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GENEALOGY COLLECTION









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ANNUAL PROCEEDINGS

Pennsylbania Society
of
Sons of the Revolution

1911-1912

Ø

PHILADELPHIA, 1912

COMPILED BY THE SECRETARY

AND

PUBLISHED BY THE SOCIETY

July 28, 1912

1412772

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Object of the Society

T being evident, from a steady decline of a proper celebration of the National Holidays of the United States of America, that popular concern in the events and men of the War of the Revolution is gradually declining, and that such lack of interest is

attributable, not so much to the lapse of time and the rapidly increasing flood of immigration from foreign countries as to the neglect, on the part of descendants of Revolutionary heroes, to perform their duty in keeping before the public mind the memory of the services of their ancestors and of the times in which they lived: therefore, the Society of the Sons of the Revolution has been instituted to perpetuate the memory of the men who, in the military, naval and civil service of the Colonies and of the Continental Congress, by their acts or counsel, achieved the Independence of the country, and to further the proper celebration of the anniversaries of the birthday of Washington, and of prominent events connected with the War of the Revolution; to collect and secure for preservation the rolls, records and other documents relating to that period; to inspire the members of the Society with the patriotic spirit of their forefathers; and to promote the feeling of friendship among them.

General Society

(Organized at Washington, D. C., April 19, 1890)

Officers

1911-1914

General President
HON. EDMUND WETMORE
No. 34 Pine St., New York City, N. Y.

General Vice-President
JAMES MORTIMER MONTGOMERY
No. 102 Front St., New York City, N. Y.

General Second Vice-President Hon. John Wingate Weeks No. 60 Congress St., Boston, Mass.

General Secretary
Prof. WILLIAM LIBBEY
Princeton, N. J.

Assistant General Secretary
W. Hall Harris, Jr.
No. 216 St. Paul St., Baltimore, Md.

General Treasurer
RICHARD MCCALL CADWALADER
No. 133 S. 12th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Assistant General Treasurer
HENRY CADLE
Bethany, Mo.

General Chaplain
Rev. RANDOLPH HARRISON MCKIM, D.D.
Washington, D. C.

General Registrar
Hon. George Eltweed Pomeroy
Toledo, Ohio

General Historian
MARSHALL DELANCEY HAYWOOD
Raleigh, N. C.

Pennsylvania Society

Instituted April 3, 1888
Incorporated September 29, 1890

Founders

Oliber Christian Bosbyshell
George Horace Burgin
Herman Burgin
Richard McCall Cadwalader
* James Edward Carpenter
* Robert Porter Dechert
William Churchill Houston, Ir.
John Woolf Jordan
Josiah Granville Ceach
* Elon Dunbar Lockwood
Charles Marshall
Samuel Whitaker Pennypacker
John Biddle Porter
William Brooke-Kawle
* William Wayne

^{*} Deceased

Board of Managers

Chairman
Hon. Norris Stanley Barratt, LL.D.

Officers

President
RICHARD McCALL CADWALADER

Vice-Presidents

Hon. Samuel Whitaker Pennypacker, LL.D.

Hon. James Addams Beaver, LL.D.

Colonel Josiah Granville Leach

Hon. Charlemagne Tower, LL.D.

Brigadier General Louis Henry Carpenter, U. S. A. (Retired)

Secretary
Geo. Cuthbert Gillespie
203 Walnut Place, Philadelphia

Treasurer
HARROLD EDGAR GILLINGHAM
430 Walnut Street, Philadelphia

Registrar John Woolf Jordan, LL.D.

Historian
Hon. Norris Stanley Barratt, LL.D.

Chaplain
The Rev. George Woolsey Hodge, S.T.D.

Managers

Rev. Horace Edwin Hayden
Stanley Griswold Flagg, Jr.
Edward Stalker Sayres
James McCormick Lamberton
Edward Townsend Stotesbury
Hon. John Morin Scott
Alexander Wilson Russell, Jr.
Hon. William Sebring Kirkpatrick, LL.D.
William Innes Forbes

DELEGATES AND ALTERNATE DELEGATES

TO THE

General Society 1912-1913

Belegates

Samuel Davis Page
Ethan Allen Weaver
John Madison Taylor, M.D.
General Charles Maxwell Clement
John Armstrong Herman
Russell Duane
David Milne
Edgar Moore Green, M.D.
Adam Arbuckle Stull
Louis Childs Madeira
Frederick Schoff
Edwin Jaquett Sellers
Hon. Ernest Leigh Tustin
Frank Battles

Alternate Belegates

CLARENCE PAYNE FRANKLIN, M.D.
HON. FRANK MILLER RITER
WILLIAM COPELAND FURBER
EBEN BOYD WEITZELL
MEREDITH HANNA
WILLIAM CAMPBELL POSEY, M.D.
JOHN MORGAN ASH, JR.
OLIVER RANDOLPH PARRY
LEWIS NEILSON
MEIRS BUSCH
ALBERT PEPPER GERHARD
HENRY WARREN LITTLEFIELD
LOUIS BARCROFT RUNK
JENNINGS HOOD

Standing Committees

Ex-Officia Members of all Committees

RICHARD McCall Cadwalader, President of the Society
Hon. Norris Stanley Barratt, LL.D., Chairman Board of Managers

On Applications for Membership

Josiah Granville Leach, Chairman John Woolf Jordan, LL.D. Edward Stalker Sayres

On Equestrian Statue to Major General Anthony Wayne

EDWARD TOWNSEND STOTESBURY, Chairman
CHARLES LOUIS BORIE, JR.
THOMAS DE WITT CUYLER
JOSIAH GRANVILLE LEACH
CALEB JONES MILNE
HON. JAMES TYNDALE MITCHELL, LL.D.
RANDAL MORGAN
SAMUEL DAVIS PAGE
SAMUEL REA, D.SC.
EDWARD STALKER SAYRES, Secretary of Committee

On Landmarks of the Revolution, Monuments and Memorials

Hon. Norris Stanley Barratt, LL.D., Chairman
Frank Battles
John William Brock
Charles Carver
Charles Edmund Dana
Luther Curran Darte
Lincoln Godfrey
George DeBenneville Keim
Hon. John Morin Scott
Hon. Samuel Whitaker Pennypacker, LL.D.
Guillermo Colesberry Purves
Alexander Wilson Wister

On Annual Church Service

STANLEY GRISWOLD FLAGG, JR., Chairman The Rev. George Woolsey Hodge, S.T.D., Chaplain

On Celebration of Evacuation Bay

EDWARD STALKER SAYRES, Chairman

Color Guard

ORGANIZED OCTOBER 7, 1897

ALEXANDER WILSON RUSSELL, JR., Captain JOHN MORGAN ASH, JR. MATTHEW BAIRD, JR. PAUL HENRY BARNES, IR. DAVID KNICKERBACKER BOYD LAWRENCE VISSCHER BOYD JAMES DE WAELE COOKMAN SAMUEL BABCOCK CROWELL GEORGE ALEXANDER DAVISON STANLEY GRISWOLD FLAGG, JR. CLARENCE PAYNE FRANKLIN, M.D. CLINTON FRANKLIN, D.D.S. WILLIAM COPELAND FURBER HARROLD EDGAR GILLINGHAM WILLIAM PARTRIDGE GILPIN MEREDITH HANNA ALBERT HILL HENRY DOUGLAS HUGHES WILLIAM LEVERETT JACOB GILES MORRIS OLIVER RANDOLPH PARRY WILLIAM CAMPBELL POSEY, M.D. RALPH CURRIER PUTNAM FRANK MILLER RITER Frank Earle Schermerhorn LEAROYD SILVESTER JOSEPH ALLISON STEINMETZ JAMES THORINGTON, M.D. OGDEN DUNGAN WILKINSON

Officers and Managers

OF THE

PENNSYLVANIA SOCIETY FROM ITS ORGANIZATION April 3, 1888

Chairmen of the Board of Managers

Electe	d	Retired		
1888	*JAMES EDWARD CARPENTER	1901		
1901	*Charles Henry Jones	1911		
1912	Hon. Norris Stanley Barratt, LL.D.			
	Officers			
000	Presidents			
	*WILLIAM WAYNE	1901		
1901	RICHARD McCall Cadwalader			
	Vice-Presidents			
1888	RICHARD McCall Cadwalader	1894		
1907	Hon. James Addams Beaver, LL.D.			
1907	Major General John Rutter Brooke, U. S. A.	1912		
1907	WILLIAM MACLAY HALL, JR.	1909		
1907	REV. ROGERS ISRAEL, D.D.	1910		
1907	Hon. Samuel Whitaker Pennypacker, LL.D.			
	Hon. John Bayard McPherson, LL.D.	1912		
	COLONEL JOSIAH GRANVILLE LEACH			
1912	Hon. Charlemagne Tower			
1912	Brigadier General Louis Henry Carpenter, U. S. A.			
	(Retired)			
	First Vice-Presidents			
1894	RICHARD McCall Cadwalader	1901		
1901	*JAMES EDWARD CARPENTER	1901		
1901	HON. SAMUEL WHITAKER PENNYPACKER, LL.D.	1907		
	Second Vice-Presidents			
1894	*William Henry Egle, M.D.	1901		
1901	*James Edward Carpenter	1901		
1901	Hon, Samuel Whitaker Pennypacker, LL.D.	1901		
1901	*Alexander Johnston Cassatt	1902		
1902	Major General John Rutter Brooke, U. S. A.	1907		
-90-	Secretaries	,		
-000		* 900		
	George Horace Burgin, M.D.	1892		
	David Lewis	1892		
1892	ETHAN ALLEN WEAVER	1910		
1910		1911		
1911	GEO. CUTHBERT GILLESPIE			
Treasurers				
1888	*Robert Porter Dechert	1892		
1892	SAMUEL EMLEN MEIGS	1893		
1893	*Charles Henry Jones	1910		
1911	HARROLD EDGAR GILLINGHAM			

Elect	ed Registrars	Retired
1889	JOHN WOOLF JORDAN, LL.D.	1894
1894	*CAPT. HENRY HOBART BELLAS, U. S. A.	1897
1897	*Maj. Richard Strader Collum, U. S. M. C.	1899
1899		
	Historians	
1890	Col. Josiah Granville Leach	1912
1912	HON. NORRIS STANLEY BARRATT, LL.D.	
1890	Chaplain The Reverend George Woolsey Hodge, S.T.D.	
	Managers	
1888	OLIVER CHRISTIAN BOSBYSHELL	1891
1888	HERMAN BURGIN, M.D.	1891
1888	*JAMES EDWARD CARPENTER	1901
1888	JOHN WOOLF JORDAN, LL.D.	1889
1888	Josiah Granville Leach	1890
1888	*Elon Dunbar Lockwood	1891
1888	CHARLES MARSHALL	1801
1888	Hon. Samuel Whitaker Pennypacker, LL.D.	1901
1888		1890
1889		1894
1890		1891
1890	*Thomas McKean	1892
1891	*Isaac Craig	1892
1891	REV. HORACE EDWIN HAYDEN	
1891	WILLIAM MACPHERSON HORNOR	1904
1891	*Charles Henry Jones	1893
1892	*Charles Henry Jones *William Spohn Baker	1897
1892	*George Mecum Conarroe	1896
1892	*James Mifflin	1895
1893	Thomas Hewson Bradford, M.D.	1912
1894	*Isaac Craig	1899
1896	JOHN WOOLF JORDAN, LL.D. HON. CHARLEMAGNE TOWER, LL.D.	1899
1897	Hon. Charlemagne Tower, LL.D.	1897
1897	Francis von Albadé Cabeen	1910
1897	*Capt. Henry Hobart Bellas, U. S. A.	1906
1899	*Maj. Richard Strader Collum, U. S. M. C.	1900
1899	*Dallas Cadwallader Irish	1899
1899	SAMUEL STANHOPE SMITH PINKERTON	1900
1900	Hon. John Bayard McPherson, LL.D.	1912
1900	PARK PAINTER	1901
1901	HON. WILLIAM POTTER	1910
1901	*WILLIAM WAYNE	1901
1901	SIDNEY BYRON LIGGETT	1908
1901	*RICHARD DECHARMS BARCLAY	1908
1904	STANLEY GRISWOLD FLAGG, JR.	
1906	EDWARD STALKER SAYRES	
1908	Hon. Norris Stanley Barratt, LL.D.	1912
1908	*Horace Magee	1912
1909	JAMES McCormick Lamberton	
1910	*John Sergeant Gerhard	1911
1911	EDWARD TOWNSEND STOTESBURY	
1911	Hon, John Morin Scott	
	ALEXANDER WILSON RUSSELL, JR.	
1912		
	WILLIAM INNES FORBES	
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Proceedings of the Annual Meeting
of the
Pennsylvania
Society of Sons of the Revolution
April 3, 1912



Proceedings of the Annual Meeting OF THE

PENNSYLVANIA SOCIETY OF SONS OF THE REVOLUTION

April 3, 1912

The Twenty-fourth Annual Meeting of the Pennsylvania Society of Sons of the Revolution was held in the Assembly Room of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, 1300 Locust Street, Philadelphia, on Wednesday, April 3, 1912, at 8 P. M.

The meeting was called to order by the President, Mr. Richard M. Cadwalader.

On motion of E. J. Sellers, Esq., Mr. Charles C. Harrison was requested to preside.

The Chairman. Gentlemen, the hour of meeting has arrived, a quorum of the Society is present, and the Chaplain, the Rev. Mr. G. Woolsey Hodge, will make the invocation.

After the invocation the Chairman announced the next business in order was the reading of the minutes of the last meeting.

On motion of J. Granville Leach, Esq., the reading of the report of the Board of Managers, presented at the last annual meeting, was dispensed with.

The Secretary. I would like to state that by reason of the economical management during the past year, the minutes of the last annual meeting were not printed. It might be desirable that some of the minutes be read and we might omit a part.

On motion, the reading of the Treasurer's Report, presented at the last annual meeting, was dispensed with.

The Secretary. The motion to change the by-laws as to increase in dues was lost by a small majority. The discussion of the subject was reported at considerable length.

The Chairman. Is it the desire of the meeting that the discussion in regard to a change of the by-laws be omitted?

On motion, the reading of the discussion was omitted.

The Chairman. Unless called for, the reading of the list of officers elected at the last meeting will be dispensed with.

Mr. Leach. I move that the further reading of the minutes of the last annual meeting be dispensed with.

The Chairman. It is moved that the minutes be approved by title as read by the secretary.

The question being on the motion as put by the Chairman, it was so ordered.

The Secretary read the Report of the Board of Managers, as follows:

Pennsylvania Society of Sons of the Revolution

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.

PHILADELPHIA, April 3, 1912

To the Pennsylvania Society of Sons of the Revolution:

Your Board of Managers begs to submit its report for the twenty-fourth year ending April 3, 1912, as follows:

During the past year the Board has held nine stated meetings.

At a meeting held April 11, 1911, of the Officers and Managers elected at the Annual Meeting of April 3, 1911, your Board of Managers organized by electing Charles Henry Jones, Esq., Chairman, for the ensuing year.

