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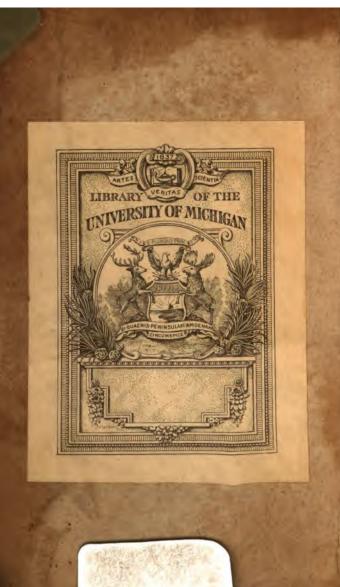
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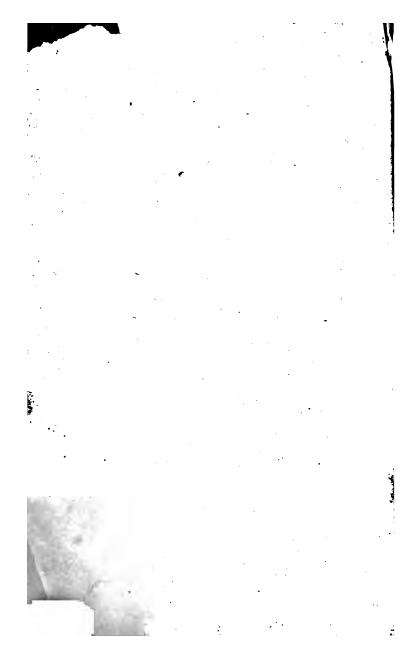
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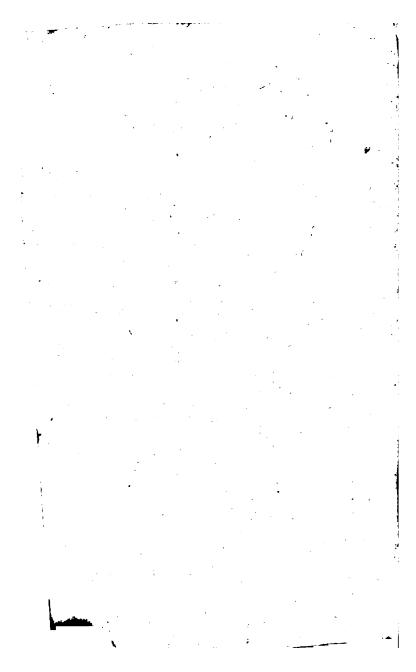
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English 1824

NEW TESTAMENT,

BEING ALL

THE GOSPILLS, EPISTLES,

AND

OTHER PIECES NOW EXTANT,

ATTRIBUTED IN THE FIRST FOUR CENTURIES TO

JESUS CHRIST,

HIS APOSTLES AND THEIR COMPANIONS.

AND NOT INCLUDED IN

THE NEW TESTAMENT, BY IT'S COMPILERS.

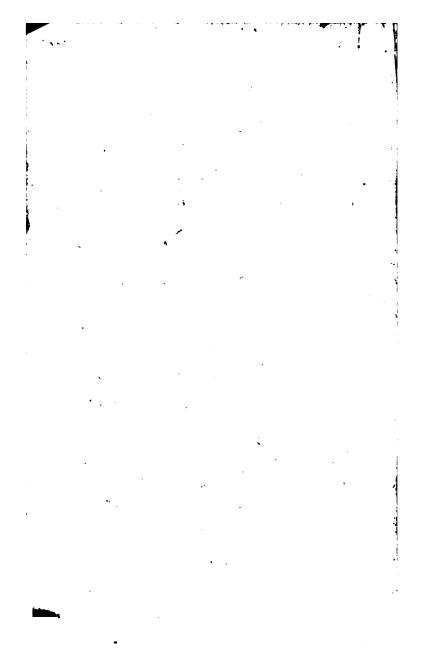
-022

TRANSLATED FROM THE ORIGINAL TONGUES AND NOW FIRST COLLECTED INTO ONE VOLUME.

From the London Edition.

BUFFALO:

PRINTED BY H. A. SALISBURY. 1824.



This question naturally occurs on every investigation as to the period when, and the persons by whom, the New Testament was formed. It has been supposed by many that the volume was compiled by the first council of Nice, which,

according to Jortin,* originated thus:-

25 Jan. 12- A. B. D.

went are existing

Alexander, bishop of Alexandria, and Arius, who was a presbyter in his diocese, disputed together about the nature of Christ; and the bishop being displeased at the notions of Arius, and finding that they were adopted by other persons, 'was very angry.' He commanded Arius to come over to his sentiments, and to quit his own: as if a man could change his opinions as easily as he can change his coat! He then called a council of war, consisting of near a hundred bishops, and deposed, excommunicated, and anathematized Arius, and with him several ecclesiastics, two of whom were bishops. Alexander then wrote a circular letter to all bishops, in which he represents Arius and his partisans as heretics, apostates, blasphemous enemies of God. full of impudence and impiety, fore-runners of Antichrist, imitators of Judas, and men whom it was not lawful to salute, or bid God speed.

^{*} Rem. on Eccl. Hist. vol. ii. p. 177.

There is no reason to doubt of the probity and sincerity of those who opposed Alexander and the Nicene Fathers; for what did they get by it besides obloquy and banishment? Many good men were engaged on both sides of the contro-So it was in the fourth century, and so it hath been ever since. Eusebius of Nicomedia. and Eusebius the historian, endeavored to pacify Alexander, and persuade him to make up the quarrel; and Constantine sent a letter by the illustrious Hosius of Corduba to Alexander and Arius, in which he reprimanded them both for disturbing the church with their insignificant disputes. But the affair was gone too far to be thus composed, and Socrates represents both sides as equally contentious and refractory. settle this and other points, the Nicene council was summoned, consisting of about three hundred and eighteen bishops,—a mystical number* on which many profound remarks have been made. The first thing that they did was to quarrel, and to express their resentments, and to present accusations to the emperor against one an-So say Socrates, Sozomen, and Rufinus. Theodoret favors his brethren in this affair, and seems to throw the fault upon the laity. But the whole story as it is related by them all, and even by Theodoret, shows that the bishops accused one another. The emperor burnt all their libels, and exhorted them to peace and unity; so that if they had not been restrained by his authority, and by fear and respect, they would probably have spent their time in altercations.

^{*} Barnabas, viii. 11, 12, 13.

This council of Nice is one of the most famous and interesting events presented to us in ecclesiastical history; and yet, what is most surprising, scarcely any part of the History of the Church has been unfolded with such negligence, or rather passed over with such rapidity. The ancient writers are neither agreed with respect to the time or place in which it was assembled, the number of those who sat in council, nor the bishop who presided in it. No authentic acts of its famous sentence have been committed to writing; or at least none have been transmitted to our time.*

Although it is uncertain whether the books of the New Testament were declared canonical by the Nicene Council, or by some other, or when or by whom they were collected into a volume, it is certain that they were considered genuine and authentic, (with a few variations of opinion as to some of them) by the most early christian writers; and that they were selected from various other Gospels and Epistles, the titles of which are mentioned in the works of the Fathers and the early historians of the Church. The books that exist, of those not included in the canon, are carefully brought together into the present volume. They naturally assume the title of the Apocryphal New Testament; and he who possesses this and the New Testament, has, in two volumes, a collection of all the historical records relative to Christ and his Apostles, now in exis-

^{*} Mosheim, Eccl. Hist. c. v. § 12. † See Table II. at the end of this work, ‡ See Table 1, at the end.

tence, and considered sacred by Christians during the first four centuries after his birth.

In a complete collection of the Apocryphal writings, the Apostles' Creed is necessarily included; and as necessarily given, as it stood in the fourth and until after the sixth century, (from Mr. Justice Bailey's edition of the Common Prayer Book,) without the article of Christ's Descent into Hell;—an interpolation concerning which the author of the Preface to the Catalogue of the MSS. of the King's Library thus expresses himself: "I wish that the insertion of the article of Christ's Descent into Hell into the Apostles' Creed could be as well accounted for as the insertion of the said verse (1 John, v. 7*.) The

*Catalogue of MSS. of the king's library, by David Casley, 4to. in Pref. p. xxiv. For large particulars of Christ's Descent into Hell, see the Gospel of Nicodemus, chap. xiii. to xx.

The verse above alluded to by Mr. Casley is 1 John, v. 7. This spurious passage, in the authorised version of the New Testament, printed by the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge and the King's printers, and appointed to be read in churches, stands thus: "For there are three that bear record in heaven, the Father, the Word, and the Holy Ghost; and these three are one." This verse, Mr. Casley says, is now generally given up; being in no Greek MS. save one at Berlin, which is discovered to have been transcribed from the printed Biblia Complutensia; and another modern one at Dublin probably translated or corrected from the Latin Vul-It is conjectured that it may have been inserted by the mistake of a Latin copyist: for the owners of MSS. often wrote glosses or paraphrases of particular passages between the lines, and ignorant transcribers sometimes mistook these notes for interlined omissions by the original scribes, and acngly in re-copying the MSS. incorporated these glosses traphrases into the body of the text. For instance, Je-

best that can be said for it is, that it might possibly have come in, in like manner, not long be-

rome, in one of his letters, says that an explanatory note which he himself had made in the margin of his Psalter had been incorporated by some transcriber into the text; and Dr. Bentley, in the 96th page of his Epistle, annexed to Malala's Chronicle, has proved Sina oros estin en te Arabia, in Gala-

tians, iv. 25. to be of the same stamp.*

It is scarcely necessary to tell the reader, that in 1516 and 1519. Erasmus published his first and second editions of the Greek Testament, both which omitted the three heavenly witnesses. That having promised to insert them in his text, if they were found in a single Greek MS.; he was soon informed of the existence of such a MS. in England, and consequently inserted 1 John, v. 7, in his third edition 1522. That this MS. after a profound sleep of two centuries, has at last been found in the library of Trinity College, Dublin. That the complutensian edition, which was not published till 1522, though it professes to be printed in 1514, has the seventh and eighth verses patched up from the modern Latin MS, and the final clause of the eighth verse, which is omitted in its proper place, transferred to the end of the seventh. That Colinæus, in 1534, omitted the verse on the faith of MSS. That R. Stephens, in his famous edition of 1550, inserted the verse, and marked the words en toi owranoi as wanting in seven MSS. That Beza, suspecting no mistake, concluded that these seven MSS, contained the rest of the seventh verse, and the eighth with the words en tei gei.†

Sir Isaac Newton wrote a Dissertation upon this passage. wherein he gave a clear, exact, and comprehensive view of the whole question, and wherein he says, that when the adversaries of Erasmus had got the Trinity into his edition, they

threw by their MS. as an almanack out of date. I

^{*} Cat. King's Libr, Pref. p. xxi.

[†] Porson's Letters to Travis.—Preface.
† Newton's works by Horsley, 4to. vol. v. p. 549.—Bishop Horsley, in his edition of Sir Isaac Newton's works, has not included several MSS. on theological subjects, for the reasons which perhaps induce the nobleman in whose possession they remain, to withhold them still from publication His Lordship's judgment in this respect is said to be influenced by a prelate whose n ... not accord either with Sir Isauc Newton's opinions or criticisms. fairly transcribed, in the illustrious author's own hand-writing, re press; and it is to be regretted that the production of his luminou be suppressed by any censorship, however respectable.

fore, from a gloss or paraphrase, that it was at first put in the margin or between the lines."—

The text is not contained in any Greek manuscript which was written earlier than the fifteenth century. 2. Nor in any Latin manuscript earlier than the ninth century. 3. It is not found in any of the ancient versions. 4. It is not cited by any of the Greek ecclesiastical writers, though, to prove the doctrine of the Trinity, they have cited the words both before and after this. 5. It is not cited by any of the early Latin Fathers, even when the subjects upon which they treat would naturally have led them to appeal to its authority. 6. It is first cited by Vigilius Tapsensis, a Latin writer of no credit, in the latter end of the fifth century, and by him it is suspected to have been forged. 7. It has been omitted as spurious in many editions of the New Testament since the reformation: -- in the the two first of Erasmus, in those of Aldus, Colinæus, Zwinglius, and lately of Griesbach. 8. It was omitted by Luther in his German Version. In the old English Bibles of Henry VIII., Edward VL, and Elizabeth, it was printed in small types, or included in brackets: but between the years 1566 and 1580, it began to be printed as it now stands; by whose authority is not known.—See Travis' Letters to Gibbon, and Porson's to Travis. Also Griesbach's excellent Dissertation on the Text at the end of his second volume. Archbishop Newcombe omits the text, and the Bishop of Lincoln expresses his conviction that it is spurious. (Elem. of Theol. vol. ii. p. 90, note.)*

In a sumptuous Latin MS. of the Bible, written so late as in the thirteenth century, formerly belonging to the Capuchin Convent at Montpelier, afterwards in the possession of Harley, Earl of Oxford, and now deposited in the British Museum, the verse of the three heavenly witnesses is wanting, as

appears by the following literal extract from it.

Pic est qui venit per aquam & sanguinem. ihe rpe. Mon in aq solum. sed in aqua and sanguinem and spuspe est qui testificatur, quoniam rpe est veritas. Quoniam tres sunt. qui testimonium dant in tra. Spe. aqua. and Et tres unum sunt.†

Improved version of the New Testament, 1809.

By the publication of this volume, the Editor conceives he has rendered an acceptable service

The following Greek and Latin authors have not quoted the text:*

Greek authors:—Irenæus—Clemens Alexandrinus—Dionysius Alexandrinus, (or the writer against Paul of Samosata under his name)—Athanasius—The Synopsis of Scripture—The Synod of Sardica—Epiphanius—Basil—Alexander of Alexandria—Gregory Nyssen—Gregory Nazianzen, with his two commentators, Elias Cretensis and Nicetas—Didymas de Spiritu Sancto—Chrysostome—An author under his name de sancta et consubstantiali Trinitate—Cæsarius—Proclus—The Council of Nice, as it is represented by Gelasius Cyzicenus—Hyppolitus—Andrias—Six catenæ quoted by Simon—The marginal scolia of three MSS.—Hesychius—John Damascenus—Oecumenius—Euthimius Zigabenus.

Latin authors:—The author de Baptismo Hæreticorum, among Cyprian's works—Novatian—Hilary—Lucifer Calazitanus—Jerome—Augustine—Ambrose—Faustinus—Leo Magnus—The author de Promissis—Eucherius—Facundus—Cerealis—Rusticus—Bede—Gregory—Philastrius—Pascha-

sius-Arnobius, junior-Pope Eusebius.

It is evident that if the text of the heavenly witnesses had been known from the beginning of Christianity, the ancients would have eagerly seized it, inserted it in their creeds, quoted it repeatedly against the heretics, and selected it for the brightest ornament of every book that they wrote upon the subject of the Trinity. In short, if this verse be really genuine, notwithstanding its absence from all the visible Greek MSS. except two; one of which awkwardly translates the verse from the Latin, and the other transcribes it from a printed book; notwithstanding its absence from all the versions except the Vulgate; and even from many of the best and oldest MSS. of the Vulgate; notwithstanding the deep and dead, silence of all the Greek writers down to the thirteenth, and most of the Lattins down to the middle of the eighth century; if, in spite of all these objections it be still genuine, no part of Sc. whatsoever can be proved either spurious or genuing tan has been permitted for many centuries, mir

Porson's Letters to Travis, p. 368.

to the theological student, and the ecclesiastical antiquary:—he has endeavored to render it more gratifying to the reader, and more convenient for reference, by arranging the books into chapters, and dividing the chapters into verses. He has only to add, that the lover of old literature will here find the obscure but unquestionable origin of several remarkable relations in the Gol-

banish the finest passage in the N. T. from the eyes and memories of all the Christian authors, translators, and transcribers.*

Sir Isaac Newton observes, that "what the Latins have done to this text, (1 John, v. 7.) the Greeks have to that of St. Paul, (Timothy, iii. 16.) For by changing o into th, the abbreviation of theos, they now read, Great is the mystery of godliness: God manifested in the flesh: whereas all the churches for the first four or five hundred years, and the authors of all the ancient versions, Jerome, as well as the rest, read, "Great is the mystery of godliness, which was manifested in the flesh." Sir Isaac gives a list of authors, who, he says, "wrote all of them, in the fourth and fifth centuries for the Deity of the Son, and incarnation of God; and some of them largely, and in several tracts; and yet," he says, "I cannot find that they ever allege this text to prove it, excepting that Gregory Nyssent once urges it, (if the passage crept not into him out of some marginal annotation.) In all the times of the hot and lasting Arian controversy, it never came into play; though now those disputes are over, they that read God made manifest in the flesh, think it," Sir Isaac says "one of the most obvious and pertinent texts for the business."

There are other interpolations and corruptions of passages in the New Testament, but the Editor perceives that the few observations he has hastily collected and thrown together in this note, have already extended it to undue length, and it

^{*} Porson's Letters to Travis, 8vo. p. 402.

[†] Orat. xi. contra Eunom.

den Legend, the Lives of the Saints, and similar productions, concerning the birth of the Virgin, her marriage with Joseph on the budding of his rod, the nativity of Jesus, the miracles of his infancy, his laboring with Joseph at the carpentry trade, and the actions of his followers. of the papal pageants for the populace, and the monkish mysteries performed as dramas at Chester, Coventry, Newcastle, and in other parts of England, are almost verbatim representations of the stories. Many valuable pictures by the best m sters—prints by the early engravers, particularly of the Italian and German schools—woodcuts in early black letter and block books—and illuminations of missals and monastic MSS. receive immediate elucidation on referring to the Apocryphal New Testament, and are without explanation from any other source.

THE ORDER OF ALL THE BOOKS

APOCRYPHAL NEW TESTAMENT,

Their Proper Names, and Number of Chapters.

% # -	•	• •
MARY hath Chapters	8	Ephesians hath Chapters
Protevangelion	16	Magnesians 4
I Infancy	22	Trallians 3
II Infancy	4	Romans 3
Christ and Abgarus	22	Philadelphians 3
The Apostles' Creed .	1	Smyrnæans 3
Laediceans	1	Polycarp 3
Paul and Seneca	14	Phillippians 4
Paul and Thecla	12	I Hermas—Visions 4
		II Hermas—Commands 12
		III Hermas, Similitudes 10
Rarnahas		-

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apogryphal new testament

THE GOSPEC OF THE BIRTH OF MARY.

[In the primitive ages there was a Gospel extant bearing this name, attributed to St. Mauhew, and received as genuine and authentic by several of the ancient Christian sects. It is to be found in the works of Jerome, a Father of the Church, who flourished in the fourth century, from whence the present translation is made. His cotemporaries, Epiphanius. Bishop of Salamis. and Austin, also mention a Gospel under this title. The ancient copies differed from Jerome's, for from one of them the learned Frustus, a native of Britain, who became Bishop of Riez, in Provence, endeavored to prove that Christ was not the Son of God till after his baptism; and that he was not of the house of David and tribe of Judah because, according to the Gospel he cited, the Virgin herself was not of this tribe, but of the tribe of Levi; her father being a priest of the name of Joachim. It was likewise from this Gospel that the sect of the Collyrideans established the worship and the offering of manchet bread and cracknels, or fine wafers, as sacrifices to Mary, whom they imagined to have been born of a Virgin, as Christ is related in the Canonical Gospels to have been born of her. Epiphanius likewise cites a passage concerning the death of Zacharias, which is not in Jerome's copy, viz "That it was the occasion of the death of Zacharias, in the temple, that when he had seen a vision, he, through surprise, was willing to disclose it, and his mouth was stopped. That which he saw was at the time of his offering incense, and it was a man standing in the form of an ass. When he was gone out, and had a mind to speak thus to the people. We unto you, whom do be worship? he who had appeared to him in the temple took away the use of his speech. Afterwards when herecovered it, and was able to speak, he declared this to the Jews, and they slew him. They add (viz. the Guostics in this book,) that on this very account the high-priest was appointed by their lawgiver (by God to Moses) to carry little hells, that whensoever he went into the temple to sacrifice, be, whom they worshipped, hearing the noise of the bells, might have time enough to hide himself, and not be caught in that ugly shape and figure "-The principal part of this Gospel is contained in the Protevangelion of James, which follows next in order 1

CHAP. I.

1 The parentage of Mary.— Lord.

from the royal race and family pious and faultless before men. of David, was born in the city For they divided all their subof Nazareth, and educated at stance into three parts:

[Jerusalem, in the temple of the

7 Joachim her father, and 2 Her father's name was Jo-Anna her mother, go to Je- achim, and her mother's Anna. rusalem to the feast of the The family of her father was dedication. 9 Issachar the of Galilee and the city of Nazhigh-priest reproaches Joa- areth. The family of her moth-

chim for being childless.

HE blessed and ever glorious Virgin Mary, sprung right in the sight of the Lord,

An angel appears, and Mary's parents barren. MARY.

4 One of which they devoted to the temple and officers of ought first to be free from that the temple; another they dis- curse by-begetting some issue. tributed among strangers, and and then come with his offerpersons in poor circumstances; ings into the presence of God. and the third they reserved for themselves and the uses of their confounded with the shame of own family.

