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THE AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE

EDITED BY
MRS. ELROY M. AVERY.

BUSINESS MANAGER:
MISS LILIAN LOCKWOOD.

VOL. XXX

January--June, 1907.



*Published by National Society, D. A. R.,
Washington, D. C.*

1906.

American Monthly Magazine

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Training Field Given by Oliver Carter to Leominster, Massachusetts, in 1754.

American Monthly Magazine

VOL. XXX. WASHINGTON, D. C., JANUARY, 1907. No. 1.

A DAY IN OLD BENNINGTON.

Bennington Centre, where stands the beautiful "Battle Monument," is a village of three hundred inhabitants and neither omnibus, trolley, nor shops are in evidence in this historic spot. It nestles at the foot of Mount Anthony, 2,700 feet high, overlooks the thriving village of Bennington, a mile away, and commands an extensive view of the valley of the Walloomsac and the chain of the Green Mountains.

It is rich with historical associations, for here the State of Vermont was born. The Walloomsac Inn, built in 1766, was kept during the Revolution by Capt. Elijah Dewey. It is on an avenue as wide as Pennsylvania, called Monument, which terminates at the Monument Park. Opposite the inn is the old white meeting-house, with its historic burying-ground. In your walk to the monument, you pass the red brick academy, now used as a library. The site of the "Catamount Tavern," a famous inn of the Revolution, is now marked by a massive monument of granite, surmounted by a bronze catamount, facing the west, and grinning at New York in defiance of their land grants.

The site of the residence of Col. Ethan Allen is of interest as it was from there that he started to surprise and capture Ticonderoga.

We now reach the site of the "Continental Store-house," marked by the largest battle monument in the world—an obelisk, 37 feet square at the base, with a height of 308 feet. At the height of 200 feet is a band of hammered stone, making a landing and outlook. In the entrance hall, near the

iron staircase, is suspended an immense copper camp-kettle formed like a church bell inverted, captured at the surrender of Burgoyne. The ascent is easy and is made in the same manner as walking, by the peculiar construction of the staircase. It has a tread that has a rise of four inches and a run of sixteen inches; each tread being inclined one inch upward so that a person ascending, rises five inches with each step. It is copied from the staircase of the Farnese Palace at Rome, designed by Michael Angelo. It is constructed of a dolomite stone—grey-blue—in the shadow of the clouds it is dark but in the sun it is a mouse-gray. It never looks twice alike but changes with every phase of light.

It was built through the efforts of the Bennington Historical Society, which was formed in 1875, and in 1876 the Bennington Battle Monument Association was incorporated. The money was raised by appropriations from the general government, the states of Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Vermont and by general contributions. The corner-stone was laid 1887 and it was dedicated 1891 at the centennial of the admission of Vermont as a state. The dedication banquet was held in two tents and over 3,500 guests were seated with Benjamin Harrison, president of the United States, governors and distinguished guests. Senator Alger responded to the toast "The Women of Vermont" most appropriately, as his wife was a daughter of that state.

This site on the bluff was selected for its extensive views and its historic associations. It was to capture the supplies from this Continental store-house that Burgoyne ordered Baum to make the advance which led to the battle of Bennington, fought in New York, six miles away.

On the road which the army followed, stones are erected, giving the various points of interest. "Stark's Encampment," "Baum's Entrenchments" and on the camping-ground where Stark stood when he made his famous speech, is a granite monolith, five feet square, on which is inscribed—"Here are the Red-Coats, and they are ours or on this night Molly Stark sleeps a widow."

The old cemetery opposite Walloomsac Inn, was used before the Revolution, and so strongly does the feeling of the sons of Vermont turn to its clustered memories, that I saw, in process of construction, a massive mausoleum, now being built by Governor John McCullough. It is filled with quaint tombstones, and the historical society of Bennington, in 1898, erected a massive monument of Barre granite with these inscriptions,—“Around this stone lie buried many patriots who fell in the battle of Bennington, August 16th, 1777”—“Here, also rest British soldiers, Hessians, who died from wounds after the battle. As captives they were confined in the first meeting-house built in Vermont, which stood on the green west of the burying-ground.”

It was to this meeting-house, built 1763, that the Hessian prisoners were marching when the landlord of the Catamount Tavern, Capt. Stephen Fay, stepped out as they passed and with a gracious bow informed them that the dinner was ready, which their officers, confident of victory, had haughtily ordered by messenger the day before.

In this meeting-house the people met to give thanks for the victory of Ticonderoga, and Col. Ethan Allen and other officers returned to take part in the services. Here, too, the first legislature of Vermont held its session in 1778.

This meeting-house was replaced over 100 years ago by the one now standing where is held the annual celebration which ever since the battle has been observed as a partiotic holiday. I obtained the key to open the rusty lock from the vice-regent of the Bennington Chapter, Mrs. Blackmer, who has an attractive home adjoining. She showed me the beautiful silk flags, which had been presented to Bennington when the gun-boat *Bennington* went out of commission last year. The “Daughters” are the custodians of these flags and they were unfurled August 10th, on the anniversary of the “Battle” and the thirteenth of the founding of their chapter.

SARAH HALL JOHNSTON,
Compiler, Lineage Book.

ANTHONY WAYNE.

*By Mrs. Patti Thompson Scabaugh, Agnes Woodson Chapter, Belton,
Texas.*

If decision, promptness, and energy of character combined with sound judgment, correct principles, ardent patriotism, and faithful service merit distinction and a grateful record, no one is more entitled to them than the gallant Wayne.

He was born in Chester county, Pennsylvania, January 1st, 1745; descendant of an English farmer who had settled first in Ireland and later in Pennsylvania.

It has been said of General Wayne that he had "a constitutional attachment to the decision of the sword," and that "he and his soldiers were regularly fitted for close and stubborn action, hand to hand in the center of the army." This may be accounted for on very probable grounds: his grandfather had been a commander of dragoons at the battle of the Boyne and his father had distinguished himself in frequent conflicts with the Indians. Young Wayne had consequently "heard of battles and he longed to follow to the field some warlike chief."

Even at school his studies were neglected for military amusements and it was only the dread of being compelled to labor on his father's farm that diverted his attention to his proper studies. Still, notwithstanding his distaste for his early studies, he left Philadelphia academy, at the age of eighteen, a good mathematician and became a surveyor, turning his attention to engineering and astronomy and left some valuable manuscripts on those subjects.

In 1774 he was appointed one of the deputies to take into consideration the state of affairs between Great Britain and the colonies; he was a member of the Pennsylvania convention and a representative to the provincial legislature. The prospect of approaching war brought him into possession of his wishes: a military command. He was commissioned

colonel of a Pennsylvania regiment June 7th, 1776, and was attached to the army under General John Thomas.

At Germantown he signalized himself by his bravery in action and prudence in retreat; he was twice wounded and had his horse shot under him. He directed with efficiency the foraging for the army at Valley Forge in the winter of 1777-1778 and brought in great spoil of horses, cattle and miscellaneous supplies from within the enemy's lines. It was in consequence of this success that Major Andre composed a song to the tune of "Yankee Doodle," the concluding stanza of which runs thus:

"But now I end my lyric strain,
I tremble while I show it,
Lest this same warrior-drover Wayne
Should ever catch the poet."

The unfortunate poet's fate has changed his mock-heroic to a tragic strain, for when captured, he was delivered to Wayne at Tappan.

The occasion on which Wayne next distinguished himself was the attack of Stony Point. This had been taken not long before by Sir Henry Clinton. General Washington thought its recovery of great moment and planned an expedition against it, the command of which he entrusted to Wayne. The place was defended by heavy guns and a garrison of six hundred men. The hour of midnight was fixed on for the assault. "Not a dog barked, for every one in the neighborhood had been privately destroyed beforehand." The British sentinels were seized and so well had the whole affair been conducted that they were close upon the outworks before they were discovered. The victory was complete; not a gun had been fired by the assailants. The bayonet had done its silent, deadly work. No event of the war stands out with a more brilliant light.

In the attack Wayne was wounded by a musket ball which grazed the skull; he fell, but instantly rising on one knee he exclaimed: "Forward my brave fellows, forward!" supposing himself to be mortally wounded, however, he requested his

aids to assist him that he might die in the fort. For this exploit he received the thanks of congress and a gold medal.

Wayne was then sent to Virginia where he served with Lafayette; he was present at the siege of Yorktown and contributed to the happy termination of the war. He was then dispatched to Georgia. The protection afforded by his force enabled the governor and council of that state to again establish civil authority. In 1783 he was brevetted major-general. The state of Georgia testified its gratitude by the present of an estate immediately in the neighborhood of one given his friend, General Greene.

He was representative in congress from Georgia, 1791-1792; was appointed general-in-chief of the United States army in 1792. He took command of the army in the west and in two vigorous campaigns broke the power of the Indian tribes.

The next year saw the termination of this useful and honorable life. On the way back to his farm at Waynesboro, he died of gout in a hut at Erie. A monument was erected to him at Waynesboro.

General Wayne was possessed of a commanding presence, pleasing address, and daring bravery. He was excellent in discipline, unrivalled in enterprise, and was always held in high respect by his companions in arms.

YORKTOWN.

O daughters of heroic sires,
Come stand on Yorktown's sacred plain,
And read its story once again.

'Twas here young Mansfield led the van,
And, shouting, gained the parapet,
Though pierced by British bayonet.

And here Sireuil, dark-eyed boy
From out the sunny land of France,
Fell, three times pierced by ball and lance.

'Twas here brave Olney, wounded twice,
Contrived the bristling works to gain,
With half a hundred in his train,

While allies and Americans
Vied with each other in the strife,
And purchased victory with life.

Here Freedom twined a double wreath,
For the white lilies from afar,
And the young flag of stripe and star.

And a new nation sprang to life,
And without faltering or fear
That day began its great career.

O daughters of heroic sires,
Here where the missiles thickest flew,
Come let us pledge ourselves anew,

To lend our influence to train
Among the sordid sons of men,
A nobler grade of citizen;

More earnestly to do our part
To lift the nation born that day
Into a larger liberty;

To free it from the crime of greed,
To teach and train it to resist
The grasp of the monopolist.

To make it an uplifting force,
The mightiest in all the earth,
To save from ignorance and dearth;

A nation that shall lead the way
To human happiness and good,
And universal brotherhood.

—LUCY E. WOODWELL.

THE OFFICERS OF THE NATIONAL SOCIETY OF THE
DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION.

MISS ELISABETH FRANCES PIERCE, RECORDING SECRETARY GENERAL.

Miss Elisabeth Frances Pierce, born in Boston, now of Washington, District of Columbia, was regent of the Consti-



Miss Elisabeth Frances Pierce.

tution Chapter in Washington, District of Columbia, when called to the position she now so graciously and effectively fills.

Miss Pierce receives her right of place among the Daughters through her mother, Mary Fletcher Horton Pierce, who by both her parents was of Massachusetts Revolutionary stock.

The self-conscious, assertive integrity of the Boston Puritan, and the gentle sentiment and patient endurance of the Old Colony Pilgrim were united in Jotham Horton and Judith Delano, her maternal ancestors. They are blended in their granddaughter, Elisabeth.

The ample comforts of a Boston home, the culture of schools and of music and art and travel and social life have adorned her religious faith and activity. Patriotic service to her glows with religious fervor. To her patriotism is such a loving sense of the unity and the vitality of the national life as will lead one gladly to obey the law, to guard its dignity, to aid in its enforcement, to exercise a noble self-restraint, to cultivate civic virtues and political wisdom, to sacrifice, to suffer, and, if needs be, to die for the country.

MRS. CHARLES H. DEERE, VICE-PRESIDENT GENERAL, ILLINOIS.

Of colonial ancestors, Mrs. Deere has record of sixty-five, who were Founders and Patriots and Fighters in the Indian wars. Six of their descendants marched at the first alarm at Lexington.

Colonel Moses Little was in command of the Newbury soldiers in the expedition against Louisbourg, in 1758. At the opening of the war of the Revolution he was over fifty years of age. Upon the first tidings of the encounter at Lexington, he marched with his company to the American headquarters at Cambridge. At the battle of Bunker Hill he led three of his companies across Charleston Neck under a severe fire from the British batteries, and ships of war, reached the scene of action before the first charge of the enemy, and was present throughout the entire engagement. His men were posted in different places, a part at the redoubt, a part at the breastworks, and some at the rail fence. A fourth company of his regiment came upon the hill after the battle began. Forty of his regiment were killed or wounded.



Mrs. Charles H. Deere, Vice-President General, Illinois.

He was officer of the day when Washington took command of the army, and afterwards became personally acquainted with his commander-in-chief, who held him in high esteem.

He went with the army to New York after the evacuation of Boston, and was present at the disastrous battle of Long Island. He held command at Fort Greene, near the center of the American lines, before the engagement, and during it was stationed at the Flatbush Pass. He also took part in the battle of Harlem Heights. During the winter he was in command of an important encampment at the latter place, but in the spring of 1777 was forced to return home on account of ill-health. Two years later he declined for the same reason the commission of brigadier-general and the command of an expedition raised by the commonwealth of Massachusetts to dislodge the enemy from their position on the Penobscot.

Captain William Bailey, Lieut. Amos Atkinson, Josiah Little, Gideon Dickinson and Edward Toppan, all of whom fought in the battle of Lexington, served faithfully their country during the entire war.

HARRIET BARNES NEWBERRY, VICE-PRESIDENT GENERAL, MICHIGAN.

Among the members actively working in the organization, we are glad to count Harriet Barnes Newberry—better known, perhaps, as Mrs. Truman Handy Newberry—wife of the assistant secretary of the navy.

As vice-president general, she represents the state of Michigan in the deliberations of the National Board; and assists in the work of three important committees—the Continental Hall, the executive and the finance.

Mrs. Newberry may fairly be called a representative woman; for through her mother's family, the Richardsons, she is allied with nearly every influential family in New England—Prescott, Sawyer, Wilder, Phelps, Stearns, Sheldon, and many others, which stand for the sterling qualities which have made for the prosperity of the land. Of those with whose record this society especially concerns itself, Elijah Stearns.

William Phelps, Amos Morris, Timothy Burr, Thomas Bliss and Luke Richardson, stand as exponents of the time when men broke bonds of custom and kinship, and gave all they possessed for liberty. In the formative period, which led up to this time, we find in the ramifications of the Richardson line, hosts of distinguished names, among them Richard and Robert Treat, both governors of Connecticut Colony; John Webster, another of Connecticut's governors, and Thomas Dudley, four times governor of Massachusetts Bay Colony, and then created councillor for life, an honor shared only by Governors Winthrop and Endicott.

For patriotism, for integrity, for inspiration, these demand of us that we shall live, so far as in us lie, along the lines they have so clearly marked out for those who should come after.

MRS. A. E. HENEBERGER VICE-PRESIDENT GENERAL, VIRGINIA.

Mrs. Heneberger, vice-president general of the Daughters of the American Revolution for Virginia, is a native of Staunton, Virginia; since her marriage a resident of Harrisonburg, Virginia, and a charter member of the Massanutton Chapter of Virginia Daughters, which she was serving as regent when elected vice-president of the National Society in 1904.

To this office she was re-elected at the last congress. Mrs. Heneberger is also a member of the Continental Memorial Hall committee, for which work she has put forth extra effort. Another society in which she is particularly interested is the Pocahontas Memorial Association. She is also a member of the Jamestown exposition committee and of the Association for the Preservation of Virginia Antiquities. She was vice-president of the board of managers of the Atlanta exposition, and served on the Virginia auxiliary board of managers for the Columbian exposition in Chicago.

Mrs. Heneberger entered the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution through the services of her great-grandfather, Colonel John Bailey, of Hanover, Massachusetts,

who commanded the Second Massachusetts regiment during the Revolutionary War, a noted patriot and father of patriots.

Among her Colonial ancestors were the Prestons, of Connecticut. William Preston (who was a great-grandson of Sir George Preston of Perth, Scotland) signed the fundamental agreement between the colonies in January, 1639, and his son, Hon. Wm. Preston who was thirty-five times member of the general court of Connecticut and judge of the then new county of Litchfield.

MRS. THEODORE C. BATES, VICE-PRESIDENT GENERAL, MASSACHUSETTS.

Mrs. Theodore C. Bates is a native of Massachusetts. She is of English and Scotch descent, through five lines of ancestors, who distinguished themselves in the Revolutionary War.



Mrs. Theodore C. Bates, Vice-President General, Massachusetts.

It is interesting that these five of her ancestors were musicians. She was born in North Brookfield, Massachusetts, graduated

at the Oread Institute at Worcester, married Hon. Theodore C. Bates, a successful manufacturer in Worcester, now retired.

She has spent several years in Europe with her daughter, Mrs. Tryphosa Bates Batcheller, a well known singer and author. Mrs. Bates has been prominent for many years in church work, clubs, and social life, being a prominent member and officer of the Worcester Women's Club, a large and influential organization of seven hundred members.

She has been regent of the Colonel Timothy Bigelow Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution, one of the largest and most prosperous chapters in the state. Mrs. Bates is recognized as possessing great executive ability, which with amiable and tactful methods has made her many friends at home and abroad.

In April, 1906, she was elected vice-president general of the National Organization of the Daughters of the American Revolution, and the *Boston Transcript* says, "She has already made her influence felt in the national body at Washington."

REAL DAUGHTERS

MRS. LUCRETIA REED WOOD.

Mrs. Lucretia Reed Wood was born September 20, 1812, in the town of Augusta, New York. At the age of eighteen she married George Wood. Fourteen children were born to them, five of whom are now living.

In 1840 they moved to Michigan and lived in different sections of the country, finally settling at Watervliet, where Mr. Wood died. Mrs. Wood is now ninety-four years of age, and is living with her grandson, Arno Hall, at Watervliet, Michigan.

Mrs. Wood's father was David Reed who enlisted at the age of sixteen and served three years in the Revolutionary war. He claimed relationship to the famous Colonel Joseph Reed.



MRS. LUCRETIA REED WOOD.

Mrs. Reed is still in full possession of all her faculties and has lately become an honored member of the George Rogers Clark Chapter of Oak Park, Illinois.

For age is opportunity no less
Than youth itself, though in another dress,
And as the evening twilight fades away
The sky is filled with stars, invisible by day.—*Lowfellow.*

But an old age serene and bright,
And lovely as the Lapland night,
Shall lead thee to thy grave.—*Wadsworth.*

REVOLUTIONARY RECORDS

This department is intended for hitherto unpublished or practically inaccessible records of patriots of the War for American Independence, which records may be helpful to those desiring admission to the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution and to the registrars of chapters. Such data will be gladly received by the editor of this magazine.

EDITOR AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE: In looking over some old reports of the Treasurer of the United States, I came across the following names (scattered through reports from 1790 to 1849) of persons, under Paul Jones, who had received prize money at different times. As I believe there is no complete list of the men under him, I have classified this and forward it.

BELL M. DRAPER.

NOTE.—“Dec. in 1849” does not mean that the man died that year, but that in the treasurer’s report of that year, he is mentioned as “Deceased.”

BON HOMME RICHARD.

Brooke, Laurence (or Lawrence), dec. in 1838, ..	Surgeon.
Brussels, Joseph,	Boy.
Burbank, John, dec. before 1849,	Master-at-Arms.
Carrico, John, dec. in 1850,	Seaman.
Chase, Reuben, dec. in 1842,	Midshipman.
Dale, Richard, dec. in 1838,	1st Lieut. Austin Montgomery, sur- viving executor in 1848.
Earl (or Earth), William, dec. in 1854,	Seaman.
Fanning, Nathaniel, dec. in 1841,	Midshipman.
Fletcher, Samuel, dec. in 1849,	Seaman.
Gardner, Henry, dec. in 1849,	Gunner’s Mate.
Godwin, Aaron, dec. in 1849,	Seaman.
Goodwin, Aaron, dec. in 1838,	One of the crew.
Gunneson (or Gunnison), John, dec. in 1838, ..	One of the crew.
Gunnison, John, dec. before 1850,	Carpenter.

Hammet, Thomas, dec. in 1850,	Seaman.
Jones, John Paul, dec.,	Capt. Cont. Navy. Mrs. Frances E. Lawden, adx.
Jones, Thomas,	Seaman.
Kelby, John, dec. in 1849,	Seaman.
Kennard, Nathaniel, dec. in 1850,	Seaman.
Loley, Stephen, dec. in 1850,	Seaman.
Lord, Ichabod, dec. in 1851,	Carpenter's Mate.
Lunt, Cutting, dec. in 1838,	Lieut.
Lunt, Henry, dec. in 1842,	Lieut. Henry Lunt, adx.
McCaffery, John, dec. in 1850,	Seaman.
McKnight, Thomas, dec. in 1850,	Seaman.
Maytart, John, dec. in 1850,	Midshipman.
Middleton, Elijah, dec. in 1790,	Boy. Mary Morri- son, adx.
Perkins, Francis, dec. in 1849,	Seaman.
Prioley, Charles,	Seaman.
Russell, Daniel, dec. in 1850,	Steward.
Stacy, Samuel, dec. in 1838,	Sailing Master.
Stubbs, Benjamin, dec. in 1849,	Midshipman.
True, Jacob, dec. in 1852,	Gunner.
Wall, Gilbert, dec. in 1838,	One of the crew.
Wall, Gilbert, dec. in 1849,	Midshipman.
Wall, Richard, dec. in 1838,	One of the crew.
Wall, Richard, dec. in 1849,	Midshipman.
Wells, Jonathan, dec. in 1838,	Gunner.
Wells, Jonathan, dec. in 1849,	Gunner's mate.

NAME OF SHIP NOT GIVEN—SIMPLY "UNDER JOHN PAUL JONES."

Cesar, Elisha, dec. in 1791.

Physick, William, dec. in 1790. Margaret Hall, adx.

Stickney, John.

The following Revolutionary soldiers are buried in the old cemetery at Spencer, New York.—*Mary F. Hall.*

"John English died May 22, 1832, aged 77 years, 2 mos., 10 days. Lieutenant under General G. Washington."

"Rev. Asa Cummings departed September 5, 1836, aged 74 years." He was a Methodist minister.

STATE CONFERENCES.

New Hampshire State Conference.—A conference of the New Hampshire Daughters of the American Revolution was held at Concord, at the state house, on September 25. This conference was called that the Daughters in New Hampshire might all have the privilege and pleasure of meeting the president general, Mrs. Donald McLean, of New York, who came to New Hampshire for this occasion, as the guest of the state regent, Mrs. John McLane, of Milford.

That the Daughters appreciated the opportunity was shown by the large number present, fully 400 attending, seventeen of the nineteen chapters being represented by regent and members.

Mrs. McLean was received with great enthusiasm—the Daughters rising and greeting her with applause and waving handkerchiefs, as she entered the hall, escorted by Governor John McLane.

With the president general were Mrs. John McLane, state regent; Mr. C. Gale Shedd, of Keene, president of State Society of Sons of American Revolution, and Mrs. Henry E. Burnham, of Manchester, vice-president general of the Daughters of the American Revolution for New Hampshire. The state regent presided at the meeting and gave a charming welcome to Mrs. Donald McLean and the Daughters. She said in part, that the day was a red-letter one, as it was the first time in the history of the organization that its national leader had visited New Hampshire, that Mrs. McLean needed no introduction to any patriotic American audience, for she is known all over our land as a leader in all patriotic work, and is particularly dear to all Daughters for her unstinted labors in behalf of Continental Memorial Hall.

She then spoke of the allied interests of the Daughters and Sons of the American Revolution, and presented Mr. C. Gale Shedd to welcome the guest of the day in behalf of the latter organization. He was followed by Governor McLane, who

gave a cordial welcome from the state to the president general, and paid a glowing tribute to the New Hampshire men who served in the Revolutionary war.

Mrs. Donald McLean, the president general, was the next speaker and was again greeted by a rising audience.

Mrs. McLean said she had never received a warmer welcome than here, and she was deeply grateful for it. She referred humorously to the McLane clan, one of whose representatives, the governor of New Hampshire, she claimed as the full fruition of American environment upon Scottish lineage.

To the Sons she paid her respects and voiced her gratitude for their courtesy. The president general said that the last year had been one of real progress among the Daughters. Continental Hall is the project nearest to all Daughters' hearts. It is a tremendous undertaking and she appealed to New Hampshire to continue its interest in this unique memorial and to keep in motion the stream of her contributions to the building fund. More than a quarter of a million dollars have been raised and spent on the hall, and the work is about half done. She said: "I am not here to-day to beg, for I already owe you much for your loving welcome, but I do want to stimulate your personal interest in Continental Hall, which you own and in which your ancestors are tenderly remembered."

Mrs. McLean spoke further on patriotic work, in the schools and with the masses; on the child labor question; on the work among the illiterate whites in the mountains of the South, and bespoke a loyal sympathy and help for all "Real Daughters."

An informal reception followed, and all Daughters were presented to Mrs. Donald McLean and Mrs. John McLane. The president general, the state regent, the vice-state regent, Mrs. Frederick J. Shepard, of Derry, and the chapter regents, were entertained at luncheon at the Wonolancit club by the Rumford Chapter, of Concord, Mrs. James Minot, regent.

Much credit is due the state regent, Mrs. John McLane, and the members of the Rumford Chapter, Mrs. Minot, regent,

for the perfection of the arrangements for this meeting, which has aroused much interest all over the state.—HARRIET E. KALEY, *Secretary*.

Vermont State Conference—The first session of the seventh annual conference of the Vermont chapters of the Daughters of the American Revolution was held Wednesday, September 26, at Burlington. About 75 members were present, including the delegates and regents. The meeting was called to order by the state regent, Mrs. F. Stewart Stranahan, of St. Albans.

The first business before the meeting was the reading of the reports of the secretary and treasurer. The secretary's report, read by Mrs. J. H. Mimms, of St. Albans, contained the minutes of the conference at Montpelier, held on October 3, 1905. At that time the state chapter was presented with an American flag by the Bellevue Chapter, of St. Albans. It was also voted at that convention that a marker be placed on the camping-ground of Seth Warner and Remember Baker at Isle La Motte. Nine chapters were represented at the meeting. The report was adopted.

Mrs. Wallace C. Clement, of Rutland, as treasurer, reported. This report was also accepted with thanks.

Next upon the program was the roll call of the chapters with a two-minute report from each. The report of the Green Mountain Chapter, of Burlington, showed an increase of two members since last year, the total membership being 53.

From the Bennington Chapter the holding of many literary and musical entertainments was reported, among which was a most successful Colonial ball. The membership is 64, of which number 10 are new members. The chapter is 13 years old.

In the Lake Dunmore Chapter, of Brandon, the study of the early history of the United States has been taken up with both interest and success. The chapter has marked the Green Mountain boys' cave by placing a suitable tablet in the cave. It has 25 members.

There are 99 members in the Brattleboro Chapter, one of which is 102 years old, and a granddaughter of Jonas Allen, of Bunker Hill fame. Her name is Mrs. Ruth Allen Smith.

The Ormsbee Chapter, of Manchester, reports a membership of 14, and has taken in three new members during the past year.

In the Marquis de Lafayette Chapter, of Montpelier, there are 87 members. Two members have been added and three have withdrawn.

At Poultney the Heber Allen Chapter has a membership of 33, three of whom were taken in within a year. This chapter has set aside a day as "Foremothers' Day."

The Ann Story Chapter, of Rutland, showed a membership of 95 and a most prosperous and active year.

The Bellevue Chapter, of St. Albans, has a membership of 62. It intends to place markers in several historical places about St. Albans during the next year.

The Seth Warner Chapter, of Vergennes, has 20 members. During the past year they have taken up the study of the discovery and history of Lake Champlain. It is their purpose within a year to present a flag to Vergennes, the third oldest city in New England.

The Thomas Chittenden Chapter, of White River Junction, has a membership of 12.

The Hand's Cove Chapter, of Shoreham, has placed a tablet to mark the place of departure of Ethan Allen when he started for Fort Ticonderoga, and the society now owns the land upon which the tablet is placed. The chapter has a membership of 56.

At the close of these reports a gavel was presented to the society, as a gift from Mrs. D. W. Clark. It was made from the timber of the bridge connecting Mount Independence and Fort Ticonderoga.

After the state regent had read her report, Mrs. Abigail J. H. Dyer read the report of the committee chosen to attend to the placing of a tablet at Isle La Motte. Her report showed that \$96.10 has already been raised by subscription for the purpose.

In accordance with a suggestion received from the Sons of the American Revolution it was decided advisable that the two societies combine in the placing of this marker to the memory

of Seth Warner and Remember Baker. The following committee were appointed by the state regent to consult the brother society: Mrs. Dyer, Mrs. Buxton and Mrs. Fisk. At this time the society expressed their gratitude to ex-Lieutenant-Governor Fisk, of Isle La Motte, for the aid he has given toward the enterprise in hand. Flag day was suggested as a proper day for the placing of the marker.

The meeting proceeded to the election of officers, as follows: Mrs. Clayton North, of Shoreham, was nominated for state regent; vice-regent, Mrs. Julius J. Estey, of Brattleboro; treasurer, Mrs. J. G. Hindes, of Vergennes; secretary, Mrs. J. H. Mimms, of St. Albans; chaplain, Mrs. L. B. Lord, of Burlington; historian, Miss Emily Moore, of Rutland.

A reception was held at the Masonic Temple hall in the evening. The reception committee was composed of Miss Jennie Stacy, of Burlington, regent of the Green Mountain Chapter; Mrs. F. Stewart Stranahan, of St. Albans, regent of Vermont; Mrs. Donald McLean, president general of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution; Mrs. Mary Lockwood, of Washington, assistant historian general; Mrs. Julius J. Estey, of Brattleboro, vice-president general from Vermont; Mrs. R. J. Barker, vice-president general from Rhode Island; Mrs. Governor McLane, regent of New Hampshire; Mrs. C. N. North, of the Hands Cove Chapter, vice-regent of Vermont; Mrs. Governor Bell, Mrs. L. B. Lord, acting chaplain and chaplain-elect of Vermont, and Mrs. Dr. B. J. Andrews.

A public meeting in connection with the annual conference was held Thursday afternoon. Copies of the "Star Spangled Banner" were given to all those present. These copies were furnished to the society by the Vermont Society of the United States Daughters of 1812.

Miss Jennie Stacy, of this city, welcomed the conference on behalf of Green Mountain Chapter. She mentioned the fact that this was the first time that the Vermont society had been honored by the attendance of the national officers. During her address she spoke of the common tie which should and

did bind those who came under the denomination of Daughters of the American Revolution.

In response Mrs. C. N. North, state vice-regent, expressed her gratitude for the cordial welcome which the state society had received in this beautiful city.

Mrs. M. J. Francisco's response was written entirely in verse. It set forth a hearty welcome to the Queen City, then dwelt upon the achievements of the Green Mountain boys, and finally took up a portion of the life of Ethan Allen.

The principal speaker of the day was Mrs. Donald McLean, president-general of the national society. Her address on the Continental Hall was most interesting. She held the wrapt attention of the audience with her display of both wit and eloquence of a more serious strain. She spoke humorously of the idea suggested by the state vice-regent, that Vermont so successfully resisted both the colonies and England, yielding only from her own sweet will, and hoped that the same spirit would now direct the Daughters of Vermont to finish the building which has been started by the Daughters of the original Thirteen Colonies. Her praise for Vermont and its Daughters was enthusiastic.

Greetings from the guests were presented by Mrs. Mary L. Lockwood, assistant historian general of the national society, and Mrs. R. J. Barker, vice-president general from Rhode Island.

Mrs. Julius J. Estey was the next speaker. Mrs. Estey stated that she would leave "Continental Hall" as the one thought of her remarks.

In behalf of New Hampshire, Mrs. John McLane made a few remarks. She mentioned that Vermont's sister state had 19 chapters of the society, which is the exact number of the Vermont chapters, and declared herself pleased to be entertained in a city so historical and beautiful as Burlington.

Many distinguished guests representing other patriotic societies were in attendance and the conference was in every respect pleasant and profitable.

Indiana State Conference—The sixth Indiana state conference, Daughters of the American Revolution, was held at

Madison, with the John Paul Chapter, October 9, 10 and 11. Mrs. Charles Warren Fairbanks, honorary president general, and Mrs. James M. Fowler, honorary state regent, were among the distinguished visitors.

On the afternoon of the 9th a boat ride up the Ohio was an enjoyable feature. In the evening the opening session of the conference was held in the Elks' assembly hall, Mrs. William A. Guthrie, Indiana state regent, presiding. After the invocation and a musical number, the visitors were cordially welcomed in an address by Mrs. M. C. Garber, regent, John Paul Chapter. Mrs. Nathan Sparks, the state vice-regent, responded, and short talks were given by Mrs. Fairbanks and Mrs. Fowler. Mrs. Guthrie talked of the state work, and reported two new chapters since her election as state regent, last April. After a musical number, an informal reception was held.

On the morning of the tenth, after the Lord's Prayer, and the singing of "America" by the conference, the roll call of chapters was in order, sixteen out of twenty-five chapters in the state being represented. Following this was a report of the Fifteenth Continental Congress, after which a strong plea was made for the encouragement of patriotic education, and a committee for this work in the state was appointed by the chair. After a delightful luncheon, the reports on chapter work were given by the chapter regents. These showed a prosperous condition in the organization throughout the state. A discussion of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE and its value to the individual and the chapter, as well as to the society as a whole, closed the work of the afternoon, and the conference adjourned to visit various points of interest in and near Madison. In the evening the state regent, who organized and is a member of the John Paul Chapter, was the hostess at a very delightful reception tendered the visitors.

On the morning of the eleventh, much business was transacted. Mrs. James M. Fowler was unanimously chosen to be Indiana's candidate for vice-president general at the Continental Congress of 1907. Much enthusiasm was shown, as Mrs. Fowler has endeared herself to all Indiana Daughters,

and her work speaks for itself, she having organized fourteen chapters in her six years' state regency. The 11th of October being the day on which the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution was organized, Mrs. Fairbanks made the anniversary address. Reports were given by the state treasurer, state historian and chairman of the Children of the American Revolution in Indiana. Resolutions of sympathy were sent the Indiana Daughters on whom the hand of affliction has fallen. A letter was read from the president general, Mrs. Donald McLean, regretting that she could not accept the invitation of the Indiana Daughters, to be with them at the state meeting. The conference accepted the cordial invitation of Bloomington Chapter to meet in Bloomington on the eighth, ninth, and tenth of next October. The 1906 meeting, which was a most delightful affair, closed with the election of the following state officers: Mrs. William A. Guthrie, Dupont, was nominated as regent; vice-regent, Mrs. Nathan Sparks, Jeffersonville; treasurer, Miss Mary Cardwill, New Albany; secretary, Mrs. Otto Rott, Bloomington.—**Mrs. OTTO ROTT, Secretary.**

Texas State Conference.—The seventh annual conference of the Daughters of the American Revolution met by invitation of the Weatherford Chapter in the city of Weatherford on Thursday, November 1, under most auspicious circumstances. Delegates and visitors to the conference, together with the members of the local chapter, were entertained at luncheon at high noon, in the residence of Mrs. W. D. Taylor, regent of the Weatherford Chapter.

The conference convened at 2 p. m. in the First Methodist Church and was called to order by the state regent, Mrs. Seabrook W. Sydnor.

Mrs. W. D. Taylor, regent of the Weatherford Chapter, gave a most cordial and charming address of welcome.

Mrs. B. G. Bidwell followed in a beautiful welcome from the Twentieth Century Club, and his honor, Mayor Henry Miller threw open the gates of the city and handed the Daughters the keys thereof, in elegant, well chosen language.

These hearty welcomes to the beautiful city of high hills and picturesque valleys, were happily and gracefully responded to by Mrs. E. F. Harris, regent George Washington Chapter of Galveston; Mrs. A. R. Howard, regent William Finley Chapter of Palestine; Mrs. A. D. Potts, regent Agnes Woodson Chapter of Belton, and Mrs. Sterling C. Robertson, vice-regent Henry Downs Chapter of Waco.

After music by the Ladies' Chorus Club, under the able leadership of Mrs. E. M. Lanham, the regular business of the meeting was taken up.

Reports of the state officers and various committees occupied the time until adjournment.

Regents' evening was held in the Elks' club rooms, appropriately decorated for the occasion. Chrysanthemums, queen of fair flowers, vieing with the national colors in the reception suite.

Mrs. H. P. Robertson, of Belton, presided. The program opened with the singing of "America" by the audience, after which an interesting paper was read by Mrs. Ira H. Evans, vice-president general of Texas.

Mrs. Huling P. Robertson favored the audience by singing the "American Flag" to the air of "The Bonnie Blue Flag."

Mrs. Seabrook W. Sydnor, state regent, gave a comprehensive address on the Continental Memorial Hall, now nearing completion and which is the most costly and imposing memorial building ever erected by women.

Next came a solo by Mrs. Lanham.

Miss Lucile Cotton followed with a reading.

The program being ended, an informal and very pleasant reception was held, during which the Fourth Regiment Band furnished choice music.

Friday morning session was called to order at 9.30.

The usual memorial service was held, a touching and beautiful address being read by Mrs. A. R. Foat. Appropriate music was rendered by the church choir and a beautiful solo by Mrs. Boone.

The corresponding secretary was directed by the conference to send the following resolution to Mrs. Donald McLean, president general:

Be it resolved, That the Texas state conference, Daughters of the American Revolution, indorse the splendid administration of Mrs. Donald McLean as president general and favor her re-election to that office next April.

Plans for receiving the president general when she shall find it agreeable to accept the invitation heretofore extended to her by our vice-president general and state regent to visit Texas, were discussed and much interest in the visit was shown by the delegates from all parts of the state, each one of whom hopes to meet her upon that happy occasion.

Then followed the election of officers, with this result:

Mrs. Seabrook W. Sydnor, state regent, nominated for re-election by delegates at Washington April next.

Mrs. John F. Swayne, of Fort Worth, elected vice-state regent.

Mrs. B. G. Bidwell, of Weatherford, recording secretary.

Miss Anne E. Yocum, of Houston, re-elected corresponding secretary.

Miss Florence Stratton, of Beaumont, registrar.

Mrs. W. V. Galbreath, re-elected treasurer.

Mrs. Mary Hunt Affleck, of Brenham, historian.

Mrs. Cornelia Branch Stone, of Galveston, chaplain.

Afternoon session was called at 1.30. Reports of chapters were finished, which showed a flourishing and satisfactory condition of the chapters, with the addition of three new ones, bringing the number of Texas chapters up to fifteen.

The seventh annual conference, Texas Daughters of the American Revolution, adjourned at 3 p. m. to meet in Austin, November next.—ANNE E. YOCUM, *State Corresponding Secretary*.

Tennessee State Conference.—Miss Mary Boyce Temple, Tennessee's state regent, called an informal conference of the Daughters of the American Revolution to meet in Nashville on Knoxville day of the state fair. This brought together a brilliant assemblage of women from over the state.

After an invocation by Mrs. Lucy H. Horton, Mrs. G. H. Spencer in felicitous terms made an address of welcome to which Miss Temple responded.

Many brief talks were made covering a wide range of topics, showing how varied is patriotic endeavor by the Daughters of the American Revolution of Tennessee. Miss Susie Gentry vice-state regent urged the establishment of a reciprocity bureau for the interchange of historical papers. Mrs. Jno. Mosby, state treasurer, spoke regarding the need of a suitable year book. This was also advocated by Mrs. Jas. S. Pilcher. Mrs. Lucy H. Horton, state historian, thought that the history of this organization and its work should be filed in the state archives. She expressed a wish that the Memphis chapters might make a replica in Riverside Park, of Fort Prud'homme built by La Salle at this place in 1682. She being also chairman of commission on immigration and naturalization of foreigners made a brief appeal for patriotic education. Mrs. E. S. Gardner, Jr., formerly state vice-regent, made an interesting talk on patriotic education. She told of fine work done by the Daughters of the American Revolution in Cincinnati among immigrants. There the "School City" had been inaugurated in the public schools, where boys were taught municipal government. Mrs. Jas. S. Pilcher warmly urged a furtherance of this work in Tennessee. Building a monument at Nashville, to Revolutionary soldiers buried in Tennessee soil was the suggestion of Mrs. Pilcher during her state regency. Miss Lizzie Atchison is chairman of this monument committee, and she spoke hopefully of the progress of her work.

Miss Mary E. Hunt, our newly elected state secretary, made a fine impression on the conference.

Miss Temple, in her president's address, spoke eloquently of many lines of work she had projected—of the formation of Junior Citizens' clubs in the schools and in the slums. She spoke of Continental Hall, the completion of which lies close to the heart of all Daughters of the American Revolution, and of the prize of a handsome loving cup offered by Mrs. T. J. Latham to the individual in the state raising the largest amount of money for this purpose. She urged the giving of prizes in schools for excellent historical essays. She solicited interest in the Jamestown Exposition. She advocated a larger circulation of our national organ, the AMERICAN MONTHLY

MAGAZINE. Mrs. Geo. H. Fell also spoke of the great good that might come to members of our order by keeping more intimately in touch with its workings through the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE. She spoke too of civic improvement. We will say, by way of parenthesis, that this last under her supervision is bearing fruit in the beautifying of towns over the state.

Mrs. Benton McMillan, president of the Tennessee Federation of Woman's Clubs, plead eloquently for coöperation in all philanthropic and educational work, giving us as motto the three C's—consecration, concentration, coöperation.

After the conference adjourned the ladies attended the celebration of Knoxville day at the state fair over which Miss Temple presided. Back of her rostrum hung the Daughters of the American Revolution banner which is soon to be presented by the Daughters of the American Revolution of the state to the armored cruiser *Tennessee*. Mrs. Horton, chairman of committee to get up the banner stated the fact that we found a precedent in the Daughters of the American Revolution of Maine presenting a similar banner to the battle-ship *Maine*.

Later the conference became guests at tea of the Knoxville state fair commissioners.—LUCY HENDERSON HORTON, *State Historian*.

Iowa State Conference.—Iowa state conference was held at Iowa City, October 26. A record of the work of the chapters for the past years was given in a full and interesting report read by the state historian, Mrs. Cate Gilbert Wells. The report was in part as follows:

Reviewing the chapter work of the state, the outlook appears particularly encouraging. Reports show the study of American history to be almost universal, and social fellowship seems to prevail throughout the state.

At the national congress of the Daughters of the American Revolution in April, Mrs. Rowena Edson Stevens was given the compliment of re-election to the office of state regent. At this time our vice-state regent, Mrs. Bushnell, retired to dignify the office of vice-president general. Miss Shaw, of Anamosa, became vice-state regent, and Mrs. Daphne Peabody Edwards assumed the office of registrar, in lieu

of Mrs. Montgomery, resigned. A new register has recently been published, showing able work on the part of its compilers; giving, as it does, the ancestry of individual members of thirty chapters and many additional Daughters of the American Revolution at large.

A tablet placed by the Stars and Stripes Chapter in 1905, the one-hundredth anniversary year of the first unfurling on the Flint Hills of the Stars and Stripes by Zebulon Pike (then a young lieutenant), was transferred to an Iowa boulder and formally dedicated, together with a twenty-foot flag presented to the park by the Stars and Stripes Chapter, on Flag day, 1906.

Decoration day, 1906, witnessed the impressive ceremonial of the unveiling and dedication of a fine granite monument to the memory of John Morgan, soldier of the American Revolution, gift of the state of Iowa, aided by the Stars and Stripes Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution and the Grand Army of the Republic.

Nine members were added to the chapter during the year. Washington's birthday and Flag day were honored,

Lineage Books and the national Daughters of the American Revolution organ have been given to the library. A quota has been added to the Continental Hall fund, with the promise of help in furnishing an Iowa room.

This chapter will be identified with the Keokuk Chapter in the exercises that will be held at the dedication of a monument to the Revolutionary soldier, George Perkins; when Miss Molly Cruikshank, of Fort Madison, descendant of said Revolutionary soldier, will assist at the unveiling.

Fort Madison, too, reveres the name of Zebulon Pike and legitimately, for to him is attributed the laying out of the fort there in 1807. The regent of the chapter commented upon her participation in the Pike celebration, held the week of September 23, at Colorado Springs, and on her interest in the boulder transferred from the summit of Pike's Peak to Antler's Park, where it commands conspicuous attention—its four tablets rehearsing the history of the peak's illustrious discoverer.

Boone has two chapters of earnest workers, doubtless inspired by the state regent's presence. To the zeal of this officer is due the honor of bringing to the west our national president, Mrs. Donald McLean. Boone Chapter has prefaced its name with Daniel this year in further tribute to this notable pioneer. Forty-three members (and four prospective) compose this chapter which cares for a room in the hospital, gives the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE to the library, celebrates Washington's birthday and Flag day.

Carroll reports that the Priscilla Alden Chapter is growing vigorously; an infant last year, the chapter has already become of age, as it now numbers twenty-one members. This year's contribution to the Continental Hall is ten dollars.

The Iowa Daughters welcome their youngest chapter, that of Cedar Falls, christened Black Hawk Chapter, on its organization, January, 1906, with seventeen members enrolled.

The Elizabeth Ross Chapter, Ottumwa, shows a healthy growth with a membership of forty-nine; sixteen of whom were added this year. Washington's birthday and Flag day are notable in Ottumwa.

Cedar Rapids sends word that Ashley Chapter is made up of twenty-three members and this year sent \$16.25 to Continental Hall fund. A feature of the Washington's birthday celebration was the reading of Eugene Field's "George's Birthday." On June 12th Cedar Rapids celebrated her semi-centennial, at which Ashley Chapter furnished an illustration of early Colonial life.

De Shon Chapter, of Boone, maintains a room at the hospital, for the benefit of which a play was given at the home of the chapter historian. The membership of this chapter is forty-eight, with new members soon to be added. Twenty-five dollars is this year's gift to Continental Hall.

Another chapter to be proud of is that at Denison, which has grown to a membership of twenty-nine. On Flag day a handsome new flag was dedicated. The chapter will do its part toward furnishing a room in the Continental Hall.

Okamanpado Chapter, Estherville, besides celebrating Thanksgiving day with a fine program and a more material feast, gave a costume party Flag day, and with an entertainment and drill by the school children, made ten dollars for Continental Hall.

Dubuque Chapter is a fine, strong, working body, whose efforts have been exerted toward the history room in the library, where the Daughters of the American Revolution will soon place a fine large case for their relics and books already numbering eighty-six bound volumes besides pamphlets and magazines. The chapter forwarded a petition to Iowa's honored Senator Allison, requesting him to vote for the preservation of Niagara Falls.

Abigail Adams Chapter, of Des Moines, is Iowa's pride, as is appropriate to the state capital. The membership numbers one hundred and twenty-nine, fourteen of whom were added the past year. Fifty-eight dollars was the sum sent to Continental Hall, twenty-five dollars contributed to settlement work, with a balance in the treasury. The Washington reception was held at the home of the state treasurer, Mrs. Skinner.

Waterloo has a chapter of forty-five members. February 22 was celebrated with the Sons of the American Revolution. Two memorial etchings have been presented to the two respective Carnegie libraries. Money has been contributed to Continental Hall fund, and a pledge made to further the object of an Iowa room.

Marshalltown Chapter has responded to the request for donations

to several sister chapters. On Flag day Marshalltown was hostess to Boone Chapter.

From Letts came an interesting report from the Nehemiah Letts Chapter. The nineteen members scattered from the Atlantic to the Pacific, with only twelve resident members, this year sent nineteen dollars to Continental Hall and were represented at the national congress. On Decoration day the chapter followed the unique plan of decorating the graves of ancestors Nehemiah Letts and that of his son, David, also the grave of a "Real Daughter."

The Mary Brewster Chapter at Humboldt sent four dollars to Continental Hall. Work is done in conjunction with the old settlers' association toward obtaining authentic records in the county.

Red Oak offers medals to pupils of the high school for best essay on subjects assigned. February 22 and July 4 are celebrated.

Anamosa Chapter interests itself in the sanitarium, for which a fruit shower was given and thirty dollars this year forwarded to Continental Hall. In addition to this the chapter pledges one hundred dollars toward the furnishing of an Iowa room, conditional on the cooperation of Iowa Daughters.

The Clinton Chapter is progressive, having for its object the praiseworthy work of library improvement. To the Carnegie library this chapter has presented a Betsey Ross flag, attractively framed, a number of books, and is furnishing a room in the library. A donation has been made to the Spanish-American Nurses' Association.

The Marshalltown Spinning Wheel Chapter has a membership of twenty-four (three new), sent ten dollars last April to Continental Hall fund and made donation to a New Mexico chapter.

Martha Washington Chapter, Sioux City, has a noble object in the care of its "Real Daughter," Mrs. Nettleton, for the benefit of whom a social afternoon was held. Subject of study during the year was "The War of 1812." Annual Washington's birthday banquet included the Sons of the American Revolution, several of whom addressed the Daughters. Flag day was celebrated at one of the club houses situated on the bank of the beautiful Sioux river. In 1905 the chapter sent fifty dollars toward Continental Hall. In response to the state historian's request for a photograph of the noble Floyd shaft, the chapter sent a fine one, which is herewith presented to the historical society, Mr. Shambaugh, president—in accordance with whose suggestion your state historian began collection of photographs of historic landmarks for the state society. The collection of autographs of "Real Daughters" gathered by the writer will soon be forwarded to Curator Charles Aldrich to increase the autograph collection in the state historical building at Des Moines.

At Independence the Penelope Van Princess Chapter is composed of thirty members who meet monthly and study American history. They have a guest night and Flag day picnic, and entertained on Washing-

ton's birthday with a military whist party, sending as a result sixty dollars to Continental Hall fund, and giving five dollars to a flower bed toward municipal improvement.

From Fort Dodge comes the word that the chapter presented a flag staff to the schools of the city on Old Settlers' day. It is to mark the spot where the flag first floated over the fort, which is the beginning of the city, and the site chanced to be the high school.

Last but not least of the chapters reporting is Iowa City, whose open-handed hospitality the Mississippi valley conference is now enjoying. To this chapter and its regent, all praise is due for successfully bringing to pass a gathering so great in scope and purpose. Most of the efforts of the chapter during the year have been expended for this object. The dean of the university gave the annual historical lecture before the chapter. Iowa City and Burlington both honored Paul Jones. The latter city held an open meeting simultaneously with that at Annapolis which closed the final chapter in the dramatic story of the naval hero.

The historian notes the gift to Stars and Stripes Chapter by Miss MacFlynn of a bronze portrait in high relief of Chief Black Hawk—cast in the old Hendry foundry at Burlington.

It is much regretted that some of the chapters have not reported.

Nebraska State Conference.—Very fitting it was that the Deborah Avery Chapter of Lincoln, the oldest in the state and whose name was given to it by one of its regents, Mrs. Frances Avery Haggard, a descendant of Daniel and Deborah Avery of Revolutionary fame, should be the hostess chapter to the fifth annual conference of the Nebraska chapters, which had as its honored guest Mrs. Donald McLean, president general and Mrs. Bushnell, vice-president general of Iowa.

Upon their arrival at Lincoln the visiting Daughters were taken to the home of Mrs. N. S. Harwood to exchange greetings, then to the home of Nebraska's first state regent, Mrs. S. B. Pound, where luncheon was served.

The afternoon meeting was held in the senate chamber of the state house.

The room was trimmed with flags and palms while the battalion ensign and the battalion flag of the stand of colors to be presented to the battleship *Nebraska* were suspended from the wall.

When Mrs. McLean entered the room the assembly rose to its feet, applauding loudly.

The program opened with an invocation by Mrs. J. E. Pollock, chaplain of the Deborah Avery Chapter.

MUSIC—"Star Spangled Banner," Mrs. Emma Holyoke.

ADDRESS OF WELCOME—Mrs. M. J. Waugh, regent Deborah Avery Chapter.

RESPONSE—Mrs. G. H. Brash, regent Elizabeth Montague Chapter.

Chancellor Andrews gave a patriotic address, "Grand Army of the Republic." This was considerably shortened by the chancellor on account of the delay in opening the meeting. In its condensed form the address held the keenest attention and suggested lines of thought which called forth comments from later speakers. After a brief introduction to the Daughters, in which he referred to the fact that they meet for the quickening of patriotic feeling rather than for social purposes, the chancellor reviewed in terse sentences the meaning of the two great conflicts of the American people. In closing Chancellor Andrews quoted Lowell's verses beginning, "New occasions teach new duties," and closing with the line:

"Nor attempt the future's portal with the past's blood-rusted key."

The state regent, Mrs. Langworthy, introduced the president general with graceful greetings. Mrs. McLean beamed with friendliness as she talked to the Daughters. She is a woman of commanding presence and with a voice that rings out in full and agreeable tones which can be heard without the slightest effort. She took the audience into her confidence in intimate natural fashion, laughing with them at her own touches of wit and telling of her hopes and plans for the great body she represents, and closing with an appeal to the Nebraska Daughters to help to make these things possible. It was not an intellectual effort but rather an attempt to come into touch with Nebraska women through a revelation of the speaker herself. The delegates were able to make the acquaintance of Mrs. McLean through hearing her speak.

Mrs. McLean expressed her appreciation of the fine talk

contributed by the chancellor, because of the rarity of the occasions when men address the Daughters as thinking women. "The Sons of the Revolution and other speakers come to us with greetings," she said, "but seldom appeal to our intellect." She differed with the chancellor on the subject of war and urged the Daughters to use their influence for the promotion of peace principles.

In praising Nebraska, Mrs. McLean called the state a blue and gold edition (blue sky and golden grain) like an old-time edition of the poets. "Some people have uncertain ideas," she said, "but I have never met a Nebraskan who was not sure that this was the greatest state in the union." To show that this was excusable she quoted Mrs. H. H. Wilson as saying in her address at Iowa City, "If I seem to strike a triumphal note, Nebraska is the excuse."

"I have heard that there is a coldness in this section towards the Continental Hall project," said Mrs. McLean. "I feel that the object of this hall is not fully understood. It is not merely to provide offices for our work. The first object is to rear a consecrated memorial in Washington to your ancestors. When you rear that monument, you rear it to every Revolutionary soldier whether known as hero or not. You are building it also in memory of your individual oath."

Mrs. McLean spoke of the rapid growth of the organization and the great expense of maintaining offices and conducting the clerical work. In October 805 new members were admitted. With the new hall sufficiently equipped for use, the expense of office room would be at an end and this sum could accumulate in the building fund. She said that in the last fourteen months an aggregate of \$100,000 had been received towards the completion of the hall and that already half a million had been expended. The building is completed up to the second story and contracts for installing heating and lighting plants have been made. Money will be needed for the completion of the third story, for the great marble portico and for interior furnishing. As an example of what she wished the chapters to do, she told of the free scholarship established at Barnard college by the New York City Chapter, and of the

establishing of a thorough course in American history at Columbia college through the influence of the Daughters.

She urged the importance of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE to every Daughter. As her closing thought she quoted Joaquin Miller as saying that the greatest battles ever fought were not fought on the battlefield, but by the mothers of men, and said, "Daughters of the American Revolution, mothers of men, so walk that your sons may delight to walk in your illustrious steps."

Mrs. Langworthy introduced Mr. Pound as a Son of the American Revolution and also son of a mother who had done more for this society than any other person in the state. His subject was "The Sons of the American Revolution."

Dean Pound said that the chancellor brought a message from the Civil war of national duty and national responsibility, but he brought from the Revolutionary war a message of individual duty and individual responsibility.

Upon motion of Mrs. M. H. Everett, of Lincoln, the conference unanimously endorsed Mrs. McLean as president general for another term.

Mrs. Bushnell brought greetings from Iowa and the report from Iowa City which has just entertained the Mississippi Valley conference.

A gavel made from wood brought from the Philippines was formally presented to the conference by Adjutant-General Culver and accepted by the state regent, Mrs. Langworthy.

In the evening a reception was given in the senate chamber in honor of Mrs. McLean to the Daughters and representative people of Lincoln.

Tuesday morning ushered in the business meeting.

The report of the state regent, Mrs. Langworthy, was a detailed history of the state work since its inception in 1894.

The reports of the eight regents given by Mesdames Hoyt, Waugh, Hollenbeck, Kestersen, Brash, Oleson, Atwater and Adams for the chapters, respectively at Omaha, Lincoln, Fremont, Fairbury, Beatrice, Ord, Seward and Blair showed that whatever obstacles had been encountered in the work had been

bravely overcome and a steady growth and interest had been maintained.

The total membership is 390.

Education in patriotism is encouraged by each chapter, a prize being presented to the senior boy or girl writing the best essay on a given historical subject.

A set of by-laws was adopted by the conference to go into effect October, 1907, at which time the conference becomes a delegated body and the officers chosen by the delegates to the Continental Congress.

The office of consulting registrar was created and Mrs. Stubbs of Omaha elected to fill it.

For state regent, the unanimous choice of the assembly was Mrs. C. B. Letton, of Fairbury; Mrs. Conrad Hollenbeck of Fremont, state vice-regent; secretary, Mrs. Ward of Lincoln, and treasurer, Mrs. William A. Smith, Omaha.

Thus closed the fifth annual conference of Nebraska without one inharmonious note having been sounded.—LILLIAN MAYHEW C. GAULT, *State Secretary*.

Illinois State Conference.—The initial event in the tenth annual conference of the Illinois Daughters of the American Revolution, to which the members of the Rebecca Parke Chapter of Galesburg, Illinois, acted as hostesses, was the large reception given on the evening of October 17 by Mrs. George A. Lawrence, the regent of the chapter. Over seven hundred guests were received, who met with pleasure the national and state officers in whose honor the event was given.

Mrs. Lawrence greeted her guests with Mrs. Donald McLean, of New York City, the president general; Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, ex-vice-president general; Mrs. Benjamin A. Fessenden, of Chicago, the state regent; Mrs. Charles Irion, of Ottawa, the state vice-regent; Mrs. Robert W. Colville, of this city, state secretary; and the officers of the local chapter.

Among the delightful features of the evening was the presentation of a miniature Fort Massac, to Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, by Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence, Mr. Lawrence making a charming little speech of presentation, after which Mrs.

McLean unfurled the flag with which the tiny fort was draped. It was through the efforts of Mrs. Scott, who has been untiring in her work, that old Fort Massac has been preserved and presented to the State of Illinois as a park, she having appeared in its behalf before congress and legislature.

Preceding the reception Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence gave a dinner at the Illinois hotel to their house guests, Mrs. McLean, Mrs. Scott, Mrs. Fessenden and others.

The first business session of the convention was held October 18, in the Presbyterian church at Galesburg. Mrs. Benjamin A. Fessenden presided.

The convening by Mrs. Fessenden was immediately followed by the offering of the Lord's Prayer, led by Mrs. Geo. A. Lawrence, regent of Rebecca Parke Chapter of Galesburg.

Mrs. Lawrence, gave the address of welcome, in which she said:

We have felt it to be a great honor that this chapter should be privileged to become the hostess of the state conference; but, when we have added to that privilege the gracious presence of our beloved president general, Mrs. Donald McLean, vice-president general, Mrs. Scott and state regent, Mrs. Fessenden, then indeed is our cup of joy filled to overflowing.

On behalf of Rebecca Parke Chapter, I welcome you one and all—distinguished officials and guests, delegates, alternates, and all Daughters who have honored us with their presence in this College City—the Athens of the west.

In the absence of Mayor Lake W. Sanborn from the city the welcome from him as head of the city had been sent to the convention and was read.

State regent, Mrs. Benjamin A. Fessenden, responded to Mrs. Lawrence's and Mayor Sanborn's welcome.

I wish to express in the name of the Illinois Daughters of the American Revolution their sincere expressions of thanks for this charming courtesy and may we request the regent of this local chapter to so inform the mayor of the beautiful city of Galesburg, and he may rest assured that these keys which he has given us will always unlock in their turn a place in our hearts which we will always hold dear.

Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, of Bloomington, was unanimously

thanked by the ladies for her great work of restoring Fort Massac.

The favors to the ushers and pages from Mrs. Lawrence were gold pins with the flag of America inlaid with enamel.

A number of important matters were discussed, one of them being the augmenting of the fund for the monument at Fort Massac, one of the most historical spots in Illinois. Within a short time nearly a thousand dollars was pledged by the different chapters.

A number of other topics of interest were discussed. Strong resolutions were adopted heartily supporting Mrs. Donald McLean for a second term as president general.

Upon her presentation the president general, Mrs. Donald McLean, spoke for a few moments in a happy, humorous manner that won the favor of all present, and in a serious strain continued:

I feel that there is scarcely a state in the union I have a warmer feeling for than this great commonwealth of Illinois. Our nation, our state should represent the best, the very best, and every Daughter of the American Revolution should so live to make the home so happy, so pure that the country must of very necessity be good, be the best.

A goodly portion of the time was devoted to an explanation of the building and plans of Continental Hall. The speaker continued:

From April, 1905, until June of 1906 \$90,000 in cash had been collected, with \$11,000 in pledges, and this statement is very creditable when we know that during the preceding fourteen years but \$175,000 had been raised.

The concluding words were:

We lay hold upon the flag as something to lead us on to the highest and best impulses of the human breast, and I always approach it with a feeling of reverence that has in its additional feeling one of patriotic exulting, when we think of all the good, the struggle, the progress for humanity it represents.

I do not have to urge you to keep up the high standard of womanhood. You are giving to me this inspiration, and let us all hold up first the ideals of this grand organization, for therein lies the safeguarding of America and the happiness of the whole human race.

Mrs. Robert W. Colville, of Galesburg, the state secretary, read the minutes of the ninth annual conference held in Monmouth on June 1st, 1905. Mrs. Colville also read the report of a meeting of the Illinois Daughters of the American Revolution held at Washington, D. C., April 17th, 1906, nineteen chapters being represented.

The annual election of state regent and state vice-regent resulted in the nomination of Mrs. Benjamin A. Fessenden to succeed herself as state regent by a most hearty and unanimous vote, the secretary casting the ballot. Mrs. Edwin Walker's term as state vice-regent having expired through time limit Mrs. Charles Irion, of Illini Chapter, of Ottawa, was unanimously elected to that office.

Mrs. Charles Hickox, chairman of the committee on Continental Memorial Hall and Illinois room in the same gave a very complete and satisfactory report, her good work being highly commended by the state regent. Mrs. Bicker, regent of Chicago Chapter, moved a vote of thanks to Mrs. Hickox for her faithful service on this committee.

The motion was carried by a rising vote.

The chairman of the committee on Illinois year book reported progress in the work. Mrs. Wiles of Chicago was requested to formulate a resolution to Congress for a better arrangement of the seating of the delegates.

The report of the local delegate, Miss F. Lillian Taylor, to the state conference was read and approved.

The progress of the plans for Continental Hall at Washington were brought to the attention of the convention by Mrs. Parry L. Wright of Chicago, who was later appointed by the regent as chairman of the Continental Hall committee for Illinois during the coming year. The accounts showed the work making headway and with an amount during the year from Illinois of \$2,270. Of this amount Mrs. Geo. A. Lawrence of Rebecca Parke Chapter made an individual gift of \$100 and a donation of \$50 from the chapter proper. A great deal of interest is being manifested in the work, the consummation of which will stand as a monument to the Daughters of the American Revolution for generations. It is desired

especially to gather a fund for the completion of Illinois room, an undertaking that the president general is very desirous of having accomplished. By motion, at this time, the convention pledged \$200 toward Continental Hall.

The election of officers under the head of new business was rapidly accomplished, all receiving the unanimous vote of the society cast by motion by Mrs. Colville, the secretary.

By reason of her ability as state official Mrs. Robt. W. Colville was re-elected and will serve during the coming year as recording and corresponding secretary.

Mrs. G. E. Magrew of Chicago was chosen treasurer and Mrs. F. A. Lackey of Oak Park, historian.

The conference closed with a reception and banquet.

West Virginia State Conference.—Pursuant to the call issued by Mrs. Annie Camden Spilman, state regent of the Daughters of the American Revolution, there convened in the City of Parkersburg, West Virginia, November 8th and 9th, 1906, the first meeting of representatives of the various chapters of the State of West Virginia.

The first business meeting was convened at the Country Club at 2.30 P. M. on the 8th inst.

Mrs. Spilman, as state regent, called the meeting to order.

Mrs. Spilman delivered the address of welcome for the state, Mrs. George Peterkin for the James Wood Chapter and the City of Parkersburg, which were responded to by Mrs. J. M. H. Beale, of the Col. Charles Lewis Chapter of Point Pleasant.

A permanent organization was next effected by the election of Mrs. Poffenbarger, of Point Pleasant, secretary; Mrs. Edmonson, of the Morgantown Chapter, registrar; Miss Oldham, of the Hedgesville Chapter, treasurer; Miss Kate Harris, of the Jas. Wood Chapter, corresponding secretary, and Miss Bessie Murdock, of the Jas. Wood Chapter, historian.

The rest of the session was devoted to the discussion of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE and establishing agencies. The discussion of a "State badge," resulting in the adoption of the state flower, "The Mountain Laurel," and a committee was appointed to confer with Caldwell, the official jeweler, for designs for same.

The congress then took a recess until Thursday, November 9th, at 10 A. M., when they convened at Carnegie Library.

The parlor used for the meeting was decorated with a handsome silk flag which Mrs. Spilman had recently presented to the James Wood Chapter, which she organized some three years ago. Mrs. Spilman, after calling the meeting to order, read the West Virginia report, relative to the building of Continental Hall, showing that the James Wood Chapter had contributed prior to 1905, \$350. The Col. Charles Lewis Chapter has made a contribution heretofore to the building proper. Last year, the state regent pledged \$500.00 for the finishing of one room to be known as the West Virginia room, and \$250.00 of that amount has been paid by the various chapters, and it is hoped the other \$250.00 will be paid this year.

Mrs. D. E. Newton, of Hartford, member of the Colonel Charles Lewis Chapter and state vice-regent, read a report of the meeting of the last national congress and the work of Continental Hall.

Miss Kinnie Smith delivered an address on "The French in the American Revolution" and dwelt at length upon the service of General Lafayette in the Revolution and described his return visit in 1824. She exhibited a sword presented by General Lafayette to her great grandfather, Col. Wm. Peter Gordon at Yorktown.

Mrs. Edmonson, of the Morgantown Chapter, described the cut glass with Daughters of the American Revolution insignia manufactured in her town under the auspices of that Daughters of the American Revolution chapter and asked that the ladies take an interest as all profits are to be applied to the building of Continental Hall.

Mrs. J. M. H. Beale read a report from the Col. Charles Lewis Chapter and the places of historic interest about her home town.

Mrs. Livia Simpson-Poffenbarger, of the Col. Charles Lewis Chapter, delivered an extemporaneous address upon the historic status of the Battle of Point Pleasant, furnishing data to show that it was, indeed, the *First Battle of the Revolution*, and appealing to the ladies of the different chapters to make

the marking of this historic spot the work of the state and national organization, and that the histories of the country in general may so record it.

A resolution was passed commending the administration of Mrs. Donald McLean, as president general Daughters of the American Revolution and endorsing her for a second term. A resolution was passed endorsing Mrs. D. B. Spilman's administration as state regent and instructing the members of the state to use all the means in their power to elect her a vice-president of the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution.

Upon motion the congress was adjourned.

Miss Kinnie Smith, on behalf of the Pioneer Daughters of America, invited the ladies to visit their exhibit of historical relics in Carnegie Library which invitation was accepted and heartily enjoyed.

The many social features added much to the pleasure of the occasion.—MRS. LIVIA SIMPSON POFFENBARGER.

Pennsylvania State Conference.—The tenth annual conference of the Pennsylvania Daughters of the American Revolution was held in Clearfield, November 13 and 14, Mrs. Alexander Ennis Patton, of Curwensville, state regent.

When the roll was called by state conference secretary Miss Emma L. Crowell, of Oak Lane, Pennsylvania, over eighty delegates representing the various chapters in the state responded.

The invocation was delivered by Rev. Joseph Francis John, of the St. Andrew's Episcopal church and singing of "America" by the delegates followed.

Mrs. Alexander R. Powell, regent Susquehanna Chapter, Clearfield delivered the address of welcome which was in part as follows:

Susquehanna Chapter salutes you!

This name first fell on English ears three centuries ago when Captain John Smith on his second voyage of discovery on Chesapeake Bay, 1608, was told by Indians of Algonquin affinity of an Iroquoian tribe living upon the chief spring of the largest river flowing into the head of the bay. A mighty people whom they called the Sasquesahanoughes. This is the first recorded bestowal of the name. These warriors have gone from the face of the earth, but their name "writ in water" immortalized their river. * * *

All along this four hundred mile course myriads of hurrying rivulets, countless creeks, stately rivers, compeers of its own, bring tribute from a wonderful extent of territory, for this noble old "river with the long reaches" drains nearly 14,000,000 acres of land. * * *

As the stately gleaming river acquires increase and dignity by its confluent waters mingling and murmuring of innumerable sources, so we to-day as one sponsor stream are the glad recipients of your gracious tributaries. From north or south, from east and west you have all made your currents one with ours, flowing towards us from all over the state. * * * For at the height of floodtide Susquehanna Chapter welcomes each and every affluent. May the broad bosom of these united waters in whose depths lie love and loyalty bear up and speed on through stress of wind and wave our ship of state with Susquehanna's Daughters at the helm, and as it sails over the rippling waters dancing in the sunlight.

At the mast head,
White, blue and red,
Our flag unfolds.

Mrs. Patton, state regent, responded :

I have great pleasure, Madam Regent, in acknowledging and thanking you for your kind and gracious words of welcome. The state society has looked forward with much anticipation to this meeting and in my official capacity I am sure I voice to the whole membership in reciprocating all your cordial words. Personally, I have a pardonable pride in the fact that we assemble here in my native town, among my dear friends of this chapter, and it is a great delight to have the uplift and inspiration of a state meeting here among these mountains on the banks of the Susquehanna, where we shall again renew our vows at the altar of patriotism, plan for the welfare of our beloved organization and help to stimulate and encourage in this material age the things of the spirit, and that love of country which has come to us from the examples and sufferings of our ancestors, now our proudest heritage, our highest aim. This section of our great state was not settled as early as the county where we last assembled. It never felt the shock of battle, and the tide of the war of the Revolution never flowed here. It has few monuments and no antiquities, and this county has but recently celebrated its centennial anniversary. Its background is that of wilderness, which has been transformed. It was rescued from the Indians, and its stately forests which have disappeared made it as late as 1855 the chief lumber section of the state. Now, its production of coal has given it greater wealth and prominence. It was settled by the Scotch, Irish, and Germans, God-fearing, patriotic people, and they have responded in full measure in every crisis of our country's history.

We thank you again, Madam Regent, for this warm welcome so gracefully expressed. It is hearty and sincere and we all feel at home.

Mrs. Ellis Lewis Campbell, of Wayne, state vice-regent was presented by the state regent and delivered an inspiring address.

Following came the reports of committees, regular and special; reports of treasurer and secretary and other routine business.

Mrs. D. H. Hastings, of Bellefonte, chairman of the Julia K. Hogg testimonial committee, read the report.

State regent, Mrs. Patton addressed the conference on the subject of electing a state historian and adding that office to the number required by the constitution. The question was voted on and adopted.

The committee on resolutions was made up of Mrs. Alvin Hoopes, Chester; Mrs. A. W. Cook, Brookville; Mrs. R. A. Shillingford, Clearfield.

The report of the Fort Augusta committee was presented by Mrs. Charles Sidler and the same thoroughly discussed; also the question Memorial Hall committee's report, which was presented by Mrs. Patton, and the grounds committee report by Mrs. Robert J. Iredell.

After adjournment the delegates proceeded to Curwensville by train and carriage where they were entertained with a "buffet supper" by State Regent Mrs. Patton.

At the second session the conference was called to order by the state regent, Mrs. Patton. The election of officers, state conference secretary and state conference treasurer, was the first business in order. The only names presented were the present officials, Miss Emma L. Crowell and Mrs. William de B. Brusstar, who were unanimously re-elected.

Lycoming Chapter of Williamsport invited the conference to meet in that city next year and the invitation was accepted.

Mrs. Iredell of the Memorial Hall Grounds committee reported that the entire sum necessary was subscribed or pledged.

Through the delegates from Tioga Chapter of Wellsboro, Athens and Layre came a greeting from a "Real Daughter" of the Revolution. She sent joyous greeting, wishing all Daughters, health, happiness and long life, and expressing the

hope to meet all in the world to come. A fitting acknowledgment was sent back to the "Real Daughter."

A number of committee reports were read and received.

The state regent appointed Miss Mary I. Stille, of the Chester Chapter, state historian, in accordance with the previous action of conference establishing that office.

The child labor question was discussed but no formal action taken.

Mrs. Ammon, regent Pittsburg Chapter, announced that the Julia L. Hogg testimonial fund is invested in a six per cent. gold bond and insured.

After routine business was disposed of Mrs. McLean, president general of the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution was the guest of honor.

When she appeared at the door she was met by the officers of the Susquehanna Chapter and the pages of the conference, the latter dressed in white and carrying large flags. When the distinguished visitor entered the hall the entire conference arose and sang the "Star Spangled Banner," each delegate and officer waving a small flag. The scene was beautiful and impressive.

Mrs. McLean was presented to the conference by the state regent and responded to the joyous welcome in a happy, witty speech.

Following her address Mrs. McLean held an informal reception, one of the most delightful and successful events in the history of Clearfield.

Mrs. McLean was assisted in receiving by state regent, Mrs. Patton, the other officers of the state conference and by the officers of Susquehanna chapter..

Following the reception addresses were made by Mrs. McLean, Mrs. Patton, Hon. W. D. Bigler and Hon. A. O. Smith. Mrs. Sophie de V. Barrett recited an original poem. The rest of the evening was devoted to dancing and the luncheon.

Resolutions were passed tendering thanks to the hostesses of the different occasions and to all who contributed towards the success and enjoyment of the conference. The conference

also thanked Mrs. Donald McLean, esteemed president general, for the honor of her attendance and tendered her their loyal support.

Before adjournment the conference unanimously and enthusiastically endorsed Mrs. Alexander Ennis Patton, present state regent, for vice-president general from Pennsylvania.

Massachusetts State Conference.—The twelfth conference of the Massachusetts Daughters of the American Revolution was held in Tuckerman Hall, Worcester, October 25 and 26, the Colonel Timothy Bigelow Chapter as hostesses and the state regent, Mrs. Charles H. Masury, as presiding officer. There was a large attendance and fair skies prevailed during the two days required for the business, social festivities and historic pilgrimage. An elaborate program was arranged opening with "America," a prayer by the state chaplain, Mrs. Leonard B. Hatch, and songs by Mrs. Francis Batcheller, daughter of Mrs. Theodore C. Bates, vice-president general for Massachusetts and ex-regent of the Abigail Adams Chapter of Boston.

Mrs. John H. Orr, regent of the hostess chapter, presented an address of welcome, responded to by Miss Marie Ware Laughton, regent of Committee of Safety Chapter. Mrs. Bates made a brief address urging further interest in Memorial Continental Hall and added words of welcome to those of Mrs. Orr. Mrs. Masury's annual report disclosed activity throughout the state and a marked increase in membership, a gain of 2,428 in three years and a doubling in membership in four years. To date there are 4,863 members, with six chapters in process of formation and more to come in shortly. She gave interesting figures as to chapters visited and letters written during the year and spoke enthusiastically of the Daughters of the American Revolution headquarters maintained in Pierce Building, Copley Square, where Monday "at homes" are held, different chapters entertaining and where all Daughters in the society of whatever state are cordially welcomed. She had a good word to say of the work of the two historians in putting forth such a valuable book as the

Massachusetts Daughters of the American Revolution history.

Reports of officers and standing committees were full of valuable information and suggestions, that of the assistant historian was a chronology of those who had passed away since January 1, 1906 (the published history embodying the names of others to that date). She reported forty-five deaths, nine of them "Real Daughters," as follows, with their chapter: Dr. Sophronia Fletcher (Old South), Miss Hannah Lincoln Manson (Hannah Winthrop), Mrs. Elizabeth Taft (Colonel Timothy Bigelow), Mrs. Sarah Deering Marden (Paul Jones), Mrs. Lovisa Harrod Barbour (Boston Tea Party), Mrs. Maria Avery D. Pike (Dorothy Quincy Hancock), Mrs. Lucy Wright Pearson (Betty Allen), Mrs. Judith Lane (Lucy Knox), Sarah Hicks Brownell (Quequechan).

New business consisted of the consideration and adoption of a revised set of rules for state work. Mrs. H. M. Thompson, regent of Molly Varnum Chapter, chairman of the committee, presented, through Mrs. Lucy A. Fay, regent of Margaret Corbin Chapter, a set of rules which were set aside for amended ones presented by Mrs. George F. Fuller, ex-state regent and adopted after a spirited but not "acrimonious" (as printed) discussion. It was voted that as they went into immediate effect that the present officers and various assistants to the state regent, also her committees, hold over until April.

THE AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE was warmly endorsed and subscriptions urged. A renewed interest was asked in the pledged column for Memorial Continental Hall. A letter of sympathy was sent Mrs. Marshall Calkins the first appointed chapter regent in the state. The hostesses were thanked, and the conference adjourned at noon the second day. Handsome new year books were distributed.

In the evening Mrs. Bates gave a brilliant reception in her home which was appropriately decorated with flags and otherwise brightened by a bevy of pretty young members of the chapter. On the second day a pilgrimage was made to Shrewsbury to the historic home of Gen. Artemas Ward, a veritable shrine for the Daughters. It is one of the few houses well preserved and filled with priceless treasures of

past generations. Old-fashioned sweets were served by the chapter and scores of candles lighted the rooms. The house with its thirteen doors was built in 1730 and is an architectural gem set amid the pines and hills. There are twenty-four panes of glass in each window, and over all was the unwritten word, "welcome."—MARION HOWARD BRAZIER, *Assistant State Historian*.

Kansas State Conference.—The eighth annual state conference met with the Hannah Jameson Chapter, Parsons, Kansas, October 30-31.

The program opened with a luncheon served at the home of the regent, Mrs. Ella W. Ballard.

The business session was called at two o'clock, at the home of Mrs. W. P. Talbot, Jr., where an address of welcome was delivered by Mrs. Ballard, regent of the local chapter, and the response was made by Mrs. O. B. Hildreth, of Newton. The reports of the various chapters show the order in the state to be in excellent condition, and one new chapter has been organized, the Leavenworth Chapter, since the last conference at Wichita.

In the evening a reception was held at the Masonic Hall. Judge John Madden delivered the address of welcome, which was responded to by Mrs. W. E. Stanley, state regent. The presentation of the stand of colors presented by the chapters in Kansas to the battleship *Kansas* was made by Mrs. Cordry, local secretary. The remainder of the evening was taken up with music and refreshments.

The Daughters met at the home of Mrs. Talbot the next morning to transact unfinished business and elect state officers, which resulted in the state officers being re-elected, and accepting the invitation of the Leavenworth Chapter to meet with them October, 1907.—SADIE HOWLETT, *Historian*.

Missouri State Conference.—The seventh annual state convention of the Daughters of the American Revolution, in Missouri, was held October 31st and November 1st, at Westminster Hall (in Saint Louis), the time being opportunely chosen,

as it ushered in the most beautiful of our seasons, the Indian summer.

With the true spirit of hospitality the delegates were requested to come the day previous to the opening so as to be rested and ready for the morning's work.

The opening session was called to order by our beloved state regent, Mrs. Thomas O. Towles, with about three hundred members present. The invocation was given by Bishop Tuttle, followed by all singing "America." Mrs. Benjamin F. Gray, Jr., welcomed the Daughters and Mrs. Towles, as state regent, responded.

Mrs. E. A. De Wolf, chairman of the credential committee, made a complete report. Mrs. Albert S. Chappell favored us with a beautiful solo, enjoyed by all. Then came the report and address of Mrs. Tombs, of Kansas City, state vice-regent, urging the chapters to keep up their work for Continental Hall at Washington, in order to make the Missouri room one of the most attractive in the building. She also, to stimulate the interest among the Daughters, as chairman of State Continental Memorial Hall committee, sent to each chapter a notice informing them that the chapter with over one hundred members, also chapters with less than one hundred members, which sent the largest contribution she would give a silk United States flag, hoping to spur them on to greater efforts in behalf of this work.

The report of the state regent was then read showing new chapters formed, educational work being done, Continental Hall fund increased and many other things interesting to our society which put much enthusiasm into all.

The secretary's and treasurer's reports showed that chapters over the state were in a healthy, flourishing condition. The historian's report urged the keeping of a list of relics and asked all those having or knowing of relics of the Revolutionary times to send in the names of articles and owners to the state historian so that they could be kept for future reference. Mrs. Ben. F. Gray, Jr., gave a report for the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE committee and it was brought out that the Kansas City Chapter was the banner chapter in taking the magazine,

as every member was a subscriber. Mrs. Bascome gave a report as state director of the Children of the American Revolution Society, showing good work among the children. The session then closed with the singing of "Hail Columbia."

We reassembled at about three o'clock, augmented by a "few hundred," in the ball room of the Saint Louis Women's club. The three chapters of the Daughters in Saint Louis gave this reception,—a most brilliant assembly and the display of handsome gowns and beautiful jewels was worthy of the place and of those in whose honor it was given, being thoroughly enjoyed by all the visiting and local members who presented themselves to welcome Mrs. Donald McLean, president general, of Washington, District of Columbia; Mrs. Thomas O. Towles, state regent, and Mrs. Thomas B. Tombs, state vice-regent.

The last session of the conference was closed on the morning of November 1st, with the election of officers. All the officers who were eligible were unanimously re-elected: state regent, Mrs. T. O. Towles, Jefferson City; state vice-regent, Mrs. T. B. Tombs, Kansas City; state historian, Mrs. George Knight Mackey, Sedalia. Miss Virginia Dyas, Columbia, was elected to succeed Mrs. Broughton as secretary and Miss Linnie Allison to succeed Mrs. Bozarth as treasurer, neither being eligible to serve another term as they had served the two years. A vote of thanks was extended to the outgoing officers. Mrs. George H. Shields then in a glowing tribute offered a resolution endorsing Mrs. McLean for the office of president general, which was adopted. Amidst the waving of flags that had been previously provided, Mrs. McLean was escorted to the platform, the Daughters cheering, giving a most hearty welcome to a most charming woman.

Her address was highly enjoyed. She gave an account of her trip through the west and told what the chapters of other states were doing and of the historic spots visited. She spoke of Continental Hall—that it is not being built solely for business purposes, although it saves the "Daughters" large amounts in rents but also as a memorial to the patriotism of the Revolutionary women, that is, to the ancestors of the

"Daughters." She kept her audience in laughter as well as near tears at times and altogether it was an inspiring as well as a most interesting speech. Her motto for women, who care to accomplish things, was particularly good, "Don't scatter," or in other words, "concentrate." Upon motion of Miss Gentry, of Kansas City, it was voted to give Mrs. McLean the pledge of one thousand dollars to take back with her to Washington, each Daughter in Missouri being requested to give one dollar to the amount by next April.

Mrs. Wallace Delafield gave particulars of the building being erected at the Jamestown exposition. Mrs. J. N. Booth addressed the conference upon the subject of education for the descendants of the Revolutionary soldiers in the Ozark mountains and a committee of five was appointed to investigate and push this further.

Mrs. Ben. F. Gray in her delightful way nominated our most honored ex-state regent, Mrs. Wallace Delafield, for vice-president general of Missouri to succeed Mrs. John R. Walker, she having had the office as long as eligible. Miss Dalton urged the local chapters to locate Revolutionary soldiers' graves so that they might be marked. Upon the invitation of Mrs. Harry F. Logan, of Hannibal, it was decided that the next state conference would be held in that city.

The "hospitality" committee then took charge of the visitors and served delicious luncheon and then as an end to the conference we were all taken in carriages and automobiles to the Art Museum in Forest Park. A beautiful drive and a beautiful end to a beautiful time.

A vote of thanks should be and is extended to the chapters of Saint Louis by the Daughters of the other chapters throughout the state.—BESSIE DANIEL MACKEY, *State Historian*.

Virginia State Conference.—The tenth Virginia state conference met in Richmond on the 8th of November, 1906, as guests of the Commonwealth Chapter of that city. It would be hard to do justice to the hospitality displayed so lavishly by the Daughters of Richmond.

The sessions were held in the library of the Jefferson Hotel which was decorated ornately with flags and pennants of the national colors. After a prayer by the Rev. Mr. Forsythe of St. Paul's church, the address of welcome was made by Mrs. Purcell, regent of the Commonwealth Chapter, and responded to by Mrs. Maupin of Portsmouth, who though taken by surprise and totally unprepared, most pleasingly fulfilled that duty. An eloquent address was then made by the state regent, Mrs. Samuel P. Jamison, the theme of which was the Jamestown exposition and the opportunities it affords to the Virginia Daughters. She urged that they would not let this opportunity pass and spoke forcibly of the duties and obligations of the coming year. She spoke also of that object so dear to the heart of every loyal Daughter of the American Revolution, the completion of our beautiful Continental Hall, advising renewed work and enthusiasm towards this end. It was moved that resolutions of sympathy be extended by the conference to Mrs. Schick, the state secretary, owing to a recent bereavement in her family. These resolutions were unanimously adopted.

The absence of Mrs. Heneberger, vice-president general from Virginia, was much regretted. The speech of Mrs. Lindsay Patterson, vice-president general from North Carolina, was most charmingly delivered, and received much applause. Mrs. Stuart Jamieson, registrar general, brought greetings from the national board, in session that morning. Reports of state officers and reports from the chapters were then read, all tending to demonstrate the flourishing condition of the society in Virginia.

Mrs. Horsley, state vice-regent, made an earnest appeal for the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE, asking the Daughters to bestow upon it their individual patronage, as well as that of their chapters. We were fortunate in having with us Miss Mecum, state regent of New Jersey, who at the afternoon session addressed the conference on the subject of "Patriotic Education." It was an instructive talk on a subject that we should be glad to hear oftener. Favored with beautiful weather, the second day of the conference was if possible more

enjoyable than the first, and a spirit of expectancy pervaded the ranks of the Daughters of the American Revolution, a telegram having announced the arrival of the president general on a morning train. The election of state officers resulted in the re-election of Mrs. S. P. Jamison, state regent; Mrs. W. W. Horsley, state vice-regent; Mrs. W. W. Harper, state treasurer; Mrs. Ida M. Schick, state secretary.

Lieutenant Governor Ellyson then spoke to the conference on the subject of the Jamestown exposition, impressing his hearers with the magnitude and importance of this great coming event. He wished a good exhibit, anything bearing upon the historic and social life of Colonial times. He offered his assistance personally or officially, and said they had only to call and he was at their service. There was a rising vote of thanks given Lieutenant Governor Ellyson, which he said was better than being governor of Virginia.

The acting secretary of the conference spoke briefly asking the endorsement of the work of placing a memorial window to Mary Washington in St. George's Episcopal church, Fredericksburg, Virginia, and offered the following motion:

"That the Virginia state conference of the Daughters of the American Revolution endorse the work undertaken to raise a memorial window to Mary, the mother of Washington, in St. George's Episcopal church, Fredericksburg, Virginia," signed Frances Bernard Goolrick, Mrs. R. B. Clayton, Eleanor W. Jamison and M. Zulette Herndon. This motion was unanimously passed by the conference. Mrs. Maupin, the former chairman of the Jamestown exposition committee, being obliged to resign that office, Mrs. Hubert was nominated and elected. The conference was visited by Mrs. Swanson, the wife of the governor of Virginia, who is a member of the Dorothea Henry Chapter of Danville. The following resolution was offered by Mrs. Lyons for Mrs. Eleanor S. Howard:

"That the members of the Daughters of the American Revolution in Virginia, represented by their delegates in conference assembled, send a letter of appreciation and thanks to the Rainier Chapter of Seattle, Washington, for the work ac-

complished of having the Alaska Yukon exposition postponed from 1907 to 1909, Mrs. E. S. W. Howard."

This motion was unanimously carried. The arrival of the president general being announced she was escorted to the platform and a spontaneous welcome accorded by the assembled conference standing. She had time for but one word, "How-do-you-do," but promised more at the afternoon session. Beautiful roses were presented to the president general and to the state regent. The address of the president general at the afternoon session was the event of the conference. Although tired from her long trip west, having just returned, the wonderful force of her mind and intellect prevailed and her hearers were carried away by the inspiring and beautiful language in which she addressed them. They were aroused to a high pitch of enthusiasm for Continental Hall, and with Mrs. McLean as its champion it will not languish for help. This account will not be complete without a word or two as to the generous and warm-hearted hospitality of Richmond. The Daughters of the Confederacy welcomed the Daughters of the American Revolution at an informal reception at "Lee Camp Hall" on Wednesday night. This was a most delightful reception at which the delicacies for which Virginia housekeepers are so noted, were served, in a hall replete with interesting memories of the Southland. Mrs. Warner Moore, invited the Daughters to a tea on Thursday afternoon at her beautiful home on Franklin street, her parlors were thronged through the afternoon with the visitors and the ladies of Richmond present to meet them. The Old Dominion Chapter held a reception at the Jefferson Hotel on Thursday night which was largely attended by the ladies and gentlemen of the city, and on Friday night a brilliant reception was given at the same place by the Commonwealth Chapter. At the head of the receiving party stood the governor of Virginia and the president general, Mrs. McLean, together with representatives of the entertaining chapter and other invited guests. An elaborate supper was served in the Palm Room. Many exquisite toilettes were worn. The charm of beautiful music was added to this notable occasion, and amid sighs of regret adieus were spoken "until we meet in Norfolk in 1907".—FRANCES BERNARD GOOLRICK, *Secretary Pro Tem.*

WORK OF THE CHAPTERS.

Full reports will appear in later issues. Below is given a brief synopsis of chapter doings as shown in recent reports.

Gaspee Chapter (Providence, Rhode Island) has done noble work in the sending of clothing and money to the San Francisco sufferers. It has given illustrated stereopticon lectures in Yiddish to the Russian Jews of that city and contributed toward the Rhode Island column for Continental Hall the sum of \$621.75. Upon a request from a school in Kentucky for flags to replace those destroyed when the building was burned, Mrs. Richard J. Barker, generously offered in the name of the chapter an 8 x 12 foot flag which was gratefully accepted. The chapter numbers 330 members.

Eschscholtzia Chapter (Los Angeles, California) has passed a delightful and useful year. Washington's birthday was observed by a reception and tea, followed by an auction of furniture owned by the chapter, the proceeds from which were given to Continental Hall. Bunker Hill day was celebrated by a basket picnic at the lovely home of Mrs. Roehrig of Pasadena. The chapter has in its possession the first flag raised in California, July 9, 1846, the gift of Augustus Revere, the great-grandson of Paul Revere of Revolutionary fame.

Cheyenne Chapter (Cheyenne, Wyoming) has given two prizes of five and three dollars to the eighth grade of the public school for the best essays on "Our Flag." The chapter has given several social events, has a membership of forty and is in a flourishing condition.

James Wood Chapter (Parkersburg, West Virginia) has restored the tomb of a Revolutionary soldier, as well as that of his wife who is buried beside him, and inclosed the same by a substantial fence. Many social events have been given with

the most marked success. The chapter has been the recipient of a beautiful flag, the gift of the state regent and of a cedar gavel made from wood taken from the home of Governor James Wood, the gift of the regent.

Oakland Chapter (Oakland, California) recently gave a reception to the state officers and to members of the San Francisco Chapter at the home of Mrs. G. W. Percy. Music, speeches, and refreshments added to the enjoyment of the occasion.

Rebecca Motte Chapter (Charleston, South Carolina) gave a reception in honor of its tenth birthday, at which time the regent was presented with a silver bowl, suitably engraved. In February, the chapter was honored by a visit from the president general, Mrs. Donald McLean. It has paid \$25 to the Continental Hall fund and also its second instalment toward the column fund of \$2,000. It has formed in the year a fine chapter of Children of the American Revolution. Organized with 30, it has since grown to 50 members.

John McAlmont Chapter (Pine Bluff, Arkansas) was organized by the state regent, Mrs. John McClure, May 12, 1906. Mrs. Katherine Braddock Barrow, regent of Little Rock Chapter presented the John McAlmont Chapter with a silver-mounted gavel. Although the chapter is in its infancy, plans are under consideration for accomplishing the purpose for which the Daughters of the American Revolution are organized.

Prudence Wright Chapter (Pepperell, Massachusetts) had as a guest of honor at their chapter and board meeting, Mrs. Charles H. Masury, the state regent. Mrs. Masury made a fine address in the old historic church at Pepperell which was well attended. Meetings have been well attended and the chapter is prosperous.

George Clymer Chapter (Towanda, Pennsylvania) has faithfully carried out the study of Colonial Pennsylvania at

its regular meetings. Washington's birthday, a Colonial tea was given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Mercur for the benefit of Continental Hall. A nice sum was realized.

Elizabeth Benton Chapter (Kansas City, Missouri) is making rapid strides toward the erection of a monument to the hero whose wife's name the chapter bears, in one of the local parks. Mrs. Hunter Meriweather, the regent, has made a very handsome donation and the Commercial Club of that city has given one hundred dollars. Other donations and the proceeds of a ball and garden fete given last spring have swelled the fund to almost one thousand dollars.

Brunswick Chapter (Brunswick, Georgia) recently gave a "Liberty Fete" followed by the planting of a "Liberty Tree" in Queen's Square, Brunswick, an event of national importance. The exercises attendant thereon were very beautiful and impressive. The chapter gave material aid in the erection of a monument to the memory of George Oglethorpe, another achievement for which the people of Georgia owe this band of patriotic women a debt of gratitude.

Bellefonte Chapter (Bellefonte, Pennsylvania) has carried out a year of interesting literary work and has given several artistic receptions. Fifty dollars has been contributed toward the completion of the vestibule in Continental Hall. Liberal support has been given to the Bellefonte hospital, where a Daughters of the American Revolution room is maintained by the chapter. Prizes have been given for historical work to the Bellefonte Academy and public schools. The chapter has contributed toward the erection of the monument to Governor Andrew G. Curtin and soldiers and sailors of Centre county. Mrs. Valentine deserves especial mention in this relation for the long list of names of Revolutionary soldiers she furnished for the bronze plates provided for that purpose.

Declaration of Independence Chapter (Philadelphia).—The members have worked along the lines of anti-Mormon and

anti-child labor legislation; have sent two boxes containing more than fifty pictures each, to the normal school at Rio Piedras, Porto Rico; and have enjoyed many social functions. Washington's birthday was given over to a program of recitations, original papers, etc. Two members of the chapter contributed \$10 to the fund for San Francisco sufferers. A copy of the Declaration of Independence was presented to the American Commercial School at Allentown and interest has continued active in the Presbyterian-Italian mission. The chapter's watchword is "Progress."

Framingham Chapter (Framingham, Massachusetts) has held regular meetings of a business and literary nature. October 19th the chapter observed its tenth anniversary and had the honor of listening to addresses by Mrs. Charles Masury, state regent, and Mrs. Bates, vice-president general of Massachusetts. These ladies complimented the chapter upon what it has accomplished in its ten years of existence.

Western Reserve Chapter (Cleveland, Ohio).—The chapter has arranged an interesting course of lectures for the season. The last one by Mr. Charles W. Burrows was on the postal laws and held the deep attention of the hundred Daughters assembled. The lecturer was thoroughly posted on his subject and presented it in a convincing manner. The chapter is slowly but surely adding to the library of the historical society. The last accessions are the "History of Ann Arundel and Howard Counties, Maryland," presented by Miss A. K. McMillan, of Wooster, and the "History of the Fanning Family," presented by Mrs. M. A. Fanning.

The George Taylor Chapter (Easton, Pennsylvania).—This chapter has formed the "George Taylor House Association," which has been duly incorporated. The purpose was the purchase of the well known historical place. November 20, 1906, a bronze tablet was placed on the house. In April, 1907, the chapter will enter into possession and will begin the work of restoration. George Taylor was one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence.

Captain John Joslin, Jr., Chapter (Leominster, Massachusetts).—Each June the chapter give to the two pupils, in the high school, writing the best essays, prizes of gold pieces valued at five dollars and two dollars and fifty cents respectively.

Two years ago, the chapter placed a boulder in the old cemetery to mark the site of the first meeting house and the first schoolhouse. October 17, 1906, we unveiled another boulder near the same spot to inform future generations that here the soldiers of the American Revolution, as well as those of the earlier wars, drilled, trained and prepared for battle. From this spot they marched to meet the enemy. A chorus of sixty-eight school children, in charge of Miss Etta Harrington, marched to the site to martial music furnished by Ernest Johnson and Louis Founier. They sang patriotic songs, after which the invocation was offered by the Rev. George L. Chaney. The boulder, which was covered by the American flag, was unveiled by Mrs. Sarah F. Gallup, the historian of the chapter, and Mrs. Chaney. Mrs. Arthur H. Hall, regent, presented the memorial to the town, saying:

“On behalf of the Captain John Joslin Jr. Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, I have the pleasure and honor of presenting to the town of Leominster, through you as chairman of the board of selectmen, this boulder, which by your consent has been placed here. This boulder is intended to commemorate two events, the marching from this place of the soldiers of the American Revolution (300 in all) and also in honor of the man, Oliver Carter, who gave this land for a perpetual common or training field. One object of the society of the Daughters of the American Revolution is the protection of historic spots and the erection of monuments. It seems appropriate that this historic spot should be marked with a stone from the farm once owned by Oliver Carter, and now the home of Mrs. George L. Chaney, a direct descendant, and who has so generously donated this boulder to the Daughters, which they have suitably inscribed and erected and now place in your care.”

Chairman Frank L. Farnsworth accepted the gift for the selectmen. The exercises closed with singing.

GENEALOGICAL NOTES AND QUERIES

No greater calamity can happen to a people than to break utterly with its past.—*Gladstone.*

Inquirers are requested to observe the following suggestions:

1. Write plainly, especially all proper names.
2. Give, when possible, dates or approximate dates, localities, or some clue to the state in which the ancestor lived.
3. *Inquiries for ancestors who lived during or near the Revolutionary period will be inserted in preference to those of an earlier period.*
4. Enclose stamp for each query.
5. Give full name and address that correspondence when necessary may be had with inquirers.
6. Queries will be inserted as early as possible after they are received, but the dates of reception determines the order of their insertion.
7. Answers, partial answers or any information regarding queries are urgently requested and all answers will be used as soon as possible after they are received.

*Mrs. Lydia Bolles Newcomb,
Genealogical Department, American Monthly Magazine,
New Haven, Connecticut*

Attention is called to rules 3 and 4.

ANSWERS.

720. HILDRETH.—An Ephraim³ Hildreth was born in Southampton, L. I., 1695, d. 1777, son of Joseph², Thomas¹. He was related—probably uncle—to Dr. Shadrach Hildreth who died in service in Rev. War.—(*Howell's Hist. Southampton, L. I.*)

800. LOUNSBURY.—(Additional.)—Samuel Lounsbury of Bristol, Conn., son of Josiah and Ruth (Lines) Lounsbury, was a Rev. soldier. David Lounsbury of Bristol married Elizabeth Mix (daughter of Timothy Mix) and was a Rev. soldier. He d. in Mass.

Elias, son of Stephen and Anna (Sperry) Lounsbury, married 1st, Appalina Judd, 2nd, Mary Perkins, and was Rev. soldier. Linus, son of Josiah, grandson of Josiah and Ruth (Lines) Lounsbury, was a Rev. soldier.

Jairus b. 1752, son of John and Ruth (Perkins) Lounsbury, was a

Rev. soldier. Benjamin, Nathan and Richard were perhaps brothers of Jairus Lounsbury.

If your correspondent would give dates I might be able to give her assistance. The above Lounsburies and the others mentioned in the Oct. number Am. M. Mag., are all descendants of John of New Haven. From one of his brothers the Lounsbury governors of Conn. are descended.—M. A. K.

801. CLARK.—Children of signer Abraham Clark and Sarah (Hetfield), eldest dau. of Isaac Hetfield and wife Sarah Price, were:

1. Aaron Clark b. ———, md. Susan Winans (dau. Benj.), and had 4 ch. when he went west in 1788 to Ohio.

2. Capt. Thomas Clark, one account says, b. 1752, served in Revolution as capt. of artillery, taken prisoner, sent to N. Y. Sugar House, suffered terrible cruelties, d. May 13, 1789, childless.

3. Abraham Clark d. July 26, 1758.

4. Hannah Clark md. Capt. Mellyn Miller, d. without issue.

5. Andrew Clark died unmarried.

6. Cavalier Clark b. 1762, d. Nov. 4, 1764.

7. Sarah Clark md. Major Clarkson Edgar, had a dau. Henrietta.

8. Abigail Clark md. as his second wife Thomas Salter of Elizabeth, had a dau. Louise Salter who d. unmarried aged 80. Thomas Salter md. first Charlotte Drayton (dau. Jonathan) and had 10 ch. by Charlotte. He md. third Susan Henrietta Williams by whom he had 8 ch.

9. Elizabeth Clark d. aged 18 years.

10. Dr. Abraham Clark b. Rahway Oct., 1767, md. Lydia Griffith, dau. of Dr. John Griffith of Newark, his preceptor; she d. Aug. 9, 1858, aged 91; he d. July 28, 1854, at home of his dau. and only child, Eliza (Clark) Beekman, wife of Dr. John P. Beekman, at Kinderhook, N. Y. Eliza was b. Aug. 28, 1792, d. Nov. 14, 1875.

Liber 38, p. 345, Wills, at Trenton:

I Abraham Clark of Borough of Elizabeth, being sound in mind and memory make my will May 15, 1793; my debts and funeral charges to be paid out of my movable estate. To my three daughters, Hannah Miller, Sarah Edgar and Abigail Clark, equally among them, all that part of the homestead plantation being at corner of Southwest side of the West Brook below my young orchard, at stone there planted * * * To son Aaron Clark and his heirs, all that tract of salt meadows in Rahway meadows adjoining Pardons' Island, commonly called Cherry Island * * * To son Abraham Clark all the residue of my estate wheresoever; To daughter Hannah Miller 45 pounds in money at 8 shillings to the dollar; To daughter Abigail (Salter) 125 pounds to be paid out of my movable estate as convenient after my decease; To beloved wife, Sarah (Hetfield), the silver teapot, and as long as she remains my widow the use of my whole estate except the meadow; I devise to my son Aaron, to my three daughters, Hannah, Sarah and Abigail, to be equally divided among them at my

wife's intermarriage or decease, whichever first happens, all that part of my movable estate the use of which I have given my wife, and she, wife, shall accept this in place of dower; I order that my two negro men, Toby and Peter, with their mother Rose, shall be set free at my wife's intermarriage or decease, with this condition—if the two negro men be set free they shall support their mother Rose during life * * * I appoint my son Abraham Clark and brother-in-law Andrew Hetfield executors.

Witnesses:—John Terrile, Phebe Marsh, Isaac Marsh.—“*Westfield.*”

811. FOOTE.—This Nathaniel Foote, my ancestor, according to my records was born 1626 instead of 1621 as given in July no. (Children were given in Nov. no.).—H. Y. B.

813. GILL.—John³ Gill b. Oct. 18, 1722, was son of Ebenezer² and Lydia (Cole) (of Westfield, Conn.,) Gill, married Nov. 20, 1718. Ebenezer² b. Mar. 10, 1678-9, was son of John¹ and Martha Gill of Middletown. John³ Gill and Ruth Johnson “were joynd in marriage covenant Mar. 2, 1747-8.” Their children were: Lucia b. Jan. 7, 1748-9, Samuel b. Nov. 11, 1750, Giles b. Feb. 18, 1754.—(*Middletown Vital Records*). Ruth Johnson was undoubtedly the granddaughter of Thomas Johnson of New Haven and Susanna White (married Jan. 2, 1717-18), descendant of Capt. Nathaniel White of Middletown. Dea. Thomas Johnson, Jr., b. Oct. 18, 1718, wife Mary ———; married May 3, 1733, had several children recorded, among whom was Lucia, and in Middletown Land Records, Vol. 29, pp. 90, 91, 1787, the heirs of Thomas Johnson, Jr., sign a deed as follows: “Joshua Johnson in behalf of the heirs of Dea. Thomas Johnson—Desire Smith, Lucia Gill, Abigail Gill.” The house of Dea. Thomas Johnson, Jr., built for him by his father is still standing in Cromwell, Conn., and father and son are buried there. The book, “Middletown Upper Houses,” soon to be published, will contain account of Thomas Johnson and photographs of the houses and table stones of the father and son.—C. C. A.

John Gill of Cromwell was in the company of Capt. Blackman Jan., 1777.—(*Conn. Hist. Collections, Vol. VIII.*)

821. NEWELL.—Lieut. Oliver Newell is mentioned in “New York in the Revolution” (p. 88). His name also appears in the “Land Bounty Rights” list in the supplement (p. 205).

838. RIDGELEY.—Col. Charles Ridgeley d. in 1772. His son, Capt. Charles Ridgeley, was not in Revolutionary service. He left no descendants. Gen. C. Ridgeley, his nephew and one of his heirs, was born 1760. He was general of the militia about 1812, but there is no record of his having seen service. He became governor of the state (Md.) 1815, serving three terms of one year each. There is no record of any Col. or Gen. Charles Ridgeley who could have taken part in the Rev. War.—H. W. R.

842 STEVENSON—BUCHANAN.—John Stevenson Buchanan was my father's name; he was born in Huntington Co., 1826. His father moved

to Scotch Valley, now a part of Blair Co., with his wife whose maiden name was Moore. John Blair, for whom Blair Co. was named, was an uncle of my father. Correspondence with Mrs. W. I. N. is desired.—L. B. S.

Correction: Emmettsburg, Ind., should read, Emmettsburg, Md.

854. (1) WHITE—WARD.—The Ward Genealogy gives no record of Obadiah Ward marrying Esther White, but Obadiah Ward, b. Feb. 9, 1725, (son of William Ward of Union, Conn.), married Esther Ruggles. Their first child was born in Union and probably their second, the record of whose birth is not found. Obadiah Ward next appears in Stafford, Conn., where the births of four of their children are found. He was afterwards of Belchertown and South Hadley, Mass., and thence removed to Cambridge, N. Y., where he was living in 1808. His children were: David, b. July 31, 1750, Obadiah b. Dec., 1752, married Priscilla Eaton, Elihu b. Aug. 29, 1757, married Feb. 26, 1780, Deborah Ball of Belchertown, and was of Cambridge, N. Y., 1808. The other children died young.—M. D. McK.

856. (2) PECK.—Oliver Jasper Peck of North Chatham, N. Y., was b. 1817, and married 1848 Angeline Dorr. He was son of Richard Sears Peck, M. D., b. 1784, married 1812 Phebe Hunting, son of Jasper Peck of Lyme, Conn., b. 1737, d. 1821, mar. Phebe Dorr. Jasper Peck was sergeant in French and Rev. wars—son of Jasper Peck of Lyme, b. 1708, married 1731 Sarah Clark.—(*American Ancestry*, p. 93, Vol. II.)—C. M. W. S.

1. Dea. William Peck b. 1601 came to Boston 1637—one of the founders of New Haven Colony 1638—d. Oct. 4, 1694. 2. Joseph settled about 1662 in Lyme, Conn., was Justice of the Peace and deacon, d. 1718 aged 78 years, married Sarah Parker. 3. Joseph, Jr. 4. Jasper d. in Lyme. 5. Jasper, Jr., d. in Lyme 1821 aged 84 yrs., was officer in colonial wars and in service in Rev. War. 6. Richard S. d. in Chatham, N. Y., 1827. 7. Oliver.—(*Peck Genealogy*.)

QUERIES.

873. HALE—BROWN.—(Additional.)—Israel Hale, b probably in Granby, Conn., Oct. 7, 1779, d. in Norwich, N. Y., Jan. 2, 1839, and married Nov. 3, 1802, Clarissa Brown b. Apr. 7, 1785, daughter of Samuel Brown, probably of Granby, Conn. Israel Hale was son of Joseph who d. Jan. 18, 1813, a soldier in the war of 1812. Was Joseph Hale a son of Ebenezer, a Rev. soldier from Conn. who married Thedæ Kent at Enfield, Conn., Feb. 12, 1778?—E. A. H. B.

900. (1) MERRILL—EGGLESTON.—Ancestry wanted of Elizabeth Merrill who married previous to 1764 Elisha Eggleston of Wintonbury, Conn. (now Bloomfield). He probably died in Williamstown, Mass., 1804, but lived some time in Vt. and may have died there.

(2) DICH—SIBLEY.—Ancestry wanted of Peter Dich (or Dix) and of Mary Sibley, his wife. They lived near Lancaster, Penn.—moved

to Vir. Their children were—Samuel, James, Catharine, Mary, Sally, Lydia and Charlotte. Peter Dich had a brother Job who lived near Hampton, Penn.

(3) WATSON.—Ancestry of Arthur Watson, a taxable citizen of Wharton Township, Fayette Co., Penn., 1785. Also name of his wife and her ancestry.—M. E. C.

901. (1) TOMLINSON—ZANE.—Information desired of the parentage and birthplace of Ann Tomlinson b. in N. Jersey 1765 and married 1st about 1789 Joseph Zane. They had nine children. Joseph Zane d. in 1812. She married 2nd 1826 ——— McCormick (given name desired). She died 1859. The family lived in 1810 in Jersey City, but later they lived near Philadelphia.

(2) FENTON—HENDERSON.—Information of the birthplace and ancestry of David Fenton, b. 1763 and served as drummer on the galley *Shark* from Stonington, Conn. He settled at close of war in N. Y. City and married Margaret Henderson. They had three sons—Peter, David and Charles. Date of his death desired and the ancestry of his wife.—A. D. W.

902. HOYT.—My gr.-gr.-grandfather was Joseph Hoyt (Hait). He served as colonel in Rev. War. His wife's name was Annie ———? Any information, dates or records will be appreciated.—M. H. S.

903. (1) EMBREE—WILBOIT.—A long search has failed to find the ancestry of Elisha Embree of Ky. There is a record of Henry Embree of London to Vir. in 1665, but the connection to Elisha Embree has not as yet been traced. There was an Effingham Embree in Rev. War. Elisha Embree married Nancy Wilboit (Wilbright). The ancestry of Nancy and Nicholas Wilboit of Culpeper Court House, Vir., is desired. They were born about 1770-2.

(2) KEYS.—Who was the father of Henry b. about 1800, Calvin and Matthew Keys? Family records are lost, but it is known that Henry was in Rev. service. Henry Keys was my grandfather and lived in Knoxville, Tenn.

(3) KINNER.—Eskridge Kinner and wife Dorcas had children: Mahala, Indiana, Sam, Wick and Jim. We know of them in Knoxville, Tenn., but think they came from Vir. Mahala Kinner was my grandmother, and any information of the family will be greatly appreciated.—G. E. C.

904. (1) CLARK—SMALLAGE.—Wanted the ancestry of Eli (or Elias) Clark who lived at S. Hadley, Mass., in 1807. He married for second wife Mariah Smallage. Their children were: Israel, Eli, Harriet, Cyrus b. 1807, and Edward b. 1809. Children of the first wife were: Sally (married Benjamin Cleveland), Matilda (married ——— Burley), Clarissa (married Dr. Bowen).

(2) SMALLAGE.—Wanted the ancestry of Mariah Smallage, wife of

Eli Clark in S. Hadley Falls 1807-1820. Rev. service of either family is desired.—M. C. L.

905. FARNAM—KILLAM.—Capt. Eliab Farnam (Varnum), son of Henry and Phebe (Russell) Farnam of Andover, Mass., married Abigail Killam. Her ancestry is desired. Capt. Farnam was in Rev. War and died possibly in Orange Co., N. Y., 1807. He is mentioned in Miner's Hist. of Wyoming.—D. M. G.

906. ROBY.—Wanted the date of birth of James Roby who enlisted in Rev. army from Hollis, N. H. He was sergeant in Capt. Archaus Towne's company.—A. P. D.

907. (1) HARRIS—RICE.—Robert Harris, 1630-1700, married Mrs. Mary Claiborne Rice. Proof of this marriage is desired.

(2) CRANFORD—SMITH.—Capt. David Cranford b. 1662 New Kent Co., Vir.; d. 1762 Nelson Co., Vir.; married 1695 in Hanover Co., Vir., Elizabeth Smith. Who were her ancestors? Capt. David Cranford was a captain of a troop of cavalry guarding settlers against Indians. Proof of this service is desired.

(3) SUGGETT—SMITH.—James Suggett came from Wales and settled in Baltimore where he married Elizabeth Smith; their son married Mildred Davis of Vir. Who were the ancestors of Elizabeth Smith and Mildred Davis?—J. R. G. S.

908. BATTLE OF GERMANTOWN.—Can some one give me the names of those who fell at the battle of Germantown, to whose memory a monument has recently been dedicated? The names are, I think, upon the stone.—I. McK. W.

909. (1) SLADE.—Information desired of Col. Thomas Slade of Anson Co., N. Car. He was colonel of minute men; also a member of the first Provincial Congress and member of the Senate.

(2) SORRELLS.—Also information of ——— Sorrells who fought at Kings Mountain, N. Car.—M. P.

910. (1) HARRIS—GEER.—Abigail Harris of Middletown, Conn., made her will 1789 and gives most of her property to "my son Hezekiah Geer on condition that he care for my affectionate husband in his advanced age." I would like the parentage and place of birth of Abigail (Geer) Harris; also the given name, place of birth and dates of her husband ——— Geer. Hezekiah Geer d. in Pittsfield, Mass., Aug. 4, 1822, aged 61 years.

(2) FULLER—HOWE.—Parentage desired of Orrinda Fuller who married July 12, 1780, Peter Howe, a Rev. soldier of Poultney, Vt. They went to Ohio, Sept., 1801. Orrinda (Fuller) Howe d. Oct. 7, 1835.—G. G. S.

911. (1) REYNOLDS OF RHODE ISLAND.—Ancestry wanted of Ruth Reynolds b. Dec. 26, 1717, died at Clove, Dutchess Co., N. Y., 1808; married probably at Portsmouth, R. I., to John Hall b. May 29, 1717, died at Clove, N. Y., in 1782, and had nine children: Benjamin b. Dec. 16, 1740, in R. I.; Gideon b. Nov. 9, 1742, in R. I.; Sarah b. Aug. 12,

1744; Mary b. Feb. 4, 1746; Abigail b. Aug. 14, 1747; William b. Jan. 3, 1749; Wait b. Feb. 2, 1751; Wait b. Oct. 14, 1753; Ruth b. Sept. 29, 1755. John Hall⁴ of Portsmouth, R. I., born Dec. 8, 1717, was son of William³, William², William¹, the emigrant ancestor of Portsmouth, R. I. This Hall genealogy and marriage to Ruth Reynolds is recorded in Savage's Genealogical Dictionary, Vol. II, page 239; Austin's Genealogy of R. I., pages 91 and 108, and in D. B. Hall's History of the Hall Family of Rhode Island, pages 133 to 151. Any information on this Reynolds line or suggestions and references for search will be appreciated and correspondence promptly answered.

(2) WALTER.—James Walter of Weston, Super Mare, near Bristol, England, afterward a hatter in Providence, R. I., m. Mary Hahn in Providence or Pawtucket. Chil.: Samuel, and James Hahn b. Apr. 22, 1790, d. May 15, 1868, m. Mary, dau. of James Cheetham. Ancestry wanted. \$5.00 WILL BE PAID FOR CORRECT AND AUTHORITATIVE ANSWER to the above. H. M. Walter, Washington, D. C.

(3) CHEETHAM.—James Cheetham, an English radical, hatter by trade, born in Manchester, Eng., 1772; died 1810; m. Rachel Howarth of Stockport, Eng.; came to New York 1790; editor and proprietor daily newspaper, "American Citizen;" author of Life of Thomas Paine, also several political works. He had brothers, John b. 1756, d. 1812, and Benjamin d. 1820; mother, Jane Cheetham, b. Eng. 1735, d. 1803—all buried Trinity churchyard. Ancestry wanted. \$5.00 REWARD FOR CORRECT AND AUTHORITATIVE ANSWER to the above. H. M. Walter, Washington, D. C.

912. CARTWRIGHT.—Can I learn the name of the wife of Peter Cartwright, a Rev. soldier who lived and died in Lewiston Co., Ky. He is mentioned in Saffell's Records and was in Col. John Gibson's detachment in the army of Vir. He died 1805. A son Peter, a M. E. clergyman, wrote a history of the family in 1850 in which he says his father served two years in the Rev. War, and speaks of his mother as an orphan. Also wish the name of the wife of Gardner Cartwright, son of Peter, Sr.—M. G. H. B.

913. SMITH—QUINN.—Leonard Smith married Catharine Quinn in Md. and had two sons and two daughters. One daughter, Elizabeth, married at Newport, Md., Benjamin Miles and moved to Cape Girardeau, Mo., about 1835. The other daughter died unmarried. Wanted the ancestry of Leonard Smith and of his wife Catharine Quinn. Family tradition says he was an officer in the Rev. War. The family is related to the Jamison and the Fenwick families of Md., but whether through the Mileses, Quinns or Smiths I cannot tell.—Mrs. L. H.

NOTE.—Five dollars will be paid for correct and authoritative record of the marriage of Peter Avery about 1776. His wife's name is supposed to have been Mary Yaffe and the marriage to have taken place in one of the Dutch churches in New York or vicinity, possibly in Dutchess or Westchester or Ulster counties.—Mrs. E. M. A.

MEMORIAL, CONTINENTAL HALL COMMITTEE.

Mrs. DONALD McLEAN, CHAIRMAN.

The president general expressed her gratification at so large an attendance at the committee meeting October 3, 1906, regretting the unavoidable absence of Mrs. James Knox Taylor, chairman of the ways and means committee, because of absence from the city, also that of Mrs. Charles Terry owing to illness. Mrs. Draper was appointed secretary *pro tem*.

Mrs. Hodgkins, who had been appointed during the summer chairman of a special committee to care for the Hall, reported numerous visits paid and a very satisfactory condition existing. She recommended that screens be placed at the Hall doors to allow of free ventilation without admitting the birds. Report and recommendation accepted.

A report presented by the Treasurer General was read and accepted.

Mrs. Ammon, of Pittsburg, stated that when the Society of the Sons of the American Revolution learned that the President General was to visit that city they expressed a desire to show their appreciation of this visit by doing something which would be distinctly acceptable to her. Therefore, instead of a social function, they presented, through the local Daughters of the American Revolution chapter, two hundred and fifty dollars to the President General toward the completion of the Hall and in celebration of Flag day, the first donation received from the Sons of the American Revolution.

The President General, in regard to the work on the building, stated:

"The pavilions for which we signed the contract are now in actual course of erection. I gave myself the pleasure, while in Vermont, of visiting the marble quarries from which the building material is obtained and felt fully rewarded for the long and rather tiresome journey as the information it gave me was valuable and also most interesting. The contract for the heating plant has been given out including the extra foundation required. You remember you instructed your chairman,

as soon as the pavilions were under way and sufficient money in the treasury, to sign the contract for this heating plant. We have felt this was a necessity for we hope to move our offices from 902 F street to Memorial Continental Hall if possible before the next congress. A small amount of insurance has been taken out but it will be necessary to take out more. I would like some action on this matter."

After the President General had explained the matter of the insurance, Mrs. Mussey moved, seconded by Mrs. Lockwood, "That the President General be authorized to insure Memorial Continental Hall for fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) or more if necessary."

The President General then gave an interesting account of her summer trips and of the interest manifested in Memorial Continental Hall and of receiving a check in redemption of a pledge from a patriotic woman although not a member of the society. Its disposition for the Hall was left to the discretion of the President General who requested that two hundred and fifty dollars (\$250) of the amount be accredited to the museum (for which the New York City Chapter has pledged five thousand dollars) because the donor is a New York woman, and to appropriate the remaining fifty dollars to the book of which Mrs. Daniel Lothrop has charge and which is known as the "Roll of Honor Volume," that the donor's name may be perpetuated there.

Touching the matter of investing funds the President General stated "that the Board had decided to invest a portion of the permanent fund in railroad bonds until the amount is required for the building, in order to draw a higher rate of interest than at present.

Regarding the memorial portico, it was reported that the money appropriated by the legislatures of several states for memorial columns would revert to the treasuries of the states named in June, 1907, if not used before that date. The President General urged the necessity of beginning the memorial portico, bearing in mind that the money appropriated for the columns cannot be used for any other purpose. The President

General was requested to consult the architect and learn how much money will be needed to begin the foundation for the memorial columns and report result of conference at the next meeting of the Memorial Continental Committee.

Mrs. Draper called attention to the blotters having a picture of the President General and the Hall which could be procured from the Mary Bartlett Chapter for cost to be sold at an advance for the benefit of the Hall.

The President General announced her intention to start on a prolonged and extensive trip through the west in the interests of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution. A suggestion that the committee rise to wish the President General a pleasant journey and a safe return with a basketful of money and pledges for Continental Hall fund met with a ready response.—FRANCES A. M. TERRY, *Secretary*.

Book Notes and In Memoriam notices are crowded out this month by important reports received at the last moment.

This number is devoted more especially to the story of the conferences of the Daughters of the American Revolution in the different states. It will be seen that the work done covers many points; that interest grows; that numbers increase, and that a great and glorious future is before us.



OFFICIAL.

THE NATIONAL SOCIETY
OF THE

Daughters of the American Revolution

Headquarters, 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

National Board of Management
1905.

President General.

MRS. DONALD McLEAN,
186 Lenox Avenue, New York, and
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.

MRS. CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C., and
2009 Massachusetts Avenue, Washington, D. C.

Vice-Presidents General.

(Term of office expires 1907.)

MRS. JOHN R. WALKER, Missouri,
The Holland, Norfolk, Va.
MRS. MARY WOOD SWIFT, California,
824 Valencia St., San Francisco, Cal.
MRS. CHARLES H. DEERE, Illinois,
"Overlook," Moline, Illinois.
MRS. ORLANDO J. HODGE, Ohio,
1096 Euclid Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.
MRS. FLORENCE GRAY ESTEY, Vermont,
Brattleboro, Vermont.

MRS. H. S. CHAMBERLAIN, Tennessee,
237 East Terrace, Chattanooga, Tenn.
MRS. LINDSAY-PATTERSON, N. C.,
Winston-Salem, North Carolina.
MRS. JOHN CUNNINGHAM HAZEN, N. Y.,
Pelham Manor, New York.
MRS. GEORGE W. NICHOLLS, S. C.,
Spartanburg, South Carolina.
MRS. FRANKLIN E. BROOKS, Colorado,
1324 North Nevada Avenue,
Colorado Springs, Colorado.

(Term of office expires 1908.)

MRS. ROBERT EMORY PARK, Georgia, 48 Merritts Ave., Atlanta, Georgia.	MISS CLARA LEE BOWMAN, Conn., Bristol, Connecticut.
MRS. RICHARD JACKSON BARKER, R. I., Tiverton, Rhode Island.	MRS. DRAYTON W. BUSHNELL, Ia., 127 Bluff St., Council Bluffs, Iowa.
MRS. TRUMAN H. NEWBERRY, Mich., 1315 16th St., Washington, D. C.	MRS. SALLIE MARSHALL HARDY, Ky., 701 W. Chestnut St., Louisville, Ky.
MRS. WILLIAM D. KEARFOTT, N. J., Montclair, N. J.	MRS. IRA H. EVANS, Texas, Austin, Texas.
MRS. THEODORE C. BATES, Mass., 29 Harvard St., Worcester, Mass.	MRS. A. E. HENEBERGER, Va., Harrisonburg, Virginia.

Chaplain General.

MRS. TEUNIS S. HAMLIN,

1316 Connecticut Ave., Washington, D. C.

Recording Secretary General.MISS ELISABETH F. PIERCE,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.**Registrar General.**MRS. J. STEWART JAMIESON,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.**Historian General.**MRS. JONATHAN P. DOLLIVER,
1415 Massachusetts Avenue,
Washington, D. C.**Corresponding Secretary General.**MISS VIRGINIA MILLER,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.**Treasurer General.**MRS. M. E. S. DAVIS,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.**Assistant Historian General.**MRS. MARY S. LOCKWOOD,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.**Librarian General.**MISS ALINE E. SOLOMONS,
1205 K St., Washington, D. C.

(All official mail to be sent to 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.)

State Regents and State Vice-Regents.

Alabama,	MRS. J. MORGAN SMITH, South Highlands, Birmingham. MRS. AURORA P. MCCLELLAN, Athens.
Alaska,	
Arizona,	MRS. WALTER TALBOT, 503 7th St., Phoenix. MRS. FREDERICK C. BROWN, 939 West Washington St., Phoenix.
Arkansas,	MRS. JOHN McCLURE, Little Rock. MRS. MATTIE KNOX HAYMAN, Van Buren.
California,	MRS. HARRY N. GRAY, 2334 Steiner St., San Francisco. MRS. CAMERON ERSKINE THOM, "The Angeles," Los Angeles.
Colorado,	MRS. JOHN CAMPBELL, 1401 Gilpin St., Denver. MRS. O. W. MALLABY, 1707 Lake Ave., Pueblo.
Connecticut,	MRS. SARA THOMSON KINNEY, 46 Park St., New Haven. MRS. TRACY B. WARREN, 504 Seaview Ave., Bridgeport.
Delaware,	MRS. CLARENCE DRAPER SYPHERD, Dover. MRS. JULIET AGNES CUMMINS, Smyrna.

- Dist. of Columbia, MRS. ELLEN SPENCER MUSSEY, 416 5th St., Washington.
MRS. HOWARD L. HODGKINS, 1830 T St., Washington.
- Florida, MRS. AGNES M. COOK, Mandarin.
MRS. D. G. AMBLER, 411 West Church St., Jacksonville.
- Georgia, MRS. JAMES A. ROUNSAVILLE, Rome.
MRS. P. W. GODFREY, Covington.
- Idaho, MRS. DAVID H. TARR, Teton.
MRS. FLOYD LESLIE MOORE, Harpster.
- Illinois, MRS. BENJAMIN A. FESSENDEN, Highland Park.
MRS. CHARLES W. IRION, 1131 Post St., Ottawa.
- Indiana, MRS. WILLIAM A. GUTHRIE, Dupont, and 317 N. Penn St.,
Indianapolis.
MRS. NATHAN SPARKS, 404 East Maple St., Jeffersonville.
- Iowa, MRS. ROWENA EDSON STEVENS, Boone.
MISS HELEN SHAW, Anamosa.
- Kansas, MRS. W. E. STANLEY, "Riverside," Wichita.
MRS. ALEXANDER M. HARVEY, 1405 Polk St., Topeka.
- Kentucky, MRS. JOSEPH N. MCCORMACK, State St., Bowling Green.
MRS. MAURICE B. NASH, Paducah.
- Louisiana, MRS. C. HAMILTON TEBALTY, 623 Lafayette Sq., New Orleans.
- Maine, MISS CHARLOTTE AUGUSTA BALDWIN, 135 Cedar St., Bangor.
MRS. CHARLES A. CREIGHTON, Thomaston.
- Maryland, MRS. J. PEMBROKE THOM, 828 Park Ave., Baltimore.
MISS ELEANOR MURDOCH JOHNSON, Frederick.
- Massachusetts, ... MRS. CHARLES H. MASURY, 48 Elm St., Danvers.
MRS. GEORGE L. MUNN, 2 Northampton St., Easthampton.
- Michigan, MRS. WILLIAM J. CHITTENDEN, 134 W. Fort St., Detroit.
MRS. JAMES P. BRAYTON, 328 S. College Ave., Grand Rapids.
- Minnesota, MRS. JOHN EDSON BELL, 2401 Park Ave., Minneapolis.
MRS. ALEXANDER T. BIGELOW, 1930 Iglehart St., Merriam Park.
- Mississippi, MRS. EGBERT R. JONES, Holly Springs.
MRS. CHALMERS M. WILLIAMSON, 704 N. State St., Jackson.
- Missouri, MRS. THOMAS O. TOWLES, Jefferson City.
MRS. THOMAS B. TOMB, 619 East 9th St., Kansas City.
- Montana, MRS. CLINTON H. MOORE, 328 E. Broadway, Butte.
MRS. EMIL H. RENISCH, S. Excelsior Ave., Butte.
- Nebraska, MRS. STEPHEN C. LANGWORTHY, Seward.
MRS. CONRAD HOLLENBECK, 606 E. Military Ave., Fremont.
- New Hampshire, MRS. JOHN McLANE, Milford.
MRS. FREDERICK J. SHEPARD, Derry.
- New Jersey, MISS ELLEN MECUM, Salem.
MRS. E. GAYLORD PUTNAM, 219 Broad St., Elizabeth.
- New Mexico, ... MRS. L. BRADFORD PRINCE, 111 Palace Ave., Santa Fe.
- New York, MRS. HENRY ROBERTS, 14 Clinton Place, Utica.
MRS. HENRY G. MUNGER, 426 Main St., Herkimer.
- North Carolina, MRS. GEORGE PHIFER ERWIN, Morganton.
MRS. THOMAS SETTLE, Asheville.
- North Dakota, ... MRS. SARA M. LOUNSBERRY, Fargo.
- Ohio, MRS. JAMES L. BOTSFORD, 664 Wick Ave., Youngstown.
MRS. JOSEPH BENSON FORAKER, 1500 16th St., Washington,
and Cincinnati.
- Oregon, MRS. MARY PHELPS MONTGOMERY, 253 7th St., Portland.
- Oklahoma, MRS. ROBERT T. CARPENTER, 212 West 15th St., Oklahoma City.
MRS. G. C. CHAMBERS, 115 East 6th St., Oklahoma City.
- Pennsylvania, ... MRS. ALEXANDER ENNIS PATTON, "Terrace Villa," Curwens-
ville.
MRS. ELLIS LEWIS CAMPBELL, Wayne.

Rhode Island, ...	MISS ELIZABETH H. SWINBURNE, 115 Pelham St., Newport. MRS. STEPHEN F. FISK, 14 Main St., Pawtucket.
South Carolina, ..	MRS. ROBERT M. BRATTON, Guthriesville. MRS. THOMAS C. ROBERTSON, 1310 Senate St., Columbia.
South Dakota, ...	MRS. CRAIG S. THOMS, Vermilion.
Tennessee,	MISS MARY BOYCE TEMPLE, 316 W. Cumberland St., Knoxville. MISS SUSIE GENTRY, Franklin.
Texas,	MRS. SEABROOK W. SYDNOR, Houston. MRS. THOMAS J. GROCE, 3112 Avenue O, Galveston
Utah,	MRS. MARY M. FERRY ALLEN, Park City.
Vermont,	MRS. F. STEWART STRANAHAN, St. Albans. MRS. CLAYTON NELSON NORTH, Shoreham.
Virginia,	MRS. SAMUEL W. JAMISON, 1016 Franklin Road, Roanoke. MRS. JOHN D. HORSLEY, 203 Federal St., Lynchburg.
Washington,	MRS. MOSES A. PHELPS, 2118 Second Ave., Spokane. MRS. THOMAS H. MCCOUGHTRY, 511 North C St., Tacoma.
West Virginia, ..	MRS. BALDWIN DAY SPILMAN, Parkersburg. MRS. DOUGLAS E. NEWTON, Hartford.
Wisconsin,	MRS. THOMAS HOYT BROWN, 182 14th St., Milwaukee. MRS. OGDEN H. FETHERS, 51 St. Lawrence Place, Janesville.
Wyoming,	MRS. FRANK W. MONDELL, New Castle. MRS. H. B. PATTEN, 238 West 22nd St., Cheyenne.

HOW TO BECOME A MEMBER

Any woman is eligible for membership in the NATIONAL SOCIETY DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION, who is of the age of eighteen years, and is descended from a patriot man or woman who aided in establishing American Independence, *provided the applicant is acceptable to the Society*. Family tradition alone in regard to the services of an ancestor, unaccompanied by proof will not be considered.

All persons duly qualified, who have been regularly admitted by the National Board of Management, shall be members of the *National Society*; but for purposes of convenience, they may be organized into local Chapters (those belonging to the National Society alone being known as members-at-large).

Application Blanks and Constitutions will be furnished on request by the State Regent of the State in which you reside, or by the "Corresponding Secretary General" at headquarters, 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Applications should be made out in *duplicate*, one of which is kept on file at National Headquarters and one returned to file with a Chapter should one be joined.

The application must be *endorsed by at least one member of the Society*. The application, when properly filled out, should be directed to "Registrar General, D. A. R., 902 F Street, N. W., Washington, D. C."

The initiation fee is One Dollar; the annual dues are Two Dollars.

The sum of three dollars, covering the initiation fees and the annual dues for the current year, must accompany each application presented

to the National Society direct for members-at-large. The sum of two dollars, covering the initiation fee and one-half the annual dues for the current year, shall accompany each application forwarded to the National Society, through any local Chapter. All remittances should be made to the Treasurer General, D. A. R., 902 F Street, Washington, D. C. By a check or money order. Never in currency.

No application will be considered until this fee is paid. If not accepted this amount will be returned.

At the April meeting of the National Board of Management, D. A. R., the following motion was unanimously passed:

“Resolved, That the following notice be inserted in the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE: ‘Chapters shall send to headquarters, D. A. R., 902 F Street, Washington, D. C., notice of deaths, resignations, marriages and all changes of addresses and list of officers.’”

NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT, N. S. D. A. R.

WEDNESDAY, *November 7, 1906.*

The regular meeting of the National Board of Management was held, Wednesday, November 7th, 1906, at Daughters of the American Revolution headquarters, 902 F Street, Washington, District of Columbia.

The meeting was called to order Wednesday morning by the President General, Mrs. Donald McLean, who, in the absence of the Chaplain General, requested the members to unite in the Lord's Prayer.

Roll call. Members present: Mrs. McLean, President General; Mrs. Main, Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters; Vice-Presidents General Mrs. John R. Walker, Missouri; Mrs. Hazen, New York; Mrs. Newberry, Michigan; Miss Miller, Corresponding Secretary General; Mrs. Davis, Treasurer General; Mrs. Jamieson, Registrar General; Mrs. Lockwood, Assistant Historian General; Miss Pierce, Recording Secretary General. State Regents: Miss Mecum, New Jersey; and Mrs. Mussey, District of Columbia. State Vice-Regents: Mrs. Hodgkins, District of Columbia at the second day's session.

Before the regular business was taken up Miss Miller asked to announce the death of two members of the Mary Washington Chapter of the District, Mrs. Ormond Wilson and Mrs. Virginia Peacock, and

moved that an expression of sympathy be sent to the respective families of these deceased members. Motion carried. The President General announced the death of Mrs. Thomas A. McIntyre, of the New York City Chapter. The Board arose as a tribute of respect.

The President General stated that she had been informed that Mrs. Hamlin had returned home after a serious illness. It was moved and carried that a message of welcome be sent to the Chaplain General on her return home.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read, corrected and approved.

The President General then addressed the Board as follows: "I ask the privilege of giving a short report of my long trip at once, for after we arrive at the discussion of business we are too absorbed for other matters. If there is no objection, I am going to give my itinerary just as I jotted down the dates when in different places, that you may know how rapidly the trip was made. I cannot, for lack of time, give you all the incidents, nor describe half the interest and pleasure.

"October, 1906, Washington on the first of the month. On the 10th at Utica; State Conference and reception,—spoke at reception and Conference. On the 11th left for Chicago; reached there October 12th—left for Minneapolis, thence to Northfield, Minnesota, where State Conference was held—spoke. October 14th, returned to Minneapolis and left for Chicago; thence to Bloomington, to visit our former Vice-President General, Mrs. Scott, and entertained also by our former President general, Mrs. Stevenson, on October 16th. October 17th, Galesburg,—there on the 18th; big reception, and on the 18th the keys of the city were presented to me. At conference of the Daughters of the American Revolution children also took part and gave me a laurel wreath. Spoke at Knox College and High School. Chicago, October 19th; large luncheon, and great reception in the afternoon, October 20th; spoke to audience at historical society. Arrived at Kenosha, Wisconsin, October 21st; spoke in Kenosha, Wisconsin, October 21st; spoke in Kenosha on the 23rd. In Milwaukee on October 22nd, (where a "Real Daughter" of 92 years sent me a needle book of the most delicate workmanship); large luncheon and reception, and I spoke. October 24th, Iowa City. October 25th, the Iowa and Mississippi Valley Conference was held, where I met the most remarkable gathering of women!—and you have no conception of the vast area of country, the great distance; you cannot realize this until you travel there. It gives one a sense of the greatness and magnitude of our country that nothing else can induce. By going to this vast middle west you get the life of the people and their views (and I must say that their views are highly optimistic). I find the distinction north west and middle west marked as differentiating from the far west. Everytime I spoke of the 'west' (in certain sections) the Daughters of the American Revolution said: 'If you want to see

the west, you should go *west* not here.' (This being Iowa, Nebraska, etc.)

"Oct. 25th, the Mississippi Valley Conference,—a pleasant coincidence there. I found that the President of the University was President McLean, though no relative of mine, I regret to say. He and his wife were my most hospitable host and hostess. Oct. 26th a conference and the President of the University made a magnificent address, in which he dwelt largely on patriotic education, and the Conference, and I inspected the College under his guidance. At 8 p. m. by urgent request of the President of the University, I addressed the University Mass Meeting, held in the foot ball interest! (My topics varied, you see!) There were 1200 students present. (Here Mrs. Walker spoke of the University and the High School.) It really was an inspiring experience. In connection with this I wish to say that President McLean had shown me an enormous brick building which had been raised from the ground and moved across the street by the actual hand-power of 600 students themselves! I used that, speaking as an example of what boys of America can accomplish in American citizenship, in their *concentrated* powers of young manhood. There were Philippinos present, and it goes without saying that I spoke especially to them in relation to the Flag, which the boys had hung in our Daughters of the American Revolution honor.

"On October 27, I left Iowa City for Omaha, where I was entertained at chapter reception, and spoke. Left afternoon of the 28th for Council Bluffs; left on the 29th for Lincoln, Nebraska, where the state house was thrown open to us (just as it had been in New Hampshire and Maryland). After a luncheon was given the conference opened, and I addressed it. Reception at night in state house. Left Nebraska October 30th for Kansas City; arrived there at five; reception at night; left at eleven-thirty p. m. on night train. (You will note how rapidly the changes were made.) Arrived at St. Louis October 21st; reception at 3 p. m.; entertained at eight. Brilliant conference on November 1st at 1 p. m.; dinner at 7.30. I left there November 2nd, at 8 a. m. for home.

"I felt that I was most blessed both in the matter of traveling connections and in point of health; for, of course, at times it was physically very fatiguing. I met everywhere with the greatest hospitality and kindness. There were always delegations to escort me from place to place, varying in number from two to ten, sometimes twenty. They put me on the trains, met me, and did everything for my comfort. Another thing for which I am grateful; I was able to speak in every place where I was expected to speak, except in two instances, where the plans were changed for better railroad connections. I made *more* addresses than I expected to make, because of redoubled invitations. I felt profoundly thankful to Providence for protecting care and health, because I had not realized what I was undertaking at the time I started

on this tour. I was obliged sometimes to make a detour and sometimes covered the same ground twice, and traveled nearly seven hundred miles. The average number of addresses delivered was from one to three a day. I reached New York city Saturday afternoon; spoke to the New York City Chapter, and spent Sunday with my family, and am here in Washington November 7th.

"I do believe the interests of the Society are growing every day in that north and middle west part of the country and that we have a surpassing future; these members can bring to us breadth and spirit and life, which will give us untold power and influence. I met there intelligence as well as hospitality, and I hope the Daughters there felt that the trip was a success in the interests of our Society. And now I wish to say how happy I am to be at home once more,—'sweet home!' in 'my lowly thatched cottage' again." (Applause.)

The President General expressed great regret that she could not dwell in detail upon her delight in every enthusiastic greeting and hospitable entertainment accorded her; but said—should she attempt to tell *all* her experiences and keenness of her appreciation, she feared it would be necessary to print an additional number of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

Report of Officers were called.

REPORT OF THE RECORDING SECRETARY GENERAL: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: I have the honor to report that the instructions given me at the October meeting of the National Board of Management have been carried out and that before the adjournment of that meeting I telegraphed to the State Regent of Alabama, in accordance with the motion of Mrs. Park, Vice-President of Georgia, expressing the sympathy of the Board and tendering an offer of aid to the Daughters in the storm-stricken districts of Alabama and Florida. The following reply was received:

"Message greatly appreciated,—will notify Mobile and advise you.

(Signed) "Mrs. J. M. SMITH, *Alabama State Regent.*"

Letters of condolence were promptly sent to the families of those deceased members to whom I was instructed to write.

Acknowledgment was made to the Sons of the American Revolution in Pittsburg for their generous donation made to our President General, Mrs. Donald McLean, for the benefit of Memorial Continental Hall fund, and to Mr. Frederick L. Owens for bringing to the Society over one hundred dollars through the renting of the chairs formerly used in our hall, for some governmental purposes, as well as for the many other acts of kindness Mr. Owens has shown the Society.

The various invitations to State Conferences, etc., have been an-

swered, and the resolutions from Silver Bow Chapter, of Montana, acknowledged according to the instructions of the Board.

Mr. J. Edward Bates was duly notified of his election as auditor to the National Society, at the October meeting, and the retiring auditor informed of this action of the Board.

Number of letters and postals written, 140; notification cards of membership signed, 859; original application papers signed, 859; supplementary papers, 152; certificates of membership, 1,397. I am happy to report that all these certificates and application papers are signed, and the correspondence of my desk attended to up to date.

Letters of regret for this meeting have been received from the following: Mrs. Jamison, State Regent of Virginia; Mrs. Smith, of Alabama; Mrs. Roberts, of New York; Miss Baldwin, of Maine; Mrs. Bell, of Minnesota; Mrs. Patton, of Pennsylvania; Mrs. Chittenden, of Michigan; from Miss Bowman, Vice-President General of Connecticut; Mrs. Kearfott, of New Jersey; Mrs. Bates, of Massachusetts, and Mrs. Bushnell, of Iowa.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

ELISABETH F. PIERCE,

Recording Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

Report accepted.

REPORT OF THE CORRESPONDING SECRETARY GENERAL: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: For the month of October, 1906, I have to report the following supplies sent out: Application blanks, 2,475; copies of the Constitution, 251; circulars "How to Become a Member," 304; officers' lists, 286; committee lists, 236; miniature blanks, 113; transfer cards, 34.

Letters received, 143; letters written, 122.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

VIRGINIA MILLER,

Corresponding Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

Report accepted.

REPORT OF REGISTRAR GENERAL: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: I have the honor to report the following for the past month: Applications of membership presented, 490; applications verified awaiting dues, 63; applications examined but incomplete, 157; applications received since October 25th, unexamined, 207. Permits for Insignia issued, 239; permits for ancestral bars issued, 31; permits for Recognition Pins issued, 85. Certificates issued, 60. Letters written, 258; postals written, 93.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

ELEANOR W. JAMIESON,

Registrar General, N. S. D. A. R.

Mrs. Davis moved that the Recording Secretary General be instructed to cast the ballot for the new applicants. Motion carried.

The Recording Secretary General announced that the ballot had been cast for the applicants presented in the report of the Registrar General and declared them duly elected members of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution.

At the suggestion of the President General, the Board arose as a token of welcome to the new Daughters.

The Registrar General asked for instructions in the case of a former member of the Society desiring to be reinstated, but who was unable to pay all the back dues at the time of reinstatement.

The President General appointed the Registrar General a committee of one to look into this matter and ascertain if it would not be permissible for back dues to be paid by instalment,—in stated sums,—when a member dropped for non-payment of dues desires to be reinstated but is unable to pay all the back dues at the time of reinstatement to membership. The Registrar General was requested to report on this subject at the December meeting of the Board.

REPORT OF VICE-PRESIDENT GENERAL IN CHARGE OF ORGANIZATION OF CHAPTERS: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: The resignation of Mrs. Coral Harris Frazier as Chapter Regent at Hutchinson, Kansas, is presented for acceptance, and the following Chapter Regencies have expired by limitation: Mrs. Mary Celia Burton Bennett, Ness City, Kansas; Mrs. Emma P. Tracey, Chillicothe, Missouri; Miss Elizabeth Waldo Hawley, Dillon, Montana; Mrs. Mary Lee Cable, New Philadelphia, Ohio; and Mrs. Clara Rawson Dennett, Sheboygan, Wisconsin.

Through their respective State Regents the following Chapter Regents' appointments are presented for confirmation: Mrs. Abigail Moss Henry, Guntersville, Alabama; Miss Nellie V. Baker, Selma, Alabama; Mrs. Anita Kellogg Thompson, Pine Bluff, Arkansas; Mrs. Eliza Jackson Jarvis, Santa Barbara, California; Mrs. Lorabel Wallace Brooks, Bedford, Indiana; Mrs. Nora G. Fisher, Crownpoint, Indiana; Dr. Ida Holson Bailey, Washington, Iowa; Mrs. Hattie Estes Richardson, Webster City, Iowa; Mrs. Marion Howard Brazier, Boston, Massachusetts; Mrs. H. Josephine Hayward, Woburn, Massachusetts; Mrs. Mary Hester Curry, Brenham, Texas; Miss Janette Rose Burlington, Shullsburg, Wisconsin, and Mrs. Emily Phelps Witter, Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, and the reappointment of Mrs. Isadore Mae Hinman, Battle Creek, Michigan.

The Paul Jones Chapter, of Boston, Massachusetts, wishes to disband, as all the members have been transferred to the at-large membership, and the charter returned, I herewith ask the Board to declare the Chapter null and void and in its presence destroy the charter.

Chapter Regents' commissions issued, 14; charter applications issued, 5; charters issued, 5, viz: "Ouray," Ouray, Colorado; "Jemima

Alexander Sharp," Booneville, Missouri; "Kansas City," Kansas City, Missouri; "John McAlmont," Pine Bluff, Arkansas; "Mary Torr," Rochester, New Hampshire, and the reissue of "Richmond-Indiana," Richmond, Indiana, and "Daniel Boone," Boone, Iowa.

Letters received, 121; letters written, 127.

In connection with the Card Catalogues there have been 859 members' cards; 987 ancestors' cards; 89 corrections; 106 deaths; 325 resignations; 3 marriages; 303 dropped for non-payment of dues; and 8 reinstatements. The 325 resignations and 203 dropped for non-payment of dues was the accumulation of four months,—June, July, August and September.

Admitted membership October 2nd, 1906, 57,660; actual membership, October 2nd, 1906, 46,969.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN,
*Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chap-
 ters, N. S. D. A. R.*

Report accepted.

Mrs. Main read a letter from Mrs. Cook, State Regent of Florida, tendering her resignation, in consequence of the affliction that had befallen her in the death of her father and mother, to which was added the destruction of her home.

Mrs. Main moved: *That the resignation of Mrs. Agnes M. Cook, State Regent of Florida, be accepted with extreme regret, and that a letter of sympathy, on the part of the Board, be sent Mrs. Cook in the double bereavement she has sustained and in the calamity that has come to her in the destruction of her home.*

The President General expressed her deep personal sorrow at learning this sad news, and at her suggestion, the Board arose as a mark of respect and sympathy.

Mrs. Main spoke of the excellent work done by Mrs. Helen P. Kane, a clerk in her department, and moved: *That an increase of \$5.00 per month be made in Mrs. Kane's salary, this having been endorsed by the Supervising Committee.*

Seconded by Mrs. Davis and Miss Solomons,—who also testified to the efficiency of Mrs. Kane. Motion carried.

The President General announced that Miss Mecum, State Regent of New Jersey, expected to leave the city soon, and desired to report as Chairman for the Committee on Patriotic Education. This request being granted, Miss Mecum made a verbal report, which was accepted with thanks.

The President General suggested that the Chairman of the Committee on Patriotic Education embody in the next circular to be issued by that committee, certain extracts from the address of the president of the Iowa University, who laid special stress on the work of

patriotic education and made some suggestions, which would doubtless be helpful to the committee in its work.

REPORT OF THE TREASURER GENERAL.

October 1-31, 1906.

CURRENT FUND.

Balance in bank at last report, September 29, 1906, \$11,701 61

RECEIPTS.

Annual dues (\$1,530, less \$56 refunded),	\$1,474 00	
Initiation fees (\$467, less \$29 refunded),	438 00	
Certificate,	1 00	
Directory,	4 00	
Lineage Books,	8 00	
Ribbon,	3 35	
Rosettes,	1 50	
		1,929 85
		\$13,631 46

EXPENDITURES.

Office of President General.

Clerical service, \$56 50 \$56 50

Office of Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.

Engrossing 4 charters,	\$1 20	
20,000 printed cards for catalogue,	44 00	
Typewriter oil,	30	
Clerical service,	120 00	
		165 50

Office of Recording Secretary General.

Expressage,	\$1 85	
Engrossing ink and 25 yards of carpet lining, ..	5 05	
Extra clerical service,	9 00	
Clerical service, stenographer,	100 00	
		115 90

Office of Corresponding Secretary General.

Clerical service, \$35 00 35 00

Office of Registrar General.

Rebinding 3 volumes records,	\$4 50	
1,000 labels,	2 50	
Car fare for library,	50	
Engrossing ink, paper and sharpening erasers,	2 15	
Extra clerical service and use of typewriter,	35 00	
Clerical service,	260 00	
	<hr/>	304 65

Office of Treasurer General.

Repairing typewriter,	\$7 20	
1,000 printed cards for catalogue,	5 40	
Auditing account for August and September, 1906,	20 00	
3 dozen scratch books and 1 dozen paper fasteners,	2 50	
Clerical service,	265 00	
	<hr/>	300 10

Office of Librarian General.

Expressage,	\$1 70	
500 guide cards for catalogue,	1 13	
Sharpening eraser,	10	
Clerical service,	65 00	
	<hr/>	67 93

Daughters of the American Revolution Report to Smithsonian Institution.

Reading proof and revising eighth Annual Report to Smithsonian Institution,	\$25 00	25 00
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Office Historian General (Lineage).

Stationery,	\$2 92	
29 days' clerical service for revising Volume I of the Lineage Book,	29 00	
Compiler,	80 00	
Clerical service,	30 00	
	<hr/>	141 92

Magazine.

Expressage,	\$2 60	
Postage for editor,	5 00	
Telegrams,	2 35	
Auditing accounts for August and September, 1906,	6 67	
Publishing and mailing October number,	285 30	
Editor's salary,	83 33	

Business manager's salary,	75 00	
Genealogical Department,	30 00	
	<hr/>	490 25
<i>General Office.</i>		
Expressage,	\$5 59	
Taking down awnings,	4 00	
1 dozen erasers, 1 dozen blotters, 1 dozen pen holders, 1/2 pound pins, 1 ream typewriting paper and 5 cases spring water,	12 05	
Messenger service,	15 00	
Clerical service,	85 00	
	<hr/>	121 64
<i>Continental Hall.</i>		
Cutting grass,	\$1 00	
Electricity, May 2-June 19, 1906,	11 90	
Premium on 3 years' insurance on Continental Hall and furniture therein,	170 00	
Watchman from August 1-October 1, 1906, ...	16 00	
	<hr/>	198 90
<i>Certificates.</i>		
Postage,	\$30 00	
Engrossing 622 certificates,	46 64	
	<hr/>	76 64
<i>Postage.</i>		
President General,	\$ 78	
Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters,	1 50	
Recording Secretary General,	4 00	
Registrar General,	5 43	
Librarian General,	50	
General Office,	3 38	
Chapter By-Law Committee,	2 00	
On blanks and constitutions,	25 00	
10,000 stamped envelopes,	216 00	
	<hr/>	258 59
<i>Stationery.</i>		
President General,	\$41 30	
Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters,	7 74	
	<hr/>	49 04
<i>Sixteenth Continental Congress.</i>		
Postage for Credential Committee,	\$10 00	
1,000 envelopes for Credential Committee,	2 20	
	<hr/>	12 20

Office Furniture.

Repairing desk in General Office,	\$1 00	1 00
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Support of Real Daughters.

Support of 5 "Real Daughters,"	\$40 00	40 00
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Rent of Offices,	\$229 65	229 65
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Rent of telephone for September and October, 1906,	18 00	18 00
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Total expenses,	\$2,708 41	
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Balance October 31, 1906—

In National Metropolitan Bank,	3,005 58	
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In Washington Loan and Trust Bank,	7,917 47	
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	<u>10,923 05</u>	
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	<u>\$13,631 46</u>	
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Fort Crailo Fund.

Balance in bank at last report,	\$53 61	
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	<u>\$53 61</u>	
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PERMANENT FUND.

Balance in bank at last report September 29, 1906,	\$56,925 05	
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RECEIPTS.

Charter Fee.

<i>Daniel Boone Chapter</i> (reissue), Iowa,	\$2 00	\$2 00
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Life Membership Fees.

Mrs. Eva L. W. Cullis, <i>Denver Chapter</i> , Colorado,	\$12 50	
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Mrs. Frances L. S. Dunn, <i>Fanny Ledyard Chapter</i> , Connecticut,	12 50	
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Mrs. Elizabeth J. Hathaway, <i>Fanny Ledyard Chapter</i> , Connecticut,	12 50	
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Mrs. Nellie R. Woodruff, <i>Hannah Woodruff Chapter</i> , Connecticut,	12 50	
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Mrs. Ella W. Ballard, <i>Hannah Jameson Chapter</i> , Kansas,	12 50	
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Mrs. Jessie B. Wherry, <i>Hannah Jameson Chapter</i> , Kansas,	12 50	
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Mrs. Lucy S. Wallace, <i>Mercy Warren Chapter</i> , Massachusetts,	12 50	
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Mrs. Euphemia R. Wood, <i>Omaha Chapter</i> , Nebraska,	12 50	
Mrs. Mary C. Elwood, <i>Irondequoit Chapter</i> , New York,	12 50	
Mrs. Oscar C. Palmer, <i>Irondequoit Chapter</i> , New York,	12 50	
Mrs. E. S. Raub, <i>Mahwenawasigh Chapter</i> , New York,	12 50	
Mrs. Ethel Granger Schultz, <i>Muskingum Chapter</i> , Ohio,	12 50	
Miss Kate Weber, <i>Berks County Chapter</i> , Pennsylvania,	12 50	
	<hr/>	162 50

Continental Hall Contributions.

Mrs. Helen P. Kane, of the District of Columbia,	\$1 00	
Mrs. Lillian Rozell Messenger, commission on sale of "The Heroine of the Hudson," District of Columbia,	2 50	
Mrs. J. M. Hibler, of <i>New York City Chapter</i> , New York, account of Museum, New York,...	1 00	
Mrs. George Washington Holland, through Mrs. Donald McLean, on account of Museum, New York,	250 00	
Mrs. George Washington Holland, through Mrs. Donald McLean, Roll of Honor Book, New York,	50 00	
<i>Nathaniel Massie Chapter</i> , Ohio,	15 00	
<i>Cumberland County Chapter</i> , account Front Vestibule, Pennsylvania,	5 00	
Mrs. Fred Haverly, of <i>Tioga Chapter</i> , Pennsylvania,	5 00	
Mrs. Mattie C. Van Ostrand, Regent <i>Nequi-Antigo-Siebah Chapter</i> , Wisconsin,	5 00	
	<hr/>	334 50
Daughters of the American Revolution Continental Hall Spoons,	5 25	5 25
Commission on Recognition Pins,	4 60	4 60
		<hr/>
		\$57,433 90

Disbursed for Purchase of Bonds for Investment as Follows.

5,000 par value, Chicago & Alton Railroad 3% gold bonds,	\$4,000 60
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10,000 par value, Baltimore & Ohio Railroad 4% gold bonds,	10,150 00	
10,000 par value, Union Pacific Railroad 4% gold bonds,	10,326 50	
	<hr/>	24,477 10
		<hr/>
		\$32,956 80

Cash balance on deposit in banks, as follows—

On deposit in American Security and Trust Company,	\$22,965 80
On deposit in Washington Loan and Trust Company,	5,000 00
On deposit in National Safe Deposit, Savings and Trust Company,	5,000 00

Investments in railroad bonds,	24,477 10
	<hr/>
	\$57,433 90

Total Permanent Fund—

On deposit in banks as above,	\$32,956 80
Investments in railroad bonds, as above,	24,477 10
	<hr/>
	\$57,433 90

Respectfully submitted,

M. E. S. DAVIS,
Treasurer General, D. A. R.

Mrs. Main moved: *That the Treasurer General's report in its official figures be accepted.* Seconded by Miss Mecum and Mrs. Walker. Motion carried.

An invitation to attend the Virginia State Conference, now being held at Richmond, was presented to the Board.

Mrs. Hazen moved that this invitation be accepted with thanks. Motion carried.

Mrs. Main moved: *That Mrs. Jamieson, the Registrar General, who is about leaving for the Virginia State Conference, be requested to convey greetings from the National Board to the members in Conference assembled, with best wishes for its success.*

Motion unanimously carried.

At half after one o'clock it was moved and carried to take a recess until half past two.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, *November 7, 1906.*

The adjourned meeting was called to order by the President General, Mrs. Donald McLean.

Miss Mecum rose to a question of privilege, to call the attention of the Board to the inferior quality of stationery now being furnished the Society, and requested that some measures be taken to correct this.

The President General appointed Miss Mecum a committee of one to inquire into the matter of the stationery, requesting samples to be submitted and report to the Board at the December meeting.

The Treasurer General presented a request for a new chair in her department.

Miss Miller moved: *That this request be granted and the Purchasing Committee be authorized to attend to the purchase of the chair.* Motion carried.

Mrs. Main read a letter from Mrs. Egbert Jones, Mississippi State Regent, giving encouraging reports of the interest in the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution in her state, and the proposed formation of new Chapters there. Mrs. Main then moved: *That the congratulations of the National Board of Management be sent to Mrs. Egbert Jones, State Regent of Mississippi, upon the success that is attending her efforts to form new Chapters.* Seconded by Mrs. Walker. Motion carried.

Reports of officers were resumed:

REPORT OF HISTORIAN GENERAL was read by Mrs. Lockwood, in the absence of that officer: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: To complete the twenty-third Volume of the Lineage Book several days have been spent by the compiler in the Pension Office. By these records she has been able to edit many incomplete numbers, but there are still forty-five awaiting replies to second letters. The Twenty-fourth Volume is progressing satisfactorily.

Respectively submitted,

LOUISE P. DOLLIVER,

Historian General, N. S. D. A. R.

Report accepted.

REPORT OF ASSISTANT HISTORIAN GENERAL: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: The Editor of the Report of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution to the Smithsonian Institution has to announce to the Board that the Eighth Report has had its final proofreading and the index is in the hands of the printer. Its completion is looked for this month.

On October 30th, the following letter was issued to all State Regents: .

MY DEAR STATE REGENT:

The Eighth Volume of the Daughters of the American Revolution Report to the Smithsonian Institution is in press and will soon be issued.

The Editor must now call upon you to send in your next report covering the work from October 11th, 1905, to October 11th, 1906.

Will you kindly comply with this request by January 1st, 1907, as the short session of the United States Congress ends March 4th, and the Ninth Report must be submitted to the Smithsonian Institution before February 5th, 1907.

If you can procure some pictures of work accomplished that have not been previously used, we will be glad to place them in the coming Report.

Most cordially yours,

(Signed)

MARY S. LOCKWOOD,

Editor D. A. R. Report to Smithsonian Institution.

Report accepted.

REPORT OF LIBRARIAN GENERAL: Madam President General and Members of National Board of Management: I have the honor to report the following accessions to the Library since the meeting of October 2nd:

BOOKS.

Memorials of old Virginia clerks. Compiled by F. Johnston. Lynchburg, 1888. Presented by Mrs. J. D. Horsley.

The Declaration of Independence. Its History. By John H. Hazelton, N. Y., 1906.

Official letters from George Washington to Congress. Imperfect copy.

Life of Patrick Henry. By William Wirt. Hartford, 1854. Presented by Mrs. E. T. McVeigh.

Thomas Ferrier and some of his descendants. Compiled by Elizabeth Ferrier Lane. Elkhorn, 1906. Gift of compiler.

William Yates and his descendants. By Edgar Yates. Old Orchard, 1906. Presented by Edgar Yates.

The Hills family in America Ancestry and descendants of William Hills, the English emigrant to New England in 1632, of Joseph Hills, the English emigrant to New England in 1638, and of the great-grandsons of Robert Hills of the parish of Wye, County of Kent, England, emigrants to New England, 1794-1906. Compiled by William Sanford Hills and edited by Thomas Hills. New York, 1906. Presented by William Sanford Hills.

North Carolina, 1780-1781. Being a history of the invasion of the Carolinas by the British Army under Lord Cornwallis in 1780-1781. By David Schenck. Raleigh, 1899. Presented by Miss Rebecca Schenck.

Wardwell. Brief sketch of the antecedents of Solomon Wardwell, with the descendants of his two sons, Ezra and Amos, who died in Sullivan, N. H. By Elizabeth Wardwell Stay. Greenfield, 1905.

Year book, 1886-1897, Hawaiian Society, S. A. R. Honolulu, 1897.

Year book, 1900, Hawaiian Society, S. A. R. Honolulu, 1897. The above year books presented by the Hawaiian Society, S. A. R.

Year book Paul Jones Chapter. Boston, 1906. Presented by Miss Marion H. Brazier.

PAMPHLETS.

Short sketch of Eli W. Caruthers, D. D. By David Schenck. Greensboro, n. d.

Biographical sketch of Lieut. Col. "Hal" Dixon. By David Schenck. *William Hooper, Signer of the Declaration of Independence.* Address by Edwin A. Alderman. Chapel Hill, n. d.

James Hunter. Address by Joseph M. Morehead, n. p., 1898.

Life and character of Gov. Alexander Martin. By Robert M. Douglass. n. p., n. d.

Mrs. Karenhappuch Turner, a heroine of 1776. Address by G. S. Bradshaw. Greensboro, n. d.

Maj. Gen. Stephen D. Ramseur. n. p., n. d.

Life and times of Major Joseph Winston. Greensboro, n. d.

"May, 1775." *Article on the alleged Mecklenburg Declaration of Independence, published by Charles Phillips, and his subsequent letters in regard to that matter.* Greensboro, 1893.

Historical address delivered by David Schenck, May 5th, 1888. Subject, Battle of Guilford Court House. Greensboro, 1888.

The above twelve pamphlets were presented by Miss Rebecca Schenck, through Mrs. Charles Van Noppen.

Old No. 4 and anniversary observance, Charlestown, N. H., Aug. 30, 1904. Presented by Samuel Ashley Chapter.

Annual Report, Commissioner of Pensions, 1905. Washington, 1905. Presented by Mrs. Amos G. Draper.

Historical sketch of Ann Pamela Cunningham, "The Southern Matron," founder of Mount Vernon Ladies' Association. Presented by Corresponding Secretary Mount Vernon Ladies' Association.

Report of Committee on Methods of organization and work on the part of state and local historical societies.

Mecklenburg, N. C. Militia. A partial list of the militiamen of the county from 1775 to 1778. Compiled by Bernard Nixon. Presented by Mrs. Bessie S. Childs.

Year books received from 14 chapters.

PERIODICALS.

Annals of Iowa,October

Bulletin New York Public Library,October

<i>Connecticut Magazine</i> ,	No. 3, Vol. X.
<i>Historical Register</i> ,	October
<i>Iowa Journal of History and Politics</i> ,	October
<i>New York Genealogical and Biographical Record</i> ,	October
<i>North Carolina Booklet</i> ,	October

The above list comprises 50 accessions, of which 12 were books, 31 pamphlets and 7 periodicals. Ten books were presented, 1 received for review and 1 in exchange for Lineage Book. Thirty-one pamphlets were presented.

Respectfully submitted,

ALINE E. SOLOMONS,
Librarian General, N. S. D. A. R.

Miss Miller moved: *That the report of the Librarian General be accepted with its recommendation.* Motion carried.

The Librarian General made an interesting statement of some correspondence she had had recently with Mr. Dickey, a member of the Society, Sons of the American Revolution, at Honolulu, and presented a request from the gentleman for the Lineage Book, National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, in order to stimulate interest in the Society in that remote locality.

The President General expressed the hope that this request would be granted, and every facility be furnished, within the power of the Daughters, to further the work of the Society in Honolulu. Instructions were then given the Librarian General to comply with Mr. Dickey's request.

Mrs. Main read a letter from Mrs. Boynton, President General of the Society of Daughters of Founders and Patriots of America, requesting permission for that Society to hold a reception in the Daughters' Building at Jamestown Island during the Jamestown Exposition.

Mrs. Hodgkins moved: *That the request of the Society of Daughters of Founders and Patriots, to hold a reception on October 13th, 1907, in the house belonging to the Daughters of the American Revolution at Jamestown, be granted.* Seconded by Miss Solomons. Motion carried.

Mrs. Main read a letter from Mrs. Sternberg, containing a protest on the part of the Army and Navy Chapter of the District in regard to certain proposed uses of the American flag, requesting the National Board to indorse this protest.

The President General suggested that the matter be referred back to the Chapter, also that it would be well to write to the persons desiring to use the flag, inquiring in what way they desired to use it.

The President General stated that she had received several com-

munications from the Chairman of the Jamestown Committee, Mrs. Purcell, asking that a day be named for the dedication of the Daughters' Building at Jamestown Island as early as possible, in order that the building may be used without delay during the Exposition. The date fixed as Daughters' Day, October 11th, being a general celebration of the entire Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, and not applying to the day for the dedication of the Daughters' Building.

After some discussion, Mrs. Hazen moved: *That the dedication of the building erected by the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, on Jamestown Island, Virginia, take place during the week following the Sixteenth Continental Congress, in April, 1907*

Seconded by Miss Miller. Motion carried.

The Recording Secretary General read a letter from Mrs. Purcell on this subject and a letter from Mr. Sexton, Chief of Congresses and Special Events for the Exposition, asking about the possible number of Daughters attending the Exposition and other details.

Instructions were given the Recording Secretary General for replying to these letters.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON CHAPTER BY-LAWS: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: The Committee on By-Laws submits the following report:

The first regular meeting of the Committee took place October 15th, 1906. Three members were present. Since that time the members of the Committee have been almost constantly at work, and with this report the work is finished up to date.

Twenty-six Chapters have received corrected By-Laws, and three letters answering special questions have also been sent, making twenty-nine letters written in connection with this work. The corrections most frequently made related to the election of delegates and alternates to the Continental Congress, and the respective duties of the treasurer and registrar,—one Chapter electing its delegates and alternates after the 19th of April.

Many of the books containing the By-Laws were elaborate, giving the program for the entire year. The former Paul Jones Chapter of Massachusetts had a regularly bound book, containing many cuts and illustrations.

(Signed)

Respectfully submitted,
CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN, *Chairman*,
MARY LOUISE BARROLL,
By-Law Committee.

Report accepted.

REPORT OF THE PURCHASING COMMITTEE was read by the Recording Secretary General in the absence of the Chairman of the Committee,

as follows: To the President General and Members of the National Board of Management: As Chairman of the Purchasing Committee I submit the following report: The Committee met and organized on Wednesday, October 3rd, 1906, at 8.30 p. m., in the Red Parlor of the Ebbitt House.

After looking over the bids and furnishings, it was unanimously voted to keep the contracts with the same firms. The Card Catalogue section voted by the Board for the Registrar General has been purchased. The necessary supplies for the officers have been ordered.

The Committee would report a great saving in the purchasing of typewriting paper. It is now being supplied at one-half the price hitherto paid.

In conclusion, we would bring before you the need of a new section for the book case for the use of the Registrar General and of a desk for the Curator.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) ELIZA H. L. BARKER, *Chairman, Purchasing Committee, National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution.*

Miss Miller moved the acceptance of this report with its recommendation. Motion carried.

REPORT OF THE SUPERVISION COMMITTEE was read by Mrs. Hodgkins, State Vice-Regent of the District, representing Mrs. Mussey, State Regent, as follows: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: The Committee are pleased to acknowledge with thanks several well-timed and useful gifts from Mrs. Richard J. Barker, Chairman Purchasing Committee, for use in the Board Room, to wit:

Inkstand, 2 stands for penholders, 1 dozen pencil-holders, 3 hard rubber penholders, 12 dozen pencils, penwiper and holder.

The Committee also reports that the desk used by the Curator is in such a dilapidated condition that it is not a safe depository for even the small sums it is necessary for the Curator to handle.

The Purchasing Committee reports that it will cost \$15.00 to thoroughly repair the desk, which sum would nearly purchase a new one, and we therefore request that the Purchasing Committee be authorized to purchase a new desk and chair for the use of the Curator.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

ELLEN S. MUSSEY, *Chairman,*
KATHERINE T. GERALD,
MRS. D. K. SHUTE, *per E. S. M.*

Report accepted.

Mrs. Hodgkins suggested that the watchman who is in charge of Memorial Continental Hall from four p. m. to seven a. m. be paid monthly, instead of weekly, as heretofore,—the amount paid, \$2.00 per week. This being approved by the Board, it was so ordered.

The President General explained that the new auditor, Mr. J. Edward Bates, had no formal report to make at this time, as he is still in process of examining the books.

REPORT OF FINANCE COMMITTEE: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: Your Chairman of the Finance Committee reports that during the month of October bills to the amount of \$2,690.41 have been authorized, of which the largest items were as usual, pay roll, \$1,115.00; rent, \$229.65; publishing AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE, \$285.30, and postage, \$216.16.

In carrying out the instructions given by the Board, as embodied in the motion made by Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood and seconded by Miss Virginia Miller, your Finance Committee submit the following statement:

Through and with the advice of the American Security and Trust Company, they have invested in ten thousand—\$1,000.00 gold bonds of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, at \$101 $\frac{3}{8}$ each, amounting to \$10,150.00, which includes the premium and the New York brokerage fee. These are 4% coupon bonds, interest payable on April 1st, and October 1st.

Through the National Safe Deposit, Savings & Trust Company, they have purchased 10 Union Pacific first mortgage Railroad bonds, at \$103 $\frac{1}{8}$ each, at a cost of \$10,326.50 which includes New York brokerage fee and express charges. These are 4% coupon bonds, interest due January 1st and July 1st, and will give us \$400.00 a year interest.

Through the Union Trust Company, they have purchased five \$1,000.00 coupon bonds of the Chicago & Alton R. R., at \$80.00 flat. These bonds are 3% gold bonds; but as we were enabled to purchase them below par, or at \$80.00, in place of \$100.00, we realize a 4% interest due April and October. These being below par, cost us \$4,000.60.

To each of these several Trust Companies we gave the following voucher, signed by every resident member of the Finance Committee, as authority to draw on the Treasurer General for the required sum, and to turn over to her the bonds, to be placed in her safe deposit box:

In view of payments probably to be made on contracts during the next three (3) months, the Committee thought better not to invest further without consultation with the Board. This leaves in the

Permanent Fund uninvested in bonds according to the report of the Treasurer General on September 29th, \$7,449.05 and \$25,000.

(Signed)

CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN,
Chairman,

ELLEN SPENCER MUSSEY,
MAY D. RUSSELL YOUNG,
BERTHA M. ROBBINS,
MARY LOUISE BARROLL,
HARRIET BARNES NEWBERRY,
MRS. DONALD McLEAN,
Member ex-officio, Com.

In view of the payments probably to be made on contracts during the next three months, the Committee thought better not to invest further without consultation with the Board. This leaves in the permanent fund, according to the report of the Treasurer General on September 29th, \$7,449.05.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN,
Chairman.

Report accepted.

Miss Miller read a letter from the Secretary of the Lexington Chapter of Kentucky, inquiring if a member of the Society can be made Vice-President General without being a member of any Chapter in the State.

The letter was referred to the Recording Secretary General to answer, according to the Constitution of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution.

The Recording Secretary General read a letter from Mrs. E. L. Crine, of Port Jervis, New York, sending the data and affidavit to establish the claim of her mother, Mrs. Phebe M. Gainford, as a "Real Daughter," and requested that the Board take action on the same.

Miss Miller moved: *That the Treasurer General be instructed to send the sum of eight dollars a month to Mrs. Phebe M. Gainford, a "Real Daughter," who is in great need.* Seconded by Mrs. Hazen. Motion carried.

The Recording Secretary General read an acknowledgment from Mrs. J. Ellen Foster of the letter of sympathy sent by the Board upon the death of her husband, Mr. Elijah C. Foster.

The President General presented a request from a lady who is compiling a calendar, or Day Book, of the American Revolution, and desires to issue this under the auspices of the Daughters of the American Revolution, offering certain terms of percentage,—and submitted a specimen to the Board for its inspection.

After some discussion, Mrs. Main moved: *That it is with regret that the Board is unable to act favorably upon the request to accept this*

calendar, there being a statute of the Society covering this point, which prevents any action on the part of the Board. Seconded by Miss Pierce. Motion carried.

The President General announced to the Board that she had interviewed the architect in regard to Continental Hall before leaving for her Western trip and had been informed by him that the marble was here and the pavilions were progressing satisfactorily.

Mrs. Hodgkins supplemented this announcement by stating that the heating plant was also being installed.

An invitation was read from the State Regent of Pennsylvania, Mrs. Patton, to the State Conference, to be held at Clearfield, Pennsylvania, November 13th, also an entertainment at the house of the State Regent in Curwensville.

Miss Solomons moved: *That the National Board of Management extends its thanks to Mrs. Patton, State Regent of Pennsylvania, for her invitation to attend the State Conference and the buffet supper at her home on November 13th.* Seconded by Miss Pierce. Motion carried.

Also, an invitation from the State Regent of Alabama, Mrs. J. Morgan Smith, to the State Conference to be held at Opelika, on December 6th and 7th.

Miss Miller moved: *That the National Board of Management extend its thanks to Mrs. Smith, Alabama State Regent, for her invitation to attend the Alabama State Conference.* Seconded by Mrs. Lockwood. Motion carried.

At five o'clock it was moved and carried to adjourn.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

ELISABETH F. PIERCE,

Recording Secretary General, National Society, D. A. R.

Report accepted, December 5, 1906.

As we have had some trouble recently with letters going astray, we urge our subscribers to send their remittances by checks or money orders. Money orders are preferable, as in cases of failure to present for collection, we are notified by the post office and duplicates issued upon application.



Captain William Smith, South Carolina.

American Monthly Magazine

VOL. XXX. WASHINGTON, D. C., FEBRUARY, 1907. No. 2.

MUSTER DAY.

Mrs. Edward P. McCormick, Germantown Chapter.

Since the days of our forefathers, when the armed men of our struggling plantations with their flint locks, muskets, or still more ancient match lock, powder horns and shot pouches, were compelled to keep constant watch on account of treacherous Indians, the militia with their training days have played an important part. The following shows how important the pioneer deemed it to have a well-armed, well-trained body of men to depend upon in case of hostilities:

"That the militia may be so managed as may to be the best advantage of the public weal and safety of this colony of Connecticut, it is ordered by the court and authority thereof that every male person within this jurisdiction above the age of sixteen shall have in continual readiness a good musket, carbine and other guns fit for service, with six flints to every fire lock and three fathoms of match to every match lock, but if any person be not able to buy, arms shall be found for him, and he shall be trained at least six times in a year."

Very few arms could be procured, and an envious and motley collection resulted. Some of these "train bands" wore a bandolier, a broad belt over the right shoulder under the left arm, to support "musquet" and twelve cases of cartridges. Some were armed with pikes, provided they had corselets and head pieces. Penalties were imposed for failure to attend drills, and for failure to keep arms in good condition. These bands were for the towns and counties, but could be called out by the governor for the general good.

The drilling of the militia during this period was something fearful to contemplate. Every man for himself, but it seemed

to work well, for the Louisburg campaign of 1745 showed what strength there was in the fighting men of New England.

At the first Thanksgiving of our Pilgrim fathers they exercised their arms, and for some years had six trainings a year. No wonder they were said to be "diligent in traynings." The military reviews and exercises were made properly religious by an opening exercise of prayer and psalm singing, the latter at such an inordinate length as to provoke criticism and remarks from the rank and file, remonstrance which was once pleasantly rebuked by Judge Sewall. Religious notices were also given out before the company broke line. A fine dinner relieved the solemnity of the opening exercises.

On the Boston Common a noble dinner was given to gentlemen and gentlewomen in tents, and the frequent firing of guns and cannon enlivened the day.

Boston mustered a very fair military force at trainings, even in early days. Winthrop writes that at a May training in 1639 one thousand men exercised, and in autumn twelve hundred bore arms, and not an oath or quarrel was heard and no drunkenness seen. The training field was Boston Common. At these trainings prizes were offered for the best marksmanship; in Connecticut a silk handkerchief or some such trinket. Judge Sewall offered a silver cup, and again a silver-headed pike. Since he was an uncommonly poor shot himself, his generosity shows out all the more plainly.

With barbaric openness of cruel intent, a figure stuffed to represent a human form was often the target, and it was a matter of grave decision whether the shot in the head or bowels was a fatal one. Sometimes the day was enlivened by a form of amusement ever beloved by the colonists—public punishments. For instance, at the training day at Kittery, Maine, in 1690, two men "road the wooden horse for dangerous and churtonous carig and mallplying of oaths."

We owe much to these trainings and these trials of marksmanship. In conjunction with the universal woodcraft and in hunting they made our ancestors more than a match for the Indian and the Frenchman, and in Revolutionary times gave their ascendancy over the English.

In January, 1775, the entire militia was ordered to muster and drill at least once a week, and on April 9, 1775, occurred those ever-famous skirmishes of Lexington and Concord, which precipitated the war of the Revolution. News was circulated by men on horseback. The men in Connecticut hastened at once to the relief of their friends in Massachusetts. They left by ones and twos and hundreds, hurriedly, some in shirt sleeves, organizing as they marched; their drills and discipline practiced early in the year standing them in good stead. Over 4,000 Connecticut militia marched for the relief of Boston on the Lexington alarm. The men thus trained in the New England Colonies formed the nucleus of the Continental army, of which Washington took command July 3, 1775.

The training days of Colonial times developed into muster days the crowning pinnacle of gayety, dissipation and noise in a country boy's life in New England for over a century. Peace secured, the stress and stringency of self-protection being removed, these muster days, although full of the drilling so dear to men's hearts, became more and more scenes of jollification. In addition to the regular companies with some semblance of uniform, there was a second company composed of the old men and young boys armed with sticks and flails. These were called in the various localities "the slam bangs," "the flood woods," "the rag tag'd bobtails."

In addition to the dinner always served to the militia, there was always sweet cider to be had, lemonade, stick candy, apples, ginger bread and buns of all kinds, New England rum and black strap, half rum and half molasses. When the repast closed and desert was in order, the caterer appeared at the end of the table with piles of plateless pies under his arms, and marching down the length of the table he called out "Pies, gentlemen!" At every step he reached for a pie, gave it a dexterous twirl between thumb and finger, and sent it spinning to the recipient with skill and accuracy of aim creditable to a disc thrower of ancient Rome.

When the regiment was dismissed at sunset, came the hurry to get home. Such reckless driving, such wild racing over hills and along rough roads and ledges, and such desire to take

off somebody's wheel, you never saw, unless you have been to a muster day before. This was part of the fun, and if you did not take it as the correct thing and enjoy it, too, you might as well have stayed away altogether from muster day.

When the American Revolution began there was no song for the colonists to sing, no national tune, no national flag. Music is a necessity to great numbers in expressing great emotion or excitement, and our first national song, breezy and good-natured, sometimes laughed at, has been a conquering power in five wars. It was an old tune, two hundred years at least, and there are so many theories as to its origin that we will only speak of the beginning of its importance to us.

The tune was brought to this country in 1755, when the British were engaged in war with the French and Indians. The story goes that the militia, which were called to aid the British regular army, were very strangely clad in many colors, some wearing long coats, some short ones, and many having none of any kind to wear. In the British army was one Dr. Richard Shackburg, who not only mended shattered limbs, but was somewhat of a musician. One day he thought to play a joke upon the militia because of their grotesque figure and awkward manner, and with mock solemnity he presented them the words and music, commending the tune as one of the most distinguished in martial music. The joke greatly pleased the well-dressed British officers, but as a joke it proved a stupendous failure, for the tune soon became the battle march of the Revolution.

The British officers would raise shouts of laughter when they heard the innocent and simple-minded militia play it, and the British bands would repeat it in derision of the colonists. Indeed, when they were encamped in Boston they used it to drive culprits out of town. This contemptuous use of the song continued for more than twenty years, and then came the battle of Lexington, and by a strange irony of fate the colonists made the British dance to the tune. The giving of the tune to the ill-circumstanced militia in mockery of their unfortunate appearance was a prophetic piece of fun, for twenty-five years later Lord Cornwallis was forced to march to its strains when

entering the lines of the same colonists to surrender his sword and his army to George Washington.

It might be called an overture to a great drama, for it was played when Lord Percy marched to the relief of Colonel Smith and Major Pitcairn, who were in great distress at Lexington. The Americans appropriated the tune and for a long time it was called "The Lexington March."

Many words had been set to the tune just previous to and during the war, but these words which became the song of the Revolution were written by a Connecticut gentleman to whom fate seems to have done a kindness by concealing his name. It is a mere jumble of hilarious, idiotic lines, but as it is so closely linked with historic associations and was sung at the battle of Bunker Hill, we think it might bear repetition at this muster day, 1906.

Two of the stanzas were as follows :

Yankee Doodle is the tune
Americans delight in,
'Twill do to whistle, sing or play,
And is just the thing for fighting.

Yankee Doodle, keep it up,
Yankee Doodle dandy;
Mind the music and the steps,
And with the girls be handy.

CAPTAIN WILLIAM SMITH.

Captain William Smith was born in North Carolina and moved to South Carolina at an early age. McCready's "South Carolina in the Revolution," page 634, states that "Capt. William Smith went with his company of South Carolinians to join Colonel Clarke and his Georgians in an attack on Fort Anderson, of Thicketty Fort, as it was usually called. The enterprise was a success and the British garrison surrendered on July 30, 1870.

From "House Documents," volume 100, page 807, it is

learned that he served in both branches of the South Carolina state legislature; was a representative to the 5th congress, as a democrat; elected a United States senator; reelected in 1817 as a democrat, serving till 1823; defeated for reelection; again elected in 1826, serving until 1831; defeated for reelection. He declined the appointment as judge of the United States supreme court; moved to Huntsville, Alabama; died there June 10, 1840.

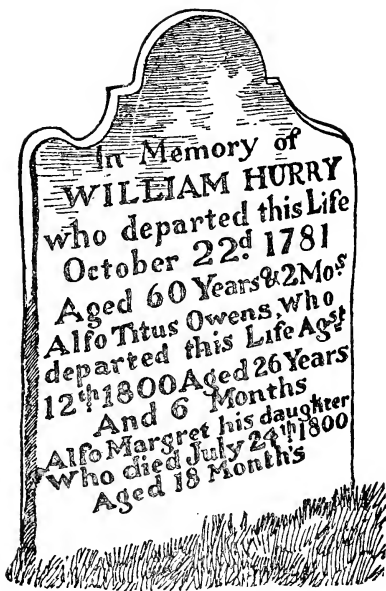
He was circuit judge from 1808 to 1816; candidate for the vice-presidency in 1829; differed with Calhoun, and went to Alabama, where he died wealthy.

The original portrait of Captain William Smith, by Sharpless hangs in the banqueting room, Independence Hall. It has recently been identified through the efforts of the "Research Committee" of the Philadelphia Chapter. A rare engraving by Savage, is in the collection of Judge Mitchell.

CONTINENTAL HALL.

Sarah Greenleaf Frost.

