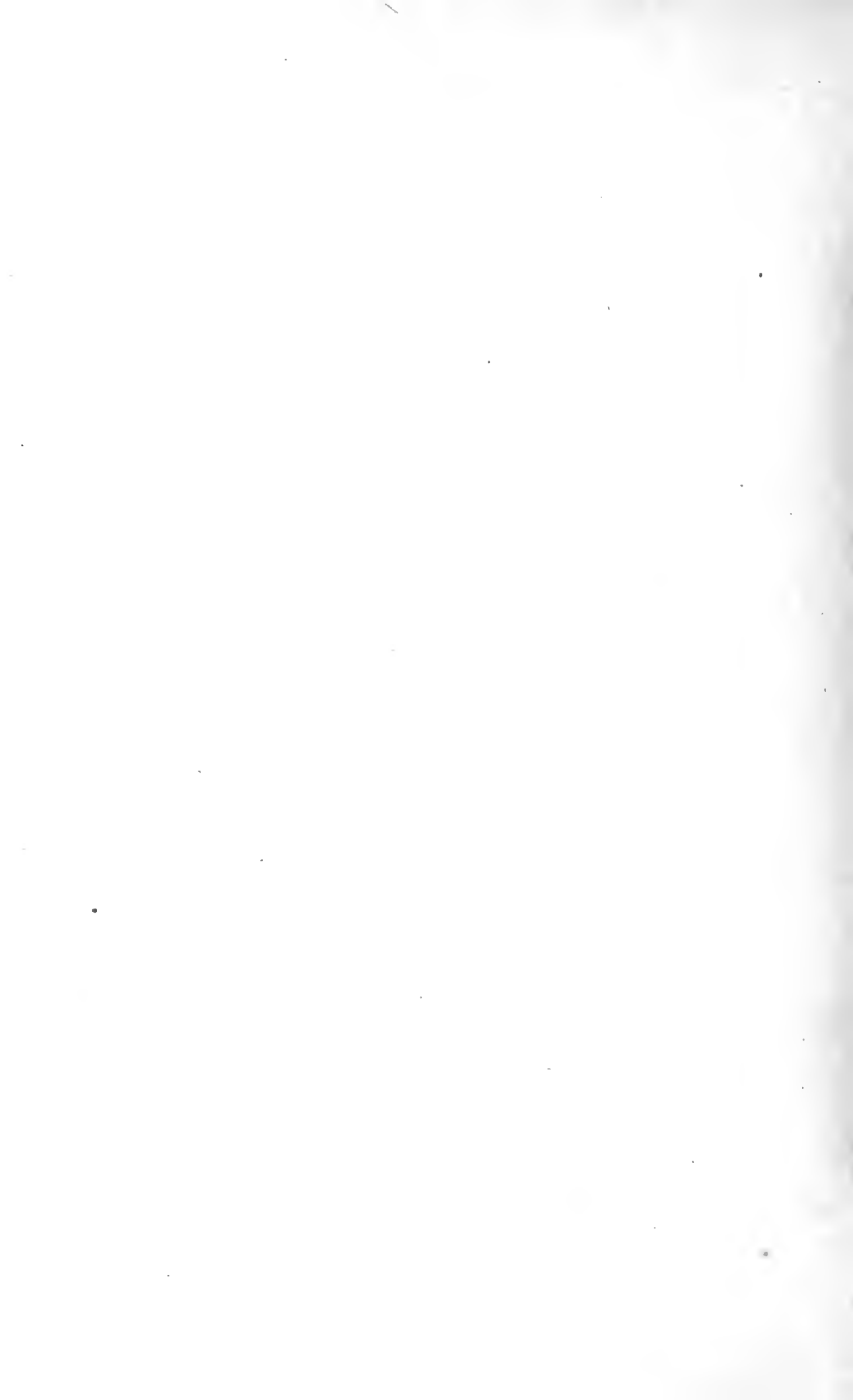
A RAGGED STAFF Sable, the badge of HASTINGS, is also introduced, *two* being placed at the top and *three* at the bottom of the page.

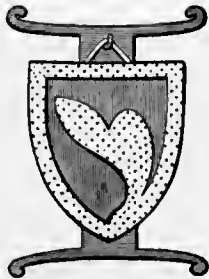
* The Coat usually attributed to Monchensey has been Or, three escucheons Barry Vair and Gules.

I. Willm's de Valencia, frater Regis Henrici tertii, et Joanna II.
 filia Warini de Mountchesel habuerūt exitū inter se Adamar'
 filium, et duas filias Isabellam et Joannam, de quibus



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OHAN filz et frere des Roys Duc de Bedford Count de Richemont et de Kendale & Conestable Dengleterre, a touz ceux qi ceste transcript transsumpt ou exemplification verront ou orront saluz et plein foy a ycestes doner. Savoir vous faceons q̄ al request de Reynald Grey Ch̄r le Sire de Hastings de Weysford et de Ruthyn, nous avons diligemment et loialment fait ensercher tout le processe deins escript fait pardevant nous et noz Lieutenantz en n̄re Court de Ch̄rie pentre le dit Reynald partie pleintive dune part, et Edward de Hastynges Ch̄r partie defendant dautre part, en quelle processe nous y avons trove en maniere qu'ensuit.

L'an de grace Mil cccc & vij^e & l'an du reigne n̄re tresredoute f̄r le Roy Henry quarte puis le Conquest oytisme le ix^e jour du moys de May Monf̄r Thomas Picworth fesoit overtement lire in jugement en la bl̄ac sale a Westm̄ la cōmission a luy fait par le treshaut et puissant Prince Johan fitz du Roy Conestable Dengleterre enseale desouz le seale de son office, dont la tenure est :

Johan filz du Roy Conestable Dengleterre & Gardein de Lest Marche devers Escoce a noz treschiers et bien aimez Johan Pelham et Thomas Pickworth Chivaliers & a l'un deux saluz. Savoir vous faceons q̄ nous confians en v̄re grande loiaute & sage discrecion vous avons cōmis & cōmittons & faceons noz Lieutenantz jointement et severalment, donantz & vous grantantz poair general et mandement especial a tenir n̄re lieu en n̄re Court de Ch̄rie a Westm̄ le novisme jour du mois du May prouchain venant, & a oyer proceder statuer, cōmisser et jugier en tous et chescuns causes de n̄re p̄fixion a moevoir mesme le jour en mesme la Court si bien al instance du partie cōme d'office du

Courte, et mesme la Court adjourner et continuer de jour en jour quant et tant de fois que bon vous semblera pour le bon exploit des causes pendantz en icelle ensemblement & touz autres choses faire exercer et mettre en execution qu'a noz Lieutenantz de ley et custume de mesme nre Court appartient en ce cas. Si mandons et cōmandons par vertue dicestes a touz yceux as queux il appartient qils soyent a vous & a l'un de vous entendantz & duement obeisantz en touz voz affaires touchantz les causes susdictes. En tesmonance de quelle chose a ycestes noz lres patentes a durer tant cōme a nous plerra avons fait mettre le seal de nre office. Que furent escriptz le seconde jour de May l'an du regne mon tresredoute fr et pier le Roy Henry puis le Conquest oytisme.

Après la lecture de quelle cōmission devant le dit Monfr Thomas Lieutenant de mon dit fr le Conestable sur la forme susdce & Monfr Oliver Maulever Lieutenant Monfr le Mareshall Dengleterre seantz judicialement en Court de Chevalrie en tant come a un & a lautre de eux appartient par vertue de lour office en la blanc sale a Westm avntdce le ix^e jour susdce compust psonellement Monfr Reynald fr de Grey fr de Waysford & de Ruthyn & a sa requeste le dit Mareshall certifia p pole a la Court qil ad garniz Monfr Edward de Hastings selon leffect & forme del mandement Monfr le Conestable a luy directe celle partie. Dont la tenure est tiel :

Johan filz du Roy Conestable Dengleterre & Gardein de Lest Marche devers Escoce, a nre treschier cousyn Monfr Rauf Sire de Neville Conte de Westm & Mareshall Dengleterre saluz. Nous vous mandons & chargeons que vous faces garnir & venir devant nous legalment a Westm le neoffisme jour de May proucheyn venant Monfr Edward Hastynges pour respondre a Monfr Reynald Sire de Grey & de Ruthyn de ce qil luy surmettra adonques en nre Court de Chevalrie par voie d'armes touchant l'user & porter a tort de ses armes a ce que le dit Sire de Grey dist & come il sera plus au pleyn declare a mesme le jour & en outre pour faire & recevoir ce que le ley & custume de nre dit Courte demandent ceste partie. Remandantz pardevers nous au dit jour ove iceste nre mandement toute ce que vous en avez fait. Donñ a Westm soubz le seal de nre office le prim^e jour de May l'an du regne mon tresredoute fr et pier le Roy Henry quart puiz le Conquest oytisme.

Après quel certification le dit Mon^{fr} Reynald de Grey ordeignast & constituast a les actes Robert Northlod Jo^{hn} Enderby & Johan Sturmystre ses ^{pcuro} joint & severalement selon tout force fourme & effect d'un instrument de procuracie du seal des armes du dit Mon^{fr} Reynald & signe desouz le signe & s^{ub}scrip^çon de Benedict ap David notoir public le quel instrument est demurant de^{vs} le Registre du Court sanz revocation de ses ^{pcuro} n^{omez} en mesme l'instrument, de quel instrument le tenure est tiel :

Universis pateat per p^{ntes} quod ego Reginaldus de Grey D^{ns} de Weyford et de Ruthyn ac hæres jure successionis hæreditarie recolendæ memoriæ Johannis de Hastings nuper Comitis Penbrochiæ ultimo defuncti, in omnibus causis quærelis litibus et negotiis in Curia armatæ miliciæ D^{no} Constabularii et Mareschalli Angliæ inter me Reginaldum partem prosequentem et actorem ex parte una, et honorabilem virum D^{nm} Edwardum de Hastynges militem partem defendentem et ream ex altera arma mea aut jus seu possessionem armo^{rum} meorum qualitercunq^{ue} concernentibus motis aut movendis, cum omnibus et singulis suis emergentibus incident' dependent' et connexis, dilectos mihi in X^{po} Johannem Hervy armigerum, Robertum Parys et Mag^{rm} Robertum Northlod clericum in d^{ca} Curia ^{pcurem} generalem meos veros et legitimos ordino facio et constituo procuratores negotio^{rum} gestores et nuncios speciales conjunctim et divisim, et quemlibet eorum per se et in solidum, ita quod non sit melior conditio occupantis, sed quod unus eo^{rum} inc^oeperit quilibet eorum ^psequi mediare valeat et finire. Dans et concedens eisdem procuratoribus meis conjunctim et divisim potestatem generalem, &c.

