



## SEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT

of the

## Police Commissioner

FOR THE CITY OF BOSTON.

Year ending Nov. 30, 1912.


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## REPORT.

Headquarters of the Police Defartment, Office of the Police Commissioner, 29 Pemberton Square, Boston, Dec. 31, 1912.

To His Excellency Eugene N. Foss, Governor.
Your Excellenct: - As Police Commissioner for the city of Boston I have the honor to present, in compliance with the provisions of chapter 291 of the Acts of 1906, a report of the work of the police department for the year ended Nov. 30, 1912.

## Offences aganst the Laws.

Statistics concerning offences against the laws, which are given in full detail in another part of this report, are here summarized. The total number of arrests in 1912 was 75,496 , as against 70,442 in 1911. The eight general divisions under which offences are classed show the following numbers for five years: -

| Offrnces. | Arresta in 1908. | Arrests in 1009. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Arrests } \\ & \text { in } 1910 . \end{aligned}$ | Arrests in 1911. | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Arrests } \\ \text { in } 1912 . \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Offences against the person, | 3.501 | 3.156 | 3 326 | 3,213 | 3,422 |
| Offences agsinst property with violence, | 028 | 525 | 479 | 535 | 810 |
| Offences against property mithout violence. | 4,048 | 3.783 | 3,584 | 3,701 | 3,003 |
| Malicious offences against property, | 185 | 176 | 137 | 169 | 165 |
| Forgery and offences against the currency, | 76 | 71 | 69 | 60 | 67 |
| Ofences sgainst the license laws, | 828 | 769 | 532 | 554 | 665 |
| Ofenoes against chastity, morality, etc., | 1,141 | 1,409 | 1,308 | 1,294 | 1,916 |
| Ofenoes not included in the foregoing, including druakenness. . | 37,585 | 61,623 | 61,768 | 60,916 | 65,058 |
| Totals, | 68,146 | 71,512 | 71,201 | 70,442 | 78,408 |

A summary of fines and imprisonments is shown as follows: -

|  | 1908. | 1909. | 1910. | 1911. | 1912. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Persons fined, | 15,735 | 17,407 | 14,949 | 13,7\%2 | 12,928 |
| Total amount of fines, . | \$159,982 | \$161,399 | \$138,140 | \$129.432 | \$135,034 |
| Persons sentevced to imprisonment. | 8,583 | 9.578 | 9,533 | 8.527 | 8.559 |
| Total years of imprisonment, . | 3,904 | 4,130 | 3,841 | 3,639 | 3,531 |

## Nonresident Offenders.

The proportion of nonresident offenders among the persons arrested for all causes showed a decrease in 1911 for the first time in ten years, but only one-hundredth of one per cent. In 1912 there was a iurther decrease of i.io per cent. When the first police commission was established, in 1878, the percentage was 19.90; in 1910 it was 39.65 ; in 1911 it was 39.64; and in 1912 it was 37.94 . The statistics for the past ten years, covering arrests for all causes, are as follows: -


In the arrests for drunkenness the percentage of nonresidents increased steadily for many years, but in 1911 there was a decrease from 1910 of seventy-six hundredths of one per cent., and in 1912 a further decrease of 1.37 per cent. The following table gives the statistics for ten years: -


## Police Work on Jury Lists.

For the fifth year the police department, under the provisions of chapter 348, Acts of 1907, has assisted the election commissioners in ascertaining the qualifications of persons proposed for jury service. The police findings in these five years may be summarized as follows: -

| . | 1808. | 1809. | 1910. | 1311. | 1912. | Totals. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dead or could not be found is Boston, | 780 | 808 | 1.055 | 1,356 | 1,324 | 5,323 |
| Physically incapacitated. | 492 | 223 | 332 | 499 | 279 | 1,825 |
| Conricted of crime, | 156 | 58 | 183 | 587 | 32 | 1,016 |
| Unfit for Farions reasons, | 119 | 268 | 707 | 466 | 950 | 2,508 |
| Appareotly fit, | 6,352 | 6,870 | 7,565 | 9.578 | 9,991 | 40,356 |
| Total of names submitted to police, | 7.899 | 8,225 | 9,842 | 12,480 | 12,576 | 51,028 |

## Violations of the Automobile Laif.

The separate charges involving violations of provisions of the automobile law prosecuted in the year ended Nov. 30, 1912, numbered 2,170. These do not include 22 charges against automobile drivers for violation of park rules, or 256 charges against automobile drivers for violation of traffic rules, which were not violations of the automobile law. But they do include charges against automobile drivers for violations of park or traffic rules which were at the same time violations of the automobile law. The details of the prosecutions were as follows: -
Overapeeding, ..... 375
Failure to slow down and give signal at intersecting street, ..... 795
Making improper turns at eorners, . ..... 107
Operating recklessly, ..... 31
Operating while intoxicated, ..... 28
Operating on wrong side of street or not as near as possible to right curb, ..... 127
Failure to stop for street cars or other vehicles or pedestrians, ..... 15
Lamps lacking, not lighted or not in proper condition, ..... 330
Operating while unlieensed, ..... 24
Operating without lieense on person, ..... 78
Operating an unregistered car, . ..... 17
Operating a registered car without certificate of registration on person, ..... 40
Operating a registered ear withort numbers, or with wrong numbers, or with numbers improperly displayed or not in proper condition, ..... 28
Cutting out muffler, ..... 10
Making an unreasonable noise with signalling apparatus, ..... 15
Allowing an unireasonable amount of smoke to escape, ..... 98
Miscellaneous, ..... 241
Total, ..... 2,170

In the first part of this list, without making specific divisions, I have placed the offences involving immediate danger to the public; in the second part, offences especially affecting means of identification; and at the end, offences against the comfort rather than the safety of the public.

The first record of an automobile prosecution by the Boston police was made only eleven years ago, when the single offence of the year 1901 was the driving of a motor car in a public park without a permit. In 1902 there were 33 prosecutions; in 1903, 67; in 1904, 179; in 1905, 102; in 1906, 308; in 1907, 961 ; in 1908, 1,865 ; in 1909, 2,196; in 1910, 2,334; in 1911, 1,899; in 1912, 2,170.
Accidents to persons, due to the operation of automobiles, are first recorded in the department reports in 1900. Beginning with that year their number to the present time is shown in the following table: -


After long and careful personal observation, the daily study of complete official reports of accidents and prosecutions, and an extensive experience with complaints by and against orners and drivers of automobiles, I have formed opinions which I express as follows:-

1. The leap in four years, from 6 killed and 127 injured in Boston in 1908 to 22 killed and 483 injured in 1912, cannot nearly be accounted for by the increased use of motor vehicles, large though that increase has been. The training in caution which the public has received in those four years ought in itself almost to have balanced the added number of automobiles. Neither has there been a marked increase in what is termed "reckless driving," though one sensational accident under that heading attracts more attention than a dozen ordinary accidents involving many times the number of persons injured.
2. I believe that the principal cause of the growth of the list of killed and injured is the increase in the average speed of motor vehicles. To the same cause may be charged an enormous amount of anxiety, inconvenience and delay suffered by the walking public. This phase of the case is incapable of statistical representation, but every person who attempts to cross a street or to enter or leave a street car where automobiles are numerous knows what it means.
3. The effects of the increase in average speed are seen not only in open streets and arenues frequented by automobiles, but in parts of the city in which the volume of travel by vehicles and on foot is so great that a high rate of speed is impossible. The owner of an automobile, who rushes through the streets
and avenues leading to the heart of the city and thereupon finds that he must reduce his speed and take his turn with others, is quite likely to become impatient, to forget where he is, to revile in his heart and sometimes by word of mouth the policeman who holds him in check, and to regard all other vehicles and pedestrians, too, as merely obstacles to his progress. Thus it is that Police Division 2, a purely business section with headquarters in Court Square, covering a small territory in which high speed in the daytime, at least, would be out of the question, cortributes 72 perisons to this year's list of those injured by automobiles.
4. The automobile act of 1909 declared that in thickly settled places a speed above fifteen miles an hour for an eighth of a mile should be prima jacie evidence of violation of the law. That provision is knorn to all divivers of automobiles and to a large part of the publie; but the public has little knowledge of the difficulty of enforeing it. I think I am right in believing that any speeific maximum of speed is sure to be treated by mans drivers, if not a majority; as a minimum; and it is hard to convince an owner or driver whose car is capable of travelling forty or fifty miles an hour that he is not extremely moderate when be runs it at a rate of twenty to thirty miles.
5. In order to prosecute a driver for overspeeding, and to take into eourt the evidence which the courts require, it is necessary to measure accurately an eighth of a mile at a particular place; to station two policemen with stop watches, one at either end of the course; and to arrange that the officer at one end shall signal to the officer at the other end that a particular ear then passing appears to be overspeeding. The officer at the further end must take the time instantly at the signal, and must be prepared when the car reaches him to say whether or not the time of passage in seconds and fractions of seconds has shown that the speed was excessive. When the speed is so found the ofificer must stop the car, and from the license or otherwise must ascertain the name and address of the driver. The officer must then apply at court for a summons, and the summons, if granted, names a day in advance on which the elarge will be heard; he must serve the summons
upon the defendant, whether a resident of Boston or not; and he must attend at court on the day appointed and again for any continuances which may be ordered.
6. Contrary to popular belief, it is not sufficient to show to the court that the eighth of a mile was accurately measured, that the time of passage as shown by the stop watch was correctly taken, and that the elapsed time proved that the speed xas greater than the rate of fifteen miles an hour. After that the defendant has a right to show, if he can, and the officer must be prepared to meet the contention, that, nevertheless, the rate of speed was not in violation of the general and overruling provision of the act of 1909 , to the effect that no person shall run a motor vehicle at a rate of speed greater than is "reasonable and proper, having regard to traffic and the use of the way and the safety of the public."
7. The passage from the act of 1909 just quoted was intended to prevent a rate of speed, whether low or high, which in consideration of the immediate surroundings could be shown to have been dangerous. But as the proof of acute danger from an automobile travelling slowly would require an almost photographic reproduction in court of the scene at the instant of the alleged violation of law, this particular provision of the act of 1909 has served far more as a protection to drivers than as a means of calling them to account.
$S$ : Under these conditions it is not strange that the record in Boston for the past year shows but 375 prosecutions for overspceding as against 795 for a kindred offence, namely, failure to slow down and give signal at certain intersecting streets. As the court penalty on conviction in either case is usually the same, the officers detailed to automobile work naturally choose the offence which is the less difficult of legal proof. This provision in the act of 1909, concerning intersecting streets, was apparently intended as a means of protection for the public, to make up for the greater freedom as to speed which was allowed by the same act. Already, however, under the traffic rules the signal had been required in Boston; and as far as slowing down is concerned, it is not to be seen once in a hundred times, except when the immediate presence of the police, of velicles or of foot passengers compels
obedience. The violations of this provision and of other prosisions of the automobile law are so numerous that if the number of policemen assigned to automobile work could be nithout linit, every municipal and district court in Peeton might be kept busy every day with automobile prosectations alone. But with the present force, no more men can be spared from their gencral duties for this particular work.
8. Obedience to criminal laws of all kinds must be enforced as against persons who choose to violate them, by one of two means, - the actual prosence of policemen or the deterrent effect of punishments inflicted by courts. The police method alone, cven with a force ten times as large as the city coold afiord to maintain, would utterly fail. It is the moral efiect upon the community of the treatment by the courts of such ofienders as the police can place before them upon which the enforcement of any lan must almost wholly depend. In the past five years the police of Boston have made more then 10,000 prosecutions under the automobile larrs. No one can say that they have been without effect. Doubtless they hare placed some restraint not only upon the persons prosecuted, but upon many oxners and drivers of automobiles risc bave never been before the courts. But to say that they have sectred a general obedience to the law, or even obedience in a reasonable degree, would be to say what evergbody knows to be not true. The small fines imposed by the lower courts are peaid, or the cases, on appeal, disappear in the mass of business with which the Superior Court is required to deal.
9. There can be no doubt that the use of motor vehicles uill increase rapidly in the future. Their value for pleasure and for business makes such increase a certainty; and to regro late rather than to impede the morement is the probleno. In Boston the police will continue to prosecute offenders, despite the rather discouraging results heretofore obtained, to the extent that prosecutions can be made by the number of men who can be spared for that exclusive purpose, and in actordance with the authority conferred upon them from time to time by the laws. But in certain thoroughfares, especially Boylston and Beacon streets and Commonwealth Avenme, extraordinary measures will be required. In Beacon Street,
for example, from the State House to the cross roads, the situation even now is such during at least five or six hours of the day that to cross from one side to the other is difficult and dangerous. Whenever the city can afford to furnish the men, it will be necessary to assign them to fifteen or twenty street intersections in the thoroughfares just named, in addition to intersections already policed, for a duty in which they never before have been employed, - a duty corresponding more nearly to the use of block signals on railroads than to legitimate police work. In no way other than by the actual presence of policemen checking the speed of motor vehicles at short intervals will it be possible to secure for foot passengers the rights which are theirs or to save even the vehicles themselves from injuries mutually inflicted.

