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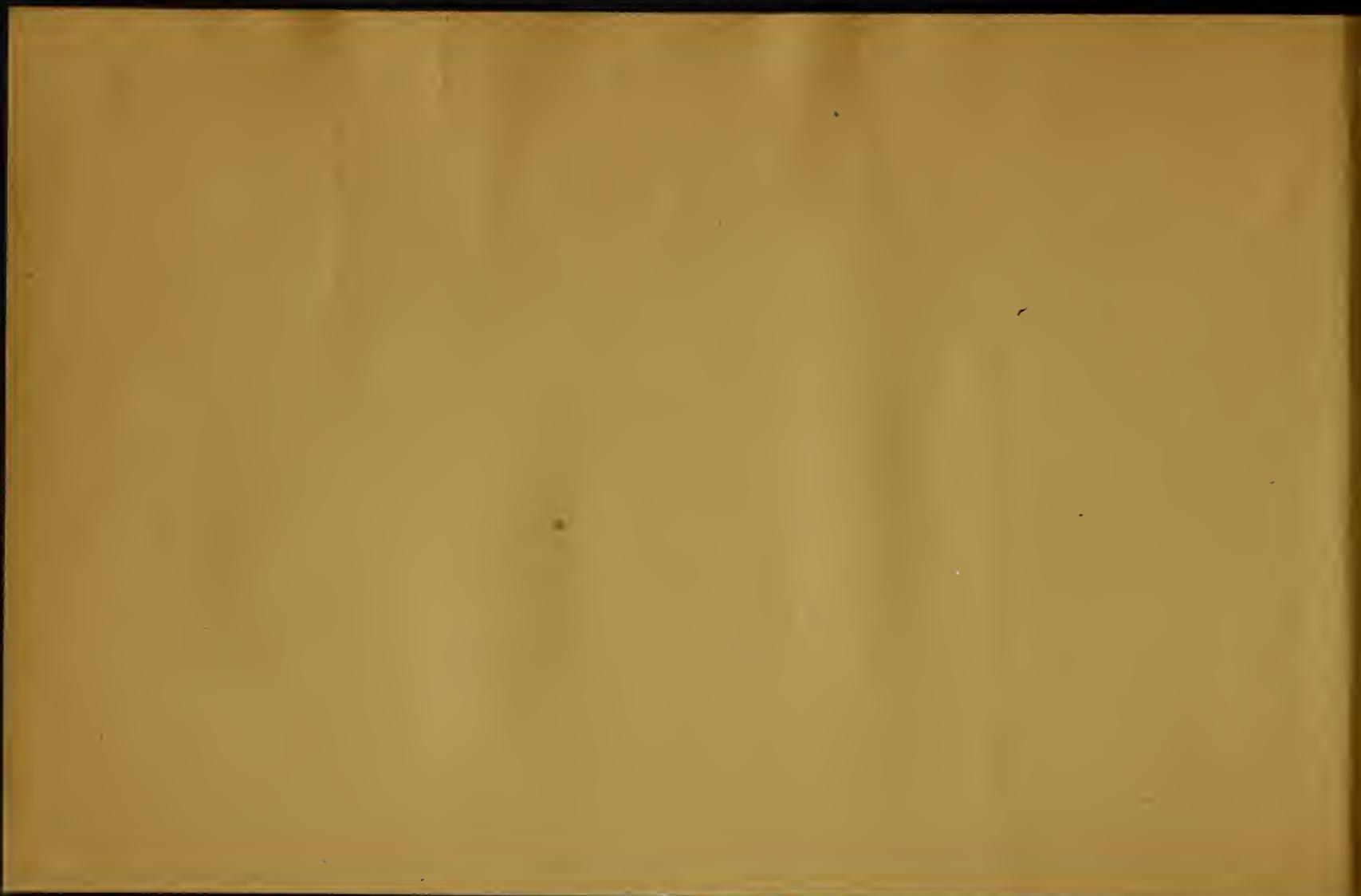
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(THE
ANCIENT LYRE,
A COLLECTION OF
OLD, NEW, AND ORIGINAL

Church Hymns,

UNDER THE APPROBATION OF THE
Professional Musical Society in Boston.

ARRANGED AND COMPOSED
BY CH. (ZEUNER,) 1

ORGANIST AT PARK STREET CHURCH, AND TO THE HANDEL AND HAYDN SOCIETY.

Sixteenth Edition—Revised and Improved—containing Seventy New Tunes.

BOSTON:
PUBLISHED BY CROCKER AND BREWSTER,
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1848.

Entered, according to act of Congress, in the year 1836, by

Ch: Zeuner.

in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of Massachusetts.

TO THE

New York Sacred Music Society.

AND TO THE

Handel and Haydn Society of Boston,

THIS WORK IS MOST

RESPECTFULLY DEDICATED.

PREFACE TO THIRTEENTH EDITION.

A NEW EDITION of the ANCIENT LYRE is now presented to the public. The work was originally undertaken at the solicitation of many individuals. As inducements to the undertaking, the requirements of the public and of the Church were urged. These considerations were paramount with the Editor; and the favor with which the work has been received has operated with him as an incentive to bestow upon it his utmost care and his untiring industry in its supervision. This edition has, therefore, had a thorough revision, and particular care has been taken to keep it free from trifling and improper compositions, alike unauthorized by good taste, and unsuited to the dignity of Christian worship. Great care has also been taken to avoid sameness in the tunes, or parts of tunes, and to give all the variety possible, within the proper limits of Church Music. The Editor has been anxious to resist the influence of that corrupt taste which makes no discrimination between the sacred offices of the Church, and compositions suited to mere secular purposes. Since this work was first published, the following tunes, nearly all of which are original, have been inserted:—

Monmouth and New Ralston, page 16; Zion's Hymn, 23; South Carolina, 24; Yale College and Hartford, 34; Withington, 39; Hempstead and New Bedford, 41; Vermont, 49; Blue Mountain and Marblehead, 56; Kaskaskia, 59; Antiquity, 60; Chapel Hill, 69; Arnheim and Eckhardt, 74; Chester and Portland, 82; Capitol or Allentown, 90; Evening Hymn, 91; Florida and Bera or Rickmansworth, 97; Bloomington and Maryville, 106; Annapolis, 113; Tuscaloosa, 120; Spiter, new, 127; Maurer and Maine, 157; Danville and Plympton, 167; Connecticut and Missouri, 170; Tallis's Chant, 174 and 328; Morning Hymn, 182; Massachusetts, 194; Richmond and Creek Path, 196; Beethoven's Chant and Schenectady, 200; North Carolina and Bermuda, 201; Hillsboro', 205; New Haven and Delaware, 207; Front Street, 209; Kentucky, 212; Louisiana, 228; Pilgrim's Hymn, 254; Transylvania, 255; Wilton or Arne, 279; Kilby Street and Elam, 283; Salvation belongeth, 296, 297; Thanksgiving Anthem, 298, 299, 300; Lord of all Power, 301, 302, 303; Dead March, 304, 305; Sentence, Our help is in the Name of the Lord, 306; Bartol, 308; Amsterdam, 315; Margate, 329; All ye on earth, 349; National Hymn, 358; Tennessee, 359; Fall of Zion, 360, 361.

Many of the old tunes in the work were composed by persons of good natural talents, but without much knowledge of harmony. Agreeable melodies, therefore, would have imperfect subordinate parts. These have been carefully revised. Many of the old tunes, also, composed by distinguished masters, having been altered without good authority, the Editor has restored to their original form.

With these remarks, the Editor commits the work to the impartial judgment of the public.

BOSTON, Jan. 1843.

INTRODUCTION TO THE ART OF SINGING.

Of Music.

Remark: Music consists of Melody and Harmony..

Melody, is the air or tune of a composition, or the most conspicuous and flowing, and generally the highest part.

Harmony, is the combination of several sounds at once, by which an agreeable effect is produced on the ear, and the connexion existing between different Chords, (whether Conchords or Discords,) in a whole composition.

Notes, signify all signs by which the different sounds are expressed, recognised or represented; also the Cliffs, Rests, Dots, and all other necessary characters. The notes are placed higher or lower on the lines or spaces, according to the height or depth of the sounds which they indicate.

FIRST LESSON.

ON THE STAVE AND CLEFS.

The system of lines on which musical sounds are represented by signs called notes, is termed the *stave*;—thus ————— which has nine de-

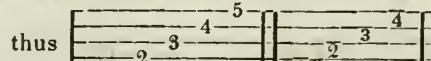
As it is of great importance that the situation of the letters upon the Staff should be perfectly known, the student is advised to commit to memory the following Scale or

Treble, Alto or Tenor.	
E	First leger line above
G	First space above
F	Fifth-line
E	Fourth space
D	Fourth-line
C	Third space
B	Third-line
A	Second space
G	Second-line
F	First space
E	First-line
D	First space below
C	First-leger-line-below

GAMUT.

Base.	
C	First leger line above
B	First space above
A	Fifth-line
G	Fourth space
F	Fourth-line
E	Third space
D	Third-line
C	Second space
B	Second-line
A	First space
G	First-line
F	First space below
E	First leger line below

grees, namely: five lines, and four spaces (counting from the bottom upwards.)



The five lines. The four spaces.

On these lines and spaces of the staff are placed the notes of music, (musical notes are expressed by white and black signatures, thus O or ●; they have stems occasionally attached to them, which may run upwards or downwards, it is quite immaterial,)



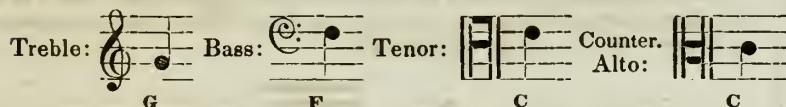
which are only seven in number, and they are named after the first seven letters of the alphabet: A, B, C, D, E, F, G. Should a melody or tune exceed these seven, the same series of letters are repeated.

INTRODUCTION.

The different degrees of these notes, as to acuteness or gravity of sound (it is of course understood, that a note can neither be considered acute nor grave, until it be compared with another) depend on certain marks, representing letters, called clefs, which are placed at the beginning of a staff;

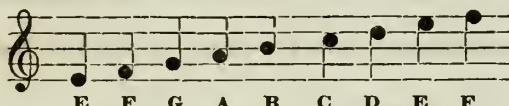


All the different notes take their names from the lines on which these clefs may be placed; Thus:



Remark: Some write cliffs, others clefs or cleaves—this is of no importance. The word clef is derived from the Latin (*clavis*,) a key; in which sense we look upon a clef as the key that opens to us the names and pitch (with respect to acuteness and gravity) of every note in music.

EXAMPLE.



When more than nine notes (which the staff can only contain) are required, two degrees may be gained, one above, and the other below the

QUESTIONS.

1. What is understood by *Melody*?
2. What means the word *Harmony*?
3. What signifies the word *Notes*?
4. What is a staff?
5. How many degrees contains the staff?
6. How do you call the spaces above or below the staff?
7. How do you call the notes?

QUESTIONS.

8. How many lines contains the staff?
9. How many spaces?

QUESTIONS FOR TREBLES AND TEETERS.

10. What is the name of the first line?
11. What is the name of the second line?
12. What is the name of the third line?

QUESTIONS.

13. What is the name of the fourth line?
14. What is the name of the fifth line?
15. How do you call the first space?
16. How do you call the second space?
17. How do you call the third space?
18. How do you call the fourth space?

REMARK: The master is requested to practise after each lesson, the Time and Scale Tables, 1-2-3, & 12.

INTRODUCTION.

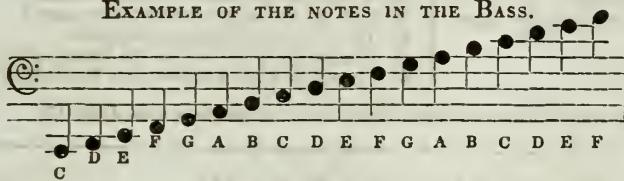
III

LESSON II.

OF NOTES AND CLEFS.

The Bass or F Clef is always in modern music, situated on the fourth line of the staff,  the note consequently on  from whence all the notes in that staff derive their names.

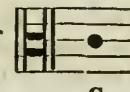
EXAMPLE OF THE NOTES IN THE BASS.



The Treble clef is always situated on the second line of the staff, the note becomes G  from whence all the notes in that staff derive their names.



The Tenor or C Clef  is generally situated on the fourth line of a staff; the notes of course derive their names from the line on which the C clef is stationed

The Alto, Counter Tenor, or C clef  is situated on the third line of a staff.

The C clef is likewise placed on the first and second lines of a staff; the notes in that case derive their names accordingly, C being always the name of the note situated on that line, wherever the clef may be placed, as before observed.

When the C clef is stationed on the first line of a staff, it is called the soprano or canto clef, and is used for the voices of boys and females. In Italy and Germany this clef is in general use for the Voices, Organ and Piano forte, most in ancient compositions—The Treble or G clef being reserved for the violin, flute, &c. and high Treble voices.

When the Clef is stationed on the second line of a staff, it is called the Mezzo Soprano clef, and is employed for the voices of boys and females, of lower compass in respect to pitch than the former.

INTRODUCTION.

The Bass or F Clef was also placed on the third line, in old compositions, and called the *Baritono clef*; it was used for the voices of men, who could not sing so high in pitch as a Tenor, nor so low as a Bass.



QUESTIONS.

1. On which line is the Clef of F (Bass clef) situated?
2. On which line the Treble Clef?
3. On which line is the Tenor Clef situated?
4. On which line the Counter?
5. For which kind of voice is the Bass Clef?
6. Is the Tenor Clef for female voices?
7. Which kind of voices have the Counter Tenor to sing?

8. Which clefs are now in common use?

QUESTIONS FOR BASS SINGERS.

9. Can you tell me the name of the first line in the Bass clef?
10. What is the name of the second line?
11. What is the name of the third line?

QUESTIONS.

12. What is the name of the fourth line?
13. What is the name of the fifth line?
14. Know you the name of the first space?
15. Tell me the name of the second space?
16. Do you remember the third space?
17. You certainly can tell us the fourth space?
18. For which kind of voices is the Treble Clef employed?

REMARK: The teacher is requested to practise with his scholars, after each Lesson, the time Table 1-2-3-4 and Table 5 the first two lines and Table 12.

On the Marks of Transposition, or the Sharp, Flat, and Natural.

MAY BE USED AS A SEPARATE LESSON.

Each of the seven primary notes, C, D, E, F, G, A, B, mentioned before, may be depressed, or elevated by *marks of transposition*. Thus, \natural — b — \sharp . single, \sharp —double —single b —double b or bb .

Both single and double marks of transposition are used.

A *Flat*, directs that the note before which it is placed, be sung half a note lower than its natural tone.

A *Sharp*, directs that the note before which it is placed, be sung half a note higher than its natural tone.

A *Natural*, directs that the note before which it is placed, be sung neither higher or lower than its natural tone; and it is used to contradict the flats or sharps, placed at the beginning, &c. *Remark.* Flats, or sharps, placed at the beginning of a Tune, affect every note upon that line or space, throughout the whole, but when placed before any note

within a Tune, they affect only such notes as fall upon the line, or space on which they are marked, for one bar, though to prevent mistakes, they are usually contradicted by a natural.

The marks of transposition are either *essential* or *accidental*.

1. *Essential*, when they are written at the very beginning of a composition, after the clef, and so point out the key in which the piece is written; in this case, they transpose throughout the *entire* piece, those notes whose place they occupy on the stave.

2. *Accidental*, when, in the course of the piece, they are placed by the side of the notes; then they preserve their influence, only throughout that one bar; unless, during the course of it, they should be again contradicted by a natural.

QUESTIONS.

1. What is the use of a flat?
2. What is the use of a sharp?
3. What meaning has a natural?
4. How many kinds of flats and sharps are in use?

QUESTIONS.

5. Do you know their names?
6. How do you call the note C with a sharp?
7. Can you tell the name of the note A with a flat?
8. How many kinds of transpositions do you know?

QUESTIONS.

9. What shows an essential transposition?
10. What is meant by an accidental transposition?
11. What is the use of a double sharp?
12. What is the meaning of a double flat?

INTRODUCTION.

LESSON III.

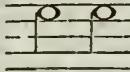
On the form of the notes, their value, and on the rests equivalent to them in duration.

The various forms of the notes determine their *value*, *time*, or *duration*, and the *rests*, bear a certain fixed relation to them. These latter direct the singer or performer to cease for a longer or shorter period.

Proportion of the Notes.

Form of them, their value, time, or duration.

One Semibreve - - - - -  is equal in duration to

2 Minims - - - - -  - - - - -

4 Crotchets - - - - -  - - - - -

8 Quavers - - - - -  - - - - -

16 Semiquavers - - - - -  - - - - -

32 Demi-semiquavers. - - - - -  - - - - -

QUESTIONS.

1. How many kinds of Notes are there?
2. How do you call them?
3. Which is the longest note?
4. How many minims is a semibreve equal to?

REMARK. Time and scale are now to be practised.

QUESTIONS.

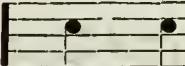
5. How many crotchets is a minim equal to?
6. How many quavers do you count to a crotchet?
7. How many semiquavers?
8. What means the value of the notes?

NAMES OF THE NOTES AND RESTS.

	Longa.	Semibreve.	Minim.	Crotchet.	Quaver.	Semiquaver.	Demisemiquaver.
Notes.							
	Uncommon.	1	2	4	8	16	32
Rests.							
	Two bars.	Semibreve.	Minim.	Crotchet.	Quaver.	Semiquaver.	Demisemiquaver.
	Uncommon.	1	2	4	8	16	32

Here it may be seen that during the time of one semibreve, two minims must be sung; similarly in the time of one minim, two crotchets; in the time of one crotchet, two quavers, &c. &c., in order to fill up the time of the longer notes by the increased number of notes of smaller value. Frequently three equal notes are required to be sung in the time that two of the same kind would naturally be; these notes are called *triplets*, and are usually distinguished by the figure 3.

*{ The triplet of crotchets, is
equal in value }* The triplet of quavers. &c. &c.

	
THUS.	to
	
Two Crotchets.	Two Quavers.

QUESTIONS.

9. How do you know the length of a note?
10. What is a triplet?
11. How do you know that certain notes are triplets?
12. Do you know the rest?

(The master examines his pupils about the rests.)

INTRODUCTION.

LESSON IV.

ON TIME, AND ON THE BAR.

TIME, is that rythmic and equal movement in music, which our feelings naturally resolve into short and equal measures, or portions of duration, and which measures, they again subdivide into a constantly equal number of elements, or units. These elements we shall call parts, and the constantly equal number of them, which concur to form a whole measure of duration, make what is called a *Bar*; from this we see, that whatever is rythmical in music, is comprised under the idea of *time*, and that the term *bar*, as compared with *time*, is only a subordinate division of this rythmic and equable movement, accordingly, *Time* includes:

1. The determination of those rythmic numbers of equal parts, by marks of figures which are placed at the commencement of a piece, immediately after the clef and signature, and which sometimes appear changed in the course of the piece;

2. The determination by means of words, of the quicker or slower degree of movement (*il Tempo*); and lastly: the constant, equable, and strict preservation of this fixed degree of movement, usually called, *keeping the time*.

On the other hand, by the word *Bar*, is to be understood, a group of notes, which, according to the time fixed upon, are separated from the following notes, by strokes drawn perpendicularly across the stave, in order to place more clearly before the eyes of the performer, the rythmic divisions of time. Hence, all the space contained between two such strokes, (*bar lines*;) together with the notes contained therein, form what is called a *Bar*.

EXAMPLE.



QUESTIONS.

1. What is time or rythmic in general?
2. What is a measure?
3. What means those figures placed in the beginning of a piece of music?
4. What shows the bottom figure?

QUESTIONS.

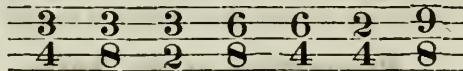
5. What shows the top figure?
6. What else is to be understood by time?
7. What means keeping the time?
8. How do you call certain strokes across the staff?

The master continue to practise time and scale.

QUESTIONS.

9. What is musical accent?
10. Which notes have no accent?
11. How do you beat the accented notes?
12. How do you beat the unaccented notes?

Rees's Encyclopædia.



Before the Pupil begins to learn any tune, let him, in addition to the signature, attend to the marks of time.

The parts of the bar, are divided into *accented*, and *unaccented*. By the former are to be understood, those parts upon which our feelings naturally bestow a certain degree of weight or stress.

The latter pass by our ear, as it were, and, in comparison with the former, appear light and unimportant. In beating, or marking time, by means of the hand, the former are distinguished by the falling, and the latter by the rising of the hand.

Remark. Emphasis is frequently misapplied for accent, and accent for emphasis. By accent is meant a certain stress of the voice, of a longer or shorter, stronger or weaker, higher or lower, quality of sound upon a particular vowel or syllable in a word;—but emphasis is the peculiar tone of importance or stress, given to whole words or sentences.

Without accent, there is no more melody in song, than in the humming of a bee; and without the regular management of long and short syllables, there can be no versification. There are as many different accents, or modes of enforcing or enfeebling the meaning of words, in music, as in speech. There is a *yes* that says *no*, and a *no* that says *yes*.—The voice of a feeling singer, can modulate all these shades, and affect the hearer on the side of intellect, as well as sense.

INTRODUCTION.

LESSON V.

ON THE TIME.

There are three kinds of time, *Common*, (even, equal,) *Triple*, (unequal,) and *Compound* time.

1. *Common times* are those which contain an even number of parts, the first of each couple being always accented, and the second unaccented. To *Common times* belong: four Crotchet time, $\frac{4}{4}$ usually called *common time*, and marked by a C; this strictly speaking, is a doubled $\frac{2}{2}$

time, divisible by the number 2 into twice 2 parts, of which the former is always accented, and the second unaccented; consequently, each bar of four crotchet time, contains 2 *accented* and 2 *unaccented* parts, as:



The less Allabreve, or 2 minim time, $\frac{2}{2}$ generally indicated by C contains two parts or beats, each of which is a minim. Two crotchet time, $\frac{2}{4}$ differs from the less Allabreve, only in this, that in the latter, the parts of the bar are minims, in this crotchets.

2. *Triple times*, are those of which the bars may be divided into 3 equal parts, of which the first is accented, and the other two are unaccented.

QUESTIONS.

1. How many kinds of time are known to you?
2. Can you tell us the names of all of them?
3. Which notes are the accented notes in common time?

QUESTIONS.

4. Which in triple time?
5. What is the difference between Allabreve and $\frac{3}{4}$ time?
6. Can you remember some of the compound times?

QUESTIONS.

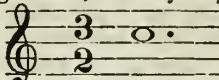
7. What kind of time is $\frac{3}{2}$ time?
8. Don't you call $\frac{3}{2}$ Common time?
9. What's the difference between accent and emphasis?

REMARK: The time is now to be practised, Table 1-2 and 3, also Table 5, -the first two lines, and Table 12.

To Triple time belongs:

Three minim time, $\frac{3}{2}$ the bar of which consists of three minimas. As

this time does not contain any *groups of three notes*, if we desire to represent all the 3 parts by a single note, we may supply the place of the third part, by means of a dot.



Three crotchet-time, $\frac{3}{4}$ as well as three quaver time, $\frac{3}{8}$ differ from the foregoing only by the alteration in the kind of notes; as, $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{3}{8}$

3. *Compound times*, are those in which the *parts* of the bar always remain the same with regard to the kind of notes employed, and which appear multiplied only with regard to the number of them.

Thus: $\frac{6}{4}$ is a doubled $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{6}{8}$ is a doubled $\frac{3}{8}$

$\frac{9}{4}$ is a tripled $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{9}{8}$ is a tripled $\frac{3}{8}$

$\frac{1}{8} \frac{2}{8}$ a quadrupled $\frac{3}{8}$

It will now be of great utility to the pupil, to learn to mark or beat the bar of these different times by himself; by so doing, he will acquire a more correct idea of precision in time, and of musical rhythm in general, viz. the Tables No. 1, 2*, 3, 4.

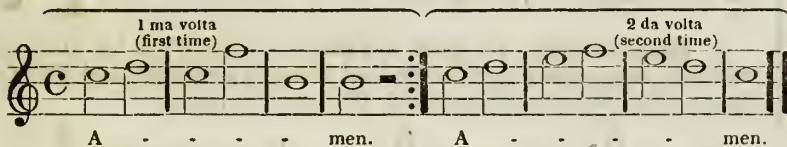
INTRODUCTION.

LESSON VI.

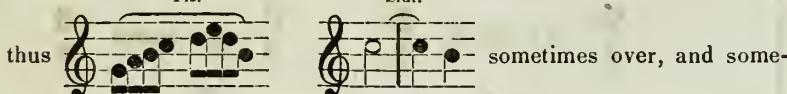
ON MUSICAL CHARACTERS.

Marks indicating repetition were more numerous formerly than at present. The characters now in use serve to denote the repetition of both parts of a theme or composition, as :: or of the first part only, as :|| or of the second only, as ||: according as the little dots or dashes are placed on the one side, or on the other.

Should one or more bars at the end of a strain which is marked for repetition, be performed the second time in a different way from the first, and so require to be passed over on the repetition, such alteration is pointed out by the expression 1 ma. volta, (first time,) and 2 da volta, (the second time;) and the bars to be slipped, are enclosed by a curved line drawn over them, and omitted on the (2 da volta,) or repetition.



The slur , which is similar in form to the bind or tie occurs



QUESTIONS.

1. What is the meaning of a repeat?
2. What is the use of a slur?
3. What is the difference between the slur and the tie?

QUESTIONS.

4. What means a curve line over the dots?
5. Do you know the meaning of a pause?
6. What means the word crescendo?

QUESTIONS.

7. How is decrescendo to be performed?
8. What means singing *Legato*?
9. What means the word *Staccato*?

REMARK: Time, and Scale and Intervals are now to be practised.

times under the notes, and implies that the group of notes embraced by it, must be connected together closely and smoothly, without striking the following note again. The word *Legato* (tied) indicates also that the whole musical Period in which it stands, even when no slur appears, must be played in the smoothest and most connected manner.

Mark (••• or !!!!!) indicating that the notes are to be perceptibly detached from one another. This style of singing or performing is called *Staccato*.

When a curve is drawn over the dots —the notes receive a certain increasing degree of emphasis, and it is called *portamento*.

The Pauses (⌚) over notes and rests, indicates a point of repose to the performer. Should two pauses occur one after the other, separated only by a few notes, the performer must dwell on the former a shorter time than on the latter.

A Pause, or stop, &c., should be increased and diminished thus after which a profound silence for a few moments, gives it a wonderful effect. In *crescendo*, we must open the mouth a little at first, and by degrees more; in *decrescendo*, just the reverse, both have a fine effect.

The *crescendo* ($\leftarrow\rightleftharpoons$) shows by its form that the quantity of tone or force required in performing, constantly increases from the point where the lines meet, towards the opening; as in the *decrescendo* ($\Rightarrow\rightleftharpoons$) it gradually diminishes.

INTRODUCTION.

II

LESSON VII.

ON MUSICAL CHARACTERS.

(This lesson demands the particular attention, as it has an important influence on the accurate perception of time, and on the correct division of the notes. It is closely connected with the preceding lesson.) The dot, as well as the tie or bind, lengthens the value of a note. One dot lengthens the note behind which it is placed, by *one half*, of its natural value; consequently, a minim with a dot is equal to three crotchets, &c.

THUS.

If two dots are placed after a note, the first is equal to the half of it and the second to the half of the first dot.

THUS.

QUESTIONS.

1. What is the use of a dot after a minim?
2. How much adds a dot after a note or rest?
3. How much is a dotted minim?

QUESTIONS.

4. How much is a dotted crotchet?
5. How much a dotted quaver?
6. How much is the second dot by a minim?

C

Time, Scale, and Intervals are now to be practised

Dots after rests have a similar power to those after notes.

Notes are termed *syncopated*, when their rhythm sometimes precedes, and at others, follows after that of those notes which occupy the place of, and which mark the natural and equal divisions of the bar.

naturally, syncopated, or or

On Shakes.

SHAKES ARE IN MUSIC IMPORTANT GRACES.

A turned shake is marked

thus. if to be sung
A - - - men.

Shake written thus.* A - - men. Shake. leading grace. Anticipation. *Forzando. *Tenuto.

* TO BE SUNG. Bis. A - - - men.

QUESTIONS.

7. How much the second dot by a crotchet?
8. What are syncopated notes?
9. How can you know the movement of a composition?

INTRODUCTION.

LESSON VIII.

ON THE SCALES.

Every musical composition is founded upon one or the other of the 12 notes comprised within the compass of the octave, and which note determines the principal key of the piece.

(Key.) Signifies the Diatonic major or minor Scale, as formed from any tone, in which a composition is written, and from which tone it obtains its name. The Diatonic Scales, consisting of whole and half tones, we are compelled to use more or less, Flats or Sharps, in order to regulate or keep the tones at a proper distance, hence we have as many keys as half tones within an Octave, and hence the meaning of placing Sharps or Flats, before a Piece of Music.)

The character of the key depends upon the scale, that is, upon the correct orderly succession of the notes by degrees. By the word scale (Gamut) is to be understood the regular succession of whole tones and semitones, ascending or descending by degrees.

Semitones are of two sorts, major and minor; The minor, or, as it is also termed, the chromatic semitone, is formed by a \sharp , b , or \natural , and stands always on the same degree of the stave as the preceding note as:



QUESTIONS.

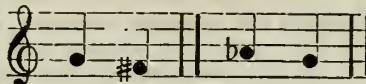
1. How many notes do you count within the compass of an octave?
2. How many sorts of semitones do you know?
3. How is a chromatic semitone formed?
4. How much comprises a whole tone?
5. How many sorts of scales do you know?

QUESTIONS.

6. Can you tell us the names?
7. Of what is the diatonic scale composed?
8. Of what consists the artificial or chromatical scale?
9. How many whole tones contains the diatonic scale?
10. How many half tones?

QUESTIONS.

2. The major or diatonic semitone, on the contrary, stands always on the next degree, above or below; as:



It follows therefore that a *whole tone*, always comprises one major, and one minor semitone; and, that between the two tones which form the whole tone, there is always a *half tone* in the middle.

The scale is termed *diatonic*, (natural,) when it is composed of tones and semitones; *chromatic*, (artificial,) when it consists of semitones only.

Each of the 12 principal tones in an octave, may be either *major*, (greater) or *minor*, (less); the former is determined by the *major* third, and latter by the *minor* third. Since each of the 12 degrees of the octave may be taken as the root or commencement of a scale, and since this may be either major or minor, there are in all 24 keys. To render the Pupil familiar with, and certain as to the succession of notes in the most common scales, (Gamuts) I should advise the master to explain to the scholars the regular succession of tones and semitones in both the *major* and *minor* scale, and to take care that they be thoroughly grounded in them, for this purpose, the scales of C *major* and A *minor* should be selected as models, they being the most simple.

The major scale contains 5 *whole* tones and 2 *major* semitones; in ascending, the latter fall between the 3d. and 4th. and 7th. and 8th. degrees.

The master proceeds to the common useful practice of Time Scale and Intervals.

INTRODUCTION

LESSON IX.

SCALE OR GAMUT, OF C MAJOR, AS A MODEL.

Remark: In descending, the succession of notes remain the same as in ascending, though the order is inverted.

The minor scale differs from the major in *ascending*, merely by the minor third, since the major semitone, lies between the second and third degrees; in descending, on the contrary, the succession of whole tones and semitones is very different.

SCALE OR GAMUT OF A MINOR AS A MODEL.

From the model, we perceive that in descending, the two major semitones lie between the 6th, and 5th, and the 3d, and 2d degrees. The Pupils should pay particular attention to the descending minor scales, because from them he will most readily gather the number of sharps or flats required for the signature of the minor keys.

The relative, (correspondent) minor keys, all originate from the major keys, having the same common signature; the *minor third below the major key—note, is always the root of the relative minor key.*

QUESTIONS.

1. Where do you find the two semitones in the major scale?
 2. Where is the place of the semitones in the minor scale?
 3. What is the difference between a major & minor scale?

QUESTIONS.

- How do you find the relative minor Keys?
 - What is the difference between a chromatical and enharmonical scale.
 - Do mutations alter the sound?

QUESTIONS.

7. What is the only alteration?
 8. In which manner can you find out the relative (**correspondent**) major Key?
 9. Which Interval is called the leading note?

The master proceeds to the practice of Time, Scale, and Intervals, the scale with, or without pauses.

LESSON X.

ON INTERVALS.

Interval signifies the distance of one note from another given note, which may be termed the root or bass—note as:



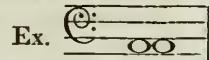
NAMES OF THE INTERVALS.

Prima or Unison.
Minor Second.
Major Second.
Minor Third.
Major Third.
Perfect Fourth.
Sharp Fourth.
Flat Fifth.

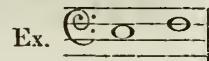
Perfect Fifth.
Sharp Fifth.
Minor Sixth.
Major Sixth.
Minor Seventh.
Major Seventh.
Octave.

EXAMPLE.

Prima;



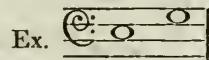
MINOR SECOND; consisting of one semitone.



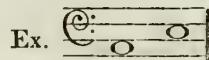
MAJOR SECOND; consisting of one tone.



MINOR THIRD; consisting of one tone and one semitone.



MAJOR THIRD; consisting of two tones.



QUESTIONS.

1. What is understood by the word interval?
2. How many whole and half tones do you find in a perfect fifth?
3. How many contains an octave?

QUESTIONS.

4. How many whole and half tones contains a minor seventh?
5. How many a perfect fourth?
6. A minor third?

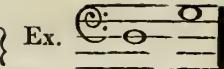
QUESTIONS.

7. A major third?
8. A sharp seventh?
9. A major sixth? &c. &c.

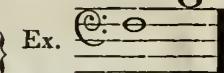
REMARK: Time and scale are now to be remembered, especially Table 12, such kind of practise should the master bear in his mind.

INTRODUCTION.

PERFECT FOURTH; consisting of two tones and one semitone.



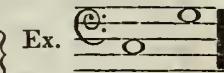
SHARP FOURTH; (called also *Tritonus*;) consisting of three tones.



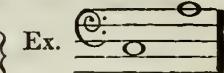
FLAT FIFTH; (called also *imperfect* or *false fifth*;) consisting of two tones and two semitones.



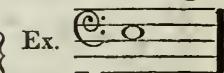
PERFECT FIFTH; consisting of three tones and one semitone.



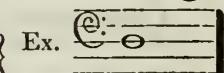
MINOR SIXTH; consisting of three tones and two semitones.



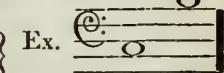
MAJOR SIXTH; consisting of four tones and one semitone.



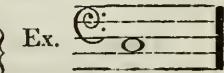
MINOR SEVENTH; (flat seventh) consisting of four tones and two semitones.



MAJOR SEVENTH; (sharp seventh) consisting of five tones and one semitone.



OCTAVE; consisting of five tones and two semitones.



INTRODUCTION.

xiii

May be taken as a separate Lesson.

ON APPOGIATURAS.

Appoggiaturas are at present often introduced as forming a part of the bar, and represented by notes of the usual size; however in many cases they are still expressed by small notes.

They may be considered as suspensions of the principal notes, from the value of which they borrow some portion. Appoggiaturas are divided into long and short.

The *long* or *accented** Appoggiatura borrows one half the value of its principal note, when, according to the nature of the measure, that consists of two equal parts. It will therefore be proper to denote at once the real value of the Appoggiatura by means of a corresponding small note, as:

Written. 

To be sung. 

Before a note with a dot, which by this means consists of three parts,

LESSON XI.

ON THE KEYS.

To learn how many \sharp or \flat are contained in the signature of all the major and minor scales, and to ascertain more easily their relation under the same signature, we may employ what is called the circle of perfect fifths; Thus, seek from C as a root, the perfect fifth above, G one \sharp , and again from this latter; D two \sharp , the fifth again A three \sharp , &c. s. f. till we come back to C again; and we shall find that each new fifth supplies the root of a new key and scale. While we explain to the pupils their signatures, let them compare them with the scales as filled up by themselves according to lesson.

the appogiatura borrows the whole value of the principal note, which itself must be sung to the dot.

Written. 

To be sung. 

ON THE TURN.

The *turn* is a group of notes consisting of a principal note, and the subsidiary notes above and below it. It occurs over notes and also between them; it must neither be sung too quick nor too slow, but with vivacity, neatness, and energy.

WRITTEN. 

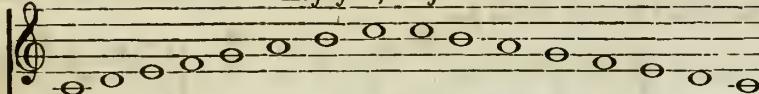
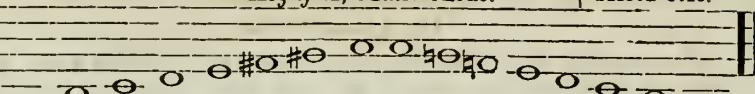
TO BE SUNG. 

Upon the comparison he then will find, that G major has only one \sharp , and that, in ascending, this falls on the 7th. degree before F; that in D major, a second \sharp comes before C, also on the 7th. degree from the tonic, *so in all the keys*; So they will find all the keys of the sharps.

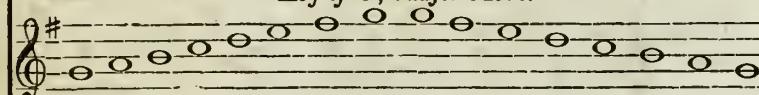
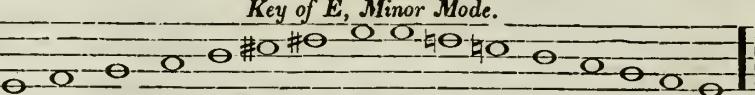
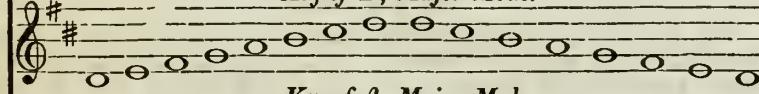
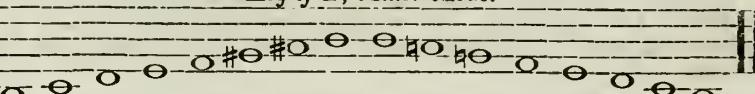
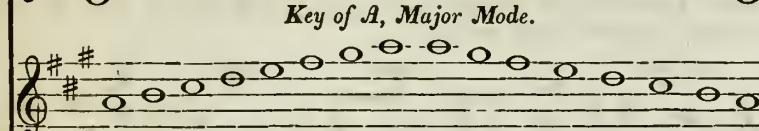
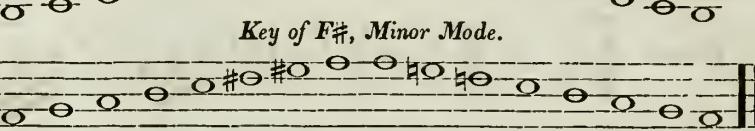
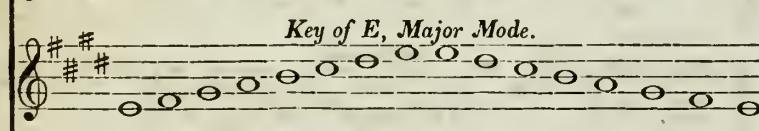
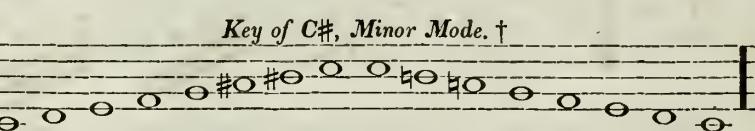
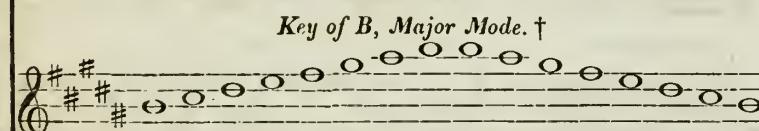
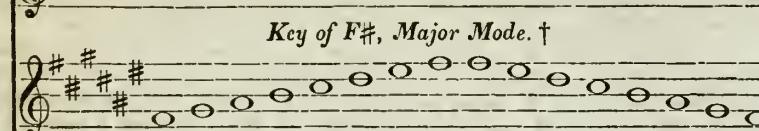
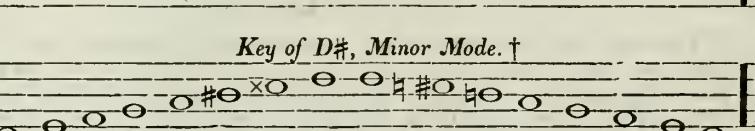
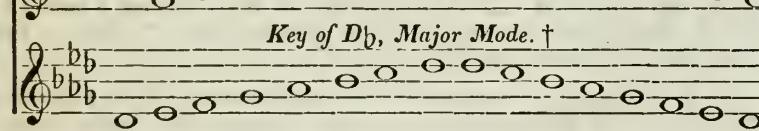
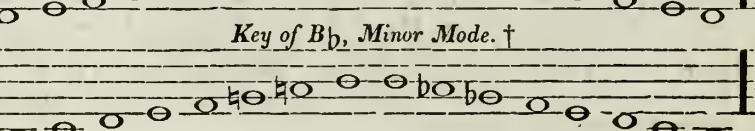
To find the keys of the flats, employ the following circle of perfect fourths, counting upwards; thus, (telling C again as the rest:) we will find that the key of F major has only one \flat , which falls, in ascending, on the 4th. degree B; and that in the key of B \flat , a second \flat comes before E, likewise the 4th. degree of the scale &c. &c. To find the relative minor keys look page xi, Lesson ix.

N. B. The master examines the scholars about the keys, perhaps so far as A \flat —and E \sharp —together with their correspondent minor keys.

SCALES OF ALL THE KEYS.

Key of C, Major Mode.*Key of A, Minor Mode.*

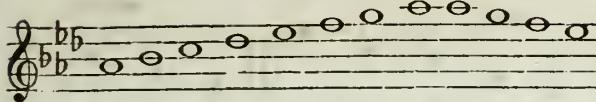
† Seldom used.

Key of G, Major Mode.*Key of E, Minor Mode.**Key of D, Major Mode.**Key of B, Minor Mode.**Key of A, Major Mode.**Key of F#, Minor Mode.**Key of E, Major Mode.**Key of C#, Minor Mode. †**Key of B, Major Mode. †**Key of G#, Minor Mode. †**Key of F#, Major Mode. †**Key of D#, Minor Mode. †**Key of D♭, Major Mode. †**Key of B♭, Minor Mode. †*

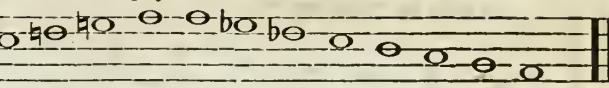
S C A L E S. Continued.

xv

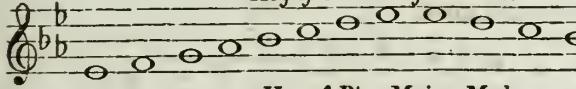
Key of A♭, Major Mode. †



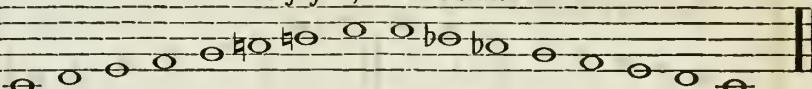
Key of F, Minor Mode.



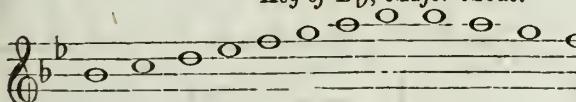
Key of E♭, Major Mode.



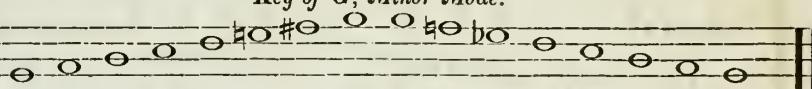
Key of C, Minor Mode.



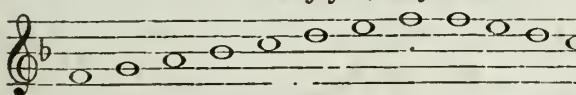
Key of B♭, Major Mode.



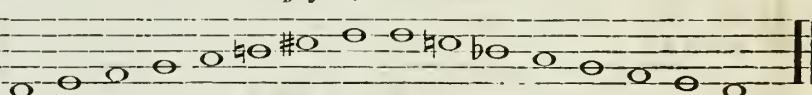
Key of G, Minor Mode.



Key of F, Major Mode.



Key of D, Minor Mode.



QUESTIONS.

1. How many sharps do you find in the key (or scale) of A major?
2. How many in the key of G major?
3. Which is the relative minor key of G major?

QUESTIONS.

4. How do you find the relative minor keys in general?
5. In what way can we find out how many sharps or flats a major or minor key needs?
6. How many sharps has the key of C major?

QUESTIONS.

7. Why has it no sharps nor flats?
8. Do you know any other way to find out how many sharps or flats a key needs?
9. Tell us how?

A V E R Y I M P O R T A N T H I N T F O R M A S T E R S A N D P A R E N T S.

Instruction in general should be made a source of pleasure and entertainment, and *respect* and *confidence*, unmingled with dread, entertained towards the master, by parents—is the best security of the ultimate improvement of his scholars

Additional TABLE NO. 11. Exercises for Bass voices.

SELDOM USED.

NAMES OF THE NOTES.

**EX. NO. 1. SCALE OR GAMUT
IN C MAJOR.**

EX. NO. 2. GAMUT IN G MAJOR.

SPACES.

Sing: C D E F G A B C C B A G F E D C Sing G A B C D E F G G F E D C B A G
EX. NO 3.

EX. NO 3.

Sg. A - - -
EX. NO 4.

EX. NO 5.

Sing: A - . . . A - . . . A - . . . A - . . . A - . . . A - . . . A - . . . A - . . . A - . . . A

EX. NO 6.

A -
EX. NO 7.

LEGATO

A -

A -
EX. NO. 8.

LEGATO

◎ 3

• 3

LEGATO

TABLE No. 1. Exercise, to practise the Time without rests.

Mixt Time.

ALLEGRETTO.



ALLEGRETTO.



La, &c.

ANDANTE.



ADAGIO.



ALLEGRO.



ADAGIO.



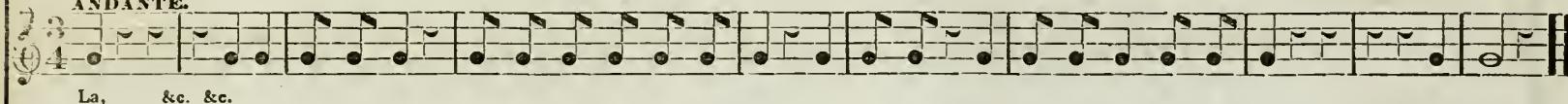
TABLE No. 2. Exercise, to practise the time with Rests.

Mixt time.

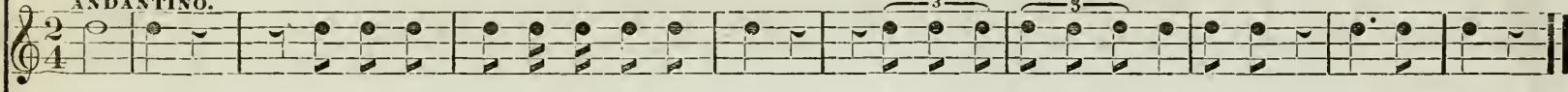
ALLEGRETTO.



ANDANTE.



ANDANTINO.



ADAGIO.



ANDANTE.



ALLEGRO VIVACE.



ALLEGRO.



ALLEGRETTO.



Remark: Let the scholars count the Time, and beat the Notes with the hand, or let them beat the Time and sound the Notes

TABLE No. 3. Exercise to practice the Time with Rests.

Mixt Time.

ALLEGRO.

La, &c.

ALLEGRETTO.

La, &c.

ALLEGRO.

La, &c.

ADAGIO.

La, - &c. la, - la, &c.

ANDANTINO.

La, la, &c.

ALLEGRO.

La, &c.

MODERATO.

La, &c.

MODERATO.

La, la, &c.

TABLE No. 4. Exercise to practice the time with Rests.

Mixt time.

ALLEGRO.
PORTAMENTO.



La La La La La &c:

ALLEGRETTO.



La La &c:

ANDANTINO.



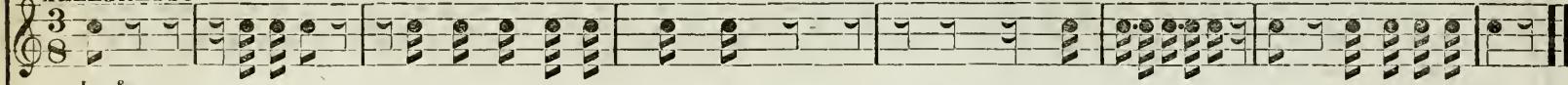
La La &c:

ALLA BREVE.



Beat two. La La La &c:

ALLEGRETTO.



La &c:

ALLEGRO ASSAI.



La &c:

MODERATO.



La La La &c:

ALLEGRO.



La La La &c.

TABLE No. 5. THE GROUND AND FOUNDATION OF ALL SINGING.

1. Improving a good sound.
2. To swell the sound.
3. To keep in the breath.
4. To strengthen the chest.

Sing always a clear a, like after or father.

Scale or Gamut.

The page contains five staves of musical notation. The first three staves are identical, showing a continuous sequence of notes on a single line, each with a small diamond above it. The notes are mostly open circles, except for the eighth note which is a solid circle. The fourth staff begins with a note labeled 'A' followed by a dash, indicating a sustained note. The fifth staff begins with a note labeled 'A' followed by a dash, also indicating a sustained note. The text 'LEGATO.' appears above the first three staves, and 'MODERATO.' appears above the fourth staff. The word 'EXERCISES.' is centered between the fourth and fifth staves. The text 'MODERATO, LEGATO.' appears above the fifth staff.

TABLE No. 6. Exercise to practice the Time and Intervals without Rests. Triple Time.

MODERATO.

La, La, &c. Close or go on.

La, La, &c.

TABLE No. 7. To practice the Time and Intervals.

Common Time.

MODERATO.

La, La, &c.

Close, or go on.

La, La, &c.

No. 4. &c. &c.
Only sometimes to conclude.

La, La, &c.

La, La, &c.