Et adonques apres le dit Robert Northlod c^{ome} ^{procu} et en nom procurative du dit Mon^{fr} Reynald ^{fr} du Ruthyn requeroit p parole le dit Mon^{fr} Edward Hastynges ^{psonelment} present illucques en Court de lesser a porter les armes du dit Mon^{fr} Reynald ^{fr} de Ruthyn, & quil ne destourbe mye le dit Mon^{fr} Reynald de pesiblement user & porter ses armes avaunt d'ites. Lequel request faicte, mesme le ^{procuro} myst avant en Court une bille ou libelle ove un escuchon attache a icelle encontre le dit Mon^{fr} Edward dont le tenure est tiel :

Pardevant vous treshonorables ^{fr} Conestable et Mareschal Dengleterre ou voz Lieutenantz en v^{re} hault Court de Chivalrie la partie de Mon^{fr} Reinald de Grey ^{fr} de Waysford & de Ruthyn

encontre f^r Edward de Hastynges Ch^r & chun autre pour luy
 judicialment devant vous comparant dit & en droit p^rpose, que le
 dit Mon^fr Reynald & ses auncestres & predecessours f^{rs} de Hast-
 ynges as queux il est naturel et droicturel heir ount usez & portez
 armez entiers le champ des queux est D'or ove un manche de
 goules en forme et man^e come ils sount peynte en un escuchon a
 ceste libelle annexe. Les queux armes du droict d'auncestrie &
 loyal succession de heritage a le dit Mon^fr Reynald sount venuz &
 descenduz en droicte lyne cōme armes seulement propres del
 noum & lynage de f^{rs} de Hastings desqueux f^{rs} de Hastings
 ascuns furent Countes de Pembrok. Et les queux armes les f^{rs} de
 Hastings auncestres & predecessours dudit Mon^fr Reynald as
 queux il est droiturel heir ount usez et portez en lour cotes
 d'armes en baners & peñonz o^vtement pesiblement seulement et
 entierment et furent en juste et pesible possession dicelez de droict
 et custume resonable loalment prescript. Et p x. xx. xxx. xl. l.
 lx. ans & devant & depuis, & par mesme le temps & par temps
 dont memoire de home nest del contraire en diverses realmes &
 pays, cestassavoir en Engleterre en France en Espagne en Escoco
 en Gales et en autres di^vses realmez terres et lieux tant p dela
 le mere cōme pdeca, et par lour armes furent seulement et
 publiquement conuz tenuz & nōmez & reputez en royalz voiages &
 batailles & plusieurs journes et autres viages en plusieurs &
 diverses realmez & terres franchement & sans ascun chalange ou
 contradiction dascun devant le Conquest & depuis et par tout le
 temps susd^e. Les queux armes auxi a le dit Mon^fr Reignalde
 Grey comme naturel & droicturel heir de Johan de Hastings
 Counte de Pembrok q̄ darreyn morust par droict dauncestrie &
 droicturel successiō de heritage sount venuz et descenduz & a luy
 seulement & entierment ptenoit de droict eux aver user occuper et
 porter, & les mesmes armes le dit Mon^fr Reignalde ad pte use
 & occupie du temps quil avoit le dit heritage des f^{rs} de Hastynges
 & uncore porte use occupie o^vtement & entierment & fuist en
 pesible possession de porter user & occuper les ditz armes tanq̄ a
 le temps q̄ n^re tresso^vain & tresredoute f^r le Roy qorest lan de son
 regne premier fuist en son royal voiage en Escoco. Et auxi le dit
 Mon^fr Reignalde cōme naturel & droiturel heir a les f^{rs} de Hast-
 ynges & naturel & droicturel heir a Johan de Hastynges Counte de
 Pembroke q̄ darreyn mourust avoit leal li^ve selonc la ley & custume

Dangleterre de les terres a le Conte de Pembroke & f^r de Hastynges apptenantz & come le plus prouchein heir a les ditez Count & f^{rs} de Hastynges est en pesible possession. Les queux armes sont partie dependantz & annexez a le dit f^rie de Hastinges. Les queux armes le dit Mon^fr Edward Hastinges q̄ nul droit ou title ad a les dites armes & encountre droit & custume resonable & p̄script ad usurpe & eux desloyalment et injustement usast occupiast & portast en le voiage Descoce susd̄ce & autres lieux, non obstant q̄ le dit Mon^fr Edward ad souvent p la ptie du dit Mon^fr Reignald en le dit viage en Escoce & autres lieux duement este requis & garni de lesser les ditz armes & quil ne destourbe mye le dit Mon^fr Reynald de pesiblement user & porter ses avantdites armes & luy abstenir user occuper & porter les ditz armes le quel chose faire le dit Mon^fr Edward denia & recusa & uncore denie & recuse & les avantd̄ces armes uncore use occupie & porte encountre droit & custume susd̄ce a grande damage & perturbation du pesible possession & disberitement du dit Mon^fr Reignald. Et ausi sur les ma^{ts} avantd̄ces & q̄ les dictes fuissent forjugges a dit Mon^fr Edward & adjugges a dit Mon^fr Reignald, le mesme Mon^fr Reignald ad pursue judicialment contre le dit Mon^fr Edward devant n̄re f^r le Roy & ses Conestable & Mareschal Dengleterre & les mesmes armes chalenge de mesme Mon^fr Edward en jugement cōme poit apparier par record de v̄re hault Court en temps convenable. Le quel record le dit Mon^fr Reignald en q^{nt} a luy encountre le dit Mon^fr Edward puct availer, voet icy avoir pour expresse. Queux choses sont voires publiques notoires & famoses & sur eux & c̄h̄un laboreront & uncore laborirūt publiq voiz & fame. Doūt foy faire quest requis en ceste partie solone loy droit & custume d'armes demande la partie du dit Mon^fr Reignald, que les d̄ces armes au dit Mon^fr Edward & ses soient forjugges a touz jours & a dit Mon^fr Reignold & ses heirs ajugges & perpetuel silence en ceste partie au dit Mon^fr Edward de user occuper & porter les ditz armes ou ascuns autres choses a les mesmes armes app^tenaūtz ou annexez cōme ses ditez auncestres & predecessours & il les possideant av^{nt} les d̄ces pturbation & molestation du dit Mon^fr Edward soit mys & cōmande par v̄re jugement & sentence diffinitif. Et demande la partie du dit Mon^fr Reignald q̄ le dit Mon^fr Edward soit condempne en les costages damages & expenses du dit Mon^fr Reignald en ceste partie faitez, &c.

En nom de Dieu, amen. En une prétense cause d'armes q̄ pardevant vous treshonorable S^{rs} Conestable & Mareschal Dengleterre ou voz Lientenantz en Court de Chivalrie est moeve enter Mon^{fr} Reignald de Grey f^r de Ruthyn partie actour soy pretendant d'une partie & moy Edward f^r de Hastings Chr^r partie defendant dauter partie en le terme a moy Edward assigne au faire contestacion du plee en la d^{ce} cause pretense die & allegge ieo f^r de Hastynges en les meliours man^{re} voie & fourme q̄ix ie puisse a tout l'effect de droict q̄ de ce pourra estre enfourme ou en droit p^rpose que ieo le dit Edward f^r de Hastyngs & mes auncestres & predecessours f^{rs} de Hastynges & autres mes auncestres asqueux ieo suy naturel droituel & le plus procheyn en degre & lyne de loyal succession de heritage & nomement as armes en le bille ou libelle du dit Mon^{fr} Reignald de Grey specifiez & annexe avons uses & portez lez ditz armez entiers, le champ des queux est d'or ove une manche de goules. Les queux armes de droit d'auncestrie & loiale succession de heritage a moy Edward f^r de Hastynges en man^{re} et fourme de degre & lyne & succession avantditz sount venuz & descendus cōme armes seulement propres del nom & linage des f^{rs} de Hastings, des queux f^{rs} de Hastings aucuns furont Countz de Pembroc. Et les queux armes, les f^{rs} de Hastynges auncestres & predecessours a moy, Edward, as queux ie suy naturel droituel loial & le plus proschein heir en degre & en lyne de loyal succession de heritage & nomement as armes avantditez & especialment par nom de Hastynges & heir masle. Et autres mes auncestres & predecessours as queux ie suy heir come desus est dit, come appartient as procheins heirs des dites f^{rs} de Hastynges & Countez de Pembroc, ount portez les ditz armes en p^sence du dit Reynald de Grey & de plusours de ses auncestres de Greys, et ount este tenuz & reputez & acceptez come procheins heirs as ditz f^{rs} de Hastynges et Countz de Pembroc en portant les ditz armes en royals viages royalmes & autres lieux honorable sanz contradiction ou interrupcion des ascuns des Greys susdits, mais a ce furent pesiblement & expressement consentantz. Et ount usez & portez en lour cotes d'armes baners & penons overtement, &c. Et les queux armes a moy Edward f^r de Hastynges come naturel droituel loial & le plus proschein heir as dites armes ove lour enseignes appendantz app^rtenantz & connexez & especialment & par nom de Hastynges & heir masle a Johan de Hastings

Count de Pembroc que darrein mourust, & auxi a Mon^{fr} Hugh de Hastings mon pere qui Dieu assoille & de Hugh de Hastynges mon frere queux moreront en pesible possession des dites armes par droit dauncestrie droiturelle & loyal succession de heritage, &c. Et ausi tanq̄ a la li^{ve} selon la ley et custume Dengleterre preten^f au dit Mon^{fr} Reignald de Grey ou aucun autre fait de les terres du Counte du Pembroc & ^{fr} de Hastynges appurtenantz, Je Edward ^{fr} de Hastynges avantdit die que si aucune tiele livre feust faite come en son bille ou libelle est p^{pose}, il fust fait disloialment & erroneusement moy esteant notoirement deins age, et ma cause & droit nyent defenduz, issint que la livere en man^{re} avantdit come est suppose fait, mes droit & possession desus declarez ou specifiez q^{nt} a les armes avantdites. Les queux armes a la d^{ce} livere nappendent ne appender purrout, ne doit ne poet estre prejudiciele, mes les dites armes a moy Edward ^{fr} de Hastynges avantdit come le plus prochein heir si come desus est declare, lavantdite li^{ve} des terres nonobstant, par droit dauncestrie & loyal succession, que par nom de Hastynges & heire masle sount appropriez & app^{tenantez}, &c.