5 In this manner they lived shepherds who were with the for about twenty years chastely, cattle in their pastures; in the favour of God, and the 12 For he was not inclined. esteem of men, without any to return home, lest his neigh-

children. should favour them with any is- priest, should publicly reproach sue, they would devote it to the him in the same manner. service of the Lord; on which account they went at every feast in the year to the temple

of the Lord.*

7 ¶ And it came to pass, that when the feast of the dedication drew near, Joachim, with some others of his tribe, went up to Jerusalem, and, at that time, Issachar was highp: iest;

8 Who, when he saw Joachim along with the rest of his neighbours, bringing his offering, despised both him and his offerings, and asked him,

9 Why he, who had no children, would presume to appear among those who have Adding, that his offering code never be acceptable to God, who was judged by him unworthy to have children; the Scripture having said, Cursed is every one that shall not beget a male in Israel.

* 1 Sam. i. 6, 7, &c.

10 He further said, that he

11 But Joachim being much such reproach, retired to the

bours, who were present and . 6 But they vowed, if God heard all this from the high-

CHAP. II.

An angel appears to Joachim, 9 and informs him that Anna shall conceive and bring forth a daughter, who shall be called Mary, 11 be brought up in the temple, 12 and while yet a virgin, in a way unparalleled, bring forth the Son of God: 13 gives him a sign, 14 and departs.

DUT when he had been here for some time, on a certain day when he was alone, the angel of the Lord stood by him with a prodigious

light,

2 To whom, being troubled at the appearance, the angel who had appeared to him, endeavouring to compose him, said;

3 Be not afraid, Joachim, nor troubled at the sight of me, for I am an angel of the Lord

sent by him to you, that I might inform you that your prayers vince you of the truth of my are heard, and your alms ascended in the sight of God.*

your shame, and heard you un- ren have brought forth to their justly reproached for not hav- great surprise; therefore Aning children; for God is the na your wife shall bring you a avenger of sin, and not of na- daughter, and you shall call ture:

5 And so when he shuts the womb of any person, he does it for this reason, that he may Lord from her infancy, and be in a more wonderful manner filled with the Holy Ghost again open it, and that which from her mother's womb:* is born appear to be not the prod ct of lust, but the gift of drink any thing which is un-God.

your nation, Sarah, was she not barren even till her eightieth year: And yet even in the end of her old age brought forth Isaac, in whom the promise was made of a blessing to years, as she shall be in a mirall nations.†

7 Rachel also, so much in l favour with God, and beloved so much by holy Jacob, continued barren for a long time. yet afterwards was the mother l of Joseph, who was not only governor of Egypt, but deliv- of his name, be the Saviour of ered many nations from per- all nations. ishing with hunger.t

was more valiant than Samp- declare, namely, when you son, or more holy than Samuel? And yet both their moth- rusalem, you shall there meet ers were barren.ll

10,&c. ‡Gen xxx. 1-22, and x11 1. &c. | Indg xiii. 2. and 1 Sam.i. 6, &c.

9. But if reason will not conwords, that there are frequent conceptions in advanced years. 4 For he hath surely seen and that those who were barher name Mary;

> 10 She shall, according to your vow, be devoted to the

11 She shall neither eat nor clean, nor shall her conversa-6 For the first mother of tion be without among the common people, but in the temple of the Lord; that so she may not fall under any slander or suspicion of what is bad.

12 So in the process of her aculous manner born of one that was barren, so she shall, while yet a virgin, in a way unparalleled, bring forth the Son of the most High God, who shall be called Jesus, and, according to the signification

13 And this shall be a sign. 8 Who, among the judges, to you of the things which I come to the golden gate of Jeyour wife Anna, who being * lets. x 4 (Gen. xvi. 2 &c.and xviii. | very much troubled that you

*Luke, i. 15. Matth. i. 21.

rejoice to see you.

14 When the angel had said this, he departed from him.

CHAP. III.

1 The angel appears to Anna; 2 tells her a daughter shall be born unto her 3 devoted to the service of the Lord in the temple, 5 who, being a virgin, and not knowing man, shall bring forth the Lord, 6 and gives her a sign thereof. 8 Joachim and Anna meet, and rejoice, 10 and praise the Lord. 11 Anna conceives, and brings forth a daughter called Maru.

FTERWARDS the angel appeared to Anna his wife, saying; Fear not, neither think that which you

see is a spirit;*

2 For I am that angel who hath offered up your prayers and alms before God, and am now sent to you, that I may inform you, that a daughter will be born unto you, who shall be called Mary, and shall be blessed above all women.

3 She shall be, immediately upon her birth, full of the grace of the Lord, and shall continue during the three years of her weaning in her father's house, and afterwards, being devoted to the service of the Lord, shall not depart from *Matth. xiv. 26.

Luke, i. 28.

returned no sooner, shall then the temple, till she arrives to years of discretion.

4 In a word, she shall there serve the Lord night in day in fasting and prayer,* shall abstain from every unclean thing, and never know any man;

5 But, being an unparalleled instance without any pollution or defilement, and a virgin not knowing any man, shall bring forth a son, and a maid shall bring forth the Lord, who both by his grace and name and works, shall be the Saviour of the world.

6 Arise therefore, and go up to Jerusalem, and when you shall come to that which is called the golden gate (because it is gilt with gold,) as a sign of what I have told you, you shall meet your husband, for whose safety you have been so much concerned.

7 When therefore you find these things thus accomplished, believe that all the rest which I have told you, shall also undoubtedly be accomplished.

8 ¶ According therefore to the command of the angel, both of them left the places where they were, and when they came to the place specified in the angel's prediction, they met each other.

9 Then, rejoicing at each other's vision, and being fully satisfied in the promise of a child, they gave due thanks to the Lord, who exalts the humble. *Luke. ii. 37. 10 After having praised the Lord, they returned home, and lived in a cheerful and assured expectation of the promise of God.

11 ¶ So Anna conceived, and brought forth a daughter, and according to the angel's command, the parents did call her name Mary.

CHAP. IV.

1 Mary brought to the temple at three years old. 6 Ascends the stairs of the temple by miracle. 8 Her parents sacrifice and return home.

ND when three years were expired, and the time of her weaning complete, they brought the Virgin to the temple of the Lord with offerings.

2 And there were about the temple, according to the fifteen Psalms of Degrees,* fifteen stairs to ascend.

3 For the temple being built in a mountain, the altar of burnt-offering, which was without, could not be come near but by stairs;

4 The parents of the blessed Virgin and infant Mary put her upon one of these

stairs;

5 But while they were putting off their clothes, in which they had travelled, and according to custom putting on some that were more neat and clean.

*Those Praime are from the 120th to

the 134th, including both.

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6 In the mean time the Virgin of the Lord in such a manner went up all the stairs one after another, without the help of any to lead her or lift her, that any one would have judged from hence, that she was of perfect age.

7 Thus the Lord did, in the infancy of his Virgin, work this extraordinary work, and evidence by this miracle how great she was like to be here-

after.

8 But the parents having offered up their sacrifice, according to the custom of the law, and perfected their vow, left the Virgin with other virgins in the apartments of the temple, who were to be brought up there, and they returned home.

CHAP. V.

2 Mary ministered unto by angels. 4 The high-priest orders all virgins of fourteen years old to quit the temple and endeavor to be married. 5 Mary refuses, 6 having vowed her virginity to the Lord. 7 The highpriest commands a meeting of the chief persons of Jerusalem, 11 who seek the Lord for counsel in the mat-13 A voice from the 16 The highmercy-seat. priest obeys it by ordering all the unmarried men of the house of David to bring their rode to the altar, 17 B_2

Her vow of virginity. MARY. The high-priest in difficulty.

Spirit of God should sit, should betroth the Virgin.

DUT the Virgin of the Lord, as she advanced in years, increased also in perfections, and according to the saying of the Psalmist, her father and mother forsook her, but the Lord took care of her.

2 For she every day had the conversation of angels, and every day received visions from God, which preserved her from all sorts of evil, and caused her to abound with all good things;

3 So that when at length she arrived to her fourteenth year, as the wicked could not lay amy thing to her charge worthy of reproof, so all good persons, who were acquainted with her, admired her life and conversation.

4 At that time the high-priest made a public order, That all the virgins who had public settlements in the temple, and were come to this age, should return home, and, as they were now of a proper maturity, should, according to the custom of their country, endeavor to be married.

5 To which command, tho? all the other virgins readily yielded obedience, Mary the Virgin of the Lord alone answered, that she could not comply with it,

that his rod which should that both she and her parents flower, and on which the had devoted her to the service of the Lord; and besides, that she had vowed virginity to the Lord, which vow she was resolved never to break through by lying with a man.

The high-priest being hereby brought into a difficulty,

8 Seeing he durst neither on the one hand dissolve the vow. and disobey the Scripture, which says, Vow and pay,*

9 Nor on the other hand introduce a custom, to which the people were strangers, commanded

10 That at the approaching feast all the principal persons both of Jerusalem and the neighbouring places meet together, that he might have their advice, how he had best proceed in so difficult a case.

11 When they were accordingly met, they upanimously agreed to seek the Lord, and ask counsel from him on this matter.†

12 And when they were all engaged in prayer, the highpriest, according to the usualway, went to consult God,

13 And immediately there was a voice from the ark, and: the mercy-seat, which all present heard, that it must be enquired or sought out by a pro-

*Eccles. v. 4, 5, 6, and Psalm lxxvi. 11. †Numb xxvii. 21. compared with Exod. xxviii. 30 Lev. viii. 8. Deut, 6 Assigning these reasons, exxiii. 8, Ezra, ii. 63. Nehem. vii. 65.

phecy of Isaiah, to whom the ed in years, who drew back his betrothed;

14 For Isaiah saith, there shall come forth a rod out of peared agreeable to the heavthe stem of Jesse, and a flower enly voice, the high-priest judgshall spring out of its root,

15 And the Spirit of the edge and Piety, and the Spirit his rod. of the fear of the Lord shall fill him.

16 Then, according to this prophecy, he appointed, that his rod, and a dove coming all the men of the house and from Heaven pitched upon the family of David, who were top of it, every one plainly saw, marriageable, and not married, that the Virgin was to be beshould bring their several rods trothed to him: to the altar,

person's rod after it was over, he returned to his own brought, a flower should bud city of Bethlehem, to set his forth, and on the top of it the house in order, and make the Spirit of the Lord should sit needful provisions for the marin the appearance of a dove he riage. should be the man to whom the Virgin should be given and be Mary, with seven other virgins. betrothed.

CHAP. VI.

1 Joseph draws back his rod. 5 The dove pitches on it. 6 He betroths Mary and returns to Bethlehem. 7 Mary returns to her parents' house at Galilee.

MONG the rest there was a man named Joseph, of the house and family of David, and a person very far advanc-1

Virgin should be given and be rod, when every one besides presented his.

> 2 So that when nothing aped proper to consult God again,

3 Who answered, that he to Lord shall rest upon him, the whom the Virgin was to be be-Spirit of Wisdom and Under-trothed was the only person of standing, the Spirit of Counsel those who were brought toand Might, the Spirit of Knowl- gether, who had not brought

4 Joseph therefore was be-

trayed.

ile**e.**

5 For, when he did bring

6 Accordingly, the usual 17 And out of whatsoever ceremonies of betrothing being

> 7 But the virgin of the Lord. of the same age, who had been weaned at the same time, and who had been appointed to attend her by the priest, returned to her parents' house in Gal-

CHAP. VII.

The salutation of the Virgin by Gabriel, who explains to her that she shall conceive, without lying with a man, while a Virgin, 19 by the Holy Ghost coming up-1 lust. 21 She submits.

TOW at this time of her salutation: first coming into Galilee, the angel Gabriel was sent to her from God, to declare to her you made virginity your choice. the conception of our Saviour, and the manner and way of her conceiving him.

2 Accordingly going in to her, he filled the chamber where she was with a prodigious light, and in a most courteous manner saluting her, he even to the ends of the earth.* said.

- the Lord most acceptable! Oh | who is born in a mean state on Virgin full of grace! The Lord earth, reigns in an exalted ones is with you, you are blessed a- in heaven. bove all women, you are blessed above all men, that have him the throne of his father been hitherto born.*
 - before been well acquainted with the countenances of an- be no end. gels, and to whom such light from heaven was no uncommon! thing,

5 Was neither terrified with the vision of the angel, nor as-langel the Virgin replied, not. tonished at the greatness of the light, but only troubled about ing, but willing to know the

the angel's words:

6 And began to consider what so extraordinary a salutation should mean, what it did portend, or what sort of end it would have.t

7 To this thought the angel, divinely inspired, replies;

* Luke, i. 28. i Luke, i. 29,

- 8 Fearnot, Mary, as though on her without the heats of I intended any thing inconsistent with your chastity in this
 - 9 Fer you have found favour with the Lord, because
 - 10 Therefore while you are a Virgin, you shall conceive without sin, and bring forth a son.
 - 11 He shall be great, because he shall reign from sea. to sea, and from the rivers

12 And he shall be called 3 Hail, Mary! Virgin of the Son of the Highest; for he

13 And the Lord shall give David, and he shall reign over 4 But the Virgin, who had the house of Jacob for ever, and of his kingdom there shall

> 14 For he is the King of Kings, and Lord of Lords, and his throne is for ever and ever.

- 15 To this discourse of the as though she were unbelievmanner of it:
- 16 She said, How can that be? For seeing, according to my vow, I never have known any man, how can I bear a child without the addition of a man's seed?

17 To this the angel replied

*Luke, i. 31, 80c.

and said, Think not, Mary, that with intention to marry the Viryou shall conceive in the ordi- |gin who was betrothed to him:

narv wav.

a man, while a Virgin, you betrothed to him. shall conceive; while a Virgin, while a Virgin, shall give suck : and it could not be

19 For the Holy Ghost from Joseph: shall come upon you, and the power of the Most High shall a free manner, as one espoused, overshadow you, without any and talking familiarly with her.

of the heats of lust.

10 So that which shall be child, born of you shall be only holy, hecause it only is conceived be uneasy and doubtful, not without sin, and being born, knowing what course it would shall be called the Son of God. be best to take;

21 Then Mary stretching the handmaid of the Lord! cion of being a whore, since he Let it be unto me according to was a pious man. thy word.*

CHAP. VIII.

1 Joseph returns to Galilee to to send her away. marry the Virgin he had gel of the Lord it is not the fear not; work of man but the Holy Christ.

ГOSEPН therefore went from Judæa to Galilee, ten in her, and now distresses

2 For it was now near 18 For, without lying with three months, since she was

3 At length it plainly apyou shall bring forth; and peared she was with child,

4 For going to the Virgin in he perceived her to be with

5 And thereupon began to

6 For being a just man, he forth her hands, and lifting her was not willing to expose her. eyes to heaven, said, Behold nor defame her by the suspi-

> 7 He proposed therefore privately to put an end to their agreement, and as privately

8 But while he was thus betrothed, 4 perceives she meditating these things,* beis with child, 5 is uneasy, hold the angel of the Lord ap-7 purposes to put her away peared to him in his sleep, and privily, 8 is told by the an-said, Joseph, son of David,

9 Be not willing to enter-Ghost. 12 Marries her, but tain any suspicion of the Virkeeps chaste, 13 removes gin's being guilty of fornicawith her to Bethlehem, 15 tion, or to think any thing awhere she brings forth miss of her, neither be afraid to take her to wife:

10 For that which is begot-

^{*}Matt. i. 19.

your mind, is not the work of when Joseph took his wife and man, but the Holy Ghost.

that only Virgin who shall from whence he came. bring forth the Son of God, and you shall call his name Jesus, while they were there, that is, Saviour; for he will days were fulfilled for her save his people from their sins. bringing forth,

12 Joseph thereupon, ac- 15 And she brought forth

in chastity.

from her conception drew near, everlasting ages.

what other things were neces-11 For she of all women is sary to Bethlehem, the city

cording to the command of the her first born-son, as the holy angel, married the Virgin, and Evangelists have taught, even did not know her, but kept her our Lord Jesus Christ, who with the Father, Son, and Ho-13 And now the ninth month ly Ghost, lives and reigns to

The PROTEVANGELION; or, An Historical Account of the BIRTH of CHRIST, and the perpetual VIRGIN MA-RY his Mother, by JAMES THE LESSER, Cousin and Brother of the Lord Jesus, chief Apostle and first Bishop of the Christians in Jerusalem.

This Gospel is ascribed to James The allusions to it in the ancient Fathers are frequent, and their expressions indicate that it had obtained a very general credit in the Christian world. The controversies founded upon it chiefly relate to the age of Joseph at the Birth of Christ, and to his being a widower, with children, before his marriage with the Virgin. It seems material to remark, that the legends of the latter ages affirm the virginity of Joseph, not-withstanding Epiphanius, Hilary, Chrysostom, Cyril, Euthymius, Theophylact, Occumenius, and indeed all the Latin Fathers till Ambrose, and the Greek Fathers afterwards, maintain the opinions of Joseph's age and family, founded upon their belief in the authenticity of this book. It is supposed to have been originally composed in Hebrew. Postellus brought the MS of this Gospel from the Levant, translated it into Latin, and sent it to Oporinus, a printer at Basil, where Bibliander, a Protestant divine, and the Professor of Dignity at Zurich, caused it to be printed in 1552. Postellus asserts, that it was publicly read as Can nical in the Eastern Churches, they making no doubt that James was the author of it. It is, nevertheless, considered apochryphal by some of the most learned divines in the Protestant and Catholic churches]

CHAP. I.

1 Joachim, a rich man, 2 of- forty nights. fers to the Lord, 3 is opposed by Reuben the high-

retires into the wilderness and fasts forty days and

priest, because he has not there was a certain person calbegotten issue in Israel, 6 led Joachim, who being very

-in the temple, THE PROTEVANGELION. rejected for

the Lord God, having made me, but prayer shall be my this resolution; my substance meat and drink.* shall be for the benefit of the whole people, and that I may 1 Anna, the wife of Joachim, and mercy from the Lord God for the forgiveness of my

2 But at a certain great feast of the Lord, when the children of Israel offered their gifts, and Joachim also offered his, Reuben the high-priest opposed him, saying, It is not lawful for thee to offer thy gifts, seeing thou hast not be- renness. got an issue in Israel.

3 At this time Joachim being concerned very much, went away to consult the registries of the twelve tribes, to see whether he was the only person who had begot no issue.

4 But upon inquiry he found that all the righteous had raised up seed in Israel:

6 Then he called to mind the patriarch Abraham, how that God in the end of his life had given him his son Isaac; greater character. upon which he was exceedingly distressed, and would not be seen by his wife;

6 But retired into the wilderness, and fixed his tent there, and fasted forty days and forty nights, saying to himself.

7 I will not go down either to eat or drink, till the Lord

was obliged to give.

rich, made double* offerings to my God shall look down upon

CHAP. II.

mourns her barrenness, 6 is reproached with it by Judith her maid, 9 sits under a laurel tree and prays to the Lord.

N the mean time his wife Anna was distressed and perplexed on a double account, and said, I will mourn both for my widow-hood and my bar-

2 Then drew near a great feast of the Lord, and Judith her maid said, How long will you thus afflict your soul? The feast of the Lord is now come. when it is unlawful for any one to mourn.

3 Take therefore this hood which was given me by one who makes such things, for it is not fit that I, who am a servant, should wear it, but it well suits a person of your

4 But Anna replied, Depart from me, I am not used to such things; besides, the Lord hath greatly humbled me.

5 I fear some ill-designing person hath given thee this, and thou art come to pollute me with thy sin.

"In imitation of the forty days and lignts fast of Moses, recorded Exed. *xiv. 18, xxxiv. 28. Deut. jx. 9, of Eli-That is, gave as much more as he juh, 1 Kings, xix, 8, and Christ's, Mait. iv. 2.

swered. What evil shall I wish for even the beasts of the earth ? you, since you will not harken are fruitful before thee, O Lord! to me?

7 I cannot wish you a great-|compared? er curse than you are under

a mother in Israel.

8 At this Anna was exceedingly troubled, and having on her wedding garment, went about three o'clock in the afternoon to walk in her garden..

9 And she saw a laurel-tree. and sat under it, and prayed

unto the Lord, saying,

10 O God of my fathers, bless me and regard my prayer, as thou didst bless the womb of Sarah, and gavest her a son Isaac.*

CHAP. III.

1 Anna perceiving a sparrow's nest in the laurel bemoans her barrenness.

ND as she was looking towards heaven, she perceived a sparrow's nests in the

laurel.

2 And mourning within herself, she said, Wo is me, who begat me? and what womb did bare me, that I should be thus accursed before the children of Israel, and that they should reproach and deride me in the temple of my God: Wo is me, to what can I be compared?

3 I am not comparable to

*Gen. 🖘 🏖

6 Then Judith her maid an-the very beasts of the earth. Woe is me, to what can I be

4 I am not comparable to in, that God hath shut up your the brute animals, for even the womb, that you should not be brute animals are fruitful before thee, O Lord! Wo is me, to what am I comparable?

> 5 I cannot be compared to these waters, for even the waters are fruitful before thee. O Lord! Wo is me, to what can

I be compared?