The regular triennial meeting of the General Society, whose organization dates from August 19, 1890, was held in Washington, D. C., on Tuesday and Wednesday, April 18 and 19, 1911, at which your Society was represented by seven Delegates and three Alternates, who acted as Delegates at this meeting, and a number of visiting members. A complete report of the proceedings of this meeting has been sent to the members.

At a meeting of the Board held June 13, 1911, a minute was presented, relating to the death of John S. Gerhard, Esq., a member of the Board, as follows:

By the death on May 2, 1911, of Mr. John S. Gerhard, one of the Board of Managers, this Society lost one of its most loyal and devoted members.

As a man he was as nearly perfect as man could be—kind-hearted, genial and most companionable in his association with friends, and always ready to do a favor; he had in rare degree that finest trait of the true gentleman—consideration for others. As far as is known, he never had a hard thought of anyone, for he never spoke it. The great loss to this Society is sincerely regretted beyond expression, and his memory will always be held in affectionate remembrance by all of us who were privileged to be numbered among his friends.

The Nineteenth Annual Outing to an historical point commemorative of Evacuation Day, was made on June 17, 1911, by a trip down the River Delaware to Chester, Pa., to visit the grave

of John Morton, signer of the Declaration of Independence, and also to visit the Battle Monument at Red Bank, New Jersey. On the arrival at Chester, a procession was formed and marshalled by the Chairman, Edward S. Sayres, Esq., the Color Guard and Band in the lead. Arriving at the tomb, appropriate exercises were observed and a wreath placed on the tomb by the Seretary. The invocation was made by the Chaplain, the Rev. G. Woolsey Hodge, and prayer offered by the Rev. Francis Tait, Rector of St. Paul's Church, Chester, Pa. Addresses were made by the President of your Society and the Mayor of Chester. After leaving Chester, the boat stopped at a landing near Red Bank, the members proceeding in a body to the monument erected by the State of New Jersey, to commemorate the battle at this point. During the trip a luncheon was served to the members and invited guests. The Board is convinced from expression of opinion by the various members, that these historical trips are among the most interesting and enjoyable affairs that are undertaken by the Society.

Committee on Evacuation Day:

Edward S. Sayres, Chairman

John Morgan Ash, Jr. Henry Graham Ashmead Edwin Swift Balch John Hampton Barnes Thomas Biddle, M.D. Richard McCall Cadwalader. ex officio Hon. Hampton Lawrence Carson, LL.D. Theophilus Parsons Chandler George K. Crozer Charles Edmund Dana Hon. Henry Martyn Dechert Russell Duane Theodore Newell Elv Edgar Conway Felton Brig. Genl. James Forney, U. S. M. C. Harrold E. Gillingham, ex officio

George Cuthbert Gillespie, ex officio Richard Wistar Harvey Edward Hazlehurst Samuel Frederic Houston Sydney Pemberton Hutchinson Charles Henry Jones, ex officio John Henry Livingston W. Heyward Myers Charles Cotesworth Pinckney Nor-Oliver Randolph Parry George Wharton Pepper, LL.D. I. Ernest Richards Benjamin Rush Alexander Wilson Russell, Jr. Joseph Allison Steinmetz Dr. James Thorington George Steptoe Washington Francis E. Weston

At a meeting of the Board, held December 12, 1911, the death, after a lingering illness, of Charles Henry Jones, Esq., was announced, and the Board passed the following minute expressive of their regret and appreciation of his services as Vice-President, Chairman of the Board, and as former Treasurer of the Society:

With profound regret the Board of Managers of the Pennsylvania Society of Sons of the Revolution learned of the death of Charles Henry Jones, Esq., Chairman of the Board, and one of the Vice-Presidents of the Society. Mr. Jones became a member of the Board upon his election as such in 1891, and two years later was chosen Chairman, which position he retained until his death; also serving as Treasurer of the Society from 1893 until April, 1911, when he was elected a Vice-President. Mr. Jones was constant in his attendance on meetings of the Board, and in guiding its deliberations he displayed remarkable and rare qualities of mind and heart, and won for himself the highest regard and personal esteem of his colleagues. Through his death the Society has lost one of its most valued officers and friends—one, whose intelligent, unremitting and conscientious work contributed largely to the advancement of its loftiest interest.

At the same meeting, the Hon. John B. McPherson was elected Chairman of the Board to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Jones, for the unexpired term.

The Twenty-third Annual Church Service, to commemorate the beginning of the encampment of the American Army at Valley Forge in 1777, was held in Christ Church, Philadelphia, on Sunday afternoon, December 17, 1911. The church, as is usual on these occasions, was beautifully decorated with the flags and bunting of this Society. A sermon was preached by the Rev. Edward M. Jefferys, S.T.D., Rector of St. Peter's Church, Philadelphia, the service being in charge of the Chaplain, Rev. G. Woolsey Hodge, M.A. The members marched to the church in a body, preceded by the Color Guard. The continued interest in these services of the Society was evinced by the large number present. The sermon will be printed with the Annual Proceedings.

Committee in charge was as follows:

Horace Magee, Chairman

Wm. Easterly Ashton, M.D., LL.D. Henry Heston Belknap Col. Oliver C. Bosbyshell T. Hewson Bradford, M.D. Rear Admiral W. G. Buehler, U. S. N. Joseph H. Burroughs Gen. Louis H. Carpenter, U. S. A. Richard McCall Cadwalader, ex officio Hon. Henry Martyn Dechert Benjamin Franklin Fachenthall, Jr. Gen. James Forney, U. S. M. C. Clarence P. Franklin, M.D. Hon, John Marshall Gest Albert Pepper Gerhard Edgar Moore Green, M.D. Charles C. Harrison Walter Horstmann Rt. Rev. Rogers Israel, Bishop of Erie Paul Goddard Littlefield Eliphalet Oram Lyte, Ph.D.

Effingham Buckley Morris Lieut. Com. Henry C. Mustin, U. S. N. H. S. Prentiss Nichols John Hooker Packard, 3d Richard Randolph Parry George Wharton Pepper, LL.D. Richard Peters Col. William Brooke-Rawle Hon, Frank Miller Riter Alexander Wilson Russell, Ir. Frank E. Schermerhorn Samuel Small I. Somers Smith, Ir. Abell Luken Stout Wm. Henry Sutter James Thorington, M.D. Stevenson Hockley Walsh Rev. Louis C. Washburn, S.T.D. George Steptoe Washington William Wayne, Ir. Ethan Allen Weaver R. Francis Wood

At a meeting of the Board, held January 9, 1912, the following minute relating to the death of the late member of the Board, Horace Magee, Esq., which occurred January 4, 1912, was read and ordered to be spread on the minutes, as follows:

The Board of Managers is with great sorrow called upon to record the death of Horace Magee, Esq., one of its members. He was a true Son of the Revolution, and brought to the deliberations of the Board a mind and heart full of the best traditions of the Society, and an earnest and heart desire to unite with his associates in fulfilling the duties of his office. His death is a deep personal loss to each of us, by whom he will be long remembered as a man of gentlemanly demeanor, kindly disposition and character of sterling worth; and, in his death, the Society in general has suffered the loss of one of its most valuable members—one unsurpassed in enthusiasm for achieving the results for which the Society was organized—enthusiasm which prompted him to give generously but quietly of both his time and money to promote its welfare.

Washington's Birthday was celebrated, as has been the custom for several years, by a reception to the members and their guests, held in the Assembly Rooms of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania. About two hundred members, with their wives and invited guests, were present. Arrangements were in charge of a committee consisting of your President, Secretary, Registrar and Historian, who were assisted in receiving by other members of the Board of Managers. The rooms were appropriately decorated with the flags and bunting of the Society. Invited guests representing other kindred societies were also present.

By the careful and economic management of the affairs of the Society during the past year by your Board, the Treasurer is enabled to report a balance on hand of \$1735.94, which is considerably greater than for several years. Notwithstanding this, the Board deems it advisable that the dues of the Society be increased to \$5.00 a year for those members residing within a radius of fifty miles of the City Hall, Philadelphia. (There are 783 members within the fifty-mile limit, and 377 outside of that limit.) The proposed issuing of the book on Flags of this Society, decided on by the Board at a recent meeting, will entail an expense of six hundred to seven hundred dollars. A number of the members have expressed their desire to have this book issued, the intention being to illustrate it with colored reproductions of each of the flags that the Society has had made, reproducing those used during the Revolution—some eighteen in number.

The Board desires to call your attention to the fact that the Twenty-fifth Anniversary of the Society will occur one year from now, and that in their opinion it will be eminently desirable that the funds toward the erection of the proposed Wayne Monument be collected in time to commemorate that event, and would urge upon the members to further this matter to the best of their ability, as the Board feels that they could not more fittingly observe this occasion than by the erection of a monument to such a distinguished Pennsylvania revolutionary soldier.

During the past year the Society has lost by death the following members, and in reading their names it is requested that the members rise out of respect to their memory:

Edward Warren Sturdevant April 2, 1911 Dr. Henry St. Clair Ash April, 1911 Craige Lippincott April 6, 1911 John S. Gerhard May 2, 1911 Gideon Stoddart May 2, 1911 Frank B. Evans June 21, 1911 George Ferdinand Klock June 21, 1911 Samuel M. Sener June 21, 1911 John R. Morris July 18, 1911 Howard Wood July 1, 1911 Edward L. Perkins August 4, 1911 Col. Alexander Krumbhaar August 14, 1911 James H. Fisher August, 1911 Herbert H. Boyd September 6, 1911 Albert F. Damon September 29, 1911 George Denis Bright October 9, 1911 J. N. Perviance October 23, 1911 William S. Rowen October 30, 1911 William Martin Bonsall October 31, 1911 Charles Rea November 8, 1911 John McMurdie Warner November 11, 1911 Alfred Leighton Howe November 15, 1911 Rt. Rev. Alexander Mackay-Smith November 16, 1911 Charles Henry Jones December 2, 1911 T. Kirk Stubbs December 5, 1911 Asa R. Brundage December 9, 1911 Thomas Leaming December 14, 1911 James Martin December 26, 1911 Arthur V. Meigs, M.D. January 1, 1912 Horace Magee January 4, 1912 George Brooke January 15, 1912 Joseph W. Baker January 19, 1912 Charles C. Lindsay January 30, 1912 Charles N. Mann March 7, 1912

also, the following deaths were reported to the Society during the year:

Harry J. Cooper In 1910. Manuel E. Griffith August 12, 1910 John M. Hartman September 4, 1910 Frederick W. Grayson, Jr. September 20, 1910 November 30, 1910 John J. Pinkerton William C. Allison January 9, 1911 Andrew Revoudt Wight January 20, 1911 Robert Cornelius Baker March 30, 1911

At a meeting of the Board of Managers, held March 12, 1912, the following letter from Hon. John B. McPherson, was read:

Dear Sir:

The Board of Managers will doubtless remember, that when I accepted the chairmanship two or three months ago, it was understood that I expected to retire from the Board in April, at the end of the present official year. This is still my intention, and I am writing now in order that the Managers may have ample opportunity to consider who would be a proper person to suggest at the annual meeting for the vice-presidency from which I am about to retire. And I shall not attend the meeting tomorrow evening, in order that the discussion of that subject may not be embarrassed by my presence.

I cannot take my leave of a companionship that has been so agreeable in every way during more than ten years, without expressing my warm appreciation of the friendships I have formed with all the members of the Board, and without expressing my hope and confidence that these will not in the least be interrupted or impaired by my withdrawal.

With good wishes for the continued success of the Society, and assurances that my interest will continue unabated, I remain,

Very truly yours,

(Signed) JOHN B. McPHERSON.

George Cuthbert Gillespie, Sec'y, 203 Walnut Place,

Philadelphia.

After expressions of appreciation by the Board, of his faithful services, his declination was accepted with regrets.

At the last meeting of the Board of Managers, held March 12, 1912, T. Hewson Bradford, M.D., after faithful services of nineteen years, as one of the Board of Managers, presented his resignation, which was accepted with regrets.

During the past year the Society has received a number of publications—historical and statistical—of various Societies.

During the year the Board approved thirty-nine proposals for membership. There were admitted to membership during the year thirty-three new members, as follows:

Brown, Charles Thomas,

April 11, 1911.

Moorestown, N. J.

Great-great-grandson of Rodger Kirk (1751-1809), Captain, Fourth Battalion, Colonel William Montgomery, Chester County, Pennsylvania Associators, forming part of the "Flying Camp," April 15, 1776; Private, West Nottingham Township Company, Captain Ephraim Blackburn, Second Battalion, Colonel Evan Evans, Chester County, Pennsylvania Militia 1778; at Long Island.

Ross, Dr. George Gorgas,

May 9, 1911.

Philadelphia, Pa.

Great-grandson of Christian Kunkel (1757-1823), Ensign in the Sixth Company, Eighth Battalion, York County Associators, April 5, 1778, and in active service during campaign around Philadelphia in 1777.

MILNE, CALEB JONES, 3d,

May 9, 1911.

Philadelphia, Pa.

Great-great-great-grandson of Joseph Parker (1711——), member of the Council of Safety, April 6, 1776.

MOFFLY, ROBERT,

June 13, 1911.

Mt. Pocono, Pa.

Great-grandson of Joseph Moffly (1756-1823), Ensign, Fourth Company, Captain Jacob Burk, Third Battalion, Bucks County Militia, 1777.

CHANDLER, GEORGE FRITZ,

June 13, 1911.

Philadelphia, Pa.

Great-great-grandson of Allen Chandler (1759-1837), Private in Captain Allen Cunningham's Second Company, Second Battalion, Chester County Militia, 1777.

STAGER, OSCAR W.,

June 13, 1911.

Philadelphia, Pa.

Great-great-great-grandson of Jacob Stager (1746-1818), Sergeant in Captain Parker's Company, Chester County Militia, 1776.

WILLIAMSON, WALTER DICKSON,

June 13, 1911.

Philadelphia, Pa.

Great-great-grandson of John Williamson (1727-1794), First Lieutenant, Fourth Pennsylvania Battalion, under Colonel Anthony Wayne, 1776.

GRIFFITH, JAMES BUCHANAN,

June 13, 1911.

New York.

Great-great-great-grandson of George Ross (1730-1799), member of the Provincial Assembly, 1768-1775, excepting year 1772; signer of Declaration of Independence.

LESSIG, OTHNIEL BLEIM,

June 13, 1911.

Pottstown, Pa.

Great-great-grandson of John Christian Lessig (1745-1821), Pri-

vate, Seventh Company, Fourth Battalion, Philadelphia County Militia.

KUSER, WINFIELD SCOTT MERKEL,

June 13, 1911.

New Berlinville, Pa.

Great-great-grandson of Michael Kooser (1754-1826), Sergeant in Captain Abraham Keffer's Company, Berks County, 1782.

CLAGHORN, WILLIAM CRUMBY,

June 13, 1911.

Philadelphia, Pa.

Great-great-great-grandson of Captain William Claghorn (1733-1793), Commander of the Ship Virginia, a letter of Marque.

Dobbins, Thomas Munroe,

October 10, 1911.

Philadelphia, Pa.

Great-great-grandson of Captain Andrew Summers (1742-1806), Captain Fifth Company, Fifth Class Militia, Regiment of Foot in service of United States, September 12, 1777; Captain of Artillery, Philadelphia Militia, August 13, 1779.