Au quelle libelle & addition & touz les matiers contenuz en icelles soy referre la partie du dit Mon^{fr} Reignald, &c. A ceo dit la partie du dit Mon^{fr} Reignald de Grey ^{fr} de Ruthyn & de Hastynges, que si le dit Mon^{fr} Edward descendist des ^{fr} de Hastynges ses auncestrs p^{ten^f} p nom de Hastynges et par heire masle, come est en la d^{ce} ma^{re} justificatorie p le dit partie du dit Mon^{fr} Edward deduit & pretenduz, le quele le dit Mon^{fr} Reignald ^{fr} de Ruthyn & de Hastynges outrement denye: nientmoyns selonc droit & les leys auncyens resonables et cōmendables custumes & usages del royalme Dengleterre gen^{ralment} & nomement en cest Court de Chivalrie tenuz gardez et observez lavantdist Mon^{fr} Reignald est tout seulement et entierment droiturel loyal & plus prouchein here a Jo^{hn} de Hastynges Count de Penebroc qui darrain morust, & nomement pour porter les ditz armes come ^{fr} dicelles ove lour enseignes appendauntez appourtenantes & connexez des quelles est fait mention sibien en le libelle par le dit partie du dit Mon^{fr} Edward p^{posez} come plus au pleyⁿ appiert par la lyne ou lynes de loyal succession de gre en gre & de personne a personne en ceste partie & loyal matrimoyne engendres en man^{re} quensuyt: cestassavoir. Que Mon^{fr} Wi^{llm} de Valence frere au

Roy Henry le tierce apres le Conquest Dengleterre engendra de son corps Mon^{fr} Aymer de Valence & deux filles Isabell & Johane. Apres le deces du quoy Willm son heritage descendist au dit Mon^{fr} Aymer son filz, le quel mourust sans heir de son corps issint q̄ sa heritage descendist a ses deux soers avantdites. Et apres la d̄ce Isabelle soer au dit Mon^{fr} Aymer fuist marie a Mon^{fr} Johan ^{fr} de Hastings : lequel Johan ^{fr} de Hastings engendra en la d̄ce Isabelle Johan son filz & Elizabeth sa fille solement. Et apres la mort du dit Mon^{fr} Johan pier sa heritage descendist au dit Johan son filz frere du pier & mier au dit Elizabeth. Et en apres le mesme Johan frere au dit Elizabeth come dit est engendra Laurence de Hastynges iadis Counte de Penbroc. Laurence engendra Johan de Hastynges Count de Penbroc qui fuist pris en la mer. Et le dit Johan engendra Johan de Hastynges & Counte de Penbroc qui darrein morust a Wodestok. Lequel Johan morust sanz heir de son corps engendre. Issint que le dit heritage retourne & resorte as heirs du dicte Elizabeth soule & entier soer du dit Johan pier au dit Laurence. Laquelle Elizabeth fust marie al Mon^{fr} Roger de Grey, le quel engendra en elle Mon^{fr} Reignald de Grey pier a Mon^{fr} Reignald de Grey ^{fr} de Ruthyn & de Hastynges quore est partie demandant. Et ensy les armes susdictes selonc droit & les leyes custumes & usages Dengleterre avantditz apperteignent & de droit appteigner devont au dit Mon^{fr} Reignald soulement & entierment cōme ^{fr} dicelles & come just loyal droiturel & plus prochain heir au dit Johan de Hastynges qui darrein morust pour les causes susd̄ces par & selonc les quelles droit & leyes custumes & usages Dengleterre avantd̄ces les ditez armes appteignent & devient apptenir entierment & soulement au dit Mon^{fr} Reignald come a plus prochein heir au dit Johan de Hastynges Count de Penbroc qui darrein morust come ptie nyent departable accessories enherdantes al heritage des ^{frs} de Hastynges & dependantes dicelle, dont le dit Mon^{fr} Reignald feust et est solement & entierment just loial droiturel naturel & plus prochein heir que nulle autre come desus est declare en la manere susd̄ce, &c.

Duplicatio ex parte Hastynges.

En nom de Dieu, amen. En une pretense cause d'armes moeve & uncore pendant nient discusse devant vous mes ^{frs} Conestable & Mareschal Dengleterre ou voz Lieutenantz en Court de

Chivalrie parentre la partie de Mon^{fr} Reignald de Grey ^{fr} de Ruthyn ptie actrix ou pleyntif soy playntif soy pretendant d'un partie & moy Edward ^{fr} de Hastynges Chivalier partie defendant dautre partie, moy Edward avantdit encontre la partie du dit Mon^{fr} Reignald en la d^{ce} pretense cause p^opose al terme competente a ceo faire, protest en manere come autrefois devant vous ay proteste en mesme la cause & par voye de duplication ou autre man^{re} queconq̄ a moy expedient ou besoignable pur ma defence die & allegge & en droict p^opose que les matiers deductes & contenuz en la matiere justificatoire par moy Edward en la cause pretense suisd^{ce} sount voirs & pour ceo est tout outrement affaire come est demande en ycelle, au quelle matier justificatoire & tous les matiers contenuz en ycest moy referre & celle & ceux voille avoir icy & en ceste partie pour expressez. A ce die et p^opose en man^{re} come dit est que si le dit Mons^r Reignald de Grey soit de lynage des ^{frs} de Hastynges quel ieo le dit Edward ne confesse mye, mes disconfesse & denye tout outrement, en man^{re} come le dit Mon^{fr} Reignald pretende en sa pretense replication p sa partie devant vous en mesme la Court p^opose, le dit Mon^{fr} Reignald est del lynage des ditz ^{frs} de Hastynges plus long & plus remue des ^{frs} de Hastynges susd^{ces} q̄ nest deduit par la partie du dit Mon^{fr} Reignald, ou q̄ suy ieo Edward avantdit & nomement eiant regard a les armes en ma justification ou exception especifiez, et le dit Mon^{fr} Reignald est tant soulement en degre collateral p lyne femal a les ^{frs} de Hastynges. D'issint q̄ les d^{ces} armes & ^{frs} de Hastynges appteignent & apptener devoient de droict & custume d'armes resonable a moy le dit Edward apres la mort de Mon^{fr} Johan de Hastynges, Counte de Penbroc qui darrein morust a Wodestok, come droit heir masle & par nom de Hastynges lynalment descenduz des ^{frs} de Hastynges par lyne en lynes de loyal succession de gre en gre & psone masle en psone masle en ceste ptie en loial matrimoigne engendrez, & par les d^{ces} ^{frs} come lour proscheins heirs acceptez & approves en manere qu'ensuyt Cestassavoir de Mon^{fr} Johan de Hastynges pier a Mon^{fr} Johan de Hastynges & a Mon^{fr} Hugh de Hastinges, de quel Mon^{fr} Johan de Hastynges le filz feust engendre Mon^{fr} Laurence de Hastynges Counte de Penbroc, pier a Mon^{fr} Jo^{hn} de Hastynges Counte de Penbroc qui fuist pris en la mer, laquelle Mon^{fr} Johan fuist pier a Mon^{fr} Johan de Hastynges Count de Penbroc qui darrein morust a Wodestok

sans heir de son corps engendre. Et de quelle Mon^{fr} Hugh susd^{ce} filz a Mon^{fr} Johan de Hastynges premierement reherce feust engendre Mon^{fr} Hugh de Hastynges de qui fuist engendre Mon^{fr} Hugh de Hastings de qui fuist engendre Hugh de Hastynges mon frere, qui mort est sans heir de son corps engendre & moy Edward de Hastings ore defendant, issint q̄ apres la mort du dit Mon^{fr} Johan de Hastynges qui morust a Wodestoke sans heire come desus est dit, les dites armes & f^{rie} apperteignent & devoient appteigner a moy Edward seulement & entierment come f^r dicelles & come juste loyal droituel & plus prochein heire masle a dit Johan de Hastings Counte de Penbroc qui darrein morust selonc droit & custume d'armes resonnables. Et sount le ditez armes accessoriez appertenantes & connexez al sanc de lynage des f^{rs} de Hastynges & par especial al nom de Hastynges & plus proschein heir masle au dit Mon^{fr} Hugh filz au dit Mon^{fr} John de Hastynges lynamment descenduz des dictes f^{rs} de Hastynges & nemy as terres des ditez f^{rs}. Et si en cas que les dites armes ou f^{rie} appartenent purroient as ditez terres des f^{rs} de Hastynges come partie nyent departable dycelles come par la partie du dit Mon^{fr} Reignald de Grey nyent veritablement en sa replication est deduit, lequel moy le dit Edward ne confesse mye, donques la demande claym ou action si ascun y fuist doit appartenir a Mons^r Wilm de Beauchamp qui est in possession p̄tense des dites terres ou de greindre partie deux come possessour p̄tense dicelles cōment q̄ injustement & encontre droit & ne mye a dit Mon^{fr} Reignald come par sa partie est p̄tense. Et en outre moy le dit Edward f^r de Hastynges die & p^rpose en manere come dit est que si les dites armes ou f^{rie} appartenoient ou appartenir purroyent come ptie nyent departable as terres des dictes f^{rs} de Hastynges, come par la partie du dit Mon^{fr} Reignald nyent veritablement est deduit donques les dites armes & f^{rie} devoient de droit et custume d'armes resonable appartenir a moy le dit Edward & nemye a dit Mon^{fr} Reignald de Grey, pour ceo & de ceo que tous les terres del heritage de Hastynges ou la greindre partie deux furent & sount p̄ ascuns des dites f^{rs} duement & legalment entailes en tiel man^{re} & fourme que selonc les droites loyes & custumes du royalme Dengleterre en tiel cas uses a moy devoient appartenir ovesques touz lour app^tenances & connexez. Et les quelles tailles & autres evidences a moy app^tenances p^r la d^{ce} cause que le dit Mon^{fr}