6 I am not comparable to the waves of the sea; for these, whether they are calm, or in motion, with the fishes which are in them, praise thee, O Lord! Wo is me, to what can I be compared?

7 I am not comparable to the very earth, for the **earth** produces its fruits, and praises

thee, O Lord!

CHAP. IV.

1 An angel appears to Anna and tells her she shall conceive : 3 two angels appear to her on the same errand. 5 Joachim sacrifices. Anna goes to meet him, 9 rejoicing that she shall conceive.

HEN an angel of the Lord stood by her, and said, Anna, Anna, the Lord hath heard thy prayer; thou shalt conceive and bring forth, and thy progeny shall be spoken of in all the world.

As the Lord my God liveth, shall conceive. whatever I bring forth, whether it be male or female, I will devote it to the Lord my God. and it shall minister to him in holy things, during its whole

3 And behold there appeared two angels, saying unto her, Behold Joachim thy husband is coming with his shepherds,

4 For an angel of the Lord hath also come down to him. and said, The Lord God hath heard thy prayer, make haste and go hence, for behold Anna thy wife shall conceive.

5 And Joachim went down, and called his shepherds, saying, Bring me hither ten shelambs without spot or blemish, and they shall be for the Lord my God.

And bring me twelve calves without blemish, and the twelve calves shall be for the priests and the elders.

7 Bring me also a hundred goats, and the hundred goats shall be for the whole people.

8 And Joachim went down with the shepherds, and Anna stood by the gate, and saw Joachim coming with the shepberds.

9 And she ran, and hanging about his neck, said, Now I know that the Lord hath greatly blessed me;

a widow am no longer a wid- Thummim.

Anna answered, ow, and I who was barren

CHAP. V.

Joachim abides the first day in his house but sacrifices on the morrow, 2 consults the plate on the priest's forehead, 3 and is without sin. 6 Anna brings forth a daughter, 9 whom she calls Mary.

ND Joachim abode the first day in his house, but on the morrow he brought his offerings, and said,

2 If the Lord be propitious to me, let the plate which is on the priest's forehead* make it manifest.

And he consulted the plate which the priest wore, and saw it, and behold sin was not found in him.

4 And Joachim said, Now I know that the Lord is propitious to me, and hath taken away all my sins.

5 And he went down from the temple of the Lord justified, and he went to his own house.

6 And when nine months were fulfilled to Anna, she brought forth, and said to the midwife, What have I brought forth?

7 And she told her, A girl.

*Such an instrument God had appointed the high-priest to wear for 10 For behold, I who was such discoveries. See Exod. xxviii. 36, &c., and Spencer de Urim et

8 Then Anna said, Lord hath this day magnified the people of Israel; my soul; and she laid her in bed.

9 And when the days of her purification were accomplish- her, saying, The God of our ed, she gave suck to the child, and called her name Mary.

CHAP. VI.

1 Mary at nine months old, walks nine steps, 3 Anna keeps her holy, 4 when she is a year old, Joachim makes a great feast, 7 Anna gives her the breast and sings a song to the Lord.

ND the child increased in strength every day, so that when she was nine months old, her mother put her upon the ground to try if she could stand; and when she had walked nine steps, she came again to her mother's lap.

2 Then her mother caught her up, and said, As the Lord my God liveth, thou shalt not walk again on this earth, till I bring thee into the temple of

the Lord.

3 Accordingly she made her chamber a holy place, and suffered nothing common or unclean to come near her, but invited certain undefiled daughters of Israel, and they drew her aside.

a year old, Joachim made a great feast, and invited the Luke, i. 46.

The priests, scribes, elders, and all

5 And Joachim then made an offering of the girl to the chief-priests, and they blessed fathers bless this girl, and give her a name famous and lasting through all generations.-And all the people replied, So be it Amen:

6 Then Joachim a second time offered her to the priests, and they blessed her, saying, O most high God, regard this girl, and bless her with an ev-

erlasting blessing.

7 Upon this her mother took her up, and gave her the breast, and sung the following

song to the Lord :*

8 I will sing a song unto the Lord my Go'd, for he hath visited me, and taken away from me the reproach of mine enemies, and hath given me the fruit of his righteousness, that it may now be told to the sons of Reuben, that Anna gives suck.

9 Then she put the child to rest in the room which she had consecrated, and she went out and ministered unto them.

10 And when the feast was ended, they went away rejoicing, and praising the God of Israel.

CHAP. VII.

4 But when the child was 3 Mary being three years old

*Compare 1 Sam. ii. 1, &c. with

gins to light each a lamp, rael. and goes with her to the temple. with her feet.

DUT the girl grew, and when she was two years old. Joachim said to Anna, Let us lead her to the temple of the Lord, that we may perform our vow, which we have vowed unto the Lord God, lest he should be angry with us, and our offering be unacceptable.

2 But Anna said, Let us wait the third year, lest she should be at a loss to know her father. And Joachim said,

Let us then wait.

3 And when the child was three years old, Joachim said, Let us invite the daughters of the Hebrews, who are undefiled, and let them take each a lamp, and let them be lighted, that the child may not turn back again, and her mind be set against the temple of the Lord.

4 And they did thus till they ascended into the temple of the Lord. And the highname to all generations, and gel. to the very end of time by thee will the Lord shew his re- years of age, the priests met

Joachim causes certain vir-|demption to the children of Is-

5 And he placed her upon 5 The high-priest the third step of the altar, and places her on the third step the Lord gave unto her grace, of the altar, and she dances and she danced with her feet, and all the house of Israel loved ber.

CHAP. VIII.

Mary fed in the temple by angels, 3 when twelve years old, the priests consult what to do with her. 6 The angel of the Lord warns Zacharias to call together all the widowers, each bringing a rod. 7 The people meet by sound of trumpet. 8 Joseph throws away his hatchet, and goes to the meeting, 11 a dove comes forth from his rod, and alights on his head. 12 He is chosen to betroth the Virgin, 13 refuses, because he is an old man, 15 is compelled, 16 takes her home, and goes to mind his trade of building.

ND her parents went away filled with wonder, and praising God, because the girl did not return back to

them.

2 But Mary continued in priest received her, and bles- the temple, as a dove educased her, and said, Mary, the ted there, and received her Lord God hath magnified thy food from the hand of an an-

3 And when she was twelve

in a council, and said, Behold, received their rods, he went Mary is twelve years of age; into the temple to pray; what shall we do with her, for fear lest the holy place of the ished his prayer, he took the Lord our God should be defil- rods, and went forth and dised?

4 Then replied the priests no miracle attended them. to Zacharias the high-priest, Do you stand at the altar of by Joseph, and behold, a dove the Lord, and enter into the proceeded out of the rod, and holy place, and make petitions flew upon the head of Joseph. concerning her, and whatsoever the Lord shall manifest un- Joseph, Thou art the person to you, that do.

tered into the Holy of Holies, him; and taking away with him the breast-plate of

the Lord came to him, and pear ridiculous in Israel. said, Zacharias, Zacharias, Go forth and call together all plied, Joseph, Fear the Lord the widowers among the peo- thy God, and remember how ple, and let every one of them God dealt with Dathan, Kobring his rod, and he by whom rah, and Abiram, how the the Lord shall shew a sign earth opened and swallowed shall be the husband of Mary. them up, because of their con-

7 And the criers went out tradiction. through all Judæa, and the trumpet of the Lord sounded, and all the people ran and met should happen in your family. together.

8 ¶Joseph also throwing away his hatchet, went out to meet them; and when they were met, they went to the high-priest, taking every man his rod.

9 After the high-priest had

10 And when he had fintributed them, and there was

11 The last rod was taken

12 And the high-priest said, chosen to take the Virgin of 5 Then the high-priest en-the Lord, to keep her for

13 But Joseph refused, sayjudgment,* ing, I am an old man, and made prayers concerning her; have children, but she is young, 6 And behold the angel of and I fear lest I should ap-

14 Then the high-priest re-

15 Now therefore, Joseph, fear God, lest the like things

16 Joseph then being afraid, took her unto his house, and Joseph said unto Mary, Behold, I have taken thee from the temple of the Lord, and now I will leave thee in my house; I must go to mind my trade of building. Lord be with thee.

CHAP. IX.

ing different parts of it, 4 again. the lot to spin the true purple falls to Mary. 5 Zach- purple, and did spin it. arias, the high-priest, beangel appears, and salutes her, and tells her she shall conceive by the Holy Ghost, 17 she submits, 19 visits her cousin Elizabeth, 21 leaps.

ND it came to pass, in a council of the priests, it was said, Let us make a new veil for the temple of the Lord.

2 And the high-priest said, Call together to me seven un- hast found favour in the sight' defiled virgins of the tribe of of God; David.

and brought them into the temple of the Lord, and the high-priest said unto them, Cast lots before me now, who thou shalt conceive : of you shall spin the golden thread, who the blue, who the scarlet, who the fine linen, and who the true purple.

4 Then the high-priest knew Mary, that she was of the tribe answer, Not so, O Mary, but of David; and he called her, and the true purple fell to her on thee, and the power of the lot to spin, and she went away

to her own house.

5 But from that time Zach-1 The priests desire a new arias the high-priest became veil for the temple, 3 seven dumb, and Samuel was placed virgins cast lots for mak- in his room till Zacharias spoke

6 But Mary took the true

7 ¶ And she took a pot, and comes dumb. 7 Mary takes went out to draw water, and a pot to draw water, and heard a voice saying unto her, hears a voice, 8 trembles, Hail thou who art full of grace,* and begins to work, 9 an the Lord is with thee; thou art blessed among women.

8 And she looked round to the right and to the left (to see) whence that voice came, and then trembling went into her whose child in her womb house, and laying down the water-pot she took the purple, and sat down in her seat to work it.

> 9 And behold the angel of the Lord stood by her, and said, Fear not, Mary, for thou

10 Which when she heard, 3 And the servants went she reasoned with herself what that sort of salutation meant.

> 11 And the angel said unto her, The Lord is with thee, and

12 To which she replied, What! shall I conceive by the living God, and bring forth as all other women do?

13 But the angel returned the Holy Ghost shall come up-

Luke, i. 28, &c.

Most High shall overshadow thee ;

shall be born of thee shall be Gabriel had spoken to her, liftholy, and shall be called the ed up her eyes to heaven, and Son of the Living God, and said Lord! What am I, that thou shalt call his name Jesus; all the generations of the earth for he shall save his people should call me blessed? * from their sins.

ceived a son in her old age.

month with her, who was call- years old when all these things ed barren: for nothing is im- happened. possible with God.

17 And Mary said, behold the handmaid of the Lord; let it be unto me according to thy word.

18 I And when she had wrought her purple, she carried it to the high-priest, and the high-priest blessed her, saying, Mary, the Lord God hath magnified thy name, and thou shalt be blessed in all the ages of the world.

19 Then Mary, filled with joy, went away to her cousing Elizabeth, and knocked at the

door.

heard, she ran and opened to les abroad, her, and blessed her, and said, trade, and entering into the Whence is this to me, that the house, found the Virgin grown mother of my Lord should big: come unto me?

voice of thy salutation reached can I look up to the Lord my my ears, that which is in me God? or, what shall I say leaped and blessed thee.

22 But Mary, being ignorant of all those mysterious 14 Wherefore that which things which the archangel

23 But perceiving herself.

15 And behold thy cousin daily to grow big, and being Elizabeth, she also hath con-afraid, she went home, and hid herself from the children 16 And this now is the sixth of Israel; and was fourteen

CHAP. X.

1 Joseph returns from building houses, finds the Virgin grown big, being six months gone with child, 2 is jealous and troubled, 8 reproaches her, 10 she affirms her innocence, 13 heleaves her, 16 determines to dismiss her privily, 17 is warned in a dream that Mary is with child by the Holy Ghost, 20 and glorifies God who had shewn him much favour.

ND when her sixth month was come, Joseph re-20 Which when Elizabeth turned from his building houswhich

2 Then smiting upon his 21 For lo! as soon as the face, he said, With what face

- - 1

concerning this young woman? and he thus reasoned with 3 For I received her a Vir-himself;*

gin out of the temple of the 14 lf I conceal her crime, Lord my God, and have not; I shall be found guilty by the

preserved her such!

4 Who has thus deceived filed her?

5 Is not the history of Ad- person: am exactly accomplished in

me ?

- 6 For in the very instant of his glory, the serpent came upon him, when behold an anand found Eve alone, and se- gel of the Lord appeared to duced her.
- 7 Just after the same manner it has happened to me.
- the ground, called her, and Holy Ghost, said, O thou who hast been so much favoured by God, why forth a son, and thou shalt call hast thou done this?
- 9 Why hast thou thus de-save his people from their sins. based thy soul, who wast educated in the Holy of Holies, his sleep, and glorified the God and received thy food from the hand of angels?

10 But she, with a flood of Virgin. tears, replied, I am innocent, and have known no man.

11 Then said Joseph, How comes it to pass you are with child?

12 Mary answered, As the Lord my God liveth, I know

not by what means.

13 ¶ Then Joseph was exoeedingly afraid, and went away from her, considering what he should do with her;

law of the Lord;

15 And if I discover her to me? Who has committed this the children of Israel, I fear, evil in my house, and seducing lest she being with child by an the Virgin from me, hath de-angel, I shall be found to be-

tray the life of an innocent

16 What therefore shall I do? I will privily dismiss her.

17 Then the night was come him in a dream, and said,

18 Be not afraid to take that young woman, for that 8 Then Joseph, arising from which is within her is of the

19 And she shall bring his name Jesus, for he shall

20 Then Joseph arose from of Israel, who had shewn him such favour, and preserved the

CHAP. XI.

1 Annas visits Joseph, 3 perceives the Virgin big with child, 4 informs the highpriest that Joseph had privately married her. 8 Jaseph and Mary brought to trial on the charge. 17 Jos seph drinks the water of the Lord as an ordeal, and re-

*See Matt. i. 18.

ceiving no harm, returns! home.

Wherefore have we not seen nocent in his sight, seeing I you since your return?

2 And Joseph replied, Because I was weary after my journey, and rested the first this? day.

3 But Annas turning about perceived the Virgin big with

child,

- 4 And went away to the priest, and told him, Joseph, in whom you placed so much confidence, is guilty of a notorious crime, in that he hath defiled the Virgin whom he'received out of the temple of the (of God,) that thy seed might Lord, and hath privately mar- be blessed: ried her, not discovering it to the children of Israel.
- Then said the priest, Hath Joseph done this?
- send any of your servants, you will find that she is with child.
- 7 And the servants went, and found it as he said.
- 8 Upon this both she and Joseph were brought to their trial; and the priest said unto her, Mary, what hast thou done?
- 9 Why hast thou debased ous place, thy soul, and forgot thy God, the Holy of Holies, and didst receive thy food from the hands of angels, and heardest their songs?

- 10 Why hast thou done this?
- 11 To which with a flood HEN came Annas the of tears she answered, As the scribe, and said to Joseph, Lord my God liveth, I am inknow no man.
 - 12 Then the priest said to Joseph, Why hast thou done
 - 13 And Joseph answered. As the Lord my God liveth, I have not been concerned with her.
 - 14 But the priest said, Lie not, but declare the truth; thou hast privately married her, and not discovered it to the children of Israel, and humbled. thyself under the mighty hand.
 - 15 And Joseph was silent.
- 16 Then said the priest (to Joseph,) You must restore to the temple of the Lord the 6 Annas replied, If you Virgin which you took thence. 17 But he wept bitterly, and the priest added, I will cause you both to drink the water of the Lord,* which is for trial, and so your iniquity shall be laid open before you.
 - 18 Then the priest took the water, and made Joseph drink, and sent him to a mountain-
- 19 And he returned perfectseeing thou wast brought up in ly well, and all the people wondered that his guilt was not discovered.
 - 20 So the priest said, Since
 - * Num. v. 18.

the Lord has not made your sins evident, neither do I condemn you.

21 So he sent them away.

22 Then Joseph took Mary, and went to his house, rejoicing and praising the God of Israel.

CHAP. XII.

1 A decree from Augustus for taxing the Jews, 5 Joseph puts Mary on an ass, to return to Bethlehem, 6 she looks sorrowful, 7 laughs, 8 Joseph inquires the cause of each, 9 she tells him she sees two persons, one mourning and the other rejoicing. 10 delivery being near, he takes her from the ass, and and rejoicing. places her in a cave.

ND it came to pass, that there went forth a decree* from the Emperor Augustus, that all the Jews should be taxed, who were of Bethle-

hem in Judæe:

2 And Joseph said, I will place is desert. take care that my children be taxed: but what shall I do to Joseph, Take me down, for with this young woman?

3 To have her taxed as my ily presses me. wife, I am ashamed; and if I tax her as my daughter, all Is-Idown. rael knows she is not my daughter.

When the time of the Lord's appointment shallcome, let bim do as seems good to him.

5 And he saddled the ass, and put her upon it, and Joseph and Simon followed after her, and arrived at Bethlehem within three miles.

6 Then Joseph turning about saw Mary sorrowful, and said within himself, Perhaps she is in pain through that which is within her.

7 But when he turned about again, he saw her laughing,

and said to her,

8 Mary, how happens it, she that I sometimes see sorrow, and sometimes laughter and joy in thy countenance?

9 And Mary replied to him, I see two people with mine The eyes, the one weeping and mourning, the other laughing

10 And he went again across the way, and Mary said to Joseph, Take me down from the ass, for that which is in me presses to come forth.

11 But Joseph replied, Whither shall I take thee? for the

12 Then said Mary again that which is within me might-

13 And Joseph took her

14 And he found there a cave, and let her into it.

CHAP. XIII.

1 Joseph seeks a Hebrew midwife, 2 perceives the fowls stopping in their flight, sheep standing still, 9 the drink. shepherd fixed and immovable, 10 and kids with their mouths touching the water, but not drinking.

ND leaving her and his sons in the cave, Joseph went forth to seek a Hebrew midwife in the village of Bethlehem.

2 But as I was going (said Joseph) I looked up into the air, and I saw the clouds astonished, and the fowls of the air stopping in the midst of their flight.

3 And I looked down towards the earth, and saw a table spread, and working people sitting around it, but their hands were upon the table, and they did not move to eat.

4 They who had meat in their mouths did not eat.

They who lifted their hands up to their heads did not draw them back:

6 And they who lifted them up to their mouths did not put any thing in;

7 But all their faces were

fixed upwards.

- 8 And I beheld the sheep dispersed, and yet the sheep stood still;
- 9 And the shepherd lifted up his hand to smite them, and his hand continued up.

10 And I looked unto a river, and saw the kids with their true?

3 the working people at | mouths close to the water, and their food not moving, 8 the touching it, but they did not

CHAP. XIV.

1 Joseph finds a midwife. 10 A bright cloud overshadows the cave. 11 A great light in the cave, gradually increases until the infant is born. 13 The midwife goes out, and tells Salome that she had seen a virgin bring forth. 17 Salome doubts it. 20 Her hand withers, 22 she supplicates. the Lord, 28 is cured, 30 but warned not to declare what she had seen.

HEN I beheld a woman a coming down from the mountains, and she said to me, Where art thou going, O man?

2 And I said to her, I go to enquire for a Hebrew midwife.

- 3 She replied to me, Where is the woman that is to be delivered ?
- 4 And I answered, In the cave, and she is betrothed to me.

5 Then said the midwife, Is she not thy wife?

6 Joseph answered, It is Mary, who was educated in the Holy of Holies, in the house of the Lord, and she fell: to me by lot, and is not my wife, but has conceived by the Holy Ghost.

7 The midwife said, Is this

- 8 He answered, Come and and the midwife said, Mary,
- long with him, and stood in the thee.
- 10 Then a bright cloud o- satisfaction. vershadowed the cave, and the midwife said, this day my soul ered, and she groaned bitterly. is magnified, for mine eyes have seen surprising things, and salvation is brought forth to Israel.
- 11 But on a sudden the cloud became a great light in the cave, so that their eyes could not bear it.

12 But the light gradually decreased, until the infant appeared, and sucked the breast of his mother Mary.

13 Then the midwife cried out, and said, How glorious a day is this, wherein mine eyes have seen this extraordinary sight !

14 And the midwife went out from the cave, and Salome met her.

15 And the midwife said to tell you a most surprising thing which I saw.

16 A virgin hath brought forth, which is a thing contrary to nature.

17 To which Salome replied, As the Lord my God liveth, unless I receive particular proof of this matter, I will not believe that a virgin hath brought forth.

18 ¶Then Salome went in, born in Israel.

shew thyself, for a great con-9 And the midwife went a troversy is risen concerning

19 And Salome received

20 But her hand was with-

21 And said, Wo to me, because of mine iniquity; for I have tempted the living God, and my hand is ready to drop

22 Then Salome made her supplication to the Lord, and said, O God of my fathers, remember me, for I am of the seed of Abraham, and Isaac, and Jacob.

23 Make me not a reproach among the children of Israel, but restore me sound to my parents.

24 For thou well knowest, O Lord, that I have performed many offices of charity in thy name, and have received my reward from thee.

Upon this an angel of the her, Salome, Salome, I will Lord stood by Salome, and said, the Lord God hath heard thy prayer, reach forth thy hand to the child, and carry him, and by that means thou shalt be restored.