## Traffic Reles and Crowded Streets.

The first prosecution under the street traffic rules then recently passed by the Board of Street Commissioners, was made by the Boston police Jan. 26, 1909. In the three years and ten months which have intervened the prosecutions have numbered 5,412.
In my annual report for 1911 I devoted several printed pages to a statement of the relations of the police to the matter of crowded streets, and I shall not repeat. But as the situation in the congested parts of the city has become worse, and as there is occasionally an intimation that some undefined action on the part of the police rould provide a remedy, it seems desirable to make some further comment.
If we put aside for the moment all claims of relatively small importance we find in the crowded streets eight distinct interests of magnitude represented as follows: -

The foot traveller.
The truckman hauling materials and merchandise.
The street railway company which wants quick passage for its cars.

The expressman who wants to take on and to leave goods at stores and at express offices.

The person who owns or occupies a motor car and wants to push through in a hurry.

The hotel man, the traveller and the casual passenger who want public carriages to be standing ready at hand.

The shopper who mants to be carried from store to store in carriage or motor car and to find the vehicle always waiting.
The merchant who wants the foot passenger and the expressman to come to lim; who wants the shoppers' vehicles to stop at his door; who wants his own delivery wagons to stand and load in front of his premises; who objects to delay in the receipt of his merchandise and supplies or in the removal of his waste.
In a discussion of congested streets each of these interests, thus roughly designated, may be likened to a juggler's ball; and if such discussion is to be worth anything all the balls must be kept in the air all the time, - none allowed for an instant to be put out of play: Nothing short of that condition will express the obligation placed upon the police in their street work. But I have never known a writer or any other unofficial citizen to discuss the subject of traffic congestion in Boston without letting down one or two or three of the balls while manipulating the others; and strangely enough, in the light of the fact that he is enormously in the majority, it is the ball that represents the foot traveller that is allowed to lie on the ground most of the time.

The duty of Boston policemen at street crossings is to faclitate the movement of vehicles, and with respect to foot travellers not only to save them from injury but to see to it that their rights are respected by drivers. This last-mentioned obligation of the police represents not only courtesy and humanity but the actual law as embodied in a city ordinance passed thirty years ago and reproduced in the street commissioners' traffic rules in the following form: -

No person having charge of a vehicle shall allow the same to come within ten feet of any vehicles in front of him when approaching and passing over a crossing where a pedestrian is about to pass.

The people know how little attention is paid to that rule except in the actual presence of a policeman; but they do not know that practically every one of such few complaints as have come to the Police Commissioner in the past year con-
cerning police-crossing work has been the complaint of an occupant of a motor car who objected to being delayed in order that foot travellers might cross streets without running for their lives. One of them expressed his view of the matter when he exclaimed angrily, "Let the women wait." Well, the attitude of the police department on this point is that when conditions so require, everybody must take his share of waiting; that four persons in an automobile impatient to run through a street are not of tremendously greater importance than four persons on the sidewalk seeking to cross; and that if a particular bent is to be shown it is likely to be in favor of the overwhelming majority who walk, including the aged, the very young and the infirm.

I recognize and have recognized for years, as shown in several of my annual reports, the increasing difficulties of the street situation. The police who have created none of these difficulties are doing constantly for the relief of the public all that their numbers and authority permit them to do. They expect and receive hostile criticism from each of the conflicting interests in turn and but little approval from any. They are in the position of a man with but one loaf of bread from which he hands out single slices to eight hungry persons, each one of whom clamors for the whole loaf. He is sure to be unpopular, but without him the loaf would be spoiled in the hungry rush, or some of the claimants would get more than their share and others nothing.
The police cannot widen or straighten the streets, and neither have they the power to reduce the number of persons using them. Their task is to insure a fair division without waste, using their best judgment and supported on the one hand but bound on the other by laws and rules which have been made by other authorities.

Conditions in many parts of the city, especially that part into which the large retail stores have been crowded, may be compared to a boat at sea built to carry five men and overloaded with ten, - all aware of the situation but not one willing to drop out or even to withdraw into smaller space.

A suggestion is occasionally heard concerning a subject which was discussed fully in my last annual report, that is to
sar, the so-called "traffic squad," and the value of what might be bearned by Boston policemen from observation of what is dose in New York. It is not provided, however, in these suggesions that the Boston policemen should bring back the Nex York street conditions in which New York police methods are employed.

The volume of street traffic in New York is, of course, far greater than in Boston, and the traffic is admirably handled, bus almost the only difficulty which it presents lies in its magritude. The breadth and regularity of the streets and aremes, and the distribution of business over miles of tenitory; make it possible to regulate traffic in a wholesale way and by means that are almost mechanical. To send a Becton policeman to New York on the supposition that he combl observe and apply the New York methods to the narrox, crowded and irregular streets into which Boston business is pecked would be iery much as if a man who was required to ride a bucking bronco should try to train for the work by precricing on a rocking horse.

Certain military actions in our history are sometimes spoken of 25 "soidiers' battles" for the reason that because of the nature of the ground, the absence of light or the intervention of ifrests or other obstacles, the private soldiers once placed were compelled to meet the ever-changing aspects of the confife immediately before them according to their orn judgmear and experience. In the same sense the work of crossingpoEseznen under Boston conditions is a soldiers' battle. Each cocesiog has its orn peculiarities, and except for the supervisicn of officers of rank, who see that the men are at their posts and conducting themselves as they should, there is little or mo opportunity for united action. The care of a crossing inrolves no mysteries; there are no subtle lessons to be learned; the proliceman who is civil, intelligent and attentive to his duries needs nothing further except actual experience in the places where his work is done.
Fmally, I may say that the best unprejudiced judges of the effeeency of the Boston police traffic work are the street commissigners, who for years have closely studied the street situation and are the authors of the traffic rules which the police
are required to enforce. Their opinion is expressed in their latest annual report, published within a few months, in the following language: -

The successful carrying out of the provisions of the traffie regulations depends largely on the police force of the city. A strict enforcement of the rules as laid down would result in inconrenience to brsiness and great annoyance to the teaming interests. This the Board realized when it made the rules. It had faith, however, in the good sense of the police department, the men who patrol the congested business district, who, it believed, would consider the spirit of the rules as well as their letter. The police have met the conditions well.

It is really remarkable how little complaint there is in the face of the extraordinary conditions which the police enocumter on every business day. Doubtless there are countless but technical and unintentional violations of the rules every day. It would be folly for the pohice to put men into court for such violations. Indiseriminate prosecutions would lead to the repeal of some of the rules which, in their general effect, are good.

It was not the intention, when the rules were drafted, to make business for the courts, but to help in making traffic easier and more expeditious. An officer may now warn a driver when he is not exercising proper care. If he persists in his transgressions the offieer has behind him authority to enforce his mandate. Exercising his authority in this way makes the officer an aid to the larger and more conrenient use of the streets.

## As to Intoxicated Persons.

In October, 1912, an experimental investigation of the relations of drunkenness to places licensed for the sale of intoxicating liquors was undertaken, and such notice as it received in the newspapers aroused so much inquiry that I reproduce here a statement of its purposes and effects as contained in General Order No. 655, issued October 25, as follows:-

For the information of the department I present herewith a statement of some of the results obtained under a recent special order concerning drunkenness. The order directed that for seren potice days of twenty-four hours each all persons arrested for intorication should be questioned as to the places in which they had obtained biquor, especially the last places. The difficulties of the inquiries were recognized in advance. Chief among them was the lack of legal obligation on the part of arrested persons to answer questions, eren when suffciently sobered to understand and remember.

The whole number of persons arrested for drunkenness as reported in the seren days was 1,050 . Of these 954 were men, 96 women; 536 were residents of Boston, 514 non-residents.

The number of persons who refused to give any information as to the places in which they had procured liquor was 127.

The number of persons who were unable, or professed to be unable, to gire any information at any time during their confinement was 77.

The whole number of persons from whom no information was obtained was therefore 204.

It is to be noted that not in a single instance was it reported that the persons questioned treated the inquiry as a matter for jest.

The number of persons whose answers indicated that their liquor had been obtained and drunk wholly on the premises of lieensed hotels and saloors in Boston tras 644.

The number of persons whose inswers indicated that their liquor had not been obtained in licensed hotels or salions and had not been drunk on ficensed premises in Boston was 202.

The details making up these 202 answers were as follows: -
Liquor obtsined wholly outside of Boston, . . . . . . 26
Partly outtide, partly in Bustom, . . . . . . . 16
Partly in salonns, partly in bottles, . . . . . . . 14
Through frieods, from bottles, souree unknown. . . . . . 42
In unlicensed places, . . . . . . . . . . 3
In licensed ctub, . . . . . . . . . . 1
At home, from bottles, source unknowd. . . . . . . 27
From bottles bought from lieensed grocers or fourth-class wholesalers, names of licensces given, liquor not drunk on licensed premises,

Total. . . . . . . . . . . . 202

The 96 women who were arrested may be classifed separately as follows: -
Liquor drank in saloons, . . . . . . . . . 15
In hotels, . . . . . . . . . . . . 14
From bottes bought at places named, . . . . . . 28
At places tor named, . . . . . . . . . 7
Liquor obtained at home or from friends, snuree unknown, . . . 13
Unable or cowilling to give inforimation. . . . . . . 19
Total,
96

Of the 64 persons whose answers indicated that Boston hotels or saloors were their sole source of supply, 239 named single places in which all their liquor had been bought; 123 others named places in which they had not bought all their liquor but had taken the last drink prior to arrest; and 169 named places in which they had bought liquor
but not exclusively and not the last drink. The whole number of hotels or saloons thus named was 289.

A complete list of these hotels and saloons, with the number of persons in each of the three classes of customers who named each place has been forwarded to the Licensing Board for its information.

Commanding officers will be informed privately as to places within their respective divisions which statements made by persons arrested throughout the city within the specified scven days point to as impropeily conducted. They will be expected to see to it that the places thus designated are especially kept under close scrutiny; and all improper actions therein, whether susceptible of legal proof or not, will be reported.

When six, seven, nine men, as shown by different returns which I have tabulated, state that in one saloon or another they obtained all the liquor that they drank, that they entered sober, were allowed to buy until they were drunk and then left the place to be arrested, a commanding officer should watch for a great and prolonged change in the conduct of a place thus implicated before expressing any opinion favorable to a renewal of its license. When a man testifes that between 7 o'clock in the morning and the time of his arrest, a little after noon, te drank three glasses of beer in oue saloon, two in another, four in another and four in the last place visited, all being named by him, it is plain that some of those licensed places should be either improved or closed. The like is true in the case of a man arrested just after 11 o'clock, who said that in the course of the evening he had drunk four glasses of gin at one specified place, three at another and three at a third. The record of cases similar to these will be included in the information to be furnished privately to commanding officers; but they are not to limit their vigilance to the places named.

## The "Third Degree."

The "third degree" is a term in popular use which is supposed to represent mental and even physical torture to which prisoners are subjected by police officials in order to extort confessions. Whatever it may be and wherever it may be practiced it has no place in the Boston Police Department. The standing rule on the subject, Article 12 of Rule 44, is as follows: -

In the examination of prisoncrs by question or otherwise for the purpose of obtaining confession or information, no police officer shall infringe upon their legal rights, nor shall he subject them to any pressure or procedure of which he would be unwilling to inform a court engaged in a hearing of the case.

In the absence of any information or complaint to the contrary ever received by me I believe that the rule is cbeyed, and that therefore those who denounce the practice, some of whom are our own good citizens, should make it clear that their denunciations do not apply to Boston and its police.

## Police Department Expenditcres.

The total expenditures on account of the Boston Police Department in the last five fiscal years of the city; which end January 31, have been as foliows: -


It is generally supposed that the expenditures of the police department are just what the Police Commissioner chooses to make them. This mistake is due to the circumstance that the statutes confer upon him the authority to call on the city of Boston by requisition for such moneys as the department needs. But the truth is that the salaries of all members of the sworn police force, the allowances to pensioned policemen and to dependent beneficiaries and the salaries of police matrons now stand and for many years have stood at the rates established from time to time by the city authorities; and the city authorities have always determined the number of patrolmen to be employed. In the case of pensions the system has been established and regulated by legislative acts which have been accepted by the city authorities. With that understanding I give herewith the expenditures for the last five years on account of salaries of the sworn police force, pensions and annuities and salaries of police matrons, as follows: -


In the last five fiscal years the expenditures on account of the department in excess of the amounts just given, have been as follows: -

| $1907-0 S$, | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | $\$ 286,423$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 36 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1908-09$, | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | 270,18671 |
| $1909-10$, | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | 280,87819 |
| $1910-11$, | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | 277,43097 |
| $1911-12$, | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | 267,92495 |

It is over these last expenditures alone that the Police Commissioner has exclusive control. It will be observed that in 1911-12 they represented but 12.30+ per cent. of the total expenditures of the department. It will be observed further that they amounted in 1911-12 to $\$ 18,494.41$ less than in 1907-08, despite the increased cost within that period of labor, material and supplies and the additional expense of equipment, furnishings and care due to the increase of the force by about 200 men.

Respectfully submitted,
STEPHEN O'MEARA, Police Commissioner for the City of Boston.