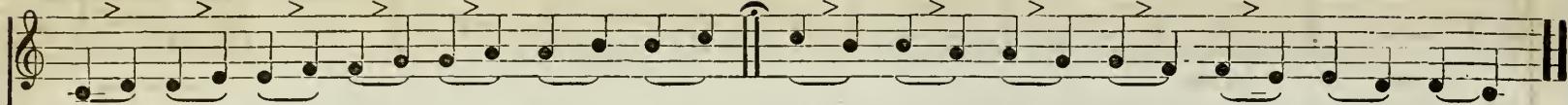
La, La, &c.

La la la la la &c. La la la la la la &c.

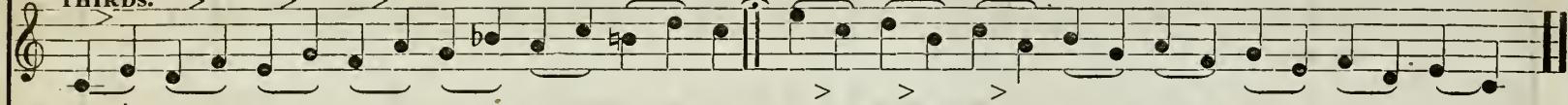
TABLE No. 8. THE INTERVALS.

To practice them in different Styles.

SECONDS. TIME AD LIBITUM.



THIRDS.



FOURTHS.



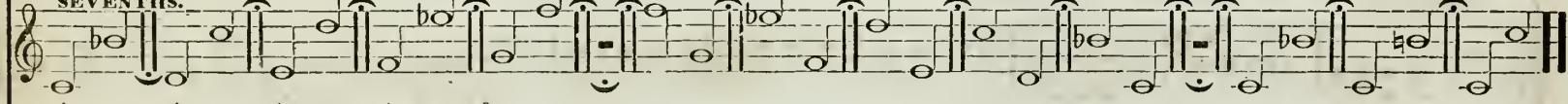
FIFTHS.



SIXTHS.



SEVENTHES.

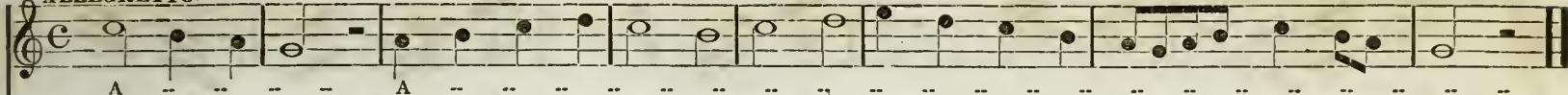


OCTAVES.



T A B L E . No. 9. Examples in Seconds with Rests. Semp. Legato. Mixt time, and Mixt Keys.

ALLEGRETTO.



ALLEGRO.



ANDANTINO.



ALLEGRO.



ALLEGRO.



MODERATO.



MODERATO.



ALLEGRETTO.



A A A A - - - - A - - - - A - - - - A - - - -

TABLE No. 10. Exercises in general to practice the voice.

Semp. Legato.

ADAGIO & ALLEGRO.

ALLEGRO LEGATO.

ALLEGRO LEGATO.

ALLEGRO.

ALLEGRETTO LEGATO.

MODERATO LEGATO.

LEGATO.

LEGATO. A A A A A A

A A A A A A

TABLE No. 11. Exercises in general to practice the voice.

SEMP: LEGATO.

SING A.

ADAGIO & ALLEGRO.



ALLEGRETTO.



MODERATO.



ALLEGRETTO.



ALLEGRETTO.



ALLEGRO.



ANDANTINO.



ALLEGRO.



Take your choice about Forte, Piano, Crescendo, Decrescendo, Mezza Voice, Staccato, and in all Tables Employ your taste and own judgment

TABLE No. 12. To practise the Intervals.

A VERY IMPORTANT AND USEFUL PRACTISE.
SCHOLARS TAKE AWAY THE BOOKS.

A specimen to show how
the Intervals are to be practised.

Degrees of the Major Scale.

The Master to his scholars.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

Pauses! sound one! call out loud. (or Key note)

Sound two! or (the second) A

Sound three! or third! A

One! or Key! A

ALLEGRO. A **ALLEGRO.** **ALLEGRO.** **ALLEGRO.**

sound in succession three degrees! A

Four! A

Five! A

Six! A

Key pauses! A

Perfect fifth! A

Sixth! A

Key! A

Octave! A Repeat third line! (Remark for the master)

If the pupils should fail, let the Master show the degrees which are to be omitted.

Key without pauses!

Sixth!

Key!

Fourth! &c. &c.

Key!

Perfect fifth!

Sharp fifth! #

Key!

Sixth!

Key a Pause!

Key!

Two!

One!

Five!

Key!

Eight!

Nine!

Key!

Minor Third!

Key!

Major Third!

Key!

Eighth! a Pause &c &c

Key!

Remark. The third line is often to be repeated in fast time, last note short.

EXPLANATION OF THE USUAL TERMS IN SACRED MUSIC.

A, signifies, with, for, to, &c.

Accelerando, constantly accelerating in speed.

Adagio, slow.—(*ma*, but; *non*, not; too much; *molto*, much or very.

A duo, *Duetto*, is a composition in two parts, or for two voices.

A Tre, Terzetto, or Trio, in three parts.

A Quartre or Quartetto, in four parts.

Ad Lib., *Ab Libitum*, without strict observation of time, or at pleasure.

Affettuoso, affectionately.—*Con Affetto*, w'th affection, or tender expression.

Alla Breze, or Alla Capella, or a C with a line drawn through, signifies two beats in a bar, and is to be performed quick.

Allegrezza, lively.

Allegro, (or *Allo*,) brisk, quick.—*Allegro assai, di molto, agitato, vivace*, an increased quickness of *Allegro*.

Allegretto, a little brisk.

AllegriSSimo, as quick as possible.

Alto, in German, Italian, and French compositions, means always the Second Treble, to be sung by a female or child's voice; but in English compositions, it signifies a high Tenor voice.

Andante, a little slow.

Andantino, a little faster than *Andante*.

Amen, yes it will certainly be done, or be it so, or may it be so.

Amabile, amiable.

Amoroso, tenderly.

Animoso, animate.

Anthem, in former times meant a portion of the Scriptures, set to Music: at present, however, it means not only that, but also sacred words put to Music, for 1, 2, 3, or 4 voices or parts, or a select piece.

Assai, generally used with some other word to denote an increase or diminution of the time of the movement; as *Adagio Assai*, more slow; *Allegro Assai*, more quick.

A tempo, in time: used where the singer is at liberty to retard, or quicken the time; and means that strict time must again be resumed.

Aria, an air—*song*.—*Arietta*, a small air—*song*.

Arioso or Cantabile, a melodious air.

Bass, the Bass part, and the lowest part in harmony.

Bis, twice, or repeat.

Brio, Brioso, Con Brio, fiery, or with great animation.

Brillante, a brilliant style, or manner of execution.

Cadenza, a close; or a preparation to close, whole or half.

Canon, a scientific composition. Explanation would be entirely useless without knowing contra-point and fugue.

There are a great many kinds of canons: pr. Ex. *canon simplex*, *canon duplex*, *canon triplex*, *canon apertus*, *canon clausus*, *canon enigmaticus*, *canon circularis*, *canon infinitus*, *canon perpetuus*. Some canons receive their names from certain kinds of imitations, like canon in *Hypoditomos*, in *Epidiastessaron*, in *Epidiapente*, in *Hypodiapason*, in *Epidiapason*, there are, perhaps, more than fifty kinds of canons.) All such names and expressions, on the top of a canon, have no meaning for performers, except in the canons *circularis*, and *infinitus*, where only one part begins.

Cantabile, singing in a pleasing style.

Calando, (or *Calo*,) a diminution of time and sound, in general.

Canto, Cantus, the Air, the voice part or the melody.

Concertante, is added to a piece where the parts have the melody alternately.

Chorus, a composition for not less than 4 parts, often to 5, 6, 7, or 8 parts, sometimes signifies Chorus; Tutti; for all the voices.

Coda, the close of a composition, or an additional close.

Con fuoco, wild, with fire.

Con, with.

Con anima, with soul—expression.

Comodo, like *Allegretto*, commodious.

Con moto, fast.

Choral, is a peculiar composition of old Church style, slow movement, written in equal rithmen, (time.)

Crescendo, or Cresc., to swell the sound—*Decrescendo, or Decresc.*, to diminish the sound.

Chromatic, a term given to a succession of semitones, in relation to melody or harmony.

Da Capo, (D. C., or D. Cp.) to repeat certain strains, or from the beginning, unto the *Fine*, (End.)

Dal Segno, (D. Sg.) from the sign.

Diminuendo, (Dim.) gradually slower, diminishing.

Divoto, solemn or devout.

Dirge, a piece composed for funeral occasions.

Dolce, sweetly or soft.

Doloroso, con dolce, melancholy or dolorous.

Duo, Duetto, for two parts, with or without accompaniments of an orchestra.

Duolo, con duolo, with pain, sorrow.

E, and, as *moderato e flebile*, moderate and complaining.

Expressivo, expression, expressive.

Fagotto, Bassoon—also a stop on the Organ.

Falsetto, or voce di testa, Head voice produces the higher tones; is of a more delicate, and soft sound, artificial and seems to originate from the throat.

Eastoso, sublime.

Finale, the last part.

Fine, the end.

Forte, or F, loud.

Fortissimo, or FF, very loud.

Forzando, or Fz, >< with force, emphasis.

Fuga, or Fugue, a scientific composition where the parts constantly imitate and according to certain Rules—there are many kinds of Fugues.

(*Fuga ricertata, fuga libera, fuga saluta, fuga sciolta, fuga recta, fuga retrograda, fuga per augmentationem, fg. p. diminutionem, fuga per arsis et thesin*, in relation to the Theme: *fuga composita, fuga incomposita, fuga authentica, fuga plagalis*.) All such names and expressions are immaterial to the performers, and no anxiety need therefore to be felt concerning their meaning, nor that of the different canons.

Grave, very slow and serious.

Grazioso, graceful.

Gustoso, or con gusto, with taste.

Hallelujah, Hebr. lang. signifies praise the Lord.

Harmony, an agreeable combination of musical sounds or different melodies, performed at the same time.

Innocentamente, Innocent.

Interval, the distance between any two tones.

Interlude, an instrumental passage introduced between.

Largo, slow—slower than Adagio.

EXPLANATION OF THE USUAL TERMS IN SACRED MUSIC.

<i>Larghetto</i> , pretty slow.	<i>Più mosso</i> , quicker— <i>più presto</i> , <i>stretto</i> , the same.	<i>Spirituoso</i> , or <i>con spirito</i> , with spirit.
<i>Lagrimoso</i> , <i>Lamentabile</i> , <i>Lamentoso</i> , lamenting.	<i>Più</i> , more— <i>più Allegro</i> , more lively— <i>più forte</i> , louder.	<i>Staccato</i> , or <i>Stoccatto</i> , (<i>Stacc.</i>) short and distinct.
<i>Legato</i> , slurring the notes together.	<i>più tosto Andante</i> , rather a little slower.	<i>Stretto and Stringendo</i> , pressing the time faster.
<i>Lento</i> , slow, like Adagio.	<i>Poco</i> , <i>poco à poco</i> , by degrees, <i>poco à poco crescendo</i> , to swell the sound by degrees.	<i>Stringendo</i> , pressing, hurrying on.
<i>Lentando</i> , <i>rallentando</i> , <i>ritardando</i> , gradually retarding.	<i>Pomposo</i> , grand, pompous.	<i>Symphony</i> , a passage to be executed by instruments, while the vocal performers are silent.
<i>Listeso tempo</i> , in the same time.	<i>Portamento di voce</i> , is the art of sustaining or carrying the voice, (or sound,) blending the notes together; contrary to <i>portamento</i> is the <i>staccato</i> .	<i>Synkopatio</i> , is a slurring of the notes contrary to the natural accent.
<i>Ma</i> , but.	<i>Presto</i> , quick— <i>Prestissimo</i> , very quick.	<i>Tasto Solo</i> , (<i>T. S.</i>) signifies in <i>unison</i> , <i>all unisono</i> ; in compositions for the Organ, signifies it without the Pedal Base.
<i>Major</i> , the correspondent major key, or major in general.	<i>Primo</i> , the first part.	<i>Tacit</i> , be silent.
<i>Marato</i> , diminishing.	<i>Quartetto</i> , a composition consisting of parts, each of which occasionally takes the melody.	<i>Tardo</i> , slowly.
<i>Marcato</i> , well marked, or accented.	<i>Quintetto</i> , music composed in five parts, each of which occasionally takes the leading melody.	<i>Tunto</i> , very.
<i>Majestoso</i> , majestic.	<i>Quasi</i> , nearly as.	<i>Tempo</i> , time— <i>A tempo</i> , in time— <i>Tempo primo</i> , the time of the first movement— <i>Tempo Secondo</i> , the time of the second movement.
<i>Melody</i> , the highest part, principal part, air.	<i>Rallentando</i> , <i>Ritartando</i> , to diminish the time and sound gradually.	<i>Tando</i> , slow.
<i>Mesto</i> , mourning.	<i>Recitativo</i> , a sort of musical declamation, having to each syllable, a musical sound.	<i>Tempo gusto</i> , like <i>moderato</i> , but not so serious.
<i>Men</i> , less— <i>men forte</i> , less strong.	<i>Risoluto</i> , resolute, resolved, decided.	<i>Tenore</i> , <i>con tenerezza</i> , tenderly, with tenderness.
<i>Men vivo</i> , with less spirit.	<i>Ritorcello</i> , repeating certain phrases, the expression taken from a sort of ancient poetry: <i>Rondeau cest ma ritournelle continuelle</i> .	<i>Tenuto</i> , like <i>Sostenuto</i> , (<i>Ten.</i> .) sustain the tone with equal strength.
<i>Messa di voce</i> , swelling and diminishing the strains or sounds.	<i>Secondo</i> , the second part.	<i>Tenore</i> , <i>Tenor</i> , a high male voice, the third part in compositions for four parts.
<i>Mezzo</i> , half, <i>mezzo forte</i> , (<i>MF.</i>) half loud (<i>MP.</i>) half soft.	<i>Semi Chorus</i> , half the Choir or voices.	<i>Timoroso</i> , alarmed, timorous.
<i>Minore</i> , the correspondent minor key, or minor in general.	<i>Segue</i> , or (<i>Seg.</i>) go on to the following.	<i>Trio</i> , a composition for three parts.
<i>Moderato</i> , moderately.	<i>Sempre</i> , or <i>Semp.</i> , always, throughout the piece.	<i>Trillo</i> , <i>Shake</i> , moving two successive tones constantly, and quickly after.
<i>Molto</i> , much.	<i>Senza</i> , without— <i>Senza replica</i> , without repetition.	<i>Tutti</i> , (<i>T.</i> or <i>Tutt.</i>) all together.
<i>Morendo</i> , dying away.	<i>Serioso</i> , serious.	<i>Un poco</i> , a little.
<i>Motetto</i> , a vocal composition, in general fugueing style, the words taken from the sacred scriptures, and never less than 4 parts, often for 5, 6, 7, or 8 parts.	<i>Siciliano</i> , a more slow movement, in general written in 6-4, or 6-8 time, like <i>pastorale</i> .	<i>Unisono</i> , <i>Unison</i> , sounding alike, in one or more octaves.
<i>Non</i> , not.	<i>Smorzando</i> , becoming extinct.	<i>Veloce</i> , quick.
<i>Nota Sostenuta</i> , passing quickly from <i>piano</i> to <i>forte</i> , and from <i>forte</i> to <i>piano</i> .	<i>Soare</i> , sweet.	<i>Verse</i> , one voice to a part.
<i>Oratorio</i> , a species of Musical Drama, consisting of airs, recitatives, duets, trios, choruses, &c.	<i>Solo</i> , for a single voice, (part,) <i>Soli</i> , for single voices in more parts.	<i>Virace</i> , or <i>vivo</i> , a quick movement.
<i>Overture</i> , in dramatic music is an instrumental composition, which serves as an introduction.	<i>Sopra</i> , above— <i>come sopra</i> , as above.	<i>Vivacissimo</i> , very quick.
<i>Orchestra</i> , the place or band of musical performances.	<i>Soprano</i> , for a high <i>Treble</i> voice, signifies <i>Treble</i> voices in general.	<i>Volta prima</i> , the first time.
<i>Organo</i> , <i>Organ</i> .	<i>Sostenuuto</i> , or <i>Sost.</i> , dwelling upon notes, in giving them a peculiar expression.	<i>V. S. Volti Subito, si colti, Verte</i> , turn, turn quickly.
<i>Pastorale</i> , in a natural, (pastoral) style.	<i>Sotto voce</i> , middling strength of sound.	<i>Vigoroso</i> , strong, vigorous.
<i>Patetico</i> , pathetical, grand, passion, effect.	<i>Sviceato</i> distinct	<i>Voce</i> , the voice.
<i>Parlante</i> , more speaking than singing.		<i>Voce di petto</i> , chest voice.
<i>Piano</i> , (<i>P.</i>) soft, (<i>MP.</i>) half soft.		<i>Voce di testa</i> , head voice.
<i>Pedal</i> , that part of the Organ, played with the feet.		<i>Zelo</i> , ardent, zealous.
<i>Perdendo</i> , <i>Perdendosi</i> , losing itself.		
<i>Piacere</i> , a piuerc, at pleasure.		
<i>Pianissimo</i> , (<i>PP.</i>) very soft.		
<i>Pietoso</i> , soft, hasty.		

THE

Ancient Lyre,

OR

Boston Professional Musical Society's Collection

OF

Church Music.

CHORAL.

OLD HUNDRED. L. M. M #

Martin Luther.
New harmonized.

The musical score consists of four staves of music. The top staff is labeled 'CHORAL.' and has a key signature of one sharp. The second staff is labeled 'OLD HUNDRED. L. M. M #' and has a key signature of one sharp. The third staff is labeled 'Martin Luther. New harmonized.' and has a key signature of one sharp. The bottom staff has a key signature of one sharp. The music is written in common time. The lyrics 'Be thou, O God, ex - alt-ed high, And as thy glo-ry fills the sky, So let it be on earth dis-play'd, Till thou art here as there o-bey'd.' are written below the third staff.

8

ALLEGRETTO.

BLENDON. L. M.

M 11

Giardini.
Not an original Hymn

Not an original Hymn

How pleasant how di - - vine-ly fair, O Lord of hosts thy dwel-lings are; With long de sire my spirit faints, To meet th'assemblies of - thy saints.

ALLEGRO.

STONEFIELD. L. M.

M 11

Stanley.

ALLEGRO.

COSTELLOW. L. M.

M #

Costellow.

9

Be earth with all her scenes with - drawn, Let noise and van - i - ty - be - gone, In se - cret silence of the mind, My heav'n-and there my God I find.

This section contains four staves of musical notation. The first three staves are in common time (indicated by a 'C') and the fourth staff is in 2/4 time. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns. The lyrics are placed below the first staff.

ALLEGRETTO.

BOWEN. L. M.

M #

Haydn.

Not an original Hymn.

Up to the fields where an-gels lie, And living wa-ters gent - ly roll; Fein would my thoughts as - cend on high, But sin hangs hea - vy on my soul.

This section contains four staves of musical notation. The first two staves are in common time (indicated by a 'C') and the last two staves are in 2/4 time. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns. The lyrics are placed below the first staff.

10

ALLEGRO MODERATO.

DUKE STREET. L. M.

M #

Hutton.

Musical score for Duke Street, L. M., M #, Allegro Moderato. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is in common time (indicated by a 'C') and the bottom staff is in common time (indicated by a 'C'). The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes. The score is set against a background of vertical bar lines.

Lord when thou didst as - cend on high, Ten thousand angels fill'd the sky, Those heav'ly guards a - round thee wait, Like chariots that - - at - tend thy state.

ANDANTE AMOROSO.

GERMANY. L. M.

M #

L.V. Beethoven.
No original Hymn.

Musical score for Germany, L. M., M #, Andante Amoroso. The score consists of three staves. The top staff is in common time (indicated by a 'C') and the middle and bottom staves are in common time (indicated by a 'C'). The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes. The score is set against a background of vertical bar lines.

Softly the shade cf ev' ning falls, Sprinkling the earth with dew - y tears, While nature's voice to slumber calls, And si - lence reigns a - mid the spheres.

ALLEGRO.

WINCHELSEA.

L. M.

M #

Prelleur.

11

Musical score for "Winchelsea" in L. M. (Common Time) and M# (G major). The score consists of three staves. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff an alto clef, and the bottom staff a bass clef. The music features various note heads (circles, ovals, diamonds) and rests, with some notes having stems pointing up or down. Measure numbers are present at the beginning of each measure across all staves.

In - cumbent on the bending sky, The Lord de - scended from on high, And bade the dark - ness of the pole, Be -neath his feet tremendous roll.

CHORAL.

HAMSTER.

L. M.

M b

Musical score for "Hamster" in L. M. (Common Time) and M b (B-flat major). The score consists of three staves, each with a bass clef. The music features a repetitive pattern of eighth-note chords. Measure numbers are present at the beginning of each measure across all staves.

How soon, O Lord, will life de - cay! How soon the world will pass a - way, Ah! what can mor - tal friends a - vail, When heart and strength and life shall fail

12 ALLEGRO ASSAI.

THE SEAMAN'S SONG. L. M.

M #

T. William's Coll.
ALTERED.

Oh praise - - the - Lord in that - - blest place, - From whence his goodness large - ly flows; Praise him in heav'n where
UNISON.

he his face - - Un- veiled - - - in - - - per - - fect glo - - - ry - shows, Un - veiled in per - fect glo - - ry shows.
UNISON.

ALLEGRETTO.

NEW SABBEATH. L. M.

M #

Isaac Smith. 13

A musical score for "New Sabbath" in common time (indicated by a '3' over a '4'). The key signature is one sharp. The music consists of four staves. The first two staves are in G major (two sharps) and the last two are in C major (no sharps or flats). The vocal line is in the soprano range, with lyrics: "For thee, - O God, - our constant praise, In Zi-on waits, thy cho - sen seat, Our promis'd al-tars we - will raise, And there our zeal-ous vows complete."

UN POCO ALLEGRETTO.

NEW BRIDGEPORT. L. M.

M #

A musical score for "New Bridgeport" in common time (indicated by a '3' over a '4'). The key signature changes between G major (two sharps) and C major (no sharps or flats). The music consists of four staves. The vocal line is in the soprano range, with lyrics: "How shall the sons of men -- ap - pear, Great God, be - fore thine aw - ful bar? - How may the guil-ty hope - to find, Ac-cep - tance with th' e-ter - nal mind?"

14 ALLEGRETTO MODERATO.

UXBRIDGE. L. M. M #

Musical score for UXBRIDGE, L. M. M #, 14 measures. The score consists of three staves. The top staff is in common time (3/4), key of G major (two sharps). The middle staff is also in common time (3/4), key of G major. The bottom staff is in common time (3/4), key of E major (one sharp). The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes, with some rests and dynamic markings like 'p' (piano).

At an - chor laid, re - mote from home, Toil - ing, I cry sweet spir - it, come ; Ce - lestial breeze, no lon - ger stay, But swell my sails, and speed my way.

ALLEGRETTO MODERATO.

SABAOTH. L. M.

M #

R. Taylor.

Musical score for SABAOTH, L. M., 14 measures. The score consists of three staves. The top staff is in common time (C), key of G major. The middle staff is in common time (C). The bottom staff is in common time (C), key of E major. The music features eighth and sixteenth note patterns, with some rests and dynamic markings like 'p' (piano).

Let one loud song of praise a - rise To God, whose goodness cease-less flows ; Who dwells enthroned above the skies, And life and breath on all be - stows

ALLEGRO.

CAMDEN, L. M. M #

15

O hap - py day, that fix'd my choice, On thee my Sa - vior and my - God; - Well may this glow - ing heart re-

The musical score shows the vocal line for the verse of "The Star-Spangled Banner". The vocal part is labeled "SOLO." and "TUTTI.". The lyrics are: "And tell its raptures all a - broad, And tell its raptures all a - broad." The music consists of two staves of five-line notation.

SOLO.

16

CHORAL.

MONMOUTE. L. M., L. M. 6 lines, or L. P. M.

*Jugement Hymn.
M. Luther.*

Great God, what do I see and hear! The end of things cre - a - - ted ! { The trumpet sounds ! the graves re - store The dead which they contained before ! Prepare, my soul, to meet him.
The Judge of man I see ap - pear, On clouds of glo - ry seat - ed ! }

L. M. — Re-joice, ye shining worlds on high ! Behold the King of Glo - ry nigh ! Who can this King of Glo - ry be ? The migh - ty Lord, the Savior's he, — The migh - ty Lord, the Sav - ior's he.

SOLO.

TUTTI.

MODERATO.

NEW RALSTON. L. M.

M #

Hail ! hail once more aus - picious morn, On which our heavenly King was born; Let all on earth their voices raise, And sing loud anthems to his praise.

ALLEGRO ASSAI.

PARIS. L. M.

M #

Billings.

17

A musical score for three voices. The top staff is in common time, key of C major (two sharps). The middle staff is in common time, key of C major (no sharps or flats). The bottom staff is in common time, key of C major (one sharp). The vocal parts are written in a soprano-like style with eighth and sixteenth note patterns. The lyrics are:

Praise ye the Lord, 'tis good to raise, Our hearts and voi - ces in - his - praise; His nat - ure and his works in - vite, To make this du - ty our de - light.

CHORAL.

ARNSTADT. L. M.

M b

A musical score for three voices. The top staff is in common time, key of C minor (one flat). The middle staff is in common time, key of C minor (one flat). The bottom staff is in common time, key of C minor (one flat). The vocal parts are written in a soprano-like style with eighth and sixteenth note patterns. The lyrics are:

Re - mem - ber Lord, our mor - tal state, How frail our life—how short the date! Where is the man that draws his breath, Safe from disease, secure from death?

18 UN POCO ADAGIO

GILMORE. L. M.

M b

To thee, O Lord, I raise my cries, My fervent pray'r in mercy hear; For ruin waits my trembling soul, If thou refuse a gracious ear.

UN POCO ALLEGRO.

NORFOLK. L. M.

M #

Lord, I will bless thee all - - my days, The praise shall dwell up-on my tongue; My soul shall glo - ry in thy grace, While saints rejoice to hear - - the song.

ALLA CAPELLA.

TRURO. L. M.

M #

Dr. C. Burney.

19

A musical score for three voices. The top voice is in common time (indicated by a 'C'), the middle voice is in common time (indicated by a 'C'), and the bottom voice is in common time (indicated by a 'C'). The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The vocal parts are separated by vertical bar lines. The lyrics are as follows:

Now to the Lord a no - ble song, Awake my heart a - wake my tongue; Ho - san - na to the - ter - nal name, And all his boundless love proclaim.

UN POCO ALLEGRO.

LUTON. L. M.

M #

Burder.

A musical score for three voices. The top voice is in common time (indicated by a 'C'), the middle voice is in common time (indicated by a 'C'), and the bottom voice is in common time (indicated by a 'C'). The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The vocal parts are separated by vertical bar lines. The lyrics are as follows:

With all my pow'r's of heart and tongue, I'll praise my mak - er in my song, Angels shall hear the notes I raise, Ap - prove the song and join the praise

20

ALLEGRO.

ELLENTHORPE. L. M. M

Linley.

Musical score for "ELLENTHORPE. L. M. M #". The score consists of three staves of music in common time, key signature of one sharp (F#), and dynamic markings such as piano (p) and forte (f). The vocal line is supported by two harmonic voices. The lyrics are as follows:

Loud swell the pealing or-gan's notes! Breathe forth your souls in raptures high! In praises men with an - gels join;—Music's the language of the sky.

CHORAL.

TRENTON. L. M.

M #

W. Shield.

Musical score for "TRENTON. L. M. M #". The score consists of three staves of music in common time, key signature of one sharp (F#), and dynamic markings such as piano (p) and forte (f). The vocal line is supported by two harmonic voices. The lyrics are as follows:

Stand up, my soul, shake off thy fears, And gird the gospel ar - mor on; March to the gates of endless joy, Where thy great Captain—Savior's gone.

ALLEGRETTO.

PARK STREET. L. M.

M#

Venue.
No original Hymn.

21

2d. TREBLE.

Hark! how the cho - - ral song - - of heav'n, Swells full of peace and joy - - a - - - above.

Hark! how they strike their gol-den harps, And raise their tune - ful notes - - of love, And raise their tune - - ful notes of love.

22

UN POCO ALLEGRETTO.

CUMBERLAND. L. M.

M #

Carey.

Musical score for 'CUMBERLAND' in 3/4 time, key of G major (M #). The score consists of three staves. The top staff has a treble clef, the middle staff has a bass clef, and the bottom staff has a bass clef. The vocal line starts with eighth-note patterns. The first section ends with a repeat sign and a bassoon solo. The second section begins with a bassoon solo, followed by a tutti section. The vocal line continues with eighth-note patterns. The score concludes with a bassoon solo and a tutti section.

My soul, in - spir'd with sa - cred love, God's ho - ly name for - ev - er bless; Of all his - fa-vors mind-ful - prove, And still thy grateful hand con-fess.

ALLEGRETTO MODERATO.

BATE. L. M.

M #

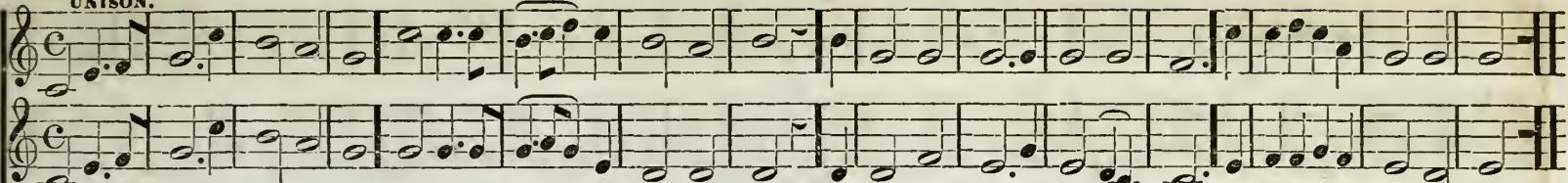
Musical score for 'BATE' in 3/4 time, key of G major (M #). The score consists of three staves. The top staff has a treble clef, the middle staff has a bass clef, and the bottom staff has a bass clef. The vocal line starts with eighth-note patterns. The first section ends with a repeat sign and a bassoon solo. The second section begins with a bassoon solo, followed by a tutti section. The vocal line continues with eighth-note patterns. The score concludes with a bassoon solo and a tutti section.

Oh let me, gracious Lord, ex - tend, My view to life's ap - proaching end! What are my day's?—a span their line; And what my age compared with thine.

ALLEGRO ASSAI.
UNISON.

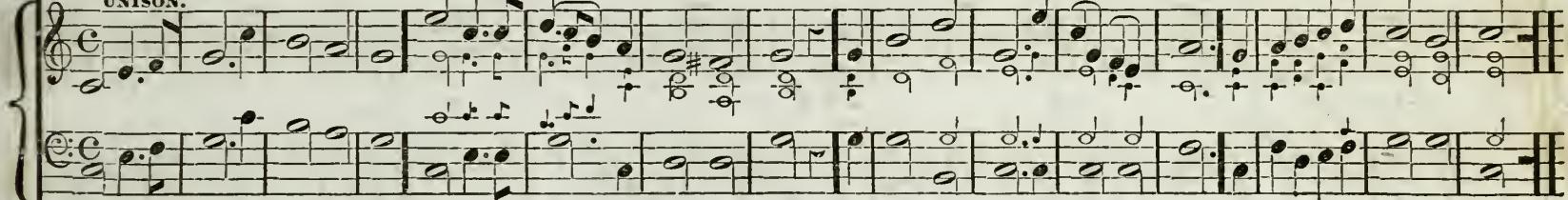
ZION'S HYMN. L. M. M #

23



Je-sus demands the voice of joy, Loud through the land let triumph ring; His hon-or-s should your songs employ, Let glorious praises hail the King.

UNISON.



ALLEGRETTO
MODERATO.

ZION'S CHANT. L. M. M # Hymn Chant.



When we, our wearied limbs to rest, Sat down by proud Eu - phrates' stream, We wept with doleful thoughts op - prest, And Zi - on was our mournful theme.



24 ANDANTE.

SOUTH CAROLINA. L. M. M #

Musical score for "South Carolina" in L. M. time signature and M major. The score consists of two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The bottom staff uses a bass clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes, with some notes connected by stems and others separate. The score concludes with a vocal line: "Had not the Lord, may Is - rael say, Had not the Lord maintain'd our side, When men, to make our lives a prey, Rose like the swell-ing of the tide;—".

CHORAL STYLE.

NEW-MARKET. L. M. M #

Dr. Wainwright.

Musical score for "New-Market" in L. M. time signature and M major. The score consists of three staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat), labeled "2d. TREBLE.". The middle staff uses a soprano clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The bottom staff uses a bass clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes, with some notes connected by stems and others separate. The score concludes with a vocal line: "Thy mercies, Lord, shall be my song, My song on them shall ev - er - dwell ; - To a - ges yet unborn, my tongue - Thy - never fail - ing truth shall tell.".

ALLEGRO MODERATO.

MORNING HYMN. L. M.

M #

Costellow.
From the Village Harmony.

25

A musical score for "Morning Hymn" in common time (indicated by '3' over '4'). The key signature is one flat. The score consists of four staves. The first staff is labeled "2d. TREBLE." and features a solo section. The second staff is labeled "SOLO." and "TUTTI." The third staff is labeled "TUTTI." The fourth staff is labeled "SOLO." and "TUTTI." The vocal line includes lyrics: "The earth, O Lord, is ev - er thine, Its peopled realms, and weal-thy stores; Built - on - the floods - by power - di - vine, The waves are ramparts to - the shores."

ALLEGRETTO.

BRENTFORD. L. M.

M #

Harmo. Sacra. Minor.

A musical score for "Brentford" in common time (indicated by '3' over '4'). The key signature is one flat. The score consists of four staves. The first staff is labeled "SOLO." and "TUTTI." The second staff is labeled "2d. TREBLE OR BASE." The third staff is labeled "TUTTI." The fourth staff is labeled "SOLO." and "TUTTI." The vocal line includes lyrics: "The earth, O Lord, is ev - er thine, Its peopled realms, and weal-thy stores; Built on - the floods by power di - vine, The waves are ramparts to - the shores."

ANTIQUITY. L. M.

M 卦

A musical score for four voices, likely a soprano quartet, featuring four staves of music. The top staff uses a treble clef and common time (indicated by '3' over '4'). The lyrics for this staff are: "Why do the proud in-sult the poor, And boast the large es-tates they have? How vain are rich-es". The second staff uses a treble clef and common time. The lyrics for this staff are: "to se-ure Their haughty own-ers from the grave!". The third staff uses a bass clef and common time. The fourth staff uses a bass clef and common time.

UN POCO ALLEGRETTO.

ITALY.

L. M.

Two Stanzas.

M 4

By Zacchini.

By ZACCHELLI.
From the Village Harmony.

4 
SOLO.

TUTTI.

Be - fore the heav'ns were spread abroad, From ev - er - lasting, was the word ; With God he was—the word was God ! And must divinely be adored.

SOLO. TUTTI.

ITALY. L. M. Second Stanza.

M #

27

The musical score consists of four staves of music. The first three staves are in common time (indicated by a '3' over a '4') and the fourth staff is in 2/4 time. The key signature is one flat. The music is composed of quarter notes, eighth notes, and sixteenth notes. The lyrics are integrated into the music, appearing below the staves. The first stanza's lyrics are: "By his own pow'r were all things made, By him sup - - port - ed all -- things stand; He is the". The second stanza's lyrics are: "whole - cre - a - - tion's head, And an -- gels fly at his com - mand, And an -- gels fly at his - command."

28 ALLA CAPELLA. NATIONAL CHANT. L. M. M # Double Hymn Chant.

Sweet is the scene when christians die, When ho - ly souls re - tire to rest; How mildly beams the clos - ing eye, How gently heaves th'expir - ing breast!

Verse 3. $\frac{3}{4}$ 2d Stanza.

ALLA CAPELLA. NATIONAL CHANT. L. M. M # Second Stanza.

Each Stanza may be used separately.

Praise ye the Lord, ex - alt his name, While in his ho - ly courts ye wait, Ye saints, that to his house be - long, Or stand attending at his gate.

UN POCO STACCATO.

Triumphant smiles the vic - tor's brow, Fann'd bv some guardian an - gels wing; O grave! where is thy vict'ry now, And where, O death where is thy sting?

ALLEGRO MODERATO.

PORTUGAL. L. M.

M #

T. Thorley.

29
SOLO.

How love - ly, how di - - vine - ly sweet, O Lord, thy sa - cred courts ap - - pear! Fain SOLO.

This section of the musical score consists of four staves. The top staff is for the voice, starting with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The second staff is for the piano, indicated by a bass clef and a treble clef. The third staff is another piano part, also indicated by a bass and treble clef. The fourth staff is another piano part, indicated by a bass and treble clef. The vocal line begins with a dotted half note followed by eighth notes. The piano parts provide harmonic support throughout the phrase.

TUTTI.

would my long - - ing pas - - sions meet, The glo - ries of thy pres - ence there.

This section of the musical score consists of four staves. The top staff is for the voice, starting with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The second staff is for the piano, indicated by a bass clef and a treble clef. The third staff is another piano part, also indicated by a bass and treble clef. The fourth staff is another piano part, indicated by a bass and treble clef. The vocal line begins with a dotted half note followed by eighth notes. The piano parts provide harmonic support throughout the phrase. The word "TUTTI." appears above the vocal line in the middle of the section.

30 UN POCO ALLEGRO.

NEW MEDWAY. L. M.

M #

Hymn.
Or short Anthem.

Musical score for "New Medway" in common time (indicated by '3' over '4'). The score consists of three staves. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff an alto clef, and the bottom staff a bass clef. The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes, with rests and dynamic markings like 'ff' (fortissimo) and 'p' (pianissimo). The lyrics are as follows:

Go, worship at - Im - manu-el's - feet, See in - his face what won - - ders meet; Earth is - too nar - row to - - ex - - press, His - worth his

CODA ANTHEM.

Musical score for the Coda Anthem in common time (indicated by '3' over '4'). The score consists of three staves. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff an alto clef, and the bottom staff a bass clef. The music features eighth and sixteenth notes, with rests and dynamic markings like 'ff alio: vivace' (ff alio: vivace), 'ff' (fortissimo), and 'p' (pianissimo). The lyrics are as follows:

glo - ry or - - his grace, His worth, his glo - ry or - - his grace. Blessed be the Lord God of Is - ra - el, A - - - - men.

HYMN FINE.

ANDANTE.

WINCHESTER.

L. M.

M #

Old German Choral, altered by Dr. Craft. 31

My God, accept my early vows, Like morning incense in - thy house, And let my mighty worship rise, Sweet as the ev'ning sacri - fice.

This section contains three staves of music. The top staff is in G major (3/4 time), the middle staff is in G major (3/4 time), and the bottom staff is in C major (3/4 time). The music consists of simple note patterns, primarily quarter notes and eighth notes, with some sixteenth-note figures. The lyrics are integrated into the melody.

ALLEGRO.

ALFRETON.

L. M.

M #

W. Beastall.

Great God, whose u - ni - ver - sal sway, The known and unknown worlds o - bey; Now give the kingdom to thy Son, - Extend his pow'r, exalt his throne.

This section contains two staves of music. The top staff is in G major (2/4 time) and the bottom staff is in C major (2/4 time). The music features more complex rhythms, including eighth and sixteenth notes. The lyrics are placed below the staves.

2d TREBLE.

ORGAN

32

ALLO: MODERATO.

MEETING CHANT. L. M.

M #

Hymn Chant.

Lord, thou hast called thy grace to mind, Thou hast reversed our heavy doom; So God forgave, when Israel sinned, And brought his wand'ring captives home.

UN POCO STACCATO.

ALLA BREVE.

CATHEDRAL CHANT. L. M.

M #

Hymn Chant.

I will ex - tol thee, Lord, on high, At thy command dis - ea - ses fly; Who, but a God, can speak and save, From the dark bor - ders of the grave?

UNISON.

UN POCO STACCATO.

ALLEGRO.

ROTHWELL. L. M.

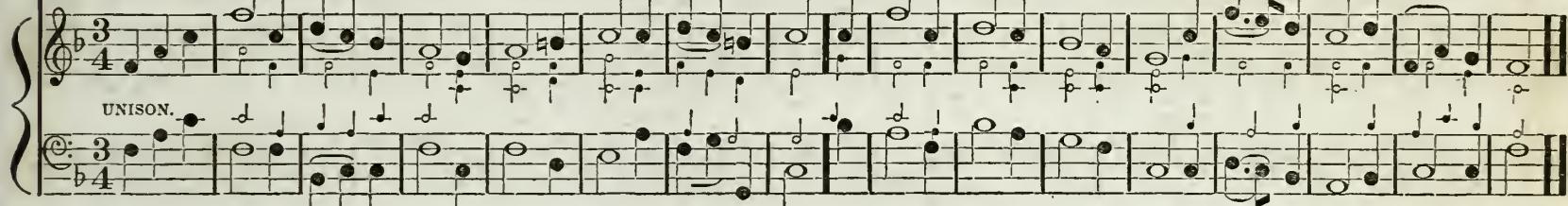
M #

33



Now to the Lord a no - ble song! A - wake my soul, a - wake my tongue; Ho - sanna to th'e - ter - nal name, And all his boundless love pro - claim.

UNISON.



ALLEGRETTO.

HEIDELBERG. L. M.

M #



He lives—the great Re - deem - er lives! What joy the blest as - sur - ance gives! And now, be - fore - his fath - er God, He pleads the merits of - his blood.



34

ALLEGRETTO MODERATO.

YALE COLLEGE. L. M.

M #

As birds their in-fant brood pro - tect, And spread their wings to shel - ter them, Thus saith the Lord to his e - lect, So will I guard Je - ru - sa - lem.

ALLERGETTO MORDEATO.

HARTFORD. L. M.

M #

O let me, gra-cious Lord, ex-tend My view to life's ap-proaching end! What are my days? a span their line; And what my age, compared with thine.

ALLEGRO ASSAI.

MIDDLEBURY. L. M.

M #

35

2d. TREBLE.

Praise ye the Lord—my heart - shall - join, In work so - pleas - ant, - - so - - - di - - - vine; My days of - praise shall

SOLO.

TUTTI.

ne'er - be - past, While life, - - and - thought, and - be - - - ing - last, While life, and - thought, - and - be - ing last.

SOLO.

TUTTI.

SOLO. 2d TREBLE or TENOR.

When I sur - - vey the wond' - rous Cross, On which the Prince of glo - - ry died; My rich - est gain I count - but loss, And

ORGAN.

TUTTI.

pour con - tempt on all - my pride. My rich - est gain I count but loss, And pour con - - tempt on all - my pride. •

TUTTI.

ALLEGRETTO.

BLUE HILL. L. M.

M #

37



Jesus! And shall it ev - er be, A mor - tal man a - sham'd of thee; A - sham'd of thee whom angels praise, Whose glo - ries shine through endless days.

The continuation of the musical score for "Blue Hill" follows the same structure with two staves in 3/4 time and one sharp key signature. The melody continues with eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

ALLEGRO MODERATO.

BLUE ISLAND. L. M.

M #



How blest the sa - cred tie that binds, In un - ion sweet ac - cord - ing minds; How swift the heav' - nly course they run; Whose faith, whose hopes, whose hearts are one.

The continuation of the musical score for "Blue Island" follows the same structure with two staves in 3/4 time and one sharp key signature. The melody continues with eighth and sixteenth note patterns, maintaining the complexity established in the previous section.

38 UN POCO ALLEGRO.

SEASONS. L. M.

M #

Pleyel,
Not an original Hymn.

A musical score for three voices. The top voice has a treble clef, the middle voice has a bass clef, and the bottom voice has a bass clef. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The time signature is common time (indicated by '3'). The vocal parts are labeled 'SOLO.' and 'TUTTI.' The lyrics are: "Thy goodness Lord doth crown the year, Thy paths drop fatness all - a - round; And barren wilds - thy praise - declare, And vo - cal hills - return the sound." The vocal parts are labeled 'SOLO.' and 'TUTTI.'

Thy goodness Lord doth crown the year, Thy paths drop fatness all - a - round; And barren wilds - thy praise - declare, And vo - cal hills - return the sound.

SOLO.

TUTTI.

A continuation of the musical score for three voices. The key signature changes to two sharps (G#). The time signature remains common time (indicated by '3'). The vocal parts are labeled 'SOLO.' and 'TUTTI.' The lyrics continue from the previous section.

ALLEGRETTO MODERATO.

EVENING HYMN. L. M.

M b

J. Clark.

A musical score for three voices. The top voice has a treble clef, the middle voice has a bass clef, and the bottom voice has a bass clef. The key signature is one flat (Bb). The time signature is common time (indicated by '3'). The vocal parts are labeled 'SOLO.' and 'TUTTI.' The lyrics are: "Sleep, downy sleep, come close my eyes, Tir'd with be - hold - ing van - i - ties! Welcome, sweet sleep, that driv'st away, The toils and follies of - the day." The vocal parts are labeled 'SOLO.' and 'TUTTI.'

Sleep, downy sleep, come close my eyes, Tir'd with be - hold - ing van - i - ties! Welcome, sweet sleep, that driv'st away, The toils and follies of - the day.

A continuation of the musical score for three voices. The key signature changes to one flat (Bb). The time signature remains common time (indicated by '3'). The vocal parts are labeled 'SOLO.' and 'TUTTI.' The lyrics continue from the previous section.

MODERATO.

EFFINGHAM. L. M.

M #

39

At an - chor laid, re-mote from home, Toil - ing I cry, sweet spi - rit come; Ce - les - tial breeze, no long-er stay, But swell my sails and speed my way.

SOLO. Tenor or 2d. Treble. TUTTI.

SOLO. ORGAN. TUTTI.

ALLEGRO ASSAI.

WITHINGTON. L. M.

M #

When I sur - vey the wond'rous cross, On which the Prince of glo-ry died; My rich-est gain I count my loss, -- And pour contempt on all my pride.

40

MODERATO E LAMENTOSO.

ARMLEY. L. M.

M b

T. Williams.

From deep dis - tress, and trou - bled thoughts, To thee, my God, I rais'd my cry; If thou se - verely mark our faults, Oh! who could stand be - fore thine eye?

ALLEGRO MODERATO.

SHOEL. L. M.

M #

Shoel.

2d. Treble.

In - dul - gent Lord, thy goodness reigns Through all the wide, ce - les - tial plains; And thence the streams redundant flow, And cheer th'abodes of men below.

ANDANTE.

HEMPSTEAD. L. M.

M b

41

A musical score for three voices. The top voice starts with a treble clef, the middle voice with an alto clef, and the bottom voice with a bass clef. The key signature is two flats. The time signature is 3/4. The music consists of two staves of eight measures each, followed by a repeat sign and another two staves of eight measures. The lyrics are: "That day of wrath! that dreadful day, When heaven and earth shall pass a-way! What power shall be the sin-ner's stay? How shall he meet that dread-ful day —"

ANDANTE.

NEW BEDFORD. L. M.

M #

A musical score for three voices. The top voice starts with a treble clef, the middle voice with an alto clef, and the bottom voice with a bass clef. The key signature is one sharp. The time signature is 3/4. The music consists of two staves of eight measures each, followed by a repeat sign and another two staves of eight measures. The lyrics are: "Would you be-hold the works of God, His won-ders in the world a-broad, Go with the mar-i-ners, and trace The un-known re-gions of the seas."

Show pi - ty, Lord! O Lord, for - give! Let a re - pent-ing sin - ner live! Are not thy mercies large and free? May not a sin - ner trust in thee?

Great God, to thee my ev'ning song With humble grat - i - tude I raise; O let thy mer - ey tune my tongue, And fill my heart with live - ly praise.

UN POCO ALLEGRO.

NANTWICH. L. M.

M #

M. Madan.

43



O all ye peo - ple shout and sing, Ho - san - na - to your heav'n - ly - King, Where'er the - suns bright

The second system continues the musical score. The top voice begins with a dotted half note followed by eighth notes. The bottom voice begins with a quarter note. The vocal parts are separated by a brace. The music is in common time (indicated by '2' over '4') and has a key signature of one flat (indicated by a 'b'). The vocal parts are labeled 'UNISON'.

UNISON



glo - - ries shine, Ye nations, praise his name di - vine, Ye na - tions - praise his - name di - vine.

The fourth system continues the musical score. The top voice begins with a dotted half note followed by eighth notes. The bottom voice begins with a quarter note. The vocal parts are separated by a brace.

44

ALLEGRO ASSAI.

WARRINGTON. L. M.

M #

Just are thy ways, and true - thy word, Great rock of my - se - cure a - bode; Who is a God be - side the Lord, Or where's a re - fuge like our God.

ALLEGRO.

PILESGROVE. L. M.

M #

A - wake, my tongue thy tribute bring, To him who gave thee pow'r - to sing; Praise him who

is all praise a - bove, The source of wis - dom and of love.

ALLEGRETTO.

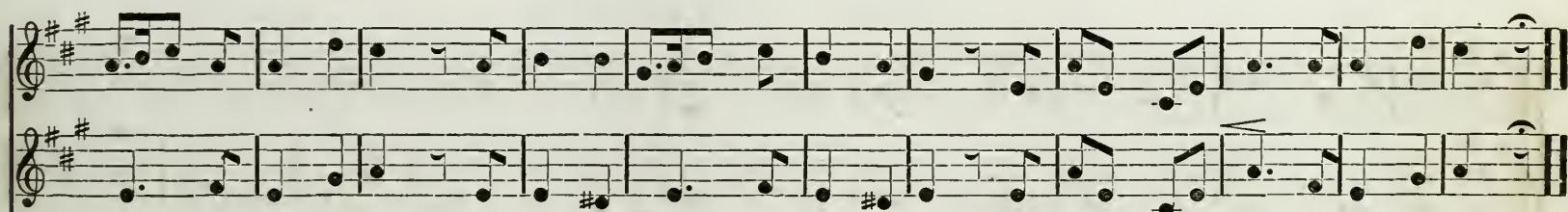
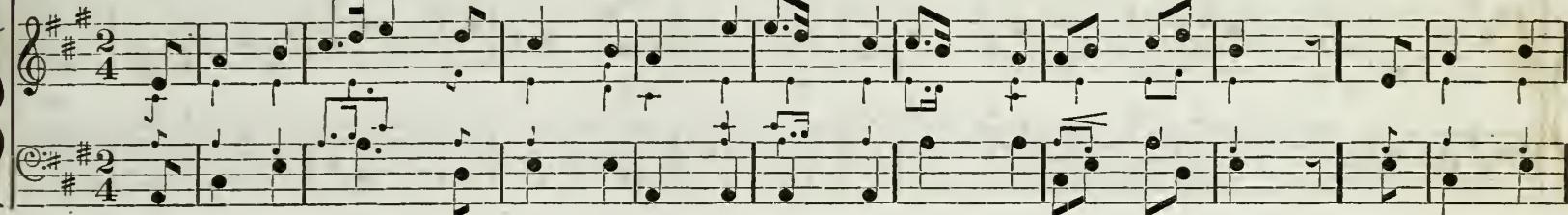
LEYDEN. L. M.