Have you seen that goodly temple,
 Lifting high its marble walls,
 Fairer than a dream of poet,
 Prouder than a monarch's halls?
 For it guards the shrine of heroes
 And it tells of deeds sublime,
 Handing down to children's children
 Memories of a nobler time,
 When our fathers wrought in iron,
 And our mothers laid in prayer
 The foundations of a temple
 Yet more marvelously fair.
 Here a nation's grateful daughters
 Would immortalize the fame
 Of those noble men and women
 Whom our land delights to claim.
 And they raise this stately structure
 As a symbol true and grand
 Of their love and veneration
 For the noblest of our land.



THE GRAVE OF WILLIAM HURRY,
 WHO RANG THE LIBERTY BELL,
 AT THE SIGNING OF THE DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE,
 AT PHILADELPHIA.

The man who rang the liberty bell in Independence Hall, Philadelphia, when it announced the signing of the Declaration of Independence one hundred and thirty years ago, was William Hurry.

Last spring the sexton of the Pine Street Presbyterian church, Philadelphia, found the tombstone—print of which is enclosed—originally erected at the head of his grave. It had become half buried in moss and undergrowth.

The local chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution became interested, and a suitable monument is at last to be erected over the resting place of the man who rang out the glad news of the birth of a new nation.—LOUISA SNOW, *Tioga Chapter*.

REVOLUTIONARY RECORDS

This department is intended for hitherto unpublished or practically inaccessible records of patriots of the War for American Independence, which records may be helpful to those desiring admission to the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution and to the registrars of chapters. Such data will be gladly received by the editor of this magazine.

Mrs. R. B. Clayton has been appointed chairman of the committee on the Revolutionary history of Virginia. She has already collected much material of value. The following lists are furnished from her notes.

BEDFORD COUNTY, VIRGINIA, RECORDS.

Names of the women whose claims for assistance, while their husbands were in the army, were allowed by the courts of Bedford county, Virginia, in 1778, 1780, 1781:

Elizabeth, wife of Henry Snow.
Deborah, wife of James Graham.
Sarah, wife of John Davies.
Aggothy Robinson, for her husband or son.
Sally Hall, for her husband or son.
Ann, wife of James Huet.
Ally, wife of David Kerr or Carr.
Susannah, wife of Hugh Garvin.
Sarah, wife of Henry Lahorn.
Sarah, wife of Jesse Warmack.
Jane, wife of Bartholomew Carrill.
Susannah, wife of Henry Piles.
Jenny, wife of Thomas Rose.
Hannah, wife of Baily Raines.
Mary Ann, wife of Stephen Robinson.
Elizabeth, wife of George Majors; continental soldier.
Elizabeth, wife of William Nichols.
Susannah, wife of Jacob Hutts.
Catherine, wife of William McNinerny.
Jemima Going, wife of William Gowen.

Mary, wife of William Ross.
 Elizabeth, wife of Henry Childers.
 Mary, wife of Joseph Davenport.
 Elizabeth, wife of James Boyd.
 Rebecca, wife of Aaron Watts.
 Sarah, wife of Benjamin Ruff.
 Susannah, wife of James Smith.
 Jane Elian, husband or son.
 Susannah Runyan, husband or son.
 Jane, wife of Thomas Early.
 Elizabeth, wife of James Baldwin.
 Elizabeth, wife of Barnabas Barline.
 Mary Prewitt, a son in the continental army.
 Mary, wife of William Leister.
 Margaret, wife of John Edgar.
 Judith, wife of John Holley.
 Mary, wife of Michael Kelley.
 Mary, wife of John Perrin.
 Edith, wife of Ausel Goodman.

COURT RECORDS, BEDFORD COUNTY, VIRGINIA.

1784. William Rodgers Irvine is heir-at-law of Abraham Irvine, decd., who died in the service of the United States under command of Capt. George Lambert.

Benjamin Milam was at Guilford with Gen. Green.

Thomas Murry was deputy commissary at New London, Bedford county, Virginia, for transporting military stores to York in October, 1781.

1784. Joel Preston proved before this court that he obtained a discharge from Col. William Davis for 12 months' service in the continental army.

APPLICANTS FOR REVOLUTIONARY PENSIONS, BEDFORD COUNTY.

August 27, 1832. Thomas Brown, Jonathan Grooms, James Hambleton, Benjamin Meadows, William Oliver, James Stiff, George Swain, Jesse Witt, Sr.

November, 1823. Philip Lockhart.

Whatever here uplifts the low,
 Or humbles Freedom's hateful foe,
 Blesses the Old World through the New.—*Whittier.*

REAL DAUGHTERS

MRS. LUCY WILLS TIBBETTS.

Mrs. Lucy Wills Tibbetts, the mother of Mr. Joseph Tibbetts, of Beatrice, Nebraska, enjoys the honorable distinction of being a "Real Daughter" of the American Revolution. She was born in Belgrade, Maine, on November 26, 1818, and is the daughter of James Wills, a patriot, who was born in 1738, and died on October 12, 1842, at the advanced age of 104 years.

Mr. James Wills enlisted as a private in a Rhode Island regiment and served nine months. He re-enlisted in April, 1781, and served until December, 1783, at a time when Maine was a part of Massachusetts. He was honored as a Revolutionary hero during the remainder of his life, and at his death.

Mrs. Tibbetts was one of seven children, of whom she and one sister survive. This sister is Mrs. Rhoda Chick, now aged 91 years, who is the honored "Real Daughter" of the Molly Varnum Chapter, of Lowell, Massachusetts. At the meeting, the regent, Mrs. George H. Brash, presented to Mrs. Tibbetts a gold spoon, the gift of the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution to the "Real Daughters."

On the occasion of Mrs. Tibbetts's eighty-eighth birthday the Beatrice Chapter held a special meeting at the home of her son, where they were most cordially welcomed by his wife and daughter. A delightful afternoon was spent, and Mrs. Tibbetts was presented with a bouquet of chrysanthemums and a five dollar gold piece as a token of the esteem of the Elizabeth Montague Chapter for their "Real Daughter."

The connecting links of the bustling present to the historic, patriotic, past of our country are being silently "broken one by one." Soon the last one will be severed and only the memory of these "Real Daughters" will be ours to cherish.

Mrs. Tibbetts resided in Maine until she was past seventy years of age. Sixteen years ago her husband died, and eight years later her youngest son. At his death she went to her



Mrs. Lucy Wills Tibbetts.

daughter in Massachusetts and made her home with her until eighteen months ago death once more entered the family circle and took away the daughter, leaving Mrs. Tibbetts alone. In January last her son, Mr. Joseph Tibbetts, went to Massachusetts and brought her to his Nebraska home. At eighty-seven she left behind her the scenes of her early life and the friends of her youth, womanhood and old age.

She is an honored member of the Elizabeth Montague Chapter, of Beatrice, Nebraska. At the October meeting her presence gave great pleasure to the members, who met her for the first time, and this venerable lady bore her honors gracefully.

REPORT FROM THE RESEARCH COMMITTEE OF THE PHILADELPHIA CHAPTER.

In 1898, during the regency of Mrs. Charles Custis Harrison, a "Research Committee" was formed, at the instance of the Museum Committee of Independence Hall, whose work was to be the identifying of eight unlabelled portraits hanging in the banqueting room of Independence Hall. These eight pictures belonged to the collection of forty pastel portraits of distinguished officers and statesmen of the Revolutionary period, painted by James Sharpless when he was in Philadelphia in 1796. A Virginia gentleman had collected them and had sold them in 1876 to the National Museum of Independence Hall. James Sharpless,—to digress a moment,—was an Englishman born in 1750 or 1751 who paid a first visit to America,—to New York—in 1779, remaining until 1785 and returning for a second visit in 1796, when he came to Philadelphia and painted these portraits. The work of identification was conducted by the chairman of the committee, Mrs. John van Kirk, who put herself in correspondence with the historical societies of Massachusetts, Virginia, South Carolina and Pennsylvania. Oddly enough the first and last names to be discovered were the same, being respectively those of Col. Isaac Smith, of New Jersey and Capt. William Smith, of South Carolina; the latter having longest resisted the efforts to discover the original of the portrait and being finally recognized by Justice James F.

Mitchell soon after his coming into possession of a rare engraving of Captain Smith.

This Capt. William Smith was notable in military service, when only eighteen displaying rare courage at Thicketty Fort (Fort Anderson) which the British surrendered July 30th, 1780. There was even a third Smith among the eight unknown portraits—General Samuel Smith, a close friend of Washington, a politician of ability and a gallant hero in the war of 1812 during which his energetic defence of Fort McHenry caused him to be immortalized in our national anthem. Of the five other portraits that of Brigadier General Rufus Putnam was perhaps the most interesting and puzzling. His close resemblance to Marquis La Fayette led to a consultation by letter with our ambassador to Russia, Ambassador Charlemagne Tower, who settled in the negative any question of its being the Frenchman. The presence of the badge of the Order of Cincinnati led indirectly to Putnam's identification, the other fifty or so members of that organization having been satisfactorily eliminated from the field of consideration. Another unknown was Gov. Thomas McKean who has a remarkable record as a statesman. The remaining three—to complete the list of eight discoveries—are the Revolutionary heroes, Col. William Few, Brigadier General Philip van Courtland and Gen. Charles Colesworth Pinckney.

The committee wishes gratefully to acknowledge the attitude of interest and encouragement taken by the Philadelphia Chapter and its regent, Mrs. Edward H. Ogden; also the friendly treatment of Pennsylvania historical society, and of its librarian, Mr. Jordan, in their generous disposition of time and material. Without the help of Judge James T. Mitchell however and in a slightly lesser degree that of the late Charles Hildebrand, and of Mr. John Coates Browne, it seems unlikely that these distinguished names would have been attached to their rightful owners.

MRS. LOUISE VAN KIRK,
Chairman Research Committee,
Philadelphia Chapter, D. A. R.

STATE CONFERENCES.

The South Carolina State Conference.—The South Carolina State Conference of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution was held at Yorkville, South Carolina, from October 31 to November 2, 1906. This has proven in many ways the best conference South Carolina has ever held. As "practice makes perfect" we seemed to reach the acme of that rule in our recent gathering. Nominally this is the tenth conference—practically the third. For several years a few of the most interested members met together in Columbia during the week of the state fair. We fear the mass of membership throughout the state were unconscious of the yearly meetings of these faithful few. Three years ago we branched out into new and untried lines. Spartanburg opened her heart and home to the body, followed the next year by Greenville, and then Yorkville. No place could have been more fitting for the meeting of the conference this year than Yorkville, with its grand old homes and grander families, whose heroic names adorn so many brilliant pages of history. Bright and noble among these is the name of Martha Bratton, she who from the window of the little room in which she was incarcerated, gave the word to the trusted slave which ordered the beginning of the battle of King's Mountain. Bearing the name and embodying the characteristics of that noble ancestor, Mrs. Virginia Mason Bratton, our newly elected state regent, commands the respect and love of the Daughters of South Carolina. Courteous, kind, just and intelligent are some of the qualities that belong to her. Mrs. Bratton presided with grace and ease over her first conference held at her own home.

Business affecting the welfare of South Carolina was disposed of with general interest and a noticeable lack of friction. The first morning of the conference was something of an innovation, being an open session. The Daughters of the American Revolution ritual was used for the first time in the state.

The beauty and impressiveness of it added much grandeur to the opening ceremonies. The conference was welcomed by Mrs. Robert Moore, regent of the Yorkville Chapter and responded to by Mrs. Lillie Ripley Henderson, of Aiken. Words of greeting were heard from Mrs. Nicholls, vice-president general, and Mrs. S. A. Richardson, ex-state regent. A forceful address was given by Mrs. Clark Waring, second state regent of South Carolina, and ex-vice-president general. The state regent's report was complete in every detail, being an incentive to greater efforts as well as a literary gem.

The social elegance of the conference formed an even balance to the work, emphasizing the necessity of a generous intermixture of play to reach a perfect end. At twelve o'clock on Wednesday morning, October 31, the conference was entertained at an elaborate luncheon given by the local chapter of the United Daughters of the Confederacy at the home of Mrs. White, after which carriages were furnished to the members of the conference, and a ten mile ride was taken to the home of the state regent when "The Old Homestead" was invitingly thrown open and the hospitalities of the regent enjoyed. A conspicuous figure at most of these affairs was Mrs. Bratton, mother of the state regent. On Thursday, November 1, a luncheon was served at the home of Mrs. Moore. The color scheme of this luncheon was blue and white. In the center of the large round table, at which the state officers were seated, was a spinning wheel and distaff more than two hundred years old. On Friday evening, November 2, King's Mountain Chapter held a reception at the home of Mrs. McNeil in honor of the strangers within their gates. This closed the tenth annual conference of the South Carolina Daughters of the American Revolution and various trains during that night and the next day bore the state officers and delegates away, each satisfied with the work accomplished and feeling intensely the benefit of such social contact.—LURLINE MELLICHAMP LIGON, *Secretary*.

Maryland State Conference.—The second annual state conference of the Daughters of the American Revolution of Mary-

land was held November the eighth at Annapolis. By special invitation of Governor and Mrs. Warfield the meeting took place at the government house. Great interest was added to the conference by the announcement that the president general, Mrs. Donald McLean, would be present at the afternoon session. The morning session opened at 10.15 o'clock in the empire drawing room, Mrs. J. Pembroke Thom, state regent, presiding. After prayer, by Reverend George Bell, Mrs. A. Leo Knott, regent of the Baltimore Chapter, extended the following welcome :

On behalf of the Baltimore Chapter, I take great pleasure in welcoming the delegates to the second annual state conference of the Maryland chapters. We are indebted to Governor and Mrs. Warfield for the honor of calling this meeting together in the executive mansion, for which privilege we beg to tender our thanks. We meet in this historic city of Annapolis, full of reminiscences of the glorious past of Maryland both in the Colonial and Revolutionary era. Here assembled those patriotic men who resolved that Maryland, notwithstanding that under an article of the charter from Charles I to Cecil Calvert, she enjoyed exemptions from taxation by the British parliament, should cast her lot with the other colonies and take her full share in the struggle for independence with all its dread responsibilities. Maryland statesmen assembled during the Revolution in this city laid the solid and enduring foundations of our present union by insisting single-handed and alone that the territory of the great northwest which was won by the common expenditure of the blood and treasure of all the states should be the common patrimony of all the states, in which all should have an equal share, to be held by the Continental congress as a trustee of all the states and which was to become in time, to use the very language of the general assembly, "full, convenient and independent commonwealths." Historians now almost universally concur in the opinion that without this action on the part of Maryland the union never would have been formed, or, if formed, on account of the conflicting claims of the states making pretensions to the ownership of this territory, it could not have endured long.

I am glad to see so full an attendance of the representatives of the chapters. These conferences are and can be made most useful agencies in promoting the patriotic work of our society, in increasing the number of its members and also the number of chapters. To this work we are especially invited. When we reflect upon the number of soldiers, officers and men which Maryland contributed to the army of the Revolution (which, on good authority, is put as high as 20,000) who distinguished themselves by their heroic valor on nearly every battle-

field of the war, with the number of the members of our society, and the number of chapters in our state, we are struck with the inadequacy of the representation of the descendants of these heroic men in our ranks here in Maryland.

This was followed by an address by his excellency, Governor Warfield.

Then followed the report of the state regent, Mrs. J. Pembroke Thom, and of the chapter regents. At twelve o'clock the conference adjourned for luncheon at Carvel Hall (formerly the home of Governor Paca and one of the Maryland signers of the Declaration of Independence) the delegates being the guests of the Baltimore Chapter.

While the delegates were at luncheon, the president general, Mrs. Donald McLean, arrived and was given an ovation. Each one present, as every Daughter in Maryland, felt honored to have their much loved president general present at the conference, doubly so as it was known that Mrs. McLean had just returned from her long western visitation and had put herself to inconvenience to be with the Daughters of her native state. Mrs. McLean's address was most entertaining and interesting and an inspiration to all present. The only regret was that every Daughter in Maryland could not be present to honor their much esteemed president general and to be inspired by her enthusiasm for the work of the Daughters of the American Revolution.—AGNES M. WALTON, *Secretary*.

District of Columbia Daughters of the American Revolution.—The year ending October 11th, 1906, has been an eventful one for the Daughters of the American Revolution of the District of Columbia, three new chapters having been formed. The Sarah Franklin, organized February 8th, 1906, Mrs. C. D. Merwin, regent. In April, on the anniversary of Benjamin Franklin's birth, the chapter, with permission of the commissioners of the District of Columbia, appropriately decorated the Franklin statue on Pennsylvania avenue. It will be remembered that Sarah Franklin, for whom this chapter is named, was a daughter of the great Benjamin Franklin.

On February 13th, 1906, the Captain Molly Pitcher Chapter

was organized, with Mrs. Nellie Larner Gore as regent. This chapter is composed entirely of young women who had not previously affiliated with any chapter, and is working with enthusiasm for the objects of the national society.

The third chapter to be formed was Our Flag Chapter, organized April 10th, 1906, with seventeen members; Mrs. A. G. Wilkinson, one of the charter members of the national society, was appointed regent. This chapter, too, with the exception of the regent, was recruited from members at large of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution.

The Mary Bartlett Chapter, formerly the Miriam Danforth Chapter, of which Mrs. Amos G. Draper is regent, reports that it has lost by death during the past year, one of its members, Miss Ella G. Bartlett, who was a direct descendant of one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence from New Hampshire. Miss Bartlett spent her life in the old Bartlett homestead built by the signer during the Revolution, and by will, she left her interest in this historic spot to the chapter and the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, together with a sum of money to take care of and preserve it. This chapter will accept the sacred trust, and endeavor to carry out the wishes of Miss Bartlett.

The Mary Bartlett Chapter has prepared a little blotter to sell for the benefit of Continental Memorial Hall, giving a picture of the hall as it was in the spring of 1906, together with a picture of the president general, Mrs. Donald McLean.

The Army and Navy Chapter, of which Mrs. George N. Sternberg is regent, contributed \$75 to the relief of four families of sailors living near Fort Barrancas, Florida, who were left destitute by the terrible hurricané that swept our southern coast in August last. This chapter also contributed, through one of its members who lost her husband in the Philippines, toward the purchase of a chime of bells to be given in memory of the brave officers of the United States army who had lost their lives in the service of their country in the Philippines.

Mrs. Frances F. Ballinger, regent of Manor House Chapter, as a practical lesson in American history, invited the District

officers and chapter regents one day in June to be her guests at luncheon, and afterwards took them to visit old Rock Creek church and cemetery, to see the graves of the illustrious dead who rest there, and to recall the important history of the church and parish. The rector received the guests and acted as their guide.

All the chapters have contributed generously to the fund for the erection of Continental Memorial Hall, and have nearly redeemed their pledge of \$1,000 for a District room.

Our oldest chapter, Mary Washington, lost through death in September, its long-time regent, Mrs. Elizabeth Blair Lee, the daughter of the late Honorable Franklin Blair, who had herself taken an active part in the stirring events of antebellum days in Washington. Mrs. Kate Kearney Henry, one of the charter members of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, was elected as regent. This chapter has pledged itself to raise the \$3,200 toward furnishing the library in our hall, and Miss Aline Solomons, a member of this chapter and the librarian general, has secured the pledge of \$1,000 for this work, conditioned upon the chapter redeeming its pledge. The chapter has already paid \$962.50 in cash on this promise. It has also given, this year, as in the past, a gold medal for the best essay on American history of the Revolutionary period written by a student from the high schools of the city.

The District Daughters of the American Revolution gave two gold medals for the first and second essays on American history by members of the senior class of George Washington University. By invitation of Dr. Needham, president of the university, these medals were conferred by the state regent, Mrs. Mussey, at the annual convocation of the university in June, 1906.

The various chapters have also contributed to the fund for the relief of the San Francisco sufferers, to the George Junior Republic, and our Continental Chapter has taken an active part in settlement work, particularly boys' clubs, contributing also \$24.50 for this purpose.

The committee on marking historic spots, on May 30th,

placed suitable decorations on the grave of Ann Royall, the widow of a soldier of the Revolution, and herself the pioneer woman in the field of American journalism.

In the line of promoting good citizenship by training the youth of the community, we are proud to report that of the legislative measures advocated by the District conference the bill to establish a juvenile court has become a law and the court was established July 1st, 1906, and that Mrs. Chas. Darwin, ex-treasurer general of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, is the woman probation officer. The court has been a marked success from its very beginning.

The bill endorsed by the District Daughters of the American Revolution to make school attendance of children between the ages of eight and fourteen years compulsory, also became a law in June last. Our state regent, Mrs. Ellen Spencer Mussey, having been appointed by the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia a member of the board of education, is chairman of a committee from the board charged with the enforcement of this law.

The statistics show that in three months the attendance in the graded schools of Washington increased over 1,500 in consequence of the enforcement of the law.

It is hoped that the present congress will further protect the children of the District by regulating child labor. The bill has passed the house of representatives, and is before the senate. Being directly under the federal government, we feel that the District should be a model in every way, and as daughters of Revolutionary heroes, we are trying to do our part in training up good citizens.—ELLEN SPENCER MUSSEY, *State Regent District of Columbia*.

District of Columbia Daughters.—The members of the District chapters of the Daughters held a meeting January 14 which was presided over by the state regent, Mrs. Ellen Spencer Mussey. The state vice-regent, Mrs. Howard L. Hodgkins, was seated on the platform. All the District offi-

cers were present and every chapter sent a large representation.

Following prayer by the chaplain and the reading of the minutes, the corresponding secretary, Mrs. George D. Martin, tendered her resignation on account of having been chosen as the regent of the new chapter, the twentieth in the District, recently organized and named Emily Nelson Chapter, in honor of Mrs. Donald McLean's grandmother.

Upon the suggestion of Mrs. Amos G. Draper, regent of Mary Bartlett Chapter, it was directed that a letter of sympathy be sent to the family of the late Miss Elizabeth Bryant Johnston, former historian general, whose death occurred January 13. The motion was carried by a unanimous vote. Many eulogistic remarks were made on Miss Johnston's services to the society.

Miss Elizabeth Bryant Johnston died January 13. She was a native of Mason county, Kentucky, and the last of her family. For thirty-five years she was identified with social and literary life in this city, the trend of her mental powers being along historical lines, chiefly on the life and services of the first president. Her volume on "Original Portraits of Washington" has long been accepted as authority, and her second book, "Washington, Day by Day," is used as a text book in the public schools. The versatility of her talents is shown in the dialect stories, "Christmas in Kentucky, 1862," and "The Days That Are No More," vivid descriptions of incidents in her native States in ante-bellum days.

Miss Johnston was identified with the Garfield Memorial Hospital from its beginning, and always had a place on the board of lady managers, and from her experience there, foreseeing the need of skilled nurses, she spent nearly a year in efforts to raise money for the first nurses' training school established in this city. She was an active and enthusiastic member of the Daughters of the American Revolution, having held the office of historian general, and her interest in Memorial Continental Hall was especially notable because of her persistent and successful advocacy of commemorating the thirteen original states by stately columns on the eastern portico.

She was a member of the board of the Columbia Historical Society, and one of the early and leading members of the Washington Literary Society, of which Dr. E. M. Gallaudet is now president.

Mrs. Mary C. Beach, chairman of the committee on patriotic education, reported that all the regents of the District had been added to her committee, with power to name other active members from each chapter. Mrs. George Smallwood offered a medal to be given for the best essay from the school on "The Making of American Citizens." The offer was accepted with enthusiasm.

The committee next brought forward and recommended the assistance of the Daughters in enforcing the compulsory education law. Mrs. Bushee, an attendance officer from the public schools, told of her experience in child-saving and education.

The committee on the Jamestown exposition reported that the District had been asked to send an exhibit to include relics, portraits, etc., and to provide for the expense consequent thereon. After a general discussion it was decided that the District would aid the national society in this work, but would not send a District exhibit.

New Jersey State Conference was held at Newark, November 21, 1906, in the Third Presbyterian church.

The Daughters were entertained by the Nova Caesarea Chapter of Newark. Over three hundred delegates and guests were present.

The guests of honor were: Mrs. Donald McLean, president general; Mrs. Althea Randolph Bedle, ex-vice-president general of New Jersey; Mrs. Richard Jackson Barker, vice-president general from Rhode Island; Miss Emma G. Lathrop, regent of the New York City Chapter; Mrs. Joshua Abbe Fessenden, ex-regent of the Stamford Chapter, of Stamford, Connecticut.

The members of the reception committee were Mrs. Erastus Gaylord Putnam, state vice-regent; Mrs. T. Merrill Foote, Mrs. Austin H. McGregor, Mrs. William R. Sayre, Mrs. Frank Lebkencher, Mrs. Abram Van Houten, Mrs. Samuel Clark, Mrs. Robert Gilchrist, Mrs. Oscar Robinson.

The meeting was called to order by Miss Ellen Mecum, state regent, who after the invocation by the Rev. Robert Scott Inglis, pastor of the church, introduced the speakers of the day.

Mrs. Jonathan Huntington, regent of Nova Caesarea Chapter, made a cordial address of welcome, responded to by the state regent in well chosen words of appreciation.

Mrs. Richard Jackson Barker brought greetings from Rhode Island, and spoke all too briefly of the important and interesting work of Gaspee Chapter of Rhode Island.

Mrs. Joshua Abbe Fessenden spoke of the good work of her chapter, saying that Stamford Chapter supports a scholarship for the Tennessee mountaineers, and twenty-nine school scholarships.

Mrs. Althea Randolph Bedle brought greetings and explained the purpose of the Pocohontas Memorial Association, urging the Daughters to join.

Mrs. William D. Kearfott, vice-president general of New Jersey, sent greetings and regrets that she could not be present owing to illness.

Mrs. Herbert Turrell, regent of Orange Mountain Chapter, spoke of the successful work of her chapter among the Italian children. She said the idea was to teach the children to love the stars and stripes.

Mrs. Henry Elliott Mott and Mrs. F. W. Steelman made interesting reports.

Important committees were appointed.

The state regent outlined the work of the New Jersey Daughters in educating the children of foreigners along patriotic lines.

Luncheon was served at one o'clock.

After the rendering of a charming musical number by Mrs. L. Carrol Beckel, Mrs. Donald McLean, president general, gave a delightful talk of her trip through the western states, and she said she had not forgotten her visit of two years ago to the Newark Daughters.

Nor shall we forget this visit, for she has endeared herself a hundred fold to us, and cemented new ties of love and loy-

alty, drawing all hearts to her, by her sincere and warm-hearted personality.

We followed every word with an all absorbing interest and delight and keen appreciation of many ludicrous situations described with witty facility of expression.

Mrs. McLean complimented Miss Mecum, our state regent, in the highest terms of praise for her work as chairman of the national committee on patriotic education, and she did not forget to mention many and various delightful things of New Jersey (which we had strongly suspected from the beginning) giving us, however, a new sense of security in the assurance of her hearty commendation.

An informal reception was held when every one of the three hundred and more guests pressed forward eagerly to meet the president general and other distinguished guests.

When Mrs. McLean honors a meeting with her gracious presence, its success is immediately assured.

The day was a delightful intermingling of business, entertainment and social pleasure, unique in its way.—MARY R. C. CLAYTON, *State Secretary*.

A quiet house, a quiet street,
 A needle and a thread,
 A scissors and a square of blue,
 Some strips of white and red,
 And slender hands that deftly stitched
 The shining stars across—
 'Twas thus the flag of liberty
 Was made by Betsey Ross.

In stately hall and lowly home
 This day its colors wave,
 The shelter of the world's oppressed,
 The beacon of the brave.
 Let glory on the nation's shield
 Among the stars emboss,
 The thread, the needle and the name
 And fame of Betsey Ross.—*Minna Irving*.

WORK OF THE CHAPTERS

Below are given the abstracts of the recent chapter reports. The great number has made it impossible to print them in full in this issue. Attention is called to the great amount of valuable work done by the chapters.

Ashuelot Chapter (Keene, New Hampshire) held its first meeting January 24, 1896, at the home of Mrs. S. G. Griffin, who had been appointed regent. Excellent work was done during these early years and a "Real Daughter" was gained, Mrs. Isabelle Litchfield Sturtevant, to whom we presented the gold spoon of the national society. A handsome silver-mounted gavel was given to our first regent, which was made from the wood of an apple tree which grows on the site of the old Indian fort on Main street.

In 1897 the chapter placed a tablet on one of the oldest and most interesting houses in Keene, now the home of one of our members, Mrs. Susan King Adams Perkins, in Colonial days the tavern of Captain, afterwards Colonel Isaac Wyman. It was from the south room, or tap-room, of this old house that Captain Wyman marched on April 21, 1775, to Lexington with the brave band of patriots which he had raised. The chapter had a pamphlet printed at the time of the unveiling of the tablet which contains the scholarly address of Gen. S. G. Griffin and copies of which were sent to the various libraries. In the old parlor of the inn was held the meeting at which Dartmouth College was incorporated, October 22, 1770.

In 1898 the chapter sent \$15 to the Spanish war fund for the Daughters of the American Revolution hospital corps.

Mrs. Horatio Colony became our second regent in January, 1899, and the chapter contributed sums of money towards the statue of General Washington, erected in Paris by our national society and to the Children of America for their statue to the Marquis de Lafayette. We began a series of contributions to Memorial Hall and the next year completed our work

in, and consecrated anew the ancient burying ground in West Keene in which we placed a fine boulder, suitably inscribed and dedicated to the memory of some of the earliest settlers of Keene who rest there.

In 1901, under the regency of Mrs. Charles Clemence Abbott, in addition to much cemetery work of value, the chapter raised money for a lasting memorial to the soldiers of the American Revolution accredited to Keene. This memorial, a handsome bronze tablet, placed in the Thayer Public Library building at a cost of \$300, was unveiled and presented to the city of Keene with appropriate exercises, September 19, 1902. A reception followed the unveiling ceremonies. The chapter sent money towards the restoration of the church at Alexandria in which George Washington worshipped and also a small sum to help in building a monument to the soldiers of the American Revolution at Temple, New Hampshire. The chapter received this year two gifts, one from Mr. Obed H. Holton, of a silver-mounted gavel made from wood taken from the Spanish war ship *Reina Mercedes*, and one from a citizen of Keene, a handsome boulder which was fittingly inscribed and placed at the corner of Baker and Main streets to mark the beginning of the old "Road to Boston," over which the soldiers from Keene, under Captain Isaac Wyman marched in response to the Lexington alarm. It was unveiled with appropriate ceremonies and accepted for the chapter by the regent.

Three "Real Daughters" are enrolled in this chapter and each has been presented with the recognition badge of our organization.

We added \$50 to our previous contribution toward Continental Hall in 1902.

In January, 1903, Mrs. Francis Childs Faulkner was elected regent but resigned in April on account of the decease of her husband. Mrs. Fred Eugene Barrett succeeded Mrs. Faulkner and the first work under her administration was the preparation of an antique coach for a float in the parade which was part of the one-hundred and fiftieth anniversary celebration of the settlement of Keene. Next, we presented a facsimile of the "Declaration of Independence," handsomely framed and

inscribed, to the Keene high school. A Colonial supper followed by a play, "The Boys of '76," was given about this time to raise funds for another great memorial work, the collecting from several improper and unsafe places of ancient grave-stones and the placing of them in a suitable lot in the old Washington street cemetery. The old tombs in this burial ground, now unused, were repaired, a new rear boundary fence built, old walls put in order, and a fine boulder erected on the Daughters of the American Revolution lot. New stone posts and wrought iron gates were placed at the entrance of the cemetery and a bronze tablet put up telling of the work and bearing our insignia. Some of the graves thus marked are those of American soldiers of the Revolution and of the first settlers of Keene. After solemn and interesting dedicatory exercises, the chapter was given a reception at the home of two members. This work was accomplished at an expense of over \$200. A chapter in Memphis, Tennessee, was assisted in October, 1904, by the gift of a beautiful dressed doll to sell at a bazar given there.

Since January, 1905, Mrs. Lyman J. Brooks has been our chapter regent and work has gone steadily forward. One hundred and fifty dollars has been added to Continental Hall contributions, liberal subscriptions made to the work of the associated charities of Keene, bound copies of the "History of Keene," by the late General Simon G. Griffin, and of the "Vital Statistics of Keene," by City Clerk Frank H. Whitcomb, have been sent to the Daughters of the American Revolution library at Washington. May 7, 1906, was celebrated the tenth anniversary of our organization. The state president of the Sons of the American Revolution, Mr. Charles Gale Shedd, was a guest of the chapter, with the members of the Sons of the American Revolution and their wives. Professor John Graham Brooks, of Cambridge, Massachusetts, gave the address of the evening and our honored state regent, Mrs. John McLane, spoke in inspiring words. The chapter held its first annual field day on June 14, Flag day, at Hurricane Farm, the home of Mrs. Robert Eames Faulkner. We have contributed to the support of a "Real Daughter" in Temple, New Hamp-

shire. Our regent with ten members attended the conference held in Concord when our noble president general, Mrs. Donald McLean, addressed us. In November last, we unveiled a tablet on the oldest house in Keene, built in 1750 by Seth Heaton and since owned by his descendants. The work for which we are now planning is the marking of the old fort on the east side of Main street, and for work along educational lines to promote patriotism among our children.

Death has claimed our three "Real Daughters" and four of our beloved members have gone to their eternal rest.—(From report of CLARA BURNHAM ABBOTT, *Historian*.)

The Colorado Chapter (Denver, Colorado) has entered upon its third year of pleasure and profit under the leadership of its much loved regent, Mrs. James Benton Grant. The season opened with a chapter reunion and reception held at the home of Mrs. Henry Ellsworth Wood, chairman of the program committee, and has been followed with two program meetings, the topic of the first being "Early Colorado History," and that of the second, "Colorado Reminiscences." At the latter meeting, Mrs. E. M. Ashley, who came a bride to Colorado in 1861, told the story of those

"Who crossed the prairies, as of old
The Pilgrims crossed the sea."

Mrs. William Byers, whose husband issued the first newspaper in Colorado, told of coming from the "states" in 1859, and Mrs. George Clark told of making the trip across the great plains before the coming of the railroads. In January, the Daughters are to travel once more "The Old Santa Fe Trail," and in February they are to hear of the "Glory of Colorado." As the year is devoted to the history of Colorado, the year book very appropriately bears the seal of the state.

But Colorado Chapter does more than enjoy herself and the fund from the kirmess, given a year ago is like unto the "loaves and fishes." The philanthropic committee, Mrs. Frank Wheaton, chairman, is sending to the soldiers in the Philippines boxes of books, magazines, and papers and, here at home,

many old soldiers have been helped, also the invalid wife of a soldier doing duty in the Philippines. Through this committee, the chapter sent \$100 to aid Daughters of the American Revolution in stricken San Francisco. Just now, the committee is busy fitting up a room in one of the leading hospitals. The committee on patriotic education has arranged a course of lectures for the boys of the juvenile league and has ready to present to the schools of Denver a beautiful heliograph, bearing our flag and its history. These are to be neatly framed and will be of lasting good in the work of patriotic education. But the best work of this committee has been the gift of a box of fifty books to the traveling library of the state. The fine list comprises books of patriotic interest, history and fiction, for both young and old. Last summer, it was sent to one of Denver's library extensions in the factory district and when called in, the librarian called for a little more time on account of the great demand for the books, especially among the children. It was allowed to remain and Mrs. Grant, the chapter regent, quietly duplicated the list and presented it to the traveling library so that it might own two such sets. The "Scholarship Committee" of the chapter, Mrs. James D. Whitmore, chairman, is interesting itself in the work for descendants of sons and daughters of the American Revolution who live in the Tennessee mountains, far from educational advantages, and the "Flag Committee," Mrs. J. M. Maxwell, chairman, is busy with its labor of love. The chapter has set aside a fund for a state memorial and has presented the cruiser *Colorado* with a handsome silver center piece and is formulating a plan for a lasting memorial to be erected in Denver.— (From report of HELEN MARSH WIXSON, *Historian*.)

□ **Jefferson Chapter** (St. Louis, Missouri) has been quietly adding to its numbers and contributing to good works as far as its finances would permit. We have on our register 109 members, about 17 of whom are non-resident. The chapter has much musical talent and songs and recitations are generously contributed. During the past year, our contributions have been to the Continental Hall fund, \$94; to the vacation

play ground, \$5; \$25 to help in establishing a school at Forsyth, in the Ozark mountains; \$5 to the North Carolina school in the mountains, and a sum to the nurse memorial fund, Spanish-American war. We have also helped other minor objects when solicited. Jefferson Chapter joined the other chapters to entertain the president general, state regent, vice-regent, and delegates at the state conference held here in November.

I cannot close this article without paying a tribute to the faithful and efficient service of the regents who have piloted our chapter to its present prosperous condition, Mrs. Mary Polk Winn, Mrs. Carrie Garrison Chapelle, and Mrs. Emma Lumkin Greene, our present regent.—(From report of MARGARET H. TAYLOR, *Historian*.)

General James Fox Chapter (Indiana) has given a prize of five dollars to the high school student giving the best oration on a Revolutionary topic. April 10, the chapter celebrated its first anniversary and the birthday of its regent, Mrs. Ross, who was presented with a Daughters of the American Revolution spoon appropriately engraved. A picnic was held August 13, and \$10 was voted to Continental Hall.

Germantown Chapter (Germantown, Pennsylvania) has a membership of twenty-eight, a gain of twelve members in the past year. In January, Mrs. William E. Chapman, the regent, welcomed the Daughters to her home. It was in commemoration of "Muster Day" and an interesting paper on that subject was read by Mrs. Edward P. McCormick.

March 15, a lecture entitled "The Free Quaker," was given by Mr. Francis Chapman at the Concord school house. In April, a military euchre was given by Mrs. W. A. Laughton, the proceeds to be contributed to Continental Hall. In May, Mrs. E. P. McCormick gave a "Blossom Party," at which time papers were read on the history of Germantown and the battle of Germantown. This fall, the chapter enjoyed an automobile ride to Valley Forge. Enjoyable and instructive work is anticipated for the coming year.

Brattleboro Chapter (Brattleboro, Vermont) held its meeting for the year 1906, December 12, with a membership numbering ninety-six, fifteen new members having been added during the year. The chapter program included a meeting for each month; they have been well attended, historically interesting and socially enjoyable. Washington's birthday was observed with a reception by the chapter to their friends. Delegates were in attendance at the Continental Congress in Washington and also at the state conference. Seventy-five dollars was contributed by the chapter to Continental Hall fund.

Colonel Drummer Sewall Chapter (Bath, Maine) held its third annual meeting in December. Reports of the different officers showed the chapter to be in a prosperous condition. It is customary after the business part of the meeting for the members to listen to a short literary program. Several unmarked graves of Revolutionary soldiers have been located and, as soon as possible, these will be marked by suitable head stones. At the October meeting, the chapter was presented with a gavel made of wood from an elm tree that stood on Lexington common. The chapter has one "Real Daughter," Mrs. Elizabeth Lawrence. One of the charter members, Miss Mary D. White, died December 4. Always a willing and ready worker, she will be much missed.

General Lew Wallace Chapter (Albuquerque, New Mexico) held a Colonial tea on Washington's birthday last at the home of the chapter registrar, Mrs. Mayo. Ten dollars were sent to Washington for Continental Hall. Every meeting has been held as appointed and the program fully carried out. Numerically, the chapter has grown.

The San Antonio de Bexar Chapter (San Antonio, Texas) has had a bright and prosperous year. In September, the regent Miss Eleanor Brackenridge, entertained the Daughters. Tea from far-off Ceylon, the regent having just returned from a trip to the Orient, was a delightful treat. In November, the chapter entertained the state regent, Mrs. Sea-

brook W. Sydnor, with a reception at the Woman's club rooms. Ices were served by maids from the Industrial School for Colored Girls, an institution helped forward by the generosity of the regent. December 5, the annual election of officers was held at the home of Mrs. John Stewart.

St. Paul Chapter (St. Paul, Minnesota) sends greeting to the sister chapters. Meetings have been held monthly with good attendance. November 17, the chapter met at the home of Mrs. R. A. Kirk. Mrs. Chamberlain rendered several fine solos. Mrs. Greene read a memorial to the memory of our beloved regent, Mrs. Julia Wright Sanford. Then followed Professor Cooper, the speaker of the afternoon. His subject, "The Colonial Spirit in Modern Literature," was treated in a scholarly manner. In December, we were entertained by Mrs. Charles Schuneman. Music was offered by Professor Phillips. Mrs. C. R. McKenney, the regent, introduced the speaker, Gen. A. W. Greeley, United States army, who told of his experiences in San Francisco during the earthquake and also touched upon the important subject of child labor.

The Columbus Chapter (Columbus, Ohio) met December 1, 1906, in Memorial hall.

After the reading of the minutes of the last meeting a very pretty ceremony took place. This was the presentation by the regent on behalf of the chapter of gold pins to the ex-regents of the chapter. The design for these pins was adopted at the last state conference held in Marietta, in October. This action was taken in order that the chapters of the state might be given an opportunity of honoring their ex-regents. The design consists of the seal of Ohio in bas-relief on a shield, surrounded by a wreath of laurel tied below with floating streamers. The shield and wreath are of gold and the ribbons of blue enamel bearing in gold lettering the inscription, "Ex-Regent, N. S. D. A. R." The pins were presented to Mrs. William Oxley Thompson and Mrs. Benjamin F. Martin.

Mrs. Orton stated that the recent sad bereavement of Mrs. James Kilbourne, the founder of the chapter, prevented her

attendance, but that her pin had been sent her, together with a letter of presentation and an expression of the deep sympathy felt for her by every member of the chapter in her great sorrow.

"Tales of a Grandfather" were given by Mrs. Jesse R. Grant and Mrs. John Wright Decker.

Mrs. Orton gave an account of her recent visit, in company with Mrs. Thomas Francis Smith of the chapter, to Cincinnati to inspect the boys' clubs, the Children of the Republic. These clubs were founded by Mrs. John A. Murphy, honorary state regent, ex-state regent and ex-vice-president general. Beginning in Cincinnati it has now become part of the national work of the Daughters of the American Revolution. Two of the five clubs of Cincinnati were visited, one in the afternoon and one in the evening.

To undertake this work of the Children of the Republic is the present aim of the Columbus Chapter.

Under the auspices of the Daughters of the American Revolution of Columbus, the operetta "Manitou" was recently produced in that city with marked success. The proceeds are to be applied to the work of the Children of the Republic.

Quivira Chapter (Fairbury, Nebraska) was organized in 1902 with 17 charter members. It now has a membership of 39.

The chapter each year offers a prize of \$5 to the public school pupil who maintains the highest standing in American history. The chapter has contributed a sum toward the building of Continental Hall and joined the other chapters of the state in presenting to the battleship *Nebraska* a stand of colors.

Molly Varnum Chapter (Lowell, Massachusetts) dedicated, in December last, the old Spalding house for their future headquarters. An interesting account of the history of the house was given in an address by Mrs. Henry M. Thompson, the chapter regent. The trustees of the Masonic Association of Lowell attended the exercises, that fraternity having contributed liberally to assist the chapter in its work. Mrs. Donald McLean, the president general, was present and, after pay-

ing a high tribute to the work of Molly Varnum Chapter, told of the work being done in the west, where there are no historic places to mark, in working for Continental Hall which is to be a memorial to the private soldier as well as to the officer, to the heroine as well as to the hero. Mr. Charles C. Hutchinson, representing the Masonic fraternity, next spoke, congratulating the chapter, Mrs. George H. Spalding sang several old time songs charmingly and Mayor-elect Frederick W. Farnham offered a sentiment to the American flag which was heartily applauded.

Two other distinguished guests of the chapter, Mrs. Theodore Bates of Worcester, vice-president for the state of Massachusetts, and Mrs. John McLane, of Milford, state regent of the New Hampshire Daughters and wife of Governor McLane, brought greetings from their respective representative interests.

Molly Stark Chapter (Manchester, New Hampshire) has erected an appropriate and lasting memorial in the form of a boulder on the homestead site of Major General John Stark. This historic spot is where the home of New Hampshire's illustrious general stood from the time of its building in 1765 until it was destroyed by fire one hundred years later. The old well is nearby and has been permanently preserved by the erecting about it of a high granite curbing over which an old-fashioned wellsweep has been posed. A tablet on the side fronting the street bears the inscription, "Stark Well, 1765."

Mrs. Fannie Hoyt Sawyer, regent of Molly Stark Chapter, presided at the dedicatory exercises and called upon the Reverend Burton W. Lockhart, D. D., for prayer. The chapter feels indebted to those who have taken an interest in the work and in her address of welcome Mrs. Sawyer made grateful reference to the fact.

Mrs. Jennie Abbott Osborne, a great-great-granddaughter of Major General Stark, and an active member of the committee engaged in this work, removed the flag revealing the large bronze marker bearing the insignia of the Daughters of the American Revolution and a suitable inscription.

United States Senator Henry E. Burnham was then introduced by the regent and made an eloquent address, paying a glowing tribute to Major General Stark and to the work of Molly Stark Chapter.

Lucy Holcomb Chapter (Washington, District of Columbia).—The hostess of the Lucy Holcomb Chapter, at its November meeting, was Mrs. Frank Cunningham, and the special guests of the evening were the members of Our Flag Chapter. At the close of the business meeting, the regent, Mrs. John Paul Earnest, presented, in behalf of her chapter, a gavel to Our Flag Chapter. The gavel was made of historic wood, given to the chapter by F. D. Owen.

The organizer and first regent of Our Flag Chapter, Mrs. A. G. Wilkinson, accepted the gavel for her chapter with a few appropriate remarks.

Our Flag Chapter (Washington, District of Columbia).—Mrs. Donald McLean was the guest of honor at a tea given by Our Flag Chapter. The rooms were beautifully decorated with flowers and our national colors. The regent of the chapter, Mrs. A. G. Wilkinson, presented the guests to Mrs. McLean, the president general.

Cateche Chapter (Anderson, South Carolina) has twenty-two members. We meet once a month in the homes of the members. Mrs. Ella Bleckley Laughlin is our regent. In November, through her energetic efforts, our chapter served a supper, realizing a neat sum, enabling us to pay off our assessment and what we promised towards Continental Hall. With "Old Folks Concert," dinners and other entertainments we have paid our contribution toward erecting a monument to three South Carolina Revolutionary heroes, Pickens, Sumter, and Marion, the monument to be erected in the capital of our state, Columbia, fairest city of the South.

We are earnestly at work to restore to its former glory, "Old Stone Church" of Revolutionary fame, the church where General Andrew Pickens and General Anderson worshiped.

We are working also to mark the graves of several Revolutionary soldiers whose bones have long laid neglected in our country church-yards.



Mrs. Ella Beckley Laughlin.

Cateechee Chapter will put up a suitable marker on the spot where General Andrew Pickens made the last treaty with the Cherokee Indians. The old oak that so long stood over the spot as a quiet sentinel has lately fallen.—ELIZABETH HAMMOND BLECKLEY, *Historian*.

Ellen I. Sanger Chapter (Littleton, New Hampshire).—On November twenty-first the chapter held a loan exhibition

which brought out nearly all of the quaint and valuable relics to be found in town. The collection of old laces and pewter was especially fine. Two tables of rare pottery were of interest, one "Staffordshire" platter attracting much attention, also a chafing dish and sleeve buttons taken from the tent of General Burgoyne after his surrender at Saratoga. One of the Daughters had a spinning wheel and reel and entertained the visitors with the old method of making yarn. The tables were presided over by members of the chapter dressed in appropriate costumes. In the evening an interesting concert was given.

Emily Nelson Chapter (District of Columbia) held a preliminary meeting December 19th. Mrs. Mussey, District regent, presided. Mrs. Mary Lawrence Martin was chosen regent; Mrs. Henry V. Boynton, recording secretary; Mrs. George W. Love, corresponding secretary; Mrs. George L. Wainwright, registrar; Mrs. Frank L. Lewis, treasurer; Mrs. Cora Baker Foster, historian; Mrs. Wm. M. Newell, chaplain.

On the 11th of January the chapter held its first meeting after the issue of its charter at the residence of the regent, and at a later hour held a reception in honor of the president general, who also bears the name of Emily Nelson.

Mrs. Martin has been a faithful worker in the society since she entered in 1893. She is a member of Continental Hall committee and has been corresponding secretary for the District the past two years.

Mrs. Martin descends from brave and distinguished ancestors. On her father's side she can proudly claim Captain James Lawrence who fought so bravely by the side of Commodore Decatur. In 1813 he captured the British man-of-war brig *Peacock*. He then was promoted to command of the *Chesapeake*, and with her he lost his life, but his immortal words will go down the pages of history, keeping bright the spark of patriotism, "Don't give up the ship." He is buried in Trinity church-yard and every year his grave is decorated by the New York City Chapter.

The love of patriotism was a part of the very life of Mrs.

Martin's only daughter, Agnes Martin Dennison, who faithfully served the society in many high offices. The chapter is named for another descendant of heroes, Emily Nelson the daughter of that patriot, General Roger Nelson, who was inspired with patriotism at the age of seventeen and ran away from college to fight for his country's freedom. He was commissioned by General Washington a lieutenant and was rapidly promoted until he became a general.

Mrs. McLean was deeply touched, and spoke feelingly of the honor done her grandmother. She told of her childish recollections and tender companionship between them.

In after years while searching among old chests in the garret she found huge books pasted full of articles signed Emily Nelson and was told that her great-grandfather had been very proud of his daughter's literary ability which was unusual in those days and everything she had written had been sacredly preserved.

Mrs. McLean spoke of her great appreciation of the national board granting the name, and the action of the chapter in so honoring their president.

After a delightful social evening and handsome collation, the guests separated with congratulations to the regent of the two days' old chapter.—ELIZABETH GADSBY.

Beverly Manor Chapter (Staunton, Virginia).—Bi-monthly meetings have been held regularly in the homes of the members. Interest in the literary feature of the work has grown steadily. The consideration of "The Oldest American College" was completed in September, and an interesting program arranged for this winter, combining the study of Colonial history, with current event topics.

The chapter has done its part in carrying forward the great scheme of the national organization. It has contributed to the state conference fund; its annual \$10 to Continental Hall; \$125 to the Virginia column; \$20 to the Jamestown fund, and pledged itself for a piece of furniture for the building to be erected by the national society on Jamestown Island. It gave this year two handsome medals in the public school for the

best essays on "Our French Allies in the Revolution"; also, two valuable historical books for the school library.

The chapter has taken up vigorously the identifying of the graves of Revolutionary patriots in this vicinity.

The performance of the Ben Greet Players, November 5th, under the auspices of the Beverly Manor Chapter netted us a neat little sum and was a most enjoyable occasion.—FANNIE L. EFFINGER, *Regent*.

Deborah Wheelock Chapter (Uxbridge, Massachusetts).—*Regent*, Mrs. Harriet E. Wheelock; *secretary*, Mrs. Adelaide Johnson; *treasurer*, Miss Helen W. Taft. The December meeting was held with Miss Imogene Mascroft and Miss Sarah Taft, at which the Abigail Batchelder Chapter of Whitinsville, was represented by eleven members. Mrs. A. E. Gray and her daughters furnished music for the occasion. Mrs. Helen Hanson opened the meeting by reading an interesting paper relating to the Pilgrims and their settlement in Plymouth. This was followed by a reading in costume by Miss Mascroft, alias "Aunt Ann," who described two tea-parties; the first being one of the good old-fashioned kind, such as ladies used to have in her young days, when they took their knitting work, and spent the afternoon, and which did not end until after partaking of a substantial supper. Part two described a tea-party or reception of the present day. As "Aunt Ann" read her story it was acted upon the stage in pantomime, and, it is needless to say, was true to life. The little play caused much amusement and was very entertaining to the audience. A social hour followed.

Mt. Vernon Chapter (Alexandria, Virginia).—This was the first chapter organized in the Old Dominion. On May 30, 1893, a party of ladies gathered under the spreading trees of Mount Vernon and named their chapter for the home of the father of his country. Miss Susan Riviere Hetzel was the *regent*, and among the members were descendants of Col. John Augustine Washington, Richard Henry Lee, George Mason, John Marshall, Thomas Jefferson, Col. Levin Powell, Col. Charles Simms and Dr. Selden.

The chapter has aided in the preservation of Jamestown; has awarded medals to the students in the schools of Alexandria writing the best compositions on Revolutionary subjects; has contributed to the Virginia historical society; has given \$515.15 toward the erection of the Continental Hall, \$100 for the Virginia column and \$50 for the Children's room in behalf of the Ann McCarty Ramsey Society of the Children of the American Revolution, organized under the auspices of the chapter; has presented the Rock Hill Chapter with a flag of the style of 1779.

The chapter took the initiative toward the restoration of Pohick Church, built from plans designed by Washington, and of which he was vestryman. The society at large was appealed to and many liberal responses came, but funds are still needed for its completion and the chapter would again appeal to the society for help.

The social features have been emphasized and thus the members drawn closer together.

Colonel Timothy Bigelow Chapter (Worcester, Massachusetts).—On June fifth members of the chapter and friends went to Greenfield and Deerfield for the annual outing and field day. The historic spots were visited and the relics of Memorial Hall inspected.

In October the Massachusetts state conference was held with the chapter. Mrs. Bates, the vice-president general, opened her home on the evening of the twenty-fifth for a reception to the Daughters. On the twenty-sixth, a Colonial tea was given in the Artemas Ward homestead at Shewsbury.

On December seventh a whist party was given in the home of Mrs. Pfaffman, and on December fifteenth, a candy party by the Junior Daughters for the benefit of Continental Hall.

Interesting papers have been read at the different meetings.

General Richardson Chapter (Pontiac, Michigan) celebrated its seventh anniversary January fourth. On, or near, Washington's birthday, each year, a Colonial ball has been given. Prizes have been given for the best essays on patriotic

subjects written by the pupils of the Pontiac schools; liberal contributions have been sent to Continental Hall; and many subscribe for the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE. The annual state conference of 1905 was held at Pontiac. The chapter observes the "General Richardson day" and Indian day. Each meeting is enlivened by a delightful program.

Jacksonville Chapter (Jacksonville, Florida).—The regular monthly meeting of the Jacksonville Chapter for December was held at the residence of Mrs. Wiliam L. Wightman. This meeting was made a memorial to Mrs. Ellen Call Long of Tallahassee, the anniversary of whose death occurred on the seventeenth of the month. Mrs. Long was one of the first members of the Daughters of the American Revolution in Florida and for many years a prominent woman in Florida. The pictures which were shown of the charming old Call homestead in Tallahassee created much interest. The Florida Jamestown commissioners have decided to use the Call house which was built by General Richard Keith Call, territorial governor, as the model for the Florida building to be erected at the exposition.

New Connecticut Chapter (Painesville, Ohio) reports interest, cooperation and harmony. A recent concert netted them a hundred and twenty-five dollars for the local hospital. A thimble-bee will be given for the Continental Hall fund. Patriotic work among the Finnish people by means of lectures in their own language, illustrated by views, still remains an important work of the chapter.

Tyranena Chapter (Lake Mills, Wisconsin). The chapter has brought out a story, written by three of its members, called "A Puritan Maid." The first edition has already been sold, netting a profit for the benefit of Continental Hall. Mrs. Minerva Fargo, one of the members, has organized a society of the Children of the American Revolution, under the inspiring name of "Old Glory." The members are working with enthusiasm.

MARKING THE SANTA FE TRAIL THROUGH KANSAS.

Mrs. W. E. Stanley, State Regent, Kansas.

One reads with much interest the story of the world's great highways. The famous Appian Way, constructed by Claudius Appian at an enormous cost more than two thousand years ago, remained for centuries a monument to the enterprise of that far-away period. And in more recent times, one of the great highways of Europe remains silent but conclusive evidence of the wisdom of the great Napoleon. These and many others of the world's great thoroughfares are enduring, but the great highway over which the "commerce of the prairie" was carried on for more than half a century has been marked by no enduring monument and the visible signs of its existence have almost entirely vanished; but while evidence of its course can be obtained, the Kansas society of the Daughters of the American Revolution in connection with the state historical society, have determined to mark the route of this great thoroughfare in Kansas by suitable and permanent marking. These markings are to be of red granite bearing the inscription,

**SANTA FE TRAIL
1822 TO 1872
MARKED BY THE DAUGHTERS OF THE
AMERICAN REVOLUTION
AND
THE STATE OF KANSAS**

A description, necessarily brief, of the trail with the part the Daughters are taking in its marking may not be without interest.

In the early part of the last century, the tide of western

emigration had reached the Missouri river and at this time there had grown up a considerable trade at and about Santa Fe, New Mexico, which attracted the attention of the western pioneer; but between this western line of settlement and Santa Fe was a stretch of seven hundred and seventy-five miles over treeless and trackless prairies infested by tribes of hostile savages.

None but the hardiest pioneers dared undertake this dangerous journey and brave the privations and suffering incident to the route; but the west has always furnished sturdy men to force their way over plain and through forest in the interest of advancing civilization, and these men proposed to mark a course from the Missouri river to Santa Fe, and the dangers attendant upon the enterprise could not swerve them from their purpose.

In the beginning the opening of a route to Santa Fe was largely a matter of private daring and enterprise but in 1824 the trade had increased to such an extent that the government took hold of the matter in a substantial way.

While St. Louis was really the great outfitting post for the southwest trade, the route itself began near the Missouri river and entered the state of Kansas in Johnson county and for the first one hundred and fifty miles passed through a well watered prairie country, comparatively free from Indian depredations.

This portion of the route ended at Council Grove on the Neosho river where caravans were usually organized so that a considerable party might pursue the route together, and so be a means of protection to each other against Indian raids. The name of Council Grove was given to this place by the Santa Fe road commission in 1825 from the fact that they here met the Osage Indians in council and secured their agreement to the unmolested passage of the traders through their country. This place is now one of the thriving and beautiful cities of Kansas.

Leaving Council Grove, the trail continued in a southwesterly direction through the territory comprising portions of the present counties of Morris, Marion, McPherson and Rice,

striking the Arkansas river where that stream makes a bend of about fifty miles to the north which has always been known as the great bend of the Arkansas river.

At the most northerly point of this bend Walnut creek empties into this river. The Walnut valley comprises more than one million square acres and in the early part of the last century was a famous grazing land for the immense herds of buffalo that roamed over the prairie. As a consequence, it was a popular hunting ground and claimed by all the tribes for this purpose. Major Inman says that no tribe had the temerity to attempt its permanent occupancy and that this region had been the scene of more sanguinary conflicts than any other portion of the continent.

Here the whole nature of the country changed and from this place to the point where the trail left the state, there was little timber; the elevation was high, and well watered and timbered valleys gave way to high tablelands and semi-arid plains.

The trail followed the Arkansas river to Cimarron crossing near the old Fort Dodge and the present site of Dodge City, where it divided, one branch crossing the river and going in a southwesterly direction to Las Vegas, New Mexico, the other going by a more circuitous route along the river to Bents Fort and then in a southern direction uniting with the other near Las Vegas. The direct route from the river to Las Vegas, generally called the Cimarron route, was attended with greater hardships and privations than any other portion of the trail. Generally there was a great scarcity of water along this part of the route and during the dry season there was no stream or other place where water could be obtained, and the emigrants and traders were compelled to carry with them a supply; and often in case of attacks by Indians where the caravans would be compelled to go into a state of siege, the danger from lack of water was as great as the danger from the attacks of savages.

This portion of the trail on account of the lack of water and greater danger from Indian attacks was considered the most dangerous part of the journey, and somewhere along the old

Cimarron route many of the brave pioneers who faced these dangers in opening up the trade of the great southwest sleep in unknown graves over which the winds of the unbroken prairie still sing their requiems.

Near the point where the Walnut empties into the Arkansas river, the trail passed almost under the shadow of Pawnee Rock. This was a famous landmark which rises abruptly above the plain and afforded at the same time an outlook and a fortress. Many bloody battles between hostile Indian tribes and Indians and whites were fought about its summit. Little is now left of this noted rock. Much has been carried away and used by the settlers and it has been reduced almost to a level with the plains.

In the days when the caravans passed by it, it looked down upon many an ambuscade and bloody battle, and could it write the history of the great plains above which it once stood watch, that history would contain many crimson pages.

There is a desire upon the part of our society to preserve what remains of this great landmark and I earnestly trust that this desire will grow into some practical movement looking to that end.

Now since those early days, conditions have changed. No bands of prowling and treacherous Indians infest the old route; but along the same course and in many places over the identical ground, now passes the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway, one of the best on the continent. The traveler may seat himself in one of the luxurious coaches of this railway in Kansas City, and as he passes in a southwest direction along the general route of the old thoroughfare, his eye will be gladdened with evidence of prosperity on every hand. Beautiful farm houses have supplanted the wigwam; towns and cities mark the line of this great artery of commerce; school houses and churches are seen on every hand and in their season waving fields of grain, bountiful harvests, and lowing herds greet the eye of the traveler; and above all, a contented and delighted people, many of whom are descendants of the strong men who, half a century ago, made a highway for commerce over the great American desert and changed this desert into fruitful fields.

The Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution some years ago, under the regency of the late Mrs. Thompson, concluded to mark this great highway by suitable monuments before all evidence of its exact location had disappeared. In the beginning of this work many of us had to commence the study of the trail, and as we pursued this study acted upon a suggestion to work along the lines of patriotic education, and thus enlarging the scope of our work.

Our state historical society together with Honorable Victor Murdock, congressman from the seventh congressional district, through the entire length of which the trail passed, secured for us from Washington, the data to aid us in the making of a map and in pursuing our study. In this manner, we procured the government's surveys of 1827 and 1856. The original survey for marking the line of the road from the Missouri river to New Mexico had cost the government ten thousand dollars and this had called for an additional expense of twenty thousand dollars for securing concessions from the Indians.

All traces of the trail have been obliterated or nearly so and we were compelled to enter upon a study of the subject and acquire information by all possible methods and sometimes such information was difficult to procure.

After having secured maps and becoming somewhat familiar with the route, we began to turn our attention to the matter of raising funds to procure the monuments for the purpose of marking the trail.

The legislature was asked for an appropriation of one thousand dollars which was readily given. The society then decided to make the matter one of historical interest, especially to the children in the public schools, as well as one of patriotic education. Programs were prepared and the anniversary of the admission of Kansas into the union, January 29th, was selected as the day for having historic exercises. Prizes were offered to pupils in the graded schools writing the best essay upon either of the following subjects: "Early Kansas History," or "The Santa Fe Trail."

The pupils were asked to give a penny a piece, thus contributing to the fund given by the legislature. The American

flag was given as a prize to the school giving the largest contribution. This was won by one of the ward schools of Lawrence.

Many very interesting essays were written, the prize essay being published in many of the state papers.

A general interest was taken by the school children and something like six hundred dollars was raised by this penny collection.

After some discussion it was decided that the markers should be made of red granite, rough and irregular except upon the face side which should be dressed smooth, bearing the inscription to which I have referred.

These markers are now being put in place and by the end of the year we hope to have the work substantially completed, and the Great Santa Fe Trail so permanently marked in the state of Kansas that its course will no longer remain a matter of conjecture.

May our patriotism be for a country
 That knows not a bound'ry or name,
 The World! not some narrow allotment
 We trace on the map to our shame.
 Let us stand for a broader republic,
 That includes all the nations of earth,
 And humanity's cause be our watchword,
 Then we'll honor the land of our birth.—*Mrs. A. B. Wheeler.*

When navies are forgotten
 And fleets are useless things,
 When the dove shall warm her bosom
 Beneath the eagle's wings,—
 When memory of battles
 At last is strange and old,
 When rations have one banner
 And creeds have found one fold,—
 Then Hate's last note of discord
 In all God's world shall cease,
 In the conquest which is service,
 In the victory which is peace.—*Knowles.*

THE OPEN LETTER

It is proposed that the state historian shall be requested to secure a list of the places of historic interest of the Revolutionary period, as yet unmarked in her state, and send such information to the chairman of the committee on "Preservation of Historic Spots."

The object is this: After Memorial Continental Hall is completed there will be a grand rally to the preservation of historic spots and buildings. In localities where there are chapters, such chapters either have taken care of, or will take care of, their own responsibilities, either by doing the work, or securing sufficient assistance from other chapters to have the work accomplished.

In many localities there are no chapters and in some where there are "historic spots" there are chapters too small to meet the obligation alone.

If each state would, during the building of Continental Hall, secure all of the data relating to this subject, such as place, ownership, possibility of marking or purchasing the same, make and mature plans for the work involved, then we would not be losing so much time in this branch of our work, and taking our chances of having more historic spots pass out of our reach or meet with destruction.

It is suggested that these lists should be sent to the chairman of the committee on "Preservation of Historic Spots," because there should be a headquarters for the filing of such information, and from which information can be obtained. Then, too, there are possible cases where the national society would be interested in assisting or in doing the work as in Meadow Garden Farm and other places.

MRS. MATTHEW T. SCOTT,
Chairman Committee on Preservation of Historic Spots.

GENEALOGICAL NOTES AND QUERIES

"After years the tale shall tell
Who bravely fought, who nobly fell."—*Mrs. Daniels.*

Inquirers are requested to observe the following suggestions:

1. Write plainly, especially all proper names.
2. Give, when possible, dates or approximate dates, localities, or some clue to the state in which the ancestor lived.
3. *Inquiries for ancestors who lived during or near the Revolutionary period will be inserted in preference to those of an earlier period.*
4. Enclose stamp for each query.
5. Give full name and address that correspondence when necessary may be had with inquirers.
6. Queries will be inserted as early as possible after they are received, but the dates of reception determine the order of their insertion.
7. Answers, partial answers or any information regarding queries are urgently requested and all answers will be used as soon as possible after they are received.

*Mrs. Lydia Bolles Newcomb,
Genealogical Department, American Monthly Magazine,
New Haven, Connecticut.*

Attention is called to rules 3 and 4

ANSWERS.

535-549. HINSON.—In looking over an old number of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE (July, 1905) published by the Daughters of the American Revolution, I was surprised to find in the genealogical notes and queries, in answer to certain inquiries in regard to "Hinson," some erroneous statements which I should like to correct.

In this article it is stated that Col. John Hynson, son of Thomas who died in 1705, left a widow Ann, who was Ann Francina Venderheyden, formerly widow of Edward Shippen of Philadelphia, and makes the children of Col. John Hynson descend from this marriage. Now, what the maiden name of Ann, wife of Col. John Hynson, was has, I believe, not yet been ascertained; but I have the most positive proof, in the shape of the will in full of Col. Charles Hynson of Chester-town, who died in 1747, that he was the husband of Mrs. Edward Shippen, formerly Ann Francina Vanderheyden. This Col. Charles

Hynson was the nephew of Col. John Hynson, being the son of his brother Charles, youngest son of Thomas who came over from England. Col. Charles Hynson left no children at all and devised his entire estate to his widow in trust for his "dear child Margaret, daughter of Mrs. Margaret Jekyll of Philadelphia," his heir being his wife's granddaughter, her only child, Margaret Shippen, having married Mr. Jekyll who had been Collector of the Port in Boston. Mrs. Jekyll lived in Philadelphia for many years, and was a lady of fashion, as is shown by one of the invitations to a ball at her house which is owned by the Historical Society of Pennsylvania. After the death of Col. Hynson in 1747, his widow removed to Philadelphia where she died at an advanced age. I might add also that his beloved grandchild, who seems to have been adopted by her stepfather, afterward married a Mr. Chalmers and went to Scotland, where in due time she became the grandmother of the very celebrated Dr. Chalmers.

In the Shippen papers and elsewhere this Mrs. Charles Hynson is also mentioned, and as she never had any Hynson children, I think it is a great pity to make the numerous descendants of Col. John Hynson descend from her.—K. H. L.

826. HEMINGWAY.—Isaac Hemingway of Framingham, Mass., was drummer in Capt. Micajah Gleason's company of minute men Apr. 19, 1775, fourteen days. He was drummer in Capt. Thomas Drury's company, Col. John Nixon's regt., enlisted May 4, 1775. Private in Capt. Peter Clages's company July 14, 1780; service 5 months.—(*Mass. Rev. Rolls.*)

829. KEITH.—On pay roll of militia of Conn. who served in R. I. 1781 is the name of Capt. Peter Keith in Col. James Gardner's regt.—(*Conn. Historical Collection, Vol. VIII, p. 222.*)

Peter Keith, Lieut. in Capt. Storer's Co., 1777; commissioned captain 1778 of 7th Alarm list, 11th regt.—(*Public Records of Conn.*)

862. PALMER—RUNDLE.—John Palmer and William Rundle had grants of land at Greenwich, Conn., 1667. John Palmer had at least four sons. One was James who married Sarah, daughter of Rev. Thomas Denham, first minister of Rye, N. Y. He (James) had grant of land in 1672; had a family by 1685. In 1711 he deeds land to son Samuel. In Aug., 1733, Hannah, widow of Samuel Palmer, administers on his estate, and children Samuel and Abigail are old enough (fourteen) to choose their guardian. This fits the birth of Samuel (see query) 1719.

James (son of John) had a son David b. 1693 who named a son Denham b. 1737; also a daughter Sarah who married Conrad^d Winans of Rahway, N. J. Conrad died Feb., 1727-8. James^s Winans and other of the children went back to Greenwich. There was a Winans Palmer, and also intermarriages with Reynolds and Close families. Some of the family went to Dutchess Co., N. Y.—W.

872. (2) WOODRUFF.—The will of Josiah Woodruff, dated Feb. 24,

1790, proved Sept. 21, is on record at Trenton, N. J. It names wife Patience and Robert as first of nine children. The will of Daniel³ (John², John¹) Woodruff dated Oct. 8, 1732, proved Apr. 15, 1741, names wife Ann, brother-in-law Thomas Price, four sons and a daughter. Josiah, the third son, not of age at date of will, is doubtless the one inquired for. This family was at Elizabethtown from its founding 1665-6. "From Connecticut" (see query) is a mistake arising from the name of the community, Connecticut Farms, where Josiah lived. In the British raid of 1780 Josiah Woodruff lost property valued at £12, and his son Robert lost £28 18s. 6d. Original appraisement lists and details are preserved at Trenton, N. J.—W.

QUERIES.

914. WILKINSON—GAUTIER.—Ancestry is desired of Elizabeth Wilkinson b. July 15, 1775; married Sept. 20, 1795, Peter W. Gautier of N. Car. Was her father a Rev. soldier? Peter W. Gautier was b. in Eng. May 1, 1771, and came to America Oct., 1784, and settled in N. Carolina.—A. L. T.

915. WEAVER—EICHER.—I wish to learn the date of birth and death of Jacob Weaver b. in Lancaster Co., Penn., and married in York Co. Barbara Eicher. He lived many years in Philadelphia—was surveyor of lands in Pennsylvania about 1760, employed by Edmund Physic of Pennsylvania.—H. N. R.

916. CHEW.—Dio John Chew b. about 1590, d. about 1660, came in the *Mayflower*. He settled at Jamestown, Vir. His wife Sarah d. before 1651. He married, second, Mrs. Rachel Constable. His son Samuel Chew, b. in Vir. 1625, d. 1677; went to Anne Arundel Co., Md.; became high sheriff, judge of high provincial court and col; married Anne Ayers, daughter of William Ayers. Am I eligible to D. A. R. through the Chews, Dorseys, Harrisons, Worthingtons, Howards, Lees, Wilsons, Childs or Pacas of Maryland?—J. D. A.

If "J. D. A." will give definite lines from the above ancestral names, direct information may perhaps be given her. John Chew was not among the *Mayflower* passengers.

903. HARMON—RISING.—Was Reuben Harmon, Jr., b. in Suffield, Conn., 1750, in Rev. service? He married 1774 Ruth Rising, daughter of Aaron and Anna Rising of Suffield. They moved to Rupert, Vt., where their first nine children were born. Reuben Harmon, Jr., d. in Wethersfield, Ohio, Oct. 29, 1806. His wife d. in Warren, Ohio, Apr. 8, 1836. Reuben Harmon, Sr., was a delegate to the Convention at Dorset July 24, 1776.—M. L. H.

904. (1) NOYES.—Where can I obtain the pedigree of the Noyes family? An ancestor, Matthew² Pettingill, married Sarah Noyes, daughter of Nicholas, and granddaughter of Rev. James Noyes of Chalterton, Wiltshire, Eng.

(2) DOLBEE.—I wish to obtain information of the Dolbee family of

Delaware, near Wilmington. They moved to Ohio before 1818.—
B. O. D. C.

905. (1) WITHERILL.—Can I learn something of the Witherells of Keene, N. H.?

(2) CHANDLER.—Also of the early career of Joseph Chandler, and the name of his father of Granville, Washington Co., N. Y.? The family moved about 1816 to Pendleton, Essex Co., N. Y. Abigail and Rhoda Chandler married—one a Standish, the other a Bradford of the Mayflower.—C. H. B.

906. (1) PERRIN.—John Perrin b. 1721 and his brother Henry were grandsons of Daniel and Maria (Thone) Perrin of N. J., who went to Vir. before the Revolution. Was the wife of John Perrin, Elizabeth Lee, of the N. J. or Vir. Lee family?

(2) MIMS—FRAME.—Can any one trace the Mims family beyond Drury Mims and Lydia Frame of S. Car. about 1750? Was Mims originally Mills?—A. M. W.

907. PARKER.—The English ancestry desired of Commodore Porter³ Parker (John², George¹), of R. I.—F. A. G.

908. LOY.—The ancestry is desired of Adam Loy who came from Germany with his father about the time of the Rev. War. They settled in Frederick, Md., afterward removed to Butler Co., Ohio. Was the name originally Lloyd?—O. P.

909. POWERS.—I would like to learn of the ancestry of John Powers b. in N. Car. 1759, d. in N. J. 1831. He served as captain in Rev. War, and was at the storming of Stony Point.—S. E. F. S.

910. LISCOMB.—Was Capt. John Liscomb of the 9th company, Col. James Converse's regt., the father of Polly Liscomb, b. Dec. 11, 1788, at Cape Ann, Mass.? The name of her mother is wanted also. Polly Liscomb was taken to Fort Ann, N. Y., in 1790 or 91, as the adopted daughter of her aunt, Patty Liscomb, wife of Asa Goodell.—L. M. W.

911. WALTON.—What was the relationship, if any, of Thomas Walton, of Ga., to George Walton, the signer of the Dec. of Independence? Thomas Walton d. just before the Rev. War.—B. T. D.

912. MANSFIELD.—I am a descendant of Samuel Mansfield, a soldier of the Revolution who enlisted in the 3rd Maryland regiment and served three years. Was he connected with Moses Mansfield, of Conn.? What was his ancestry or did he have brothers and sisters? He married in Md. Charity Bayles, and after the war moved to Athens Co., Ohio. His son, Martin Mansfield, was my grandfather.—S. M. D.

913. (1) GUY—PORTER.—Information is asked for the ancestry of Richard Guy who married Margaret Porter. They lived in Octara Hundred, Md., early in 1700.

(2) PORTER.—Also the ancestry of Margaret Porter who was probably the daughter of Thomas Porter.

(3) SMITH—FLOWER.—Also the family of Lydia Smith who married about 1686 Lamrock Flower at Hartford, Conn.

(4) WRIGHT.—The military or civil record of Brigadier Samuel Wright of Hartford, Conn.

Any information of any of the above will be appreciated.—M. A. F.

914. LOVEJOY—SHATTUCK.—Wanted the ancestry of Nancy Lovejoy, b. in Pepperell, Mass., March 4, 1781, married 1799 Amariah Shattuck. She died in Milford, N. H., Dec. 25, 1821.—E. C. S. O.

915. CONEY.—I would like to learn something of the history of the man for whom Coney Island, N. Y., is named. Family tradition says the island was given to my ancestor, —— Coney, for some meritorious deed he did, but of the facts we know nothing. Can any reader of the A. M. Mag. help me to learn this fact?—A. B.

916. TAYLOR.—Can any one give names and dates of the father, brothers and sisters of Gideon Taylor or Timothy Taylor of Litchfield Co., Conn., or adjoining N. Y. counties?—E. W. B.

917. (1) ALLEN.—Parentage of Ethan Allen; also names of his brothers and sisters.

(2) BARROWS—WRIGHT.—Parentage of Mehitable Barrows, second wife of Adam Wright, son of Richard Wright; also ancestry of Richard Wright.

(3) PECKHAM.—John Peckham of R. I. d. 1681; married first Mary Clark, second Eleanor —— (?) They had a son Stephen who d. Apr. 23, 1724. He married 1682 Mary —— (?)

918. McCORD.—My grandfather's name was John McCord. I wish the date of his birth and death. His wife was Harriet McCarter. They lived in Orange Co., N. Y. There was a John McCord from Orange Co. in the Revolutionary War, and I wish to connect the two men, that I may fill out D. A. R. papers.—W. M. B.

919. BROCKWAY—HALL.—The ancestry is desired of Caroline Brockway, daughter of William Brockway of North Lyme, Conn. She married Capt. Abel Hall.—C. M. G.

920. CALDWELL.—Information desired of descendants of John Caldwell and Judith his wife. He was lieut. gov. of Ky and died in Frankfort 1804; also of Gen. Samuel Caldwell and his wife Ann Balch who lived in Rensselaersville, Ky.; also of William T. Caldwell and wife Mary Peck who lived in Washington Co., Ky., died in 1827 and devised his property to wife Mary, sons William T., Charles and Thomas, daughter Lydia McCord (wife of John McCord) and Mary Logan Roberts.—H. L. C.

921. COZART—WOODARD.—The Revolutionary record of Jacob Cozart is desired. I think he enlisted from N. J. and was in the battle of Bunker Hill. He married Mercy Woodard and settled afterward in Va. near Harpers Ferry.—A. J. B.

922. BROWN.—The ancestry wanted of Azubah Brown of Coventry, Conn. She married May 1st, 1766, Jonathan Root; died Jan. 5, 1779.—A. B. S. H

**NATIONAL SOCIETY
OF THE
Children of the American Revolution**

NOVEMBER MEETING, 1906.

The National Board of Management, Children of the American Revolution, held its regular monthly meeting at the headquarters of the society, 902 F street, Washington, District of Columbia, at 10 o'clock on the morning of November 8, 1906.

Members present: Mrs. Marsh, Mrs. Hamlin, Mrs. Darwin, Mrs. Lounsberry, Mrs. Tweedle, Mrs. Janin, Miss Hooper, Miss Hetzel, Mrs. Bond, Miss Tulloch.

The president being absent, Mrs. Marsh, a vice-president of the society, was nominated and elected to preside over the meeting, which was opened with prayer by the national chaplain.

The secretary's minutes of the preceding meeting were read and approved.

The corresponding secretary made a report of supplies sent out during the month, which was accepted.

The treasurer reported as follows:

Balance, October 1,	\$27 51
Receipts,	27 95
	\$55 46
Total,	\$55 46
Disbursed,	22 45
	\$33 01
 Investments:	
Notes,	\$2,000 00
Bank,	202 15
	\$2,202 15
Continental Hall fund,	\$877 53
The report was accepted.	

The registrar presented the names of 27 applicants, and on motion the secretary was instructed to cast the ballot for their admission

to the society provided all dues had been paid. This was accordingly done, and the applicants declared members of the National Society, Children of the American Revolution.

The vice-president of organization presented the following names for confirmation:

Mrs. Evangeline Campbell Peterson for president of Joanna Sparhawk Society, Boston, Massachusetts.

Mrs. Nettie A. Ashenfelter for state director of New Mexico.

These names were confirmed, and the report, which included a list of supplies sent out since June 14, 1906, 77 letters received and 50 written, was accepted.

The secretary read a letter from Mrs. Joseph Paul, a vice-president of the society, thanking the board for its expression of sympathy on the occasion of the death of her mother.

There being no further business to consider, the board adjourned.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. TULLOCH,
Secretary.

DECEMBER MEETING, 1906.

The regular meeting of the National Board of management, Children of the American Revolution, was held at 902 F street, Washington, District of Columbia, at 10 o'clock on the morning of the 15th of December, 1906.

Members present: Mrs. Dubois, Mrs. Howard, Mrs. Janin, Mrs. Darwin, Miss Hooper, Miss Hetzel, Mrs. Bond, Mrs. Lounsberry, Miss Tulloch.

Mrs. Dubois, the national president, called the meeting to order and in the absence of the national chaplain requested the members to unite in repeating the Lord's Prayer.

The national president greeted the board and expressed her pleasure at again being with the members.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

The corresponding secretary reported that she had issued the following supplies: 276 application blanks; 126 poems; 126 pledges; 18 lists of officers; 15 constitutions; 3 permits.

The report was accepted.

The registrar reported 95 applications for membership, and on motion the secretary was instructed to cast the ballot for the admission of the applicants, provided all dues had been paid. This was done and they were declared members of the National Society, Children of the American Revolution.

The registrar's report was accepted.

The vice-president in charge of organization reported as follows:

Names presented for confirmation:

Mrs. Robert Fargo as organizing president of a society at Lake Mills, Wisconsin.

Miss Helen Patton to succeed Miss Mary Laffin as president of the George Rogers Clark Society, Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

Mrs. Charles Johnson to succeed Mrs. Duncan McDonald as president of Liberty Society, Ohio.

Miss Margaret Julia Eppes for president of Monticello Society, of Jefferson City, Missouri, in place of Mrs. John Edwards, who was elected at the October meeting but has since removed to Oklahoma.

Miss Elizabeth Zane Hull for president of Betsey Griscom Society at St. Joseph, Missouri, to succeed Mrs. Mary Kearney Bloss who has removed to Chicago.

Miss Harriette Ingalls for president of Bemis Heights Society of Saratoga Springs, New York, to succeed Mrs. Menges.

Miss Mary Springer as organizing president of a society to be formed at Havana, Cuba.

The names Christopher Hurlburt and Olive Franklin for the two societies at Hornellsville, New York, and Fort Steuben for society forming at Jeffersonville, Indiana.

The resignation of Mrs. Duncan McDonald, president of Liberty Society, Ohio, was presented.

Letters received 35; letters written 18.

On motion the names presented were confirmed, the resignation accepted with regret, and the report accepted.

The treasurer reported as follows:

Balance November 1, 1906,	\$33 01
Received during month,	26 90
	<hr/>
Total,	\$59 91
Disbursed,	56 20
	<hr/>
Balance on hand December 1,	\$3 71

Investments:

Notes,	\$2,000 00
Bank,	202 15
	<hr/>
Total,	\$2,202 15
Continental Hall fund,	877 53

The report was accepted.

Miss Hetzel read a letter from Mrs. Hubbard, president of Valentine Holt Society of San Francisco, California, relative to delay in receiving certain transfer cards.

The treasurer read a letter from Miss Mickley relative to the furniture of the National Board of management, Children of the American Revolution, which is now in her office.

Mrs. Howard made the following motion:

I move that the purchasing committee be authorized to spend as much as \$10 for a suitable chair for the board room.

ELEANOR W. HOWARD,
MARTHA N. HOOPER.

December 13, 1906.

The motion was carried.

Miss Hetzel reported prices she had received from several firms for engraving certificates. On motion the choice of bids offered was left to her discretion.

The desirability of having a Children of the American Revolution exhibit at the Jamestown Exposition was discussed and Mrs. Lothrop and Mrs. Darwin were appointed to take charge of the matter.

Miss Hetzel spoke of the Pocahontas Memorial Association and was authorized to send circulars to the various local societies of the Children of the American Revolution explaining how tribes may be formed if desired.

The president spoke of the money raised last summer by lawn fetes for the play grounds of the District. It amounted to \$327, and as the success of the fetes was largely due to her own exertions she desired that the benefaction should stand to the credit of the Children of the American Revolution.

She also spoke of what the Children of the American Revolution might do to add to the comfort and sightliness of the juvenile court room in this city.

There being no further business to consider the board adjourned.

Respectfully submitted,

ELIZA COLMAN TULLOCH,
Secretary.

"That old bell now is silent,
Hushed is its iron tongue;
But the spirit it awakened
Still lives forever young.
And as we greet the sunlight
On the fourth of each July,
We'll ne'er forget the bellman
Who twixt the earth and sky,
Rang out our independence,
Which please God shall never die."

Keep the jewel of liberty in the family of freedom.—*Lincoln.*

IN MEMORIAM

MRS. LORISA HERROD BARBOUR, honorary member Boston Tea Party Chapter, Boston, Mass., died October 2, 1906. Mrs. Barbour had lived within a few weeks of her ninety-fifth birthday and was a "Real Daughter" of the American Revolution, her father having been with Washington at Valley Forge. She has always been an inspiration to the chapter members who are grateful for the benediction of her life. After a long and useful service she has passed out of the shadows into the sunshine.

MISS M. ADELLE PLATT, Mary Clapp Wooster Chapter, New Haven, Connecticut, died October 21, 1906.

MRS. WILLIAM BARRY, Sea Coast Defence Chapter, Vineyard Haven, Mass., died recently. The chapter passed resolutions lamenting the loss of a most esteemed and valuable member.

MISS FRANCES FELT, Paul Jones Chapter, Boston, Massachusetts, died recently. Her loss is deeply regretted.

MRS. SARAH DENISON REILAY, Wyoming Valley Chapter, Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania, died recently in the house in which she was born in 1814. Hers was a beautiful exemplification of the life which mellow with age and gathers the beauty and glory of a life in which "at eventide there is light."

MRS. DEBORAH DOWNING MITCHELL, Bellefonte Chapter, Bellefonte, Pennsylvania, died August 17, 1906.

MRS. OLIVE STARK NEWELL, charter member of Tuscarora Chapter, Binghamton, New York, died November 8, 1906. Her life was devoted to deeds of charity and kindness and the Daughters have lost a member of sterling worth.

MRS. NELLIE M. (WM. H.) ROSE, a loyal, devoted member of Sweat-si Chapter, entered into rest July 24th, 1906. The chapter will long miss her quiet, earnest helpfulness.

MRS. ANNA DYER POLLARD, charter member of the Hannah Woodruff Chapter, Southington, Connecticut, died November 26th, 1906. She was superintendent of schools of the town and was prominent in educational matters in the state as well. She will be greatly missed.

MRS. CHARLOTTE M. TUTTLE, Mary Clap Wooster Chapter, New Haven, Connecticut, died November 1st, 1906. A woman of bright mentality, keen sympathy and helpful to all about her, her death will be deeply felt.

MISS MARY E. COLBY, Samuel Ashley Chapter, Claremont, New Hampshire, died October 27, 1906. Her death removes from the chap-

ter and from the community one whose influence in educational, church, charitable, and public works will last with her memory.

MRS. LUELLA SHEPHERDSON EATON, Samuel Ashley Chapter, Claremont, New Hampshire, died February 13, 1906. She was a woman of ability and will be much missed.

MRS. RHODA W. CHICK, "Real Daughter," Molly Varnum Chapter, Lowell, Massachusetts, died recently at the advanced age of 91 years. Mrs. Chick's father, James Wills, served two enlistments in the Revolutionary War, one from Rhode Island and one from Massachusetts.

ELIZABETH C. DAGGETT, Sea Coast Defence Chapter, Vineyard Haven, Massachusetts, died recently. Resolutions were drawn up by the chapter and sent to the bereaved friends and to the local press.

MISS MARY ELIZA ROSS, honorary member, Donegal Chapter, Lancaster, Pennsylvania, entered into the rest that remaineth for the people of God, November 19, 1906. She was the great-granddaughter of George Ross, one of the Pennsylvania signers of the Declaration of Independence. He left many descendants, but at her death his name died. She retained all her faculties but hearing and kept in touch with the affairs of the world, reading to within a few days of her death. Of handsome presence, kind, loving and gentle, she was a joy to all who knew her. Her charities were boundless. Her church or no deserving cause or person ever appealed in vain. Her home for several years had been with her young kinsman, George Ross Eshman and his wife, who gave her every care. The funeral services were held from St. James's Episcopal Church, of which she was the oldest member, burial in the family lot in Lancaster Cemetery.

MRS. FLORENCE H. MORSE, Capt. John Joslin Chapter, Leominster, Massachusetts, left this earth life, November 23, 1906. She will be much missed. She had two sisters in the chapter, to whom, as well as to husband and children, great sympathy was extended.

MISS ADA M. PIERCE, Olean Chapter, Olean, New York, died December 11, 1906, after a brief illness. She was descended from Jehil Boardman, one of the three Revolutionary soldiers buried in Olean.

MRS. BETTY FIDELIA McCABE, Dial Rock Chapter, entered into rest after a long illness, at her home in West Pittston, Pennsylvania. A delegation from the chapter accompanied the relatives to her childhood home where she was laid to rest and placed a wreath upon her grave.

MRS. ROSE E. EMERY, regent, Buntin Chapter, Pembroke, New Hampshire, died recently. The chapter adopted fitting resolutions as a tribute to her memory.

MRS. CYRUS MOREING (Adeline Schoonmaker) El Toyon Chapter, Stockton, California, passed away, September 13, 1906. Her mission on earth seemed to be one of goodness to others. Her life has been a beautiful lesson to all who knew her.

BOOK NOTES

THE VALLEY FORGE GUIDE, by W. Herbert Burk, B. D., Rector of All Saints Church, Norristown, Pennsylvania, minister in charge of Washington Memorial Chapel, Valley Forge, is a very complete guide, historical and topographical, which is really a history. In his preface, the author says: "My endeavor has been to connect the living personality of the men of the Revolution with the objects which remain." In this he has succeeded admirably as well as in furnishing the tourist with all information that he may need. The book is accompanied by a map of Valley Forge encampment and illustrated from photographs made by the author. It may be obtained from booksellers or ordered from the author direct.

YEAR BOOK of Paul Jones Chapter has been received. In addition to being an outline of the chapter work and containing handsome portraits of Mrs. Donald McLean, president general, and of officers of the chapter, the book is really an interesting memorial to the hero, Paul Jones. The frontispiece is a picture of "Commodore Paul Jones hoisting the Colors to the masthead of the *Ranger*," taken from the painting. Many other pictures follow and much historical data bearing on the subject.

THE DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE: ITS HISTORY, by John H. Hazelton. Dodd, Mead and Company, New York, 1906. This single volume work of 629 pages, richly illustrated with reproductions of documents bearing on the subject, is a thoroughly readable and reliable history of the Declaration of Independence, prepared not from secondary authorities, but from the original sources. Newspapers, letters, diaries, notes, and broadsides of the day have been examined and the collected evidence pieced together in a whole that would seem to embody every bit of original material relating to this great American state paper. A feature of especial value is a very full and detailed index. No student or writer of this particular subject can afford to overlook this important work and it should have a place in every public library.

STORY OF THE RECORDS, Daughters of the American Revolution, by *Mary S. Lockwood* and *Emily Lee Sherwood Ragan*, published by George E. Howard, Washington, D. C. Dedicated to the fifty thousand Daughters as a labor of love.

The authors are both charter members of the National Society, closely connected with its development and of well-known literary ability. Mrs. Lockwood is one of the four who received a medal from the society. She was the one "who sounded the bugle note for us to organize." She has held important offices from the beginning and is one of the honorary vice-presidents general. They have placed the patriotic sentiment that created the organization and the lofty ideals that inspired it, in a manner to appeal to the general public as well as to the Daughters. Nearly every matter relating to the first fifteen years of the society has received attention. Each year, the National Board of Management has presented a report of the doings of the society to the Smithsonian Institution, which in turn has presented it to congress for publication. This "Story of the Records" is *not* an official publication, under the auspices of the Board. Not being official, much more liberty has pertained in discussing debatable questions and enlarging on pertinent ones. That all will agree with every conclusion drawn by the able authors is not to be expected. The first chapter is devoted to the organization of the society with the steps preliminary thereto. Credit is given to William O. McDowell for encouragement in a crucial time. The second chapter treats of the incidents following the organization, discusses a much discussed point and will be read with interest. The story of the insignia and why we wear the spinning wheel is considered in another chapter. The account of the patriotic work of the society will appeal to all, especially to those who took part in the stirring scenes of 1898. Memorial Continental Hall from its beginning to its dedication is another topic, showing that the building of a memorial temple was one of the first thoughts of the society. The work of the national officers, the Smithsonian Report, the "Real Daughters," and the various expositions are all treated fully. The last chapter in the first

part is given to sketches of the presidents general to 1905. These are very charming and will be read with interest and pleasure. The brilliant regime of our present honored chief, Mrs. Donald McLean, began too late to appear in the present edition. Attention is called to the fact that she was elevated to her high position through her own strong personality, which won for her the unwavering devotion of a large following. To some future edition must be left the presentation of her great work for the society, and an account of the completion of Continental Hall.

The second part of the book contains a report of the work of the chapters, the foundation of the society. Necessarily concise, it is yet very complete.

As we have had some trouble recently with letters going astray, we urge our subscribers to send their remittances by checks or money orders. Money orders are preferable, as in cases of failure to present for collection we are notified by the post office and duplicates issued upon application.

A YEAR BOOK OF PATRIOTIC SELECTIONS is the name of a little book just brought out by the Sarah Bradlee Fulton Chapter of Medford, Massachusetts. It gives an appropriate and patriotic selection for each day of the year and makes a good reference book for chapters and individuals. It can be obtained of the regent, Miss A. L. Goodrich, 27 Russell Street, Malden, Massachusetts. The price is only 25 cents.

Flag of the sun that shines for all,
Flag of the breeze that blows for all,
Flag of the sea that flows for all,
Flag of the school that stands for all,
Flag of the people, one and all,
Hail! flag of liberty! all hail!
Hail, glorious years to come.—*Butterworth*



OFFICIAL.

THE NATIONAL SOCIETY
OF THE

Daughters of the American Revolution

Headquarters, 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

National Board of Management 1905.

President General.

MRS. DONALD McLEAN,
186 Lenox Avenue, New York, and
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.

MRS. CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C., and
2009 Massachusetts Avenue, Washington, D. C.

Vice-Presidents General.

(Term of office expires 1907.)

- | | |
|--|--|
| MRS. JOHN R. WALKER, Missouri,
The Holland, Norfolk, Va. | MRS. H. S. CHAMBERLAIN, Tennessee,
237 East Terrace, Chattanooga, Tenn. |
| MRS. MARY WOOD SWIFT, California,
824 Valencia St., San Francisco, Cal. | MRS. LINDSAY-PATTERSON, N. C.,
Winston-Salem, North Carolina. |
| MRS. CHARLES H. DEERE, Illinois,
"Overlook," Moline, Illinois. | MRS. JOHN CUNNINGHAM HAZEN, N. Y.,
Pelham Manor, New York. |
| MRS. ORLANDO J. HODGE, Ohio,
1096 Euclid Ave., Cleveland, Ohio. | MRS. GEORGE W. NICHOLLS, S. C.,
Spartanburg, South Carolina. |
| MRS. FLORENCE GRAY ESTEY, Vermont,
Brattleboro, Vermont. | MRS. FRANKLIN E. BROOKS, Colorado,
1324 North Nevada Avenue,
Colorado Springs, Colorado. |

(Term of office expires 1908.)

- MRS. ROBERT EMORY PARK, Georgia,
48 Merritts Ave., Atlanta, Georgia.
- MRS. RICHARD JACKSON BARKER, R. I.,
Tiverton, Rhode Island.
- MRS. TRUMAN H. NEWBERRY, Mich.,
1315 16th St., Washington, D. C.
- MRS. WILLIAM D. KEARFOTT, N. J.,
Montclair, N. J.
- MRS. THEODORE C. BATES, Mass.,
29 Harvard St., Worcester, Mass.
- MISS CLARA LEE BOWMAN, Conn.,
Bristol, Connecticut.
- MRS. DRAYTON W. BUSHNELL, Ia.,
127 Bluff St., Council Bluffs, Iowa.
- MRS. SALLIE MARSHALL HARDY, Ky.,
701 W. Chestnut St., Louisville, Ky.
- MRS. IRA H. EVANS, Texas,
Austin, Texas.
- MRS. A. E. HENEBERGER, Va.,
Harrisonburg, Virginia.

Chaplain General.

MRS. TEUNIS S. HAMLIN,

1316 Connecticut Ave., Washington, D. C.

Recording Secretary General.MISS ELISABETH F. PIERCE,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.**Corresponding Secretary General.**MISS VIRGINIA MILLER,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.**Registrar General.**MRS. J. STEWART JAMIESON,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.**Treasurer General.**MRS. M. E. S. DAVIS,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.**Historian General.**MRS. JONATHAN P. DOLLIVER,
1415 Massachusetts Avenue,
Washington, D. C.**Assistant Historian General.**MRS. MARY S. LOCKWOOD,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.**Librarian General.**MISS ALINE E. SOLOMONS,
1205 K St., Washington, D. C.

(All official mail to be sent to 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.)

State Regents and State Vice-Regents.

- Alabama, Mrs. J. MORGAN SMITH, South Highlands, Birmingham.
Mrs. AURORA P. MCCLELLAN, Athens.
- Alaska,
Arizona, Mrs. WALTER TALBOT, 503 7th St., Phoenix.
Mrs. FREDERICK C. BROWN, 939 West Washington St., Phoenix.
- Arkansas, Mrs. JOHN McCLURE, Little Rock.
- California, Mrs. MATTIE KNOX HAYMAN, Van Buren.
Mrs. HARRY N. GRAY, 2334 Steiner St., San Francisco.
- Colorado, Mrs. CAMERON ERSKINE THOM, "The Angeles," Los Angeles.
Mrs. JOHN CAMPBELL, 1401 Gilpin St., Denver.
Mrs. O. W. MALLABY, 1707 Lake Ave., Pueblo.
- Connecticut, Mrs. SARA THOMSON KINNEY, 46 Park St., New Haven.
Mrs. TRACY B. WARREN, 504 Seaview Ave., Bridgeport.
- Delaware, Mrs. CLARENCE DRAPER SYPHERD, Dover.
Mrs. JULIET AGNES CUMMINS, Smyrna.

- Dist. of Columbia, MRS. ELLEN SPENCER MUSSEY, 416 5th St., Washington.
MRS. HOWARD L. HODGKINS, 1830 T St., Washington.
- Florida, MRS. AGNES M. COOK, Mandarin.
MRS. D. G. AMBLER, 411 West Church St., Jacksonville.
- Georgia, MRS. JAMES A. ROUNSAVILLE, Rome.
MRS. P. W. GODFREY, Covington.
- Idaho, MRS. DAVID H. TARR, Teton.
MRS. FLOYD LESLIE MOORE, Harpster.
- Illinois, MRS. BENJAMIN A. FESSENDEN, Highland Park.
MRS. CHARLES W. IRION, 1131 Post St., Ottawa.
- Indiana, MRS. WILLIAM A. GUTHRIE, Dupont, and 317 N. Penn St., Indianapolis.
MRS. NATHAN SPARKS, 404 East Maple St., Jeffersonville.
- Iowa, MRS. ROWENA EDSON STEVENS, Boone.
MISS HELEN SHAW, Anamosa.
- Kansas, MRS. W. E. STANLEY, "Riverside," Wichita.
MRS. ALEXANDER M. HARVEY, 1405 Polk St., Topeka.
- Kentucky, MRS. JOSEPH N. McCORMACK, State St., Bowling Green.
MRS. MAURICE B. NASH, Paducah.
- Louisiana, MRS. C. HAMILTON TEBAUT, 623 Lafayette Sq., New Orleans.
- Maine, MISS CHARLOTTE AUGUSTA BALDWIN, 135 Cedar St., Bangor.
MRS. CHARLES A. CREIGHTON, Thomaston.
- Maryland, MRS. J. PEMBROKE THOM, 828 Park Ave., Baltimore.
MISS ELEANOR MURDOCH JOHNSON, Frederick.
- Massachusetts, ... MRS. CHARLES H. MASURY, 48 Elm St., Danvers.
MRS. GEORGE L. MUNN, 2 Northampton St., Easthampton.
- Michigan, MRS. WILLIAM J. CHITTENDEN, 134 W. Fort St., Detroit.
MRS. JAMES P. BRAYTON, 328 S. College Ave., Grand Rapids.
- Minnesota, MRS. JOHN EDSON BELL, 2401 Park Ave., Minneapolis.
MRS. ALEXANDER T. BIGELOW, 1930 Iglehart St., Merriam Park.
- Mississippi, MRS. EGBERT R. JONES, Holly Springs.
MRS. CHALMERS M. WILLIAMSON, 704 N. State St., Jackson.
- Missouri, MRS. THOMAS O. TOWLES, Jefferson City.
MRS. THOMAS B. TOMB, 619 East 9th St., Kansas City.
- Montana, MRS. CLINTON H. MOORE, 328 E. Broadway, Butte.
MRS. EMIL H. RENISCH, S. Excelsior Ave., Butte.
- Nebraska, MRS. STEPHEN C. LANGWORTHY, Seward.
MRS. CONRAD HOLLENBECK, 606 E. Military Ave., Fremont.
- New Hampshire, .. MRS. JOHN McLANE, Milford.
MRS. FREDERICK J. SHEPARD, Derry.
- New Jersey, MISS ELLEN MECUM, Salem.
MRS. E. GAYLORD PUTNAM, 219 Broad St., Elizabeth.
- New Mexico, MRS. L. BRADFORD PRINCE, 111 Palace Ave., Santa Fe.
- New York, MRS. HENRY ROBERTS, 14 Clinton Place, Utica.
MRS. HENRY G. MUNGER, 426 Main St., Herkimer.
- North Carolina, .. MRS. GEORGE PHIFER ERWIN, Morganton.
MRS. THOMAS SETTLE, Asheville.
- North Dakota, ... MRS. SARA M. LOUNSBERRY, Fargo.
- Ohio, MRS. JAMES L. BOTSFORD, 664 Wick Ave., Youngstown.
MRS. JOSEPH BENSON FORAKER, 1500 16th St., Washington, and Cincinnati.
- Oregon, MRS. MARY PHELPS MONTGOMERY, 253 7th St., Portland.
- Oklahoma, MRS. ROBERT T. CARPENTER, 212 West 15th St., Oklahoma City.
MRS. G. C. CHAMBERS, 115 East 6th St., Oklahoma City.
- Pennsylvania, ... MRS. ALEXANDER ENNIS PATTON, "Terrace Villa," Curwensville.
MRS. ELLIS LEWIS CAMPBELL, Wayne.

Rhode Island, ...	MISS ELIZABETH H. SWINBURNE, 115 Pelham St., Newport. MRS. STEPHEN F. FISK, 14 Main St., Pawtucket.
South Carolina, ..	MRS. ROBERT M. BRATTON, Guthriesville. MRS. THOMAS C. ROBERTSON, 1310 Senate St., Columbia.
South Dakota, ...	MRS. CRAIG S. THOMS, Vermilion.
Tennessee,	MISS MARY BOYCE TEMPLE, 316 W. Cumberland St., Knoxville. MISS SUSIE GENTRY, Franklin.
Texas,	MRS. SEABROOK W. SYDNOR, Houston. MRS. THOMAS J. GROCE, 3112 Avenue O, Galveston
Utah,	MRS. MARY M. FERRY ALLEN, Park City.
Vermont,	MRS. F. STEWART STRANAHAN, St. Albans. MRS. CLAYTON NELSON NORTH, Shoreham.
Virginia,	MRS. SAMUEL W. JAMISON, 1016 Franklin Road, Roanoke. MRS. JOHN D. HORSLEY, 203 Federal St., Lynchburg.
Washington, ...	MRS. MOSES A. PHELPS, 2118 Second Ave., Spokane. MRS. THOMAS H. MCCOUGHTRY, 511 North C St., Tacoma.
West Virginia, ..	MRS. BALDWIN DAY SPILMAN, Parkersburg. MRS. DOUGLAS E. NEWTON, Hartford.
Wisconsin,	MRS. THOMAS HOYT BROWN, 182 14th St., Milwaukee. MRS. OGDEN H. FETHERS, 51 St. Lawrence Place, Janesville.
Wyoming,	MRS. FRANK W. MONDELL, New Castle. MRS. H. B. PATTEN, 238 West 22nd St., Cheyenne.

HOW TO BECOME A MEMBER

Any woman is eligible for membership in the NATIONAL SOCIETY DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION, who is of the age of eighteen years, and is descended from a patriot man or woman who aided in establishing American Independence, *provided the applicant is acceptable to the Society*. Family tradition alone in regard to the services of an ancestor, unaccompanied by proof will not be considered.

All persons duly qualified, who have been regularly admitted by the National Board of Management, shall be members of the *National Society*, but for purposes of convenience, they may be organized into local Chapters (those belonging to the National Society alone being known as members-at-large).

Application Blanks and Constitutions will be furnished on request by the State Regent of the State in which you reside, or by the "Corresponding Secretary General" at headquarters, 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Applications should be made out in *duplicate*, one of which is kept on file at National Headquarters and one returned to file with a Chapter should one be joined.

The application must be *endorsed by at least one member of the Society*. The application, when properly filled out, should be directed to "Registrar General, D. A. R., 902 F Street, N. W., Washington, D. C."

The initiation fee is One Dollar; the annual dues are Two Dollars.

The sum of three dollars, covering the initiation fees and the annual dues for the current year, must accompany each application presented

to the National Society direct for members-at-large. The sum of two dollars, covering the initiation fee and one-half the annual dues for the current year, shall accompany each application forwarded to the National Society, through any local Chapter. All remittances should be made to the Treasurer General, D. A. R., 902 F Street, Washington, D. C. By a check or money order. Never in currency.

No application will be considered until this fee is paid. If not accepted this amount will be returned.

At the April meeting of the National Board of Management, D. A. R., the following motion was unanimously passed:

Resolved, That the following notice be inserted in the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE: 'Chapters shall send to headquarters, D. A. R., 902 F Street, Washington, D. C., notice of deaths, resignations, marriages and all changes of addresses and list of officers.'

NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT, N. S. D. A. R.

The regular meeting of the National Board of Management was held Wednesday, December 5th, 1906, at Daughters of the American Revolution headquarters, 902 F street, Washington, District of Columbia.

The meeting was called to order on Wednesday morning by the President General, Mrs. Donald McLean.

Prayer by the Chaplain General, Mrs. Hamlin, followed by the roll-call. Members present: Mrs. McLean, President General; Mrs. Main, Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters; Vice-Presidents General: Mrs. Bates, Massachusetts; Mrs. Newberry, Michigan; Mrs. Kearfott, New Jersey; Miss Bowman, Connecticut; Mrs. Nicholls, South Carolina; Mrs. Hamlin, Chaplain General; Mrs. Davis, Treasurer General; Mrs. Jamieson, Registrar General; Miss Miller, Corresponding Secretary General; Mrs. Lockwood, Assistant Historian General; Miss Solomons, Librarian General; Miss Pierce, Recording Secretary General. State Regents: Mrs. Patton, Pennsylvania, and Mrs. Mussey, District of Columbia. State Vice-Regents: Mrs. Horsley, Virginia, and Mrs. Hodgkins, at the afternoon session.

Previous to taking up the regular order of business the President General announced the death of Miss Marian W. Morton, Regent of the Battle Pass Chapter, of Brooklyn, New York, and after expressing her sorrow upon the death of this esteemed member of the National

Society, spoke of the interest taken by Miss Morton in Memorial Continental Hall, and the valuable relics contributed by her during the last Continental Congress. The President General also announced the death of Mrs. Damon, the only surviving widow of a Revolutionary soldier, and stated that the Daughters of Vermont had cared for Mrs. Damon and that she had also received a pension from the United States Government.

Upon the request of the President General that the Board express its sympathy at the loss of these members, Miss Miller moved: *That the Board arise as a token of respect.* Motion carried.

Mrs. Main moved: *That the National Board of Management send a letter of condolence, through the State Regent of Vermont, to the relatives on the death of Mrs. Damon, widow of a Revolutionary soldier.* Seconded by Mrs. Patton. Motion carried.

Mrs. Patton moved: *That the National Board of Management extend to Miss Morton's family a note of sympathy in the sorrow that has come to them, and assures them that the loss of the Regent of the Battle Pass Chapter is deeply felt by our Society.* Seconded by Mrs. Bates. Motion carried.

The Recording Secretary General read a letter announcing the death of Mrs. Chick, of Vermont, a "Real Daughter," and a member of the Molly Varnum Chapter.

Mrs. Bates moved: *That a resolution of sympathy be sent to the Molly Varnum Chapter of Lowell, Massachusetts, on the death of their "Real Daughter," Mrs. Rhoda Chick.* Seconded by Mrs. Patton. Motion carried.

The President General addressed the Board as follows:

My report will be brief, because all travels seem short after my western trip. Immediately upon the adjournment of the November Board I went to Maryland to attend the State Conference. This was fraught with peculiar interest and was held in the Governor's House. ("Governor's House" is the term which Governor Warfield desires applied hereafter to the Executive Mansion, because Maryland was an old Colonial State, and the original name of the mansion was the "Governor's House"; therefore, it is more accurately historical to call it that.) So, in the Governor's House was held the State Conference. Perhaps you know that during Governor Warfield's administration in Maryland he has restored the old Senate Chamber in the old State House and it is in the exact condition as when Washington was there. He hopes to have the Daughters together there some time. The Daughters of the American Revolution were entertained there at the Paul Jones obsequies. In Carver Hall the Daughters gave a luncheon. Perhaps there is no place where the colonial flavor so lurks around the old homes as in Maryland. I was naturally happy to be in my native State and have so warm and enthusiastic a welcome extended to me,—the first conference I had attended there.

I saw the court house,—where my father sat so long, and where I then found the “middies” more interesting even than the Daughters! It made me feel so young, that I started off with renewed energy for Virginia, where we had one of the most beautiful conferences I ever attended. In Jefferson Hall, where the conference was held, the atrium is a reproduction of the atrium of the old Roman houses, only instead of the Roman gods, Jefferson is the presiding deity. With the women in full dress, and the hall brilliantly lighted with a large collection of candles, it was one of the most picturesque scenes I have ever witnessed. There was much said there about the Jamestown Exposition, in which I felt deeply interested. I returned to New York in time to start on that remarkable journey to Pennsylvania, to the State Conference at Clearfield and the entertainment given by the State Regent of Pennsylvania at Curwensville. (I don't know why Pennsylvania is so much larger than the rest of the country, except that her State Regent is so distinguished!) The distance seems so great; it seems to take longer than in Nebraska to make the trips there! I am sure I never gave a more public demonstration of affection than when I stepped out of the sleeping car at half after five o'clock in the morning,—and in a snow storm, when I had just left New York on a clear balmy day. The conference was very large, perhaps as large as any I have attended in any State of the Union. It was full of enthusiasm and interest and in the evening the reception was most delightful,—not only a large gathering of Daughters but a number of Sons of the American Revolution, and the whole affair was more than successful. I felt entirely rewarded for a little change at Tyrone. (This brings to my mind the trip to Tidioute. All places commencing with T seem to be memorable.) Then I returned to New York, and from there went to the State meeting in New Jersey. This was not a State conference in which their regular business is acted upon; but a meeting which brings together the members from all over the State. I had a most charming and interesting visit there, and the attendance was very large. There was the usual enthusiasm which has always characterized the gatherings in New Jersey from the early days of our organization. From there I went to New York to attend a banquet of the Sons of the American Revolution, which was one of the most brilliant functions ever given in the State. I bring it before you because that Society works in such close affiliation with the Daughters of the American Revolution. At these banquets women have heretofore been invited, generally, to attend as angels gazing down upon the scene below; but now we are invited to take part. I felt then much honored to be escorted to the platform and seated by the President and other prominent men of the Society, and your President General was happy to respond informally to a toast to the Daughters. I think it is a matter of appreciation whenever the Sons show an interest in our Society; for while we are so large in numbers,

we all know the advantage of having the interest of this fine and large society of men. The great banquet hall of the Waldorf was full to overflowing. Our new Governor of the State was present and spoke. I am glad to express my appreciation in this way of the courtesy shown by the Sons of the American Revolution. Now, I want to speak to you about another matter. I have received from the *Globe*, of New York, a suggestion. The *Globe* has conceived the idea of collecting reading material for the soldiers unexpectedly sent to Cuba, for some refreshment during the Christmas holidays, and they asked me to inquire of the Daughters of the American Revolution if they wished to co-operate in this effort. I thought it would be difficult to get into communication with the Daughters of the American Revolution on so short a notice,—the *Globe* sends the transport on the tenth of December. The New York City Chapter has made a large collection and sent through that channel. I felt that I could bring the matter before you merely as a suggestion. You may not desire to take any action, yet I am sure you feel interested. Another matter,—there is an offer in England (in which Bishop Potter is interested) to restore the coat-of-arms of Washington in the old Purleigh Church in England. This was called the Washington Church. During the summer Mrs. Stump (who was Miss Belasco) wrote to me, and I sent a personal contribution,—the Board was not then in session. Mrs. Stump contributed also. I have received a photograph and a number of postal cards of the old church. This is the coat-of-arms of the original founder of the Washington family. All these things which bring us in touch with the world at large and give us an opportunity to stretch across the water and help, if only by our personal enthusiasm and interest, are of inestimable value. Therefore, I am bringing this to your attention, not to ask contributions especially, but because I know you all feel interested in this work. I have further business to lay before you later on. We will now hear the reports of the officers. The Recording Secretary General will present her report.

REPORT OF RECORDING SECRETARY GENERAL: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: I have to report that the work of my department is going on satisfactorily.

Following the instructions of the November Board, I informed the various officers of the action of the Board affecting their respective departments; notified the President General of the National Society of Founders and Patriots of America, through Mrs. Main, that the Board had complied with their request for the use of the Daughters of the American Revolution building at Jamestown Island, for a reception to be given by that Society on October 13th, 1907, and I sent to Mrs. Purcell, Chairman of the Daughters of the American Jamestown Committee, a copy of the resolution of the Board directing that the dedication of the building to be erected by our society at James-

town Island, take place during the week following the Sixteenth Continental Congress,—April, 1907. In this connection I have to report the receipt of a very courteous letter from Mr. Sexton, Chief of Congresses and Special Events, assuring our Society that the Exposition Management will use every effort to make the Daughters of the American Revolution Day at the Exposition a success.

Letters of condolence, on the part of the Board, have been sent according to the announcements made at the November meeting; invitations to State Conferences acknowledged, and all letters on which instructions were given by the Board, have been answered. As additional committee appointments have been made by the President General the members have been notified, and the chairmen of the respective committees furnished with the new names and addresses. Number of letters written, 40; application papers signed, 490; supplemental papers, 143; certificates of membership, 317; notification cards of membership, 490.

From letters received I find that the Daughters of the American Revolution work is progressing well and much interest taken in the completion of Continental Hall.

The following members have sent regrets for this meeting of the Board: Mrs. Roberts, State Regent of New York; Miss Mecum, of New Jersey; Mrs. Jamieson, of Virginia; Mrs. Bratton, of South Carolina; Mrs. McCormack, of Kentucky; Mrs. Smith, of Alabama; Mrs. Moore, of Montana; Mrs. Ambler, State Vice-Regent of Florida; Mrs. Deere, Vice-President General Illinois; Mrs. Estey, Vermont; Mrs. Hazen, New York; Mrs. Heneberger, Virginia; Miss Temple, Tennessee, and Mrs. Barker, Rhode Island.

As the thanksgiving season has just passed, it seems but fitting to make some mention of this day of national observance, since our Society,—national in its organization,—has become a factor in the Government through its patriotic work. We must hold in ever grateful memory our Pilgrim Fathers, to whom we are indebted for the establishment of this annual thanksgiving custom.

What sought they thus afar,—
 Bright jewels of the mine,—
 The wealth of seas, the spoils of war?
 They sought a Faith's pure shrine.

Aye! call it holy ground,—
 The place where first they trod,
 They have left unstained what there they found,
 Freedom to worship God.

Let us then give thanks for the great blessings that have attended our Society,—thanks for its high ideals which have led to the accomplish-

ment of so much patriotic and useful work; for its rapid growth and prosperity. Let us endeavor to work together harmoniously in all that lies before us for the future.

(Signed) Respectfully submitted,
 ELISABETH F. PIERCE,
Recording Secretary General.

Report accepted.

REPORT OF CORRESPONDING SECRETARY GENERAL: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: For the month of November, 1906, I have to report the following supplies sent from my office: Application blanks, 3,105; copies of the Constitution, 399; circulars, "How to become a Member," 284; officers' lists, 259; transfer cards, 108. Letters received, 133; letters written, 152.

(Signed) Respectfully submitted,
 VIRGINIA MILLER,
Corresponding Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

Report accepted.

REPORT OF REGISTRAR GENERAL: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: I have the honor to report the following for the past month: Applications presented for membership, 468; applications verified awaiting dues, 88; applications examined but incomplete, 221; applications received since December 25th, unexamined, 123; applications of "Real Daughters" presented, 2. Permits for Insignia issued, 256; for ancestral bars, 35; for Recognition Pins, 91. Certificates issued, 64. Letters written, 298; postals written, 69.

(Signed) Respectfully submitted,
 ELEANOR W. JAMIESON,
Registrar General, N. S. D. A. R.

Upon motion, duly seconded and carried, the Recording Secretary General cast the ballot and announced that the 468 applicants presented in the report of the Registrar General were duly elected members of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

Upon motion, the report of the Registrar General was then accepted.

The Registrar General requested, on the part of the Nebraska Daughters, that they be allowed the use of the Insignia for a stand of colors to be presented to the battleship *Nebraska*.

Mrs. Lockwood moved: *That the Registrar General be authorized to issue a permit for the Insignia to be used on a standard of colors to be presented to the battleship Nebraska by the Daughters of the American Revolution of that State.* Motion carried.

The Registrar General made a short verbal report in regard to granting to reinstated members the privileges of paying back dues by

instalments, on which she had been requested to report at the November meeting and stated that this would be supplemented by a fuller report at the January meeting.

REPORT OF THE VICE-PRESIDENT GENERAL IN CHARGE OF ORGANIZATION OF CHAPTERS: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: Through their respective State Regents the following Chapter Regents' appointments are presented for confirmation: Mrs. Sallie Giles Short, Laurel, Delaware; Mrs. Mary A. Tuley Rice, Edinburgh, Indiana; Mrs. S. Frances Cory Major Shelbyville, Indiana; Mrs. Hattie T. Brock Harrison, Rock Rapids, Iowa; Mrs. Frances Ann Freeman Carothers, Bardstown, Kentucky; Mrs. Martha Spurr Waggenor, Atchison, Kansas; Mrs. Hattie A. Wilkins, Boston, Massachusetts; Mrs. Ellen Frances Palmer, Enfield, Massachusetts; Mrs. Abigail Augusta Starr Kelso, Manistique, Michigan; Miss Carolyn White, Dillon, Montana; Mrs. Mary E. Coburn Gilson, Walpole, New Hampshire, and Dr. Mary C. Goodwin, Chardon, Ohio.

The Ravalli Chapter, of Hamilton, Montana, desires to be dissolved, and as the transfer of each member to the at-large membership and to other chapters has been received, duly signed by the Regent, Secretary and Treasurer of the Ravalli Chapter, and their charter returned, I herewith ask that the National Board of Management will declare the Chapter null and void and authorize the charter to be destroyed in its presence.

Chapter Regents' commissions issued, 14; charter applications issued, 3; charters issued, 4, viz: "Santa Monica," Santa Monica, California; "Katharine Steel," Oxford, Alabama; "Colonel Marinus Willett," Frankfort, New York, and "Sacajawea," Olympia, Washington; also the reissue of the "Colonel Israel Angell," New Berlin, New York Letters received, 173; letters written, 233.

In connection with the Card Catalogues there have been 490 new members' cards; 761 ancestors' cards; 339 corrections; 162 marriages; 11 resignations; 41 deaths; 43 dropped for non-payment of dues, and 7 reinstatements.

Admitted membership, November 7th, 1906, 58,516; actual membership, November 7th, 1906, 47,381.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN,
*Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of
 Chapters, N. S. D. A. R*

Mrs. Bates moved that this report be accepted. Motion carried.

The Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters then destroyed the charter of the Ravalli Chapter in the presence of the Board and declared this Chapter null and void.

REPORT OF THE TREASURER GENERAL.

November 1-30, 1906.

CURRENT FUND.

Balance in bank at last report, October 31, 1906, \$10,923 05

RECEIPTS.

Annual dues (\$1,533, less \$61 refunded),	\$1,472 00	
Initiation fees (\$560, less \$11 refunded),	549 00	
Certificates,	4 00	
Magazine,	640 25	
..		<u>\$2,665 25</u>
		<u>\$13,588 30</u>

EXPENDITURES.

Office of President General.

Telegrams,	\$9 80	
Messenger service,	5 20	
Clerical service,	50 00	
		<u>\$65 00</u>

Office of Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.

Telegram,	\$ 40	
Engrossing 2 charters, 2 State Regent's commissions and 13 Chapter Regent's commissions,....	3 70	
Engrossing ink and parafine paper,	35	
Clerical service,	125 00	
		<u>129 45</u>

Office of Recording Secretary General.

Telegrams,	\$1 30	
Expressage,	50	
Printing 7,500 cards and 2,000 notification blanks, 1 ream paper, engrossing ink and laying 33 yards carpet,	13 50	
Extra clerical service,	3 60	
Clerical service, stenographer,	5 50	
	100 00	
		<u>124 40</u>

Office of Corresponding Secretary General.

Printing 10,000 application blanks,	\$80 00	
Clerical service,	35 00	
		<u>115 00</u>

Office of Registrar General.

Binding 4 volumes records and rebinding 3 volumes records,	\$16 50	
Printing 2,000 postals,	25 00	
Paste brush and 2 waste baskets,	1 60	
Car fare to Library,	25	
Extra clerical service and use of typewriter,	35 00	
Clerical service,	260 00	
	<hr/>	338 35

Office of Treasurer General.

Printing 2,000 report blanks, 2,000 transmittal blanks and 500 transfer cards,	\$26 50	
Mimeographing 200 letters,	2 00	
1 ledger,	60	
Extra clerical service,	10 00	
Clerical service,	265 00	
	<hr/>	304 10

Office of Librarian General.

Expressage,	\$1 00	
History of Lewis County,	1 50	
Parafine paper, sponge and pens,	70	
Clerical service,	65 00	
	<hr/>	68 20

*Office of Historian General.**Lineage.*

10 days' clerical service, revising Volume I of the Lineage Book,	\$10 00	
Compiler,	80 00	
Clerical service,	30 00	
	<hr/>	120 00

Magazine.

Postage for Magazine Committee,	\$6 00
Stationery for Magazine Committee,	10 65
Typewriting and printing for Magazine Committee,	4 50
Stationery,	13 65
7 halftone plates and retouching photographs, ..	14 15
Printing 1,000 circulars and 500 postals,	10 25
Publishing and mailing November number,	271 53
Office expenses from October 1, to November 24, 1906,	10 71

Editor's salary,	83 33	
Business Manager's salary,	75 00	
Genealogical Department,	30 00	
	<hr/>	529 77
<i>General Office.</i>		
Expressage,	\$2 35	
Sharpening erasers, 1 dozen blotters, ice, towel and water service,	5 40	
Messenger service,	15 00	
Clerical service,	85 00	
	<hr/>	107 75
<i>Continental Hall.</i>		
Watchman for October, 1905,	\$8 00	
	<hr/>	8 00
<i>Certificates.</i>		
Engrossing 265 certificates,	\$20 08	
	<hr/>	20 08
<i>Postage.</i>		
President General,	\$26 00	
Vice-President General in Charge of Organiza- tion of Chapters,	75	
Recording Secretary General,	3 25	
Registrar General,	4 42	
General office,	3 30	
On blank and constitutions,	25 00	
Ways and Means Committee,	5 00	
	<hr/>	67 72
<i>Sixteenth Continental Congress.</i>		
Printing 2,000 circulars for Credential Committee,	\$15 00	
	<hr/>	15 00
<i>Office Furniture.</i>		
Repairing chair and lock on desk,	\$2 00	
1 cabinet for Registrar General's office,	5 00	
	<hr/>	7 00
<i>Continental Hall Committee.</i>		
Printing 1,000 postals,	\$12 00	
	<hr/>	12 00
<i>Patriotic Education Committee.</i>		
Printing 1,000 envelopes,	\$4 00	
	<hr/>	4 00

Support of "Real Daughters."

Support of six "Real Daughters,"	\$48 00	
	<hr/>	48 00
Rent of offices for November, 1906,	\$229 65	229 65
Rent of telephone for November, 1906,	8 00	8 00
		<hr/>
Total expenses,	\$2,321 47	

Balance November 30, 1906:

In National Meropolitan Bank,	\$3,612 11	
In Washington Loan and Trust Bank,	7,654 72	
	<hr/>	11,266 83
		<hr/>
		\$13,588 30

Fort Crailo Fund.

Balance in bank at last report, October 31, 1906,	\$53 61	
	<hr/>	\$53 61

PERMANENT FUND.

Balance in bank at last report, October 31, 1906,	\$32,956 80
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RECEIPTS.

Charter Fees.

<i>Katherine Steele Chapter</i> , Alabama,	\$5 00	
<i>Santa Monica Chapter</i> , California,	5 00	
<i>Col. Israel Angell Chapter</i> , New York (reissue),	2 00	
<i>Col. Marinus Willett Chapter</i> , New York,	5 00	
	<hr/>	17 00

Life Membership Fees.

Mrs. Margaret Benning, of <i>Sarah McIntosh Chapter</i> , Georgia,	\$12 50
Mrs. Wm. F. Woche, of <i>Caroline Scott Harrison Chapter</i> , Indiana,	12 50
Mrs. Harriet W. Davis, of <i>Keokuk Chapter</i> , Iowa,	12 50
Mrs. Jessie A. Lennox, of <i>Marshalltown Chapter</i> , Iowa,	12 50
Miss Kate Gilbert Fuller, of <i>Sophie de Marsac Campau Chapter</i> , Michigan,	12 50
Mrs. Della A. Perkins, of <i>Sophie de Marsac Campau Chapter</i> , Michigan,	12 50
Miss Cornelia Sweet, of <i>Sophie de Marsac Campau Chapter</i> , Michigan,	12 50

Mrs. Alice C. Wyckoff, of <i>Chemung Chapter</i> , New York,	12 50	
Mrs. Peter H. Troy, of <i>Mahwenawasigh Chapter</i> , New York,	12 50	
Miss Marion Smith, of <i>New York City Chapter</i> , New York,	12 50	
Mrs. Martha W. Kalp, of <i>Shikelimo Chap-</i> <i>ter</i> , Pennsylvania,	12 50	
Mrs. Margaret L. Ruthrauff, of <i>Shikelimo Chap-</i> <i>ter</i> , Pennsylvania,	12 50	
Mrs. Elizabeth B. O. Isham, of <i>Gaspee Chapter</i> , Rhode Island,	12 50	
Mrs. Alice L. Brown, of <i>Milwaukee Chapter</i> , Wisconsin,	12 50	
		<u>175 00</u>

Continental Hall Contributions.

<i>Continental Dames Chapter</i> , District of Columbia,	\$10 00	
Mrs. Helen P. Kane, of District of Columbia, ..	1 00	
Mrs. Lilian Rozell Messenger, commission on sales of "The Heroine of the Hudson," District of Columbia,	2 00	
<i>Orange Mountain Chapter</i> , account New Jersey Room, New Jersey,	11 00	
<i>Blooming Grove Chapter</i> , New York,	27 00	
<i>General James Clinton Chapter</i> , New York,	10 00	
<i>Fort McIntosh Chapter</i> , account front vestibule, Pennsylvania,	10 00	
Mrs. George F. Huff, of <i>Phoebe Bayard Chapter</i> , account front vestibule, Pennsylvania,	100 00	
Commission on Pennsylvania State pin, account front vestibule,	4 00	
		<u>175 00</u>
Commission		
On jewelled insignia,	\$58 30	
On Record Shields,	2 00	
On recognition pins,	6 30	
On spoons,	24 00	
		<u>90 60</u>

EXPENDITURES.

		\$33,414 40
First payment on account of rear pavilions,.....	\$4,850 00	
Turned over to J. E. Caldwell & Co. on account of Continental Hall Committee spoons,	5 25	
		<u>\$4,855 25</u>
Cash balance on deposit in banks,	\$28,559 15	

Permanent Investments.

5,000 par value Chicago & Alton Railroad 3% bonds,	\$4,000 60
10,000 par value B. & O. Railroad 4% bonds,.....	10,150 00
10,000 par value Union Pacific Railroad 4% bonds,	10,326 50
	24,477 10

Total Permanent Fund, cash and investments, \$53,036 25

Respectfully submitted,

M. E. S. DAVIS,
Treasurer General, N. S. D. A. R.

At the suggestion of the President General, the Board arose upon the reading of the names of the deceased members.

Mrs Main moved: *That the resignations be accepted, and that the members who had complied with the requirements be reinstated.* Motion carried.

In accordance with a request made by the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters, that all reinstated members have their cards marked upon the date of their reinstatement being acted on by the National Board of Management, the Chair ruled that the reinstated members' cards shall bear the date corresponding to the acceptance of their reinstatement by the National Board.

REPORT OF HISTORIAN GENERAL was presented as follows: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: The Twenty-fourth Volume of the Lineage Book has been copied entire from the original records, and ancestors compared in the Card Catalogue. Three hundred records have been written asking for publication. Forty-three letters have been written asking for further information.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

LOUISE P. DOLLIVER,
Historian General, N. S. D. A. R.

Report accepted.

REPORT OF LIBRARIAN GENERAL: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: I have to report the following accessions to the library since the November meeting:

BOOKS.

New England Historical and Genealogical Register. Vol. 4. Boston, 1850. Purchased.

History of Lewis County, N. Y. By F. B. Hough. Purchased.

Genung—Ganong—Ganung Genealogy. History of the descendants of Jean Guenon. By Mary Josephine Genung Nichols and Leon Nelson Nichols. Brooklyn, 1906.

Richardson—De Pricst Family. By Robt. Douglas Roller. Charleston, W. Va., n. d. Presented by the author.

American Historical Association. Report for 1905. Vol. 1. Washington, 1906.

Early times on the Susquchanna. By Mrs. George A. Perkins. Binghamton, 1906. Presented by Mrs. Charles A. Maurice.

Vital Record of Rhode Island, 1636-1850. By James N. Arnold. Vol. 15. Providence, 1906. Presented by Mrs. Joshua Wilbour.

Journals of Exploration by John Lincklaen. New York, 1906.

Autobiography of Francis Adrian van der Kemp. New York, 1906. The last two presented by Mrs. Charles S. Fairchild. The following 73 volumes were presented by Miss Blandina D. Miller.

Record of descendants of Samuel Denison. By George B. Denison, Muscatine, 1900.

Life of General Philip Schuyler, 1733-1804. By Bayard Tuckerman, New York, 1903.

Life of Alexander Hamilton. By John T. Morse. 2 vols. Boston, 1876.

Memoirs of General La Fayette. 1825.

Proceedings of the Senate and Assembly of the State of New York in relation to the death of Ex-Senator Roscoe Conkling, May 9, 1888. Troy, 1888.

Proceedings of the Senate and Assembly of the State of New York in relation to the death of Horatio Seymour, April 14, 1886. Albany, 1886.

Narrative of the exploring expedition to the Rocky Mountains, 1842, and to Oregon and North California, 1843-1844. By John C. Fremont. Washington, 1845.

American antiquities and discoveries in the west. By Josiah Priest. Albany, 1833.

Address before the National Council of National Society of Colonial Dames of America. By Anne Hollingsworth Wharton. 1902.

Outline history of Utica and Vicinity. Prepared by a committee of the New Century Club. Utica, 1900.

Historical sketches of Northern New York and the Adirondack Wilderness. By Nathaniel Bartlet Sylvester. Troy, 1877.

Virginia. A history of the people. By John Esten Cooke. Boston, 1886.

Legacy of Historical Gleanings. Compiled by Catharine V. R. Bonney. 2 vols. Albany, 1875.

Travels through interior parts of North America, 1766, 1767, 1768. By Jonathan Carver. London, 1781.

- Men and times of the Revolution; or, Memoirs of Elkanah Watson.* Edited by W. C. Watson. New York, 1856.
- The City of New York in the year of Washington's inauguration, 1789.* By Thomas E. V. Smith. New York, 1889.
- Letters from an American farmer.* By J. Hector Crevecoeur. New York, 1904.
- Bowling Green.* By Spencer Trask. New York, 1898.
- Historic New York.* 1st and 2d Series. Half Moon Papers. 2 vols. New York, 1897, 1899.
- History of the City of New York.* By David T. Valentine. New York, 1853.
- A Tour around New York and My Summer Acre, being the Recreations of Felix Oldboy.* By John Flavel Mines. New York, 1893.
- The Johnson Manor.* By James Kent. New York, 1877.
- The Constitution of the Society of the Sons of the Revolution, By-Laws and Register of the New York Society, N. Y.* 1892.
- New York in the Revolution as Colony and State.* By James A. Roberts. Albany, 1897.
- The Seminarian.* 1902
- Legends of the Iroquois.* By William M. Canfield, 1902.
- Recollections of Mary Chändler Berrian.* By William Berrian. 1842.
- Century of Village Unitarianism.* By Charles Graves. Boston, 1904.
- Gerritt Smith, a Biography.* By O. B. Frothingham. New York, 1878.
- Journal of Colonel George Washington—1754.* Edited with notes by J. M. Toner. Albany, 1893.
- History of United States of America.* By Charles A. Goodrich. Brattleborough.
- Ladies book-plates.* By Norna Labouchere, London, 1895.
- The New York Red Book.* An illustrated Legislative Manual. 2 vol. Albany, 1898, 1902.
- Notes on the Iroquois.* By Henry R. Schoolcraft. Albany, 1847.
- Triumphant Democracy.* By Andrew Carnegie. New York, 1897.
- The American Almanac Year Book.* 2d ed. 1903.
- Greenwood.* By N. Cleveland. Illustrated by James Smillie, 1846.
- Description of the Province and City of New York in 1695.* By John Miller, New York, 1862.
- Centennial address delivered at Trenton, N. Y., July 4, 1876.* By John F. Seymour, Utica, 1877.
- History of St. George's Church, Hempstead, L. I., N. Y.* By Rev. William H. Moore, New York, 1881.
- Historical collections of the State of New York.* By John W. Barber and Henry Howe, New York, 1841.
- Reminiscences; personal and other incidents, early settlement of Otsego Co., N. Y., etc.* By Levi Beardsley, N. Y. 1852.
- Notes on the Iroquois.* By Henry R. Schoolcraft, Albany, 1847.

- Border Wars of the American Revolution.* By William L. Stone. 2 vols. N. Y., 1846.
- Annals of Albany.* By J. Munsell, vols. 2-6, and 9, 1st edition, vols. 1-4, 2d edition. Albany, v. d.
- Random recollections of Albany from 1800-1808.* By Gorham A. North, Albany, 1866.
- History of the western canals in New York from 1788 to 1819.* By Elkanah Watson, Albany, 1820.
- Geographical history of State of New York.* By J. H. Mather and L. P. Brockett, Utica, 1877.
- Pioneers of Utica.* By M. M. Bagg, Utica, 1877.
- History of political parties in the State of New York.* By Jabez Hammond, Albany, 1842. 2 vols.
- Early Long Island.* By Martha Boekee Flint, New York, 1896.
- Daily Journal of Major George Washington in 1751-2.* Copied from the original and edited, with notes, by J. M. Toner. Albany, 1892.
- Myron Holley and what he did for liberty and true religion.* 1882.
- Memorial of William Johnson Bacon.* 1886.
- Cyclopedia of History.* By F. A. Durivage, 1884.
- Poems of Lucretia Maria Davidson.* N. Y., 1871.
- King's Handbook of New York City.* 1892.
- Art work of Mohawk River and Valley, its Cities and Towns.* In 9 parts, Chicago, 1902.

PAMPHLETS.

The following eleven pamphlets were presented by Miss Blandina Miller.

- The Albany Tourists Handy Guide.* Albany, 1900.
- Ephraim Webster.* By Rev. George B. Spalding.
- Memiors of the services of Morris S. Miller, Major in Quartermaster's Department and Brevet Brigadier General, U. S. A.* Washington, 1868. 2 copies.
- Oneida Historical Society, Proceedings and Transactions.* 2 vols, 1901, 1903.
- A Guide to the Wilderness, or History of the First settlements in the Western Counties of New York.*
- Landmark of Faunce's Tavern.* By Melusina Fay Pierce.
- Hamilton College,* 1893.
- Souvenir of New London.*
- Plants in the vicinity of Utica.* 1888.
- Genealogical Notes on the families of Daniel Lane 2d, and Mary Griswold Lane of Killingworth and Walcott, Conn.* Elkhorn, 1899.
- Presented By Mrs. Elizabeth Ferrier Lane.
- Three charts of the Meigs and Clendinen families with connecting lines. Compiled and presented by Joe Vincent Meigs.

PERIODICALS.

<i>Bulletin, New York Public Library,</i>	November
<i>Connecticut Magazine,</i>	October
<i>Missouri Historical Society Collections,</i>	July
<i>"Old Northwest" Genealogical Quarterly,</i>	October
<i>William and Mary College Quarterly,</i>	October

The above list comprises 102 accessions—viz—82 books, 12 pamphlets, 3 charts, 5 periodicals. 78 books were presented, 2 received in exchange and 2 purchased. 12 pamphlets and 3 charts were presented.

Respectfully submitted,

December 5, 1906.

Librarian General, N. S. D. A. R.

Following the report of the Librarian General, Miss Miller moved: *That a vote of thanks and appreciation of Miss Blandina Miller's generous donation to our Library be sent by the Recording Secretary General, from the National Board of Management.* Seconded by Miss Pierce. Motion carried.

At quarter past one o'clock it was moved and carried to take a recess until half past two.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, *December 5, 1906.*

The adjourned meeting was called to order by the President General, Mrs. Donald McLean, on Wednesday afternoon, December 5, 1906.

The Recording Secretary General read a letter from Miss Harriet E. Freeman, of Boston, presenting the case of Mrs. Sarah Hatch, of Portland, Maine, a "Real Daughter," ninety years of age, and requesting that the usual Daughters of the American Revolution pension be allowed to Mrs. Hatch. Accompanying this letter was the necessary data to prove the claim of this "Real Daughter."

The President General announced that she had also received a letter from Mrs. Kendall, of Maine, a former Vice-President General of the Society. The letter stated that Mrs. Hatch, because of her extreme age and feebleness, is unable to attend to business matters, and the President General suggested that the money allowed Mrs. Hatch be sent through Mrs. A. A. Kendall, of Portland, Maine.

Mrs. Newberry moved: *That the sum of eight dollars a month be given to Mrs. Hatch, the "Real Daughter" of Portland, Maine, through Mrs. A. A. Kendall.* Seconded by Miss Pierce. Motion carried.

Mrs. Hodgkins, representing Mrs. Mussey, stated that the Supervision Committee had no report to present this month.

REPORT OF THE PRINTING COMMITTEE: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: The Printing Committee met on November 19th, at one o'clock, the acting chairman presiding. Members present: Mrs. Jamieson, Mrs. Bullock, Mrs. Bryan, Mrs. Gerald, and Miss Pierce.

The acting committee stated that an error had occurred in awarding the contract to Byron S. Adams as the lowest bidder,—this error having been caused by a misunderstanding in regard to an item of the printing which called for postage—but that certain “emergency” printing had been given to that firm before the error was discovered.

Miss Solomons moved: *That the action of the acting chairman of the Printing Committee be endorsed, in giving the “emergency” printing to Byron S. Adams.* Motion carried.

After some pertinent discussion, Mrs. Bryan moved: *That all “emergency” printing to be left to the selection of the acting chairman of the Printing Committee, said printing to be done before the meeting of the Board, December 5th, also that the Curator be requested to submit all orders for printing to the acting chairman of the Printing Committee, in the interim.* Motion carried.

At a previous meeting of the Committee a discussion was had as to the advisability of the Society owning its own plate for the printing, and the Committee endorsing this, the following was offered by Mrs. Gerald: *Resolved, That the acting chairman of the Printing Committee ask the authority of the National Board of Management for securing the fac-simile, or plate, for printing miniature application blanks, this plate to become the property of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution.* Motion carried.

The error in awarding the contract to Byron S. Adams, as above stated, having been made under a misapprehension, I desire now, as acting chairman of the Committee, to announce that the lowest bid was made by A. A. Strange, and in conformity with the action of the Committee to award the contract to the lowest bidder, the Board is asked to authorize the acceptance of the bid of A. A. Strange, which is \$90 less than the bid made by Byron S. Adams.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

ELIZABETH F. PIERCE,
Acting Chairman, Printing Committee.

Some discussion followed.

Mrs. Main then moved: *That the report of the Printing Committee be referred back to the Committee for further consideration.* Motion carried.

Also, *That upon due consideration, the Board confirms its judgment in awarding the printing contract to Byron S. Adams.* Motion carried.

Mrs. Main also moved: *That the resolution relating to the printing be handed to the Printing Committee, in connection with the report, which is referred back to them.* Motion carried.

The Recording Secretary General asked to be excused, and Mrs. Hodgkins was appointed by the Chair Secretary pro tem.

REPORT OF FINANCE COMMITTEE: Madam President General and Mem-

bers of the National Board of Management: During the month of November bills to the amount of \$2,307.80 have been authorized. Of this amount the largest items have been for the running expenses of the Society. Pay roll, \$1,120.00; Printing November Magazine, 271.53; Rent, \$229.65.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN,
Chairman.

Report accepted.

The Auditing Committee presented extracts from a letter of the Auditor, which was accepted as the report of the Committee:

"In compliance with the requirements of the by-laws, I have audited the accounts of the Treasurer General monthly; have examined, in company with the Treasurer and chief clerk, the securities in the form of bonds, in the safe deposit box in the Vaults of the American Security and Trust Company; have verified the correctness of the bank balance, as shown upon the Treasurer's books; have called personally at the Washington Loan & Trust Company, the American Security & Trust Company, and the National Safe Deposit Savings and Trust Company, and personally verified the balances, as shown by the pass-books, by ascertaining what checks had been presented since the last date upon which the books were balanced. I have also examined the Treasurer's cash book, check books, receipt books, vouchers and ledger accounts, covering the two months of October and November, 1906. There remains considerable work yet to be done, however, before making a report to the Auditing Committee, or certifying to any statement with regard to the condition of the books, accounts, or cash balances. As soon as the work is finished, which will be done as speedily as possible, my first report will be presented to your Committee.

Yours very respectfully,

(Signed)

J. E. BATES,
Public Accountant and Auditor.

Report accepted.

Mrs. Lockwood spoke of the proposed exhibit of the Daughters of the American Revolution at the Jamestown Exposition and presented to the Board certain information she had obtained on this subject from the authorities at the Smithsonian Institution.

The President General spoke of her intention to appoint a sub-committee on exhibits in connection with the Daughters of the American Revolution Jamestown Committee, and requested Mrs. Lockwood to accept the chairmanship of this sub-committee on special work relating to Smithsonian Committee.

Mrs. Lockwood accepted.

In the absence of the Chairman, Mrs. Hodgkins read the report of the Purchasing Committee, as follows: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: A chair for the Treasurer General's office; book case, and card catalogue file case for Registrar General, and other necessary supplies for Officers have been purchased and the bills approved. The desk for the Curator is still under consideration.

Respectfully submitted,
 (Signed) MARY LAWRENCE MARTIN,
Acting Chairman.

Report accepted.

Report of Miss Mecum, appointed a committee of one to inquire into the matter of the stationery, was read by Mrs. Hodgkins, as follows: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: I beg to submit the following report in regard to stationery to be furnished our Society.

The J. E. Caldwell Company tell me that they are entirely willing to supply the Society with any grade of paper it decides upon and submit the enclosed sample. This paper can be furnished, stamped with the Insignia at the cost of \$1.10 per box of 125 sheets; envelopes the same. The paper and envelopes now used are furnished for 80, 85, and 90 cents for 125 sheets. The change will be an additional cost of about 20 cents per box of paper or envelopes. They have enough paper on hand to last about six months, but are perfectly willing to furnish the new quality to any one desiring it,—the old style to be sent when no preference is shown for the new.

Respectfully submitted,
 (Signed) ELLEN MECUM.

Upon motion of Mrs. Lockwood, action upon this deferred until Miss Mecum could be present to explain the matter in detail to the Board.

The Acting Secretary read a letter from Mrs. Murphy, Chairman of the Committee on Children of the Republic, sending an account of certain expenses incurred by her in the work of this Committee.

The President General stated that the Continental Congress had made provision for the working expenses of the Committee on Children of the Republic and that a resolution to reimburse Mrs. Murphy would be entertained.

Mrs. Lockwood moved: *That the Treasurer General be authorized to pay the bills of the Chairman of the Committee on Children of the Republic, in the usual way, in accordance with the resolution passed by the Continental Congress.* Seconded by Mrs. Nichols. Motion carried.

The President General called attention to the fact that, following the usual custom, the January Board meeting would be held the second,

instead of the first Wednesday of the month, making the date of the next Board meeting Wednesday, January 9, 1907.

At quarter to five o'clock it was moved and carried to adjourn.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

ELIZABETH F. PIERCE,

Recording Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

Report read and approved at meeting of January 9th, 1907.

REPRINTED FROM LAST MONTH ON ACCOUNT OF
PRINTERS' ERROR.

REPORT OF FINANCE COMMITTEE, read at Board meeting Nov. 7, 1906. Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: Your Chairman of the Finance Committee reports that during the month of October bills to the amount of \$2,690.41 have been authorized, of which the largest items were, as usual, pay roll, \$1,115.00; rent, \$229.65; publishing American Monthly Magazine, \$285 30, and postage, \$216.16.

In carrying out the instructions given by the Board, as embodied in the motion made by Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood and seconded by Miss Virginia Miller, your Finance Committee submits the following statement:

Through and with the advice of the American Security and Trust Company, they have invested in ten thousand \$1,000.00 gold bonds of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, at \$101 $\frac{3}{8}$ each, amounting to \$10,150.00, which includes the premium and the New York brokerage fee. These are 4% coupon bonds, interest payable on April 1st, and October 1st.

Through the National Safe Deposit Savings & Trust Company, they have purchased ten Union Pacific first mortgage railroad bonds, at \$103 $\frac{1}{8}$ each, at a cost of \$10,326.50, which includes New York brokerage fee and express charges. These are 4% coupon bonds, interest due January 1st and July 1st, and will give us \$40.00 a year interest.

Through the Union Trust Company they have purchased five \$1,000.00 coupon bonds of the Chicago & Alton R. R. at \$80.00 flat. These bonds are 3% gold bonds; but as we were enabled to purchase them below par, or at \$80.00 in place of \$100.00 we realize a 4% interest, due April and October. These being below par, cost us \$4,000.60.

To each of these several Trust Companies we gave the following voucher, signed by every resident member of the Finance Committee, as authority to draw on the Treasurer General for the required sum, and to turn over to her the bonds, to be placed in her safe deposit box:

"In accordance with the action of the Board on October 3d, 1906, the Finance Committee hereby authorize the Treasurer General to pay on demand of the American Security & Trust Company; the National Safe Deposit Savings & Trust Company, the Union Trust Company, and the Washington Loan & Trust Company, the several amounts placed on

the vouchers sent to her by them, and to receive from them the coupon bonds purchased, placing the same in her safe deposit box."

(Signed)

CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN,
Chairman,
ELLEN SPENCER MUSSEY,
MAY D. RUSSELL YOUNG,
BERTHA M. ROBBINS,
MARY LOUISE BARROLL,
HARRIET BARNES NEWBERRY,
MRS. DONALD McLEAN,
Ex-officio Member, Com.

In view of payments probably to be made on contracts during the next three months, the Committee thought better not to invest further without consultation with the Board. This leaves in the permanent fund, according to the Report of the Treasurer General on September 29th, \$7,449.05 plus \$25,000.

Respectfully submitted,

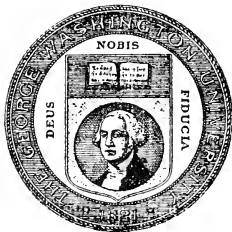
(Signed)

CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN,
Chairman.

Report accepted.

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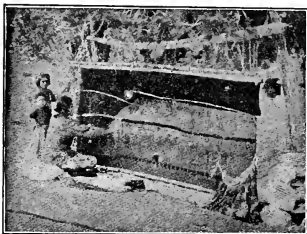
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Orange, New Jersey.

American Monthly Magazine

VOL. XXX. WASHINGTON, D. C., MARCH, 1907. No. 3.

March, 1907.

TO EVERY DAUGHTER:

Our Continental Congress soon convenes. Your President General wishes each member of this Society Daughters of the American Revolution could come to our National Centre, in Washington, rejoice in the growth of the organization, see our Memorial Continental Hall rearing its fair walls, and inspire your President and one another by the enthusiasm of your presence.

Since this cannot be, this is a word of assurance to each and every "Daughter" that her patriotic interests will be as loyally conserved as tho' she, herself, were guiding day by day our great body; and a further word of ardent welcome to every delegate and alternate who arrives for the Congress to gladden the heart and make strong the hands of

Your faithful President General,

EMILY NELSON RITCHIE McLEAN.

THE EARLY DAYS OF THE REPUBLIC.

Mary McNeal Landis.

By the simple act of the adoption of the Declaration of Independence on July 4, 1776, there was born in America a new republic. But it was not until after a long and bloody struggle, which was ended by the signing of the Treaty of Paris on September 3, 1783, that the young republic was recognized.

"The times that tried men's souls were over," said Thomas Paine in the last number of *The Crises*, which he published after the treaty of peace had been concluded. But Paine made a sad mistake; the troublous times were not yet over,—they had only just begun, and the five years following the peace of 1783 were the most critical period in all the history of the American people.

The newborn republic, weaned from the "Mother Country," had to be nurtured and cared for, and its future life was entrusted to the keeping of thirteen wrangling states, differing widely in their religion and their several interests, jealous of each other, and separated by great distances difficult to travel. Is it any wonder, then, that the poor weakling, reared in an atmosphere of selfishness and discontent, should have had a hard struggle for its existence? And, indeed, it was not until these quarrelsome states had come to some sort of an understanding among themselves, by agreeing to put the care of the young nation into the hands of competent representatives, with the great and illustrious George Washington at their head, that the republic waxed strong, and the future of the United States was assured.

It is of the difficulties which attended the early days of the Republic, especially the decade from the peace of 1783 to the year 1793, that I wish to speak, and it may not be out of place to say something of the times and of the manners and customs of the people which comprised the household in which the Republic was reared.

The people of 1783 dwelt in a long, straggling series of republics fringing the Atlantic coast, bordered on the north and south and west by two European powers whose hostilities they had reason to dread. Frederick, of Prussia, though friendly to the Americans, argued that the mere extent of country from Maine to Georgia would suffice to break up the union, or make a monarchy necessary. "No republic," he said, "had ever existed long on so great a scale." Concerted action was almost impossible. Grave questions arose which could not be satisfactorily adjusted. The different states had each its own individual opinion. There was free Massachusetts and slave-holding South Carolina; English Connecticut and Dutch New York; Quaker Pennsylvania and Catholic Maryland. Suggestions from the different states were viewed with suspicion, and quarrels concerning possession of territory were frequent; and what with numerous other conflicting interests between the different states, it is one of the greatest wonders of the world that the United States was ever formed at all.

We who live in an age of railroads, steamboats, telegraph and telephone, electricity and machinery, newspapers and post, think for a moment of the difficulties which beset our forefathers! Hundreds of miles separated the states, and these vast unbroken tracts had to be traversed by stage, coaches, or on horseback. Fulton was still painting portraits and had not yet invented the steamboat. Morse, Edison and Bell were yet to be born. Of the discoveries and inventions which abridge distances, annihilate time, save labor, transmit speech, turn the darkness of night into the brightness of day, alleviate pain and destroy disease, not one existed.

The thirteen states, although extending over fifteen hundred miles along the Atlantic coast, and claiming territory as far westward as the Mississippi river, were in reality but little better than a great wilderness. A narrow line of towns and hamlets extended with many breaks from Maine to Georgia. An estimate of the white population of the states made in 1783 for purposes of assessment gives the number as being less than two and a half millions. When Washington became

president, all the chief towns were on the seacoast, or on the tidewater of the rivers, except the town of Lancaster. Outside of Pennsylvania the roads were so bad that a large trading town was not possible away from water conveyance. The interior trade of Pennsylvania was carried on in great wagons called Conestoga wagons, each drawn by six or eight stout horses. There were over ten thousand of them running out of Philadelphia. The wagon trade with the interior made Philadelphia the chief town of North America. Trade with remote districts of the country was carried on by means of pack-horses, and by bateaux, or small boats. One of the commonest modes of traveling between remote places was by sailing packets; but as the length of the voyage depended on the wind and weather, it was impossible to fix a time limit for the journey. It took six days to go from Boston to New York, and two or three to get from New York to Philadelphia. A journey then required as many days as it does hours now. Many travelers made journeys in their own coaches, or in light two-wheeled vehicles, but it was commonly by stages that both travelers and goods passed from city to city. While Washington was serving his first term, two stages and twelve horses sufficed to carry all the goods and travelers passing between New York and Boston, then, next to Philadelphia, the great cities of the new world. The conveyances were old and shackling; the harnesses made mostly of ropes, and the beasts were ill-fed and worn to skeletons. On summer days the stages usually made forty miles, but in winter, when the snow was deep, rarely more than twenty-five. In the hot months the traveler was oppressed by the heat and dust, and in the winter he could scarce keep from freezing. If no accident occurred, he was put down at an inn about ten o'clock at night where he was given a frugal supper, after which he went to bed with a notice from the landlord that he would be called at three o'clock the next morning. The discomforts and trials of such a trip, combined with the accidents by no means uncommon, the great distance from help in the solitary places through which the road ran, the terrors of ferry-boats on the rivers which had to be crossed, made a journey of any dis-

tance an event to be remembered to the end of one's days. It was no uncommon thing for a man to make his will before starting out on a long journey. The newspapers of the times contain many accounts of disasters which occurred in crossing the rivers, causing loss of life. Perhaps the most comfortable of all modes of travel was that of riding on horseback. Two people often traveled with one horse. The first rode ahead and tied the horse by the road; the second, when he came up, rode on past his companion, and in his turn tied the horse and left him for the other. This was called "traveling ride and tie."

Another great difficulty that existed in the early days of the Republic was the carrying of the mail. More mail is now each day sent out and received in New York than in Washington's time went out from the same city in the course of half a year. At the close of the Revolution letters were sent to Boston three times a week during the summer, and twice a week during the winter. From six to nine days were consumed in the transmission of these letters.

The mail was placed in saddle bags, and rarely exceeded the capacity of one pair. The mail from New York to Philadelphia went out five times in a week, and was for many years carried by boys on horseback. In small towns far removed from the great post roads the irregularity of the mails was very great. In the mountains of New Hampshire, in the hill country of Pennsylvania, and in the rice swamps of the southern states letters were longer in going to their destination than they now are in reaching China. Letters sent out from Philadelphia spent five weeks in winter going a distance now passed over in a single afternoon.

The arrival of the postrider was a great event in a village, and the few newspapers, weeks old, which the post brought were read aloud at the village inn by the minister or landlord, after which the postrider was carried home by some of the villagers to dispense the news and gossip which he collected on his way. In some regions remote from the highway, it often happened that the postrider was an old man who, as his beast jogged slowly along, whiled away the hours by knit-

ting woollen mittens and stockings. At other places the letters lay for months in the office, there being no money to pay for their transportation. What a contrast to the rapid transit and special delivery of our own day!

For the security of mails carried over long distances there was no protection whatever. Complaints were frequent about letters and packages being opened, and their contents read and examined by the riders. And it was only after the bulk and number of the mails had so far increased that the riders had no time to examine them that the evil ceased. For a long time after the Revolution business men were in the habit of corresponding in cipher. Such was the practice of Madison, Jefferson, Monroe and Aaron Burr, against whom was made the charge that they were of a crafty and cunning disposition.

Still another difficulty which confronted our forefathers was the obtaining of an education. There were schools in all the leading towns and cities, but there was no public system like that which prevails at present. There were a few colleges such as Harvard, William and Mary, Yale and Princeton, but very few of our ancestors could afford the expense of a college education for their sons. The schools as a rule were poor, and the discipline severe and often brutal. Boys were taught to read and write, and sometimes to cast up accounts. Girls learned to read, and sometimes to write, but needlework and fancywork were thought more appropriate to them. Books were scarce and for the most part had to be imported. Paper was both scarce and expensive. Some few mills had been put up in Philadelphia, but the machinery was rude and the workmen unskilled, and the paper which was turned out by no means supplied the demand.

No luxuriant school rooms, comfortable seats and desks, no interesting books on geography, history, literature, etc., enlivened the hours of school for our ancestors. These poor little girls and boys had to sit eight hours a day on the hardest of benches, and puzzle over still harder words in Dilworth's speller, commit to memory pages of words in Webster's American Institute, read long chapters in the Bible, learn by heart Dr. Watt's hymns for children, and be drilled in the

Assembly catechism. The school-boy, besides, was expected to convert with some readiness the local pounds and shillings of his state into dollars and joes, and to know the rules for turning New York money into Pennsylvania money, and to be able to tell how many shillings and pence a pistole contained in the various sections of the country; not an easy task by any means, for each state had its own system of money values. Thus in New England and Virginia six shillings, or seventy-two pence were accounted a dollar. In New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware and Maryland seven shillings and six pence made a dollar; in New York and North Carolina eight shillings, or ninety-six pence, while in South Carolina and Georgia four shillings and eight pence were accounted a dollar.

As for the literature of our forefathers, it also was very limited. Very few novels found a place on their home shelves. Reading was a serious business. "Pilgrim's Progress," Young's "Night Thoughts," "The Lives of the Martyrs," and Watt's "Improvement of the Mind" offered no pleasure to the young, and were left to the perusal of the more mature members of the household.

The young maidens of Washington's time were not only denied the delightful pastime of reading entertaining books, but they were very much restricted in their pleasures. They knew more of receipt books than of novels, and had never been to a theater in their lives. In fact there was great opposition to the theater. Some pronounced it to be immoral, others denounced it as a piece of foolish and wicked extravagance. In Massachusetts the play was held in abhorrence, and sharp laws were enacted against it; and in New York and Philadelphia it was frowned upon. In Baltimore, however, it found greater favor.

Notwithstanding these restrictions the young people in the early days of the Republic managed to have a good time. Quilting bees, spinning matches, and corn-huskings were fair samples of the pleasures of those who lived in the country, while in the city, among the wealthier classes, balls and dancing parties constituted the chief amusement. In this connection it

may be well to contrast city life with that of the country, and we will take Philadelphia as a typical city. It was in fact a city of great importance (I quote from McMaster's), having in 1786 a population of 32,205, against 24,500 of New York; had 4,600 houses, while New York had but 3,500; could boast of Franklin, whose discoveries made his name famous all over the world. It had put forth the Declaration of Independence; it was the seat of congress; and no other city was so rich, so extravagant, or so fashionable. Chestnut street was lined with warehouses, banks and shops, and was the fashionable walk. Let us follow a gentleman of fashion or means as he makes his way along the busy street. He wears a three-cornered cocked hat, heavily laced. His hair is done up in a cue, and powdered. His coat is light-colored, with diminutive cape, very long back and silver buttons engraved with the letters of his name. His small clothes come scarce to his knees; his stockings are striped; his shoes pointed and adorned with huge buckles; his vest has flap pockets, and his cuffs are loaded with lead. If he happens to have seen service in the Revolutionary war he affects a military bearing, and has much to say of campaigns. When he bows to the damsels that pass him, he takes half the sidewalk as he flourishes his cane and scrapes his foot. Nor does the dress of the lady as she gravely returns the salutation and courtesies almost to the ground seem less strange to us. Those were the days of gorgeous brocades and taffetas, displayed over immense hoops, which, flattened before and behind, stood out two feet on each side; of tower-built hats adorned with tall feathers; of calash and musk-melon bonnets; of high wooden heels fancifully cut; of gowns without fronts, displaying fine satin petticoats.

The dancing assemblies which formed the principal winter amusement were of fortnightly occurrence, and very select. The price of a season ticket was £3, 15 shillings. Young men under twenty, and young women under eighteen, were religiously excluded. No matter how small a claim to beauty a girl had she always had her full share of the evening's pleasure, for partners were chosen by lot, and were partners for

the evening. They danced, walked, and flirted with no one else, and when dancing was over partook together of rusks and tea. The next evening the gentleman came to sup with the parents of the young woman who had fallen to his lot at the assembly, an event which was made the occasion for a great display of plates, china and ceremony.

A lover of the antique would revel in the homes of those wealthy Philadelphians. In the parlor, or best room, could be seen the handsome old sofas with their carved backs and legs and swan necks; the mahogany tables with their turned back tops, reflecting in their polished surfaces the silver or brass candlesticks; the inlaid spinet; the ladder-back chairs, and at the fireplace the massive brass andirons and shovel and tongs. A peep into the dining-room would reveal the handsome massive colonial or graceful Chippendale sideboard, the clawfoot chairs, and the corner cupboard displaying the new highly-prized Wedgwood and Lowestoft china. In the bedroom could be found the high post bedstead, the case of drawers, or the highboy, the piecrust table, the windsor chairs, and the corner washstand.

In striking contrast to these beautiful homes were the homes of the great multitude of farmers who constituted the principal population of the young Republic. The common people had few comforts and fewer luxuries. The house of the farmer was without paint, and his floor without carpet. The place of furnaces or stoves was supplied by huge fireplaces which took up one side of the room and sent half the smoke into the apartment, and half the heat up the chimney. His food was of the simplest kind, and was served in the coarsest of dishes, and eaten with the coarsest of implements. Beef and pork, salt fish, dried apples and a few vegetables made up the daily fare from one year's end to another. Tomatoes were not cultivated, cauliflower and rhubarb unknown, and oranges and bananas rarely seen. His wardrobe was very scanty, indeed. For the Sabbath and state occasions during the week he had a suit of broadcloth or corduroy which lasted half a life time, and was bequeathed with his farm and his cattle to his eldest son. His wife and children wore homespun clothes.

A feather bed, a plow, a large brass or iron pot, was considered a valuable legacy.

But our early forefathers were of sturdy stuff, and thrifty, withal. They were not afraid of work, and feared God. In time they reaped the benefits of agriculture, and gradually bettered their condition. They drew from the earth the valuable product of the mines. Necessity made them inventive, and they profited by their skill. They felled huge forests and built towns; they educated their children; they found voice in the government and gradually rose to positions of high standing; they helped to make the United States what it is, and the young Republic grew until it is now recognized in power and wealth as the greatest nation of the world.

All honor, then, to Uncle Sam!
 A very much respected man,
 Who fought his way through years of strife
 And lived an honest, upright life.
 A mighty man he's grown to be;
 His power is felt on land and sea.
 To him all come who are oppressed;
 He rights their wrongs; they are redressed.
 'Tis his advice all nations seek,
 And wait for Uncle Sam to speak.
 He sendeth forth the dove of peace
 And wars 'twixt foreign nations cease.
 All honor, then, to him be given,
 Unfurl the stars and stripes to Heaven!

OUR COUNTRY.

By Laura Dayton Fessenden.

1776.

One hundred and thirty years ago,
 There stood in the springtime's sunset glow
 A colony maid, and exceeding fair
 Were her dark brown eyes and chestnut hair.
 She leaned her young head on the meadow bars,
 And, as one by one the twinkling stars
 Came out of the dark'ning blue of the sky,
 She softly said, "I will make no sigh,
 But gladly do I at my country's call
 Give her this day my love, my all.

Dear God," she prayed, "our cause is just and right,
Give to our soldiers strength, and in Thy might
Make Britain weak, give victory to our few,
Blot out the old, and consecrate the new."

1812.

'Tis but ninety-four seasons ago
That a mother stood in the twilight glow
Her hair, once so brown, was threaded now
With driftings of silver, and her brow
Was furrowed by lines of pain and care,
(One could read her woman's story there.)
Beside her was standing a sailor lad,
His face was eager, her face was sad,
But she smiled as she kissed his lips and said,
"Go, my boy, your country's need is dread,
Go fight for her honor upon the sea,
Go, son, Columbia needeth thee."

1861.

It is just forty-five years ago,
That a girl all in a sunset's glow
Laid her grief-bowed head on the knee of one
Who had a century's life thread spun,
A wee, wee woman "whose mind," it was said,
"Held converse only with those long dead."
Her small thin hands were most tenderly laid
On the bowed head of the little maid,
And in quavering voice, in childish tone
She said, in a measured sing-song drone,
"There! there, my child, it won't pay to fret,
Those blustering redcoats will get it yet.
They have taxed our paper and paint and tea!
They've tired our patience, you will agree.
So Nathan, he's up and shouldered his gun,
He says 'old Breed's hill will see some fun
Before another day's sun shall have set.' •
So don't you worry, my little pet.
There! dry your eyes, for Nathan,—my son,—
Has taken his father's sword and gun
To join Captain Hull, who is on the sea.
(The British again! oh dear! oh me!)
But Nathan, he helped whip that ship 'Gureer',
So don't you fret and worry, my dear,
For our flag will win on both land and sea,
No matter how dark the war cloud be,
Then the boys will come back to you and to me."

1898.

It was only eight short years ago,
That a mother bent o'er a flag-draped bed,
Her eyes were tearless, her voice was calm,
As calm as was the face of her dead.
The face of her boy: He had marched away
With a lithesome step to the music gay
And the flutter of flags, one sunny day.
With a hero's courage, a hero's will,
He climbed up the heights of San Juan hill
To fight for his country, to fight and be still.
To win and then die, as many had done,
Was the portion of this widow's son,
But she made no moan, for she felt the thrill
Of the blood that had charged up Bunker hill;
And she heard the wind through Hull's rigging sweep,
And she saw again on the mighty deep
Yankee sailor and British tar;—
And she felt the din and the crash of war
As she saw in near distance a sad, sad day,
When brothers in blue, brothers in gray,
O'erconquered by anger, rush to the fray.
Then said she, "Oh! soldier son of mine,
Thou art beloved, the first of thy line
Called from the ranks of the land we love
To enter the angel-filled ranks above.
And should thy mother, boy, bid thee stay?
I, Columbia's daughter! Nay, oh, nay!
My country, he is thine to-day."
The girl on her knees by the firelight's glow
Felt the courage of that long, long ago
Thrill her soul with a patriot's zeal.
It nerved her to know, it nerved her to feel
The woman's part in the nation's life.
The duty of mother, daughter, and wife
Was first bid Godspeed, and then oft to pray
That right would rout wrong, and win the day.
To pray that amid the horrors of war,
When smoke hung thickest, and cannon's roar
Made men forget all but carnage and strife,
That, like hope, (earth's guide to a better life),
Our flag might flutter its folds to the air,
Our flag, that gives to each son a full share
Of freedom,—the gift beyond all compare.

So, in the spirit of long ago,
 She said, in a voice that was soft and low,
 "My country, at thy call I do give
 My best beloved—to die or to live
 As shall most serve Columbia's need.
 Go, love, I send you with the cry 'Godspeed!'"

"Sunrise for America:—But the Colonial timepieces kept ticking, ticking, to the pressure of the English government, the giant wheels playing calmly, till 1775, when there was a strange stir and buzz within the case. But the sixtieth minute came and the clock struck. The world heard: The battle of Lexington, one; the Declaration of Independence, two; the surrender of Burgoyne, three; the siege of Yorktown, four; the treaty of Paris, five; the inauguration of Washington, six; and then it was sunrise of the new day, of which we have yet seen only the glorious forenoon."—*Thomas Starr King.*

"It is well to know the history of those magnificent nations whose origin is lost in fable and whose epitaphs were written a thousand years ago; but if we cannot know both, it is far better to study the history of our own nation, whose origin we can trace to the freest and noblest aspirations of the human heart."—*Garfield.*

"In spite of slight, in spite of might,
 In spite of brags, an' a' that,
 The lads that battled for the right
 Have won the day, an' a' that."
 —*Scott.*

I live to learn their story,
 Who suffered for my sake,
 To emulate their glory,
 And follow in their wake;
 Bards, patriots, martyrs, sages,
 The noble of all ages,
 Whose deeds crown history's pages,
 And time's great volume make.—*G. L. Banks.*

REVOLUTIONARY RECORDS

This department is intended for hitherto unpublished or practically inaccessible records of patriots of the War for American Independence, which records may be helpful to those desiring admission to the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution and to the registrars of chapters. Such data will be gladly received by the editor of this magazine.

The regent of the Ursula Wolcott Chapter, Toledo, Ohio, Mrs. Mary Sherman Hayes, reports that the committee on Revolutionary graves, Mrs. Bolles, chairman, has discovered the burial place of the following soldiers, who took part in the Revolution:

THOMAS HOWARD was born in England, November 15, 1758; died May 25, 1827, and was buried at Grand Rapids, Lucas county, Ohio.

GEORGE VALENTINE was born in Pennsylvania, January 2, 1751; served three years and six months; died November 27, 1838; buried in Woodlawn cemetery, near Bloomville, Seneca county, Ohio.

ROBERT DUNLAP, born July 28, 1752; died July 25, 1836; buried near Waterville.

THE REV. JOSEPH BADGER was born February 28, 1757; died April 5, 1846; buried in Fort Meigs cemetery, Wood county. He was the first missionary to the Indians in the Western Reserve.

ARIEL BRADLEY was born in Connecticut in 1767; buried in Wood county; removed to Waterville cemetery, Lucas county.

GEORGE BACON, born 1756; served on ship *Warren*, in Boston Tea Party; come from Berkshire, Massachusetts; buried at Brownhelm, Lorain county, Ohio.

REVOLUTIONARY PENSIONERS, BEDFORD COUNTY, VIRGINIA, 1818.

Aefun or Aefred, Thomas; Arrington, Parkham; Boley, Pusley; Bashaw, Jeremiah; Baker, Glover; Brown, Allen; Brown, John; Catteral, Richard; Crouch, William; Custard, Jacob; Daeau, Jonathan, born in Boston, Mass., enlisted in Dover, Del.; Dooley, Jacob; Doyle, David; Farmer, Jesse, officer; Fuqua, Joseph; Helm, Abram; Hix, David; Holland, Carey; Humphrey, John; Jopling, Ralph, officer; Lafoy, John, enlisted under Capt. Jones, Surry, N. C.; Lockhart, Philip, under Capt. Scott; Melson, Charles; Merritt, Major; Nichols,

Charles, Pittsylvania Co., Va.; Reese, William, under Capt. Elias Edmunds; Rose, Thomas, under Capt. Booker; Smith, George; Scruggs, Capt. Gross; Sydnor, Fortunatus; Turner, David; Turpin, Obediah; Tyler, Daniel, Amherst Co., under Samuel Caball; Waddy, Samuel, Sergeant; Wade, Jacob; Wade, Isaac; Watkins, John; Whorley, Mathew.

GRAVES OF REVOLUTIONARY SOLDIERS.

A list of the graves of Revolutionary soldiers, that have been marked by Tioga Chapter, Athens, Pennsylvania.—LYDIA M. PARK, Historian.

Village Cemetery, Athens—Johnathan Conklin; Samuel Hulet; Elisha Mathewson, 1759-1805; Joseph Spaulding, 1745-1832; Solomon Talada; Archie Temple.

Tioga Point Cemetery.—Elisha Satterlee, 1760-1826; Julius Tozer, 1764-1852.

"The Rest" Cemetery—Dr. Amos Prentice, 1748-1805; Ensign John Shepard, 1765-1837.

Private Cemetery, East Athens—Major Zephon Flower, 1765-1855; Col. John Franklin, 1749-1831.

Sheshequin Cemetery—Christopher Avery; Capt. Samuel Bartlett; ——— Bidlac; Benjamin Brink, 1763-1845; Jabez Fish, 1761-1844; Stephen Fuller, 1731-1813; Obadiah Gore, 1744-1821; Samuel Gore, 1761-1834; Jared Horton, 1757-1842; Joseph Kinney, 1755-1841; Nehemiah Northrop, 1761-1842; John Spaulding, 1764-1828; Jeremiah Shaw, 1730-1815; Capt. Simeon Spaulding, 1742-1814; William Witter Spaulding, 1768-1845; Cornelius Van Cise.

Springfield Cemetery—Noah Murray, 1736-1811.

Green's Landing—William Watkins.

Smithfield Cemetery—Cromwell Child, died 1834; David Forest, died 1835; Samuel Kellogg, died 1842; Nathaniel P. Moody, died 1832; Ebenezer Pease, died 1837; Jared Phelps, died 1827; James Satterlee, died 1832; William Scott, died 1838; Samuel Wood, died 1849.

State Line Cemetery.—Corporal Thomas Park, 1740-1819; Silas Wolcott, 1755-1834.

Ellistown Cemetery—John Hanna, 1744-1845; John Myatt, 1762-1853.

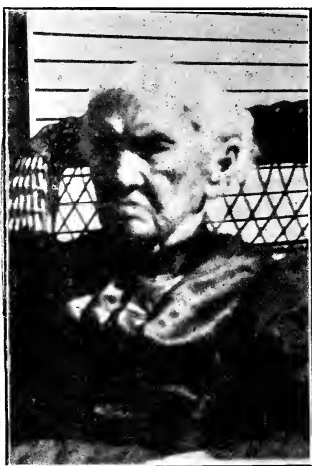
East Troy Cemetery—Nathaniel Allen.

I could not get along without the magazine.—FRANCES ROBERTS,
State Regent, New York.

REAL DAUGHTERS

MRS. MARTHA YOUNG ARMSTRONG AND MRS. MARY YOUNG MONTGOMERY.

Ann Crooker St. Clair Chapter, of Effingham, Ill., has had the unusual privilege of welcoming *two* "Real Daughters," into membership, and of honoring them with presentation of the gold souvenir spoons of the chapter.

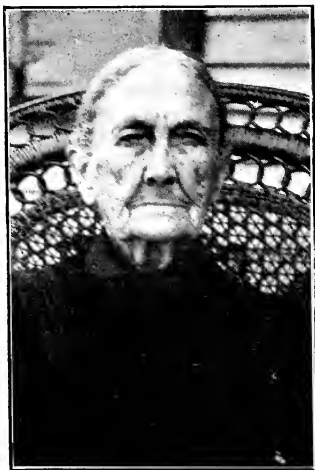


Mrs. Martha Young Armstrong.

Martha Young Armstrong was born in Butler County, Ohio, in 1817. Her sister, Mary Young Montgomery, was born in the same place in 1820. Both are now living in Shelbyville, Ind., and are striking examples of pioneer womanhood, exhibiting many sterling traits of character. Both are remarkably well and active, with mental faculties little impaired by having reached an age of nearly a score of years beyond the Scriptural allotment. They exhibit unusually clear and retentive memories, recalling incidents and dates, and recounting events with a fluency of speech and clearness of expression that is marvellous. In recalling pioneer life in Indiana, Mrs. Armstrong said, "Some people, now-a-days, pity the pioneers and think they had so little to eat and wear. The pioneers didn't need their pity. There were deer, any amount of wild turkeys and gray squirrels to be had for the shooting; and the

tinkling bells on the horses and cows and sheep in the woods, with the fall of the ax, and above all the men singing as they split new rails, were the cheerful sounds the women heard, as they busied themselves in the cabin." Mrs. Montgomery recited the Hoosier's Nest, a poem printed in 1830; this she had evidently memorized when quite young.

These dear "Real Daughters" were given to Effingham Chapter, through the patient research of our regent, Mrs. Mary Crooker Lloyd, in establishing the rights to membership of a great-granddaughter of their father, Philip Young, soldier of the American Revolution. — ALICE M. WALKER, *Historian*.



Mrs. Mary Young Montgomery.

"Its stripes of red, eternal dyed with heart streams of all lands,
Its white, the snow-capped hills, that hide in storm their upraised
hands;

Its blue, the ocean waves that beat round Freedom's circled shore;
Its stars, the print of angels' feet that burn forevermore."

—James Whitcomb Riley

"Then none was for a party;
Then all were for the state;
Then the great men helped the poor
And the poor men lov'd the great;
Then lands were fairly portioned
Then spoils were fairly sold;
In the brave old days of old."

Macaulay.

THE HONORARY VICE-PRESIDENTS GENERAL.

"Lest we forget."

Many of the Daughters of later days hardly know the names of those who did heroic work when we were young. Such will be glad to read brief sketches of the honorary vice-presidents general, who have been elevated to their high position through virtue of services rendered.

MRS. AUGUSTA DANFORTH GEER.

Augusta Danforth Geer, honorary vice-president general of the Daughters of the American Revolution, is of good Revolutionary stock. Her paternal grandfather, Captain Jonathan



Mrs. Augusta Danforth Geer.

Danforth, fought in the battle of Bunker Hill and commanded a battalion in the battle of Bennington. Two of her great uncles and ten cousins also were in the battle of Bunker Hill.

Ephraim Bushnell, Mrs. Geer's maternal grandfather also served in the Revolutionary war. Mrs. Geer is a charter member of the society and has served on the National Board, as vice-president, as vice-president general of organization of chapters and as registrar general. She was also on the advisory board. For years, she was a member of the Continental Hall committee, and it was largely through her influence that the site for the Memorial Continental Hall was secured.—W. G.

MRS. JANE SUMNER (OWEN) KEIM.

(MRS. d'B. RANDOLPH KEIM.)

Mrs. Jane Sumner Owen Keim, honorary vice-president general of the national organization of the Daughters of the



Mrs. d'B. Randolph Keim.

American Revolution, has many lines that go back to the earliest time of Anglo-Saxon emigration to America.

Peter Brown of Revolutionary fame on account of his spicy characteristics familiarly know as "Pepper Pot Brown," was a

descendant of an earlier hero of the same name, carpenter of the ship *Mayflower*, who landed on Plymouth Rock, 1620.

The Revolutionary Peter Brown was Mrs. Keim's maternal great-grandfather, shipmaster of Stonington, Connecticut and lessee of Fisher's Island from the Winthrop's, holding under patent from the king. After serving in Captain Abel Spicer's company of Connecticut he entered the Connecticut navy, commanding a brig. In 1781 he captured the British ship *Hannah* the most valuable prize brought into New London during the entire war.

This capture so infuriated the British commander at New York that it was one of the motives for sending the traitor Arnold against New London the scene of his birth and early manhood which culminated in the desperate battle and massacre of Fort Griswold and burning of Groton.

The family of Denison, also the maternal lineage through which Mrs. Keim derives her membership, is another of the earliest in the immigration of Anglo-Saxon blood to the shores of America. The father, mother, three sons and their tutor landed in 1631.

One of the first romances of Connecticut is associated with the name of George Denison, the youngest son of this family group. After thirteen years helping to make Massachusetts a goodly colony, he returned to assist Lord Protector Oliver Cromwell make England a commonwealth. Having been wounded in the conflict at Naseby, and nursed back to health by the daughter of John Borodel, gentleman, at her father's house the usual happened. The Cromwellian soldier married the devoted Ann, returned with her to America where she was always known as Lady Ann. Her husband became the foremost soldier of Connecticut and a forceful member of the Colonial assembly in which post he died at Hartford, during the session in 1694.

The military spirit of the soldier of the wars of the English Commonwealth found a new exponent among the patriotic sons of Connecticut in Robert Denison (the great-grandfather of Mrs. Keim), one of the first to march in Captain Joseph Jewett's company in the Lexington alarm.

He later served in 10th company 6th regiment, Colonel Samuel Holden Parsons and later still in Captain Samuel Mather's company in garrison at Fort Trumbull, Connecticut, and was sergeant in command of a detachment on special duty.

The ancestral name Sumner which figured in the services of John Sumner, father, and Benjamin Sumner, son, of Ashford, Connecticut, captain and soldier in the Continental army and from whom Mrs. Keim is descended, goes back to William Sumner, son of Roger Sumner, husbandman, of Bichester, Oxfordshire, England, the former of whom landed in 1636 and settled at Dorchester, Massachusetts. He became a man of station and influence. Pamela Sumner, daughter of Benjamin, was the paternal grandmother of Mrs. Keim. A romance is associated with this marriage. Although very young, Benjamin Sumner participated with Ethan Allen in the expedition against Canada and was captured with that command and carried to England as hostage for a British officer. While in captivity, he carved with his pocket knife a busk board, which he brought back with him to America when released and presented to the young lady whom he afterward married. This relic of old-time fashion has been exhibited in collections of Revolutionary articles in behalf of funds for the National Memorial Hall and state and local societies.

The paternal great-grandfather of Mrs. Keim, Benjamin Owen, born 1761 at Ashford, Connecticut, captain in the Windham county, Connecticut militia, was fourth in descent from Samuel and Priscilla Belcher Owen who emigrated to America from Wales in 1685 with their son Josiah settling first in Massachusetts, then in Rhode Island and later in Connecticut.

Another of Mrs. Keim's lines of descent, the sixth of combined Colonial and Revolutionary prestige are the Palmers, Ruth, her great-grandmother, wife of Benjamin Sumner above, being descended from Walter Palmer, one of Endicott's Massachusetts colony. Dr. Joseph Palmer, father of Ruth, served as surgeon in the Continental forces, having previously led a company from Voluntown, Connecticut, for the relief of Boston during the "Lexington Alarm."

Mrs. Keim is a native of Hartford, Connecticut, and was

prominently identified as a young woman in several charities which have since grown into institutions of the city of her birth. By marriage she is a resident of Pennsylvania, "Edgemount" being her home at Reading, where she is regent of the Berks County Chapter. Her winter residence with her husband and daughter is Washington where the former is well known as Washington correspondent and author of government and private works.

Mrs. Keim has been one of the most active members in national, state and local work.

November 11, 1890, she became a charter member No. 48. On April 9, 1891 she was appointed state regent of Connecticut by Mrs. Harrison, president general, and in 1892, '93, '94 was reelected unanimously by the Connecticut delegation and confirmed by the National Congress. In 1895 she retired as state regent leaving Connecticut, the banner state, having organized 28 chapters with a membership of 2,019. On February 22, '95, she was elected vice-president general of the National Society. She was member of the "Executive" and Continental Hall and chairman of the "National Printing Committees." She is still a member of the Continental Hall, making a service of 14 years. She was on the sub-committee of "Site and Architecture" and secretary of the sub-committee on "Ways and Means," during the period the ground for the Continental Hall was bought, the plan of building determined upon, the cornerstone laid and the erection of the hall was begun.

In December, 1900, Mrs. Keim was chosen regent of the Berks County Chapter, Reading, Pennsylvania, and has been unanimously reelected annually since. She attended the exposition in 1896 at Atlanta, Ga., as a delegate from the National Board, Daughters, of the American Revolution, and spoke for the Continental Hall. She also accompanied the National Board to Nashville, Tennessee, in 1900.

She was one of the organizing members of the "Woman's Club" in Reading. She is a member of the Pennsylvania society of "Mayflower Descendants," national number 849. In 1901 she went as a delegate from the Mayflower Society to the

tri-annual meeting at Buffalo, New York. In 1900 she was delegate from the Woman's Club, Reading, to biennial federation at Milwaukee, Wisconsin. In 1900, was elected delegate to national convention of "Humane Society" at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, and was elected three successive years member of "Executive Committee" of that organization at Washington, D. C.

She was one of two organizers also charter member and first vice-president general of the "Berks County Humane Society" of Reading.

She became charter member of the National Pocahontas Memorial Association, April, 1906, serving on the committee appointed to bring bill before the United States congress for an appropriation for a monument to the Indian princess. In April, 1906, Mrs. Keim was elected one of the thirteen honorary vice-president generals for life by the National Congress at Washington.

Sketches of other honorary vice-presidents general will appear in the April issue.

I wish you success in the magazine. I think every member should take the magazine to keep in mind what the chapters are doing.—MRS. PAMELIA F. FRENCH, *Akron, Ohio*.

I hope that you may meet with continued success in the magazine.—MARY D. PATTON, *State Regent, Pennsylvania*.

"We do not belong to ourselves; there are countless people depending on us—people whom we have never seen and whom we never shall see."—*Ships that Pass in the Night*.