## THE DEPARTMENT.

The police department is at present constituted as follows: -
Police Commissioner. Seeretary. 2
The Police Force.

| Superintendent, | 1 | Lieutenants, | 40 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Deputy superintendents, | 2 | Sergeants, | 0 |
| Chief inspector, | 1 | Patrolmen, | 1,227 |
| Captains, | 23 | Reservemen, | 13 |
| Inspectors, . . | 31 |  |  |
| Inspector of carriages (lieutenant), | $1$ | Total, | 15 |

## Signal Service.

| Director, | . | . | . | 1 | Linemen, | . | . | . | . | 6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Assistant director, | . | . | 1 | Driver, | . | . | . | . | 1 |  |
| Foreman, | . | . | . | . | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Signalmen, | . | . | . | . | 6 | Total, | . | . | . | . |
| Mechanics, | . |  | 19 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Employees of the Department.

| Clerks, | 13 | Foreman of stable, |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stenographers, | 3 | Hostlers, | 13 |
| Messengers, | 2 | Assistant sterrard of city |  |
| Matrons of house of detention, | 5 | prison, Janitors, | 17 |
| Matrons of station houses, | 7 | Janitresses, | 14 |
| Engineers on police steamers, . | 2 | Telephone operators, . | 3 |
| Firemen on police steamers, | 8 | . Total, | 91 |
| Van drivers, | 2 |  |  |

Recapilulation.
Police commissioner and secretary, . . . . . . . 2
Police foree, . . . . . . . . . . . . $1,55 \mathrm{~s}$
Signal service, . . . . . . . . . . . 19
Employees, . . . . . . . . . . . . 91
Grand total, . . . . . . . . . . 1,670

## Distribution and Changes.

The distribution of the force is shown by Table I. During the year 1 captain, 1 lieutenant and 11 patrolmen were appointed, 68 patrolmen were promoted from the reserve men, 2 patrolmen were reappointed and 98 reserve men were appointed; 4 patrolmen and 1 reserve man were discharged; 6 patrolmen and 2 reserve men resigned; 2 deputies, 2 captains, 2 inspectors, 2 lieutenants, 2 sergeants and 12 patrolmen retired on pensions; and 8 patrolmen died. Of the above, 1 captain, 1 lieutenant and 11 patrolmen, being the police force of Hyde Park, became a part of the Boston Police Department on Jan. 1, 1912. (See Tables III., IV., V., VI.)

Police Officers injured while on Duty.
The following statement shows the number of police officers injured while on duty during the past year, the number of duties lost by them on account thereof and the causes of the injuries: -

| How injorad. | Namber of Men inijured. | Number of Duties lost. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| In arresting prisoners, | 39 | 466 |
| In pursuing criminals, | 20 | 383 |
| By stopping runaways, | 4 | 39 |
| By cars and other vehicles at crossings, | 5 | 37 |
| Various other causes, | 45 | 338 |
| Totals, | 113 | 1,263 |

## Work of the Defartaent. <br> Arrests.

The total number of persons arrested, counting each arrest as that of a separate person, was 75,496 , against 70,442 the preceding year, being an increase of 5,054 . The percentage of increase and decrease was as follows: -

| Offences against the per | Increase, | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Per Cent. } \\ 6.50 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Offences against property committed witl siolence, | Decrease, | 4.67 |
| Offences against property committed without violence, | Decrease, |  |
| Malicious offences against property, . | Decrease, | 2.36 |
| Forgery and offences against the eurrency, | Increase, | 11.66 |
| Offences against the license lams, | Increase, | 20.03 |
| Offences against chastity, morality, ete., | Increase, | 48.06 |
| Offences not included in the foregoing, | Increase, | 6. |

There were 6,920 persons arrested on warrants and 62,020 without warrants; 6,556 persons were summoned by the court; 72,606 persons were held for trial and 2,890 were released from custody. The number of males arrested was 68,248 ; of females, 7,248; of foreigners, $33,83 \overline{7}$, or approximateiy 44.81 per cent.; of minors, 8,024 . Of the total number arrested, 28,645 , or 37.94 per cent., were nonresidents. (See Tables X., XI.)

The nativity of the prisoners was as follows: -


The number of arrests for the year is 75,496 , being an increase of 5,054 over last year, and 4,137 more than the average for the past five years. There were 49,846 persons arrested for $\cdot$ drunkenness, being 3,452 more than last year, and 3,494
more than the average for the past five years. Of the arrests for drunkenness this year there was an increase of 7.69 per cent. in males and an increase of 4.87 per cent. in females over last year. (See Tables XI., XIII.)

Of the total number of arrests for the year $(75,496), 645$ were for violations of the city ordinances; that is to say, 1 arrest in 117 was for such offence, or .15 per cent.

Fifty-five and twenty one-hundredths per cent. of the persons taken into custody were between the ages of twenty and forty. (See Table XII.)

The number of persons punished by fines was 12,793, and the fines amounted to $\$ 135,634.50$. (See Table XIII.)

Ninety-one persons were committed to the State Prison, 5,620 to the House of Correction, 82 to the Women's Prison, 145 to the Reformatory Prison and 2,621 to other institutions. The total years of imprisonment were 3,881 years, 10 months, 20 days; the total number of days' attendance in court by officers was 46,408 ; and the witness fees earned by them amounted to $\$ 13,381.80$.

The value of property taken from prisoners and lodgers was $\$ 149,245.40$.

Sixty-three witnesses were detained at station houses; 115 were accommodated with lodgings, an increase of 27 from last year. There was an increase of 4.67 per cent. from last year in the number of insane persons taken in charge, an increase of about 9.06 per cent. in the number of sick and injured persons assisted, and a decrease of about 4.52 per cent. in the number of lost children cared for.
The average amount of property stolen in the city for the five years from 1908 to 1912, inclusive, was $\$ 159,967.81$; in 1912 it was $\$ 139,184.40$, or $\$ 20,783.41$ less than the average. The amount of property stolen in and out of the city, which was recovered by the Boston police was $\$ 291,674.57$, as against $\$ 282,126.48$ last year, or $\$ 9,548.09$ more.
The average amount of fines imposed by the courts for the five years from 1908 to 1912 , inclusive, was $\$ 144,918.10$; in 1912 it was $\$ 135,634.50$, or $\$ 9,283.60$ less than the average.

The average number of days' attendance in court was 45,873 ; in 1912 it was 46,408 , or 535 more than the average. The
average amount of witness fees earned was $\$ 13,220.95$; in 1912 it was $813,381.80$, or $\$ 160.85$ more than the average. (See Table NIII.)

## Drunkenness.

In arrests for drunkenness the average number per day was 136. There were 3,452 more persons arrested than in 1911, an incratase of 7.44 per cent.; 43.73 per cent. of the arrested persons were nonresidents and 48.19 per cent. were of foreign birth. (Soe Table XI.)

## Bureau of Criminal Inxestigation.

The "Pogues' Gallery" now contains 3S,646 photographs, 31,795 of mbich are photograph. 3 with Burtillon measurements, a system useil by this department during the past fourteen years. In accordance with the Pevised Laws, chapter 225, sections 18 and 21, we are allowed photographs with Bertillon measurements taken of convicts in the State Prison and Reformatary; a number of which have already been added to our Bertillon alsnets. This, together with the adoption of the system by the department in 1898 , is and will continue to be of great assistance in the identification of criminals. A large number of important identifications have thus been made during the sear for this and other police departments, through which the sentences in many instances have been materially increasell The records of 513 criminals have been added to the records kept in this Burean, which now contains a total of 34,733 The number of cases reported at this office which have been investigated during the year is 7,059 . There are 23,799 eases recorded on the assignment books kept for this purpose, and reports made on these cases are filed away for future reference. Letters and telegrams to the number of about $\$ 000$ yearly are now filed with the numbered reports to which ther refer, so that all the papers pertaining to a case can be found in the same envelope, thus simplifying matters when information is desired on any case. The system of indexing adopted by this Burean for the use of the department now contains a list of records, histories, photographs, dates of arrests, ete, of about 135,000 persons. There are also "histories and press crippings," now numbering 6,590 by this Bureau, in envelope form, for police reference.

The finger-print system of identification, which was adopted in June, 1906, has progressed in a satisfactory manner, and with it the identification of criminals is facilitated. It has become very useful in tracing criminals and furnishing corroborating evidence in many instances.
The statistics of the work of this branch of the service are included in the statement of the general work of the department; but as the duties are of a special character, the following statement will be of interest: -

Number of persons arrested, principally for felonies, . . . 957
Fugitives from justice from other States, arrested and delivered to officers from those States,45
Number of cases investigated, ..... 7,559
Number of extra duties performed, ..... 2,839
Number of cases of homicide and supposed homicide investi- gated and evidence prepared for trial, in court, ..... 123
Number of cases of abortion and supposed abortion investi- gated and evidence prepared for court, ..... 11
Number of days spent in court by officers, ..... 3,315
Amount of stolen property recovered, ..... \$160,728.67
Number of years' imprisonment imposed by court, 665 years, 8 monthsNumber of photographs added to "Rogues' Gallery,"2,333
Officer detailed to assist Medical Examiners.

The officer detailed to assist the medical examiners reports having investigated. 901 cases of death from the following causes: -


On 241 of the above cases inquests were held, and on account of the circumstances attending them 110 cases were brought before the court.

Miscellaneous Business.

|  | 1905-10. | 1910-11. | 191-12. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| . Abandoned children cared for, . | 15 | 5 | 20 |
| Accidents reported, | 3,187 | 3,315 | 4,260 |
| Automobiles cared for, | - | 12 | - |
| Buildings found open and made secure, | 2,707 | 2,914 | 2,971 |
| Cases investigated, | 27,964 | 25,617 | 24,858 |
| Dangerous buildings reported, | 23 | 31 | 15 |
| Dangerous chimneys reported, . | 3 | 12 | 13 |
| Dead bodies cared for, | 368 | 411 | 351 |
| Defective bridges reported, | 3 | 1 | - |
| Defective cesspools reported. | 152 | 188 | 255 |
| Defective drains and vaults reported, | 9 | 4 | 6 |
| Defective fire alarms and clocks reported, | 4 | 2 | 8 |
| Defective gas pipes reported, | 62 | 58 | 64 |
| Defective hydrants reported, | 139 | 215 | 194 |
| Defective lamps reported, | 36,502 | 14,572 | 15,172 |
| Defective fences, | 16 | 17 | 10 |
| Defective sewers reported, . | 84 | 167 | 74 |
| Defective signs, | - | - | 2 |
| Defective streets and sidewalks reported, | 9,048 | 11,199 | 9,829 |
| Defective trees, | 59 | 52 | 34 |
| Defective water gates, | 8 | 33 | 3 |
| Defective water meters, | 11 |  | 6 |
| Defective water pipes reported, | 203 | 180 | 316 |
| Defective wires and poles reported, | 79 | 24 | 16 |
| Disturbances suppressed, | 767 | 871 | 781 |

Miscellaneous Business-Con.

|  | 1909-10. | 1910-11. | 1911-12. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Extra duties performed, | 33,997 | 35,292 | 62,461 |
| Fire alarms given, | 2,045 | 2,256 | 2,750 |
| Fires extinguished, | 865 | 899 | 1,123 |
| Insane persons taken in charge, | 366 | 428 | 448 |
| Intoxicated persons assisted, | 29 | 33 | 23 |
| Lost children restored, | 2,247 | 2,167 | 2,069 |
| Missing persons reported, . | 346 | 361 | 469 |
| Missing persons found, | 178 | 159 | 158 |
| Persons rescued from drowning, | 33 | 15 | 20 |
| Sick and injured persons assisted, | 4,605 | 5,188 | 5,658 |
| Stray teams reported and put up, | 181 | 230 | 180 |
| Street obstructions removed, | - | - | 1,686 |
| Water running to waste reported, | 345 | 381 | 654 |
| Witnesses detained, | 78 | 66 | 63 |

## Lost, Abandoned and Stolen Property.

On Dec. 1, 1911, there were 1,040 articles of lost, abandoned or stolen property in the custody of the property clerk; 573 were received during the year, 495 were sold, and the proceeds ( $\$ 261.63$ ), together with 76 packages containing money to the amount of $\$ 357.96$, were turned over to the chief clerk, and by him paid to the city collector, and 38 packages were delivered to owners, finders or administrators, leaving 1,004 on hand.