M #

Costellow. 45

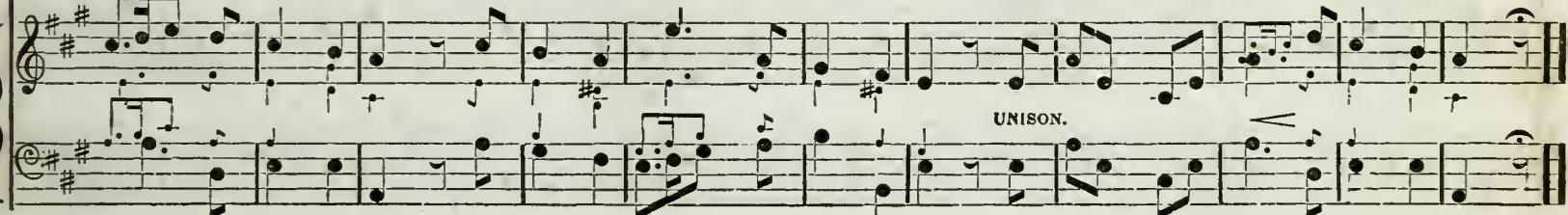


Je - ho - vah reigns - - his throne is high, His robes - are light - - and maj - - es - - ty; His glo - ry



shines - - with beams so bright, No mor - - tal can - - sus - tain the sight, No mor - - tal can sustain the sight.

UNISON.



Let ev'-ry crea-ture rise - and bring, Pe-cu-liar-hon-ors to - our King;

An-gels de-scend - with songs - a - gain, And earth - re - peat the - loud A - men.

CHORAL.

OLD GROTON. L. M.

M b

47

Re - member, Lord, our mor - tal state, How frail our life, how short the date, Where is the man that draws his breath, Safe from disease, se - cure from death.

ALLO MODERATO.

ISLINGTON. L. M.

M #

This life's a dream, an emp - ty show, But the bright world to which I go, Hath joys sub - stan - tial and sin - cere, When shall I wake, and find me there?

48

ALLA CAPELLA.

CALVIN. L. M.

M #

Or First Stanza.*

A - rise! a - rise!—with joy sur - vey, The glory of the lat - ter day; Al - rea - dy is the dawn be - gun, Which marks at hand a ris - ing sun.

UNISON. SOLO. TUTTI. FINE.

ALLA CAPELLA. MELANCHTHON. L. M. M # Second Stanza.

Ye might - ty ru - lers of the land, Give praise and glo - ry to the Lord; And while be - fore his throne ye stand, His great and pow'r - ful acts re - cord.

UNISON. SOLO. TUTTI.

ALLEGRETTO.

ANGEL'S HYMN. L. M.

M #

W. Tansur.
From the Village Harmony.

49

A musical score for "Angel's Hymn" in common time (indicated by a 'C' with a '3') and major key (indicated by a sharp sign). The music consists of two staves. The top staff uses soprano clef and the bottom staff uses bass clef. The melody is primarily composed of eighth and sixteenth notes. The lyrics are integrated into the music, appearing below the notes. The lyrics read: "Now, in the heat of youth - ful blood, Remem - ber your Cre - a - tor, God; Be - hold the months come hast'ning on, When you shall say, my joys - are gone!"

ALLERGETTO.

VERMONT. L. M.

M #

A musical score for "Vermont" in common time (indicated by a 'C' with a '3') and major key (indicated by a sharp sign). The music consists of two staves. The top staff uses soprano clef and the bottom staff uses bass clef. The melody is primarily composed of eighth and sixteenth notes. The lyrics are integrated into the music, appearing below the notes. The lyrics read: "And will the great, e - ter - nal God On earth es - tab - lish his a - bode? And will he, from his radiant throne, A-vow our tem - ple for his own?"

50

ANDANTINO QUASI ALLEGRETTO.

TEMPLE CHANT.

L. M.

M #

Hymn Chant.

So let our lips and lives express, The ho - ly gospel we pro-fess; So let - our works and virtues shine, To prove the doctrine all - di - vine.

UN POCO STACCATO.

CHORAL.

NAZARETH.

L. M.

M #

s. Webbe.

Re - turn my soul and sweetly rest, On thy al - migh-ty Fa - ther's breast; The bounties of his grace a - dore, And count his wond - 'rous mer-cies o'er.

ALLEGRO.

ATLANTIC. L. M.

M #

George Oates.

51

Come, O my soul, in sa - cred lays, Attempt thy great Cre - a - tor's praise: But oh! what tongue can speak his fame, What mor - tal verse can reach the theme.

CHORAL.

St. PAUL'S. L. M.

M#

Dr. Green.

Great source of life, our souls con - fess, The va - ri - ous riches of thy grace; Crown'd with thy mercy, we re - joice, And in thy praise ex - alt our voice.

52 MODERATO

DANVERS. NEW L. M.

M #

A musical score for three voices. The top voice is in common time (indicated by a '3' over a '4') and F major (indicated by a 'F' with a sharp). The middle voice is also in common time and F major. The bottom voice is in common time and C major (indicated by a 'C'). The music consists of a series of eighth and sixteenth note patterns. A vocal line is provided below the staff:

O thou, to whose all searching sight, The darkness shineth as the light; Search, prove my heart, it pants for thee, O burst these bands and set me free.

ALLEGRO.

97th PSALM. L. M.

M #

Tuckey.

A musical score for three voices. The top voice is in common time (indicated by a '3' over a '4') and F major (indicated by a 'F' with a sharp). The middle voice is in common time and F major. The bottom voice is in common time and C major (indicated by a 'C'). The music consists of a series of eighth and sixteenth note patterns. A vocal line is provided below the staff:

Darkness and clouds of aw - ful shade His dazzling glo - ry shroud in state; Justice and Truth his guards are made, And fix'd by his pa - vil - ion wait

UN POCO ALLEGRETTO.

ALL SAINTS. L. M.

M #

W. Knapp.

53

A musical score for two voices. The top voice part is in common time (indicated by '3/4') and the bottom part is in common time (indicated by '4/4'). The key signature changes between common time and G major (indicated by 'C: b 3/4'). The vocal line consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns. The lyrics are: "There is a God that reigns above, Lord of the heav'ns, and earth, and seas; I fear his wrath, I ask his love, And with my lips I sing his praise".

There is a God that reigns a - bove, Lord of the heav'ns, and earth, and seas; I fear his wrath, I ask his love, And with my lips I sing his praise

UN POCO ALLEGRO.

WELLS. L. M.

M #

Holdrad.

A musical score for two voices. The top voice part is in common time (indicated by '3/4') and the bottom part is in common time (indicated by '4/4'). The key signature changes between common time and G major (indicated by 'C: b 3/4'). The vocal line consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns. The lyrics are: "Life, is the time to serve the Lord, The time t'in-sure the great re-ward; And while the lamp holds out to burn, The vi-lest sin-ner may re-turn".

Life, is the time to serve the Lord, The time t'in-sure the great re-ward; And while the lamp holds out to burn, The vi-lest sin-ner may re-turn.

54

ALLEGRETTO MODERATO.

SURREY. L. M.

M. #

Costellow.

No more my God, I boast no more, Of all the du-ties I have done; I quit the hopes I

held be-fore, To trust the mer-its of thy son, To trust the mer-its of thy son.

ALLEGRO.

QUITO. L. M. M #

55

SOLO.

Lord, when thou didst ascend on high, Ten thousand angels fill'd the sky, Those heav'nly guards around thee wait, Like chariots, that attend thy state, Like chariots that attend thy state.

SOLO.

ALLEGRETTO MODERATO.

MEDFIELD. L. M.

M 范

W. Billings.

Great God, at - tend, while Zi - on sings, The joy that from thy pres - ence springs; To spend one day with thee on earth, Exceeds a thou - and days of mirth

A musical score consisting of two staves. The top staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat (indicated by a '4'), and a common time signature (indicated by '3'). It contains a series of notes and rests, primarily quarter notes and eighth notes, with stems pointing both up and down. The bottom staff begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one flat (indicated by a '4'), and a common time signature (indicated by '3'). It also contains a series of notes and rests, including some with stems pointing right and some with stems pointing left. The music continues across both staves.

BLUE MOUNTAIN. L. M. NEW

ALLEGRETTO.

Musical score for "Blue Mountain" in 3/4 time, key of B-flat major. The score consists of two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. The music features eighth and sixteenth note patterns. A brace groups the two staves together.

How oft have sin and satan strove, To rend my soul from thee my God? But e - - ver - last - ing is thy love, And Je - sus seals it with his blood.

MARBLEHEAD. L. M. NEW

ALLEGRO.

Musical score for "Marblehead" in 3/4 time, key of B-flat major. The score consists of two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. The music features eighth and sixteenth note patterns. A brace groups the two staves together.

Praise ye the Lord! let praise em - ploy In his own courts your songs of joy; The spacious fir - ma - ment around, Shall ec - ho back the joy - ful sound.

VIVACE.

MISSIONARY CHANT. L. M. M # From the American Harp. 57

A musical score for "Missionary Chant" in common time (indicated by a '3' over a '2'). The key signature is one flat. The music consists of three staves of music with various note heads and stems. Below the music, the lyrics are written in a single line:

Ye Christian he - roes, go pro - claim, Sal - va-tion in Im - manuel's name; To distant climes the tidings bear, And plant the rose of Sharon there.

MODERATO.

MOUNT VERNON. L. M. M b

A musical score for "Mount Vernon" in common time (indicated by a '3' over a '4'). The key signature is one flat. The music consists of three staves of music with various note heads and stems. Below the music, the lyrics are written in a single line:

Pre - serve me, Lord, in time - of need, For suc - cour to thy throne I flee; But have no mer-its there to plead, My goodness cannot reach to thee.

58 UN POCO ALLEGRO.

SULLIVAN. L. M.

M #

W. Billings.

A musical score for three voices. The top voice is in G major (indicated by a treble clef and a sharp sign) and common time (indicated by a 'C'). The middle voice is in G major and common time. The bottom voice is in C major (indicated by a bass clef and a sharp sign) and common time. The music consists of two staves of eight measures each, followed by a repeat sign and another two staves of eight measures. The lyrics are as follows:

The praise of Zi - on waits for thee, Great God—and praise becomes thy house; There shall thy saints thy glo - ry see, And there - perform their public vows.

ALLEGRETTO.

LINTON. L. M.

M #

G. R. Jackson.

A musical score for three voices. The top voice is in G major and common time. The middle voice is in G major and common time. The bottom voice is in C major and common time. The music consists of two staves of eight measures each, followed by a repeat sign and another two staves of eight measures. The lyrics are as follows:

No change of time shall ev - er shock, My firm af - fection, Lord, to thee; For thou - hast al - ways been - a rock, A fortress and - de - fence to me.

UN POCO ALLEGRETTO.
QUASI ANDANTINO E RISOLUTO.

COLUMBIA. L. M.

M #

59

2 4

SOLO. TUTTI.

Ye nations round - the earth - rejoice, Before the Lord, your sov'reign King ; Serve him with cheerful heart and voice, With all your tongues his glory sing.

UNISON. SOLO. TUTTI.

2 4

ANDANTE.

KASKASKIA. C. M.

M b

3 4

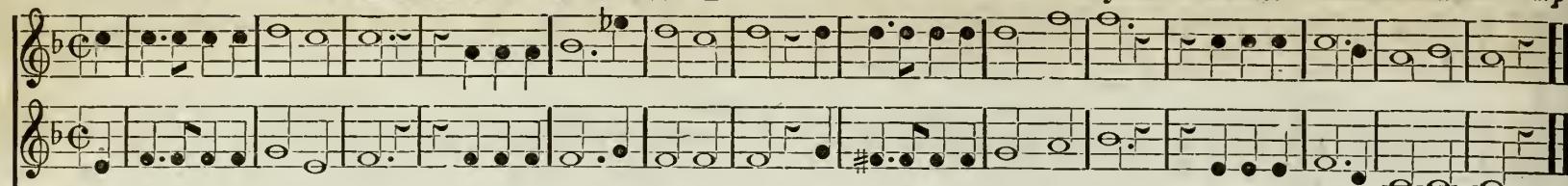
When men grow bold in wick - ed ways, And yet a God they own, My heart with - in me of - ten says, Their thoughts believe there's none.

3 4

60 ALLA BREVE.

GERMAN CHANT. L. M.

M # Hymn Chant. From the American Harp



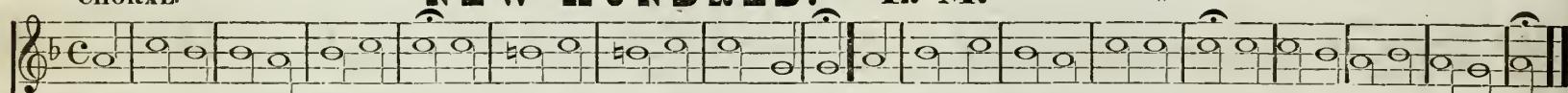
Before the heav'n's were spread a broad, From ev-er - last - ing was the word; With God he was, the word was God, And must di - vine-ly be a - dor'd.

The musical notation continues with three staves. The top staff is identical to the previous one. The middle staff is labeled 'STACCATO.' The bottom staff is a basso continuo staff with a bass clef, showing a harmonic progression with various chords and rests.

CHORAL.

NEW HUNDRED. L. M.

M #



Be thou, O God, ex - alt - ed high, And as thy glo - ry fills the sky; So let it be on earth dis - play'd, Till thou art here as there o - bey'd.

The musical notation continues with three staves. The top staff is identical to the previous one. The middle staff is a basso continuo staff with a bass clef, showing a harmonic progression with various chords and rests. The bottom staff is a basso continuo staff with a bass clef, showing a harmonic progression with various chords and rests.

ALLEGRO ASSAL.

OLYMPUS. L. M.

M #

From the American Harp.

61

Ye na - tions round the earth rejoice, Be - fore the Lord, your sov'reign king; Serve him with cheerful heart and voice, With all your tongues his glory sing.

CRESCE.

ALLEGRO.

FOUNTAIN. L. M.

M #

Leach.

Fountain of bles - sing! ev - er blest, Pos - sessing all, of all pos - sess; By whom the whole cre - a - tion's fed, Give me each day my dai - ly bread.

62

ALLEGRO.

WINDHAM.

L. M.

M b

Hymn Chant.

Sub: A Choral by M. Luther.
Arr. by Read.

Windham Hymn Chant, measures 1-2. The music is in common time with a key signature of one sharp. The vocal line consists of eighth and sixteenth notes. The lyrics are: "Broad is the road that leads to death, And thousands walk to - geth - er there; But wis - dom shows a nar - row path, With here and there a trav - el - - ler."

UN POCO STACCATO.

UN POCO ALLEGRETTO.

PRISCILLA. L. M.

M #

From the American Harp.

Priscilla, measures 1-2. The music is in common time with a key signature of one sharp. It features a solo section followed by a tutti section. The lyrics are: "Come in thou bles-sed of the Lord, Oh come - - in Je - sus pre - cious - name; We welcome thee with one ac - cord, And trust the Sa - viour does the same."

ALLEGRO.

SOMERSET STREET. L. M.

M #

63

How pleasant, how di - viney fair, O Lord of hosts, thy dwellings are; With long de - sire my spir - it faints, To meet thas - sem - blies of - thy saints.

ALLEGRO.

ANTIGUA. L. M.

M #

High in the heav'ns, e - ternal God, Thy goodness in - full glo - ry shines; Thy truth shall break through ev' - ry cloud, That veils and dar - kens thy designs.

64

ALLEGRO ASSAI.

B R E W E R . L. M.

M #

Musical score for 'BREWER' in Allegro Assai tempo. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is in common time (indicated by a 'C') and has a key signature of one sharp (F#). The bottom staff is also in common time and has a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes, with some grace notes and rests. The vocal line includes lyrics: 'The Lord pro - claims his pow'r - a - loud, Up - on the o - cean and the land; His voice divides the wat - 'ry cloud, And lightning's blaze - at his command.'

ALLEGRO MODERATO.

P R A I S E . L. M.

M #

Musical score for 'PRAISE' in Allegro Moderato tempo. The score consists of three staves. The top staff is in common time (indicated by a 'C') and has a key signature of one sharp (F#). The middle staff is in common time and has a key signature of one sharp (F#). The bottom staff is in common time and has a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music features eighth and sixteenth notes. The vocal line includes lyrics: 'Give to our God im-mor - tal praise; Mercy and truth - - are all his ways; Give to the Lord of lor's - - - renown, The King of king's with glory crown.'

ANDANTINO.

POMFRET.

L. M.

M #

Cecil.
With alterations.

65

O Lord! in whom are all the - springs, - Of bound - less love - and grace un - known, Hide me be -

SOLO.

TUTTI.

- neath thy spread - ing wings, Till this dark - cloud - be - - o - - ver - blown, Till this dark cloud be - - o - ver blown.

TUTTI.

SOLO.

66

ALLEGRO

CHESNUT STREET. L. M.

M #

Musical score for Chesnut Street, L. M., M#. The score consists of four staves. The first two staves are in common time (indicated by a '3' over a '4') and the last two are in common time (indicated by a '3' over a '4'). The key signature is one sharp. The vocal line starts with a melodic line, followed by a solo section for 2d. TREBLE, then a tutti section. The lyrics are: "Great is the Lord, ex - - alt - ed high, A - - bove all pow'rs, and ev' - ry throne; What e'er he please, in earth or sea, Orheav'n or hell, his hand hath done." The vocal line continues with a unison section, followed by a solo section, then a tutti section.

UN POCO ALLEGRETTO.

CHAPEL STREET. L. M.

M #

W. Mather.

Musical score for Chapel Street, L. M., M#. The score consists of four staves. The first two staves are in common time (indicated by a '2' over a '4') and the last two are in common time (indicated by a '2' over a '4'). The key signature is one sharp. The vocal line starts with a melodic line, followed by a solo section for 2d. TREBLE, then a tutti section. The lyrics are: "E - ter - nal source of ev' - ry joy, Well may thy praise our lips em - ploy; Thy goodness crowns the roll-ing year, While in thy tem - ple we ap - pear." The vocal line continues with a solo section, then a tutti section.

ALLA BREVE. AMERICAN CHANT. L. M. M # Hymn Chant. From the American Harp. 67

Sheet music for Alla Breve. American Chant. L. M. M # Hymn Chant. The score consists of four staves of music. The first staff uses a treble clef, the second a bass clef, the third a tenor clef, and the fourth an alto clef. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The time signature is Alla Breve. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. The lyrics are as follows:

Be - hold, the blind their sight re - ceive ! Be - hold the dead a - wake and live ! The dumb speak wonders, and the lame, Leap like the hart, and bless his name.

ALLEGRO MODERATO.

WARD.

L. M.

M #

An original Hymn tune.

Sheet music for Ward. L. M. M # An original Hymn tune. The score consists of four staves of music. The first staff uses a treble clef, the second a bass clef, the third a tenor clef, and the fourth an alto clef. The key signature is two sharps (G#). The time signature is Allegro Moderato. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. The lyrics are as follows:

There is a stream, whose gentle flow - Sup -plies the ci - ty - - of - - our -God; Life, love, and joy still glid -ing through, And wat'ring our di - vine a - bode.

God in his earthly temple lays, Founda - tion for his heav'ny praise; He likes the tents of

SOLO.

Ja - - cob well, But still - in -- Zi - on loves - to -- dwell, But still in -- Zi - on - loves to dwell.

SOLO.

UN POCO ALLEGRETTO. CH. W. LOVETT'S HYMN. L. M. M # From the American Harp. 69

The flow'-ry spring, at God's command, Perfumes the air, and paints the land; The sum-mer rays - with vig - or - shine, To raise the corn, and cheer the vine. -
SOLO.

TUTTI.

ANDANTE.

CHAPEL HILL. L. M. M #

My spir-it looks to God a-lone; My rock and re-fuge is his throne; In all my fears, in all my straits, My soul for his sal-va-tion waits.

70

UN POCO ALLEGRETTO.

ROCKINGHAM. L. M.

M #

Musical score for Rockingham, L. M., M#. The score consists of three staves. The top staff uses a treble clef, a key signature of three sharps, and a common time (indicated by a '4'). The middle staff also uses a treble clef and a key signature of three sharps. The bottom staff uses a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes, with some rests and dynamic markings like a breve rest and a forte dynamic (f).

On God - the race of man depends, Far as the earths re - mot-est ends; At his command the morning ray, Smiles in the east, and leads -- the day.

ALLEGRETTO.

TREMONT STREET. L. M.

M #

Musical score for Tremont Street, L. M., M#. The score consists of three staves. The top staff uses a treble clef, a key signature of three sharps, and a common time (indicated by a '4'). The middle staff also uses a treble clef and a key signature of three sharps. The bottom staff uses a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes, with some rests and dynamic markings like a forte dynamic (f) and a half note.

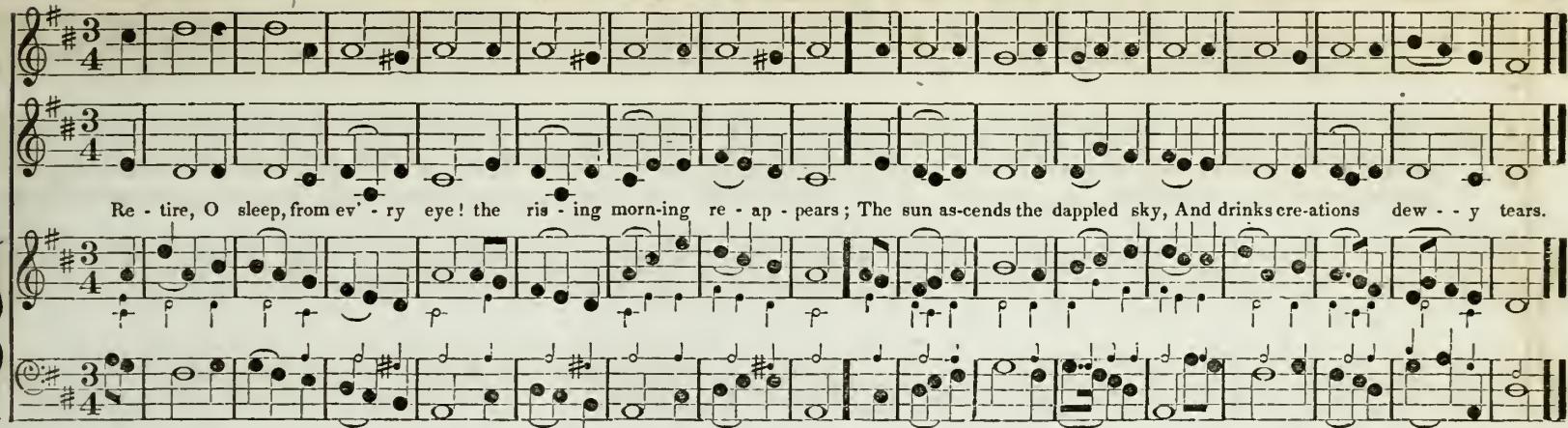
Shall this vile race - of flesh - and blood, Contend with their Cre-a - - tor, God? Shall mor - tal worms presume - to be, More ho - ly, wise, or just, than he?

MODERATO

ST. GEORGE'S. L. M.

M #

Stanley. 71

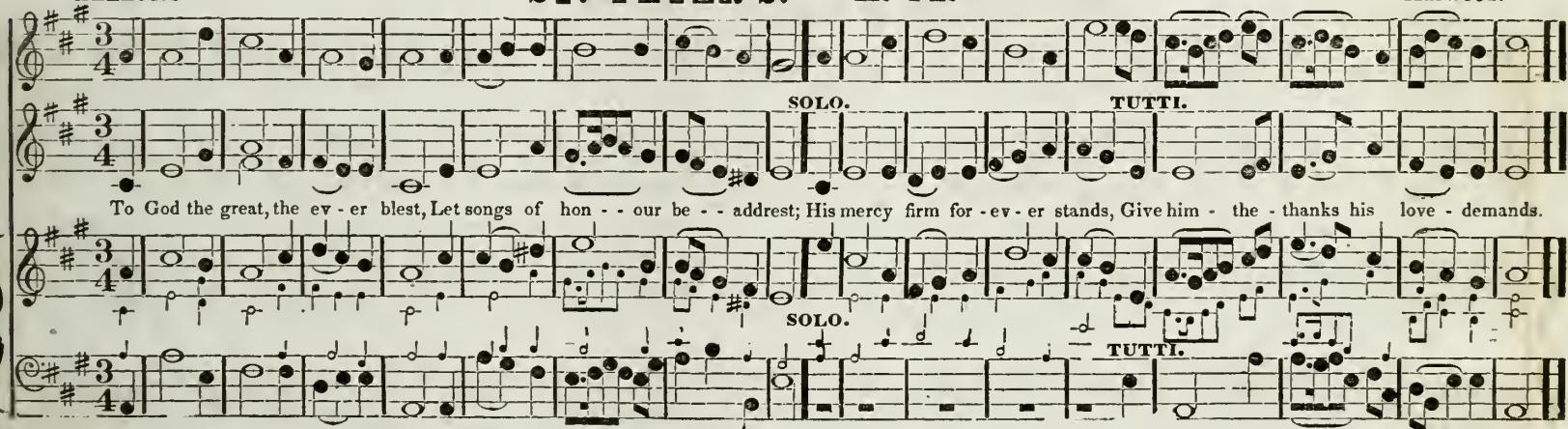


LEGRO.

ST. PETER'S. L. M.

M #

Harwood.



72

ALLA CAPELLA.

BACHFELD. L. M.

M #

Musical score for Bachfeld, Alla Capella, L. M., M #. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is in common time (indicated by a 'C') and the bottom staff is in common time (indicated by a 'C'). Both staves are in G major (indicated by a 'G' with a sharp sign). The music features various note heads, stems, and rests. A brace groups the two staves together. A vocal line is provided below the staves:

An.ong th'assemblies of the great, A great-er rul-er takes his seat; The God of heav'n, as judge surveys, The kings of earth, and all their ways.

ALLO MODERATO.

WITTENBERG. L. M.

M #

Musical score for Wittenberg, Allo Moderato, L. M., M #. The score consists of three staves. The top staff is in common time (indicated by a 'C') and the middle staff is in common time (indicated by a 'C'). The bottom staff is in common time (indicated by a 'C') and has a key signature of E major (indicated by an 'E' with a sharp sign). The music features various note heads, stems, and rests. A brace groups the three staves together. A vocal line is provided below the staves:

Blest is the man, whose ten - der care, Re - lieves the poor in their dis - tress; Whose pi - ty wipes the widow's tear, Whose hand supports the father - less.

ANDANTE.

BULFINCH STREET. L. M.

M #

73

2/4 time signature, common time signature, and common time signature are shown above the staves. The music consists of three staves. The first staff starts with a half note followed by eighth notes. The second staff starts with a quarter note followed by eighth notes. The third staff starts with a half note followed by eighth notes. The lyrics are: "My dear Re - deem - er - and my Lord, I read my du - ty in thy word; But in thy life the - law appears, Drawn out in liv - ing char - ac - ters".

UN POCO ALLEGRETTO.

MORAVIAN CHANT. L. M.

M # From the American Harp.

3/2 time signature, common time signature, and common time signature are shown above the staves. The music consists of three staves. The first staff starts with a half note followed by eighth notes. The second staff starts with a quarter note followed by eighth notes. The third staff starts with a half note followed by eighth notes. The lyrics are: "Show pi - ty Lord, O Lord, for - give, Let a re - pent-ing reb - el live; Are not thy mer - cies large and free, May not a sin - ner trust in thee?".

UN POCO STACCATO.

74

ALLEGRETTO.

ARNHEIM.* L. M.

M #

S. Holyoke.

All ye bright ar-mies of the skies, Go wor-ship where your Savior lies; An - gels and kings, before him bow, Those gods on high and gods be - low.

* The alteration which has been made in the last strain will make this popular tune much more useful.

ALLEGRO.

ECKARDT. L. M.

M #

Praise ye the Lord—my heart shall join, In work so pleasant, so di - vine; My days of praise shall ne'er be past, While life, and thought, and being last.

ALLO MODERATO.

DRESDEN. L. M.

Fine.

M # or L. P. M

75

A musical score for three voices. The top voice starts with a soprano C-clef, the middle voice with an alto C-clef, and the bottom voice with a bass F-clef. The key signature changes from common time to A major (one sharp) and then back to common time. The vocal parts are separated by vertical bar lines. The lyrics are as follows:

When ris-ing floods my soul o'er-flow, When sinks my heart in waves of woe; Je-sus thy time-ly aid im-part, And raise my head and cheer my heart.

The score ends with two endings: "FINE." under the soprano and bass staves, and "L. P. M." under the alto staff, followed by "FINE." under the bass staff.

CHORAL.

MUNICH. L. M.

M b

German Choral.

A musical score for three voices, continuing from the previous page. The top voice starts with a soprano C-clef, the middle voice with an alto C-clef, and the bottom voice with a bass F-clef. The key signature changes from common time to B-flat major (one flat) and then back to common time. The vocal parts are separated by vertical bar lines. The lyrics are as follows:

"Twas on that dark that dismal night, When pow'rs of death and hell a-rose, A-gainst the son of God's de-light, And friends betray'd him to his foes.

The score ends with two endings: the first ending has a soprano C-clef and the second ending has a bass F-clef.

76

ALLEGRO MODERATO.

DUNSTAN.

L. M.

M #

Dr. Madan.

1st time. * 2d time

Musical score for "DUNSTAN." in L. M. time signature, major key. The score consists of three staves. The top staff uses common time (indicated by a 'C'). The middle staff uses common time (indicated by a 'C'). The bottom staff uses common time (indicated by a 'C'). The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes. The score includes lyrics: "Jesus shall reign where'er the sun, Does his suc - cessive jour - nies run; His kingdom stretch from shore to shore, Till moons shall wax and wane no more. more." The score concludes with a repeat sign and endings: "1st time. 2d time." The 2d time ending includes a melodic variation and a final cadence.

ALLEGRETTO.

MOUNT ARARAT.

L. M.

M #

Musical score for "MOUNT ARARAT." in L. M. time signature, major key. The score consists of three staves. The top staff uses common time (indicated by a 'C'). The middle staff uses common time (indicated by a 'C'). The bottom staff uses common time (indicated by a 'C'). The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes. The score includes lyrics: "All power and grace to God be - long; He is my strength, and He my song: He comes my Savior — from his throne, He comes to bring sal - va-tion down." The score concludes with a repeat sign and endings: "1st time. 2d time." The 2d time ending includes a melodic variation and a final cadence.

ALLEGRETTO MODERATO.

CHARLESTON.

L. M.

M #

R. Cook.

77

My God, ac - cept my ear - ly vows, Like morning incense in thy house, And let my night-ly worship rise, Sweet as the ev'nning sac - ri - fice.

The musical score consists of three staves. The top staff is in common time (indicated by '3') and common key (indicated by '4'). The middle staff is also in common time and common key. The bottom staff is in common time and common key. The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes, with some notes connected by stems and others separate. The vocal line is supported by a harmonic bass line on the bottom staff.

ALLEGRETTO MODERATO.

NEW MUNCH.

L. M.

M b

How great, how ter - - ri - ble, that God, Who shakes cre-a - tion with - his nod; He frowns earth, sea, all na - ture's frame, Sink in one u - - ni - ver - sal flame.

The musical score consists of three staves. The top staff is in common time (indicated by '3') and common key (indicated by '4'). The middle staff is also in common time and common key. The bottom staff is in common time and common key. The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes, with some notes connected by stems and others separate. The vocal line is supported by a harmonic bass line on the bottom staff.

78

BELKNAP STREET. L. M.

M $\#$ Hymn Chant.

ALLEGRO.

Down from his lof - ty throne on high, He look'd the Lord the world survey'd: He saw the race in ru - in lie, He pitied and his grace display'd,

UNISON.

The musical score consists of three staves. The top staff has a treble clef, a key signature of two sharps, and a common time. The middle staff has a treble clef, a key signature of two sharps, and a common time. The bottom staff has a bass clef, a key signature of two sharps, and a common time. The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. The vocal parts are labeled "UNISON" at the end of the first section.

CHORAL.

LUTHER'S CHORAL. L. M.

M. Luther.

O thou, that hear'st when sin - ners cry, Though all my crimes be - fore thee lie; Be - hold them not with an - gry look, But blot their mem'ry from thy book.

The musical score consists of three staves. The top staff has a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time. The middle staff has a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time. The bottom staff has a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time. The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. The vocal parts are labeled "CHORAL" at the beginning and "UNISON" at the end of the section.

ALLEGRETTO.

TEMPLE SONG. L. M.

M #

From the American Harp. 79

Three staves of musical notation in common time (indicated by the '3' over '4') and major key (indicated by the sharp sign). The first two staves are in treble clef, and the third staff is in bass clef. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

Stand up, my soul, shake off thy fears, And gird the gos - pel ar - mor on; March to the gates of end - less joy, Where Je - sus, thy great Captain's gone.

ALLEGRO.

BEDFORD STREET. L. M.

M #

Three staves of musical notation in common time (indicated by the '3' over '4') and major key (indicated by the sharp sign). The first two staves are in treble clef, and the third staff is in bass clef. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

A - wake my soul, in joy - ful lays, And sing thy great Re - deem - er's praise; He justly claims a song from me, His loving kind - ness O how free.

SOLO. 2d. TREBLE.

TUTTI.

SOLO.

TUTTI.

80

ALLEGRO.

THE CITY OF DAVID. L. M.

M #

From the American Harp.

Musical score for 'The City of David' in 2/4 time, key of G major (F major for bass). The score consists of three staves. The top two staves are in treble clef, and the bottom staff is in bass clef. The vocal line is in the middle staff. The lyrics are:

Wake, O my soul, and hail the morn, For un - to us a Saviour's born; See, how the an - gel's wing their way, To usher in the glorious day.

* This passage may be sung alternately by male, & female voices.

ALLEGRO ASSAI.

FIRMAMENT. L. M.

M #

From the American Harp.

Musical score for 'Firmament' in common time, key of G major. The score consists of three staves. The top two staves are in treble clef, and the bottom staff is in bass clef. The vocal line is in the middle staff. The lyrics are:

The heavens declare thy glo - ry Lord, In eve - ry star thy wisdom shines; But when our eyes behold thy work, We read thy name in fairer lines, We read thy name in fair-er lines.

SOLO. SOLO. TUTTI. CRESD:

SOLO. SOLO. TUTTI. D. CP. CRESD:

ALLEGRO MODERATO.

VIRGINIA. L. M.

M b

Har. Sacra Minor.
With alterations.

81

The musical score consists of three staves. The top staff uses a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time. The middle staff uses a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time. The bottom staff uses a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time. The vocal line begins with "Go, wor - - ship at Im - man - uel's feet, See in - - his face what wonders meet! Earth is - - too nar - row". The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. The vocal line continues on the middle staff with "to - - ex - press, His worth, - his glo - - ry, or - - his - grace, -- His worth, his glo - - ry, or - - his - grace."

TUTTI.

The score continues with a tutti section where all voices play together. The vocal line from the previous section is repeated. Following this, a solo section is indicated for the bass voice, marked "SOLO." The bass part then joins the tutti section again, marked "TUTTI. c d c d". The bass line concludes with a final cadence.

ALLA BREVE.

CHESTER. L. M. NEW. Hymn Chant.

Musical notation for Chester Hymn Chant in Alla Breve time. The music consists of three staves. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff an alto clef, and the bottom staff a bass clef. The key signature is one flat. The time signature is common time (indicated by '3'). The notation includes various note heads (circles, ovals, etc.) and rests, with some notes having stems and others not. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines.

This is the word of truth and love, Sent to the nation's from above, Je - hovah here resolves to show, What his al - migh - ty pow'r can do.

UN POCO STACCATO.

ALLA BREVE.

PORTLAND. L. M. Hymn Chant.

Musical notation for Portland Hymn Chant in Alla Breve time. The music consists of three staves. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff an alto clef, and the bottom staff a bass clef. The key signature is one flat. The time signature is common time (indicated by '3'). The notation includes various note heads and rests, with some notes having stems and others not. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines.

Thus far the Lord hath led me on, Thus far his pow'r prolong my days; And ev'ry ev'ning shall make known, Some fresh memorial of his grace.

UN POCO STACCATO.

Remark ; Old Chester by Billings is to be found page. 31.

ALLEGRO.

LUTHER'S CHANT. L. M. M # From the American Harp.

83

Musical score for Luther's Chant, L. M., M #. The score consists of three staves of music. The first two staves are in common time (C), and the third staff is in common time (C) with a brace underneath. The music features various note heads (circles, dots, etc.) and rests. The lyrics are written below the first staff:

Great God we sing thy mighty hand, By that supported still we stand; The op'ning year thy mercy shows, Let mercy crown it till it close.

UN POCO STACCATO.

CHORALMENTE.

PUTNEY. L. M.

M b

I. Smith.

Musical score for Putney, L. M., M b. The score consists of three staves of music. The first two staves are in common time (C), and the third staff is in common time (C) with a brace underneath. The music features various note heads (circles, dots, etc.) and rests. The lyrics are written below the first staff:

Deep in - our hearts let us - record, The deep - er sor - rows of our Lord; Behold - the ris - ing billows roll, To o - ver - whelm his ho - ly soul.

Musical score for 'STONE CHAPEL' in 3/4 time, major key. The score consists of four staves. The top staff is for solo voices (2d. TREBLE or BASS). The second staff is for the bassoon. The third staff is for the cello. The bottom staff is for the double bass. The vocal line includes lyrics: 'Thee will - I love, O Lord, my strength, My rock, My tow'r, my high de - fence, Thy migh - ty arm shall'. The music features various note patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests.

Continuation of the musical score. The top staff starts with a series of rests. The second staff begins with a melodic line. The third staff has a sustained note. The bottom staff has a sustained note. The vocal line continues with lyrics: 'be - my trust, - For I have drawn sal - - va - tion thence; For I - have drawn sal - - va - tion thence.' The music concludes with a final melodic line on the second staff.

ALLEGRETTO.

NORTH CHURCH. L. M.

M #

From the American Harp.

85

Great shepherd of thine Is - ra - el, Who didst be - tween the cher - ubs dwell; - And lead the tribes, thy cho - sen sheep, Safe through the des - ert and the deep.

CHORALMENTE.

YARMOUTH. Old

L. M.

M #

A. William's Coll.
With alterations.

Come, Lord, thy sav - ing grace make known, Take me, a sin - ner, for thine own; Lord, let me thy sal - va - tion feel, And let it my dis - eas - es heal.

86 ALLEGRO.

BALDWIN PLACE. L. M.

M #

Jesus demands the voice of joy, - Loud through the earth let triumph sing; His honors should your songs em - ploy, Let glorious praises hail the King.

UNISON:

MODERATO
CHORALMENTE.

GERMAN HYMN. L. M.

M #

Pleyel.

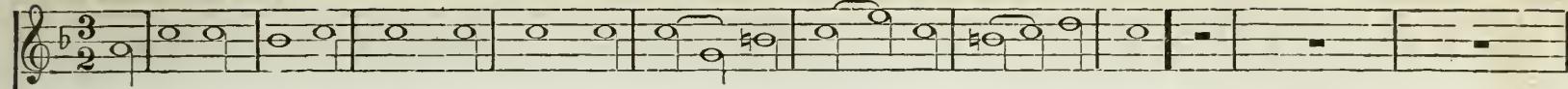
Not original—With alterations.

Time, time, how few thy val - ue weigh! How few will es - ti - mate a day! Days, months and years keep rolling on, The soul neg-lect-ed and un - done.

ALLEGRO ASSAI.

TRINITY CHURCH. L. M. M

87



The Lord is come—the heav'ns proclaim His birth—the na - - tions love - his name; An un - known star - - di -

3
2

3
2

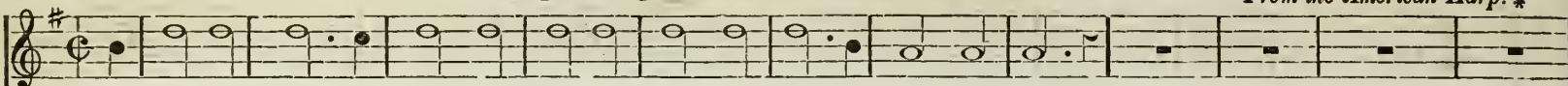
SOLO.



TUTTI.

rects - the road, -- Of east - ern sag - es to their God, Of east - - ern sag - - es to their God.

TUTTI.



SOLO. 2d TREBLE.



My God, my King, thy - va - rious praise, Shall fill the - remnant of - my - days; Thy grace employ my hum - ble tongue, Till

* This passage may be sung alternately by Male, and Female voices.



TUTTI.

CRESC.

death, and glo - ry raise the song. Thy grace em - ploy my - hum - ble tongue, Till death and glo - ry raise the song.

TUTTI.

CRESC.

ALLEGRETTO.

BRENT. L. M.

M #

S. Holyok's Coll.
With alterations.

89

E - ter - nal spir - it we con - fess, And sing the won - ders of thy grace; Thy pow'r conveys our blessings down, From God the fath - er and the son.

ALLEGRETTO.

PALMIS. L. M.

M #

S. Holyok's Coll.
With alterations.

Lord we - a - dore thy vast de - signs, Th'obscure a - byss of prov - i - dence; Too deep to sound with mor tal lines, Too dark to view with feeble sense.

SOLO. 2d TREBLE. TUTTI.

The Lord will come, the earth shall quake,
The hills their fix - ed seat for - sake;

Repeats for L. M. 6 lines.

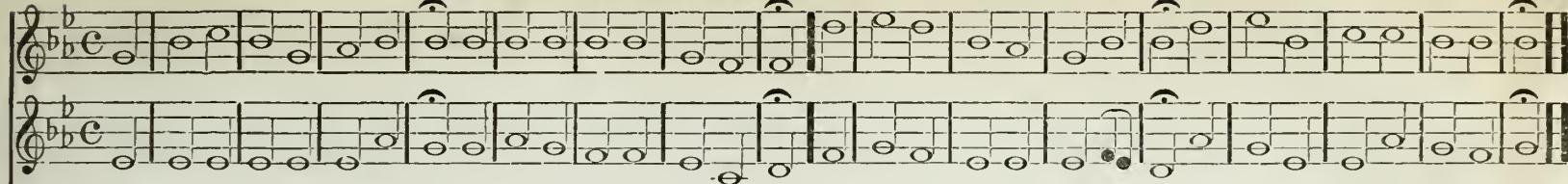
And withering from the vault of night; The stars with - draw their fee - ble light, The stars with - draw - their fee - ble light.

CHORAL.

BRECKNOCK. L. M.

M ♯

91



ALLEGRO.

EVENING HYMN. L. M.

M ♯



Musical score for Park Street Church, page 92. The score consists of three staves. The top staff uses a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time. The middle staff uses a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time. The bottom staff uses a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time. The vocal line is divided into 'SOLO.' and 'TUTTI.' sections. The lyrics are as follows:

Had I - the tongues of Greeks and Jews, And nobler speech than an-gel's use; If love be absent, I - am found, Like tinkling brass—an emp-ty sound.

Musical score for Old South Church, page 92. The score consists of three staves. The top staff uses a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time. The middle staff uses a bass clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time. The bottom staff uses a bass clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time. The vocal line is divided into 'SOLO.' and 'TUTTI.' sections. The lyrics are as follows:

High on a hill of dazzling light, The king - of glo - ry spreads his seat; And troops of an - gel's stretch'd for flight, Stand waiting round his awful feet.

ALLEGRO ASSAI.

CHAPMAN. L. M.

M #

From the American Harp.

93

He - that - hath made - - his ref - uge God, Shall find - - a most - - se - cure - a - - bode;

Shall find a &c.

SOLO. 2d. TREBLE. TUTTI.

Shall walk - all - day - be - neath his shade, And there at night shall rest his head, And there at night shall rest his head.

SOLO. TUTTI.

94 ALLEGRO ASSAI.

OTIS. L. M. M #

Three staves in common time, key signature of one sharp. The top staff has a bass clef, the middle staff has a bass clef, and the bottom staff has a bass clef. Measures 1-4 consist of eighth and sixteenth note patterns. The lyrics are:

Thrice hap - py man! who fears - the Lord, - Loves his com - mands, and trusts his - word; Honor and peace his

Three staves in common time, key signature of one sharp. The top staff has a bass clef, the middle staff has a bass clef, and the bottom staff has a bass clef. Measures 5-8 feature eighth and sixteenth note patterns. The lyrics are:

SOLO. 2d TREBLE. TUTTI.

days at - tend, And bless - ings on - his - seed de - scend, And blessings on his seed de - scand.

SOLO. TUTTI.

CHORALMENTE.

WILDERNESS. L. M.

M b

Leach.

From the Village Harmony.

95

Musical score for 'WILDERNESS' in Choralmente style. The score consists of three staves. The top staff uses a bass clef, the middle staff an alto clef, and the bottom staff a soprano clef. The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The time signature is common time. The vocal line is as follows:

Who is this fair one in dis-tress, That trav-els from the wil - der-ness? And press'd with sor-rows and with sins, On her be - loved Lord she leans.

ALLEGRETTO.

DENTON. L. M.

M #

From the American Harp.

Musical score for 'DENTON' in Allegretto style. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is labeled '2d. TREBLE.' and the bottom staff 'SOLO.'. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The time signature is common time. The vocal line is as follows:

Great God, at - tend, while Zi - on sings, The joy that from thy presence springs; To spend one day with thee on earth, Ex - ceeds a thou - sand days of mirth.

Musical score for 'DENTON' in Allegretto style, continuing. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is labeled 'TUTTI.' and the bottom staff 'SOLO.'. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The time signature is common time. The vocal line is as follows:

Great God, at - tend, while Zi - on sings, The joy that from thy presence springs; To spend one day with thee on earth, Ex - ceeds a thou - sand days of mirth.

96

ALLEGRO.

NAHANT, L. M.

M #

From the American Harp.

My soul, thy great Cre - a - tor praise, When cloth'd in - - his - - ce - - les - tial rays;

SOLO. 2d. TREBLE.

TUTTI.

He - in - full - maj - es - ty ap - - pears, And like a robe, his - glo - ry wears.

SOLO.

TUTTI.

MODERATO.

BERA, OR RICKMANSWORFH. L. M.

M #

97

A musical score for two voices. The top voice is in common time (indicated by a '3' over a '4') and the bottom voice is in common time (indicated by a '3' over a '4'). The key signature is one flat. The music consists of two staves of eight measures each. The lyrics are as follows:

Great God attend while Zi - on sings, The joy that from thy pres - ence springs; To spend one day with thee on earth, Ex - ceeds a thousand days of mirth.

MODERATO.

FLORIDA. L. M. M #

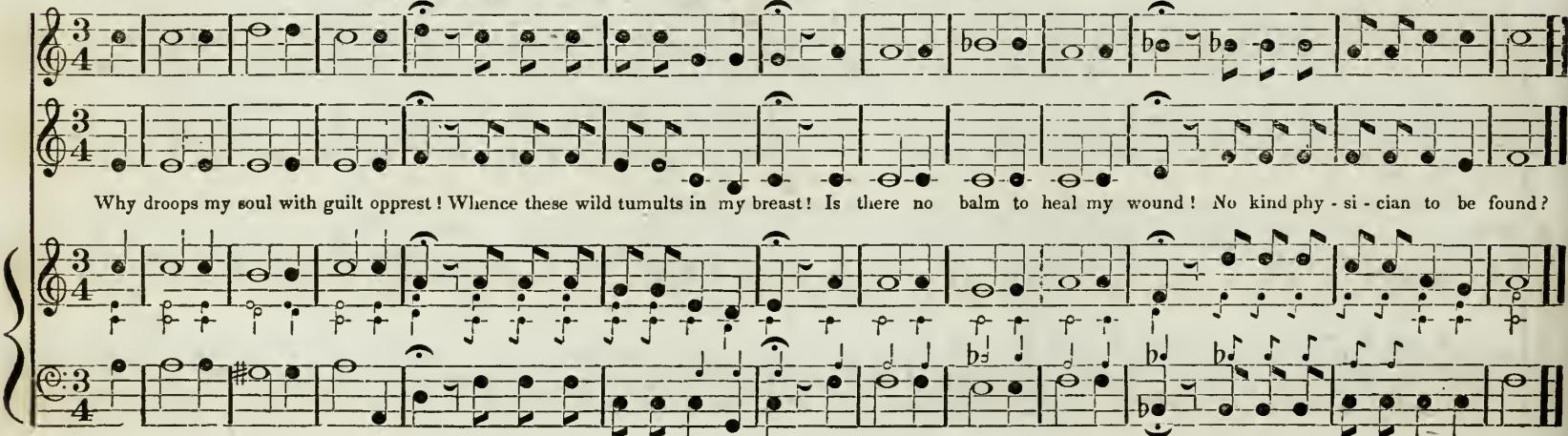
A musical score for two voices. The top voice is in common time (indicated by a '3' over a '4') and the bottom voice is in common time (indicated by a '3' over a '4'). The key signature is one flat. The music consists of two staves of eight measures each. The lyrics are as follows:

My God, how endless is thy love; Thy gifts are ev' - ry ev'nning new; And morning mer - cies from a - bove, Gently dis - til like ear - ly dew.

13

Come, dear - est Lord, make no de - lay, For slowly ev' - ry moment wears; Fly wing'd time, and roll - a - way, These te - dious rounds of sluggish years.

UNISON.