> 26 Salome, filled with exceeding joy, went to the child, and said, I will touch him;

27 And she purposed to worship him, for she said, This is a great king which is was cured.

out of the cave, being approved by God.

to Salome, Declare not the Bethlehem, in the land of Justrange things which thou hast dah, art not the least among seen, till the child shall come the princes of Judah, for out to Jerusalem.

31 So Salome also departed, shall rule my people Israel. approved by God.

CHAP. XV.

8 desires them, if they find was it ye saw concerning the the child, to bring him king that is born? 10 They visit the word. home another way.

cause there arose a great dis- we are come to worship him. order in Bethlehem by the coming of * some wise men Go and make diligent inquiry;

from the east,

2 Who said, Where is the king of the Jews born? For come and worship him also. we have seen his star in the east, and are come to worship forth, and behold, the star

- 3 When Herod heard this. he was exceedingly troubled, and stood over the cave where and sent messengers to the the young child was with Mawise men, and to the priests, ry his mother. and inquired of them in the town-hall,
 - And *Mau ii, 1, &c.

28 And straightway Salome, Where have you it written concerning Christ the king, or 29 Then the midwife went where should he be born?

5 Then they say unto him, In Bethlehem of Judæe; for 30 And lo! a voice came thus it is written: And thou of thee shall come a ruler, who

6 And having sent away the chief priests, he inquired of the 1 Wise men come from the wise men in the town-hall, and 3 Herod alarmed: said unto them, What sign

7 They answered him, We cave, and offer the child saw an extraordinary large their treasure, 11 and be- star shining among the stars of ing warned in a dream, do heaven, and so out-shined all not return to Herod, but go the other stars, as that they became not visible, and we knew HEN Joseph was pre-thereby that a great king was paring to go away, be-|born in Israel, and therefore

8 Then said Herod to them. and if ye find the child, bring me word again, that I may

9 So the wise men went which they saw in the east went before them, till it came

10 Then they brought forth out of their treasures, and ofsaid unto them, fered unto him gold and frank-

incense, and myrrh.

36

dream by an angel, that they them in the inn. should not return to Herod through Judæa, they departed that her son John was about into their own country by an- to be searched for, took him other way.

CHAP. XVI.

1 Herod enraged, orders the infants in Bethlehem to be zlain. 2 Mary puts her infant in an ox-manger. 3 Elizabeth flees with her son John to the mountains. A mountain miraculously divides and receives them. 9 Herod incensed at the escape of John, causes Zacharias to be murdered at the altar, 23 the roofs of the temple rent, the body miraculously conveyed, and the blood petrified. 25 Israel mourns for him. Simon chosen his successor by lot.

MEN Herod* perceiving that he was mocked by the wise men, and being very angry, commanded certain men to go and to kill all the children that were in Bethlehem, from two years old and under.

2 But Mary hearing that the children were to be killed, being under much fear, took the child, and wrapped him un in swaddling clothes, and laid him in an ox-manger, t be-

*Mau. ii 16, †Luke, ii. 7, is alloded to, though misapplied as to time.

11 And being warned in a cause there was no room for

3 Elizabeth also, hearing and went up unto the mountains, and looked around for a place to hide him;

4 And there was no secret

place to be found.

5 Then she groaned within herself, and said, O mountain of the Lord, receive the mother with the child,

6 For Elizabeth could not

climb up,

7 And instantly the mountain was divided and received them,

8 And there appeared to them an angel of the Lord to

preserve them.

9 ¶ But Herod search after John, and sent servants to Zacharias, when he was (ministering) at the altar, and said unto him, Where hast thou hid thy son?

10 He replied to them, I am a minister of God, and a servant at the altar: how should I know where my son

is ?

11 So the servants went back, and told Herod the whole; at which he was incensed, and said, Is not this son of his like to be king in Israel?

12 He sent therefore again his servants to Zacharias, saying, Tell us the truth, where is thy son, for you know that one of them ventured into the your life is in my hand.

and told him all this; 14 But Zacharias replied to 21 When, behold, a voice

shed innocent blood.

the temple and altar, and a-had seen and heard; and they bout the partition;

17 But the children of Is-

killed.

18 ¶ Then at the hour of salutation the priests went into the body, but only blood made the temple, but Zacharias did hard like stone. not according to custom meet them and bless them;

he did not in a long time come, and lamented three days.*

holy place where the altar 13 So the servants went was, and he saw blood lying upon the ground congealed;

them, I am a martyr for God, from heaven said, Zacharias is and if ye shed my blood, the murdered, and his blood shall Lord will receive my soul. not be wiped away, until the 15 Besides know that ye revenger of his blood come.

22 But when he heard this, 16 However Zacharias was he was afraid, and went forth murdered in the entrance of and told the priests what he all went in, and saw the fact.

23 Then the roofs of the rael knew not when he was temple howled, and were rent from the top to the bottom:

24 And they could not find

25 And they went away, and told the people, that 19 Yet they still continued Zacharias was murdered, and waiting for him to salute them; all the tribes of Israel heard 20 And when they found thereof, and mourned for him,

*There is a story both in the Jerusalem and Babylonish Talmud very similar to this. It is cited by Dr. Lightfoot, Talmud. Hierosol. in Taanith, fol. 69; and Talmud. Babyl. in Sanhedr., fol. 96. Rabbi Jochanan said, Eighty thousand priests were slain for the blood of Zacherias. Rabbi Judas asked Rabbi Achan, Where did they kill Zacharias? Was it in the women's court, or in the court of Israel? He answered, Neither in the court of Israel, nor in the court of women, but in the court of the priests; and they did not treat his blood in the same manner as they were wont to treat the blood of a ram or young goat. For of these it is written, He shall pour out his blood, and cover it with dust. But it is written here, The blood is in the midst of her; she set it upon the top of a rock; she poured it not upon the ground. (Ezek. xxiv 7.) But why was this? That it might cause fury to come up to take vengeance: I have set his blood upon the top of a rock, that it should not be covered. They committed seven evils that day: they murdered a priest, a prophet, and a king: they shed the blood of the innocent: they polluted the court: that day was the Sabbath: and the day of expiation. When therefore Nebuzaradan came there, (viz. to Jerusalem,) he saw his blood bubbling, and said to them, What meaneth this? They answered, It is the blood of calves, lambs, and rams, which we have offered upon the altar. He commanded then, that they should bring calves, and lambs, and rams, and said, I will try whether this be their blood: accordingly they brought and slew them, but the blood (of Zach26 Then the priests took counsel together concerning a person to succeed him.

27 And Simeon and the other priests cast lots, and the lot fell upon Simeon.

28 For he had been assured by the Holy Spirit, that he should not die, till he had seen Christ come in the flesh.*

¶ I James wrote this History

in Jerusalem; and when the disturbance was, I re-

tired into a desert place, until the death of Herod. And the disturbance ceased at Jerusalem. That which remains is, that I glorify God that he hath given me such wisdom to write unto you who are spiritual, and who love God; to whom (be ascribed) glory and dominion for ever and ever, Amen.

arias) still bubbled, but the blood of these did not bubble. Then he said, Declare to me the truth of this matter, or else I will comb your flesh with iron combs. Then said they to him, He was a priest, prophet, and judge, who prophesied to Israel all these calamities which we have suffered from you; but we arose against him, and slew him. Then said he, I will appease him: then he took the rabbins, and slew them upon his (viz. Zachariah's) blood, and slew them upon his blood, and yet it bubbled. Then he brought the young priests, and slew them in the same place, and yet it still bubbled. So he slew at length niaety-four thousand persons upon his blood, and it did not as yet cease bubbling. Then he drew near to it, and said, O Zacharias, Zacharias, thou hast occasioned the death of the chief of thy countrymen, shall I slay them all? Then the blood ceased, and did bubble no more."

The First Gospel of the INFANCY of JESUS CHRIST.

[Mr. Henry Sike, Professor of Oriental Languages at Cambridge, first translated and published this Gospel in 1697. It was received by the Gnostics, a sect of Christians in the second century; and several of its relations were credited in the following ages by other Christians, viz. Eusebius, Athanasius, Epiphanius, Chrysostom, &co. Sozomen says, he was told by many, and he credits the relation, of the idols in Egypt falling down on Joseph, and Mary's flight thither with Christ; and of Christ making a well to wash his clothes in a sycamore-tree, from whence belsam afterwards proceeded. These stories are from the Gospel. Chemnitius, out of Stipulensis, who had it from Peter Martyr, Bishop of Alexandria, in the third century, says, that the place in Egypt where Christ was banished is now called Matarea, about ten miles beyond Caire; that the islabitants constantly burn a lamp in remembrance of it: and that there is a garden of trees yielding a balsam, which were planted by Christ when a boy M. La Crose cites a synod at Angamala, in the mountains of Malabar, A. D. 1699, which condemns this Gospel as commonly read by the Nestorians in that country Ahmed Ibn Idris, a Mahometan divine, says, it was used by some Christians in common with the other four Gospels; and Ocobius de Castro mentions a Gospel of Thomas, which he says, he saw and hed translated to him by an Armenian Archbishop at Amserdam, that

was read in very many churches of Asia and Africa as the only rule of their faith. Fabricius takes it to be this Gospel. It has been supposed, that Mahomet and his coadjutors used it in compiling the Koran. There are several stories believed of Christ, proceeding from this Gospel: as that which Mr. Sike relates out of La Brosse's Persic Lexicon, that Christ practised the trade of a dyer, and his working a miracle with the colours; from whence the Persian dyers honor him as their patron, and call a dye-house the shop of Christ. Sir John Chardin mentions Persian legends concerning Christ's dispute with his schoolmaster about his A B C; and his lengthening a cedar-board which Joseph sawed too shott.]

CHAP. I.

1 Caiphas relates, that Jesus when in his cradle, informed his mother, that he was the Son of God. 5 Joseph and Mary going to Bethlehem to be taxed, Mary's time of bringing forth arrives, and she goes into a Cave. 8 Joseph fetches in a Hebrew woman. 10 The eave filled with great lights, 11 the infant born, 17 cures the woman, 19 arrival of the shepherds.

HE following accounts we found in the book of Joseph the high-priest, called by

some Caiphas.

2 He relates, that Jesus spake even when he was in his cradle, and said to his mother:

3 Mary, I am Jesus the Son of God, that word, which thou didst bring forth according to the declaration of the angel Gabriel to thee, and my Father hath sent me for the salvation of the world.

4 ¶ In the three hundred and ninth year of the æra of Alexander, Augustus published a decree, that all persons

should go to be taxed in their

own country.

5 Joseph therefore arose, and with Mary his spouse he went to Jerusalem, and then came to Bethlehem, that he and his family might be taxed in the city of his fathers.

6 And when they came by the cave, Mary confessed to Joseph, that her time of bringing forth was come, and she could not go on to the city, and said, Let us go into this

cave.

7 At that time the sun was

very near going down.

8 But Joseph hastened away, that he might fetch her a midwife; and when he saw an old Hebrew woman, who was of Jerusalem, he said to her, Pray come hither, good woman, and go into that cave, and you will there see a woman just ready to bring forth.

9 It was after sunset, when the old woman and Joseph with her reached the cave, and

they both went into it.

10 And behold, it was all filled with lights, greater than the light of lamps and candles, and greater than the light of the sun itself.

of his mother St. Mary.

When they both saw this light, they were surprised; the old woman asked St. Ma-brew woman saw all these evry, Art thou the mother of this ident miracles, she gave praischild?

was.

14 On which the old woman said, Thou art very different from all other women.

15 St. Mary answered, As there is not any child like my son, so neither is there any woman like to his mother.

16 The old woman answered, and said, O my Lady, I am come hither, that I may obtain an everlasting reward.

17 Then our Lady St. Mary said to her, Lay thine hands upon the infant; which, when she had done, she became whole.

18 And as she was going forth, she said, From henceforth, all the days of my life, I will attend upon and be a servant of this infant.

19 After this, when the shepherds came, and had made a fire, and they were exceedingly rejoicing, the heavenly host appeared to them, praising and adoring the supreme God.

11 The infant was then seemed like a glorious temple, wrapped up in swaddling because both the tongues of clothes, and sucking the breasts angels and men united to adore and magnify God, on account of the birth of the Lord Christ.

21 But when the old Hees to God, and said, I thank 13 St. Mary replied, She thee, O God, thou God of Israel, for that mine eyes have seen the birth of the Saviour of the world.

CHAP. II.

1 The child circumcised in the cave, 2 and the old woman preserving his foreskin or navel-string in a box of spikenard, Mary afterwards annoints Christ with it. 5 Christ brought to the temple; 6 shines, 7 angels stand around him adoring. 8 Simeon praises Christ.

ND when the time of his circumcision was come: namely, the eighth day, on which the law commanded the child to be circumcised; they circumcised him in the cave.

2 And the old Hebrew woman took the foreskin (others say she took the navel-string,) and preserved it in an alabaster-box of old oil of spikenard.

3 And she had a son who was a druggist, to whom she 20 And as the shepherds said, Take heed thou sell not were engaged in the same em- this alabaster-box of spikeployment, the cave at that time nard-ointment, although thou

- idol a priest ministering to it, power. who, as often as Satan spake 13 And at the same instant out of that idol, related the this idol fell down, and at his things he said to the inhabit- fall all the inhabitants of Eants of Egypt, and those coun-gypt, besides others, ran totries.
- 8 This priest had a son three years old, who was possessed with a great multitude of devils, who uttered many strange things; and when the devils seized him, walked about naked, with his clothes torn, throwing stones at those whom he saw.
- 9 Near to that idol was the inn of the city, into which when Joseph and St. Mary were come, and had turned into that inn, all the inhabitants of the city were astonished.
- 10 And all the magistrates and priests of the idols assembled before that idol, and made inquiry, saying, What means all this consternation dread, which has fallen upon all our country?
- 11 The idol answered them, The unknown God is come hither, who is truly God; nor is there any one besides him, who is worthy of divine worship; for he is truly the Son of God.
- 12 At the fame of him this coming it is under the present

7 And there was by this ed by the greatness of his

- gether.
- 14 ¶ But the son of the priest, when his usual disorder came upon him, going into the inn, found there Joseph and St. Mary, whom all the rest had left behind and forsook.
- 15 And when the Lady St. Mary had washed the swaddling clothes of the Lord Christ, and hanged them out to dry upon a post, the boy possessed with the devil took down one of them, and put it upon his head. .
- 16 And presently the devils began to come out of his mouth, and fly away in the shapes of crows and serpents.
- 17 From that time the boy was healed by the power of the Lord Christ, and he began to sing praises, and give thanks to the Lord who had healed him.
- 18 When his father saw him restored to his former state of health, he said, My son, what has happened to thee, and by what means wert thou cured?
- 19 The son answered, country trembled, and at his When the devils seized me, I went into the inn, and there commotion and consternation, found a very handsome woand we ourselves are affright- man with a boy, whose swad-

dling clothes she had just beupon a post.

im mediately the devils left away bound.

me, and fled away.

son of the living God, who horse, and the trumpets soundmade the heavens and the ing, at his departure from his earth.

22 For as soon as he came amongst us, the idol was broken, and all the gods fell down, fly away in haste. and were destroyed by a greater power.

prophecy which saith, Out of Egypt I have called my son.

CHAP. V.

1 Joseph and Mary leave Eof robbers, 4 who hearing a mighty noise as of a great we are now come off safe? army flee away.

TOW Joseph and Mary, when they heard that the idol was fallen down and destroyed, were seized with fear and trembling, and said, When we were in the land of Israel. Herod, intending to kill Jesus, slew for that purpose all the infants in Bethlehem, and that neighborhood.

2 And there is no doubt but the Egyptians, if they come to hear that this idol is broken and fallen down, will burn us

with fire.

3 They went therefore hence. fore washed, and hanged out to the secret places of robbers. who robbed travellers, as they 20 One of these I took, and pass by, of their carriages and put it upon my head, and their clothes, and carried them

4 These thieves upon their 21 At this the father ex-|coming heard a great noise. ceedingly rejoiced, and said, such as the noise of a king My son, perhaps this boy is the with a great army, and many own city; at which they were so affrighted, as to leave all their booty behind them, and

5 Upon this the prisoners arose, and loosed each other'a-23 Then was fulfilled the bonds, and taking each man his bags, they went away, and saw Joseph and Mary coming towards them, and inquired, Where is that king, the noise gypt. 3 Go to the haunts of whose approach the robbers heard, and have left us, so that

6 Joseph answered, He wilt come after us.

CHAP. VI.

1 Mary looks on a woman in whom Satan had taken up his abode, and she becomes dispossessed. 5 Christ kissed by a bride made dumb by sorcerers, cures her, 11 miraculously cures a gentle. woman in whom Satan had taken up his abode. leprous girl cured by the water in which he was washed, and becomes the servant of Joseph and Mary.

wife cured in like manner. 37 His mother offers large gifts to Mary, and dismisses her with respect.

HEN they went into another city, where there was a woman possessed with a devil, and in whom, Satan, that cursed rebel, had taken up his abode.

- 2 One night, when she went to fetch water, she could neither endure her clothes on, nor to be in any house; but as often as they tied her with chains or cords, she brake them, and went out into desert places, and sometimes standing where roads crossed, and in churchvards, would throw stones at men.
- 3 When St. Mary saw this to her body. woman, she pitied her; whereupon Satan presently left her, her tongue was loosed, and and fled away in the form of a young man, saying, Wo to me, began to sing praises unto because of thee, Mary, and thy God, who had restored ber. son.
- self naked, she blushed, and come down among them. avoided seeing any man, and count of her case to her father splendid entertainment; and relations, who, as they were the best of the city, en-the people with provisions for tertained St. Mary and Joseph the road, they departed and with the greatest respect.

The leprous son of a prince's | received a sufficient supply of provisions for the road, they went from them, and about the evening of the day arrived at another town, where a marriage was then about to be solemnized; but by the arts of Satan, and the practices of some sorcerers, the bride was become so dumb, that she could not so much as open her mouth.

6 But when this dumb bride saw the Lady St. Mary entering into the town, and carrying the Lord Christ in her arms, she stretched out her hands to the Lord Christ, and took him in her arms, and closely hugging him, very often kissed him, continually moving him, and pressing him

7 Straightway the string of her ears were opened, and she

8 So there was great joy 4 So the woman was delive among the inhabitants of the ered from her torment; but town that night, who thought considering and perceiving her-that God and his angels were

9 ¶ In this place they ahaving put on her clothes, bode three days, meeting with went home, and gave an ac- the greatest respect, and most

10 And being fornished by went to another city, in which 5 The next morning having they were inclined to lodge,

The possessed woman, I. INFANCY. two leprous persons.

because it was a famous Mary, and that boy, are Gods.

place.

11 There was in this city tals. a gentlewoman, who, as she 19 And when they were went down one day to the ri- making ready to go away, the ver to bathe, behold cursed girl, who had been troub-Satan leaped upon her in the led with the leprosy, came and form of a serpent,

bout her belly, and every

night lay upon her.

13 This woman seeing the Lady St. Mary, and the Lord of a great king, and whose Christ the infant in her bosom, house was not far from the inn. asked the Lady St. Mary, that | she would give her the child when the girl went one day to to kiss, and carry in her arms.

14 When she had consented, and as soon as the woman ful condition, she asked her the had moved the child, Satan reason of her tears. left her, and fled away, nor did the woman ever after-

wards see him.

15 Hereupon all the neigh- which I dare not tell any one. bours praised the Supreme God, and the woman rewarded them with ample benefieence.

16 On the morrow the same woman brought perfum-prince's wife, shalt keep the ed water to wash the Lord Jesus: and when she had washed him, she preserved the water.

with a leprosy, who being had any child by me. sprikled with this water, and 25 At length I conceived washed, was instantly cleans- by him, but alas! I brought ed from her leprosy.

for they do not look like mor-

desired they would permit her 12 And folded himself a- to go along with them : so they consented, and the girl went with them till they came to a city, in which was the palace

20 Here they staid, and the prince's wife, and found her in a sorrowful and mourn-

21 She replied, Wonder not at my groans, for I am under a great misfortune,

22 But, says the girl, if you will entrust me with your private grievance, perhaps I may find you a remedy for it.

23 Thou therefore, says the secret, and not discover it to

any one alive!

24 I have been married to this prince, who rules as king 17 And there was a girl over large dominions, and livthere, whose body was whife ed long with him, before he

forth a leprous son; which, 18 The people therefore said, when he saw, he would not Without doubt Joseph and own to be his, but said to me,

or send him to some nurse in seph among a large company such a place, that he may be of men, never heard of; and now take care of yourself; I will never perfumed water to wash the see you more.

27 So here I pine, lamenting my wretched and miserable circumstances. Alas, my son! alas, my husband! Have stantly cleansed from his lep-

I disclosed it to you?

28 The girl replied, I have found a remedy for your disease, which I promise you, for I also was leprous, but God hath cleansed me, even he who is called Jesus, the son of the Lady Mary.

29 The woman inquiring, where that God was, whom she spake of; the girl answered, He lodges with you here in

the same house.

30 But how can this be? says she: where is he? Behold, replied the girl, Joseph and Mary; and the infant who is with them is called Jesus; and it is he who delivered me from my disease and torment.