## Speclal Events.

The following is a list of special 'events transpiring during the year, and gives the number of police detailed for duty at each: -
1912. 3en.
Jan. 9, Four-alarm fire at 91 Federal Street, ..... 81
Jan. 18, Police ball, ..... 95
Jan. 31, Arrival of Cardinal O'Connell from Rome ..... 527
Feb. 1, Services in bonor of Cardinal O'Connell at Cathedral, ..... 175
Feb. 14, Firemen's ball, ..... 51
Mar. 18, Eracuation Day parade ..... 492
Mar. 18, Visit of President Taft, ..... 254
Mar. 19, Departure of President Taft, ..... 119
April 19, Marathon race, ..... 457
April 25, Arrival and departure of President Taft ..... 140
April 27, Visit of Theodore Roosevelt, ..... 138
April 29, Visit of President Taft ..... 125
May 11, Parade of Fusillier Veteran Association, ..... 54
May 21, Parade of Sons of the American Revolution, ..... 75
May 27, Barnum \& Bailey's circus parade, ..... 134
May 31, Parade of Boston School Cadets, ..... 440
June 3, Parade of Ancient and Honorable Artillery, ..... 196
June 6-July 28, Extra duties performed in Boston Elevated Pailway strike ..... 19,435
June \&, Dorchester Day celebration, . ..... 125
June 16, "Night before" in Charlestown, ..... 125
June 17, Anniversary battle of Bunker Hill, ..... 306
July 1-Aug. 4, Extra duties performed in marine firemen's strike, ..... 275
July 2, Departure of Ancient and Honorable Artillery for London, ..... 63
July 4, Roxbury Day celcbration, ..... 145
Aug. 17, Roosevelt meeting on Boston common, ..... 167
Sept. 2, Labor Day parade, ..... 777
Sept. 15, Ettor-Giovannitti meeting on Boston common, ..... 98
Sept. 26, Visit of President Taft, ..... 161
Oct. 2, Visit of President Taft, laying corner stone of the Y. M. C. A., . ..... 396
Oct. S-16, World's Series baseball, bulletin boards, ..... 694
Oct. S-16, World's Series baseball games, ..... 949
Oct. 12, Columbus Day celebration, ..... 1,171
Oct. 26, Harvard-Brown football game, ..... 74
Nov. 2, Harvard-Princeton football game, ..... 119
Nov. 2, Wilson League and Progressive party torchlight parades, ..... 523
Sov. 5, State election, bulletin boards, ..... 277
Nov. 9, Harvard-Vanderbilt football game, ..... 55
Nov. 16, Harvard-Dartmouth football game, ..... 127
Nov. 16, Special detail at Division 4, football night, ..... 108
Nov. 23, Harvard-Yale football game, bulletin boards, ..... 77
Nov. 23, Special detail at Division 4, football night, ..... 306

## Inspector of Clams.

The officer detailed to assist the committee on claims and law department in investigating claims against the city for alleged damage of various kinds reports that he investigated 624 cases, 4 of which were on account of damage done by dogs.

Other Services performed.
Number of cases investigated, . . . . . . . $\mathbf{6 2 4}$
Number of witnesses examined, . . . . . . . 4,737
Number of notices served, . . . . . . . . 3,109
Number of pictures taken, . . . . . . . . 152
Number of permissions granted, . . . . . . . 4,217
Number of days in court, . . . . . . . . . 51
Number of days at the committee on claims, . . . . 29

## House of Detention.

The house of detention for women is located in the court house, Somerset Street. All the women arrested in the city proper are taken to the house of detention in vans provided for the purpose. They are then held in charge of the matron until the next session of the court before which they are to appear. If sentenced to imprisonment, they are returned to the house of detention, and from there conveyed to the jail or institution to which they have been sentenced.

During the year there were 5,764 women committed for the following causes:-
For drunkenness, ..... 3,302
For larceny, ..... 444
For night walking, ..... 305
For fornication, ..... 323
For being idle and disorderly, ..... 61
For assault and battery, ..... 28
For adultery, ..... 29
For violation of the liquor law, ..... 20
For keeping a house of ill fame, ..... 38
For witness, ..... 1
For county jail, ..... 905
For municipal court, ..... 70
For various other ofiences, ..... 238
Total, ..... 5,764

## Police Signal Service.

Signal Boxes.
The total number of boxes in use is 485 . Of these, 285 are connected with the underground system and 200 with the overhead.

## Miscellaneous Work.

During the year the employees of this service responded to 1,108 trouble calls; inspected 485 signal boxes, 17 signal desks and 955 batteries; repaired 114 box movements, 14 registers, 23 polar box bells, 27 locks, 1 time stamp, 4 gongs, 1 stable motor, 1 stable register, 6 vibrator bells, 5 relays, 6 pole changers, besides repairing all bell and electric light work at headquarters and the various stations. There have been made 10 line blocks, 4 plungers, 6 complete box fittings, and a large amount of small work that cannot be classified.

There are in use in the signal service 24 horses, 18 patrol wagons and 13 pungs.
During the year the wagons made 44,396 runs, covering an aggregate distance of 41,403 miles. There were 48,046 prisoners conveyed to the station houses; 924 runs were made to take injured and insane persons to station houses, the hospitals or their homes; and 538 runs were made to take lost children to station houses. There were 757 runs to fires and 52 runs for liquor seizures. During the year there were 485 signal boxes in use arranged on 68 circuits; 533,117 telephone messages and 3,330,698 "on-duty" calls were sent over the lines.

The following list comprises the property in the signal service at the present time: -

17 signal desks.
68 circuits.
485 street signal boxes.
14 stable call boards.
57 test boxes.
955 cells of battery.
463,188 fect underground cable.
319,350 feet overhead cable.
40,983 feet of duct.

45 manholes.
1 buggy.
1 line wagon.
1 express ragon.
1 mugwump wagon.
1 traverse pung.
2 small sleighs.
1 caravan.

Harbor Service.
The special duties performed by the police of Division 8, comprising the harbor and the islands therein, were as follows: -

Value of property recovered, consisting of boats, rigging,
floa:-stages, etc., . . . . . . . . . $\$ 26, \$ 60.77$
Number of vessels from foreign ports boarded, . . . 733
Number of vessels ordered from the channel to proper
anchorage, . . . . . . . . . . 1,446
Number of vessels removed from channel by police
steamers, . . . . . . . . . . 119
Number of cases of assistance rendered, . . . . 245
Number of cases of assistance rendered to wharfingers, . 2
Number of permits granted vessels, in the stream, to dis-
charge cargoes, . . . . . . . . . 43
Number of obstructions removed from channel, . . . 106
Number of alarms of fire on the waterfront attended, . 102
Number of fires extinguished mithout alarm, . . . 2
Number of boats challenged, . . . . . . . . 2,024
Sick and injured persons assisted, . . . . . . 7
Cases investigated, . . . . . . . . . 1,146
Dead bodies recovered, . . . . . . . . 30
Dead bodies cared for, . . . . . . . . 1
Rescued from drowning, . . . . . . . . 6
Number of vessels ordered to put up anchor lights, . . 10
Number of vessels assigned to anchorage, . . . . 1,137

The total number of vessels that arrived in this port during the year was 10,751 . Of this number, 9,225 came from domestic ports, 793 from ports in the British Provinces and 733 from foreign ports. Of the latter, 689 were steamers, 7 ships, 16 barks and 21 schooners.

The police boat "Ferret" was in commission from June 5 to Nov. 1, 1912, in Dorchester Bay. She covered a distance of 5,200 miles; made 2 arrests for larceny; recovered property valued at $\$ 1,400$; rescued 30 persons from disabled boats; made secure 20 yachts that had broken away from their moorings; quelled 8 disturbances; investigated 25 cases, and notified 15 orners of power boats to have mufflers attached to their exhausts.

## Horses.

On the list of December, 1911, there were 79 horses in the service. During the year 7 were sold, 6 purchased, 3 shot on account of being disabled, 1 died and 1 was given to Red Acre Farm. At the present time there are 73 in the service as shown by Table IS.

Vehicle Seevice.
Automobiles.
There are $\overline{7}$ automobiles in the service at the present time: 1 for general use, attached to headquarters; 2 for the Back Bay and Fenways, attached to Division 16; 1 in the Dorchester District, attached to Division 11: 2 in the West Roxbury District, attached to Division 17; 1 in the Brighton District, attached to Division 14.

The following return shows the extent and nature of the service performed by the automobiles during the year:-


## Cat of Running Audomobiles.



## Ambulances.

The department is now equipped with 10 ambulances, located in the following police divisions: $1,4,6,7,10,11,13,14$, 15 and 16; also a combination automobile (patrol and ambulance) located in Division 17.
During the year the ambulances responded to calls to convey sick or injured persons to the following places: -

City Hospital, . . . . . . . . . . 1,133
City Hospital (Relicf Station, Haymarket Square), . . . 693
City Hospital (Relief Station, East Boston), . . . . 326
Calls where services were not required, . . . . . . 274
Massachusetts General Hospital, . . . . . . . 127
Home, . . . . . . . . . . . . . 118
Boston State Hospital, . . . . . . . . . 17
Carney Hospital, . . . . . . . . . . 17
Grace Hospital, . . . . . . . . . . . 17
Morgue, . . . . . . . . . . . . 16
Police Station Houses, . . . . . . . . . 12
Lying-in Hospital, . . . . . . . . . . 6
City Prison, . . . . . . . . . . . . 4
From fires, . . . . . . . . . . . . 3
Linwood Street Hospital, . . . . . . . . . 3
Children's Hospital, . . . . . . . . . . 2
Emerson Hospital, . . . . . . . . . . 2
Faulkner Hospital, . . . . . . .. . . . 2
Bennett's Emergency Hospital, . . . . . . . 1
Charlesgate Hospital, . . . . . . . . . 1
Consumptives' Hospital, . . . . . . . . . 1
Massachusetts Eye and Ear Infirmary, . . . . . . 1
Reid's Hospital, . . . . . . . . . . . 1
St. Elizabeth's Hospital, . . . . . . . . . 1
St. Margaret's Hospital, . . . . . . . . . 1
Charles Street Jail, . . . . . . . . . . 1
Chardon Street Home, . . . . . . . . . 1
Total, . . . . . . . . . . . . 2,781

List of Vehicles used by the Department．

| Divisoxs． |  |  |  | 急 | 兰 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 䯧 } \\ & \text { 栄 } \end{aligned}$ |  | － |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Headquarters， | － | － | 1 | － | － | － | － | － | 1 |
| Division 1， | 1 | － | － | 1 | － | 1 | － | － | 3 |
| Dirision 2， | 1 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 1 |
| Division 3， | 1 | － | － | 1 | － | － | － | － | 2 |
| Division 4， | 1 | － | － | － | － | 1 | － | － | 2 |
| Dirision 5， | 1 | － | － | 1 | － | － | － | － | 2 |
| Disision 6， | 1 | － | － | 1 | － | 1 | － | － | 3 |
| Division 7， | 1 | － | － | 1 | － | 1 | － | － | 3 |
| Division 8， | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| Division 9， | 1 | － | － | 1 | － | － | － | － | 2 |
| Dirision 10， | 1 | － | － | 1 | － | 1 | － | － | 3 |
| Dirision 11， | 1 | － | 1 | 1 | － | 1 | 1 | 1 | 6 |
| Division 12， | 1 | － | － | 1 | － | － | － | － | 2 |
| Dirision 13， | 1 | 1 | － | 1 | － | 1 | 2 | 1 | 7 |
| Division 14， | 1 | － | 1 | 1 | － | 1 | 1 | 1 | 6 |
| Division 15， | 1 | － | － | 1 | － | 1 | － | － | 3 |
| Division 16， | 1 | － | 2 | － | － | － | 1 | － | 4 |
| Division 17， | － | － | 2 | － | － | － | － | － | 2 |
| Division 18， | 1 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |  |
| Joy Strect stable， | 2 | 5 | － | 1 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 22 |
| Totals， | 18 | 6 | 7 | 13 | 5 | 11 | 7 | 8 | 75 |

## Public Carrlages.

During the year there were 1,630 carriage licenses granted, being a decrease of 1 as compared with last year; 436 motor carriages were licensed, being an increase of 80 as compared with hast year.
There has been a decrease of 82 in the number of horse-drawn licensed carriages during the year.

There were 58 articles, consisting of umbrellas, coats, etc., left in carriages during the year, which were turned over to the inspector; 17 of these were restored to the owners, and the balance placed in the keeping of the lost property bureau.

The following statement gives details concerning public hachney carriages as well as for licenses to drive the same:-

[^0]
## Wagon Licenses.

Licenses are granted to persons or corporations to set up and use trucks, wagons or other vehicles to convey merchandise from place to place within the city for hire.

During the year 5,434 applications for such licenses were receired, 5,429 of which were granted and 13 rejected.

Of the licenses granted, 30 were subsequently cancelled for nonpayment of the license fee, 32 for other causes and 9 transferred to new locations. (See Tables XIV., XVI.)

Listing Male Residents of Boston, etc.

| Yeab. | $\begin{gathered} \text { May } \\ \text { Canvass. } \end{gathered}$ | Supplemental Ap plications. | Refosed Certifictes | Granted Certificatea. | Total Men listed. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1903, . | 181,045 | 3,412 | 53 | 3,359 | 184,404 |
| 1904, | 193,195 | 1,335 | 55 | 1,2S0 | 194,475 |
| 190.5, | 194,547 | 705 | 8 | 697 | 195,244 |
| 1906, | 195,446 | 775 | 24 | 751 | 196,197 |
| 1907, | 195,900 | 782 | 28 | 754 | 196,654 |
| 1905, | 201,255 | 1,302 | 57 | 1,245 | 202,500 |
| 1909, | 201,391 | 804 | 29 | 775 | 202,166 |
| 1910, ${ }^{1}$ | 203,603 | 8 C 7 | 47 | 850 | 204,453 |
| 1911, ${ }^{1}$ | 206,825 | 762 | 31 | 731 | 207,536 |
| 1912, ${ }^{1}$ | 214,178 | 1,635 | 27 | 1,609 | 215,S13 |

: Changed to April 1.
Women Volers cerificd.

(Sce Tables XX., XII., XXII.)

