


# Digitized by the Internet Archive in 2010 with funding from Boston Public Library 

## ANNUAL REPORT

# STREET DEPARTIENT 

OF THE<br>$-6258.59$<br>CITY OF BOSTON.

1892. 


BOSTON:

ROCKWELL AND CTIURCIILLL, CITY PRINTERS.

Soston Mown Ltuel depl.

$$
x_{10} x_{y} 7 \cdot 187
$$

## CONTENTS.

## REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT OF STREETS.

CENTRAL OFFICE.
PAGE
PAGE
Edgestones and Sidewalks. ..... 44
Length of Accepted Streets and Character of Pavements, ..... 37
Paving done in 1892 (Com- ments) ..... 40
Permits, Class 1-5 ..... 50-53
Permit to Feed and Bait Horses ..... $5 t$
Report of City Engineer on Special Work ..... 55̃-65
Special Permits ..... 54
Street Openings ..... 49
Street Hawkers and Pedlers ..... 50
Streets Laid Out ..... 37
Table of Work done ..... 43
Table of Money Expended ..... 43
Street-Watering ..... 66
Contracts for Street-sprinkling, ..... 71
Comments on Street-watering, ..... 78
Distribution of Carts ..... 75
Income ..... 78
Money Expended, 1892 ..... 76
Money Expended for Last Six- teen Years ..... 77
Permits for Street-watering ..... 70
Report of Committee on Ordi- nances ..... 67
Style of Water Carts ..... 69
Summary of Day Work ..... 72
Summary of Contract Work. ..... 73
Summary of Work done ..... 74
Water-posts ..... 77
Work done at Expense of Abntters ..... 73
Sanitary Division ..... 79
Amount of House Offal Re- moved (10 years) ..... 79
Amount Ashes Removed (II
PAGE
Roxbury District
PAGEyears)
Sewer Assessments (Discus- sion) ..... 132
Sewer Assessinents, 1882-1891, ..... 135
Sewer Assessments (Com- ments) ..... 136
Sewer Assessments during 1892, under Acts of 1889-90, ..... 137
Sewer Assessments Levied dur- ing 1892 ..... 141
Sewer Release ..... 93
Sonth Boston District ..... 98
Stony Brook ..... 109
Tests of Sewer Covers ..... 95
West Roxbury District ..... 107
Street-Cleaning Division, ..... 142
Average No. Men Employed ..... 142
Difficulties Encountered ..... 145
Emptying Filth into Catch- basins ..... 147
Future Needs of the Division, ..... 157
Ordinances and their Enforce- ment ..... 145
Plant ..... 142
Push-cart Patrol ..... 143
Street Sweepings Removed (11 years) ..... 144
Diagrams110
East Boston District ..... 99
Laws and Ordinances concern- ing Sewer Assessment ..... 120
Metropolitan Sewer (Contract), ..... 94
Main Drainage Works ..... 113

## APPENDIX A.

REPORT OF DEPUTY SUPERINTENDENT OF BRIDGE DIVISION.



## APPENDIX B.

## REPORT OF DEPUTY SUPERINTENDENT OF PAVING DIVISION.

PAGE ..... PAGE
Paving Division ..... 195
Pagk
Street-watering Expenditures,
Street-watering Expenditures, ..... 217 ..... 217
Detail of Expenditures under Special Appropriations. . . .217-240
Driveways, Block-stone, As- phalt, and Gravel ..... 270
Expenditures (Details) ..... 204
Execution of Courts, etc ..... 204
Financiar Statement ..... 201
Income ..... 202
New Edgestones ..... 264
New Brick Sidewalks ..... 267
Permits Issued ..... 196
Removal of Snow (Table) ..... 217
Recapitulation (Table) ..... 273
Street Improvements (Alder- manic Districts) ..... 240-261
Summary of Expenditures (Specials) ..... 201-263
Schedule of Property ..... 273
Street Numbers Assigned ..... 196
Streets Laid Ont or Extended. ..... 198
Streets Widened or Relocated. ..... 200
Schedule of Regular Expenditures:
South Boston ..... 205
East Boston ..... 205
Charlestown ..... 206
Brighton ..... $\because 07$
West Roxbury ..... 208
Dorchester ..... 210
Roxbury ..... 211
City Proper ..... 214
Table of Expenditures (17years)195
Table of Expenses, Regular Appropriation ..... 203

## APPENDIX C.

REPORT OF DEPUTY SUPERINTENDENT OF SANITARY DIVISION.
Amount Expended for Collec- tion and Removal of House
Horse-shoeing and Blacksmith- ing (cost) ..... 281Offal277
Contracts ..... 282
Contract for Refuse Cans ..... 283
Cost of Carts ..... 280
Comparative Table, Collection Garbage ..... 278
Disposition of Material Col- lected ..... 278
Dumping-boats, Expenses of, ..... 280
Horse Account ..... 288
House Offal ..... 287
House Dirt and Ashes ..... 287
Hay and Grain ..... 284
Items of Expenditure ..... 275
Material Collected and Cost of Teams ..... 279
Material Collected by Districts, ..... 277
Number of Carts ..... 280
Organization ..... 288
Recapitulation(Hay and Grain) ..... 286
Revenue ..... 276
Report of Deputy Superin- tendent Sanitary Division. ..... 275
Total Cost, do. ..... 277
Table of Loads ( 11 years) ... ..... 281
APPENDIX D.
REPORT OF DEPUTY SUPERINTENDENT OF SEWER DIVISION.
Brighton.
Financial Statement ..... 290
Fall of Rain and Snow ..... 329
Improved Sewerage (Expen- ditures) ..... 292
Miscellaneous Expenses ..... 292
New Tow-boat ..... 292
Pumping-station Record ..... 330
Property in Charge of Sewer Division. ..... 331
Recapitulation ..... 326
Sewers Built by Contract or Day Labor ..... 303
By Private Parties ..... 305
Surface Drains ..... 305
Work done for Paving Di- vision ..... 307
Building Stables and Sheds, Brighton ..... 292

## City Proper.

Sewers Built by Contract or Day Labor ..... 294
By Private Parties ..... 295
Surface Drains ..... 295
Work done for Paving Di- vision ..... 296
Charlestown.
Sewers Built by Contract or Day Labor ..... 297
Work done for Paving Di- vision ..... 299
Dorchester.
Sewers Built by Contract or Day Lahor ..... 310
By Private Parties ..... 312
Surface Drains ..... 314

page
PAGE
PAGE
Work done for Paving Dj- By Private Parties ..... 325vision317
East Boston.
Sewers Built by Contract or Day Labor ..... 300
Surface Drains ..... 301
Work done for Paving Di- vision ..... 302
Building Dike, Winthrop Junc- tion ..... 292
Roxbury.Sewers Built by Contract orDay Labor318
By Private Parties. ..... 320
Surface DrainsWork done for Paving Divi-sion322West Roxbury.
Sewers Built by Contract orDay Labor323
Surface Drains ..... 325
Work done for Paving Division, ..... 326
Stony Brook Improvement (Expenditures) ..... 292
Sovth Boston.
Sewers Built by Contract or Day Labor ..... 308
By Private Parties ..... 308
Work done for Paving Division ..... 309
Summary of Sewer Construc- ..... 327
Sludge Record ..... 331
Specials, etc. ..... 333-344
Summary of Construction (6 years) ..... 332

## APPENDIX E.

## REPORT OF DEPUTY SUPERINTENDENT OF STREET-CLEANING DIVISION.

|  | Page |  | fage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Average Force Emiployed | 351 | Cost of Cleaning Private Ways, | 347 |
| Cost per Mile, exclusive of |  | Financial Statement. | 345 |
| Supervisio | 350 | General Recapitulation of Ex- |  |
| Complaint | 351 | pens | 349 |
| Cost per Mile, inclusive Su- |  | Income | 351 |
| pervision... ... | 350 | Miscell | 349 |
| Cleaning Streets, Cost by Dis- |  | Objects of Expenditure | 45 |
| trict | 346 | Patrol System | 347 |
| Cleaning Gutters by Districts, | 346 | Recapitulation of Expense | 348 |
| Cleaning Crossings | 346 | Stable and Yard Expenses | 349 |
| Cost of Maintaining Dumps | 346 | Stock Account | 349 |
| Cost of liemoval of Snow | 347 | Total Number of Loads Street- |  |
| Cost of Scraping Mac. Streets, | 347 | dirt Removed | 351 |

## LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS.

PAGE
Allston Bridge. ..... 28
Bell-mouth, Dorchester-brook Sewer ..... 110
Bell-mouth, Dorchester-brook Sewer ..... 112
Brick Paving, Oswego street ..... 40
Chestnut-hill Stone-crusher, Brighton ..... 200
Diagram of Rainfall ..... 120
Drainage-area Curves ..... 116
Granite-block Paving, Washington street ..... 54
Granite-block Paving - Pitching Joints - Waslington street ..... 62
L-street Bridge ..... 32
Morton-street Culvert, Stony Brook ..... 108
Rolling and Tamping Rock Asphalt, Broadway, South Boston ..... 42
Rosseter-street Stone-crusher, Mt. Bowdoin ..... 196
Sewer Diagram ..... 118
Tests of Sewer Covers - Diagram ..... 94
Track Construction, Washington street ..... 36

Hon. Nathan Matthews, Jr., Mayor of the City of Boston:
Sir: In compliance with the Revised Ordinances, the second annual report of the operations and expenses of the Street Department for the year 1892 is herewith respectfully submitted.

## Organization.

The work of the department during the past year has been carried on under the same organization that was effected when the consolidated department was created in 1891, the several divisions of the department being as follows :

The Central Office.<br>Bridge Division.<br>Boston and Cambridge Bridges Division.<br>Paving Division.<br>Sewer Division.<br>Sanitary Division.<br>Street-Cleaning Division.

Each of the above divisions, with the exception of the Central Office and the Boston and Cambridge Bridges Division, is in charge of a deputy superintendent.

The Boston and Cambridge Bridges Division is managed by two commissioners, the Superintendent of Streets being the commissioner for the city of Boston, the other commissioner being appointed by the Mayor of the city of Cambridge.

The work of street-watering, the duty of which devolves on the Street Department, is carried on under the supervision of the Paving Division, with a foreman of street-watering in charge.

## CENTRAL OFFICE DIVISION.

The work of the Central Office Division has consisted of general supervision over the work of the several divisions of the department, correspondence, purchasing supplies, attending to complaints, drawing and executing contracts, keeping of all records, financial, civil service, and legal, preparing estimates for public improvements, and other miscellaneous work.

## Expenses of the Central Office.

For the current expenses of the Central Office the City Council appropriated the sum of twenty thousand dollars ( $\$ 20,000$ ), from which the sum of one thousand two hundred and six dollars and forty cents ( $\$ 1,206.40$ ) was transferred to the Bridge Division, leaving a balance of eighteen thousand seven hundred ninety-three dollars and sixty cents ( $\$ 18,793.60$ ), which was expended as follows:

Salaries . . . . . . . \$15,419 33
Stationery, printing, postage, etc. . . 94860
T'ravelling expenses, carriages, etc. . . 75044
Board, shoeing, clothing, etc., of horses . 74296
Telephone and telegraph . . . . 36249
Copying and compiling . . . . $1613!$
Miscellaneous expenses, office . . . 10244
Typewriter and supplies . . . . 8150
Atlases . . . . . . . 7000
Messengers . . . . . . 6335
Newspapers, periodicals, etc. . . . 6000
Rubber stamps, pads, etc. . . . . 3110
\$18,793 60
Transferred to Bridge Division . . . 1,206 40

The following condensed statement shows the various appropriations and amounts expended for the maintenance of the department for the year ending January 31, 1893 ; also, in separate tables, the special appropriations and amounts expended for speeific objects designated by the City Council:
FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF THE STREET DEPARTMENT APPROPIRIATION, From February 1, 1892, to Januarg 31, 1893, inclusive.

| Appropriation. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Balance on } \\ \text { hand } \\ \text { Feb. 1, 1892. } \end{gathered}$ | Appropriation during 1892. | Revenue. | Total Credits. | Expenditures for 12 months end ing Jav. 31, 1893. | Balances Jan. 31, 1893. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Street Departme |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bridge Division, - diva |  |  | ${ }_{2}{ }_{2} 11,07976$ |  | \$128,954 11,079 | \$128,979 ${ }^{11,079}$ |  |
| Cambridge Bridges Division |  |  | 3 18,793 60 |  | 18,793 60 | 18,793 60 |  |
| Paving Division . |  | . | ${ }^{4} 951,93329$ | 79135 | 956,724 6t | 915,460 99 | \$41,263 65 |
| Sunitary Inivision |  |  | ${ }^{6} 469,37074$ |  | 469,370 74 | 469,370 74 |  |
| Sewer Itivislon. |  | \$2,296 00 | 7558,10640 |  | 560,608 19 | 560,60819 |  |
| Street.Claning Division. |  | . . | ${ }^{8} 288,32042$ |  | 288,320 42 | 288,320 42 |  |
| Street-Watering .... |  | . | ${ }^{0} 94,50780$ |  | 94,507 80 | 94,507 8 u |  |
| Totals . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  | \$2,296 00 | \$2,521,066 38 | \$4,997 14 | \$2,523,359 52 | \$2,487,095 87 | \$41,263 65 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 边 $\$ 12 \times, 95+3 \overline{7}$ |  |  |  |  | 8 Appropriation fo Transferred from | $\text { r1892-3 } \quad \therefore \cdot$ Paving Dirision | $\$ 300,00000$ 11,82042 |
| 2 Appropriation for 1892-3Transferred from Harvard Bridge |  |  |  |  | "، ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | treet-Watering | 4,000 00 |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 98,56205 \\ \$ 956,72+64 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  | \$315,520 42 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Transferred to Sew | er Div'n, $\begin{array}{r}\text { \$20,000 } \\ 7,500\end{array}$ |  |
| Transferred to Bridge Division . . . 1,500 75 | ${ }^{5}$ Balance transferred to City Treasury, $\$+1,26365$ |  |  |  |  |  | 27.50000 |
|  | ${ }^{6}$ Appropriation for 1892-3 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ( . . $\$ 450,00000$ |  |  |  |  |  | \$258,3-10 +2 |
| 3 Appropriatiou for 1892-3Transferred to Bridge Division | Trausferr | d from Paving |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | "\% Sewer |  | $\begin{array}{r} 6,20000 \\ 80000 \end{array}$ | ${ }^{9}$ Appropriation fo | Prablic Buididings; | 100,000 2,440 00 |
| Transferred to Bridge Division . . . . $\frac{1,20640}{\$ 18,79360}$ |  |  |  | 69,370 74 | Transferred from " | 'Fire Department", | 2,44050 3.310 |
| ${ }^{4}$ Appropriation for $1892-3$. . . ; . . $\$ 850,00000$ <br> Trausferred from " Boat Landing" . . 3000 | ${ }^{7}$ Appropriation for 1892-3 . . . . . . . \$350,000 00 Transfered from " Laying out and con- |  |  |  |  | "Board of Pulice | $21+\cdots$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | Transferred to Paving Div'n, $\$ 4,50000$ 'Trausferred to Street-Clean- |  | $0_{00}^{\$ 103,00, ~ o u ~}$ |
| Transferred from " Boat Landing" . . <br> Transtierred from " Laying out and con- | Transferred from "Laying out and construction of highways" . . . . . . 121,53 \& 66 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transferred from Street.Cleaning Div'n, 7,50000 <br> , 50000  <br> " " street-Watering . . $\frac{4,50000}{\text { Carried forward . . . . . } \$ 1,050,49534}$ | Trausferred from Paving |  | Division - ${ }^{\text {divaning, }}$ | 72,323 <br> 20,000 <br> 000 <br> 16138 | ing Division . | . . . . 4,000 | - 8,50000 |
|  |  |  | et Sewer . . <br> d-st. Sewer . | 16138 286 69 |  |  | \$94,507 80 |

## Paving Division Specials.

| Object of Appropriation. | Appropriations and Balances. | Expended from Feb. 1, 1892, to Jan. 31, 1893. | Balarice on hand Jan. 31, 1893. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Allandale st . | \$3,770 59 | \$3,770 59 |  |
| Austin st. | 4,00000 | 4,000 00 |  |
| Baldwin st., Ward 4 | 4,80726 | 4,807 26 |  |
| Beacon st. | 10,000 00 | 5,151 15 | \$4,818 85 |
| Beacon st., Dartmouth st. to West Chester park, asphalt | 40,000 00 | 40,000 00 |  |
| Beacon st., West Chester park to Arlington st. . | 1,174 62 | 1,174 62 |  |
| Boat-landing, Commercial wharf | 97000 | 97000 |  |
| Bolton st., Secoud st. to D st. | 1,767 00 | 1,767 00 |  |
| Boston st., Andrew sq. to Mt. Vernon st. | 5,000 00 | 5,000 00 |  |
| Boylston st., Church st. to Arlington st., paving . | 7,511 33 | 7,511 33 |  |
| Brent st. | 5,000 00 | 3,473 72 | 1,526 28 |
| Bristol st. . | 2,530 71 | 80972 | 1,720 99 |
| Bunker Hill st., between Pearl and Sackville sts., | 5,500 00 | 5,500 00 |  |
| Butionwood st., Mt. Vernon st. to Locust st. | 1,486 70 | 1,486 70 |  |
| Centre st., Ward 23 | 1,261 14 | 1,261 14 |  |
| Chardon st. | 13,020 99 | 12,671 54 | 34945 |
| Charles st. | 11,040 71 | 11,040 71 |  |
| Cherry st. . | 1,966 96 | 1,901 86 | 6510 |
| Chester sq., Washington st. to Tremont st. | 14,000 08 | 14,000 08 |  |
| Chestnut ave., Ward 9, paving | 65000 | 65000 |  |
| Childs st. | 2,500 00 | 2,500 00 |  |
| City Wood-yard, Commercial st., paving | 12125 | 12125 |  |
| Commonwealth ave., construction | 241,233 01 | 123,170 81 | 118,062 20 |
| Commonwealth ave., W. Chester park to Arlington st. | 1,396 10 | 1,390 10 |  |
| Conant st., macadamizing . | 7,50000 | 5,151 06 | 2,348 94 |
| Cooper st., between N. Margin and Salem sts. | 1,500 00 | - . . . . | 1,500 00 |
| Cornwall st., laying out and constructing | 1,000 00 | 1,000 00 |  |
| Davis st., asphalt | 2,860 71 | 2,800 71 |  |
| Dearborn st, between Eustis and Dudley sts. | 2,066 91 | 2,060 91 |  |
| Decatur st., Ward 16, asphalt . | 3,133 82 | 3,133 82 |  |
| Dorchester ave., paving, Wardo 15 and 24 | 120,000 00 | 117,290 63 | 2,700 37 |
| Dorchester st, between Elghth st. and Dorches. ter ase.. paving | 38609 | . . . . . . | 38609 |
| Carried forward. | \$510,155 98 | \$385,647 71 | \$133,508 27 |

Paving Division Specials. - Continued.

| Object of Appropriation. | Appropriations and Balances. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Expended } \\ & \text { from Feb. } 1 \text {, } \\ & \text { 1892, to Jan. } \\ & \text { 31, } 1893 . \end{aligned}$ | Balance on hand Jan. 31, 1893. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brought forward | \$519,155 98 | \$385,647 71 | \$133,508 27 |
| Dorchester st., Nluth st. to Broadway, paving . . | 12,000 00 | 9,06+ 65 | 2,935 35 |
| Dudley st., between Blue Hill ave. and Shirley st. | 7,600 64 | 7,600 64 |  |
| Dudley st., Washington st. to Vine st., etc. . . . | 72161 | 72161 |  |
| Dudley st., Dennis st. to Brook ave. . | 2,557 34 | 2,557 34 |  |
| East Fifth st., between L and N sts. . | 3,244 91 | 3,244 91 |  |
| Edgestones, Ward 21 | 1,000 00 | 1,000 00 |  |
| Eighth st., L st. to O st., edgestoncs, c | 5,000 00 | 3,750 31 | 1,249 69 |
| Eliot st., Tremont st. to Park sq. | 9,000 00 | 9,000 00 |  |
| Ellery st. | 1,780 39 | 1,780 39 |  |
| Falcon st., macadamizing | 2,286 60 | 2,286 60 |  |
| First st., Ward 14. | 3,010 07 | 2,564 81 | 44526 |
| Florence st., asphalt . | 3,281 20 | 3,281 20 |  |
| Freeport st. . . | 10,849 55 | -••••• | 10,849 55 |
| Fulda st., macadamizing | 50553 | 50553 |  |
| Geneva are., grading | 6,750 21 | 6,750 21 |  |
| Harbor View st. | 56296 | -••••• | 56296 |
| Harrison ave., Kneeland st. to Benuet st., asphalting | 3,900 00 | -•••• | 3,900 00 |
| Harvard st., construction | 5,090 0 | . . . . . . | 5,000 00 |
| Harvard st., Washington st. to Albany st., sewer and paring | 9,922 22 | 23980 | 9,682 42 |
| Hariland st., macadamizing . . . . . . . . . . . | 54198 | 54198 |  |
| Hawes st. | 1,100 00 | 1,100.00 |  |
| Heath st., widenlng, etc. | 14,398 67 | 14,398 67 |  |
| Henshaw st., construction | 1,000 00 | 1,000 00 |  |
| Horace and Homer sts. | 1,169 26 | 1,169 26 |  |
| Houghton st., macadamizing . . . . . . . . . | 2,000 00 | 44980 | 1,550 40 |
| Howell st., construction . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1,500 00 |  | 1,500 00 |
| Hudson st., asphalting . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 88632 | 88632 |  |
| Humboldt-ave. extension, grade damages . . . . | 1,815 00 | 1,650 00 | 16500 |
| Hunneman st., gradingand constructing . . . . . | 13,917 20 | 13,053 75 | 86345 |
| India st., paving . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 97901 | 97901 |  |
| Jackson st., construction . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1,500 00 |  | 1,500 00 |
| Is st., between Broadway and First st., macadamizing | 2,000 00 | 2,000 00 |  |
| L st., grading, etc. . | 19,341 03 | 16,994 53 | 2,346 50 |
| Carried forward . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | \$669,377 68 | \$494,218 83 | \$175,158 85 |

Paving Division Specials. - Continued.

| Object of Appropriation. | Appropriations and Balances. | Expended from Feb. 1, 1892, to Jan. 31, 1593. | Balance on hand Jan. 31, 1893. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brought forward. . | \$669,377 68 | \$491,218 83 | \$175, 1as 8 ${ }^{\text {aj }}$ |
| La Grange st. . | 5,000 00 | 1,730 70 | 3,269 30 |
| Landing, East Boston . . . . . | 50000 | -••••• | 50000 |
| Landing, Federal-street bridge | 50000 | 50000 |  |
| Jehigh st., paving . | 2,831 78 | -••••• | 2,531 is |
| Lexington ave. | 2,500 00 | 79710 | 1,702 90 |
| Longwood ave., Parker st. to Huntington ave., paring | 40788 | 40788 |  |
| Lynde st. | 39621 | 39621 |  |
| Magazine st., between East Chester park and Norfolk ave. | 1,574 20 | 1,554 20 |  |
| Medford st., Lexington st. to Chelsea st. . | 1,031 87 | 1,031 87 |  |
| Medford st., between Main and Quincy sts. | 2,162 77 | 2,162 77 |  |
| Mercer st., Dorchester st. to Eighth st., resurfacing | 94502 | 94502 |  |
| Minot st. | 1,659 63 | 1,559 63 |  |
| Motte st., asphalt | 1,200 00 | 1,500 00 |  |
| Murdock st. . | 9939 9t | 99394 |  |
| Ninth st., Old Harbor st. to N st., macadamizing, | 6,536 71 | 3,078 87 | 3,457 84 |
| North Margin st., construction . . . . . . . . : | 7,214 75 | 1,546 21 | 5,668 64 |
| Parker st., Huntington ave. to Westland ave. | 58000 | 58000 |  |
| Randolph st. | 6,000 00 | 4,851 71 | 1,148 29 |
| Regulating Poplar st. | 3,000 00 | 3,000 00 |  |
| River st. | 4,000 01 | . . . . . . | 4,000 00 |
| Rutherford ave., paving . | 5,690 73 | 5,698 73 |  |
| Sawyer ave. | 4,000 00 | 2,286 56 | 1,118 4t |
| School st. . | 4,500 00 | 4,500 00 |  |
| Seattle, Hopedale, Windom, and Sorrento sts., macadamizing | 9,000 00 | 9,000 00 |  |
| Sccond st., B st. to D st., paving . | 5,000 00 | 5,000 00 |  |
| Second st., Dorchester st. to I st., paving | 16,000 00 | 12,630 70 | 3,360 30 |
| Seventb st., D st. to E st. | 6,000 00 | 6,000 00 |  |
| Shirley st. | 15000 | 15000 |  |
| Short st., West Roxbury | 3,403 40 | 3,403 40 |  |
| Silver st., A st. to D st., macadamizing - | 40034 | 40934 |  |
| Smith st., construction | 7,364 40 | 3,00+ 59 | 4,269 81 |
| South Margin st., between Pitts and Prospect sts., | 6,000 00 |  | 6,000 00 |
| Curried forward . . . . . . . . . | 8786,130 31 | 8973,04626 | \$213,000 05 |

Paving Division Specials. - Consluded.

| Object of Appropriation. | Appropriations and Balances. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Expended } \\ & \text { from Feb. 1, } \\ & \text { 1892, to Jan. } \\ & \text { 31, 1893. } \end{aligned}$ | Balance on hand Jan. 31, 1893. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brought forward | \$786,136 31 | \$573,046 26 | \$213,090 05 |
| Stanhope st. | 1,683 50 | 1,683 50 |  |
| Stanton st. | 6,000 00 | 4,000 00 | 2,000 00 |
| Stillman st., paving | 83705 | 83705 |  |
| Story st. | 69830 | 69830 |  |
| Terrace st., paving | 47720 | 47720 |  |
| Thacher st., Charlestown st. to Endicott st., asphalt . | 1,578 69 | 1,578 69 |  |
| Tremont st., bet. Rosbury crossing and Huntington ave. . | 2,304 46 | 2,304 46 |  |
| Tuttle st. | 2,918 41 | 2,918 41 |  |
| Vinton st., macadamizing . | 1,000 00 | 1,000 00 |  |
| Walnut ave. | 10,000 00 | 10,000 00 |  |
| Warren st. and Blue Hill ave. . | 5,000 00 | 5,000 00 |  |
| Warren st., granite blocks | 2,918 25 | 2,918 25 |  |
| Warrenton st., from Washington st., etc. | 25056 | 25056 |  |
| Washington st., Boylston st. to Adams square | 48,000 00 | 48,00000 |  |
| Washington st., between Florence and Davis sts., | 1,000 00 | 1,000 00 |  |
| Way st., paving . | 5,605 33 | 5,605 33 |  |
| Wenham st., construction . | 6,000 00 | 6,000 00 |  |
| West Chester park | 14,196 47 | 14,196 47 |  |
| West Newton st., between Washington st. and Shawmut ave., asphalt blocks. | 4,300 00 | 4,138 74 | 16126 |
| Worcester square, Washington st. to Harrison avt. | 1,600 00 | 1,600 00 |  |
| Worthington st., edgestones, etc. | 4,000 00 | 4,000 00 |  |
| Allston Bridge, paving ${ }^{1}$. | 25290 | 25290 |  |
| Totals | \$906,757 43 | \$691,506 12 | \$215,251 31 |

${ }^{1}$ Money furnished by the City Engineer's Department.

Sewer Division Specials.

| Ubject of Appropriation. | Appropria. tions and Balances. | Expended from Feb. 1, 1892, to Jan. 31, 1893. | Balance on hand Jan. 31, 1893. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Catch-basins, etc., Huntington ave. | \$1861 | \$1861 |  |
| Catch-basins, Stanhope st. | 22705 | 22705 |  |
| Charlestown sewers, repairing | 2,031 29 | 2,031 29 |  |
| Dike, Winthrop Junction . | 2,333 33 | 2,333 33 |  |
| Improved sewer, Brookline ave. connection | 4,533 95 | 4,533 95 |  |
| Rebuilding Dorchester-brook sewer . . . . . . . | 30,000 00 | 30,000 00 |  |
| Sewer, Arlington st. | 13763 | 13763 |  |
| Sewers, Beacon st. and Commonwealth ave. | 3,379 17 | 3,379 17 |  |
| Sewer, between Roslindale and West Roxbury | 26,336 30 | 19,429 57 | \$6,906 73 |
| Sewers, Brighton . | 12,326 70 | 9,840 23 | 2,486 47 |
| Sewer, Crawford st., Humboldt ave. to Walnut ave. | 2,682 51 | 2,682 51 |  |
| Sewer, Dorchester ave., Crescent ave. to Grafton st. | 1,437 04 | 1,437 04 |  |
| Sewers, East Boston | 6,625 34 | 6,625 14 |  |
| Sewer, Lawrence ave., Quincy and Magnolia sts., | 1,856 88 | 1,856 88 |  |
| Sewer, New st. . | 27333 | 27333 |  |
| Sewer, Orient Heights | 6496 | 6496 |  |
| Sewer outlet, Byron st., East Boston | 364 | 364 |  |
| Sewer outlets, D st. | 16,023 83 | 10,297 48 | 5,726 35 |
| Sewer outlets, East Boston | 12,000 00 | 10,237 05 | 1,762 95 |
| Sewer, Peter Parley Road. | 2427 | 2427 |  |
| Sewer, Rockwell and Armandine sts. | 6,199 07 | 6,199 07 |  |
| Sewers, Roxbury | 7,859 43 | 7,859 43 |  |
| Sewers, Savin Hill District | 68356 | 68356 |  |
| Sewers, South Boston . | 4,768 89 | 1,293 75 | 3,475 14 |
| Sewers, Ward 23, Washington st., etc. | 3,000 00 | 2,283 59 | 71641 |
| Sewers, Westville, Freeman, and Charles sts. | 9,996 64 | 8,755 12 | 1,241 52 |
| Stables and sheds, Brighton | 14,500 00 | 8,54208 | 5,957 92 |
| Tug-boat | 25,000 00 | 12,567 50 | 12,432 50 |
| Stony-brook Improvement | 8514 | 8514 |  |
| Totals | \$194,408 36 | \$153,702 37 | \$40,705 99 |

## Bridge Division Specials.

| Object of Appropriation. | Appropriations and Balances. | Expended from Feb. 1 , 1892, to Jan. 31, 1893. | Balance on hand Jan. 31, 1893. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Berkeley-st. bridge . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | \$6,503 82 | \$5,837 25 | \$666 57 |
| Boylston-st. bridge . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1,200 00 |  | 1,200 00 |
| Chelsea bridge, steam apparatus | 4,231 55 | 4,231 55 |  |
| Congress stst bridge, guard . . . . . . . . . . . . | 53431 |  | 53431 |
| Malden bridge, repairs . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 4,000 00 | 4,000 00 |  |
| Savin Hill-ave. bridge, widening | 5,000 00 |  | 5,000 00 |
| Totals | \$21,469 68 | \$14,068 80 | \$7,400 88 |

## Aldermanic District Specials.

| Object of Appropriation. | Appropria. tions and Balances. | Expended from Feb. 1, 1892, to Jan. 31, 1893. | Balance on hand Jan. 31, 1893. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Street Improvements, Aldermanic District No. 1, | \$35,465 83 | \$35,465 83 |  |
| Street Improvements, Aldermanic District No. 2, | 11,800 00 | 11,800 00 |  |
| Street Improvements, Aldermanic District No. 3, | 21,984 26 | 21,984 26 |  |
| Street Improvements, Aldermanic District No. 4, | 60534 | 60534 |  |
| Street Improvements, Aldermanic District No. 5, | 2,224 17 | 1,758 87 | \$465 30 |
| Street Improvements, Aldermanic District No. 6, | 20,700 00 | 14,528 59 | 6,171 41 |
| Street Improvements, Aldermanic Dlstrict No. 7, | 20,000 00 | 18,718 50 | 1,281 50 |
| Street Improvements, Aldermanic Dlstrict No. 8, | 2,551 08 | 2,551 08 |  |
| Street Improvements, Aldermanic District No. 9, | 21,000 00 | 21,000 00 |  |
| Street Improvements, Aldermanic District No.10, | 41,000 00 | 41,000 00 |  |
| Street Improvements, Aldermanic District No.11, | 22,046 97 | 22,046 97 |  |
| Street Improvements, Aldermanic District No. 12, | 33,232 04 | 33,232 04 |  |
| Street Improvements, Ward 12 | 24,250 00 | 17,966 27 | 6,283 33 |
| Street Improvements, Ward 13 | 24,250 00 | 24,250 00 |  |
| Strect Improvements, Ward 23 | 1,800 00 | 1,800 00 |  |
| '1'otals. | \$282,909 69 | \$268,707 75 | \$14,201 94 |

Recapitulation of Expenditures for the Twelve Months ending January 31, 1893.

| Object of Appropriation. | Current <br> Expense日 for the twelve months euding Jan. 31, 1893. | Special Ap. propriations. | Totals. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Street Department : |  |  |  |
| Central Office . | \$18,793 60 | -•••••• | \$18,793 60 |
| Bridge Division. | 125,954 37 | \$14,068 80 | 143,023 17 |
| Cambridge Bridges Division | 11,079 76 | -•••••• | 11,079 76 |
| Paving Division . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 915,460 99 | 691,506 12 | 1,606,967 11 |
| Sewer Division . | 560,608 19 | 153,792 37 | 714,310 56 |
| Sanitary Division . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 469,370 74 | -•••••• | 469,370 74 |
| Street-Cleaning Division . . . . . . . . . | 288,320 42 | -••••• | 288,320 42 |
| Street-Watering . | 94,50780 |  | 94,507 80 |
| Street Improvements, Aldermanic Districts . |  | 268,707 75 | 268,707 75 |
| Totals | \$2,487,095 87 | \$1,127,985 04 | \$3,615,080 91 |

## Incone.

Statement showing the amount of bills deposited with the City Collector for the year ending January 31, 1893, by the several divisions of the Street Department :

Paving Division . . . . . . $\$ 266,82622$
Sewer Division . . . . . . 120,134 20
Sanitary Division . . . . . 36,426 16
Bridge Division . . . . . . 51661
Street-Cleaning،Division . . . . 8,256 37
$\$ 432,15956$
Statement showing the amount paid into the city treasury during the same period on account of the several divisions of the Street Department:

Paving Division . . . . . . \$67,792 37
Sewer Division . . . . . . 60,04309
Sanitary Division . . . . . 35,856 70
Bridge Division . . . . . . 1,481 04
Strect-Cleaning Division . . . . 1,58502

List of Contracts from February 1, 1892, to February 1, 1893, made by the Street Department.

## Paving Blocks.

| Contract. | A warded to | Proposals Received. | Price per M. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Large paving blocks, 300,000 , city . Small paving blocks, Texas st. . . | Rockport Granite Co., <br> S. \& R. J. Lombard . | March 10, 1892. Aug. 2, " | $\$ 7390$ 5600 |

North-River Flagging.

| Contract. | Awarded to | Proposals <br> Received. | Price per Sq. Ft. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| North-River flagging, city . | J. J. Cuddihy ... | March 19, 1892, | \$0 40 <br> on wharf. | \$0 \$0 45 <br> otreet. |

## Edgestones.

| Contract. | A warded to | Proposals Received. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Price } \\ \text { per Lin. Ft. } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Furnishing $10,000 \mathrm{lin}$. feet edgestones. | James E. Lambert . | Aug. 3, 1892. | \$0 79 |
| Furnishing 10,000 lin. feet edgestones. | No bids received. | Aug. 22, " |  |
| Furnishing edgestone . | Thomas Lahey | Aug. 29, " | 079 |

## Spiruce Lumber.

| Contract. | Awarded to | Proposals Received. | Price per M. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Price } \\ & \text { for } \\ & \text { Planing. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Spruce lumber, Dist. 1 . . . . . <br> " " Dist. 2, 3, and 5, | A. M. Stetson \& Co. . <br> J. W. Leatherbee | March 5, 1892. | $\begin{gathered} \$ 1573 \\ 2775 \\ 1675 \\ 3 \\ 1645 \\ 5 \\ 1675 \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 100$ 100 |
| " 4 Dist. 6 and 7 | J. Lodge Eddy | " | 1640 | 150 |
| " " Dist. 8, 9, and 10, | A. M. Stetson \& Co. | " | 1573 | 100 |
| Furnishing spruce lumber, Harvard bridge . . . . . . . . . . | The Geo. W. Gale Lumber Co. . . . . | Sept. 30, " | 1600 |  |

## Bank Gravel and Sand.



## Beach Gravel.

| Contract. | A warded to | Proposal Received. | Price per Ton. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Beach gravel, city . | James F. McIntosh. | March 10, 1892. | \$0.75 |

Coal.

| Contract. | A warded to | Proposals <br> Received. | Price. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Coal. ( 1,500 tons) Pumping Station (Dorchester) 2,000 tons coal . . . . . . . . | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { H. G. Jordan \& Co. } \\ \left\{\begin{array}{c} \text { Thomas \& Co., } 1,000 \\ \text { tons. . } \\ \text { J. A. } \\ 1,000 \text { tons . . . . . } \end{array}\right\} \end{array}\right\}$ | April 30, 1892. Sept. 19, " | \$3.40 per ton. <br> $\$ 3.64$ per ton of 2,240 Ibs. |

## Furnishing Stone to City Crushers.

| Contract. | Awarded to | Proposals Received. | Price. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Furnishing stone to crusher, Codman st. | James F. Davern . | July 22, 1892. | \$0.\% per ton of 2,000 lbs . |
| Furnishing stone to city crusher, Washington st., West Roxbury . . . . . . | James Doonan . | Aug. 2, " | 80.97 perd. 1. of $40 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{ft}$. |
| Furniwhing stone to Rosseterst. crusher | James A. King . . | " 13, " | \$0.78 per ton of 2,000 lbs . |
| Furnishing stone to Dimockst. crusher . . . . . . . . | II. P. Nawn . . . | Juls 30, " | 80.90 per ton. |

## Excavating and Removing Material from Roadway.

| Contract. | Awarded to | Proposals Received. | Price. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Excavating and removing, Dorchester ave. (Washburn to Belfort st., South Boston), <br> Excavating and removing, | J. J. Sullivan . | Apr. 22, 1892 | $\left\{\begin{array}{c} \text { Earth, } \$ 0.80 \text { per cu. yd. } \\ \text { Paving, } \$ 0.35 \text { per sq. } \\ \text { yd. } \end{array}\right.$ |
| Dorchester ave. (Adams to Park st., South Boston) . . | M. Donnellan | May 2, 1892 | $\left\{\begin{array}{c} \text { Earth, } \$ 0.62 \text { per cu. yd. } \\ \text { Paving, \$0.18 } \frac{1}{2} \text { per sq. } \\ \text { yd. } \end{array}\right.$ |
| Excavating and removing, Dorchester ave. (Wells ave. to Ashmont st.) . . . . . . | James McGovern . | July 22, 1892 | \$0.62⿺辶 ${ }^{2} \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{yd}$. |
| Excavating and removing, Moreland st. (Dennis st. to Blue Hill ave.) . . . . . . . | J. J. Nawn . | July 20, 1892 | \$0.40 cu. yd. |
| Excavating and removing, Texas st. . . . . . . . . . . | E. A. Janse | July 30, 1892 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (A) } \$ 0.65 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{yd} \cdot ; \text { (B) } \\ & \$ 0.20 \mathrm{sq} \cdot \mathrm{yd} . \end{aligned}$ |
| Excavating and removing, Seventh st. (D st. to E st.). | J. J. Sullivan . | Sept.26,1892 | (A) $\$ 0.60 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{yd}$. earth <br> (B) $\$ 0.20 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{yd} . p a v i n g$. |
| Excavating and removing, Bennington st. (Porter to Marion st.) . . . . . . . . . | P. J. Attridge . . | Sept.26,1892 | (A) $\$ 0.44$ eu. yd. earth <br> (B) $\$ 0.19 \mathrm{sq}$ - yd.paving |
| Excavating and removing, Nelson st., at Evans st. . . | Thomas Mintoa . | Sept. 26, 1892 | (A) $\$ 0.55 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{yd}$. earth; (C) $\$ 2.25$ cu. yd. rock. |
| Excavating and removing, East Sixth st. . . . . . . . | M. Donnellan . | Oct. 13, 1892 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (A) } \$ 0.64 \frac{1}{2} \text { cu. yd.; (B) } \\ & \$ 0.19 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{yd} . \end{aligned}$ |
| Excavating and removing, Oak st. . . . . . . . . . . . | E. A. Janse | Oct. 13, 1892 |  |
| Excavating and removing, Cherry st. . . . . . . . . . | John A. Casey . | Oct. 20, 1892 | (A) \$0.59; (B) 0.35. |
| Howard avenue, excavating . | Martin F. Kelly . | Mar. 24, 1892 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Earth, } \$ 0.75 \text { eu. yd.; } \\ & \text { rock, } \$ 2.00 . \end{aligned}$ |

Paving and Regulating.

| Costract. |
| :--- |

Laying Edgestones and Gutters.

| Contract. | A warded to | Proposals Received. | Price. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | A | B | C | D | F |
| Laying edgestones, gutters, sidewalks (Bailey street, Ward 24) | C. J. Coates \& Co. . | August 6, 1892. | \$0 $19 \mathrm{lin} . \mathrm{ft}$. | \$0 $49 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{yd}$. | \$0 31 sq. yd. | \$0 $80 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{yd}$. | \$0 18 sq. yd. |
| Laying edgestones, gutters, sidewalks (Harvard street, Ward 24) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | Not awarded . . . | $\text { August 6, } 1892 .$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Laying edgestones, gutters, sidewalks, Child street . | J. Doherty \& Co. | August 22, 1892. | $015 \mathrm{lin} . \mathrm{ft}$. | $030 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{yd}$. | $031 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{yd}$. |  |  |
| Laying edgestones, gutters, sidewalks in Dorchester, Ward 24 | J. Doherty \& Co. . | August 29, 1892. | 018 lin. ft. | $060 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{yd}$, | $051 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{yd}$. |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Filling. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contract. |  | A warded to | Proposals Received. | eceived. | Price. |  |  |
| Windom st., filling (Brighton) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  | D. H. Mckay . . . . . . | April 20, 1892. |  | \$120 per double load of 40 cubic fect. |  |  |
| Commonwealth ave., filling (Back Bay) . . . . . . . . . . . . |  | Boston Contracting Co. . . . | April 23, 1892. | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} 049 \frac{1}{2} \text { per cubic yard, by cars. } \\ 06+\frac{1}{2} \text { per cubic yard, by tcams. } \\ 037 \text { per cubic yard, measured in bank. } \end{array}\right.$ |  |  |  |
| Commonwealth ave., filling. Modification of contract . . . . |  | Boston Contracting Co. . . . | Oct. 15, 1892. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Commonwealth ave., furnishing gravel to city . . | Seamans, Worthley, \& Gibbs, Trustees |  | Oct. 15, 1892. | 1892.001 | $012 \frac{1}{2}$ per cubic yard, measured in bank. |  |  |
| Shannon st., filling |  | W. T. Davis . . . . . . . . . | Oct. 29, 1892. | 1892. 0 | 060 per cubic yard. |  |  |

Retaining-Walls.

Constructing Sewers.

| Contract. | A warded to | Proposals Received. | Price. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sewer and connections, Lawn st., Ward 22 | John B. Murphy | Aug. 18, 1892. | \$0.75 per lin. ft.; \$10 per manhole. |
| Sewer in Cambria st., Ward 11 | A. Fairbank | Sept. 9, 1892. | \$300 ( $70 \mathrm{lin} . \mathrm{ft}$. of pipe sewer.) |
| Scwer in Worthington st., Ward 22 | A. Fairbanks | Aug. 29, 1892 | (D) $\$ 0.95$ 12-in. pipe; (K) $\$ 40$ per manhole. |
| Sewer in Lawn st., Ward 22 | John C. Coleman | Aug. 29, 1892 | \$0.75 lin. ft. |
| Sewer in Henshaw st., Brighton, Ward 25. | W. T. Davis | Aug. 29, 1892 | \$1.25 per lin. ft.; \$40 per manhole. |
| Sewer in Englewood ave., Ward 25 | Metropolitan Construction Co. | Sept. 26, 1892. | (D) $\$ 1.15$ per lin. ft. 12 -in. pipe; (K) $\$ 45$ per manhole; ( Y ) $\$ 0.15$ 4-in. drain-pipe. |
| Sewer and connections, Centre st. (Wyman to Forbee), | Metropolitan Construction Co. | Oct. 4, 1892. | (D) $\$ 1.40$; (K) \$45; (L) $\$ 5$; flushing pipe, $\$ 10$. |
| Sewer and connections, Helley court, Ward 25. | W. T. Davis |  | (D) \$1.25, 296 ft . $10-\mathrm{in}$. pipe; (K) $\$ 40$ per manhole. |
| Sewer and connections, Wicklow st, Ward 25 | W. T. Davis |  | (D) $\$ 1.25,1,375 \mathrm{ft} .12-\mathrm{in}$. pipe ; (K) $\$ 40$ per manhole. |
| Sewer and comuections, Albano st. | P. F. Donova |  | (D) \$1.10, $283 \mathrm{ft} .12 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{pipe}$; ( K ) $\$ 35$ per manhole. |
| Sewer and connections, Ashfield st. | P. F. Dono |  | (D) $\$ 1.15,397 \mathrm{ft} .10 . \mathrm{in}$. pipe; (K) $\$ 35$ per manhole. |
| Sewer and connectione, Corwin and Westville sts. | John W. Bow |  | (D) $\$ 1.15,390 \mathrm{ft} .12$-in. pipe; (K) $\$ 50$ per manhole; (V) \$0.16 under drain. |
| Sewer and convections, Maxwell st. | Dennis O'Connell | Oct. 8,1892 | (D) $\$ 1.15,230 \mathrm{ft} .10-\mathrm{in}$. pipe; ( K ) $\$ 40$ per manhole. |
| Sewer and connections, Lawrence ave. | John W. Bowers | Oct. 8, $1892 . .$. | (D) $\$ 1.10$; (K) $\$ 50$; (L) $\$ 4.90$ ( V$) \$ 0.16$. |
| Sewer and connections, St. Stephens st. | Not awarded. |  |  |
| Sewer and connections, Lawn tt. (extension) | J. C. Coleman | Oct. 13, 1892. | \$0.95 per lin. ft. |
| Sewer and connections, Smith st. | A. Fairbauks | Oct. 13, 1892 | (D) \$0.95; (K) \$45; (L) \$5; (V) \$0.16. |
| Sewer and connections, Hillside, Sunset, and Eldora sts. | D. O'Connell | Oct. 13, 1892. | (D) $\$ 1.25$; (K) $\$ 40.00$. |
| Sewel and connections, Lawtence are. | John W. Bowers | Oct. 20, 1892 | (D) \$1.10; (K) \$50.00; (L) \$4.90; (V) \$0.16. |



(A) $\$ 1.85 \mathrm{lin} . \mathrm{ft}$; ( D$) ~ \$ 1.45 \mathrm{lin} . \mathrm{ft}$.; (L) $\$ 3.50$ cubic $y \mathrm{~d} . ;(\mathrm{M})$

\&5.30 culic yd.; (N) 䉼 cubjc yd.; (O) 䊉.50 cubic jd.;
(A) $42.50 \mathrm{lin.ft} . ;$ (B) $\$ 2.25 \mathrm{lin} . \mathrm{ft}$; (D) $\$ 0.90 \mathrm{ln}$.$\mathrm{ft} . ; (E)$

(A) $\$ 2.15$ lin. ft.; (D) $\$ 1.15$ lin. $\mathrm{ft} . ;(\mathrm{N}) ~ \$ 1$ lin. $\mathrm{ft} ;$ (M)
$\$ 5.35$ cubic yd.; (N) $\$ 5$ cubic yd.; (O) $\$ 3.50$ cubic yd.;
(V) $\$ 0.15 ;(\mathrm{X}) \$ 0.10$.
(D) $\$ 0.62 \mathrm{lin} . \mathrm{ft} \cdot ;$ (K) $\$ 42 ;$ ( L ) $\$ 3.47$ cubic $y \mathrm{~d}$. D) $\$ 0.90$ lin. ft.; (K) $\$ 46$ eacb. (D) $\$ 1.12$ lin. ft ; (K) $\$ 40$ each. (D) $\$ 1.15 \mathrm{lln} . \mathrm{ft} . ;(\mathrm{K}) * 40$ each. (V)

> T - Price per cubic jard gravel reflling below grade. - Price per thousand feet lumber, B.M.g v - Price per llacal foot underdrain. Y - Price, each, for spruce piles diven. $X$ - Price per cubic yard gravel retill, by special $Y$ - order. $Z$ - Price, each, for laying pipe connections. meye.

Explanation of Letters.

- Price per lineal foot for building wooden box-sewer.
K - Irice per manhole for building.
L - Irice per cabie yard for rock exeavation.
M - Price per cubie yard for brick masonry, Am. cement

N - Prke per cubic yard for brick masonry, Port. cement
P Mortre for concrete.
$T^{\prime}$ - Price per eubic yard for rubble-stone masonry,
( 2 - 'rice per cubie yard for dimension stone masonry.

## 8 - Price per cubie yard earth excavation below grade.

 I - Price per lineal foot for buidding wooden box-Thomas F. Welch


आouno D, O stuata

8, 1892.
Nov.
Dec.
Dec.
Dec.
May
Aug.
Aug.
Aug.
Aug.
Aug.
Aug.
Aug.
Paving with Trinidad Asphalt.

| Contract. | A warded to | Proposals Received. | Prico. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Paving with Trinidad asphalt, Groton st. | Barber Asphalt laving Co. . | June 7, 1892 | \$2 25 per square jard. |
| Paving with Trinidad asphalt, W. Chester park (Columbus ave. to Tremont st.) | Barber Asphalt Paving Co. . | June 7, 1892. . . . . | 225 per square yard. |
| Paving with Trinidad aspbalt, Chester sq. (Tremont to Washington st.) | Barber $\Lambda$ sphalt Paving Co. . | June 7, 1892. | 225 per square yard. |
| Paving with Trinidad asphalt, Thacher st. | Barber Asphalt Paving Co. | June 13, 1892 | 225 per square yard. |
| Paving with Trinidad asphalt, Stillman | Barber Asphalt Paving Co. | June 15, 1892. | 225 per square yard. |
| Paring with Trinidad asphalt, Davis st. | Barber Asphalt Paving Co. | July 25, 1892. | 225 per square yard. |
| Repaving with Trinidad asphalt, E and | Barber Asphalt Paving Co. | July 16, 1892. | 225 per square yard. |
| Paving with Trinidad asphalt, Beaeon st. (D to F st.) | Barber Asphalt Paving Co. | July 30, 1892 | 225 per square yard. |
| Paving with Trinidad asphalt, Brighton st. (Allen to Leverett st.) | Barber Asphalt Paving Co. | Aug. 22, 1892. | 225 per square yard. |
| Paving with Trinidad asphalt, Cabot | Barver Asphalt Paving Co. . | Aug. 30, 1892 | 225 per square yard. |
| Paving with asphalt, Cherry st. (Washington st. to Shawmet ave ) | Barber A sphalt Paviug Co. | Oet. 20, 1892 | 225 per square yard. |
| Paving with asphalt, Poplar st. | Barber Asphalt Paving Co. | Nov. 1, 1892. | 250 per square yard.* |

Paving with Hastings Blocks.

| Contract. | A warded to | Proposals Received. | Price. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Paving with Hastings blocks, Beacon st. (west line G st. to F st., 150 ft .) . . . . . <br> Paving with lastings hlocks, W. Newton st. (Washington st. to Shawmut ave.) . <br> Paring with Mastings blocks, Florence st. | Metropolitan Construction Co. . <br> Metropolitan Construction Co. <br> Metropolitan Construction Co. . | Aug. 15, 1892 . . . . . <br> Ang. 24, 1892 <br> June 7, 1892 | $\$ 289$ per square yard. <br> 289 per square yard. <br> 310 per square yard. |
| Paving with Sicilian Rock Asphalt. |  |  |  |
| Contract. | A warded to | Proposals Received. | Price. |
| Paving with siciliam rock asphalt, Motte st. | National Coustruction Co. | Aug. 29, 1892. | \$2.25 per square yard. |
| Paring with Sicilian rock asphalt, and regulating Broadway (A st., 340 ft . N.W. | National Construction Co. . . \{ | $\underset{\text { Sept. } 2 \mathrm{I},}{\mathrm{Aug} .}, 1892 \ldots\{$ | (A) $\$ 3.55 ;$ (B) $\$ 3.55$ (E) $\$ 0.65$. |
| Paving with Sicilian asphalt, Decatur st. | II. Gore \& Co. | July 18, 1892. | \$2.25 per square yard. |
| Paving with sicilian asplalt, Athens st., B to C st. (See paving and regulating) . . | II. Gore \& Co. | Aug. 8, 1892. | \$3.55 per square yard. |

Paving with Granite Blocks.

| Contract. | A warded to. | Proposals Received. | Price. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Iraving with granite blocke, Charles st. . . . . . . . . <br> Paring Plensaut ot. (Warhington st. to Shawmut ave.) | J. Doherty \& Co. <br> John Turner \& Co | June 25, 1892 . <br> July 25, 1892 . | $\$ 0.91$ per square yard (tar joints). \$0.57⿺𠃊 $\frac{1}{2}$ per square yard. |

Pile-Driving.

Britge Repairs.

| Contract. | $A$ warded to | Proposals Received. | Price. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Repairing draw in Maiden Bridge . . . . . . . . . <br> Reparing West Boston Bridge <br> Painting West Boston Bridge . . . . . . . . . . . <br> Reparing West Boston Bridge (City Eng. Dept.) . <br> Replanking road way of Harvard Bridge . . . . . . <br> Chelsea Bridge, piles for fender guards | Josiah Shaw . . . <br> Gore \& Cowin <br> L. P. Ackers . . . <br> Gore \& Cowin . . <br> William L. Miller <br> F. G. Whitcomb . | Feb. 10, 1892 . . . June 20, 1892 . June 20, 1892 . . . June 20, 1892 . Oct. 4, 1892 . . . Feb. 12, 1892. $\qquad$ $\qquad$ $\qquad$ | \$3,650.00. <br> (A) $\$ 74.00$ per M. granite blocks; $\$ 0.70$ per sq. yd. paving. \$429.50. <br> (A) $\$ 74.00$ per M.; $\$ 0.70$ per $\mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{yd}$. <br> $\$ 735.00$. <br> \$835.00 lump sum. |
| Public Landings. |  |  |  |
| contract. | A warded to | Proposals Received. | Price. |
| Federal.:street Brldge, public landing . . . . . . . <br> Building float and public landing at Commercial hart | M. F. Sullivan . Mr. | Oct. 26, $1892 \ldots$ Jan. $1,1892 \ldots$ | \$500.00. <br> \$970.00. |

Sea-Walls.

| Contract. | A warded to | l'roposals Received. | Price. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Building a sca-wall, Roxbury Canal . . . . . . . . . <br> Paving, regulating, repalring, and building sea. wall to grade, Border street . . . . . . . . . . . | Thomas A. Rowe . . . . . . <br> H. Gore \& Co. . . . . . . . . | $\text { Oct. 20, } 1892 \text {. . . }$ $\text { Aug. 29, } 1892 \text {. . . }$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { B - Paving with granite blocks on gravel. } \\ & \text { E Laying edgestone. } \\ & \text { F - Laying brick sidewalks. } \end{aligned}$ | Explanation of Letters. <br> G - Laying cross.walks. <br> H - Laying stone masonry in cement mortar. <br> I-Laying stone masonry without mortar. <br> Collecting and Removing Offal. <br> $J$ - New wall stone furuished and delivered. <br> K - Stoue ballast. <br> L-Cap stone furnished and set. |  |  |
| Contract, | A warded to | Proposals Received. | Price. |
| Collecting and removing offal in Brighton . . . . . . <br> Purchase of offal in West Roxbury (upper part) <br> Collecting and removing offal in East Boston | Allen Clarke . . . . . . . . <br> Jobn Krug . <br> Thomas Mulligan | April 23, 1892 . . . <br> Aug. 1, 1892 . . . <br> Dec. 20, 1892 . . . | $\$ 2,800.00$ per year. <br> $\$ 9.00$ per month, paid to eity. <br> $\$ 8,000.00$ per year. |
| Street-Watering. |  |  |  |
| Contract. | A warded to | Proposals Received. | Price. |
| Street-watering, Back Bay District Street-watering, South End District | M. E. Nawn <br> Boston Watering Co. | March 5, 1892 . . <br> March 16, 1892 | Salt water, $\$ 1,150.00$; fresh, $\$ 850.00$ per mile. <br> Fresh water, $\$ 567.00$; salt, $\$ 767.00$ per mile. |

Refuse Cans.

| Contract. | A warded to | Proposal Received. | Price. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1:efuse cans, city dumps | O'Conuor Bros. | Feb. 27, 1842 | \$5.50 per ton, praid to eity. |
| Propeller Tow-boat. |  |  |  |
| Costriact. | A warded to | Proposals Received. | Price. |
| Propeller tow-boat $\qquad$ Manganese bronze propeller (tow-boat) | Atlantic Works Atlantic Works | $\text { Sept. } 22,1892 . \text {. }$ | \$22,994.00, delivered in five months. $\$ 42.00$. |
| Miscellaneous Agreements. |  |  |  |
| Contract. | $A$ warded to | Propoeals Received. | Price. |
| Blasting and delivering stone, Commonwealth ave. (Brighton) <br> Teaming stone from Heath st. to strects in Back Bay, Resetting edgestones, etc., Worcester sq. . . . . . . Receiving Metropolitan sewage into city sewer <br> Cable houses on bridges (W.E. St. R'y). <br> Lease of James J. Costello's land and wharf <br> Excavaling material on Commonwealth ave. <br> Broken stone . $\qquad$ Site for sewer, yard, and stable (Brighton) | A. MeMurtry William Finneran <br> J. Doherty \& Co. <br> Metropolitan Sewerage Commiswiners $\qquad$ James J. Costello <br> M. Kiervan $\qquad$ <br> Mass. Brokeu Stone Co. <br> Francis Burke, trustee . |  | $\$ 1.48$ cubic yard. <br> $\$ 0.72$ per cubic yard. <br> (A) $\$ 0.15$ linear foot; (B) $\$ 0.21$ square yard; (C) $\$ 0.21$ square yard. <br> 1892, '93, '94, $\$ 23,000$ per year ; 1895, $\$ 24,000$. <br> 3 bridges; $\$ 100$ per year each, paid to city. <br> $\$ 200$ per month. <br> $\$ 0.45$ per cabic yard. <br> $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { On streets in South Boston, } \$ 2.15 \text { ton. } \\ \text { On when }\end{array}\right.$ <br> \} On wharves, $\$ 1.90$ ton. <br> \$7,426.98 and taxes. |

## Employment of Labor.

Owing to the large number of laborers hired in 1891, but few requests were made on the Civil Service Commission during the past year. There are now about 2,500 names of men on the books of the department eligible for employment.

The department records show that 80 applications have been made on the Civil Service Commission for 261 men for various kinds of work. Of the names submitted, 297 men were given employment.

The following table shows the grade and number of employees in the Street Department:

## Grade and Number of Employees in the Street Department.

| Title. | Divisions. |  |  |  |  |  | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Central Ontice. | Paving. | Sewer. | Sanitary. | Street <br> Cleaning. | Bridge. |  |
| Superintendent . . . . . . . . . | 1 | -••• | -••• | -••• | - • • | - | 1 |
| Deputy superintendents |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 5 |
| Executive engineer . | 1 | $\cdots \cdots$ | - • • | -••• | - • • | - . . | 1 |
| Purchasing agent and assistant . | 2 |  | -••• | -••• | - . - | - . . | 2 |
| Clerks . | 1 | 7 | 5 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 20 |
| Foremen . | - . . | 10 | 9 | 4 | 11 | 3 | 37 |
| Sub-foremen |  | 27 | 11 | 6 | 13 | 3 | 60 |
| Inspectors |  | 3 | 26 | 2 | - . . | - • • | 31 |
| Civil engineers . |  | - • • | 3 | -••• | - . . | - . . | 3 |
| Draughtsmen | 1 | -••• | 8 | - . . - | - . . - | - . . | 9 |
| Transitmen |  | - . . | 3 | -••• | - • • | - . . | 3 |
| Levelmen |  | - • • | 5 | - • • | - . . - | - . . - | 5 |
| Rodmen |  | -••• | 17 | -••• | - . . | -•• | 17 |
| Aid |  |  | - • • | 3 | -••• | -••• | 3 |
| Blacksmiths and assistants |  | 18 | 1 | 5 | 2 | -••• | 6 |
| Bracers |  | - . . - | 20 | . . . | - . • | - • • | 20 |
| Bridse-cleaners. |  |  |  |  |  | 4 | 4 |
| Boys |  | -••• | 26 |  |  | 2 | 28 |
| Captain |  |  | - • • | 1 | - • . | - . . | 1 |
| Carpenters and assistants. |  | 21 | 8 | - . . | 2 | 25 | 56 |
| Coal-passers . |  | - • • | 6 | -••• | -••• | - . . | 6 |
| Draw-tenders |  |  |  |  |  | 20 | 20 |
| Assistant draw-tenders. |  |  | . . . . | - . . | - • • | 34 | 34 |
| Deck-hand |  | -••• | 1 | -••• | - • • | -•• | 1 |
| Dumpers | - . . | - . . | - • • | 15 | 7 | - - | 22 |
| Engineers and assistants |  | 14 | 17 | - . . |  | 15 | 46 |
| Feerters |  |  |  | 4 |  | - . . - | 4 |
| Firemen |  |  | 6 | -•• | - . . . | - . . | 6 |
| Gatemen . |  | . . . . | 3 | - | -••• | - . . | 3 |
| Harness-makers |  | 2 |  | 3 |  |  | 5 |
| Carried forward . . . . . | 0 | 103 | 176 | 49 | 37 | 108 | 479 |

Grade and Number of Employees, etc. - Concluded.

| 'IItle. | Divisions. |  |  |  |  |  | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Central Office. | Paving. | Sewer. | Sanitary. | Street Cleaning. | Bridge. |  |
| Brought forward . . . . . . . | 6 | 103 | 176 | 49 | 37 | 108 | 479 |
| Helpers . . . . . . . . . . . . | $\cdots \cdots$ |  | - . • | 195 | 61 | - • • | 256 |
| Horse-shoers . . . . . . . . . . | - • • | - . . | -••• | 4 | - . . | -••• | 4 |
| Hostlers . . . . . . . | - . . . | $\cdots$ | 2 |  | -••• | 1 | 3 |
| Janitor . . . |  | . . | 1 | -••• | -••• | - • • | 1 |
| Laborers |  | 498 | ${ }_{4}^{4} 9$ | -••• | 170 | 2 | 1,149 |
| Ledgemen . . . . . . . . . . . | - • • | $\cdots$ | 4 | -••• | -••• | -••• | 4 |
| Machinist . . . . . |  |  | 1 | - • • | -••• | - . . | 1 |
| Masons (stone and brick) . . . . |  | $\cdots \cdots$ | 37 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  | 37 |
| Masons' tenders . . . . . . . . | -•• |  | 5 | -••• | - • . | -••• | 5 |
| Measurers | -••• | 2 | $\cdots \cdots$ | -••• | - . - | - • • | 2 |
| Messengers - | 1 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 17 |
| Oilers | - • • | $\cdots$ | 5 | -••• | $\cdots \cdot$. | -••• | 5 |
| Patch pavers and assistants . . . | - • • | 38 | $\cdots$ | -••• |  | -••• | 38 |
| Painters |  | 1 | $\cdots$ | 2 | - . . | 9 | 12 |
| 1 ilot . . |  | -••• | 1 | -••• | -••• | -••• | 1 |
| Pipe-layers. |  | $\cdots$ | 2 | -••• | -••• | - . . | 2 |
| Powdermen | -••• | 4 | $\cdots \cdot \cdot \cdot$ |  | $\cdots$ | -•• | 4 |
| Riggers |  | -••• | 3 | - • • | -••• | -••• | 3 |
| Rope-splicer |  | -••• | 1 | $\cdots$ |  | -••• | 1 |
| Stablemen | -••• | 11 | 2 | 7 | . 4 | -•• | 24 |
| Steam drillers | -••• | 8 | -••• |  | -••• | -••• | 8 |
| Steward | -••• | - • • | 1 | -••• | $\cdots \cdots$ | -••• | 1 |
| Stone-cutters |  | 14 | 3 |  |  |  | 17 |
| Store-keepers . . . | -••• | -••• | 2 |  | -••• | - | 2 |
| Teamsters |  | 57 | 16 | 158 | 65 | 2 | 298 |
| Veterinary surgeon . . . . . . . | - • • |  | - - • | -••• | -••• | - . - | -•• |
| Watchmen |  | 10 | 12 | 5 | 1 | 4 | 32 |
| Weighers |  | 3 | -••• | - . . | -••• |  | 3 |
| Wharfingers . |  | 4 | 1 | -••• | - . . |  | 5 |
| Wheelwrights . . . . . . . . | -••• | 1 |  | 2 | - | - | 3 |
| Yardmen. |  | 8 | 2 | 11 | 1 | 1 | 23 |
| Totals | 7 | 766 | 759 | 436 | 341 | 131 | 2,440 |



## Complaints.

The number of complaints received from Jannary 1, 1892, to February 1. 1893, is 254, distributed as follows:

75 related to the Paring Division.
23 related to the Sewer Division.
53 related to the Samitary Division.
20 related to the Street-Cleaning Division.
83 related to Street-watering.
The complaints concerning street-watering were made in the part of the season when the weather was too cold for the work of street-sprinkling. There is anuaally, in March and December, a period of more or less suffering on account of dist, as it is impossible to keep water turned on in the post hydrants in freezing weather, or to water streets whon the temperature is low.

Other complaints were made before the work of streetwatering was failly organized, but it is satisfactory to note that after the organization was effected the complaints ceased almost entirely, and during the latter part of the summer searcely any were received.

It is also gratifying to note that but twenty complaints were receired as to the matter of cleanliness of the streets, showing that the extra efforts which have been put forth in this direction have been fully appreciated by the public.

## BRIDGE DIVISION.

The establishment of two districts in the Bridge Division, one known as the Northern District, including all bridges north and west of the Charles river, and the other known as the Southern District, with headquarters at Foundry street, including all bridges sonth of the Charles river, has continued to work satisfactorily.

The headquarters of the Northern District has been remored from Charles-river bridge and transferred to Warren bridge, and a suitable building for office, stable, and carpenter shop has been erected, the work being done by the regular division force.

## Federal-strefet Draw.

The draw of Federal-street bridge is now operated by an electric motor, which was substituted for the stam power employed two years ago. There are two draws on this
bridge, each of which is 32 feet 9 inches wide, and carrying a roadway of 21 feet in width, and a sidewalk of 10 feet 3 inches in width.

Each draw is moved by a 20 -horse-power electric motor connected by shafting to a horizontal drum under the draw ; from this drum motion is tramsmitted to the draw by wire ropes. The draws are operated and controlled by one man from a small bouse situated between the draws, and near the channel on the Boston side.

Gearing is provided for operating the draws by hand or horse power in case of accident to the electric plant, but up to the present date no accident has occurred to demand its use. The substitution of electricity for steam power in the operation of drawbridges is of very recent date, and the result of this innovation has been carefully watched throughout the year.

The person controlling the movements of the draws can regulate the speed with which they can be opened or closed more easily by means of an electric motor than by any other power in use on bridges.

No repairs have been made or needed on the motors since they were adopted on the bridges, and the introduction of electricity to operate drawbridges is regarded as a success.

Among other changes that have taken place during the year may be mentioned the erection of a new drawbridge house at Federal-street bridge, in a location convenient to the street; the old house, which was situated on the main pier, has been removed to Malden bridge, for use there as a drawtender's house. The removal of the honse from Federal street is of great advantage to the drawtenders, as they now have an unobstructed view of the chamel from any part of the draw.

New asphalt sidewalks have been laid on Broadway, Washington-avenue, and Dover-street bridges, to replace the old sidewalks, which were in a dangerous condition.

Essex-strect bridge underwent extensive rebuilding, as an examination showed that the bridge was in a dangerous condition. No adequate appropriation being available for the work, the money ( $\$ 1,804.82$ ) was taken from the maintenance appropriation of the division.

The only bridge which has inconvenienced the public to any extent has been the Charles-river bridge, which during the present year has been closed to public travel twelve times, from one to three days at a time. This structure has been reported as unsafe for some years.

An order was introduced into the Board of Aldermen on October 3, 1892, requesting His Honor the Mayor to petition
the General Court, at its next session, for the passage of an act authorizing the city of Boston to borrow outside of the debt limit the sum of five hundred thousand dollars, said sum to constitute a special appropriation for a new bridge to Charlestown. It is to be hoped that an appropriation will be made in the near future to rebuild this bridge, as the frequent closings to pubiic travel occasion great inconvenience.

Care has been taken to provide a duplicate set of trucks, gearings, and machinery for all the drawbridges, and several times during the year when breakdowns have occurred, the delay has been tritling, owing to the rapidity with which new apparatus could be procured.

## Closing of Drawbridges.

The following ordinance has been passed by the city government:

Section 1. Chapter 1 of the Ordinances of 1891 is hereby amended in Section 3, by inserting the following words after the word "closed" in the last line but one of said section, namely :
"But he shall not allow any vessel to pass through the draws of Congress-street bridge, Mount Washington-avenue bridge, Federal-street bridge, Broadway bridge, or Doverstreet bridge, on any day, except Sundays or holidays, from 6.15 o'clock A.M. to 8 o'clock A.M., or from 12 o'clock M. to 1 o'clock P.M., or from 6 o'clock P.M. to 7 o'clock P. M."

Application was made to the Corporation Counsel to ascertain whether or not this department would come into conflict with the Constitution or statutes of the United States by carrying out the provisions of this ordinance.

A reply having been received that, while the city ordinance referred to was in harmony with the Coustitution and statute law, it would be necessary to submit the same to the Harbor and Land Commission for approval before carrying the order into effect, a hearing before the said Commissioners was held, occupying two days, in the mouth of July, 1892. The following letter was received by this department as to the decision of the said Commissioners, and consequently no further steps have been taken towards closing the draws.

> Marbor and Land Commissioners' Office, Commonwealth Butlding, 65 Bowdoin Street, Boston, August 25, 1892.

Hon. Nathan Matthews, Jr., Mayor of the City of Boston:
Dear Sir: The Board of Ifarbor and Land Cominissioners have had submitted to them for their approval Section 3 of Chapter 36 of the Revised Ordinances of 1892 of the City of Boston, and Chapter 2 of
the Ordinances of 1892 (second series) of the City of Boston, under the provisions of Sectiou 28 of Chapter 53 of the Public Statutes.

The abore-named sections submitted to us provide for the closing of the draws of Congress-street bridge, Mt. Washington-avenue bridge, Federal-street bridge, Broadway bridge, and Dover-street bridge, on all days except Sundays and holidays, from 6.15 o'clock A.M. to SA.M., and from 12 o'clock M. to 1 oclock P.M., and from 6 o'clock P.M. to 7 o'clock P.M., and the draw of the Chelsea bridge, south, from 11.55 o'elock A.M. to 12.10 oclock P.M., and from 12.50 o'elock P.M. to 1 o'clock P.M.

We have given this matter very careful consideration, and have also given a public hearing upon the subject, which was largely attended, and at which the city of Boston was represented by its corporation counsel. The evidence at the hearing made it clear to us that the proposed closing of the draws could not be enforced without serions injury to the commerce of Boston, and we do not feel justified in gising our approval to the above-named sections of the Revised Ordinances.

We therefore hereby respectfully notify the city of our non-concurrence in its action.

For the Board of Harbor and Land Commissioners, (Signed) Henry W. Swift,

Chairman.
The following report, giving the reasons for this action of the Harbor and Land Commissioners, is taken from their annual report for 1892 :
"The Board gave a hearing upon the matter, at which the city and also the various shipping and commercial interests affected by the proposed closing of the draws were represented. It appeared that the largest vessels using the Fort Point channel, which are naturally the most important commercially, cannot pass throngh the draws of the bridges except at high tide, and that the proposed closing of the draws when high tide occurred within the hours of closing might, in some cases, canse a delay of twenty-four hours, or even longer.
"After a very thorongh investigation of the facts of the case, the Board declined to concur in the action of the city, and the proposed ordinance failed to become a law.
"The ordinance also covered a proposed closing of the draw of the Chelsea bridge over the sonth chamel of Mystic river, and the same decision was arrived at in that case.
"In view of the exceeding difficulty of making any reasonable regulations to compel the absolute closing of the draws within certain hours, the Board deem the matter to he well provided for by the existing provisions of the Public Statutes, which leave the question of the closing and opening of the draws to the reasonable discretion of the drawtender, the statute providing that the drawtender shall furnish all facilities for the passing of vessels, and 'shall allow no detention, having due regard for the public travel.'"


The report of the Deputy Superintendent (Appendix A) gives a cletailed statement of expenditures, and contains much useful information concerning the repairs made on the varions bridges and other matters.