31 But by what means, says she, were you cleansed from your leprosy? Will not you tell me that?

32 Why not? says the girl: I took the water with which mind to lodge there. his body had been washed, and poured it upon me, and my a man's house, who was newly leprosy vanished.

atose, and entertained them, his wife:

26 Either do thou kill him, providing a great feast for Jo-

34 And the next day took Lord Jesus, and afterwards poured the same water upon her son, whom she had brought with her, and her son was inrosy.

35 Then she sang the ks and praises unto God, .nd said, Blessed is the mother that

bare thee, O Jesus!

36 Dost thou thus cure men of the same nature with thvself, with the water with which thy body is washed?

37 She then offered very large gifts to the Lady Mary, and sent her away with all

imaginable respect.

CHAP. VII.

A man who could not enjoy his wife, freed from his disorder. 5 A young man who had been bewitched. and turned into a mule.miraculously cured by Christ being put on his back, 28 and is married to the girl x who had been curea of lenrosy.

THEY came afterwards to another city, and had a

2 Accordingly they went to married, but by the influence 33 The prince's wife then of sorcerers could not enjoy

A bewitched young man I. INFANCY. restored from the

house that night, the man was ebony collar hanging down

freed of his disorder;

4 And when they were pre-|sed, and were feeding. paring early in the morning to go forward on their journey, the How handsome, ladies, that new married person hindered mule is! they replied with them, and provided a noble tears, and said, This mule. entertainment for them.

morrow, they came to another we; city, and saw three women going from a certain grave with ed, and left us a very large es-

great weeping.

she spake to the girl who was to procure him a suitable their companion, saying, Go match, and thought he should and inquire of them, what is be married as other men, some the matter with them, and giddy and jealous women bewhat misfortune has befallen witched him without them?

7 When the girl asked them, they made her no answer, but little before day, while the asked her again, Who are ye, doors of the house were all fast and where are ye going? For shut, saw this our brother was the day is far spent, and night changed into a mule, such as is an hand.

8 We are travellers, saith the girl, and are seeking for choly condition in which you an inn to lodge at.

with us, and lodge with us.

them, and were introduced in- have been of no service to us. to a new house, well furnished with all sorts of furniture.

and the girl went into the parlour where these women were, and found them weeping and cried sufficiently, we return lamenting, as before.

12 By them stood a mule,

3 But they lodging at his covered over with silk, and an from his neck, whom thy kis-

13 But when the girl said, which you see, was our broth-5 But going forward on the er, born of this same mother as

· 14 For when our father ditate, and we had only this 6 When St. Mary saw them, brother, and we endeavoured knowledge:

15 And we, one night, a you now see him to be:

16 And we, in the melansee us, baving no father to 9 They replied, Go along comfort us, have applied to all the wise men. magicians, and 10 They then followed diviners in the world, but they

17 As often therefore as we find ourselves opprest with 11 It was now winter-time, grief, we rise and go with this our mother to our father's tomb, where when we bave home.

18 When the girl had heard

and cease your fears, for you sionate us. have a remedy for your afflictions near at hand, even among you, and in the midst of ing the Lord Jesus, put him your house.

19 For I was also leprous; but when I saw this woman, and this little infant with her, whose name is Jesus, I sprinkled my body with the water with which his mother had washed him, and I was presently made well.

20 And I am certain that he is also capable of relieving you under your distress.— Wherefore arise, go to my mistress Mary, and when you have brought her into your own parlour, disclose to her the secret, at the same time earnestly beseeching her to compassionate your case.

21 As soon as the women had heard the girl's discourse, they hastened away to the Lady St. Mary, introduced themselves to her, and sitting down before her, they wept,

22 And said, O our Lady St. Mary, pity your handmaids, for we have no head of our family, no one elder than us; no father or brother to go in and out before us:

23 But this mule which you see, was our brother, which some women by witchcraft have brought into this condifron which you see; we there-

this, she said, Take courage, fore entreat you to compas-

24 Hereupon St. Mary was grieved at their case, and takupon the back of the mule,

25 And said to her son, O Jesus Christ, restore (or heal) according to thy extraordinary power this mule, and grant him to have again the shape of a man and a rational creature, as he had formerly.

26 This was scarce said by the Lady St. Mary, but the mule immediately passed into a human form, and became a young man without any defor-

mity.

27 Then he and his mother and the sisters worshipped the Lady St. Mary, and lifting the child upon their heads, they kissed him, and said, Blessed is thy mother, O Je-

sus, O Saviour of the world! Blessed are the eyes which are so happy as to see thee.

Then both the sisters told their mother, saying, Of a truth our brother is restored to his former shape by the help of the Lord Jesus Christ, and the kindness of that girl, who told us of Mary and her son.

29 And inasmuch as our brother is unmarried, it is fit that we marry him to this girl their servant.

30 When they had consulted St. Mary in this matter, and she had given her consent, they made a splendid wedding

for this girl,

31 And so their sorrow being turned into gladness, and their mourning into mirth, they began to rejoice, and make merry, and sing, being dressed bracelets.

32 Afterwards they glorified and praised God, saying, to pass through it in the nig O Jesus, son of David, who changest sorrow into gladness, and mourning into mirth.

33 After this Joseph and Mary tarried there ten days, then went away, having received great respect from those people:

34 Who, when they took their leave of them, and re-

turned home, cried.

35 But especially the girl. CHÁP. VÍII.

Joseph and Mary pass by robbers. Mary pass unmolested. Jesus prophecies that the a noise. thieves Dumachus and Tieycamore tree, and Mary don of thy sins. washes his coat in it. 11 his sweat.

Memphis, where works more miracles. Return to Judœa. 15 Being warned, depart for Nazareth.

N their journey from hence they came into a desert in their richest attire, with country, and were told it was infested with robbers; so Joseph and St. Mary prepared

2 And as they were going along, behold they saw two robbers asleep in the road, and with them a great number of robbers, who were their confederates, also asleep.

3 The names of those two were Titus and Dumachus: and Titus said to Domachus, I beseech thee let those persons go along quietly, that our company may not perceive any

thing of them;

4 But Dumachus refusing, through a country infested Titus again said, I will give 3 Titus, a hu- thee forty groats, and as a mane thief, offers Duma-pledge, take my girdle, which chus, his comrade, forty he gave him before he had groats, to let Joseph and done speaking, that he might 6 not open his mouth, or make

5 When the Lady St. Mary tus shall be crucified with saw the kindness which this him, and that Titus shall robber did shew them, she go before him into Para- said to him, The Lord God 10 Christ causes a will receive thee to his right well to spring up from a hand, and grant thee the par-

6 Then the Lord Jesus an-A balsam grows there from swered, and said to his moth-They go to er, When thirty years are ex-

Christ causes a well I. INFANCY, to spring from a tree-

pired, O mother, the Jews will crucify me at Jerusalem;

7 And these two thieves shall be with me at the same stead, he was afraid; time upon the cross, Titus on my right-hand, and Dumach- Judæa, an angel of God anus on my left, and from that time Titus shall go before me seph, go into the city of Nazinto Paradise :

8 And when she had said, on to a city, in which were several idols; which, as soon as they came near to it, was turned into hills of sand.

9 ¶ Hence they went to that sycamore tree, which is now called Matarea:

10 And in Matarea the Lord Jesus caused a well to spring forth, in which St. Mary several very desperate distemwashed his coat;

ced, or grows, in that country, them, that most of them died. from the sweat which ran down there from the Lord Jesus.

12 Thence they proceeded to Memphis, and saw Phara- was at the point of death, to Egypt.

13 And the Lord Jesus did very many miracles in Egypt, tion.

14 ¶ At the end of three years he returned out of Egypt, said, Take a little of that waand when he came near to Ju-ter with which I have washed dæa, Joseph was afraid to en- my son, and sprinkle it upon ter:

15 For hearing that Hers od was dead, and that Archelaus his son reigned in his

16 And when he went to peared to him, and said, O Joareth, and abide there.

17 It is strange indeed, that nd forbid that this should be he, who is the Lord of all my lot, O my son, they went countries, should be thus carried backward and forward through so many countries.

CHAP. IX.

2 Two sick children cured by water wherein Christ was washed.

THEN they came afterwards into the city of Bethlehem, they found there pers, which became so troub-11 And a balsam is produ- lesome to children by seeing

2 There was there a woman who had a sick son. whom she brought, when he oh, and abode three years in the Lady St. Mary, who saw her when she was washing Jesus Christ.

3 Then said the woman, which are neither to be found O my Lady Mary, look down in the Gospel of the Infancy, upon this my son, who is afnor in the Gospel of Perfec- flicted with most dreadful pains.

4 St. Mary hearing her, him.

that water, as St. Mary had God for the recovery of her commanded, and sprinkled it son's health, and to tell no one upon her son, who being wea- what had happened. ried with his violent pains, was fallen asleep; and after he had slept a little, awaked perfectly well and recovered.

6 The mother being abundantly glad of this success. went again to St. Mary, and St. Mary said to her, Give the praise to God, who hath cured

this thy son.

7 There was in the same place another woman, a neighbour of her. whose son was now cured.

8 This woman's son was afflicted with the same disease. and his eyes were now almost quite shut, and she was lamenting for him day and night.

9 The mother of the child which was cured said to her, Why do you not bring your son to St. Mary, as I brought my son to her, when he was in the very agonies of death; and he was cured by that water, with which the body ofher son Jesus was washed?

10 When the woman heard her say this, she also went, and leb. having procured the same water, washed her son with it, whereupon his body and his eyes were instantly restored to their former state.

ed his case to her, she com-small swaddling cloth.

5 Then she took a little of manded her to give thanks to

CHAP. X.

Two wives of one man, each have a son sick. 2 One of them, named Mary, and whose son's name was Caleb, presents the Virgin with a handsome carpets and Caleb is cured; but. the son of the other wife dies, 4 which occasions a difference between the wo-5 The other wife puts Caleb into a hot oven. and he is miraculously preserved, 9 she afterwards throws him into a well, and he is again preserved; 11 his mother appeals to the Virgin against the other wife, 12 whose downfall the Virgin prophecies, 13 and who accordingly falls into the well, 14 therein fulfilling a saying of old.

HERE were in the same city two wives of one man, who had each a son sick. One of them was called Mary, and her son's name was Ca-

2 She arose, and taking her son, went to the Lady St. Mary, the mother of Jesus, and offered her a very handsome carpet, saying, O my Lady 11 And when she brought Mary, accept this carpet of me, her son to St. Mary, and open- and instead of it give me a

3 To this Mary agreed; and threw him into the well. and when the mother of Caleb was gone, she made a coat for came to fetch water from the her son of the swaddling cloth, well, they saw the boy sitting put it on him, and his disease was cured: but the son of the other wife died.

4 ¶ Hereupon there arose between them a differe :e in doing the business of the famiby by turns, each her week:

5 And when the turn of Mary the mother of Caleb came, and she was heating the oven to bake bread, and went away to fetch the meal, she left her son Caleb by the oven;

6 Whom the other wife, her rival, seeing to be by himself, took and cast him into the oven, which was very hot, and then went away.

7 Mary on her return saw her son Caleb laying in the middle of the oven laughing, and the oven quite as cold as though it had not been before heated, and knew that her rival the well, and they who ran to the other wife had thrown him into the fire.

8 When she took him out, she brought him to the Lady end, and in her was fulfilled St. Mary, and told her the sto-that saying of the author, They ry; to whom she replied, Be digged a well, and made it quiet, for I am concerned lest deep, but fell themselves into thou shouldest make this mat- the pit which they prepared. ter known.

9 After this her rival, the other wife, as she was drawing water at the well, and saw Caleb playing by the well, and "that no one was near, took him,

10 And when some men on the superficies of the water and drew him out with ropes, and were exceedingly surprised at the child, and praised God.

11 Then came the mother. and took him and carried him to the Lady St. Mary, lamenting and saying, O my Lady, see what my rival hath done to my son, and how she hath cast him into the well, and I do not question but one time or other she will be the occasion of his death.

12 St. Mary replied to her, God will vindicate your injured case.

13 Accordingly a few days after, when the other wife came to the well to draw water, her foot was entangled in the rope. so that she fell headlong into her assistance found her skull broken, and her bones bruised.

14 So she came to a bad

CHAP. XI.

Bartholomew, when a child and sick, miraculously restored by being laid on Christ's bed.

sons sick,

the other, who lay at the point ments. of death, she took in her arms to the Lady St. Mary, and in cured, is the same who in the a flood of tears addressed her- Gospel is called Bartholoself to her, saying,

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3 O.my Lady, help and relieve me; for I had two sons, the one I have just now buried, the other I see is just at the point of death: behold, how I (earnestly) seek favour from God, and pray to him.

thou art gracious, and merciful, and kind; thou hast giv- my Lady, help me. en me two sons; one of them thou hast taken to thyself, O help dost thou desire? spare me this other.

the greatness of her sorrow, pitied her, and said, Do thou can grant me this? place thy son in my son's bed,

ced him in the bed wherein bed. Christ lay, at the moment when his eyes were just closed by she was commanded; and death; as soon as ever the Mary, when she had put Jesmell of the garments of the sus in bed, giving her the wa-Lord Jesus Christ reached the ter with which she had washboy, his eyes were opened, and ed his body, said, Take some calling with a loud voice to his of the water, and pour it upon mother, he asked for bread, thy body; and when he had received it, he sucked it.

Lady Mary, now I am assur- gave thanks to him. ed that the powers of God do 7 ¶ Then went she away,

NOTHER woman in that dwell in you, so that thy son city had likewise two can cure children who are of the same sort as himself. as 2 And when one was dead, soon as they touch his gar-

> 8 This boy, who was thus mew.

> > CHAP. XII.

1 A leprous woman healed by Christ's washing-water. 7 A princess healed by it and restored to her husband.

GAIN, there was a lep-🔼 rous woman, who went 4 Then she said, O Lord, to the Lady St. Mary, the mother of Jesus, and said, O

2 St. Mary replied, What gold or silver, or that thy bo-5 St. Mary then perceiving dy be cured of its leprosy?

3 Who, says the woman,

4 St. Mary replied to her, and cover him with his clothes. Wait a little till I have washed 6 And when she had pla- my son Jesus, and put him in

5 The woman waited, as

6 Which when she had done, she instantly became 7 Then his mother said, O clean, and praised God, and

A princess cured by I. INFANCY. Christ's washing water.

after she had abode with her and gave me some water with three days ;

8 And going into the city, she saw a certain prince, who led my body, and became had married another prince's clean. daughter;

9 But when he came to see her, he perceived between her eyes the signs of the leprosy like a star, and thereupon declared the marriage dissolved ing they arose, and went to and void.

10 When the woman saw these persons in this condition, exceeding sorrowful, and shedding abundance of tears, she inquired of them the reason of their crying;

11 They replied, Inquire not into our circumstances: for we are not able to declare our misfortunes to any person

whatsoever.

12 But she still pressed and desired them to communicate their case to her; intimating, that perhaps she might be able to direct them to a remedy.

13 So when they shewed the young woman to her, and the signs of the leprosy, which appeared between her eyes.

14 She said, I also, whom; ye see in this place, was afflicted with the same distemper, and going on some business to Bethlehem, I went into a certain cave, and saw a woman named Mary, who had a son called Jesus.

15 She seeing me to be teptous, was concerned for me, I Agirl, whose blood Satur

which she had washed her son's body; with that I sprink-

16 Then said these women, Will you, Mistress, go along with us, and shew the Lady.

St. Mary to us?

17 To which she consentthe Lady St. Mary, taking with them very noble presents.

18 And when they came in, and offered their presents to her, they shewed the leprous young woman whom they brought with them to her.

19 Then said St. Mary, The mercy of the Lord Jesus

Christ rest upon you;

20 And giving them a little of that water, with which she had washed the body of Jesus Christ, she bad them wash the diseased person with it; which when they had done, she was presently cured;

21 So they, and all whe were present, praised God; and being filled with joy, they went back to their own city. and gave praises to God on that account.

22 Then the prince hearing. that his wife was cured, took her home, and made a second marriage, giving thanks unto God for the recovery of hiswife's health.

CHAP. XIII.

A Girl, whose blood I. INFANCY. Satan sucked, cured;

comes like a dragon, and were about her in sorrow. she shews it to him; flames 7 She then asked the husband HERE was also a girl, alive. who was afflicted by Satan :

frequently appear to her in the ing, she said, Is this possessed shape of a dragon, and was in- girl thy daughter? She moanclined to swallow her up, and ing and bewailing said, Yes had so sucked out all her madam, I bore her. blood, that she looked like a dead carcase.

herself, with her hands wring- you that I was leprous, but the ed about her head, she would Lady Mary, the mother of Jecry out, and say, Wo, Wo is sus Christ, healed me. me, that there is no one to be found, who can deliver me daughter to be restored to her . from that impious dragon!

and all who were about her

wept over her:

5 And all who were present would especially be under sorrow and in tears, when they heard her bewailing, and saying, My brethren and friends, done speaking, she arose and is there no one who can deliver me from this murderer?

ter, who had been cured of her daughter. leprosy, hearing the complaint of her castle, and saw her with a little of the water with which

sucked, receives one of her hands twisted about her Christ's swaddling clothes head, pouring out a flood of from the Virgin, 14 Satan tears, and all the people that

and burning coals proceed of the possessed person, Whefrom it and fall upon him; ther his wife's mother was a-19 he is miraculously dis-live? He told her, That her comfitted and leaves the girl. father and mother were both

Then she ordered her mother to be sent to her; to 2 For that cursed spirit did whom, when she saw her com-

9 The prince's daughter answered, Disclose the secret of 3 As often as she came to her case to me, for I confess to

10 And if you desire your former state, take her to Beth-4 Her father and mother, lehem, and inquire for Mary the mother of Jesus, and doubt and saw her, mourned and not but your daughter will be cured; for I do not question but you will come home with great joy at your daughter's recovery.

11 As soon as ever she had went with her daughter to the place appointed, and to Mary, 6 Then the prince's daugh- and told her the case of her

12 When St. Mary had of that girl, went upon the top heard her story, she gave her

she had washed the body of Jesus, fire went forth, and was her son Jesus, and bad her scattered upon his head and pour it upon the body of her eyes; so that he cried out with

daughter.

one of the swaddling cloths of of Mary? Whither shall I flee the Lord Jesus, and said, from thee? Take this swaddling cloth, and shew it to thine enemy as of-laffrighted and left the girl. ten as thou seest him; and she sent them away in peace.

that city, and returned home, with her all who were present and the time was come in which Satan was wont to seize her, in the same moment this cursed spirit appeared to her in the shape of a huge dragon, and the girl seeing him was afraid.

15 The mother said to her, Be not afraid, daughter; let him alone till he come nearer. to thee! then shew him the swaddling cloth, which the Lady Mary gave us, and we shall see the event.

16 Satan then coming like the girl trembled for fear.

and shewed it to him present-parts. ly there issued forth from the swaddling cloth flames and miserable boy, hearing of St. burning coals, and fell upon Mary and her son Jesus, arose the dragon.

ele was this, which was done: the Lady Mary. as soon as the dragon saw the 4 In the meantime, James

a loud voice, What have I to 13 Likewise she gave her do with thee, Jesus, thou son

19 So he drew back much

20 And she was delivered from this trouble, and sang 14 ¶ After they had left praises and thanks to God, and at the working of the miracle.

CHAP. XIV. Judas when a boy, possessed by Satan, and brought by his parents to Jesus to be cured, 6 whom he tries to bite. 7 but failing, strikes Jesus and makes him cry 8 Whereupon Satan goes from Judas in the shape of a dog.

NOTHER woman likewise lived there, whose son was possessed by Satan.

2 This boy, named Judas, a dreadful dragon, the body of as often as Satan seized him, was inclined to bite all that 17 But as soon as she had were present; and if he found put the swaddling cloth upon no one else near him, he would her head, and about her eyes, bite his own hands and other

3 But the mother of this presently, and taking her son 18 Oh! how great a mira-lin her arms, brought him to

swaddling cloth of the Lord and Joses had taken away the

infant, the Lord Jesus, to play [A ND when the Lord Jeat a proper season with other A sus was seven years of children; and when they went age, he was on a certain day forth, they sat down, and the with other boys his compan-Lord Jesus with then.

5 Then Judas, who was at the right hand of Jesus:

6 When Satan was acting birds, and other figures. upon him as usual, he went about to bite the Lord Jesus.

7 And because he could not rest. do it, he struck Jesus on his 4 Then the Lord Jesus right side, so that he cried out, said to the boys, I will com-

Satan went out of the boy, and have made to walk.

ran away like a mad dog.

Jesus, and out of whom Satan manded them to return, they went in the form of a dog, was returned. Judas Iscariot, who betrayed him to the Jews.

which Judas struck him, the fly, did fly, and when he com-Jews pierced with a spear.

CHAP. XV.