Ziegler, Harry Smith,

October 10, 1911.

Rosemont, Pa.

Great-great-grandson of Algernon Roberts (1751——), Lieutenant, First Battalion, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania Troops, August 8, 1776; Lieutenant Colonel, Seventh Battalion, Philadelphia County Militia, 1777.

BEARD, WILLIAM K.,

November 14, 1911.

Philadelphia, Pa.

Great-great-grandson of Robert Gamble (1754-1810), First Lieutenant, Twelfth Virginia, September 14, 1776; Captain, March 7, 1778. Regiment designated Eighth Virginia, September 14, 1778; served to close of the War.

WEAVER, WILLIAM STEWART,

November 14, 1911.

Easton, Pa.

Great-great-grandson of Melchoir Hay (1726-1794), member of the Committee of Observation of Northampton County, Pennsylvania, December 21, 1774; Captain, Williams Township Company, Northampton County, Pennsylvania Associators, May 22, 1775.

MEDARY, REV. HENRY MARTYN,

November 14, 1911.

Philadelphia, Pa.

Great-great-grandson of George Bennett (1739-1811), Private in the Third Associated Company for Lower Makefield Township, Bucks County, Pennsylvania, Captain Peter Vansant, 1775; he was also Second Lieutenant in Captain Joshua Anderson's Company, May 6, 1777.

Johnson, Walter Howard,

December 12, 1911.

Philadelphia, Pa.

Great-grandson of Joseph Johnson (---1852), enlisted for one year as Private, Captain John Ross' Company, Third Battalion, First Establishment, New Jersey Continental Line; reenlisted January 25, 1777, for the War, as Private, Captain John Ross' Company (afterward the Colonel's Company), Third Battalion, Second Establishment, New Jersey Continental Line; appointed Brigade Armorer, January I, 1770; served with the Battalion in the New Jersey Brigade (Brigadier General William Maxwell, commanding), in Major-General John Sullivan's Division, Continental Army, in the expedition against the Six Nations, May 11 to November 5, 1779; appointed Armorer to main Army, February 29, 1780; transferred with the Company to the First Regiment, January I, 1781; Private, Captain Jonathan Dayton's Company, First Regiment, New Jersey Continental Line, January 1, 1781; served with Regiment in the New Jersey Brigade (Colonel Elias Dayton, commanding), Major General Benjamin Lincoln's Divison, Continental Army, in the Virginia Campaign, August 10 to October 10, 1781; took part in the siege and battle of Yorktown, Virginia, August 6 to 19, 1781, and was present at the surrender of Lord Cornwallis and his command October 19, 1781; served until the close of the Revolutionary War.

McIlvaine, Wharton Stockton, Philadelphia, Pa.

December 12, 1911.

Great-great-grandson of George McElvaine (McIlvaine) (1742-1807), serving in the capacity of Lieutenant of a Company of Foot in the Fifth Battalion of Associators, said battalion being organized under the order and authority of the Assembly of said State for the protection of the Province against hostile enterprise, and for the defense of American Liberty, as set forth in the Commission which bears date of August 7, 1775, of George McIlvaine, my great-great-grandfather.

Detwiller, John Knecht, Easton, Pa.

December 12, 1911.

Great-great-grandson of John Philip Bahl (1739-1820), Lieutenant of the County of Northampton, April 14, 1780.

Ziegler, George J., 3d, Rosemont, Pa. January 9, 1912.

Great-great-great-grandson of Algernon Roberts (1751—), served as Lieutenant in Captain John Young's Company, First Battalion of Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania Troops, commanded by Colonel Jona Paschall at Perth Amboy and Bergin, from August 8 to September 8, 1776; also served as Lieutenant Colonel of Seventh Battalion, Philadelphia County Militia, 1777, under Colonel Isaac Warner.

ZIEGLER, HARRY SMITH, JR.,

January 9, 1912.

Rosemont, Pa.

(Same as George J. Ziegler, 3d.)

RUNK, HARRY TEN BROECK,

January 9, 1912.

Ardmore, Pa.

Great-grandson of Samuel Runk (1753-1847), Private, served in the Companies of Captains Cornelius Carhart, Jacob Carhart, Samuel Growendyck, Adam Hope and Daniel Bray, Second Regiment; served sundry towns of duty in the Third and Fourth Regiments, Hunterdon County, New Jersey Militia and as artificer in the Quartermaster-General's Department, New Jersey Militia, 1776-1778.

Detwiller, Dr. Albert Knecht,

January 9, 1912.

Easton, Pa.

Great-great-grandson of Lieutenant-Colonel John Philip Bahl (1739-1820), Sub. Lieutenant of the County of Northampton, April 14, 1780.

RANSOM, WILLIAM EMERY,

February 13, 1912.

Scranton, Pa.

Great-grandson of John Ransom (1748-1804), served as Private in Captain Agrippa Well's Company, Colonel Asa Whitcomb's Regiment, 1775; Captain John Well's Company, Hampshire Militia, September 22, 1777 to October 23, 1777.

FRETZ, JOHN STOVER,

February 13, 1912.

Doylestown, Pa.

Great-grandson of Jacob Stover (1757-1844), served as Private in the Bedminster Company, Third Battalion, Bucks County Militia, Pennsylvania, 1777-1789, Captain Wm. McHenery. The Bedminster Company were "Associators."

FRETZ, AUGUSTUS HENRY,

February 13, 1912.

Easton, Pa.

(Same as John Stover Fretz.)

Howell, George Dawson,

February 13, 1912.

Hartford, Conn.

Great-grandson of Major Joseph Howell, Jr. (1750-1798), served as Captain in the Pennsylvania Line, 1776; First Paymaster General, U. S. A., with rank of Major.

PENNYPACKER, BEVAN AUBREY,

February 13, 1912.

Philadelphia, Pa.

Great-great-great-grandson of Major Patrick Anderson, who was Major in Anthony Wayne's Chester County Regiment, 1776; Captain of the First Company, Pennsylvania Musketry Battalion, 1776; fought in the Battle of Long Island.

TUTWILER, WILLIAM WIRT HENRY, Philadelphia, Pa.

March 12, 1912.

Great-great-g

Great-great-grandson of Judge Paul Carrington (1733-1818), was a member of the House of Burgesses from 1765 to the time it was superseded by the Conventions; a member of all the Conventions and of the Committee which reported the Declaration of Rights and Constitutions; a member of the Committee of Safety during the whole period of its existence.

GREENE, WILLIAM HOUSTON,

March 12, 1912.

Philadelphia, Pa.

Great-grandson of Dr. John Houston (1743-1809), (1) was a member of the Committee of Observation and Correspondence of York County, Pa., elected December 16, 1774, and re-elected November 3, 1775; (2) was appointed one of several to attend a Provincial Convention as a Deputy of York County, February 14, 1775; (3) a Private of the Seventh Class, in Third Company, Captain Joseph Hubley, Eighth Battalion, Colonel James Ross, Lancaster County (Pa.) Militia, April 21, 1781; (4) John Houston (Surgeon to Fourth Battalion), a Private of the Seventh Class, in the Third Company, Captain Joseph Hubley, Eighth Battalion, Lancaster County (Pa.) Militia, July 8, 1782.

VROOMAN, WILLIAM BAKER, Jenkintown, Pa. March 12, 1912.

Great-great-grandson of Michael Baker, Jr. (1758-1834), was commissioned May 25, 1782, a Lieutenant in Captain Joseph Robinet's Company, Second Battalion, Philadelphia City Militia, and recommissioned Lieutenant of a Company, Third Battalion, Philadelphia City Militia, May 7, 1783. Michael Baker, Jr., a son of Michael Baker, was a Private in Captain Peter Brown's Artillery Company, Colonel Jehu Eyres, and

was on duty at Billingsport, N. J., from June 21 to August 21, 1779; he was a Lieutenant on May 25, 1782.

Hoopes, Edward,

March 12, 1912.

Philadelphia, Pa.

Great-grandson of Colonel Gassaway Watkins (1752-1840), entered the Revolutionary Army with Colonel Smallwood's Regiment in January, 1776, as Ensign, and was in the Battle of Long Island and White Plains; was at Norristown in the fall of 1776 and early winter of 1777; served as Lieutenant of recruiting duty in Maryland during the summer of 1777; joined the Army a few days before the Battle of Wilmington, in 1778, and was in the Battle of Monmouth, with General Scott's light infantry.

Tuller, John Jay, M.D.,

March 12, 1912.

Philadelphia, Pa.

Great-great-grandson of Captain Benajah Strong (1740-1836), he was a Minute Man at the Lexington Alarm; he was Sergeant of Captain Elijah Hinman's Company of the Thirteenth Regiment of Connecticut Militia, entering service August 15, 1776, at New York; he was subsequently Ensign of the Twelfth Company of the same Regiment.

The following supplemental claims, having been duly approved, were placed on file with the membership records of your Society:

CLEMENT, MARTIN WITHINGTON,

March 12, 1912.

Sunbury, Pa.

Great-great-grandson of Thomas Gaskins (——1813), Captain First Company of Colonel James Murray's Second Battalion, Northumberland County Militia, 1778.

CLEMENT, JOHN KAY,

March 12, 1912.

Pittsburgh, Pa.

(Same as M. W. Clement.)

RANSOM, WILLIAM EMERY,

March 12, 1912.

Scranton, Pa.

Great-great-grandson of Josiah Emery (1747——), was a Private in Captain John Moody's Company of Colonel Stickney's Regiment, which reinforced the Continental Army in New York, 1776.

The summary of new and reinstated members and casualties for the year is as follows:

Elected to membership classified as follows:

Perpetual or endowed		
Life	3	
Annual	30	
		33
Casualties:		
Deceased	42	
Dropped for non-payment of dues	6	
Resigned	14	
Transferred to other State Societies	2	
	64	
Restored to rolls	6	
	_	58
Net decrease in membership during the year end-		
ing April 3, 1912		25
Number of insignia issued during the year 7		
Number of certificates of membership issued dur-		
ing the year		

The condition of the membership of your Society on this date (April 3, 1912), covering a period of twenty-four years, is as follows:

Founders, April 3, 1888	1,805	0.
Classified as follows:		1,820
Never qualified	6	
Perpetual or endowed	II	
Life	93	
Annual	1,710	
Casualties:		
Elected, but never qualified 6		
Deceased 389		
Dropped from rolls for non-payment of		
dues		
Transferred to other Societies 42		
684		
Restored to rolls 24		660
Net membership April 3, 1912		1,160
Net membership April 3, 1911		1,185
Net decrease in membership during the		
year		25
Total number of insignia issued	787	· ·
Total number of certificates of member-		
ship issued	332	

The necrological roll, from reports received during the year, is as follows:

JOHN JAMES PINKERTON, son of Samuel Pinkerton by his wife Margaret Lockhart, was born in Honeybrook Township, Chester County, Pa., April 12, 1836, and died in West Chester, that county, November 30, 1910. His early education was acquired in the schools of his locality and later he entered Union College, New York. After completing his studies there he settled in West Chester, where he followed teaching for a time, and then entered upon the study of the law under the late Judge J. Smith Futhey. Upon completing his studies he was admitted to the Chester County bar, February 1, 1860, and at his death he had rounded out a half century of honorable practice in his profession. He was for a time editor of the Chester County Times. He was a man of scholarly attainments, an erudite

lawyer and a gentleman of the old school. He was held in the highest esteem by his fellow citizens, and his influence was always strongly exerted for all that contributed to the highest good of the community in which he lived as well as that at large. He was a member of the Historical and Genealogical societies of Pennsylvania.

JOHN McMURDIE WARNER, son of Alexander Hamilton Warner by his wife Agnes McMurdie, was born in Chillicothe, Ohio, July 31, 1858, and died at his residence in Overbrook, Pa., November, 1911. He was for some years engaged in the manufacture of pig iron. being a member of the firm of Rogers, Brown and Warner Co., with offices in Philadelphia, New York, Pittsburgh and Cincinnati. Retiring from active business in 1001 he spent much of the remainder of his life in foreign travel, visiting almost every part of the world. He possessed an interesting and valuable collection of art works. He was a member of the Historical, Genealogical and Colonial societies of Pennsylvania; National Geographical, Trans-Atlantic and Home Mission societies, and of Keystone Chapter, No. 125, Royal Arch Masons; St. John's Commandery, No. 4, Knights Templar, and Shekinah Lodge, No. 246, F. and A. M. Mr. Warner married, September 8, 1000, Miss Pauline Valliant Goodman, of Philadelphia, who survives him.

THEODORE KIRK STUBBS, son of Daniel Stubbs by his wife Rachel A. Kirk, was born in Chester County, Pa., June 8, 1847, and died at Oxford, in that county, December 4, 1911. After attending a number of schools in his native county he entered the law department of the University of Michigan, but, before completing his studies, he was called home by the death of his father, and finished his study of the law with private preceptors. In 1875 he was admitted to the bar in Chester County, and from that time until his death he continued in the practice of his profession. He represented his district in the legislature three terms, 1881-1886, and was a prominent member of that body; was elected Chief Burgess of Oxford for three terms, and was in service in this capacity at the time of his decease. He was a man of recognized public spirit. "He gave freely of his time and ability to lyceums, temperance gatherings, agricultural meetings, musical sessions, Sunday-school movements, etc." He was one of the charter members of Minehaha Lodge, I. O. of G. T., organized about forty years ago; also president of the Chester County Funeral Benefit Association; trustee of Oxford Council, No. 853, Jr. O. U. A. M., having attained the highest honors of this order, that of Past Councilor.

THOMAS LEAMING, only son of Robert Waln Learning by his wife Julia Scott, was born in Philadelphia, May 29, 1858, and died there December 14, 1911. He received his early education in private schools,

and took a partial course at the University of Pennsylvania. Later he studied law under Hon. Wayne McVeigh and George Tucker Bispham, Esq., and was admitted to the Philadelphia bar in 1884, from which time until his last illness he engaged in practice, attaining a prominent position in his profession. He represented both large private and corporate interests and was generally regarded as the foremost authority in Pennsylvania upon the law of negligence. In addition to his legal attainments he was an artist of considerable ability. Several of his paintings, before his law practice absorbed all his time, were exhibited in this city and received favorable commendation. He was the author of "A Philadelphia Lawyer in the London Courts," and was a member of the American Bar Association, the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, the Philadelphia, Rittenhouse, Racquet, Junior Legal, Lawyers and Country clubs of Philadelphia; the Down Town Club of New York and the Pot and Kettle Club of Bar Harbor. He married, June 18, 1888, Josephine Lea, widow of the gifted orator, Henry Armitt Brown, Esq., and daughter of John Remegius Baker by his wife Anna Robeson Lea.