## BOSTON AND CAMBRIDGE BRIDGES DIVISION.

By the provisions of the Acts of Legislature of 1870 and 1882, the care of the bridges uniting the city of Boston with the city of Cambridge is placed in the hands of two commissioners, one of whom is appointed by the city of Cambridge, the other by the city of Boston.

The Boston commissioner, according to the Revised Ordinances, is the Superintendent of Streets, and the present commissioner for Cambridge is Mr. William J. Marvin. The bridges thus provided for are four in number, namely:

Canal or Craigie's bridge.
Harrard bridge.
Prison Point bridge.
West Boston bridge.
One of these bridges, Harvard lridge, was finished in the latter part of 1891, and was turned over by the Construction Commission on August 1, 1892. The following report will show, briefly, the general condition of the various bridges, the repairs made, the work needed to be done, together with a detailed statement of expenditures:

## Canal or Craigie's Bridge.

The paving of the roadway on both sides of the draw, as recommended in last year's report, has been repaired, and the draw has been painted. The engine-house roof has been timned and painted, and the chain for moving the draw repaired, and the machinery in the engine-house where necessary has been made good. The fender on the up-stream side is in bad condition, and will have to be replaced with a new one. The sides of the waterway need new planking. New tracks have been laid in anticipation of ruming electric cars over this bridge ; but before they are allowed to rom over the draw it should be carefully examined and repaired. It has been in use for eighteen years, and is very old for a wooden draw ; the apper chords of the trusses, the angle blocks, and the samson posts should receive special attention.

## Harvard Bridge.

This bridge was opened to the public September 1, 1891, and has been in constant use since that date. The plank upper flooring was laid in 1889, and consequently was in poor condition when the bridge was opened; it was kept in repair until October, 1892, when a nerv upper floor was laid at an expense of $\$ 3,533.51$.

The electric cars of the West End Street Railway Company commenced running on the bridge August 15, 1892.

The centre of the pier of the draw has been stayed to the track circle by rods.

The bridge is in good condition, except that it should be thoroughly painted.

## Prison Point Bridge.

The draw has been planked, the machinery to raise the draw repaired, and the draw arms and fences painted.

## West Boston Bridge.

The repaving of the roadway of West Boston Bridge from the draw to the Boston abutment alluded to as necessary in the last report has been done, and the bulkhead next to the Charles-river embankment has been rebuilt and a new brick sidewalk laid.

The up-stream end of the draw-pier has been strengthened by driving new piles, the surface of the pier has been newly planked, and four thousand three hundred and twenty-nine feet in length of fence, and the draw, have been painted with two coats of white-lead and linseed-oil paint.

The plank sides of the waterway and the surface of the draw-pier are in bad condition, and will have to be repaired next year. This bridge is in fairly good condition, and will not require any more than the ordinary repairs for 1893 , with the exceptions noted above.

## In General.

The usual statement is appended of the number of drawopenings and the number of vessels which passed through.

The amount of revenue received for dockage, sale of old material, etc., during the year has been $\$ 940.88$, one-half of which has been paid over to the city of Cambridge.

The following is a statement of the payments made by the city of Boston on account of West Boston, Canal, and Prison Point bridges from February 1, 1892, to January 31, 1893, also for Harvard bridge from September 1, 1892, to January 31, 1893 :Amount of appropriation for financial years1892-3

$$
\$ 9,000 \quad 00
$$

Amount transferred from Harvard-bridge appropriation, September 17, 1892 3,580 51
Total appropriation $\$ 12,58051$
Amount expended to January 31, 1893. 11,079 76
${ }^{1}$ Unexpended balance $\$ 1,50075$

Classification of Expenditures.

| 1892. | General Account. | Canal Bridge. | Harvard Bridge. | Prison Point Bridge. | West Boston Bridge. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Salaries . . . . . . | \$275 00 |  | -••••• |  | -••••• | \$27500 |
| Printing and stationery . . . . . | 3793 |  |  |  | -••••• | 3793 |
| Travelling expenses . . . . | 4015 |  |  |  | -••••• | 4015 |
| Messengers . . . . | 1030 |  |  | -•••• | - • • • • | 1030 |
| Claims | 2250 |  |  |  | -••••• | 2250 |
| Drawtenders and assistants . . . . |  | \$1,140 00 | \$425 55 | $\left.\begin{array}{r}\$ 149 \\ 200 \\ \hline 100\end{array}\right\}$ | \$1,045 88 | 2,960 66 |
| Ordinary repairs |  | 31141 | 950 | 16189 | 52071 | 1,063 51 |
| Replanking and labor |  |  | 1,731 29 | -••• | - . . . . | 1,731 29 |
| Paving |  | 3466 |  | 1862 | 63779 | 69107 |
| Lumber . |  | 27489 | 1417 | 13205 | 39178 | 81289 |
| Ironwork |  | 8097 | 13426 | 3211 | 2818 | 27552 |
| Electric lights. |  | 36000 | 38055 | -•••• | 54000 | 1,280 55 |
| Electric current |  |  | 5000 | -•••• | -••••• | 5000 |
| Electric cable repairs . . . . . . |  |  | 3544 |  | -•••• | 3544 |
| Fuel |  | 13599 | 1300 |  | 8910 | 23809 |
| Sundries |  | 2852 | 1353 | 275 | 5220 | 9700 |
| Repairs to gas lamp, |  |  | 9312 | -•••• | -•••• | 9312 |
| Cleaning bridge |  | 17743 |  |  | 19524 | 37267 |
| Paint and painting, |  | 5445 | 1547 |  | 22583 | 29575 |
| Inspecting |  | 12500 | 8250 | 6000 | 23500 | 50250 |
| Watering roadway, |  | 1200 | -••••• |  | 1200 | 2400 |
| Water-rates. |  | 1600 |  | 550 | 1100 | 3250 |
| Insurance |  | 600 |  | 250 | 375 | 1225 |
| Tools and hardware, |  | 2546 | 6924 | 1253 | 7784 | 18507 |
| Totals. | \$385 88 | \$2,782 78 | $\$ 3,06762$ | \$777 18 | \$4,066 30 | \$11,079 76 |

${ }^{1}$ The above balance was transferred to the Street Departinent, Bridge Division.

Number of Times the Draws in Canal, Harvard, Prison Point, and West Boston Bridges have been opened, and the number of Vessels which have passed through during the year ending January 31, 1893.

| Date. | Canal or Craigie's. |  | Harvard. |  | Prison Point. |  | West Boston. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| February 1, 1892, <br> to January 31, 1893. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February, 1892 | 99 | 104 | 26 | 30 | 24 | 42 | 33 | 44 |
| March | 154 | 163 | 30 | 35 | 16 | 19 | 39 | 51 |
| April | 348 | 370 | 120 | 160 | 19 | 24 | 145 | 235 |
| May . | 372 | 411 | 131 | 196 | 38 | 53 | 178 | 313 |
| June | 490 | 505 | 135 | 206 | 44 | 64 | 235 | 635 |
| July | 523 | 556 | 215 | 323 | 23 | 26 | 251 | 421 |
| August | 347 | 360 | 266 | 357 | 79 | 89 | 223 | 418 |
| September . | 373 | 375 | 196 | 288 | 124 | 130 | 194 | 319 |
| October | 346 | 352 | 106 | 161 | 79 | 94 | 179 | 259 |
| November . | 259 | 263 | 117 | 175 | 31 | 36 | 155 | 226 |
| December . . . . | 244 | 285 | 117 | 179 | 39 | 59 | 122 | 210 |
| January, 1893 | 95 | 123 | 8 | $\delta$ | 16 | 24 | 20 | 36 |
| Totals . | 3,406 | 3,582 | 1,350 | 1,939 | 493 | 601 | 1,652 | 2,957 |

Statement showing Traffic over Bridges.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Date. } \\ & \text { 1892. } \end{aligned}$ | Bridge. | Foot Passengers. | Teams. | Cars. | Car <br> Passengers. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| September 17, <br> 6 A.M. <br> to 7 P.M. | Canal . . . . . . . | 6,927 | 4,552 | 493 | 11,221 |
|  | Harvard . | 1,487 | 1,576 | 146 | 5,355 |
|  | Prison Point | 1,735 | 2,104 |  |  |
|  | West Boston . | 3,584 | 2,953 | 1,059 | 28,592 |
|  | Totals . . . . . . . | 13,733 | 11,185 | 1,698 | 45,168 |



TRACK CONSTRUCTION, WASHINGTON STREET.
(Showing new design of grooved rail, with ties imberthed

## PAVING DIVISION.

The following table shows the length of accepted streets and the character of pavements, February 1, 1893 :

Length in Miles.

|  | 䔍 | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{\mathrm{I}} \\ & \stackrel{y}{\circ} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 䓌 | - |  | \% |  | \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1891 Report. | 4.66 | 69.29 | 0.36 | 5.94 | 204.56 | 139.48 | 10.30 | 434.59 |
| Feb. 1, 1893. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| City proper | *5.10 | $\dagger 40.61$ | 0.36 | 3.87 | 29.99 | 0.77 |  | 80.70 |
| Charlestown | 0.03 | 8.06 | . . . | 0.29 | 14.11 | 0.09 | $\cdots \cdot$ | 22.58 |
| East Boston | $\cdots$ | 3.50 | -••• | 0.27 | 2.33 | 20.40 | 0.18 | 26.98 |
| South Boston | 0.50 | 11.19 | - • • | 0.15 | 23.12 | 2.10 | 5.57 | 42.63 |
| Roxbury | 0.37 | 7.77 | -••• | 0.01 | 52.52 | 15.07 | 0.89 | 76.93 |
| W. Roxbury |  | 0.09 |  |  | 26.16 | 46.74 | 1.40 | 74.39 |
| Dorchester |  | 3.26 | - . . | - • | 43.41 | 34.21 | 1.50 | 82.38 |
| Brighton |  |  |  | -• | 16.80 | 17.83 | 2.12 | 36.75 |
| Total | 6.00 | 74.78 | 0.36 | 4.59 | 208.74 | 137.21 | 11.66 | 443.34 |

Note. - The above districts refer to areas enclosed by the original boundary lines.

* Of this amount 0.69 miles $=$ asphalt blocks.
$\dagger$ Of this amount 2.07 miles = granite-block paving on concrete with pitched joints.
Total public streets, 443.34 miles.

There have been laid out and accepted by the Street Commissioners during the year 7.715 linear miles; 221.4 square feet have been discontinued without changing the mileage; corrections to previous measurements show an increase of 1.035 miles, making a total net increase of 8.75 miles.

The rate of this increase from year to year is shown in the following table:

| 1859 | . 1111.50 | miles. | 1882 | 359.85 miles. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1871 | . 201.32 | ، 6 | 1883 | 367.99 ، |
| 1872 | . 207.4 | ، 6 | 1884 | 374.10 " |
| 1873 | . 209.24 | ، | 1885 | 379.60 ، |
| 1874 | . 313.90 | 6 | 1886 | .383.55 ، |
| 1875 | . 318.58 | '6 | 1887 | 390.30 " |
| 1876 | . 327.50 | 6 | 1888 | 392.72 " |
| 1877 | . 333.2 | ، | 1889 | 397.84 " |
| 1878 | . 340.39 | ، | 1890 | 404.6 " |
| 1879 | 345.19 | " | 1891 | 409.6 ، |
| 1880 | . 350.54 | 6 | 1892 | 434.59 '6 |
| 1881 | . 355.5 | " | 1893 | 443.34 " |

The following table shows the areas of pavements in square yards, arranged by districts :

|  | Asphalt | Block. | Brick. | Cobble. | Telford and Macadam. | Gravel. | Not Graded. | Totals. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Feb. 1, 1892. | 73,906 | 1,521,562 | 3,638 | 80,389 | 3,755,106 | 2,311,628 | 201,941 | 7,948,170 |
| Feb. 1, 1893. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| City proper, | *86,931 | 872,292 | 3,638 | 45,609 | 587,780 | 13,811 | $\cdots \cdots$ | 1,610,061 |
| Charlest'n. | 421 | 156,108 |  | 2,936 | 211,853 | 1,105 | -•••• | 402,423 |
| E. Boston . |  | 88,633 | $\cdots$ | 5,311 | 46,132 | 387,693 | 3,555 | 531,324 |
| S. Boston . | 6,901 | 237,172 |  | 3,057 | 402,646 | 43,503 | 114,983 | 808,262 |
| Rosbury . | 6,559 | 158,994 | -•• | 408 | 940,405 | 248,627 | 11,920 | 1,366,913 |
| W. Roxb'y | . . . . | 2,067 |  | $\cdots \cdots$ | 454,181 | 732,259 | 20,896 | 1,209,403 |
| Dorchester, |  | 70,659 |  | -•••• | 773,166 | 564,750 | 32,970 | 1,441,545 |
| Brighton |  | - . . . | $\cdots$ | $\cdots \cdots$ | 404,667 | 273,217 | 35,893 | 713,777 |
| Total . | 100,812 | 1,615,925 | 3,638 | 57,321 | 3,820,830 | 2,264,965 | 220,217 | 8,083,708 |

* Of this amount, 8,501 sq. yds. $=$ asphalt blocks.

Total public streets, 443.34 miles.
Note. - The city is subdivided on original boundary lines.

For the sake of comparing the character of the pavements in the city of Boston with that of other large cities, considerable care has been taken to collect and arrange the following table, which is supposed to give the results up to the present date, information having been received direct from the cities named:

## Distribution of Kinds of Pavements. Public and Im= proved streets.


* Not usually separated in the reports of the various cities.

An inspection of the foregoing tables shows that in Boston only 17 per cent. of the total mileage is paved with granite blocks, 1.36 per cent. paved with asphalt, 0.08 per cent. paved with brick, 1.03 per cent. paved with cobble, the remainder, or nearly 81 per cent., being either macadamized or gravelled.

It is noticeable that our percentage of macadam and gravel streets is much larger than that of most other cities, and specially prominent is the fact that Buffalo has nearly thirty times as much sheet asphalt as Boston. It is not to be wondered at, in view of the show made by the table, that the expense of maintaining our streets calls for a much larger outlay of money every year than in cities provided with more permanent forms of paving.

Considering the cost and the temporary results obtained by repairing our macadam roads with a vencer of crushed stone, it would seem to be in the direct line of ceonomy to adopt a more permanent form of roadway surface, suited to our peculiar conditions of business traffic.

## Paving laid in 1892.

A considerable area has been paved with granite blocks laid with pitch joints on a cement concrete base. The experience with the paving laid in this manner in 1891 is very favorable, and in comparing streets laid in this manner with those laid in the usual manner on a gravel base, the conclusion is irresistible that the new method is worth all it costs, and that all block paving in old and solidly built-up business streets should be laid in this manner. The value of the concrete base is unquestionable, while the great practical value of the pitch joint over the gravel joint is that it gives immediate use of the pavement in a clean condition, and saves the weeks and months of mud and dust required to fill the joints by the tedious and unscientific process of grinding up gravel under the wheels of teams, and sifting the powder into the joints by jarring the blocks with the same vehicles. Experiments in a small way have been made by using cement in place of pitch, without decisive results as yet. Such a compound would have several advantages over pitch, as it would be possible to solidly fill the joints between the stones, and the nuisance arising from heating pitch on the public strects would also be done away with. The difficulty of taking up and replacing pavements laid on a concrete base has not proved so serious in practice as was anticipated, and with suitable and proper precautions should not be a serious objection. From its cost this method is not likely to be adopted in streets not yet built upon, and before any pavement is laid it is only fair play to the pavement that all digging up of the street that can be foreseen should be done, and the trenches thoroughly consolidated. Sufficient attention has not been given to this subject, and notwithstanding the fact that all persons and corporations having interests in the street are notified weeks and months in advance, no sooner does the work begin on a street than numerous applications are at once made for new excavations. Manholes and all covers showing on the surface should be easily adjustable to grade, and should be made of non-perishable material, certainly not of wood, and their form and dimensions and location should be controlled by the Superintendent of Streets. There is great room for improvement in the design and use of these structures.

A large area of shect asphalt has been laid, and experience continues to show that in the localities for which it is adapted, it is a most admirable pavement. Asphalt blocks have been laid to a small extent this year ; they make an ex-

cellent surface, but results shown are not favorable for their continued use, due principally to our cold climate.

No brick pavement has been laid. It is probable that brick pavements are better adapted to districts destitute of suitable stoue than to Massachusetts, where granite is an important article of commerce.

Two of the three streets paved with brick on a gravel base in 1891 seem to withstand the comparatively light travel to which they are subjected fairly well, but the third street shows a marked tendency to chip at the joints.

In supervising the work of paving, care has been taken to show a smoother and more carefully graded surface than has heretofore obtained. In building a new street with a fall of one or two feet in a hundred, without a street-railroad track and with a preëstablished grade, the work of so laying out the surface as to secure smooth curves, with good surfacedrainage, is an casy matter. With an old street, with only an approximation to an established grade, with adjoining buildings at different grades, and with all sorts of sidewalk openings into cellars and areas; with a street warped in every conceivable manner, and to crown all a street railroad running through the centre that must have a good cross section and suitable lines and grades, - the task becomes an engineering puzzle. It is precisely this state of affairs that obtains in the old part of Boston; the grades of the streets within the small limits that apply to surfacing the paving are varied, and as incapable of being reduced to a system as is the ground plan of the same part of the city. The methods pursned previous to the year 1891 have been: first, the street railroad was laid in accordance with the best skill of the railroad engineer, who naturally had the best interests of the road in view. The edgestones and catch-basins were then placed where necessity compelled ; the varions manholes and other covers were set about right, and finally the paver proceeded to set his paving within the limits remaining for his work.

In reversing the process above outlined, and in laying out the work to be done on paper in the first place, as had been done during the years 1891 and 1892, and in insisting that every successive workman should bring his work up to the line and grade given, the task of the engineer has been the usual one of the reformer. Many parts of the work have to be done over and over, from the reason that the workmen have not sufficient skill or inclination to work to line and grade, and that it has not been required of them in the past.

Particularly in laying sheet asphatt on a concrete hase has a higher standard of workmanship been called for than ever
before, and this year the sub-grade has been made to templet in all cases in which templets could be used, and in this way almost perfect results have been obtained. On the perfectly level streets of the Back Bay, the central half of the roadway has been made in the shape of a section of a cylinder, with the centre line parallel to the curbstone grade, and the quarters have been made with sets of templets cut to circular curves of different radii, all tangent to the central half, and arranged to fit the gutters, which vary in depth about six inches from catch-basin to summit.

In all contract work, the city furnished all materials except paving-gravel, which was furnished hy the contractor, and the price incladed in the bid. In most cases material furnished by the city was delivered to the contractor on wharves or at city yards. In some cases, paving-blocks were delivered on or in the vicinity of the work under existing contracts; old material removed was delivered by the contractor at some convenient point where the city had use for it; if of no use to the city, it was given to the contractor.

Under the charge of the City Engineer, fifty-six contracts were executed, covering 5.97 miles of street, and costing, inclusive of material and labor furnished by the city, $\$ 435,160.20$.

Forty-five thousand one hundred and seventy square yards block paving on gravel base with gravel joints were laid ; average cost, $\$ 3.10$ per square yard.

Seventeen thousand and eighty-nine square yards block paving on concrete base with pitched joints were laid ; average cost, $\$ 4.75$ per square yard.

Three thousand three hundred and twenty-nine square yards Sicilian rock asphalt, on Portland concrete base, at a cost of $\$ 3.60$ per square yard.

Twenty thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine square yards of Trinidad asphalt paving were laid on concrete base and on old cobble ; average cost, with concrete base, $\$ 3.60$ ( when old base was used, \$2.25).

Thirty-six thousand four hundred and forty-three linear feet of edgestone set : average cost of small amount of new work, including supervision, culling, etc., \$1.30.

Twenty-four thousand three hundred and ten square yards of sidewalk relaid ; average cost, new work, $\$ 1.40$ per square yard.

Three thousand two hundred and twelve square yards flagging cross-walk; average cost, new work, $\$ 5$ per square yard.


Block asphalt paving on a sand base, 4,232 square yards were laid; average cost, $\$ 3.60$ per square yard.

The following table shows the work done on paving, edgestones, sidewalks, etc., for the years 1889 and 1890 , compared with the years 1891 and 1892 ; also the work for the year 1892 separately, and paid for out of both regular and special appropriations :

|  | $\begin{aligned} & 1889 \text { and } \\ & 1890 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1891 \text { and } \\ & 1892 . \end{aligned}$ | 1892. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Granite blocks laid and relaid. | 170,557 sq. yds. | $3 \pm 0,356 \mathrm{sq}$. yds. | $142,766 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{yds}$. |
| Edgestones set and reset | 149,356 lin. ft. | 374,598 lin. ft. | 181,146 lin. ft. |
| Brick walks laid and relaid | $58,086 \mathrm{sq}$. yds. | 203,087 sq. yds. | 100,512 sq. yds. |
| Flagging set and reset . | $31,99 \pm$ sq. yds. | $66,699 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{yds}$. | 28,625 sq. yds. |
| Asphalt. | 10,384 sq. yds. | $80,243 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{yds}$. | 38,557 sq. yds. |
| Hill gravel | \$106,997 08 | \$213,644 20 | \$120,492 83 |
| Hill sand | 13,589 23 | 27,570 49 | 16,166 70 |
| Filling | 44,836 61 | 73,150 15 | 61,585 30 |
| Stone | 58,141 51 | 203,838 89 | 94,973 98 |
| Beach gravel | 14,671 78 | 32,086 56 | 15,491 75 |
| Executions of Court, Grade damages, etc., | 42,448 32 | 49,071 16 | 23,437 51 |
| Watering streets . | 105,553 92 | 198,771 42 | 94,507 80 |
| General repairs | 434,665 58 | 560,954 86 | 311,109 16 |

Money Expended.

|  | $\begin{aligned} & 1889 \text { and } \\ & 1890 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1891 \text { and } \\ 189 \% \text {. } \end{gathered}$ | 1892. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total amount expended . | \$2,113,182 58 | \$3, 666,94352 | \$1,875,419 24 |

Edgestones and Sidewalks - New Edgestone. (Lin. ft. set.)


Brick Sidewalks. (Sq. yds. set.)

| Year. |  |  |  |  |  | West Roxbury. |  |  | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1881. | 5,207 | 11,491 | 3,961 | 893 | 337 | 1,096 | 381 | 159 | 23,525 |
| 1882 | 5,905 | 7,510 | 4,984 | 1,658 | 179 | 1,834 | 117 | 887 | 23,074 |
| 1883. | 4,392 | 7,675 | 4,794 | 1,095 | 2,795 | 3,354 | -••• | 177 | 24,282 |
| 1884. | 4,870 | 7,279 | 4,437 | 1,616 | 4,902 | 954 | -••• | 739 | 24,797 |
| 1885. | 4,756 | 3,896 | 1,473 | 722 | 892 | 479 | 46 | 342 | 12,606 |
| 1886 . | 5,273 | 5,285 | 2,112 | 1,002 | 2,843 |  | 58 | 527 | 17,100 |
| 1887. | 5,970 | 7,693 | 3,768 | 1,500 | 1,348 | 643 | -••• | 56 | 20,978 |
| 1888. | 2,540 | 6,910 | 3,164 | 1,110 | 614 | 346 |  | 75 | 14,759 |
| 1889 . | 4,835 | 10,489 | 1,942 | 1,362 | 638 | 124 | 138 | -••• | 19,528 |
| 1890. | 4,913 | 7,651 | 1,915 | 1,947 | 1,155 | 274 | 900 | 791 | 19,546 |
| 1891 | 3,881 | 9,098 | 3,628 | 2,176 | 1,478 | 967 | 377 | 120 | 21,725 |
| 1892 | 10,423 | 20,231 | 4,484 | 12,847 | 10,462 | 2,905 | 1,068 | 3,451 | 65,871 |
| Total . | 62,965 | 105,208 | 40,662 | 27,928 | 27,643 | 12,976 | 3,085 | 7,324 | 287,791 |

The cost to the city of Boston of laying the edgestones and brick sidewalks, shown in the foregoing table, from 1881 to 1891, was $\$ 581,230.21$.

Of this amount the sum of $\$ 277,698.88$ was assessed on the abutters.

Of this sum of $\$ 277,698.88$ the sum of $\$ 10,810.48$ was abated by order of the Board of Aldermen, $\$ 218,942.62$ has been collected, and $\$ 47,945.78$ is still uncollected.

The laying of edgestones and sidewalks from 1882 to 1891 was done under the laws of 1882 .

Chapter 50 of the Acts and Resolves of that year provided that " . . . the Mayor and Aldermen or Selectmen or Road Commissioners may establish and grade sidewalks in such streets as, in their judgment, the public convenience may require, and may assess the abutter on such sidewalks one-half of the expense of the same. All assessments so made shall be a lien upon the abutting lands, and be collected in the same manner as taxes on real estate."
" . . . The Mayor and Aldermen or the Selectmen, or Road Commissioners, may grade and construct sidewalks and complete partially constructed sidewalks in any street as the public convenience may require, with or without edgestone, and may cover the same with brick, flat stones, concrete, gravel, or other appropriate material, and may assess not exceeding one-half of the expense proportionally upon the abutters on such sidewalks.

This law, while it had the effect of obliging the abutter on the sidewalk to pay only one-half the cost of the work, and was therefore favorable to him in that respect, provided no special appropriation from which could be defrayed the proportion of the expense which the city of Boston was obliged to assume.

The cost of this work came out of the so-called regular maintenance appropriation of the Street Department, or else out of such special loans for street improvements as were made from time to time by the city government.

On account of the limited amount of money which could be spared for the purpose of constructing edgestones and sidewalks from the maintenance appropriation of the Street Department, the practical effect of the old law was that hundreds of unsatisfied petitions for the construction of sidewalks were on file in the office of the Superintendent of Streets, and these petitions remained on file sometimes for several years before they were granted.

To provide a remedy for this state of affairs and enable all applications to be promptly attended to, the present admin-
istration interested itself in the Massachusetts Legislature to obtain the passage of the following Act.
[CHAP. 401 OF THE ACTS OF 1892.]

## An Act relating to Sidewalks in the City of Boston.

Be it enacted, etc., as follows:
Section 1. The mayor and aldermen of the city of Boston may pass an order that the superintendent of streets of said city may make a sidewalk along any highway or part thereof in said city, specifying in the order the locations, heights, widths, and materials for the sidewalks, and said superintendent shall carry out such order.

Sect. 2. Any expenses incurred for any work so ordered and performed shall be paid out of the moneys appropriated under the provisions of section one of chapter three hundred and twenty-three of the acts of the year eighteen hundred and ninety-one, and shall be repaid to said city as the assessable cost of the work by the owners of the several parcels of land bordering on the part of the highway along which the sidewalk is made; provided, however, that if any such parcel is devoted to public use, said city may assume and pay the whole or part of the amount assessed thereto. if said city shall deem proper so to do.

Sect. 3. Said superintendent shall so apportion the said assessable cost to the parcels of land aforesaid that the amount apportioned to each parcel shall bear to the total assessable cost the proportion which the number of lineal feet of each parcel on said highway bears to the number of such lineal feet of all such parcels, and a lien shall attach to the parcel and to any buildings which may be thereon for such amount, as a part of the tax on such parcel. Said superintendent shall give notice of the amount of every such assessment to the owner of the estate assessed therefor, forthwith after the amount has been determined.

SECT. 4. The provisions of sections sixteen, seventeen, and eighteen of chapter three hundred and twenty-three of the acts of the year eighteen hundred and ninety-one and acts in amendment thereof shall, so far as applicable, apply to all assessments made under this act.

Sect. 5. Sidewalks in said city shall hereafter be made and paid for only in accordance with the provisions of this act, the provisions of chapter three hundred and twenty-three of the acts of the year eighteen hundred and ninety-one, and acts in amendment thereof.

Sect. 6. This act shall take effect upon its passage.
Approved June 16, 1892.
Section 2 of the foregoing act provides that the expense shall be defrayed out of money appropriated under the provision of Section 1 of Chapter 323 of the Acts of 1891, as amended by Chapter 418 of the Acts of 1892 , commonly known as the "Laying out and Constructing of Highways" act.

Under this act an annual appropriation of not more than one million dollars ( $\$ 1,000,000$ ) can be made by the city of Boston for the purpose of laying out and constructing of highways, the constructing of sidewalks, and the constructing of sewers.

This appropriation is not considered in the determination of the authorized limit of indebtedness of the city, and can therefore be made annually by ordinary vote. The practical effect of this law is to provide a large sum of money available for the purposes of sidewalk construction, so that all petitions for this work in the future can be promptly satisfied.

The change in the law by which the abutters, instead of defraying one-half of the cost of the work, are now obliged to defray the whole cost has naturally created some dissatisfaction. This dissatisfaction arises largely from the fact that the citizens of Boston up to the present year have obtained street, sidewalk, and sewer improvements largely at the expense of the general tax-levy.

In no other city in this country is such a method pursued. In many cities the whole expense of the paving of a street, the expense of building the sidewalk, and the expense of the sewer is charged directly on the abutting property. In other cities a proportion varying from one-half to three-quarters of the entire expense is charged to the abutters. This method permits these cities to do enormons amounts of paving, sewer, and sidewalk work, the expense of which is not defrayed from money raised by general tax, but is assessed directly on the abutters. In some cases, where all the work is done by contract, the contractor is paid by certificates issued as a bill against the abutting property, and he is obliged to collect his money directly from the owners.

It is in this way that the financial exhibits of most of the large cities in this country show such a large amount of work done on such a small amount of money raised by taxation, and has led to the frequent criticism, made by persons who know nothing about the subject, that Boston gets less in public works in proportion to the amount raised by general tax than any other city in the United States.

Comparisons purporting to show the amount of work done in the various cities in this country, and citing the amount raised by taxation in the several cities, from which deductions are drawn as to the economical conduct of affiars, are absolutely of no value, as they do not take into account the different methods of doing the work or the financial methods adopted for paying for them.

The previous law concerning the payment ly the city of a large proportion of the expense of sewers and sidewalks has had the eflect of retarding public improvements of this character, and it is only under the laws of 1892 that improvements of this character can be carried out as fast as they are demanded.

The work done by the department under the sidewalk law during the past year has caused dissatisfaction in some instances. In addition to the general dissatisfaction with a law obliging abutters to pay the whole cost instead of a portion of it, complaints have been made that the assessments charged by the city are excessive; complaint is also made that interest on the cost of the work is added to the assessment from the time of the passage of the "order to build " the sidewalk, instead of from the time of the completion of the work.

In regard to the prices charged by the city for the laying of edgestones and sidewalks, it may be said that the cost of such work depends on the kind and quality of the material used, and the thoroughness demanded in putting it in place. Edgestones can be bought at prices ranging from forty-five cents per lineal foot up to two dollars and a half per lineal foot. For the sum of forty-five cents per foot a poor quality of granite, roughly split out in short lengths and of shallow depth, can be obtained. Edgestone of this description is frequently laid in some of the small country towns. It is unsightly, and, owing to its shallow depth, it is soon thrown out of line by the frost.

For the sum of two dollars and one-half per lineal foot the best quality of granite edgestone, quarried in long lengths, of extra depth, and finely dressed with six-cut work on all exposed surfaces, can be obtained.

The department has adopted specifications for edgestone which call for a kind of edgestone superior to the first quality described above and inferior to the last. This stone is cut at the City Institutions at Deer Island, at a cost delivered on the wharf of $\$ 0.75$ per lineal foot; the same kind of stone is bought by contract for $\$ 0.79$ per foot. To this cost must be added the charges made for wharfage, teaming to site of work, laying, and incidental expenses.

The cost at which edgestone is furnished and laid is believed to be reasonable, and it is probable that dissatisfaction concerning charges is due more to the increased amount paid under a law assessing the whole cost on abutters than to the feeling that the department does work at an excessive cost.

The same remarks apply to sidewalks, as brick can be purchased from $\$ 8$ to $\$ 13$ per thousand, and, depending on the quality used, a great difference would be made in the cost of the work. The so-called concrete sidewalks also differ in price. By using a worthless coal-tar in the mixture instead of pitch and asphalt, a cheap sideralk can be made, which, however, will crack and need repairing inside of two
years. The department has aimed to do the best possible work consistent with charging abutters a fair price.

Concerning the dissatisfaction in regard to the payment of interest on the cost of the work from the time of the passage of the order to build, it would seem that the act does an injustice in this instance. Interest should be computed from the date that the owner is notified of the completion of the work and of the amount of the assessment.

## Street Openings.

Ten thousand six hundred and ninety-six permits were granted during the past year to open streets. The excavations made under these permits aggregate 101.9 miles in length, and show the extent of this work.

The Street Department has been accustomed to grant to the various gas and other companies whose work would in certain cases admit of no delay a so-called " emergency permit," which allowed excavations to be made without special permission being obtained, the only requirement being that a daily return of openings made under this form of permit should be forwarded to the office of the Superintendent.

Two thousand two hundred and thirty-seven openings of an average length of six feet each were made under "emergency permits," for breaks in water and gas pipes which were alleged to require immediate attention. These openings were made under 79 permits.

Numerous cases of misuse of these "emergency permits" have occurred, during such times as it was difficult to obtain the usual permit. After the cold weather had set in, and the fact had been publicly advertised that no permits would be issued except in case of obvious necessity, openings became frequent under the emergency claim, until the Superintendent was compelled to revoke even this form of permit, which was issued originally in the interest of public safety. This action, placing the companies involved at great risk of sudden loss, brought about immediate changes in the course pursued by them, and led to the guarantee on their part that no such violations should occur in the future.

It may here properly be mentioned that real-estate owners are extremely careless in providing sewer and water comections: for their several buildings, both old and new. in streets that are advertised to be improved and regulated, and frequently call for a permit to open for gas, water, or sewer connections soon after the department has put down a permanent pavement. It is helieved that this trouble will remedy itself in time, as the public is gradually finding out
the difficulty of obtaining permits where the department has recently done work.

## Street Hawkers and Pedlers.

Section 35 of Chapter 43 of the Revised Ordinances of 1892 provides "that no person shall, except in accordance with the permit of the Superintendent of Streets, in any streets or from any building, sell any goods or article, to any person on the street, or in any street place or permit to remain for more than ten minutes any goods or article of which he is the owner or in charge, or while on foot carry and display in any street any show-card, placard, or sign."

On March 29, 1892, the police force began to strictly enforce this ordinance by ordering all pedlers off the city streets, with the immediate result of causing to appear at the office of the Superintendent of Streets throngs of streetpedlers, including newsboys, bootblacks, and juvenile pedlers of all kinds, to make application for the necessary permit. It having been decided by the City Solicitor that newsboys, bootblacks, and juvenile pedlers were clearly exempted from this ordinance, and were subject to special license from the Board of Aldermen, this class was provided for in the usual way and dropped out of consideration of the Street Department altogether.

As it was impossible for the department to issue permits at once to this throng of applicants, a temporary suspension of the sweeping order of the police was conveniently arranged by the acting Mayor, in order to give time for the classification and arrangement of the various permits.

After consultation with the Corporation Counsel and City Solicitor, it was decided to issue the following permits:

Class No. 1. - Hawkers' and pedlers' permit to sell from vehicles.

Class No. 2. - Hawkers' and pedlers' permit to sell from receptacles.

Class No. 3. - Permit to sell from a building.
Class No. 4. - Permit to sell from an area.
Class No. 5. - Permit to occupy a portion of sidewalk.

## Class No. 1. - To Sell from Vehicles.

Permits in Class No. 1 do not apply between the hours of 6.30 A.M. and S P.M. to the following streets: Haymarket square, Sudbury street Conrt street from Sudbnry street to Scollay square, Scollay square, Tremont street from Scollay square to Eliot street, Eliot street from Tremont street to Washington street, Washington street from Eliot street to Franklin street, Franklin street from Washington street to Devonshire street, Devonshire street from Franklin street to Milk street,

Milk street from Devonshire street to Pearl street, Post-Oftice square, Water street from Congress street to Devonshire street, Devonshire street from Water street to Washington street, State street from Merchants row to Devonshire street, Washington street from Adams square to Haymarket square, or any of the streets or squares included within the teritory bounded as above described.

This permit is granted upon the condition that the said person to whom it is granted shall not sell goods or articles within twenty-five feet of a shop or store where like goods are sold, and shall comply with all the laws of the Commonwealth, the ordinances of the city of Boston, the regulations of the Board of Aldermen, and the regulations of the Street Department ; and any infraction thereof shall be deemed a sufficient cause for the revocation of this permit.

This permit may be revoked by the Superintendent of Streets for cause at any time, and will not be renewed for six months after rerocation.

## Street Department Regulations.

The Superintendent of Streets will issue permits to sell goods and merchandise in the streets of Boston, other than the streets mentioned in this permit, to all persons who (unless they are exempt from the payment of a license fee under sections 7, 8 , and 9 of chapter 68 of the Publie Statutes) present satisfactory evidence that they have paid the City Treasurer of Boston the license fee preseribed by section 6 of chapter 68 of the Public Statutes.

Each permit is to be numbered, and the holder thereof is required to post the number of his State license upon the vehicle from which he sells, as rerfuired in section 13 of chapter 68 of the Public Statutes, which reads as follows: "Every person licensed to peddle as hereinbefore provided shall post his name, residence, and the number of his license in a conspicuous manner upon his parcels or vehicle; and when his license is demanded of him by a mayor, alderman, selectman, town or city treasurer or clerk, constable, police officer. or justice of the peace, he shall forthwith exhibit it, and, if he neglects so to do, shall be subject to the same penalty as if he had no license." And also to post in the same manner the number of his city permit; and he shall at all times have his permit with him, and shall produce the same when demanded by any authorized person for inspection.

This permit is granted on the condition that the person to whom it is issued shall gather up and dispose of all refuse matter or litter created by the selling of his wares; failure to observe which regulation will be sufficient cause for the revocation of this permit.

## Clas No. 2. - To Sell fron Recepticles.

Permits to sell from receptacles do not apply between the hours of 6.30 A.M. and SP.M. on the following streets:

West street, I'emple place, Winter street, Bromfield street, Bosworth street, S'chool street, Court street from Tremont street to Wrashington street, State street from Washington street to Merchants Row, Tremont street from court street to Boylston street, and Washington street from Court street to Boylston street.

This permit is granted upon the condition that the siad person to whom it is granter shall not sell goods or artieles within twentr-fire feet of a shop or store where like goods are sold, and shath eomply with all the laws of the Commonweath, the ordintures of the city of boston, the regulations of the Board of Adermen, and the regulations of the Street Deparment; and any infraction thereof will be deemed a sulticient canse for revoeation of this permit. This permit may be revoked by the superintendent of streets for eanse at any time, and will not be renewed for six monthater revocation.

## Street Department Regulations.

The Superintendent of Streets will issue permits to sell goods and merchandise in the streets of Boston, other than the streets mentioned in this permit, to all persons who (unless they are exempt from the payment of a license fee under sections 7,8 , and 9 of chapter 68 of the Public Statutes) present satisfactory evidence that they have paid the City Treasurer of Boston the license fee prescribed by section 6 of chapter 68 of the Public Statutes.

Each permit is to be numbered, and the holder thereof is required to post the number of his State license upon the receptacle from which he sells, as required by section 13 of chapter 68 of the Public Statutes, which reads as follows: " Every person licensed to peddle as hereinbefore provided shall post his name, residence, and the number of his license in a conspicuous manner upon his parcels or vehicles; and when his license is demanded of him by a mayor, alderman, selectman, town or city treasurer or clerk, constable, police officer, or justice of the peace, he shall forthwith exhibit it, and, if he neglects or refuses so to do, shall be subject to the same penalty as it he had no license." And also to post in the same manner the number of his city permit; and he shall at all times have his permit with him, and produce the same when demanded by any authorized person for inspection.

This pernit is granted on the condition that the person holding it shall gather up and dispose of all refuse matter or litter created by the selling of his wares; failure to observe which regulation will be sufficient cause for the revocation of this permit.

This permit is issued on the express condition that all goods are to be carried on the person, or on receptacles attached to the person, and that said receptacles shall in no case be deposited on the street while selling goods.

## Class No. 3.-To Sell from a Building.

This permit allows to sell from the first story or basement of prescribed premises to persons on the street.

It is granted upon condition that the said person to whom this permit is granted is the lessee of the premises, and in conducting said business shall comply with all the laws of the Commonvealth, the regulations of the Board of Aldermen, and the regulations of the Street Department; and any infraction thereof will be deemed a sufficient canse for the revocation of this permit. This permit may be revoked by the Superintendent of Streets for cause at any time, and it will not be renewed for six months after revocation.

## Street Department Regulations.

This permit will be granted only to persons who are tenants of the first story or basement of the buildings from which they sell, and who are taxpayers of the city of Boston, and upon the express condition that the person to whom it is issned shall keep the street within fifty feet of his premises free from all refuse paper and litter created by the sale or handling of his wares.

This permit must be shown to police officers, or any authorized person on application.

Failure to observe these regulations will be a sufficient cause for the revocation of this permit.

Class No. 4. - To Sell from an Area.
This permit allows the holder to sell from the area between the highway and the building to persons on the street.

It is granted upon the condition that the said person to whom this permit is granted is the lessee of the premises, and in conducting said business shall comply with all the laws of the Commonwealth, the regulations of the Board of Aldermen, and the regulations of the Street Department; and any infraction thereof will be deemed a sufficient cause for the revocation of this permit. This permit may be revoked by the Superintendent of Streets for canse at any time, and it will not be renewed for six months after revocation.

## Street Department Regulutions.

This permit will be granted only to persons who present to the Superintendent the written request of the owner of the area from which they sell that this permit be granted, and upon the express condition that the person to whom it is issued shall keep the street within fifty feet of his premises free from all refuse paper and litter created by the sale or handling of his wares.

This permit will be revoked at any time on the written request of the owner of the area.

This permit must be shown to police officers or any authorized person on application.

Failure to observe these regulations will be a sufficient canse for the revocation of this permit.

## Class No. $\quad$. - To occupy Portion of Sidewalk.

Permission is given under this permit to occupy a portion of the sidewalk in front of the prescribed number for more than ten minutes at a time, providing that the space mentioned be used for the proper receipt and delivery of goods, and not for storage purposes. It is also agreed that the said firm shall maintain an open passage between the building and the street, and will be responsible for any damage which may occur by reason of the occupancy of the sidewalk under this permit. It is also agreed that the said firm shall keep the street and sidewalk as above described in clean condition, and free from litter of any kind.
This permit may be revoked at any time, at the discretion of the Superintendent of Streets.

The prohibiting of pedlers in the down-town retail districts of the city caused considerable excitement among pedlers, who through their various organizations endeavored to have the restrictions removed. The department, however', stood firm in the matter and refused to reconsider the regulation which had been adopted.

The result of issuing these permits has been to free the retail district of what has been considered the greatest of muisances to pedestrians and the public generally, who formerly were besieged at every step to stop and trade on the street, thus blocking off travel in cither direction and leading to much confusion and amoyance.

In general it has served to open up the sidewalks to the use of the travelling public, for whom they were originally made, while at the same time the restrictions are such as to give the abutting merchants a proper use of their immediate sidewalk as far as necessary for the proper conduct of their business. Favorable comment on the improved condition
of the streets and sidewalks on account of the present arrangement has been received from leading merchants and tradesmen.

## Special Permits.

Special permits are granted to temporarily obstruct the sidewalk and the prescribed feet of roadway in front of premises for the purpose of clearing snow and ice from the roofs of buildings. This permit is issued and accepted upon condition that the person accepting it shall in all respects conform to the statutes and ordinances of the city of Boston and the specifications of this permit; that any violation of the above shall work an immediate revocation of this permit; shall place sufficient barriers around the space so occupied, and, if at night, proper lights sufficient to protect travellers from injury.

That the person to whom this permit is granted shall indemnify and save the city harmless from any damages it may sustain or be required to pay by reason of doing the work covered by this permit.

## Permityto Feed and Bait Horses.

Permit to feed or bait horses on the streets of Boston is given except upon the following-named streets: West street, Temple place, Winter street, Bromfield street, Bosworth street, School street, Court street from Tremont street to Washington street, State street from Washington street to Merchants Row, Tremont street from Court street to Boylston street, Washington street from Court street to Boylston street, Beacon street from Tremont street to Park street, Park street from Tremont street to Beacon street, Boylston street from Tremont street to Charles street, Summer street from Washington street to Lincoln street, Bedford street, Franklin street from Washington street to Hawley street, Milk street from Washington street to Federal street, Water street, Devonshire street from State street to Dock square, provided said feeding and baiting does not continue longer than twenty minutes.

This permit is granted upon the condition that the said person to whom this permit is granted has a wagon license from the Board of Police, or satisfies the Superintendent of Streets that it is impossible for him to bait on private land, and shall comply with all the laws of the Commonwealth, the regulations of the Board of Aldermen, the Board of Police, and the regulations of the Street Department; and any infraction thereof will be deemed a sufficient canse for the revocation of this permit. This permit may be revoked by the Superintendent of Streets for canse at any time, and it will not be renewed for six months after revocation.

## Street Department Regulations.

This permit will be granted upon the express condition that the person to whom it is granted shall provide some proper person to stand by and care for the said animal while being fed, or slall properly secure the said animal, and shall in all cases lock the wheels of the vehicle to prevent its getting beyond said person's control.

Also upon the condition that the person to whom it is issued shall keep the street free from all refuse or litter created by the said feeding and baiting.

This permit may be revoked at any time, on the written request of the owner of the buildings or estate in front of which said feeding is done.

This permit must be shown to police officers, or any anthorized person, on application.

Failure to observe these regulations will be a sufficient cause for the revocation of this permit.

＇」ヨヨ४」S NOLONIHS甘M＇9NIA甘d YOO78－ヨLIN甘とゆ

The number of permits to feed horses upon the streets issued to date is 1,430 .

The report of the Deputy Superintendent of the Paving Division shows the actual number of permits that have been issued in each of the various classes.

The following statement of the City Engineer contains the main features of the special work assigned to him by this department for engineering supervision:

> City of Boston, Engineering Department, 50 City Hall, February $1,1893$.

Mr. H. 'H. Carter, Superintendent of Streets:
Sir: I herewith submit the following report of the work done under my direction for your department:

A statement of the street-paving work done by contract has been arranged in tabular form, and two sheets accompanying this report show the details of the work and the prices paid for doing the same.

As wats explained at groater length in the report of last year, the averages given have only a general value, as each piece of work done varies from the others in essential particulars.

The specitications for granite blocks vary from those of last year in the length of the block called for, the length this year being from 9 to 14 inches, to average $11 \frac{1}{2}$ inches, instead of -as last year- 8 to 12 inches, to average 10 inches.

As a result of the change, about 23 blocks per square yard have been used, instead of about 25 as laid last year ; but very few small blocks were used.

Under 56 agreements 5.97 miles of streets have been paved at a cost of $\$ 193,595.85$ paid to the contractors, and at a total cost to the city, including the material and labor furnished by the Street Department, of $\$ 435,160.20$.

The following are the principal items of work done: Block-stone paving on a concrete base laid with pitch joints, $17,089.6$ square yards, at an arerage cost of about $\$ 4.75$ per square yard. Block-stone paving on a gravel base laid with pitch joints, 2,282 square yards, at an average cost of about $\$ 3.70$ per sfuare yard. Block-stone paving on a gravel base with gravel joints, 45, 170 square yards, at an average cost of aboat $\$ 3.10$ per square yard. Trinidad sheet asphalt on a concrete base and on an old cohble-stone paving base, 20,829 square yards, at an average cost of about $\$ 3.60$ per square yard. Sicilian sheet asphalt on a concrete base, 3,329 square yards, at an average cost of about $\$ 3.60$ per
square yard. Asphalt block pavement on a sand base, 4,232 square yards, at an average cost of about $\$ 3.25$ per square yard.

Edgestone set, 36,443 lineal feet.
Brick sidewalks relaid, 24,310 square yards.
Flagging cross-walks laid, 3,212 square yards.
The following is a description of the paving done. The details of cost and quantities are shown in a tabular statement.

## Athens Street.

Athens street, from B street to C street, South Boston, was paved by H. Gore \& Co., with Sicilian rock asphalt, on a Portland cement concrete base. The old macadam surface was utilized on neighboring streets, and the old cobble-stones from the gutters were hauled to the Broadway crusher; edgestones, flagging, and paving-bricks were delivered on the street by the city. Two new catch-basins were built.

## Beacon Street.

Beacon street, from Dartmonth street to Gloucester street, was paved with sheet asphalt on a concrete base, by the Barber Asphalt Paving Co., excepting about 150 feet in length at Gloucester street, which was paved with Hastings asphalt blocks laid on a gravel base by the Metropolitan Construction Company. The surface removed was macadam. The roadbed was prepared by the regular force of the Street Department, which also disposed of the surplus material. The concrete base was laid by the Metropolitan Construction Company. During the work the 40 -inch main water-pipe across the old inlet sluices of the full basin of the Boston Water Power Company was uncovered. It was formerly carried in a heavy wooden box for about 150 feet in length, supported by the old stone piers at intervals of about 25 feet. It had been buried for many years, and the wooden trusses were in bad condition, the old wooden box was removed, and piles were driven and capped between the old piers to support the pipe; the excavation was refilled with the old road material. Edgestones were reset by F. H. Cowin \& Co., and the brick sidewalks were relaid by F. H. Cowin \& Co. and James Grant.

## Border Street.

Border street, from White street to Condor street, East Boston, was paved by H. Gore \& Co., with granite blocks on a gravel base. The old surface was of macadam, which
was delivered with the surplus material on other streets within a distance of one mile. Blocks, edgestone, flagging, and paving-bricks were delivered on the street by the city.

The retaining-wall on and near Condor street was partially rebuilt, and built to grade, as a part of the same contract. A substantial iron fence was built on the line of the wall by George T. McLauthlin \& Co. Three new catchbasins were built.

Border street, from North Ferry to Sumner street, East Boston, was paved by A. A. Libby \& Co., with the old granite blocks on a gravel base. The street-railway tracks were relaid, and the foot-walks rearranged to correspond to the relocation of the ferry entrances. The surplus earth was disposed of by the contractor. New blocks, edgestones, flagging, and bricks were furnished by the city on the ground. Two catch-basins were filled up, and one new one was built.

## Boylston Street.

Boylston street, from Church street to Arlington street, was paved with granite blocks on a gravel base, with pitch joints, by J. Doherty \& Co. The old surface was of macadam, which was removed and delivered within one mile where required. The new stone blocks, edgestone, and flagging furnished by the city were hauled by the contractors from the Albany-street yard, and paving-bricks were delivered by the city on the work. One new catch-basin was built.

## Broadway.

Broadway from A street towards Dorchester avenue, South Boston, wats paved with Sicilian rock asphalt on an American cement concrete base, by the National Construction Co. The former surface was pared with granite blocks, which were hauled to 'Seventh street between D and E streets, and to Sixth street between M and O streets, and the surplus material was taken to Vale street. Edgestones and lricks were delivered on the work by the city.

## Bieghton Stieet.

Brighton street, from Allen street to Leverett street, was paved by the Barber Asphalt Paving Co. with Trinidad sheet asphalt laid on the old cobble-stone pavement. The old pavement was partly relad, and the remains of a former asphalt covering removed in part. A partial hase or binder course of coal-tar concrete was laid over the old pavement. The sub-grading wats done and the sidewalk- put in order by P. W. Herman.

## Cabot Street.

Cabot street, from Ruggles street to Vernon street, was paved by the Barber Asphalt Paving Co., with Trinidad asphalt on an American cement concrete base. The old street surface was of macadam. The sub-grading was done by the Street Department. The concrete was laid by the Metropolitan Construction Co., and the sidewalks and edgestones were relaid by T. Payson. One new catch-basin was built.

## Chardon Street.

Chardon street, from Bowdoin square to Merrimac street, was paved with granite blocks, with pitch joints, on a concrete base, by Jones \& Meehan. The old surface was paved with cobble-stones. The surplus earth was disposed of by the contractors. Paving-blocks, edgestones, and flagging were furnished by the city at the West yard on Commercial street, and the paving-bricks were delivered on the work. This street was paved with a special stone block, which was about one inch less in depth than the standard block. One new catch-basin was built.

## Charles Street.

Charles street, from Beacon street to Pinckney street, was paved by J. Doherty \& Co., with granite blocks, laid with pitch joints on a concrete base. The old paving was of granite blocks, which were culled and the best used in the new work. The surplus blocks were removed by the Street Department. The sub-grading, from Beacon to Mt. Vernon street, was done by the Street Department. The remainder of the sub-grading was done by J. Doherty \& Co., who disposed of the useless and surplus material. The concrete base was laid by the Metropolitan Construction Co. Edgestones and sidewalks were laid by J. Grant, paving-blocks, flagging, and paving-bricks were furnished by the city.

## Cherry Street.

Cherry street, from Shawmat avenue to Washington street, was paved by the Barber Asphalt Paving Co., with Trinidad sheet asphalt laid on an Americain cement concrete base. The former surface was of macadam. The subgrading was done by J. Casey. The concrete base was laid by the Metropolitan Construction Co., and the sidewalks were put in order by the Street Department.

## Davis Street.

Davis street, from Washington street to Harrison avenue, was paved with Trinidad sheet asphalt, on an American cement concrete base, by the Barber Asphalt Paving Co. The former surface was of macadam. The sub-grading was done by the Street Department. The concrete base was laid by the Metropolitan Construction Co., and the sidewalks were put in order by D. Sullivan.

## Decatur Street.

Decatur street, from Washington street to Harrison avenue, was paved by $H$. Gore \& Co. with Sicilian rock asphalt, on an American cement concrete base. The former surface was of macadam. The sub-grading was done by the Street Department. The concrete base was laid by the Metropolitan Construction Co., and the sidewalks put in order by P. W. Hernan.

## Dorchester Avenue.

Estimates were made early in the year for putting this avenue in order from South Boston line to Adams street, Dorchester, and a large amount of work has been done upon it. From Washburn street to Pond street both sides of the street between the curb and the ralway track have been paved. From Pond street to Belfort street the westerly side of the street has been paved, the easterly side being already paved. From Belfort street to Adams street the avenue was already paved on both sides. From Adams strect to Park street the avenue has been paved on both sides of the street-railway track. From Park street to Ashmont street the avenue has been graded, a new double street-railway track laid, and the roadway on the easterly side of the track paved. On the westerly side of the track, the old macadam surface was in fair condition from Park street to Centre street, and it was repaired and put in order; from Centre street to Ashmont, street a new "Telford-Macadam" road has been built on the westerly side of the street. All the paving has been made of granite blocks on a gravel base, and there is now a contmuous paved roadway from the city to Ashmont street. From Ashmont street to Richmond street a new single street-railway track, heing the easterly section of a future double track, hats been laid. The street was graded, a heavy rock cut was made near Richmond street, and a heavy fill made, with slopes covering the old retaining-walls, in the valley between Codman and Rich-
mond streets. This section of the avenue was finished with a "Telford-Macadam" surface, the stone from the rock cut being utilized for this purpose. The improvement has been carried to a point about three hundred feet beyond Richmond street; beyond that point, in the short distance to Adams street, another heavy rock cut will be required before the improvements are completed. The block paving was done by H. Gore \& Co. and C. J. Coates, and portions of the street were graded by M. Domnellan, J. J. Sullivan, and J. McGovern. The rock work, Telford road-making, and a large part of the grading, was done by the Street Department. Eleven new catch-basins were built.

## Eliot Street.

Eliot street, from Washington street to Pleasimt street, was paved with granite blocks on a concrete base, by C. B. Payson \& Co. The old pavement was of granite blocks, which were relaid on Stanhope, Pleasant, and other streets. The surplus earth was delivered on Huutington avenue, beyoud Gainsborough street. New granite blocks, edgestones, and flagging were furnished by the city at the Albany-street yard, and the bricks were delivered on the work. The street-railway track was relaid and paved with the old granite blocks on a gravel base, and the space between the double tracks was paved with new granite blocks on a gravel base. Two new eatch-basins were built.

## Eustis Street.

Eustis street, from Washington street to Dearborn street, was paved with granite blocks on a gravel base, by A. A. Libby \& Co. The old surface was of macadam with cobble gutters. The old cobble-stones were delivered at the Dimockstreet crusher, and the surplus material was used on streets within one-half mile. Granite blocks, edgestones, and flagging were furnished by the city at the Albany-street yard, and the paving-bricks were delivered on the ground. Tiwo new catch-basins were built.

## Florence Street.

Florence street, from Washington street to Harrison avenue, was paved by the Metropolitan Construction Co., with Hastings asphalt blocks on a 4 -inch American cement concrete hase. The former surface was of macadam. The sub-grading was done by the Street Department, and the sidewalks were put in order by D. Sullivan.

## India Street.

India street, in front of the Custom-honse, was pared by J. Doherty \& Co., with granite blocks laid with pitch joints. on a concrete base. The old paving, of large granite blocks about one foot square, was removed by J. J. Sullivan, and the sub-grading was done by the Street Department, and the concrete base was laid by H. P. Nawn. The edgestone, flagging, and sidewalks were relaid by J. Doherty \& Co. The granite blocks, edgestone, flagging, and bricks were furnished on the ground by the city.

## Kemble Street.

Kemble street, from Gerard street to Magazine street, was pared by Collins \& Ham, with granite blocks on a gravel base. This was an ungraded street; it was graded by the contractors, and the surplus material was delivered to the city on East Chester Park extension, to abate a nuisance cansed by standing water. Stone blocks, edgestones, and flagging were delivered to the contractors by the city at the Albany-street yard, and paving-bricks were delivered on the ground. Two new catch-basins were built.

From Gerard street to Hampden street the street was partially pared ly the same contractors, under an extension of their contract. Work was stopped by cold weather, and the time for finishing it has been extended to allow of its completion in the spring. Four additional catch-hasins were built.

## Motte Street.

Motte street, from Washington street to Harrison aremue, was paved by H. Gore \& Co., with Sicilian rock sheet asphalt laid on an American cement base. The former street surface was of macadam. The sub-grading was done by the Street Department, the concrete base was had by II. P. Nawn, and the sidewalks put in order by F. H. Cowin \& Co.

## Plentiss Street.

Prentiss strect, from Tremont street throngh Hallock street, was paved ly H. Gore © Co., with granite blocks on a gravel base. The old surface was of macadam. The surplus material was delivered where required within one-half mile, and the old cobble gutter-stones were delivered to the Tremont-street crusher. Paving-blocks, edgestones, and flagging were furnished by the city at the Albany-street yard: the bricks were delivered to the contractor on the street.

## Rutherford Avenue.

Rutherford avenue, from Essex street to Allen street, was paved with granite blocks on gravel by J. Turner \& Co. The roadbed was prepared and all materials were furnished by the Street Department. Eight new catch-basins were built.

## School Street.

School street, from Washington street to Tremont street, was paved by C. B. Payson \& Co. with granite blocks, with pitch joints, on a concrete base. The old surface was paved with granite blocks, which were all removed, with the surplus material, by H. P. Nawn. The concrete base was laid by the Metropolitan Construction Company. Granite blocks were specially prepared for this work; the granite blocks, edgestones, flagging, and bricks were delivered on the ground.

## Washington Street.

Washington street, from Cornhill to Essex and Boylston streets, was paved by Jones \& Meehan (excepting a small portion by C. B. Payson \& Co.) with granite blocks, with pitch joints, on a concrete base. The old surface was granite block paving, which was hauled to Dorchester avenue, beyond Field's Corner. The surplus earth was disposed of by the contractors; part of it was hatuled to the South Boston flats, and a part to the vicinity of Huntington avenue. The stone blocks were furnished by the city at the Boston Wharf Company's wharf on Fort Point channel ; edgestone and flagging iwere furnished by the city at the Albany-street yard; the bricks were delivered on the work.

The street railroad was entirely rebuilt by the West End Company, with an improved rail. The paving between the rails is of the same quality, including the concrete foundation, as the rest of the street, and the tracks were laid to a grade conforming with the new street surface. Ten new catch-busins were built, giving much better surface drainage than before.

## West Chester Park.

West Chester Park from Columbus avenue to Tremont street, on the northerly side of the central parkway, was paved with Hastings asphalt blocks, on a gravel base, by the Metropolitan Construction Company. The former surface was of macadam: the sub-grading was done and the sidcwalks put in order by the Street Department.


## West Chester Park and Chester Square.

West Chester Park and Chester square, from Columbus avenue to Washington street, on the southerly side of the central parkway, was paved by the Barber Asphalt Paving Company with sheet asphalt, on an American cement concrete base. The sub-grading was done by the Street Department, the concrete base was laid by the Metropolitan Construction Company, and the edgestones and sidewalks were put in order by the Street Department.

## West Newton Street.

West Nerwton street, from Shawmut avenne to Washington street, was paved by the Metropolitan Construction Company with Hastings asphalt blocks, haid on a sand base. The former surface was of macadam. The sub-grading was done by the Street Department, and the sidewalks were put in order by P. W. Hernan.

## West Second Street.

West Second street, from B street to E street, South Boston, was pared by H. Gore $\mathbb{A}$ Co. with granite blocks, on a gravel base. The old surface was of cobble-stone paving. The cobble-stones were sold to the city of Cambridge, and the surplus material was used to fill streets on the South Boston flats. Granite blocks were furnished by the city at the L-street extension, the edgestones and flagging at the Albany-street yard, and the paving-bricks were delivered on the street. Three new catch-basins were built.

## Comionwealth Avenue.

The plans, specifications, and form of contract for filling the additional width of Commonwealth avenue, between Pleasant street and the forks of the road at the corner of Beacon street, not including a section at the Cottage Farm bridge, were prepared early in the year, and a contract dated May 4, 1892, was made with the Boston Contacting Company for furnishing and delivering about 136,000 cubic yards of clem filling, at the rate of $49 \frac{1}{2}$ cents per cubic yard. The material has been taken from a hill in Brookline near Harvard avenme, a short distance from the corner of Commonwealth avenue and Brighton avemue. A standarl gange tatck was laid, and February 1, $189 \%$, about 76,000 cubic yards of material, measured in the fill, had beendelivered on the avenuc. Between Cottage Farm bridge and Pleas-
ant street, on the marsh, the mud proved to be deep and soft, and a very large displacement took place, probably amounting to 14,000 cubic yards or more.

The contract required the material to be measured in the fill, and owing to the large quantity of tilling required to make good the displacement of the mud, for which no payment could be made under the contract, work was discontinued by the contractors. The City Council, however, authorized the payment of the sum of $\$ 7,000$ on account of the displacement, the contract was modified so that the city pays the contractors, for moving the material only, the sum of 37 cents per cubic yard measured in the fill, the owners of the gravel bank being paid by the city $12 \frac{1}{2}$ cents per cubic yard for the filling measured in the bank, and the contractors resumed work. Under the original contract with the Boston Contracting Company, 46,640 cubic yards were measured and paid for; under the modified contract 29,542 cubic yards had been delivered to February 1, 1893.

## Plans.

The Street Department has turned over to the care of this department a set of sectional plans covering a large part of the city, and known as "Sidewalk Plans." They are intended to show all structures, whether covered or exposed, and whether belonging to private corporations or to the city, existing in every strect. The set is imperfect, and is so many years behind in its corrections as to be of little use. The engineering force, not otherwise occupied, has been employed in an attempt to bring this set of plans up to date.

As the information must be sought for largely on the street itself, progress is necessarily very slow, and the present available force will never be able to bring all the plans up to date at the same time. It is hoped, however, that a system may be arranged by which all changes shall be a matter of record when they are made, and the task of keeping up the plans thus be one of compilation ouly, after they are once brought up to date. The work can then be carried on in the winter, and the larger part of the force required for summer work kept employed, and skilled men be available when the active season for out-of-door work opens. This set of plans will be of great value when completed, and arefully corrected once a year.

## Tables.

The tables showing the lengths of accepted streets and the areas of various kinds of pavement have been corrected to

February 1, 1893. (See pages 37 and 38.) The streets laid out as highrays during the year by the Street Commissioners have been added, those discontinued deducted, and the changes in the character of surfaces of the streets have been compiled.

## L-street Bridge. - Abutment.

The contract for building the abutment of L-street bridge, which was let to Perkins \& White under date of October 28, 1891, was completed in November, 1892, at a cost of $\$ 6,231.71$.

## L-street Bridge. - Retaining-Walls.

A contract for building two retaining-walls between the abutment and the bulkhead built in 1891, and filling the space enclosed, was awarded to Thomas A. Rowe, of Boston. Work was commenced July 19, 1892, and completed in November, at a cost of $\$ 9,824.73$.

Malden Bridge. - Draw.
This draw has been entirely rebuilt during the year, under a contract with Josiah Shaw, of Somerville. The draw is of the same form and general dimensions as the old one, and rests on a new turn-table. The foundations were also rebuilt, all the work above the piles being new, and twelve new piles were driven.

## Roxbury Canal. - Sea-Wall.

Plans and speeifications were made in April, 1891, for building a sea-wall on Roxbury Canal at the Albany-street paving-wharf, similar to that built at the wharf of the Water Department in 1888. The work was advertised October, 1892.

October 22 a contract was made with Thomas A. Rowe, of Boston, for building the wall, and it was completed January 9,1893 , at al cost of $\$ 12,657$.

Respectfully submitted,
(Signed) Willam Jackson, City Enyineer.

## STREET-WATERING.

In the last annual report, the subject of street-watering was treated at considerable length. Among other matters considered was a proposed ordinance which would allow of the city's taking advantage of Chapter 179 of the Acts and Resolves of 1891, Section 1 of which reads: "Any city, the population of which exceeds 30,000 , may annually appropriate money to water all or any of the public streets within its limits, or it may determine that such streets shall be watered in whole or in part at the expense of the abutters thereon."

As the amount of money required to water all the streets of Boston would involve the expenditure of about $\$ 250,000$, and as it was impossible to devote such a large sum to this purpose from the limited appropriations made by the City Council under the $\$ 9$ tax limit, it was thought desirable to frame an ordinance which would allow of the streets being watered entirely at the expense of the abutters.

Section 25 of the proposed ordinance (which was printed in full in the last report) provided that "The cost of watering shall be paid as follows: The cost of administration shall be borne by the city; all other expenses for watering, actually incurred in a given district, shall be assessed as a special tax in favor of the city by the Superintendent of Streets, on the adjoining property fronting on the streets so watered in said district, in the proportion that the approximate frontage of each lot bears to the total number of linear feet of all property so watered in the district under consideration," etc. The ordinance further provided that special tax-hills which were to be a lien on property were to be issued, and the proceeds placed to the credit of the Street Department to pay for the cost of watering.

This system is the one in vogue in St. Louis, Rochester, and many cities and towns throughout the country. The proposed method for paying for this work involved such a radical change, however, that, before taking any action, it was deemed advisable by the Committee on Ordinances having the matter in charge to give public hearings, and accordingly two were held, one on February 10, the other on February 17, 18:12, both of which were well attended, and proved bighly interesting. The testimony taken at these hearings, which was voluminous, and in itself
constitutes a treatise on street-watering (City Document 44, 1892), was carefully considered by the Committee on Ordinances, and in the Board of Aldermen on March 28, 1892, the following report was submitted:

## In Board of Aldermen, March 28, 1892.

The Committee on Ordinances, to whom were referred so much of the Mayor's inangural address as relates to street-watering, and sereral orders relating to the same, having considered the matter, have the honor to report as follows:

Realizing the importance of the subject submitted to your committee, public hearings were had, which were well attended. His Honm the Mayor, the Superintendent of Streets, and many taxpayers were present. Several citizens represented by counsel objected strongly, not only to the present method of watering streets by the city and voluntary private subscription, but also to the plan of assessing the cost upon the abutters according to the frontage of their estates, as proposed in an ordinance submitted by the Superintendent of Streets.

The assessment authorized by Chapter 179 of the Acts of 1891 was strenuously objected to, especially by the owners of estates in the suburbs, where the average frontages are great and the value comparatively small. The owners of unimprored property felt that any assessment would be a hardship upon them. The system hitherto in rogue among contractors of levying assessments on the abutters under the subscription plan has been unsatisfactory, and is open to abuses. The public demand that the streets shall be properly watered, and your committee deem this a duty devolved upon the city as much as that of street repairs, street-cleaning, ete. It is as necessary and desirable that the streets shall be properly sprinkled as swept, and it would seem to be the duty of the city to do both at the expense of the citizens generally. Only $\$ 100,000$ has been appropriated this year for streetwatering, and to obtain a larger smm than this, additional money must be transfered from some other appropriation ; and under Chapter 206 of the Acts of 1891 no money can be borrowed for what is obviously a current expense, unless the necessity of the case will justify the Mayor in so certifying within the meaning of the Act. If some assessment plan is thought desirable for the purpose of increasing the funds available for current expenses, your committee is of the opinion that it might be applied to a greater extent to matters of street construction, as the laying of sewers, sidewalks, and pavements, where the benefit accrued is more peculiarly to the individual abutter, and is of a permanent nature.

Some of the drain upon the street-watering appropriation might be lessened if the paved streets in the business portion of the city were swept more trequently than they are. The value of street-sprinkling is not so much to have a wet surface, but to keep the dust and refuse upon the highways from blowing about, becoming a nuisance, and imparing the health of the eitizens.

Your committee, therefore, report that it is inexpedient to pass any ordinance at this time to levy an assessment in accordance with the amthority given to the city by the Legislature in the year 1891. The Superintendent of Streets should be meged to attempt the task of waterine the strects this year as thoronghly as possible. Legislation which will relieve the tax lery from a portion of the burden now borne by it in the construction of streets, and furnishing them with sewers, sidewalks, edgestones, and parements, may be desirable, and ont of the money saved a suflicient sum should be appropriated to permit the

Superintendent of Streets to do the necessary street-sprinkling in a proper and satisfactory manner. The testimony taken at the hearings is submitted herewith as an appendix to this report.

For the Committee,

> John H. Lee,
> Chairman.
[Appendix omitted.]
The matter was brought before the meeting of the Board of Aldermen on April 4, when the proposed ordinance assessing the cost on abutters was defeated, and the report of the committee was accepted.

At the beginning of the year an appropriation of $\$ 100,000$ had been made by the City Council for the purpose of street-watering. As this amount was insufficient to water all the streets of the city, a system was devised whereby this sum could be justly apportioned in different districts of the city, and the greatest possible benefit be derived from this limited appropriation.

The principle first adopted was to exclude from consideration all paved streets. Provided a paved street is kept clean there is no special reason why it should be watered; the water does not tend to preserve the pavement, and the extra comfort to abutters on the street by having the pavement watered should be paid for by them, as the benefit, if any, is enjoyed directly by them.

No trouble has ever been experienced by street-watering contractors in Boston in raising money enough by voluntary subscription on paved streets in the business section to do the work. In New York, owing to the large sums contractors are able to collect from abutters, the privilege of watering such streets is sold by the city to contractors, and a revenue of several thousand dollars is derived therefrom. Paved streets in general are so closely built up and the number of occupants of buildings is so large that a voluntary assessment is not felt as a hardship by the people benefited.

For the above reasons, having excluded all the paved streets from consideration, the macadamized streets alone remained to be provided for. As far as these were concerned, the principle was adopted of watering all the main thoroughfares, and such other streets as could be undertaken with the limited appropriation.

The above method involved the radical change of watering the Back Bay and South End Districts at the expense of the city of Boston.

The agitation concerning street-watering in the press in 1891 and 1892 , which resulted in the public bearings at City

Hall. was brought about by the residents of the Back Bay, who objected to the way in which the watering was done, not so much on account of unsatisfactory work as on account of the exorbitant amount collected by the contractor, and as these streets were mácadamized and largely travelled, it became necessary for the city to do this work and assume the cost.

The watering of the Back Bay and South End Districts was publicly advertised to be let by contract, and the work was a warded to the lowest bidders.

The work done during the past year has been fairly satisfactory, and but few complaints have been received. The greater portion of complaints came from people living on side streets which the department refused to water, owing to the limited appropriation, and the residents thereof considered themselves as unfairly treated.

Criticisms made on the way in which the street-watering is done generally are made by people not thoroughly conversant with the difficulties attending the subject. The tollowing remarks of Dr. H. J. Barnes before the Massachusetts Medical Society are quoted as showing the difficulty of laying out a given amount of work for a water-cart under all circumstances :
"I would like to say a few words about the condition of the streets the last two days. There has been a good deal of flying dust, perhaps as much as at any time last year or any other year. I took oceasion to go to the Signal Service Office this morning, to ascertain something in regard to humidity of the atmosphere and what influence it has hat, and from the information gained I have taken the following notes to present this evening:
"Yesterday the Weather Bureau reported the humidity at 36, and today at noon it was 35 . The yearly average is at about 75 at Boston. You will therefore observe that to-day it was at least to points below the average and 65 points from saturation. It has been an extremely dry air with high winds and bright sun, most farorable conditions for rapid eviporation. My street has been eovered fise times to-dary. In the afternoon, half an hour after sprinkling, the dust was Hying, and at the expiration of an hour there was little evidence that it had been sprinkled at all. It would require five times as much water to keep the dust laid such a day as this as was the average reguirement for forty-three days last year, or, in other words, it would take five carts to do the work ordinarily performed by one. The thirteen miles of Back Bay streets are eacily covered by eight two-horse waterearts when the humidity is from 70 to 80 . To have accomplished satisfactory results to-day would have required forty cants of the same capacity."