1 Jesus and other boys play eat and drink. cerer. 8 He goes to a dy- with him. er's shop, and throws all Jews praise God.

ions about the same age,

2 Who, when they were at possessed, came and sat down play, made clay into several shapes, namely, asses, oxen,

3 Each boasting of his work, and endeavouring to excel the

8 And in the same moment mand those figures which I

5 And immediately they 9 This same boy who struck moved, and when he com-

6 He had also made the figures of birds and sparrows. 10 And that same side, on which, when he commanded to manded to stand still, did stand still; and if he gave them meat and drink, they did

together, and make clay 7 When at length the boys figures of animals. 4 Je- went away, and related these causes them to walk, things to their parents, their 6 also makes clay and fathers said to them, Take birds, which he causes to fly, heed, children, for the future of eat and drink. 7 The his company, for he is a sorchildren's parents alarmed, cerer; shun and avoid him, and take Jesus for a sor- and from henceforth never play

8 ¶ On a certain day also, the cloths into the furnace, when the Lord Jesus was playand works a miracle there- ing with the boys, and running 15 Whereupon the about, he passed by a dyer's shop, whose name was Salem;

9 And there were in his! shop many pieces of cloth belonging to the people of that city, which they designed to dye of several colours.

10 Then the Lord Jesus going into the dyer's shop, took all the cloths, and threw them

into the furnace.

11 When Salem came home, and saw the cloth spoiled, he began to make a great noise, and to chide the Lord Jesus, saying,

12 What hast thou done to me, O thou son of Mary?-Thou hast injured both me and my neighbours; they all desired their cloths of a proper colour; but thou hast come, and spoiled them all.

13 The Lord Jesus replied, I will change the colour of every cloth to what colour thou

desirest;

14 And then he presently began to take the cloths out of the furnace, and they were all dyed of those same colours which the dyer desired:

15 And when the Jews saw this surprising miracle,

they praised God.

CHAP. XVI.

his carpenter's trade. 5 The

6 Joseph works on it for two years in the king's palace, and makes it two spans too short. 8 the king being angry with him, 10 Jesus comforts him, 13 commands him to pull one side of the throne while he pulls the other, and brings it to its proper dimensions. Whereupon the bystanders praise God.

ND Joseph, wheresoever he went in the city, took the Lord Jesus with him, where he was sent for work, to make gates or milk-pails, or sieves, or boxes; the Lord Jesus was with him, wheresoever he went.

2 And as often as Joseph had any thing in his work, to make longer or shorter, or wider or narrower, the Lord Jesus would stretch his hand towards it.

3 And presently it became as Joseph would have it.

4 So that he had no need to finish any thing with his own hands, for he was not very skilful at his carpenter's trade.

5 ¶ On a certain time the 1 Christ miraculously widens King of Jerusalem sent for or contracts gates, milk-him, and said, I would have pails, sieves. or boxes, not thee make me a throne, of the properly made by Joseph, same dimensions with that 4 he not being skilful at place in which I commonly sit.

6 Joseph obeyed, and forthking of Jerusalem gives Jo- with began the work, and conseph an order for a throne. Linued two years in the king's palace before he finished it.

7 And when he came to fix 1 it in its place, he found it wanted two spans on each side of the appointed measure.

Which when the king saw, he was very angry with

Joseph:

9 And Joseph, afraid of the king's anger, went to bed without his supper, taking not any thing to eat.

asked him, What he was a-

fraid of?

11 Joseph replied, Because I have lost my labour in the they hid themselves, and left work which I have been about him to seek for them: these two years.

not, neither be cast down:

- one side of the throne, and I the boys were gone? will the other, and we will bring it to its proper dimen-ed, That there was no one sions.
- done as the Lord Jesus said, the furnace? and each of them had with strength drawn his side, the were kids of three years old. throne obeyed, and was brought to the proper dimensions of loud, and said, Come out hiththe place:

15 Which miracle when herd; they who stood by saw, they God.

in being in Solomon's time, bled. namely, wood adorned with various shapes and figures.

CHAP. XVII.

Jesus plays with boys at hide and seek. 3 Some women put his play-fellows in a furnace, 7 where they are transformed by Jesus into kids. 10 Jesus calls them to go and play, and they are restored to their shape.

N another day the Lord Jesus going out into the 10 Then the Lord Jesus street, and seeing some boys who were met to play, joined himself to their company:

2 But when they saw him.

3 The Lord Jesus came to 12 Jesus said to him, Fear the gate of a certain house, and asked some women who 13 Do thou lay hold on were standing there, Where

4 And when they answerthere; the Lord Jesus said, 14 And when Joseph had Who are those whom ye see in

5 They answered, They

6 Then Jesus cried out aer, O ye kids, to your shep-

7 And presently the boys were astonished, and praised came forth like kids, and leaped about him; which when 16 The throne was made the women saw, they were exof the same wood, which was ceedingly amazed, and trem-

> 8 Then they immediately worshipped the Lord Jesus,

and beseeched him, saying, O our Lord Jesus, son of Mary, garments on the ground for thou art truly that good shep-|him to sit on; and having herd of Israel! have mercy on made a crown of flowers, put thy handmaids, who stand be-it upon his head, and stood on fore thee, who do not doubt, his right and left as the guards but that thou, O Lord, art of a king; come to save, and not to destroy.

9 After that, when the Lord Jesus said, The children of Israel are like Ethiopians among the people; the women said, ey. Thou, Lord, knowest all things, nor is any thing concealed from thee : but now we intreat thee, and beseech of thy mercy, that thou wouldest restore those boys to their former state.

10 Then Jesus said, Come hither, O boys, that we may go and play; and immediately, in the presence of these women, the kids were changed, and returned into the shape of boys.

CHAP. XVIII.

1 Jesus becomes the king of his play-fellows, and they crown him with flowers, 4 miraculously causes a serpent who had bitten Simon the Canaanite, then a boy, to suck out all the poison again; 16 the serpent bursts, and Christ restores the boy to health.

N the month Adar Jesus gathered together the boys, and ranked them as though he

had been a king;

- 2 For they spread their
- 3 And if any one happened to pass by, they took him by force, and said, Come hither, and worship the king, that you may have a prosperous journ-

4 ¶ In the mean time, while these things were doing, there came certain men, carrying a

boy upon a couch;

5 For this boy having gone with his companions to the mountain to gather wood, and having found there a patridge's nest and put his hand in to take out the eggs, was stung by a poisonous serpent, which leaped out of the nest; so that he was forced to cry out for the help of his companions: who, when they came, found him lying upon the earth like a dead person.

6 After which, his neighbours came, and carried him

back into the city.

7 But when they came to the place where the Lord Jesus was sitting like a king, and the other boys stood around him like his ministers, the boys made haste to meet him. who was bitten by the serpent and said to his neighbours Come and pay your respects

to the king;

their sorrow, they refused to and died; come, the boys drew them and forced them against their wills to come.

9 And when they came to the Lord Jesus, he inquired, On what account they carried Cease crying, for hereafter

that boy?

10 And when they answered, that a serpent had bitten him, the Lord Jesus said to the tioned in the Gospel. boys, Let us go and kill that

serpent.

- 11 But when the parents of 1 the boy desired to be excused, because their son lay at the point of death: the boys made answer, and said, Did not ye hear what the king said? Let us go and kill the serpent; and will not ye obey him?
- 12 So they brought the couch back again, whether they would or not.

13 And when they were come to the nest, the Lord Jesus said to the boys. Is this the serpent's lurking place?

They said, It was.

14 Then the Lord Jesus calling the serpent, it presently came forth, and submitted to him: to whom he said, Go and suck out all the poison gather wood, and the Lord Jewhich thou hast infused into sus went with him: that boy:

the boy, and took away all its and James began to gather it,

poison again,

16 Then the Lord Jesus cursed the serpent, so that it 8 But when, by reason of immediately burst asunder,

> 17 And he touched the boy with his hand to restore him

to his former health:

18 And when he began to cry, the Lord Jesus said, thou shalt be my disciple;

19 And this is that Simon the Canaanite, who is men-

CHAP. XIX.

James being bitten by a viper, Jesus blows on the wound and cures him. 4 Jesus charged with throwing a boy from the roof of a house miraculously, 10 causes the dead boy to acquit him, 12 fetches water for his mother, breaks the pitcher and miraculously gathers the water in his mantle and brings it home, 16 makes fish-pools on the Sabbath, 20 causes a boy to die who broke them down, 22 another boy runs against him, whom he also causes to die.

N another day, Joseph sent his son James to

2 And when they came to 15 So the serpent crept to the place where the wood was, behold, a venomous viper bit him, so that he began to cry, who were present praised God and make a noise.

3 The Lord Jesus seeing' him in this condition, came to Lady St. Mary had commandhim, and blowed upon the ed the Lord Jesus to fetch her place where the viper had bit some water out of the well;

Lord Jesus was with some when it was brought up full. boys, who were playing on the brake; house-top, and one of the boys

boys all running away, the to his mother; Lord Jesus was left alone on

the house-top.

came to him and said to the she had seen, in her memory. Lord Jesus, Thou didst throw our son down from the housetop.

7 But he denying it, they cried out, Our son is dead, and this is he who killed him.

8 The Lord Jesus replied to them, Do not charge me with a crime, of which you are not able to convict me, but let us go ask the boy himself, who will bring the truth to light.

9 Then the Lord Jesus going down stood over the head of the dead boy, and said with a loud voice, Zeinunus, Zeinunus, who threw thee down from the house-top?

10 Then the dead boy answered, Thou didst not throw me down, but such a one did.

11 And when the Lord Jesus bad those who stood by on account of that miracle.

12 ¶ On a certain time the

him, and it was instantly well. 13 And when he had gone 4 ¶ On a certain day the to fetch the water, the pitcher,

14 But Jesus spreading his fell down, and presently died. mantle gathered up the water 5 Upon which the other again, and brought it in that

15 Who being astonished at this wonderful thing, laid up 6 And the boy's relations this, and all other things which

> 16 ¶ Again on another day the Lord Jesus was with some boys by a river, and they drew water out of the river by little channels, and made little fishpools.

> 17 But the Lord Jesus had made twelve sparrows, and placed them about his pool on each side, three on a side.

> 18 But it was the sabbathday, and the son of Hanani a Jew came by, and saw them making these things, and said, Do ye thus make figures of clay on the sabbath? And he ran to them and broke down their fish-pools.

19 But when the Lord Jesus clapped his hands over the sparrows which he had made, they fled away chirping.

20 At length the son of Hatake notice of his words, all nani coming to the fish-pool of Jesus to destroy it, the water 5 And he bad him say Avanished away, and the Lord leph; and when he had said Jesus said to him.

21 In like manner as this pronounce Beth. water has vanished, so shall thy life vanish; and presently to him, Tell me first the meanthe boy died.

threw him down:

23 To whom the Lord Jesus said, As thou hast thrown straight figures of the letters, me down, so shalt thou fall, which the oblique, and what never more to rise.

boy fell down, and died. CHAP. XX.

4 Sent to school to Zaccheus ny other things he began to 14 refuses to tell his letters, 9 The Lord Jesus farther ers and he dies.

cheus, who was a schoolmas- of the alphabet. ter;

why dost thou not send Jesus believe this boy was born beto me, that he may learn his fore Noah; letters?

that master; who, as soon as than any master. he saw him, wrote out an alphabet for him,

Aleph, the master bad him

6 Then the Lord Jesus said ing of the letter Aleph, and 22 ¶ Another time, when then I will pronounce Beth.

the Lord Jesus was coming 7 And when the master home in the evening with Jo-threatened to whip him, the seph, he met a boy, who ran Lord Jesus explained to him so hard against him, that he the meaning of the letters Aleph and Beth;

8 Also which were the letters had double figures; 24 And that moment the which had points, and which had none; why one letter went before another; and mato learn his letters, and tell him, and explain, of which teaches Zaccheus. 13 Sent the master himself had never to another schoolmaster, heard, nor read in any book.

and the schoolmaster going said to the master, Take noto whip him his hand with- tice how I say to thee; then he began clearly and distinctly THERE was also at Jeru- to say Aleph, Beth, Gimel, salem one named Zac- Daleth, and so on to the end

10 At this the master was 2 And he said to Joseph, so surprised, that he said, I

11 And he turning to Jo-3 Joseph agreed and told seph, he said, Thou hast brought a boy to me to be 4 So they brought him to taught, who is more learned

12 He said also to St. Mary,

Kills his schoolmaster. I. INFANCY. Disputes with doctors.

any learning.

13 ¶ They brought him then to a more learned master, who, when he saw him, said,

say Aleph;

14 And when he had said Aleph, the master bad him pronounce Beth; to which the Lord Jesus replied, tell me first the meaning of the letter. Aleph, and then I will pronounce Beth.

15 But this master, when he lift up his hand to whip him, had his hand presently

withered, and he died.

16 Then said Joseph to St. Mary, Henceforth we will not allow him to go out of the house; for every one who displeases him is killed.

CHAP. XXI.

1 Disputes miraculously with the doctors in the temple, 7 on law, 9 on astronomy, 12 on physics and metaphy-21 Is worshipped by a philosopher, 28 and fetched home by his mother.

ND when he was twelve years old, they brought him to Jerusalem to the feast; and when the feast was over,

they returned.

2 But the Lord Jesus continued behind in the temple aquestions of learning, and also of man had never discovered. gave them answers:

This your son has no need of | 3 For he said to them, Whose son is the Messiah? They answered, The son of David:

> 4 Why then, said he, does he in the spirit call him Lord? when he saith, the Lord said to my Lord, sit thou at my right hand, till I have made thine enemies thy footstool.

5 Then a certain principal Rabbi asked him, Hast thou

read books?

6 Jesus answered, he had read both books, and the things which were contained in books.

7 And he explained to them the books of the law, and precepts, and statutes, and the mysteries which are contained in the books of the prophets; things which the mind of no creature could reach.

8 Then said that Rabbi, I never yet have seen or heard of such knowledge! what do you think that boy will be ?

9 ¶ When a certain astronomer, who was present, asked the Lord Jesus, Whether he had studied astronomy?

. 10 The Lord Jesus replied, and told him the number of the spheres and heavenly bodies, as also their triangular. square, and sextile aspect; their progressive and retromong the doctors and elders, grade motion; their size and and learned men of Israel; to several prognostications; and whom he proposed several other things, which the reason

11 There was also &-

mong them a philosopher well days walking about with Joskilled in physic and natural seph, seeking for him. philosophy, who asked the Lord Jesus, Whether he had sitting among the doctors and studied physic?

12 He replied, and explained to him physics and meta-

physics,

were above and below the power of nature;

14 The powers also of the body, its humours and their ef-

fects:

15 Also the number of its my father's house? members, and bones, veins, ar-

teries, and nerves:

- 16 The several constitutions of body, hot and dry, cold and moist, and the tendencies of then:
- 17 How the soul operated upon the body;
- 18 What its various sensations and faculties were;

19 The faculty of speaking,

anger, desire;

- 20 And lastly, the manner of its composition and dissolution; and other things, which the understanding of no creature had ever reached.
- 21 Then that philosopher arose, and worshipped the Lord Jesus, and said, O Lord Jesus, from henceforth I will be thy disciple and servant.
- 22 ¶ While they were discoursing on these and such like things, the Lady St. Mary came in, having been three

23 And when she saw him in his turn proposing questions to them, and giving answers, she said to him, My son, why hast thou done thus by us? 13 Also those things which Behold, I and thy father have been at much pains in seeking thee.

> 24 He replied, Why did ye seek me? Did ve not know that I ought to be employed in

> 25 But they understood not the words which he said to

them.

- 26 Then the doctors asked Mary, Whether this were her son? And when she said, He was, they said, O happy Mary, who hast borne such a son.
 - 27 Then he returned with them to Nazareth, and obeyed them in all things.

28 And his mother kept all these sayings in her mind;

- 29 And the Lord grew in stature and wisdom, and favour with God and Man.
 - CHAP. XXII.

Conceals his miracles, 2 studies the law, 3 and is baptized.

TOW from this time Jesus began to conceal his miracles and secret works,

2 And gave himself to the study of the law, till he arrived to the end of his thirtieth year :

publicly owned him at Jordan, deemed us, that so he might sending down this voice from embrace us with everlasting heaven, This is my beloved mercy, and shew his free, son, in whom I am well pleased:

4 The Holy Ghost being also present in the form of a praise, and power, and domin-

dove.

5 This is he whom we worship with all reverence, be- \ The end of the whole Goscause he gave us our life and being, and brought us from our mother's womb;

6 Who, for our sakes, took

3 At which time the father a human body, and hath relarge, bountiful grace and goodness to us.

> 7 To him be glory and ion, from henceforth and for

evermore. Amen.

pel of the Infancy, by the assistance of the supreme God, according to what we found in the original.

THOMAS'S GOSPEL of the INFANCY of JESUS CHRIST.

[The original in Greek, from which this translation is made, will be found printed by Cotelerius, in his notes on the constitutions of the Apostles, from a MS. in the French King's Library, No. 2279 .- It is attributed to Thomas, and conjectured to have been originally connected with the Gospel of Mary.]

¶ An Account of the Actions was astonished; the beginning and MIRACLES of our Lord of which was as followeth. and Saviour JESUS CHRIST, 2 ¶ When the child Jesus in his Infancy.

CHAP. I.

sabbath day.

THOMAS' an Israelite, tions and miracles of Christ in him. his childhood, which our Lord and God Jesus Christ wrought bank of the stream some soft after his birth in Bethlehem in clay, and formed out of it our country, at which I myself twelve sparrows; and there

was five years of age, and there had been a shower of rain, which was now over, 2 Jesus miraculously clears Jesus was playing with other the water after rain, 4 Hebrew boys by a running plays with clay sparrows, stream; and the water running which he animates on the over the banks, stood in little lakes :

3 But the waters instantly judged it necessary to became clear and useful again: make known to our brethren he having smote them only by among the Gentiles, the ac- his word, they readily obeyed

4 Then he took from the

68

were other boys playing with ESIDES this, the son of him.

sabbath day, went presently a liakes.

ing by the river slee, and has food, what your did the takes taken clay, and formed it into the the thou sketfdest twelve sparrows, and people state the water faneth the sabilath

place where he was, and when bring he cither leaves, or he saw him, called to him, and it is the of fruit.
said, Why does that the said, immediately he beswhich it is not to had to said as ered all over.

called to the sparrows, and ting the misfortune of his youth, said them : Go, fly away ; took and carried him to Joand while we live remember seph, acrosing him, and said,

9 So the space we fled away, is golder of such actions?

making a horse

they had seen worden the wernight Jesus.

CHARLE

1 Courses they to write with a doy running by, rushed up-brake by a to proof; 6 on his shoulder; blindness to fall on his ar line farther. cusers, 18 for which Jo seph pulls him by the ear.

5 But a certain Jew seeing standing there with Joseph, the things which he was doing, and took a bough of a willow namely, his formula clay toto tree, and scan rid the waters the figures of spaceovs on the which Jesus had gathered into

way, and told his father lo-seph, and said.

6 Behold, the box is play langer, and said to tim. Thou

7 Then Joseph came to the wither with a state and shalt not

the sabbath day:

8 Then Jesus went away

8 Then Jesus clapping to the But the parents of the
gether the palms of his hands; boy who was withered, lamen-Why dose flou keep a son who

Chen Jesus at the request 10 The lews seeing this, of all who were present did were astonished and sett a feed him, leaving only some way, and the chief her small member to continue sons what a wanter was withered, that they might take

1 Shother time Jesus

partly recover him, 7 kills 8 At which Jesus being ananother boy, 16 causes ery, said to him thou shalt go

9 And he instantly fell down

dead:

10 Which when some persons saw, they said, Where they shall not find us: thou was this boy born, that every hast done very imprudently. thing which he says presently

cometh to pass?

11 Then the parents of the more. dead boy going to Joseph complained, saying, You are not 1 Astonishes his schoolmaster fit to live with us, in our city, having such a boy as that:

12 Either teach him that he bless, and not curse, or else de-standing in a certain place,

kills our children.

13 Then Joseph calling the boy Jesus by himself, instructhou such things to injure the people so, that they hate us Joseph, and said, and persecute us?

14 But Jesus replied, know that what thou sayest is that he may learn to read. not of thyself, but for thy sake

I will say nothing;

15 But they who have said these things to thee, shall suf- leph; fer everlasting punishment.

16 And immediately they who had accused him became

17 And all they who saw it end. were exceedingly afraid and confounded, and said concerning him, Whatsoever he saith, whether good or bad, immediately cometh to pass: and they he came to know the letters. were amazed.

18 And when they saw this action of Christ, Joseph arose, and plucked him by the ear, at which the boy was angry, and I Fragment of an adventure

said to him, Be easy;

19 For if they seek for us,

20 Dost thou not know that I am thine? Trouble me no

CHAP. III.

by his learning.

CERTAIN schoolmaster, named Zacchæus, part hence with him, for he heard Jesus speaking these things to his father:

2 And he was much surprised, that being a child he ted him, saying, Why doest should speak such things; and after a few days he came to.

3 Thou hast a wise and sensible child, send him to me,

4 When he sat down to teach the letters to Jesus, he began with the first letter A-

5 But Jesus pronounced the second letter Mpeth (Beth,) Cghimel (Gimel,) and said over all the letters to him to the

6 Then opening a book, he taught his master the prophets: but he was ashanied, and was at a loss to conceive how

7 And he arose and went home, wonderfully surprised

at so strange a thing.

CHAP. IV. at a dyer's.