Why droops my soul with guilt opprest! Whence these wild tumults in my breast! Is there no balm to heal my wound! No kind phy - si - cian to be found?

ALLEGRO CON SPIRITO.

HAYDN, or St. Olave's.

L. M.

M#

Hudson. 99

Three staves of musical notation in common time. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff an alto clef, and the bottom staff a bass clef. The key signature changes between G major (two sharps), F major (one sharp), and E major (no sharps or flats). The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns with various rests and dynamic markings like forte and piano.

ANDANTINO QUASI
ALLEGRETTO.

CROWLE. C. M.

M b

Dr. Green.

Three staves of musical notation in common time. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff an alto clef, and the bottom staff a bass clef. The key signature changes between G major (two sharps), F major (one sharp), and E major (no sharps or flats). The music features eighth and sixteenth note patterns with various rests and dynamic markings like forte and piano.

100 CHORAL.

MEDWAY. L. M.

M #

Pergolesi.

My God, per - mit me not to be A stran - ger to my - self and thee; A-midst ten thou-sand thoughts I rove, For-get-ful of my highest love.

The musical score consists of four staves of music. The top staff is in G major (two sharps) and common time. The second staff starts in G major and moves to E major (one sharp). The third staff starts in E major and moves to C major. The bottom staff is in C major. The vocal line is primarily composed of eighth-note patterns.

ALLEGRO ASSAI.

ADDISON. C. M. M #

When all thy mercies, O my God, My ris - ing - soul surveys; Transported with the view, I'm lost, In won - der love, and praise.

The musical score consists of four staves of music. The top staff is in C major (no sharps or flats) and common time. The second staff starts in C major and moves to F major (one flat). The third staff starts in F major and moves to C major. The bottom staff is in C major. The vocal line is primarily composed of eighth-note patterns.

MODERATO.

WISE. C. M.

M #

101

Where beau - ty clothes - the fer - tile vale, - And blossoms on - the spray; - - - And fra - grance breathes in

SOLO.

TUTTI.

ev - - 'ry gale, - How sweet - the ver - - nal day ! How sweet - the ver - - nal day ! - - -

ev - - 'ry gale, - How sweet - the ver - - nal day ! How sweet - the ver - - nal day ! - - -

102

UN POCO ALEGRETTO.

HAVANNA. C. M.

M #

Dr. Harrington.

E - ter - nal source of joys di - vine, To thee my soul as - pires; Oh! could I say, the Lord is mine! 'Tis all my soul - de-sires.

MODERATO.

COMMUNION. C. M.

M #

Hymn Chant.

S. Hill.

Here at thy ta - ble, Lord, we meet, To feed on food di - vine; Thy bo - dy is the bread we eat, Thy pre - cious blood the wine.

ALLEGRO.

VENI CREATOR. C. M.

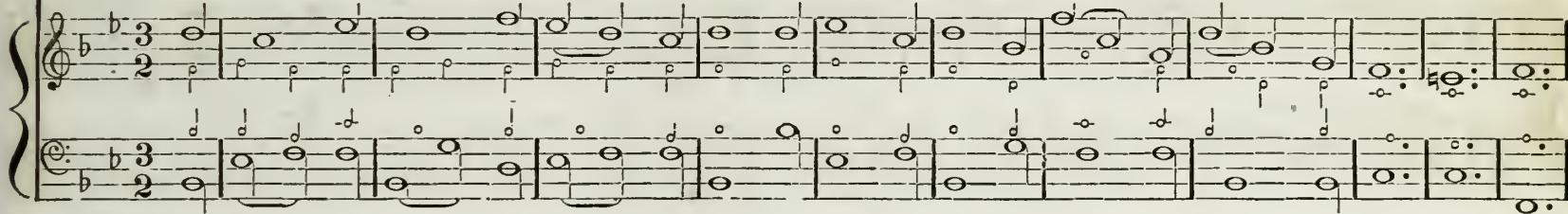
M #

Steffani.
With alterations.

103



Come, Ho - ly Ghost, - Cre - a - - tor come, In-spire the souls of thine, - In - spire -- the souls of thine;



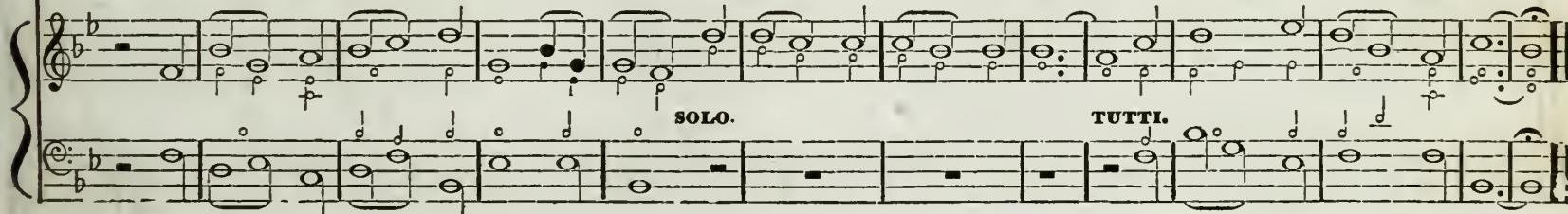
SOLO.

TUTTI.

Till ev - - 'ry heart - which thou hast - made, - Is fill'd - with grace - di - vine; --- Is fill'd - with grace - - di - vine. - -

SOLO.

TUTTI.



104

UN POCO ALLEGRETTO.

DUNKENFIELD. C. M.

M b

R. Harrison.

Thee; we a-dore, e-ter-nal name, And humbly own to thee; How fee-ble is - our mor-tal frame, What dy-ing worms are we!

ANDANTINO.

POLAND. C. M.

M b

Swan.

God of my life look gen-tly down, Be-hold the pains I feel; But I am dumb be-fore thy throne, Nor dare dis-pute thy will.

ALLEGRO.

DURHAM. G. M.

M #

105

A musical score for three voices. The top voice is in common time (indicated by '3' over '4') and has a treble clef. The middle voice is also in common time (indicated by '3' over '4') and has a bass clef. The bottom voice is in common time (indicated by '3' over '4') and has a bass clef. The music consists of two staves of six measures each, followed by a repeat sign and another two staves of six measures. The lyrics are: "Hark! 'tis our heav'nly lead-ers voice, From his - tri - umphant seat; Midst all - the wars tu - mult - uous noise, How pow'rful and - how sweet!"

CHORAL.

NOTTINGHAM. C. M.

M #

I. Clark.

A musical score for three voices. The top voice is in common time (indicated by '3' over '4') and has a treble clef. The middle voice is in common time (indicated by '3' over '4') and has a bass clef. The bottom voice is in common time (indicated by '3' over '4') and has a bass clef. The music consists of three staves of eight measures each. The lyrics are: "Some ser - aph lend your heav'n - ly tongue, Or harp of gol-den string; That I may raise a lof - ty song, To our e - ter-nal king."

106 ANDANTE.

BLOOMINGTON. C. M.

M #

Two staves of musical notation in common time (indicated by '3/4') and major key (indicated by a sharp sign). The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

Give thanks to God, the sov'-reign Lord; His mer-cies still en-dure: And be the King of kings a-dor'd; His truth is ev - er sure.

Two staves of musical notation in common time (indicated by '3/4') and major key (indicated by a sharp sign). The music continues the eighth and sixteenth note patterns from the previous section.

MARYVILLE. C. M.

M #

ANDANTE.

Two staves of musical notation in common time (indicated by '3/4') and major key (indicated by a sharp sign). The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

If hu-man kind-ness meets re - turn, And owns the grate-ful tie; If ten - der thoughts with - in us burn, To feel a friend is nigh;—

Two staves of musical notation in common time (indicated by '3/4') and major key (indicated by a sharp sign). The music continues the eighth and sixteenth note patterns from the previous section.

ALLEGRETTO.

DEDHAM. C. M.

M #

107

A musical score for three voices. The top voice starts with a melodic line in common time, key of G major. The middle voice begins with a melodic line in common time, key of G major. The bottom voice starts with a harmonic bass line in common time, key of G major. The vocal parts switch roles at the end of each section. The vocal parts are labeled "SOLO" and "TUTTI". The lyrics are: "Come, happy souls approach your God, With new me - lo - dious songs; Come, tender to Al - mighty grace, The trib - ute of your tongues, The trib - ute of your tongues."

ALLEGRO.

BROOMSGROVE. C. M.

M #

A musical score for three voices. The top voice starts with a melodic line in common time, key of C minor. The middle voice begins with a melodic line in common time, key of C minor. The bottom voice starts with a harmonic bass line in common time, key of C minor. The vocal parts switch roles at the end of each section. The vocal parts are labeled "2d. TREBLE". The lyrics are: "O render thanks and bless the Lord, Invoke his ho - ly name; Acquaint the nations with his deeds, His matchless deeds proclaim, His matchless, &c."

108

ALLEGRETTO.

NEW ENGLAND HYMN.

C. M.

M #

Musical score for New England Hymn, page 108. The score consists of three staves. The top staff has a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time. The middle staff has a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time. The bottom staff has a bass clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time. The vocal line begins with "Firm as the earth, thy gos - - - pel stands, My Lord, - my hope my - trust; If I am". The piano accompaniment provides harmonic support throughout the verse.

Continuation of the musical score. The vocal line continues with "found - in Je - sus' hands, My soul - can ne'er - - be - lost, - My soul - can ne'er - be lost.". The piano accompaniment features a solo section followed by a tutti section, indicated by the labels "SOLO." and "TUTTI." above the staves. The bass line is prominent in the tutti section.

MODERATO.

ALEXANDER. C. M.

M #

109

Musical score for the hymn "Alexander". The score consists of four staves. The top staff uses a treble clef, a key signature of two flats, and a common time. The second staff uses a bass clef, a key signature of two flats, and a common time. The third staff uses a bass clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time. The bottom staff uses a bass clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time. The vocal line is divided into "SOLO." and "TUTTI." sections. The lyrics are as follows:

Of jus-tice and - of grace - I sing, And pay - my God - my vows; Thy grace and jus-tice, heav 'nly King, Teach me - to rule my house.

MODERATO

SWANWICK. C. M.

M #

Lucas.

Musical score for the hymn "Swanwick". The score consists of four staves. The top staff uses a treble clef, a key signature of two flats, and a common time. The second staff uses a bass clef, a key signature of two flats, and a common time. The third staff uses a bass clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time. The bottom staff uses a bass clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time. The vocal line is divided into "SOLO. 2d. TREBLE.", "TUTTI.", "SOLO.", and "TUTTI." sections. The lyrics are as follows:

Soon shall the glorious morning dawn, When all thy saints shall rise; And cloth'd in their immortal bloom, At - tend thee to - the skies; - Attend thee to the skies.

110

ALLEGRETTO.

CHURCHYARD. C. M.

M b

Hark! from the tombs a - dole - ful sound, My ears, at - tend the cry— Ye liv - ing men, come view the ground Where

UNISON.

V. 3. Great God is &c.

V. 4. We'll

CODA.

you must short - ly lie, - - Where you - must short - ly lie. - - * We'll rise a - - bove the sky.

F.

HYMN FINE.

rise - a - bove the sky. * CODA.

ALLEGRETTO.

TRINITY. C. M.

M 卷

King James.

111

Let children hear the mighty deeds Which God per-form'd of old; Which in our young-er years we saw, And which our father's told.

Which in our young - er years we saw, And which our father's told.

Let chil - dren hear the migh - ty deeds Which God per - form'd of old; Which in - our young - er years we saw, And which our father's told.

ALLEGRETTO.

E M I A U S. C. M.

M #

Give thanks to God—in - voke his name, And tell - the world his grace; Sound through the earth his deeds of fame, That all may seek his face.

SOLO. 2d TREBLE

TUTTI

Give thanks to God—in - voke his name, And tell - the world his grace; Sound through the earth his deeds of fame, That all may seek his face.

SOLO

TUTT

Musical score for Bowdoin Square Hymn Chant, measures 1-4. The music is in common time (indicated by 'C') and consists of four staves. The first two staves are in G major (indicated by a 'G' with a sharp sign) and the last two are in C major (indicated by a 'C'). The vocal parts are written in a soprano-like style with eighth and sixteenth note patterns. The lyrics are as follows:

Lord, who a - mong the sons of men, May vis - it thine a - bode? He, who has hands from mis - chief clean, Whose heart is right with God.

CHORALMENTE.

WANTAGE. C. M.

M b

Tansur.

Musical score for Wantage, measures 1-4. The music is in common time (indicated by 'C') and consists of four staves. The first two staves are in G major (indicated by a 'G' with a sharp sign) and the last two are in C major (indicated by a 'C'). The vocal parts are written in a soprano-like style with eighth and sixteenth note patterns. The lyrics are as follows:

'Twas in the watches of the night, I thought up - on thy pow'r; I keep thy love - ly face in sight, A - mid the dark - est hour.

ALLEGRO MODERATO.

ANNAPOLIS. C. M.

M #

113



Blest is the man who shuns the place Where sin-ners love to meet; Who fears to tread their wick-ed ways, And hates the scof-fer's seat.

ALLEGRO.

VIRGINIA. C. M.

M #

Browson.
With alterations.



Thy word the rag-ing winds con-trol, And rule the boist'rous deep; Thou mak'st the sleeping billows roll, The roll - - - ing billows sleep, The rolling bil-lows sleep

114 ALLEGRO ASSAI. FARRINGDON. C. M. Two Stanzas. M # *With alterations.*

Hence from my soul, sad thoughts be-gone, And leave me - to my - joys; - - - My tongue shall triumph in my God, And make a - joy - ful - noise.

SECOND STANZA.

HYMN. Continued.

115

sovereign grace with - - shi - - ning - rays, Dis - pell'd - - my - - gloo-my fears, Dis - pell'd my gloo - - my - - fears.

ALLEGRO.

WESTFORD. C. M.

M #

Come, let us join - our cheer - ful songs, With angels round - the - throne; Ten thousand thousand are - their tongues, But all their joys are one, But all their joys are one.

116

ALLEGRETTO.

NEW LITCHFIELD. C. M. M

What glo - ry gilds the sa - cred page, Ma - jes - tic like the sun; It gives - a light - to ev' - - ry age, It gives but bor - rows none.

SOLO.
TUTTI.

CHORAL.

ENOCH. C. M. M b or M

Ye earthly van - i - ties de - part, For - ev - er hence re - move; Je - sus a - lone deserves my heart, And ev'ry thought of love.

ALLEGRO.

CLAPTON. C. M.

M #

Hymn Chant.

Jones.

117

Musical score for Clapton Hymn Chant. The score consists of four staves. The top two staves are in common time (indicated by a 'C') and the bottom two are in 2/4 time (indicated by a '2'). The key signature is one sharp (F#). The vocal parts are labeled 'UNISON.' above the second and third staves. The tempo is marked 'ALLEGRO.' at the beginning. The lyrics are:

Oh! praise the Lord with one con - sent, And mag - ni - fy his name; Let all the ser - vants of the Lord, His wor - thy praise pro - claim.

UN POCO STACCATO.

MELODY. C. M.

M #

Leach.

The Original Composition.

2d. Treble.

Come, let us join our cheer - ful songs, With an - gels round the throne; Ten thous - and, thou - sand are - their tongues, But all - their joys - are one.

Musical score for Melody by Leach. The score consists of four staves. The top two staves are in common time (indicated by a 'C') and the bottom two are in 2/4 time (indicated by a '2'). The key signature is one sharp (F#). The vocal parts are labeled '2d. Treble.' above the first and second staves. The tempo is indicated by a 'P' (Presto) over the first staff. The lyrics are:

Come, let us join our cheer - ful songs, With an - gels round the throne; Ten thous - and, thou - sand are - their tongues, But all - their joys - are one.

2d. TREBLE.

1. Let all the lands, with shouts of joy, To God - their voices raise; Sing psalms in honor of his name, And spread his glorious praise.

ALLEGRETTO.

2d TREBLE.

2. And let them say ' how dreadful, Lord, In all - thy works art thou; Beneath thy pow'r, thy stubborn foes Shall all be forc'd to bow.

CHORAL

FUNERAL HYMN, OR MILLER.**C. M.****Minor Mode.** Dr. Miller. **119**

A musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) in common time. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The vocal parts are arranged in three staves, with the bass staff at the bottom and the soprano staff at the top. The music consists of a series of eighth and sixteenth note chords. The lyrics begin with "When trou-ble fills my soul with grief, Oh hide not, Lord, thy face; For I can hope for no re - lief, Un- aid - ed by thy grace."

CHORAL

FUNERAL HYMN, OR MILLER.**C. M.****Major Mode.**

Dr. Miller.

A musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) in common time. The key signature is two sharps (G#). The vocal parts are arranged in three staves, with the bass staff at the bottom and the soprano staff at the top. The music consists of a series of eighth and sixteenth note chords. The lyrics begin with "In vain we lav - ish out our lives, To gath-er emp - ty wind; The choicest blessing earth can yield, Will starve a hun - gry mind."

120 MODERATO ALLEGRETTO.

TUSCALOOSA. C. M.

M \sharp
TUTTI.

Two staves of musical notation in common time. The top staff uses a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The bottom staff uses a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns. The word "SOLO." is written above the second staff.

Now let me make the Lord my trust, And prac - - tise all that's good; So shall I dwell a - - mong the just, And he'll pro-vide me food.

Continuation of the musical score for Tuscaloosa, C. M. The notation remains consistent with the first section, featuring two staves in common time with treble clefs and key signatures of one sharp and one flat respectively. The word "SOLO." appears again below the second staff.

ALLG. MODERATO.

PIOUS HYMN. C. M.

M b

Three staves of musical notation in common time. The top staff uses a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The middle staff uses a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The bottom staff uses a bass clef and a key signature of one flat. The music consists of quarter and eighth note patterns. The lyrics "Re - turn, O God of love, re-turn; Earth is a tiresome place; How long shall we, thy chil - dien mourn, Our ab - sence from thy face?" are written below the middle staff.

UN POCO ALLEGRO.

St. JOHN'S. C. M.

M #

121

Three staves of musical notation in common time (indicated by '3/4'). The top two staves are in G major (indicated by a 'G' with a sharp sign) and the bottom staff is in E major (indicated by an 'E' with a sharp sign). The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns. A vocal line is present in the top staff, with lyrics in the middle staff. The lyrics are: "How precious is - the book - di - vine, By in - spi - ra - tion giv'n! Bright as - a lamp - its doc - trines shine, To guide our souls to heav'n." The bottom staff provides harmonic support with sustained notes and chords. The piece ends with a 'SOLO.' section followed by a 'TUTTI.' section.

ALLA BREVE.

NEW PATMOS. C. M.

M #

Hymn Chant.

Sing to the Lord ye dis - tant lands, Sing loud with sol - emn voice; Let ev' - ry tongue ex - alt his praise and ev' - ry heart re - joice.

UN POCO STACCATO. 16

122

MODERATO.

CHINA. C. M.

M #

Swan.

Musical score for "China, C. M., M #, Swan." The score consists of four staves of music. The top staff is in common time (indicated by a '3' over a '4') and has a key signature of one sharp. The second staff is also in common time (indicated by a '3' over a '4') and has a key signature of one sharp. The third staff is in common time (indicated by a '3' over a '4') and has a key signature of one sharp. The bottom staff is in common time (indicated by a '3' over a '4') and has a key signature of one sharp. The lyrics are as follows:

Why do we mourn de - part ing friends? Or shake - - at death's a - larm's; 'Tis but - the voice that Je-sus sends, To call them to his arms.

ALLEGRETTO.

IRISH. C. M.

M #

A. Williams.

Musical score for "Irish, C. M., M #, A. Williams." The score consists of four staves of music. The top staff is in common time (indicated by a '3' over a '4') and has a key signature of one flat. The second staff is in common time (indicated by a '3' over a '4') and has a key signature of one flat. The third staff is in common time (indicated by a '3' over a '4') and has a key signature of one flat. The bottom staff is in common time (indicated by a '3' over a '4') and has a key signature of one flat. The lyrics are as follows:

Now shall my in - ward joys - a - rise, And burst in - - to a song; Al - migh - ty love - - in - spires - my heart, - And pleasure tunes my tongue.

ALLEGRO.

NEW HUDSON.

C. M.

M #

123

Musical score for "NEW HUDSON." The music is in common time (indicated by '3') and major (indicated by 'M #'). The key signature changes between G major (two sharps) and E major (one sharp). The vocal line consists of two staves of music with lyrics:

O for a shout of sacred joy, To thee the Sov'reign King: Let ev'ry land their tongues em - ploy, And hymns of tri - umph sing.

CHORAL.

LUTZERN.

C. M.

M #

Musical score for "LUTZERN." The music is in common time (indicated by '3') and major (indicated by 'M #'). The key signature changes between C major (no sharps or flats) and F major (one sharp). The vocal line consists of three staves of music with lyrics:

Sing to the Lord ye dis - tant lands, Ye tribes of ev' - ry tongue; His new dis - cover'd grace de - mands, A new and no - bler song.

A musical score for 'The Star-Spangled Banner' in common time and G major. The score consists of two staves. The first staff begins with a treble clef, followed by a series of eighth and sixteenth notes. The second staff begins with a bass clef. The vocal line starts with a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, followed by a fermata. The word 'SOLO.' is written above the vocal line, indicating a solo section. After a short pause, the vocal line resumes with a series of eighth and sixteenth notes. The word 'TUTTI.' is written above the vocal line, indicating a tutti section. The vocal line continues with a series of eighth and sixteenth notes.

Early, my God, without delay, I haste to seek thy face ; My thirsty spi - rit faints a - way— My thirs - ty spir - it faints a - way, Without thy cheering grace.

SOLO.

TUTT

A musical score for organ and voice. The top staff is for the organ, showing two staves of music with various note heads and rests. The bottom staff is for the voice, also with two staves. The vocal part includes lyrics in German. The score is divided into sections: 'SOLO.' and 'TUTTI.' The organ part ends with a forte dynamic. The vocal part ends with a half note followed by a fermata.

ORGAN.

VOICE

CHORAL.

WESTMORELAND. C. M. Two Stanzas. M # German Choral.

© FINN

FINE.

I'm not ashame'd to own my Lord, Or to de-fend his cause, Maintain the hon- or
of his name, The glo-ry of his cross.

A musical score consisting of two staves. The top staff is in G major (indicated by a sharp sign) and common time. The bottom staff is in C major (indicated by a C-sharp sign) and common time. Both staves conclude with a 'FINE.' label.

FINE

ALLEGRO ASSAI.

NEW CONWAY. C. M.

M #

125

The musical score consists of six staves of handwritten music. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The second staff starts with a bass clef and a common time signature. The third staff begins with a treble clef and a common time signature. The fourth staff begins with a bass clef and a common time signature. The fifth staff begins with a treble clef and a common time signature. The sixth staff begins with a bass clef and a common time signature. The music features various note heads (circles, ovals, diamonds) and stems. Several sections are labeled: 'SOLO.' appears above the second and fifth staves; 'TUTTI.' appears above the fourth and sixth staves. The lyrics are integrated into the music, with the first section starting with 'Come let us lift our joyful eyes,' followed by 'Up to - - the courts a - bove,' and 'And smile - - to see - our'. The second section starts with 'fa - - ther - there,' followed by 'And smile - - to see - - our fa - - ther - there,' and 'Up - on a throne of . love.'

126

ALLEGRO MODERATO

BARBY. C. M.

M #

At morn, at noon, at night I'll praise, O Lord, thy sa - cred name; With joy my thankful voice I'll raise, Thy goodness I'll proclaim.

ALLEGRO ASSAI

NEW LYNN. C. M.

M #

E - ter - nal Wis - dom, thee we praise, Thee, all thy crea - tures sing; While with thy name, rocks, hills, and seas, And heav'n's high palace ring, And heav'n's high pal - ace ring.

UNISON.

ANDANTINO.

SPITER, New. C. M.

M #

127

TUTTI.

Lord, what is man, poor fee - ble man, Born of the earth at first; His life's a shadow light and vain, Still has - ting to the dust.

CHORAL.

DUNDEE. C. M.

M #

2. Love is the golden chain that binds The hap - py sonis a - bove; And he's an heir of heav'n that finds his bosom glow with love.

128 ALLEGRO ASSAI.

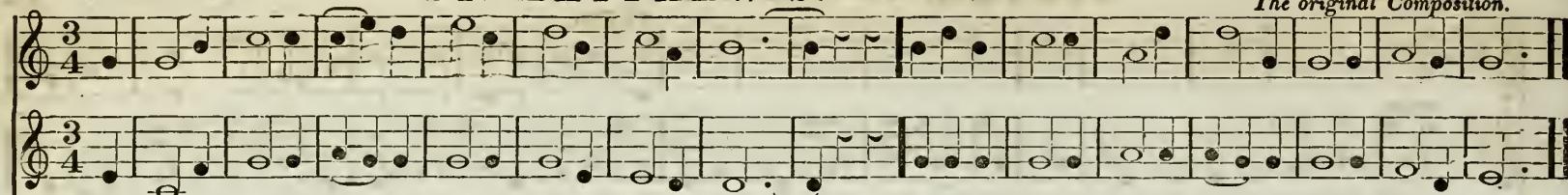
ST. MATTHEW'S.

C. M.

M #

Dr. Croft.

The original Composition.



With songs and honors sounding loud, Address the Lord on high; - - O'er the heav'n's he spreads his cloud, And waters veil the sky.



MENO ALLEGRO.

ST. MATTHEW'S.

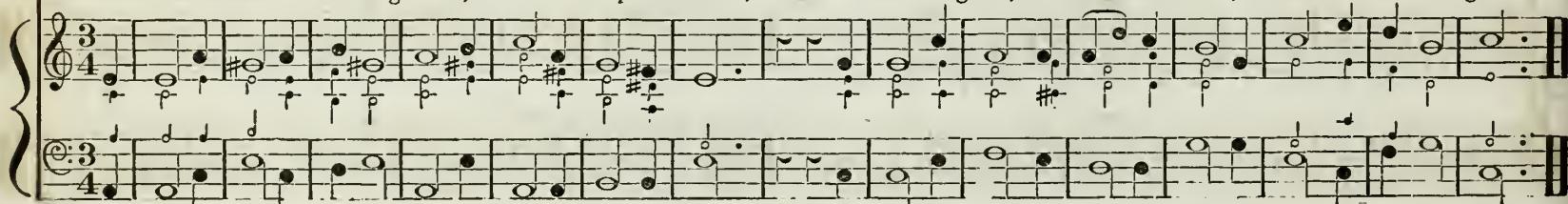
Second Stanza.

M b

Each Stanza may be used
separately.



He sends his show'r's of blessing down, To cheer the plains below; He makes the grass, the mountains crown, And corn in vallies grow.



ANDANTE.

WALLINGSFORD.

C. M.

M b

129

A musical score for three voices. The top voice is in common time (3/4), the middle voice is in common time (3/4), and the bottom voice is in common time (3/4). The key signature is one flat. The lyrics are as follows:

Lord, what is man, poor fee - ble man, Born of the earth at first; His life's a shad - ow light and vain, Still hastening to the dust.

ALLEGRO.
ALLA CAPELLA.

ST. MARK'S.

C. M.

M #

Twining.

A musical score for three voices. The top voice is in common time (3/4), the middle voice is in common time (3/4), and the bottom voice is in common time (3/4). The key signature is one sharp. The lyrics are as follows:

For - ever bles - sed be the Lord, My Saviour and my shield; He sends his Spir - it with his word, To arm me for the field, To arm me for the field.

130

CHORAL.

CANTERBURY.

C. M.

M #

Ravenscroft.

Musical score for Canterbury Choral Hymn. The music is in common time, key signature of one sharp (F#), and consists of four staves. The vocal parts are written in soprano, alto, tenor, and bass clefs. The lyrics are as follows:

With deepest rev'rence of the mind, Look, O my soul, to God; Lift with thy hands a ho - ly heart, To his sub - lime a - bode.

CHORAL.

WINDSOR.

C. M.

M b

G. Kirby.

Musical score for Windsor Choral Hymn. The music is in common time, key signature of one flat (F), and consists of four staves. The vocal parts are written in soprano, alto, tenor, and bass clefs. The lyrics are as follows:

That aw - ful day will sure ly come, Th'ap - pointed hour makes haste, When I must stand be - fore my judge, And pass the sol - emn test.

Continuation of the musical score for Windsor Choral Hymn, showing the final section of the hymn.

ALLEGRO ASSAI.

ZEUNER.

C. M.

M #

131

A musical score for four voices. The top voice starts with a dotted half note followed by eighth notes. The second voice begins with a dotted half note followed by eighth notes. The third voice starts with a dotted half note followed by eighth notes. The fourth voice starts with a dotted half note followed by eighth notes. The lyrics are: Ye sons of men, a fee - ble race, Ex - pos'd to - - ev'ry - snare, Come, make the - Lord - your - dwell - ing-place, And try and trust - his - care.

CHORAL.

DEATH HYMN.

C. M.

M b

I. Harrod.

A musical score for four voices. The top voice starts with a dotted half note followed by eighth notes. The second voice starts with a dotted half note followed by eighth notes. The third voice starts with a dotted half note followed by eighth notes. The fourth voice starts with a dotted half note followed by eighth notes. The lyrics are: Stoop down, my thoughts, that used to rise, Converse a - while with death; Think how a gasp-ing mor - tal lies, And pants a - way his breath.

132

ALLEGRO.

STADE.*

C. M.

M #

Hymn.

Or short Anthem.

J. Burney.

The musical score consists of four staves of music. The top two staves are in common time (indicated by '3') and the bottom two are in common time (indicated by '2'). The key signature is G major (two sharps). The music features various note heads (circles, ovals, dots) and rests, with some notes having stems and others not. The vocal parts are separated by vertical bar lines. The lyrics are integrated into the music, appearing below the notes. The score concludes with a section labeled 'HYMN FINE.' followed by a final set of measures.

Lo, what - - a glo - rious cor - ner stone, The build - ers did re - fuse! Yet - God hath built his church thereon,

In - spite - - of en - vious Jews. Halle - lu - jah, Halle - lu - jah, Halle - lu - jah, A - - - men.

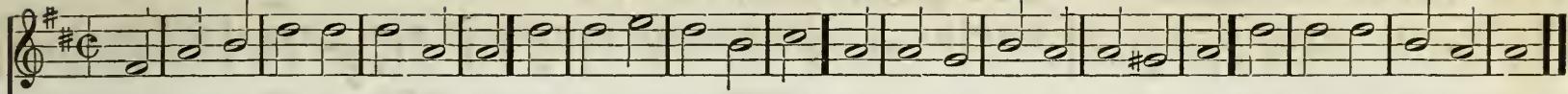
HYMN FINE.

* The hallelujah to be sung to the last verse set to this tune—and to the last verse of a hymn where the subject of the words renders it proper

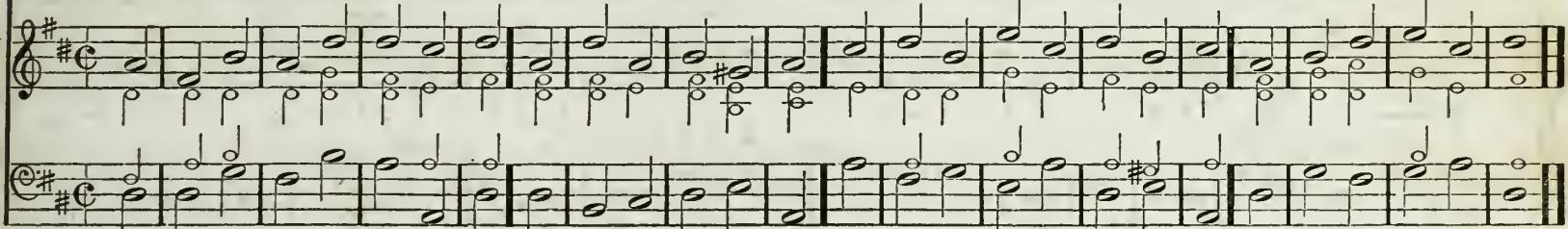
CHORAL.

ST. ANN'S. C. M. M

German Choral. 133



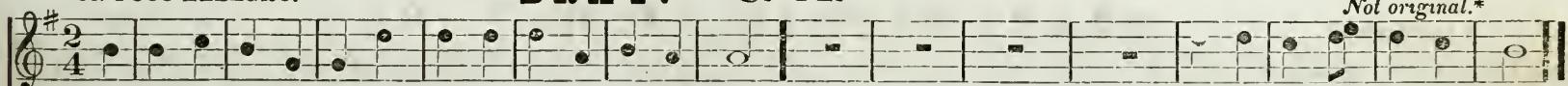
How shall the young se - cure their hearts, And guard their lives from sin? Thy word the choi - cest rules im - parts, To keep the conscience clean.



UN POCO ALLEGRO.

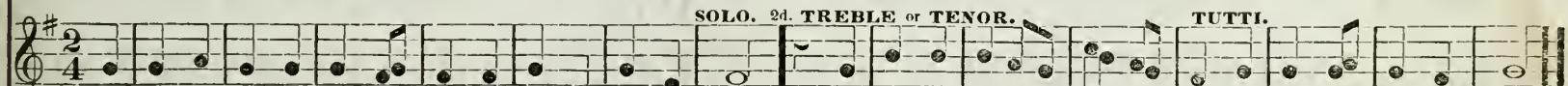
BE A Y. C. M.

M #

A. Williams Coll.
Not original.*

SOLO. 2d. TREBLE or TENOR.

TUTTI.

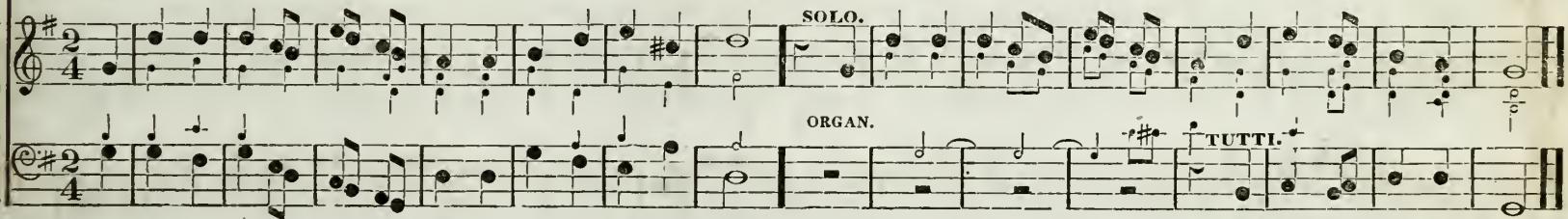


This is the day the Lord hath made, He calls the hours his own; Let heav'n rejoice, let earth be glad, And praise surround his throne.

SOLO.

ORGAN.

TUTTI.



* See the tune Lutzen.

134 ALLEGRETTO MODERATO.

PICKERING. C. M.

M #

3/4 time signature, key of G major (M#). The score consists of four staves. The first staff has a treble clef, the second a bass clef, the third a treble clef, and the fourth a bass clef. The music features a mix of eighth and sixteenth notes. The vocal line includes two sections: 'SOLO.' and 'TUTTI.'. The lyrics are: "How sweet - the name - of - Je - sus sounds, In a be - liev - ers ears; It soothes his sor - rows, heals his wounds, And drives away his fears, And drives away his fears." The vocal parts are supported by harmonic textures in the lower staves.

LAMENTOSO.

GRAND FATHER. C. M.

M b

2/4 time signature, key of E minor (M b). The score consists of four staves. The first staff has a treble clef, the second a bass clef, the third a treble clef, and the fourth a bass clef. The vocal line includes two sections: 'SOLO.' and 'TUTTI.'. The lyrics are: "Why do - - we - mourn de - part - ing friends? Or shake at - death'sa - larms? 'Tis but the voice that Je - sus sends, To call them to his arms." The vocal parts are supported by harmonic textures in the lower staves.

ALLO MODERATO.

PURCELL. C. M.

M b

135

Three staves of musical notation in common time (indicated by '3'). The top staff uses a soprano C-clef, the middle staff an alto F-clef, and the bottom staff a bass G-clef. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The music consists of a series of eighth-note patterns. The lyrics are as follows:

Almigh - ty God thy pierc - ing eye, Strikethro' the shades of night, And our - most se - cret ac - tions lie - . All o - - pen to - - thy sight.

LAMENTOSO.

FAST-DAY. C. M.

M b

Three staves of musical notation in common time (indicated by '3'). The top staff uses a soprano C-clef, the middle staff an alto F-clef, and the bottom staff a bass G-clef. The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The music consists of a series of eighth-note patterns. The lyrics are as follows:

Hear, gracious God, my hum - ble moan, To thee - I breathe my sighs! When will the tedious night - be gone? And when - the dawn - a - rise?

136 ALLEGRO ASSAI.

CLARENDON. C. M.

M #

Isaac Tucker.

Musical score for Clarendon, C. M. The score consists of four staves. The top two staves are in common time (C) and the bottom two are in common time (C). The key signature is one sharp (M #). The vocal line is in soprano range. The lyrics are:

What shall I ren - der - to my God, For - all his kind - ness - shown? - - My feet shall - vis - it thine a - bode, My songs ad - dress - thy - throne.

CHORAL.

ST. JAMES'. C. M.

M #

R. Cowteville.

Musical score for St. James', C. M. The score consists of four staves. The top two staves are in common time (C) and the bottom two are in common time (C). The key signature is one sharp (M #). The vocal line is in soprano range. The lyrics are:

How shall I praise th' eter - nal God, That in - fi - nite un - known? Who can as - cend his high a - bode, Or come be - fore his throne?

ALLEGRETTO MODERATO.

LIVERPOOL. C. M.

M #

Dr. Wainwright.

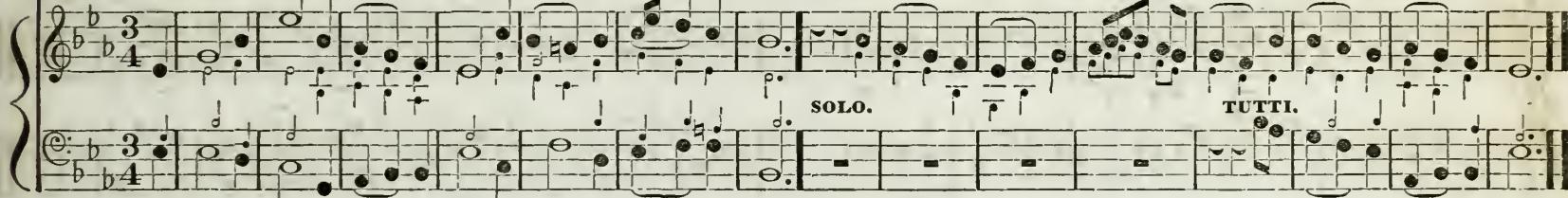
137



ALTO SOLO.

TUTTI.

When I with pleasing won - der stand, And all my frame sur - vey; - Lord 'tis thy work, I own thy hand, That form'd my hum - ble clay.

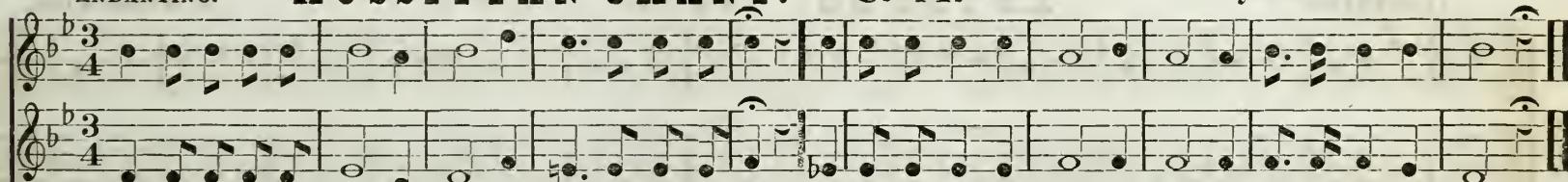


ANDANTINO.

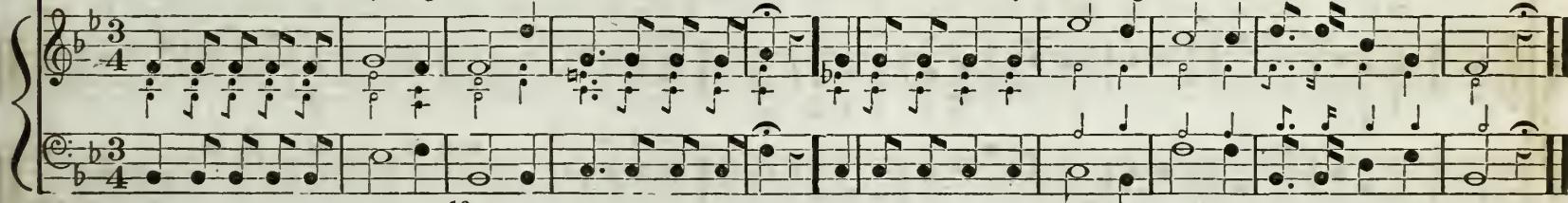
HUSSITTAN CHANT. C. M.

M #

Hymn Chant.



Thou blest Redeemer, dy - ing Lamb! We love to hear of thee; No mu - sic like thy charming name, Nor half so dear can be.



138 ALLO MODERATO.

A BRIDGE. C. M.

M #

J. Smith.

Three staves of music in common time (indicated by '3/4'). The first two staves are in G major (indicated by a 'G' with a circle) and the third staff is in F major (indicated by a 'C' with a circle). The key signature changes from G major to F major at the beginning of the third staff. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

Oh how I love - thy ho - ly law! 'Tis dai - ly my - delight; And thence my me - di - tations draw, Di - vine ad - vice - by night.

ALLEGRETTO.

ARUNDEL. C. M.

M #

A. William's Coll.

Three staves of music in common time (indicated by '3/4'). The first two staves are in G major (indicated by a 'G' with a circle) and the third staff is in F major (indicated by a 'C' with a circle). The key signature changes from G major to F major at the beginning of the third staff. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

Oh for a heart to praise my God, A heart - from sin - set free! A heart that's sprinkled with the blood, So free - ly shed - for me.

ALLO. MODERATO.

CLIFFORD. C. M.

M #

139

2d TREBLE.

SOLO.

To Zi - on's - hill I - list my eyes, From thence is all my aid; From Zi - on's hill and - Zi - on's

SOLO.

TUTTI.

God, From Zi - on's hill and - - Zi - on's God, Who heav'n and earth hath made—Who heav'n and earth hath made.

TUTTI.

140

ALLEGRO VIVACE.

BRISTOL, or Bethlehem.

C. M.

M #

Musical score for 'Bristol, or Bethlehem.' The score consists of two staves. The top staff is in common time (indicated by 'C') and G major (indicated by a G-sharp). The bottom staff is in common time and C major (indicated by a C-sharp). The vocal line begins with a melodic line consisting of eighth and sixteenth notes. The lyrics are: 'While shep- herds watch'd their flocks by night, All seat - ed on - the - - ground, - -All seat - ed on - the - - ground,'

Continuation of the musical score. The vocal line continues with a melodic line consisting of eighth and sixteenth notes. The lyrics are: 'The an - gel of the Lord came down, And glo - ry - shone - a - round, - - - - And glo - ry shone - a - round.'

The score includes dynamic markings such as 'SOLO.' and 'TUTTI.' above the vocal line, and 'TUTTI.' below the vocal line.

UN POCO ALLEGRETTO.

NEW MARLOW. C. M.

M #

141

A musical score for four voices. The top staff is in common time (indicated by '2') and common key (indicated by '4'). The lyrics are: "Let all the lands, with shouts of joy, To God their voices raise; Sing psalms in honor of his name, And spread his glorious praise." The bottom staff is in common time (indicated by '4') and common key (indicated by '2'). The music consists of two staves with a brace connecting them, separated by a vertical line.

ALLEGRO MODERATO.

CRAEFENAU. C. M.

M b

Stoop down my tho'ts that used to rise, Con - verse a - while with death; Think how a gasp - ing mor - tal lies, And pants a - way his breath.

A musical score for four voices. The top staff is in common time (indicated by '2') and common key (indicated by 'C'). The middle staff is in common time (indicated by '2') and common key (indicated by 'C'). The bottom staff is in common time (indicated by '2') and common key (indicated by 'C'). The lyrics are: "Stoop down my tho'ts that used to rise, Con - verse a - while with death; Think how a gasp - ing mor - tal lies, And pants a - way his breath." The music consists of three staves with a brace connecting them, separated by a vertical line.

142

ALLEGRO.

CAMBRIDGE. C. M.

M #

Dr. Randall.

Father, how wide thy glory shines! How high thy wonders rise! Known thro' the earth by thousand signs, By thousand thro' the skies, By thousand thro' the skies, By thousand thro' the skies.

SOLO.

TUTTI.

SOLO.

CHORAL.

ST. DAVID'S. C. M.

M #

Ravenscroft.

2d. Treble.

To cel - e - brate thy praise, O Lord, I will my heart prepare; To all the list'ning world, will I, Thy wond'rrous works declare.

2d. Treble.

ALLEGRO MODERATO.

NEWTON. C. M.

M #

T. Jackson.

143

A musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) in common time, key signature of one flat. The vocal parts are arranged in three staves. The lyrics are:

A - mong the prin - ces earth - ly god's; There's none hath pow'r divine; Nor is their na - ture, migh - ty Lord, Nor are their works like thine.

ALLEGRETTO.

AFRICA. C. M.

M #

W. Billings,

A musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) in common time, key signature of one flat. The vocal parts are arranged in three staves. The lyrics are:

Give thanks to God, in - voke his name, And tell the world his grace; Sound through the earth his deeds of fame, That all may seek his face.

144 ALLEGRO.

PETERBOROUGH. C. M.

M #

Musical score for Peterborough, C. M., M #. The score consists of three staves of music. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff an alto clef, and the bottom staff a bass clef. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The time signature is common time. The music features a mix of eighth and sixteenth notes. A brace groups the middle and bottom staves.

Once more, my soul the ris - ing day, Salutes my waking eyes; Once more, my voice, the trib-ute pay, To him - that rolls the skies.

CHORAL.

ELGIN. C. M.

M b

German Choral.

Musical score for Elgin, C. M., M b, German Choral. The score consists of three staves of music. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff an alto clef, and the bottom staff a bass clef. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The time signature is common time. The music features a mix of eighth and sixteenth notes. A brace groups the middle and bottom staves.

When ris - ing from the bed of death, O'er whelm'd with guilt and fear, I see - my Ma - ker face to face—Oh, how shall I ap - pear!

ALLEGRETTO.

HOSANNA. C. M.

M #

145

A musical score for three voices and piano. The top voice (Soprano) starts with a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes. The lyrics "Ho - san - na to - our conq'ring king!" are followed by "All hail - in - car - nate love!" repeated twice. The middle voice (Alto) begins with a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes. The lyrics "All hail - in - car - nate love!" are followed by "All hail - in - car - nate love!" repeated twice. The bottom voice (Bass) begins with a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes. The lyrics "All hail - in - car - nate love!" are followed by "All hail - in - car - nate love!" repeated twice. The piano accompaniment provides harmonic support throughout the section.

Ten thou - sand songs and glo - ries wait, - To crown thy head a - bove, To crown thy head a - bove.

146 ALLEGRETTO.
CON DUOLE.

OLD BROMSGROVE.

C. M.

M b

W. Knapp.

Three staves of music in common time (indicated by '3' over '4'). The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff an alto clef, and the bottom staff a bass clef. The key signature is one flat (M b). The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns. The lyrics are: "Heav'n has confirmed the dread - decree, That Ad - am's race must die. One gen - eral ru - in sweeps them down, And low - in dust - they lie."

CHORAL.

BEDFORD.

C. M.

M #

German Choral.

Three staves of music in common time (indicated by '3' over '4'). The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff an alto clef, and the bottom staff a bass clef. The key signature is one sharp (M #). The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns. The lyrics are: "My Sa-viour, my al - migh-ty friend, When I be - gin thy praise, Where will the growing num-bers end, The numbers of thy grace;"

CHORAL.

KING. C. M.

M #

147

I'm not a - sham'd to own my Lord, Or to de - fend his cause; Main - tain the hon - or of his word, The glo - ry of his cross.

CHORAL

COLESHILL. C. M.

M b

That aw - ful day will sure - ly come, Th'ap - pointed hour makes haste; When I must stand be - fore my Judge, And pass the sol - emn test.

148

ALLEGRETTO.

ST. MARTIN'S. C. M.

M #

W. Tansur.

The heav'n - his righte - ous - ness declare, And an - - gels hail - his birth: His gos-pel shall - his glo - ries bear A - round-th'ad-miring earth.

SOLO.

TUTTI.

CHORAL.

YORK. C. M.

M #

I. Milton.

How help-less guil - ty na - ture lies, Un - con-scious of her load! The heart unchanged can never rise, To hap - pi - ness and God.

ALLEGRETTO MODERATO.

KROYWEN. C. M.

M #

149

A musical score for four voices. The top voice (Soprano) starts with a dotted half note followed by eighth notes. The second voice (Alto) enters with eighth notes. The third voice (Tenor) follows with eighth notes. The basso continuo (Bass) provides harmonic support with sustained notes. The music consists of four staves of three measures each, with a repeat sign and a key change to D major indicated by a sharp symbol. The lyrics describe the futility of human efforts and the corruption of human hearts.

Vain are the hopes the sons - of men, On their own works have built; Their hearts by na-ture all un - clean, And all - their ac - tions guilt.

ALLEGRETTO MODERATO.

BUCKINGHAM. C. M.

M b

Dr. Burney.
From the Village Harmony.

A musical score for four voices. The soprano and alto voices sing in unison, while the tenor and basso continuo provide harmonic support. The music consists of four staves of three measures each, with a repeat sign and a key change to B-flat major indicated by a flat symbol. The lyrics express despair over the state of humanity and the power of Satan.

How sad our state by na - ture is! Our sin how deep - it stains! And Sa-tan holds our cap-tive minds, Fast in - his sla - vish chains.

150 ALLEGRO MODERATO.

MEAR. C. M.

M #

How wond'rous great how glorious bright, Must our Cre-a - tor be! Who dwells a-midst the dazzling light, Of an et - er - nal day.

CHORAL.

MEAR. C. M.

M #

Old Choral Style.

How large the prom-ise! how di - vine! To Abraham and his seed! I'll be a God to thee and thine, Sup-ply - ing all their need.

ALLEGRETTO.

CREUTZACH. C. M.