## Listing Expenses.

The expenses of listing residents, not including the serrices rendered by the members of the police force, were as follows: Printing, \$15,383 65
Clerical service, . . . . . . . . . 7,46S 18
Stationery, . . . . . . . . . . . 48072
Interpreters, . . . . . . . . . . 79 S 15
Tables, etc., . . . . . . . . . . 1547
Teaming, . . . . . . . . . . . 4710
Total, .
\$24,193 27

## Number of Policemen employed in Listing.

| April 1, | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | 1,161 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| April 2, | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | 1,086 |
| April 3, | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | 764 |
| April 4, | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | 300 |
| April 5, | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | 84 |

## Speclal Police.

Special police officers are appointed to serve without pay from the city, on the written application of any officer or board in charge of a department of the city of Boston, or on the application of any responsible corporation or person, such corporation or person to be liable for the official misconduct of the person appointed.

During the year ending Nov. 30, 1912, there were 841 special police officers appointed; 11 applications for appointment were refused for cause.

Appointments were made on applications received as follows: -

From State departments, . . . . . . . . . 9
From city departments, . . . . . . . . . 199
From railroad corporations, . . . . . . . . 160
From other corporations or associations, . . . . . . 170
From theatres and other places of amusement, . . . . 236
From private institutions, . . . . . . . . . 58
From churches, . . . . . . . . . . . 9
Total, . . . . . . . . . . . . 841

## Ratlroad Police.

There were 98 persons appointed railroad policemen during the year, 2 of whom were employees of the New York, New Haven \& Hartford Railroad, 88 of the Boston \& Maine Railroad, 3 of the Boston, Revere Beach \& Lynn Railroad and 5 of the Boston Terminal Company.

## Miscellaneous Licenses.

The total number of licenses issued of all kinds was 30,509 ; transferred, 137; cancelled and revoked, 7,969 . The officers investigated 320 complaints arising under these licenses. The fees collected and paid into the city treasury amounted to $\$ 46,362.50$. (See Table IIV.)

## Mrsiclais' Licerses.

Itinerant.
During the year there were 263 applications for itinerant musicians' licenses received, 236 of which mere granted, 3 rejected, 24 are pending and 3 were subsequently cancelled on account of nompayment of the license fee.

It is arranged that hereafter the instruments of itinerant musicians will be inspected semiannually, and for this purpose a musician who is not a member of the department will be employed for about ten days in April and September each year.

During the year there were $\$ 2$ instruments examined, as follows: -


## Collective.

Collective musicians' licenses are granted to bands of persons over fifteen years of age to play on musical instruments in company with designated processions, at stated times and places.

The following shows the number of applications made for these licenses during the last five years and the action taken thereon:-

|  |  | Year. |  |  |  | Applications. | Granted. | Rejected. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 190S, . | - | - - | - | - | - | 172 | 172 | - |
| 1909, . | - | - - | - | - | - | 178 | 176 | 2 |
| 1910, . | - | - |  | - |  | 226 | 222 | 4 |
| 1911, . | - | - - | - | - | - | 208 | 207 | 1 |
| 1912, . | . | - - | - |  |  | 268 | 267 | 1 |

Public Lodging Houses.
By chapter 242 of the Acts of 1904 it is provided that in cities of over 50,000 inhabitants every building not licensed as an inn, in which 10 or more persons are lodged for 25 cents each per day of twenty-four hours, or for any part thereof, shall be deemed a public lodging house, and by chapter 129 of the Acts of 1911 this law is made to apply to all buildings in such cities, notmithstanding that no price is charged for lodging.

In the city of Boston the Police Commissioner is authorized to grant licenses to such lodging houses after the inspector of buildings has certified that the building is provided with proper exits and appliances for alarming the inmates in case of fire and the Board of Health has certified that the sanitary condition is satisfactory.

For these licenses 20 applications were received during the year, 17 of them were granted, 2 rejected and 1 withdrawn.

The following shows the location of the lodging houses and number of persons lodged in each during the year: -


## Capritig Dangerocs Weapors.

The following return shows the number of applications made to the Police Commissioner for licenses to carry loaded pistols or revolvers in this Commonwealth during the past five years, the number of such applications granted and the number refused: -


These licenses are granted, in a large measure, to express and bank messengers, watchmen, special policemen and others whose occupations and characters establish a prima facie case in their favor.

## Pensions and Benefits.

Dec. 1, 1911, there were 217 pensioners on the roll. During the year 18 died, viz., 1 sergeant, 1 assistant keeper and 16 patrolmen; and 23 were added, viz., 2 deputy superintendents, 2 captains, 2 inspectors, 2 lieutenants, 2 sergeants, 12 patrolmen and the widow of Patrolman Peterson, leaving 208 on the roll at date, including the widows of 13 and the mother of 1 policeman, who died of injuries received in the service.

The payments on account of pensions during the past year amounted to $\$ 139,138.67$, and it is estimated that $\$ 144,587.50$ will be required for pensions in 1913. This does not include pensions for 1 captain and 5 patrolmen, all of whom are sixtyfive or over, and are entitled to be pensioned on account of age and term of service.

The invested fund of the police charitable fund on the thirtieth day of November last amounted to $\$ 207,550$. There are 66 beneficiaries at the present time, and there has been paid to them the sum of $\$ 7,569$ during the past year.

The invested fund of the Police Relief Association on the thirtieth day of November was $\$ 151,632.47$.

## Financial.

The total expenditures for police purposes during the past year, including the pensions, house of detention, station house matrons and listing persons twenty years of age or more, but
exclusive of the maintenance of the police signal service, were §2,2 $29,385.31$. (Sce Table XVII.)

The total revenue paid into the city treasury from fees for licenses over which the police have supervision, and for the sale of unclaimed and condemned property, etc., was $\$ 4 \$, 266.99$. (See Table XIV.)

The cost of maintaining the police signal service during the year was $\$ 59,091.62$. (See Table XIIII.)

## Estimated Expense.

It is estimated that it will take $\$ 2,500,297.42$ to meet the expenses of the department for the coming financial year; the expense of the house of detention, station house matrons, police listing, police signal scrvice and pensions being included.
Table I.

Distribution of I'olice F'urce, Signal Service and Limployecs, Nov. S0, 1912—Conoladed.

Taile II.
List of Police Officers in Active Service who dicd during the Ycar cnding Nov. SO, 1912.


Table III.
List of Officers retired during the Year, giring Age at the Time of Retirement and the .'umber of Years' Serrice of Each

| Nase. | Cause of <br> Retirement. | $\stackrel{\text { Age at }}{\text { Time of } \mathrm{Re}}$ tirement. | Years of |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adams, George H., . | Age, | 63 years, | 35 years. |
| Brazer, Charles B., | Incapacitated, | 52 years, | 25 years. |
| Brock, Frank, | Incapacitated, | 56 ycars, | 30 years. |
| Cullen, James A. | Veteran, | 68 ycars, | 21 years. |
| Doherty, Charles H., | Age, | 65 years, | 32 years. |
| Dugan, Joseph, | Age, | 6S ycars, | 44 ycars. |
| Durgin, George A | Yeteran, | 65 years, | 17 years. |
| D.eer, William H., | Age, | 64 years, | 39 years. |
| Ford, Herbert S., | Age, | 60 years, | 31 years. |
| Glawson, John B. | Incapacitated, | 55 years, | 24 years. |
| Harris, | Age, | 60 years, | 30 years. |
| Hayes, Jcremiah, | Age, | 62 years, | 31 years. |
| Hooper, Charles F., | Age, | 60 years, | 27 years. |
| Howell, Frederick S., | Incapacitated, | 38 years, | 11 years. |
| Jones, Frank | Incapacitated, | 34 years, | 32 years. |
| Knomles, James, | Age, | 63 year | 29 years. |
| Knox, Joseph H., | Age, | 70 years, | 32 years. |
| Maxim, Geor | Age, | 60 years, | 33 years. |
| McKenzic, James, | Incapacitated, | 51 years, | 21 years. |
| Perry, William | Age, | 62 years, | 37 years. |
| Rideout, William H., | Age, | 65 years, | 32 years. |
| Watts, William B.: . | Age, | 61 years, | 35 years. |

Table IV.
List of Officers who were promoted above the Rank of Patrolman during the Year ending Noo. 30, 191 '.

| Datr. | Name and Rank. |
| :---: | :---: |
| June 20, 1912 | Chief inspector Joseph Dugan to the rank of deputy superintendent. |
| A | Capt. John R. McGarr to the rank of chief inspector. |
| May 28, 1912 | Lieut. Clinton E. Bowley |
| July 25, 1912 | Lieut. Thomas F. Goode, Jr., to the rank of captain. |
| Aug. 1, 1912 | Sergt. Thomas F. Gleavy to the rank of inspector. |
| Aug. 1, 1912 | Sergt. George J. Farrell to the rank of inspector. |
| Aug. 1, 1912 | Sergt. John F. Linton to the rank of inspector. |
| Feb. 1, 1912 | Sergt. James J. Walkins to the rank of lieutenant. |
| Feb. 1, 1912 | Sergt. James F. Hickey to the rank of lieutenant. |
| Feb. 1, 1912 | Sergt. Henry Hazlett to the rank of lieutenant. |
| May 30, 1912 | Sergt. William J. Hennessy to the rank of lieutenant. |
| May 30, 1912 | Sergt. Patrick J. O'Neil to the rank of lieutenant. |
| July 25, 1912 | Sergt. Murray Munro to the rank of lieutenant. |
| Aug. 3, 1912 | Sergt. Charles T. Reardon to the rank of lieutenant. |
| Dec. 30, 1911 | Patrolman William A. Sayward to the rank of ser- |
| Jan. 27, 1912 | Patrolman Joseph A. Delaney to the rank of sergeant. |
| Feb. 1, 1912 | Patrolman John F. Murphy to the rank of sergeant. |
| Feb. 1, 1912 | Patrolman Fiad H. Bean to the rank of sergeant. |
| Feb. 1, 1912 | Patrolman Alfred H. Daniels to the rank of sergeant. |
| Feb. 1, 1912 | Patrolman Allen V. Nixon to the rank of sergeant. |
| Feb. 1, 1912 | Patrolman Michael J. Trainor to the rank of sergeant. |
| Feb. 1, 1912 | Patrolman John J. Mullen to the rank of sergeant. |
| Feb. 1, 1912 | Patrolman Joseph L. Snow to the rank of sergeant. |
| Feb. 6, 1912 | Patrolman George H. Mitchell to the rank of sergeant. |
| Feb. 8, 1912 | Patrolman Frank N. Harrington to the rank of sergeant. |
| May 30, 1912 | Patrolman Jeremiah J. Riordan to the rank of sergeant. |
| May 30, 1912 | Patrolman John T. Clifford to the rank of sergeant. |
| May 30, 1912 | Patrolman Michael J. Muldoon to the rank of sergeant. |
| May 30, 1912 | Patrolman Dana W. Fisher to the rank of sergeant. |
| May 30, 1912 | Patrolman John H. Sweeney to the rank of sergean |
| July 25, 1912 | Patrolman William W. Livingstone to the rank of sergeant. |
| Aug. 3, 1912 | Patrolman Edmard A. Ryan to the rank of sergeant. |

Table V．
Number of Men in Each Rank in Active Serrice af the End of the Prezent Year who uere appointed on the Force in the Year stated．

| Date eppontid． |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{3} \\ & \text { 最 } \\ & \frac{2}{3} \\ & \frac{2}{2} \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 咅 } \\ & \frac{2}{3} \\ & \frac{2}{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{\Sigma} \\ & \frac{3}{3} \\ & \text { 最 } \\ & \underline{E} \end{aligned}$ | 差 晋 关 |  |  | 兰 | $\stackrel{\text { E }}{\underline{\text { E }}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1869 ， | － | － | － | 1 | － | － | － | － | － | 1 |
| 18，0， | － | － | － | － | － | － | 1 | 2 | － | 3 |
| 1873， | － | 1 | － | － | － | － | － | 3 | － | 4 |
| 1874， | － | 1 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 1 |
| 1875， | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 7 | － | 7 |
| 1876, | 1 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 1 |
| 1878 ， | － | － | － | 4 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 6 | － | 15 |
| 1849， | － | － | － | 1 | － | 1 | 2 | 6 | － | 10 |
| 1880， | － | － | － | － | － | 1 | 1 | 8 | － | 10 |
| 18S1， | － | － | － | － | 1 | 1 | 3 | 16 | － | 21 |
| 1882， | － | － | － | 4 | 2 | 6 | 1 | 11 | － | 24 |
| 1883， | － | － | － | 1 | － | 2 | 3 | 6 | － | 12 |
| 1884， | － | － | － | － | － | 1 |  | 12 | － | 13 |
| 1885， | － | － | － | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 12 | － | 19 |
| 1886， | － | － | － | 1 | 1 | 2 | － | 8 | － | 12 |
| 1887， | － | － | － | － | 4 | 1 | 1 | 15 | － | 21 |
| 1858， | － | － | － |  | 1 | 5 | 4 | 33 | － | 44 |
| 1889， | － | － | － | 2 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 13 | － | 27 |
| 1890， | － | － | － | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 19 | － | 27 |
| 1891， | － | － | 1 | 1 | － | 2 | 1 | 15 | － | 20 |
| 1592， | － | － | － | － | － | 2 | 6 | 12 |  | 20 |
| 1893， | － | － | － | － | 4 | 6 | 12 | 57 | － | 79 |
| 1894， | － | － | － | － | － | 1 | 8 | 21 | － | 30 |
| 1595， | － | － | － | 4 |  | － | 22 | 98 |  | 173 |
| 1896， | － | － | － | － | 2 | － | 2 | 27 | － | 31 |
| 1897， | － | － | － | － | 1 | － | 2 | 15 | － | 18 |
| 1898， | － | － | － | － | － | － | 3 | 27 | － | 30 |
| 1900， | － | － | － | － | 3 | － | 11 | 77 |  | 91 |
| 1901， | － | － | － | － | － | － | 2 | 50 | － | 52 |
| 1902， | － | － | － | － | － | － | 1 | 9 | － | 10 |
| 1903， | － | － | － | － | － | － | 4 | 83 | － | 87 |
| 1904， | － | － | － | － | － | － | 1 | 77 |  | 78 |
| 1905， | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 35 | － | 35 |
| 1906, | － |  | － | － | － | － | － | 33 | － | 33 |
| 1907， | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 107 |  | 107 |
| 1908， | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 139 |  | 139 |
| 1909， | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 87 | － | 87 |
| 1910， | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 51 |  | 51 |
| 1911， | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 20 | 37 | 57 |
| 1912， | － | － | － | 1 | － | 1 | － | 10 | 95 | 107 |
| Totals， | 1 | 2 | 1 | 23 | 31 | 41 | 100 | 1，227 |  | 1，538 |

Table VI.
Oficers discharged and resigncd during the Year cnding Nov. 30, 1912.