- JAMES MARTIN, son of John Martin by his wife Mary McCauslin, was born in Bedford County, Pa., June 7, 1848, and died at Philadelphia, December 26, 1911. He was educated in the public schools, and at a commercial college in Pittsburgh. At the time of his death he was superintendent for the Pullman Company for the district of the Mississippi river and south of New York, having started with that company as a clerk at Louisville, Kentucky, and one promotion after another came to him during his forty years of service with it. He was a member of the Union League of Philadelphia, and the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, and of other organizations. He married Lulu Hayes, of Louisville, Kentucky, by whom he was survived, and with two children, Dorothy Martin and James Prescott Martin.
- HERBERT HART BOYD, son of Charles Stanley Boyd by his wife Frances Cleave, was born in Philadelphia, December 4, 1867, and died there, September 6, 1911. He was graduated at the University of Pennsylvania in 1894; studied law, was admitted to the Philadelphia bar, and engaged in the practice of his profession in that city. He was active in social affairs; was a founder of the Bal Masque, and each year served as one of the committee having this function in charge. He was a member of the University, Racquet and Philadelphia Country clubs, and of the Colonial Society of Pennsylvania.
- ALEXANDER KRUMBHAAR, son of Lewis Krumbhaar by his wife Sophia Ramsay, was born in Philadelphia, July 27, 1842, and died at Wynnewood, Pa., August 14, 1911. Early in the Civil War he became identified with the United States Army, serving in the Ordnance Department as assistant to the military storekeeper of the

Washington Arsenal, from August, 1861, until February, 1884. From the latter date until October of the same year he was inspector of cannon and projectiles in New York City, and afterwards was assistant to the military storekeeper at the Frankford Arsenal, Philadelphia, retaining this position until August, 1867. Some years later he became actively identified with the National Guard of Pennsylvania, serving as Ordnance Officer of the First Brigade, from September 9, 1878, until September 10, 1883, when he was commissioned assistant adjutant general to the same brigade, serving in this capacity until June 3, 1887, when he was appointed assistant adjutant general on the staff of Governor Beaver, with rank lieutenant colonel, retaining this position until 1894. He was Vice-President of the American Fire Insurance Company and of the Spring Garden Fire Insurance Company, and a member of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, the Society of Colonial Wars, and the Philadelphia, Rittenhouse, Rabbitt and Philadelphia Country clubs.

HORACE MAGEE, son of James Magee by his wife Caroline Axford Kneass, was born in Philadelphia, November 29, 1846, and died there, January 4, 1912. He was graduated at the University of Pennsylvania in the Class of 1865. Upon leaving college he entered upon the study of law in the office of Hon. George W. Biddle, and was admitted to the Philadelphia bar, October 17, 1868, but never took up active practice, the large business interests of his father, as well as his own, engaging his attention. His principal energies were devoted to the organization and management of coal, iron and trolley systems, in which he was more than successful. He was a founder of Jeannette, Pa., which has grown to a town of ten thousand inhabitants. He was a director of the Kittanning Coal Company, and the oldest director of the Westmoreland Coal Company, formed by his father, one of the most successful bituminous coal organizations in the state, and was a member of the Historical, Genealogical and Colonial societies of Pennsylvania: the Art Club, Philadelphia and Germantown Cricket clubs, and of numerous other organizations. Mr. Magee was deeply interested in this Society, and was one of the most serviceable members of its Board of Managers from the time of his election until his decease. He never married.

JOHN MARKLEY HARTMAN, son of Samuel Hartman by his wife Ann Harper Markley, was born in Chester County, Pa., September 6, 1840, and died at Mt. Airy, Philadelphia, September 4, 1910. He was a mechanical engineer, and at the time of his death was president of the Hartman Company, brass founders. He took an active interest in public affairs, and in 1900 was elected to Common Councils from the twenty-second ward to fill the unexpired term of Thomas B. Meehan, deceased. He was director of the Pelham Trust Com-

pany, a manager of the Pennsylvania Institution for the Deaf, and a member of the Society of American Mining Engineers, Franklin Institute, Philadelphia Academy of Natural Sciences, Chester County Historical Society, Pennsylvania German Society, Society for Preservation of Forests, Site and Relic Society of Germantown, and the Chestnut Hill Horticultural Society. He married Ruth Anna LaRue, by whom he is survived, with one child, Lizzie M., wife of Hesser C. Chapham.

JOHN ROGERS MORRIS, son of W. H. Morris by his wife Emma Rogers, was born in New London, Connecticut, April 20, 1843, and died in Philadelphia, where he had long resided, July 18, 1911. His strong loyalty to the Union in the Civil War was shown by his military and marine service, which began with his enlistment as private in the 2d Connecticut Volunteers, May 7, 1861. Three months later he was mustered out with his regiment and on September 16. 1861, he became a seaman in U. S. Revenue Marine, serving until February 3, 1862. On May 7, 1862, he became quartermaster's sergeant of 2d Battalion, 14th U. S. Infantry; was transferred to 1st Battalion, October 28, 1863, and discharged for promotion, September 7, 1864, to captain in the 31st United States Colored Troops, being honorably mustered out, November 7, 1865. After the war he engaged in mercantile pursuits and continued therein until his death. He was a member of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion, Pennsylvania Commandery, and George G. Meade Post No. 1, Grand Army of the Republic. He married, June 17, 1868, Elizabeth Mary Miner, and by her left a son, Herbert Miner Morris, born June 20, 1871.

WILLIAM CLARE ALLISON, son of Thomas Ellwood Allison by his wife Lilian Este, and grandson of William C. Allison, founder of the Allison Car Works, was born in Philadelphia, November 12, 1872, and died at Rosemont, Pa., January 9, 1911. He studied law and was admitted to the Philadelphia bar, but never engaged in practice in his profession. He left to survive him, a widow, Irene Condon Allison, daughter of Benjamin T. Condon by wife Mary Emma Tyson, and one child, William Clare Allison, 3d.

CHARLES REA, son of Gen. John Rea by his wife Elizabeth Culbertson, was born in Franklin County, Pa., January 5, 1823, and died at Pittsburgh, same state, November 8, 1911. His claim to membership in this Society was based on the service of his father in the Revolution, first as lieutenant, and later, captain in the militia of Cumberland County. After the Revolution the father rose to eminence in the Cumberland Valley, becoming brigadier general of the militia, member of the State Legislature, and of Congress, to which latter position he was five times elected, serving in the ninth, tenth, eleventh and thirteenth Congresses. In September, 1861, Charles Rea

enlisted in the 46th Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, and was mustered out of service at the expiration of his term in September, 1864. After the Civil War he engaged in the iron business at Pittsburgh and became a member of the firm of Robinson, Rea & Co. He was a prominent Mason, having joined the order in 1849, and at his death was said to be the oldest Mason in the state. He married Miss Cochran, daughter of Captain Charles Cochran, and he left two children to survive him, Charles S. Rea and Mrs. Louisa Wilson, daughter of Rev. Walter L. Wilson, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, of Mineral Ridge, Ohio.

CHARLES NAYLOR MANN, son of Col. William B. Mann by his wife Margaret Ketler, was born in Philadelphia, February 14, 1840, and died there, March 7, 1912. He received his early education in the public schools, and later in the private academy of his grandfather Rev. William Mann. He studied law in the office of the late Charles E. Lex, Esq., and at the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania. On June 3, 1862, he was admitted to the Philadelphia bar and then began practice in the law. He served for a time as Assistant District Attorney of Philadelphia and was for many years, prior to January 13, 1908, a deputy in the office of the Prothonotary of the Courts of Common Pleas of Philadelphia. On the latter date, under appointment of his intimate friend, Governor Stuart, he became one of the members of the newly created State Railroad Commission, and two months before his decease he was reappointed by Governor Tener, for a term of five years. Mr. Mann was an ardent admirer of the drama and an authority on its history in Philadelphia. He frequently contributed articles on dramatic subjects to the newspapers, and possessed a library of books on the drama supposed to be the finest in the country. He married Sophie, daughter of Thomas Irwin, by whom he is survived, with son William B. Mann, Jr., and daughter Mabel H., wife of Dr. John W. Pinkham.

HOWARD WOOD, son of Allan Wood by his wife Anna H. Deweese, was born in Philadelphia, February 8, 1846, and died at Bryn Mawr, Pa., July 1, 1911. He was educated at the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in 1864; was moderator of Philo; received mention for Sophomore Latin Prize, and was Valedictorian of his class. Upon leaving college he engaged in the business of iron manufacturing, becoming interested with his father in the latter's extensive iron works. At his death and for some years previous thereto he was president of the Allan Wood Iron and Steel Company. He was a member of the Franklin Institute, Institute of Mining Engineers, Union League, Art, Manufacturers'. Merion Cricket and Philadelphia County clubs, and the Historical and Genealogical societies of Pennsylvania. He married Mary, daughter of William Canby

Biddle, Esq., and is survived by his wife and the following children: Biddle, Helen B. (wife of S. Norman McCloud), Allan, 3d, Howard, Jr., Clement B., Rachel B. (wife of Wm. B. Read, Jr.), and Marion B.

CRAIGE LIPPINCOTT, son of Joshua Ballinger Lippincott by his wife Josephine Craige, was born in Philadelphia, November 4, 1846, and died there, April 6, 1911. He entered the University of Pennsylvania in 1862, and left at the close of his Junior year. After leaving college he became identified with the publishing house of his father, and later a partner in the business, and when the firm became incorporated as the I. B. Lippincott Company, Craige Lippincott was chosen its president, and so continued until his decease. He was a director of the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank, and the Pennsylvania Company for Insurance on Lives and Granting Annuities; member of the Rittenhouse, Art, Union League, Racquet, Philadelphia County and Huntingdon Valley clubs, and of the Historical, Genealogical and Colonial societies of Pennsylvania, and the Society of Mayflower Descendants in Pennsylvania. He married Sallie E., daughter of William Bucknell, Esq., the noted philanthropist, and was survived by her and three children: Jay B. Lippincott, Josephine (wife of Samuel K. Reeves), and Constance Lippincott.

JOHN SERGEANT GERHARD, who, at his death, was a member of the Board of Managers of this Society, was a son of Benjamin Gerhard, Esq., by his wife Anne Sergeant. He was born in Philadelphia, December 24, 1845, and died at his seat in Overbrook, near Philadelphia, May 2, 1911. After a thorough preparation for college he entered the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in 1865, receiving the degree of A.M. in due course. He later graduated from the law department of that institution, and on November 16, 1867, was admitted to the Philadelphia bar, of which his father, Benjamin Gerhard; grandfather, Hon. John Sergeant, and greatgrandfather, Hon. Jonathan Dickinson Sergeant, were distinguished members. From the time of his admission until his last illness he was in active practice in his profession, and was held in esteem by both his fellow practitioners and the judges of the courts. In 1864-5, he held a commission as second lieutenant in the University Light Artillery. He was a director of the American Fire Insurance Company; a member of the Lawyers', and Merion Cricket clubs, and the Historical Society of Pennsylvania. He married Maria, daughter of the eminent Dr. William Pepper, and sister of the distinguished Dr. William Pepper, late noted Provost of the University of Pennsylvania. She survives him with a son, Albert Pepper Gehard, and two daughters: Sarah Pepper, wife of Thomas Duncan Whelen, and Anna Sergeant, wife of Morrison Harris.

GEORGE FERDINAND KLOCK, son of Ephraim Klock by his wife Adelaide Farren, was born in Chicago, Illinois, September 24, 1855, and died at Philadelphia, June 21, 1911. He was educated in the schools of Cleveland, and at Kenyon College, Ohio. For some years prior to his death he resided in Philadelphia where he engaged in mercantile pursuits as manager of Berry Company, Limited. He was a member of the Art and University clubs, the Society of the War of 1812 and the Psi Upsilon. He married Mary Bailey, daughter of Henry Smith by his wife Ruth Lawrence Wilcox, and is survived by her.

EDWARD LANG PERKINS, son of Henry Perkins by his wife Cornelia Adeline Allen, was born in Philadelphia, May 28, 1843, and died at Summerside, Prince Edward Island, Canada, August 4, 1911. was graduated at Williams College in 1863, and then began the study of law, graduating at the Law Department of the University of Pennsylvania in 1866, and being admitted to the Philadelphia bar May 26th of that year. He was a successful practitioner, and numbered among his clients many corporations. In 1869 he was Secretary of the Territory of New Mexico by appointment of President Grant. He was a manager of Howard Hospital, trustee of Tabernacle Presbyterian Church, charter member of the Society of Founders and Patriots in Pennsylvania and Governor of same in 1903-04: life member of the Union League, member of the University Club, and Sigma Phi, steward of Stephen Girard Charity Fund, and was prominently identified with the Masonic Order, being past master of Philo Lodge, No. 5, F. and A. M., and a trustee of the Grand Lodge Charity Fund. At the time of his decease he was on his summer vacation, and death came to him suddenly from heart trouble. He is survived by his wife, Mary C. Perkins, née Fraser.

WILLIAM MARTIN BONSALL, son of Spencer Bonsall, Esq., by his wife Eleanor Martin, was born in Philadelphia, October, 7, 1855, and died there, October 31, 1911. His father was for some years surveyor of Philadelphia. The son was educated at Friends' Central School, and at the Episcopal Academy. He was engaged in business for a time as a topographical draughtsman, but from 1891 he lived retired, taking special interest in historical matters. He was a member of the Society of the Alumni of the Episcopal Academy, the Historical Society of Pennsylvania and the Mercantile Library Association. From 1878 until 1890 he was attached to the National Guard of Pennsylvania, passing through all the grades from private in H Company, First Regiment, to the rank of second lieutenant. He was a member of the Veteran Corps of that regiment, and of the "Old Guard" of H Company. He married, April 3, 1893, Helen, daughter of Charles Ferdinand and Helen M. Klauder, who survives him, with a daughter, Eleanor Crosby Martin Bonsall.