M #

151



Come, happy souls, ap - proach your God, With new me - lodi - ous songs; Come, ren - der to al - mighty grace, The trib - ute of - - your tongues.

A continuation of the musical score for two voices. The top voice is in common time (indicated by a '3' over a '4') and the bottom voice is in common time (indicated by a '3' over a '4'). The key signature changes to one flat. The music consists of two staves of eight measures each, followed by a repeat sign and another eight measures. The vocal parts are separated by a brace.

ALLEGRETTO MODERATO.

QUERFURTH. C. M.

M b



Hear gracious God, my hum - ble prayer, To thee I breathe my sighs; When will the cheering morn ap - pear? And when my joys a - rise?

A continuation of the musical score for two voices. The top voice is in common time (indicated by a '3' over a '4') and the bottom voice is in common time (indicated by a '3' over a '4'). The key signature is one flat. The music consists of two staves of eight measures each, followed by a repeat sign and another eight measures. The vocal parts are separated by a brace.

152 ALLO MODERATO.

ECKARDTSHEIM.

C. M.

M #

Fath - er, whate'er of earth-ly bliss, - Thy sov'reign will - de - nies; Ac - cepted at - thy throne of grace, Let this pe - ti - tion rise.

ALLEGRO ASSAI.

HUMMEL. C. M.

M-11

A - wake, ye saints, to praise your King, Your sweetest passions raise; Your pi - ous pleas - ure, while - you sing, . In-creas-ing with the praise.

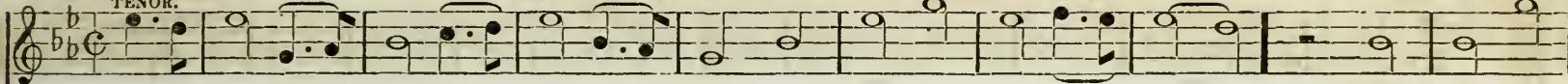
ALLEGRO ASSAI.
TENOR.

CHRISTMAS. C. M.

M #

G. F. Handel.

153

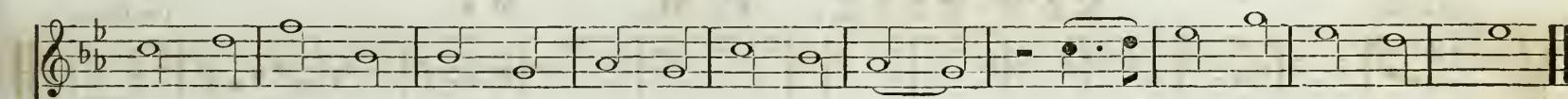
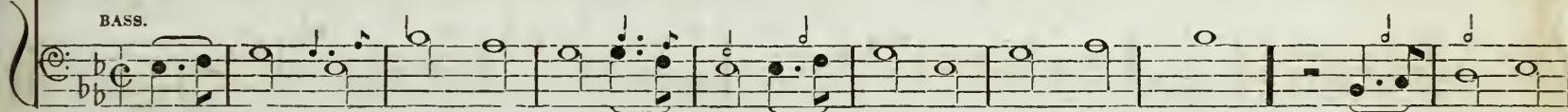


A - - wake my - soul, stretch ev - 'ry - nerve, And press with vig - or - on; - - A heav - 'nly

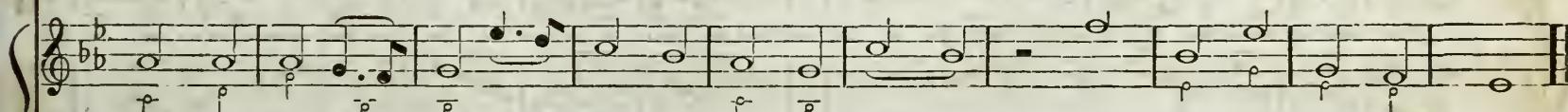
TREBLE.



BASS.



race de - mands thy zeal, And an im - mor - tal crown, - - And - - an im - mor - tal crown.



154

ALLEGRO MODERATO.

MANCHESTER. C. M.

M #

Dr. I. Wainwright.

The musical score consists of four staves of music. The top staff is labeled "2d. TREBLE." and has a key signature of two sharps. The lyrics "There is a land of liv - ing joy, - Be - yond - the ut - most - skies; - Where scenes-of bliss with - out - al - - loy, - In bound-less pros - pect rise." are written below it. The other three staves are grouped by a brace and also have a key signature of two sharps.

ALLEGRO.

NEW YORK. C. M.

M #

Dr. Blow.

The musical score consists of four staves of music. The top staff is labeled "2d. TREBLE." and has a key signature of two sharps. The lyrics "Blest morn-ing, whose first op'ning-rays, Be - held - our ris - ing God; That saw - him - tri - umph - o'er - the dust,-And - leave - his - last - - a - bode." are written below it. The other three staves are grouped by a brace and also have a key signature of two sharps.

ALLEGRO ASSAI.

JORDAN.

C. M.

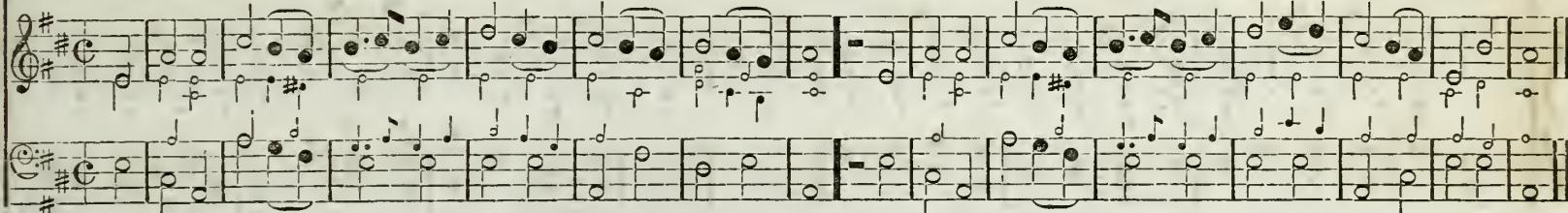
M # Two Stanzas.

W. Billings.

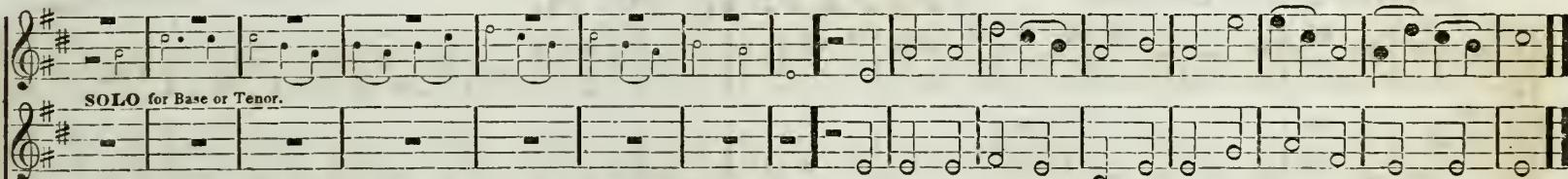
155



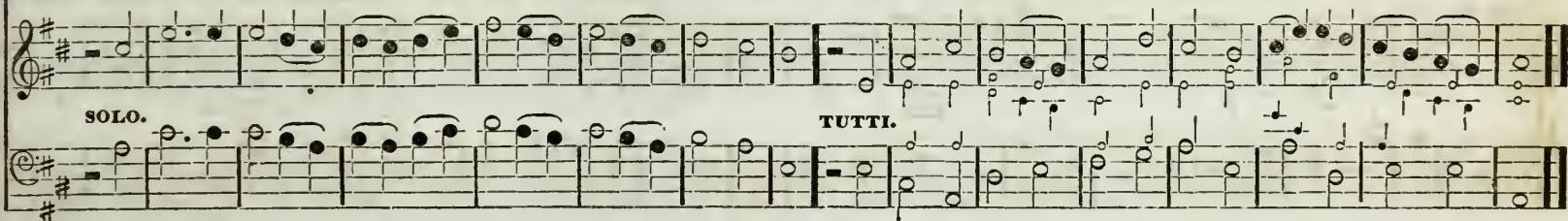
There is a land of pure de - light, Where saints im - mor - tal reign; In - finite day ex - cludes the night, And pleas - ures banish pain.



SECOND STANZA.



Sweet fields be - yond the swel - ling flood, Stand dress'd in liv - ing green; So to the Jews old Ca - naan stood, While Jor - dan roll'd be - tween.



156

ALLEGRETTO QUASI ANDANTINO.

ARLINGTON. C. M.

M #

Dr. Arne.

The time is short!-sinners, be-ware, Nor tri-fle time a - - way; - - The word of great sal-va-tion hear, While yet 'tis called to day.

ANDANTINO QUASI ALLEGRETTO.

STEPHENS. C. M.

Jones.

The Lord is good, the heav'nly king, He makes the earth his care; Vi-sits the pastures ev-'ry spring, And bids the grass ap-peар.

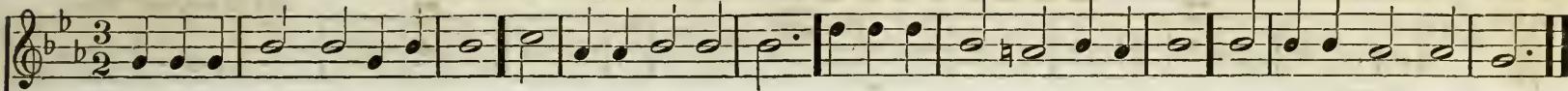
ALLEGRO MOLTO.

MAURER. C. M.

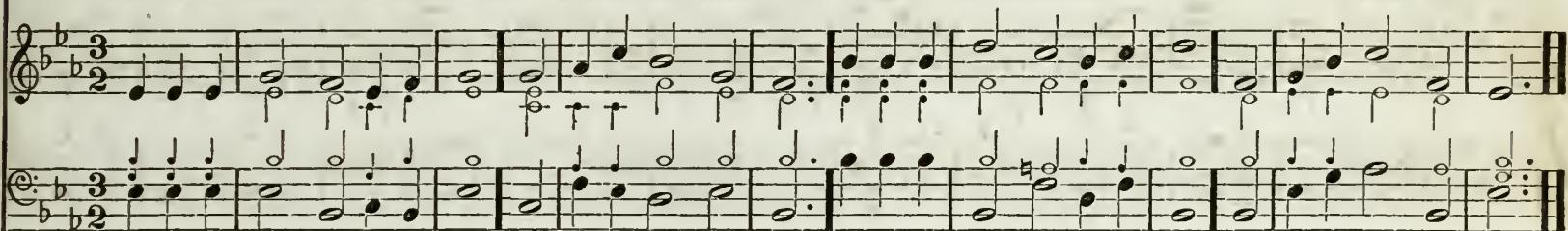
M #

Hymn Chant.

157



1. God is a Spir - it, just and wise; He sees our in - most mind: In vain to heaven we raise our cries, And leave our souls be - hind.

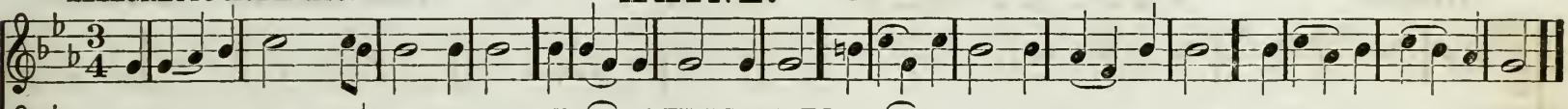


2. Noth-ing but truth, be - fore his throne, With hon - or can ap - pear: The painted hyp - o - crites are known Through the disguise they wear.

ALLEGRETTO MODERATO.

MAINE. C. M.

M #



Lord, I ap - proach the mer - cy seat, Where thou dost an-swer prayer; There humbly fall be - fore thy feet, For none can per - ish there.



158

ALLEGRETTO MODERATO.

BRADFORD. C. M.

M #

G. F. Handel.

Not an original Hymn.

2d. TREBLE.

I know that my Re - deem - er lives, And ev - er prays - for me; Sal - va - tion to his saints he gives, And life and lib - er - ty.

ALLEGRO.

NORTHFIELD. C. M.

M b Two Stanzas. J. Holyok's Coll.

To God I cried, with mournful voice, I sought his gra - cious ear, In the sad day when trou - ble rose, And fill'd my heart with fear.

ALLEGRO.

NORTFIELD.

Second Stanza.*

159

Will he for - ev - er cast me off? His prom - ise ev - - er fail? Has he for - - got his

ten - - der love? Shall an - - ger still pre - - vail? Shall an - - ger - - still pre - - vail?

* The two Stanzas may be used separately.

160 ALLEGRO.

TOLLAND.

C. M.

M #

Two stanzas.

R. Spofforth.

From the Village Harmony.

The musical score consists of four staves of music. The top two staves are in common time (indicated by a 'C') and the bottom two are in common time (indicated by a 'C'). The key signature is one sharp (F#). The first stanza of lyrics is:

I sing the migh - ty pow'r of God, That made the mountains rise; That spread the flow - ing seas a - broad, And built the lof - ty skies.

The second stanza of lyrics is:

I sing the wis - dom that or - dain'd, The sun to rule the day; The moon shines full at his com - mand, And all the stars o - bey.

ALLEGRO.

KENDALL. C. M.

M #

Claffk.
From the Village Harmony.

161

Gird on - thy sword, vic-to-rious Prince, - Ride with - ma - jes - tic sway; Thy ter - - ror shall-strike through thy foes, And make the world o - bey.

CHORAL.

NORWAY. C. M.

M #

German Choral.

A - bove these heaven's cre - a - ted sounds, Thy mer - cies Lord, ex - tend; Thy truth out - lives the nar - row bounds, Where time and na - ture end.

162

ALLEGRO

WARWICK. C. M.

M #

Stanley.

Shine, migh-ty God, on Zi - on shine, With beams of heav'n - ly grace; Re - veal thy pow'r through every land, And show thy smi-ling face.

CHORAL.

LONDON. C. M.

M #

Dr. Croft.
From the Village Harmony.

O praise the Lord with one con - sent, And mag - ni - fy his name; Let all the ser - vants of the Lord, His wor - thy praise pro - claim.

ALLEGRETTO
UN POCO STACCATO.

MILETUS.

C. M.

M #

Hymn Chant.

163

Thy good - ness, Lord, our souls con - fess, Thy good - ness we a - dore; A spring whose blessings nev - er fail, A sea with - out a shore.

UNISON.

ALLEGRETTO.

NEWPORT. C. M.

M #

The Lamb shall lead his heav'n - ly flock, Where liv - ing fountains rise; And love di - vine shall wipe a - way, The sor - rows of their eyes.

164

BRATTLE STREET.

C. M.

M #

Two Stanzas.

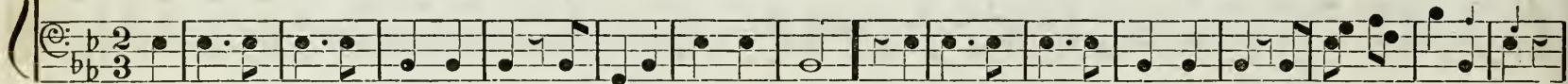
Pleyel.

Not an original Hymn.

ANDANTINO.



While thee I seek, pro - teet - ing Pow'r, Be my vain wish - es still'd; And may this con - se - crat - ed hour, With bet - ter hopes be fill'd !



Thy love the pow'r of thought bestow'd, To thee my thoughts would soar; Thy mer - cy o'er my life has flow'd, That mer - cy I a - dore.



ALLEGRO MODERATO.

INVITATION. C. M.

M #

With alterations.

165

2d. TREBLE
SOLO.

In God's own house pronounce his praise, His grace he there re - veals, His grace he there re - veals; To heav'n your joy and

SOLO.

wonder raise, For - there his glo - - ry dwells; To heav'n your joy and - won - der raise, For there his go - ry dwells.

TUTTI.

166

ALLEGRO MODERATO.

COLCHESTER.

C. M.

M #

A. Williams.

From the Village Harmony.

Musical score for 'COLCHESTER' hymn, page 166. The score consists of three staves of music in common time, key of G major (indicated by a sharp sign). The first two staves begin with a treble clef, and the third staff begins with a bass clef. The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes, with some rests. The lyrics are as follows:

Lot! what an en - ter - tain - ing sight, Those friendly brethren prove; Whose cheer - ful hearts in bands u - nite, Of har - mo - ny and love.

ALLA CAPELLA.

ROCHESTER.

C. M.

M #

Hymn Chant.

A. Williams.

From the Village Harmony.

Musical score for 'ROCHESTER' hymn, Alla Capella, page 166. The score consists of three staves of music in common time, key of C major (indicated by a circle). The first two staves begin with a treble clef, and the third staff begins with a bass clef. The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes, with some rests. The lyrics are as follows:

O Lord, how in - fin - ite thy love! How wond'rous are thy ways! Let earth be - - neath—and heav'n above, Combine to sing thy praise.

MODERATO.

DANVILLE. C. M.

M #

167

A musical score for two voices. The top voice part is in common time (indicated by '3' over '4') and common key (indicated by a single line). The bottom voice part is in common time (indicated by '3' over '4') and common key (indicated by a single line). The lyrics are:

O all ye lands in God re - joice, To him your thanks be - long; With grateful heart and voice make known, His good-ness and his pow'r.

ALLEGRETTO.

PLYMPTON. C. M.

M #

A musical score for two voices. The top voice part is in common time (indicated by '3' over '4') and common key (indicated by a single line). The bottom voice part is in common time (indicated by '3' over '4') and common key (indicated by a single line). The lyrics are:

O let our drooping hearts re - vive, And ev' - ry tear be dry, Why should these eyes be drown'd in grief, Which view a Sa - viour nigh?

168

ALLEGRO MODERATO

FRANKLIN. C. M.

M #

Sal - vation!— oh, the joy - ful sound! 'Tis pleas - ure to - - our ears; A sov'reign balm - for ev - 'ry wound, - A cor - dial for - our fears.

Sal - vation! $\overline{\text{Fermata}}$

ALLEGRO ASSAI.

HOUR-GLASS. C. M.

M #

A - rise, ye peo - ple, and a - dore, Ex - ult - - ing strike the chord; Let all the earth from shore to shore, Confess th' almighty Lord, Confess th' almighty Lord.

ALLEGRO VIVACE.

YDOLEM. C. M.

M #

Hymn Chant.

169

Three staves of music in common time (indicated by '3') and G major (indicated by a sharp sign). The first two staves are soprano voices, and the third staff is bass. The lyrics are:

Let hea - thens to their i - dols haste, And worship wood or stone; But my de - light - ful lot is cast, Where God is tru - ly known.

CHORAL.

MENTZ. C. M.

M b

J. Holyok's Coll.

Three staves of music in common time (indicated by 'c') and F major (indicated by a C-clef). The first two staves are soprano voices, and the third staff is bass. The lyrics are:

Fools in their hearts, be - lieve and say, That all re - li - gion's vain; There is no God, who reigns on high, Or minds th'af - fairs of men.

170 ANDANTE.

CONNECTICUT. C. M.

M #

A musical score for three voices. The top voice starts with a treble clef, 3/4 time, and G major (M #). The middle voice starts with a bass clef, 3/4 time, and G major (M #). The bottom voice starts with a bass clef, 3/4 time, and G major (M #). The lyrics are: "When all thy mer-cies, O my God, My ris - ing soul sur-veys, Transport - ed with the view, I'm lost In won - der, love, and praise."

ANDANTE.

MISSOURI. C. M.

M b

A musical score for three voices. The top voice starts with a treble clef, 3/4 time, and F major (M b). The middle voice starts with a bass clef, 3/4 time, and F major (M b). The bottom voice starts with a bass clef, 3/4 time, and F major (M b). The lyrics are: "Lord, hear the voice of my com-plaint; To my re - quest give ear; Pre-serve my life from cru - el foes, And free my soul from fear."

ALLEGRO.

WAREHAM. C. M.

M #

Dr. Arnold.

171

How large - the prom - ise, how - di - vine, To Abr' - ham and - his seed! I'll be - - a God - to thee - and thine,

Sup - supply - - ing all - - their need! I'll be - - a God - to thee - - and thine, Sup - supply - - ing all - - their need!

Musical score for Funeral Thought, C. M., M b, Hymn Chant. The score consists of three staves. The top staff is in common time (3/2), the middle staff is in common time (3/2), and the bottom staff is in common time (3/2). The key signature is one sharp (M b). The music features various note heads and stems, including open circles, solid dots, and filled circles. The lyrics are as follows:

Hark ! from the tombs a doleful sound, My ears attend the cry; Ye living men come view the ground, Where you must shortly lie.

CHORAL STYLE.

LEBANON. C. M. M b Hymn Chant.

W. Billings.

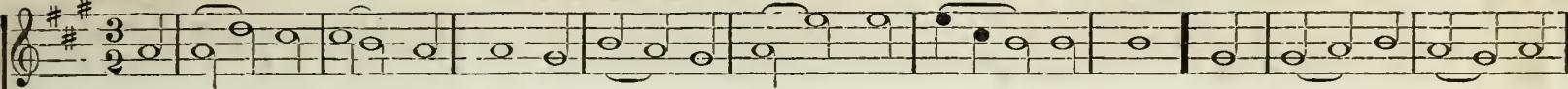
Musical score for Lebanon, C. M., M b, Hymn Chant. The score consists of three staves. The top staff is in common time (C), the middle staff is in common time (C), and the bottom staff is in common time (C). The key signature is one sharp (M b). The music features various note heads and stems, including open circles, solid dots, and filled circles. The lyrics are as follows:

Lord what is man, poor fee - ble man? Born of the earth at first; His life a shadow, light and vain, Still hast'ning to the dust.

ALLEGRO ASSAI.

SALEM. C. M.

173



Let all - the just, - to God - with joy, Their cheer - - ful voi - - ces raise; For well the righte - ous



TUTTI.

SOLO.

it - be - comes, To sing - glad songs - of praise, - - - To sing glad songs - of praise.

SOLO.

TUTTI.



174

ALLEGRETTO.

LANDSBERG. C. M. M

3/4 time signature, key of G major (M#). The score consists of two staves. The top staff has a bass clef and the bottom staff has a treble clef. Measure 1: Bassoon (SOLO) plays eighth notes. Trombones (TUTTI) play eighth notes. Measures 2-3: Trombones (TUTTI) play eighth notes. Measures 4-5: Trombones (TUTTI) play eighth notes.

Let all - tae just - to God with joy, Their cheerful voices raise; For well the righteous it becomes, To sing glad songs of praise.

ALLA BREVE.

TALLIS'S CHANT. C. M. M # Hymn Chant. Tallis.

2/4 time signature, key of G major (M#). The score consists of three staves. The top staff has a bass clef, the middle staff has a treble clef, and the bottom staff has a bass clef. Measures 1-4: All three voices sing eighth-note patterns.

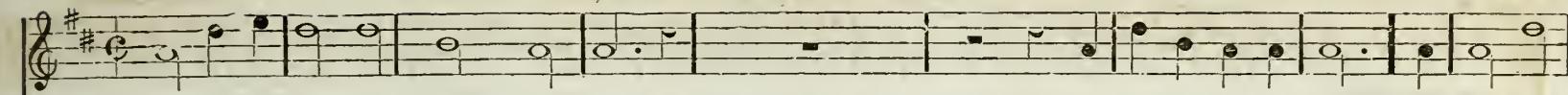
Long as I live I'll bless thy name, My King, my God of love; My work and joy shall be the same, In bright-er worlds a - bove.

ALLEGRO.

PIETY. C. M.

M #

175



Happy is he that fears the - Lord, And follows his - com - - - mands, And follows his commands; Who lends the

A continuation of the musical score. The top voice has a melodic line with eighth-note patterns. The middle voice provides harmonic support, and the bottom voice has sustained notes. The vocal parts are labeled 'SOLO.' and 'TUTTI.' above the staves.



poor with - out re - ward; Who lends the poor with - out re - ward, Or gives - - - with lib - 'ral hands

A continuation of the musical score. The top voice has a melodic line with eighth-note patterns. The middle voice provides harmonic support, and the bottom voice has sustained notes. The vocal parts are labeled 'SOLO.' and 'TUTTI.' above the staves.

176

ALLEGRO ASSAI.

DEVIZES. C. M.

M #

Tucker.

2d. TREBLE. SOLO. 2d. TREBLE. TUTTI.

Come let us join our cheer-ful songs, With angels round the throne; Ten thousand thousand are their tongues, But all their joys are one, But all their joys - aie - one.

SOLO. TUTTI.

ALLEGRO.

BRAINTREE. C. M.

M #

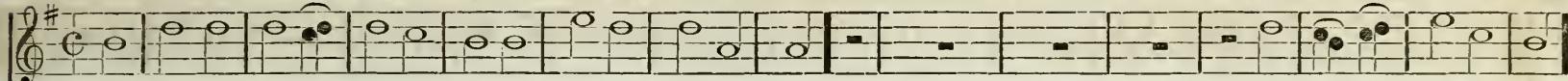
In God's own house pronounce - his praise, His grace - he there - re - veals; To heav'n - your joy - and won - der raise, For there his glo - ry dwells.

ALLEGRETTO.

GREAT MILTON. C. M.

M # Two Stanzas.

177



Thou art my por - tion O my God, Soon as I know thy way, My heart makes haste t'o - bey thy word, And suf - fers no de - lay.

SOLO. TUTTI.

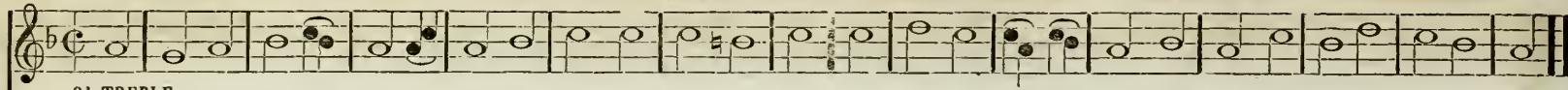


SOLO.

TUTTI.

I choose the path of heav' - nly truth, And glo - ry - in my choice; Not all the riches of the earth, Could make me - so re - joice.

SOLO. TUTTI.



Oh! that the Lord would guide my ways, To keep his stat - ues still; Oh! that my God would grant me grace, To know and do his will.

CHORAL STYLE.

BANGOR. C. M.

M b

Ravenscroft.



Hark! from the tombs, a dole - ful sound, My ears at - tend the cry; Ye liv - ing men come view the ground, Where you must shortly lie.

ALLEGRO

MERIDEN. C. M.

M #

T. Clark.

179

Oh, how I love thy ho - ly law! 'Tis dai - ly my de - light; And thence my med - i - - ta - tions draw

SOLO. TUTTI.

Di - vine ad - - vice by night. And thence my med - i - - ta - tions draw Di - vine ad - - - vice by night.

SOLO. TUTTI.

When God re - veal'd his gra - cious name, And chang'd my mourn - ful state, My rapture seem'd a pleasing dream, The grace ap - - pear'd so great.

SECOND STANZA. Each Stanza may be used separately.

And sing sur - prising grace. prising grace.
The world beheld the glo - rious change, And did - thy hand confess; My tongue broke out in unknown strains, And sung sur - prising grace. prising grace.

UN POCO ALLEGRETTO.

WINTHROP. C. M. M #

181



SOLO. 2d. TREBLE.

TUTTI.

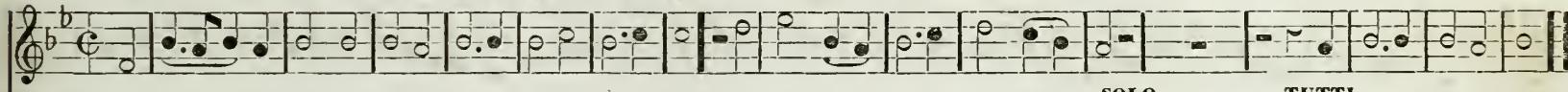
To praise the ev - er bounteous King, My soul, wake all thy pow'rs; He calls, and at his voice come forth, The smil - ing har - vest hours.

SOLO.

TUTTI.

ALLEGRO.

FRANKLIN PLACE. C. M. M #



SOLO.

TUTTI.

Let ev' - - ry mor - tal ear attend, And ev'ry heart rejoice ; The trump - et of the gos - pel sounds, With an inviting voice, With an in - viting voice.

SOLO.

TUTTI.

The musical score consists of four staves of music. The top two staves are in common time (indicated by '3/4') and the bottom two are in common time (indicated by '3/4'). The key signature is one sharp (F#). The vocal line begins with "The time is short! sin - ners be - ware, Nor tri - fle time a - way; The word of great sal - va - tion hear, While yet 'tis called to - day." The piano accompaniment provides harmonic support throughout the piece.

ALLEGRO ASSAI.

MORNING HYMN. C. M.

M #

The musical score consists of four staves of music. The top two staves are in common time (indicated by '3/4') and the bottom two are in common time (indicated by '3/4'). The key signature is one sharp (F#). The vocal line begins with "A - wake my soul, to sound his praise, A - wake my harp to sing; Join all my pow'r's the song to raise, And morning incense bring." The piano accompaniment provides harmonic support throughout the piece.

ALLEGRETTO MODERATO.

HAVRE. S. M.

M #

W Billings.
With alterations.

183

A musical score for three voices. The top voice is in common time (indicated by a '3' over a '4') and common key (indicated by a 'G' sharp). The middle voice is in common time (indicated by a '3' over a '4') and common key. The bottom voice is in common time (indicated by a '3' over a '4') and common key. The music consists of two staves of eight measures each, followed by a repeat sign and another two staves of eight measures. The lyrics are as follows:

O bless the Lord my soul, Let all - - with-in me join, And aid my tongue to bless his name, Whose favours are divine, Whose favours are di - vine.

ALLEGRETTO MODERATO.

SNOWHILL. S. M.

M b

A musical score for three voices. The top voice is in common time (indicated by a '3' over a '4') and common key. The middle voice is in common time (indicated by a '3' over a '4') and common key. The bottom voice is in common time (indicated by a '3' over a '4') and common key. The music consists of two staves of eight measures each, followed by a repeat sign and another two staves of eight measures. The lyrics are as follows:

We sin - ners, fear - the Lord, While yet - 'tis called to day; Soon will - the aw - ful voice - of death, Command your souls a - way.

184 UN POCO ALLEGRO.

EPAPHRAS.

S. M.

M #

Two Stanzas.



How beauteous are their feet, - Who stand on Zi-ons hill! - Who bring - sal - va - tion - on - - their - tongues, - And words - of peace - re - - veal.

SECOND STANZA.

How charming is their voice, - How sweet their tidings are!

Zi - - on, be - hold thy Saviour king, He reigns - - - - and tri - umphs here.

ALLEGRO VIVACE.

PHEEE. S. M.

M #

From the American Harp.

185

Ye trembling captives hear, The gos-pel trumpet sounds: No mu - sic more can charm - the ear, - Or heal your heart felt wounds, Or heal - your heart felt wounds.

UNISON.

Three staves of music in common time, treble clef, key signature of one sharp. The first two staves begin with a forte dynamic. The third staff begins with a piano dynamic. The vocal line consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns. The bass line provides harmonic support with sustained notes and rhythmic patterns.

ANDANTINO.

UTICA. S. M.

M #

Oh where shall rest be found, Rest for the wea - ry soul? 'Twere vain - the o - ceans depths - to sound, Or pierce - to eith - er pole

Three staves of music in common time, treble clef, key signature of one sharp. The first two staves begin with a forte dynamic. The third staff begins with a piano dynamic. The vocal line consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns. The bass line provides harmonic support with sustained notes and rhythmic patterns.

186 ALLEGRO ASSAI.

LISBON. S. M.

M 羣

Hymn Chant.

D. Read.

SOLO.

TUTTI.

Welcome sweet day of rest—That saw the Lord a - rise! Welcome to this re - viv - ing breast, And these re - joic - ing eyes.

SOLO.

TUTTI.

ALLO: ASSAI.

WATCHMAN. S. M.

M #

Leach.

Now living wa-ters flow, To cheer the - humble soul; From sea to sea the riv - ers - go, And - spread from - pole to pole.

ALLEGRETTO.

INVERNESS. S. M.

M #

187

Great heir - of Da - vid's throne, Thy royal pow'r assume; Come reign in faith - ful hearts alone, Thou blest Re - deemer come.

This musical score consists of three staves of music. The top staff is in common time (indicated by '3/4') and has a key signature of one sharp (M #). The middle staff is also in common time (indicated by '3/4') and has a key signature of one sharp. The bottom staff is in common time (indicated by '3/4') and has a key signature of one sharp. The music is composed of eighth and sixteenth notes, with various rests and dynamic markings like 'p' (piano).

ALLEGRO.

AYLESBURY. S. M.

M b

Dr. Green.

And will the Judge de - scend? And must the dead a -- rise? And not a sin - gle soul escape, His all dis - cerning eyes?

This musical score consists of three staves of music. The top staff is in common time (indicated by '3/4') and has a key signature of one flat (M b). The middle staff is in common time (indicated by '3/4') and has a key signature of one flat. The bottom staff is in common time (indicated by '3/4') and has a key signature of one flat. The music is composed of eighth and sixteenth notes, with various rests and dynamic markings like 'p' (piano).

188

ALLEGRO MODERATO.

OLMUTZ. S. M.

M #

Gregorian Chant 'Magnificat.'

Musical score for the hymn 'OLMUTZ' in Allegro Moderato tempo. The score consists of three staves. The top staff uses a bass clef, the middle staff an alto clef, and the bottom staff a soprano clef. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The music features a repeating pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes. The lyrics are as follows:

We lift our hearts to thee, Thou day-star from on high; The sun it - self is but thy shade, Yet cheers both earth and sky.

ALLEGRETTO.

NORWALK. S. M.

M b

Mather.

Musical score for the hymn 'NORWALK' in Allegretto tempo. The score consists of three staves. The top staff uses a bass clef, the middle staff an alto clef, and the bottom staff a soprano clef. The key signature is one flat (F#). The music features a repeating pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes. The lyrics are as follows:

All yester - day is gone! To - morrow's not our own; O sin - ner, come, with - out de - lay, To bow be - - fore the throne.

ALLEGRO.

FAIRFIELD. S. M.

M #

R. Harrison.

189

Let diff'reng na - tions join, To cel - e - - brate thy fame; Let all the world, O Lord, combine, To praise thy glo - rious name.

ALLEGRO.

MOUNT EPHRAIM. S. M.

M #

Milgrove.

Your harps ye trem - - bling saints, Down from the wil - lows take; Loud to the praise of love di - vine, Bid ev' - - ry string awake.

190

ALLEGRO.

MORNINGTON. S. M.

M #

Mornington.

2d. TREBLE.

My gracious God, how plain Are thy di - rec - tions giv'n! O may I nev - er read in vain, But find the path to heav'n.

ALLEGRETTO.

THACHER. S. M.

M #

Handel.

2d. TREBLE.

To God - in whom - I trust, I lift - - my heart and voice; O let - - me not - - be put to shame, Nor let my foes re - joice.

ALLEGRETTO MODERATO.

ALBEE. S. M.

M #

191

A musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) in G major, 2/4 time. The vocal parts are arranged in three staves. The soprano staff begins with a forte dynamic. The alto staff follows with a melodic line. The bass staff provides harmonic support. The lyrics describe a sovereign king who has fixed his throne high above the world, ruling both heaven and earth.

The Lord the sov'reign king, Hath fix'd his throne on high, O'er all - - the heav'ly world - he - rules, - And all beneath the sky, And all beneath the sky.

ALLEGRETTO QUASI MODERATO. LITTLE MARLBOROUGH. S. M. M # A. Williams Coll.

A musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) in G major, 3/4 time. The vocal parts are arranged in three staves. The soprano and alto sing in unison at the beginning, while the bass provides harmonic support. The lyrics express a sense of despair and uncertainty about one's fate.

And am I born - to die? To lay this bo - dy down? And must my trembling spir - it fly, In - to a world - - un - known?

192

ALLEGRO.

DOVER. S. M.

M #

Hymn Chant.

T. Williams Coll.

Lord, what our ears have heard, Our eyes de - lighted trace; Thy love in long suc - cession shown To Zion's cho - sen race.

UN POCO STACCATO.

ALLEGRO.

GREENFIELD.

S. M.

M #

Hymn Chant.

Be - hold the throne of grace! The promise calls me near; There Jesus shows a smil - ing face, And waits to an - swer pray'r.

UN POCO STACCATO.

ALLEGRETTO.

SUTTON. S. M.

M #

A. William's Coll. 193

3/4 time signature, key signature of one sharp (M #). The music consists of two staves. The top staff uses a soprano C-clef, and the bottom staff uses an alto F-clef. The lyrics are:

Be - hold the lof - ty sky, Declares its mak - er, God; And all the star - ry works - on high, - Pro - claims his pow'r - a broad.

CHORAL.

GREGORIAN HYMN. S. M.

M b

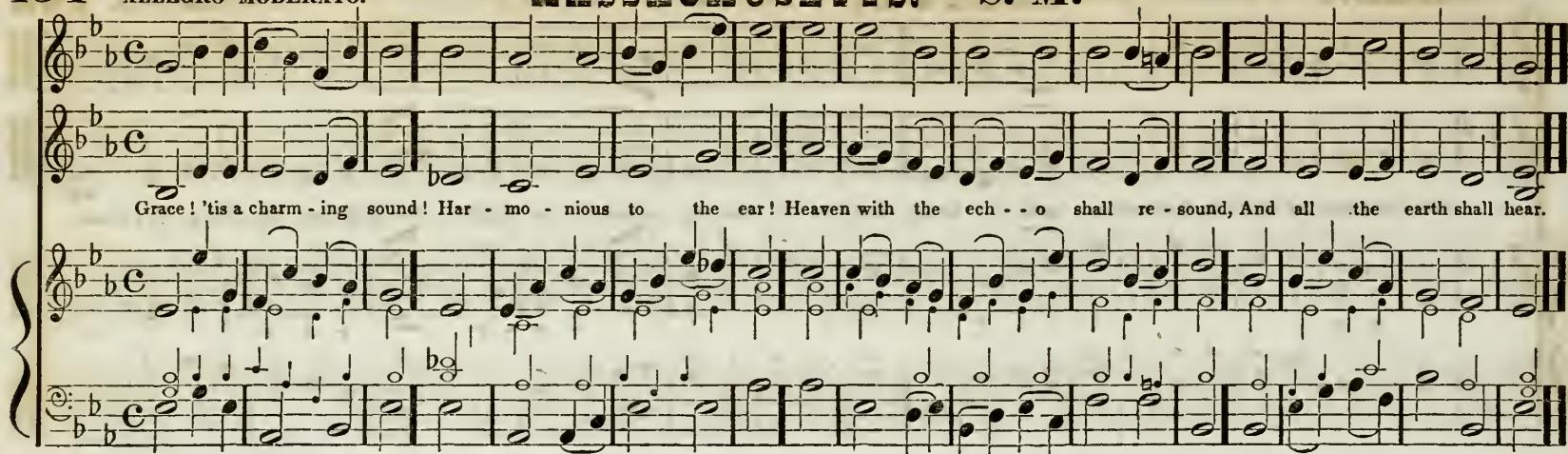
4/4 time signature, key signature of one flat (M b). The music consists of three staves. The top staff uses a soprano C-clef, the middle staff uses an alto F-clef, and the bottom staff uses a bass G-clef. The lyrics are:

When over - whelm'd with grief, My heart with - in me dies; Helpless and far from all re - lief, To heav'n I lift mine eyes.

194 ALLEGRO MODERATO.

MASSACHUSETTS. S. M.

M 卷

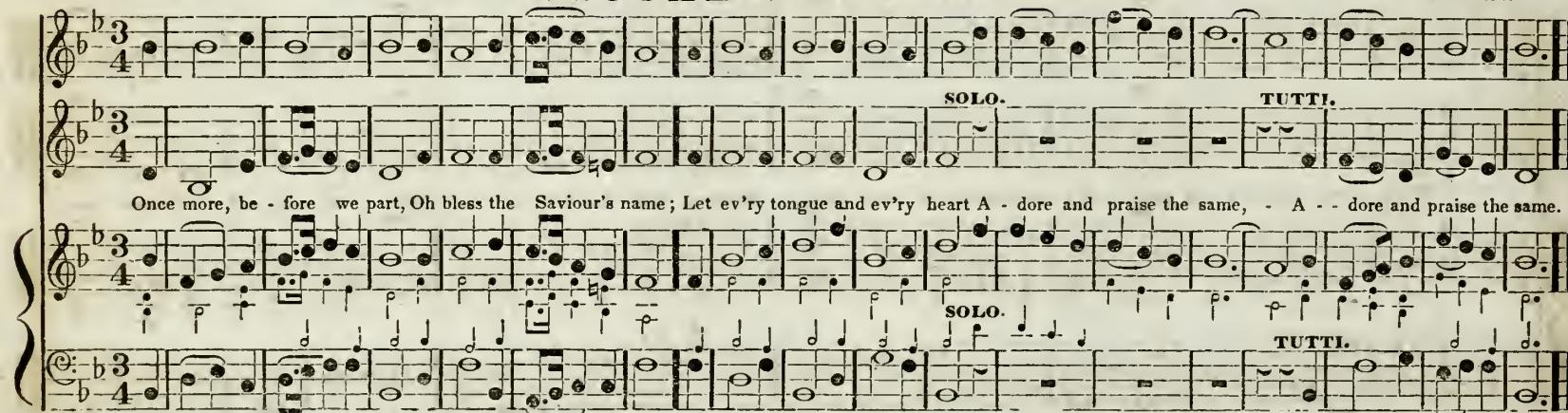


ALLEGRETTO.

FROOTE. S. M.

M 壬

J. Husband.



CHORAL

NEW DARTMOUTH.

S. M.

M #

195

Musical score for "New Dartmouth" Hymn Chant. The score consists of three staves of music in common time, treble clef, and key signature of one sharp. The vocal parts are labeled CHORAL above the top staff. The lyrics are:

While my Re - deem - er's near, My shepherd, and my guide; I bid fare - well to ev' - ry fear, My wants are all sup - plied.

ALLA BREVE. CHRISTMAS CHANT. S. M. M # Hymn Chant. *From the American Harp.*

Musical score for "Christmas Chant" in Alla Breve time, treble clef, and key signature of one sharp. The vocal part is labeled S. M. M # Hymn Chant. The lyrics are:

Rejoice in Je - sus birth! To us a Son is giv'n; To us a child is born on earth, Who made both earth and heav'n.

UN POCO STACCATO.

196

ALLEGRO ASSAI.

GREEK PATH or Cheshire. S. M. NEW.

Musical score for 'Greek Path or Cheshire' in G major, 2/4 time. The score consists of three staves. The top staff uses a soprano C-clef, the middle staff an alto C-clef, and the bottom staff a bass F-clef. The music features eighth and sixteenth note patterns with various dynamics and rests. The vocal line is supported by harmonic chords on the piano.

Sing to the Lord most high, Let ev - - 'ry land a - - dore, With grate - ful - - heart - - and voice make known, His good - ness and his pow'r.

ALLEGRO MODERATO.

RICHMOND. S. M. NEW.

Musical score for 'Richmond' in G major, 2/4 time. The score consists of three staves. The top staff uses a soprano C-clef, the middle staff an alto C-clef, and the bottom staff a bass F-clef. The music features eighth and sixteenth note patterns with various dynamics and rests. The vocal line is supported by harmonic chords on the piano.

See what a - - liv - - ing stone, The build - ers did re - - fuse; Yet God hath built his church thereon, In spite - of - envious Jews.

ALLEGRETTO.

PELHAM. S. M.

M#

F. Giardini.

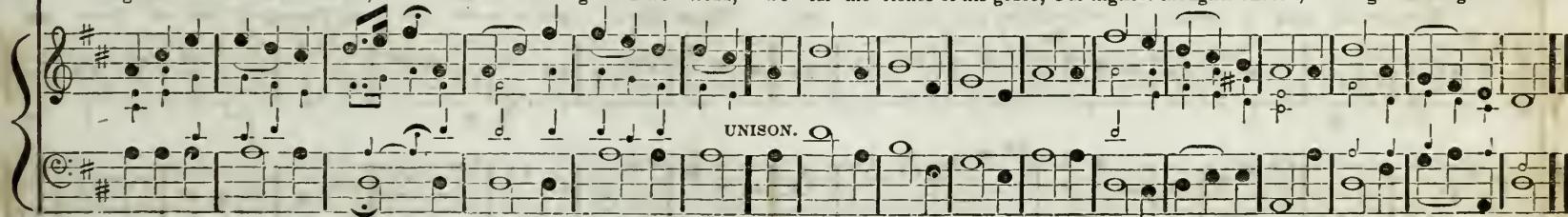
197



My soul re - - peat his praise, Whose mercies are so great! Whose an - - ger is so slow to rise, So rea - dy to - a - bate.



High as the heav'ns are rais'd, . . . A - bove the ground we tread, So far the riches of his grace, Our highest thoughts exceed, Our highest thoughts exceed.



198

ALLEGRO MODERATO.

SHEIRLAND. S. M.

M 井

Stanley.

2d. TREBLE.

SOLAR

TUTTI

Be - hold the morn - ing sun, Be - gins - his glori - ous way; His beams-through-all - the - na - tions - run, - - And life - and light con - ve y.

way;

- XIX
TUTTI.

ALLEGRO ASSAI.

ST. THOMAS. S. M.

M 11

A. William's Coll.

Blest are the sons of - peace ! Whose hearts and hopes are one ; Whose kind de - signs to serve and please, Through all their - ac - tions run.

Whose hearts and hopes are one; Whose kind designs to serve and please, Through all their actions run.

ALLEGRETTO.

NORWICH. S. M.

M b

From the Village Harmony.

199

The swift de - clin - ing day, How fast its mo - ments fly; While ev'ning's broad and gloomy shade, Gains on the west - ern sky.

ALLEGRO.

ATHOL. S. M.

M #

Rev. R. Harrison.

Come, Ho - ly Spir - it, come, Let thy bright beams a - rise; Dis - pel the dark - ness from our minds, And o - pen all our eyes.

200 ALLEGRO MODERATO.

BEETHOVEN'S CHANT. S. M.

M b

Music score for Beethoven's Chant, S. M. in Allegro Moderato tempo. The score consists of three staves. The top staff is in common time (C) and G major (G). The middle staff is also in common time (C) and G major (G). The bottom staff is in common time (C) and G major (G). The music features eighth-note patterns and rests. A vocal line is present in the middle staff. The lyrics "Ye sin - ners, fear the Lord, While yet 'tis call'd to - day; Soon will the aw - ful voice of death Com - mand your souls a - way." are written below the middle staff.

ANDANTE.

SCHENECTADY. S. M.

M #

Music score for Schenectady, S. M. in Andante tempo. The score consists of three staves. The top staff is in common time (3/4) and G major (G). The middle staff is in common time (3/4) and G major (G). The bottom staff is in common time (3/4) and G major (G). The music features eighth-note patterns and rests. A vocal line is present in the middle staff. The lyrics "Dear Sav - ior, we are thine; By ev - er - last-ing bonds, Our names, our hearts, we would re - sign; Our souls are in thy hands." are written below the middle staff.

ANDANTE.

NORTH CAROLINA. S. M.

M 帶

204

A musical score for two voices. The top staff is in common time and consists of two measures of piano accompaniment followed by a vocal line in soprano (S. M.) and basso (B.). The vocal line includes lyrics: "I have a home in North Carolina", "I have a home in North Carolina", "I have a home in North Carolina". The bottom staff is also in common time and consists of two measures of piano accompaniment. The score is marked with "ANDANTE." at the beginning, "SOLO." over the first measure of the basso part, and "TUTTI." over the second measure of the basso part.

Lord, what our ears have heard, Our eyes de - light - ed trace — Thy love in long suc - ces - sion shown To Zi-on's cho - sen race.

SOLO.

TUTTI.

ALLA BREVE.

BERMUDA. S. M.

M 6

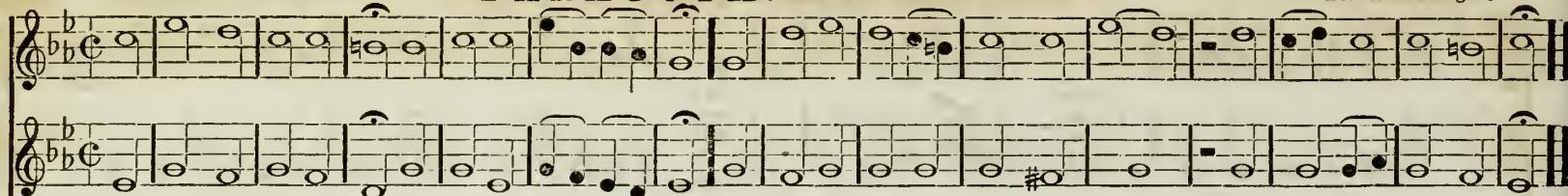
And will the Judge de - scend? And must the dead a - rise? And not a sin - gle soul es - cape His all dis - cern - ing eyes?

A handwritten musical score page featuring two staves of music. The top staff consists of five horizontal lines with vertical stems extending upwards from the second, fourth, and fifth lines. The bottom staff consists of five horizontal lines with vertical stems extending downwards from the first, third, and fifth lines. Both staves contain various musical notes and rests, including quarter notes, eighth notes, sixteenth notes, and half notes, all written in black ink.

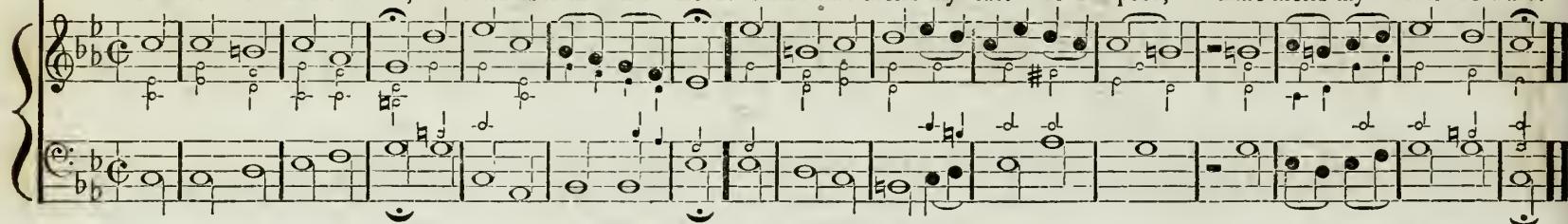
202 ALLEGRETTO MODERATO.

YARMOUTH. S. M. M b

Jno. Wainwright.