Reignald par luy & ses adherentes & complices en ceste partie torteuusement & disloialment ad sustreyt moy Edward esteant deins age a grande damage & prejudice de moy Edward & en subtraction des mes proves en ceste partie a faire. Item ieo le dit Edward fr de Hastynges die & p'pose come devant, que si aucun livre a Monfr Reignald de Grey ou ascun autre de les terres app'tenantes a les frs de Hastynges feust fait & par cause du dit li'e les avantditz armes come partie nyent departable accessoriez & app'tenantez as ditez terres & heritage & dependance dicelles come en la replication du dit Monfr Reignald nyent veritablement est deduct le dit livre p'tense feust nulle & de nulle value de loy, pour ceo & de ceo q̄ la dite livre p'tens̄ feust faist disloyalment & erronusement, & mon frere Hugh a qui la cause & droit adunques appartenoit, le quele cause & droit ore a moy appartient, mon frere & moy adunques esteantz deins age & nous naians adonqs psones legales destaire ou defendre en jugement & aux le dit li'e feust fait fausant le droit de c̄huns queux pourront avoir ascun interresse en ceste partie. Le quel li'e p'tense ainsi fait ne doit ne ne poet estre a moy prejudiciel en cest present cause darmes pour les causes susd̄ces & q̄ ensuent. Et en outre si ainsi soit que le dit li'e p'tense au dit Monfr Reignald de les terres app'tenantez a les frs de Hastynges selonc droit & la ley & custume Dengleterre estoit fait que ico Edward ne confesse mye, mes tout outrement denye, ieo le dit Edward die come devant que les leys & custumes avauntdites nont pas lieu ne ne sount admisibles en cest treshault Court de Chivalrie. Issint que les leys & custumes Dengleterre avantditez ne devoient estre mellez ovesque les leys & custumes du dit Court, ne en la d̄ce Court p'posez ou alleggez & nomement en cest cause d'armes mes en tant quil sount discordantez a lez leys et custumes d'armes & de cest Court de Chivalrie les quelles materes avantditez & c̄hun deux sic̄ome p moy Edward sount deductez & p'posez furent & sount voirs notoirs & famous & deux longement devant ceste plee cōmence en di'ises parties Dengleterre & autres parties laboreront public vois & fame, et par la p̄tie dud Monfr Reignald duement & sufficientment confessez Pourquoy, &c.

Triplicatio ex parte Grey.

En nom de Dieu, amen. En une cause ou plee d'armes pendant en la haulte Courte de Chivalrie devant lez treshonurez

f^{rs} Conestable & Mareschall Dengleterre ou lour Lieutenantz
 pentre Mons^r Reignald de Grey f^r de Hastynges Waysford & de
 Ruthyn ptie p^suant d'un part & Mon^{fr} Edward de Hastynges en
 la d^{ce} cause ou plee encountre la replication par la ptie dud^t
 Mon^{fr} Reignald en mesme la cause p^rpose par voye de triplication
 nemye departant de ces libelle & replication en mesme la cause
 p^rposez mes a eux enherdantez en quant ils fount pour sa partie dit
 & p^rpose en ch^{un} maniere de loy a luy besoignable, que si mesme
 Mons^r Reignold de Grey descendist en la degre collateral, et par
 lyne f^{mal} de les f^{rs} de Hastynges come est deductez nient verita-
 blement en la d^{ce} duplication, nientmoyns les dites armes &
 seignourie & le nom del f^r de Hastynges des queux est fait mention
 en la d^{ce} duplication par leyes usages & resonables custumes
 Dengleterre loialment p^scriptez & outre temps dont memoire del
 h^{me} soy ne puet estendre, appartenent & apptener devoient a dit
 Mon^{fr} Reignald de Grey f^r de Hastynges come a plus prochain
 heir au dit Mon^{fr} Johan de Hastynges Counte de Penbroc qui
 darrein morust a Wodestoke. Pource que le dit Mon^{fr} Edward
 descendit de les f^{rs} de Hastynges il descendist de les f^{rs} de Hast-
 ynges par le demy sanc seulement & nemye del entier sanc de
 les f^{rs} avantditz. Pource que Mon^{fr} Johan de Hastynges pier a
 Hugh de Hastynges premierement reherce en la d^{ce} duplication
 prist a femme Isabelle fille de Mon^{fr} William de Valence iadis
 Counte de Penbroc, les queux avoient issu engendre pentre eux
 Johan de Hastynges & Elizabeth laquelle Elizabeth fuist marie a
 Mon^{fr} Roger de Grey les queux avoient yssue loyal pentre eux
 Mon^{fr} Reignald de Grey pier a Mon^{fr} de Grey quore est partie
 p^suant en cest matier. Et en apres la dicte Isabelle femme a dit
 Mons^r Johan de Hastynges morust. Et adonques le dit Mons^r
 Johan de Hastynges premierement nome prist a femme Isabelle
 fille de Mon^{fr} Hugh le Despenser iadys Counte de Wyncestre, les
 queux avoient issue pentre eux le dit Hugh premierement n^{me}.
 Et apres le dit M^{fr} Johan de Hastynges premierement reherce
 morust, & tout le heritage quil avoit de la f^{rie} de Hastynges &
 tout le heritage qⁱ Isabell sa femme avoit apres la mort de Mon^{fr}
 Aymer de Valence son frere iadys Counte de Penbroke descen-
 deront a dit Mon^{fr} Johan de Hastynges filz a les dites Mon^{fr}
 Johan de Hastings & Isabell sa premier f^{me} & en possession des
 dictes armes & heritage fuist pesiblement come filz & droitrel
 heir a les avantdites Mon^{fr} Johan de Hastings son pier premiere-

ment reherce & Isabelle sa mere. Issint que les dictes armes heritage & le nom del f^{rie} de Hastings queux le dit Mons^r Johan de Hastings darrein Counte de Penbrok & ses auncestres f^{rs} de Hastings avoient pteignent & appteigner devoient a dit Mon^{fr} Reignald de Grey come heir del entier sank au dit Mon^{fr} Joñn de Hastings Counte de Penbrok qui darrein morust selonc custumes & usages del royalme Dengleterre avantditez & nemye au dit Mon^{fr} Edward de Hastings qui est et descendist del demy sank al dit Mon^{fr} Johan de Hastings Counte de Penbrok qui darrein morust, &c.

Auquel quart jour de Fe^{ver} l'an du regne n^{re} tresredoubte f^r le Roy Henry quart puis le Conquest noefisme devant treshault & puissant f^r mon dit f^r le Conestable Dengleterre & mon tresnoble f^r le Mareschall seantes giudicielment en especial en la d^{ce} cause en Court de Chivalrie en propre psones en la sale del hostel del reverent pier en Dieu Lercevesque Deuerwic pres de Westm^{on} ove di^{verses} sages du Conseil du Court, cestassavoir Mon^{fr} Rauf de Euer' Mon^{fr} William Fulthorp Lieu^t Mon^{fr} le Conestable, Mon^{fr} Oliver Mali^{ver} Lieu^t du Mareschal, Mestre Thomas Felde & Mestre William Bildeston clercs assessours du Court & autre compareront psonelment les dites parties chescun pour soy mesmes & la partie defendant mys avant en Courte deux billes l'un enseale de ces armes a ce quil dit & lautre nemye, &c. Desquelles billes les tenures sensuient successivement & sont tieles.

In the name of God, amen. I Edward of Hastings, Knight, sey to the Reignald Grey, Knight, now present in this Court of Knighthode of England, that where thou hast said that thou hast best right to beare, have and use the armes of Hastings, the which ben of gold with a maunche of gowles, and where thou hast said that I have wrangwisly usurped the same armes, I say thou lyes falsly. And also I say, that thou Reignald de Grey, Knight, with other thine adherentes & complices in this partie, hast withdrawn the evidences & munementes pteyninge to me touchantes the heritage of Hastings, & colludes in subtraction of my proves falslych agaynst knighthode and cōmune profyte, in wicked ensample and in subvercion of true lawes, and this I am ready to meyntayne with my body against thy body in my defence in this cause of armes; protestant to adde, amenuz, change, and declare to these wordes zif nede be.

In the name of God, amen. I Edward de Hastings, Knight, say by way of addition to the wordes by me geven, writen of myne owne hand and enseled of my seale in the Court of Knighthode of England, agaynst the Reignald de Grey, Knight, next followinge these wordes 'In subtraction of my proves,' I adde these wordes, 'by me to be made in this cause of armes.' And also next followenge these wordes 'of trewe laws,' I adde these wordes: 'And in illusion of the Kinge, the moneth of Octobre the yere of the reigne of Kinge Richard the Second after the Conquest of England xv, and other monethes and yeres before and sith at Westminster, Lydgate, Northampton, Donecastre, Bargaveney, and other places.'