"Thou wast their rock, their fortress, and their might;
Thou, Lord, their captain in the well-fought fight;
Thou in the darkness drear, their light of light.

Oh, may thy soldiers, faithful, true, and bold,
Fight as the saints who nobly fought of old,
And win from thee the victor's crown of gold."

STATE CONFERENCES.

NEW YORK STATE CONFERENCE.

The eleventh annual conference of New York state regents and delegates of the National Society of the Daughters of the



Mrs. Frances W. Roberts,
State Regent, New York.

American Revolution met in Utica, New York for the second time upon the invitation of Oneida Chapter.

On Wednesday, October the tenth, from ten a. m. until

two p. m. the committee to meet trains was at the various railroad stations and escorted the delegates to Bagg's hotel, where the credential committee gave badges and assigned the visitors to places either at the hotels or to the homes of members of the local chapter.

Under the quiet but efficient supervision of Mrs. Erastus Z. Wright, chairman of the committee on entertainment, the conference proved a most pleasing success.

At 2.30, Wednesday afternoon, by the courtesy of the New Century Club the conference assembled in the spacious auditorium on Hopper street. Seventy-six chapters were represented. The delegates were ushered to seats in the front and the regents and officers were invited to occupy places upon the platform where New York's state regent, Mrs. Frances W. Roberts greeted them, and presided with her usual dignity.

The stage was decorated with flags intermingled with ferns and palms. Upon either side of the platform were the glee club of Oneida Chapter and Miss Cora M. Wheeler, whose richly modulated voice added much to the clear understanding of the proceedings as she rose for the announcements and for the duties incumbent upon the secretary pro tempore for the conference. Oneida Chapter's Daughters could scarcely refrain from saying to the visiting Daughters, "Please take notice of our town regent. She is Mrs. H. Gilbert Hart and she is clad in white and seated calm and happy upon the sofa in the center of the stage."

The glee club assisted the conference to open the session by singing "America," and while standing the Right Reverend Bishop, of Central New York, Mr. Charles Tyler Olmstead offered the invocation.

Hearty cheers greeted Mrs. Roberts upon her opening address to her large family of Daughters and the applause following her welcome had scarcely subsided when Mrs. Hart began to weave most interesting tales of Indian lore, telling of the "upright stone" and the Oneidas in the Mohawk Valley.

The minutes of the last conference held at Syracuse in September, 1905, were read and approved.

Mrs. Wm. Storey, of New York city, read a report of the utility fund and upon the absence of Mrs. Taft she also read the report of the treasurer of the utility fund; both reports were accepted.

Mrs. Terry, of Brooklyn, gave a report of state committee on "Real Daughters" and reported \$6.00 in the treasury.

The chairman introduced Mrs. Walworth, of Saratoga, and one of the founders of the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, who paid a glowing tribute to Utica and made an earnest plea for co-operation in the completion of Continental Hall. Mrs. Walworth made a useful suggestion in the idea of using the Fourth of July more toward the elevation of the patriotic sentiment and the study of American history. Mrs. Walworth's presence at the conference was highly appreciated and her every word was listened to with the closest attention.

Mrs. Roberts paid tribute to the memory of Mrs. Van Loon Lynch, regent of Onondaga Chapter, at Syracuse and requested Mrs. Little to prepare resolutions upon the sad event. Mrs. Capron, regent of the General Floyd Chapter, of Boonville, was requested to prepare resolutions upon the death of a "Real Daughter," Susan Haddon.

The roll-call of chapters was headed by a clear original response from Amsterdam and ended by an equally earnest response from the White Plains Chapter. Buffalo reported 534 members and \$3,039 in their treasury. One chapter but three years old had raised \$500 at a single entertainment. Many interesting facts and suggestions were brought to the minds of the members of the conference by the reports and much instructive discussion might have brought profit to all the chapters had not the time for each report been, of necessity, limited. Pleasing accounts of the novel way in which money had been raised were given by Mrs. Pattison, of Pattison Chapter, \$420 being raised from badges sold on the street, the money to aid the San Francisco sufferers. Ossining through her talented representative, Miss Clara Fuller, paid a beautiful tribute to Governor Horatio Seymour, calling him "Past Master of Deerfield."

At five o'clock the Assembly adjourned to resume business and the roll-call at the session of the following morning.

Never has the Munson-Williams memorial building presented a more attractive appearance than it did at eight o'clock of Wednesday evening, for at that hour, the members of the conference, touched as it were by the magic wand and refreshed by the three hours' adjournment gathered in its spacious rooms to exchange greetings with one another.

Graced by the presence of Oneida Chapter's regent and officers of the local board, the delegates were presented to the president general, Mrs. Donald McLean and other national officers; to the state regent, Mrs. Roberts, and state vice-regent, Mrs. Munger and other state and local officers.

The refreshments were served amid the trophies of the Oneida historical society and of Oneida Chapter. The tables were decorated with the national colors, while a whole tribe of Oneida Indians appeared on the scene during the service; but there was no need to offer them the pipe of peace for they appeared only on paper, painted on a background of Colonial buff and blue, the work of Mrs. Wadsworth Goodier, to whom Oneida Chapter is indebted for many pleasing and successful entertainments.

Restful music, pleasant faces, and rich costumes made the scene ever to be remembered. Oneida Chapter was happy to welcome the visiting Daughters.

At 9.30 a. m. of Thursday, October 11th, 1906, the conference again met at the auditorium and after the glee club had sung the "Battle Hymn of the Republic" the Reverend Doctor I. N. Terry offered prayer.

The roll-call was resumed and the responses were full of inspiration.

Mrs. Terry, of Brooklyn, gave the report of the New York state committee on "Patriotic Education"; accepted.

During the roll-call Mrs. Hart left the stage and walking down the aisle of the audience room returned to the platform with the hand of the president general clasped in her own. Mrs. McLean's address to the assembled Daughters was listened to most eagerly; abounding as it did in original and

hearty themes. Mrs. McLean paid a happy tribute to the Mohawk Valley and counselled the Daughters to continue their earnest efforts for patriotic development. Mrs. McLean suggested that a greeting be sent from the assembled Daughters to Miss Blandina Miller in appreciation of her earnest endeavors to make the conference a success, and who was unavoidably detained from attendance at the meetings. The suggestion was seconded and carried by every Daughter present.

At the close of Mrs. McLean's address the glee club sang "Maryland, My Maryland," in honor of her. Mrs. McHugh offered an appreciation of Mrs. McLean which was heartily accorded.

Mrs. Wm. Tod Helmuth, of West Point Chapter, gave a concise report ending with these words which seemed to echo the military tone of her chapter's name. "At any dissension we disband."

A motion was put by the vice-president general "that the election of officers of all chapters take place in the same month." Upon the suggestion of the president general the wording of the motion was changed or amended as follows, "I beg the earnest consideration of the conference to the desirability of holding the election of officers of all chapters in the same month," seconded and carried as changed or amended.

Mrs. Walworth moved that May be the month for general election.

The motion was amended by adding the words "and June" after the word "May"; the motion, as amended that May and June be the months for the election of officers of all chapters was seconded and carried. Mrs. Little presented resolution upon the death of Mrs. Lynch; adopted, and by motion of Mrs. Hart a copy was to be sent to Mrs. Hasbrouck of Knickerbocker Chapter, New York, adopted.

Mrs. Capron presented resolutions upon death of Susan Haddon a "Real Daughter" at the age of 98; adopted.

Mrs. Cramer presented a plea for preserving the house of Washington's headquarters.

Mrs. Powell, president of state organization for preserving historical buildings entered an earnest plea for purchasing the

old court-house at White Plains, which stands on the site of the building where the first charter of New York was signed and where the Constitution of the United States was first read.

Mrs. Terry, of Brooklyn, moved that the conference do all in their power to further the plans of the White Plains Chapter; carried.

Miss McBlair, of New York City, and a past historian general called the Daughters' attention to a book—the "History of the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution" from its inception. The time being limited, Miss McBlair was prevented from making a full presentation of this most valuable work.

Mrs. Little read a letter from Miss Forsythe concerning the Children of the Revolution.

Mrs. Story presented a resolution voicing the sentiment of the visiting delegates in appreciation of Oneida Chapter's hospitality; adopted.

Upon invitation of the state regent the members of the conference gladly adjourned to a social hour and luncheon, at her home number 14 Clinton Place—the scene of so many of Oneida Chapter's happy gatherings.

The luncheon was served progressively. The state regent, and state vice-regent and other officers welcomed the guests in the drawing room while the president general, Mrs. McLean, and the local chapter regent greeted them as they crossed the hall and entered the parlor. Thus a pleasant surprise was afforded as each room was visited.

As one of the local newspapers of the day announced "The Flags are flying for the Daughters of the American Revolution," it was very true and nowhere were the flags more in evidence than at the home of Mrs. Roberts. They floated everywhere; from the spacious verandas and from the well-laden board. Flags of all nations were exhibited. They seemed to voice the broad policy of the state regent, pointing as it were to the possible future work of the Daughters, the great work of urging disarmament and universal peace.—MISS CARRIE M. SMITH.

Alabama State Conference.—The eighth annual conference of the Alabama Daughters was held in the hospitable little city of Opelika, December 6th and 7th, 1906, with the Martha Wayles Jefferson Chapter as admirable hostess. The sessions were well attended, harmonious, and enthusiastic. Several pronounced it the most pleasant and successful conference we ever held, while others, ventured the assertion, that it would knit closer the bonds of fellowship, and enable us to take up, with fresh interest, the vital questions before us. Mrs. J. Morgan Smith, the beloved state regent, who has served us so long and so well, made a fine presiding officer, disposing promptly and fairly of all business brought before her during the two days. Her report contained much that was interesting and suggestive and showed 14 chapters and 550 members within our borders. Gratifying reports from chapters followed, proving that each, like the woman in Scripture, had "done what she could" the past year. The conference pledged anew its hearty support to the usual lines of work, such as the Memorial Continental Hall fund, particularly the Alabama room, the continued pursuit of Revolutionary relics, etc., but the promotion of "Patriotic Education" was rather the keynote, and earnest discussions were held as to the methods best calculated to insure a pure and noble citizenship. A "Memorial Hour" was duly observed and tributes of respect paid to the memory of valued members who had "fallen asleep" during the past year. Election of officers, which occurred the second day resulted in making Mrs. Aurora P. McClellan, of Athens, state regent, and Mrs. Rhett Goode, of Mobile, state vice-regent. Both ladies have done much efficient work for the organization. At the conference last year, the Alabama Daughters presented Mrs. Smith with a loving cup which she brought with her to Opelika, that she might drink from it, with her companions in the work, before giving up her office to her successor. And so, when the two days' work was finished, and the twilight softly enfolded us, we united in singing, with emotion, the familiar words of "Auld Lang Syne"—and in quaffing from the "cup of kindness" further charity and zeal. It was a touching incident and

lingers in the memory like some sweet and subtle fragrance. Among social courtesies tendered delegates and guests of the conference, was a delightful musicale given in Elk's Hall, and followed by an informal reception which afforded the members an opportunity to greet each other, and to add another item to the score of pleasant recollections carried home from the eighth annual conference, when it adjourned, to meet in Athens, December 4th and 5th, 1907.—MARY ANTHONY HARVEY, *Secretary*.

Wisconsin State Conference.—The tenth annual state conference was held on October 23rd and 24th, 1906, at Portage.

The meeting was opened with the singing of "America" led by Mrs. C. D. Harper, of Oshkosh, and after the invocation by Mrs. Lucy Cochrane, chaplain of Wau-Bun Chapter, Mrs. Clark W. Latimer, regent of Wau-Bun Chapter, extended greetings to the conference.

She made reference to the first conference on this historic spot eight years before William Penn had seen the site of Philadelphia, and fifty-eight years before Washington was born, where the Indians welcomed the party of explorers under the leadership of Louis Joliet and Father Marquette.

The place of meeting was called by them "Wau-Bun"—the dawn.

Mrs. A. H. Mitchell of the La Crosse Chapter responded on behalf of the visiting chapters.

One new chapter, Jean Nicolet Chapter of De Pere, received its charter from the state regent, making nineteen chapters in the state.

All reported a steady growth in membership and much work of a patriotic nature accomplished during the year.

The state society is raising a fund to place the coat of arms of the state of Wisconsin in the Continental Hall, and the chapters also reported donations to the general building fund.

A resolution was passed that each Wisconsin Daughter should send one dollar to the Continental Hall in addition to the regular contributions of the chapters.

Much interest was shown in the discussion of the bills introduced into congress to prevent desecration of the flag.

An interesting feature of the conference was a carriage drive, arranged for the delegates and visitors, during which the many points of historical interest about "the portage" were visited.

The old road traversed by Marquette in crossing from the Fox to the Wisconsin was followed, and a short stop was made at the spot where he embarked in his canoe on the Wisconsin and where Wau-bun Chapter has erected a monument.

Prof. W. G. Clough, of the Portage high school, gave a short address to the delegates at this place, after which the ride was resumed and the site of Old Fort Winnebago and the Government cemetery were visited.

Fort Winnebago was an important military post in the early history of the state and was established by the United States Government on "the portage" between the Fox and Wisconsin rivers, as that was one of the main routes between the Great Lakes and the Mississippi.

The Government cemetery was also established at that time and is now in the care of the local chapter.

A luncheon and reception were the social features of the conference.

Much to the regret of all Wisconsin Daughters the state regent, Mrs. Thomas Hoyt Brown, announced her intention and desire to retire from her office at the close of her term.

She has been a faithful and efficient officer and the work of the society has progressed rapidly under her administration.

She was unanimously elected honorary state regent to take effect at the close of her present term of office.

Mrs. Ogden H. Fethers, of Janesville, was unanimously nominated for state regent.

Other state officers were elected as follows: Mrs. Walter Kempster, of Milwaukee, state vice-regent; Mrs. E. H. Van Ostrand, of Antigo, state secretary; Mrs. G. F. Gilkey, of Oshkosh, state treasurer.

After passing a resolution of thanks to the Wau-Bun Chapter, of Portage, for their kind hospitality, the conference adjourned to meet at Beloit in 1907.—MATTIE CULVER VAN OSTRAND, *State Secretary*.

Washington State Conference.—The state conference held its annual session in Seattle, June 23, 1906.

The regent, Mrs. Elinor Ingersoll Thorne, aided by her capable committee, dispensed a gracious hospitality that was delightful. Her speech of welcome was both bright and cordial and the response of Mrs. Ellis was equally happy.

The parlor of the hotel Lincoln was tastefully decorated with the national colors and beautiful flowers. On the state regent's table was a large bunch of exquisitely perfect Caroline Testue roses, from the garden of Rainier's regent.

An informal reception from 10 to 10.30 a. m. gave all an opportunity for cordial greetings and at the latter hour the state regent called the conference to order.

The program which followed was replete with uplifting and practical patriotic thoughts and much interest was aroused by the papers; as the earnest discussion which followed each one of them attested. The music was exceptionally good.

We were favored in having some visiting Daughters with us: one, Mrs. Elinor Washington Howard, of Virginia, who gave a short but interesting talk.

The luncheon was delicious and artistically served, the officer's table being especially attractive.

The meeting throughout was pleasantly harmonious and everything was done by the hostess chapter to make the occasion one of profit and pleasure to its guests.

PROGRAM.

1. Song....."Our Flag of Liberty"
2. Salute to the Flag.....Led by Miss Lydia Graham
"I pledge allegiance to my Flag and to the Republic for
which it stands: One nation indivisible; with Liberty and
Justice for all."
3. Address of Welcome.....Mrs. Elinor Ingersoll Thorne,
Rainier Chapter.
4. Response.....Mrs. O. G. Ellis,
Virginia Dare Chapter.
5. Minutes of Last Assembly.
6. Treasurer's Report.
7. Corresponding Secretary's Report.

8. Address of the State Regent and Report of Continental Congress.....Mrs. M. A. Phelps
9. Piano—"Fantasie" Mozart
Mrs. Sturgis, Rainier Chapter.
- LUNCHEON.
10. Vocal—a, The Silver RingChaminade
b, Wohin?Shubert
c, Sous les OrangersHolmes
d, PastoralBizet
Miss Clara Lewys, Rainier Chapter.
11. "True Patriotism"Mrs. Henry McCleary,
Mary Ball Chapter.
- SUB-TOPICS—THREE MINUTES LIMIT.
- "Patriotism in the State".....Mrs. H. E. Holmes,
Rainier Chapter.
- "Patriotism in the School".....Mrs. Hunt,
Virginia Dare Chapter.
- "Patriotism in the Home".....Mrs. A. H. Kuhn,
Robert Gray Chapter.
- Forming Chapters as "Children of the Republic"....Mrs. Roberts,
Esther Reed Chapter.
- "Our Foreign Population".....Mrs. Horton Phelps,
Lady Stirling Chapter.
12. "Should United States History be a Compulsory Study in
Every High School?".....Virginia Dare Chapter
13. "The Possible Influence of the Daughters of the American
Revolution upon Simpler Thought and Living."
Esther Reed Chapter
14. "Emotional and Intelligent Patriotism"
Mrs. Gertrude Wheeler Vance, Sacajawea Chapter.
15. "Should Not February 22 be a School Holiday?"...Mrs. Trumbull,
Lady Stirling Chapter.
16. "Star-Spangled Banner."

The meeting of 1907 will be held in Spokane, with the Esther Reed Chapter, as hostess.—JEANNE B. ROBERTS, *Corresponding Secretary*.

Rhode Island State Conference.—Resolutions of the state conference of the Rhode Island Daughters of the American Revolution, endorsing Mrs. Donald McLean.

Resolved: That the Daughters of the American Revolution in Rhode Island, assembled in their thirteenth annual state conference, hereby place on record their appreciation of the

able and efficient service of Mrs. Donald McLean as president general of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution.

Believing that the re-election of an officer so devoted to the highest ideals in patriotism, and so successful in accomplishing the realization of those ideals by well-directed effort, will best advance the interests of our National Society, we hereby endorse her candidacy for a second term.

Adopted, February 14, 1907.

MARY M. S. ROBINSON,
State Secretary.

Mrs. Theodore C. Bates, vice-president general from Massachusetts, has sent a communication to every chapter in the state, heartily endorsing Mrs. Donald McLean for a second term as president general and asking the cordial support of the organization in Massachusetts.

Resolutions endorsing the work of the president general and making a formal request of her to accept a second term have been signed by the state regent and state vice-regent of the District of Columbia, a large majority of the chapters, the vice-president general in charge of organization, the recording secretary and the registrar general.

Fort Oswego Chapter, New York, has passed resolutions commending the administration of Mrs. McLean and urging her unanimous reelection.

Fort Greene Chapter, Brooklyn, New York, presents to her sister chapters the name of Mrs. Charles Terry for the office of vice-president general, she having rendered wise and efficient service in many state and chapter offices and on many committees.

The Chicago Chapter has endorsed Mrs. Charles H. Deere for a second term as vice-president general from Illinois, calling attention to her brilliant services and asking the support of other chapters.

WORK OF THE CHAPTERS

Below are given the abstracts of the recent chapter reports. The great number has made it impossible to print them in full in this issue. Attention is called to the great amount of valuable work done by the chapters.

Minneapolis Chapter (Minneapolis, Minnesota).—The first open meeting of the Minneapolis Chapter was an assembly given in February at the request of our president general for the benefit of Memorial Continental Hall. Net proceeds, \$65.

Second open meeting was in June, given by the teachers of the chapter at the home of Mrs. F. B. Linsey for the benefit of our marker fund.

The third open meeting was the annual dinner given in July for the old ladies at the Jones Harrison Home. The chapter has furnished a room in this home in memory of Mrs. McDonald who was a "Real Daughter." Each year the chapter furnishes some articles that are needed for this Daughters of the American Revolution room.

On September 23d a tablet was unveiled in Loring Park to commemorate the battle of Fort Griswold. The tablet was enclosed in a boulder at the foot of the tree that was planted in historic earth brought from the thirteen original states by members of the Minneapolis Chapter. Six members of this chapter are descendants of soldiers who were in this battle.

The flag was saluted by twenty young girls representing the schools of Minneapolis. Appropriate ceremonies were held and patriotic addresses given by present and past regents.

On Saturday, October 13th, the Daughters of the American Revolution held their annual meeting at Northfield, Minnesota, a college town.

Mrs. Donald McLean, the president general, was present at this reception, having come many hundred miles out of her way to be at this annual meeting.

The annual meeting for 1907 will be held in Minneapolis, the

chapter having accepted an invitation to be the guests of the Commercial Club.—HELEN GUILFORD, *Historian*.

COLONIAL ASSEMBLY
OF
MINNEAPOLIS CHAPTER, DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION,
GIVEN FOR BENEFIT OF
MEMORIAL CONTINENTAL HALL.

A brilliant success in every particular was the Colonial Assembly of Minneapolis Chapter, held February 16th in Andrew Presbyterian Church. A true Colonial atmosphere enhanced by the rich and quaint Colonial costumes of the women, the artistic and graceful silken flags everywhere in evidence, and the inspiring and patriotic songs and addresses of the evening was admirably attained. This was perhaps even a greater compliment to those who had the arrangements in charge than the pronounced social and financial success of the affair. The platform on which the various officers were gathered was hung in American flags draped about a historic tablecloth once used by Washington at a banquet.

On the platform, with the officers of Minneapolis Chapter, were seated the officers of the other Daughters of the American Revolution chapters of Minneapolis and St. Paul, and George and Martha Washington, impersonated by Mrs. J. H. Johnson and Mrs. L. E. Carpenter.

Around the room booths had been arranged, wherein were oriental, Hawaiian, Revolutionary and Colonial relics.

Receiving in each were Mrs. Luella Emmons, Mrs. Stein and daughter, Mesdames J. A. Brant and Girard Willett, and Mrs. Maria Antoinette Lyon, a Daughter of the American Revolution, aged 87, dressed in white brocaded satin Colonial costume, who spun flax on the little wheel which had belonged to her Revolutionary ancestors.

Mrs. Lyon well remembers her Grandmother Denning, who spun on the wheel long after Mrs. Lyon was old enough to remember.

In this booth two old coverlets of Colonial pattern were



Mrs. Maria Antoinette Lyon,
"Real Daughter."

draped into the Revolutionary colors, buff and blue. This booth attracted much attention not only that there were many curios and priceless relics to be seen there, but because many of this day and generation had never seen flax spun, and though Mrs. Lyon is 17 years older than the allotted three-score years and ten, she is yet bright and animated and conversed most entertainingly upon matters of interest during the days of her youth. In the oriental booth Mrs. Luella Emmons had evinced much skill in the artistic arrangement of her costly collection. The hand-painted china displayed by Mesdames J. E. Brant and Girard Willett received merited and generous expressions of admiration from the large number who lingered long in this booth to admire their work.

The collection of curios from the Hawaiian Islands, exhibited by Mrs. Stein and her daughter, and the draping of the booth in the royal yellow, gave many a pang of regret that they, too, had not been able to visit these beautiful islands, and many thought of the loved state regent, Mrs. J. E. Bell, who is now in Honolulu. The old china, Colonial and Revolutionary relics, also attracted much attention.

The exercises of the evening were opened by the singing of "America" by the audience, followed by prayer by Rev. Charles Hubbard, pastor of the church.

Mrs. R. F. Goodwin, regent of Minneapolis Chapter, in a pleasing manner, fittingly welcomed the guests and then presented Mrs. J. H. Johnson, chairman of the Memorial Continental Hall committee of the chapter, who had charge of the program.

Letters from Mrs. Donald McLean, of New York, president general of the Daughters of the American Revolution, and from Mrs. J. E. Bell, state regent of Minnesota, to whom invitations had been sent, were read by the corresponding secretary, Mrs. C. M. Schneider.

An instrumental trio (two violins and piano) of patriotic airs was rendered by Misses Mamie and Genevieve Griffith and Joseph Griffith, followed by a sketch of the tablecloth on exhibition, used by Washington at a banquet, read by Mrs. F. C.

Barrows, past regent of Minneapolis Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution.

An address upon a topic dear to the hearts of all Daughters of the American Revolution, entitled "What the Daughters Have Accomplished in the Interests of Memorial Continental Hall," was given by Mrs. Ell Torrence, past state regent of Minnesota, which proved not only instructive, but interesting and pleasing, delivered as it was in the charming manner habitual to Mrs. Torrence. The next number on the program was from Victor Hugo's masterpiece, "The Battle of Waterloo," delivered in so thrilling and effective a manner by Miss Mary E. Benjamin, that an encore was inevitable, and was responded to with some humorous verses, the last three of which were written for the occasion and alluded to George Washington and his hatchet; to Mrs. Fairbanks, wife of the vice-president, and past president general of the Daughters of the American Revolution, and to Alice Roosevelt and her wedding, which was to occur the following evening, all of which was vociferously applauded. A violin selection by Miss Genevieve Griffith and Joseph Griffith merited the hearty approval expressed by the audience.

Owing to the illness of her husband, Mrs. William Liggett, past state regent, was unable to be present.

Miss Lulu Goodwin, daughter of the regent, effectively sang "Columbia the Gem of the Ocean."

Mrs. J. H. Johnson, chairman of the Memorial Continental Hall committee, closed the program by thanking all who had so kindly and generously assisted in making the Colonial Assembly not only a financial success, but an evening of enjoyment and pleasant memories, and paid a fitting tribute to the regent, Mrs. R. F. Goodwin. Mrs. Johnson closed with a peroration to the country and flag.

Refreshments were served in the parlors.

Mrs. S. R. Childs had charge of a guessing contest and Miss Mary Hoyt the sale of an elegant dish, both of which proved attractive features of the evening.

Roger Nelson Chapter (Kansas City, Missouri).—On the 10th of November, 1906, a new chapter of the Daughters

of the American Revolution to be known as the "Roger Nelson Chapter" was organized at Marshall, Missouri, by Mrs. James D. Fleming, who was transferred from the Kansas City Chapter for that purpose, and of which Mrs. Fleming was appointed regent.

The new regent can boast of a long and distinguished line



Mrs. James D. Fleming, Regent.

of ancestry—Colonial and Revolutionary. She is a lineal descendant of Robert Brooke and Roger Nelson.

Robert Brooke was the third son of Thomas Brooke of Whitechurch, Hampshire, England, and Susan his wife, daughter of Sir Thomas Foster, knight, judge of the court of common pleas. Robert Brooke was born in London, 3rd of June,

1602, and was commissioned commander of a county in Maryland to be newly erected, and on the same day a commission was issued to him as one of the council of Maryland. He arrived in Maryland the 30th of June, 1650, bringing with him his wife and ten children, and twenty-eight servants, all at his own charge and on his own ship. On the 3rd day of October, 1650, Charles county was erected, and Robert Brooke was constituted its commander. When Maryland was reduced by the parliamentary commissioners in 1652 he was appointed acting governor. Robert Brooke was twice married. His first wife was Mary, daughter of Thomas Baker of Battle, Sussex, England. Major Thomas Brooke, of Brookfield Manor, Calvert county, was the second son of Governor Robert Brooke by his first wife, Mary Baker. Major Brooke was born at Battle, Sussex, England, the 23rd of June, 1632; arrived in Maryland the 30th of June, 1650; was appointed captain to command the militia of Calvert county, the 15th of June 1658, and promoted to the rank of major of the 11th of February, 1660. He was for many years justice of the Calvert county court; was high sheriff of the same county from March 1665 to 1673, and represented Calvert county in the house of burgesses from the 15th of September, 1663, till his death.

Major Brooke married Eleanor Hatton, by whom he had issue five sons and two daughters.

Col. Thomas Brooke, of Brookfield, was the eldest son of Major Thomas Brooke, and Eleanor his wife. He was justice of Calvert county court in 1684, and also from 1689 to 1692. He was a member of Maryland council from the 6th of April, 1692, till August, 1707, and again from 1715 to 1724. He was appointed judge of the "Court of Admiralty" the 26th of June, 1702, commissary general the 26th of June the same year, to which latter office he was reappointed the 21st of December, 1704. In 1720 he was president of the council and acting governor of Maryland. Colonel Brooke was twice married. His second wife was Barbara, daughter of John and Rebecca Dent, by whom he had issue eleven children; of these the seventh was Jane Brooke, who married Alexander Contee, of Charles

county and later of Prince George's county. Alexander Contee was the son of Peter Contee of Barnstable, Devonshire, England. He represented Charles county in the house of burgesses in 1701-2. He died in 1740, leaving issue by his wife Jane (Brooke) nine children. Catherine Contee, his seventh daughter, married John Harrison and has issue a daughter, Elizabeth Harrison, who married Roger Nelson.

Roger Nelson was the son of Arthur Nelson and the grandson of John Nelson, who owned large tracts of land lying along the Potomac in Frederick and Montgomery counties, Maryland. Roger was born in Frederick County Maryland, 1759. When seventeen years of age he ran away from college and joined the Revolutionary forces. He served in the campaign in New York, Pennsylvania and New Jersey, and was subsequently ordered South. He was captured with other prisoners at the defense of Charleston. After his exchange he was commissioned second lieutenant Fifth regiment, Maryland Line, July 15th, 1780. Severely wounded at the battle at Camden he was taken prisoner, but being soon after exchanged he served with Colonel Washington's troop of horse at the battle of the Cowpens, Guilford Court House, Hobkirks' Hill, Ninety-six and Eutaw Springs. At Hobkirks' Hill he captured a small army chest which is still in possession of a member of the Nelson family. The chest is surmounted by a brass plate on which is neatly engraved the legend "Valiancy '62 Reg." About the close of the war he was brevetted brigadier general.

After the declaration of peace he returned to his home and entered into the practice of law, in which he was eminently successful. He soon afterward entered the field of politics, and was elected to represent his district in congress. He belonged to the "Strict Constructionist School" of Mr. Jefferson, in opposition to the centralizing tendencies of that of Alexander Hamilton. He was subsequently appointed judge of the circuit court of Frederick county, but was compelled to resign his position in consequence of a wound received at the battle of Camden, of which he subsequently died. He bore eighteen wounds upon his person—and every one in front.

By his wife Elizabeth Harrison he had issue five children, two sons and three daughters. His eldest son was Madison Nelson, who was the grandfather of the subject of this sketch.

Madison Nelson was born in the city of Frederick, Maryland, where he lived until his death, January 1st, 1870. He was a distinguished lawyer at a time when the bar at Frederick was second to none in the country for men of ability. As an advocate he was without a rival, as a political orator he was described in the prints of the day as the "Mirabeau of the Hustings." After a successful career as a lawyer he was elevated to the bench of the court of appeals, of which he was a member at the time of his death.

Madison Nelson married Josephine, daughter of Francis Marcilly and Frances (Morell) his wife. Francis Marcilly was a native of Paris, France, but subsequently became a planter in the Island of San Domingo, from which he with his wife and one daughter was driven by the negro insurrection of 1792, and took refuge in the United States. He settled in Harford county, Maryland. He subsequently removed to Frederick county and received the appointment of professor of French at Mt. St. Mary's College. He had issue six children, one son and five daughters, of which Josephine who married Madison Nelson, was the third. Madison Nelson had issue by his wife, Josephine, ten children, seven sons and three daughters. Arthur Nelson, his fourth son, married Melvina Byng in Frederick, Maryland, and soon after removed to the state of Missouri, where he at present resides.

Mrs. Fleming (Eugenie Marcilly Nelson) is his daughter. Thus, it appears that in the veins of Mrs. Fleming mingles not only Colonial and Revolutionary blood, but also the blood of two of the world's greatest nations, of whose noblest characteristics, she is a worthy representative.—ROSE N. WELSH.

Essex Chapter of the Oranges (East Orange, New Jersey) is at present extremely interested in a statue to be erected in the old burying-ground in Orange in honor of Revolutionary heroes. It is proposed to unveil this statue on Flag day, June 14, 1907. The Essex Chapter have pledged themselves to

raise one thousand dollars toward this project, the total cost being about ten thousand dollars. Nearly all of the sum pledged by the chapter has been raised. The old burying-ground is in a wretched state of dilapidation, having been utterly neglected for nearly fifty years. Owing to the exertions of the Essex Chapter regent and a few others it has now been put in order at a cost of over one thousand dollars. Thirty names of Revolutionary soldiers were found on the old tombstones and it is thought that there are more which will be discovered. The burying-ground is on the main street of Orange—the old post road between New York and Morristown. Over this road, marched our soldiers, dispatches were carried, army supplies were forwarded, etc. It seemed appropriate that the subject of the monument should commemorate this and the Dispatch Rider was selected. The figure is of bronze, nine feet high, and full of life and action. The program for Flag day is nearly completed. Mrs. Fairbanks and Mrs. McLean, president general, have promised to be present.—
 MRS. G. W. FOWLER, *Historian*.

Abigail Adams Chapter (Des Moines, Iowa).—The January meeting of Abigail Adams Chapter was helpful and interesting, held at the home of our regent, Mrs. J. C. Loper. She with three other Daughters, entertained us most royally..

The program consisted of music and a talk given by Mrs. W. H. McHenry on "The Value of a Daughter of the American Revolution Organization." She spoke on the subject from both a historic and patriotic standpoint; told of the rapid growth in seventeen years and the efforts of the chapters to instill patriotism into the members of the communities.

Abigail Adams Chapter feels honored by the appointment of two of our members on important committees, viz.: Mrs. McHenry on the Jamestown Expositional; Mrs. Musgrave on the Patriotic Educational.—B. L. MINER.

Eagle Rock Chapter (Montclair, New Jersey).—Since our last annual meeting in December, 1905, the Eagle Rock Chapter has held five meetings, with an average attendance of thirty-

two (32), transacting necessary business, and hearing reports of the chapter's work. Interesting papers on historical subjects have been read and a short musical program enjoyed before the social hour.

Miss Woodford, daughter of former Ambassador Woodford, gave a graphic description of her sojourn in Spain, just prior to the declaration of war with Spain. Miss Mecum, state regent and chairman of the patriotic educational committee, gave the chapter an interesting talk on educational work.

In response to the suggestion of the president general that an entertainment be given on February 22nd, a musical tea was held, which netted \$125—which amount was sent as the chapter's contribution to the New Jersey room in Continental Memorial Hall.

Ten dollars was sent to the Wallace House at Summerville, New Jersey, toward the erection of a care-taker's cottage.

The library of the National Society was remembered by the gift of the volume "The Old Tennent Church," and a contribution was also sent to the fund for the erection of a monument in memory of the Daughters of the American Revolution nurses who died during the Spanish-American war.

Great honor was shown the Eagle Rock Chapter at the Fifteenth Continental Congress by the election of our regent, Mrs. W. D. Kearfott, as vice-president general for New Jersey. While we regret the loss of Mrs. Kearfott as regent we are happy in the fact that she can still serve us in the new position by bringing our chapter into closer touch with the national organization.

In July the chapter lost by death one of its pioneer members, Miss Mary R. Wolfe.

To the people of Montclair the Eagle Rock Chapter and the "Maple Avenue Summer School and Play Ground" are almost synonymous terms. Patriotism is the object of our society, and the Maple Avenue work is patriotism in action. The fifth season at the play ground, under Mrs. M. M. Le Brun as chairman, was begun July 2d and continued for nine weeks, two sessions daily, ending August 31st with the usual exhibition. The number of children paying the membership fee

of 10 cents was 231. The total number of children using the play ground and various classes was 10,655, with a daily average attendance of 205. The reed and raffia work continued to interest the children, and the work of the carpenter shop showed a gain over last year in the list of really useful articles made. The kindergarten gave to the tiny tots the occupation and pleasure suitable to their years. The outdoor sports consisted of base ball, two teams being formed; volley ball, quoits, and competition in running high jump, running broad jumps, pull ups, and rope climb. In all team and individual competition no prizes were given. The idea of sport for sport's sake alone was held up before the boys. At first there was grumbling, but soon a better spirit prevailed, and the boys strove just as hard to win as if there had been a prize offered.

A new slide called "Chute the chutes" was installed and used almost constantly. Two additional swings and fifty pairs of dumb-bells were added to last year's apparatus. The boys were taken to the canal for a swim whenever the weather permitted. When this was not possible, the shower baths at the school were most thoroughly enjoyed.

The classes in sewing, four in number, with three lessons each a week, did some excellent work. Two hundred and three articles were made during the nine weeks. Aprons, waists, dresses, underclothing, towels, sewing bags, dusters, ironing holders, and many smaller articles show much patient industry. The new feature of the work for 1905 was the cooking classes, and the list of applications for entrance was so large it was necessary to limit the age of the girls to ten years. Three classes were formed with an average attendance of eight. A course in practical housekeeping and plain cooking was completed, with some extra lessons in plain cake, bread, biscuits, and a few simple deserts. In most cases the girls went home from the class and made another article like that made at the lesson to show their parents, and often the mother was so pleased with the small product that she would ask for the larger recipe.

We feel that this branch of our work has proved a great success.

Thus each year we are able to chronicle average attendance and work accomplished, but it is impossible to put into figures or words the good to those children of daily contact with teachers of high ideals; the seeds of truthfulness and honesty sown; the ideas of patriotism instilled, which will make them worthy American citizens.—*Historian*.

Margaret Holmes Chapter (Seward, Nebraska).—The meeting of the chapter, December 4th, at the home of Mrs. J. T. Potter, was an occasion long to be remembered. After the usual opening exercises, Miss Marsh and Miss Schick gave an inspiring piano duet, a medley of patriotic airs. Mrs. A. R. Anderson told in a most vivid manner of Colonial life in Pennsylvania, and Miss Schick read a most entertaining paper on "Early Life in New York."

At the program's close, the hostess invited the ladies to the dining room, where a beautiful scene met the eye. Place cards with the Daughters of the American Revolution emblem on one corner and on another a miniature soldier, enabled the Daughters to find their seats. Standing guard in the center of the table, was a cannon of most complete proportions, with cannon balls piled in groups beneath the gunners, keeping watch around it, while emblematic of peace, festoons of smilax were wreathed around the cannon and trailed over the cloth of red, white and blue. Miss Lydia Bolton, of Kansas, gave two delightful readings, which added much to the pleasure of the occasion.

As the pleased guests were leaving the table, additional souvenirs, post-cards with a daintily covered picture of Memorial Hall upon them, were handed each as a remembrance from the "chapter baby," Master Harold Potter.

Blue Ridge Chapter (Vicksburg, Virginia) was begun in 1893, but the requisite number for a charter was not obtained until 1895. Mrs. E. C. Hamner, who had labored zealously in the cause, was chosen first regent. The chapter had one "Real Daughter," Mrs. Mary Lightfoot Garland, who came in as a charter member. Mrs. Garland lived to the advanced age

of 98 years and was presented with the gold spoon of the society. The chapter now has a membership of fifty zealous workers, twenty-five new names having been added in the last four years. Interesting programs are presented each year. The December meeting was held at the home of Mrs. D. C. Jackson, and was in every sense a Christmas party. After the business session, the company was delightfully entertained by the Rev. Mr. Owen, who read the ever new story of "Uncle Edinboro's Drowning." After this gifts were distributed to each of the guests and all repaired to the dining room to find a glittering Christmas tree and a repast befitting the occasion.

Tidioute Chapter (Tidioute, Pennsylvania) was pleasantly entertained by Mrs. Augusta Hall Sill at her residence in Warren in December, 1906. The meeting was one of the most enjoyable in the history of the chapter. Luncheon was served, covers being laid for fifty. The tables were artistically arranged with decorations appropriate to the occasion. After luncheon, the ladies adjourned to the parlors, where the regent, Mrs. Cummings, called the meeting to order. Forty members responded to roll call. A program of interest then held the attention of the company. The singing by Mrs. Knopf was a most enjoyable feature. The guests of honor were Mrs. Manning from the Chicago Chapter and Mrs. J. B. White from the Kansas City Chapter. After tea served in the parlors, the company wended their homeward way with anticipations of the January meeting at the home of Mrs. L. L. Hunter.

Old South Chapter (Boston) celebrated its tenth anniversary on December 17, 1906. The program, musical and literary, was one of rare interest. Mrs. Donald McLean, the president general, was present and made a characteristically fine address. The state regent, Mrs. Charles H. Masury, brought greeting from the Daughters throughout the state. Mrs. Frank D. Ellison, the chapter regent, introduced the chairman of the program committee, founder and honorary regent of the chapter, Mrs. Laura Wentworth Fowler.

PROGRAM.

PART I.

1. Prayer.
2. Chorus—"American Hymn"Keller
3. Welcome and Introduction of the Founder and Honorary
Regent of the Chapter, Mrs. Laura Wentworth Fowler,
chairman of the program....The Regent, Mrs. Frank D. Ellison
4. Greetings of Massachusetts.....Governor Curtis Guild, Jr.
5. Greetings of Massachusetts Daughters of the American Revolution.....The State Regent, Mrs. Charles H. Masury
6. First Movement, C Minor Trio.....Beethoven
(Piano, violin and cello.)
Mr. Frank Watson, Mr. Bruce Reynolds and Mr. Robert Austin.
7. Greetings from the { Society of Colonial Wars,
Governor General, A. J. C. Snowden
Massachusetts Society of Mayflower
Descendants,
Secretary, George Earnest Bowman
8. Address—"The Preservation of Historic Buildings,
Hon. Winslow Warren,
President General, Society of the Cincinnati.
9. Solo—"The Marseillaise"....Mrs. Josephine A. Williams, of Lowell
10. Address..Rev. E. A. Horton, D. D., Chaplain Massachusetts Senate

PART II.

1. Chorus—"To Thee, O Country".....Eichberg
2. Julia Ward Howe, author of "Battle Hymn of the Republic."
3. Greetings from the { Sons of the Revolution,
President, Eben Francis Thompson,
of Worcester.
Sons of the American Revolution,
President, Dr. Moses Greeley Parker,
of Lowell.
Daughters of the Revolution,
State Regent, Mrs. Adeline F. Fitz.
4. Sonnet—"Pro Patria".....Mrs. Grace Le Baron Upham
Dedicated to the Daughters of the American Revolution and
written for the First Anniversary of the Old South Chapter.
5. Address—"The Flag".....Hon. M. J. Murray
6. Solo—"The Star-Spangled Banner,"
Mrs. Josephine A. Williams, of Lowell
7. Response to Greetings and Address,
The President General, Mrs. Donald McLean
8. "America."
Vocal music under the direction of Mrs. Flora E. Barry,
a member of the Old South Chapter.

The chapter was organized in December, 1896, with a charter membership of sixty. Mrs. Fowler was the first regent and served in that capacity for six years. Under her leadership much good work was accomplished. From her report we cull the following brief record: Donations of money were sent to



Mrs. Laura Wentworth Fowler,
Founder and Honorary Regent.

the "Massachusetts Volunteer Aid Association," the "National Hospital Corps," and the "National War Fund;" towards repairing the Old North Church steeple, towards the Washington monument, to the Cuban teachers' fund, towards furnishing the John Adams's birthplace in Quincy, to the Mount Vernon Association, and to the Roger Wolcott Memorial fund. The chap-

ter assisted in the decoration of the Paul Revere school house by placing upon its walls a picture of the Old South Church. After a long research by a member, Miss Helen R. Whitmore, the birthplace of the Rev. S. F. Smith, D. D., the author of "America," was located and a tablet placed upon the building erected there. Funds and supplies were sent, during the Spanish-American war, for the Massachusetts hospital ship, *The Bay State*. During the winter, 1900-1901, lectures, illustrated by stereopticon, upon "Early American History" were given to the foreign population. Flowers were placed upon the grave of Lafayette in the name of the chapter during the Paris exposition. "Delightful Field Days" have been enjoyed and Flag day has been observed each year. The meetings, literary and social, as well as business have been well attended, profitable and enjoyable. "Real Daughters," of whom the chapter has had a membership of seven, have been pleasantly remembered. Continental Hall has been an object of deep interest and contributions have been sent frequently. The chapter has a nucleus for a library and a creditable collection of relics.

Mrs. Fowler was not absent once during her regency, which included eighty meetings. Her national number is 11116 and she was the eleventh accepted member of Massachusetts. She has attended many of the congresses and her voice has often been heard on important questions. After serving six years she was made honorary regent of her chapter.

General Joseph Badger Chapter (Marlborough, Massachusetts) celebrated their tenth anniversary in February to which all the patriotic societies in town were invited. The exercises were in high degree interesting. In October, a sale was held to establish a fund to mark the spot where the first minister of the town was buried. It was very successful. Mrs. Masury, state regent was present and made a short address.

Sketches of other honorary vice-presidents general will appear in the April issue.

THE OPEN LETTER

It is proposed that the state historians shall be requested to secure a list of the places of historic interest of the Revolutionary period, as yet unmarked in her state, and send such information to the chairman of the committee on "Preservation of Historic Spots."

The object is this: After Memorial Continental Hall is completed there will be a grand rally to the preservation of historic spots and buildings. In localities where there are chapters, such chapters either have taken care of, or will take care of, their own responsibilities, either by doing the work, or securing sufficient assistance from other chapters to have the work accomplished.

In many localities there are no chapters and in some where there are "historic spots" there are chapters too small to meet the obligation alone.

If each state would during the building of Continental Hall, secure all of the data relating to this subject, such a place, ownership, possibility of marking or purchasing the same, make and mature plans for the work involved, then we would not be losing so much time in this branch of our work, and taking our chances of having more historic spots pass out of our reach or meet with destruction.

It is suggested that these lists should be sent to the chairman of the committee on "Preservation of Historic Spots," because there should be a headquarters for the filing of such information, and from which information can be obtained. Then, too, there are possible cases where the national society would be interested in assisting or in doing the work as in Meadow Garden Farm and other places.

MRS. MATTHEW T. SCOTT,
Chairman Committee on Preservation of Historic Spots.

December 17, 1906.

512 JAMES STREET, SYRACUSE, N. Y.

My Dear Madam Regent:

The New York State Committee on "Real Daughters" is very desirous to awaken an active interest and hearty co-operation in the chapters of the state through each chapter having a committee appointed by its regent to look after the needs of its "Real Daughters," if the chapter is so honored. Also to ascertain if there are any of these venerable women living in their vicinity who have not been enrolled in its chapter. It should be the duty and privilege of every chapter to so recognize them, for their fathers were the founders of this grand Republic. There is no more fitting work each chapter may do, than to minister unto the needs of its "Real Daughters." The roll call is daily growing less, and for the few years any of them may be with us, let us spare no efforts to show them our love and esteem.

The Fifteenth Continental Congress through the recommendation of the national committee on "Real Daughters" passed a resolution, "That a fund be appropriated for relieving the wants of 'Real Daughters,' the amount to be fixed by the board. The claim to be duly certified to by the regent and three town or county officials or ministers of the gospel."

We earnestly request each chapter, if any of its "Real Daughters" need this financial aid, to report it to the chairman of this committee, who will present it to the National Board for their approval. Also to send a full report of the history of its "Real Daughters" at once to the chairman, and its recognition of them.

Cordially your co-workers,

ANNA INGERSOLL RICH, *Chairman.*

(Mrs. Nellis M.)

February, 1907.

To the Daughters of the American Revolution:

We desire to call the special attention of our national officers, state officers and the magazine committees of states and

chapters to the work done by Mrs. Richard Jackson Barker, who has secured two good advertisements, TILDEN-THURBER COMPANY, Providence, Colonial furniture, jewelers, silver-smiths, stationers, and the EDUCATIONAL PUBLISHING COMPANY of "The Story of the Flag" (pages 97, 99). A good word fitly spoken accomplishes much. Bear the magazine in mind and you will find an opportunity to further its interests. Mrs. Deere, the able and generous vice-president general from Illinois has subscribed for 35 copies to be sent to members during the year. Oshkosh, Wisconsin, has 33 subscribers. Missouri does well too. Kansas City has 42 subscribers, and St. Louis 52 subscribers. The editor, the business manager and the magazine committee are encouraged by the kindly acts of these friends of the magazine.

EMILY HENDREE PARK,
Chairman of the Magazine Committee.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., *February 11th, 1907.*

MRS. ELROY M. AVERY,
Cleveland, Ohio.

MY DEAR MRS. AVERY:—In the January number of the MAGAZINE I notice in the account given of the Pennsylvania state conference, it is said the conference endorsed me for vice-president general. I do not want the wrong impression given in the MAGAZINE, as the endorsement for vice-president general was made when *different chapters* read their reports and it was not a general endorsement by the conference. I am very glad to tell you that since the conference a large majority of the chapters have sent their endorsements for me for vice-president general for Pennsylvania, which is most gratifying, for I appreciate their loyal support, not only for this office but in all I have undertaken to do since I have held the office of state regent for Pennsylvania.

I would like very much if you will publish this letter in the next number of the MAGAZINE, so that the situation referring

to this matter may be thoroughly understood by the readers of the *MAGAZINE*.

MARY D. PATTON,
State Regent, Pennsylvania.

Editor of the American Monthly Magazine:

As the date of our National Congress draws near, interest in collecting funds for the completion of Memorial Continental Hall grows apace—this being acknowledged as the principal work of the entire society, and particularly members from Missouri. Besides inherent patriotism, an incentive which actuates all members, the following offer should arouse them to the highest pitch of enthusiasm viz: Our state regent has appointed me chairman of the "State Continental Memorial Hall Committee," and I have notified the vice-regents of the local chapters throughout the state of Missouri, to that effect, and in order to stimulate interest among our Daughters and spur them to greater efforts in behalf of this work, I have personally offered to the chapter with over one hundred members, and to the chapter with less than one hundred members, which makes the largest contribution, a silk United States flag, 4 feet by 6 feet in size. Mrs. Towles and myself are very ambitious to have the Daughters of the American Revolution of our state again make a handsome showing when report is made to the National Congress in Washington next April.

This is another appeal to the Missouri chapters to make their contributions the largest ever given, and with our president general, Mrs. Donald McLean its champion, state pride cannot but lead in the fulfillment of our obligation with promptness. Fifteen hundred Daughters in Missouri are building and preserving a memorial to their ancestors who fought and died for freedom, and surely it is the pride of every one to push forward the completion of that magnificent and unique monument to brave men.

This should arouse a personal interest in Continental Memorial Hall, where the memory of so many ancestors is so

tenderly preserved. Reports have come from several chapters, Capé Girardeau leading—in every instance the contribution has been one dollar per capita.

To raise funds to meet the pledge of one thousand dollars made to Mrs. McLean by the state conference last fall at St. Louis, our chapter, Elizabeth Benton, has given two successful card parties, and the Continental Hall committee were the entertainment committee of the chapter. Mrs. Jno. Sea as chairman, is arranging for a historical afternoon, when Mrs. M. Rollins Winch will give a lecture on history of the beginning of the Revolution.

MARIE HARBESON TOMB,
State Vice-Regent Missouri.

MRS. THOS. B. TOMB,
619 East 9th St.,
Kansas City, Mo.
Feb. 15th, 1907.

MEMORIAL CONTINENTAL HALL COMMITTEE.

A meeting was held on December 6, 1906 at Daughters of the American Revolution headquarters. The chairman, Mrs. Donald McLean, president general, extended a warm welcome to all the members. She announced the death of Mrs. Randall of the New York City Chapter a member of the Continental Hall committee and a resolution that a letter of condolence be sent to Mrs. Randall was adopted by a rising vote at the request of the chairman. Roll call and minutes of previous meeting approved. The chairman announced that the Kentucky Daughters of the American Revolution proposed giving a bazar for the benefit of Memorial Continental Hall and the Council Bluffs Chapter are compiling a book for the same purpose and request contributions of recipes from members. Mrs. Saeger of Pennsylvania, enclosed in a letter regretting absence from the meeting ten dollars for the Continental Hall fund.

The chairman announced that the insurance matter had been satisfactorily accomplished, experts pronouncing terms upon

which it was granted exceptionally good. In regard to the pavilions the president general stated that the architect after giving his personal supervision to the hall reported excellent progress but that there would be some delay in final completion of pavilions because of the desire of both architect and builders to have the marble of the finest quality. Some had been rejected and others ordered. The entire pavilions will however soon be under cover in regard to the installation of heating plant. A special concrete flooring has been laid rendering it, architect states, absolutely waterproof this being necessary because of the nature of the ground.

The president general spoke of her great desire to have lectures on American history delivered in Memorial Continental Hall to awaken the interest of the general public in this patriotic project, expressing the hope that it might be accomplished between the first of January and the time of the meeting of the next Continental Congress. The president general also spoke regarding the memorial portico. The architect was unable to present the exact amount required to raise foundations above the ground but approximately three or four thousand dollars. The matter of the south portico was brought before the committee regarding the contract for this work and signing of same. Mrs. Johnston moved and Mrs. Howard seconded motion "That the president general be authorized to order the work continued on the foundation of the south portico," which prevailed. In reply to inquiry president general stated that several states had contributed the money and are in a position to erect their columns; the others that have a certain sum collected are endeavoring to obtain the necessary amount to complete them. Mrs. Patton stated that Pennsylvania chapters had given an entertainment for Continental Hall fund, and would send check of \$1,000 proceeds of same to be accredited to front vestibule but for immediate use in general building fund. The president general stated that the matter regarding the investment of the society funds so as to bring in a larger interest having been adjusted the investments were accordingly made and are bringing in about a double percentage of interest.

A check was reported as just having been received from Portland, Oregon, of fifty dollars. An interesting report was made by the president general of her recent western trip and encouraging reports from various states in their work for Continental Hall. In many of these states our chairman had spoken for Continental Hall with gratifying results. Contributions from Northfield, Minnesota, a small college town, \$25.00; New York City Chapter, \$10.00 towards the museum but for use in general fund; Puritan and Cavalier Chapter, \$15.00; chapter in Berlin, \$25.00; from "One of our Friends" \$50.00; Mrs. Patton, state regent of Pennsylvania, \$5.00 for use of insignia at state conference. The president general displayed to the committee a piece of old-fashioned embroidery which she had received for a relic for Memorial Continental Hall from Mrs. Bronson, regent of Northfield Chapter, Minnesota, which was a hundred years old. Also some valuable relics, gifts of Mrs. Clark, now deceased, through Mrs. Adlai Stevenson, former president general. The president general also announced the gift of a valuable paper containing an account of the obsequies of General Washington presented by Mrs. Ryttenberg. Also valuable historic documents from Mrs. R. J. Robinson.

Resolution offered and adopted that these donors receive letters expressing the thanks of the committee. Dr. McGee moved that the Memorial Continental Hall committee give an entertainment during the week of the congress for the benefit of Memorial Continental Hall fund—which was carried.

Mrs. Draper announced the sale of four hundred blotters, with picture of president general and Continental Hall, by her chapter for the Continental Hall fund, also that she had been given the genuine recipe for the Lady Baltimore cake which she would sell for twenty-five cents (not to be published) but the proceeds for the building fund.

Another meeting of the committee was held January 10, 1907 at Daughters of the American Revolution headquarters. The president general extended a greeting and expressed gratification at so large an attendance.

The chair stated that through the generous action of Mrs. Barker, vice-president general of Rhode Island, the chair could announce that state now completes its contribution for the memorial column by sending \$120.00 from Woonsocket Chapter. Mrs. Barker stated the money given to complete the Rhode Island column was handed to the president general, Mrs. Donald McLean, for that purpose at the close of her visit to Rhode Island. Mrs. Barker was requested to convey to the Rhode Island chapters the appreciation of the committee in this matter. The chair announced a gift of ten dollars from Mrs. Theodore Bates, vice-president general from Massachusetts, unavoidably absent; also \$5.00 from Mrs. Crandon Smith.

At the request of the chair the proposed entertainment for the benefit of Continental Hall was taken up for discussion; this entertainment by the entire Continental Hall committee for benefit of the general building fund.

Miss Solomons stated that the Mary Washington Chapter expects to give an entertainment at the Belasco Theatre for the benefit of the Library.

Mrs. Knott announced that the Baltimore Chapter desire with the permission of the committee to contribute a gallery clock to Memorial Continental Hall.

Mrs. Howard moved that this offer be accepted with thanks. Mrs. Barker read a telegram from the Gaspee Chapter sending crystal anniversary greetings from the chapter to the committee.

FRANCES M. TERRY,
Secretary.

A meeting of the Committee on Continental Memorial Hall was held Thursday afternoon, February 7, 1907, at Daughters of the American Revolution headquarters, 902 F street, Washington, D. C.

The meeting was called to order by the president general, Mrs. Donald McLean, chairman of the committee, who stated that the secretary was absent owing to illness in her home, and

would be represented at this meeting by Mrs. Henry S. Bowron, of New York. Mrs. Bowron was then presented to the committee and at the request of the chair assumed the duties of acting secretary.

REPORT OF TREASURER GENERAL.

January 31, 1907.

CURRENT FUND.

Balance, January 31, 1907.

In National Metropolitan Bank,	\$5,366 85
In Washington Loan and Trust Bank,	7,863 57
	<hr/>
	\$13,230 42

CONTINENTAL HALL FUND FOR SPECIAL PURPOSES AND RELEASED FOR GENERAL BUILDING FUND.

Released.	January 8, 1907.	Special Purposes.
\$10 00	Alabama room,	\$221 00
	Ann Story Chapter, Vt.	75 00
	Bronze doors, Mrs. Moran,	641 56
	C. A. R. room,	185 00
5 00	Chandelier fund,	750 00
	Continental Dames Chapter, District of Columbia, chair for president general,	100 00
1 00	Delaware room,	236 00
	Delaware column,	2,000 00
605 50	District of Columbia room,	665 50
5,605 90	Front vestibule, Pennsylvania,	5,605 90
125 00	Glass square coat-of-arms,	125 00
	Georgia column,	1,105 76
	Illinois room,	2,145 05
	Iowa Room,	25 00
	John Marshall Chapter, "Box,"	500 00
	Library—Mary Washington Chapter of District of Columbia,	925 50
	Maine Room,	682 20
	Maryland column,	2,000 00
10 00	Memorial to Nathan Hale,	110 00
	Missouri room,	1,128 00
3,121 25	Museum—New York City Chapter,	3,121 25
	New Hampshire column,	2,007 00

	New Hampshire portrait bust,	240 00
105 00	New York room,	2,485 00
100 00	New Jersey room,	723 00
	North Carolina column,	420 00
1,251 00	Ohio room,	1,251 00
	President general's room,	156 25
	Rhode Island column,	1,879 97
	Sophie de Marsac Campau Chapter, Michigan, to be held in trust for a memorial to Mrs. Hollister,	235 00
	South Carolina column,	244 05
	Texas room,	327 30
100 00	Ten mahogany doors,	1,000 00
	Virginia column,	2,000 00
100 00	One middle door,	100 00
	West Virginia room,	250 00
	Washington bust,	25 00
<hr/>		
\$11,139 65		\$35,685 29
	Loaned,	11,139 65
	Held,	\$24,545 64

It is the earnest wish of the president general and the Continental Hall Committee that the special contributions be released to the general building fund.

PERMANENT FUND.

Balance in bank at last report, December 31, 1905, \$20,051 30

RECEIPTS.

Charter Fees.

<i>Orlando Chapter, Florida,</i>	\$5 00
<i>Muskogee Chapter, Indian Territory,</i>	5 00
<i>Washington Chapter, Iowa,</i>	5 00
<i>Filson Chapter, Kentucky,</i>	5 00
<i>Col. Loammi Baldwin Chapter, Massachusetts,...</i>	5 00
	<hr/>
	\$25 00

Life Membership Fees.

Mrs. Grace M. F. Bonner, <i>Oakland Chapter, California,</i>	\$12 50
Mrs. Wilhelmina Ashford, <i>Sarah McIntosh Chapter, Georgia,</i>	12 50

Mrs. Nellie B. Appleton, <i>Prudence Wright Chapter</i> , Massachusetts,	12 50
Miss Angie Marie Jordan, <i>Prudence Wright Chapter</i> , Massachusetts,	12 50
Mrs. Hattie B. H. Norris, <i>Joplin Chapter</i> , Missouri,	12 50
Mrs. Carrie H. W. Hussey, <i>Mary Torr Chapter</i> , New Hampshire,	12 50
Miss Mary B. Alden, <i>Irondequoit Chapter</i> , New York,	12 50
Mrs. Charles Perkins, <i>Mahweonasigh Chapter</i> , New York,	12 50
Mrs. Sanford D. Stockton, <i>Mahweonasigh Chapter</i> , New York,	12 50
Miss E. Leaming, <i>Western Reserve Chapter</i> , Ohio,	12 50
Mrs. Mary V. Rowley, <i>Western Reserve Chapter</i> , Ohio,	12 50
Mrs. Minnie Logue Callear, <i>Pittsburgh Chapter</i> , Pennsylvania,	12 50
Mrs. Harriette D. Foster, <i>Pittsburgh Chapter</i> , Pennsylvania,	12 50
Mrs. Carrie Stranthan Lawrence, <i>Pittsburgh Chapter</i> , Pennsylvania,	12 50
Miss Rose Guthrie Marsh, <i>Pittsburgh Chapter</i> , Pennsylvania,	12 50
Miss Harriet A. Emerick, <i>Warrior Run Chapter</i> , Pennsylvania,	12 50
Mrs. Emma W. Ivey, <i>Blue Ridge Chapter</i> , Virginia,	12 50

 \$212 50

Continental Hall Contributions.

Mrs. Mattie F. B. Campbell, of <i>Alaska Chapter</i> , Alaska,	\$1 00
Mrs. Mary A. C. W. Mills, of <i>Alaska Chapter</i> , Alaska,	1 00
Mrs. Martha J. Smith, of <i>Alaska Chapter</i> , Alaska,	1 00
Miss Anna B. Vanderbilt, of <i>Alaska Chapter</i> , Alaska,	1 00
Mrs. Clarendon Smith, of <i>Maricopa Chapter</i> , Arizona,	5 00
<i>Eschscholtzia Chapter</i> , California,	100 00
Mrs. R. C. Du Bois, <i>District of Columbia</i> , proceeds from sale of Continental Hall pictures...	68 87

Mrs. Helen P. Kane, of <i>District of Columbia</i> , ..	1 00	
<i>Cedar Falls Chapter</i> , Iowa,	15 00	
Mrs. Theodore C. Bates, of <i>Col. Timothy Bigelow Chapter</i> , Massachusetts,	10 00	
<i>Sea Coast Defence Chapter</i> , Massachusetts,.....	35 00	
<i>Buntin Chapter</i> , New Hampshire,	25 00	
<i>Gen. Lafayette Chapter</i> , New Jersey,	20 00	
<i>Orange Mountain Chapter</i> , proceeds from sale of patriotic calendar, account of New Jersey Room,	7 50	
Mrs. Gertrude Fassett Jones, of <i>Catherine Schuyler Chapter</i> , New York,	50 00	
<i>Minisink Chapter</i> , New York,	100 00	
<i>Mohawk Valley Chapter</i> , New York,	25 00	
<i>Chester County, Delaware County, Independence Hall, Philadelphia, and Quaker City Chapters</i> , on account of front vestibule, Pennsylvania,	1,111 84	
<i>Germantown Chapter</i> , Pennsylvania, account of front vestibule,	25 00	
<i>Woonsocket Chapter</i> , account Rhode Island column, Rhode Island,	120 03	
<i>State of Washington</i> , Washington, on account of bust of Washington,	25 00	
<i>Col. Charles Lewis Chapter</i> , West Virginia, on account West Virginia Room,	42 00	
		<hr/> \$1,775 24
Commission on Recognition Pins,	8 10	8 10
Permanent Interest, on cash balance in banks, ..	414 13	
On investments,	200 00	
		<hr/> 614 13
		<hr/> \$31,686 27

EXPENDITURES.

Second payment on account of rear pavilions, ...	\$4,980 00	
First payment on account of heating contract, ..	4,200 00	
		<hr/> 9,180 00
Cash balance on deposit in banks,	\$22,506 27	

Permanent Investments:

5,000 par value Chicago & Alton R. R. 3% bonds,	\$4,000 60
10,000 par value Balto. & Ohio R. R. 4% bonds ..,	10,150 00

10,000 par value Union Pacific R. R. 4% bonds, .. 10,326 50	\$24,477 10
	<hr/>
Total Permanent Fund, cash and investments,	\$46,983 37

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

N. E. S. DAVIS,

Treasurer General, N. S. D. A. R.

The president general wishes special attention drawn to the fact that \$614.13 is reported as *interest* on investment of funds—a highly gratifying statement.

Following the report of the treasurer general, Mrs. Draper moved: "That the list of funds for special purposes be published, together with the names (and amounts) of those who have released or loaned to the general building fund." Seconded by Mrs. Ryttenberg. Motion carried.

The chair requested an expression of opinion from the committee in regard to the matter of applying the money donated for special purposes to the general building fund.

Mrs. Patton, Pennsylvania state regent, stated that when Pennsylvania assumed the completion of the vestibule in Memorial Continental Hall, it was not with the intention of tying up the money and thus retarding the building of the hall; but with the distinct understanding that the money should be used whenever it was seen best for the building, and the vestibule when finished should be known as Pennsylvania's work.

Mrs. Getchell added her endorsement of this, and expressed the hope that the sums given for special purposes would be released when required for the general building.

Mrs. Scott, of Illinois, stated that it was the understanding of her state that the money appropriated by the members for the Illinois room was to be applied when needed, for the general building fund; and when the hall is completed that room set apart for the state, would be known as the Illinois room. Mrs. Deere, vice-president general of Illinois, expressed the same views, and stated that she would request the Daughters of the American Revolution treasurer of Illinois to write to

the treasurer general, Daughters of the American Revolution expressing the state's willingness to have the same contributed to special purposes applied to the general building fund.

The chair addressed the committee as follows:

"Your chairman has a gratifying report of progress; but regrets to state that the inclement weather has somewhat delayed the placing of the marble of the last pavilion. The architect and builders feared that to place it in this weather would make the cement unstable, but as soon as the weather becomes milder the fourth pavilion will be finished. The foundation for the installation of the heating plant is completed, and everything is in position for the final work. In regard to the proposed course of historical lectures, the National University committee is in communication with President Needham, of the George Washington University, and it is hoped that a course of these lectures will certainly be inaugurated in the near future. Of course the delay of one month in the work—which we understand—will make some difference in the moving of our offices to the hall. Your chairman had hoped to have the offices moved by the time of the next congress; and is still hopeful, but not positive. We must use discretion in the matter."

The following announcements were made by the president general who spoke with great appreciation of the gifts:

A check of \$50.00 from Mrs. Gertrude F. Jones, of Wellsville, New York, member of the Catherine Schuyler Chapter, of which Mrs. Hamilton Ward is regent; this to be applied to the general building fund.

The president general read extracts from a letter as follows:

MEXICO, January 18, 1907.

MRS. DONALD McLEAN, Prest. Gen. D. A. R.,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mrs. McLean:—Please find enclosed draft A. 27784, of the U. S. B'kg. Co. S. A. on the Chase Nat. Bank, N. Y., for \$68.00, U. S. currency. This is what our delegate to the Congress last year promised, as our Chapter's contribution towards the Cont. Hall fund. Please have it credited to our Chapter and acknowledgment given.

Yours very sincerely,

(Signed)

BESSIE KIRKLAND JOHNSON, *Treas.*
Benjamin Franklin Chapter, Mexico City.

(This especially gratified the president general, coming from such a distance.)

From the New York City Chapter \$500, which is to go eventually to the museum, but which the chapter is willing to apply now to the general building fund; also a gift of \$5.00 from Mrs. Sarah K. Fellows, of Brooklyn, New York, a member of the New York City Chapter. The sum to be credited to the museum, but for use in general building fund.

Mrs. Patton moved that a letter of thanks be sent to Mrs. Jones, of Wellsville, New York, for her generous contribution to Memorial Continental Hall. Motion carried.

Mrs. Newberry moved that a resolution of thanks be sent to the regent and chapter in Mexico, expressing the committee's appreciation of this gift. Motion carried.

Miss Miller moved that the generous gift of the New York City Chapter be acknowledged with thanks; also, to Mrs. Sarah K. Fellows.

The president general announced that Mrs. A. J. Robinson, member of Continental Hall committee from New York, had been chairman of the committee to procure volunteer theatrical attractions for the New York City Chapter benefit for Continental Hall, and that Mrs. George M. Ryttenberg had been chairman of the committee on business management of the benefit,—the successful results achieved were highly gratifying.

A letter was read from Mrs. H. S. Chamberlain, vice-president general from Tennessee, stating that she is unable to attend this meeting of the Continental Hall committee, her presence being needed at a ball to be given on the 12th instant for the benefit of Continental Hall. Mrs. Chamberlain reports the greatest enthusiasm among the chapter members that she has seen during her ten years' work for the hall.

Mrs. Mussey announced an invitation from the Mount Vernon Chapter of Virginia to attend the ceremonies at Christ Church, on February 22nd, at 10 o'clock, when a patriotic program will be rendered, and the contribution taken up applied to the restoration of old Pohick Church.

At the request of the president general Mrs. Gadsby, who

had been appointed a committee of one, to prepare a memorial on the death of Miss Elizabeth Bryant Johnston, which occurred on January 14, 1907, read to the committee the following:

At our last Continental Hall meeting, January 10th, there was one familiar face missing; one who has been with us from the first inception of the project of a Memorial Hall; one whose voice was ever raised for the truest and highest in womanhood and patriotism. Her regrets were sent to the president general, that she "was not well, but would be at the next meeting." Four days later she had gone to meet her reward for a noble, self-sacrificing, loving life, devoted to her family, her friends, and her country. In her words she has expressed so beautifully her love of country: "Let love of country become more a part of our religion,—that part which rises above all theories, philosophies and creeds,—uniting us, if in nothing else, in the divine fellowship of the love of country."

At the December meeting, by request of our president general, she spoke of her gratification, that the cherished project of the thirteen columns was fast becoming a reality, and afterwards to me and her sister, of her pleasure in the deference shown her by the president general.

The memorial columns for the thirteen original states for Continental Memorial Hall will be a monument to her thought, for she it was who first suggested and constantly urged the acceptance of her idea, until it was so ordered, and the consent of the states sought, to what will be one of the most beautiful features of our Memorial Hall. She also suggested that her motion be passed for the "Book of Remembrance," a large and handsome volume for the names of donors to Memorial Continental Hall. Motion passed February 7, 1905. Said book to be purchased by Continental Hall committee at some future time.

I ask the privilege of the chairman and this committee to make Miss Johnston's own book, "George Washington Day by Day," a memorial to her, by appropriating the money raised on her own work to purchase the Book of Remembrance, suggested by her, and to have her name engraved thereon.

This volume is the last one of the edition of five hundred. It is a rare and valuable historical work. Each person giving toward this fund twenty-five cents, or more, has the opportunity of eventually becoming the possessor, as one of the subscribers will receive this book, when a sufficient sum has been realized to purchase the Book of Remembrance. As one very close to her, it seems to me she would appreciate this tribute of loving service in her name.

I move therefore, that this Continental Hall committee prepare a set of resolutions expressive of their high regard for Miss Elizabeth

Bryant Johnston, and appreciation of her many and distinguished services to the society as a member of this committee, and that a copy of these resolutions be sent to her family.

Mrs. Draper moved to amend by substituting the resolution just presented by Mrs. Gadsby as the resolutions to be sent to the family of Miss Johnston. Motion as amended voted on and carried.

At the request of the president general, the committee arose in loving memory of their late co-worker and member, Miss Elizabeth Bryant Johnston.

Many of the members present added their testimony to her loyalty and devotion to the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution and her earnestness in all patriotic work.

Mrs. Lockwood announced that memorial services would be held in honor of Miss Johnston on Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock, and invited the committee to be present.

Mrs. Keim moved: "That the plan of securing a memorial for Miss E. B. Johnston, as suggested and outlined by Mrs. Gadsby, be carried out, with thanks to Mrs. Gadsby." Motion unanimously carried.

At five o'clock, it was moved and carried that the committee adjourn.

GENEALOGICAL NOTES AND QUERIES

"After years the tale shall tell

Who bravely fought, who nobly fell."—*Mrs. Daniels.*

Inquirers are requested to observe the following suggestions:

1. Write plainly, especially all proper names.
2. Give, when possible, dates or approximate dates, localities, or some clue to the state in which the ancestor lived.
3. *Inquiries for ancestors who lived during or near the Revolutionary period will be inserted in preference to those of an earlier period.*
4. Enclose stamp for each query.
5. Give full name and address that correspondence when necessary may be had with inquirers.
6. *Queries will be inserted as early as possible after they are received, but the dates of reception determine the order of their insertion.*

7. Answers, partial answers or any information regarding queries are urgently requested and all answers will be used as soon as possible after they are received.

*Mrs. Lydia Bolles Newcomb,
Genealogical Department, American Monthly Magazine,
New Haven, Connecticut.*

Attention is called to rules 3 and 4

ANSWERS.

271. SELDEN—BULL.—A correspondent writes, "The following has been searched for long and hard for a long time. I have just unearthed it. Will you publish it?"

Sarah Selden, daughter of Ebenezer and Mary (Olcott) Selden, married May 31, 1798, at Middlefield, Mass., Seth Bull.—M. O. LeB.

780. SAYRE.—Is this the Joshua Sayre desired? Francis² Sayre born in Eng. (son of Thomas¹ of Eng.) married Sarah Wheeler, daughter of Thomas. Sarah (Wheeler) Sayre d. Dec., 1673. Ichabod² married in New London, Conn., Mary Hubbard, daughter of Hugh and Jane (Lathrop) Hubbard. Ichabod⁴ b. in Southampton, L. I. d. 1782; married at Southampton Elizabeth ———. Joshua² married 1st Martha Halsey, daughter of Joseph and Martha Williams. She d. 1754. He married 2nd Elizabeth Cooper, daughter of Samuel and Abigail Cooper. Joshua⁶, born Aug. 18, 1755, married Feb. 26, 1777, Dency Harlow. Children of Joshua⁶ and Dency (Harlow) Sayre: Nathaniel Harlow, b. 1778, married Jane Telford; James⁷ bapt. July 3, 1784; Thomas, b. 1780, married Agnes Telford, went to Mobile, Ala., and died of yellow fever.—M. J. B. (From *Sayre Genealogy*).

A Joshua Sayre was one of the original settlers of Minnisink, Orange Co., N. J., was member of New York legislature 1814 and supervisor of the town 1820.—(*Hist. Minnisink.*)

789. MAXWELL.—John Osborne⁴ Maxwell of New Jersey married Betsey Carey. Their children were: Phebe who married Lansing Predmore; Jacob, Daniel, Rhoda, James, John. This may be the Rhoda inquired for.

John O.⁴ Maxwell, father of Rhoda, was son of Capt. John³ Maxwell and wife Eunice Osborne whose first child, Jacob, was born Aug. 5, 1786. John O.⁴ was third child. Capt. John³ was captain of militia and removed to Sussex Co. in 1800. He was the son of John² (John¹) who lived at Westfield, New Jersey.—(*Settlers in Passaic Valley.*)

840. SMITH.—Lieut. Asahel Smith was on the schooner *Spy*, 1778, Capt. Robert Niles of Norwich, Conn.

Asail Smith on the brig *Defence* 1776. This brig cruised off Boston Harbor in 1776 and captured several valuable prizes. In 1778 it, with the *Cromwell* fought and captured the *Admiral Keppel* with the crews

and brought them to Boston.—(*Conn. in Rev.; Vol. VIII, Hist. Coll.*)

841. LEE.—My grandfather Daniel Lee and his father volunteered in 1776. I cannot give the name of Daniel's father, but think it may have been Jephthah. Daniel Lee married Jerusha Page. This may be the family asked for by "G. W. D."—M. F. S.

The names of Jephthah and Daniel Lee are found in the list of New York soldiers in Rev. War. John Lee, b. in Eng., Essex Co., 1620, came to America 1634, and in 1641 settled in Farmington, Conn.; he married Mary Hart and died in 1690. He had a son Thomas who served in the French and Indian Wars. He had a son Edward G. and his son named Jephthah went to Newburgh, N. Y., served in the Rev. War and drew lot 14 in township of Newburgh for his services; also received 600 acres in town of Ulysses, N. Y. He married Esther Franklin of Beekman. He had three sons, Daniel, Amos and Franklin.—G. W. D.

QUERIES.

937. GAINES.—The names of the father and the brothers of Gen. Gaines, of Vir., b. 1777, an officer in the War of 1812. His wife was Myra Clark. A brother of Gen. Gaines had a daughter Mary who married John Clark of Richgrove, Ky. The name of the father of Mary Gaines is very much desired.—H. F. M. S.

938. COLE.—The name of the wife and children of Elisha Cole is desired. He was b. Jan. 20, 1688-9, probably in Plymouth, Mass; was the son of William Cole b. 1663 and wife Hannah Snow b. Aug. 26, 1667.—M. C. C.

939. SCHLEICH.—Peter Schleich b. in Germany 1761 came to N. J. 1771; married Mary Doane. He afterward moved to Penn. His Rev. service is desired, as family tradition says he served in the war.—A. C. C.

940. HILLS.—Nathan (possibly Nathaniel) Hills served in Rev. War from Conn. He died of smallpox while in service. His name was taken off the payroll Dec., 1781. In April, 1782, there was a will of Nathaniel Hills probated in Hartford mentioning wife Eunice and several children. Was this the same as Nathan Hills? Can any one give the names of the wife and children of Nathan Hills?—H. P. deL.

941. WOODBURN—DAVENPORT.—Elizabeth Woodburn married in 1775 Anthony Davenport of Newburyport, Mass. She died 1785 aged thirty years. She had two brothers, Samuel and Joseph, and two sisters, Sarah who married ——— Cummings—the other married a Frenchman, ——— Robideau, and lived in Belchertown, Mass. Information desired.—M. E. G.

942. LYTLE.—I wish to learn the war record of John Lytle of Penn. He is called in family history "Captain John Lytle who helped to defend Fort Augusta." His daughter, Eleanor Lytle, married Matthew Brown, a member of the Committee of Safety in Conn. He also served in the Rev. War and died of fever contracted in service. His

widow Augusta and eight children were among those who went to Fort Augusta for protection in what was known as the "big runaway of 1778." Capt. John Lytle deeded a tract of land in White Deer Valley to his widowed daughter Eleanor and her children. Any items connected with John Lytle will be appreciated.—H. P. B.

943. JOHN.—I would like to get the dates of birth and death of James John, and his Revolutionary record. The John family came to America about 1736 and settled in Chestertown, Penn. David Johns (the *s* was added about this time) was born May 29, 1786, died May 15, 1837. Any items of the parentage of James John will be appreciated.—R. E. J.

944. HARRINGTON—ADAMS.—Can you give me information of Edward Hampton Harrington and his first wife Anne (Bradshaw) Adams, married in Montgomery, Ala., 1839. He came from Sumter, S. C., with his father Absalom Harrington whose wife's name was ——— Martin. Absalom Harrington had three sisters two of whom married *Barketts* by name, and one married ——— McIntosh. Revolutionary service of any of the above is desired.—E. B. B.

945. (1) CLARK.—Ancestry, descendants and information wanted of Rev. John Clark b. in Kent Co., Md., Oct. 7, 1766. A correspondent writes that James Clark, father of Matthew Clark of Bethel Church, Harford Co., Md., married Miss Wilson, sister of James (d. 1777), Archibald and John (d. 1780). John Wilson's son Andrew, d. 1798, subscribed fifteen shillings a year on a call of Rev. John Clark, according to "Cross's Bethel Church," a publication I have been unable to find, and ask any reader to help me. Rev. John Clark was ordained to Methodist ministry Sept. 1, 1794, by Bishop Asbury. Sept. 3, 1801, he was settled as pastor of First Presbyterian Church, Pleasant Valley, Dutchess Co., N. Y. Afterward he accepted a call to the Presbyterian Church, Pittsgrove, N. J., but in May, 1808, he was recalled to the church in Pleasant Valley, and continued pastor until Sept. 29, 1829. He died Jan. 12, 1845, and is buried with his wife in the churchyard adjoining the church. He married about 1793 Mary (Jaques) Hutchinson, b. 1769, d. 1854, widow of Rev. Aaron Hutchinson. They had seven children.

(2) WALTER—HAHN.—Ancestry and descendants wanted of James Walter of Weston, near Bristol, Eng.; afterwards in Providence, R. I.; married Mary Hahn of Providence, or Pawtucket, R. I. They had children, Samuel and James Hahn Walter. Samuel had a daughter who married ——— Nicholson of Providence. James Hahn Walter married October 7, 1819, Mary Cheetham, born Dec. 31, 1796, d. Mar. 3, 1866, daughter of James Cheetham of Manchester, Eng., and wife Rachel Howarth of Stockport, Eng. The children of James Hahn and Mary (Cheetham) Walter are: James Romeyn, b. Jan. 21, 1821, married Caroline Allason; Mary Elizabeth, b. Nov. 19, 1822, married

Joseph Bayley, Jr.; William Henry, b. July 1, 1825, married Elizabeth W. Ham.

(3) PIKE.—Will some reader of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE give me the address of the Pike Family Association of America which recently held its fifth reunion in Boston, Mass. Also advise if a genealogy of the Pike family has been written, or history of Gen. Zebulon Montgomery Pike, from whom Pike's Peak, Colorado, is named.—HENRY M. WALTER, *Washington, D. C.*

946. GREENE—HUNT.—Rev. Myles Greene, b. in Sussex Co., Vir., June 6, 1767, married 1788 Elizabeth Hunt. They moved to Hancock Co., Ga., in 1791. He d. 1853. The Rev. Myles Green was my ancestor, and in his diary he refers to his father and the Rev. War, but does not mention his father's name. Can any connection be traced to Nathaniel Green, a Quaker preacher, who married for second wife Mary Mott? He was the father of Gen. Nathaniel Greene b. 1742.—M. G. S.

947. NICKOLLS—SUTPHEN.—Wanted the name of the father of Deborah Nickolls who married Abram Sutphen of Monmouth Co., N. J. Did her father have a Rev. record? They lived in Freehold, N. J., and are buried there.—G. F. P.

948. (1) FOWLER.—The dates of birth and death and the name of wife of Samuel Fowler are desired. He was son of John Fowler of Newburgh Precinct, N. Y. Samuel Fowler was in the third Ulster Co. regiment, N. Y.

(2) HARWOOD—BELT.—Was William Harwood, son of Sir Edward Harwood, of Fairfax Co., Vir., in the Rev. War? What was the name of his wife? The son of William married Elizabeth Belt of Vir.—C. V. L.

949. POLLOCK.—Information desired of the Rev. record of Samuel Pollock who came to America from Scotland before the Rev. War and settled on a grant of land at Clokey, Washington Co., Penn.—J. P. S.

950. HOUGHTALING—BUCKBEE.—Can you give me any information of the ancestry of Peter Houghtaling, b. Nov. 14, 1805, in Albany Co., N. Y., married May 22, 1828, Harriet Buckbee, b. in Albany Co., May 5, 1810? The ancestry of Harriet Buckbee is also desired, hoping to obtain some Rev. record of these ancestors.—G. M. H.

951. SHAW—BARNETTE.—Wanted the Revolutionary ancestry of Elizabeth Barnette who married about 1793 John Shaw in or near Hagerstown, Md. They afterward moved to Ruddells Mills, Bourbon Co., Ky.—B. S. P.

952. BADGER.—Will some one help me in the search for the Badger family? My great-grandfather, Nathaniel Badger, d. about 1842. He married Elizabeth Peeples of Barnwell District, S. Car. Nathaniel and a brother John moved to S. Car. prior to 1799, and both married there. Were they related to Thomas Badger who came from Conn. to N. Car.? Thomas Badger was son of Edmund Badger and wife Lucretia Abel. Edmund was born at Union, Conn., 1738, son of Na-

thaniel who lived first at Norwich Farms Conn., then at Union. My grandfather, John Peebles Badger, b. 1799, d. Feb. 27, 1846, married Sarah Calhoun, and family tradition says he was cousin to Hon. George E. Badger of N. Car. who was Sec. of the Navy under Harrison and Tyler. If I could learn the name of the father of Nathaniel and John who settled in S. Car. prior to 1799, it would solve the difficulty.—L. M. B.

953. (1) LOFTIN.—The Revolutionary record of Elkana Loftin is desired. He moved with his father, Benoni Loftin, from Penn. to Craven Co., N. Car., in 1760. He married Mrs. Herren of Irish descent. It is family tradition that he served in the Rev. War, but we have no proof.

(2) DILAHUNTY—NEAL.—The Dilahunty (De la Hunte) family was from France, and was a Huguenot family. They came to America in 1715 and settled in Maryland. Daniel Dilahunty died there and his wife Mary. Their son John b. 1728 d. May, 1816, and married 1747 Hannah Neal, b. March, 1732, daughter of Francis and Ann Neal of Baltimore. John moved in a few years to N. Car., not far from Newburn. In 1796 he moved to Tenn. While in N. Car. he was connected with the Land Office and took the latter spelling of the name—Dilahunty. He took part in the Revolutionary struggles and suffered from loss of property common to those who devoted themselves to the service of their country. I wish to learn the Colonial or Rev. service of Daniel Dilahunty and also of Francis Neal. Also any Rev. record of Silas Dilahunty, son of John, and the name of his wife, which may have been Baber or Baker. He had a brother Thomas. He is spoken of in Burkitt and Reed's Baptist History of N. Car., but I have not been able to obtain the book.

953. (3) NANCE—CHANDLER.—Would like the ancestry of Nancy (perhaps Mary) Nance of Leaf River, Vir., who married John Chandler of Vir.—I. M. D.

954. McGLACHLIN.—Family tradition says that James McGlachlin came from Scotland, and that he served in the Rev. War, was taken prisoner and was drowned in the St. Lawrence River. He had a son Daniel who had a son Ephraim who was born in Montgomery Co., N. Y. Any information of the family will be appreciated.—C. McG. J.

955. (1) GREEN.—I would like information of a Green line of R. I. Ancestry of Alonzo Green, son of Arnold Green, b. Aug. 4, 1798, in R. I.

(2) TAFT.—Also a Taft line. Ancestry of Zeria Taft of Vt., son of Peter Taft.—H. L. S.

The address of "H. C. E.," query 789 in July number of AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE is desired. Unfortunately "H. C. E." sent only initials. "B. S. P." desires to correspond with her. (See No. 5 to inquirers.)

**NATIONAL SOCIETY
OF THE**

Children of the American Revolution

January Meeting, 1907.

The regular monthly meeting of the National Board of Management, Children of the American Revolution, was held at 902 F street, Washington, D. C., at 10 o'clock a. m., January 10, 1907.

Members present: Mrs. Dubois, Mrs. Howard, Mrs. Marsh, Mrs. Janin, Mrs. Tweedale, Miss Hetzel, Mrs. Darwin, Miss Hooper, Mrs. Bond, Miss Yeatman, Miss Tulloch.

In the absence of the Chaplain, the ladies repeated the Lord's Prayer, after which the minutes of the preceding meeting were read and approved.

The Corresponding Secretary reported having written four letters and issued the following supplies: 116 application blanks, 65 poems and pledges, 15 lists of officers, 13 constitutions, 3 permits.

The report was accepted.

The Registrar reported 21 applications and on motion the Secretary was instructed to cast the ballot for their admission to the Society, provided all dues had been paid. This was done and the applicants declared members of the National Society of the Children of the American Revolution. The report was accepted.

The Treasurer reported as follows:

Balance December 1, 1906.....	\$3.71
Receipts to January 1, 1907.....	61.55
	\$65.26
Total.....	\$65.26
Disbursed.....	22.70
	\$42.56
Investments—Notes	\$2,000.00
Bank	202.15
	\$2,202.15
Continental Hall Fund	\$882.53

The report was accepted.

Miss Yeatman, Director for the District of Columbia, announced that the Societies under her charge were making plans to celebrate the 22d of February.

Miss Hetzel was authorized to have 50 certificates engraved.

The Corresponding Secretary was instructed to write Mrs. Hubbard, President of the Valentine Holt Society of San Francisco, Cal., explaining that the delay in the transmission of the transfer cards was unavoidable.

able, and returning \$10.00, as no initiation fee is required for Children of the American Revolution when entering the parent Society.

The President reported that she had not succeeded in finding a suitable chair for the sum appropriated at the last meeting, viz, \$10.00, but would make further effort.

The Vice-President, in charge of organization, reported as follows:

Names presented for confirmation:

Mrs. Charles Johnson, as President of Liberty Society, Urbana, Ohio, to succeed Mrs. Duncan McDonald.

Mrs. Whipple, as temporary President of the Daniel Boone Society, of Cheyenne, Wyo., to succeed Mrs. Walton, resigned.

Mrs. Lucy Ranney and Mrs. R. E. Fitch Taliaferro, as State Promoters for Wyoming.

Mrs. Frank Filmore Davis, for President at New Rochelle, N. Y.

Mrs. Nathan Sparks, for President of Fort Steuben Society, at Jeffersonville, Ind.

Mrs. H. J. Howieson, for President at Yonkers, N. Y.

The name Old Glory for Society forming at Lake Mills, Wis., under the leadership of Mrs. Robert Fargo.

Letters written, 6; received, 18.

Continental Hall postals, 50.

The names were confirmed and the report accepted.

As Chairman of the Printing Committee Mrs. Darwin was authorized to order 1,000 transfer cards from Byron Adams, at a cost of \$4.50.

The Corresponding Secretary was authorized to order official paper, the amount being left to her own discretion.

Mrs. Howard spoke of having the Children celebrate the 13th of May next, that being the 300th anniversary of the first permanent English settlement in America, and it was suggested that 125 postal cards be printed and sent to the Presidents of the Local Societies requesting them to make plans for such observance.

The Treasurer was authorized to pay the bill for the picture of the National President which appeared in the December number of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE accompanying the article on the National Society of the Children of the American Revolution.

There being no further business to consider the Board adjourned.

Respectfully submitted,

ELIZA COLMAN TULLOCH,
Secretary.

Mrs. Fred. T. Dubois, the National President of the Society of the Children of the American Revolution, requests the local presidents to observe May 13, with their societies, as the day of the landing of the first white settlers in America at Jamestown, A. D. 1607.

Very respectfully,

GERTRUDE B. DARWIN,
National Vice-President of Organization.

IN MEMORIAM

The Tioughnioga Chapter, Cortland, New York, has suffered the loss of three valued members within the last year:

MISS MARY E. HUBBARD, April 8, 1906.

MRS. FERDINAND DAHLER, May 26, 1906.

MRS. HARRIS T. BURGESS, January 6, 1907.

CHARLOTTE W. HERRICK, wife of Rev. Dr. Osgood E. Herrick, United States Army, retired, and a beloved member of LeRay de Chaumont Chapter, died in Watertown, N. Y., Friday, April 6, 1906.

MRS. J. W. SAUNDERS.—Commodore Perry Chapter, Memphis, Tennessee, lost a valued member when death claimed Mrs. Saunders. She was treasurer of the chapter for several years. Mrs. Saunders came of a prominent family, her father being Col. William Sillers of Port Gibson, Miss. Her character and disposition have surrounded her with many friends, not only in the chapter, but outside in the world of society who mourn, with us, her loss.

MRS. MARILLA CLARKE WHEELER, for several years chaplain of the Olean Chapter, Olean, N. Y., died January 21, 1907, aged 86 years. She was the oldest and one of the most beloved members of the chapter. The remembrance of her brilliant mind, her Christian charity and many womanly virtues should prove an inspiration to all who knew her. She was deeply interested in patriotic work and her wise counsel and un-failing generosity will be greatly missed.

MRS. LOUISE ADAMS (ROBINSON) HITCH.—Charter member of Martha's Vineyard Chapter, Edgartown, Mass., widow of James C. Hitch and twin daughter of Henry and Lucretia (Adams) Robinson, died at her home in New Bedford, Mass., January 16, 1907.

MISS ADELLE BALDWIN (Helen Channey), Mary Clap Wooster Chapter, New Haven, Conn., died January 10, 1907.

MRS. FRANCES PRINCE OVIATT, Mary Clap Wooster Chapter, died January 13, 1907. Mrs. Oviatt was one of the youngest members of the Chapter.

MRS. HARRIET PENNIWELL KENNEY, wife of former United States Senator R. R. Kenney and sister of Mayor William Penniwell, died at her home February 10, aged 46. She was a charter member of the Colonel Hazlet Chapter, Dover, Del. She was a descendant of Chief Justice Clark, of Delaware. Her loss will be deeply felt by the chapter.

MRS. JENNIE M. TAYLOR, Camden Chapter, New York, crossed the River February 13, 1907, at her home in Ilion, N. Y. The Chapter extends sympathy to her family and relatives. They sent a wreath to be placed on her grave.

BOOK NOTES

HISTORY OF REDDING, CONN., by *Charles Burr Todd*, Bethel, Conn. The book is sold at \$5 in a limited edition, but is offered by the author to libraries only at the special price of \$4.

This work is a valuable addition to historical literature and contains many chapters of especial importance. Redding was one of the seed-beds of the west and her children are found in every state. This fact renders the chapter containing reprints of town and church registers of marriages, births, baptisms, and deaths from 1733 down, one of wide interest and helpfulness. The book contains 42 illustrations, portraits of distinguished men, historical houses, etc., and is printed and bound in most approved style.

POLLY OF THE PINES, by *Adele E. Thompson*, Lothrop, Lee & Shepard Company, Boston, publishers. Price in handsomely decorated cloth covers, \$1.25.

This is a story with a Revolutionary setting, chronicling enough of the stirring drama of those days to keep the interest keen. The whole tale is woven about the love and heroism of charming Polly Dunning who, while a guest of Capt. Slocumb's family, hears the British plan an attack to surprise Capt. Slocumb's camp twenty miles distant. Polly rides by night to warn the camp, who make ready and repulse the British when they arrive. Among Capt. Slocumb's men she counts a brother and a lover. The book is well illustrated from drawings by Henry Roth.

Southern history has not been sufficiently written up and this is a welcome addition.

STORY OF THE AMERICAN FLAG, edited by *Samuel Fallows*, A. M., LL. D., published by Educational Publishing Company, 50 Bloomfield St., Boston. Bound in bright red full cloth, shield in colors on cover, price 50 cents.

This is a complete history of the American flag with selections, incidents, and illustrations pertaining thereto. It is a contribution of high value to our national records by its painstaking accuracy and fullness. One is made to realize that every star and stripe of our national ensign has a tongue and that each speaks to us of the throes of

our country during its earlier and later history, of heroes living and dead, but best of all, each speaks to us of liberty and union, the constitution and the laws. In addition to valuable information concerning the "dear old Stars and Stripes," the book explains the uses and meaning of the various government flags. Many selections in poetry and tributes in prose, suitable for recitation, etc., are reproduced. This is truly a valuable work and should find a place in every school room. It is admirably adapted for use in patriotic societies, such as the Children of the American Revolution and the Children of the Republic.

YEAR BOOKS RECEIVED.

Bellefonte Chapter, Bellefonte, Pennsylvania; Mrs. R. Evelyn Huston Rogers, Regent. The topic for the year's study is "Pennsylvania."

Keokuk Chapter, Keokuk, Iowa; Miss Elizabeth Dunlap, Regent. "The War of 1812" is the principal theme.

Rebecca Crockett Chapter, Gainesville, Texas; Mrs. Thomas M. Bosson, Regent. The study of the great men of the nation forms part of the year's work.

Gaspee Chapter, Providence, Rhode Island; Miss Mary Anne Greene, Regent. The book is illustrated with a picture of Mrs. Richard Jackson Barker, Vice-President General from Rhode Island.

The report of the "Tenth Kentucky State Conference" contains a list of the State officers, the names of the chapters in the State, with an account of work accomplished by each, and other matters of interest.

The report of the "Eighth Ohio State Conference," in connection with the report of the officers, the chapter reports, the adoption of a State pin of beautiful and symbolic design, contains the "Honor Roll" of the Ohio Daughters. This makes the report a book of reference and will be of help to many in proving Revolutionary descent.

Books.

They are for company the best friends,
 in Doubts Counsellors,
 in Damps Comforters,
 Time's Prospective,
 the Home Traveller's Ship or Horse,
 the busie Man's best Recreation,
 the Opiate of idle Weariness,
 the Minde's best Ordinary,
 Nature's Garden and Seed Plot of Immortality.

Bulstrode Whitelock, 1654.



OFFICIAL.

THE NATIONAL SOCIETY
OF THE
Daughters of the American Revolution

Headquarters, 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

National Board of Management

1905.

President General.

MRS. DONALD McLEAN,
186 Lenox Avenue, New York, and
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.

MRS. CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C., and
2009 Massachusetts Avenue, Washington, D. C.

Vice-Presidents General.

(Term of office expires 1907.)

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| MRS. JOHN R. WALKER, Missouri,
The Holland, Norfolk, Va. | MRS. H. S. CHAMBERLAIN, Tennessee,
237 East Terrace, Chattanooga, Tenn. |
| MRS. MARY WOOD SWIFT, California,
824 Valencia St., San Francisco, Cal. | MRS. LINDSAY-PATTERSON, N. C.,
Winston-Salem, North Carolina. |
| MRS. CHARLES H. DEERE, Illinois,
"Overlook," Moline, Illinois. | MRS. JOHN CUNNINGHAM HAZEN, N. Y.,
Pelham Manor, New York. |
| MRS. ORLANDO J. HODGE, Ohio,
1096 Euclid Ave., Cleveland, Ohio. | MRS. GEORGE W. NICHOLLS, S. C.,
Spartanburg, South Carolina. |
| MRS. FLORENCE GRAY ESTEY, Vermont,
Brattleboro, Vermont. | MRS. FRANKLIN E. BROOKS, Colorado,
1324 North Nevada Avenue,
Colorado Springs, Colorado. |

(Term of office expires 1908.)

Mrs. ROBERT EMORY PARK, Georgia, 48 Merritts Ave., Atlanta, Georgia.	MISS CLARA LEE BOWMAN, Conn., Bristol, Connecticut.
Mrs. RICHARD JACKSON BARKER, R. I., Tiverton, Rhode Island.	Mrs. DRAYTON W. BUSHNELL, Ia., 127 Bluff St., Council Bluffs, Iowa.
Mrs. TRUMAN H. NEWBERRY, Mich., 1315 16th St., Washington, D. C.	Mrs. SALLIE MARSHALL HARDY, Ky., 701 W. Chestnut St., Louisville, Ky.
Mrs. WILLIAM D. KEARFOTT, N. J., Montclair, N. J.	Mrs. IRA H. EVANS, Texas, Austin, Texas.
Mrs. THEODORE C. BATES, Mass., 29 Harvard St., Worcester, Mass.	Mrs. A. E. HENEGER, Va., Harrisonburg, Virginia.

Chaplain General.

Mrs. TEUNIS S. HAMLIN,

1316 Connecticut Ave., Washington, D. C.

Recording Secretary General.MISS ELISABETH F. PIERCE,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.**Corresponding Secretary General.**MISS VIRGINIA MILLER,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.**Registrar General.**Mrs. J. STEWART JAMIESON,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.**Treasurer General.**Mrs. M. E. S. DAVIS,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.**Historian General.**Mrs. JONATHAN P. DOLLIVER,
1415 Massachusetts Avenue,
Washington, D. C.**Assistant Historian General.**Mrs. MARY S. LOCKWOOD,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.**Librarian General.**MISS ALINE E. SOLOMONS,
1205 K St., Washington, D. C.

(All official mail to be sent to 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.)

State Regents and State Vice-Regents.

Alabama,	Mrs. J. MORGAN SMITH, South Highlands, Birmingham. Mrs. AURORA P. McCLELLAN, Athens.
Alaska,	
Arizona,	Mrs. WALTER TALBOT, 503 7th St., Phoenix. Mrs. FREDERICK C. BROWN, 939 West Washington St., Phoenix.
Arkansas,	Mrs. JOHN McCLURE, Little Rock. Mrs. MATTIE KNOX HAYMAN, Van Buren.
California,	Mrs. HARRY N. GRAY, 2334 Steiner St., San Francisco. Mrs. CAMERON ERSKINE THOM, "The Angeles," Los Angeles.
Colorado,	Mrs. JOHN CAMPBELL, 1401 Gilpin St., Denver. Mrs. O. W. MALLABY, 1707 Lake Ave., Pueblo.
Connecticut,	Mrs. SARA THOMSON KINNEY, 46 Park St., New Haven. Mrs. TRACY B. WARREN, 504 Seaview Ave., Bridgeport.
Delaware,	Mrs. CLARENCE DRAPER SYPHERD, Dover. Mrs. JULIET AGNES CUMMINS, Smyrna.

- Dist. of Columbia, Mrs. ELLEN SPENCER MUSSEY, 416 5th St., Washington.
Mrs. HOWARD L. HODGKINS, 1830 T St., Washington.
- Florida, Mrs. AGNES M. COOK, Mandarin.
Mrs. D. G. AMBLER, 411 West Church St., Jacksonville.
- Georgia, Mrs. JAMES A. ROUNSAVILLE, Rome.
Mrs. P. W. GODFREY, Covington.
- Idaho, Mrs. DAVID H. TARR, Teton.
Mrs. FLOYD LESLIE MOORE, Harpster.
- Illinois, Mrs. BENJAMIN A. FESSENDEN, Highland Park.
Mrs. CHARLES W. IRION, 1131 Post St., Ottawa.
- Indiana, Mrs. WILLIAM A. GUTHRIE, Dupont, and 317 N. Penn St.,
Indianapolis.
Mrs. NATHAN SPARKS, 404 East Maple St., Jeffersonville.
- Iowa, Mrs. ROWENA EDSON STEVENS, Boone.
Miss HELEN SHAW, Anamosa.
- Kansas, Mrs. W. E. STANLEY, "Riverside," Wichita.
Mrs. ALEXANDER M. HARVEY, 1405 Polk St., Topeka.
- Kentucky, Mrs. JOSEPH N. McCORMACK, State St., Bowling Green.
Mrs. MAURICE B. NASH, Paducah.
- Louisiana, Mrs. C. HAMILTON TEBAUT, 623 Lafayette Sq., New Orleans.
- Maine, Miss CHARLOTTE AUGUSTA BALDWIN, 135 Cedar St., Bangor.
Mrs. CHARLES A. CREIGHTON, Thomaston.
- Maryland, Mrs. J. PEMBROKE THOM, 828 Park Ave., Baltimore.
Miss ELEANOR MURDOCH JOHNSON, Frederick.
- Massachusetts, ... Mrs. CHARLES H. MASURY, 48 Elm St., Danvers.
Mrs. GEORGE L. MUNN, 2 Northampton St., Easthampton.
- Michigan, Mrs. WILLIAM J. CHITTENDEN, 134 W. Fort St., Detroit.
Mrs. JAMES P. BRAYTON, 328 S. College Ave., Grand Rapids.
- Minnesota, Mrs. JOHN EDSON BELL, 2401 Park Ave., Minneapolis.
Mrs. ALEXANDER T. BIGELOW, 1930 Iglehart St., Merriam Park.
- Mississippi, Mrs. EGBERT R. JONES, Holly Springs.
Mrs. CHALMERS M. WILLIAMSON, 704 N. State St., Jackson.
- Missouri, Mrs. THOMAS O. TOWLES, Jefferson City.
Mrs. THOMAS B. TOMB, 619 East 9th St., Kansas City.
- Montana, Mrs. CLINTON H. MOORE, 328 E. Broadway, Butte.
Mrs. EMIL H. RENISCH, S. Excelsior Ave., Butte.
- Nebraska, Mrs. STEPHEN C. LANGWORTHY, Seward.
Mrs. CONRAD HOLLENBECK, 606 E. Military Ave., Fremont.
- New Hampshire, Mrs. JOHN McLANE, Milford.
Mrs. FREDERICK J. SHEPARD, Derry.
- New Jersey, Miss ELLEN MECUM, Salem.
Mrs. E. GAYLORD PUTNAM, 219 Broad St., Elizabeth.
- New Mexico, ... Mrs. L. BRADFORD PRINCE, 111 Palace Ave., Santa Fe.
- New York, Mrs. HENRY ROBERTS, 14 Clinton Place, Utica.
Mrs. HENRY G. MUNGER, 426 Main St., Herkimer.
- North Carolina, .. Mrs. GEORGE PHIFER ERWIN, Morganton.
Mrs. THOMAS SETTLE, Asheville.
- North Dakota, ... Mrs. SARA M. LOUNSBERRY, Fargo.
- Ohio, Mrs. JAMES L. BOTSFORD, 664 Wick Ave., Youngstown.
Mrs. JOSEPH BENSON FORAKER, 1500 16th St., Washington,
and Cincinnati.
- Oregon, Mrs. MARY PHELPS MONTGOMERY, 253 7th St., Portland.
- Oklahoma, Mrs. ROBERT T. CARPENTER, 212 West 15th St., Oklahoma City.
Mrs. G. C. CHAMBERS, 115 East 6th St., Oklahoma City.
- Pennsylvania, ... Mrs. ALEXANDER ENNIS PATTON, "Terrace Villa," Curwens-
ville.
Mrs. ELLIS LEWIS CAMPBELL, Wayne.

Rhode Island, ...	MISS ELIZABETH H. SWINBURNE, 115 Pelham St., Newport.
	MRS. STEPHEN F. FISK, 14 Main St., Pawtucket.
South Carolina, ..	MRS. ROBERT M. BRATTON, Guthriesville.
	MRS. THOMAS C. ROBERTSON, 1310 Senate St., Columbia.
South Dakota, ...	MRS. CRAIG S. THOMS, Vermilion.
Tennessee,	MISS MARY BOYCE TEMPLE, 316 W. Cumberland St., Knoxville.
	MISS SUSIE GENTRY, Franklin.
Texas,	MRS. SEABROOK W. SYDNOR, Houston.
	MRS. THOMAS J. GROCE, 3112 Avenue O, Galveston
Utah,	MRS. MARY M. FERRY ALLEN, Park City.
Vermont,	MRS. F. STEWART STRANAHAN, St. Albans.
	MRS. CLAYTON NELSON NORTH, Shoreham.
Virginia,	MRS. SAMUEL W. JAMISON, 1016 Franklin Road, Roanoke.
	MRS. JOHN D. HORSLEY, 203 Federal St., Lynchburg.
Washington,	MRS. MOSES A. PHELPS, 2118 Second Ave., Spokane.
	MRS. THOMAS H. MCCOUGHTRY, 511 North C St., Tacoma.
West Virginia, ..	MRS. BALDWIN DAY SPILMAN, Parkersburg.
	MRS. DOUGLAS E. NEWTON, Hartford.
Wisconsin,	MRS. THOMAS HOYT BROWN, 182 14th St., Milwaukee.
	MRS. OGDEN H. FETHERS, 51 St. Lawrence Place, Janesville.
Wyoming,	MRS. FRANK W. MONDELL, New Castle.
	MRS. H. B. PATTEN, 238 West 22nd St., Cheyenne.

HOW TO BECOME A MEMBER

Any woman is eligible for membership in the NATIONAL SOCIETY DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION, who is of the age of eighteen years, and is descended from a patriot man or woman who aided in establishing American Independence, *provided the applicant is acceptable to the Society*. Family tradition alone in regard to the services of an ancestor, unaccompanied by proof will not be considered.

All persons duly qualified, who have been regularly admitted by the National Board of Management, shall be members of the *National Society*, but for purposes of convenience, they may be organized into local Chapters (those belonging to the National Society alone being known as members-at-large).

Application Blanks and Constitutions will be furnished on request by the State Regent of the State in which you reside, or by the "Corresponding Secretary General" at headquarters, 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Applications should be made out in *duplicate*, one of which is kept on file at National Headquarters and one returned to file with a Chapter should one be joined.

The application must be *endorsed by at least one member of the Society*. The application, when properly filled out, should be directed to "Registrar General, D. A. R., 902 F Street, N. W., Washington, D. C."

The initiation fee is One Dollar; the annual dues are Two Dollars.

The sum of three dollars, covering the initiation fees and the annual dues for the current year, must accompany each application presented

to the National Society direct for members-at-large. The sum of two dollars, covering the initiation fee and one-half the annual dues for the current year, shall accompany each application forwarded to the National Society, through any local Chapter. All remittances should be made to the Treasurer General, D. A. R., 902 F Street, Washington, D. C. By a check or money order. Never in currency.

No application will be considered until this fee is paid. If not accepted this amount will be returned.

At the April meeting of the National Board of Management, D. A. R., the following motion was unanimously passed:

Resolved, That the following notice be inserted in the **AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE**: 'Chapters shall send to headquarters, D. A. R., 902 F Street, Washington, D. C., notice of deaths, resignations, marriages and all changes of addresses and list of officers.'

NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT, N. S. D. A. R.

The regular meeting of the National Board of Management was held Wednesday, January 9th, 1907, at Daughters of American Revolution headquarters, 902 F street, Washington, District of Columbia.

The meeting was called to order by the President General, Mrs. Donald McLean, who, in the absence of the Chaplain General, requested the members to unite in the Lord's Prayer.

This was followed by the roll call.

Members present: Mrs. Donald McLean, President General; Mrs. Main, vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters; Mrs. Barker, Vice-President General of Rhode Island; Mrs. Brooks, of Colorado; Mrs. Newberry, of Michigan; Mrs. Kearfott, of New Jersey; Miss Bowman, of Connecticut. Mrs. Jamieson, Registrar General; Miss Miller, Corresponding Secretary General; Mrs. Lockwood, Assistant Historian General; Miss Solomons, Librarian General; Miss Pierce, Recording Secretary General. State Regents: Mrs. Stevens, Iowa; Mrs. Thom, Maryland; Miss Mecum, New Jersey; Mrs. Spilman, West Virginia. State Vice-Regents: Mrs. Robertson, South Carolina, and Mrs. Hodgkins of the District of Columbia. Mrs. Hamlin, Chaplain General, came in later in the session.

The President General greeted the Board, wishing all a Happy New

Year and expressing her pleasure at seeing so fair an average of the States represented; also read a telegram from Mrs. Patton, State Regent of Pennsylvania, sending her greetings and regrets to the Board.

The Minutes of the previous meeting were read and upon motion approved.

Announcements of the following deaths were made: Miss Redding, who perished in the Terra Cotta disaster, December 30th—daughter of Mrs. Fannie Redding an early member of the Society; Mrs. Phoebe Gainford, Daughter of a Revolutionary soldier, at Port Jervis, New York; Mrs. Glazebrook, and Mrs. Staats, members of the Society of New Jersey, and Mrs. Brownwell of Massachusetts.

It was moved and carried that resolutions of condolence, on the part of the National Board, be sent by the Recording Secretary General to the families of these deceased members.

The President General stated that she had received a letter from Mrs. Angus Cameron, a former Vice-President General of Wisconsin, conveying the news of her restoration to health after a prolonged and dangerous illness, and upon the suggestion of the President General that the Board express to Mrs. Cameron its gratification at learning of her recovery, Mrs. Main moved that congratulations be sent Mrs. Angus Cameron upon her restoration to health.

Seconded by Mrs. Lockwood and Miss Miller. Motion carried.

REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT GENERAL: I have already expressed my desire for all happiness for the Board this coming year and for our whole organization. I desire now to say that I have every reason to believe we are in splendid condition, from the various notes I have received from every State in the Union during the past few weeks, and I have been deeply touched with the manifestations of kindly feeling and interest in our Society which have come to me, therefore, I would like to return my appreciation in this way to every member who was good enough to remember me.

After leaving the last Board meeting I returned to New York and celebrated the Tea Party Day in Boston, which, as it fell on Sunday, was celebrated on the 17th and I had the honor of speaking in Old South Church (for I always consider this an honor, since it is so fraught with hallowed associations). I am not going to give you a detailed account of the affair, but will leave that to our Recording Secretary General, who was there, and will tell you about it later. From Boston I went to Lowell, where they have just reclaimed and refinished one of the most distinctly Revolutionary houses in this country. It is a valuable addition to our real estate, as well as to our Association,—the old Spaulding home, reclaimed by the Molly Varnum Chapter, assisted by the city of Lowell and the Masonic fraternity. That delegation came in full body to attend this dedication, so I feared I might not find favor in the eyes of this mysterious body, that I said one

reason I did not feel unworthy to speak to them, was that not only my grandfather's masonic apron hung upon the walls of my old home, but because Mr. McLean had stated to me that he was a past Grand Mason; so then the Masons welcomed me very warmly. They gave five hundred dollars to the restoration of this old house. It had been the home of five Revolutionary soldiers and the descendants of Revolutionary soldiers have always occupied it. The partitions have been taken down; one was in good condition, as in the old days; the others have been restored. They have repapered the rooms,—one being as it was originally,—and they have found a wonderful collection of wall papers, which look as if covered with little miniatures. There is an enormous fireplace, also rafters and cranes,—relics of the old days. Electricity has been introduced, in the form of old-fashioned lamps, shaded by the bulbs that are used, and the effect is beautiful. I next went to Rhode Island, where I attended one of the most beautiful and well-arranged of entertainments. The kindness and enthusiasm I received there touched me very deeply. Nothing was left undone. The seal of our Society and the spinning wheel were reproduced and presented to me by our Vice-President General of Rhode Island. (In its size it was quite commensurate with my ability to spin!) Another thing appealed to me,—the fact that all the green decorations, the beautiful garlands, festoons and vines, were sent to my home in New York, and were there to greet me on my return. It was most gratifying to have my home thus alive with the thought of the Daughters of another State; then there came some mistletoe from Virginia, and I thought that truly the North and the South had combined, and it seemed a happy omen for the coming year.

The reports of Officers were then called.

REPORT OF RECORDING SECRETARY GENERAL: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: I have the honor to report that the instructions given me at the December Board meeting were promptly attended to. The Officers were notified of the action of the Board bearing upon their respective departments; acknowledgments were made of the gift of books to the Library by Miss Blandina Miller; Miss Mecum was informed that action upon her report relative to the Daughters of the American Revolution stationery had been deferred until she could be present to explain the matter more fully, and resolutions of condolence, as well as all letters, were sent out, in accordance with the orders of the Board. The reinstated members (six in number) were notified of their renewed membership in the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution.

The list of the Jamestown Committee, Daughters of the American Revolution, has been arranged alphabetically, for more ready reference. In connection with this matter, I would state that letters have been received from several different companies relative to the route,

and soliciting the patronage of visiting Daughters, to the Exposition. The impression seems to prevail that our next annual Congress will be held at Jamestown during the Exposition. I have replied to these letters correcting the error and suggesting that these companies desiring to transport our Daughters of the American Revolution members, will send their circulars for distribution at the time of the Congress, as special rates will doubtless be made then, and the information will be of service to many members who reside at a distance and are not familiar with the railroad lines,—Jamestown being out of the ordinary route of travel. I have received an interesting circular issued by the Chairman of the Jamestown Committee, containing certain suggestions in regard to the proposed Daughters of the American Revolution building on Jamestown Island. This I will bring to your attention later, with other correspondence.

Number of letters and postals written, since the December meeting, 90; original application papers signed, 468; supplemental papers, 163; certificates of membership, 353; notification cards of membership issued from my department, 468.

Regrets for this meeting of the Board have been received from Mrs. Roberts, State Regent of New York; Mrs. McCormack, Kentucky; Miss Baldwin, Maine; Miss Swinburne, Rhode Island; Mrs. Morgan Smith, Alabama; Mrs. Chittenden, Michigan; Mrs. Sydnor, Texas; and Mrs. Patton, Pennsylvania; Mrs. Bushnell, Vice-President General, of Iowa; Mrs. Hazen, of New York; and Mrs. Heneberger, Virginia.

In closing my report I am constrained to refer to this last month of the year as of special significance to our organization. It is the Divine month, in which all humanity hails the birth of our Lord Jesus Christ. He was the first on earth to teach the equality of mankind when He proclaimed "All ye are brethren," and to instil fraternity and love, in the divine utterance, "Peace on earth and good-will to men!"

Unity and freedom were the inspiration of our ancestors. My wish for the Society is, that it may always be faithful to its trust and carry on the work assigned to it in accordance with principles taught by the One whose birth we have this month commemorated.

Respectfully submitted,

ELISABETH F. PIERCE,

Recording Secretary General.

Report accepted.

REPORT OF CORRESPONDING SECRETARY GENERAL: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: For the month of December I have to report the following: Application blanks sent out, 2,192; copies of the Constitution, 301; circulars "How to

become a Member," 186; officers' lists, 187; committee lists, 187; transfer cards, 72. Letters received, 109; letters written, 134.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

VIRGINIA MILLER,
Corresponding Secretary General.

Report accepted.

REPORT OF REGISTRAR GENERAL: Madam President and Members of the National Board of Management: I have the honor to report the following for the past month: Applications for membership presented, 470; applications verified awaiting dues, 89; applications examined, but incomplete, 103; applications received since January 1, unexamined, 96; permits for Insignia issued, 458; permits for ancestral bars, 59; permits for Recognition Pins, 172. Certificates issued, 75. Letters written, 291; postals written, 116.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

ELEANOR W. JAMIESON,
Registrar General.

Upon motion, duly seconded and carried, the Recording Secretary General announced that the ballot had been cast for the 470 applicants presented in the report of the Registrar General, and declared them duly elected members of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

The Registrar General presented a request, on the part of the children of a deceased member of the Society, for a duplicate Insignia,—the original Insignia pin having been lost, and the children desiring to retain this souvenir in commemoration of their mother's membership in the National Society.

Some discussion followed.

Mrs. Lockwood moved: *That this request be granted, the papers to be marked duplicate.* Seconded by Miss Miller. Motion carried.

The Registrar General also requested permission for the reissue of a certificate of membership to Mrs. Annie Campbell, the original certificate having been destroyed by fire.

Miss Miller moved: *That the Registrar General be directed to issue a copy of the original certificate of membership in the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution to Mrs. Annie Campbell, National number 17, 305; the original certificate having been lost by fire.*

Seconded by Mrs. Thom. Motion carried.

REPORT OF VICE-PRESIDENT GENERAL IN CHARGE OF ORGANIZATION OF CHAPTERS: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: The following Chapter regencies have expired by limitation:

Mrs. Inez Saunders Miller, Albia, Iowa; Mrs. Mary St. L. F. Robertson, Middlesboro, Kentucky; Miss Janet Williams, Fayette, Missouri; and Mrs. Mercy Sinsbaugh Ingalls, Manila, Philippine Islands.

Through their respective State Regents the following Chapter Regents' appointments are presented for confirmation: Mrs. Mary Lawrence Martin, Washington, D C.; Mrs. Eusebia Craven Stimson, Greensburg, Indiana; Mrs. Elizabeth Clark Evans, Southampton, Massachusetts; Mrs. Anne Holliday McFarland, Aberdeen, Mississippi; Miss Lucy Borland Lea, Grenada, Mississippi, and Mrs. Julia Cracraft Hume, Marshfield, Wisconsin.

The State Regents of California and Kentucky present to the National Board of Management requests for formal authorization to organize Chapters at San Francisco, California, and Louisville, Kentucky, respectively, in accordance with Article VII, Section 1, of the Constitution.

There are only three members in the Brownson Chapter of Arlington, Vermont, the Regent, who is in good standing, and two other members who are in arrears for their 1905 and 1906 dues. The Regent is anxious to have the Chapter disbanded, as all interest has died out; but has been unable to find the Charter, which was in the possession of the first Regent, who has died. As every effort to find the Charter has been made, the Regent, through this office, presents a request that the National Board of Management declare the Chapter null and void.

Chapter Regents' commissions issued, 12; charter applications issued, 5; charters in the hands of the engrosser, 2; letters received, 187; letters written, 143.

In connection with the Card Catalogues there have been 468 new members' cards; 587 ancestors' cards; 614 corrections; 32 marriages; 122 deaths; 21 resignations; 2 dropped for non-payment of dues, and 7 re-instatements.

Admitted membership December 5, 1906, 58,624; actual membership, December 5, 1906, 47,714.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN,
Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters, N. S. D. A. R.

Report accepted.

Mrs. Main stated that a request had been made for the information of a Chapter in Washington City, to be called the "Emily Nelson" Chapter, and asked for authorization of the Board for the forming of this Chapter.

The Chair asked for action on the request presented by the Vice-President General in charge of Organization of Chapters.

Mrs. Lockwood moved: *That the request be granted.* Motion unanimously carried.

REPORT OF THE TREASURER GENERAL.

December 1—31, 1906.

CURRENT FUND.

Balance in bank at last report, Nov. 30, 1906, \$11,265 83

RECEIPTS.

Annual dues, \$1,159; less \$71 refunded,	\$1,088 00	
Initiation fees, \$371; less \$11 refunded,	360 00	
Exchange,	35	
	<hr/>	1,448 35
		<hr/>
		\$12,715 18

EXPENDITURES.

Office of President General.

Clerical service,	\$58 39	
	<hr/>	58 39

Office of Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.

Engrossing 5 charters and 13 Chapter Regent's commissions,	\$3 80	
Sharpening eraser,	10	
Clerical service,	125 00	
	<hr/>	128 90

Office of Recording Secretary General.

Telephone messages,	\$ 30	
Extra clerical service,	5 00	
Clerical service, stenographer,	100 00	
	<hr/>	105 30

Office of Corresponding Secretary General.

Printing 10,000 application blanks,	\$85 00	
Clerical service,	35 00	
	<hr/>	120 00

Office of Registrar General.

Printing 1,000 postals, and 12 badge permit books,	\$17 00	
Extra clerical service and use of typewriter,	35 00	
Clerical service,	260 00	
	<hr/>	312 00

Office of Treasurer General.

Printing 500 library cards,	\$4 75	
Extra clerical service,	34 00	
Clerical service,	265 00	
	<hr/>	303 75

Office of Librarian General.

One year's subscription to William and Mary Quarterly,	\$3 00	
Volume 4, N. E. Genealogical Register,	1 50	
Cartage,	25	
Clerical service,	65 00	
	<hr/>	69 75

Office of Historian General (Lineage).

Compiler,	\$80 00	
Clerical service,	30 00	
	<hr/>	110 00

Magazine.

Printing 500 bill heads,	\$2 25	
4 half-tone plates,	11 55	
Editor's salary,	83 33	
Business Manager's salary,	75 00	
Genealogical Department,	30 00	
	<hr/>	202 13

General Office.

Expressage,	\$1 80	
13 gross pens, 21 reams paper, 6 sponges, 6 balls and 8 pounds cord, 2 pounds bank pins, 6 doz. ink eradicator, 2 doz. erasers, 1 ream typewriter paper, 1 doz. files and 1 telephone pad,	33 81	
Water, ice and towel service,	5 50	
7 paper shields, 8 pulley blocks and 12 brick hooks used in connection with 4th of July celebration, 1905,	2 50	
Messenger service,	15 00	
Clerical service,	85 00	
Printing for Committee of the Children of the Republic,	16 90	
	<hr/>	160 51

Continental Hall.

Making and hanging three pairs of double doors,	\$42 00	
Temporary roof work from April 21, to June 14, 1906,	426 71	

3 years' premium on \$50,000 insurance from Nov. 14, 1906 to Nov. 14, 1909,	317 33	
Night watchman from April 27 to Aug. 2, 1906, ..	84 00	
Watchman for Nov. and Dec., 1906,	16 00	
	<hr/>	886 04

Fourteenth Continental Congress.

Repairing 1 flag,	\$1 00	
	<hr/>	1 00

Certificates.

2,000 certificates,	\$130 00	
Engrossing 441 certificates,	33 24	
	<hr/>	163 24

Postage.

Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters,	\$2 00	
Recording Secretary General,	3 48	
Registrar General,	7 07	
Librarian General,	14	
General Office,	2 00	
10,000 stamped envelopes,	216 00	
On blanks and constitutions,	25 00	
Jamestown Committee,	5 00	
	<hr/>	260 69

State Regent's Postage.

Mississippi,	\$5 00	
South Carolina,	5 00	
	<hr/>	10 00

Stationery.

Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters,	\$5 76	
Registrar General,	2 78	
Librarian General,	3 63	
General Office,	3 84	
Jamestown Committee,	2 84	
	<hr/>	18 85

State Regent's Stationery.

Alabama,	\$2 21	
Connecticut,	2 84	
Indiana,	6 54	
Michigan,	1 28	

Virginia,	4 26	
Wisconsin,	1 42	
	<hr/>	18 55

Office Furniture.

1 sectional bookcase for Registrar General's office,	\$22 50	
1 desk for General Office, changing and hauling same,	23 75	
	<hr/>	46 25

D. A. R. Report to Smithsonian Institution.

Compiling index of 8th report, and reading proofs of same,	\$35 00	
200 copies of 8th report,	44 13	
	<hr/>	79 13

Support of Real Daughters.

Support of seven "Real Daughters,"	\$56 00	56 00
Six bolts D. A. R. ribbon,	18 00	18 00
Spoons for six "Real Daughters,"	14 30	14 30
Rent of telephone for December, 1906,	1 52	1 52
Rent of offices for December, 1906,	229 65	229 65

Total expenses,\$3,373 95

Balance December 31, 1906—

In National Metropolitan Bank,	\$156 16	
In Washington Loan and Trust Bank,	9,185 07	
	<hr/>	9,341 23
		<hr/>
		\$12,715 18

Fort Crailo Fund.

Balance in bank at last report, November 30, 1906, \$53 61 \$53 61

PERMANENT FUND.

Balance in bank at last report, November 30, 1906,\$28,559 15

RECEIPTS.

Charter Fees.

Capt. Jesse Leavenworth Chapter, Kansas,	\$5 00	
John Paul Jones Chapter, Massachusetts,	5 00	
	<hr/>	10 00

Life Membership Fees.

Mrs. Louise S. Miller, Springfield Chapter, Illinois, \$12 50

Mrs. Martha R. J. Perley, <i>Louisa St. Clair Chapter</i> , Michigan,	12 50
Mrs. Lillian B. Beale, <i>Ashuelot Chapter</i> , New Hampshire,	12 50
Mrs. Cornelia M. Ralph, <i>Oneida Chapter</i> , New York,	12 50
Miss Coral Quay, <i>Pittsburgh Chapter</i> , Pennsylvania,	12 50
Mrs. Florence J. Wheat, <i>Brattleboro Chapter</i> , Vermont,	12 50
Mrs. Mary Van Winkle, <i>James Wood Chapter</i> , West Virginia,	12 50

 87 50

Continental Hall Contributions.

Miss Harriette Warrick Mahon, of <i>Caesar Rodney Chapter</i> , Delaware, on account of Delaware Room,	\$50 00	
Mrs. Louise M. Furbee, of <i>Caesar Rodney Chapter</i> Delaware, on account of Delaware Room,	50 00	
Mrs. Helen Pooke Kane, of District of Columbia, <i>Puritan and Cavalier Chapter</i> , Illinois,	1 00	
<i>Iowa Chapters</i> , Iowa, on account of Iowa Room,	15 00	
<i>Lady Knox Chapter</i> , Maine, on account of Maine Room,	25 00	
Mrs. Lillian O. Kirtland, of <i>Minute Men Chapter</i> , Massachusetts,	50 00	
<i>Josiah Edson Chapter</i> , Minnesota,	25 00	
<i>Ellen I. Sanger Chapter</i> , New Hampshire,	25 25	
<i>New York City Chapter</i> , New York, on account Museum,	20 00	
<i>Multnomah Chapter</i> , Oregon,	40 00	
Mrs. Alfred G. Saeger, of <i>Liberty Bell Chapter</i> , Pennsylvania,	50 00	
Mrs. A. E. Patton, of <i>Susquehanna Chapter</i> , Pennsylvania, "for the use of Insignia" on account of front vestibule,	10 00	
<i>Gaspee Chapter</i> , Rhode Island, on account of Rhode Island column,	5 00	
	10 00	
		376 25
Commission on Recognition pins,	\$18 40	18 40
		Cash balance on deposit in banks,
		\$29,051 30

Permanent Investments.

5,000 par value Chicago & Alton Railroad 3% bonds,	\$4,000 60
10,000 par value Baltimore & Ohio Railroad 4% bonds,	10,150 00
10,000 par value Union Pacific Railroad 4% bonds,	10,326 50
	24,477 10
	\$53,528 40

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

M. E. S. DAVIS,

Treasurer General, N. S. D. A. R.

Report accepted.

The names of the deceased members in the report of the Treasurer General were read and upon suggestion of the President General the Board arose as a tribute of respect. The names of members resigning were read and upon motion accepted; also the dropped and re-instated members. It was then moved and carried that the report of the Treasurer General be accepted.

REPORT OF THE HISTORIAN GENERAL: Madam President and Members of the National Board of Management: Five hundred numbers, one half, of the Twenty-fourth Volume of the Lineage Book, have been edited and type-written and are now ready for the publisher.

For this half of the book it was necessary to correspond with ninety-six members for more data, and of this number but twenty-nine have replied.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

LOUISE P. DOLLIVER,

Historian General.

Mrs. Lockwood reported verbally, as Assistant Historian General, presenting for the inspection of the Board, the Eighth Volume of the Report of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution to the Smithsonian Institution, as arranged by her in her capacity of Compiler of this Report. She commended the work of the Chapters throughout the country; also submitted her plan for the preparation of the Ninth Volume, now in progress. This was approved by the Board.

Miss Miller, at the request of the Treasurer General, read, in the absence of that officer, a letter addressed to her, from Mrs. A. A. Kendall, of Maine, acknowledging with much appreciation the pension granted to Mrs. Hatch, a "Real Daughter" of Maine.

The President General announced a meeting of the Printing Com-

mittee, called for the noon hour, and suggested that it would be well to adjourn for that meeting and reconvene at an earlier hour in the afternoon.

At half past twelve o'clock it was moved and carried to take a recess until two o'clock.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, January 9, 1907.

The adjourned meeting was called to order by the President General on Wednesday afternoon, who requested the Chaplain General to open the session with prayer, as she had been unable to be present at the opening of the morning session.

The President General stated that she had been requested to present the case of a "Real Daughter" to the Board, and submitted the letters and documents sent to her on this subject,—a letter from Mrs. Nellis M. Rich, Chairman of the New York State Committee, "Real Daughter," in behalf of Mrs. Phebe Ann Colegrove, a "Real Daughter," of Cortland, New York, requesting financial assistance, together with affidavits and other proofs of this lady's eligibility and worthiness in the matter of receiving the usual pension granted by the Society to its indigent "Real Daughters."

Miss Miller moved: *That a pension of eight dollars per month be given to Mrs. Phebe Ann Colegrove, "Real Daughter," in accordance with order of the Continental Congress.*

Seconded by Mrs. Lockwood. Motion carried.

REPORT OF THE LIBRARIAN GENERAL: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: I have to present the following accessions to the Library since the meeting of December 7th, 1906.

BOOKS.

The Dennison family of North Yarmouth and Freeport, Maine. By A. L. Dennison. Exeter, N. H. 1906.

Freese families. By John Wesley Freese. Cambridge, n. d. Gift of the author.

Ancestry of John S. Gustin and his wife Susan McComb. By Mrs. Sarah A. Dewick. Boston, 1900. Gift of the author.

Hallock-Holyoke Pedigree and Collateral Branches in the United States. By Charles Hallock. Amherst, 1906. Gift of the author.

Genealogies of Lewis and Kindred families. Edited by John McAllister and Lura B. Tandy. Columbia, Mo., 1906.

Ancestry and Descendants of Lieut. Jonathan and Tamsin (Barker) Norris, of Maine. By Henry McCoy Norris. New York, 1906. Presented by Mrs. Henry McCoy Norris.

Ogden Family History in the line of Lieut. Benjamin Ogden and his wife Rachel Westervelt. By Anna S. Vermilye. Orange, N. J.

Genealogy of Descendants of Stephen Randall and Elizabeth Swezey. By Stephen Morehouse Randall. N. Y., n. d. Gift of the Author.

Amos Richardson of Boston and Stonington, with contributions to the History of his Descendants and Allied Families of Gilbert, Edwards, Yarrington and Rust. By Rosell L. Richardson. 2d Edition. N. Y., 1906.

Records of the town of Hanover, N. H., 1761-1818. Printed by vote of Town. Hanover, 1905.

History of Mattituck, N. Y. By Charles E. Craven. N. Y., 1906.

Report concerning the Canadian Archives for 1905. Vol. 2. Ottawa, 1906.

AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE. Washington, 1906. Vol. 28. Gift of N. S. D. A. R.

Annals of Iowa. Des Moines, 1905-6. Vol. 10. 3rd Series.

Connecticut Magazine. Hartford, 1905. Vol. 9.

Genealogical Magazine. Boston, 1905-6. Vol. 1.

Iowa Journal of History and Politics. Iowa City, 1906. Vol. 4.

Medford Historical Register. Medford, 1906. Vol. 9.

New England Genealogical and Historical Register. Boston, 1906. Vol. 60.

New Hampshire Genealogical Record. Dover, 1905-6. Vol. 3.

New York Genealogical and Biographical Record. N. Y., 1906. Vol. 37.

Quarterly Texas State Historical Association. Austin, 1905, 1906. Vols. 8 and 9.

William and Mary College Quarterly. Richmond, 1906.

PAMPHLETS.

Descendants of Leonard Neighbour. By L. B. Neighbour Dixon, 1906. Gift of the author.

Genealogy (in part) of the Sprague Families in America. By Augustus B. Sprague. Worcester, 1905. Gift of author.

Association of Graduates of the United States Military Academy. Bulletin No. 2. West Point. Presented by Mrs. deB. Randolph Keim.

Year books have been received from 14 chapters.

PERIODICALS.

New England Historical and Genealogical Register,January

New Hampshire Genealogical Record,January

Ohio Archaeological and Historical Quarterly,October

Owl, The, Genealogical Magazine,December

Quarterly Texas State Historical Association,October

Virginia Magazine of History and Biography,January

The total number of accessions is 47, of which 24 are books, 17 pamphlets and 6 periodicals. Six books were presented, 14 received in exchange and 4 purchased. 17 pamphlets were presented.

Respectfully submitted,

ALINE E. SOLOMONS,
Librarian General, N. S. D. A. R.

REPORT OF THE FINANCE COMMITTEE: Madam President General and members of the National Board of Management: During the month of December bills to the amount of \$3,373.95 were approved. Of this amount \$510.71 was to Richardson & Burgess for temporary work on Continental Hall and \$317.33 was for premium on insurance on the Hall. The other largest amounts were for the running expenses of the Society: Payroll, \$1,120; rent, \$229.65; certificates of membership, \$130, and printing, \$104.25.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN, *Chairman.*

Report accepted.

REPORT OF THE PURCHASING COMMITTEE: To the President General and Members of the National Board of Management, National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution: I beg to submit a condensed report of the work of the Purchasing Committee. The necessary supplies for the officers have been purchased and the bills approved. A temporary desk has been bought for the Curator,—a second-hand one in good condition, for the sum of \$20, with the additional expense of \$3.75 for a safety drawer and extra locks. As the old desk was sold for merely \$2.50, the actual cost to the Society for the Curator's present desk, a temporary one, is therefore \$21.25.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) ELIZA H. L. BARKER,
Chairman, Purchasing Committee, N. S. D. A. R.

Mrs. Stevens moved: *That the Purchasing Committee continue their work of purchasing a new desk for the Curator, as ordered by the Board, to be used in Memorial Continental Hall.* Seconded by Mrs. Spilman. Motion carried.

The report was then upon motion accepted.

REPORT OF THE PRINTING COMMITTEE: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: A meeting of the Printing Committee was held Thursday, December 20, 1906, at Daughters of the American Revolution headquarters, 902 F street, Washington, District of Columbia.

Members present: Mrs. Bryan, Mrs. Gerald, Mrs. Henry, and Miss Pierce, Acting Chairman of the Committee.

Mrs. Henry was appointed Secretary of the meeting.

The Minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

The resolution passed at the December Board meeting to refer the report of the Printing Committee back to the Committee for further consideration, was read, also the other two resolutions passed in connection with this matter.

The Committee believing that the Board had not fully understood the matter, because of its various complications, and had acted under a misapprehension in December, desires now to make the following statement:

The Committee supposing that Byron S. Adams' was the lowest bid, agreed to accept the same, and the Board approving this, Mr. Adams was so informed. But immediately upon the discovery of the error, he was notified that there had been found another that was lower than the one offered by his firm, this would prevent the acceptance of his bid, and at the request of the Acting Chairman of the Committee, a representative of Mr. Adams came to the Daughters of the American Revolution rooms. He asked: "What shall I do with this lot of orders I received before the error was discovered?" The Acting Chairman of the Committee took the responsibility of allowing the order to stand, and it was called "emergency" printing,—to be continued until the next meeting of the Board, when the Committee having decided to present the matter again to the Board for the correction of the error. This action of the Acting Chairman was ratified by the committee.

Since it appears by the resolution passed at the December meeting that the Board understood a contract to have been signed, we desire to correct that impression. Up to date no contract has been signed.

In consideration of the above facts, the following was offered by Mrs. Henry:

The Committee feeling that it would stultify itself by taking action contrary to that unanimously agreed upon at each meeting to award the contract to the lowest bidder, would therefore respectfully ask that the Board support its action and, all things being equal, award the contract for the printing to A. A. Strange, the lowest bidder.

Seconded by Mrs. Bryan, Mrs. Gerald and Miss Pierce and unanimously carried.

The Committee presents this matter for your attention after careful and conscientious consideration.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

KATE KEARNEY HENRY, *Secretary.*

KATHERINE T. GERALD,

AGNES S. BRYAN,

ÉLISABETH F. PIERCE, *Acting Chairman.*

Mrs. Stevens moved: *That the Board support the action of the Committee in this matter and that the report be accepted.* Seconded

by Mrs. Lockwood. Voted on and lost. The report not being accepted, the printing was thus left in the hands of Byron S. Adams for the ensuing year.

AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE, per Board of Management, Daughters of the American Revolution, in account with Lilian Lockwood, Business Manager:

RECEIPTS.

October 1st to November 30th, 1906.

Subscriptions as per vouchers and cash register,	\$519 95
Sale of extra copies,	9 50
Advertising,	85 00
Half-tone cuts, paid by individuals,	25.80
	<hr/>
Amount delivered to Treasurer General,	\$640 25

OFFICE EXPENSES.

October and November, 1906.

Mailing extra copies, second class matter, as per vouchers,	\$1 61
Postage, two months,	5 00
Post cards, 10,	10
Expressage: mailing list, 55c; magazine envelopes, 45c,	1 00
Money order and fee, returned on overpaid subscription No. 25259,	1 03
Telegrams: Harrisburg, 25c; Mrs. Avery, 40c,	65
Freight and cartage: October numbers 66c; November numbers, 66c,	1 32
	<hr/>
	\$10 71
Printing and mailing October number (including postage),	\$285 30
Printing and mailing November number (including postage),	271 53
Salary, Editor, 2 months,	166 66
Salary, Business Manager, 2 months,	150 00
Salary, Editor of Genealogical Department, 2 months,	60 00
Half-tone cuts,	14 15
Editor, postage,	5 00
Printing—	
1,000 circulars to Regents,	\$3 50
500 receipt postals,	6 75
	<hr/>
	10 25
Caldwell & Co.—	
Stationery, Genealogical Department,	\$7 18
Stationery, Business Manager,	6 47
Stationery, Magazine Committee,	10 65
	<hr/>
	24 30

Magazine Committee—		
Postage,	\$6 00	
Printing,	2 50	
Typewriting,	2 00	
	<hr/>	10 50
To reimburse Editor—		
Expressage,	\$2 60	
Telegrams,	2 35	
	<hr/>	4 95
Auditing, August and September,		6 67
Office expenses, as per itemized account rendered and attached,		10 71
		<hr/>
		\$1,020 02

I am glad to report that through the Vice-President General of Rhode Island, Mrs. Barker, we have received two \$25 advertisements.

Our advertising agents, too, have secured contracts which make our share \$110.50 after deducting their commissions—and they are hopeful of securing more business in the near future.

The Vice-President General of Illinois, Mrs. Deere, has subscribed for the magazine for the year 1907 to be sent to all the non-subscribing members of the Chapter, thirty-five in number, in the hope that they will find the magazine so helpful and interesting that they will become permanent subscribers.

I regret to report that information has come to me, since the summer, of letters having gone astray. In several of these cases I learned of it through notification from the Washington postoffice of unpaid money order advices, drawn in our favor, and I have been able to secure duplicates by writing to the purchasers.

I have requested the Editor to insert a notice in the January magazine, urging our subscribers, in all cases, to send their remittances by checks or money-orders, the latter being preferable, as in case of loss they trace themselves.

The postoffice inspector at Washington reports that they are making a thorough investigation.

A short time ago I saw an account in the papers of one of the employees in this postoffice having been sent to the penitentiary for abstracting letters from the mails—so possibly our troubles are at an end.

Respectfully submitted,

LILIAN LOCKWOOD.

Report accepted.

The President General stated that she had sent a subscription for the magazine to Europe, hoping to make this international.

The Business Manager asked for advice from the Board in regard to continuing an advertisement in the Magazine which is three years in arrears of payment and stated the particulars in the case.

The Chair suggested that the person in arrears for advertising be

communicated with before any action is taken, and that the rates of advertising be fully explained to her.

Upon a detailed statement by the Business Manager relative to the payment of advertising agents, and the turning over of receipts to the Treasurer General, Mrs. Barker moved: *That Miss Lockwood be given authority to draw checks upon the Magazine bank account to pay the advertising agents, according to agreement, before turning over advertising receipts to the Treasurer General, on approval of Finance Committee.* Seconded by Mrs. Newberry. Motion carried.

It was stated that there had been over 700 new subscribers to the Magazine since last May.

Mrs. Main read a letter from Mr. Dunham, to whom she had been requested to write at the December Board meeting, relative to the purchase of some relics offered by that gentleman.

The Chair invited discussion. It being the consensus of opinion of the Board that the purchase of these relics was not practicable, Mrs. Newberry moved: *That Mrs. Main be authorized to inform Mr. Dunham that the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, does not see its way clear to purchase these relics.* Seconded by Mrs. Kearfott. Motion carried.

The Recording Secretary General presented, on the part of Mrs. Sarah M. Lounsberry, former State Regent of North Dakota, an antique tea-pot, over a century old, said to have come over in the *Mayflower*; also a large piece of cross-stitching, same date, a Scriptural scene.

Upon motion of Mrs. Main, this was accepted with thanks, and the Recording Secretary General instructed to send a letter of thanks to Mrs. Lounsberry for these valuable relics.

The Recording Secretary General read a letter from Mrs. Eleanor Holmes Lindsay, acknowledging the notification of her election at the last Continental Congress as Honorary Vice-President General, and explaining that the delay in acknowledging this was owing to prolonged illness; also a letter from Miss Mary Wilcox, soliciting the position of stenographer for the Continental Congress of 1907.

It was decided to defer the consideration of that subject until a later meeting of the Board, when the preliminaries of the Congress will be discussed. The Recording Secretary General gave the following account of the recent celebration at Old South Church in Boston.

It was with deep gratification that I found myself in Boston, my native city, at the time of the celebration of the tenth anniversary at the Old South Meeting House, and I welcome the opportunity of speaking of this event to the National Board, because it permits an account of the enthusiasm and interest which the President General's appearance elicited, and which she would refrain from mentioning. Her inspiring words were second to none among the uplifting addresses of the day. Among the distinguished persons present were the Governor of the State, who made a fine reference to the influence of

the patriotic women in the affairs of the government; Mrs. Julia Ward Howe,—so appropriately called “the Laureate of Liberty,” who recited in a most impressive manner her “Battle Hymn of the Republic.” Greetings were received from the Massachusetts Daughters of the American Revolution; the Massachusetts Society of *Mayflower* Descendants, and the Society of Colonial Wars. The sonnet entitled “Roses, Lillies and Fôrget-me-nots,” was one of the striking numbers of the program. These floral emblems typefying our national colors, the red, white and blue. Following this, came a peroration to the flag, which in its “Trinity of Colors” we might well adapt as our ensign for the future. It was rather in the nature of a coincidence, and a matter of much personal interest to me, to find myself seated by two of the speakers, Hon. Winslow Warren and Rev. E. A. Horton, D. D., bearing the names of my Revolutionary ancestors, of Bunker Hill, and Boston. The festivities were completed by a beautiful luncheon at the Hotel Lenox. On Sunday it was my privilege to attend services conducted by Rev. Geo. A. Gordon, it being the celebration of “Fore-father’s Day” when the glorious hymn of Mrs. Hemans in honor of our Pilgrim Fathers was sung to new music suggesting that all things,—old and new,—seemed working together for the good of the patriotic spirit which pervaded the celebration of the Old South Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution.

Mrs. Main read a letter bearing upon the question of the reinstatement of a lady to membership, in connection with the date of acceptance of her resignation. After reading from the Constitution on this point, Mrs. Main requested instructions from the Board in the matter.

The question of resignations, that is, the time when a resignation is accepted, which had been discussed at a previous meeting, was again brought up for consideration, and attention called to the fact that there now exists a statute to the effect that the resignation be accepted from the time of sending in the same.

The Chair expressed the opinion that the same rule governing members dropped, accepted, and reinstated, should apply to members resigning, and as the former must be acted upon by the Board, in order to be perfectly consistent, the matter of resignations should also be acted on by the Board before acceptance.

Mrs. Lockwood moved: *That the resolution regarding resignations, Statute 292, be rescinded.* Seconded by Mrs. Main. Motion carried.

Mrs. Lockwood then moved: *That the resignation of a member be acted upon at the first Board meeting after said resignation be sent to the Treasurer General.*

Seconded by Mrs. Main. Motion carried.

There being no further business before the Board, it was moved and carried at five o’clock to adjourn.

Respectfully submitted,

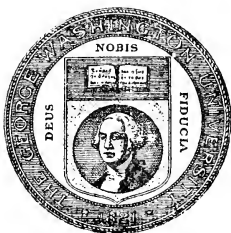
(Signed)
Report accepted.

ELISABETH F. PIERCE,
Recording Secretary General.

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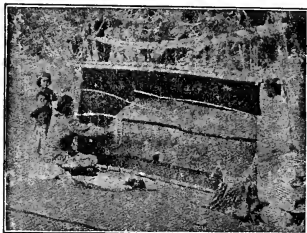
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Memorial Continental Hall, February, 1907.

American Monthly Magazine

VOL. XXX. WASHINGTON, D. C., APRIL, 1907. No. 4.

An Easter Greeting



ay the deepest, truest Easter
joys come to all! Exult-
ant faith regnant o'er de-
spairing death; Easter sun
after winter gloom; vital pulses
after rigid lethargy. Life! life!
life!--and all it means of endeavor
now and fruition to come!

Your President General

Emily Nelson Ritchie McLean

April, nineteen hundred and seven

COLONIAL BOOKPLATES.

By Helen Frances Brockett, Orange Mountain Chapter.

Of all forms of bookplates, the simplest is the printed name. This shows the bookplate's principal mission, to proclaim the ownership of the book in which it is seen. The old type-set labels, with quaint borders of ornamental scrolls and vines,



Bookplate of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

served the less pretentious of our ancestors of New England, who harbored prejudices against coats of arms and all things pertaining to royalty. Some owners considered it necessary to have added to their names, cautions against improper handling of books:

If thou are borrowed by a friend
Right welcome shall he be
To read, to study, *not* to lend,
And to return to me.

The southern colonies contained more men of wealth and leisure. They brought their books and musical instruments

with them from England; ordered their clothing and the luxuries of life from their far-a-way home, retaining their connection by correspondence, visits, and by sending their sons to English universities and law schools to be educated. Their bookplates having been made in England were better in design than those of the north and were heraldically correct.

In time the northern colonists forgot many of their early prejudices against English customs and their pride of ancestry became apparent. The prominent families of the north appropriated the armorial plates of their ancestors because it



recalled "the days of yore when armored knight and steed went forth to right the wrongs that cried out for redress."

In England in the fifteenth century while reading and writing were not universal, but confined to the clergy, lawyers, men of education and women of literary tastes, families of wealth and high degree were distinguished by their emblems of heraldry—their coats of arms served as their names in picture-writing. These were blazoned on their shields and banners in tournaments, on their equipages, furniture, table silver, costumes, bookcovers, and finally on paper pasted into their books.

The northern colonists, with the true independent spirit, had their plates made by American engravers, who were self-taught, inferior artisans, having no proper tools, and were deficient in the knowledge of the fundamental laws of heraldry.

Therefore the difference is strongly marked between these plates and the English-made plates of the southern colonists.

The earliest dated American plate is 1679, and belonged to the Rev. John Williams, the first minister in Deerfield, Massachusetts, who was carried, with his wife and children, into



captivity by the Indians. On his return he wrote "The Redeemed Captive." The next plate was that of the Rev. John Murray, the father of American Universalism, who, though welcomed in New York, was greeted with a shower of stones when he first preached in Boston.

William Penn, the Quaker, governor of Pennsylvania, used his coat of arms, with the motto "While I hold to glory, let me hold to right."

Theodore Atkinson, secretary of New Haven Colony; John Franklin and his brother, Benjamin; John Rutherford, a proprietor of East Jersey; Thomas Pownall, lieutenant governor

of United Jersey; William Denney and William Keith, both governors of Pennsylvania; Joseph Dudley, governor of Massachusetts; Jonathan Belcher, governor of both Massachusetts and New Hampshire—all of these and many other Colonial governors owned plates, which have been preserved through the years of strife and conflict.

The Harvard, William and Mary, Princeton and Yale libraries all suffered the loss of books, while many private collections were also ruthlessly demolished by the British during the Revolution. John Pintard used to remark that he had seen the British soldiers carrying away books from King's College to barter for grog. Myles Cooper, the second president of that college, was a royalist, and became involved, in 1774, in a political controversy with Alexander Hamilton, an undergraduate. Cooper hastily fled to England. His house and property with books and plates were confiscated—as were all goods belonging to tories. The King's College buildings were seized by the committee of safety for hospital purposes, and the institution reopened in 1784, under a state charter as Columbia College.

A prominent royalist and refugee, who owned a plate, was John Vassal, whose mansion at Cambridge was confiscated and used as headquarters by General Washington and later became the home of the poet, Longfellow.

In the belfry of the old South Church, Boston, Pastor Thomas Prince stored his valuable books, which were considered the finest private library known in Colonial times—each book contained his plate. The British wantonly destroyed most of these books—the few remaining ones may be seen in the Boston public library.

The New York society library was founded in 1758. Their bookplate is of Chippendale style, with four quarterings, representing Astronomy, Geography, Mathematics and Literature. Mercury and Minerva support the frame; Apollo sits above and beneath appears the city of Athens, suggesting that New York was a modern Athens.

Even more depredations were committed in the southern cities by the English soldiers. They despoiled many buildings,

both public and private, ruining books, records and paintings—so that the early American bookplates, at first not very numerous, were reduced by the wholesale.

On the bookplates in possession of fortunate collectors, we find the names of patriots, orators, statesmen, officials of state



and nation, members of congress and signers of the Declaration of Independence. Among the latter are John Adams, Charles Carroll and George Wythe, of Virginia; William Hooper, from North Carolina; George Taylor and Benjamin Rush, from Pennsylvania; Samuel Chase, from Maryland; Thomas Hayward, from South Carolina; Oliver Wolcott, Connecticut; Francis Hopkinson and Richard Stockton, from New Jersey.

Through Longfellow, we have heard of the "Midnight Ride of Paul Revere," and a few cherished pieces of silverware have remained to us of his trade, but we have been slow to realize

the remarkable abilities and attainments of this ardent patriot, the extent and importance of the services he rendered in the cause of liberty previous and subsequent to his memorable ride. His sphere was outside that of the great leader of statecraft and battle, but it was none the less effective and indispensable. Paul Revere learned the trade of goldsmith and silversmith at his father's shop. The varied operations of such work at a time when appliances were few and primitive, developed his mechanical powers. Revere made the tools and presses by hand, his ability as a graver led to his being employed in printing the paper money for the commonwealth of Massachusetts. Pictorial illustration, in those days was limited to a very few processes. Wood engraving had been highly developed by only a few great masters, and as commonly practiced was crude and unsatisfactory.

The bookplates by Paul Revere are valuable to-day, not on account of the artistic workmanship, which is quite poor, but because every American loves the memory of the man who rode throughout the night to awaken every Middlesex village and farm, and thus by his heroism and self-denial to save the life of our nation.

Closely connected with this account, is the plate of Robert Jenkins, one of the warders of Christ Church, in which were hung Paul Revere's lanterns, "one if by land, and two if by sea."

In Connecticut there were but three engravers on metal prior to the Revolution. The earliest of these was Amos Doolittle, who during the battle of Concord and Lexington was a member of the second company of the governor's "Foot Guards." Five bookplates signed by him are known, besides many engraved portraits of Washington, Jonathan Trumbull, other noted men, and views and maps.

The second Connecticut engraver was the versatile Joel Allen, who assisted his father in a store, kept the books, repaired clocks, watches and pipe organs. In the Revolution, he served as a fifer in the company of Noahdiah Hooker.

The third Connecticut engraver, Richard Brunton, used his skill in counterfeiting paper money and was sent to Newgate

prison for two years. While there, he turned his talent to engraving various views of the jail, surroundings, and the likeness of the keeper of the prison, Major Reuben Humphreys, who received his rank at the battle of Long Island.

Last September, I visited Newgate and saw the prison built round the shaft of the abandoned copper mine. Fifty feet below the surface I climbed, and surrounded by the ever-dripping walls of rock, saw the cells, where the tory prisoners, always wearing shackles, mined the copper.



Richard Brunton engraved a bookplate for Elijah Backus, who sold his island in the Ohio river to Herman Blennerhassett, the friend of Aaron Burr.

Another plate engraved by Brunton was that for the son of Colonel James Frye, one of the heroes of the battle of Bunker Hill.

Other plates by Brunton were for Timothy Hall, who served as surgeon in the Revolutionary war and witnessed the execution of André; for Jonathan Knight, who served in the Continental Army as surgeon's mate of the fourth regiment of Connecticut line; for Captain Gideon Leavenworth, who was wounded at the battle of White Plains; for the Rev. Daniel Waldo, who was imprisoned in the old Sugar House, in New

York, but unlike the other prisoners confined there his health was not impaired, as he lived to be 101 years old.

Philip Brasher was another prisoner in the Sugar House who owned a bookplate, but his was not by Brunton.

Among other soldiers of the Revolution owning bookplates were the New York men, Charles Read and his son Colonel Read; Dr. John Beatty, who rose to rank of colonel during the Revolution and was a delegate to the Continental Con-



gress; Major Joseph Bloomfield, at one time governor of New Jersey; Beasley; Ogden; Trenchard; the Hon. Joseph Wallace; Elias Boudinot, who was appointed commissary general of the prisons, during the Revolutionary war, was president of congress in 1782, and in that capacity was sent to sign the treaty of peace; James Bayard, a Delaware statesman, leader of the Federal party and one of the negotiators of the treaty of Ghent. There was Dr. John Jeffries, the surgeon, who recognized the body of General Joseph Warren after the battle of Bunker Hill. There were Colonels Varick, Wood, Preston and Elliot; James Swan, a member of the Boston Tea Party, afterwards wounded in the battle of Bunker Hill; Major William Jackson; Major General John Sullivan; Dr. John Lamb, who became a general; Jonathan Mason, a witness of

the Boston Massacre; Morgan Lewis, one of the staff of General Gates; Eli Forbes, chaplain during the Revolution and missionary to the Indians; Captain Isaac Hayne, who was brutally hanged by the British at Charleston; the gallant General Hugh Mercer, who suggested to Washington, the daring plan of crossing the river and who was killed at the battle of Princeton; Major General Philip Schuyler; John C. TenBroeck, a soldier of ability, who was with Washington at Vailey Forge.

The war of the Revolution naturally affected the native production of bookplates. But when a few years afterward, Bos-



George Washington's Book Plate

ton, New York and Philadelphia were active in publishing books, the engravers found work more plenty, both in illustration and in the making of bookplates. The patriotism of the booklovers was shown in the many designs using the American flag, eagle, 13 stars and the motto of the United States. John Adams and John Quincy Adams used heraldic bookplates, while John Tyler's was a mere label. These three presidents' plates are interesting, but no bookplate is of greater value to an American than that of the commander-in-chief of our army, our first president, George Washington. The de-

sign is the pure Chippendale style; the arms are displayed on a shield of shell-like form, with sprays and rose branches to ornament the sides of the escutcheon and the motto, "The end shows the deed," is given in Latin on a ribbon at the base of the shield; his name is engraved in facsimile of his signature.

There is a question as to whether this plate was engraved in England or in America. Washington, like other Virginia gentlemen, before the Revolution was in the habit of ordering goods every year from London. Washington was a very methodical man, and the fact that no entry of an expense for a bookplate is found among the papers existing of his London orders and his household accounts, leads us to believe that it was a gift; and the workmanship of the coat of arms of the bookplate differing from the London-made seal and ring, gives rise to the belief that an American artisan engraved the bookplate for the "Father of his Country."

OUR EMBLEM.

CLARA TREADWAY WEIR.

Our emblem is a golden wheel,
 Banded with deepest blue;
 Each shining spoke tipped with a star,—
 The distaff showing through.
 The only jewel in the world
 That money cannot buy,
 Without such proof of ancestry,
 As no one can deny.

It glows on many a bosom
 (In silken garments dressed),
 Of many a proud-faced daughter,
 More favored than the rest.
 They gladly do it honor,
 And give it place to shine,
 In all its blue, gold beauty
 And simple, quaint design.

It shines on many a bosom
Of daughters, who, each day,
Must toil and strive with hand and brain,
Upon life's weary way.
Untold, the pride and pleasure
And honor which they feel,
In wearing that which levels all,—
The distaff and the wheel.

That emblem tells a story
Each one can understand,
This woman has descended
From a hero of our land;
From one of those who fought and bled
And died, perchance, that we
Should reap of his great sacrifice,
A Nation's liberty.

It tells of Washington and those
Whom he inspired on earth;
Of how those patriots fought and died,
To give our land its birth,—
Starving, ill-clad, they struggled,
Upon the land and sea,
The God of battle granted them
Triumphant victory.

And now our flag we love so well,
In glorious beauty waves,
Over the land which holds and guards
So many patriot graves.
Their daughters wear this emblem
And with steadfast faith they pray
That for our Nation's honor,
We be brave and true, as they.

The New Jersey Daughters of the American Revolution, at their annual meeting held March 5, 1907, adopted resolutions expressing their deep appreciation of the services of Mrs. Donald McLean as their president general and most heartily endorsed her for a second term.

LETTER OF MARTHA WASHINGTON.

MOUNT VERNON, *December 31st, 1799.*

SIR:

While I feel with keenest anguish the late Disposition of Divine Providence, I cannot be insensible to the mournful tributes of respect and veneration which are paid to the memory of my dear deceased Husband—and as his best services and most anxious wishes were always devoted to the welfare and happiness of his country—to know that they were truly appreciated and gratefully remembered affords no inconsiderable consolation.

Taught by the great example which I have so long had before me never to oppose my private wishes to the public will—I must consent to the request made by congress—which you have had the goodness to transmit to me—and in doing this I need not—I cannot say what a sacrifice of individual feeling I make to the sense of public duty.

With grateful acknowledgement and unfeigned thanks for the personal respect and evidences of condolence expressed by congress, and your self,

I remain, very respectfully
sir,

Your most obedient & humble
servant,

MARTHA WASHINGTON.

The above is an exact copy of what is reasonably considered to be the only letter and signature of Martha Washington in existence. It was lately discovered at the national capitol, by W. H. French, a clerk of the department of files. It was found hidden away, among other musty archives, and is given verbatim, in spelling, punctuation, and arrangement of words and lines.

LOUISE SNOW,
Tioga Chapter.

REVOLUTIONARY RECORDS

This department is intended for hitherto unpublished or practically inaccessible records of patriots of the War for American Independence, which records may be helpful to those desiring admission to the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution and to the registrars of chapters. Such data will be gladly received by the editor of this magazine.

In 1901 a committee was appointed by the Frances Dighton Williams Chapter, of Bangor, Maine, to hunt up the records and to identify the graves of soldiers of the Revolutionary war, who might be laid to rest in this vicinity.

Thirty-nine have thus far been marked, and we hope to carry on the good work in the future.

Markers placed in 1901 were as follows:

CAPTAIN WILLIAM HAMMOND, who was born in Newton, Massachusetts, July 14, 1749, died in Bangor, Maine, March 30, 1814. He was a sergeant on the Lexington alarm roll of Capt. Wiswell's Co., which marched April 19, 1775, from Newton.

He appears with rank of captain, as commissary on muster and pay roll of field and staff officers of Colonel Whitney's regiment, his commission being signed by John Hancock. He organized a company of which he was captain, fitting it out at his own expense. He was one of the selectmen of Newton, loaning the town large sums of money to pay the soldiers. On November 30, 1797, he was elected an agent to the general court of Massachusetts by the town of Bangor, Maine.

MAJOR PARK HOLLAND was born in Shrewsbury, Massachusetts, in 1752—died in Bangor, Maine, May, 1849.

He held the rank of sergeant, lieutenant and paymaster in the Revolutionary army. He was a member of the famous society of the "Cincinnati."

He and Jonathan Maynard surveyed large tracts of land in the state of Maine, including the east branch of the Penobscot river and the town of Bangor. Many of his plans and surveys are still used for reference.

A monument, erected by the Society of the Cincinnati, marks his resting place.

CAPTAIN WILLIAM FORBES was born in Westboro, Massachusetts, in 1762, died in Bangor, May 15, 1843. He moved to Bangor in 1799, and

lived in the first frame house built in this town. He was postmaster in 1804, also one of the founders of the Unitarian society in this city. One of his daughters was the wife of Hon. Albert G. Wakefield, another married Rev. Richard Woodhull of the Bangor Theological seminary. He rendered valuable service to his country during the Revolutionary war. A headstone marks this grave.

BENJAMIN ROSE was born in 1751. He lived at the Rose tavern, Bangor. He died there in 1849; enlisted under Washington, coming this way with the "Penobscot Expedition." He is buried in the Stiles lot at Mt. Hope. There is no stone, but a marker with nameplate has been placed at his grave.

CAPTAIN JOHN HARLOW was born in Plymouth, Massachusetts, in 1761, and was one of the minute men of April 19, 1775. His pay roll is dated September 27th, 1782. He came with his brother, Nathaniel, to Bangor, in 1789.

He was captain of the packet running between Bangor and Boston from which he probably got the title of captain. He died in Bangor, February, 1836; a headstone marks his grave.

JAMES MAYHUE was born in 1759. Bought lot No. 63 in Bangor in 1786. He served in the Revolutionary war with the rank of matross, died in Bangor in 1840, and is buried in lot No. 550, Mt. Hope cemetery. There is no stone but a nameplate is on the marker.

MAJOR NATHANIEL PARSONS, resident of Massachusetts, died in Bangor, Maine, October 11, 1822. He was ensign and adjutant in Colonel Marshall's regiment; return of field and staff officers commissioned for January, 1779, dated West Point. Appointed November 1, 1777.

ROBERT MANN, born 1788. He was in the war of 1812, buried at Mt. Hope cemetery, lot No. 566. There is no headstone, a nameplate is placed on the marker.

PETER PERHAM, who rests in the cemetery at Brewer, Maine, was born in 1751—died 1840. He served in the War of the Revolution, afterward coming to Brewer. He was the father of the well known Judge Perham. No stone marks his grave—a nameplate is on the marker.

COLONEL JONATHAN LOWDER, buried in the little cemetery at Veazie, was born in Boston, Massachusetts, 1731—died in Bangor, January 28, 1814. He served at Fort Pownal or Fort Point, Maine. He was captain in Colonel Goldthwait's regiment, and was also lieutenant colonel in Col. Josiah Brewer's regiment; agent for the Penobscot Indians and clerk for Major Robert Treat for many years. Through his influence the Indians were prevented from enlisting in the English ranks, and were kept loyal to the American cause. He was one of the original settlers of Bangor, owning a lot of one hundred acres of land just above Mt. Hope, where the substantial brick house, recently demolished, used to stand; a headstone marks his resting place.

THE HONORARY VICE-PRESIDENTS GENERAL.

"Lest we forget."

Many of the daughters of later days hardly know the names of those who did heroic work when we were young. Such will be glad to read brief sketches of the honorary vice-presidents general, who have been elevated to their high position through virtue of services rendered.

MRS. J. HARVEY MATHES.

Among the first to be enrolled with the Daughters of the American Revolution, was Mrs. J. Harvey Mathes, who has proved herself a power in the organization from its incipency and has shown herself an able, powerful and popular leader.

Hers is the unusual ability of drawing women of fine mind and character to her side, of inspiring them with confidence in their own attainments and thus making them give their best to the chapter and the society, and hers the unselfish disposition that is ever pushing others forward and modestly keeping in the background herself, but she is still "the power behind the throne." She was recognized as a leader by her confreres in Washington as soon as she joined, was appointed state regent at once, served seven years, forming and naming all the chapters in the state, with her own hand made out the papers of all the prominent women now in the work in Tennessee, and still does most of that work, not only for her own chapter, Commodore Perry, but any one in the city. Her work has not been confined to Tennessee, by any means, but she has assisted in forming chapters in Mississippi, Arkansas, and even as far off as South Dakota.

Through George Reade she has traced her lineage, in unbroken line, to Alfred, the Great; is a member of the Royal Governors through four prominent lines, West, Drummond, Gooch, and Spotswood, all clustered round historic Jamestown; is member of Colonial Dames through many illustrious lines; has her record ready to join the Daughters of 1812;

very prominent member of the Daughters of the Confederacy, and the most important chapter in Memphis is named for her husband, Capt. J. Harvey Mathes, a beloved veteran, now gone; she is state regent of the Pocahontas Association and



Mrs. J. Harvey Mathes.

by her influence and untiring energy has formed a large circle here.

Being a member of all these chapters, she constantly aids their growth by assisting others to unravel their pedigrees, find missing links, or join those already found, so they too, can enjoy the privileges of the various societies. Some people are really gifted in being able to remember names, have a talent for unwinding the tangled strands of a genealogy and delight

in seeing the lines grow straight, link join link under their luminous knowledge as a painter sees his picture unfold beneath his skillful brush. Mrs. Mathes is pre-eminently such a genealogist, for she seems to know by intuition and also long practice, exactly where to go to find the man or woman who will make the chain complete and so give pleasure to a descendant by enabling her to join the chapter of her choice.

She is honorary vice-president for life of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, having been elected when she was in California with her sick husband, all unconscious of the honor bestowed upon her; she is honorary president and organizer of Commodore Perry Chapter, the largest and most influential chapter of the state, and she is also adviser and the inspiration of most of the good works of the chapters in Memphis. Her bright mind and ready knowledge is ever at the service of her friends.

Mrs. Mathes is a true, loyal friend, an enthusiastic patriot and an honored and beloved woman.

MRS. ELEANOR HOLMES LINDSAY.

Mrs. Eleanor Holmes Lindsay, honorary vice-president general, National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, has been active in the work of this society for many years. We take pleasure in presenting in this issue a portrait of Mrs. Lindsay made from a miniature painted by Miss Katherine Helm. Mrs. Lindsay was born in Daviess county, Kentucky. She spend the earlier years of her life in Georgia and received her education at Wesleyan College, Nord Seminary, Louisville, and the Cincinnati Conservatory of Music. Her father, Dr. George N. Holmes, was a surgeon and medical director in General Wheeler's corps of cavalry. Dr. Holmes was a son of Colonel James Lewis Holmes, who was born in Virginia and whose ancestors came from Massachusetts. Colonel Holmes served as captain in the war of 1812 and, with a company from Kentucky, did active work in the revolution which resulted in the independence of Texas, which services

were recognized by that republic by large grants of land. Mrs. Lindsay's mother was the granddaughter of a Revolutionary soldier of the North Carolina line.

Mrs. Lindsay married the Hon. William Lindsay, former chief-justice of Kentucky and for several terms United States senator.

Since her identification with the National Society, Mrs.



Mrs. Eleanor Holmes Lindsay.

Lindsay has served as chairman on many important committees and her superb reports bear testimony to her untiring zeal. Among these were the Revolutionary relics committee, the medal committee, and the architectural committee for Continental Hall. Her work on the latter gave the plans for our memorial building.

REAL DAUGHTERS

MRS. JANE RANKIN EADES.

The David Reese Chapter is called upon to mourn the death of its oldest member, Mrs. Jane Rankin Eades, "Real Daughter," who died at Oxford, Mississippi, at the advanced age of



Mrs. Jane Rankin Eades.

eighty-nine years. She was born in Guilford county, North Carolina, August 1st, 1817, and moved to Bethel Springs, Tennessee, when fourteen years old. She was the thirteenth of the fourteen children of her parents, Robert and Mary Rankin. She was married December, 1836, to Robert Eades and came at once to Lafayette county, Mississippi, ten miles from

Oxford. During the Revolution, her father fought with the North Carolina troops under General Rutherford. He was actively engaged in the siege of Yorktown and was present at the surrender of Lord Cornwallis.

Mrs. Eades lived for years in the town of Oxford, where she was universally loved and respected. At her death, the whole community united in sympathizing with her estimable family in their great bereavement. "Happy he who with bright regard, looks back upon his father's fathers, who with joy recounts their deeds of grace, and in himself values the latest link in the fair chain of noble sequences."—*Historian*.

MRS. CAROLINE REED STONE.

Caroline Reed Stone, daughter of Ebenezer Reed and Polly Dickinson Reed, was born in Olean, Cattaraugus county, New York, February 18, 1823. In 1855 she married Eli Stone. Her home was surrounded by a large orchard, which was later destroyed by the building of the Genesee Canal.

Soon after their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Stone went to Minnesota, where two daughters, Belle and Alma, were born. They again returned to western New York, locating in Portville, where was born another daughter, Amy. They remained there until about 1865, when they moved to Pine Island, Minnesota. In 1904 they again moved farther west to South Park, Washington, near Seattle, where they reside at present with their only surviving daughter, Alma. Mrs. Stone has been a member of the Baptist church for many years. She is still in the possession of all her faculties and unusually active. She became a member of the Olean Chapter, November 22, 1898, and soon after was presented with a gold spoon, the customary gift to all "Real Daughters" from the National Society.

Her father, Ebenezer Reed, was born in Connecticut in 1760. He left his home (his father being a Tory) at the age of sixteen years, and enlisted with the patriots at Stamford, Connecticut, a part of the time serving under Captain Bell and

Colonel Silliman. On the 3d of October, 1832, he was granted a pension for over two years' actual service in the Connecticut troops.

He was one of the earliest settlers in Olean. His wife's maiden name was Hannah Jones, and their family was a num-



Mrs. Caroline Reed Stone.

erous one, consisting of twelve sons and two daughters. Not long after moving to Olean, Mrs. Reed died. In 1820 Ebenezer Reed married for his second wife, Polly Dickinson, daughter of Major Daniel Dickinson and Mary Palmer, his wife. By this marriage there were two children, Caroline and Edward. He became the first settler in what is now the town of Allegany, building a tavern at the mouth of the Five-Mile Run in 1820.

Ebenezer Reed resided in Olean until his death in January, 1845, aged 85 years. He is one of the three Revolutionary soldiers buried in this vicinity.

Mrs. Reed's maternal grandfather, Major Daniel Dickinson, was born in Hartford, Connecticut, 1737. He was appointed first major of the thirteenth New York regiment, in 1775, organized by Col. John McCrea, and served throughout the war of the Revolution. He died at Stillwater, New York.—
MAUD D. BROOKS, *Historian*.

WASHINGTON, D. C.,
November 7, 1906.

Mrs. Donald McLean,
President General, N. S. D. A. R.

MY DEAR MRS. McLEAN:

As the conference of the District of Columbia does not meet until April, we the undersigned, active officers and regents in the District of Columbia, present to you the following testimonial.

We desire to endorse the expressions of loyalty and appreciation, embodied in the resolutions adopted by Illinois and other states; and to assure you of our cordial support in all that you may undertake for the Society, and our most earnest hopes that you will be our leader and honored president general for another term.

Faithfully yours,

(Signed by the vice-president in charge of organization of chapters, the recording secretary general, the registrar general, the state regent and state vice-regent of the District of Columbia and the regents of the Dolly Madison, Martha Washington, Continental, Columbia, Elizabeth Jackson, Constitution, American, Mary Bartlett, Lucy Holcombe, Katherine Montgomery, Potomac, Captain Molly Pitcher and Our Flag Chapters.)

The Chapters of Illinois feel honored that Mrs. Charles H. Deere again allows them to place her name before the Congress for re-election as vice-president general. Mrs. Deere needs no introduction to the many Daughters, having served the organization as regent of the Moline Chapter and state regent of Illinois and one term as vice-president general with distinction and zeal of which we are justly proud.

Peace is the offspring of Power.—*Bayard Taylor*.

WORK OF THE CHAPTERS

Below are given the abstracts of the recent chapter reports. The great number has made it impossible to print them in full in this issue. Attention is called to the great number of valuable work done by the chapters.

Pasadena Chapter (Pasadena, California).—The annual meeting of Pasadena Chapter was held at the home of Mrs. W. D. Turner, and the regent, Mrs. Clara Baker Burdette was re-elected.

An interesting program contained a reading by the hostess and a paper giving a history of the origin and development of Thanksgiving customs, as the meeting took place at that season.

St. Joseph Chapter (St. Joseph, Missouri) has devoted its energy the past year to raising money for Continental Hall. For that purpose, we taxed each member a small sum, gave a card party, and, on February 22, gave the ever attractive Colonial ball. The home of the regent, Mrs. Woodson Hundley, was beautifully decorated for the ball with flags, pictures of George and Martha Washington and flowers in the national colors. There was an interesting program of music, a short eulogy of Washington, and the stately minuet, danced by eight young ladies and gentlemen. In the dining room, Mrs. R. A. Brown and Mrs. Milton Tootle served refreshments. There was a miniature cherry tree for the center of the table, candies in the form of hatchets and other symbols of the day. The minuet was such a success that it was repeated to raise funds for the San Francisco sufferers.

The regent gave a report of the congress in Washington at the May meeting and, like all Daughters, was loud in praise of the brilliant oratory of the president-general, Mrs. McLean.

The chapter is having the lineage books and the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE bound and placed in the public library.

Copies of the Daughters of the American Revolution ritual have been used with much profit and pleasure. The regent offered the Daughters of the American Revolution pin to the



MRS. ELIZABETH HILL HUNDLEY, REGENT.
Eustis Hill Hundley.

member securing the greatest number of new members during her term of office. Souvenir Daughters of the American Revolution spoons have been presented to the three babies born to officers of this chapter in the past year. They

are Henrietta Braxton Wyeth, daughter of Mrs. Parker Wyeth, vice-regent; Edwin Ruthven McDonald, son of Mrs. Albert McDonald, secretary; and Joseph Calvin Hull, son of Mrs. Curtis Hull, treasurer. The chapter has presented, with fitting ceremonies, a large silk flag to the Young Women's Christian Association of this city. A medal is offered to the first grade students in the high school for the best essay on a patriotic subject. A society of the Children of the Republic is to be formed soon.

Tioga Chapter (Athens, Pennsylvania) held an open meeting on the evening of Washington's birthday.

The program opened with a piano solo by Mrs. Dunham. This was followed by a reading, by Mrs. Bishop, of an "Eulogy on Washington," delivered by Gen. Richard Minot, of Boston, in 1800. Added interest centered in this, as it was read from one of the original copies printed at that date, and distributed among the citizens of Boston. Mrs. Kellogg read an instructive paper on "American Patriotic Songs," written by Mrs. Jones of the Ithaca Chapter. The illustrations, consisting of "My Country 'Tis of Thee," "Hail Columbia," "Yankee Doodle," "Tenting on the Old Camp Ground," "The Star Spangled Banner," etc., were rendered by a ladies quartette consisting of Mrs. Blackmore, of Waverly, the Misses Corbin and Stimson, of Athens, and Mrs. Hill, of Sayre.

As the membership of Tioga Chapter consists principally of Waverly (New York) and Sayre and Athens (Pennsylvania) ladies, the chapter offers, annually, forty-five dollars in prizes, of ten and five dollars to the two pupils in each of the three high schools who write the best essays on the different historical subjects assigned them. The proceeds of this entertainment, which was well attended, will be used for the prize fund.—MARY E. FINCH, *Assistant Historian*.

Shelby Chapter (Shelbyville, Tennessee).—We feel there is renewed interest in our chapter work. We have several new members, with a good prospect of others. We are studying Colonial history. Our program for the present year is as follows:

"The Character of the Early Colonists as Determined by Ancestry." "Remote and Immediate Causes Which Led to the Revolution." "Our Government During The Revolutionary War." "The French During The Revolution." "The Most Representative Man in each of the Thirteen Colonies." "The Women of Most Potent Personality in each of the Thirteen Colonies." "Revolutionary Music." "The Domestic Lives and Customs of the Colonial Period." "The Historical Novel and its Relation to American History." "James-town."—MRS. WILLIAM P. COOPER, *Regent*.

Baron Steuben Chapter (Bath, New York).—It is the custom of Baron Steuben Chapter to keep its February meeting for a patriotic observation, a special committee being appointed by the regent to arrange the program and furnish the refreshments. As Washington's birthday was observed last year, the committee decided to hold the meeting on Lincoln's birthday this year. The programs for the other meetings of the year being carried out entirely by the members of the chapter, at this meeting for the purpose of variety the speakers and some singers are invited from outside, and besides the one guest which each Daughter has the privilege of inviting, the speakers and other prominent citizens are invited by the chapter. It was as brilliant an assemblage as has been brought together on any occasion the past year.

The meeting was held in the spacious residence of Mrs. Edwin R. Curtis. Flags were in evidence on every side. In accordance with the wishes of the regent, Mrs. Charles F. Kingsley, that the arrangement, as far as possible, should suggest the dual holidays of the month, the chapter's picture of Washington framed in wood from Baron Steuben's burial plot was displayed beside a picture of Lincoln; and while the centerpiece of the refreshment table was a triangle of lichen-covered "rail" fence, the rails of which might have been split by the boy, Abraham Lincoln, the napkins displayed cherries, which might have grown on the cherry tree cut down by the hatchet of the youthful George Washington. One of the guests, Captain William S. Burns, sported a campaign medal of 1860 showing Lincoln on one side and Hamlin on the other.

The meeting was formally opened by the regent, Mrs. Kingsley, who in brief introductory remarks referred to the fact that since the Washington memorial meeting a year ago the chapter has lost its first member by death, Mrs. A. J. McCall. The roll call was answered by the Daughters with quotations from some of Lincoln's most noted addresses.

The formal program, in charge of Miss Charlotte Sedgwick, was opened by a piano duet, "1863" by Miss Florence Sedgwick and Miss Evelyn Fay. Then followed an admirable address on "Lincoln, the Man," by Humphrey McMaster, Esq., in which many interesting sidelights were thrown upon Lincoln's public life. After a piano solo, "Chopin's Polonaise," by Mrs. Charles Noble Frost, "The Many Sidedness of Lincoln" was discussed by the Rev. Charles Noble Frost in an able paper, in which he analyzed the qualities that made Lincoln great. Prof. J. S. Fox sang "My Queen," and after his solo Mr. Henry W. Bowes spoke on "Lincoln as a Story Teller," entertaining the company with interesting discussion and pointed story. This was followed by Lincoln's Gettysburg speech by Carter R. Kingsley, Esq., and Whitman's "O Captain, My Captain," by Miss Mary Kingsley Robie. The program was concluded by the singing of Kipling's "Recessional" by a quintet, Misses Katharine McMaster, Mary W. Scraf-ford, Evelyn Fay, and Messrs. J. S. Fox and E. F. Smith.

Ann Haynes Chapter (Kirksville, Missouri).—Mrs. Thomas O. Towles, state regent, has organized a chapter at Kirksville, with sixteen members. The chapter is named for Ann Haynes, a woman of the Revolutionary period, and who is an ancestor of the chapter regent.

The following are the officers: Regent, Mrs. R. M. Ringo; first vice-regent, Miss Alta Ringo; second vice-regent, Mrs. Geo. Loughlin; recording secretary, Mrs. M. D. Campbell; corresponding secretary, Miss Clara Spencer; treasurer, Mrs. L. V. H. Gerdine; historian, Miss Catherine Harrington; official reporter, Mrs. Sarah T. Hall.—MRS. SARAH T. HALL, *Official Reporter*.

George Clinton Chapter (Wilmington, Ohio) celebrated the one hundred and seventy-fifth anniversary of the birth of Washington at the home of the regent, Mrs. Amy Fuller Hale. The committee in charge of the affair, was Mesdames Wood, Burnett, Swaim, Heuffman and the regent. The rooms had been decorated with flags, evergreens and flowers. Pictures of Washington and Mt. Vernon emphasized the spirit of the celebration. After a social hour, came music, under the leadership of Mrs. Stella West and Professor Walter G. Fisher. The dining room was decorated in the national colors and the menu was very elaborate. Little silk flags, painted hatchets and flag-embossed programs, were dainty souvenirs of the occasion. The genial host, Dr. Hale, assisted by his son and daughters, did much to add to the pleasures of the evening. Certainly patriotism is cultivated by these associations and our chapter is extremely fortunate in having a record, from its organization for good citizenship and patriotism.—ELIZABETH A. DENEL, *Historian*.

Columbus Chapter (Columbus, Ohio) met February 22, 1907, at the residence of Mrs. Herman M. Hubbard.

The exercises began with the reading of a poem by Mrs. Orton, regent of the chapter. This poem was entitled "For Washington's Birthday," and was written by Harvey M. Watts, of Philadelphia.

Mrs. Orton then introduced Hon. Henry C. Taylor, who addressed the chapter on "Washington at Valley Forge." Mr. Taylor gave the subject thoughtful, careful consideration and was most interesting. He said in part:

"The ground occupied by the Continental army under the command of General Washington in the winter of 1777-78 at Valley Forge, has become one of the most historic places in our country. * * * In the days of the Revolution there were but a very few houses in that vicinity, and for a time Washington and his officers occupied such huts as could be temporarily provided. After the huts were built for the soldiers, Washington established his headquarters at the house of Isaac Potts, and there remained until the spring of the year 1778.

* * * This house has been preserved and well cared for, and is in many respects in the same condition that it was when occupied by Washington.

"Valley Forge has become a park and belongs to the state of Pennsylvania. It is under the control of a commission known as the Valley Forge Park commission, and has been cared for under its supervision for the past fourteen years. * * *

"The depressions in the earth known as hut holes or cellars can still be seen. In the immediate vicinity of these cellars stands a hut erected by the Daughters of the Revolution, and above the door is a tablet which bears the following inscription:

**On this spot stood one of the huts
Occupied by the Soldiers of
Washington's Camp,
During the Winter of 1777-1778.
This Reproduction was Erected by
Colonial Chapter of Philadelphia,
Daughters of the Revolution,
May, 1905.**

"There have also been new buildings added, the most noteworthy being the Washington Memorial Chapel, built in the gothic style."

At the close of Mr. Taylor's delightful address, Mrs. Orton introduced Mrs. Robert W. Buchanan, of the Cincinnati Chapter Daughters of the American Revolution, whose ancestors wintered with General Washington at Valley Forge. Mrs. Buchanan gave the following valuable historical account of him and his services:

"My great-grandfather, William Tarbell, born in Groton, Massachusetts, was only a lad of seventeen, when he enlisted and served during the war. He was only a 'private' but was often especially honored. He was a good penman and an amateur artist and Major General Prescott, who commanded the Massachusetts department of the army, used to detail him to do writing at headquarters."

An enjoyable social hour followed.

Our Flag Chapter (Washington, District of Columbia) held its January meeting at the residence of Miss Emery, the regent, Mrs. A. G. Wilkinson, presiding. Following the regular business Miss Duncanson, chairman of the program committee, introduced the especial guest of the afternoon, Miss McCleary, who read her paper on "The Continental Congress, 1774-1789," for which she received the gold medal given by

the Daughters of the American Revolution to the student of the George Washington University writing the best essay on any topic of American history connected with the Revolutionary period.