- SAMUEL MILLER SENER, son of Henry Christian Sener by his wife Frances A. Coggsdall, was born in Lancaster, Pa., October 5, 1855, and died June 21, 1911. He read law with O. J. Dickey, Esq., successor to Hon. Thaddeus Stevens; was admitted to the Lancaster bar and engaged in the practice of law until his death. He took a deep interest in historical matters, and frequently contributed to magazines on historical subjects. He was a member of the American Historical Association, the American Catholic Historical Society and the Pennsylvania German Society. He married, March 10, 1877, Sarah T. Murray, by whom he had three children: Frances A., Gertrude and Anna Maria.
- DANIEL WALDO HOWARD, fifth child of William Howard by his wife Elizabeth Slater, was born at Worcester, Massachusetts, July 20, 1829, and died in Philadelphia, May 11, 1910. He came to the vicinity of Philadelphia with his parents when a child; was chiefly educated at the Philadelphia High School, from which he was graduated in 1849. From 1851 until 1886 he was a teacher and professor in that institution, and was prominent in founding the High School Alumni. On March 9, 1909, he was chosen by the Board of Public Education of Philadelphia, Professor Emeritus of History in the High School. He was deeply interested in popular education and wrote extensively on educational and other subjects. In 1862-3 he served in an emergency command to repel the invasion of Pennsylvania, and in 1893, by appointment of Governor Patison, he became a member of the Valley Forge Commission. He was a founder of the Chester County Historical Society, and a member of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, the Geographical Society, and Meade Post No. 1, Grand Army of the Republic. Mr. Howard married, February 15, 1881, Fannie Loring, daughter of William Mister, and left issue.
- HENRY MARTYN HOYT, son of General Henry M. Hoyt, a soldier, lawyer and author, who served as Governor of Pennsylvania from 1879 to 1883, was born at Wilkes-Barre, Pa., December, 1856, and died at Washington, D. C., November 21, 1910. After a preparatory education Mr. Hoyt entered Yale University, from which he was graduated in 1878, when he entered the law department of the University of Pennsylvania; upon his graduation from the latter institution, in 1881, he was admitted to the bar at Philadelphia. Two years later he became assistant cashier of the United States National Bank of New York, and after serving in this position for three years he became first treasurer and later president of the Investment Company of Philadelphia. In 1893 he returned to the practice of law in Philadelphia. When President McKinley took office he appointed Mr. Hoyt an Assistant Attorney General of the United States, which office he filled with honor from 1897 to 1903. He was next appointed

Solicitor General of the United States, and while in this office he attracted attention to himself by pressing upon the Supreme Court the inevitable swing of our dual government, State and Federal, to what he conceived to be the necessary omnipotence of the Federal Government at the expense of the rights of the states. When the office of counsellor for the State Department was created, in 1909, Mr. Hovt was invited by President Taft to be the incumbent. Such choice was due chiefly to the fact that both the President and Mr. Knox, Secretary of State, regarded Mr. Hoyt as the one who preeminently possessed the qualifications demanded by such position, a recognition which was fully justified by his subsequent service. Besides his vast knowledge of the law he was well versed in political economy and was a thorough student of tariff conditions throughout the world. He conducted most of the negotiations with foreign countries looking to the adjustment of the tariff schedules under the maximum and minimum schedules of the Payne law, and in this capacity was highly respected by the diplomats who dealt with him. More recently he had charge of the negotiations with Canada in regard to reciprocity, and it was while in Canada in connection with these negotiations that he met with the illness which terminated a life which gave promise of being one of uncommon brilliancy. Mr. Hoyt married, in 1883, Miss Anne McMichael, daughter of Morton McMichael, Jr., Esq., and granddaughter of the late Hon. Morton McMichael, for many years publisher and editor of the North American and United States Gazette, and at one time mayor of Philadelphia.

RICHARD LEWIS ASHHURST, son of John Ashhurst by his wife Harriet Eyre, was born in Naples, Italy, during the sojourn of his parents there, February 5, 1838, and died at Atlantic City, New Jersey, January 30, 1911. He was graduated with the highest honors from the University of Pennsylvania in 1856; studied law with the Hon. William M. Meredith; was admitted to the Philadelphia bar in June, 1859, and rose to a distinguished position in his profession. August 20, 1862, he entered the Union Army as first lieutenant and adjutant of the 150th Pennsylvania Infantry—the Fighting Bucktails of Philadelphia, and remained with his command until wounded at Gettysburg, receiving an honorable discharge on account of his wounds, September 10, 1863. He was brevetted, March 13, 1865. captain of United States Volunteers "for meritorious service at Pollock's Mills, and at the battle of Chancellorsville," and at the same time received the brevet of major, "for distinguished gallantry at the battle of Gettysburg," Upon recovering his health, after leaving the army, he resumed the practice of his profession in Philadelphia. Always an ardent Republican he identified himself with politics in a quiet way, and, in February, 1906, was appointed by

President Roosevelt, Postmaster of Philadelphia, and was reappointed by President Taft in February, 1910. He was a member of the American and Pennsylvania Bar Associations, the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, the Military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States, the American Philosophical Society, the Phi Beta Kappa and the Union League, and was vice-dean of the Shakespeare Society of Philadelphia, and vice-president of the Law Association of Philadelphia. Mr. Ashhurst was the author of a biography of his distinguished preceptor, William M. Meredith; "Contemporary Evidences of Shakespeare's Identity," and articles on Shakespeare and military subjects. He married, May 30, 1861, Sarah, daughter of Prof. John Fries Frazer, of the University of Pennsylvania.

JAMES CALVIN BERGSTRESSER, born at Elysburg, Pa., July 15, 1831; died at Fountain Springs, Pa., September 18, 1910. He was a graduate at Lafayette College in 1871, having in the meantime studied law and was admitted to the bar in Northumberland County. Finding the practice of the law not agreeable to his disposition he took up the work of a civil engineer in railroad construction, to which he devoted two years. In 1874 he established the *Insurance World*, and from the time of its establishment until his demise he had been its editor, and since 1875 its sole proprietor. He traveled extensively, and to and from Europe he had crossed the Atlantic seventy times. He served as an officer in the National Guards of Pennsylvania, from which he retired in 1883. He was a member of the Duquesne Club of Pittsburgh, and a charter member of Ascalon Commandery Knights Templar, created in 1881.

JOHN HEMAN CONVERSE, who, at his death ranked among the most eminent of Philadelphia's citizens, was a son of Rev. John Kendrick Converse by his wife Sarah Allen. He was born in Burlington, Vermont, December 2, 1840, and died at his country seat, "Chetwynd," Rosemont, Pa., May 3, 1910. He fitted for college at the Burlington Union High School, and graduated at the University of Vermont in 1861. After leaving college he connected himself for three years with the editorial staff and business management of the Daily and Weekly Times of his native city. In 1864 he removed to Chicago where he engaged as clerk with the Chicago and Northwestern Railway, and two years later became chief clerk to Dr. Edward H. Williams, General Superintendent of the Pennsylvania Railroad, at Altoona, Pa. In 1870, when Dr. Williams entered the firm of M. Baird & Co., proprietors of the Baldwin Locomotive Works, Philadelphia. Mr. Converse entered the employ of the firm as corresponding clerk, and three years later became a member of the firm, and afterward the president of the company, which office he held at his death. Mr. Converse's work was confined to the financial management and general business of this huge plant, the output of which grew from less than 200 locomotives a year to more than 2600 a year, and to him was due much of the credit of this tremendous development. it was not alone in the business world that Mr. Converse obtained an eminent position, but in the financial, educational, religious, philanthropic and social as well. For many years he held directorship and took an active part in the management of numerous financial and other institutions, among which may be named the Philadelphia National Bank, the Philadelphia and Real Estate Trust Company, the Philadelphia Savings' Fund Society, and from 1899 he was a member of the Board of City Trusts, at first at the head of the committee having in charge the Girard Estate outside of Philadelphia, and later filling the position of president of the board. He was also a member of the Board of Public Education, president of the Fairmount Park Art Association, trustee and vice-president of the Pennsylvania Academy of Fine Arts, trustee of the Presbyterian Hospital, vice-president of the American Asiatic Association, and a member of the Union League, Art Club, Manufacturers' Club, University Club, Contemporary Club, Engineers' Club, American Philosophical Society, Historical Society of Pennsylvania, Genealogical Society of Pennsylvania, New England Society, and many other kindred organizations. Mr. Converse was a ruling elder of the Bryn Mawr Presbyterian Church, and a trustee of Calvary Presbyterian Church, Philadelphia, and in this denomination he was regarded "as a prince of layman, not only for his liberality in financing church enterprises, but for the personal service he gave the church and its institutions." In connection with the missionary work of Bryn Mawr Presbyterian Church he built and donated a hospital at Miraj, India, and to the Presbyterian Hospital in Philadelphia he donated the central building known as the Administration Building. University of Vermont, his alma mater, he was a liberal benefactor. As trustee of the University he made himself intimately acquainted with its needs, and he erected for the university three buildings of great architectural beauty and completeness, including two dwellings for the use of professors and a student's dormitory. In 1899 he founded and handsomely endowed the Department of Economics and Commerce in this university, and in 1906 he endowed a chair of homiletics and pastoral theology in the Presbyterian Theological Seminary of Omaha, Nebraska. His benefactions in many other directions were generous, and indicated large and broad sympathy with progressive humanitarian and religious movements of the day. A Republican in national politics he was nevertheless active in all local reform movements of recent years, and was one of the Committee of Seventy, and, though he never held public office, he was mentioned for the nomination of Mayor of Philadelphia on several

occasions. Mr. Converse took an active interest in our Society, and his contribution to our fund for erecting a monument in honor of Maj. Gen. Anthony Wayne was equalled by only two other members of the Society.

WILLIAM FOSTER BIDDLE, son of Edward Canby Biddle by his wife Hetty Harker Foster, was born at Philadelphia, August 18, 1834, and died at his residence in that city, 1906 Sansom Street, August 10, 1910. He entered the Junior class of the University of Pennsylvania in 1850, and was graduated A.B. in 1852, afterward receiving the degree of A.M. Upon leaving college he engaged in business as a civil and mining engineer; was principal assistant engineer of the Illinois Central R. R., 1856-60, and division superintendent of the Ohio and Mississippi R. R., 1860-1. He served as aidde-camp with rank of captain, U. S. Volunteers, on the Staff of Gen. George B. McClellan, from December, 1861, to April, 1863. He afterward served as manager of the Freedom Iron Works, 1864-5; vice-president of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company. 1866-8; president of the Freedom Iron and Steel Company, 1869-71, and from that time until his decease engaged in general and consulting practice as a civil and mining engineer. He took a deep interest in muscial matters in Philadelphia; was director and president of the Philadelphia Music Festival Association from 1883 to 1887, and was the author of various papers on musical and scientific subjects. He was a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers, the American Institute of Mining Engineers, the Philadelphia Academy of Natural Sciences, the Military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States, the Society of Colonial Wars in Pennsylvania, and the Historical and Genealogical societies of Pennsylvania. Mr. Biddle married, January 2, 1860, Emily Austin Leavitt, daughter of John W. Leavitt, of New York City.

JOHN PETER SHINDEL GOBIN, son of Samuel S. Gobin by his wife Susan Shindel, was born at Sunbury, Pa., January 26, 1837, and died at Lebanon, same state, May 1, 1910. He was educated in the schools at Sunbury; learned the art of printing, and afterward studied law; was admitted to Northumberland County bar in 1858, and engaged in practice. He entered the Union Army at the first call for "Three Months' Men," April 19, 1861, as first lieutenant of a company in 11th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, and at the close of such service he recruited a company, and on September 2, 1861, was mustered in as captain of Company C, 47th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers; was successively promoted major, lieutenant colonel and colonel, and on March 13, 1865, was brevetted brigadier general for meritorious service and complimented in orders for gallantry at the battle of Pocotaligo, S. C. Besides the latter engagement he participated in those of St. John's Bluff, Sabin Crossroads,

Pleasant Hill, and Cane River Crossing, and many others, serving in the departments of the South, the Gulf, and in the Shenandoah. In the latter department he was with Sheridan in his celebrated campaign, a portion of the time commanding a brigade in the 19th Corps, participating in the battles of Opequan and Fisher's Hill, and particularly distinguishing himself at Cedar Creek, where the service of his command was the turning point in the battle. He was for a time judge advocate general of the department of the South; was with his regiment at Charleston, S. C., in command of the First Sub. District, and acted as provost judge of that city until January, 1866, being mustered out of service on ninth of that month. Leaving the army he settled at Lebanon, where he resumed the practice of the law. From 1874 until 1907 he rendered distinguished service in the National Guard of Pennsylvania, first as colonel of the 8th Regiment, then as brigadier general in command of the 3d Brigade, and later as major general in command of the entire Guard of the State. During the Spanish-American War he was in the United States service as brigadier general of volunteers. General Gobin was a prominent member of the Senate of Pennsylvania from 1884 until 1898, and lieutenant governor of the State from January, 1899, until January, 1903. He was a director in various corporations; a member of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, the Military Order of the Loyal Legion, the Grand Army of the Republic, the Knights Templar, and the Odd Fellows, filling exalted positions in the three latter oganizations. He received the degree of LL.D. from Susquehanna University. In October, 1866, he married Annie M. Howe, daughter of Captain Howe, of Florida.

WILLIAM WATTS HART DAVIS, son of Gen. John Davis by his wife Amy Hart, was born in Davisville, Bucks County, Pa., July 27, 1820, and died at his home in Doylestown, same county, September 26, 1910. His grandfather, John Davis, was an ensign in the Revolution; was wounded at the attack on the Block House on the Hudson, and was one of the guard at the gallows when Major André was His father, Gen. John Davis, was a member of Congress, Surveyor of the Port of Philadelphia under President Polk's administration, and an officer in the State Militia. The subject of this sketch was educated at Partridge's University and Military School, at Norwich, Vermont, and upon his graduation in 1842 received the appointment of instructor of mathematics and commander of the cadets in the military academy at Portsmouth, Virginia. Remaining there two years, he returned home and studied law, entering the Harvard Law School to complete his studies. At this time Caleb Cushing was organizing the 1st Massachusetts regiment for the Mexican War, which young Davis joined, becoming first lieutenant, December 31, 1896, later adjutant, and, March 10, 1848, captain. When

Cushing was promoted brigadier general, Davis was appointed on his staff, serving as aid-de-camp, acting assistant adjutant general, acting commissioner of subsistence and acting inspector general. Returning home at the close of the war, August, 1848, he entered upon the practice of law at Dovlestown, and became an officer in the militia of the state. In 1858 he was appointed by President Pierce, United States District Attorney for New Mexico, where he spent four years, filling in succession the offices of United States District Attorney, Attorney General, Secretary of Territory, Governor, Superintendent of Indian Affairs and Superintendent of Public Buildings, also publishing for three years the Santa Fe Gazette, the only newspaper within 900 miles of that place. Returning home at the close of 1857 he shortly afterward purchased the Dovlestown Democrat, which he published until his death. At the outbreak of the Civil War he laid aside his pen, reorganized the Doylestown Guards. the volunteer company he commanded offered its services to the Governor, and it was accepted five days after the flag was fired on at Fort Sumter, becoming a part of the 25th Pennsylvania Regiment, and continuing in service until July 26, 1861. On September 5th, following, he was commissioned colonel of the 104th Pennsylvania Volunteers, and rendered distinguished service in the field until mustered out of service, September 30, 1864, being three times wounded. On March 13, 1865, he was brevetted brigadier general of United States Volunteers, "for meritorious services during the operations against Charleston, South Carolina." At the close of his service he resumed his newspaper work. He was prominently identified with the Democratic party; was twice nominated as its candidate for Congress from his district, but was defeated with his party each time. He was United States Commissioner to the Paris Exposition in 1878, United States Pension Agent in Philadelphia, 1885-9; member of the Pennsylvania Geological Survey Commission, president of the Bucks County Historical Society, the American Historical Society, the Military Order of the Loyal Legion, the Aztec Club, the Society of the Army of the Potomac, the Society of Foreign Wars, and other organizations. General Davis published the following works: "El Gungo," "Spanish Conquest of New Mexico," "Campaign of 1861 in the Shenandoah Valley," "Doylestown, Old and New," "History of the One Hundred and Fourth Pennsylvania Regiment," "History of the Hart Family," "Life of Gen. John Lacey," "History of Bucks County," "Life of Gen. John Davis," "The History of the Doylestown Guards," and "The Fries Rebellion." General Davis married, June 24, 1856, Anna, daughter of Jacob Carpenter, of Brooklyn, New York.