In the name of God, amen. I Edward de Hastings, Knight, requyre the Reignald de Grey, Knight, now present in the Court of Knighthode of England, that thow renounce, leve, and omitte the chalenge, clayme, portacion, and use of the armes of gold with a maunche of gowles, the which ben the Hastings armes, with all the dependences, enseignes, and connexes. And over that, that thow amend to me in that that is in the harmes and the wronges that I have had by the and thyne adherentes & complices by withdrawenge of my munementes evidences & injust vexation. And zif the thinke that thow sholdest nought, owest nought, or willest nought do after this request, than I requyre the by vertue of thy knighthode that thow stond by the wordes in thy propre person at the lawfull tyme till it be determyned by our bodyes as knighthode woll, the which wordes thow hast replyd by thine owne mouthe against the words of answer gyven by my m^outhe, and written with my hand, and ensealed with my seale in the same Courte, and that thow pursue diligentlych withouten feyntise, by the and thy freends, that the wordes be amytted for full prove, the which wordes on thy partie ben these in substance: Thou lyes falsely lewed knight, and that I am redy to prove with my body against thy body, and therefore here is my glove to wedde, and I ask day and place.

And also I Edward de Hastings, Knight, next heir in this partie to the Hastings Erles of Penbroke, requyre the Reignald de Grey, Knight, now present in this Court of Knighthode of England, that thow leave the usurpation, use, and portacion of the armes of Penbroke, with all the dependences, ensignes, and con-

nexes, the which armes ben burelled of silver and asure, with an owrell of merlettes of gowles, &c.

Quadruplicatio ex parte Hastingses.

In the name of God, amen. Before yow, my worshipfull Lordes, Conestable and Mareschall of England, or your Lieutenantes in Court of Knighthode of England, I Edward Hastingses, Knight, lyneallych descended of the Lordes Hastingses, Knightes, say to the Reignald de Grey, Knight, now present in this Court of Knighthode beforesayd, in the terme to me assigned and cōmaunded by yow worshipfull lordes and judges beforesaid to quatriply against the triplication by the foresaid Reignald ministred and gyven in the same Courte, that where thou sayest that I am of demy sank descended, as is conteyned in thy foresaid triplication, to which I me referre as mychull as is necessary for me and no otherwayes, that I am next heire to the Lordes Hastingses, of which some were Erles of Pembroke, as I have p'posed in the maters by me ministred in the same Courte, to which I me referre and will use in tyme competent and lawfull. And I say to the Reignald Grey beforesaid, that I Edward beforesaid have best right to beare, have, and use the armes of Hastingses, the which ben of gold with a maunche of gowles. And where thou hast said that thou hast best right to bere, have, and use the same armes, and that I have wrongwisly usurped the foresaid armes, I say thou lyst falsly. Over that I say, that thou Reignald Grey, Knight, with thine adherentes & complices in this ptie, hast withdrawen the evidences and munementes pteyninge to me touchantz the heritage of Hastingses, colludenge in subtraction of my proves by me to be made in this cause of armes, falslych and criminoslych against knighthode, comon profit, in wicked ensample, in subversion of trewe lawes, and in illusion of the Kinge, the moneth of Octobre, the yere of the reigne of Kinge Richard the Second after the Conquest of England xv, and other monethes and yeres before and sith at Westminster, Lydgate, Northampton, Doncastre, Bergeueney, and other places. And these maters criminals I am redy to prove on the Reignold Grey with my body against thy body. Wherefore to prove this I aske to be admitted by way of criminall and capitall accusation; and this proved in maner beforesaid, that then the foresaid Reignald be punished as lawe will, and that rightwisnes be

do to me by yow my lordes beforesaid in this partie as to your offices apperteyneth. And I protest to use and have all the benefices, previledges, and prerogatives gyven and graunted by lawe or custome of armes unto a knight, and to adde change, amenuse, and declare to these matters, when neade is, &c.

Le dit Mon^{fr} Reignald en la d^{ce} cause encontre le dit Mon^{fr} Edward dit, Que selonc ley custume & usages Dengleterre susditez & nomement en cest partie usez & legalement p^{scriptez} celluy a quoy appartient la heritage d'ascun seigneurie par naturel droicturel & loyal succession, les armes du mesme le ^{fr}ie a luy appartenout & devont appartenir de eux porter user & occuper seulement et entierment come entier ^{fr} dicelle & come partie nyent departable accessorie app^{tenant} & dependant dicelle. Item que par droict ley custume & usages Dengleterre & causes susdictes le dit Mon^{fr} Reignald de Grey ^{fr} du Ruthyn & de Hastings est entier ^{fr} des d^{ces} armes & doit eux porter user & occuper come partie nyent departable accessorie appourtenant & dependant a la dicte heritage.

Item requis le dit Mon^{fr} Edward sur les matieres deduites en la triPLICATION du dite partie pleyntif, dist et responde le dit Mon^{fr} Edward come devant, que luy mesmes est naturel droicturel & le plus proschein heir as ^{frs} de Hastings des queux aucuns furent Countez de Pembrok come est susdit. Et en especial le dit Mon^{fr} Edward requis touchant le demy sang en mesme la bille de triPLICATION deduite dist et responde quil est dentier sang & nemye del demy sang come est deducte en la d^{ce} triPLICATION. Car il dist que Isabelle la fille a Mon^{fr} Hugh le Despenser Counte de Winchester de quelle mention est faict en la d^{ce} triPLICATION ne fuist mye marie nespouse a Johan de Hastings qui espousa Isabelle la fille de Mon^{fr} Wiffm de Valence, mes la d^{ce} Isabelle fille au dit Mon^{fr} Hugh le Despenser feust marie a Johan de Hastings filz de Johan de Hastings & Isabelle la fille de Mon^{fr} Wiffm de Valence, pentre quels Johan de Hastings le fils & la dicte Isabelle la fille du dit Mon^{fr} Hugh le Despenser furent engendrez Johan de Hastings & Hugh son frere de quelle est fait mention en la d^{ce} triPLICATION. Et Elizabeth la quelle est deducte en la d^{ce} triPLICATION est marie a Mon^{fr} Roger de Grey feust aunte as dites Johan et Hugh & nemye soer ; et outre dist le dit Mon^{fr} Edward, que touz les munementz que touchant heritage de Hastings

Countez de Pembroke ptiennent a luy come droiturel heir des ditez Countez, &c.

Devant treshaulte & puissant Prince Monfr le Conestable Dengleterre & mon treshonore fr le Mareschall seantez judicialement en la grande sale a Westm̄ en tant come a eux apptient p vertu de lour offices, &c. comperount psonnelment les dces parties chacun pour soy mesmes. Et mesme la partie playntif requeroit Monfr le Conestable de faire la dce partie defendant pleinement declarer en Court & mettre en certeyn, quelle Johan de Hastings fuist pere a Laurence de Hastings. Et la dce partie defendant disoit judicialment par voie de declaration, que Johan de Hastings filz Henry de Hastings espousa Isabelle la fille de Monfr Willm de Valence iadis Counte de Pembroke de quelle il engendra Johan & Elizabeth, laquelle Elizabeth fuist marie a Monfr Roger de Grey fr du Ruthyn Chivaler. Et le dit Johan frere la dce Elizabeth espousa Isabelle la fille Hugh le Despenser Counte de Wincestre, de quel il engendra deux filz Johan de Hastings & Hugh lequel Johan frere le dit Hugh espousa Julian de Leyburne, de quelle il engendra Laurence de Hastings iadis Counte de Pembroke.

Durante lite prædca ex parte Prioris de Southlenñ hujusmodi lrā testimoniales proferebantur.

Reverendissimis et prepotentibus meis Dñis Constabular̄ et Mariscallo Angliæ reſentias debitas & honores &c. Quoniam meritorium dinoscitur esse apud Deum veritati perhibere testimonium, hinc est quod ego frater Thomas de Lennea Prior Conventus Carmelitaꝝ de Southlenñ sacrae theologiæ doctor licet indignus, cupiens ut justiciæ non dominetur iniquitas sed subdetur falsitas, veritati testimonium perhibeo qualiter in æstate circa festum Sçi Johannis Bap̄æ per mensem ante illud festum vel per mensem post annum revolutum ul̄ elapsum quidam homo longæ et decentis staturæ veniebat ad me tunc temporis Priorem Conventus prædicti ex parte Edwardi Dñi de Hastings requirendo et supplicando si in dco Conventu haberemus aliqua vexilla vel alia evidentia de armis de Hastings, et potissime aliqua antiqua, et quod illa ei deliberarem pro profectu et honore Conventus nostri, quia dñs Dñus de Hastings misit pro eis et intendebat illa emendare et renovare in

memoriam antecessorum suorum et statim reportaret. Unde ego antedictus Prior auctoritate officii mei ꝑcipiendo mandavi Sacristæ ejusdem Conventus, ut dco homini deliberaret id quod petebat. Qui statim ad meum præceptum deliberavit sæpedco homini unum antiquū vexillum de armis ut vulgariter dicitur de Hastings quart' cum armis de Foliett cum labelt de iij punct' argenteis et invenit quendam hominem de Lennea fidejussorem de reportando infra diem naturalem. Sed tamen adhuc non reportavit, nec ut apparet per lapsum temporis reportare intendit contra omnem justiciam veritatem et æquitatem. Quocirca reverendissimi et præpotentes domini vřæ excellenti discretioni supplico reŕenter humiliter et devote quatinus ad Dei honorem veritatisq, amorem dignemini effectualiter dictis meis pro parte justiciæ fidem in hac parte adhibere. Script' Lenñ anno Dñi mccccviii penultimo die mensis Julij sub sigillo mei Prioratus offiċ in testimoniū et fidem omniū præmissoz.