Tamb VII.


Average number of men on the forec, . . . . . . . . . . . reserve, 111 ; regular, 1,411.
Average number of siek daily, including reserve men,
Table VIII.
Complaints against Officers during the Year ouding Nov. SO, 1012.

| No. | Tank. | Naturi of Complaint. | Disposition of Caso. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Sergeant, .' | Neglect of duty and conduet unbo- | Not guilty. |
| 1 | Patrolman, . | Absence without leave, . . . . | Guilty; dismisscd from police force. |
| 2 | Patrolman, | Conduct unbecoming an officer, . | Guilty; dismissed from police force. |
| 1 | Patrolman, . | Neglect of duty, . . . . . | Guilty; dismissed from police force. |
| 1 | Patrolman, . | Absonce from route and inefliciency, . | Resigned pending charges. |
| 1 | Patrolman, : | Assault and battery, . . . | Resigned pending charges. |
| 1 | Patrolinan, : | Intoxication, , , , , , | Resigned pending charges. |
| 1 | Patrolman, , | Absonce from and not properly patrolling route. | Gullty; sontonoed to two hundred ten hours' punlshment duty. |
| 2 | Patrolman, . | Conduct unbecoming an officer, . | Guilty; sentenced to one hundred forty hours' punishment duty. |
| 1 | Patrolman, . | Neglect of duty, absence from route, . | Guilty; sentenced to soventy hours' punishment duty. |

Taile: VIII. - Concluded.
Complaints aguinst Officers during the Ycar ending Non. SO, 1912—Coneluded.

| No. | Mank. | Naturi or Complaint. | Dispmexicion of Cumer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Patrolman, . | Neglect to pull boxes, . . . . | Guilty; senteneed to two hundred ten hours' punishment duty. |
| 1 | latrolnam, . | Absence without lenve, . . . . | Complaint placed on filc. |
| 1 | Patrolman, | Intoxication, . . . . . . | Complaint placed on filc. |
| 2 | Patrolman, . | Negleet of cluty, . . . . . | Complaint phaeed on filc. |
| 1 | Patrolama, . | Absenco withont lenve, . . . | Not gailty. |
| 4 | Patrolann, . | Commet unbecoming an officer, . . | Not gailty. |
| 2 | lutrolman, . | Insuberdimation loward a superior, | Not guilly. |
| 1 | Reserve man, | Conduct unbecoming nom ollieer, . . | Guilly; dinmisned from police force. |
| 1 | Reserve mun, | Neglect of duty, . . . . . | Comphaint placed on file. |

Twenty-four complaints were dismissed without a hearing as trivinl or otherwise without merit.

Table IX.
Number and Distribution of Horses used in the Department.

| Drvisoss. | Tan | Patrol. | Riding. | ${ }_{\text {Ambor }}$ | $\underset{\text { incer }}{\text { Div- }}$ | Totak |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Headquarters, | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 |
| Division 1, . . . | - | 2 | - | 1 | - | 3 |
| Division 2, | - | 1 | 4 | - | - | 5 |
| Division 3, | - | 2 | - | - | - | 2 |
| Division 4, | - | 2 | - | 1 | - | 3 |
| Division 5, | - | 3 | - | - | - | 3 |
| Division 6, | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | 2 |
| Division 7, | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | 2 |
| Division 9, | - | 2 | - | - | - | 2 |
| Division 10, | - | 2 | - | 1 | - | 3 |
| Division 11, | - | 2 | 4 | - | 2 | 8 |
| Division 12, | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 |
| Division 13, | - | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 5 |
| Division 14, | - | 1 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 7 |
| Division 15, | - | 2 | - | - | - | 2 |
| Division 16, | - | 1 | 10 | - | - | 11 |
| Division 17, | - | - | $i$ | - | - | 1 |
| Signal service, repair department, 40 Joy Street. | 3 | - | - | - | 3 | 6 |
| House of detention, . . | 2 | - | - | - | - | 2 . |
| Prison van, | 4 | - | - | - | - | 4 |
| Totals, | 9 | 24 | 25 | 7 | 8 | 73 |

Table X.
Nember of Arrests by Police Dirisions during the Year ending Not. 30 , 1912.

Table XI.
Arrests and Offences for Year cnding Nov. 30, 1912.

| NATULE of orfence. |
| :--- |

T'am, N1. - Cuntinuml.
No. 1. Grrenome abainet tuin Phiehon - Concluitred.

| natulit on thernem. | nnx. |  | Thent. | Wirrantar. | WhituatWnrralita. |  | Poruisule | Nans.nullumile. | Nhurrm, | Mumblut | (1)lurkul. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mnluw. | Mrumbus |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Inthatdation and threatoning languago. undug. | 04 | 3 | 07 | 58 | 7 | 3 | 41 | 11 | $\bigcirc$ | ${ }_{6}$ | - |
| Kidnapplng, - . . . . | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | - | - | 1 | - | 3 |  |
| Manslaughter, . . . | 50 | - | 50 | 20 | 30 | - | 23 | 0 | 7 | 50 |  |
| Mayhen, assault with iutent to main, | 1 | 1 | 2 | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | 2 |  |
| Murdor, . . . | 10 | 4 | 20 | 11 | 0 | - | 10 | 5 | - | 20 |  |
| Murder, assault with intent to, | 47 | 2 | 40 | 10 | 33 | - | 44 | 8 | 5 | 40 | - |
| Rapo, | 20 | - | 29 | 23 | 6 | - | 13 | 0 | 4 | 20 | - |
| Jnpo, assault to, | 24 | - | 24 | 18 | 0 | - | 12 | 3 | 4 | 24 | - |
| lllut, inciling, . | 8 | - | 8 | 4 | 4 | - | 7 | 3 | - | 8 | - |
| Rob, nesault to, | 24 | - | 24 | 7 | 17 | - | 0 | 3 | 7 | 24 | - |
| Robbery, . . | 150 | 4 | 154 | 02 | 02 | - | 40 | 23 | 45 | 154 | - |
| Sodomy and othor unnatural praoticos, | 7 | - | 7 | 0 | 1 | - | - | - | 2 | 7 | - |
| Totals, | 3,082 | 340 | 3,422 | 1,658 | 1,220 | 044 | 1,801 | 403 | 500 | 3,422 | - |


'Iamle XI. - Continuel.

| natule of ofrencle. | sxx. |  | Tounl. | Wurrunt. | WithonatWarrauta |  | Furivist- | Nown- | Minam. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { lidinf for } \\ & \text { Trinul. } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Natus. | Fo mulum. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lamper, oxtinktioshink, lireaking, eto., | 5 | - | 5 | 4 | 1 | - | 1 | - | 3 | 5 | - |
| Lureeny, . . | 2,0si | 688 | 2.010 | 1,000: | 1,42 | 111 | 02: | 707 | 515 | 2,1010 | - |
| Lareeny froma peram, . | 232 | 23 | 265 | 75 | 180 | - | 85 | 013 | 49 | 255 | - |
| Lameony from purmm, ntemint tu cunn- | 11:1 | 4 | 117 | 4 | 113 |  | 43 | $: 11$ | 18 | 117 | - |
| Latreny, attempe to commia, . . | 27 | - | 97 | 10 | 17 | 1 | $\square$ | 12 | 5 | 27 | - |
| Lareeny in a buildiug or weserl, | 30 | - | :110 | s | 110 | : | 5 | 0 | 9 | 30 | - |
| Lareeny la a luildhu, neecesory after fact. | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | - | $\cdots$ | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | - |
| Larecony from an express, . . | 52 | - | 52 | 10 | 31 | : | 9 | 15 | 11 | 62 | - |
| Larceny from realty, . . | 3 | - | 3 | 3 | - | - | 2 | - | - | 3 | - |
| Larceny from an express, attempt to | 1 | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | - |
| Leased property, concealing, conveying, | 17 | 7 | 24 | 21 | - | 3 | 18 | 2 | 1 | 24 | - |
| Mortagaged property, conocaling, oun- | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | - | - | 2 | - | - | 0 | - |
| Stolen goods, buying, reooiving, eto., . | 75 | 18 | 93 | 49 | 27 | 17 | 40 | 0 | 17 | 93 | - |
| Trempux, . | :150 | 2 | 358 | 37 | 253 | 0 \% | 134 | 180 | 11.1 | 358 | - |
| Twhum, | 12,161 | 8 NH | 2, 104.1 | 1,174 | 2,1043 | 113 | 1,201 | 1,11:1 | 7.1 | 3, 130:1 | " |

1913.] PLBLIC DOCLALENT - No. 49.
No. 4. Mahiciuus Ofylences auanet Phoperty.



| Alme, rocoiving in publio placos, . | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | 1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Blasting law, violation of, . | 6 | - | 6 | - | - | 6 | 2 | 2 | - | 5 | - |
| Carriago regulations, violation of, | c | - | 0 | - | - | 0 | - | 1 | - | 0 | - |
| Common vietualior and iunhoider, assuming to bo. | $\sigma$ | 1 | 0 | 0 | - | 1 | 6 | - | - | 0 | - |
| Dontistry law, vilation of, , . . | 2 | - | 2 | 1 | - | 1 | 2 | - | - | 2 | - |

Table XI. - Continucd.
No. 0. Offences aqainst tin Licenge Lawb-Concluded.

| NATUILE OF OFFENCE. |  |  | Total. | $\underset{\text { Wurraits. }}{\text { On }}$ | Without Wurruits. |  | Foreignors. | $\underset{\substack{\text { Non- } \\ \text { residents. }}}{\substack{\text { n } \\ \hline}}$ | Minera. | Ifeld for Trial. | $\underset{\text { clarged. }}{\text { Dis- }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males. | Fonuleu. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dug haw, volatlon of, | 10 | 5 | 11 | 5 | - | 211 | 10 | - | - | 31 | - |
| lirewarkn, dealhas in minwrull, ., | 2 | - | 2 | $\cdots$ | $\checkmark$ | 2 | 2 | - | - | 1 | - |
| Gauftlligs whthout a lloonmo, | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | - |
| Junk, dealing in unlawfuliy, | 0 | - | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 6 | - |
| Liquor law, violation of, . . | 136 | 72 | 208 | 130 | 67 | 11 | 160 | 1 | 1 | 208 | - |
| Lodging houso law, violation of, , | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | - |
| Murchandiso, salo or atorago of, lin pulHio placo. | 207 | 1 | 208 | 12 | 173 | 83 | 24.4 | 8 | 3.4 | 208 | - |
| Milk, willine without a lloonmo, , | 8 | 4 | 12 | - | - | 12 | 0 | - | - | 12 | - |
| Minor, permitting to peddio, | 3 | - | 3 | 1 | - | 2 | 3 | - | - | 3 | - |
| P'ordaliog lawe valation of, . | 38 | - | 28 | 3 | 8 | 18 | 27 | - | 1 | 28 | - |
| l'cdulling without a lleenso, . . | 00 | - | 00 | 2 | 54 | 13 | 00 | 3 | 3 | 00 | - |
| Pharmuey law, violation of, - | 2 | - | 2 | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | - | 2 | - |
| Physician, praoticing unlawfully, . | 3 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 1 | - | 3 | 1 | - | 4 | - |
| Pool and billiard room, unlawfully admitting minor to. | 5 | - | 0 | 2 | - | 3 | 4 | 1 | - | 5 | - |