The presentation of this medal is made by the state regent, Mrs. Ellen Spencer Mussey, on behalf of the District of Columbia Daughters of the American Revolution on the university commencement day of each year.

The historian, Miss Polkinhorn, gave items of interest of the work of the national society, particularly on the line of patriotic education, in which many of the chapters in the different states are taking an active part. A social hour followed, and refreshments were served.

Mrs. Charlotte Emerson Main, vice-president in charge of organization of chapters, Daughters of the American Revolution, read, at the February meeting of the chapter, a paper on the history of our flag. The paper was written for and dedicated to the chapter.

The meeting was held at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Polkinhorn, the regent, Mrs. Wilkinson, presiding. A resolution was offered by Mrs. H. A. Semmes regarding the unpublished orders of General Washington while commander-in-chief of the Continental army. The historian, Miss Polkinhorn, gave a history of the chapter for the ten months past.

The chairman of the entertainment committee, Miss Duncanson, related incidents connected with the flag. The decorations and souvenirs of the evening were in commemoration of Washington's birthday.

Little Rock Chapter (Little Rock, Arkansas) is the oldest and largest chapter in Arkansas. It was organized in December, 1893, by Mrs. Clifton R. Breckenridge.

The first state regent was Mrs. W. A. Cantrell of this chapter and the first Little Rock Chapter regent was Mrs. Frederick Hanger.

The Little Rock Chapter has made several contributions to Memorial Continental Hall fund, and it has a small, but growing, library, embracing volumes on American history, Ameri-

can biography, American art, American literature and American genealogy. The chapter has voted to purchase the comprehensive "History of Arkansas," by Mrs. Myra McAlmont Vaughan, a charter member, and to present it to the Arkansas historical association.



MRS. JOHN McCLURE,
State Regent, Arkansas.

The chapter has contributed sums to aid in the building of a pike to "Monticello," Thomas Jefferson's home in Virginia, and to aid in preserving the home of Paul Revere in Boston, and to aid in the erection of a monument to the memory of the brave nurses sent out by Daughters of the American Revolution, who died in line of duty during the Spanish-American

war. The chapter has voted to place a tablet in memory of the Revolutionary soldiers who died in Arkansas, in the new state capitol. Provision has also been made to secure markers from the government, to be placed on graves of all Revolutionary soldiers buried in Arkansas. A sum has been sent to aid in the prevention of the destruction of Niagara Falls for commercial purposes. Quite recently the chapter subscribed \$50 toward the new Carnegie library fund; the library will probably be erected in Little Rock ere long. The chapter sends delegates to the Continental Congress of the order, held each year in Memorial Continental Hall in Washington, District of Columbia, during the week in which falls April 19, the day of the battle of Lexington, "when the shot was fired that was heard around the world." The Little Rock Chapter has been honored by having its members invited to deliver patriotic addresses before their chapters at various times, at Memphis, St. Louis, Annapolis, Iowa City, and Pine Bluff.

The present state regent is Mrs. John McClure of Little Rock, state vice-regent, Mrs. Martha Knox Hayman of Van Buren. The new regent is Miss Mary Gatlin.

John McAlmont Chapter (Pine Bluff, Arkansas) was the first chapter organized in Jefferson county. Our natal day will be the twelfth of May, 1907. We organized with a charter membership of sixteen, at the home of the regent, Mrs. Julia McAlmont Noel, Mrs. John Barrow, regent of Little Rock Chapter, being present.

Mrs. Barrow made an address, presenting the chapter with a gavel made of cherry, with a silver band bearing the inscription "John McAlmont Chapter, D. A. R., from Katherine Braddock Barrow."

The chapter was unanimously named from the great grandfather of the regent, John McAlmont, who had been given a large tract of land for his services in the Revolution. Though not a year old, there has been increasing interest and enthusiasm in the work, and the chapter has become a recognized organization among the local interests of the city.

We meet the second Saturday in each month at the homes of the members. After the business meeting we have a social hour. We are studying Colonial history, have had some good and instructive papers, pride ourselves on having a descendant of Elizabeth Steele in the chapter, two great-great-granddaughters of Cecil Calvert, Lord Baltimore.

At our next meeting the chapter charter will be presented by Dr. J. I. Norriss, pastor of First Presbyterian church, a suitable and interesting program having been arranged

Mary Fuller Percival Chapter (Van Buren, Arkansas).—Mrs. Martha Knox Hayman was appointed chapter regent at Van Buren by Mrs. Frederick Hanger in 1898. She organized a chapter, which, out of courtesy to her, was named for her great-great-grandmother, Mary Fuller Percival, a heroine of the Revolution. The chapter was chartered in 1900, with a membership of seventeen, in the administration of Mrs. Helen M. Norton, as state regent. Among the charter members was one "Real Daughter," Mrs. Catherine Robardt Stirman, of Fayetteville, Arkansas.

Mrs. Martha Knox Hayman served two years as regent and was succeeded by Miss Clara B. Eno, who served two terms. She was succeeded by Mrs. Georgia L. Faber, who is now serving her third term.

Mrs. Philip D. Scott of the Mary Fuller Percival Chapter was the first state vice-regent of Arkansas; she was succeeded by Mrs. Martha Knox Hayman in 1905.

The membership is now 23, with several applications pending. The charter has a beautiful and highly-prized gavel, presented by Rear Admiral Sampson, United States Navy, made from the wood of Admiral Dewey's flagship. It bears a silver plate, with the name "Olympia" carved upon it.

We are much interested in the public school work, and are giving prizes for the writing of essays on American history, thus encouraging the study of history and fostering a spirit of patriotism. Last year we offered a prize—a handsome book—for the best essay on John Paul Jones, Paul Revere, Putnam or Lafayette, and hope to continue this good work.

We have so far contributed \$35 to the Continental Hall fund, and also made a contribution to the state historical society.

We know that Arkansas has several Revolutionary soldiers buried on her soil, and we are trying to locate those in this portion of the state to mark them suitably.

Tidioute Chapter (Tidioute, Pennsylvania) held its regular monthly meeting February 22d, in the Conewango Club, the Warren members uniting as hostesses. The place cards for the occasion deserve especial mention, being a gift from Mrs. A. Louise Long, instructor in art at the state hospital. They were portraits of Mary Washington, tinted by Mrs. Long's skilled brush.

At the conclusion of the luncheon the ladies adjourned to the ball room which was decorated with flags and bunting.

The program for the afternoon opened with the use of the Daughters of the American Revolution ritual, closing with "America," after which the members responded to roll call by patriotic selections.

Then followed the customary business and the reading of a letter of greeting from Mrs. J. B. White, historian of the Kansas City Chapter.

The first number of the program proper was a vocal solo, "Whispering Vows," by Mrs. Jane Orr Pickett of Warren, accompanied by Mrs. O. W. Ensworth.

Mrs. L. L. Hunter, of Tidioute, gave an interesting history of the chapter, beginning with its organization in 1900.

Not less interesting was the account of her home chapter, given by Mrs. Margaret Manning of Chicago.

Mrs. H. B. Porterfield, of Tidioute, next read a patriotic poem appropriate to the day.

The meeting of January 17th, held in Tidioute, celebrated the one hundred and forty-seventh anniversary of George Washington's wedding and Mrs. L. M. Breitenstein read a paper on "The Youth of Washington," which she kindly gave again at this celebration of his birthday.

Mrs. Pickett again sang, giving from "Mother Goose" a musical rendering of the famous cherry tree story, with details and a sequel not generally known.

In her "Pen Sketch of the Conewango Valley," Mrs. Long proved herself as thorough an artist with her pen as with her brush.

Their friends were surprised to find that seven of the Warren ladies had developed talent in an unexpected direction, as was evidenced by their presentation of William Dean Howell's farce "The Mouse Trap." These performers, at the close of the play, presented Miss Mary O. King with a cluster of beautiful roses as an expression of their appreciation of her efforts in drilling, directing and prompting them.

The program closed with singing "Flag of the Free" after which a rising vote of thanks was given the Warren members.

Spirit of Liberty Chapter (Salt Lake City, Utah) celebrated Washington's birthday with their annual luncheon.

Mrs. Seth Warner Morrison, regent of the association, introduced the toast-mistress, Mrs. Lee Charles Miller, who spoke in a delightful manner of the many things that Washington's birthday recalls to our minds.

"Our Emblem; What It Means to Us," was responded to by Mrs. Thomas Weir, delegate at the Continental Congress held last year in Washington, who read the original and charming little poem, entitled "Our Emblem."

"The worst wheel in the wagon creaks the loudest." Mrs. Clesson Kinney responded to the above toast and, with the aid of a number of cleverly-told stories, related how the very air these past few days had been vibrant with patriotism, the pictures of Washington in the schoolroom, the work at the high school for the medal given by the Daughters for the best patriotic oration, and even the work of the little folks in the kindergarten, who learn in their own way of the facts of history that will stand out so bright in the years to come in their memories.

"The wheel is always in motion, and the spoke which is uppermost will soon be under, therefore mix trembling with all your joy." Mrs. Clement of Fort Douglas responded to the above quotation and in brief said how important it was that we must not forget that it is the spoke of the little as well as the

large ones that bears the weight of the whole machine, and that in the wheel there are thirteen of these spokes, so were there thirteen colonies.

Ye stars which are the poetry of heaven,
If in your bright leaves we could read the fate
Of men and empire, 'tis to be forgiven.

Mrs. Margaret Zane Witcher responded to the toast in a delightful manner. The stars seem to stand for so many things, for even the most ignorant person is attracted and fascinated by the wondrous ones that appear in the heavens.

"There is always work and tools to work withal, for those who will." It is impossible in so short a space to tell of all the good things that Mrs. Brown said about the ideal home life. It was from the opening until the closing phrases a plea for the best home life that can be lived.

"In the language of the flowers: flax means domestic industry." Miss Margaret Connell responded in patriotic eulogy of the women of 1776.

"The Unlucky thirteen. Superstition is part of the poetry of life." Mrs. H. C. Wallace responded to the quotation and told of the many superstitions that seemed to hang about the number thirteen.

The program closed with the guests standing and singing "America," with a violin accompaniment by Miss Allen.

Aurautia Chapter (Riverside, California) held its regular meeting at the house of Mrs. Homer Plimpton in January, 1907. Ten members were present and various items of business transacted, after which the annual election of officers was held, resulting in the election of Mrs. John M. Macrae as regent.

The regent then laid before the chapter, a paper from the management at Washington, containing instructions to the chapter by which to govern themselves in the matter of representation at the meeting of the Continental congress, in April of the current year. It was voted that Miss Mary Hart, of New Haven, Connecticut, be appointed to represent the chap-

ter at said Continental Congress, in the capacity of regent's alternate.

The chapter then adjourned to meet in February.—JULIA MARIA TALLMAN, *Historian*.

Phebe Greene Ward Chapter (Westerly, Rhode Island).—The past year has been one of changes with Phebe Greene Ward Chapter. At the beginning we started with six new officers instead of half that number as heretofore. There have been fifteen new names added to our roll, one transferred to another chapter, and death has claimed one, making our present membership one hundred and six.

For nearly ten years the chapter meetings were held in the Memorial building, but our increasing membership made it necessary to find a larger room; Brunswick hall was leased for one year, where we hope to remain until a permanent home is secured. Beside the routine of business a very interesting paper entitled "Puritans—Home Life, Character and Social Customs," by Mrs. Jos. L. Peacock and the reading of Rhode Island's Declaration of Independence by Mrs. Frank Larkin were enjoyed by all.

At the February meeting the chapter was entertained at the Dixon House by Mrs. G. H. Utter, Mrs. F. C. Pagan, Mrs. A. L. Chester and Mrs. H. R. Segar. Among the guests was Mrs. Richard J. Barker, then regent of Gaspee Chapter, and who has since been elected vice-president general of the National Society. Recitations by Miss Mary Whipple and music by the Ideal orchestra constituted the program.

On March 1st three of the members entertained the chapter at the home of Mrs. Thos. O. Wilcox, at which time the high school prize essay was read. In April the chapter met again at the Dixon House with eight young ladies as hostesses. A very fine musical program was rendered also an original poem by Miss Grace Wheeler.

In May the chapter was the guest of eight other young ladies at the home of one of their number. The Lyric quartette, of New London, furnished music. Questions and answers on the early history of Rhode Island was the program

for the June meeting. In July the chapter and guests enjoyed the hospitality of the vice-regent, Miss Mattie P. Babcock, when an interesting paper on "Colonial Music" was read.

The August meeting was held at Watch Hill, where several members have summer homes. Papers on "Colonial Dress" and "Colonial Women," also fine music, made up the program.

Mrs. Florence E. Youngs, historian of Putnam Hill Chapter, of Greenwich, Connecticut, gave an interesting address at the September meeting, and papers on "The Home Life of George Washington" and "Daughters of Liberty," were read.

In October the Board of Management entertained the chapter in its new home. The November meeting was the tenth anniversary of the organization of Phebe Greene Ward Chapter, and the program committee arranged a "Birthday Party" to celebrate the event. Miss Mary A. Greene, regent of Gaspee Chapter, of Providence, and honorary state regent, and who organized this chapter, was present and addressed the meeting in her usual happy manner.

Miss Greene presented the chapter with a large American flag and gave two reasons for choosing a flag for her gift.

First—Because she was born on the anniversary of the adoption of the Stars and Stripes.

Second—Because the flag is the symbol that all Daughters stand for, namely—order, light, liberty and peace.

Miss Greene was made honorary regent of Phebe Greene Ward Chapter.

Mrs. E. R. Allen, our first regent, spoke of the early history of the chapter and gave an interesting sketch of the life of Phebe Greene Ward, for whom the chapter was named.

There have also been a number of other meetings, some social and others for the purpose of increasing our finances. During last winter a series of four whists was given, netting the chapter \$50.

Washington's birthday was celebrated by a supper called the "Feast of the Seven Tables," followed by an entertainment entitled "National Holidays."

The affair was an elaborate one and the proceeds, amounting to \$128.50 were set aside as a fund to be used only for

local patriotic work, commemorative of our Revolutionary ancestors or for marking historic spots.

A salad supper in September added \$29 to the treasury.

June 14th (Flag day) was observed by a picnic at the home of Mrs. E. M. Dunn, our oldest member. The land now owned by Mr. and Mrs. Dunn was purchased by Mrs. Dunn's great-great-grandfather of Ninigret, chief of the Niantic tribe of Indians.

Although we have accumulated quite a sum of money during the past year, our treasurer's report shows that we have not hoarded our gains, but have given much of it for educational and charitable purposes.

For several years past this chapter has offered prizes to pupils in the public schools for the best historical essays. This year a senior in the high school was awarded the prize of \$10, for an essay on the subject, "Washington, the Man, Patriot and Christian," and a pupil in grade IX, the \$5 prize, his subject being "Nathaniel Greene."

We have given \$25 to the public library, also continued our subscription to the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE for the library. Fifty dollars was contributed toward the relief of the San Francisco sufferers, and markers were placed at the graves of seven Revolutionary soldiers.

We trust that the coming year may be one of continued prosperity. "Surely, enrolled under the old flag, with the Declaration of Independence as a foundation, with the lessons that come to us from the past we should bear in our hearts the one thought, let us be worthy of our name."—TACIE E. L. STILLMAN, *Historian*.

The Filson Chapter (Louisville, Kentucky).—Tuesday, November 13th, 1906, seventeen Daughters of the American Revolution met at the home of Mrs. Howard Morton Griswold to organize a new chapter. The following board was unanimously chosen: Mrs. Neville Bullitt, regent; Mrs. Luke P. Blackburn, vice-regent; Miss Anna Bailey, secretary; Miss Ruth Murray, registrar; Mrs. Howard Morton Griswold, his-

torian; Mrs. John A. Larrabee, chaplain; Mrs. William Preston McDowell, chapter poet.

The initial meeting of the chapter was held at the home of the regent, Mrs. Neville Bullitt.

The regent of the Fincastle Chapter, Mrs. Alex. P. Humphrey, and board, were the guests of honor.

The meeting was called to order by the regent, Mrs. Neville Bullitt, and opened with prayer by Mrs. John A. Larrabee. The vice-regent, Mrs. Luke P. Blackburn, made a speech of welcome. The national hymn was sung by the chapter. Mrs. William Preston McDowell read a charming original poem, the theme "Kentucky," patriotism and high ideals in every line.

"The Star Spangled Banner" was beautifully rendered by Miss Bessie B. Slaughter. The historic and literary work was led by Miss Ruth Murray, who read an interesting paper upon "Delaware," the first of the thirteen states to ratify the constitution. The subject was discussed by other members of the chapter.

The chapter was named in honor of John Filson, the first historian of Kentucky, his history having been first published in Wilmington, Delaware, in 1784. So the new chapter was launched upon its career for good we earnestly hope.

We are one great organization, daughters of one family, one mother, our country, with our state motto ever before us, "United we stand, divided we fall."

At the close of the meeting refreshments were served by the regent, and we all felt that the gathering together of such earnest women was most auspicious.—ANNA CLIFTON GRANT GRISWOLD, *Historian*.

Lady Washington Chapter (Houston, Texas) was entertained at the home of the regent, Mrs. D. F. Stuart, on the anniversary of George Washington's wedding day. Her drawing room was the scene of a brilliant assemblage, stately dames in Colonial dress recalling the fashions of the days when our country was young.

Cabinets held Colonial relics, a band of musicians discoursed

the old-time melodies, and roses and sweet pinks, suggestive of formal gardens and queenly grandmothers who loved them, perfumed the air. Indeed nothing was lacking to proclaim the manor and its accustomed festivity except the presence of the noble George himself.

Among the distinguished visitors present—were the Texas poetess, Mrs. Mary Hunt Affleck, whose membership is with the Lady Washington Chapter; Mrs. Cornelia Branch Stone, president of the Texas Woman's Press Association and historian of the George Washington Chapter, of Galveston, and Mrs. Stewart, of the Island City. Refreshments were served.

"A thing of beauty is a joy forever."

ABBIE FRANK SMITH.

James Wood Chapter (Parkersburg, West Virginia) sent out the following quaint invitation for its February meeting:

Ye James Wood Chapter, D. A. R., will meet February ye 22d, at three of ye clock, at ye residence of Ye Historian.

Being ye solemn season of Lente, no frivolities will be engaged in. Ye members will discuss ye life of ye first Presidente, and musick of ye godly sorte will be rendered.

Ye voluntarie contribution will be taken to aid in putting in ye memoriale window in ye ancient church of St. George in ye town of Fredericksburg, Virginia, to Mary, ye Mother of Washington.

The exercises were participated in by the members in form of a symposium of the history of George Washington from the cradle to the grave. "Music of ye godly sort" was rendered.

Rate letters were read by Miss Kate Harris and the historian. The regent, Mrs. H. C. Jackson, read "The Life of Mary Ball," Miss Florence Trevor, Mary Washington's will.

The psalm read at the first Continental Congress, the 35th, and prayers for the sick and afflicted of our chapter, were read by the historian, from an old prayer book of Col. James Goodwin, of Virginia, dated 1728. Historic pictures were exhibited.

Fourteen dollars were donated to the memorial window to Mary the mother of Washington.—KINNIE E. SMITH, *Historian*.

THE OPEN LETTER

It is proposed that each state historian shall be requested to secure a list of the places of historic interest of the Revolutionary period, as yet unmarked in her state, and send such information to the chairman of the committee on "Preservation of Historic Spots."

The object is this: After Memorial Continental Hall is completed there will be a grand rally to the preservation of historic spots and buildings. In localities where there are chapters, such chapters either have taken care of, or will take care of, their own responsibilities, either by doing the work, or securing sufficient assistance from other chapters to have the work accomplished.

In many localities there are no chapters and in some where there are "historic spots" there are chapters too small to meet the obligation alone.

If each state would during the building of Continental Hall, secure all of the data relating to this subject, such a place, ownership, possibility of marking or purchasing the same, make and mature plans for the work involved, then we would not be losing so much time in this branch of our work, and taking our chances of having more historic spots pass out of our reach or meet with destruction.

It is suggested that these lists should be sent to the chairman of the committee on "Preservation of Historic Spots," because there should be a headquarters for the filing of such information, and from which information can be obtained. Then, too, there are possible cases where the National Society would be interested in assisting or in doing the work as in Meadow Garden Farm and other places.

MRS. MATTHEW T. SCOTT,

Bloomington, Illinois.

Chairman Committee on Preservation of Historic Spots.

Mrs. Matthew T. Scott wishes to give Mrs. Samuel M. Ammon, of Pittsburg, credit for the valuable suggestions that appear in the above letter.

GENEALOGICAL NOTES AND QUERIES

"After years the tale shall tell
Who bravely fought, who nobly fell."—*Mrs. Daniels.*

Inquirers are requested to observe the following suggestions:

1. Write plainly, especially all proper names.
2. Give, when possible, dates or approximate dates, localities, or some clue to the state in which the ancestor lived.
3. *Inquiries for ancestors who lived during or near the Revolutionary period will be inserted in preference to those of an earlier period.*
4. Enclose stamp for each query.
5. Give full name and address that correspondence when necessary may be had with inquirers.
6. Queries will be inserted as early as possible after they are received, but the dates of reception determine the order of their insertion.
7. Answers, partial answers or any information regarding queries are urgently requested and all answers will be used as soon as possible after they are received.

*Mrs. Lydia Bolles Newcomb,
Genealogical Department, American Monthly Magazine,
New Haven, Connecticut.*

Attention is called to rules 3 and 4

ANSWERS.

844. HALEY.—In Joseph Habersham Chapter "Hist. Collection" are the following: Dr. John Haley married 1763 Mrs. Mary Shaw (page 262). Mrs. (Halie) Day, widow, married Rev. Matthew Talbot who d. 1785 (page 541). Marlin Hailey and Betsey Jennings married 1808 (page 362).

848. INGERSOLL.—Jonathan Ingersoll b. in Westfield, Mass., May 10, 1681, settled in Milford, Conn., and married Sarah Newton, daughter of Samuel and Sarah (Felton) Newton. Their children were: Rev. Jonathan, b. 1714, d. Oct. 2, 1778; Sarah bapt. June 3, 1716; Mary bapt. Dec. 14, 1718; David bapt. Sept. 4, 1720; Jared bapt. June 3, 1722; Sarah bapt. Oct. 23, 1726. On July 6, 1712, Jonathan was admitted to the church. (*First Church records, Milford, Conn.*)

855. SMART.—1. Roger Smart of Wiltshire, Eng.

2. Isaac Smart b. in Eng. 1658, came to America in the ship Griffith in 1675, and married 1683 Elizabeth Thompson, b. 1666 in Ireland (daughter of Andrew and Isabella Thompson). He d. in 1700 and

his widow Elizabeth married 2nd Nov. 26, 1701, Edward Keasbey. Isaac² and Elizabeth Smart had five daughters and one son.

3. Nathan b. June 20, 1690, married 1713 Deborah —.

4. Isaac, their eldest son b. Feb. 4, 1721, married 1756 Ann Wilson. He inherited the homestead at Elsinborough, N. J., and had children.

5. Mary b. Oct. 1, 1757; Nathan Wilson b. 1759, d. unmarried; Isaac b. March 2, 1761; Robert b. 1763; Ann b. 1768, married Samuel Brick. Isaac⁶ married Rebecca Thompson, daughter of John and Mary (Bradway) Thompson of Elsinborough. They had nine children, viz:

6. Ann, Nathan, Mary, John, Deborah, Rebecca, Hannah, Isaac and William.

It seems quite possible that Isaac⁶ may be the one inquired for as it is stated that the children of Isaac and Rebecca moved westward.

In the organization 1679 of the Friends Society in Fenwick Colony, Salem, N. J., the names of Isaac Smart, Edward, Robert and Samuel Wade are closely associated. (From "*Fenwick Colony.*")

Mrs. Myra C. Glick, Marshalltown, Ia., is a descendant of Isaac Smart and may be able to give more information.

872. WOODRUFF.—A few years ago I made a search for the Rev. services of Josiah Woodruff of N. J. After several communications with the adjutant general's office of N. J., I learned that Josiah Woodruff was credited with services in various years of the war, and showed that he was b. Feb. 22, 1762, d. July 22, 1836. This was not the Josiah Woodruff in whom I was interested, but information may be of interest to the querist 872.—E. J. W.

885. CLARK.—Thomas Clark, father of Rebecca Clark, lived in Reading, Vt., Aug., 1797 on which date Rebecca married Andrew Bevins. According to the town records of Reading two of his children died there in 1790 and 1793, and these deaths are recorded as those of the children of Thomas Clark and Jane his wife. I do not think this Thomas Clark was the one who was wounded at Stillwater. That one enlisted at Hanover, N. H., in what was called a College company Nov. 22, 1775. Capt. Stephen Clark (See *Rev. Rolls N. H.*)

The Thomas Clark of Amherst, N. H., was in the battle of Bunker Hill. The "Hist. of Amherst" says "One Thomas Clark of Sonhegan West (adjoining Amherst) May 13, 1747, signs with others a petition to the Assembly for soldiers for their defence. He was chosen Feb. 27, 1760, one of the selectmen of the town. In 1761 he was one of the constables of the town, and in 1776 signed the Association Test. He was in the battle of Bunker Hill. I desire very much the dates of his birth and death, and places. Can "E. B. A." help on these points?—H. L. B. K.

897. SLOAN—NELSON.—William Sloan married in Lyme, N. H., May 25, 1779, Sarah Nelson. Their first child William was born Jan. 28, 1781. They lived in Westfield, Mass., 1791. I can give proof of his military service if desired.—J. H. P.

916. CHEW.—John Chew of Hogg Island, Vir., came from Eng. 1622 in ship "Charitie," was Burgess from Hogg Island 1623-1629 and Burgess from York Co. 1642-43-44, and Justice of York Co. 1634-1652. In 1657, in view of his intended marriage to Mrs. Rachel Constable, he makes a deed for certain land recorded in York Co. In 1668 he appears to be deceased. His first wife was Sarah —. They had sons—Samuel b. 1625, d. 1677, married 1659 Anne Ayres of Nansemond Co., Vir., and Joseph who married as early as 1648 Mary Smith of "Herrington" on Herring Bay. He d. 1715 or 16.—L. A. R.

927 (by error 913). (3) FLOWER—SMITH.—Lamerick Flower (Flowers) b. in Eng. 1650, settled in Hartford prior to 1685, d. after Nov. 4, 1718, married Lydia Smith b. Feb. 14, 1666 (?) in Hartford. They had four sons and four daughters. Lydia Smith was daughter of Joseph and Lydia (Huit) Smith who were married April 16, 1656.

Lydia Huit was daughter of Rev. Ephraim Huit (Hewitt) of Windsor, Conn., (from Eng. 1639) where he d. Sept. 4, 1644, and wife Isabell —. Joseph Smith had brothers—Simon, Christopher, William, and sister Mary who married William Partridge.—M. E. F. and L. A. B.

My grandmother, Anna Watson (Flower) Brackett, was the daughter of William Flower, son of Lamerick and Mehitable (Goodwin) Flower, grandson of Lamerick, and Lydia (Smith) Flower. I should be glad to receive information of the early Flower family.—A. H. P.

The inventory of the estate of Joseph Smith of Rocky Hill (Hartford), Aug. 28, 1673, amounts to £441. 7s. 6d. Children were: Lydia, age nineteen (this would give her birth date 1654 instead of 1666 as above), Joseph, age 13, Jonathan 10, Samuel 7.

Administration is "granted to Lydia the Relict" Nov. 1673, "to Lydia the Relict £46 forever, and one-third of the profits of the real estate during life," to the eldest son £150, to the two younger sons £90 each and to the daughter £59. (From *Manwaring's Digest*, Vol. I.)

Joseph Smith married April 20, 1656, Lydia, daughter of Rev. Ephraim Huit, of Windsor.—(*Memorial Hist. Hartford*, Vol. I.)—M. A. K.

In the old Windsor graveyard is an oblong, flat stone erected 1648 that marks the burial place of Rev. Ephraim Huit, with the following inscription:

"Here Lyeth Ephraim Huit,
Sometimes teacher to ye church of Windsor.
who dyed September 4, 1644.

Who when hee lived wee drew our vital breath,
Who when hee dyed, his dying was our death,
Who was ye stay of State, ye churches staff
Alas! the times forbid an epitaph".

(From *Conn. Magazine*, Nov., 1900).—L. B. N.

948. FOWLER.—Samuel⁵ Fowler b. 1720 married Charlotte (Strang)

Purdy. Children were: Mary, married George Menet, Jr.; Elizabeth, m. Samuel Clark; Charlotte, m. Daniel Gedney; Martha, m. Reuben —?; Abigail, m. — Flewelling; Glorianna, m. John Fowler, Jr.; Rev. Samuel b. 1758, d. Jan. 22, 1830, founder of Methodism in Newburg, married 1st Rebecca Gedney.

Samuel⁶ was son of John⁴ b. in Flushing, 1686, married 1719 Abigail, daughter of Joseph Drake, Sr., of East Chester, granddaughter of John Drake of Windsor, Conn.

John⁴ was son of William³ and wife Mary Thorne (dau. of John and Mary (Parcel) Thorne) married 1680.

William³ d. May, 1714.

William³ was son of Joseph² b. in Derbyshire, Eng., before 1610, (John¹).

Joseph² married Sarah, daughter of Richard Betts, Sr., of Hempstead Co., Eng., and sister of Richard Betts, one of the patentees of Newton, L. I., and magistrate 1656-7.

Samuel⁵ Fowler (John⁴, William³, Joseph², John¹) served in the Ulster Co. militia as private in Col. Levi Paulding's regiment. He d. Oct. 13, 1789; his wife Charlotte d. July 30, 1791, aged 74 years, 10 months.

The name Strang indicates Huguenot descent.—K. S. McC.

(From a rare book, "*The Fowler Family in America*," by Wharton Dickinson.)

QUERIES.

956. SANFORD.—I want to learn of a Gov. Sanford, connected in some way with Anne Hutchinson. One of his daughters married ——— Mason. Gen. John Sanford Mason had a son, John Sanford Mason, Jr., whose mother was a daughter of Gen. E. O. C. Ord, whose mother was Rebecca Cresap. D. A. R. eligibility through these lines is desired.—A. C. K.

957. WILBURGER.—Ancestry proof of Rev. service of John Wilburger (or Whilburger). He married Margaret ———. They had two sons, John and Jacob, and two daughters, Sally and Elizabeth. They lived in a German colony in Rockingham Co., Vir. John Wilburger, Jr., married Anne Pugh. In 1799 they moved to Bourbon Co., Ky., where were born ten children—the oldest b. 1800, married Josiah Pugh Wilburger. In 1825 they moved to Pike Co., Mo. He married, 1827, Margaret Barker, and moved to Texas, where he d. 1845. John Wilburger, Jr., d. 1835 on his farm in Mo.

958. GATES—SMITH.—Jonah Gates, b. in Chatham, Conn., Sept. 30, 1769, died in E. Haddam, Sept. 20, 1842; married Feb. 25, 1790, Esther Smith, of E. Haddam. Information of ancestry and Revolutionary service is desired.—C. E. F.

959. WIESSE.—Information is asked about my ancestor, Daniel Wiese of Capt. Jacob Scalts, Co. of Penn. Was near Philadelphia, 1776.—G. M. K.

960. DINKINS—SCOTT.—Ancestry of Henry Lewis Dinkins, of Fairfield District, S. Car. He married (Eliza?) Scott, who had a sister, Hester Scott, who married — Thomson and moved to Ga. Henry Lewis Dinkins had four children, viz.—Eliza Scott, Sam., William and Paul. In 1717 Henry Dinkins with wife Lucy and his brothers, Paul and Sam., came from Londonderry, Ireland, to Charleston, S. Car. One of these brothers was the ancestor of Henry Lewis Dinkins, and may have been in the Rev. War. In Weem's "Hist. of Marion" there is mention of a Sam. Dinkins. Is anything known of his descendants?

(2) SCOTT.—Ancestry of Eliza and Hester Scott of S. Car. Eliza(?) Scott had one child b. about 1798.

(3) HOUSE—CHANDLER.—Ancestry of Reuben House of Richland District, S. Car. He married Mary Chandler, and they had six children—Jesse; John, married Sarah Woodard; Elizabeth, married Dr. Ogilvie; Mary b. 1801, married — Patterson; Reuben, married Eliza Scott Dinkins; Hester, b. 1803, married Dr. R. J. Lawrence. Rev. record desired of the father of Reuben House.

(4) HAGERTY.—Ancestry of Abel Hagerty, b. 1777, of S. Car. His brothers and sisters were Sarah b. 1753, Joanna, Mary, Nancy, Dennis, John, Jonathan, William and Joshua. Abel married Anne Buchanan and lived in Ga., later moved to Alabama.

(5) BUCHANAN.—Ancestry of Anne Buchanan b. 1785 in Ga., probably Greene Co. There were four sisters—Anne m. Abel Hagerty; Sarah m. Larkin Cleveland; Elizabeth m. 1st in 1807 Abram McAfee, 2nd in 1814 Jesse Robertson; Jane m. 1st — Parrick, 2nd — Baldwin.

(6) Ancestry of James P. Buchanan, Rev. soldier of Jasper Co., Ga. Also names of his wife and children.

(7) ROOKE.—Information of the Rooke family. In my father's library is a set of books in eleven volumes that have as book plate the Rook coat-of-arms with name George Rooke, Esq. I would like to correspond with members of the Rooke family.—E. H. D.

961. NELSON.—James Nelson who lived in Rev. times married as his second wife Hannah McConnell. Afterward they lived in W. Vir. Record of any Rev. service is desired. His son James Nelson married Susan Nelson, his cousin. Who were her parents? Rev. service desired.—L. B. A.

962. HAMILTON.—Wanted the ancestry of John Brown Hamilton b. 1783 or 4 in Vir. or Tenn. His father's name was James Hamilton. His mother, Margaret Porter, had an uncle John Hamilton who was an officer; also an uncle Thomas Porter. John Brown Hamilton had two brothers, James and Franklin.—T. B. W.

963. SYDENBOTHAM.—I wish to learn something of Peter Sydenbotham, father of a Rev. soldier. John Sydenbotham b. 1750 in Vir. He enlisted in Prince William Co. under Capt. Briscoe.—E. C. S.

964. CHASE.—Can I get information of the Rev. or Colonial service,

and dates, of Aquila Chase, or of his descendants in the line—Aquila¹, Thomas² married Rebecca Follansbee, Roger³ m. Abigail Morrison, Matthew⁴ m. Polly Hankson, Abigail⁵ m. William Carson, Polly⁶ Carson mar. Sargent Jewell, Harriet⁷ Jewell m. George Hunter.—H. C. S.

965. GREENE.—Wanted ancestry of Jarvis Greene, killed at the battle of Blue Licks, Ky., by the Indians. He left two sons, John and William, and a daughter Frankie who married ——— Armstrong. John Greene married Rachel Mackey and became a prominent Baptist minister in Tennessee.—Mrs. E. M. A.

966. (1) BARNES—RICH.—I have been trying for some time to trace the parentage of Thomas Barnes, who married Adeline Rich, of East Chester, N. Y. He had brothers William, Moses, Joshua, Gilbert. The latter was at one time a Universalist minister in New York city.

(2) PRATT.—James Pratt, b. 1790, supposed to have lived in Conn., but his parents and place of birth are not known. His brothers and sisters were Shubal, William, Aurelius, George, Lemuel, John, Harvey, Prudence, Adelia, Sarah and Louisa. Any Pratt records of the family will be appreciated.—K. A. H.

967. ANTISELL—ARMSTRONG.—Lawrence Antisell (Antisdel, Antisdale, Tisdell) was in Norwich (now Franklin), Conn., in 1731. Married Mary Armstrong, daughter of Benjamin. The births of six children are recorded in Norwich and Windham, but there were six more of whom there seems to be no official record. In 1752 Lawrence Antisell bought land of Hopedill Tyler, of Preston, in Willington, Conn., where the family lived. One record says he followed the sea and was a captain. He is said to have come from Eng. about 1700, a lad of ten or twelve years. Can any one give information about him?—L. W.

968. DENNIS—CRANDALL.—I wish to inquire for the ancestry of Thomas Dennis, a Rev. soldier who enlisted Nov. 1775 at Tiverton, R. I. He married Sept. 10, 1780, Lydia Crandall. He d. Aug. 13, 1838.—L. D. C.

969. (1) HOWELL—GOULD.—My ancestor, Jedediah Howell, b. 1713, married at Catchogue, L. I., Elizabeth, daughter Rev. Ebenezer and Mary Ann (Brewster) Gould. Who were her parents, and was she related to Elder William Brewster?

(2) WALTON—JENNINGS.—What was the parentage of George Walton, who married, June 20, 1758, in Vir., Elizabeth Jennings. Was he a cousin of George Walton the signer of the Dec. of Independence?—M. M. R.

970. WANZER.—Mary Wanzer was my grandmother, but we cannot learn her ancestry. In some way the Wanzers and Mooneys are connected. I should be glad to correspond with any descendants of the Wanzer family. We are trying to find Rev. records for the Baron Steuben Chapter in New York.—W. A. L.

971. ALLEN.—Information wanted of the relationship of Asaph Allen, b. 1752, a Rev. soldier of Mass. and Ethan Allen of Ticonderoga fame.—P. A. L.

MARY WASHINGTON CHAPTER MEMORIAL SERVICE.

Washington, D. C.

The Mary Washington Chapter held a solemn and sweet memorial service, at the Woman's Club House, on Wednesday evening, February 12th, 1907, Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood in the chair, the exercises being opened with a few appropriate remarks by the chairman, who read the list of those who had "Crossed the Bar" since September, 1906, beginning with that of Mrs. Elizabeth Blair Lee, chapter regent for fourteen years. Others were: Mrs. Virginia G. McBlair Smith, Mrs. Jane Elizabeth Arnold Augur, Mrs. Lucy B. Harris Lindsley, Mrs. Sarah H. Wilson, Mrs. Virginia T. Marshall Peacock, Miss Elizabeth Bryant Johnston, Miss Emilie M. Halstead, Mrs. Isadore L. Truell. Beautiful flowers were furnished for the occasion by friends.

A fine and well selected musical program was rendered at intervals during the speaking, which like that was of an impromptu character, devoid of pretense. Mrs. N. N. Potts was musical director, and also took part, singing the last number, a musical setting by Piccolomini of Tennyson's poem, "Crossing the Bar." Her assistants were Mr. D. Armer Yeatman, who rendered the "Stabat Mater," from Rossini, with much feeling; violin, by Miss Jeannie Benson, of New York, accompanied by Miss Yeatman.

Miss Virginia Miller read an able and appreciative paper giving a graphic character sketch or reminiscences of her distinguished kinswoman, the late chapter regent, Mrs. Elizabeth Blair Lee. It will be impossible to give all of this interesting paper, but in the main Miss Miller said: "My distinguished kinswoman served this chapter for fourteen years, although of late her total blindness prevented her being with us. From the first meeting which was held in the Riggs House, her interest never abated, and it is with feelings of deepest reverence that I come this evening to pay my tribute of respect and affection to the memory of our late beloved regent, who on the 13th of last September peacefully fell asleep in the 89th year of her age. * * * I will only refer to a few incidents in her life, but speak mostly of her share in our organization and her relations to the chapter. Mrs. Lee was born at Frankfort, Kentucky, June 20th, 1818, and was the daughter of Hon. Preston Blair, Sr., and Miss Violet Gist, whose grandfather, Christopher Gist, was the early explorer of Kentucky and the friend of Daniel Boone. On her mother's side, Mrs. Lee was also descended from the Howards of Maryland and the Carys of Virginia, coming directly from a sister of Archibald Cary, the well-known statesman and patriot of Revolutionary days. Mrs. Lee's father was the close personal and political friend of Andrew Jackson,

and she grew up in intimate fellowship with the great men of our country, and in her early womanhood became the bride of a gallant sailor, the grandson of Richard Henry Lee, who was the first to move in the Continental Congress 'That these Colonies are and of right ought to be free and independent states.' It was natural then that when the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution was organized, Mrs. Lee should be one of its early charter members, her national number being 171, and she is also one of the incorporators. Some of us here to-night, I am sure, can recall the night of organization at the Riggs House. She was greatly interested when it was suggested to organize a chapter in Washington and it was with her full approval that she accepted the name selected, 'Mary Washington Chapter,' since it was designed to give particular honor to women of the Revolution, and at that time she was elected our regent, with a goodly band of Daughters, some 230 or 240, I think, on our charter roll. We had three of the founders' names on our roll, with that of one president general, Mrs. Benjamin Harrison. So it was with promise of good assistance that Mrs. Lee began her reign, and from that time until the terrible affliction of blindness overtook her she presided over our meetings, and over the local board, with dignity and ability, and even after her affliction. * * * As one of the officers of the new board, I was thrown much with Mrs. Lee, and though of course I cannot recall the time when I did not know her, I feel that in this constant intercourse I learned to know and love her better, and to appreciate the strength which lay back of her gentleness, and I have been particularly impressed with the heroism with which she bore the terrible trial of loss of sight;—she who was so fond of reading and studying faces as well as books, to be denied it all and shut in with thoughts and memories for companions; sweet thoughts and memories I am sure, as I have often been entertained by her delightful accounts of the past. * * * Mrs. Lee was deeply interested in every work our chapter undertook, and a liberal giver. The last year I was your vice-regent when I told her of the great effort we were making to raise at least a \$1,000 for Continental Hall, that I had urged that instead of fairs and dances that each member should endeavor to give or raise at least \$5 she immediately said, 'I am so glad, and my subscription must be \$20.' You all know how successful our effort was, and the pride with which we gave five hundred dollars to the fund. Mrs. Lee always headed our delegation at the congresses, and was urged at one time to accept the position of state regent for the District, but she declined. I wish I could bring Mrs. Lee before those of our chapter who did not know her, with the vividness she appears to me,—gentle, courteous, low voiced, full of anecdote and humor. I recall how some years ago at one of our entertainments after several papers by or from various members, and one by Miss Bell, on 'A Calendar Year of American History:' another by Mrs. Nancy Otis

Winston, and her rendering of 'Rochambeau and the Rose;' and an impromptu address by Miss Richards, on 'Lafayette,' Mrs. Lee, who was presiding, gave a charming talk on her recollections of preparations made to entertain Lafayette by her parents in 1825, and of how a favorite white rose-bush covered with bloom was transplanted to a *marque* on the lawn where the distinguished visitor was to be received. At this same meeting one of our 'Real Daughters' spoke of seeing and shaking hands with Lafayette. Mrs. Lee was full of sympathy with all human suffering, and was for years president of the Protestant Orphan Asylum, president of the Ladies' Washington Club, and a leader in social life, but above all an humble, consistent Christian. All this fills up the record of a life of which her friends may well be proud; glad to have her at our head for so many years. For her we may be sure there could have been no sadness of farewell, only a sinking to rest with the assurance of an awakening in that bright to-morrow."

The chairman then paid a brief tribute to the lives of the late Daughters, Mrs. Augur, Mrs. Lindsley, Mrs. Wilson, Mrs. Peacock and Mrs. Truell. Miss Aline Solomons referred with high appreciation of Mrs. Truell and Miss Halstead's good work as recording secretary of the chapter.

The chairman called upon Mrs. Sarah Brown Hall Johnston as the one who probably knew Elizabeth Bryant Johnston better than anyone else as she had been associated with her for over thirty years with all the intimacy of family life. In response Mrs. Johnston spoke of Elizabeth Bryant's amiable disposition, as of one "thinking no evil," and of her great intellectual gifts, which were highly cultivated although she had not enjoyed great school advantages; she was well informed on all topics. This she illustrated with an anecdote to her own disadvantage. Mrs. Johnston said, that on her return from Europe some years ago, she had anticipated astonishing Elizabeth with the stories she could tell of the galleries she had visited and the world-wide famous pictures she had seen, but she soon discovered that Elizabeth, without having seen had about as clear ideas of the best Europe had to show as she herself had after a trip. This experience opened her eyes as to sister Elizabeth's attainments.

After Elizabeth Bryant's death on looking over her effects she discovered a very remarkable picture of which she had never heard. It was of Elizabeth sitting with three of the most eminent artists of the day, a picture and article Elizabeth had never mentioned to any of her family although it had been published in a magazine! Mrs. Johnston later read a letter received from Mrs. Fairbanks soon after Elizabeth Bryant's death which was most appreciative, and spoke particularly of her interest in Continental Hall where some of her suggestions were now being built in, as much of a "monument" to her as to those Mothers of the Revolution, since it was her idea to have a

southern portico supported by thirteen columns representing the original thirteen colonies.

Miss Janet Richards spoke of the high place Miss Johnston occupied in literature, but which had scarcely been duly appreciated during her lifetime. Miss Richards illustrated one of Miss Johnston's characteristics by relating an anecdote of herself and Miss Johnston. She said that on one occasion they took opposite sides of a question on something appealing especially to Miss Richards and Miss Elizabeth Bryant said some very sharp things to her in so much that she was greatly disturbed lest it become an estrangement of their long friendship. But happily, when next they met, she was greatly relieved and rejoiced to receive the usual cordial greeting, and henceforth they respected each other even although they might differ.

Mrs. Frances A. Johnston said that one Elizabeth Bryant's most pronounced characteristics has not been mentioned, doubtless because it was known only to her family. It was her unflinching optimism, which persistently looked at the bright side of things. As has been said she did not receive adequate recognition for merited reward for her literary contributions although they were renowned and valued by her peers the world over. But the failure of her high hopes never embittered her, and she had no word of blame for anyone, meeting undaunted and with a brave heart and smiling face each misfortune and disappointment: such blows of fate as would have staggered a less well balanced nature.

Another trait was loyalty to friend and family, the Scotch Kentucky clan feeling which rebelled at the word *sister-in-law* to designate the wives of her brothers. They were sisters in as close a tie as though indeed of kindred blood.

Miss Frances Benjamin Johnston referred to her aunt's love of flowers, her special fondness being for apple blossoms, and when Miss Johnston first began work as a journalist she adopted "Sweetbriar" as her *nom de plume*. This plant was really typical of her character, for as the sweetbriar growing wild and thorny, is fragrant not only in its blossoms but its leaves, so Miss Johnston had a piquancy of expression which was often sharp but never left a wound. Miss Johnston's courage and cheerfulness in meeting disappointments showed the inherited spirits of those women who followed across the Blue Ridge from Virginia to Kentucky the fortunes of the "Traveling Church," and those others at Bryant Station, who, when the stockade, where the settlers had taken refuge, was surrounded by Indians, went calmly to an outside spring for water, although they well knew that murderous and relentless foes lurked behind every bush and tree, who would not reveal their ambush by firing on the women, thus exposing themselves to the aim of the deadly Kentucky riflemen. Miss Richards resumed the floor to add that Miss Johnston always retained her youthful feeling, and that she was either "A very young old woman, or a very old young

woman," whichever way you choose to put it. Mrs. Henry, chapter regent, and Mrs. Davis, treasurer of the national society, each had a word to say of Miss Johnston's useful life and influence in the Daughters of the American Revolution Society. One spoke of her as being in charge of the medal awarded by the chapter to the high school pupils for the best historical essays, annually, and her happiness in making the presentation.

Mrs. Davis also said that Elizabeth Bryant Johnston would be greatly missed from the National Congress where she had so often sat, but seldom saying anything, but when she did her dignified bearing always commanded attention, and most likely her "point" would be made.

Mrs. Elizabeth Gadsby then read a paper. Miss Desha referred to Miss Johnston as historian general of the national society, and their friendship in which there was perfect harmony save only upon one subject, they differed in politics, she herself being what Miss Johnston always called her, a "rebel," and Miss Johnston for the Union, but for all that, they had much in common, as both hailed from Kentucky, which is of itself enough to form the basis of a lasting friendship.

Mrs. Emily Sherwood Ragan stated, briefly, that so much matter of unusual interest had been presented relative to Elizabeth Bryant Johnston's eminently useful and many-sided expression of character, first, as a Daughter, she having served as historian general of both the National Society and of the Mary Washington Chapter; as the enthusiastic and capable chairman of the prize medal offered by the chapter to pupils of the Washington high schools for best annual essay on American or Revolutionary history; as a woman of high literary attainments testified to in her standard books on "Washingtonia"; and her position and influence in the literary and social life of the Capital City, where her acquaintance with Miss Johnston began—they having first met at a reception at Vice-President Morton's during the Harrison administration, when she chaperoned her niece, a distinguished vocalist, Marie Decca; and her standing and influence in other circles, as a charter member of the Columbia Historical Society; and an honored member of the most exclusive "Literary Society" of Washington, all of these things impressed her as so many reasons why this interesting symposium should find a more permanent expression than merely this evening's exercises.

Miss Aline Solomons said she agreed, perfectly, with what the last speaker had stated; and she presented a resolution: "That Emily Lee Sherwood Ragan be assigned the task of preparing a report of this memorial meeting for the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE," which resolution was unanimously adopted.

I enjoy the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE *very much*.—EDITH MILLER STEPHENS, *Point Pleasant, West Virginia*.

MISS ELIZABETH BRYANT JOHNSTON.

Elizabeth Bryant Johnston was born in Mason county, Kentucky, July 12, 1833. She was the daughter of Dr. Wm. Bryant Johnston, and Asenath Craig.



Miss Elizabeth Bryant Johnston.

Her father was a noted surgeon in the war of 1812, one of whose exploits was to capture a grenadier, unaided.

Her grandfather, William Johnston, came from Dumfries, Scotland, as lieutenant in the British army. He became convinced of the

righteous course of the Colonies and resigned his commission and became a chaplain in the Virginia militia, where he served until the surrender of Yorktown. On the night of his arrival home in Washington, Kentucky, his son, William, was born, the father of Elizabeth.

On her maternal side, she descended from Lewis Craig, who was the celebrated Baptist preacher, of the "Traveling Church," the pioneer friend of Daniel Boone. Hundreds of people followed him in his journeys through the wilderness to Kentucky, upheld in their dangers and privations by his faith and brave spirit.

Among the heroes and heroines of Bryant Spring Station, Kentucky, were several ancestors of Miss Johnston, Capt. John Craig, being in command when attacked by the English General Caldwell, and his Indian allies. The fort was 600 feet long and 150 feet wide, enclosing 20 log cabins, and 4 block houses, as shown from the original plan of Gen. George Rogers Clarke. No water was within the enclosure, but in rifle range was a fine spring, a branch of the Elkhorn; it was however surrounded by a thick growth of underbrush, where the Indians were lying in ambush. Not a man dared leave the fort. Captain Craig suggested that the women and girls should go for the water as Caldwell would not allow an attack on a few helpless women and so lessen his chance of capturing the fort. He surmised rightly. They did not fire a shot at the women. Semina Suggett Johnston led the way, followed by twenty women and girls. Polly Hawkins Craig, the oldest woman in the fort carried a bucket on her head, and one in each hand. Thus the lives of the fighters were saved, and all the fort from massacre, by the undoubted spirit of the women and girls, on that burning hot day, August 15, 1782. The Lexington Chapter has erected a memorial wall around Bryant Spring.

Miss Johnston's life proved that every drop of blood in her was born of patriotism. Rarely has one woman of the present day been enabled to carry out her ideas of loyal service in times of peace.

Her girlhood was spent in Kentucky, where lie the scenes of many of her dialect stories and negro songs. She came to Washington thirty-five years ago, and was associated with the literary and social life of the capital, while her charm of manner and brilliant mind ever made her a welcome guest. She spent several times, some years in Europe, and became an authority on historic art.

She was a charter member of the Columbia Historical Society, and one of its directors from its organization in 1894. Her choice of a seal for the society was the one chosen for its unique design and artistic merit. She was selected as one of the experts on the likeness of Washington with W. E. Marshall, Daniel Huntington and Wilson Macdonald. She was an authority on the Houdon bust, as Clark Mills had told her personally of its gift to himself, by Col. John Augustine Washington in 1849. This bust of General Washington was made by Houdon in 1785.

Colonel Bangs, chief of railway postal service, asked Miss Johnston for a suitable head for the national two-cent stamp. She suggested the head of Washington from the Houdon bust as being the most perfect. It was adopted and to her we owe the fine reproduction of our national hero in the first Washington profile stamp.

The flag of her country was a sacred emblem to her and through her influence the "Star Spangled Banner" first waved over the government buildings. Meeting Col. Amos Webster, chief clerk of the treasury, she asked him "why the flag did not float over every public building?" She then interested the secretary of the treasury, Mr. Folger, who issued the order during the Arthur administration in 1882, since which time from the capital of the nation to every little hamlet in our far-away possessions each government building if it be only a little school-house in the distant Philippines, proudly unfurls its "Stars and Stripes."

She was a member of the board of the Garfield hospital, and through her was established the first training school for nurses in Washington.

Miss Johnston was a writer of great versatility, and for many years wrote under the nom de plume of "Sweet Briar."

She compiled the Guide Book to Mt. Vernon. From that she became familiar with much of General Washington's life, and her works on the first president are treasures of historical knowledge to the literary world, and rank with the modern classics in their fine diction and record of facts, showing throughout her high trend of thought and charming personal characteristics.

Her large quarto volume of "Original Portraits of Washington" is accepted authority, and was so favorably received in England that Queen Victoria sent the author an autograph letter of her approval. It was published in 1882 by the Osgood Co., Boston. A resolution was offered in the United States senate and house of representatives, to order a large number of the books for the government. It passed both senate and house, but was held up by Samuel J. Randall, speaker. Thus was lost to Washingtonia literature the most valuable and thorough history of Washington portraits and statues ever collaborated. Miss Johnston had revised and prepared a second edition, which was to have been published this year.

Her "George Washington Day by Day" was a labor of love and research. It is a very unique work and original in its style, giving the great chief's doings "day by day." There is a quotation from some eminent author on every page, expressive of their opinion of General Washington, comprising in all three hundred and sixty-five quotations. Her dedication is a strong expression of her hope for her country's future. "To the children of my country the army which Washington said could never be conquered." The illustration on the cover shows her pride in the rank and file. "In their ragged garments stood the old Continentals, yielding not." On the cover of the book

is a medallion in gold, after a miniature by John Ramage. In the back of this miniature, when found by his family was inserted "A lock of my Lady's hair, G. W."

Her preface is a breathing, living faith in the power of patriotism and love of country. "A deeper reverence to the law, and a greater devotion to our national institutions, are the lessons of the day; the very life of the nation depends on sustaining the majesty of the law, and instilling into the hearts of American children an earnest reverence for its sacred power." And this beautiful sentiment—"Let love of country become a part of our religion, that part which rises above all theories, philosophies and creeds uniting us, if in nothing else, in love of country." This book is used as a text book in our public schools.

In "The Days That Are No More," she brings to our minds quaint stories of ante-bellum days, with a vein of humor, a touch of pathos in those graphically told tales of kind masters and faithful slaves of her own and neighboring Kentucky plantations.

Miss Johnston was associate editor of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE, with Mrs. Lothrop, Mrs. Coe and Miss Welch, for over two years, at the expiration of which time, 1897, she was elected historian general of the Daughters of the American Revolution, and established the "Lineage Book" on such a firm basis, and fine lines, that few changes have been made since her edition of the second volume. It is now an accepted authority. Her beautiful thought of the thirteen columns for the south portico of our Memorial Hall, to be given by the thirteen original states has been carried out.

Her thought for a "Book of Remembrance" to be placed in Continental Memorial Hall "for the names of all donors to be inscribed therein," will be carried out as a memorial by the Daughters to her. Each person subscribing a small sum to the last copy of her book, "George Washington Day by Day," a sum will be realized to purchase the handsome large "Book of Remembrance" she desired for Continental Memorial Hall. To speak of her Christian character, her delightful optimism, her tender, loving spirit, her loyal friendship, is to tell what we all know of her, who passed on to her reward, January 13, 1907, and of that which is most sacred in our own hearts.—ELIZABETH GADSBY.

Reports from the following chapters will appear in the May number: James Woods Chapter, Faneuil Hall Chapter, Lucinda Hinsdale Stone Chapter, John Marshall Chapter, Illini Chapter, Sarah Hooker Whitman Chapter, John Paul Chapter, besides others, whose reports are not yet in type.

IN MEMORIAM

MRS. ANNIE STARK MALLORY, Fanny Ledyard Chapter, Mystic, Connecticut, died at her home in Mystic, January 17, 1907. The chapter passed beautiful resolutions testifying to her high worth.

MRS. ELLEN BURFREE FARR, charter member of Pasadena California Chapter, died January 5, 1907, at Naples, Italy. Mrs. Farr was prominent in philanthropic and in club circles, and was an artist of ability. Her late husband was at one time United States senator. Suitable resolutions were sent to her only child, Mrs. Edwin Miller, Westfield, Massachusetts.

MISS AMANDA JACOBS, charter member, Mahoning Chapter, Youngstown, Ohio, died August 11, 1906.

MISS MARY B. TAYLOR, Sharon, Pennsylvania, Mahoning Chapter, Youngstown, Ohio, died December 13, 1906.

MRS. MARY PEBBLES HITCHCOCK, charter member, Mahoning Chapter, Youngstown, Ohio, died January 1, 1907. As treasurer-registrar and regent, Mrs. Hitchcock was particularly identified with the growth of the chapter. While as Ohio state registrar she did much to broaden the organization.

MRS. MARY B. VAN DUSEN, Kanestio Valley Chapter, Hornell, New York, died Feb. 27, 1907.

Deaths in the Mary Silliman Chapter, Bridgeport, Connecticut:

MRS. MARY A. (BEARDSLEY) BARTRAM, died June 4, 1904, in New York City. Descendant of Ensign Benjamin Beardsley.

MRS. JUSTINE H. (BELLOWS) BUCKINGHAM, died September 18, 1905, at Bridgeport, Conn. She was a member of the Stratfield Burying Ground Committee, and an active worker. Descendant of John Bellows.

MRS. CAROLINE (PINTO) HUBBELL, a "Real Daughter," died October 22, 1905, at Bridgeport, Conn. She was the last of our three living links connecting the present with the historic past. Descendant of William Pinto.

The Magazine is always full of interest to me.—MARY J. KEARFOTT, *Vice-President General, New Jersey.*

The battle of Thicketty Fort was fought July 30, 1780, not 1870, as inadvertently printed on page 101, February issue.

BOOK NOTES

An Historic Guide to Cambridge, compiled by members of the Hannah Winthrop Chapter, and published by the chapter at Cambridge, Massachusetts.

In presenting this volume through its pilgrimage committee, the Hannah Winthrop Chapter hopes to be of service to all those, both stranger and resident, who are interested in the history of Cambridge, one of the earliest settled towns of New England, the home for nearly three centuries of Harvard College, and the first camp of the American army of the Revolution. The work fulfills its mission admirably and reflects great credit on its compilers. To those who go back to old Cambridge for an ancestor, it must be a source of interest and delight, for on every page appear names that are inseparably linked with the history of our country. The work contains many fine pictures of old houses and of Harvard College, in various stages of its development, and several helpful maps. The frontispiece is a beautiful picture of the Washington Elm. For the convenience of strangers, a map of Cambridge of the present time is printed on the inside front cover. The volume is bound in cloth and well indexed. It is a valuable addition to any library from an historic point of view, as county records and private papers have been carefully read, and the utmost accuracy of statement sought. As far as possible, dates have been verified by reference to wills, deeds, histories and biographies. To the tourist who wishes to get the most out of his visit, it is indispensable.

The prize of \$5, in gold, offered to the "foreign class" of the Franklin night school, Washington, District of Columbia, by the Daughters of the American Revolution of the District, was won by William Dembrofsky, a young Russian, who had been in this country only eight months. The prize was donated by Mrs. Smallwood and the subject was "The Making of an American Citizen." Mrs. Ellen Spencer Mussey, regent of the Daughters of the American Revolution for the District of Columbia, and a member of the board of education, presented the prize in a brief address. Mrs. Hodgkins, vice-regent of the District, also made a short address.

The May number will contain full notes on the Sixteenth Continental Congress.



PROGRAMME

OF

The Sixteenth
Continental Congress

OF THE

National Society

O F T H E
DAUGHTERS
O F T H E
AMERICAN
REVOLUTION

April 15 to 20, 1907

Memorial
Continental Hall

WASHINGTON, D. C.

General Information

Roll call will be answered by State Regents for their delegations, the Chapter Regents responding for their respective Chapters.

All motions must be made in writing, signed by the mover and by one or more persons seconding the motion.

A mover of a motion is requested to rise, announce her name and State and to send her written motion to the Recording Secretary General.

Roberts' Rules of Order will be the accepted authority on Parliamentary Law.

A Question of Privilege shall be entertained only when it relates to the rights and privileges of the organization or to one of its members.

A request to do something that is out of order at the time is not a Question of Privilege.

Special business sessions may be held during the Congress.

State delegations may meet at their convenience for the election of their State Regents and State Vice-Regents.

Notices will be read immediately at the close of each session and posted on the bulletin board.

Orders will be taken for the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE, the Lineage Book, the Directory, the Smithsonian Report, and the Insignia at Memorial Continental Hall and the office of the National Society, 902 F street, which are open daily from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m. during the Congress.

Entertainment by Memorial Continental Hall Committee. Benefit General Building Fund. Saturday evening, April 13th, 1907, at New Willard Hotel, from 9 to 11 p. m.

PROGRAMME

Monday, April 15, 1907

10.30 o'clock, a. m.

Sixteenth Continental Congress called to order by the President General, Mrs. Donald McLean.

Prayer by the Chaplain General, Mrs. Teunis S. Hamlin.

Music.

Address of Welcome by the President General.

Brief Responses.

Music.

2 o'clock, p. m.

Report of Credential Committee, Mrs. Charlotte Emerson Main, Chairman.

Roll Call.

Report of Program Committee, Mrs. Alexander Ennis Patton, Chairman.

Evening

Announcement.

Benefit for Memorial Continental Hall under the auspices of Mary Washington Chapter, D. C. Belasco Theater.

Tuesday, April 16, 1907

10 o'clock, a. m.

The Congress called to order by the President General.

Prayer.

Music.

Reading of the Minutes.

Announcement by the President General of the Committees on the Recommendations of National Officers.

Reports of National Officers:

The President General as Chairman of the National Board of Management, Mrs. Donald McLean.

The Vice-President General in Charge of the Organization of Chapters, Mrs. Charlotte Emerson Main.

The Chaplain General, Mrs. Teunis S. Hamlin.

The Recording Secretary General, Miss Elizabeth F. Pierce.

The Corresponding Secretary General, Miss Virginia Miller.

The Registrar General, Mrs. J. Stewart Jamieson.

The Treasurer General, Mrs. M. E. S. Davis.

Followed by report of the Auditing Committee.

The Historian General, Mrs. Jonathan P. Dolliver.

The Assistant Historian General, Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood.

The Librarian General, Miss Aline E. Solomons.

Reports of the Editor, Business Manager and Magazine Committee of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE:

The Editor, Mrs. Elroy M. Avery.

The Business Manager, Miss Lilian Lockwood.

The Magazine Committee, Mrs. Robert E. Park, Chairman.

5 o'clock, p. m.

State Meetings may be held if desired.

8 o'clock, p. m.

Report of Standing Committees:

Committee on Revolutionary Relics for Memorial Continental Hall, Mrs. A. A. Kendall, Chairman.

Committee on National University, Mrs. Alexander Ennis Patton, Chairman.

Committee on Preservation of Historic Spots, Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, Chairman.

Committee on Patriotic Education, Miss Ellen Mecum, Chairman.

Committee to Prevent Desecration of Flag, Mrs. Walter Kempster, Chairman.

School City Committee, Mrs. John A. Murphy, Chairman.

Committee on "Real Daughters," Mrs. Wm. L. Peel.

Committee on Prison Ship Martyrs, Mrs. S. V. White, Chairman.

Report of Jamestown Committee, Mrs. Lydia Pleasants Purcell, Chairman.

Wednesday, April 17, 1907

10.30 o'clock, a. m.

The Congress called to order by the President General.

Prayer.

Music.

Dedication of Memorial Portico, Memorial Continental Hall.

Reading of the Minutes.

2.30 o'clock, p. m.

Special order of business.

Report of the Memorial Continental Hall Committee, Mrs. Donald McLean, Chairman.

Contributions to Memorial Continental Hall Building Fund.

9 to 11 o'clock, p. m.

Reception at Congressional Library.

Thursday, April 18, 1907

10 o'clock, a. m.

The Congress called to order by the President General.

Prayer.

Music.

Reading of the Minutes.

Nominations and Elections:

President General.

Ten Vice-Presidents General.

Chaplain General.

Recording Secretary General.

Registrar General.

Historian General.

Corresponding Secretary General.

Treasurer General.

Assistant Historian General.

Librarian General.

Editor of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

Business Manager of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

8 o'clock, p. m.

Announcements of Elections:

President General.

Ten Vice-Presidents General.

Chaplain General.

Recording Secretary General.

Registrar General.

Historian General.

Corresponding Secretary General.

Treasurer General.

Assistant Historian General.

Librarian General.

Editor of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

Business Manager of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

State Regents, Reports:

Limited to 3 minutes.

Friday, April 9, 1907

10 o'clock, a. m.

The Congress called to order by the President General.

Prayer.

Music.

Reading of the Minutes.

Amendments to the By-Laws.

Report of the Committee on the Recommendations of National
Officers.

Unfinished business.

New business.

8.30 o'clock, p. m.

Patriotic Celebration.

Music.

Saturday, April 20, 1907

10 o'clock, a. m.

The Congress called to order by the President General.

Prayer.

Music.

Reading of the Minutes.

Unfinished business.

New business.

Benediction.

The adjournment of the Sixteenth Continental Congress.



OFFICIAL.

THE NATIONAL SOCIETY
OF THE

Daughters of the American Revolution

Headquarters, 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

National Board of Management
1905.

President General.

MRS. DONALD McLEAN,
186 Lenox Avenue, New York, and
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.

MRS. CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C., and
2009 Massachusetts Avenue, Washington, D. C.

Vice-Presidents General.

(Term of office expires 1907.)

MRS. JOHN R. WALKER, Missouri,
The Holland, Norfolk, Va.
MRS. MARY WOOD SWIFT, California,
824 Valencia St., San Francisco, Cal.
MRS. CHARLES H. DEERE, Illinois,
"Overlook," Moline, Illinois.
MRS. ORLANDO J. HODGE, Ohio,
1096 Euclid Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.
MRS. FLORENCE GRAY ESTEY, Vermont,
Brattleboro, Vermont.

MRS. H. S. CHAMBERLAIN, Tennessee,
237 East Terrace, Chattanooga, Tenn.
MRS. LINDSAY-PATTERSON, N. C.,
Winston-Salem, North Carolina.
MRS. JOHN CUNNINGHAM HAZEN, N. Y.,
Pelham Manor, New York.
MRS. GEORGE W. NICHOLLS, S. C.,
Spartanburg, South Carolina.
MRS. FRANKLIN E. BROOKS, Colorado,
1324 North Nevada Avenue,
Colorado Springs, Colorado.

(Term of office expires 1908.)

MRS. ROBERT EMORY PARK, Georgia, 48 Merritts Ave., Atlanta, Georgia.	MISS CLARA LEE BOWMAN, Conn., Bristol, Connecticut.
MRS. RICHARD JACKSON BARKER, R. I., Tiverton, Rhode Island.	MRS. DRAYTON W. BUSHNELL, Ia., 127 Bluff St., Council Bluffs, Iowa.
MRS. TRUMAN H. NEWBERRY, Mich., 1315 16th St., Washington, D. C.	MRS. SALLIE MARSHALL HARDY, Ky., 701 W. Chestnut St., Louisville, Ky.
MRS. WILLIAM D. KEARFOTT, N. J., Montclair, N. J.	MRS. IRA H. EVANS, Texas, Austin, Texas.
MRS. THEODORE C. BATES, Mass., 29 Harvard St., Worcester, Mass.	MRS. A. E. HENEBERGER, Va., Harrisonburg, Virginia.

Chaplain General.

MRS. TEUNIS S. HAMLIN,

1316 Connecticut Ave., Washington, D. C.

Recording Secretary General.MISS ELISABETH F. PIERCE,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.**Corresponding Secretary General.**MISS VIRGINIA MILLER,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.**Registrar General.**MRS. J. STEWART JAMIESON,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.**Treasurer General.**MRS. M. E. S. DAVIS,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.**Historian General.**MRS. JONATHAN P. DOLLIVER,
1415 Massachusetts Avenue,
Washington, D. C.**Assistant Historian General.**MRS. MARY S. LOCKWOOD,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.**Librarian General.**MISS ALINE E. SOLOMONS,
1205 K St., Washington, D. C.

(All official mail to be sent to 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.)

State Regents and State Vice-Regents.

Alabama,	MRS. J. MORGAN SMITH, South Highlands, Birmingham. MRS. AURORA P. McCLELLAN, Athens.
Alaska,	
Arizona,	MRS. WALTER TALBOT, 503 7th St., Phoenix. MRS. FREDERICK C. BROWN, 939 West Washington St., Phoenix.
Arkansas,	MRS. JOHN McCLURE, Little Rock. MRS. MATTIE KNOX HAYMAN, Van Buren.
California,	MRS. HARRY N. GRAY, 2334 Steiner St., San Francisco. MRS. CAMERON ERSKINE THOM, "The Angeles," Los Angeles.
Colorado,	MRS. JOHN CAMPBELL, 1401 Gilpin St., Denver. MRS. O. W. MALLABY, 1707 Lake Ave., Pueblo.
Connecticut,	MRS. SARA THOMSON KINNEY, 46 Park St., New Haven. MRS. TRACY B. WARREN, 504 Seaview Ave., Bridgeport.
Delaware,	MRS. CLARENCE DRAPER SYPHERD, Dover. MRS. JULIET AGNES CUMMINS, Smyrna.

- Dist. of Columbia, Mrs. ELLEN SPENCER MUSSEY, 416 5th St., Washington.
Mrs. HOWARD L. HODGKINS, 1830 T St., Washington.
- Florida, Mrs. AGNES M. COOK, Mandarin.
Mrs. D. G. AMBLER, 411 West Church St., Jacksonville.
- Georgia, Mrs. JAMES A. ROUNSAVILLE, Rome.
Mrs. P. W. GODFREY, Covington.
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Mrs. FLOYD LESLIE MOORE, Harpster.
- Illinois, Mrs. BENJAMIN A. FESSENDEN, Highland Park.
Mrs. CHARLES W. IRION, 1131 Post St., Ottawa.
- Indiana, Mrs. WILLIAM A. GUTHRIE, Dupont, and 317 N. Penn St., Indianapolis.
Mrs. NATHAN SPARKS, 404 East Maple St., Jeffersonville.
- Iowa, Mrs. ROWENA EDSON STEVENS, Boone.
Miss HELEN SHAW, Anamosa.
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Mrs. ALEXANDER M. HARVEY, 1405 Polk St., Topeka.
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Mrs. CHARLES A. CREIGHTON, Thomaston.
- Maryland, Mrs. J. PEMBROKE THOM, 828 Park Ave., Baltimore.
Miss ELEANOR MURDOCH JOHNSON, Frederick.
- Massachusetts, ... Mrs. CHARLES H. MASURY, 48 Elm St., Danvers.
Mrs. GEORGE L. MUNN, 2 Northampton St., Easthampton.
- Michigan, Mrs. WILLIAM J. CHITTENDEN, 134 W. Fort St., Detroit.
Mrs. JAMES P. BRAYTON, 328 S. College Ave., Grand Rapids.
- Minnesota, Mrs. JOHN EDSON BELL, 2401 Park Ave., Minneapolis.
Mrs. ALEXANDER T. BIGELOW, 1930 Iglehart St., Merriam Park.
- Mississippi, Mrs. EUBERT R. JONES, Holly Springs.
Mrs. CHALMERS M. WILLIAMSON, 704 N. State St., Jackson.
- Missouri, ... Mrs. THOMAS O. TOWLES, Jefferson City.
Mrs. THOMAS B. TOMB, 619 East 9th St., Kansas City.
- Montana, Mrs. CLINTON H. MOORE, 328 E. Broadway, Butte.
Mrs. EMIL H. RENISCH, S. Excelsior Ave., Butte.
- Nebraska, Mrs. STEPHEN C. LANGWORTHY, Seward.
Mrs. CONRAD HOLLENBECK, 606 E. Military Ave., Fremont.
- New Hampshire, Mrs. JOHN McLANE, Milford.
Mrs. FREDERICK J. SHEPARD, Derry.
- New Jersey, Miss ELLEN MECUM, Salem.
Mrs. E. GAYLORD PUTNAM, 219 Broad St., Elizabeth.
- New Mexico, ... Mrs. L. BRADFORD PRINCE, 111 Palace Ave., Santa Fe.
- New York, Mrs. HENRY ROBERTS, 14 Clinton Place, Utica.
Mrs. HENRY G. MUNGER, 426 Main St., Herkimer.
- North Carolina, ... Mrs. GEORGE PHIFER ERWIN, Morganton.
Mrs. THOMAS SETTLE, Asheville.
- North Dakota, ... Mrs. SARA M. LOUNSBERRY, Fargo.
- Ohio, Mrs. JAMES L. BOTSFORD, 664 Wick Ave., Youngstown.
Mrs. JOSEPH BENSON FORAKER, 1500 16th St., Washington, and Cincinnati.
- Oregon, Mrs. MARY PHELPS MONTGOMERY, 253 7th St., Portland.
- Oklahoma, Mrs. ROBERT T. CARPENTER, 212 West 15th St., Oklahoma City.
Mrs. G. C. CHAMBERS, 115 East 6th St., Oklahoma City.
- Pennsylvania, ... Mrs. ALEXANDER ENNIS PATTON, "Terrace Villa," Curwensville.
Mrs. ELLIS LEWIS CAMPBELL, Wayne.

Rhode Island, ...	MISS ELIZABETH H. SWINBURNE, 115 Pelham St., Newport. MRS. STEPHEN F. FISK, 14 Main St., Pawtucket.
South Carolina, ..	MRS. ROBERT M. BRATTON, Guthriesville. MRS. THOMAS C. ROBERTSON, 1310 Senate St., Columbia.
South Dakota, ...	MRS. CRAIG S. THOMS, Vermilion.
Tennessee,	MISS MARY BOYCE TEMPLE, 316 W. Cumberland St., Knoxville. MISS SUSIE GENTRY, Franklin.
Texas,	MRS. SEABROOK W. SYDNOR, Houston. MRS. THOMAS J. GROCE, 3112 Avenue O, Galveston
Utah,	MRS. MARY M. FERRY ALLEN, Park City.
Vermont,	MRS. F. STEWART STRANAHAN, St. Albans. MRS. CLAYTON NELSON NORTH, Shoreham.
Virginia,	MRS. SAMUEL W. JAMISON, 1016 Franklin Road, Roanoke. MRS. JOHN D. HORSLEY, 203 Federal St., Lynchburg.
Washington, ...	MRS. MOSES A. PHELPS, 2118 Second Ave., Spokane. MRS. THOMAS H. MCCOUGHTRY, 511 North C St., Tacoma.
West Virginia, ..	MRS. BALDWIN DAY SPILMAN, Parkersburg. MRS. DOUGLAS E. NEWTON, Hartford.
Wisconsin,	MRS. THOMAS HOYT BROWN, 182 14th St., Milwaukee. MRS. OGDEN H. FETHERS, 51 St. Lawrence Place, Janesville.
Wyoming,	MRS. FRANK W. MONDELL, New Castle. MRS. H. B. PATTEN, 238 West 22nd St., Cheyenne.

HOW TO BECOME A MEMBER

Any woman is eligible for membership in the NATIONAL SOCIETY DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION, who is of the age of eighteen years, and is descended from a patriot man or woman who aided in establishing American Independence, *provided the applicant is acceptable to the Society*. Family tradition alone in regard to the services of an ancestor, unaccompanied by proof will not be considered.

All persons duly qualified, who have been regularly admitted by the National Board of Management, shall be members of the *National Society*, but for purposes of convenience, they may be organized into local Chapters (those belonging to the National Society alone being known as members-at-large).

Application Blanks and Constitutions will be furnished on request by the State Regent of the State in which you reside, or by the "Corresponding Secretary General" at headquarters, 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Applications should be made out in *duplicate*, one of which is kept on file at National Headquarters and one returned to file with a Chapter should one be joined.

The application must be *endorsed by at least one member of the Society*. The application, when properly filled out, should be directed to "Registrar General, D. A. R., 902 F Street, N. W., Washington, D. C."

The initiation fee is One Dollar; the annual dues are Two Dollars.

The sum of three dollars, covering the initiation fees and the annual dues for the current year, must accompany each application presented

to the National Society direct for members-at-large. The sum of two dollars, covering the initiation fee and one-half the annual dues for the current year, shall accompany each application forwarded to the National Society, through any local Chapter. All remittances should be made to the Treasurer General, D. A. R., 902 F Street, Washington, D. C. By a check or money order. Never in currency.

No application will be considered until this fee is paid. If not accepted this amount will be returned.

At the April meeting of the National Board of Management, D. A. R., the following motion was unanimously passed:

Resolved, That the following notice be inserted in the **AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE**: 'Chapters shall send to headquarters, D. A. R., 902 F Street, Washington, D. C., notice of deaths, resignations, marriages and all changes of addresses and list of officers.'

NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT, N. S. D. A. R.

WEDNESDAY, *February 6, 1907.*

The regular monthly meeting of the National Board of Management was held Wednesday, February 6, 1907, at Daughters of the American Revolution headquarters, 902 F Street, Washington, District of Columbia.

The meeting was called to order Wednesday morning by the President General, Mrs. Donald McLean.

Prayer by the Chaplain General, Mrs. Hamlin, followed by the roll-call. Members present: Mrs. McLean, President General; Mrs. Main, Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters; Mrs. Deere, Vice-President General, Illinois; Mrs. Barker, Rhode Island; Mrs. Newberry, Michigan; Mrs. Bates, Massachusetts; Mrs. Lindsay Patterson, North Carolina; Mrs. Brooks, Colorado; Mrs. Evans, Texas; Mrs. Hamlin, Chaplain General; Mrs. Jamieson, Registrar General; Miss Miller, Corresponding Secretary General; Mrs. Davis, Treasurer General; Mrs. Dolliver, Historian General; Mrs. Lockwood, Assistant Historian General; Miss Solomons, Librarian General; Miss Pierce, Recording Secretary General. State Regents: Mrs. Roberts, New York; Mrs. Patton, Pennsylvania; Mrs. Mussey, District of Columbia. State Vice-Regent: Mrs. Robertson, South Carolina.

The Minutes of the previous meeting were read and upon motion approved.

Miss Miller announced the death of Mrs. James D. Wynkoop, an ex-Vice-President General of the Society, which occurred on February 2nd, at her home in Hurley, New York.

It was moved and carried that an expression of sympathy on the part of the Board be sent to the family of Mrs. Wynkoop. Mrs. Roberts, State Regent of New York, requested that a letter of condolence be sent to Mrs. Gregory, the sister of Mrs. Wynkoop, and Regent of the Mohawk Chapter. This was granted.

Reports of Officers were called.

REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT GENERAL: We have only been separated about three weeks. The January meeting having been held somewhat later on account of the New Year coming in, has brought it quite near to this month's meeting. After the last meeting I returned to New York and gave my energies to one of a series of entertainments for the benefit of Memorial Continental Hall. A large sum of money was realized, part of which I will present to the Continental Hall Committee at the meeting to-morrow. Our receipts are not all in yet. Some of the members of the New York City Chapter will be with us to-morrow and present this money—several hundred dollars. This was one of a series of entertainments which we believe will bear fruit, not only in raising money for the hall, but in stimulating interest, and we hope for greater results later on. I have made two visits to two States—New Jersey and Delaware. In New Jersey the Daughters, with other public-spirited citizens of East Orange, have organized a valuable series of lectures. This is undertaken by the Womens' Club, with the assistance of some of the leading men of the State. These lectures are presumably by experts, and as I was regarded in that light on the subject of patriotic education, the Chairman, Mrs. Robert Hawkswort, invited me to lecture the last week in January. The management offered, very generously, to divide the sum taken in, giving half for Continental Hall fund. It was said to be the largest audience they have ever had. One of their distinguished men spoke, as well as the State Regent and the Vice-President General of New Jersey, and we hope to report some monetary gain.

To Wilmington, Delaware, the Daughters had asked me to come some time ago. The Regent of the Caesar Rodney Chapter, Mrs. Knowles, was about leaving with her husband, who has been appointed United States Consul to Roumania and Servia, and the members of the Chapter took this occasion to honor the Regent and welcome their President General at the same time. I had left New York on Monday noon, and while the weather was not balmy, there were no snow flakes to be seen. I arrived in Wilmington in a blizzard and the streets were almost impassible. We were taken to the building of the Historical Society—one of the oldest in this country—and the whole building redolent of its associations. It was most interesting. I was surprised

that so many had traveled, and there was a large attendance from all over the State. I promised the Delaware Daughters to bring a special greeting to the Board and to tell you with what interest they are keeping up their work. We will now proceed with the reports of Officers.

REPORT OF THE RECORDING SECRETARY GENERAL: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: It is my pleasure to report that the instructions given me at the January meeting of the Board were promptly carried out. Letters of condolence were sent to the families of the deceased members, as indicated at that meeting; also to Mrs. Angus Cameron, a former Vice-President General, of Wisconsin, upon her restoration to health after a dangerous illness. The reinstated members were notified of their renewed membership in the National Society; a letter of acknowledgement sent to Mrs. Lounsberry, former State Regent of North Dakota, of the relics presented by her to Memorial Continental Hall. All action of the Board bearing on the respective departments of the Office transmitted, upon the adjournment of the meeting.

At the request of the President General, second notices of members' appointments to the Jamestown Committee were issued, there appearing to be some misunderstanding on this subject among certain members as to their retention on the Committee. Additional appointments to committees have been sent out as soon as received from the President General, and the respective Chairmen furnished with the new names and addresses.

I am happy to report, in connection with the Jamestown Committee, that much interest is expressed by the State Regents and others serving on the Committee. Many letters have been received in regard to their proposed work to make the matter a success, all of which have been answered, and later referred to the Chairman of the Committee, Mrs. Benjamin L. Purcell.

I would like to call the attention of the Board to the following Statute: "Resolved, That the Recording Secretary General be not held responsible for any but written motions and reports."

As far as the written *motions* are concerned, this statute has usually been observed, but it often happens that *reports* are not handed in to the Recording Secretary in writing, being made verbally. This colloquial form does not appear well in print, and I would therefore ask that the above statute be strictly observed in future, with the exception of the report of our President General.

Since the last meeting of the Board I have signed 470 original application papers, 111 supplemental papers, 198 certificates of membership, and issued 470 notification cards. Letters and postals written, 60.

Regrets for this meeting of the Board have been received from the following: Mrs. Stevens, State Regent of Iowa; Mrs. Guthrie, Indiana; Miss Baldwin, Maine; Miss Mecum, New Jersey; Mrs. Chittenden,

Michigan; Mrs. Sypherd, Delaware; Mrs. Erwin, North Carolina; Miss Swinburne, Rhode Island; Mrs. Jamison, Virginia; Mrs. Thorn, Maryland; Mrs. Kearfott, Vice-President General, New Jersey; Mrs. Park, Georgia; Mrs. Chamberlain, Tennessee; Mrs. Bushnell, Iowa; Mrs. Heneberger, Virginia, and Mrs. Bratton, State Regent of South Carolina, who writes that she is about to start on a trip to many points in the State endeavoring to organize chapters and arouse interest in Daughters of the American Revolution work.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

ELIZABETH F. PIERCE,
Recording Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

Report accepted.

REPORT OF THE CORRESPONDING SECRETARY GENERAL: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: The report of supplies sent from the office of the Corresponding Secretary General during January, 1907, is as follows: Application blanks, 3,855; copies of the Constitution, 638; Circulars "How to become a Member," 371; officers' lists, 287; Committee lists, 287; Miss Lee's paper, 231; Circulars for same, 281; Transfer cards, 281.

Letters received, 202; letters written, 217.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

VIRGINIA MILLER,
Corresponding Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

February 6, 1907.

Report accepted.

REPORT OF THE REGISTRAR GENERAL: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: I have the honor to report the following for the past month: Application blanks, 3,855; presented, 512; applications examined, but incomplete, 119; applications received since January 25, unexamined, 248; applications of "Real Daughters" presented, 3. Permits for Insignia issued, 234; permits for ancestral bars issued, 51; permits for Recognition Pins issued, 121; Certificates issued, 166. Letters written, 290; postals written, 85. Applications verified awaiting dues, 75.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

ELEANOR W. JAMIESON,
Registrar General, N. S. D. A. R.

The Registrar General read a letter from a member in Philadelphia, suggesting certain changes in the form of application blanks for membership.

It was moved and carried, *That the President General appoint a committee to consider this matter.*

It was moved and carried, *That the Recording Secretary General cast the ballot for the applicants presented by the Registrar General.*

The Recording Secretary General announced that the ballot had been cast for the 512 applicants and the Chair declared them duly elected members of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution. The report was then, upon motion, accepted.

The Registrar General asked for a new section for the Card Catalogue.

Mrs. Newberry moved: *That the request be granted and that the matter of the section for the Card Catalogue be referred to the Purchasing Committee.*

Seconded by Mrs. Bates. Motion carried.

REPORT OF THE VICE-PRESIDENT GENERAL IN CHARGE OF ORGANIZATION OF CHAPTERS: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: Mrs. Ogden H. Fethers resigned as State Vice-Regent of Wisconsin in October but notice of such resignation was not received at this office until after the January Board meeting. Mrs. Frances S. Kempster was elected State Vice-Regent of Wisconsin at the State conference in October, subject to the confirmation of the National Board of Management.

Through their respective State Regents the following Chapter Regents' appointments are presented for confirmation: Mrs. Clara Kern Bayliss, Macomb, Illinois; Miss Addie May Potter, Waucoma, Iowa; Mrs. Haidie Trigg Dickinson, Glasgow, Kentucky; Mrs. Lulu Belle Hemphill Quinby, Onancock, Virginia; Mrs. Louise Christine Mahon Furbee, Mannington, West Virginia; and Mrs. May Jackson Taylor, Elkins, West Virginia, and the re-appointments of Mrs. Mary Celia Burton-Bennett, New City, Kansas, and Mrs. Emma Page Tracy, Chillicothe, Missouri.

Chapter regents' commissions issued, 6; Charter applications issued, 3; Charters issued, 3, viz: "Captain Jesse Leavenworth," Leavenworth, Kansas; "John Paul Jones," Boston, Massachusetts, and "Colonel Loammi Baldwin," Woburn, Massachusetts. Charters in hands of engrosser, 3. Letters received, 203; letters written, 151.

In connection with the Card Catalogues there have been 470 new members' cards; 640 ancestors' cards; 321 corrections; 57 marriages; 28 deaths; 2 dropped for non-payment of dues, and 5 reinstatements. Admitted membership, January 9, 1907, 59,094; actual membership, January 9, 1907, 48,139.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN,
Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters, N. S. D. A. R.

Report accepted.

REPORT OF THE TREASURER GENERAL.

January 1-31, 1907.

CURRENT FUND.

Balance in bank at last report, Dec. 31, 1906, \$9,341 23

RECEIPTS.

Annual dues (\$5,106, less \$163 refunded),	\$4,943 00	
Initiation fees (\$643, less \$19 refunded),	624 00	
Certificates,	2 00	
Current interest,	99 29	
Exchange,	10	
Life member's certificate,	5 00	
Magazine,	823 11	
		\$6,406 50
		\$15,837 73

EXPENDITURES.

Office of President General.

Telegrams,	\$5 00	
Messenger service,	3 00	
Clerical service,	50 00	
		58 00

Office of Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.

500 mailing tubes,	\$4 00	
typewriter ribbon,	75	
clerical service,	125 00	
		129 75

Office of Recording Secretary General.

Engrossing ink, record ribbon, and repairing lock on desk,	\$1 70	
Extra clerical service,	5 00	
Clerical service (stenographer),	100 00	
		106 70

Office of Corresponding Secretary General.

Printing 1,000 application blanks,	\$7 75	
Printing 1,000 transfer cards,	4 50	

Repairing typewriter,	7 40	
1 record ribbon,	75	
Clerical service,	35 00	
	<hr/>	55 40

Office of Registrar General.

Binding 3 volumes records and rebinding 1 volume records,	\$11 50	
Repairing typewriter,	7 00	
Engrossing ink and repairing lock on desk,	70	
Car fare to Library,	25	
Extra clerical service and use of typewriter,	35 00	
Clerical service,	260 00	
	<hr/>	314 45

Office of Treasurer General.

Printing 1,000 vouchers,	\$9 75	
Printing 6 receipt books,	14 00	
Mimeographing 200 circular letters,	2 50	
2 files,	1 50	
Car fare to bank,	25	
Extra clerical service,	7 00	
Clerical service,	265 00	
	<hr/>	300 00

Office of Librarian General.

Expressage,	\$ 55	
Binding 29 volumes,	21 80	
History of Mattituck,	1 50	
History of Redding, Connecticut,	4 00	
1 volume "Lewis and Kindred Families,"	3 00	
1 steel eraser,	75	
Clerical service,	65 00	
	<hr/>	96 60

*Office of Historian General.**Lineage.*

Clerical service, revising Vol. 1 of the Lineage books, and use of typewriter,	\$40 00	
Clerical service,	30 00	
Compiler,	80 00	
	<hr/>	150 00

Magazine.

Copyright fee for 1907,	\$6 00	
Publishing and mailing December number,	355 57	
Printing 4,000 folders,	12 50	
Postage for editor,	5 00	
Office expenses from December 1, 1906, to Jan. 28, 1907,	13 87	
Editor's salary,	83 33	
Business Manager's salary,	75 00	
Genealogical Department,	30 00	
	<hr/>	581 27

General Office.

Expressage,	\$1 53	
1 copy Postal Guide,	2 50	
Ledger, telephone book, cartage, locks, ink pads, 2 dozen blotters, 18 quarts ink, 6 steel erasers, furnishing material and adjusting drop light, ice, towel and water service,	27 47	
500 envelopes for committee of the Children of the Republic,	4 75	
Printing 50 circular letters for Jamestown Com- mittee,	2 50	
Messenger service,	15 00	
Clerical service,	85 00	
	<hr/>	138 75

Continental Hall.

Watchman for January, 1907,	\$8 00	
	<hr/>	8 00

Sixteenth Continental Congress.

Clerical service, for Credential Committee,	\$3 00	
	<hr/>	3 00

Certificates.

Engrossing 340 certificates,	\$25 40	
	<hr/>	25 40

Postage.

Office of the President General,	\$12 00	
Office of the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters,	1 47	
Office of the Recording Secretary General,	2 00	

Office of the Registrar General,	4 93	
Office of the Treasurer General,	1 00	
Office of the Librarian General,	1 48	
General Office,	4 86	
7,000 stamped envelopes,	152 60	
On blanks and constitutions,	25 00	
Patriotic Education Committee,	16 00	
Children of the Republic Committee,	7 00	
	<hr/>	228 34

State Regents' Postage.

Colorado,	\$5 00	
Michigan,	5 00	
North Carolina,	5 00	
	<hr/>	15 00

Office Furniture.

Repairing 15 chairs and furnishing 2 sets of castors,	\$9 50	
Desk chair for Treasurer General's office,	5 50	
	<hr/>	15 00

*Daughters of the American Revolution Report to
Smithsonian Institution.*

Postage,	\$ 95	
Paste and typewriting paper,	1 25	
Clerical service,	40 00	42 20

Patriotic Education Committee.

Printing 3,000 reports,	\$17 00	
Printing 3,000 circular letters,	17 00	
Expressage,	80	
Clerical service,	3 00	
	<hr/>	37 80

Support of "Real Daughters."

Support of eight "Real Daughters,"	64 00	64 00
Rent of telephone for January, 1907,	8 00	8 00
Rent of offices for January, 1907,	229 65	229 65
	<hr/>	
Total expenses,		\$2,607 31

Balance, January 31, 1907—

In National Metropolitan Bank,	\$5,366 85	
In Washington Loan and Trust Bank,	7,863 57	
		13,230 42
		\$15,837 73

Fort Crailo Fund.

Balance in bank at last report Dec. 31, 1906,	\$53 61	
Interest,	54	
		\$54 15

PERMANENT FUND.

Balance in bank at last report, December 31, 1906, \$29,051 30

RECEIPTS.

Charter Fees.

<i>Orlando Chapter</i> , Florida,	\$5 00	
<i>Muskogee Chapter</i> , Indian Territory,	5 00	
<i>Washington Chapter</i> , Iowa,	5 00	
<i>Filson Chapter</i> , Kentucky,	5 00	
<i>Col. Loammi Baldwin Chapter</i> , Massachusetts, ..	5 00	
		\$25 00

Life Membership Fees.

Mrs. Grace M. F. Bonner, <i>Oakland Chapter</i> , California,	\$12 50
Mrs. Wilhelmina Ashford, <i>Sarah McIntosh</i> <i>Chapter</i> , Georgia,	12 50
Mrs. Nellie B. Appleton, <i>Prudence Wright Chap-</i> <i>ter</i> , Massachusetts,	12 50
Miss Angie Marie Jordan, <i>Prudence Wright Chap-</i> <i>ter</i> , Massachusetts,	12 50
Mrs. Hattie B. H. Norris, <i>Joplin Chapter</i> , Mis- souri,	12 50
Mrs. Carrie H. W. Hussey, <i>Mary Torr Chapter</i> , New Hampshire,	12 50
Miss Mary B. Alden, <i>Irondequoit Chapter</i> , New York,	12 50
Mrs. Charles Perkins, <i>Mahwenawasigh Chap-</i> <i>ter</i> , New York,	12 50
Mrs. Sanford D. Stockton, <i>Mahwenawasigh Chap-</i> <i>ter</i> , New York,	12 50
Miss E. Leaming, <i>Western Reserve Chapter</i> , Ohio,	12 50

Mrs. Mary V. Rowley, <i>Western Reserve Chapter</i> , Ohio,	12 50
Mrs. Minnie Logue Callear, <i>Pittsburgh Chapter</i> , Pennsylvania,	12 50
Mrs. Harriette D. Foster, <i>Pittsburgh Chapter</i> , Pennsylvania,	12 50
Mrs. Carrie Stranathan Lawrence, <i>Pittsburgh</i> <i>Chapter</i> , Pennsylvania,	12 50
Miss Rose Guthrie Marsh, <i>Pittsburgh Chapter</i> , Pennsylvania,	12 50
Miss Harriet A. Emerick, <i>Warrior Run Chap-</i> <i>ter</i> , Pennsylvania,	12 50
Mrs. Emma W. Ivey, <i>Blue Ridge Chapter</i> , Vir- ginia,	12 50

 212 50

Continental Hall Contributions.

Mrs. Mattie F. B. Campbell, of <i>Alaska Chapter</i> , Alaska,	\$1 00
Mrs. Mary A. C. W. Mills, of <i>Alaska Chapter</i> , Alaska,	1 00
Mrs. Martha J. Smith, of <i>Alaska Chapter</i> , Alaska,	1 00
Miss Anna B. Vanderbilt, of <i>Alaska Chapter</i> , Alaska,	1 00
Mrs. Clarendon Smith, of <i>Maricopa Chapter</i> , Arizona,	5 00
<i>Eschscholtzia Chapter</i> , California,	100 00
Mrs. R. C. Du Bois, proceeds from sale of Con- tinental Hall pictures, District of Columbia, ..	63 87
Mrs. Helen P. Kane, of District of Columbia, .. <i>Cedar Falls Chapter</i> , Iowa,	1 00
Mrs. Theodore C. Bates, of <i>Col. Timothy Bige-</i> <i>low Chapter</i> , Massachusetts,	15 00
<i>Sea Coast Defence Chapter</i> , Massachusetts,	10 00
<i>Buntin Chapter</i> , New Hampshire,	25 00
<i>Gen. Lafayette Chapter</i> , New Jersey, account of New Jersey room,	25 00
<i>Orange Mountain Chapter</i> , proceeds from sale of "Patriotic Calendar," account New Jersey room, New Jersey,	20 00
Mrs. Gertrude Fassett Jones, of <i>Catherine</i> <i>Schuyler Chapter</i> , New York,	7 50
<i>Minisink Chapter</i> , New York,	50 00
<i>Mohawk Valley Chapter</i> , New York,	100 00
	25 00

<i>Chester County, Delaware County, Independence Hall, Philadelphia and Quaker City Chapters,</i> on account of front vestibule, Pennsylvania, . . .	1,111 84	
<i>Germantown Chapter,</i> account of front vestibule, Pennsylvania,	25 00	
<i>Woonsocket Chapter,</i> account "Rhode Island column," Rhode Island,	120 03	
State of Washington, on account of bust of "Washington," Washington,	25 00	
<i>Col. Charles Lewis Chapter,</i> on account of "West Virginia Room," West Virginia,	42 00	
	<hr/>	1,775 24
Commission on Recognition Pins,	\$8 10	8 10
Permanent interest—		
On cash balance in banks,	414 13	
On investments,	200 00	
	<hr/>	614 13
		<hr/>
		\$31,686 27

EXPENDITURES.

Second payment on account of rear pavilions, . . .	\$4,980 00	
First payment on account of heating contract, . . .	4,200 00	
	<hr/>	9,180 00
		<hr/>
Cash balance on deposit in banks,	\$22,506 27	

Permanent Investments.

5,000 par value Chicago & Alton Railroad 3% bonds,	\$4,000 60	
10,000 par value Baltimore & Ohio Railroad 4% bonds,	10,150 00	
10,000 par value Union Pacific Railroad 4% bonds,	10,326 50	
	<hr/>	24,477 10
		<hr/>
Total Permanent Fund, cash and investments,	\$46,983 37	

Respectfully submitted,

M. E. S. DAVIS,
Treasurer General, N. S. D. A. R.

Upon the announcements of the deaths in the report of the Treasurer General the Board arose as a tribute of respect.

The resignations were read and accepted; also the dropped and the reinstated members, and the latter restored to membership in the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution.

Mrs. Lockwood announced the death of Miss Elizabeth Bryant Johnston, which occurred January 13th, and spoke of her faithful services to the Society. The President General expressed her personal sorrow at learning of this loss to the Society.

Mrs. Davis, Mrs. Barker, Miss Miller, Miss Solomons and other members added their testimonial to the noble character, and patriotic work of Miss Johnston.

Miss Miller read an invitation from the State Regent of New Hampshire to the President General and National Board of Management to the State Conference to be held in Manchester on February 12th, and moved: *That the Recording Secretary General send an acknowledgment of this invitation.* Motion carried.

REPORT OF HISTORIAN GENERAL: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: It is a great pleasure to me to be again able to greet the members of this Board. I have felt a deep concern that I have been unavoidably kept from attendance upon these Board meetings. I have, however, kept the work of the office well in hand through correspondence and I can report that the work on the two volumes of the Lineage Book is further advanced at this time than in former years.

The twenty-third volume of the Lineage Book is ready for printing and will be sent this week to the publisher. For volume twenty-four, one hundred and forty-six letters have been written, to which sixty replies have been received. Nine hundred national numbers have been revised, edited and typewritten.

Before my term of office expires I would ask permission of the Board to have an Errata printed for the volumes already published. This would save much extra work in the office for correction of the volumes as they are sent out. I would ask only a thousand copies, the cost of which would be slight.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

LOUISE P. DOLLIVER,
Historian General, N. S. D. A. R.

Report accepted.

Mrs. Lockwood, Assistant Historian General, reported that the 9th volume of Report of the National Society to the Smithsonian Institution is ready, having already been accepted by the Board, and the Report is entirely satisfactory, except in a few instances where reports have not been received from the State Regents. Mrs. Lockwood ex-

plained the classification of the Report and the manner of compilation.

In connection with this Report the subject of the preservation of historical spots was discussed, and Mrs. Lockwood suggested that there be an article written on the historical spots of the country that are under the auspices of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

Mrs. Deere, Vice-President General of Illinois, stated that the Moline Chapter of Illinois had undertaken the building of a monument to Lieut. Campbell, which is to be dedicated shortly.

Mrs. Bates promised to send a list of the historical spots of which she is aware.

Upon the request of Mrs. Lockwood to use as a frontispiece a photograph of Continental Hall, Miss Pierce moved: *That the Assistant Historian General be authorized to secure the most satisfactory photograph of Memorial Continental Hall up to date for frontispiece to the next number of the Report of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution to the Smithsonian Institution.*"

Seconded by Miss Miller. Motion carried.

REPORT OF LIBRARIAN GENERAL: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: I have to report the following accessions since the meeting of January 9th, 1907:

BOOKS.

Life of George Dewey and Dewey Family History. Westfield, Mass., 1898. Presented by Mrs. Thomas North.

Works of Orville Dewey. Boston, 1883. Presented by Mrs. Thomas North.

Revolutionary Journal of Col. Jeduthan Baldwin, 1775-1778. Bangor, 1906. Presented by Miss Charlotte Baldwin.

Levering Family History and Genealogy. By Col. John Levering. Indianapolis, 1897.

The Prindle Genealogy, Embracing the Descendants of William Pringle, the First Settler, in part, and also the ancestors and descendants of Zalmon Prindle for ten generations. Compiled by Franklin C. Prindle. N. Y., 1906. Presented by the author.

Descendants of William Scott of Hatfield, Mass., and of Jacob Scott of Springfield. By Orrin Peer Allen. Palmer, 1906.

The Wideners in America. By Howard A. Widener. Chili, N. Y., n. d.

National Year Book, Sons of the American Revolution, 1906. Baltimore, n. d. Received through Mr. Zebina Moses.

Slovaks of Hungary, Slavs and Pan Slavism. By Thomas Capek. New York, 1906. Presented by the National Slavonic Society, U. S. A.

Report National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution,

from Oct. 11, 1904, to Oct. 11, 1905. Washington, 1906. Gift of the Society.

History of Redding, Conn. By Charles Burr Todd. New York, 1906.

Parish Register of Christ Church, Middlesex Co., Va., from 1653 to 1812. Richmond, 1897. Presented by Virginia Daughters of the American Revolution.

Biographical Annals of the Civil Government of the United States. By Charles Lanman. 2d ed., New York, 1897. Presented by Mrs. Henneberger.

The World, 1907, Almanac and encyclopedia. New York, 1906.

PAMPHLETS.

Winship Family in America. By Ernest B. Cole. Indianapolis, 1905. Presented by the author.

Year books have been received from five chapters.

James Wilson, Patriot, and the Wilson doctrine. By Lucian Hugh Alexander. Reprinted from *North American Review*, Nov., 1906. Presented by Andrew Carnegie.

PERIODICALS.

Annals of Iowa,January

Bulletin New York Public Library,January

Iowa Journal of History and Politics,January

New York Genealogical and Biographical Record,January

North Carolina Booklet,January

Ohio Archaeological and Historical Quarterly,October

William and Mary College Quarterly,January

The above list comprises 27 accessions, viz: 13 books, 7 pamphlets, and 7 periodicals. 7 books were presented, 5 received in exchange and 1 purchased. 7 pamphlets were presented.

Respectfully submitted,

ALINE E. SOLOMONS,

Librarian General, N. S. D. A. R.

February 6, 1907.

The Treasurer General read a letter asking for assistance in the case of Mrs. Ann Prentice, a "Real Daughter."

The data accompanying this request not being considered sufficient by the Board, the Treasurer General was instructed to refer the letter to the Chairman of Committee on "Real Daughters," to obtain fuller information.

Miss Miller presented the case of Mrs. Jane E. Hoyt, a "Real Daughter," of Kansas, with the affidavits establishing her claim to assistance from the Society.

Mrs. Bates moved: *That the "Real Daughter," Mrs. Hoyt, of Kansas, be granted the usual pension of eight dollars a month.* Seconded by Mrs. Newberry. Motion carried.

The following letter was read by Miss Miller:

Miss Virginia Miller, Corresponding Secretary General.

DEAR MISS MILLER: Your letter in answer to mine concerning application for Mrs. Alfred Ward's pension, at hand. Thank you for referring me to Mrs. Peal, of Georgia; but shortly after writing, Mrs. Thomas Hoyt Brown, our "Real Daughter," received through the death of a friend, an insurance which will undoubtedly be sufficient to keep her from want or dependence on the Chapter for the remainder of her days. We desire, however, to express our great appreciation of this noble charity, and thank the National Society for what we know would have been granted Mrs. Ward under other circumstances.

Very cordially yours,

(Signed)

CAROLINE M. BURNELL,

Chairman of Committee, Ward Pension.

Oshkosh, Wisconsin, January 28, 1907.

The President General read a letter from the Chairman of the New York City Committee on "Real Daughters," acknowledging the favorable action of the Board on the application of Mrs. Phoebe Colegrove for a pension.

At half past twelve o'clock it was moved and carried to take a recess until two o'clock.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, *February 6, 1907.*

The adjourned meeting was called to order by the President General, Mrs. Donald McLean.

The reports of Committees were called.

REPORT OF FINANCE COMMITTEE: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: Your Chairman of the Finance Committee reports that during the month of January bills to the amount of \$2,591.01 have been authorized, of which the largest items were, as usual, pay roll, \$1,120; rent, \$229.65; publishing AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE, \$368.07, and postage, \$152.60.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN,

Chairman of Committee.

Report accepted.

Mrs. Main, Chairman of the Credential Committee, called the attention of the Board to Statute 21, which reads as follows:

"Moved, that upon the arrival of a State Regent, or some one ap-

pointed for the purpose, the badges will be distributed for the Congress through the State Regent or her official representative."

Upon the statement of the Chairman of the Credential Committee that she had been in consultation with the Chairman of the House Committee for the Seventeenth Continental Congress, and that they had decided some better arrangement might be made for the giving out of the badges for the Congress, Mrs. Lockwood moved *That Statute 213 be rescinded.*

Seconded by Mrs. Barker. Motion carried

REPORT OF AUDITING COMMITTEE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., *February 5, 1907.*

Mrs. Theodore C. Bates,
Vice-President Gen., N. S. D. A. R.,
Chairman, Auditing Committee,
Washington, D. C.

DEAR MADAM: I have audited the accounts of the Treasurer General for the month ending January 31, 1907, both the current fund and permanent fund, and find their balances in bank correct, agreeing with the balances shown in the two funds as appearing on the books, with the exception of an error of twenty cents.

I have examined the bank accounts, both as to checks paid and deposits made, and find the balances to be correct, after making proper deduction for outstanding checks, with the exception of the above error, which was made about a year ago.

The balances in the current fund as appearing upon the Cash

Book Jan. 31, 1907, was \$13,284 57
all of which was on deposit in two banks, viz:

National Metropolitan Bank,	\$5,366 85	
Washington Loan & Trust Co.,	7,917 72	
	—————	13,284 57

The cash balance in the permanent fund Jan. 31, 1907 was .. 22,506 27
which was deposited in the following trust companies:

American Security & Trust Co.,	\$12,472 95	
National Safe Deposit Savings & Trust Co.,	5,016 66	
Washington Loan & Trust Co.,	5,016 66	
	—————	22,506 27

A number of vouchers still outstanding for January disbursements yet remain to be examined.

Respectfully yours,

(Signed)

J. E. BATES,
Public Accountant and Auditor.

Report accepted.

Mrs. Newberry presented to the Board a communication from the Sarah Caswell Angell Chapter relative to their charter, which had not proved satisfactory, and asked for a reconsideration of this matter by the Board.

Mrs. Lockwood moved a reconsideration of the matter pertaining to the charter of the Sarah Caswell Angell Chapter.

After a prolonged discussion, upon motion of Mrs. Main, duly seconded and carried, the President General appointed Mrs. Newberry chairman of a committee to investigate this matter and report at the next meeting of the Board,—the other members of the committee to be appointed after consultation with Mrs. Newberry. The Chair also requested Mrs. Newberry to state to the Chapter in Michigan that it was her desire, as well as that of the Board, to adjust the matter of reissue of their charter in a manner perfectly satisfactory to the Chapter.

The President General read a letter from Mrs. Boynton, President General of the National Society of Daughters of Founders and Patriots of America, acknowledging the courtesy granted by the National Society for the use of the Daughters of the American Revolution Building during the Jamestown Exposition.

REPORT OF THE BUSINESS MANAGER OF THE MAGAZINE was read, as follows:

AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE, per Board of Management, Daughters of the American Revolution, in account with Lilian Lockwood, Business Manager.

RECEIPTS.

December 1st, 1906, to January 31, 1907.

Subscriptions, as per vouchers and Cash Register,	\$649 30
Sale of extra copies,	7 72
Net advertising receipts,	158 04
Cuts paid for by individuals,	8 05
	<hr/>
	\$823 11

OFFICE EXPENSES.

December 1st, 1906, to January 31, 1907.

Mailing extra copies, 2nd class matter, as per vouchers, ..	\$1 41
Postage,	7 04
Expressage,	1 75
Freight and cartage on extra numbers from Harrisburg,	87
Notary's fee on advertising bill to H. C. Burch estate,	25
Commissions returned on 5 subscriptions, Nos. 24720, 24721, 25361, 25497, 25601,	1 00

Returned on subscription sent in error: 25236, 75c; 25254, Soc,	I 55	
		<hr/> \$13 87
Bills presented to Treasurer General for payment:		
Printing and mailing December number, including postage, .	\$355 57	
Salary, Editor, December and January,	166 66	
Salary, Business Manager, December and January,	150 00	
Salary, Editor Genealogical Department, December and January, ary,	60 00	
Printing, 4,000 advertising folders,	\$12 50	
Printing, 500 bill heads,	2 25	
		<hr/> 14 75
Copyright fees, 1907,	6 00	
Halftone cuts,	11 55	
Postage for Editor,	5 00	
Office expenses, as per itemized account rendered and attached,	13 87	
		<hr/> \$783 40

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

LILIAN LOCKWOOD.

Report accepted.

Miss Lockwood announced that two good advertisements had been secured for the Magazine through the efforts of Mrs. Barker, Vice-President General of Rhode Island; also called the attention of the Board to the trouble caused in the office by the loss of mail recently.

Mrs. Brooks moved: *That a committee of three be appointed by the Chair to investigate the matter of these losses in the office, with power to act.*

Seconded by Miss Solomons. Motion carried.

The President General brought to the attention of the Board the proposed Daughters of the American Revolution building on Jamestown Island.

After a prolonged discussion, it was moved and carried that a telegram be sent Mrs. Purcell from the Board.

The following is a copy of the telegram sent:

Mrs. Benjamin Purcell,
Glen Allen, Virginia.

Have you signed contract for our building, and is building started? Please wire answer. Imperative I hear to-morrow, Thursday morning.

(Signed)

EMILY N. R. McLEAN,

The President General announced the appointment of the following Chairmen for the Committees of the Sixteenth Continental Congress:

Mrs. Patton, Chairman of Program Committee; Mrs. Hodgkins, House Committee; Mrs. Newberry, Reception Committee; Mrs. Terry, Entertainment Committee; Mrs. Henry, Committee on Hotels and Railroads; Mrs. Mussey, Press Committee; Mrs. Main, Music Committee. Mrs. Main had previously been appointed Chairman of the Credential Committee.

The Chair also stated that the National Board of Management will be a Committee on Arrangements, as last year.

At 5.40 p. m. it was moved and carried to take a recess until Thursday morning at 11 o'clock.

THURSDAY, February 7, 1907.

The adjourned meeting was called to order Thursday morning by the President General, Mrs. Donald McLean.

The matter of the proposed building at Jamestown Island was again taken up for discussion, and the Chair requested a full expression of opinion.

A long discussion ensued.

Mrs. Mussey then offered the following motion: *That in case a contract for a permanent memorial at Jamestown Island has not yet been signed, the National Board recommends that the Jamestown Committee defer further action until the meeting of the next Continental Congress.* Seconded by Miss Miller. Motion carried.

It was stated by the President General that she had received no reply to the telegram sent to Mrs. Purcell on this subject yesterday.

The matter of procuring costumes for the Daughters of the American Revolution exhibit at the Jamestown Exposition was taken up for consideration, and discussed at length.

The Chair stated that she had previously appointed Mrs. Lockwood a committee of one to procure costumes for the Smithsonian exhibit at the Jamestown Exposition, as the Smithsonian had requested, through Mrs. Lockwood, such assistance. There had been no intention, at any time to interfere with the work of the recognized Jamestown Committee, Mrs. Benjamin Purcell, Chairman. However, to avoid any possible confusion, it was decided that Mrs. Lockwood, committee of one, limit its work to the obtaining of costumes of the early period, and that the letters written, asking for relics of silver and glass be withdrawn, with the statement that it will not be necessary to solicit any additions of that kind.

Miss Miller, Corresponding Secretary General, asked that her department be furnished with the proposed amendments to be acted on at the next Continental Congress, in order that they may be sent out to the Chapters within the prescribed time.

It was so ordered.

Mrs. Barker extended to the Board an invitation to attend the Rhode Island State conference, to be held in Providence on February 14th. This was received with thanks.

At a quarter to one o'clock it was moved and carried to adjourn.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

ELISABETH F. PIERCE,
Recording Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

Report accepted.

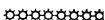
THE POAG REAL ESTATE COMPANY

WAS ORGANIZED AND INCORPORATED WITH
\$50,000 CAPITAL STOCK

OF \$100.00 PER SHARE

For the purpose of buying some of the money-making propositions which are often presented through our extensive advertising. We are glad to have subscribers for this Stock in different sections, so as to make friends and influence business.

This Company started small, same as our Brokerage Business, hoping to make it grow in the same proportion.



Read the List of Our Stockholders and Officers :

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J. B. Creighton	Jas. S. White	Wickenberg	S. O. Andrews
C. W. F. Spencer	Miss E. S. Whaley	Mrs. Anna W.	R. E. Ware
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For literature and information in regard to this Company address

J. EDGAR POAG, General Manager,
ROCK HILL, S. C.

Photo by Harris and Ewing through National Press Association



Mrs. Hodskins Mrs. Jones Mrs. Hickox Mrs. Orton Mrs. Pearly Mrs. Terry Mrs. Stanley Mrs. Goode
Mrs. Evans Mrs. Smith Mrs. Bushnell Mrs. Parks Mrs. Creighton Mrs. Kearfott Mrs. Stevens Mrs. VanKuren Mrs. Moore
Mrs. Barker Mrs. Boynton Mrs. Draper Mrs. Swarmstedt Mrs. Patton Mrs. Heneberger Mrs. Spilman Mrs. Kempster
Miss Benning Mrs. Chamberlain Mrs. Main Mrs. Gadsby Mrs. Delafield
Mrs. Earnest Mrs. Bowron Mrs. McLean, President General Mrs. Towles
Mrs. Bratton

American Monthly Magazine

VOL. XXX. WASHINGTON, D. C., MAY, 1907. No. 5.

ADDRESS OF WELCOME BY THE PRESIDENT GENERAL,
MRS. DONALD McLEAN, TO THE SIXTEENTH
CONTINENTAL CONGRESS.

Daughters of the American Revolution, assembled from every state in this union; distinguished Sons of the American Revolution, and those guests whose presence lends distinction to this gathering: I bid you warmly, welcome.

One year ago I stood before you at the opening of the Fifteenth Continental Congress, known to you as your confrère on the floor, but unknown to you, as you to me, from the platform. When that Congress adjourned, a year ago, I felt that the unknown had first become acquaintances, then friends, then loyal and beloved daughters. So, this morning I think of you as loyal and beloved daughters. Enter into your own home in this Hall, and also enter into your nearer home, the heart of your president general.

And not only do I greet you as "Daughters," but as I look out upon this assembled mass of American femininity I know too that we are sisters born of that precious parentage of love and liberty, born of that pure passion of the soul for justice, and the fruit of a new union, a new body politic in the nations of the world. So, you are my daughters and my sisters; and (turning to the Sons of the American Revolution) so many times have I been a "sister" to the "Sons" that this morning I am going to be their mother. You know, however proud we are of our daughters there is a little special pang of pride when a man-child comes into the world. So, while unwilling to qualify my devotion to the Daughters, it is a little comfort to have a few men with us to-day!

There is so much to say to you that I shall say very little,

because there is no middle stream between great discursiveness of detail to such a gathering, and a brief, succinct statement of those things that I believe best to bring to your attention this morning.

This, as you know, is not our business session. Many details will come before you during the ensuing week, upon which I shall not dwell now. I merely wish to bring before you the important features of the past year's work, as your president general has seen that work, has engaged in it, and has strained her every nerve to do you honor, and to bring back to you rewards.

First, your Continental Hall speaks for itself. You left it with four uncompleted pavilions, two nearly finished, two not begun. To-day they are completed. You see the full square of your own hall before you. There is much work that has been completed on this hall which you cannot see, because it is underground, in those hidden chambers of mystery of which no human being save the most expert architect can have the faintest comprehension! That is the installation of the heating plant. Nobody knows how much more wisdom I now possess on heating plants and kindred matters than when I became president general, and that widest form of wisdom which teaches you how little you really know. When I undertook to go on with the work of Continental Hall, I had all that daring courage which comes of ignorance. Now I stand in trepidation before every step, so afraid am I that the main conduit will not take the steam in the right direction, or that the elbow of this pipe does not properly fit the joint of the other. But it is all there, and those of you who prefer the catacombs to the outside world of Washington, may explore its mysteries at any time. It is there with a fell purpose. It is there to help us move our offices, so that we may hereafter install them with due pride, and have our home where our heart is, so that we may be freed from the expense of renting the offices and also may gratify a most commendable sentiment by having them located in our own house.

When I spoke to you, a year ago, I had hoped to report that

as "*au fait accompli*" this morning, but the builders and contractors and other causes have conspired to make a little delay. But now our heating plant is actually installed, and we intend to use it within six months in heating the building. Of course, that is a matter of congratulation to one who is undertaking to carry on an economical administration because of the saving of office rent. I do not suppose that any one in the world ever assumed an administration, without intending to make it a model of the strictest economy. We have striven to do that; and I assure you that heart's blood is sometimes spilled in the effort; but I am proud to report to you **this morning that although it is a happy fact that we have had born eight thousand new "Daughters" within the past two years, we have not increased the expenses of your organization one dollar.**

It seems but a little while ago since we stood here preparing for our trip over to Annapolis to attend the memorial services to John Paul Jones, where the Daughters gathered in a great body at that most impressive assemblage and saw the shaft of light shooting down from heaven, resting upon the laurel and the sword of that flag-draped coffin, making the "light perpetual" upon that laurel and that sword, in the eternal rest of immortal fame.

From such a gathering we turn to the next great historical event, the Jamestown Exposition, and these our Daughters will be proudly represented there as they were at the historical assembling in Annapolis. Your building is proceeding so well on Jamestown Island that I would not be heartless enough to take from the chairman of that committee the pleasure of telling you just what she has accomplished. I only desire at this opening session of our congress, and in this public manner, to pay tribute to the tireless and unceasing work which has been undertaken and accomplished by the chairman of the Jamestown Exposition committee, Mrs. Purcell. Your relics will be gathered in the exposition grounds themselves, which are somewhat separated from the island where is your building. You will have two points of interest, and I trust you will include a third in the New York state building, where your president general will assume a dual personality, and as a

commissioner from New York State will welcome there the Daughters of the American Revolution, and then go up to your Daughters of the American Revolution building and beg you to make welcome the New York State commissioner among the Daughters of the American Revolution. You know, no president general could ever head this organization for two years without the ability to assume twenty personalities, so what is it to me to take on two? I shall expect, then, to see you all during the exposition and to give further details of this work, or have them given to you later on in our session. Those are two historical points of assemblage—in Annapolis and in Virginia. We seem to stretch as a beautiful arch from the consummation of the last Continental Congress to the consummation of this, for the Jamestown Exposition opens next week.

In the interval of the months which have passed since I left you here, a year ago, I have traveled more miles than I can count, and I trace them in memory with the milestones of happiness in the enthusiastic greetings which have come to me, in the states almost to the borders of our country. From here I went, as you know, to Annapolis, and almost immediately thereafter on a delightful trip through the state of Pennsylvania, going over to Pittsburg where we celebrated Flag day, and where the Sons of the American Revolution signalized that event by a gift of \$250 to our Continental Hall. (That is not said by way of intimation to the Sons of the American Revolution who are here with us to-day!) On through the state, to many points of interest, to which I cannot even allude for lack of time, but I should feel derelict to one of the most interesting trips if I did not mention my journey to Tidioute. I see that announcement awakens just as much interest in you as it did in me, when I was invited there, and I assure you that it is a most charming town up in the other end of Pennsylvania. It is the visits that we make to just such towns that bring to all of us a knowledge of our country, and of the great, real patriotism in it; and of the magnificent domain of the Daughters of the American Revolution. In that chapter in Tidioute, Pennsylvania, a stretch of sixty miles, embracing four counties, is covered by its membership.

I shall not give the journey chronologically, because all of you know your history and will recognize the fact that Tea Party day could not follow Flag day so quickly; and yet in your hearts it does, for if there had been no Tea Party day, there could have been no Flag day!—and were there no Flag day, how could we celebrate Tea Party day?

Thus through Massachusetts and into New Hampshire, the grand old Granite State; and thence into Vermont, with its "Green Mountain Boys," and then on to that wonderful trip through the middle west, where I had the privilege of being with our past president general and vice-president general, Mrs. Adlai E. Stevenson and Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, then to Chicago and its great chapter. Thence through Illinois, and up into Minnesota, where I had the experience of real western travel and real western vernacular, in whizzing over roads in a "buzz-wagon," as I was told (I thought it was an elegantly-appointed automobile). On over the wonderful rolling prairies, I was carried back into Wisconsin, where there was a magnificent demonstration by the Daughters in that state; thence up into Iowa, where for the first time in the history of the society, the representatives of all the Mississippi Valley were gathered together. I consider that was the greatest step forward ever taken in this organization since the time the organization had birth. We who live in the eastern part of the country know very little, and have not the faintest conception of the marvellous possibilities and attainments of that great and wonderful middle west. So wide and catholic is it in its interests, and so earnestly did your president general desire to respond to every one of those interests as it was brought before her, that she endeavored to ascend the heights of university classics on one evening, and talked to the football boys on the next! There I heard one of the best addresses on patriotic education to which it has ever been my privilege to listen, an address by the president of the Iowa State University. I had hoped to have him address us here at this Congress, but he, like many other distinguished men, is in New York attending a convention to which I shall allude specifically in a moment.

From Iowa I went on down to Nebraska, reaching my farthest western point at Lincoln, where I learned the magic secret of that lovely manna let down from heaven, requiring neither water nor care, nor aught else save the gathering in, that magnificent harvest of alfalfa. Alfalfa has become a by-word to my friends, because it awakened such admiring interest in my own mind, and I felt that I had acquired such magnificent knowledge that I never dreamed anybody else in the world knew as much as your president general knew about alfalfa! but when I came back and went down to Virginia, the wife of the governor, a Daughter of most attractive personality, had delivered the loveliest little lecture on alfalfa just before I arrived.

From Nebraska with its warm welcome, and with heartfelt regrets that I did not reach Kansas, although I had the privilege of meeting some of the Kansas Daughters with their state regent, I entered Missouri where I experienced the warmth of that half-southern, half-western spirit, which when blended makes perfection in this nation, whether it be in hospitable, social circles, or whether it be in taking up the great political questions of the day.

From there a return home. I used to have but one pole-star (which is the brightest one, and I do not mean to say that it should not always be beyond all others to draw a woman to her home, but I have found one that is a very strong second. My pole-star has grown into the constellation of Gemini, and when I turn on the one hand to New York, I turn on the other to Washington). I came back from all that travel of thousands of miles to New York, and thence down here to our board meetings, having accomplished the entire trip under the divine help of Providence, without an accident, without missing a train, without missing an engagement and without losing my trunk key. From Washington down through Virginia, where the governor of the state received me with that warm-hearted hospitality, which alone could console me for learning that his wife, Mrs. Swanson, knew all about alfalfa. Then back to what is, perhaps, after all, the dearest, to Maryland. Apropos of that state, I wish to say this morning that there is

always an average preserved in everything. I was a little proud last year because we needed no gavel at our opening session, but this morning I have used two. This because Our Flag Chapter of this District, has presented me with one to be used here this morning, a gavel made from historic wood from the White House, and a lovely Daughter from Maryland came to me only a moment since with this rare gavel, from the wood of the old *Peggy Stewart* and presented by the Tea Party Chapter of Maryland, with the request that I use it. It seemed impossible, for the moment, to use them both, but inwardly came the thought: "I will use them both now, and then I will need none hereafter," and I know that you will help me to *need* none.

In all these undertakings I have endeavored to stimulate interest in all your great objects and projects. Of course, first and primarily, it is our duty to complete this building. At our Continental Hall committee meeting on Saturday, the report of the finances showed, as you will be glad and interested to hear, that we have now here invested in the ground and in the building as it stands to-day, more than half of what it will cost when fully completed, exterior and interior. You have passed that milestone, that half of your journey is over. Certainly you will hasten to the completion of this great end for which we yearn.

Patriotic education is a matter which will be detailed so fully and so capably by the chairman of the committee on this subject, that I will not go into it other than to say that it has grown day by day, and month by month, in the interest it is awakening, and in the splendid work which it is accomplishing in every state in this union. There are divers methods of undertaking patriotic education, which I will leave to our chairman to describe, but there is one thing that I must mention. So far as I know, it is the first of its kind, and it is pregnant with large results. The governor of the state of New Jersey called together, for the first time in the history of this country, a special commission appointed by himself and the legislature, to look into the need for patriotic education, and to undertake consecutive legislative work to bring about results. Your

president general had the privilege of being present at a great gathering presided over by Governor Stokes and his coadjutors, and she was there taught much that she was happy to learn, as to the possibilities of this wide work. I felt it to be one of the greatest compliments that the Daughters of the American Revolution had received, when their president general was asked to stand hand-in-hand to forward the work of that commission, and to endeavor to induce other governors throughout this country to approve the same sort of work in connection with the legislatures, and in connection with the public-school systems, and with other great organized bodies, so that the work may tell in a way that it could not tell in little sporadic endeavors. I commend this to you, and I say to every governor in this country: "Take notice: appoint a commission for patriotic education, or the Daughters of the American Revolution will educate you."

The preservation of our historic spots is one of the greatest works that we have. That will also be brought before you by one of our ablest members. I would tell you this morning of one of the most notable achievements in that line, except that I am a little afraid to do so. (I tell you this in confidence. I spoke to the chairman of that committee yesterday about it, and she told me that if I mentioned its name she would not vote for me. I was so terrorized that I did not think that I would dare to speak of it! but now, in order to show my courageous nature, I will announce that Fort Massac has been acquired and preserved by the Daughters of the American Revolution and the state of Illinois, through Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, past vice-president general of our organization in that state.)

The Children of the Republic is a wonderful work that has been taken up in the line of patriotic education, but on a different principle. That will be explained to you by our Mrs. John A. Murphy, of Ohio, chairman of the committee.

Thus indefinitely could reference be made to the work that has been accomplished in various states; but there is one special thing that we have accomplished during the past year that I

feel, perhaps, more tenderly proud of than any other achievement, and that is the fact that for the first time in the history of the society regular provision has been made for the assistance of all "*Real Daughters*" who are in penury or poor circumstances. "*Real Daughters*," I will explain for the benefit of the public, are the actual living daughters of Revolutionary heroes. While, of course, they are very old, you would be surprised to know how many there are still living; we cannot tell you at this moment how many, because day by day we receive communications bringing to notice the claims of one and another. We are extremely careful in investigating these claims. We refer them to the chairman, who will report to you later. We ascertain whether or not the "*Real Daughters*" are in actual need, and if we find that they are, we, their younger sisters, hasten to their succor and I believe that to be one of the highest privileges of this organization.

So I have brought before you the gods that the Daughters worship the gods next to the great God under whose guidance we believe we exist. We endeavor to keep pure all our various channels of work. All of our activities we know are energetic; all of our achievements so far as we are able to make them so, are spotless of meanness, sordidness or undue calculation.

I come before you with a splendid report of our financial condition, though I must say that I did have a few qualms for the Daughters when I found that the first legislation in regard to two-cents-a-mile railroad fare was put into effect against our round-trip tickets. I was informed of that from the west, and we immediately sent a most supplicatory prayer to the railroad authorities and they relented.

This morning I have had a terrible intimation that Mr. Harriman has said something about our investments. I am very proud that he knows that we have \$24,000 to invest! I think it must be a matter of great moment to Mr. Harriman!—and I am very glad that we are so much like the whole administration of the national government of the United States, that we are called upon to take up such questions and to grapple with Mr. Harriman.

Now, in order not to seem too warlike, I draw your attention to that wonderful convention which is, at almost this very hour, convening in New York City, the Peace Congress. Were it not that this Continental Congress is constitutionally required to meet this week, I should have advocated holding it either in the preceding or the succeeding week, because the Peace Congress now in session in New York City, is one of the most wonderful movements of the world. This Continental Congress has been invited to participate in its proceedings and your president general invited to speak there. Realizing that it would be impossible to transfer this entire congress to theirs, and those members being foolish and inconsiderate enough not to remember that they could just as well have held their sessions here under the stimulating influence of the "Daughters," we can now only join in their deliberations through that mental telepathy and cardiacal sympathy which, I am sure, the Daughters will send to them, in response to the numberless communications I, myself, have received from the officers of that Peace Congress! We, this morning, are gathered here together to bid one another welcome, and as we have not received the report of our committee on credentials, we are not an organized body, and cannot take formal action. Otherwise my request should be made at once, to have certain resolutions presented which I hope to see presented as a special order immediately after we go into our regular business session; resolutions in harmony with that surpassing peace movement which is being held in New York City, with Mr. Carnegie as its president; and participated in by every leading nation of the world, and by most of the leading men of this country (except those whom we have induced to stay with us here this morning). You will find that the Peace Congress is a mark in the history of the world, and I am very glad that we were so prescient and far-seeing that, years ago, on the floor of this congress, a resolution was passed at the time of Queen Victoria's sixtieth anniversary, when we were speaking of the crowning of her work for arbitration, to the effect that this congress bring forward its own endorsement of the great principle of peace

by arbitration; and I am further proud to point to the fact (which was mentioned a year ago) that we offered the use of this great hall to the president of the United States, should he need it at the time of the negotiations looking toward the conclusion of the Russian-Japanese war. All of these things have put us absolutely in line with this great world movement. As I said then, so I say now, that it is not a paradox that the Daughters of the American Revolution should take part in a peace movement, because surely no one thinks that war has any excuse in the world except to produce peace. The production of a more permanent peace is the only thing for which war ought ever to be waged. As we produced peace with honor in our American Revolution, now let us preserve peace with honor in an American nation.

When I stood here, a year ago, I welcomed to our halls the public as well as our own organization, realizing, after all—What is a platform without the public? and what is the public without a platform?—and knowing that when I look at a great body of American women, I am looking at the most powerful promoters of American patriotism; because American women do so influence the American public that they make American patriotism. It is in that light that we welcome everyone that comes within our walls. Your president general stood here, then, and called on the different states to reply for their various localities—she cannot say sections, because we recognize none. When I called upon these states then, I called upon them as the glowing stars in the lustrous constellation coming to set themselves in the midnight sky, and pointing the way to the weary traveler who wishes the light of liberty; but today I call to your mind that “Julian, the Apostate,” as he was called, who after the reign of Christianity had commenced, thought on ascending his throne, that he would hark back to the days of the old rulers, that he would return to the worship of Juno and Jove and Venus and Cupid, the deities of mythology, and that he would bring back his people from this new and strange religion of the unknown Galilean to the marvelous, world-wide splendor of the mythological era; his own

people turned upon him and spurned him, with contempt for his apostasy; but he held to it; and the days became dark before him, and the night of infidelity and mistrust of his kind, settled down upon him, and only as death was closing his eyes did he suddenly exclaim, rising with faith in his face and on his lips: "The sun; the sun of righetousness." So I say to you, "Daughters no longer only, the lustrous stars of constellations, rise, shine; your light is come. The sun—the sun of peace through liberty."

A DAY WITH OTSEGO.

A. Elizabeth Burlingame.

In the radiance of the sunrise,
 Otsego smiles adown,
 And she whispers of a beauty
 That lies far from street and town,
 Hid within the forest fastness,
 By a lake so pure and free,
 That the mountain maidens play there,
 Dimpling smiles at you and me.

In the glory of the noon-tide,
 Otsego basks in sun,
 In a golden, fulsome, splendor,
 Which makes clear to every one,
 That the morning thought of work-time,
 Is a dream, a snare, a mood;
 That to rest in woodland shadows,
 This is life's supreme, one good.

In the glory of the sunset,
 When the waters on the lake
 Softly dip to perfect silence,
 Then we know 'tis for her sake
 Old Otsego—we have toiled thro' day of doubt,
 Till the golden glow in West
 Throws a gate awide toward somewhere,
 Whence shines out the day's long quest,
 Whispers rest.

But a sudden fall the shadows,
 And a sudden leaps the moon,
 Just a slender bar of silver,
 But the wavelets all in tune
 Dance to music caught from skyward
 Thro' the shining bars of light,
 Which stream gently, purely downward
 Cross the shadows of the night.

Then we know that morning's work mood,
 Fresh with knowledge of the wood,
 And the fulsome ease at noon-day,
 When no work seems wholly good,
 And the quiet heart at sunset,
 When the eyes turn toward the west,
 Each is true and each is fitting,
 But the dream mood and the moonlight,
 Yes, O surely, dreams are best.

Dedication.

A thought we give to those now passed away,
 Yet living still,
 As when on golden summer day,
 They fought and died beneath yon vine-clad hill
 Where old Otsego's voice arise
 And mingles with the skies.

And may this Truth stay with us from the day,
 Howe'er man work alone,
 However far the service from the goal may lay,
 The deed must find a home
 At last, somewhere, in lives whose skies shall smile,
 Because that man stood true to service for his little while.

May all the service pure and strong they gave
 Inspire our will,
 May all the Truth from them a heritage
 Be with us still.
 And e'en as they thro' mid wood darkness
 Clave to light,
 So may our lives reach onward towards the Right,
 Forever leaving self behind us with the night,
 Forever leading outward towards the light.

Once more Otsego's hills so bright, so fair, we praise.
Once more to her our eyes lit large with love, we raise.
And this our prayer,
That golden days may shine on her alway,
That Life and Love may bless her children's children,
So we pray.

The above poem was written on the occasion of the unveiling of the monument to General James Clinton, erected by the General James Clinton Chapter, of East Springfield, New York.

THE HONORARY VICE-PRESIDENTS GENERAL.

"Lest we forget."

Many of the Daughters of later days hardly know the names of those who did heroic work when we were young. Such will be glad to read brief sketches of the honorary vice-presidents general, who have been elevated to their high position through virtue of service rendered.

MRS. A. LEO KNOTT.

Mrs. A. Leo Knott is among the earliest members of the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, being at the time of its formation a resident of Washington. She was elected a member of the society on January 19, 1891, having previously attended several preliminary meetings of the society at the residence of Mrs. Cabell. On the ninth of May in the same year she was elected one of the vice-presidents general.

Mrs. Knott claims membership in the society on account of the Revolutionary services rendered by Captain John Phelan, through her mother, Mary J. Keenan, nee Mary J. Phelan. Captain John Phelan joined the American army at Boston in 1776. On the first of January, 1777, he was promoted to the rank of lieutenant in the Continental army, Colonel Smith's regiment, and in the pay accounts of that regiment he is reported as entitled to pay for services as lieutenant from Janu-



Mrs. A. Leo Knott.

ary 1, 1777, to December 31, 1779. Reported promoted January, 1778, serving twelve months as ensign, twenty-four months as lieutenant (*Revolutionary War Archives of Massachusetts*. Record Index, Vol. 18, page 185). Captain Phelan also appears with the rank of lieutenant on Continental army pay accounts of Colonel Smith's regiment for services from January 1, 1780, to December 31, 1780 (*Rev. Archives Mass.*, Vol. 19, Part I, page 104). In the *Army Register of the United States, 1779-1879*, on page 42, under date of September 30, 1783, Captain John Phelan's name is entered as of the third regiment Massachusetts Continental infantry.

Philip Phelan, brother of John, joined the army at the same time, Boston, Massachusetts, 1776; he was first ensign and appears with rank of lieutenant on muster roll of field and staff officers of the sixteenth Massachusetts regiment, Col. Henry Jackson, a distinguished officer of the Revolution, for 1777-1779, dated Boston, July 28, 1779; appointed June 20, 1777, residence, Boston; reported belonging to third company (*Revolutionary Archives Commonwealth of Massachusetts*, Vol. 10, page 370). He also appears with the rank of lieutenant on the Continental army pay accounts of Col. Henry Jackson's regiment for services from June 20, 1777, to December 31, 1780 (*Rev. Archives, Mass.*, Vol. 18, page 48, and Vol. 19, Part I, page 122).

The two brothers participated in the hard fought engagements of White Plains, Long Island, Trenton and Princeton, New Jersey, and took part in the southern campaigns under General Greene. Philip was killed at the battle of Eutaw Springs. Captain John Phelan survived the war, being promoted to the rank of captain for gallant services performed during the war, and was with the army until it was disbanded at Newburg in October, 1783. In December, 1785, he was elected a member of the Society of the Cincinnati of which he continued a member until his death in 1827. Mrs. Knott possesses and holds as precious relics Captain Phelan's certificate of membership in the Cincinnati Society, signed by General Washington as president, and General Knox as secretary, and his miniature decorated with its insignia.

After the war Captain Phelan engaged in mercantile business in the city of New York. He made a trip to Rio Janeiro in connection with his business. On his return he was shipwrecked, losing the vessel and cargo in which most of his fortune was invested. He removed to Baltimore and established a "Classical and Mathematical School" which enjoyed a high reputation for many years, and educated some of the first citizens of Baltimore. Captain Phelan died in Baltimore, September, 1827. His funeral was attended by the few surviving officers and soldiers of the Revolution then residing in Baltimore and the military of the city.

Mrs. Knott took an active part in the work of the early building up of the society. On the retirement of Mrs. Flora Adams Darling from the position which she filled of vice-president general in charge of the organization of chapters, and also from the society, Mrs. Knott, together with Mrs. John W. Foster and Mrs. H. V. Boynton, was appointed by the national board to take charge of that work. On her removing to Baltimore in the autumn of 1891, Mrs. Knott was requested and authorized by the national board to accept the position of state regent of Maryland, and to undertake the work of establishing chapters of the Daughters of the American Revolution in that state. In accordance with this request, and authority, Mrs. Knott sent out invitations to ladies in the city of Baltimore whom she knew or learned were eligible to membership in the National Society to meet her at her residence, 919 North Charles street, on March 4, 1892. In response to this invitation a number of ladies attended at the time and place designated and the Baltimore Chapter was established. Mrs. Knott appointed Miss Alice Key Blunt regent of the chapter. In 1894 Mrs. Knott resigned the office of state regent of Maryland and at the succeeding congress was elected one of the honorary vice-presidents general for life. In 1897 at the urgent request of many of the members of the chapter, Mrs. Knott was elected to the office of regent of the Baltimore Chapter, a position which she has held continuously ever since.

During her incumbency of this office the Baltimore Chapter

has largely increased its membership and now numbers two hundred and twenty-five members and is the largest in the state. The chapter has done some excellent and patriotic work in carrying out the objects and purposes of the National Society as expressed in its constitution. In 1902 the chapter contributed fifty dollars towards erecting a monument to the memory of Gen. Philip Reed, a distinguished officer of Maryland in the Revolutionary army, and also commander of the Maryland troops at the battle of "Caulk's Field" in the war of 1812, in Kent county, Eastern Shore, Maryland, where the British were repulsed with the loss of Admiral Parker, the commander of the British fleet. This engagement took place after the destruction of the capitol at Washington by the British troops under Cockburn, and the British fleet and army were moving to the attack on Baltimore, where, as we know, both that fleet and army were signally and disastrously repulsed.

The Baltimore Chapter has taken a lively interest in the construction of Continental Hall since that important work was inaugurated. It has contributed \$300 to the general fund and also \$1,318 towards the payment of the cost of the Maryland column to be erected in the portico of that structure as a memorial of Maryland as one of the Thirteen Original States. As a member of the Continental Hall committee Mrs. Knott has been a warm advocate of the use of the celebrated Maryland white marble, on account of its excellence and durability for all the columns to be erected in the portico of Continental Hall.

In 1906 the Baltimore Chapter erected in the state house at Annapolis a handsome bronze tablet in commemoration of the celebrated ride of Lieutenant Colonel Tench Tilghman, of General Washington's staff, from Yorktown to Philadelphia, to announce to the Continental congress there assembled the news of the surrender of Cornwallis on the 19th of October, 1781, to the combined armies of France and America.

The chapter contributed one hundred dollars to the sufferers by the earthquake and fire at San Francisco in 1906. It has also presented to the Continental Hall a handsome gallery

clock to be hung in the auditorium at the cost of \$250. The clock is now in course of construction by the firm of Caldwell & Co., Philadelphia.

MRS. JOSHUA WILBOUR.

Mrs. Joshua Wilbour, honorary vice-president general of Rhode Island, was the first member of the National Society.



Mrs. Joshua Wilbour.

Daughters of the American Revolution from that state; was its first state regent, which was the third appointed in the United States by the National Society at Washington. She

organized the Rhode Island state society by reporting at the first congress that four chapters had been formed under her supervision; she appointed every first officer in each of these four chapters, obtained and signed their charters, and by gifts and service started each one on its successful way. These four were Bristol Chapter, Gaspee Chapter, Pawtucket Chapter and Woonsocket Chapter. Much work was done by all these chapters for the cause of patriotism under her fostering care; several exhibits of old fashioned times, as concerts, teas, fairs and musicals by Bristol Chapter enabled them to send for the building of the Continental Hall several hundred dollars. She greatly aided Gaspee Chapter in its exhibit of old Revolutionary and Colonial times by having a room in the Historical Society building set apart for her special use and furnishing.

Mrs. Wilbour was the first life member of the society, therefore was the first to pay any money toward the erection of the Continental Hall, as it was voted by the National Society that half of every life membership should go for this purpose.

She was instrumental in having many of the small liberty bells placed in the public schools throughout the state, as reminders of the days to be celebrated; was chairman of the national hymn committee of 1895; and one of the committee appointed on the portrait of the first president general of the society, Mrs. Benjamin Harrison, to be painted and to be hung in the White House at Washington.

She was one of the committee appointed by Mrs. Adlai Stevenson for the building of Continental Hall, and was selected to read a paper on the Continental Hall at Chicago on May 18, 1893, this being the first address ever made for this purpose.

She was also invited to make an address at Atlanta, Georgia, during the fair, the theme to be "The Continental Hall."

Mrs. Wilbour was invited by the national board of officers under the presidency of Mrs. Harrison to read a paper at the first congress of the Daughters of the American Revolution in February, 1892; she selected for a theme "The Destruction of the *Gaspee*." At this congress she was elected state regent by the delegates from Rhode Island; and invited by the national board to respond to the address of welcome. Mrs. Wilbour re-

ported that she had resigned her office of state regent, when elected honorary state regent; this office she resigned but was immediately elected vice-president general by acclamation.

In the following year, 1894, she was again chosen vice-president; in 1895 was designated as one to nominate a candidate for the position of president of the society and during this congress received the compliment of being elected honorary vice-president for life. The following year, 1906, she was again invited to respond to the address of welcome, was one of a committee for Rhode Island and represented Bristol at the time of the World's Fair. She was chairman of the committee to select the medals awarded by the Daughters to Miss Washington, Mrs. Walworth, Miss Desha and Mrs. Lockwood.

Mrs. Wilbour is a member of the following societies in this country: Honorary vice-president, Daughters of the American Revolution; vice-president Mary Washington Memorial Association; member of the Rhode Island Society Colonial Dames of America; member of the Society of Colonial Governors; member of the Order of the Crown in America; charter member of the College Women's Club of New York City; member of the Washington Club, Washington, District of Columbia; member of the Rhode Island Historical Society; member of the Huguenot Society; member National Society Colonial Daughters of American Founders and Patriots.

The members of the Sixteenth Continental Congress were called to mourn the loss of many valued members, who since the last meeting, have passed to life eternal. The business was several times stopped while the Daughters stood in silent sorrow, as the name of some beloved and honored member was mentioned.

Mrs. McLean's address was received with much enthusiasm.

REVOLUTIONARY RECORDS

This department is intended for hitherto unpublished or practically inaccessible records of patriots of the War for American Independence, which records may be helpful to those desiring admission to the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution and to the registrars of chapters. Such data will be gladly received by the editor of this magazine.

In the report of the treasurer of the United States for 1791 appears the following item, "Toward discharging certain debts, contracted by Abraham Skinner, late Commissary of Prisoners, \$38,683.13." Aside from a bill of about three hundred dollars of Dr. James J. Van Beuren, "for medicine and attendance on sundry officers of the late army, whilst in captivity on Long Island," the amount was "for subsistence" of the same persons. For the sake of reference, I have arranged the names alphabetically, and afterwards append a list of the agents to whom the money was paid, when their names do not appear in the first list.—MRS. AMOS G. DRAPER.

Ammerman, Willemtie; Antonidas, Peter;
Barre, William; Bennem, John; Bennett, Wyant; Bergen, Geashe;
Blake, John; Boerum, Garret; Boerum, Johannes; Boies, Daniel, Sr.;
Boyce, John, Sen.; Boyce, Daniel, Jr.;
Cornell, Margaret; Cornell, Peter; Cortelyou, Isaac; Cowenhoven,
Garret (deceased); Cowenhoven, John, Executor; Cowenhoven,
Johannes; Cozine, Jacob; Cropsey, Casper;
Denyse, Anne; Denyse, Isaac; Denyse, Jacques; Ditmars, Johannes;
Eldert, Femmetic; Eldert, Isaac; Eldert, Johannes; Ellison, Gabriel;
Elsworth, Thomas; Emans, Mary; Emens, Cornelius; Emmens,
Abraham; Emmens, John; Emmens, Sarah;
Field, Jacob; Foorhest, John;
Garrison, Martha; Gerretson, Samuel; Glean, John; Gronendyck,
Nicholas;
Hageman, Adrian; Hageman, John A.; Hageman, Rem; Hageman,
Sytie; Howard, Joseph; Hubbard, Elias; Hubbard, James, Hubbard,
Samuel;
Jansen, Court; Johnson, Barent; Johnson, Ferdinand; Johnson,
Hendrick; Johnson, William;

Kouvenhoven, Garret (deceased); Kouvenhoven, Peter (deceased); Lake, Daniel; Lefferts, Hannah; Lefferts, Jacob; Lefferts, Leffert; Lefferts, Peter; Lott, Hendrick (deceased); Lott, Hendrick A. (deceased); Lott, Johanna, Adx.; Lott, Johannes; Lott, Johannes E.; Lott, Marietta; Lott, Mauris; Lott, Peter; Lott, Roeloff; Marteson, Garret; Mortense, Garret; Nagle, Philip; Nefus, Peter; Rapalje, Daniel; Remsen, Derick; Remsent, Johannes; Ryder, Bernardus; Ryder, Charity; Ryder, Lawrence; Ryder, Stephen; Schenck, Martin; Schenck, Nicholas; Slover, Isaac; Smith, Joseph; Snedicker, Isaac; Snedicker, Jacob; Sprong, Folkert; Stillwell, Anna; Stillwell, Richard; Stillwell, Richard, Jr.; Stilwell, Joost; Stilwell, Nicholas; Stilwell, Rutgert; Stoothoff, Johannes; Stoothoff, Mary; Stoothoff, Wilhelmus; Stoothoff, W., Sen. (deceased); Striker, Cornelius; Striker, Garret; Striker, John; Striker, Michael; Striker, Samuel; Stryker, Eida; Suydam, Evert; Suydam, Hendrick, first; Suydam, Hendrick, second; Suydam, Hendrick L.; Suydam, Jacob; Terhune, Albert; Van Brunt, Adrian; Van Brunt, Isaac; Van Brunt, Doctor James J.; Van Brunt, Rutgert; Van Brunt, William; Van Cleef, Anne; Van Cleef, Hendrick; Van Cleef, Rem; Van der Bilt, Jeremiah; Vander Bilt, Jeremiah; VanderBilt, Peter; Vander Bilt, Rem; Vander Veer, Cornelius; Vander Veer, Dominicus; Vander Veer, Hendrick; Vander Veer, Jacobus; Vander Veer, John; Van Duyn, Cornelius; Van Duyn, Garret (deceased); Van Duyn, Denyse, adx.; Van Duyn, John; Van Dyker, William G.; Van Nuys, Helmus; Van Nuys, John Vankerck; Van Nuys, Joost; Van Nuys, Sarah; Van Nuys, Wilhelmus; Van Pelt, Ast.; Van Pelt, Peter; Van Pelt, Rem; Van Pelt, Wynant; Van Sicklen, Ferdinandus; Van Sicklen, Johannes; Van Sinderen, Ulpianus; Vin Cize, Charles; Voorhees, Adrian; Voorhees, Albert; Voorhees, Stephen; Voorhis, Abraham; Voorhis, Roeloff (deceased); Whitlock, Thomas (deceased); Williamson, John; Williamson, Nicholas; Williamson, Rem; Wyckoff, Cornelius; Wyckoff, Garret; Wyckoff, Hendrock; Wyckoff, Joost (deceased); Wyckoff, Nicholas; Wyckoff, Peter.

Agents for above persons: Boyd, William; Cortelyou, Simon; Couvenhoven, Peter; Cowenhoven, Nicholas; Giles, Aquila; Lott, Johannes I.; Rogers, William; Stilvell, Richard; Vander Voort, Peter; Winter, Joseph.

Dr. Geo. D. Stanton, of Stonington, Connecticut, adds the name of Thomas^o Stanton (*Daniel^h, Daniel^f, Joseph^h, Thomas^l*) to the list of those killed while serving under Paul Jones on board the *Bon Homme Richard*. He commanded the "round tops."

REAL DAUGHTERS

MRS. MARY AUGUSTA (STEELE) CLEVELAND.

Green Woods Chapter, Winsted, Connecticut.

The eighty-nine years' earthly pilgrimage of this chapter's beloved "Real Daughter" ended Sunday morning, February 17, 1907.

Mary Augusta (Steel) Cleveland was a descendant in the seventh generation of George Steel, who came to Connecticut in 1635 where the name has since been continuously represented for more than two hundred and fifty years. Her father was John Steel, who served in the Revolutionary army as a musician; her mother was Lucy (Smith) Saxton. The youngest child, Mary, was born in Hartford, Connecticut, March 19, 1818. She married there in 1841, Charles M. Cleveland, of Winsted, Connecticut. Her married life was spent mostly in St. Louis where Mr. Cleveland died in 1861. She ultimately returned to Winsted, where the remainder of her life was passed in a home whose ways are ways of pleasantness and all whose paths are peace.

As a charter member of Green Woods Chapter she felt a great interest in the society and enjoyed the meetings until the last year of her life.

She was a true gentlewoman, charming in personality, dignified, yet gracious in manner, and of endearing character,—an inspiration to cheerfulness for all with whom she associated.

As a devoted member of the Episcopal Church she was faithful to all its observances and "given to good works" which follow her in the memory of many friends.

For eight successive years Green Woods Chapter had remembered her birthday with a gift, and out of respect to her memory a banquet which had been arranged by the chapter for February 22d was given up.—E. R.

MRS. LUCINDA DE ATLEY JACKSON.

The Elizabeth Benton Chapter, Kansas City, has lately sustained a loss which it feels very deeply. One of our "Real

Daughters," of whom we at one time had three, has passed away, leaving us now with but one.

Lucinda Edwards de Atley was born in Westmoreland county, Virginia, in 1811. Her father, James de Atley, was born in 1750. He was married three times, Lucinda Edwards being the child of his third wife. In 1828; on the fourth of December, she married Richard Leadlow Jackson, of Fredericksburg, Virginia. A letter from her daughter, Mrs. Lucy Armstrong, of Mound City, Missouri, gives some interesting details which I quote:

My mother was raised in the historical part of Virginia which gave birth to the Lees and to the Washingtons, a short distance from Jamestown and old Stratford Hall.

The home of the Lees, built by Great Britain for the Colonial governor, Richard Lee, was close enough for Mrs. Lee and my grandmother to drive over for morning visits.

My mother, being the child of my grandfather's old age, was indulged and badly spoiled. When about sixteen, being fond of dress, she wanted a black silk gown. Mrs. Lee, who was going to Baltimore, was commissioned to buy the goods, but on her return she had not the black silk but two patterns, one embroidered muslin and one of seersucker, saying that young girls did not wear silk.

My mother was not to be outdone. Her father was going to Port Conway soon after and she asked to be taken along. He was delighted to have her with him and on their arrival in the town, took her to a shop telling the proprietor to let his baby have anything that she wanted. She bought the black silk. It was made in Fredericksburg and the first time that she wore it, to Shiloh Church, she met my father.

During the last seven years of her life my mother lived almost entirely in the past, entertaining me by the hour with things which had happened during her existence. She died the thirtieth of November, 1906, quietly, peacefully, like a candle burning out, with nothing to regret and with everything to hope.

—ADELA C. VAN HARR, *Historian*.

MRS. MEHITABLE HALL COREY.

Mrs. Mehitable Hall Corey, who was one of the few "Real Daughters" of the American Revolution, and a member of

General Knox Chapter of Thomaston, Maine, died at her home in Springfield, Massachusetts, on January 23, 1907, at the advanced age of eighty-seven. She was born in the town of Knox, Maine, on September 20, 1819, the only daughter of Isaac Hall and his second wife, Sarah (Sayward) Kellar. She was twice married; the first time to Joseph Melvin, a Baptist minister of Knox, who died soon after, and second, to Mr. Reuben H. Corey, of Chicopee Falls, Massachusetts.

Her father was born in Harpswell, Maine, the second son of Isaac and Joanna (Coombs) Hall, and the grandson of Isaac and Abigail Hall, who came to Boston in 1722, probably from Lincolnshire, England.

The first record of Mrs. Corey's father's enlistment was in July of 1775, when he served seven months on the muster and payroll of Capt. Nathaniel Larrabee's company, which, during that time was stationed along the coast in Cumberland county. In the fall of 1776 he enlisted for eight months as a private under Capt. Isaac Snow of Massachusetts, and in the summer of 1777 or 1778, for a period of four months under Capt. Thomas Berry, of Colonel Francis's regiment. In the fall of 1778 he enlisted for three months as a private under Capt. Stannard, of Col. Fogg's regiment, and in the spring of 1779, for nine months as corporal under Capt. Abraham Tyler, of Col. Poor's regiment.

Not only did Mrs. Corey's father serve the colonies throughout the five years of active fighting in the Revolution, but her grandfather, Isaac Hall, 2d, was one of the first to enlist as minute man at the Lexington alarm in April, 1775; was a soldier under General Washington at Dorchester Heights; was at King's Ferry and Fort Clinton, and first lieutenant of the disastrous Bagaduce expedition. He is also credited with having been a soldier under Colonel Pepperrell at the taking of Louisburg in 1745.

Mrs. Corey had always been a regular attendant of the First Baptist church, and was noted for her charitable and kindly characteristics among a wide circle of friends. She had possessed her golden spoon less than a year.—LAVINA GRANT ELLIOT, *Corresponding Secretary*, General Knox Chapter.

STATE CONFERENCES.

Kansas State Conference—Report of the Eighth Annual Conference of the Kansas chapters, held in Parsons, October 30 and 31, 1906.

Delegates and visitors to the eighth annual conference journeyed this year to Parsons to meet with that wonderful chapter whose numbers have grown in two years to sixty-one. The arriving guests were met at the station and escorted to the hotel, where they were all comfortably lodged and were able to visit each other and the chapter ladies "between times."

In the morning of October 30th, through the courtesy of the Commercial Club, the ladies were given a long drive about the city in order to better appreciate the growth and beauty of the city, which is said to have more paved streets than any other of its size in Kansas. After the drive the ladies were given a luncheon at the home of Mrs. Ella W. Ballard, regent of the chapter. Flags and the blue and white colors of the organization appeared everywhere in tasteful decoration combined with lovely flowers. Upon the table, about which the state officers and chapter regents sat, and seeming to float upon its mirror sea, was a large floral battle-ship *Kansas*. After the delicious course luncheon had been "discussed" the ladies adjourned to the home of Mrs. W. P. Talbot, Jr., where the business sessions were held.

The reports from chapters showed a satisfactory growth of members and of interest. The youngest chapter, Capt Jesse Leavenworth, at Leavenworth, only just organized October 23d, was courageous enough to invite the next conference, the invitation being accepted amid hearty applause.

Mrs. A. H. Horton had represented the Daughters of the American Revolution at the Pawnee Village celebration and gave a short account of that event. In a few well-chosen words she gave the reasons for celebrating Pike's first raising of the flag on Kansas soil, with a word or two about Mrs. Johnson's fortunate discovery of the Pawnee Village and her

presentation of the land to the state of Kansas. Like all who attended this interesting and unique celebration, Mrs. Horton thought it an event in a lifetime.

The state regent, Mrs. Stanley, reported much work done, but only one new chapter really organized. A regent, Miss Dorrington, had lately been appointed at Chanute. The long needed directories are to be printed this year. The committee having the matter in charge was continued with full powers. The Santa Fe Trail work was reported upon and seemed to be progressing satisfactorily. Everywhere the citizens and officials have been prompt and hearty in coöperation. Two chapters, Topeka and Sterling, have placed special markers upon the trail. Betty Washington Chapter reports the state markers, four in number, set in Douglas county. Other counties are at work and in most places the stones are set with ceremonies, an educational feature of this great undertaking. A pamphlet, of which Mrs. Horton will be editor, will be printed, giving the story of the trail and the work of marking.

In the evening a delightful reception was given at the Masonic hall. A short program was rendered, Judge Madden giving a cordial and hearty address of welcome, being introduced in a very happy manner by the regent, Mrs. Ballard. To this Mrs. Stanley replied in her usual appreciative way. Mrs. Stanley, by special request, read her address before the Mississippi Valley conference, whose sessions had just closed and which she attended as regent from Kansas and told of our work in trail marking.

Mrs. Carr read and sang, much to the enjoyment of her hearers, who could scarce believe the 70 years when they heard the music of her wonderful voice. Mrs. T. A. Cordry gave a beautiful address, full of patriotic sentiment about "our Flag" and brought to our attention the two handsome banners comprising the stand of colors. At the close of her address all rose to salute Old Glory. Mrs. W. E. Stanley, state regent, whose suggestion of the presentation of the colors her loyal Daughters have found pleasure in helping to carry out, was chosen by conference to present the colors when the good battle ship, bearing the name of the state we love best, goes

SANTA FE TRAIL
1822-1872
MARKED BY THE
DAUGHTERS OF THE
AMERICAN REVOLUTION
AND THE
STATE OF KANSAS
1906

into commission. With more enjoyable music the program closed and a social hour was then enjoyed.

Wednesday morning another business session was held, reports of committees and various other matters were disposed of. The election of the officers was without opposing candidates and resulted in reelection of the old officers. Mrs. Stanley, state regent; Mrs. A. M. Harrey, state vice-regent; Mrs. Hall, state treasurer; Miss Zu Adams, state consulting registrar. The state regent reappointed Miss Grace Meeker, state secretary. During the morning session a telegram was received from Mrs. Donald McLean, president general, greeting her Kansas Daughters and expressing her regret at being unable to visit the conference.

The business being disposed of by the noon hour, the conference was declared adjourned and the delegates dispersed to their homes with memories of another helpful and inspiring conference.

A full account of the history of the Trail and its marking, written by Mrs. W. E. Stanley, state regent of Kansas, appeared in the February number of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE, p. 138. A picture of the marker appears in this issue in connection with the above article.

Maryland State Conference.—The second annual state conference of the Daughters of the American Revolution of Maryland was held November the eighth at Annapolis. By special invitation of Governor and Mrs. Warfield the meeting took place at the Government house. Great interest was added to the conference by the announcement that the president general, Mrs. Donald McLean, would be present at the afternoon session.

The morning session opened at 10.15 o'clock in the empire drawing-room, Mrs. J. Pembroke Thom, state regent, presiding. After prayer, by Rev. George Bell, Mrs. A. Leo Knott,

regent of the Baltimore Chapter, extended the following welcome:

“On behalf of the Baltimore Chapter, I take great pleasure in welcoming the delegates to the second annual state conference of the Maryland chapters. We are indebted to Governor and Mrs. Warfield for the honor of calling this meeting together in the executive mansion, for which privilege we beg to tender our thanks.

“We meet in this historic city of Annapolis, full of reminiscences of the glorious past of Maryland, both in the Colonial and Revolutionary era. Here assembled those patriotic men who resolved that Maryland, notwithstanding that under an article of the charter from Charles I to Cecilius Calvert, she enjoyed exemption from taxation by the British parliament, should cast her lot with the other colonies, and take her full share in the struggle for independence with all its dread responsibilities. Maryland statesmen, assembled during Revolution in this city, laid the solid and enduring foundation of our present Union by insisting single-handed and alone that the territory of the great northwest, which was won by the common expenditure of the blood and treasure of all the states, should be the common patrimony of all the states, in which all should have an equal share, to be held by the Continental congress as a trustee of all the states, and which was to become in time, to use the very language of the general assembly, ‘free, convenient and independent common-wealths.’ Historians now almost universally concur in the opinion that without this action on the part of Maryland the Union would never have been formed, or, if formed, on account of the conflicting claims of the states making pretensions to the ownership of this territory, it could not have endured long. I am glad to see so full an attendance of the representatives of the chapters. These conferences are, and can be made, most useful agencies in promoting the patriotic work of our society, in increasing the number of members and also the number of chapters. To this work we are especially invited. When we reflect upon the number of soldiers, officers and men which Maryland contributed to the army of the Revolution (which on good author-

ity is put as high as 20,000), who distinguished themselves by their heroic valor on nearly every battlefield of the war, with the number of the members of our society, and the number of chapters in our state, we are struck with the inadequacy of the representation of the descendants of those heroic men in our ranks here in Maryland."

This was followed by an address by his excellency, Governor Warfield. Then followed the report of the state regent, Mrs. J. Pembroke Thom, and of chapter regents. At twelve o'clock the conference adjourned for luncheon at Carvel Hall (formerly the home of Governor Paca, and one of the Maryland signers of the Declaration of Independence), the delegates being the guests of the Baltimore Chapter.

While the delegates were at luncheon, the president general, Mrs. Donald McLean, arrived and was given an ovation by each one present, as every Daughter in Maryland felt honored to have their much-beloved president general present at the conference, doubly so as it was known that Mrs. McLean had just returned from her long western visitation and had put herself to inconvenience to be with the Daughters of her native state. Mrs. McLean's address was most entertaining and interesting and an inspiration to all present. The only regret was that every Daughter in Maryland could not be present to honor their much-esteemed president general and to be enthused by her enthusiasm of the work of the Daughters of the American Revolution.—AGNES M. WALTON, *Recording Secretary*, State Conference.

Minnesota State Conference.—A meeting of the state council, chapter regents, delegates and attendants was held at the home of the state regent, Mrs. J. E. Bell, No. 2401 Park avenue, Minneapolis, on Saturday, March 2d, at 2 p. m., state regent presiding. Minutes of May meeting were read and approved. There were twenty-six ladies present, nine chapters being represented.

A very interesting report was given by Mrs. J. C. Applegate, of the Josiah Edson Chapter, Northfield, of the Mississippi

Valley conference, which was held at Iowa City, October 25th and 26th, she being the delegate from Minnesota.

Resolutions were adopted for Mrs. McLean for president general for second term.

As it seems necessary to create a new office, that of state historian, an amendment made by Mrs. Grant Bronson, of Northfield, endorsed by those present, to be sent to each chapter, was discussed, the secretary to send such amendment.

Mrs. Harrison Foster, being introduced by the state regent, gave a most interesting account of the Origin and Aim of the Pocahontas Memorial Association.

The regents of the chapters gave a condensed report of the work being done in their chapters, showing great interest.

Two items of particular interest were then given—one an account of the clock and furniture to be placed in the Woman's Building at the Soldiers' Home, Josiah Edson Chapter, of Northfield, giving the chair; Charter Oak, of Fairbault, the settee. Many other chapters contributed toward the clock. The originator of this great effort in Minnesota was the Minneapolis Chapter, Minneapolis. The other item of interest was the Nathan Hale monument, which is to be erected by the Nathan Hale Chapter, St. Paul, in June, to be unveiled the 6th, unless something unforeseen should prevent. The name of Mrs. F. A. Rising, of the Wenonah Chapter, Winona, was proposed and by unanimous consent it was decided that she be made a candidate for vice-president general. A motion had been made and seconded to that effect. As Mrs. J. E. Bell, present state regent, declined a renomination, Mrs. E. U. Loyhed, of the Charter Oak Chapter, of Fairbault, was chosen state regent; Mrs. A. T. Bigelow, of the St. Paul Chapter, St. Paul, state vice-regent; Mrs. J. C. Applegate, of the Josiah Edson Chapter, Northfield, treasurer.

The state regent having received a letter from Mrs. Delafield, of Missouri, asking for relics for an exhibit to be held at Jamestown, Va., she appointed the following committee: Mrs. Bronson, chairman, of Northfield; Miss Beaumont, of St. Paul; Mrs. Curran, of Mankato, to serve. After which

a letter being read from Mrs. Rudu in regard to historic spots in the state, the regent appointed the following committee: Mrs. Baird, of St. Paul; Mrs. Geo. M. Smith, of Duluth; Mrs. R. L. Goodwin, of Minneapolis; Mrs. L. A. Rising, of Wirona; then the name of Mrs. J. E. Bell was proposed for chairman, which was strongly endorsed by all present. A social hour followed the adjournment of the business meeting. All were loth to say farewell to our retiring state regent.—*ABBIE FOLLETT, State Secretary.*

District of Columbia.—The state conference of the District Daughters was held at the New Willard, April 2d, 10.30 a. m., Mrs. Ellen Spencer Mussey, the state regent, presiding. On the platform with her were Mrs. Howard L. Hodgkins, vice-regent; Mrs. Dorimer, chaplain, and Miss Wilcox, recording secretary. The chaplain offered a prayer on the duties of life, comparing life to forenoon, afternoon, and night. Miss Elisabeth Pierce sang "America," in which all joined.

Mrs. Mussey gave her farewell address as state regent, speaking feelingly of the comfort and help the chapters have given her in the pleasant duties which devolved on the office, and of the harmony existing among her regents, and the great good done by those generous-spirited patriotic women, especially in the help extended to little children by the enforcement of the compulsory school law. Amid great applause Mrs. Mussey concluded her brief address, after which followed the reports of officers. Mrs. Ballinger, chairman of auditing committee, reported everything in perfect condition. Mrs. Barnard, chairman, marking historic spots, being out of town, sent her report. Mrs. Ballinger, as a member of this committee, gave an interesting talk of what had been done in the District. Next in order, roll call of chapters and regents, to which twenty regents responded with reports of the magnificent work done in the past year, each chapter choosing its own mode of raising funds for the District room for Continental Memorial Hall. All helped in unity in this and works to benefit the human race, and to raise to a higher standard the stranger who comes to our gates asking for freedom in

American citizenship. Mrs. Geo. T. Smallwood, of Constitution Chapter, offered a medal for an essay on "The Making of an American Citizen," which was awarded to a young Russian of the Foreign Night School. It was an intelligent statement of why he desired American citizenship and how to secure it.

The Mary Washington Chapter gives every year a medal to the pupil of the high schools who writes the best essay on the American Revolution.

The District chapters give two medals every year to students of the George Washington University for historic essays. Mrs. Mussey presented the medal last year by request of the faculty.

After the chapter reports, a pleasant incident occurred in the presentation of a "Real Daughter," Miss Smith, of Saratoga, N. Y., who spoke in a clear, strong voice, though 85 years of age.

The conference adjourned until 2 p. m. On reassembling, Mrs. Harry T. Guss, on behalf of the District, presented Mrs. Mussey with a huge box of roses. The "Star Spangled Banner" was then sung by Mrs. Lewis, after which the time was given to discussion.

Next in order was the complimentary nominations of national officers, after which the room was cleared of all but delegates and the nominations of state regent and state vice-regent took place. Mrs. Mussey, who has served for two years, declined a renomination. Mrs. Howard L. Hodgkins, present vice-regent, and Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood, were nominated. Mrs. Hodgkins, receiving a majority, was elected. Mrs. Geo. T. Smallwood was unanimously elected vice-regent. Mrs. Mussey was then unanimously nominated for vice-president general of the District of Columbia.—ELIZABETH GADSBY.

Loyal members are willing to do anything for the good of the order. A striking example of this was shown when Mrs. Mildred S. Mathes, honorary vice-president of the National Society (there can be but thirteen) graciously accepted the position of teller and sat up all night counting votes for the Sixteenth Continental Congress.

WORK OF THE CHAPTERS

Thomas Johnson Chapter (Baltimore, Maryland).— This chapter, organized on the 15th day of December, 1905, now celebrates its first birthday. Beginning with a membership of eighteen, it has increased to forty in one year, with many applications for membership. The social meetings held each month at the homes of the different members have been an agreeable feature of the chapter.

One card party netted \$100 for the Continental Hall. Articles on the work of the chapter and a sketch of Governor Thomas Johnson have been sent to the papers and to the *AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE* by the historian, and appeals made to the members to subscribe to the magazine and thus keep themselves in touch with the general Daughters of the American Revolution work, and with the items of Revolutionary history often contained in the magazine. Our state history should be jealously guarded, and honor given to whom honor is due. It is rather surprising that a northern historian should claim that John Adams nominated Washington for commander-in-chief of the Continental army, as it has been long recognized that Thomas Johnson had this honor. In the "Life of General Washington," by General Bradley T. Johnson (D. Appleton & Co., N. Y.), it is stated on page 104 that Johnson, better than any other man of his contemporaries, knew the broadness of view, the grasp of mind, the tenacity of purpose united with self-control, concentration and physical endurance of Colonel Washington. It may well have been, as John Adams claims, that he indicated the choice of Washington as commander-in-chief on account of his conspicuous position and the consideration of policy.

Johnson, however, took the initiative, and on June 15, 1775, moved in the congress that that body assume the responsibility for the army which the affair of Lexington had assembled before Boston, and that Col. George Washington, of Virginia, be appointed commander-in-chief.

Johnson says that on going into the hall on the morning of the 15th of June, he met Adams and proposed to him the nomination of Colonel Washington for the supreme command and that Adams turned off impatiently, as if the subject were distasteful to him. Thereupon, the deputy from Maryland proceeded to make the motion which had been agreed upon.

As soon as Colonel Washington's name was mentioned, he withdrew from the hall, as was decorous and proper, and upon being informed of the passage of the resolution, he resumed his place, when he was informed by the president of the action of the body. He at once arose and thanked his colleagues for the confidence they had reposed in him, assured them of his unfeigned diffidence as to his ability to justify their action, for he thought there was another gentleman better fitted and more worthy of the great responsibility, and stated that, as no pecuniary inducement controlled him in the matter, he would receive no pay or allowance as attached to his place, but would keep an exact account of his expenditures, which he would rely on the justice of congress to reimburse.

The habit of the "plantation book," and the attention to detail of every kind, stood him in good stead in the business of governing an army of 10,000 men in the field, as it had done a body of 500 inferiors on a plantation, and after the war was over, the account of Washington's expenses, kept in his own handwriting, was submitted to congress, and the sum total reimbursed him. The autograph accounts may still be seen among the archives of the United States at Washington. He never received a shilling of pay. Immediately on his appointment, without a moment's delay, he began to prepare for the field. General Charles Lee was major-general in the Continental army, third in rank to the commander-in-chief; Ward, of Massachusetts, being second.

It is stated that Adams brought New England to Washington's support. This left a feeling of soreness. Complaint was made that Artemas Ward, their own commander-in-chief of their own army which they had raised, was superseded by a Virginia aristocrat! John Hancock, president of the congress, was affronted that he had not been selected, but many understood, even then, that Washington, of Virginia, combined as

did no other man the skill and experience, talent and character, essential for a leader of men. In the "Memoirs of John Adams" (Little & Brower, 1850), he speaks of paying a great tribute to Washington's character, when congress had assembled, and that he "had but one man in his mind for the important command, and that was a gentleman from Virginia, who commanded the approbation of all America;" "that the opposition of a few to Washington was not on account of any personal feeling or objection, but because the army was from New England, had a general of their own, and had proved themselves able to imprison the British army in Boston, which was all that was expected or desired." Adams adds: "But the voices were generally so clearly in favor of Washington that the dissentient members were persuaded to withdraw their opposition and Washington was nominated, I believe, by Mr. Johnson, of Maryland, unanimously elected, and the army adopted."

This statement from John Adams's own memoirs seems to be conclusive evidence that Thomas Johnson, of Maryland, *did* nominate Washington for commander-in-chief of the Continental army.—MRS. JAMES MERCER GARNETT, *Historian*.

Commodore Perry Chapter (Memphis, Tennessee).—It is the custom of Commodore Perry Chapter to entertain each year on the 22d of February, generally the most elaborate meeting of the year. This time was no exception to the rule. We met with two of our members, Mrs. T. C. Park and Mrs. Frances Eastland, at the home of the former, and the house was beautifully decorated, the hostesses arrayed in Colonial costumes, with powdered hair and patches. The program consisted of ten short talks on the most prominent events in Washington's life by ten of our members, and each was bright and enjoyable. After that the loving cup of the chapter was passed around and toasts given; then the doors of the dining-room were drawn and the guests beheld General and Mrs. Washington seated at a table, enjoying their five o'clock coffee. Mrs. Washington was represented by perhaps the nearest living relative, and with her snowy hair and Colonial dress looked very much the woman she intended to represent. The General

was personated by a fine artist in our chapter and very fine woman. The couple rose to greet the guests and called each woman by her ancestor's name, showing a wonderful memory and rare acquaintance with the chapter members. We each enjoyed a cup of fine coffee from the identical silver coffee urn used at Mt. Vernon. When the shadows began to lengthen, we bade adieu to our charming hostesses, the General and Mrs. Washington, and carried with us one of the sweetest of pictures to hang on memory's wall.—MRS. CHARLES CAROTHERS, *Secretary*.

The Gettysburg Chapter (Gettysburg, Pennsylvania) enters upon the third year of its existence with every evidence of growth and prosperous condition.

The organization for the ensuing year was effected at the regular monthly meeting in November, when Mrs. Walter H. O'Neal was elected regent.

As has been the custom annually a prize has been offered to the pupils of the Gettysburg high school for the best historical essay, this year the subject being "Minute Men." From this feature of the chapter's work a stimulating influence in the direction of historic research has resulted, extending not to the contestants alone but to the entire community.

For the third time the Daughters observed Washington's birthday by serving a Colonial tea. The citizens of the town have begun to look forward to this annual function as unique and enjoyable, giving ready encouragement by their attendance. This year a central location was secured and decorated with bunting and other patriotic appointments. The ladies and their aids were dressed in the quaint costumes of the olden times. The earnest efforts of the regent, Mrs. O'Neal, and her efficient helpers were rewarded by a large attendance and by the appreciation of the guests. The excellent sum realized will be added to the Old Dobbin School fund.

The chapter is very hopeful that the time is not far distant when the interesting bit of property, the Dobbin School, will be in its possession. The purpose in securing it is to preserve its identity and at the same time establish a museum of Revolutionary relics, together with an historical library. It is

thought that by these means an interest in Colonial history will be awakened and a reverence for its heroes and their deeds.—HELEN L. COPE, *Historian*.

Menominee Chapter (Menominee, Michigan).—During the year the Menominee Chapter held two regular meetings and one special meeting. The reports of the officers were read at the regular meeting held February 6, 1906. After business had been transacted the regent, Mrs. Mills, gave a short but interesting address, in which she dwelt upon patriotism as one of the chief reasons for the existence of chapters and urged the members of Menominee Chapter to leave no means untouched that would further the objects of the organization, a matter for thought in a community where scarcely ten per cent. are American-born citizens.

The annual election of officers resulted in the reelection of the former officers, with Mrs. Willis N. Mills as regent. A meeting February 22, 1906, at the home of Mrs. Sawyer, was of a social nature, held to commemorate Washington's birthday. The guests amused themselves with conundrums from the place cards, some of which were historical and led to discussions. After dinner Mr. Sawyer read the account of Washington's death from a newspaper published at the time. A musical program followed participated in by Miss Peterson, Mr. Jones, Miss Darragh and Miss Belle Underwood. One of the features of the evening was the reading of an original poem by Professor German, entitled "Earth's Heroes" (I include a copy with this report). The rest of the evening was spent in examining old books, curios, etc. Much of the success of the evening was due to the regent, Mrs. Mills, who received the guests charmingly and was ready with answers to all questions concerning the chapter and its work.

A regular meeting was held November 6, 1906, at the home of Mrs. Trudel. The chapter appropriated \$5 for Continental Hall, not a large sum, but we have only fourteen members, and the secretary was instructed to subscribe for the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE for one year.

Report of annual meeting February 5, 1907. An adjourn-

ment of this meeting was held March 6th at the home of Mrs. Crawford. The secretary and historian gave their reports, these were followed with an address by the regent, in which, much to the regret of the chapter, she stated her intention of removing to Detroit. Mrs. J. D. Crawford was elected regent.

Eunice Stirling Chapter (Wichita, Kansas).—With Mrs. H. G. Rose as our regent, this has been a year of unbounded enthusiasm and unusual growth of the chapter membership, which is now eighty-two. At the beginning of the year our members were presented with an attractive year book. There was an anniversary day, a Vermont and Massachusetts day, Washington's birthday, a Connecticut and Virginia day and Flag day, interspersed by business meetings.

An event of interest was the "Colonial Festival and Loan Exhibit," given in December, which was a great financial and social success. At an end of the hall, most artistically arranged for display, were the two beautiful silk flags, the stand of colors and the Flag of our navy, which the Kansas Daughters will present to the battleship *Kansas*. In one corner, under the supervision of Mrs. Parmenter, was reproduced "Ye Wayside Inn," where motherly dames in caps, kerchiefs and aprons, presided while sweet "Priscilla" maidens served coffee and crullers to weary travelers on the "trail." This was the Santa Fe Trail, over which our guests were permitted to travel around the hall, past numbers of interesting booths. The Trail came to an end at "Ye Old Curiosity Shop," with Mrs. Evans in charge—a large room eloquent of the past, where many relics of Colonial and Revolutionary days and rare and valuable antiques were exhibited. Music and dancing added to the pleasures, while ladies in old-time costumes made pretty pictures.

To the zeal and faithful work of our state regent and chapter member, Mrs. W. E. Stanley, is due the honor and praise of so successfully planning and carrying on, through the Daughters, the work of restoring and marking the "Old Santa Fe Trail" through Kansas. This has been made the special work of the Daughters for the past year.

February 14th the chapter was entertained by Mrs. L. C.

Jackson and Mrs. Mark Cossitt at the home of Mrs. Jackson. At the last course, George Washington appeared, unannounced and unexpected, wearing the familiar white wig, a red coat and blue trousers, and carrying at his right side a tiny flag. After a short business meeting a musical program was given, Mrs. Cossitt singing the "Star Spangled Banner." Questions in American history, pertaining especially to George Washington, were answered, Miss Mills receiving the prize, an official Daughters of the American Revolution spoon. Miss Becker, in a lecture on Washington, exhibited maps drawn by herself, showing the location and extent of the Washington estate. The old house, rooms, church, etc., with interesting points of landscape in colored photographs were shown as the talk progressed. The afternoon ended by the entire society singing "America."—MRS. C. W. BITTING, *Corresponding Secretary*.

Harrisburg Chapter (Harrisburg, Pennsylvania) met in March at the Young Men's Christian Association, the regent, Miss Caroline Pearson, presiding. The meeting was well attended by members and a few guests, and was in celebration of the anniversary of the battle of Guilford Court House in 1781.

The regent announced the recent death of a chapter member, Mrs. George Bergner, which occurred February 1st. After the reading of the minutes and the report of the governing board by Miss Clute, Miss Pearson stated that the chapter has, up to the present time, contributed \$667.50 toward the Continental Memorial Hall.

Miss Clute then read a letter of thanks from Fredericksburg, Virginia, for a contribution toward a Mary Washington memorial window to be placed in a church in that town to perpetuate the memory of the mother of Washington.

The subject of nominations was then brought up and the chapter expressed pleasure at the consent of the regent, Miss Pearson, to continue in office.

The chapter was favored at this point of the program by the appearance of Mrs. Alexander Ennis Patton, of Curwensville, state regent of the Daughters of the American Revolution. The Harrisburg Chapter is loyal to Mrs. Patton as state regent, and has lately endorsed her as vice-president general.

Mrs. Roy G. Cox then sang the familiar ballad, "Blue Juniata." An enjoyable paper was read by Mrs. John Oenslager on the subject of Conrad Weiser, an Indian interpreter and one of Pennsylvania's heroes, a man at the foundation of Pennsylvania's prosperity. The chapter was honored by the presence of two lineal descendants of Conrad Weiser, Mrs. George Dock, of this city, and her daughter, Mrs. Hugh Hastings, of Plainfield, N. J. Pictures of Conrad Weiser and his wife were exhibited. A paper written several years ago by Dr. Harvey Bashore for the Dauphin county historical society on Shikellimo, the Indian chief, who was associated in his work with Conrad Weiser, was read by Mrs. George Keats Peay. Upon motion, the secretary was requested to send a vote of thanks from the chapter to Dr. Bashore for his interesting paper.

Current events were discussed by Miss Mary Harris Pearson, who gave a full account of Daughters of the American Revolution happenings and stated that the youngest Daughters of the American Revolution chapter has recently been formed in Cuba, with the former secretary of the New York chapter as regent.

Ann Hayes Chapter (Kirksville, Missouri) was organized by state regent, Mrs. Thomas O. Towles, Saturday, February the 9th, at the home of Mrs. R. M. Ringo.

Mrs. Towles, in a charming manner, told the objects of the society, and made many useful suggestions concerning the future work of this infant chapter. Officers elected were: Regent, Mrs. R. M. Ringo; first vice-regent, Miss Althea Ringo; second vice-regent, Mrs. George Laughlin; recording secretary, Mrs. M. D. Campbell; corresponding secretary, Miss Clara Spencer; registrar, Mrs. J. A. Cooley; treasurer, Mrs. L. VanH. Gerdine; historian, Miss Katherine Harrington; official reporter, Mrs. Sarah Hall.

The chapter bears the name of the great-grandmother of our first regent. Ann Hayes was the wife of a patriot, with whom she courageously shared the trials and hardships of border civilization. Mrs. Ellet, in her "Pioneer Women of the West," says that "this pious and exemplary matron, whose heart bled for the woes of her oppressed country, and who

encouraged her sons to struggle bravely in its defence, was little aware of the extent of the beneficent influence her noble character was to exercise on succeeding generations." After closing of business session, an informal reception was given by Mrs. Ringo and her daughters.—KATHERINE HARRINGTON, *Historian*.

San Antonio de Bexar Chapter (San Antonio, Texas) met at the residence of Mrs. J. J. Stevens, November 7, 1906, and elected officers for the year of 1907. Mrs. James H. French was elected *régent*. A new office was created in honor of our retiring president, Miss M. Eleanor Brackenridge—that of honorable founder. Miss Brackenridge was inducted into office with a rising vote of thanks for her untiring interest, energy and affectionate coöperation in all work of the past.