## Style of Water-Carts.

Another practical difficulty in doing satisfactory watering is the chanacter of the carts owned in the city. Out of about 150 water-carts owned in the city of Boston by private par-
ties, only 65 or 70 are of modern make, the rest being the old-fashioned type of copper sprinkler.

It might be asked, Why does not the city of Boston specify that only carts of a certain pattern should be used? It would be an easy matter to do this, and contractors would undoubtedly be willing to buy modern carts if they could be assured of work for several years ; but as the administration of the city affairs is apt to change at the end of each year, and as there is no certainty of employment for more than one year at a time, contractors naturally are not disposed to expend several hundred dollars for new water-carts which, after being employed for eight months, might lie idle for several years.

An administration of city affairs should either last for more than one year, or authority should be obtained by city departments to make agreements with contractors that would hold for at least four years.

Should the city of Boston own the necessary plant, it would involve an original outlay of about $\$ 96,000$ to provide the necessary number of first-class sprinkling-wigons. In addition to this large expenditure, the city would be obliged to provide storage room in the winter for this plant, and would also be at a large annual expense for repairs and renewals.

In view of the above facts, and taking into consideration the probability that there will never be an ordinance passed allowing the cost of street-watering to be assessed entirely on the abutters, and also that there will never be money enough appropriated by the government to do this work in a systematic manner entirely at the city's expense, it is believed that the best results will be obtained by continuing the present method of letting out by contract the watering of districts such as the Back Bay and the South End, and ly watering the rest of the macadamized streets with teams hired by the day; the Superintendent of Streets to have the power to make a contract for at least three years with owners of water-carts, who could then be required to provide themselves with expensive modern street-sprinklers.

## Permits.

Notice was issued to all parties engaged in street-watering to supply themselves with the necessary permit from the Superintendent of Streets as provided for in the Revised Ordinances, and the permits issued contained the following regulations:

Carts must be provided with sprinklers satisfactory to the Superintendent of Streets, and each must have the name of the owner and number painted in large, legible letters on its sides.

Carts with ehoked or broken sprinklers, or leaking tanks or valres, shall not be used.

The sprinkling must be done with judgment and eare, and street erossings must be kept dry as nearly as possible.

The amount of water used may be preseribed by the Superintendent of Streets. The person holding this permit will be held responsible for the condition of the street surfaee and pavement for a distanee of fifteen feet firm water-posts where water is taken.

If any driver of a water-cart is disobedient or disorderly, or fails properly to attend to his work, he must be immediately diseharged on the requisition of the Superintendent of Streets.

This permit may be revoked by the Superintendent of Streets for cause, at any time.

## Contracts.

The speeifications for work done by contract are rigidly drawn, and provide among other things, in addition to the points contained in the permit regulations, for the full control of the work by the Superintendent of Streets, who should decide all questions arising relative to the exeention of the contract, and cletermine absolutely the amount of work to be paid for under the contract.

Lists of streets within a prescribed district designed to be watered are given in the contract, with power to diseontinue any street or to add thereto any street or streets within five hundred feet of the distriet boundaries.

The amount of water to be used is regulated by the Superintendent, and the choice between using salt or fresh water is made by him.

The sprinkling-wagons are sulbect to regulation, and may be ordered off the street when considered unfit for use. The season extends from Mareh to December. The Superintendent of Streets determines whether or not the contractor has kept the streets in the damp condition provided by the contract, and is also to determine whether or not rain has obviated the necessity for sprinkling.

Complaints from any citizen or taxpayer of unsatisfactory work call for an examination by the Superintendent, and, if well founded, authority is given to supply additional service at the contractor's expense, and deductions from the contractor's dues are made and determined by the Superintendent of Streets.

Proper provision is made for eancelling the contract and reletting the work, in case the same is neglected or abmadoned.

Payment is made monthly on estimates approximately proportional to the amount of work done, less deductions, the price stated in proposals being a fixed sum per mile for
the season, for watering with salt water, and another fixed sum per mile for watering with fresh water.

A bond with two sureties, residents of the State of Massachusetts and satisfactory to the Superintendent of Streets, is required with each contract.

The following table gives a summary of the work done by teams hired by the day and teams owned by the city, classified by districts, with the number of miles covered in each district.
1892.

Summary of Day Work paid for by the City.


The summary shows that eighty-four carts hired by the day and three carts owned by the city have watered 230.12 miles of streets during this year, as compared with 151.86 miles of streets watered with sixty-one carts last year. The expense of this work was borne entirely by the city. The cost of day work and city work, exclusive of supervision, was $\$ 291$ per mile, or $\$ 67,048.50$. These carts averaged about $2.645+$ miles per day. The West Roxbury carts averaged 3.06 miles per day; Dorchester carts averaged 2.86 miles per day; and on the Back Bay the carts averaged 1.68 miles per day.
1892.

Summary of Contract Work paid for by the City.


* One-half the expense of a watering-cart is paid by the Ashmont Co.

The summary shows that fifteen carts were used by the contractors to water 23.097 miles, of which 7.45 miles were watered with salt water, and 13.442 miles were watered with fresh water, paid for entirely by the city, and 2.11 miles in Dorchester, one-half the cost being paid by the city and onehalf by the abutters.

The contract price in Back Bay was $\$ 1,150$ per mile for salt water and $\$ 550$ per mile for fresh water.

The contract price in South End was $\$ 767$ per mile for salt water and $\$ 567$ per mile for fresb water.
1892.

Work done by Contractors at the Expense of the Abutters.

| Districts. | Contractor. | Carts. | Miles. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| City Proper........ . . . . . . . | Daniel Clark | 3 | 2.75 |
| City Proper . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | Potter Brothers. | $4 \frac{1}{2}$ | 8.00 |
| City Proper............... . . | Proctor Bros. \& Billings... | 4 | 7.10 |
| City Proper. . . . . . . . . . . . . | George H. Keyes . . . . . . . | $\frac{1}{2}$ | 1.50 |
| Roxbury and South Boston.. | A. A. Hall | 2 | 2.75 |
| East l loston | Philip Sowden | $\frac{1}{2}$ | 0.50 |
| Charlestown | E. Devine. | $\frac{1}{2}$ | 0.50 |
| Roxbury . . . . . . . . . . . . . | J. V. Bancroft. . . . . . . . . . | 1 | 1.00 |
| Totals |  | 16 | 24.10 |

The expense of this was borne entirely by the abutters. This table shows that with sixteen carts these contractors watered 24.10 miles of paved streets in the City Proper, South Boston, East Boston, Charlestown, and Roxbury. This watering was done on the streets paved with stone, except a small piece of asphalt on Columbus avenue.
1892.

Summary of Work done which was paid for by the City,

| No. | Districts. | Miles, day work. | Miles, contract work. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | South Boston... | 20.06 | ................. | 20.06 |
| 2 | East Boston ... | 12.78 | ................... | 12.78 |
| 3 | Charlestown.... | 15.00 | ................ | 15.00 |
| 4 | Brighton ...... | 27.00 |  | 27.00 |
| 5 | West Roxbury.. | 52.00 |  | 52.00 |
| 6 | Dorchester | 40.44 | 2.11 | 42.55 |
| 7 | Roxbury ..... | 51.61 |  | 51.61 |
| 8 | South Yard .... | 2.30 | 7.96 | 10.26 |
| 9 | Back Bay..... | 3.35 | 13.03 | 16.38 |
| 10 | North Yard .... | 5.58 | .................. | 5.58 |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 230.12 \\ \text { or about } \\ 3,037,600 \mathrm{sq} \cdot \mathrm{yds} . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 23.10 \\ \text { or about } \\ 486,000 \mathrm{sq} \cdot \mathrm{yds} \text {. } \end{gathered}$ | 253.22 |

Cost of city and day work, exclusive of supervision $\$ 29100$ per mile.
Cost of contract work, exclusive of supervision

$$
75400 \text { ، ، ، }
$$

Total cost of contract and day and city work
(All of the above exclusive of water, water-posts, etc.) Water furnished by Boston Water-Works at no expense.
1892.

Distribution of Carts, showing the Entire Amount of Work done.

| No. | Districts. | City carts. | Hired carts. | Contractors ${ }^{\prime}$ carts. | Total. | Miles. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | South Boston... |  | 8 | 1 | 9 | 21.44 |
| 2 | East Boston . ... |  | 6 | ${ }_{2}^{1}$ | 62 | 13.28 |
| 3 | Charlestown.... | $\cdots$ | 7 | $\frac{1}{2}$ | $7 \frac{1}{2}$ | 15.50 |
| 4 | Brighton . . . . . | $\cdots$ | 11 |  | 11 | 27.00 |
| 5 | West Roxury . | 2 | 15 | ..... .... | 17 | 52.00 |
| 6 | Dorchester.... | 1 | 13 | $\frac{1}{2}$ | 14. $\frac{1}{2}$ | $4 \because .55$ |
| 7 | Roxbury . . . . . | ..... - . | 18 | 2 | 20 | 53.98 |
| 8 | City Proper . . . |  | 6 | $26 \frac{1}{2}$ | 321 | 51.57 |
|  |  | 3 | 84 | 31 | 118 | 277.32 |

Money expended, 1892.

| No. | Districts. | City work. | Contract work. | Day work. | Labor. | Water-posts. | Repair. | Horse-hire. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | South Boston |  |  | \$6,255 00 | \$530 40 |  |  |  | \$6,785 40 |
| 2 | East Boston |  |  | 4,833 00 | 52020 |  |  |  | 5,353 20 |
| 3 | Charlestown |  |  | 5,304 00 | 55590 |  |  |  | 5,859 90 |
| 4 | Brighton |  |  | 9,150 00 | 60945 | \$402 39 | \$1300 |  | 10,174 84 |
| 5 | West iloxbury | \$1,173 00 |  | 12,030 00 | 1,321 70 | 23450 |  |  | 14,759 20 |
| 6 | Dorchester | $39+50$ | \$322 50 | 9,408 00 | 1,235 35 | 16195 |  |  | 11,522 30 |
| 7 | Roxbury |  |  | 13,566 00 | 64470 | 9910 |  |  | 14,309 80 |
| 8 | City Proper |  | 17,102 59 | 4,935 00 | 2,636 48 | 5424 | 68422 | \$330 63 | 25,743 16 |
|  | Total. | \$1,567 50 | \$17,425 09 | \$65,481 00 | \$8,054 18 | \$952 18 | $\$ 69722$ | \$330 63 | \$94,507 80 |

The following table shows the amount expended in streetwatering by the city for the last sixteen years:

| 1877 |  | \$17,593 62 | 1885 |  | \$43,854 68 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1878 |  | . 23,595 02 | 1886 |  | . 44,94035 |
| 1879 |  | . 26,747 18 | 1887 |  | . 51,365 73 |
| 1880 |  | . 33,306 95 | 1888 |  | . 40,58658 |
| 1881 |  | . 36,178 24 | 1889 |  | . 47,837 46 |
| 1882 |  | . 45,79700 | 1890 |  | 57,967 34 |
| 1883 |  | . 53,50229 | 1891 |  | 104,263 62 |
| 1884 |  | 34,51847 | 1892 |  | . 94,507 80 |

## W ater-Posts.

An effort has been made throughout the year to improve the service by a better distribution of water-posts, and old locations have been changed and new ones established whenever it was.evident that more territory could be covered by a given cart by so doing.

$$
\begin{array}{lll}
\text { The whole number in existence February } & 1,1892 & \\
\text { The number abandoned during } 1892 & 271 \\
\text { The number changed in location diring } & 1892 & \text {. } \\
\text { The } & \text {. } & 1 \\
\text { The number established during } 1892 & . & . \\
\text { The } & \text {. } & 69 \\
\text { The whole number now in use . } & \text {. } & \text {. } \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

The following table shows their location by districts :

| District. | 1891. | 1892. | Increase. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| South Boston | 23 | 25 | 2 |
| East Boston | 16 | 23 | 7 |
| Charlestown | 19 | 19 | 0 |
| Brighton*. | 25 | 39 | 15 |
| West Roxbury . | 50 | 59 | 9 |
| Dorchester | 61 | 72 | 11 |
| Roxbury | 53 | 60 | 7 |
| City Proper. | 24 | 42 | 18 |
| Total | 271 | 839 | 69 |

The Water Board have promptly made these changes at the request of the Superintendent of Streets, and an expense of $\$ 952.18$ therefor has been paid by the Street Department.

## Income.

The Street Department during the year watered streets in front of 103 public schools, 14 police-stations, and 28 enginehouses, and received from the several departments having control of the same the following sums :


In addition to the work done for the other city departments and paid for by them, the department, at the request of the abutters, watered Louishurg square, which is a private way, and received the sum of $\$ 100$ therefor. Correspondence was entered into with the abutters on various other private ways, and also with the abutters on side streets which were not watered owing to the smallness of the appropriation, with a view of the department undertaking the work on the payment of the actual cost of watering.

No agreement (outside of the one on Louisburg square) was made, as it was found that the residents would not pay the small individual amount necessary.

A close inspection of the results accomplished this year with those of last year shows that the cost of the work done by the city has decreased, and that the distance covered per day with each team employed by the city has shown an increase.

This is the natural result of better organization and supervision, and an increase in economy and efficiency may be confidently looked for during the year of 1893. The work let by contract (the watering of the Back Bay and the South End), although publicly advertised and awarded to the lowest bidder, in comparison with the work done by the city, shows that a very large price was obtained by the several contractors.

This is accounted for by the fact that contractors in their bids were obliged to make allowance for plant, and also by the fact that the call for salt water in the specification added largely to the cost of watering. It is also invariably the experience that the first time that bids are called for on any work,
the prices obtained are generally high, but each year thereafter a decrease takes place until there is only a reasonable amount of profit in the work. This statement is borne out by the fact that the hid recently opened for street-watering in the South End for the year 1893 shows a falling off in the prices of about 19 per cent., and in the Back Bay of about 26 per cent.

## SANITARY DIVISION.

The work of the Sanitary Division, which includes the removal of house offil and the removal of honse and store dirt and ashes, shows a constant increase from year to year.

The following table shows the number of loads of offal collected and removed in the last ten (10) years:

Amount of House Offal removed.

${ }^{1}$ From January 1, 1891, to February 1, 1892, or 13 months.
Each load of offal is equivalent to fifty-seven (57) cubic feet, and weighs one and one-half ( $1 \frac{1}{2}$ ) tons.

The above table does not include the amount collected by contract in East Boston and Brighton, which amounts to about 5,100 loads per year.

The collection of this material is attended to by practically the same force as last year, 93 offal carts and 175 men being employed, and on contract work 8 offal carts and 16 men, making a total of 101 offal carts and 191 men.

But few complaints have been received concerning the failure of the division to promptly remove offal ; investigation of complaints usually shows that either the offal has not been properly separated from ashes or other honse refuse, as is insisted on in this cily, or else that the receptacles
were deposited in some inaccessible place. If householders would see that the employees have easy access to the receptacles, and that the men are not unnecessarily delayed in this work, the service would be greatly facilitated.

The disposal of this large amount of offal is one of the most serious problems with which the city is confronted.

The disposal has been made during the year in the manner described in last year's report, viz. : The offal from the markets, and offal that is decayed, is put on board a scow and towed to sea; the offal of Charlestown is taken to the yard at Malden bridge and then disposed of to farmers; the offal of East Boston is collected by contractors, and is removed to Revere ; the offal of the City Proper, South Boston, and Dorchester is conveyed to the yard at the South End, and disposed of to farmers, who remove it daily; the offal of Roxbury and West Roxbury is conveyed to the yard on Highland street, and disposed of to farmers; and the offal of Brighton is collected by contract and disposed of ontside of the district.

For two years this subject has been agitated in the public press, but no change has been inangurated in the method of disposal, although the sale of offal to farmers, who feed it to pigs which are afterwards brought to market in this city, has been severely condemned.

The effect of the agitation that has been going on for the past two years is plainly visible in the receipts of the department for the sale of offal, which have fallen off in a marked degree.

Collection and Disposal of Offal.

| Year. | Total amount collected. | A mount sold. | Amount dumped on scow and towed to sea or wasted. | Per cent. wasted to total collection. | Amount of re ceipts from sales. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1891 | 142,616 loads. | 40,492 loads. | 2,124 loads. | 5 per cent. | \$30,672 65 |
| 1892 | 46,343 " | 30,773 " | 15,570 " | 33 " " | 21,282 82 |

${ }^{1}$ Twelve months. $\Delta$ bove table does not include contracts in East Boston and Brighton.
This falling off in receipts is accounted for by the fact that the Boards of Health of many suburban towns have prohibited the carrying on of piggeries within the town limits. Many farmers have therefore been obliged to discontinue the raising of pigs, and the market for the city's offil is becoming more and more restricted.

It is probable that the practice of selling offil for food
purposes will be entirely prohibited within two years, and that a radical change in the method of getting rid of this material must be inaugurated by the city.

As stated in last year's report, there are several ways in which the disposal of offal in the future may be satisfactorily accomplished.

The towing of offal to sea during the past year and dumping it has not given rise to any complaints from neighboring towns. This is entirely due to the care exercised in the selection of the dumping-grounds and the method used in dumping, a description and chart of which were published in last year's report.

This method can be continued in the future, but the amount of offal that can be economically disposed of in this way is limited, as the cost of hauling it from remote sections in West Roxbury or Dorchester to the dumping-scow is so great that some other method of disposal in these districts is necessary.

Two other methods of disposal remain ; viz., cremation and chemical treatment. Propositions concerning both these methods have been submitted to the City Council by parties interested in these processes.

The first proposition, made by I. M. Simonin, of Philadelphia, is as follows:

## Simonin Proposition.

Philadelphia, Pa., October 12, 1892.

## To the Mayor, the Boarl of Aldermen, and Common Councit of the City of Boston, Mass.:

Gentlemen: We beg to submit the following proposal for the utilization of your kitchen garbage:

We agree to transfer to the city of Boston, for its perpetual and exclusive use, all right, title, and interest in the system known as the "Simonin process," a scientific means for the sanitary and economic disposal of vegetable and kitchen garbage. This process includes the letters-patent and all papers pertaining to the said patented process and apparatus, any future improvements, and all necessary buildings (the city providing the ground), to make a completely equipped plant for the treatment of this refuse.

For the sum of $\$ 160,000$ we will construct a plant and guaruntee it will treat 140 tons of kitchen garbage daily.

For the sum of $\$ 175,000$ we will construct a plant and guarantee it will treat 160 tons of kitchen garbage daily.

For the sum of $\$ 185,000$ we will construct a plant and guarantec it will treat 180 tons of kitchen garbage daily.

On assignment of patent and signing of contract and bond, the eity to pay $\$ 40,000$, and future payments to be mutually agreed upon. This plant then to be managed by us, under a lease given by the eity, for a period of 20 years, with the privilege of renewal for a similar period, and to be operated by us or our assigns for the purpose for which it was constructed; and we agree to pay to the city, in quarterly payments, an
annual rental of $\$ 3.200$ if a plant is built of 140 tons daily capacity ; or $\$ 3,500$ if a plant is built of 160 tons daily capacity ; or $\$ 3,700$ if a plant is built of 180 tons daily capacity.

We also agree under this proposal to dispose of daily, of crude vegetable and animal kitchen garbage, free of cost to the city or contractor, an amount equal to the guaranteed capacity of the plant.

When, however, the city, owing to the natural growth in population or other causes, delivers an excess of the capacity of the plant, the city then to pay to the lessees the sum of 45 cents per ton on all excess of the said daily capacity. The additional apparatus necessary to scientifically and sanitarily treat this excess to be paid for by the lessces, and at the expiration of the contract the plant to revert to the city, and all apparatus to be in good workmanlike condition, the city paying a just valuation for the additional apparatus.
We further propose that the plant can be used, in case of an epidemic, as a city disinfecting station.

If given the contract, we will file a $\$ 25,000$ bond for the faithful performance of the same.

> Respectfully submitted,

Simonin \& Sinionin.
The above-described method, which contemplates treating the offal by chemicals, is the one now in successful operation at Providence, and has lately been adopted by the city of Cincinnati. It has the merit of so treating the offal that whatever valuable constituents are present are utilized.

The offal, on arrival at the works, is placed in specially constructed crates, which in turn are stacked on to an iron truck which is then run on a track into a large iron "extractor." This extractor (of which there are six in operation at Providence) is cylindrical in shape, eighteen feet long and six feet in diameter. The end of the extractor is removable and fastens on with screw-bolts, after the trucks (three of which are put in each extractor) have been wheeled in. It is then hermetically sealed. No attempt is made to sort over the offal or deprive it of water before treatment.

It can be immediately loaded on the crates and put in the extractor. This is one of the most valuable features of this process, for beyond the actual handling of the offal there is no further nuisance. After being placed in the "extractor" the offal is completely immersed in a chemical reagent which is pumped into the extractor.

This reagent does not mix with the water, but acts as a solvent for the grease which is present. Hot steam is then passed through coils of pipe in the extractors, which has the effect of volatilizing the chemical reagent, which passes off in vapor into storage vats. A large part of the water in the offal is displaced, owing to its specific gravity, and the balance passes off with the vapor of the reagent and is then condensed.

After being treated in this manner several times (without, however, removing it from the extractor, which is kept hermetically sealed) the offal becomes entirely dried, and is also freed from all grease, which has passed off with the reagent. The offal when removed from the crates is perfectly dry, hats no odor, and is entirely harmless. It is ground up in a mill and sold as a dryer for fertilizer. It contains about 4.4 per cent. of ammonia and 9 per cent. of free phosphate of lime, and is in itself a fertilizer for some plants.

The grease which is extracted is sold for the manafacture of soap, candles, etc., and there is always a market for it.

As fiar as being a sanitary process for the disposal of offal, this process is almost perfect; for, from the time the offal is put into the retort until it comes out dry and odorless, it has been hermetically sealed up, and there is but little odor either in the building or in the gases given off from the chimney. The plant in Providence is less than ten minutes' walk from the union depot.

## Engle Process.

This is entirely a process of cremation. The offal is entirely burned up, and no attempt is made to cull out any portion of it for special sale. The only commercial product is the ashes, which must be rehandled and teamed off to some dumping-ground.

The principal distinctive feature of the Engle furnace is the fact that two fires are used: one to burn the garbage, and the other to burn and destroy the escaping smoke and gases before being sent out into the open air. The furnace for a thirty-ton per day plant consists of a rectangular brick structure 42 feet long, $9 \frac{1}{2}$ feet wide, $12 \frac{1}{2}$ feet high, outside measurements, with a stack at one end, 30 feet of which is of brick and 60 of iron.

At each end of the furnace, on a line with the garbage grates, are fire-boxes; the flues at the stack end leading into the chimney are closed by heavy fire-clay slabs. The interior walls are lined by heavy fire-clay blocks accurately fitted together, backed on the outside by a heavy brick wall, braced and bonded together with stays, rods, and angle irons.

The crematory is covered by a house of galvanized corrugated iron, the entrance to which is so arranged that temms cam drive in upon the platform directly from the street, and dump their loads upon a chute made of steel plates, which slope toward a number of holes in the top of the furnace,
one hole being large enough to admit the bodies of dead animals.

These holes are covered with fire-clay plates which can be taken out readily. When removed, no odor escapes, as the draught is downward. The garbage thus dumped upon the grates comes in immediate contact with the strong flames, and is consumed; the escaping smoke and gases pass across to the second fire. The flames from the second fire are by the action of a strong draught brought back underneath the garbage grates, heating the mass intensely from below.

Stoke holes conveniently arranged admit of an occasional stirring of the garbage upon the grates. It is claimed that all the odors, gases, and products of combustion passing through one or both fires must be completely destroyed before being discharged into the air. To operate such a plant it is claimed that only from one to one and one-half tons of coal per day are required, and the services of two men when burning 10 or 15 tons of garbage per day.

This process is in operation in Lowell, Mass., in Chicago, Ill., Tampa and Jacksonville, Fla., Savannah, Ga., and several other places. The following official communication to His Honor the Mayor is the only statement submitted to this city for consideration up to date, by the company representing the Engle System.

## The Engle Sanitary and Cremation Company.

Jamies C. Savery, President.
James Callahan, Treasurer. Des Moines, Iowa.

Represented in New York by

New York, October 29, 1892.
To the Honorable the Mayor, the Board of Aldermen, and the Common Council of the City of Boston:
Gentlemen: Understanding that the city of Boston proposes to investigate the various methods and systems for the disposal of the garbage and waste of the city, the Engle Sanitary and Cremation Company respectfully represent:

That the company has constructed and put into successful operation thirty different cremating furnaces of the Engle pattern in twenty-two cities and towns of this comntry.

That the company is now constructing eremating furuaces to destroy the garbage and waste of the World's Columbian Exposition, at Chicago, Ill., and are building large cremators at several other points.

That from examination of the situation in Boston it is the belief of this company that the garbage of the city can be destroyed by cremation, with entire sanitary protection, at a moderate expense.

That this work can be done at four different localities within the city limits, which will compel the garbage and waste to be brought but com-
paratively short distances, and ensure the speedy destruction of all offensive and worthless matters at places near to the field of production and collection.

That it is the opinion of the Engle Company that the cost of handling and tramsportation of garbage and waste will be materially reduced, and the present expense lessened, by the adoption of the method of eremation at these several localities.

That the employment of the Engle System of Garbage Disposal at other cities where it has been in continnons operation for a series of years warrants the belief and opinion that the same methods will be found equally valuable if brought into use in the city of Boston.

The Engle Company will, if desired, submit plans and drawings aceompanied by detailed statements and definite proposals showing the cost of proposed Engle cremating furnaces, and the expense of operation and maintenance of same, and respectfully petition for a hearing before the proper authorities having charge of this matter.

Very respectfully,
The Engle Sanitary and Cremation Company, (Signed) W. F. Monse, General Agent.

## Merz Process.

This process, which is strictly a chemical reduction process, as actually operated in some cities in this country, requires, for a one-hundred ton per day plant, twelve driers and five extractors. The driers are made of concentric cylinders, one within the other, hung horizontally below the receiving-floor.

The inner cylinder receives the garbage through a hopper, opening to the delivery-floor, and carries a reel made of riveted steel and revolving through the longitudinal axis of the drier.

The outer cylinder is nothing more tham a jacket, into which superheated steam is admitted at a temperature of about $300^{\circ}$ Fahrenheit. The time required for drying one cytinder full of garbage is usually from five to six hours.

Before the garbage passes through the hopper into the drier, it is sorted over so that the old cans, junk, bottles, pieces of rags, etc., are sorted out and disposed of independently of the process. As the drying process goes on the watery vapors pass off throngh 12 -inch pipes to a set of condensers, and thence into the sewer.

On the bottom of each drier is a steam-tight door, through which the contents are withdrawn upon a belt conveyer, which transmits it directly to the extractors. The extractors are circular, upright tanks with a false bottom, in which for six hours the product from the driers is subjected to a benzine bath, by means of which the oily constituents are wholly removed. The benzine is then driven off and recondensed, the oil withdrawn to the storage tanks, and the dry residue conveyed to a storehouse, where, after sifting, the fine, dry product is put up in bags and sent to market.

By this process all moisture is driven off at a high temperature, and the decomposable acids are so changed that the product delivered is no longer subject to decomposition, even upon long standing.

Little or no gas is given off, owing to insufficient temperature for the decomposition of the vegetable fibre to take place, the organic vegetable matter deprived of its watery composition having no tendency to decomposition by exposure to the air.

Dead animals are separately treated in special driers similar in every respect to those used for ordinary garbage, except that they have a special connecting-pipe for filling. The larger animals being first cut up, and the skins being saved, are thrown into the upright boiler, sealed from the air, and boiled for some hours by superheated steam, till the parts are reduced in size so as to slip easily through the valve chute into the driers. From this point on the animal matter is treated in exactly the same manner as ordinary garbage.

The cost of destroying this garbage in an inoffensive manner is stated to be nine cents per 100 pounds, or $\$ 1.80$ per ton, to the extent of 100 tons per day.

The products of the factory are two: grease and fertilizing material, both of which are marketable and in demand.

The success of this process depends largely upon the proper disposal of these products.

## Brown Developing Process.

The Brown Developing Company have erceted a patent furnace (at their own expense) on Albany street, and the department is now conducting experiments in the burning of garbage, with a view of ascertaining the exact cost of disposal. The process is entirely one of cremation, no attempt being made to extract any of the valuable constituents of the garbage.

## General Discussion.

The disposal of offal is largely a question of expense and whether or not a nuisance is created in the disposal, and comes down to the disputed question as to whether offal should be treated for the valuable constituents which are alleged to be present by parties interested in the chemical treatment of offal, or whether the offal should be regarded as a waste product of civilization which should be burned up and destroyed.

If the offal can be treated chemically and valuable products be produced from such treatment, it would seem the
proper system to pursue, if the method is conducted without producing a nuisance.

Compared with any system of cremation, it is believed that the operation of treating offal chemically can be conducted with the least nuisance.

In regard to the proposition made to the city of Boston for chemical treatment and cremation, an investigation would seem to show the following results :

First. If the proposition to treat the offal chemically by the Simonin process was accepted, the city of Boston would be obliged to invest the sum of $\$ 175,000$ for the purchase of a plant which would be run by the owners of the process, who would pay an annual rental for the privilcge of treating the offal and disposing of the manufactured product. The interest on the invested capital of the city (at a percentage which would allow of the establishment of a sinking-fund to renew the plant) plus the miscellaneous expenses, and less the amount received as rental ( $\$ 3,500$ ), would represent the annual outlay on the part of the city, and would amount to abont $\$ 10,000$.

The above argument assumes that the owners of the process are put under bonds so that the capital the city invests in the plant is secure, and the ruming of the plant for the specified term of years is guaranteed.

Second. If the proposition to treat the offal by cremation was accepted, the city of Boston would be obliged to invest the sum of about $\$ 80,000$ in plant, and would then be at the expense of ranning the plant and destroying the offil. The cost of this method of disposal is a very uncertain question. It has been stated in various places as ranging from thirty cents to one dollar a ton.

It is safe to assume that offal in the city of Boston would cost, at least, seventy-five cents per ton to destroy, and even if mixed with all the available house and store dirt which could be collected in the vicinity, and which would serve as fuel, the cost would not be less than seventy cents per ton.

The destraction of one hundred and sixty tons of oftial would require a yearly expenditure, including interest on plant and sinking-fund of about \$30,000.

The future disposal of the offal will probably be effected in the following manner, and steps should at once be taken to inaugurate the method:

First. All offial collected in the vicinity of the wharf where the present dumping-lonat is located should be taken there, and then towed to sea. If new dumping-whares are established, either in East Boston, Charlestown, South

Boston, or the North End, all the offal of these districts should also be disposed of at sea.

Second. A central place (such as the site of the old small-pox hospital at the South Bay) should be selected and a plant erected for the disposal of offal by chemical treatment.

It would be advisable to dispose of the offal of Roxbury, the South End, and parts of Dorchester, City Proper, and South Boston at this place. The amount of offal to be treated at this station would amount, at the present time, to about 100 tons per day, and would ultimately increase to about 160 tons per day.

Third. As the erection of a chemical-treatment plant could not be undertaken unless a considerable amount of offal can be treated, it would be necessary to establish several small cremation plants : one to be located in Brighton, another in West Roxbury, and another in Dorchester.

By adopting the above-described system the greatest economy would be effected, as the offal would be disposed of in the vicinity where it is collected, and the expense of hauling the material long distances would be done away with.

In order to show the capacities of the various offal wagons, the following measurements of various city carts were taken at random, and the average computed therefrom :

| No. of Wagon. | Measurement of Wagons. | Weight of Offal. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ${ }^{1} \mathrm{Cd} . \mathrm{ft} . \quad \mathrm{Cu} . \mathrm{ft}$. | Pounds. |
| 1 | $3 \frac{9}{16}=57$ | 3,040 |
| 4 | $3{ }^{\frac{9}{6}}=57$ | 3,090 |
| 5 cesspool wagon | $3 \frac{4}{16}=52$ | 2,925 |
| 6 | $3{ }_{1}^{\frac{9}{6}}=57$ | 3,120 |
| 7 | $3{ }_{1} \frac{9}{6}=57$ | 2,990 |
| 9 | $3 \frac{9}{16}=57$ | 2,980 |
| 10 | $3 \frac{9}{16}=57$ | 3,220 |
| 13 | $3 \frac{10}{16}=58$ | 3,340 |
| 15 | $3 \frac{9}{16}=57$ | 2,910 |
| 17 | $3 \frac{9}{16}=57$ | 3,360 |
| 19 | $3 \frac{10}{16}=58$ | 3,280 |
| 20 | $3 \frac{9}{16}=57$ | 3,510 |
| 21 | $3{ }^{\frac{9}{16}}={ }_{57}$ | 3,205 |
| 22 | $3 \frac{9}{16}=57$ | 3,510 |
| 26 | $3 \frac{10}{16}=58$ | 3,100 |
| 27 | $3 \frac{10}{16}=58$ | 3.460 |
| 30 | $3{ }_{\frac{1}{16}}=57$ | 3,300 |
| 33 | $3 \frac{9}{16}=57$ | 2.910 |
| 38 | $3 \frac{9}{16}=57$ | 3,140 |
| 53 Roxbury | $3 \frac{5}{16}=53$ | 2,860 |
| 54 ، | $3 \frac{5}{16}=53$ | 3,190 |
| 61 " | $3{ }_{1}^{5}=53$ | 2,770 |
| 64 " | $3{ }^{\frac{4}{6}}=52$ | 2,710 |
| 79 ، | $3{ }^{\frac{9}{16}}=57$ | 2,835 |
| Total . . . . | $84 \frac{6}{16}=1,350$ | 74,755 |
| Average ........... | $3334=56.25$ | 3,115 |

[^0]Force Employed.

| City Force. |  | Hired Teams. | Contract Teams. <br> E. Boston. | Contract Teams. Brighton. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sub-foreman .... | 1 |  |  |  |
| Offal clerks .... | 2 |  |  |  |
| Teamsters | 67 | 9 | 6 | 2 |
| Helptrs.................. | 85 | 9 | 6 | 2 |
| Dumpers .............. | 2 |  |  |  |
| Total . | 157 | 18 | 12 | 4 |

Grand total, 191 men.

## Removal of Ashes.

The removal of ashes and house and store dirt has been attended to during the year by an average force of 202 men , 179 city carts, and 5 carts by an East Boston contractor. This work shows a constint increase from year to year, as will be seen in the following table, and is an indication of the actual growth of the city :

## Ayount of Ashes and House and Store Dirt REMOVED.

| Year. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | er of Loads. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1882 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 159,197 |
| 1883 | . | . | . | . | - | . | . | - | 169,610 |
| 1884 | - | - | - | - | . | . | . | - | 182,642 |
| 1885 | . | - | - | - | . | . | . | - | 193,734 |
| 1886 | - | - | - | - | . | . | . | - | 209,129 |
| 1887 | . | - | - | - | - | . | . | - | 220,186 |
| 1888 | - | - | - | - | - | . | . | - | 233,514 |
| 1889 | - | . | - | . | - | . | - | - | 227,325 |
| 1890 | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | 245,730 |
| $1891{ }^{1}$ | - | - | - | - | . | - | - | - | 313,464 |
| 1892 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 303,878 |

Each load of ashes is equivalent to 43 cubic feet.
This enormous amount of waste material is used largely for the purpose of filling low and swampy lands.

The following table shows the disposition of this material for 1892, together with the amount of house offal and the portion of street sweepings that were disposed of by the Sanitary Division :

|  | Amount collected. | Deposited on Low Land. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Towed to } \\ & \text { Sea. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Loads. | Loads. | Loads. |
| House and store dirt | 303,878 | 220,615 | 83,263 |
| House offal. | 46,343 | 7,963 | 7,607 |
| Street sweepings | 33,370 |  | 33,370 |
| Total | 383,591 | 299,678 | 124,240 |

The filling in of low land within the city limits is progressing at such a rapid rate, that the procuring of dumps convenient to the locality where the material is collected is a matter of extreme difficulty. A large amount of material has to be hauled a long distance, which adds largely to the cost of disposal.

The filling in of the so-called State Dump in South Boston has done away with one of the most accessible dumps. It would seem to be a wise proceeding on the part of the city of Boston to acquire a large area of flats in the so-called South Bay. The filling of these flats, which are covered with five or six feet of water at high tide, would take several years.

The city would not only acquire territory which for years would be available for a central dumping-station, but the rise in valuation of this land when filled to grade twelve would be enormous, and would prove a most profitable investment. The gradual filling in of this territory would do away with the nuisance existing when these flats are uncovered. The South Bay in its present condition is a menace to the health of the community, and the city should acquire the territory and fill it in.

Comparative Statement of Number of Loads of Ashes collected during 16 Weeks of the Summer and 16 Weeks of the Winter.

| Summer. |  |  |  | Loads. | Winter. | Loads. | Diffיrence for Winter |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| May | 4, 1889, to | Aug. | 23,1889 | 60,909 | Nov. 30, 1889, to Mar. 1, 1890 | 82,866 | 20,257 |
| " | 2,1890, " | " | 21, 1890 | 65,239 | " 1,1890, " " 13,1891 | 93,600 | 28,421 |
| ' | 2.1891, " | " | 21,1891 | 76,625 | Oct. 31, 1891, "Fob. 19, 1892 | 100,2:23 | 23,598 |
| Apr. | 30, 1892, " | " | 19, 1892 | 82,03 4 |  |  |  |

## Tow-Boat.

The recommendation made in last year's report to the effect that a new tow-boat should be provided capable of doing the work of the sewer and sanitary division was favorably acted on by the government, and a first-class boat is now in course of construction.

The work of garbage disposal at sea will be conducted by May 1 in dumping-boats towed by the department tug, thus affecting a large saving in expense.

The boat is being built by the Atlantic. Works of East Boston, who were the lowest bidders. The contract price is $\$ 23,994$, and the boat will be ready in April.

No action has been taken on the recommendation that a new dumping-wharf be procured at the North End. At the time this recommendation was made, there were several wharves available which have since been bought by steamship companies.

The procuring of a suitable wharf will now be a matter of some difficulty, even if an appropriation is made.

In July last an injunction was asked of the Superior Court by the Boston and Portsmouth Steamship Company, against the use of the Fort Hill wharf as a dumping-wharf, on the ground that it was a nuisance to the company and the passengers using its steamships running to the Isles of Shoals and Portsmouth from Snow's Areh wharf. After consideration of the testimony the court refused to grant the injunction, as it was shown that it was imperative for the city to maintain this wharf as a dumping-station. Grave doults exist as to the court's having the same opinion when it comes to a final hearing of the case.

The advisability of the department having another wharf is manifest, as it would be a very serious matter it, for any reason, the present wharf could not be used, even for a short time.

The refuse material which has been towed to sea and dumped during the year has been conveyed in the Barney dumping-scows in use by the city. The contract for towing has been evenly divided between the Boston and the Commercial Wharf Tow-Boat Companies at the same favorable prices as were made last year.

The recommendation made in last year's report, that the city purchase a second dumping-boat in place of leasing one, has not received consideration from the government.

The plant of the department has been kept in a high state of efficiency throughout the year. It is doubtful if a superior lot of horses or carts employed in the collection of
offal can be found in any city in this country. Many of these horses weigh 1,550 pounds. and their appearance is the suliject of filvorable comment from visiting officials.

## SEIWER DIVISION.

The past year has been the most active in respect to sewer construction in the history of the division; $71,381.85$ feet of sewers have been built by the city, and 22,503.34 feet designed and superintended for parties who desired to build their own sewers, under the form of release which is provided for this purpose. As the entire cost of small sewers now falls on the abutters under the law of $18!2$, it is probable that the building of sewers by private parties will increase, as a feeling exists that work done by contract can he done cheaper than by the regular foree of the division. In anticipation of greater ativity in this method of sewerbuilding, the following form of release has been prepared, under which parties are allowed to construct their own sewers:

Know all men by these presents, Tiat , the undersigned, owners of real estate on a street c:alled
street, Ward , in the City of Boston, County of Suffolk, and Commonwealth of Massachusetts. In consideration of the gramting to by the City of Boston of the right to construct or extend al sewer in said street, and connect the same with the public sewer
in street without charge, hereby agree to furnish all the material neccssiry for the proper construction of suid sewer, except the manhole frames and covers, which shall be furnished by the (ity of Boston, and to build said sewer at own expense, miler the supervision of an inspector appointed by the City of Boston (whom hercby agree to pay weekly for said supervision at the rate of three dollars and tifty cents per day), and according to a plan prepared by the Superintendent of Streets. And finther agree that said sewer, when completed to the acceptance of said Superintendent of Strects, shall become the property of said city without any claim for compensittion on part, and do hereby release unto said city all right, title, and interest in and to said sewer, reserving to the right of dainage into said sewer for such a part of each of lots abutting on said sewer as shall lie within one hundred and twentyfive fret of the line of the aforesaid strect, free of expense of any sewer assessment, except such as may be levied on any of aforesaid lots, on account of a sewer being constructed by the said cily in any other street or strip of land on which afferesaid lots may now or hereatter abut. also further agree that the work on said sewer shall be diligently prosecuted from its commencement, and completed within days from the date of begiming.

In witness whereof, this day of
Witness to signatures,
have hereto set
189

Suffole, ss.
Boston,
hands and seals

Then personally appeared the above-named
and acknowledged the foregoing instrument to be free act and deed. Before me,

Justice of the Peace.

## Metropolitan Sewer.

The whole sewage from the Charles-river Valley System passes through the Boston Main Drainage Works, and after heing raised by the pumps at Dorchester is discharged at Moon Island.

As compensation for the expense of pumping, repairs, etc., occasioned by caring for this sewage, which is furnished by Brookline, Newton, Watertown, and Waltham, and in accordance with the authority given by the Board of Aldermen and approved by His Honor the Mayor, November 21, 1891, the following eontract between the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and the City of Boston was entered into :

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts, acting by Hosea Kingman, Tilly Haynes, and Harvey N. Collison, constituting the Board of Metropolitan Sewerage Commissioners, all duly appointed and acting under the authority of chapter four humdred and thirty-nine of the acts of the year eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, and the City of Boston, acting by Henry H. Carter, its Superintendent of Streets, hereto duly authorized, on this sisteenth day of April, in the year eighteen hundred and ninety-two, agree:

1. Said city shall take into its sewers, at the corner of Huntington avenue and Gainsborough street, in said city, all the sewage cansed by said commissioners to be discharged at that point from the system of sewers constructed by them under the authority of said act, and shall convey said sewage through its system of sewers and discharge the same at the outlet thereof at Moon Island, for the term of four years from the first day of January, eighteen hundred and ninety-two.
2. Said Commonwealth shall reimburse said city for any and all damages, costs, and expenses which said city may be required to pay to others from injuries resulting from the discharge of said sewer into its said sewers, or from conveying the said sewage through its own sewers, or from the discharge of said sewage into the waters of Boston harbor, and will hold the city harmless on account thereof, and shall assume the defence of all actions which may be brought against said city for any of said matters, and shall pay any judgments which may be obtained in said suits a gainst said city.
3. Said Commonwealth shall pay to said city, in each of the years eighteen hundred and ninety-two, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, and eightcen hundred and ninety-four the sum of twenty-three thousand dollars, and in the year eighteen hundred and ninety-five the sum of

twenty-four thousand dollars, the first payment to be made on the first day of July next in the sum of eleven thonsand five hundred dollins, and thereafter on the first day of October, January, April, and July, in each of said years, in proportional parts of said yearly payments.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

| (Signed) | By Mosea Kingman, |
| :---: | :---: |
| (Signed) | Tilly Haynes, |
| (Signed) | Harvey N. Collison, |

Metropolitan Sewerage Commissioners. City of Boston.
(Signed)
Approsed April 27, 1892. N. Matthews, Jr., Mayor.

## Tests of Sewer Covers.

Owing to the fact that adverse criticism was made concerning the price paid by the department for iron sewer castings, a comparative test was made of the covers purehased and used, which cost $2 \frac{1}{4}$ cents per lb., and covers offered to the department by dealers at 2 cents per pound.

February 24, 1892, two sewer covers and frames, one costing $2 \frac{1}{4}$ cents and the other 2 cents per lb ., were sent by the purchasing agent, Mr. J. W. McDonald, to the Watertown Arsenal, to be subjected to transverse tests and tests by tension under the United States testing-machine of 800 ,000 pounds capacity, from which the following results were obtained :

## Transverse Tests. <br> (See diagram)

The corers were supported on bars 18 in. apart, and loaded on the top at the centre.

The load on top earried on the four central projecting points of the castings.

No. 8,263 . Cover marked A (purchased by department at the price of $2 \frac{1}{2}$ cents per 1 b . ; weight, $210 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{los}$.; ultimate strength, $65,800 \mathrm{lbs}$.

Fratured afong diameter of cover, through line of seren cored holes.
Appearance of fracture, medium fine gramular.
No. 8,264 . Cover marked B (offered by dealer at 2 cents per lb.; weight, $206 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{lbs}$; ultimate strength, $41,700 \mathrm{lbs}$.

Fractured, 3 -in. eccentric, across cover through line of seven cored holes.

Appearance of fracture, medimm fine granular.


In view of the fact that a sewer manhole cover made of inferior iron gave way under the weight of a heavy team, and the city was in consequence subjected to heavy damages, the policy of the department in buying only first-class castings should be continued.

## SEWERS.

## City Proper and Back Bay Districts.

The sewers in Fayette, Beverly, Billerica, and Commercial streets were mentioned in last year's report as being in a tumble-down condition. Nothing has been done upon them. They should be rebuilt this year.

There are three localities in this city the condition of which is exceedingly bad from a sanitary point of view : the first of these is the Canal-street district, the second is Faneuil Hall Market, and the third is the Harrison avenue district.

The condition of the nirst of these, Canal street, was fully described last year. It is not necessary to go into a full explanation this year; suffice it to say that the sewers are filled from one to three feet deep with sewage sludge, which has been accumulating now about ten years.

It is doubtful whether there could be anywhere found sewers in worse condition than some in this district. Much of the district drained by these sewers is occupied by crowded tenement-houses.

In view of the great danger that cholera may find a lodgment in this city the coming year in spite of quarantine measures, it would be inexcusable to postpone the rebuilding of these sewers any longer. Work should be begun upon them at the earliest possible moment, for it would be perbaps even more dangerous to stir up this mass of pollution during hot weather than to let it remain.

The softer portions of the accumblation might be pumped into the West-side intercepting sewer, and flushed away,
down to Moon Island, but the heavier portions will have to be shovelled up and carted off, and this cleaning work should be done before hot weather.

The condition of the second locality, Faneuil Hall Market, was also fully described in last year's report.

It ought not to be necessary to be obliged to argue very strongly in favor of having perfect sanitary arrangements for this market, where such a large proportion of the food supply of the city is handled. Not only is its condition now far from perfect, but in fact it is about as bad as it can be.

Plans are now ready for sewering this market properly, the estimated cost being $\$ 10,000$.

If this work is done before the sewer is built across the city, as recommended last year, for the relief of the Canalstreet district, it will be necessary to run a pipe from the market down South Market street to the intercepting sewer in Atlantic avenue, at an additional cost of $\$ 3,500$; if the sewer across the city is built at once, this will not be necessary.

The third locality is the Harrison-avenue district, which lies mostly in Roxbury, and will be treated under that head.

Attention must be called again to the Falmouth and Caledonia street sewer, which is badly settled and broken. It is liable to fall in and cut off the dranage of quite a large territory. About 360 feet of it should be rebuilt.

Trouble was experienced last year on the Back Bay from the flooding of cellars during an musually heavy rain, which occurred at about the time of high tide.

Whenever an extraordinarily heavy rain occurs, there will be danger of flooding cellars in low districts, becanse the surface water from the streets must fill the sewer system to a level somewhat higher than that of the tide before it can force its way out.

The ticle often rises above the established grade of cellars, and, although it does not remain long at its extreme height, if a heavy rain happens to occur at the same time, the cellars will be in danger, unless the volume or storage capacity of the sewer system is large enough to store the storm-water until the tide has subsided.

A calculation has been made of the storage capacity, or the length of time required to fill each of the four Back Bay sewer-systems mentioned below with different amounts of rainfall.

|  | Rate of rainfall, <br> 1 in . per hour. | Rate of rainfall, 2.70 in. per hour |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Berkeley street | 14 minutes. | 5 minutes. |
| Dartmouth street | 14 minutes. | 5 minutes. |
| Fairfield street | 15 minutes. | 5 minutes. |
| Hereford street . | 12 minutes. | 4 minute |

2.70 inches per hour is the rate at which the rain fell in the storm referred to, August 12 and 13, 1892. It will be seen that the storage capacity of these systems is very little.

A method of giving relief to these old systems is to build larger storm-water outlets to Charles river.

The sewers which have been built on the Back Bay the past two years have all been built large enough to afford more storage capacity.

The Hull-strect sewer, an old wood, stone, and brick affair, should be rebuilt.

The sewer in South Margin street is in bad condition, and needs to be rebuilt.

There has been more trouble from flooding of cellars on Essex street near Edinboro street.

The large sewer built in Essex street in 1889 should be extended from Kingston to Chauncy street, and the regulators, tide-gates, etc., necessary to complete this Essex and Federal street system should be built as explained last year. There have also been cellars flooded on Harvard street.

This sewer should be rebuilt and the regulator and enlarged storm-overflow, which forms a part of the lastmentioned system, should be built.

The houses on the water side of Beacon street have never been connected with the sewer system, but have drained directly into Charles river. Surveys have been made, and two alternative plans have been prepared, one for a sewer in the back street and another for a sewer in Beacon street. One or the other of these schemes will, undoubtedly, be carried out the coming year.

## Work done during 1892.

Nine thousand nine hundred and seventy-four linear feet of sewers were built last year in the city proper and Back Bay by the city, and 151 feet by private parties.

This includes 2,492 feet of large brick storage sewer on Commonwealth avenue, and 409 feet on Beacon street.

The Brookline-avenue sewer, built in 1884, and useless until this year, has been carried under Muddy river and connected with the Metropolitan sewer.

Other sewers built last year in this district require no especial mention.

## South Boston District.

The sewer in Dorchester avenue, between First street and Broadway, should be rebuilt as soon as the frost is out of the ground, as it is on the point of falling in.

In regard to the sewers in the south-west part of the peninsula, having outlets at $B$ and Seventh streets and $D$ street, about the same remarks must be made as were last year ; the unsatisfactory service which the sewers give is due not to defects in the sewers where the trouble occurs, but is due to the defective condition of the outlets.

If the outlet recommended last year (and for which plans are in readiness) should be built, these troubles would disappear.

A plan has been prepared for an overflow sewer for the South Boston intercepting sewer, on the location of the old Kemp-street sewer.

Flooding of cellars has occurred on Mercer and Vale streets, cuused by the insufficient size of the sewer in Mercer street.

It should be rebuilt, and will require about 400 feet of 3 ft. 9 in. circular brick sewer.

## Work done during 1892.

Seven hundred and fifty-five linear feet of sewers were built by the city by contract in South Boston, and 462 feet by private parties.

The first item includes 529 feet of $4 \mathrm{ft} . \times 5 \mathrm{ft}$. wooden sewer, which completes the overflow relief sewer for the D and First street district.

## East Boston District.

Several outlets should be extended to deep water. Eaglesquare outlet should be extended 250 feet, Jeffreys-street outlet about 160 feet, Decatur-street outlet, near Border street, about 200 feet, and the outlet at Dock No. 13 about 450 feet.

An important work, which should be attended to this year, is the extension of the Orleans-street sewer to a junction with the Porter-street outlet.

The old sewer in Orleans street, between Sumner and Maverick streets, has been rebuilt already on the proper grade to connect with the Porter-street outlet.

This grade being lower, by about a foot and a balf, than that of the Sumner-street sewer throngh which it finds its outlet temporarily, it is dammed up that much at the present time.

When the sewer is built through the extension of Orleans street, this damming up will cease, and the new outlet will convey the storm-water from abont 32 acres, mostly high land in the vicinity of Webster, Sumner, and Cottage streets,
directly to the Porter-street outlet, thus relieving the Bremenstreet sewer, which is now overcharged, between Decatur and Porter streets.

It will require about 650 feet of 4 -ft. circular brick sewer, and the same amount of $4-\mathrm{ft}$. square wooden sewer.

Wesley-street sewer is broken down and should be rebuilt this year, as a portion of Paris and Meridian streets drains through it.

Havre street, between Marion and Porter streets, is in bad condition, and the same is true of London street between the same limits.

At Orient Heights there are a large number of houses which need sewerage on Leyden street, west of Breed street. It will take 1,800 feet of sewer in Leyden street itself, equally divided between brick and pipe sewer, and as the street slopes away from Breed street, it will take 640 feet more of brick sewer for an outlet for it. Ashley avenue also needs sewerage, between Breed and Bennington streets; this will take 750 feet of brick sewer.

The Metropolitan Drainage Commission are about to begin the branch sewers which are to encircle the island, and it is probable that the greater portion of them will be built this year. This department will have to make the necessary connections between the common sewers and the intercepting sewer, which will involve a large outlay.

There are twenty-one outlets in East Boston at present. As soon as the siphon under Belle Isle Inlet is built, the State sewer will be completed from the Pumping-station in East Boston to Point Shirley, and it is hoped that arrangements may be made with the commissioners to use it with a tentporary outlet at Point Shirley to take the sewage of Orient Heights and the adjoining part of East Boston this year, and do away with the nuisance at Orient Heights.

## Work done during 1892.

Six thousand nine hundred and forty-five linear feet of sewers and 547 feet of surface drains were built by the city last year. This includes 872 feet of large brick sewer and 658 feet of pipe sewer built at Orient Heights.

The Cottage-street sewer has been carried out to the Por-ter-street outlet by building 1,181 feet of brick and wood sewer on piles.

Moore street and Lamson street outlets are being carried out to deep water, in order to abate nuisances caused by the sewage lodging upon the flats at these places.

## Charlestown District.

The district in the vicinity of Arlington avenue and Alford street will require a considerable amount of sewer building. A system of separate house sewers should be built here to connect with the Metropolitan sewer. That portion of the district lying south-east of Dorrance street should be drained into the Metropolitan main sewer, which runs through the new park, about 40 feet south-east of and parallel with Alford street.

The remainder should be connected with the Arlington branch of the Metropolitan sewer, near the Somerville line. The first-mentioned portion of the district will require about 2,700 feet of pipe sewers, and the second portion about 3,200 feet to sewer all the existing streets.

A portion of these sewers should be built the coming year, as a temporary overboard outlet can be given them until the Metropolitan system goes into operation. If these sewers are all made 15 -inch pipes, the system will afford a storage of 30 to 50 minutes for the house sewage and a small portion of roof water, which is probably sufficient for this district.

The existing sewers will serve to carry the surface water from the streets, but in the streets at present unsewered, surface drains will have to be built. The streets will require in the aggregate about 2,100 feet of pipe drains at a shallow depth, but these will not need to be built until the streets are improved.

A very large area lying hetween Rutherford avenue and the Somerville line, which formerly consisted of mill ponds and tidal flats, has been filled in by the railroad companies during the last few years. These spaces used to be available for storm outlets for all the sewers coming down the westerly side of Bunker Hill. As the filling has gone on, the sewers in the vicinity of Rutherford avenue have given trouble. A large storm sewer will have to be built through this filled district to carry the surface water of the district itself, and the storm overflow of the sewers on the west side of Bunker Hill ; and the city of Somerville should coöperate in building it.

## Worl done during 1892.

Two thousand nine hundred and thirty-six linear fect of sewers were built by the city, all by day-labor. The work consisted mostly of rebuilding of old, broken-down sewers, and reguires no further mention.

## Roxbury District.

Hallock and Ward streets, mentioned last year, should be attended to and rebuilt. The Harrison-avenue sewer between Chester park and Eustis street is settled so much as to be in about the same condition as the sewers in Canalstreet district as described under City Proper. It cannot be cleaned properly, and the sewage lies stagnant in it. A considerable district is affected by it, extending on Harrison avenue between the limits named, and on the streets running westerly from the avenue toward Washington street.

This sewer and such of the lateral sewers as are settled with it should be rebuilt at once; and the worst of the work should be done before hot weather, as there are many tene-ment-houses on these streets. As there are beds of mud under Harrison avenue seventy feet or more deep, it would be enormously expensive to put in a pile foundation. A wooden sewer lined with concrete would be better adapted to the conditions, and very much cheaper. Such a structure would have elasticity enough to bend without breaking in case further settlement of the street takes place, and if it becomes settled very badly, the arch can be raised and the invert concreted up and the grade restored in this manner.

The sewer in Fellows street is settled and broken so badly as to be inoperative. It should now either be built upon a pile foundation, or some form of wooden sewer built as recommended for Harrison avenue.

The district bounded by Hammond, Tremont, and Lenox streets and Shawmut avenne, and the adjacent streets, have been carefully studied and a plan devised for converting the existing sewers, which are upon the combined system, into a complete separate system.

The present sewers receive the storm water from the streets as well as the house drainage, and the cellars, being but little above the level of the sewers, are flooded by this surface water. This difficulty will be obviated when the separate system is completed, because the surface water will be excluded from those sewers which are devoted to house drainage.

Plans are now ready for building the new sewers which this scheme calls for.

Another district in which the conditions are exactly similar is bounded by Culvert, Tremont, and Davenport streets, and the Providence R.R.; this has been studied in the same way and plans prepared for accomplishing the same end.

The unsewered district bounded by Chester park, Gerard street, Norfolk avenue, and the New York \& New England R.R., and that portion of the area of South Bay lying be-
tween Chester park, the Harbor Commissioners' line, Roxbury Canal, and the New York \& New England R.R., soon to be filled in, have been studied together and several plans worked out for sewering them ; as soon as a definite decision is made as to which plan is best, the work of sewer-building can proceed.

Along the old channel of Stony brook, between Huntington avenue and the Roxbury crossing, are situated a number of dwelling-houses, car-shops, stables, etc., which are too low to drain into the sewer system, and have been draining into Stony brook. These have been traced out by agents of the Board of Health and City Engineer's Department.

Pipe sewers will have to be built, located behind the side walls of the brook channel wherever practicable, and beneath the chamel of the brook itself, wherever the first plan cannot be followed. Levels have been taken to all cellars in the vicinity of the brook, and plans prepared showing the relative height of the cellars and the brook channel, and the room between the buildings and the walls of the brook.

These plans show that there will be required 3,050 linear feet of 12 -inch pipe sewer laid behind the walls of the channel.

These sewers will find their outlets into the intercepting system at Huntington avenue, Providence R.R., Tremont street, and Hampshire street, and into the Vernon and Lamont street common sewer at the corner of these two streets. One of these new sewers will furnish an outlet for a short length of pipe sewer on Vernon street, between Lamont and Simmons streets, which now drains into the brook.

A 12 -inch pipe-sewer should be built on the north side of Vernon street, between Lamont and Cabot streets, to take the drainage which enters the Vernon-street sewer below the point of interception at Cabot street, and thus finds its way into the brook.

This pipe should empty into the existing pipe-sewer on the south side of Vernon street. When these sewers are completed they will furnish ontlets for all huilding-lots along the course of Stony brook, between Huntington avenue and Linden Park street, except on the easterly side of the brook on Rogers avenue, between Huntington avenne and the Providence R.R.

On Sherman and Warren strects, near Bower street, there have been complaints of cellar-floodings. The matter has been investigated and found to be due to the insufficient size of the sewer which runs through Ottawa, Date, and Laurel streets and W :alnut avenue. If an attempt is made to relieve
this locality by rebuilding this sewer, it will be necessary to rebuild for a long distance, from Sherman down to Wakullah street, about 2,230 feet, at very great expense.

A scheme has been investigated for effecting relief by tapping the Warren-street sewer at Savin street, and conveying the drainage of a large district down Savin street to the sewer in Blue Hill avenue.

This would require a deep-cut sewer entirely through ledge for about 2,100 feet, at a cost of at least $\$ 10$ per linear foot. As the number of cellars flooded is small and the cost of affording relief so great, it would be better for the people to put back-water traps on their drains and protect themselves for the present.

## Work done during 1892.

Nine thousand three hundred and seventy-seven linear feet of sewers have been built by the city, and 3,868 feet by private parties. The most important work was the extension of the Dorchester-brook sewer from Clapp street to Norfolk avenue, and up this avenue to Clapp street again. Four hundred and eighty-five linear feet of brick sewer, 9 feet by 13 feet inside, and a large and peculiar bell-mouth on a pile foundation, were built between the first-named limits, and 518 feet of 8 -foot 6 -inch by 8 -foot brick sewer were built in Norfolk avenue. At the point now reached, the corner of Norfolk avenue and Clapp streets, the department will begin at once the building of a sewer in Norfolk avenue to extend as far as Magazine street, which will afford outlets for sewers in Shirley and Langdon streets, and adjacent land where there has long been a demand for sewers.

Another important job was the extension of the trunk sewer up Huntington avenue from Vancouver street to Longwood avenue, and up the latter avenue to Bumstead lane.

By this means the nuisance which has existed so long on Longwood avenue caused by the overcharging of the sewer with storm water will be abated.

Other sewers require no especial mention.

## Bieghton District.

The most important work which will be called for in Brighton is the new system of sewers for that portion of the town lying west of Parsons street. A new outlet must be establisbed, as no further extensions westward of the existing system are possible. Plans are in readiness for main sewers in Parsons street, from the Metropolitan sewer to Faneuil street ; in Faneuil street, from Parsons street to Oak square ;
in Fairbanks street; and in Washington street from Oak square to Foster street. A beginning should be made on this system the coming year.

Plans have been prepared for connecting the Abattoir and Tripe-works drains with the Metropolitan sewer, and these connections can be made as soon as the Metropolitan Sewerage Commissioners decide as to whether each drain may be taken in separately, or whether they must be collected into a few inlets.

If the latter is decided upon, three is the smallest number of inlets that is practicable, and it will require 1,750 linear feet of pipe sewer to collect these numerous drains into three inlets.

Plans are now ready for building the culverts on Commonwealth avenue, the absence of which was commented on last year. Near Chestnut Hill avenue about 200 feet of 3 feet $\times 3$ feet stone culvert is required. From Allston street easterly, 550 feet of 3 feet $\times 3$ feet 4 inches stone culvert will be required on the north side of the avenue, then 220 feet of 3 feet $\times 4$ feet 4 inches to convey the water across to the sonthern side of the avenue; the first length mentioned will also serve to drain the gutters of the north side. Between Allston and Warren streets there is a culvert whose condition is fairly good as far as it is known, but whose exact location is uncertain. It is not quite large enough ; its capacity can, however, be supplemented by laying a 24 -inch pipe under the proposed location of the gutter on the north side of the avenue.

Near Reedsdale street, to restore the brook from Harvard Crystal spring to its old channel will require 200 feet of 4 feet $\times 4$ feet stone culvert. Between Essex and Malvern streets 4,450 feet of pipe drains will be needed to take the surface water of the new avenue, and about the same amount of pipe sewers for house drainage. It will be injudicions to build either of these classes of sewers until all settlement has ceased where new fills have been made. From Harvard avenue nearly down to Perkins pond the brook runs within the lines of the avenue on the south-easterly side ; in widening the avenue out to its lines it will be necessary to build about 2,200 feet of 6 fect $\times 6$ feet stone culvert, lowering the grade of the brook at present abont 4 feet; this culvert will be so designed as to admit of further deepening if greater capacity should be wanted in future.

At Everett street, near Braintree strect, it is impracticable to restore the chamel of the brook on its old lines, its location having been covered with houses; the only practicable solution of the question, at this point, is to build a stom
sewer in Everett street, between Braintree street and a point 450 feet south, thence along a property line to the old channel. As the brook culvert under the Boston \& Albany R.R. is not as large as it will need to be in future, it is useless to build the storm sewer in Everett street as large as it will require to be when the district is fully developed, but it may be of such width that when deepened to a uniform grade-line it will have the requisite capacity, and will also have sufficient capacity, at the present time, to answer present requirements. $\dot{A}$ stone culvert seven feet wide and four feet deep between Braintree street and the point where the culvert has been built through the embankment of the new Everett street, and six feet wide and four feet deep from that point up to the property line before mentioned, would answer those requirements. At Shepard street, near the head waters, this brook has been taken into the sewer, which is altogether too small to carry it. It should be taken out and restored to its old channel, which is still traceable between Shepard and Winship streets. If this is not found to be advisable, then a storm sewer should be built down Shepard and Washington streets. One scheme or the other should be carried out this year, as the brook floods the houses on Shepard street at every storm, creating unhealthy conditions. The brook is again taken into the sewer on Cambridge street, near Washington, and if the plan of building storm sewers be resorted to, the one just described should be continued down Washington, Cambridge, Murdock, and Sparhawk streets to the old channel, which is well defined below this point for a long distance. On North Beacon, near Arthur street, the brook is again taken into the sewer system, but could easily be restored at this point.

In Bayard, Weitz, and Kenneth streets, house sewers were built in 1892, connecting with the Rena-street system of separate sewers, which is connected directly with the Metropolitan sewer; no catch-basins can be connected with these sewers. These streets are private now, hut surface drains should be built in them the coming year, either by the city, or by private parties if the streets remain unaccepted. Eleven hundred and sixty-five feet of pipe surface drains will be needed, and 285 feet of 30 -inch brick sewer in North Harvard street, to connect them with the brook near Coolidge road. Weitz and Kenneth streets both pitch toward Franklin street, but no more surface water should be put into the sewer in that street, as it is overcharged now.

There is a call for sewerage in North Harvard street from Spurr street to the Charles river. As this street lies between
the Metropolitan sewer and the river, two sets of sewers, entirely separate, must be put in; house sewers pitching toward the Metropolitan, and storm sewers toward the river. There will be required 2,800 feet of house sewers and 2,230 feet of storm sewers, all pipe sewers, from 12 -inch to 24 inch in size.

## Work done during 1892.

Seven thousand six hundred and seventy-five linear feet of sewers were built by the city by contract or day labor, 2,442 feet by private parties, and 2,170 feet of storm sewers by the city. Three of the sewer systems of Brighton have been connected with the Metropolitan sewer, - at Western avenue near Market street, at Western avenue near Everett street, and at Salt creek near Beacon park, - and the pollution of the river at these points has ceased. The fourth connection, on North Beacon street at the iron bridge of the Boston \& Albany R.R., is in process of construction. Each of these connections involved the building of complicated regulators and sump manhole chambers and the setting of automatic regulating machinery therein. The last two mentioned required in the aggregate about 1,200 feet of large brick sewer to reach the Metropolitan sewer. There is but one sewer outlet remaining in Brighton to connect with the State sewer, - a small one near Faneuil station. Some small, cheap regulating device may be put in here, and an inexpensive connection made with the State sewer.

Other sewers require no special mention.

## West Roxbury District.

The outlet for south street, between Keyes and Morton streets, and also for Anson and St. Mark streets, will have to cross the Providence Division of the Old Colony R.R. in order to reach the main sewer in Washington street; it will cost $\$ 5,000$, and should be built before anything is done toward raising the tracks of the railroad, as is proposed.

In the vicinity of Spring street and West Roxbury stations, on the Providence Division of the Old Colony R.R. (Dedham Branch), a populous district is growing up and already needs a system of sewerage. The brook which drains this valley is considerably polluted now.

It is going to be a very difficuit matter to provide proper sewerage for this and other districts which lie beyond the ridge which separates the Stony-hrook water-shed from the Charles-river water-shed, and which camot, therefore, be
drained into the Roslindale main sewer. These districts drain toward Charles river, but sewers cannot be run into the river, because a number of towns - Brookline, Newton, Needham, Wellesley, and Waltham - draw their water supply from the river below this point. The sewage of these districts will be finally disposed of by an intercepting sewer, which will run either through Dedham and Hyde Park, down the valley of Mother brook and the Neponset river, or down the valley of the Charles river through Newton to Waltham, the present terminus of the Charles-river Valley Metropolitan Sewer. Either of these routes will require an act of the Legislature to obtain the coöperation of the towns through which it must run, and probably many years will elapse before it can be built. Investigations should be begun at once to determine which route is preferable. The question now is, What is to be done with the sewage until such a sewer can be built? Only two courses are open from which to choose, - either to filter or otherwise purify the sewage and then run it into the river, or to pump it back over the ridge into the Roslindale main sewer.

A rough estimate has been made upon the latter scheme, including sewers in the principal streets, a pumping-station, and a mile or more of iron force main; the cost has been figured at $\$ 40,000$. The sewage would be discharged into the head of the Roslindale main sewer at Centre street, corner of Mt. Vernon street.

A petition has been received by this department to fix the grade of the brook which drains the Spring-street valley.

Surveys have been made and levels taken and a reasonable grade determined, and the sizes of all culverts calculated where strects cross the brook. It might be advantageous to build some of these culverts in order to remedy cases of flooding, but it would not be judicious to do any great amount of deepening or straightening of the brook channel, whereby its water would be delivered more quickly into Charles river, until some system of sewers has been built and the present sources of pollution removed from the brook.

Work will be continued steadily on the Roslindale main sewer, and about the same rate of progress maintained as heretofore.

Demands are arising for sewers in the low districts near the main channel of Stony brook; these demands cannot be satisfied, as the existing sewer system is too high.

The only way such territory will ever be drained is by a sewer near or within the channel of Stony brook, and at a

lower elevation than the present Stony-brook valley sewer, substantially in the manner outlined in last year's report.

## Work done during 1892.

Nine thousand eight hundred and ninety-one linear feet of sewers were built by the city, 4,192 feet by private parties, and 1,049 feet of surface drains and 350 feet of stone culverts by the city.

Two thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven linear feet were built on the Roslindale main sewer, and 1,700 feet on a brick main in Centre and May streets.

No other work requires special mention.

## Stony Brook.

Stony brook gives but little trouble, but requires considerable attention.

At the inlet chamber near Pynchon street, by means of various sets of stop-planks, the flow can be turned either into the new channel to the Back Bay park, or entirely down the old channel. The Boston Belting Company, whose factory is situated on the old channel, and who claim the right to the water, want all the water during the small flow of summer; the old channel has to be left open and the openings to the new channel closed by stop-planks in order to accommodate them.

At the same time, whenever a sudden rain occurs, the old channel must be closed by stop-planks and the flow turned into the new channel in order to prevent Roxbury from being flooded. As these floods are as liable to occur at night as in the daytime, constant attendance is necessary.

On the night of August 12 and 13 a violent storm occurred (in half an hour 1.35 inches of rain fell), the brook rose in a very short time and ran 4 feet 9 inches deep; it fell again to about half that height with equal rapidity. Such a sudden rise brings down great quantities of rubbish of all kinds, - branches and roots of trees, pieces of fences, railroad ties, planks, etc., - which must be caught and prevented from going down the new channel.

During the severe cold weather, great quantities of ice are formed in the brook. When a rain or thaw occurs and the brook rises several feet, these sheets of ice, 8 to 11 inches thick, are loosened and come down stream, blocking up the culverts and damming up the brook unless promptly broken up. Under these conditions the ice has piled up $8 \frac{1}{2}$ feet deep at the inlet chamber.

Last year's report called attention to the necessity of
carrying up the low-grade channel (according to the plan of the Commissioners of 1886) from the inlet chamber to Boylston station, hefore the proposed raising of the track of the Providence Division of the Old Colony Railroad is begun.

The Grade Crossing Commission have considered this difficulty, but have taken no definite action; if nothing is done, an monecessarily expensive job will be entailed upon the city.

## Dorchester District.

The question of draining the Corbett, Maxwell, and Capen street district, discussed in last year's report, has been investigated and estimates made on seven different routes.

The choice lies between a cheap scheme which will serve some of the district well and more of it poorly or not at all, and some expensive scheme of tunnelling to Dorchester bay or the Neponset river, which will give good service to this and all the adjacent districts lying within that part of the Canterbury branch of the Stony-brook valley.

The first ronte is to start a sewer at Talbot avenue near Bernard street, pass between the Catholic cemetery and the Franklin Field, through Lyons street and across Ballou avenue to Norfolk street, corner of Capen street, whence the system can be carried in every direction.

This system would serve the Corbett, Maxwell, and Capen street district well, but would be of little or no use in Lyons street, being scarcely under ground, and would be of no use in the district bounded roughly by Noyes and Ballou avenues, Lyons street, Blue Hill avenue, and Morton street.

The second scheme is to begin at Central avenue on the Neponset river, thence through the "Lava Beds," so called, private land, Morton street, and private land, Capen street, to Ballou avenue.

This would have abont 4,300 feet of tunnel, and would require the completion of the intercepting sewer as far as Central avenue, at a cost of $\$ 150,000$ (for which the money is practically available, however). The principal objection to this route is that it lies through an uninhabited country where there is no necessity at present for a sewer.

The third route investigated begins in the Neponset about 2,000 feet above Central avenue, thence to the Mattapan brook about 1,200 feet south of Forest-avenue station, thence northerly across Morton and Norfolk streets, through Shreve street and Madison avenue to Ballou avenue. This route is a little cheaper than the preceding, but requires an extension of the intercepting sewer above Central avenue, the cost of

which, if added, would make it more expensive. Its route is totally uninhabited.

The fourth route is that by way of Park street, West Park street, Bernard street, the Parkway and Lyons street, to Ballou arenue. This would cost roughly about $\$ 280,000$, and is perhaps the best of the tumel routes. It lies through a country where sewers are wanted, but where few have been built; and by means of it the Talbot-avenue sewer can be tapped and made more effective, and the engorgement of the Centre-street tunnel can be relieved.