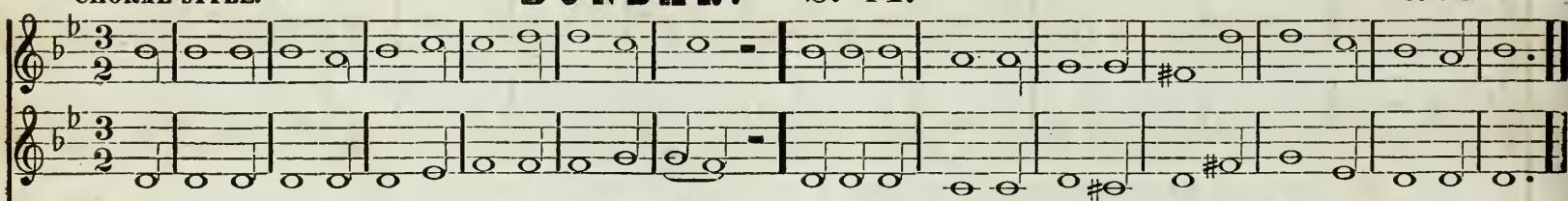
Oh for the death of those, Who slumber in - the - Lord! Oh be like theirs my last re - - pose, Like theirs my - last re-ward.



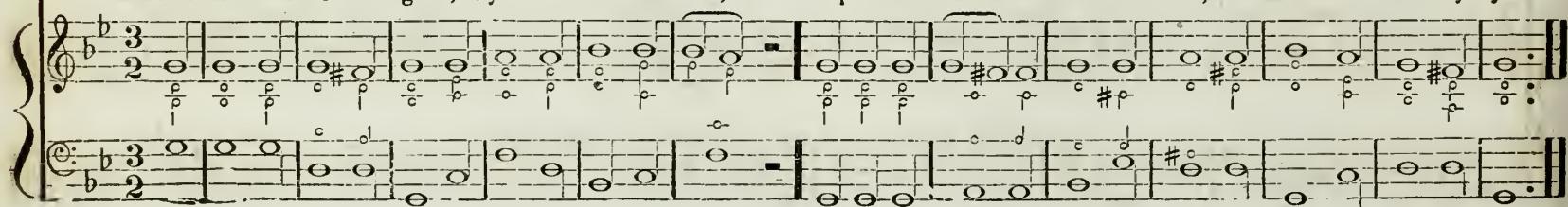
CHORAL STYLE.

DUNBAR. S. M. M b

Corelli.



When over - whelmed with grief, My heart within me dies; - Helpless and far from all re - lief, To heav'n I lift my eyes.



ALLEGRO ASSAI.

DARTMOUTH. S. M.

M #

203

See what a liv - - ing stone, The builders did re - fuse ; Yet God hath built his church thereon, Yet God hath built his church thereon, In spite of envious Jews.

SOLO. TUTTI.

TUTTI.

ALLEGRETTO.

BRIGHAM. S. M.

M #

Be - - hold with awful pomp, The Judge prepares to come ; Th'archangel sounds - the dreadful trump, And wakes the gen'ral doom, And wakes the gen'ral doom.

204

ALLEGRETTO.

EASTBURN. S. M.

M #

Harwood.

Musical score for "EASTBURN. S. M." (Measure 204). The music is in common time, key of G major (two sharps). It consists of four staves. The first three staves are in treble clef, and the fourth staff is in bass clef. The vocal line begins with a dotted half note followed by eighth notes. The lyrics are: "To God, in whom I trust, I lift my heart and voice; O - let - me - not be put to shame, Nor let my foes re - joice." The music concludes with a final cadence.

ALLEGRO ASSAI.

CLAPTON. S. M.

M # Hymn Chant.

Jones.

Musical score for "CLAPTON. S. M." (Measure 204). The music is in common time, key of G major (two sharps). It consists of four staves. The first three staves are in treble clef, and the fourth staff is in bass clef. The vocal line begins with a dotted half note followed by eighth notes. The lyrics are: "Tby name Al - mighty Lord, Shall sound through distant lands; Great is thy grace, and sure thy word, Thy truth for - - ev - er stands." The music concludes with a final cadence.

Musical score for "CLAPTON. S. M." (Measure 204, continued). The music is in common time, key of G major (two sharps). It consists of four staves. The first three staves are in treble clef, and the fourth staff is in bass clef. The vocal line begins with a dotted half note followed by eighth notes. The lyrics are: "Tby name Al - mighty Lord, Shall sound through distant lands; Great is thy grace, and sure thy word, Thy truth for - - ev - er stands." The music concludes with a final cadence.

ALLEGRO.

PECKHAM. S. M.

M #

Isaac Smith.

205

A musical score for three voices. The top voice starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a time signature of common time (indicated by a '3'). The middle voice starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a time signature of common time. The bottom voice starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a time signature of common time. The music consists of four staves of musical notation. A vocal line is provided below the staves:

How pleas'd - was - I - to hear, The friends of Zi - - on say, 'Now to - - her courts - let us - re - pair, - And - - keep - the sol - emn day.'

MODERATO.

HILLSBORO. S. M.

M #

A musical score for three voices. The top voice starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a time signature of common time. The middle voice starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one flat, and a time signature of common time. The bottom voice starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one flat, and a time signature of common time. The music consists of four staves of musical notation. A vocal line is provided below the staves:

Sing to the Lord most high, Let ev' - ry land a - dore; With grateful heart and voice make known, His goodness and his power, His goodness and his power.

206 ALLEGRO ASSAI.

PENTONVILLE. S. M. M

Hymn Chant.

Musical score for Pentonville Hymn Chant, 3 staves in G major, 3/2 time. The lyrics are:

To bless thy chos - en race, In mercy, Lord, in - cline; And cause the brightness of thy face, On all thy saints to shine.

ALLEGRO VIVACE.

HANCOCK STREET. S. M. M

Musical score for Hancock Street, 3 staves in G major, 2/2 time. The lyrics are:

Come sound his praise a - broad, And hymns of glo - ry sing; Je - ho - vah - is - the - sov' - reign God, The u - ni - ver - sal King.

SOLO. TUTTI.

Musical score for Hancock Street, 3 staves in G major, 2/2 time, continuation. The lyrics are:

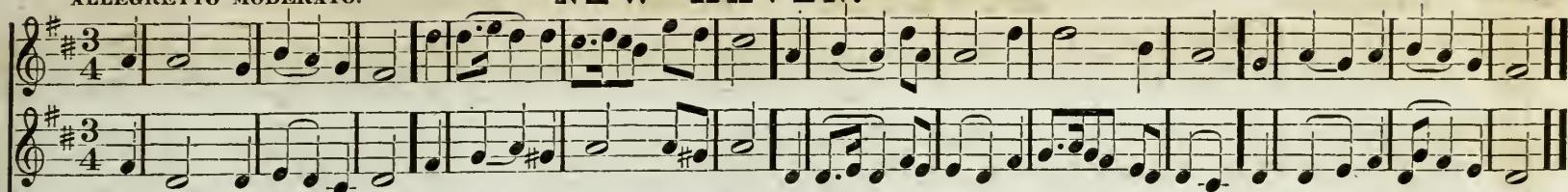
SOLO. TUTTI.

ALLEGRETTO MODERATO.

NEW HAVEN. S. M.

M #

207



Now liv - - ing wa - ters flow, To cheer the hum - - ble soul; From sea to sea the riv - - ers go, And spread from pole to pole.

ANDANTE.

DELAWARE. S. M.

M b



Did Christ o'er sin - - ners weep, And shall our cheeks be dry? Let floods of pen - - i - - ten - tial grief Burst forth from eve - - ry eye.



208

ALLEGRETTO.

HOPKINS. S. M.

M #

My soul with joy at - tend, While Je - sus si - lence breaks; No an - gel's harp such mu - sic yields, As what - my shep - herd speaks

ALLEGRO VIVACE.

CORNHILL. S. M.

M # Hymn Chant.

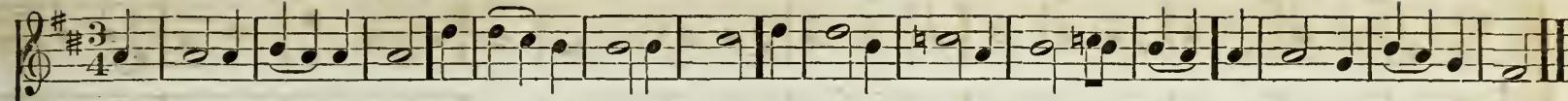
My son, know thou the Lord, Thy father's God o - bey; Seek his pro - tect - ing care by night, His guardian care by day.

ALLEGRETTO.

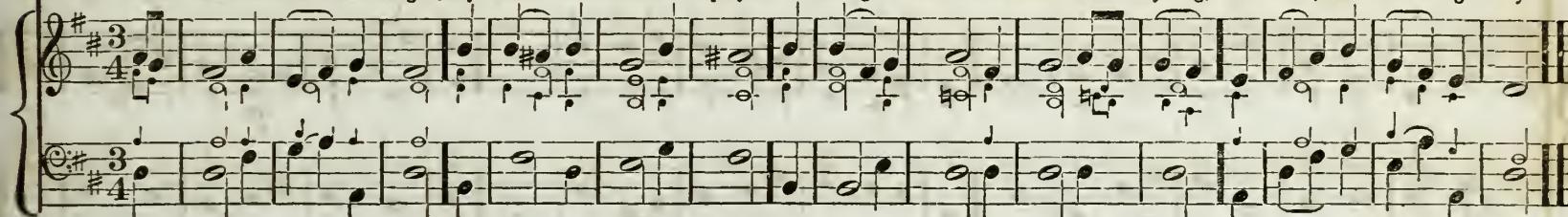
FRONT STREET. S. M.

M #

209



With humble heart and tongue, My God to thee I pray: Oh! bring me now while I am young, To thee, the liv - ing way.



UN POCO ALLEGRO.

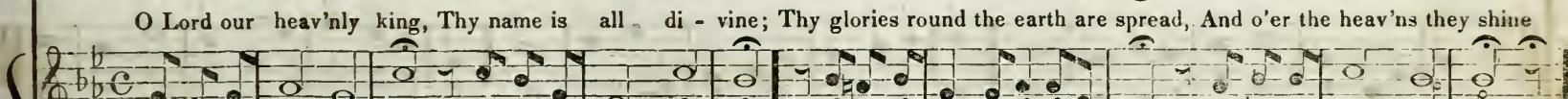
EPISCOPAL CHANT. S. M.

M #

Hymn Chant.
From the American Harp.



O Lord our heav'ly king, Thy name is all di - vine; Thy glories round the earth are spread, And o'er the heav'ns they shine



KENTUCKY. L. P. M., or L. M. Six lines.

The musical score consists of six staves of music. The first two staves are in common time (indicated by '3/4') and the key signature is one sharp (F#). The third staff begins in common time (indicated by '3/4') and the key signature changes to one sharp (F#). The fourth staff begins in common time (indicated by '3/4') and the key signature changes to one sharp (F#). The fifth staff begins in common time (indicated by '3/4') and the key signature changes to one sharp (F#). The sixth staff begins in common time (indicated by '3/4') and the key signature changes to one sharp (F#). The lyrics are as follows:

The Lord un - to my Lord thus spake,—“Till I thy foes thy foot - stool make, Sit thou in state at my right hand:
Su - preme in Si - on thou shalt be, And all thy proud op - po - sers see Sub - ject - ed to thy just com - mand.

CHORAL

CHORISTER.

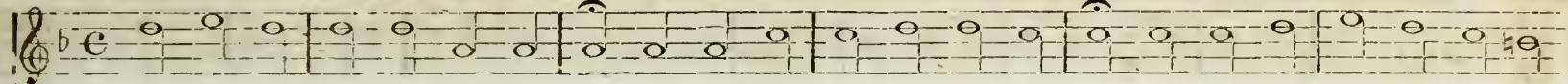
L. M.

Six lines.

M b

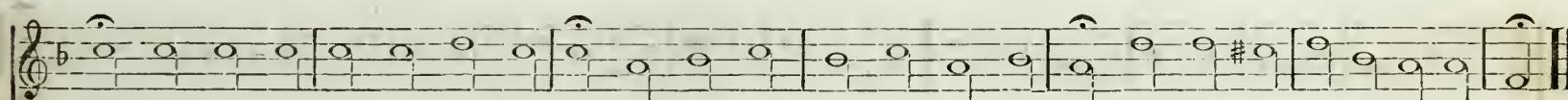
From the American Harp.

211



In deep dis - tress I oft have cried, To God, who nev - er yet de - nied, To res - cue me op - prest with

A third musical staff, continuing the musical line. It features a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a common time signature. The notes are represented by open circles with stems pointing upwards.



wrongs; Once more, O Lord, de - liv - 'rance send, From ly - ing lips my soul de - fend, And from the rage of sland'ring tongues.

A sixth musical staff, continuing the musical line. It features a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a common time signature. The notes are represented by open circles with stems pointing upwards.

Come all ye ser-vants of - - - the - - Lord, And praise him for his sa - cred word, That word, like man-na, sent from

heav'n, To all who seek it free - ly giv'n; Its promis - es our fears re - move, And fill our hearts with joy and love.

ALLEGRO. ST. HELEN'S. L. P. M. or L. M.* Six Lines. M. # Jennings.
From the Village Harmony 213

I'll praise my mak - er with my breath, And when my voice is lost - - in death, Praise shall em - ploy my no - bler pow'rs; My

days - of praise shall ne'er - be past, While life, and thought, and be-ing last; - Or - - im - - mor - tal - i - ty - - en - dures.

* When used as L. M. the two last strains are to be repeated

214 ALLEGRETTO CON SPIRITO. EATON. L. M. or L. P. M. Six Lines. M # Wvill.

A - rise! a - rise with joy survey, The glo - ry of -- the lat - ter day; Al - ready is - - the dawn be - gun, Which

marks at hand a ris - ing sun! Al - rea - dy is the dawn be - gun, Which marks at hand a ris - ing sun.

ANDANTINO.

ZION. L. P. M.

M #

Mazzinghi.
With alterations.

215

The Lord my pas-ture shall pre-pare, And feed me with a shep-herd's care; His pres-ence shall my wants sup-ply,

And guard me with a watchful eye; My noon-day walks he shall at-tend, And all my mid-night hours de-fend.

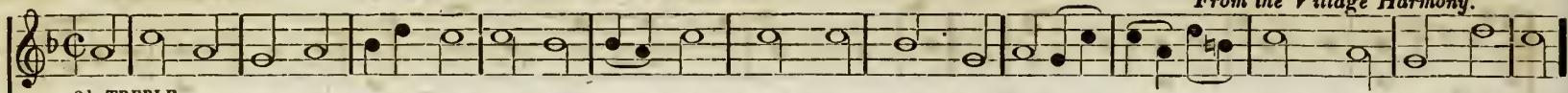
216

ALLEGRO ASSAI.

MARTIN'S LANE.

L. P. M.

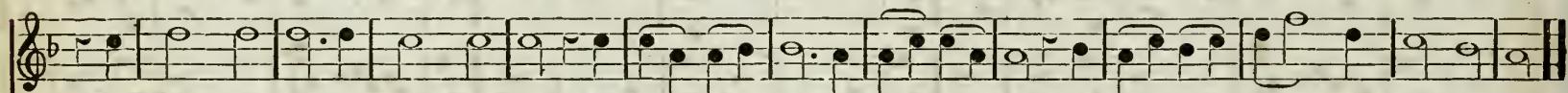
M #

Dr. Arne.
From the Village Harmony.

2d. TREBLE.



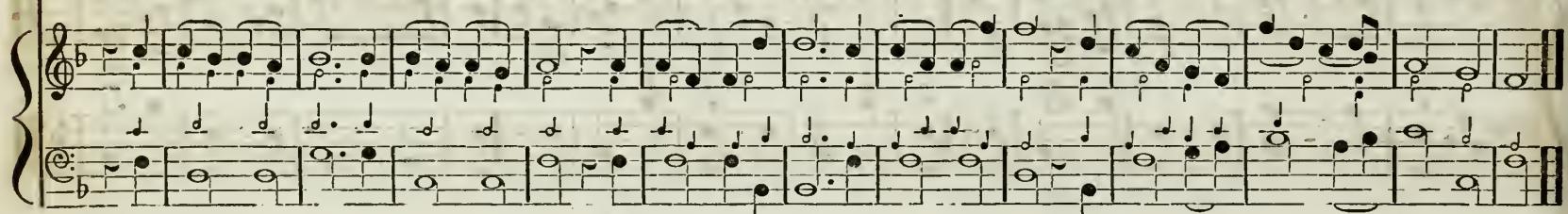
I'll praise my Ma - ker with - my breath, And when - my voice - is lost in death, Praise shall - em - ploy my - no - bler pow'r's.



2d. TREBLE.



My days - of - praise shall ne'er - be - past, While life, - - and thought, and be - - ing last, Or im - mor - tal - - i - - ty en - dures.



Treble clef, common time, key signature one sharp. Three staves of music for three voices: Treble, Alto, and Bass. The lyrics are:

Ye that de-light to serve the Lord, The hon - our of his name re - cord, His sa -- cred name for - ev -- er bless,

Continuation of the musical score for three voices: Treble, Alto, and Bass. The lyrics are:

Where'er the cir - cling sun dis - plays, His ris - ing beams, or set - ting rays, Let lands and seas his pow'r con - fess.

2d. TREBLE.

Great God, the heav'n's well order'd frame, De - clares the glo - ry of thy name; There thy rich works of won - der shine:

SOLO.

TUTTI.

A thous - - and star - - ry beau - ties there, A thous - and radiant marks ap - - pear, Of boundless pow'r and skill di - vine.

SOLO.

TUTTI.

UN POCO ALLEGRETTO.

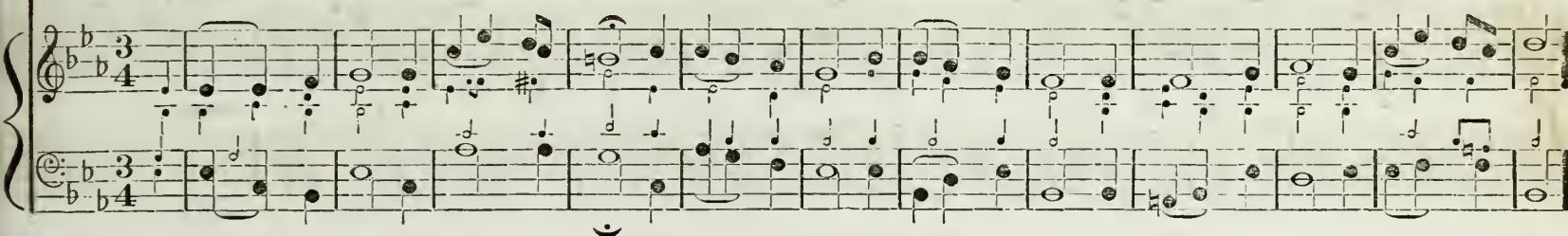
MORDEN. L. P. M.

M #

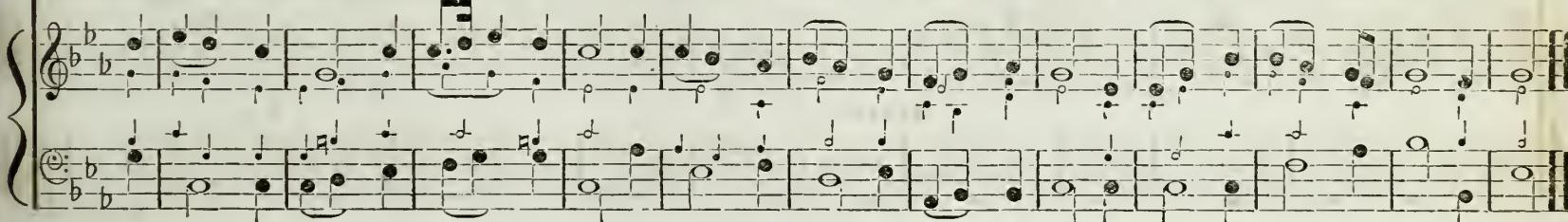
Dr. Madan. 219



Je - sus, we hang up - on - the word, Our faith - ful souls have heard of thee; Be mind - ful of thy prom - ise, Lord,



Thy prom - ise made - to all, - - and me, Thy follow'rs, who thy steps pur-sue, And dare - be - lieve - that God is true.



220

ALLEGRO ASSAI.

GREAT ST: PAUL'S.

L. P. M.

M #

Hymn.
Or short Anthem.

SOLO. 2d. TREBLE or TENOR.

Let all - the earth-their voi - ces raise, To sing a lof - ty - psalm of praise, And bless the great - Je - ho - vah's name; His glo - ry - let the

SOLO.

ORGAN.

TUTTI

hea - then know, His won - ders - to the na - - tions - show, And all - his works - of grace - proclaim, And all - his works - of grace - pro-claim.

TUTTI

May be repeated.

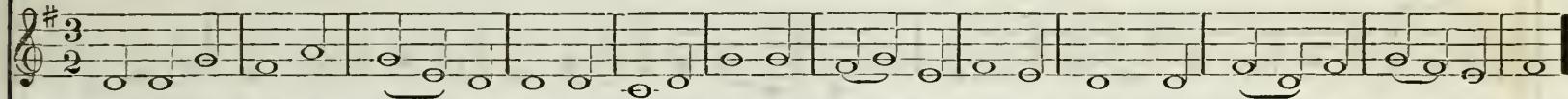
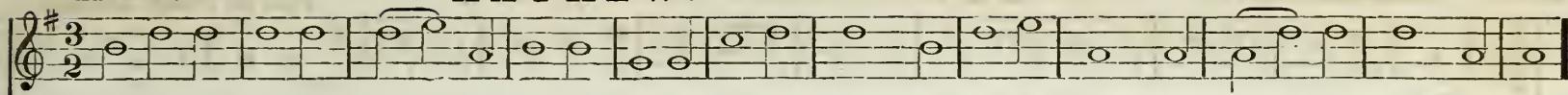
ALLEGRO ASSAI.

MAYHEW. L. P. M.

M #

Dr. Miller.

221



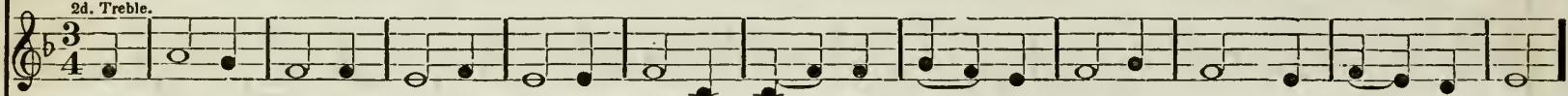
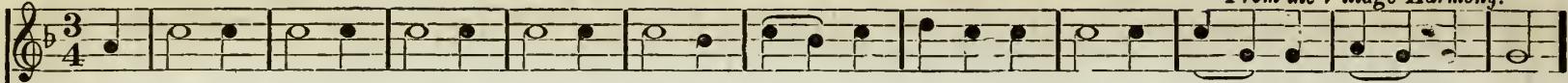
Sing to the Lord a new made song, Let earth, in one as - - sem - bled throng, Her com - mon pa - tron's praise resound;

A complex musical score for multiple voices or instruments, indicated by three staves. The top two staves are in common time with a key signature of one sharp, while the bottom staff is in common time with a key signature of one sharp. The music includes various note values and rests.



Sing to the Lord, and bless his name, From day to day his praise proclaim, Who us has with sal - - va - - tion crown'd.

A complex musical score for multiple voices or instruments, indicated by three staves. The top two staves are in common time with a key signature of one sharp, while the bottom staff is in common time with a key signature of one sharp. The music includes various note values and rests.



The joy - ful morn, my God, is come, That calls me to thy hon - or'd dome, Thy pres - ence to a-dore:



SOLO.

TUTTI

My feet the summons shall at - tend, With wil - ling steps thy courts as - cend, And tread the hallow'd floor.

ALLEGRETTO MODERATO.

THE PENITENT. C. P. M.

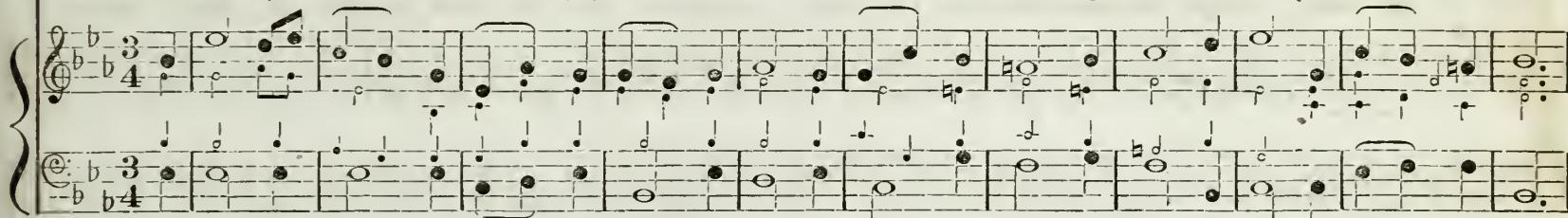
M #

Dr. Burney.
With alterations.

223



When with my mind - de - vot - - ly press'd, Dear Sa - viour, my - - re - volt - ing breast Would past of - sen - - ces trace;



Trem-bling - - I make the black re-view, Yet pleas'd, be-hold, ad - mir - ing too, The pow'r - of chang - ing grace.



224 ALLEGRO.

RAPTURE. C. P. M.

M #

Harwood.

Musical score for Rapture, C. P. M., M#. The score consists of four staves. The top two staves are in common time, common key, and have a treble clef. The bottom two staves are in common time, common key, and have a bass clef. The vocal line begins with "Oh could I speak - the matchless worth, Oh could I sound the glo -- ries forth, Which in my Savior shine!" The piano accompaniment provides harmonic support throughout the section.

2d TREBLE.

TUTTI.

Continuation of the musical score. The vocal line continues with "I'd soar - and - touch the heav'n - ly strings, And vie with Gabriel, while he sing, In notes al - - most di - vine." The piano accompaniment maintains its harmonic function.

SOLO.

TUTTI.

Final section of the musical score. The vocal line concludes with "I'd soar - and - touch the heav'n - ly strings, And vie with Gabriel, while he sing, In notes al - - most di - vine." The piano accompaniment provides harmonic support.

ALLEGRO.

CLINTON. C. P. M.

J. Burney.
With alterations.

225



Great God, our voice -- to thee -- we raise, Tune thou our lips -- and hearts with praise, - Thy good - ness to a - dore;



SOLO.

TUTTI.

Our life, -- our health, and ev' - ry friend, From thee -- a -- rise, - on thee - depend, Kind fa -- ther of the poor.

SOLO.

TUTTI.

226

ALLEGRO ASSAI.

DALSTON.

S. P. M.

M #

Hymn Chant.

A. Williams.



How pleas'd and blest was I, To hear the peo - ple cry: 'Come let us seek our God to day!'

A complex musical block spanning two systems. It features a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. The notation includes various note values such as quarter notes, eighth notes, and sixteenth notes, along with rests and dynamic markings like 'p' (piano).



Yes, with a cheer - ful zeal, We'll haste to Zi - on's hill, And there our vows and hon - ors pay.

A complex musical block spanning two systems. It features a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. The notation includes various note values such as quarter notes, eighth notes, and sixteenth notes, along with rests and dynamic markings like 'p' (piano).

ALLEGRETTO.

ST. JEROME'S. S. P. M.

M #

From an English Copy.

227



Up - - held by thy com - mands, The world se - cure - ly stands, And skies and stars o - - obey thy word;

The continuation of the musical score for three voices. The top voice has eighth notes. The middle voice has eighth notes. The bass voice has eighth notes. The vocal parts are separated by vertical bar lines.

E - ter - nal is thy king - dom, Lord.

The continuation of the musical score for three voices. The top voice has eighth notes. The middle voice has eighth notes. The bass voice has eighth notes. The vocal parts are separated by vertical bar lines.

Thy throne was fix'd on high, Be - - fore the star - ry sky, E - - ter - - - nal is - - - thy king - dom, Lord.

The continuation of the musical score for three voices. The top voice has eighth notes. The middle voice has eighth notes. The bass voice has eighth notes. The vocal parts are separated by vertical bar lines.

E - ter - nal is thy king - dom, Lord.

228 ALLEGRETTO MODERATO.

LOUISIANA.

S. P. M.

M #

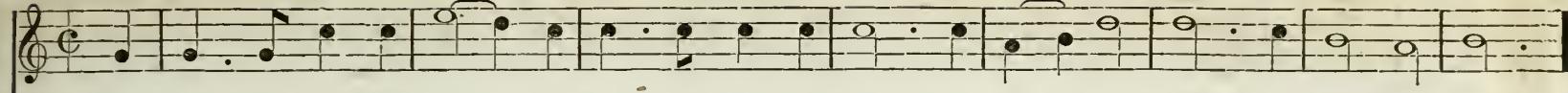
The musical score consists of six staves of music. The top staff is for the voice, starting with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature (indicated by a '3' over a '4'). The second staff is also for the voice, with a treble clef and a common time signature. The third staff is for the piano, with a treble clef and a common time signature. The fourth staff is for the voice, with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The fifth staff is for the piano, with a bass clef and a common time signature. The sixth staff is for the voice, with a bass clef and a common time signature. The lyrics are integrated into the vocal parts of the score.

Up - - held by thy com-mands, The world se - cure - ly stands, And skies and stars o - - bey thy word:

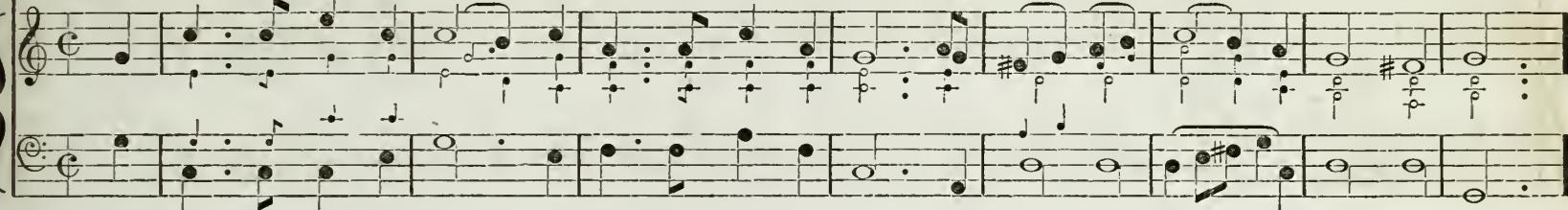
Thy throne was fix'd on high Be - fore the star - ry sky: E - ter - - nal is thy king - dom, Lord.

ALLEGRO ASSAI.

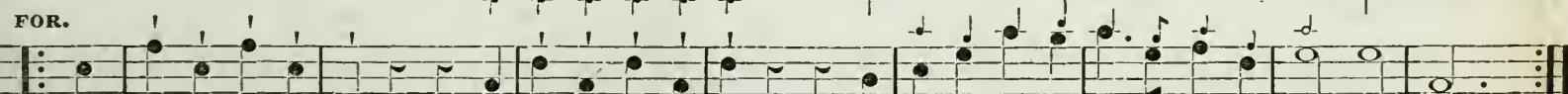
PIERPONT. S. P. M. M # Hymn or Short Anthem. 229



The Lord Je - ho - vah reigns, And roy - - al state maintains, His head with - aw - - ful glo - ries crown'd;



Ar - ray'd in robes of light, Begirt with sov'reign might, And rays - of ma - - - jes - ty a - round.



May be repeated.

230

ALLEGRO.

TRIUMPH. H. M.

M #

C. Lockhart

From the Village Harmony.

Re - - joice! the Lord is King! Your God and King a - dore! Mortals, give thanks and sing, And tri - umph

Musical score for the third and fourth staves of 'Triumph'. The third staff continues the melody in 3/4 time, 2d. TREBLE clef. The fourth staff begins in 3/4 time, C bass clef, and provides harmonic support.

ev - - er - more! Lift up your hearts, Lift up your voice, Re - joice! a - - gain, I say, re - joice!

Musical score for the fifth and sixth staves of 'Triumph'. The fifth staff continues the melody in 3/4 time, 2d. TREBLE clef. The sixth staff begins in 3/4 time, C bass clef, and concludes the piece with a final cadence.

UNISON.

ALLEGRO ASSAI.

PICKERING. H. M. M # From the American Harp. 231

2d. TREBLE.

Let ev' - ry creature join, To bless Je - ho - vah's name, And ev' - ry pow'r u - nite, To swell th'exalt - ed theme: Let na - ture raise, from

UNISON

UN POCO STACCATO.

CRESKD:

ev' - ry tongue, A gen' -ral song of grate - ful praise, Let na - ture raise, from ev' - ry tongue, A gen' -ral song of grate - ful praise.

CRESKD:

232

ALLEGRO.

SEBASTIAN BACH. H. M.

M # From the American Harp.

O Zi-on, tune thy voice, - And raise thy hands on high! Tell all - the earth thy joys, And boast salva - tion nigh: Cheerful in God, A-rise and shine, While

SOLO.

ORGAN.

rays di - vine - Stream - all a - broad, Cheer - ful - in God, A - rise and shine, While rays di - vine Stream all a - broad.

TUTTI.

ORGAN.

ALLEGRO.

DARWELL'S. H. M. M #

Rev. Mr. Darwell. 233

A musical score for a three-part setting. The top part is in common time, treble clef, key of C major (two sharps). The middle part is in common time, bass clef, key of C major (two sharps). The bottom part is in common time, bass clef, key of C major (two sharps). The vocal parts sing in unison. The lyrics are:

A - wake! awake! a - rise, And hail the glorious morn! - Hark! how the angels sing, To you a Saviour's born!

UNISON.

A musical score for a three-part setting. The top part is in common time, treble clef, key of C major (two sharps). The middle part is in common time, bass clef, key of C major (two sharps). The bottom part is in common time, bass clef, key of C major (two sharps). The vocal parts sing in unison. The lyrics are:

Now let our hearts In con - cert move, And ev' - ry tongue Be tun'd to love.

234 ALLEGRO.

ST. PHILIP'S.

H. M.

M #

Levesque.

S. D. TREBLE.

To God, the migh - - ty Lord, Your joy - - ful thanks re - - peat; - To him due praise - af - - ford,

As good as he is great, For God does prove our con - stant friend, His bound - less love - - shall have no end.

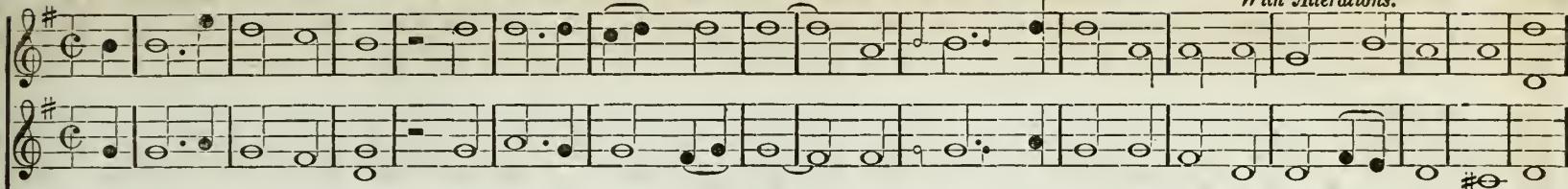
ALLEGRO VIVACE.

SOUTHBURY. H. M.

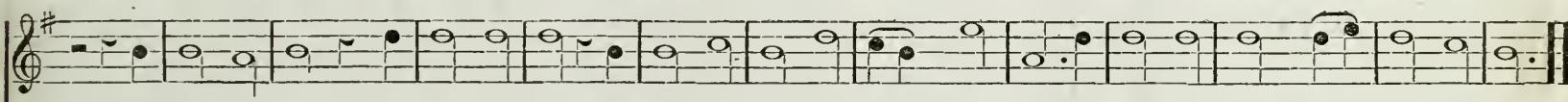
M #

From the Village Harmony.
With Alterations.

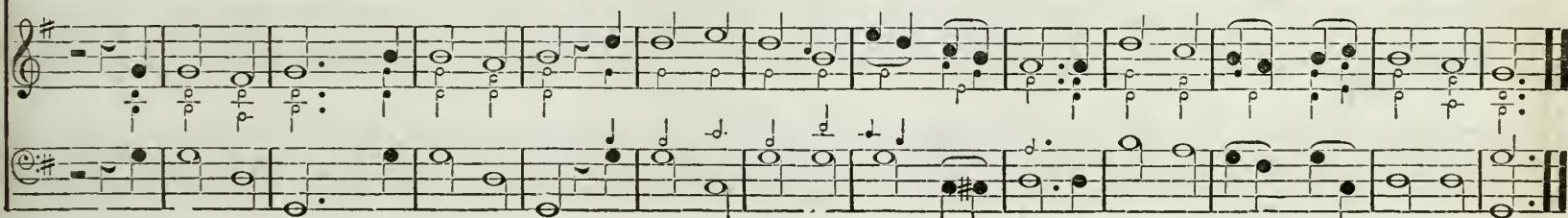
235



Rejoice, the Lord is King! Your Lord and King - - a - dore; - - - - Mortals, give thanks and sing, And tri - umph ev -- er -more.



Lift up your heart, Lift up your voice, Rejoice, a - gain I say, - re - joice, Rejoice, a - gain - I - say, rejoice.



236

UN POCO ALLEGRO.

SHAFTSBURY. H. M.

M #

W. Burney.

From the Village Harmony.

2d TREBLE.

A - wake our drow - sy souls, And burst the sloth - ful band; The won - ders of this day, Our noblest

PIU ALLEGRO.

songs de - mand. Au - spicious morn, Thy bliss - ful rays, Bright seraphs hail, In songs of praise.

ALLEGRO MODERATO.
CHORALMENTE.

H ADDAM. H. M.

M #

237

2d. TREBLE.

The Lord Je - ho - vah reigns, His throne is fix'd on high; The gar - ments he as - sumes, Are light and maj - es - ty.

CANTABILE.

SOLO.

TUTTI.

His - - glo - ries - - shine, with - - beams - - so - - bright, No - - mor - - tal - - eye - - can - bear the sight.

SOLO.

TUTTI.

- - - - -

All hail, tri-um-phant Lord, - Who sav'st us by thy blood; - Wide be - thy - name - a - dor'd - - Thou ris - ing reigning God.

SOLO. 2d. TREBLE. TUTTI.

With thee we rise, With thee we reign, And em-pires gain, Beyond the skies, With thee we rise, With thee we reign, And em-pires gain, Be-yond the skies.

SOLO. 2d. TREBLE. TUTTI.

SOLO. TUTTI.

CHORAL.

BETHESDA. H. M.

M #

Dr. Green.

239



Lord of the worlds a - - bove, How pleas - ant and how fair, The dwel - lings of thy love, Thy earth - ly

Musical notation for the third and fourth staves of a chorale setting. The top staff is in common time with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The bottom staff is in common time with a key signature of one sharp (F#). Both staves feature soprano voices with open circles representing note heads. Measures 1 through 4 are shown, followed by a repeat sign and measures 5 through 8.

tem - ples are; To thine a - - bode, My heart as - - pires, With warm de - - - sires - To see my God.

Musical notation for the fifth and sixth staves of a chorale setting. The top staff is in common time with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The bottom staff is in common time with a key signature of one sharp (F#). Both staves feature soprano voices with open circles representing note heads. Measures 1 through 4 are shown, followed by a repeat sign and measures 5 through 8.

240

UN POCO ALLEGRETTO.

W A R S A W . H. M.

M #

*Hymn.
Or Short Anthem.*

Join all the glorious names, of wis - dom, love, and pow'r, That ev - er mor - tals knew, That

an - - gels ev - er bore: All are too mean to speak his worth; Too mean to set - my - Sa - viour forth.

play be repeated.

ALLEGRO VIVACE.

AMHERST. H. M.

M #

Hymn or Short Anthem.

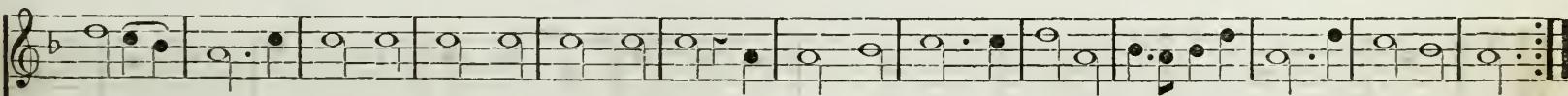
W. Billings.
With alterations.

241



Ye boundless realms of joy, Exalt your Maker's name; His praise your songs employ, A - bove the star - ry frame: Your voices raise, Ye

Three staves of musical notation in common time. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff uses a bass clef, and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. The music continues with various note values and rests, maintaining the melodic line established in the first section.



che - ru - bim and ser - a - phim to - sing his praise, Your voi - ces raise, Ye che - rubim and seraphim to sing his praise.

Three staves of musical notation in common time. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff uses a bass clef, and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. The music concludes with a final section of eighth and sixteenth notes, followed by a repeat sign and a section labeled "May be repeated."

242 ALLEGRO MODERATO.

EAGLE STREET. H. M.

M #

J. Smith.
With alterations.

Join all - - the glorious names, Of wisdom, love - and power; That ev - er mortals knew, That an - gels ev - er bore:

SOLO. 2d TREBLE or BASE.

TUTTI.

All are - - too - mean - to speak - his - worth, - Too mean - - to set - - the Sav - iour forth.

SOLO.

TUTTI.

CHORAL.

BEDFORD CHAPEL. H. M.

M #

243

Yes! the Re - deem - er rose, The Sav - iour left the dead, And o'er our hel - lish foes, High rais'd his

conqu'ring head; In wild dis - - may, The guards a - round, Fall to the ground, And sink a - - way.

244 CHORAL.

NUREMBERG. Sevens, or 8's & 7's.

M # German Choral.

Two staves of musical notation in common time, key of G major. The top staff uses soprano and alto voices, the bottom staff tenor and bass. The music consists of mostly eighth-note patterns.

Sov'reign Ru - ler of the skies, Ev - er gra-cious, ev - er wise! All my times are in thy hand, All e - vents at thy com-mand.

ALLA BREVE.

PHILADELPHIA. Sevens.

M #

Two staves of musical notation in common time, key of G major. The top staff uses soprano and alto voices, the bottom staff tenor and bass. The music includes dynamic markings: SOLO., SVA. lower., and TUTTI. loco.

Glo - ry be to God on high, God, whose glo - ry fills the sky; Peace on earth to man for - given, Man, the well be - loved of heaven.

ALLEGRETTO.

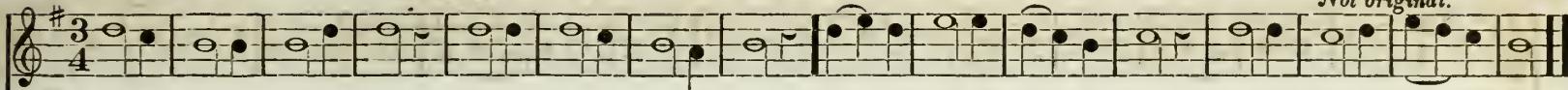
HAMBURG, or Naples.

Sevens.

M #

Pleyel.
Not original.

245



2d TREBLE.

Sov'reign Ruler, Lord of all, Prostrate at thy feet I fall; Hear, O hear my ar-dent cry, Frown not, lest I faint and die.

A continuation of the musical score for Hamburg, or Naples, Sevens, M #. It consists of three staves. The first staff is bass clef, 3/4 time, key signature of one sharp. The second staff is soprano clef, 3/4 time, key signature of one sharp. The third staff is alto clef, 3/4 time, key signature of one sharp. The music continues from the previous page.

ALLEGRO.

PILTON, Old

Sevens.

M #

Weldon.



2d TREBLE.

Praise to God, im-mortal praise, For the love that crowns our days; Bount'ous source of every joy, Let thy praise our tongues employ.

A continuation of the musical score for Pilton, Old, Sevens, M #. It consists of three staves. The first staff is bass clef, 3/4 time, key signature of one sharp. The second staff is soprano clef, 3/4 time, key signature of one sharp. The third staff is alto clef, 3/4 time, key signature of one sharp. The music continues from the previous page.

246

UN POCO ALLEGRETTO.

WESSELY. Sevens.

M #

From the American Harp.

Son of God, thy bles - sing grant, Still sup - ply my ev' - ry want; Tree of life, thine in - fluence shed, With thy fruit my spir - it feed.

UN POCO ALLEGRETTO.

BEETHOVEN.

Sevens.

M #

From the American Harp.

Sweet the time, ex - ceeding sweet, When the saints to - gether meet; When - the Sav - ior is the theme, When they join to sing of him.

UN POCO ALLEGRO.

HAMPTON. Sevens. or 7's. 6 lines. M #

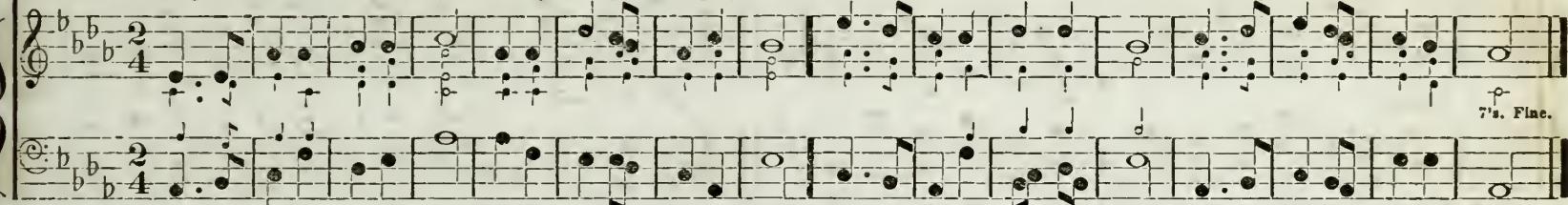
B. Milgrove.
With alterations.

247



7's. 61. Angels roll the rock a - way, Death yield up thy mighty prey; See! he rises from the tomb, Glowing with im - mortal bloom.

7's. Fine.



7's. Praise to God, immortal praise, For the love that crowns our lays; Bounteous source of ev'ry joy, Let thy praise our tongues employ.



SOLO. 2d TREBLE or TENOR.

TUTTI.

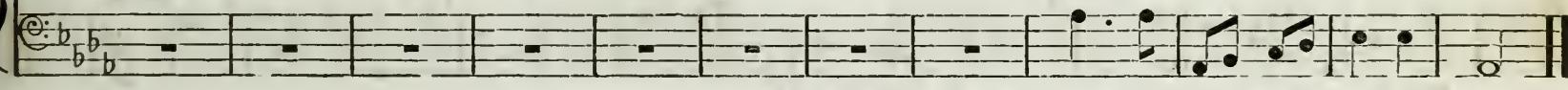


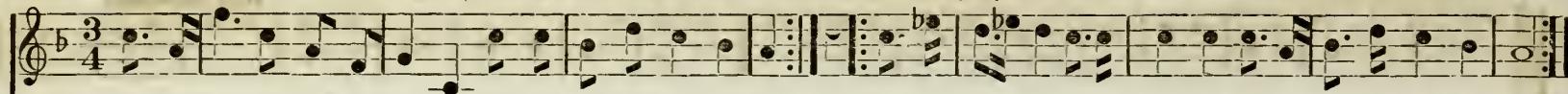
Hal - le - lu - jah, praise the Lord, Hal - le - lu - jah, praise the Lord, Hal - - le - - lu - jah, praise the Lord.



SOLO.

TUTTI.





8, 7, 4. Guide me, O thou great Je - ho - vah, Pilgrim through this bar - ren land:

FINE.

I am weak, but thou art migh - ty, Hold me with thy pow'r - ful hand; Bread of heaven, bread of heav - en feed me till I want no more.

UNISON.

Musical score for Tamworth, Unison section. The music is in common time (indicated by '3' over '4') and key signature of one sharp (M #). The vocal line consists of eighth and sixteenth notes. The lyrics continue from the previous section, ending with "I want no more." followed by a repeat sign and the word "FINE".

8's. & 7's. Praise to Thee thou great Cre-a - tor, Praise to Thee from ev' - ry tongue; Join my soul with ev'ry crea - ture, Join the ev - er - last - ing song.

ANDANTE. GREENVILLE. 8's & 7's or 8's, 7's, & 4's. Two Stanzas. M # Rousseau.

Musical score for Greenville, Andante section. The music is in common time (indicated by '2' over '4') and key signature of two sharps (D. C. P.). The vocal line consists of eighth and sixteenth notes. The lyrics begin with "Gent - ly, Lord, O gent - ly lead us Through this gloomy vale of tears;" followed by a repeat sign and the word "FINE".

Gent - ly, Lord, O gent - ly lead us Through this gloomy vale of tears; } O re - fresh us with thy bless - ing, O re - fresh us with thy grace; Through the chang-es thou'st decreed us, Till our last great change appears. }

Musical score for Greenville, second stanza section. The music is in common time (indicated by '2' over '4') and key signature of two sharps (D. C. P.). The vocal line consists of eighth and sixteenth notes. The lyrics continue with "May thy mer - cies, nev - er ceas - ing, Fit us for thy dwelling - place."

May thy mer - cies, nev - er ceas - ing, Fit us for thy dwelling - place.

ALLEGRO MODERATO.

TURIN. **Sevens.** **M #**

F. Giardini.
From the Village Harmony.

249

2d. TREBLE.

Son of God, thy bles - sing grant! Still sup - ply my ev' - ry want! Tree of life thine in - fluence shed,

SOLO.

TUTTI.

With thy sap my spi - rit feed— Tree of life, thine influence shed, — With thy sap my spi - rit feed.

SOLO.

TUTTI.

250 ANDANTINO QUASI ALLEGRETTO. OLD JERAULD. 8's. & 7's. M # From the American Harp.

Musical score for "Old Jerauld" in 8's. & 7's. The score consists of three staves. The top staff is in common time (indicated by a '2') and common key (indicated by a '4'). The middle staff is also in common time and common key. The bottom staff is in common time and common key. The music is composed of eighth and sixteenth notes. The lyrics are as follows:

When the win - ter's tem - pest low - ers, O'er a bleak and cloud - y sky, Na - ture's fa - ding fruits and flow - ers, Hang their drooping heads and die.

UN POCO ALLEGRO.

GREEN VALLEY. Sevens. M #

From the American Harp.