After the serving of refreshments a program was decided upon, and to celebrate the birthday of the Father of Our Country, which was duly carried out at the Woman's club rooms, February 22d. Appropriate decorations of flags and bunting draped the suite of rooms. "America" was sung by the chapter, after which the Hon. J. H. Kirkpatrick delivered an eloquent discourse on the hero of the day. Ten little girls, in costume, rendered "Minnehaha" very cleverly, and the "Star Spangled Banner" was sung as solo and chorus, with Mrs. Curry as leader. Miss Rowalle, in an amusing and inimitable manner, gave two very enjoyable recitations. Mrs. Cory-Thompson and others contributed to the musical program. Mrs. Florida Tunstall, a most highly esteemed and revered member graced the occasion with her sweet presence. Some wore Colonial costumes. Jeweled miniatures, pendant earrings and handsome brocades revived pleasant memories of by-gone days. The guests were received by Mesdames J. H. French, J. Kendrick Collins, E. O. Evans, Frank Smith, J. J. Stevens, Kight, Carr, Evans, Beck, Milburn, and Miss Julia Wilson.—MRS. J. KENDRICK COLLINS, *Historian*.

General James Clinton Chapter (Springfield, New York).—From the organization of this chapter it has been our object

to erect a monument to the memory of Gen. James Clinton and to mark the "Continental road."

The chapter's first effort in this direction was a loan exhibition, held at Hyde hall, the beautiful home of our regent, which was a success both artistically and financially. We next



Monument to the Memory of Col. James Clinton.

held a supper, and our last effort was a sale of fancy and useful articles.

On June 30, 1906, we unveiled our monument, a beautiful Barre granite, bearing a bronze tablet with the following inscription: "This monument is erected to the memory of Gen. James Clinton, born 1763, died 1812, and to mark a point on the line of march of his troops from the Mohawk River to Otsego Lake in June, 1779. Gen. James Clinton Chapter, D. A. R. Aedificavit."

The ground on which the monument is erected is a triangular piece at the intersection of the Continental and Western turnpike roads, and was presented to the chapter by a Mr. C. T. Gray, a patriotic citizen. Regents and officers of every chapter in the state were invited to the unveiling. Luncheon was served at 1 o'clock. Immediately afterward Mrs. Janiver La Duc, great-granddaughter of Gen. James Clinton, with a few well-chosen words, unveiled the monument. The Daughters of the American Revolution Ritual was used in full. The regent, Mrs. G. Hyde Clarke, gave the address of welcome. Miss Blanche O. Guardenier followed with a brief history of the chapter. Mrs. Wm. Harbison told us of Clinton's march from the Mohawk river through Springfield to Otsego lake. Miss A. Elizabeth Burlingame then read a poem, "A Day With Otsego," written by her for the occasion. Mrs. Janiver La Duc read a carefully-prepared history of the Clinton family. Mrs. Henry Roberts, state regent, made the address of the day. Mrs. Roberts is fully in touch with all chapters and told of the great work being accomplished by the Daughters of this state. She aroused the interest and enthusiasm of every one present and made every Daughter proud of her credentials.—BLANCHE ORMISTON GUARDENIER, *Corresponding Secretary*.

St. Louis Chapter (St. Louis, Missouri).—There are four hundred and sixty-two names enrolled as members of the St. Louis Chapter. On February 27th Mrs. Geo. K. Andrews read an interesting paper, entitled "Washington, the Hero, and His Generals." Many items of historical interest were given of ancestors of our Daughters, who had served with General Washington. These were given after the reading of the paper. Miss Barbee gave some delightful negro dialect recitations and monologues. Mrs. Hinchcliffe favored us with several musical numbers. She is a talented member. March 21st one of the very best papers we have had during the season was given by Mrs. W. P. Nelson, at the home of Mrs. Thompson, on Portland place. Her subject was "Battles of Trenton, Princeton and Brandywine." Mrs. Bartlett, Mrs. DeForest and Hinchcliffe favored us with a beautiful trio. Mrs. Barclay and two sons gave a fine trio on piano, mandolin and guitar. Mrs.

G. W. Brush, Mrs. G. H. Augustine and Mrs. W. H. Van Sickler, on May 4th, welcomed us to Mrs. Augustine's beautiful home at Oakland, she having supplied a special train. Miss Augustine opened the program with a piano selection, then reports were read by the various delegates from the Continental Congress, in Washington. One in rhyme, written by Mrs. James Brookmeyer, described the delegates' trip to Richmond. She also read a poem on the "American Flag;" at the request of the hostess, Mrs. Bartlett sang, and after refreshments were served.

May 31st was another day in the suburbs. The eight Kirkwood hostesses were Mesdames Anderson Gratz, Lorraine Jones, Thomas D. Kimball, Ashley Cabell, C. W. Barstow, C. Hart McLean, A. B. Ambler and Clement Hickman. The "Wick-i-up" where the reception was held put on its cheeriest welcome. This building was the "Oregon building" at the St. Louis world's fair and was a replica of the Lewis and Clark fort. There were Indian and Colonial furnishings. Almost two hundred had braved the rainy day and we felt sorry for those who lacked the courage. Mrs. L. F. Potter gave a piano solo and responded with an encore. Little Mary Belle Kimball, granddaughter of our historian, favored us with a recitation on George Washington's boyhood, and gave several other recitations later in the afternoon. Mrs. Wm. C. Rumsey read a paper on the "Battles of Germantown, Bennington, Saratoga and Stillwater." The Kirkwood Orpheus orchestra favored us with a medley of patriotic airs. Refreshments were served by daughters of our Daughters. We then adjourned for the summer, feeling that our social meeting had been charming.

Patriotic objects given to amounted to \$411, which were: Continental Hall fund, \$300; self-helping university association, \$1; Mt. Vernon association, \$25; educational work for the North Carolina whites, \$5; San Francisco relief fund, \$50; children's playground association, \$20; Mary Washington memorial window at Fredericksburg, Virginia, \$5; Mrs. Gray, tree for Continental Hall, \$5; educational work in Ozark mountains, \$50. The chapter will give \$50 a year for two years for this Ozark fund.

October 31st and November 1st were given to state conferences under special committees, formed of regents of all the St. Louis chapters. A reception was given at the St. Louis woman's club to our president general, Mrs. Donald McLean, and to Mrs. Thomas O. Towles, state regent, and Mrs. Thomas B. Tomb. The music and refreshments reflected credit on the committee in charge. On November 30th the meeting was held at the Hamilton hotel. Hostesses, Mesdames A. V. L. Brokaw, D. F. Addington, Western Bascome, Columbus Haile and John E. Cartwright. The music from our new books of national songs seemed especially good. Mrs. McCandless sang several selections. Mrs. T. D. Kimball read a paper on "Our Flag," written by Mrs. A. O. Armstrong shortly before her death, just a year ago. After the reading, Mrs. J. A. Ockerson presented a beautiful flag to the chapter, with a pleasing address. "The Star Spangled Banner" was sung. Refreshments were served. December 28th Mesdames Philemon Chew, W. L. Kline, William Clegg and Mrs. Wm. A. VanSlyke were hostesses at the Hamilton hotel. Mrs. Krum sang two solos. Mrs. Wm. Clegg, Jr., read a fine paper on "Valley Forge, Battle of Monmouth, Massacre of Wyoming."

On January 17th we met to celebrate the wedding anniversary of George and Martha Washington again, having the boards of Laclède and Jefferson chapters and many invited guests with us. We had a musical and literary program under the direction of Mrs. Barclay, acting chairman of our musical committee. Our opening ode was "America." There were solos by Mrs. Wallace Capen and Miss Mary Dierkes. A reading was given from Mrs. Pitman's book, the authoress being one of our own Daughters. She gives fine pictures of old southern life. In the readings Mrs. Clegg gave the French and negro dialect. The high school Mandolin and Guitar Club favored us with several selections and we adjourned.—MRS. BELLE CAMPBELL KIMBALL, *Historian*.

The Old South Chapter (Boston, Massachusetts) was organized ten years ago, with Mrs. Laura Wentworth Fowler as founder and regent. There were sixty charter members and the number has increased to a few more than one hundred and

thirty at the present time. From the beginning the chapter has been very active and has been favored with four competent regents who are ardent workers for patriotic movements. The fourth regent, Mrs. Frank D. Ellison, was elected last May. She is also a member of the Massachusetts society of Mayflower descendants. Mrs. Ellison has shown marked enthusiasm in the fulfillment of her duties, and, as a result, the chapter has experienced one of its busiest years. The regent began almost immediately to raise money with which to celebrate the chapter's tenth anniversary in a fitting way. Through the zeal of various members and the generosity of members in general, a liberal sum was raised.

On the 10th of December, a reception was given the charter members, many of whom, not being present, sent letters to be read at this gathering. Those who were present read many interesting papers and one original poem was read.

On December 17th, the tenth anniversary was celebrated in the Old South meeting house, from which the chapter took its name. This wonderful old building had been simply but effectively decorated with our national colors, and on the walls hung portraits of many of our heroes of Revolutionary fame. On the platform were Governor Guild, of Massachusetts; our honored president general, Mrs. Donald McLean; our state regent, Mrs. Charles Masury; vice-president general of Massachusetts, Mrs. Theodore Bates; vice-president general of Rhode Island, Mrs. Barker; Mrs. Julia Ward Howe, Grace Le Baron Upham, E. A. Horton, D. D., and a prominent member from nearly every patriotic society in Massachusetts. In the body of the church, nearly every Daughters of the American Revolution chapter in the state was represented by its regent or some other officer.

Mrs. Ellison, the regent, gave an address of welcome to the guests, in which she mentioned the old meeting house as a guide to patriotism and good work on the part of those who had chosen it as a name for their chapter. With words of praise for the founder, Mrs. Ellison then introduced Mrs. Fowler, who conducted the exercises from that point.

Governor Guild paid a high tribute to patriotic women, commending the great work they have accomplished, mentioning

the power they have in government affairs even though they have not been given the ballot, and also spoke of the great work they still have to do. Other intensely interesting addresses were made by men prominent in patriotic societies, but there is not space to mention all.

The most thrilling moment came when Julia Ward Howe rose to recite her "Battle Hymn of the Republic." Not one in the house remained seated, but rose in unison to greet her and express their admiration and respect.

Mrs. Grace LeBaron Upham, an honorary member of the chapter, read her sonnet, entitled "Pro Patria," which she wrote for the first anniversary of the chapter, and which she has dedicated to the Daughters of the American Revolution. Mrs. McLean then responded to the welcome given her. She told of her extended tour through the west, and of the work being done in different states by the Daughters of the American Revolution society. She made an eloquent appeal for the earnest coöperation of every chapter in the work of building Continental Memorial Hall. Mrs. Williams sang "The Star Spangled Banner" and the "Marseillaise," and a chapter member, Mrs. Flora Barry, conducted a chorus of ladies that sang other patriotic songs. At the close all joined in singing "America." All who were present felt the inspiration of such a patriotic meeting that had aroused within them sentiments closely akin to those experienced by the heroes of early days.

Chapter members, together with many of the speakers and invited guests, went to Hotel Lenox, where an informal luncheon was served. Later Mrs. Ellison presented guests and members to Mrs. McLean, whom everyone was anxious to meet.

There have been many delightful affairs this year. One was a chapter birthday party, given in the beautiful home of Mrs. Evelyn Stillings, early in the season. In January a "Colonial tea" was given, in one of the fashionable hotels, to celebrate the wedding anniversary of George and Martha Washington. The rooms occupied were decorated in the national colors, as was the refreshment table, with its large wedding cake. The officers of the chapter comprised the receiving party. They were

all in elaborate Colonial costume, also the ushers and many guests wore gowns and jewelry of "ye olden time."

Several whist parties have been given and on Valentine's day a party was given. The proceeds of these parties go toward the column for Massachusetts in Continental Hall. One hundred and fifty dollars has been pledged for that.

One of the "Real Daughters," an active member in the chapter, died last summer. Miss Sophronia Fletcher, M. D., would have been one hundred years of age had she lived till September. Mrs. Joanna Beman Fletcher, the only surviving "Real Daughter" in the chapter, celebrated her ninety-fifth birthday in October. Mrs. Ellison called on her and the chapter sent ninety-five pinks.—JEANNETTE M. MITCHELL, *Historian*.

Pilgrim Chapter (Iowa City, Iowa).—The work of Pilgrim Chapter during the year that has passed since our last annual letter, may be divided into two distinct halves. The first six months may be said to have been wholly given to the raising of funds and preparation for the seventh annual state convention and the Mississippi Valley convocation, this being completed, our regular educational and social chapter work again assumed sway.

The official report of the convention has already been given in this magazine, and it is not the purpose of this letter to repeat any part of that report. There are a few things in regard to the entertainment of the convention which we desire to publish in order that other small chapters may not feel themselves too insignificant in number to assume the responsibility pertaining to any large undertaking. It is not the original number but the multiples of largeness of spirit, devotion to a cause, time, courage and cash which count. Of the latter we began with but little, but by several entertainments and gratuitous gifts from members, all expenses were paid, a balance left in the treasury, and no per capita tax with its unequal burden imposed.

It has been our experience in all work that a committee of from one to three is much more responsive than one increased to several times that number. If the work is too heavy for a small committee, divide the work.

Our social functions were three—on the night of the arrival of our guests an introductory reception was tendered the president general, Mrs. McLean, the chapter, daughters and visitors. This was followed on succeeding days by a luncheon at the Berkley Imperial hotel and a formal reception at the home of Mrs. Arthur John Cox, with the chapter as hostess.

Pilgrim Chapter was unusually fortunate in one respect—we had the resources of the state university cordially placed at our disposal. The assembly room of the hall of liberal arts was used as the place of our meetings, there Pallas Athene sat enthroned amid American flags, palms and chrysanthemums. Four able addresses broke the tedium of routine business. These were given by president George E. McLean, Dean Gregory of the college of law, Prof. W. A. Wilcox of the chair of history, and Prof. B. F. Shambaugh of the chair of political economy. Those fortunate enough to remain until the evening following the last program were given an opportunity to witness a sight possible only in a college town—a mass meeting of two thousand students, preparing to cheer their heroes to victory on the football field on the morrow. The wonderment of the visitors achieved by the class yell masters was only equaled by the wide-eyed attention with which the student body listened to a stirring and patriotic address given by Mrs. McLean. At the close of it a sophomore lassie, sitting near the writer, turned to her companion saying, "Did you ever dream a *woman* could make a speech like that?"

The demand for our year books, of which mention was made last spring, so far exceeded the supply that a mention of this year's work may not be out of place, as our supply of this year's programs was exhausted by the convention.

The subject for the year is "Our Natural Sources of Wealth—How we have Used and Abused Them." For those interested in the subject the following sub-topics are given: "Typographical America," "The American Farm," "Game and Game Laws," "Ores and Mines," "Rivers and Harbors," "American Birds," "Fisheries," "Natural Beauty as an Asset." The subject of "Forests" is to be presented at our annual parlor lecture by Prof. Bohumil Shimek, of the United States forest commission.

Hoping these suggestions may be of benefit, I am, very cordially—ELEANOR STARTSMAN BIGGS, *Historian*.

GENEALOGICAL NOTES AND QUERIES

No greater calamity can happen to a people than to break utterly with its past.—*Gladstone.*

Inquirers are requested to observe the following suggestions:

1. Write plainly, especially all proper names.
2. Give, when possible, dates or approximate dates, localities, or some clue to the state in which the ancestor lived.
3. *Inquiries for ancestors who lived during or near the Revolutionary period will be inserted in preference to those of an earlier period.*
4. Enclose stamp for each query.
5. Give full name and address that correspondence when necessary may be had with inquirers.
6. Queries will be inserted as early as possible after they are received, but the dates of reception determinate the order of their insertion.
7. Answers, partial answers or any information regarding queries are urgently requested and all answers will be used as soon as possible after they are received.

*Mrs. Lydia Bolles Newcomb,
Genealogical Department, American Monthly Magazine,
New Haven, Connecticut*

Attention is called to rules 3 and 4.

ANSWERS.

841. LEE.—I am a descendant of Daniel Lee, but whether he was the son of Jephtha or son of Daniel (Samuel) I am not sure. The pension papers say that he enlisted at Newburgh, N. Y., and according to "G. W. D." Jephthah went to Newburgh. . Our family records give the birthplace of Daniel Lee at Worcester, Mass., 1762. The following is my line:

Daniel Lee b. at Worcester, Mass., Sept. 20, 1762; d. at Chatham township, Tioga Co., Pa., Sept. 15, 1841. Pensioned as Rev. soldier April, 1813, from Milford, N. Y.; enlisted at Newburgh Dec., 1779; discharged June, 1783, near New Windsor, N. Y. He married first Jerusha Page who died at Milford, N. Y. Their children were: Fanny b. Apr. 6, 1787, d. 1832; Barnes b. Feb., 1789, d. 1836; Charity b. Oct., 1792; Hiram b. Aug. 22, 1794, d. 1828; Cynthia b. Mar., 1796, d. 1841; Hosea b. Jan., 1798, d. 1878; Willard b. Feb., 1800, d. 1865; Nancy b.

Feb., 1802; Henry b. Nov., 1804; Milo b. Aug. 9, 1805, d. May 12, 1877; Daniel P. b. Sept., 1807, d. 1818.

Daniel married second at Milford, N. Y., Hannah Barnes b. Jan. 28, 1776, d. Feb. 4, 1857. Their children were: Jerusha, Mary B., Moses, James R., Seneca, Thomas D.—L. L. A.

853. DEVOE.—The name of Jacob Devoe appears on the treasurer's paybook in 13th regiment, Albany Co. militia (New York in Rev., p. 123). Inquiry of the Comptroller, Albany, New York, may obtain definite information of his Rev. services.

856. HALL.—Capt. Abel Hall's name appears on the list of officer's payroll Dec. 28, 1779. (Conn. Hist. Soc'y Collection, Vol. VIII.) Abel Hall commissioned captain of second company, 3rd regiment, 1776. (*Conn. Records*, Vol. I, p. 136.)

873. BROWN.—Clarissa Brown was the daughter of Samuel and Mary (Polly) (Kellogg) Brown of East Hampton (Chatham), Conn. Samuel Brown was b. in Chatham Feb. 14, 1761; married Oct. 13, 1783, Mary Kellogg. She d. Feb. 22, 1796, aged 33 years. He married second Sibyl Cowdrey, widow, who d. Oct. 9, 1825, aged 88 years. Samuel Brown d. April 8, 1833. He and his two wives are buried in the Lake Cemetery, East Hampton, Conn. He was a Rev. soldier and served five months in Col. Wolcott's regiment, and at different times, 1779-1781. At the age of 71 years he applied for a pension, and his claim was allowed and paid to his children—Samuel, William A., Arminda Brown of Conn., and Cyrus Brown, Clarissa Hale and Polly Bevins of New York.—G. A. D.

908. BATTLE OF GERMANTOWN.—The names of soldiers who died at Battle of Germantown can probably be found in Pa. Archives. The monument referred to was erected in Verona Park, Germantown Road. It has engraved on it a plan of the battle and Washington's report to Congress. There are no names. Possibly the inquirer has confused this monument with the one in Market Square, Germantown, erected to the memory of the soldiers of the Civil War which has names of those in local companies who were killed in the war or have died since the close.—M. B. C.

918. (By error 904.) NOYES.—My ancestor, Nicholas Noyes, son of Rev. William Noyes of Wiltshire, Eng., came to Newbury, Mass., about 1632 with his brother, Rev. James Noyes. Capt. James Noyes was the son of Nicholas. (Consult *Noyes Genealogy, Hist. Old Newbury, Hist. and Gen. Society*, Boston, Mass.)—A. A. A.

931. (By error 917.) ALLEN.—Ethan Allen b. Jan. 10, 1737, was eldest son of Joseph⁴ and Mary (Baker) Allen (Samuel³, Nehemiah², Samuel¹). His brothers and sisters, born in Cornwall, Conn., were: He-man b. Oct. 15, 1740; Lydia b. Apr. 6, 1742; Heber b. Oct. 4, 1743; Levi b. Jan. 16, 1745; Lucy b. Apr. 2, 1747; Zimri b. Dec. 10, 1748; Ira b. Apr. 21 (or May 1), 1751. Gen. Ethan Allen married first June 23, 1762, Mary Bronson, daughter of Richard of Roxbury, Conn. She

d. in Sunderland, Vt., 1783. He married second Mrs. Frances (Montazun) Buchanan. (*Vermont Gazette.*) A correspondent writes that in the cemetery at East Poultney, Vt., Heber Allen is buried. On the marble slab over his grave is the inscription, "This grave contains the remains of Major Heber Allen who with his brothers assisted in the struggle for the independence of this and the United States. He was one of the earliest settlers in this town, and died as he lived and as expressed by his brother Ethan, 'the noblest work of God,' on the 10th day of April, 1782, aged 38 years." In the history of E. Poultney, Vt., mention is made of Heman, a son of Heber Allen "who was b. in Poultney, Vt., and after his father's death was adopted into the family of his uncle Ira Allen in Colchester, Vt." Ira Allen d. 1814. Gen. Ethan Allen was buried in Green Mount Cemetery, Burlington, Vt., where the state has erected a shaft and statue to his memory.—A. C. H.

935. (By error 921.) COZART.—Jacob Cozart b. 1723-4, married Mary Sutton b. 1725-6, who d. 1756. Their sixth son was Jacob b. 1755, d. at Fairfield, O., Aug. 22, 1827. He married Jan., 1776, Mary Woodward, daughter of William and Esther (Ruckman) Woodward of N. Jersey, b. 1756, d. May 18, 1835, at Fairfield, O. If "A. J. B." will write to Mr. John C. Cox, Dayton, O., she can probably learn of the Rev. services.—J. C. F.

942. LYTLE.—The Rev. services of Capt. John Lytle can be found in the Penn. Archives, Vol. XIV. He died a bachelor. His brother was the ancestor of the Gen. Lytle who wrote "I am dying, Egypt, dying." One of his sisters, Eleanor, married Peter Patterson who came to America about 1732 and lived in Paxtang township, Lancaster Co., Penn. He was exempt from military service because of infirmities of age. His sons William, Peter, James and Robert were soldiers in Rev. War. The children of Peter and Eleanor (Lytle) Patterson were: Peter, Jr., married Ann Montgomery; Eleanor married Matthew Brown; William m. Mary McCormack; James m. Mary Stewart; Elizabeth m. Josiah Espy; Robert m. Eleanor Porter; Jane m. William Montgomery. Matthew Brown, who married June 21, 1760, Eleanor Patterson was b. July 15, 1732, lived in Lancaster Co., Pa., d. Apr. 22, 1777, and his will is recorded in Sunbury. He settled near Carlisle and went in 1774 to Northumberland Co. He was the father of a large family. He was a Rev. soldier and a member of the Committee of Safety (not in Conn.), but in Penn. He and his wife Eleanor are buried in Union Co., Penn. John Lytle left all his land to Eleanor (Lytle) Brown, as all the other relatives had moved west. Another sister of John Lytle married Humphrey Fullerton and their descendants are still living in Ohio. Josiah Espy, Jr., in his journal of a trip through Ohio speaks of his cousins, Mr. and Mrs. Humphrey Fullerton, and Mrs. Morehead, in her little memoir of Prof. James Espy, speaks of their cousins, Matthew and Alexander Brown of Canonsburg College, Penn.—F. M. E.

952. BADGER.—Recorded in an old Bible I find the following names and dates: Daniel, son of James and Elizabeth Badger, b. Oct. 19, 1786; Elizabeth Rhoda b. June 8, 1788; Ann b. Mar. 28, 1790; Catherine b. Dec. 11, 1791; James b. May 10, 1793; Margaret b. Dec. 12, 1794; Rebecca b. June 5, 1796; Harriotte b. May 27, 1800, m. Dr. Thomas Arteu Elliott; William S. b. Jan. 2, 1806.

I have an oil portrait of James Badger painted in Boston about one hundred and twenty years ago, when he was apparently eight or ten years old. I, too, am desirous of tracing the connection of James Badger with Hon. George E. Badger of N. Car.—J. E. B.

977. BROWER.—John Brower was in Albany Co. militia. Also from his home in New York City leads were taken from the windows of his house to make bullets during the Rev. War. (*New York in Revolution, Supplement*, p. 65.)

QUERIES.

972. (1) HOWE—PORTER.—Information desired of the ancestry of Rosanna Howe, b. 1759, who married Benjamin Porter. She d. March, 1830. Was she a descendant of Edward Howe who came from Eng., 1635, in the ship "True Love" and settled in Lyme, Mass.?

(2) BROWN.—Also the ancestry of Lucy Brown, b. July 29, 1786, at Lully, Mass., daughter of Azariah and Ruth (Hitchcock) Brown. Other children were Azariah, John, Ruth and Charlotte.

(3) PORTER—HOWE.—Also the ancestry of Benjamin Porter, a Rev. soldier, 1777-1778. He d. Aug. 1841, aged eighty-two years. The family removed to Batavia, N. Y., prior to 1802. The inscription on his tombstone reads: "He made the first public prayer and conducted the first religious service held west of the Genesee river, New York." He married Rosanna Howe. Their children were Levi, b. Jan. 1781; Deborah, 1785; Philo, b. June 1787; Anna, b. Sept. 1789; Benjamin, b. Nov. 1793; Lucy, b. 1798. Was he a descendant of Robert Porter, who settled at Farmington, Conn., 1640, and married Ann Scott, of Hartford?—M. H. H.

973. DOBYNS.—Can any one give me information of the Dobyys family of Ky.? My father was Thomas Jefferson Dobyys, b. in Summer Co., Tenn., in 1801 or 1802. He had two brothers, James and Walter, but both died without issue. My father had relatives in Tenn. named Dillard. His mother may have been Susan Anthony. After the death of my father's father, his mother married —— Johnston, or Johnson, who about 1870-1880, kept a girls' school in Henderson, Ky.—J. D. A.

974. STEPHENS—TIPTON.—Giles Stephens, who served in Rev. war under Major Robert Cluggage in Penna., was born near Baltimore, Md., 1747. He lived in Bedford Co., Penna. in 1778, and died in Huntingdon Co., Penna., in 1833. His pension record states that he married a sister of Meshak Tipton. What is known of his ancestry or of his brothers or sisters? What can I learn of the Tiptons?—O.

975. (1) GILMAN—MERRILL.—Wanted, the ancestry of Joanna Gilman, b. Dec. 28, 1797. Acton, Me., supposed to have married about 1819, James G. Merrill. Her father, Jonathan Gilman, b. April 9, 1754; d. Nov. 9, 1828; married Joanna Bean, b. Dec. 29, 1763; d. Oct. 21, 1838.

(2) MERRILL—GILMAN.—Ancestry of James G. Merrill, b. Acton, Me., date not known. They had children, Asa, Hannah and James Gilman.—Mrs. F. H. K.

976. (1) GILMAN—CLOUGH.—Ancestry of Peter Gilman, b. in Exeter, N. H., 1754. He was a Rev. soldier. His wife was Martha Clough, b. in Kingston, July, 1749. Who were her parents? Was Peter Gilman a descendant of Edward Gilman who came to America in 1638?

(2) SIMMONS—WILLIAMS.—Ancestry and dates of birth and death of Samuel Simmons, of Conn. His wife was Elizabeth Williams of Maquoit Bay, Me. They had a son John, b. 1783.—G. A. H.

977. BROWER—CHAPMAN—WAITE.—The Revolutionary record or any information of the following names is desired: John Brower from New York City. Nathan (or Nathaniel) Chapman is thought to have been an officer in a Springfield, Mass., regiment. Jonathan Waite of Conn. "He is said to have been probably engaged in the manufacture of military stores, guns," etc.—C. P. O.

978. (1) STEVENSON—BUCHANAN.—When York Co., Penn., was organized in 1749 George Stevenson was appointed one of the officers to open the County Courts. In 1764 he removed to Carlisle. Can some one give me the names of his parents and of his children. I am still seeking James Stevenson who married in 1769-70 Jane Buchanan.

(2) BUSH—CHAMBERLAIN.—Would like the ancestry of Dr. Eleazar Bush who died in Rochester, N. Y., about 1840. Also the ancestry of his wife, Maria Chamberlain, b. Jan. 24, 1770, and drowned at Rochester by falling through a bridge.

(3) ANDERSON—HUNTOON.—The ancestry of John Anderson who married Susan Huntoon whose mother was Anna Willard Huntoon. They lived in Orange Co., Vt. Dates of birth and death are especially desired.—W. I. N.

979. (1) PALMER—LOBDELL.—Parentage and place of birth of Deborah Palmer who married Ebenezer Lobdell b. Dec. 1, 1730, at Ridgefield, Conn.

(2) BARLOW—LOBDELL.—Also of Abigail Barlow who married about 1773, John Lobdell b. Sept. 21, 1746—all of Fairfield Co., Conn. Possibly Abigail had a brother Nehemiah.

(3) NORTHRUP.—Also of Clara Northrup b. July 29, 1782, at Ridgefield. She married first Denis Barlow Lobdell; second, Elijah Barnum. She died at Bridgeport, Conn., about 1870.

(4) CRAWFORD—WILKINS—HUFF.—Parentage of John Crawford b. Dec. 20, 1777, in Westchester, N. Y.; married first, Susannah Wilkins; second, Jane Huff.—Chicago.

**NATIONAL SOCIETY
OF THE
Children of the American Revolution**

FEBRUARY MEETING, 1907.

The regular monthly meeting of the National Board of Management of the Children of the American Revolution was held at headquarters, 902 F street, Washington, District of Columbia, at 10 o'clock on the morning of the 14th of February, 1907.

Members present: Mrs. Dubois, Mrs. Hamlin, Mrs. Bond, Mrs. Darwin, Mrs. Tweedale, Mrs. Janin, Miss Hooper, Miss Hetzel, Miss Tulloch.

The chaplain offered prayer, after which the minutes of the preceding meeting were read and approved.

The Corresponding secretary's report of letters written and supplies issued was read and accepted.

The registrar reported 84 applicants for membership in the society and on motion the secretary was instructed to cast the ballot for their admission provided all dues had been paid. This was accordingly done and the report accepted.

The treasurer's report was as follows:

Balance January 1, 1907,	\$42 56
Receipts to February 1,	471 50
	\$514 06
Total,	\$514 06
Disbursed,	371 40
	\$142 66
Balance February 1,	\$142 66
Investments—Notes,	\$2,000 00
Bank,	202 15
Interest,	2 02
	\$2,204 17
Continental Hall,	\$882 53
Interest,	8 77
	\$891 30

The treasurer asked permission to add \$8.70 from the balance on hand to the amount for Continental Hall in order to raise it to an even \$900. On motion the request was granted and the report accepted.

The vice-president in charge of organization presented the following names for confirmation:

Mrs. Margaret Hamilton for president of Patty Endicott Society of Pueblo, Colorado, to succeed Mrs. Eleanor Wigton Hoch.

Mrs. John Frederick Duggen, of Auburn, Alabama, for local president.

Mrs. John P. Underwood for president of Isaac Van Wart Society of Brooklyn, New York.

The name of Philipse Mann for society forming at Yonkers, New York under Mrs. H. J. Howison, and the name Fort Herkimer for society which for some time has been organizing at Little Falls, New York, under Miss Clara Rawdon.

Letters received, 16; written, 8.

On motion these names were confirmed and the report accepted.

As chairman of the printing committee Mrs. Darwin reported that the postal cards ordered at the last meeting to be printed and distributed are ready for issue, and will be sent to the local presidents at once.

She advised having a list of the names of the local societies which form the national organization printed, said list to include the names and addresses of the local presidents. This plan met with the favor of the board and Mrs. Darwin was authorized to have 500 copies of such list printed.

A letter from Mrs. Huntington, of Omaha, Nebraska, and one from Mrs. Townsend, of New York, asking for information relative to the way of joining the society were read, and referred to the corresponding secretary.

The secretary read a communication from Miss Mickley from whom the society's headquarters is rented, stating that she will give up her present office on May 1st.

In view of this fact the president and treasurer were appointed a committee to search for a place where the furniture belonging to the National Society of the Children of the American Revolution may be stored during the summer.

The president stated that she had been asked by the president general of the Daughters of the American Revolution to speak on the subject of the Children of the American Revolution at the coming congress.

She suggested that it was advisable to formulate plans as early as possible for the Children of the American Revolution convention, which will be held at the same time as the Daughters of the American Revolution congress, and accordingly the following committees were appointed to make the arrangements:

Sunday services, Mrs. Hamlin.

Program, Mrs. Darwin, Miss Tulloch, Mrs. Bond.

Badges and flags, Miss Hooper, Mrs. Marsh.

Entertainment of guests, Mrs. Howard, Miss Hetzel, Mrs. Marsh, Miss Yeatman, Mrs. Bryant.

Reception, Mrs. Dubois, Mrs. Tweedale, Mrs. Paul, Miss Yeatman.

Chairman of nominating committee, Mrs. Dubois.

The corresponding secretary was instructed to write Mrs. McLean asking the time and nature of the Daughters of the American Revolution participation in the exercises at Jamestown in order that the Children of the American Revolution may make its plans to join with the parent society if possible.

Mrs. Dubois reported that she had purchased a solid mahogany desk chair as instructed and that it is now in use.

A vote of thanks was given Mrs. Bond for her work in preparing matter relating to the society for the Smithsonian Report.

There being no further business to consider the board adjourned.

Respectfully submitted,

ELIZA COLMAN TULLOCH,
Secretary.

In a circular sent out by Mrs. Charles C. Darwin, national vice-president general in charge of organization, Children of the American Revolution, it is announced that one of the chapters has issued souvenir postal cards, from the sale of which they hope to raise money for Memorial Continental Hall. The chapter asks the coöperation of the Children of the American Revolution in bringing this matter to the public notice. The cards represent the south and east fronts of the Hall and will be sold at five cents each, but in packages of fifty or more, they will be sold at a slight reduction to the "Children" so that the young folks may realize a small profit for the benefit of the fund which they are raising for the "Children's Room."

The annual convention of the Children of the American Revolution was held in Washington, District of Columbia, April 14-19, inclusive.

The president General stated, during her report as chairman of Continental Hall committee, that in her opening address she spoke only of her long connective trip of the past autumn and during this report she would mention her peculiar appreciation of the loyal welcome accorded her and the splendid work undertaken by the states of Delaware, New Jersey, Rhode Island and the "Empire state."

IN MEMORIAM

MRS. CAROLINE CLARKE INGERSOLL, Onondago Chapter, Syracuse, New York, died February 23, 1907, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Nellis M. Rich. Mrs. Ingersoll was nearly 89 years old and was a woman of many noble qualities and high birth.

Deaths in St. Louis Chapter for 1906:

MRS. MARGARET R. SHIELDS.

MRS. WILLIAM E. JONES.

MRS. R. COLEMAN PRICE.

MRS. ALMEDA K. DOUGHLAS.

MRS. ARMSTRONG.

MRS. MARY WEED GREGORY, charter member, Wenonah Chapter, Winona, Minnesota, died February 25, 1907. Helpful and loyal to every demand placed upon her, the chapter passed resolutions lamenting her loss.

SARAH A. HUNTINGTON, Faith Trumbull Chapter, Norwich Town, Connecticut, died Feb. 14, 1907, at the ripe age of 94 years. Her father, the Rev. Joshua Huntington, was pastor of the Old South Church Boston.

MRS. JANE A. WALKER, "Real Daughter," Fort Atkinson Chapter, Fort Atkinson, Wisconsin, passed to the life eternal. Resolutions of deep regret were passed by the chapter.

MISS MARTHA HUNTINGTON MATHEWS, New Connecticut Chapter, Painesville, Ohio, died January 29, 1907. Miss Mathews was the principal and business manager of Hosmer Hall, a preparatory school of St. Louis, Missouri, which institution she helped to found. Her home being in Painesville, she placed her name on the membership list of New Connecticut Chapter. A committee was appointed to express their recognition of her praiseworthy life and character and the sorrow that pervades them at her loss. The St. Louis papers spoke of her death as "a loss to the city of the present and to the city of the future." A memorial service was held in St. Louis. A telegram of heartfelt sympathy was sent from Lake Erie College to Hosmer Hall to be read at this service.

MISS CARRIE A. BROWNING, Scranton, Pennsylvania, died January 5, 1907. Hers was a full, well-rounded life and all who were privileged to know her deeply mourn her loss.

MRS. BELINDA WEBSTER MERRIMAN, chaplain Greysolon du Lhut Chapter, Duluth, Minnesota, died March 9, 1907, at the age of 85 years. She was a grandniece of Daniel Webster and a remarkable woman impressing her personality upon all.

MRS. HARRIET E. PAGE, charter member and past regent, Faneuil

Hall Chapter, Wakefield, Massachusetts, died at her home in Melrose, February 1, 1907. Mrs. Page was an earnest worker and devoted Daughter and the chapter passed beautiful resolutions expressing their regret at her death.

MRS. MARY R. T. WHITBECK, "Real Daughter," Hendrick Hudson Chapter, Hudson, New York, died November 19, 1906, after attaining the age of ninety-four years. She was a very interesting woman and took a deep interest in the Daughters of the American Revolution.

MRS. CHARLES F. T. BEALE, Hendrick Hudson Chapter, Hudson, New York, died February 21, 1907. Resolutions of deep sympathy and regret were unanimously adopted by the chapter in which "her presence was a blessing radiating sunshine, and her memory is a benediction."

MISS HELEN HEADLEY, Morristown Chapter, Morristown, New Jersey, died in February, 1907. Miss Headley was a descendant of Miles Standish.

Deaths in Mary Silliman Chapter, Bridgeport, Connecticut:

MRS. ELLA BELCHER BULLARD, historian, Mary Silliman Chapter, Bridgeport, Connecticut, died February, 1907. Of noble character and sterling worth, she was loved and esteemed by all and the chapter adopted and placed on file a testimonial of her high worth.

MRS. BESSIE (HATCH) BARNUM, died Nov. 30, 1905, at Bridgeport, Connecticut. Her quiet presence spoke words of cheer to all. Descendant of Moses Hatch.

MRS. LAURA EVELYN CHAPMAN (SHERWOOD) HOYT, died September 2, 1906, at Lyons Plains, Connecticut. Descendant of Robert Chapman.

MRS. JULIA A. (TOMLINSON) BISHOP died October 9, 1906, at Lenox, Massachusetts. She was the first vice-regent and the second of the twenty-three charter members of the Mary Sillimar Chapter. Descendant of Samuel Hitchcock.

MRS. HELEN JUDSON (LEWIS) CATLIN died October 18, 1906, at Bridgeport, Connecticut. Descendant of Stephen Lewis, Capt. Stiles Judson, George Lewis, Capt. Daniel Judson, Jesse Burr, Abraham Beardsley, Samuel Hubbell.

MRS. FRANCES CUMMINS WORDIN died January 14, 1907, at Bridgeport, Connecticut. She was a person of fine mind and very great literary attainments. Descendant of Benjamin Walker and Major James Crawford.

MRS. ELLA (BELCHER) BULLARD died January 19, 1907, at Bridgeport, Connecticut. She was appointed the historian of the chapter May, 1905. Descendant of Capt. William Belcher and Surgeon Elisha Belcher.

Deaths in the Harrisburg Chapter, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania:

Mrs. Elizabeth U. Bergner entered into rest February 1, 1907.

Mrs. Nancy Macomber Hawkins, a "Real Daughter," died March 29, 1907, in her 89th year. She was the daughter of Zenas Macomber, a surgeon during the Revolution.

BOOK NOTES

THE ANCESTORS OF MY CHILDREN AND OTHER RELATED CHILDREN OF THE GENERATIONS LIVING IN THE MORNING OF THE TWENTIETH CENTURY, by the late *William Copeland Clark*. Copies may be obtained of Hugo Clark, attorney-at-law, Bangor, Maine.

This is a genealogy of Joseph and Alice (Pepper) Clark and of Lawrence and Lydia (Townsend) Copeland with their various alliances with other old and historic names. Joseph Clark was born in Suffolk county, England, in 1597 and, according to "Clarke's Kindred Genealogies," was among the first settlers of the Dorchester Company, who came to this country with the Winthrop party in 1630 in the ship *Mary and John*. "The record embraces some of the early founders, and, in later generations, workmen upon the State Structure in America." The author modestly disclaims that he presents a complete history of the family or one that meets his own ideal, and adds in his preface: "In order that much of the material collected might be more surely preserved than it would be likely to be, if left in promiscuous manuscripts, it occurred to me that I would arrange a partial history of the ancestors of my own, and quite a goodly number of other nearly related children, tracing, in the arrangement, as many lines back as I could and have them as single, straight lines, complete, that is to say with no generations missing. Hence, the following compilation. In it are traced some fifty-four lines, from the youngest generations now living, to some one of their immigrant ancestors, who were of the earliest settlements in America." The book contains many family portraits and pictures of old homesteads, among the latter of which is the home of John and Priscilla (Mollins) Alden whose unique courtship has been so charmingly preserved for us by the poet, Longfellow. A strong and helpful feature of the work are four indexes, an index to names, one to family lines and one to places, and a miscellaneous index.

BESIEGED—A Drama of the Revolution, by *Helen Kane*. This play is a dramatization, by the author, of the prize story, published by the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE in 1903, under the title of "The Lovers of Mistress Ruth."

The work has been done by request, and is dedicated to the

President General; having been prepared with special reference to entertainments for the benefit of Continental Hall. For terms, apply to Mrs. H. P. Kane, D. A. R. Office, 902 F street, Washington, D. C.

Mrs. George A. Lawrence, regent of the Rebecca Park Chapter, has just sent twelve subscriptions for the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE. Mrs. W. E. Stanley, state regent of Kansas, has sent the names of ten subscribers. Mrs. L. D. Childs, of Columbia, has sent in an advertisement amounting to thirty-five dollars. Mrs. Richard Jackson Barker, vice-president general from Rhode Island, has sent an advertisement amounting to sixty-five dollars. Let the good work go on.

A magazine not so well known as it should be and one that deserves to be more generally read, especially for its many historical articles, is the AMERICA MONTHLY MAGAZINE, published at Washington, D. C., by the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, and edited by Mrs. Elroy M. Avery. Many of its pages are devoted to the work of the Daughters of the American Revolution and the proceedings of the several state and local chapters of this organization, which is doing so much to preserve the records of American family and general history and for the marking of historic sites. The magazine also has departments of Revolutionary records, notes and queries on genealogical subjects and many other articles of general historic interest. Especially noticeable in the April number is the opening article of ten pages on Colonial Bookplates, accompanied by seven reproductions of examples of fine old historic bookplates. (Annual subscription, \$1.00; single number, 10 cents.)—*Bangor (Maine) Daily Commercial*, April 6, 1907.

A full report of the Proceedings of the Sixteenth Continental Congress will be given in later issues, beginning with the June number.

NOTES OF THE SIXTEENTH CONTINENTAL CONGRESS,
· DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION.

The Sixteenth Continental Congress met in Memorial Continental Hall, April 15th to April 20th, 1907. Mrs. Donald McLean, president general, presided. Her address of welcome was received with great enthusiasm. It was responded to by representatives from the different sections:

Mrs. Robert E. Park, of Georgia.

Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, of Illinois.

Mrs. Richard J. Barker, of Rhode Island.

Mrs. John McLane, of New Hampshire.

Mrs. Ellenore D. Key, representing Mrs. Stephen C. Langworthy, of Nebraska.

The following is the list of officers elected by the Sixteenth Continental Congress:

President General,

MRS. DONALD McLEAN.

Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters,

MRS. CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN.

Vice-Presidents General,

MRS. J. MORGAN SMITH, Alabama.

MRS. CHARLES H. DEERE, Illinois.

MRS. WALLACE DELAFIELD, Missouri.

MRS. ALEXANDER E. PATTON, Pennsylvania.

MRS. CHARLES H. TERRY, New York.

MRS. A. A. KENDALL, Maine.

MRS. ELLEN SPENCER MUSSEY,
District of Columbia.

MRS. H. S. CHAMBERLAIN, Tennessee.

MRS. LINDSAY PATTERSON, North Carolina.

MRS. BALDWIN DAY SPILMAN,
West Virginia.

Chaplain General.

MRS. ESTHER F. NOBLE.

<i>Recording Secretary General,</i> MISS ELISABETH F. PIERCE, 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.	<i>Corresponding Secretary General,</i> MRS. JOHN PAUL EARNEST.
<i>Registrar General.</i> MRS. AMOS G. DRAPER.	<i>Treasurer General.</i> MRS. MABEL G. SWORMSTEDT.
<i>Historian General.</i> MRS. J. EAKIN GADSBY.	<i>Assistant Historian General.</i> MRS. HENRY S. BOWRON.
<i>Librarian General.</i> MRS. HELEN M. BOYNTON.	

Mrs. Elroy M. Avery and Miss Lilian Lockwood were unanimously reëlected respectively editor and business manager of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

AMENDMENT TO THE BY-LAWS:

Article XI, Section 5, was amended by substituting the phrase "the first of March" whenever the phrase "the first of February" occurred. It reads:

Each Chapter shall elect a Regent, Secretary, Registrar, Treasurer, other officers, and local board of management, at that time of year that best suits its convenience; but the delegates must be elected on or before the first of March preceding the Continental Congress. A Regent may be empowered by her Chapter to fill any vacancy arising in her delegation from illness, or other cause, after the first of March. from alternates duly elected for that purpose on or before the first of March.

The report of the Treasurer General, Mrs. M. E. S. Davis, showed receipts and expenditures as follows:

April 1, 1906, to March 30, 1907.

CURRENT FUND.

Balance in bank at last report, March 31, 1906, \$29,305 23

RECEIPTS.

Annual dues (\$49,750.00 less \$1,148.00 refunded),	48,602 00
Initiation fees (\$4,804.00 less \$239.00 refunded), ..	4,565 00
Other receipts,	4,018 15
	57,185 15
	\$86,490 38

EXPENDITURES.

Total expenses,	\$39,114 21	
Rosette account transferred to Permanent Fund,	9 10	
Amount transferred to Permanent Fund by order of Fifteenth Continental Congress,	10,000 00	
		<u>49,123 31</u>
Balance March 30, 1907—		
In National Metropolitan Bank,	\$7,261 13	
Washington Loan and Trust Bank,	30,105 94	
		<u>37,367 07</u>
		\$86,490 38

PERMANENT OR BUILDING FUND.

Balance in bank at last report, March 31, 1906,	\$53,356 21
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RECEIPTS.

Charter fees,	\$181 00	
Continental Hall Committee badges,	26 00	
Continental Hall Committee spoons,	180 25	
Life membership fees,	2,362 50	
Permanent interest on cash in banks,	937 09	
Permanent interest on Union Pacific Railroad bonds,	200 00	
Rent of chairs and benches,	135 00	
Commissions,	191 85	
Rosettes, amount transferred from Current Fund,	9 10	
Amount transferred from Current Fund by order of Fifteenth Continental Congress,	10,000 00	
		<u>14,322 79</u>
Continental Hall contributions,	31,953 10	
		<u>\$99,632 19</u>

EXPENDITURES.

First payment on account of the construction of the two front corner sections,	\$10,000 00
Second payment on account of the construction of the two front corner sections,	9,899 00
Third and final payment on account of the con- struction of the two front corner sections, ...	4,515 00
First payment on account of the construction of the two rear corner sections,	4,850 00
Second payment on account of the construction of the two rear corner sections,	4,980 00
Third payment on account of the construction of the two rear corner sections,	4,530 00

Fourth payment on account of the construction of the two rear corner sections,	3,570 00
First payment on account of the heating plant, ..	4,200 00
Second payment on account of the heating plant,	2,850 00
Third payment on account of the heating plant,..	1,240 00
Architect on completion of the work done,	1,720 80
Inspecting material used in construction of Memorial Continental Hall from Oct. 29, 1906, to March 13, 1907, inclusive,	348 00
1,610 mahogany chairs for Memorial Continental Hall,	8,855 00
Life membership fee returned, Mrs. Ethel A. Taber, of Minnesota,	25 00
Turned over to J. E. Caldwell & Co., on account of Continental Hall committee spoons,	617 50
	<hr/>
Total expenses,	\$62,200 30
Disbursed for purchase of bonds for investment as follows:	
5,000 par value Chicago and Alton 3% railroad bonds	\$4,000 60
10,000 par value Baltimore and Ohio 4% railroad bonds,	10,150 00
10,000 par value Union Pacific 4% railroad bonds,	10,326 50
	<hr/>
	24,477 10
	<hr/>
	\$86,677 40
Balance in banks (American Security and Trust Bank, Washington Loan and Trust Bank, and National Safe Deposit Savings and Trust Bank) March 30, 1907,	12,954 79
	<hr/>
	\$99,632 19

Mrs. Charlotte Emerson Main, the vice-president in charge of organization, reported 797 organized chapters, an increase of 43 during the year. The admitted membership is now 60,698, and the actual membership is 49,553, an increase for the year of 4,647. She announced the death of the state regent of Michigan, Mrs. Irene Williams Chittenden, one of our most valued officers.

Mrs. J. Stewart Jamieson, registrar general, stated that 4,653 new members had been admitted during the year; 2,373

permits for the insignia had been issued and 1,049 for the recognition pin.

Mrs. J. P. Dolliver, the historian general, reported that volumes XXIII and XXIV of the Lineage Books were now completed and ready for distribution.

Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood, the assistant historian general, reported proof being read on the Ninth Report of the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution to the Smithsonian Institution.

Miss Aline E. Solomons, the librarian general, reported 4,042 volumes in the library, of which 392 have been added during the past year.

The dedicatory exercises of the Memorial Portico, to be erected on the east side of the Hall, took place at the close of the exercises of the morning session of April 17th. The president general, Mrs. Donald McLean, appointed the state regents of the thirteen original states to act as a guard of honor. Dr. Needham, president of George Washington University, made the address of the day. The president general, in a few touching and elevating words, dedicated this portico to the memory of the past and the patriotic and Christian work of the future.

The special order of business on Wednesday afternoon was the report of Mrs. Donald McLean, the chairman of the Continental Hall committee. The scene was inspiring and was followed by generous contributions for Continental Hall:

Cash,	\$25,231 82
Pledges,	2,984 44
Voted by Continental Congress,	15,000 00

Total, \$42,216 26

The amount in the permanent fund was \$37,431.89. Adding to this the money received during the afternoon makes a total

in the Continental Hall fund of \$77,663.71. The pledges bring the amount to the goodly sum of \$80,648.15. General contributions continued to come in during the week, the exact total of which will appear in a later issue. The total amount of cash actually turned in is the greatest given at any congress of the Daughters of the American Revolution, a most gratifying condition of affairs.

The president general, Mrs. Donald McLean, was elected chairman of the Continental Hall committee. The president general was authorized to order the payment of funds, as they **became necessary in the completion of contracts for Continental Hall.**

All business was suspended Thursday morning while the Congress expressed its profound grief at the death of the Rev. Teunis Hamlin and their sympathy with Mrs. Hamlin, our honored and beloved chaplain general. A committee of three was appointed to prepare suitable resolutions.

The Congress was called to mourn the death of several valued members, who have held high positions in the society—Mrs. J. O. Moss, Mrs. Lee Blair, Mrs. Elizabeth Bryant Johnson, Mrs. Irene Chittenden, Mrs. Distin, Mrs. Iredell.

The Roll of Honor Book presented to the society by Mrs. Lothrop, of Massachusetts, has already netted \$1,500 for Continental Hall.

Thursday evening was devoted to the reports of the state regents. They will appear in full in a later issue.

Captain Hobson was presented to the Congress by the president general on Monday, and addressed them as a messenger

from the Peace Congress then being held in New York City Resolutions were presented replying to his address. After recalling the continued interest manifested by the Daughters of the American Revolution, extending over many years, the Sixteenth Congress

Resolved, That the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution assembled in Continental Congress in the City of Washington, hereby approve and endorse the resolutions proposed by the Hon. Richard Bardholt, and adopted at the London Conference of the Inter-parliamentary Union at London in 1896.

Resolved, That the president general be, and hereby is, authorized to appoint a committee to present to the Peace Congress at New York a copy of these resolutions and also to present to Mr. Andrew Carnegie, the great peace flag tendered to him in appreciation of his services to the cause of peace, and furthermore

Be it Resolved, That the society advocates the proposition (alluded to in the Continental Congress of 1906 by the president general) in regard to the nations contributing to the cause of peace at least one-tenth of one per cent. of the sum donated to war, and endorse as well the peace pilgrimage recently suggested by William T. Stead of London.

A vote of thanks was tendered to Captain Hobson for his eloquent and inspiring address.

The Sixteenth Continental Congress authorized the printing of a new directory of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

The preparation of the report of the Daughters of the American Revolution to the Smithsonian Institution, for presentation to the senate of the United States, according to the charter, was placed in the hands of Mrs. Mary Lockwood.

The railroad committee was requested to investigate the rates and secure, if possible, one-fare rates for the next congress.

The Daughters of the American Revolution, in congress assembled, voted to urge upon the national congress of the United States that the complete orders of General George Washington during the war of the Revolution be gathered

together, copied, properly indexed, printed and distributed to members of congress, public libraries, historical societies, and that a certain number be placed on sale.

The question of an appropriate marker for the graves of Revolutionary soldiers was referred to a committee to investigate and report to the next congress.

The Sixteenth Continental Congress passed resolutions protesting against child labor in all forms, which is pursued at the expense of education and health, and requested every state regent to investigate laws, absence of laws, and enforcement of laws in her state that pertain to child labor and report the same to the Seventeenth Continental Congress. A copy of this resolution is to be sent to the president of the United States and to each governor.

A resolution of thanks was sent to the supreme court of the United States for their recent decision in upholding the dignity of the national emblem—the Stars and Stripes.

The reports offered by the chairmen of the different committees, to whom has been committed important work for the society, were of great interest. They will appear in full in a later issue.

The committee on recommendations of national officers reported the following for the consideration of the congress:

Recommended, That an amendment to the constitution be formulated which will enable the society to create an office for the purpose of organizing chapters in foreign countries, said amendment to be acted upon by the Seventeenth Continental Congress. (Mrs. Main.)

Recommended, That the insignia be protected by a proper amendment to the by-laws. (Miss Pierce.)

Many of the reports contained no recommendations. Others were referred to the board, for action; still others were rejected. The above recommendations were adopted by the congress.

The Sons of the American Revolution of the District of Columbia invited the congress to a patriotic celebration at the

Congregational church. It was an enjoyable and inspiring occasion.

The announcement of the reëlection of Mrs. Donald McLean as president general was received with wild applause. She was escorted to the platform and in a few but telling words expressed her appreciation. The floral tributes were many and of great beauty. The president general was also presented with a magnificent silver chalice from the vice-presidents general.

A reception at the Congressional library was one of the most pleasant affairs of the week. Many hundred Daughters took the opportunity of paying their respects to their honored chief.

The benefit for Memorial Continental Hall, under the auspices of the Mary Washington Chapter, District of Columbia, Belasco theatre, Saturday evening, April 13, was a great success, and netted the chapter over six hundred dollars for Continental Hall.

Musical reception by Memorial Continental Hall committee, benefit general building fund, was held at New Willard hotel, Monday evening. It was attended by a brilliant assemblage of Daughters, and Continental Hall benefited thereby. An informal reception to the president general closed a delightful evening.

The President of the United States and Mrs. Roosevelt received the Daughters of the American Revolution at the White house on Friday afternoon. Mrs. Donald McLean, the president general, presented each Daughter by name, about fifteen hundred in all.

A warm expression of appreciation to the president general for her conduct of affairs during the arduous week was passed with much enthusiasm.

An artistic and unique loving-cup was presented her as a slight token of love and admiration.

The Sixteenth Continental Congress adjourned at 5.30 p. m. Saturday afternoon.

In the evening many friends tendered the president general a complimentary banquet at the New Willard.

Mrs. Edith Darlington Ammon, of Pennsylvania, was chairman of the tellers. Miss Janet Richards was the official reader. The following were chairmen of important committees for the comfort and convenience of the Sixteenth Continental Congress:

Mrs. Charlotte Emerson Main, chairman of credential committee.

Mrs. Alexander Ennis Patton, chairman of program committee.

Mrs. Howard L. Hodgkins, chairman of house committee.

Mrs. Charles H. Terry, chairman of house committee.

Mrs. Truman H. Newberry, chairman of reception committee.

Mrs. Amos G. Draper, chairman of souvenir committee.

Mrs. Mary Lawrence Martin, chairman of decoration committee.

Mrs. Charlotte Emerson Main, chairman of music committee.

Mrs. Kate K. Henry, chairman of railroad committee.

Mrs. J. Morgan Smith, chairman of committee on pages.

Special services were held Sunday, April 21st, in St. John's church for the delegates to the congress who are still in the city.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA SOCIETY, S. A. R.,
WASHINGTON, D. C., *April 20, 1907.*

Mrs. Donald McLean,
President General, D. A. R.,
The New Willard.

MY DEAR MRS. McLEAN:

First I want to congratulate you upon the splendid endorsement given you by the "Daughters" in practically electing you unanimously for another term as their president. While there was never any doubt of this, nevertheless it must be gratifying, and I am sure I voice the sentiments of every "Son," when I say that we rejoice in all the honors shown you.

Your patriotic, brilliant and lovely talk to us last evening was an inspiration, and that I had the honor, with the assistance of my committee, of getting up an entertainment for you and your "Daughters" will long be a pleasant memory. Call on us whenever we can serve you, and accept my thanks for contributing so greatly to the success and pleasure of the occasion.

I cannot close this note without saying that I greatly appreciate the further honor conferred upon me by accepting my invitation and going with me to our Masonic fair. The fraternity holds you in high esteem, for no good Mason can be other than a patriotic citizen.

With assurances of personal esteem, I am,

Very cordially,

JNO. SPEED SMITH,
Chairman.



OFFICIAL.

THE NATIONAL SOCIETY
OF THE
Daughters of the American Revolution

Headquarters, 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

National Board of Management
1905.

President General.

MRS. DONALD McLEAN,
186 Lenox Avenue, New York, and
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.

MRS. CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C., and
2009 Massachusetts Avenue, Washington, D. C.

Vice-Presidents General.

(Term of office expires 1907.)

MRS. JOHN R. WALKER, Missouri, The Holland, Norfolk, Va.	MRS. H. S. CHAMBERLAIN, Tennessee, 237 East Terrace, Chattanooga, Tenn.
MRS. MARY WOOD SWIFT, California, 824 Valencia St., San Francisco, Cal.	MRS. LINDSAY-PATTERSON, N. C., Winston-Salem, North Carolina.
MRS. CHARLES H. DEERE, Illinois, "Overlook," Moline, Illinois.	MRS. JOHN CUNNINGHAM HAZEN, N. Y., Pelham Manor, New York.
MRS. ORLANDO J. HODGE, Ohio, 1096 Euclid Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.	MRS. GEORGE W. NICHOLLS, S. C., Spartanburg, South Carolina.
MRS. FLORENCE GRAY ESTEY, Vermont, Brattleboro, Vermont.	MRS. FRANKLIN E. BROOKS, Colorado, 1324 North Nevada Avenue, Colorado Springs, Colorado.

(Term of office expires 1908.)

- MRS. ROBERT EMORY PARK, Georgia,
48 Merritts Ave., Atlanta, Georgia.
- MRS. RICHARD JACKSON BARKER, R. I.,
Tiverton, Rhode Island.
- MRS. TRUMAN H. NEWBERRY, Mich.,
1315 16th St., Washington, D. C.
- MRS. WILLIAM D. KEARFOTT, N. J.,
Montclair, N. J.
- MRS. THEODORE C. BATES, Mass.,
29 Harvard St., Worcester, Mass.
- MISS CLARA LEE BOWMAN, Conn.,
Bristol, Connecticut.
- MRS. DRAYTON W. BUSHNELL, Ia.,
127 Bluff St., Council Bluffs, Iowa.
- MRS. SALLIE MARSHALL HARDY, Ky.,
701 W. Chestnut St., Louisville, Ky.
- MRS. IRA H. EVANS, Texas,
Austin, Texas.
- MRS. A. E. HENEBERGER, Va.,
Harrisonburg, Virginia.

Chaplain General.

MRS. TEUNIS S. HAMLIN,

1316 Connecticut Ave., Washington, D. C.

Recording Secretary General.**Corresponding Secretary General.**MISS ELISABETH F. PIERCE,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.MISS VIRGINIA MILLER,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.**Registrar General.****Treasurer General.**MRS. J. STEWART JAMIESON,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.MRS. M. E. S. DAVIS,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.**Historian General.****Assistant Historian General.**MRS. JONATHAN P. DOLLIVER,
1415 Massachusetts Avenue,
Washington, D. C.MRS. MARY S. LOCKWOOD,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.**Librarian General.**MISS ALINE E. SOLOMONS,
1205 K St., Washington, D. C.

(All official mail to be sent to 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.)

State Regents and State Vice-Regents.

- Alabama, MRS. J. MORGAN SMITH, South Highlands, Birmingham.
MRS. AURORA P. MCCLELLAN, Athens.
- Alaska,
- Arizona, MRS. WALTER TALBOT, 503 7th St., Phoenix.
MRS. FREDERICK C. BROWN, 939 West Washington St., Phoenix.
- Arkansas, MRS. JOHN McCLURE, Little Rock.
MRS. MATTIE KNOX HAYMAN, Van Buren.
- California, MRS. HARRY N. GRAY, 2334 Steiner St., San Francisco.
MRS. CAMERON ERSKINE THOM, "The Angeles," Los Angeles.
- Colorado, MRS. JOHN CAMPBELL, 1401 Gilpin St., Denver.
MRS. O. W. MALLABY, 1707 Lake Ave., Pueblo.
- Connecticut, MRS. SARA THOMSON KINNEY, 46 Park St., New Haven.
MRS. TRACY B. WARREN, 504 Seaview Ave., Bridgeport.
- Delaware, MRS. CLARENCE DRAPER SYPHERD, Dover.
MRS. JULIET AGNES CUMMINS, Smyrna.

- Dist. of Columbia, Mrs. ELLEN SPENCER MUSSEY, 416 5th St., Washington.
Mrs. HOWARD L. HODGKINS, 1830 T St., Washington.
- Florida, Mrs. AGNES M. COOK, Mandarin.
Mrs. D. G. AMBLER, 411 West Church St., Jacksonville.
- Georgia, Mrs. JAMES A. ROUNSAVILLE, Rome.
Mrs. P. W. GODFREY, Covington.
- Idaho, Mrs. DAVID H. TARR, Teton.
Mrs. FLOYD LESLIE MOORE, Harpster.
- Illinois, Mrs. BENJAMIN A. FESSENDEN, Highland Park.
Mrs. CHARLES W. IRION, 1131 Post St., Ottawa.
- Indiana, Mrs. WILLIAM A. GUTHRIE, Dupont, and 317 N. Penn St., Indianapolis.
Mrs. NATHAN SPARKS, 404 East Maple St., Jeffersonville.
- Iowa, Mrs. ROWENA EDSON STEVENS, Boone.
Miss HELEN SHAW, Anamosa.
- Kansas, Mrs. W. E. STANLEY, "Riverside," Wichita.
Mrs. ALEXANDER M. HARVEY, 1405 Polk St., Topeka.
- Kentucky, Mrs. JOSEPH N. MCCORMACK, State St., Bowling Green.
Mrs. MAURICE B. NASH, Paducah.
- Louisiana, Mrs. C. HAMILTON TEBAULT, 623 Lafayette Sq., New Orleans.
- Maine, Miss CHARLOTTE AUGUSTA BALDWIN, 135 Cedar St., Bangor.
Mrs. CHARLES A. CREIGHTON, Thomaston.
- Maryland, Mrs. J. PEMBROKE THOM, 828 Park Ave., Baltimore.
Miss ELEANOR MURDOCH JOHNSON, Frederick.
- Massachusetts, ... Mrs. CHARLES H. MASURY, 48 Elm St., Danvers.
Mrs. GEORGE L. MUNN, 2 Northampton St., Easthampton.
- Michigan, Mrs. WILLIAM J. CHITTENDEN, 134 W. Fort St., Detroit.
Mrs. JAMES P. BRAYTON, 328 S. College Ave., Grand Rapids.
- Minnesota, Mrs. JOHN EDSON BELL, 2401 Park Ave., Minneapolis.
Mrs. ALEXANDER T. BIGELOW, 1930 Iglehart St., Merriam Park.
- Mississippi, Mrs. EGBERT R. JONES, Holly Springs.
Mrs. CHALMERS M. WILLIAMSON, 704 N. State St., Jackson.
- Missouri, Mrs. THOMAS O. TOWLES, Jefferson City.
Mrs. THOMAS B. TOMB, 619 East 9th St., Kansas City.
- Montana, Mrs. CLINTON H. MOORE, 328 E. Broadway, Butte.
Mrs. EMIL H. RENISCH, S. Excelsior Ave., Butte.
- Nebraska, Mrs. STEPHEN C. LANGWORTHY, Seward.
Mrs. CONRAD HOLLENBECK, 606 E. Military Ave., Fremont.
- New Hampshire, Mrs. JOHN McLANE, Milford.
Mrs. FREDERICK J. SHEPARD, Derry.
- New Jersey, Miss ELLEN MECUM, Salem.
Mrs. E. GAYLORD PUTNAM, 219 Broad St., Elizabeth.
- New Mexico, Mrs. L. BRADFORD PRINCE, 111 Palace Ave., Santa Fe.
- New York, Mrs. HENRY ROBERTS, 14 Clinton Place, Utica.
Mrs. HENRY G. MUNGER, 426 Main St., Herkimer.
- North Carolina, .. Mrs. GEORGE PHIFER ERWIN, Morganton.
Mrs. THOMAS SETTLE, Asheville.
- North Dakota, ... Mrs. SARA M. LOUNSBERRY, Fargo.
- Ohio, Mrs. JAMES L. BOTSFORD, 664 Wick Ave., Youngstown.
Mrs. JOSEPH BENSON FORAKER, 1500 16th St., Washington and Cincinnati
- Oregon, Mrs. MARY PHELPS MONTGOMERY, 253 7th St., Portland.
- Oklahoma, Mrs. ROBERT T. CARPENTER, 212 West 15th St., Oklahoma City.
Mrs. G. C. CHAMBERS, 115 East 6th St., Oklahoma City.
- Pennsylvania, ... Mrs. ALEXANDER ENNIS PATTON, "Terrace Villa," Curwensville.
Mrs. ELLIS LEWIS CAMPBELL, Wayne.

Rhode Island, ...	MISS ELIZABETH H. SWINBURNE, 115 Pelham St., Newport. MRS. STEPHEN F. FISK, 14 Main St., Pawtucket.
South Carolina, ..	MRS. ROBERT M. BRATTON, Guthriesville. MRS. THOMAS C. ROBERTSON, 1310 Senate St., Columbia.
South Dakota, ...	MRS. CRAIG S. THOMS, Vermilion.
Tennessee,	MISS MARY BOYCE TEMPLE, 316 W. Cumberland St., Knoxville. MISS SUSIE GENTRY, Franklin.
Texas,	MRS. SEABROOK W. SYDNOR, Houston. MRS. THOMAS J. GROCE, 3112 Avenue O, Galveston
Utah,	MRS. MARY M. FERRY ALLEN, Park City.
Vermont,	MRS. F. STEWART STRANAHAN, St. Albans. MRS. CLAYTON NELSON NORTH, Shoreham.
Virginia,	MRS. SAMUEL W. JAMISON, 1016 Franklin Road, Roanoke. MRS. JOHN D. HORSLEY, 203 Federal St., Lynchburg.
Washington,	MRS. MOSES A. PHELPS, 2118 Second Ave., Spokane. MRS. THOMAS H. MCCOUGHTRY, 511 North C St., Tacoma.
West Virginia, ..	MRS. BALDWIN DAY SPILMAN, Parkersburg. MRS. DOUGLAS E. NEWTON, Hartford.
Wisconsin,	MRS. THOMAS HOYT BROWN, 182 14th St., Milwaukee. MRS. OGDEN H. FETHERS, 51 St. Lawrence Place, Janesville.
Wyoming,	MRS. FRANK W. MONDELL, New Castle. MRS. H. B. PATTEN, 238 West 22nd St., Cheyenne.

HOW TO BECOME A MEMBER

Any woman is eligible for membership in the NATIONAL SOCIETY DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION, who is of the age of eighteen years, and is descended from a patriot man or woman who aided in establishing American Independence, *provided the applicant is acceptable to the Society*. Family tradition alone in regard to the services of an ancestor, unaccompanied by proof will not be considered.

All persons duly qualified, who have been regularly admitted by the National Board of Management, shall be members of the *National Society*, but for purposes of convenience, they may be organized into local Chapters (those belonging to the National Society alone being known as members-at-large).

Application Blanks and Constitutions will be furnished on request by the State Regent of the State in which you reside, or by the "Corresponding Secretary General" at headquarters, 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Applications should be made out in *duplicate*, one of which is kept on file at National Headquarters and one returned to file with a Chapter should one be joined.

The application must be *endorsed by at least one member of the Society*. The application, when properly filled out, should be directed to "Registrar General, D. A. R., 902 F Street, N. W., Washington, D. C."

The initiation fee is One Dollar; the annual dues are Two Dollars.

The sum of three dollars, covering the initiation fees and the annual dues for the current year, must accompany each application presented

to the National Society direct for members-at-large. The sum of two dollars, covering the initiation fee and one-half the annual dues for the current year, shall accompany each application forwarded to the National Society, through any local Chapter. All remittances should be made to the Treasurer General, D. A. R., 902 F Street, Washington, D. C. By a check or money order. Never in currency.

No application will be considered until this fee is paid. If not accepted this amount will be returned.

At the April meeting of the National Board of Management, D. A. R., the following motion was unanimously passed:

"Resolved, That the following notice be inserted in the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE: 'Chapters shall send to headquarters, D. A. R., 902 F Street, Washington, D. C., notice of deaths, resignations, marriages and all changes of addresses and list of officers.'"

NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT, N. S. D. A. R.

WEDNESDAY, *March 6, 1907.*

The regular meeting of the National Board of Management was held on Wednesday, March 6th, 1907, at Daughters of the American Revolution headquarters, 902 F street, Washington, District of Columbia.

The meeting was called to order on Wednesday morning, by the President General, Mrs. Donald McLean.

After prayer by the Chaplain General, the President General announced the following deaths which had occurred since the last meeting of the Board: Mrs. Richard R. Kenney, wife of ex-United States Senator Kenney, of Delaware, and a former chapter officer; Mrs. Robert Iredell, of Pennsylvania, who had been prominently identified with the Continental Hall work; Mrs. Washington Morton, of New York, one of the charter members of the New York City Chapter, and Mrs. Thomas Meagher, of New York, one of the most distinguished members of the Society. The President General paid her tribute of respect and sorrow at the loss of these valued members, and upon motion, the Board directed that resolutions of condolence be sent to the families of the deceased members.

The roll call was then made.

Members present: Mrs. McLean, President General; Mrs. Main, Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters; Mrs.

Hamlin, Chaplain General. Vice-Presidents General: Mrs. Brooks, Colorado; Mrs. Newberry, Michigan. State Regents: Mrs. Sypherd, Delaware; Mrs. Mussey, District of Columbia; Mrs. Thom, Maryland; Miss Mecum, New Jersey; Mrs. Patton, Pennsylvania; Mrs. Jamison, Virginia. State Vice-Regents: Mrs. Robertson, South Carolina, and Miss Cummins, Delaware, at the morning session; Mrs. Davis, Treasurer General; Mrs. Jamieson, Registrar General; Miss Miller, Corresponding Secretary General; Mrs. Lockwood, Assistant Historian General; Miss Solomons, Librarian General and Miss Pierce, Recording Secretary General.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and upon motion approved, with a few corrections.

The President General read telegrams from Mrs. Barker and Mrs. Bates, sending regrets for this meeting of the Board,—the latter being detained at home by illness; also announced the receipt of a letter from the State Regent of Minnesota conveying the news of the birth of a little daughter.

Mrs. Newberry moved: *That an expression of congratulation be sent to the State Regent of Minnesota, Mrs. John Edson Bell, upon this happy event.*

Motion carried.

The President General stated that she had many things of interest to bring to the attention of the Board, but these being principally the matter of the Jamestown Exposition and other questions that would require full and free discussion, she would now proceed without delay to the reports of officers.

REPORT OF THE RECORDING SECRETARY GENERAL: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: Following the instructions of the Board, I notified the chairmen of the various committees of the additions made to their respective committees, at the same time sending addresses; also sent letters of condolence on the part of the Board to the families of the deceased members, as announced at the February meeting, and acknowledged the invitations received to all State conferences. The reinstated members were promptly notified of their restoration to membership in the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, and the various departments of the office notified of the action of the Board bearing on their respective duties.

Immediately upon the adjournment of the Board I wrote to Mrs. Purcell, Chairman of the Jamestown Committee, transmitting the action of the Board in the matter of the proposed Daughters of the American Revolution building at Jamestown Island. To this letter I have not yet received a reply. I am constantly in receipt of communications relative to accommodations for the Jamestown Exposition, all of which will doubtless be useful to those members who propose visiting the Exposition at the time of the Continental Congress. These com-

munications, therefore, will be carefully preserved and filed at Memorial Continental Hall during the week of the Congress.

Number of letters and postals written, 90. Original application papers signed, 513; supplemental papers, 140; certificates of membership, 500; notification cards of membership issued from my department, 513.

Letters of regret for this meeting have been received from the following: Mrs. McCormack, State Regent of Kentucky; Mrs. Morgan Smith, Alabama; Mrs. Roberts, New York; Mrs. Sydnor, Texas; Miss Baldwin, Maine; Mrs. Guthrie, Indiana; Miss Boyce, Tennessee; Mrs. Bell, Minnesota; Miss Swinburne, Rhode Island; Mrs. Cook, Florida; Mrs. Chittenden, Michigan; Mrs. Estey, Vice-President General of Vermont; Mrs. Barker, Rhode Island; and Mrs. Bates of Massachusetts.

During this second month of the new year all America has been celebrating the birthdays of Washington, Lincoln and Longfellow,—a rich calendar month indeed, it has been! The contemplation of these lives has been an uplift and help in the daily routine of our February office work. What inspiration for service in freedom's cause was the life of the immortal Lincoln! Doubtless the fact that Craigie House, Cambridge, Longfellow's home, had been General Washington's headquarters added impetus to the patriot and poet in his poems of "Excelsior" and the noble "Ship of State." So, may we not in our Daughters of the American Revolution work pass on an inspiration as suggested in the lines of another patriot poet:

"As one lamp lights another, nor grows less,
So nobleness enkindleth nobleness."

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

ELISABETH F. PIERCE,

Recording Secretary General.

Report accepted.

REPORT OF CORRESPONDING SECRETARY GENERAL: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: For the month of February, 1907, I have to report the following supplies sent out from my office: Application blanks, 3,419; Constitutions, 337; Circulars "How to become a Member," 304; Officers Lists, 251; Committee Lists, 251; Miss Lee's paper, 253; Circulars for same, 253; transfer cards, 115; letters received, 234; letters written, 221.

An amendment to the by-laws offered at the Continental Congress of 1906, to be acted upon at the Congress of 1907, was sent to State Regents and Chapter Regents (numbering 839) February 13th, in accordance with Article 17 of the by-laws, viz: "Amendments shall be

sent to all Chapters at least sixty days before the meeting of the Congress at which they are to be voted upon."

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

VIRGINIA MILLER,

Corresponding Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

Report accepted.

REPORT OF THE REGISTRAR GENERAL: Madam President General and members of the National Board of Management: I have the honor to report the following for the past month: Applications for membership presented, 565; applications verified awaiting dues 87; applications examined, but incomplete, 134; applications received since February 25th, unexamined, 162; applications of "Real Daughters" presented 1. Permits for Insignia issued 200; permits for Recognition Pins issued 97; permits for Ancestral Bars issued 45. Certificates issued 87. Letters written 297; postals written 68.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

ELEANOR W. JAMIESON,

Registrar General, N. S. D. A. R.

Upon motion, duly seconded and carried, the Recording Secretary General cast the ballot for the 565 members presented in the Report of the Registrar General and the Chair declared them duly elected members of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

The President General stated that there had been, upon figures received from the Registrar General's department, 7,943 members received into the Society since April, 1905, making about 8,000 acquisitions to the rolls of membership in the past two years.

The Registrar General requested permission for the purchase of two new sections for the Card Catalogue.

Mrs. Patton moved: *That the request of Mrs. Jamieson for two sections of the Card Catalogue be granted, and referred to the Purchasing Committee.* Seconded by Mrs. Newberry. Motion carried.

Mrs. Mussey spoke of the necessity of taking some measures for the protection of the Daughters of the American Revolution Insignia, and suggested that a recommendation on the subject be made to the next Continental Congress. This being endorsed by the Board, the President General appointed Mrs. Mussey a committee of one to look into the legal phase of this matter and report to the Board at the April meeting, with a view to presenting a recommendation to the Continental Congress.

The Registrar General presented the case of two members who had lost their certificates and asked permission to have them come in as new members after their resignation. This was granted by the Board.

REPORT OF VICE-PRESIDENT GENERAL IN CHARGE OF ORGANIZATION OF CHAPTERS: Madam President and Ladies of the National Board of Management: In accordance with the Congressional statute, passed February, 1898, Mrs. Agnes M. Cook is reappointed State Regent of Florida, upon the unanimous endorsement of the Chapters of her State, to fill the unexpired term of 1906-7, and confirmation of the National Board is hereby requested.

Through their respective State Regents the following Chapter Regents' appointments are presented for confirmation:

Mrs. Eva Carey Woodbridge Victor, Alpena, Michigan; Mrs. Agnes S. Soule, Billings, Montana; Mrs. Ella C. Chambers, Aurora, Nebraska; Mrs. Maud Ellen Klotz, Huntington, Long Island; Mrs. Myra Price Vreeland, Salamanca, New York; Miss Louise Roberts, Hobart, Oklahoma; Mrs. Inez Green Howard, Tulsa, Oklahoma; Mrs. Lucilla S. Evans Magnenat, Amarillo, Texas; Mrs. Kate Beatty Wheeler, Victoria, Texas; Mrs. Carrie Winchell Pember, Wells, Vermont; Mrs. Elizabeth Linnard Hildebrun Janeway, Oaks P. O., Pennsylvania; Mrs. Margaret F. Rose, Rutherford, New Jersey.

The following Chapter regencies have expired by limitation: Mrs. Adelaide S. Woods, Sacramento, California; Mrs. Emma C. P. Fowler, Chicago, Illinois; Mrs. Izelle B. B. Smith, Gloucester, Massachusetts; Mrs. Victoria S. Moore, Sherman, Texas.

Charter applications issued, 9; charters being engrossed, 6; Regents' Commissions issued, 6. Letters received, 150; letters written, 119.

In connection with the Card Catalogues there have been: Members' cards, 513; ancestors' cards, 566; corrections, 342; marriages, 136; deaths, 53; resignations, 27; dropped, 6; re-instated, 4.

Admitted membership, February 6, 1907, 59,607; actual membership, February 6, 1907, 48,570.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN.

Report accepted.

Mrs. Main read a letter from Miss Brewer, tendering her resignation, and suggested that Miss Brewer be given her full salary for the month of February, in consideration of her long and faithful service in the department of the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.

Miss Mecum moved: *That Miss Brewer's resignation be received with much regret.* Motion carried.

Mrs. Davis, Mrs. Thom, Miss Solomons, Miss Mecum and others added their tribute of appreciation to the faithful work of Miss Brewer in her ten years' service at the Daughters of the American Revolution Rooms, and Mrs. Newberry moved: *That the residue of salary to Miss Brewer for the month of February be increased to \$25.00.*

Seconded by Mrs. Mussey. Motion carried.

Mrs. Main explained the work that had been done by Miss Brewer

in her department and stated that Mrs. Kane, who had been associated in this work, was the one most capable of filling the vacancy caused by Miss Brewer's resignation.

Miss Mecum moved: *That Mrs. Kane be promoted to the position of Miss Brewer, with the same salary.* Seconded by Mrs. Mussey, who, as Chairman of the Supervision Committee, announced that this was heartily endorsed by her Committee. Motion unanimously carried.

Mrs. Main, as Chairman of the Credential Committee, asked permission to have printed certain circulars giving information as to the method of procuring badges for the Continental Congress of 1907, and requested that this be attended to by the Printing Committee.

Mrs. Patton moved: *That the Printing Committee be empowered to have 1,000 circulars printed as requested by Mrs. Main.* Seconded by Miss Cummins. Motion carried.

REPORT OF THE TREASURER GENERAL.

February 1—28, 1907.

CURRENT FUND.

Balance in bank at last report, Jan. 31, 1907, \$13,230 42

RECEIPTS.

Annual dues, \$11,385; less \$125 refunded,	\$11,260 00	
Initiation fees, \$609; less \$14 refunded,	595 00	
Certificates,	4 00	
Exchange,	10	
		11,859 10
		\$25,089 52

EXPENDITURES.

Office of President General.

Telegrams,	\$8 00	
Telephone messages,	2 00	
Messenger service,	5 10	
Furnishing material and adjusting drop light in office of President General,	2 25	
Clerical services,	58 00	
		75 35

Office of Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.

Expressage,	\$0 60
Engrossing 3 charters and 12 Chapter Regent's Commissions,	3 70

Telegram,	33	
1 box seals,	45	
1 roll parchment,	23 52	
Clerical service,	103 27	
	<hr/>	131 87

Office of Recording Secretary General.

Expressage,	\$0 80	
Telegrams,	1 53	
Engrossing ink and paper,	2 25	
Extra clerical service,	5 50	
Clerical service, stenographer,	100 00	
	<hr/>	110 08

Office of Corresponding Secretary General.

Printing 3,000 application blanks,	\$10 25	
Printing 3,000 facsimile application blanks, and plate of same,	18 50	
Clerical service,	35 00	
	<hr/>	63 75

Office of Registrar General.

Binding 3 vols. records,	\$9 00	
Printing 500 postals,	6 00	
1,000 seals and 2 tin boxes,	6 50	
Car fare to Library,	25	
Extra clerical service, and use of typewriter,	35 00	
Clerical service,	250 50	
	<hr/>	307 25

Office of Treasurer General.

Telegram,	\$0 59	
Car fare to bank,	25	
Extra clerical service,	23 00	
Clerical service,	265 00	
	<hr/>	288 84

Office of Librarian General.

Expressage,	\$1 20	
Cheese cloth,	10	
1 vol. History of Douglas, Mass.,	3 50	
1 vol. History of Worcester, Mass.,	1 00	
1 vol. History of Perth Amboy, N. J.,	4 50	
Fifth and Eighth D. A. R. reports to Smithsonian Institution,	1 00	
Clerical service,	65 00	
	<hr/>	76 30

Office of Historian General (Lineage).

Clerical service,	\$30 00	
Compiler,	80 00	
	<hr/>	110 00

Magazine.

6 half-tone plates, 1 etching and 1 duplicate (magazine cover),	\$22 80	
Publishing and mailing January number,	344 47	
Publishing and mailing February number,	295 00	
Editor's salary,	83 35	
Business Manager's salary,	75 00	
Genealogical Department,	30 00	
	<hr/>	850 62

General Office.

Expressage,	\$1 02	
1 copy of D. C. directory,	6 00	
2 doz. blotters, soap powder, janitor, cartage, ice, towel and water service,	6 30	
Messenger service,	15 00	
Clerical service,	85 00	
	<hr/>	113 32

Continental Hall.

Watchman for February, 1907,	\$8 00	
	<hr/>	8 00

Sixteenth Continental Congress.

Postage on amendments to the By-Laws,	\$20 00	
Postage for Credential Committee,	25	
24 days' clerical service for Credential Committee,	24 00	
1 rubber stamp for Railroad Committee,	2 00	
	<hr/>	46 25

Certificates.

Postage,	\$30 00	
Engrossing 897 certificates,	67 28	
	<hr/>	97 28

Postage.

President General's office,	\$28 00	
Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters' office,	1 00	
Recording Secretary General's office,	2 00	
Registrar General's office,	3 87	
Treasurer General's office,	1 10	
General Office,	2 50	
On blanks and constitutions,	25 00	
	<hr/>	63 47

Support of "Real Daughters."

Support of nine "Real Daughters,"	\$72 00	
	<hr/>	72 00
Rent of telephone for February, 1907, and 1 toll message in December, 1906,	\$8 15	8 15
Rent of offices for February, 1907,	\$229 65	229 65
	<hr/>	
Total expenses,		\$2,652 18
Balance February 28, 1907—		
In National Metropolitan Bank,	\$5,575 67	
In Washington Loan and Trust Bank,	16,861 67	
	<hr/>	\$22,437 34
		<hr/>
		\$25,089 52

Fort Crailo Fund.

Balance in bank at last report,	\$54 15	\$54 15
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PERMANENT FUND.

Balance in bank at last report, Jan. 31, 1907,	\$22,506 27
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RECEIPTS.

Charter Fees.

<i>Sarah Whitman Hooker Chapter</i> , Connecticut,	\$5 00	
<i>Emily Nelson Chapter</i> , District of Columbia,	5 00	
<i>Ann Haynes Chapter</i> , Missouri,	5 00	
	<hr/>	\$15 00

Life Membership Fees.

Mrs. Gertrude M. Beans, at large, California,	\$25 00
Miss Nellie K. Bauserman, <i>Denver Chapter</i> , Colo- rado,	12 50
Miss Anne W. Wilson, <i>Mary Washington Chapter</i> , District of Columbia,	12 50
Mrs. Anita B. Dawson, <i>Kettle Creek Chapter</i> , Georgia,	12 50
Mrs. Anna D. Hughes, <i>Mary Hammond Wash- ington Chapter</i> , Georgia,	12 50
Mrs. Eva J. C. Maple, <i>Lucretia Leffingwell Chap- ter</i> , Illinois,	12 50
Mrs. Edith W. Colville, <i>Rebecca Parke Chapter</i> , Illinois,	12 50
Miss Elwinor Cartwell Brown, <i>Council Bluffs Chapter</i> , Iowa,	12 50
Miss Elva D. Bond, <i>Denison Chapter</i> , Iowa,	12 50

Miss Margaret King, <i>Denison Chapter, Iowa, . . .</i>	12 50
Mrs. Marie B. Bowie, <i>Baltimore Chapter, Maryland,</i>	12 50
Miss Helen M. Ramsdell, <i>Col. Loammi Baldwin Chapter, Massachusetts,</i>	12 50
Mrs. Ella L. T. Baldwin, <i>Col. Timothy Bigelow Chapter, Massachusetts,</i>	12 50
Mrs. Fannie M. Bullock, <i>Mercy Warren Chapter, Massachusetts,</i>	12 50
Miss Sarah S. Brayton, <i>Quequechan Chapter, Massachusetts,</i>	12 50
Mrs. Elizabeth Blocher Crump, at large, Mexico, . .	25 00
Miss Annette Richards, <i>Sophie de Marsac Campau Chapter, Michigan,</i>	12 50
Miss Lulu Van Horn, <i>Charter Oak Chapter, Minnesota,</i>	12 50
Miss Mary Lee Lockwood, <i>Charter Oak Chapter, Minnesota,</i>	12 50
Mrs. Ethel Arnold Taber, at large, Minnesota, . . .	25 00
Mrs. Emily Munro Seymour, <i>Onondaga Chapter, New York,</i>	12 50
Mrs. Elizabeth Croghan Kennedy, <i>Col. George Croghan Chapter, Ohio,</i>	12 50
Mrs. Eliza Le Brun Miller, <i>Columbus Chapter, Ohio,</i>	12 50
Miss Nella Marguerita Simth, <i>George Clinton Chapter, Ohio,</i>	12 50
Mrs. Althea Moore Smith, <i>George Clinton Chapter, Ohio,</i>	12 50
Miss Elizabeth Alice Oldham, <i>Muskingum Chapter, Ohio,</i>	12 50
Mrs. Tarbell, <i>Western Reserve Chapter, Ohio, . .</i>	12 50
Miss H. Taylor, <i>Western Reserve Chapter, Ohio, .</i>	12 50
Mrs. Mary Templin Jarden, <i>Chester County Chapter, Pennsylvania,</i>	12 50
Miss Sarah E. I. Van Tassel, <i>Ft. McClure Chapter, Pennsylvania,</i>	12 50
Miss Mary Harris Pearson, <i>Harrisburg Chapter, Pennsylvania,</i>	12 50
Mrs. Margaret Haldeman, <i>Harrisburg Chapter, Pennsylvania,</i>	12 50
Mrs. Elizabeth Burt Mellor, <i>Pittsburgh Chapter, Pennsylvania,</i>	12 50
Mrs. Jean McLean Swan Clark, <i>Pittsburgh Chapter, Pennsylvania,</i>	12 50
Mrs. Martha Souder, <i>Quaker City Chapter, Pennsylvania,</i>	12 50

Mrs. Annie Lee Steele Adams, <i>Pawtucket Chapter</i> , Rhode Island,	12 50	
Miss Anna R. Whitney, <i>Pawtucket Chapter</i> , Rhode Island,	12 50	
		\$500 00

Continental Hall Contributions.

<i>Anne Brewster Fanning Chapter</i> , Connecticut, ...	\$5 00	
<i>Fanny Ledyard Chapter</i> , Connecticut,	30 00	
Mrs. Helen Pooke Kane, <i>District of Columbia</i> , ..	1 00	
Mrs. Lilliam R. Messenger, commission on sale of "The Heroine of the Hudson," <i>District of</i> <i>Columbia</i> ,	1 60	
<i>Faneuil Hall Chapter</i> , Massachusetts,	15 00	
<i>Hannah Goddard Chapter</i> , Massachusetts,	25 00	
<i>Old Colony Chapter</i> , Massachusetts,	50 00	
<i>Benjamin Franklin Chapter</i> , Mexico,	68 00	
<i>Anthony Wayne Chapter</i> , Minnesota,	5 00	
<i>Laclede Chapter</i> , Missouri,	8 15	
Miss Caroline V. Lewis, <i>Missouri</i> ,	2 00	
Miss Harriet Rowley, <i>Missouri</i> ,	2 00	
<i>Rumford Chapter</i> , New Hampshire,	25 00	
<i>New York City Chapter</i> , New York, on account of Museum,	500 00	
Miss Sarah K. Fellows, of <i>New York City Chapter</i> , New York, on account of Museum,	5 00	
<i>Lagonda Chapter</i> , Ohio,	15 00	
<i>Martha Pitkin Chapter</i> , Ohio,	25 00	
<i>Du Bois Chapter</i> , for the grounds, Pennsylvania, ..	50 00	
<i>Canadohta Chapter</i> , on account of front vestibule, Pennsylvania,	25 00	
<i>Col. William Montgomery Chapter</i> , Pennsylvania, <i>Spirit of Liberty Chapter</i> , Utah,	9 82	
	25 00	
		\$892 57
Commission on Recognition Pins,	11 40	11 40
		\$23,925 24

EXPENDITURES.

Third payment on account of rear pavilions,	\$4,530 00	
Second payment on account of heating contract, ..	2,850 00	
		7,380 00
Cash balance on deposit in banks, Feb. 28, 1907,	\$16,545 24	

Permanent Investment.

5,000 par value Chicago & Alton R. R. 3% bonds, \$4,000 60

10,000 par value Balto. & Ohio R. R. 4% bonds, ..	10,150 00
10,000 par value Union Pacific R. R. 4% bonds, ..	10,326 50
	\$24,477 10

Total Permanent Fund, cash and investments, \$41,022 34

Respectfully submitted,

M. E. S. DAVIS,

Treasurer General, N. S. D. A. R.

Since closing the books for February, I have paid bills out of the Permanent Fund to the extent of \$4,810.00, as follows:

On account of rear pavilions,	\$3,570 00
On account of heating contract,	1,240 00

This reduces our cash balance in banks to \$11,735.24, which is distributed as follows:

American Security & Trust Co.,	\$1,701 92
Washington Loan & Trust Co.,	5,016 66
National Safe Deposit Savings & Trust Co.,	5,016 66

As we have only \$1,701.92 in the American Security & Trust Co., and as all bills for the construction of Continental Hall are paid by check on that bank, I would respectfully ask the National Board of Management for instructions as to how to meet the next bills presented for payment.

At the conclusion of the reading of the report of the Treasurer General the question was brought up as to the possibility of any occasion arising which might require the expenditure of further moneys, and Mrs. Lockwood suggested that some provision be made for this.

The Chair stated that so far as she was aware there would be no payment necessary for Continental Hall before the 1st of April, but at the same time it might be well to guard any possible contingency, and act upon Mrs. Lockwood's suggestion.

As chairman of the Finance Committee, Mrs. Main moved: *That in case an emergency arises, the Treasurer General is hereby instructed to transfer from the National Savings and Trust Company's Bank to the American Security and Trust Company's Bank.* Seconded by Mrs. Mussey. Motion carried.

The Treasurer General read the list of reinstated members. It was moved and carried that these members be restored to the rolls of membership of the Society, also read the resignations, which were, upon motion, accepted.

After the announcement of the deaths, the Board, at the suggestion of the President General, arose in token of respect.

It was then moved and carried that the report of the Treasurer General be accepted.

REPORT OF THE HISTORIAN GENERAL was read by Mrs. Lockwood, in the absence of that officer, as follows: Madam President General and

Members of the National Board of Management: It is with very deep regret that I find I am unable to be present with the National Board for the March meeting. This is unavoidable and I therefore send my very cordial greeting to each member.

The twenty-third and twenty-fourth volumes of the Lineage Book have been read, corrected, and are now at the printer's. The work has been much retarded by failure of members to reply when requests for further information have been sent. However, with the completion of these volumes, there has been great satisfaction that so much data has been acquired. The work of the office has progressed most satisfactorily, and lest the opportunity may not present itself again before my retirement from office I wish to commend most heartily the untiring and most effective work of the compiler, Mrs. Johnston. I would personally feel gratified if at the close of my administration you would consider the promotion of Mrs. Johnston, who has been in our service eleven years, and during that time has received but one promotion, and that six years ago.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

LOUISE P. DOLLIVER,
Historian General, N. S. D. A. R.

It was moved and carried that the report of the Historian General be accepted and the recommendation therein contained be referred to the Committee on Supervision.

Mrs. Lockwood made a short oral report of her work as Compiler of the Report of the National Society to the Smithsonian Institution, and brought to the attention of the Board the photograph of Memorial Continental Hall, which, according to the action of the Board, at the previous meeting, had been taken for a frontispiece of the Report. This was the work of Miss Frances Johnston, and was submitted to the Board. It gave universal satisfaction and was highly commended for its artistic worth.

REPORT OF THE LIBRARIAN GENERAL: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management, I have the honor to present the following report of the accessions to the library since the February meeting:

BOOKS.

Genealogy of William Coleman of Gloucester, Mass., and Gravesend, Eng., 1619-1906. By James Cash Coleman. Goshen, N. Y., 1906.

Some of the ancestors and descendants of Samuel Converse, Jr.; Major James Converse; Hon. Heman Allen, and Captain Jonathan Bixby. Compiled and edited by Charles Allen Converse. 2 vols. Boston, 1905.

Maryland Calendar of Wills. Compiled and edited by Jane Baldwin. 2 vols. Baltimore, 1904, 1906.

Knap, Knapp Family Genealogy. Compiled by Charles Ruggles Knapp. Presented by the compiler.

Vital Records of Lynn, Mass., to 1850. Vol. 1. Published by Essex Institute, 1905.

Vital Records of Medfield, Mass., to 1850. Published by New England Historical and Genealogical Society. Boston, 1903.

Vital Records of Wenham, Mass., to 1850. Published by Essex Institute. Salem, 1904.

Vital Records of Westborough, Mass., to 1850. Worcester, 1903.

History of Portland, Maine, from its first settlement. 2 parts. By William Willis. Portland, 1831.

History of town of Douglas, Mass. By Wm. A. Emerson. Boston, 1879.

Contributions to the early history of Perth Amboy and adjoining country. By William A. Whitehead. New York, 1856.

History of Worcester, Mass. By William Lincoln. Worcester, 1862.

Pioneer outline history of northwestern Pennsylvania. By W. J. McKnight. Philadelphia, 1905. Presented by the Brookville Chapter.

History of the town of Lyndeborough, N. H., 1736-1905. By Rev. D. Donovan and Jacob A. Woodward. 1906.

History of the town of Wilton, N. H. By Abiel A. Livermore and Sewall Putnam. Lowell, 1888. Presented by Mrs. John McLane, New Hampshire State Regent.

Jersey City and its Historic Sites. By Harriet Phillips Eaton. Jersey City, 1899. Presented by the author.

Guide to Valley Forge. By W. Herbert Burk. Norristown, 1906.

Story of the American Flag with Patriotic Selections and Incidents. Edited by Samuel Fallows. Boston, 1903. Presented by the Educational Publishing Co.

Story of the Records, D. A. R. By Mary S. Lockwood and Emily Lee Sherwood (Mrs. W. H. Ragan). Washington, 1906. Presented by Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood.

Historic Guide to Cambridge. Compiled by members of the Hannah Winthrop Chapter, N. S. D. A. R. Cambridge, 1907. Gift of Hannah Winthrop Chapter.

Kansas Historical Society Transactions, 1905-1906. Vol. 9. Topeka, 1906.

Yorktown Centennial Handbook. Historical and Topographical guide to the Yorktown Peninsula, Richmond, James River and Norfolk. By John Austin Stevens. New York, 1881. Presented by Miss Elizabeth Bryant Johnston.

Olde Ulster. Vol. 2. Kingston, 1906. Presented by Mrs. Frederick Hasbrouck.

Lives and Reminiscences of the Pioneers of Rochester and Western New York. By John Kelsey. Rochester, 1854.

History of the town of Abington, Mass. By Benjamin Hobart. Boston, 1866.

Reports of the Librarian of Congress for the years 1902 and 1903. 2 vols. Washington, 1902, 1903. Presented by Library of Congress.

PAMPHLETS.

Oration delivered at the Centennial commemoration of the Battle of Blue Licks. By John Mason Brown.

History of Old South Church. Boston, 1876.

James Smithson and his Bequest. By William J. Rhees. Washington, 1880.

The above three pamphlets were presented by Elizabeth B. Johnston.

Year book of patriotic selections. Compiled by Sarah Bradlee Fulton Chapter, D. A. R. 1897-1907. Milford, 1906. Gift of the chapter.

Historical Papers, Historical Society of Newburgh Bay and the Highlands. No. 13. Newburgh, 1906. Presented by Miss Lillian O. Estabrook.

Sons of the American Revolution, District of Columbia Society. Register, 1906-7. Washington, 1906. Presented by Zebina Moses.

History of Stowe, Vt., to 1869. From Miss Hemenway's Vermont Historical Gazetteer, vol. 2.

Proceedings of the 10th Kentucky State Conference, N. S. D. A. R., held at Paris, Ky., Oct. 11th and 12th, 1906. Presented.

Year books have been received from 8 chapters.

PERIODICALS.

*Bulletin New York Public Library,*February

*Connecticut Magazine,*No. 1, vol. 11

*Pennsylvania Magazine of History and Biography,*October

*Old Northwest Genealogical Quarterly,*January

The above accessions comprise 30 books, 8 pamphlets and 4 periodicals. 11 books were presented, 15 received in exchange and 4 purchased. 7 pamphlets were presented and 1 received in exchange.

Respectfully submitted,

ALINE E. SOLOMONS,
Librarian General, N. S. D. A. R.

Report accepted.

The Recording Secretary General presented the case of Mrs. Mary Matilda Burch of Washington, District of Columbia, for a pension, Mrs. Burch being an indigent "Real Daughter."

Miss Mecum moved that a pension be granted this "Real Daughter." The case of three others were then brought to the Board, viz: Mrs. Mary B. Dudley, Plattsburg, Missouri; Mrs. Mary G. Hurlbert, New York, and Mrs. Ann Prentice, of Massachusetts.

The necessary data and affidavits having accompanied these requests for a pension, it was moved and carried that the Treasurer General

be authorized to give a pension of eight dollars per month to the above "Real Daughters."

The President General expressed her gratification at the care and assistance given by the Society to its needy "Real Daughters" and spoke of this as being one of the most commendable features of the Society's work.

At a quarter to one o'clock Mrs. Thom moved to take a recess until half past two.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, *March 6, 1907.*

The adjourned meeting was called to order on Wednesday afternoon by the President General, Mrs. Donald McLean, who requested the reports of committees.

REPORT OF FINANCE COMMITTEE: Madam President and Ladies of the National Board of Management: Your Finance Committee reports the authorization of bills for February to the amount of \$2,700.98, of which the largest items were:

Pay roll,	\$1,088 77
Printing magazine (January),	344 47
Printing Magazine (February)	295 00
Rent,	229 65

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN,
Chairman Finance Committee.

Report accepted.

REPORT OF THE AUDITING COMMITTEE: This was presented in the form of the following letter from the Auditor:

Mrs. Theodore C. Bates,
Vice-President Gen. N. S. D. A. R., and
Chairman Auditing Committee,
Washington, D. C.

MADAM: I have examined the accounts of the Treasurer General of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution for the Month of February, 1907, and so far as the work has progressed, have found the books in good condition.

I have examined the account with the National Metropolitan Bank, and find that, after deducting from the balance as shown upon the bank deposit book the outstanding checks not yet presented for payment, amounting in all to \$1,601.28, the balance agrees with that shown upon the Treasurer General's Cash Book, namely: \$5,575.67, with the exception that there is twenty cents more on deposit in the bank than the Treasurer General's books call for due to the error which occurred a year or more ago, and to which I have referred before.

I am at the present time in the midst of the examination of the ac-

counts with the other banks, together with the remaining work necessary to complete the audit for the month of February. Owing to the very few days intervening between the first of the month and the date of the Board meeting, it has been impossible to finish the work in this brief period.

It is my intention to report to the Board in the month of April a summary of the results of the audit of the accounts of the Treasurer General for the six months ending March 31, 1907.

Very respectfully,

(Signed)

J. E. BATES, *Auditor*.

Report accepted.

Miss Solomons, on the part of the Printing Committee, reported that she had visited the printing house of Mr. George E. Howard, to ascertain what plates of the Society he had in his possession, and he had promised to write to the Committee, furnishing this information.

The President General addressed the Board as follows:

You will remember that at the last meeting of the Board there was a long discussion, in which I was obliged to relate the fact that up to that time the Daughters of the American Revolution building at Jamestown had not been commenced, and we felt that this placed us in an embarrassing position, for fear the building might not be finished in time for the Exposition. Of course the Raleigh House was given up, for the reasons that had been stated by the Chairman of the Committee. We then discussed this in full and the issue was a telegram sent on the Wednesday evening, upon the adjournment of the Board,—as requested by the Board,—to the Chairman, Mrs. Purcell, requesting her to answer by Thursday morning. The minutes of that meeting show there was no answer and I did not receive a reply to the telegram promptly. You will remember that Mrs. Mussey offered a resolution to the effect that if no contract had been signed that this matter be postponed until the Continental Congress, and at the suggestion of Mrs. Lockwood this resolution was embodied in a letter sent to Mrs. Purcell on this subject. It was some time before I received a reply; but I will read you the answer to this letter. (The President General then read the letter to the Board.) Mrs. Purcell stated that she was not at home when the telegram arrived and she received the letter and telegram at the same time. Of course we can do nothing further, as we discussed this matter in full at a previous meeting. The Chairman of the Committee says it is expected the building will be ready by May 11th. In connection with this Jamestown matter, I would state that I have received formal announcement from the Exposition authorities that this will be open on April 26th. There are two things I would like to suggest about that; one is in relation to the railroad rates. I have received telegrams from different parts of the country, asking for an extension of the tickets in order to cover the necessary time for visiting the Jamestown Exposition, and, as you know, the railroad agents are the only ones who can extend the tickets. Yesterday Mrs.

Henry, Chairman of the Committee on Transportation and Railroads, approached me and asked if I thought a method could be followed,—which I will explain to you later,—to enable us to have the round trip tickets extended so that visitors can go down on the opening day of the Exposition when I think the Daughters of the American Revolution through the Chairman, Mrs. Purcell, expect to have some ceremonies. The Chairman of the Railroad Committee has been endeavoring to obtain an extension of the tickets for this purpose and suggests the postponement of the opening of the Congress by several days; that is, instead of opening on Monday, as heretofore, to open on the 22nd. I simply present this to you as a proposition of the Chairman of the Railroad Committee.

This was discussed at length by the Board. The consensus of opinion being that a change of date in the opening of the Congress would be unwise in view of the fact that all the preliminaries have been made for the opening on Monday, April 15th, the Chair was requested to reply to the Chairman of the Railroad Committee to this effect.

The President General presented to the Board an inquiry from Mrs. Purcell as to whether the Board desired to charter a boat for transportation up and down the Island the week of the Congress, explaining this in detail, and stated that it was her intention to be present at the opening on April 26th, and hoped to see other members of the Society. No action was taken upon this suggestion of engaging the boat.

The President General also inquired if the Board desired to discuss any plans for a Daughters of the American Revolution celebration the week following the Congress, also brought to the Board a proposition that had been made for having a luncheon served each day during the Exposition, and thus bring in something for the Continental Hall fund. It was decided that all of these matters be left to the judgment of the Jamestown Committee.

The President General read to the Board a letter from the Daughters of the Confederacy extending an invitation and the hospitality of their building on the grounds of the Jamestown Exposition to the Daughters of the American Revolution during the Exposition. It was moved and carried *That a vote of thanks be sent on the part of the Board for this courteous invitation.*

Mrs. Mussey announced that the District Daughters had offered a prize for the best essay on the qualities for the making of an American citizen,—this to be given by Mrs. Smallwood, of the Constitution Chapter,—and the ceremonies to take place at the Franklin School at 8.30.

Mrs. Patton moved: *A vote of appreciation of the action of the District Daughters of the American Revolution in offering a prize for the best essay on the making of an American citizen by a pupil in the District foreign night class.* Seconded by Mrs. Newberry. Motion carried.

The President General presented a request from the Matthew Thorn-

ton Chapter of Nashua, New Hampshire, for the admission of a "Real Son of the Revolution" as an honorary member of the Chapter.

After some discussion, Mrs. Main moved: *That the Chapter be notified that it is impossible for a Son of the Revolution to be made a member of this Society, but the National Board of Management sends a greeting to this Son, and suggests that he be invited to attend the Chapter meetings.* Seconded by Mrs. Patton. Motion carried.

Mrs. Mussey reported that she had visited the Post Office Department and inquired into the postal irregularities, causing loss of mail at the office, and that she had received every assurance that the postal authorities would use all possible effort to remedy this trouble. Mrs. Mussey hoped to report more fully at the next meeting of the Board on this subject.

Miss Mecum gave a short Report on the stationery—action thereon to be taken later.

An inquiry being made as to the contract with Caldwell & Co. for furnishing a certain quality of paper, and there being no information given on this point, the President General appointed Miss Mecum and Miss Pierce a committee of two to look into the matter of the supposed contract and report later to the Board.

Mrs. Newberry, as Chairman of the Committee to adjust the matter of the reissue of the charter of the Sarah Caswell Angell Chapter, read the Committee's report to the Board.

Mrs. Patton moved that this report of Mrs. Newberry be accepted with a vote of thanks for her trouble in adjusting the matter.

Mrs. Main suggested that the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters be permitted to secure a larger parchment than is usually used, and after having it engraved from the regular plate of the Society, send it to the Sarah Caswell Angell Chapter to have the names engrossed thereon; afterwards returning it to this office for examination, and if found correct, the names of the national officers be signed thereon and the seal of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution be affixed; all expenses incurred thereby to be borne by the Sarah Caswell Angell Chapter.

This was ordered by general consent of the Board, and the Committee empowered to act in the matter.

Mrs. Main read a letter from a Rhode Island chapter, requesting permission to incorporate under the laws of that state, in the matter of holding certain property; also a letter from a Chapter in San Antonio, Texas, asking if the Chapters of the State have the authority to raise money for the College of Industrial Arts and Crafts.

It was moved and carried that the Chapter in Rhode Island desiring to purchase property be granted permission, as requested, to incorporate under the laws of Rhode Island.

Instructions were given to inform the Chapter in Texas that the matter they inquire about is a matter for the chapter to decide, not in a Daughters of the American Revolution capacity, but individually,

and that they cannot act officially as having the sanction of the Board in raising money for the College of Industrial Arts and Crafts.

The drawing of seats for the Continental Congress of 1907 was next taken up, the State Regent, or State Vice-Regent, or Vice-President General drawing for their respective states, when present, and in their absence the Recording Secretary General drew the numbers, except when some national officer had been requested by the State Regent to draw.

The President General called for the reading of the action of the Congress relative to the seating of delegates and the drawing was conducted in conformity with the standing rule accepted at the Fifteenth Continental Congress, on motion of Mrs. Wiles, of Illinois, as follows:

Resolved, That in seating the delegates to the Continental Congress, the numbers from one to twenty-five be placed in one lot, and the numbers from twenty-five to fifty in another lot and that the State Regents who drew the last half of the numbers for the Fifteenth Congress draw only from the first half for the Sixteenth Congress, and those who drew the first half for the Fifteenth Congress draw only from the last half.

Resolved, Further, That a similar rule of rotation be followed in future Congresses. Motion carried.

The Recording Secretary General read a letter from Miss Temple, State Regent of Tennessee, sending regrets for this meeting of the Board, and stating that through a resolution endorsed by the Chapters of the State, upon her request, an appropriation for a Jamestown exhibit was carried out by the Legislature, with an amendment by Mrs. Bryan, giving \$700 to the Daughters of the American Revolution for the historical and relics exhibit.

The matter of the election of the Congressional Stenographer was presented to the Board.

Mrs. Main moved: *That Miss Wilcox be appointed stenographer for the Sixteenth Continental Congress at \$425, as per her application.*

Seconded by Miss Mecum. Motion carried.

Miss Pierce moved: *That Miss Janet Richards be engaged as official reader for the Sixteenth Continental Congress at the salary of \$100.*

Seconded by Mrs. Main and Mrs. Lockwood. Motion carried.

Touching the matter of the expense to be incurred by the House Committee for the Continental Congress, Mrs. Mussey moved: *That the Treasurer General be directed to advance the sum of \$150 to the Chairman of the House Committee of the next Continental Congress for contingent funds of the Sixteenth Continental Congress.*

Seconded by Mrs. Patton. Motion carried.

There being no further business before the Board, it was moved and carried at half past five o'clock to adjourn.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

ELISABETH F. PIERCE,
Recording Secretary General.

Report unanimously approved April 3, 1907.

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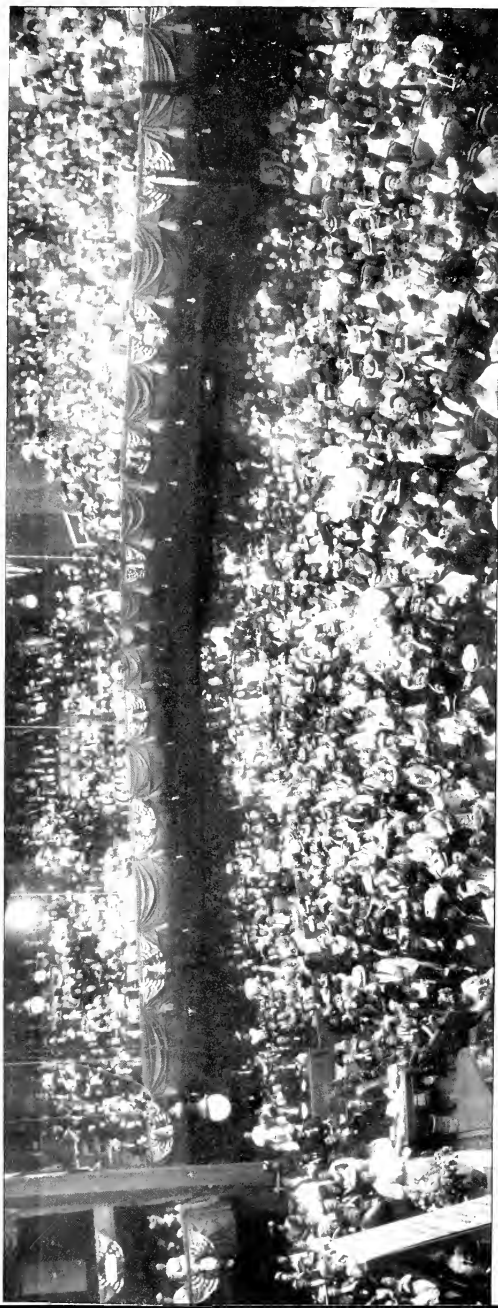
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Sixteenth Continental Congress, Daughters of the American Revolution.

Photograph by Prince.

American Monthly Magazine

VOL. XXX. WASHINGTON, D. C., JUNE, 1907. No. 6.

ADDRESS OF CAPTAIN RICHMOND PEARSON HOBSON,
ENVOY FROM THE PEACE CONGRESS, TO THE SIX-
TEENTH CONTINENTAL CONGRESS DAUGHTERS OF THE
AMERICAN REVOLUTION.

Madam President General and Daughters of the American Revolution: I come as a messenger from the peace congress now assembled in New York. The senior messenger, Admiral Dewey, is detained, and it therefore devolves upon me to bring to this great convention the hearty greetings and god-speed of the National Arbitration and Peace Conference. (Applause.) I am instructed to say a word on behalf of the great work which that congress is undertaking.

The first association of individuals on a basis of peace was the family; the next was the combination of kindred families into the clans; the next was the combination of clans more or less akin, into tribes; then came the association of tribes with mutual interests, into nations. The time has now come for the combination of all the nations in the world into a great world republic, founded on the basis of justice. (Applause.) I say the time has come, because there are great, irresistible forces demanding and compelling it. These forces from the beginning have compelled wider association, as far as possible under natural barriers. Formerly, rivers could separate, mountains isolate, and oceans divide; but to-day, with the conquest of nature and the annihilation of space, with steam and steel and electricity, the whole world is one. Mark you, that the individuals who insisted on remaining isolated, and who declined to join their families on a basis of mutual advantage, such individuals were not as strong as the families whose individuals joined, and the isolated individuals were eliminated.

Likewise, families who refused to join kindred families and form clans, were weaker than the clans whose families had joined, and such isolated families went to the wall. The clans in their isolation went down against tribes, and tribes went down before nations. My countrymen and countrywomen, watch the march of history. The nations of the world to-day that insist upon isolation, that insist upon using their power and might to exploit weak and helpless peoples, such nations are progressively losing their own colonies, and are also losing the commerce and the markets of the world. The birds and beasts of prey are going to the wall, and the men and nations that prey are also going to the wall. (Applause.) The fitness to survive and inherit the earth is not to be won by might and brute force and the capacity to destroy. It is going to be won by the capacity and willingness to serve, and the forecast of the Master is going to come to pass—the greatest among men shall be the servant of us all, and the peacemakers shall inherit the earth. (Applause.) Furthermore, all the great educational forces of the earth are setting against war. All of the forces growing out of the multiplied inter-communication in the widening of commerce, and the nations taking an interest in other nations, all these things are setting against war, and certainly all the moral and religious forces of modern times are arraying themselves against it. My countrymen and countrywomen, war is doomed. Its death knell is now tolling. (Applause.) We find it therefore perfectly natural that great peace societies, individual peace societies, are springing up in every land. We find that a great semi-official body, known as the inter-parliamentary union, has spread until it comprises more than two thousand members of the national parliaments of the world, who gather together for the purpose of promoting the cause of arbitration and of peace; and we are not surprised that already there has been one convention, or conference, at The Hague, from which The Hague Tribunal, the embryo of a national judicial body, came forth, and that now we are on the eve of a second Hague conference, from which doubtless will come forth the beginning of an international congress.

The thought that I am instructed to bring to you is this: The congress in New York believes that at this juncture, when the time has come for action, America ought to take the leadership in the noble work. (Great continuous applause.) It believes that, as our flag has stood as the guardian of liberty, it shall now stand as the sponsor of peace. (Great applause.)

Why, briefly, should America take this noble leadership? It is clear that any organization practically suited to preserve the peace of the world must have a system that will guarantee to each nation its liberty, so that it may be allowed to attend to its own local, national affairs, at the same time guaranteeing to it a just voice in settling the great common affairs of the world; and that for the international relations of nations, the carrying on of their commerce and the settling of their differences, there must be a machinery of government, there must be the necessary departments to make just laws for the nations to live by, that is, a legislative body. There must be an adequate body to interpret and pass upon those laws, and cases arising under them; there must be a judicial body. And in the end there will evolve from the public opinion of the people in all lands, an impelling, executive force that will command obedience to just laws duly made and duly interpreted.

My countrymen and countrywomen, what nation has worked out such a system? Search the earth, and where do you find this local self-government combined with a just voice in the management of the general government? You find it nowhere else except in America. Here we have this great continent of ours, far-stretching from ocean to ocean, and from almost arctic to tropical climes, some sections of it manufacturing, others agricultural, and others mining. And yet these forty-six states of ours live together in peace on this permanent basis, each state guaranteed the local management of its own affairs, and also allowed a just voice in the nation's affairs. They all transact that business, and trade and live together under the great central machinery of the government, with its three co-ordinate branches, the legislative, the executive, and the judicial. It is meet and right that America should lead in this great organization of the world, because it

must be, and it is going to be the United Nations of the Earth, analogous to the United States of America. (Applause.)

There is one last thought, I believe, that my instructions would cover. It is the thought that this great work is a Christian work, and that America, as the first, the leading Christian nation of the world, ought to champion it, and see it to its full conclusion. I do not speak disparagingly of other nations. I have lived among many of the other nations. I appreciate their good points. I know that there are noble men and women working for the same things that we are, but I also know that the other nations are held in the bondage of the past, the era in which destruction was the watchword; and I find that in the great work of the Christian and religious movements there are in these other countries troubles between church and state, and between one denomination and another, and it is alone in America that the great undercurrent flows on, denominations not molesting others, but each joining in the great common work. As a good illustration, the Young Men's Christian Association is the greatest international religious body in the world. The British had the honor of founding it; but to-day there are nearly 100,000 more members of the Young Men's Christian Association in the United States of America than in all the rest of the world combined. (Applause.)

I wish to call your attention to the fact that the great Revolution, which your society commemorates in particular, was not only brought forth in the spirit of liberty, but in the spirit of religion. I impress upon you the dual relationship between peace and religion, that they go together. This fair continent of ours was not given over to the white race for occupation, until that race had had fifteen centuries of the beneficent influence of the religion of peace. And now, mark you, America was not given to captains and soldiers, and generals and armies; it was given to Quakers and Puritans and Huguenots and Covenanters. It was given to the religious men and the peace-makers. And this nation was really not founded in strife; it was founded in reconciliation. English colonies joined French colonies, and Dutch, and German, and

so on. We are forty per cent. English descent, twenty per cent. German, eleven per cent. French. Look at the old hatreds in Europe. But here, do the eleven per cent. of French hate the twenty per cent. of Germans? No, sir, they do not know who they are, and they do not care. (Laughter.) The hatred is buried, and so with all the other traditional dislikes of one people for another. These religious men brought forth this nation, composed of colonies from many other nations at peace with one another. So it has gone on, and the great deep and broad undercurrent flows through our national life. Some one has said, and I believe said truthfully, that there never has been, and never can be, a President of the United States who is not at heart a deeply religious man.

I would say only one more word here. I would like to bear testimony to the service in which I was brought up, in the navy. (Applause.) The old ideas about the navy are all wrong. The navy is composed of earnest, hard-working, God-fearing men. There is not an officer sufficiently distinguished for you to know his name—I have probably served under most of those whom you could mention—there is not one of them but what at heart is a deeply religious man. It is bound to be so. We begin with four years at the naval academy, where every midshipman must go to church every Sunday. No one is excused. There is not a church, school or college, much less a university in America, that can compare with such attendance upon religious services. Every morning, when they rise, they bow their heads in prayer. On shipboard, on the first Sunday in every month, when they gather to hear the articles of war, when each one is enjoined to set a good example in patriotism and subordination you hear these words: "It is earnestly enjoined upon all officers and enlisted men, diligently to attend upon every occasion the worship of Almighty God." (Applause.) Perhaps I ought to refer you to what is in many ways the most agreeable incident in the war with Spain. You may have missed it. It occurred in the battle of Santiago. You remember, that battle was a running fight. The fleets were parallel, the Spanish fleet in shore, American ships lined up with Spanish ships,

and the fight in several cases took the form of a duel. Do you remember that the *Texas* and the *Oquendo* were neck and neck. At last the *Oquendo*, set on fire, turned to the beach and hauled down her flag. A great shout of victory went up from the decks of the *Texas*. Capt. Phillips stepped out on the bridge of the *Texas* and said, "Don't cheer, men, the poor fellows are dying over there." Silence came over that ship like a hush at midnight. The bugler called the assembly, they gathered aft on the quarter deck, took off their hats, and bowed their heads. Mark you, the smoke was still drifting from the muzzles of their guns. The guns of the *Brooklyn* and of the *Oregon* were still booming at the *Viscaya* and the *Colon*. There, in the very heat of modern battle, we find an American ship with its officers and crew gathered with bowed heads, while their captain, their military chief who had led them to victory, voiced the common thought as he offered thanks and acknowledgement to Providence in the presence of Almighty God. (Great applause.)

While you are here, let me suggest that whenever you are within the reach of a man-of-war of the United States on Sunday, you go on board to church. They will welcome you, and be delighted to have you. It will interest you. Do not go right on the gun deck at once, where they are rigging church, rigging up the little organ and putting down the benches and chairs. Stay on the spar deck for a minute. At half past ten, sharp, you will hear the bell strike slowly. That is the call for divine service. Now, watch and you will see the flag come down. Then you will see another flag go up and float out from the yardarm. Take a good look at that second flag. It has a blue cross on a white background. It is what we call the church pennant. Now, watch and you will see the national flag go up again. The old chief quartermaster knows how to do it just right. You will see it go up slowly, slowly, and then you will see it stop reverently just beneath the church flag. (Applause.) Do you grasp the significance of it, what that means, our national flag the lower flag below temporal flags? I once saw the American flag below other foreign flags. I hope that I may be spared ever

seeing such a sight again. It was when I was a midshipman, in the days when we had only a few wooden hulks left in our navy, the laughing stock of the world. We had gotten out the first little white squadron that was the beginning of our modern navy. It was in the Mediterranean, in the harbor of Corfu, off the coast of Greece. We had gone in there for target practice ashore. There were no other warships in the harbor. It was at the time of the Passover. In the morning, as I came up on deck, I saw flags flying from the houses, dressed with bunting, and over the promontory at the governor's palace I saw a hoist of flags, and among them I saw the American flag about half way up. There was the English flag and the French flag and the German flag, and there were four or five other national flags above our own. Understand that our squadron was the only one there. There was not another foreign ship. I drew my breath, saying to myself, "It is a strange pass we have come to, with all those other flags above our own, right here in our teeth." As I stood there looking up, Admiral Walker came on deck. He was in command of the squadron. As he came up he looked around to see that everything looked shipshape. Then he looked ashore, and his eyes caught that hoist of flags. He is a careful, prudent man, and he took out his binoculars. Then I saw his brow begin to knit, and he gave the order, "Haul away the barge; orderly, tell the flag lieutenant to report on deck at once, full uniform." At once that went all over the ship; everybody wondered at it. The men were at breakfast. You know the barge is the admiral's own boat. The flag lieutenant came rushing on deck, breathless, and saluted. The admiral said, "Proceed ashore at once, in the barge." Now, bear in mind, this was before breakfast. By international regulations we had no right to hold official communication with the shore until after ten o'clock. The governor, doubtless, was still asleep in bed, but I was right alongside the admiral when he gave the order. He said to the flag lieutenant, "Proceed ashore at once in the barge, and demand to see the governor, yourself, and tell him, with my compliments, that if he wishes to use our flag at all, he must put it at the top." (Applause.)

I know that everyone here before me agrees, and will teach others, and they will teach generations to come, that while Americans live they will never allow any flag under heaven, made by the hand of man, to go above our Stars and Stripes as long as they continue to wave for human liberty. (Applause.) Yet, every Sunday morning there is that church flag that floats above them. I sometimes think that we ought to pause in all patriotic gatherings like this, to look at the flag, to see what it stands for. It has not only stood for liberty, but for mercy. I have seen the women and children of an enemy that was besieged by the American army, and instead of being reduced by starvation, I have watched them from my own prison as they went forth to be fed upon the very rations of the besieging army. I have seen where that flag once returned an indemnity to Japan, and three times to China, an indemnity paid for disturbances for which there were compensations. And when a foreign foe lay helpless beneath our feet, instead of exacting hundreds of millions for war indemnity, I have seen it end by paying the conquered foe twenty millions of dollars, and then voluntarily transferring the enemy's soldiers back home in safety. (Applause.) My country-women, all the color in that flag, rich and warm, stands for sympathy with the oppressed and suffering sons of men over all the earth. And the stars, have you ever looked at them closely? I sometimes wish that every American could see those stars when the smoke and the thunder are in the air, or, perhaps, could see them in a foreign land. They glitter, they sparkle, they twinkle, as if they knew that the glorious constellation they form has been set by God himself in the very vault of the firmament, to lighten the night of the darkened world. (Applause.)

My countrymen and countrywomen, let me leave the message that America, the nation of peace, America, the first Christian nation, should now take the leadership in this great and noble world-movement for an enduring and permanent peace, should take practical measures for a great congress like the one in New York, send our delegates to The Hague prepared to take advanced steps for a legislative body to nego-

tiate general arbitration treaties with all nations, and call upon all the others to do likewise. In the meantime let us not sit idly by, and simply talk and argue and advise. Let us be prepared to do our part in helping to determine the common affairs of the world. Let us not sit idly by and allow the military powers of the earth to go about oppressing the weak and the helpless with might and brute force. Let us show the world the path toward universal peace. Let us mark out the constitution and the government. Let us give our support and our resources to that end; but meanwhile let us declare that we shall not have a weak arm for peace, any more than we had a weak arm for liberty. Let us see to it that this nation shall be prepared to keep the peace with justice over the oceans of the earth, until the nations shall take steps whereby peace can be made permanent and enduring. (Applause.)

Therefore, in conveying to you the hearty greetings and godspeed of the congress now assembled in New York, I am instructed to bespeak at your hands equal sympathy and coöperation in the noble work they are undertaking. (Great applause.)

KETTLE CREEK.

Mrs. R. Hume Smith, Lady Washington Chapter, Houston, Texas.

To the reader of history, accustomed to the systematic battles of well-drilled soldiers, where hundreds of thousands are engaged, the skirmishes between a handful of men seem very trivial; but when we consider the sparsely settled country, wild and rough, the want of equipment for the soldiers and their ignorance of all laws, civil and military, and the lack of facilities so indispensable in modern warfare, every victory of the Continental army was momentous.

Especially is this true of the campaign in the south, for the army was encountered by obstacles on every side. In the first place, on account of the great distance from the important scenes of action, the proportion of Loyalists was greater than in the north, and consequently the zeal of the patriots was

constantly flagging. Again, not only did the untrained militia have to contend with the well-drilled British regulars, but continually were they harassed by the Tory bushwhackers, and betrayed by the Indians, whose familiarity with the country made it possible for them to be very annoying; moreover, attracted by the more prosperous condition of the British and their continued successes, their men often accepted the offers of support and protection for their families and cast their fortunes against their countrymen.

After the battle of Monmouth, the large engagements in the north closed, and the scene shifts to the south. By the middle of January, 1779, Georgia was practically subdued by the British. With headquarters in South Carolina, the British, under General Prevost on land and Commodore Parker and Lieutenant Campbell on the seaboard, had captured Charleston and Savannah, and encouraged by their successes now made plans to aid the Tories in crushing all patriots who dared to resist.

John Dooly collected a body of militia on the Carolina shore, and joined by Col. Andrew Pickens, who being senior officer, assumed command of the entire force, which amounted to about four hundred men, took part in numerous small skirmishes. There was no battle worth recording except the battle of Kettle Creek, in Wilkes county, Georgia, February 14, 1779. As it was the only American victory in the far south and followed so many overwhelming defeats, this little conflict, though it seems so unimportant and is barely mentioned in the records and then only in the biographies of the principal actors, was a prominent factor in holding the militia together and affording them encouragement to fight to ultimate victory.

With scarcely four hundred men, Pickens completely routed over seven hundred commanded by Colonel Boyd, a British officer secretly employed by the British to organize a band of Tories in South Carolina, who was now on his way to join the British army at Savannah and expected to take Augusta on his route.

Illustrating the magnanimity of Colonel Pickens, Colonel Boyd was mortally wounded in this battle, and as soon as

Colonel Pickens learned of it, he visited his opponent and offered him the comforts and assistance within his power. The dying man left with him keepsakes and letters which were promptly delivered to his wife after his death.

Colonel Pickens and Lieut.-Col. Elijah Clarke commanding Georgia militia defeated several small squads of the enemy, and these successes encouraged General Lincoln, the officer in chief command of the troops in the south, but the battle of Kettle Creek is the only victorious battle of the Continental army on Georgia soil, although the active interest taken by the Georgia patriots and their willingness to sacrifice all for the love of freedom so deeply instilled in their breasts deserve to be mentioned as being instrumental in finally making the episode at Yorktown possible.

TRIBUTE TO WEST AUGUSTA.

Mrs. J. W. Freeland.

As daughters now of heroes brave
 We meet, a patriot band
 Our hearts and hands to freely give
 For God and native land.

Our fathers fought that we might have
 A country broad and free
 And as their children, now will keep
 The fires of liberty.

"Leave me one banner now to plant
 On West Augusta's hill
 And soon the foe shall scattered be
 By men of dauntless will."

A patriot mother to her boys
 With saddened heart, and sore,
 Said, "Go, my sons, keep back the foe,
 Or see my face no more."

O mother brave! O Washington!
 Your words inspire our heart,
 And West Augusta's daughters
 Are of liberty a part.

REVOLUTIONARY RECORDS

This department is intended for hitherto unpublished or practically inaccessible records of patriots of the War for American Independence, which records may be helpful to those desiring admission to the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution and to the registrars of chapters. Such data will be gladly received by the Editor of this magazine.

In 1901, a committee was appointed by the Frances Dighton Williams Chapter, of Bangor, Maine, to hunt up the records and to identify the graves of soldiers of the Revolutionary war, who might be laid to rest in this vicinity.

Thirty-nine have thus far been marked, and they hope to carry on the good work in the future.

Markers placed in 1902 were as follows:

SAMUEL DUTTON, who rests in lot No. 8, C. G. Mt. Hope cemetery, was born in Townsend, Massachusetts, February 11, 1744; died in 1807. He came from Massachusetts to Hallowell, Maine, and was one of a company which took part in the campaign at Bagaduce, now Castine. He was colonel of the state militia. Moving to Bangor he purchased two hundred acres of land, now occupied by the City farm, and Maplewood park. A monument, one of the first placed at Mt. Hope, marks the Dutton lot.

CORPORAL PETER EDES, buried at Mt. Hope cemetery in the Sargent lot, was born in Boston, Massachusetts, December 17, 1756. He learned the printer's trade in the office of his father, Benjamin Edes, Revolutionary printer. At the age of nineteen years, Peter Edes was taken prisoner by the British, remaining in prison from June 19, to October 3, 1775. He moved to Hallowell, thence to Augusta, living in these towns about twenty years, after which time he came to Bangor and published *The Bangor Weekly Register*. He died in Bangor in 1840; a headstone marks his grave.

NATHANIEL HARLOW is buried in lot No. 892, C. G. Mt. Hope cemetery. He was born in Plymouth, Massachusetts, in 1758; died in Bangor, May 10, 1825. He was a Revolutionary pensioner, and a prominent citizen of Bangor, where he settled in 1789 on lot No. 68, Holland's Plan, near Harlow street.

REAL DAUGHTERS

MRS. MARY BIRCH DUDLEY.

Mrs. Mary Birch Dudley, "Real Daughter" of the St. Louis Chapter, of St. Louis, Missouri, was born in Washington,



Mrs. Mary Birch Dudley.

Mason county, Kentucky, in 1818. She was the youngest of ten children. Her father, Thomas Erskine Birch, was born on

the island of Jamaica. He was educated at Oxford College, where he was ordained to the ministry. He settled in Richmond, Virginia, and, when the Revolutionary war broke out he replaced his gown for the uniform of an ensign and entered the Virginia navy under John Paul Jones. In one of the fiercest engagements of that period, he was wounded and, being thus disabled, returned home and engaged in recruiting men for the army. About the year 1800, he married Mary M., the daughter of Colonel John Miller, and, in 1806, moved to Kentucky and established the Washington University, in Mason county. This loyalty and devotion to country was handed down from father to children and Mrs. Dudley has maintained the principles that her father so sacredly cherished. Her mother was a woman noted in every condition of life for her great strength of character. Pious and practical, she instilled into her children high principles of Christian integrity. Mrs. Dudley was twice married. Her second husband, Abram F. Dudley, was a nephew of Thomas P. Dudley, the noted Baptist preacher, of Lexington, Kentucky. Mrs. Dudley has been a member of the church of this faith since 1839. All her life, but especially in her widowhood, she has manifested great zeal for quilt making and in this work she possessed rare ability. Early in the fifties, she conceived the idea of an autograph quilt. She worked with great ardor for months in securing the names of noted men, many of whom accompanied their autographs with beautiful sentiments, mottoes, etc. The quilt was of white linen, the autographs being in indellible ink and in the center was embroidered a huge horn of plenty from which emerged fruit and flowers of every description. This beautiful piece of workmanship was known far and wide through Kentucky and became indeed an historical quilt. It was finally destroyed by fire while on exhibition at a fair in Kansas City, Missouri.

In 1903, Mrs. Dudley became a member of the St. Louis Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, of which she is an honored "Real Daughter." Through the efforts of this society she draws a pension.

Now, in her eighty-ninth year, she is in possession of her

faculties to a remarkable degree. She lives with a great-niece, Mrs. Harriet Frost Bean, in Kansas City, Missouri, where, in the evening of her life, she is pleased to meet her many friends.

The eighty-sixth annual commencement of the George Washington University was held in the Memorial Continental Hall of the Daughters of the American Revolution, Washington, District of Columbia, June 5, 1907. The presentation of the prizes in history were made by Mrs. Howard L. Hodgkins, state regent, in behalf of the Daughters of the American Revolution of the District of Columbia.

The president general, Mrs. Donald McLean, was entertained by the New York Mayflower Society, May 22d. Her address to them was warmly received. She went to Buffalo, the same week, to attend a patriotic and social reception arranged in her honor by Mrs. T. G. Avery in celebration of her reelection to the presidency of the Daughters of the American Revolution. On May 28th, a banquet was given her by the New York City Chapter, at Sherry's. This was a brilliant affair. On Decoration Day there was a great function at the "Hall of Fame," University Heights. The tablet to John Jaul Jones was unveiled. Among the speakers was our president general, Mrs. McLean, Governor Hughes, of New York, and Governor Guild, of Massachusetts.

Mrs. Samuel E. Pittman, of the Louisa St. Clair Chapter, Detroit, has obtained quite a number of new subscribers and three advertisements within the last few weeks. One of the advertisements is a full page one for six months. These will be noted elsewhere. The attention of other chapters is called to this good work. It is one of the best ways of helping Continental Hall. We appreciate the work done by Mrs. Pittman.

THE AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE is very interesting. I do not see how a Daughter can be without it.—MRS. MOSES A. PHELPS, *State Regent*, Washington.

Many chapter reports are of necessity held over until next month. It is with sorrow that announcement is made that thirty notices of deaths of valued members are on file. As soon as is possible these notices will be printed.

STATE CONFERENCES.

Maine State Conference.—The Maine State Conference met at Waterville on March 6, with the Silence Howard Hayden Chapter. The delegates were met at the train by members of the chapter and went at once to Library Hall, where the sessions were held. The hall was prettily decorated with flags.

The meeting was called to order at 10.30 and opened with the Lord's Prayer and the singing of "America." Mrs. J. M. Hammond, of Fairfield, the past regent, gave the address of welcome; Mrs. O. F. Holway, of Augusta, was to have given the response, but illness at the last moment prevented, and Miss Louise Coburn, of Skowhegan, at a moment's notice, responded in a pleasing way.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and the treasurer and other officers gave their reports.

Ten out of thirteen chapters were represented. The committees reported on work done in various lines, among them the placing of markers on the graves of Revolutionary soldiers, historic spots, contributing to Continental Hall fund, etc. These with the chapter reports took up the forenoon, when recess was taken and the ladies went to the hotel to dinner.

The principal business of the afternoon was the election of officers and the unanimous endorsement of Mrs. Donald McLean as a candidate for re-election as president general. The conference also endorsed Mrs. A. A. Kendall, of Portland, for the office of vice-president general from Maine. At the close of the afternoon session all adjourned to the hotel to await the time for their trains to return home, a few having to stay over night.

Elizabeth Wadsworth Chapter, Portland, has 195 members, three "Real Daughters." This chapter has given money for restoration of cache at Pemaquid, also Burnham Tavern, at Machias, and Maine room in Continental Hall. The money for Continental Hall was raised by various entertainments,

whist, apron sales, etc. Many schools have been furnished with copies of the Declaration of Independence; three markers for Revolutionary soldiers' graves have been ordered and guides furnished for the Longfellow House from the middle of June to August 1. The chapter field day was held at the summer home of Mrs. Oscar Charlson, at Great Chebeague island, and was largely attended; their guests on this occasion were Mrs. Marion Longfellow O'Donoghue, Miss Longfellow, Mrs. Gadsby, Mrs. Akers, of Washington, District of Columbia.

A luncheon was given at Riverton in honor of Mrs. Ellen Mussey, state regent of the District of Columbia, on August 1, and was one of the most delightful as well as instructive of the year. Mrs. Mussey, in her charming way, gave an insight into the working of the Continental Hall, the national congress and made all feel as if each one was needed to help to share in this great undertaking of the Daughters. Mrs. O'Donoghue, Miss Longfellow, Mrs. Gadsby, Mrs. Way, of Washington, Mrs. Youland, ex-state regent, were guests on this occasion. At the close of the regular monthly meeting the chapter has a fifteen minutes' parliamentary drill.

The year's work closed with a "Silver Tea" given at the Falmouth hotel on Washington's wedding day. The members, gowned in Colonial style, served refreshments to the throng of guests which filled the spacious parlor. It was a fitting close to the two years' work of one of the best loved regents.

Koussinoc Chapter, Augusta, has 53 members. The literary program has been "The Acquisition of Territory by the United States Since the Original 13 States." Eight regular meetings have been held.

In June the annual field day of the State Daughters of the American Revolution was at Togus and the regent of Koussinoc Chapter, Mrs. Amelia Wight Bangs, was chairman of the committee of arrangements and made the opening address. A cordial welcome was extended in fitting words by General Richards, governor of the Soldiers' Home, which was responded to by Miss Baldwin, the state regent. Koussinoc Chapter, through the regent and honorary councillor, entertained the wives of the officers and lady residents of the home

at dinner. This chapter has contributed to the Continental Hall fund for the Maine room and has marked some graves of Revolutionary soldiers.

Samuel Grant Chapter, Gardiner, has 17 members. Has held its meetings regularly once a month. The roll call quotations have been on Colonial times. The tenth anniversary of this chapter was celebrated in January at the home of one of its members. A fitting paper was given by Mrs. Nora Grant Rice, the founder of the chapter, on the "work and progress of our chapter the past ten years," which has been very satisfactory. This chapter has also contributed to the fund for the Maine room in Continental Hall.

Silence Howard Hayden Chapter, Waterville, has 32 members. Monthly meetings have been held regularly. Some item of interest is given at the roll call. The June meeting has become the annual field day and has been held by invitation at the cottage of some member on the shore of Lake Messalonskee for the past three years. They contributed to the fund for children orphaned by the San Francisco disaster and have also given toward the fund for the Maine room in Continental Hall. The state council met with them on March 6.

Rebecca Emery Chapter, Biddeford, has 25 members. It has a bronze tablet ready to mark the place where the old blockhouse stood, used as a garrison by the early settlers of Biddeford and Saco. It is going to mark the graves of five Revolutionary soldiers.

Eunice Farnsworth Chapter, Skowhegan, has 18 members, one "Real Daughter." The first thing of note to mention this year was the presentation on June 7 of the prize of \$10 in gold to Miss Helen M. Weston by the State Daughters of the American Revolution for the best paper upon an historical subject written by a grammar school pupil, when the state regent, Miss Baldwin, and the state historian, Mrs. Boardman, visited them to present the prize. Ten of the members were present at the field day at Togus.

In July this chapter made its annual visit to the "Real Daughter," Mrs. Mary P. Elliott, of Athens; a drive of 12

miles. It has contributed to the fund for the Maine room in Continental Hall.

Colonel Dummer Sewall Chapter, Bath, has 38 members and one "Real Daughter." It has lost by death in its three years of existence three charter members, one, Miss White, having died in December. At each meeting two interesting and instructive historical papers on events connected with Revolutionary days have been compiled and read by the members. It has set aside a sum of money to be used in placing headstones for the unmarked graves of Revolutionary soldiers in and around Bath, these headstones to be furnished by the United States government. It has presented to the ninth grade school a framed copy of the Declaration of Independence. It has given one public card party and was entertained by two of its members in May and June. The June meeting took the form of a Colonial party with Colonial costumes. In August the chapter enjoyed a picnic at the summer home of the regent in Monmouth.

Frances Dighton Williams Chapter, Bangor, has 63 members, three "Real Daughters." Has held a meeting every month, all being of a patriotic nature; the literary meetings have been made interesting by historical papers; 15 minutes have been devoted to parliamentary drill. Six of the members attended field day at Togus.

This chapter held a whist party in November and a birthday party the 22d of February, to raise money for the Maine room in Continental Hall. Has continued to place markers at the graves of Revolutionary soldiers, among them, one being placed at the grave of John Brown, who was on the ship *Bonhomme Richard*, John Paul Jones, commander. It has held four socials at the houses of members; gave money to Hannah Weston Chapter, of Machias, for Burnham Tavern.

Ruth Heald Cragin Chapter, North Anson, has 38 members; has located the graves of seven Revolutionary soldiers. In educational work, has given to the Foster public library "Sebastian Ralse" and three volumes of "Massachusetts Soldiers and Sailors in the War of the Revolution." Has given toward the Maine room in Continental Hall.

Hannah Weston Chapter, Machias, has 44 members. Has held regular meetings once a month with sometimes a special meeting. September 6 the chapter celebrated the 101st birthday of its "Real Daughter," Mrs. Hall. A pole had been erected on the lawn in front of the house by the people of Jonesboro and the chapter presented Mrs. Hall with a handsome flag which was unfurled with appropriate exercises. This proved to be the last birthday of this "Real Daughter" on earth; her heavenly birthday occurred November 22, 1906. On February 22 the chapter had a banquet at noon in the Congregational vestry and spent the afternoon with one of its members. February 27 it celebrated Longfellow's birthday with a musical and whist party. Sent one delegate to the state council at Waterville. Has contributed to the Maine room in Continental Hall. Has bought the Burnham Tavern, the oldest house in town, famous in Revolutionary times. After it is paid for, repaired and furnished, it will be opened to the public. One room will be furnished in which to hold the chapter meetings.

General Knox Chapter, Thomaston, has 41 members, one "Real Daughter." Has held its business meetings regularly every month, in its own hall, a picnic supper alternating with an entertainment. Has placed two framed copies of the Declaration of Independence in the public schools. Has contributed toward the monument to the memory of the nurses sent by the Hospital Corps, Daughters of the American Revolution, to the Spanish-American war; placed THE AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE in the public library, paid a sexton to care for the grave of Major-General Henry Knox and contributed toward the Maine room in Continental Hall.

A prize of \$5 was offered by the chapter for the best historical essay written by a high school pupil. The presentation was made at a patriotic reception held on Washington's birthday.

The second prize offered by the State Daughters of the American Revolution for the best historical essay written by a grammar school pupil was won by a Thomaston boy; the presentation was made the occasion of a reception, including a patriotic entertainment, at which the state regent, Miss Bald-

win; the state vice-regent, Mrs. Charles A. Creighton, and the founder of the chapter, Mrs. J. E. Walker, the competitors for the prize, and other guests were present. The anniversary of General Knox's birth, July 25, was observed as field day, when the chapter was delightfully entertained by the vice-regent, Mrs. Charles H. Washburn, at her cottage on the shore of the Georges river.

During Old Home week a memorial service was held in the old North Parish Church, which was built in 1796, through the energy and generosity of General Knox and others, and in which hangs a bell cast by Paul Revere.

A Pop concert was also held that week to raise money for village improvement. Eight public whist parties have been held.

Mary Dillingham Chapter, Lewiston, has 58 members. Has held meetings regularly once a month. Has contributed money for the Maine room in Continental Hall and for the relief association for orphans in San Francisco. All these meetings have been of a patriotic character. On the evening of Washington's birthday a very brilliant reception was held at the house of one of its members.

The chapter voted to change its annual meeting to May so as to make the meetings uniform throughout the state.

Lady Knox Chapter, Rockland, has 37 members. This chapter has given several volumes to the public library and has contributed toward the Maine room in Continental Hall. It has held meetings regularly. The nine years it has been organized it has done its share of patriotic work.—C. A. BALDWIN, *State Regent*.

Colorado State Conference.—While Colorado is not* rich in places of historical interest, yet our Daughters are most active in preserving the few relics which this state possesses. The Santa Fe trail, over which pioneers passed to Mexico and California as early as 1822, is receiving much attention in the various chapters at the present time, and this subject was the principal theme at the state conference.

The fourth annual conference of the Colorado chapters of the Daughters of the American Revolution was held at Greeley, Colorado, on March the 13th, 1907, upon invitation of the Centennial State Chapter of Greeley.

The Unitarians gave the Daughters the use of their church for the conference. The auditorium was decorated with flags, palms and Liberty roses. The first flag ever owned by the city of Greeley, which is now the property of U. S. Grant Post, No. 13, Grand Army of the Republic of that city, was draped at the back of the platform.

After greetings had been exchanged between the guests and their hostesses the meeting was called to order by Mrs. John Campbell, state regent. "The Star Spangled Banner" was then sung by those assembled. The invocation was given by Mrs. Winifield S. Tarbell of Zebulon Pike Chapter of Colorado Springs.

Delegates were present from each of the seven chapters in the state: Zebulon Pike Chapter of Colorado Springs, Denver Chapter of Denver, Arkansas Valley Chapter of Pueblo, Colorado Chapter of Denver, Pueblo Chapter of Pueblo, Ouray Chapter of Ouray, and Centennial Chapter of Greeley.

On account of the enforced absence of Mayor Frank Green, the address of welcome was given by the Rev. John Trimmer of the Trinity Episcopal Church of Greeley. He said that the gathering was an expression of splendid sentiment.

"In this day of commercialism sentiment is fading away, and in the west it is especially necessary to cultivate sentiment which shows the true spirit of its people. The west, however, has not been found wanting in patriotism and has ever been ready to respond to the call of its country. Nothing is more sacred or more desired in character than the spirit of patriotism. It has been expressed in the being and life of all great men and women. It was in the heart of Christ when He looked over the city of Jerusalem, and expressed by Robert Burns in his poems of Scotia. Women have not been wanting in this spirit and their lives at home in time of war have been as great an expression for the love of country as those of their husbands and sons, serving and dying on the battlefield. It is fitting, therefore, that they should commemorate the memory of the great deeds of the patriots. We appreciate their coming to the Garden City of the state, and although we

have no castles or saloons, we may point with pride to our schools and churches and children and say, as did Cornelia, "These are my jewels."

The welcome was responded to by Mrs. Gordon Kimball of Ouray, regent of that chapter, who said:

"In 1870 I passed through Greeley. It was then a settlement of cloth houses, and I read on one that it was warranted a yard wide and not to fade. In other words, it was the best of its kind, and was but a symbol of the quality of the character of the citizens of the settlement then, as well as those here to-day. I am not unmindful that this city is like those settlements founded in Colonial days and I assure you I voice the sentiments of all here, and say it is a pleasure to meet with you."

The recording secretary, Mrs. J. D. Whitmore, the corresponding secretary, Mrs. W. S. Ament, the treasurer, Mrs. W. L. Graham, and the historian, Mrs. Giffin, presented reports. Mrs. LaBarthe of Denver, chairman of the committee on memorial to the state founders, spoke of the enthusiastic work to be accomplished and reported what had already been done towards securing funds to place monuments to the memory of Revolutionary heroes.

Mrs. Frank Wheaton of Denver gave an interesting paper on the marking of the Santa Fe trail. She said that this old "Appian Way" extends some two hundred miles in Colorado, beginning near Holly, running along the north side of the Arkansas river, thence south to Trinidad. Portions of this trail are nearly obliterated but efforts are now being made to discover the route. It is the object of the committee which she represented to erect monuments or markers at certain places along the way of the old trail, which was used in Colorado from 1822 to 1870. These markers are to be made of granite, about two feet high, each to bear an appropriate inscription, and to cost about \$15.00 apiece. It was suggested that one of the markers be inscribed with the name of the present state regent, Mrs. John Campbell, in honor of her work for the Daughters of the American Revolution organization in this state. The course of the Santa Fe trail has been marked through the state of Kansas and it is the aim of our Daughters to continue the work of the Kansas Daughters.

Mrs. E. A. Wixon of Denver followed with a discourse on the Santa Fe trail. It was a brilliant effort, replete with historical data, appealing to patriotism and offering suggestions for furthering the work of preserving this old roadway which witnessed the hardships and sufferings of those men who made the life of to-day possible. Mrs. William E. Ferril who suggested marking the trail in Colorado, also talked to the point on the same subject.

The legislature of Colorado has just passed a bill appropriating \$2,000 to aid in the marking of the Santa Fe trail. It is now in the hands of the governor of Colorado for his signature. The work of the morning session was largely devoted to the discussion of this bill.

Mrs. James B. Orman of Pueblo gave one of the brightest papers of the day. Her report concerned the last national congress of the society held at Washington, and not only told something of the work done by that body, but gave characteristic sketches of the officers of the meeting.

The state regent's report and the reports of the regents of the Colorado state chapters were then given, also the report of the Children's Society of the American Revolution in Colorado Springs. In many of the reports it was noted that various chapters had presented schools with flags to instill and encourage patriotism among the children.

The election of officers passed off with the utmost harmony. Everybody was favorable to the re-election of Mrs. John Campbell for state regent, which was done with great enthusiasm. Vice-regent, Mrs. O. W. Mallaby, of The Arkansas Valley Chapter of Pueblo, was re-elected. Mrs. T. C. Rodgers, of the Pueblo Chapter of Pueblo, was chosen recording secretary. Mrs. W. S. Tarbell, of Zebulon Pike Chapter of Colorado Springs, was elected corresponding secretary. Mrs. W. L. Graham, of Pueblo, was elected treasurer, and Mrs. Eugene Thayer, of the Centennial Chapter of Greeley, historian.

In the evening Professor Gurdon R. Miller, of the State Normal School, gave a scholarly and interesting address on "The Frontier of the United States." He spoke of those

dauntless spirits who pushed across the Allegheny mountains to the Mississippi river, the frontier disappearing as they journeyed westward. The Lewis and Clark expedition was touched upon and many picturesque characters of the early days, such as Kit Carson, Col. Cody, etc., were noted among those who blazed the way for the civilization of to-day.

From the interest manifested and from the reports of the officers it is evident that the work of the Daughters in Colorado is in a flourishing condition. The conference adjourned by singing "America."

Georgia State Conference.—The eighth annual conference convened at Columbia, Georgia, November the twenty-first, the session lasting three days. Mrs. Jas. A. Rounsaville, state regent, presided. The local chapters, Oglethorpe, and George Walton, were hostesses. The state regent of Alabama, Mrs. J. Morgan Smith, was present, by invitation of these chapters.

There were officers present: State regent, Mrs. Jas. A. Rounsaville; first vice-state regent, Mrs. P. W. Godfrey; Second state vice-regent, Mrs. R. P. Spencer; state recording secretary, Mrs. Joseph S. Harrison; acting state corresponding secretary, Mrs. McAllister; state historian, Mrs. A. McD. Wilson; hon. state regent, Mrs. H. G. Jeffries; Mrs. R. E. Park, vice-president general, National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution for Georgia.

Nineteen chapters, represented by thirty-two delegates and regents, state and national officers as given. There are over one thousand members of the organization in Georgia.

The chapter reports were interesting and encouraging. Resolution of thanks to the Smithsonian Institution, through its acting secretary, Mr. Richard Rathburn, for the generous aid to the Daughters of the American Revolution cause in Georgia was adopted by the conference; also resolution of sympathy on the death of Mrs. J. W. Butts, regent of Brunswick chapter.

The report on "Work in the National Society," made by Mrs. R. E. Park, vice-president general, National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution for Georgia, was

comprehensive and instructive. Mrs. Park was interrupted by frequent applause, and a general discussion of the work was entered into by the conference. Resolutions on compulsory education were adopted.

Report on Continental Memorial Hall and Georgia column was made by Miss A. C. Benning, chairman. Pledges sufficient for the completion of the column were made by the chapters represented.

Much interest was manifested in the Daughters of the American Revolution exhibit to be made at the Jamestown exposition, and many articles of historic value were mentioned as obtainable.

Mrs. Donald McLean was endorsed by the Georgia conference for re-election; the motion of Mrs. R. E. Park was unanimously adopted: "In recognition of the distinguished services of Mrs. Donald McLean, and of her splendid energy and untiring devotion in the performance of the duties of her high office, and of the unexampled prosperity to which the society has attained through her enthusiasm and indefatigable labor, I move that the Georgia state conference endorse Mrs. McLean for a second term for the office of president general, the highest office within their gift."

The officers elected for 1907: State regent, Miss A. C. Benning, Columbus; First state vice-regent, Mrs. E. A. Ross, Macon; second state vice-regent, Mrs. Jas. B. Cummings, Augusta; state recording secretary, Mrs. C. L. Crosby, Marietta; state corresponding secretary, Mrs. W. W. Curtis, Columbus; state treasurer, Mrs. J. M. Bryan, Savannah; state historian, Mrs. A. McD. Wilson, Atlanta.

A number of social functions relieved the stress of the business proceedings.—MRS. JOSEPH S. HARRISON, *Recording Secretary*, Columbus, Georgia.

I assure you of my hearty appreciation of the magazine.—ELEANOR H. H. CAMPBELL, Jeffersonville, Indiana.

Some very valuable unpublished Revolutionary records will appear in the near future in the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

WORK OF THE CHAPTERS

Mannington Chapter (Mannington, West Virginia).—"Belmont," the handsome residence of Mr. and Mrs. James Sherman Furbee, was the scene of a patriotic event on Washington's birthday, when a local chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution was organized.

In the absence of state vice-regent, Mrs. Louise Mahon Furbee introduced Mrs. Elizabeth Clarke Churchman, honorary state regent of Delaware, as the presiding officer.



Mrs. Louise Mahon Furbee.

Mrs. Churchman opened the proceedings with a short address and asked those present to join in singing "America." Rev. Archibald Moore offered a prayer, after which "Columbia, Gem of the Ocean," was sung. Greetings from the sister chap-

ters of the state were read by the secretary and one from our national president, Mrs. Donald McLean, all of which were highly appreciated.

Mrs. Churchman followed with a most interesting address to the chapter, giving a brief but interesting history of the National Society, and dwelt upon the work of the many chapters throughout the country and their relation to parent organization and the anniversaries to be observed annually by the chapter, concluding by calling on Mrs. Dr. James W. Neely, of Pittsburg, who rendered a very touching tribute to the Flag, immediately preceding our national song, "Star Spangled Banner."

Mr. William H. Furbee sang "Our Flag That Never Touched the Ground." Mrs. Churchman in introducing the regent of the local chapter, Mrs. Louise Mahon Furbee, paid a glowing tribute to Mrs. Furbee for sterling qualities.

Mrs. Furbee gave a history of West Augusta, as the country which George Washington loved so well. In the darkest year of the war, when defeat seemed inevitable, Washington said: "If all is lost we can find a refuge in the mountains of West Augusta," therefore, it seems most fitting that the anniversary of George Washington's birthday and the West Augusta organization be the same. For years before the Revolution, a part of West Virginia lying west of the Alleghenies, was known as West Augusta. In this district lived a very heroic and patriotic people. When the British under Tarleton drove the legislature from Charlottesville and threatened to invade the Shenandoah Valley, a pioneer mother said to her three boys, "Go, my sons, and keep back the foot of the invader, or see my face no more." In the year 1777, the darkest year of the Revolution, this incident was related to Washington and he was heard to exclaim, "Leave me but one banner to plant upon the mountains of West Augusta and I will gather around me the men who will lift our bleeding country from the dust and set her free." Let us then cherish the memory of those patriotic men and not forget the debt of gratitude we owe to the descendants of the pioneer settlers of West Augusta. She closed by reading a list of chapter officers: Regent, Mrs. Louise Mahon Furbee; vice-regent, Mrs. Sarah Conway Prichard; historian, Miss Fannie

Jackson Prichard; registrar, Mrs. Blanche Koen Beatty; secretary, Miss Lean Prichard; treasurer, Miss Flora B. Conway Koen; chaplain, Mrs. Mary Furbee Coleman.

Following the songs of West Virginia hills, Rev. Moore gave a short address on George Washington and praised the object of the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, saying that the perpetuation of the memory of those who participated in the Revolutionary war was most noble. The Daughters of the American Revolution seek not to glorify themselves, but those who have gone before. Then followed the benediction. The Reverend Mr. Moore has invited the chapter to be present in the Methodist Episcopal church on the Sunday preceding the Fourth of July.

It is said the chapter will offer a prize to the member of the graduating class of the high school who will write the best local history of West Augusta.—FANNIE JACKSON PRICHARD, *Historian*.

Columbus Chapter (Columbus, Ohio) met March 23, 1907, in the chapter room in Memorial hall. It was the last afternoon devoted to the "Tales of a Grandfather," which have proved so acceptable. In the absence of Mrs. Edward Everett Cole, her paper was read by Mrs. Francis C. Caldwell. Mrs. Cole's great-grandfather, Rev. Seth Noble, a Congregational minister, was a quaint, original and interesting character. He served the cause of the Revolution with both tongue and sword. He was a good classical scholar and received his education at Yale college.

Mrs. John Lincoln Dickey gave an interesting account of her Revolutionary ancestors. Two of her paternal ancestors, Hugh and Edward Evans, were soldiers in the Revolutionary war from Pennsylvania. Both were Quakers until the breaking out of the Revolution, when they gave up their religious principles (viz, opposition to war) and became patriots. Hugh Evans, her great-grandfather, enlisted January 26, 1776, in Capt. Nathaniel Vansant's company, fifth Pennsylvania battalion, commanded by Col. Robert Morgan. Her grandfather, Edward Evans, though but 16 years of age, enlisted in Capt. Samuel Dawson's company. Edward Evans was in the battles

of Brandywine, Paoli, Germantown and Monmouth and spent that terrible winter at Valley Forge with Washington's army.

Mrs. William Collins Moore incorporated in her "tale" an account of some of the military companies of the Revolution, as well as services of her great-great-grandfather, Dr. Josiah Hart. He was commissioned surgeon in July, 1775, and served on the staff of Col. Samuel Holden Parsons. He was discharged in December of the same year and reënlisted at the beginning of the following year in sixth regiment of Col. Parsons, recruited from New London, Hartford and present Middlesex counties. Dr. Hart was a great-great-grandson of the Hart who named Hartford, Connecticut.

Mrs. William G. Deshler gave a most interesting account of two societies, the Society of the Cincinnati and the Daughters of the Cincinnati. Mrs. Deshler is a member of the last-named society.

Mrs. Thomas Francis Smith, chairman of the committee Children of the Republic, gave a most interesting account of these clubs so recently organized in Columbus. The George Washington Club, Children of the Republic, was organized January 26, 1907, and has held five meetings. The boys are exceedingly bright, learn quickly and enter quite into the spirit of the society. Too much cannot be said in praise of Capt. John J. Baird, late of troop B, eighth cavalry, Ohio national guard, who has attended these meetings and drilled the boys in military tactics, thus giving the meetings greatest interest.

A new club has been founded lately by the regent, Mrs. Orton, among the boys on probation in the juvenile court. It will be known as the Abraham Lincoln Club, Children of the Republic, and will meet in the new detention home of the juvenile court. Miss Jessie M. Keys, probation officer, attributes the delinquencies of these boys to intense intellectual activity misdirected.

It was announced that a new society was in process of formation which would be literally the child of the Columbus Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution. It will be a local branch of the National Society, Children of the American Revolution. Mrs. William Collins Moore, a member of the Columbus Chapter, has been appointed president.

It was announced that preparations were under way for the first lecture of the foreign lecture course. This lecture will be given in the South End in the Hungarian language. The subject will be the war of the Revolution and will be illustrated with stereopticon views.

The Rev. Joseph Kardoss, of the Presbyterian Mission, has kindly consented to read the manuscript.

The afternoon closed with the reading of the flag poem by Mrs. Frank Tallmadge, "Our Flag of Liberty," written for the National Society of the Children of the American Revolution by the founder, Mrs. Daniel Lothrop, and authorized by a vote of the national board of the society to be used by the local societies as a part of the salute to the flag.

Since the above was written several lectures to foreigners have been given that elicited great enthusiasm among those benefited.

John Paul Jones Chapter (Boston, Massachusetts) held its February meeting in Hotel Oxford. Miss Marion H. Brazier, the regent, presided and welcomed many members. After routine business important matters were discussed and various committees appointed. Applications from new members were received, and Miss Adelaide G. Eliot, of Radcliffe College, was elected to associate membership, she being a member-at-large and niece of Mary E. Eliot, secretary of the department of Massachusetts, Woman's Relief Corps. Offers were accepted from three professional entertainers who are to give their services for the chapter fund for patriotic work.

Mrs. Viola Albert Strous, Mrs. Lillian B. Harrington and Mrs. John F. Wood were added to the board of management. Letters of sympathy were voted members who are ill. Miss Brazier urged interest in the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE, and read various letters of greeting and circulars. The next meeting will be with Mrs. John F. Wood.

This chapter has received its handsome new charter. The honorary members are Mrs. Julia Ward Howe, Mrs. Donald McLean, Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks, Mrs. Alfred A. Kendall, Mrs. C. H. Masury and Mrs. Richard Jackson Barker. There are several associate members.

Hermitage Chapter (Memphis, Tennessee).—The chapter has successfully passed another milestone, and is proud of its membership and its work. One of the chief objects is to cultivate the principles of patriotism, friendship and harmony. Many literary and social gatherings have proven conducive to this end.

Mrs. McLean, the president general, is honored and beloved by every chapter in Tennessee. She is one of the most brilliant women in the land.

The state regent, Miss Mary Boyce Temple, has ever been an ardent and unselfish worker for the cause.

Hermitage Chapter has the honor of claiming among its members two descendants of Gen. Nathaniel Greene—Mrs. Nathaniel Graves, a great-great-granddaughter, and always an earnest worker. For two years she was the honored, capable and popular regent of Hermitage Chapter. Mrs. Kate S. Lemman, great-granddaughter of General Greene, is the competent and faithful recording secretary of our chapter. Assisted by Mrs. F. L. Bates, she is also the president of our social circle. There are many other members of Hermitage Chapter who have most distinguished lineage and great literary ability.

February 22nd, Hermitage Chapter, complimentary to Watauga Chapter, and having as guests also members of Commodore Lawrence and Adam Dale Chapters and the officers of various other prominent organizations of the city, gave a Colonial ball. A large proportion of the ladies present were in Colonial dress.

Dr. W. H. Sheffer, Dr. W. H. Neel and Bishop Gailor were among the guests of the afternoon and at successive intervals paid appropriate tributes to the Daughters of the American Revolution and their exalted purposes. The speakers were introduced by Mrs. T. J. Latham. The greeting of Hermitage Chapter was given by Mrs. Walker Kennedy.

Mrs. Thomas Day, regent, extended the greeting of Watauga Chapter in a few well-chosen words. Mrs. C. N. Grosvenor responded to a toast in behalf of Watauga Chapter. A greeting from Commodore Lawrence Chapter was given by

the regent, Mrs. J. M. McCormack. Adam Dale Chapter was represented by Miss Jean Anderson.

Emily Nelson Chapter is called the "baby of the District chapters," but it is a very lusty infant, having twenty-three names on its membership roll, with two more to be added. At its second social session the chapter was entertained by Mrs. John H. Edwards on the evening of March 11th. A large representation, including escorts, was in attendance. The feature of the occasion was the presentation by the regent, Mrs. Geo. G. Martin, of a handsome gavel, made from oak taken from the old frigate *Constitution*, now being rebuilt at Boston. The historian read a history of the construction and achievements of the old ship.—CORRA BACON FOSTER, *Historian*.

Hannah Woodruff Chapter (Southington, Connecticut) celebrated Washington's birthday in an appropriate manner. The chapter was entertained by members who reside in Cheshire, at the home of Mrs. Howard Moss, assisted by Miss Helen Moss, Miss Beach, Miss Nellie Beach, Miss Smith, Mrs. Speake, and Miss Lina Doolittle. The program was entirely in the hands of the Cheshire members.

"America" was sung by the chapter and was an appropriate opening of the afternoon's program, followed by a piano solo by Miss Eleanor Dible, of New Haven; a duet by Mrs. Cole and Mrs. Lucas, of Waterbury; "A True Story of the Revolution," read by Miss Stoddard, of Cheshire; "A Boy Composition on Washington," Miss Helen Moss.

As each guest entered the parlor she was presented with a little hatchet with a cherry handle and a number on the blade of it. These numbers, they were told would compare with a number on a package, which would be found in some part of the room. These packages were distributed in various places, and when found proved to contain a souvenir of the occasion, a cocked hat, a bunch of artificial cherries, or some other symbolic article. The house was decorated with the national colors, and all felt that the day had been properly observed.—ELLEN D. ANDREWS, *Historian*.

Anne Frisby Fitzhugh Chapter (Bay City, Michigan) last year sent to Memorial Continental Hall thirty-five dollars, our regent giving an additional ten dollars. We regret the loss of six members. We are pleased to record the names of four new members. We sent our usual box of books to the Philippines in November. Have discussed the advisability at several meetings of placing our books in the public library for reference.

An amusing letter of Colonial date, the property of Anne Frisby Fitzhugh Chapter, was printed in the daily paper on New Year's day, giving an account of one of the first attempts at tea-making in this country, and a bit of romance. Our chapter arranged for a general observance of Flag day. Miss Van-Kleek was appointed to write an article to be read in all the schools of the city on this subject. This letter gave a complete history of the nation's flag, and what it means to every individual. Also the description of the making of the first flag by Betsy Ross, and the raising for the first time in the history of the navy, of the stars and stripes, by John Paul Jones. "The Star Spangled Banner" was sung in all the schools. This observance of Flag day teaches devotion to our institutions and loyalty to our country.

"Write its red for love and its white for law, and its blue for the hope our fathers saw for a larger liberty."—CAROLINE FOSS WEBSTER, *Historian*.

Abigail Adams Chapter (Des Moines, Iowa) has enjoyed a number of delightful social affairs. Late in January, the regent, Mrs. J. C. Loper, entertained at her home the Daughters and their husbands. A Shakespearian program was presented by Miss Otis and Mrs. Oberman. The social hour was made very informal.

On February 22d a Washington party was given at the home of Mrs. Gardner Cowles. Our regent, arrayed in appropriate costume, made a charming twentieth century Martha Washington as she dispensed the "cup of cheer." Several Daughters were in costume.

The regular March meeting on the 11th was well attended. It was voted to have the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE more

widely advertised and Mrs. O. Roe was appointed to look after the matter. An interesting program was given, consisting of several fine musical numbers and talks on the "Doctor," the "Lawyer" and the "Merchant" of Colonial times.—BESSIE L. MINER.

Eschscholtzia Chapter (Los Angeles, California).—We are glad to report a satisfactory increase in membership thus far this year, having reached the number of ninety. Our new regent, Mrs. Mary B. Banning, herself a great worker, is inspiring new efforts in the members to be a strong and efficient body.

We have sent one hundred dollars to the Continental Hall fund this year. We have also sent or given twenty dollars to the Land Marks association of California, for the preservation of the early mission churches, and have sent money for the educational expenses of five children through the Southern Educational association, of which society Mrs. C. David White is secretary. We hope to increase this donation largely as the years go by, as the work among the southern descendants of the American Revolution in one which appeals to all the members of our chapter. The custom of presenting the past regents with a gold pin has been inaugurated of late.

Of social affairs we have had several. After each business meeting we spend an hour during which we have a program of literary and musical character, after that sociability and light refreshments. A largely attended and successful card party in December and a very enjoyable luncheon on Washington's birthday were the larger events.—MRS. HENRY C. DILLON, *Historian*.

Old Thirteen Chapter (Chariton, Iowa) has a membership of twenty, a gain of three members in the last year, nine being non-resident. As we have omitted to report for the last year or two, will give a summary of our work in that time.

In 1904 we presented to the high school an official copy of Declaration of Independence, framed in oak. To the public library also a copy of the Declaration, a set of Lineage books, subscription to the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE, and a large flag on the occasion of its opening and dedication.

In 1905, sent \$15 to the Continental Hall fund and gave a military euchre, which proved both pleasant and profitable. In January, 1906, we took up the study of "Iowa, the First Free State in Louisiana Purchase," by Dr. Salter. April 19th, gave an evening reception in honor of our tenth birthday. On February 17, 1907, a patriotic service was held at St. Andrew's Episcopal church, by the members of the chapters; the Sons of Revolution, Grand Army of the Republic and women's relief committees were our guests of honor. The church was beautifully decorated with flags and bunting, and special music rendered by the surpliced choir. After responsive reading from the Daughters of the American Revolution ritual, an excellent sermon was preached by the rector, on the subject: "Patriotism, Old and New." The service was largely attended and was very impressive.

THE OLD THIRTEEN.

Written by G. C. Lewis.

Flag of the free, we hail thee with pride
 Float thou in freedom o'er all the land wide;
 Emblem of pow'r where'er thou art seen,
 Yet still we are true to The Old Thirteen.
 Our fathers fought a free country to make,
 Who suffered and died for sweet liberty's sake,
 What joy had been theirs had they only foreseen
 How vast we should grow from The Old Thirteen.
 Forty-five stars now shine in the blue—
 Forty-five states to thee will be true—
 As heroes of old keep their memory green,
 Who marched with the flag of The Old Thirteen.
 We'll work for thy glory forever and aye,
 We'll celebrate ever that dearly bought day;
 Thy folds floating o'er us in triumph were seen,
 So valiantly won by The Old Thirteen.
 We'll rally around thee from near and far,
 Our standard forever in peace or in war;
 All nations salute thee, thy stars' mighty sheen,
 Full splendor thou art of The Old Thirteen.
 Then hail we our emblem, each daughter and son,
 Honor the vict'ry thy fair folds have won;
 Tho' multiplied stars float in freedom serene,
 Enshrined in our hearts is The Old Thirteen.

—L. R. GIBBON, *Historian pro tem.*

Elizabeth Benton Chapter (Kansas City, Missouri) gave two card parties on the afternoon and evening of February 12th for the purpose of raising their contribution to the Continental Hall fund. The parties were a very gratifying success both socially and financially.—ADELA C. VAN HORN, *Historian*.

Sarah Bradlee Fulton Chapter (Medford, Massachusetts) celebrated its tenth anniversary January 7, 1907. It was organized December 17, 1896, with sixteen members. Mrs. M. G. Goodale was our first regent and Miss Helen T. Wild, secretary. January 26, 1897, the chapter received its charter. We celebrated our first Washington's birthday as a chapter by an entertainment at the historical rooms, to which the public were invited. Mr. C. H. Loomis presented us with our first flag April 5, 1897, which was flung to the breeze on Patriot's day, and Mr. and Mrs. Eli Ayers presented a flag staff in May. On Memorial day we decorated the graves of Mrs. Fulton, for whom the chapter was named; of General Brooks (who distinguished himself in the Revolution, and was afterward governor of Massachusetts), and of fifteen Revolutionary soldiers, buried in Medford.

Through the efforts of members of the chapter, we have since found the graves of twenty-nine Revolutionary soldiers in Medford, not including the New Hampshire soldiers, who were buried in one grave. We decorate them all with the "Betsy Ross Flag" each Memorial day.

We welcomed our first "Real Daughter," Mrs. Lucy A. Reid, in January, 1898, and she lived until January, 1902. We presented a marble clock to the historical society, February 22, 1898, in recognition of many favors. That year we placed a tablet on the house, on the site of which Sarah Bradlee Fulton lived in Revolutionary times. At the outbreak of the Spanish war we held special meetings to devise ways for helping the soldiers, made some sixty comfort bags, fully stocked, for our Medford company, besides hospital shirts and bands, and expended some seventy dollars in their behalf.

Our second "Real Daughter," Mrs. Catherine Sargeant, joined the chapter in March, 1899, and is still living at the age of ninety-six. She sets us all a patriotic example by her

energetic work for Continental Hall, the Royall house and the chapter. Last year she made a quilt, which she wished us to dispose of for Continental Hall, and we realized ten dollars by its sale. She also gave five dollars in cash, which she earned by making quilts and knitting, and now she has sent us another quilt, on which we hope to realize another ten dollars, making twenty-five dollars in all, which this patriotic old lady has given to the hall. In 1899 we purchased the relics of the once beautiful summer house which formerly graced the Royall house garden in Medford.

We held a very successful loan exhibition at the Royall house, beginning Patriot's day, 1899, and lasting ten days, which was visited by over 2,000 people, who came from every state in the Union, and even from foreign countries.

May 26, 1900, we dedicated a stone tablet to Mrs. Fulton's memory, which we placed over her burial place in Salem street burying ground. For the memorial we chose the granite door-stone of her old home, where she lived for fifty years, and where she died. It seemed most appropriate that this flat stone which her feet had pressed so many times, should mark her last resting place.

In 1901 the chapter was able to hire the historic old Royall house for its headquarters, and opened it to the public on Patriot's day. This fine old mansion was owned by Isaac Royall before the Revolution, and was General Stark's headquarters during the war. We worked early and late for its preservation, and through our efforts it is in much better condition to-day than when we took possession.

On Patriot's day, 1902, the chapter gave a Colonial tea and reception in honor of Mrs. Fairbanks, then president general, and the ladies of her suite. I think it was our most ambitious effort, and was a delightful affair. We gave a Hallow'een party in 1902 and the old house was filled with a jolly crowd of merry-makers. We contributed to our lamented Governor Wolcott's memorial, which was recently unveiled at the Boston state house.

In 1904 we dedicated a boulder to the New Hampshire soldiers who fell at Bunker Hill, and were buried in Medford.

We contributed for the relief of the sufferers from the earthquake at San Francisco last spring. We were obliged to give up our headquarters at the Royall house last August, and in October we secured rooms in the Richard Sprague house, built in 1730, and very near Medford Centre.

For the past year, our regent, Miss Annie L. Goodrich, has been preparing a patriotic year book, with patriotic sentiments and historical data for every day in the year. It required an immense amount of work, but was a labor of love for Continental Hall, being put on sale for its benefit.

We have just contributed to the column which Massachusetts gives to Continental Hall. We have worked unremittingly to save the Royall house for coming generations, and have striven to set a patriotic example to those around us, and to teach them to appreciate the great gift of freedom which they have inherited through the efforts and sacrifices of the men and women of the American Revolution.—EMMA WILD GOODWIN
Registrar.

Boston Tea Party Chapter (Boston, Massachusetts) for many years has enjoyed more than the usual degree of harmony and prosperity, and the present year, under the leadership of Miss Annie Sanford Head, as regent, is no exception. At its annual outing last June, a large number availed themselves of the opportunity to visit the many historic places in old Danvers, among others the famous Rebecca Nourse house, which has just been saved from destruction by the efforts of patriotic societies. In October, this chapter lost by death one of its "Real Daughters," Mrs. Lorisa Barbour, at the age of 95, whose sister, Mrs. Hannah Newell Barrett, also a member of this chapter, died two years previously at the age of 103. In October also occurred the ninetieth birthday of Mrs. Harriet Farrie, another "Real Daughter," who held a reception on the occasion and greatly enjoyed the presence of her guests, relating many interesting reminiscences of by-gone days. On December 16th, "Tea Party Day," the chapter varied its usual custom of giving a reception, and instead held a fair to raise the money for Continental Hall, asked from each chapter. They

were greatly honored by the presence of Mrs. Donald McLean and Miss Elisabeth Pierce, who by their interest and aid, added much to the success of the occasion. While the meetings of the chapter are devoted to papers on various subjects, with entertainment and social intercourse, the patriotic work is by no means lost sight of. Besides \$100 recently sent to Continental Hall, as a result of the fair already mentioned, \$10 has been presented to the Boston City Historical club, the object of which is to make good citizens of the foreign boys who are growing up in our midst. Twenty-five dollars has just been sent to the colored school at Mt. Meigs, Alabama, and \$50 for a scholarship at Hindman, Kentucky, where the work among the mountain whites is so important. Also two pictures of George and Martha Washington for this same school, to replace some previously given and which had been destroyed by fire. Also a traveling library for the south is just being sent on its way.

This chapter boasts several direct descendants from the original tea party and the spirit of '76 still shows its influence we hope, in the work which is being done from year to year.

Orange Mountain Chapter (East Orange, New Jersey).— Since our report one year ago, all of the regular meetings of the Orange Mountain Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution have been held in Carnegie free library, East Orange. We have grown from a charter membership of twenty to nearly thirty. While it remains true that New Jersey receives more foreigners in proportion to its population than any other state and while in our community we have so many Italians there will be no lack of opportunity to teach foreigners patriotism.

At the meeting held April 10, 1906, our chapter was presented, by one of its members, Mrs. Bertha Lawrence Healy, with a handsome gavel, encircled by an engraved silver band, for which we expressed our appreciation.

Orange Mountain Chapter responded to the invitation of the Orange Chapter of the New Jersey state society of the Sons of the American Revolution to attend in a body the

church service held on Sunday afternoon, April 22d, at the North Orange Baptist church, in commemoration of the battle of Lexington, April 19, 1775. Dr. William M. Lawrence delivered an impressive sermon.

At a special meeting, held May 1st, to arrange for the prize contest, we had our regent's report of the fifteenth Continental congress. She gave to the historian clippings from Washington papers containing a full report of the proceedings of the congress, to be placed in our scrap book.

The prize contest on May 8th was held in Carnegie library, East Orange, which was tastefully decorated with flags and May blossoms. Six contestants presented themselves. For the best declamation of "The Declaration of Independence" the prize, a set of American poets, was awarded to George Perry. Ralph Gierdano, an Italian, won the prize, a set of American history, for an essay on "The Advantages of American Citizenship." The judges were Miss Young, of the Essex Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, Mr. David Pierson and Mr. Alden Freeman. Mr. Pierson said, when giving the decision of the judges, that they had experienced much difficulty because of the uniform excellence of the work. The presentation was made by our chaplain, Dr. Lawrence. After the contest, the judges, contestants, and committee in charge were invited to Davis's parlors, where entertainment was furnished by the hospitality of our retiring registrar.

Our first lecture, "In New Jersey with Pick and Shovel," written by our regent, was given in Italian in the Cene street chapel, Orange, on May 19, 1906. It was illustrated with the stereopticon, for the use of which we were indebted to Mr. Russell Colgate, superintendent of the Sunday school for Italians. Chapter members as well as Italians enjoyed the views, and the Italians showed their appreciation of the lecture. Mrs. Steelman, chairman of the state committee on education for citizenship, showed interest by her presence. She afterward made a report and recommended its being printed by New Jersey Daughters of the American Revolution and a copy sent to each chapter for educational work.

We recall with much pleasure our last meeting for the sum-

mer, held on June 12th, when we were entertained by our secretary, Miss Etta Drayton, and her sister, Miss Anna R. Drayton, at their home in East Orange. Selecting from a good program, mention may be made of an interesting report of the state meeting at Flemington by our regent and her presentation to the chapter of our charter, on which are the names of charter members beautifully engrossed. Mrs. Jas. S. Holmes, Jr., chairman of the committee on patriotic education, made a full report of the work of that committee in arranging for the lecture "In New Jersey with Pick and Shovel," and for the prize contest. An interesting paper was given by Dr. Cross, of the Nova Cæsarea Chapter, and two vocal solos were charmingly rendered by Mrs. May Ward Hendry, after which we left the parlors to enjoy the hospitality of our hostess on the lawn shaded by large trees.

On the last birthday of Old Glory, when Orange was bright with the display of the emblem, Orange Mountain Chapter joined enthusiastically with the other patriotic societies in the celebration of the day. The exercises in the afternoon were in charge of the Revolutionary monument association at the Old Burying Ground and followed a parade numbering about three thousand five hundred. The program opened with the playing of "Victory" by the band, the words of which were composed by our regent and it is known as the state hymn of the Daughters of the American Revolution. At the evening exercises, in charge of the Sons of the American Revolution, where patriotic addresses were varied with patriotic songs, our chaplain, Dr. Wm. M. Lawrence, was one of the speakers, his subject, "The Heroes of the American Revolution."

At the meeting, October 10th, Mrs. Herbert Turrell was elected regent. At our meeting held November 13th, our chapter flower, the white carnation, with boxwood, was chosen. In a paper read by James G. Riggs, superintendent of the Orange schools, we gained a clearer insight into the character of John Brown, whose strict interpretation of the scriptures and love of his fellow men made him sacrifice even life itself.

Six of our members attended the annual meeting of the Daughters of the American Revolution of the state of New

Jersey, held in Newark, on November 21, 1906, where our regent was one of the speakers. She spoke of our aim to teach the children to love the stars and stripes and declared that she wanted foreigners to know that the women of America are interested in them. We followed, with much interest, the stirring address of our president general, enjoyed the reception to her which followed and the entertainment of the Nova Cæsarea Chapter.

We were addressed at our meeting of November 26th by David L. Pierson, president of the Revolutionary monument association, who talked about the celebration planned for next June.

Our chapter was delightfully entertained at the home of Mrs. John Sayre Brodrick, East Orange, on the evening of December 13th, and presented with a beautiful American flag. On behalf of Miss Brodrick, who had raised the necessary funds, the presentation was made by our chaplain, Dr. Wm. M. Lawrence, and accepted by our regent. Mr. Ralph Lane rendered several patriotic solos accompanied by Miss Brodrick, Miss Ethel Holmes gave a reading, "The Capture of André," and Miss Brodrick rendered piano solos. The decorations were white carnation and boxwood. After the ices were served, "Victory" was sung and each guest was presented with a tiny silk flag. Mrs. Brodrick takes the responsibility of having at least one flag displayed at every chapter meeting.

Our second lecture for Italians was given on January 19th. This was a beautifully illustrated art lecture, "Twelve Great Master Pieces," by Miss Caroline C. Knapp, of New York. It was held in the assembly room of Charities building, Orange.

A special meeting at the home of Mrs. Holmes was held on January 21st, when plans for the future were discussed.

Orange Mountain Chapter was one of the patriotic societies under whose auspices the play "Lory Corner," a musical comedy of the days of '76, was finely rendered before a large audience. The writer, John Leonard Merrill, is a member of the Orange Chapter, Sons of the American Revolution, and the play was presented by the Paint and Powder club of the Oranges, for the benefit of the Revolutionary monument fund.

Miss Helen Frances Brockett, who is engaged in writing a book on "Modern American Bookplates," prepared a paper which she read on January 28th, on the bookplates owned by many Revolutionary generals and soldiers and Colonial governors. She had with her from her collection many bookplates which she showed to us as she told about them.