The fifth route investigated is practically that of the present Centre-street tunnel. It is more costly than the Park-street route, and has the additional disadvantage of following streets most of which are already sewered.

The sixth route may be called the Rosemont-street route ; beginning on Mill street at the intercepting sewer, through Mill, Adams, and Rosemont streets; thence through private land to Brent street; thence through Talbot-avenue extension, and the same route as the preceding. A variation of this route by going through Southern avenue was tried. These routes look well on paper, but are more expensive than the preceding, more tunnelling being required.

The seventh is by way of the valley of the Davenport brook.

If the existing streets have to be followed, the length of this route, and especially of the tunnel, becomes so great as to carry its cost above all the others, as the streets run diagonally to the desired direction; but if a tunnel could be carried straight from a point on Van Winkle street to a point on Lyons street under private property, without incurring land damages, it would be a little cheaper than the Parkstreet route.

Whatever tunnel scheme is adopted should provide that the sewer, when it reaches Lyons street, should have such a depth as to be capable of being extended westerly as far as the junction of Walk Hill and Canterbury streets, as that is the extreme easterly limit to which sewers can be extended from the sewer system near Forest Hills station.

Any plan including a tunnel will take at least a year to build, and much more unless many sections are started at the same time, whereas the district mentioned needs sewerage this coming season. This can be effected by the following scheme: let the sewer be built as outlined in the first scheme; that is, through Capen and Lyons streets to the Parkway; but instead of being built at a high level, so as to drain into Talbot avenue by gravity, let it be built deep enough to drain Lyons street and Chapman and Lamiat
avenues properly. Then let a temporary pumping-station be established, by which the sewage may be raised and conveyed through a cheap temporary conduit of pipe or wood through the Parkway to Talbot avenue. When the lowgrade sewer from the tunnel reaches the location of the pumping-station, the latter would be discontinued, and the sewers already built throughout the district would form a consistent part of the tumel system.

The healthfulness of this district for residential purposes could be greatly improved by improving the natural watercourses, - the Canterbury branch of Stony brook and the Mattapan brook.

If these were deepened and graded, they would drain off the surface water which now makes marshes and quagmires in the vicinity.

These improvements could be carried out at small expense compared to the benefit and enhanced valuation, if the landowners would grant the city the necessary rights, and not seek to recover speculative damages on account of the city's operations.

On Park street, near Dorchester avenue, and on Gibson and Adams streets, there is constantly trouble from flooding. Overflow connections have been made from the sewers into the brooks; these have been provided with tide-gates to prevent high water in the brook channels from flowing back into the sewers. The explanation is that the combined capacity of the brook and sewer is not sufficient to carry off the flood water of the valley, which finds its outlet in this locality into Tenean creck. The sewers are capable of bringing down at least 95 cubic feet per second, and the two brook channels 250 cubic feet more, making at least 345 cubic feet altogether, while the combined capacity of brook and sewer to discharge against a high tide is not over 200 cubic feet per second. Floods must always occur here until a greatly enlarged outlet is provided.

There has been a movement to build a covered channel for that part of the creek below Adams street, and make a park of the adjacent land. Plans have been prepared by the City Engineer's department for this covered channel, and this department has also prepared similar plans, but our plans cover the brook channel up as far as Park street near Dorchester avenue. The estimated cost is $\$ 125,000$. If this improvement of Tenean creek is carried out, it will afford adequate relief to the sewer system.

The northern balf of the Savin Hill peninsula needs a sewer system, as it is now being built upon quite rapidly.

A new inlet will have to be made into the Dorchester In-

terceptor in Sidney street. A separate system of house and storm sewers, like that just built in the southern part, should be put in ; $\$ 25,000$ will cover the cost of as much of it as is necessary at present. The Dorchester Lower Mills sewer will probably reach the vicinity of Morton street at the end of the coming working season ; the local sewers to drain all that portion of the village around Morton and Sanford streets may then be built. The remainder of the village will have to be drained by a system of separate house sewers connected directly with the Interceptor, which will probably be completed about the same time.

## Work done during 1892.

Sixteen thousand one hundred and five linear feet of sewers were built by the city, and 11,450 feet by private parties; 3,971 feet of surface drains and 266 feet of stone culverts were built by the city. None of these sewers call for special mention, except perhaps the completion of the system of storm sewers in Geneva avenue and Westville street, which, being at the head waters of Tenean creek, shows that this watercourse will have to be improved throughout its whole length eventually.

## Main Drainage Woris.

The general working of this branch of the Sewer Division is as satisfactory as ever. There is urgent need of repairs to some of the machinery of the plant to bring it to its proper efficiency, which will be spoken of later in detail.

That portion of the Metropolitan Sewer System constructed to drain Brookline, Brighton, and Newton, which was in the original design of this system, was connected in April, and the sewage of Brookline and Newton has since been handled under an arrangement made with the Metropolitan Commissioners.

Before the coming summer, all the Brighton sewers will have been connected with this system, and no sewage will then enter the Charles river from the southerly bank, between the Back Bay district and Newton.

The main and intercepting sewers throughout the city have been carefully inspected and cared for continaally. Considerable flushing was necessary, during the warm weather, to keep them sweet and clean. All the tide-gates and regulators were inspected at every storm, and all ironwork on them kept properly painted. The headquarters of the force that attend to this work are on East Chester park.

The buildings there generally are entirely inadequate for the purpose for which they are used. They are, in fact, nothing more than shanties that were left on the ground at the time the main sewer was built. Proper buildings should be placed on the lot without further delay, to facilitate the work and give some comfort to the men who attend to this work through the year regardless of the weather.

At the pumping-station there has been considerable done in the way of repairs during the past year, but it constitutes but a small part of what there is yet to be done. The pumps have been run now continuously for nine years, and, as was stated in last year's report, the action of the sewage during that time has so worn away the valve and gate seats that all need renewing.

It is very necessary that this work should be done as soon as possible, as there is, with the present condition of the valve-seats, a large percentage of slip to the pumps, which means an increase in the consumption of coal without an increase in amount of sewage pumped. The repairs are of such an extent that it cannot be done out of the regular maintenance fund, but will require a special sum for the purpose. It was the failure to get such an appropriation that prevented more progress in the work this last year.

Pump No. 2 was thoroughly overhauled and put in firstclass condition throughout. The valve-seats on both suction and delivery were renewed with composition ; the plungers were turned down and the old rings replaced by stuffingboxes.

A large quantity of sand was removed from the pumpwell. This deposit was caused by the pump being able, on account of the slip, to do but a small part of its proper work.

Pump No. 1 is in about the same condition that No. 2 was before repairs were made. The main shaft and wheel of No. 3 were raised and the boxes rebabbitted. The plungers were repacked with metallic packing. There remains to be done as follows: Facing with composition the valve-seats on the delivery of Pump No. 3 ; the delivery valve-seats on Pump No. 4 also need to be faced with composition, and the main shaft raised and the boxes rebabbitted. Nothing has been done in the way of repairs on the gates at the filthhoist and pump-wells, but it is not safe to delay the repairs longer. The old feed-water heaters have been replaced, by "Green Fuel Economizers," which have worked well from the start and promise to be a great improvement. An auxiliary flue from each pair of boilers, to connect with
opposite chimney flue, was put in, so that the flue-heaters could be inspected without shutting down the boilers.

That portion of the ventilating-pipe that is in the coalhouse which connects the pump-wells with the chimney should be replaced. It has been useless for some time.

Repairs were made on the wharf at the pumping-station. The tops of the fender-piles having rotted badly, the piles were cut below the top of the wharf, and oak pile butts, to extend above the wharf, were spliced on and painted, to protect them. The wharf should be extended about seventy feet, for the double purpose of serving as a support to the tow-boat when on the blocks, and affording a safe berth for the boat when other vessels are lying at the wharf.

Some dredging has been done in front of the sludge tank, to enable the loading of the scow at all stages of the tide.

The whole of the dock chamel should be redredged to its former depth, otherwise the tow-boat will not be able to make or leave her berth at low water.

November 2 2,1892 , the sewage was shut out of the tunnel while the connections were being made at Squantum with the new permanent hrick outfall sewer, which replaced the old temporary wooden flume.

While the sewage was shut off, the gates at the west shaft were overhauled and repaired. The cage at the top of the shaft was repaired also. Since the completion of the permanent outfall sewer two tests of the tunnel, to ascertain the reduction of area, if any, from deposits, have been made, and show a loss of about 18 per cent. in area. It is probable that this reduction is caused by deposit due to the reduced velocity of the sewage flow through the tunnel for the last two years, which could not be remedied, as the weak condition of the flume prevented a proper flushing of the tunnel. If the above is the cause, the continued flushings that the tunnel will receive from the spring rains will move the deposit, and later tests will show an increase in area. If this result does not follow, it will indicate that there is some obstruction other than sludge. In that case, the only solution is that some of the pump-guides in the east shaft have become detached and fallen into the tunnel. This danger was spoken of in last year's report, and the recommendation made then, that the pumping machinery which was designed for pumping out the tunnel, and purchased in 1884, be put in position at the east shaft without delay.

The condition of the plant at Moon Island is good, with the exception of the gattes on the outfall and discharge sewers and a few other points of less importance. The action of the sewage here on the submerged ironwork
is as marked as at the Pumping-station; and it is found necessary to renew all the gates and frames. The work cannot proceed rapidly, for outside of the machine work it is tide work. The discharge gates are in worse condition than those on the outfall sewer. Six of the former have been renewed and are in perfect working order. The bearing parts of the gates and frames are faced with composition, and the frames are bolted to the masonry with composition bolts. The framework of three more is finished, and by next fall the renewal of the twelve discharge gates will probably be completed. Some repairs were made on the gutters and concrete bottom of Division No. 1 of the reservoir. Considerable pointing is still necessary on the reservair walls. The old portion of the outfall sewer is in good condition, with the exception that some of the arch, which has always been above the flow line, needs pointing. The gas in the sewer, where the masonry is never submerged, seems to take the life out of the mortar. This disintegration extends to a depth of an inch or more, in some parts of the arch. Of that portion of the sewer that is in bad condition, 208 linear feet have been pointed, and about 280 feet more remain to be done. This sewer needs better ventilation, which may account partly for the above trouble. More open covers would be an improvement ; also an extra manhole should be built about halfway between the connection chamber and the new work; and a boat chamber near the gate-house. The turbine at the gate-house will have to be renewed again. The working parts should be of composition, as the iron is too short-lived, sewage being used for power. The building of the sea-wall from the outlet to the point of the island, which was in the original design of the works, should not be delayed longer. The eddy formed in the cove causes a slight deposit on the flats. This has been accumulating for nine years, and in summer when the flats are exposed, or it has been stirred up by an easterly storm, the smell from it is quite strong. The conditions here are not in keeping with the other portions of the works.

## Diagrams.

Diagrams for determining the sizes of sewers are inserted in this year's report; they are substantially the same as the diagram published last year, but for the sake of greater clearness the sewer curves have been separated from the drainage area curves and plotted on a separate sheet.

These latter curves, shown on plate 1, are intended to give the maximum rate of flood discharge, which it is reasonable to provide for, from a given area of a certain degree of

steepness, according to the Buerkli-Zeigler formula, using for the factor R the value 1 ; i.e., one cubic foot per second per acre, or its equivalent, one inch of rain per hour.

Plate 2 contains the sewer curves, showing the discharging capacity of sewers of a given size at a given inclination.

This diagram is much more complete and covers a greater range than that of last year, showing sewers ranging in size from 6 inches to 20 feet in diameter for all degrees of inclination likely to occur in practice.

Each curve represents two sets of values, - one for a sewer of a certain size rumning full, and another for a sewer of a larger size ruming at, approximately, three-fourths of its depth.

Both diagrams have the same vertical scale of cubic feet per second, and in the horizontal scales the same figures are used, representing in plate 1 the acreage of the drainage area, and in plate 2 the inclination of the sewer, or the horizontal length in feet for a fall of one foot.

It has been considered that the Buerkli-Zeigler formula, with a value of $R$ equal to 1 , would give as large quantities for maximum flood-discharge as it would be wise to provide for, without attempting to make provision for those musual rainfalls which occur only at long intervals of time.

There is always room for a difference of opinion as to what constitutes an unusual rainfall; e.g., if the rate selected were such that it was exceeded but once in twentyfive years, it should be regarded as sufficiently high ; but if it were exceeded every few years, with consequent overflow of sewers designed upon it as a basis, then it should be considered insufficient.

Some assamption had to be made. It was set at one inch per hour ; now the question is whether that is large enough.

In our practice we have been compolled to add a liberal allowance in the case of steep districts, or small districts, or those near the level of tide-water, where cellars are flooded if the sewers run under much of a head, and in all wellpaved districts.

In studying the records of rainfalls, we are met at the outset by this great difficulty, that these records do not give us what we want to know.

They record the total depth of rain and the total time occupied by it in falling, including the periods of very gentle rain which accompany almost all falls. But it is the rate of rainfall during the period of heaviest constamt fall which determines the maximum flood-discharge in sewers and watercourses.

By dividing the total fall by the total time, the result must
necessarily be much less than the rate during the heavy fall, so that these records are almost useless for our purpose.

An automatically registering rain-gauge, which will record the various rates at which rain falls, as well as the total amount, is the only one which will give the kind of data to determine the proper rate of rainfall to provide for.

There is but one such in the vicinity of Boston, that at Chestnut Hill Reservoir, where Mr. Desmond FitzGerald, Superintendent of Western Division of the Water Works, has made such observations for about fourteen years.

Before discussing these records it is well to consider whether observations taken at this place are fairly applicable to Boston territory in general.

To decide this point, the records of an ordinary gauge at Chestnut Hill, at the sewer yard on Albany street, and at the United States Signal Service station on the post-office, for the last four years have been tabulated and compared.

The records of individual rains at Chestaut Hill and at the sewer yard agree very closely in some cases, and in others are discordant ; the monthly totals agree fairly well, and the totals for the year bear a very uniform relation to each other, the total for the sewer yard being about 92 per cent. of that for Chestnut Hill.

The records of the Signal Service station are the most discordant, and are invariably smaller, as might be expected from the elevated situation of this gauge; they should be thrown out in making this comparison.

The yearly totals are tabulated below, with the percentage of each of the others to that at Chestnut Hill in brackets.

| Year. | Signal Service. | Sewer Department. | Chestnut Hill. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| 1889 | 39.81 in. $[0.726]$ | 50.31 in. $[0.918]$ | 54.79 |
| 1890 | 39.20 in. $[0.785]$ | 46.58 in. $[0.933]$ | 49.91 |
| 1891 | 39.70 in. $[0.799]$ | 46.06 in. $[0.928]$ | 49.63 |
| 1892 | 36.92 in. $[0.871]$ | 38.33 in. $[0.906]$ | 42.27 |

In the great majority of cases where the records disagree, the rain was accompanied by high winds, and the disagreement may be attributed to the local conditions in the vicinity of the gauges; whon there was little wind, the agreement was very close in almost all cases, except in summer thundershowers of small extent ; this being so, and the yearly totals agreeing, it is fair to conclude that the records at Chestnut Hill furnish a fair criterion for estimating the rainfall for Boston territory generally.

The records of this automatic gauge are plotted on plate 3.


$\qquad$

In the upper diagram, each point plotted indicates a constant rainfall of the depth in inches shown on the vertical scale, and of a duration equal to the corresponding time indicated on the horizontal scale of hours.

The curve, whose equation is $I_{D}=\frac{2.50 \mathrm{~T}}{\mathrm{~T}+0.50}$, encloses all rainfalls which it seems reasonable to provide for. The interpretation of the formula is as follows: to obtain the maximum aggregate depth in inches which it is reasonable to make provision for, for a storm of given duration, multiply the time in hours by 2.50 and divide by the time plus 0.50 .
${ }^{1}$ In the lower diagram, each plotted observation in the upper diagram is divided by the time in hours, so that each point in the diagram indicates the hourly rate in inches at which the rain fell during the corresponding time; and the formula for the curve of rates, $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{R}}=\frac{2.50}{\mathrm{~T}+0.50}$, means that to obtain the maximum hourly rate in inches for a storm of given duration, for which it is reasonable to provide, 2.50 must be divided by the time in hours plus 0.50 .

The lower diagram is simply the upper one divided by T.
Inspection of these diagrams shows that there have been many rainfalls observed during the fourteen years covered by the record whose rate largely exceeds one inch per hour; particularly in those storms in which the constant fall occupied less than one hour, the rates are frequently more than double that rate; and for small fractions of an hour, very high rates have been observed.

When rain falls upon the surface of the ground, it must first wet it, and, if porous, saturate it, before it begins to flow off into the sewers, an operation sometimes called establishing the "drainage-vehicle." If the rain continues at a constant rate, it will reach the sewers at the same rate as that at which it is falling, and as soon as it has filled the volume of the sewers and established the flow, it will reach the outlet or point of concentration of the system of sewers at the same rate at which it is falling.

If the size and slope of a drainage area are such that the time required for the rain falling upon the most remote portions to reach the outlet, in addition to the time required to form the "drainage-vehicle," is an hour or less, it is clean that the flow from the impervious portions of the area will be at the rate of $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to ? ) or more cubic feet per second per acre. If the area mader considemation consists of from

[^1]$\frac{1}{3}$ to $\frac{1}{3}$ impervious surface, as is not infrequent in suburban territory, the discharge may reach a cubic foot per second per acre of the entire surface; which is much in excess of what the Buerkli-Zeigler formula will give with a value of the factor $R$ equal to 1 .

In well built-up and paved districts, where the percentage of impervious surface is very large, the flood discharge will reach correspondingly large figures.

It is evident that a larger value than 1 should be used for the factor R . The diagram seems to indicate that it should be $1 \frac{2}{3}$, but the question is so complicated that it is not clear just what the value should be without more data.

Automatic registering rain-gauges, similar to that at Chestnut Hill, will have to be established at different points around the city, to show the maximum constant rate of rainfall attained in each storm, and other self-registering devices placed in the sewers to show the corresponding maximum flood discharge; then with a few observations on the effect of storms on territory of different character, and on drainage areas of different sizes, some small and some large, like that of Stony brook, for instance, we shall be in possession of the data which are necessary to decide this point.

Laws and Ordinances concerning the Building and Assessing of Sewers.
The following compilation of the various laws and ordinances under which sewers have been built in the city of Boston has been made for convenient reference:

Act of Legislature passed February 20, 1797, for regulating Drains and Common Sewers.


#### Abstract

Section 2. Be it further enacted, That all drains and common sewers for the draining of cellars, which shall hereafter be made or repaired in any streets or highways, shall be substantially done with brick and stone, or with such other materials as the selectmen of the town shall permit, and in such manner as the said selectmen shall direct. And when any one or more of the inhabitants of any town shall, by the consent and under the direction aforesaid, at his or their own charge, make and lay any common sewer or main drain, for the benefit of themselves and others who may think fit to join therein, every person who shall afterwards enter his or her particular drain into the same, or by any more remote means shall receive any benefit thereby, for the draining of their cellars or lands, shall be held to pay the owner or owners of such common sewer or main drain a proportional part of the charge of making or repairing the same, to be ascertained and determined by the selectmen of the town or a major part of them, and certified under their hands; saving always to the party aggrieved at any such determination a right of appeal to the court of the general sessions of the peace.

Sect. 3. Be it further enacted, That when any common sewer or main drain shall be stopped or gone to decay so that it shall be necessary to open the same in order to repair it or remove such stoppage, all



the persons who shall be benefited by such repairs or removal of obstructions shall be held to pay their proportionable parts of the expense thereof, as well as those who do not, as those who do cause such repairs to be made, or obstruction removed, to be ascertained and determined by the selectmen as aforesaid: saving an appeal as aforesaid.

This law provided for the building of individual drains and sewers by the inhabitants, the only restriction being that the materials entering into the work, and the proportionate part of the cost that persons should pay for the privilege of connecting with the sewer, should be determined by the selectmen.

## City Ordinance relative to Drains and Common Sewers, passed July 7, 1823.

Section 1. Be it ordained by the Mayor, Aldermen, and Common Council of the City of Boston, in City Council assembled, That all common sewers which shall hereafter be considered necessary by the mayor and aldermen, in any street or highway in which there is at present no common sewer, shall be made and laid, and forever afterward shall be kept in repair, at the expense of the city and under the direction of the mayor and aldermen, or of some person or persons by them appointed.

SECT. 2. Be it further ordained, That every person who shatl enter his or her particular drain into such common sewer, or shall otherwise be benefited thereby, shall be held to pay the city such sum of money as the mayor and aldermen shall deem just and reasonable, having reference always to the valuation of each estate connected with said drains, in the assessors' books; and in the case of any subsequent repair of such common sewer the mayor and aldermen shall assess the amount of such repair on those whose particular drains connect therewith, or are otherwise benefited thereby, in such amount as they deem just and reasonable.

Sect. 7. Be it further ordained, That whenever any common sewer shall go to decay, and the mayor and aldermen shall deem it necessary to rebuild or repair the same, they shall have power to cause the same to be done under their direction, and to assess the amount of such rebuilding or repairs upon the owner, agent, or tenant, as in the foregoing ordinance provided for the case of streets in which there is no common sewer.

This ordinance provided that sewers should be built by the eity instead of by the individual, and that the expense of the work should be defiayed by the persons who connected with the sewer in such sums as determined by the Mayor and Aldermen.

> Sity Ordinance relatire to Sewers and Drains, passed February 1.3, $183+$.

This ordinance is almost identical with the ordinance of 1823 , with the exception that the superintendence of all sewers was put into the hands of the City Marshal. As the Ordinanee of 1823 was very ambiguous concerning sewer assessments, the Ordinance of $183+4$ contaned the following clauses relative to this matter:

Section 4. Be it further ordained, That it shall be the duty of the auditor of accounts to keep an accurate account of the expense of constructing each common sewer, and on receiving the report of the city marshal relating thereto, to assess the expense upon the persons and estates deriving benefit therefrom, in conformity with the provisions of this ordinance and the laws of the Commonwealth; and after having completed such assessment, he shall report the same to the mayor and aldermen, and if sanctioned by them he shall enter the same in books to be kept for that purpose, and proceed forthwith to collect such assessments.

It would also seem that under the Ordinance of 1823 some difficulty had arisen concerning the levying of assessments, as section 5 of the Ordinance of 1834 provides for the collection of back assessments, as follows :

Section 5. Be it further ordained, That for the purpose of making and collecting assessments for common sewers heretofore constructed by the city, the expenses of which have not already been assessed and collected, it shall be the duty of the city marshal and the auditor of accounts to proceed in relation to all such sewers in the same manner as they are by this ordinance directed to proceed in relation to those which may hereafter be constructed.

## An Ordinance to establish the Office of Superintendent of Sewers. June 6, 1837.

Section 1. There shall be appointed annually in the month of May or June, by concurrent vote of the city council, a superintendent of common sewers.

Sect. 3. The said Superintendent, whenever any common sewer is ordered to be built or repaired, shall ascertain its depth, breadth, mode of construction, and general direction, and make a plan thereof, and insert the same, with all those particulars, in a book to be kept for that purpose, and forthwith ascertain and insert on said plan all entries made into such sewer, and obtain from the assessors' book the valuation of all estates which shall be benefited thereby.

Sect. 4. The said Superintendent shall keep an account of the expense of constructing each common sewer, and assess the expense upon the persons and estates deriving benefit therefrom; and after having completed said assessment he shall report the same to the mayor and aldermen, and if sanctioned by them, he shall enter the same in books to be kept for that purpose, and shall forthwith make out bills for the said assessments against all persons whose drains have entered the common sewer, or who have been otherwise benefited thereby, and deliver the same to the city treasurer for collection; and the said treasurer shall forthwith present the same for payment; and all bills or dues under this ordinance which shall remain unpaid at the expiration of sixty days shall be handed to the city solicitor, and forthwith be pat in suit.

Sect. 5. The said Superintendent shall proceed forthwith to make all assessments for common sewers heretofore constructed by the city, the expenses of which have not already been assessed and collected, in the same momer as he is by this ordinance directed to proceed in relation to those which may hereafter be constructed.

The above ordinance comprises, in a coudensed form, all the provisions of former statutes and ordinauces.

An Act in relation to Main Drains or Common Sewers. Passed $18 \pm 1$. Accepted by the City Council April 7, $18 \pm 1$.
The only new feature introduced by this act is the clause relative to the sewer assessment, and the clanse under which the city of Boston assumed one-quarter of the expense of construction, which is as follows:

And all assessments so made shall constitute a lien on the real estate assessed for one year after they are laid, and may, together with all incidental costs and expenses, be levied by sale thereof if the assessment is not paid within three months after a written demand of payment made, either upon the person assessed or upon any person oceupyiug. the estate, snch sale to be conducted in like manner as sales for the non-payment of taxes.

Sect. 4. Any person who may deem himself aggrieved by any such assessment may, at any time within three months from receiving notice thereof, appeal to the connty commissioners, or if the case arise in the city of Boston . . . to the court of common pleas; . . . provided, however, that in all eases of appeal as aforesaid, the appellant, before entering it, shall give one month's notice in writing to mayor and aldermen of his intention to appeal, and shall therein particularly specify the points of his objection to the assessment made by them, to which specification he shall be confined mpon the hearing of the appeal.

Sect. 5. . . . and in the eity of Boston not less than one-qnarter part of such expense [of constructing, maintaining, and repairing main drains or common sewers] shall be paid by said city, and shall not be charged upon those using the said main drains or common sewers.

## Ordinance passed June 14, 1811.

This ordinance is drawn in conformity with the act passed April 7, 1841, and contains no new features.

Ordinance passed December 31, 1S62.
No owner or owners of any real estate, to whom permission has been or shall be given to construct private drains for such estate, shall by the construction of such private drains be exempted from an assessment lawfully imposed for construeting common sewers in the same vicinity.

Statutes and Ordinances in force 1869.

## Statutes.

Section t. Every person who enters his particular drain into such main drain or common sewer, or who, by more remote means, receives benefit thereby, for the draining his cellar or land, shall paty to the city or town a proportional part of the charge of making and repairing the same, to be ascertained, assessed, and certified by the mayor and aldermen or selectmen, and notice thereof shall be given to the party to be charged, or his tenant or lessee.

SECT. 5. Assessments so made shall constitute a lien on the real estates assessed for one year after the are laid, and may, fogether with incidental costs and expenses, be levied by sale thereof, if the assessment is not paid within three monthe after a written demand for payment, made either upon the person asessed, or upon any person
occupying the estate; such sale to be conducted in like manner as sales for the non-payment of taxes.

Sect. 6. A person aggrieved by such assessment may, at any time within three months from receiving notice thereof, apply for a jury. Such application shall be made in like manner, and the proceedings thereon shall be the same, as in case of lands taken for laying out of highways: provided, that before making his application the party shall give one month's notice in writing to the selectmen or mayor and aldermen of his intention so to apply, and shall therein particularly specify his objections to the assessment made by them; to which specification he shall be confined upon the hearing by the jury.

Sect. 7. . . . and in the city of Boston not less than one -quarter part of such expense [of constructing, maintaining, and repairing main drains and common sewers] shall be paid by the city, and shall not be charged upon those using the main drains and common sewers.

## Ordinances.

Section 5. He [superintendent of sewers] shall keep an accurate account of the expense of constructing and repairing each common sewer, and shall report the same to the board of aldermen, together with a list of the persons and estates deriving benefit therefrom, and an estimate of the value of the lands upon which said expense ought to be assessed, exclusive of any buildings or improvements thereon.

Sect. 6. The board of aldermen, in making assessments for defraying the expense of constructing or repairing common sewers, pursuant to the provisions of this ordinance, shall deduct therefrom such part, not less than one-quarter, as they may deem expedient, to be charged to and paid by the city; and they shall assess the remainder thereof upon the persons and estates deriving benefit from such common sewer, either by the entry of their particular drains, or by any more remote means, apportioning the assessment according to the value of the lands thus benefited, exclusive of any buildings or improvements thereon; and they shall also fix the time when the proportion of the assessments charged upon persons benefited shall be paid.

SECT. 7. The superintendent shall enter in books kept for that purpose all such assessments made by the board of aldermen, and shall forthwith make out bills for the same and deliver them to the city treasurer for collection; and the city treasurer shall forthwith demand payment in writing of the said bills, in the manner prescribed by law ; and if any bills or dues under this ordinance remain unpaid at the expiration of three months after demand for payment or collection, the city treasurer shall cause the same to be collected by the proper legal process.

Sect. 9. It shall be lawful for all persons, having the care of any buildings, to carry the rain water from the roofs of said buildings, at their own expense, into any common sewers, free of any charge from the city; provided, however, that the same be done by tight water spouts and tubes under ground, and under the direction of the board of aldermen.

Sect. 14. No owner or owners of any real estate to whom permission has been or shall be given to construct private drains for such estate shall, by the construction of such private drains, be exempted from an assessment lawfully imposed for constructing common sewers in the same vicinity.

## An Ordinanee to amend an Ordinance in relalion to Common Sewers and Drains. Passed July, 1975.

Be it ordained by the Aldermen and Common Conncil of the City of Boston, in City Council assembled, as follows:
Section 1. The ordinance in relation to common sewers and drains
is hereby amended by striking ont, in the twelfth line of the sixth section, the word "ralue," and inserting in place thereof the word " irea;" also by striking out, in the thirteenth and fourteenth lines of said section, the words " exclusive of any buildings or improvements thereon."

An Act to establish the Office of Colleetor of Taxes. Passed May 3, 1875.
Section 2. Said collector shall have the powers now possessed by the treasurer of said city as collector of taxes, and shall also collect and receive all assessments.

Acts and Resolves passed by the General Court of Massaehusetts, 187 S.
(Chapter 232.)
Be it enacted, etc., as follows:
Section 1. Section 4 of chapter 48 of the Statntes of 1869 of the General Statutes is hereby amended by inserting before the words "to be ascertained" the words " and of the charge, not already assessed, of making and repairing other main drains or common sewers through which the same discharges."
Sect. 3. The city comncil of any city . . . may adopt a system of sewerage to apply to any part or the whole of the territory of such city . . . and may provide that the assessment anthorized by section four shall be made upon the owners of the estates embraced in such system, by a fixed nuiform rate, based upon the estimated average cost of all the sewers therein, according to the number of feet of area their said estates contain within a fixed depth from such street or way, or both, according to such frontage and area, which rate when adopted shall not be changed.

Approved May S, 1878.
Acts and Resolves passed by the General Court of Massachusetts, 1879.
(Chapter 55.)
Be it enacted, etc. :
Section 1. Section 3 of chapter 232 of the Acts of the year 1878 is hereby amended by adding at the end thereof the following words: " procided, however, that in respect to any estate fronting upon such street or way which by reason of its grade or level, or for any other cause, cannot be drained into such sewer, the selectmen shall not ascertain, assess, and certify the assessment thereon, or give notice of such assessment to the owner of such estate, until the incapacity of such estate to be drained into such sewer has been removed.

Approved February 21, 1879.
Section 1 above mentioned makes a radical change in the method of assessing the cost of sewers, inasmuch as it prescribed that not only the cost of the particular sewer should be assessed on the abutter, but also a proportionate part of the cost of all other sewers through which the same discharged.

Public Statutes. Enated November 19, 18S1, to take cffect February 1, 1SS:.
(Chapter \%0.)
Section 4. Every person who enters his particular drain into such main drain or common sewer, or who, by more remote means, received
benefit thereby for draining his cellar or land, shall pay to the city or town a proportional part of the charge of making and repairing the same, and of the charge, not already assessed, of making and repairing other main drains and common sewers through which the same discharges, to be ascertained, assessed, and certified by the mayor and aldermen or selectmen; and notice thereof shall be given to the party to be charged, or to his tenant or lessee.

Sect. 5. Assessments so made shall for one year after they are laid constitute a lien on the real estates assessed, and may, together with incidental costs and expenses, be levied by sale of such real estate, if the assessment is not paid within three months after a written demand for payment, made either upon the person assessed or upon any person occupying the estate; such sale to be conducted in like manner as sales for the payment of taxes.

Sect. 6. A person aggrieved by such assessment may, at any time within three months after receiving notice thereof, apply for a jury. Such application shall be made in like manner and the proceedings thereof shall be the same as in case of lands taken for laying out highways; provided, that before making his application the party shall give one month's notice in writing to the selectmen or road commissioners, or mayor and aldermen, of his intention so to apply, and shall therein particularly specify his objections to the assessment; to which specification he shall be confined upon the hearing by the jury.

Sect. 7. The city council of a city or the legal voters of a town may adopt a system of sewerage for a part or the whole of its territory, and may provide that assessments under section 4 shall be made upon owners of estates within such territory by a fixed uniform rate, based upon the estimated average cost of all sewers therein, according to the frontage of such estates on any street or way where a sewer is constructed, or according to the area of such estates within a fixed depth from such street or way, or according to both such frontage or area; but no assessment in respect to any such estate which, by reason of its grade or level, or for any other canse, cannot be drained into such sewer, shall be made, certified, or notified until such incapacity is removed.

Sect. 11. Nothing herein contained shall prevent a city or town from providing, by ordinance or otherwise, that a part of the expense of constructing, maintaining, and repairing main drains or common sewers shall be paid by such city or town. And in the city of Boston not less than one-quarter of such expense shall be paid by the city, and shall not be charged upon those using the main drains or common sewers.

Sect. 25. In a city or town which has accepted the provisions of this section or of chapter 249 of the Statutes of 1878 , if the owner of real estate within sixty days after notice of a sewer or sidewalk assessment thereon notifies in writing the board making such assessment to apportion the same, said board shall apportion it into three equal parts, and certify such apportionment to the assessors; and the assessors shall add one of said parts, with interest from the date of apportionment, to the anmual tax of said real estate for each of the three years next ensuing. All liens for the collection of such assessments shall continue until the expiration of two years from the time when the last instalment is committed to the collector; and all sewer and sidewalk assessments remaining unpaid after the time of payment stated in the order making the same shall draw interest from such time until paid.

Section 25 passed 7878. Accepted by the city Jamuary, 1835.

## Chapter 145 of the Acts of 1883.

Section five of chapter fifty of the Public Statutes, relating to sewer assessments constituting a lien upon real estate, is hereby amended by adding thereto the following clause, viz.: "And real estate so sold may
be redeemed the same as if sold for the non-payment of taxes, and in the same manner." April 24, 1883.

## Chapter 237 of the Acts of 1884.

Section 1. All assessments on account of betterments and other public improvements which are a lien upon real estate shall bear interest from the thirtieth day after assessment until paid.

Sect. 2. In case of any suit or other proceeding calling in question the validity or amount of such assessment, the assessment shall continue to be a lien for one year after final judgment in such suit or proceedings, and may, with all costs and interest, be collected by virtue of such lien in the same manner as prorided for the original assessment.

Approved May 15, 1884.

## Chapter 210 of the Acts of 1886.

Section five of chapter fifty of the Public Statutes is hereby amended so that assessments for main drains or common sewers hereafter made shall constitute a lien on the real estates assessed for two years instead of one year. Passed May 14, 1886.

## Chapter 456 of the Acts of 1889.

## An Act to provide for the Making and Collecting of Seiver Assessments in the City of Boston.

Section 1. The owner of each estate in the city of Boston bordering on a street or on a strip of land through which a main drain or common sewer shall hereafter be constructed in said city, may enter a particular drain into such main drain or common sewer from that part of said estate which is situated within one hundred feet from said street or strip of land; and shall upon and after such entry pay to the said city an assessment on such estate equal to the number of square feet of land thereof, within one hundred feet of such street or strip of land multiplied by the number representing one two-hundredth part of the average cost per running foot of all the main drains and common sewers of the city of Boston built during the five fiscal jears preceding the date of the order to build such main drain or common sewer.

No estate shall be assessed more than once for the construction of a drain or sewer except as hereinafter provided, but such estate may be assessed in the manner aforesaid for the cost of renewal or repair of a drain or sewer.

Sect. 2. The amount of every such assessment shall, immediately upon the completion of the main drain or common sewer, be made and determined by the superintendent of sewers of said city, and interest shall be added to the amomnt assessed at the rate of five per cent. per annum, from the date of completion of the main drain or common sewer, as certified in writing by said superintendent in a book to be kept for that purpose in his office; and notice of the date of such completion and of the amount of such assessment shall be given by said superintendent to the person assessed forthwith after the amount of the assessment has been determined.

Sect. 3. The owner of an estate not bordering on a street or strip of land through which a main drain or common sewer is constructed, or of an estate bordering on such street or strip of land extending more than one hundred feet in depth theretrom, may, after the amount of the assessment on such estate to be paid therefor has, on the petition of such owner, been fixed by the board of aldermen of said city, enter from such first-named estate, or from any part of such last-named estate, situated more than one hundred feet from the street or strip of land, a particular drain into the main drain or common sewer, and shall upon
and after such entry pay to the said city the amount of the assessment fixed as aforesaid; but such amount shall not exceed the amount he would have had to pay under section one of this act if his estate had bordered on such street or strip of land and had been only one hundred feet in depth therefrom.

SECT. 4. Upon the request of an owner of an estate on which an assessment has been made moder this act, made to the board of assessors of said city within ten days after any entry aforesaid, said board of assessors shall apportion the same into three equal parts, and shall add one of said parts with interest as aforesaid to the annual tax of said estate for each of the three years next ensuing.

Sect. 5. Every assessment made under this act shall constitute a lien upon the estate assessed until it is paid. and maly with all incidental costs and expenses be levied and collected, in the same manner as taxes on real estate are levied and collected; and a person aggrieved by any such assessment may, at any time within ten days after any entry aforesaid, apply for and have an abatement of his assessment in the same manner and under like rules of law as a person may apply for and have an abatement of taxes.

Sect. 6. This act shall take effect upon its passage.
Approved June 7, 1889.
In Board of Aldermen, Oetober 7, 1889.
Ordered, That the amount of sewer assessment which any owner of an estate not bordering on a street or strip of land through which a main drain or common sewer is constructed, or of an estate bordering on such street or strip of land extending more than one hundred feet in depth therefrom, shall pay, upon entry into said main drain or common sewer, is hereby fixed and determined at the same amount per square foot which the estates bordering on said street or strip of land are obliged to pay, under the provisions of chapter 4056 of the Acts and Resolves of the Legislature of 1889 . And the Superintendent of Sewers is hereby instructed to lery assessments for such amounts on all parties applying for permission to enter said main drains or common sewers from estates coming under the provisions of section 3 of said chapter.

$$
\text { Chapter } 346 \text { of the Acts of } 1890 .
$$

## An Act to amend an Act relating to Selver Assessments in the City of Boston.

Be it enacted, etc., as follows :
Section 1. Section one of chapter four hondred and fifty-six of the Acts of the year eighteen hundred and eighty-nine is hereby amended by striking out, in the ninth line, the words " the number of square feet," and inserting in place thereof the words "one cent for each square foot," and also by striking out all after the word " land" in the tenth line, and before the words "No estate" in the fifteenth line, and inserting in place thereof the words: "provided, however, that if the total amomnt of the assessments for said sewer exceerls the total sum of the cost of the sewer, plus a proportionate part of the cost of the outlet thereof, each of said assessments shall be proportionately reduced, so that the total amount thereof shall be equal to said sum," so that said section shall read as follows:

Section 1. The owner of each estate in the city of Boston bordering on a street or strip of land throngh which a main drain or eommon sewer shall hereafter be constructed in said city may enter a particular drain into such main drain or common sewer from that part of said estate which is situated within one hundred feet from said street or strip of land; and shall upon and after such entry pay to said city an assessment on such estate equal to one cent for each square foot of land there-
of within one hundred feet of such street or strip of land; provided, however, that if the total amount of the assessments for said sewer exceeds the total sum of the cost of the sewer, plus a proportionate part of the cost of the outlet thereof, each of said assessments shall be proportionately reduced, so that the total amount thereof shall be equal to said sum. No estate shall be assessed more than once for the construction of a drain or sewer, except as hereinafter provided, but such estate may be assessed in the manner aforesaid for the cost of renewal or repair of a drain or sewer.

Sect. 2. Section five of saidchapter is hereby amended by striking out, in the second line, the word " assessed," and inserting in the place thereof the words, " on which the assessment is made ;" also by striking out, in the fourth and fifth lines, the words " levied and," and also by striking out all after the word " collected " in the fifth line, and inserting in the place there of the words: "The city collector of said city shall have power to collect, and the assessors of taxes of said city shall have power to abate, such assessments; and all laws relating to the collection and abatement of taxes in said city shall, so far as applicable, apply to the collection and abatement of such assessments; and when an assessment is made upon a person or corporation by law exempt from the assessment of tixes, the said assessors shall notify said collector not to enforce the collection of such assessment; but when an estate, the collection of the assessment upon which has not been enforced under such notice, comes into the possession of another person as owner, the amount of such assessment shall be paid by such new owner in like manner, subject to the same provisions of law as if all original assessment," so that said section as amended shall read as follows :

Sect. 5. Every assessment made under this act shall constitute a lien upon the estate on which the assessment was made until it is paid, and may, with all incidental costs and expenses, be colleeted in the same manner as taxes on real estate are collected.

The city collector of sald city shall have power to collect, and the assessors of taxes of said city shall have power to abate, such assessments; and all laws relating to the collection and abatement of taxes in said city shall, so far as applicable, apply to the collection and abatement of such assessments; and when an assessment is made upon a person or corporation by law exempt from the assessment of taxes, the said assessors shall notify said collector not to enforce the collection of such assessment; but when an estate, the collection of the assessment upon which has not been enforced under such notice, comes into the possession of another person as owner, the amount of such assessment shall be paid by such new owner in like manner, subject to the same provisions of law as if an original assessment.

Sect. 3. The board of aldermen of said city shall adjust all sewer assessments made under this act so that the said assessments shall be as if made under the said act as hereby amended, and said city shall thereupon refund any excess in the amount of said assessments paid to said city.

SECT. 4. The repeal or alteration by this act of any provisions of law shall not affect any act done, liability incured, or right accrued and established, or any suit or proceedings to enforce such right or liability, under the athority of the haws hereby repealed or altered, except as hereinbefore provided.

Sect. 5. This act shall take effect upon its passage.
Approved May 28, 1890.

An ordinance to amend Chapter 18 of the Revised Ordinances of 1890 , relating to the Street Department, as approved by the Mayor, March 9, 1891.
Section 5. Said superintendent [of streets] shall keep a book in which he shall record the date of every order for constructing a sewer, the name of the contractor or builder constructing it, the date of commencing and the date of completing the work, and the cost of the sewer; also a book in which he shall certify the names of the owners of estates assessed for the constructing of the sewer, the number of feet of land of each estate bordering on the street or strip of land in which the sewer was laid, the depth of each estate, the amount of each assessment, the date of completion of the sewer, and the dates when the notices of assessment were given.

He shall make and deliver to the city collector all bills for assessments as they become due.

Sect. 10. . . . but before issuing a permit for entering a particular drain into a public sewer, from land upon which a sewer assessment has not been paid, he [superintendent of streets] shall be paid for the city an assessment of one cent per square foot, for all land in the estate from which the entry is made, within one hundred feet of the street or strip of land in which the sewer or particular drain is laid, except as otherwise prorided in section 1 of chapter 346 of the Acts of 1890 .

## Chapter 402 of the Acts of 1892.

## An Act relating to Sewers in the City of Boston.

Be it enacted, etc., as follows :
Section 1. The mayor and aldermen of the city of Boston may order that the superintendent of streets of said city make a sewer or sewers in any highway or strip of land and any other places in said city, specifying in the order the locations, sizes, and materials for the sewer or sewers, and the said superintendent shall carry out said order.

Sect. 2. Any expenses incurred for any work so ordered and performed shall be paid out of the moneys appropriated under the provisions of section one of chapter three hundred and twenty-three of the acts of the year eighteen hundred and ninety-one, and shall, to an amount not exceeding four dollars for each lineal foot of sewer, be repaid to said city as the assessable cost of the work, by the owners of the several parcels of land bordering on the highway or strip of land in which the sewer is made.

SECT. 3. Said superintendent shall so apportion the assessable cost to the pareels of land aforesaid that the amount apportioned to each parcel shall bear to the total assessable cost the proportion which the number of lineal feet of each parcel on said highway or strip of land bears to the number of such lineal feet of all such parcels, and a lien shall attach to the parcel and to any buildings which may be thereon for such amount, as a part of the tax of said parcel. Said superintendent shall give notice of the amount of every such assessment and the interest thereon to the owner of the parcel liable therefor, forthwith after such amonnt has been determined.

Sect. 4. When an assessment is made for a parcel of land for which the owner is by law exempt from being taxed, as determined and certified to by the assessors of said city on application to them therefor; the collector of taxes of said city shall suspend the collection of snch assessment; but after the day on which the parcel ceases to be owned by a person or corporation so exempt, the amount of such assessment, less any payment made for an entry ander the following section, shall be collected as if that day were the date of the passage of the aforesaid order for making the sewer.

Sect 5. The owner of any parcel of land on which an assessment has been made for said cost, and the collection of which has not been suspended, under the provisions of the preceding section, may enter from any part thereof, within one hundred and twenty-five feet of said highway or strip of land, a particular drain into such sewer, and the owner of any parcel of land, the collection of the assessment upon which has been so suspended, or of any other parcel of land, may, after the amount to be paid for an entry has been fixed by the mayor and aldermen of said city, enter a particular drain from such parcel into said sewer, and there shall be due and payable to said city, upon any such entry, the amount of the assessment apportioned or fixed as hereinbefore provided.

Sect. 6. The provisions of sections sixteen, seventeen, and eighteen of chapter three hundred and twenty-three of the acts of the year eighteen hundred and ninety-one, and acts in amendment thereof, so far as applicable, apply to all assessments made under this act.

SECT. 7. Chapter four hundred and fifty-six of the acts of the year eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, and chapter three hundred and fortysix of the acts of the year eighteen hundred and ninety, are hereby repealed, and sewers in said city shall hereatter be made and paid for only in accordance with the provisions of this act or the provisions of chapter three hundred and twenty-three of the acts of the year eighteen hundred and ninety-one and acts in amendment thereof.

Sect. ©. This act shall take effect upon its passage.
Approved June 16, 1892.
Chapter 418 of the Acts of the Year 1892.
Section 16 of chapter 323 of the acts of the year 1891 amended.
If the amount of the aforesaid assessable cost for which any parcel of land is liable, determined as provided in section fifteen, is not paid before the expiration of one year from the date of said determination, or if such amount as found by the court, on an appeal or other suit or proceeding, is not paid before the last day of May next succeeding the finding of the court, in each case with interest from the date of the passige of the aforesaid order of said street commissioners, at the rate of four and one-half per cent. per ammm, the board of assessors of said city shall include a sum equal to nine per cent. of such amount in the next succeeding annual tax bills issued for the tax on the said parcel, and in the tax bills issued the first year shall also include interest on the whole of said amount at the rate of fom and one-half per cent. per annum from the date of the aforesaid order to the last day of October of the year of the date of such tax bill, and in the tax bills for each succeeding year shall include one year's interest on the whole of said amount at the aforesaid rate, and shall so include such sums and interest until ten such sums with interest have been paid; said board shall issue tax bills for such sums for any parcels for which no tax bill would otherwise be issued Every such sum in a tax bill shall be abated, collected, and paid into the city treasury, as if a part of and in the same manner as the city taxes.
Section 17 of chapter 323 of the acts of the year 1891 amended.
The owner of any parcel of land aforesaid maty at any time pay to said city the balance of the amonnt of the said assessable cost for which his parcel is liable, remaining due after deducting therefrom the several sums, exclusive of interest, included in tax bills as provided in section sixteen, with interest on the whole anomat assessed at the rate of form and one-half per centmon per annmm from the last day of October prededing, to the date of bayment, and his pareel shall then be reliesed from further lien and liability for sath cost, or he may at any time pay a part of sad batance, and the board of street commissioners maty then, at
their discretion, with the approval of the mayor, relieve a proportional part of said parcel from further liability and lien for said cost.

Approved June 16, 1892.
(N.B. - The Board of Aldermen have taken no action in regard to fixing the amount to be paid for entry into sewer by the owner of a parcel of land, the collection of the assessment upon which has been suspended.)

## Sewer Assessments. (Discussion.)

The question of assessing the cost of a sewer upon the people benefited by its construction is a perplexing one. The foregoing résumé of laws and statutes relative to sewers shows how the method of assessment has been repeatedly changed.

The earliest law (1797) provided that the inhabitants of the town build their own sewers and pay for them, and no reference in this law is therefore made to assessments.

The litw of 1823 , which first provided that the city should build the sewers, was very inclefinite concerning the method of assessmont; and as future laws referred to the manner in which the expense of all sewers built and not previously assessed was to be collected, it is fair to suppose that trouble was experienced in interpreting the law of 1823 in regard to assessments.

The law of 1834 introduced a clause referring to the valuation of the estate benefited by the sewer, which was to have some bearing on the amount of the assessment levied. As the law did not specify exactly in what manner the valuation of the estate bears on the amount of the sewer assessment, it must have been impossible to determine the amount of sewer assessments.

The law of 1841 provided that the city should assume onequarter of the cost of construction of the main sewers.

This clause was probably introduced on account of the increased cost of main sewers. The assessing of the whole expense of large main sewers on the abutters probally proved burdensome, and this method was adopted to even up the difference in cost of main and branch sewers.

The amendment of the ordinance of 1875 in regard to sewer assessments provides that the benefit from sewers should be proportionate to the area instead of to the value of abutting property.

The report of the Superintendent of Sewers of that year mentions that "the change has diminished the amount of arbitrary judgment demanded in fixing values and reduced the labor of equably apportioning the cost of sewers."

The next radical change is found in the law of 1878 , in which
it is provided that a person who enters his drain into a common sewer shall not only pay a proportional part of the cost of the common sewer, but also a proportional part of the cost of all other common and main sewers through which the particular sewer discharges.

While this law had the advantage that after the cost of all sewers in a given drainage district had been determined, it would be possible to assess the cost on the abutters in such a manner that all assessments were in proportion to the benefit gained, and while it solved the vexed question of whether a drain was a main drain and the city should therefore pay one-quarter of the expense, or whether it was a common drain and the abutter should therefore pay the whole cost, it had the great disadvantage that it became impossible to levy sewer assessments until every sewer in the dranage area had been completed, as the cost of mains through which a branch sewer discharged was in some cases an unknown quantity.

The following extract from the report of the Superintendent of Sewers for the year 1887 is given as bearing on this subject, and as bearing on the general question of sewer assessment laws in force at that time:

The question of how to equitably assess a proportion of the cost of sewers upon those deriving benefit therefrom is a rexing one.
The ordinary interpretation of the statutes and the city ordinances bearing upon the question allows such a large margin for the exercise of judgment, that there is always a chance for objections being raised and dissatisfaction expressed at every schedule of assessment.

The present method (1887) of laying assessments is based upon the custom of the department for the last fifteen years, and though having, perhaps, some points in its favor, is certainly open to objections.

A party draining into a sewer receives the same benefit per square foot of land drained, or any other unit, whether entering a 10 -inch, 12 -inch, or 15 -inch pipe sewer, or a 4 -foot sewer, whether the sewer is laid in easy digging or in a rock cut; and as, according to the present method ( $1 \times 87$ ) of making up assessments, the cost of the particular sewer in front of the premises to be drained (except in the case of main sewers) is the basis on which the assessment is calcolated, one sewer may call for an assessment of $\$ 0.005$ per square foot, and another, where rock cutting or other obstacle is encountered, may call for as high as $\$ 004$ or $\$ 0.05 \mathrm{per}$ square foot for exatly the same benefit; $i e .$, the right of entering the sewer for the purpose of drainage. There being this difference in the charges, parties desiring sewers generally assume the smallest cost when petitioning for sewers, and are dissatisfied if the bills, when rendered, amount to more.

1 am satisfied that a uniform rate per square foot of land benefited. or a n iniform cost per linear foot of sever, can be established, hased upon the average cost of sewers already built, which will yield an equal amount of revemue to the city, and be more equitable and satisfactory to those assessed.

This fixed charge being known in advance, parties wanting sewers may determine to a certainty what they will have to pay, and therefore be able to decide intelligently on the advisathility of petitioning the Boad of Aldermen. It is dificult to see why an individal, in order
to drain his house lot, should be called upon to pay a high rate because rock or other obstacle was encountered during the construction of a sewer in his immediate vicinity, or because the conditions were such as to render an 18 -inch pipe necessary, when in other places a 10 -inch pipe might answer.

As the question of assessments is an important one, and involves a deal of study to find out, through the successive changes in statutes and ordinances, why the present system was adopted, I would recommend that a special committee, or the Committee on Sewers of the Board of Aldermen, together with the Corporation Counsel and the Superintendent of Sewers, take the matter under consideration, with a view to seeing if the preseut system could not be improved upon.

In accordance with the recommendation of the Superintendent of Sewers, the passage of Chapter 450 of the Aets of 1889 was obtained, providing for an assessment on land within 100 feet of the street in which the sewer was situated, amounting to the sum obtained by multiplying the number of square feet of land within 100 feet of the street by the number representing one two-hundredth part of the average cost per running foot of all the main and common sewers of the city of Boston built during the five fiscal years preceding.

Assuming that land extended back 100 feet from the street, and that the average cost of all sewers was $\$ 4.00$ per linear foot, this method gave an assessment of two cents per square foot.

This act, which returned a fair percentage of the cost of sewers to the city treasury, was amended by Chapter 346 of the Acts of 1890 , by making the sewer assessment one cent per square foot of land instead of two eents, and further provided that if the cost of the server was less than the amount returned to the eity by an assessment of one cent per square foot, then the assessment should be reduced proportionately.

All sewer assessments made under the Act of 1889 were adjusted according to the Act of 1890, and the money colleeted was refunded.

In order to show the effect of the laws of 1881 and 1889 (as amended in Chapter 346 of the Acts of 1890) on the finances of the city, the following table is inserted. As shown by the table, the practical cffect of these laws is to return to the city treasury only $30 \%$ of the amount expended for sewer construction.

Street Department.
Sewer Assessinents.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year } \\ & \text { (danuary to } \\ & \text { diantary). } \end{aligned}$ | Total Expenditures of sewer Division.* | Amount expended for Construction of sewers. | Amount Asscosments levied. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year (May } \\ & \text { to May). } \end{aligned}$ | Amonnt received by City Colleetor for Collection. | Amount Assessments abated. | Amount Assessments collueted, as per City Collector's Book. | Amount Asscssments uncollected. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1882 | $\$ 243,195 \quad 22$ | \$155,027 62 | $\$ 60,96329$ | 1882-83 | \$63,350 39 | \$3,854 48 | \$59,443 81 | \$52 10 |
| 1583 | 262,507 07 | 154,80459 | 19,310 19 | 1883-84 | 32,482 20 | 3,52125 | 28,960 95 | . . ....... |
| 1884 | 336,54206 | 240,02727 | 14,334 81 | 1884-85 | 19,946 37 | 1,689 47 | 18,106 90 | $150 \cup 0$ |
| 1585 | 404,81:2t | 251,69775 | 143,877 54 | 1855-86 | 179,994 22 | 20,754 08 | 159,240 14 |  |
| 1856 | 600,920 tio | 442,157 78 | $62,377 \quad 27$ | 1886-87 | 74,586 37 | 16,480 93 | 58,105 44 |  |
| 1857 | 479,152 40 | 262,527 23 | 116,110 49 | 1887-88 | 103,598 36 | 16,477 19 | 87,121 17 |  |
| 1588 | 1,016,618 50 | 129,26849 | 151,017 48 | 1888-89 | 129,318 66 | 11,651 21 | 113,899 80 | 3,767 65 |
| 1889 |  |  | n 17, 29145 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1859. | 566,69099 | 96,029 2: | $x 61,80849$ | 1889-90 | 83,666 40 | 6,300 14 | 67,618 66 | 9,747 60 |
| $18!0$. |  |  | $n 22,48920$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1890 c 1591 | 525,998 30 | 205,50347 | $x \ddot{5} 4,03750$ | 1890-91 | 17,153 94 | 77940 | 15,707 54 | 66650 |
| c 1591 | a 752,051 27 | 6314,71000 | n59,004 06 | o 1891-92 | 19,555 55 | 29505 | 14,779 32 | 4,481 18 |
| Totals. | \$5, 128,488 70 | $\$ 2,251,80342$ | c\$762,551 77 |  | $e \$ 723,65246$ | \$81,803 70 | \$622,983 73 | \$18,865 03 |


 Superintendeut of streets at five per cent. interest. o From May, 1891, to February, 1892

Total
'I

An analysis of this table shows that of the sum of $\$ 5,128,488.70$, the sum of $\$ 2,251,803.42$ was expended for actual sewer construction ; of the balance, or $\$ 2,876.685 .28$, the sum of $\$ 786,518.01$ was expended for Stony-brook construction, and the sum of $\$ 2,090,167.27$ was expended for the maintenance of the Sewer Division, including the maintenance of the Main Dranage Works.

Of the amount expended for sewer construction, the sum of $\$ 762,551 . \overline{7} 7$ has been levied against abutting estates in the form of assessments; this amount being about thirty per cent. of the actual cost of the sewers constructed.

The amount of assessments levied, in comparison with the amount expended for sewer construction, has varied largely from year to year, both on account of former loosences in making up sewer assessments, and also owing to changes which have been made in the laws. An inspection of this table shows that in 1884 the sum of $\$ 240,027.27$ was expended for sewer construction, and only the sum of $\$ 14,334.81$ was levied in assessments. On the other hand, in 1888 the sum of $\$ 129,268.49$ was expended for sewer construction, and the sum of $\$ 151,017.48$ was levied in assessments. This is accounted for by the fact that the department that year made up a large number of back assessments which had been allowed to accumulate.

Operation of the Law of 1889 as amended in 1890.
In order to determine the exact amount which the city received in assessments for sewers constructed under the law of 1890 , a table has been prepared showing the cost and amount assessed of every sewer (with one exception, which is not yet assessed) built under this law. The talle shows that the cost of building 145 sewers amounted to $\$ 520,635.01$, of which amount the city assessed the sum of $\$ 126,685.26$ on the abutters, or about twenty-four per cent.

Assessments of Sewers built under the Acts of 1889-90, to February 1, 1893.

| Street and Location. | Cost. | Assessments. | Collected. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Walnut ave. and Cobden st., Rox. | \$18,594 60 | \$709 75 | \$36t 75 |
| Bhue Hill ave., Roxbury, Southwood to Damascus | 64021 | 60035 | 400 35 |
| Essex st, Charlestown. | 78: 33 | 32299 | 22489 |
| Mt. Vernon st., Dor., Dorchester ave. to Buttonwood .............. | 264 S5 | 19200 | 15200 |
| Mozart st., Roxbury, Lamartine to Chestnut ave. | 35252 | 12930 | 115 75 |
| Maverick st., E. Boston, Maverick sq. to London st. | 97872 | 56021 | 29516 |
| Childs st., West Roxbury | 24646 | 5225 | 5225 |
| Mt. Vernon st. . Dorchester, Boston to end of sewer | 1,099 72 | 93200 | 6.52018 |
| Sackville st., Charlestown | 1,597 50 | $54 \geq 31$ | 50118 |
| Lawrence ave., Dorchest | $2+147$ | 12350 | 12350 |
| Irvington st., Back Bay | 62378 | 62378 | $51+82$ |
| Centre st.. West Roxbury, Pond to Lakeville pl. | 4,910 96 | 85000 | 31200 |
| Bowdoin st., Dorchester | 1,299 97 | 1,288 0.) | 1,013 (0) |
| Morris st., East Boston, Brotks to Putnam | 67413 | $48+50$ | 24610 |
| Third st., South Boston, I to K | 43069 | 29* 70 | 248 ! |
| Union st., Brighton | 2.61013 | 1,897 86 | 1,304 27 |
| Centre st., Roxbury, Highland to Marcella | 37984 | 163 C3 | 10347 |
| Franklin st, Brighton, East from Raymond | 35910 | 24900 | $1 i^{4} 10$ |
| Chelsea st., Chisn., Vine to Perry.. | 1,380 6t | 25892 | 25s 9 ? |
| Ashford st., Brighton, Chester to Malvern. | 87088 | 48633 | 324 9 - |
| Jay st., Rox., Minden to Mansur. | 1,249 60 | 25737 | $\because 5737$ |
| Myrtle st., City Proper, Ash pl. to end of sewer. | 29876 | 10183 | 6694 |
| Edson st., l)orchester | 1,710 86 | 1,419 33 | 904 58 |
| Allston st., Charlestown Medford to Bunker Hill. | \$80 10 | 35230 | 32830 |
| West Park and Whitfield sts., Dor., | 2,2+1 70 | 1,557 68 | 1,362 68 |
| Washington st., West Roxbury, Forest Hills to Cornwall....... | 1,03110 | 54417 | 30500 |
| Meridian st., East Buston, Decatur to Saratoga | 6,595 61 | 99140 | 89816 |
| Ashmont st., Dorchester | 1,240 32 | 1,176 99 | 82112 |
| Mozart st., Roxbury, Centre st., 100 feet south | 2.5965 | 5.) 00 | 5500 |
| Ocean st., Dor., Ashmont to Roslin, | 71269 | 61970 | 48970 |
| Alban st., Dorchester, Ashmont to end of sewer....... ......... | 34396 | 35.500 | 35\% 00 |
| Kent st., Roxbury | 2,558 97 | 37083 | 20498 |
| Dunreath st., Roxbury, Warren, 200 feet cast. | 1,320 72 | 11833 | 10015 |
| Bunker IIill st., Clarlestown, Ferrin to Green | 3.315 71 | 52094 | 92392 |
| Everett st., Brighton | 1,551 $: 3$ | 49287 | 330 87 |
| Magazine st., Roxbury | 4,993 48 | 1,634 43 | 1,634 43 |
| Carricd forward. | \$68,542 35 | \$21,333 55 | $\$ 15,56003$ |

Assessments of Sewers. - Continued.

| Street and Location. | Cost. | Assessmente. | Collected. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brought forward. | \$68, 54235 | \$21,333 55 | \$15,560 03 |
| Hudson st., City Proper, Curve to Kneeland | 24,098 07 | 1,209 74 | 1,167 11 |
| Bay State Road, Roxbury | 1,502 01 | 1,052 16 | 84868 |
| Magnolia st., Dorchester, Wayland to Robert ave. | 94319 | 17533 | 17533 |
| Reading st., Roxbury. | 676 6a | 45014 | 45014 |
| Bailey st., Dorcbester, Dorchester ave. to Washington. | 5,059 78 | 2,848 93 | 2,141 16 |
| Neponset avenue, Adams to Mill .. | 81720 | 70593 | 59340 |
| Decatur, E. B., Meridian to Border, | 7,928 69 | 54221 | 52146 |
| Exter, Providence to Huntington avenue | 70582 | $3 \pm 20$ | 3420 |
| Sterling, Roxbury, Shawmut avenue to Washington . . . . . . . . . . . | 1,279 81 | 49706 | 28206 |
| Putnam, E. B., Bremen to Chelsea, | $32 \pm 41$ | 16000 | 11600 |
| Cohasset, West Roxbury, Corinth to Stony brook $\qquad$ | 1,349 25 | 1,152 46 | 94910 |
| Condor, E. B., Brooks to Putnam.. | 62552 | 625.52 | $2 \div 817$ |
| Condor, E. B., Meridian to Border, | 32407 | $3 \div 407$ | 14113 |
| Market, Brighton | 1,440 03 | 34386 | 10970 |
| Border, E. B., Utah to White | 1,563 09 | 1,153 73 | 78923 |
| Cedar place, Dorchester | 1,181 84 | 20256 | 20256 |
| Panlding, Roxbury, Bainbridge to bale | 60221 | 8848 | 8848 |
| Kilby, City Proper | 1,070 51 | 18801 | 18801 |
| Walden, Rox., Arklow to Centre | 67353 | 57114 | 43950 |
| Bellevue and Kane, Dorchester... | 3,52050 | 81470 | 70825 |
| Paul Gore, West Roxbury | 2,861 47 | 1,457 51 | 1,457 51 |
| Walnut avenue, Roxbury, 'Harrishof to Holwarthy | 1.03556 | 27000 |  |
| Symmes, West Roxbury | 1,426 86 | 1,147 50 | 72000 |
| Waverly, Brighton... | 3,06764 | 2,358 86 | 1,754 39 |
| Cambridge, Brighton | 1,292 78 | $68+40$ | $64+40$ |
| Faneuil, Brighton | 8234 | $83 \quad 34$ | 3938 |
| Lincoln, Brighton | 23818 | 23818 | 16944 |
| Carruth, Dor., Minot to Codman | 87 a 61 | $563{ }^{512}$ | 6911 |
| Brent, Dorchester. | 92435 | 82154 | 13000 |
| Dunstable, Charlestow | 23227 | 13930 |  |
| Russell, Charlestown | 55420 | 18883 | 15183 |
| N, So. Boston, Second to Third | 34936 | 33000 | 12000 |
| O, So. Boston, First to Second .... | 46121 | 18500 | 18500 |
| Welles avenue, Dorchester, Washington to Harley | 75338 | 59151 | 4175 |
| Horace, E. B., Moore to Byron.... | 89836 | 89836 | 74590 |
| Parker Hill avenue, Roxbury, Tremont to Hillside | 1,088 66 | 65084 | 15234 |
| Liberty and Preble, South Boston.. | 1.92493 | 248 at | 23388 |
| Border, E. B., White to Condor | 1.08022 | 1,004 2: | 20517 |
| Crawford and Holland, Ruxbury | 7,86ã 41 | 87949 | 10¢ 00 |
| Humboldt avenue, Roxbury, Walnut avenue to Munroe .... .... | 2.54626 | 74643 | 59194 |
| Blue Hill ave., Dewey to Datmatia, | 50127 | 30311 | 12327 |
| St. Botolph, Garrison to Hareourt . | 1,538 07 | 67994 | 6799 t |
| 1)ustin, Brighton. | 6,153 33 | 2,360 48 | 79590 |
| Stoughton, City Proper | 1,896 06 | 1,121 31 |  |
| Carried forward. | \$163,874 31 | \$ 52,42799 | \$35,512 81 |

Assessments of Sewers. - Continued.

| Street and Location. | Cost. | Assesements. | Collecte |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Br | \$163,874 31 | \$52,427 99 | \$35,512 81 |
| Walk Hill, West Roxb | 1,428 29 | S11 98 | 76040 |
| Texas, Roxbury | 1,000 94 | 2892 | 977 |
| Common, Charles | 1.24722 | 2907 |  |
| Summer. Charlestor | 21233 | 2080 |  |
| Bainbridge, Roxhury | 1,321 78 | 19249 |  |
| Howard ave., Dorche | 1,124 82 | $1218 \times$ | 94 |
| Hill, Clarlestown | 88605 | 8533 | 4723 |
| McLean, City Proper | 1,623 2\% | 647 | 32. |
| Raleigh and Beacon, Roxbury | 9,201 52 | 59164 | 59164 |
| Reading, Roxbury, Maiden lane to Farnham | 77 | 28634 | 18442 |
| Pope's Hill and Neponset ave., Dor., | 2,502 78 | 1,640 90 | 557 |
| Cleveland pl., City Proper | 32088 | 7309 | 73 |
| Maverick, E. B., Short to J | 61655 | 57837 | $22+00$ |
| Gustin, South Boston. | 57478 | 38182 | 36580 |
| Cambridge. Brighton, from Saunders st., westerly. | 1,521 96 | 1.01433 | 90 |
| Florence, West Roxbury | 1,178 95 | 86454 | 36442 |
| Burnett, West Roxbury | 56916 | a647 26 | 66 |
| Porter, East Boston, Bremen to Bennington | 13,859 05 | 1,051 79 | 94056 |
| Homer, E. B., Byron to Moor | 1,845 65. | 1,000 00 | 725 00 |
| Calt, West Roxbury | 1,033 37 | 48786 | 373 49 |
| Bremen, E. B., Porter to Brooks | 12,00t 42 | 1,255 98 | 433 |
| Arlington, Brighton | 4,203 50 | 1,490 91 | 73242 |
| Tyler, Harvard to Oak.......... $\}$ | 12,055 79 | 65768 | 68 |
| Oak, Harrison ave. to Hudson | 12,055 79 | 15829 | 15829 |
| Byron, E.B., Cowper to Coleridge, $\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { and }\end{array}\right\}$ | 1,499 77 | 30800 | 308 |
| Coleridge, E. B., Byron to Rice . |  | 90000 | 48125 |
| Calumet and Sachem, Roxbury | 17,196 42 | 2,466 61 | 1,20811 |
| Wenham, West Roxbury | 2,268 66 | 802 98 | 5093 |
| Peter Parley, West Rox | 4146 | $614!$ | 378.5 |
| Gladstone, East Bosto |  | 2,583 7- | 89913 |
| Leyden, East Boston |  | 1,774 12 | 1,194 85 |
| Willey, East Boston | 36,065 81 | 1,12+93 | 9856 |
| Bennington, E.st Boston. .... . J |  | 3,042 18 | 1,64351 |
| Adams, Beaumont, and Burgoyne, Dorchester | 5,899 32 | 1,410 83 | 5 |
| Hillside, Roxbury, Parker Hill to Sunset ......................... | 67841 | 45841 | 34891 |
| Adams and Codman, Dorchester, | 21,326 01 | 4,078 54 | 1,576 24 |
| $\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { Bay st., private land, Springdale } \\ \text { st., etc. } \quad . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .\end{array}\right\}$ | 24,042 92 | 2,48036 | 69430 |
| Savin Hill ave. and Grampian way | 6 | ( 5,214 70 | 3,100 91 |
| Roslindale Main Sewer, Washington to Beech. | 61,776 09 | 8,024 20 | 2.48317 |
| Private land and Aslmont street, |  | 1,81+ 04 | 1,5ㄹ. 94 |
| Washington and part of Armandine. | 14,869 72 | 73894 | 589.94 |
| Falcom, E. B.. Brooks to Putnam.. | 1,74889 | 93624 | 3687 |
| Ruckland, Brighton | $63: 32$ | 24041 | ( |
| Dewey, bacia to Blue Hill avenue. | 4888 | 30836 | $30 \times 36$ |
| Dalmatia and Cherry . ............ | 71315 | 12080 | 11524 |
| Carried forward | 424,94674 | \$105,697 99 | 0, |

Assessments of Sewers. - Concluded.

| Street and Location. | Cost. | Assessments. | Collected. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brought forward. | \$424,946 74 | \$105,697 99 | \$60,227 36 |
| Commonwealth avenue, Charlesgate W. to Brookline avenne | 12,816 11 | 1,066 80 | 1,066 80 |
| Orleans, East Boston, Maverick to Sumner....................... |  | $\int 56100$ | 40100 |
|  | 15,467 71 | < 1.10597 | 1,083 97 |
| Vine, Charlestown | 5,862 83 | 19090 | 19090 |
| Kilton and Harvard, Dorchester | 13,293 24 | 3,374 95 | 62546 |
| Humboldt avenue, Roxbury, Homestead to Seaver ......... | 1,910 33 | 1,012 16 | 60716 |
| Private street, East Boston, Leyden to Walley | 42933 | 7748 |  |
| Crawford, Roxbury, south-east, from Holland...... .... ..... | 5,218 94 | 1,802 43 | 92779 |
| Magnolia and Lawrence avenue | 8,254 12 | 1,724 92 | 1,268 28 |
| Jeffries, from No. II to Everett, East Boston. | 26668 | 13500 | 3500 |
| Baldwin, Charlestown | 67422 | 735 | 735 |
| Creighton, Roxbury | 1,194 28 | 1,146 28 | 76441 |
| New, F. B., Maverick to Cross | 32985 | 32135 | 6317 |
| C, South Boston, Fifth to Sixth | 79416 | 13675 | 8522 |
| Tremont, Charlestown | 27353 | 8352 | 8352 |
| Westville, private land and Charles street | b 13.525 44 | 2,610 96 | 1,203 03 |
| Randolph, City Proper. | b 4,506 75 | 1,111 14 | 35746 |
| Parker Hill avenue, Roxbury, Hillside, south. | 1,049 09 | 89956 | 39138 |
| Dorchester avenue, Crescent avenue, north | 1.47796 | 91463 | 67308 |
| North Harvard | 5,270 78 | 2,307 97 | 68156 |
| Townsend | 3,043 42 | 39615 | 7730 |
| Totals. | \$520,535 01 | \$126,685 26 | \$73,8き1 20 |

[^2]The foregoing table shows that even less money is returned to the city treasury under the law of 1890 than under the laws of 1881 and 1890 , as the percentage assessed falls off from over thirty per cent. to twenty-four per cent. In order that a greater proportion of the expense might be assessed on the abutters the law of 1892 was passed. (See Chapter 402 of the Acts of 1892.)

It is too early to draw definite conclusions from the new law of 1892 . Calculations made to date show that the city will recover in assessments about seventy per cent. of the cost of
sewers instead of the thirty per cent. recovered under the 1881 law, and the twenty-four per cent. under the 1890 law.