Musical score for "Green Valley, Sevens." The score consists of three staves. The top staff is in common time (indicated by a '2') and common key (indicated by a '4'). The middle staff is also in common time and common key. The bottom staff is in common time and common key. The music is composed of eighth and sixteenth notes. The lyrics are as follows:

Pleas-ing spring a - gain is here! Trees and fields in bloom ap - pear! - Hark the birds, with art - less lays, War-ble their Cre - a - tor's praise!

ALLEGRO ASSAI.

WASHINGTON STREET. Sevens. M # Peculiar Style. 251

Musical score for "Washington Street, Sevens, M#". The score consists of four staves of music in common time, key signature of one sharp. The vocal parts are labeled "ALLEGRO ASSAI." and "UNISON.". The lyrics are:

When the morning paints the skies, When the stars of ev'ning rise:
We thy prai - ses will re - cord, Sov'reign ruler, migh - ty Lord.

ALLEGRETTO.
QUASI ANDANTINO.

BLUE TOWN. Sevens. M #

Musical score for "Blue Town, Sevens, M#". The score consists of four staves of music in common time, key signature of one sharp. The vocal parts are labeled "ALLEGRETTO." and "QUASI ANDANTINO.". The lyrics are:

Jesus Lord - we - look to thee, Let us - in - thy name a - gree; - Each to each u - nite en - dear, Come and - spend thy ban - ner here.

252

ALLEGRO VIVACE.

REDEEMING LOVE.

Sevens.

M #

Dr. Morgan.
With alterations.

Now begin the heav'n - ly theme, Sing a - loud in Je - sus' name, - Sing a - loud in - Je - sus' name;

Ye, who Je - sus' kindness prove, - Triumph in re - deem - ing love, Triumph in re - deem - ing love.

UNISON

ALLEGRETTO MODERATO.

SICILIAN HYMN.

Sevens, or 8's. & 7's.

M # 253

Mozart.

2d TREBLE. TUTTI. SOLO. TUTTI.

SOLO.
Blest be thou, O Lord of Is - rael, Thou, our fath - er, and our Lord! Blest thy majes - ty for - ever! Ev - er be thy name a - dor'd.

SOLO. TUTTI. SOLO. TUTTI.

This musical score for "Sicilian Hymn" consists of four staves of music. The top staff is in 2/4 time, featuring a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. It includes vocal entries for "2d TREBLE" and "SOLO". The middle staff is also in 2/4 time with a bass clef and one sharp. The bottom staff is in common time (C) with a bass clef and one sharp. The fourth staff follows the same time signature and key as the bottom staff. The music features various dynamics like "TUTTI." and "SOLO.", and includes lyrics in the middle section.

ALLEGRO MODERATO.

PILTON. NEW Sevens. M #

Praise to God, im - mor - tal praise, For the love that crowns our days! Bounteous source of ev' - ry joy, Let thy praise our tongues em - ploy.

This musical score for "Pilton New Sevens" consists of four staves of music. The top staff is in 3/4 time, featuring a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The middle staff is in 3/4 time with a bass clef and one sharp. The bottom staff is in common time (C) with a bass clef and one sharp. The fourth staff follows the same time signature and key as the bottom staff. The music features lyrics in the middle section.

PILGRIM'S HYMN. Sevens. M $\frac{\#}{\cdot}$

3/4

2/4

3/4

2/4

To thy temple we re - pair, Lord we love to wor - ship there; There with - in the vail we meet, Thee up - on the mer - cy seat.

3/4

2/4

3/4

2/4

CHORAL.

FAIRFAX. Sevens.

M b

The original Choral.

b

b

b

b

Lord we come be - fore thee now, At thy feet we hum - bly bow; O do not our suit dis - - dain, - Shall we seek thee, Lord, in vain?

b

b

b

b

UN POCO ALLEGRETTO.
CHORALMENTO.

BROAD STREET. Sevens.

M #

255

A musical score for "Broad Street, Sevens." It consists of four staves of music. The first staff starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. The second staff starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. The third staff starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. The fourth staff starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. The music is composed of eighth and sixteenth notes.

ALLEGRETTO MODERATO.

TRANSYLVANIA. Sevens.

M #

A musical score for "Transylvania, Sevens." It consists of four staves of music. The first staff starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. The second staff starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. The third staff starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. The fourth staff starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. The music is composed of eighth and sixteenth notes.

Morn-ing breaks up - on the tomb; Je - sus scat - ters all its gloom; Day of tri-umph through the skies— See the glo - rious Sav - ior rise.

256

CHORAL.

PILGRIM. Sevens.

M #

Child - ren of the heav'n - ly King, As ye jour - ney, sweet - ly sing; Sing your Sav - iour's wor - thy praise, Glorious in his works and ways.

ALLEGRETTO.

ALCESTER. Sevens.

M #

Now the shades of night are gone, Now the morning light is come; Lord, may we be thine to - - day, Drive the - shades of sin a - way.

ALLEGRETTO.

HOTHAM. Sevens. 8 Lines or Two Stanzas.

M #

Dr. Madan.

257

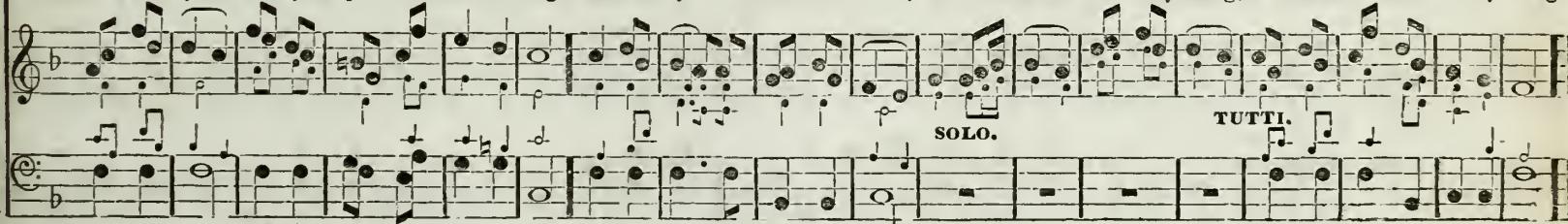
Jesus refuge of my soul, - Let me to thy bosom fly; While the raging billows roll, - While the tempest still is nigh. All my trust on



SOLO.

TUTTI.

thee is stay'd, All my hope from thee I bring, Cover my defence-less head, With the shadow of thy wing, With the shadow of thy wing.



TELEMANN'S CHANT.

Sevens.

M #

From the American Harp

Christ, the Lord, is ris'n to day, Our tri - umphant ho-ly day; He endured the cross and grave, Sinners to redeem and save.

UN POCO STACCATO.

LEUTHARD'S CHANT.

Sevens.

M #

From the American Harp

Hark!—that shout of rapturous joy, Bursting forth from yon-der cloud! Je - sus comes! and through the sky, An - gels tell their joy a - loud.

UN POCO STACCATO.

**UN POCO
ALLEGRETTO.** TEMPLE PLACE; Sevens. or 8's. & 7's.

M #

259

Je - sus, migh - ty king of Zi - on, Thou a - lone our guide shalt be; Thy com - mis - sion we re - ly on, We would fol - low none but thee.

**ANDANTINO.
UASI ALLEGRETTO.**

MOUNT AUBURN. Sevens.

M #

QUASI ALLEGRETTO. SOON TO DAWN. TUTTI.

SOLO. **TUTTI.**

Come! said Je-sus' sa-cred voice, Come and make my paths your choice; I will guide you to your home, Wea-ry sin-ners-hith-er come.

260 ALLEGRO ASSAI.

SHARP. Sevens. M #

Musical score for piece 260, Allegro Assai. The score consists of three staves. The top staff is in common time, treble clef, and has a key signature of one sharp. The middle staff is in common time, bass clef, and has a key signature of one sharp. The bottom staff is in common time, bass clef, and has a key signature of one sharp. The music features a vocal solo part and a tutti section. The lyrics are: "Angels, roll the rock a-way, Death give up thy migh-ty prey; See! he - ris - es from the - tomb, - Shi - ning - in im - mor-tal bloom."

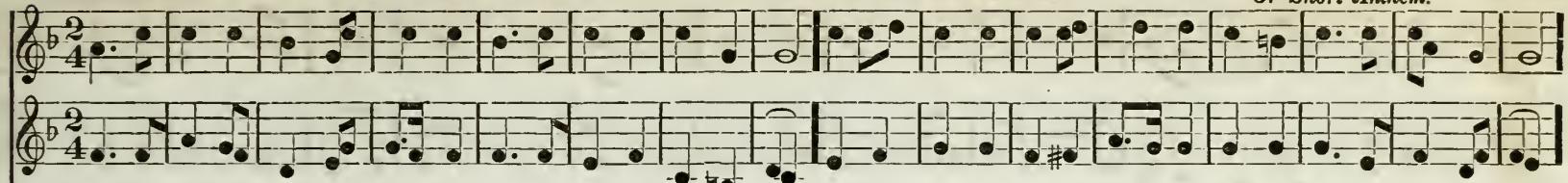
* This passage may be sung alternately—male, and female voices.

MODERATO.

MISSISSIPPI. Sevens. M #

Musical score for piece 260, Moderato. The score consists of three staves. The top staff is in common time, treble clef, and has a key signature of one sharp. The middle staff is in common time, bass clef, and has a key signature of one sharp. The bottom staff is in common time, bass clef, and has a key signature of one sharp. The lyrics are: "High in yonder realms of light, Dwell the raptured saints above, Dwell the raptured saints a-bove, Far beyond our seeble sight, Happy in Im - man - uel's love! - Hap - py in Immanuel's love!"

ALLEGRETTO. WASHINGTON. 8's. & 7's. M. # Two Stanzas. Hymn,
Or Short Anthem. 261



Hark! the notes of an - gels sing - ing, Glo - ry, glo - ry to the Lamb! All in heav'n their trib - ute bring - ing, Rais - ing high a Sa - viour's name.

Musical score for the second stanza of "Washington". The music continues in common time (indicated by '2') with two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. The key signature changes to one flat (B-flat). The music consists of eighth-note patterns and sixteenth-note figures.

Musical score for the third stanza of "Washington". The music begins with a single staff in common time (indicated by '2'). It then splits into two staves: a treble staff labeled "SOLO." and a bass staff labeled "TUTTI.". The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The music consists of eighth-note patterns and sixteenth-note figures.

Ye for whom his life was giv - en, Sa - cred themes to you be - long; Come, as-sist the choir of heav - en, Join the ev - er - last - ing song.

Musical score for the fourth stanza of "Washington". The music continues from the previous section, maintaining the common time (indicated by '2') and the split solo/tutti arrangement. The key signature remains one flat (B-flat). The music consists of eighth-note patterns and sixteenth-note figures.

262

ANDANTINO QUASI
ALLEGRETTO.

KINGSTON.

8's. & 7's.

M #

A. Williams.
With alterations.

Come, thou fount of ev'-ry bles - sing, Tune my heart to sing - thy grace; - Streams of mer - cy

nev - er cea - sing, Call - - for songs - - of loud - - est praise, Call - - for songs - - of loud - est praise.

UNISON.

ANDANTINO.

JEWETT. Sevens or 8's. & 7's.

M #

263

3's & 7's. Grant thy spir - it, by thy kind - ness, Let our fol - lies be for - giv'n; Heal our sins, dis - pel our blindness, Let us find the path to heav'n.

7's. High in yon - der realms of light, - Dwell the rap - tur'd saints a bove; Far be - yond our fee - ble sight, Hap - py in Im - man - uel's love.

ALLEGRETTO.

GOSHEN. Eights.

M #

3 Ye an - gel's, who stand round the throne, And view my Imman - u - el's face; In - - rap - turous songs make him known, Tune all your soft harps to his praise.

4

Musical score for 'Missionary Hymn' featuring three staves. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff a bass clef, and the bottom staff an alto clef. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The time signature is common time. The vocal line begins with eighth-note patterns. The first section ends with a repeat sign and a bassoon solo section. The vocal line resumes with eighth-note patterns.

Yes we trust the day is break - ing, Joy - - ful times are near - at - - hand; God, the migh - ty God is speak - ing,

The vocal line continues with eighth-note patterns. The bassoon section concludes with a repeat sign and another bassoon solo section. The vocal line resumes with eighth-note patterns.

The vocal line continues with eighth-note patterns. The bassoon section concludes with a repeat sign and another bassoon solo section. The vocal line resumes with eighth-note patterns.

TUTTI.
By his word in ev' - - ry land; - - When he - cho - ses, when he - cho - ses, Darkness flies - at - his command.

TUTTI.

UN POCO ALLEGRETTO.

LOWELL. 8's. & 7's.

M #

Two Stanzas.

265



Lord of life, all praise ex - cell - ing, Thou, in glo - ry un - confined ; Deign'st to make thy hum - ble dwell - ing, With the poor of hum - ble mind.



SOLO. SOLO.

TUTTI.

As thy love through all cre - a tion, Beams like thy dif - fu - sive light; - So the scorn'd and hum - ble sta - tion, Ris - es in thine e - qual sight.



SOLO. SOLO.

TUTTI.

266 ALLEGRO ASSAI.

MEHUL. S's. & T's.

M #

Hymn.
Or Short Anthem.

From the American Harp.

A musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor) in common time, key of C major. The vocal parts are written in soprano, alto, and tenor clefs. The piano accompaniment is in common time, key of C major, with bass and treble staves. The vocal parts enter sequentially, starting with soprano, then alto, then tenor. The piano part provides harmonic support with sustained notes and chords. The section concludes with a repeat sign and the instruction "HYMN FINE".

CODA.

The Coda begins with a forte dynamic (F). The vocal parts sing "Hallelujah, Hallelujah, Hallelujah, Amen." The piano accompaniment provides harmonic support with sustained notes and chords. The section concludes with a repeat sign and the instruction "HYMN FINE".

Halle - lu - jah, Halle - lu - jah, Halle - lu - jah, A - men. Halle - lu - jah, Halle - lu - jah, Halle - lu - jah, A - men.*

The final section begins with a forte dynamic (F). The vocal parts sing "Hallelujah, Hallelujah, Hallelujah, Amen." The piano accompaniment provides harmonic support with sustained notes and chords. The section concludes with a repeat sign and the instruction "HYMN FINE".

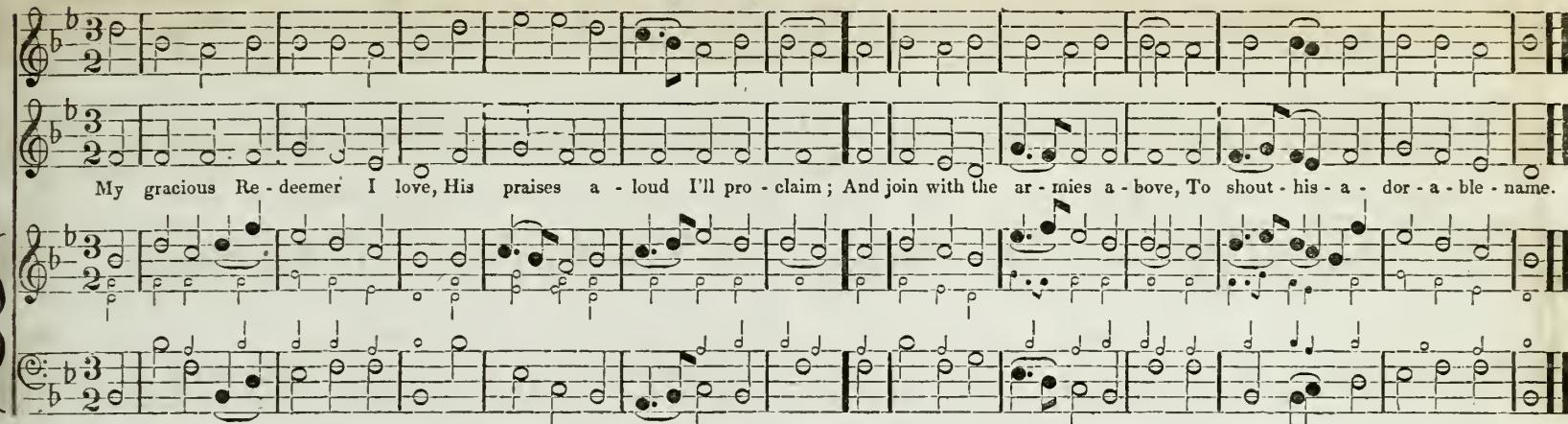
* CODA may be repeated. ANTHEM FINE.

ALLEGRO.

WANWORTH. Eights. M #

Harwood.

267

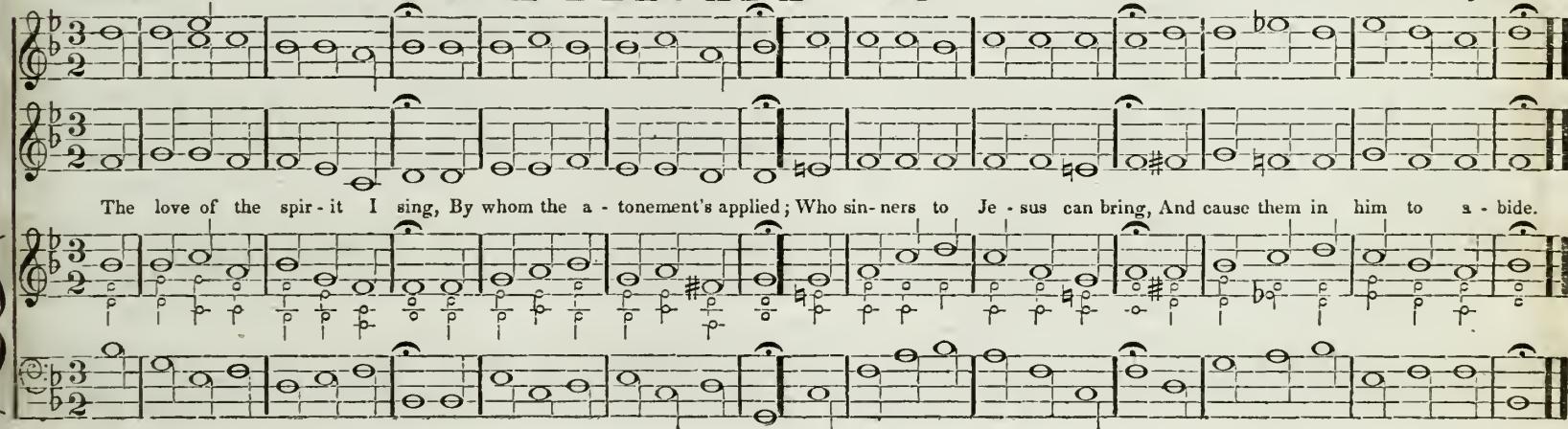


My gracious Re - deemer I love, His praises a - loud I'll pro - claim; And join with the ar - mies a - bove, To shout - his - a - dor - a - ble - name.

This section contains three staves of musical notation. The top staff is in common time (indicated by '3' over '2') and uses a treble clef. The middle staff is also in common time (indicated by '3' over '2') and uses a bass clef. The bottom staff is in common time (indicated by '3' over '2') and uses a bass clef. The music consists of eighth-note patterns. The lyrics are written below the middle staff.

CHORAL

PUNTA DELGADA. Eights. M # From the American Harp.



The love of the spir - it I sing, By whom the a - tonement's applied; Who sin - ners to Je - sus can bring, And cause them in him to a - bide.

This section contains three staves of musical notation. The top staff is in common time (indicated by '3' over '2') and uses a treble clef. The middle staff is in common time (indicated by '3' over '2') and uses a bass clef. The bottom staff is in common time (indicated by '3' over '2') and uses a bass clef. The music consists of eighth-note patterns. The lyrics are written below the middle staff.

Glorious things of thee are spoken, Zi - on ci - ty - of our - God; He whose word - can ne'er be broken, Chose thee for his - own a - bode.

SECOND STANZA.

Lord, thy church is still thy dwelling, Still is pre-cious in thy sight; Ju - dah's tem - ple far ex - celling, Beam-ing - with the - gos - pel's - light.

ALLEGRO MODERATO.

HELMSTED.

8' 7' & 4.

M #

Dr. Madan. 269

Lo ! he - - comes with clouds - de - - scand - - ing, Once for fa - vor'd sin - - - ners - - - slain. - - -

Thou - sand, thou - - sand - saints - - at - - tend - - - ing, Swell the tri - umph of - - - his - - - train; - - -

SOLO.

The Hallelujah may be repeated.

Hal - - le - - lu - jah ! Hal - - le - - lu - - jah ! Hal - - le - - lu - - - jah ! Je - sus comes, and comes to reign.

SOLO.

SOLO.

TUTTI.

TUTTI.

270 COMODO E DIVOTO.

ASPIRATION.

8's. 7's. & 4.

M #

Words by J. P. Bartram.
OF CAMBRIDGE.

The musical score consists of three staves of music. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff a bass clef, and the bottom staff an alto clef. The key signature is one flat, and the time signature varies between common time (indicated by '4') and three-quarter time (indicated by '3'). The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes, with rests and grace notes. The vocal parts are labeled with dynamics such as 'SOLO.*' and 'TUTTI.' The lyrics are integrated into the music, appearing below the notes. The first section of lyrics is: 'Heav'ly goodness, vast - and free! - Flow - ing from - e - ter - ni - ty! Hide me in - thy se - cret place, -'. The second section of lyrics is: 'Wrap me in -- thy blest embrace! Shield, O shield me, Shield, O shield me, Brightness of -- re - deem - ing grace!'. The music concludes with a final section of lyrics: 'TUTTI.'

* This solo passage may be sung alternately by Female and Male voices, according to the Words.

ALLEGRO MODERATO.

CALVARY. 8'. & 7'. or 8, 7, & 4.

M #

stanley.

271

Music score for the Allegro Moderato section of "Calvary". The score consists of three staves. The top staff uses a soprano C-clef, the middle staff an alto F-clef, and the bottom staff a bass G-clef. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The tempo is Allegro Moderato. The lyrics are:

Hark! the voice of love and mer - cy, Sounds a - - loud from Cal - va - ry! See it rends - the rocks a - sun - der,

ANDANTE

A TEMPO. P.

PP.

Shakes the earth - and veils the sky! It is fin - ish'd! It is fin - ish'd! Hear the dy - ing Sav - iour cry.

PP.

ANDANTE.

A TEMPO. P

272

ALLEGRO MODERATO.

SMYRNA.

8's. & 7's. or 8's. 7's. & 4's.

M #

Mozart.

Not a Sacred Melody.

Gently Lord, O gently lead us, Thro' this lowly vale of tears; - And O Lord, in mercy give us, Thy rich grace in all our fears.



O refresh us with thy blessing, O refresh us with thy grace; O re - fresh us, O refresh us, O refresh us with thy grace.

ALLEGRO
MODERATO.

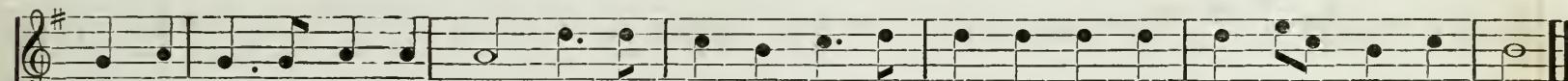
WESTBOROUGH.

8's. & 7's. or 8's. 7's. & 4.

M # J. Haydn.
Not an original Hymn. 273



Lo! he com- eth—count-less trum-pets, Wake to life the slumb'ring dead; 'Midst ten thou-sand saints and an-gels,



See their great ex-alt-ed head: Hal-le--lu-jah, Hal-le--lu-jah, Wel-come, wel-come, Son of God.



274

ALLEGRO MODERATO.

WALWORTH.

10's. & 11's.

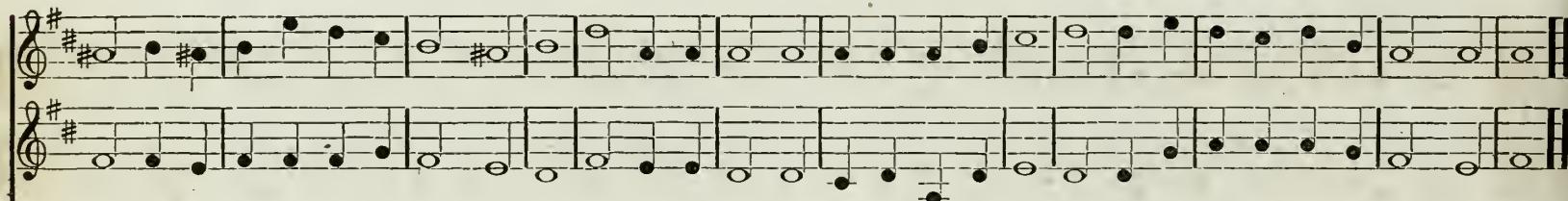
M #

Dr. Wainwright.
Hymn or Short Anthem.

2d. TREBLE.



Be - hold! the Judge descends, his guards are nigh, Tem-pest and fire at - tend him down the - sky; Heav'n, earth, and hell draw near, let all things come,



To hear his jus - tice and the sin - ner's - doom; 'But gath-er first my saints,' [the Judge commands.] ' Bring them, ye angels, from their dis - tant lands.'

ALLEGRO MODERATO.

MONTAGUE. 10's. or 10's. & 11's.

M #

Hymn.
Or Short Anthem.

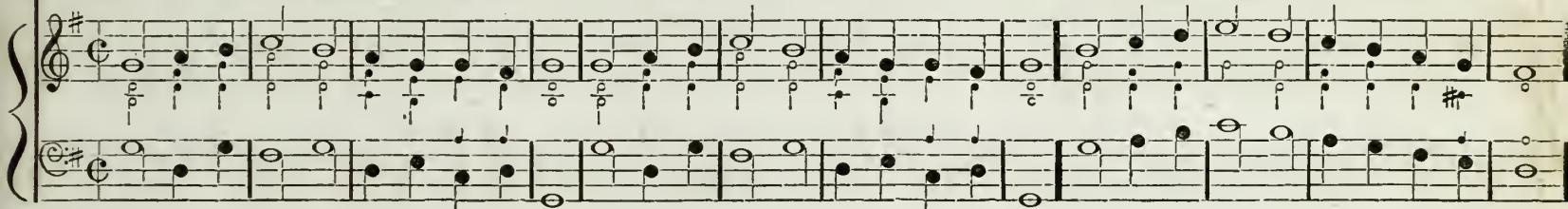
275



2d. TREBLE.



Not to our names, thou on - ly just and true, Not to our worth-less names is glo - ry due; Thy pow'r and grace, thy truth and jus-tice, claim,



Im - - mor - tal hon - ors to thy sov'reign name; Shine thro' the earth, from heav-en thy blest a - bode, Nor let the heathen say, 'Where is your God?'



* May be repeated.

276 ALLEGRO.

OLD FIFTIETH, or Landaff. 10's. & 11's.

M #

E. Blancks.
With alterations.

With alterations.

The musical score consists of four staves of music for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) and three instruments (Organ, Violin, Cello). The vocal parts are in common time, while the instrumental parts are in 2/4 time. The vocal parts enter sequentially, starting with Soprano, followed by Alto, and then Bass. The instrumental parts provide harmonic support, with the Organ providing basso continuo and the Violin and Cello adding melodic lines. The music features various dynamics, including forte, piano, and crescendo markings. The lyrics describe the divine summons of God, the awakening of nations, and the final judgment, culminating in a call to saints to lift up their heads.

The God of glory sends his summons forth, Calls the south nations, and awakes the north; From east to west his sov'reign orders spread, Thro'

CRESC:

dis-tant worlds and regions of the dead: The trump-et sounds, hell trembles, heav'n rejoices, Lift up your heads, ye saints, with cheerful voices.

CRESC:

ALLEGRO ASSAI.

AISERETE KAHN.

Tens.

M #

277

From Jes - se's root be - hold a branch a - - rise, Whose sa - cred flow'r with fragrance fills the skies : The

sick and weak the heal - ing plant shall aid, &c.

sick and weak - the heal - ing plant shall aid, - From storms a shel - ter, and from heat a shade

ALLEGRO.

WILTON, OR ARNE. Tens. (6 lines.) M[#] 279

Musical score for the first system of 'Wilton, or Arne.' The score consists of four staves. The top staff is in G major (two sharps). The second staff is in C major. The third staff is in C major. The bottom staff is in E major (one sharp). The vocal line (second staff) begins with the lyrics: 'Not to our names, thou only just and true; Not to our worthless names is glo - ry due; Thy pow'r and grace, thy truth and justice claim,'

Musical score for the second system of 'Wilton, or Arne.' The score consists of four staves. The top staff is in G major (two sharps). The second staff is in C major. The third staff is in C major. The bottom staff is in E major (one sharp). The vocal line (second staff) continues with the lyrics: 'Im - mor - tal honors to thy sov'reign name; Shine thro' the earth from heav'n thy blest a - bode, Nor let the heathen say, 'where is your God?'

280 ALLEGRO.

HINTON. NEW*

Elevens.

M #

The Lord is our shep - herd our guardian and guide, Whatev - er we want he will kind - ly pro - vide;

To sheep of his pas - ture his mercies a - bound, His care and pro - tec - tion his - flock will sur - round.

* Remark. Hinton, (the old tune,) was too much like a common vulgar song, and therefore improper for the House of Worship.

ALLEGRO.

ST. DENNIS.

Elevens.

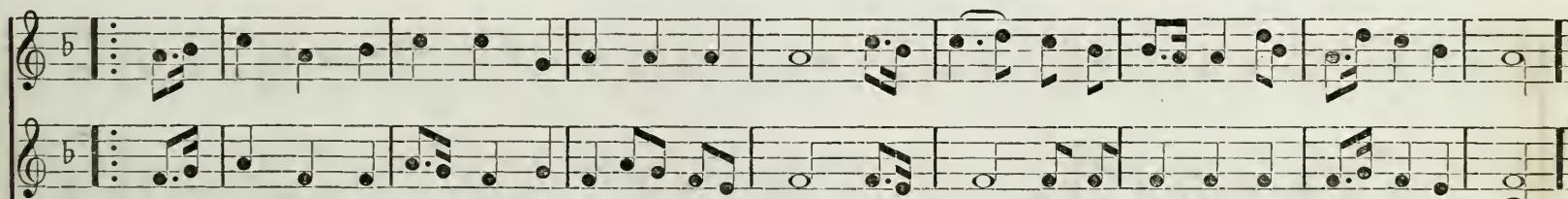
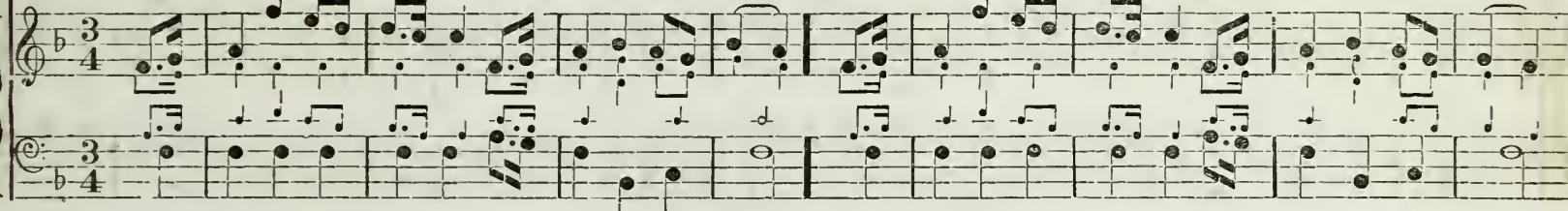
M #

Hymn,
Or Short Anthem.INSERTED BY REQUEST.
With alterations.

281



Come, - saints and a - dore him, Come bow at his - feet; - Oh! give him the glo - ry, The praise that is - meet! -



Let - joy - ful ho - san - nas un - ceasing a - - rise, And - join - the full cho - rus that gladdens the skies.



BERMONDSEY.

6's. & 4's.

M #

Milgrove.

Hymn or Short Anthem.

Glory to God on high, Let earth and skies reply, Praise ye his name; His love and grace adore, Who all our sorrows bore; Sing aloud

ev - ermore, Worthy the Lamb!— Worthy the Lamb!— Worthy the Lamb! Sing aloud, ev - ermore, Worthy the Lamb.

ALLEGRO MODERATO.

KILBY STREET. NEW. 11's, or 10's & 11's.

283



Let all saints rejoice, And exult in their king, To Jesus with joy and with melody sing; For sinners redemption, his life, blood he gave, The faithful true witness will never deceive.



Remark: The tune Kilby street inserted in the 1st. Edition has been omitted, because the tune was taken from a common profane song—we do not agree with a certain Editor—h. l.—who has introduced all kinds of melodies in his new Collection of Church Music.

May be used as a Duett for Two Trebles,
or a Trio omitting the Tenor.

UN POCO ANDANTE.

EL AM. 8's, 3's & 6's.

ALLEGRO.



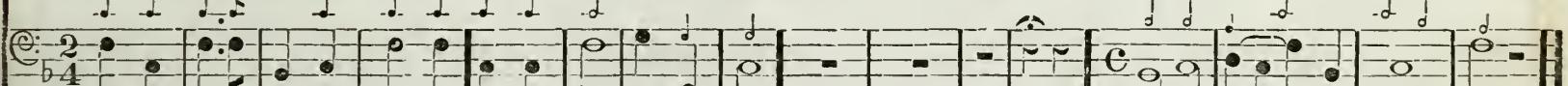
1. Ere I sleep, for ev' - ry fa - vor, This day show'd by my God, I do bless my Saviour, I do bless - - my Sa - - viour.



2. Leave me not, but ev - er love me; Let thy peace be my bliss, Till thou hence re - move me, Till thou hence - - re - - 'move - - me.



3. Thou my Rock, my Guard, my Tow - er-Safe - ly keep, while I sleep, Me with all thy pow - er, Me with all - - thy pow - - er.



4. And whene'er in death I slum - ber, Let me rise, With the wise, Count - ed in their number, Counted in - - their num - - ber.

284

ALLEGRETTO.

ITALIAN HYMN.

6's. & 4's.

M #

Giardini.

2d. TREBLE.

Come, thou Almigh - ty - King, Help us thy name to sing, Help us to praise: Father all glo-ri-ous, O'erall vic -to - rious, Come and reign over us, Ancient of days.

UNISON.

CHORAL.

ST. MICHAEL'S.

10's. & 11's.

M #

G. F. Handel.

Oh ! praise ye the Lord, prepare your glad voice, His praise in the great assembly to sing; In their great Creator let all men rejoice, And heirs of salvation be glad in their King

ALLEGRO ASSAI.

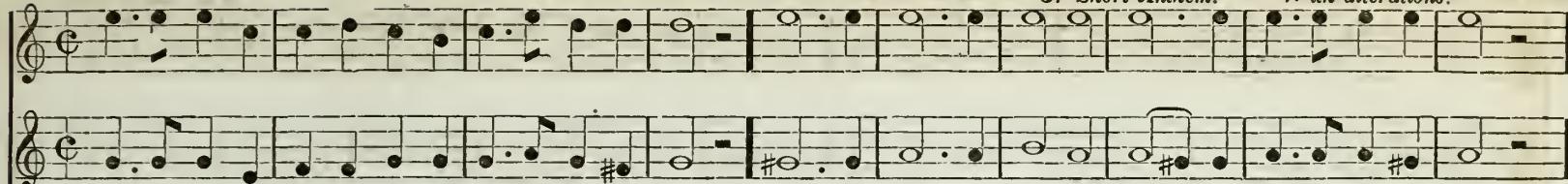
MACLAY. 7's. & 6's.

M #

Hymn.
Or Short Anthem.

B. Milgrove.
With alterations.

285



Praise the Lord who reigns above, And keeps his courts below; Praise the ho - ly God of love, - And all his greatness show.



Praise him for his noble deeds Praise him for his matchless pow'r; Him from whom all good proceeds, Let heav'n and earth a - - dore. -



May be repeated.

286 CHORAL STYLE.

MOUNT CALVARY.

7's. 6 lines.

M #

A German Choral.

The musical score consists of six staves of music. The top two staves are in common time (indicated by a 'C') and the bottom four are in common time (indicated by a 'C'). The key signature is one sharp (F#). The vocal parts are arranged in three groups: a soprano group (top two staves), an alto group (third and fourth staves), and a basso group (bottom two staves). The lyrics are integrated into the music, appearing below the notes. The first section of lyrics is: "Will you let him die in vain? Still to death pur-sue your Lord? O - pen tear his wounds a - gain?" The second section of lyrics is: "Trample on his pre - cious blood? No! with all my sins I'll part, Sa - viour take my brok - en heart."

Will you let him die in vain? Still to death pur-sue your Lord? O - pen tear his wounds a - gain?

Trample on his pre - cious blood? No! with all my sins I'll part, Sa - viour take my brok - en heart.

UN POCO ALLEGRO.

AMSTERDAM.

7's. & 6's.

M #

Hymn, or Short Anthem.

A. Williams.

From the Village Harmony.

287

Rise my soul, stretch out thy wings, Thy bet - ter por - tion trace; - - - Rise from tran - si - to - ry things, Tow'rd heav'n thy na - tive place.

SOLO. 2d. TREBLE or BASE.

SUN and moon, and stars de - - cay, Time shall soon this earth - - re - - move; Rise my soul, and haste a - way, To seats pre - par'd a - bove.

TUTTI.

SOLO.

TUTTI.

May be repeated.

288 ALLEGRO MODERATO.

ROMAINE.

7's. & 6's.

M #

Banister.

The musical score consists of four staves. The top two staves are for the voice, and the bottom two are for the piano. The key signature is one sharp, indicating G major. The time signature is common time (indicated by 'C'). The vocal parts are labeled '7's. & 6's.' The piano part includes bass and treble clef staves with various dynamics and pedaling instructions. The lyrics are integrated into the music, appearing below the vocal lines.

O Lord, how great the favor, That we such sinners poor , Can thro' thy blood sweet savor, Approach thy mercy's door. And find an open passage,

Un - to thy throne of grace, And wait the welcome message, And wait the welcome message, And wait the welcome message, That bids us go in peace.

ANDANTINO.

NEW JERUSALEM. 12's.

Hymn or Anthem.*
From the American Harp.

289



1. The voice of free grace cries es - cape to the mountains! For Adam's lost race Christ hath opened a fountain; For sin and uncleanness, and ev'ry transgression,



2. With joy shall we stand, when escaped to the shore; - - - (With harps in our hands, we'll - praise him the more; -) We'll range the sweet plain's on the bank of the river,

Anthem.

CODA, ALLEGRO ASSAL.

TUTTI.

HYMN FINE.

F

P

F

1. His blood flows so free - ly in streams of sal-va-tion.

Hal-le - lu-jah to the Lamb, Who has bought us a pardon: We'll praise him again, When we pass o-ver Jordan.
D. C. P.



2. And sing of sal - va-tion for - ev - er and ev-er. HYMN-FINE.

(* The Hymn, without the Coda, may be sung by two Trebles as a Duet.)

The 2d. time, ANTHEM FINE.

290 ALLEGRO.

HOLY LORD GOD OF SABAOTH.

PIU ALLEGRO.

Ho - ly, ho - ly, ho - ly Lord - God of Sa - - ba - - oth; Heav'n and - earth are full of thy

PIU ALLEGRO.

glo - ry, Ho - sanna, Ho - sanna in the high - - est; Blessed, blessed, blessed, blessed is he that cometh in the name of the

SOLO.

SOLO.

ANTHEM. **Continued.**

291

Ho - sanna in the highest, in the highest, Ho - san na, &c.

TUTTI. F.

Lord, Ho - san na, Ho - sanna in the highest, Ho sanna in the high

CRESC.

TUTTI. F.

Ho - sanna in the highest, in the highest, Ho - san na, &c.

FINE.

est, Ho - san - - na, Ho - san - - na, Ho - san - na in the highest, Ho - san - na in the high - - est.

FINE.

BLESSED IS HE THAT CONSIDERETH THE POOR.

Motetto.

The musical score consists of four staves of music for three voices. The first two staves begin in common time (indicated by '3/4') and then switch to common time (indicated by '2/4'). The key signature changes from one flat to one sharp. The vocal parts are labeled 'MF.', 'P.', and 'CRESCE.' The lyrics are as follows:

Bles - sed is he that con - sid' - reth the poor and need - y, the poor - and the need - y; The Lord shall de - liv - er him in the

time - of trouble, in the time of trou - ble. The Lord pre - serve him and keep him a - - live, that he may be bless - ed, that he may be

Music dynamics include **P.** (piano), **MF.** (mezzo-forte), and **CRESCE.** (crescendo). The vocal parts are grouped by a brace. The score concludes with **P. UNISON.** and **MF.**

MOTETTO. Continued.

293

Musical score for Motetto. Continued. The score consists of two systems of music, each with four voices. The first system starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and common time. It includes dynamics MF and DECRESC. The lyrics for this system are: "bless - ed up - on the earth; The Lord comfort him, the Lord comfort him when he lieth sick on his bed; make thou all his bed in his sick - ness." The second system starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one flat, and common time. It includes dynamics MF and DECRESC. The lyrics for this system are: "We wait - - for thy lov - ing kind - ness, O Lord, O Lord, - in the midst of thy tem - - - ple". The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. The score is written on five-line staves with repeat signs and measure numbers.

MOTETTO. Continued.

F.

Let the Mount Zion rejoice, - - - let the Mount Zion rejoice, Mount Zion rejoice be -

F. UNISON:

UN POCO ALLEGRETTO.

Let the Mount Zion rejoice, the Mount, &c.

- - cause of thy judgments. - - - Let the Mount Zion rejoice. - - - Let the Mount Zion re -

Let the Mount Zion rejoice, the Mount, &c.

MOTETTO. Continued.

295

... joice, . . . Let the Mount Zi - on re - - joice! . . . Let the Mount Zi - on re - - joice, . . .

FF.

FF.

UNISON.

Let the Mount Zi - on re - - joice; Mount Zi - on re - - joice be - cause of thy judg - ments. . . . A - - men.

F.

FINE

SALVATION BELONGETH.

Anthem.

Kent.

Solo.

Sal - va - tion be - longeth, be - longeth un - to the Lord, and thy blessing, and thy blessing is a -

TUTTI.

and thy blessing, thy

mong -- thy peo - ple. Sal - va - tion be - long - eth, be - longeth un - to the Lord, and thy bles - -

TUTTI.

ANTHEM.

Continued.

297

A musical score for a six-part anthem. The music is in common time and G major. The parts are arranged in two groups of three voices each, separated by a brace. The top group consists of soprano, alto, and tenor voices. The bottom group consists of bass, alto, and soprano voices. The lyrics are repeated in each section, with some variations in the middle section. The vocal parts are supported by a harmonic piano or organ part, indicated by vertical stems and dots below the staff.

bless-ing,
sing, thy bless-ing is a - mong - - thy peo - ple, And thy bless-ing, and thy bless-ing, and thy
And thy bless - - - - ing, thy
bless - ing,
bless - ing, and thy bless - ing,
bless - - ing, and thy bless-ing is a - mong thy peo - ple, is a - mong thy peo - - ple.
bless - ing,
bless - ing, and thy bless - ing, thy

THANKSGIVING ANTHEM.

f

UNISON.

f O give thanks, give thanks unto the Lord, O give thanks, O give thanks give thanks un-to the Lord. *p* Call up-on his name.

f make known his deeds a-mong the people, make known - - - - - make known

f make known his deeds among the people make known his deeds among the people.

known

make known his deeds among the people.

ANTHEM.

Continued.

299

Musical score for "ANTHEM. Continued." featuring three staves of music with lyrics and dynamic markings. The score consists of three systems of music, each with three staves. The top system starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time. It includes dynamic markings *mp*, *mf*, and *f*. The lyrics are: "Praise the Lord, Praise ye the Lord! and let all flesh bless his ho - ly name, bless his ho - ly". The middle system continues the melody with dynamic markings *mp*, *mf*, and *f*. The lyrics are: "name for - ever and ever bless his name for - ever and ever bless his name, A - men, Amen Amen.". The bottom system concludes the piece with a dynamic marking *f* and the word "CLOSE.". The score is labeled "2D. TIME." above the middle system and "FINE." above the bottom system.

The eyes of all - of all wait up - on thee; and thou givest them their meat in due sea - son. Thou openest thy hand and
sat - is-fiest the de-sire of every living thing. The Lord is righteous in all his ways, righteous and ho ly, ho ly in all his works.

DA CAPO.

MODERATO.

LORD OF ALL POWER.

Anthem

Rev. Mason.
An English Author.

301

Musical score for "Lord of All Power" in G major, 3/4 time. The score consists of four staves:

- Staff 1:** Treble clef, 3/4 time, key signature of two sharps. Dynamics: dynamic 3 (measures 1-2), f (measures 3-4). Text: Lord of all pow'r - and might, Lord of all pow'r - and might;
- Staff 2:** Treble clef, 3/4 time, key signature of two sharps. Dynamics: f (measures 1-2).
- Staff 3:** Bass clef, 3/4 time, key signature of one sharp. Dynamics: dynamic 3 (measures 1-2).
- Staff 4:** Bass clef, 3/4 time, key signature of one sharp. Dynamics: dynamic 3 (measures 1-2).

Refrain lyrics:

Lord of all pow'r - and might, Lord of all pow'r - and might;
Thou that art the au - thor, Thou that art the au - thor, thou that art the giv - er, of all - - - good things;

Solo: Treble clef, 3/4 time, key signature of one sharp. Dynamics: dynamic 3 (measures 1-2).

ANTHEM.

Continued:

CHORUS.

Graft in our hearts the love of thy name, the love of thy name, in - crease in us true -- re -

SOLO.

TUTTI. *p*

SOLO.

li - gion. Lord of all pow'r - and might, nour - ish us in - - - all good - - ness,

SOLO.

ANTHEM

Continued.

303

A musical score for a three-part ensemble (TUTTI, SOLO, and another TUTTI part). The key signature is G major (two sharps). The vocal parts are in soprano range. The piano accompaniment is in basso continuo range. The vocal parts sing a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes. The piano part provides harmonic support with sustained notes and chords. The vocal parts enter in pairs, with one part singing a melodic line while the other provides harmonic support. The vocal parts sing a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes. The piano part provides harmonic support with sustained notes and chords. The vocal parts enter in pairs, with one part singing a melodic line while the other provides harmonic support.

A musical score for a three-part ensemble (TUTTI, SOLO, and another TUTTI part). The key signature is G major (two sharps). The vocal parts are in soprano range. The piano accompaniment is in basso continuo range. The vocal parts sing a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes. The piano part provides harmonic support with sustained notes and chords. The vocal parts enter in pairs, with one part singing a melodic line while the other provides harmonic support. The vocal parts sing a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes. The piano part provides harmonic support with sustained notes and chords. The vocal parts enter in pairs, with one part singing a melodic line while the other provides harmonic support.

304 ALLEGRETTO MODERATO.
SEMPRE PIANO.

DEAD MARCH. L. M., or L. M. Six lines.

Handel.

1. Un - veil thy bo - som, faith - ful tomb; Take this new treas - ure to thy trust, And give these sa - cred rel - ics room
SOLO. **TUTTI.**

2. Nor pain, nor grief, nor anx - ious fear, In - vade thy - bounds: no mor - tal woes Can reach the peace - ful sleep - er here,
SOLO. **TUTTI.**

3. So Je - sus slept; God's dy - ing Son Pass'd through the grave, and blest the bed: Rest here, blest saint, till from his throne
To slum - ber in the si - lent dust,— And give these sa - cred rel - ics room To slum - ber in the si - lent dust. 2.
SOLO. **TUTTI.**

While an - gels watch the soft re - pose.—Nor pain, nor grief, nor mor - tal woes,—While an - - gels watch the soft re - - pose. 3.
SOLO. **TUTTI.**

The morn - ing break, and pierce the shade;—Rest here, blest saint, till from his throne The morn - ing break, and pierce the shade. 4.

DEAD MARCH. Continued.

305

4. Break from his throne, il - - lus - trious morn; At - - tend, O earth! his sov - 'reign word; Re - store thy trust; a glo - rious form
Shall then a - rise to meet the Lord;—Re - store thy trust; a glo - rious form Shall then a - rise to meet the Lord.

306 ANDANTE.

OUR HELP IS IN THE NAME OF THE LORD.

Sentence.
TENOR.

SOLO. Tenor or Treble without repetition: — if repeated, 1st time Treble, 2d time Tenor.

Blessed be the

who made

Our help is in the name of the Lord; our help is in the name of the Lord, who made heaven, heaven and earth. Blessed be the name of the Lord from

Blessed be the name of the

name of the Lord from this time forth for ev - er, ev - - er more;

P. F.

this time forth for ev - - - - - er more; for ever, ever, ev - - er more; And let all the peo - ple say, A - - men, A - - men.

P. F.

Lord from this time forth for ev-er more, for ev - er more, for ev - - er more;

ALLEGRO MODERATO.
TREBLE VOICE.

COME, YE DISCONSOLATE. Anthem. S. Webbe. **307**

1 Come, ye dis - con - so - late, Wher - - e'er you lan - - guish, Come at the shrine of God, fer - vent - ly kneel,

ORGAN OR PIANO FORTE.

2 Joy - of the - com - fort - less, light - - of - - the stray - - ing, Hope, when all oth - ers die, fade - less and pure,

1 Here bring your wounded hearts, here tell your an - guish; Earth - has no sor - - row that Heav'n can - not heal.

2 Here speaks the - - com - fort - er in - God's name - - say - ing: Earth - - has no sor - - row that Heav'n can - not cure

TENOR. CHORUS.

2d. TREBLE. MF

1 Here bring your woun - ded hearts, here tell your an - guish; Earth - - has no sor - - row that Heav'n can - not heal.

1st. TREBLE.

D: CP.

BASS.

2 Here speaks the com - fort - er in God's name say - ing: Earth - - has no sor - - row that Heav'n can - not cure. FINE.

BARTOL. 8's & 7's. Two Stanzas. Hymn, or short Anthem; Doxology.

Lord, dis-miss us with thy bless-ing, Hope and com-fort from a - bove; Let us each, thy peace possess-ing, Tri-umph in re-deem-ing love.

Thanks we give, and ad - o - ra - tion, For thy gos-pel's joy - ful sound; May the fruits of thy sal - va - tion In our hearts and lives a - bound.

ALLEGRO.

SING HALLELUJAH.

Anthem.

P. M.

Doxology.

309

1. Sing hal - le - lu - jah, to the Lord! Sing with a cheerful voice; Ex - alt our God with one ac - cord, And in his name re - - joice; Ne'er cease to sing, thon ran - sem'd

2. There we to all e - ter - ni - ty, Shall join th'angelic lays, And sing in per - fect har - mo - ny, To God our Sav - iour's praise; He hath re - deem'd us - by his -

UNISON.