Reignald Ragon Escuier del Counte de Bedford requis & diligemment examine de et sur les articles avantditz, dist soy tant savoir, quen temps de Monfr Reignald de Grey pier au dit partie pleyntif cest jure venoit ove son piere Monfr Johan Ragon Seneschal de l'ostel du dit Monfr Reignald le pier, et dist quil oya un fois adonques en l'ostel en temps de Roy Edward qui darrein morust estre grand noise que le dit Roy Edward envoiast a dit Monfr Reignald le pier que le Count de Penbrok qui feust pris sur le mer feust mort es parties par dela, et que le dit Monfr Reignald feust son prochain heir, & quil p'suieroit le diem clausit extremum de sa mort. Et dist cest jure quil oyast adonqs dire ausi, que le dit Monfr Reignald le pier ensi fist & entra & chacea en la chace de Yerdeley cuydant firmament de la mort du dco Count. Et que puis apres le dit Count vint sain & sauf en Engleterre & soy courroucest vers le dit Monfr Reignald le pier luy rettant pour les causes susdces quil desiroit sa mort. Et pur ceo il dist quil tant feroit que jamais le dit Monfr Reignald le pier ne nul de ses heirs seroient ses heirs, et pour ceo cōme cest jure dist quil ad oie dire, le dit Counte donna au dit Roy Edward la f^{rie} de Penbroke pour avoir licence de alier ses autres terres & f^{ries} en desheritance du dit Monfr Reignald le pier & ses heirs, &c.

Johan Edom Escuier del Counte de Hertford dist quil fust par dela le mer ovesque le dit Counte de Penbroke & quant il fust la cest jure vist un foitz le dit Count & Monfr William de Beauchamp Ch̄r gisantz ensemble en un lit, & cest jure oyast come il dist cōment le dit Monfr William demanda du dit Count qui seroit son heir apres sa mort sil devia sanz heir de son corps engendre. Et le dit Count a luy respondist de oyer & science dicest jure come il dist que Monfr Reignald de Grey seroit son prochein heir du sang, mes le dit Count disoit que le dit Monfr Reignald de Grey naveroit tant de son heritage come il croyt quil avera pour ceo quil fust si joyeuse de sa mort & entra si tost la d̄ce chace de Yerdeley pour un petit noyse quil oyast quil fust mort claymant come prochein heir a luy. Et adonques le dit Monfr William disoit au dit Count quadoneques il purroit aidre ses pouvres cousyns del dit heritage sil devia sanz heir de son corps engendre. Et le dit Count respondist de oyer & science dicest jure come il dist quen cas quil deust devier sanz heir de son corps engendre quil voudroit plus voluntiers que le dit Monfr William avoit sa heritage quascun autre de sez cousyns pour la ingratitude quil trouva en le dit Monfr Reignald qui seroit son prochein heir en droit en cas quil devia sanz heir de son corps engendre come est susdit, & graunta quil feroit tant come en luy feust de faire le dit Monfr William son heir sil morust sanz heir de son corps engendre que le dit Monfr William vullloit avoir le nom de Count de Pembrok & porter ses armes de vieu oyer & science dicest jure come il dist, &c.

Monfr Willm Hoo Chivalier jure, &c. dist quil vist Hugh de Hastings le aiell, & Hugh le pier, & Hugh le fils porter les ditz armes de Hastings, cestassavoir D'or ove une manche de goules ove la labell de troys poyntz d'argent, &c.

Après la mort du dit Monfr Johan de Hastings qui mourust a Wodestok sanz heir les ditz armes & fr̄ie apptenent & deveient apptenir a moy Edward soulement & entierement come fr̄ dicelles & come loyal droiturel & plus prochein heir male a dit Johan de Hastings Count de Pembroke qui darrein morust selonc droit & custume d'armes raisonnables. Et sont les ditz armes accessoires appartenantes et connexez al sang del lynage des fr̄s de

Hastings & par especial al nom de Hastings & plus prochein heir male a dit Monfr Hugh filz a dit Monfr John de Hastings lynalment descenduz des ditz frs de Hastings, et nemye as terres des ditz frs. Et s'en cas que les ditz armes ou fr^{ie} appertenir pourroient as dces terres des frs de Hastings cōme ptie nient departable de icelles cōme p la ptie du dit Monfr Reignald de Grey nient veritablement en sa replication est deducte, le quel moy le dit Edward ne confesse mye, donques la demande clayme ou action s'aucun y fuist deust apptenir a Monfr William Beauchamp qui est en possession pretense des ditz terres ou de greyndre ptie de eux, come possessour ptense dicelles, cōment que injustement & encontre droit, & nemye a dit Monfr Reignald come p sa partie est pretense. Et en outre moy le dit Edward fr de Hastings dye & p'pose en manere come dit est, que si les ditz armes ou fr^{ie} appertenoient ou appartenir devoient come partie nient departable as terres de ditz frs de Hastings come par la partie du dit Monfr Reignald nient veritablement est deducte dunques les ditz armes & fr^{ie} devoient de droit & custume d'armes reisonable appartenir a moy le dit Edward & nemye a dit Monfr Reignald de Grey, pour ceo & de ceo que tous les terres del heritage des Hastings ou la graindre partie deux feurent & sont par ascuns des ditz frs duement & legalment entaillez en tiele man^e & forme que selonc les droitz loyes & custumes du royaume Dengleterre en tel cas usez a moy devoient appartenir ovesque touz lour app^{te}nantz & connexez, et les quelles tailles & autres evidences a moy appartenantz pour la dce cause le dit Monfr Reignald par luy & ses adherentz & complises en ceste partie tortousement & disloyalment ad sustreyt moy Edward esteant deins age a grande damage & prejudice de moy Edward et en subtraction de mes proeves en ceste partie affaire, &c.

Hastings simul cum armis hæreditatem vendicat.

Hastings asserit se ex integro sanguine ultimi Comitiss Penbroghie prognatu, falso tamen.

In the name of God, amen. Before yow, my worshipfull Lordes, &c. I Edward, &c. that where thow sayest that I am of demy sang descended, as it is conteyned in thy foresaid triplication, to which I me referre as michel as is necessary for me and none otherwise, that I am next heire to the Lordes Hastings, of which some were Erles of Penbroke, as I have p'posed in the maters by me ministred in the same Court, to which I me referre and will use in tyme competent and lawfull. And I say to the Reignald Grey

beforesayd, that I Edward beforesaid have best right to bere, have, & use the armes of Hastings, the which ben of gold with a manche of goules. And where that thow hast said, that thow hast best right to have, bere, and use the same armes, and that I have wrongfully usurped the same armes, I say thow lyeest falsly. Over that I say, that thow Reignold Grey, Knight, with thyne adherentes and complices in this ptie, hast withdrawen the evidences and munimentz pteynge to me touchant the heritage of Hastings, colluding in subtraction of my proves by me to be made in this cause of armes, falsly and criminosly, against knighthode, cōmon profit, in wicked ensample, in subversion of trewe lawes, and in illusion of the Kinge, the moneth of October the yere of the reigne of Kinge Richard the Second after the Conquest xv, and other monethes and yeres before and sithe, at Westminster, Lydgate, Northampton, Doncastre, Bergaveney, and other places, &c.

Mon^r Wiltm Berdwell Ch^r dist que de sa certain science Ex parte def.
depuis le temps de sa discretion & outre p temps dont memoire de hōme ne curte come il ad oye dire de ses anciens et greindres usantz fait d'armes, quil feust et est cōmune opinion de touz les gentilz del royaume Dengleterre quil apptient al prochain heir & a nulle autre de porter en sez armes la labell de trois pointz, si come le trespuissant Prince de Gales porte en ses armes & autres eignes filz & heirs de tous les autres f^r du Roialme, et que la labell de trois pointz est la conūsanace approprie al prochain heir a porter, &c.

Mon^r Johan Wiltshire Ch^r jure dist quil ad oye dire que apres la mort del Count de Penbrok qui morust a Wodestoke la d^{ce} partie playntif & Mon^r William de Beauchamp departeront de lour bonne volunte les d^{ces} terres perentre eux.

Henry Rolffes Escuier jure dist quil est grand opinion entre aunciens gentz & heraldes d'armes, que le prochain heir portera en sez armes la labell de troiz pointz, et que par celle defferent le prochain heir est conuz.

Thomas Codlinge l'eisne age de ^{xx}_{iiij} ans demourant en Elsyng jure, dist soy tant savoir quil vist & conust bien Hugh de Hast-

inges besayel du d^{ce} partie defendant, & Hugh de Hastings son filz ayel du d^{ce} partie defendant, et Hugh de Hastings son filz pier du d^{ce} partie defendant. Et dist que le dit Hugh besaiel du d^{ce} partie defendant fist faire leglise parochiel de Elsyng en le counte de Norff. et gist ensevele en la chauncell dicelle ove une pierre de marbre sur luy. Requis cest jure pour quoy sceit, dist pour tant que luy mesmes feust al temps de la faisance du d^{ce} eglise demourant en Elsyng, & vist & conust de sa science le dit Mon^{fr} Hugh le besaiel faire les costages mysés & expenses pour la oeuvre del corps du d^{ce} eglise. Et cest jure feust present illeques al temps de son enterrement, et vist a la messe de ses exeques un courseour noir arraiez tielment come hōme deust joster & un hōme armes seant sur luy presentez al offerant, &c.