Our chapter members accepted with pleasure the invitation of the Woman's club to be present on the evening of June 31st, when our president general, Mrs. McLean, entertained a large audience with a brilliant address on "Patriotic Education." She said that "New Jersey may well be proud to be the first state to appoint a commission to look into the needs for patriotic education" and she believes this to be due to the patriotic women. During the address of supreme court justice, J. Franklin Fort, we were strengthened in our belief of the possibilities of what the Daughters of the American Revolution can accomplish when he said "most men know what one woman can accomplish—if she tries—and surely if 57,000 women undertake it, they are bound to lead the world in all that is great and good and glorious in civilization."

On Lincoln's birthday, Mrs. T. W. Hopkins entertained the chapter at her home. A paper on "The Life of Lincoln" was read by Mrs. C. W. Fisk, vocal solos were given by Mrs. Reay, of Chicago, and a number of readings by Miss Davis.

Our chapter, with other Daughters of the American Revolution and Daughters of the Revolution members were of the company invited by the Orange Chapter, Sons of the American Revolution, to commemorate the birthday of George Washington.

'Tis splendid to live so grandly,
 That long after you are gone,
 The things you did are remembered
 And recounted under the sun;
 To live so bravely and purely,
 That a nation stops on its way,
 And once a year, with banner and drum,
 Keeps its thoughts of your natal day.

—Margaret Sangster.

At our meeting on February 25th, Mrs. Althea Bedle told

us of the object of the Pocahontas memorial association and of the monument to be unveiled at Jamestown to Pocahontas—the first heroine of the land. The Indian girl will be represented in true Indian dress, straight hair, blanket falling from shoulders and standing with outstretched arms to meet the coming civilization. The fount at which Pocahontas was baptized into the English faith is in the old ivy-covered ruins of the church in Jamestown. Mrs. Bedle is state regent and our regent is state vice-regent of the Pocahontas memorial association. Mrs. Yardley, regent of the Essex Chapter, told of the work of her chapter in raising funds for the Revolutionary monument fund. Mrs. William Bonnell, our vice-regent, read a magazine article on the federation of patriotic societies, written by our regent.

At our meeting of March 25th, our regent gave a report of the state meeting, preliminary to the sixteenth congress, held on March 5th, at Trenton, where she was one of the committee on revision of by-laws. We were addressed by our vice-president general, Mrs. William D. Kearfott, who, at the request of our regent, spoke to us upon "Ideals, and Duties to the National Society." In introducing Mrs. Kearfott, our regent expressed her feeling of ownership in our vice-president general because of her having been one of the tellers at the fifteenth Continental congress, when Mrs. Kearfott was elected. There was no note of adverse criticism in Mrs. Kearfott's words—only those of commendation for the chapter. She spoke of the lectures and of the patriotic calendar. When we were told what subscriptions to the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE mean to the general society, we were reminded of our duty to subscribe for our national magazine. She told us of the inspiration and help gained by attending state and national meetings, which had been to her a pleasure and made us wish to fulfill this duty to the best of our ability. A report was read from Mrs. J. S. Holmes, chairman of the committee on "Patriotic Education," in which she told of the work of that committee in completing the arrangements for the presentation of a flag 18 by 12 to the new Orange high school. This will take place at its formal opening, April 13th, the cen

ennial of the first town meeting held in Orange. Following the exercises at the high school, board of education and guests will proceed to the Old Burying Ground, where the corner stone of the Revolutionary monument, "The Despatch Rider," will be laid. A good report of Mrs. Bedle's address, prepared by Mrs. C. W. Fisk, was read by her.

Our treasurer, Miss Edith Brockett, reports that our regent, Mrs. Herbert Turrell, is now a life member of the Daughters of the American Revolution society; also the following: All of the members have paid their dues and there is a balance of \$60 in our treasury. We have contributed \$6.25 to the New Jersey state utility fund and \$1 to the Children's Aid society of the Oranges. Twenty-five dollars has been received from various sources for our Italian-American art club fund, some of which has been paid for the expenses in connection with the lectures for Italians. After having paid all of the expenses of publishing nine hundred patriotic calendars, we have sent \$20.50 to Washington for the New Jersey room in Continental Hall. The calendars are perpetual historical calendars, and since they can be used by chapters in arranging for programs and in other ways, it is hoped that they will buy them. They are only 25 cents and the proceeds are for Continental Hall. The compiler is Miss Edith Brockett, our treasurer.

A series of lectures, to be illustrated with the stereopticon, has been prepared by our regent, under the name of "The Stars and Stripes," the first of which, "The Cliff Dwellers," will be given by her on April 6th. The names of the lectures to follow are: "Indian Records," "The Great Northwest," "The Nation's Capital," "Pacific Possessions," and "Natural Wonders."

The chapter has offered a prize of \$5 in gold to be given to the pupil in the eighth grade of the Orange schools attaining the highest scholarship in United States history.

Our regent is to cooperate with Mrs. Yardley, regent of Essex Chapter, in arranging a program for next Flag day and in entertaining distinguished guests on that day, the last one of the Orange celebration.

The historian has complied with the regent's request to

tell something at each meeting, when called upon for a report, either of a heroine or of some current event of interest to Daughters of the American Revolution.

Orange Mountain Chapter is a subscriber to the *AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE* for the Orange Free library, and also a subscriber to the same magazine for the Carnegie Free library of East Orange by the liberality of two of its members.—CLARA VEEDER KYNOR, *Historian*.

Faneuil Hall Chapter (Wakefield, Massachusetts) for the past two years has been carrying on its work in an earnest manner.

Mrs. Ida Farr Miller, founder of the chapter, at the meeting when celebrating the tenth anniversary, gave an interesting paper upon the "Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution from its Birth," also at a later meeting a paper upon the "Industries of Our Fore-Mothers;" many beautiful specimens of handiwork were on exhibition.

Papers by Mrs. Solon Bancroft, Mrs. G. W. Nickerson, and other members have also been given.

The October meeting was held at the home of Mrs. M. S. Page, where a delightful reception was given in honor of the state regent, Mrs. C. H. Masury, state officers, and many chapter regents. Mrs. G. W. Grouard, honorary member of Faneuil Hall Chapter, invited the members to her historic home in Reading, Massachusetts, for the December meeting. This house was built in 1740 by Phineas Parker and sold in 1770 to the West Parish for a parsonage.

Entertainment to raise money for the work has enabled the chapter to place a valuable collection of historic charts and books of reference in the new high school, Reading, Massachusetts, the home town of the present regent, Mrs. Marion F. Davies.

Money for Continental Hall and other patriotic calls has been freely given. The chapter has a membership of 80, also two "Real Daughters," two honorary members, and an orator, Mr. E. H. Goss. Mrs. Mary A. Livermore, the chap-

ter's life member passed on, a year or more ago. Mrs. Livermore's death was an irreparable loss to the chapter.

A faithful member and past regent, Miss Hattie A. Wilkins, has withdrawn that she may become the founder of the Benjamin Franklin Chapter.

A full report of the chapter since its beginning was prepared for the state historian, and published by the state in the "History of the Massachusetts Daughters of the American Revolution 1891 to 1905."—ELLEN T. BROWN, *Historian*.

Lucinda Hinsdale Stone Chapter (Kalamazoo, Michigan).—A complimentary luncheon in honor of the wedding anniversary of George and Martha Washington, given to the members of the chapter by the regent, Mrs. A. M. Stearns, at her home, January 5th, was one of the most enjoyable events in the history of the chapter. Mrs. James P. Brayton, state vice-regent was the guest of honor.

The members came in Colonial costumes. The place cards were post cards of Mt. Vernon and vicinity. At each cover was placed a sprig of box from Washington's garden.

Following the luncheon, Mrs. F. A. Taylor, former regent of the chapter, was introduced as toastmistress. The toasts and responses, appropriate to the day, were a happy mingling of wit and information.—MRS. JAMES H. HATFIELD, *Historian*.

John Marshall Chapter (Louisville, Kentucky) each year gives to some one of the public schools in Louisville or in Jefferson county, pictures of John Marshall and George Washington. They also give a gold medal to the pupil in the eighth grade who contributes the best essay on a Revolutionary subject. This custom on the part of the chapter is a part of its established educational work.

Thursday, February 21st, the chapter presented pictures of George Washington and John Marshall to Shadyside school, which is taught by Miss Myra Gray Sanders, a member of the chapter. Mrs. Ira Sayre Barnett, chairman of the "Patriotic Educational Committee," presented the picture of John Marshall, and Mrs. John L. Woodbury the picture of George

Washington. Miss Sanders responded for the school. The children sang "America." Two pupils of the school, little Miss Mary Schleeter and Henry Washer, read excellently prepared papers on the two great Americans. Mr. Alfred Bishop and Mr. Henry Hertel, the trustees of the school, were present and expressed their thanks to the John Marshall Chapter and the committee on patriotic education. The exercises closed with a few remarks by Mr. Barnett on "George Washington as a School Boy."

The members of Mrs. Barnett's committee are Mrs. John L. Woodbury and Mrs. Sallie Marshall Hardy. The last named was presented to the school as a descendant of John Marshall.

The regular meeting of the chapter was held at 3 o'clock, Friday, February 22d, at the home of the regent, Mrs. George H. Wilson. The members of the United States Daughters of 1812, of which Mrs. Wilson is state president and national vice-president, were invited to meet the John Marshall Chapter.

The program opened with the salute to the flag, when two large silk flags were held by Miss Keith Sperry and Miss Eva Lee, of Evanston, Illinois, and the "Star-Spangled Banner" was played on the piano. Mrs. John McMillan, an officer of the Denver, Colorado, chapter, read a description of the funeral of George Washington. Mrs. McMillan is the daughter of Mrs. Huggins, whose ancestor, General De Neale, was a neighbor and friend of Washington, a vestryman of old Christ Church, Alexandria, Virginia, from which Washington was buried and he was a member of the funeral procession. Mrs. McMillan has a picture of the interior of the church as it was at the time and this was shown to the members.

There was a musical program and Mrs. Charles P. Weaver, corresponding secretary of the Daughters of 1812, read a history of the flag.

Mrs. Donald McLean recommended the appointment of Miss Keith Sperry, the handsome young daughter of Mrs. David B. Sperry, registrar of the John Marshall Chapter, as one of the pages at the congress of the Daughters of the

American Revolution held in Washington city in April. Kentucky, with Miss Sperry, will have had three representatives among the pages, Miss Sarah Thixton, a member of the Gen. Evan Shelby Chapter, of Owensboro, last year, and Miss Mary Hogsett, of the St. Asaph Chapter of Danville, the year before.

Mrs. James W. Williamson, formerly of Louisville, has been elected regent of the St. Louis Chapter. The John Marshall Chapter voted unanimously to send Mrs. Williamson a letter of congratulation on the day she assumes her office.—SUSA T. GREEN, *Historian*.

Illini Chapter (Ottawa, Illinois).—In sending a greeting to the national association, we report a pleasant and profitable year, both socially and intellectually. Our first meeting in October was a celebration in honor of the birthday of our "Real Daughter," Mrs. James Lansing.

In November a friend of our chapter gave us "A Trolley Ride to Historical Places in and around Boston."

Our December meeting was an "Uncle Sam" entertainment, consisting of a paper on "Uncle Sam," and the music for the occasion was army songs, by "Miss Columbia" and "Uncle Sam."

In January we had the pleasure of listening to a talk on "The Early Days of Our Ancestors in the West." by the father of one of our members, and in an informal way many members told of the manner in which their parents came to Illinois.

In February we had a social afternoon, and in March an interesting paper on "The History of the Adoption of the Great Seal of the United States."

In April, a paper on "Where We Got Our Government," the members responding to roll call with "Strong Sayings from the Constitution."

At our May meeting we heard an enthusiastic report of the Continental Congress, from our regent, Mrs. Irion, who during her absence from us, had been elected state vice-regent.

We finished our year with our annual Flag day family pic-

nic, held at the house of our vice-regent (now regent), Mrs. Caton, where a fine program was given and supper served, all uniting in pronouncing it a happy ending to an equally happy year.—FANNIE M. EICHELBERGER, *Historian*.

Sarah Whitman Hooker Chapter (West Hartford, Connecticut).—The first year of our organization has passed and in retrospect shows us it has been a year of good development and prosperity, with the future bright before us.

A few months were spent in getting well organized, then came the summer with its plans for the winter program and increasing our finances. This latter seemed the first essential; so our meeting in October was devoted to a bazar, which proved a social and financial success.

From this increase to our treasury we voted the sum of two hundred dollars (\$200) as a beginning for a public library fund, the library to be established in the town of West Hartford, to be known as the "Noah Webster Library," since this noted scholar was at one time a resident of the town.

With this small sum as a beginning when once the project is well started we have promise of further assistance from influential townspeople.

Our membership is steadily increasing and to our fifty-six charter members we had added twenty with more papers still to be accepted.

We have also besides marking the graves of the Revolutionary soldiers, had a new stone put to the grave of our patron saint, Sarah Whitman Hooker, and later will have special dedicatory exercises. The winter's program has been a varied one. Perhaps one of the most interesting was the mystery meeting of November. The drama was written by our vice-regent and admirably carried out by her and the assistants.

Another meeting was an old time "New England Visiting Day," when with bags on our arms, containing knitting and embroidery, we became as social as our grandmothers before us. Not the least interesting was "Family Heirlooms," when with walls and tables covered with samples of homespun, we

listened to the history of the spinning wheel and the work it accomplished.

We have plenty of work ahead of us, well aroused enthusiasm in our library, committees appointed to keep in touch with our school board and teachers, that we may perhaps assist in some way in its educational branches, and a good balance in our treasury, so that we trust the ensuing year will show even more advancement than the past.—MRS. HARRIETTA TYLER BARBER, *Historian*.

John Paul Chapter (Madison, Indiana) has made the past year a memorable one in its annals. At each regular monthly meeting, after the transaction of business, an interesting paper was presented upon some topic in the study of Revolutionary history, followed by an ancestral paper and music. The great event in our chapter existence was the meeting at Madison of the sixth annual state conference of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution in Indiana, in October 1906, an account of which has previously appeared in the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

Our energies have been chiefly directed to the care and improvement of the John Paul Park, to whose maintenance we have applied most of the funds received from the various entertainments we have given. This abandoned spot of fallen tombstones, overgrown with weeds, used only for a dumping ground, is now an ornament to the city. This last year, we have extended its area by purchasing adjacent ground and have erected therein a handsome rustic fountain. To show the appreciation of our efforts, it is necessary to mention the various donations to our park by citizens. Chief among these is a handsome sun-dial and a large flag and flagstaff set in concrete, also a silver stork for the fountain. Besides we have been given many ornamental shrubs and fine trees. The city council and friends have given us money as has the Merchants' Retail Association.

One of the most important social events was the musical at the suburban residence of Miss Cravens, to celebrate Flag day. After an enoyable drive, we were cordially welcomed by

Miss Cravens and her sister, Mrs. William Davidson, both granddaughters of John Paul.

The dark spot in our year's history was the loss by death of our much loved and efficient corresponding secretary, Mrs. Mary Carlisle McClelland.—ELIZABETH ROSS TROW, *Historian*.

Benedict Arnold was born and grew to manhood at Norwich Town, and his mother lies buried near the boulder which marks the graves of the French soldiers—our Revolutionary allies—who died in Norwich and was buried here in 1778.

Mrs. Arnold is said to have been a charming lady of sweet and gracious presence. She died August 15, 1758 and the pure influence of this gentle mother was lost upon her brilliant soldier son.

The first recorded burial in Norwich was at Bean Hills, Dec. 16, 1661, and in private ground., and became later the common burying ground of the families of Thomas Post and John Gager. Later the place was secured by the town and record of same bears date January, 1693. In 1871 was erected a monument in honor of Major John Mason, the conqueror of the Pequots and the foremost of the original proprietors of the town, and, as was appropriate, this historical memorial is in the vicinity of the spot in which the remains of the hero and those of the early settlers were buried,—The old Post and Gager burying place at Bean Hill, and which was used as a place of sepulture for forty years.

OUR LIBERTY BELL.

It rang out the glad proclamation,
 Of Freedom born anew on the earth;
 With joyous peals it told that a nation,
 In the New World had wakened to birth.
 And ever its story it grandly doth tell—
 Though silent, or when its echoes swell—
 The Freedom it published that first day,
 Was ever to live and to last for aye.

Louise Snow.

GENEALOGICAL NOTES AND QUERIES

No greater calamity can happen to a people than to break utterly with its past.—*Gladstone.*

Inquirers are requested to observe the following suggestions:

1. Write plainly, especially all proper names.
2. Give, when possible, dates or approximate dates, localities, or some clue to the state in which the ancestor lived.
3. *Inquiries for ancestors who lived during or near the Revolutionary period will be inserted in preference to those of an earlier period.*
4. Enclose stamp for each query.
5. Give full name and address that correspondence when necessary may be had with inquirers.
6. Queries will be inserted as early as possible after they are received, but the dates of reception determinate the order of their insertion.
7. Answers, partial answers or any information regarding queries are urgently requested and all answers will be used as soon as possible after they are received.

*Mrs. Lydia Bolles Newcomb,
Genealogical Department, American Monthly Magazine,
New Haven, Connecticut.*

Attention is called to rules 3 and 4.

ANSWERS.

734. (2) GIFFORD—WING.—I am glad to answer my own query. Benjamin⁴ Gifford was son of Jeremiah³ (Robert,² William¹) and Mary (Wright) Gifford. Mary Wright was daughter of Adam² and Mehitable (Barrows) Wright (Richard¹). The wife of Richard¹ was Hester Cooke, daughter of Francis Cooke of the Mayflower, and his wife Hester Mahieu (the Walloon). Hester Mahieu was of the same family as Marie Le Mahieu of Leyden, Holland, whose first husband was Jean De Lannoy whose son Philip De la Noye (Delano) came to America in the ship *Fortune*, 1621.—S. G. T.

768. WILLIAMS.—Remembrance Williams had three sons—John, Jesse and Garrett—born in Va. The family moved to Nelson Co., Ky., in 1790, where a son, Remembrance, was born in 1793. In 1795 a daughter was born and a son Robert in 1797 (d. 1876). In 1800 the family left Ky. and settled at Xenia, Green Co., O. Fourteen years

later they moved to Jefferson Co., Ind., where Remembrance died in 1840. We have no positive proof of Rev. service, but two of the older grandchildren say that he always spoke of being in the later years of the war.—T. B. W.

841. LEE.—Daniel Lee served in the War of 1812. He married Anna Feeter. He was the son of Jephthah Lee, who was a descendant of John Lee and Thomas Lee of Farmington, Conn. They were large landholders in Southington and Farmington. John Lee married in 1658 Mary Hart, daughter of Dea. Stephen Hart. Thomas married 1st, Lucy Benton, of Hartford; 2nd, Mary Camp.—E. G. M. D.

History of Southington says that Thomas² (John¹) married Sept. 11, 1707, Mary Camp of Hartford; married 2nd, 1725, Elizabeth Hubbard.—L. B. N.

878. COMSTOCK.—William¹ Comstock came from Hartford to New London, 1649, with wife Elizabeth and six children. Gideon² b. after 1635 had children bapt. in New London, April 9, 1671, viz., Daniel, Mary, Sarah, Hope, Zipporah, Elizabeth, Bethia (married Daniel Stebins), Hannah (married John Forsyth), and also Patience bapt. Nov. 6, 1671. Daniel³ married May 23, 1700, Elizabeth Prentice, lived in Montville, Conn., died about 1746. James⁴ (son of Daniel) b. June 16, 1712, mar. April 17, 1738, Hannah Allen (daughter of Samuel). He was killed at the storming of Fort Griswold, Sept. 6, 1781. A monument was erected to his memory by his grandson, Robert⁶ Comstock (James,⁵ James,⁴ Daniel,³ Gideon,² William¹).

Samuel Allen was in New London (Montville), 1720—came from Mass. His second wife was Lydia Hastings, b. Sept. 30, 1671, daughter of John Seaborn and Lydia (Campney) Hastings of Watertown, Mass. Hannah Allen, b. about 1712, mar. 1st, James Comstock; 2nd, John Bishop. Mr. Samuel Allen was one of the seven men who organized the Congregational church in Montville, 1722, Oct. 3, Rev. James Hillhouse pastor.—*Hist. Montville*, pp. 128, 430.

887. MONTAGUE.—Mrs. Lavinia F. Selden, 852 Madison street, Memphis, Tenn., has the whole history of the Montague family of Vir., as she is one of the descendants.—E. G. M.

902. HOYT.—Col. Joseph Hoyt, b. Aug. 2, 1725, mar. 1st, April 6, 1749, Jane King, 2nd, widow Anna Nichols, lived in Stamford, Conn. He d. June 11, 1820. Wife Jane d. Jan. 25, 1809, aged eighty; wife Anna d. 1817, aged eighty-six. Col. Joseph served in French and Indian War, was lieut. 1755 in the Crown Point Expedition, was called captain in 1764, was captain in 7th Regiment 1775 and afterward Col. He was esteemed a brave soldier and an able officer. "Hist. of Stamford" says, "There was the spirited Joseph Hoyt, the leader of our minute men, who only needed to hear that patriot blood had been shed at Lexington to fly to our exposed metropolis for its defense, and who was so soon to become the fighting colonel of our fighting seventh." He represented Stamford in the Gen. Assembly in 1789. His son Joseph was a Tory whose property was confiscated, and who tradition

says, was one of the leaders of a party of British and Tories that surprised the Darien, Conn., congregation Sunday, July 22, 1781, and carried off many of them as prisoners.—C. H.

911. REYNOLDS.—Was Ruth Reynolds, b. Dec. 26, 1717, of the line of Ruth, daughter of Nathaniel and Ruth Reynolds, b. Sept. 11, 1688 (Boston Rec.)? My grandmother was Elizabeth, daughter of Jonathan Reynolds of R. I., but there is no record of a Ruth in this line.—G. D. S.

927.—FLOWER.—Attention is called by "M. E. F." to the spelling of Lamrock (not Lamerick) in the Flower-Smith answer. It is thought to be the anglicized form of the French Lamereaux from one of the early ancestors. Anna Watson (Flower) Brackett was the daughter of Major William Flower, who married a distant cousin, Hannah Flower.—M. E. F.

931 (error 917). BARROWS.—John¹ Barrows from Yarmouth, Eng., to Salem, Mass., in 1637, afterward in Plymouth, 1st wife Anne had Robert,² 2nd wife Deborah had five children. Robert² married 1st, Ruth Bonam and had children—John,³ Eleazar,³ George,³ Samuel,³ Mehitable;³ mar. 2nd, Lydia Dunham and had six children. Mehitable³ Barrows mar. Adam Wright.—M. C. W.

937. GAINES.—Elizabeth⁴ Strother, daughter of Francis³ (William,² William¹) Strother and wife Susannah Dabney, married James Gaines, son of Henry and Isabella (Pendleton) Gaines. Gen. Edmund Pendleton Gaines, son of James and Elizabeth (Strother) Gaines was b. Mar. 20, 1777. He mar. 1st, Frances Poulmin, 2nd, Barbara Blount, 3rd, 1839, Mrs. Myra (Clark) Whitney, daughter of Daniel Clark and widow of W. W. Whitney, whom she married in 1832. The other children of James and Elizabeth (Strother) Gaines were—George Strother, Frances, James, Agnes, Patsey, Nancy, Lucy, Elizabeth, Susanna, Sarah, Behethlemel.

George Strother Gaines mar. Ann Gaines. James Gaines mar. Fanny Rogers.—(From *William Strother of Vir.*) M. E. C.

945. There is a Pike Association, Sec'y, Clifford L. Pike, Saco, Me. This association has published several books and pamphlets and Pike coat-of-arms with genealogy. Fee is fifty cents a year.—C. B. H.

QUERIES.

980. (1) DE BAUN.—Is there any connection between the De Baun family who were French Huguenots and the Rev. soldiers of 1776 named Bunn? Where can any account of these families be found?

(2) REEVE.—Luther Reeve was a soldier of 1776. Are there any Reeve records? Was the family of Huguenot ancestry?—A. D. W. F.

981.—(1) BEASLEY—SUTTON.—Information is wanted of the parentage of Nathaniel Beasley b. May 19, 1774, in Spotsylvania Co., Penn. He and Duncan McArthur and two others were appointed spies in 1791, and patrolled the Ohio river from Limestown, Ky (now Mays-

ville) to Big Sandy. He was a general in the war of 1812. He married Nov. 3, 1796, Sarah Sutton b. May 14, 1780, daughter of Benjamin.

(2) SUTTON.—Was Sarah Sutton a daughter of the Benjamin Sutton who was b. Sept. 20, 1759, in N. J. and served in Rev. War from what is now Green Co., Pa., and died in Brown Co., Ohio?

(3) McCLURE—MORRISON.—Information desired of John McClure b. 1758, in York Co., Penn.; also of his wife, Margaret Morrison, b. near Lancaster Co., Penn., 1762. They were married Dec. 23, 1779, and settled near Chillicothe, O.

(4) WEST—EDWARDS.—Where can I find the Rev. record of John West of Vir.? He married Eleanor Edwards, daughter of James and Eleanor (Laws) Edwards of Fairfax Co., Vir.—S. McC. Z.

982. (1) ALLEN—WARNER.—Parentage of Joseph Allen b. Apr. 13, 1738, married 1760 Elizabeth Warner b. Feb. 19, 1739. They had eleven children—all born at Dudley, Mass. Also parentage of Elizabeth Warner.

(2) ALLEN—BLOOD.—Paternal grandparents of Polly Allen who married Moses Blood of Mass., and the paternal grandparents of Betsey Allen who married John May.—A. D. B.

983. HALL—DUYCKINCK.—Christopher Hall was son of Drew Hall and Mary Duyckinck. Drew Hall was born near Hartford, Conn.; married July 19, 1788, at the old Dutch Reformed Church in New York, Mary Duyckinck. She was the daughter of Christopher and Anna (Hodge) Duyckinck. Drew and Mary Hall had two sons, Andrew who died early and Christopher, my gr.-gr.-grandfather. The latter married first, Harriet Webber; had children—Albert, Caroline, Cynthia, James, Christopher. He married second, his cousin Sarah Duyckinck b. Oct. 5, 1796. The Duyckincks came to New York from Holland in 1640.—G. L. T.

984. (1) BAILEY.—Did Christopher Bailey who was a Rev. pensioner from Middlesex Co., Conn., have a son Ephraim?

(2) STAPLES.—Did James Staples who lived at Kittery, Me., have a daughter Abigail? Where did James Staples live at the time of the Revolution?—G. S. B.

985. RUNDLE—KNAPP.—Wanted the ancestry of Amy Rundle who married about 1750 Caleb Knapp. They had five children: William, Jabez, Caleb, Amy, Sarah. The family came from Norwich, Conn., to Orange Co., N. Y. The three sons were in the Rev. War.—L. T. T.

986. (1) BUCHANAN—WILEY.—Ancestry desired of William Buchanan b. in Lancaster Co., Penn., 1769. Moved to S. Car. about 1790 and married Elizabeth Wiley. In 1803 moved to eastern Ky. and d. 1859 in Lawrence Co., Ky. The Rev. service of his ancestors is desired.

(2) HAMPTON—BROWN.—The Rev. service of Col. Henry Hampton

is desired. He was b. about 1740 in Halifax, Vir.; d. in Wayne Co., W. Vir., about 1836. He is said to have served on Washington's staff in 1781. He married ——— Brown. My gr.-grandfather, Anthony Hampton, was his son.—S. E. B.

987. WARNER—TROAT.—Joseph Warner married 1767 in Md. Ruth Troat, daughter of ——— Troat and ——— Scott. Information of these families is desired.

Daniel Jones of Vir. married Elizabeth Minturn. Information of these families also desired.—J. C.

988. VAN WINKLE—PRICE.—Information desired of the ancestry of my grandfather, Elias Van Winkle who served in Rev. War in a New Jersey regiment. Did the family come from Holland, and when? Lucy Price was born in New York City and was a captive in the hands of the British.—A. B. R.

989. HARRIS.—Wanted the parentage of Sullivan D. Harris of Brattleboro, Vt., and information of the Harris family of Vt.—M. L. B.

990. (1) BEMIS.—Esther Bemis b. Dec. 20, 1762, was daughter of Josiah and Elizabeth (Warren) Bemis who were married Oct. 9, 1750. Josiah Bemis was private in Capt. Abraham Price's regiment, and served in the Lexington Alarm 1775. Later he served in Capt. Child's company in Aug., 1775. In AM. M. MAG., Dec., 1906 (query 884), mention is made of Dinah Bemis who married 1738 Jonathan Stratton. Were Esther Bemis and Dinah related? Can I learn from "H. R. S." the ancestry of Josiah Bemis?

(2) STEVENS—BEMIS.—My grandfather was Seth Stevens, son of Jabez Stevens and Esther Bemis, married July 1, 1784, at Waltham, Mass. I am very desirous to learn the names of the parents of Jabez Stevens, and dates of birth and death, and place where Seth Stevens was born. A Stevens ancestor of mine was in the "Boston Tea Party." Can anyone give me his name?—E. D. W.

991. (1) CARLISLE.—Ancestry and Rev. record desired of David Carlisle of Penn., probably of Carlisle Barracks.

(2) ANDERSON.—Ancestry and Rev. service of John Anderson of either Washington Co., Md., or Berkeley Co., W. Vir. What were the names of his sons?—A. C. S.

992. (1) WILLIAMS—BECKWITH.—What is the Rev. record of Charles Williams (had a brother Otho) who went to Ky. about 1800 and died there in 1826? He married Ann Beckwith.

(2) LEWIS—RICE.—Desired the names of the father and grandfather of Thomas Lewis who went to Ky. about 1780. Had they any Rev. service? The wife of Thomas Lewis was Anna Rice, and she was a descendant of ——— Buford of Raccoon Ridge, Vir.—S. C. S.

993. (1) BIBBINS—SEDGWICK.—Wanted the date of the death of

Ebenezer Bibbins (or Bevings). He was in the Lexington Alarm. His wife was Huldah Sedgwick.

(2) LAMB—BROWN.—Date of death of Thomas Lamb who served in the Revolution from Westfield, Mass. He married Sept. 29, 1756, Deborah Brown. Elizabeth, one of their children, was b. at Pomfret, Conn., Oct. 1, 1766. A son was named Elijah.

(3) SACKET—COMSTOCK.—Wanted the parentage of Margaret Sackett who married Ichabod Comstock? She died in 1775. Was her father in Rev. War?

(4) GIST.—What was the maiden name of Betsey ———, wife of Independent Gist, son of Gen. Mordecai Gist of Vir.?—M. S. D.

994. CHOAT.—Wanted the dates of birth and death of Samuel Choat who was in Sudbury, Mass., 1763, where he bought land. He was the son of Stephen Choat of Roxbury and Dorchester who was born Sept. 26, 1699, and married Feb. 4, 1730, Rebecca (Andrews) Bowman of Cambridge, Mass., daughter of Thomas and Martha (Eccles) Andrews. The wife of Samuel was Abigail ———. Was he the Samuel Choat mentioned in *Mass. Soldiers and Sailors in the Revolution?*—W. L. G.

995. (1) HONEY.—Information desired of the ancestry of J. W. Honey, second son of J. W. Honey, Sr. He had a brother William and a sister Sarah. They lived in Nassau, New Providence, B. I., where the mother died. The father married second Mrs. (Fireash) Biddick. Later the family lived in Vir., where the father died. The younger son returned to the B. Is., where he lived until fifteen years old, then went to Lexington, Ky. Records prior to this date are wanted.

(2) WOODSON—KING.—Information of my gr.-grandmother, Nancy Woodson, and of her husband, Philip King, who lived in East Tennessee. Philip King's brother married a daughter of Gov. Sevier. In some way the Woodsons or the Kings were related to the Tilfords.—A. H. G.

996. ELY.—Dates of birth and death, and name of wife of Col. George Ely, state troops, New Jersey, Hunterdon Co.—C. J. C. A.

997. STEPHENS—TIPTON.—Who were the parents of Giles Stephens b. near Baltimore, Md., 1747; living in Huntingdon Co., Penn., when he applied for a pension Feb. 22, 1833? He married a sister of Meshak Tipton; enlisted in Bedford Co., Penn., 1778, as sergeant under Capt. Thomas Cluggage; was discharged March 29, 1779. What is known of the Tiptons?—N. C. M.

998. LINDE.—In the Dec. No. of the Am. M. Mag. is a list of sailors who served under John Paul Jones. Among those names is "James Linde, 3rd lieu." My grandfather's name was John Lynde; born in Boston Aug. 3, 1803. Family tradition says his father was in the navy. Any information will be appreciated.—S. A. B.

NATIONAL SOCIETY
OF THE
Children of the American Revolution

MARCH MEETING, 1907.

The regular meeting of the National Board of Management, Children of the American Revolution, was held at headquarters, 902 F. street, Washington, District of Columbia, at 10 o'clock on the morning of the 14th of the month.

The President presided and the following members were present: Mrs. Janin, Mrs. Howard, Mrs. Marsh, Mrs. Tweedale, Mrs. Darwin, Mrs. Main, Miss Hooper, Miss Hetzel, Mrs. Bond, Mrs. Lounsbury, Miss Geatman, Miss Tulloch.

The chaplain being absent, the ladies united in repeating the Lord's Prayer, after which the minutes of the preceding meeting were read and approved.

The corresponding secretary reported as follows: Supplies distributed: 168 application blanks; 77 poems; 78 pledges; 12 constitutions; 20 lists of officers; 2 permits. Letters written, 7. The report was accepted.

The treasurer reported a balance of \$110.40, which was accepted.

The president read parts of a letter bearing on the plans for the coming convention which she had received from Mrs. Lothrop.

In discussing plans for the exhibit of the Children of the American Revolution at the Jamestown exposition.

Mrs. Howard was requested to ask Mrs. Purcell, chairman of the Daughters of the American Revolution committee for the exposition what articles will be acceptable for the Colonial exhibit.

The vice-president of organization presented the following names for confirmation:

Miss Jennie Fearn, as president of a new society forming at St. Louis, Missouri; Miss Helen A. Winne, to succeed Mrs. Franklin Danaker as president of Schuyler society, Albany, New York; Mrs. Aurelia Conger, to be organizing president at Watertown, New York, to succeed Mrs. Knowelton, who has resigned; Mrs. William Collins Moore, as organizing president at Columbus, Ohio; Miss Mary Gilreath, as president at Greenville, South Carolina, to succeed Mrs. P. T. Hayne as president of Oo-wah-lah Society; Miss Ida Johnson, to succeed Mrs. Mattie B. Tucker as president of the Joseph Bulkeley Society of Louis-

ville, Kentucky; Mrs. E. E. Griswold, to be state director for Colorado in place of Mrs. Harry Seldomridge, who has resigned; Mrs. Hiram W. Moore, re-appointment as state director for Indiana; The name Star Spangled Society for society forming at Indianapolis under Mrs. Julia A. Lander.

On motion these names were confirmed and the report accepted.

As chairman of the printing committee, Mrs. Darwin reported that she had ordered the following to be printed: 600 constitutions; 600 lists of societies; 500 programs; 1,000 poems; 600 invitations; 500 invitation envelopes; 250 envelopes for lists of societies. The report was accepted.

On motion the sum of \$5 was voted toward putting the Juvenile Court rooms in order.

A letter from Mrs. Hubbard of the Valentine Holt Society, was read. It requested enforcement of the regulations of the National Society in the case of the Yorktown Society of San Francisco, California.

On motion the corresponding secretary was instructed to direct the members of the Yorktown Society to pay back dues to the Valentine Holt Society.

Mrs. Darwin moved that the National Board send an expression of condolence to Mrs. Nellie M. Rich, an honorary national vice-president of the society, on the death of her mother, Mrs. Caroline C. Ingersoll. This motion was carried.

Several details of the program for the convention were discussed, and the corresponding secretary was requested to invite the Children of the American Revolution living in Alexandria, to attend the Sunday afternoon service at the Church of the Covenant on April 14.

The Board then adjourned.

Respectfully submitted,

ELIZA COLMAN TULLOCH,
Secretary.

APRIL MEETING, 1907.

The regular monthly meeting of the National Board of Management, Children of the American Revolution, was held at headquarters, 902 F street, Washington, District of Columbia, at 10 o'clock on the morning of the 11th of April.

Present: Mrs. Lothrop, Mrs. Dubois, Mrs. Janin, Mrs. Howard, Mrs. Marsh, Mrs. Tweedale, Mrs. Hamlin, Miss McBlair, Mrs. Lounsberry, Mrs. Bond, Miss Hooper, Miss Hetzel, Miss Tulloch.

Mrs. Dubois presided, and the meeting was opened with prayer by the chaplain.

The president alluded to the presence of Mrs. Lothrop, and said she

felt sure that every member shared her own pleasure in having the founder of the society once more with the board.

The secretary read the minutes of the preceding meeting. The mistake of a name was noted and corrected, and the minutes approved.

The corresponding secretary made the following report: Supplies issued: 104 application blanks; 51 poems; 51 pledges; 24 constitutions; 24 leaflets of information. Eight letters were written and invitations sent to local societies and to Miss Wise, of Alexandria, Va. The report was accepted.

The registrar presented the names of 50 applicants for membership, and on motion, the secretary was instructed to cast the ballot for their admission to the society, provided all dues had been paid. This was accordingly done, and the applicants declared members of the National Society, Children of the American Revolution. The report was accepted.

The treasurer reported as follows:

Balance March 1,	\$111 65
Receipts,	126 26
	<hr/>
Total,	\$237 91
Disbursed,	22 20
	<hr/>
Balance April 1,	\$215 71

This officer stated that the day the twelfth anniversary of her connection with the society as treasurer. Her report was accepted, and the members of the board gave her a rising vote of thanks for her years of faithful work.

As the money (\$50) sent last year by the Ann McCarty Ramsay Society of Alexandria, Virginia, as a contribution to Continental Hall Fund, reached the treasurer of the Daughters of the American Revolution instead of that of the Children of the American Revolution, Mrs. Howard was asked to see the former officer and endeavor to reclaim the money.

The vice-president of organization presented the following names for action:

Mrs. Edwards, as president at Oklahoma City, Oklahoma; Mrs. Florence Day Buckler, as president to organize at Rockford, Illinois; Mrs. Lewis P. Eldredge, as president of James Noble Society of Colorado Springs, Colorado; The name Columbus for society forming at Columbus, Ohio, and Pocahontas for one forming at St. Louis Missouri; the resignation of Miss Patton from presidency of George Rogers Clark Society of Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

On motion the appointments were confirmed, the resignation accepted with regret, and the report accepted.

Mrs. Darwin moved that a committee be appointed by the president to obtain photographs of Mrs. John Miller Horton, donor of the first

loving cup, and of Mrs. George Marsh, donor of the third, and have them framed with photographs of their respective cups and hung in the society's board room wherever it may be located.

Also that the society's founder, the president and two honorary presidents be requested to furnish photographs of themselves to be framed and hung in the board room. This motion was carried, and the president appointed Mrs. Lothrop, Mrs. Janin and Miss McBlair to serve as a committee to attend to the matter.

Mrs. Darwin's report as chairman of the printing committee detailing the work ordered and received was accepted with thanks.

From a letter received from Mrs. Purcell, chairman of the Daughters of the American Revolutionary committee on the Jamestown Exposition, there seemed to be no place for a Children of the American Revolution exhibit of photographs and papers of the society with that body, although Mrs. Purcell kindly offered to display any Colonial or Revolutionary relics which might be obtained.

After some discussion of the subject Miss Hetzel moved that an exhibit showing the progress of the society be sent with that of the Smithsonian Institution if permitted. This motion was carried and Mrs. Darwin appointed the committee to make inquiries and arrangements.

The president moved that Mrs. Darwin be authorized to make use of cabs when necessary and to call upon other members of the board for assistance. This motion was carried.

Miss Hooper read an invitation for the board to attend the unveiling of the Rough Riders' monument at Arlington, April 12th, and stated that she had sent a letter of thanks in return.

Miss McBlair spoke of the interest in the society which she had seen manifested in places near New York city.

A motion to appoint Mrs. Lothrop as chairman of the nominating committee in place of Mrs. Dubois, who will have so many other duties to perform, was made and carried.

As the present room will be given up as headquarters at the close of the month, Mrs. Darwin's offer to store the society's furniture through the summer was accepted with thanks, and Mrs. Tweedale, Miss Hetzel and Mrs. Bond appointed a committee to take charge of moving the property.

There being no further business to consider, the board adjourned.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. TULLOCH,
Secretary.

SPECIAL MEETING.

The National Board of Management, Children of the American Revolution, held a special meeting at the Church of the Covenant, at 9.30

Tuesday morning, April 16, 1907, with the president presiding, and Mrs. Lothrop, Mrs. Darwin, Mrs. Marsh, Mrs. Tweedale, Mrs. Janin, Miss Hetzel and Miss Tulloch present.

The meeting was opened with prayer, after which Mrs. Lothrop, chairman of the nominating committee, presented a list of candidates, which was approved by the board, and afterward elected by the convention.

Mrs. Darwin, vice-president of organization, presented the following names for consideration:

Mrs. Helen Marcy, as organizing president at Riverton, New Jersey; Mrs. George W. Patterson, as president at Laramie, Wyoming; Mrs. Ruth Haulenbeck, as president of Patriotic Society at Walton, New York, to succeed Mrs. MacNee; Mrs. Fred B. Haynes, to be president of Olive Franklin Society at Canistes, New York; Mrs. Burton re-appointment as president of Iroquois Society at Rochester, New York.

On motion these names were confirmed and the report accepted.

The registrar offered 11 candidates for membership, and on motion the secretary was instructed to cast the ballot for their admission to the society. This was done, the applicants declared elected, and the report accepted.

There being no further business to consider the meeting adjourned.

Respectfully submitted,

ELIZA COLMAN TULLOCH,

Secretary.

A full account of the national convention of the Children of the American Revolution will appear in the July issue of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE. Mrs. Fred T. Dubois was re-elected national president; Miss Eliza C. Tulloch, recording secretary; Miss Martha N. Hooper, corresponding secretary; Miss Susan R. Hetzel, registrar; Mrs. Violet Blair Janin, treasurer, and Mrs. Thomas K. Noble, chaplain.

Mrs. Emma S. Fox, of Detroit, Michigan, well known in her work, was consulting parliamentarian of the Sixteenth Continental Congress. Daughters of the American Revolution.

IN MEMORIAM

MRS. WILLIAM JARED CHITTENDEN.

Mrs. William Jared Chittenden, six years state regent of Michigan, died in Chicago, Illinois, April 7, 1907. Mrs. Chittenden was the daughter of General Alpheus and Jane (Larned) Williams and was born in Detroit. She was a charter member of the Louisa St. Clair Chapter and the regent from 1897-99. Memorial exercises were held by the chapter May 14, at which addresses were given by representatives of various patriotic organizations. The silk flag of the chapter was draped in mourning. The platform was simply decorated with a background of palms. The members of Mrs. Chittenden's family sent a large cluster of American Beauty roses, tied with the blue and white ribbon of the society. These flowers with lilies, sent by the Marshall Chapter, were placed on the grave in Woodlawn, where sleeps one so "dearly loved long since, and lost awhile."

Mrs. Chittenden's services to the Daughters, not only of Michigan, but of the National Society, cannot be overestimated.

All Daughters mourn her loss. She was a woman of strong convictions, yet never aroused antagonism. "None knew her but to love her." Heartfelt sympathy goes from all to the Michigan Daughters.



Mrs. William Jared Chittenden.

MRS. MATILDA VON TAGEN IREDELL.

(MRS. ROBERT IREDELL, JR.)

Regent of Liberty Bell Chapter, Lehigh Co., Allentown, Pennsylvania.

Mrs. IredeLL, the beloved regent of the Liberty Bell Chapter, passed away at Atlantic City, New Jersey, February 22nd, 1907, where she had

gone hoping to gain health and strength in time to represent her chapter in the Sixteenth Continental Congress.

During the fifteen years of the chapter's existence Mrs. Iredell's life was devoted to the good of the Daughters of the American Revolution.



Mrs. Matilda Von Tagen Iredell.

When the tablet commemorating the concealment of Liberty Bell in 1777, was unveiled in Allentown, Mrs. Iredell was ill in Atlantic City. Her interest was with the chapter and the occasion and her words of delight that the work was accomplished came to me through the telephone during the reception, she being in an invalid chair at the time. She sent a beautiful wreath of roses, which was placed above the tablet, and afterward in the Mickley's Church cemetery, in memory of John Jacob Mickley.

The fund to those who served from Lehigh county in the Spanish-American war was due to her enthusiastic interest. She gave a lawn fete for its benefit. When the tab-

let was placed on the court house in Allentown, the county and National Guard honored our regent and chapter by assisting in its unveiling. Every one of the many interests of the National Society were of interest to Mrs. Iredell, and as one of the earliest members of the chapter she served in different capacities for the past four years as its regent. In every way Mrs. Iredell promoted the patriotic spirit of her chapter, and everything she attempted meant success.

As a member of Memorial Continental Hall Committee, she bent all her energies for success in her desire to beautify the grounds around our beloved Continental Hall, and she alone created the fund for this purpose. The amount she hoped to present at the Congress.

She was one of the hereditary life members of the Mary Washington Memorial Association, and was interested in all forms of patriotic work.
MINNIE F. MICKLEY.

Mrs. J. O. Moss

Fanny Boalt Moss, born December 4th, 1838; married to Jay Osborne Moss, May 26th, 1863; children, Augustus L. Moss, Cornelia M. Brown; died March 24th, 1907.

Many tributes are due Mrs. Moss: She helped the living in so many ways. One is her relation to one of the great movements of humanity signalled in this day by such organizations as the Daughters of the American Revolution.

The morning after Mrs. Moss' death the *Sandusky Register* said, "the death notice will bring sadness to many a home in this city. For forty years she had been one of the most useful and beloved of our citizens.

"By her broad charities and kindness of spirit she was ever doing something that made people happy. Something that would benefit the general public.

"To her efforts exclusively belongs the credit of securing from Mr. Carnegie the library building.

"She was probably the largest giver of books and money to the public library both in years before and since the construction of the building."

"In all charities, especially those in any way connected with Grace church, she was a cheerful giver."

A member of the Martha Pitkin Chapter writes:

"Ten years ago the 29th of April she organized this chapter. She served as our regent five years, three at one time, two at another. In 1900 she was elected a vice-president general of the National Society and served two years. She was made honorary regent of our chapter last fall.

"She was a charter member of Colonial Dames; a member of the Society of Descendants of Colonial Governors; also of the Martha Washington Society and of one called "The Order of the Crown."

The Sandusky Chamber of Commerce substantially endorsed the editorial of the *Register*.

So did the *Reflector*, (the old paper of old Norwalk) adding a tribute to her girlhood, "music loving, music giving, genial, a general favorite."

Mrs. Moss' grandfather and grandmother, Captain John and Ruth Lockwood Boalt, came to Norwalk, Ohio, from Norwalk, Connecticut,



MRS. J. O. MOSS,
Sandusky, Ohio.

among the very first of pioneers. Captain John Boalt's name was a synonym for honesty; and to Ruth Lockwood I attribute the genius for perfect housekeeping bequeathed so magnificently to Mrs. Moss.

Mrs. Boalt's father and mother were Governor Roger Griswold and his wife Fanny Rogers, of Lyme, Connecticut. Fanny Rogers traced her ancestry back to kings, and Fanny Rogers was noted all the country round for her singing voice, and her children and children's children inherit it.

Her grandfather Governor Roger Griswold was also a judge of the supreme court, and a representative in congress.

And now we come to Mrs. Moss' great-grandmother, Ursula Wolcott Griswold, daughter, wife, mother of governors and related quite directly to more than half a hundred of our great men.

Of Mrs. Moss' great-grandfather Matthew Griswold it is written that he was eminent as governor, chief justice, and member of Revolution Councils. But this I chiefly note, "he had the first considerable law library in Connecticut."

They were book-lovers and book gatherers—these ancestors of Mrs. Moss.

The great-great-grandfather was Governor Roger Wolcott—Ursula's father. He was a reader and master of many books because of a retentive memory. Ursula's descendants were and are memory gifted.

With reverence now my pen traces the name of Mrs. Moss' great-great-great-grandmother, Martha Pitkin, mother of Governor Roger Wolcott.

At the age of 22 she came from England, to make a little visit to her brother in the royal army, and to persuade him to return with her.

But the wise men of the Colony would not have it so. "If possible she must be detained" they said, "the stock is too valuable to lose." They put their heads together and "it became a matter of general concern what young man was good enough to be presented to Miss Pitkin."

Simon Wolcott was chosen.

The first Wolcotts "turned their backs on fair possessions in England and came away for conscience sake."

The first Griswolds—"born to rule," with English love for land and stately homes, left estates at Kenilworth and Solihull, and came to grow.

When a girl she used to write her name long—"Fanny Lane Griswold Boalt." Some times she got "Wolcott" in. Any one would be glad to write into her name such inheritances. When our new eternal names are given us, they will be made up somehow of the names of those we honor by our own honorableness.

This do I believe: "Mercy, Truth, Justice, Goodness" are to be written in living characters, and the writing is to run from eternity to eternity. Lest we forget." (Taken from a tribute to the memory of Mrs. Moss by Charlotte Wooster Boalt), written for the Martha Pitkin Chapter, Sandusky.

IN MEMORIAM

The following part of the Mary Washington Memorial Services held in Washington, District of Columbia, February, 1907, was inadvertently omitted from insertion in its place in the record of the proceedings. Therefore in compliance with the desire of the chapter and friends it is here presented.—*Emily Lee Sherwood.*

Mrs. Kate Kearney Henry, regent, Miss Solomons, Mrs. Gadsby and others severally paid gracious tribute to the memory of Mrs. Virginia McBlair Smith. Mrs. Henry said: "In the death of the recording secretary, Mrs. Virginia McBlair Smith, the Mary Washington Chapter (District of Columbia) has lost a valued officer and to many of its members an old and cherished friend. Mrs. Smith was born in this city almost in sight of the house in which she died. She was a person of superior attainments, having been educated in Europe. She returned to take her place among the best elements of Washington society, being fitly entitled to do so by inheritance as well as associations, the McBlairs being among the oldest and well known families of Maryland. Long will her gracious presence and gentle manners be remembered by those who knew and loved her. This slight tribute comes from one who knew her from childhood and appreciated her worth."

MRS. MANDANA (Russell) BUTTLES, vice-regent of Lake Dunmore Chapter, Brandon, Vermont, died March 2, 1907. She was a much loved member and at a recent meeting resolutions were passed expressive of their sorrow.

MRS. JANE BIRD MOYER, the only real grand-daughter of the Tunkhannock Chapter of Pennsylvania and one of its most loyal members, died on March 8, 1907, at Summit Hill, Carbon County, Pennsylvania. Her grandfather John Bird, who served in the Revolution, is buried at Forty Fort, Luzerne county.

By the death of MRS. MARTHA HARDING BRAMHALL, on April 14, 1907, the Tunkhannock Chapter of Pennsylvania has lost an interested and honored member. Her maternal great-grandfather, John Gardner, while cultivating his fields at Exeter, Luzerne county, on the thirtieth of June, 1778, was taken prisoner by the Indians and afterward tortured to death. Her paternal grandfather Stephen Harding was in command of Fort Jenkins on the day of the battle and massacre of Wyoming.

MRS. EVELINE FISHER SEARLES, charter member of Abigail Bachelder Chapter, Whitinsville, Massachusetts, died May 30, 1907, aged 72 ears. Descendant of Nathan Fisher, Medway, Massachusetts.

BOOK NOTES

THE HEROINE OF THE HUDSON AND OTHER POEMS by *Lillian Rosell Messenger*, The Hermitage Press, Richmond, Va., publishers.

This little volume, dedicated to the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, is entirely worthy of the high place that its author already occupies as a writer of rare and delightful poetry. The two longer poems, the one that gives the book its title, and *The Mount of the Holy Cross*, are written in narrative style and both show that the author knows and appreciates the beauties of the scenery of her country. She has made a happy selection of historical events for the setting of noble scenery and told the whole in exquisite verse. The other poems are short and lyric but not less musical and inspiring. Mrs. Messenger announces that the entire purchase money of all copies sold to Daughters of the American Revolution will be given to the Continental Memorial Hall Fund. The book is bound in the colors of the society. The frontispiece is a view of the Hudson river from West Point. This little volume should commend itself to every Daughter, both for the generous offer of its author and by reason of its own merit.

ANNALS OF OXFORD, New York, compiled, edited and published by *Henry J. Galpin*, Oxford, N. Y., 1906.

We have long wished that the romantic and fascinating history of Chenango county, New York, might be given to the public. We trust that this interesting book is the forerunner of more to come. Oxford is one of the twenty towns ceded to New York by the Oneida Indians in 1788. This town was formed in 1793. A part of Chenango county was given by the state of New York to those inhabitants of Vermont who had been staunch adherents of the claim of that state to territory extending east to the Connecticut. When Vermont became a state these zealous "Yorkers" were given land in Chenango county for their "exquisite sufferings." Thither also came many of kin or ties of friendship from Massachusetts, Connecticut and Rhode Island. If you have lost the clue to your ancestry in some New England town look for it in Chenango county. A few of the families to be found at Oxford are Bulkley, Dickinson, Baldwin, Cary, Loomis, Pendleton and many others. There is a good index to the book.

GENEALOGICAL COLLECTIONS RELATING TO THE FAMILIES OF NOBLET, NOBLAT, NOBLIT AND NOBLETS OF FRANCE; NOBLET AND NOBLETT OF GREAT BRITAIN; NOBLET, NOBLETT, NOBLIT AND NOBLITT OF AMERICA. With some particular account of William Noblit of Middletown Township, Chester County (now Delaware County), Penn., U. S. A. Compiled by *John Hyndhaman Noblit*. Printed for private circulation by Ferris & Leach, Phila., 1906. 4to—401 pp.

This book contains not only the genealogical record of the family but much military, church and miscellaneous matter. It is carefully and accurately compiled and well arranged. The indexes are full and the printing and binding are good. It will appeal to members of the family who have here their complete records furnished them. No one who has not done such work himself can tell the immense amount of labor required for such a book. Every member of the family should be a subscriber. It will be a very useful book in the library of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

A SUGGESTION.

Those who attempt to decipher half-obliterated inscriptions on tombstones would do well to take to the cemetery a pound of plaster-of-paris and a piece of cloth. Rub the face of the stone with the dry plaster and the inscription will stand out with startling clearness.

The attention of the state regents is called to the suggestion that each state have a special number of the magazine, devoted to its interests. The work of the daughters of that state profusely illustrated would be the leading feature, while the work of securing advertisements would be largely left to them.



OFFICIAL.

THE NATIONAL SOCIETY
OF THE
Daughters of the American Revolution

Headquarters, 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

National Board of Management
1907.

President General.

MRS. DONALD McLEAN,
186 Lenox Avenue, New York City, N. Y., and
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.

MRS. CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C., and
2009 Massachusetts Avenue, Washington, D. C.

Vice-Presidents General.

(Term of office expires 1908.)

- | | |
|---|--|
| MRS. ROBERT EMORY PARK, Georgia,
48 Merritts Ave., Atlanta, Georgia. | MISS CLARA LEE BOWMAN, Conn.,
Bristol, Connecticut. |
| MRS. RICHARD JACKSON BARKER, R. I.,
"The Outlook," Tiverton, R. I. | MRS. DRAYTON W. BUSHNELL, Iowa,
127 Bluff St., Council Bluffs, Iowa. |
| MRS. TRUMAN H. NEWBERRY, Mich.,
1315 16th St., Washington, D. C. | MRS. SALLIE MARSHALL HARDY, Ky.,
701 W. Chestnut St., Louisville, Ky. |
| MRS. WILLIAM D. KEARFOTT, N. J.,
Hawthorne Place, Montclair, N. J. | MRS. IRA H. EVANS, Texas,
Austin, Texas. |
| MRS. THEODORE C. BATES, Mass.,
29 Harvard St., Worcester, Mass. | MRS. A. E. HENEBERGER, Virginia,
Harrisonburg, Virginia. |

(Term of office expires 1909.)

MRS. J. MORGAN SMITH, Alabama, South Highlands, Birmingham, Ala.	MRS. A. A. KENDALL, Maine, 10 Henry St., Portland, Maine.
MRS. CHARLES H. DEERE, Illinois, "Overlook," Moline, Illinois.	MRS. ELLEN SPENCER MUSSEY, D. C., 416 5th St., N. W., Washington, D. C.
MRS. WALLACE DELAFIELD, Missouri, 5028 Westminster Pl., St. Louis, Mo.	MRS. H. S. CHAMBERLAIN, Tenn., 237 East Terrace, Chattanooga, Tenn.
MRS. ALEXANDER ENNIS PATTON, Pa., "Terrace Villa," Curwensville, Pa.	MRS. LINDSAY PATTERSON, N. C., Winston-Salem, North Carolina.
MRS. CHARLES H. TERRY, New York, 540 Washington Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.	MRS. BALDWIN DAY SPILMAN, W. Va., Parkersburg, West Virginia.

Chaplain General.

MRS. ESTHER FROTHINGHAM NOBLE,
1855 Mintwood Place, Washington, D. C.

Recording Secretary General.

MISS ELISABETH F. PIERCE,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Corresponding Secretary General.

MRS. JOHN PAUL EARNEST,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Registrar General.

MRS. AMOS G. DRAPER,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Treasurer General.

MRS. MABEL G. SWORMSTEDT,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Historian General.

MRS. J. EAKIN GADSBY,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Assistant Historian General.

MRS. HENRY S. BOWRON,
Graham Ct., 1925 7th Ave., N. Y. City.

Librarian General.

MRS. H. V. BOYNTON,
1321 R. St., Washington, D. C.

(All official mail to be sent to 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.)

State Regents and State Vice-Regents.

Alabama,	MRS. J. MORGAN SMITH, South Highlands, Birmingham. MRS. AURORA P. McCLELLAN, Athens.
Alaska,	MRS. WALTER TALBOT, 503 7th St., Phoenix.
Arizona,	MRS. FREDERICK C. BROWN, 939 West Washington St., Phoenix.
Arkansas,	MRS. JOHN McCLURE, Little Rock. MRS. MATTIE KNOX HAYMAN, Van Buren.
California,	MRS. HARRY N. GRAY, 2334 Steiner St., San Francisco. MRS. CAMERON ERSKINE THOM, "The Angeles," Los Angeles.
Colorado,	MRS. JOHN CAMPBELL, 1401 Gilpin St., Denver. MRS. O. W. MALLABY, 1707 Lake Ave., Pueblo.
Connecticut,	MRS. SARA THOMSON KINNEY, 46 Park St., New Haven. MRS. TRACY B. WARREN, 504 Seaview Ave., Bridgeport.
Delaware,	MRS. CLARENCE DRAPER SYPHERD, Dover. MRS. JULIET AGNES CUMMINS, Smyrna.

- Dist. of Columbia, MRS. ELLEN SPENCER MUSSEY, 416 5th St., Washington.
MRS. HOWARD L. HODGKINS, 1830 T St., Washington.
- Florida, MRS. AGNES M. COOK, Mandarin.
MRS. D. G. AMBLER, 411 West Church St., Jacksonville.
- Georgia, MRS. JAMES A. ROUNSAVILLE, Rome.
MRS. P. W. GODFREY, Covington.
- Idaho, MRS. DAVID H. TARR, Teton.
MRS. FLOYD LESLIE MOORE, Harpster.
- Illinois, MRS. BENJAMIN A. FESSENDEN, Highland Park.
MRS. CHARLES W. IRION, 1131 Post St., Ottawa.
- Indiana, MRS. WILLIAM A. GUTHRIE, Dupont, and 317 N. Penn St., Indianapolis.
MRS. NATHAN SPARKS, 404 East Maple St., Jeffersonville.
- Iowa, MRS. ROWENA EDSON STEVENS, Boone.
MISS HELEN SHAW, Anamosa.
- Kansas, MRS. W. E. STANLEY, "Riverside," Wichita.
MRS. ALEXANDER M. HARVEY, 1405 Polk St., Topeka.
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MRS. MAURICE B. NASH, Paducah.
- Louisiana, MRS. C. HAMILTON TEBAUT, 623 Lafayette Sq., New Orleans.
- Maine, MISS CHARLOTTE AUGUSTA BALDWIN, 135 Cedar St., Bangor.
MRS. CHARLES A. CREIGHTON, Thomaston.
- Maryland, MRS. J. PEMBROKE THOM, 828 Park Ave., Baltimore.
MISS ELEANOR MURDOCH JOHNSON, Frederick.
- Massachusetts, ... MRS. CHARLES H. MASURY, 48 Elm St., Danvers.
MRS. GEORGE L. MUNN, 2 Northampton St., Easthampton.
- Michigan, MRS. WILLIAM J. CHITTENDEN, 134 W. Fort St., Detroit.
MRS. JAMES P. BRAYTON, 328 S. College Ave., Grand Rapids.
- Minnesota, MRS. JOHN EDSON BELL, 2401 Park Ave., Minneapolis.
MRS. ALEXANDER T. BIGELOW, 1930 Iglehart St., Merriam Park.
- Mississippi, MRS. E. BERT R. JONES, Holly Springs.
MRS. CHALMERS M. WILLIAMSON, 704 N. State St., Jackson.
- Missouri, MRS. THOMAS O. TOWLES, Jefferson City.
MRS. THOMAS B. TOMB, 619 East 9th St., Kansas City.
- Montana, MRS. CLINTON H. MOORE, 328 E. Broadway, Butte.
MRS. EMIL H. RENISCH, S. Excelsior Ave., Butte.
- Nebraska, MRS. STEPHEN C. LANGWORTHY, Seward.
MRS. CONRAD HOLLENBECK, 606 E. Military Ave., Fremont.
- New Hampshire, MRS. JOHN McLANE, Milford.
MRS. FREDERICK J. SHEPARD, Derry.
- New Jersey, MISS ELLEN MECUM, Salem.
MRS. E. GAYLORD PUTNAM, 219 Broad St., Elizabeth.
- New Mexico, MRS. L. BRADFORD PRINCE, 111 Palace Ave., Santa Fe.
- New York, MRS. HENRY ROBERTS, 14 Clinton Place, Utica.
MRS. HENRY G. MUNGER, 426 Main St., Herkimer.
- North Carolina, .. MRS. GEORGE PHIFER ERWIN, Morganton.
MRS. THOMAS SETTLE, Asheville.
- North Dakota, ... MRS. SARA M. LOUNSBERRY, Fargo.
- Ohio, MRS. JAMES L. BOTSFORD, 664 Wick Ave., Youngstown.
MRS. JOSEPH BENSON FORAKER, 1500 16th St., Washington, and Cincinnati.
- Oregon, MRS. MARY PHELPS MONTGOMERY, 253 7th St., Portland.
- Oklahoma, MRS. ROBERT T. CARPENTER, 212 West 15th St., Oklahoma City.
MRS. G. C. CHAMBERS, 115 East 6th St., Oklahoma City.
- Pennsylvania, ... MRS. ALEXANDER ENNIS PATTON, "Terrace Villa," Curwensville.
MRS. ELLIS LEWIS CAMPBELL, Wayne.

Rhode Island, ...	MISS ELIZABETH H. SWINBURNE, 115 Pelham St., Newport.
	MRS. STEPHEN F. FISK, 14 Main St., Pawtucket.
South Carolina, ..	MRS. ROBERT M. BRATTON, Guthriesville.
	MRS. THOMAS C. ROBERTSON, 1310 Senate St., Columbia.
South Dakota, ...	MRS. CRAIG S. THOMAS, Vermilion.
Tennessee,	MISS MARY BOYCE TEMPLE, 316 W. Cumberland St., Knoxville.
	MISS SUSIE GENTRY, Franklin.
Texas,	MRS. SEABROOK W. SYDNOR, Houston.
	MRS. THOMAS J. GROCE, 3112 Avenue O, Galveston
Utah,	MRS. MARY M. FERRY ALLEN, Park City.
Vermont,	MRS. F. STEWART STRANAHAN, St. Albans.
	MRS. CLAYTON NELSON NORTH, Shoreham.
Virginia,	MRS. SAMUEL W. JAMISON, 1016 Franklin Road, Roanoke.
	MRS. JOHN D. HORSLEY, 203 Federal St., Lynchburg.
Washington,	MRS. MOSES A. PHELPS, 2118 Second Ave., Spokane.
	MRS. THOMAS H. MCCOUGHTRY, 511 North C St., Tacoma.
West Virginia, ..	MRS. BALDWIN DAY SPILMAN, Parkersburg.
	MRS. DOUGLAS E. NEWTON, Hartford.
Wisconsin,	MRS. THOMAS HOYT BROWN, 182 14th St., Milwaukee.
	MRS. OGDEN H. FETHERS, 51 St. Lawrence Place, Janesville.
Wyoming,	MRS. FRANK W. MONDELL, New Castle.
	MRS. H. B. PATTEN, 238 West 22nd St., Cheyenne.

HOW TO BECOME A MEMBER

Any woman is eligible for membership in the NATIONAL SOCIETY DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION, who is of the age of eighteen years, and is descended from a patriot man or woman who aided in establishing American Independence, *provided the applicant is acceptable to the Society*. Family tradition alone in regard to the services of an ancestor, unaccompanied by proof will not be considered.

All persons duly qualified, who have been regularly admitted by the National Board of Management, shall be members of the *National Society*, but for purposes of convenience, they may be organized into local Chapters (those belonging to the National Society alone being known as members-at-large).

Application Blanks and Constitutions will be furnished on request by the State Regent of the State in which you reside, or by the "Corresponding Secretary General" at headquarters, 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Applications should be made out in *duplicate*, one of which is kept on file at National Headquarters and one returned to file with a Chapter should one be joined.

The application must be *endorsed by at least one member of the Society*. The application, when properly filled out, should be directed to "Registrar General, D. A. R., 902 F Street, N. W., Washington, D. C."

The initiation fee is One Dollar; the annual dues are Two Dollars.

The sum of three dollars, covering the initiation fees and the annual dues for the current year, must accompany each application presented

to the National Society direct for members-at-large. The sum of two dollars, covering the initiation fee and one-half the annual dues for the current year, shall accompany each application forwarded to the National Society, through any local Chapter. All remittances should be made to the Treasurer General, D. A. R., 902 F Street, Washington, D. C. By a check or money order. Never in currency.

No application will be considered until this fee is paid. If not accepted this amount will be returned.

At the April meeting of the National Board of Management, D. A. R., the following motion was unanimously passed:

Resolved, That the following notice be inserted in the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE: 'Chapters shall send to headquarters, D. A. R., 902 F Street, Washington, D. C., notice of deaths, resignations, marriages and all changes of addresses and list of officers.'

NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT, N. S. D. A. R.

WEDNESDAY, April 3, 1907.

The regular meeting of the National Board of Management was held on Wednesday, April 3, 1907, at Daughters of the American Revolution headquarters, 902 F street, Washington, D. C.

The meeting was opened on Wednesday morning by the President General, Mrs. Donald McLean.

Prayer by the Chaplain General, followed by the roll-call.

Members present: Mrs. McLean, President General; Mrs. Main, Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters; Mrs. Newberry, Vice-President General, Michigan; Miss Bowman, Connecticut; Mrs. Bushnell, Iowa; Mrs. Hamlin, Cahplain General; Mrs. Davis, Treasurer General; Miss Miller, Corresponding Secretary General; Mrs. Jamieson, Registrar General; Mrs. Lockwood, Assistant Historian General; Miss Solomons, Librarian General; Miss Pierce, Recording Secretary General. State Regents, Mrs. Thom, Maryland; Mrs. Roberts, New York; Mrs. Patton, Pennsylvania; Mrs. Mussey, District of Columbia. State Vice-Regents, Mrs. Foraker, Ohio; Mrs. Robertson, South Carolina.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and, with a few corrections, were approved.

The President General read a letter from the family of Mrs. Iredell,

acknowledging the resolutions of sympathy sent by the Board; also announced the death of Mrs. Jay O. Moss, of Ohio. In her tribute to Mrs. Moss, the President General said: "We have to mourn the loss of one of our most valued members. Many of you here present to-day served with Mrs. Moss, who was at one time a Vice-President General of the Society, and we all remember her with love and admiration. I would suggest, therefore, not only resolutions of condolence, but that the Board arise in token of respect.

All present arose, and it was moved and carried *That resolutions of sympathy be sent to the family of Mrs. Moss.*

The President General addressed the Board as follows:

I have much to report to-day about Jamestown, although not going to Jamestown Island, because the roads were impassable. I was informed when I reached Virginia that it would be impossible to get there, and the architect, who started, was unable to reach that point. Therefore, I cannot state anything as to our House from actual vision. but I do desire to report that since our last meeting I have had full and satisfactory letters from the Chairman, Mrs. Purcell, as well as full plans of the building. She signed the contract for the \$5,500 building at Jamestown Island, appropriated by the Congress; but informs me that it will not be possible to erect anything creditable for less than \$6,000, and Mrs. Purcell's own Chapter has promised to supply the additional sum. The house to be reproduced is, more or less, a modified edition of Malbourne Hall,—quite different from what I had expected, at the same time, very attractive. I believe that the building will reflect credit upon our Society. It is not expected to be finished by April 26th; indeed, it is not expected that much at the Exposition will then be complete.

Every attention was shown us on the trip. The President of the Exposition went from Washington with us on the boat to Virginia, and we were shown every possible courtesy. The New York building will be in Colonial white; the Maryland building presented a very beautiful appearance, being a duplicate of the old Carroll manor. The Exposition Company has decided to put up an absolutely fire-proof building for the relics, and I give you this information to take back to the different States, that they may know there is no need to fear that the relics will not be properly housed.

There will be during the Exposition the greatest naval display the world has ever seen. The President of the United States and representatives of foreign nations will be present at the formal opening on April 26th. The patriotic societies,—the "Sons" and "Daughters,"—are to be recognized officially. We cannot hope, however, to be so well provided for as at the Paul Jones ceremonies at Annapolis; for the platform is rather small, holding only from fourteen to eighteen hundred (I think), and you must remember that every State is to be represented by its Governor and Commission; then there will be representa-

tives of the entire United States Congress and representatives of all foreign nations present.

Nothing has been done in the way of transportation yet, but the Company claims that it has everything arranged from Norfolk and Old Point, and it expects to run large boats every half hour,—this to begin the 26th of April. It is now a month since I was there, and to sum up the portion of the report that will specially interest you, is: that our Daughters of the American Revolution building is progressing, and that there will be a fire-proof building for the relics. Our building is to be a brick foundation and stuccoed, as the original Raleigh House. I think it would be gratifying to the Chairman, Mrs. Purcell, that this Board should express appreciation of her arduous work.

I have also to inform you that in accordance with an established custom, allowing the President General the prerogative of naming a parliamentarian for the Congress, I have written Mrs. Fox, of Detroit, and asked her to serve as Consulting Parliamentarian,—requests having come from Michigan that she be appointed to this position.

We will now hear the Officers' Reports:

REPORT OF RECORDING SECRETARY GENERAL: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: I am happy to report that the work of my desk is up to date, and that I have carried out all the instructions given me at the last meeting of the Board. Letters of condolence were written, as directed; invitations acknowledged, and the various departments of the office informed of the action of the Board bearing upon their respective duties. The reinstated members (four in number) were notified of their restoration to membership; an acknowledgment made to the District Daughters, through the State Regent, of the prize given for the best essay on the making of an American citizen; Miss Wilcox notified that she had been elected stenographer for the Sixteenth Continental Congress, and Miss Richards of her election as official reader to the Congress; the Supervision and the Purchasing Committees informed of the matters referred to them, respectively, by the Board. The State Regents were informed, soon after the March meeting, of the result of the drawing of seats for the Congress, and the House Committee furnished with all necessary information as to their work as well as the recommendations proposed by Mrs. Park, of Georgia, in regard to securing a suitable meeting place for the pages during the Congress.

In connection with the preliminaries of the Congress, I would like to bring to your attention the matter of providing a stenographer, as was done last year, to report the evening sessions. The official stenographer to the Board, Mrs. Cahoon, is occupied all day reporting, and all the evening is transcribing these daily reports, presented from day to day to the Congress; hence, it is manifestly impossible for the official stenographer to report both the day and the evening sessions,

and prepare the reports in time for the opening of the Congress each day.

I have signed, since the last meeting of the Board, as follows: Original applications, 570; supplemental papers, 191; Certificates of membership, 468, bringing this up to January, 1907. Letters and postals written, 170.

I have regrets for this meeting of the Board from the following: Miss Baldwin, State Regent of Maine; Mrs. Cook, Florida; Mrs. Langworthy, Nebraska; Mrs. Campbell, Colorado; Miss Swinburne, Rhode Island; Miss Temple, Tennessee; Mrs. McLane, New Hampshire; Mrs. Kempster, Wisconsin; Mrs. Kerfoot, Vice-President General, New Jersey, and Mrs. Deere, Illinois. Miss Temple has recently met with a serious accident and is confined to her room, though hoping to be able to attend the Congress.

As the months go by, each one has its own inspiring thoughts. On March 17th there is always a celebration in Boston of the evacuation of the British from Dorchester Heights in 1776. At Washington's command, General Thomas occupied and fortified the Heights with 2,500 troops, which proved disastrous to Rear Admiral Howe, Commander-in-Chief of the British Naval forces, in his attempt to "conciliate" the Colonists. He found it necessary to speedily evacuate Boston Harbour.

In the blending of life's interests, as viewed in the light of the service which our Society seeks to render to the country, may we not recall with gratitude, even in the glory of this Easter time, the success which attended the heroic efforts of our ancestors in their revolution against tyranny and oppression, and made possible the Nation which we love.

"He that loseth his life for my sake, shall find it."

Let us show our colours and pass on the blessing!

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

ELIZABETH F. PIERCE,

Recording Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

It was moved and carried *That the report of the Recording Secretary General be accepted, and the recommendation therein contained be acted on separately.*

Mrs. Lockwood moved, in regard to the recommendation in this report, *That an assistant stenographer to Mrs. Cahoon be employed for the Continental Congress on the evenings when needed.* Seconded by Mrs. Main. Motion carried.

The arrangement of this matter was assigned to the Supervision Committee and Recording Secretary.

REPORT OF CORRESPONDING SECRETARY GENERAL: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: For the month of March I have to report the following: Application blanks

sent out, 2,540; Copies of the Constitution, 248; Circulars "How to become a Member," 262; Officers' Lists, 214; Miniature Blanks, 236; Circulars for same, 236; Transfer Cards, 144.

Letters received, 174; letters written, 171.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

VIRGINIA MILLER,

Corresponding Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

Report accepted.

REPORT OF REGISTRAR GENERAL: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: I have the honor to report the following for the past month: Applications for membership presented, 514; applications verified awaiting dues, 96; applications examined, but incomplete, 194; applications received since March 25th, unexamined, 93; applications of "Real Daughters" presented, 8; permits for Insignia issued, 186; for ancestral bars, 58; for Recognition Pins, 104; certificates issued, 579; letters written, 405; postals written, 139.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

ELEANOR W. JAMIESON,

Registrar General, N. S. D. A. R.

Upon motion, duly seconded and carried, the Recording Secretary General cast the ballot for the 470 applicants presented in the report of the Registrar General, and the Chair declared them duly elected members of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution.

It was then moved and carried that the report of the Registrar General be accepted.

The Registrar General asked permission to issue a permit for a stand of colors and the Daughters of the American Revolution Insignia, to be used by the battleship *Kansas*.

Mrs. Davis moved that this request be granted. Motion carried.

REPORT OF VICE-PRESIDENT GENERAL IN CHARGE OF ORGANIZATION OF CHAPTERS: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: Through their respective State Regents the following Chapter Regents' appointments are presented for confirmation:

Mrs. Lucy Murphy Pound,of Waycross, Georgia.

Mrs. Mary C. Gordon Acker,of Richmond, Michigan.

Mrs. Jennie H. Lougee,of Laconia, New Hampshire.

Mrs. Anna L. Edwards,of Slingerlands, New York.

Mrs. H. Amelia Reeve Chapin,of Rome, Georgia.

Mrs. Bessie Rogers Drake,of Bennettsville, South Carolina.

Mrs. Mary Ancrum Shannon,of Camden, South Carolina.

The following Chapter regencies have expired by limitation:

- Mrs. Julia Tincher Kimbrough,of Danville, Illinois.
- Mrs. Peorah Underwood Woodrow, of Moline, Illinois.
- Mrs. Mattie Wilson Hall,of Hickory, North Carolina.

Charter applications issued,	8
Charters engrossed,	11
Charters being engrossed,	2
Regents' commissions issued,	12
Letters received,	126
Letters written,	121

In connection with the Card Catalogue there have been:

Members' cards,	570
Ancestors' cards,	769
Corrections,	245
Marriages,	51
Deaths,	75
Resignations,	35
Dropped,	1
Reinstated,	4

Admitted membership, March 6, 1907,	60,177
Actual membership, March 6, 1907,	49,933

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN.

Report accepted.

Mrs. Main read a letter from the Mary Bartlett Chapter, of the District, requesting permission of the National Board to be incorporated under the laws of New Hampshire.

Mrs. Mussey moved: *That this request of the Mary Bartlett Chapter be granted.* Motion carried.

REPORT OF THE TREASURER GENERAL.

March 1-30, 1907.

CURRENT FUND.

Balance in bank at last report, Feb. 28, 1907, \$22,437 34

RECEIPTS.

Annual dues \$17,804, less \$255 refunded,	\$17,549 00
Initiation fess \$535, less \$46 refunded,	489 00
Certificate,	1 00

Daughters of the American Revolution Report to Smithsonian Institution,	3 50	
Directory,	2 00	
Exchange,	10	
Lineage Books,	14 00	
Magazine,	888 42	
Ribbon,	3 00	
Rosettes,	1 60	
Statute Books,	75	
		18,952 37

\$41,389 71

EXPENDITURES.

Office of President General.

Telegrams,	\$5 00	
Messenger service,	3 00	
Clerical service,	65 00	
		73 00

*Office of Vice-President General in Charge of
Organization of Chapters.*

Engraving 55 charters,	\$30 25	
Engrossing 4 charters and 8 Chapter Regents' commissions,	2 80	
1 sheet of parchment, roller, machine oil, sharp- ening eraser and record book,	2 45	
Clerical service,	95 00	
		130 50

Office of Recording Secretary General.

Engrossing ink, blotters, paper and shorthand book,	\$3 65	
Clerical service, stenographer,	100 00	
		109 40

Office of Corresponding Secretary General.

Clerical service,	35 00	
		35 00

Office of Registrar General.

Binding 2 volumes records and rebinding 5 vol- umes records and 1 volume additional appli- cation papers,	\$18 50	
Printing 2,000 postals,	22 50	

Sharpening erasers and blank books,	35	
Car fare to Library,	25	
Extra clerical service,	41 00	
Clerical service,	260 00	
	<hr/>	342 60

Office of Treasurer General.

Printing 2,000 transmittal blanks,	\$16 50	
Printing 500 library cards,	4 75	
2 dozen pads,	1 50	
Extra clerical service,	26 00	
Clerical service,	265 00	
	<hr/>	313 75

Office of Librarian General.

Expressage,	\$2 45	
Vol. 15 Massachusetts Archives,	3 50	
Hobart's History of Abington,	2 70	
History and Genealogy of Hinds Family,	2 80	
Paxton's History of the Marshall Family, History of the Morrison Family, History of Stephen Hart and His Descendants,	11 25	
1 vol., "Some Virginia Families,"	5 00	
Sharpening eraser,	10	
Clerical service,	65 00	
	<hr/>	92 80

General Office.

Expressage,	\$2 65	
Engrossing resolutions,	5 00	
Car fare for messenger,	50	
13 letter copy-books, 2 doz. file cases, 1 box seals, 6 quarts paste, 8 dozen pencils, inking pads, 4 doz. blotters, 4 reams paper, paste brush, stamping ink, water and towel service,	48 85	
Messenger service,	15 00	
Clerical service,	85 00	
	<hr/>	157 00

Continental Hall.

Temporary work on Continental Hall to December 1, 1906,	\$30 40	
Night watchman,	8 00	
	<hr/>	38 40

*Office of Historian General.**Lineage.*

Expressage,	\$3 10	
Postage,	2 50	
Stationery,	5 13	
2 halftone plates,	11 34	
1,000 copies Vol. 23 of the Lineage Book,	550 00	
1,000 copies of Vol. 24 of the Lineage Book,	550 00	
Boxes for Vol. 23 and 24 of the Lineage Book, ..	16 00	
Sharpening eraser and typewriter ribbon,	85	
Clerical service revising Vol 1 of the Lineage Book,	23 00	
Rent of typewriter,	5 00	
Clerical service,	30 00	
Compiler,	80 00	
		1,276 92

Magazine.

Postage for Editor,	\$5 00	
Stationery for Magazine Committee,	7 97	
Printing 1,000 circulars, 2,000 subscription blanks and 500 postals,	12 50	
6 halftone plates,	14 10	
Publishing and mailing March number,	329 30	
Office expenses Feb. 1 to March 26, 1907,	17 39	
Editor's salary,	83 33	
Business Manager's salary,	75 00	
Genealogical Department,	30 00	
		574 59

Certificates.

2,000 certificates,	\$130 00	
		130 00

*Daughters of the American Revolution Report to
Smithsonian Institution.*

Rent of typewriter,	\$1 50	
Clerical service,	15 00	
		16 50

Postage.

For office of President General,	\$12 00	
For office of Vice-President General in Charge of Chapters,	2 30	

For office of Recording Secretary General,	2 75	
For office of Registrar General,	3 24	
For office of Librarian General,	56	
For General Office,	4 25	
On blanks and constitutions,	25 00	
On books,	20	
5,000 stamped envelopes,	107 00	
	<hr/>	157 30

State Regents' Postage.

Florida,	\$5 00	
Massachusetts,	10 00	
Mississippi,	5 00	
	<hr/>	20 00

Stationery.

President General,	\$17 38	
Recording Secretary General,	3 63	
Corresponding Secretary General,	5 06	
Registrar General,	14 88	
Treasurer General,	18 86	
General office,	16 20	
Committee on Continental Hall,	1 42	
Committee on Jamestown,	2 84	
Committee on Children of the Republic,	1 42	
Committee on Preservation of Historic Spots,	1 42	
	<hr/>	83 11

State Regents' Stationery.

Alabama,	\$2 21	
Colorado,	1 42	
Delaware,	2 08	
Florida,	1 42	
Kansas,	1 35	
Maryland,	1 42	
Massachusetts,	6 73	
Mississippi,	7 36	
New Jersey,	2 08	
Rhode Island,	1 34	
South Carolina,	2 84	
Tennessee,	2 77	
Virginia,	2 70	
	<hr/>	35 72

Sixteenth Continental Congress.

Postage on railroad circulars,	10 00
Printing 3,000 copies of amendments,	13 75

Rent of typewriter with table, for Credential Committee,	8 00	
Clerical service for Credential Committee,	26 00	
	<hr/>	57 75

Office Furniture.

Cabinet for Registrar General's office,	\$6 00	
Cleaning and polishing desk in office of President General,	\$3 25	
	<hr/>	9 25

Support of "Real Daughters."

Support of 13 "Real Daughters,"	\$104 00	
	<hr/>	104 00
Spoons for 8 "Real Daughters,"	\$18 30	18 30
Rent of offices,	229 65	229 65
Rent of telephone,	8 00	8 00
	<hr/>	
Total expenses,	\$4,013 54	

Rosette account transferred to Permanent Fund, ..	\$9 10	9 10
	<hr/>	\$4,022 64

Balance March 30, 1907—

In National Metropolitan Bank,	\$7,261 13	
In Washington Loan and Trust Bank,	30,105 94	
	<hr/>	37,367 07
		<hr/>
		\$41,389 71

Fort Crailo Fund.

Balance in bank at last report, Feb. 28, 1907,	\$54 15	\$54 15
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PERMANENT FUND.

Balance in Bank at last report, Feb. 28, 1907,	\$16,545 24
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RECEIPTS.

Charter Fees.

<i>Pine Bluff Chapter, Arkansas,</i>	\$5 00	
<i>Colonel Thomas Gardner Chapter, Massachusetts,</i>	5 00	
<i>Battle Creek Chapter, Michigan,</i>	5 00	
<i>Captain John Harris Chapter, New York,</i>	5 00	
<i>Lima Chapter, Ohio,</i>	5 00	
<i>Eastern Shore of Virginia Chapter, Virginia,</i>	5 00	
	<hr/>	30 00

Life Membership Fees.

Miss Mary Drake, <i>Light Horse Harry Lee Chapter</i> , Alabama,	\$12 50
Mrs. Harriet V. D. Vickers, <i>Maricopa Chapter</i> , Arizona,	12 50
Mrs. Mary M. Grant, <i>Colorado Chapter</i> , Colorado,	12 50
Mrs. Ella A. McNeil, <i>Colorado Chapter</i> , Colorado,	12 50
Mrs. Harriette L. Kingsbury, <i>Sarah Williams Danielson Chapter</i> , Connecticut,	12 50
Mrs. Gwendolin G. S. Macey, at-large, District of Columbia,	25 00
Mrs. Louise N. Hoke, <i>Joseph Habersham Chapter</i> , Georgia,	12 50
Miss Lida Brown McKay, <i>Mary Hammond Washington Chapter</i> , Georgia,	12 50
Mrs. Harriet C. Hughes, <i>Bloomington Chapter</i> , Indiana,	12 50
Mrs. Anna C. Rott, <i>Bloomington Chapter</i> , Indiana,	12 50
Mrs. Martha A. T. Lowe, <i>Caroline Scott Harrison Chapter</i> , Indiana,	12 50
Miss Ruth Ross, <i>General James Cox Chapter</i> , Indiana,	12 50
Mrs. Nancy I. Scott, <i>Huntington Chapter</i> , Indiana,	12 50
Mrs. Catherine E. S. Cokenower, <i>Abigail Adams Chapter</i> , Iowa,	12 50
Miss Arvilla Louise Batchelor, <i>Capt. Job Knapp Chapter</i> , Massachusetts,	12 50
Miss Ida May Neary, <i>Framingham Chapter</i> , Massachusetts,	12 50
Mrs. Mary Susan Goodale, <i>Sarah Bradlee Fulton Chapter</i> , Massachusetts,	12 50
Mrs. Mary T. Beecher, at-large, Minnesota,	25 00
Mrs. Florence M. McKie Brash, <i>Elizabeth Montague Chapter</i> , Nebraska,	12 50
Mrs. Marion D. Kilpatrick, <i>Elizabeth Montague Chapter</i> , Nebraska,	12 50
Mrs. Martha C. W. Speakman, <i>Ann Whitall Chapter</i> , New Jersey,	12 50
Mrs. Frances W. R. Turrell, <i>Orange Mountain Chapter</i> , New Jersey,	12 50
Miss Grace Burton Bortells, <i>Irondequoit Chapter</i> , New York,	12 50
Miss Lois A. Schenck, <i>Kayendatsyona Chapter</i> , New York,	12 50

Mrs. Grace Hamilton Lockwood, <i>Minisink Chapter</i> , New York,	12 50
Miss J. Elizabeth Hotchkiss, <i>Washington Heights Chapter</i> , New York,	12 50
Mrs. Blanche M. Terwilleger, <i>Western Reserve Chapter</i> , Ohio,	12 50
Miss C. Belle Dockstader, <i>Colonel Crawford Chapter</i> , Pennsylvania,	12 50
Miss Lydia Ophelia Pickett, <i>Colonel Crawford Chapter</i> , Pennsylvania,	12 50
Miss Mary Elizabeth Pickett, <i>Colonel Crawford Chapter</i> , Pennsylvania,	12 50
Miss Georgie Neale Heard, <i>Pittsburgh Chapter</i> , Pennsylvania,	12 50
Miss Margaret Bates, at-large, Pennsylvania,	25 00
Miss Anne Eliza Fuller, <i>Woonsocket Chapter</i> , Rhode Island,	12 50
Mrs. Elizabeth C. Larned, <i>Woonsocket Chapter</i> , Rhode Island,	12 50
Mrs. Mary C. Larned Lyman, <i>Woonsocket Chapter</i> , Rhode Island,	12 50
Mrs. Alice Allen Berry, <i>Campbell Chapter</i> , Tennessee,	12 50
Mrs. Louise P. Phillips, <i>Campbell Chapter</i> , Tennessee,	12 50
Mrs. Margaret Campbell Pilcher, <i>Campbell Chapter</i> , Tennessee,	12 50
Mrs. Anna Gay Butler Plater, <i>Campbell Chapter</i> , Tennessee,	12 50
Miss Eleanor Katharine Trousdale, <i>Campbell Chapter</i> , Tennessee,	12 50
Miss Edna Allen Pardee, at-large, Wisconsin, ..	25 00

562 50

Continental Hall Contributions.

<i>Sarah Whitman Hooker Chapter</i> , Connecticut, ..	\$25 00
Mrs. R. C. Du Bois, of <i>Army and Navy Chapter</i> , District of Columbia,	1 00
<i>Sara Franklin Chapter</i> , on account of District of Columbia room, District of Columbia,	25 00
Mrs. Helen Pooke Kane,	1 00
Mrs. Lillian R. Messenger, commission on "The Heroine of the Hudson," District of Columbia, ..	1 00
Commission on the "Tale of the Spinning Wheel," ..	1 60

Mrs. Charles H. Deere, of <i>Moline Chapter</i> , to enroll Chapter on the Roll of Honor Book, Illinois,	50 00
Mrs. Katherine Deere Butterworth and Mrs. Anna Deere Wiman, of <i>Moline Chapter</i> , to enroll Mrs. Charles H. Deere, of <i>Moline Chapter</i> , on the Roll of Honor Book, Illinois,	50 00
<i>Shadrach Bond Chapter</i> , on account Illinois room, Illinois,	10 00
<i>Mary Penrose Wayne Chapter</i> , Indiana,	5 00
<i>Paul Revere Chapter</i> , Indiana,	25 00
<i>Col. John Green Chapter</i> , Kentucky,	30 00
<i>St. Asaph Chapter</i> , Kentucky,	25 00
<i>Samuel Davies Chapter</i> , Kentucky,	20 00
Kentucky Chapters, on account Kentucky seal, Kentucky,	37 50
<i>Cresap Chapter</i> , Maryland,	50 00
<i>Betsy Ross Chapter</i> , Massachusetts,	10 00
Mrs. Theodore C. Bates, of <i>Col. Timothy Bigelow Chapter</i> , Massachusetts,	10 00
<i>Lucy Knox Chapter</i> , Massachusetts,	25 00
<i>Greysolon du Lhut Chapter</i> , Minnesota,	25 00
<i>Molly Reid Chapter</i> , New Hampshire,	25 00
<i>Nova Caesarea Chapter</i> , on account New Jersey room, New Jersey,	25 00
<i>Irondequoit Chapter</i> , New York,	100 00
<i>Knickerbocker Chapter</i> , New York,	50 00
Miss Ethelinda Dietz, New York,	3 00
<i>Dorcas Bell Love Chapter</i> , on account of North Carolina Column, North Carolina,	25 00
<i>Mount Sterling Chapter</i> , Ohio,	10 00
Mrs. Mildred Leach Allee, of <i>Omaha Chapter</i> , Nebraska, through <i>Mt. Sterling Chapter</i> , Ohio,	1 00
<i>New Connecticut Chapter</i> , Ohio,	15 00
<i>Brookville Chapter</i> , account front vestibule, Pennsylvania,	25 00
<i>Chester County Chapter</i> , account front vestibule, Pennsylvania,	2 00
<i>Dial Rock Chapter</i> , account front vestibule, Pennsylvania,	10 00
<i>George Clymer Chapter</i> , account front vestibule, Pennsylvania,	25 00
<i>Presque Isle Chapter</i> , account front vestibule, Pennsylvania,	30 00
<i>Eutaw Chapter</i> , account South Carolina column, South Carolina,	9 00
<i>Margaret Gaston Chapter</i> , Tennessee,	15 00

<i>Old Glory Chapter, Tennessee,</i>	5 00	
<i>Col. George Moffett Chapter, on account Texas room, Texas,</i>	15 00	
<i>Hand's Cove Chapter, Vermont,</i>	30 50	
	<hr/>	847 60
<i>Commission on</i>		
Jewelled Insignia,	\$84 30	
Recognition Pins,	9 20	
Record Shields,	3 00	
Rosettes,	9 10	
Spoons,	21 85	
	<hr/>	127 45
		\$18 112 79

EXPENDITURES.

Fourth payment on account of rear pavilions,	\$3,570 00	
Third payment on account of heating contract, ..	1,240 00	
Inspecting material used in construction of Con- tinental Hall from October 29, 1906, to March 13, 1907, inclusive,	348 00	
	<hr/>	5,158 00
Cash balance on deposit in banks, March 30, 1907,	\$12,954 79	

Permanent Investment.

5,000 par value Chicago and Alton railroad 3% bonds,	\$4,000 60	
10,000 par value Baltimore and Ohio Railroad 4% bonds,	10,150 00	
10,000 par value Union Pacific Railroad 4% bonds,	10,326 50	24,477 10
	<hr/>	
Total Permanent Fund, cash and investments,	\$37,431 89	

Respectfully submitted,

M. E. S. DAVIS,
Treasurer General.

The reinstated members were announced, and upon motion, these members were restored to the rolls of membership of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution.

The resignations were read and accepted. Upon the announcement of the deaths, the Board, at the suggestion of the President General, arose in token of sympathy.

Referring to the matter of the clerical service granted the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters, to fill a va-

cancy in her office, Mrs. Mussey moved: *That temporary help be allowed the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters as long as needed, and the Treasurer General be authorized to pay Miss Harper for services rendered in her office.*

Seconded by Mrs. Newberry. Motion carried.

It was then moved and carried that the report of the Treasurer General be accepted.

The Treasurer General made an explanation in regard to the error of twenty cents which had been mentioned in a previous report of the Auditing Committee.

After some discussion as to the disposition of this twenty cents, Mrs. Patton moved: *That the Auditor having found an error of twenty cents in the Treasurer General's account, and the Treasurer having located the error as being previous to her incumbency, and the amount having been returned to Mr. Chase, that it be presented to Continental Hall fund.* Seconded by Mrs. Mussey. Motion carried.

The President General read a letter from Caldwell & Co., requesting permission to sell to members of the Society the large stock of Daughters of the American Revolution rosettes they have now on hand, and which at the present time are being sold only through the Curator.

The terms of Caldwell's offer appearing advantageous to the Society, Mrs. Patton moved: *That the request of Caldwell to sell the rosettes at the time of the Congress to members having proper credentials, be granted, if agreeing with price they are sold by Curator.* Seconded by Mrs. Newberry. Motion carried.

Also a letter from Mrs. Purcell, giving favorable accounts of the Daughters of the American Revolution building at Jamestown Island, and expressed the desire that a word of commendation be sent the chairman, Mrs. Purcell, in recognition of her efforts in this work.

Mrs. Mussey moved: *That the National Board express their appreciation of the result of Mrs. Purcell's efforts to erect a memorial house at Jamestown for the Daughters of the American Revolution as reported to the Board by the President General.*

Seconded by Miss Miller and Mrs. Jamieson. Motion carried.

The Treasurer General read a letter from Mrs. Lebadie, a member of a Philadelphia Chapter, stating difficulties she had experienced in having her resignation from the Chapter acted upon.

This was explained to the Board, and Mrs. Thom moved: *That a committee be appointed by the President General to investigate this matter and report back to the Board.* Motion carried.

The President General appointed Mrs. Thom and Miss Pierce as this committee, and instructed the Recording Secretary General to write and ascertain the facts on the subject.

At half past twelve o'clock Mrs. Thom moved that the Board take a recess until half past two o'clock. Motion carried.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, *April 3, 1907.*

The adjourned meeting was called to order on Wednesday afternoon by the President General, Mrs. Donald McLean.

The report of the Historian General was presented by Mrs. Lockwood in the absence of that officer.

REPORT OF THE HISTORIAN GENERAL: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: I regret that the 23rd and 24th Volumes of the Lineage Books are not bound to present to the Board to-day. This could not be done until the indexes are completed.

These Lineage Books will be ready for distribution to the Chapters at the Continental Congress. Mrs. Johnston has made an errata of the first twenty volumes, and two thousand folios have been printed without extra cost. They will not be bound, but folded, so as to send to all subscribers and Chapters, and enough remain on hand for distribution throughout the coming year.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

LOUISE P. DOLLIVER,
Historian General, N. S. D. A. R.

Report accepted.

The report of the Assistant Historian General was read and accepted with a vote of thanks for the work of compiling the Daughters of the American Revolution Report to the Smithsonian Institution.

REPORT OF THE LIBRARIAN GENERAL: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: I have the honor to report the following accessions to the library since the meeting of March 6, 1907.

Books.

Ancestors of my children and other related children of the generations living in the morning of the twentieth century. By William Copeland Clark. Bangor, 1906.

Genealogy of the Dexter family in America, Descendants of Thomas Dexter, Together with the record of other allied families. Compiled by Wm. A. Warden and Robert L. Dexter. Worcester, 1905.

Genealogical history of Deacon Stephen Hart and his Descendants. 1632-1875. By Alfred Andrews. Hartford, 1875.

History and Genealogy of the Hinds Family. By Albert Henry Hinds. Portland, 1899.

A chapter of Hopkins Genealogy, 1735-1905. Compiled by Ella Warren Harrison. Chicago, 1905.

The Marshall Family, or a Genealogical chart of the Descendants of John Marshall and Elizabeth Markham, his wife. By W. M. Paxton. Cincinnati, 1885.

History of the Morison or Morrison Family. By Leonard A. Morri-
son. Boston, 1880.

*Some Virginia Families. Being Genealogies of the Kinney, Stribling,
Trout, McIlhany, Milton, Rogers, Tate, Snickers, Taylor, McCormick
and other families of Virginia.* By Hugh Milton McIlhane, Jr.
Staunton, 1903.

Virginia County Records, Spotsylvania Co., 1721-1800. Edited by
William Armstrong Crozier. New York, 1905. Presented by Virginia
Daughters of the American Revolution.

History of the town of Abington, Mass. By Benjamin Hobart. Bos-
ton, 1866.

*History of Henrico Parish and Old St. John's Church, Richmond,
Va., 1611-1904.* Compiled by J. Staunton Moore. Richmond, 1904.
Presented by Virginia Daughters of the American Revolution.

*The Record of a Century. 1804-1904. Church Life of the Reformed
Church, Warwick, New York.* Presented by the vestry.

*Report of the Connecticut State Librarian to the Governor for the
two years ended Sept. 30, 1906.* Hartford, 1906.

The Quest for a Lost Race. By Thomas E. Pickett. Louisville,
1907. Filson Club Publication, No. 22.

*Calendar of the Correspondence of George Washington, Command-
er-in-Chief of the Continental Army with the Continental Congress.*
Prepared from the original MSS. in the Library of Congress, by John
C. Fitzpatrick. Washington, 1906. Presented by John C. Fitzpatrick.

Preliminary Check List of American Almanacs, 1639-1800. By Hugh
Alexander Morrison. Washington, 1907. Presented by Hugh A. Mor-
rison.

The Philadelphia Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution,
presented to the library the following 8 volumes, viz:

1. *History of the Encampment of the American Army at Valley
Forge in Chester and Philadelphia counties, Pa., in the winter of 1777-
1778.* By Henry Woodman. Originally published in the Philadelphia
Sunday Dispatch of 1865. The volume consists of the newspaper ar-
ticles mounted and bound.

2. *Orderly book of Gen. George Washington, Commander-in-Chief
of the American Armies Kept at Valley Forge, 18 May-11 June, 1778.*
Boston, 1898.

3. *A Collection of upwards of Thirty Thousand Names of German,
Swiss, Dutch, French and other immigrants in Pennsylvania from 1727
to 1776, with statement of names of ships, whence they sailed, date of
arrival in Philadelphia, chronologically arranged.* By I. Daniel Rupp.
2d revised and enlarged edition. Philadelphia, 1898.

4. *Names of persons who took the oath of allegiance to the State of
Pennsylvania between the years 1777 and 1789, with a history of the
"Test Laws" of Pennsylvania.* By Thompson Westcott. Philadelphia,
1865.

5. 1750-1863. *Marriage records of Gloria Dei Church, "Old Swedes," Philadelphia.* Compiled by Park McFarland, Jr. Philadelphia, 1879.

6-7. *Pennsylvania in the War of the Revolution, Battalions and Line, 1775-1783.* Edited by John Blair Linn and William H. Egle. Harrisburg, 1886.

8. *Provincial Councillors of Pennsylvania who held office between 1733 and 1776 and those earlier councillors who were some time chief magistrates of the Province, and their Descendants.* By Charles P. Keith. Philadelphia, 1883.

From Mrs. J. W. Endsley, of Somerfield, Pa., the library received a complete set, 8 volumes, of the 5th Series, Pennsylvania Archives, together with a copy of Smull's Legislative Handbook and Manual of the State of Pennsylvania for 1906.

Massachusetts Soldiers and Sailors of the Revolution. Vol. 15. Boston, 1907.

Polly of the Pines, a Patriot Girl of the Carolinas. By Adele E. Thompson. Boston, 1906.

Some Fancies in Verse. By Mary Pettus Thomas. New York, 1906.

In the Shadow of the Lord. A Romance of the Washingtons. By Mrs. Hugh Fraser. New York, 1906. Presented by Miss Mary Desha.

Dolly Madison. A Story of the War of 1812. By Mary Elizabeth Springer. New York, 1906. Presented by Miss Mary E. Springer.

PERIODICALS.

<i>Connecticut Magazine,</i>	No. 1, Vol. XI
<i>Genealogical Magazine,</i>	January
<i>New England Historical and Genealogical Register,</i>	April
<i>North Carolina Booklet,</i>	April
<i>Ohio Archaeological and Historical Quarterly,</i>	January
<i>Owl Genealogical Quarterly Magazine, The,</i>	March
<i>William and Mary College Quarterly,</i>	January

The above 45 accessions comprise 38 books and 7 periodicals. 20 books were presented, 7 received in exchange and 7 purchased.

Respectfully submitted,

ALINE E. SOLOMONS,
Librarian General, N. S. D. A. R.

REPORT OF THE FINANCE COMMITTEE: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: Your Finance Committee reports the authorization of bills for March to the amount of \$2,768.79, of which the largest items were: Pay roll, \$1,065; Telegraph Printing Co., \$329.93; rent, \$229.65.

The Committee desires to call attention of the Board to the fact that the interest on the investments of the permanent fund in first mortgage railroad bonds has been \$200 collected from November to February 1st and that on April 1st there will accrue the interest on \$10.-

150 on the Baltimore and Ohio mortgage bonds, and also on the \$4,000.60 of the Chicago and Alton mortgage,—or just double the interest that would have accrued had the fund remained in the Trust Co., where it was deposited, and drawing only 2 per cent.

The interest on the money deposited in the three Trust Companies has been \$414.13 from November to April,—making the whole amount of interest collected on the permanent fund during the past five months \$614.13. It was also through the efforts of this Committee that the Metropolitan National Bank is paying us the 2 per cent. on the current fund, which formerly brought us in no interest whatever.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN, *Chairman,*
Finance Committee.

(“)

HARRIET B. NEWBERRY,

(“)

ELLEN S. MUSSEY,

(“)

BERTHA M. ROBBINS,

(“)

MARY LOUISE BARROL.

Report accepted.

REPORT OF THE SUPERVISION COMMITTEE: To the National Board, Daughters of the American Revolution: The Committee on Supervision has carefully considered the recommendation of the Historian General for an increase of salary to Mrs. Johnston, and regret to report that in consideration of the general salary list they cannot report favorably on the recommendation. In this the Committee are unaimous.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

ELLEN S. MUSSEY, *Chairman.*

REPORT OF THE PURCHASING COMMITTEE: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: As Chairman of the Purchasing Committee, I submit the following report: The acting chairman has purchased the card catalogue, as ordered by the Board for the Registrar General, and she has granted the request of a “costumer,” for the clerks. All necessary supplies, such as “tubes,” etc., have been attended to with promptness.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) ELIZA L. BARKER, *Chairman Purchasing Committee.*

Report accepted.

Mrs. Main announced that Mrs. Robertson, State Vice-Regent of South Carolina, had presented pieces of wood from the *Ranger*, also some postals illustrating the *Ranger*, and asked permission to have these framed, and the wood attached to the frame.

Mrs. Jamison moved: *That Mrs. Main be authorized to have the postals illustrating the “Ranger” framed, and the pieces of wood from the ship be appended thereto, and the Treasurer General instructed to pay the bill.* Seconded by Mrs. Patton. Motion carried.

AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE, per Board of Management, Daughters of the American Revolution, in account with Lilian Lockwood, Business Manager.

RECEIPTS.

February 1st to March 30th, 1907:

Subscriptions, as per vouchers and Cash Register,	\$644 90	
Sale of extra copies,	12 56	
Net advertising receipts,	219 46	
Cuts, paid for by individuals,	11 50	
	<hr/>	
Amount delivered to Treasurer General,		\$888 42

OFFICE EXPENSES.

February 1st to March 30th, 1907:

Mailing extra copies, second-class matter, as per voucher,	\$1 80	
Postage (2 months),	8 25	
Expressage—		
Mailing lists, February and March, ...	\$0 65	
Magazine envelopes from Harrisburg, ..	45	
Advertising plates to Harrisburg,	40	
	<hr/>	1 50
Freight and cartage, extra Magazines from Harrisburg, February and March,	1 32	
Telegrams,	50	
Money orders and fees—		
Returned on subscriptions Nos. 25351, 25352, 25856, sent in error,	1 96	
Returned on overpaid subscriptions Nos. 26325, 26209,	2 06	
	<hr/>	\$17 39

Bills presented to Treasurer General for payment:

Printing and mailing January number, including postage,	\$344 47
Printing and mailing February number, including postage,	295 00
Printing and mailing March number, including postage,	329 30
Salary, Editor, 2 months,	166 68
Salary, Business Manager, 2 months,	150 00
Salary, Editor of Genealogical Dept., 2 months, .	60 00
Half-tone cuts, partly paid for by individuals, ..	36 90
Caldwell & Co.—Stationery for Chairman of Magazine Committee,	7 97

Printing—

1,000 Circulars to Regents,	\$2 75	
500 Receipt postals,	6 00	
2,000 Subscription blanks,	3 75	
		12 50
Postage for Editor,		5 00
Office Expenses, 2 months, as per itemized account rendered and attached,		17 39
		<hr/> \$1,425 21

1,082 new subscribers.

Respectfully submitted,

LILIAN LOCKWOOD,
Business Manager.

Report accepted.

The President General read a letter from Vermont, in behalf of an indigent "Real Daughter," Mrs. Lucy Skinner, a member of the Otta-queechee Chapter, Woodstock, Vermont, and requesting a pension for this lady.

After some discussion it was decided that this letter be referred to the State Regent of Vermont, with the request that she communicate with Mrs. Peel, Chairman of the Committee on "Real Daughters," for fuller information.

Also a letter from the Officers of the Masonic Fair, which is announced for the week of the 15th, inviting the National Board, Daughters of the American Revolution, to attend in a body.

It was moved and carried *That this courteous invitation be acknowledged, with the statement that it will not be possible for the Board to attend in a body, but those members who are able to do so will be pleased to accept the invitation.*

Also a letter from Mr. Keim about the sale of certain booklets at the Congress.

Mrs. Newberry moved: *That the suggestion of Mr. Keim as to the sale of the booklets at the Congress, be referred to the Committee on Souvenirs and recommend that if they approve the plan, it be accepted.* Seconded by Mrs. Bushnell. Motion carried.

Also an invitation to attend the ceremonies to be held at Arlington on Friday, April 12th, at 4.30 p. m., when the monument to the First United States Cavalry will be dedicated. This was accepted with thanks.

Mrs. Jamieson presented to the Board the matter of proposed changes in the application blanks, made by a member in Philadelphia.

After some discussion it was decided that this matter be referred to the Sixteenth Continental Congress for action.

Mrs. Mussey reported on the matter of protecting the Insignia of the Society, which had been referred to her at a previous meeting.

The Chair invited full discussion.

Mrs. Mussey then moved: *That the National Board of Management recommend to the Congress action that will protect the Insignia of the Order.* Seconded by Miss Pierce. Motion carried.

Mrs. Newberry presented her report upon the matter of the Chapter of the Sarah Caswell Angell Chapter, of which she was Chairman.

It was moved and carried *That this report be accepted with thanks to Mrs. Newberry for her efforts in adjusting the matter.*

Mrs. Patton, Chairman of the Program Committee for the Sixteenth Continental Congress, submitted to the Board the program prepared by the Committee. This was approved, with some slight changes, by the Board.

The President General announced that the President of the United States had invited the Congress to the White House—the entire Congress to be received on Friday, April 19th.

The resolutions on the death of Miss Elizabeth Bryant Johnston, which had been engrossed and framed, by order of the Board at a previous meeting, and presented to the family of Miss Johnston, were presented by Mrs. Saunders Johnston to the Board.

Mrs. Main moved *a resolution of appropriation to Mrs. Johnston for this memento of Miss Elizabeth Bryant Johnston, presented to the National Society.* Motion carried.

Mrs. Davis asked to have the matter of the error in regard to the twenty cents re-opened.

Mrs. Lockwood moved: *That this matter be re-opened.*

The motion was put by the Chair, voted on, and lost.

Mrs. Davis called for a rising vote. The motion was again voted on and lost.

The President General announced the receipt of a letter that morning from Mrs. Purcell, Chairman of the Jamestown Committee, stating that the exhibits of the Daughters of the American Revolution for the Jamestown Exposition had grown enormously since her last report.

There being no further business before the Board, it was moved and carried, at half-past five o'clock, to adjourn.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

ELIZABETH F. PIERCE,

Recording Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

Report unanimously accepted by Board.

NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT, N. S. D. A. R.

SATURDAY, *April 13, 1907.*

A special meeting of the National Board of Management was held Saturday, April 13, 1907, at Daughters of the American Revolution headquarters, 902 F street, Washington, District of Columbia. The meeting was called to order on Saturday morning by the President General, Mrs. Donald McLean.

Prayer was then offered by the Chaplain General, after which the roll call was made.

Members present: Mrs. McLean, President General; Mrs. Main, Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters; Mrs. Deere, Vice-President General, Illinois; Mrs. Hodge, Ohio; Mrs. Estey, Vermont; Mrs. Park, Georgia; Mrs. Barker, Rhode Island; Mrs. Newberry, Michigan; Mrs. Kearfott, New Jersey; Mrs. Chamberlain, Tennessee; Mrs. Hazen, New York; Mrs. Bushnell, Iowa; Mrs. Hardy, Kentucky; Mrs. Heneberger, Virginia; Miss Miller, Corresponding Secretary General; Mrs. Davis, Treasurer General; Mrs. Jamieson, Registrar General; Mrs. Lockwood, Assistant Historian General; Miss Solomons, Librarian General; Miss Pierce, Recording Secretary General. State Regents: Mrs. Morgan Smith, Alabama; Mrs. Rounsaville, Georgia; Mrs. Guthrie, Indiana; Mrs. Stevens, Iowa; Miss Baldwin, Maine; Miss Mecum, New Jersey; Mrs. McLane, New Hampshire; Mrs. Towles, Missouri; Mrs. Roberts, New York; Mrs. Brayton, Michigan; Mrs. Erwin, North Carolina; Mrs. Patton, Pennsylvania; Mrs. Jamison, Virginia; Mrs. Bratton, South Carolina, and Mrs. Spilman, West Virginia.

The President General extended a warm welcome to the members present and expressed her gratification at seeing so large an attendance from the distant States.

Previous to taking up the regular business, the President General announced the death of Mrs. William Chittenden, State Regent of Michigan, which had occurred since the last meeting of the Board, and after paying a personal tribute of affection, requested an expression of sympathy from the Board on the death of this valued member.

Miss Mecum moved: *That the Secretary convey to the family of Mrs. Chittenden their sincere and heartfelt sorrow in hearing of the death of their esteemed member.* Seconded by Mrs. Kearfott, and carried by a rising vote.

The Chair asked the consent of the Board for the consideration of a matter and special action thereon before proceeding with further business. This being granted, Mrs. Newberry was recognized, and re-

quested that a statement of the Finance Committee's action during the last year be read to the Board.

The Chair stated that this request, coming from a member of the Finance Committee, would be granted and the matter be made a special order of business, with the permission of the Board. There being no objection, it was so ordered.

Mrs. Main, Chairman of the Finance Committee, then presented the statement, as requested, to the Board.

At the conclusion of the reading of this statement, Mrs. Rounsaville moved: *That this Board extend a vote of thanks to the Finance Committee for their arduous labors, and express appreciation of the wisdom shown by the Committee's investments.* Seconded by Mrs. Deere, Mrs. Barker, Mrs. Jamieson, Mrs. Park, Mrs. Patton, and unanimously carried.

Mrs. Patton moved: *That a correct report of the Finance Committee be published in the papers, with the approval of the Board.* Seconded by Mrs. Barker, Mrs. Park, Miss Mecum, Mrs. Rounsaville, Mrs. Bushnell, Mrs. Kearfott, and Mrs. Deere. Motion unanimously carried.

The regular order of business was then taken up.

The Minutes of the previous meeting were read, and upon motion, approved.

The President General stated that as only about a week had elapsed since the last meeting, she had only to report during that interval, her continued devotion and work for the best interests of the Society, and then requested the reports of those Officers desiring to report at this special meeting.

The report of the Registrar General was presented.

Upon motion, duly seconded, the Recording Secretary General cast the ballot for the eight members presented in the report of the Registrar General, and the Chair declared them duly elected members of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

The President General requested the State Regents to present any matter they desired consideration upon by the Board.

Mrs. Masury, of Massachusetts, brought to the Board the matter of the preservation of the old State House in Boston, for which the Daughters of the American Revolution of Massachusetts were working with much energy, and stated that there had been concerted action on this matter by some of the patriotic societies.

Miss Miller explained that there had been a concerted effort made several years ago for the preservation of the old State House.

Mrs. Masury made an interesting statement on the subject to the Board.

The Chaplain General, Mrs. Hamlin, extended to the Board an invitation to attend patriotic services on Sunday afternoon at the Church of the Covenant.

Mrs. Lockwood made a short oral report of the Daughters of the

American Revolution exhibit to be sent from the Society's collection at the Smithsonian, to the effect that she had written to the authorities at the Smithsonian Institution, in accordance with instructions received from the President General, granting the removal of the Daughters of the American Revolution relics for the exhibit at the Jamestown Exposition, and asked that this be ratified by the Board.

Mrs. Jamieson moved: *That the Board confirm the action of the President General in releasing the articles from the Smithsonian Institution for the Loan Exhibit at Jamestown.* Seconded by Miss Miller. Motion carried.

Upon the suggestion of the President General, a vote of thanks was tendered Mrs. Lockwood for her efficient services in attending to the Daughters of the American Revolution exhibit from the Smithsonian Institution. Also a vote of thanks to Mr. Ravanal and Colonel Beckwith, Officers at the Smithsonian Institution, for the care taken of the Daughters of the American Revolution relics and the courtesy and interest they have manifested in this exhibit.

Mrs. Park, of Georgia, told of the work of certain Chapters in Georgia in procuring historic property and gave an interesting statement of this to the Board.

Mrs. Barker spoke of the relics,—27 articles,—now being packed to send from Rhode Island to the Jamestown Exposition.

This was followed by interesting announcements on the same subject by Mrs. Jamieson, State Regent of Virginia; Mrs. Rounsaville, Georgia; Mrs. Brayton, South Carolina; Miss Mecum, New Jersey; Mrs. Erwin, North Carolina; Mrs. Morgan Smith, Alabama; Mrs. Heneberger, Vice-President General, of Virginia; Mrs. Hardy, of Kentucky; Mrs. Chamberlain, of Tennessee, and Mrs. Jamieson, Registrar General.

Mrs. Masury explained that Massachusetts had contributed her share of relics and although not sending through the Daughters of the American Revolution, would have a fine collection coming from the State.

Mrs. Park suggested that the name "Daughters of the American Revolution" be placed over the Daughters' exhibit in the Massachusetts State Building, to make it distinctive.

Mrs. Rounsaville rose to a question of personal privilege, and being recognized by the Chair, extended to the Board an invitation, on behalf of the State of Georgia, and the Xavier Chapter, to attend the conference to be held in Georgia in October. Following the Daughters of the American Revolution law of that State, placing a two years' limit to the office of the State Regent, Mrs. Rounsaville announced her retirement from that position. The invitation was acknowledged with thanks by the Board, and Mrs. Hardy moved: *An expression of deep regret at the loss of Mrs. Rounsaville, of Georgia, from the National Board.* Seconded by Mrs. Morgan Smith, of Alabama, and others, and unanimously carried.

The President General accepted the invitation to attend the Georgia

State Conference, to be held in the autumn, and spoke of the enthusiasm in that State for all Daughters of the American Revolution work.

Mrs. Jamieson, State Regent of Virginia, asked permission for the use of the Insignia on a cook book, about to be issued by a Virginia Chapter.

Miss Miller moved: *That the Chapter in Hampton, Virginia, be allowed the use of the Insignia of the Society on their little cook book.* Seconded by Mrs. Newberry. Motion carried.

Miss Miller presented for the consideration of the Board a letter in regard to the Jamestown Exposition.

The President General suggested that this might be incorporated in the report of the Corresponding Secretary General to the Sixteenth Continental Congress, or read to that body, as it seemed to be a matter of some importance.

The matter of the resignation of certain members from a Philadelphia Chapter came up for the consideration of the Board, principally that of Mrs. Labedie. After a prolonged discussion, it was moved and carried *That the Secretary of this Board notify the Regent of the Declaration of Independence Chapter that the transfer requested by Mrs. Labedie will be granted at the expiration of one month, as provided by the Constitution, unless good and satisfactory reasons against granting such transfer shall have been received from the Chapter Regent before the expiration of that time.* Seconded by Mrs. Hardy, Mrs. Barker, and Mrs. Stevens. Motion carried.

It was also moved and carried *That a committee be appointed by the Chair to investigate this matter and report to the Board, after all the facts have been collected. In the meantime the Recording Secretary General was instructed to inquire of the proper Officer of the Chapter why these resignations had not been acted upon.*

The Chair appointed as this committee on the matter of resignations from the Philadelphia Chapter, Mrs. Thom, of Maryland, and Miss Pierce, Recording Secretary General.

There being no further business before the Board, it was moved and carried to adjourn at 1.15 P. M.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

ELISABETH F. PIERCE,

Recording Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

Minutes unanimously approved June 5, 1907.

MONDAY, April 22, 1907.

A special meeting of the National Board of Management was held on Monday, April 22, 1907, at the close of the Sixteenth Continental Congress. The meeting was called to order Monday morning by the President General, Mrs. Donald McLean, who extended a welcome to

the new Board and expressed the hope that the coming year would be one of peace, prosperity to the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution and replete with patriotic work.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain General, Mrs. Esther F. Noble.

Mrs. Bratton, of South Carolina, rose to a question of privilege, to request that a representative from the distant State of Oklahoma, be admitted for a short time at this session of the Board, in order to take back to the Chapter of which she is Regent, some account of the Daughters of the American Revolution work at headquarters. The President General expressed her desire that this lady be admitted.

Mrs. Main moved: *That Mrs. Gardner, of Oklahoma, be received by the Board.* Motion seconded and unanimously carried.

The roll call was made. Members present: Mrs. McLean, President General; Mrs. Main, Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters; Mrs. Delafield, Vice-President General, of Missouri; Mrs. Patton, of Pennsylvania; Mrs. Kendall, of Maine; Mrs. Mussey, of the District; Mrs. Terry, of New York; Mrs. Spilman, of Virginia; Mrs. Morgan Smith, of Alabama; Mrs. Park, of Georgia; Mrs. Barker, of Rhode Island; Mrs. Newberry, of Michigan; Mrs. Kearfott, of New Jersey; Mrs. Deere, of Illinois; Mrs. Bushnell, of Iowa; Mrs. Evans, of Texas; Mrs. Heneberger, of Virginia. State Regents: Mrs. Campbell, Colorado; Mrs. Hodgkins, of the District; Miss Benning, Georgia; Mrs. Hickok, Illinois; Mrs. Stevens, Iowa; Mrs. Stanley, Kansas; Mrs. Masury, Massachusetts; Mrs. Brayton, Michigan; Mrs. Jones, Mississippi; Mrs. Towles, Missouri; Mrs. Moore, Montana; Miss Mecum, New Jersey; Mrs. Roberts, New York; Mrs. Erwin, North Carolina; Mrs. Orton, Jr., Ohio; Mrs. Perley, Pennsylvania; Mrs. Lippitt, Rhode Island; Mrs. Bratton, South Carolina; Mrs. North, Vermont; Mrs. Edmondson, West Virginia. State Vice-Regents: Mrs. Kempster, Wisconsin; Miss Van Keuron, Florida, and Mrs. McClellan, Alabama. Mrs. Noble, Chaplain General; Mrs. Earnest, Corresponding Secretary General; Mrs. Draper, Registrar General; Mrs. Swarmstedt, Treasurer General; Mrs. Gadsby, Historian General; Mrs. Bowron, Assistant Historian General; Mrs. Boynton, Librarian General, and Miss Pierce, Recording Secretary General.

The Recording Secretary General announced regrets received from Mrs. Bates, Vice-President General, Massachusetts, and Mrs. Jamieson, State Regent, Virginia.

Mrs. Draper moved: *That a vote of sympathy be extended to Mrs. T. C. Bates, of regrets for her absence, and of hopes for her husband's speedy recovery.* Seconded by Mrs. Gadsby. Motion carried.

REPORT OF THE VICE-PRESIDENT GENERAL IN CHARGE OF ORGANIZATION OF CHAPTERS: Through the State Regent of the District, Mrs. Howard

L. Hodgkins, I present the name of Mrs. Grace Boynton Logan, to form a Chapter in the District.

Report accepted.

Mrs. Mussey brought to the attention of the Board the necessity for action on the bond of the new Treasurer General, and moved: "*That the bond of Mabel Swormstedt as Treasurer General, be accepted and approved.*"

Seconded by Mrs. Kearfott and Mrs. Main. Motion carried.

Miss Mecum, as Chairman of the Committee to report on Stationery, made a statement on this subject to the Board, exhibiting the different qualities of stationery obtained.

Mrs. Park moved: "*That Miss Mecum be empowered to close the contract with Caldwell & Co., for a better grade of paper.*"

Seconded by Mrs. Heneberger. Motion carried.

The President General asked the State Regents to present any matters they wished action on. The State Regent of Montana brought to the attention of the Board a pledge made by a former State Vice-Regent of Montana, for Continental Hall, and after making certain explanations on this point, requested that the State be released from this pledge which is still on the books of the Society unredeemed, in the name of a Chapter in Montana,—the same not having been duly authorized by the Chapter in its official capacity.

Miss Mecum moved: "*That Montana be released from the pledge made by the former State Vice-Regent.*" Seconded by Mrs. Park and numerous others. Motion carried.

Mrs. Johnson, State Vice-Regent, speaking for the State of Maine, announced that it had been voted that they release the five hundred dollars raised for the Maine room, and apply this to the general building fund.

Mrs. Stanley, State Regent of Kansas, presented the name of a "Real Daughter" for the pension granted by the Society,—\$8 per month.

The Chair explained the requirements in such cases to establish the claims of "Real Daughters."

Mrs. Stanley then moved: "*That when the papers required for pension for "Real Daughter, Mrs. Francis M. Loveland, member of Capt. Jesse Leavenworth Chapter, are presented, the Treasurer General be authorized to pay this eight dollars a month."*"

Seconded by Mrs. Orton, Jr. Motion carried.

Mrs. Bushnell, of Iowa, presented the case of a "Real Daughter" in Iowa for a pension. This being accompanied with the necessary data, Mrs. Bushnell moved: "*That Mrs. Susan Ostrander be given a pension of eight dollars a month.*"

Seconded by Mrs. Barker. Motion carried.

Mrs. North, State Regent of Vermont, presented the name of a "Real Daughter" of Vermont, and moved: "*That Miss Bingham, of Spring-*"

field, the "Real Daughter" of Vermont, and Mrs. Skinner, of Randolph Center, member of Ottaquechee Chapter, upon presenting the proper documents to the Board, be granted the pension.

Seconded by Mrs. Patton. Motion carried.

Mrs. Roberts, State Regent of New York, presented the case of a "Real Daughter" of New York, and moved: *That the name of Mrs. James Stanton, a "Real Daughter" of Buffalo Chapter, be considered, and a pension granted her upon proper proof being presented.* Seconded by Mrs. Campbell, and Mrs. Patton. Motion carried.

Mrs. Newberry, as a member of the Finance Committee, and in the absence of the Chairman of the Auditing Committee, moved: *That the present Auditor, Mr. J. H. Bates, be continued in his position as Auditor of this organization for the year.*"

Seconded by Mrs. Terry, Mrs. Mussey, Mrs. Main, Mrs. Perley, and Mrs. Park. Motion carried.

Mrs. Park, on the part of Mrs. Murphy, Chairman of the Children of the Republic, asked the approval of the Board of a bill made by this committee in the interests of the work assigned to it.

Mrs. Mussey moved: *That the Treasurer General be authorized to pay a small sum to the Chairmen of the various committees, to meet necessary expenses.*" Seconded by Mrs. Barker. Motion carried.

The President General stated that this plan of authorizing the Treasurer General to provide for the expenses of the committees was adopted a year ago, as it was found necessary for the running expenses of their work, and the Board required the Finance Committee to approve these bills.

The President General read a letter from Mrs. Roosevelt, in reply to an acknowledgment made by the President General of the courteous invitation to the Continental Congress for a reception at the White House, in which Mrs. Roosevelt expressed the pleasure it had afforded her to receive the Congress, also a letter from the Sons of the American Revolution, thanking the Congress for attending the celebration given by that Society.

Mrs. Earnest, Corresponding Secretary General, read a letter addressed to the National Board of Management, from Mrs. Atkins, tendering her resignation from the office of the Treasurer General.

Mrs. Newberry moved: *That the resignation of Mrs. Atkins be accepted by this Board.* Seconded by Mrs. Terry and Mrs. Mussey. Motion carried.

Mrs. Kempster brought to the attention of the Board the matter of the false reports made by the press during the Sixteenth Continental Congress.

This was discussed at length by the Board, and the following was then offered by Mrs. Kempster:

Resolved, That the President General appoint a committee of the National Board, to confer with the proper Officers of the Associated Press, to investigate, as far as possible, the cause of the malicious and false reports sent out by the Associated Press relating to our national organization; its President General and other officers and its annual Congress, and to use every proper means to bring such false and wide-spread reports to an end."

Seconded by Mrs. Bushnell, Mrs. Park, Mrs. Creighton, Mrs. Gadsby, and Mrs. Bowron. Motion unanimously carried.

Mrs. Park moved: *That it is the sense of the National Board that no greater act of disloyalty can be committed than for a member to spread false reports derogatory to the good name of the Society."*

Seconded by Mrs. Masury, Mrs. Patton and Mrs. Kempster. Motion carried.

Mrs. Mussey moved: *That Article XVI of the By-Laws be enforced as to all members giving out false and malicious statements to the press."*

Seconded by Mrs. Masury, Mrs. Gadsby, Mrs. Morgan Smith, and Mrs. Park. Motion unanimously carried.

In this connection, Mrs. Patton moved: *That the report of the Finance Committee be sent to each State Regent, asking them to see that it is published, as the correct statement of the financial condition of our organization approved by the Sixteenth Continental Congress."*

Seconded by Mrs. Heneberger, Mrs. Delafield, Mrs. Bratton, and Mrs. Park. Motion unanimously carried.

The President General stated that it was her intention to appoint the standing committees as soon as practicable, and announced the re-appointment of Mrs. Main, as Chairman of the Finance Committee; Mrs. Terry, as Secretary of Continental Hall Committee, also the appointment of Mrs. Hodgkins as Chairman of the Supervision Committee.

Mrs. Main moved: *That the Treasurer General be authorized to place the funds which have recently been donated for the building of Continental Hall among the four Trust Companies of the City."*

Seconded by Mrs. Terry. Motion carried.

The Treasurer General was instructed to consult with the Chairman of the Supervision Committee in regard to the employment of a clerk.

Mrs. Terry moved: *That the Treasurer General be authorized to employ the necessary temporary assistance in her office until the next meeting of the Board."* Seconded by Mrs. Spilman. Motion carried.

STATEMENT OF COMMITTEE ON PAGES FOR SIXTEENTH CONTINENTAL CONGRESS: There have been thirty-two pages on duty at the Sixteenth Continental Congress, of whom six have served at every session; four have been absent at only one session, and all have served faithfully. The Committee, therefore, take pleasure in recommending the customary bestowal of the gold spoon, adjudged for this service.

The Committee further recommend that State Regents, in making applications for the appointment of pages, make them before March 1st, sending them either to the President General or to the Recording Secretary General.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

MRS. J. MORGAN SMITH,
Chairman.

BERTHA M. ROBBINS.

Report approved by the entire committee.

Presented to the National Board of Management, at the special meeting held on April 22nd, 1907, at the close of the Sixteenth Continental Congress.

Report accepted.

At the suggestion of Mrs. Park, Chairman of the Magazine Committee, Mrs. Avery and Miss Lockwood presented to the Board some matters in regard to the Magazine and requested that the members will present any names they may desire when the new contract for the printing of the Magazine is made; also asks for instructions in regard to advertising, etc.

Mrs. Park stated that a request had come from a member in Missouri that the Magazine be placed in the buildings at the Jamestown Exposition. A similar request was presented from New York.

Mrs. Draper moved: "*That Missouri's request in regard to the Magazine be complied with, and also that of New York and other similar requests for the present, for trial.*" Seconded by Mrs. Heneberger. Motion carried.

Mrs. Avery, Editor of the Magazine, made an interesting statment to the Board in regard to the Magazine, of the new features to be introduced, etc.

Upon the suggestion of Mrs. Avery that the new Board be photographed for the Magazine, Mrs. Heneberger moved: "*That upon adjournment, the Board proceed to the photographers.*" Motion carried.

Mrs. Barker, Vice-President General of Rhode Island, presented to the Board a postal card, issued by the Gaspee Chapter, of Rhode Island. This was received with thanks.

At half past one o'clock it was moved and carried to adjourn.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

ELISABETH F. PIERCE,
Recording Secretary General.

Report accepted.

TREASURER GENERAL'S REPORT: At the June meeting of the Board, held on June 5, it was moved and unanimously carried that the report of the Treasurer General be published in the next number of the

AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE. This was done in order to avoid the long delay which would have otherwise been necessary: *i. e.*, the waiting for the approval of the minutes at the October meeting.

REPORT OF THE TREASURER GENERAL.

April 1—May 31, 1907.

CURRENT FUND.

Balance in bank at last report, March 30, 1907..... \$37,367 07

RECEIPTS.

Annual dues, \$6,356; less, \$169 refunded,	\$6,187 00	
Initiation fees, \$998; less, \$24 refunded,	974 00	
Certificate,	1 00	
Current interest as credited by National Metropolitan Bank,	20 44	
D. A. R. report to Smithsonian Institution,	7 75	
Directory,	2 00	
Exchange,	10	
Refunded by Credential Committee of Sixteenth Continental Congress,	7 15	
Lineage Books,	25 00	
Magazine,	767 32	
Ribbon,	4 35	
Rosettes,	50	
Statute Books,	60	
		7,997 21
		=====
		\$45,364 28

EXPENDITURES.

Office of President General.

Telegrams,	\$18 00	
Messenger service,	9 79	
Clerical service,	110 00	
		137 79

Office of Vice-President General in Charge of Organization Chapters.

Expressage,	\$0 40	
Engrossing 10 charters, 21 Chapter Regents' commissions and lettering 16 State Regents' commissions,	15 10	

Rent of typewriter April 25 to June 25, 1907,	7 00	
Clerical service,	140 00	
Extra clerical service,	82 00	
	<hr/>	244 50

Office of Recording Secretary General.

Telegrams,	\$2 80	
Expressage,	1 25	
Telephone messages,	50	
Engrossing 7 Vice-President Generals' commis- sions,	3 50	
Printing 2,000 notification cards,	9 50	
Carbon paper,	2 50	
Extra clerical service,	5 75	
Clerical service, stenographer,	200 00	
	<hr/>	225 80

Office of Corresponding Secretary General.

Printing 10,000 application blanks,	\$85 00	
Clerical service,	70 00	
	<hr/>	155 00

Office of Registrar General.

Printing 12 books badge permits,	\$5 75	
Printing 1,000 postals,	11 25	
Binding 10 volumes records, 1 vol. additional ap- plication papers and rebinding 7 volumes re- cords,	41 50	
Clock, sharpening erasers, and 1 air cushion stamp,	2 95	
Car fare to library,	25	
Extra clerical service, with use of typewriter,	70 00	
Clerical service,	520 00	
	<hr/>	651 70

Office of Treasurer General.

Cash book, ledger and index,	\$20 65	
Printing 2,000 report blanks and 2,000 transmittal blanks,	27 25	
Writing headings in ledger and making index for same,	15 00	
Rent for safe deposit box from April 20, 1907, to April 20, 1908,	5 00	
Bonding Treasurer General,	40 00	
Mimeographing 200 letters,	2 00	
1 rubber stamp, cartage and sharpening erasers. . .	2 40	
Messenger service,	75	

Extra clerical service,	15 00
Clerical service,	530 00

658 05

Office of Librarian General.

Expressage,	7 20
1 copy Massachusetts Local History,	5 00
2 pamphlet boxes, 1 condensed accession book and 1,000 cards,	5 75
Clerical service,	130 00

147 95

General Office.

Telegrams,	\$1 45
Expressage,	16 15
Framing a piece of wood from the <i>Ranger</i> with accompanying pictures,	3 75
Hire of 24 chairs for National Board of Manage- ment,	3 00
Typewriting for Committee on Children of the Republic,	6 60
2 copy books, 3 gross pens, 30 gross rubber bands, 100 doz. pads, 2 doz. binding cases, 6 reams paper, 2 indexed records, dust brush, 1 ledger, 4 doz. blotters, 500 manila envelopes, 1 gross pen- cils, 1 doz. pen holders, 1 sponge, 1 doz. erasers, 2 bottles of fountain pen ink, hauling, towel and water service,	71 62
Car fare for messenger,	25
Messenger service,	30 00
Clerical service,	170 00

302 82

Continental Hall.

General work on Continental Hall,	\$184 61
Night watchman for April and May, 1907,	16 00

200 61

Office of Historian General (Lineage Books).

Telegrams,	\$ 85
Expressage and freight,	29 30
Postage,	38 50
One rubber stamp,	2 00
Printing 2,000 copies errata for Lineage Books Vol. I to XXI inclusive,	24 00
Rent of typewriter,	5 00

Clerical service, revising Vol. I of the Lineage Book,	20 00
Clerical service,	60 00
Compiler,	160 00

339 65

Magazine.

850 stamped envelopes,	\$18 19
Stationery,	14 44
12 half-tone plates,	25 10
Printing 1,000 postals,	11 25
Printing 4,000 subscription blanks,	6 50
Printing 4,000 folders,	12 50
Publishing and mailing April number,	335 34
Publishing and mailing May number,	347 39
Office expenses April 1 to May 27, 1907,	12 12
Editor's salary,	166 68
Business Manager's salary,	150 00
Genealogical Department,	60 00

1,159 51

Certificates.

Postage,	\$30 00
Engrossing 1,113 certificates,	83 50

113 50

Postage.

For office of President General,	\$14 00
For office of Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters,	6 50
For office of Recording Secretary General,	6 00
For office of Registrar General,	10 14
For office of Treasurer General,	1 00
For office of Librarian General,	1 48
For General Office,	7 00
On blanks and constitutions,	50 00
10,000 two cent stamped envelopes,	216 00
1,000 four cent stamped envelopes,	41 80
1,000 one cent stamped envelopes,	11 80

365 72

State Regent's Postage.

Alabama,	\$5 00
District of Columbia,	5 00
Georgia,	9 00
Illinois,	5 00
Indiana,	10 00
Maine,	5 00
Maryland,	3 00

Massachusetts,	10 00
Mississippi,	5 00
Ohio,	5 00
Oklahoma,	5 00
South Carolina,	5 00
Vermont,	5 00

77 00

State Regent's Stationery.

Alabama,	\$2 00
Maine,	4 50

6 50

Office Furniture.

1 costumer for office of Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters,	\$3 50
2 card index cabinets for office of Registrar General,	12 00

15 50

D. A. R. Report to Smithsonian Institution.

Negative and prints of Continental Hall,	\$5 00
Reading and revising proof of Ninth Report,	25 00

30 00

Sixteenth Continental Congress.

Postage, telephone and car service for Press Committee,	\$4 00
Clerical service for Press Committee,	10 00
Expenses of Credential Committee,	20 00
4,000 envelopes for Credential Committee,	9 10
Clerical service for Credential Committee,	16 75
Postage for Railroad Committee,	12 50
Clerical service for Railroad Committee,	23 50
Expenses of House Committee,	150 00
Printing 4,200 circulars,	28 25
Printing 826 tickets,	11 75
Printing 7,000 ballots,	19 25
Printing 1,000 reports of Treasurer General,	36 75
Printing 4,000 programs,	182 00
Printing 1,000 copies of Capt. Hobson's speech, ..	17 50
Official Reader,	100 00
Transcript of proceedings,	435 00
Consulting parliamentarian,	100 00
Entertainment at Congressional Library,	54 00
Services as cornetist,	6 00

Precentor, accompanist, use of piano and furnishing music programs,	50 00	
Furnishing music at the dedication of the Memorial Portico,	47 00	
Hire of furniture, rugs and screens,	103 00	
Purchasing three tables,	17 00	
6 rubber ends,	4 50	
75 yards cocoa matting,	48 75	
Stripping and covering walls of Continental Hall,	340 89	
Supper for 30 tellers and cab hire for ballot box, ..	21 30	
Police service,	10 00	
14 gross pencils,	15 68	
Electricity,	19 80	
Mimeographing 800 postals,	5 00	
	<hr/>	1,919 27

Support of "Real Daughters."

Support of fourteen "Real Daughters" April, 1907, ..	\$112 00	
Support of seventeen "Real Daughters" May, 1907, ..	136 00	
	<hr/>	248 00
Rent of offices,	\$484 30	484 30
Rent of telephone,	16 15	16 15
		<hr/>

Total expenses,	\$7,499 32	
Amount transferred to Permanent Fund by order of the Sixteenth Continental Congress,	\$15,000 00	15,000 00
		<hr/>
		\$22,499 32

Balance May 31, 1907—

In National Metropolitan Bank,	\$13,589 25	
In Washington Loan and Trust Bank,	9,275 71	
	<hr/>	\$22,864 96
		<hr/>
		\$45,364 28

Fort Crailo Fund.

Balance in bank at last report, March 30, 1907, ..	\$54 15	\$54 15
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PERMANENT FUND.

Balance in banks at last report, March 30, 1907,	\$12,954 79
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RECEIPTS.

Charter Fees.

<i>Cherokee Chapter, Alabama,</i>	\$5 00
<i>William Donaldson Chapter, Indiana,</i>	5 00

<i>Transylvania Chapter</i> , Kentucky,	5 00
<i>Salamanca Chapter</i> , New York,	5 00
<i>Luther Reeve Chapter</i> , Ohio,	5 00
<i>Johnson City Chapter</i> , Tennessee,	5 00

 \$30 00

Life Membership Fees.

Mrs. J. T. Anderson, <i>Light Horse Harry Lee Chapter</i> , Alabama,	\$12 50
Mrs. Alma Penfield Goodrich, <i>Sarah Whitman Hooker Chapter</i> , Connecticut,	12 50
Miss Dorothy Richardson, <i>Caroline Scott Harrison Chapter</i> , Indiana,	12 50
Mrs. Nellie F. Rogers, <i>Col. Timothy Bigelow Chapter</i> , Massachusetts,	12 50
Mrs. Caroline E. B. Mackenzie, <i>Quequechan Chapter</i> , Massachusetts,	12 50
Mrs. Rosa A. Ballard, <i>Elizabeth Benton Chapter</i> , Missouri,	12 50
Miss Estelle Mackey, <i>Polly Carroll Chapter</i> , Missouri,	12 50
Miss Sophie Erwin McCall, <i>Baron Steuben Chapter</i> , New York,	12 50
Mrs. Beatrice De Garmo, <i>Mahwenawasigh Chapter</i> , New York,	12 50
Miss H. E. Stevens, <i>New York City Chapter</i> , New York,	12 50
Mrs. P. H. Babcock, <i>Western Reserve Chapter</i> , Ohio,	12 50
Mrs. W. H. Coles, <i>Western Reserve Chapter</i> , Ohio,	12 50
Miss Laura S. Shaw, <i>Lawrence Chapter</i> , Pennsylvania,	12 50
Miss Mary Matlack, <i>Shikelimo Chapter</i> , Pennsylvania,	12 50
Dr. Mary M. Wolfe, <i>Shikelimo Chapter</i> , Pennsylvania,	12 50
Mrs. Florence Littlefield McCoy, of Rhode Island,	25 00
Mrs. Ethel S. Moore, <i>Watauga Chapter</i> , Tennessee,	12 50
Miss Tomasella H. Graham, of Tennessee,	25 00
Mrs. Joseph Draper, <i>Peaks of Otter Chapter</i> , Virginia,	12 50
Miss Kate Gordon, <i>Oshkosh Chapter</i> , Wisconsin,	12 50
Continental Hall Committee badges,	\$8 00

 \$275 00
 8 00

Continental Hall Committee spoons,	5 25	5 25
Rent of benches,	118 80	118 80
Permanent interest—		
On Chicago and Alton Railroad bonds,	\$75 00	
On Baltimore and Ohio Railroad bonds,	200 00	
		\$275 00
Commission on Recognition Pins,	\$26 30	26 30
Amount transferred from Current Fund by order of Sixteenth Continental Congress,	\$15,000 00	\$15,000 00

CONTINENTAL HALL CONTRIBUTIONS.

<i>Alabama Chapters</i> , on account of Alabama Room,		
Alabama,	308 00	303 00
<i>Maricopa Chapter</i> , Arizona,	25 00	25 00
<i>Little Rock Chapter</i> , Arkansas,	25 00	25 00
<i>California Chapter</i> , on account of California Room,		
California,	100 00	
<i>Golden West Chapter</i> , California,	10 00	110 00
<i>Colorado Chapter</i> , Colorado,	100 00	
<i>Denver Chapter</i> , Colorado,	25 00	
<i>Pueblo Chapter</i> , Colorado,	10 00	
<i>Zebulon Pike Chapter</i> , Colorado,	10 00	145 00
Mrs. Roberta Hallam Burleson, of <i>Anne Brewster Fanning Chapter</i> , Connecticut,	5 00	
Mrs. W. A. Asher, of <i>Anne Wood Elderkin Chap- ter</i> , in honor of a "Real Daughter," Angelina Loring Avery, Connecticut,	1 00	
Mrs. Frank M. Wilson, of <i>Anne Wood Elderkin Chapter</i> , in honor of a "Real Daughter," Ange- lina Loring Avery, Connecticut,	1 00	
<i>Dorothy Ripley Chapter</i> , Connecticut,	30 00	
Mrs. Lucy Maria Osborne, of <i>Mary Wooster Chapter</i> , Connecticut,	2 00	
<i>Mary Silliman Chapter</i> , Connecticut,	350 00	
Mrs. H. H. Adams, of <i>Putnam Hill Chapter</i> , in honor of Mrs. Laura A. Ferguson, Connecticut,	5 00	
<i>Sabra Trumbull Chapter</i> , Connecticut,	100 00	
Mrs. F. T. Maxwell, of <i>Sabra Trumbull Chapter</i> , Connecticut,	10 00	
Mrs. W. H. Prescott, of <i>Sabra Trumbull Chap- ter</i> , Connecticut,	5 00	
<i>Sarah Riggs Humphreys Chapter</i> , Connecticut, ..	75 00	
Mrs. Charles H. Pinney, of <i>Sarah Riggs Hum- phreys Chapter</i> , Connecticut,	50 00	634 00
<i>Caesar Rodney Chapter</i> , Delaware,	50 00	

<i>Col. Haslet Chapter, Delaware,</i>	25 00	
<i>Elizabeth Cook Chapter, Delaware,</i>	15 00	
<i>John Pettigrew Chapter, Delaware,</i>	10 00	100 00
Musical reception given by the Continental Hall Committee, <i>District of Columbia,</i>	600 00	
<i>American Chapter, on account of District of Co- lumbia Room, District of Columbia,</i>	20 00	
<i>Columbia Chapter, District of Columbia,</i>	52 00	
<i>Constitution Chapter, on account of District of Columbia Room, District of Columbia,</i>	45 00	
<i>Continental Chapter, District of Columbia,</i>	125 00	
<i>Dolly Madison Chapter, District of Columbia,</i>	100 00	
<i>Elizabeth Jackson Chapter, on account of District of Columbia Room, District of Columbia,</i>	100 00	
<i>Emily Nelson Chapter, on account of District of Columbia Room, District of Columbia,</i>	40 00	
<i>Lucy Holcombe Chapter, on account of District of Columbia Room, District of Columbia,</i>	105 00	
<i>Manor House Chapter, on account of District of Columbia Room, District of Columbia,</i>	25 00	
<i>Mary Bartlett Chapter, on account of District of Columbia Room, District of Columbia,</i>	10 00	
<i>Martha Washington Chapter, on account of Glass Square Coat of Arms, District of Columbia,</i>	35 00	
<i>Mary Washington Chapter, on account of Library, District of Columbia,</i>	650 00	
<i>Our Flag Chapter, District of Columbia,</i>	100 00	
Mrs. Ellen Spencer Mussey, of <i>Our Flag Chap- ter, on account of District of Columbia Room, (refund of State Regent's postage,) District of Columbia,</i>	5 00	
<i>Potomac Chapter, on account of District of Co- lumbia Room, District of Columbia,</i>	25 65	
<i>Thirteen Colonies Chapter, on account of District of Columbia Room, District of Columbia,</i>	25 00	
P. B. Chase, returned 20 cents due him on voucher No. 714, to correct error made by a former Treas- urer General, <i>District of Columbia,</i>	20	
Mrs. Richard C. Du Bois, from sale of pictures of Memorial Continental Hall, <i>District of Colum- bia,</i>	1 00	
Mrs. Helen Pooke Kane, of <i>District of Columbia,</i>	2 00	
Mrs. Lillian Rozell Messenger, Commission on "Heroine of the Hudson," <i>District of Columbia,</i>	6 00	2,071 85
<i>Jacksonville Chapter, Florida,</i>	10 00	
Mrs. Katharine Livingston Egan, of <i>Jacksonville Chapter, Florida,</i>	10 00	

<i>Maria Jefferson Chapter, Florida,</i>	10 00	30 00
<i>Atlanta Chapter, commission on sales of the "Song of the Revolution," Georgia,</i>	4 00	
<i>Mrs. Robert E. Park, of Atlanta Chapter, on ac- count of Georgia Column, Georgia,</i>	10 00	
<i>Augusta Chapter, on account of Georgia Column, Georgia,</i>	25 00	
<i>Elijah Clarke Chapter, on account of Georgia Column, Georgia,</i>	20 00	
<i>Jonathan Bryan Chapter, on account of Georgia Column, Georgia,</i>	50 00	
<i>Joseph Habersham Chapter, on account of Georgia Column, Georgia,</i>	100 00	
<i>Mary Hammond Washington Chapter, on ac- count of Georgia Column, Georgia,</i>	103 20	
<i>Mrs. E. Washington Bellamy, of Mary Hammond Washington Chapter, in memory of her mother, Mrs. Mary Hammond Washington, Georgia, ...</i>	5 00	
<i>Nathaniel Macon Chapter, on account of Georgia Column, Georgia,</i>	100 00	
<i>Oglethorpe Chapter, on account of Georgia Column, Georgia,</i>	65 00	
<i>Xavier Chapter, on account of Georgia Column, Georgia,</i>	35 00	
<i>Cash, on account of Georgia Column, Georgia,</i>	46	
<i>Georgia Chapters, on accounts of Georgia Col- umn, Georgia,</i>	595 38	1,113 04
<i>Mrs. Mary G. Tarr, of Idaho,</i>	10 00	10 00
<i>State Conference of Illinois, on account of the Pediments, Illinois,</i>	115 00	
<i>Alliance Chapter, on account of the Pediments, Illinois,</i>	10 00	
<i>Amor Patriae Chapter, on account of the Pedi- ments, Illinois,</i>	15 00	
<i>Ann Crooker St. Clair Chapter, on account of the Pediments, Illinois,</i>	10 00	
<i>Barbara Standish Chapter, on account of Illinois Room, Illinois,</i>	25 00	
<i>Chicago Chapter, on account of the Pediments, Illinois,</i>	1,000 00	
<i>Chicago Chapter, Illinois,</i>	1 00	
<i>Mrs. John Ames, of Chicago Chapter, on account of the Pediments, Illinois,</i>	5 00	
<i>Mrs. F. R. Babcock, of Chicago Chapter, for memory book "Leaves," Illinois,</i>	25 00	

Mrs. J. W. Kendrick, of <i>Chicago Chapter</i> , on account of the Pediments, Illinois,	10 00
Mrs. J. C. Moore, of <i>Chicago Chapter</i> , on account of the Pediments, Illinois,	25 00
Mrs. Frank B. Orr, of <i>Chicago Chapter</i> , on account of the Pediments, Illinois,	10 00
Mrs. Edward Roby, of <i>Chicago Chapter</i> , on account of the Pediments, Illinois,	25 00
Mrs. Parry L. Wright, of <i>Chicago Chapter</i> , for memory book "Leaves," Illinois,	25 50
"Young Ladies' Committee," of <i>Chicago Chapter</i> , on account of the Pediments, Illinois,	100 00
<i>Dixon Chapter</i> , on account of the Pediments, Illinois,	10 00
<i>Elder William Brewster Chapter</i> , on account of the Pediments, Illinois,	10 00
<i>Elgin Chapter</i> , on account of the Pediments, Illinois,	15 00
<i>Fort Armstrong Chapter</i> , on account of the Pediments, Illinois,	25 00
Mrs. Frank Mixer, of <i>Fort Armstrong Chapter</i> , on account of the Pediments, Illinois,	5 00
<i>Fort Dearborn Chapter</i> , on account of Illinois Room, Illinois,	50 00
<i>Geneseo Chapter</i> , on account of the Pediments, Illinois,	25 00
<i>George Rogers Clark Chapter</i> , on account of the Pediments, Illinois,	20 00
<i>Illini Chapter</i> , on account of the Pediments, Illinois,	50 00
Mrs. Sallie P. Irion, of <i>Illini Chapter</i> , in honor of "Real Daughter," Mrs. Mary J. Lansing, Illinois,	1 00
<i>Letitia Green Stevenson Chapter</i> , on account of the Pediments, Illinois,	200 00
Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, of <i>Letitia Green Stevenson Chapter</i> , on account of the Pediments, Illinois, ..	10 00
<i>Lincoln Chapter</i> , on account of the Pediments, Illinois,	25 00
<i>Mildred Warner Washington Chapter</i> , on account of the Pediments, Illinois,	15 00
Mrs. J. R. Webster, of <i>Mildred Warner Washington Chapter</i> , in honor of the "Real Daughter," Mrs. Lucretia H. Regnier, Illinois,	1 00
<i>Moline Chapter</i> , on account of the Pediments, Illinois,	200 00

Mrs. Charles H. Deere, of <i>Moline Chapter</i> , on account of the Pediments, Illinois,	100 00	
<i>Morrison Chapter</i> , Illinois,	5 00	
<i>North Shore Chapter</i> , on account of the Pediments, Illinois,	28 50	
<i>North Shore Chapter</i> , on account of Memorial to Nathan Hale, Illinois,	10 00	
<i>Peoria Chapter</i> , on account of the Pediments, Illinois,	20 00	
<i>Peoria Chapter</i> , in honor of its "Real Daughter," Mrs. Lydia Bradley, Illinois,	5 00	
<i>Princeton Chapter</i> , on account of the Pediments, Illinois,	10 00	
<i>Puritan and Cavalier Chapter</i> , on account of the Pediments, Illinois,	16 00	
<i>Rebecca Parke Chapter</i> , on account of the Pediments, Illinois,	230 60	
<i>Rebecca Parke Chapter</i> , on account of Illinois Room, Illinois,	15 00	
<i>Rev. James Caldwell Chapter</i> , on account of Illinois Room, Illinois,	25 00	
<i>Rochelle Chapter</i> , on account of the Pediments, Illinois,	15 00	
<i>Rockford Chapter</i> , on account of the Pediments, Illinois,	103 90	
Mrs. C. C. Jones, of <i>Rockford Chapter</i> , in honor of a "Real Daughter," Illinois,	1 00	
<i>Shadrach Bond Chapter</i> , on account of the Pediments, Illinois,	10 00	
<i>Springfield Chapter</i> , on account of the Pediments, Illinois,	100 00	
For an Illinois "Real Daughter," Illinois,	1 00	2,759 50
<i>Ann Rogers Clark Chapter</i> , Indiana,	15 00	
<i>Caroline Scott Harrison Chapter</i> , Indiana,	76 87	
Mrs. S. E. Perkins, of <i>Caroline Scott Harrison Chapter</i> , commission from sale of flags, Indiana,	5 25	
<i>General Arthur St. Clair Chapter</i> , on account of President General's Room, Indiana,	10 00	
<i>General de Lafayette Chapter</i> , Indiana,	20 00	
<i>John Paul Chapter</i> , Indiana,	25 00	
<i>Richmond Chapter</i> , Indiana,	25 00	
<i>Washburn Chapter</i> , Indiana,	3 00	180 12
<i>Council Bluffs Chapter</i> , on account of \$1,000 pledge, Iowa Room, Iowa,	100 00	

Mrs. Eva C. Metcalf, of <i>Council Bluffs Chapter</i> , in honor of Mrs. Martha E. W. Hartford, a "Real Daughter," Iowa,	2 00	
<i>Dubuque Chapter</i> , on account of Iowa Room, Iowa,	50 00	
<i>Elizabeth Ross Chapter</i> , on account of Iowa Room, Iowa,	10 00	
<i>Waterloo Chapter</i> , on account of Iowa Room, Iowa,	10 00	
Member of <i>Waterloo Chapter</i> , on account of Iowa Room, Iowa,	1 00	173 00
<i>Hannah Jameson Chapter</i> , Kansas,	10 00	10 00
<i>Elizabeth Kenton Chapter</i> , Kentucky,	50 00	
<i>John Marshall Chapter</i> , Kentucky,	25 00	
<i>Paducah Chapter</i> , Kentucky,	10 00	
Mrs. Joseph McCormack, of Kentucky,	20 00	105 00
<i>Spirit of '76 Chapter</i> , Louisiana,	25 00	25 00
<i>Thirteen Chapters of Maine</i> , on account of Maine Room, Maine,	317 80	
Mrs. Marion Longfellow O'Donoghue, of <i>Eliza- beth Wadsworth Chapter</i> , Maine,	15 00	332 80
<i>Frederick Chapter</i> , from a "Real Daughter," Mary- land,	1 00	
<i>Maryland Line Chapter</i> , Maryland,	100 00	
<i>Thomas Johnson Chapter</i> , Maryland,	50 00	151 00
<i>Massachusetts Chapters</i> for the Massachusetts Col- umn, Massachusetts,	2,000 00	
<i>Massachusetts Chapters</i> , Massachusetts,	396 50	
<i>Betty Allen Chapter</i> , Massachusetts,	5 00	
<i>Boston Tea Party Chapter</i> (gift from a friend), Massachusetts,	5 00	
Mrs. James Walter Huestis, through <i>Boston Tea Party Chapter</i> , in memory of her grandmother, Mrs. Hannah Newell Barrett, a "Real Daugh- ter," Massachusetts,	5 00	
Miss Annie S. Head, of <i>Boston Tea Party Chap- ter</i> , in honor of the "Real Daughter," Mrs. Harriet Farrie, Massachusetts,	10 00	
<i>Boston Tea Party Chapter</i> , in honor of its "Real Daughter," Mrs. Harriet Farrie, Massachusetts, ..	1 00	
<i>Col. Loammi Baldwin Chapter</i> , Massachusetts, ...	30 00	
Mrs. Theodore C. Bates, of <i>Col. Timothy Bigelow Chapter</i> , Massachusetts,	100 00	
Mrs. B. W. Potter, of <i>Col. Timothy Bigelow Chap- ter</i> , in memory of Prudence Wright, Massa- chusetts,	5 00	

Mrs. Eva E. Lawrence, of <i>Col Thomas Lothrop Chapter</i> , to enroll her uncle, Hon. Amos A. Lawrence, on Roll of Honor Book, Massachusetts,	50 00	
Mrs. Leonard B. Hatch, of <i>Deborah Sampson Chapter</i> , in honor of the three "Real Daughters," Mrs. Adelia C. Hatch, Mrs. Aurellia B. C. McDonald, Mrs. Mary A. C. Scott, Massachusetts,	3 00	
<i>Hannah Winthrop Chapter</i> , in memory of Miss Hannah L. Manson, "Real Daughter," Massachusetts,	5 00	
<i>John Hancock Chapter</i> , Massachusetts,	10 00	
Miss Marion H. Brazier, of <i>John Paul Jones Chapter</i> , in honor of two "Real Daughters," Massachusetts,	2 00	
<i>Lexington Chapter</i> , Massachusetts,	25 00	
<i>Lydia Cobb Chapter</i> , in memory of its three "Real Daughters," Massachusetts,	5 00	
<i>Mary Mattoon Chapter</i> , Massachusetts,	10 00	
Mrs. Fanny M. Bullock, of <i>Mercy Warren Chapter</i> , in honor of the sixteen "Real Daughters," Massachusetts,	16 00	
<i>Minute Men Chapter</i> , in honor of its "Real Daughter," Mrs. Charlotte W. Moody, Massachusetts, ..	1 00	
Mrs. Ella Chandler Flanigan, of <i>Old Concord Chapter</i> , to enroll her brother, Leonard Blanchard Chandler, on the Roll of Honor Book, Massachusetts,	50 00	
<i>Old Hadley Chapter</i> , Massachusetts,	5 00	
<i>Old South Chapter</i> , in honor of its seven "Real Daughters," Massachusetts,	7 00	
Mrs. Martha Stratton Ensign, of <i>Old South Chapter</i> , for the Roll of Honor Book, Massachusetts, Friends in Massachusetts, on account of enrolling Mrs. Laura Wentworth Fowler, of <i>Old South Chapter</i> , on the Roll of Honor Book, Massachusetts,	50 00	
<i>Prudence Wright Chapter</i> , in honor of its three "Real Daughters," Massachusetts,	32 00	
<i>Quequechan Chapter</i> , in honor of its three "Real Daughters," Massachusetts,	3 00	
<i>Benjamin Franklin Chapter</i> , Mexico,	3 00	2,834 50
Michigan State Conference, Michigan,	32 00	32 00
<i>Abiel Fellows Chapter</i> , Michigan,	25 00	
<i>Alexander Macomb Chapter</i> , Michigan,	10 00	
<i>Algonquin Chapter</i> , Michigan,	17 50	
	20 00	

<i>Anne Frisby Fitzhugh Chapter</i> , Michigan,	10 00	
<i>Battle Creek Chapter</i> , Michigan,	2 00	
<i>Big Rapids Chapter</i> , Michigan,	5 00	
<i>Gen. Richardson Chapter</i> , Michigan,	30 00	
<i>Genesee Chapter</i> , Michigan,	5 00	
<i>Hannah Tracy Grant Chapter</i> , Michigan,	5 00	
<i>Lansing Chapter</i> , Michigan,	17 75	
<i>Lansing Chapter</i> , in honor of its "Real Daughter," Mrs. Sarah Huyck, Michigan,	2 00	
<i>Louisa St. Clair Chapter</i> , Michigan,	191 00	
Mrs. Harriet B. Newberry, of <i>Louisa St. Clair Chapter</i> , to enroll her mother, Mrs. Josephine Richardson Barnes, on the Roll of Honor Book, Michigan,	50 00	
<i>Lucinda Hinsdale Stone Chapter</i> , Michigan,	18 50	
<i>Marquette Chapter</i> , Michigan,	5 00	
<i>Mary Marshall Chapter</i> , Michigan,	5 00	
<i>Menominee Chapter</i> , Michigan,	5 00	
<i>Muskegon Chapter</i> , Michigan,	15 00	
<i>Otsiketa Chapter</i> , Michigan,	10 00	
<i>Ottawawa Chapter</i> , Michigan,	10 00	
<i>Saginaw Chapter</i> , Michigan,	10 00	
<i>Sarah Caswell Angell Chapter</i> , Michigan,	37 00	
<i>Sophie de Marsac Campau Chapter</i> , in memory of Mrs. Harvey J. Hollister, Michigan,	120 00	
Mrs. J. P. Brayton, of <i>Sophie de Marsac Campau Chapter</i> , in memory of Mrs. Harvey J. Hollister, Michigan,	50 00	
<i>Ypsilanti Chapter</i> , Michigan,	10 00	
Mrs. Burr, of Michigan,	1 00	686 75
<i>Daughters of Liberty Chapter</i> , Minnesota,	19 50	
<i>Keewaydin Chapter</i> , Minnesota,	10 00	
<i>Minneapolis Chapter</i> , Minnesota,	30 00	
<i>Monument Chapter</i> , Minnesota,	38 00	
<i>St. Paul Chapter</i> , Minnesota,	42 00	
<i>Wenonah Chapter</i> , Minnesota,	25 00	164 50
<i>Columbian Chapter</i> , Missouri,	50 00	
<i>Elizabeth Benton Chapter</i> , Missouri,	150 00	
<i>Hannibal Chapter</i> , Missouri,	36 00	
<i>Jane Randolph Jefferson Chapter</i> , Missouri,	61 00	
<i>Jefferson Chapter</i> , Missouri,	125 00	
<i>Jemima Alexander Sharp Chapter</i> , Missouri,	13 00	
<i>Joplin Chapter</i> , Missouri,	17 00	
<i>Kansas City Chapter</i> , Missouri,	68 00	
<i>Laclede Chapter</i> , Missouri,	26 85	
<i>Lafayette-Lexington Chapter</i> , Missouri,	17 00	

<i>Mexico-Missouri Chapter, Missouri,</i>	8 00	
<i>Nancy Hunter Chapter, Missouri,</i>	25 00	
<i>Osage Chapter, Missouri,</i>	40 00	
<i>Polly Carroll Chapter, Missouri,</i>	12 00	
<i>St. Joseph Chapter, Missouri,</i>	55 00	
<i>St. Louis Chapter, Missouri,</i>	300 00	
<i>St. Louis Chapter, in honor of its "Real Daughter," Mrs. Mary M. B. Dudley, Missouri,</i>	5 00	1,008 85
<i>Silver Bow Chapter, Montana,</i>	20 00	20 00
<i>Coronado Chapter, Nebraska,</i>	14 00	
<i>Deborah Avery Chapter, Nebraska,</i>	50 00	
<i>Elizabeth Montague Chapter, Nebraska,</i>	50 00	
<i>Ni-ku-mi Chapter, Nebraska,</i>	10 00	
<i>Margaret Holmes Chapter, Nebraska,</i>	18 00	
<i>Omaha Chapter, Nebraska,</i>	100 25	
<i>Quivera Chapter, Nebraska,</i>	50 00	292 25
Mrs. Frank B. Orr, of <i>Chicago Chapter, Illinois, in memory of her mother from the State of New Hampshire, New Hampshire,</i>	25 00	
<i>Ashuelot Chapter, New Hampshire,</i>	50 00	
Mrs. Sarah F. Dearborn, of <i>Buntin Chapter, New Hampshire,</i>	5 00	
<i>Elizabeth Folsom Hilton Chapter, New Hampshire,</i>	5 00	
<i>Margery Sullivan Chapter, New Hampshire,</i>	50 00	
<i>Matthew Thornton Chapter, New Hampshire,</i>	50 00	
<i>Milford Chapter, New Hampshire,</i>	50 00	235 00
<i>New Jersey Chapters, on account of New Jersey Room, New Jersey,</i>	101 50	
Mrs. E. G. Putnam, of <i>Boudinot Chapter, on account of New Jersey Room, to enroll Miss Ellen Mecum, of Oak Tree Chapter, on Roll of Honor Book, New Jersey,</i>	50 00	
Mrs. E. G. Putnam, of <i>Budinot Chapter, on account of New Jersey Room, for enrollment on Roll of Honor Book, New Jersey,</i>	50 00	
Mrs. W. J. Taylor, of <i>Camp Middlebrook Chapter, in memory of her mother, New Jersey,</i>	25 00	
<i>Essex Chapter, New Jersey,</i>	5 00	
Mrs. Louise K. Hutchinson, through <i>Essex Chapter, New Jersey,</i>	5 00	
Department of Education of Women's Club of <i>Orange, New Jersey,</i>	30 00	266 50
<i>Jacob Bennett Chapter, New Mexico,</i>	10 00	
<i>Stephen Watts Kearney Chapter, New Mexico, ..</i>	10 00	20 00
<i>Baron Steuben Chapter, New York,</i>	25 00	

<i>Baron Steuben Chapter</i> , in honor of its "Real Daughter," Mrs. Amelia R. Crandall, New York,	1 00
<i>Benjamin Prescott Chapter</i> , New York,	50 00
<i>Battle Pass Chapter</i> , New York,	5 00
Mrs. Truman G. Avery, of <i>Buffalo Chapter</i> , New York,	100 00
Mrs. Jenny F. H. Plimpton, of <i>Buffalo Chapter</i> , New York,	5 00
<i>Camden Chapter</i> , New York,	35 00
<i>Chemung Chapter</i> , New York,	25 00
<i>Col. Israel Angell Chapter</i> , New York,	10 00
<i>Col. Marinus Willett Chapter</i> , New York,	10 00
<i>Fort Greene Chapter</i> , New York,	200 00
<i>Fort Rensselaer Chapter</i> , New York,	5 00
<i>Gansevoort Chapter</i> , New York,	25 00
<i>General Nicholas Herkimer Chapter</i> , New York, ..	25 00
<i>General Nicholas Herkimer Chapter</i> , in honor of one "Real Daughter," New York,	1 00
<i>General William Floyd Chapter</i> , New York,	25 00
<i>James Madison Chapter</i> , New York,	25 00
<i>Jamestown Chapter</i> , New York,	100 00
<i>Jamestown Chapter</i> , in memory of its "Real Daughter," Mrs. James Hall, New York,	5 00
<i>Johnstown Chapter</i> , New York,	25 00
<i>Kayendatsyona Chapter</i> , New York,	10 00
<i>Keskeskick Chapter</i> , New York,	25 00
<i>Le Ray de Chaumont Chapter</i> , New York,	50 00
<i>Mary Weed Marvin Chapter</i> , New York,	10 00
<i>Mohegan Chapter</i> , New York,	50 00
<i>Nathaniel Woodhull Chapter</i> , New York,	25 00
<i>New York City Chapter</i> , on account of Museum, New York,	100 00
Mrs. Watson A. Bowron, of <i>New York City Chapter</i> , on account of Museum,	10 00
Miss Mary F. Bowron of <i>New York Chapter</i> , on account of Museum, New York,	5 00
Mrs. Vernon M. Davis of <i>New York City Chapter</i> , on account of Museum, New York,	5 00
Miss Laura Halsted, of <i>New York City Chapter</i> , on account of Museum, New York,	20 00
Mrs. Charles H. Jones, of <i>New York City Chapter</i> , on account of Museum, New York,	100 00
Miss Emma G. Lathrop, of <i>New York City Chapter</i> , on account of Museum, New York,	20 00
Mrs. Julian H. Myers, of <i>New York City Chapter</i> , on account of Musueum, New York,	10 00

Mrs. John Stanton, of <i>New York City Chapter</i> , on account of Museum, New York,	100 00	
Mrs. Herman Stump, of <i>New York City Chapter</i> , on account of Museum, New York,	5 00	
Mrs. M. George Ryttenberg, of <i>New York City</i> <i>Chapter</i> , on account of Museum, New York, ...	25 00	
<i>Olean Chapter</i> , New York,	50 00	
<i>Oneida Chapter</i> , New York,	100 00	
<i>Onondaga Chapter</i> , New York,	75 00	
Mrs. Nellis M. Rich, of <i>Onondaga Chapter</i> , New York,	10 00	
<i>Onwentsia Chapter</i> , New York,	30 00	
<i>Patterson Chapter</i> , New York,	65 00	
<i>Quassaick Chapter</i> , New York,	10 00	
<i>Sagoyewatha Chapter</i> , New York,	25 00	
<i>Saratoga Chapter</i> , New York,	50 00	
<i>Skenandoah Chapter</i> , New York,	25 00	
<i>Swe-kat-si Chapter</i> , New York,	25 00	
<i>Tioughnioga Chapter</i> , New York,	25 00	1,762 00
<i>Council Oak Chapter</i> , on account of North Caro- lina Column, North Carolina,	25 00	
<i>Edward Buncombe Chapter</i> , on account of North Carolina Column, North Carolina,	10 00	
<i>Guilford Battle Chapter</i> , on account of North Caro- lina Column, North Carolina,	72 25	
<i>Mary Slocum Chapter</i> , on account of North Caro- lina Column, North Carolina,	30 00	
<i>Salem Centennial Chapter</i> , on account of North Carolina Column, North Carolina,	100 00	
<i>Whitmel Blount Chapter</i> , on account of North Carolina Column, North Carolina,	25 00	262 25
<i>Cincinnati Chapter</i> , in honor of its "Real Daugh- ter," Ohio,	5 00	
<i>Cincinnati Chapter</i> , Ohio,	102 00	
Mrs. Frank Tallmadge, of <i>Columbus Chapter</i> , for her grandson, Trafford Wood Tallmadge, in memory of Col. Thomas Cresap, Ohio,	5 00	
<i>Columbus, Chapter</i> , Ohio,	50 00	
<i>Fort Findlay Chapter</i> , Ohio,	10 00	
<i>George Clinton Chapter</i> , Ohio,	10 00	
<i>George Clinton, Chapter</i> , in memory of its "Real Daughter, Mrs. Mary A. Kirk, Ohio,	1 00	
<i>Hetuck Chapter</i> , Ohio,	25 00	
<i>Mahoning Chapter</i> , on account of Ohio Room, Ohio,	25 00	
<i>Martha Pitkin Chapter</i> , Ohio,	35 00	

<i>New Connecticut Chapter, Ohio,</i>	20 00	
<i>Ursula Wolcott Chapter, Ohio,</i>	100 00	
<i>Wauseon Chapter, Ohio,</i>	10 00	
<i>Western Reserve Chapter, Ohio,</i>	50 00	
<i>Ohio Chapters, on account of Ohio Room, Ohio, ..</i>	249 00	
<i>Ohio Chapters for furnishing Ohio Room, Ohio, ..</i>	226 79	923 79
<i>Oklahoma City Chapter, Oklahoma,</i>	10 00	10 00
Pennsylvania State Legislature, on account of Pennsylvania Column, Pennsylvania,	153 84	
"An industrious lady," through the <i>Berks County</i> <i>Chapter, Pennsylvania,</i>	50	
<i>Chester County Chapter, in memory of its "Real</i> <i>Daughter," Mrs. Eaches, Pennsylvania,</i>	1 00	
<i>Col. Hugh White Chapter, on account of Front</i> <i>Vestibule, Pennsylvania,</i>	10 00	
<i>Cumberland County Chapter, Pennsylvania,</i>	5 00	
<i>Donegal Chapter, on account of Front Vestibule,</i> <i>Pennsylvania,</i>	25 00	
<i>Flag House Chapter, on account of Front Vesti-</i> <i>bule, Pennsylvania,</i>	15 00	
<i>Fort McClure Chapter, on account of Front Vesti-</i> <i>bule, Pennsylvania,</i>	5 00	
<i>Fort McIntosh Chapter, on account of Front Vesti-</i> <i>bule, Pennsylvania,</i>	10 00	
<i>Germantown Chapter, on account of Front Vesti-</i> <i>bule, Pennsylvania,</i>	25 00	
<i>Harrisburg Chapter, on account of Front Vestibule,</i> <i>Pennsylvania,</i>	50 00	
<i>Harrisburg Chapter, in memory of a "Real Daugh-</i> <i>ter," Pennsylvania,</i>	7 50	
Mrs. Lucy T. Fleming, of <i>Independence Hall</i> <i>Chapter, on account of Front Vestibule, Pennsyl-</i> <i>vania,</i>	75 00	
Mrs. Alfred G. Saeger, of <i>Liberty Bell Chapter,</i> <i>on account of Front Vestibule, Pennsylvania, ..</i>	20 00	
Mrs. Robert Iredell, Jr., of <i>Liberty Bell Chapter,</i> <i>on account of the Grounds, Pennsylvania,</i>	300 29	
<i>Lycoming Chapter, on account of Front Vestibule,</i> <i>Pennsylvania,</i>	25 00	
Mrs. A. P. Perley, of <i>Lycoming Chapter, on ac-</i> <i>count of Front Vestibule, Pennsylvania,</i>	25 00	
Mrs. F. S. Giger, of <i>Philadelphia Chapter, in honor</i> <i>of the "Real Daughter," Miss Mary E. Painter,</i> <i>Pennsylvania,</i>	5 00	
<i>Phoebe Bayard Chapter, on account of Front Vesti-</i> <i>bule, Pennsylvania,</i>	5 00	

<i>Pittsburgh Chapter, Pennsylvania,</i>	200 00	
<i>Schuylkill Valley Chapter, on account of Front Vestibule, Pennsylvania,</i>	20 00	
<i>Sunbury Chapter, on account of Front Vestibule, Pennsylvania,</i>	10 00	
Mrs. Annie R. Hain, of <i>Sunbury Chapter, Pennsylvania,</i>	25 00	
Mrs. Julia Boardman Kerr, or <i>Susquehanna Chapter, Pennsylvania,</i>	20 00	
Mrs. Alexander E. Patton, of <i>Susquehanna Chapter, on account of Front Vestibule, Pennsylvania,</i>	25 00	
<i>Tioga Chapter, on account of Front Vestibule, Pennsylvania,</i>	50 00	
<i>Valley Forge Chapter, on account of Front Vestibule, Pennsylvania,</i>	25 00	
Mrs. Miller D. Evans, of <i>Valley Forge Chapter, to enroll her name on the Roll of Honor Book, Pennsylvania,</i>	50 00	
Miss Mary Evans, of <i>Valley Forge Chapter, to enroll her deceased sister, Miss Ellen Evans, on the Roll of Honor Book, Pennsylvania,</i>	50 00	
<i>Venango County Chapter, on account of Front Vestibule, Pennsylvania,</i>	25 00	
<i>Warrior Run Chapter, on account of Front Vestibule, Pennsylvania,</i>	10 00	
<i>Washington County Chapter, on account of Front Vestibule, Pennsylvania,</i>	10 00	
<i>Witness Tree Chapter, on account of Front Vestibule, Pennsylvania,</i>	25 00	
Mrs. W. H. Woodin, of <i>Wyoming Valley Chapter, on account of Front Vestibule, Pennsylvania. . .</i>	25 00	
<i>Yorktown Chapter, on account of Front Vestibule, Pennsylvania,</i>	25 00	
J. E. Caldwell & Co., Commission on Pennsylvania State Pin, on account of Front Vestibule, <i>Pennsylvania,</i>	3 50	1,361 63
<i>Bristol Chapter, in memory of its two "Real Daughters," Mrs. Clarissa P. Smith and Miss Elizabeth C. Wardwell, Rhode Island,</i>	2 00	
Mrs. Richard Jackson Barker, of <i>Gaspee Chapter, to enroll Chapter on the Roll of Honor Book, Rhode Island,</i>	50 00	
<i>William Ellery Chapter, Rhode Island,</i>	25 00	
<i>William Ellery Chapter, in honor of its "Real</i>		

Daughter," Mrs. Elizabeth T. Coggeshall, Rhode Island,	1 00	78 00
<i>South Carolina Chapter</i> , balance due on South Carolina Column, South Carolina,	1,746 95	1,746 95
<i>Adam Dale Chapter</i> , Tennessee,	10 00	
<i>Bonny Kate Chapter</i> , Tennessee,	250 00	
<i>Campbell, Chapter</i> , Tennessee,	100 00	
<i>Chickamauga Chapter</i> , Tennessee,	100 00	
Mrs. Amelia I. Chamberlain, of <i>Chickamauga Chapter</i> , for enrollment on the Roll of Honor Book, Tennessee,	50 00	
<i>Commodore Perry Chapter</i> , Tennessee,	91 00	
<i>Commodore Perry Chapter</i> , to enroll Mrs. J. Harvey Mathes on Roll of Honor Book, Tennessee,	50 00	
Mrs. Medora Cooke Cassity, of <i>Commodore Perry Chapter</i> , Tennessee,	5 00	
<i>Cumberland Chapter</i> , Tennessee,	200 00	
<i>Hermitage Chapter</i> , Tennessee,	100 00	
<i>Jackson-Madison Chapter</i> , Tennessee,	10 00	
<i>Watauga Chapter</i> , special memorial to Revolutionary ancestors of sixty members, Tennessee,	100 00	1,066 00
<i>Texas Chapters</i> , on account of Texas Room, Texas,	110 00	
<i>Texas Chapters</i> , on account of the memorial to Mrs. John Lane Henry, Texas,	200 00	
<i>Lady Washington Chapter</i> , Texas,	100 00	
<i>Thankful Hubbard Chapter</i> , on account of Texas Room, Texas,	100 00	510 00
Mrs. Horace Hoxie Dyer, of <i>Ann Story Chapter</i> , to enroll her father and mother Henry and Hannah Lucy Hulett Hitchcock on the Roll of Honor Book, Vermont,	50 00	
Mrs. Horace Hoxie Dyer, of <i>Ann Story Chapter</i> , in memory of Mrs. Esther S. Damon, the last widow of a Revolutionary Soldier, who died at Plymouth Union, Vermont, September, 1906, Vermont,	5 00	
A member of <i>Battleboro Chapter</i> , in honor of the "Real Daughter," Mrs. Laura M. Chace, Vermont,	1 00	56 00
<i>Albemarle Chapter</i> , Virginia,	25 00	
<i>Beverly Manor Chapter</i> , Virginia,	10 00	
<i>Blue Ridge Chapter</i> , Virginia,	10 00	
<i>Fairfax County Chapter</i> , Virginia,	5 00	
<i>Fort Nelson Chapter</i> , Virginia,	10 00	
<i>Hampton Chapter</i> , Virginia,	8 00	

<i>Mount Vernon Chapter, Virginia,</i>	85 00	
<i>Sycamore Shoals Chapter, Virginia,</i>	5 00	
<i>Cash, Virginia,</i>	5 00	163 00
<i>Virginia Dare Chapter, Washington,</i>	5 00	5 00
<i>Bluefield Chapter, on account of West Virginia Room, West Virginia,</i>	1 00	
<i>Mrs. Douglas E. Newton, of Col. Charles Lewis Chapter, on account of West Virginia Room, West Virginia,</i>	3 00	
<i>Elizabeth Ludington Hagans Chapter, on account of West Virginia Room, West Virginia,</i>	10 00	
<i>James Wood Chapter, on account of West Virginia Room, West Virginia,</i>	50 00	
<i>Mrs. J. N. Camden, of James Wood Chapter, on account of West Virginia Room, West Virginia,</i>	25 00	
<i>Mrs. Henry C. Jackson, of James Wood Chapter, on account of West Virginia Room, West Virginia,</i>	10 00	
<i>Mrs. L. Hayes Poole, of James Wood Chapter, on account of West Virginia Room, West Virginia,</i>	15 00	
<i>Mrs. B. D. Spilman, of James Wood Chapter, on account of West Virginia Room, West Virginia,</i>	59 00	
<i>Miss Margaret Spilman, through James Wood Chapter, on account of West Virginia Room, West Virginia,</i>	30 00	
<i>West Augusta Chapter, on account of West Virginia Room, West Virginia,</i>	5 00	
<i>Mrs. Stephen B. Elkins, of West Virginia,</i>	50 00	
<i>Mrs. Stephen B. Elkins, to enroll mother, Mrs. Henry G. Davis, on the Roll of Honor Book, West Virginia,</i>	50 00	310 00
<i>Fon-du-lac Chapter, Wisconsin,</i>	35 00	
<i>Fort Atkinson Chapter, Wisconsin,</i>	52 00	
<i>Janesville Chapter, Wisconsin,</i>	73 00	
<i>John Bell Chapter, Wisconsin,</i>	51 00	
<i>Milwaukee Chapter, Wisconsin,</i>	225 00	
<i>Nequi-Antigo-Siebah Chapter, Wisconsin,</i>	20 00	
<i>Racine Chapter, Wisconsin,</i>	25 00	
<i>Tyranena Chapter, Wisconsin,</i>	30 00	
<i>Wau Bun Chapter, Wisconsin,</i>	29 00	
<i>Waukesha Continental Chapter, Wisconsin,</i>	36 00	
<i>Waukesha Continental Chapter, Coat of Arms, Wisconsin,</i>	9 72	

One member, <i>Wisconsin</i> ,	1 00	586 72
Found in Credential Room,	12	12
		<hr/>
		\$51,403 26

EXPENDITURES.

Re-issue of Charter Fee returned to <i>Sarah Dickinson Chapter</i> , Georgia,	\$2 00	
Fifth payment on account of Rear Pavilions,	3,294 70	
Fourth payment on account of Heating Contract,	9,068 30	
		<hr/>
		12,365 00
		<hr/> <hr/>
Cash balance on deposit in banks May 31, 1907, ...		\$39,038 26

PERMANENT INVESTMENT.

5,000 par value Chicago & Alton Railroad 3% Bonds,	\$4,000 60	
10,000 par value Baltimore & Ohio Railroad 4% Bonds,	10,150 00	
10,000 par value Union Pacific Railroad 4% Bonds,	10,326 50	
		<hr/>
		24,477 10
		<hr/>
Total Permanent Fund, cash and investments, ...		\$63,515 36

Respectfully submitted,

MABEL G. SWORMSTEDT,
Treasurer General, N. S. D. A. P.

PLEDGES MADE AT SIXTEENTH CONTINENTAL CONGRESS.