## Sewer Assessments levied during the Year 1892.

Sewer assessments have been made by this division for the year ending January 31, 1893, to the amount of $\$ 105,490.37$ as follows:

In accordance with the Public Statutes enacted November 19, 1881
\$1,394 18
In accordance with Chap. 456 of the Acts of 1889 , as amended by Chap. 346 of the Acts of 1890

27,970 55
In accordance with Chap. 402 of the Acts 1892

76,125 64
$\$ 105,49037$
Bills for sewer assessments have been deposited with the City Collector for collection to the amount of $\$ 113,860.27$. This sum is made up of all assessments levied during the year under the acts of 1881 and acts of 1892 , and the bills: for those estates assessed under the acts of 1889-1890, from 1889 to date, that have made connection with the city's sewers during the year ; the assessments for those estates not having made connection with the sewers remaining on the books of this division at 5 per cent. interest. These amount to $\$ 49,143.56$, and will be deposited for collection as the estates assessed connect with the sewers. This amome represents 39 per cent. of the total assessments made under the acts of 1889-1890, showing a marked increase in the amount deposited for collection during the current year, as there remained on the hooks February 1, 1892, a sum representing 58 per cent. of the assessments made to that date.

Entrance fees to the amount of $\$ 5,090.85$ have been collected from estates upon which no sewer assessment was ever levied, in accordance with Chap. 36, Sect. 10, of the Revised Ordinances. This exceeds any sum previously collected by this department, even when the rate for entrance was double what it is at present.

Two thousand six hundred and twenty-eight permits have been issued to drain-layers to connect house drains with the city's sewers, or to repair old connections, and the work done under these permits has been inspected and a record of same made on the plans in this division.

## STREET-CLEANING DIVISION.

The work of the Street-Cleaning Division has continued to give satisfaction through the year. No special changes have been inamgated, for the reason that the organization perfected in 1891 proved to be efficient.

The details of this organization were fully set forth in last year's report, together with the data concerning the areas of the different sweeping districts, and other valuable information. During the year 1891, District No. 2 (which includes the territory in the vicinity of the markets) was swept at night. It was found that, owing to the complete absence of teams at this time, much more effective work could be accomplished, and night-sweeping has been inaugurated in Districts Nos. 3, 4, and 5 as well, which practically include all territory north of Dover street.

The following table shows the average force employed during the year:


The above-mentioned force use in carrying out the work of the division the following plant:

Eighteen double sweeping-machines, 14 single sweepingmachines ( 1 transferred to Paving Division), 13 water-carts, 83 street-carts, 87 horses (owned by the division), 21 asphaltscrapers.

The Push-cart Patrol use:
Forty-seven push-carts, 37 extra barrels, 4 street-carts (steel), 4 horses (all hired).

In addition to the above-mentioned carts, the division hires about 25 extra teams.

For the Paper Patrol one team is employed all the time.
Experiments have been made at various times through the year with several patent sweeping-machines, constructed so as to sweep the dirt and elevate it into a cart. No satisfactory machine has yet been invented, all being clumsy and complicated in arrangement, and the work is carried on now as formerly, using the ordinary machine-sweeper.

## Pusi-Cart Patrol.

The working of the Push-cart Patrol has been quite satisfactory, and the results have been so gratifying that the number has been increased during the year. Forty men are now employed in this service, and the area covered comprises the following-named streets:

Arch street, Avon place, Beach street (Washington street to South street), Beacon street (Arlington street to Charles street), Bedford street, Blackstone street (Hanover street to Cross street), Boylston street (Washington street to Park square ), Bowdoin square, Brattle street, Brattle square, Bromfield street, Bulfinch street (Howard street to Bowdoin square), Cause way street (Merrimae street to Beverly street), Central street, Chardon street, Chauncy street, Columbus avenue (Park square to West Chester park), Congress street (Milk street to State street), Congress square, Cornhill, Court street, Devonshire strect, Doane street, Eliot street, Elin street, Essex street (Washington street to South strect), Exchange place, Federal street (Summer street to Milk street), Franklin street (Washington street to Federal street), Friend street, Hanover street (Scollay square to Blackstone street), Harrison avenue (Bedford street to Kneeland street), Hawkins street, Hawley street, Haymarket *quare, Harvard street, Kilby street, Kingston street, Kneeland street, La Gringe street, Lincoln street, Mason street, Merrimac street, Milk street (Washington street to Broad street), Otis street, Park square, Portland street, Post-office square, School street, South street, State street (Washington street to Broad street), Sudbury street, Summer street, Temple place, Traver's street (Merrimac street to Beverly street), Tremont street (Eliot street to Court street), Tremont row, Union street (Hamover street to Haymarket square), Washington street (Kuceland street to Mitymarket square), Water street, West street, Winter street, Winthrop syuare, and the following asphalt streets:

Beacon street from Dartmouth to Gloucester, W. Newton
street from Washington to Columhus avenue, Chester square, south side, from Washington to Columbus aveme, Chester square, north side, from Tremont to Colnmbus avenue, Broadway from Dorchester avenue to Dorchester street.

That this service is an important adjunct to the general work in the depot and trading districts camnot be denied. Even if these streets are swept perfectly clean in the early part of the day or during the night, the hourly accumulations are so great that the gutters and crossings soon become littered and an eyesore to pedestrians.

The contents of the barrels collected by the Push-cart Patrol are removed at regular intervals by an odorless iron dumping-cart. This cart does not leak, is easily dumped, and has proved of good service in the work of collecting the contents of the barrels.

The refuse collected by the patrol is taken to the dumpingscow and towed to sea. The refuse has considerable value as manure, but the extra cost of teaming it to the railroad stations, where it could be sold to farmers, and the difficulty of making arrangement for cars, prevent the division from disposing of it in this manner.

Three thonsand four hundred and fifty-six loads of streetsweepings were collected by the "Push-cart Patrol," and 439 loads by the "Paper Patrol," making a total for the patrol system of 3,895 loads.

The following table shows the number of loads of strectsweepings removed each year during the last eleven years:

| Year. |  |  |  |  |  | No. of Cart-loads. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1882 | - • | - | - | - | - | 52,381 |
| 1883 | . . | . | . | - |  | 58,272 |
| 1884 | - . | - | - | - | - | 62,22. |
| 1885 | - . | - | - | - | - | 61,455 |
| 1886 | - - | - | - | - |  | 59,875 |
| 1887 | - - | - | - | - | - | 68,990 |
| 1888 | - . | - | - | - | - | 68,010 |
| 1889 | - . | - | - | - |  | 70,476 |
| 1890 | - - |  | - | - |  | 70,449 |
| 1891, 12 | months |  | - | - |  | 187,11. |
| 1891, 13 | months |  | . | . |  | 291,425 |
| 1892 | - . | - | - | - | - | 106,8:9 |

[^3]
## Difficulties encountered by the Division in keeping the Streets Clean.

In the report made last year, reference was made to the difficulties encountered by the division in keeping streets clean, and a quotation from the report of the Commitlee on Street-Cleaning appointed to investigate the subject in New York was published.

The quotation covers the subject so concisely, and is a matter of such general interest, that it has been reinserted in this report.

If the existing laws and ordinances regulating the conduct of householders and eilizens with respeet to eleanliness were faithfilly observed and duly enforced, the task of the Street-Cleaning Department would be greatly lightened.
'Ihe law against throwing litter and rubbish of any kind into the gutters and streets is daily and hourly violated in the best sections of the eity, and that by people who have not the exeuse of ignorance of the law.
We have seen prominent business houses on Fifth avenue engaged in unpacking large cases upon the sidewalk, the operation involving the throwing into the streets of paper, straw, and litter of all descriptions.
We have seen well-dressed men, on their way down town, deliberately toss into the public highway the eight-page newspaper which they had just finished reading. We have seen the same elass of people disembarrass themselves of handfuls of paper and scraps by the same easy process.
We have seen men engaged in repairing the sidewalks, where the material taken up was deeayed wood, throw the debris into the public streets, and leave it there in piles.

We have seen in front of a well-known and reputable establishment on Union square the remains of a large awning partially destroyed by fire east deliberately into the gutter.

It is a matter of daily habit with many storekeepers upon the lines of the great lateral avenues to commence the day by sweeping out all the refuse litter of their stores into the streets.

It is useless to multiply these instances; every one will reeognize the fact of their daily and hourly occurrence. It is a hopeless task to keep the streets of this city clean so long as the people themselves are determined to keep them dirty.
So thoronghly convinced are we of the absolute necessity of the enforcement of these laws and ordinanees, if it is really desired to keep the city clean, that, as a most essential part of the remedy we have been called mpon to suggest, we mrge upon the Mayor, as the chief executi:e officer of New lork, to exereise all the anthority he can command to bring all the departments charged with the execution of these laws and ordinances into cordial harmony and coöperation for their vigorous enforcement.

## Ohdinances and their Enforcement.

The present ordinances of the City of Boston are sufficient to prohibit the throwing of refuse into the streets, and it is the duty of the police to enforce these ordinances.

The department has, during the year, endeavored by correspondence to impress on the Board of Police the necessity of such enforcement.

The condition of some of the business streets during the year in regard to cleanliness has been extremely unsatisfactory.

This unsatisfactory condition has not been the fault of the Street-Cleaning Division, the streets in question being those that are nightly swept, and in addition are covered during the day by the Push-Cart Patrol, but is directly due to the numerous violations of Section 39 of Chapter 43 of the Revised Ordinances concerning the throwing of rubbish into the streets. It being the duty of the police force to prevent these violations, the following letter was sent to the Board of Police on June 2, 1892 :

## To the Board of Police:

I desire to call your attention to the general appearance of the business part of this city, caused by violations of Section 39 of Chapter 43 of the Revised Ordinances of 1892. It would seem to me that the police are as much bound to see that the violations of these ordinances do not occur, as they are to see that the laws and ordinances in general are enforced.

In my opinion, the Board of Police are primarily responsible for the keeping of the streets free from such refuse matter as is mentioned in Section 39 of Chapter 43 of the Revised Ordinances.

Each scrap of paper, handbill, piece of wood, or, in general, rubbish of any sort that is visible in the street, is an evidence of the violation of the city ordinances, for which a proper penalty has been provided; and the presence of this material in the street shows that acts have been committed which it is the duty of the police to prevent. It seems to me that, your Board being primarily responsible for seeing that the streets. are kept free from refuse and débris. it wonld be a most simple matter to have each police captain responsible for his own district, and each patrolman responsible for the condition of the streets on his route.
It ought to be the duty of each captain to inspect his district daily in reference to the condition of the streets, and on finding on the route of an officer numerons violations of the ordinance above referred to, a reprimand should follow. and, if necessary, a suspension or discharge. It would be the duty of this officer to make complaints in general, concerning the violations which have occurred in the different districts, and, if repeated complaints were made in regard to one district, it should, in my opinion, be the duty of your board to call the captain to account.

If there were a proper coöperation between the Board of Police and this department, the condition of the streets could be greatly improved, as a large part of their present unsightly condition is due to violations of ordinances, which it is the duty of the police to prevent. If these violations never occurred, there is no doubt in my mind that my force is perfectly organized to do the part of the work that belongs to it, and to keep the streets clem.

It is to be regretted that as far as could be ascertained this letter had no effect in making the police force more active in attending to their duty. Great activity has been shown by the Board of Police in enforcing minor ordinances relative to feeding horses in the streets, peddling, occupying streets for the proper receipt and delivery of goods, and for building purposes, etc., etc.

It is extremely gratifying to be able to record this activity of the police force, but it is somewhat surprising that the most important of the ordinances which have been the subject of special commmnication to the Board of Police can be universally violated, while unimportant ordinances are strictly enforced.

The Department has brought to the attention of the Board of Police specific instances of violation of ordinances, and in some instances has offered to furnish testimony in case of prosecution.

In such cases the Board of Police has coöperated with the Department, and several convictions have been procured in the police court for such violations.

## Eiftying Filth into Catch-Basins.

During the year some trouble has arisen from storekeepers emptying slops and filth directly into the catchbasins, clogging them up and rendering them unsanitary. As this is in violation of the ordinances, several arrests were made and fines imposed, among which might be montioned the following :

William Cassidy, of the New England Telephone Company. Prosecuted and fined $\$ 10$ for dumping filth from its manholes into the catch-basins.

Frank Tedman, an employee of Niles Brothers, corner Cross and Fulton streets, for dumping beef pickle into catchbasin on Cross street. Fined $\$ 10$.

Charles Kogel, an employee of Louis Bassill, for dumping grindstone refuse into catch-basin, 37 Pitts strect. Fined $\$ 5$ and costs.

## Future Needs of the Division.

The picking over of ash barrels by rag-pickers should be prohibited by ordinance, and it is to be hoped that this year will see a change in this matter.

Owing to the amount of the appropriation, no separate cleaning-gangs could be provided in Dorchester and West Roxbury, the necessity for which is greater year by year as the districts develop.

Owing to the paving of Dorchester avenue during the year, it will be necessary to establish a small force in Dorchester to sweep the paved streets and attend to the scraping of the gutters and macadamized streets in that locality, and a small force will be established in West Roxbury during the coming year.

## Conclusion.

Five appendices are submitted herewith, in which will be found the reports of the different depaty superintendents, showing the expenditure of each division in detail. They are as follows:

Appendix A, Bridge Division.
Appendix B, Paving Division.
Appendix C, Sanitary Division.
Appendix D, Sewer Division.
Appendix E, Street-Cleaning Division.
The Superintendent is under obligations to His Honor, Mayor Nathan Matthews, Jr., and to the City Council, for the liberal spirit shown in making appropriations for necessary street improvements, and for the interest taken in securing legislation of great value to the department.

To all officials and employees the Superintendent desires to extend his thanks for the ability and ficlelity displayed in carrying on the work of the department during the past year.

Respectfully submitted,
Henry H. Carter, Superintendent of Streets.

## STREET DEPARTMENT.

## ORGANIZATION, 1892.

Central Office Room 47, City Hall.
HENRY H. CARTER,Superintendent of Streets.
JOHN W. McDONALD, Purchasing Agent. henry b. WOOD, Secretary and Executive Engineer.

## PAVING DIVISION.

Room 41, City Hall.

CHARLES R. CUTTER, Deputy Superintendent. BENJAMIN B. TREMERE, Chief Clerk.

## SEWER DIVISION.

Room 44, City Hall.
HENRY W. SANBORN, Deputy Superintendent (ex officio, Engineer
Improved Sewerage).
FRANK H. RICE, Chief Clerk.
Engineer's Office, 12 Beacon Street.
E. S. DORR, Engineer in Charge.

## SANITARY DIVISION.

12 Beacon Street.
geo. W. FORRISTALL, Deputy Superintendent.
M. J. Murray, Chief Clerk.

## STREET-CLEANING DIVISION.

14 Beacon Street.
PHILIP A. JACKSON, Deputy Superintendent. thomas molaughlin, Chief Clerk.

## BRIDGE DIVISION.

14 Beacon Street.
JOHN A. McLAUGILLN. Deputy Superintendent. FREDERICK H. SPRING, Chief Clerk.

## CAMIBIRIDGE ANI BOSTON BRIDGES.

HENRY H. CAliTER. Commissioner for Boston (ex officio). WILLIAM J. Marvin, Commissioner for Cambridge.

## APPENDIX A.

## REPORT OF THE DEPUTY SUPERINTENDENT OF THE BRIDGE DIVISION.

14 Beacon Street,<br>Boston, February 1, 1893.

## H. H. Carter, Esq., Superintendent of Streets:

Dear Sir: In compliance with orler conveyed in your letter of January 14, 1893 , I respectfully submit herewith the following report of the acts and expenditures of the Bridge Division from February 1, 1892, to January 31,1893 . For this perioll there was allotted, for the care, maintenance, etc., of the bridges, the sum of $\$ 125,000$, which, by reason of necessary work on Charles-river and Essex-street bridges, was found to be insufficient to the amount of $\$ 3,954.37$. Thus the total sum expended by this division in the performance of regular work was $\$ 128,954.37$.

The total number of bridges in Boston, under supervision of this division, not including culverts, is (108) one bundred and eight; of this number seventy-three are supported wholly or in part by the city of Boston, and include twentr-two tidewater bridges, provided with draws. The increase of four bridges consists of two in Back Bay Park, L-street brilge at South Boston, and Allston bridge, over tracks of Boston and Albany Railroad at Cambridge street.

Of the important tidewater bridges, all are equipped with steam power except Meridian and Dover streets, which continue horsepower; Federal street, which is operated by electricity; Malden and Mt. Washington avenue, which are moved by hand power. All other draws are operated by hand-power. The general condition of these bridges is good, with two exceptions, notably Charles river and Chelsea street.

The report contains a tabulated statement of the expenditures, and a description of work performed on each bridge, and the maintenance expenses of the two districts comprising the Bridge Division.

Embodied in the report also are tables showing bridges supported in part or wholly by the City of Boston, etc. ; widths of draw-openings; widths of bridges, roadways, int sidewalks; kind of pavement used; number of draw openings made for navigation; census of traflic taken in June of present year, as a comparison with that taken in $A$ pril, 1891.

The inland bridges have been carefully looked after, and special effort has been made to keep them chean and safe. They have been thoroughly swept each week, and supper holes have been kept free and clear.

The delivery of material in the different districts by those having contracts has been prompt and efficient, causing no delay for the proper performance of the work.

## Public Landing-Places.

The following public landing places bave been built by the city, and are maintained and controlled by the Street Departinent :

Charles River Bidge. - Size, $40 \times 60$. Built in 1890. Moored from city's property.

Essex Street Bridge. - Size, $9 \times 23$. Built in 1890. Moored from city's property.

East Boston, Public Landing. - Dock and flats leased December 10, 1892, from East Boston Dry Dock Company, at $\$ 200$ per year. Size, $18 \times 30$. Being built.

Commercial Wharf.-Docks and flats leased November 30, 1891, from Commercial Wharf Corporation, at $\$ 1,000$ per year. Float built by M. F. Sullivan ; contract dated January 1, 1892. Size, $30 \times 50$.

Fecleral-street Bridge, Public Landing. - Moored from city's property. Float built by M. F. Sullivan, October 26, 1892. Size, $20 \times 35$.

## Special Work.

The report contains a description of work performed and expenditures on several bridges, money for which was provided by special appropriation.

The total amonnt of money so expended and eharged was $\$ 24,190.03$. Of this sum $\$ 13,486.09$ was paid to various persons, for work which could not be performed by our own men. The balance, $\$ 10,703.94$, was directly beneficial to onr own mechanics, excepit a small portion used for the purchase of material for the work.

Very respectfully yours, John A. McLaughlin, Deputy Superintendent.

## FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

## Regclar Appropriation.


A mount of expenditures charged to Bridge Divis.
ion, February 1,1892 to January 31, 1893.

Transferred to Sanitary Division, January 13, 1893, | $\$ 128,95437$ |
| ---: |
| 80000 |

## Expenditcres. <br> Administrution.

Office expenses:
Advertising . . . . . \$19 75
Printing . . . . . . 23636
Stationery and postage . . . 8583
Otfice books . . . . . 4700
Telephone . . . . . . 12000
Binding rejorts . . . . . 27 15
Sundries . . . . . . 1700
Salaries of Deputy Superintendent, Clerk, and Messenger

5,800 00
Salary of Executive Engineer, $1 \frac{1}{34}$ months $\dot{C}$ and
Salary of Clerk of Committee on Streets and Sewers, 11 weeks . . . . . . 31636
Salaries of General Foreman and two District Foremen

4,55ั 50
Board of Deputy Superintendent's horse . . 36600
Travelling expenses of Deputy Superintendent and General Foreman
$60 \quad 00$
Amount expended, administration
$\$ 11,96873$

## Total Regular Expenditures.

Expenditures, administration
\$11,968 73
" on tide-water bridges . . . 93,212 6 6
". " intand ". . . . 10,012 92
" North yard and stable . . . 6,938 75
" South " " " . . . 6,821 31
Total amount expended for the year, February
1, 1892, to January 31, 1893
$\$ 128.95437$

## Income.

The amomnt of bills for work done by this division, deposited with the City Collector during the year. was . . . . . . . . . \$14161
Amonit due on leases . . . . . . 37500
Total
8.51661

## TIDE-WATER BRIDGES.

## Broadway bridge (over Fort Point channel).

Sbeathed roadway and draw, repaired sidewalks, put in new striugers and floor, new hatch on draw, new oak headers, red-leaded underneath one coat, repaired wheel guards, put in new lockers in drawtender's quarters, painted engine-room, machinery, and chambers two coats, and varnished same, repaired engines and boat, and made repairs on water and waste pipes.
Carpenters . . . . . $\$ 67613$
Painters . . . . . . 1,116 41
Lumber . . . . . . 54971
Nails and spikes . . . . 1209
Ironwork . . . . . . 1,366 96
Hardware . . . . . . 919
Paint stock . . . . . 22246
Plumbing . . . . . . 58 万5
Testing boiler, etc. . . . . 2672
Repairing boat . . . . . 1200
$\$ 4,05022$
Regular expenses :
Draw-tenters . . . . . \$5̄,697 50
Eubstitutes . . . . . 18175
Coal . . . . . . 20120
Gas . . . . . . . 4320
Water . . . . . . 2500
Ice . . . . . . . 600
Fand . . . . . . 263
Small supplies . . . . . 5208
Cambridge-street bridge (from Brighton to Cambridge).
Sheathed bridge and repaired deck where defective, put in new flaps, repaired hoisting machinery, ant painted fence.
Carpenters . . . $\$ 11825$
Painters . . . 1500
Lumber . . . . 9689
Nails and spikes . . 20 0̃
Itonwork . . . 5105
Paint stock . . . 500
Car fares . . . 290
\$291 14
Regular expenses:
Draw-tender
\$365 56
Coal
485
Small supplies . . 15 55

Brought forward,
Charles-river bridge (from Boston to Charlestown).
Painted draw-tender's house inside one coat, sheathed draw twice, put in trucks nine times and repaired tracks eight times, new bunter, repaired sidewalk, pier, and fence, repaired waterway by splicing piles and bracing, put in two new thirty-fout rails and repaired tracks and stringers, repaired engines and placed waterpipe under sidewall.
Carpenters . . . $\$ 1,08057$

Painters . . . 14500
Lumber . . . . 26170
Nails and spikes . . 2050
Ironwork . . . 1,406 28
Paint stock . . . 3675
Plumbing . . . 5450
Sand and brick . . 2050
'Testing boiler . . 1360
Steel rails . . . 1795
$\$ 3,05735$
Regular expenses :
Draw-tenders . . . \$0,021 25
Sulstitute . . . $1 \overline{5} 00$
Coal . . . . 46920
Gas . . . . 4602
Water . . . . 2500
Cordage . . . 31097
Ice . . . . 600
New row-boat . . 7000
Sinall supplies . . 8084
6.04428

Chelsea bridge [North] (over North channel, Mystic river).
Sbeathed draw and approaches twice, repaired deck where defective, put in new truck and bunter, repaired tracks and engine-house, and varnished draw-tender's house inside.
Carpenters . . . $\$ 46712$
Painters . . . 2875
Lumber . . . 14572
Nails and spikes . . 800
Ironwork . . . 5339
Paint stock . . . 1136
Plumbing . . . 290
Displacement of tidewater . . . . 712


Chelsea bridge [South] (over South channel, Mystic river).

Sleather draw twice, rebuilt waterway and fenderguard on northeasterly side, repaired remaining portion, also piles, repaired engine-room, placed shop on pier taken from Warren bridge and painted same two coats, and made repairs on turntable and machinery.
Carpenters . . . $\$ 1,16513$
Painters
7125
Lumber . . . . 55484
Nails and spikes . . 2870
Ironwork . . . 32966
Hardware . . . 310
Paint stock . . . 1671
Repairing fender-guard . 239
Muving shop . . . 7500
\$2,483 39
Regular expenses:
Draw-tenders . . . \$3,926 52
Substitutes . . . 7250
Coal . . . . 27005
Feed . . . . 2005
Gas . . . . 2771
Water . . . . 6000
Furniture . . . . 25
Ice . . . . 600
Ruhber packing . . 4460
New row-boat . . $\quad 300$
Horse-shoeing . . 700
Small supplies . . 8623

## Brought forward,

Chelsea-street bridge (from East Boston to Chelsea).
Sheathed bridge, repaired deck where defective, and gear under draw.


Regular expenses :
Draw-tender . . . \$299 00
Small supplies . . 260
30160

Commercial Point or Tenean bridge (Dorchester).

Regular expenses :
Draw-tender
5000
Congress-street bridge (over Fort Point channel).
Sheathed draw three times, new oak headers, repaired straps on pier, also fence, repaired iron fence on draw, repaired boat, reset and repaired buoys three times, general repairs made on machinery, steam and service pipes, put in new water-closet, and painted draw-tender's house and fence one coat.
Carpenters . . . $\$ 46630$
Painters . . . 3500
Lumber . . . . 67113
Nails and spikes . . 1470
Ironwork . . . 56251
Hardware . . . 2775
Paint stock . . . 1574
Plumbing . . . 20405
Resetting buoys . . 45550
Repairing iron fence on
draw . . . .
27800
Repairing damage to vessel

1650
Repairing row-boat . 900
Testing boilers, etc. . 3485
$\$ 2,79103$
Regular expenses:
Draw-tenders . . $\$ 5,66115$
Substitutes
6570
Carried forward,

| Brought forward, | \$5̃,728 85 | \$2,791 03 | \$32,596 36 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Coral | 34700 |  |  |
| Water | 10675 |  |  |
| Ice | 600 |  |  |
| Small supplies | 9838 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 9,076 01 |

Dover-street bridge (over Fort Point channel).
Sheathed draws three times, repaired waterway, put in new oak headers, repaired trucks and placed the same nuder draws four times, general repairs made on water service and waste pipes.
Carpenters . . . $\$ 21264$
Painters . . . . 4575
Lumber . . . . 5519
Nails and spikes . . 523
Ironwork . . . 1,200 36
Hardware . . . 2466
Paint stock . . . 3624
Plumbing . . . 5402
New windows . . . 1165
$\$ 1,64574$
Regular expenses :
Draw-tenders . . . \$4,486 56
Subatitutes . . . 10500
Coal . . . . 2060
Feed . . . . 24865
Gas . . . . 4306
Water . . . . 1500
Tan . . . . 3600
Ice . . . . 600
Horse-shoeing . . 2950
Bay borse . . . $3 \check{0} 000$
Horse-lire . . . 1200
Repairing harness . . 1890
Small supplies . . 5960

$$
5,430 \quad 87
$$

Essex-street bridge (from Brighton to Cambridge).
Put in stringers and deck where defective, sheathed roadway and draw, put in new flaps, sheathed top of westerly pier, built foundation for draw-tender's honse, which was moved here from Malden bridge.

| Carpenters | \$690 87 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lumber | 76851 |  |
| Nails and spikes | 5655 |  |
| Ironwork | 17 65 |  |
| Carried forword, | \$1,533 58 | '\$48,748 98 |

Brought forward, $\quad \$ 1,53358$
Hardware . . . 625
Car fares . . . 6200
Moving draw-tender's house, 20000

$\$ 1,80183$

Regular expenses:
Drar-tender . . . $\$ 65832$
substitute . . . 1266
Coal . . . . 818
Small supplies . . 990
68906
Federal-street bridge (over Fort Point channel).
Sheathed draws twice, built division fence on north-easterly pier and floor to motor-house, repaired waterway, put in new wire cable for working draw, red-leaded underneath draws, trucks, and rails two conts.
Carpenters $\$ 66135$
Painters . . . . 6750
Lumber . . . . 32946
Nails and spikes . . 1303
Ironwork . . . . 56320
Hardware . . . 799
Paint stock . . . 1625
Wire rope for draw . . 4525
$\$ 1,70403$
Built new honse for drawtenders, and painted same inside and out two coats.
Carpenters . \$148 12
Painters . . 20000
Carpenters' bills, 57375
Lumber and
woodwork : 1,30う 50
Nails . . 5496
Hardware . . 12499
Paint stock . 7309
Plumbing . . 28927
Sheathing-paper, 2508
Slater's bill . 25366
Double iron chim-
ney-pipe $\quad 68 \quad 00$
New gas-service
pipe . . 5405
Sheet lead . 344
Plastering . 12462

$$
3,298 \quad 53
$$

$\$ 5.00256$
\$5,002 50
$\$ 51,23987$

Brought finward,
$\$ 5,00256$
$\$ 51,23!87$
Regular expenses :
Draw-tenilers . . . \$5,754 61
Substitntes . . . 70500
Coal . . . . 45 85
Gas . . . . 360
Water . . . . 500
Furniture and bedding . 12355
Ice
600
Small supplies . . 9977

6,743 38

$$
1
$$ 11,74594

Granite bridge (from Dorchester to Milton).
Sheathed roadway, put in new flaps, repaired fence, and painted top and underside of draw one coat.
Carpenters . . . $\$ 5950$
Painters . . . 3500
Lumber . . . . 7457
Nails and spikes . . 195
Ironwork . . . 3 55
Hardware . . . 150
Paint stock . . . 1812
Car fares . . . 810
$\$ 20229$
Regular expenses:
Draw-tender . . . \$239 20
Small supplies . . 357

Malden bridge (from Charlestown to Everett).
Built new pier for draw-tender's house, which was moved here from Federal-street bridge, and painted same inside and ont, adjusted draw and repaired fence. put in new water-closet and waterservice pipes, and repaired boat.
Carpenters . . . $\$ 34350$
Painters . . . . 15250
Lumber . . . . 9713
N:iils and spikes . . 425
Ironwork . . . 745
Hardware . . . 218
Paint stock . . . 2879
Plumbing . . . 4277
Car fares . . . 1335
Moving draw-tender's honse . . . . 20000
Repairing boat . . 2700
Regular expenses:
Draw-tenders . . . \$2,591 94
Carried forwatrl, $\quad \$ 2,59194 \quad \$ 91892 \quad \$ 63,43087$

| Brought forward, | \$2,591 94 | \$918 92 | \$63,430 87 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Substitutes | 26250 |  |  |
| Coal | 2605 |  |  |
| Gas | 1186 |  |  |
| Water | 2000 |  |  |
| Ice | 600 |  |  |
| Furniture and bedding | 5825 |  |  |
| Small supplies | 3192 |  |  |
|  |  | 3,008 52 |  |

Meridian-street bridge (from East Boston to Chelsea).
Sheathed draw, painted draw-tender's house inside one coat, and put in new windows, repaired latches on road gates and machinery on draw, built new gates to pier, repaired stable and boat.
Carpenters . . . $\$ 36275$
Painters . . . . 7450
Lumber . . . . 17034
Nails and spikes . . 210
Ironwork . . . 29386
Paint stock . . . 3100
Car fares . . . 2040
Ferry tickets . . . 700
Blinds and windows . 892
Repairing boat . . 2175
Regular expenses:
Uraw-tenders . . . $\$ 2,50569$
Substitutes . . . 36250
Coal . . . . 2940
Feed . . . . 12829
Gas . . . . 1880
Water . . . . 2000
Furniture . . . 1050
Ice . . . . . 600
Horse-shoeing . . 2190
Veterinary service . . 1200
Repairing harness . . 1950
Small supplies . . 5502
——— 3,18960
Mt. Washington-avenue bridge (over Fort Point channel).
Sheathed roalway twice, put in new oak headers, new water-closet in house, repaired waterways, new iron straps on pier, repaired guard, reset buoy twice, and painted draw-tender's house one coat.
Carpenters
$\$ 511 \quad 27$
Carried forward,
$\$ 1,32038$

| Brought forward, | \$511 27 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Painters. | 6375 |
| Lumber | 34522 |
| Nails and spikes |  |
| Ironwork | 14531 |
| Hardware | 127 |
| Paint stock | 2440 |
| Plumbing | 7241 |
| Resetting buoys | 148 ธ0 |
| Regular expenses: |  |
| Draw-tenders. | \$4,894 17 |
| Substitutes | 11570 |
| Coal |  |
| Gas |  |
| Water | 500 |
| Ice | 600 |
| Rent of land | 6000 |
| New row-boat | 7000 |
| Small supplies | 5915 |

Nails and spikes . . 825
Ironwork . . . 14531
Hardware . . . 127
Paint stock . . . 2440
Plumbing . . . 7241
Resetting bwoys . . $148 \quad 50$
Regular expenses :
Draw-tenders . . . $\$ 4,89417$
Substitutes . . . 11570
Coal . . . . 3120
Gas . . . . 5250
Water . . . . . 500
Ice . . . . 600
Rent of land . . . 6000
New row-boat . . 7000
Small supplies • . 5915
5,293 72

Neponset bridge (from Dorchester to Quincy).
Sheathed roadway, put in new flaps, repaired waterway, and painted draw underneath two coats, upper side two coats.
Carpenters . . . $\$ 10569$
Painters . . . . 9750
Lumber . . . . 17985
Nails and spikes . . 244
Ironwork . . . 4362
Paint stock . . . 3033
Car fares . . . 669
$\$ 46612$
Regular expenses :
Draw-tender . . . \$398 84
Substilute
767
Small supplies . . 487
41138
North Beacon-street bridge (from Brighton to Watertown).
Sheathed roadway and draw, put in new flaps, repaired deck and fence where defective.
Carpenters . . . $\$ 1900$
Lumber . . . . 2337
Nails and spikes . . 148
Ironwork . . . 216
Car fares . . . 320


Warren bridge (from Boston to Charlestown).
Sheathed both draws four times, repaired machinery, boilers, service and waste pipes, built shed for tools and oil tanks, also put in new wire cable on draw.
Carpenters . . . \$623 75
Painters . . . 1500
Lumber . . . 87337

Nails and spikes . . 2250
Ironwork . . . 52357
Paint stock . . . 501
Plumbing . . . 5870
Wire rope for draw . 2524
Testing boiler . . 1360
Masou work . . . 577
Sheet lead . . . 1816
Repairing damage to ves-
sel
9672
Regular expenses:
Draw-tenders . . . $\$ 4,93359$
Substitutes . . . 26875
Coal . . . . 71490
Gas . . . . 7737
Water . . . . 5000
Furniture . . . 525
Ice . . . . 600
Two oil-tanks . . . 1500
Lubricating oil . . 1575
Small supplies . . 9336
$\$ 2,281 \quad 39$

## Brought forward, <br> Western-avenue bridge (from Brighton to

 Cambridge).Built shed, repaired house and work-shop, and shingled roofs of shed, house, and work-shop.
Carpenters
$\$ 12100$

Painters
750
Lumber . . . . 12992
Nails and spikes . . 315
Ironwork . . . 9749
Car fares
240
Regular expenses :
Draw-tender . . . \$365 56
Coal . . . . . 485
Repairing stove . . 330
Small supplies . . 182
37553

Western-avenue bridge (from Brighton to Watertown).
Repaired draw and flaps.
Carpenters . . . $\$ 400$
Ironwork
1250
$\$ 1650$
Regular expenses :
Draw-tender . . . $\$ 7488$
Small supplies . . 481

Winthrop bridge (from Breed's Island to Winthrop).
Sheathed roadway, repaired deck where defective, put in new iron wheel-guard, and painted fence one coat.
Carpenters . . . $\$ 12475$
Painters . . . . 5475
Lumber . . . . 30299
Nails and spikes . . 420
Ironwork . . . 14827
Paint stock . . . 2995
Car fares . . . 984
$\$ 67475$
Regular expenses:
Draw-tender . . . . . 10000
Brought forward,

Sundry expenditures on tide-water bridges :
Millwork on bridges . $\$ 3967$
Repairing row-boats . 2853
Spare trucks . . . 31413
Car fares, mechanics . 14000
Car fares, chief draw-
tender . . . . 2000
$\$ 54233$
Regular expenses:
Chief dram-tender . . \$1,570 00
Messenger . . . 79768
Bay horse . . . 20000
Red roan horse . . 15000
Concord wagon . . 2.2500
Repairing harness . . 1175
Reins and weight . . 580
Blanket . . . . 850
Clipping horse . . 300
Framing rules . . 28 乞0
Small supplies . . 1771
3,017 94

Total expended on tide-water bridges
$\$ 93,21266$

## RECAPITULATION.

Tuble showing Expenditures on the Tide-water Bridges for the Year, February 1, 1892, to January 31, 1893.

| Name of Bridge. | Repairs, labor, lumber, ironwork, and painting. | Regular expenses, salaries, fuel, and supplies. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Broadway | \$4,050 22 | \$6,209 36 | \$10,259 58 |
| Cambridge-street | 29114 | 38599 | 67713 |
| Charles-river | 3,057 $3 \overline{5}$ | 6,044 28 | 9,101 63 |
| Chelsea [North] | 72436 | 4,119 96 | 4,844 32 |
| Chelsea [South] | 2,483 39 | 4,595 91 | 7,079 30 |
| Chelsea-street | 28280 | 30160 | 58440 |
| Commercial-point | -••••• | 5000 | 5000 |
| Congress-street . | 2,791 13 | 6,284 98 | 9,076 |
| Dover-street | 1,645 74 | 5,430 87 | 7,076 |
| Essex-street | 1,801 83 | 68906 | 2,490 |
| Federal-street | 5,002 56 | 6,743 38 | 11,745 |
| Granite | 20229 | 24277 | 445 |
| Malden | 91892 | 3,008 52 | 3,927 |
| Meridian-street . | - 99262 | 3,189 60 | 4,182 |
| Mt. Washington-avenue . | 1,320 38 | 5,293 72 | 6,614 10 |
| Neponset . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 46612 | 41138 | 87750 |
| North Beacon-street | 4921 | 7488 | 12409 |
| North Harvard-street . | 6057 | 36631 | 42688 |
| Warren | 2,281 39 | 6,179 97 | 8,461 36 |
| Western-avenue (to Cambridge) . . . | 36146 | 37553 | 73699 |
| Western-avenue (to Watertown) . . . . | 16 ว0 | 7969 | 9619 |
| Winthrop | 67475 | 10000 | 77475 |
| Chief draw-tender, and sundry expenditures | 54233 | 3,017 94 | 3,560 27 |
| Totals | \$30,016 96 | \$63,195 70 | \$93,212 66 |

## INLAND BRIDGES.

Albany-street bridge (over Boston and Albany Railroad).
Sheathed roadway.
Carpenters . . . . . $\$ 9020$
Lumber . . . . . . 11162
Nails . . . . . . 195
Athens-street bridge (over New York and New England Railroad).
Painted bridge two coats. Labor charged to Street Improvements, Ward 13.
Paint stock
1448
Beacon-street bridge (over outlet to Back Bay Fens).
Red-leaded underueath two coats, and painted fence two coats.
Painters . . . . . . $\$ 11400$
Paint stock . . . . . 1805
Beech-street bridge (over Stony Brook).
Built new structure.
Carpenters . . . . . $\$ 1300$
Lumber . . . . . . 2775
Berkeley-street bridge (over Old Colony Railroad, Providenee Division).
Sheathed roadway and repaired deck where defective, and made repairs for water department as per plans, also painted the same.
Carpenters . . . . . . $\$ 6188$
Painters . . . . . . 3500
Lumber . . . . . . 5203
Nails . . . . . . . 148

Paint stock . . . . . . 2199
Blakemore-street bridge (over Old Colony Railroad, Providence Division).
Sheathed roadway.
Carpenters . . . . . . $\$ 4713$
Lumber . . . . . . 5720
Nails . . . . . . 190
10623
Boylston-avenue bridge (over Stony Brook).
Sheathed roadway, built new sillewalk, and put in new stringers where defective.
Curpenters . . . . . $\$ 90 \quad 59$
Lumber
12674

Brought forward,$\$ 5 \check{5}, 14264$Commonwealth-arenue bridge (over ontletto Back Bay Fens).
Red-leaded underneath two coats, painted top workfence two coats.
Carpenters ..... $\$ 800$
Painters ..... 15000
Paint stock ..... 3330

Cottage-street [foot] bridge (from Jeffries
Point to Wood Island).
Moved watchman's house twice and repaired and painted house and fence.
Carpenters ..... S64 25
Painters ..... 16175
Lumber ..... 666
Nails ..... 210
Paint stock ..... 2. 55
Car fares and tolls ..... 2928
Watchman (permanently employed) . ..... 72800
Substitute ..... 1400
Furniture ..... 650
Coal ..... $10 \quad 10$
New stove ..... 2150
Dorchester-street bridge (over Old Colony
Railroad, Central Division).
Sheathed roadmay and laid new sidewalk.
Carpenters ..... $\$ 925$
Lumber ..... 3078
Nails ..... 151
Ferdinand-street bridge (over Boston \& Al-bany Railroad).
Sheathed roadway and painted fence and top ofbridge tro coats.
Carpenters ..... $\$ 1869$
Painters ..... 8075
Lumber ..... 6850
Nails ..... 148
Paint stock ..... 2041
Franklin-strect [foot] loridge (over Boston \&Albany Railroa(l).
Built new stairs, painted underneath two coats,upper side one coat.
Carpenters ..... $\$ 12800$
Painters ..... 8475
Lumber ..... 6531
Carried forward,
827806

18983


Gold-street [foot] bridge (over New York \& New England Kailroad).
Repaired fence.
Carpenters
Huntington-avenue bridge (over Boston \& Albany Railroad).
Sheathed roadway.
Carpenters . . . . . $\$ 3113$
Lumber . . . . . . 7323
Nails . . . . . . 195
Leyden-street bridge (over Boston, Revere Beach \& Lymn Railroad).
Small repairs made.
Carpenters . . . . . $\$ 250$
Paiuters . . . . . . 750
$\underset{\text { Brook). }}{\text { Linden Park-street bridge (over } \overline{\text { Stony }} 1000}$

Sheathed roadway.
Carpenters . . . . . $\$ 1375$
Lumber . . . . . . 4828
Nails . . . . . . 210
Longwood-avenue bridge (from Roxbury to Brookline).
Sheathed roadway.
Carpenters . . . . . $\$ 3555$
Lumber . . . . . . 8226
Nails . . . . . . 400
Mattapan bridge (from Dorchester to Milton).
Sheathed roadway and repaired sidewalk.
Carpenters . . . . . \$2 50
Lumber . . . . . . 2836
Nails . . . . . . 74
Milton bridge (from Dorchester to Milton).
Built new sidewalk.
Carpenters . . . . . $\$ 2607$
Lumber . . . . . . 7890
Nails . . . . . . 148
Brought forward,
Shawmut-avenue bridge (over Boston \& Albany Railroad).
Sheathed roadway, painted underneath two coats, upper side two coats.
Carpenters ..... \$58 44
Painters ..... 11625
Lumber ..... 11842
Nails ..... 195
Paint stock ..... 2318$\$ 7,407 \quad 19$31824

Spring-street bridge (from West Ruxbury to Dedham).
Built new fence.
Carpenters . . . . . \$6300
Lumber . . . . . . 6397
Nails . . . . . . 375

Ironwork 500

West Chester-park bridge (over Boston \& Albany Railroad).
Shesthed roadway.
Carpenters . . . . . $\$ 7013$
Lumber . . . . . . 12694
Nails . . . . . . 222
Turpentine . . . . . 660
West Chester-park bridge (over Old Colony Railroad, Providence Division).
Repaired sheathing.
Carpenters . . . . . $\$ 4159$
Lumber . . . . . . 8677
Nails . . . . . . 210
Sundry expenditures on inland bridges:
Labor, bridge-cleaners . . . \$1,261 75
Labor, removing snow . . . 47717
Sand for slippery walks . . . 1400
Car fares, mechanics . . . 6250

Total expended on inland bridges

## RECAPITULATION.

Table showing Expenditures on the Inland Bridges for the Year, February 1, 1892, to January 31, 1893.
regular maintenance expenses at north and SOUTH YARDS.
North Yard, District No. 1.
Warren Bridge.
Messenger ..... $\$ 79768$
Watchman ..... 73550
Tools for carpenters ..... 18487
Tools for painters ..... 2200
Telephone. ..... 14685
Coal ..... 1860
Lanterns ..... 1800
Shovels and ice chisels ..... 2750
Hose ..... 887
Ice ..... 600
Small supplies ..... 3568
$\$ 2,001 \quad 55$
Built new house on the westerly pier, containing office, stable, and shop, fitted same with water, gas, and steam-heating apparatus, the steam being furnished from the drawtender's house.
Carpenters . . . $\$ 75337$
Painters . . . 13800
Lumber and woodwork . 1,11182
Nails and spikes . . 3200
Ironwork 9568
Hardware . . . 6158
Paint stock . . . $62 \quad 50$
Radiators and steam and gas fixtures . . 27500
Sheet lead . . . 2074
Stable fixtures . . 9869
Sheathing-paper . . 2913


## Stable, District No. 1.

| Teamster | . | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\$ 783$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- |



## SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS.

Berkeley-street bridge (over Boston \& Albany Railroad).
Building new iron bidge.
Carpenters . . . . . \$198 19
Painters . . . . . . 9650
Lumber . . . . . . 1,379 09

Nails and spikes . . . . 4260
Ironwork . . . . . . 3257
Paint stock . . . . . 14325
Inspector . . . . . . 22000
Engineer's roll . . . . . 29250
Placing stone on bridge . . . 30000
Removing old bridge . . . 35000
Graving deck . . . . . 7600
Advertising (City Architect) . . 2250
Copying specifications . . . 423
Car fares . . . . . 460
Amount paid for work done by Pav-
ing Division
Expended January 31, 1893 . . . . \$5̄,837 25
Transferred to Boylston-street bridge . . . 1,200 00
Transferred to Aldermanic District No. 5 . . 1,800 00
Balance . . . . . . . 66657
$\$ 9,50382$
Chelsea bridge, Steam Apparatus.
Put in new motive-power for working the North and South draws, built 172 feet of fender guard on Chelsea [North], spliced piles and drove new ones as per City Engineer's plan, sheathed and covered machinery, put in new truss, built new iron fence on Chelsea [Sonth] draw, painted same two coats, and built new sidewalks.
Carpenters . . . . . $\$ 1,19400$
Painters . . . . . . 5900
Lumber . . . . . . 43715
Ironwork . . . . . . 98508
Engine work . . . . . 36007
Hardware and nails . . . . 7036
Paint stock . . . . . 2026
Plumbing . . . . . 4048
Inspector . . . . . 2000
Furnishing and driving oak piles . 83500
" "، "، ash "، . 19364
Small sundries . . . . $16 \mathrm{5l}$

## Malden bridge, repairs.

Rebuilt draw, drove piles and put in new foundation, new centre pinion, and necessary ironwork.
Inspector
$\$ 29250$
Contract with Josiah Shaw for work done and
material furnished . . . . . . 3,65000
Cash paid by him for labor furnished . . . 19260
Trucks and wheels . . . . . . 16500
Turn-tables, suspension rods, ballast, etc., extra work ordered

1,374 89
Advertising .
2795
Ironwork . . . . . . . . 803
Amount expended
\$5,710 96
Appropriation
$\$ 4,00000$
Furnished from appropriation, Street Improvements, Aldermanic District No. 2

1,710 96
$\$ 5,71096$

## STREET IMPROVEMENTS, WARD 13.

Athens-street bridge (over New York \& New England Railroad).
Rebailt all woodwork, new deck, sidewalks, and fence, all ironwork scraped and cleaned, and painted bridge two coats. (Paint stock used taken from yard )
Carpenters . . . . . $\$ 16910$
Painters . . . . . . 4375
Lumber . . . . . . 23297
Nails, spikes, etc. . . . . 525
Broadway bridge (over Fort Point channel). Foundry-street span.
Put in new beams, new deck, calked the same, and new sheathing laid, and red-leaded ironwork new sheathing laid, and red-leaded ironwork
nuderneath two coats, also laid new conerete sidewalks.
Carpenters . . . . . $\$ 65647$
Painters . . . . . . 7750
Lumber . . . . . . 1,276 21
Nails and spikes . . . . 4080
Ironwork . . . . . . 1789
Paint stock . . . . . 20359
Calking and graving . . . . 22250
Laid new concrete sidewalks . . 1,184 95
Brought forward,
Dover-street bridge (over Fort Point channel).
Built new fence, stringers, deck, and sidewalk,painted fence two coats, and laid new concretesidewalks.
Carpenters ..... $\$ 64284$
Painters ..... 10925
Lumber ..... 71013
Ironwork ..... 415
Paint stock ..... 7800
Laid new concrete sidewalk ..... 31680
Mt. Washington-avenue bridge (over FortPoint channel).
Put in new stringers, and laid under-deck for side-walks, South Boston end, rebnilt fence andpainted same, also laid new concrete sidewalks.
Carpenters ..... $\$ 65386$
Painters ..... 2500
Lumber ..... 77034
Nails and spikes ..... 425
Ironwork ..... 5545
Laid new concrete walks ..... 401 ว 0$\$ 4,13098$Amount expended by Bridge Division, and chargedto Street Improvements, Ward 13$\$ 7,90255$
Essex-street bridge.Labor performed by carpenters on Essex-streetbridge\$468 02
For description of work done and material nsed,see regular appropriation.Above amount charged to Street Improvements,Aldermanic District No: 11.
North Ferry avemue (East Boston).
Repairing sidewalk on North Ferry avenue, EastBoston.
Carpenters. ..... $\$ 3050$
Lumber ..... 920
Charged to Street Improvements, AldermanicDistrict No. 1.

## LIST OF BOSTON BRIDGES.

## I. - Bridges wholly supported by Boston.

In the list those marked with an asterisk are over navigable waters, and are each provided with a draw.
Agassiz road, in Back Bay Fens.
Allston, over Boston \& Albany Railroad at Cambridge street.
Ashland street, Ward 23, over Old Colony Railroad, Providence
Division.
Athens street, over N. Y. \& N. E. Railroad.
Beacon entrance, Back Bay Fens, over Boston \& Albany Railroad.
Beacon street, over outlet to Back Bay Fens.
Beacon street, over Boston \& Albany Railroad.
Berkeley street, over Boston \& Albany Railroad.
Berkeley street, over Old Colony Railroad, Providence Division.
Blakemore street, over Old Colony Railroad, Providence Division, Ward 23.
Bolton street, over N. Y. \& N. E. Railroad.
Boylston street, over Boston \& Alhany Railroad.
Boylston street, over outlet to Back Bay Fens.
*Broadway, over Fort Point Channel.
Broadway, over Boston \& Albany Railroad.
Brookline avenue, over Boston \& Albany Railroad.
Byron street, over Boston, Revere Beach \& Lynn Railroad.
*Charles river, from Boston to Charlestown.
*Chelsea (South), over South Channel, Mystic river.
*Chelsea street, from East Boston to Chelsea.
Columbus avenue, over Boston \& Albany Railroad.
*Commercial Point, or Tenean, Ward 24.
Commonwealth avenue, over outlet to Back Bay Fens.
*Congress street, over Fort Point Channel.
Cornwall street, over Stony Brook, Ward 23.
Cottage-street foot-bridge, from Jeffries Point to Wood Island.
Dartmonth street, over Boston \& Albany, and Providence Division of Old Colony Railroad.
*Dover street, over Fort Point Channel.
*Federal street, over Fort Point Channel.
Fen, Back Bay Fens.
Ferdinand street, over Boston \& Albany Railroad.
Franklin-street foot-bridge, over Boston \& Albany Railroad.
Gold-street foot-bridge, over N. Y. \& N. E. Railroad.
Huntington avenue, over Boston \& Albany Railroad.
Irvington-street foot-bridge, over Old Colony Railroad, Providence Division.
*L street, over Reserved Clannel at junction of Congress and $L$ streets.
Leyden street, over Boston, Revere Beach \& Lynn Railroad.
Linden Park street, over Stony Brook.
*Malden, from Charlestown to Everett.
*Meridian street, from East Boston to Chelsea.
*Mt. Washington avenue, over Fort Point Channel.

Neptune road, over Boston, Revere Beach \& Lynn Railroad.
Public Garden foot-bridge.
Shawmut avenue, over Boston \& Albany Railroad.
Stony Brook, Back Bay Fens.
Swett street, east of N. Y. \& N. E. Railroad.
Swett street, west of N. Y. \& N. E. Railroad.
*Warren, from Boston to Charlestown.
West Chester park, over Boston \& Albany Railroad.
West Chester park, over Old Colony Railroad, Providence Division.
West Nerton street, over Old Colony Railroad, Providence Division.
West Ratland square foot-bridge, over Old Colony Railroad, Providence Division.
Winthrop, from Breed's Island to Winthrop.
II. - Bridges of which Boston supports the Part within its Limits.
*Cambridge street, from Brighton to Cambridge.
Central avenue, from Ward 24 to Milton.
*Chelsea (North), from Charlestown to Chelsea.
*Essex street, from Brighton to Cambridge.
*Granite, from Dorchester, Ward 24, to Milton.
Longwood avenue, from Ward 22 to Brookline.
Mattapan, from Ward 24 to Milton.
Milton, from Ward 24 to Milton.
*Neponset, from Ward 24 to Quincy.
*North Beacon street, from Brighton to Watertown.
*North Harvard street, from Brighton to Cambridge.
Spring street, from West Roxbury to Dedham.
*Western avenue, from Brighton to Cambridge.
*Western avenue, from Brighton to Watertown.

## III. - Bridges of which Boston pats a Part of the Cost of Maintenance.

Albany street, over Boston \& Albany Railroad.
Dorchester street, over Old Colony Railroad, Central Division.
*Harvard, from Boston to Cambridge.
*Canal, from Boston to Cambridge.
*Prison Point, from Charlestown to Cambridge.
*West Boston, from Boston to Cambridge.
The last four bridges are in the care of two Commissioners, one of whom is appointed by the City of Cambridge and the other by the City of Boston.
IV. - Bridges supported by Railroad Corporations.

1st. - Boston \& Albany Railroad.
Commonwealth avenne, Brighton.
Harrison avenue.

Market street, Brighton.
'Tremont street.
Washing ton street.
2d. - Boston \& Maine Railroad, Eastern Division.
Mystic avenue.
Main street.
3d.-Boston \& Maine Railroad, Western Division.
Mystic avenue.
Main street.
4th. - Boston, Revere Beach \& Lynn Railroad.
Everett street.
5th. - New York \& New England Railroad.
Dorchester avenue.
Harvard street, Ward 24.
Morton 66 6.
Norfolk 66 66
Norfolk 6 66
Silver street.
Washington street, Ward 24.
West Broadway.
West Fifth street.
West Fourth street.
West Second street.
West Sixth street.
West Third street.
6th. - Old Colony Railroad, Central Division.
Adams street.
Ashmont street and Dorchester avenue.
Cedar Grove Cemetery.
Freeport street.
Savin Hill avenue.
7th. - Old Colony Railroad, Providence Division.
Beech street, Ward 23.
Bellevue street, Ward 23.
Canterbury street, Ward 23.
Centre street, or Hog Bridge, Ward 23.
Centre and Mt. Vernon streets, Ward 23.
Dudley avenue, Ward 23.
Park street, Ward 23.

## Recapitulation.

I. Number wholly supported by Boston ..... 53
II. Number of which Boston supports the part within its limits ..... 14
III. Number of which Boston pays a part of the cost of maintenance ..... 6
IV. Number supported by railroad corporations:

1. Boston \& Albany ..... 5
2. Boston \& Maine, Easteru Div. ..... 2
3. 6 " Western Div. ..... 2
4. Boston, Revere Beach \& Lynn ..... 1
5. New York \& New England ..... 13
6. Old Colony, Central Div. ..... 5
7. 6 6 Providence Div. ..... 7
Total number ..... 108

The existing regulations for the passage of vessels through drambridges have been posted on the several bridges, as required by law.

The records of the number of draw-openings, vessels passing throngh the bridges, time of passage, kind of vessels, number laden with cargo, etc., as kept by the draw-tenders of the several bridges, have been tabulated, and the totals are given in the summary which will be found in Appendices A1 and A6.

A list of widths of openings for vessels in all bridges provided with draws in the city, measurements being furnished by the City Engineer, will be found in Appendix A2.

Appendix A3 is a table, also made by the City Engineer, showing widths of bridges, kind of roadways, sillewalks, etc.

A list of culverts and small bridges will be found in Appendia A4.

Appendix A5 contains a tabulated statement of traffic.
APPENDIX A 1.

## DRAW-TENDERS' REPORTS.

Giving the Number of Vessels passing through the Drawbridges controlled by the City of Boston, from February 1, 1892, to February 1, 1893.

| Name of Bridge. | Steamers. |  |  | Sailing-Vessels. |  |  | Tugs. |  |  | All Others. |  |  | Total No. Vessels. |  |  | Total No. of Car-goes. | Total No. of Open-ings. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { By } \\ \text { Day. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { By } \\ \text { Night. } \end{gathered}$ | Total. | $\begin{gathered} \text { By } \\ \text { Day. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { By } \\ \text { Night. } \end{gathered}$ | Total. | $\begin{gathered} \text { By } \\ \text { Day. } \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\text { Night. }}{\mathrm{By}}$ | Total. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { By } \\ & \text { Day. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{By} \\ \text { Night. } \end{gathered}$ | Total. | $\underset{\text { Day. }}{\underset{\text { By }}{ }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { By } \\ \text { Night. } \end{gathered}$ | Total. |  |  |
| Broadway | 4 | 4 | 8 | 2,011 | 1,107 | 3,118 | 1,469 | 240 | 1,709 | 472 | 154 | 626 | 3,956 | 1,505 | 5,461 | 1,822 | 4,182 |
| Cambridge street, |  |  |  | 225 | 11 | 236 | 681 | 52 | 733 | 234 | 35 | 269 | 1,140 | 98 | 1,238 | 251 | 709 |
| Charles river | 16 | 13 | 29 | 1,913 | 887 | 2,800 | 2,217 | 637 | 2,854 | 1,472 | 538 | 2,010 | 5,618 | 2,075 | 7,693 | 2,379 | 5,747 |
| Chelsea (North) | 31 | 4 | 35 | 643 | 74 | 717 | 2,646 | 253 | 2,899 | 1,088 | 117 | 1,205 | 4,408 | 448 | 4,856 | 896 | 3,293 |
| Chelsea (South) | 81 | 4 | 85 | 951 | 86 | 1,037 | 2,736 | 187 | 2,923 | 874 | 112 | 986 | 4,642 | 389 | 5,031 | 1,045 | 3,836 |
| Chelsea street |  |  |  | 4 |  |  | 36 |  | 36 | 14 |  | 14 | 54 |  | 54 | 6 | 54 |
| Commercial Point |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |  | 4 | 4 |  | 4 |  |  |
| Congress street | 203 | 95 | 298 | 3,715 | 1,181 | 4,896 | 6,217 | 1,430 | 7,647 | 2,225 | 609 | 2,834 | 12,360 | 3,315 | 15,675 | 3,748 | 8,281 |
| Dover street |  | 1 | 10 | 1,729 | 828 | 2,557 | 1,269 | 236 | 1,505 | 404 | 140 | 544 | 3,411 | 1,205 | 4,616 | 1,509 | 3,789 |
| Essex street | , |  | 13 | 242 | 5 | 247 | 660 | 44 | 704 | 247 | 40 |  | 1,162 | 89 | 1,251 | 208 | 813 |


| Federal | 6 | ${ }^{4}$ | 10 | 2,116 | 1,179 | 3,295 | 1,664 | 380 |  | 2,044 | 469 |  |  | 4,255 | 1,740 | 5,995 | 1,978 | 4,368 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Granite |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 286 |  | 294 | 57 | 196 |
| taden | 3 |  | 3 | 204 | 11 | 15 | 02 | 7 |  | 79 | 431 | 2 |  | 1,540 | 130 | 1,670 | 4 | 1,032 |
| Meridian street | 53 | ${ }^{21}$ | 74 | + | 67 | 851 | 3,048 | 303 |  | 3,35] | 1,273 | 159 | 1,432 | 5,158 | 550 | 5,708 | 10 | 3,685 |
| Mlt. Washingtou avenue | 52 | 18 | 70 | 2,704 | 1,219 | 3,923 | 3,957 | 1,137 |  | 5,09t | 1,574 | 625 | 2,199 | 8,287 | 2,999 | 11,286 | 2,793 | 6,464 |
| Neponset. |  |  |  | 70 | 23 | 93 | 94 |  |  | 98 |  |  |  | 364 | 27 | 391 | $9 \pm$ | 302 |
| North Beacou street | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  | 3 |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| North Ifarvard street |  |  |  | 18 |  | 20 | 266 | 6 |  | 272 | 37 |  | 39 | 421 | 10 | 43 | 82 | 275 |
| Narren |  | 10 | 17 | 1,199 | 1,597 | 2,796 | 1,291 | 649 |  | 1,940 | 953 | 517 | 1,470 | 3,450 | 2,773 | 6,223 | 2,009 | 4,713 |
| Western arenue to Cambridge, |  |  |  | 05 |  | 211 | 57 | 45 |  | 619 | 193 | 35 | 228 | 72 | 86 | 1,058 | 221 | 595 |
| Western avenuc to Watertown, | 1 |  | 1 | 12 |  | 12 | 15 |  |  | 15 |  |  |  | 28 |  | 28 |  | 8 |
|  | 180 | 174 | 6 \% 4 | 19,033 | 8,286 | 27.319 | 30,025 | 5,684 |  | 5,709 | 11,982 | 3,303 | 15,285 | 61,520 |  | 78,967 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6,5ı |  | 7,96 |  | 52,369 |



## APPENDIX A 2.

Table showing the Widths of Openings for Vessels in all Bridges provided with Draws, in the City of Boston, January, 1893.

| Name of Bridge. | Location. |  | Width. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Boston \& Maine R.R., Eastern Division | Boston to Charlestown . | 1. | 35 feet 10 inches. |  |  |
| Boston \& Maine R.R., Eastern Division | Over Miller's river | 1 | 35 ' | 10 | " |
| Boston \& Maine R.R. (freight), Southern Division | Boston to East Cambridge | 1 | 35 " | 8 | " |
| Boston \& Maine R.R. (passenger), Southern Division . . . . . . | " ، " ، | 1 | 35 " | 10 | " |
| Boston \& Maine R.R., Western Division | Boston to Charlestown . | 1 | 35 " | 5 | " |
| Boston \& Maine R.R., Western Division | Over Miller's river | 1 | 35 " | 9 | " |
| Broadivay | Over Fort Point channel, | 1 | 43 ، | 3 | " |
| Cambridge st. | Ward 25 to Cambridge . | 1 | 36 " | 3 | " |
| Canal (or Craigie's) | Boston to East Cambridge | 1 | 35 " | 10 | ، |
| Charles river . . | Boston to Charlestown . | 1 | 36 " | 0 | " |
| Chelsea (south channel) | Charlestown to Chelsea, | 1 | 38 " | 10 | " |
| Chelsea (north channel) | " ، " | 1 | 44 " |  | ، |
| Chelsea st. (East Boston side) . | East Boston to Chelsea . | 2 | 33 " | 1 | " |
| " " (Chelsea side) | ، " ، ، |  | 34 " | 3 | " |
| Commercial point (or Tenean) | Ward 24 | 1 | $24{ }^{\prime}$ | 0 | " |
| Congress st. (Boston side) | Over Fort Point channel, | 2 | 43 " | 3 | ، |
| " " (South Boston side) | " ، " |  | 43 " | 11 | " |
| Dover st. | " " " | 1 | 36 " | 0 | ، |
| Essex st. . | Ward 25 to Cambridge . | 1 | 36 " | 0 | " |
| Federal st. | Over Fort Point channel, | 1 | 41 " | 10 | " |
| Fitchburg R.R. | Boston to Charlestown . | 1 | 36 " | 0 | " |
| " " (for teaming freights) |  | 1 | $35 \times$ | 11 | " |

Table showing Width of Openings, etc. - Concluded.

| Name of Bridge. | Location. |  | Width. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grand Junction R.R. . | Ward 25 to Cambridge . | 1 | 35 feet 10 inches. |  |  |  |
| " " ${ }^{\text {" }}$ | East Boston to Chelsea . | 1 | 34 | " | 6 | " |
| Granite | Ward 24 to Milton . | 1 | 36 | " | 0 | " |
| Harvard (Boston side) | Boston to Cambridge | 2 | 36 | " | 8 | ، |
| " (Cambridge side) | " 6 " | . | 36 | " | 8 | -" |
| L street | Over Reserved channel, South Boston . . . | 1 | 40 | " | 0 | " |
| Malden | Charlestown to Everett . | 1 | 43 | ، | 4 | " |
| Meridian st. (East Boston side) | East Boston to Chelsea. | 2 | 59 | " | 2 | " |
| " "6 (Chelsca side) | " " " |  | 59 | " | 0 | " |
| Mt. Washington ave. (Boston side) . | Over Fort Point channel, | 2 | 42 | " | 1 | " |
| " " " (South Boston $\begin{gathered}\text { side) . . . }\end{gathered}$ | " " ، ، |  | 42 | " | 4 | " |
| Neponset | Ward 24 to Quincy | 1 | 36 | " | 0 | " |
| New York \& New England R.R. (Boston side) | Over Fort Point channel, | 2 | 41 | " | 0 | " |
| New York \& New England R.R. (South Boston side) | " " " ، |  | 40 | " | อ | '، |
| New York \& New England R.R. . | Over South Bay . | 1 | 28 | " | 4 | " |
| North Beacon st. | Ward 25 to Watertown . | 1 | 30 | " | 2 | " |
| North Harvard st. | Ward 25 to Cambridge . | 1 | 36 | " | 0 | " |
| Old Colony R.R. | Over Fort Point channel, | 1 | 36 | " | 0 | * |
| " | Ward 24 to Quiney | 1 | 36 | " | 0 | " |
| Prison Point | Charlestown to Cambridge . | 1 | 36 | " | 0 | " |
| Warren | Boston to Charlestown . | 1 | 36 | " | 3 | " |
| West Boston (Boston side) | Boston to Cambridge . | 2 | 35 | " | 8 | " |
| " " (Cambridge side) | ، " | - . | 36 | " | 0 | " |
| Western ave. | Ward 25 to Cambridge. | 1 | 36 |  | 0 | " |
| " " | Ward 25 to Watertown . | 1 | 36 | " | 0 | " |

## APPENDIX A3.

## Table showing Width of Bridges, Kind of Roadways, Sidewalks,

 etc., on Tide-water Bridges, January 28, 1893.
APPENDIX A 4.
List of Culverts and Small Bridges.

| Location. | $\underset{\substack{\text { Span. } \\ \text { Feet. }}}{\text { Pa }}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { IIeight of } \\ \text { Opening. }}}{\substack{\text { and } \\ \text { and }}}$ Feet. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Length. } \begin{array}{c} \text { Leeet. } \\ \text { Hell. } \end{array} \text { Feetet. } \end{aligned}$ | Side-walls. | Covering. | Depth o Covering Feet. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adams street, south of Park, Dorchester . | 5.0 | 4.0 | 57 | Stone | Stone | 5.0 |
| *Amory street, near Centre, West Roxbury | each 9.0 | each 8.0 | 35 | Double stone arch | Stone | 8.0 |
| *Ashland and Canterbury streets, West Roxbury | 7.0 | 4.0 | 25 | Stone arch | Stone | 3.0 |
| *Asiland street and Cauterlury, West Roxbury | 7.6 | 5.5 | 75 | Stone . | Wood. |  |
| Ashland street, near Florenee, West Roxbury | 3.0 | 3.0 | 50 | Stone . | Stone | 6.0 |
| Ashliand street, 200 feet from Canterbury, West Roxbury | 3.0 | 3.0 | 50 | Stone | Stoue | 3.0 |
| Back street, near Morton, Dorchester | 5.0 | 4.0 | 30 | Stone | Stone | 2.0 |
| Baker street, at Brook Farm, West Roxbury | 15.0 | 5.0 | 30 | Stone | Wood. |  |
| Baker street, opposite Prospect avenue, West Roxbury | 2.67 | 2.67 | 60 | Stone. | Stone | 1.0 |
| Beech street, near Anawan avenue, West Roxbury | 4.0 | 4.0 | 50 | Stone | Wood. |  |
| Beech street, near Poplar, West Roxluny | 1.5 | 2.5 | 40 | Stone | Stone | 5.0 |
| Blue Hill avenue, Dorchester . | 2.75 | 1.67 | 225 | Stone | Stone | 2.0 |
| Bhe Hill avenue, uear Morton strect, Dorchester | 9.0 | 7.0 | 60 | Sto | Wood. |  |
| *Boylston avenue, West Roxbury | 15.0 | 9.5 | 30 | Stone | Wool. |  |

List of Culverts and Small Bridges. - Continued.

| Location. | Span. Feet. | ITcight of Opening. Feet. | Length. Feet. | Side-walls. | Covering. | Depth of Covering. Feet. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| *Boylston street, at Boylston Station, West Roxbury | each 7.0 | 9.0 \& 8.0 | 47 | Double brick arch. | Brick. |  |
| Brighton avenue, west of Babcock street, Brighton | 3.5 | 3.0 | 50 | Stone . | Stone . | 1.25 |
| Brighton avenue, West of Essex street, Brighton . . . . . . . . . . | 3.0 | 3.0 | 50 | Wood | Wood and carth. | 8.0 |
| Canterbury street, near Morton, West Roxbury | 2.0 | 3.0 | 40 | Stone . . . | Stone . | 4.0 |
| Canterbury street, near Neponset avenue, West Roxbury | 10.0 | 5.0 | 42 | Stone arch | Stone . | 3.0 |
| Canterbury street, near Poplar, West Roxbury . . . . . . . . . . . | 2.5 | 2.5 | 50 | Stone . . . | Stone . | 8.5 |
| Centre street, near Spring, West Roxbury . | 4.0 | 4.0 | 50 | Stone . . | Stone . | 3.0 |
| Centre street, near Walter, West Roxbury | 2.5 | 3.0 | 50 | Stone . | Stone . | 5.0 |
| Centre street, at Williams farm, West Roxbury | 4.0 | 4.0 | 50 | Stone areh | Stone . | 4.0 |
| Centre street, at Williams farm, West Roxbury . | 1.5 | 3.0 | 50 | Stone . . . | Stone . . . | 5.0 |
| Centre street, corner Willow, West Roxbury | 2.5 | 2.5 | 60 | Stone . | Stone . | 4.5 |
| Chureh strect, west of Weld, West Roxbmry | 2.67 | 4.5 | 65 | Stone . | Stone . | 3.0 |
| Corey street, near Highland station, West Roxbury | 2.5 | 3.0 | 45 | Stone . | Stone . | 2.0 |
| Everett street, near B. \& A. R.R., Brighton . | 3.0 | 2.0 | 65 | Stone . | Stone . . | 2.0 |
| Faneuil street, junction of Brooks, Brighton | 3.5 | 3.5 | 130 | Stone . | Stone . . | 2.5 |
| Faneuil, West of Parsons, Brighton . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 4.0 | 4.83 | 50 | Stone arch . | Stone . . . | 4.0 |



 등

List of Culverts and Small Bridges. - Concluded.

| Height of Opening. Feet. | Length. Feet. | Side-walls. | Covering. | Depth of Covering. Feet. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2.67 | 40 | Stone . . . . . . | Stone . . . . . | 3.0 |
| 5.5 | 39.5 | Stone (double) . | Stone and brick. | 1.6 |
| 3.67 | 50 | Stone . . . . . . | Wood. |  |
| 5.0 | 50 | Stone . | Wood. |  |
| 4.0 | 40 | Stone . . . . . | Stone . | 15.0 |
| 4.0 | 40 | Stone arch | Stone . . . . . | 4.0 |
| 1.5 | 110 | Stone . | Stone . . . . | 4.5 |
| 4.0 | 40 | Stone arch . . . | Stone . . . | 2.0 |
| 5.08 | 40 | Wood | Wood and earth. | 4.3 |
| 2.75 | 140 | Stone . . . . . . | Stone . . | 4.67 |
| 2.5 | 50 | Stone . . . . . . | Stone . . . . | 1.25 |
| 6.0 | 50 | Oval brick . . | Brick . . . . | 6.0 |
| 3.5 \& 1.5 | 30 | Double stone . | Brick . . . . | 1.5 \& 3.5 |
| 2.67 | 63 | Stone . . | Wood. |  |
| 4.5 | 40 | Stone . | Wood. |  |
| 6.25 | 40 | Wood . . . . . | Earth and wood. | 6.5 |


Location.
North Harvard street, near Franklin, Brighton .
Oakland street, souih of Faneuil, Brighton
Park street, west of Dorchester avenue, Dorchester
Perkins street, near Jamaica pond, West Roxbury
Poplar street, 500 feet from Beech, West Roxbury
Poplar street, Roslindale, West Roxbury
River street and Blue Hill avenue, Dorchester River strcet, Dorchester . . . . . . . . . .
South street, at Arnold Arboretum, West Roxbury
Spring street, near Spring-street station, West Roxbury
Summer street, near Spring-street station, West Roxbury
Tenean street, near Fulton, Dorchester




APPENDIX A 4.- (Supplement.)
List of Culverts and Small Bridges built in

| Location. | Span. Feet. | Height of Opening. Feet. | Length. Feet. | Side-walls. | Covering. | Depth of Covering. Feet. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dorchester. <br> Blue Hill avenue, near Harvard street . | 5.0 | 4.42 | 85 | Stone . | Stone . | 1.5 |
| Harvard street, near Blue Hill avenue . | 5.0 | 4.42 | 45 | Stone . | Stone . | 2.0 |
| Bailey street, near Hillside terrace . | 4.0 | 3.42 | 40 | Stone | Stone | 2.5 |
| Fuller street, " " | 4.0 | 3.42 | 40 | Stone | Stone | 1.5 |
| Dorehester avenue, near Van Winkle street | 4.0 | 3.42 | 60 | Stone | Stone | 1.5 |
| " " " King street | 4.5 | 4.92 | 60 | Stone . | Stone | 1.5 |
| Carruth street, near Codman street | 51.0 | 5.0 | 72 | Stone | Stone . | 1.5 |
| Centre street, near Seaborn street | 3.0 | 3.42 | 40 | Stone | Stone | 2.0 |
| West Roxbury. <br> Syeamore and Florence streets . . . . . | 4.0 | 3.92 | 73 | Stone | Stone | 2.0 |
| Allandale street, near the spring | 3.5 | 3.92 | 40 | Stone . | Stone | 2.0 |
| " " " lower brook . | 1.5 | 1.5 | 40 | Pipe | Pipe | 2.5 |
| Coruell street, near Washington street . | 4.0 | 3.42 | 41 | Stone . | Stone | 2.5 |
| Brighton. <br> Hobart street, near Faneuil street . . . | 6.0 | 7.5 | 44 | Stone . | Briek | 1.5 |
| Dustin street, near North Beaeon street | 5.0 | 5.0 | 40 | Stone . | Ston | 1.2 |

List of Culverts and Small Bridges built in 1892.
Location.
Dorchester.