BASE & TENOR may repeat the Solo.

TUTTI. F.

1. host, To Fath - er, Son, And Ho - ly Ghost, Till in the realms of end - less light, Your praises shall u - nite, Your praises shall n - - nite.

TUTTI. F.

2 blood, And made - us - kings and priests - to - God; For us, for us - the Lamb was slain, Praise ye the Lord, A - men, Praise ye the Lord, A - - men

Musical score for "Chester" in G clef, common time, key signature one sharp. The score consists of two staves. The top staff uses a soprano C-clef, and the bottom staff uses an alto C-clef. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. The vocal line includes lyrics in some measures. The piano accompaniment is indicated by a bass line and a treble line with various dynamic markings like 'p' (piano) and 'f' (forte). The score is numbered 310 and includes the tempo "ALLEGRO".

Let the high heav'ns your songs - in - - vite, Those spa - cious fields of -- bril - - liant -- light;

Where sun and moon and - plan - - ets roll, And stars - - - that glow - - from pole - to -- pole.

ALLEGRO MODERATO.

FROM GREENLAND'S JOY MOUNTAINS.

7's & 6's.

An original Composition.

311

1. From Greenland's icy mountains, From In - dia's co - ral strand; Where Af - ric's sun - ny fountains, Roll down their gold - en sand;
2. What though the spl - ey bree - zes, Blow soft o'er Ceylon's isle; Though ev' - ry pros - pect plea - ses, And on - ly man is vile.
3. Shall we, whose souls are light - ed, By wis - dom from on high, Shall we to men be - night - ed, The lamp of life de - ny?
4. Wast, wast ye winds, his sto - ry; And you, ye wa - ters roll, Till like a sea of glo - ry, It spreads from pole to pole;

1. From many an an - cient riv - - er, From many a pal - my plain, They call us to de - liv - er, Their land from er - - ror's chain.
2. In vain with lav - ish kind - ness, The gifts of God are strown; The hea - then in his blind - ness, Bows down to wood and stone.
3. SAL - VA - TION, O SAL - VA - TION. The joy - ful sound pro - claim Till earth's ie - mo - test na - tion, Has learnt Mes - si - ah's name.
4. Till o'er our ransom'd na - ture, The Lamb for sin - ners slain, RE - DEEMER, KING, CAE - A - TOR, Re - turns in bliss to reign.

WATCHMAN! TELL US OF THE NIGHT. *An original Anthem.*

1 Watchman! tell us tell us of the night, tell us What its signs of promise are;

2 Watchman! tell us, tell us of the night, tell us, Higher yet that star as - cends,

UNISON.

3 Watchman! tell us, tell us of the night, tell us for the morning seems to dawn.

SOLO.

CHORUS. M F

1 Trav' - ller! o'er yon mountain's height, See that glo - ry beaming star! Watchman! Watchman!

2 Trav' - ller! blessed - ness and light, Peace and truth its course at - tend! Watchman! Watchman!

SOLO.

3 Trav'ller! darkness - takes its flight, Doubt and terror are withdrawn! Watchman! Watchman!

M F

ANTHEM. Continued.

313

ANTHEM. SOLO.

1 does its beauteous ray, Aught of hope or joy foretell? Trav'ller! yes: it brings the day, Promis'd day of Is - ra - el!

2 will its beams alone, Gild the spot that gave them birth? Trav'ller! ages are its own, See! it bursts o'er all the earth.

3 let thy wand'rings cease, Hie thee to thy qui - et home! Trav'ller! Lo! the Prince of Peace, Lo! the Son of God is come!

CHORUS.

1 Trav'ller! Trav'ller! yes it brings the day, Promis'd day of Is - ra - - - el! Promis'd day of Is - ra - - - el!

2 Trav'ller! Trav'ller! a - ges are its own, See it bursts o'er all the earth, See it bursts o'er all the earth

3 Trav'ller! Trav'ller! Lo! the Prince of Peace, Lo! the Son of God is come! Lo! the Son of God is come!

1 Trav'ller! yes: it brings the day— Prom - is'd day of Is - - - ra - - - el!

2 Trav'ller! a - - ges are its own, See it bursts o'er all the earth.

3 Trav'ller! Lo! the Prince of Peace, Lo! the Son of God is come.

UNISON.

MODERATO.

KENSINGTON. 6's. Doxology.

Once more before we part, Bless the Re - deemer's name; Let ev'ry tongue and heart, Praise and adore his name,

ALLEGRO.

NEW AMSTERDAM. 7's & 6's.

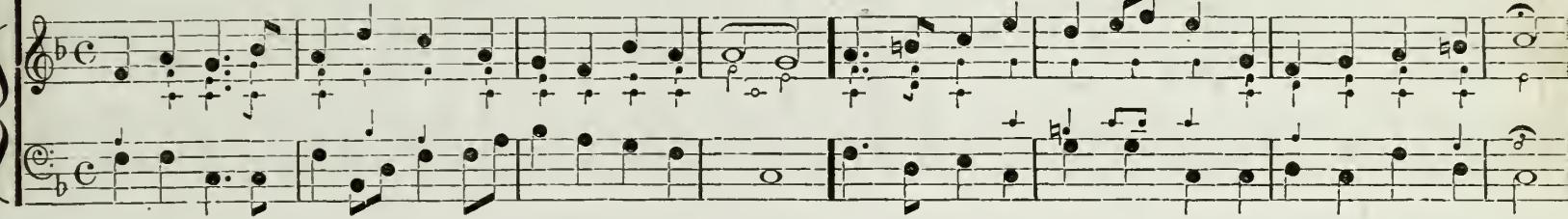
From the American Harp.

315



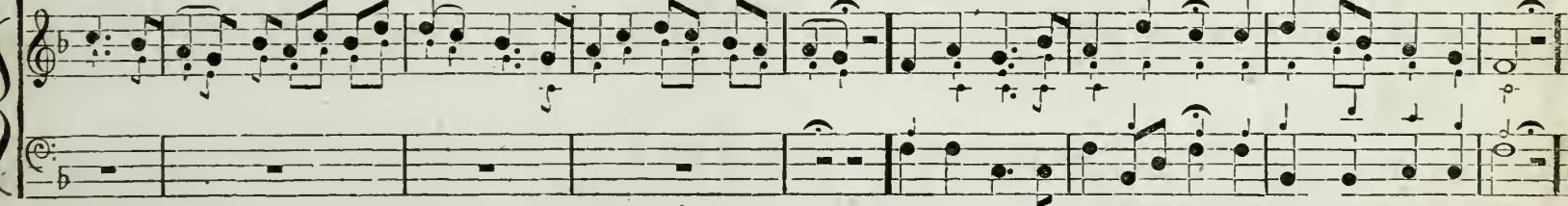
Rise my soul, stretch out thy wings, Thy bet - ter portion trace;

Rise from tran - si - - to - ry things Tow'rd's heav'n thy na - tive place.



Sun and moon and stars de - - cay, Time shall soon this earth re - move;

Rise my soul and haste a - way, To seats pre - par'd above.



Remark. When sung as a select piece, the second part may be repeated

The festival HALLELUJAH. Anthem.

The musical score consists of six staves of music. The top two staves are in common time, common key, and feature eighth-note patterns. The third staff is labeled 'UNISON.' and shows a sustained note pattern. The bottom two staves are also in common time and common key, with eighth-note patterns. The last staff is labeled 'UNISON.' and shows a sustained note pattern. The music concludes with a final dynamic marking 'FF' (fortissimo).

Hal - le - lu - jah, Hal - le - lu - jah, A - men. Halle - lu - jah, Halle - lu - jah, Halle - lu - jah, A - men. Hal - le - lu - jah,

UNISON.

Hal - le - lu - jah, Amen, Hal - le - lu - jah, Hal - le - lu - jah, Hal - le - lu - jah A - - men. Hal - le - lu - jah, Hal - le - lu - jah to the

UNISON.

FF

ANTHEM. Continued.

317

Musical score for the first part of the anthem, featuring three staves. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff an alto clef, and the bottom staff a bass clef. The key signature is one sharp. Measure 1 starts with eighth notes. Measures 2-3 show a transition with dynamics F and FF. The lyrics "God of Is - ra - el, We will praise him ev - er more, Hal - le - lu - jah, Hal - le - - lu - jah, A - men." are written below the staff. Measure 4 concludes with a forte dynamic. The middle staff has a dynamic F UNISON. The bottom staff ends with a dynamic #p.

Musical score for the second part of the anthem, continuing from the previous page. It features three staves. The top staff begins with eighth notes. Measures 2-3 show a transition with dynamics F and FF. The lyrics "We will praise him ev - er more, Hal - le - lujah, Hal - le - lu - jah, A - - - men, For the Lord of hosts, the Lord is with" are written below the staff. Measure 4 concludes with a piano dynamic p. The middle staff has a dynamic F UNISON. The bottom staff ends with a dynamic p.

Piu Allegro.

F MP

us, his mer - cy en - du - reth for - ev - er. O clap your hands, all ye people, for this God is our

Piu Allegro.

F MP

UNISON.

Tempo 1 mo.

CRESCD. FF F

God for - ev - - er, for - ev - er and ev - - - - er, Hal - le - lu - jah, Hal - le - lu - jah A - men.

Tempo 1 mo.

CRESCL. FF F

UNISON.

ANTHEM. Continued.

An Anthem for Temperance Meetings may
be found in the American Harp.

319

Hal-le - lu-jah, hal - le - lujah, hal - le - lujah, A - men, A - men, A-men, Amen, A-men.

ALLEGRETTO.
DUETTO.

TIME IS WINGING US AWAY. Anthem.

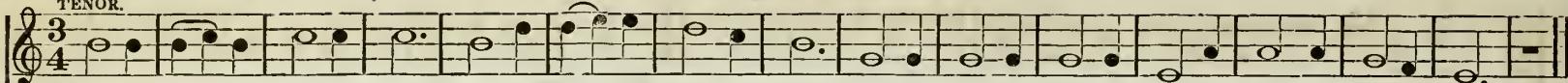
Flight of Time.

2d. TREBLE.

Time is wing-ing us - a - way, To our - e - ter - - nal home; - - - Life is - but - a - win - ter's day, A jour - ney to the tomb.

1st. TREBLE.

ANTHEM. Continued.



Youth and vig - or soon will flee, Blooming beau - ty lose its charms; All that's mor - tal soon shall be En - clos'd in death's cold arms.

Musical score for Tenor and Bass parts, 3/4 time. The Tenor part is in the top staff and the Bass part is in the bottom staff. The music consists of two staves of musical notation.

DUETTO.



Time is - wing - ing us - a - way, To our - e - ter - nal home; - Life - is but - a win - ters day, A jour - ney to the tomb.

TENOR.

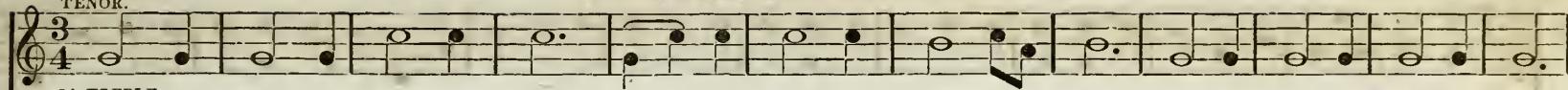


* ORGAN, only the last Staff or Line.

CHORUS.
TENOR.

ANTHEM. Continued.

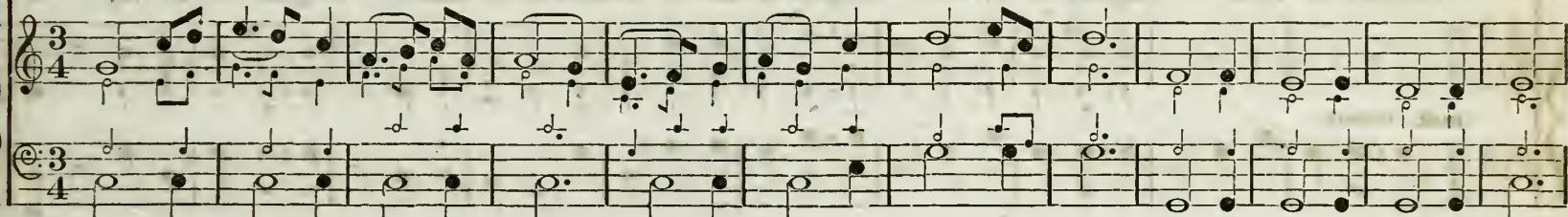
321



2d. TREBLE.



But the Christian shall en - - - joy, Health and beau - ty soon, a - - - bove, Far be - yond the world's a - - - loy,



Far , be - - yond the world's al - - loy, Se - - cure in Je - - sus's love, Se - - cure in Je - - - sus's love. - - -



41

DAUGHTER OF ZION. Anthem.

The musical score consists of six staves of music. The first two staves are for 'FOR.' voices, the next two for 'FOR. UNISON.', and the last two for 'UNISON.' voices. The music is in common time, with a key signature of one sharp. The vocal parts are accompanied by a piano or organ part, indicated by the bass clef and note heads on the bottom staff. The lyrics are: 'Daughter of Zion, daughter of Zi-on, daughter of Zi-on awake from thy sadness, daughter of Zi-on, a - wake - from thy sadness, a - wake, for thy foes shall op - press thee no more, no more, shall oppress thee no more.'

FOR.

FOR. UNISON.

UNISON.

ANTHEM. Continued.

323

Bright o'er thy hills - dawns the day star of - gladness, A -- rise! - a - - rise! - for the night, the night - of thy sor - row is

o'er; - Daughter of Zi - on, a - wake - from thy sadness, a - wake for thy foes shall oppress thee no more.

ANTHEM. Continued.

F. TUTTI. PIA.

Strong were thy foes, but the arm that subdu'd them, And scatter'd their legions were mighti - er far; They fled like the chaff - from the scourge that purs'd them

F. TUTTI. PIA.

ORGAN. 8va.

F. FOR.

Vain were their steeds and their chari - ots of war; Daughter of Zi - on awake - - from thy sadness, Awake, for thy foes shall oppress thee no more.

FOR. F. UNISON.

ORGAN. 8va.

ANTHEM. Continued.

325

Daughter of Zi - on, the pow'r that hath sav'd thee, Ex - toll'd with the harp, and the timbrel should be; - Shout! shout! shout! - -

shout for the foe is destroy'd that enslav'd thee, Th'oppressor is vanquish'd and Zi - on is free. Daughter of Zi - on

daughter of Zi-on, daughter of Zi-on, awake from thy sadness, daughter of Zi-on, a - wake - from thy sadness, a -
UNISON.

- - wake, a - wake, a - wake for thy foes shall op - press thee no more, no - - more, no - - more
FINE.

ALLEGRO.

THE LORD WILL COMFORT ZION. Sentence.

327

SOL. 4.

TUTTI.

The Lord will comfort Zi - on, he will comfort her waste pla - ces, and make her like E - den, like the garden of the Lord, And make her like Eden, like the

SOLO.

TUTTI.

gar - den of the Lord,— Joy and glad-ness— Joy and glad-ness— Joy and glad-ness shall be found there - in; - - Thanks-giv -ing, Thanks-

Joy and gladness— Joy and gladness—

Joy and glad-ness shall be found there - in; - - Thanks-giv-ing, Thanks-

8

-

giv-ing, and the voice of me - lo - dy, and the voice - - - of - me - - - lo - dy. - -

May be repeated.

TALLIS'S CHANT. 8, 6, & 5.

M #

Verses 3 and 5.—At Im - man - u - el's birth —

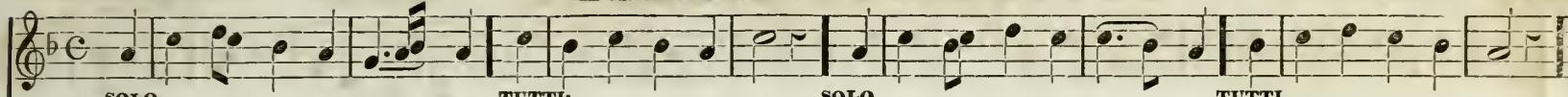
ALLEGRETTO.

MARGATE. 7 & 6.

M #

C. Lockhart.

329



From eve - ry earth-ly pleas - ure, From eve - ry tran-sient joy, From eve - ry mor-tal treas - ure That soon will fade and die;

No lon - ger these de - sir - ing, Up-ward our wish - es tend, To no - bler bliss as - pir - - ing, And joys that nev - er end.

Musical score for "Go Forth, Ye Herald's" featuring four staves of music. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. It includes dynamics like MF, P., CRESC., and CRESC. The lyrics "Go forth, ye her - ald's in - my name, Sweet - ly the gos - pel trump - et sound; The glo - rious Ju - bi - lee pro - claim," are written below the notes. The second staff starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. It includes dynamics like UN POCO ALLEGRETTO, MF, P., CRESC., and UNISON. CRESC. The third staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. The fourth staff begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature.

Continuation of the musical score for "Go Forth, Ye Herald's". The top staff continues with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. It features dynamics P., F, and P. The lyrics "Where'er the hu - man race is found, The glorious Ju - bilee pro - claim, The glorious Ju - bilee proclaim, Where'er the hu - man race is found." are written below the notes. The bottom staff continues with a bass clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. It features dynamics F. and P.

ANTHEM. Continued.

331

The joy - ful news to all im - part, And teach them where sal - va - tion lies; With care bind up the brok - en heart, And wipe the

SOLO. SEMPRE LEGATO.
ORGAN.

DECRES. MF. DECRESC.

tears . . . from weep . . . ing eyes, . . . and wipe . . . the tears . . . from weep . . . ing eyes, . . .

and wipe the tears from weeping eyes, . . . and wipe, and wipe the tears, the tears from &c.

DECRES.

ANTHEM. Continued.



Be wise as - ser - - pents where you go, But harm - less as the peace - ful dove; And - let - your heav'n taught con - duct show,

Continuation of the musical score. The top staff continues with a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The bottom staff starts with a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. A dynamic marking 'pp.' (pianissimo) is placed above the bottom staff. The music includes various note heads, stems, and rests.

That your're commis - sion'd from a - - above, - - That you're com - mis - sion'd from - - - - a - - above. - - -

Final section of the musical score. The top staff starts with a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The bottom staff starts with a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The music includes various note heads, stems, and rests. A 'DA CAPO' instruction is located at the end of the staff.

ALLEGRO.

MAJESTY. C. M. M # Two Stanzas. W. Billings. Hymn or Short Anthem. 333

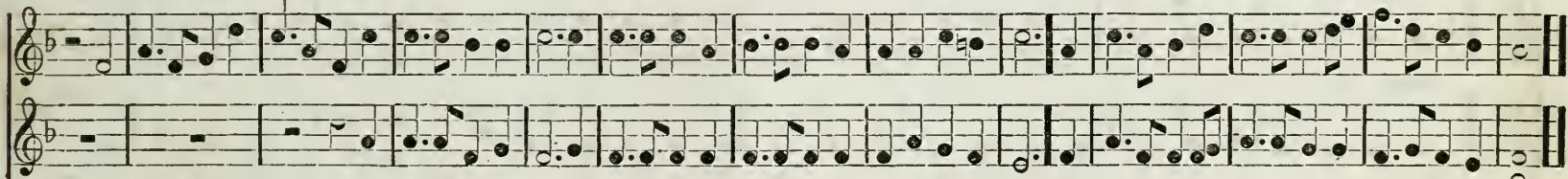
With Alterations.



The - Lord de - scend - ed from a - bove, And bow'd the heav'ns most high; And un - der - neath his feet - he - cast the dark - - - - ness of - the sky.

Musical notation for the second stanza of 'Majesty'. The music continues in common time, key signature one sharp (M#), across two staves. The top staff uses a soprano C-clef, and the bottom staff uses an alto C-clef. The melody remains consistent with the first stanza's musical style.

SECOND STANZA.



On cheru - bim and ser - a - phim, Full roy - al - ly he rode, And on the wings of mighty winds Came flying all a - broad, And on the wings of migh - ty winds Came flying all a - broad.

Musical notation for the end of the second stanza of 'Majesty'. The music continues in common time, key signature one sharp (M#), across two staves. The top staff uses a soprano C-clef, and the bottom staff uses an alto C-clef. The melody concludes with a final series of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

334 ALLEGRO MODERATO.

NEW YEAR'S ODE.*

Sevens, Eight Lines.

Music by S. Webbe. •
The original composition.

Musical score for New Year's Ode, measures 1-4. The score consists of three staves. The top staff starts with dynamic **P.**, followed by **CRESC.** and **DECRES.**. The middle staff starts with **P.**, followed by **CRESC.** and **DECRES.**. The bottom staff starts with **P.**, followed by **CRESC.** and **DECRES.**. The lyrics for this section are: "While with ceaseless course the sun, Has - ted through the for - mer year; Ma - ny souls their race have run, Nev - er more to meet us here."

TUTTI the 2d Time.

Musical score for New Year's Ode, measures 5-8. The score consists of three staves. The top staff is labeled **TUTTI**. The middle staff is labeled **SOLO**. The bottom staff is labeled **SOLO**. The lyrics for this section are: "Fixt in an e - - ter - nal state, They have done with all be - low, We a lit - tle lon - ger wait, But how lit - tle, none can know." The score concludes with **FINE.**

* Words by Rev Mr. Newton, Rector of St. Mary's, London.

NEW YEAR'S ODE.

2. As the winged arrow flies
Speedily the mark to find;
As the light'ning from the skies
Darts, and leaves no trace behind.
Swiftly thus our fleeting days
Bear us down life's rapid stream;
Upwards, Lord, our spirits raise,
All below is but a dream.

Continued.

335

3. Thanks, for mercies past, receive,
Pardon of our sins renew;
Teach us henceforth how to live,
With eternity in view.
Bless thy word to young and old,
Fill us with a Savior's love;
And when life's short tale is told,
May we dwell with thee above.

ALLEGRETTO
MODERATO.

SHOUT THE GLAD TIDINGS.

Anthem or Hymn 10' & 11'
CHRISTMAS ANTHEM.

Avison.
With small alterations.

The musical score consists of four staves of music. The first two staves are in common time (indicated by '6') and the last two are in common time (indicated by '8'). The key signature is G major (one sharp). The vocal line is in common time throughout. The lyrics are: "Shout the glad tid - ings, ex - - ult - ing - ly sing, Je - - ru - sa - lem tri - umphs Mes - - si - - ah is king." The music includes various note values such as eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. The vocal part is supported by a harmonic bass line.

Zi - on the mar - vel - lous sto - ry be tell - ing, The son of the high - est how low - ly his birth; The

bright - est Arch - an - gel, in Glo - ry ex - cel - ling, He stoops to re - deem thee, he reigns up - on earth,

ANTHEM. Continued.

337

Shout the glad tidings ex - ult - ing - ly sing, Je - ru - sa - lem triumphs Mes - si - ah is King. Shout the glad ti - dings, ex -

F

ult - ing - ly sing, Je - ru - sa - lem triumphs Mes - si - ah is King, Mes - si - ah is King, Mes - si - ah is King.

FF

43

338

DUETTO ALLEGRETTO.
ALTO OR 2D. TREBLE.

NEW HAMPSHIRE. Hymn 8's. & 7's. or an Anthem

FOR CHRISTMAS DAY.

ORGAN.

H Y M N. Continued.

339

1 hymns of joy, - Glo - - ry in the high - est-glo - - ry! Glo - - ry be to God most high!

2. taste his joy, - Till in heav'n ye sing be - fore . him, Glo - - ry be to God most high!

CHORUS.

TUTTI.

TENOR.

1. Glo - ry in the high - est-glo - - ry! Glo - - ry be to God most high! Glo - - ry be to God most high!

2d. TREBLE.

2. Till in heav'n ye sing be - fore him, Glo - - ry be to God most high! Glo - - ry be to God most high!

BASS.

340

ANDANTE MAESTOSO.
TENORE principale.

DENMARK. L. M.

A Hymn.
For three or four voices.

Dr. Madan.



Be - - fore Je - - ho - vah's aw - - ful throne, Ye na - tions bow with - sa - cred - joy;

TREBLE.

v. s.

Know that the Lord is God a - - lone, He can cre - - ate, - and he de - stroy, He can cre - ate, - and he destroy.

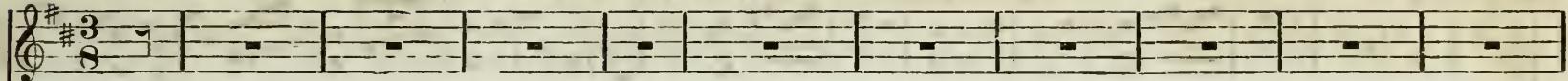
v. s.

ANDANTE.

DENMARK.

Continued.

341

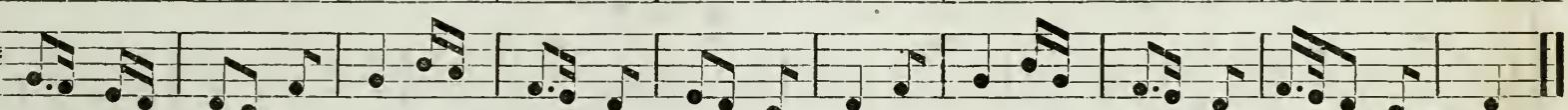


2d. TREBLE, or ALTO.



His sov'-reign pow'r with - out - our aid, Made us of clay, and form'd us men: And when like wand'ring

TRIO.



sheep - we stray'd, He brought us - to - his fold - a - gain, He brought us to - his fold - a - - gain.



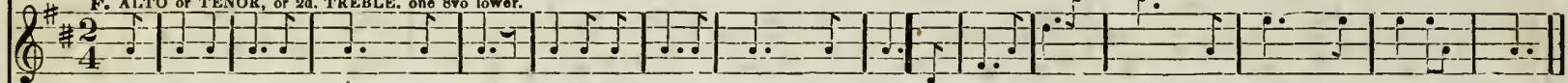
DENMARK.

Continued.

TENOR.



F. ALTO or TENOR, or 2d. TREBLE. one 8vo lower.



We'll crowd thy gates with thank - ful songs High as the heav'ns our voi - ces raise; And earth, and earth with her ten thou - sand, thousand tongues,

Musical score for F. part, Allegretto tempo, 2/4 time, key of F major. The score consists of two staves of music. The top staff starts with a dotted half note followed by eighth notes. The bottom staff starts with a dotted half note followed by eighth notes.

F. UNISON.

Musical score for V. S. part, Allegretto tempo, 2/4 time, key of F major. The score consists of two staves of music. The top staff starts with a dotted half note followed by eighth notes. The bottom staff starts with a dotted half note followed by eighth notes.

V. S.

Shall fill thy courts with sound - ing praise, Shall fill thy courts with sound - ing praise, Shall fill thy courts with sound - ing praise.

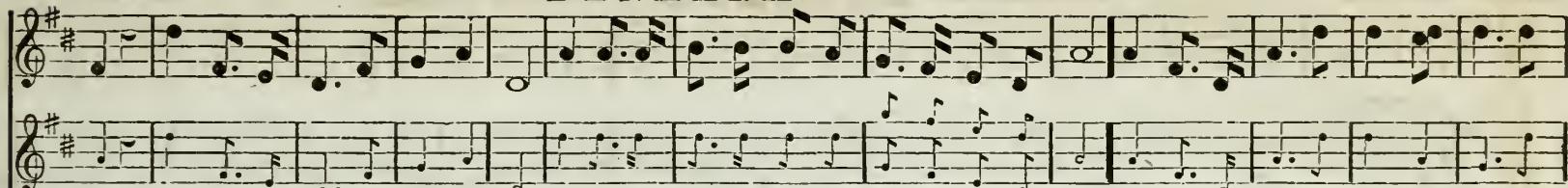
Musical score for V. S. part, Allegretto tempo, 2/4 time, key of F major. The score consists of two staves of music. The top staff starts with a dotted half note followed by eighth notes. The bottom staff starts with a dotted half note followed by eighth notes.

MF. F. MF. F. MF. F. UNISON. V. S.

ALLEGRO.

DENMARK. Continued.

343



Wide, wide as the world is thy command, Vast as e - ter - ni - ty, e - ter - ni - ty thy love; Firm as a rock thy truth must stand, When

UNISON.

UNISON.

FINE.



roll - ing years shall cease to move, shall cease to move, When rolling years shall cease to move, When roll - ing years shall cease to move.

FINE.



344 DUETTO.

Addition to DENMARK. Third Stanza.

2d. TREBLE.

We are his peo - ple, we - his care, - Our souls, - and all - our mor - tal frame: What last - ing hon - ors shall - we rear, Al - migh - ty Ma - ker,

ORGAN.

Almighty, Almigh - ty Ma - ker, to - thy name? Almighty Ma - ker, Almighty Ma - ker, Al - migh - ty Ma - ker to / thy name.

Al - migh - ty Mak - er, Almigh - ty Ma - ker,

* page: 342; We'll crowd thy gate.

ALLEGRO MODERATO. HARK! HOW THE WATCHMEN CRY. Sentence.

345

MP. MF. CRESC: MF.
Hark! bark! how the watchmen cry, At - tend the trumpets sound; Stand to your arms, the foe is nigh, The pow'rs of hell sur - round. Who bow to Christ's command, Your
MP. MF. CRESC: F. MF.
arms and hearts pre - pare: The day of bat - tle is at hand, The day of bat - tle is at hand, Go forth to glo - rious war, - - Go forth to glo - rious war.

F.
44

346 ALLEGRO.

DOOMSDAY.

8's. & 4. or L. M.

M #

Hymn,
Or Short Anthem.

8's. & 4. Hark! hark! the gos - - pel trump - et sounds, Through earth - and - heav'n the ec - - - ho bounds;

L. M. Come hith - er, - - all ye - - wea - ry souls, Ye hea - - vy lad - - en sin - - ners, come;

Pardon and peace by Je - - sus' blood, Sinners are re - con - cil'd to God, By grace di - vine.

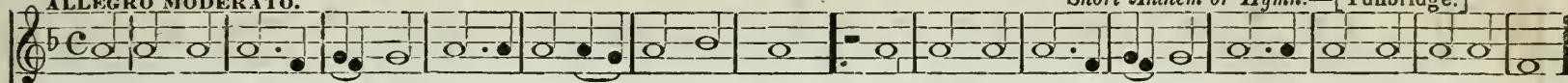
I'll give you rest from all your toils, And raise you to - my heav'nly home Amen, Amen

WITH RESTLESS AGITATION. C. M. Two Stanzas.

ALLEGRO MODERATO.

Kimball.
Short Anthem or Hymn.—[Tunbridge.]

347



With rest - less a - gi - ta - tion tost, - And low - immersed in - - woes; - - When shall my wild - dis - temper'd thoughts, Regain - their lost re - pose.

Musical score for the first stanza, measures 9-16. The vocal line continues with eighth and sixteenth note patterns. The key signature changes to one sharp (F# major) around measure 12.

Musical score for the second stanza, measures 1-8. The vocal line begins with eighth notes. The key signature changes to one flat (E major) around measure 5.

Be -neath the deep op - pres-sive gloom, My lan-guid spir - its fade, And all - the - droop-ing pow'rs - of - - life, De - cline - - to - death's cold shade.

Musical score for the second stanza, measures 9-16. The vocal line continues with eighth and sixteenth note patterns. The key signature changes back to common (no sharps or flats) around measure 13.

Anthem, may be repeated

348

UN POCO ALLEGRETTO.

PEARL STREET. 5's. & 6's.

M #

Hymn or Short Anthem.

The foun - tain of Christ, Lord help us to sing, The blood of our Priest, Our cru - ci - fied King.

Here's strength for the weak - ly, That hith - er are led, Here's health for the sick - ly, And life for the dead.

Anthem. The second part may be repeated

ALLEGRO.

ALL YE ON EARTH.

P. M.

M#

6's 8's & 4.

Short Anthem.
Or Hymn.

349

SOLO.

TUTTI.

Musical score for 'All Ye on Earth' featuring three staves. The top staff is for solo voices, indicated by a bracket below it. The middle staff is for the tutti section, indicated by a bracket above it. The bottom staff is for the basso continuo, indicated by a bracket to its left. The music consists of measures in common time, mostly in G major (indicated by a 'G' with a sharp sign) or C major (indicated by a 'C'). The vocal parts sing in three-part harmony. The basso continuo part provides harmonic support with sustained notes and bassoon entries. The tutti section joins in during the second half of the piece.

CODA.

Coda for 'All Ye on Earth'. The music continues with three staves. The top staff concludes with a final cadence. The middle staff ends with a forte dynamic. The bottom staff concludes with a final cadence. The lyrics in the coda are:

He ever is the same,
By earth and heav'n con-fest,
Then bow and bless the sacred name,
For - ev - er blest.
A - men.

HYMN FINE.

May be repeated.

350

ALLEGRO. THE HILL OF ZION YIELDS. S. M. Two Stanzas. M

A. Hymn.
Or short Anthem.

The musical score consists of three staves of music in common time, treble clef, and A major. The first two staves are identical, while the third staff provides harmonic support. The lyrics are integrated with the music, appearing below the notes.

The hill of Zi - on yields, A thou-sand sa - cred sweets, Be - fore we reach the heav'ly fields, Or - walk the - golden streets.

Then let our songs a - bound,

Then let our songs a - bound, And eve-ry tear - be-dry; We're marching through Emanuel's ground, To fairer worlds on high.

Then let our songs a - bound, And eve-ry tear be dry; We're &c.

If used as an Anthem, the second part may be repeated.

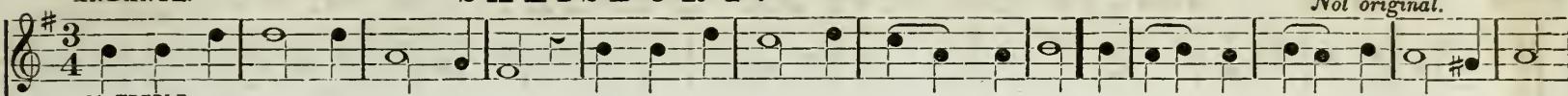
ANDANTE.

SALISBURY. L. M.

M #

I. Haydn.
Not original.

351



2d. TREBLE.

Lord, thou hast known my in - most mind, Thou dost my path - and bed - - inclose; My wak - ing soul - on thee re - lies,

On thee - my sleep -ing thoughts repose: Where from thy presence can - I fly? Lord, ev - er pres - ent, ev - er nigh.

May be repeated.

Be - fore the ro - sy - dawn of - - day, To thee my God I'll sing; A - wake my soft and - tune - ful lyre, A-wake each charming string.

A - wake, and let thy flow-ing streams, Glide through the midnight air; While - high a - midst - her si - - lent - orb, The sil - ver moon rolls clear.

May be repeated.

MAESTOSO.

THE LORD IS GREAT. P. M.

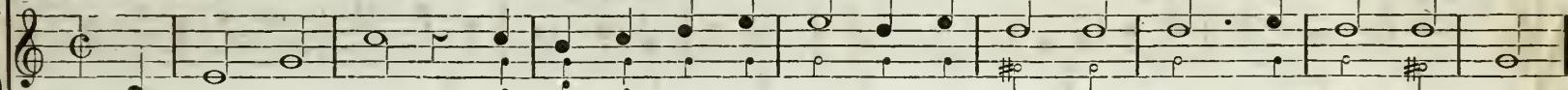
M #

A German Hymn.
With alterations.

353



1. The Lord is great! ye hosts of heav'n a - dore him, And ye who tread this earth - ly ball;



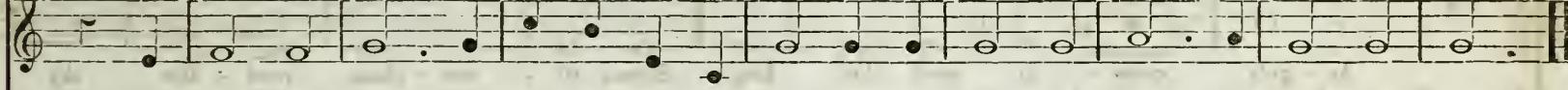
2. The Lord is great! his maj - es - ty how glorious! Resound his name from shore to shore;



3. The Lord is great! his mer - cy how a - bound - ing! Ye an - gel's strike your gold - en chords!



In ho - ly songs re - joice a - loud be - fore him, And shout his praise who made you all.



O'er sin and death, and hell now made vic - to - rious, He rules and reigns for ev - - er - - more.



O praise our God! with voice and harp re - sound - ing, The King of kings, and Lord of lords.

354 ALLEGRO.

GETHSEMANE.

7's. 8 lines, or 7's. 6 lines.

M #

Hymn.
Or Short Anthem

SOLO.

7's 6 lines. Je - sus is - gone up on high, An - gels come - to meet - their king;

SOLO.

7's 6 lines. Je - sus, Sav - - iour of my soul, Let - me to - thy bo - som fly;

TUTTI.

An - gels come - - to meet their king: Shouts tri - - um - phant rend - the sky,

TUTTI.

While - the - - rag - - ing bil - lows roll, While the tem - - pest still - is high;

HYMN. Continued.

355

While the victor's praise they sing; O - - pen now ye heav' - - nly gates,
All my trust on thee is stay'd; All my help from thee - - I bring,

SOLO. 2d. TREBLE. or TENOR.

TUTTI.

'Tis - the - King of glo - - ry - waits, 'Tis the King of glo - - ry waits.

SOLO.

TUTTI.

Cov - - er my de - - fence - less head, With the - shad - - ow of thy wing.

356 ALLEGRO MOLTO.

SILVER STREET. S. M.

M # I. Smith.
Hymn or Anthem, Altered.

Come, sound his praise a - broad, And hymn's of glo - ry - sing! Je - ho - vah - is - the sov' - reign - God, The u - ni - ver - sal king.

HYMN FINE.

Coda.—ANTHEM.

ANDANTE.

Praise ye the Lord! - Hal - le - lu - - jah, Praise ye the Lord! - - Hal - le - lu - jah, Hal - le - - lu - jah, Hal - le - lu - jah, Praise ye the Lord. . . .

VIVACE.

UNISON.

UNISON.

F

FF

FF

ALLEGRO ASSAI.

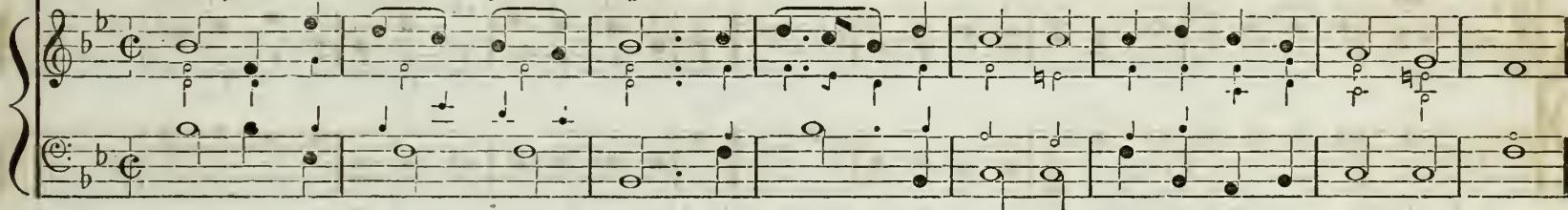
SUMMER STREET. S. M.

M #

357



Raise your tri - - um - - phant songs, To an - - im - mor - tal tune, To an im - mor - tal tune;



Let the wide earth re - sound the deeds, - Let the wide earth resound the deeds, Ce - les - - - - tial grace has done.



NATIONAL HYMN.

7's, 8's & 6's.

Or Duett for Two Trebles.

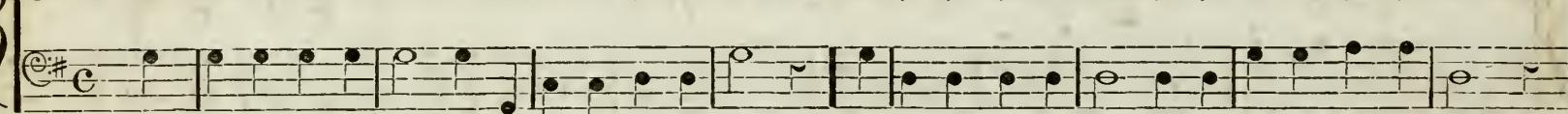


1. We come with joy and gladness, To breathe our songs of praise, Nor let one note of sad - ness, Be mingled in our lays;

2d. Treble.



2. The sound is waxing stronger, And throne's and nations hear, Proud man shall rule no long - er, For God the Lord is near.



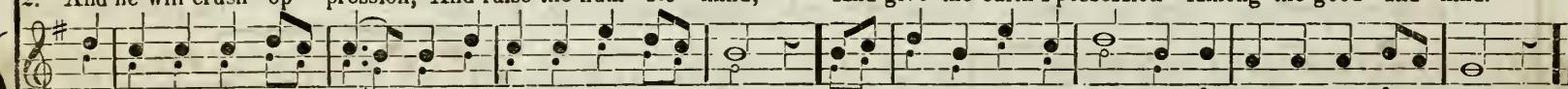
3. And then shall sink the mountains, Where pride and pow'r are crown'd, And peace like gentle fountains, Shall shed its pureness round.



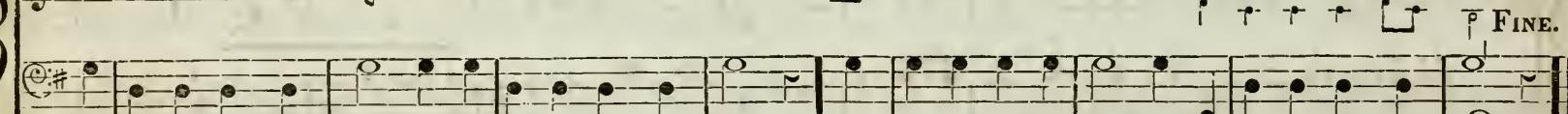
1. For 'tis a hallow'd sto - ry, This theme of freedom's birth; Our father's deeds of glo - ry Are echo'd round the earth.



2. And he will crush op - pression, And raise the hum - ble mind, And give the earth's possession Among the good and kind.



FINE.



3. O God we would a -- dore thee, And in thy sha - dow rest; Our fathers bow'd before thee, And trusted, and were blest.

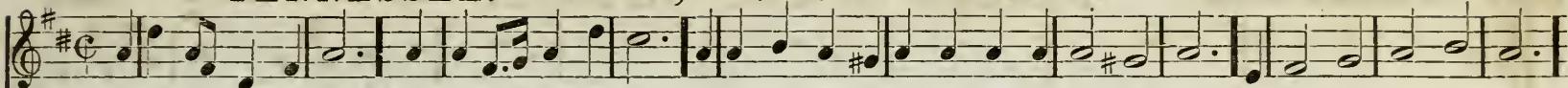


VIVACE.

TENNESSEE. P. M., (6's, 8's, & 4's.) or H. M.

Hymn or short Anthem.

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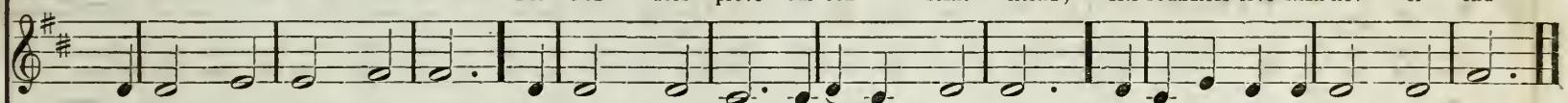
H. M.—To God, the might - y Lord, Your joy - ful thanks re-peat; To him due praise af-ford, As good as he is great.



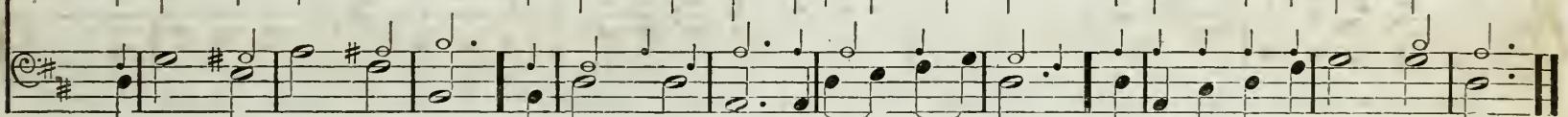
P. M.—1. The God of Abraham praise, Who reigns enthroned a - bove ; Ancient of ev - er-last - ing days, And God of love; Je - ho - vah, great I AM,



For God does prove our con - - - stant friend; His boundless love shall nev - er end



By earth and heaven con - fessed: I bow and bless the sa - - - cred name, For ev - er blest, For ev - - - er blest.



FALLEN IS THY THRONE.

For three voices.

Martini.

Musical score for Fallen Is Thy Throne, first system. The score consists of three staves. The top staff is in G clef, C major, common time. The middle staff is in G clef, C major, common time. The bottom staff is in C clef, F major, common time. The music begins with a series of rests followed by a melodic line. The lyrics are as follows:

1. Fall'n is thy throne, O Is - ra - el;
 2. Lord ! thou didst love Je - ru - sa - lem;
 3. "Go," said the Lord, "ye con - que - rors !

Si - lence is o'er thy plains; Thy dwellings all lie des - o - late,— Thy dwellings all lie des - o - late, Thy chil - dren weep in chains.
 Once she was all thy own; Her love thy fair - est her - it - age,— Her love thy fair - est her - it - age, Her power thy glo - ry's throne;

Musical score for Fallen Is Thy Throne, second system. The score consists of three staves. The top staff is in G clef, C major, common time. The middle staff is in G clef, C major, common time. The bottom staff is in C clef, F major, common time. The music continues with a melodic line. The lyrics are as follows:

Steep in her blood your swords, And raze to earth her bat - tle-ments,— And raze to earth her bat - tle-ments, For they are not the Lord's!

FALLEN IS THY THRONE. Continued.

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Where are the dews that fed thee On E-lim's barren shore?— On E-lim's barren shore? That fire from heav'n which led thee, — That
Till e - vil came, and blight - ed Thy long-loved olive tree, — Thy long-loved olive tree; And Salem's shrines were light-ed, — And

Till Zi - on's mourn-ful daugh - ter O'er kindred bones shall tread, — O'er kindred bones shall tread, And Hinnom's vale of slaughter, — And
On E - lim's bar - - - ren shore? —
Thy long-loved ol - - - live tree,
O'er kin - dred bones shall tread,

fire from heav'n which led thee, Now lights thy path no more, — Now lights thy path no more, — Now lights thy path no more.
Sa-lém's shrines were lighted For oth - er gods than Thee, — For oth - er gods than Thee, — For oth - er gods than Thee.

Hinnom's vale of slaughter Shall hide but half her dead, — Shall hide but half her dead, — Shall hide but half her dead.

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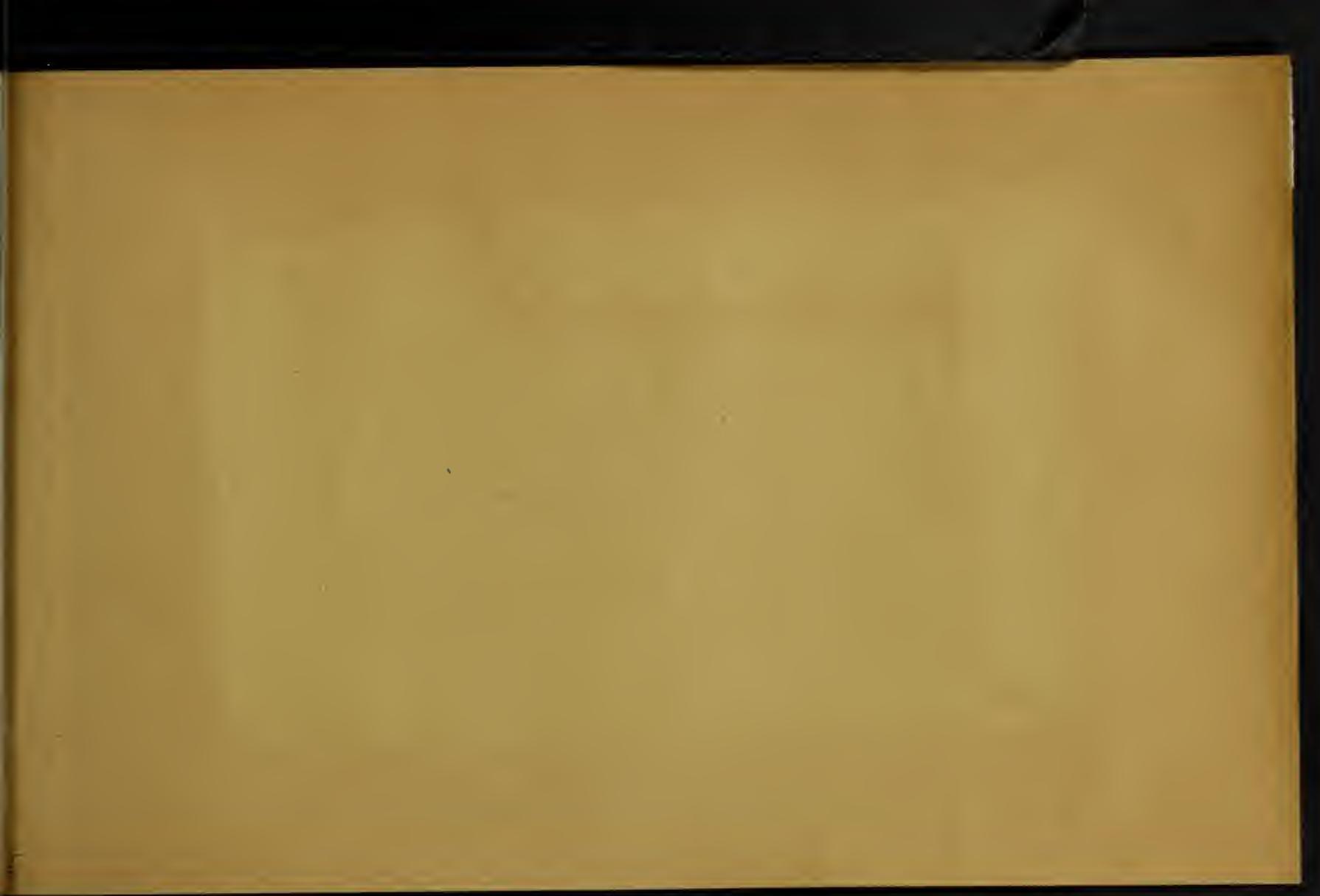
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