THOMAS POTTER, Jr., born in Philadelphia, July 12, 1850, and died at Atlantic City, N. J., December 2, 1910, was a son of Thomas Potter

by his wife Adaline Coleman, both of whom are deceased. Colonel Potter was educated at Friends' School, and upon completing his studies he became associated with his father in the manufacture of oilcloth and linoleum, which business was founded by the father, the plant becoming one of the largest in this country. In 1891 the firm was reorganized as Thomas Potter, Sons & Co., Inc., and from then until his death Colonel Potter was president of the company. On June 3, 1887, Colonel Potter entered the service of the State as an aid-de-camp on the staff of the commander in chief; he was appointed assistant quartermaster general December 12, 1888, his commission expiring January 20, 1891. He was appointed, March 7, 1891, first brigade quartermaster, but resigned that position September 12, 1892. His military ardor would not permit him to stay out of the Guard, however, and he was prevailed upon to accept the positon of aid-decamp on the First Brigade Staff October 4, 1892. On January 7, 1894, he was promoted to aid-de-camp on the staff of the commander in chief. Governor Hastings appointed him quartermaster general on September 22, 1895. Successively Governor Stone, Governor Pennypacker and Governor Stuart reappointed him to the same position. On the day of his funeral the flags on the armories throughout the State were placed at half mast as a tribute to his memory. He was a member of the Union League, serving several years as one of its directors, a charter member of the Clover club, a member of the Bachelor's Barge and Racquet clubs, and was for many years one of the managers of the schoolship Saratoga. He was also a member of other organizatons. Colonel Potter married, October 17, 1876, Lily Alexiena Wilson. A daughter, Olive Potter, now Mrs. Boulton Earnshaw, and a son, Wilson Potter, survive him.

ANNESLEY RICHARDSON GOVETT, only child and son of Robert Annesley Govett by his wife Eliza Butler, was born at Philadelphia, November 6, 1832, and died there, October 29, 1910. He was engaged in business for many years as a real estate operator, from which he retired with an ample fortune some years before his death. He was a member of the Historical, Colonial and Genealogical societies of Pennsylvania, the Union League, and the Penn Club, and of other organizations. His widow, Elizabeth J. Govett, survives him.

WASHINGTON BLEDDYN POWELL, son of William Mifflin Powell by his wife Anna Henian, was born in Philadelphia, October 31, 1852, and died there, April 26, 1910. He was an architect of prominence. In 1872 he became an assistant to John McArthur, architect, of the City of Philadelphia, and during his connection with the municipal draughting office gave valuable aid in planning the City Hall. In January, 1899, he was selected architect of the Public Buildings Com-

mission, serving as such until June, 1901, when the Commission was abolished and the architectural force was transferred to the Bureau of City Property. Most of the city police and fire engine stations built in recent years were designed by Mr. Powell, as was the new pumping station at Lehigh Avenue and Sixth Street. Outside of public work he supervised the erection of the union stations of the Pennsylvania Railroad at Baltimore, Maryland, and Richmond, Virginia, and the terminal improvements of that road at Jersey City. He was the architect of the palatial mansion of William L. Elkins, Broad Street above Girard Avenue, since transformed into the Hotel Majestic, and he will be held in grateful remembrance by this Society for his valuable service in connection with the monuments and memorials which it has erected. He was a member of the Historical and Genealogical societies of Pennsylvania, the Society of Colonial Wars in Pennsylvania, the New Jersey Society of the Cincinnati, the Military Order of Foreign Wars, the Society of the War of 1812, the American Institute of Architects and of the Union League.

CHARLES WILLIAMS, son of Samuel Williams by his wife Susan Randall, was born in Philadelphia, November 22, 1851, and died at his residence, in Haverford, Pa., November 10, 1910. He was educated at the Classical Institute under Dr. Faries, and upon leaving school joined an engineer corps in railroad building, under James McCrea, Esq., the present president of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. Shortly afterward he studied at the Polytechnic College, but subsequently engaged in the insurance business, in which he became prominent, and was at his death and for many years prior to that time agent for the Commerical Union Assurance Company of England. He was for some years a member of Company D, First Regiment, National Guard of Pennsylvania; became major on the staff of Brigadier General Matthews, who commanded the First Brigade, and was in service in the coal regions in 1876, and in the labor troubles of 1877 he was stationed at and near Pittsburgh, acting as major and commissary to the First Brigade. He was a member of the Historical, Genealogical and Colonial societies of Pennsylvania, the Society of Colonial Wars and of the War of 1812, and was also a member of the Rittenhouse, and Merion Cricket clubs, of which latter organization he was for several years a member of the Board of Governors. Mr. Williams married, October 18, 1877, Hannah N., daughter of William Canby Biddle by his wife Hannah Miller.

JOHN JOSEPH READ, son of Joseph S. Read by his wife Mary Black, was born at Mt. Holly, New Jersey, June 17, 1842, and died there, October 26, 1910. He was appointed to the U. S. Naval Academy from New Jersey, 1858; ordered into active service on frigate "Po-

tomac," acting midshipman in 1861; promoted ensign, November 25, 1862; lieutenant, February 22, 1864; lieutenant commander, July 25, 1866; commander, December 11, 1877; captain, April 27, 1893; rear admiral, November 29, 1900. He served on the Atlantic and Gulf coasts, 1861; West Gulf Blockading Squadron, 1862-3; participated in attack on Port Hudson, Louisiana, and Grand Gulf, Mississippi, 1863-4, and as executive officer of the "Cuyler," in both attack and capture of Fort Fisher, 1864. From that time he served on various vessels, and in various capacities in the Navy until 1901, when he became commandant of the Portsmouth Navy Yard. In 1903-4 he was chairman of the Lighthouse Board and was retired on account of age, June 17, 1904. Commanding the Flagship "Olympia," 1905-7, he was succeeded by Admiral Dewey on the eve of the Spanish-American War.

WILLIAM HENRY BROWN, son of Levi K. Brown, was born in Little Britain Township, Lancaster County, Pa., February 29, 1836, and died at Belfast, Ireland, June 25, 1910. He was an eminent civil engineer. Early in the Civil War, at the instance of Col. Thomas A. Scott, Assistant Secretary of War, Mr. Brown entered the United States service as an engineer, and performed important work in connection with military roads and telegraphs. After the war he engaged in his profession in the service of various railroads, until August, 1874, when he became the Chief Engineer of the Pennsylvania Railroad, which position he retained until August, 1906, when he was retired on account of age, and placed on the pension roll of that corporation. He was a resident of Philadelphia and at his death was traveling in Europe. Mr. Brown was a grandson of Hon. Jeremiah Brown, of Lancaster County, who served in the Legislature of Pennsylvania; was a member of the State Constitutional Convention of 1837-8; two terms a member of Congress, and for many years an associate judge of Lancaster County.

CRAIG DORSEY RITCHIE, son of William Craig Ritchie by his wife Susana S. Dorsey, was born in Philadelphia, April 26, 1830, and died there, December 10, 1910. When only seventeen years of age he entered the office of Jacob Hockley, conveyancer, and became one of the best-known conveyancers of Philadelphia, and was a recognized authority on real estate values in that city. He was for many years the president of the Real Estate Title and Trust Company, but retired from active business several years before his death. He was one of the early members of the Union League of Philadelphia, and helped organize the famous Tremont Club, and was a prominent member of the St. Andrew's Society, serving as its secretary from 1844 until 1885, vice-president in 1886-7, and president, 1888-9. He was also a member of the Penn Club, the Historical Society of Pennsylvania,

the Franklin Institute, the Academy of the Fine Arts, Philadelphia Academy of Natural Sciences, the Fairmount Park Art Association, the National Geographical Society, and other organizations, and was for thirty years president of the board of trustees of the Arch Street Presbyterian Church. He married Charlotte, daughter of John Wiegand, Esq., and is survived by her.

GEORGE WASHINGTON POWELL, son of George Washington Powell by his wife Annie E. McCaulley, was born in Philadelphia, October 21, 1868, and died at Ocean City, New Jersey, July 27, 1910. He was educated in the public schools of Philadelphia and afterward attaining manhood engaged for a time as a real estate broker, retiring from business on account of ill health. He served for a time in Company D, First Regiment, National Guard of Pennsylvania. He was for some years a member of the Markham Club, Philadelphia, and of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania.

CHARLES HENRY JONES, a vice-president of this Society, and for many years its treasurer and chairman of its board of managers, was the eldest son of Honorable J. Glancy Jones by his wife Anna Rodman. He was born at Reading, Pennsylvania, September 13, 1837, and died at Jenkintown, same state, December 2, 1911. His father was a prominent member of Congress, and from 1858 to 1861 was United States Minister to Austria. The son accompanied his father to Austria, and was Attaché of the Legation there during his father's ministership. In 1863 Charles Henry Jones was admitted to the Berks County bar, and immediately thereafter removed to Philadelphia, where he engaged in the practice of law until his decease, attaining prominence in the profession. Eminently high toned as a lawyer and public spirited as a citizen, as a practitioner courteous, fair-minded and with a thorough respect for the dignity of his profession, he illustrated a high type of the Philadelphia lawyer. He was solicitor to the Commissioners of Fairmount Park, 1869-1874; Democratic candidate for City Solicitor of Philadelphia in 1874; deputy collector of customs at Philadelphia, 1884-1889, and vice-president of the Trust Company of North America, 1889-1900. He was president of the Colonial Society of Pennsylvania; chairman of the Board of Managers of Christ Church Hospital; a vestryman of St. Peter's Church (Episcopal), Philadelphia, many years, and a member of the Society of Colonial Wars. He was author of "A Pedestrian Tour Through Switzerland," 1860; "Recollections of Venice," 1862; "A Trip to the Neusiedlersee," 1859; "Memoirs of William Rodman," 1865; "A Digest of Park Laws and Ordinances," 1870; "Davaults Mills" (novel), 1877; "History of the Campaign for the Conquest of Canada in 1776," 1882; "Genealogy of the Rodman Family," 1886, and "Life and Public Services of J. Glancy Jones," 1909, and contributed numerous papers on historical subjects for various publications. In the "Campaign for the Conquest of Canada," to which reference is made, his great-grandfather, Colonel Jonathan Jones, bore a prominent part. Mr. Jones married, April 20, 1872, Kate Evelyn, daughter of J. Rinaldo Sank, Esq., by whom he had one son, the late Charles Rodman Jones, Lieutenant U. S. A., and two daughters, Evelyn Jones, and Anna Rodman Drayton (wife of Robert Massey Drayton), both of whom survive him.

GIDEON STODDART, son of John Marshall Stoddart by his wife Eliza Fahnestock, was born in Philadelphia, September 23, 1842, and died there, May 2, 1911. His father was a member of the firm of Curwen Stoddart & Brother, one of the early large dry-goods houses established in Philadelphia. The son, Gideon Stoddart, was for many years engaged in the wholesale harness business, being the senior member of the firm of Stoddart, Jones & Yerkes, located on Third Street above Arch. Retiring from business several years ago, he lived a retired life, spending most of his time at his handsome countryseat in Rydal, Bucks County, Pennsylvania. A large part of the property now forming the grounds of the Huntingdon Valley Golf Club was formerly owned by Mr. Stoddart. On June 30, 1863, Mr. Stoddart was enrolled as Corporal in Company A, 49th Regiment Pennsylvania Militia, and remained in service at that critical period of the Civil War, until September 4, 1863, when he was mustered out with his company. He was a member of the Huntingdon Valley Golf Club, and one of its board of managers, and was connected with the Bethesda Home and the Haves Mechanics' Home, being a large benefactor to both institutions. He married (1) Clara, daughter of John Gilbert, Esq., and (2) Dr. Frances Janney, the latter surviving him.

ARTHUR VINCENT MEIGS, M.D., son of John Forsyth Meigs, M.D., by his wife Ann Wilcocks Ingersoll, was born in Philadelphia, November 1, 1850, and died there, January 1, 1912. His father was one of the noted physicians of Philadelphia. The son received his early education at the Classical Academy and the University of Pennsylvania, leaving the latter institution in his Sophomore year to enter its Medical Department, from which he was graduated in 1871. He obtained a high standing in his profession. Shortly after his graduation, he was appointed a Resident Physician of the Pennsylvania Hospital, and in 1882 one of the attending physicians, retaining this position until his death. He was Attending Physician of the Children's Hospital and the Southern Home for Destitute Children; Consulting Physician of the Pennsylvania Institution for the Blind; Fellow of the College of Physicians, Philadelphia; member of the County Medical, Pathological, and Obstetrical societies of

Philadelphia, and the Association of American Physicians, and other kindred societies, and of the Rittenhouse and University clubs. He was the author of "Milk Analysis and Milk Feeding"; "The Origin of Disease," and "Study of Human Blood in Health and Disease," and contributed various papers to the Transactions of the College of Physicians, the Philadelphia County Medical Society, and various medical journals. Dr. Meigs married Mary Roberts, daughter of Edward Roberts, Esq., and is survived by her, and two sons: Dr. Edward B. Meigs, and Arthur I. Meigs.

ANDREW ROVOUDT WIGHT, son of Andrew Wight by his wife Elizabeth F. Rovoudt, was born in Philadelphia, December 8, 1860, and died there, January 20, 1911. In his boyhood he entered the service of E. Bradford Clarke, one of the leading grocery merchants of Philadelphia, and remained in the same, becoming a partner, and at the death of Mr. Clarke, the head of the business, which came to be known as the E. Bradford Clarke Company. Mr. Wight resided in Germantown, and was prominent in the public affairs of that locality, taking an active part in reform movements. He was president of the Old Township Club of Germantown, treasurer of the William Penn Party, and vice-president of the Young Republican Club; member of the City Club, White Marsh Valley Country Club, Site and Relic Society of Germantown, and Pennsylvania Arbitration and Peace Society. He is survived by a widow and one son, Andrew Rovoudt Wight, Jr., born June 17, 1894.

Respectfully submitted,

JOHN B. McPherson,

Chairman Board of Managers.

GEO. CUTHBERT GILLESPIE.

Secretary.

[SEAL]

On motion the Report was accepted, approved and referred to the incoming board to print and publish such portions as they may deem proper.