## APPENDIX A5.

Statement of Traffic on Wednesday, June 29, 1892, between the hours of 6 A.M. and 7 P.M.

North Bridges.

| Name of Bridge. |  |  | Teams from Boston. | Teams to Boston. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Charles river | 3,585 | 3,270 | 2,030 | 1,535 |  |  |
| Chelsea, North | 770 | 775 | 815 | 728 | 206 | 216 |
| Chelsea, South | 2,297 | 2,367 | $8{ }^{5} 2$ | 811 | 210 | 222 |
| Meridian street . | 990 | 1,050 | 580 | 600 | 107 | 110 |
| Warren | 7,290 | 7,045 | 3,195 | 3,355 | 1,155 | 1,165 |

South Bridges.

| Broadway . . . . . . . | 4,150 | 4,895 | 1,020 | 1,175 |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Congress street . . . . . | 3,104 | 3,117 | 2,701 | 2,869 | $\ldots$ | . |
| Dover street . . . . . . | 3,919 | 4,064 | 939 | 913 | 196 | 193 |
| Federal street . . . . . | 5,135 | 6,061 | 1,421 | 1,620 | 499 | 505 |
| Mt. Washington avenue . | 1,730 | 1,888 | 828 | 1,070 |  |  |



## ，during the Vears 1881，1882，188：3，1854，185．5，1886，1887，1885，1859，1890，1899，and 1892 ．

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ¢，Отигк |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Torst | Sil．of | Eatios． |  |  |  |  |  | ToTats． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| INNW． | 1＊＊J． | 1430． | 1N31． | Jame： | $1 \times 92$. | INat． | 1××2． | IN＊3． | 1＊N4． | 1NK． | 1＊＊G． | INNT． | INx． | $1 \times \mathrm{Na}$ ． | 1sen． | 11.41. | ｜Jant： | 1＊92． | $1 \times \times 1$. | $1 \times \times 3$. | $1 \times \times 3$. | Imsi． | $1 \times \times$ T． | 1ssi． | INNT． | $1 \times \times \times$ ． | 1xs． | 1＊：0． | $1 \times 31$. | lam： | $1 \times 93$. |  | Sowe or burume |
| 1.5789 | 1，2is | 1．416 | ${ }^{1,3651}$ | 96 | 1，109 | 189 | 277 | ${ }^{136}$ | 2\％ | ${ }^{126}$ | 19 | 194 | 296 | 534 | ${ }^{3} 1$ | 130 | ${ }^{36}$ | ${ }^{626}$ | 6,41 | 6，124 | ¢，43 |  | 5，615 | 5，962 | 1，783 | 1， 1 wib | 5，143 | 5， 63 | 3，113 | 1 mi | 5， 6 ［1］ | 䃌至 | 1readway． |
| 941 | Sn7 | \％ $3_{5}$ | 7 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 10 | 733 | 70 | ${ }^{33}$ | 1，023 | 451 | ${ }^{28}$ | ${ }^{35}$ | ${ }^{61}$ | ＊0 | 113 | ｜ 331 | 314 | ＂ | 269 | 1，170 | 989 | 2，610 | 1，723 | 1，193 | 1，371 | ${ }^{1,3145}$ | ， | 1.819 | 1．1403 | 1：4＊｜ | 16 | 1，234 | 1\％，\％＊ | Cambrinke street |
| 2．114 | 2，293 | 2.641 | 294 | $1: 9$ | 2，83 | 711 | 712 | ${ }^{337}$ | 506 | 121 | 638 | s89 | ${ }^{409}$ | 1，120 | 1，422 | 2，119 | 12 | 2，010 | 0,336 | 8，769 | 8，132 | 7．159 | 6， 0 2\％${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 7．6．n | 7，\％n］ | 7，\％10 |  | 4.113 | \＄，366 | 39 | 7,993 | m；113 | Cramiee riseri． |
| 3，263 | 3，274 | 4，338 | 4，100． | 91 | 2，993 | 445 | 3 ks | 362 | 433 | 191 | 269 | ${ }^{338}$ | ${ }^{970}$ | 2，619 | 3，44 | 2，513 | 23 | ${ }^{1,2,203}$ | 2，，4fii | 3，014 | 3，298 | 3，193 | 2，3322 | 2，5，515 | 2.631 | 6，3988 | 6，97i | 5 | 2，733 | 119 | ＋，${ }^{\text {a }}$ | －，＋6\％ | Cimpea（North） |
| 3.124 | 2,168 | 3，954 | ${ }^{3.193}$ ； | 172 | 2，933 | ${ }^{36}$ | 410 | 302 | 1，012 | 519 | ${ }^{177}$ | 332 | 9：0 | sis | 2，335 | 1，1201 | s | 986 | 3，4\％9 | 3，6i33 | 3，833 | 1，Mait | 3，616 | 3,420 | 4．104 | \％， 1 ¢in | 4，19\％ | 7.313 | 3，819 | 307 | 3， 3131 | Stitue | 4lwera |
| ． |  | 2 |  | ． | $3{ }^{6}$ |  |  | 6 | 6 | ${ }^{1}$ | ， | ${ }^{10}$ | ${ }^{10}$ | 11 | ${ }^{23}$ | 30 | 2 | 1 |  | ．． | ， | ${ }^{6}$ | ${ }^{\circ}$ | ； | ${ }^{23}$ | 12 | 11 | 2 | 30 | \％ | S | 1ni | Chel ea stryet |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 9 | ； | ${ }^{6}$ | 11 | 11. | 5 | 3 | 1 | 1 | ${ }^{3}$ | 3 |  | 4 | 9 | 5 | 6 | 11. | 10 | ； | 3 | 1 | ！ | ， | 2 | ．．． | ＋ | ${ }^{69}$ | Cunureciul Poma |
| 6．312 | 2，23 | 6，901 | 7，1：1 | 41 | \％， 1 ， 3 | 1，643 | 2,187 | ${ }^{\text {＋}}$ ，121 | 2，260 | 1，601 | 2，243 | 1，893 | 1，399 | 2， 8 \％ 7 | 2.360 | 2，2，23 | ${ }^{179}$ | 2， 234 | 17，䜌 | 17，877 | 15.999 | 15，14 | 1， $1,6(1)$ | 1，8，24 | 13，734 | 13，639 | 13.101 | 15， 187 | 15，097 | \％ 4 | 10， | 1．96，531 | Comena metreet． |
| 1，15\％ | 1，113 | 1，230 | 1,293 | ＊＇ | 1， | 229 | 21 | ${ }^{233}$ | 31.4 | 230 | 316 | 206 | 1 1\％ | 113 | 319 | $\pm 11$ | 20 | 54 | 3，7\％3 | 5，267 | 4，61＊ | 1，929 | 1， 193 | 4，312 | 4．1：1 | 1．3．3 | 1， 1.85 | 1，07\％ | 4317 | ${ }^{135}$ | 4，413 | 20．23 | Danes strees． |
| $9 \times 3$ | 1，0：3 | （19） | 1，011 | ${ }^{11}$ | ；0 | ${ }^{12}$ | 33 | ${ }^{33} 2$ | ${ }^{127}$ | ${ }^{26}$ | ＋ | ＊2 | 12 | ${ }^{106}$ | 361 | ：31 | 6 | ${ }^{23} 7$ | 1.302 | 1，025 | 2,611 | 1，768 | 1，29＞1 | 1，4\％ | 1，335 | 1．6．11 | 1．9\％ | 1，7\％2 | 1，962 | ${ }^{16}$ | 1，271 | 1，9，23 | E．sece－utur |
| 1，4119 | 1，881 | 1，410 | 1，46 | 113 | 204 | ＊＊ | 190 | 2：6 | ${ }^{319}$ | ${ }^{213}$ | ${ }^{34}$ | 24 | 30, | \％ 3 | 310 | 0.2 | 17 | 646 | 15， 17 | $6_{6,2+3}$ |  | 10，290 | 3， 91 | － | 3，131 | 2，3it | 0，413 | f．2id | 5，463 | 219 |  | \％1．\％ | Fentral theel． |
| 216 | 1：\％ | $\underline{29}$ | 2119 |  | ${ }^{141}$ |  |  |  |  | ． |  |  |  | ． | t | 3 | ．． | 19 | 236 | 193 | 151 | 2296 | 23 | 279 | 276 | $3 \times 7$ | 3 Sa | 332 | ${ }^{336}$ |  | 291 | 3，35\％ | （rimutc． |
| Sxil | 0 | 9， | $13!4$ | 13 | 25， | ${ }^{13,7}$ | 1：0 | ${ }^{15}$ | 238 | ${ }^{30,3}$ | 212 | ${ }^{163}$ | ${ }^{3 \times 3}$ | $311 \times$ | 376 | 13 | 14 | ${ }^{173}$ | 1，2：31 | 1，273 | 1，617 | 1，313： | 1，115 | $1,2 \times 19$ | 1，282 | 1，733 |  | 1，\％は | 2，mm6 | － | 1，5i0 | 18．133； | U．1sticen |
| 0.731 | 2，999 | 2， a $_{3} 3$ | 2.11 | ${ }^{161}$ | 3，3；1 | \％\％ | 4， | ${ }^{109}$ | $\times 03$ | $6{ }^{69}$ | ${ }^{867}$ | 719 | $\times 3$. | 1，152 | ${ }_{931}$ | 1，132 | ${ }^{7 \times}$ | 1，132 | 3，916 | 4，399 | 3，04＊ | 1，1091 | 3， 3 ，${ }^{4}$ | 3，15 | 1,310 | 1，4，${ }^{\text {a }}$ | －1，07\％ | 4，345 | 1，4 4 it | 29．${ }^{\text {a }}$ | s．ron | ， | Atomb |
| 1，972 | 3，571 | 4，314 | 4，7\％ | 319 | 3，024 | 1，030 | 2，313 | 1，939 | 1，845 | ：，364 | 1，11．5 | 1，234 | 1，241， | 1，1，39 | 1，6in） | 1，412 | 118 | 2，199 | 11，3，3010 | 11.377 | 11，34 | 12，2046 | 20，33 | 9，653 | 9， 21 | 9，, 99 | 9，\％（1） | 10，4i3 | 10，781 | ${ }^{3} 3$ | 11，296 | 126．915 | M1．Wanlinethun ．umbu． |
| 2ie | 205 | ${ }^{233}$ | 43 |  | ${ }^{198}$ |  | ？ | 10 |  | ＊ | ${ }^{18}$ | ${ }^{\prime}$ | ${ }^{2} 1$ | \％ | 7 | ．． |  |  | 297 | 237 | 296 | （1） | 3.9 | $3^{33} 1$ | $3 \times 7$ | inf | 385 | 113 | $\pm$ | ． | 391 | 1.217 | Spyumelt |
|  |  | 2 | 1 |  | 3 | 1 |  | ， |  | － | 2 |  |  | 1 |  |  | ． |  | 1 | $\cdots$ | ${ }^{4}$ |  | 2 | 23 | ．． | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 |  | ＋ | 20 | Cill flacen sume |
| 318 | 372 | 4 | 231 |  | ${ }^{37}$ | 2 | 26 | $\times 23$ | 410 | 4 | ${ }^{26}$ | 24 | $\cdots$ | ${ }^{35}$ | ${ }^{24}$ | ${ }^{23}$ |  | 39 | 191 | 37 | 1，1，${ }^{6} 6$ | 1，41 | 27 | 123 | $4{ }^{4 i}$ | 3 | ：${ }_{\text {a }}$ | 114 | ${ }^{10}$ | $\ldots$ | 131 | －．173 | $\therefore$ Unamel tome |
| 9， | 1，142 | 1，339 | 1，190） | 113 | 1，940 | $6{ }_{6}$ | siv | 332 | 331 | 319 | ${ }^{527}$ | ${ }^{965}$ | ： 91 | Nif | 1.171 | 1.636 | 298 | 1，670 | $7: 201$ | $0,7.10$ | 5，773 | 5，617 | S， | \％，73 | 5.346 | 5，432 | 6．17\％ | 7，017， | 6，7\％ | ${ }^{12}$ | 6,223 | 5， | W，mren． |
| 4 4 12 | 833 | as） |  |  | 619 | ： | 32 |  | ${ }^{667}$ | ${ }^{2 \times}$ | 32 | 3 | 3：1 | 81 | 23 | 2781 |  | $2{ }^{2}$ | 140 | 9 | 2，304 | 1，663 | 1，0M1 | 1，29， | 1，197 | 1，339 | 1， | 1， 192 | 1,117 | ．． | 1，9as | 15.693 |  |
| ${ }^{2}$ | 21 |  | ${ }^{14}$ |  | 1.7 | 1 n | 27 | 21 | 9 | ${ }^{28}$ | 18 | 18 | 16 | ${ }^{1}$ | 22 | 11 |  |  | ${ }^{103}$ | 116 | 8 | ${ }^{\text {IIIS }}$ | 121 | ： | $\ldots$ |  | ${ }_{3}{ }^{3}$ | ${ }_{3} 3$ | ： |  | 28 | － | Wertan areme to Waterown． |
| 32，212 | 29，746 | 35，2．4 | $33^{3}$ | 1，min | 33，749 | $0^{0,794}$ | 7，${ }^{(10 \times 1}$ | 13，703 | 10,140 | $8,0 \times 1$ | 7，196 | \％，334， | \＄，302 | ${ }^{13,294}$ | 16.354 | 16，991 | 96 | 15，293 | N0， 1.7 | 24，999 | 83， 23 \％ | \％r，int | 6，mis 3 | 69，317 | 64，127 | 20，47 | 73，46， | s， 1.989 | 82，158 | 3，310 | 2x，96 | 9n， 19 |  |

## APPENDIX B.

## REPORT OF DEPUTY SUPERINTENDENT OF PAVING DIVISION.

Office Paving Division, Room 41, City Hall, Boston, February 1, 1893.

H. H. Carter, Superintendent of Streets:

Dear Sir: In compliance with the order conveyed in your letter of Jannary 14, 1893, requesting a statement of the work of the Paving Division for the yea: 1892, the following report is submitted, showing the expenditures of this division from February 1,1892 , to January 31,1893 , the nature of the work, the number and variety of permits issued, and the details of expenditures involved in paving, macadamizing, and regulating the various streets.

The following list shows the total yearly expenditures of the Paving Division, according to the report of the Superintendent of Streets, for the last thirty-seven years, the expenditures being from January 1 to Eecember 31, inclusive, of each year, except of 1891, that year extending to January 31, 1892, making a period of thirteen months, and for the year 1892, which extends from February 1, 1892, to January 31, 1893 :


1875 . . . $1,062,40855$

## Street Numbering.

Numbers have been assigued to the estates in the different districts as follows:


## Permits.

Permits to open the streets for underground work, between February 1, 1892, and January 31, 1893, have been issued as follows:



One hundred and one and nine-tenths miles (101.9), an average length for each permit, 50.3 feet.

There have been issued, in addition to the above, 79 emergency permits to the various departments and corporations, on which there have been 2,237 openings, at an average length of about 6 feet each. A record of these openings is on file in this office.

Other permits have been granted as follows :
Coal-holes and areas . . . . . . . 19
Moving buildings . . . . . . . . 55
Distributing sand . . . . . . . . 43
Erecting a aroings . . . . . . . . 383
Driving cattle . . . . . . . . 59
Erecting and repairing buildings . . . . . 4,477
Raising and lowering safes, machinery, etc. . . . 405
Advertising by man wearing hat and coat (lettered) . 17
Cleaning snow from roofs of buildings . . . . 54
Special to Sewer Division . . . . . . 10
Special for various purposes . . . . . . 255
Occupy sidewalks for more than ten minutes to load and
unload $. ~ . ~ . ~ . ~ . ~ . ~ . ~ . ~ . ~$ 0
Watering carts . . . . . . . . 88
Pedlers, four different classes . . . . . . 685
To feed or bait horses in the streets . . . . 1,430

$$
8,020
$$

Total number of permits of all kinds issued . . 18,795
There have been 10,349 notices sent to the various foremen to repair defects in the streets which had been reported by the police ; also 2,065 to private parties to repair defects in Hyatt lights, coalholes, and work which had been imperfectly done under permits granted them.

During October last the form of notice was changed to conform to the Revised Ordinances (Sect. 8, Chap. 36), and at the same time the notices were sent to the various parties, an order was sent to the foreman of the district, directing him to make the necessary repairs in case the parties notified failed to do so within the time specified in the notice, charging the expense to the persons notified.

The system seems to have had a good effect, as 301 such notices have been sent, and but very few have failed to repair within the limited time.

There have heen about 1,000 notices sent to the varions departments and corporations, regarding contemplated street improvements, during the year.

There have been 54.3 honds filed during the year in accordace with Chapter 35, Revised Ordinances, 1892.
There have been 140 requests sent to Police Department, asking for information regarding locations, where people hatd asked for permits to occupy the sidewalk to load and unload goods. In most eases the answers have been favorable, and the permits have been granted when called for

## Streets Laid Out or Extended.



Streets Laid Ont or Extended. - Concluded.

| Date. | Street. | Location. | Length. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Brought | forwar | 26,632 |
| Sept. 23. | Penfield st. | Brandon st. to Birch st. | 1,052 |
| Oct. $7 .$. | Pierpont st. | Station to Prentiss st. | 504 |
| Oct. $7 .$. | Hopkins st. | Evans st. to Corbet st | 477 |
| Oct. 11 | Sutherland road, | Englewood ave. to Commonwealth | 1,526 |
| Oct. 12 | E. st. | West Ninth st. to Old Colony R.R. | 198 |
| Oct. 15 | Fairbanks | Washington st. to Faneuil st. | 1,166 |
| Oct. 14 | Dean st. | Howard ave. to Judson | 519 |
| Oct. 15 | Intervale st. | Warren st. to Blue Hill ave | 583 |
| Oct. 15 | Brunswick st. | Warren st. to Blue Hill av | 470 |
| Nov. 3. . | Shenandoah st | Wessex st. to Carruth st. | 390 |
| Nov. 3.. | Ingleside st. | Blue Hill ave. to Dacia | 346 |
| Nov. 15. | Hammett st. | Grinnell st. to Sarsfield st | 189 |
| Nov. 21. | St. Joseph | Sonth st. to Woodman st. | 402 |
| Nov. 26. | Brigham st. | Webster st. to south-east of Ida st. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 434 |
| Nov. 26. | Ida st. | Ruth st. to Brigham st. | 72 |
| Nov. 26. | Ruth st. | Webster st. to Brigham | 340 |
| Nov. 29. | Savoy st. | Washington st. to Harrison ave......................... | 301 |
| Nov. 29. | Elmo | Sonth of Erie st. | 1,354 |
| Dec. 1.. | Hamerton st. | Crawford st. to Harold s | 285 |
| Dec. 2. | Holworthy | Walnut ave. to Harold | 378 |
| Dec. 28. | Aldie st | Athol st. to Everett st | 469 |
| Dec. 28. | Hollander s | Crawford st. to Harold st. | 340 |
| Dec. 28. | Howell st | Boston st. to Dorchester ave., | 58.2 |
| Dec. 28. | Sunnyside | Centre st. to Creighton st.. .. | 92 |
| Dec. 29. | Rawson st. | Boston st. to Dorchester ave., | 45 |
| Dec. 29 | McLellanst | Old road to Erie st. | 351 |
|  | or 7.715 miles. |  | 40,737 |

Streets Widened and Relocated.

| тв. | treet. | Location. | Sq. Ft. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| April 21, | Linden | Corner of Cambridge |  |
| Aug. 10. | North sq | Corner of Moon st. | 仡 |
| Sept. 23. | High st. | North-east side, bet. Pearl and School st. |  |
| Oct. 3 | Park st. | North-west side, bet. City sq. and Henley st. |  |
| Oct. 7 | Dorchester a | Corner of Centre | 6 |
| Oct. 10 | Kingston st. | East side, north cor. of Essex st. |  |
| Oct. 12 | Tremont | Corner of Heath st | 7,63 |
| Oct. 12 | Heath st. | At and near cor. of Tremont. | 4,50 |
| Oct. 14 | North sq. | On north-west side, near North st. |  |
| Oct. 14 | Norfolk s | Milton ave. to New Eng. R.R. | 42, |
| Oct. 14 | Harvard st | Harvard ave.. to Warner ave. | 14, |
| Oct. 15 | Washington | East side, bet. Water st. and Spring Lane. |  |
| Oct. 15 | Water st. | South side, at and near Washington st. |  |
| Nov. 29. | Blue Hill a | Bet. Mt. Pleasant ave. and La Grange pl. |  |
| Dec. 28. | Mi | North-west side, Batterymarch to Broad............ |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1893 . \\ \text { Jan. } 31 . \end{gathered}$ | Commonwealth ave.......... | North side, junct | 1,5 |
| Jan. 31. | Commonwealth ave. $\qquad$ | South side, junction of Brookline ave. |  |
| Jan. 31. | Beacon st. | South side, junction of Brookline ave. | 195 |
| Jan. 31. | Brookline ave.... | North side, junct. Beacon st... | 37 |
|  |  |  | 7 |

Streets Discontinued.

| Date. | Street. | Location. | Sq. Ft. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oct. 10 . | Kingston st. . . . | Cor. of Essex st., north-east side. $\qquad$ | 0.40 |
| Oct. 10 | Essex st. . . . . . | Cor. of Kingston st., northeasterly | 12.50 |
| Dec. 29. | E. Chester Park . | Junction of Boston st. . . . . . . | 69.50 |
| Jan. 6.. | Spring Lane .... | At and near Washington st. . | 139.00 |
|  |  |  | 221.40 |



The record of the Street Commissioners for the year 1892 shows the following results:

| Str | 40,737 lin. ft., |
| :---: | :---: |
| Streets widened and relocated | $74,944 \mathrm{sq}$. ft. |
| ets discontinued |  |
|  |  |

## FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

Appropriation for Paring Division for 1892-93 . $\$ 850,00000$
Transferred from Boat Landing . . . . 3000
Transferred from Street-Cleaning Division . . 7,500 00
Transferred from Street-Watering . . . 4,500 00
Transferred from Laying Out and Construction of Highways

207,500 00
Transferred from Washington street on account of old blocks removed

4,729 64
Amonnt collected by City Collector for repairs done by Paving Division for different companies,

6171
$\$ 1,074,32135$

## Expenditures.

| Amount of expenditures from Feb- ruary 1,1892 , to January 31,1893 , | \$915,460 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Transferred to Sewer Division | 72,323 67 |
| Transferred to Sewer Division from |  |
| Laying Out and Construction of |  |
| Highways | 19,034 66 |
| Transferred to Bridge Division | 2,047 |
| Transferred to Sanitary Division | 12,370 |
| Transferred to Street-Cleaning Di- | 11,820 |

$$
1,033,05770
$$

Transferred to city treasury . . . . $\$ 41,26365$

Total expenditures from regular appropriation . \$915,460 99
Total expenditures from street-watering appropriation

94,507 80
Total expenditures from special appropriations . 962,880 09
Grand total (regular and special) . . $\$ 1,972.85788$

## Income.

Statement showing the amount of bills deposited with the City Collector from February 1, 1892, to January 31, 1893, on account of the Paving Division :
Edgestone and sidewalk assessments (old law) . \$36,469 09
Sidewalk construction assessments (new law) . 224,171 76
Old paving-blocks . . . . . . 4,729 64
Repairs of streets (Chap. 36, Sect. 8, R. O. 1892), 52423
Fort Hill Wharf (rent) . . . . . 50000
Miscellaneous . . . . . . . 43150
$\$ 266,82622$

The amount paid into the city treasury during the same period on account of the Paving Division:

| Edgestone and sidewalk assessments (old law) | \$30,624 10 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Sidewalk construction assessments (new law) | 31,616 92 |
| Old paving-blocks | 4,729 64 |
| Repairs of streets (Chap. 36, Sec. 8, R. O. 1892), | 6171 |
| Fort Hill Wharf (rent) | 50000 |
| Miscellaneous | 26000 |
|  | \$67,792 37 |

Table showing Expenses paid from the Regular Appropriation, clasified by Districts, from February 1 , 1892 , to January $31,1893$.

|  | Maintenance and Construction of Streets. | Removal of Snow. | Executions of Court. | Miscellaneous. | Sidewalk Construction. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| South Boston | \$23,20070 | \$7,745 11 |  |  |  | \$30,945 81 |
| East Boston | 24,234 16 | 3,879 03 |  |  |  | 28,113 19 |
| Charlestown | 25,809 33 | 5,552 63 | - . . . . . . . |  |  | 31,361 96 |
| Brighton | 55,60030 | 3,42437 |  |  |  | 59,024 67 |
| West Roxbury | 87,971 07 | 4,482 13 |  |  |  | 92,45320 |
| Dorchester | 52,271 67 | 4,469 49 |  |  | . . . . . . . . . | 56,741 16 |
| Roxbury | 134,073 76 | 5,31102 |  |  |  | 139,384 78 |
| City Proper. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 170,058 64 | 25,32642 |  |  |  | 195,385 06 |
| Executions of Court, etc. |  |  | \$11,812 51 |  |  | 11,812 51 |
| Miscellaneous |  |  |  | \$50,908 35 |  | 50,908 35 |
| Sidewalk Construction |  |  |  |  | $\$ 219,330 \quad 30$ | 219,330 30 |
| 'Total . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | \$573,219 63 | \$60,190 20 | \$11,812 51 | \$50,908 35 | \$219,330 30 | $\$ 915,46099$ |

## EXPENDITURES. (Details.)

Salary of C. R. Cutter, Deputy Superintendent of - Streets, January 29, 1892, to January 26, 1893 .
\$3,402 03
Salary of office clerks
9,851 13
Advertising in and subscribing for daily papers 90599
Dorchester ledge, construction of .
2,690 95
Horses, carts, and harnesses (new)
7,418 74
Printing and stationery
2,748 46
Repairing stables, sherls, etc.
1,250 84
Savin Hill ledge, construction at . . . . 49408
Sundries . . . . . . . . 6,993 4
Street signs and numbering . . . . . 2,98573
Telephone, expenses of . . . . . 1,32119
Tools, cost of keeping the same in repair, etc. . 10,84579
$\$ 50,90835$

## Executions of Court, etc.

Baker, Rebe T., personal injuries . . . . . $\$ 15000$
Billings, Alfred E., " . . . . . 15249
Carroll, Patrick, " . . . . . 32749
Conley, Cornelius F., " . . . . . 30000
Clark, Thomas, " . . . . . 12052
Costello, James J., Execution Court . . . . . 3,109 43
Davidson Archibald T., personal injuries . . . . 97677
Dolan Edward J., "، . . . . 40000
Fallon, Patrick, "، . . . . 15000
Fay Martin, injury to horse . . . . . . 3355
Finley, Michael, damage to premises . . . . 5500
Freeman, Annie C., personal injuries . . . . 12578
Farrington, Ellen A., ". . . . 20012
Horgan, Mary A. C., " . . . . 32578
Hanley, John J., "، . . . . 50000
Hart, Jennie E., " . . . . 23012
Jordan, Jediah P., "6 . . . . 1,525 12
Knowles, Josephine, grade damages . . . . . 61661
Mulchinock, Mary E., personal injuries . . . . 7500
McQueeney, Francis J., carriage damage . . . . 600
Murray, John, damage to wagon . . . . . 5000
Murphy, Mary A., personal injuries . . . . . 10000
$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { McGill, Timothy, } \\ \text { McShane, William }\end{array}\right\}$ Executors for Estate of Dan'l Hughes, 75000
Moakley, John F., personal injuries . . . . . 5000
Moore, Charles A., "، . . . . . 14479
Maguire, Mary E., " . . . . . . 15000
Parker, Sarah, "، . . . . . 35000
Perry, Helen P., " . . . . . 15000
Richardson, Robert, " . . . . . 12052
Ritchie, Hannah K., " . . . . . 42650
Shute, Benj. P., damage to herdic . . . . . 1580
Sharkey, Katherine, personal injuries . . . . 12512
$\$ 11,81251$

## Regular Expenditures.

The following schedule shows the expenditures from the maintenance appropriation of this division, devoted to the varions streets in the several districts:

SOUTH BOSTON.

## Buttonmood street.

In excess of special appropriation . . . . . $\$ 79825$
Silver street.
In excess of special appropriation . . . . . 7350
Vinton street.
In excess of special appropriation . . . . . 63575
Vale street, grading.
Filling . . . . . . . . . . 1,206 23
Crossings.
Labor and material . . . . . . . . 84350
Edgestones, sidewalks, and gutters.

| Labor | . | . | . | . | . | $\$ 3,089$ | 67 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Teaming |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Material | . | . | . | . | . | . | 1,900 | 50 |
|  |  | . | . | . | . | . | . | 2,495 |
| 53 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Fences and plank walks.

Labor . . . . . . . $\$ 70 t 56$
Material . . . . . . . 1,109 12

## Snow.

Labor . . . . . . . $\$ 6,85561$
Teaming . . . . . . . . 88950
Repairs on streets.
Labor . . . . . . . \$2,153 99
Teaming . . . . . . . 4,02300
Naterial . . . . . . . 4,16710
10,34409
$\$ 30,94581$

> EAST BOSTON.

Border street, at Condor.
In excess of special appropriation . . . . . 835000
(Aldermanic District No. 1.)
Chelsea street.
In excess of special appropriation . . . . . 1,:397 50
(Aldermanic District No. 2.)
Falcon street.
In excess of special appropriation
$29+0:$
Carricd forward,

Brought forward,
$\$ 2,041 \quad 5$
Crossings.
Labor and material
Edgestones, sidewalks, and gutters.

Labor
Teaming
\$1,184 81
Material
72150
75711
Fences and plank walks.
Labor . . . . . . . $\$ 17301$
Material 79298

## Snow.

Labor
\$3,519 03
Teaming
36000
Repairs on streets.

| Labor |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Teaming | . | . | . | . | $\$ 10,735$ | 64 |
| Mraterial |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Material

CHARLESTOWN.
Bunker Hill street.
In excess of special appropriation . . . . $\$ 35580$
Rutherford avenue.
In excess of special appropriation . . . . 2,65632
Crossings.
Labor and material . . . . . . . 1,056 98
Edgestones, sidewalks, and gutters.

| Labor | . | . | . | . | . | $\$ 1,619$ | 97 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Teaming | . | . | . | . | . | . | 88800 |
| Material | . | . | . | . | . | . | 1,646 |
| 80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Fences and plank walks.

Labor
\$536 81
Material
13322

## Snow.

Labor
$\$ 4,52063$
Teaming
1,032 00

## Repairs on streets.



## BRIGHTON.

Ashford street, regulating and grading.


Cambridge street, regulating and macadamizing.
$5,000 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{Jds} .6$-in. macadam.
Labor . . . . . . . $\$ 88283$
Teaming . . . . . . . 1,16550
Stone . . . . . . . 2,021 50
Gravel . . . . . . . 1,698 47

Paring . . . . . . . 44143
Blocks . . . . . . . 75656
Flagging . . . . . 16920
7,135 49
Dustin street, grading and gravelling.


## Englewood avenue.

In excess of special appropriation . . . . . 1,702 85
(Aldermanic District No. 11.)
Menlo street.
In excess of special appropriation . . . . . 11350
(Aldermanic Distrıct No. 11.)
Murdock street.
In excess of special appropriation . . . . . 86545
North Beacon street, regulating and grading.

| Labor | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | $\$ 149$ | 20 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Teaming | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | 276 | 00 |
| Gravel | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | 478 | 80 |
| Stone | . | . | . | . | . | . | . | 399 | 00 |

3,361 75

1,30300
Seattle, Hopedale, Windom, and Sorrento streets.
In excess of special appropriation . . . . . ${ }_{1,349} 50$
Union street, grading and gravelling.

| Labor | . | . | . | . | . | . | . |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Teaming | . | . | . | . | . | . | . |
| Gravel | . | . | . | . | . | . | . |

Brought forward,\$19,836 89
Western avenue, grading and macadamizing.
$5,500 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{yds} .4-\mathrm{in}$. macadam.
Labor ..... $\$ 34221$
Teaming ..... 90150
Stone ..... 1,642 45
Gravel ..... 60865
Flagging ..... 7668
3,57149
Crossings.
Labor and material ..... 22980
Edgestones, sidewalks, and gutters.
Labor and material ..... 2,26666
Fences and plank walks.
Labor ..... $\$ 79158$
Material ..... 1,527 83
Repairs on streets.

| Labor |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Teaming | . | . | . | . |
| $\$ 7,607$ | 27 |  |  |  |
| 6,016 | 50 |  |  |  |Teaming6,016 50

Material ..... $13,752 \quad 28$
Snow.
Labor ..... $\$ 2,35937$
Material ..... 1,065 00
27,376 05
3,42437$\$ 59,02467$WEST ROXBURY.
Allandale street.
In excess of special appropriation ..... 2,26104
Centre street, at Baker,' grading and gravelling.
Labor ..... $\$ 24220$
Teaming ..... 90750
Gravel ..... 1,393 20
Stone ..... 5
Centre street.
In excess of special appropriation ..... 1,133 00
Cohasset street.
In exeess of special appropriation ..... 66228
(Aldermanic District No. 11.)
Canterbury street, grading and macadamizing.
$6,000 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{yds}$. 6 -in. macadam.
Labor ..... \$691 80
Teaming ..... 2,059 50
Gravel ..... 2,541 92
Stone ..... 2,427 25
Filling ..... 10380
Brought forward, ..... $\$ 14,9832+$
Heushaw street.
In excess of special appropriation ..... 2,73374
Keyes street, grading and macadamizing.
$2,500 \mathrm{sq} \cdot \mathrm{yds} .4-\mathrm{in}$. macadam.
Labor ..... 84370
Teaming ..... 16800
Gravel ..... 20088
Stone ..... 98500
1,397 ..... 58
Monnt Hope street.
In excess of special appropriation$59+05$
(Aldermanic District No. 11.)
Poplar street.
In excess of special appropriation ..... 2,05372
Sycamore street.
In excess of special appropriation ..... 2,235 32
(Aldermanic District No. 11.)
Spring and Baker streets, grading and gravelling.
Labor ..... $\$ 20725$
Teaming ..... 62250
Grarel ..... 1,398 60
Stone ..... 29800
Short street.
In excess of special appropriation ..... 7050
Washington street, at Green, resurfacing.
Labor ..... \$456 75
Teaming ..... 75000
Stone ..... 82150
Wenham street.
In excess of special appropriation ..... 7750
Walter street.
In excess of special appropriation ..... 1,65316
(Aldermanic District, No. 11.)
Crossings.
Labor and material . ..... 1,283 30
Edgestomes, sidewalks, and gutters.
Labor ..... $\$ 47143$
Teaming ..... 23000
Material ..... 2,085 33 ..... 2,886 76
Fences and plank walks.
Labor ..... $\$ 2,07731$
Naterial ..... 1,77;) 7 .t

## Brought forward,

Repairs on streets.


## Snow.

Labor . . . . . . . | $\$ 3,30313$ |
| :--- |
| 1,179 |
| 00 |

Teaming . . . . . . . 1,17900

4,482 13
\$92,453 20
DORCHESTER.

## Geneva avenue.

In excess of special appropriation . . . . . \$5,905 05
Minot street.
In excess of special appropriation . . . . . 4,953 15
Shenandoah street, grading and regulating.

| Labor | . | . | . | . | . | . | $\$ 126$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Teaming | 50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Material | . | . | . | . | . | . | 111 |
| 1, | 00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 97 |  |  |  |  |  |

Material . . . . . . . 1,188 97

## Crossings.

Labor and material . . . . . . . . 1,071 95
Edgestones, sidewalks, and gutters.

| Labor | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\$ 781$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Teaming | 65 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Material | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | $\cdot$ | 50 |
| 806 | 46 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |

Fences and plank walks.
Labor . . . . . . . \$1,163 74

Material
3,751 96
Repairs on streets.


20,47467
4,91570

## Snow.

Labor . . . . . . . $\$ 3,22719$
Teaming
1,242 30
$R O X B U R Y$.
Brunswick street.In excess of special appropriation$\$ 1,11850$
(Aldermanic District No. 10.)
Cabot street.
In excess of special appropriation ..... 1,448 48
(Aldermanic District No. 9.)
Dale street, Washington to Warren, regulating and macadamizing.
4,900 sq. yds. 6 -in. macadam.
Labor ..... $\$ 18738$
Teaming ..... 62100
Gravel ..... 69870
Stone ..... 1,981 00
Dearborn street.
In excess of special appropriation ..... 37153
Dalmatia street, regulating and macadamizing.
$1,000 \mathrm{sq} .5 \mathrm{~d}$. 8 -in. macadam.
Labor ..... $\$ 24280$
Teaming ..... 30250
Stone ..... 81375
Gravel ..... 13260
Paving ..... 7536
Dadley street.
In excess of special appropriation ..... 954.11
Elmore street, regulating and resurfacing.
$2,000 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{yds} .3$-in. macadam. Labor ..... \$185 80
Teaming ..... 14400
Steam roller ..... 9000
Stone ..... 47225
Gravel ..... 12920
Forest street, regulating and macadamizing.3,802 sq. yds. 4 in. macadam.Labor$\$ 11380$
Teaming ..... 28500
Stone ..... 1,069 00
Steam roller ..... 11080
Gravel ..... 23540
Fulda street.1,81400
In excess of special appropriation ..... 1,69051
Hartwell street, regulating and macadamizing.
$540 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{yds} .6$-in. macadam.
Teaming19:; 80
Brought forward, ..... $\$ 13,47347$
Stone ..... $\$ 22375$
Paving ..... 8215
Heath street.
In excess of special appropriation ..... 4,675 72
Intervale street.In excess of special appropriation87855(Aldermanic District No. 10.)Judson street, grading.
Labor ..... $\$ 5966$
Filling 1,031 50
Kemble street.In excess of special appropriation(Aldermanic District No. 10.)
Marcella street, Highland to Centre, regulatingand macadamizing.
2,246 sq. yds. 6 -in. macadam.
Labor ..... $\$ 24470$
Teaming ..... 39300
Gravel ..... 34850
Steam roller. ..... 13000
Stone ..... 91475
Blocks ..... 7400
Paring ..... 2292
Maywood street, regulating and macadamizing.
1,880 sq. yds. 6-in. macadam.

| Labor |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Teaming. |$\quad . \quad . \quad . \quad . \quad . \quad \$ 45740$

Teanming ..... 27150
Blocks ..... 47041
Stone ..... 75175
Sand ..... 5760
Gravel ..... 23630
Steam roller ..... 8000
Prentiss street.In excess of special appropriation(Aldermanic District No. 9.)
Reading street.
In excess of special appropriation
(Aldermanic District No. 10.)80317
Regent street, regulating and macadamizing.


$$
2,12787
$$\$31,732 85

Roxbury street, Washington street to Centre, regulating and macadamizing. 4,635 sq. yds. 4-in. macadam.
Labor ..... $\$ 24370$
Teaming ..... 25500
Stone ..... 1,236 25
Gravel ..... 51510
Steam roller ..... 15000
Tremont street, Roxbury crossing to Huntington avenue.
In excess of special appropriation ..... 39375
Vermon street, regulating and macadamizing.
3,960 sq. $y$ ds. 4 -in. macadam.
Labor ..... $\$ 21200$
Teaming ..... 43800
Gravel ..... 54510
Stone ..... 1,055 00
Steam roller ..... 10000
Warren street, granite blocks.
In excess of special appropriation ..... 44880
Warren street, at Blue Hill avenue.
In excess of special appropriation ..... 2,923 64
Zeigler street, Harrison avenue to Washingtonstreet, regulating and macadamizing.
1,200 sq. yds. 6 -in. macadam.
Labor ..... $\$ 25858$
Teaming ..... 30000
Gravel ..... 24990
Steam-roller ..... 10000
Stone ..... 35225
Crossings.
Labor and material ..... 2,210 73
Edgestones, sidewalks, and gutters.
Teaming2,631 00

## Fences and plank walks.

Labor ..... \$1,493 08
Material ..... 923 3t2,41642
Repairs on streets.
Lalmor ..... \$8,661 86
Teaming ..... 27,327 00
Material ..... 34,853 31

## Snow.


Beacon street, West Chester park to Dartmouth.
In excess of special appropriation ..... 13507
Boylston street, Washington to Tremont, north side, repaving.
Teaming ..... $\$ 26100$
Blocks ..... 88680
Edgestone ..... 1656
Flagging . ..... 2358
Brighton street.
In excess of special appropriation ..... 41811
(Aldermanic District, No. 3.)
Boylston street, Exeter to West Chester Park, westside, paving gutters and regulating.
Labor ..... $\$ 25760$
Teaming ..... 13950
Stone ..... 1,09? 97
Blocks ..... 25812
Paving ..... 10286
Chester square, Shawmut avenue to Washington.
In excess of special appropriation ..... 83000
Commonwealth avenue, West Chester Park toArlington.
In excess of special appropriation ..... 2,159 96
Brought forward, ..... \$14,251 83
Chestunt avenue, at Malcolm.
In excess of special appropriation ..... 27321
(Aldermanic District, No. 4.)
Charles street, Mt. Vernon to Pinckney.
In excess of special appropriation ..... 36935
Dartmouth street, Huntington avenue to Boylston, regulating and macadamizing.
Labor ..... $\$ 77280$
Teaming ..... 43200
Material ..... 33564
Eliot street.
In excess of special appropriation ..... 18040
Groton street, resurfacing.
Teaming ..... $\$ 1500$
Inspection ..... 2500
Asphalt ..... 1,016 81
Kilby street, resurfacing. Asphalt ..... 2,29691
Longwood avenue.
In excess of special appropriation ..... 10000
McLean street, regulating and macadamizing.
Labor ..... $\$ 78978$
Teaming ..... 52650
Material ..... 82005
Motte street.
In excess of special appropriation ..... 16549
Park square, regulating.
Labor ..... $\$ 2250$
Teaming ..... 20400
Material ..... 22000
Paving ..... 1,028 99
Poplar street.
In excess of special appropriation ..... 81975 (Aldermanic District No. 3.)
Stanhope street.
In excess of special appropriation ..... 2,09845
School street.
In excess of special appropriation ..... 1,30696
Stoddard street.
In excess of special appropriation ..... 16850(Aldermanic District No. 3.)
Brought forward, ..... $\$ 28,239$ ..... 92
West Chester park, Huntington avenue to Beacon, regulating and macadamizing.
$21,500 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{yds}$. 3-in. macadam.
Labor ..... $\$ 83873$
Teaming ..... 19305
Gravel ..... 4,43647
Stone ..... 31161
Biocks ..... 24144
Flagging ..... 7,136 40
Worcester square.
In excess of special appropriation ..... 1,12740
Washington street, Davis to Florence.
In excess of special appropriation ..... 11925
West Newton street, Columbus avenue to O. C. R.R.
In excess of special appropriation ..... 1,592 05
West Chester park, Tremont street to Columbus avenue.
In excess of special appropriation ..... 24266
Worcester street.
In excess of special appropriation ..... 10740
(Aldermanic District No. 8.)
West Dedham street.
In excess of special appropriation ..... 10437
(Aldermanic District No. 8.)
Crossings.
Labor ..... \$1,062 07
Teaming ..... 34350
Material ..... 4,96601 ..... 6,371 58
Edgestones, sidewalks, and gutters.

| Labor |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Teaming | . | . | . |
| . |  |  |  |Material9,383 57

26,70665
Fences and plank walks.
Labor ..... \$3,287 12
Material ..... 2,9Ł2 20
Repairs on streets.

| Labor | . | . | . | . | . | . | $\$ 25,044$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Teaming | 59 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Material | . | . | . | . | . | . | 22,760 |
| 16 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 31,619 | 89 |  |  |  |  |  |  |6,22932

Labor22,760 16Material . . . . . . . 31,61989$79,42 \pm 64$
Roxbury Canal, sea wall, South yard.Contract construction12,657 00


DETAILS OF EXPENDITURES MADE UNDER SPECIAL
APPROPRTATIONS.

Allandale street, Brookline, line to westerly line Souther estate, grading and macadamizing.
Areas: $6,211 \mathrm{sq}$. yds. macadam and $3,105 \mathrm{sq}$. yds. gravel sidewalks.
Labor . . . . . . . . . . . \$3,48t 09
Teaming . . . . . . . . . . 2,127 00
Gravel . . . . . . . . . . 66158
Powder . . . . . . . . . . 12600
Roller . . . . . . . . . . 22000

Amount of special appropriation . . $\$ 3,770 \quad 59$
Amount paid out of appropriation for street improvements, Aldermanic District No. 11
Amount paid out of appropriation for laving Division

58704
2,26104
$\$ 6,61867$

2, $\quad$ —6,618 67

## Austin street, paving and regulating.


Allston Bridge.
Labor ..... $\$ 14490$
Teaming ..... 10800$\$ 25290$
Baldwin street, Ward 4, Main st. to Rutherford avenue, regulat-ing, grading, and macadamizing.
Area: 762 sq. yds.
Labor ..... $\$ 1,68609$
Teaming ..... 50100
Filling ..... 33900
Gravel ..... 17616
Stone ..... 71277
454 feet 8 inches edgestone, and two large corners ..... 32907
Paving: ..... 8177
Work done by Sewer Division, building 2 new catch-basins and laying 258.5 feet of 15 -inch pipe sewer ..... 98140
$\$ 4,80726$
Amount of special appropriation ..... $\$ 4,807 \quad 26$
Beacon street, Ward 25, grading and macadamizing.
Labor ..... \$1,457 25
Teaming ..... 97500
Gravel ..... 1,98t 15
Stone ..... 61075
Powder and fuse ..... 12400$\$ 5,151 \quad 15$
Beacon street, Dartmouth street to Gloucester street, regulatingand asphalting, edgestones reset and sidewalks relaid.
Labor, including inspection and engineering ..... \$5,252 34
Teaming ..... 3,024 00 ..... 12000
Sand ..... 3675
Stone ..... 90520
1,825 paving-blocks ..... 4927
20,500 paving-brick ..... 33050
Sundries ..... 11559Amount paid to Metropolitan Construction Company:
$1,546 \mathrm{cu}$. yds. cement concrete base, at $\$ 5$. $\$ 7,7300$
821 sq. yds. sand bedding, at 21 cts. ..... $172+1$
821 sq. yds. asphalt block pavement, at
Brought forward, ..... \$20,108 75
Amount paid to Barber Asphalt Paving Company :$9,275 \mathrm{sq}$. yds. Trinidad asphalt laid, at $\$ 2.25$20,873 25
Amount paid to F. H. Cowin \& Co., for paving :
$3,308.5$ lin. feet edgestone set, at 8 cts. ..... $\$ 26468$
103 sq. yds. brick paving, herring bone, at36 cts.3708544 sq. Jds. brick paring, herring bone, at
18 cts. ..... 9792
119 sq. yds. block paving, at 25 cts. ..... 2975
Amount paid to James Grant:
7 sq. yds. block paving, at 25 cts. ..... $\$ 175$
3,502 sq. yds. brick paving, at 18 cts. ..... 63036
83 sq. 5 ds. brick paving on edge, at 36 cts., ..... 2988
314 sq. yds. brick paving, herring bone, at 36 cts. ..... 11304
187 sq. yds. brick paving, herring bone, on edge, at 50 cts. ..... 9350
9.5 sq. yds. flagging crosswalks, at 25 cts., ..... 238
Amount paid for work done by Sewer Division: Repairing 24 catch-basins and 7 manholes ..... 36205
$\$ 42,64439$
Amount of special appropriations
Amount charged to appropriation for Street
Improvements, Aldermanic District No. 5,
$\$ 41,17462$ ..... 1,334 70
Amount charged to Paving Division ..... 1350742943
\$42,644 39
Berkeley-street bridge, regulating approaches.
Labor\$1,376 20
Teaming ..... 30000
Gravel ..... 68125
Sand ..... 19847
37.8 feet of edgestone ..... 4897
14.6 feet of flagging ..... 1168
Lumber ..... 2665
Sundries ..... 3200
$\$ 2,67522$
Boat Landing, Commercial Wharf.
Building landing, according to contract ..... $\$ 970 \quad 00$
Bolton street, Second street to D street, regulatingand macadamizing.
Labor ..... $\$ 1,34645$
Teaming ..... 25650
Gravel ..... 12900
Stone ..... 3505
$\$ 1,767 \quad 00$
Amount of special appropriation ..... $\$ 1,76700$

Boston street, Andrew square to Mt. Vernon street, grading and regulating.
Areas: 2,151 sf. yds. gutters, 8,605 sq. yrls. of roulway.

| Labor |  | \$1,683 62 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Teaming |  | 1,003 30 |
| Gravel |  | 1,341 30 |
| Sand |  | 26290 |
| Stone |  | 12618 |
| 86,954 gutter blocks |  | 2,347 75 |
| Building fences |  | 27463 |
| Amount paid to H. Gore \& Co.: |  |  |
| 551.8 feet of edgestone reset, at 8 cts. | \$ $4+15$ |  |
| $1,304.2 \mathrm{sq}$. yds. of block paring relaid, at 25 cts. | 32606 |  |
| 157.5 sq. yds. of brick paving relaid, at 18 cts. | 2835 | 39856 |
|  |  | \$7,438 44 |
| Amount of special appropriation | \$5,000 00 |  |
| Amount paid out of appropriation for Street |  |  |
| Improvements, Aldermanic District No. 7 | 2,438 44 |  |

Boylston street, Church street to Arlington street, paving and regulating (tar joints on gravel base).
Labor, including inspection and engineering . . . \$457 84
Advertising . . . . . . . . . 4268
71 feet edgestone . . . . . . . . 3976
45,175 granite paving-blocks . . . . . . 3,321 52
Amount paid to Jas. Doherty \& Co., as per contract:
$1,7!8$ sq. yds. block paring, tar joints, at $\$ 1.49, \$ 2.57472$
709 lin. ft. edgestone reset, at 23 cts. . . 16307
947 sq. yds. brick paving relaid, at 69 cts. . 65343
61 sq. yds. flagging crosswalks relaid, at $\$ 1.25, \quad 7625$
Amount paid for work done by Sewer Division : Repairing
3 catch-basins, 2 manholes, and building 1 new catch-
basin $. ~ . ~ . ~ . ~ . ~ . ~ . ~ . ~ . ~ . ~ . ~$
Amount of special appropriation . . . . . $\$ 7,51133$
Brent street, regulating and grading.
Labor . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 50342$
Teaming . . . . . . . . . . 31800
Stone . . . . . . . . . . . 80650
32,000 gutter blocks from Washington street . . . 80000
Amount paid to John Bradley:
$645 \mathrm{~cm} . \mathrm{yds}$. earth excavation, at 60 cts. . . . . 38700
Amount paid to Jas. Doherty \& Co.:
1,098 sq. yds. block paving laid, at 60 cts.
65880
\$3,473 72
Bristol street, regulating and grading.
Labor . . . . . . . . . . . \$ 45722
Teaming . . . . . . . . . . 223250
Masomry
9000
Gravel
3000

| Bunker Hill street, between Pearl and Sackville streets, paring and regulating. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Labor and inspection |  | \$1,364 30 |
| Teaming |  | 36900 |
| Grarel |  | 26888 |
| $69-12 \mathrm{ft}$. of edgestone |  | $\pm 72$ |
| 42,975 gravite paving-blocks |  | 3,352 05 |
| Sundries |  |  |
| Amount paid to P. Brennan \& Co. |  |  |
| 744 lin . feet of edgestone reset, at 8 cts . | \$59 52 |  |
| $1,711 \mathrm{sq}$. yds . of block pavingilaid, at $2 \check{5}$ cts. | 427 | 18727 |
|  |  | 85,85, 80 |
| Amount of special appropriation | \$0,500 00 |  |
| Amount paid out of Paving Division |  |  |
| Buttonwood street, between Mt. Vernon and Locust streets, macadamizing and regulating. |  |  |
| Area: $1,348 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{yds}$. - -in. macadam. |  |  |
| Labor . . . . |  | $370+26$ |
| Teaming |  | 12600 |
| Gravel. |  | 42240 |
| Filling. |  | 6050 |
| Stone |  | 6876 |
| 901.is feet of edgestone |  | 54105 |
| 4 small curb-corners |  | 1500 |
| 500 paring-brick. |  |  |
| Steam roller |  | 12080 |
| Amount paid to H . Gore it Co. |  |  |
| 992.5 lin. feet of edgestone reset, at 8 cts. 500.5 sq. rds. block paring laid (blocks from |  |  |
| Dorclester a a enue), at 20 cts. | 12513 |  |
| 35.4 sq. yds. brick paving laid, at 36 cts. | 12 it |  |
| 12.8 sq. yds. flagging crosswalks, at 25 cts. | 320 | 2204 |
|  |  | \$2,284 95 |
| Amount of special appropriation | \$1,486 70 |  |
| Amount paid out of Paving Division | 798 | 50.2 |

Centre street, Ward 23, Holbrook street to Lowder's laue, macallamizing.
Area, 3.780 sq. yds. 4 -in. macadam.
Labor . . . . . . . . . . . 玉652 02
Teaming . . . . . . . . . . 40500
Gravel. . . . . . . . . . . 20412
Stone . . . . . . . . . . . 1,00s 00
Roller.
1250

Amonnt of special appropriation
$\$ 2,39+14$
Amount paid ont of l'aving livision
$\$ 1,1: 3: \% 0$
1,2(61 11
22.394 11
Chardon street, paving and regulating (tar joints on concrete).
Labor, including inspection and engineering ..... $\$ 66180$
'Teaming ..... 6750
Advertising ..... 3333
57,990 granite paving-blocks ..... 3,995 52
22,000 paving-brick ..... 27500
362 feet of edgestone and 12 small curb-corners ..... 31170
543 feet of flagging ..... 43440
Amount paid to Jones and Meehan, for paving, as per contract:
2,198.8 sq. yds. block paving on concrete, at $\$ 2.50$ ..... $\$ 5,49700$
1,348.5 lin. feet of edgestone reset, at 40 cts., ..... 53940
833.5 sq. yds. brick paving, at 65 cts. ..... 54178
104 sq. yds. flagging crosswalks, at $\$ 2.90$ ..... 30160Extra work as ordered109266,989 04
Amount paid for work done by Sewer Division: Repairing 3 catch-basins, 1 manhole, and building 2 new catch- basins ..... 25270
\$13,020 9934945
$\$ 12,67154$
Charles street, Beacon street to Pinckney street, paving and reg-ulating (tar joints on concrete).
Labor, including inspection and engineering ..... $\$ 2,05254$
Teaming ..... 1,663 50
Gravel ..... 19599
Sand ..... 3510
Cement ..... 55290
196 ft . of edgestone ..... 14700
25,500 granite paving-blocks ..... 1,884 45
21,200 paving-brick ..... 24640
81 ft . of flagging ..... 6480
Sundries ..... 719
Amount paid to Metropolitan Con. Co.:
2,345 sq. yds. cement concrete base, at 60 cts . ..... 1,407 00
Amount paid to James Grant:
1,585 lin. ft. of edgestone set, at 8 cts . ..... \$126 80
950 lin. ft. of edgestone set, at 15 cts . ..... 14250
982 sq. yds. of brick paving, at 23 cts. ..... 22586
37 sq. yds. of brick paving, at 50 cts. ..... 1850
343 sq . yds. of brick paving, at 18 cts . ..... 6174
Amount paid to James Doherty \& Co.:
2,290 sq. yds. block paring, tar joints, at91 cts.$\$ 2,08390$
95 sq. yds. flagging crosswalks, at 91 cts., ..... 8645
110 cubic yds. earth excavation, at $\$ 1$ ..... 11000
136 cubic yds. earth excavation, at $\$ 1.40$ ..... 19040
7 cubic yds. earth excavation, at $\$ 1.25$ ..... 875
172 sq. yds. block paving laid, at $3 \overline{\text { cts }}$. ..... 6020
Amount paid out for work done by Sewer Division: Re- pairing 5 catch-basins57540

Brought forward, \$11,410 06
Amount of special appropriation . . $\$ 11,04071$
Amount paid out of Paving Division . . 36935
$\$ 11,41006$
Cherry street, asphalting and regulating.


Chester square, Washington street to Tremont street, asphalting. and regulating.
Labor, including inspection and engineering . . . $\$ 1,28514$
Teaming . . . . . . . . . . 1,35350
Sand . . . . . . . . . . . 7380
5.8 feet of flagging . . . . . . . . 464

Amount paid to Metropolitan Con. Co. :
655 cu. yds. cement concrete base, at $\$ 5$. . . . 3,275 00
Amount paid to Barber Asphalt Paving Co.:
3,928 sq. yds. Trinidad asphalt parement, at \$2.25 . . 8,838 00
$\$ 14,83008$

Amount paid out of Paving Division
$\$ 14,83008$
Chestunt avenue, Ward 9, asphalting and regulating.
Labor and teaming . . . . . . . . $\$ 27600$
Gravel
1480
Sand
1800
3,000 paving-brick . . . . . . . . 3900
50 fect of edgestone . . . . . . . . 3250
Amount paid to Barber Asphalt Paving Co. :
145.9 sq. yds. Trinidad asphalt paving laid, at $\$ 2.25$. 32827

Amount paid to Metropolitan Construction Co.:
158.9 sq. yds. concrete base, at 83 cts. . . . . 13189

Amount paid to Jas. Grant:
542 feet of edgestone set, at 8 cts. . . $\$ 4336$
62.9 sq. yds. of block paving, at 25 cts. . 1573
84.5 sq . yds. of brick paving at 28 ets. . 2366

8275
\$923 21
Amount of special appropriation . . \$650 00
Amount paid ont of Paving Division . . 27321

Child street, macadamizing and regulating.

City Wood Yard, Commercial street, paving. Paring ..... $\$ 12125$
Commonwealth arenue, construction.
Labor, including inspection and engineering ..... \$18,614 91
Teaming ..... 3,936 00
Gravel ..... 90230
Shovels, etc. ..... 14556
Stone ..... 1,474 83
Advertising ..... 10223
Stakes ..... 19830
Powder and fuse ..... 7200
Sundries ..... 34832
Amount paid to M. Kiernan :
15,666 cu. yds. earth excaration, at 45 cts. ..... 7,049 70Amount paid to Boston Contracting Company :
$46,640 \mathrm{cu}$. yds. filling, at $49 \frac{1}{2}$ cts. ..... \$23,086 60
$21,099 \mathrm{cu}$. yds. filling, at $37 \frac{1}{2}$ cts.
7,000 00
Gravel37,893 43
Amount paid to James H. Seamans, George H. Worthley, and Emery B. Gibbs, Trustees, for gravel: ..... 3,25675Amount paid for work done by Sewer Division: $2, \dot{4} 92 \mathrm{ft}$.32 -in. $\times 42$-in. brick sewer ; 3,490 ft. 18-in. pipe sewer;206.5 ft .24 -in. pipe scwer ; 1, 103.5 ft . 15 -in. pipe sewer;6 ft . 19 -in. sewer; $160 \mathrm{ft} .6 \mathrm{ft} . \times 6 \mathrm{ft}$. stone culvert;$304.64 \mathrm{ft} .7 \mathrm{ft} . \times 7 \mathrm{ft}$. stone culvert50,360 49
$\$ 124,35482$Amount retained from Boston Contracting Co.$1,18 \pm 01$
$\$ 123,17081$

Commonwealth avenne, Arlington street to Berkeley street, west side, macadamizing and regulating; and from Berkeley street to West Chester park, repairs.
Area: 2,300 sq. yds. 6 -in. macadam, excluding repaired roadway.
Labor . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 59106$
Teaming . . . . . . . . . . 56500
Stone . . . . . . . . . . . 2,05000
Roller 35000
$\begin{array}{llll}\text { Brought forward, } & \$ 1,39610 & \$ 3,55606\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Amount of special appropriation } \\ \text { Amount paid out of Paring Division . . } & \$ 1,39610 \\ 2,159 & 96\end{array}$

Conant street, macadamizing and regulating.
Area, 3,511 sq. yds. 6-in. macadam.
Labor . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 76840$
Teaming . . . . . . . . . . 58650
Gravel . . . . . . . . . . 1,46200

Sand . . . . . . . . . . . 15220
Stone . . . . . . . . . . . 1,44000
Amount paid to Payson \& Co.:
1,267 sq. $y$ ds. of block paving, at 25 cts. . . $\$ 31675$
$220 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{yds}$. of brick paving, at 18 cts. . 3960
2,143 lin. feet of edgestone set, at 8 cts. . 17144
52779
Amount paid for work done by Sewer Division : Repairing 5 catch-basins, 1 manhole, and building 1 new catch-
basin
$21+17$
$\$ 5,15106$
Cornwall street, laying out and constructing.
Grade damages
$\$ 1,000 \quad 00$
Davis street, asphalting and regulating.
Labor, including inspection and engineering . . . $\$ 35127$
Teaming . . . . . . . . . . 29550
Sundries . . .. . . . . . . . 2475
Amount paid to Metropolitan Construction Company :
106.5 cu. yds. 6 -in. concrete base, at $\$ 5$. . . . 53250

Amount paid to Daniel Sullivan :
661 lin. feet edgestone reset, at 18 cts. . $\$ 11898$
353 sq .5 s . brick paving relaid, at 28 cts., 9884
21782
Amount paid to Barber Asphalt Paving Company :
639.5 sq. yds. Trinidad asphalt paring, at $\$ 2.2 \tilde{5}$

1,438 87
$\$ 2,86071$
Amount of special appropriation . . . . . $\$ 2,56071$
Dearborn street, Eustis street to Dudley street, paving and regulating.
Area, 917 sq. yds.
Labor . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 41548$
Teaming . . . . . . . . . . 18900
Gravel . . . . . . . . . . 21250
Sand
6660
18, 910 granite paving-blocks . . . . . . 1,321 6:3
205.7 feet of flagging
18.513

3,700 paving-brick
4810
Carried forward,
$\$ 2,43844$
Brought forward, ..... $\$ 2,438,4 t$
Amount of special appropriation ..... $\$ 2,06691$
Amount paid out of Paving Division . . 37153
$\$ 2,43844$
Decatur street, Ward 16, asphalting and regulating.
Labor, including inspection and engineering ..... $\$ 39971$
Teiming ..... 20550
Sand ..... 540
47 feet of flagging ..... 3760
Amount paid to Metropolitan Construction Company:118.5 cu. yds. 6 -in. concrete base, at $\$ 5$59250
Amount paid to P. W. Hernan :
477.5 sq. yds. brick paring, at 28 cts. $\$ 13370$
887 lin. feet edgestone reset, at 18 cts. ..... 15966
29336
Amount paid to H. Gore \& Co., for paving :711 sq. yds. Sicilian rock asphalt pavement, at $\$ 2.25$1,599 75
Amount of special appropriation ..... \$3,133 82Dorchester avenne, Wards 15 and 24 ; paving, macadamizing,and regulating.
Area: Ward 15, 3,917 sq. yds. of block stone paring. Areas: Ward 24,$17,578 \mathrm{sq}$. yds. block-stone paving, 6,812 sq. yds. gutter paving,and $17, \overline{5} 8 \bar{s} \mathrm{sq}$. yds. $12-\mathrm{in}$. Telford macadam.
Labor, including inspection and engineering ..... \$23,869 20
Teaming ..... $10,22+00$
Gravel ..... 12,544 05
4,636 lin. feet of flagging ..... 3,613 20
555,479 granite paving-blocks ..... 34,75474
Wharfage ..... 50580
Stone ..... 14,068 00
Roller ..... 1,180 00
Powder and fuse ..... 70500
Grade damages ..... 1,17500
Amount paid to J. J. Sullivan :
$1,7 \pm 4 \mathrm{cn} . \mathrm{yds}$. earth excaration, at 80 cts. . $\$ 1,39520$
328.9 sq. yds. parement remored, at 35 cts., ..... 1,151 15
415 cu. yds. earth excaration, at 25 cts . ..... 10375
15 cu. yds. rock excavation, at $\$ 1.75$ ..... 2625
2,676 ..... 35
Amount paid to M. Donnellan :870 cu. yds. earth excavation, at 62 cts.$\$ 53940$
$1,266 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{yds}$. .pavement removed, at $18 \frac{1}{2}$ cts., $23+21$77361
Amount paid to Jas. McGovern :
$607 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{cu}$. vds. earth excaration, at 70 cts. ..... $\$ 42525$
2,6 อั่ 5 cu. yds. earth excaration, at $62 \frac{1}{2}$ cts., ..... 1,659 69
$2,0849 \pm$
Amount paid to H . Gore \& Co. :
$16,152.3$ sq. yds. block paring, at 25 cts. ..... \$4,038 08
525 sq. yds. crosswalks, at 25 cts. ..... 13125
420 sq. yds. block paving, at 35 cts. ..... 14700


Dorchester street, Ninth street to Broadway, paving, macadamizing, and regulating.
Ninth street to Eighth street - Area: 525 sq. yds. block paving; Eighth street to Broadway - Area : 5,475 sq. yds. 4-in. macadam.
Labor
$\$ 2,971 \quad 19$
Teaming
96350
Grarel . . . . . . . . . . 56700
Stone
1,664 45
Roller
50000
8,912 granite paring-blocks . . . . . . 65860
27,000 paring-brick
$32+00$
437 feet of flagging . . . . . . . . 34960
Amount paid to H. Gore \& Co.:
$1,75+$ lin. feet edgestone reset, at 8 cts. . $\$ 14032$
1,386 sq. yds. block paring, at 25 cts. . 34650
2,:is1 sq. yds. brick paving, at 18 cts. . 42318
158 sq. yds. brick paving, herring bone, at 36 cts. . . . . . . . 5688

Amount paid for work done by Sewer Division: Building 2 new manholes

9943
$\$ 9,06465$

Dudley street, Blue Hill avenue to Shirley street, and Brook avenue to Dennis street, paving and regulating.
Area: 3,199 sq. yds. paring.
Labor . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 2,02580$
Teaming . . . . . . . . . . 99600
Gravel . . . . . . . . . . 1,15940
Sand
10440
91,487 granite paving-blocks . . . . . . 5,879 95
71 feet of flagging . . . . . . . . 5680
Adrertising -
Amount paid to Wm. McElencr:
799 fert of edgestones resct, at 8 cts. . . . \$6:3 92
1,199 sq. yds. block paring, at 25 cts. . . 29975
$56: 3$ sq. yds. brick paving, at 18 ets. . . . 10134
46501
Amount paid for work done by Sewer Division: Building
1 new catch-basin and repairing 40 feet of sewer .
116 3:3
$\$ 11,11209$
Amome of special appropriations . . $\$ 10,15798$
Amonnt paid ont of Paving Division
9.111
Dudley street, Washington street to Vine street.Amount paid to James Grant \& Co. (being the amount re-tained for paving laid in 1891)$\$ 72161$
East Fifth street, L street to N street, macadamizing and reg-ulating.
Area: 3,063 sq. yds. 6 -in. macadam.
Labor ..... $\$ 88090$
Teaming ..... 47310
Gravel ..... 2.500
Stone ..... 1,253 30
Roller ..... 30000
Amount paid for work done by Sewer Division: Building 1 new catch-basin ..... 11261
$\$ 3,24491$
Amount of special appropriation ..... $\$ 3,24491$
Edgestones, Ward 21.
Sand ..... $\$ 2340$
Gravel ..... 17850
898.5 feet of edgestone ..... $29+9$
Paving ..... $\$ 1,00000$
Amount of special appropriation ..... $\$ 1,00000$
Eighth street, L street to O street, grading and regulating. Labor ..... \$1,564 06
Teaming ..... 47250
Hill gravel ..... 34700
Beach gravel ..... 30300
Stone ..... 17175
Amount paid to H. Gore \& Co. :
$1,335 \mathrm{lin}$. feet of edgestone set, at 18 cts. ..... $\$ 24030$
$1,198 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{yds}$. round paving,* at 35 cts. ..... 41930
830 sq. yds. brick paving, at 28 cts. ..... 23240
89200$\$ 3,75031$

* Round stone for gutters taken from Dorchester street.
Eliot street, Wasbington street to Park square, paving and reg-ulating (tar joints on concrete).
Labor, including inspection and engineering ..... $\$ 70546$
Teaming ..... $8 \pm 00$
Advertising ..... 900
711 ft . of edgestone ..... 49612
942.65 ft . of flagging ..... 78497
64,780 granite paring-blocks
64,780 granite paring-blocks ..... 4,787 24 ..... 4,787 24
41,600 paving-brick
41,600 paving-brick ..... 49920 ..... 49920
Wharfage ..... 22022Amount paid to C. B. Payson \& Co.:$2,655 \mathrm{sq}$. yds. block paving on Americancement concrete base, at $\$ 2.97$$\$ 7,88535$554 sq. yds. block paving on gravel, tarjoints, at $\$ 2.37$

$$
1,31298
$$


$\$ 9,71183$
First street, Ward 14, paving and regulating at I strect.
400 sq . Jds. block paving.
Labor . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 36570$
Teaming . . . . . . . . . . 10500
339.8 feet of edgestone and 6 large emrlo-corners . . 22388
Brought forward, ..... $\$ 69458$
180.95 feet of flagging ..... 19000
9,695 granite paring-blocks ..... 71130
Beach gravel ..... 51. 75
Amount paid to Collins \& Ham (being the amount retained from work done in 1891) ..... 64621
Amount paid for work done by Sewer Division : Repairing 1 catch-basin, 1 manhole, and building 2 new catch- basins ..... 27097$\$ 2,56481$
Florence street, laying asphalt blocks on concrete ..... base, andregulating.
Labor, including inspection and engineering ..... $\$ 50604$
Teaming ..... 27900
Sundries ..... 3182
Amount paid to Metropolitan Construction Company :
76.5 cu. yds. $4-\mathrm{in}$. concrete base, at $\$ 5$ ..... 38250
Amount paid to Daniel Sullivan :
334 sq. yds. brick paving, at 28 cts . ..... 9352
Amount paid to Metropolitan Construction Company :
688 sq. yds. asphalt block pavement laid, at
$\$ 3.10$ ..... \$2,132 80Less allowance for reduction of gravel base $\quad 14448$
1,988 32
$\$ 3,28120$
Amount of special appropriation ..... $\$ 3,28120$
Fulda street, macadamizing and regulating.
Area: 1,622 sq. yds. 6 -in. macadam.
Labor ..... $\$ 34524$
Teaming ..... 56700
Gravel ..... 90010
Sand ..... 2520
Stone ..... 61775
Rolling ..... 8500
208 feet of edgestone ..... 11648
326 feet of flagging ..... 29340
2,240 granite paving-blocks ..... 16576
Paving ..... 20979
Amount of special appropriation ..... $\$ 50553$
Amount paid out of Street Improvements,
District No. 9 ..... 32700Amount paid out of Street Improvements,District No. 1080268
Amount paid out of Paving Division ..... 1,690 51

mount paid out of Paving Division
$\$ 3,32572$
Amount paid out of Street Improvements,

Geneva avenne, Bowdoin street to Josephine, grading and macadamizing.
Area: $4,300 \mathrm{sq}$. yds. $15-\mathrm{in}$. Telford macadam and 2,000 sq. yds. 6 -in. macadam.
Labor' . . . . . . . . . . . \$1,777 88


Henshaw street (now Hastings street), macadamizing and regulating.
Area: 3:329 sq. yds. 6-in. macadam.
Labor . . . . . . . . . . . 873700
Teaming . . . . . . . . . . 1,129 50
Gravel . . . . . . . . . . 98064
Stone . . . . . . . . . . . 1,43800
(\$4,285 14
Amount of special appropriation - . $\$ 1,00000$
Amount paid out of Street Improrements,
District No. 11 .
Amount paid out of Paring Division . . 2,733 74
$\$ 4,28514$
Horace and Homer streets, grading.
Labor . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 63626$
Teaming . . . . . . . . . . 9900
Gravel . . . . . . . . . . 50900
Stone . . . . . . . . . . . 9100

Humboldt avenne, extension.