<i>Oakland Chapter</i> , in memory of its "Real Daughter," Mrs. Harriett A. Hills, California,	\$25 00
The Caroline Marshall Wheelock Society, Children of the American Revolution, Connecticut,	10 00
Mrs. H. H. Adams, of <i>Putnam Hill Chapter</i> , Connecticut, ...	25 00
<i>Caesar Rodney Chapter</i> , in memory of its "Real Daughter," Delaware,	25 00
Miss Elisabeth F. Pierce, of <i>Constitution Chapter</i> , to enroll her mother, Mrs. Mary Fletcher Pierce, on the Roll of Honor Book, District of Columbia,	50 00
Mrs. George T. Smallwood, of <i>Constitution Chapter</i> , to enroll her mother, Mrs. Phebe Jackson Clark Robinson, a "Real Daughter," on the Roll of Honor Book, District of Columbia,	50 00
<i>Continental Dames Chapter</i> , District of Columbia,	10 00
<i>Sara Franklin Chapter</i> , District of Columbia,	25 00

Mrs. Williams Lawson, Peel, of <i>Joseph Habersham Chapter</i> , for 32 "Real Daughters," Georgia,	32 00
State Conference of Illinois for Pediment, Illinois,	85 00
<i>Chicago Chapter</i> , for 3 "Real Daughters," one having died during the Congress, Illinois,	3 00
Mrs. C. H. Castle, of <i>Dorothy Quincy Chapter</i> , Illinois,	10 00
Mrs. Henry Staat, of <i>Puritan and Cavalier Chapter</i> , Illinois,	5 00
Mrs. Marian Longfellow O'Donoghue, of <i>Elizabeth Wadsworth Chapter</i> , Maine,	5 00
Miss Willie Ritchie, of <i>Frederick Chapter</i> , Maryland,	5 00
<i>Col. Timothy Bigelow Chapter</i> , in honor of its "Real Daughter," Massachusetts,	5 00
Friends in Massachusetts, balance due to enroll Mrs. Laura Wentworth Fowler, of <i>Old South Chapter</i> , on the Roll of Honor Book, Massachusetts,	18 00
<i>Elizabeth Benton Chapter</i> , in honor of its "Real Daughter," Mrs. Sarah Gale Bennett, Missouri,	5 00
<i>Jefferson Chapter</i> , in honor of its "Real Daughter," Mrs. Benjamin Hypes, Missouri,	5 00
Mrs. John McLane, of <i>Milford Chapter</i> , for New Hampshire Shield, New Hampshire,	25 00
<i>Matthew Thornton Chapter</i> , in memory of its "Real Daughter," Mrs. Katherine Kendall Steele, New Hampshire,	2 00
<i>Deborah Champion Chapter</i> , in honor of its "Real Daughter," Miss Harriet E. H. Gilbert, New York,	1 00
<i>General Richard Montgomery Chapter</i> , in honor of its "Real Daughter," New York,	1 00
<i>Irondequoit Chapter</i> , New York,	50 00
<i>Mohawk Valley Chapter</i> , New York,	20 00
<i>Mohegan Chapter</i> , New York,	50 00
<i>Minisink Chapter</i> , New York,	100 00
<i>Otsego Chapter</i> , New York,.....	15 00
Mrs. O. E. Dudley, of <i>White Plains Chapter</i> , New York, ...	25 00
<i>Mecklenberg Chapter</i> , on account of North Carolina Column, North Carolina,	50 00
<i>Bellefonte Chapter</i> , on account of Front Vestibule, Pennsylvania,	25 00
<i>Bellefonte Chapter</i> , for Shield, Pennsylvania,	1 00
<i>Berks County Chapter</i> , on account of Chime Clock, Pennsylvania,	57 44
<i>Dial Rock Chapter</i> , on account of Front Vestibule, Pennsylvania,	10 00
<i>Shikilimo Chapter</i> , Pennsylvania,	25 00
Independence Hall Society, Children of the American Revolution, through <i>Independence Hall Chapter</i> , Pennsylvania, ..	10 00

Miss Evelyn Bache, President of L'Esperance Society, Children of the American Revolution, to enroll Mrs. Longley on Roll of Honor Book, Rhode Island,	50 00
<i>Elizabeth Ludington Hagans Chapter</i> , in honor of its "Real Daughter," Mrs. Susanna G. Coburn, on account of West Virginia Room, West Virginia,	5 00
<i>John Chapman Chapter</i> , on account of West Virginia Room, West Virginia,	10 00
<i>West Augusta Chapter</i> , on account of West Virginia Room, West Virginia,	25 00
	<hr/>
	\$955 44

PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

**SIXTEENTH
CONTINENTAL
CONGRESS**

OF THE

Daughters of the American Revolution

Washington, D. C.
April 15th to 20th, 1907

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SIXTEENTH CONTINENTAL CONGRESS OF THE NATIONAL SOCIETY OF THE DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION.

The Sixteenth Continental Congress of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution assembled at Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, District of Columbia, on Monday, April 15, 1907, and was called to order at 10.48 o'clock a. m. by the president general, Mrs. Donald McLean, who was escorted to the platform by a committee consisting of Wm. L. Marsh, president of the District Society, Sons of the American Revolution, Truman Avery, John Speed Smith, Albert Gore, J. W. Whitman, and W. D. McLean.

Trumpet call by Chief Musician Wintermeyer, United States Army; flourishes to president general and to the "colors."

After reading the 67th Psalm, the following prayer was offered by Mrs. Teunis S. Hamlin, the chaplain-general:

Our dear Heavenly Father, we thank Thee that Thou art a prayer-hearing God, and that Thou hast promised to bless us if we come to Thee in Thy fear and in love. We thank Thee, our Father, for all that Thou art to us, all that Thou hast been, and all that Thou hast promised to be. We thank Thee that Thou art the God of our nation, that Thou hast been our God from the very beginning, and that we do see Thy marvelous works in the history of our nation, and that we do feel that we are appointed of Thee for a great and wonderful mission in the history of Thy doings with the work.

We thank Thee, our Father, that we live in this day and generation when our faith is strengthened by sight, when we have seen what Thou hast accomplished, when we realize what we are. We thank Thee, our Father, for our nation; we know that Thou art the God of nations, that Thou dost rule and overrule, that Thou hast ruled and overruled with us; and we thank Thee this morning that we can come here in such joy, and with such thanksgiving and praise to Thee, to render our love and homage to Thee individually, feeling that we are a Christian nation, loving Thee and trying to work out Thy will in peace and righteousness.

We pray this day that Thou wilt be with this organization, which has met here in this great room. Grant, our Father, to be with its officers as Thou hast been in the past. Give them strength of body, mind and soul. They builded better than they knew, and we feel that Thou hast blessed their building. We pray, our Father, that Thou wilt continue to bless them; we pray that Thou wilt be with the society throughout the country; be with each individual member, and help us, as women, to realize that what our country is we must make it, for she who rocks the cradle rules the world.

Oh, God, we pray that Thou mayest enlighten our hearts, and give us strength and courage to fight for that which is right. Grant, our Father, that we may realize, and wilt Thou help us to realize, that it is the individual member who makes the society, and that we must each of us be true and pure and good.

We pray for Thy especial blessing upon this special Congress. Be with us at the beginning, through its sessions, and unto its close. Give us strength for whatever Thou hast for us to do, and may we fulfill our mission in this, our day and generation.

We ask it for Jesus' sake, Amen.

At the request of the precentor, Mr. Percy S. Foster, the congress joined in singing three stanzas of America, accompanied by the pianist Miss Hughes.

ADDRESS OF WELCOME BY THE PRESIDENT GENERAL TO THE SIXTEENTH
CONTINENTAL CONGRESS.

Daughters of the American Revolution assembled from every state in this union: distinguished Sons of the American Revolution, and all those guests whose presence lends distinction to this gathering: I bid you warmly, welcome.

One year ago I stood here before you at the opening of the Fifteenth Continental Congress, known to you as your confrère on the floor, but unknown to you, as you to me, on the platform. When that Congress adjourned, a year ago, I felt that the unknown had first become acquaintances, then friends, then loyal and beloved Daughters. [Applause.] So, this morning I think of you as loyal and beloved Daughters. Enter into your own home in this Hall, and also enter into your nearer home, the heart of your president general. [Applause.]

And not only do I greet you as Daughters, but as I look out upon this assembled mass of American womanhood, I know too that we are sisters born of that blessed parentage of love and liberty, born of that pure passion of the soul for justice, and the fruit of a new union, a new body politic in the nations of the world. [Applause.] So, you are my Daughters and my sisters; and (turning to the Sons of the American Revolution) so many times have I been a sister to the Sons, [Laughter] that this morning I am going to be their mother! [Applause.] You know, however proud we are of our Daughters, there is a little special pang of pride when a man child comes into the world. So, while unwilling to qualify my devotion to the Daughters, it is a little comfort to have a few men with us to-day! [Applause and laughter.]

There is so much to say to you that I shall say very little, because there is no middle stream between great discursiveness of detail to such a gathering, and a brief, succinct statement of those things that I believe best to bring to your attention this morning.

This, as you know, is not our business session. Many details will come before you during the ensuing week, upon which I shall not dwell now. I merely wish to bring before you the important features of the past year's work, as your president general has seen that work, has engaged in it, and has strained her every nerve to do you honor, and to bring back to you rewards. [Applause.]

First, your Continental Hall speaks for itself. You left it with four uncompleted pavilions, two nearly finished, two not begun. To-day they are completed. You see the full square of your own hall before you. There is much work that has been completed on this hall which you cannot see, because it is underground, in those hidden chambers of mystery of which no human being, save the most expert architect, can have the faintest comprehension. That is the installation of the heating plant. [Laughter.] Nobody knows how much more wisdom I now possess on heating plants and kindred matters than when I became president general, and that wisest form of wisdom which teaches you how little you really know. [Laughter.] When I undertook to go on with the work of Continental Hall, I had all that daring courage which comes of ignorance. Now I stand in trepidation before every step, so afraid am I that the main conduit will not take the steam in the right direction, or that the elbow of this pipe does not properly fit the joint of the other. But it is all there, and those of you who prefer the catacombs to the outside world of Washington, may explore its mysteries at any time. It is there with a full purpose. It is there to help us move our offices, so that we may hereafter install them with due pride, and have our home where our heart is, so that we may be freed from the expense of renting the offices, and so we may also gratify a most commendable sentiment by having them located in our own house. [Applause.]

When I spoke to you, a year ago, I had hoped to report that as "*un fait accompli*" this morning, but the builders and contractors, and other causes have conspired to make a little delay. But now our heating plant is actually installed, and we intend to use it within six months in heating the building. Of course, that is a matter of congratulation to one who is undertaking to carry on an economical administration (because of the saving of office rent). [Applause.] I do not suppose that any one in the world ever assumed an administration, without intending to make it a model of the strictest economy. We have striven to do that; and I assure you that heart's blood is sometimes spilled in the effort—but I am proud to report to you this morning that although it is a happy fact that we have had born eight thousand new Daughters within the past two years, we have not increased the expenses of your organization one dollar.

It seems but a little while ago since we stood here preparing for our trip over to Annapolis to attend the memorial services to John Paul Jones, where the Daughters gathered in a great body at that

most impressive assemblage, and saw the shaft of light shooting down from Heaven, resting upon the laurel and the sword on that flag-draped coffin, making the "light perpetual" upon that laurel and that sword, in the eternal rest of immortal fame.

From such a gathering we turn to the next great historical event, the Jamestown Exposition, and these our Daughters will be proudly represented there as they were at the historical assembling in Annapolis. Your building is proceeding so well on Jamestown Island that I would not be heartless enough to take from the chairman of that committee the pleasure of telling you just what she has accomplished. I only desire at this opening session of our Congress, and in this public manner, to pay tribute to the tireless and unceasing work which has been undertaken and accomplished by the chairman of the Jamestown Exposition committee, Mrs. Purcell. [Applause.] Your relics will be gathered in the Exposition grounds, themselves, which are somewhat separated from the island where is your building. You will have two points of interest, and I trust you will include a third in the New York state building, where your president general will assume a dual personality, and as a commissioner from New York state will welcome there the Daughters of the American Revolution, and then go up to your Daughters of the American Revolution building and beg you to make welcome the New York state commissioner among the Daughters of the American Revolution. [Applause.] You know, no president general could ever head this organization for two years without the ability to assume twenty personalities, so what is it to me to take on two? [Laughter.] I shall expect, then, to see you all during the Exposition, and to give further details of this work, or have them given to you later on in our session. Those are two historical points of assemblage—in Annapolis and in Virginia. We seem to stretch as a beautiful arch from the consummation of the last Continental Congress to the consummation of this, for the Jamestown Exposition opens next week.

In the interval of the months which have passed since I left you here, a year ago, I have traveled more miles than I can count, and I trace them in memory with the milestones of happiness in the enthusiastic greetings which have come to me, in the states almost to the borders of our country. From here I went, as you know, to Annapolis, and almost immediately thereafter, on a delightful trip through the State of Pennsylvania, going over to Pittsburg where we celebrated Flag Day, and where the Sons of the American Revolution signalized that event by a gift of \$250 to our Continental Hall. [Applause.] (That is not said by way of intimation to the Sons of the American Revolution who are here with us to-day!) [Laughter.] On through the state, to many points of interest, to which I cannot even allude for lack of time, but I should feel derelict to one of the most interesting trips, if I did not mention my journey to Tidioute. I see that an-

nouncement awakens just as much interest in you as it did in me, when I was invited there, and I assure you it is a most charming town up in the other end of Pennsylvania. It is the visits that we make to just such towns, that bring to all of us a knowledge of our Country, and of the great, real patriotism in it, and of the magnificent domain of the Daughters of the American Revolution. In that Chapter in Tidioute, Pennsylvania, a stretch of sixty miles, embracing four counties, is covered by its membership.

I shall not give the journey chronologically, because all of you know your history and will recognize the fact that Tea Party Day could not follow Flag Day so quickly; and yet in your hearts it does, for if there had been no Tea Party Day, there could have been no Flag Day!—and were there no Flag Day—how should we celebrate Tea Party Day?

Thus through Massachusetts and into New Hampshire, the grand old Granite State; and thence into Vermont, with its "Green Mountain Boys," and then on to that wonderful trip through the middle west, where I had the privilege of being with our past president general and vice-president general, Mrs. Adlai E. Stevenson and our Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, then to Chicago and its great Chapter. Thence through Illinois, and up into Minnesota, where I had the experience of real western travel and real western vernacular, in whizzing over roads in a "buzz-wagon," as I was told,—(I thought it was an elegantly-appointed automobile.) On over the wonderful rolling prairies, I was carried back into Wisconsin, where there was a magnificent demonstration by the Daughters in that state; thence up into Iowa, where for the first time in the history of the Society, the representatives of all the Mississippi Valley were gathered together. I consider that was the greatest step forward ever taken in this organization since the time the organization had birth. We who live in the eastern part of the Country, know very little, and have not the faintest conception of the marvellous possibilities and attainments of that great and wonderful Middle West. So wide and catholic is it in its interests, and so earnestly did your president general desire to respond to everyone of those interests as they were brought before her, that she endeavored to ascend the heights of university classics on one evening, and talked to the football boys on the next! [Laughter.] There I heard one of the best addresses on patriotic education to which it has ever been my privilege to listen, an address by the President of the Iowa State University. I had hoped to have him to address us here at this Congress, but he, like many other distinguished men, is in New York attending a convention to which I shall allude specifically in a moment.

From Iowa I went on down to Nebraska, reaching my farthest Western point at Lincoln, where I learned the magic secret of that lovely manna let down from Heaven, requiring neither water nor care, nor aught else save the gathering in, that magnificent harvest of alfalfa. Alfalfa has become a byword to my friends, because it

awakened such admiring interest in my own mind, and I felt that I had acquired such magnificent knowledge that I never dreamed anybody else in the world knew as much as your president general knew about alfalfa; but when I came back and went down to Virginia, the wife of the Governor, a "Daughter" of most attractive personality, had delivered the loveliest little lecture on alfalfa just before I arrived. [Laughter.]

From Nebraska with its warm welcome, and with heart-felt regrets that I did not reach Kansas, although I had the privilege of meeting some of the Kansas Daughters with their State Regent, I then entered Missouri, where I experienced the warmth of that half-southern, half-western spirit, which when blended make perfection in this nation. whether it be in hospitable, social circles, or whether it be in taking up the great political questions of the day.

From there a return home. I used to have but one pole-star, (which is the brightest one, and I do not mean to say that it should not always be beyond all others to draw a woman to her home, but I have found one that is a very strong second. My pole-star has grown into the constellation Gemini, and when I turn on the one hand to New York, I turn on the other to Washington.) I came back from all that travel of thousands of miles to New York, and thence down here to our Board meetings, having accomplished the entire trip under the Divine help of Providence, without an accident, without missing a train, without missing an engagement and without losing my trunk key. [Laughter.]

From Washington down through Virginia, where the Governor of the State received me with that warm-hearted hospitality, which alone could console me for learning that his wife, Mrs. Swanson, knew all about alfalfa. Then back to what is, perhaps, after all, the dearest, to Maryland. [Applause.] Apropos of that state, I wish to say this morning that there is always an average preserved in everything. I was a little proud last year because we needed no gavel at our opening session, but this morning I have used two. [Laughter.] This, because "Our Flag" Chapter of this district, has presented me with one to be used here this morning, a gavel made from historic wood from the White House; and a lovely Daughter from Maryland came to me only a moment since with this rare gavel, from the wood of the old brig "*Peggy Stewart*," and presented by the Peggy Stewart Tea Party Chapter of Maryland, with the request that I use it. It seemed impossible, for the moment, to use them both, but inwardly came the thought: "I will use them both now, and then I will need none hereafter," and I know that you will help me to *need none*. [Applause.]

In all these undertakings I have endeavored to stimulate interest in all your great objects and projects. Of course, first and primarily it is our duty to complete this building. At our Continental Hall Committee meeting on Saturday, the report of the finances showed, as you

will be glad and interested to hear, that we have now here invested in the ground and in the building as it stands to-day, more than half of what it will cost when fully completed, exterior and interior. [Applause.] You have passed that milestone, that half of your journey is over. Certainly you will hasten to the completion of this great end for which we yearn. [Applause.]

Patriotic education is a matter which will be detailed so fully and so capably by the chairman of the committee on this subject, that I will not go into it other than to say that it has grown day by day, and month by month, in the interest it is awakening, and in the splendid work which it is accomplishing in every state in this union. There are divers methods of undertaking patriotic education, which I will leave to our chairman to describe, but there is one thing that I must mention. So far as I know, it is the first of its kind, and it is pregnant with large results. The Governor of the State of New Jersey called together, for the first time in the history of this country, a special commission appointed by himself and the legislature, to look into the need for patriotic education, and to undertake consecutive legislative work to bring about results. [Applause.] Your president general had the privilege of being present at a great gathering presided over by Governor Stokes and his coadjutors, and she was there taught much that she was happy to learn, as to the possibilities of this wide work. I felt it to be one of the greatest compliments that the Daughters of the American Revolution had received, when their president general was asked to stand hand-in-hand to forward the work of that Commission, and to endeavor to induce other Governors throughout this country to approve the same sort of work in connection with the legislatures, and in connection with the public-school systems, and with other great organized bodies, so that the work may tell in a way that it could not tell in little sporadic endeavors. I commend this to you, and I say to every governor in this country: "Take notice: appoint a commission for patriotic education, or the Daughters of the American Revolution will educate you." [Applause.]

The preservation of our historic spots is one of the greatest works that we have. That will also be brought before you by one of our ablest members. I would tell you this morning of one of the most notable achievements in that line, except that I am a little afraid to do so. (I tell you this in confidence.) I spoke to the chairman of that committee yesterday about it, and she told me that if I mentioned its name she would not vote for me. I was so terrorized that I did not think that I would dare speak of it, but now, in order to show my courageous nature, I will announce that Fort Massac has been acquired and preserved by the Daughters of the American Revolution and the State of Illinois, through Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, past vice-president general of our organization in that state.

The Children of the Republic is a wonderful work that has been

taken up in the line of patriotic education, but on a different principle. That will be explained to you by our Mrs. John A. Murphy, of Ohio, chairman of the committee.

Thus, indefinitely, reference could be made to the work that has been accomplished in various states; but there is one special thing that we have accomplished during the past year that I feel, perhaps, more tenderly proud of than of any other achievement, and that is the fact that for the first time in the history of the Society regular provision has been made for the assistance of all "Real Daughters" who are in penury or poor circumstances. [Applause.] "Real Daughters," I will explain for the benefit of the public, are the actual living daughters of Revolutionary heroes. While, of course, they are very old, you would be surprised to know how many there are still living; we cannot tell you at this moment how many, because day by day we receive communications bringing to notice the claims of one and another. We are extremely careful in investigating these claims. We refer them to the chairman, who will report to you later. We find whether or not they are in actual need, and if we find that they are, we, their younger sisters, hasten to their succor, and I believe that to be one of the highest privileges of this organization. [Applause.]

So I have brought before you the gods that the Daughters worship, the gods next to the great God under whose guidance we believe we exist. We endeavor to keep pure all our various channels of work. All of our activities we know are energetic; all of our achievements, so far as we are able to make them so, are spotless of meanness, sordidness or undue glorification.

I come before you with that splendid report of our financial condition. [applause], though I must say that I did have a few qualms for the Daughters when I found that the first legislation about two-cents-a-mile railroad fare was put into effect against our round-trip tickets. I was informed of that from the West, and we immediately sent a most supplicatory prayer to the authorities, and they relented.

I have had a terrible intimation that Mr. Harriman has said something about our investments. I am very proud that he knows that we have \$24,000 to invest. I think it must be a matter of great moment to Mr. Harriman, and I am very glad that we are so much like the whole administration of the National Government of the United States, that we are called upon to take up such questions and grapple with Mr. Harriman. [Laughter.]

Now, in order not to seem too warlike, I draw your attention to that wonderful convention which is at almost this very hour convening in New York City, the Peace Congress. Were it not that this Continental Congress is constitutionally required to meet this week, I should have advocated holding it either in the preceding or the succeeding week, because the Peace Congress now in session in New York City, is one of the most wonderful movements of the world.

This Continental Congress has been invited to participate in its proceedings, and your president general invited to speak there. [Applause.] Realizing that it would be impossible to transfer this entire Congress to theirs, and they being foolish and inconsiderate enough not to remember that they could just as well have held their sessions here under the stimulating influence of the Daughters, we can now only join in their deliberations through that mental telepathy and cardiacal sympathy which, I am sure, the Daughters will send to them in response to the numberless communications I, myself, have received from the officers of that Peace Congress. We, this morning, are gathered here together to bid one another welcome, and as we have not received the report of our Committee on Credentials, we are not an organized body, and not organized to take formal action. Otherwise, I should ask to have presented at once, certain resolutions which I hope to see presented as a special order almost after we go into our regular business session, resolutions in harmony with that magnificent peace movement which is being held in New York City, with Mr. Carnegie as its president, and participated in, I may say, by every leading nation of the world, and most of the leading men of this country except those whom we have induced to stay with us here this morning. [Laughter and applause.] You will find that it is a mark in the history of the world, and I am very glad that we were so prescient and far-seeing that, years ago, on the floor of this Congress, a resolution was passed at the time of Queen Victoria's sixtieth anniversary, when we were speaking of the crowning of her work for arbitration, to the effect that this Congress bring forward its own endorsement of the great principle of peace by arbitration; and I am further proud to point to the fact, (which was mentioned a year ago) that we offered the use of this great hall to the President of the United States, should he need it at the time of the negotiations looking toward the conclusion of the Russian-Japanese war. All of these things have put us absolutely in line with this great world movement. As I said then, so I say now, that it is not a paradox that the Daughters of the American Revolution should take part in a peace movement, because certainly no one thinks that war has any excuse in the world except to produce peace. The production of a more permanent peace, is the only thing for which war ought ever to be waged. As we produced peace with honor in our American Revolution, now let us preserve peace with honor in an American nation. [Applause.]

When I stood here, a year ago, I welcomed to our halls the public as well as our own organization, realizing, after all, what is a platform without the public? and what is the public without a platform? and knowing that when I look at a great body of American women, I am looking at the most powerful promoters of American patriotism; because American women do so influence the American public that they make American patriotism. [Applause.] It is in that light that

we welcome everyone that comes within our walls. Your president general stood here, then, and called on the different states to reply for their various localities—I cannot say sections, because we recognize none. When I called upon these states then, I called upon them as the glowing stars in the lustrous constellation coming to set themselves in the midnight sky, and pointing the way to the weary traveler who wishes the light of liberty, but to-day I call to your mind the old story of Julian, the Apostate, as he was called, who, after the reign of Christianity had commenced, thought on ascending his throne, that he would hark back to the days of the old rulers, that he would return to the worship of Juno and Jove and Venus and Cupid, and all the mythological and classic deities, and that he would bring back and free the people from this new and strange religion of the unknown Gallilean to the marvelous, world-wide splendor of the mythological era. His own people turned upon him and spurned him, with contempt for his apostasy; but he held to it, and the days became dark before him, and the night of infidelity and mistrust of his kind settled down upon him, and only as death was closing his eyes did he suddenly exclaim, rising with faith in his face and on his lips: "The Son! the Son of Righteousness." So I say to you: "Daughters, no longer only the stars of lustrous constellations, "Arise! shine; your light has come. The Son—the Son of Peace through Liberty."

Loud applause, at the conclusion of which a mammoth American flag was gently swung down from the canopied top of the building.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. I do not need to introduce to you one whom you love and honor almost as well as I do—no one could love her quite so well—Mrs. Robert E. Park, of Georgia.

RESPONSE OF MRS. ROBERT E. PARK, OF GEORGIA.

[Applause.]

Madam President General and Daughters of the American Revolution: I count it high honor to stand here in Memorial Hall, our temple of Liberty, and respond for the South to the heart-felt welcome of the president general of this great organization. I thank you, Madam President, and bring you cordial greetings from your southern Daughters. Aye! more, I bear messages of congratulation upon the brilliant work you have accomplished, and I voice the assurance that you have more than fulfilled the expectations of your friends and justified their love and confidence. You have been faithful to the trust reposed in you by the Daughters of the American Revolution. Fidelity is a cardinal virtue, and when to fidelity is added diligence, and to diligence, zeal, and to zeal, self sacrifice, and to self sacrifice, personal magnetism, there in happy combination exist the qualities of the born leader. And under such a leader is our patriotic Society marching forward—like unto "an army with banners," singing our battle hymn

America. We say to you from full and grateful hearts: well done, good and faithful servant!

As the Jews observe Passover annually, by recounting over and over again their deliverance from Egypt, so we come each year to our national shrine to renew our faith and loyalty, to be rebaptized with the spirit of patriotism and to repeat over again the golden deeds of our heroic ancestors.

Withdraw your spirit for a moment into the land of memory; a mystic hush falls upon you and you hear sighing through the pines of North Carolina, the word "Alamance," "Alamance." At the sight-compelling sound, you behold 200 brave Highlanders clad in plaid and bonnet—stretched stark upon the ground—martyrs to the love of Liberty. Again you hear afar off the brave voices of James Otis and John Adams raised in remonstrance against tyranny. In Virginia, an assembly of farmer cavaliers, with the blood of the Magna Charta Barons beating hot in their veins, are gathered in the old House of Burgesses. The lion voice of the same young Virginian rises in impassioned oratory among his peers and ends in a sublime outburst that has nerved the hearts of heroes from that brave day to this.

Hark! a clattering, iterant sound is borne upon the night wind and a breathless rider is delivering an immortal message. The "embattled farmers" gather and fire the shot that echoes round the globe. Again, the clashing of sabres and the neighing of steeds is heard, a hasty mount and a wild, wild ride, and a band of cavaliers stalk into the presence of the royal governor at Williamsburg, demand the ammunition which had been removed from their fort into the British vessel in the harbor—ammunition or full indemnity. The cowering governor reading the sternness of death in those resolute faces, pays over the money. A daring hand, as firm as steel, with splendid audacity, seizes a pen and signs the receipt, and the signature is Patrick Henry, Jr.

Now, we hear from Independence Hall the exultant clanging of a brazen-throated bell proclaiming "Liberty to the world and the inhabitants thereof," whose joyful vibrations set liberty waves in motion that reach the remotest corners of the earth.

Far to the south, we see a British fleet laying siege to Charleston. Charleston the bravest of the brave; a shell shatters the flag of Fort Moultrie from its staff, and it falls outside the parapet. A lithe figure springs to rescue it, under full fire of the enemy's cannon, and Sergeant Jasper leaps into immortal fame. [Applause.]

Still further south, the vision sweeps, and in the harbor of Savannah, two brave Liberty Boys, followed by Carolina troops are boarding a ship. They seize the surprised officers, confiscate the powder, and send part of it to Boston to help the patriots fight at Bunker Hill.

Again, we see one of those dauntless patriots, Joseph Habersham, stalking unabashed and alone into the presence of the royal governor,

and arresting him, marches him a prisoner through the streets of Savannah.

Yonder moves a slow procession of wagons, women and children, refugees from British cruelty and Tory depredation, wending their tedious way from Georgia, across rivers and over mountains into the safe haven of the Watauga country. As the stalwart leader of this sad hegira turns his head to cheer the drooping and help the weak, we see the rugged features of Elijah Clarke, the Georgia "Rough Rider" of the Revolution.

While this panorama of historic scenes unfolds before us, we hear afar off in antiphonal chorus, Massachusetts breathe the magic word Lexington; Vermont, Bennington; North Carolina, King's Mountain; New York, Saratoga; South Carolina, Cowpens; Pennsylvania, Valley Forge; New Jersey, Trenton; Georgia, Savannah; Virginia, Yorktown. Each name invoking a heroic memory of the past. The spirits of our forefathers hover over us—an army of witnesses stand round about us, and we live over again the struggle that established the greatest republic in the world's history. But this mere lip service of sentiment would be a mockery if our patriotism ended there. The Daughters of the American Revolution show their faith by their works.

WORK OF THE DAUGHTERS.

We claim without fear of contradiction, that the historical renaissance which marked the close of the nineteenth century was mainly due, in America, to the initiative of the Daughters of the American Revolution. Honor to whom honor is due. Place to the Daughters of the American Revolution! [Applause.]

No country has ever had such a revival of historic interest as that led by our patriotic Daughters from Boston Harbor on the East to Golden Gate on the West, from the Great Lakes on the North, to the Gulf on the South. He that runs may read the story of the settlement of this country and the struggle of the Colonies for independence; sermons of loyalty in stone; memorials of valor, heroism, and endurance erected in bronze, marble or granite by the Daughters of the American Revolution to tell the deathless story to coming generations of freemen.

Do you appreciate what a grand and far-reaching work it is to thus illustrate our country's history? It is the difference of the sealed book—the dead letter, and the vital, living, spoken word. No longer can it be said, as we have heard it said over and over again, "Oh America is too young to be interesting. She has no history." Go stand on the banks of the James river amid the ruins of Jamestown, and think if in the land of Powhatan and Pocahontas, of John Smith and the Cavaliers, of Patrick Henry and George Washington, are you not treading on ground enchanted by adventure and romance, and en-

nobled by heroic deeds? Go to Plymouth Rock on the stern and rock-bound coast of the Puritans and read the Memorial to the Pilgrim Fathers, in sound of the wild sea waves. Wander by the banks of the Connecticut and the Charles, see the column of Bunker Hill, that lofty shaft of liberty; follow the windings of the Mohawk river, cross the Delaware, visit the Valley of Wyoming. Make a pilgrimage through North and South Carolina, the cradle of the Revolution, where the battle of the Alamance sounded the tocsin of war before a shot was fired at Concord and Lexington, the land of the Scotch-Irish and the Huguenots, and of such glorious heroines as Rachel Caldwell, Rebecca Motte, Emily Geiger, and many others; visit Mecklenburg and King's Mountain, Cowpens, Camden and immortal Charleston; cross the Savannah river to Augusta, that town of august and noble history; wander in Wilkes county by the banks of Broad river amid the haunts of the great "War Woman," Nancy Hart; continue down past the old "dead towns" of Georgia to Savannah—Savannah the key of Georgia, Savannah, Queen City by the Sea, whose moss-draped trees whisper of liberty and the stones of whose streets are consecrated with heroes' blood. See all these and tell me if America has no history; tell me if your soul is not enkindled by these heroic memoirs, memories which place the finger of silence on the lips of the babbling present and bid the past to speak again.

If ever the rosary of patriotism should be counted, it is on this tercentennial birthday of the American nation, to be celebrated by the Jamestown Exposition. [Applause.] It is both my pleasure and my duty to eulogize the past of the south in the building of this republic, but it is done in no spirit of disparagement or vain boasting, but rather in devout thankfulness, that the states of the south have borne so brave a part in the foundation of our nation. At Jamestown was planted the first permanent English settlement, the seed of the civilization of the cavalier which had its full flower in Virginia and her daughter colonies, a distinct strain from the Puritan, which planted on the barren rock of Plymouth, grew into strong and rugged life, and flowered throughout the New England Colonies. The Plymouth descendants have developed a pride and patriotism, all honor to them for it! so widely sung in song and story that they are about to persuade the world that they were "the beginning of things" in America, the Alpha and Omega of the spirit of liberty. New England is so comfortable in this conviction that one feels like poking her in the ribs a little to disturb her complacency. [Laughter.]

At Jamestown was inaugurated representative government. The South was first in settlement, first, with Massachusetts beside her, in resistance to tyranny through the fiery eloquence of Patrick Henry and Richard Henry Lee; first through Thomas Jefferson, in the Declaration of Independence; first through James Madison, in framing

the Constitution; first in giving Washington, the "Soldier," to the struggling cause; first in furnishing Washington, the "President," to administer the government, and first in giving the great chief justice to interpret the Constitution. Shall we not glory in such a heritage? The Daughters of the South, heirs to this grand inheritance, are devoted in their love for the National Society, and their loyalty to its standard bearers. [Applause.]

The mission of our society is not alone to honor and memorialize the glorious history of the past, noble as that mission may be, but to stand as the real daughters of the Revolution stood, ready like the minute man to serve the state and the country in the present emergency. And the present emergency is first to amalgamate the immigrant population, the flotsam and jetsam, that is tossed upon our shores by every incoming tide into a solid, law-abiding citizenry [applause], and second to purify our national life. We have need to-day to ponder these questions in our hearts, when immigration threatens to denationalize this Anglo Saxon people, and greed and monopoly are fast throttling freedom. [Applause.] Our committee on patriotic education is wisely grappling with the first problem.

No amount of education can wholly eradicate the giant evils of graft and greed, of trusts and corporations, of individual thieving and organized thieving, of dishonesty, disloyalty, chicanery, which flourish in high places of government and low places of trade, until the heart of the nation is infected to the core. There must come a holy war for civic righteousness, a crusade of the twentieth century, and warriors must be armed and sent forth to war by their mothers. [Applause.] I charge you it is your work; leave it not to the schools, the church, the press. Write upon the brows of your sons courage and honor. Inscribe upon their hearts this legend, "Let all the ends thou aimst at be thy country's, thy God's and truth's." And then King Arthur with his brand Excalibur will come up from the South, and Sir Galahad out of the North, and other knights will gather from the east and from the west, and the Holy Grail of civic righteousness will be rescued and be put in its high place in the nation. [Great applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. After listening to such a magnificent resume or the country's history, dating back always to the wonderful developments and achievements of the South, it is but the proper average to hear from New England, and from that state in New England which is so full of that divine life elixir that it bears on its coat-of-arms, and wears on its breast when it comes here the anchor of hope. [Applause.] We have full hope that all that is undertaken by the Daughters of the American Revolution will be accomplished, when led and carried on by such women as I now present to you, in the person of Mrs. Richard J. Barker, vice-president general, of Rhode Island.

RESPONSE OF MRS. RICHARD JACKSON BARKER, VICE-PRESIDENT GENERAL FROM RHODE ISLAND.

[Applause.]

Madam President General, my Colleagues upon the National Board of Management, Daughters of the American Revolution assembled in the Sixteenth Continental Congress: I bring you greetings from New England. It is with a keen appreciation of the honor conferred upon me, that I respond, my president general, to your gracious and eloquent address of welcome.

Every commonwealth in our country is marked by the emphasized characteristics of its people, and to speak for *one* state is a great privilege. To combine a certain number into a group, garnering the wonderful history of each into a perfect sheaf, binding them all together by the power of patriotism, is an honor not to be regarded lightly.

As I stand before you, not only the representative of Rhode Island, but of that noble group of states known as "*New England*," I give the assurance to you, Madam President General and to this Continental Congress, that we come in unity of spirit and devotion to our beloved organization, united in perfect loyalty to the maintenance of its principles. [Applause.]

During your administration, Madam President General, you have seen the work of our territory. You will bear witness to the faithful service of the "Pine Tree State" and as you went among the lordly hills of the "Granite State" you found the same traits there, and the beautiful Green Mountain region paid an equal tribute of loyal patriotic work. The Old Bay State Daughters proved to you that the sacred fires of patriotism are still kindled, and Connecticut, great in the past, has shown you that she is keeping her record unsullied [applause], while Rhode Island, gemmed-set by her Narragansett Bay, has freely and generously given her loving labors and binds the sheaves to-day, in *New England's* name, with renewed pledges for the support of the National Society. [Applause.]

"Each hill has its memory holy,
Each valley its historic lore
Each ennobled by heroes and sages,
Who worked in the good days of yore."

Madam President General, of you it can be truly said that the watchword of your life is "Work." Before you lies a path which we hope will be strewn with flowers, as for us and with us, you labor for the completion of our great memorial—Continental Hall, which shall stand as a monument to the past, as a help to the future, as a beacon-light for all patriotic societies [applause] throughout the ages, erected in memory of the great patriots who live and speak in us to-day.

Daughters of the American Revolution, let us ever remember with tender reverence, as we gather within these walls, that this building

bears testimony to "the leaders of the people," and that "all these were honored in their generation and were the glory of their time." [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. What is more delightful than hope realized?

Those of you who have programs in your hands, have noticed that I have varied somewhat from the printed order, in asking for these responses. I have done so because I have felt that after the adoration from Georgia, we must hear from New England; in order to know that the country along the Atlantic seaboard is perfect and safe; but I want now to bring before you that State which, in a way, ties the entire country together, that cornerstone of the middle-western empire stretching out north, south, east and west, in order that the country may center and feel itself safe in Illinois. I present your beloved past vice-president general, your loyal friend, Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, of Illinois.

RESPONSE OF MRS. MATTHEW T. SCOTT, OF ILLINOIS.

Madam President General and Members of the Sixteenth Continental Congress: It is my splendid privilege to-day, and I count it high honor, to bring Illinois' greeting, to you, Madam President General, and to this great assemblage—representing the grandest body of women on earth. We glory in the fact, that around Illinois, cluster memories as heroic as those which enrich any page of our western annals. History, legend and tradition, are indissolubly associated with thrilling occurrences in her "storied past." Here transpired events of far-reaching importance—the great historical epoch known as the "Illinois Campaign"—a scheme for conquest of the British forts northwest of the Ohio river, devised by the military genius of George Rogers Clark [applause], approved by Patrick Henry, then governor of Virginia, and his confidential advisers, George Mason, George Wythe, and Thomas Jefferson—men, who grasped both the vast possibilities and the herculean difficulties involved in this undertaking.

We have no time to dwell upon this expedition which gave the name of George Rogers Clark [applause] to the list of great conquerors, nor upon the splendid victories of Kaskasia, Cahokia and Vincennes,—victories which wresting the Illinois and Wabash countries from the British, and against the Spanish, vindicated the foresight of Jefferson, who said from the beginning, that "Clark's expedition into the Illinois and Wabash country, would, if successful, have an important bearing ultimately in establishing our northwestern boundary." This prophecy triumphed in the acquisition of the territory out of which have sprung the great states of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, and, in part, Minnesota, forcing the British frontier back to Mackinaw, Detroit and the lakes.

In illustration of the primitive notions of these early days, we have a letter from La Mothe Cadillac, governor of the Illinois Country.

In 1712 Louis XIV granted to Anthony Crozat certain trade concessions and Cadillac having received positive instructions to assist Crozat's agents in establishing trading posts on the Ohio and the Illinois—wrote back to the ministry: "I have seen Crozat's instructions to his agents. I thought they issued from a lunatic asylum, and there appeared to be no more sense in them than in the Apocalypse. What—is it expected, that for any commercial or profitable purpose, boats will ever be able to run up the Mississippi, into the Wabash, the Missouri, or the Red river? One might as well try to bite a slice off the moon. [Laughter.] Not only are these rivers as rapid as the Rhone, but in their crooked course, they imitate to perfection snake's undulations. Hence for instance, on every turn of the Mississippi, it would be necessary to wait for a change of the wind, if wind could be had, because this river is so lined with thick woods, that very little wind has access to its bed."

It is the Illinois Daughters of the American Revolution who have sought to rescue from oblivion, and to kindle renewed interest, in many an "Old Romance of the Wilderness," in our state. It is the Illinois chapters of the Daughters of the American Revolution, who have recently erected near the old city of Metropolis, in Illinois, on an eminence, overlooking a noble sweep of the Ohio river, a monument to George Rogers Clark [applause] and his heroic comrades in arms—a little band of one hundred and fifty-nine men—"heroes as knightly as ever fought beneath a plume,"—who, starting from this point on their memorable march to Kaskasia, and here first planting the new flag of the colonies on Illinois soil, won an empire for the Union.

Of this man, Clark—Senator Vorhees said in the senate: "For this great and measureless empire that came to us in the northwest, we are indebted, in my judgment, to George Rogers Clark alone."

Said Senator Sherman in the senate, closing a splendid eulogy upon Clark, "My countrymen, there ought to be a feeling of gratitude to a hero like Clark that would cover his grave with monuments and preserve his memory in story and song."

Another historian writes: "In some respects he was the greatest general produced during the Revolutionary war."

Jefferson expressed the hope that Clark would write the history of his campaigns, among other reasons, in order to justify to the world those who have told them how great he was.

Samuel Merrill said: "He gained an empire for his country without any other resources than his own great mind."

Senator Hoar, after a magnificent tribute in the senate, closed his appeal for a monument to Clark by declaring, that by his expedition, our boundary, as against the British possessions in this country, was made the lakes instead of the Ohio river.

President Garfield said: "The cession of this great territory under

the Treaty of 1783 was due mainly to the foresight, to the courage and to the influence of one man—that man was George Rogers Clark."

Other lands record the "Drama of Kings," ours is the "Drama of a People." An Homeric song—the epic of a nation clusters around the names of Clark and his hero comrades. Their story is the Iliad of the west, the unconscious poem of the rifle, the blockhouse, the tomahawk. Upon the Daughters of the American Revolution it has developed to link Illinois' heroic past with the living present, to rear on this classic ground, a memorial which shall tell coming generations, that they have been true, to the trust their State reposed in them. [Applause.]

Max O'Reilly said the only thing he had in common with the human family was the title of "Colonel." I hope that reverence for the memory of George Rogers Clark will not be considered my only human qualification; on the contrary,—my sympathies on this occasion are rather with the old darky preacher who elected not to take a text for his sermon; not that he did not know that good old Book from lid to lid—but because if he took a text, he would have to stick to it, if he didn't he could branch.

The most noteworthy event for the Illinois Daughters of the American Revolution during the past year was the visit of our president general, whose able and brilliant administration of our affairs, unceasing and exhaustive labors—whose magnetism on the platform and charm in the social hour, have captivated and won all hearts. [Applause.] Especially inspiring were her addresses to hundreds of youths in the college town, where our state conference was held—lessons in patriotism and devotion to the flag, given in her own beautiful and inimitable way, that sank deep into those young minds as yet untainted—open and responsive to the loftiest impressions.

God speed the grand educational work for the young, and the foreign born which sooner or later must be ours if we do our part to hold this nation still American, if we would indeed raise in human lives a grander temple, than any built of stone or marble—a monument enduring as this our stately palace beautiful.

I sometimes think in this connection that we scarcely realize the tremendous rapidity with which the national peculiarities of other bloods are becoming mingled in our American race; that already we are representing a people whose life in the future is destined to be a mingled life. To be moulded largely by the force of powers, that belong to the patriotic home.

Perhaps it is well for us also to consider, that love for the flag will live and flutter as a sentiment only, unless in some such way, meeting the tests of life in their higher sweep, we realize, and put into actual living expression, ideals that flag represents—ideals that lie "folded at the heart of it."

It is with reverent emotion, we regard the great organization that

has made these ideals possible; and that is maintaining in the midst of the hurried, crowded life of this twentieth century the calm faith, the sacred fire, the holy enthusiasm of love for country, honor for its traditions, respects for its institutions and submission to its laws; potential factors in that civilization we recognize, reverence, and glory in as Americanism. Emerson defines civilization "The power of good women." And if each of us, in her own way, in her own sphere, can do something to uplift this land of ours—the foremost of the nations of the earth—something to mold the heterogeneous elements that have become part of our national life into American shape and form, and transmute crude perceptions into our American ideals, we shall, I take it, have already earned the right to that grand plaudit "well done."

With a keen appreciation then, of the demands of this progressive age, upon the work of our organization, we would fain place before us, practical conformity to high standards, in this day, too much given to self and gain. Clinging to, and maintaining the inherent characteristics of the lines on which our society was organized, its splendor will remain; and splendor like this is something more, than the mere outward adornments which grace life. It is permanence and strength; "strength other than that of mere riches, and other than that of gross numbers;" strength of inherited spirit, carried by proud descent from one generation to another, strength not only to win the victories, but to conquer, and if need be endure, the trials which are the tests of life. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. When we have heard something of the wonderful history of Illinois, you will not be surprised that we think it is only fair to come back for a moment to the East. For fear that we should be forgotten entirely, I could not resist the temptation of asking one of my own clan to say a word here this morning for her clanswomen in this assembly. I present to you Mrs. John McLane, state regent of New Hampshire.

RESPONSE OF MRS. JOHN McLANE.

Madam President General and Members of the Sixteenth Annual Congress: I bring to you to-day the greetings of my one thousand members in the old Granite State, and in their behalf I wish to thank you for your loving and gracious words of welcome to us all, and also for the great honor which is bestowed upon my state to-day, in asking me to respond for them to this loving welcome.

The vice-president general of Rhode Island has brought to you in eloquent words the greetings of all New England. I represent only a part of New England, but in the words of one of her illustrious sons, in referring to our college, Old Dartmouth, I can say: "Though she be a small state, yet there be many that love her." Many of you, Daughters of the American Revolution, trace your ancestry back to the Revolutionary soldiers and patriots of my own native state.

We in New Hampshire have been proud this last year, because we have been so greatly honored. In the lovely days of last September our president general came to us, and it will ever be a red-letter day to the hundreds of Daughters of the American Revolution who came to greet her. Never before in the history of our organization have we been so honored, and we tried to do our best to honor her in return. Representatives' hall in our state capitol was offered to us for our meeting, and there in the midst of the decorations of flags and flowers furnished by the Sons of the American Revolution, and also the permanent decoration of the portraits of the Revolutionary soldiers and patriots of New Hampshire, and of other states, she gave us one of her inspiring addresses, and afterward a loving greeting to every Daughter present. The governor of our state, who is a member of her clan, was proud to be her escort of the day, and to bring to her the greetings of the whole state, and through the president of the Sons of the American Revolution, the greetings of that organization. You may well know that I, as the state regent, was happy to give her a warm and loving welcome on behalf of all the Daughters in the state.

Another honor was hers that day, also. You are all familiar with the popular novel of the past year, "Coniston," written by that distinguished young novelist, Winston Churchill, whom New Hampshire is proud to claim as a resident. You remember Jethro Bass, and you will also remember the throne room. So as my guest in Concord that day, we gave your president general the throne room. I do not know how much she imbibed of the wickedness of New Hampshire politics, but I hope that she will survive the ordeal, for I do not think that we are quite as bad as we are painted in "Coniston."

We in New Hampshire are proud of our Revolutionary history, proud of the part that the state took in that struggle for freedom; proud of the fact, also, that upon New Hampshire soil was the first armed resistance to British authority, when one of our young soldiers, afterward our famous general and governor of New Hampshire, General Sullivan, marched with a small body of men to Fort William and Mary, captured the fort, tore down the British flag, and took the powder which he knew was stored there, and carried it away from the fort, and concealed it in various places along the coast. Much of it was concealed in that historic city of Portsmouth, famous not only in Colonial and Revolutionary history, but famous, also in modern history; for your children, and my children, will read in the histories that are written after this time the whole story of that famous peace conference held in our state, where that great treaty of peace was signed which brought to a close the bloody war between Russia and Japan. Among the distinguished visitors whom I, as the wife of the governor of the state at that time, had the privilege of welcoming, there was none whom I was more glad to welcome than our beloved president general. [Applause.]

We, as Daughters of the American Revolution, are all interested in the Jamestown Exposition, and when you visit that exposition I ask you to spend one moment in looking at our state building, which is a reproduction of the home of that famous patriot, John Langdon, which still stands in this same city of Portsmouth. To my mind he made one of the most notable speeches that was ever made by any governor of any state, and in that building you will find a framed copy of this great speech. Will you read it and remember it for the sake of old New Hampshire? [Applause.]

And now, Madam President General, I bring to you the loving loyalty of all the Daughters of New Hampshire, and whatever the work of the National Society may be in arousing patriotism, whether it be in erecting tablets, in placing boulders, in teaching our children the love of country, the love of the flag and patriotism, in any way that the Daughters of New Hampshire can assist you, be sure they will do it. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. You do not wonder that I craved the support of my "Clan." I will only say that, like all frail humanity, I highly enjoyed being in the "Throne Room;" but if any of the boasting spirit of Jethro Bass was left behind, I had a splendid counteraction in the governor of New Hampshire, whom I claim as my governor, and who, as his wife has already told you, is her governor,—Governor McLane. I had his influence as reform governor of that state to counteract whatever bad things I may have learned about politics—if I knew that such a thing as politics existed in that state.

I am very grateful for this personal, as well as official support from such a source. As I was entertained, as you have just been told, in the statehouse of New Hampshire, you may perhaps realize what an interesting experience it was to me to be entertained, within a very few weeks thereafter, in the statehouse of one of the newer states—Nebraska. I felt that in being welcomed officially by the gubernatorial officers in the statehouses of two such states, the Daughters were really tying the country together.

I had hoped to have with us here this morning the state regent of Nebraska, Mrs. Langworthy. She would have responded for her state, but was called to Europe. You, who have known her since her membership in this society, have admired and respected her through these years; but while regretting her absence, I am most happy to present to you, to speak in her place, Mrs. John Ross Key, whose husband is a descendant of the poet who wrote "The Star Spangled Banner," and who will now address you.

RESPONSE OF MRS. JOHN ROSS KEY.

Madam President General and Members of the Continental Congress: The Scotch have a saying that "the back is equal to the burden." I do not know how true it is, but I have always hoped that it

is true. I have been called on in this emergency, in the absence of our state regent, Mrs. Langworthy.

I bring you greeting from my state of Nebraska, where we have very loyal and earnest workers. I was one of the charter members of the second chapter formed in Nebraska, and at that time it was very hard work to get twelve members together in order to have a chapter. That was ten years ago. We have now in one chapter over 140 members, and there are an equal number at the state capital. I recently had a letter asking me to lend my aid in securing contributions for Continental Hall, and the Omaha Chapter expect to be here with the contribution for that purpose. They have contributed many times before, but they hope this time to make it an individual contribution.

And, now, called upon as I am at the moment, I simply want you to accept the greeting of our state. [Applause.]

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. It was peculiarly good of Mrs. Key to do this, because I learned only an hour ago that Mrs. Langworthy could not be here, and like a true Daughter, Mrs. Key has risen nobly to the occasion. [Great applause.]

Now, in order to pay full tribute to a descendant of the writer of our national anthem, we are going to sing "The Star Spangled Banner," in a moment. But, before doing so, I wish to make one of the most agreeable announcements that it has ever been my privilege to make, namely, that the great Peace and Arbitration Congress in New York City has sent to us one of its most distinguished members to speak to us this morning. Therefore, after the singing of "The Star Spangled Banner," you will have the privilege of hearing Capt. Richmond Pearson Hobson. [Applause.]

The solo of "The Star Spangled Banner," was sung by Mrs. Bertha Lincoln Heustis, of Dubuque, Iowa, the audience joining in the chorus.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. (Turning toward Mrs. Heustis.) If anything could make "The Star Spangled Banner" more beautiful, it would be to have it sung as you have just heard it.

It is now my proud privilege to introduce a hero, whom everyone of you knows, admires and loves. I bring before you a man who, like Washington, has proven himself first in war, and who is now proving himself first in peace; and with the most respectful admiration for him, I would say that he is first in the hearts of his countrymen and women—Captain Hobson. [Applause.]

ADDRESS OF CAPT. RICHMOND PEARSON HOBSON.

(See the opening article in this issue of the MAGAZINE.)

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair would suggest a rising vote of thanks for this marvelous speech to which we have listened. [The congress rose.] Accept it (the rising resolution) at our hands, Captain Hobson. And now the Chair asks the House to give him the

assurance that immediately upon our full organization, for business we will pass a resolution tending toward peace, which resolution we will transmit by his hands, if he will be good enough to be our messenger, to the great Peace Congress in New York. [Applause.] Have I that assurance? [Cries of "yes."]

I will ask Captain Hobson if he will be a messenger of a gentler sort? The only thing to mar the happiness of his presence here to-day is the absence of his wife, who is not well enough to be with us. It is a great deprivation to her, I know, for how proud she would have been of him if she could have heard his every word. I am going to ask him if he will permit me to consider him the *poetic* messenger, (while we will provide an actual one) to carry these flowers to Mrs. Hobson? [Applause.]

CAPTAIN HOBSON. I thank you on her behalf.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. I have just received the delightful intimation that the president of the Sons of the American Revolution of the District of Columbia is going to extend to us a personal invitation. I have the written invitation from the society, but I know that we shall much prefer to receive it verbally from the president, and I ask him if he will be good enough to extend it to us now? I present to you Colonel Marsh, president of the Sons of the American Revolution of the District of Columbia.

COLONEL MARSH. *Madam President General and Delegates to this National Convention*, I am here to extend to you the hearty congratulations of the Sons of the American Revolution, and their cordial wishes for your success in the business which has brought you together, and to assure you of the honor that has been extended to them by the invitation of its presiding officer to be present on its opening exercises of this day.

I agree with the sentiment of the President of the United States, at the dedication of a monument last Friday, when he said that he believed the average American citizen was a good fellow, and the wife of the average American citizen was a better one. [Applause and laughter.] I heartily endorse that, and I take this opportunity, if you will allow me, to bow in homage to the better half of our American civilization. [Applause.] If in this magnificent audience there is not to be found a fit representation of the exalted womanhood of America, tell me, pray, where I should go to search for it!

I congratulate you on the auspicious opening of this, your Sixteenth Annual Congress, and I wish to say that your presiding officer is not a stranger to our organization. If she were eligible to election as its presiding officer, no one else would stand any chance. [Laughter and applause.]

After the magnificent address to which you have listened, it has seemed to me that the only appropriate thing would be, either the singing of the Doxology or the pronouncing of the benediction; but

before either of those exercises takes place I wish to extend an invitation from the Sons of the American Revolution to meet them on Friday evening next, in the Congregational church, to celebrate there the one hundred and thirty-second anniversary of the battle of Lexington. Among the distinguished speakers on that occasion will be your president general, and we hope for a full attendance. May I say that we wish those who accept our invitation and honor us with their presence to be there not later than 8.15 o'clock. Seats that are reserved will be held until that time, when they will be thrown open to the public generally. I thank you, Madam President General, for the honor of extending this invitation. [Applause.]

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. The official reader has an announcement to make.

THE OFFICIAL READER, [Miss Janet E. Richards] announced that Mrs. Hodgkins, chairman of the house committee, wished it stated that there was the possibility of having a local post-office in Continental Hall during the sessions of the congress.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Of course this is only a recommendation. There could be no arbitrary enforcement of a law that does not exist, and unless the house consents I cannot order it. While the Government installs the post-office, it does not furnish the clerks; and you ladies will be yourselves the judges whether you will have the post-office here, or not. That is a matter which can be decided later.

(At twelve o'clock and fifty-five minutes, p. m., on motion duly seconded, the congress took a recess until afternoon.)

AFTERNOON SESSION, MONDAY, APRIL 15, 1907.

(The congress reassembled at 2.45 o'clock p. m.)

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. We will first listen to the report of the chairman of the credentials committee, Mrs. Charlotte Emerson Main.

The chairman of the committee on credentials, Mrs. Charlotte Emerson Main, read the following report:

CREDENTIAL REPORT.

Madam President and Members of the Sixteenth Continental Congress: According to the usual business routine, the credential circulars, and blanks for the presentation of names of delegates to the Sixteenth Congress, were sent out by the chairman of the credential committee, in October, 1906, to every chapter regent, and every state regent in the organization. The fact that some chapters report no blanks received is one which this office cannot explain, as none are returned to headquarters.

Of the 797 organized chapters, 11 only are not entitled to vote; 17 will not be represented; and 48 have not reported.

The membership of the society has increased in the past year from 56,028 to 60,698. [Applause.] The actual membership—which excludes the deaths, resignations, and those dropped for non-payment of dues—is 49,553.

In accordance with the rulings of the credential committee, we have 1,200 entitled to vote in the Sixteenth Continental Congress. [Applause.]

One president general, 21 vice-presidents general, 8 national officers, 48 state regents, 786 chapter regents and 336 delegates.

The credential committee recommends the following method of procedure, in order to insure quiet, order, and accuracy in the very important matter of the roll call: The afternoon session will convene at 2 p. m., the *first business* of which will be the report of the committee on credentials, followed by the roll call.

In order to avoid confusion and insure quiet the committee recommends that the doors be closed at the beginning of the roll call, and all members of the congress who arrive thereafter remain in the lobby and give their names to the members of the credential committee, which names will be duly accredited on the official roll before the end of the session.

Respectfully submitted,
CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN,
Chairman.

FLORENCE GRAY ESTEY,
ELLEN SPENCER MUSSEY,
BERTHA MURDOCK ROBBINS,
MARIE WILKINSON HODGKINS,
BELL MERRILL DRAPER,
HELEN M. BOYNTON.

Since this report was written this morning, two new chapters have reported as having organized, and the two regents are accepted on the credential list, making a total of 1202 voters.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Ladies, I call your attention to that enormous number of delegates—over 1200, a marked increase over any past year. You have before you the report of the chairman of the credentials committee; what is your pleasure?

MRS. WILLIAMSON. *I move that the report be accepted.* The motion was seconded by Mrs. Patton and carried.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. We will now proceed to the roll call and the Chair requests the official reader to make a statement.

OFFICIAL READER. The roll call will be announced by state regents for the delegations, the chapter regents responding for their respective chapters.

(The official reader proceeded to call the roll.)

CREDENTIAL LIST—SIXTEENTH CONTINENTAL CONGRESS, NATIONAL SOCIETY, DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION.

President General,

Mrs. Donald McLean.

Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters,

Mrs. Charlotte Emerson Main.

Vice-Presidents General,

Mrs. John R. Walker, Missouri,	Mrs. H. S. Chamberlain, Tennessee,
Mrs. Mary Wood Swift, California,	Mrs. Lindsay Patterson, North Carolina,
Mrs. Charles H. Deere, Illinois,	Mrs. John Cunningham Hazen, New York,
Mrs. Orlando J. Hodge, Ohio,	Mrs. George W. Nicholls, South Carolina,
Mrs. Julius J. Estey, Vermont,	Mrs. Franklin E. Brooks, Colorado,
Mrs. Robert Emory Park, Georgia,	Miss Clara Lee Bowman, Connecticut,
Mrs. Richard Jackson Barker, Rhode Island,	Mrs. Drayton W. Bushnell, Iowa,
Mrs. Truman H. Newberry, Michigan,	Mrs. Sallie Marshall Hardy, Kentucky,
Mrs. William D. Kearfott, New Jersey,	Mrs. Ira H. Evans, Texas,
Mrs. Theodore C. Bates, Massachusetts,	Mrs. A. E. Heneberger, Virginia.

Chaplain General,

Mrs. Teunis S. Hamlin.

Recording Secretary General,
Miss Elisabeth F. Pierce.

Corresponding Secretary General,
Miss Virginia Miller.

Registrar General,
Mrs. J. Stewart Jamieson.

Treasurer General,
Mrs. M. E. S. Davis.

Historian General,
Mrs. Jonathan P. Dolliver.

Assistant Historian General,
Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood.

Librarian General,

Miss Aline E. Solomons.

*Delegate.**Alternate.*

ALABAMA.

State Regent—Mrs. J. Morgan Smith.	
State Vice-Regent—Mrs. Aurora P. McClellan.	
<i>Andrew Jackson.</i>	<i>Talladega.</i>
Regent—Mrs. A. G. Story.	Miss Mary Hicks.
<i>Bicnville.</i>	<i>Anniston.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Harriet W. B. Tyler.	Mrs. S. J. Bowie.
<i>Francis Marion.</i>	<i>Montgomery.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Virginia P. Boykin.	
<i>Frederick William Gray.</i>	<i>Anniston.</i>
Regent—Mrs. H. D. Barr.	Mrs. E. L. Turner.
<i>Genral Sumter.</i>	<i>Birmingham.</i>
Regent—Mrs. A. G. Smith.	Mrs. J. E. Frazier.
Mrs. A. O. Lane.	Mrs. R. H. Carter.
<i>John Wade Keys.</i>	<i>Athens.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Mary M. Hoffman.	Mrs. Aurora P. McClellan.
<i>Katharine Steel.</i>	<i>Oxford.</i>
Regent—Mrs. James R. Draper.	Mrs. A. F. Bullard.
<i>Lewis.</i>	<i>Eufaula.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Caroline S. Dean.	Miss Carrie L. Barnett.
<i>Light Horse Harry Lee.</i>	<i>Auburn.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Julia A. Duncan.	Mrs. D. B. Hare.
<i>Martha Walcs Jefferson.</i>	<i>Opelika.</i>
Regent—Mrs. John L. Cowan.	Mrs. J. H. Thomason.
<i>Mobile.</i>	<i>Mobile.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Mabel H. Goode.	Charles H. Shawhan.
Mrs. J. S. Robbins.	Mrs. Thomas St. John.
<i>Peter Forney.</i>	<i>Montgomery.</i>
Regent—Mrs. F. P. Glass.	Mrs. Benjamin J. Baldwin.
Mrs. William Wallace Screws.	Mrs. C. Amelia Wylly.
<i>Stephens.</i>	<i>New Decatur.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Mary A. Harvey.	Mrs. Ellen S. Hildreth.
<i>Tuscaloosa.</i>	<i>Tuscaloosa.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Ellen Peter-Bryce.	Mrs. John T. Cochran.

ALASKA.

*Alaska.**Sitka.*

(Not entitled to representation.)

ARIZONA.

State Regent—Mrs. Walter Talbot.	
State Vice-Regent—Mrs. Frederick C. Brown.	
<i>Maricopa.</i>	<i>Phoenix.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Harriet H. D. Vickers.	Mrs. L. O. Smith

*Delegate.**Alternate.*

ARKANSAS.

State Regent—Mrs. John McClure.	
State Vice-Regent—Mrs. Mattie Knox Hayman.	
<i>John McAlmont.</i>	<i>Pine Bluff.</i>
(Will not be represented.)	
Regent—Mrs. Julia McAlmont Noel.	Miss Blanche Fox.
<i>Little Rock.</i>	<i>Little Rock.</i>
Regent—Miss Mary Knox Catlin.	Mrs. John Barrow.
Mrs. Helen H. Norton.	Miss Lewis Beach.
<i>Mary Fuller Percival.</i>	<i>Van Buren.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Georgia L. Faber.	
<i>Pine Bluff.</i>	<i>Pine Bluff.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Richard Thompson.	Mrs. Ada Cutter Peck.

CALIFORNIA.

State Regent—Mrs. Harry Nathaniel Gray.	
State Vice-Regent—Mrs. Cameron Erskine Thom.	
<i>Aurantia.</i>	<i>Riverside.</i>
Regent—Mrs. John M. Macrae.	Miss Mary L. Hart.
<i>California.</i>	<i>San Francisco.</i>
Regent—Mrs. E. H. Davenport.	
Mrs. H. P. Young.	
<i>El Toyon.</i>	<i>Stockton.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Nellie R. Young.	
<i>Eschscholtzia.</i>	<i>Los Angeles.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Mary H. Benning.	Mrs. Cameron K.* Thom.
Mrs. Henry C. Dillon.	Mrs. Harriet S. Wright.
<i>Golden West.</i>	<i>Santa Paula.</i>
(Will not be represented.)	
Regent—Miss Louise Seymour.	
<i>La Puerta Del Oro.</i>	<i>San Francisco.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Adeline K. H. Halloran.	Mrs. Mattie K. Grunsky.
Mrs. Ida Harper.	
<i>Oakland Chapter.</i>	<i>Oakland.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Marianna W. Gray.	
<i>Pasadena.</i>	<i>Pasadena.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Clara B. Burdette.	
<i>Santa Monica.</i>	<i>Santa Monica.</i>
Regent—Mrs. G. Wiley Wells.	
<i>Santa Ysabel.</i>	<i>San Jose.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Lida G. Lieb.	Mrs. E. C. Singletary.
<i>Sequoia.</i>	<i>San Francisco.</i>
Regent—Miss Elizabeth M. Jones.	Mrs. John Bidwell.
Mrs. Ida L. Flood.	Miss Mary J. Bragg.
<i>Tamalpais.</i>	<i>San Francisco.</i>
Regent—Miss Carmel M. Ostrom.	

*Delegate.**Alternate.*

COLORADO.

State Regent—Mrs. John Campbell.

State Vice-Regent—Mrs. O. W. Mallaby.

*Arkansas Valley.**Pueblo.*

Regent—Mrs. Eleanor W. Hoch.

Miss Lillian Thatcher.

*Centennial State.**Greeley.*

Regent—Mrs. Susan Gale Adams.

Mrs. R. F. Graham.

*Colorado.**Denver.*

Regent—Mrs. James B. Grant.

Mrs. Frank Wheaton.

Mrs. Frank Trumbell.

Mrs. A. A. Blow.

*Denver.**Denver.*

Regent—Mrs. Lottie M. Perry.

Mrs. Eugene C. Stevens.

Mrs. Henry J. Hersey.

Mrs. Franklin R. Carpenter.

*Ouray.**Ouray.*

Regent—Mrs. Frances Ayers Kimball.

Miss Mary Josephine Gregg.

*Pueblo.**Pueblo.*

Regent—Mrs. Alice A. Fitch.

Mrs. Nellie Martin Orman.

*Zebulon Pike.**Colorado Springs.*

Regent—Mrs. Walter C. Frost.

Mrs. M. C. Gile.

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| Regent—Mrs. Harry H. Wiest. | Mrs. W. W. Geer. |
| <i>Spencer.</i> | <i>Spencer.</i> |
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Regent—Mrs. Eva C. Metcalf.

Miss Elizabeth Squire.

Mrs. Lethe Dodge Montgomery.

Mrs. Margaret D. Maurer.

*Daniel Boone.**Boone.*

Regent—Mrs. Permelia S. Crooks.

Mrs. Emma J. C. Bates.

*Denison.**Denison.*

Regent—Mrs. Florence M. Wright.

*Deshon.**Boone.*

Regent—Mrs. Nettie M. Wahl.

Mrs. J. B. Barnette.

*Dubuque.**Dubuque.*

Regent—Miss Mary Rebecca McKnight.

Mrs. Emma G. Bohm.

Mrs. J. W. Heustis.

*Elizabeth Ross.**Ottumwa.*

Regent—Mrs. J. F. Kerfoot.

Mrs. Catharine C. Taylor.

Mrs. J. C. Meek.

Mrs. Laura R. G. Roberts.

*Fort Dodge.**Fort Dodge.*

Regent—Mrs. Emma H. Schaupp.

Mrs. John T. Cheney.

*Francis Shaw.**Anamosa.*

Regent—Mrs. Nellie S. Niles.

Miss Jane Merton Harvey.

Mrs. Agnes Dyer Foley.

Mrs. Jane Mead Sigworth.

*Hannah Caldwell.**Davenport.*

Regent—Mrs. Maria P. Peck.

*Jean Espey.**Fort Madison.*

Regent—Mrs. Dell P. Glazier.

Mrs. George Stewart.

Delegate.

Keokuk.
Regent—Miss Elizabeth W. Dunlap.
Marshalltown.

Regent—Mrs. W. R. Forney.
Martha Washington.

Regent—Mrs. Mary E. W. Pierce.
Mrs. Eleanor C. Hubbard.
Mary Brewster.

Regent—Mrs. Mary H. S. Johnston
Mason City.

Regent—Mrs. Lillian E. Markley.
Mayflower.

(Not entitled to representation.)
Nehemiah Letts.

Regent—Mrs. Nellie Letts.
Okamanpado.

Regent—Mrs. Hattie C. Rhodes.
Old Thirtecn.

Regent—Mrs. Anna G. Copeland.
Penelope Van Princess.

Regent—Miss Harriet I. Lake.
Pilgrim Chapter.

Regent—Miss Ellen L. Hill.
Priscilla Alden Chapter.

Regent—Mrs. Ruth W. Culbertson.
Spinning Wheel Chapter.

Regent—Mrs. Katherine N. Trine.
Stars and Stripes.

Regent—Miss Minerva A. Williams.
Miss Julia Parker Grimes.
Washington.

Regent—Mrs. Ida H. Bailey.
Waterloo.

Regent—Mrs. Julia A. B. Richards.

Alternate.

Keokuk.
Mrs. Ruth Collins Canby.
Marshalltown.

Mrs. Merritt Greene.
Sioux City.

Miss Susannah Weare.
Mrs. Helen L. Tallay.
Humboldt.

Mrs. Harriet S. Tellier.
Mason City.

Red Oak.

Letts.

Mrs. Cora Letts Maricle.
Estherville.

Mrs. Jane B. Duxbury.
Chariton.

Mrs. Dora B. Custer.
Independence.

Mrs. Katheryne A. Chappell.
Iowa City.

Carrol.

Miss Mary O. Culbertson.
Marshalltown.

Mrs. C. H. Akert.
Burlington.

Mrs. Cate Gilbert Wells.
Mrs. Julia H. Orton Jordan.

Washington.

Mrs. Lorle M. Cook.
Waterloo.

Mrs. Flora E. Girton.

KANSAS.

State Regent—Mrs. W. E. Stanley.

State Vice-Regent—Mrs. Alexander M. Harvey.
Betty Washington.

Regent—Mrs. Margaret M. Seewir.
Captain Jesse Leavenworth.

Regent—Miss Ruth B. Johns.
Esther Lowrey.

Regent—Mrs. Frances M. Goodrich.
Eunice Sterling.

Regent—Mrs. Elizabeth Barnard Rose.

Lawrence.

Leavenworth.

Miss Maud Gist.
Independence.

Miss Bessie Stubblefield.
Wichita.

<i>Delegate.</i>	<i>Alternate.</i>
<i>General Edward Hand.</i> (Not represented.)	<i>Ottawa.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Jennie Meeker Ward. <i>Hannah Jameson.</i>	<i>Parsons.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Mary Briggs Griswold. Mrs. Sallie Houston Carr. <i>Newton.</i>	Mrs. Christine E. Deming. Mrs. Margaret W. Walker. <i>Newton.</i>
Regent—Mrs. R. B. Lynch. <i>Sterling.</i>	Mrs. Alice N. Turner. <i>Sterling.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Lavinia J. B. Smyser. <i>Topeka.</i>	Mrs. Nora L. W. Puterbaugh. <i>Topeka.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Mary W. Cook. Mrs. Lura Alexander.	Miss Mary Meade. Mrs. May M. Peppmyer.

KENTUCKY.

State Regent—Mrs. Joseph N. McCormack.	
State Vice-Regent—Mrs. Maurice B. Nash. <i>Boonesboro.</i>	<i>Richmond.</i>
Regent—Mrs. A. R. Burnam. <i>Bryan Station.</i>	Mrs. B. H. Neale. <i>Lexington.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Anna J. Bain. <i>Colonel John Green.</i>	<i>Hopkinsville.</i>
Regent—Mrs. J. R. Green. <i>Elizabeth Kenton.</i>	Mrs. A. T. McCormick. <i>Covington.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Sallie B. Wolcott. <i>Filson.</i>	Mrs. Louise R. Cooder. <i>Louisville.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Neville Bullitt. <i>Fincastle.</i>	Mrs. William P. McDowell. <i>Louisville.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Mary C. Humphrey. Mrs. W. L. Lyons. <i>General Evan Shelby.</i>	Mrs. Aphia P. R. Altsheler. Mrs. Margaret M. Bate. <i>Owensboro.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Sue Herr Griffith. Mrs. W. H. Clark. <i>General Nathaniel Freeman.</i>	Miss Clara Hawes Tyler. Miss Sue H. Anderson. <i>Bardstown.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Frances A. F. Carothers. <i>General Samuel Hopkins.</i>	Mrs. Elmer Grigsby. <i>Henderson.</i>
Regent—Mrs. N. P. Taylor. <i>Henry Claggett.</i>	Mrs. R. H. Cunningham. <i>Shelbyville.</i>
Regent—Miss Mary Bell Logan. <i>Isaac Shelby.</i>	Mrs. Jennie N. Cunningham. <i>Shelbyville.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Mary V. Guthrie. <i>Jemima Johnson.</i>	Mrs. Annie C. Escott. <i>Paris.</i>
Regent—Miss Emma Payne Scott. <i>John Marshall.</i>	Mrs. Amos Turney. <i>Louisville.</i>
Regent—Mrs. George H. Wilson. Mrs. D. B. Sperry.	Mrs. John J. Mason. Mrs. A. K. Davie.

Delegate.

- Judge Samuel McDowell.*
 Regent—Mrs. Marguerite R. L. Payne.
Keturah Moss Taylor.
 Regent—Mrs. Susie B. Thornton.
Lexington.
 Regent—Mrs. Annie Gratz Clay.
Paducah.
 Regent—Mrs. Mattie D. V. Boone.
Rebecca Bryan Boone.
 Regent—Mrs. Hannah P. B. Thornton.
St. Asaph.
 Regent—Mrs. J. S. Gashwiller.
Samuel Davies.
 Regent—Mrs. Jennie Daviess Blackburn.
Transylvania.
 Regent—Mrs. Haidee Trigg Dickson.

Alternate.

- Cythiana.*
Newport.
Lexington.
 Miss Anna C. Goff.
Paducah.
 Mrs. Fannie M. Allard.
Newport.
 Mrs. E. B. Johnson.
Danville.
 Mrs. Edward Rosser.
Bowling Green.
 Mrs. J. W. Newland.

LOUISIANA.

- State Regent—Mrs. C. Hamilton Tebault.
Spirit of '76.
New Orleans.
 Regent—Mrs. Mary Moon Harrison. Mrs. William O. Hart.

MAINE.

- State Regent—Miss Charlotte Augusta Baldwin.
 State Vice-Regent—Mrs. Charles A. Creighton.
Colonel Dummer Sewall.
 Regent—Mrs. Amanda Lemont Metcalf.
Elizabeth Wadsworth.
 Regent—Mrs. Eleanor G. Lefavor.
 Mrs. Mary Kendall.
Eunice Farnsworth.
 Regent—Mrs. Mabel W. Philbrick.
Francis Dighton Williams.
 Regent—Mrs. Kate C. Esterbrooke.
 Mrs. L. S. Boardman.
General Knox.
 Regent—Mrs. Effie J. Seavey.
Hannah Weston Chapter.
 Regent—Mrs. Effie W. Talbot.
Koussinoc.
 Regent—Mrs. Amelia W. Bangs.
Lady Knox.
 Regent—Mrs. Addie E. Farwell.
Mary Dillingham.
 Regent—Mrs. Abbie A. Peaslee.
 Mrs. Alice J. Scofield.
- Miss Laura B. Palmer.
Portland.
 Mrs. Adelaide E. Boothby.
 Mrs. Ada Bishop.
Skowhegan.
 Miss Louise Cass.
Bangor.
 Mrs. Charles S. Webber.
 Mrs. Ezra Sterns.
Thomaston.
 Mrs. Cassandra Washburn.
Machias.
 Mrs. Josephine O'B. Campbell.
Augusta.
 Mrs. Sadie H. Gannett.
Rockland.
 Mrs. Clara Black.
Lewiston.
 Mrs. Ella W. Jones.
 Mrs. Mary E. Stevens.

Delegate.

- Rebecca Emery.*
 Regent—Mrs. Georgia A. Staples.
Ruth Heald Cragin.
 Regent—Mrs. Alice P. Simmons.
Samuel Grant.
 Regent—Mrs. Clara E. Baker.
Silence Howard Hayden.
 Regent—Mrs. Josephine Drummond.

Alternate.

- Biddeford.*
 Mrs. Susie T. Youland.
North Anson.
 Mrs. Alice M. McAlpine.
Gardiner.
 Mrs. Frederic B. Dingley.
Fairfield.
 Miss Mabel Dunn.

MARYLAND.

State Regent—Mrs. J. Pembroke Thom.

State Vice-Regent—Miss Eleanor Murdock Johnson.

Baltimore.

- Regent—Mrs. Regina M. Knott.
 Miss Margaret E. Roberts
 Mrs. Oscar Leser.

Cresap.

Regent—Mrs. Mary Strother Randolph.

Frederick.

Regent—Mrs. Mary L. Markell.

Maryland Line.

Regent—Mrs. A. Marshall Elliot.

Peggy Stewart Tea Party.

Regent—Mrs. Isabelle W. C. Welch.

Thomas Johnson.

Regent—Mrs. Henry W. Rogers.

Baltimore.

- Mrs. Edwin Warfield,
 Mrs. William D. Bowie.
 Miss Gay S. Williamson.

Frostburg.

Miss Virginia T. Johnson.

Frederick.

Miss Willie Ritchie.

Baltimore.

- Mrs. Townsend Scott.
 Mrs. Clarence Cottman.
 Mrs. J. Bevin Miller.

Annapolis.

Mrs. Alice N. L. Updegraff.

Baltimore.

Mrs. J. D. Iglehart.

MASSACHUSETTS.

State Regent—Mrs. Charles H. Masury.

State Vice-Regent—Mrs. George L. Munn.

Abiah Folger Franklin.

Regent—Mrs. Mary Eleanor W. Morgan.

Abigail Adams.

Regent—Miss Anita M. Calef.

(Not represented.)

Abigail Batchelder.

Regent—Mrs. Anne Prentice Carr.

Anne Adams Tufts.

Regent—Mrs. Caroline L. Maynard

Attleboro.

Regent—Mrs. Carrie L. Parker.

Miss Gertrude E. Horton.

Nantucket.

Mrs. Sarah C. Raymond.

*Boston.**Whitinsville.*

Mrs. Cora L. Beane.

Somerville.

Mrs. Lizzie V. Heyer.

Attleboro.

Mrs. Edith W. Briggs.

Mrs. Mabel C. Mason.

*Delegate.**Betsy Ross.*

Regent—Mrs. Abbie Bennett Shepard.

Betty Allen.

Regent—Mrs. Lucy Wright Pearson.

Mrs. Louis L. Campbell.

Boston Tea Party.

Regent—Mrs. Annie S. Head.

Mrs. Clara E. Gowing.

Bunker Hill.

Regent—Mrs. Florence E. Holmes.

Mrs. Lucina C. Burton.

Captain Job Knapp.

Regent—Miss Arville Louise Batchelor.

Captain John Joslin, Jr.

Regent—Mrs. Emma P. G. Hall.

Mrs. Emily B. Wade.

Captain John Pulling.

Regent—Mrs. Jeanette M. Tyler.

Mrs. Jennie W. Phillips.

Chief Justice Cushing.

Regent—Miss Ella Turner Bates.

Colonel Henshaw.

Regent—Miss Adeline May.

Colonel Loammi Baldwin.

Regent—Mrs. Josephine Hayward.

Mrs. Alice L. B. Winn.

Colonel Thomas Gardner.

Regent—Mrs. George W. Yeaton.

Colonel Thomas Lothrop.

Regent—Mrs. Eva E. Lawrence.

Miss Sarah R. Damon.

Colonel Timothy Bigelow.

Regent—Mrs. Henriette M. Orr.

Mrs. Katharine E. Higgins.

Committee of Safety.

Regent—Miss Marie Ware Laughton.

Deane Winthrop.

Regent—Mrs. Ella Howe Libbey.

Deborah Sampson.

Regent—Mrs. Abbie F. Jenkins.

Mrs. S. E. Faunce.

Mrs. Myra B. Hatch.

Deborah Wheelock.

Regent—Mrs. Harriet E. Wheelock.

Dorothy Brewer.

Regent—Mrs. Ella D. Whitney.

*Alternate.**Lawrence.*Mrs. Clara J. Sylvester
Northampton.

Mrs. Elmer H. Copeland.

Mrs. Alexander McCallum.
Boston.

Mrs. Anna C. Reid.

Mrs. Juliette B. O. Ayer.
Boston.

Mrs. Mellen Jose.

Miss Sarah E. Laughton.
*East Douglas.*Mrs. Cordelia M. Houghton.
Leominster.

Mrs. Mary E. Brush.

Mrs. Sylvia A. Bates.
Whitman.

Mrs. Mattie Jenkins.

Mrs. Julia F. Horton.
*Scituate.*Miss Annie F. Pierce.
*Leicester.*Mrs. Emily Sargent Lewis.
Woburn.

Mrs. J. W. Fox,

Miss Mary A. Frost.
*Boston.*Mrs. Mary A. Latham.
Cohasset.

Mrs. Oliver H. Howe.

Miss Annie N. Keene.
Worcester.

Miss Isabel W. Gordon.

Mrs. Fannie E. Potter.
*Boston.*Mrs. Electa P. Sherman.
*Winthrop.*Miss Gertrude Hudson.
Brockton.

Mrs. Lysander F. Gurney.

Mrs. Clara S. Atwood.

Miss Elizabeth A. Randall.
Uxbridge.

Mrs. Mary C. Roys.

Waltham.

Mrs. Laura E. Whitney.

Delegate.

- Dorothy Quincy Hancock.*
Regent—Mrs. Martha H. Rist.
Faneuil Hall.
- Regent—Mrs. Marion F. Davies.
Mrs. Anna B. Adams.
Fitchburg.
- Regent—Mrs. Martha J. Conant.
Fort Massachusetts.
- Regent—Mrs. Emma E. Billings.
Mrs. Clara E. S. Robinson.
Framingham.
- Regent—Mrs. Addie M. Lucas.
Mrs. Mary E. Marshall.
General Benjamin Lincoln.
- Regent—Mrs. Joseph Barnes.
General Israel Putnam.
- Regent—Mrs. Lizzie F. Hood.
General Joseph Badger.
- Regent—Mrs. Sarah M. Jackman.
Hannah Goddard.
- Regent—Miss Augusta T. Lamb.
Miss Bertha Langmaid.
Hannah Winthrop.
- Regent—Miss Caroline F. Neal.
Mrs. William H. Wentworth.
Johanna Aspinwall.
- Regent—Miss Minnie Hortense Webster.
- John Adams.*
- Regent—Miss Floretta Vining.
Mrs. Emma Clark.
John Hancock.
- Regent—Mrs. Harriet E. Benedict.
John Paul Jones.
- Regent—Miss Marion H. Brazier.
Lexington.
- Regent—Mrs. Medora R. Crosby.
Lucy Jackson.
- Regent—Mrs. Edith F. Friend.
Mrs. Frank W. Pray.
Lucy Knox.
- Regent—Mrs. Arthur E. Rowe.
Mrs. Parker H. Burnham.
Lydia Cobb.
- Regent—Mrs. Mary L. Paige.
Mrs. Della C. Butler.

Alternate.

- Greenfield.*
Mrs. Elmira T. Bangs.
Wakefield.
- Mrs. Mary L. Mason.
Miss Mary C. Spaulding.
Fitchburg.
- Miss Sarah J. Wyman.
North Adams.
- Mrs. Angie E. S. Botsford.
Framingham.
- Mrs. Anna J. Cutler.
Mrs. Margaretta E. Jones.
East Boston.
- Mrs. J. Frank Hodge.
Danvers.
- Mrs. Isabel B. Stimpson.
Marlboro.
- Mrs. Clara M. F. Fay.
Brookline.
- Miss Louise Howe.
Miss Julia C. Perry.
Cambridge.
- Mrs. William H. Bradbury.
Mrs. John Bell Bouton.
Brookline.
- Miss Elizabeth E. Marvin.
Boston.
- Mrs. Adelia C. Page.
Mrs. Margaret V. D. James.
Boston.
- Mrs. Frederick B. Evans.
Boston.
- Miss Edith Frances Herson.
Lexington.
- Miss Amy Taylor.
Newton.
- Mrs. Henry Whitmore;
Mrs. F. B. Bancroft.
Gloucester.
- Mrs. Sarah Rogers.
Miss Elizabeth S. Locke.
Taunton.
- Mrs. Abbie G. Paull.
Mrs. Bessie P. Hall.

*Delegate.**Lydia Darrah.*

Regent—Mrs. Maria M. Neale.

Margaret Corbin.

Regent—Mrs. Lucy A. Fay.

Martha's Vineyard.

Regent—Mrs. Caroline F. Warren.

Mrs. Annie F. H. Clapp.

Mary Draper.

Regent—Mrs. Mary C. Davis.

Mrs. Louise B. Ingalls.

Mary Mattoon.

Regent—Mrs. J. E. Ostrander.

Mercy Warren.

Regent—Mrs. Fannie M. Bullock.

Mrs. Katharine B. McClench.

Mrs. Adeline C. Gowdy.

Minute Men.

Regent—Mrs. Lillian C. Kirkland.

Mrs. Alice L. White.

Mary Varnum.

Regent—Mrs. Ellen Straw Thompson.

Mrs. Florence Hildreth Nesmith.

Miss Josephine Williams.

Old Bay State.

Regent—Miss Rosalie Agnes Williams.

Old Colony.

Regent—Mrs. Susan Barker Willard.

Mrs. Arthur W. Moore.

Old Concord.

Regent—Mrs. Helen Bent Curtis.

Mrs. Jane D. B. Chaney.

Old Hadley.

Regent—Mrs. Harriet E. Johnson.

Old Newbury.

Regent—Mrs. Abbie I. Brown.

Mrs. J. E. Moody.

Old North Church.

(Not entitled to representation.)

Old South.

Regent—Mrs. Annie C. Ellison.

Mrs. Louise T. Hodgdon.

Paul Revere.

Regent—Mrs. Isabella B. Bond.

Mrs. Alvin R. Bailey.

*Alternate.**Lowell.*

Mrs. Charles H. Burr.

Chelsea.

Mrs. Annie M. Merriam.

Edgartown.

Mrs. Josephine S. Nevin.

Miss Laura C. Vincent.

West Roxbury.

Mrs. Mary C. Shatswell.

Mrs. Ada M. Bauer.

Amherst.

Mrs. Charles Gates.

Springfield.

Mrs. Cora M. Squier.

Mrs. Mary D. Chapman.

Mrs. Martha H. Maxfield.

Boston.

Miss Ruth Dennis.

Mrs. Florence B. Qualters.

Lowell.

Mrs. Ida A. Richardson.

Mrs. Elizabeth F. Howe.

Mrs. Clara W. Rowell.

Lowell.

Miss Hortense Tabor.

Hingham.

Mrs. William W. Lunt.

Mrs. Frederic A. Turner.

Concord.

Mrs. Daniel Lothrop.

Miss Martha Dodge.

Hadley.

Mrs. Austin E. Cook.

Newburyport.

Mrs. William H. Noyes.

Miss Mary E. Shattuck.

*Boston.**Boston.*

Mrs. Caroline T. Ross.

Mrs. Fannie B. Gridley.

Boston.

Mrs. W. H. Wadleigh.

Mrs. J. L. Wesson.

Delegate.

Peace Party Chapter.
Regent—Mrs. Caroline B. Whittlesey.
Mrs. J. H. Laird.

Prudence Wright.
Regent—Mrs. Nellie Blake Appleton.
Miss Annette Merrill.

Quequechan.
Regent—Mrs. Amelia S. Young.
Mrs. Lucy A. Allen.

Samuel Adams.
Regent—Mrs. Carrie E. Barnes.
Mrs. Helen J. Morse.

Sarah Bradlee Fulton.
Regent—Mrs. Annie L. Goodrich.
Mrs. Mary E. Chamberlin

Sea Coast Defence.
Regent—Mrs. Susie J. Chase.
Mrs. Margaret A. Claghorn.

Submit Clark.
(Not represented.)

Regent—Mrs. Caroline E. Pomeroy.
Susannah Tufts.

Regent—Mrs. Elizabeth C. Bowditch.
Warren and Prescott.

Regent—Miss Agnes Blake Poor.
Mrs. Henry Thomas Dobson.

Watertown.
Regent—Mrs. Sarah Coolidge Davidson.
Wayside Inn.

Regent—Mrs. Nellie Rice Fiske.

Alternate.

Pittsfield.
Mrs. Hattie Stevenson.
Mrs. Fred Roberts.

Pepperell.
Mrs. Nancy E. Merrill.
Mrs. William N. Mault.

Fall River.
Mrs. Rodolphus N. Allen.
Mrs. Bradford D. Davol.

Methuen.
Mrs. M. Ada Colby.
Mrs. Nellie Gabeler.

Medford.
Miss Helen T. Wild.
Mrs. Elizabeth Chaney.

Vineyard Haven.
Mrs. Nella I. Daggett.
Miss Clare W. Bateman.

Easthampton.

Weymouth.
Mrs. Frank O. Wellington.
Boston.

Miss Grace Greenleaf Hiler.
Mrs. Dana P. Bartlett.

Watertown.
Mrs. Albert Dutton.
Sudbury.

Miss Catharine A. McLean.

MICHIGAN.

State Regent—
State Vice-Regent—Mrs. James P. Brayton.

Abiel Fellows.
Regent—Mrs. Lucy E. Andrews.
Alexander Macomb.

Regent—Mrs. Marion Ferris Taylor.
Algonquin.

Regent—Mrs. Belle C. Smith.
Mrs. Helen S. Fyfe.

Anne Frisby Fitzhugh.
Regent—Mrs. Jennie M. Hand.
Battle Creek.

Regent—Mrs. Isadore Mae Hinman.
Big Rapids.

Regent—Mrs. Ida M. C. Markham.

Three Rivers.

Mt. Clemens.
Mrs. Jennie M. H. Young.
St. Joseph.

Mrs. Grace Cameron.
Miss Maud Preston.

Bay City.
Mrs. Emeline H. Courtright.
Battle Creek.

Big Rapids.

Delegate.

- General Richardson.*
Regent—Mrs. Ida McC. Wisner.
Genesee.
(Not represented.)
Regent—Mrs. Harriet P. Thompson.
Hannah Tracy Grant.
Regent—Mrs. Grace L. H. Brosseau.
Lansing.
Regent—Mrs. Mary H. Jenison.
Mrs. Alice C. Jenison.
Louisa St. Clair.
Regent—Mrs. Helen Fitz Parker.
Mrs. Fitz Hugh Edwards.
Mrs. Richard H. Fyfe.
Mrs. Edward W. Stoddard.
Lucinda Hinsdale Stone.
Regent—Mrs. Annie C. Stearns.
Marquette.
Regent—Mrs. Celia K. Northrop.
Mary Marshall.
Regent—Mrs. Marie W. Church.
Menominee.
Regent—Mrs. Elizabeth B. W. Mills.
Muskegon.
Regent—Miss Elizabeth Mary Nims.
Ot-si-ke-ta.
Regent—Mrs. Flora M. Lightbody.
Ottawa.
Regent—Mrs. Clara E. Waterloo.
Saginaw.
Regent—Miss Florence Barnard.
Sarah Caswell Angell.
Regent—Mrs. Ella S. Babcock.
Miss Grace Carlton.
Sophie De Marsac Campau.
Regent—Mrs. Sophia F. Sweet.
Mrs. James P. Brayton.
Ypsilanti.
Regent—Mrs. Ella Haxelton Childs.

Alternate.

- Pontiac.*
Miss Marcia Richardson.
Flint.

Albion.
Mrs. Frank L. Irwin.
Lansing.
Mrs. Jessie M. Turner.
Mrs. Minnie D. Bush.
Detroit.
Miss L. Maud Van Sycle.
Mrs. Mary H. Ladue.
Mrs. Bertram C. Whitney.
Mrs. J. E. Emerson.
Kalamazoo.
Mrs. Caroline L. Kleinstuck.
Marquette.

Marshall.
Mrs. Norris J. Frink.
Menominee.
Mrs. Myra S. Crawford.
Muskegon.

St. Clair.
Mrs. Pemelia W. Hopkins.
Port Huron.
Mrs. Estella C. W. Sherman.
Saginaw.
Mrs. Allaseve Bliss.
Ann Arbor.
Mrs. Hilda Richards.
Mrs. Mary Hutchins.
Grand Rapids.
Mrs. James R. Wylie.
Mrs. Sybrant Wesselins.
Ypsilanti.
Miss Mary A. Goddard.

MINNESOTA.

- State Regent—Mrs. John Edson Bell.
State Vice-Regent—Mrs. Alexander T. Bigelow.
Anthony Wayne. *Mankato.*
Regent—Miss Jennie Fletcher.

<i>Delegate.</i>	<i>Alternate.</i>
<i>Charter Oak.</i>	<i>Faribault.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Eunice J. Theopold.	
<i>Colonial Chapter.</i>	<i>Minneapolis.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Mary Jordon Edwards.	Mrs. James K. Hosmer.
Mrs. Cyrus Wells.	Mrs. Robert Enegren.
<i>Daughters of Liberty.</i>	<i>Duluth.</i>
Regent—Mrs. W. S. Woodbridge.	
<i>Distaff.</i>	<i>St. Paul.</i>
Regent—Miss Caroline M. Beaumont.	Mrs. J. E. Adams.
<i>Elizabeth Dyer.</i>	<i>Winona.</i>
Regent—Miss Ethel Douglas Simpson.	Mrs. Florence S. Little.
<i>Fergus Falls.</i>	<i>Fergus Falls.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Alice Capitola H. Billings.	
<i>Greysolon du Lhut.</i>	<i>Duluth.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Fannie B. Smith.	Mrs. Annie W. Hugo.
Mrs. Sarah S. McGonagle.	Mrs. Eunice H. Reichart.
<i>Josiah Edson.</i>	<i>Northfield.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Martha E. A. Bronson.	Miss Elizabeth A. Willard.
<i>Keewaydin.</i>	<i>Minneapolis.</i>
Regent—Miss M. Elizabeth Dewey Bell.	
<i>Minneapolis.</i>	<i>Minneapolis.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Sara Carpenter Ford.	Mrs. T. B. Lindsay.
Mrs. Fannie S. Schneider.	Mrs. L. G. Powers.
<i>Monument.</i>	<i>Minneapolis.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Belle R. Wyman.	Mrs. H. S. Bowman.
<i>Nathan Hale.</i>	<i>St. Paul.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Alice Hall.	
<i>Rochester.</i>	<i>Rochester.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Abbie F. Faitoute.	Mrs. William C. Fraser.
<i>St. Paul.</i>	<i>St. Paul.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Marie M. McKenney.	Mrs. J. A. Gilfillan.
Mrs. John L. Houston.	Mrs. J. D. Du Shane.
<i>Wenonah.</i>	<i>Winona.</i>
Regent—Mrs. William Hayes.	Mrs. F. A. Rising.
Mrs. Agnes Marfield.	Mrs. Alexander McNie.

MISSISSIPPI.

State Regent—Mrs. Egbert R. Jones.	
State Vice-Regent—Mrs. Chalmers M. Williamson.	
<i>David Reese.</i>	<i>Oxford.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Charlotte K. Wardlaw.	Mrs. C. W. Armstrong.
<i>Holly Springs.</i>	<i>Holly Springs.</i>
Regent—Miss Margaret Jennie Warren.	Mrs. Egbert R. Jones.
<i>Horseshoe Robertson.</i>	<i>West Point.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Sarah E. H. Chandler.	

Delegate.

La Salle.
Regent—Mrs. Russell Dance.
Natchez.
Regent—
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Kansas City. *Kansas City.*
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Mrs. Ida Butler Allen. Mrs. Edna J. Anderson.
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Mrs. Wallace Delafield.	Mrs. E. T. Campbell.
Mrs. Jane R. Shelton.	Mrs. Benjamin Gray, Jr.
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Regent—Mrs. Ruth Bennett Baker.
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Regent—Miss Grace McH. Jones.
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Regent—Mrs. Jenny W. Overman.
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Regent—Mrs. Fannie Waite Blake.
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Mrs. Janie Love Conrad.
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Mrs. Laura R. Mustin.
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Mrs. Jennie Johnson Horney.
Mooresville.
Mrs. William A. Thomas.
Charlotte.
Mrs. A. L. Smith.
Mrs. B. D. Heath.
Winston-Salem.
Mrs. W. T. Brown.
Henderson.
Mrs. F. R. Harris.

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State Vice-Regent—Mrs. Joseph Benson Foraker.
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 Mrs. John Murphy.
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Colonel George Croghan.
 Regent—Mrs. H. G. Edgerton.
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Colonel Jonathan Bayard Smith.
 Regent—Miss Josephine La Tourette.
Columbus.
 Regent—Mrs. Edward Orton, Jr.
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Cuyahoga-Portage.
 Regent—Mrs. Adelaide C. Stillson.
 Mrs. Frances De Wolfe Allen.
Dolly Todd Madison.
 Regent—Mrs. Mabel C. Tillotson.
Elizabeth Sherman Reese.
 Regent—Mrs. Margaret S. McCoy.
Fort Findlay.
 Regent—Mrs. Alice A. Bish.
Fort McArthur.
 Regent—Mrs. Annie E. Johnson.
George Clinton.
 Regent—Mrs. Amy Fuller Hale.
Hetuck.
 Regent—Mrs. Charles C. Metz.
John Reiley.
 Regent—Mrs. William Linus Clark.
Jonathan Dayton.
 Regent—Mrs. Sara J. Patrick.
Joseph Spencer.
 Regent—Mrs. Gertrude Oakes Haywood.
Lagonda.
 Regent—Miss Bertha Thompson.
 Mrs. W. H. Blee.
Lima.
 Regent—Mrs. Clara Paine Ohler.
Mahoning.
 Regent—Mrs. Howard B. Hills.
 Mrs. Esther J. Campbell.
Marietta.
 Regent—Mrs. Charles S. Dana.

Alternate.

- Cincinnati.*
 Mrs. Thomas Kite.
 Mrs. John Bechtel.
Fremont.
 Mrs. F. H. Dorr.
 Mrs. C. R. Truesdall.
Middletown.
 Mrs. Paul J. Sorg.
Columbus.
 Mrs. Charles S. Prosser.
 Mrs. L. R. Doty.
Akron.
 Mrs. Emily Bronson Conger.
 Miss Cynthia A. Allen.
Tiffin.
 Mrs. Louise Abbott Lott.
Lancaster.
 Miss Mary Frances Mumaugh.
Fort Findlay.
 Mrs. Sarah M. Kerns.
Kenton.
 Miss Frances Hoge.
Wilmington.
 Mrs. Louise F. Huffman.
Newark.
 Mrs. Charles W. Miller.
Hamilton.
 Mrs. Lou J. Beauchamp.
Dayton.
 Mrs. Edith Carver Carr.
Portsmouth.
 Mrs. Margaret P. Everard.
Springfield.
 Mrs. Meta M. Robbins.
 Mrs. Nora W. Elliott.
Lima.
Youngstown.
 Mrs. Walter D. Euwer.
 Mrs. Emlen P. Thorne.
Marietta.
 Mrs. Louise M. Bosworth.

*Delegate.**Martha Pitkin.*

(Not represented.)

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Miss Abbie Woolworth.

Mary Washington.

Regent—Mrs. Frances W. Strong.

Miami.

Regent—Mrs. Elizabeth Dye Carver.

Mount Sterling.

Regent—Mrs. Florence L. Beale.

Muskingum.

Regent—Mrs. Minerva N. Nash.

Nabby Lee Ames.

Regent—Mrs. Lydia L. Evans.

Nathaniel Massie.

Regent—Miss Eliza I. Vanmeter.

New Connecticut.

Regent—Mrs. Lucy Mathews Blackmon.

Mrs. Ada Osborne Viall.

Old Northwest.

Regent—Mrs. Frances A. D. Wilson.

Piqua.

Regent—Mrs. Emma S. Freshour.

Urbana.

Regent—Mrs. Dora V. Berry.

Ursula Wolcott.

Regent—Mrs. Mary Sherman Hayes.

Mrs. Ethel Beecher Hamilton.

Wah-wil-a-way.

(Not represented.)

Regent—Mrs. Mary F. P. Steele.

Walter Deane.

(Not entitled to representation.)

Washington Court House.

Regent—Mrs. Carrie S. Fullerton.

Miss Fannie Persinger.

Wauseon.

Regent—Mrs. Mary R. Touvelle.

Western Reserve.

Regent—Mrs. George T. McIntosh.

Mrs. S. L. Pierce.

Mrs. Charles H. Smith.

Mrs. Charles B. Tozier.

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Mrs. Susan A. Wickham.

Miss Eleanor Andrews.

*Mansfield.**Troy.*

Mrs. Eleanor Dye Coleman.

Mount Sterling.

Mrs. Caroline R. Beale.

*Zanesville.**Athens.*

Mrs. Clara W. Reah.

Chillicothe.

Mrs. J. Clifford Douglas.

Painesville.

Mrs. Fanny T. Knapp.

Mrs. Lucy E. D. Jerome.

Ravenna.

Mrs. Ellesif Reeves Beebe.

Piqua.

Mrs. Bessie A. G. Royer.

*Urbana.**Toledo.*

Mrs. Mary F. R. Welch.

Mrs. Alice F. S. Doyle.

*Hillsboro.**Conneaut.**Washington Court House.**Wauseon.**Cleveland.*

Mrs. Mars E. Wagar.

Mrs. W. B. Neff.

Mrs. E. L. Harris.

Mrs. A. B. Coe.

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*Wyoming.**Wyoming.*

Regent—Mrs. Martha J. H. Kinsey.

Miss Mary Elizabeth Lawrence.

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State Vice-Regent—Mrs. G. C. Chambers.

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Regent—Mrs. Lena Darrall Gardner. Mrs. R. R. Fuller.

OREGON.

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*Multnomah.**Portland.*

Regent—Mrs. W. E. Thomas.

Mrs. Francis G. Bailey.

Mrs. Edward W. Bingham

Miss Eleanor E. Gile.

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State Vice-Regent—Mrs. Ellis Lewis Campbell.

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Mrs. Helen Palmer Pond.

*Berks County.**Reading.*

Regent—Mrs. de B. Randolph Keim

Miss Addie C. Owen.

Mrs. Virginia H. Brusstar.

Miss Elizabeth D. Nagle.

*Brookville.**Brookville.*

Regent—Mrs. Anthony W. Cook.

Miss Gertrude G. Buzard.

Mrs. F. M. Brown.

Miss Elsie W. Leason.

*Canadahta.**Titusville.*

Regent—Mrs. Alma S. Sherman.

*Chester County.**West Chester.*

Regent—Mrs. Francis P. Miller.

Mrs. Horace A. Beale.

Mrs. Abner Hoopes.

Miss Mary I. Stille.

*Colonel Crawford.**Meadville.*

Regent—Mrs. Emma A. Merwin.

Mrs. Mary F. Ross.

Mrs. Lena B. Thorp.

Mrs. S. Josephine Bates.

*Colonel Hugh White.**Lock Haven.*

(Not represented.)

Regent—Mrs. Maragaret S. Scott.

*Colonel William Montgomery.**Danville.*

(Not entitled to representation.)

*Conrad Weiser.**Selins Grove.*

(Not represented.)

Regent—Mrs. Kate M. Grouse.

<i>Delegate.</i>	<i>Alternate.</i>
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<i>Declaration of Independence.</i>	<i>Philadelphia.</i>
Regent—Miss Harriet J. Baird Huey.	Miss Nellie Poyntz Ferry.
<i>Delaware County.</i>	<i>Media.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Richard Peters.	Mrs. J. A. Campbell.
Mrs. Elwood Tyson.	Miss Eliza S. Leiper.
<i>Dial Rock.</i>	<i>Pittston.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Ella R. Johnson.	Miss Helene Field Mosier.
<i>Donegal.</i>	<i>Lancaster.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Martin B. Rohrer.	Miss Lizzie Getz.
Miss M. Louise Rohrer.	Mrs. George A. Wallace.
<i>Du Bois.</i>	<i>Du Bois.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Florence T. Hindman.	Mrs. Willie G. Du Bois.
<i>Flag House.</i>	<i>Philadelphia.</i>
Regent—Mrs. T. Worcester Worrell.	Mrs. Ada M. Rice.
<i>Fort McClure.</i>	<i>Bloomsburg.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Helena Armstrong Ikeler.	Mrs. Agnes Smith.
<i>Fort McIntosh.</i>	<i>Beaver.</i>
Regent—Mrs. William S. Anderson.	Adelaide C. Scott.
<i>George Clymer.</i>	<i>Towanda.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Isabella Pratt Randal.	Mrs. Mary M. Macfarlane.
Mrs. Ella M. Little.	Mrs. J. M. Rahm.
<i>George Taylor.</i>	<i>Easton.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Mary McC. Maxwell.	Mrs. Isabel H. Meyers.
<i>Germantown.</i>	<i>Germantown.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Mary Blanchard Chapman.	Mrs. Isaac Stokes Lowry.
<i>Gettysburg.</i>	<i>Gettysburg.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Martha H. O'Neal.	Mrs. Frances H. Walter.
<i>Harrisburg.</i>	<i>Harrisburg.</i>
Regent—Miss Caroline Pearson.	Miss M. H. Pearson.
Mrs. R. J. Haldeman.	Mrs. Henry McCormick.
<i>Independence Hall.</i>	<i>Philadelphia.</i>
Regent—Mrs. David Sprague Stetson.	Mrs. L. B. H. Eldridge.
Mrs. James G. Leiper.	Mrs. Lina S. Hawley.
<i>Lawrence.</i>	<i>New Castle.</i>
Regent—Miss Anna P. King.	Miss Mary R. Clarke.
<i>Lebanon.</i>	<i>Lebanon.</i>
Regent—Miss Adeline E. Guilford.	Mrs. Elizabeth L. Conch.
<i>Liberty Bell.</i>	<i>Allentown.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Alfred G. Saeger.	Miss Minnie F. Mickley.

<i>Delegate.</i>	<i>Alternate.</i>
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Regent—Mrs. Sarah Burrows C. Hays.	Mrs. Anne Higgins Perley.
Mrs. Carrie Cook Sweely.	Mrs. Euphemia Du B. White.
<i>McKean.</i>	<i>Smethport.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Thomas A. Morrison.	Mrs. William Hammer.
<i>Merion.</i>	<i>Bala.</i>
Regent—Mrs. John F. Develin.	Miss Margaret B. Harvey.
<i>Philadelphia.</i>	<i>Philadelphia.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Edward H. Ogden.	Mrs. Frank H. Getchell.
Mrs. Ethan A. Weaver.	Mrs. William S. Kimball.
Mrs. Samuel T. Kerr.	Mrs. Frederick S. Giger.
Mrs. Frank Read, Jr.	Mrs. Harold A. Freeman.
<i>Phoebe Bayard.</i>	<i>Greensburg.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Sarah Reed Tebbetts.	Charles D. Davis.
<i>Pittsburgh.</i>	<i>Pittsburgh.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Samuel A. Ammon.	Miss Julia Morgan Harding.
Mrs. William W. Wishart.	Mrs. Charles R. Wray.
Mrs. Joseph W. Marsh.	Mrs. Frank E. Moore.
Mrs. John H. Hillman.	Mrs. William M. McKelvy.
Mrs. William H. House.	Mrs. Howard Morton.
Mrs. S. Jarvis Adams.	Mrs. George Heard.
<i>Presque Isle.</i>	<i>Eric.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Lucia B. Downing.	Miss Sarah Ann Reed.
<i>Quaker City.</i>	<i>Philadelphia.</i>
Regent—Miss Emma L. Crowell.	Mrs. A. E. Moffatt.
Miss E. E. Massey.	Mrs. Horace Hall.
Mrs. Warren T. Fisher.	Mrs. A. J. Bankerd.
<i>Schuylkill Valley.</i>	<i>Pottstown.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Elizabeth Hoffer.	Mrs. Mary W. Evans.
<i>Shikimo Chapter.</i>	<i>Lewisburg.</i>
Regent—Miss Anna Dale.	Mrs. T. E. Irland.
Mrs. G. S. Matlack.	Miss Ida Frick.
<i>Sunbury.</i>	<i>Sunbury.</i>
Regent—Mrs. C. A. Sidler.	Mrs. Anna R. Hain.
<i>Susquehanna.</i>	<i>Clearfield.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Annie McL. Powell.	
<i>Tidioute.</i>	<i>Tidioute.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Charlotte J. S. Cumings.	Miss Sarah Jane Everson.
Mrs. May Gwin H. Eaton.	Miss Maria G. King.
<i>Tioga.</i>	<i>Athens.</i>
Regent—Mrs. C. S. Maurice.	Miss Marian B. Maurice.
Mrs. L. C. Thatcher.	Miss Margaret S. Maurice.
<i>Tunkhannock.</i>	<i>Tunkhannock.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Frances O. Piatt.	Mrs. Isabella V. Dersheimer.
Mrs. Margaret Drake Cooper.	Mrs. I. Ella Reynolds.

Delegate.

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Regent—Mrs. Philip Y. Eisenberg.
Venango.
Regent—Mrs. James D. Hancock.
Warrior Run.
Regent—Mrs. Elizabeth B. Godcharles.
Washington County.
Regent—Miss Margaret H. Bureau.
Witness Tree.
Regent—Miss Lillian S. Evans.
Wyoming Valley.
Regent—Mrs. Katharine S. McCartney.
Miss Mary A. Sharpe.
Yorktown.
Regent—Mrs. Henrietta C. Williams.

Alternate.

Norristown.
Mrs. Hugh McInnes.
Franklin.
Miss Mary E. Hancock.
Milton.
Mrs. Sarah E. Moorhead.
Washington.
Mrs. Minnie Ruch Borchers.
Columbia.
Miss Martha J. Miffin.
Wilkes-Barre.
Mrs. Isaac P. Hand.
Mrs. Helen R. Miller.
York.
Mrs. Emma F. Hench.

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State Vice-Regent—Mrs. Stephen F. Fisk.

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Mrs. Sylvia De W. Ostrander.	Miss Annie E. MacDougall.
<i>Flint Lock and Powder Horn.</i>	<i>Pawtucket.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Ella A. Tuck.	Mrs. Anna Chase Sheldon.
Mrs. A. W. Stanley.	Miss Josephine Field.
<i>Gaspee.</i>	<i>Providence.</i>
Regent—Miss Mary Anne Greene.	Mrs. Amasa M. Eaton.
Miss Harriet Talbot.	Miss Mary B. Anthony.
Mrs. Edward S. Clark.	Miss Mary Cornelia Talbot.
Miss Sarah F. Vose.	Miss Anna N. Durfee.
<i>General Nathaniel Greene.</i>	<i>East Greenwich.</i>
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Mrs. E. Louise Remington.	Mrs. M. Caroline Bourne.
<i>Narragansett.</i>	<i>Kingston.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Hiram F. Hunt.	Mrs. Z. H. Gardner.
<i>Pawtucket.</i>	<i>Pawtucket.</i>
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Mrs. Anna E. Stearns.	Mrs. Roby C. Welch.
<i>Phoebe Green Ward.</i>	<i>Westerly.</i>
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Mrs. Ada L. Burdick.	Miss Sophia W. Williams.
<i>William Ellery.</i>	<i>Newport.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Clara Pinniger.	Mrs. Sarah A. Sayer.
Miss Edith May Tilley.	Mrs. Helen Titus.
<i>Woonsocket.</i>	<i>Woonsocket.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Helen E. D. Fenton.	Mrs. Susan C. Ballou.
Mrs. Charles O. Arnold.	Miss Marie Louise Ballou.

*Delegate.**Alternate.*

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State Vice-Regent—Mrs. Thomas C. Rebertsen.	
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Regent—Mrs. F. H. H. Calhoun.	Mrs. Gussie S. Doyle.
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Regent—Mrs. Eliza F. W. Buist.	Mrs. Alice Nelson Smith.
<i>Catawba.</i>	<i>Anderson.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Ella B. Laughlin.	Mrs. Elizabeth H. Bleckley.
<i>Columbia.</i>	<i>Columbia.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Minnie M. Burney.	Mrs. Bessie S. Childs.
<i>Cowpens.</i>	<i>Spartanburg.</i>
Regent—Mrs. W. E. Burnett.	Mrs. Bessie G. Montgomery.
Miss Elizabeth E. Cleveland.	Mrs. James T. Harris.
<i>Esther Marion.</i>	<i>Aiken.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Lillie R. Henderson.	Mrs. Eleanor Earle Rice.
<i>Eutaw.</i>	<i>Orangeburg.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Adele B. Salley.	Mrs. Mary Alice Sease.
<i>Kate Barry.</i>	<i>Spartanburg.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Mabel F. Simpson.	Mrs. Ila L. Willson.
<i>Kings Mountain.</i>	<i>Yorkville.</i>
Regent Mrs. Walter B. Moore.	Mrs. D. E. Finley.
<i>Lewis Malone Ayer.</i>	<i>Barnwell.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Florella S. Moore.	Miss Edwarda E. Patterson.
<i>Mary Adair.</i>	<i>Chester.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Mary I. H. Stringfellow.	Miss Charlotte Ann Hardin.
<i>Moultrie.</i>	<i>Orangeburg.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Lurline M. Ligon.	
<i>Musgrove Mills.</i>	<i>Clinton.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Nancy Emily Davis.	Mrs. Lyde Irby Darlington.
<i>Nathaniel Greene.</i>	<i>Greenville.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Frances Louise Mayes.	Mrs. Flora P. Dill.
<i>Rebecca Motte.</i>	<i>Charleston.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Frances Mather Jones.	Mrs. George F. von Kolnitz.
Miss Louise B. Popponheim.	Mrs. Christian J. Larson.
<i>Star Fort.</i>	<i>Greenwood.</i>
Regent—Miss Louse C. Fleming.	Mrs. Bessie Watts Sanders.
<i>Sumter's Home.</i>	<i>Sumter.</i>
Regent—Miss Edith M. De Lorme.	Miss Kate Furman.
<i>Swamp Fox.</i>	<i>Marion.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Henry Buck.	Mrs. J. D. Murchison.
<i>William Capers.</i>	<i>Columbia.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Mary Capers Satterlee.	

*Delegate.**Alternate.*

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Staate Regent—Mrs. Craig S. Thoms.

*Paha Wakan.**Vermillion.*

Regent—Mrs. Annie Chappell Lee.

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State Regent—Miss Mary Boyce Temple.

State-Vice Regent—Miss Susie Gentry.

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Regent—Mrs. Birdie Powel Avery.

Miss Merrill Parish.

*Bonny Kate.**Knoxville.*

Regent—Mrs. H. O. Milton.

Mrs. J. W. Snead.

Mrs. E. T. Sanford.

Mrs. Henry Fonde.

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Regent—Mrs. W. W. Berry.

Mrs. W. K. Phillips.

Mrs. J. H. Kirkland.

Mrs. Duncan Eve.

*Chickamauga.**Chattanooga.*

Regent—Mrs. Mary Eaton Payne.

Miss Sarah Elizabeth Richmond.

Mrs. Anna Keith Frazier.

Mrs. Hattie Erwin Peake.

*Commodore Perry.**Memphis.*

Regent—Mrs. Mary Bates Toof.

Mrs. Charles Huntington.

Mrs. Charles B. Bryan.

Mrs. Charles Carothers.

*Cumberland.**Nashville.*

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Mrs. E. S. Gardner, Jr.

Mrs. Mary C. Dorris.

Mrs. John J. Cox.

*Hermitage.**Memphis.*

Regent—Mrs. T. J. Latham.

Mrs. Kate S. Lemman.

Mrs. Ann Moore.

Mrs. Frank Streater.

*Jackson-Madison.**Jackson.*

Regent—Mrs. Joe Rice Talbot.

Miss Mary E. Timberlake.

*Margaret Gaston.**Lebanon.*

Regent—Mrs. Lucy S. Mackenzie.

Miss Maude M. Huffman.

*Old Glory.**Franklin.*

Regent—Mrs. Leighla Perkins Cochrane.

Miss Susie Gentry.

*Pulaski.**Pulaski.*

(Not entitled to representation.)

*Shelby.**Shelbyville.*

Regent—Mrs. William P. Cooper.

Miss Emma Maupin.

*Watauga.**Memphis.*

Regent—Mrs. Thomas Day.

Mrs. W. B. Gates.

Mrs. H. D. Wilson.

Mrs. R. P. Lake.

TEXAS.

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State Vice-Regent—Mrs. Thomas J. Groce.

*Agnes Woodson.**Belton.*

Regent—Mrs. A. D. Potts.

Mrs. J. C. Parks.

Delegate.

- Betty Martin.*
Regent—Mrs. Huling P. Robertson.
Colonel George Moffett.
Regent—Mrs. B. Rush Norvell.
George Washington.
Regent—Mrs. Emma C. Harris.
Mrs. Mary Davis.
Henry Downs.
Regent—Mrs. Edward Rotan.
Jane Douglas.
Regent—Mrs. A. V. Lane.
Mrs. J. A. Hughes.
Lady Washington.
Regent—Mrs. David F. Stuart.
Miss Anna E. Yocum.
Mary Isham Keith.
Regent—Mrs. Mary H. Swayne.
Rebecca Crockett.
Regent—Mrs. Thomas M. Bosson.
Rebecca Stoddert.
Regent—Mrs. Horace B. Stevens.
San Antonio De Bexar.
Regent—Mrs. J. H. French.
Thankful Hubbard.
Regent—Mrs. W. H. Bell.
Mrs. John Bremond.
Tyler.
Regent—Miss Jennie M. Perry.
Weatherford.
Regent—Mrs. Maggie Coleman Foat.
William Findley.
Regent—Mrs. Kate White Howard.

Alternate.

- Temple.*
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Bcaumont.
Mrs. A. M. Britton.
Galveston.
Mrs. Cornelia B. Stone.
Mrs. R. A. Pleasants.
Waco.
Mrs. C. A. Westbrook.
Dallas.
Mrs. Grace Scruggs.
Mrs. C. L. Seasholes.
Houston.
Mrs. L. T. Noyes.
Mrs. J. C. Hutcheson.
Fert Worth.
Mrs. Ola Park Royster.
Gainesville.
Mrs. C. Newcomb Stevens.
El Paso.

San Antonio.
Miss Mary E. Brackenridge.
Austin.
Mrs. John Claybrook.

Tyler.

Weatherford.
Mrs. G. S. White.
Palestine.
Mrs. C. Wallace Carothers.

UTAH.

- State Regent—Mrs. Mary M. Ferry Allen.
Spirit of Liberty.
Regent—Mrs. S. W. Morrison.
Mrs. Thomes Weir.

Salt Lake City.

- Mrs. L. C. Miller.
Mrs. R. M. Stephenson.

VERMONT.

- State Regent—Mrs. F. Stewart Stanahan.
State Vice-Regent—Mrs. Clayton Nelson North.
Ann Story.
Regent—Mrs. D. N. Haynes.
Mrs. H. A. Harmon.
Ascutney.
Regent—Mrs. Helen E. J. Davis.

Rutland.

- Mrs. F. C. Cleaver.
Mrs. H. H. Dyer.
Windsor.
Mrs. Jessica W. Cabot.

*Delegate.**Bellevue.*

Regent—Mrs. Mary Story Clark.
Mrs. William A. Brush.

Bennington.

Regent—Mrs. Mary Gale Root.
Mrs. Edward W. Bradford.

Brattleboro.

Regent—Mrs. Frederick R. Swift.
Mrs. Edward A. Starkey.

Ethan Allen.

Regent—Mrs. William W. McGilton.

Green Mountain.

Regent—Miss Jennie Stacy.
Mrs. J. K. Butler.

Hand's Cove.

Regent—Mrs. Mary Mixer Platt.
Mrs. Mary J. Root Abell.

Heber Allen.

Regent—Mrs. Helen H. Bixby.

Lake Dunmore.

Regent—Miss Julia A. C. Jackson.

Marquis de Lafayette.

Regent—Mrs. Lou B. Hayden.
Mrs. Sarah L. H. Heaton.

Ormsby.

Regent—Mrs. Helen S. Snyder.

Ottauquehec.

Regent—Mrs. Mary M. Vaughan.

Ox-Bow.

Regent—Mrs. George C. Fabyan.

Palestrello.

Regent—Mrs. Clara K. Noble.

St. John de Crevecoeur.

Regent—Mrs. Robert Mackinnon.

Seth Warner.

Regent—Mrs. J. C. Hindes.

Thomas Chittenden.

Regent—Mrs. Mary M. C. Watson.

William McKinley.

Regent—Mrs. Alice Clift Greene.

*Alternate.**St. Albans.*

Miss Mary E. Houghton.
Mrs. Ralph K. Chase.

Bennington.

Miss Laura E. Norton.
Miss Jennie A. Valentine.

Brattleboro.

Mrs. Anna G. Cobb.
Mrs. Winifred F. Root.

Middlebury.

Miss Susan D. Parker.

Burlington.

Mrs. Nelson W. Fisk.
Miss Helen Converse.

Shoreham.

Miss Jessie M. Griswold.
Miss Agnes K. Bush.

*Poultney.**Brandon.*

Mrs. Nellie Bowman.

Montpelier.

Mrs. Ella McE. Warren.
Mrs. Augusta C. E. De Boer.

Manchester.

Mrs. Olive Beach.

Woodstock.

Mrs. Ada F. Gillingham.

Newbury.

Mrs. Louise F. Wheeler.

Wallingford.

Mrs. Lucretia K. Stone.

St. Johnsbury.

Mrs. C. L. Braley.

Vergennes.

Mrs. J. C. McCuen.

*White River Junction.**Middleton.*

Mrs. Alice E. W. Gray.

VIRGINIA.

State Regent—Mrs. Samuel W. Jamison.

State Vice-Regent—Mrs. John D. Horsley.

Albemarle.

Regent—Mrs. Thomas B. Lyons.

Charlottesville.

Mrs. Murray Boocock.

Delegate.

- Betty Washington Lewis.*
Regent—Mrs. John T. Goolrick.
Beverly Manor.
Regent—Mrs. J. F. Effinger.
Blue Ridge.
Regent—Mrs. Louisa D. Owen.
Commonwealth.
Regent—Mrs. B. L. Purcell.
Mrs. Myra Lucille Chambers.
Dorothea Henry.
Regent—Mrs. James G. Penn.
Mrs. Claude A. Swanson.
Eastern Shore.
Regent—Mrs. Lula H. Quinby.
Fairfax County.
Regent—Mrs. George E. King.
Fort Nelson.
Regent—Mrs. Charles R. Nash.
Frances Bland Randolph.
Regent—Mrs. Alice M. Finch.
Great Bridge.
Regent—Mrs. H. N. Page.
Mrs. Robert Johnston.
Hampton.
Regent—Mrs. Annie M. Sayre.
Margaret Lynn Lewis.
Regent—Mrs. J. Frank West.
Massanutton.
Regent—Miss Mary Lynn Conrad.
Montpelier.
Regent—Mrs. John G. Williams.
Mt. Vernon.
Regent—Mrs. Frances Johnston Robinson.
Mrs. Dabney Herndon.
Old Dominion.
Regent—Miss Lucy Claire Atkinson.
Patrick Henry.
Regent—Mrs. Faith T. Parrott.
Peaks of Otter.
Regent—Mrs. Robert B. Claytor.
Stuart.
Regent—Mrs. Ellen B. Stuart.
Sycamore Shoals.
Regent—Mrs. J. H. McCue.

Alternate.

- Fredericksburg.*
Mrs. John B. Gray.
Staunton.
Mrs. F. M. Hanger.
Lynchburg.
Mrs. E. C. Hamner.
Richmond.
Mrs. I. N. Jones.
Miss Roberta Z. Allen.
Danville.
Miss Anna E. Wiseman.
Miss Edmonia Slaughter.
Onancock.
Vienna.
Mrs. Walter P. Jones.
Portsmouth.
Mrs. R. M. Kennedy.
Petersburg.
Mrs. Jennie M. Hollinfield.
Norfolk.
Miss Althea Serpell.
Mrs. Charles G. Elliott.
Hampton.
Mrs. Mary Virginia Reese.
Roanoke.
Mrs. Anna G. Churchill.
Harrisonburg.
Mrs. Martha G. Baer.
Orange.
Mrs. John F. Rixey.
Alexandria.
Mrs. Eleanor W. Howard.
Mrs. Kate W. Barrett.
Richmond.
Miss Ethel W. Atkinson.
Martinsville.
Mrs. Alice K. W. Gravely.
Bedford City.
Miss Frances Otey Buford.
Wytheville.
Miss Pickett Heth.
Bristol.
Mrs. S. L. King.

*Delegate.**Alternate.*

WASHINGTON.

- State Regent—Mrs. Moses A. Phelps.
 State Vice-Regent—Mrs. Thomas H. McCoughtry.
Esther Reed. *Spokane.*
 Regent—Mrs. W. B. Roberts. Mrs. Merritt J. Gordon.
 Miss Maud Woy. Mrs. Frank H. Crombie.
Lady Stirling. *Scattle.*
 Regent—Mrs. Nellie F. N. Trumbull. Mrs. Mary H. Gordon.
 Mrs. Mary E. P. R. Phelps. Mrs. Jennie S. Holmes.
Mary Ball. *Tacoma.*
 Regent—Mrs. Clara Newcomb Todd. Mrs. F. W. Cushman.
 Mrs. Ada Anderson.
Rainier. *Seattle.*
 Regent—Mrs. Elinor Ingersoll Thorne. Mrs. Clarence A. Smith.
 Mrs. John Leary. Mrs. Martha White Fulton.
Robert Gray. *Hoquiam.*
 Regent—Mrs. S. S. McMillan. Mrs. J. B. Bridges.
Sacajawea. *Olympia.*
 Regent—Mrs. Mary E. R. Lord.
Scattle. *Seattle.*
 Regent—Mrs. Julia R. Hardenbergh.
Virginia Dare. *Tacoma.*
 Regent—Mrs. Charles C. Hunt. Mrs. John A. Parker.

WEST VIRGINIA.

- State Regent—Mrs. Baldwin Day Spilman.
 State Vice-Regent—Mrs. Douglas E. Newton.
Colonel Charles Lewis. *Point Pleasant.*
 Regent—Mrs. Julia D. Beale. Mrs. Livia Simpson Poffenbarger.
Elizabeth Ludington Hagans. *Morgantown.*
 Regent—Mrs. Agnes L. Brock. Mrs. R. A. Beatty.
 Miss Eleanor B. Moreland. Mrs. E. W. McNeill.
Elizabeth Zane Chapter. *Buckhannon.*
 (Not entitled to representation.)
James Wood. *Parkersburg.*
 Regent—Mrs. Annie O. Jackson. Mrs. Sophia R. Poole.
John Chapman. *Bluc Fields.*
 Regent—Mrs. Kate Baldwin.
John Hart. *Elkins.*
 Regent—Mrs. May Jackson Taylor.
West Augusta. *Mannington.*
 Regent—Mrs. Louise C. M. Furbee.
William Henshaw. *Hedgesville.*
 Regent—Mrs. V. H. Berry. Miss Martha J. Silver.

Delegate.

Alternate.

WISCONSIN.

State Regent—Mrs. Thomas Hoyt Brown.	
State Vice-Regent—Mrs. Walter S. Kempster.	
<i>Beloit.</i>	<i>Beloit.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Carolyn D. Weirick.	
<i>Fay Robinson.</i>	<i>Reedsburg.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Helen Neely Perry.	
<i>Fond du Lac.</i>	<i>Fond du Lac.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Emelin L. Perkins.	Mrs. Mary Ellen D. Haber.
<i>Fort Atkinson.</i>	<i>Fort Atkinson.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Elva Davis Ogden.	Miss Mary Jones.
Mrs. E. B. Crandall.	Mrs. Ruth Crandall Taylor.
<i>Janesville.</i>	<i>Janesville.</i>
Regent—Mrs. William G. Wheeler.	Mrs. W. F. Palmer.
Mrs. A. P. Lovejoy.	Mrs. C. S. Jackman.
<i>Jean Nicolet.</i>	<i>De Pere.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Frances L. Dunham.	
<i>John Bell.</i>	<i>Madison.</i>
(Not represented.)	
Regent—Mrs. Frances B. Fairchild.	
<i>Kenosha.</i>	<i>Kenosha.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Z. Y. Simmons, Jr.	Mrs. Beulah H. Adams.
<i>La Crosse.</i>	<i>La Crosse.</i>
Regent—Miss Gertrude M. Hogan.	
<i>Milwaukee.</i>	<i>Milwaukee.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Estelle B. Wadhams.	Mrs. Edward Ferguson.
Mrs. T. W. Spence.	Mrs. Arthur Holbrook.
Mrs. Sarah D. Maynard.	Mrs. Mary D. Ellison.
<i>Munedoo.</i>	<i>Columbus.</i>
Regent—Miss Lillian E. Lee.	Mrs. Stella Williams.
<i>Nequi-Antigo-Siebah.</i>	<i>Antigo.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Ida B. W. Albers.	Mrs. E. A. Morse.
<i>Oshkosh.</i>	<i>Oshkosh.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Josephine Waters Hays.	Miss Emma Waite Davis.
Mrs. Mary F. Curtis Leach.	Mrs. Jennie Bell Mainland.
<i>Racine.</i>	<i>Racine.</i>
Regent—Mrs. William Howard Crosby.	Mrs. Herbert E. Miles.
<i>Steven's Point.</i>	<i>Steven's Point.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Clara Z. B. Mitchell.	Mrs. Florence C. Copps.
<i>Tyrana.</i>	<i>Lake Mills.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Louise M. Fargo.	
<i>Wau Bun.</i>	<i>Portage.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Laurie B. Latimer.	Mrs. Lucy B. Barkman.
<i>Waukesha-Continental.</i>	<i>Waukesha.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Annie Y. Haight.	Mrs. Ione G. Hawley.
<i>Waupun.</i>	<i>Waupun.</i>
Regent—Mrs. Lillian H. Davis.	Mrs. Fannie C. Doty.

WYOMING.

State Regent—Mrs. Frank W. Mondell.

State Vice-Regent—Mrs. H. B. Patten.

Cheyenne.

Cheyenne.

Regent—Mrs. Letitia M. Thompson.

Mrs. Harriet I. Bond.

Jacques Laramie.

Laramie.

(Not entitled to representation.)

FOREIGN.

Aloha.

Honolulu, H. I.

Regent—Mrs. Elizabeth V. C. Hall.

Mrs. Ellen Douglas Kincaid.

Benjamin Franklin.

Mexico City, Mex.

Regent—Mrs. Bessie Files.

Mrs. Philip G. Roeder.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL (when Alaska was called). As the states are called, where any unhappy bereavement has come, the Chair would ask the congress to listen to a formal announcement of it. We have been unfortunate enough to lose the state regent of Alaska since the last congress was convened. We feel it keenly, as her capability and her energies were always given to this organization in full measure. I ask that a resolution of condolence be offered by this Continental Congress, and that the Chair be empowered to have such resolution sent to the members of Mrs. Diston's family.

(It was moved, seconded and carried, that such resolutions of condolence be sent.)

MRS. GRUNSKY (when California was called). Madam President General, Mrs. Gray, the state regent of California, and Mrs. Thom, the vice-regent, are both absent, and I have been requested to serve as chairman of the delegation. There are twelve chapters in California, but there will be represented Oakland, Sequoia and La Puerto del Oro.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL (when Florida was called). As it is a sad duty to make some unhappy announcements when bereaved states are called, I am glad now to make a happy one. I cannot go into details, and tell you to what the name of the state regent of Florida is changed but I know that her name *has* been changed within the past week. It is no longer Mrs. Agnes M. Cook, but Mrs. someone else! I received the announcement of her marriage a day or two ago, and the name will be corrected accordingly. [Applause.]

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL (when Michigan was called). I shrink from making the announcement which it is now my duty to make. I know that it is the wish of the delegation from the splendid state of Michigan that the congress rise in a body to testify its reverent grief for the loss of Michigan's state regent, who has gone from us within the last few days, since much of the printing for this Continental Congress was finished, (including many committees and even the credential

list, which was altered at the last moment). It is one of the saddest duties of my presidential, official and personal life, to announce to this congress the death of Mrs. William J. Chittenden, of Detroit, state regent of Michigan. She is one whom you have all known as a loyal, high-principled, honorable, able, devoted Daughter of the American Revolution. What the loss is to her state, I cannot pretend to express—nor the inexpressible loss to myself, but the Chair asks this congress to rise in reverent expression of our grief and sorrow.

(The congress rose.)

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Unless there is objection, which I cannot conceive, I will appoint the state of Michigan delegates therefrom as a committee to draft proper resolutions (to bring to the president general and recording secretary-general for signatures), as an expression of condolence to the family. I hear no objection, and I will ask the delegates from the state of Michigan to perform that duty.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL (when the state of Mississippi was called). The Chair is going to do a well-nigh unheard of thing, but she thinks that Mississippi deserves it. There have been a most astonishing number of chapters organized in that state since we met here one year ago. Therefore, the Chair publicly congratulates the state regent on that fact. [Applause.]

MRS. EGBERT R. JONES. On behalf of Mississippi, of which I am the state regent, I thank you.

MRS. WILLIAMSON (when Missouri was called). By the grace of God and the speed of the railroads, present. [Laughter.] Two beautiful alternates and two not so beautiful.

MRS. JOSEPH B. FORAKER (when the State of Ohio was called). Madam President General, it is my sad duty to announce the death of a beloved and honored member, Mrs. Jay O. Moss, for several years a beloved and honored member of Martha Hopkins Chapter.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Madam State Vice-Regent Mrs. Foraker, no one could feel more sympathy for your state, in the loss which it has sustained, than does your President General. She knew the splendid qualities of Mrs. Moss, and her value to this organization. Every member of the Society will grieve at her death; and if there be no objection the Chair authorizes the same action on the part of the State of Ohio that was recently authorized on the part of the State of Michigan.

MRS. ALEXANDER E. PATTON (when the State of Pennsylvania was called). Madam President General, Pennsylvania mourns the death of Mrs. Robert R. Iredell, of Liberty Bell Chapter.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Ladies, it is with the utmost sympathy that we hear these announcements. The death of Mrs. Iredell is a special loss, because of her energetic work for Continental Hall and the grounds around it, which she hoped to see put into a state of perfection by her individual efforts. Had she been spared to us longer,

no doubt she would have succeeded in her volunteered duty. We sympathize with Pennsylvania, and ask you to prepare a suitable resolution of condolence.

MRS. BAILEY (when Oregon was called). Our state regent from Oregon is not present, but I am her alternate.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Are you the regularly-elected alternate?

MRS. BAILEY. Yes (that is, vice-regent).

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Then will you see the chairman of the credentials committee, and procure a proper badge?

MRS. BAILEY. I have a badge as an alternate.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. If the state regent is not here, you will wear her badge to show that you are a voter, and entitled to be recognized on the floor. The Chair has been informed that the representative from Mexico City is present and the Chair hopes that she is with us, because that chapter has done some splendid work.

(At 5 o'clock the official reader concluded the roll call.)

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. The report of the credentials committee having been accepted, and the roll having been called, the Chair declares the House in order for the presentation of business. It is the wish of the President General to have the resolutions to the Peace Congress presented immediately, in accordance with our agreement of this morning. If there is no objection to that order of business, the Chair will recognize Mrs. Mussey, of the District of Columbia, to present those resolutions.

MRS. MUSSEY. Madam President General, I am very happy indeed to be the medium of offering the resolutions to the Peace Congress, which are as follows:

WHEREAS, It is impossible for the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution to accept the invitation to participate directly in the Arbitration and Peace Conference now meeting at the City of New York, because of the meeting of the Continental Congress of the Daughters of the American Revolution in Washington, and

WHEREAS, The Daughters of the American Revolution have always felt keen interest in the movement for furthering international peace, and have manifested such interest by adopting, as long as ten years ago, resolutions favoring arbitration of international disputes, and later by tendering to the President of the United States the use of their Memorial Continental Hall for the purposes of the peace envoys from Russia and Japan; and believing ardently in the principle of Peace through Liberty; therefore,

RESOLVED, That the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution assembled in Continental Congress at the City of Washington, hereby approve and endorse the resolutions proposed by Hon. Richard Bartholdt, and adopted at the London conference of the Inter-parliamentary Union at London in 1896.

RESOLVED, That the President General be, and hereby is, au-

thorized to appoint a committee to present to the Peace Congress at New York a copy of these resolutions and also to present to Mr. Andrew Carnegie, the great peace flag tendered to him in appreciation of his services to the cause of peace, and furthermore;

BE IT RESOLVED, That the Society advocates the proposition (alluded to in the Continental Congress of 1906 by the President General) in regard to the nations contributing to the cause of peace at least one-tenth of one per cent. of the sum donated to war, and endorse, as well, the peace pilgrimage, recently suggested by Wm. T. Stead, of London.

E. N. R. McLEAN (MRS. DONALD McLEAN),
President General, National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution.

(Signed) ELISABETH F. PIERCE,
Recording Secretary-General, National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Ladies, you have heard these resolutions. Are they seconded?

Mrs. Murphy, Mrs. Williamson and Mrs. Delafield seconded the resolutions, and the question being taken, they were unanimously carried.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. I am happy to announce to you that since this morning I have had a consultation with Captain Hobson, who leaves for New York on the evening train, to represent the interests of the navy and other important interests at the Peace Conference. He has kindly accepted, as he did before you this morning, the mission of carrying our resolutions with him, and reading them upon the floor of that Peace Congress. Before leaving New York, being unable to be present myself at that congress, I appointed a loyal member of our society, Mrs. Wm. K. Tillotson, to be there as a representative of us gathered here, and that member I shall communicate with by telegram. The provisions of these resolutions, as to the appointment of a committee, will be fully carried out, and that committee, with Captain Hobson, will present these resolutions to-morrow morning. Since I have been here I have received a telegram from the Peace Congress, still further urging the passage of these resolutions. I congratulate you, because you are taking part in one of the greatest movements that the country and the world have ever seen, and it is a compliment to any women's organization that it should be recognized by the men who are carrying on such a movement, and invited to participate in it.

MRS. DAY. I move that the congress rise in expression of our appreciation of this great courtesy to our body.

The resolution was seconded by Mrs. Williamson, and carried.

MRS. KEARFOOT. Madam President General and Daughters of the

Sixteenth Continental Congress, in appreciation of the eloquent and inspiring address of that Christian gentleman and brave hero, Captain Richmond Pearson Hobson, special messenger from the Peace Congress now in session in New York, to the Sixteenth Congress of the Daughters of the American Revolution, *I move that his address be published in full, and be distributed to every member of this congress.*

The motion was seconded by Mrs. Hazen and Miss Ritchie.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair suggests to the vice-president general from New Jersey, Mrs. Kearfott, that the address of Captain Hobson might well be circulated to the chapters throughout the country. The printing will not be finished while the congress is in session. Those who are present here have had the privilege of hearing this eloquent address, while the members of the chapters at home have not. The Chair simply makes that suggestion, if the vice-president general will accept it.

MRS. KEARFOTT. I accept the suggestion and offer the resolution thus amended.

The question being taken, the resolution as amended was carried.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. We have a regular order of business, and that is the presentation of the report of the chairman of the program committee, Mrs. Alexander Ennis Patton, of Pennsylvania.

REPORT OF THE PROGRAM COMMITTEE.

Mrs. Alexander Ennis Patton, chairman of the program committee, presented the following report:

Madam President General and Members of the Sixteenth Continental Congress: The chairman and members of the program committee for the Sixteenth Continental Congress have tried to profit by their experience in arranging the program for last year, and we hope that the arrangement of the business and social affairs for the different sessions of this congress, which will be taken up ad seriatim, will meet with the approval of all Daughters, and I now present the program to you for adoption.



PROGRAMME

OF

The Sixteenth Continental Congress

OF THE

National Society

O F T H E
DAUGHTERS
O F T H E
AMERICAN
REVOLUTION

April 15 to 20, 1907

Memorial
Continental Hall

WASHINGTON, D. C.

General Information

Roll call will be answered by State Regents for their delegations, the Chapter Regents responding for their respective Chapters.

All motions must be made in writing, signed by the mover and by one or more persons seconding the motion.

A mover of a motion is requested to rise, announce her name and state and to send her written motion to the Recording Secretary-General.

Roberts' Rules of Order will be the accepted authority on Parliamentary Law.

"A question of Privilege shall be entertained only when it relates to the rights and privileges of the organization or to one of its members."

"A request to do something that is out of order at the time is not a Question of Privilege."

Special business sessions may be held during the Congress.

State delegations may meet at their convenience for the election of their State Regents and State Vice-Regents.

Notices will be read immediately at the close of each session and posted on the bulletin board.

Orders will be taken for the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE, the Lineage Book, the Directory, the Smithsonian Report, and the Insignia at Memorial Continental Hall and the office of the National Society, 902 F Street, which are open daily from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M. during the Congress.

Evening

Announcement.

Benefit for Memorial Continental Hall, under the auspices of Mary Washington Chapter, D. C., Belasco Theatre, Saturday evening, April 13th, 1907.

PROGRAMME

Monday, April 15, 1907

10.30 o'clock, a. m.

Sixteenth Continental Congress called to order by the
President General, Mrs. Donald McLean.

Prayer by the Chaplain General, Mrs. Teunis S. Hamlin.

Music.

Address of Welcome by the President General.

Brief Responses.

Mrs. Robert E. Park, of Georgia.

Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, of Illinois.

Mrs. Richard J. Barker, of Rhode Island.

Mrs. Seabrook W. Sydnor, of Texas.

Mrs. John McLane, of New Hampshire.

Mrs. Stephen C. Langworthy, of Nebraska.

Music.

2 o'clock, p. m.

Report of Credential Committee, Mrs. Charlotte Emerson
Main, Chairman.

Roll Call.

Report of Program Committee, Mrs. Alexander Ennis
Patton, Chairman.

Evening

Announcement.

Musical Reception by Memorial Continental Hall Com-
mittee. Benefit General Building Fund, at New Wil-
lard Hotel, from 8.30 to 10.30 P. M.

Tuesday, April 16, 1907

10 o'clock, a. m.

The Congress called to order by the President General.

Prayer.

Music.

Reading of the Minutes.

Announcement by the President General of the Committees on the recommendations of National Officers.

Reports of National Officers.

The President General as Chairman of the National Board of Management, Mrs. Donald McLean.

The Vice-President General in Charge of the Organization of Chapters, Mrs. Charlotte Emerson Main.

The Chaplain General, Mrs. Teunis S. Hamlin.

The Recording Secretary General, Miss Elisabeth F. Pierce.

The Corresponding Secretary-General, Miss Virginia Miller.

The Registrar General, Mrs. J. Stewart Jamieson.

The Treasurer-General, Mrs. M. E. S. Davis.

Followed by report of the Auditing Committee.

The Historian General, Mrs. Jonathan P. Dolliver.

The Assistant Historian-General, Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood.

The Librarian General, Miss Aline E. Solomons.

Reports of the Editor, Business Manager and Magazine Committee of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

The Editor, Mrs. Elroy M. Avery.

The Business Manager, Miss Lilian Lockwood.

The Magazine Committee, Mrs. Robert E. Park, Chairman.

5 o'clock, p. m.

State Meetings may be held if desired.

Tuesday, April 16, 1907

8 o'clock, p. m.

Report of Standing Committees.

Committee on Revolutionary Relics for Memorial Continental Hall, Mrs. A. A. Kendall, Chairman.

Committee on National University, Mrs. Alexander Ennis Patton, Chairman.

Committee on Preservation of Historic Spots, Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, Chairman.

Committee on Patriotic Education, Miss Ellen Mecum, Chairman.

Committee to Prevent Desecration of Flag, Mrs. Walter Kempster, Chairman.

School City Committee, Mrs. Samuel Ammon, Chairman.

Committee on Real Daughters, Mrs. Wm. L. Peel.

Committee on Prison Ship Martyrs, Mrs. S. V. White, Chairman.

Report of Franco-American Committee, Mrs. L. Bradford Prince, Chairman.

Report of Jamestown Committee, Mrs. Lydia Pleasants Purcell, Chairman.

Wednesday, April 17, 1907

10.30 o'clock, a. m.

The Congress called to order by the President General.

Prayer.

Music.

Reading of the Minutes.

March to Dedication of Memorial Portico, Memorial Continental Hall.

Music.

2.30 o'clock, p. m.

Special order of business.

Report of the Memorial Continental Hall Committee, Mrs. Donald McLean, Chairman.

Contributions to Memorial Continental Hall Building Fund.

9 to 11 o'clock, p. m.

Reception at Congressional Library.

Thursday, April 18, 1907

10 o'clock, a. m.

The Congress called to order by the President General.

Prayer.

Music.

Reading of the Minutes.

Nominations and Elections.

President General.

Ten Vice-Presidents General.

Chaplain General.

Recording Secretary General.

Registrar General.

Historian General.

Corresponding Secretary General.

Treasurer General.

Assistant Historian General.

Librarian General.

Editor of the American Monthly Magazine.

Business Manager of the American Monthly Magazine.

8 o'clock, p. m.

Announcements of Elections.

President General.

Ten Vice-Presidents General.

Chaplain General.

Recording Secretary General.

Registrar General.

Historian General.

Corresponding Secretary General.

Treasurer General.

Assistant Historian General.

Librarian General.

Editor of the American Monthly Magazine.

Business Manager of the American Monthly Magazine.

State Regents' Reports.

Limited to 3 minutes.

Friday, April 19, 1907

10 o'clock, a. m.

The Congress called to order by the President General.

Prayer.

Music.

Reading of the Minutes.

Amendments to the By-Laws.

Report of the Committee on the Recommendations of
National Officers.

Unfinished business.

New business.

2.30 o'clock, p. m.

The President will receive the Continental Congress at the
White House.

4.00 o'clock, p. m.

Special Session relating to Great Peace Congress.

8.30 o'clock, p. m.

The Sons of the American Revolution of the District of
Columbia invite the Congress to a patriotic celebra-
tion at the Congregational Church.

Saturday, April 20, 1907

10.30 o'clock, a. m.

The Congress called to order by the President General.

Prayer.

Music.

Reading of the Minutes.

Unfinished business.

New Business.

Benediction.

THE ADJOURNMENT OF THE
SIXTEENTH CONTINENTAL CONGRESS.

NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT, 1906.

President General,

MRS. DONALD McLEAN,
186 Lenox Avenue, New York City, N. Y., and 902 F Street, Wash-
ington, D. C.

Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters,

MRS. CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C., and 2009 Massachusetts Avenue,
Washington, D. C.

Vice-Presidents General.

(Term of office expires 1907.)

Mrs. John R. Walker, Missouri.	Mrs. H. S. Chamberlain, Tenn.
Mrs. Mary Wood Swift, Cal.	Mrs. Lindsay Patterson, N. C.
Mrs. Charles H. Deere, Ill.	Mrs. J. Cunningham Hazen, N. Y.
Mrs. Orlando J. Hodge, Ohio.	Mrs. George W. Nicholls, S. C.
Mrs. Julius J. Estey, Vt.	Mrs. Franklin E. Brooks, Col.

(Term of office expires 1908.)

Mrs. Robert Emory Park, Ga.	Miss Clara Lee Bowman, Conn.
Mrs. Rich. Jackson Barker, R. I.	Mrs. Drayton W. Bushnell, Iowa
Mrs. Truman H. Newberry, Mich.	Mrs. Sallie Marshall Hardy, Ky.
Mrs. William D. Kearfott, N. J.	Mrs. Ira H. Evans, Tex.
Mrs. Theodore C. Bates, Mass.	Mrs. A. E. Heneberger, Va.

Chaplain General,

MRS. TEUNIS S. HAMLIN,
1316 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D. C.

Recording Secretary General.

Miss Elisabeth F. Pierce,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Historian General.

Mrs. Jonathan P. Dolliver,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Registrar General.

Mrs. J. Stewart Jamieson,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Corresponding Secretary General.

Miss Virginia Miller,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Treasurer General.

Mrs. M. E. S. Davis,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Assistant Historian General.

Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Librarian General,

MISS ALINE E. SOLOMONS,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

STATE REGENTS AND STATE VICE-REGENTS.

<i>State.</i>	<i>State Regents.</i>	<i>State Vice-Regents.</i>
<i>Alabama.</i>	Mrs. J. Morgan Smith.	Mrs. Aurora P. McClellan.
<i>Alaska.</i>		
<i>Arizona.</i>	Mrs. Walter Talbot.	Mrs. Frederick C. Brown.
<i>Arkansas.</i>	Mrs. John McClure.	Mrs. Mattie Knox Hayman.
<i>California.</i>	Mrs. Harry Nathaniel Gray.	Mrs. Cameron Erskine Thom.
<i>Colorado.</i>	Mrs. John Campbell.	Mrs. O. W. Mallaby.
<i>Connecticut.</i>	Mrs. Sara Thomson Kinney.	Mrs. Tracy B. Warren.
<i>Delaware.</i>	Mrs. Clarence Draper Sypherd.	Miss Juliet Agnes Cummins.
<i>Dist. of Columbia.</i>	Mrs. Ellen Spencer Mussey.	Mrs. Howard L. Hodgkins.
<i>Florida.</i>	Mrs. Agnes M. Cook.	Mrs. D. G. Ambler.
<i>Georgia.</i>	Mrs. James A. Rounsaville.	Mrs. W. P. Godfrey.
<i>Idaho.</i>	Mrs. David H. Tarr.	Mrs. Floyd Leslie Moore.
<i>Illinois.</i>	Mrs. Benjamin A. Fessenden.	Mrs. Charles W. Irion.
<i>Indian Territory.</i>		
<i>Indiana.</i>	Mrs. William A. Guthrie.	Mrs. Nathan Sparks.
<i>Iowa.</i>	Mrs. Rowena Edson Stevens.	Miss Helen Shaw.
<i>Kansas.</i>	Mrs. W. E. Stanley.	Mrs. Alexander M. Harvey.
<i>Kentucky.</i>	Mrs. Joseph N. McCormack.	Mrs. Maurice B Nash.
<i>Louisiana.</i>	Mrs. C. Hamilton Tebault.	
<i>Maine.</i>	Miss Charlotte Augusta Baldwin.	Mrs. Charles A. Creighton.
<i>Maryland.</i>	Mrs. J. Pembroke Thom.	Miss EJeanor Murdock Johnson.
<i>Massachusetts.</i>	Mrs. Charles H. Masury.	Mrs. George L. Mann.
<i>Michigan.</i>	Mrs. William J. Chittenden.	Mrs. James P. Brayton.
<i>Minnesota.</i>	Mrs. John Edson Bell.	Mrs. Alexander T. Bigelow.
<i>Mississippi.</i>	Mrs. Egbert R. Jones.	Mrs. Chalmers M. Williamson.
<i>Missouri.</i>	Mrs. Thomas O. Towles.	Mrs. Thomas B. Tomb.
<i>Montana.</i>	Mrs. Clinton H. Moore.	Mrs. Emil H. Renisch.
<i>Nebraska.</i>	Mrs. Stephen C. Langworthy.	Mrs. Conrad Hollenbeck.
<i>Nevada.</i>		
<i>New Hampshire.</i>	Mrs. John McLane.	Mrs. Frederick J. Shepard.
<i>New Jersey.</i>	Miss Ellen Mecum.	Mrs. E. Gaylord Putnam.
<i>New Mexico.</i>	Mrs. L. Bradford Prince.	
<i>New York.</i>	Mrs. Henry L. Roberts.	Mrs. Henry G. Munger.
<i>North Carolina.</i>	Mrs. George Phiifer Erwin.	Mrs. Thomas Settle.
<i>North Dakota.</i>		
<i>Ohio.</i>	Mrs. James L. Botsford.	Mrs. Joseph Benson Foraker.
<i>Oregon.</i>	Mrs. Mary Phelps Montgomery.	
<i>Oklahoma Ty.</i>	Mrs. Robert T. Carpenter.	Mrs. G. C. Chambers.
<i>Pennsylvania.</i>	Mrs. Alexander Ennis Patton.	Mrs. Ellis Lewis Campbell.
<i>Rhode Island.</i>	Miss Elizabeth N. H. Swinburne.	Mrs. Stephen F. Fisk.
<i>South Carolina.</i>	Mrs. Robert M. Bratton.	Mrs. Thomas C. Robertson.
<i>South Dakota.</i>	Mrs. Craig S. Thoms.	
<i>Tennessee.</i>	Miss Mary Boyce Temple.	Miss Susie Gentry.
<i>Texas.</i>	Mrs. Seabrook W. Sydnor.	Mrs. Thomas J. Groce.
<i>Utah.</i>	Mrs. Mary M. Ferry Allen.	
<i>Vermont.</i>	Mrs. F. Stewart Stranahan.	Mrs. Clayton Nelson North.
<i>Virginia.</i>	Mrs. Samuel W. Jamison.	Mrs. John D. Horsley.
<i>Washington.</i>	Mrs. Moses A. Phelps.	Mrs. Thomas H. McCoughtry.
<i>West Virginia.</i>	Mrs. Baldwin Day Spilman.	Mrs. Douglas E. Newton.
<i>Wisconsin.</i>	Mrs. Thomas Hoyt Brown.	Mrs. Walter Kempster.
<i>Wyoming.</i>	Mrs. Frank W. Mondell.	Mrs. H. B. Patten.

HONORARY OFFICERS.

(Elected for life.)

Honorary Presidents General.

Mrs. John W. Foster.	Mrs. Daniel Manning.
Mrs. Adlai E. Stevenson.	Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks.

Honorary President Presiding.

Mrs. Mary V. E. Cabell.

Honorary Vice-Presidents General.

Mrs. Roger A. Pryor, 1893.	Mrs. A. C. Geer, 1896.
Mrs. A. Leo. Knott, 1894.	Mrs. Mildred S. Mathes, 1899.
Mrs. Ellen H. Walworth, 1894.	Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood, 1905.
Mrs. Joshua Wilbour, 1895.	Mrs. Julia K. Hogg, 1905.
Mrs. A. Howard Clark, 1895.	Mrs. William Lindsay, 1906.
Miss Mary Desha, 1895.	Mrs. Helen M. Boynton, 1906.
Mrs. de B. Randolph Keim, 1906.	

PAGES FOR THE SIXTEENTH CONTINENTAL CONGRESS.

President General's Pages.

Miss Edith Dill, Miss Alice D. Munger, Miss Helen Clarke,
Mrs. Charles S. Mackay, Jr., Miss Flora Randolph
Mason, Miss Lolita Perine.

Miss Alice H. Dill.	Miss F. X. Millman.
Miss M. H. McInnes.	Miss Ellen Maclay.
Miss Ella M. Raignel.	Miss Love.
Miss Catherine H. McCormick.	Miss Louise Boyd.
Miss Effie Ellen Thayer.	Miss Ellen Stout.
Miss Keith Sperry.	Miss Kathryn Powell.
Miss Marie Louise Wadsworth.	Miss Chenowith.
Miss Harriet Warrick Mahon.	Miss Addie Leoers.
Miss Anna C. Todd.	Miss Sidney Duffie.
Miss Violet Foster.	Miss Naomi Thompson.
Miss Baker.	Miss Mary P. Duncanson.
Miss Madge Johnson.	Miss Mamie A. Emery.

COMMITTEES FOR THE SIXTEENTH CONTINENTAL CONGRESS.

Credential Committee.

Mrs. Charlotte Emerson Main,
Chairman.
Mrs. M. E. S. Davis.
Mrs. Florence Gray Estey.
Mrs. Emma F. D. Bates.
Mrs. Ellen Spencer Mussey.
Mrs. Helen M. Boynton.
Mrs. Belle M. Draper.
Mrs. Marie Wilkinson Hodgkins.
Mrs. Bertha M. Robbins.
Mrs. May D. Russell Young.

Program Committee.

Mrs. Alexander Ennis Patton,
Chairman.
Mrs. K. L. Eagan.
Mrs. Baldwin D. Spilman.
Mrs. Wallace Delafield.
Miss Ellen Mecum.
Mrs. William J. Chittenden.
Mrs. James L. Botsford.
Mrs. Charles B. Bryan.
Mrs. John McLane.
Mrs. Clarence D. Sypherd.

House Committee.

Mrs. Howard L. Hodgkins,
Chairman.
Mrs. A. G. Wilkinson.
Mrs. J. Stewart Jamieson.
Mrs. John Paul Earnest.
Mrs. Edward Bennet Rosa.
Mrs. Clarendon Smith.
Mrs. Albert C. Gore.
Mrs. Lillian R. Messenger.
Mrs. L. B. Swormstedt.
Mrs. H. V. Boynton.
Mrs. Harriet L. Scribner.
Mrs. Annie H. G. Tonge.
Miss Kate Rolkinhorn.

Entertainment Committee.

Mrs. Chas. H. Terry,
Chairman.
Mrs. Chas. H. Deere.
Mrs. Stephen B. Elkins.
Mrs. Jos. B. Foraker.
Mrs. J. P. Dolliver.
Mrs. John R. Walker.
Mrs. Henry E. Burnham.
Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood.
Miss Virginia Miller.
Miss A. E. Solomons.
Mrs. A. R. Bedle.
Mrs. Richard C. Adams.
Mrs. J. P. Thom.
Mrs. B. D. Spilman.
Mrs. F. Stewart Stranahan.
Mrs. C. Hamilton Tebault.
Mrs. S. C. Langworthy.
Mrs. Job Barnard.
Mrs. Allen R. Boyd.
Mrs. William Tod Helmuth.
Mrs. Sara T. Kinney.
Mrs. Ellen S. Mussey.
Mrs. Mason Bratton.
Mrs. Wallace Delafield.
Mrs. Chas. G. Masury.
Mrs. Cook.
Mrs. Jamieson.
Mrs. Mary Wood Swift.
Miss Mecum.
Mrs. Clement A. Griscom.
Mrs. J. W. Moran.
Mrs. Robert L. Park.
Mrs. Bertha M. Robbins.
Miss Lathrop.
Mrs. Gilbert Hart.
Dr. Anita McGee.
Mrs. James A. Blanchard,
Mrs. Robert Hawksworth.
Mrs. Lindsay Patterson.
Miss Elizabeth Pierce.

Reception Committee.

Mrs. Truman H. Newberry,
Chairman.

Mrs. Amos Draper.
Mrs. T. G. Avery.
Mrs. Wm. J. Chittenden.
Mrs. Alexander E. Patton.
Mrs. Chas. H. Terry.
Mrs. Theodore C. Bates.
Mrs. K. Livingston Eagan.
Mrs. Edwin Warfield.
Mrs. Curtis Guild.
Mrs. John McLane.
Mrs. Matthew T. Scott.
Mrs. Arthur M. Parker.
Mrs. Richard H. Fyfe.
Mrs. John A. Murphy.
Mrs. S. W. Sydnor.
Mrs. J. H. C. Wulburn.
Mrs. H. S. Chamberlain.
Mrs. James A. Rounsaville.
Mrs. Chas. H. Creighton.
Mrs. D. W. Bushnell.
Mrs. M. V. Richard.
Mrs. E. S. Gardner.
Mrs. G. W. Nicholls.
Mrs. Woodbury F. Pusifer.
Mrs. V. Z. Cox.
Mrs. Henry M. Thompson.
Mrs. A. M. Parker.
Mrs. Wm. J. Hardy.
Mrs. Henry S. Bowron.
Mrs. Chas. H. Pinney.
Mrs. Samuel Ammon.
Mrs. Francis M. Jones.
Mrs. Henry G. Munger.
Mrs. John K. Stewart.
Mrs. F. W. Becker.
Mrs. R. J. Barker.
Mrs. Wm. L. Peel.
Mrs. John R. Garrison.
Mrs. Herbert P. Gerald.
Mrs. Alexander F. Jamieson.
Mrs. F. H. Newell.
Miss E. F. Boyce.
Mrs. A. E. Heneberger.

Mrs. John N. Walker.
Mrs. J. Stewart Jamieson.
Mrs. Myron H. Parker.
Mrs. J. D. Iglehart.
Mrs. Charles S. Brownwell.
Mrs. Benjamin Gray.
Mrs. Janvier Le Duc.
Mrs. Herman Stump.
Mrs. Wm. Lloyd Sicard.
Mrs. Wm. D. Kearfott.
Mrs. H. H. Barroll.

Committee on Sale of Souvenirs.

Mrs. Amos Draper, *Chairman.*
Mrs. Wm. S. Welch.
Mrs. Richard H. Clarke.
Mrs. Alfred Cochran.
Mrs. Richard L. Thompson.
Mrs. Charles E. Brown.
Mrs. Margaret Y. Clark.

Decoration Committee.

Mrs. Mary Lawrence Martin,
Chairman.

Mrs. Geo. L. Munn.
Mrs. Harry T. Guss.
Mrs. A. M. Beach.
Mrs. Daily.
Mrs. Huntington.
Mrs. deB. Randolph Keim, and
Berks County Chapter.

Press Committee.

Mrs. Ellen Spencer Mussey,
Chairman.

Mrs. J. Eakin Gadsby.
Mrs. Delia S. Jackson.
Mrs. L. R. Messenger.
Mrs. Lindsay Patterson.
Mrs. M. L. O'Donoghue.
Miss Floretta Vining.
Miss Evelyn Morgan.
Miss Mabel Louise White.
Mrs. Ellen S. Cromwell.
Mrs. J. H. Dearborn.
Mrs. Robert Alexander.

Music Committee.

Mrs. Charlotte Emerson Main,
Chairman.
Mrs. James A. Rounsaville.
Mrs. John Edson Bell.
Mrs. Theodore C. Bates.
Mrs. E. Gaylord Putnam.
Mrs. G. P. Erwin.
Miss Elizabeth Swinburne.

Miss Eleanor M. Johnson.
Mrs. La Verne Noyes.
Mrs. J. D. Iglehart.
Mrs. Edson Rich.
Mrs. Thomas H. Brown.
Mrs. Louisa Key Norton.
Miss W. M. Ritchie.

Committee on Pages.

Railroad Committee.

Mrs. Kate K. Henry, *Chairman.*
Mrs. John L. Stevens.
Miss C. A. Baldwin.
Mrs. T. O. Towles.
Mrs. Walter Talbot.

Mrs. J. Morgan Smith,
Chairman.
Mrs. Bertha M. Robbins,
Vice-Chairman.
Mrs. N. O. Winston.
Mrs. Harry Gray.
Miss Agnes Williams.

Advisory Committee of Memorial Continental Hall Committee.

Mr. Bernard R. Green.
Gen. John M. Wilson.
Gen. Geo. M. Sternberg.
Col. Robert I. Fleming.
Admiral Charles O'Neil.
Chief Justice Clabaugh.
Hon. H. B. F. Macfarland.
Mr. B. H. Warner.
Mr. Wallace D. McLean.
Mr. H. S. Reeside.

General Director of Decorations.

Mr. Frederick D. Owen.

MRS. PATTON. There are a few changes that I have been requested to announce. First, you will notice that in printing the program, the report of the finance committee on Tuesday, April 16th, was omitted. I wish to state that the report of the finance committee will follow right after the report of the treasurer general. The committee on the Children of the Republic will report on Tuesday, through its chairman, Mrs. John A. Murphy, immediately after the report of the committee on patriotic education. In the printed program Mrs. Murphy is stated to be the chairman of the school city committee, but Mrs. Samuel Ammon is the chairman of that committee.

Referring to the reception on Wednesday, it is marked on the program as a reception at the Congressional Library. I have been re-

quested by the chairman of the entertainment committee to read the following notice:

The hour for the visit to the Library of Congress, on Wednesday, will be from 8.30 to 10 p. m., instead of from 9 to 11, as stated on the program. To prevent misunderstanding as to the character of this occasion, it should be clear that it is not a social reception, in the sense in which such a reception has been on previous occasions, such as the reception at the Corcoran Art Gallery. The authorities of the Library have arranged special facilities for the inspection of the Library, and with the president general and the chairman of the entertainment committee, will receive the delegates on that evening.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. May I say here that the librarian of the Congressional Library, Mr. Putnam, extends the courtesy to us of receiving with us, or we with him, as he is the head of that institution. I think that this is the first time that the Daughters have been so formally received at the Library; and the authorities there desire, under the rules, not to call it a formal reception, but a visit to the Congressional Library.

MRS. PATTON. In connection with Friday, April 19th, regarding the special session relating to the great Peace Congress, in view of the fact that the communication from the Peace Congress in New York reached the president general after the printing of the program, requesting that the representative of that congress be permitted to speak to us this morning, instead of later in the week (in order that the peace resolutions of this congress should reach the congress in New York early in its deliberations), the special session on the program for Friday afternoon is considered to have been held this morning. I think, Madam President General, that is all I have to present.

MRS. MURPHY. *I should like to move the adoption of that program, with sincere thanks to the chairman of the committee.*

The motion was seconded by Mrs. Rounsaville, Mrs. Ballinger and Mrs. Thompson.

MRS. WOOD, of Bronx Chapter, New York. Madam President General, a question of information. I desire to ask why, in the program for Tuesday, under the head of "Reports of Standing Committees," the report of the ways and means committee is omitted?

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. There has never been any report of the ways and means committee to the congress. There is no ways and means committee of the Continental Congress. I think what you have in mind is that there usually has been a ways and means committee of the Continental Hall committee, which has nothing to do with the general standing committees of the Continental Congress, and has nothing to do with this program. The finance committee, and such standing committees as are named in the constitution, are the ones which are recognized as reporting here. The Continental Hall committee is the great committee for Continental Hall, which reports at a

special session to be held on Wednesday afternoon. Last year we had the ways and means committee report, because we thought it was best to do so. This year we do not. There is no law about it, one way or the other. The Chair is very glad to give the information.

MRS. BALLINGER, of the District of Columbia. Madam President General, a question of privilege. Will there be any report of the printing committee under the reports of standing committees?

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. No, there will not, because the standing committees that report are those mentioned in the constitution.

MRS. BALLINGER. The constitution and by-laws?

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. No; just the constitution.

MRS. BALLINGER. In the by-laws the standing committees mentioned are the finance committee, the auditing committee, the printing committee, etc.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Mrs. Ballinger, I really dislike to say anything further, but I shall do it, because I know it to be well understood. If any one needs any information about the printing committee in any way, we shall be only too delighted to give it, for our dear Miss Pierce, our recording secretary general, has done splendid duty on that committee, as she was next to the chairman, *who was Mrs. Chittenden, of Michigan* (whose death we have just announced).

MRS. BALLINGER. Then I understand that there will be no report from the committee on printing, when the reports of the other standing committees are presented?

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. There will be no report from the printing committee. That has already been presented (to the board).

MRS. BALLINGER. And no report from the ways and means committee, which we have always had?

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. The ways and means committee is a subordinate committee of the Continental Hall committee. The chairman of the Continental Hall committee will report at the proper time, on Continental Hall business.

There is a resolution before you, ladies, which has been variously seconded.

MRS. DANIELS. Madam President General, in regard to the report of the program committee, it seems that very little time is allowed for the consideration of new business, that being so late on the program. I move that it be arranged to have the new business introduced on Thursday, or made the order of the day the first thing on Friday.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. There is a resolution before the house, to which this might be an amendment, Mrs. Daniels, but the Chair would suggest that it is almost impossible to begin with the new business before the regular business is finished. The new business is on your program for Friday, but you will have additional time for that purpose, because the special session for the consideration of business connected with the Peace Congress has now been held. [Cries of "question,"

"question.")] It has been moved that the report of the program committee be accepted, with a vote of thanks to that committee.

The question being taken, the motion was carried.

MRS. DANIELS. Was the motion that I made out of order?

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Yes, as a motion it was, because there was a motion pending. It could have been offered as an amendment, but the Chair heard no second. If there is a motion before the house, no other motion can be entertained while that is pending, and that motion was put and carried.

MRS. DANIELS. That motion was intended to be an amendment.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. I should have been very glad to have had it considered, if it had been properly presented, and if I had heard a second, I would have put it, but I heard none. Do you wish to reconsider the question, ladies?

MRS. MURPHY. *I move that out of courtesy to these ladies we reconsider.* Seconded by Mrs. Rounsaville.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. A motion to reconsider must be made by some one who voted in the affirmative.

MRS. MURPHY. I voted in the affirmative, and I am very anxious to have the report of the program committee adopted, but if these ladies wish to have the vote reconsidered, I wish them to have the opportunity.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Do you move to reconsider?

MRS. MURPHY. Yes.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Is it seconded?

Several members seconded the motion.

The question being taken, the president general declared the motion to reconsider lost.

MRS. DANIELS. Madam President General, I protest, and call for a rising vote.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. A rising vote is called for. Those in favor of reconsidering the vote, will please rise.

The affirmative vote was taken.

MRS. AMMON. Madam President General, there is a request from a number of the members to have the question repeated. Some of the members undoubtedly have not heard it.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. We are in the middle of taking a vote, and it is a great informality, but if there be no objection, I will re-state the question.

You passed a resolution adopting the report of the program committee, after an elaborate explanation had been given by the Chair as to the parliamentary inadvisability to undertake new business until you had finished old business. (Perhaps we ought to remember that old saying: "It is well to be off with the old love, before you are on with the new.") That is merely a matter of time and proper arrangement of the program; but as a matter of courtesy to one of the ladies,

who wished a reconsideration, the mover of the original resolution offered a motion to reconsider the adoption of that program as presented by the state regent of Pennsylvania, the chairman of the program committee. Now, that motion, on a viva voce vote, was declared lost by the Chair. The mover of the amendment, not the mover of the motion to reconsider, asked for a rising vote. The Chair, of course, really need not have called for it, because it is the mover of the resolution who has the right (by courtesy) to ask for a rising vote, in case there has been any question as to the count; but as a further matter of courtesy, the Chair acceded to the wish for a rising vote. That rising vote is now midway. Those who favor reconsidering the adoption of the program, with a vote of thanks to the committee and its chairman, have voted. Those opposed to reconsideration, will now please rise.

Those voting in the negative rose.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Does the house desire the rising vote counted. The motion is evidently lost. The official counter reports the motion lost, and the Chair announces that it is lost. The program stands as adopted, with a resolution of thanks to the committee. [Applause.]

MRS. PARTON. Members of the Sixteenth Continental Congress, on behalf of the committee and myself, I want to thank you most earnestly for the cordial support you have given us in what we have tried to plan to be a pleasant week for the visiting Daughters.

MRS. MURPHY. May I state that I wish to be thoroughly understood as having entirely approved that program, and as wishing to see it adopted? My request for a reconsideration was only out of consideration for the ladies who desired to have it reconsidered. I do not like to have members feel that they are shut off from expressing themselves when they want to. I also do not wish the program committee to feel that there was any discourtesy intended to them.

MRS. ROUNSAVILLE. I seconded the motion to adopt the committee report with thanks. I also seconded the motion to reconsider, out of consideration for any members who felt they had not received the attention due them.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Ladies, explanations are very interesting, but we have before us an arduous week! Do you desire to have the usual notices read before or after the motion for a recess?

SEVERAL MEMBERS. "Before."

After various announcements by the official reader, on motion of Mrs. Chamberlain, the congress took a recess until Tuesday morning, at 10.30 a. m.

TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 16, 1907.

Bugle call, reveille and assembly.

The congress was called to order at 10.44 o'clock a. m., by the president general.

The chaplain general, Mrs. Teunis S. Hamlin, read the 100th psalm, and then offered the following prayer:

We thank Thee, our Heavenly Father, that Thy courts are wherever Thy children are, and that this great building, erected to the memory of our ancestors, may indeed be the court of the Lord, and that we can enter into it with thanksgiving, praise and joy that Thou art good, and that Thou art the God of our nation.

O, God, enter into Thy court this morning, and grant to make every heart a court of the Lord, and grant to come into it, and to bless it, and to give it Thy grace and Thy spirit. Our Father, we thank Thee for the beautiful life which we have. O, help us to realize what a beautiful thing, what a grand thing it is to be alive in this beautiful world, and to have our powers educated and consecrated to Thee. O, God, the only way in which we can show our affection to Thee, is by showing love to our fellowmen. O, God, impress this lesson upon us, and help us to realize that every act of ours may be an act of love to Thee, because it may be an act of kindness, of charity, of good to those who are around us. O, God, help us to realize that we exert our influence most and best upon those that are nearest to us. Help us to realize that we must show our love to God by showing our love to our fellowmen, in our home life, in our social life, in our community, in our National Society.

Now, our Father, we thank Thee that Thou didst awaken in the hearts of our forefathers this love which was prophetic, so far-seeing that it went down the ages, and that in the giving of liberty and equality to each one was laid the foundation of the happiness of all. Our Father, we thank Thee for that. We bless Thee for our ancestry. We praise Thee that Thou didst do this wonderful thing for us. And now, O, God, help us to realize that we have a greater problem, that we have a greater responsibility than even they had. There are questions which we must meet, that are greater even than those we have had to meet. Help us, our Father, to meet them, and to send through the ages that are to come, the blessing which our forefathers gave to us in pure liberty.

O, God, our Father, be with this congress this morning as they meet in business session. Come into every heart in charity and love, and O, God, grant us all that love which suffereth long and is kind.

We thank Thee for our president general, for all she has done, for all the presidents that have preceded her, and the great gifts that Thou hast given to them to do the work that Thou hast enabled them to do; and we pray Thee, at this hour, that Thou wilt be with each child, each Daughter of this great association.

This we ask for the sake of Him who came to show His love to us by giving us His life. Amen.

"The Red, White, and Blue" was sung by Mrs. Alfred Franklin Smith, of Lafayette Chapter, Lexington, Missouri, the audience joining in the chorus, with piano and bugle accompaniment.

The minutes of yesterday's session were read by the recording secretary general, Miss Elisabeth F. Pierce.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Ladies, you have heard the minutes as read. Are there any corrections?

MRS. BALLINGER. I did not hear anything said in the minutes in regard to the call for the report of the printing committee, which is a committee ordered by the by-laws.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. You did not hear anything read in the minutes to that effect, because there was no resolution, and where there is no resolution, it is not recorded in the minutes. You will find it in the stenographic record.

MRS. BALLINGER. I called for the printing committee. I did not hear any mention of it in the minutes, and I ask for that correction.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Where there is a resolution seconded and carried, or seconded and lost, it appears in the minutes; but only matters which are absolutely germane to the minutes appear in the minutes.

MRS. BALLINGER. Madam President General, I shall have to dissent from the ruling of the Chair.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. There is a dissent from the ruling of the Chair.

MRS. MURPHY. *I move that we sustain the ruling of the Chair.*
[Applause.]

The motion was seconded by Mrs. Stevens, of Iowa, and Miss Mecum, of New Jersey.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. There is a resolution to appeal from the ruling of the Chair. Was that seconded?

SEVERAL MEMBERS. No.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. If it is not seconded, the Chair cannot put it. There was a resolution to sustain the ruling of the Chair. That was seconded, and the vote will be taken on that.

The question being taken, the motion was carried.

MRS. TOZIER. The minutes referred to Mrs. J. B. Foraker, of Ohio, as vice-president general. They should read state vice-regent.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. We are all so glad of any honors coming to Mrs. Foraker, that we are delighted to anticipate them.

MRS. GOODE. Madam President General, I call attention to the name of Captain Hobson, which did not correctly appear in the minutes. His name is "Richmond Pearson Hobson."

The minutes, as corrected, were approved.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. I will ask Mrs. Kearfott, of New Jersey, vice-president general, to take the Chair for a moment.

(Mrs. Kearfott took the chair.)

MRS. DONALD McLEAN. I have asked the vice-president general from New Jersey to take the Chair for a moment, because on your program you will see "Reports of National Officers," and the first report is that of the president general as chairman of the National Board of Management. She leaves the chair to say to you that she reported practically the large matters of business in her address of yesterday. She will report all details concerning Continental Hall to-morrow. The various other national officers have full and excellent reports, which will give you a great deal of detail. I will merely report to you, as a matter of routine, that your president general has presided over every meeting of the Board of Management since the last Continental Congress. She has presided, also, over every meeting of the Continental Hall committee, has attended such of the standing committees as were possible, and has to the best of her ability transacted the work of this organization. [Applause.]

(The president general again took the chair.)

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. The official reader is good enough to direct my attention to the fact that I have not yet announced to you the personnel of the committee to which these reports are to be referred. I thought, in consideration of various things, that it would be better to announce that committee after the reading of the reports, instead of before the reading of them, and it will be announced at the conclusion.

We will now ask for the report of the next national officer, the vice-president general in charge of the organization of chapters, Mrs. Charlotte Emerson Main. She is not here for a moment. Has our chaplain general something to say to us?

The chaplain general, Mrs. Teunis S. Hamlin, presented her annual report as follows:

REPORT OF THE CHAPLAIN GENERAL.

To the Officers and Members of the Sixteenth Continental Congress of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution: Your chaplain general has a duty which deals with the unseen and invisible, and, therefore, cannot be reported in either facts or figures, yet, nevertheless, she believes that in the command of our Lord to pray without ceasing there is the implied promise of blessing which presages results that are beyond computation.

Suffice it to say that she has been blessed with health so as to be

present at all the meetings of the board and to open with prayer for God's blessing upon the Society, excepting in October, when she was out of the city; she hopes to finish her term of office by doing the same for each meeting of this congress. She also provided the patriotic service for the Sabbath in which she felt nothing could be more patriotic than to hear of the needs of our own people and the remedy as depicted by our home missionary.

Your chaplain general has most varied and conflicting emotions to-day, as with this congress ends the sixth year in this office, when she is no longer eligible for re-election on account of the time limit. She was the first chaplain general, elected in 1890; re-elected the following year and therefore was in at the beginning of the organization. Living in Washington, as she does, and closely associated with the officers of the society, she has been able to know accurately of the progress of the society. That it has exceeded in its growth and prosperity the fondest hopes of its founders goes without saying, and one who has any spiritual sight at all must feel that it has been blessed of God, and that in thus prospering us He has a design for our being that even we do not as yet fully comprehend.

She well remembers when it was intimated that our president, the late lamented Mrs. Harrison, first president of the Daughters of the American Revolution, had a plan to have a memorial building erected for the protection of records and precious relics. At first \$10,000 was named as the cost of such a building, and afterwards the sum was doubled. In our wildest dreams we would not have dared to breathe that it would cost nearly half a million, but here we stand in the almost accomplished fact. That our membership would reach 50,000 seemed incredible, but such is the fact, and besides all this what else? Priceless genealogy and family history is saved forever that otherwise would have been irrevocably lost if we had waited until this hour even before our organization took hold of the work. Historic relics, homes, houses, and places have been rescued that were made sacred by the presence, and oftentimes the blood, of those who gave us a nation, that otherwise would have been lost or desecrated by being put to secular or ignoble uses. In other words, we have *saved our past!* It cannot now be lost. Future generations will prize this work far more than we who have done it, and rise up and call us blessed. If we go to our Bibles we will see that this receives the Divine approval, for everywhere prophets, apostles and teachers, even our Lord Himself, refer to God's past dealings with his people and raise up memorials commanding that we keep in remembrance, that we teach these things to our children, lest we forget. And here in our capital city, founded by the Father of his Country, we have raised this beautiful Continental Hall. It is a great monument to our patriotic forefathers, second only in beauty to that noble shaft to our glorious founder, the Father of his Country, the Washington Monument. That it has cost effort,

thought and travail of soul goes without saying. All good things do, but I beg to prophesy that in less than five years it will not only be completed, but every dollar of its cost paid and we can sing the great hallelujah chorus of thanksgiving and rejoicing. May I venture to suggest that if each Daughter of our great society would give the sum of \$4 the total amount needed to insure its completion would be in hand before another Continental Congress. What then? Such resources, such ability, such energy as you have demonstrated must have a fitting expression, and then will come the real test of your right to be. Then will come the test of your leaders and leadership. Then you will have it in your power to be a force in the nation, of which, as yet, you have no conception. Is there work for you? Work worthy of your number, your power and your united ability? Yes, a thousand times yes! Already you are foreseeing somewhat, and providing for it in your patriotic education, your care for foreigners, but you have been so busy with other work that you have scarcely touched the work that is before you. What then? Do you not scent the battle? Do you not see the forces drawing up in stronger and stronger columns that will more surely conquer your country than any foreign foe could ever do? To-day in Boston, New York, Baltimore, Charleston, New Orleans are landing thousand of immigrants who must be met and Americanized. Over a million last year, more this year. Glad to make good Americans if met and directed, but making socialists, party-tools, yes, even anarchists, if not! To the north, the south and west are the Indians, the Mexicans, the Mormons, the Negroes who are of our very own, all of whom will soon be a part of our body politic, who are ignorant, debased, irreligious, ready to be made the victims of irresponsible self-seekers.

Are you preparing to show your love of country by organizing to reach and help these conditions? You know the first thing that our immigrant forefathers did when they stepped on shore was to pray and pray they continued to do. The plough-share and prayer, the rifle and cannon and prayer always teaching that righteousness exalteth a nation.

Do you think to meet these people and these conditions with secular and patriotic education alone? If so, you will be doomed to disappointment. Our national life was founded on the Bible and its teachings. All liberty that lasts has been formulated on the decalogue and the sermon on the mount, and this is your heritage and your duty to perpetuate. Do you think you can save your country without a Sabbath? If so, you will be doomed to disappointment. It is your duty to save it. Save it from the incursions of the foreigners, save it from the avarice of the rich, save it from the indolence and luxury of yourselves, and give it as you received it to your children. For after all patriotism is not *en masse*. Its true test is like salvation, a real con-

version of each individual heart, and a turning of individual love and service to the best good of our beloved land.

Your chaplain firmly believes you have been ordained of God to be used by him for this service in keeping our beloved land what he has foreordained it to be, and as a last word bids you do his will as expressed in the poem by John Hay:

THY WILL BE DONE

Not in dumb resignation we lift our hands on high,
 Not like the nerveless fatalist, content to do and die,
 Our faith springs, like the eagle's who soars to meet the sun,
 And cries exulting unto Thee, "O! Lord, Thy will be done."
 When tyrant feet are trampling upon the common weal,
 Thou dost not bid us bend and writhe beneath the iron heel.
 In Thy name we assert our right by sword, or tongue, or pen,
 And even the headsman's ax may flash Thy message unto men.
 Thy will! It bids the weak be strong; it bids the strong be just;
 No lips to fawn, no hand to beg, no brow to seek the dust.
 Whenever man oppresses men beneath the liberal sun,
 Oh! Lord, be there; Thine arm made bare, Thy righteous will be
 done.

(The report was received with applause.)

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Ladies, you have heard this very beautiful report of our chaplain general. With the rest of the reports of the national officers, it will be referred to the committee whose announcement will be made, as I explained a moment since, at the conclusion of the reports. The Chair does think, however, that as the report of the chaplain general is necessarily of a somewhat different nature from the usual business reports, a resolution of thanks to her for the beautiful sentiment conveyed in her report would be very appropriate at this moment.

MRS. ORTON, of Ohio. *I move a resolution of thanks to the chaplain general for her report.*

The motion was seconded by Mrs. Erwin, of North Carolina, and was unanimously carried.

MRS. JOSEPH WOOD, of Bronx Chapter, of New York. I rise to a question of privilege. Were the minutes of yesterday's meeting accepted?

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. That is a question of information. Yes, they were.

We will now listen to the report of the vice-president general in charge of the organization of chapters, Mrs. Charlotte Emerson Main.

Mrs. Main, vice-president general in charge of organization of chapters, presented the following report:

REPORT OF THE VICE-PRESIDENT GENERAL IN CHARGE OF ORGANIZATION OF CHAPTERS.

Madam President General and Members of the Sixteenth Continental Congress: The vice-president general in charge of organization is pleased to report with the steady growth of the society, a satisfactory progress in the business methods of her department. A leaflet has been issued recently, directed especially to the possible errors of new chapter regents, which we hope will materially lessen the work and expense of the office in the line of correspondence; and a systematic handling of the large business of the office is insisted upon.