Mon^{fr} Wifm Hoo Ch^{tr} d'age de lxxij ans et plus jure & requis en quelle manere appartient al prochein heir a porter ses armes, dist cest Ch^{tr} que del temps de sa discrecion il apptient al prochein heir a porter la labelle de troys poyntz en ses armes & a nulle autre, et cest la cōmune opinion de sa certaine science come il dist des aunciens & vaillantz gentz d'armes & heraudes as queux il appartient de avoir conusance de tielx choses. Et outre dist cest Ch^{tr} que unques ne vist ne oiast aucuns qui dirroient quils avoient vewe ou qui eussent oyez de leur predecessours le contraire selonc la custume d'armes Dengleterre, forspris soulement, que le Roy Edward qui darrein morust fesoit le Prince qui Dieu assoille & touz ses freres except' le Duc de Gloucestre user et porter en leur armes la labelle de trois pointz ove certainz differences en la labelle & en les pointz. Et dist ausi cest Ch^{tr} que les d^{ces} auncestres du d^{ce} partie defendant, cestassavoir besaille, aille, & pier, furent tenuz reputez & a^{ceptez} en usant & portant les ditz armes en manere come desus par luy est depose, successivement ch^{un} apres autre prochein heir as ditz armes des Hastings, & as terres et ^{fr}ies des Hastings, en cas que le Count mourust sans heir de son corps engendre.

Johan Maycote demourant en Brenchesle en le counte de Kent jure dist quil ad oye dire de ses anciens, que les armes appartient al sang & non pas as terres, &c.

Devant vous mes treshonorez le Conestable & Mareschal Dengleterre ou voz Lieutenantz en Court de Chivalrie Dengleterre. Ie Edward fr de Hastings Chlr droit heir lynealment descenduz de Monfr Richard Foliot & possessour de droit des armes de Foliotes queux sont de Goules ove une bende d'argent, die & propose judicialment devant vous que pour ce qu'un Johan Hervy soy pretendant escuier tesmoigne admys jure & examine pour la partie de Monfr Reignald de Grey fr de Ruthyn en une cause d'armes par luy moeve devant vous encontre moy le dit Edward, ad depose sur son serment en son tesmoignage quil porte armes de goules ove une bende d'argent ove troys trefoyles de synopre en la bende, les queux par droit & custume d'armes appertinent pour conisance d'un cousyn & branche del lynage des Foliotes le quele il ne soy declare mye en sa deposition et ne purront appertener a nulle autre. Pour quoy ie Edward avantdit fr & possessour des ditz armes & stirpe del lynage des Foliotes face chalange clayme & interruption judicielment devant vous del portacion use & possession queconques pretenses del Johan Hervy en les ditz ses pretenses armes & de queconque autre pretendant cause de luy al melio^r effecte & entent quent pourront estre entenduz selonc loy & custume d'armes pour les causes susdictes, &c.

Le ix jour de May l'an unziesme du Roy Henry le quart, les avantdites Lieutenantz seantz, &c. en la blanche sale avantdictie Mestre Henry Ware official des Arches de Loundres & Mestre William Bildestoñ assidentz en Court comperount les dces parties en lour propres psonnes & mesme la partie defendant proposast p parole coment il avoit ministre un criminel matiere encontre la dce partie pleyntif de subtraction de ses evidences quelles furent ses plus vaillables proeves en la dce cause d'armes, & requeroit le Juge a determiner primierement la dce matiere criminele & luy admettre a proever la dce matiere criminele par son corps. Et le Juge respondist, que le darrein jour devant mesme la partie defendant demanda par parole que certaines actes soient repares & ausi que la dce partie pleyntif soit condempnez a luy en ses expenses pour sa vexation durant sa nōnage. Et pource le Juge demanda de luy sil vailloit plus dire ou declarer que ces demandez avantditz devient par ley estre faitz celle partie, & la dce partie defendant riens dist a celle demande mes myst avant une bille

par voye d'appelle contenant la tenure quensuit. In Dei nomine amen, &c. Le quelle bille lue, apres la lecture dycelle la dce partie defendant demanda diligentement apostles, & le Juge respondist au dce partie defendant, que si en cas quil ad fait grevance au dce partie defendant, pour tant que la dce partie defendant nest admis a proever par son corps la dce matiere criminele, le Juge la revoka & feust prest de faire droit a luy & outre ce le Juge luy dist quil avoit eue bone deliberacion & avis du dce matiere criminele ove diſses sages de lez & de usage d'armes celle partie, lesquelles luy avoient enfourme & conseille, que la dce matiere criminele en mañse come il estoit propose & offre destre apoevez, nest mye admysible ne devoit estre admys ne resceu a proever. Et adonques la dce partie defendant demanda de rechief oñtement apostles en la dce appelle, & le Juge par bone advys assigna au dce partie defendant apostles refutatoires & ausi le Juge en nom d'appostles procedast eneontinent ove pleyntif deliberacion al probacion de son jugement en la dce cause d'armes, mes la dce partie defendant soy departist du Courte sicome le Juge feust lisant son jugement. Et le Juge ce aperceyvnt cessa en sa lecture dicelle & cōmanda mesme la partie defendant d'attendre & oyer le jugement, et il ne vuilloit, mes contumax departist du Court, sur quoy al request du dce partie pleyntif accusant la contumacie du dce partie defendant, le Juge procedast outre en la lecture de son jugement jusques al fin dicelle, de quelle jugement la tenure est tiel.

Le jugement. En nom de Dieu, amen, &c.* Apres la probacion de quel jugement, le Juge assigna terme au dce partie pleyntif a descriver ses expensz faitz en la dce cause a sa demande, et en contumacie du dce partie defendant, cest assavoir le premier jour de Juille prochein venant.

Et longuement apres cest a savoir le xvj jour du mois de Feſer l'an du regne nre tresredoubte ſr le Roy Henry quynt puis le Conquest quart, devant Monſr Gerard Salveyn Lieut' Monſr le Conestable, &c.

Puis apres le Juge al request du dce partie pleyntif assigna terme as dces parties pour oyer taxacion des dces costages & expenses, cestassavoir le xxiiij. jour de mesme le mois de May.

* See p. 30.

A quel xxiiij jour de mesme le moys de May devant lez ditz Lieutenantz seantz en le lieu susdit en man^{re} come a chescun de eux appartient comparust la d^{ce} partie actour & pleyntyve par son dit procurour, & comparust la d^{ce} partie defendant personnelment. Et adonques le Juge par bone avis & deliberacion taxast les d^{ces} costages & expenses a la somme de noef centz quatre vingtz & seopt livres x^s. x^d. o^{ss}. q^{ss}. Disalowantz touz les feez pour terme de vie declarez entre les d^{ces} expenses. Quelle taxation faict, la d^{ce} partie actour pleyntive en presence du d^{ce} partie defend^r jura sur les saintz Evangelies corporelment touch^{es} luy avoir faitz lez ditz expenses taxez & mille marcz outre en son pursuyt en la d^{ce} cause. Et puyz apres al request du d^{ce} partie pleyntif le Juge condempnast la d^{ce} partie defendant en lez ditz expenses, & ent agardast execution estre faict selonc l'usage & custume du Court, et outre ceo chargeast le Mareschall ove le corps du dit defendant.

ix^e. lxxxvijth.
x^d. x^d. ob. q^a.

Finis.

Huc usq^e ex eodem antiquo Registro pencs Henricum hodiernum Comitem Cantia^e reservato, anno 1583.

Multi jurati ex parte Hastingsi defensoris, et ex parte Grey actoris, seipsos nobiles sive gentiles homines esse asserentes, cum tamen arma sive insignia non haberent, quemadmodū ea de re specialiter requisiti examinati et jurati responsa dederunt. Quod notatu dignum duximus, quia hac nostra ætate illos solos generosos reputamus quibus a majoribus, sive ex propria acquisitione, arma sive insignia sunt, generositatem indicantia.

§ Roger Tunstale Mayer de Bedford d'aige de lvj. ans gentilhome dauncestry & poit bien despendre par an en la county de Bedford x. marcz, mez n'ad point d'armes.

§ Jo^hn Boteler Escuier del counte de Bedford demourant ove le f^r Reignold Grey le pier f^r de Ruthin, &c. et est gentilhomme mais n'ad my armes & poet dispendre en le county de Bedford x^{li}. par an, et est del aige de lxx. ans.

§ Jo^hn Lee Escuir del county de Buckingham est gentilhomme dauncestry & xx. marcz de terre luy sont descendus & n'ad use point de travailler en guerre ne son pier devant luy et pour ce ne prist gard de prendre ses armes.

§ Thomas Lound del county de Bedford de aige de xlv. ans servant a Edward f^r Gray de Ruthin et est gentilhomme dauncestrey mais n'ad my armes.

§ John Edom Escuier del county de Hertford del aige lxxvij. ans nadgaires boteller en le hostell de Mon^fr John de Hastings County de Penbrok nest gentilhomme d'auncestrey mes il ad este arme & port un escuchion d'armes queux luy furent donnees en presence du dict County le queux il ne scait poynt blasonner, & poet dispendre xl. marcz par an en le county de Bedford.

§ John Josephe demourant en Toucestre en le county de Northampton d'aige de lxxx. ans & plus, gentilhomme d'auncestrey & ad armes, mes ne sceit certeynement blasonner ses ditz armes, & poet dispendre par an en le counte de Northampton xx^{li}.

Huc usq; ex eodem antiquo Registro penes hodiernū
Cantiæ Comitem reservato.

SENTENTIA DIFFINITIVA IN CAUSA ARMORUM PREDICTA :
SUB SIGILLO CONSTABULARIATUS ANGLIÆ.