Grade damages

$\$ 1,65000$
Humeman street, grading and construction.
Labor ..... $\$ 33000$
Teaming ..... 22950
Stone ..... 740 85
Gravel ..... 23970
Filling ..... 3,713 70
Grade damages ..... 7,800 00

India street, State street to Central street (tar joints on concrete), paring and regulating.
Labor, including inspection and engineering . . . $\$ 60334$
Teaming
24,750 granite paring-blocks
Brought forward, ..... $\$ 3,21687$
500 feet of tlagging ..... 40000
3,000 paring-brick ..... 3750
Amount paid to J. J. Sullivan :
805 sq. 5 ds. block paring remored, at 60 cts. ..... 48300Amount paid to H. P. Nawn:
153.4 cul. rds. American cement concrete base, at $\$ 5.25$ ..... 80535Amount paid to James Doherty \& Co. :
841.9 sq. Jds. block pawing, tar joints, at 91 cts. ..... $\$ 76613$
141 feet of edgestone set, at 18 cts. ..... 2538
137.3 sq. rds. brick paring laid, at 28 cts. . ..... 3844
78.5 sq . Tds. crosswalks laid, at 91 cts. ..... 7144
90139
$\$ 5,84 t 11$
Amount of special appropriation ..... $\$ 97901$
Amount paid out of Street Improvements, District No. 3 ..... 4,865 10
$\$ 5.84411$
K street, Broadway to First street, macadamizing and ..... reg-ulating.
Area: $3.320 \mathrm{sq} . y \mathrm{ds} .4$-in. macadam.
Labor ..... $\$ 56366$
Teaming ..... 28000
Gratel ..... 19005
Stone ..... 86629
Roller ..... 10000
Amount of special appropriation$\$ 2,00000$
L street, grading, etc., First street to the bridge.
Labor, including inspection and engineering
$\$ 86365$
3,150 06
Advertising: ..... $5 \pm 23$
Lumber ..... 6767
Amount paid to Perkins \& White:
Building abutment to bridge ..... $\$ 3,11830$
733 cn . yds. material dredged at bulkhead ..... $1+660$
Amount paid to Thomas A. Rowe :
Building retaining-wall, as per contract ..... $\$ 9,48100$$3,26 \pm 90$
Part payment for coping for retaining-wall, 163029,594 02$\$ 16,99453$
La Grange street, Ward 23, grading.

Landing, Federal-street bridge.M. F. Sullivan, buikling landing as per argreement50000


Medford street, Lexington street to Chelsea street, and Main street to Quincy street, regulating.
Area: 4,500 sq. yds. repaving.
Labor . . . . . . . . . . . \$989 29
Teaning . . . . . . . . . . 22750
Gravel . . . . . . . . . . 91074
1,976 granite paving-blocks . . . . . . 14424
8.66 feet of edgestone . . . . . . . 607

Amount paid to P. Brennan \& Co.:
$1,350.6$ feet of edgestone reset, at 8 cts. . $\$ 10805$
3,235 sq. yds. block paving relaid, at 25
cts. . . . .
80875
91680
$\$ 3,19464$
Amount of special appropriations . . . . . $\$ 3,19+64$
Mercer street, resurfacing.
Labor and material . . . . . . . . $\$ 94502$Minot street, Neponset avenue to Adams street.Area, 7,411 sq. yds. 6 -in. macadam.
Labor ..... 884630
Teaming ..... 1,230 (0)
Stone ..... 3, 42300
Gravel ..... 34830
Roller ..... 32000
Paring ..... 6904
52 smail and 6 large corners ..... 22310
2,304 gutter blocks ..... 5299
Amount of special appropriation ..... $\$ 1,55963$
Amonnt paid out of Paving Division . . 4,953 15 ..... $\$ 6,51278$
86,51278
Motte street, asphalting and regulating.Labor, including inspection and engineering$\$ 11230$
Teaming ..... 2100
Gravel ..... 3450
Sundries ..... 8546Amount paid to H. P. Nawn :101 cu . Yds. American cement concretebase, at $\$ 5$. . . . . . $\$ 50500$
7 loads crushed stone, at $\$ 2.10$ ..... 1470
Amount paid to National Construction Company :
616 sq. yds. Sicilian rock asphalt laid, at $\$ 2.25$.Amount retained from National Construction Company
Amount of special appropriation ..... $\$ 1,50000$
Amount paid out of Street Improvements, District No. 5 ..... 42417
Amount paid out of Paving Division ..... 16549
Murdock street, Ward 25, grading and gravelling.Labor
Teaming ..... 23250
Gravel ..... 1,338 03
Amonnt of special appropriation ..... $\$ 99394$
Amount paid out of Paving Division ..... 86545
Ninth street, Old Harbor street to N street, macar-amizing and regulating.
Area : 3,000 square yards 6 -in. macadam Labor ..... 8.9035
Teaming ..... 39000
Gravel ..... 30000
Stone ..... 1,21000
Roller ..... 20000
228 feet of edgestone ..... $1 \doteq 768$

1976
$\$ 2,15896$ ..... (69 30
\$2,089 66

\$2,089 66
$\$ 2,08966$$\$ 28886$
$\$ 1,85989$

$\$ 1,539$
$81,8,5939$

$\$ 1,8.5939$

1,38600


Brought forward, ..... \$1,888 80
Gravel ..... 5,026 35
Filling ..... 6,106 80
Stone ..... 1,340 50$\$ 14,36245$
Amount of special appropriation $\$ 9,000 \quad 00$
Amount paid out of Paving Division ..... 1,34950
Amount paid out of Street Improvements, District No. 11

                            \(\$ 14,36245\)Second street, \(B\) street to E street, paving and regulating.Labor, including inspection and engineering\(\$ 82990\)
    Teaming ..... 10350
162,336 granite paving-blocks ..... 11,929 60
1,600 feet of flagging ..... 1,280 00
52,500 paving-brick ..... 63000
120 feet of edgestone, 4 small and 2 large corners ..... $11 \pm 60$
Advertising: ..... 1208
Amount paid to H . Gore \& Co. :
$6,64 \overline{\mathrm{sq}} . \mathrm{yds}$. block paving, at 90 cts . ..... $\$ 5,98230$3,073 feet of edgestone set, at 30 cts .92190
2,547 sq. yds. brick paving, at 60 cts. ..... 1,528 20
288 sq. yds. erosswalks, at $\$ 1.10$ ..... 31680
Extra work as ordered ..... 14551Amount of special appropriation$\$ 5,00000$Amount paid out of Street Improvements,District No. 67,142 91
Amount paid out of Street Improvements, Ward 13 ..... 11,651 48
$\$ 23,79+39$
Second street, Dorchester street to I street, paving and regu- lating.
Area: 3,501 sq. yds. paving.
Labor ..... \$3,477 54
Teaming ..... 83250
Gravel ..... 68775
11,800 paving-brick ..... 14070
1,1:7.1 feet of flagging ..... 90168
89,215 granite paving-blocks ..... 6,418 84
Whartage ..... 7681
Amount paid for work done by Sewer Division ..... 9488$\$ 12,63070$
Seventh street, D street to E street, paving and regulating.
Labor, including inspection and engineering ..... $\$ 1,25573$
Teaming ..... $47+(0)$
Gravel ..... 51075
159 feet of flagging ..... 12720
21,000 paving-brick ..... 26250
59,526 paving-blocks ..... 2,748 05

| Brought forward, |  | \$5,378 23 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wharfage - aid to J. J. Sullivan : |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| $4 ⿹ 5$ cu. yds. earth removed, at 60 cts . | \$273 00 |  |
| 331 sq . yds. paring remored, at 20 cts . | 6620 |  |
| Amount paid to H. Gore \& Co. : |  |  |
| 758.8 feet of edgestone reset, at 8 cts. | \$60 70 |  |
| 1,706 sq. yds. block paving, at 25 cts. | 42630 |  |
| 48 sq. yds. brick paring, herring bone, at36 cts. |  |  |
| 529.5 sq. yds. brick paving, at 18 cts. | 9531 |  |
| Amount paid for work done by Sewer Division : Repairing, |  |  |
|  |  | \$6,435 06 |
| Amount of speeial appropriation | \$6,000 00 |  |
| Amount paid out of Street Improvements, District No. 7 | 43506 |  |
| Shirley street. |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Filling | . . . | \$150 00 |
| Short street, West Roxbury, grading. |  |  |
| Labor | . | \$2,093 90 |
| Teaming | . $\cdot$ | 1,380 00 |
|  |  | 83,47390 |
| Amount of special appropriation | \$3,403 40 |  |
| Amount paid out of Paring Division . | 70.50 |  |
| Silver street, C street to D) street, regulating. |  |  |
| Labor ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  | 840934 |
| Teaming | . . . | $25^{2} 00$ |
|  |  | 866734 |
| Amount of special appropriation | 840934 |  |
| Amount paid out of Paring Division . | 7350 |  |
| Amount paid out of Street Improvement, Ward 1:) . | 18450 |  |
| Smith street, construction, grading and regulating. |  |  |
| Labor | . . . | 85718 |
| Teaming | . . | 58: 30 |
| Gravel | . . | $8: 3470$ |
| Store | . . | 14400 |
| 13,099 ¢0tter blocks | - . | $3: 836$ |
| l'aving - |  | $17+7.5$ |
| Amotnt paid for work done by Sewer Division : catch-basins and reparing : manoles | : Building | 432 4-3 |
|  |  | 83.094509 |
| Stamhope street, paving and regulating. |  |  |
| Latoor | . . . | 859785 |
| 'Teaming | . . . | 80500 |
| Carrieal foruart, |  | \$1,60\% 15 |

Brought forward, ..... $\$ 1,60315$
Gravel ..... 32054
Sand ..... 8925
4,100 paving-brick ..... 4920
64 ft . of flagging ..... 3680
130 ft . edgestone and 8 small corners ..... 11450
9,435 granite paving-blocks ..... 69824
Amount paid to C. B. Payson \& Co. :
378 ft . of edgestone reset, at 8 cts . ..... $\$ 3024$
202.5 sq. yds. brick paving, at 18 cts. ..... 3645
$1,635 \mathrm{sq}$. yards block paving (blocks from
Eliot street), at 25 cts. ..... 4087547544
Amount paid to F. H. Cowin \& Co. :
129 feet of edgestone reset, at 8 cts. ..... $\$ 1032$
458 sq. yds. block paving, at 25 cts. ..... 11450
Amount paid for work done by Sewer Division: Building
2 new catch-basins and 2 manholes ..... 27001
$\$ 3,78195$
Amount of special appropriation ..... $\$ 1,68350$
Amonnt paid out of Paving Division ..... 2,098 45
Stanton street, grading and regulating.
Labor. ..... $\$ 1,64881$
Teaming ..... 66300
Stone ..... 35293
32,000 gutter-blocks ..... 80000
Amount paid to J. Doherty \& Co. :
201 feet of edgestone set, at 18 cts. ..... $\$ 3618$
831.3 sq. yds. block paving, at 60 cts. ..... 49908
53526$\$ 4,00000$
Stillman street, asphalting.
Asphalt pavement ..... $\$ 88110$
Amount of special appropriation ..... $\$ 83705$
Amount paid out of Paving Division ..... 4405
$\$ 88110$
Story street, excavation. Labor$\$ 3893$
Teaming ..... 65937
Amount of special appropriation ..... $\$ 69830$$\$ 69830$
STREET IMPROVEMENTS, ALDERMANIC DISTRICT NO. 1.
Bennington street, Porter street to Marion street, paving andregulating; Saratoga street to Wadsworth street, regulating.
Area: 2,139 sq. yards.
Labor ..... \$1,416 80
Teaming ..... 49650
Gravel ..... 87785
49,849 granite paving-blocks ..... 3,738 68
Brought forward, ..... $\$ 6,52983$Amount paid to P. J. Attridge :
305 cu . yards earth removed, at 44 cts. ..... $\$ 13420$
$1,082 \mathrm{sq}$. yards paving removed, at 19 cts. ..... 20558
33978
Amount paid to J. Doherty \& Co., for paving ..... 48139$\$ 7,35100$
Border street, White street to Condor street, paving and reg- ulating.
Labor: ..... $\$ 36500$
74,69ł granite paving-blocks ..... 5,602 05
Adrertising ..... 1778
195 feet of tlagging ..... 17550
Sundries ..... 2199
Building iron fence ..... 35000Amonnt paid to H. Gore \& Co. :
2,767 sq. Tds. block-paving, at 96 cts. ..... $\$ 2,65632$
1,475 feet of edgestones set, at 35 cts. ..... 51625
831 sq. Tds. brick paving, at 65 cts. ..... 54010
40 sq. yds. tlagging, at 96 ets. ..... 3840
124 cu . זds. mason work, at $\$ 3.70$ ..... 45880
174 cn . yds. mason work, laid dry, at $\$ 3.30$, ..... 57420 ..... 72393$314 \frac{3}{4}$ tons new wall stone, at $\$ 2.30$
117.7 tons stone ballast, at $\$ 1.50$ ..... 17655
£25.5 ft. cap stone, furnished and set, at \$2.55, ..... 57502
Extra work as ordered ..... 12763
6,387 20$\$ 12,9+957$
31936
Amount retained from H. Gore \& Co.
$\$ 12,63021$
Amount paid ont of Street Improvements, District No. 1 ..... \$12,280 21
Amount paid out of Paving Division ..... 35000
812,630 ..... 21
Central sfuare.
Labor ..... \$11882
Teaming ..... 51100
Gravel ..... 2000
Paring ..... 2435$\$ 21+17$
Chelsea street, regulating, paving gutters.
Labor, including inspection and engineering ..... \$3,103 : 22
Teaming ..... 55810
Gravel ..... 54758
Stone ..... 1,890 00
64, 446 granite paring-l)locks ..... $1,740 \quad 12$
Rolling ..... $260(10$
800 crossing-blocks ..... (10) 00
21 feet of edrestones ..... 16 s)Amount paid to.J. Doherty \& Co. :139.5 leet of edrestone reset, at 8 ets.$\$ 11 \quad 16$
1, ,991.2 str. yds. block paving, at 25 cts. ..... 12281
Brought forward, ..... $\$ 8,94979$
Amount paid out of Street Improvements, District No. 1 ..... \$7,552 29
Amount paid out of Paving Division ..... 1,397 50
$\$ 8,94979$
North ferry, regulating.
Labor, including inspection and engineering ..... $\$ 8333$
2,875 granite paring-blocks ..... 21562
400 feet of flagging ..... 36000
Amount paid to A. A. Libby \& Co. :
$1,833 \mathrm{sq}$. yds. block repaving, at 60 cts. ..... \$1,099 80
539 feet of edgestone reset, at 25 cts. ..... 13475
195 sq. yds. brick paving, at 50 cts. ..... 9750
236.3 sq. yds. flagging, at $\$ 1.20$. ..... 28356
1 day's labor, mason ..... 450
1,620 11
$\$ 2,27906$
Porter street, regulating and resurfacing.
Labor ..... $\$ 75900$
Teaming ..... 48900
Gravel ..... 20073
Stone ..... 65920
$\$ 2,10793$
West Eagle street.
Labor ..... $\$ 2530$
Teaming ..... 600
Gravel ..... 3900
Work done by Surveyor's Department ..... $\$ 18549$
Work done by Bridge Division ..... $\$ 3970$
Work done by Sewer Division : Laying 337 feet of 18 -inchpipe sewer, 210 feet of 12 -inch pipe sewer, building 10new catch-basins, repairing 5 catch-basins and repairing7 manholes\$2,088 98
STREET IMPROVEMENTS, ALDERMANIC DISTRICT NO. 2.
Work done by Bridge Division, on Malden Bridge ..... $\$ 1,71096$
STREET IMPROVEMENTS, ALDERMANIC DISTRICT NO. 3.
Allen street, regulating.
Labor ..... $\$ 68713$
Teaming ..... 61050
Gravel ..... 11160
Sand ..... 79225
8,654 paving-brick ..... 11250
Carried forward, ..... $\$ 2,66853$
Brought forward, ..... \$2,668 53
Wharfage ..... 20000
50 crossing-blocks ..... 2500
Amount paid to P. W. Hernan:
174 feet of edgestone, at 8 cts. ..... $\$ 1392$
440 sq. yds. round paving, at 25 cts ..... 11000
585 sq. yds. brick paving, at 25 cts. ..... 10530
$S 39$ feet of edgestone reset, at 15 cts. ..... 12585
394 sq. yds. block paving, at 35 cts ..... 13790
706 sq. yds. brick paving, at 23 cts. ..... 16238
27 sq. yds. brick paring, herring bone, at 41 cts. ..... 1107
66642
$\$ 3,55995$
Amount paid out of Street Improvements, District No. 3 ..... $\$ 2,00000$
Amount paid out of Paving Division ..... $\$ 3,55995$
Blossom street, regulating.
Labor ..... $\$ 55630$
Teaming ..... $15+50$
Grarel ..... 13875
7,000 paving-brick ..... 8750
Amount paid to P. W. Hernan :
730 feet of edgestone reset, at 8 cts . ..... $\$ 5840$$\begin{array}{ll}343.5 \text { sq. yds. block paving relaid, at } 25 \text { cts., } & 8587 \\ 549 \mathrm{sq} . \text { yds. brick paving relaid, at } 18 \text { cts., } & 9882\end{array}$9882
\$1,187 $3 \pm$
Brighton street, asphalting and regulating.
Labor, including inspection and engineering
Teaming

2000

2000 ..... 11875
Advertising
Advertising
9,500 paving brick
9,500 paving brick
,222 57
$1,876.7$ sq. Yds. Trinidad asphalt laid, at $\$ 2.25$,
81137
Amount paid for extra work as ordered
5,033 94
Amount paid to P. W. Hernan:
$1,195 \mathrm{sq}$. yds. block paving relaid, at 25 cts., ..... $\$ 29875$
772 ft . edgestone reset, at 8 cts. ..... 6176
380 sq. yds. brick paving, at 18 cts. ..... 6840
42891
$\$ 6,63+72$
Amount paid out of Street Improvements, District No. : ..... $\$ 6,216 \quad 61$
Amomnt paid out of Paving Division ..... 11811 ..... 11811
$86,63+72$
Clark street, asphalting and regulating.
Areas: 3:3 sq. yds. asphalt; 7if sq. yds. paving.
Amount paid for asphaltiug, etc.
579554
Hanover avenue, asphalting and regulating.
Area: 304.5 sq. yds. asphalt.
Asphalting: ..... $\$ 76295$
Advertising ..... 1080
Hawkins street, paving and regulating.
Labor ..... $\$ 1,12200$
Teaming ..... 66300
Gravel ..... 16500
8,000 paving-brick ..... 9600
19,060 granite paving-blocks ..... 1,44856
250 ft . of edgestone ..... 26250
Amount paid to Jas. Grant \& Co. :
794 feet of cdgestone reset, at 8 cts . ..... $\$ 6352$
834 sq. yds. block paving, at 25 cts. ..... 20850
157 sq. yds. block paring, tar joints, at 97 cts. ..... 15229
3.6 sq. yds. brick paving, herring bone, at 36 cts. ..... 130
346 sq. yds. brick paving, at 18 cts. ..... 6228
Stoddard street, asphalting and regulating.
Teaming ..... \$123 00
Labor ..... 12190
Gravel ..... 4470
2,000 paving-brick ..... 2500
16.8 ft . edgestone ..... 2167
Paving ..... 29925
Asphalting ..... 6547
Sand ..... 1080
25 crossing-blocks ..... 1250
Amount paid out of Street Improvements, District No. 3 ..... $\$ 55579$
Amount paid ont of Paving Division ..... 16850$\$ 77375$
$\$ 4,24495$$\$ 72429$
$\$ 72429$$\$ 12551$
Engineering Department ..... $\$ 19000$
Work done by Sewer Division: Building 6 new catch- basins, 2 new manholes, and repairing 3 manholes

$\$ 1.02967$
STREET IMPROVEMENTS, ALDERMANIC DISTRICI NO. 4.
Beacon street, Tremont street to Somerset street.Labor and material$\$ 60534$

STREET IMPROVEMENTS, ALDERMANIC DISTRICT NO. 6.
Broadway, Dorchester avenue to A street, asphalting and regulating.
Labor . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 5854$
Teaming . . . . . . . . . . 7200
Gravel . . . . . . . . . . 5250

Sand . . . . . . . . . . . 1350
17,200 paving-bricks . . . . . . . . 20683
Amount paid to National Construction Company :
116.8 sq. yds. block paving, on concrete, at $\$ 3.55$
$\$ 41464$
$1,276.5 \mathrm{sq}$. yds. Sicilian rock asphalt paving, at 835

4,531 58
$68 \pm$ feet of edgestone reset, at 18 cts. . . 12312
$1,145 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{yds}$. brick paring relaid, at 28 cts., 32060
15.3 sq . yds. cross-walks relaid, at 65 ets. . 995

Extra work as ordered . . . . 3430
5,434 19
$\$ 5,83756$

\$5,837 56
Third street, A street to B street, regulating.


Amount paid out of Street Improvements,
District No. 6.
Amount paid out of Street Improvements,
Ward 13 . . . . . . . 15300

Amount paid for work done by Sewer Division : Building
8 new catch-basins and repairing 1. $\quad . \quad . \quad . \quad 890585$

STREET IMPROVEMENTS, ALDERMANIC DISTRICT NO. 7.
Dorchester street, First street to Third street, paving and regulating.
Area: 2,100 sq. yds. paring.
Labor . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 2,02750$
Teaming . . . . . . . . . . 55500
Gravel . . . . . . . . . . 43425
51,268 gramite paving-blocks . . . . . . 3,76338
386 fect of llagging . . . . . . . . $44: 36$

I Street, First street to Second street, paving and regulating.
Area: 1,200 sq. yds. paring.
Labor . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 1,28800$
Teaming . . . . . . . . . . 34350
Gravel . . . . . . . . . . 21975
4,100 paring-brick . . . . . . . . 4920
30,000 granite paving-blocks . . . . . . 2,217 00
177.9 feet edgestone . . . . . . . . 14232
$\$ 4,25977$
Sixth street, N street to O street (south side), paving and regulating.
Labor . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 30580$
Teaming
7350
Gravel . . . . . . . . . . 32620
16,000 second quality blocks . . . . . . 40000
Amount paid to M. Donnellan :
195 cu. yds. earth excavation, at $64 \frac{1}{2}$ cts. . . $\$ 12578$
157 sq. yds. paving removed, at 191 cts. . . 3062
Amount paid to H. Gore \& Co. :
124.5 feet of edgestone reset, at 8 cts. . . $\$ 996$
660.6 sq. yds. block paring, at 25 cts. . . 16515

114 sq. yds. brick paving, at 18 cts. . . . 2052
19563
\$1,457 53
Tudor street, regulating.
Labor. . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 24984$
Teaming . . . . . . . . . . 61500
Gravel . . . . . . . . . . 16825
Paving . . . . . . . . . . 7661
$\$ 65970$
Amount paid for work done by Sewer Division : Building 19 new catch-basins, repairing 7 catch-basins, and building 5 new manholes
$\$ 2,24426$
STREET IMPROVEMENTS, ALDERMANIC DISTRICT NO. 8.
West Dedham street, regulating.
Labor . . . . . . . . . . . \$468 53
Teaming . . . . . . . . . . 15600
Rolling . . . . . . . . . . 7500
Stone . . . . . . . . . . . 60000

Gravel
$\$ 1,31090$
Amount paid out of Street Improvements, District No. 8
$\$ 1,20653$
Amount paid out of Paving Division . . 10437
$\$ 1,31090$
West Newton street, Columbus avenue to St. Botolph street, macadamizing and regulating.
Area: 2,400 square yards 6 -in. macadam.


STREET IMPROVEMENTS, ALDERMANIC DISTRICT NO. 9.
Burke street, regulating.


Cabot street, Ruggles street to Vernon street, aspbalting and regulating.
Labor, including inspection and engineering . . . \$2,012 15
Teaming . . . . . . . . . . 1,303 50
Gravel . . . . . . . . . . 52020
Sand . . . . . . . . . . . 15480
Stone . . . . . . . . . . 35000
12,200 paving-brick . . . . . . . . 15360
198.5 ft . of flagging . . . . . . . . 20644

Sundries . . . . . . . . . . $154 \overline{5}$
Amount paid to T. H. Payson:
$1,292.4 \mathrm{ft}$. of edgestone reset, at 8 ets. . \$10339
370.4 sq. yds. block paving relaid, at 25 ets. 9261

968 sq. yds. brick paring relaid, at 18 ets. . 17424
37024
Amount paid to Metropolitan Construction Co. :
479 cu . yds. cement concrete base, at $\$ 5$
2,395 00
Amount paid to Barber Asphalt Paving Co.:
$2,907 \mathrm{sq} .5 \mathrm{ds}$. Trinidad asphalt laid, at \$2.25
6,540 75
$\$ 14,022 \quad 13$
Amount paid out of Strect Improvements,
District No. 9
$\$ 12,5736$
Amount paid out of Paving Division
Prentiss street, paving and regulating.
Labor ..... $\$ 2120$
Advertising ..... 15480
60,078 granite paving-blocks ..... 3,364 36
126 ft . edgestone, 1 large and 2 small corners ..... 10680
24,2.50 paving-brick ..... 29100
Amount paid to H. Gore \& Co.:
$1,737 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{yds}$. granite blocks on gravel, at $\$ 1.08$, ..... \$1,875 96
$1,020 \mathrm{ft}$. edgestone set, at 38 cts. ..... 38760
749 sq. yds. brick paving, at 65 cts. ..... 48685
79 sq. yds. crosswalks, at $\$ 1.20$ ..... 9480
Extra work as ordered ..... 7848

Amount paid out of Street Improvements, District No. 9 ..... \$5,389 95
Amount paid out of Paving Division ..... 1,210 76
$\$ 6,600$ ..... 71
Ruggles street, regulating.
Gravel ..... 12070
Teaming
Teaming ..... $\$ 16800$ ..... $\$ 16800$
Stone ..... 10000
$\$ 38870$
Texas street, paving and regulating.
Labor ..... \$16405
Teaming ..... 2250
Gravel ..... 20910
12,415 granite paving-blocks ..... 69524
$\$ 1,09089$$\$ 97101$Amount paid for work done by Sewer Division: Build-ing 5 catch-basins, repairing 6 catch-basins, and repair-ing 8 manholes
STREET IMPROVEMENTS, ALDERMANIC DISTRICT NO. 10.
Bruuswick street, grading.
Labor ..... $\$ 36673$
Teaming ..... 39900
Filling ..... 1,320 00
Stone ..... 70650
$\$ 2,79$ ..... 23
Amount paid out of Street Improvement, I)istrict No. 10 ..... \$1,673 73
Amount paid out of Paving Division ..... 1,11850

Eustis street, Washington street to Dearborn street, paring and regulating.
Labor, including inspection and engineering . . . $\$ 2,04301$
Advertising . . . . . . . . . 360
$74,46 \pm$ granite paring-blocks . . . . . . 5,46115
656 feet flagging . . . . . . . . 60577
135 feet of edgestone . . . . . . . . 10125
25,200 paring-brick . . . . . . . . 30240
Amount paid to A. A. Libby \& Co. :
3,456 sq. yds. block paring, at \$1.05 . . \$3,628 \$0
2,150 feet of edgestone set, at 20 cts. . . 43000
1,425 sq. yds. brick paving, at 65 cts. . 92625
326 sq. yds. crosswalks, at $\$ 1.50$. . 48900
Extra work as ordered . . . . 5417
5,528 22

Amount retained from A. A. Libly \& Co.
$\$ 14,04740$
27641
$\$ 18,77099$

Georgia street, regulating.
Labor . . . . . . . . . . . \$347 20
Highland Park arenue and Fort avenne, regulating.
Labor
$\$ 49700$
Teaming
12900
Sand
7200
Grarel . . . . . . . . . . 43350
Amount paid to W'm. McEleney :
1,152 feet of edgestone reset, at 8 cts. . . $\$ 9216$
3,776 sq. $y$ ds. block paving, at 25 cts. . . 9439
681.5 sq. yds. brick paving, at 18 cts. . . 12267

30922

Intervale street, grading.
Area: 1,742 sq. yds. 6 -in. macadam.
Labor . . . . . . . . . . . \$443 57

Teaming . . . . . . . . . . . 44100
Filling . . . . . . . . . . 64000
Stome . . . . . . . . . . . $69+75$
Roller . . . . . . . . . . . 17000

Kemble street, paving and regulating. . . . 8 - $\quad$. 2491
Lathor, itising . . . . . . . . . +00
85.263 granite paving-blocks . . . . . . 6, 1005

747 feet of llagging . . . . . . . . $6 \div 207$

Stréet Department - Paving Division. ..... 251
Engineering Department ..... $\$ 27991$
Surveyor's Department ..... $87-00$
Work done by Sewer Division: Laying 110 feet 12-inch pipe sewer, building 18 new catch-basins, repairing 6 catch-basins, and building 6 new manholes ..... $83,728 \quad 03$STREET IMPROVEMENTS, ALDERMANIC DISTRICT NO. 11.
Arlington street, regulating and gravelling.
Labor ..... 830130
Teaming ..... 22350
Gravel ..... $956 \quad 20$
$\$ 1,48100$
Asphalt sidewalks repaired.
Amount paid to Simpson Bros. $2,028 \mathrm{sq}$. yds. new concrete laid, at $\$ 1$ ..... \$2,028 00
670.3 sq . yds concrete repaired, two layers, at 65 cts . ..... 43569
$1,131.1 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{Jds}$. concrete repaired, one layer, at 50 cts . ..... 56555
\$3,029 24
Bradbury street, regulating and graveling. Labor ..... $\$ 16560$
Teaming ..... 15900
Gravel ..... 60760$\$ 93220$
Amount paid out of Street Improvements, District No. 11. ..... $\$ 16560$
Amount paid out of Paving Division ..... 76660
$\$ 93220$
Cohasset street, grading.
labor ..... 87540
Teaming ..... $17 \pm 00$
Filling ..... 13100Gravel28188$\$ 66228$
Dustin street, grading.
Labor ..... $\$ 2.5930$
Easton street, grading.
Labor ..... 810870
Teaming ..... $\therefore 240$
$\$ 1+1 \quad 10$
Englewood aremue, grading, paving gutters.LaborS.5.: 85
Teaming ..... 12300
Gravel. ..... $1,60: 3: 5$

Labor
Freeport street, Dorchester avenue to Mill street, repaving and regulating.
Labor ..... $88: 3614$
Te:ming ..... 525 00
Gravel ..... $\begin{array}{ll}2,277 & 00 \\ 2,390 & 00\end{array}$
170.6 feet of flagging ..... $1: 36$
Amount paid to F. II. Cowin \& Co.:
$2,0,3.4$ feet of erlgestone set, at 18 cts . ..... $\$ 36961$
7,709.6 sfy. yds. block paving, at 45 cts. ..... 2,698 36
9.5 sq. yds. brick paving, at 28 cts. ..... 266

Harvard street, widening and grading.

Nelson and Evans streets, grading.
669 cu. yds. earth excavation, at 55 cts. . $\$ 36795$
20 cu. yds. rock cutting, at $\$ 2.25$ ..... 4500
$\$ 41295$
Norfolk street, grading.
Teaming and labor ..... $\$ 4800$
Whitfield street, South Park street to Wheatland avenue,grading and macadamizing.
Area: 3,800 sq. yards.
Labor ..... $\$ 92660$
Teaming ..... 56050
Stone ..... 78632
Gravel ..... 21220
$\$ 2,48562$
Surveyor's Department ..... $\$ 38557$
Engineering Department ..... $\$ 16893$
Work done by the Sewer Division : Building 175 ft. stone culvert, 685 ft . pipe sewer, 17 new catch-basins, repair- ing 1 catch-basin and 9 manholes ..... $\$ 5,76194$
STREET IMPROVEMENTS, WARD 12.
Bread street, paving and regulating.
Labor ..... $\$ 32025$
Gravel ..... 9000
Advertising ..... 2220
100 ft. edgestone ..... 6500
11,075 granite paving-blocks ..... 84170
Amount paid to Jas. Grant:
156 ft . of edgestone reset, at 8 cts . ..... $\$ 1248$
427 sq. yds. block paving, at 25 cts. ..... 10675
71.5 sq. yds. brick paving, at 18 cts . ..... 1287

Fort Hill square, regulating, concreting sidewalks around square.


## STREET IMPROVEMEN'S'S, WARD 13.

Athens street, B street to C street, regulating and asphalting.

Brought forward, ..... $\$ 43771$Amount paid to H. Gore \& Co.:
726 sq. yds. Sicilian rock asphalt, at $\$ 3.55$ cts., ..... $\$ 2,57730$
1,013 feet of edgestone reset, at 18 cts. ..... 18234
443 sq. yds. brick sidewalks, at 28 cts. ..... 12404
43 sq. yds. crosswalks, at 55 cts. ..... 23652,907 33$\$ 3,34504$
Amount paid out of Street Improvements, Ward 13 ..... \$3,187 67Amount paid out of Street Improvements,District 615737
$\$ 3,34504$
Gold street, B street to railroad, regulating.
Labor ..... $\$ 3110$
Teaming ..... 3150
Gravel ..... 6445$\$ 12705$
Amount paid out of Street Improvements, Ward 13 ..... $\$ 6075$
Amount paid out of Paving Division ..... 6630
$\$ 12705$
Neventh street, B street, towards C street, paving.
Labor ..... $\$ 8970$
Teaming ..... 6750
Gravel. ..... 15750
Excavating ..... 36400
Paving ..... 14555
$\$ 82425$
Engineering Department ..... $\$ 17700$
Work done by Bridge Division ..... $\$ 7,90255$
STREET IMPROVEMENTS, WARD 23.
Poplar street, grading and regulating.
Labor$\$ 1,24074$
Material ..... 2,503 38Rolling$220 \quad 00$
Amount paid out of Street Improvements,Ward 23$\$ 1,800 \quad 00$Amount paid out of Street Improvements,District No. 1111040
Amount paid out of Paving Division ..... 2,053 72
$\$ 3,96$ t 12
$\$ 3,96412$Terrace street, paving.Amount retaince from A. A. Libby \& Co., for work donein 1891847720

Thacher street, Charlestown street to Endicott street, asphalting.
Labor . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 33980$
Teaming . . . . . . . . 12600

Amount paid to Barber Asphalt Paving Co. :
158.7 sq. yds. asphalt laid, at $\$ 3.10$. . $\$ 49197$
289.1 sq. yds. asphalt laid, at $\$ 2.25$. . 65047

1,142 44
$\$ 1,60824$
Amount of special appropriation
\$1,578 69
Amount paid out of Paving Division
2955
\$1,608 24
Tremont street, Roxbury crossing to Huntington avenue, regulating.
Labor . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 88717$
Teaming . . . . . . . . . . 28800
Gravel . . . . . . . . . . . 88060
Stone . . . . . . . . . . . 62444
Fuel
1800
$\$ 2,698 \quad 21$

| Amount of special appropriation | \$2,304 46 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Amount paid out of Paving Division | 39375 |  |

## Tuttle street.

Area: 2,500 sq. yds. 6 -in. macadam.
Labor . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 29670$

Teaming . . . . . . . . . . 16800
Stone . . . . . . . . . . . 1,02354
30,000 gutter blocks (from Washington street) . . . 75000
Amount paid to J. Doherty \& Co. :
816.5 sq. yds. block paving, at 60 cts . . $\$ 48990$
30.5 feet edgestone reset, at 18 cts. . . 549

Amount paid for work done by Sewer Division: Building 2 new catch-basins
$18+78$
82,918 41
Amount of special appropriation . . . . . \$2,918 41
Vinton street, macadamizing and regulating.
Area: $1,800 \mathrm{sq}$. yds. 4 -in. macadam.


Wahnut aveuue, Warren street to Townsend street.


Warren street, Dale street to Blue Hill avenue, regulating.

Labor . . . . . . . . . . . \$2,69465
Teaming . . . . . . . . . . 2,049 00
Gravel
1,394 00
Sand
17460
Sand
82425
241.33 feet of tlagging . . . . . . . 21720

Amount paid to Payson \& Co. :
709.5 feet of edgestone reset, at 8 cts .
$\$ 5676$
1,203 feet of edgestone reset, at 18 cts.
21654
238.8 sq. yds. block paving relaid, at 25 cts., $\quad 5970$

255 sq. yds. block paving relaid, at 35 cts., 8925
786.9 sq. yds. brick paving relaid, at 18 cts., 14164
21.6 sq. yds. brick paving relaid, at 28 cts ., 605

56994
$\$ 7,92364$
Amount of special appropriation
$\$ 5,00000$
Amount paid out of Paving Division

Warren street, Walnut avenue to Rockland street, paving with granite blocks.
Area: 1,000 square yards.
Labor . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 74980$
Teaming . . . . . . . . . . 59100
Gravel. 36890
$2 \cdot, 719$ granite paring-blocks
1,657 35

Amount of special appropriation
\$2,918 25
Amount paid out of Paving Division
44880
$\$ 3,36705$

## Warrenton street.

Amount retained from Barber Asphalt Paving Co., for work done in 1891
$\$ 25056$
Washington street, Boylston street to Adams square, paring.
Labor
\$3,959 16
Teaming . . . . . . . . . . 55200
193,525 granite paving-blocks . . . . . . 14,258 92
Wharfage . . . . . . . . . . 82552
3,333.2 feet of flagging . . . . . . . 2,68170
915 feet of edgestone, 1 large and 2 small corners . . 70358
30,650 paving-brick
37130

| Brought forward, | \$23,352 18 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adrertising . . | - | 7500 |
| Sundries |  | 2201 |
| $528 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{yds}$. concrete base laid |  | 47520 |
| 486.4 sq. yds. paving on conerete, at $\$ 1.18$ |  | 57395 |
| 39.3 sq. yds. crosswalks on concrete, at \$1.18 |  | 4637 |
| Excarating . <br> Amount paid to Jones and Meehan: | - | 32100 |
| $7,254.5$ sq. Jds. block paving on concrete, at $\$ 2.73$ | \$19,804 79 |  |
| 1, 115.2 feet of edgestone set, at 35 cts . | 49532 |  |
| $94 \overline{7} .6$ sq. Jds. brick paving, at 65 cts. | 61594 |  |
| 761.5 sq. yds. flagging crosswalks, at \$2.70, | 2,056 05 |  |
| Extra work as ordered . . . | 1,057 34 |  |
|  | \$24,029 44 |  |
| Less amount charged to Dorchester avenue |  |  |
| for old blocks . . . . . . | 1,462 36 | 22,567 08 |
| Amount paid for work done by Sewer Division : Building 9 new catch-basins, 4 manholes, repairing 21 catch- |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| basins and 16 manholes |  | 1,766 68 |
| Amount retained from Jones \& Meehin |  | 849,201 47 |
|  | . - |  |
|  |  | \$48,000 00 |
| Amount of special appropriation |  | \$48,000 00 |
| Washington street, Florence street to Davis street, paving. <br> Area: 350 square pards paving. |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Labor | . . | \$ 40433 |
| Gravel | - . | 5975 |
| 350 paving-brick | . | 455 |
| 8,802 paving-blocks | - . | 65060 |
|  |  | \$1,119 25 |
| Amount of special appropriation | \$1,000 00 |  |
| Amount paid ont of Paving Division | 11925 |  |
| Way street, paving and regulating. |  |  |
| Area : 1,600 sf. yds. paving. |  |  |
| Labor . |  | \$1,750 12 |
| Teaming |  | 47800 |
| Gravel |  | 22720 |
| Sand |  | $7 \because 00$ |
| 82.2 feet of flagging |  | (i.) 76 |
| 40,19:3 granite paring-blocks |  | 2,88; 25 |
| Repairing coal-holes | . | 16000 |
| Amount of special appropriation |  | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 5,605 \\ 53 \\ 5,605 \\ 3: 30 \end{array}$ |
| Wenham street, construction, edgestones, sidewalks, gutters paved. |  |  |
| 2,8:3 1 sf. yals. 6-in. macadam. |  |  |
| Labor. | . . | 81,592 72 |
| Currion formart, |  | 81.50272 |




SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES UNDER SPECIAL
APPROPRIATIONS.

## Total Amount Expended.

Allandale street . . . . . . . . . \$6,618 67
Allston bridge 25290
Austin street t,000 00
Baldwin street, Ward 4 . . . . . . . 4, 80726
Beacon street, Ward 25
5,151 15
Beacon street, Arlington to Gloneester . . . . 42,64439
Berkeley-street bridge . . . . . . . 2,675 22
Boat landing, Commercial wharf . . . . . 97000
Bolton street, Second street to D street . . . . 1,767 00
Boston street, Andrews square to Mt. Vernon street . . 7,438 44
Boylston street, Church street to Arlington street . . 7,511 33
Brent street . . . . . . . . . 3,473 72
Bristol street . . . . . . . . . 80972
Bunker Itill street, between Pearl and Saekville streets . 5,855 80
Buttonwood street, between Mt. Vernon and Locust streets,

Brought forward,\$5̄63,601 76
Ninth street, Old Harbor street to N street ..... 3,078 87
North Margin street, construction ..... $1,546 \quad 21$
Parker street, Huntington arenue to Westland avenue ..... 58000
Poplar street, regulating, Ward 8 ..... 3,819 75
Randolph street ..... 4,851 71
Rutherford arenue, paving. ..... 18,442 09
Sawyer avenue ..... -,286 56
School street ..... 5,806 96
Seattle, Hopedale, Windom, and Sorrento streets, macad- amizing ..... 14,362 45
Second street, B street to D street, paring ..... 23,794 39
Second street, Dorchester street to I street. ..... 12,630 70
Serenth street, D street to E street ..... 6,435 06
Shirley street ..... 150 (0)
Short street, West Roxbury ..... 3,473 90 ..... 3,473 90
Silver street, A street to D street ..... 66734
Smith street, construction ..... 3,094 59
Stanhope street ..... 3,781 95
Stanton street ..... 4,000 00
Stillman street, paving ..... 83705
Story street ..... 69830
Street Improvements, Aldermanic Distriet No. 1 ..... 35,216 63
Street Improrements, Aldermanic District No, 2 ..... 1,710 96
Street Improvements, Aldermanic District No. 3 ..... 19,665 72
Street Improvements, Aldermanic District No. 4 ..... 90534
$7,42 \% 81$ Street Improvements, Aldermanic District No. 6
15,84500
15,84500
Street Improrements, Aldermanic District No. 8 ..... $4,35 \pm 90$
Street Improrements, Aldermanic District No. 9 ..... 23,332 24
Street Improvements, Aldermanic District No. 10 ..... 44,884 53
Street Improvements, Aldermanic District No. 11 ..... 24.45294
Street Improvements, Aldermanic Distriet No. 12 ..... 33,232 04
Street Improrements, Ward 12 ..... 8,79287
Street Improrements, Ward 13 ..... 12.375 89
Street Improvements, Ward 23 ..... 3,96t 12
Terrace street, paving ..... 47720
Thacher street, Charlestown street to Endicott street, as- phalt ..... 1,578 69
Tremont street, between Roxbury crossing and Huntington arenue ..... 2,698 21
Tuttle street ..... 2,918 41
Vinton street, macadamizing ..... 1,635 75
Walnut avenue ..... 10,000 00
Warren street and Blue Hill avenue ..... 7,923 6t
Warren street, granite blocks ..... 3,367 05
Warrenton street ..... 25056
Washington street, Boylston street to Adams square ..... 48.00000
Washington street, Florence street to Davis street ..... 1,119 25
Way street, paring ..... 5,605 33
Wenham street, construction ..... $6,075 \quad 50$
West Chester Park ..... 14,439 13
Went Newtonstrect, Washington street to Shawmut avenue, ..... 4,1:3S 74
Worcester square, Washington street to Ilarrison avenue ..... 2,72740
Worthington street, elgestones, etc. . ..... 4,00000
Total ..... \$1,031,253 49
Less amount pait ont of appropriation for Paving Division . ..... $68,36+40$

## NEW EDGESTONE.

The following tables show the amount of new edgestone set during the year :

## City Proper.

> Wards $6,7,8,9,10,11,12,16,17$, and 18. (Paving Districts Nos. 8 , 9, and 10.$)$
Bay State Road . . . . . . . . . . Lin. ft. ${ }_{96}$

Beacon street . . . . . . . . . . 204
Boylston street . . . . . . . . . . 1,484
Bristol street . . . . . . . . . . 367
Commonwealth avenue . . . . . . . . 296
Dalton street . . . . . . . . . . 963
Fairfield and Boylston streets . . . . . . . 129
Falmouth street . . . . . . . . . . 131
Follen and St. Botolph streets . . . . . . . 413
Hareourt street . . . . . . . . . . 114
Huntington avenue . . . . . . . . . 105
Newbury street . . . . . . . . . . 122
Randolph street . . . . . . . . . . 1,150
St. Botolph street . . . . . . . . . 666
Stanhope street . . . . . . . . . . 263
West Chester Park . . . . . . . . . 2,719
9,222

## Roxbury.

Wards 19, 20, 21, and 22. (District No. 7.)

Lin. ft.
Brought forward, $\quad 14,695$
Oregon street . . . . . . . . . . 4 it
Newcomb street . . . . . . . . . 174
Parker street . . . . . . . . . . 185
Reading street . . . . . . . .- . . 1,855
Reed and East Lenox streets . . . . . . . 475
Ruthven street . . . . . . . . . . 550
St. Stephen street . . . . . . . . . 300
Smith street . . . . . . . . . . 1,118
Thornton and Ellis streets . . . . . . . . 620
Valentine street . . . . . . . . . . 782
Walnut avenue . . . . . . . . . . 553
Ward street . . . . . . . . . . 211
Warren street . . . . . . . . . . 807
Westland arenue . . . . . . . . . 103
Westminster street . . . . . . . . . 197
Williams street . . . . . . . . . . 204
Worthington street . . . . . . . . . 1,482
Sundry streets in small quantities . . . . . . 741
25,506

## South Boston.

Wards 13, 14, and 15. (Distriat No. 1.)
Boston street . . . . . . . . . . 3,832
Buttonwood street . . . . . . . . . 867
Colton street . . . . . . . . . . 358
East Eighth street . . . . . . . . . 1,360
East Sixth street . . . . . . . . . 411
Ellery street . . . . . . . . . . 775
Gold street . . . . . . . . . . 301
Tudor street . . . . . . . . . . 482
West Seventh street . . . . . . . . 333
West Third street . . . . . . . . . 615
Sundry streets in small quantities . . . . . . 277
9,631
East Boston.
Wards 1 and 2. (District No. 2.)

Lin. ft.
Bennington street . . . . . . . . . ${ }_{1,023}^{4,002}$
Border street . . . . . . . . . . 1,002
Chelsea street . . . . . . . . . . 4,898
Falcon street . . . . . . . . . . 693
Putnam street . . . . . . . . . . 116
West Eagle street i . . . . . . . . 8.57
Sundry streets in small quantities . . . . . . 149
11,238
Dorchester.
Ward 24. (District No. 6.)
Lin. ft.
Bailey street . . . . . . . . . . 3,895
Beach street
$+15$
Brent street
2,191
Carrieal forward,


Lin. ft. 6,501 333
Columbia and Quincy streets . . . . . . . 263
Centre street . . . . . . . . . . 160
Dorchester avenue . . . . . . . . . 16,370
Freeport street . . . . . . . . . 2,0ヶ2
Houghton street . . . . . . . . . 903
King street . . . . . . . . . . 205
Lawrence avenue . . . . . . . . . 179
Sagamore street and Belfort street . . . . . . 491
Sawyer avenue . . . . . . . . . 3,143
Stanton street . . . . . . . . . . 2,274
Tuttle street . . . . . . . . . . 2,348
Washington street . . . . . . . . . 282
Welles avenne . . . . . . . . . 102
Sundry streets in small quantities . . . . . . 175
36,859

## West Roxbury.

## Ward 23. (District No. 5.)

Lin. ft.
Alveston street . . . . . . . . . . 470
Armstrong street . . . . . . . . . 1,007
Brookside avenue . . . . . . . . . 205
Child street . . . . . . . . . . 2,380
Danforth street . . . . . . . . . . 130

Sylvia street . . . . . . . . . . 500
Walnut avenue . . . . . . . . . . 103
Washington street . . . . . . . . . 1,950
Sundry streets in small quantities . . . . . . 238

Brighton.

Ashford street . . . . . . . . . . 1,033
Bennett street . . . . . . . . . . 232
Cambridge street . . . . . . . . . 2,860
Englewood avenue . . . . . . . . . 3,229
Menlo street . . . . . . . . . . 933
Pomeroy street . . . . . . . . . . 230
9,001

Wards 3, 4, and 5. (District No. 3.) Lin.ft.
Baldwin street . . . . . . . . . . 502
R

2,804

## Recapitulation.


Sq. yds.
Brought forward, $\quad 5,523$
Howland street . . . . . . . . . . 220
Holborn street . . . . . . . . . . 253
Humboldt avenue . . . . . . . . . 146
Hewes, Rock, and Regent streets . . . . . . 193
Ǩemble street . . . . . . . . . . 537
Maywood street . . . . . . . . . . 423
Maple street . . . . . . . . . . 145
Moreland street . . . . . . . . . . 472
Munroe street . . . . . . . . . . 127
Oscar street . . . . . . . . . . 112
Oregon street . . . . . . . . . . 209
Parker street . . . . . . . . . . 208
Prentiss street . . . . . . . . . . 381
Reading street . . . . . . . . . . 1,171
Ruthven street . . . . . . . . . . 263
St. Stephen street . . . . . . . . . 241
Smith street . . . . . . . . . . 714
Thornton street . . . . . . . . . . 449
Valentine street . . . . . . . . . 494
Walnut avenue . . . . . . . . . . 1,103
Warren street . . . . . . . . . . 4,319
Waashington and Dale streets . . . . . . . 118
Westland avenue . . . . . . . . . 131
Westminster and Williams streets . . . . . . 213
Worthington street . . . . . . . . . 1,008
Sundry streets in small quantities . . . . . . 1,058
20.231
South Boston.
Wards 13, 14, and 15. (District No. 1.)
Sq. yds.
A street . . . . . . . . . . . 102
Boston street . . . . . . . . . . 1,836
Broadway . . . . . . . . . . . 362
Colton street . . . . . . . . . . 126
Dorchester avenue . . . . . . . . . 219
East Eighth street . . . . . . . . . 416
East Sixth street . . . . . . . . . 280
Gold street . . . . . . . . . . . 100
West Seventh street . . . . . . . . . 311
O street . . . . . . . . . . . 123
Tudor street . . . . . . . . . . 142
West Third street . . . . . . . . . 108
Sundry streets in small quantities . . . . . . 359

- $\overline{4,484}$
East Boston.
Wards 1 and 2. (District No. 2.)
Bennington street . . . . . . . . . 4,065
Border street . . . . . . . . . . 767
Chelsea street . . . . . . . . . . 6,609
Falcon street . . . . . . . . . . 495
Orleans street . . . . . . . . . . 300
Putnam street . . . . . . . . . . 107
West Eagle street . . . . . . . . . 316
Sundry streets in small quantities . . . . . . 188


## Street Department - Paving Division.

## Dorchester.

Ward 24. (District No. 6.)


## Brighton.

Ward 25. (District No.4.)

Cambridge street . . . . . . . . . | Sq. Pds .068 |
| :---: |
| 1,068 |

## Charlestown.

Wards 3, 4, and 5. (District No. 3.)
Cedar and Bartlett streets

Sq. yds.
Rutherford avenue . . . . . . . . . 3. 125
$-\overline{3,451}$
Recapitulation.


Sonth Vostoin . . . . . . . . . . . 20,201
East Boston . . . . . . . . . . 12,847
Dorchester . . . . . . . . . . . 10,462
West lioxbury . . . . . . . . . . 2,905
Brighton . . . . . . . . . . . 1,068

65,871

The following tables show the number of square yards of block-stone driveways (gravel and asphalt) laid in various parts of the city, as part of sidewalk work, during the year:

## City Proper.

| Wards 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 16, 17, 18. | Driveway. sq. yds. | Gravel. sq. yds. | Asphalt. sq. yds. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bristol street | 50.3 |  |  |
| Dalton street | 12.9 |  |  |
| Follen street. | 9.2 |  |  |
| Newbury street............ .... ...... | 80.6 |  |  |
| Randolph street | 97.3 |  |  |
| Stanhope street | 4.7 |  |  |
| St. Botolpla street, cor. Albemarle street, | 16.2 |  |  |
|  | 285.9 |  |  |

## Roxbury.

| Wards 19, 20, 21, and 22. | Driveway. sq. yds. | Gravel. sq. yds. | Asphalt. sq. yds. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Burke street | 5.30 |  |  |
| Conant street | 80.00 |  |  |
| Clifton street | 7.25 |  |  |
| Dudley street. | 9.30 |  |  |
| East Lenox street | 15.10 |  |  |
| Elmore street.... | 7.00 |  |  |
| Fulda street | 5.20 |  |  |
| George street | 51.80 |  |  |
| Georgia street. | 8.90 |  |  |
| Gerard street | 31.30 |  |  |
| Heath street. | 81.50 |  |  |
| Howland street | 6.00 |  |  |
| Hulbert street | 6.30 |  |  |
| Intervale street | 12.30 |  |  |
| Kemble street. | 17.00 |  |  |
| Maywood street. | 35.20 |  |  |
| Moreland street. | 7.40 |  |  |
| Newcomb street | 11.20 |  |  |
| Oregon street. | 9.50 |  |  |
| Prentiss street | 25.20 |  |  |
| Reading street | 254.80 |  |  |
| Smith street | 31.80 |  |  |
| Ruthven street | 6.70 |  |  |
| Thornton street | 4.80 |  |  |
| Worthington street... | 7.30 |  |  |
|  | 738.15 |  |  |

## Socth Boston.

| Wards 13, 14, and 15. | Driveway. sq. Jds. | Gravel. sq. yds. | Aspbait. sq. yds. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Boston street | 115.0 |  |  |
| Dorchester street | 7.8 |  |  |
| East Eighth street. | 20.3 |  |  |
| East Sixth street | 50.2 |  |  |
| Ellery street. | 28.7 |  |  |
| Tudor street.. | 70.5 |  |  |
| West Seventh street | 82.6 |  |  |
| West Third street. | 16.3 |  |  |
| - | 391.4 |  |  |

East Boston.

| Wards 1 and 2. | Driveway. sq. yds. | Gravel. sq. yds. | Asphalt. sq. yds. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bennington street. | 45.1 |  |  |
| Border street. | 82.1 |  |  |
| Chelsea street. | 353.6 |  |  |
|  | 480.8 |  |  |

## Dorchester.

| Ward 24. | Driveway. $\mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{yds}$. | Gravel. sq. yds. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Asphalt. } \\ & \text { sq. yds. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bailey street | 32.50 |  |  |
| Beach street. | 7.05 | 287.0 |  |
| Brent street | 6.70 | 439.7 |  |
| Bullard street |  | 241.0 |  |
| Centre strect. | 10.90 |  |  |
| Dorchester avenue | 721.06 | 13,864.0 |  |
| Freeport street. | 189.10 |  |  |
| Houghton street |  | 448.1 |  |
| Mt. Everett street |  | 15.8 |  |
| Stanley street.. |  |  | 14.50 |
| Stanton street. | 62.50 | 385.4 |  |
| Tuttle street... | 22.25 |  |  |
| Sawyer avente. | 31.50 | 1,12:.0 |  |
| Washington strect | 32.40 |  |  |
|  | 1,115.96 | 16,80.4.0 | 11..\% |

West Roxbury.

| Ward 23. | Driveway. sq. yds. | Gravel. sq. yds. | Asphalt. sq. yds. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Armstrong street. | 57.9 |  |  |
| Brookside avenue | 23.0 |  |  |
| Child street. | 56.9 | 224.0 |  |
| Cohasset street. | 6.6 |  |  |
| Danforth street | 7.8 |  |  |
| Lamartine street. | 18.0 |  |  |
| Sylvia street | 6.0 |  |  |
| Washington street | 19.3 |  |  |
|  | 195.5 | 224.0 |  |

## Brighton.

| Ward 25. | Driveway. sq. yds. | Gravel. sq. yds. | Asphalt. sq. yds. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ashford street. | 26.3 |  | 1,326.1 |
| Bennett street. | 12.5 |  |  |
| Cambridge street. | 141.9 |  |  |
| Chester street. |  |  | 347.5 |
| Englewood avenue | 53.0 |  | 2,498.0 |
|  | 233.7 |  | 4,171.6 |

Charlestown.

| Wards 3, 4, and 5. | Driveway. sq. yds. | Gravel. sq. yds. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Asphalt. } \\ & \text { sq. yds. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rutherford avenue. | 173.4 |  |  |

## Recapitulation.

|  | B. S. Driveways. sq. yds. | Gravel Walks. sq. yds. | Asphalt Walks. sq. yds. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| City Proper | 285.90 |  |  |
| Roxbury | 738.15 |  |  |
| South Boston | 391.40 |  |  |
| East Boston | 480.80 |  |  |
| Dorchester | 1,115 96 | 16,804 | 14.50 |
| West Roxbury | 195.50 | 224 |  |
| Brighton ... | 233.70 |  | 4,171.60 |
| Charlestown | 173.40 |  |  |
| Total | 3,614.81 | 17,028 | 4,186.10 |

## PROPERTY IN CHARGE OF THE DEPUTY SUPERINTENDENT OF PAVING DIVISION.

Buildings and wharf on Albany street, opposite Sharon street. The building is of brick and wood and covers some 8,000 square feet of land, and is divided into a shed for breaking stone for macadamizing, blacksmith's and earpenter's shops, tool-room, and stable. The total contents of the lot, including wharf and building, are 63,180 square feet.

Fort Hill wharf, containing 21,054 square feet, placed in charge of the Paving Department May 18, 1874, to be used for the landing and storage of paring-blocks and gravel until such time as said wharf shall be wanted for the extension of Oliver street. A part of said wharf is occupied by a tenant-at-will, at $\$ 500$ per annum, part by Sanitary Division.

Lot on Chelsea, Marion, and Paris streets, East Boston, containing 43, ,50 0 square feet. Part of this lot used by the Sewer Division.

Ledge lot on Washington street, eorner Dimock street, Roxbury, containing 134,671 square feet. Upon this lot are buildings containing a steam-engine and stone-crusher.

Highland-street Stable lot. Upon this lot is a large brick stable, erected in 1873, and oceupied by the Sanitary and Paving Disisions; also a brick building used as a blacksmith's shop, and a shed for the storage of tools, ete.

Ledge lot on Codman street, 1)orchester, containing 299,000 square feet, was purchased in 1870. Upon this lot is a shed containing a steimengine and stone-erusher, also a stable and tool-house.
On the Almshouse lot, Ilancock street, Dorehester, there are two stables, also a shed and tool-house.

Ledge lot on Magnolia street and Bird place, Dorehester, containing 81,068 square feet. This lot was purchased by the town of Dorchester in 1867.

Downer-avenue lot, Dorchester, containing 35,300 square feet.
West Rombury. - On Child street, a lot of land containing 43,024 square feet, upon which are a stable and shed, blacksmith's shop and thol-honse.

Gratel lots. - In the town of Milton, on Brush hill road, containing fit.is: square feet, hired by the town of borehester for nine humdred and ninery-nine years. Morton street, Wial e: , contaning about one-
third of an acre, purchased by the town of West Roxbury in 1890, used for storage purposes.

Ledge and gravel lot, rear of Union street, containing about 37,000 square feet, purchased by the town of Brighton. This lot is at present leased.

Gravel and stones on lot on Market street, Ward 25, purchased by town of Brighton.

On Rockland street, Ward 25, adjacent to engine-house, a brick building, containing a shed and tool-house.

Ledge lot on Chestnut Hill avenue, Brighton, containing about 13 acres, upon which are an oftice, engine-house, stable, and crusher-plant.

On Medford street, Charlestown, a wharf lot, foot of Elm street, containing 8,000 feet, upon which are sheds, office, stable, etc.

Property belonging to the Paving Division, consisting of 90 horses, 65 carts, 16 water-carts, 13 wagons, 6 steam-rollers, 9 stone-crushers, and 5 engines.

In South Boston, corner of H and Ninth streets, stable, carriagehouse, shed, tool-house, and office, on leased land.

On Hereford street, a yard with shed, tool-house, and office.
Wharf, known as Atkins' wharf, 521 Commercial street, purchased in 1887 for $\$ 24,000$, containing 22,553 square feet, having on it an office and stable.

Respectfully submitted, C. R. Cutter

Deputy Superintendent Paving Division.

## APPENDIX C.

## REPORT OF DEPU'IY SUPERINTENDENT OF THE SANITARY DIVISION.

Street Department, Santary Division, 12 Beacon Street, February 1, 1893.

H. H. Carter, Esq., Superintendent of Streets:

SIR : I heremith submit my annual report of acts and expenditures from February 1, 1892, to January 31, 1893.

# George W. Forristall, Deputy Superintendent. 

## Items of Expenditures.

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| For labor in collecting and removing house-dirt and ashes | \$144,423 |
| For labor in collecting house-offal | 100,258 75 |
| For labor of foremen, mechanics, watchmen, and feeders | 26,056 38 |
| For labor of men employed in stables and yard | 14,624 35 |
| Official pay-roll: Salaries of deputy superintendent and clerks in office |  |
| Grain used in city stables | 22,391 12 |
| Hay and straw used in city stables | 14,251 |
| For collection of ashes in East Bosto | 10,404 00 |
| For purchase of new horses | 8,140 00 |
| For stock and tools used in blacksmith shop | 3,246 64 |
| For stock and tools used in wheelwright shop | 2,614 30 |
| For stock and tools used in harness shop | 1,730 |
| For stock and tools used in paint shop |  |
| Extra team work in collecting ashes | 69,275 00 |
| Repairs on stables and sheds . | 2,647 32 |
| Fuel, gas, and electric lights | 1,868 38 |
| Medical attendance on horses and medicine |  |
| Shoeing horses (outside shops) |  |
| Printing, stationery, and advertising | 1,043 |
| Contracts for the collection and removal of honseoffal in East Boston and Brighton | 7,650 00 |
| Water-rates | 85422 |
| Offal stock, consisting of buckets, etc. | 501 |
| Asli stock, consisting of cart covers, baskets, etc. |  |
| Curried forward, | \$442, |

Amount expended.
Brought forward, ..... $\$ 442,89960$
Stable stock, consisting of curry-combs, brushes, sponges, 'soap, blankets, manme-forks, etc. ..... 1,160 33
Dumping-boat, rental, royalty, towage, rent of wharf, repairs, labor, etc. ..... 23,898 74
Incidental expenses, as follows :Telephone rental . . . . \$491 40
Stabling horses, East Boston, Dorches-
ter, and West Roxbury ..... 43396
Travelling expenses ..... 12010
Boston Directories ..... 2200
Damages by city teams ..... 27731
Clipping horses ..... 900
Newspapers ..... 950
Office furniture, miscellaneous supplies, etc. ..... 4880

## Revenue.

Amount of money deposited and bills presented to the City Collector for collection, for material sold and work performed by the Sanitary Division of the Street Department during the year ending January 31, 1893 :

| Money deposited with City Collector. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| From the sale of house-offal | . \$21,282 82 |
| From the sale of tin cans | 3,041 10 |
| From the sale of manure | 2600 |
| From the sale of wood | 200 |
| From the letting of scow privileges | 50425 |

## Bills deposited with City Collector.

For the removal of engine-ashes . . $\$ 5,44725$
For the sale of manure . . . . 1,191 75
For the sale of ashes . . . . 4,084 79
For the sale of house-offal . . . 19884
For the sale of tin cans . . . . 64736
11,56999
$\$ 36,42616$
Amount collected by City Collector.
Placed to the credit of the division . . . $\$ 35,85670$

## Amonnt expended for the Collection of House-dirt and Honse-offal, Labor and Contracts.

| Districts. | Expended for collecting Ashes. | Expended for collecting Houseoffal. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| City Proper | \$88,2+1 56 | \$54,795 25 |
| South Boston | 6,376 00 | 7,8こ4 00 |
| East Boston | ${ }^{1} 10,40400$ | ${ }^{1} 5,50000$ |
| Charlestown | 10,974 00 | 6,178 00 |
| Roxbury | 23,408 75 | 14,192 50 |
| West Roxbury | 5,661 00 | 6,14600 |
| Dorchester | 7,141 00 | 11,123 00 |
| Brighton. | 2,621 50 | - 12,150 00 |
| Totals | \$156,827 51 | \$107,908 75 |

${ }^{1}$ Contract work.

## Total Cost for Removal of House-dirt and Honse=offal.

House-dirt Account.


Material collected by Districts.

|  | Teams. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | South Yard. | West Yard. | Roxbury Yard. | Chas'n Yard. | E. Boston Yard. | Brigh'n Yard. | Total Loads. |
| House-dirt and ashes | 125,445 | 77,780 | 64,311 | 18,548 | 12,751 | 5,043 | 303,878 |
| House-offal | 33,931 |  | 9,802 | 2,610 |  |  | 46,343 |
|  | 159,376 | 77,780 | 74,113 | 21,158 | 12,751 | 5,043 | 350,221 |

Disposition of Material collected.

| Where dumped. | Loads Honse-dirt and Ashes. | Loads House. offal. | Street-sweeping by StreetCleaning Div. | TotaI <br> Loads. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Swett street | 37,085 |  |  | 43,476 |
| Huntington avenue | 29,876 |  |  | 29,876 |
| East Cambridge | 21,400 |  |  | 21,400 |
| Commonwealth flats | 11,876 |  |  | 11,876 |
| Mill Pond, Charlestown | 11,509 |  |  | 12,210 |
| Howard avenue | 8,582 | - ... |  | 8,582 |
| East Boston Land Company | 7,630 |  |  | 7,630 |
| East Chester park | 6,490 | . . |  | 6,490 |
| Ninth street, South Boston | 6,090 |  |  | 6,090 |
| O'Riorden's, Charlestown | 5,965 |  |  | 6,060 |
| Various places | 74,112 | 7,963 |  | 74,888 |
| At sea by scows | 83,263 | 7,607 | 33,370 | 124,240 |
| Sold to farmers |  | 30,773 |  | 30,773 |
|  | 303,878 | 46,343 | 33,370 | 383,591 |

## Comparative Table, showing Cost of collecting Ashes and Garbage and delivering Same at Dumps.

Cost per cart-load, including administration expenses . . . $\$ 1.31$
" ، " minus ${ }^{6}$ " . . . 1.28
" " " of ashes, labor only . . . . . . 0.74
". " " " " hired teams . . . . . . 0.65
" " " " offal, " " . . . . . . 2.17
" " " " " labor only . . . . . . . 2.47
" . " ". " city labor and hired team . . . 2.43
" " " " " ashes, " " " " . . . 0.73
" " boat-load to transport garbage to sea . . . . . 93.75
" " cart-load " " . " " " . . . . . 0.22
Material colleeted and Cost of Hired Teams.

|  | South Yard. |  | West Yard. |  | Roxbury Yard. |  | Charlestown Yard. |  | E. Boston. |  | Brighton. |  | Total. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Single | With extra man. | Single | $\begin{aligned} & \text { With } \\ & \text { extan } \\ & \text { man. } \end{aligned}$ | Single | $\begin{gathered} \text { With } \\ \text { extra } \\ \text { exan. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Single } \\ & \text { team. } \end{aligned}$ | With extrat man. | Single | $\underset{\substack{\text { With } \\ \text { extra }}}{\text { and }}$ extra man.品 | Single | With extra man. | Single | With |
| Days' work | 3,17012 | 8,403 | 585 | 1,178 ${ }^{1}$ | 1,509 | 3,485 $\frac{1}{2}$ | 314 | 156 | 11 | 1,5682 |  | $160 \frac{1}{2}$ | 5,589 ${ }^{\frac{1}{2}}$ | 13,38912 |
| Number of $\}$ Ashes | 71,741 |  | 13,229 |  | 24,250 |  | 2,709 |  | 12,751 |  | 1,131 |  | 125,811 |  |
| loads collected $\}$ Offal .. |  | 3,333 | . . . |  |  | 2,357 |  | 167 |  |  |  |  |  | 5,857 |
| 75,074 |  |  | 13,229 |  | 26,607 |  | 2,876 |  | 12,751 |  |  | 1,131 |  | 31,668 |
| Amount expended | \$51,526 50 |  | \$7,647 50 |  | \$21,954 50 |  | \$1,722 00 |  | \$10,406 90 |  | \$832 50 |  | \$94,122 90 |  |

## Expenses of Dumping-boats.



Number of trips to sea, 294.
Making the cost per trip, \$93.75.
Number of cart-loads of garbage carried to sea, 124,240.
Making the cost per cart-load, 22 cts .

## Number of Carts collecting House-dirt, Ashes, and Offal.

Offal-wagons owned by Sanitary Division . . . . 93
" in use by Thomas Mulligan, E.B. . . . 6
" 6 6 Allen Clarke, Brighton . . . 2
Ash-carts owned by Sanitary Division . . . . . 172
Market-wagons owned by Sanitary Division . . . . 7
Ash-carts in use by Patrick Morrison, E.B. . . . . 5
-
Total . . . . . . . . . . . 285

## Cost of Carts.



## Account of the Number of Loads of Material collected from 1882 to February 1, 1893.

| Year. | Ashes. | Offal. | Street sweepings. | Cesspool Matter. | Total Loads. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1882 | 159,197 | 28,385 | 52,381 | 10,051 | 250,014 |
| 1883 | 169,610 | 27,408 | 58,272 | 8,801 | 264,091 |
| 1884 | 182,642 | 28,520 | 62,222 | 12,578 | 285,962 |
| 1885 | 193,734 | 31,206 | 61,455 | 13,151 | 299,546 |
| 1886 | 209,129 | 33,170 | 59,875 | 11,392 | 313,566 |
| 1887 | 220.186 | 36,734 | 68,990 | 14.333 | 340,233 |
| 1888 | 233,514 | 37,709 | 68,019 | ${ }^{1}$ 2, 644 | 344,886 |
| 1889 | 227,325 | 40,183 | 70,476 |  | 337,984 |
| 1890 | 245,730 | 40,525 | 70,449 |  | 356,704 |
| 1891 | ${ }^{2} 313,464$ | 46,742 | ${ }^{3} 10,564$ |  | 370,770 |
| 1892 | 303,878 | 46,343 |  |  | 350,221 |
|  | 2,458,409 | 396,915 | 582,703 | 75,950 | 3,513,977 |

${ }^{1}$ July 1,1888 , the Sewer Department commenced cleaning out cesspools.
${ }^{2}$ Ashes from January 1, 1891, to May 1, 1891 . . . . . . . . . . 104,046
Ashes from May 1, 1891, to February 1, 1892 . . . . . . . . . . . . 209,418
313,464
${ }^{3}$ May 1, 1891, cleaning of streets transferred to Street-Cleaning Division.

## Cost of Horse-shoeing and Blacksmithing.

HORSE SHOEING. Division Shop. Outaide Shops.
Stock . . . . . . \$1,887 44


## NUMBER OF SHOES PUT ON.

Horses owned by Sanitary Division . . . . . . 10,052
" " " Street-Cleaning Division . . . . 2,198
.. " " Paving Division . . . . . . 1,348
Total . . . . . . . . . . . 13,598
Average cost per shoe, about 38 cents.
BLACKSMITHING.
'Teams and cart repaired at division shop.
Stock
\$1,660 08
Labor
4,404 25
Contracts.

| Object. | Contractors. | Price. | Contract. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Payments } \\ \text { made } \\ \text { by City. } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Commences. | Ends. |  |
| Removal of house-offal in the Brighton Dist. <br> " ، " " East Boston.... | Allen Clarke. <br> Thomas Mulligan. | \$2,800 per year. | April 29, 1892. | April 29, 1895. Dec. 20, 1892. Jan. 1, 1896. | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 2,10000 \\ 6,50000 \end{array}$ |
|  |  | 6,500. |  |  |  |
| " ، ، ، ، ، |  | 8,000. | Dec. 20, 1892. |  |  |
|  | Boston Tow Boat Co. Com'l " " " | $\left\{\begin{array}{ccc} 4 & 6 & 6 \\ \$ 23, & \$ 31 . & \$ 35, \\ 839 \end{array}\right.$ | June 1, 1891. |  | 2,189 00 |
|  |  |  | Oct. 28, 1891. |  | 5,880 00 |
| Material sold by Contract. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Object. | Contractors. | Price. | Contract. |  | Payments made to City Collector. |
|  |  |  | Commences. | Ende. |  |
| Refuse tin cans from yards, etc......... | O'Connor Bros. | $\left\{\begin{array}{rlcc}\$ 5 & 50 & \text { per ton. } \\ 1 & 25 & 6 & 6\end{array}\right\}$ | March 1, 1892. | Feb, 1, 1893. | \$588 27 |
| of West Roxbury . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | John Krug. | 9.00 per month. <br> 3.00 a horse per year. | August 1, 1892. | 450036225 |  |
| Manure of horses at South yard....... | Wyman Bros. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manure of horses at West and Charlestown yards | George P. Winn. | 4.00 " ، " |  |  | 39600 |
| Manure of horses at Highland yard ..... | J. A. Budlong \& Son. | 1.25 for old, and 1.00 for new. |  |  | 4950 |

Amounts and Payments made under O'Connor Bros.
Contract for Refuse Tin Cans.


## Hay and Grain.



| $20,562 \quad 11,499$ |
| :--- |
| Average per |
| day, |
| 51 |$\quad 29$


|  | 为边 |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | -10 |


|  | - |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | $\underset{\sim}{2}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | - |
|  |  |


| West | ¢ Hay . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Salt........ |
|  | Oats ... |
|  | Shorts ... |
|  | Corn . |
|  | Carrots. |
|  | Straw |
|  | (Vegetable food |

Hay and Grain. - Concluded.