I have the honor to report a state regent in the hitherto unoccupied territory of Nevada, appointed by the vice-president general in charge of organization, and confirmed by the National Board of Management in October, 1906; but must regretfully announce the resignation of the state regent of North Dakota, owing to her absence from the state the greater part of the time. There was at one time an organized chapter in the state; but owing to the great distances at which the members lived from each other, it was impossible to keep up the interest and the chapter was disbanded. Since then it has been impossible to find any one willing to take up the work. The entire membership of the state, at the present time, is limited to eleven.

In South Dakota, however, the Paha Wakan Chapter is doing good work, and a state regent was elected, and confirmed by the National Board of Management in June, 1906—the first incumbent of the office since 1903.

I would respectfully submit the question of the state regency of Mexico, the application for which was reported to the Fifteenth Congress. If it is the will of the congress, I would request that an amendment to the constitution be formulated, which shall apply to our organizing members in foreign countries; and that pending such action, Mrs. Richard Snead be authorized, as she was last year, to remain in charge of the work in Mexico, in accordance with the request of our members residing there.

It is my painful duty to announce the death of one of our most valued officers—Mrs. Irene Williams Chittenden—state regent of Michigan since 1901. She was one of the earliest members of the society, after the 1,000 charter members, and of unblemished record, both as a woman, and an officer.

The following is an itemized account of the work done during the year:

Chapter regents appointed,	75
Chapter regents re-appointed,	3
Regencies expired by limitation,	23
Chapter regents' commissions issued,	106
Chapters authorized to organize,	3
Chapters declared null and void,	3

Chapters organized, (two reported April 15),	797
Chapters unorganized,	99
Increase during the year,	43
Charters issued,	45
Charters re-issued,	1
Letters received,	1,522
• Letters written,	1,520
State regents' commissions issued,	10
State regents' re-election notifications,	34

The report of the vice-president general in charge of organization includes that of the card catalogue, which registers the actual status of the society,—from April, 1906 to April, 1907, there have been:

Member's cards,	4,647
Ancestor's cards,	5,802
Corrections,	3,593
Marriages,	569
Resignations,	536
Deaths,	471
Dropped,	376
Reinstatements,	54
Admitted membership, April, 1906,	56,951
Admitted membership, April, 1907,	60,698
Actual membership, April, 1906,	45,636
Actual membership, April, 1907,	49,553
Increase for the year, 4,647. [Applause.]	

Respectfully submitted,

CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN,

Vice-President General in Charge of Organization.

(The report was received with applause.)

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Ladies, you have heard this report. It will be referred to the committee on reports of the national officers.

MRS. MURPHY. Several ladies in this delegation would like to know what is meant by the difference between the "admitted membership" and the "actual membership."

MRS. MAIN. The "admitted membership" takes in every member now on the register. That is, you know, in the course of all these years since we were organized, there have been a great many deaths, and a good many resignations, and, I am sorry to say, some have been dropped for non-payment of dues. The actual membership takes in all those who are now living and in good standing in the society.

MRS. MURPHY. That is very satisfactory, and I am very much obliged.

MRS. ROUNSAVILLE. Madam President General, these reports are not accepted until they have been submitted to the committee on reports of national officers, but I believe that this congress would like to

give some expression of their appreciation of this work, and I therefore move that the congress give a vote of thanks to the finance committee for the faithful service they have rendered.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. This was the report of the individual member, who is also chairman of the finance committee, but she was reporting in her official capacity as vice-president general in charge of the organization of chapters.

MRS. ROUNSAVILLE. A lady back of me was speaking to me when the reading of the report was in progress, and I understood that you had called upon her to make the report of the finance committee. As I had had the pleasure of reading that report before, I thought I would like to move that expression.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. It is the same individual, but not the same report.

MRS. GALLAHER, of New York. Was the report accepted?

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. No, these reports are not accepted this morning; they are referred to the committee, according to the provisions of the constitution.

You will next listen to the report of your recording secretary general, Miss Elisabeth F. Pierce.

Miss Elisabeth F. Pierce, recording secretary general, presented the following report:

(The report was received with applause.)

REPORT OF THE RECORDING SECRETARY GENERAL.

Madam President General, Ladies of the National Board of Management, Members of the Sixteenth Continental Congress, and visiting Daughters of the American Revolution: In presenting to you a summary of my work as recording secretary general for the past year, I shall recapitulate briefly the matters of most general interest which have been assigned to me in my official capacity. First, we have the Jamestown Exposition; for it will be remembered that the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution in congress assembled, April 16-23, 1906, endorsed the patriotic movement inaugurated by the United States Government, and pledged itself to memorialize the United States Congress for the furtherance of this object. It is gratifying to feel that our society is to be a factor in this great historical event, of world-wide importance. It was my privilege to transmit to the United States Congress the resolutions on this subject, as well as to notify the Daughters of the American Revolution Jamestown committee, appointed by our president general, Mrs. Donald McLean, for the purpose of arranging a demonstration worthy of our noble society,—and to convey to this committee, from time to time, the action of the board bearing upon its work and duties. The successful results of this work will be reported to you later by the capable and energetic chairman, Mrs. Purcell. It is interesting to note that the National

Board has fixed upon the 11th day of October, 1907, the seventeenth anniversary of the organization of the society, as Daughters of the American Revolution Day at the Jamestown Exposition, as will doubtless be announced by the chairman.

The other resolutions presented at the congress of 1906, coöperating with certain measures of the United States Congress, were promptly transmitted from my department, and although late in the session, they received assurances of due consideration by that body.

As the National Board of Management has met each month, it has been my privilege to be present, and I have endeavored to carry out faithfully the instructions given. I have now to present to your honorable body, on the part of the Board, a recommendation for the protection of the insignia of the society. This was discussed in detail at the April meeting, and upon motion of Mrs. Mussey, state regent of the District of Columbia, who had been authorized to look up the legal aspect of the matter, the above recommendation,—namely, that there be further protection of the insignia,—was decided upon. At the April meeting also there were certain changes in the application blanks presented by the registrar general, on the part of a member in Philadelphia, and after a discussion of this matter, it was decided that it be referred to the Sixteenth Continental Congress for action. This will be presented to you in detail by the registrar general. I merely report it in my official capacity as an action of the board.

It is gratifying to report that to all "Real Daughters" whose petitions for a pension have come to the board properly endorsed, favorable responses have been sent. Unquestionably, this is one of the most commendable branches of our work as a patriotic society.

You are doubtless aware that the duties of this office consist in keeping a record of the board meetings; preparing the minutes; issuing notices of these meetings; notifying all committees appointed, also all members of their acceptance by the National Board; sending out all orders of the board to the various departments at the Daughters of the American Revolution headquarters, to chapters and individuals, as required. The minor details of the work,—such as signing certificates of membership; original and supplemental application papers; cards, commissions, etc., while apparently slight, involve much time when we consider the marvellous growth of the society, the certificates of membership, alone, which I have signed, numbering 5,441. [Applause.]

In concluding this report, I beg to express my appreciation of the unvarying kindness received from all co-workers in the cause, and take this opportunity to acknowledge the courteous assistance of our clerical force.

The position of recording secretary general coming to me, as it did, most unexpectedly, gave but little time for thought or preparation; but I soon realized the breadth and significance of the work. In its service one gets a vision of the possibilities of this society,—probably

the largest patriotic association in the world,—and is stimulated to best efforts for the perpetuation of the heroism of our Revolutionary ancestors and the making a worthy record of service. Shall we not pass on the inspiration to those who follow us, and thus manifest the purpose of our great organization!

Faith of our fathers living still
 In spite of dungeon, fire and sword,
 O, how our hearts beat high with joy
 When e'er we hear that glorious word!
 Faith of our Fathers! Holy Faith!
 We will be true to thee till death!

"This is the victory that overcometh the world,—even our Faith!"

Respectfully submitted,

ELISABETH F. PIERCE,

Recording Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Ladies, I know how deeply touched you are by the report of the recording secretary general. The report of the corresponding secretary general is next in order.

Miss Virginia Miller, corresponding secretary general, read the following report:

REPORT OF THE CORRESPONDING SECRETARY GENERAL.

Madam President General and Members of the Sixteenth Continental Congress: Your corresponding secretary general comes before you after two years in your service with report of work done during that time, and it is with both pride and pleasure that she is able to state that nothing has gone from her office without her personal supervision and approval. She has during these two years missed but one meeting of the National Board of Management and two of Continental Hall committee.

Your corresponding secretary general has had the same trouble to contend with which has annoyed her predecessors, namely loss of letters, papers, etc., through the mail. This has sometimes caused seeming inattention and delay in replying to requests made, much to her regret, but she hopes the ladies have understood that she was helpless in the matter. She has visited her office two or three times in each week and with the assistance of her most able clerk has greatly enjoyed the work which has put her in touch with so many kind friends. She recommends and asks that if our offices continue in same building many months longer, that the postoffice department be asked to put a private box in each officer's room for reception of mail.

The following report is a record of supplies sent from the office of Corresponding Secretary General each month from April 1, 1906, to April 1, 1907.

April, 1906—

Application blanks,	2,727
Constitutions,	377
Circular "How to Become a Member,"	362
Officers' lists,	219
Miniature blanks,	218
Circular for same,	218
Transfer cards,	169
Letters received,	145
Letters written,	145

May, 1906—

Application blanks,	2,075
Constitutions,	185
Circular, "How to Become a Member,"	205
Officers' lists,	139
Miniature blanks,	194
Circular for same,	194
Transfer cards,	84
Letters received,	145
Letters written,	138

June 1906—

Application blanks,	1,315
Constitutions,	138
Circular, "How to Become a Member,"	117
Officers' lists,	10
Miniature blanks,	127
Circular for same,	127
Transfer cards,	73
Letters received,	75
Letters written,	93

July, 1906—

Application blanks,	698
Constitutions,	95
Circular, "How to Become a Member,"	67
Officers' lists,	69
Miniature blanks,	32
Circular for same,	1
Letters received,	35
Letters written,	40

August, 1906—

Application blanks,	1,257
Constitutions,	189
Circular, "How to Become a Member,"	63
Officers' lists,	125
Miniature blanks,	17
Circular for same,	17

Transfer cards,	69
Letters received,	66
Letters written,	48
September, 1906—	
Application blanks,	1,896
Constitutions,	1,033
Circular, "How to Become a Member,"	177
Officers' lists,	173
Transfer cards,	60
Letters received,	114
Letters written,	109
October, 1906—	
Application blanks,	2,475
Constitutions,	251
Circular, "How to Become a Member,"	304
Officers' lists,	286
Miniature blanks,	113
Transfer cards,	34
Letters received,	143
Letters written,	122
November, 1906—	
Application blanks,	3,105
Constitutions,	399
Circular, "How to Become a Member,"	284
Officers' lists,	259
Transfer cards,	108
Letters received,	133
Letters written,	152
December, 1906—	
Application blanks,	2,192
Constitutions,	301
Circular, "How to Become a Member,"	186
Officers' lists,	187
Transfer cards,	72
Letters received,	109
Letters written,	134
January, 1907—	
Application blanks,	3,855
Constitutions,	638
Circular, "How to Become a Member,"	371
Officers' lists,	287
Miniature blanks,	231
Circular for same,	231
Transfer cards,	281
Letters received,	202
Letters written,	217

February, 1907—

Application blanks,	3,419
Constitutions,	337
Circular, "How to Become a Member,"	304
Officers' lists,	251
Miniature blanks,	253
Circular for same,	253
Transfer cards,	115
Amendments to by-laws,	839
Letters received,	234
Letters written,	221

March, 1907—

Application blanks,	2,540
Constitutions,	248
Circular, "How to Become a Member,"	262
Officers' lists,	214
Miniature blanks,	236
Circular for same,	236
Transfer cards,	144
Letters received,	174
Letters written,	171

The total for the past twelve months is as follows:

Application blanks,	27,555
Constitutions,	4,191
Circular, "How to Become a Member,"	2,702
Officers' lists,	2,219
Miniature blanks,	1,421
Circular for same,	1,421
Transfer cards,	1,210
Letters received,	1,575
Letters written,	1,590

Making a total for the two years:

Application blanks,	54,577
Constitutions,	9,005
Circular, "How to Become a Member,"	5,714
Officers' lists,	4,133
Miniature blanks,	4,198
Circular for same,	4,198
Transfer cards,	3,029
Letters received,	3,332
Letters written,	3,276

Respectfully submitted,

VIRGINIA MILLER,

Corresponding Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

(The report was received with applause.)

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Ladies, you have heard this very excellent report. It will be referred, as are the others, to the Committee on Reports of the National Officers.

I will now call for the report of the registrar general, Mrs. J. Stewart Jamieson.

The registrar general, Mrs. J. Stewart Jamieson, read the following report:

REPORT OF REGISTRAR GENERAL, N. S. D. A. R.

Madam President General and Members of the Sixteenth Continental Congress: I have the honor to report the following work done in my office since April, 1906:

Members admitted,	4,653
Supplemental papers verified,.....	1,290
Letters written,	4,220
Permits for insignia issued,	2,373
Permits for ancestral bars issued,	476
Permits for recognition pin issued,	1,049
Certificates of membership issued,	2,633

As the society increases in members, and new avenues of research become available to our genealogist, it is apparent that if mistakes in our records are to be avoided a change must be made in our application blanks.

I would, therefore, recommend, that when it becomes necessary to renew the supply, the following alterations be made, viz: that a space be allowed for the date of birth and death of each ancestor in the genealogical line, between the applicant and the Revolutionary soldier; also that a space be reserved wherein to insert a list of his children.

These changes would save the office of the registrar general much unnecessary correspondence which is involved by the form now in use.

In connection with the verification of our papers I desire to call the attention of the congress to the notable work now in progress in the United States bureau of pensions.

A card catalogue is being compiled of every Revolutionary soldier who applied for a pension, or whose heirs made such application. On each card is noted his places of residence, all dates in connection with his life, the names of his wife and children, the details of his service, the names of men who served with him—everything, in fact, which would help to identify the man.

It is unnecessary to state that this work is of incalculable assistance to the patriotic societies whose members derive eligibility through descent from Revolutionary soldiers, as there are about 63,000 of these records. When this catalogue is completed it is to be hoped it will be published by the government.

In conclusion, I desire to thank the chapter registrars for their

kindly and cordial co-operation in our mutual relations, and to express my appreciation of the efficient service rendered by my assistants during my term of office.

Respectfully submitted,

(Mrs.) ELEANOR W. JAMIESON,
Registrar General, N. S. D. A. R.

(The report was received with applause.)

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Are you aware that that report brings before you the fact that the greatest number of members admitted to this society in any one year since the birth of the organization, have been admitted during the past year? Mrs. Jamieson, through the personal work of herself and her office, has admitted more members than have ever entered during a like time in the history of the society. [Applause.] This report, like the others, is referred to the committee on reports of the national officers.

I will now ask for the report of the treasurer general, Mrs. M. E. S. Davis.

Mrs. DAVIS. Madam President General and Members of the Congress: I wish to say to you that the treasurer general has done all that she can to get the report from our printer. It has been delayed in consequence of endeavoring to get the report of the committee from the auditor, and it has been delayed in the printing. It will be here in the afternoon. I cannot get it here before.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Does the treasurer general say that she has no report?

Mrs. DAVIS. No, Madam, not in my hands.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Then you have no report to offer to the Congress, when it is called for?

Mrs. DAVIS. I understood it was to be called for at two o'clock this afternoon.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. No, there was no hour set. It is called for in its regular order.

Mrs. DAVIS. It is still in the hands of the printer, and I cannot report at this time.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Then you have no clerical force in the office to prepare a report to be presented to the Continental Congress?

Mrs. DAVIS. Yes, I have a clerical force, and a very efficient one, too.

Mrs. HENRY. Madam President General, I ask that the reader may read the treasurer's report, because the treasurer has not a very clear voice.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. When there is a report to read, I have no doubt she will be very glad to do it. We have just completed the list of the reports in their order, down to the treasurer general. The

treasurer general's report is not here, and we will proceed, now, with the other reports.

Mrs. HAZEN. I was going to ask if it would be in order to move that the report be read at another hour, as long as it is not here. It is in the power of the congress, is it not, to do that?

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. It will have to be presented to the congress at another hour, because it is not now ready. We will call for it as soon as it is ready.

Mrs. MURPHY. Is not this the first time in the history of this society that the treasurer general has failed to have her report ready for the congress? [Great applause.]

Mrs. CARR, of New York. *I make a motion that the treasurer general's report be read this afternoon.*

The motion was seconded by Mrs. Gallaher.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair rules this out of order, as she will leave it to the treasurer general to bring the report to the attention of this congress the moment it is ready, at whatever hour that may be. We desire it at once. [Applause.]

Miss HERBERT, of New Jersey. As I understand the treasurer general, it is on account of its not being audited, that we could not have it.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. She stated that it was not received from the printer.

Miss HERBERT. I understood that it was because it was not audited.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair did not so understand it.

We will now listen to the report of the historian general, Mrs. Dolliver—Mrs. Lockwood, as assistant historian general, have you the report of Mrs. Dolliver?

Mrs. LOCKWOOD. I have not. It has not been put in my hands. I have been trying to get it. I do not know whether it is printed or not.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. We will listen to the report of the assistant historian general, Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood.

Mrs. LOCKWOOD. I am ready.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. She is always ready for any emergency! [Applause.]

Mrs. THOMPSON. Madam President General, a question of information. I should like to ask if it is in order to offer a resolution requiring the reports of national officers—[the remainder remark lost.]

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Such a resolution is not in order. The reports are all referred to the committee.

Mrs. THOMPSON. That is not my point. My point is that in making such an important report as the report of the treasurer general, the national officers ought to be instructed to reserve duplicate copies of their reports, so if the printers are delayed, they may have something to present to this congress. [Applause.]

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Is that a resolution or a suggestion? The

Chair has already recognized Mrs. Lockwood. If you wish to bring that up as a resolution later on, the Chair will be very glad to entertain it. At this moment Mrs. Lockwood, the assistant historian general, is recognized.

Mrs. LOCKWOOD. [Loud and continuous applause.] Madam President General and Ladies of the Sixteenth Congress, this is the sixteenth time I have appeared before this body. [Applause.] And I believe I have never been absent from a session in the sixteen years. Do you not think the Lord has been good to me?

A MEMBER. Good to us.

Mrs. LOCKWOOD then presented the following report as assistant historian general:

REPORT OF THE WORK OF THE SOCIETY TO THE SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION FOR THE YEAR ENDING OCTOBER 11TH, 1906.

The ninth volume of the National society's report, to the Smithsonian Institution has successfully passed all the stages of infancy—the Rubicon of government inspectorship—and was transmitted to the United States congress, through the courtesy and approval of the secretary of the institution, Hon. Charles D. Wolcott. It there received the sign manual of the Hon. Charles W. Fairbanks, vice president, and the Hon. Joseph G. Cannon, speaker of the house, and came back to the editorial sanctum in a new Easter dress, [laughter], black, blue, and white, quite up to date; and rather perky that she was again a foster child of Uncle Sam's just sixteen years old.

Perhaps the question will arise, "Why does the United States congress print these reports?" First, because they exacted this service from our society in the national charter, emphatically not because the society had a report it wanted the government to print for them; for this society does its own printing; and it does a great deal of it. I have sometimes wondered why the society did not call on the government to do a certain class of printing, for, be it remembered, that our genealogical work which is so carefully and well done, is in reality, work that should have been done by the United States government, work that has been passed over, for a hundred years. [Applause.]

It needs only careful scrutiny to see the long lists of soldiers and patriots' names that have been brought to light, names which were lost in oblivion, and which are now recorded—their enlistments—their service—their deaths and their resting places, will not be lost again, for they are securely recorded in the printed documents of the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution. [Applause.]

Our reports for the Smithsonian Institution call for the work done annually by this organization. This knowledge we get from our own printed documents and the reports of chapter work, through the state regents.

In the last report, we have given a short resume of the possessions of the National Society; historic homes and historic places owned or are under the watchful care of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

A few of these let us recall: There is the Ellsworth house at Windsor, Connecticut. We do not care whether Washington dandled the twins on his knees and sang to them the "Derby Ram" by this patriotic fireside or not—some say he did; some say he did not. [Laughter.] We do know he often sojourned under this roof, the guest of the Honorable Oliver Ellsworth, and we know that this judge of supreme court of the state of Connecticut—a member of the council of safety—one of the framers of the federal constitution, a minister plenipotentiary of France, senator and chief justice of the United States, under its first president, lived and died in this house and that his descendants and that of Abigail Wolcott Ellsworth, sixteen in number, united in presenting to the Connecticut Daughters this homestead, and it is under the care of the Abigail Wolcott Ellsworth Chapter. [Applause.]

Then there is the little Nathan Hale school house, yours! And the Royall house at Medford, Massachusetts, headquarters of General Stark. This has been purchased and owned by the Sarah Bradlee Fulton Chapter.

The Monument house of the site of Fort Griswold, and this brings "Mother Bailey" at the massacre of Fort Griswold before us. The Anna Warner Bailey Chapter petitioned President Roosevelt to save the old and new Fort Griswold and to secure them to the state for a memorial park, and to place in the care of the chapter eleven old guns and 2,000 shot as well as the old shot house on the reservation grounds.

The Meadow Garden house, the quaint home of George Walton, the signer, near Augusta, Georgia, was the first real estate bought by the society. And there is the Revolutionary Block House, the redoubt of Fort Pitt. The story of the saving and restoration of this property by the Pittsburgh Chapter, is as interesting as a romance. There is also the Hendrick Hudson House, cared for by the Daughters, and the banquet room in Independence Hall, restored and under the care of the Philadelphia Chapter; old historic Pohick Church of Virginia, restored and under the care of Mt. Vernon Chapter; and the Putnam Cottage of Greenwich, Gen. Putnam's headquarters.

The Trenton Barracks of Trenton, New Jersey; the Spalding House in Lowell, Massachusetts, under the care of Molly Varnum Chapter, and "Ye Little Old Skule House," at Chelsea, Massachusetts. And the old Daggett House of Pawtucket, owned by the chapter is a memorial to their Revolutionary ancestors.

The John Riley Chapter of Hamilton, Ohio, possesses the original powder magazine of old Fort Hamilton. This has in the years been a jail, a school house, a private dwelling and is now the chapter house

of the John Riley Chapter. These are but a starter in the line of historic places owned by and marked by this organization.

I am quite sure that if there was a thorough knowledge of these historic places, owned by the Daughters, their tragic and interesting stories, all the history covering the spots marked by monuments and tablets, it would be a knowledge of the best history of this republic.

In this report we have briefly told what the society is doing in patriotic education by giving a report of the chairman of that committee.

We have shown the work of the Children of the Republic (the latest child of the society founded by Mrs. John A. Murphy), [applause] but read in the report their account of their second Continental Congress and make a new acquaintance with Thomas Jefferson, John Adams, Benjamin Franklin, John Hancock, Roger Sherman, Robert Livingston, etc., the grave and revered signers and congratulate your society and the republic for the coming citizens in "small clothes." We thought the United States congress ought to know that we were aiding in citizen making.

Then follows the departmental work; the second part covers the work of the chapters. I would like to paint a picture of your work here and there, but I do not dare. It is impossible to give all. I will only say most of the reports of the regents came promptly, and I want to express my thanks to them for the worry I did *not* have! [Laughter.]

The finishing of the ninth volume, which I am now reading in the galley proof, ends my four years' work as editor of the Smithsonian Institution Report. It has had its very pleasant side. I have enjoyed more than I can express by intercourse and the familiarity of so many of your names, always associated with your beautiful work.

And now you see I am a sixteen-year-old graduate, [laughter], and I leave this work with you:

"You young Daughters, starting out along the way
That we started on ourselves on a long gone yesterday,
 You will find your road the same,
 As the one down which we came,
Some stretches mean hard pluggin', an' some parts are only play.
You must gather up the sunshine in each pleasant stretch you meet,
To take with you, 'twill smooth the rocky stretches for your feet,
 And the wild bird's morning song,
 You must catch and take along,
For the days when birds ain't singin' for
 To make your morning's sweet work complete."

[Great applause.]

Mrs. LOCKWOOD. The other day our President General and myself

were over at the Smithsonian Institution, looking after our exhibits over there, and the gentleman who is in charge said: "Who can tell me who 'Mother Bailey' was?" "Well," I said, "you ought to know. She was the woman who gave her flannel skirt when they were out of wadding for their guns. If she had not done that, they would not have captured those prisoners, and perhaps Fort Griswold would not have been ours." [Applause.]

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Ladies, that interesting report needs no annotation. It is referred to the committee. One of our founders and general factotum, and one of the most distinguished members of this organization, Mrs. Walworth, has asked recognition, and, of course, it is hers.

Mrs. WALWORTH. Madam President General, Officers of the Society, and well beloved Daughters of the American Revolution, I am so glad to see you! I will say that first. Now, I want to say only a word in regard to this very interesting historical report, and I want to impress upon you that it relates to the second most important thing that you have to consider, and to the causes for which we work. We are, first of all, patriotic. We are, second, historical. We were founded for the purpose of searching out the local history in every part of this country. It is for this reason that I want to call your attention to this report, and I want to say one word of instruction to you in regard to papers that will throw any light upon the soldiers of the American Revolution, a subject which was referred to in this report; such papers as may be used either in the federal government or in the state government in assisting us or in assisting them to search out every soldier of the American Revolution. Just to illustrate what can be done, I will tell you a little incident that occurred in New York. An elderly lady was in a certain boarding house where I was, and she said to me one day, just incidentally: "I have a number of old papers in a trunk that I thought perhaps you would like to see, as you like those musty old things." I said, "Very, well," and I looked at those papers, and the moment I laid eyes on them I saw I had discovered a treasure. Now, I will detain you but a moment, just to tell you that those papers were the muster rolls of a whole regiment of New York men of the line, that had never been discovered or brought forward. [Applause.] Now, what did I do with them? I went straight down to Albany, to the capital of the state, and I searched out the keeper of the archives, of the manuscripts of the state, the historical relics of the state, and he was a man of great renown in that line. I had to beg and implore this old lady to lend these papers to me, and said I would return them to her. She had no idea of their value. When I laid these papers down before this man, he was one of the happiest men you ever saw to find them. There were 72 papers, for I made him count every one and give me a receipt for the whole. Those papers now make one of the printed

books of the archives of the Revolution for the state of New York. Afterward I went back and with great difficulty secured them again and returned them to the old lady who loaned them to me. Now I want to tell you this, that each one of you probably can at some time do something of this kind in the way of resurrecting and preserving valuable historical things, if you devote yourselves, as Daughters of the American Revolution, to the preservation of the history of the country. [Applause.]

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. I am sure I express the feelings of every one here, when I thank Mrs. Walworth for what she has said. [Applause.]

Mrs. THOMPSON. Am I in order now to offer a resolution?

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. The resolution of which you spoke?

Mrs. THOMPSON. Yes.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Certainly.

Mrs. THOMPSON. Madam President General, *Mrs. Thompson, of Massachusetts, moves that the congress instruct its national officers always to reserve a duplicate copy of every official report, ready for immediate use in case of accident or delay.*

The motion was seconded by Mrs. Bryan, of Tennessee, and by Mrs. Crosby, of Lexington Chapter, Massachusetts, and was carried.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair now asks for the report of the librarian general, Miss Aline E. Solomons.

Miss Aline E. Solomons, librarian general, presented the following report: [Great applause.]

REPORT OF THE LIBRARIAN GENERAL.

Madam President General, and Members of the Sixteenth Continental Congress: Since my last report the library of our National Society has acquired 392 volumes. Of these 270 have been donated, 101 have been received in exchange, and 21 purchased—making the total number of volumes recorded in our accession book, 4,042.

As the library has only \$50 per annum for the purchase of books, every effort is made to acquire the notable genealogies and histories through persistent (I use the word advisedly) correspondence. First, we ask for a gift outright. If we fail, we suggest that the author exchange for our Lineage Book, or for review in the magazine, and if that be not successful and the book is very important, we make an offer to buy it—but only as a last resort do we draw upon our little fund.

Among the important gifts to the library, it gives us pleasure to mention those received from the following chapters: The Philadelphia Chapter, Philadelphia; Knickerbocker Chapter, New York; Betty Washington Lewis Chapter, Fredericksburg; Brookville Chapter, Brookville, Pennsylvania; Hannah Winthrop Chapter, Cambridge, Massachusetts; Nathaniel Greene Chapter, Greenville, South Caro-

lina; Oneonta Chapter, Oneonta, New York; Mount Vernon Chapter, Alexandria, Virginia; Sarah Bradlee Fulton Chapter, Medford, Massachusetts; Faith Trumbull Chapter, Norwich, Connecticut; Monadnock Society, Children of the American Revolution.

From individual members and friends of the society we also have had important contributions, and we would especially mention those of Mrs. Jamieson, state regent of Virginia, and Mrs. McLane, state regent of New Hampshire; Miss Rebecca Schenck, Mrs. J. W. Endsley, Mr. John C. Fitzpatrick, Mrs. R. J. Barker, Miss Elizabeth B. Johnston, Mrs. John E. Morris, Mr. Philip S. Henry, Mrs. Charles C. Fairchild, Mrs. Elizabeth F. Lane, Mrs. Joshua Wilbour and Mr. M. A. Mullin.

Two things have been most gratifying this year, as they show the growing interest and the intelligent co-operation which will eventually make our library one of the most important of its kind in the country. Last year I brought to the attention of our New York Daughters, the fact that we had nothing in the library pertaining to the great city of New York. My statement bore splendid fruit. Miss Blandina Miller, of Utica, New York, has been able to wipe away that suggestion of a reproach by her gift of 73 volumes—a number of them bearing directly on the history of New York City. [Applause.] It was a very valuable gift, perhaps the most valuable the library has ever received from a single individual.

The other event of significance, because of the example it will undoubtedly set, is, that the Philadelphia Chapter appointed a book committee whose object was to look into the needs of the library, and by correspondence, find out what it lacked in a particular line, and if possible, supply it. Through its discriminating judgment the library is richer by 22 volumes. The books presented are valuable from every standpoint, and of immense service in our work. The society owes a debt of gratitude to the Philadelphia Chapter. [Applause.]

The work of your librarian has been made very agreeable by the co-operation she has had on all sides. From all the national officers and from the Daughters everywhere, she has had the most helpful and spontaneous assistance which has indeed been an inspiration, and for which she extends her cordial appreciation and thanks.

Respectfully submitted,

ALINE E. SOLOMONS,
Librarian General, N. S. D. A. R.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Ladies, you have heard this very charming report. It is referred to the committee on reports of national officers.

Mrs. BUELL, of Connecticut. *I move that the report of the librarian General be accepted.*

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. That is out of order, because no national officers' reports are accepted before they are referred to the committee on national officers' reports.

Mrs. BUELL. Why is that?

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Because the constitution so provides. I will now ask the official reader to read the names of the committee which the Chair hereby appoints as committee on reports of national officers.

The official reader read the names as follows:

Mrs. Park, Georgia, (chairman); Mrs. McLane, New Hampshire; Mrs. Morgan Smith, Alabama; Mrs. Mussey, District of Columbia; Mrs. Noyes, Illinois; Mrs. Barker, Rhode Island; Mrs. Delafield, Missouri; Mrs. Ammon, Pennsylvania, and Mrs. Bowron, New York.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. All these reports which you have heard this morning are referred to this committee, which will report back later on, during the sessions of the Congress.

Mrs. GALLAHER. I wish to know, for information, if that committee has been referred to the congress to be voted upon—the committee to report upon the reports of national officers?

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. No, the Chair appoints that committee.

Mrs. GALLAHER. Does not everything come before the congress?

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. It comes before the congress as an announcement.

Mrs. BUELL. A question for information.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. State the question.

Mrs. BUELL. I should like to know if it is the privilege of this Congress, or the privilege of the Chair, to refer any report to a committee?

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. It is the privilege of the Chair in this specific instance, and we are only discussing this instance now. I would further state that it is the privilege of the Chair under the constitution, which directs the Chair to refer these reports to this committee. [Applause.]

Mrs. THOMPSON. Madam President General, I want to ask a question for information. I want to know if that custom was not established when Mrs. Fairbanks was President General?

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. It is not a matter of custom. It was *ordered* many years ago; and the president who preceded my predecessor had that privilege under the constitution.

Mrs. BUELL. We have never done it this way before, and I have been here seven years.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. It has been done at every congress for many years. It may have escaped your notice. The minutes of a year ago will show.

Miss HERBERT, of New Jersey. A question of information. It is the recommendations in a report, is it not, which are referred to the committee—not the report itself?

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair rules that the reports, because they contain recommendations, are referred to this committee; and in

order to prevent any confusion, the Chair rules that all these reports be referred to this committee appointed under the constitution. That is the ruling of the Chair this morning.

Mrs. WILLIS, of Connecticut. It says on the program that you will announce the committee.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Ladies, there seems to be a little misunderstanding, which your Chair is only too glad to clear up. Many years ago in this congress—and I am delighted when I hear of any one who has attended for seven years; but like Mrs. Lockwood, I have had the proud privilege of attending it for sixteen years—many years ago, it was thought generally and decided by the body that because the reports of the national officers are as a rule so important and far-reaching, it was not a wise thing to accept them without due consideration; and as this body is a very large one, it was also deemed wise to refer those reports to a committee which would carefully consider them and report back to the congress. Now the committee does not act finally on these reports. Of course, it takes them under due consideration and reports back to the congress for the action of the congress. And this is in order to give full time for careful consideration. That procedure was adopted many years ago. The Chair cannot at this moment say how many, except that she does know it was in effect in the time of the predecessor of her predecessor. Of that she is positive. The reports of the national officers as presented here this morning contain a great deal of information. Almost all of them contain recommendations; but whether so or not, the Chair rules, for the general good of the house, that it is better that those reports be referred to the committee, in order that that committee may report back fully and intelligently to this great body for final action. Is that clear? [Applause.]

Mrs. BARKER. When it is the proper time, I wish to supplement Miss Solomons' valuable report, and to say that Rhode Island has some books, and that some have been presented by the Honorable Thomas Bicknell. The reason that has not been incorporated in the report is because I have been ill.

Mrs. DAVIS. A question of information. What became of the reports last year after they were referred to the committee? I know mine is hanging in the air, and I have not heard of any other.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL (smiling). Your report seems to have had that same misfortune this morning. [Laughter.]

Mrs. DAVIS. Oh, no; I beg to correct the President General. It is hanging in the printing office.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Are you ready to present it now?

Mrs. DAVIS. Not now, but as soon as the printer sends it to this house, I shall be ready to present it.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Will you communicate with the Chair as soon as it is ready?

Mrs. DAVIS. With the greatest of pleasure, Madam President General.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Now, ladies, you will understand that the committee has under advisement the reports of the national officers. You will see that there are several other reports which were to be presented today, among them, by the adoption of your program, the report of the finance committee and the report of the auditing committee, which were to follow immediately after the treasurer general's report. Now, is it your pleasure to await the treasurer general's report before having these committees reports?

SEVERAL MEMBERS. Yes.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Very, well, a resolution to that effect will be in order, because there are other reports to be brought before you.

Mrs. BRYAN. *I move that the reports of the auditing committee and the finance committee be not read until after we receive the treasurer general's report.*

The motion was seconded by Miss Ritchie, and was carried.

Mrs. GALLAHER. Madam President General, I insist on recognition simply to ask when the report of this committee will be referred back to the congress?

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. By reference to your program you will see. Now, ladies, we will proceed with the reports. The next in order is the report of the editor of our magazine. I wish to bespeak for the editor every possible attention. I consider our magazine one of the most important features of this society.

Mrs. ELROY M. AVERY, editor of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE, presented the following report: [Applause.]

REPORT OF THE EDITOR OF THE AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

Madam President General and Daughters of the American Revolution in Congress assembled: Were it not that I see so many new faces, I should come before you with hesitation, for I am to rehearse the oft-told story of your official organ. I am again to tell you for what the magazine stands. To call to your mind its departments. To again tell you that if you wish to scan with an eagle eye the doings of the National Board with the business entrusted to their charge you will find an account in the pages of the magazine, and there you will learn the difficulties under which the board labors. Would you know the names of the national and state officers, you will find the information in the same department. If, in future time, you wish to live again the scenes of this week, to recall each stirring speech, each patriotic deed, remember it will all be in the pages of your magazine. I have come to again tell you of the "Real Daughters," that vanishing race; of the department devoted to the hitherto unpublished records of the Revolu-

tion, where many a one has found a clear title to an heroic ancestry. To tell you of the genealogical notes and queries department, where question relating to Revolutionary ancestry can be asked.

I have come again to tell you of the department devoted to the Children of the American Revolution—those who are soon to take our places as we step from the stage and are seen no more. We have been called upon to bow the head in silent sorrow for several beloved Daughters since we entered this hall. Soon our turn will come. May the little one in whose veins flow the blood of patriots rise up and take our places.

Through the pages of your organ you have been able to follow your President General in her patriotic pilgrimage, and to note the inspiration that the presence of the leader gives. Through its columns she she has sent her word of Christmas cheer and her Easter greeting.

“Lest we forget; lest we forget.” I tell you of the few pages devoted to those whose distinguished services have raised them to the high position of honorary vice-president.

Again I have come to tell you of the department devoted to the work of the chapters, the foundation of the great society. To remind you how we have seen it grow and change. It began with a vigorous search for an ancestor, conducted on the lines laid out by Mrs Roger A. Pryor in her delightful story of that title. It began in the past. The glorious inspiration of the days that are gone fired our souls with emulation. The chapters now have their Children of the Republic organized on no line of descent but with the sole thought of welding into one patriotic whole the Anglo-Saxon race—for he who speaks the English tongue becomes, by that, a corporate part of that dominant people, which stands for liberty, equality and progress. The chapters now have their committees on patriotic education, on play grounds, on lectures to foreigners, on marking of historic sites—not confined to the east—for the Santa Fe trail winds its way over the western prairies to the far Pacific slope. From the tea-tinctured waters, that still keep their hyson flavor, to the shining sands of San Francisco bay, from rugged Superior and stormy Erie to magnolia groves and summer breezes, eight hundred chapters with 50,000 Daughters work for home and country, work for civic righteousness, work for peace.

I have asked you to read the magazine; I have not asked you to subscribe. Miss Lockwood will do that. But one appeal I am going to make to you whereby you can help your organ. Our subscription list is small; should every Daughter subscribe, still it would be small, but you can make it so valuable to the advertisers that they will hasten to beg the use of our columns. When you order a tablet order it of Cabaret and Company, who do splendid work and for several years have been one of our best advertisers. See that “The History of the Flag” by the Educational Publishing Company is called to the attention of your school boards. The schools boards will do the rest. When

you engage a genealogist, engage one of ours. Read the advertisements and order accordingly. Patronize your jewelers, your schools, your colleges. Stay with your advertisers and make it worth their while to stay with us.

A splendid suggestion will come from the chairman of your magazine committee. She will forgive me if I allude to it. It is that we have state numbers, cuts, material and advertisements to be furnished by the state. An educational number is also proposed.

As an Ohio Daughter recently wrote: "In the hands of the Daughters of the American Revolution the spinning wheel is still revolving. They are spinning strong and durable threads, which by and by will form a beautiful fabric. In it the white threads of national purity will join the rich crimson threads of national life and the deep blue of national truth. Over all will be embroidered forty-six golden stars."

I wish to thank you for your many kindnesses to me. I have received some letters of complaint, but never have I received from any Daughter of the American Revolution an unkind letter. I am very proud and happy for that. Daughters of the American Revolution, may all your days be days of happiness, and all your paths be paths of peace. [Applause.]

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Ladies, you understand that these reports are not reports of national officers, so they can be acted on at once. You have heard this interesting and valuable report. What will you do with it?

Mrs. BRYAN. *I move that the report be accepted.*

The motion was seconded by Mrs. Kimball.

Mrs. PARK. *I move to amend, that it be accepted with thanks.*

The motion as amended was carried.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. You will now listen to the report of the business manager, Miss Lockwood.

Miss LILIAN LOCKWOOD presented the following report of the business manager of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE: [Applause.]

REPORT OF THE BUSINESS MANAGER OF THE AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

Madam President and Members of the Sixteenth Continental Congress: With a record of 1150 new subscribers in the past twelve months this may be called the most encouraging increase we have ever been able to report.

This has come largely through the untiring efforts of the chairman of the magazine committee, Mrs. Park, of Georgia.

The custom which has always been followed has been continued this year, of sending an advertisement of the magazine and a subscription blank to each new member admitted to the society, and a circular letter to each chapter regent asking her coöperation in bringing the

magazine to the attention of the chapter, and in appointing an agent to solicit subscriptions.

The benefits are reciprocal as the member acting as agent may retain 20% on each new subscription sent in—and 25% is allowed any member securing an advertisement.

As this would mean \$60.00 commission on a full page for a year, even one advertisement secured would help a chapter's treasury materially.

We have had most helpful assistance in this line from the vice-president general from Rhode Island, Mrs. Barker, who has secured two advertisements for \$25.00 each, and one for \$65.00, and also from Mrs. L. D. Childs, of South Carolina, to whom we are indebted for a \$35.00 contract secured, and to the regent of the District of Columbia, Mrs. Mussey, for one for \$24.00.

As an encouraging start on next year we have \$28.00 to report, through Mrs. Thomas Day, of Memphis, Tennessee.

In the matter of subscriptions the assistance has been more general—sometimes the smaller chapters having by far the greater proportion of subscribers.

In this connection I think it will be interesting to know that Mrs. Deere, the vice-president general from Illinois, sent the magazine for the year to all the non-subscribing members of her chapter, 35 in number.

We hope that at the end of the year they will have become so wedded to it that they will become permanent subscribers.

In addition to the assistance we have had from our *members* in the matter of advertising, our firm of advertising agents have also worked diligently, with very gratifying results.

We are very proud of the showing in the December and April numbers especially.

Unfortunately the proceeds from this last number must necessarily come after the books were closed on March 31st and cannot, therefore, figure in the year's receipts as is also the case with some contracts which are payable quarterly.

Could the full amount of the contracts secured as this year's business be included in the money received in time for this report the receipts would be increased by nearly \$250.00.

The contract for printing the magazine is made each year and has always been given to the lowest bidder.

The magazine's greatest expense is, of course, the printing of the full proceedings of this congress.

This year the cost of the three congressional numbers was nearly equal to that of the other nine issues.

This, however, is the cheapest way of distributing this necessary information, as we have the benefit of the lower rates of printing, because of our yearly contract and we have the privilege of the second-class

matter rates of mailing,—one cent for each pound, as compared to the regular printed-matter rates of one cent for each two ounces.

In going over and over the proceedings of the congress with a view to finding some way of making them less voluminous, and therefore less expensive to print, I found it all so interesting, helpful and valuable as a record, especially the state regents' reports, that I do not know what to suggest.

I have wondered if it would be possible to omit the credential list, which grows longer and therefore more expensive to print each year.

As it is in tabulated form that also increases the cost.

Last year it covered 74 pages.

These are matters which the congress must decide as the editor and business manager do not control the congressional numbers.

The matter which has given us the greatest concern has been the reported loss of mail since the early fall.

This has sometimes come to our attention through information from post-office, notifying us of unpaid money-order advices on file in this office. On examination it was found that no letter from the purchaser of the order described, had been received.

Of course in these cases the superintendent of the money-order department could furnish the name and address of the purchaser of the order and on communication with her a duplicate would be applied for and secured. Sometimes a subscriber would write that in having her bank account balanced she found that a check drawn in favor of the magazine had not been cashed. It would then develop that the letter containing such check had not been received.

Where these cases could be adjusted by duplicate money-orders and checks—there were some who had unwisely sent cash, then there was no redress.

On the other hand almost every mail brings letters containing cash, which come through in safety.

The post office authorities have taken the matter up and have had several inspectors on the case, and while they have confided none of their findings to us we are encouraged to believe that the complaints are becoming less frequent.

RECEIPTS.

April 1st, 1906 to March 31st, 1907.

Subscriptions, as per vouchers and cash register,	\$2,875 26
Sale of extra copies,	57 01
Cuts paid for by individuals,	75 70
Net advertising receipts,	629 25
	<hr/>
Amount delivered to treasurer general,	\$3,637 22

BILLS PRESENTED TO TREASURER GENERAL FOR PAYMENT.

Printing and mailing April number 1906, including postage,	\$362 08	
Printing and mailing May number 1906, including postage,	376 64	
Printing and mailing June number 1906, including postage,	1,128 84	
Printing and mailing July number 1906, including postage,	720 76	
Printing and mailing August number 1906, including postage,	643 33	
Printing and mailing September number 1906, including postage,	314 02	
Printing and mailing October number 1906, including postage,	285 30	
Printing and mailing November number 1906, including postage,	271 53	
Printing and mailing December number 1906, including postage,	355 57	
Printing and mailing January number 1907, including postage,	344 47	
Printing and mailing February number 1907, including postage,	295 00	
Printing and mailing March number 1907, including postage,	329 30	
	<hr/>	\$5,426 84
Salary, editor, 12 months,		1,000 00
Salary, business manager, 12 months,		900 00
Salary, editor of genealogical department, 2 mos. at \$20.00, 10 mos. at \$30.00,		340 00
Half-tone cuts (partly paid for by individuals),		187 78
Postage, editor,		25 00
Stationery, editorial, business and genealogical departments,		33 16
Stationery, magazine committee,		28 36
Printing 2,500 receipt postals, furnished and printed,	\$31 50	
Printing 8,000 advertising folders,	26 50	
Printing 6,000 subscription blanks,	10 75	
Printing 2,000 circulars to regents,	6 25	
Printing 500 bill heads,	2 25	
	<hr/>	77 25
Copyright fees for 1907,		6 00
Cash register,		9 00
Auditing business manager's accounts,		26 67

Magazine committee—Postage,.....	\$6 00	
Printing,	2 50	
Typewriting,	2 00	
		10 50
Burr index subscription register,		17 50
To reimburse editor for telegrams sent by her,		4 25
To reimburse editor for express charges paid by her, receipts on file,		5 25
Office expenses, as per itemized account rendered and at- tached,		84 21
		84 21
Total expenses,	\$8,181 77	

OFFICE EXPENSES.

(As per foregoing statement.)

April 1st, 1906 to March 31st, 1907.

Mailing extra copies, second class matter, as per vouchers, ..	\$ 9 67
Postage,	35 48
Postal cards,	1 80
Expressage,	11 39
Telegrams,	2 05
Freight and cartage on extra numbers, 12 months,	8 19
Commission returned on 20 subscriptions,	4 00
Returned on 12 subscriptions sent to us in error for the American Magazine, by agencies,	8 19
Returned on three overpaid subscriptions,	3 09
Notary's fee for attesting advertising bill, in settling an estate,	25
Sharpening eraser,	10
	84 21
Total,	\$84 21
Total expenses,	\$8,181 77
Receipts,	3,637 22
	\$4,544 55

Net cost,

Respectfully submitted,

LILIAN LOCKWOOD,
Business Manager.

April, 1907.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Ladies, you have heard this report of the business manager of the magazine. What is your pleasure?

MRS. GARDNER, OF OKLAHOMA. *I move that Miss Lockwood's report be accepted with thanks.*

The motion was seconded by Mrs. Erwin, of North Carolina, and was carried.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. YOU will now hear the report of the chairman of the magazine committee, Mrs. Park.

MRS. ROBERT E. PARK, chairman of the magazine committee, presented the following report:

The chairman of your committee will not detain you very long, because necessarily the editor of the magazine and the business manager have stolen all her prepared thunder.

In the first place, I wish to tell you, as a most encouraging fact, before you listen to a few figures, that your magazine committee has increased your circulation 1,150 copies this year.

Madam President General and Ladies in Congress assembled: It would be a work of supererogation for the chairman of the committee on magazine to recount to you the facts recited by the editor and business manager of the American Monthly Magazine. A thrice-told tale would tax your patience. We will announce the most encouraging news first, that you may listen to the dry statistics that follow, viz: that 1,150 new subscribers have been obtained since the last congress,—the largest number ever received in one year.

Your committee earnestly urge, as they did last year, the appointment of state committees and chapter committees to arouse and maintain interest in the magazine, the size of the committees to be entirely discretionary. We thank the state regents and chairmen of committees for their courteous, if not always, cheering replies to our inquiries. To those who have really exerted their energies and optimism in the work we are deeply grateful. Optimism and a cheerful confidence in eventual success are valuable assets in this magazine business.

If grateful for subscriptions, our hearts are utterly melted on the reception of an advertisement. To the vice-president general of Rhode Island we are indebted for the greatest number of advertisements. Mrs. Day, of Memphis, Tennessee, secured three advertisements in the last month. Mrs. J. B. White, of Kansas City, secured last year and retains a valuable advertisement. Mrs. Childs, chairman of magazine committee of South Carolina, secured for last month an advertisement of two full pages.

Chapters having largest number of new subscribers are as follows: The Moline Chapter, of Illinois, through the patriotic liberality of Mrs. Deere, vice-president general of Illinois, heads the list with 36 new subscribers. We take pleasure in recording that Mrs. George W. Lawrence, regent of the Rebecca Parke Chapter, Galesburg, Illinois, subscribed for 12 copies of the magazine to be sent to members of her chapter. New York City Chapter, 18. Mrs. Stanley, of Kansas, has sent in 14; Oshkosh, Wisconsin, 10. The St. Louis Chapter and both Kansas City Chapters have been active in securing new subscriptions. There are others whose names will be published in the magazine. The regent of a small, but active, chapter out west, whose name I can not recall at this moment. I am ashamed to say, writes that

every member of the chapter takes the magazine. The magazine committee should present this chapter with some souvenir, following the example of Mrs. Deere, of Illinois, who rewarded each member of her chapter who had been steady subscribers to the magazine with a souvenir spoon.

Largest state subscriptions:

New York,	519; gain, 19
Pennsylvania,	384; gain, 8
Illinois,	276; gain, 13
Massachusetts,	265; gain, 35
Ohio,	224; gain, —
Connecticut,	222; gain, 15
Missouri,	134; gain, 28
Iowa,	120; gain, —
New Jersey,	136; gain, —
Wisconsin,	103; gain, —

Largest city subscriptions:

Philadelphia,	118
New York,	100
Washington,	89
St. Louis,	50
Chicago,	47
Moline,	43

The committee suggest a change of name of the magazine to "The Daughters of the American Revolution." [Applause.]

In conclusion, I can only beg of each delegate present at this congress, including state regents, vice-presidents general, chapter regents, and delegates and alternates,—to resolve herself into a committee of one to further interests of our national organ. We suggest that special numbers be devoted to the different states, the history of their memorial work, photographs of their monuments, etc. We expect the states to endeavor to procure advertisements for their special numbers. We suggest also a special number for educational advertisements only, and a department, after awhile, for ancestral reminiscences.

Herewith is appended a list of subscriptions by states and cities.

MRS. ROBERT EMORY PARK, <i>Chairman.</i>	MRS. SALLIE MARSHALL HARDY, MRS. O. J. HODGE, MRS. JAMES D. IGLEHART, MRS. L. BRADFORD PRINCE, MRS. MARY WOOD SWIFT, MRS. THOMAS B. TOMB, MRS. JOHN A. MURPHY, MRS. CHARLES H. TERRY, MRS. CHARLES S. MACKAY, JR., MRS. SAMUEL AMMON, MRS. LOREN DAVENPORT.
MRS. CLARA COOLEY BECKER, MRS. ALTHER R. BEDLE, MRS. W. W. BERRY, MRS. F. L. BRADLEY, MRS. EDMUND B. COWLES, MRS. EDWARD D. GARDNER, MRS. ADAM GRAY, MRS. BENJAMIN F. GRAY, JR.,	

Subscribers in each state, report of 1906 and 1907:

	1906	1907		1906	1907
Alabama,	50	58	Nebraska,	25	33
Arizona,	2	4	New Hampshire, .	52	52
Alaska,		1	New Mexico,	12	14
Arkansas,	17	18	Nevada,	3	1
California,	61	69	North Carolina, ..	21	21
Canada,	1	2	North Dakota, ...	1	1
Colorado,	37	45	New Jersey,	142	136
Connecticut,	207	222	Ohio,	123	224
Delaware,	16	17	Oklahoma,	11	10
Florida,	19	15	Oregon,	5	4
Georgia,	47	74	Pennsylvania,	376	384
Hawaii,	1	1	Rhode Island,	61	52
Idaho,		1	South Carolina, ..	39	44
Illinois,	263	276	South Dakota, ...	6	4
Indian Territory, ..	2	2	Tennessee,	52	47
Indiana,	90	93	Texas,	65	74
Iowa,	122	120	Utah,	10	8
Kansas,	35	49	Vermont,	60	54
Kentucky,	55	48	Virginia,	55	59
Louisiana,	11	11	Washington State,	39	43
Maine,	49	50	Philippine Islands,	2	
Maryland,	39	42	Dist. of Columbia,	104	91
Massachusetts,	230	265	West Virginia, ..	26	28
Minnesota,	75	73	Wisconsin,	90	103
Montana,	7	7	Wyoming,	7	6
Mississippi,	15	15	Foreign,		2
Michigan,	83	97			
Missouri,	106	134		3,643	3,828
Mexico,	4	5			
New York,	500	519			

Of these 26 are exchanges for library and advertisers' copies.

Number of subscribers in different cities:

Montgomery, Ala.,	24	Minneapolis, Minn.,	13
Los Angeles, Cal.,	22	St. Paul, Minn.,	14
Denver, Colo.,	19	Detroit, Mich.,	28
Chicago, Ill.,	47	Kansas City, Mo.,	39
Moline, Ill.,	43	St. Louis, Mo.,	50
Baltimore, Md.,	28	Brooklyn, N. Y.,	40
Boston, Mass. (proper), ..	33	Buffalo, N. Y.,	19
Leominster, Mass.,	13	New York City,	100
Worcester, Mass.,	21	Jersey City, N. J.,	20
Duluth, Minn.,	18	Cleveland, O.,	40

Philadelphia, Pa.,	118	Seattle, Wash.,	21
Pittsburg, Pa.,	25	Washington, D. C.,	89
Memphis, Tenn.,	21	Oshkosh, Wis.,	34
San Antonio, Tex.,	16		

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Ladies, you have heard this very splendid report. The fact that we have 1,150 new subscribers makes it high tide for the magazine. Let us double it next year.

MRS. KIMBALL, of Missouri. *I move the acceptance of the report.*
The motion was seconded by Mrs. Erwin and carried.

MRS. ROOME. Madam President General, may I ask for information whether it is necessary that we should have cards for the reception at the Congressional Library, and are we obliged to have cards when we go to call upon the President of the United States?

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. All that information will be given by the chairman of the entertainment committee before those affairs take place.

MRS. ROOME. Are Daughters who are not members of this congress at liberty to attend the reception, and are they at liberty to go with the members of the congress to visit the President of the United States?

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. I have no doubt that the President will be delighted to see every Daughter, but that detail is in the hands of the chairman of the entertainment committee, and she will give you the information before these entertainments occur.

MRS. ROOME. I am asking for the benefit of those Daughters who are not members of the congress.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair will speak at once for the Congressional Library visit to-morrow night, and say that every Daughter is welcome. I am not quite certain whether there will be any restrictions at the White House or not. I do not believe the President would place any there, because I know he would be delighted to see every American woman in this country. [Applause.] At the same time, the invitation which was sent to the president general some time ago read that the Continental Congress would be received. Of course, there is the possibility of a little misunderstanding there, but the Chair will request the chairman of the entertainment committee attend to that matter, and report.

MRS. HARDY, of Kentucky. Madam President General and Members of the Congress, this paper has been sent to me: Mrs. Ben Johnson, from the General Nathaniel Freeman Chapter, of Bardstown, Kentucky, which was organized January 19, 1907, respectfully asks to be seated in this congress.

I have been requested by Mrs. Main, vice-president general in charge of organization, and several members of the credential committee, to

bring this before you. This lady has come all the way from Kentucky. There was a mistake by her regent, who is very zealous and very enthusiastic, but she is new in her work. So I want to ask the courtesy of the congress in seating Mrs. Ben Johnson of Kentucky with the Kentucky delegation.

MRS. DAY. *I move that Mrs. Johnson be seated.*

The motion was seconded by Mrs. Stanley.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Before the Chair puts the resolution, in order to keep everything in perfectly proper business shape, will the chairman of our credential committee, Mrs. Main, be good enough to state just the reasons why we desire to take this special action?

MRS. MAIN. I supposed that Mrs. Hardy, in making that request, would state to you why the credentials committee could not seat this lady. You must all understand that we are obliged to abide by the by-laws, and if the credentials committee should seat this lady they would violate the by-laws. It is for you to decide whether she shall have a seat or not. I will tell you the circumstances. She was elected by her chapter at the proper time, but she was not at that time a member of the organization, owing to a mistake in her papers. Her papers were sent on here to the registrar general, but there was a mistake in those papers. They had to go back for correction, and that delayed her admission to the society for one month. They supposed, of course, that she would be admitted at that meeting, and therefore imagining that she was already a member, without having been notified that she was, they elected her an alternate. The regent cannot attend. You see this lady was elected before she was a member of the organization; but had they waited until they were notified of the fact that she was a member, it would have been too late to elect her. That is the reason they are asking the courtesy of the house. The credentials committee would have no authority to seat this lady, because we have been asked to do these things twenty-five or thirty times. It is a hardship to rule any one out of the congress, but we cannot violate the by-laws in order to save any one's feelings; but if this congress is willing to extend the courtesy of the house to this lady, then the credentials committee will be exonerated from any blame, and no one can come back upon us and say "you seated that lady, but you would not seat my lady." So you can do just what you think is wise and best.

MISS DOUGHTY, of New Jersey. Do the by-laws permit the seating of a person who was not a member of the society at the time the election was held?

MISS LATHROP. As I understand the circumstances of this case, this lady's sister was already a member of the society, so I think there was no question as to her eligibility, although there might have been a technicality in her papers. Her sister's papers had been passed some time before by the society.

MRS. MAIN. I think there was no question whatever as to her eligibility. What the mistake in the papers was, I am unable to state. I should be obliged to refer to the registrar general to know what the reason was why the paper was returned, and why her admission to the society was delayed one month later than was anticipated.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair presumes it is proper for the Chair to state at this juncture, that (and this is the first time she has heard of this case at all), in electing this member a regent it was not known by her constituency at home that her election to the society had been delayed. Her sister having been a member of the organization for some time, the constituency at home naturally supposed that this lady's papers would go through without delay. That is a correct statement, is it not?

MRS. MAIN. That is correct.

MRS. KEMPSTER. As we understand it, there is also no doubt that the lady was elected by this chapter when she was not a member of the organization in any sense of the word. If that be established as a precedent, will it not give us much trouble in the future? [Applause.]

MRS. SMITH, of Illinois. Is it the opinion or wish of the chairman of the credentials committee that this lady be admitted, or will it make trouble for her in the future? I should like to hear the real opinion of the chairman of the credentials committee.

MRS. HARDY. I should like to say that I brought this matter before the house by permission of the vice-president in charge of organization.

MRS. BALLINGER. *I move to lay this matter on the table.* Seconded by Mrs. Gallaher.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Ladies, there was a resolution offered and seconded before this came up.

MRS. BALLINGER. I think nothing takes precedence of a motion to lay this on the table.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. The resolution before you had been seconded before you offered your resolution. You did not hear the member, the Chair is sure, because you rose in the middle of what she was saying. She was just asking the opinion of the chairman of the credentials committee. Of course there is no discussion possible on a motion to lay on the table, but the Chair is sure you did not hear this member.

MRS. BALLINGER. I will waive that for a moment.

MRS. MAIN. The chairman of the credentials committee does not like to be placed in any such position. It is a very hard place to put me in, to ask my opinion upon any such subject. If I must give it, it is that our constitution and by-laws should always and invariably be upheld. [Great applause.]

MRS. HARDY. Madam President General, I withdraw the motion.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. The mover of the original resolution withdraws it, so if it is agreeable to the ladies who seconded the resolution,

and if it is agreeable to Mrs. Ballinger to withdraw the motion to table, the whole matter will be withdrawn. [Hearing no objection.] The original resolution is now withdrawn by permission of the house.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Mrs. Day, do you withdraw your motion?
MRS. DAY. I do.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Do you withdraw yours, Mrs. Ballinger?

MRS. BALLINGER. I understand the matter is settled, Madam President.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. It is settled.

MRS. PURCELL. Madam President General, it has been deemed wise to call a meeting of the Jamestown committee for this afternoon, as according to the program we are expected to report to the congress to-night, and I can make no report for the committee until the committee shall meet.

MRS. MURPHY. Madam President General, I should like to suggest to the chairman of the Jamestown committee that it is an unfortunate time, as there are so many state meetings to be held this afternoon at 5 o'clock, which meetings delegates must attend.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Perhaps, as we have not now on our program the special session relative to the Peace Congress, which was to have been held on Friday afternoon, it may be that Mrs. Purcell, as chairman of that committee, would like, by general consent of the congress, to postpone her report from the Jamestown committee and hold her committee meeting a little later in the week. Would that be agreeable?

MRS. PURCELL. Perfectly agreeable to me.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. If there is general consent of the house, the committee will report later in the week, as we have time then that we did not expect to have. The Chair will state that a bureau of information of lost articles has been established, under the charge of the chairman of the house committee, and all lost and found articles will be referred there.

The Chair could not authorize establishment of a post office in this building without a resolution of the congress. Is it your desire, or are you willing to take the responsibility of having your postal matter handled at this hall for your convenience?

SEVERAL MEMBERS. No.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. That is a question for the house to decide. The Chair cannot have it done unless it is in accordance with a resolution of the house.

MRS. ORTON. Madam President General, we all have ordered our mail sent to us from home to certain addresses in the city here. I think it would greatly inconvenience many of us to have it sent to this hall. Therefore, I move that we do not have a post office in Continental Hall.

The motion was seconded by Mrs. Wood, of New York, and carried.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. There will be no post office in Continental Hall.

THE OFFICIAL READER. I have no purpose of presenting notices to you that do not meet with the approval of the president general. It has been the custom in the congress, year after year, to announce letters which have been received, although it is very tiresome to do so, and also lost articles. I have done it because I am perfectly willing always to accommodate ladies on the floor. I am perfectly willing to read any notice, but it will certainly be a great relief to me not to have to announce letters or lost articles, though I am perfectly willing to do it if the president general approves.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair simply calls your attention to the fact that at the last Continental Congress a suggestion was made, which met with approval, that these lost and found articles, letters, etc., be attended to in other places than the actual congress. The Chair is endeavoring to carry out the suggestion of the last congress, and I know Miss Richards desires to accommodate the conveniences of the body. The treasurer general has announced to the president general that her report is printed. It is not yet in the building. It is at the printers, completed, and will be at this building at the hour that we name to return here after the recess.

On motion of Mrs. Park, duly seconded, the congress at 1 o'clock and 25 minutes p. m. took a recess until 3 o'clock p. m.

TUESDAY AFTERNOON.

The congress reassembled at 3.20 o'clock p. m. and was called to order by the president general.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Mrs. Mussey, of the District of Columbia, desires recognition for a matter which she will explain to you.

MRS. MUSSEY. Madam President General, I received the report of the historian general, but supposed that the copies which were sent to me were for my use as chairman of the press committee. I find now that she sent all the copies of the report to me. I will have the pleasure of reading Mrs. Dolliver's report. She sends her greetings to this congress and regrets very much that she is unable to be with you to-day.

Mrs. Mussey then read the following report of the historian general, Mrs. Jonathan P. Dolliver:

REPORT OF THE HISTORIAN GENERAL.

Madam Regent, Members of the National Board, Delegates and Alternates: Greetings from far-away Iowa to each Daughter in our new home—our beloved Continental Hall.

During my last year of service as your historian general many duties have controlled my plans. It has been a source of great regret to me that my time has been so little my own, or rather your own, and it is an especial disappointment that I am not able to-day to greet you face to face.

The two Lineage Books, Volumes XXIII and XXIV, have been compiled and published and are here for distribution to each chapter. There have also been printed several pages containing errata, which were ordered by the National Board, as it seemed wise and necessary at this point to correct all mistakes which had appeared in any of the former compilations.

As the work upon these volumes has progressed from the beginning, a gradual enlargement of the scope of the undertaking has developed. At first the genealogy of a Daughter was traced from one ancestor only; now all the lines leading back to her Revolutionary ancestry are recorded. Further the linking together of widely separated families has also been accomplished by referring back to the National numbers of those who are dependent upon the same forefathers, thus making many complete chains throughout the twenty-four volumes.

A burdensome feature of the compilation has been removed by not publishing the ancestry of those who have been dropped, unless it should chance that the ancestor's history had not hitherto been recorded.

The authenticity of our records has been strengthened by giving the name of the town as well as the state in which each Daughter was born and by supplying accurate dates, hitherto out of our reach. It has been our aim to give the full name of the wife of the patriot. At the end of each volume, since the sixteenth, a complete list of the works of reference, from which all data have been acquired, has been published.

The source from which our work has been thus strengthened has been our fast growing reference library, including many genealogies, most helpful among which have been those of the families of the Signers of the Declaration of Independence. In addition the intellectual personal research of individual Daughters has been most satisfactory. Further and from this time on an invaluable aid will be secured from the arrangement by card catalogue, of the Revolutionary soldiers at the pension office.

While this work has been going on, the growth of the National Society has been phenomenal. In 1895, when the Lineage Books were undertaken, the members numbered 12,000; in 1904, about 46,000, while in 1907 there are approximately 60,000, or in the last three years an increase of 14,000, making for each year an average increase of 4,666. There are at this time 36,000 records yet to publish and falling behind each year at the rate of nearly 3,000 numbers, it seems absolutely necessary that a larger amount of work be done in this de-

partment; that the capacity of this office should be increased. The work is of the highest grade. A foundation well laid is the most important part of the structure, but in order that our building may go on with activity, I hope, in so far as the society is financially able, a larger force may be given to this office.

However, that may be, at the close of twelve years these volumes have more than fulfilled the promise of their usefulness. They have placed where all may see, the heritage which belongs to the people of every hamlet, of every village, of every township in this broad land. So widely diffused and so intimate and personal has become the knowledge of the Colonial period that little children early learn its stories of sacrifice and valor. Through this work there has been created an influence which will point future generations to a greater veneration for our country's history; will lead to a deeper concern for its right development and educate the people to a better understanding of citizenship.

Respectfully submitted,

LOUISE P. DOLLIVER,
Historian General.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. You have heard the report of the historian general, Mrs. Dolliver, who is detained and unable to be present at the congress. It is a most interesting report, and will be referred, with the other reports of the national officers, to the committee appointed for that purpose. There are one or two announcements to be read, but before they are read I wish to know from the treasurer general if her report is in the building.

MRS. DAVIS (the treasurer general). It is, Madam President General.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Very well, the Chair shall call for it immediately. She shall also ask that the printed copies of the treasurer general's report be distributed, by the pages, through the house, during the reading of these notices.

MRS. DAVIS. Madam President General, they are right here at the platform.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Will the pages come to that corner of the platform, and take the printed copies of the report of the treasurer general and distribute them through the house. After the announcements we will proceed immediately to the consideration of the treasurer's report, or rather to its presentation.

Various announcements were read by the official reader.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair will now call for the presentation of the treasurer general's report, but she would first ask her, is the Chair perfectly correct in her understanding that this report is just finished?

MRS. DAVIS. Yes, Madam President.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Then you have not had time to submit it to the auditor of course?

MRS. DAVIS. Certainly not, Madam President.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Then it appears here unaudited?

MRS. DAVIS. Uncompared, Madam President.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Unaudited?

MRS. DAVIS. Yes.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. I merely wish to present that to the house for its consideration. The Chair announces that when the report of the treasurer general is presented to this body without having been audited, of course, it cannot be accepted—until it *is* audited. The Chair merely brings that before you. The treasurer general has stated that as her report is just finished, she has not yet submitted it to the auditor.

MRS. THOMPSON. A question of information, Madam President. Is it not customary for the report to have been audited? And can it be even considered until the auditor has considered it first?

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. No. It can be presented just as the other reports have been.

MRS. THOMPSON. It cannot be considered?

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. No, not considered; only presented.

MRS. DAVIS. Madam President General and ladies of the congress, I wish to say right here that possibly some of you might have misunderstood what I said this morning. I sent twice to the auditor, two successive mornings, holding my report in order that he might compare it and report on it. He did not come. He did not send me one word with reference to it. In order that you might have the report at all, I sent it to the printer. After it had gone to press, I don't remember just exactly the hour, the auditor came to the office and wanted to know where it was. It was then in the printer's hands; but he would not have had sufficient time to have compared it after he came to the office to compare it. It was very much of a regret to me that he could not find time to attend to this matter. As soon as it was completed and in condition to be in his hands, I sent for him.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. When was that?

MRS. DAVIS. Last Thursday morning, Madam President General.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. This is the work of a year that you are presenting, is it not?

MRS. DAVIS. Yes, Madam President General.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair does not consider that any expert auditor would be in a position to audit the work of a whole year in the two or three days intervening; but that is no longer a matter of question. It has not been audited, and therefore the treasurer general's report will be presented to you and read in full. Then, like the other reports, it will be referred to the committee, which will report back later. Will the treasurer general read her own report, or does she desire the official reader to read it for her?

MRS. DAVIS. I will read my own report. I think I am quite able to read it this year.

REPORT OF THE TREASURER GENERAL.

April 1, 1906, to March 30, 1907.

CURRENT FUND.

Balance in bank at last report, March 31, 1906, \$29,305 23

RECEIPTS.

Annual dues (\$49,750.00 less \$1,148.00 refunded),..	\$48,602 00
Initiation fees (\$4,804.00 less \$239.00 refunded),..	4,565 00
Certificates, members,	28 00
Certificates, life members,	20 00
Current interest,	206 54
Daughters of the American Revolution Report to Smithsonian Institution,	9 08
Directory,	8 00
Exchange,	1 20
Lineage Books,	77 00
Magazine,	3,637 22
Ribbon,	14 14
Rosettes,	9 10
Statute Books,	1 65
Refunded by credential committee of Fifteenth Continental Congress,	2 36
Refunded by house committee of Fifteenth Con- tinental Congress,	36
Mrs. Donald McLean, reimbursed society for cost of brass plate on desk in office of president general,	3 50
	<hr/>
	\$57,185 15
	<hr/>
	\$86,490 38
	<hr/> <hr/> <hr/>

EXPENDITURES.

Certificates,	\$951 33
General office,	3,668 35
Fourteenth Continental Congress,	1 00
Fifteenth Continental Congress,	4,394 27
Sixteenth Continental Congress (preliminary ex- penses),	134 20
Life membership certificates,	50
Magazine,	8,181 77

Office of		
President general,	738	49
Vice-president general in charge of organization of chapters,	1,700	70
Recording secretary general,	1,415	30
Corresponding secretary general,	910	15
Registrar general,	3,759	56
Treasurer general,	3,600	52
Librarian general,	871	99
Historian general (Lineage Books),	2,669	17
Assistant Historian general (Daughters of the American Revolution Report to Smithsonian Institution),	162	83
Office furniture,	131	75
Postage,	1,885	02
Rent of offices,	2,772	80
Rent of telephone,	106	42
Ribbon,	54	00
Spoons,	85	15
Stationery,	406	94
Support of "Real Daughters,"	512	00
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Total expenses,	\$39,114	21
Rosette account transferred to permanent fund, ..	\$9 10	\$9 10
Amount transferred to permanent fund by order of Fifteenth Continental Congress,	\$10,000 00	\$10,000 00
<hr/>		
	\$49,123	31
Balance March 30, 1907—		
In National Metropolitan Bank,	\$7,261	13
In Washington Loan and Trust Bank,	30,105	94
<hr/>		
	\$37,367	07
	\$86,490	38
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If there are any of these items that any one does not understand, I hope they will ask about them.

MRS. MURPHY. May I ask the treasurer general a question?

MRS. DAVIS. Yes.

MRS. MURPHY. I should like to know about that item "general office, \$3,668.35. Does that include what for convenience may be called the clerical service? What are the items under "general office?" I notice it does not include the rent, which comes later.

MRS. DAVIS. No; it does not. General office expenses include the general findings in the office, for instance, the pens and pencils and certain things that are necessary for the running of the office.

MRS. MURPHY. Does it include any salaries?

MRS. DAVIS. No; it does not.

MRS. MURPHY. Three thousand six hundred and sixty-eight dollars.

MRS. DAVIS. Yes; there are a great variety of those things. I could itemize them if you desire them itemized.

MRS. MURPHY. No, I do not care for that but as we have so many things itemized, which are not included in this amount, I should like to know something that is included in the general office expenses.

MRS. DRAPER. Madam President General, I rise to a point of order.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. State your point.

MRS. DRAPER. As I understand the order of business, the presentation of the treasurer general's report is the order of the day, and the discussion of the treasurer general's report will come afterward, when it is brought in later in the week. Am I mistaken about that?

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Your point of order is well taken and the Chair sustains it. At the same time, when any one wishes information upon a special item, the Chair does not like to restrict her.

MRS. MURPHY. I do not wish to be out of order, and I do not wish to be restricted. If I do not ask what I want to know when I see it, I forget about it, and I think it has passed away for good and all.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. If Mrs. Murphy would like to have a reply now to the question she put, the Chair will rule that it may be answered, and then no further questions for the present.

MRS. DAVIS. It is for the books and the paper, and such things.

MRS. MURPHY. All the stationery given out to the officers?

MRS. DAVIS. Principally the stationery.

MRS. MURPHY. Postage?

MRS. DAVIS. Yes, extra postage, such as is not covered by stamped envelopes.

MRS. MURPHY. I saw that all the other expenses, rent, etc., were given separately, so that I could not imagine exactly what it was.

MRS. DAVIS. It is a variety of matters that we just put together there. They could be itemized, and they are itemized on the treasurer's books, from the beginning to the end, from a pencil to a rubber stamp, or anything of that sort, everything is itemized on the treasurer's books; but it would make too voluminous a report to put the items in here. So those things are put in under the general office expenses. Do you understand, or is there anything further you would like to know?

MRS. MURPHY. I think I understand what you mean, Madam Treasurer General, but—that is all. [Laughter.]

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Then continue, Madam Treasurer General, reading the report.

MRS. DAVIS [reading]—

FORT CRAILO FUND.

Balance in bank at last report,	\$53 08	
Interest,	1 07	
		\$54 15

For convenience of reference the principal items of expenditures of current fund are given as follows:

Clerical service,	\$12,950 41
Extra clerical service,	989 14
Messenger service,	205 85
Magazine salaries,	2,240 00
Publishing and mailing 12 numbers of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE,	5,426 84
Printing Vol. XXIII and Vol. XXIV of the Lineage Books,	1,100 00
Printing 200 copies of Eighth Daughters of the American Revolution Report to Smithsonian Institution,	44 13
Printing application blanks, constitution, invitations, tickets, wrappers, transmittal blanks, receipt books, bill books, permits, circulars, postals, programs, ballots, committee cards, notification cards, lists of officers, lists of committees, amendments and vouchers,	1,360 51
7,000 certificates,	455 00
Postage on certificates,	150 00
Engrossing 4,611 certificates,	346 33
Rent of offices,	2,772 80
Rent of telephone,	106 42
Office furniture,	131 75
Office supplies, expressage and telegrams,	920 86
Postage for offices and committees,	1,697 44
Postage for state regents,	187 58
Stationery for offices and committees,	283 21
Stationery for state regents,	123 73
6,525 badges and 44 sashes,	251 05
Official reader, parliamentarian and transcript of proceedings of the Fifteenth Continental Congress,	675 00
Musical program and decorating and preparing Memorial Continental Hall for Fifteenth Continental Congress,	3,096 98
Insurance on Memorial Continental Hall,	487 33
Night watchman at Memorial Continental Hall, ..	352 86
Voted to California sufferers,	1,000 00

Support of "Real Daughters,"	512 00
Spoons for 36 "Real Daughters,"	85 15

PERMANENT OR BUILDING FUND.

Balance in bank at last report, March 31, 1906,	\$53,356 21
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RECEIPTS.

Charter fees,	\$181 00
Continental Hall committee badges,	26 00
Continental Hall committee spoons,	180 25
Life membership fees,	2,362 50
Permanent interest on cash in banks,	937 09
Permanent interest on Union Pacific Railroad bonds,	200 00
Rent of chairs and benches,	135 00
Commissions—	
On jewel insignia,	142 60
On recognition pins,	98 40
On record shields,	5 00
On spoons,	45 85
Rosettes, amount transferred from current fund, .	9 10
Amount transferred from current fund by order of Fifteenth Continental Congress,	10,000 00
	————— \$14,322 79

You see these all come into the Continental Hall fund. So if any of you become life members, you will see that all you turn in as a life member goes to the Continental Hall fund.

Continental Hall Contributions.

Alabama,	\$262 00
Alaska,	4 00
Arizona,	55 00
California,	101 00
Colorado,	207 00
Connecticut,	1,134 00
Delaware,	235 00
District of Columbia,	1,797 87
Florida,	28 00
Georgia,	703 76
Illinois,	1,890 05
Indiana,	273 58
Indian Territory,	25 00
Iowa,	323 25
Kansas,	30 00

Kentucky,	823 50
Maine,	682 20
Maryland,	2,056 00
Massachusetts,	1,645 00
Mexico,	78 00
Michigan,	1,166 50
Minnesota,	326 25
Mississippi,	15 00
Missouri,	795 15
Nebraska,	65 55
New Hampshire,	298 00
New Jersey,	798 50
New Mexico,	32 00
New York,	5,524 50
North Carolina,	455 00
North Dakota,	5 00
Ohio,	1,298 43
Oklahoma,	18 00
Oregon,	50 00
Pennsylvania,	3,737 51
Rhode Island,	617 78
South Carolina,	133 05
South Dakota,	1 00
Tennessee,	629 00
Texas,	342 30
Utah,	55 00
Vermont,	271 00
Virginia,	2,192 00
Washington,	202 00
West Virginia,	224 00
Wisconsin,	233 90
Cash, account memorial to Nathan Hale,	1 00
From the Blue Memory Book,	110 00
Cash,	1 00
Commission on music,	56
	<hr/>
	\$31,953 19
	<hr/>
Total,	\$99,632 19
	<hr/>

Mrs. BRYAN. In the Continental Hall contribution you have it reported as \$629 for Tennessee. We have \$750 for Tennessee, less \$43. The balance was handed in here, making a total of \$750 for Tennessee, for the chandelier.

Mrs. DAVIS (reading):

EXPENDITURES.

First payment on account of the construction of the two front corner sections,	\$10,000 00
Second payment on account of the construction of the two front corner sections,	9,899 00
Third and final payment on account of the construction of the two front corner sections,	4,515 00
First payment on account of the construction of the two rear corner sections,	4,850 00
Second payment on account of the construction of the two rear corner sections,	4,980 00
Third payment on account of the construction of the two rear corner sections,	4,530 00
Fourth payment on account of the construction of the two rear corner sections,	3,570 00
First payment on account of the heating plant, ...	4,200 00
Second payment on account of the heating plant, ..	2,850 00
Third payment on account of the heating plant, ..	1,240 00
Architect on completion of work done,	1,720 80
Inspecting material used in construction of Memorial Continental Hall from October 29, 1906, to March 13, 1907, inclusive,	348 00
1,610 mahogany chairs for Memorial Continental Hall,	8,855 00
Life membership fee returned, Mrs. Ethel A. Taber, of Minnesota,	25 00
Turned over to J. E. Caldwell & Co., on account of Continental Hall Committee Spoons,	617 50
	<hr/>
Total expenses,	\$62,200 30
Disbursed for purchases of bonds for investment as follows:	
5,000 par value Chicago & Alton 3% Railroad Bonds,	\$4,000 60
10,000 par value Baltimore & Ohio 4% Railroad Bonds,	10,150 00
10,000 par value Union Pacific 4% Railroad Bonds,	10,326 50
	<hr/>
	24,477 10
	<hr/>
	\$86,677 40
Balance in banks (American Security & Trust Bank, Washington Loan & Trust Bank and National Safe Deposit Savings & Trust Bank) March 30, 1907,	12,954.79
	<hr/>
	\$99,632.19

Of the amount to the credit of the current fund on March 30, 1907, as shown by this report, that is, \$37,367.07, there is \$5,500 held in reserve for the building at Jamestown, in accordance with a motion passed at the Fifteenth Continental Congress, which reads as follows:

"That the treasurer general be empowered to pay out the sum of \$5,500 for the erection of a memorial at Jamestown, upon the written order of the chairman of the Jamestown committee."

After deducting the \$5,500 from the \$37,367.07 the current fund balance would be \$31,867.07, and of this amount there can be safely transferred \$15,000 from the current fund to the permanent or building fund, provided that this congress does not vote to appropriate money for any other purpose whatsoever.

Mrs. THOMPSON. Madam President General. Point of order. As it would not be proper to ask the auditor to affix his signature to the personal opinions of our treasurer general, may I ask that the report of the treasurer general be confined to an official statement? Whatever personal remarks she has to make, I ask that they be made in a more fitting and proper shape and form than in the middle of a financial report.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Your point of order is well taken, and sustained by the Chair. (To the treasurer general) Proceed with the figures, if you have any further.

Mrs. DAVIS. Madam President General—

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Proceed with your figures, madam.

Mrs. DAVIS. Madam President General, as the ladies have it all before them, it does not matter particularly with me whether I read this before you or not.

Mrs. THOMPSON. Madam President General, I did not suppose it did matter to the treasurer general, but it does matter to the Daughters. [Cries of "Order, order."]

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair is able to keep order in the house and will do so, and the Chair will further state that at the opening of this report, in order to make everything clear to the delegates assembled, it was announced that the report had not even been audited, and that it would be referred to the committee on the reports of national officers. Had not this point of order been raised, the Chair herself would have been obliged to draw attention to the point which has now been made from the floor. The treasurer general must properly allude to the figures. Expressed opinions are a different matter from a financial report. We will be very happy indeed to hear any figures the treasurer general has to report as to what has been expended during the past year up to the time that her report was made up. What may be done for the future is a matter for future officers to decide. Have you any further figures to read, Madam Treasurer General?

Mrs. DAVIS. Why, yes; it has figures all the way through. [Laughter.]

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair thinks that is germane to the point of order that has been raised,—that the figures are scattered all the way through, with general remarks. The Chair considers the proper report should be just such a report as is regularly presented at the board meeting, a regular synopsis and statement of figures as to receipts and expenses. Now, if you will give us the sum total of your receipts during the year and the sum total of the expenses, perhaps that will clarify the situation, as your printed report is before the members, and as no action is to be taken at present. [Applause.]

Mrs. DAVIS. I will be very glad to give any total.

Mrs. GALLAHER. We want it all. I have been a treasurer, and I have always—

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Are you rising to a point of order? Otherwise you are interrupting the middle of a report.

Mrs. GALLAHER. Yes, I rise to a point of order that the treasurer general be allowed to read her entire report.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair rules that the treasurer general may read the report in so far as it pertains to the figures, in accordance with the point of order which was called to her attention and sustained a few minutes since.

Mrs. ROOME. Madam President General, is not the treasurer General entitled to make recommendations, just the same as any other national officer?

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Certainly, and the recommendations will be referred to the committee.

Mrs. DAVIS. It is before you, ladies. You may do just as you choose, but as far as I am concerned I do not care whether the report is audited or not. It does not make any difference. The report is correct, or else I would not have presented it to you. We have a balance in the bank at the last report of \$29,305.23. The total receipts were \$86,490.38; our total expenditures, \$39,114.21. Our balance in the bank March 30, 1907, was \$37,367.07. In the permanent fund we have receipts as follows: Reported March 31, 1906, \$53,356.21. Our receipts were \$14,322.99; contributions, \$31,953.19; making a total of \$99,632.19 for Continental Hall. Our total expenses were \$62,200.30. Disbursed for investments, \$24,477.10, making a total to balance, \$86,677.40. The balance in the bank in cash is \$12,954.79.

As this is not a report, ladies, it is not necessary to say who submits it. [Applause.]

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair shares the enthusiasm of the house, and only wishes it were proper for her to applaud also; for the fact that \$99,000 has been handed in for Continental Hall is enough to arouse the enthusiasm of any one. [Great applause.] The Chair will

now call for the report of the finance committee, Mrs. Charlotte Emerson Main, chairman.

Mrs. MAIN presented the following report of the finance committee:

FINANCE REPORT APRIL, 1907.

Madam President General and Members of the Sixteenth Continental Congress: Your finance committee reports the authorization of bills for the year, from April, 1906, to April, 1907, to the amount of \$38,098.54, of which the largest items were:

Pay-roll,	\$13,168 77
Rent,	2,753 80
Printing magazine,	5,426 84

The amount of the permanent fund on October 1st was \$56,925.05. The committee being unwilling to allow so large a sum to remain idly lying in bank, earning but a scant two per cent. interest, brought the subject before the National Board of Management, and were authorized by them to secure the best expert advice as to the bonds which would make the best investment; and were given full power to act.

(See Amer. Magazine, Dec. 1906, page 842.)

Through, and with the advice of the American Security and Trust Company, they have invested in ten \$1,000 gold bonds of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad at \$101 $\frac{3}{8}$ each, amounting to \$10,150, which includes the premium and the New York brokerage fee. These are 4% coupon bonds, interest payable on April 1st, and October 1st.

Through the National Safe Deposit, Savings & Trust Company, they have purchased ten Union Pacific first mortgage railroad bonds, at \$103 $\frac{1}{8}$ each, at a cost of \$10,326.50, which includes New York brokerage fee, and express charges. These are 4% coupon bonds, interest due January 1st and July 1st, and will give us \$400 a year interest.

Through the Union Trust Company, they have purchased five \$1,000 coupon bonds of the Chicago and Alton Railroad at \$80 flat. These bonds are 3% gold bonds; but as we were enabled to purchase them below par, or at \$80 in place of \$100, we realize approximately 4% interest due April and October. These being below par, cost us \$4,000.60. The entire payment for these securities being \$24,477.10.

The semi-annual interest received—

On Union Pacific bonds, January 1st, was,	\$200 00
On the Baltimore and Ohio bonds, April 1st,	200 00
On the Chicago and Alton, April 1st,	75 00

Making a total on these railroad bonds of,

\$475 00
The wisdom of this investment is fully proven as the permanent fund has now an income from the bonds alone of \$950 per year. This, together with the interest procured through your committee on the balance in the National Metropolitan Bank, upon which no interest had

previously been paid, makes a clear gain of approximately \$500 per year over and above what it was formerly earning as interest from the banks.

Respectfully submitted,

CHARLOTTE E. MAIN,
Chairman Finance Committee.
 HARRIET BARNES NEWBERRY,
 ELLEN SPENCER MUSSEY,
 BERTHA MURDOCK ROBBINS,
 MARY LOUISE BARROLL,

Report accepted by the Sixteenth Continental Congress.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Ladies, you have heard the report of the finance committee.

Mrs. ROUNSAVILLE. Madam President General, I have been so impressed by the work which the finance committee has done that *I move that the thanks of this congress be given to the finance committee for its faithful work for this organization, as evidenced in the report just read*

The motion was seconded by Mrs. Patton, Miss Lathrop and Miss Howard, and was carried.

Mrs. WOOD. *I move a vote of thanks to the treasurer general for her report.*

The motion was seconded by Mrs. Buell, and was carried.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair will present a vote of thanks for the work of last year to the treasurer general.

Mrs. DAVIS. Madam President General, I want to say to the ladies that I thank them very much for this vote of thanks. I have not worked for the thanks I have gotten, I have worked from a sense of duty. I have neglected no known duty, and have had in mind each day of the year every dollar that you have been placing in this treasury. I have tried to fulfill my duty to the utmost; and had it not been for the kindly words that have come up from you ladies, chapter regents, state regents, chapter treasurers and friends all over the country, I feel that I should have fainted by the wayside. I thank you all most cordially. [Applause.]

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. The report of the finance committee is before you.

Mrs. THOMPSON. *I move that it be accepted.*

A MEMBER. Is it to be audited?

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. The report of the finance committee is not audited. Under the constitution, it is the treasurer general's report which must be audited.

The motion to accept the report of the finance committee was seconded.

Mrs. BALLINGER. Is this motion open for discussion?

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Certainly, any motion is open for discussion before it is put.

Mrs. BALLINGER. Are these bonds going down in the future?

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. A *motion* is open for discussion; but if you rise to a question of information, the Chair would be happy to rule whether or not your question is in order.

Mrs. BALLINGER. I should like to have the floor.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair gave it to you for discussion, but you have asked a question for information. That is not the same thing. Do you desire information, Mrs. Ballinger?

Mrs. BALLINGER. No, I should like to change it.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. You would like to change the form of your remark?

Mrs. BALLINGER. It is a very unwise proceeding to have invested any of our money in Chicago and Alton railroad bonds. Mr. Harriman was spoken of here yesterday in connection with these railroad bonds. We do not care about that. What I want to know is why our money was taken out from a safe place and invested in these bonds?

Mrs. MAIN. The chairman of the finance committee would be only too glad to answer any questions that are asked, and in reply to that I would say, in the first place, that these bonds were authorized to be purchased by the National Board of Management. It was not done entirely by the finance committee, but by the National Board of Management; and I would like to read to you what I have received from New York, the best expert financial advice with regard to the Chicago and Alton bonds. I would also like to say right here, in reply to a sentence which appears in the treasurer's report, in which she states that an amount would be lost, provided we sold the bonds at this moment. What will be gained, if we keep them for five years, she has not stated. [Applause.] Nor has she stated what would have been gained had those bonds been sold when they were at their highest point. Those bonds were higher after we bought them than they were at the time of buying. Had we sold them we should have realized an addition to our fund. This is a permanent fund, which we were investing. You will see by reference to the reports that there are funds which are not available for any immediate use. I do not remember just the exact figures stated in the treasurer's report, but it was over \$24,800, which you cannot use for some time to come. We were given \$28,000, but we thought we would be on the safe side, and we only invested \$24,877, and we invested that under the very best expert advice of the best financiers in the country.

There is another point which you should bear in mind. If your money is put away in a safe deposit box, or in a savings bank, you consider that your money is perfectly safe. I should like to ask the Daughters of the American Revolution, who are sensible, common sense women, do you suppose for one moment that the money which

you give to these Trust companies is put away and locked up? (Cries of "Never.") They pay you 2 per cent. interest. They would certainly grow rich on any such management as that. They would be paying you 2 per cent. interest for the sake of keeping your money locked up. You know very well they do not do it. They invest your money, and they invest it in exactly these same railroad bonds in which we have invested. The only difference is just at this one point, that with the money invested in our own name, we get the 4 per cent. interest and not the 2 per cent. interest which they would have paid us. [Applause.] The 2 per cent. interest which they keep is what makes bank presidents and bank directors and bank stockholders grow rich, and we all know they *do* grow rich. They take your small savings and pay you a very small per cent. of interest. Then they put them out at a larger per cent., and they grow rich on the accumulations of the difference between what they receive and what they pay you. Now, why should we not have the extra money? I cannot see any reason why we should not. And when it was brought before the finance committee, they could see no reason, so we recommended it, as a committee, to the National Board of Management, and the National Board of Management asked us to consult the very best financiers in the city and bring them a report, which we did, and they sustained us and authorized us to buy these bonds. Therefore, it is your whole National Board of Management whom you attack when you attack the finance committee.

There is another thing which your finance committee did. You have had money invested for the last fifteen years, current funds, which you have had on deposit in the National Metropolitan bank. They have had sometimes \$15,000, \$20,000 and \$25,000, if not more of your money, and they have never paid you one cent of interest until this winter. They have had that money to use and to get the interest on, because it was your current funds, and they paid you no interest. This winter your committee went to that bank and suggested to them that other banks were paying 2 per cent. on current funds, and that if they could not give us 2 per cent. on *our* current funds, we should be obliged to place them in some other bank. Of course they brought it before the board of directors, and decided that they preferred to be the bank in which the Daughters of the American Revolution should place their current money. So they decided to give us that 2 per cent. interest. [Applause.] So we have brought you that interest on your current funds, something which you never had before and which you might never have had.

Now, with regard to the Chicago and Alton bonds, many of you know, if you have followed the current reports in the newspapers, that very much of this fluctuation in bonds has been for political effect, and nothing else. That railroad is certainly good for \$4,000. Who would think of saying that the Chicago and Alton railroad is not good for \$4,000? That is all we have in it. I do not think we shall lose that,

and inasmuch as that can remain there for some years, the probability is that we shall gain a great deal on that money. [Applause.]

Mrs. MURPHY. Madam President General, our chairman of the finance committee has stated that this was the action of the National Board.

Mrs. MAIN. The National Board authorized us to make these investments.

Mrs. MURPHY. Is not the treasurer general a member of the National Board, and did she not have her opportunity to object there?

Mrs. DAVIS. I did object.

Mrs. MAIN. Her objections were vehement and positive, but one objection does not carry the National Board.

Mrs. MURPHY. Her objections were overruled?

Mrs. MAIN. They were certainly outvoted. The objection of one person cannot carry the whole.

Mrs. TALLMADGE, of Ohio. Madam President General, the treasurer general in this reports says: "I further recommend that when there are sufficient funds to be invested, only United States government bonds be bought." I myself have bought 5 per cent. government bonds at four and a half which are today floated at three and a half. We all know that all bonds fluctuate. [Applause.]

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. I ask the chairman of the finance committee to read a letter which she has in relation to these investments.

Mrs. MAIN. I have letters here in my hand, which I have received today from those who gave us the expert advice with regard to these investments. If you wish them, they can all be read to you. I was about to read the first one when I began talking, and then I wandered away from it because I was so full of my subject that I could not stop to read it. It is in regard to the Chicago and Alton bonds. This comes from an expert New York financier, and it reads:

"In reply to your favor of the 8th instant concerning the bonds of the Chicago and Alton railroad company, I beg to say that I regard the issue absolutely safe beyond all question. In fact I cannot put it too strongly. Bonds have sold recently at 76. The market for them is a little irregular, as for all other bonds. I would advise against their sale at present prices, as it looks to me as if the turn has come, and bonds are due to advance."

Now, as I stated before, this is money that is not at present usable. We cannot use it now. It is not available. Therefore, there is no necessity to sell the bonds now. We will wait until they are above par.

A MEMBER. What is the name of the man who wrote that letter?

Mrs. MAIN. His name is Edward Canfield, and this is a letter which he wrote to Mr. Fleming, of the Union Trust Company.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. When questions are to be asked, they are to be asked of the Chair first, and if she permits them to be asked of the members who is speaking, she will so state. The Chair further

states that in the middle of a statement to this house by the chairman of a committee, she does not expect the statement to be interrupted. (Smiling.) The Chair would further state that she does not expect to be held responsible for the views of the New York financiers, whatever their names may be, although she is in the most hearty accord with the action of the finance committee, of which she is ex-officio a member. The Chair asked Mrs. Mussey, who is, as you know, a grand business woman, in addition to the gifts which naturally inhere in all Daughters of the American Revolution, and who is a consulting member of the finance committee, at the request of the National Board of Management, to give us her views as to the business aspect of this matter.

Mrs. MUSSEY. Madam President General and Daughters, I feel it a very great honor to be called before you as an expert. I could not claim such a character as that, but the little information I have is always at the service of the National Board and of the Daughters. Certainly in any advice I could give as to these affairs I would be more conservative than I would in regard to my own. Now, Daughters, I do not believe that there is any one in this house who is so far behind the times that she still makes a savings bank out of a stocking as they used to do. They have found that, and the stove very unsafe places. They have sometimes found that even a conservative savings bank, only paying 2 per cent. interest, does not ever pay the principal. [Applause.] No one is infallible in their advice. These investments were made first on the initiative of the finance committee, and we think it is a reasonable, respectable committee. [Great applause.] I am one of the number. You have heard the chairman of it. The President General says she is ex-officio a member of that committee, and there are other handsome women over there who are members of that committee. The report of the finance committee was adopted on the recommendation of our dear Mary Lockwood, [applause], who is a conservative woman all the time. It was adopted, and then three of us, like good little girls, went up to those great marble palaces there to consult men who are recognized all over this country as learned in finance. They took their time and they consulted with us in regard to that. They took just as much time about our little ten thousand dollars as though it were a hundred thousand dollars, and they did not take any pay for their pains either. One great association, which is under the inspection of this government, advised us as to one ten thousand dollars, and then we went across the street to the other great institution and they sat down there and they talked about it, and I told them, and we all told them, that you women had earned that money with the greatest economy and energy, and how much it meant to you if we could get five hundred dollars more a year interest for it than we were getting. Why, at times it takes two or three states to raise five

hundred dollars a year, and you want to raise that when you can without any effort. So they advised us how to place that other ten thousand dollars. We were careful. We were not going to put all our eggs in one basket. So we went across to another splendid institution, and they were glad to see us there, and they said: "Now, we think we know, but we want to make no mistake for these women who have worked for this money. It is a good thing that these women have worked and earned so much money. It is a great thing that they have built that marble palace down there. It is a great work that they are doing, and we will give them our time and our attention." So they wrote to New York in regard to that, and they got expert advice, and we acted upon it. So that \$24,000 in round numbers was invested, and you see now that it is simply a matter of education for you to understand it. [Laughter and applause.] Then the chairman of the finance committee and some other interested Daughters thought, "Here is some money on deposit in the bank, that is earning interest for somebody beside the Daughters, and the Daughters ought to have the interest on that." So they went over to the Metropolitan National Bank and said, "You cannot have our money unless you pay us interest on it." They finally hemmed and hawed and said, "We will pay you interest on it." That is what happened about it. Every bond was delivered when the money was paid, and they are all in the security box ready for you. I want to tell you, ladies, this is not the first time that you have invested in securities by any means, but for some reason it has been brought up to you as a crime that the National Board should try to do the best they could with your money. [Cries of "No, no."] That is exactly it.

Now this is a permanent fund, and they have done the best they could, on the best expert advice they had. No one woman in this organization could have got the expert advice that the great organization got through its agents.

A MEMBER. You would have had to pay for it.

Mrs. MUSSEY. Yes, you would have had to pay for it. I would not have spent the time for a client that I spent for the Daughters. Now, of course, there will be perhaps other permanent investments. I hope not, because I hope when you get your money for these special funds you will be willing that the money shall be used to carry up these walls; but of course it is within the probabilities that those things may be done in the future, and you want these funds to bear interest. You do not want to put them into stockings, and you do not want to put them in the stove pipe. You want to put them where they are safe, as this is. Now is there any point I have not covered?

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. None that the Chair thinks of.

Mrs. MAIN. The only addition that I wish to make is that this society made investments away back in 1896. You will find it in the August number, 1896, of the American Monthly Magazine. It was part of my report, which was published in the last Christmas number.

If you all read the magazine you will know what is going on. [Applause.] When I spoke of this large fund earning no money I said "the committee feels less hesitancy in approaching this matter, because previously the finance committee did make such suggestions, as is proven by the August number of the American Monthly Magazine for 1896. The finance committee through its chairman, Miss Virginia Miller, recommended that the treasurer general be authorized to invest \$25,000 of the permanent fund in her hands in a guaranteed first mortgage, which will bring 6 per cent. interest." We did not have so much money in 1896, but you see away back then you were willing to invest your money in a mortgage. Why are you not willing in 1907 to invest your money?

SEVERAL MEMBERS. We are.

MRS. BRYAN. *I move that we accept the report of the finance committee and sustain the action of our National Board of Management.*

The motion was numerously seconded, and was carried.

MRS. CARR, of New York. Madam President General, I rise to a question of information. Are these funds trust funds?

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. All moneys expended for the Daughters of the American Revolution are trust funds. Every dollar entrusted to the care of the society is a trust fund.

MRS. CARR. Is there any law in the District of Columbia which controls the investment of trust funds, as there is in New York?

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair wishes to say here that I recognize no law higher than that of the Daughters of the American Revolution [applause] for the investment of their own funds. She is not aware what the particular laws are as to that, but Mrs. Mussey, a member of the finance committee, is a lawyer of high standing in the District of Columbia, and the Chair takes it for granted that she knew what her business was when she gave the advice.

MRS. MURPHY. I know a little about trust funds and trust law. I have something to do with trust companies, and I know that unless those funds were put in the hands of a trust company, which this society is *not*, under the law, they are not under any trust laws whatever. [Applause.]

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Mrs. Murphy, of Ohio, has done exactly the thing for your president general that Mrs. Mussey was doing for us, and I am very grateful to her. When Mrs. Carr, of New York, asked if this was trust money, the Chair thought she meant it in the sentimental sense, which we all mean when we say to each other in the Daughters of the American Revolution "We entrust you with our hands," (and hearts and our interests). The Chair did not know she meant it in the *technical* sense, referring to a trust company as differentiated from a bank. Mrs. Murphy has given you the right explanation.

MRS. MURPHY. Trust laws refer to the conduct of trust companies only.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair is glad you made this point, and is grateful for the information. She now repeats it to Mrs. Carr. This is not a trust company, and therefore these are not trust funds, in the technical sense.

MRS. DRAPER. In 1896 I was treasurer general, and at that time we had bonds of the American Security and Trust Company, just one little trust company here. It seems strange now, if you will pardon my saying it, that no one ever questioned such a thing, that our money was invested in those bonds. I came here as treasurer general and read my report with a tremendous feeling of approval that we had gotten enough money to put some of it into a trust company bond, and you all applauded me; not you, but your grandmothers. [Laughter.] It was ten years ago. Then you ladies will realize this, that when that money is in the bank, every cent of money that is in the bank can be drawn out simply by the treasurer general signing her name. The bond of the treasurer general is \$20,000. We have had \$60,000 in the bank at one time, which could be drawn out simply by her signing her name. Now while we have, as now, a treasurer general whose honesty is beyond all question,—for we all know that she is absolutely honest to the last fraction of a penny—it seems to me this is the time when we should take our money and put it into bonds or investments in the name of the National Society. Not one of those bonds can be sold unless the National Board give their confirmation. When the money was deposited the other way, the signature of one person could have drawn out that \$60,000. The treasurer only had a bond of \$20,000. Where would the other \$40,000 have been? Is that business, no matter how honest any one woman is? That was the condition with which your finance committee had to deal. I am not a member of the finance committee, but I wish to join in thanking the finance committee for taking such good care of our money that we have worked so hard to raise. [Applause.]

MRS. DAVIS. Madam President General—

MRS. MURPHY. May I make a motion?

MRS. DAVIS. I have the floor, I think. Now ladies, I want to thank Mrs. Draper for testifying to my honesty. I think it has never been questioned. But she is wrong in one statement that she makes. I could not sign my name without a voucher which would accompany it. I could not check that fund out without a voucher. You have a fine system for your money and the treasurer is hedged about on every side. Now let me say to you ladies, from the very time that I entered into this treasurer's office I have urged that this system be secured in every way. I could not draw out any money on my unqualified check. You have matters which hedge me about. A voucher has to be signed, an order has to be received, and then there is another question. This is

not deposited in the name of the treasurer general, it is deposited in the bank in the name of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution. Mrs. Draper is entirely mistaken.

MRS. DRAPER. I think the treasurer general misunderstood me. I said the bonds were invested in the name of the National Society.

MRS. DAVIS. I am not talking about the bonds.

MRS. DRAPER. May I not ask the treasurer general, if I go to the bank with a check, to draw out some money, do I take my voucher with me? Never, Madam President; the bank pays that check because of the treasurer general's signature. The treasurer general could not draw such a check without a voucher because, as we all know, she is so absolutely honest. What would happen if at any future time there should be a woman who is as human as some men are—

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. No propositions as to the future!

MRS. MURPHY. *I move that we take a recess until this evening at 8 o'clock.*

The motion was seconded by Mrs. Towles and Mrs. Hardy.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. There is no further business on the program for this afternoon.

The motion of Mrs. Murphy was carried and at 4 o'clock and 35 minutes p. m. the congress took a recess until 8 o'clock p. m.

TUESDAY EVENING.

The congress resumed its session at 8.45 p. m.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair is very sorry to announce that the recording secretary general, Miss Pierce, is obliged to be absent for a while this evening, and the Chair appoints Mrs. Mussey to act as secretary pro tem., unless there is objection from the house. I hear none, and I will ask Mrs. Mussey to be good enough to act in that capacity pro tem.

MISS MARY HELEN LEEFE sang "Arioso" by Deliebe, and "Fruchlingzeit" by Reinhold Becker.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. When we have music and beauty both combined, to begin our evening, we can only have happy auguries for the rest of it. We will now proceed to the business of the evening, which is listening to the reports of standing committees. The first standing committee whose report we are about to listen to, is that on Revolutionary relics, of which committee Mrs. Kendall, of Maine, is chairman.

MRS. KENDALL, chairman of the committee on Revolutionary relics, presented the following report: [Applause.]

REPORT OF THE CHAIRMAN OF THE COMMITTEE ON REVOLUTIONARY RELICS.

Madam President General and Daughters of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution: The chairman of the Revolutionary relics committee would respectfully submit the following report:

The first act was the writing to each member of the committee asking that an effort be made to secure at least one article for the museum. Although a formal meeting has as yet been impossible owing to the geographical location of its members we hope ere the congress concludes to have at least one meeting. Answers were received from most of them and an interest created which aids in the work.

MRS. ROBERTSON, of South Carolina, respectfully submits the following report:

Madam President General and Daughters of the American Revolution of the National Society of the American Revolution: Probably every committee in this great organization considers itself the most important and essential of all those named and perhaps it is best so, for only when we have unlimited enthusiasm for, and belief in the objects for which we are working can we hope for the best results.

It is not strange that those who own those treasures which are the material records of that momentous period in our history, find it each year more difficult to part with them for memories cluster about them of the family life which are so precious to any one possessed of any sentiment whatsoever.

Our task is difficult to persuade these people that it is just and generous to place these where fire cannot destroy them nor time scatter them beyond recall. Probably to-day there are many articles of matchless beauty and great value which are hiding away in trunks and forgotten closets which would be an education in themselves.

We are rich in promises and it had been a cherished wish that we might bring to this congress an announcement that a collection of almost priceless value had been finally disposed of to us. But the fates willed otherwise. The owner is in Europe just now but if satisfied that Memorial Continental Hall is fireproof we shall fall heir to it. A number of valuable documents of which the photographs are here will be presented when the museum is ready.

A piece of the Charter Oak for more than 50 years owned by Mrs. DeB. Randolph Keim, and by her presented to the committee for the museum. A teapot from the *Mayflower* and a piece of embroidery from Virginia have also been given.

It takes a broad conception of life and a farsightedness which is uncommon, to realize that, it is a duty to preserve these ties which have a power to educate this rising generation in American history. We urge that in this as in all else the personal side be put far away and the greatest good of the many be considered and when you have that

which properly belongs in this museum we trust you will place it beyond harm and do your part in building the great whole, which will be a lasting testimony to past, present and future.

A picture of a thrilling situation is presented by Mr. Frank Bostick Martin, who is a Son of the American Revolution, the incident being the stopping of British couriers and the taking from them the important despatches by the ancestresses of Mrs. Martin who were disguised as men. It is rare and beautiful and is in itself an illustration of the bond of sympathy between the Sons and Daughters.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Ladies, you have heard this very interesting report of the chairman of the committee on Revolutionary relics. What is your pleasure? It is in order to accept the report.

On motion of Mrs. Campbell, properly seconded, the report was accepted.

MRS. KENDALL. I have here a picture which was presented by Mr. Frank Martin, of the District, portraying the incident where his ancestors were disguised and stopped the British couriers. I also desire to acknowledge a gift which came this evening, since I came to the hall. It is a piece of wood from the ship *Ranger*, which was commanded by the great Paul Jones. Six small pictures are being framed with this wood, and will be presented to our museum, from Mrs. Robertson, of South Carolina. [Applause.]

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. A very inspiring and welcome telegram has just been received by the president general, and she asks the official reader to read it to you.

The official reader read the following telegram:

NEW YORK, *April 16, 1907*

MRS. DONALD McLEAN;

Daughters American Revolution, Washington, D. C.

The Sons of the American Revolution send greetings to the Daughters now in congress assembled and to their esteemed president general Mrs. Donald McLean. The Sons wish you great pleasure and profit from your deliberations and success in all your patriotic work.

CORNELIUS AMERY PUGSLEY,

Prest. Gen. S. A. R.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. It is certainly very agreeable to know, whatever we may admit as to the stronger brain, that the stronger arm of the country is with us in our patriotic work! I should be very happy to have resolutions offered in response, so that we may send a telegram.

MRS. ROBBINS, of New York. *Madam President General, I move that we send a reply to the Sons of the American Revolution, that we accept their telegram of congratulation with a great deal of appreciation, and desire to felicitate the Sons of the American Revolution in return.*

The motion was seconded by Mrs. Terry and unanimously carried.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. The next report will be by Mrs. Patton, chairman of the national university committee.

Mrs. Patton, chairman of the national university committee presented the following report:

NATIONAL UNIVERSITY COMMITTEE. STATE REPORT.

During the year the national university committee has held several meetings and we feel, we have laid the foundation of work which will be of great benefit to our society.

The committee was most anxious to arrange a course of lectures to be given in our Memorial Continental Hall, and in consultation with President Needham of the George Washington university about subjects of lectures which could be given, their committee suggested: First, a course of twenty lectures upon "Epochs of American History from the Discovery of America to the Mexican War" to be delivered by university professors selected from the different universities; second, a seminary course extending over the period covered by the lectures, calculated for the benefit of those who wished to enter into a more detailed study of the period, either through research work, or collateral reading and secondary sources. The committee was greatly disappointed that owing to the limitation of time between the period when the Hall could be put in order for the delivery of the lectures, and the date of the meeting of the Sixteenth Continental Congress, it was impossible this year to arrange for these lectures, but we thoroughly appreciate the coöperation of the President and committee of the George Washington university in this movement and hope that next year we may be able to avail ourselves of their kindness and make suitable arrangements for the lectures, and we hope that we may have the support of this congress in furthering the work of our national university committee.

MRS. ALEXANDER E. PATTON,
Chairman.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Ladies, you have heard this very interesting report. Before it is accepted, I would state that it is a matter very near the heart of your president general, as well as the chairman of that committee, that we should some day soon be enabled to send out from this great hall the spirit of American patriotism through the teaching of American history to the general public; for sooner or later during each year almost the whole nation visits Washington, and we earnestly desire your warm coöperation.

MRS. BRYAN. *I move that the report be accepted.*

The motion was seconded by Mrs. Erwin and carried.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. I will now ask for the report of the committee on the preservation of historic spots, of which Mrs. Matthew T.

Scott is chairman. Ladies, it gives me special pride to introduce Mrs. Scott to you. You have all loved her in the past as vice-president general, and we all love her now in *propria personae*. [Applause.]

Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, chairman of the committee on preservation of historic spots, presented the following report:

REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON HISTORIC SPOTS.

Madam President General and Members of the Sixteenth Continental Congress: [Applause.]

Your committee regrets that a detailed account of what has been done in the last two years towards the "Preservation of Historic Spots," would be largely a repetition of the reports of state regents and of the Smithsonian report. That very little that is original, and that has not come, or will not come to you through other channels of information, has come to us.

If we have any claims upon your indulgence, it is, that we have perhaps partially paved the way for a more comprehensive grasp of the work, and for broadening lines in carrying it on, when the time shall have come—on completion of Memorial Continental Hall—for giving it the supreme place its importance demands.

Certainly no more interesting or important work has been assumed by the Daughters of the American Revolution, than this educational patriotic effort to impress on the present, and on coming generations, reverence for, and the duty of sacredly guarding these relics of our country's romantic or heroic past.

The report of last year, delayed, on account of illness and absence from the country, stated that.

In response to more than one thousand letters, circulars and postal cards, sent out before I went abroad, all endorsed by the members of the committee and by the president general, many most interesting, and always courteous replies were received, involving a voluminous correspondence; but with the aid of a competent secretary, every communication was promptly acknowledged, and information, when asked, given so far as possible. So many inquiries were made as to markers for graves of Revolutionary soldiers furnished by the government, that exact and definite information in full detail on this point, was secured from the United States Quartermaster-General at Washington. This information with instructions from the quartermaster-general, Mrs. Avery, was kind enough to publish at once in full in the February number of the American Monthly, 1906, and to this number of the magazine I have since (by a printed postal card) referred all these inquiries.

That there has been some misapprehension as to the scope of this committee, and also in regard to these markers, is evidenced by numerous applications for assistance of one sort or another in securing these markers, in establishing claims, in proving genealogy, and in providing financial help.

It was impossible, owing to the long distance which separated its members, to secure a meeting last year. It has been equally impossible this year before the meeting of congress.

I believe that in a few cases interest has been created in the search for, and study of historic places. In many instances it has been greatly quickened. But the greater number of chapter regents feel, I apprehend, that their obligations in this line have been complied with, in reporting the interest and work in their chapters for historic sites—to their state regent, who in turn, transmits this information to the compiler of the Smithsonian report, the inference being, that further stimulus or further report to this committee is not necessary.

History, legend, and tradition, have indissolubly associated many sites still unmarked, still undiscovered even, with thrilling occurrences in our "storied past."

Wherever there are evidences of the great struggle that made us a nation, it is the patriotic privilege of our society, in these states, to inaugurate by state, and other available means, successful measures, for the preservation of these relics of a vanished age, and to point to them as object lessons in patriotism.

The busy spirit of commercialism has obliterated many of the marks of the pioneers. The remorseless march of time and devastation of the elements, have effaced traces of frontiersmen, voyagers, soldiers, forts, stockades, burying grounds, battle-fields, that breathe the very spirit of deathless courage and devotion on the part of the men and women and won for us the priceless heritage we enjoy to-day.

This noble policy of preserving the landmarks of our national growth and struggle—in colonial and revolutionary times—besides fostering a spirit of gratitude to the selfsacrificing heroes of earlier days, teaches its own lesson of patriotism and duty to the youth of the land, with whom rests its future, and for whom, we would fain preserve, unlowered and untarnished standards and ideals.

The following most valuable suggestions were made by Mrs. Ammon, of Pennsylvania, and were published by courtesy of Mrs. Avery in the February, March and April numbers of the American Monthly Magazine.

It is proposed that the state historian shall be requested to secure a list of the places of historic interest of the Revolutionary period, as yet unmarked in her state, and send such information to the chairman of the committee on preservation of historic spots.

The object is this—after Memorial Continental Hall is completed there will be a grand rally to the preservation of historic spots and buildings. In localities where there are chapters, such chapters either have taken care of, or will take care of, their own responsibilities, either by doing the work, or securing sufficient assistance from other chapters to have the work accomplished.

In many localities there are no chapters and in some where there

are "Historic Spots" there are chapters too small to meet the obligation alone.

If each state would, during the building of Continental Hall, secure all of the data relating to this subject, such as place, ownership, possibility of marking or purchasing the same, make and mature plans for the work involved, then we would not be losing so much time in this branch of our work, and taking our chances of having more "Historic Spots" pass out of our reach or meet with destruction.

It is suggested that these lists should be sent to the chairman of the committee on preservation of historic spots, because there should be a headquarters for the filing of such information, and from which information can be obtained. Then, too, there are possible cases where the National Society would be interested in assisting or in doing the work as in Meadow Garden Farm and other places."

Your committee would recommend the adoption of these suggestions by state historians, and where no state historian has been appointed, the appointment of some lady by the state regent, whose duty it will be, to gather now, data and information, which will be invaluable at a later day.

Mrs. Willard Keller, of New York, advised dividing the forty-six states between the seventeen ladies of this committee, each lady to secure her own sub-committee. Eight of the ladies accepted these chairmanships with most interesting and satisfactory results, which will be incorporated in supplements that will be published in the American Monthly Magazine.

The importance of securing state aid in this work has been strenuously urged by this committee and we would further recommend, that all the influence, that "Daughters" individually or collectively can exert, be brought to bear upon general assemblies, and governors, to induce the financial assistance our legislatures ought to afford in this patriotic work.

We are often asked why, in this material age, the Daughters of the American Revolution should yield to a mere sentiment in this matter of marking old graves, and restoring old historic sites, and have been advised, that these two-century old by-gones, should be relegated to the past, in behalf of more urgent interests of the day and hour.

We understand thoroughly, that no intrinsic value attaches to these places, but as land-marks—commemorative of the heroism of the pioneers, who, undaunted by savage foe or other perils, through wilderness and marsh—"through trackless canebrake and wooded waste, across swift running, bridgeless streams and yawning chasms, their flint locks, their commissariat," blazed the way for the splendid results of which we to-day are the beneficiaries,—I think these old land marks are fully deserving of the consideration they are at last receiving.

It was at these old frontier forts and stockades and blockhouses and trading posts, that the germs of our civilization and national life were

planted and nurtured, by those first traders, priests, frontiersmen and soldiers, who—albeit unconsciously—but I fancy, with some genius of instinct for the future, worked out the early problems of what we now know and glory in as Americanism. We cannot afford indifference to, or neglect of these memorials of early struggles; unless indeed, we are willing, to transmit material interests only, not life's highest ambitions, and its noblest ideals, to coming generations.

It is a sentiment, and merely a sentiment, but a patriotic sentiment, strong and ineradicable as a law of nature, which first inspired, and not impels, the Daughters of the American Revolution, "to perpetuate the spirit of the men and women, who achieved American independence by the acquisition and protection of historical spots, and the erection of monuments." [Applause.]

MRS. MATTHEW T. SCOTT,
Chairman.

I want to say that since coming to Washington I have received so much material that I think it will take a section of the museum to hold it.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. I need not remark that it is one of the most interesting and valuable phases of our work which has just been alluded to.

MRS. BAILEY, of Oregon. *I should like to have the pleasure of moving that this admirable report on the preservation of historic spots be accepted.*

The motion was properly seconded and carried.

MRS. MAIN. It has been requested by many members of this congress that Mrs. Potts, whom many of you heard sing last year, should give you at this present moment "Maryland, my Maryland."

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. The Chair knows it will give as much pleasure to the audience as it will to the president general.

Mrs. Potts sang "Maryland, my Maryland."

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. This is from one Daughter of Maryland to another (handing a bunch of flowers to Mrs. Potts and kissing her). I desire to say to this congress that it is not only a delightful tribute to your president general to sing "Maryland, my Maryland" to-night,—but we have with us also the president of the Maryland society in New York, the Rev. Dr. Steele.

MRS. POTTS. Madam President General and ladies of the congress, I do not address my one word that I was going to say to the president general, because perhaps she would not want me to say it; but all my life I have envied those beautiful old ladies who were kissed by Lafayette; but now I envy them no longer. [Applause and laughter.]

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. After such an outburst of sentiment, there is nothing that can satisfy our patriotic hearts but patriotic education. We will now listen to the report on patriotic education, by Miss Mecum, of New Jersey.

Miss Mecum presented the following report of the committee on patriotic education:

REPORT OF THE CHAIRMAN OF THE COMMITTEE ON PATRIOTIC EDUCATION.

Madam President General and Members of the Sixteenth Continental Congress: It is my privilege to make my second report for the committee on patriotic education, and it is with great satisfaction that I can assure you that there has been a large increase in interest in this branch of our National work.

The committee has held two meetings during the year, and has endorsed the work of the Southern Industrial Educational Association, of Washington, D. C. Also the text book written by Miss Estelle Avery Sharpe, of Ohio, a member of this committee, entitled "Civics and Ethics" a course prepared for the use of the first eight grades in our public schools. In February Miss Sharpe was asked to represent our committee at a conference of educational associations. Mr. Nathan Schaeffer, President of the National Educational Association, presided. "Civics and Ethics," Miss Sharpe's book noted above, received very favorable consideration.

We find that very valuable work is being done in the instruction of the adult alien. Lectures have been translated and given in Portuguese, Hungarian, Italian, Yiddish, and Finnish. In connection with this, we may say that as an outgrowth of a state meeting held two years ago in New Jersey when patriotic education was the topic of the session, a most excellent little pamphlet entitled "A Catechism for Immigrants to the United States" was prepared. This gives in very simple language information of much that must otherwise for years be a mystery to the adult alien. Also through the interest aroused at this meeting in one of the Chief Justices of New Jersey, a commission was formed by the Governor to look into the subject of the instructions of non-English speaking aliens in the knowledge of our institutions. The solution recommended, is the establishment of night schools for particular instruction in the English language and American Government. A law authorizing the establishment of such schools was passed at the last session of the legislature. New Jersey has the distinction of being the first state in the Union to take action in this direction and it is ardently hoped that eventually it may become a National movement.

Our president general spoke before this commission most eloquently of the work undertaken by the Daughters of the American Revolution in patriotic education, making a deep impression.

In regard to the work among the Southern mountaineers, we are glad to report great activity, and a real awakening to the sense of our responsibilities. From all parts of the country have come most encouraging reports. Many chapters have taken scholarships through the Southern Industrial Educational Association of Washington, D. C.,

which we would here state is a finely organized, and well conducted body. Most careful supervision is given by them to the schools receiving their assistance and where it is possible industrial teachers have been placed by them in the schools and colleges already established. Their aim is to keep the mountaineer upon his own little inheritance, and teach him how to make a living from it, rather than to allow him to take his family to the milling towns where the children are put at an early age to work in the mills, with most deplorable results. Hence they are introducing teachers in agriculture, carpentering, etc., for the boys, and sewing, cooking, weaving, etc., for the girls. Other chapters have sent their scholarships directly to the schools and colleges established by different religious bodies. However it goes, it helps along the good work.

The Vacation School and Playground, with its garden is being established in many localities. So great an authority as Jacob Riis says "In the development of the small thief into an incorruptibly honest laborer, the garden or farm patch has a foremost place. Give a thief something to own and protect and he respects property rights. Train the girls of our immense immigrant population to home making in every way, putting first of all the getting of a good, wholesome meal that will satisfy the bodily cravings; place in the hands of the mischievous, ever busy lad the tools of some craft, and you are beginning the making of good Americans. These little farm patches have been given out in the vicinity of many cities with marvelously good results.

Another suggestion comes in the forming of children's civic clubs, even the simplest games of the smallest children can be the medium through which may be taught obedience to law. We have a most interesting report of good work of this character which is being carried on among the children of the East side in New York City. Your chairman had the privilege to address the children in the Baron De Hirsch schools in New York City on Memorial Day, and must bear her testimony to the splendid work being done in patriotic education by the Educational Alliance among the Russian Jews.

In the South a great body of women have banded themselves together to make better the conditions of their country schools.

The Society of the Children of the Republic keeps up its good work. The school city is spreading. In New Jersey several have been organized quite lately. No doubt the National committee will make a good report.

We find that in almost every state in the union, committees have been formed to take up this work of patriotic education, and we are convinced that a magnificent beginning has been made in this branch of our society's work. Indeed the following reports give distinct proof of it.

RHODE ISLAND.

Bristol Chapter has offered two prizes, one of \$10 and one of \$5, to the pupils of the Warren and Bristol high schools for the best essay on the Puritan Governors. This chapter has made inquiries of the principals of the day and evening schools and has found that the pledge of allegiance to the flag is given daily.

Gaspee Chapter, through its prize at the Women's college in Brown university has been the means of awarding \$40 to Miss Ursula Hope Devenish for an essay on the Sons of Liberty in New England. This \$40 is the income of the \$1,000 prize known as the Gaspee Chapter Daughters of the American Revolution prize. The above sum is awarded annually to the student in the graduating class of the Women's college in Brown university who shall present the best essay upon American History, the subject always being chosen by the professor of history in Brown university.

The lectures illustrated by stereopticon were translated into Yiddish and delivered by Mr. Lasker, a student in Brown university, at the expense of the chapter under its auspices to the Russian Jews in Providence. The chapter is now having Mr. Lasker translate the two remaining lectures in its course in American history to be delivered in the spring, 1907.

The lectures are given in the halls of one of the grammar schools of Providence.

Pawtucket Chapter has done so much work in improving the park in Pawtucket that it has not taken up patriotic educational work this year.

Woonsocket Chapter has given \$10 for a patriotic picture for one of the schools, and a five dollar prize for the best essay on the "Burning of the Gaspee."

The *Narragansett Chapter* has given a prize to the pupil in the grammar school department presenting the best essay on a Revolutionary subject.

The *General Nathaniel Greene Chapter* has given a large flag to fly from the grammar school building and also presented three small silk flags with staffs for the inside of a school building. The chapter has also given some pictures to the school houses.

The *William Ellery Chapter* offers a prize of \$10 in gold to a scholar in the Newport school, for the best essay on Revolutionary subjects.

The *Phocbe Green Ward Chapter* has offered one prize of \$10 to the student in the high school who presents the best historical essay, and a prize of \$5 for the best historical composition in the grammar schools.

The *Flintlock and Powderhorn Chapter* has voted to offer prizes in the public schools the coming year.

A request was made to the *Gaspee Chapter* for a flag for the Hin-

man school in the mountains of Tennessee, and Mrs. Richard Jackson Barker, vice president general National Society Daughters of the American Revolution and the secretary of the committee on patriotic education, presented to the school in the name of Gaspee Chapter, an eight by twelve feet, best grade of bunting flag.

OHIO.

In Ohio four kinds of patriotic educational work are being carried on, viz: Lectures to foreigners in their native languages; Conferences among the Finns of Painesville; The Civic League; and The Children of the Republic.

The Civic League by Miss Estelle Avery Sharpe, of Fremont, Ohio, and the Children of the Republic in various cities, were adopted by our state conference as a common duty for Ohio chapters. These works are thriving. The conference in Painesville, was suggested by the Finnish population, itself. It is a meeting where these foreigners ask the questions they long to express on governmental and civil matters, and public affairs generally, of the committee from the Daughters of the American Revolution Chapter, or of persons they invite to give the answers. The foreign adults have in this way, a simple, oral method of getting much desired, and to them valuable information.

The Children of the Republic enterprise in Ohio continues steadily on its way. Six new clubs have been added to the number of last year, and the workers in this field are gratified by tangible results. One club directress expressed her sense of this by saying: "It was just like putting seed in the ground and seeing it sprout." More detailed items on this subject will be given in the report of the chairman of the National committee, on Children of the Republic.

The *Columbus Chapter*, under the lead of its able and energetic regent, Mrs. Edward Orton, has organized the system of lectures to Hungarians in Columbus in their own language on American history and civics; and the first lecture to a large audience of that nation was read by their pastor in the Slav language.

MISSOURI

Reports that nearly every chapter in the state is taking some part in the work of patriotic education. Many of the chapters contribute regularly and liberally to establish and maintain playgrounds for school children, and all the chapters give medals or offer prizes for essays on patriotic and historical subjects. One chapter has contributed to the education of the children of the mountaineers of North Carolina, who are really Sons of the American Revolution. At the state conference held in St. Louis, Missouri, November 1, 1906, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the Missouri Daughters of the American Revolution

take up as their state work, patriotic education among the mountaineers of the Ozark mountains, in the normal school, at Forsythe, Taney county, Missouri."

One hundred dollars will be given as a scholarship for the education of some boy or girl. Several of the chapters have been active in the work of improving and beautifying school yards, and encouraging the planting and culture of shade and ornamental trees, by the school children.

NEW MEXICO.

The public school system in New Mexico is managed in the most progressive way, all the national holidays are observed, even in the smallest school in the most remote parts of Mexico. The state Arbor day has been made a special "flag day," which is observed in all the schools.

The salute to the flag is given, stories and poems of America's heroes are recited, etc.

NEW JERSEY

Reports that *Continental Chapter* gives an annual \$5-prize for the best patriotic essay written in the Plainfield high schools.

Jersey Blue gives an annual \$5 school prize; it has also organized a Visiting Nurses' Association. The expenses of this have been guaranteed by the chapter. As the work will be done largely among the foreign population it may be noted under this head. Under the auspices of the *Bergen Chapter* a series of illustrated lectures on good citizenship has been arranged to be given at the Whittier House, Jersey City's social settlement.

To the people of Montclair the *Eagle Rock Chapter* and the summer school and playground are synonymous terms. Patriotism is their object, and the Maple avenue work is patriotism in action. For five years this has been in successful operation. Two hundred and fifty-one children pay the membership fee of ten cents. The total number of children that have used the playgrounds and various classes has been 10,655, with a daily average of 205. Sewing, cooking, carpentering, outdoor sports, swimming, etc., are taught and a kindergarten maintained. The good that is accomplished is beyond estimate, for with this practical work goes the daily contact with teachers with high ideals. The seeds of truthfulness and honesty are sown, and ideas of patriotism installed, which will go far to make the children worthy American citizens.

The *Orange Mountain Chapter* is doing fine work in patriotic education. A prize was given to an Italian boy for the best declamation of the Declaration of Independence; to another for an essay on "The Advantages of American Citizenship." A set of American poems and one of American history, being the prizes. Lectures have been given in

Italian to large audiences. The regent, Mrs. Herbert Turrell, has contributed several lectures to the state uses. A class in art, for children over twelve years in age, is being formed. One lecture has been given to this class.

Boudinot Chapter arranged a course of lectures to be given to the Italians of Elizabeth. Mrs. Henry Elliot Mott has contributed an excellent lecture on "Good Citizenship" to the state committee.

Kate Aylesford gave an illustrated lecture to the Italian children in Hammonton and will contribute \$5 annually to the Southern Industrial Educational Association toward a day scholarship for a girl from the southern mountains.

Trent Chapter has contributed \$50 to the same association, to be used in sending five girls from the mountain district to school for nine months.

Camp Middlebrook Chapter has given the usual school prizes.

Oak Tree Chapter will contribute \$5 annually toward a scholarship.

Haddonfield Chapter will contribute \$10 annually.

General Frelinghuysen Chapter will contribute \$20 annually for two day scholarships, to the same association.

Noxa Caesarea Chapter has promised \$50 annually, for seven years, for the education of a pupil from the mountains in Marysville College. It gives a \$10 gold prize annually for the best patriotic essay written in the Newark high schools. One of its members has arranged for a course of illustrated lectures on patriotic subjects, to be given in the Jewish district in Newark.

Princeton reports that the Daughters of the American Revolution of that place are working in connection with an association called "the Society of the Friends of the Italians." A very interesting story illustrating the hold that our great Washington has taken upon these people may not be out of place just here.

When the headquarters at Rocky Hill was purchased, some Italian workmen were employed about the place. Upon learning that Washington had lived in this house for some months they obtained access to one of the rooms and kept an ever-burning lamp there; this was not a religious observance, but an offering of respect and affection for the "Father of their Adopted Country."

MINNESOTA

Is vitally interested in the educational work of our society. Their two large cities, St. Paul and Minneapolis, have a large foreign population, and four of their chapters have done patriotic work among them, by giving patriotic programs for the settlements, by distributing flags in some of the rooms, and by presenting two of the schools in foreign districts with framed copies of the Declaration of Independence.

Several of the chapters gave annually a prize of \$5 for the best essay

upon a patriotic subject, and one of the Duluth chapters reports that they intend to study "The School City" next year.

OKLAHOMA.

The one chapter in the state, the *Oklahoma Chapter*, framed a memorial to those working upon a constitution for the new state of Oklahoma, urging "that nothing may be put in the constitution which would interfere or debar the forming of a juvenile court, when the time comes to form and establish such a court." This has been favorably acted upon and the court will be opened in the autumn.

MICHIGAN

Reports that the *Louisa St. Clair Chapter* voted a \$10 scholarship for a child in the North Carolina mountains. This chapter contributes \$60 a year toward the education of a young girl, a descendent of its patron saint, and has continued its fine work in the city settlement, which reaches the foreign element in a most satisfactory way. Delightful entertainments have been given every two weeks. The regent has addressed the children of the Protestant Orphan Asylum and a boys' club, on the celebration of Washington's birthday, and kindred patriotic topics. Many chapters offer prizes to the public school children, thus inducing study, and is one of the best educational movements. Some chapters which can give no specific reports for the committee, still feel that their very existence is an education in patriotism, giving, as they do, object lessons in reverence for the flag, observance for patriotic days, reverence for ancestors, home and country.

Each year makes us realize that the future work of our society is the *educational* aim of our constitution, and that this affords an inexhaustible field for our energy and devotion.

IDAHO

Reports that there are excellent schools within its borders, few foreigners, and little necessity for work. Prizes for essays on the "Overland Trail Through Idaho" have been offered. They desire printed cards placed in each school containing the form of allegiance to the flag and country for daily use.

TEXAS

Has appointed a committee on patriotic education, and writes that they feel that such a committee is just what was needed in the Daughters of the American Revolution, to give a reason for its existence. They note with pleasure that this work has been successful in other states and hope that its inauguration in Texas will also be fruitful of good results.

MAINE

Reports that copies of the Declaration of Independence have been placed in the school buildings throughout the state and in the smaller places the chapters have done good work in presenting the public libraries with important historical works. They have coöperated with other patriotic-spirited citizens in establishing a public playground in Portland.

They have asked for, and obtained from the chapter at Painesville, Ohio, some lectures on "Our Country," translated into Finnish, to be given to a colony of that nation in Maine.

ALABAMA.

In this state the subject of patriotic education was brought forcibly before the state conference, and much interest was manifested. Many plans were made for future work. One chapter will educate and care for a very bright deaf mute, and is assisting in supporting the free kindergarten. Much good work is promised for the future.

UTAH.

The *Spirit of Liberty Chapter* gave the usual medal this year for the best patriotic oration given by a senior high school girl. The Daughters of the American Revolution have worked with the clubs throughout the state of Utah, and have assisted in having passed in the legislature four bills for the betterment of the conditions of women and children. The juvenile court law was remodeled, and made constitutional, where formerly it has been pronounced unconstitutional. A school for defective children has been established.

They have also given their support and helped to establish the Canyon Crest Farm, where thirty-nine homeless boys have been trained for the past year, and hope to have a manual training school in operation by another year. Prominent Daughters of the American Revolution are working as members of educational boards.

MONTANA

Regrets that it has accomplished nothing this year in patriotic education, but hopes for a better showing in the year to come.

NEW HAMPSHIRE

Reports that interest in patriotic education is increasing. Several chapters have appointed committees to take up this work. Prizes are offered by many chapters in the schools for essays on patriotic subjects; Flag day, and other such occasions have been observed in some of the schools by special exercises appropriate to the day. In Concord, they have succeeded in havng some of our National hymns sung at all

graduation exercises. In Claremont, members of the chapter give talks in the evening schools which are composed mostly of foreigners. In other places, chapter members have spoken to the day scholars. Some chapters have contributed money to the work among the mountaineers of the South.

NORTH CAROLINA

Reports that the school children have for years been drilled in patriotism, that they gave the usual prizes and medals for essays on patriotic subjects. North Carolina day is observed with appropriate exercises. The work for "The Betterment of Country Schools" originated in North Carolina. This has spread largely throughout the South.

WASHINGTON

Is continuing the good work reported last year. Teaching the salute to the Flag, giving prizes for essays on Revolutionary subjects, talks illustrated by Colonial and Revolution relics, etc. Instruction is given in the proper hanging of the Flag. The Daughters of the American Revolution and the school authorities are working well together.

NEW YORK.

The New York state committee on patriotic education assigned different branches of its work to sub-committees. Voluntary contributions have been made by the members of the committee to the amount of one hundred and twenty dollars to defray the expense of translating lectures, and for the purchase of slides.

Mrs. Henry S. Bowron, chairman of sub-committee, reports having distributed to six chapters 400 books in English and Italian on civic education containing instructions for immigrants. Also one hundred to the chapter regents throughout the state.

Lectures on the following subjects have been written. "About America" (in four parts) by the Rev. Dr. Nehemiah Boynton, another "America of To-day," was obtained through the courtesy of Mrs. Barker, vice-president general from Rhode Island, and one on "The American Flag," compiled by Mrs. Bowron.

Lectures in Italian with fifty slides have been sent to chapters and given with great success. The Flag lecture with forty slides was prepared for Cayuga Chapter.

Buffalo Chapters through its regent, Mrs. John Miller Horton, member of this committee, has greatly increased its work along this line of patriotic education, having given forty illustrated lectures on the history of our country before large audiences of foreigners at a cost of four hundred dollars.

Mrs. Ovid B. Hyde, chairman of sub-committee on night schools has addressed many foreign born pupils and their parents explaining to

them the meaning of our Thanksgiving-day, telling them of our home life, and speaking on many other commonplace questions in a simple manner. This chairman was instrumental in the establishment of a night school for foreigners in a locality in Greater New York and has received voluntary subscriptions of money to be used in these schools.

Mrs. Samuel Bowne Duryea, chairman of sub-committee on public playground, has corresponded with several chapters and advised regarding formation and equipment of same, and has also been the recipient of voluntary contributions of money to be appropriated for the support of playgrounds already organized.

Miss Pierce, chairman of sub-committee on Children of the Republic and school, city, is carrying on the work in the state begun by her before the organization of this committee.

Miss Hasbrouck, another member, reports a band of forty boys who meet once a week and are addressed by citizens on civic government, banking, army and navy, first aid to the injured, and other kindred subjects. Much has been done to inspire them with a love for their country, all of which has been very successful.

Mrs. Charles H. Terry, chairman of the sub-committee of the work of "The Mountaineers of the South" has spoken upon the subject before many chapters and clubs. Speaking to one resulted in two barrels of clothing, valued at one hundred and fifty dollars being shipped to schools in the South. A chapter on the Hudson contributed fifty dollars for the education of a descendant of a patriot for one year, a sum they intend giving each year. They will also send him clothing, conserving always a personal interest in him.

Speaking before another chapter resulted in an appropriation being made of seventy-five dollars for lectures to be delivered in an Italian quarter.

The members of this committee who have undertaken this work entered into it with zeal which has never faltered, and have interested hundreds who never gave this particular kind of work a thought before.

Their correspondence alone, which is not confined to the limits of the state, has been very large, more than five hundred letters have been written. While the chairmen of sub-committees feel they have laid a broad foundation upon which the work can be successfully carried on and extended illimitably, the field is so wide and the work of such deep interest.

PENNSYLVANIA.

The *Philadelphia Chapter* began in 1902 to give prizes of \$25.00 for school essays, this year they have given six such prizes.

They have contributed \$100.00 for the education of two girls from the mountains of the South. The former Commissioner of Education for the Phillipine Islands, says that the club house in Manilla recently erected by the Daughters of the American Revolution in Pennsylvania

is one of the most potent factors for the improvement of the moral condition of the enlisted men in these islands. The one force which promises the most for the future, by providing a clean, moral centre for the life of the enlisted men, surely there can be no better work done in patriotic education.

The *Witness Tree Chapter* has succeeded in interesting several chapters who have joined it in raising a fund to educate a mountain girl in the schools at Hinman. They also secured a piano from Heppe Sons, of Philadelphia, for this same school and a barrel of clothing from the Quaker City Chapter, of Philadelphia. No doubt much more work has been done in this state but owing to the illness of the state chairman, no report has been submitted to the National Committee.

VIRGINIA.

Virginia reports that nearly all of their chapters give a gold medal for school essays on Revolutionary subjects. Each year more interest is manifested. One chapter gives the prize for work in American History. Some chapters observe Flag day when flags are distributed. Copies of the Declaration of Independence have been framed and hung in school buildings. Valuable reference books have been presented to school libraries, and lectures have been given. Much valuable work has been done by coöperation with the churches for the education of the Mountain Whites. Virginia has not had the problem of moulding the immigrant into American citizenship forced upon it heretofore, but this year the tide has turned that way, and they realize that they must follow the example and profit by the experience of the Daughters of the American Revolution of other states in this work.

WISCONSIN.

Wisconsin reports that many chapters have awarded prizes for the best essays on American History in the eighth grade of the public schools.

TENNESSEE.

Tennessee reports the several chapters have formed clubs among the factory boys. Another has a club for the mountain children. Another gives talks on patriotic subjects to the schools. Several chapters give medals for school essays on patriotic subjects. Another chapter makes a great feature of Flag day. The Forest Rifles of the State Guards coöperate in the exercises.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Individually the chapters have each done what has come as an opportunity, and each hopes another year to accomplish greater results. The following chapters have each done something worthy of note:

Lydia Cobb Chapter has contributed toward the support of the Boys Club, of Taunton, which is from as nearly the slum district as there is in that city.

Samuel Adams Chapter has offered \$10 in prizes, for the best historical composition on American History, written by pupils of the High school of Methuen.

Betsy Ross Chapter has presented five large flags to five schools in Lawrence.

The *Boston Tea Party Chapter* has given \$50 for a scholarship to educate the Mountaineers, \$25 to Meigs Seminary, \$10 to Boston History Class, and \$10 toward a traveling library.

The *Captain John Joslin Chapter* has given prizes in the public schools for the best written essay, and \$10 for a scholarship in some school for Mountain Whites.

The *Sarah Bradlee Fulton Chapter* has compiled and edited a "Year Book of Patriotic Selections."

The *Abiah Folger Franklin Chapter* gives an annual prize in the Nantucket school for best rank in American History.

The *Margaret Corbin Chapter* has given the use of the "Skule House," which is owned by them, to the Junior Society of Boys and Girls of Chelsea.

The *Paul Revere Chapter* has sent \$100 to help support the history class in Dennison House, also \$25 toward the education of a mountain white at Marysville College.

Martha's Vineyard Chapter has placed pictures of George Washington in all the schools of the town, also given large flags to the schools.

John Paul Jones Chapter has given \$40 for a scholarship to Atlanta University and is to offer prizes in gold for the best essay on "The Value of Peace between Nations" to the upper grade pupils in Paul Jones school.

Molly Varnum Chapter has continued the sewing class among the Greek girls in Lowell and expects to start a cooking class among them, soon.

Lucy Knox Chapter has given \$10 to the Southern Educational Association.

Dean Winthrop Chapter has presented flags to the schools in Winthrop.

Mercy Warren Chapter has presented \$10 to the Southern Educational Association.

Col. Timothy Bigelow Chapter has given lectures on historical subjects, illustrated by stereopticon, before schools. \$50 in money for patriotic work and placed markers on graves of Revolutionary soldiers, besides giving \$50 towards the perpetual care of soldiers' graves.

Anne Adams Tufts Chapter has given \$85 to the Boys Club of Somerville, a club formed to educate boys, by giving lectures and teaching them trades.

Peace Party Chapter has given prizes to school children for best essays on patriotic subjects.

Sea Coast Defence Chapter has erected a liberty pole on a conspicuous street, where a large flag is flown on all historic days; in September, the school children were invited by them and entertained at the Daughters of the American Revolution building, bought and owned by them.

Old Newbury Chapter has placed a bronze in hall of public library in Newburyport, in memory of the soldiers and sailors who fought in Revolutionary war.

Captain John Joslin Chapter has sent \$10 to help in education of Mountain Whites, also prizes for patriotic papers in schools of Leominster.

Benjamin Lincoln Chapter has voted to place tablets in three schools to commemorate the memories and services of the pupils of these schools who fought in the Civil war.

Mary Matoon Chapter has been instrumental in starting an evening school for Polish people in Amherst and contributed money toward this work.

Prudence Wright Chapter has established twenty-seven flag days to commemorate historical events of note, both National and local.

Minute Men Chapter has presented a framed engraving of Washington to George Washington school, which cares for 2,600 children, 90% being of foreign born parents, and has been instrumental in providing five deserving boys with five pairs of new boots, in order that they might attend school, which they had been unable to do for lack of any shoes. These boys were all Italians and among the largest boys in their classes.

Lexington Chapter has given \$10 toward education of Mountain Whites.

Fort Massachusetts Chapter has given ten framed pictures of Declaration of Independence to the public library and public schools, and on all flag days, observance has been made of the day, on site of Fort Massachusetts.

Hannah Winthrop Chapter has a class of boys in history and good citizenship, the boys are all under fifteen, are of the working class, and have organized and carry on the club themselves.

Thus it will be seen that the various chapters have donated the sum of nearly five hundred dollars for the purpose of patriotic education, also pictures, flags, and prizes, besides helped in observance of days of historic interest, worked actively in clubs of boys, formed to teach history and good citizenship.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

In patriotic education, South Carolina is well to the front, and very fitting it is that such should be the case; for it is a matter of record.

to which they point with pardonable pride, that the free school of Charleston, in 1811 was the first free school founded in America.

Many of the Daughters of the American Revolution chapters in the state offer medals to the high schools for the best historical essays; these prizes are eagerly striven for, and the awarding of the medals is often made the occasion of a very interesting program.

Flags, copies of the Declaration of Independence, and pictures of our prominent Revolutionary heroes have also been presented to many of the schools. One of their large chapters has given during the winter a series of illustrated lectures, for the benefit of the hundreds of mill operators in their city. These lectures have been well attended and proved most instructive. The greatest, most far reaching work in the Palmetto state, however, will be accomplished by coöperation with the "Association for Improvement of Rural Schools."

Thousands of schools have most inferior and rudimentary buildings. The women are associating themselves together for the purpose not only of providing better buildings, but such interior and exterior improvements as will have a civilizing and refining influence."

In South Carolina more than a thousand leading women have banded themselves together in an organization known as "The South Carolina Women's Association for Improvement of Rural Schools." There are county and community organizations, and the good accomplished is far-reaching and lasting.

The tenth of March, the birthday of South Carolina's greatest statesman, has been set apart by the General Assembly as Carolina day. On this occasion the state regent of the state sent out a request to all chapters in the state to send a representative, and also have a stand of their colors, upon the stage—the blue and white of Washington staff.

NEBRASKA.

The *Omaha Chapter* has contributed \$10 to the Southern Industrial Educational Association for a day scholarship.

KANSAS

Reports that the first granite boulder to mark the historic Sante Fe Trail has been placed. In addition to this, the state committee has adopted the following suggestive lines of work. "First: that as members of the Daughters of the American Revolution we coöperate with individual teachers to bring to the boys and girls of the state, such relics or materials, as will aid in fixing in their minds the events of our history, be it local, state or national. Second: That we use our influence with boards of education to procure ample grounds for each school-building. These grounds to be used for *playgrounds*, during vacation.

Third: That we also urge upon boards of education the appointment

of committees of teachers to criticise all plans for school building. Fourth: That we teach that obedience to law is a practical way of showing our love of country and our flag." One chapter has seen in these suggestions, the idea of a collection of historic relics. Another sees the need of teaching the real significance of our flag.

One member, a teacher, finds opportunity for historical event in her composition work. Thus the work of patriotic education is being well carried on.

KENTUCKY.

The *Elizabeth Kenton Chapter* contributed generously to the public playgrounds and park of the City of Covington.

Lexington Chapter has done a good work in rescuing the Fourth of July from being merely a day for negro picnics and Irish barbecues, and their simple, beautiful patriotic celebration of the day has become an event in Lexington.

The townspeople were invited to attend a meeting at the auditorium in the park, and Bishop Burton used the same invitation that was used by the venerable Bishop White, at the meeting of the first Congress. Patriotic songs were sung, the Declaration of Independence was read, and all were well pleased.

They are also deeply interested, and striving for the enforcement of the juvenile court law in Kentucky.

The *St. Asaph Chapter* gave a prize on \$10 to the students in United States history who should have the highest average in competitive examination.

At the state conference held October 10th and 11th, Mrs. J. M. Arnolds, a member of the National Committee on patriotic education gave an interesting talk on this subject. She pictured so forcibly the need of coöperation of the Daughters in the education of their mountain people, and the need of taking the young children from the factories where they are slowly, but surely meeting an early death, that she aroused the interest of all present. It was moved that the Tenth Kentucky Conference, organize a Kentucky educational fund to be used in educating a worthy mountain child at one of their schools. In a short time the necessary \$100 was raised, \$25 of which Mrs. Sally Marshall Hardy pledged should be raised by penny contribution from the public school children of Louisville.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

The past year, the greatest progress in their history has been made in getting needed legislation to promote good citizenship. They term it juvenile legislation.

First: A Juvenile Court has been established, which has done excellent work in child-saving, and the woman probation officer is a past National officer of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

Second: A compulsory education law has been enacted, compelling school attendance between the ages of eight and fourteen years, and providing attendance officers to look after truants. While the law only provided for two attendance officers, yet from September 17 to March 15, they have by personal work, brought into school over one thousand children; and the attendance has increased by reason of the natural operation of the law, some three thousand. Ungraded schools have been established for the truants and incorrigibles, and schools for the mentally defective. The work for this class is especially important, as it relieves the regular grades of the unfortunate child and places him in a school of not over ten pupils in charge of a special teacher, who gives industrial and other work as adapted to the child's development.

Third: An appropriation of \$75,000 has been secured for the purchase of three permanent public play-grounds, and \$5,000 for maintenance.

Fourth: The District Daughters of the American Revolution, by the generosity of one of its members, offered a prize of a \$5 gold piece to the member of the foreign night class who should write the best essay on "How to become an American Citizen." It resulted in a very helpful interest among the pupils, and the essay of a Russian from Odessa, who had landed in the United States, September, 1906, won the prize. It was an excellent paper, and showed familiarity with American history, and the spirit of the United States. Two other essays received honorable mention.

As usual, the District Daughters of the American Revolution gave two prizes for the best essays on the Revolutionary period of American history, from the graduating class in George Washington University, both of which were won by young women. By request of the faculty, the prizes were conferred by the state regent.

Following the custom of many years, their oldest chapter conferred a gold medal on the member of the senior class of the high school writing the best essay on American history. This was won by a young woman who is a member of the Children of the American Revolution, and a daughter of a former National officer.

In addition to their work as a district, most of the chapters have aided some patriotic work. One has aided local settlement work pecuniarily and by personal service; others have contributed liberally to the support of the Junior Republic, and other kindred work.

They now pledge themselves to promote needed laws to regulate child-labor in the District; now there is no protection for childhood, except that given by the compulsory education law.

CONNECTICUT.

The Connecticut chapters began so much patriotic educational work last year, it has required all their energies to keep it up this year. The twenty-seven scholarships for Maryville College, Tennessee, have nearly

all of them been renewed, as well as a number for Berea, and other Southern colleges.

The special new interest has been in the education of their own Connecticut boys of Revolutionary descent scattered about on the hill-farms, with few opportunities and yet longing for the way to open that they may prepare themselves for the future. The college at Suffield, Connecticut, has made a great feature of work among these boys and many of our chapters have contributed the necessary \$100 scholarship required in money, while opportunities are given the boys at the college to work out the rest of their expenses. Work among the schools with the usual prize-essay contest and awards is carried on by the chapters. In one instance, the Southport Chapter made a special feature of an open-air celebration on the village green on the Fourth of July to award prizes to those children of the public schools who have made a record for themselves in punctuality and scholarship, feeling that industry and promptness are the first requisites of citizenship. Their work for foreigners is carried on through the medium of night schools, traveling libraries, reading rooms and illustrated lectures, while an effort has been made in a few instances to secure the coöperation of some educated foreigners to speak to their own countrymen upon the subject of American citizenship, and try to explain some of the laws most difficult to understand, the value of the public schools, necessity of vaccination, etc. The work is just beginning and the results are slow, but that an effort is being made is encouraging, and the spirit displayed by all of the chapters is that of helpfulness and a desire to take up the work if they are shown the way. The interest felt by the society in the settlement work in Stamford, reading rooms in Norwich, Putnam, and Bridgeport, all show that the good seed has begun to take root and bear fruit, and another year they hope to be able to report much more accomplished.

We are fully aware that until Memorial Continental Hall is completed we cannot hope to draw largely upon the money resources of the members of our society for educational purposes, and we would not have it otherwise. We, as loyal daughters glory in this great memorial building, the only one ever reared by any body of men or women in any age of the world to honor the heroes of a given period. So we say let us all strive to complete it, and then we may have available large sums of money which can go legitimately to the building up of a still more enduring monument to our patriotic ancestors, that of making good American citizens.

Respectfully submitted,

ELLEN MECUM,

Chairman National Committee on Patriotic Education.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Ladies, it is very difficult for an assemblage to realize the amount of work represented by these reports. When these are correlated and placed together, I believe they will be the most valuable volume on the subject of real patriotic education that has ever been published in this country. [Applause.] You have this report before you. What is your pleasure?

MRS. BRATTON. *I move that the report be accepted with thanks, and with our very deep appreciation of the splendid work done by Miss Mecum, chairman of the patriotic education committee.*

The motion was seconded by Mrs. Gardner, and carried.

MRS. DAY. Inasmuch as all these reports will be printed in the magazine, I suggest that all the ladies immediately subscribe for the magazine.

MRS. SCOTT. *I move that these reports be printed and circulated.*

The motion was seconded by Mrs. Patton, and carried.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. The next report is upon the Children of the Republic, by Mrs. John A. Murphy.

MRS. MURPHY. Madam President General, owing to the great length of to-day's proceedings, and the lateness of the hour, many of the ladies must be very tired, and if they would prefer to hear it at some other time, I should be glad to defer it.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. This report was placed on the program at this point because it was considered very apposite that it should immediately follow the report of the committee on patriotic education. You have a very good audience here.

MRS. MURPHY. I know, but they seem to be wearied with this subject.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. You will arouse them.

MRS. DAY. *I move that Mrs. Murphy's report be read at a later time.* Owing to the noise of the storm outside we can hardly hear anything.

THE PRESIDENT GENERAL. Even the elements are aroused by our patriotic proceedings. [Laughter and applause.]

MRS. SCOTT. *I move that Mrs. Murphy proceed with her report*

The motion was seconded by Mrs. Patton.

MRS. DAY. I withdraw my motion.

The motion of Mrs. Scott was carried.

MRS. MURPHY, chairman of the committee on Children of the Republic, presented the following report:

REPORT OF THE CHAIRMAN OF COMMITTEE OF THE CHILDREN OF THE
REPUBLIC.

Madam President and Ladies: [Applause.]

Since your appointment of a National committee on "Children of the Republic" in April, 1906, it has been the effort of your chairman to try with all her might to arouse in our state and chapter regents a sense of

the great need of this work among our boys, as an aid to the perpetuation of good self government. Owing to the great extent of our country, this could only be done through the medium of letters. Therefore, your chairman was careful to secure the approbation of our chief, our president general, on all letters and circulars before sending them forth. In July, 1906, a circular letter was mailed to each of the following ladies who had been appointed on this Children of the Republic committee by our president general, namely:

- To Mrs. Elroy M. Avery, Cleveland, Ohio.
- To Mrs. J. Morgan Smith, Birmingham, Alabama.
- To Mrs. Samuel Ammon, Pittsburg, Pa.
- To Mrs. Richard Barker, Tiverton, Rhode Island.
- To Miss E. Swinburne, Newport, Rhode Island.
- To Mrs. Baldwin Spillman, Parkersburg, West Virginia.
- To Mrs. D. E. Newton, Hartford, West Virginia.
- To Mrs. Edward Orton, Columbus, Ohio.
- To Mrs. Henry Bowron, New York City, N. Y.
- To Mrs. Frederic Bradley, New York City, N. Y.

This letter to the committee members set forth its specific duties, prominent among which was, that each member would be expected by this congress and our president general, to found at least one club in her own state in order to give an initiative impulse to this new work. A draft of another circular letter intended for state and chapter regents was submitted by mail to members of this committee for their approval and signatures. Your chairman will not occupy your valuable time in reading this letter. Suffice to say that this contained a strong appeal for coöperation in this work, set forth its object and closed with a description of how to organize a club. The approval and signatures of the committee members was obtained by August, 1906. Your chairman also wishing to provide a method of work for the clubs already in operation during six years in Ohio and also for the clubs she so earnestly hoped would result from this committee's efforts—induced some of the earnest Daughters in Ohio to compose for her use, several simple debates on important National questions, as the naturalization laws, "Shall Immigration be Restricted," also leaflets on short simple essays on subjects valuable for boys to consider, such as "Bribery in Elections," "What is Personal Honor and How can a Boy Live up to It?" citizenship, patriotism, and others. These together with the circular letter to state and chapter regents already referred to above, your chairman caused to be printed late in August and early September, 1906. She also had printed a large number of leaflets on "How to Form Children of the Republic Clubs," and also the Children of the Republic constitution, which has been in use in Ohio for six years. Late in September and early in October of 1906, your chairman enclosed and mailed a copy of the circular letter and of the leaflet on formation of clubs and the Children of the Republic constitution to 36 state regents and to 343

chapter regents of our great association, asking for coöperation and for early information as to work undertaken. Your chairman can now only submit to you the results of this earnest appeal together with the reports of the specific work of the committee members. Thirty-five replies only were received in response to the letter sent out, a number entirely disproportionate as you can see to the number sent. One letter received from Little Rock, Arkansas, saying the chapter felt unable to take up this excellent work. Twenty-four letters sent to Connecticut. No replies at all. Thirty-six to Massachusetts, one reply. Twenty-two to New York, one reply. Twelve to Georgia, no reply. Six to Missouri and no reply. So it went through the majority of our states. A pioneer in any work must expect for quite a time, only small results and frequent disappointments. But your chairman must confess that she did not expect such indifference, especially from the older states. The states which were the defenders of our early Liberty, the states which have been the early movers in the formation of this society of Daughters of the American Revolution, the states where patriotism is so much spoken of and written about, from these our elder sisters, your committee had hoped that this effort to Americanize our boys of foreign parentage would have received instant support and sympathy. However, your chairman is thankful to record that she received a letter from Hollis, New Hampshire, from Mrs. Elizabeth D. Worcester, regent of the "Anna Keyes Pioneer Chapter" asking for information and papers with a view of forming a Children of the Republic Club, also a letter from Mrs. H. Neil Wilson, of Pittsfield, asking for papers. Though I fear without the result of a Children of the Republic Club though the writer was most encouraging and sympathetic. Your chairman was greatly cheered on receiving a letter under date of March 26th, from the regent of the Germantown Chapter, Mrs. W. G. Chapman, saying that her chapter had just organized its first Children of the Republic Club in the boys' parlor association and the club had named itself The David Ristenhouse Club of Children of the Republic. She sent for one hundred Children of the Republic buttons which is the Children of the Republic badge. Also under same date March 26th, more encouragement by a letter from Mrs. Henry Claiborne Horton, State Historian of Tennessee, from Franklin, saying that under her chapter Old Glory she had just organized a Children of the Republic club of forty-nine members. At one of the meetings, one of her boys had delivered Daniel Webster's address at the dedication of Bunker Hill Monument, at another a boy had delivered Winthrop's address at the laying of the corner stone of the Washington Monument. Her boys were also preparing the debate on "Shall Immigration be Restricted?" which your chairman had had written and printed for club use. A very interesting report from a club worker in Homestead, Pennsylvania, is given below in her own words as your chairman feels it will arouse more interest.

MISS SMITH'S REPORT.

I beg leave to submit the following report: Homestead Boys of the Republic were organized June 20th, 1906. The club consists of ten members. The meetings are held at the homes of the different members. The boys are in age from ten to thirteen. All attend meetings. One of the most interesting meetings was at the home of the President. The subject for discussion was, "Shall Immigration be Restricted." The boys were greatly interested in the subject, as Homestead has so many foreigners. It was unanimously decided that immigration should be restricted and it should begin here by restricting the Slavs and Hungarians. It was suggested that the President write to President Roosevelt and notify him of the club's decision. The club has studied a number of the brave and heroic men of the Revolution and have quite an accurate knowledge of the entire war, and what our victory meant to our country just at that time. We have discussed our National government at Washington, and have tried to learn something about the men and the governor who make the laws for Pennsylvania in Harrisburg. The boys of the club realize what a great reform is needed in their own town, Homestead. They are learning and notice when a boy or girl drops papers in the street. They call a boy or girl a bad citizen who is impudent to the policemen, who picks flowers in the parks, who throws stones at the street lights, who is rude and chews tobacco in the children's room. At each meeting an historical game is played, such as pinning the written names of heroes on the backs of some boys and having them guess the name by the information they get from the different boys whom they question. Again by guessing the pictures of different historical characters. The boys become more familiar with the great and noble men who saved this country for us. The field here is large, but the interest is small. What are the best means to arouse the people to the needs of this work? Can one little club leaven the whole loaf? Give us your support, for the field is large.

Respectfully submitted,

DAISY MARY SMITH.

From Toledo, Ohio, your chairman hears in response to her letter that the Ursula Wolcott Chapter is working among the newsboys on Children of the Republic lines, in combination with a patriotic citizen, Mr. Gunckel, who is endeavoring to teach these boys good citizenship. From Painesville, Ohio, the regent, Mrs. Blackmore, reports that the chapter has all it can do just now with its work among adult Finns, but there is hope for work among the children later. From Youngstown, Ohio, we have report of a Children of the Republic formed there, but are told it is too soon to speak of results.

WESTERN RESERVE CHAPTER. CLEVELAND.

MRS. HARVEY D. GOULDER.

The work of the Children of the Republic Club, began a year ago, has under the efficient directorship of Mrs. A. E. Hyre, proven most satisfactory and the chapter voted that it be continued along the same lines the coming year. The membership is forty-five, the average attendance at the weekly meetings twenty-five to thirty. The members are all so called foreign children, being of Slavic, Italian, Hungarian and Polish parentage. The evenings are devoted to study and recreation, the first half being given to games and other entertainments, the latter to parliamentary drills, and the study of patriotic subjects and characters, and talks upon the government of our cities. All of the instruction is, and must of necessity be, given in the simplest form. Under this method, the club members have been greatly improved and satisfactory results obtained.

From Xenia, Ohio, the report comes that the chapter feels that this work is done in the public schools, and therefore declines to take it up. From Akron, Ohio, comes virtually the same report. Later in this paper, this mistaken argument will be met. From the regent of John Paul Chapter, Madison, Indiana, Mrs. Michael Garber, regent, the reply was that though the chapter felt the value of this work, it did not just now feel able to take it up. Let us hope for future development there. Having now come to the end of the replies from chapters, your chairman will submit the reports from members of the committee.

REPORT OF MRS. ELROY M. AVERY.

But little can be said with regard to the Children of the Republic. The work still goes on in Cleveland in the same old lines. Mrs. Harvey D. Goulder is the efficient chairman of the Cleveland committee. The work has been very largely confined to the Haymarket district, the part of our city that most needs such work. The work cost the Western Reserve Chapter about \$500 last year and the chapter has appropriated the same amount for the coming year. Besides the regular meetings, there have been a good many special ones during the year which have been of great importance. The children keep Washington's Birthday, Decoration Day, and Fourth of July in fine style.

I consider the work that the Daughters are doing for the Children of the Republic one of the most important of the many duties which the organization has taken upon itself.

Yours cordially,

CATHERINE AVERY.

REPORT OF MRS. J. MORGAN SMITH.

Let me say in reply to your query as to the work I have done as a member of Committee of the Daughters of the American Revolution, "Children of the Republic," I may not have done much or not enough to tell results, but I feel the predicate has been laid for a good work in this city. During the past four months a boys' club has been organized here. I have had several interviews with the superintendent of the club, the last one a few days ago. I gave him a copy of the constitution, "Children of the Republic," and some of the literature you sent me. I told him a committee had been appointed from our Daughters of the American Revolution Chapter here to coöperate with him and carry on the work of the Children of the Republic as it had been so successfully done in other cities. As I have said, the boys' club is organized, but it is not working as it will when all the facilities which are now being provided are in full operation. There is much interest being taken by some of our best women, among them some Daughters, and I think in the next few months our work Children of the Republic will be well started in the boys' club. I have tried to start the work of Children of the Republic in three other places, but not being able to give it personal attention, I cannot say that it is progressing, but I am hopeful nevertheless.

ALICE D. SMITH.

REPORT OF MRS. BALDWIN SPILLMAN.

I am very sorry it is as I told you in Marietta last fall, none of the chapters would take up the work of organizing a chapter of the Children of the Republic. If I had been at home I would gladly have undertaken the responsibility myself, and think I could have succeeded in it, but I have been south all winter with my mother, who is an invalid. I have tried hard to interest them, but they have failed to respond. With best wishes.

Cordially yours,

ANNIE C. SPILLMAN.

REPORT OF MRS. HENRY BOWRON.

I beg as a member of National Committee on Children of the Republic to report as follows: Twenty-five letters written, with following results: Information that clubs have been founded at Hornellsville, New York, but cannot yet report, as Miss Pearce took up the work under the old ruling as part of the work in charge of committee on patriotic education. A committee formed in Mohegan Chapter, and arrangements being made to start a club in the early fall. Illness among the school children in all localities has seriously interfered this

season. Two localities found in New York City where work can be commenced in early fall. Regretting I cannot make a better report, I am,

Very respectfully,

ELIZABETH M. BOWRON.

REPORT OF MRS. SAMUEL AMMON.

The committee on patriotic education of the Pittsburg Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, will, next week, recommend to the chapter that it shall assist in promoting an interest in the formation of clubs of the Children of the Republic. One club of the Children of the Republic has been formed among the boys of the Elliott school city (42d ward, Pittsburg). There are about one hundred boys enrolled, and about one hundred more in irregular attendance. They meet in the basement of the Baptist church of that neighborhood. Two other clubs of the Children of the Republic are in process of formation. One in the Anthony Memorial Boys' Club, and the second in the Soho Settlement House, both of these are assisted by members of the Pittsburg Chapter. I have promised myself that you will give me some ideas to bring home to the active workers in these clubs, when I see you in Washington.

Very sincerely yours,

ETHEL DARLINGTON AMMON.

REPORT OF MRS. NOYES.

In the matter of Children of the Republic, the Chicago Chapter is reluctantly obliged to confess herself in the "race-suicide" class this year. Still there are many promises of better things next season. The long and beautifully explicit letter you wrote in December has been read many times to different Daughters, with the hope of getting co-operation, and all have been interested in the work, they believe in it, but the facts are we had at the time it came, all the work planned which we were able to accomplish. Your letter, dear Mrs. Murphy, has been in this case, as if "cast upon the waters," but there are many, many promises of Children next year.

IDA E. S. NOYES.

REPORT OF MRS. RICHARD BARKER.

As chairman of a school board in Rhode Island, I have discussed with teachers the scope of the Children of the Republic and in some of the schools in Tiverton, an interest has been aroused and preliminary work has been done.

Respectfully submitted,

ELIZA L. BARKER.

REPORT OF MRS. EDWARD ORTON.

The first club of the Children of the Republic in Columbus, Ohio, was organized by Mrs. Edward Orton, Jr., regent of the Columbus Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, Saturday morning, January 26, 1907, in the chapter room of the Columbus Chapter in Franklin County Memorial Hall. There were present the Children of the Republic committee, Mrs. Thomas Francis Smith, chairman; Mrs. Francis C. Caldwell, Mrs. Frank E. Sanborn, members of the committee. There were twenty-one boys present, averaging in age between 12 and 14 years. The meeting was organized according to Roberts' rules of order for organizing a permanent society; the boys, under direction, carrying out the entire program. In order that they might understand exactly what they were doing a careful simple explanation was given; of the object or parliamentary law, the etymology of the word; the meaning and etymology of the words standing for the two forms of voting, viz., *viva voce*, and the ballot; and finally, that all business in parliamentary assemblages is introduced by means of motions, and these were explained by direct illustration. The National Constitution of the Children of the Republic was adopted, also a by-law naming the new club the George Washington club. After the organization was effected the hereto appended flag ritual was adopted and carried out. Including the first meeting, six regular meetings have been held. The exercises include: Response to roll call with a quotation on the flag; the flag ritual; and a simple debate. This has been confined up to the present time to two subjects—Immigration and Naturalization. The regular meeting is preceded by a military drill given by Captain John J. Baird, late of Troop B. Ohio National Guard. On the twenty-third of March the second club, the Abraham Lincoln Club, Children of the Republic, was organized in the Detention Home of the Juvenile Court in Columbus, Ohio, in response to a request for it. Sixteen boys were admitted to membership, all on probation in the Juvenile Court. The need for such work among them was very evident. They were much interested but very lawless. They were most emphatic and noisy in their voting and quite like the ward politicians in their shameless clamoring for office. They were inclined to regard the badges as a joke, one boy had to be deprived of his because he announced his fixed determination to give it to his little sister. But they were much impressed with the beautiful flag, with its gilt-topped staff, provided for them. It has been the aim to bear in mind in this work that a respect for law and order is inculcated by conducting these meetings in accordance with parliamentary law; that a reverence for the flag is induced by the flag quotations and the flag ritual; and that good citizenship must result from a careful study of our institutions. Thus the form and the spirit of patriotism are found in this beautiful

work of the Children of the Republic of which you, Madam Chairman, are the founder.

Respectfully submitted,
MARY ANDREWS ORTON.

REPORT OF CINCINNATI CHAPTER BY MRS. ANNE P. BURKAM.

Annual report of the Children of the Republic in Cincinnati. The work of the Children of the Republic in Cincinnati during the past year has been most successful and encouraging. In addition to the four clubs already in existence, three flourishing new ones have been organized this year. The Abraham Lincoln Club, with a membership of 35; the William Henry Harrison Club, with a membership of 40, and the Daniel Webster Club, with a membership of 16. The work undertaken by the various clubs this year has been in the nature of debates, sometimes impromptu and sometimes prepared. The committing to memory of short essays, such as "Citizenship," "Honesty in Elections," "Personal Idea of Honor and How a Boy Can Live up to It," etc. The subjects of some of the debates have been "Trusts," "Naturalization," "Immigration," "Resolved, That Washington did more for his country than Franklin," etc. Mock court trials have also been held in most of the clubs and found most successful and helpful, as aside from being thoroughly enjoyed by the boys, they develop a readiness in speech and a quickness of intellect. Some of the clubs have also been trained in military drill by cadets from the high schools. On the third Saturday of each month from November to April inclusive, mass meetings of the clubs have been held in the public library, and appropriate addresses illustrated with stereopticon views have been given by prominent citizens. Members from the Children of Republic have appeared before the Cincinnati Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, and made short addresses, four boys appeared by invitation before the Missionary Society of the Diocese of Southern Ohio, and gave the Debate on "Immigration." On February 22nd, one of the clubs gave "The History of Our Flag," illustrated with the various flags used since the beginning of our nation, before the children gathered together for the "Story Hour" at the public library. One club was the guest of the National Story Tellers' League, and being called upon to help fill up the program, gave impromptu stories of American heroes. For the past few years, the Children of the Republic have taken part in the celebration of Flag Day, by the Cincinnati Chapter, and give a sample of the work they have been engaged in during the year. Last June, twenty boys gave a charming representation of the Second Continental Congress. The board of directors of local committee on Children of the Republic of the Cincinnati Chapter, made an appeal to the Sons of the Revolution, to come to its aid as it felt that the work had reached a point where masculine assistance is necessary. As I write, the news reached me that the Sons have appointed a large committee of

representative citizens, on which are judges, clergymen and business men, to coöperate with the ladies Children of the Republic committee of Cincinnati Chapter.

Altogether the Children of the Republic in Cincinnati are making themselves felt and great satisfaction is felt in the good results which are being obtained.

Respectfully submitted,

ANNIE P. BURKAM.

These reports sum up what has been absolutely done during the past year. Your chairman wishes right here to tell this congress that in every instance that we have called upon our best citizens in Cincinnati, of the clergy, of the law, of the business world and military calling, to come and address our boys, we have met with hearty response. They, one and all, in no conventional form, but with hearty sincerity, tell us "not to give up," that this is the best work ever done by any patriotic society, that it is the work that will "make for righteousness" in our country, and do we not need a regenerating righteousness in this day of dreadful disclosure of civil dishonesty? Now a word to the ladies who think this Americanizing our foreign element is so well done in the public schools, that it is useless for us to work at it. Have these ladies attended recitations in the public schools? Do they know how short are the class hours, how over-worked is that noble class, the public school teachers. Those faithful ones do all they can to give a foundation in our history and a slight idea of civics, but it would be to demand the impossible, to ask them to help each boy to self development along the lines of high political and civic morality, which is not only the aim, but is being demonstrated. A result of our Children of the Republic Club system: the boys learn how to conduct the club themselves by parliamentary methods; they learn reverence for our flag; they learn self-control, loyalty to the club standard of honor. By association they learn consideration for others, and by their debates, speeches, historical games, mock trials and addresses given them, they learn to think rapidly on national and municipal subjects. Can all that be gained in the short recitations on varied subjects in the school room? Visit our clubs and you will realize how great the opportunity for development on the lines of virtue and honor, is afforded by our boys' club system. And now, ladies, though your committee feels that this year has not brought a great harvest, yet it is consoled by feeling that it has driven in the entering wedge and there is reasonable hope for larger results in the future. But in any case, your chairman remains still deeply convicted of the absolute necessity, to the safety of this Republic, that the boys of this nation should be by some means developed up to a higher standard of political and civic honor than obtains at this time. As we are banded together as a patriotic body, your chairman conceives no higher duty for this body of women of Revolutionary ances-

try, than that of helping the less fortunate boys than their own, to become imbued with the grand spirit of our forefathers, to become citizens of the standard and of Washington and Lincoln. This has been to your chairman, the burden of her message from the beginning, and it must be the same on as long as she is capable. But her prayer is that someone may come after her more gifted with eloquence to arouse you more powerful, to convince you of this as a duty.

In conclusion, your chairman recommends the continuance and enlargement of this Children of the Republic committee and also an appropriation of not less than \$50 for the expenses of printing and postage and other expenses.

Respectfully submitted,

C. M. MURPHY.

[Applause.]

MRS. MURPHY. I have received a second letter from Mrs. Claiborne Horton, saying that the regent of Old Glory Chapter has organized another club of the Children of the Republic, called the Patrick Henry club of the Children of the Republic.

MRS. PAGE, of Ohio. We, in Toledo, would like to know what Mrs. Murphy thinks is the reason why there have been so few responses to her calls.

MRS. MURPHY. If I reply to that question, it will put me in a difficult position, because I shall have to be very frank.

MRS. PAGE. We should like to hear your reason.

MRS. MURPHY. It has been by observation that it is a characteristic of human nature everywhere that if any work is proposed which requires one long, strong pull, and you can accomplish a result right quickly, or if it is a work where there is a great deal of writing and talking and speech making, there are many people who are ready to take it up; but if it means one continuous effort in some line, if it means the dedication of your time and strength, if it means the sacrifice of some social pleasure, if it means the taking up of a work that you know you must carry on until you are ready to delegate it to your successor, if it is a work to which there is no end, then there are very few who are ready to give their services to that work. That is the only explanation I have for the great indifference shown to the boys of our nation. [Applause.]

MRS. LANE, of Texas. *I move that this report be accepted with thanks.*

The motion was seconded by Miss Mecum and carried.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. We are not neglecting the boys of the country, but the country does not understand just yet. A great many efforts are being made through the general education committee for boys and girls, and Mrs. Murphy must not feel discouraged because in one year she has not accomplished greater results.

MRS. KEMPSTER. I have a motion here, which is suggested by Mrs.

Spence. We have listened to some very interesting reports, and as half of the committees are yet to be heard from, *I move that the remainder of the reports be deferred until Friday afternoon, unless objection is made.*

MRS. ROUNSAVILLE. That time has been assigned to the report of the Jamestown committee.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. That is one of the reports, but we will presumably be back from the White House in the neighborhood of 4 o'clock or a little later, and we will have two hours which we could devote to this business. Of course it is in the hands of the house to decide. Before putting the resolution the Chair would announce that the chairmen still to be heard are Mrs. Peel, Mrs. Prince and Mrs. Ammon. While it is not strictly parliamentary, I should like to ask these ladies what is their pleasure, and if they would like to have these reports deferred, and would second this resolution?

Mrs. Prince and Mrs. Ammon seconded the resolution.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. There are seconds from all those chairmen who will be present on Friday. There is one chairman, Mrs. Peel, who will not be here on Friday. Her report is on "Real Daughters." That report is very important, and as Mrs. Peel is to be absent on Friday, perhaps Mrs. Kempster will suspend her resolution or introduce a clause in reference to this report.

MRS. KEMPSTER. I shall be very glad to do so.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Unless there is objection, the resolution will be suspended for a moment, and I will ask Mrs. Peel to be good enough to read her report on "Real Daughters."

MRS. WILLIAM L. PEEL, of Georgia, chairman of the Committee on "Real Daughters," presented the following report:

REPORT OF COMMITTEE ON "REAL DAUGHTERS."

To most of us who have not had occasion to look into the matter, this subject would appear to be one of sentiment. But when we look at the treasurer's books and see that this year the "Real Daughters" have cost the society more than five hundred dollars, it becomes a vital issue.

While we have had "Real Daughters" from the beginning, among our eight hundred charter members are the following:

Mrs. Mary A. Washington, of Macon, Georgia, b 1816; d 1901; daughter of Col. Samuel Hammond, of Virginia,	81
Mrs. Phoebe Deake Cleveland, b 1811; d 1900; daughter of Charles Deake, Jr., of New York; private,	345
Mrs. Estelle A. Doremus, d 1905; daughter of Hubbard Skid- more, of New York; dispatch bearer,	374
Mrs. Jane Stevenson Marshall, d 1895; daughter of Lt. George Stevenson, of Pennsylvania, b 1750; d 1829,	467

Miss Hartley Graham, d 1896; daughter of Dr. William Graham, of Virginia; surgeon's mate,	495
Mrs. Elizabeth Hutton Sherwood, d 1894; daughter of Timothy Hutton, of New York, b 1784; d 1833,	744

But at first there was no thought of rendering assistance in their support, as those who came within our knowledge were independent. It was the indefatigable effort of that sterling patriot, Mrs. Laura Wentworth Fowler, of Massachusetts, which first made known the needs of the "Real Daughter." Since then the work has been systematized and enlarged, and, on the recommendation of this committee, extends assistance to all "Real Daughters," who would otherwise be objects of charity. Since 1906 this tax upon the treasury of the National Society has become enormous, so that we consider it a matter of pride and self-respect with the chapters to take care of their own "Real Daughters," and not burden the National Society with them, when it is possible to do otherwise. In my own chapter, Joseph Habersham, which had at one time 32 "Real Daughters," we have never asked for assistance except in two cases.

We find that no separate list of "Real Daughters" has been kept, until 1897, when the names, arranged by that *splendid* officer, Mrs. Gertrude B. Darwin, were published in the Smithsonian Report. We find that since October, 1890, 630 "Real Daughters" have been admitted. Of that number twenty were elected during the past year. While all these dear old ladies are received with open arms in the house of their fathers, your committee would like to emphasize the fact that they are more the ward of the chapter than of the National Society.

We find that since the year 1901, the following amounts have been paid for support of "Real Daughters":

May 6, 1901, care of Mrs. Eunice R. Davis of Massachusetts, ..	\$11 00
July 8, 1901, support and burial of Mrs. Davis of Massachusetts,	41 00
July 12, 1902, support of Mrs. Polly Phipps of <i>Joseph Habersham Chapter</i> , Georgia,	5 00
August 12, 1902, support of Mrs. Polly Phipps, of <i>Joseph Habersham Chapter</i> , Georgia,	5 00
September 12, 1902, support of Mrs. Polly Phipps, of <i>Joseph Habersham Chapter</i> , Georgia,	5 00
October 16, 1902, support of Mrs. Polly Phipps, of <i>Joseph Habersham Chapter</i> , Georgia,	5 00
November 24, 1902, support of Mrs. Polly Phipps, of <i>Joseph Habersham Chapter</i> , Georgia,	5 00
February 9, 1903, support of Mrs. E. E. Kimball, of <i>Kate Barry Chapter</i> , South Carolina,	5 00

(This was returned February 18, 1903, as Mrs. Kimball died before the check was received.)

For the year beginning April 1, 1906, and ending March 30, 1907, \$512 was paid for the support of the "Real Daughters." The society is at this date supporting 13 "Real Daughters," namely:

Mary M. Burch, *Fairfax County Chapter*, Virginia.
 Maria Redding, *Joseph Habersham Chapter*, Georgia,
 Terressa E. Hoyt, *Gen. Edward Hand Chapter*, Kansas.
 Nancy, S. Prentice, *Frances Dighton Williams Chapter*, Maine.
 Sarah E. Hatch, *Elizabeth Wadsworth Chapter*, Maine.
 Mary Cooley, *Mercy Warren Chapter*, Massachusetts.
 Ann E. Prentice, *Peace Party Chapter*, Massachusetts.
 Caroline W. Eddy, *Marquette Chapter*, Michigan.
 Lucretia Wood, *George Rogers Clark Chapter*, Illinois.
 Mary B. Dudley, *St. Louis Chapter*, Maine.
 Mary J. Hulbert, *Chemung Chapter*, New York.
 P. A. Holegrove, *Tioughnioga Chapter*, New York.
 Mary Hargin, *Onendaga Chapter*, New York.

Respectfully submitted,

MRS. WILLIAM LAWSON PEEL.

MRS. PEEL. You see while for many years there was no demand upon the treasury for the support of these daughters, in the last year this society has been called upon to pay this heavy pension, which is another star in the crown of glory that must surround last year's administration. [Applause.]

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Ladies, you have heard this very interesting report on "Real Daughters," the first time that anything approaching such a report, with such detailed information, has been brought before a congress of the Daughters of the American Revolution. While it may be that our expenses for "Real Daughters" have increased, it is a sad fact that the list of our beneficiaries must necessarily, very shortly, decrease. So, perhaps, it is a privilege to be enabled to perform this duty through the National Society, although, of course, as our chairman says, it is also the privilege of the chapters.

MRS. PATTON. *I move that the report be accepted.*

The motion was seconded by Mrs. Erwin and carried.

MRS. KEMPSTER. A motion has been sent to the desk, signed by Mrs. Spence.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Consideration of that motion was deferred during the reading of Mrs. Peel's report. It is that the reports of the remaining committees be deferred until Friday afternoon. This motion has been seconded.

The question was taken and the motion was carried.

PRESIDENT GENERAL. Before we take a recess, the Chair wishes to make a short announcement, in relation to the informal ceremonies tomorrow morning. The idea of having our portico dedicated was merely that of showing to the Daughters, who assemble here from all over

the country, that part of our memorial work, and to stimulate all who have come here with the desire to return and collect the money for the columns (where already it has not been done.) There are, as you know, thirteen columns to be erected. There are, I think, eight states that have paid in the full sum, or held themselves ready to do so. There is also something paid upon the five remaining columns, and it is desired that all members from the Thirteen Original States shall be so interested in those thirteen columns that they shall go back to their states and finish the raising of the funds, in order that, if possible, the columns may be erected before another year goes by. So it seemed to your President General but right that we should gather for a moment around that spot, which should be peculiarly sacred, because it is the special memorial spot of this whole memorial hall. (I am saying this tonight because I do not intend to speak tomorrow morning.) It is with a peculiar reverence that we would call it a memorial, because she who first suggested that idea, Miss Elizabeth Bryant Johnston, has very recently been gathered to her eternal rest; and it has seemed fitting that so soon after her death this congress, which has seen her year after year pursuing her ardent and energetic work, should gather around that portico, remembering her as well as remembering all the great work of the past, which we here memorialize. The idea is that we will gather here in the morning, have our minutes read as usual, transact the opening business of the congress, and then proceed immediately to the portico which, as you know, is on the south side, looking towards the Potomac. There will be a prayer by our chaplain general, there will be music. Dr. Needham, of George Washington University, will make a short address to us, and there will be an invocation by the Rev. Dr. Nevett Steele, of New York. Then if the hour is late we will take a recess until afternoon. If it is not late, we can return and go on with the business of the congress. I hereby appoint the regents of the Thirteen Original States as a special committee of honor for tomorrow, to gather around the national officers, the president general and her confreres, and escort them to the memorial portico, and to attend in token that those thirteen regents are there, representing the Thirteen Original States which are to rear these columns. Of course the founders, the vice-presidents general and the national officers of the society will proceed in a body. Tonight we have an electrical storm, which seems to have been started by our patriotism. At least it is typical of our enthusiasm, which is running an electrical current through the whole country. In case the storm should continue tomorrow we shall be obliged to hold the service within doors; but we will not allow the hour to go by without the ceremony. Of course we much prefer it to be right on the portico foundations.

If there is no further business, a motion to take a recess is in order.

On motion, duly seconded, at 10 o'clock and 55 minutes p. m., the congress took a recess until Wednesday morning at 10.30 a. m.