The Treasurer's Report was then called for, and Mr. Harrold Edgar Gillingham, Treasurer of the Society, read his report and that of the Auditors, as follows:

Harrold E. Gillingham, Treasurer in account with Pennsylvania Society of Sons of the Revolution April 3, 1911, to April 1, 1912 Annual Report

RECEIPTS	General Fund	Permanent Fund	Wayne Monument Fund
To balance on hand April 3, 1911	\$331.01	\$3,812.34	\$1,867.77
To annual dues for current year	3,024.10 68.00		
To annual dues for next year, in advance To annual dues for previous years—	08.00		
arrears	256.00		
To Washington's Birthday Reception	16.00		
To interest on deposits To interest on investments	34.91		53.19
To expenses returned—Triennial Meet-	994.10		430.00
ing	10.00		
Received from estate former Treas-			
To initiation fees: new members	197.47	220.00	
To life memberships		330.00 250.00	
Totals	\$4,931.59	\$4,392.34	\$2,350.96
	44,932.39	44,592.54	42,330.90
PAYMENTS BY TREASURER	General Fund	Permanent Fund	Wayne Monument Fund
By expenses of Annual Meeting, 1911	\$309.20		
By expenses of Triennial Meeting	227.59		
By expenses of Evacuation Day Exer-	, 6,		
cises	207.67		
By expenses of Church Service By expenses of Washington's Birthday	105.15		
Reception	583.51		
By expenses of publication of by-laws.	220.28		
By expen's of former Treasurer's Clerk By expenses of Treasurer's Office	50.00		
By expenses of Treasurer's Office	146.82 198.88		
By expenses of Secretary's Salary	300.00		
By expenses of Registrar	21.50		
By expenses of Board of Managers	49.35		
By general expenses By return of insignia	109.50		
By State tax on mortgages	11.00 39.40		
By assessment General Society	289.00		
By printing and postage	326.80		
By investment, \$4000 Bonds Lehigh Val-		\$2,000,00	
ley General Mtge. 4's and Interest By investment, \$2000 Bonds Reading		\$3,998.33	
Co. General Mtge, 4's and Interest		-	\$1,983.33
By balance cash on hand in Logan Trust			, 0 30
Co. By balance cash on hand in Logan Trust	1,735.94		
Co		394.01	
By balance cash on hand in Western		394.01	
Savings Fund			367.63
	\$4,931.59	\$4,392.34	\$2,350.96

ASSETS	General Fund	Permanent Fund	Wayne Monument Fund
Cash on deposit, Logan Trust Company Cash on deposit, Western Saving Fund	\$1,735.94	\$394.01	\$367.63
Mortgage, N. W. Cor. Wyoming Ave. and Oxford Pike, Philadelphia, @ 5% Mortgage, 1310 South Paxon St., @		4,000.00	
5.4%		1,600.00	
5.4%	-	1,600.00	
Pa., @ 5% Lehigh Valley R. R. 4% Gold Bonds		2,650.00 4,000.00	
City of Philadelphia 3½% Loan City of Philadelphia 3½% Loan Electric & Peoples 4% Stock Trust		5,000.00	4,000.00
Certif			4,500.00 2,000.00
Totals	\$1,735.94	\$19,244.01	\$10,867.63

HARROLD E. GILLINGHAM, Treasurer.

We, the undersigned Committee, duly appointed to audit the accounts of Harrold E. Gillingham, Treasurer of the Pennsylvania Society of Sons of the Revolution, do hereby certify that we have examined the said account for the year beginning April 3, 1911, and ending April 1, 1912, have compared the vouchers and examined the assets and find the same to be correct as above set forth in all particulars.

S. Davis Page,
Edwin Jaquett Sellers,
Committee on Audit.

On motion the Report was received, ordered to be spread upon the minutes and printed in the Annual Proceedings.

The Chairman. Is there any unfinished business?

The Secretary. I believe there is no unfinished business.

The Chairman. New business will be in order.

The Secretary. I have two letters which will come under new business.

The letters were read as follows:

SONS OF THE REVOLUTION
Office of the Assistant General Secretary
W. HALL HARRIS, JR.
218 St. Paul St., Baltimore, Md.

March 30, 1912

To Sons of the Revolution, Society in the State of Pennsylvania:

Sons of the Revolution extends to the Society in the State of Pennsyl-

vania, its cordial greetings at the time of their annual meeting on the third day of April, 1912, and wishes them a most prosperous and successful year.

Sons of the Revolution.

By
WILLIAM LIBBEY, General Secretary,
W. HALL HARRIS, JR., Assistant General Secretary.

SONS OF THE REVOLUTION
Office of the General Secretary
PROFESSOR WILLIAM LIBBEY
Princeton, New Jersey

March 21, 1912.

My dear Sir:

As the time for your Annual Meeting is approaching I wish to call your attention to three resolutions to be found on pages 104, 107 and 115 of the Triennial Report. These resolutions were acted upon by the General Society at the last meeting and the duty devolves upon me to call the attention of the State Societies to them. I have done so to the present time with almost unanimous approval of the action therein suggested.

I am enclosing herewith copies of the resolutions submitted to each of the State Societies for their action.

I will be pleased to have you bring these resolutions before your Annual Meeting and have you furnish me with a certified copy of the action taken by your Society.

With kind regards, I am

Yours very truly,

WILLIAM LIBBEY, General Secretary.

Mr. G. C. GILLESPIE, 203 Walnut Place, Philadelphia, Pa.

RESOLUTIONS

First, Resolved, That a Committee of three be appointed to secure such action as may be necessary on the part of the State Legislature and the National Congress, to prevent the desecration of either the United States Flag or the State Flag, by their use for advertising purposes or any other purpose not consistent with their dignity as National or State emblems.

Second, RESOLVED, That this Society endorses the action of the General Society upon the subject of the proper wearing of the Society ribbons and insignia, and recommends that its members wear them in accordance with the action therein proposed, and that the report upon this matter be incorporated in the by-laws of the Society for the future guidance of its members.

Third, RESOLVED, That this Society adopts the Resolution proposed at the last General Meeting of the Society; that Section VIII of the Con-

stitution of the General Society be amended by adding one Vice-President for each State Society, and adding two more General Chaplains.

The Secretary. I do not know what action we can take on that without bringing up each section separately.

The Chairman. A letter of congratulation and good will was read by the Secretary. What action will the Society take thereon?

Mr. Sellers. I move the Secretary be requested to reply and express the appreciation of the Society.

The motion was duly seconded and unanimously adopted.

The Chairman. The Society has heard the three suggested resolutions which have been read by the Secretary.

Mr. Leach. I suppose we had better vote on them separately. I do not think we all quite understood them as he read them over.

The Chairman. Is it the desire of the Society that they be read separately?

Mr. Leach. Read separately and acted on.

The first resolution was read, and a motion made for its adoption.

Mr. Littlefield. Mr. Chairman, there is such a statute at present on the Statute Books of Pennsylvania. I think it was passed in 1907, making it a misdemeanor to use the flag for advertising purposes, so I think, as far as it refers to Pennsylvania, it would be at least useless to pass the resolution. I know there is such an act because I recently looked it up.

Mr. Leach. The motion goes further than that. It would be very proper for us to appoint a committee, in accordance with that, and to refer that matter to the committee, with our approval, for them to take such action.

The Chairman. This resolution, as the Chair understands, is a very broad one, not only for advertising purposes but for any other purpose not consistent with the dignity of either emblem, State or National.

Mr. Evans. As I understand, our present statute does not apply to our State Flag.

Mr. Sellers. I move that the resolution, as read, be adopted. For this Society to endorse it can do no harm.

The motion of Mr. Sellers was duly seconded and carried.

The second resolution was read.

The Secretary. As I understand, the by-laws provide for the proper occasions when insignia shall be worn, and the proper ways in which it shall be worn and that the miniature should not be worn on official occasions of the Society, and only those who have the full insignia are entitled to get the miniatures, and some other details of that sort. Officers, I believe, are entitled to wear insignia around their necks. I have the by-law relating to that. It is in the Constitution, Article 13. Article 14 relates to the manner of wearing it. (Articles 13 and 14 were read.)

Mr. Sellers. I move the adoption of the resolution as drafted.

The motion of Mr. Sellers was duly seconded and carried.

The third resolution was read.

Mr. Evans. I move its adoption.

The motion of Mr. Evans was duly seconded and carried.

The Chairman. Is there any further new business?

Mr. Gillingham. With your permission I would like to offer, under the head of new business, an amendment to the by-laws, amending Section 4, as follows:

SECTION IV.

After the words "three (3) dollars" in the second line insert "for members living at a distance of fifty (50) miles, or more, from Philadelphia City Hall; and five (5) dollars for members living within a radius of fifty (50) miles of Philadelphia City Hall," so that the paragraph shall read, as follows:

"The initiation fee shall be ten (10) dollars, payable within thirty days after date of election; the annual dues three (3) dollars for members living at a distance of fifty miles, or more from Philadelphia City Hall; and five (5) dollars for members living

within a radius of fifty miles of Philadelphia City Hall, payable in advance. The payment at one time of fifty (50) dollars shall constitute a life membership, etc."

My object in offering that amendment to the by-laws is that a majority of our members live within fifty miles of Philadelphia, and it costs us \$2.72 per member to conduct the Society, in addition to which New York, New Jersey and a number of the other nearby societies charge \$5.00 a year dues. We are approaching the twenty-fifth Anniversary of this Society, when the expenses will be very much greater than they have been in years past, and with all due deference to the Board, who have exerted every possible means to economize in the past two years, we have hardly got enough cash on hand to do much on our twenty-fifth Anniversary, and I therefore offer this as an amendment to the by-laws. Of course, I appreciate the fact that it cannot be acted upon until another meeting of the Society, or until next year if there is no intervening meeting. I do not know whether an amendment has to be seconded or not.

The Chairman, No.

Mr. Gillingham. I offer the following amendment to Section 19 of the by-laws.

SECTION XIX.

On the third line of the second paragraph insert the words "one year" in place of the words "two years," so that the second paragraph of Section XIX shall read, as follows:

"The Board of Managers shall have power to drop from the roll the name of any enrolled member of the Society who shall be at least one year in arrears in the payment of dues, and who, on notice to pay the same, shall fail and neglect to do so within thirty days thereafter, and, upon being thus dropped, his membership shall cease and terminate, but he may be restored to membership at any time by the Board of Managers on his application therefor, and upon his payment of all such arrears and of the annual dues from the date when he was dropped to the date of his restoration."

I have explained before why I have offered that resolution. It has cost us for the past three years, as I have calculated from the former Treasurer's Report and from last year's Report, almost \$3 to carry a member, and that is made up as follows: We pay an assessment per member to the general Society, of 25 cents; printing and postage per member 28 cents (these are taken from the last year's expenses); the Annual Meeting, 26 cents; Church Services, 9 cents; Washington's Birthday, 50 cents; expenses of Evacuation Day, 37 cents; publication for 1911, 22 cents (and, by the way, our publication for 1911 and 1912, the year just ended, cost the Society about one-half what last year's expenses were); expenses of the Treasurer, 12 cents; expenses of the Secretary, 43 cents, and sundry expenses, 20 cents. So that you can see from \$3 dues we pay \$2.72 per member, and it does not pay us to carry dead wood on the books. We have at the present time \$261 owing us for back dues; \$120 of it is two years old and \$141 of it is one year old, and this matter has been discussed in the Board for some time. We must either get rid of those members who will not pay dues or keep on carrying them as an expense to our Society. If it were not for the fact that we got nearly \$900 income last year from our permanent fund investments, and that we closed the previous year with \$330 balance, we would have ended this year with about \$40 cash on hand, which is pretty close to run an organization of nearly 1200 members. I beg to offer that as an amendment to the by-laws, to be acted upon at the next annual meeting.

Mr. Sellers. If it is in order I would move that when the notice of these proposed amendments is sent to the members, that it be printed upon the notice that their adoption was recommended at this meeting. Some members may not be present, and when a member receives that, if he knows that when they were proposed here they received a favorable recommendation it would influence people in coming to the meeting and prevent a great deal of discussion possibly over the passage of this resolution.

The Secretary. Do you ask for the sense of the meeting as to their approval or disapproval?

Mr. Sellers. I merely offer that. If it is not seconded that ends it.

The Secretary. I second the motion.

Mr. Gillingham. Our by-laws call for this provision. Any amendment to a by-law must be offered at one meeting and acted upon at a subsequent meeting, but full two weeks' notice must be given before the subsequent meeting, and a copy of the amendment must be given in that notice, so that while we cannot act on this amendment at this meeting, when we call upon the members to meet again to act on this resolution a copy of that amendment is to go out, and it has to be in the members' hands two weeks before that special or general meeting.

Mr. Sellers. I will withdraw the motion.

Mr. A. W. Russel. I offer the following amendment to the by-laws. Amend Section 17, as follows:

SECTION XVII.

After the second section ending with the words "general report" insert as a new section "The Board of Managers may issue to any enrolled member in good standing upon his removal to another State a letter recommending his acceptance to membership in the Society of that State; and, on receipt of official notice of his election thereto, he shall be recorded as having been transferred. Such letter shall be issued only upon the written request of the member and must be presented within one year from date thereof."

Amend Section 19, as follows:

SECTION XIX.

Insert at the end of the first section ending with the words "decide the case" and as part of said section "The dismissal, cashiering or dishonorable discharge from the military or naval service of the United States, or the conviction in a court of justice

of any criminal offense of any enrolled member of the Society shall constitute ipse facto expulsion."

I offer this to be considered along with the other amendments offered:

SECTION XIX.

After the first section amended as above insert as a new section "Any member who shall be one year in arrears in the payment of his dues shall be considered as not in good standing; and such a member shall not be the recipient of any publications of the Society or invitations to any of its functions until his dues are paid in full."

In other words, if a member is carried by the Society as an expense with no income being derived from him, he shall not receive the benefits of the Society.

The Chairman. Gentlemen, you have heard the proposed amendments to the by-laws which have been read. Under the rules of the Society they will lie over for action at such time as under the by-laws of the Society is legal.

The next business is the election of officers.

Mr. Hornor. I nominate the following gentlemen for the offices named, for the ensuing year:

President
RICHARD McCALL CADWALADER

Vice-Presidents

HON. SAMUEL WHITAKER PENNYPACKER, LL.D.
HON. JAMES ADDAMS BEAVER, LL.D.
COLONEL JOSIAH GRANVILLE LEACH
HON. CHARLEMAGNE TOWER, LL.D.
BRIGADIER GENERAL LOUIS HENRY CARPENTER, U. S. A. (Retired)

Secretary
GEO. CUTHBERT GILLESPIE

Treasurer
HARROLD EDGAR GILLINGHAM

Registrar John Woolf Jordan, LL.D.

Historian

Hon. Norris Stanley Barratt, LL.D.

Chaplain
The Rev. George Woolsey Hodge, S.T.D.

Managers

REV. HORACE EDWIN HAYDEN
STANLEY GRISWOLD FLAGG, JR.
EDWARD STALKER SAYRES
JAMES MCCORMICK LAMBERTON
EDWARD TOWNSEND STOTESBURY
HON. JOHN MORIN SCOTT
ALEXANDER WILSON RUSSELL, JR.
HON. WILLIAM SEBRING KIRKPATRICK, LL.D.
WILLIAM INNES FORBES

Delegates

SAMUEL DAVIS PAGE
ETHAN ALLEN WEAVER
JOHN MADISON TAYLOR, M.D.
GENERAL CHARLES MAXWELL CLEMENT
JOHN ARMSTRONG HERMAN
RUSSELL DUANE
DAVID MILNE
EDGAR MOORE GREEN, M.D.
ADAM ARBUCKLE STULL
LOUIS CHILDS MADEIRA
FREDERICK SCHOFF
EDWIN JAQUETT SELLERS
HON. ERNEST LEIGH TUSTIN
FRANK BATTLES

Alternates

CLARENCE PAYNE FRANKLIN, M.D. HON. FRANK MILLER RITER WILLIAM COPELAND FURBER EBEN BOYD WEITZELL Meredith Hanna
William Campbell Posey, M.D.
John Morgan Ash, Jr.
Oliver Randolph Parry
Lewis Neilson
Meirs Busch
Albert Pepper Gerhard
Henry Warren Littlefield
Louis Barcroft Runk
Jennings Hood

On motion the Secretary was directed to cast one ballot as the ballot of the Society for officers for the ensuing year.