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| Second-hand articles, dealing in, unlawfully. <br> Small loans, making unlawfully, . | 3 2 |  | 3 2 |  |  | 3 2 |  |  | - | 3 2 | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Totals, | 581 | 84 | 685 | 188 | 305 | 192 | 550 | 23 | 40 | 065 | - |
| No. 7. Offenceb aoainat Chabtity, Morality, etc. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Abortion, . | 4 | 3 | 7 | 6 | 1 | - | 2 | 1 | - | 7 | - |
| Abortion, accossory to, | 2 | 4 | 0 | 6 | - | - | 1 | 2 | - | 0 | - |
| Abduction, . | 3 | - | 3 | 3 | - | - | 3 | 1 | - | 3 | - |
| Adulters, . . | 60 | 48 | 114 | 38 | 76 |  | 41 | 17 | 5 | 114 | - |
| Animals, eruolty to, | 04 | - | 0.4 | 34 | 4 | 20 | 25 | 10 | 8 | 04 | - |
| Bastardy, . . | 144 | - | 144 | 144 | - | - | G0 | 37 | 31 | 144 | - |
| Bigamy, . . . . | 2 | - | 2 | 2 | - | - | 1 | 1 | - | 2 |  |
| Fornication, . . . | 383 | 303 | 781 | 17 | 704 | - | 282 | 205 | 57 | 781 | - |
| Ill-fallo, keopiug house of, . | 39 | 58 | 97 | 87 | 10 | - | 42 | 2 | - | 97 | - |
| Incost, . . | 2 | - | 2 | 2 | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | 2 |  |
| Indecent exposure of tho person. . | 45 | - | 45 | $\delta$ | 34 | 3 | 21 | 13 | 2 | 45 | - |
| Lewd and lascivious cohabitation, | 95 | 90 | 191 | 84 | 107 | - | 81 | 14 | 10 | 191 | - |
| Lewd and lascivious in speech and behavior. | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | $\bullet$ | - |

'Table XI. - Continued.

| Natule of offence. | sinx. |  | Total. | $\underset{\text { Warranta }}{\text { On }}$ | Without Warrants. | Summonoc by the Court | Foroignors. | Non-residonta. | Minors. | LIetil for Trial. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dis- } \\ \text { charged. } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males. | Fomales. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Night walking, . | 0 | 320 | 335 | 11 | 32.4 | - | 93 | 50 | 20 | 335 | - |
| Obsoent lewks and printr, . . | 10 | - | 10 | 7 | 3 | - | 4 | 3 | 1 | 10 | - |
| Open and gross lewducss, . . | 0 | 2 | 11 | 3 | 8 | - | 0 | 4 | 2 | 11 | - |
| Polygamy, . . . | 0 | 1 | 7 | 0 | 1 | - | 5 | 1 | - | 7 | - |
| Prostitute, deriving support from, | 17 | 1 | 18 | 13 | 5 | - | 7 | - | 1 | 18 | - |
| Prustilution, ontioing tu, . . | 7 | 5 | 12 | 11 | 1 | - | 7 | 3 | 3 | 12 | - |
| Irumalfullon, lerthis a bulating for the | 1 | = | 1 | 1 | $\square$ | $:$ | 1 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | 1 | $=$ |
|  | 41 | - | 41 | 31 | 111 | 1 | 1.1 | 0 | 1.1 | 11 | - |
|  | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - |
| Meliyious woralip, dlaturblug, , | 4 | - | 4 | 3 | 3 | - | 4 | - | - | 4 | - |
| Schools, disturbing, . . . | 2 | 1 | 3 | - | - | 3 | 1 | - | 2 | 3 | - |
| Soduction, . . . . | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | - |
| Unnatural and lasoivlous nets, . . | 12 | - | 12 | 8 | 4 | - | 3 | 4 | 2 | 12 | - |
| Unnatural and lasoivlous acts, attompt to commit. | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | - | - | 2 | - | 3 | - |
| Totaln, . . . . | 009 | 017 | 1,010 | 518 | 1,365 | 33 | 700 | 375 | 168 | 1,010 | - |


| Adulterating food, drugs, buttor, oto., | 10 | 1 | 20 | 1 | - | 10 | 8 | 4 | - | 20 | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Automolile law, violation of, | 1,841 | 2 | 1,843 | 02 | 20 | 1,725 | 261 | 1,007 | 151 | 1,8.13 | - |
| Bail bond, . . | 3 | - | 3 | 1 | 2 | - | 2 | - | - | 3 | - |
| Bonfires, making, . . , | 5 | - | 5 | - | 3 | 2 | 2 | - | 3 | 5 | - |
| Bribery, . . . . | - | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 1 | - |
| Bucket shop, kecping, . . | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - |
| Building law, violation of, . | 2 | - | 2 | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | 2 | - |
| Building, obstruoting stairway of, | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | - |
| 13usinoss, doing undor name other than own. | - | 1 | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | - |
| Caplas, - . . . . . | 27 | 7 | 3.1 | $3 \cdot 1$ | - | - | 1.1 | S | 0 | 34 | - |
| Child, dosertion uf, . . . , | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | - | I | 1 | - | 1 | - |
| Children, delinquent, . . . | 2,150 | 79 | 2,229 | 150 | 045 | 1,401 | 325 | 82 | 2,220 | 2,229 | - |
| Children, neglected, . . . . | 106 | 102 | 208 | 208 | - | - | 3 | 0 | 208 | 208 | - |
| Children, truant, . . | 4 | - | 4 | 4 | - | -- | - | - | 4 | 4 | - |
| Children, wayward, . . | 10 | 9 | 10 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 4 | 5 | 10 | 19 | - |
| Cigarctte law, violation of, . | 4 | 1 | 5 | - | - | 5 | 4 | - | - | 3 | - |
| City ordinance, violation of, . . | 632 | 13 | 645 | 119 | 181 | 345 | 203 | 59 | 337 | 645 | - |

Tabla XI. - Comtinued.

| Natume or ommene. |  |  | Trunl. | Wurratm. | WhenutNucruit |  | Finulene | $\begin{gathered} \text { Nunn- } \\ \text { waidunt. } \end{gathered}$ | Mluwers. | lytur fur | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Din. } \\ & \text { churguil. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mnluan | Powinlun. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cocaino lav, violution of, | 47 | 11 | 57 | 26 | 28 | $:$ | 13 | 4 | 3 | 57 | - |
| Common nuismeo, keoping, eto., | 11 | 4 | 15 | 1: | 2 | 1 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 15 | - |
| Common begkars, | - | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | - |
| Commen brawlers, - | 1 | 0 | 7 | 0 | - | 1 | 3 | - |  | 7 | - |
| Concented wenpons, earrying, | 252 | 2 | 254 | 72 | 152 | - | 152 | 90 | 2 | 25.1 | - |
| Comatuetor, interfering with datum of, . | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | - |
| Conteapt of court. | 4 | - | 4 | :1 | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | - |
| dovault warrame, |  | :1:1 | 470 | 471 | $\cdots$ | - | 114 | 4 | 110 | 170 | - |
| Desariers, . | $1: 1$ | - | $1:$ | - | 1:1 | - | 1 | 7 | 5 | 1 | 12 |
| Disorderly, | 1 | 8 | 120 | 1 | 1:5 | - | 10 | 15 | 01 | 1 | 12.3 |
| Diturbing the peace, | 213 | $3: 1$ | 9.16 | 50 | 1:3 | 01 | 01 | 33 | 83 | 2.16 | - |
| Drunkard, cotamon, . | 18 | 17 | 35 | 35 | - | - | 13 | - | - | 35 | - |
| Drunkenness, . | 45,477 | 4,369 | 49,816 | 39 | 49,79s | 9 | 24,02 | 92,791 | 935 | 40,515 | 1 |
| 1)ynamite, illogally and undawfally keeping and transporting. | 3 | - | 3 | 2 | 1 | - | - | 2 | - | 3 | - |




| NATUITE O6C MFPENCH. |  |  | Thatal. | $\underset{\text { Winrranta. }}{\text { On }_{1}}$ | Withont Warrinits. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { liursizi- } \\ & \text { ives. } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\text { nexilenints. }}{\substack{\text { Non }}}$ | Miners. | $\begin{aligned} & 11 \text { shl fur } \\ & \text { frrmint. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dise } \\ & \text { clarkenl. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mahw. | Foumilas. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gaming on the Lord's Day, and being present al. | 1,100 | 6 | 1,202 | 115 | 1,001 | 83 | 786 | 75 | 303 | 1,202 | - |
| Gas meter, discommetimg. . . . | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 |  |
| Health law, violation of, . . | 52 | 3 | 55 | 13 | 7 | 35 | 42 | 4 | 6 | 55 | - |
| Harlor regulations, violation of. . | 2 | - | 2 | - | - | 2 | 1 | 1 | - | 2 |  |
| Heruin, undawfully delivering. . | 5 | - | 5 | 5 | - | - | 3 | - | 1 | 5 |  |
| Hypmolic drug law, violation of. . | 13 | 1 | 11 | 1 | 13 | - | 10 | - | - | 11 |  |
| Itlo mad disorderly persura, | 171 | 110 | 217 | 150 | (1)8 | - | 47 | 111 | 51 | 205 |  |
| luebrlety, . . . . . | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | $\because$ | - | - | 3 |  |
| Jusirameo lave vhohtion of. | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | - | - | 1 | 1 | - | 1 |  |
| Jowelry, perldliug. . . | 10 | - | 10 | 2 | 8 | - | - | 5 | - | 10 | - |
| Laleils, counterfeit, using, . | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 |  |
| Labor law, violntion of, . | 5 | - | 6 | 3 | - | 2 | 3 | - | 1 | 5 | - |
| Lolteries and prizo enterprises, . | 70 | ${ }^{3}$ | 8: | 8 | 72 | 2 | 53 | 5 | - | s2 |  |
| Markerd ball, promothrg. . | $1$ | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | 1 |  |


'l’abtr: XVI. - ('omlinucd.

| NATUAE OF HFTENCL. |  |  | Total. | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 0 n \\ \text { Wnrrante. } \end{array}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Witlusut } \\ \text { Wurruntn. } \end{array}\right\|$ | Sumimisumel yitho court. | Firrizaors. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Non- } \\ \text { ramiderits. } \end{gathered}$ | Niwan. | Ullle for 'rimi. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dint. } \\ \text { dharguchl. } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Multen. | Fomulen. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Police rules, violation of, | :11 | - | 31 | 3 | - | 28 | 18 | - | - | 31 | - |
| l'ond melling, - | 2 | 1 | $: 1$ | : | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - |
| liontal law, viohation of, | 2 | $\cdots$ | $\geq$ | 2 | - | - | 1 | - | - | 2 | - |
| 1'rimener, ексяриед, . . | 15 | - | 15 | 1 | 11 | - | $\because$ | $: 1$ | $s$ | 13 | 2 |
| 1 'risoner, rescue or atlempt to rescue, | 31 | 3 | 31 | 15 | 17 | 2 | 1.1 | 1 | 1 | $3 \cdot 1$ | - |
| Probation, violatim of conditions of, | 178 | 21 | 190 | 187 | 12 | - | 5. | 1.1 | 41 | 108 | 1 |
| Public meetings, disturbing, . | 20 | 1 | 21 | 3 | 18 | - | s | 3 | 7 | 21 | - |
| Public park regulations, violation of, | 81 | 13 | 97 | 8 | 21 | cs | 48 | 28 | 12 | 07 | - |
|  | 1sis | 2 | 2 S | (il) | 11.5 | 37 | (i3) | 37 | is | 218 | - |
| Hailroad law, violation of, | 291 | 3 | 291 | 21 | 2.15 | 25 | sit | 1511 | 75 | 241 | - |
| Revenne law, . . . | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | - | - | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | - |
| Rumamays, . . . . | 218 | 60 | :1:17 | 1 | 3316 | - |  | 156 | : 27 | $\because 2$ | :115 |
| Rufosing to pay car fave, ete., . | 20 | - | 20 | 111 | 6 | $\cdot 1$ | * | $1:$ | $\geq$ | 20 | - |
| Rekulations of sehoot committeo, viotation uf. | 3 | - | 3 | 3 | - | - | 3 | - | - | 3 | - |


Tanle NI. - Comeluded.

| nature of offence. | snx. |  | Totat. | Wurrmins. | WithoutWurnois |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Finvign- } \\ & \text { wrs. } \end{aligned}$ | Nentictors. | мімurn. |  | Sime. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mules. | Pconutex. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No. 1. Offences naxinst the person, | 3,1152 | 8.40 | 3,122 | 1,55s | 1,23110 | 614 | 1,501 | 163 | 599 | 3,120 | - |
| No. 2. Offences nuninst pronerty com- | 502 | 8 | 510 | 20 s | 2 sib | 16 | 10 s | 57 | 208 | 511 | - |
| No. 3. Offences nuainst property committed without violence. | 3,109 | 58. | 3,693 | 1,37.1 | 2,816, | 213 | :,291 | 1.113 | 77. | 8,693 | - |
| No. 4. Maticious offenes anninst prop- | 15.4 | 11 | 165 | 93 | :2 | 35 | 49 | 27 | 52 | 10.5 | - |
| No. S. Forgery aud offences akiinst the | 01 | ${ }^{6}$ | 67 | 45 | 42 | - | 29 | 14 | 1.5 | ${ }^{17}$ | - |
| No. 0. Oifenees unuinet the licenso laws, | 681 | 81 | libit | dis | :105 | 162 | Sinis | $2: 1$ | 41 | 8if\% | - |
| No. 7. Offucon agalixt chamility, ule., | (10) | 1.17 | 1,1110 | 518 | 1,365 | $3:$ | 700 | 375 | lis | 1,170 | - |
| No. 8. Offences not included iat the foregoing. | 60,790 | 5,268 | 65,058 | 2,951 | 56,684 | 5,433 | 29,3917 | 26,5:3 | 6,168 | 62, 168 | 2,850 |
| Totals, | 6s, 318 | 7,24s | 75,196 | 6,0:1) | 12, 020 | 18,556 | :11, 237 | 2x,615 | 8.101 | 20.600 | 2.891 |