Recapitulation.

| Matertal. | Pounds. | Cost. | Horses per Day. |  | Number of Horses fed. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Cost. | Fed out, Pounds. |  |
| Нау. | 1,490,820 | \$14,262 77 | \$0.13 ${ }_{1}^{10865868}$ | $13 \frac{78801}{10863}$ | Sanitary Division, 80,055 |
| Vegetable food... | 6,900 | 51750 | 51750 | 6000 | Street-Cleaning Division, 28,608 |
| Oats .. | 1,490,018 | 20,728 36 | . 1988239 | $13 \frac{77399}{34950}$ |  |
| Shorts | 34,950 228,426 | 37073 1,88420 | . 017807585 | $2^{1.1100}$ | $\begin{gathered}\text { Total, } \\ \text { Avere }\end{gathered} 108,663$ |
| Corn | 259,504 | 2,840 45 | . 02606719 | 24.2178 | Average number per day: Sanitary Division, 201. |
| Carrots. | 18,025 | 12431 970 | 19431 970 | 18025 | Street-Cleaning Division, 72. |
|  | 3,528,643 | \$40,738 02 | \$0.37 ${ }_{1} 53371$ | $32 \frac{51427}{108603}$ |  |

[^4]
## House-offal.

There are employed in removing house-offal 154 men and 93 wagons. The offal is removed from dwelling-houses three times a week during the summer months, and twice a week during the winter; from hotels, markets, and restaurants it is removed daily. There are 62 routes. The men are required to enter the yards, collect the offal, and empty the same into wagons; then to drive to one of the depots, located as follows: one on Albany street, one on Highland street, Roxbury, and one at the Almshouse, Charlestown.

The offal is sold to farmers of adjoining towns mostly, the balance is thrown away on scow and carried to sea; about 30 per cent. of the quantity collected during the past year has been disposed of in this manner.

During the past year numerous patents have been introduced for the disposal of garbage by crematory process, etc. ; at the present time private parties are making an experiment of the city's offal at the Division yard on Albany street.

## House-dirt and Ashes.

In the collection of house-dir't and ashes, there are employed 202 men and 179 carts. This material is removed from hotels, tenement-houses, and stores daily, from dwelling-houses once a week. There are 82 regular routes. The City Ordinances of 1892 require that house-dirt and ashes shall be kept in an easy, accessible place for removal ; the men being obliged to enter yards and areas, remove receptacles to the sidewalk, where their contents are loaded upon teams. The receptacle is then placed in its original position. The material collected is disposed of if possible on low lands, being used for filling, and also dumped on scows to be carried to sea. Of the amount collected last year, 35 per cent. was disposed of in this manner.

Organization, 1893.

```
Street Department, Sanitary Division.
    1 deputy superintendent.
    4 clerks.
    4 foremen.
    1 captain of scows.
    6 sub-foremen.
    2 inspectors.
    16 mechanics.
    3 tallymen.
    5 watchmen.
    4 feeders.
    3 messengers.
    7 stablemen.
    11 yardmen.
    16 dumpers.
202 ash-drivers and helpers.
154 offal-drivers and helpers.
```

439 employees.
The mechanics of this division are engaged in the construction of new wagons and carts, the painting and repairing of same, shoeing of horses for this division, and a number of horses for the Street-Cleaning and Paving Divisions, and the making and repairing of harnesses.

## Horse Account.

| 1892. |  | Dr. | 1892. |  | $C r$. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jan. 1. | On hand, | 199 | Feb. 12. | Exch'd, W. K. Porter, | 7 |
| Jan. 5. | Purchased, | 2 | Mar. 8. | Died, | 1 |
| Jan. 7. | 6 6 | 2 | Mar. 22. | ' | 1 |
| Jan. 12. | 6 | 2 | April 6. | Exch'd, M. Kiernan, | 1 |
| Jan. 16. | ، 6 | 2 | July 17. | Killed, | 1 |
| Jan. 27. | 6 6 | 2 | July 22. | " | 1 |
| June 10. | $6{ }^{6}$ | 1 | Sept. 4. | Died, | 1 |
| July 1. | ' | 1 | Sept. 16. | Exch'd, M. Kiernan, | 3 |
| Aug. 25. | ، | 2 | Sept. 20. | " W. K. Porter, | 3 |
| Sept. 1. | " | 2 | Nov. 1. | " S. S. Chase, | 1 |
| Sept. 9. | '6 | 2 | Dec. 6. | " W. K. Porter, | 6 |
| Sept. 12. | '6 | 1 | Dec. 16. | Killed, | 1 |
| Nov. 21. | ، 6 | 2 |  | On hand, | 198 |
| Dec. 1. | ، | 1 |  | - |  |
| Dec. 6. | " | 2 |  |  |  |
| Dec. 6. | " | 2 |  |  |  |
| Total, |  | 225 | Total, |  | 225 |

## APPENDIX D.

## REPORT OF THE DEPUTY SUPERINTENDENT OF THE SEWER DIVISION.

City Hall, Room 44, Boston, February 1, 1893.

Mr. H. H. Capter, Superintendent of Streets :
Dear Sir: I herewith submit my report of work done and expenditures of the Sewer Division from February 1, 1892, to Jannary 31, 1893.

Yours respectfully,
H. W. Sanborn,

Deputy Supt. Sewer Division.
Financial Statement.

| Appropriations. | Balances on hand Feb. 1, 1892. | Appropriations and Revenue added during the year. | Total Credits. | Expenditures during the year. | Balances on hand Jan. 31, 1893. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sewer Division | \$2,296 00 | $a$ \$558,312 19 | \$560,608 19 | \$560,608 19 |  |
| Catch-basins, etc., Huntington avenue | 1861 | . . . . . . . . | 1861 | 1861 |  |
| Catch-basins, Stanhope street . . . . | 22705 | . . . . | - 22705 | - $2270{ }^{05}$ |  |
| Charlestown sewers, repairing. | $\begin{array}{r}2,031 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 2,031 29 | 2,031 29 |  |
| Dike, Winthrop Junction ${ }^{\text {a }}$ (mproved Sewerage, Brookline avenue, connection | $b 2,333$ 4,533 4.55 |  | 2,333 4,533 95 | 2,333 4,533 95 |  |
| Rebuilding Dorchester-brook sewer ${ }^{\text {R }}$, . . . . . | , 503 | c 30,00000 | 30,000 00 | 30,000 00 |  |
| Sewer, Albano street (all transferred). | 13763 |  | 13763 | 13763 |  |
| Sewers, Beacon street and Commonwealth avenue | d. 3,379 17 |  | 3,379 17 | 3,379 17 |  |
| Sewer, between Roslindale and West Roxbury | 8,136 30 | $e 18,20000$ | 26,336 30 | 19,429 57 | \$6,906 73 |
| Sewers, Brighton . . . . . . . . . . ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 6,726 70 | $f 5,60000$ | 12,326 70 | 9,840 23 | 2,486 47 |
| Sewers, Burke and Tremont streets (all transferred). Sewer, Canal street (all transferred). |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sewer, Crawford street, Humboldt to Walnut avenues | g 2,682 51 |  | 2,682 51 | 2,682 51 |  |
| Sewer, Dorchester avenue, Crescent avenue to Grafton street |  | $h$ 1,437 04 | 1,437 04 | 1,437 04 |  |
| Sewer, Dorchester Lower Mills (all transferred). Sewers, East Boston. . . . . | 2,274 30 | i 4,350 84 | 6,625 14 | 6,625 14 |  |
| Sewers, Eleventh Aldermanic District (all transferred). Sewers, Hammond-street District (all transferred). |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sewers, Lawrence avenue, Quincy and Magnolia streets | 1,856 88 |  | 1,856 88 | 1,856 88 |  |
| Sewer, New street. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | j273 33 |  | 27333 | 27333 |  |
| Sewers, Orient Heights . . . . . | 6496 | - . . . - | $6+96$ | 6496 |  |
| Sewer outlet, Byron street, East Boston | 364 | -10.000 | 364 | 364 |  |
| Sewer outlets, D street . . . . . . . | 6,023 83 | 10,000 00 | 16,023 83 | 10,297 48 | 5,726 35 |
| Sewer outlets, East Boston |  | 12,000 00 | 12,000 00 | 10,237 05 | 1,762 95 |
| Sewer, Peter Parley road. | 24 67 | - . . . . . . | 2427 | 2427 |  |
| Sewers, Rockwell and Armandine streets | 6,199 07 | . . . . . . | 6,199 07 | 6,199 07 |  |
| Sewers, Roxbury . . . . | < 7,859 43 | - $\dot{0}^{\circ}$ | 7,859 43 | 7,859 43 |  |
| Sewere, Savin Hill District | 28356 | $l$ 40000 | 68356 | 68356 |  |
| Sewers, South Boston - | 3,768 89 | $m 1,00000$ | 4,768 89 | 1,293 75 | 3,475 14 |
|  |  | $n 3,000$ 6,000 | 3,000 9,996 | 2,283 8,759 | 71641 1,24152 |
| Sewers. Westville, Freeman, and Charles streets Sewer, Whitmore street (all transferred). | 3,996 64 | 6,000 00 | 9,996 64 | 8,755 12 | 1,241 52 |
| Stables and sheds, Brighton | 4,500 00 | 10,000 00 | 14,500 00 | 8,542 08 | 5,957 92 |
| Stony Brook, Improvement of . | 8514 |  | 8514 | 8514 |  |
| Tow-boat . . . . . . . |  | 25,000 00 | 25,000 00 | 12,567 50 | 12,432 50 |
|  | \$69,716 48 | \$685,300 07 | \$755,016 55 | \$714,310 56 | \$40,705 99 |

In addition to above amount of s $714,310.56$ there was expended on acconnt of 'Paving Division, for building catch-basins a id fewers necessitated by street con the $\operatorname{sum}$ of $8 \leqslant 7$, $56 \%$, making the total amount expended by this division $\$ 801,879.58$ $a$ Gencral appropriation ......................

\$564,512 19
$\$ 558,31219$ Original appropriation, 860,000 , of whieh $\$ 30,000$ was transferred to Street Improvements, Aldermanic District No. 10 $\frac{26,200 \quad 00}{2}$
$\$ 3.37917$
Added from loan, $\$ 19,600$, of which $\$ 14,000$ was transferred to Street Improvements, Aldermanic District No. 11 Actual balance February 1, $1892, \$ 2,969.20$, of which $\$ 286.69$ was transferred to Sewer Division appropriation. Added from loan, $\$ 32,800$, of which $\$ 25,000$ was transferred to Street Improvements, Aldermanie District No. 1 , and $\$ 3,449.16$ to Ward-rooms, Wards 1 and 2 .
 Added from loan, $\$ 11,900$, of which $\$ 11,500$ was transferred to Street Improvements, Aldermanic District No. 12.

思 tated the transfer of the above-specificd amounts.

## Improved Sewerage.

| Office salaries |  | \$500 00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pumping-station, inside |  | 39,447 61 |
| Pumping-station, outside |  | 14,722 05 |
| Engines and boilers |  | 5,629 23 |
| Main and intercepting sewers |  | 11,709 98 |
| Moon Island |  | 19,479 28 |
| Tow-boat | . . . | 4,555 03 |
|  |  | \$96,043 18 |
| Stony-Brook Improvement. |  |  |
| Maintenance | . . . . | \$15,038 98 |
| Damages and claims |  | 2,790 00 |
| Roslindale channels . | \$982 03 |  |
| Less amount furnished by Paving Divis- |  |  |
|  |  | 17964 |
|  |  | \$18,008 62 |

Note. - The total amount expended by the Sewer and Paving Divisions on account of Stony-Brook Improvement is $\$ 18, \$ 11.01$.

Buildings, stables, and sheds, Brighton . . $\$ 8,54208$
Bailding dike, Winthrop Junction . . . \$2,333 33
New tow-boat (partial payment) . . . . $\$ 12,56750$

## Miscellaneous.

Office expenses, including salaries of deputy superintendent, clerks, and dranghtsmen, stationery, drawing materials, etc.
\$17,237 64
Engineering expenses, including salaries of engineers, instruments, etc.

27,355 28
Current expenses of 8 yards and lockers . . 22,766 58
Current expenses of 7 stables, including cost of horses, vehicles, harnesses, etc. .

24,176 55
Repairing sewers . . . $\$ 9,48526$
Less amount paid by Paving
Division . . . . . 2,402 66

|  | - | 7,082 60 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cleaning and flushing sewers |  | 21,334 85 |
| Cleaning catch-basins |  | 34,519 76 |
| Repairing streets | \$1,040 35 |  |
| Less amount furnished by Paving |  |  |
| Division . | 4050 | 99985 |
| Carrierl forward, |  | 55,473 11 |


| Brought forward, | \$155,473 11 |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Building and repairing culverts } \\ & \text { and surface drains. }\end{aligned} \quad \$ 26,5078$ ј0 |  |
| Less amount furnished by Paving |  |
| Division . . . . . 18,579 76 |  |
| Examining and locativg | 7,998 <br> 5,578 <br> 8 |
| Work for departments and others, including inspection of private jobs | 6,808 76 |
| House connections | 4,673 87 |
| Water-rates | 6,643 70 |
| Damages and claims | 21,660 70 |
| Holidays | 19,463 72 |
| Travelling and incidental expenses | 4,051 69 |
| Balances on old contracts | 18,350 92 |
| Repars of department buildings, stables, and yards | 1,223 27 |
| Hardware, blacksmithing, and tools | 14,178 91 |
| Rubber goods | 1,574 13 |
| Engines and boilers, and repairs . | 77062 |
| Rebates on assessments . | 19943 |
| Assessments for school-house property, charged in error to this department . | 26500 |
| Stock and supplies not included elsewhere . | 6,272 33 |
| General repairs . | 91736 |
|  | \$276.105 04 |

Note. - The total amount expended by the Sewer and Paving Divisions, on account of miscellaneous expenditures, is $8297,127.96$.
City Proper.

Sewers built between February 1, 1892, and February 1, 1893, by Private Parties.


Work done for and paid by Paving Division, City.


Summart.
36 catch-basins built.
54 "، repaired.
9 manholes built.
31 " repaired.
696.24 feet of sewers built and repaired.
Charlestown.
Sewers built between February 1, 1892 , and February 1, 1893, by the City, either by Contract or by Day Labor.

Charlestown. - Concluded.


Work done for and paid by Paving Division, Charlestown.

| Street. | Catch-Basins. |  | Severs. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Built. | Repaired. | Length in Feet. | Size. |
| Rutherford avenue. | 8 | 1 |  |  |
| Baldwin street. | 2 |  | 258.51 | 15 -in. pipe. |

## Summary.

10 catch-basins built.
1 catch-basin repaired.
258.51 feet of sewers built.

City Document No. 34.

## East Boston.

| Locality. |  | Length in Feet. | Dimensions and Material. | Cost. | Remarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Built in | Between |  |  |  |  |
| Bennington st. . . . . | Wordsworth st. and about 1,600 ft. easterly . . . . . . <br> (Siphon under Saratoga) | $\left\{\begin{array}{r}1217.29 \\ 398.80\end{array}\right.$ | $\left.\begin{array}{l} 30 \mathrm{in} . \times 36 \mathrm{in} ., \text { brick. } \\ 15 \text {-in., pipe. } \end{array}\right\}$ | \$10,518 11 | Contract. |
| Bennington st. | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { st. and towards shice- } \\ \text { way } \ldots \ldots . . . . . . . \end{array}\right\}$ |  |  | 1,146 09 |  |
| Byron st. . . . . . . . . . | Bennington and Horace sts. | 227.75 | 12-in., pipe. | 33383 |  |
| Border st. ... ...... |  |  |  | 2406 | Built in 1891. |
| Byron st. . . . .. ... | Saratoga and Bennington sts. | 200.00 | 12-in., pipe. | 24564 |  |
| Byron-st. outlet |  | -7.... |  | 364 7829 | Built in 1891. |
| Bremen st. . . . | Putnam and Prescott sts... | 579.20 | 15-in., pipe. | 73239 |  |
| Horace st. . . . . . . |  |  |  | 3165 | Built in 1891. |
| Chelsea st........... | Porter and Decatur sts. . . | $\begin{array}{r} 582.65 \\ \\ 514.40 \end{array}$ | 18-in., pipe. <br> $3 \mathrm{ft} . \times 4 \mathrm{ft} .$, wood. | 1,810 84 | Rebuilding. |
| Cottage st. | Maverick and Porter sts. . | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}308.10 \\ 102.90 \\ 255.90\end{array}\right.$ | $\left.\begin{array}{l}2 \mathrm{ft.} 4 \mathrm{in} . \times 3 \mathrm{ft.}, \text { wood. } \\ 2 \mathrm{ft.} 4 \mathrm{in.} \times 4 \mathrm{ft},{ }^{\prime}, 4 \\ 2 \mathrm{ft} .4 \mathrm{in} . \times 3 \mathrm{ft} .6 \mathrm{in} ., \text { brick. }\end{array}\right\}$ | 7,020 14 |  |
| Homer and Byron sts. |  |  |  | 6159 | Built in 1891. |
| Cowper st. . . . . . . . . | Moore and Short sts..... . | 324.00 | 12-in., pipe. | 46133 |  |
| Falcon st. . . . . . . . . . Jeffries st . . . . . . . | Everett st. and No. 11 Jef- |  |  | 8650 | Built in 1891. |
| Lamson st. . . . . . . . | fries st. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 156.70 | 15-in., pipe. | $\begin{aligned} & 26668 \\ & 25691 \end{aligned}$ | Work just begun. |



The cost of this work is included in the amount expended for building culverts, etc.

Work done for and paid by Paving Division, East Boston.

| Street. | Catch-Basins. |  | Manholes. |  | Sewers. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Built. | Repaired. | Built. | Repaired. | Length in Feet. | Size. |
| Falcon st. | 2 |  |  | 3 |  |  |
| Border st. | 4 |  |  | 4 |  |  |
| No. Ferry . . . | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Bennington st |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |
| Leyden st.... | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Butler ave.. | 2 |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}337.7 \\ 209.7\end{array}\right\}$ | 18-in. pipe 12-in. pipe |

Summary.
12 catch-basins built.
5 ، repaired.
7 manholes
،
547.40 feet of storm-sewer built.
Seuers built hetueen February 1, 1892, and February 1, 1893, by the City, either by Contract or by Day Labor.

Brighton. - Continued.

| Locality. |  | Length in Feet. | Dimensions and Material. | Cost. | Remarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Built in | Between |  |  |  |  |
| Brought forward.. | ........ ... |  |  | \$15,497 74 |  |
| Salt Creek regulator and sewer ........ |  |  |  | 1,033 38 | Just started. |
| Washington st. . . . . | $\left\{\begin{array}{c}\text { Sliepard st. and Nantas- } \\ \text { ket ave. . . . . . . . }\end{array}\right\}$ | 772.80 | 15-in., pipe. | 1,773 84 | About 25 c. $y$. of rock excavated. |
| Western ave....... | At Market st. . . . . . . . . . . | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}34.31 \\ 21.92\end{array}\right.$ | $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { 18-in., pipe. } \\ \text { 18-in., pipe. }\end{array}\right\}$ |  | neer. Connection with Metropolitan Sewer. Rebuilt: one sump and one regulator manhole. |
| Western ave........ | Near Everett st. | $\left\{\begin{array}{r}9.33 \\ 10.50 \\ 92.20\end{array}\right.$ | $\left.\begin{array}{l} \text { 4-ft. circ., brick. } \\ 24 \text {-in., pipe. } \\ 15 \cdot \text { in., pipe. } \end{array}\right\}$ | 55110 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { One sump, one regulator manhole, and } \\ \text { one tide-gate chamber. Also connec- } \\ \text { tion made with Met. Sewer. Partial } \\ \text { cost; to be paid for by City Engineer. } \end{array}\right.$ |
| Wicklow st. . . . . . . . | N. Beacon and Market sts. | 1,374.38 | 12-in., pipe. | 2,579 99 | Built by contract. |
|  | Total. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 7,675.06 |  | \$21,436 05 |  |
| 22 new catch-basins and connections built, and 9 repaired $\ldots \ldots . . . \begin{aligned} & \text {. }\end{aligned}$ Less amount furnished by Paving Division ........................... 31936 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 4,129 81 |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\$ 25,56586$ |  |

Sewers built between February 1, 1892, and February 1, 1893, by Private Parties.



## Work done for and paid by Paving Division, Brighton.



Summary.
3 catch-basins built.

## South Boston.

Sewers built between February 1, 1892, and February 1, 1893, by the City, either by Contract or by Day Labor.


## Work done for and paid by Paving Division, South Boston.



Summart.
44 catch-basins built.
12 "، repaired.
3 manholes built.
1 manhole repaired.

City Document No. 34.
Dorchester.
Sewers built between February 1, 1S92, and February 1, 1S93, by the City, either by Contract or Day Labor.



Dorchester. - Continued.

| Locality. |  | Length in Feet. | Dimensions and Material. | Cost. | Remarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Built in | Between |  |  |  |  |
| Brought forward.. |  |  |  | , \$56,593 84 | Some rock. Contract. |
| $\left.\begin{array}{c} \text { Private land and } \\ \text { Charles st...... } \end{array}\right\}$ | Westville st. and Geneva ave.. | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} 111.67 \\ 263.98 \end{array}\right.$ | $2 \mathrm{ft} .3 \mathrm{in}. \times 2 \mathrm{ft}$.11 in ., brick. 24 -in., pipe. | ) |  |
| Westville st. ........ | Geneva ave. and Draper st. | $\left\{\begin{array}{r} 364.76 \\ 319.65 \\ 237.55 \\ 12.60 \end{array}\right.$ | 12-in., pipe. |  |  |
| Charles st........... | Existing sewer and Freeman st................... |  | 15 -in., pipe. <br> 12-in., pipe. | - |  |
| Wrentham st. ....... | Dracut st. and summit of hill | $624.43$ | 12-in., pipe. | 1,234 65 |  |
| Fifty-seven new paired, and one Less amount furn | catch-basins and connecti stone culvert built ...... shed by Paving Division . |  | d twenty-three re$\$ 6,73355$ 5,985 50 | \$66,883 46 |  |
| Total . |  |  |  | \$67,631 51 |  |

Sewers built between February 1, 1892, and February 1, 1893, by Private Parties.

15 -in., pipe.
15 -in., pipe.
12 -in., pipe.
12 -in., pipe.
12 -in., pipe.
12 -in., pipe.
15 -in., pipe.
12 -in., pipe.
15 -in., pipe.


.


 1ソ-in., pipe.




 $\stackrel{\dot{\circ}}{\Xi}$

294.05
159.90
 6
0
8
0
$\infty$


City Document No. 34.
Dorchester. - Continued.
Sewers built between February 1, 1892, and February 1, 1893, by Private Parties.


\footnotetext{
Surface Drains and Culverts built between February 1, 1892, and February 1, 1893, by the City, either by Contract or Day Labor.

| Bailey st.......... | Dorchester ave. and Washington st................. | 442.43 | 12-in., pipe. |  | Rock. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dorchester ave. ... | Culvert, near King st. and Welles ave.. | 332.48 | 18-in., pipe. |  |  |
| Dorchester ave. . | Tenean brook to Park st.. | 174.00 75.00 | 18-in., pipe. 10 -in., pipe. |  |  |


The cost of this work is included in the amount expended for building culverts, etc.
Dorchester. - Concluded.
and February 1, 1893, by the City, either by Contract or Day Labor.

| Locality. |  | Length in Feet. | Dimensions and Material. |  | Remarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Built in | Between |  |  |  |  |
| Adams st. . . | Near Gibson st. . . . . . . . | 16.50 | 24-in., pipe. | ... ... ... | Sewer overflow. |
| Armandine st. | 350 ft from Washington st. | 61.00 | double set, 24 -in., pipe. | ... ........ |  |
| Ashmont st... | 250 ft . west of Adams st. .. | 50.00 | $3 \mathrm{ft} . \times 3 \mathrm{ft} .4 \mathrm{in}$., stone. |  |  |
| Bailey st... | Extension of old culvert... | 43.90 | $4 \mathrm{ft} . \times 3 \mathrm{ft} .6$ in., stone. |  |  |
| Melville ave. | Bourneside ave. and Upland ave. | 50.00 | $3 \mathrm{ft} . \times 3 \mathrm{ft}$., stone. |  |  |
| Park st. .... | Bourneside ave. and Upland ave. | 41.00 | $3 \mathrm{ft} . \times 3 \mathrm{ft} 4 \mathrm{in} .,$. stonc. |  |  |
| Rill st. | 165 ft from Hancock st. .. | 40.00 | $3 \mathrm{ft} . \times 3 \mathrm{ft} .4$ in., stone. |  |  |
| Trull st. | 165 ft . from Hancock st. | 41.00 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}4 \mathrm{ft.} 6 \mathrm{in} . \times 2 \mathrm{ft} .4 \mathrm{in} ., \text { stone. } \\ 3 \mathrm{ft.} \times 3 \mathrm{ft.} 4 \mathrm{in} ., \text { stone. }\end{array}\right.$ |  |  |
|  |  | 343.40 |  |  |  |

The cost of this work is included in the amount expended for building culverts, etc.
Work done for and paid by Paving Division, Dorchester.

Roxbury.

| Locality. |  | Length in Feet. | Dimensions and Material. | Cost. | Remarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Built in | Between |  |  |  |  |
| Brookline ave. ..... | Across Muddy river. | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}168.78 \\ 108.00\end{array}\right.$ | $\left.\begin{array}{l} \text { 24-in., pipe. } \\ 24-\text { in., iron pipe. } \end{array}\right\}$ | \$4,765 31 | Coffer dam and pumping. |
| Beacon st. | Brookline ave. and Raleigh st... | 112.73 | 15-in., pipe. | 2,965 89 | removed which lay in <br> line of trench. <br> Bills brought over from |
| Beacon st. .......... | Raleigh st. and Charlesgate West . | 409.40 | $2 \mathrm{ft} .6 \mathrm{in} . \times 3 \mathrm{ft}$., brick. | 4,028 32 | ( previous year. |
| Craw ford st. | Holland st. and top of hill. | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}218.09 \\ 390.60\end{array}\right.$ | $\left.\begin{array}{l} 12 \text {-in., pipe. } \\ 10 \text {-in., pipe. } \end{array}\right\}$ | 2,895 55 | Some rock. |
| Creighton st......... | Day st. and Centre st...... | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}312.90 \\ 380.52\end{array}\right.$ | $\left.\begin{array}{l} 15 \text {-in., pipe. } \\ 12 \text {-in., pipe. } \end{array}\right\}$ | 1,194 28 | A little rock. |
| $\left.\begin{array}{c} \text { Carlisle st. and pri- } \\ \text { vate land ....... } \end{array}\right\}$ | Carlisle st. and Galena st. . | - 263.71 | 10-in., pipe. | 1,277 49 | Some rock and heavy bank wall to pierce. |
| Centre st............ | Gardner st. and Linwood st., | 360.71 | 12-in., pipe. | 1,417 04 | Considerable rock. (*Paid by Paving Division. |
| Commonwealth ave. . | Beacon st. and Essex st. .. | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}2,492.00 \\ 3,490.02\end{array}\right.$ | 32 in. $\times 42$ in., brick. 18-in., pipe. | $\begin{aligned} & 23,74595 \\ & 11,842 \quad 15 \end{aligned}$ | Gravel refill. <br> *Paid by Paving Division. Concrete foundation and pipe encased in concrete. |
| Centre st........... 1)orchester brook... | Wyman st. and Forbes st. . . Clapp st. and Norfolk ave.. | $\begin{aligned} & 390.66 \\ & 484.47 \end{aligned}$ | 12-in., pipe. <br> $13 \mathrm{ft} . \times 9$ ft., brick. | $\begin{array}{r} 75777 \\ 25,26735 \end{array}$ | Built by contract. Pile foundation. |
| 1) ${ }^{\text {archester brook.... }}$ Fulda st. . . . . . . | Clapp st. and Norfolk ave.. Valentine st. and Highl'd st. | $\begin{aligned} & 484.47 \\ & 109.76 \end{aligned}$ | $13 \mathrm{ft} . \times 9 \mathrm{ft} .$, brick. 12-in., pipe. | $\begin{array}{r} 25,26735 \\ 32764 \end{array}$ | *Paid by Paving Division. |








Roxbury, - Concluded.

| Locality. |  | Dimensions and Material. | Cost. | Remarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Built in | Between |  |  |  |
| Brought forward.. | Iman park Walnut |  | \$123,288 10 |  |
| Townsend st. ........ |  | 15-in., pipe. 12-in., pipe. | $\begin{aligned} & 3,04342 \\ & 1,70446 \end{aligned}$ | \} Much rock. |
| Vila st. | Back Bay Fens and Longwood ave................. 50.00 | 24-in. circ., brick. | 71526 | Pile foundation. |
| Worthington st. . . . . | $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Longwood ave. and Tre- } \\ \text { mont st................... }\end{array}\right\} 9902.73$ | 12-in., pipe. | 1,419 68 | Built by contract. |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 44 new catch-basins and connections built, and 84 repaired ....................... \$8,990 23 Less amount furnished by Paving Division ............. ............................... 5,816 . 69 |  |  | \$94,255 18 |  |
|  |  |  | 3,173 54 |  |
|  |  |  | \$97,428 72 |  |

Sewers built between February 1, 1892, and February 1, 1893, by Private Parties.


| Holborn st. | Galena st. and Blue Hill ave. .... ............. | 158.07 | 12-in., pipe. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hutehings st......... | Humboldt ave. and Harold st. | 666.22 | 12-in., pipe. |
| Hammett ave. | Sarsfield st. and. | 199.96 | 12-in., pipe. |
| Intervale st. | Blue Hill ave. and Warren st. ... ................. | 440.07 | 12-in., pipe. |
| Julian ave. | Dorchester-brook sewer and Rand st. | 4.93 | 10-in., pipe. |
| Parker st. . . . . . | Heath $\begin{gathered}\text { st. and Bromley } \\ \text { park }\end{gathered}$................... | 364.32 | 12-in., pipe. |
| Private st. | Blue Hill ave. and Gaston st. .................... | 7.60 | 12-in., pipe. |
| Passageway. | Off Gainsboro' st. | 88.00 | 10-in., pipe. |
| Private st. | Day st. and Riverdale park | 290.19 | 12-in., pipe. |
| Pontine st.... . | Norfolk ave. and Clifton st. | 367.00 | 12-in., pipe. |
| Shepherd ave........ |  | 190.47 | 10-in., pipe. |
| Willow park and passageway .......... | Williams st. and Shawmut ave. | 450.98 | 12-in., pipe. |
|  |  | 3,956.25 |  |

Surface Drains built between February 1, 1892, and February 1, 1893, by the City.

| Commonwealth ave., | Beacon st. and Essex st. | $\left\{\begin{array}{r}206.50 \\ 1,103.50 \\ 6.00\end{array}\right.$ | 24-in., pipe. 15-in., pipe. 12-in., pipe. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1,316.00 |  |

The cost of this work is included in work done for and paid by Paving Division.

Work done for and paid by Paving Division, Roxbury.

| Street. | Catch-Basins. |  | Manholes. |  | Sewers. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Built. | Repaired. | Built. | Repaired. | Length in Feet. | Size. |
| Magazine st. ... | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Halleck st. . . . . . | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Creighton st..... | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cabot st. . . . . . . . |  | 2 |  | 4 |  |  |
| Prentiss st. . .... | 1 | 4 |  | 4 |  |  |
| Texas st. | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Smith st. . . . . . | 3 |  |  | 3 |  |  |
| Dudley st. . . . . | 1 |  | - | . | 90 rep'd. |  |
| Blue Hill ave.... | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Walnut ave. .... | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gaston and Galena sts. ...... | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cherry st.. | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kemble st. . . | 4 |  | 4 |  |  |  |
| Harrishoff st..... | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Carlisle st....... | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Worthington st., | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Conant st. . . . . . | 1 | 5 |  | 1 |  |  |
| Brunswick and Intervale sts.. | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Washington st... |  | 6 |  |  |  |  |
| Fulda st......... | 1 |  |  |  | 109.76 | 12-in., pipe. |
| Eustis st. . . . . . | 2 |  | 2 |  |  |  |

Summary.
36 catch-basins built.
17 "، repaired.
6 manholes built.
12 "، repaired.
199.76 feet of sewer built and repaired.
West Roxbury.
Sewers built between February 1, 1892, and February 1, 1893, by the City, either by Contract or Day Labor.

West Roxbury. - Concluded.

| Locality. |  | Length in Feet. | Dimensions and Material. | Cost. | Remarks. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Built in | Between |  |  |  |  |
| Brought forward.. |  | . . . . . . ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | ........................ | \$18,983 38 |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Roslindale and } \\ \text { West Roxbury } \\ \text { Trunk Sewer. } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| In private land of |  | - |  |  |  |
| also land of Julia | Central station and Beech | $\} \begin{array}{r}559.96 \\ 837.99\end{array}$ | 2 ft. 4 in. $\times 3$ ft. 6 in., brick. | \} 13,75318 |  |
| E. Bradford and Anna S. McCoy (between Central station and Anawan ave.), and in Anawan ave. . J | st. . | \} 837.99 | $2 \mathrm{ft} . \times 3 \mathrm{ft}$., brick. | $\} 13,750$ |  |
| $\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { Beech st., private } \\ \text { land, and Rail- } \\ \text { road ave........ }\end{array}\right\}$ | Anawan ave. and Corey st. | $\begin{array}{r} 211.55 \\ 1,168.00 \end{array}$ | 2 ft. 4 in. $\times 3 \mathrm{ft} .6$ in., brick. $2 \mathrm{ft} . \times 3 \mathrm{ft}$., brick. | $\} 13,66546$ |  |
| Washington st. . ..... | Atherton ave. and Metropolitan ave. | 350.00 | 12-in., pipe. | 50200 |  |
| Wenham st. . . . . . . . | Walkhill and Weldon sts.. | . . . . . . . |  | 9847 | Built in 1891. |
|  |  | 9,890.8\% |  | \$47,002 49 |  |
| 19 new catch-basins and connections built and 11 repaired........................ \$2,559 97 Less amount furnished by Paving Division . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 98144 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 1,578 53 |  |
|  |  |  |  | \$48,581 02 |  |

Sewers built between February 1, 1892, and February 1, 1893, by Private Parties.

The cost of this work is included in the amount expended for building culverts, etc.

## Work done for and paid by Paving Division, West Roxbury.

| Street. | Catch-Basins. |  | Manholes. |  | Culverts. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Built. | Repaired. | Built. | Repaired. |  |
| South and Hall sts.. ........... | 1 |  | . |  |  |
| Custer st........ | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| Sycamore st..... | 3 |  |  |  | $200 \mathrm{ft} ., 4 \mathrm{ft} \times 3 \mathrm{ft}$. , stone. |
| Washington st... |  | . |  | .... . . . | $23 \mathrm{ft} ., 3 \mathrm{ft} . \times 3 \mathrm{ft}$. 4 in., stone. |
| Wenham st.. .... | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| Brook channels. |  |  |  |  |  |

## Summary.

10 catch-basins built.
223 feet of culverts built.

## RECAPITULATION.

Sewers.


## Catch-Basins.



43,628 56
Improved Sewerage maintenance 96,043 18
Stony-Brook Improvement 18,811 01
Building stables and sheds, Brighton
Carried forward,


## Summary of Sewer Construction for the Twelve Months ending Jan. 31, 1893.

| District. | Built by the City, by Contract or Day Labor. <br> Feet. | Built by Private Parties. <br> Feet. | Total <br> Length built during the 12 Months ending Jan. 31, 1893. <br> Feet. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| City | 1,699.88 |  | 1,699.88 |
| Charlestown | 2,935.65 |  | 2,935.65 |
| East Boston | 7,492.70 |  | 7,492.70 |
| Brighton | 9,845.59 | 2,442.46 | 12,288.05 |
| South Boston | 755.30 | 461.82 | 1,217.12 |
| Dorchester | 19,998.25 | 11,450.49 | 31,448.74 |
| Roxbury | 17,714.86 | 3,956.25 | 21,671.11 |
| West Roxbury | 10,939.62 | 4,192.32 | 15,131.94 |
| Total. | 71,381.85 | 22,503.34 | $93,885.19$ |

249 catch-basins built.
382 6 repaired.
51 manholes built.
320 " repaired.
944,684 lineal feet of sewers flushed.
$3,037 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{yds}$. of material removed from sewers.
6,927 catch-basins cleaned.
$19,213 \mathrm{cu} . \mathrm{yds}$. of material removed from catch-basins.
1,158.19 feet of culverts built.
239 6 6 6 repaired.
There are now 349.1 miles of sewers in charge of the Sewer Division.

The amount expended by this division during the twelve months ending Jan. 31, 1893 , including the amount spent under special appropriations, was $\$ 801,879.58$.

The items of expenditure are shown in the financial statement.

Schedule of Sewers built to Date in the City of Boston.

| Wards. | Feet. | Wards. | Feet. | Wards. | Feet. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1...... | 79,801 | 10.... | 38,382 | 18. | 59,573 |  |  |
| 2. | 42,477 | 11. | 74,575 | 19... | 46,501 |  |  |
| 3 | 31,363 | 12. | 41,817 | 20.... | 100,196 |  |  |
| 4. | 40,782 | 13 | 52,179 | 21.... | 128,394 |  |  |
| 5. . . . | 39,687 | 14. | 75,097 | 22... | 99,515 |  |  |
| 6... . . | 45,434 | 15. | 46,954 | $23 .$. | 153,300 |  |  |
| 7..... | 36,779 | 16... | 31,6ะ6 | 24. . | 274,586 |  |  |
| 8..... | 18,532 | 17... | 42,765 | 25.... | 100,959 |  |  |
| 9...... | 27,119 |  |  |  | 1,728,393 | or 327.3 | iles |
| Intercepting sewers. |  |  |  |  |  | 21.8 | 6 |
| Total, |  |  |  |  |  | 349.1 | 6 |

Fall of Rain and Snow in Inches at South Yard, Albany Street, in twelve months ending January 31, 1893.


Total for twelve months, 34.51 inches.
Sewer Department, Pumping-Station.
Report of Pumping done from February 1, 1892, to January 31, 1893.

|  |  | INE 1. <br> - padund suoflen |  | gine 2. <br>  |  | GINE 3. $\begin{aligned} & \text { •poduund } \\ & \text { suol[ẹ } \end{aligned}$ |  | GINE 4. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 䓣 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1892. <br> February | $\begin{aligned} & I K .1 K . \\ & 59 \\ & \hline 9 . \end{aligned}$ | 85,151,355 | $\begin{aligned} & I T . M . \\ & 2110 \end{aligned}$ | 31,723,363 | $\begin{array}{r} I T . M . \\ 690 \\ 00 \end{array}$ | 1,013,584,140 | $\begin{array}{r} H . M r . \\ 678 \\ \hline 15 \end{array}$ | 976,962 | 2,107,421,350 | 72,669,702 | 22,965 | 10.0 | 3,164 | 33.60 | 88,981,510 | 1.12 |
| March | 17130 | 235,553,225 | 7855 | 118,802,003 | 9 | 890,369,316 | 72954 | 1,028,458,512 | 2,273,183,058 | 73,328,486 | 28,045 | 9.2 | 2,615 | 35.20 | 77,025,319 | 2.33 |
| April | 520 | 7,156,050 |  |  | 376 | 472,55 | 69605 | 928,407,168 | 1,408,120,206 | 46,937,340 | 17,620 | 10.8 | 2,664 | 35.32 | 78,742,071 | . 66 |
| May | 22000 | 317,554,184 |  |  | 568 | 775,110,27o | 73700 | 991,755,648 | 2,084,420,108 | 67,239,358 | 23,782 | 8.5 | 2,827 | 34.53 | 81,704,378 | 3.47 |
| June | 6330 | 90,452,376 |  |  | 54100 | 714, | 71300 | 949,223,844 | 1,754,035,236 | 58,467,841 | 20,766 | 7.7 | 2,816 | 34.93 | 82,306,922 | 2.21 |
| July | 11900 | 170,883,390 |  |  | 43142 | 565,637,292 | 72735 | 967,133,664 | 1,703,654,346 | 54,956,592 | 20,419 | 7.5 | 2,696 | 34.75 | 78,273,310 | 3.33 |
| August | $2 \pm 20$ | 32,883,412 |  |  | 67710 | 916,287,372 | 73235 | 1,002,474,468 | 1,951,645,252 | 62,956,298 | 21,239 | 7.5 | 2,964 | 35.63 | 88,388,240 | 4.62 |
| September, |  |  | 830 | 11,072,369 | 6264 | 836,172,864 | 67730 | 89 | 1,744,035,689 | 58,134,523 | 20,203 | 7.7 | 2,877 | 35.24 | 84,864,824 | 1.55 |
| October | 3640 | 49,231,842 | 29135 | 41 | 246 | 316,424,304 | 66120 | 902,154,096 | 1,687,243,888 | $54,427,222$ | 21,032 | 9.7 | 2,588 | 35.37 | 76,602,725 | 2.32 |
| November, | 2930 | 41,400,519 | 6800 | 99,954,801 | 678 | 912,603,888 | 60238 | 81 | 1,873,513,248 | 62,450,441 | 21,087 | 9.5 | 2,961 | 34.65 | 85,881,084 | 3.56 |
| December . | 30 | 675,273 | 5530 | 81,198,25 | 66202 | 856,421,028 | 73140 | 973,680,012 | 1,911,974,563 | 61,676,599 | 20,947 | 10.4 | 2,944 | 35.36 | 87,133,349 | 1.04 |
| $\begin{gathered} 1893 . \\ \text { January } \end{gathered}$ | 1750 | 24,128,517 | 15505 | 222,185,718 | 70935 | 979,118,100 | 71635 | 967,952,592 | 2,193,384,927 | 70,754,352 | 24,171 | 9.7 | 2,927 | 35.58 | 87,164,188 | 1.34 |
| Totals | 74600 | 1,055,070,143 | 67845 | 984,370,152 | 6,837 $3 \pm$ | 9,249,644,584 | 8,404 37 | 11,404,546,992 | 22,692,631,871 | 61,999,896 | 21,856 | 9.02 | 2,837 | 35.01 | 83,085,993 | 27.55 |

The following is a record of sludge received in and removed from deposit sewers for twelve months ending January 31, 1893 :

| February |  | Received. |  | Removed. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | . . | 390 | cubic yards. |  | cubic yards. |
| March | . | 352 | 6 | 398 |  |
| A pril | . . | 469 | '6 | 478 | - |
| May | . - | 753 | 6 | 550 | - |
| June | . . | 1,114 | " | 470 | - 6 |
| July | . - | 454 | 6 | 703 | '6 |
| August . | . . | 971 | '6 | 785 | ' |
| September | . $\cdot$ | 536 | '6 | 705 | " |
| October . | . . | 527 | 6 | 550 | ، |
| November | . . | 672 | 6 | 399 | - |
| December | . . | 246 | 6 | 558 | ، |
| January | . - | 230 | 6 | 396 | - |
|  |  | 6,714 | ، | 6,466 | -• |

## Property in Charge of the Sewer Division.

Sewer yard, with buildings, at 678 Albany street.
Sewer yard, with building, on North Grove street.
Sewer yard, on Gibson street, Dorchester, with buildings. This is Gibson School-fund land. The buildings were erected by the Sewer Department.

Sewer yard, with shed, on Boylston street, Jamaica Plain.
Small lot of land on Stony brook, corner of Centre street, Ward 21.

Gatehouse on Stony brook, Pynchon street, built in 1889.
Sewer yard, with buildings, on Rutherford avenue, Charlestown.
Sewer yard, with buildings, corner Paris and Marion streets.
Sewer yard, with buildings, on East Chester park, near Albany street.

A small shed on Cypress street, Ward 9, on land hired by the city.

Sewer yard, with buildings, on Western avenue, Ward 25.
Summary of Sewer Construction for Six Years.

|  | 1887. | 1888. | 1889. | 1890. | 1891. | 1892. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Feet. | Feet. | Feet. | Feet. | Feet. | Feet. |
| Built by city, by contract or day labor. Built by private parties.............. | $\begin{array}{r} 63,062.79 \\ 8,932.23 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34,633.81 \\ & 44,368.47 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30,003.03 \\ & 13,191.45 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24,200.25 \\ & 17,218.10 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 59,250.18 \\ & 20,714.24 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 71,318.46 \\ & 22,566.73 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total number of feet built. | 71,995.02 | 49,002.28 | 43,194.48 | 41,418.35 | 79,964.42 | 93,885.19 |

## Brookline-Avenue Improved Sewerage Comection.

Labor ..... $\$ 2,668 \quad 15$
16,700 brick ..... 17400
141 bbls. cement ..... 18782
39 double loads sand ..... 7800
52 double loads screenings ..... 9800
44 double loads gravel ..... 8325
114 double loads clay ..... 22800
4 manhole frames and covers ..... 5369
42 manhole steps ..... 2310
Teaming ..... 42300
9,755 feet lumber ..... 15998
183 feet pipe ..... 21577
Bends, etc. ..... 43
Regulator ..... 24625
Iron pipe ..... 1950
8 tous coal ..... 3560
Hardware, tools, and blacksmithing ..... 7077

## Size and Length of Sewer.

### 168.78 feet of 24 -in. drain pipe.

 108 feet of $24-\mathrm{in}$. iron pipe.The cost of this sewer and the amount of work done is a continuation of the cost and work done in 1891.

## Townsend Street.

Labor ..... \$2,105 35
2,030 brick ..... 2030
13 bbls. cement ..... 1569
1 manbole frame and cover ..... 1175
10 manhole steps ..... 550
Powder ..... 15395
Teaming ..... 23888
3.773 feet lumber ..... 6188
183 feet pipe ..... 7396
Branches, bends, etc. ..... 4430
Tools and blacksmithing ..... 254 5:
9 tons coal ..... 4681
Miscellaneous supplies ..... 10 5:
$\$ 3,04342$
Size and Length of Sewer.
Centre Street, between Orchard Street and May Street.
Labor$\$ 5,01881$
177,436 brick ..... 1,94048
423 bbls. cement ..... 50479
2 donble loads sand ..... 216
6 manhole frames and covers ..... 7050
Teaming ..... 4200
2.554 feet lumber ..... 4278
15 feet pipe ..... 492
Branches, bends, etc. ..... 2082
Profiles, centres, etc. ..... $44 \quad 07$
3,000 lbs. coal ..... 821
Blacksmithing ..... 1065
Miscellaneous supplies ..... 478
\$7,714 ..... 97
Size and Length of Sewer. 1,700 feet of $2 \mathrm{ft} .6 \mathrm{in} . \times 3 \mathrm{ft} .3 \mathrm{in}$, brick.

## Norfolk Avenue.

Labor ..... $\$ 11,76983$
245,850 brick ..... 2,458 50
871 bbls. cement ..... 1,037 02
313 double loads sand ..... 56340
100 double loads screenings ..... 13500
317 double loads stone ..... 42795
6 manhole steps ..... 330
Teaming ..... 85700
46,990 feet lumber ..... 78136
Profiles, centres, etc. ..... 74726
217 feet pipe ..... 3204
Branches, bends, etc. ..... 1623
Miscellaneous supplies ..... 16074
Hire of trench machine ..... 24060
Hire of engine and derrick ..... 56575
Pile-driving ..... 92022
$36 \frac{3}{10}$ tons coal ..... 20129
Tide gate ..... 3850$\$ 20,95599$

Size and Length of Sewer.
517.51 feet of $8 \mathrm{ft} .6 \mathrm{in} . \times 8 \mathrm{ft}$, brick.

## Dorchester-Brook Sewer.


Brought forward. ..... \$18,299 92
418 double loads sand ..... 75240
132 donble loads screenings ..... 17820
18 manhole steps ..... 990
278 double loads stone ..... 37530
Profiles, centres, etc. ..... 27090
Teaming ..... 1,17750
Tools, supplies, and hardware ..... 35656
118,838 feet lunber ..... 1,995 62
646 feet pipe ..... 12403
Branches, bends, etc. ..... 300
Hire of derrick, engine, and box ..... 50500
Pile-driving ..... 67584
64 tons coal ..... 31375
Blacksmithing ..... 2734
Miscellaneous supplies ..... 20209$\$ 25,26735$
Size and Length of Sewer.
484.47 feet of $13 \mathrm{ft} . \times 9 \mathrm{ft} .$, brick.
The cost of this sewer and the amount of work done is a continuation of the cost and work done during the year 1891.

## Washington Street, Cohasset Street, and Private Land.


158,500 brick ..... 5020094 double loads sand11454
96 double loads gravel11813
24 manhole steps18637
Teaming$30 \quad 54$
13,022 feet lumber11175
Branches, bends, etc.60060
Hire of engine ..... 58885
Miscellaneous supplies$\$ 13,75318$

Size and Length of Sewer.
559.96 fect of $2 \mathrm{ft} .4 \mathrm{in} . \times 3 \mathrm{ft} .6$ in., brick. 837.99 feet of $2 \mathrm{ft} . \times 3 \mathrm{ft}$. brick.

The cost of this sewer and amount of work done is a continuation of the cost and work done during the year 1891.

## Railroad Avenue.



Size and Length of Sewer.
211.55 feet of $2 \mathrm{ft} .4 \mathrm{in} . \times 3 \mathrm{ft} .6 \mathrm{in} .$, brick. 1,168 feet of 2 ft . $\times 3 \mathrm{ft}$., brick.

## Huntington Avenue.



Size and Length of Sewer.
523.29 feet of $2 \mathrm{ft} .4 \mathrm{in} . \times 3 \mathrm{ft} .6$ in., brick. 465.68 feet of $2 \mathrm{ft} . \times 3 \mathrm{ft}$., brick.

## Commonwealth Avenue.

## (Pipe Sewer.)



Size and Length of Sewer. 3,490 feet of 18 -in. pipe.

## (Brick Sewer.)

| Labor | . . | . |  | \$11,049 80 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 348,550 brick | - . | - |  | 3,483 00 |
| $1,424 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{bbls}$. cement | . . | - |  | 1,660 21 |
| 243 double loads sand | . - | - |  | 48505 |
| 548 double loads screenings | . ${ }^{\text {- }}$ | - |  | 98175 |
| 240 double loads gravel . | . ${ }^{\text {. }}$ | - |  | 39460 |
| 10 mauhole frames and covers |  | - |  | 11750 |
| 42 manhole steps | . $\quad$ | . |  | 2310 |
| Teaming . | . ${ }^{\text {. }}$ | - |  | 3,499 (00 |
| Lumber, profiles, etr. | . - | - |  | 45261 |
| 1,666 feet pipe . | . . | . |  | 19010 |
| Branches, bends, etc. | . . |  |  | 2422 |
| 41 tons coal | . ${ }^{\text {. }}$ | . |  | 20420 |
| Trench machine and engine live | . . | . |  | 96400 |
| Miscellaneous supplies | - - | - |  | 21681 |
|  |  |  |  | \$23,745 95 |

Size and Length of Sewer.
2,492 feet of $32 \mathrm{in} . \times 42 \mathrm{in} .$, brick.

## Elm Road and Ashmont Street, Dorchester.

D. O'Connell, contractor . . . . . $\$ 2,32444$

Inspection . . . . . . . . 15050
G\%. 000 lrick . . . . . . . . 74750
206 bhls. cement . . . . . . . 2554
万 manhole frimes and covers . . . . . 5875
1,201 feet pipe . . . . . . . 28201
Branches, bents, etc. . . . . . . 11097

Size and Length of Sewer.

### 356.42 feet, $2 \mathrm{ft} . \times 3$ ft., brick.

350.86 feet, 15 in., pipe.
476.06 feet, $12 \mathrm{in} .$, pipe.

## Savin Hill Avenue.



Size and Length of Sewer.

$$
45.04 \text { feet, } 1 \mathrm{ft} .8 \text { in. } \times 2 \mathrm{ft.} 6 \text { in., brick. }
$$ 593.72 feet, 15 in., pipe.

Topliff Street.
Labor . . . . . . . . : \$2,468 11
9,200 brick . . . . . . . . 9485
$30 \frac{1}{2}$ bbls. cement . . . . . . . 3629
3 double loads sand . . . . . . 540
4 double loads gravel . . . . . . 660
6 manhole frames and covers . . . . . 7050
$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Powder } \\ \text { Fuse }\end{array}\right\}$. . . . . . . . 4978
$\underset{\text { Taps }}{\text { Caming }}{ }^{\text {C }}$. . . . . . 17400
1,183 feet pipe . . . . . . . 37165
Branches, bends, etc. . . . . . . 12100
$\$ 3,398 \quad 18$
Size and Length of Sewer.
375.80 feet, 15 in., pipe.
952.44 feet, 12 in., pipe.

## Park Street.

D. O'Connell, contracter . . . . . $\$ 3,71878$

Inspection . . . . . . . . 28100
106,100 brick . . . . . . . 95490
310 bbls. cement . . . . . . . 36470
5 manhole frames and covers . . . . . 5875
Teaming . . . . . . . . 1800
1,135 feet pipe . . . . . . . 31868
Branches, bentls, etc. . . . . . . 13330

Size and Length of Sewer.
745.16 feet, $2 \mathrm{ft} . \times 3 \mathrm{ft}$., brick. 588.45 feet, 18 in., pipe.

## Englewood Avenue.



Size and Length of Sewer. 1,217.29 feet, 30 in. $\times 36$ in., brick. 398.80 feet, 15 in ., pipe.

## Poplar Street, West Roxbury.

Labor
\$2,562 02
116,750 brick . . . . . . . 1,401 00
269 bbls. cement . . . . . . . 33298
Sand . . . . . . . . . 7884
7 manhole frames and enver. . . . . 8225
Powder )
$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Fuse } \\ \text { Caps }\end{array}\right\} \quad . \quad . \quad . \quad . \quad . \quad . \quad . \quad 1125$

Teaming . . . . . . . . 11400
3,294 feet lumber . . . . . . . 5517
357 feet pipe . . . . . . . . 8970
Branches, bends, etc. . . . . . . 187 . 4
Niscellaneous supplies . . . . . . 2681

Size and Length of Sewer.
868.84 feet, $2 \mathrm{ft} . \times 3 \mathrm{ft}$., brick.
176.30 feet, 15 in., pipe.
459.54 feet, 12 in., pipe.

## Saratoga Street.

Labor . . . . . . . . . $\$ 2,03561$
161,000 brick . . . . . . . 1,61000

564 $\frac{1}{2}$ bbls. cement . . . . . . . 72031
158 tons sand . . . . . . . 27575
200 double loads gravel . . . . . . 40000
6 manhole frames and covers . . . . . 7050
40 manhole steps . . . . . . . 2200
Teaming . . . . . . . . 39500
10,300 feet lumber . . . . . . 17695
788 feet pipe . . . . . . . . 25818
Branches, bends, etc. . . . . . . 9500
15 tons coal . . . . . . . . 7620
Miscellaneous supplies . . . . . . 1625

Less excavated material sold . . . . | $\$ 6,15175$ |
| ---: |
| 7500 |
| $\overline{\$ 6,076} 75$ |

Size and Length of Sewer.
872.24 feet, $2 \mathrm{ft} .10 \mathrm{in} . \times 4 \mathrm{ft} .3$ in., brick. 303.37 feet, 18 in., pipe.
354.80 feet, 12 in., pipe.

## Armandine Street.

Collins \& Ham, contractors : . . . . \$3,781 78
Inspection . . . . . . . . 47250
$\quad 1,500$ brick . . . . . . . . 51500
113 bbls. cement . . . . . . . 13334
2 manhole frames and covers . . . . . 23 弓0
510 feet pipe . . . . . . . . 10727
Brauches, bends, etc. . . . . . . 1667
Size $\$$

Size and Length of Sewer.
112 feet, $2 \mathrm{ft} .4 \mathrm{in} . \times 3 \mathrm{tt} .6 \mathrm{in}$., brick.
284 feet, $2 \mathrm{ft} . \times 3 \mathrm{ft}$., brick.
Hutchinson and Brook Streets and Dorchester Avenue.
Labor
$\$ 4,51964$
141,050 brick . . . . . . . 1,421 50
315 bbls. cement
38305
Brought forward, ..... $\$ 6,32419$
50 double loads sand ..... $90 \quad 00$
$\check{5}$ single loads rubble stone ..... 375
6 manhole frames and covers ..... 70 50
Powder, etc. ..... 2277
Teaming ..... 16350
15,290 feet lumber ..... 25075
1,424 feet pipe ..... 20710
Branches, bends, etc. ..... $2+71$
$1,035.27$ feet, $30 \mathrm{in} . \times 36$ in., brick.
$\$ 7,15727$
Size and Length of Sewer.
Beacon Street (Raleigh to Charlesgate west).
Labor ..... $\$ 1,890 \quad 82$
53,155 brick ..... 5315 5ั
$252 \frac{1}{4}$ bbls. cement ..... 28893
$56{ }_{\frac{7}{12}}$ double loads sand ..... 11458
51 double loads gravel ..... 8925
76 double loads screenings ..... 13300
3 manhole frames and covers ..... 3525
Teaming ..... 54150
Lumber ..... 13002
142 feet pipe ..... 1385
Branches, bends, etc. ..... 607
Trench machine and engine hire ..... 18500
7 tons coal ..... 3690
Blacksmithing ..... 3160
Size and Length of Stwer.
409.41 feet, $2 \mathrm{ft} .6 \mathrm{in} . \times 3 \mathrm{ft}$, brick.
Cottage-Street Ontlet.
Labor ..... \$1,4055 88
41,500 brick ..... 41500
197 bbls. cement ..... 22852
50 tons sand ..... 8750
13112 double loads gravel ..... 26300
1 manhole frame and corer ..... 1175
6 manhole steps ..... 330
Teaming ..... 23500
104,148 feet lumber ..... 1,74448
60 feet pipe ..... $20 \quad 59$
Branches, bends, etc. ..... 642
Pile-driving ..... 1,403 85
Bolts and washers (galvanized) ..... 1,059 65
Hardware and supplies ..... 64 65
4 tons coal ..... 2055

Size and Length of Sewer.
514.41 feet, $3 \mathrm{ft} . \times 4 \mathrm{ft}$., wood.
308.10 feet, 2 ft. 4 in. $\times 3$ ft., wood. 102.90 feet, $2 \mathrm{ft} .4 \mathrm{in} . \times 4 \mathrm{ft}$., wood. 255.90 feet, 2 ft .4 in. $\times 3 \mathrm{ft} .6$ in., brick.

## Randolph Street.

Labor . . . . . . . . . $\$ 2,96356$
12,300 brick . . . . . . . . 12300

60 bbls. cement . . . . . . . 7344
Sand . . . . . . . . . 1575
Gravel . . . . . . . . . 11499
7 manhole frames and covers . . . . 8225
56 manhole steps . . . . . . . 3080
Teaming . . . . . . . . 51900
Lumber . . . . . . . . 19929
1,140 feet pipe . . . . . . . 31490
Branches, bends, etc. . . . . . . 10852
Miscellaneous supplies . . . . . . 449
$\$ 4,54999$
Size and Lengtl of Sewer.
827.49 feet, 12 in., pipe.

Sewer Outlet, 1 and Auchor Streets.
A. A. Hall, contractor . . . . . . $\$ 9,14129$

Inspection . . . . . . . . 35500
3 manhole frames and covers . . . . 3544
20 manhole steps . . . . . . . 1100
1 ton coal . . . . . . . . 485
\$9,.547 58
Size and Length of Sewer.
529 feet, $5 \mathrm{ft} . \times 4 \mathrm{ft}$., wood.
The cost of this sewer and the amount of work done is a continuation of the cost and work done during the year 1891.

Lawrence Avenue and Maguolia Street.
Labor . . . . . . . . . \$2,627 19
2,150 brick . . . . . . . . 2158
9 bbls. cement . . . . . . . 1086
Sand . . . . . . . . . 460
2 manhole frames and covers . . . . . 2350
5 manhole steps . . . . . . . 275
450 lbs . powder . . . . . . . 16200
500 caps . . . . . . . . 2020
Carried forward,
$\$ 2,87268$
Brought forward, ..... $\$ 2,87268$
Teaming ..... 27300
156 feet pipe ..... 4576
Branches, bends, etc. ..... 5608
Blacksmithing ..... 20050
Miscellaneous supplies ..... 881$\$ 3,45683$
Size and Length of Sewer.
566.90 feet, 12 -in. pipe.
The cost of this sewer and the amount of work done is a con-tinuation of the cost and work done during the year 1891.
Rena and North Harvard Streets.
Labor ..... $\$ 3.34675$
16,870 brick ..... 16170
$64 \frac{1}{2}$ bbls. cement ..... 7989
$7 \frac{1}{2}$ double loads sand ..... 1445
6 manhole frames and covers ..... 7700
14 manhole steps ..... 770
Teaming ..... 14250
Lumber ..... 126 92
2,564 feet pipe ..... 83451
Branches, bends, cte. ..... 21535
1 set regulator stones ..... 5000
13 tons coal ..... 6016
Miscellaneons supplies ..... 5123
$\$ 5,168 \quad 16$

Size and Length of Sewer.
345.45 feet, 15 -in. pipe.

The cost of this sewer and amount of work done is a continuation of the cost and work done during the year 1891.

Ashmont, Washington, and Armandine Streets.

Labor
$\$ 4.35914$
128,650 brick . . . . . . . 1,31663
270 bbls . cement 31860
67 donble loads sand $\}$
24 tons sand $\quad$
2 manhole frames and covers . . . . . 2350
150 lh . powder . . . . . . . 5400
1,200 feet fuse . . . . . . . 581
388 caps . . . . . . . . 485
Teaming . . . . . . . . 16050
764 feet pipe, branches. hemols, etc. . . . 8.6 .6
Batackmithing and repairs of tools . . . . 31060

## Size and Length of Sewer.

469 feet, 2 ft. 4 . in. $\times 3$ ft. 6 in., brick. 100 feet, $2 \mathrm{ft} . \times 3 \mathrm{ft}$., brick.

The cost of this sewer and the amount of work done is a continuation of the cost and work done during the year 1891.

## Westrille, Freeman, and Charles Streets.

Labor . . . . . . . . . §4, 110 i5
214,500 brick . . . . . . . 2,214 33
438 blls. cement . . . . . . . 51732

120 double loads sand \}
29 tons sand $\} \quad . \quad . \quad . \quad 24470$
〕 double loads gravel . . . . . . 82 25

17 manhole frames and covers . . . . 19975
1 lamphole hydrant frame and cover . . . 619
Powder
Fuse $\}$. . . . . . . . 712
Caps
Teaming . . . . . . . . 23400
2,2гั0 feet pipe . . . . . . . $1,0 \check{2} 622$
Branches, bends, etc. . . . . . . 26094
Blacksmithing . . . . . . . 19520
\$9,054 97
Size and Length of Sewer.
111.67 feet, 2 ft. 3 in. $\times 2$ ft. 11 in., brick.
263.98 feet, 24 in., pipe.
386.01 feet, 18 in., pipe.
319.65 feet, 15 in., pipe.
602.31 feet, 12 in., pipe.
12.60 feet, 12 in ., iron pipe.

The cost of this sewer and the amount of work done is a continuation of the cost and work done during the year 1891.

## APPENDIX E.

## REPORT OF THE DEPUTY SUPERINTENDENT OF THE STREET-CLEANING DIVISION.

> Street Department, Street-Cleaning Division, 14 Beacon St., Boston, Feb. 25.1893.
H. H. Carter, Esq., Superintendent of Streets, Boston, Mass.:

Sir: In reply to your circular of the 14th ult. in regard to the aunual report, I beg leave to present the following record of the expenditures, business, and income of the Street-Cleaning Division of the Street Department during the financial year ending January 31, 1893 :

## Financial Statement.

| Amount of appropriation |  | \$300,000 00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Transfer from Street-Watering Division |  | 4.000 |
| Transfer from Paving Division |  | 11,820 42 |
|  |  | \$315,820 42 |
| Transferred to Sewer Division | \$20,000 00 |  |
| Transferred to Paving Division | 7,500 00 |  |
| Total amount of expenditures | 288,320 42 |  |

## Objects of Expenditure.

Superintendence.


## Cleaning Streets.



## Cleaning Gutters.

Including Cost of Sweeping, Loading, and Removal of Street-dirt.
District 1. West End . . . . . . \$2,250 93
District 2. North End
District 3. Soath End
District 4. South End . . . . . . 2,354 68
District 5. Back Bay . . . . . . 7,2:29 58
District 6. South Boston and Dorchester . . 2,411 18
District 7. Roxbury . . . . . . 7,068 09
District 8. Brighton
District 9. Charlestown and East Boston . . 4,554 80
Total cost of cleaning gutters . . . . $\$ 25,86926$
'Total length cleaned, 1,923 miles.
Average cost per mile, $\$ 13.71$.

## Cleaning Crossings.

Including Cost of Manual and Machine Labor.
Total cost of cleaning crossings
$\$ 1,43270$
Cost of Maintaining Dumps.
District 1. West End . . . . . . $\$ 57052$
District 2. North End . . . . . . 52576
District 3. South End . . . . . . 45020
District 4. South End . . . . . . 42844
District 5. Back Bay . . . . . . 56055
District 6. Sonth Boston and I orchester . . . 45710
District 7. Roxbury
District 8. Brighton
District 9. Charlestown and East Boston
503 02
Total cost of dumps
$\$ 3,49559$

## Cost of Removal of Snow. <br> Including Labor and Carting.

| District 1. W | West End | \$3,252 18 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| District 2. N | North End | 3,434 71 |
| District 3. S | South End | 2,947 64 |
| District 4. S | South End | 3,217 36 |
| District 5. B | Back Bay | 3,652 23 |
| District 6. S | South Boston and Dorchester | 4,313 00 |
| District 7. I | Roxbury $\}$ |  |
| District 8. P | Brighton $\}$ | 3,983 63 |
| District 9. | Charlestown and East Boston | 2,204 33 |
| Charged by S | Sanitary Divisiou |  |
| Total cost of removing snow |  | \$27,516 08 |
| Cost of Scraping. Macadamized Streets. |  |  |
| District 8. Brighton. |  |  |
| Labor | . . . . . | \$2,067 28 |
| Carting | . . . . . | 56940 |
| Watering | - . . . . - | 217 |
| Total cos | st of scraping | \$2,638 85 |

This shows the cost of scraping with hoes the entire streets from curb to curb. 27.33 miles; cost per mile, $\$ 96.55$.

## Cost of Collecting Leaves And of Weeding, etc., in Districts 7 and $\mathcal{S}$.

District 7. Roxbury.
Leaves . . . . . . . . $\$ 328$ a3
District 8. Brighton.
Leaves . . . . . . . . 27300
Weeding, etc. . . . . . . . 1,31942
Total cost of collecting leaves, etc. . . . $\$ 1,92095$
Cost of Cleaning Private Ways.
Labor and teaming, not including superintendence . \$1,100 91
This represents work done for the Health Department during the "cholera" excitement, exclusive of superintendence, etc., the cost of same to be made good to this division later by said department.

Patrol Systen.
Push carts, including labor and teaming . . . \$21,385 94
Paper patrol, including labor and teaming . . 1,373 11
Snow . . . . . . . . . 3,0:38 99
Superintendencc . . . . . . . 1,196 52
Total
826,989 56
Recapitulation of Expenses, exelusive of Suporintendence, Stable and Yard Expenses, Stock Acconnt,

Stable and Yard Expenses.
Inclurling the Cost of the South End, West End, Roxbury, South Boston, and Charlestown Stables, as follows:
Superintendence ..... $\$ 2,39304$
Labor, including cost of feeders, hostlers, hroom-makers, blacksmiths, carpenters, watchmen, yard-men, etc.15,01410
Cart and carriage repairs ..... 2,840 61
Coal ..... 1395
Harness repairs ..... 36685
Horse-shoeing ..... 2,585 64
Repairs on sweeping machines ..... 86427
Repairs on stables, sheds, ete. ..... 76517
Street-car tickets and ferry passis ..... 65645
Tool repairs ..... 1800
Veterinary services and medicine ..... 28165
Total stable and yard expense ..... $\$ 25,79973$
Stock Accolnt.
Broom stock purchased ..... $\$ 6.378 \quad 78$
Carts and carriages purchased ..... 54500
Harnesses, horse furnishings purchased ..... 2,742 31
Horses purchased ..... 3,70000
Sweeping-machines purchased ..... 77810
Tools purchased ..... 1,0引1 30
Patrol stock and maintenance of same ..... 2,40877
Total \$17,604 16
Mis cellaneols.
Holidays ..... $\$ 11,85857$
Sand ..... 206 30
Building South Boston stable, grading yard, etc. ..... 1,481 83
Sundries ..... 53179
Total ..... $\$ 14,07849$
General Recapitulation of Expenses.
Superintendence ..... $\$ 9,482 \quad 24$
Cleaning of streets ..... 131,240 62
Cleaning of gutters ..... 25,869 26
Cleaning of crossings ..... 1,432 70
Scraping macadamized streets ..... 2,638 85
Maintaining dumps ..... 3,495 59
Removal of snow and ice ..... 27,516 08
Collecting leaves, weeding, etc. ..... $1,9 \div 095$
Patrol system ..... 26,989 56

Brought forward,
Cleaning private ways
\$230,585 85
Stable and yard expenses
1,100 91
Stock account 25,799 73

Miscellaneous 17,604 16
14,078 49
Total
$\$ 289,16914$
$\$ 848.72$ of the above amount paid by other divisions and departments on account of work done by this division, making the net expenses of this division, as shown in financial statement, $\$ 288,320.42$.
Table showing the Cost per Mile of Cleaning the Streets in each District, exclusive of Supervision and other Expenses.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. 1. | 1,322.35 | \$17,662 71 | \$507 76 | \$18,170 47 | \$13 74 |
| No. 2. | 1,943.39 | 20,508 54 | 52576 | 21,034 30 | 1082 |
| No. 3 | 1,331.49 | 20,894 41 | 45020 | 21,344 61 | 1603 |
| No. 4. | 1,468.06 | 17,670 03 | 37703 | 18,047 06 | 1229 |
| No. 5. | 538.71 | 12,847 77 | 35315 | 13,200 92 | 2450 |
| No. 6. | 659.42 | 17,423 39 | 40225 | 17,825 64 | 2703 |
| No. 7. | 361.80 | 12,145 69 |  | 12,145 69 | 3357 |
| No. $8^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| No. 9 | 672.83 | 12,088 08 | $367 \div 0$ | 12,455 28 | 1851 |
|  | 8,298.05 | \$131,240 62 | \$2,983 35 | \$134,223 97 |  |

${ }^{1}$ See tables on page 347.
Average cost per mile of cleaning streets in eight districts, exclusive of supervision, etc., $\$ 16.17$.
Table showing the Cost per Mile of Cleaning Streets in each Dis= trict, including Supervision, Labor, Yard, and Stable Expenses.


Average cost per mile of cleaning streets in eight districts, including supervision, etc., $\$ 18.97$.

Table showing the Number of Loads of Street Dirt removed.

| Districts. | Number of Loads of Dirt remored. | Cost, including Foremen's Superintendence. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 10,361 | \$1.92 |
| 2 | 10,294 | 1.99 |
| 3 | 11,514 | 1.81 |
| 4 | 10,841 | 1.84 |
| 5 | 13,767 | 1.45 |
| 6 | 13,232 | 1.48 |
| 7 | 16,104 | 1.19 |
| $8{ }^{1}$ | 5,793 |  |
| 9 | 10,928 | 1.52 |
|  | 102,934 |  |
| Patrol System | 3,456 | equal to 43,545 barrel loads. |
| Patrol System | 439 | carted by paper patrol. |
| Total loads ... | 106.829 |  |

${ }^{1}$ See previous note on District 8 .
About thirty-three per cent. of these loads delivered at the dumping scow.

## Income.

Amonnt of bills deposited with the City Collector during the financial year ending January 31, 1893 ..... $\$ 8,25637$

## Complaints.

Through Central Office ..... 22
Made by individuals, perscually and by letter ..... 19
Anonymous ..... 3
By telephone ..... 2
Total number of complaints ..... 46
Average Force employed January 31, 1893.
Deputy Superintendent ..... 1
Chief Clerk ..... 1
Messengers ..... 2
Employees ..... 343
Entire force ..... 347

Respectfully submitted, Philip A. Jackson, Deputy Superintendent.




[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ A cord contains 128 feet and weighe 7,091 lbs.. and is sold at Chatentown yard for \$4 per cord and at IIfghand yard for \$5 per cord, and at Albany street for \$t per cord.

[^1]:    'See Ǩuichling on Lainfall, cte., Am. Soc. C. E., Jan., 1889.

[^2]:    The revision by order of the Board of Aldermen, August 19, 1890, made in this table. No abatements made.
    (a) Inciuding proportionate cost of main sewer.
    (b) Storm sewer included.

    Assessed 244 -10ths per cent. of cost.
    Collected 14 per cent. of cost. Collected 58 per cent. of assessments.

[^3]:    1 Jan. 1, 1890, to Jan. 1, 1891.
    ${ }^{2}$ Jan. 1, 1890 , to Feb. $1,1892^{\circ}$ (date made necessary by the change in the financial year). Of the amount 4,290 loads were collected by the Push-cart Patrol.

[^4]:    80,055 Sanitary Division horses (average number per day $\cdot \ldots \ldots .201$ ) ) at $\$ 0.37 \frac{53271}{108683}=\$ 30,012.8121807$
    80,055 Sanitary Division horses (average number per day
    28,608 Street-Cleaning Division horses (average number p
    108,663 horses (average number per day