The Secretary. One office has been omitted, which is a curious oversight. I nominate Reverend George Woolsey Hodge as Chaplain. He is the only officer, I think, who has retained his position since the organization of the Society.

Mr. Hornor. I think the Reverend Mr. Hodge will acquit me of any intentional oversight. I have had the very great pleasure and honor to serve with Mr. Hodge on numerous committees, and must ask his pardon for failing to notice that his name had been omitted by a clerical error.

The Chairman. The Secretary has cast the ballot and announces the officers for the ensuing year as already read.

Mr. Leach. There is a matter I would like to bring to the attention of the Society. As has been stated, one year from now we celebrate our twenty-fifth Anniversary, on which occasion we hope to be prepared to put up the statue we have worked over so long. In connection with this Anniversary, it seems to me we should have an annual dinner, and I would like the sentiment of the members as to whether we shall have one. The Board of Managers would like to know whether it is the sentiment that we celebrate Anniversary by a dinner. I would ask all present who favor a dinner, to manifest it by rising.

The Chairman. The Secretary will please note that the sentiment in favor of a dinner in celebration of the twenty-fifth Anniversary appears to be unanimous.

Mr. Leach. It is my duty, as historian of the Society, to prepare biographical sketches of our deceased members. The death list this year has been very large, I am sorry to say, and we have great cause to grieve over the loss of so many members. I have prepared many of these sketches. I have already handed to the Secretary a number of sketches, and now hand in a number more, and will endeavor to have the balance of them ready for our coming publication. I make this as my report as Historian.

The Chairman. You have heard the Historian present a partial report, and he proposes to have the complete report in time for printing in the Annual Report.

Mr. Gillingham. In connection with the proposed dinner or banquet to celebrate our twenty-fifth Anniversary, it has been suggested to me by several members to-night that it might be advisable to consider whether we should have at such a dinner our wives or sweethearts, as we may elect. It is a question I think it might be wise for members to think of, whether they want it to be a dinner or banquet simply of the members, or whether members shall have the privilege of bringing their wives.

The Secretary. I would suggest that as our Society is very large, and many members no doubt would like to attend such a dinner, that it would be difficult to get a room where we could accommodate more than our own membership.

The Chairman. Does the Society wish to take any action or discuss the question which has just been proposed by the Treasurer?

Mr. Leach. I move that the thanks of the Society be tendered to Mr. Harrison for so ably presiding over our deliberations to-night.

The motion was duly seconded and unanimously carried. On motion of Mr. Leach, the meeting adjourned.

CHARLES CUSTIS HARRISON,

Chairman of Meeting.

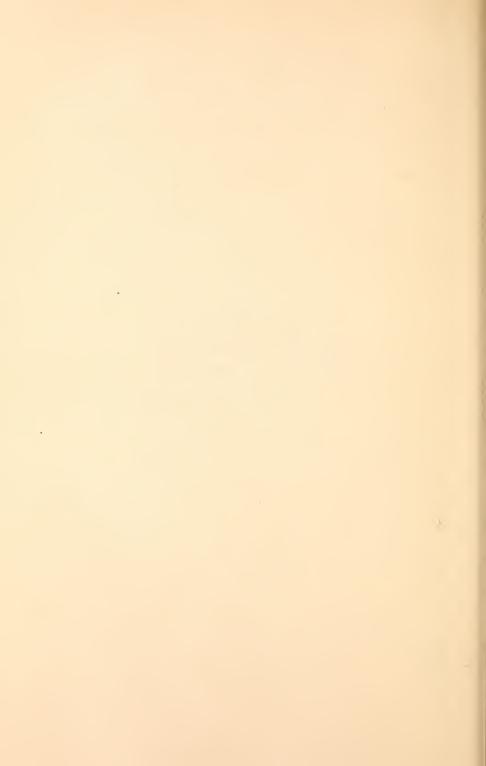
RICHARD McCall Cadwalader,

President.

George Cuthbert Gillespie,
Secretary.



Annual Sermon Preached in Christ Church Second Street, Philadelphia Dec. 17, 1911



THE TWENTY-THIRD ANNUAL SERMON

PREACHED BEFORE THE

PENNSYLVANIA SOCIETY OF SONS OF THE REVOLUTION

Christ Church, Second Street, Philadelphia

BY THE

REV. EDWARD M. JEFFERYS, S.T.D.

RECTOR OF ST. PETER'S CHURCH, PHILADELPHIA

"THE UNITY OF THE SPIRIT."

"I, therefore, the prisoner of the Lord beseech you that ye walk worthy of the vocation wherewith ye are called, with all lowliness and meekness, with long suffering, forbearing one another in love, endeavoring to keep the unity of the spirit in the bond of peace."—Ephesians iv, 1-3.

Let us note preliminarily the word therefore. It is used by St. Paul in a special manner. It is the connecting link, not between two parts of a sentence, not between two paragraphs, not between two chapters, but between two distinct portions of the Epistle; the doctrinal portion and the practical portion, the theological portion and the ethical. For three chapters St. Paul has been speaking of the mysteries of the faith, the mysteries of grace, and the mysteries of Revelation. But in the rest of the Epistle, he takes up almost entirely the plainest, simplest, most practical, every-day Christian virtues and duties. And therefore is the connecting link between the two portions.

There is but one other place in the New Testament where the word is used in exactly the same way, I believe. It is in the first verse of the twelfth chapter of the Epistle to the Romans. In that Epistle you find eleven chapters of abstruse doctrinal reasoning, the theology of predestination to privilege and of justi-

fication through faith; then in the remaining seven chapters you find the plainest and simplest items of the Christian life. And as in the Epistle to the Ephesians, therefore is the connecting link between the two portions: between Christian theology and Christian practice.

The word is really, then, a sermon in itself. Theology ought to be the synonym of goodness. Faith ought to be the measure of practice. Principles ought to be the index of conduct. Theologians ought to be the best Christians in the world. But what are the facts? Longfellow does not exaggerate in the Tale of the Theologian in the Tales of the Wayside Inn. The old Hidalgo is a profound theologian. Theology is his meat and drink, but he denounces his two daughters, his only children to the Grand Inquisitor of Spain for heresy and freely gives them up to be burned in the public square. The old Hidalgo is no exaggeration. He is typical of a long line of heresy hunting persecutors beginning in the dim ages past and not ending in the present day.

What is the explanation? Simply that St. Paul's therefore was unknown to them. There was no connecting link between their theology and the Christian life. There was no therefore in their theology.

All this is no disparagement of theology. It is no disparagement of the usefulness and value of steam to say that it is escaping into the air from a broken locomotive or that it is scalding and torturing men and women pinned down under a railway wreck. Theology is the Queen of all Sciences. But it is always a useless and often a baleful science without St. Paul's therefore at the end of it.

I apprehend that the present age has its eyes on this word. The present age does not care what you believe unless the *there-fore* goes with it. Your Christian doctrine must mean Christian practice. Your Christian theology must mean Christian ethics. If there is this connecting link between the two, between your theology and your Christian life, then the world is glad with a great gladness that you are a believer, that you know God and Jesus Christ Whom He hath sent.

As we read the story of the American Revolution, we are

impressed, it seems to me, with nothing more forcibly than with the lesson of unity: the power of unity and the weakness of division. In a very real sense, in spite of Lexington and Concord, in spite of Ticonderoga and Bunker Hill, in spite of the other mutterings and rumblings of the volcano of popular discontent, the Revolution began with the words of John Hancock, "We must be unanimous. There must be no pulling different ways." The lesson of unity emerges on every page. It is taught in the letters and speeches of the leaders. It is writ large in the life of Washington. It is traced in blood at Valley Forge. In a word, it appears wherever we look, from one end of the story to the other. And when the story is finished we are forced to conclude that good men united in a good cause are practically invincible.

The seed thought of out text is Unity. Although the text is a long one, consisting of three verses, it makes but one point. On one side is the Christian revelation; on the other side, Unity resolving itself into the Christian duties and virtues public and private; and St. Paul's therefore between them.

I do not mean unity of opinion. That, except in the minds of tyrants political, ecclesiastical and domestic, is neither desirable nor possible.

Let me illustrate what I mean to say. Charles V, King of Spain, Emperor of Germany, Lord of the Netherlands, Lord of Italy, Lord of countless other lordships, ruled a greater empire than any man since Charlemagne. He came to much of this power when a child. He believed in it and used it to the utmost. At fifty-five he abdicated and retired to the Monastery of Saint Yuste, and gave himself up to religious devotion, political intrigue and mechanical pursuits. He was especially fond of making and regulating clocks. And it is said that a few months before his death which occurred in 1557 he exclaimed to some of his retainers: "Of what folly have I been guilty these many years in trying to make twenty million people feel and think alike on religious matters, and yet I cannot get two of my little clocks to tick together for more than a few minutes."

St. Paul refers, not to unity of opinion, but to unity of Spirit. And what is unity of Spirit? The unity of Spirit has a Godward and a manward aspect. "The Holy Spirit," as Sadler

says, "is one holy divine person. He gives Himself to each one as he will receive Him. To endeavor to keep the unity of the Spirit is to receive all His teachings, all His love, all His cleansing." That is the Godward side. "The manward side is to act with our fellowmen, not separating from them, but even looking upon them as brothers." It is acting with our fellowmen for the commonweal. Men may have a thousand different opinions, as the leaders of the Revolution had, and yet keep the unity of the Spirit.

Take family life. We must keep in mind that the family, not the individual, is the unit of the race, and that the family life is the basis of the commonweal.

If ever a man was inspired I think Tennyson was in "The Two Voices." He tells us that it is the family that makes unity so sweet. He dares to make family life, the father, the mother and the child, type of the ever Blessed Trinity. But Tennyson knew, as we know, that in every family there must be diversities of gifts and pursuits, of tastes and temperaments. Ruskin has a remarkable passage in which he warns us against that kind of education which has a tendency to make all men alike. God made the waves of the sea to differ one from another, and He made men to differ from each other. Do not, he would say, make men so much alike that we shall have to label them to know them apart. There must be diversity, but there must also be unity.

There are few sins greater than to destroy the unity of a family. It is a truism to say that small beginnings can have large endings, that small quarrels may result disastrously. Let me remind you of the history of a quarrel. It is a matter of record. "In the Cathedral of Modena there is a bucket which once belonged to the public well. It was stolen by some soldiers in a frolic. Inquiry was made and the bucket was passed from hand to hand. At length it came into the possession of the young Prince Henry of Sardinia. His father offered an immense sum as his ransom, but it was refused. The prince lay twenty years in prison, pined away and died. A war was fomented in which many governments engaged and which involved the loss of hundreds [some say thousands] of lives."

Then take religious life. There is a scene described in

the Book of Numbers which beautifully illustrates unity in religious life. It is the vision of the encampment of God's people. The scene made such an impression upon Balaam, the poet-prophet of Midian that, sent for to curse Israel, he blessed them. As it is written: "And Balaam lifted up his eyes, and he saw Israel abiding in his tents according to their tribes; and the Spirit of God came upon him." It was a vision of unity that so affected Balaam. He was standing on the Heights. Israel was encamped below him on the Plains of Moab. command had gone forth: "Every man of the Children of Israel shall pitch by his own standard, with the ensign of their father's house: over against the Tabernacle shall they pitch." The prophet gazed upon God's people. They were encamped under their father's banners: some under the Lion of Judah; some under the Eagle of Dan. Here floated the banners of Reuben with a man's head upon it; there, the banner of Ephraim with the figure of an Ox. Every tribe was encamped beneath his father's ensign, but every tribe was round about the Tabernacle of the Lord.

It was such a picture as this which our Blessed Lord saw when He looked down the avenue of time, "into Eternity to the Great White Throne of God;" when, in the High Priestly Prayer, He cried out, "That they all may be one!"

And in view of this vision and in hearing of this prayer, think of the unhappy, unnecessary, illogical, disastrous divisions of Christendom!

When the light is not good, friends and brothers often mistake one another for enemies. During the Napoleonic wars, one dark night, in the English Channel, two ships met and fought till day. They were both English ships, and at dawn had scarce strength enough left to salute one another. As the light brightens we shall recognize more and more that we are encamped not only under our separate banners, but also round about and perhaps equidistant from the Tabernacle of the Lord, and we shall see plainly that those we thought were our enemies are really our friends and brothers.

And finally, take civil life. Think of what opportunities this city offers! We can say without fear of contradiction that the united action of patriotic men could soon make it clean, beauti-

ful and law-abiding. Think what opportunities the State and Nation offer for the united action of upright men.

The Twelve Apostles caused the light of the Gospel to shine throughout the world. They differed from one another as much as we differ from one another, but they united in the cause of light against darkness, and proved themselves stronger than the Cæsars with the Roman Empire at their back.

The Thirteen Colonies differed geographically, racially, religiously, sentimentally, commercially, socially, but they united (in spite of countless forces militating against union) to establish what has now become the most powerful, the most promising, and potentially the most civilized nation in the world!

These examples prove that we can unite, in spite of our great differences, where right is concerned, and that we ought to unite in spite of differences of religion or politics or personality, wherever and whenever it is a question of right and wrong!

However, the real question is, "How shall we obtain such unity?" Let us make up our minds at the outset that it will not be by theorizing or philosophizing about it. Speculations and fine-spun theories will do very little good. Arguments and discussions are worse than useless. As a matter of fact, such unity can only be obtained through a simple Christian virtue, the unappreciated and unpopular virtue of humility. Note what St. Paul says: "With all lowliness and meekness, with long suffering, forbearing one another in love."

The German poet Heine declared, and his declaration has been applauded, that humility is a "hound's virtue." But Heine's religious history was a very extraordinary one. It passed through four phases. He was born a Jew, was converted in early manhood to Christianity, then became an avowed infidel, and finally, some years before his death became once more a Christian.

'At just what period of his life he said "humility, meekness is a hound's virtue," I do not know, but there can be no doubt that his is not a Christian sentiment. Our Blessed Lord began His public teaching in the Sermon on the Mount by saying: "Blessed are the Meek and blessed are the Peacemakers." And He ended it [in a very real sense] in the High Priestly Prayer, saying, "that they all may be one; as thou, Father, art in Me, and I in

Thee, that they also may be one in us: that the World may believe that Thou hast sent Me." It was as if He had said, "Begin with humility and meekness, and the end will be unity!"

Let us never forget St. Paul's therefore. In one way and another [sometimes in spite of ourselves] we have learned a good deal of theology. The Christian Year as it rolls around, the Family Altar, the Sermon, the Scripture Lesson, and the Sacrament, our general reading, the voice of Nature, the voice of Conscience, the companionship of those who believe; all these have furnished our minds with the doctrines of the Christian faith. Let us never forget, I say, that every time we hear these voices, every time we read our Bibles, every time we hear the still small voice of Conscience, and above all every time we recite the Creed, it means therefore. I believe, therefore, I will walk worthy of the vocation wherewith I am called, therefore I will endeavor to keep the unity of the Spirit in the bond of peace.



FORM OF BEQUEST

I hereby give, devise and bequeath to the "Pennsylvania Society
of Sons of the Revolution," a Corporation organized under the
Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsyl-
vania, approved the twenty-ninth day of April, A. D. 1874,