John filz au Roy Conestable Dengleterre & Gardein del Est-marche deſs Escoce, a touz iceux q̄ ceux nos lres verront ou orront saluz. Savoir vous faceons quen un cause ou busoigne d'armes nadgueres moeve & pendant devant nous en nre Court de Chivalerie indiseusse pent Mons^r Reignold de Grey f^r de Ruthyn & de Weysford partie pleintif dun partie et Mons^r Edward de Hastings partie defendant dautre partie p cause & occasion del nom & des armes des f^{rs} de Hastings des queux armes le champ est D'ore ove une manche de goules : feust et est si av^{ant} judiciairement proceduz legalement selonc droict & custume d'armes en nre dce Court en tant quil feust libelle et contestacion faict et outre proceduz en icelle a plusiours & diversez judiciaels actes & tous termes probatoires & au^{ls} dhuement gardez et observez selonc et que ley & coustume d'armes et de mesme nre Court demandent & requerront a celle ptie. Finalement, le ix jour du moy^s de May darreyn passe nre treschier et tresbien ame bachelor Mon^fr William Fulthor^p nre Lieutenant p nous sufficieantment deputez a les choses desoubz escriptz dona jugement & sentence diffinitive en la dce

cause ou busoigne, dount la tenure est tielle. En nom de Dieu, amen. Nous William de Fulthorþ Ch̄r Lieutenant du hault & puissant Prince Monſr Johan filz du Roy Conestable Dangleterre as choses dessoubz escriptz par le dit haut & puissant Prince suffisamment deputez, oyez et par nous bien entenduz les merites du cause d'armes moeve et pendant devant nous en Court de Chivalerie pentre Monſr Reignold Grey ſr de Weysford et de Ruthyn partie pleyntif dun pte, et Monſr Edward Hastings Ch̄r ptie defendant dautre pte, de & sour le droict title possession use & portaçon des entiers armes des Seigneurs de Hastings des quelles le champ est D'ore ove une manche de goules come par le libell & cedula a mesme le bille annex' ove les dces armes peyntes par le dit Monſr Reignold en la dce cause encontre le dit Monſr Edward judiciairement donez, as quelles nous nous referoms & reportoms & icy vuilloms avoir pur lues et expressez, pleinement poet apparoir. Rimez ausi par nous & diligemment enserche tout la processe du dce cause. Hevz ausi sour icest bonne deliberacion & avys du diſsez sages du ley & de usage d'armes cest ptie pour taunt q̄ par les actes & actites produitz et exhibitez & ausi les probates & confessates en la dce processe: as quelles nous referoms & reportoms & vuillons avoir ausi icy pour insertes lues et expressez: avoms trove le dit Monſr Reignold hñ sufficeantment avoir proeve et fonde al effet desoubz escript sa entençon en son dit libell deduit: & riens effectueff en le contrarie par le dit Monſr Edward avoir este ou estre purposez ou proevez, quell poet ou doit destourber ou impedir lintençon du dit Monſr Reignold; Et pur ce les ditz armes entiers des ſrs de Hastings devoir avoir este spectantz & ptenantz & devoir specel & ptiner au dit Monſr Reignold par icest nre sentence diffinitive quel nous donoms en cest escript pronounceans decernoms & declaroms & mesmes les armes ove le use occupation & portaçon dicels au dit Monſr Reignold & a ses heirs ſrs de Hastings destre adjugez & adjugeons, et que le dit Monſr Edward desore en avaunt ne use my lez ditz armes, ne que le dit Monſr Edward ne moleste ne inquiete ne ptourbe le dit Monſr Reignold ne ses heirs avantditz en luse occupaçon & portaçon dicelles. Et ausi au dit Monſr Edward & a ses heirs de et sour le droit title use occupaçon & portaçon des ditz armes ou lour appartenances et ausi de et sour les molestaçons inquietaçons & pturbaçons avantdcez ppetuel silence destre

impose & imposoms et outre ce le dit Monſ^r Edward en les expenses par le dit Monſ^r Reignold en la dce cause faitz a estre condempnez & condempnoms la taxaçon desquelles expenses a nous en temps avenir ou a autrī president en dce Court reservons. En tesmoignance de quelle chose a icestes nos lres patentes al instance & especial request du dit Monſ^r Reignold Grey nous avoms fait mettre le seel de nre office. Lesquelles furont escriptz le xij. jour du moys d'Octobre l'an du regne mon tresredoubte f^r et pier le Roy Henry quart puis le Conquest unszieme.

Prima pars Patentium de anno 1^o. H. quinti, m. 30.

De appellatione.

Rex venerabilibus patribus Dñis Edmundo et Henrico Exoñ et Meneveñ Ep̄is Legum doctoribus salm̄. Sciatis quod in quadam causa armorum inter Dñm Reginaldum de Grey Dñm de Ruthyn partem prosequentem ex parte una et Dñm Edwardum Hastings militem partem defendentem ex altera in Curia Militari nuper pendente prædcs Dñs Edwardus asserens se ex non cognitione discussione et indeterminaõe ejusdam materiæ in dca Curia Militari per ipsum judicialiter propositæ, nec non ex quadam sententia diffinitiva pro parte prædicti Dñi Reginaldi et contra præfatum Dñm Edwardum in eadem Curia postmodum lata et promulgata indebite prægravari, ab eisdem gravaminibus et sententia diffinitiva ad audientiam inclytissimæ memoriæ illustrissimi Dñi patris nostri nuper defuncti ut dicitur appellavit, in cujus quidem appellaõis causa de et super præmissis gravaminibus per præfatum Dñm Edwardum ut præfertur interpositæ prædcs illustrissimus Dñs n̄r ad nonnullos actus judiciales etiam ut dicitur processit, ipsoq, Dño n̄o Rege et patre subsequenter ut Deo placuit vita functo præfati Dñi Reginaldus et Edwardus nobis humiliter supplicarunt quatenus de et super præmissis justiciæ complementum eis impendere dignaremur. Nos igitur volentes partibus prædictis justiciam ministrare prout decet ad cognoscendum et procedendum legitime in prædcs causis appellationum, necnon in negociis in hac parte principalibus prout dictaverit ordo juris juxta formam retroactoꝝ in eisdem seu eorum aliquo habitorum, necnon hujusmodi causas appellationum et negocia principalia sc̄dm debitum juris ordinem cum suis emergentibus incidentibus dependentibus et connexis audiendum examinandum et rimandum usq, ad conclusionem in hac parte de jure fiendam et extunc de et

super meritis et circumstantiis omnium præmissorum nos informandum primamq; relaçõem quid per nos de jure fieri et ordinari debeat in præmissis sc̄dm discretionem vobis à Deo datam nobis ministrandum et faciendum, vobis venerabilibus patribus antedc̄is de quorum fidelitate circumspectione et industria fiduciam gerimus specialem plenam tenore præsentium cõmittimus potestatem cum cujuslibet cohercõis legitima potestate. Damus insuper in mandatis omnibus et singulis fidelibus et ligeis ñris quod vobis venerabilibus patribus antedictis cõmissariis ñris sint in præmissis intendentes consulentes auxiliantes et obediens in omnibus prout decet. In cujus rei testimonium, &c. Teste Rege apud Westm̄ 22 die Maij.

Per ip̄m Regem.

Quarta pars Patentium de anno p̄mo Henrici Quinti,

m. 23.

Rex venerabilibus patribus Henrico Archiep̄o Eboꝝ Angliæ De appellatione. Primati, Henrico Ep̄o Meneveñ, Ricardo Ep̄o Norwiceñ salm̄. Sciatis quod in quadam causa armorum inter Dñm Reginaldum de Grey Dñm de Ruthyn partem prosequentem ex parte una, et Dñm Edwardum Hastings militem partem defendentem ex altera in Curia Militari nuper pendente, prædc̄s Dñs Edwardus asserens se ex non cognitione discussione et indeterminaçõe cujusdam materiæ in dicta Curia Militari per ip̄m judicialiter propositæ. Necnon, &c. (*as in the preceding instrument.*) In cujus, &c. T. R. apud Westm̄ 22º die Novẽbris.

Per ip̄m Regem.

Tertia pars Patentium de anno secundo Henrici Quinti, m. 15.

Rex dilectis sibi Johanni Eylmere legum doctori et magistro De appellatione. Roberto Neel in legibus bacallario salutem. Sciatis quod cum in quadam causa armorum inter Reginaldum de Grey de Ruthyn militem partem prosequentem ex parte una et Edwardum Hastings militem partem defendentem ex altera in Curia Militari nuper pendente prædictus Edwardus asserens se ex non cognitione indiscussione et indeterminatione cujusdam materiæ criminalis subtractionem certorum munimentorum prædicti Edwardi ut asseruit concernentis in dicta Curia Militari per ipsum Edwardum judicialiter propositæ, necnon ex quadam sententia diffinitiva et ex

pensarum condemnatione pro parte præfati Reginaldi et contra prædictum Edwardum in eadem Curia postmodum lata et promulgata indebite prægravari, ab eisdem gravaminibus et sententia diffinitiva ad audientiam carissimi domini et patris nostri Henrici nuper Regis Angliæ appellaverit ut dicitur, ipsoque domino nostro Rege et patre subsequenter ut Deo placuit vita functo, præfati Reginaldus et Edwardus nobis humiliter supplicaverint quatenus de et super præmissis justitiæ complementum eis impendere dignaremur. Nos igitur volentes partibus prædictis justitiam ministrare prout decet ad cognoscendum et procedendum ex integro et legitime in prædictis causis appellationum necnon in negotiis in hac parte principalibus prout dictaverit ordo juris necnon hujusmodi causas appellationum et negotia principalia secundum debitum juris ordinem et exigentiam cum suis emergentibus incidentibus dependentibus et connexis audiendum examinandum et rimandum ac fine debito terminandum vobis de quorum fidelitate circumspectione et industria fiduciam gerimus specialem plenam tenore præsentium committimus potestatem cum pænæ et multæ ac cujuslibet coheritionis legitimæ et quod decreveritis exequendi potestate. Damus autem universis et singulis subditis et ligeis nostris firmiter in mandatis quod vobis in præmissis faciendis et exequendis intendentes sint consulentes et auxiliantes prout decet. In cujus, &c. Teste Rege apud Westmonasterium vij. die Februarii.

Per ipsum Regem.







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