Table XII.
Age and Sex of Persons arrested.

| Ofrence. | $\mathrm{Unpra}_{10}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 10 \\ \text { AND } \\ 16 \\ 16 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\operatorname{ANO}_{20}^{15} \begin{aligned} & 15 \mathrm{NDRR} \\ & \hline 20 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 20 \\ \text { AND } \\ 3 S^{2} D E R \\ \hline \end{gathered}\right.$ |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 23 \\ & \text { AND } 0 \text { NDER } \end{aligned}\right.$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 30 \\ \text { AND } \\ 35 \\ 35 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 35 \\ \text { AND UNDER } \\ 40 \end{gathered}\right.$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|} \hline 40 \\ \text { AND UNDELI } \\ \hline 6 \end{array}$ |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 45 \\ \text { AND UNDER } \\ 80 \end{gathered}\right.$ |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} .56 \\ \text { AND UNDELI } \\ 60 \end{gathered}$ |  | Oven 60 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | m. | F. | M. | F. | m. | F. | m. | F. | M. | F. | M. | E. | M. | F. | m. | F. | m. | F. | M. | F. | M. | F. | M. | F. |
| No. 1, | - | - | 11 | 2 | 420 | 32 | 805 | 53 | 804 | 88 | 400 | as | 302 | 82 | 227 | ${ }^{4}$ | 140 | 30 | 01 | 11 | 38 | ¢ | 27 | 6 |
| No. 2. | - | - | 0 | - | 174 | 2 | 13 | 3 | 78 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 33 | - | 25 | - | 14 | - | 0 | - | 2 | - | 3 | - |
| No. 3 , | 1 | - | 81 | - | 830 | 01 | 687 | 112 | 819 | or | 410 | 88 | 340 | 81 | 233 | $\infty$ | 143 | 32 | 100 | 33 | 02 | 11 | 36 | 12 |
| No. 4 , | - | - | 3 | - | 4 | - | 28 | 1 | 10 | 0 | 17 | 1 | 18 | 2 | 8 | 1 | 8 | - | 6 | - | 1 | - | s | - |
| No. 8 . | - | - | - | - | ${ }^{\circ}$ | 2 | 19 | 2 | 12 | - | ${ }^{6}$ | 1 | 11 | 1 | 2 | - | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | - |
| No. 8 , | - | - | - | - | 34 | - | 00 | 3 | 00 | 11 | ${ }^{98}$ | 0 | 70 | 7 | 01 | 18 | 4 | 13 | 32 | 0 | 21 | 3 | 17 | 11 |
| No. 7, | - | - | 1 | - | 70 | 48 | 233 | 287 | 200 | 238 | 140 | 138 | 110 | 100 | 83 | 60 | 03 | 20 | 31 | 10 | 13 | 0 | 3 | 1 |
| No. 8. . | 281 | 00 | 1,005 | 70 | 3,116 | 316 | 7,153 | 300 | 8.180 | 783 | 7.700 | 710 | 8.500 | 017 | 7,100 | 701 | 0.118 | 003 | 4,314 | 331 | 2.400 | 102 | 2,843 | 201 |
| Touls, | 202 | - | 1,040 | 78 | 4,01 | 488 | 0,138 | 857 | 0,701 | 1,02 | 8,036 | 1,010 | 0,000 | 1,100 | 7,803 | 883 | 0, 212 | 707 | 4,184 | 400 | 3,007 | 310 | 3,000 | 233 |

'Tamai XIII.


| Ikalu. |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & \vdots \\ & \vdots \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1908, | 618,000 | 68,140 | 11.03 | \$150,256 71 | \$217,5S9 67 | \$159,6S2 61 | 3,00.1712 | 42,507 | \$13.251 65 |
| 1009, | 12:0,000) | 71,512 | 11.12 | 107,0065 016 | 212,519 sa | 161,400 s4 | 4,1307\% | 40, (i7.1 | 14,21738 |
| 1910, | 670,585 | 71,201 | 10.61 | 176,519 27 | 351,460 73 | 138,1.10 61 | 3,841\%12 | 44,922 | 11,927 60 |
| 1911, . | (181,650 | 70,412 | 10.333 | 100,512 71 | 252,120 48 | 129,432 06 | 3,6307\%12 | 45,760 | 13,326 32 |
| 1912, | 716,174 | 75,496 | 10.54 | 139,18.4 40 | 291,674 57 | 135,634 50 | 3,851 10 | 4i,408 | 13,381 50 |
| Averages, . | 662,463 | 71,359 | 10.77 | \$150,967 SI | \$277,681 46 | \$144,018 10 | 3.579\%15 | 45, 873 | \$13,220 95 |

Table XIV.
Showing the Number of Licenses of All א゙inds issucd by the Police Commissioncr, and the Amount of Moncy reccived from All Sources and paid to the Cily Collcctor, during the Ycar cuding Nov. S0, 1012.


Table IV:
Number of Dog Licenses issued during the Year ending Nor. 30, 1912.

| Divisioss. | Males. | Ferales. | spered | Ereeders. | Totals. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | 86 | 33 | 1 | 1 | 121 |
| 2, | 12 | 2 |  | - | 14 |
| 3 , | 233 | 74 | 9 | 6 | 322 |
| 4. | 105 | 59 | 3 | 1 | 165 |
| 5, | 385 | 169 | 24 | 1 | 579 |
| 6 , | 302 | 63 | $\pm$ | - | 369 |
| $\overline{7}$ | 575 | S5 | 10 | - | 670 |
| 9. | 809 | 164 | 37 | 2 | 1,012 |
| 10, | 607 | 100 | 19 | 1 | 727 |
| 11, | 1,736 | 297 | 110 | 4 | 2,147 |
| 12, | 530 | 141 | 31 | 1 | 703 |
| 13, | 1,417 | 222 | 110 | 1 | 1,750 |
| 14, | 611 | 127 | 4 | 1 | ${ }^{7} 56$ |
| 15, | 372 | 115 | 12 | 1 | 500 |
| 16, | 507 | 132 | 39 | - | 678 |
| 17, | 51 | 13 | $\overline{7}$ | - | 71 |
| 15, | 74 | 14 | 3 | - | 91 |
| Totals, | 8,412 | 1,810 | 466 | 20 | 10,708 |

Table XVI.
Tolal Number of Wagon Licenses issued in the City by Police Dicisione.


Table XVII.
Financial Statement for the Year ending Nov. 30, 1912.

## Expenditures.

| Pay of police and employees, . . . . . . | . \$1,971,484 41 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Pensions, | 139,138 67 |
| Fuel and light, | 19,454 72 |
| Water and ice, | 92427 |
| Furniture and bedding, | 5,403 27 |
| Printing and stationery, | 12,733 55 |
| Care and cleaning station houses and city prison, | 7,430 13 |
| Repairs to station houses and city prison, | 9,279 26 |
| Repairs and supplies for police steamers, . | 8,678 66 |
| Rent and care of telephones and lines, | 5,568 63 |
| Purchase of horses and vehicles, | 2,259 90 |
| Care and keeping horses, harnesses and vehicles, | 19,949 63 |
| Carting prisoners to and from stations and city prison, | 1,S6S 64 |
| Feeding prisoners, | 3,187 94 |
| Medical attendance on prisoners, | 8,225 51 |
| Transportation, | 2,055 58 |
| Pursuit of criminals, | 3,102 79 |
| Cloth for uniforms and uniform helmets, | 18,579 39 |
| Badges, buttons, clubs, belts, insignia, etc., | 4,025 67 |
| Traveling expenses and food for police, | 3,721 32 |
| Rent of buildings, . | 7,184 60 |
| Total, | . $82,254,55654$ |
| Expenses of listing, | \$24,193 27 |
| Expenses of house of detention and station house matrons, | , 10,635 50 |
| Expenses of signal service (see Table XVIII.), | 59,091 62 |
| Total, | \$2,348,476 93 |
| Receipts. |  |
| For all licenses issued by the Police Commissioner, | \$19,031 50 |
| For sale of unclaimed and condemned property, itinerant musicians' badges, junk collectors' badges, carriage maps, etc., | - 1,904 49 |
| For dog licenses (credited to school department), | 27,331 00 |
| Total, | S48,266 99 |
| For uniform cloth, etc., | 18,171 65 |
| Total, | \$66,4 |

Table NUIII.
Paymerate on Account of the Signal Serrice during the Year ending Nor. 30, 1912.

Table XIX．

| CAUSE． |  | Diviaion 1. |  | Division 2. |  | Diviaion 3. |  | Diviaion 4. |  | Division 8. |  | Diviaion 0. |  | Diviaion 7. |  | Division 9. |  | Diviaion 10. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 品 } \\ & \text { B } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 0ं } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { シं } \\ & \text { B } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ö } \\ & \text { 粡 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { g } \\ & \text { M } \\ & \text { M } \end{aligned}$ |  | － |  |  | 怱 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B } \\ & \text { 品 } \end{aligned}$ |  | 家 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { घं } \\ & \text { ! } \\ & \text { an } \end{aligned}$ |
| JJenvy curto， | － | 3 | $\infty$ | － | 47 | 2 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ．$\cdot$ | － | 80 | － | 24 | － | 11 | 1 | 11 | － | is | － | 10 | 1 | 9 | $\underline{1}$ | 0 |  | 9 |
| l＇rivatas oarringes， | －$\cdot$ | － | 1 | － | 1 | － | $\sim$ | － | － | － | 2 | － |  | － | 1 | 1 | 2 |  | 2 |
| ficensert oarringes， | －$\cdot$ | － | 4 | － | 5 | － | 4 | － | 3 | － | － | － | － |  | － |  | － |  | 1 |
| Fire engines， Biosolas， | －－ | － | I | 1 | 3 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |  | 2 | － | － | － | 1 |
| Street cars．： | $\therefore$. | － | 42 | 1 | 68 | $\overline{2}$ | 53 | － | 3 | $\bar{J}$ | 18 | － | 5 |  | 2 | T | － |  | 1 |
| Automobiles，． | ．． | － | 37 | － | 72 | 1 | 23 | 1 | 32 | 2 | 27 |  | 7 | 4 | 15 | 1 | 81 | 1 | 73 |
| Defectis in streots， | －． | － | 2 | － | 30 | － | 2 | － | 5 | $=$ | － |  | 3 | 1 | 7 |  | 13 | 3 | 38 |
| Live wirest－ | ．． | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |  | 1 |  | $\underline{-}$ |
| Falling objects， | ．． | － | 24 | － | 27 | 1 | 8 | － | 13 | － | 4 | － | 2 | － | 6 | － | 5 |  | 13 |
| Falls，various causes， | ．． | － | － 50 | 1 | 71 | 4 | 69 | 1 | 81 | － | 48 | － | 35 | 3 | 30 | 1 | 50 | 1 | 78 |
| Excavations in streets， | ．． | － | 1 | － | － | － | － | － | 3 | － | － |  |  |  |  |  | 4 | － |  |
| Injured by horse．． | －． | － | － | － | － | － | 2 | － | － | － | － | － | － |  | － |  |  |  | － |
| Playing baseball． | －$\cdot$ | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 1 |  |  |  | 2 |
| Railroed train， | －． | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |  | － |
| Broken glass， | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |  |  |  | － |
| Drowoing．－ | $\div \cdot$ | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |  | － |
| （ias poisoning， | ． | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | ＝ | － | － | － | － |  |  |  |
| Midor cyolen，． | －． | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |  | － | － |  | － | － |  |
| Total killod， Tocal injurad， | － | 3 | 288 | 3 | 350 | 10 | 148 | 3 | 193 | 3 | 130 | － | 125 | 9 | 98 | 8 | 103 | 8 | $\overline{26}$ |

Tama XIX. - Comcluded.

'Tahle XX.


## Taile XXI．

Showing the Number of Male Persons，Twenty Years of Age，or Morc，who were Residents of the City of Boston on the First Day of April，1912，Listed by the Listing Board in the Several Wards and Precinets of Said City，from the 10th of April to the 1st of Scph：m－ ber，1912，－Supplementary List．

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Showing the Number of Women listcd by the Listing Board in the Scveral Wards and Prccincts of the City of Boston during the First

| ${ }^{9} 9701$ |  | 德 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| -91 \%ouprand |  | 1 |
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| ${ }^{6} 630193018$ |  | ' |
| $8870 \pi 10318$ |  | 1 |
| $\ell$ 2nulosd |  | 1 |
| $92704931 d$ |  | 1 |
|  |  | 1 |
| $)^{7}$ quopeard |  | 1 |
|  |  | 1 |
|  |  | 1 |
| $\cdot 1$ 200! $3 \times 1 \mathrm{~d}$ |  | 1 |
| ¢ |  <br>  <br>  | $\cdot$ $\cdot$ $\cdot$ - 高 |

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| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
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