A letter written CHRIST AND ABGARUS. by Abgarus.

some cloths and stockings in a cloths**** furnace, of a sad colour, doing | Here endeth the Fragment them according to every person's particular order;

S Jesus was passing by a 2 The boy Jesus going to certain shop, he saw a the young man who was doing young man dipping (or dyeing) this, took also some of the

> of Thomas's Gospel of the Infancy of Jesus Christ.

The EPISTLES of JESUS CHRIST and ABGARUS KING of EDESSA.

[The first writer who makes any mention of the Epistles that passed between Jesus Christ and Abgarus, is Eusebius. Bishop of Cararea, in Palestine, who flourished in the early part of the fourth century. For their genuineness, he appeals to the public registers and records of the City of Edessa, in Mesopotamia, where Abgarus reigned, and where he affirms that he found them written in the Syriac language. He published a Greek translation of them, in his Ecclesiastical History.* The learned world has been much divide ed on this subject; but, notwithstanding the erudite Grabe, with Archbishop Cave, Dr. Parker, and other divines, have strenuously contended for their admission into the canon of Scripture, they are deemed apocryphal. The Rev. Jeremiah Jones observes, that the common people in England have this Epistle in their houses, in many places, fixed in a frame, with the picture of Christ before it; and that they generally, with much honesty and devotion, regard it as the Word of God, and the genuine Epistle of Christ.]

CHAP. I.

•

King Abgarus to Jesus, and the dead: viting him to Edessa.

viour, who appears at Jerusa- or the Son of God. lem, greeting.

cerning you and your cures, to desire you would take the which are performed without trouble of a journey hither, and

3 For it is reported, that der. you cause the blind to see, the 6 For I hear the Jews ridilame to walk, do both cleanse cule you, and intend you mislepers, and cast out unclean spirits and devils, and restore

them to health who have been A copy of a letter written by long diseased, and raisest up

sent to him by Ananias, his 4 All which when I heard, footman, to Jerusalem, 5 in- I was persuaded of one of these two, viz. either that you are BGARUS, king of Edes-God himself descended from sa, to Jesus the good Sa- heaven, who do these things,

5 On this account therefore 2 I have been informed con- I have wrote to you, earnestly the use of medicines and herbs. cure a disease which I am un-

chief.

7 My city is indeed small, but neat, and large enough for us both.

* L. i. c. 13.

10 Which when some persons saw, they said, Where they shall not find us: thou was this boy born, that every hast done very imprudently. thing which he says presently cometh to pass?

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7 My city is indeed small, but neat, and large enough for us both.

* L. i. c. 13.

CHAP. II.

The answer of Jesus by Ana-letter, which relates to my givvisit Edessa.

have believed on me, whom sent me.

you have not seen.

ing me, that those who have who will cure your disease, seen me should not believe on and give life to you, and all me, that they who have not that are with you. seen might believe and live.

3 As to that part of your nias the footman to Abga- ing you a visit, I must inform rus the king, declining to you, that I must fulfil all the ends of my mission in this BGARUS, you are hap-country, and after that be repy, forasmuch as you ceived up again to him who

4 But after my ascension I 2 For it is written concern- will send one of my disciples,

The GOSPEL of NICODEMUS, formerly called ACTS of PONTIUS PILATE.

[Although this Gospel is, by some among the learned supposed to have been really written by Nicodemus, who became a disciple of Jesus Christ, and conversed with him; others conjecture that it was a forgery towards the close of the third century by some zealous believer, who observing that there had been appeals made by Christians of the former age, to the Acts of Pilate, out that such Acts could not be produced, imagined it would be of service to Christianity to fabricate and publish this Gospel; as it would both confirm the Christians under persecution, and convince the Heathens of the truth of the Christian religion. The Rev. Jeremiah Jones says, that such plous frauds were very common among Christians even in the first three centuries; and that a forgery of this nature, with the view above mentioned; seems natural and probable. The same author, in noticing that Eusebius, in his Ecclesiastical History, charges the Pagans with having forged and published a book, called " The Acts of Pilate," takes occusion to observe, that the internal evidence of this Gospel shows that it was not the work of any Heathen; but that if in the latter end of the third century we find it in use among Christians (and it was certainly then read in some churches,) and about the same time find a forgery of the Heathens under the same title, it seems exceeding probable, that some Christians, at that time, should publish such a piece as this, in order partly to confront the spurious one of the Pagans, and partly to support those appeals which had been made by former Christians to the Acts of Pilate; and Mr. Jones says, he thinks so the more, particularly as we have innumerable instances of forgeries by the faithful in the primitive ages, grounded on less plausible reasons. Whether it be canonical or not, it is of very great antiquity, and is appealed to by several of the ancient Christians. The present translution is made from the Gospel, published by Grynæus in the Orthodoxographa, vol. i. tom. n p 643]

The Gospel of NICODEMUS the Disciple, concerning Sufferings and Resurrection of our Master and Saviour, JESUS CHRIST.

CHAP. I.

the 1 Christ accused to Pilate by the Jews of healing on the Sabbath, 9 summoned before Pilate by a messenger who

Christ accused by the NICODEMUS. Jews before Pilate.

does him honor, 20 worship-

ing down to him.

NNAS and Caiphas, and Summas, and Datam, Gamalel, Judas, Levi, Neptha-late, We entreat your highness lim, Alexander, Cyrus, and to summon him to appear beother Jews, went to Pilate a- fore your tribunal, and hear bout Jesus, accusing him with him yourself. many bad crimes.

2 And said, We are assured that Jesus is the son of Joseph what means will Christ be the carpenter,* and born of brought hither? Mary, and that he declares himself the Son of God, and a ger forth, and knowing Christ, king; and not only so, but worshipped him; and having attempts the dissolution of the spread the cleak which he had sabbath, t and the laws of our in his hand upon the ground,

fathers.

which he declares? and what is calls thee. it which he attempts dissolving?

have a law which forbids do, done, they exclaimed (against ing cures on the sabbath day; him) to Pilate, and said, Why but he cures both the lame and did not you give him his sumthe deaf, those afflicted with mons by a beadle, and not by the palsy, the blind, and le- a messenger?-For the mespers, and demoniacs, on that senger, when he saw him. day by wicked methods.

he do this by wicked methods? hand upon the ground before They answered, He is a con-him, and said to him, Lord, jurer, and casts out devils by the governor calls thee. the prince of devils: I and so all things become subject to

him.

* Matt. xiii. 50, and Mark, xiii. 17. 18. Mark, xiii. 19. 19. Luke. 14. * Matt. xiii. 55, and John, vi. 42, John v 18. Exod. xx. 8, &zc. Matt. iv 24, and xi. 5.

Mau, ix. 34. and xi. 24, &c.

43

6 Then said Pilate, Casting ped by the standards bow- out devils seems not to be the work of an unclean spirit, but to proceed from the power of God.

7 The Jews replied to Pi-

· 8 Then Pilate called a messenger, and said to him, By

9 Then went the messenhe said, Lord, walk upon this, 3 Pilate replied; What is it and go in, for the governor

10 When the Jews percei-4 The Jews told him, We ved what the messenger had worshipped him, and spread 5 Pilate replied, How can the cloak which he had in his

> 11 Then Pilate called the messenger, and said, Why hast thou done thus?

> 12 The messenger replied, When thou sentest me from Jerusalem to Alexander, I saw Jesus sitting in a mean figure upon a she-ass, and the chil

dren of the Hebrews cried out, Hosannah, holding boughs of in by the ensigns, who carried trees in their hands.

ments in the way, and said, Jesus. Save us, thou who art in heaven: blessed is he who com- exclaimed more vehemently aeth in the name of the Lord.* | gainst the ensigns.

14 Then the Jews cried out against the messenger, and Jews, I know it is not pleassaid, The children of the He-ling to you that the tops of the brews made their acclamations standards did of themselves in the Hebrew language; and bow, and worship Jesus; but how couldest thou, who art a why do ye exclaim against Greek, understand the He-the ensigns, as if they had brew?

15 The messenger answer- 23 They replied to Pilate. ed them and said, I asked one We saw the ensigns themof the Jews, and said, What is selves bowing and worshipthis which the children do cry ping Jesus. out in the Hebrew language?

me, saying, They cry out, Ho-them, Why did you do thus? sannah, which being interpreted, is, O Lord, save me; or, late, We are all Pagans, and O Lord, save.

Why do you yourselves testi-thing about worshipping him? fy to the words spoken by the We only held the standards in children, namely, by your si- our hands, and they bowed lence? In what has the mes-themselves and worshipped senger done amiss? And they him. were silent.

unto the messenger, Go forth, ye yourselves choose some and endeavor by any means to strong men, and let them hold bring him in.

forth, and did as before; and themselves. said, Lord, come in, for the governor calleth thee,

*Man. xxi. 8, 9, &c. 74

20 And as Jesus was going the standards, the tops of them 13 Others spread their gar- bowed down and worshipped

21 Whereupon the Jews

22 But Pilate said to the bowed and worshipped?

24 Then the governor call-16 And he explained it to ed the ensigns, and said unto

25 The ensigns said to Piworship the gods in temples; 17 Pilate then said to them, and how should we think any

26 Then said Pilate to the 18 Then the governor said rulers of the synagogue, Do the standards, and we shall see 1) But the messenger went whether they will then bend of

27: So the elders of the Jews sought out twelve of the most strong and able old men, and made them hold the stan-|ing, Have thou nothing to do dards; and they stood in the with that just man; for I have presence of the governors.

28 Then Pilate said to the in a vision this night.* messenger, Take Jesus out, and by some means bring him this, they said to Pilate, Did in again. And Jesus and the we not say unto thee, He is a messenger went out of the hall, conjuror? Behold he hath cau-

29 And Pilate called the sed thy wife to dream. ensigns who before had borne the standards, and swore to said, Hast thou heard what them, that it they had not they testify against thee, and borne the standards in that makest no answer? manner when Jesus before entered in, he would cut off their not a power of speaking, they heads.

gain.

31 And the messenger distance book to it.
as he had done before, and very But the elders of the Jews ry much entreated Jesus, that answered and said to Jesus, he would go upon his cloak, What shall we look to? and walk on it; and he did 7 In the first place, we walk upon it, and went in.

in, the standards bowed them- cation; secondly, that upon selves as before, and worship the account of thy birth, the

ped him.

CHAP. 11: " 2 Is compassionated by Pi- and mother Mary fled into Ebeing born in fornication, trust their own people. 12 Testimony to the be-

TOW when Pilate saw this, about to rise from his seat.

rise, his own wife, who stood fornication. at a distance, sent to him, say-

suffered much concerning him

3 When the Jews heard

4 Pilate then calling Jesus.

5 Jesus replied, If they had could not have spoke; but be-30 Then the governor com- cause every one has the contmanded Jesus to come in a mand of his own tongue, to speak both good and bad, let

know this concerning thee, that 32 And when Jesus went thou wast born through forniinfants were slain in Bethlehem; thirdly, that thy father late's wife, 7 charged with gypt, because they could not

8 Some of the Jews who trothing of his parents.- stood by, spake more favora-Hatred of the Jews to him. bly, We cannot say that he was born through fornication; he was afraid, and was but we know that his mother Mary was betrothed to Joseph, 2 But while he thought to and so he was not born thro

*Matt. xxvii. 19.

Jews who affirmed him to be of Cæsar that it is not as we born through fornication, This have said, and we will be conyour account is not true, see-tented to be put to death. ing there was a betrothment,

own nation.

to Pilate, All this multitude of and to be a conjuror, although people is to be regarded, who he pretends that he is the Son cry out, that he was born thro' fornication, and is a conjuror; but they who deny him to be that we tremble to hear. born through fornication, are his proselytes and disciples.

and Caiphas, Who are the not born through fornication, children of Pagans, and are not Why have the Jews a mind to become Jews, but followers of kill Jesus?

him.

and Asterius, and Antonius, wrought cures on the sabbath and James, Caras and Samuel, day. Pilate said, Will they Isaac and Phineas, Crispus kill him for a good work?† and Agrippa, Annan and Ju-They say unto him, Yes, Sir. das. We are not proselytes. but children of Jews, and speak the truth, and were present 1 Is exonerated by Pilate. when Mary was betrothed.

13 Then Pilate addressing himself to the twelve men who spake this, said to them I conjure you by the life of Cæsar, hall, and said to the Jews, I that ye faithfully declare whether he was born through forni-ness that I find no fault in that cation, and those things be true which ye have related.

We have a law, whereby we are forbid to swear, it being a

9 Then said Pilate to the sin: let them swear by the life

15 Then said Annas and as they testify who are of your Caiphas to Pilute, Those twelve men will not believe that we 10 Annas & Caiphas spake know him to be basely born, of God, and a king; * which we are so far from believing,

16 Then Pilate commanded every one to go out except the 11 Pilate replied to Annas twelve men who said he was proselytes? They answered, and Jesus to withdraw to a They are those who are the distance, and said to them,

17 They answered him; 12 Then replied Eleazar, They are angry because he

CHAP. III.

11 Disputes with Pilate concerning truth.

HEN Pilate, filled with anger, went out of the call the whole world to witman.t

2 The Jews replied to Pi-14 They answered Pilate, late, If he had not been a wick-

*John, v. 17, 18. Mark, xv. 2. †John, x. 32.

tJohn, xviii. \$1, &c.

ed person, we had not brought is of the truth, heareth my him before thee.

3 Pilate said to them, Do ye take him, and try him by is truth? your law.

4 Then the Jews said, It is heaven. not lawful for us to put any man to death.

5 Pilate said to the Jews. The command therefore, Thou shalt not kill,* belongs to you, but not to me.

6 And he went again into the hall, and called Jesus by himself, and said to him, Art thou the king of the Jews?

7 And Jesus answering, said to Pilate, Dost thou speak this of thyself, or did the Jews tell it thee concerning me?

8 Pilate answering, said to Jesus, Am I a Jew? The whole nation and rulers of the Jews have delivered thee up to What hast thou done?

9 Jesus answering, said, My kingdom is not of this world: if my kingdom were of this world, then would my servants fight, and I should not have been delivered to the Jews; but now my kingdom is not from hence.

10 Pilate said, Art thou a king then? Jesus answered, Thou sayest'that I am a king: to this end was I born, and for this end came I into the world: and for this purpose I came, that I should bear witness to the truth; and every one who

voice.

11 Pilate saith to him, What

12 Jesus said, Truth is from

13 Pilate said, Therefore truth is not on earth.

14 Jesus saith to Pilate, Believe that truth is on earth among those who when they have the power of judgment, are governed by truth, and form right judgment.

CHAP. IV.

1 Pilate finds no fault in Jesus. 16 The Jews demand his crucifixion.

THEN Pilate left Jesus in the hall, and went out to the Jews, and said, I find not any one fault in Jesus.

2 The Jews say unto him, But he said, I can destroy the temple of God, and in three days boild it up again.

3 Pilate saith unto them. What sort of temple is that of which he speaketh ?:

4 The Jews say unto him, That which Solomon forty-six years in building,* he said he would destroy, and in three days build up.

5 Pilate said to them again. I am innocent from the blood of that man; do ye look to it.t

6 The Jews say to him, His blood be upon us and our Then Pilate calling children.

Exod, xx. 13,

*John, ii. 20 †Matt. xxvii. 24 thus; I have found nothing in stoned. your charge (against him) bath, worthy of death.

7 The priests and Levites blasphemed against the Lord. of the cross.

8 Then the governor again Jesus, said to him, What shall and sent away.† I do with thee?

according as it is written.

is it written?

Moses and the prophets have not desire his death. prophesied concerning my suffering and resurrection.

Pilate, Why wilt thou any long-should die. er hear the blasphemy of that man?

13 Pilate saith to them, If these words seem to you blasphemy, do ye take him, bring the Son of God, and a King. him to your court, and try him according to your law.

14 The Jews reply to Pilate, Our law saith, that if one man injure another, he shall be obliged to receive nine and

together the elders and scribes, thirty stripes; but if after this priests and Levites, saith to manner he shall blaspheme them privately, Do not act against the Lord, he shall be

15 Pilate saith unto them. concerning his curing sick If that speech of his was blaspersons, and breaking the sab-| phemy, do ye try him accord-

ing to your law.

16 The Jews say to Pilate, replied to Pilate, By the life of Our law commands us not to Cæsar, if any one be a blas- put any one to death: we dephemer, he is worthy of sire that he may be crucified, death; but this man hath because he deserves the death

17 Pilate saith to them, It commanded the Jews to depart is not fit he should be cruciout of the hall; and calling fied; let him be only whipped

18 But when the governor 9 Jesus answered him, Do looked upon the people that were present and the Jews, he 10 Pilate said to him, How saw many of the Jews in tears, and said to the chief priests of 11 Jesus saith to him, the Jews, All the people do

19 The elders of the Jews answered to Pilate, We and 12 The Jews hearing this, all the people came hither for were prevoked, and said to this very purpose, that he

20 Pilate saith to them,

Why should he die?

21 They said to him, Because he declares himself to be

CHAP. V.

1 Nicodemus speaks in defence of Christ, and relates his miracles. 12 another Jew, 26 with Veronica.

*Exod. xx. 13. tLake, zxiii, 16.

Lev xxiv. 16

governor, and said, I entreat they who wrought them perthee, O righteous judge, that ished, and all who believed thou wouldest favor me with them.* the liberty of speaking a few

words.

3 Nicodemus said, I speak death. to the elders of the Jews, and 8 The Jews then said to the scribes, and priests, and Nicodemus, Art thou become Levites, and all the multitude his disciple, and of the Jews, in their assembly; speeches in his favour?

with this man?

wrought many useful and glo-make speeches for him? Did rious mitacles, such as no man not Cæsar place him in that on earth ever wrought before, high post? nor will ever work. Let him 10 When the Jews heard go, and do him no harm: if this, they trembled, and gnashhe cometh from God, his mirg. ed their teeth at Nicodemus, cles (his miraculous cures) and said to him, Mayest thou will continue; but if from men, receive his doctrine for truth. they will come to nought:

was sent by God into Egypt, men; I will receive his doc-God commanded him, before ye have said. Pharaoh king of Egypt; and though the magicians of that Jew rose up, and desired leave country, Jannes and Jambres, 1 of the governor to hear him a wrought by their magic the few words. same miracles which Moses did, yet they could not work Speak what thou hast a mind. all which he did: ||

*John, iii 2. † Acts, v. 38. These are mentioned also as the names of the magicians, 2 Tim. iii. 8. Exod. viii. 18, &c.

34 Centurio, and others, 6 And the miracles, which testifu of other miracles. | the magician wrought, were DUT Nicodemus, a certain not of God, as ye know, O Jew, stood before the scribes and Pharisees; but

7 And now let this man go; because the very miracles for 2 Pilate said to him, Speak which ye accuse him, are from God; and he is not worthy of

What is it that ye would do 9 Nicodemus said to them, Is the governor become his 4 He is a man who hath disciple also, and does he

and have thy lot with Christ!

5 Thus Moses, when he 11 Nicodemus replied, Awrought the miracles which trine, and my lot with him, as

12 ¶ Then another certain

13 And the governor said,

14 And he said, I lay for thirty-eight years by the sheep.

*Acts, v. 35. An allusion to Gamaliel's speech.

pool at Jerusalem, labouring by, and I asked what was under a great infirmity, and there? waiting for a cure which should be wrought by the coming of an angel, who at a certain time troubled the water; and whosoever first after the troubling of the water stepped in, was made whole of whatsoever disease he had.

15 And when Jesus saw me languishing there, he said receive my sight. to me, Wilt thou be made ter is troubled, to put me into ing and giving thanks.

the pool.

And I was immediate made only, saying, I will, be thou and walked.*

17 The Jews then id to pray ask him what day it was and he made me straight by on which he was cured of his his word. infirmity.

Did we not say that wrought his cures on the sab-|presently the issue of bath, and cast out devils by blood stopped. the prince of devils?

Jew came forth, and said, I was blind, could hear sounds. but could not see any one; and as Jesus was going along, I heard the multitude passing

21 They told me that Jesus was passing by: then I cried out, saying, Jesus, Son of David, have mercy upon me.— And he stood still, and commanded that I should be brought to him, and said to me. What wilt thou?

22 I said, Lord, that I may

23 He said to me, Receive whole? And I answered, Sir, thy sight; and presently I I have no man, when the wa- saw, and followed him, rejoic-

24 Another Jew also came 16 And he said unto me, Rise, worth, and said,* I was a leper, take up thy bed, and walk. The cured me by his word. whole, and took up bed, clean; and presently I was cleansed from my leprosy.

25. And another Jew came Pilate, Our Lord Governor, forth, and said, I was crooked,

26 ¶ And a certain woman 18 The infirm person repli- named Veronica, said, I was ed, It was on the sabbath afflicted with an issue of blood 19 The Jews said to Pilate, twelve years, and I touched he the hem of his garment, and

27 The Jews then said, We 20 Then another certain have a law, that a woman

> * Matt. viii. 11, &c. Luke, xiii. 11, &c.

Matt ix. 20, &c. See concerning his woman called Veronica, on whom this miracle was performed; and the mue which she erected to the honour of Christ, in Euseb. Hist. Becl. l. 7. c.

^{*}John, v. 1, 2, &c. 1 Mark, x. 4.

dence.

another Jew said,* I saw Je-sons came to him, and he healsus invited to a wedding with ed them all.* his disciples, and there was a want of wine in Cana of Gali-spirits crying out, and saying, t lee:

all drank, he commanded the that they should not make servants that they should fill him known. six pots which were there with water, and they filled them up son, whose name was Centuto the brim, and he blessed rio, said, I saw Jesus in them, and turned the water in- Capernaum, and I entreated to wine; and all the people him, saying, Lord, my servant drank, being surprized at this lieth at home sick of the palsy. miracle.

30 And another Jew stood will come and cure him. forth, and said, † I saw Jesus | 36 But I said, Lord, I am teaching in the synagogue af not worthy that thou shouldest Capernaum; and there was come under my roof; but onin the synagogue a certain man ly speak the word, and my who had a devil; and he cris servant shall be healed. ed out, saying, Let me alone; 37 And Jesus said unto me, what have we to do with thee; Go thy way; and as thou Jesus of Nazareth? Art thou hast believed, so be it done come to destroy us? I know unto thee. And my servant that thou art the holy One of was healed from that same God.

31 And Jesus rebuked him, at all burt him.

came to Jesus from Galilee death.

shall not be allowed as as evi-[and Judæa, and the sea-coast, and many countries about 28 And, after other things, Jordan; and many infirm per-

33 And I heard the unclean Thou art the Son of God. And 29 And when the wine was Jesus strictly charged them,

> 34 ¶ After this another per-1 35 And Jesus said to me, I

hour.

38 Then a certain noblesaying, Hold thy peace, un- man said, I had a son in Caclean spirit, and come out of pernaum, who lay at the point the man; and presently he of death; and when I heard came out of him, and did not that Jesus was come into Galilee, I went and besought him 32 The following things that he would come down to were also said by a Pharisee; my house, and heal my son, I saw that a great company for he was at the point of

John, ii. 1, &c. Luke, iv. 33, &c.

[†]Mark, iii. 11. *Matt. v. 23. Matt. viii. 5, &cc.

ed Jesus to be brought before; 6 The people in the mean him, and spake to him in the time stood by, and the chief

following words:

charged thee as making thy- others, let him now save himself a king; wherefore I Herod self if he can; if he be the Son sentence thee to be whipped of God, let him now come according to the laws of form- down from the cross. er governors; and that thou! be first bound, then hanged ed him, and taking vinegar upon a cross in that place and gall, offered it to him to where thou art now a prisoner; drink, and said to him, If thou and also two criminals with art king of the Jews, deliver thee, whose names are Dimas thyself. and Gestas.

CHAP. VII.

1 Manner of Christ's crucifix ion with the two thieves.

HEN Jesus went out of the hall, and the two thieves with him;

- 2 And when they came to, the place which is called Golgotha,* they stripped him of his raiment, and girt him about with a linen cloth, and put a crown of thorns upon his part the Christ, deliver thyself hand.
- 3 And in like manner did they to the two thieves who were crucified with him, Dimas on his right hand, and Gestas on his left.

4 But Jesus said; My Fath. er, forgive them; for they know not what they do.

5 And they divided his garments, and upon his vesture thev cast lots.

*Man xxvii, 33.

84.

priests and elders of the Jews 23 Thy own nation hath mocked him, saying, He saved

7 The soldiers also mock-

8 Then Longinus, a certain soldier, taking a spear,* pierced his side, and presently there came forth blood and water.

9 And Pilate wrote the title upon the cross in Hebrew, Latin, and Greek letters, viz. this is the king of the Jews.t

. 10 But one of the two thieves who were crucified with Jesus, whose name was and us.

11 But the thief who was crucified on his right hand, whose name was Dimas, answering, rebuked him, and said, Dost'not thou fear God. who art condemned to this punishment? We indeed receive rightly and justly the demerit of our actions; but this Jesus, what evil bath he done?

"John, viz. 34. tJohn, xix. 19.

Attended by miracles NICODEMUS. and his body buried.

said to Jesus, Lord, remember God, and said, Of a truth me when thou comest into thy this was a just man. kingdom.

him, Verily I say unto thee, troubled at the sight; and,

me in Paredise.

CHAP. VIII.

1 Miraculous appearances at of Jerusalem. his death. 10 The Jews 12 Joseph of Arimathæa him all that had passed: embalms Christ's bodymand buries it.

ND it was about the sixth ceeding sorrowful; upon the face of the whole gether, said to them, Have ve

- eclipsed, behold the vail of which came to pass, while Jethe temple was rent bom the sus was thying? top to the bottom; and the 10 Which when the Jews rocks also were rent and the heard, they answered to the graves opened, and many ho governor, The eclipse of the dies of saints, which slept, a sun happened according to its rose.
- 3 And about the ninth hour Jesus cried out with a loud the acquaintance of Christ voice, saying, Hely, Hely, la-|stood at a distance, as did the ma zabathani? which, being women who had followed Jeinterpreted, is, My God, My sus from Galilee, observing God, why hast thou forsaken all these things. me?

Jesus said, Father, into thy seph, who also was a disciple hands I commend my spirit; of Jesus, but not openly so, and having said this, he gave for fear of the Jews, came to up the ghost.

saw that Jesus thus crying out give him leave to take away

12 After this, groaning, he gave up the ghost, he glorified

6 And all the people who 13 Jesus answering, said to stood by, were exceedingly that this day thou shalt be with reflecting upon what had passed, smote upon their breasts, and then returned to the city

7 The centurion went to say the eclipse was natural. the governor, and related to

> 8 And when he had heard all these things, he was ex-

hour,* and darkness was 9 And calling the Jews toearth until the ninth hour." seen the miracle of the sun's 2 And while the son was eclipse, and the other things

usual custom.

11 But all those who were

12 And* behold a certain 4 And after these things, man of Arimathæa, named Jothe governor, and intreated 5 But when the centurion the governor, that he would

^{*}Matt. xxvii. 45, &c.

The Jews angry with NICODEMUS. Nicodemus and Joseph.

cross.

13 And the governor gave gogue?

bringing with him a mixture the synagogue, who wast a of myrrh and aloes about a confederate with Christ? Let hundred pound weight; and thy lot be along with him in they took down Jesus from the other world. the cross with tears, and 4 Nicodemus answered, Abound him in linen cloaths men; so may it be, that I may with spices, according to the have my lot with him in his custom of burying among the kingdom. Jews,

new tomb, which Joseph had said to them, Why are ye anbuilt, and caused to be cut out gry with me for desiring the of a rock, in which never any body of Jesus of Pilate? Beman had been put; and they hold, I have put him in my rolled a great stone to the tomb, and wrapped him up in door of the sepulchre.

CHAP. IX.

they imprison.

begged and buried the body prayed down the guilt of his of Jesus, they sought after Ni-blood upon you. codemus, and those fifteen 7 The Jews at the hearing men who had testified before of this were disquieted and the governor, that Jesus was troubled; and they seized Jonot born through fornication, seph, and commanded him to and other good persons, who be put in custody before the had shewn any good actions sabbath, and kept there till towards him.

shewed himself to them, and any harm, till the first day of

the body of Jesus from the said, How can such persons as these enter into the syna-

3 The Jews answered him, 14 And Nicodemus came, But how durst thou enter into

5 In like manner Joseph, 15 And placed him in a when he came to the Jews, clean linen, and put a stone at the door of the sepulchre:

6 I have acted rightly to-The Jews angry with Nic- | wards him; but ye have actodemus; 5 and with Jo- ed unjustly against that just seph of Arimathæa, 7 whom person, in crucifying him, giving him vinegar to drink, crown-THEN the unjust Jews ing him with thorns, tearing heard that Joseph had his body with whips,

the sabbath was over.

2 But when they all con- 8 And they said to him, cealed themselves through fear Make confession; for at this of the Jews, Nicodemus alone time it is not lawful to do thee the week come. But we know priests and Levites, that they that thou wilt not be thought should all meet after the sabworthy of a burial; but we bath, and they contrived to will give thy flesh to the birds what death they should put of the air, and the beasts of Joseph. the earth.

proud Goliath, who reproach-brought forth. ed the living God in speaking | In this place there is a poragainst David. But ye scribes and doctors know, that God saith by the prophet Vengeance is mine, and I will repay to you* evil equal to that 1 which we have threatened to me.

10 The God whom you have hanged upon the cross, is able to deliver me out of your All your wickedness will return upon you.

11 For the governor, when he washed his hands, said, I am clear from the blood of this just person. But ye answered and cried out, His blood be upon us and our children. According as ye have said, may ye perish for ever.

12 The elders of the Jews hearing these words, were exceedingly enraged; and seizing Joseph, they put him into a chamber where there was no window; they fastened the door, and put a seal upon the lock;

13 And Annas and Caiaphas placed a guard about it, and took counsel with the

*Deut. xxii, 32. Heb. x. 30.

14 When they had done 9 Joseph answered, That this, the rulers, Annas and speech is like the speech of Caiaphas, order Joseph to be

tion of the Gospel lost or omitted, which cannot be supplied.

CHAP. X.

Joseph's escape. 2 The soldiers relate Christ's resurrection. 18 Christ is seen preaching in Galilee. The Jews repent of their cruelty to him.

THEN all the assembly heard this, they admired and were astonished, because they found the same seal upon the lock of the chamber, and could not find Joseph.

2 Then Annas and Caiaphas went forth, and whilethey were all admiring at Joseph's being gone, behold one of the soldiers, who kept the sepulchre of Jesus, spake in the assembly,

3 *That while they were guarding the sepulchre of Jesus, there was an earthquake; and we saw an angel of God roll away the stone of the sepulchre and †sit upon it;

4 And his countenance was

*Matt xxviii. 11, 12, &c. Matt. xxviii. 1, 2, &c.

like lightning, and his gar-|shut up Joseph, who buried sons dead.

5 And we heard an angel it, found him not there. saying to the women at the sepulchre of Jesus, Do not seph whom ye put under tear: I know that you seek guard in the chamber, and we Jesus who was crucified; he will produce Jesus whom we is risen as he foretold.

6 Come and see the place where he was laid; and go said, We will produce Joseph, presently, and tell his disciples that he is risen from the Joseph is in his own city of dead, and he will go before Arimathæa. vou into Galilee; there ye shall see him, as he told you.

7 Then the Jews called together all the soldiers who kept angel inform the women. the sepulchre of Jesus, and said to them, Who are those women, to whom the angel themselves, If by any means spoke? Why did ye not seize them?

The soldiers answered believe in Jesus. and said, We know not who the women were; besides, we large sum of money, and gave became as dead persons through fear, and how could we seize ye tell the people that the disthose women?

As the Lord liveth, we do not and stole away the body of believe vou.

10 The soldiers answering, said to the Jews, When ye saw and heard Jesus working you. so many miracles, and did not believe him, how should ye be-lly took the money, and said lieve us? Ye well said, As as they were instructed by the the Lord liveth, for the Lord Jews; and their report was truly does live.

11 We have heard that ye people.

ment like snow; and we be-the body of Jesus, in a chamcame through fear like per-|ber, under a lock which was scaled; and when ve opened

> 12 Do ye then produce Joguarded in the sepulchre.

> 13 The Jews answered and do ye produce Jesus.

> 14 The soldiers replied, if Joseph be in Arimathæa, and Jesus in Galilee, we heard the

> 15 The Jews hearing this, were afraid, and said among these things should become public, then every body will

16 Then they gathered a it to the soldiers, saying, Do ciples of Jesus came in the 9 The Jews said to them, night when ye were asleep Jesus: and if Pilate the governor should hear of this, we will satisfy him and secure

> 17 The soldiers accordingspread abroad among all the

The Jews repent of NICODEMUS. their cruelty to Jesus.

18 ¶ But a certain priest! Phinees, Ada a schoolmaster, ther answered and said adding and a Levite, named Ageus, these words, If we should not they three came from Galilee own the words which we heard to Jerusalem, and told the chief Jesus speak, and that we saw priests and all who were in the him ascending into heaven, synagogues, saving,

19 We have seen Jesus, whom ye crucified ,talking with his eleven disciples, and sitting in the midst of them in mount Olivet, and saying to them.*

all nations, baptizing them in concerning Jesus. the name of the Father, and the whosoever shall believe and be baptized, shall be saved.

21 And when he had said these things to his disciples, we saw him ascending up to any stay at Jerusalem. heaven.

and elders, and Levites heard ing expressed the most lamenthese things, they said to these table concern, said, What is three men, Give glory to the this extraordinary thing which God of Israel, and make con- is come to pass in Jerusalem? fession to him, whether those 28 But Annas and Caiathings are true, which ye say ye have seen and heard.

As the Lord of our fathers ulchre of Jesus, in telling us, liveth, the God of Abraham, that an angel rolled away the and the God of Isaac, and the stone from the door of the sep-God of Jacob, according as ulchre? we heard Jesus talking with his disciples, and according as ples told them this, and gave we saw him ascending up to them money that they should heaven, so we have related the say so, and they themselves truth to you.

24 And the three men farwe should be guilty of sin.

25 Then the chief priests immediately arose up, and holding the book of the law in their hands, conjured those men, saying, Ye shall no more 20 Go forth into the whole hereafter ever declare those world, preach the Gospel to things which ye have spoke

26 And they gave them a Son, and the Holy Ghost; and large sum of money, and sent other persons along with them, who should conduct them to their own country, that they might not by any means make

27 Then the Jews did as-22 When the chief priests, semble all together, and hav-

phas comforted them, saying, Why should we believe the 23 They answering, said, soldiers who guarded the sep-

> 29 Perhaps his own discitook away the body of Jesus.

30 Besides consider this, that

[&]quot; Matt xxviii. 16. and Mark, xvi. 16.

there is no credit to be given to them three days, and they foreigners,* because they also could not find him. took a large sum of us, and they have declared to us according to the instructions They which we gave them. must either be faithful to us, or to the disciples of Jesus.

CHAP. XI.

1 Nicodemus counsels Jews. 6 Joseph found. 11 Invited by the Jews to return. 19 Relates the manner of his miraculous es-

cane.

HEN Nicodemus arose, and said, Ye say right, O sons of Israel, ye have heard what those three men have swore by the Law of God, who said, We have seen Jesus speaking with his disciples upon mount Olivet, and we saw him ascending up to heaven.

2 And the scripture teacheth us that the blessed prophet Elijah was taken up to heaven; and Elisha being asked by the sons of the prophets, Where is our father Elijah? He said to them, that he is taken up to heaven.

3 And the sons of the prophets said to him, Perhaps the spirit hath carried him into one of the mountains of Israel, there perhaps we shall find And they besought Eli-

4 And now hear me, O sons of Israel, and let us send men into the mountains of Israel, lest perhaps the spirit hath carried away Jesus, and there perhaps we shall find him, and be satisfied.

5 And the counsel of Nicodemus pleased all the people; and they sent forth men who sought for Jesus, but could not find him; and they returning, said, We went all about, but could not find Jesus, but we have found Joseph in his city of Arimathæa.

6 The rulers hearing this, and all the people, were glad, and praised the God of Israel, because Joseph was found, whom they had shut up in a chamber, and could not find.

7 And when they had formed a large assembly, the chief priests said, By what means. shall we bring Joseph to us to

speak with him?

8 And taking a piece of paper, they wrote to him, and said, Peace be with thee, and all thy family. We know that we have offended against God and thee. Be pleased to give a visit to us your fathers, for we were perfectly surprised at your escape from prison.

9 We know that it was malicious counsel which we took sha, and he walked about with against thee, and that the Lord took care of thee and the Lord

himself delivered thee from answer to us all those quesour designs. thee, Joseph, who art honourable among all the people.

10 And they chose seven of Joseph's friends, and said to them. When ye come to Jogive him this letter.

men came to Joseph, they did salute him in peace, and gave all that came to pass.

him the letter.

read it, he said blessed be the Lord God, who didst deliver me from the Israelites, that they could not shed my blood. Blessed be God, who has protected me under thy wings.

and took them into his house. And on the morrow, Joseph the earth for fear. mounted his ass and went along with them to Jerusalem.

14 And when all the Jews heard these things, they went out to meet him, and cried out, saying, Peace attend thy coming hither, father Joseph.

15 To which he answered, is I. Prosperity from the Lord at-

tend all the people.

16 And they all kissed him; his house, having provided a whose body thou didst bury. large entertainment.

ing a preparation-day, Annas,

Peace be unto tions which we shall ask thee;

18 For we have been very much troubled, that thou didst bury the body of Jesus; and that when we had locked thee in a chamber, we could not seph, salute him in peace, and find thee; and we have been afraid ever since, till this time 11 Accordingly, when the of thy appearing among us. Tell us therefore before God,

19 Then Joseph answering, 12 And when Joseph had said, Ye did indeed put me under confinement, on the day of preparation, till the morning.

20 But while I was standing at prayer in the middle of the night, the house was surrounded with four angels; and 13 And Joseph kissed them, I saw Jesus as the brightness of the sun, and fell down upon

> 21 But Jesus laying hold on my hand, lifted me from the ground, and the dew was then sprinkled upon me; but he, wiping my face, kissed me, and said unto me, Fear not, Joseph; look upon me, for it

22 Then I looked upon him, and said, Rabboni Elias! He answered me, I am not and Nicodemus took him to Elias, but Jesus of Nazareth,

23 I said to him, Shew me 17 But on the morrow, be- the tomb in which I laid thec.

24 Then Jesus, taking me and Caiaphas, and Nicodemus. by the hand, led me unto the said to Joseph, Make confes- place where I laid him, and sion to the God of Israel, and shewed me the linen clothes, and nankin which I put round burnt offerings to the God of his head. Then I knew that Israel, in the temple, with it was Jesus, and worshipped prayers. the Lord.

by the hand, led me to Ari-depart in peace, according to mathæa, to my own house, thy word; for mine eyes have and said to me, Peace be to seen thy salvation, which thou thee; but go not out of thy hast prepared before the face house till the fortieth day; but of all people: a light to en-I must go to my disciples,

to relate the mysteries of and for a sen which shall be their resurrection. 21 They spoken against. are sought and found, 22 crecy, 25 and undertake to hearts shall be revealed. write what they had seen.

these things, they were astonished, and fell down with their Olivet. faces on the ground as dead men, and crying out to one them what they had seen; another, said, What is this extraordinary sign which is come to pass in Jerusalem? We know the father and mother of Jesus.

2 And a certain Levite said, I know many of his relations, religious persons, who are wont to offer sacrifices and

him, and said, Blessed be he 3 And when the high-priest who cometh in the name of Simeon took him up in his arms, he said to him, *Lord, 25 Jesus again taking me now lettest thou thy servant lighten the Gentiles, and the CHAP. XII. glory of thy people Israel.

1 The Jews astonished and 4 Simeon in like manner confounded. 14 Simeon's lilessed Mary the mother of two sons, Charinus and Jesus, and said to her, I de-Lenthius, rise from the dead clare to thee concerning that at Christ's crucifixion. 19 child; He is appointed for the Joseph proposes to get them fall and rising again of many,

Yea, a sword shall pierce brought to the synagogue, through thine own soul also, 23 privately sworn to se- and the thoughts of many

6 Then said all the Jews, TATHEN the chief priests Let us send to those three men. and Levites heard all who said they saw him talking with his disciples in mount

> 7 After this they asked who answered with one accord, in the presence of the God of Israel we affirm, that we plainly saw Jesus talking with his disciples in mount Olivet, and ascending up to heaven.

8 Then Annas and Caia-

*Luke, ii. 29.

9 Then Annas and Caia- fant into his arms in the temphas said, Our law saith, By ple. the mouth of two or three wit- 16 This same Simeon had

. tablished.†

10 But what have we said? and funeral. The blessed Enoch pleased 17 Go therefore and see God, and was translated by their tembs, for these are open, the word of God; and the buland they are risen; and berying-place of the blessed Mo- Hold, they are in the city of ses is not known.

11 But Jesus was delivered time together in offices of deto Pilate, whipped, crowned votion. with thorns, spit upon, pierced 18 Some, indeed, have with a spear, crucified, died heard the sound of their voices upon the cross, and was buried, in prayer, but they will not and his body the howarable discourse with any one, but Joseph buried in a new sepul-they continue as mute as dead chre, and he testifies that he men. saw him alive:

have declared that they saw towards them with all due reshim talking with his disciples pect and caution. And if we in mount Olivet, and ascen- can bring them to swear, per-

ding up to heaven.

said to Annas and Caiaphas, tion. Ye may be justly under a great surprize, that you have been this, they were exceedingly retold, that Jesus is alive, and joiced. gone up to heaven.

ly surprizing, that he should Gamaliel, went to Arimathæa, not only himself arise from the but did not find them in their dead, but also raise others from graves ; but walking about the their graves, who have been city, they found them on their

separately; who unanimously little; We all knew the blesconfessed the truth, and said, sed Simeon, the high-priest, who took Jesus when an in-

nesses every word shall be es-two sons of his own, and we were all present at their death

Arimathæa, spending their

19 But come, let us go to 12 And besides, these men them, and behave ourselves haps they will tell us some of 13 Then Joseph rising up, the mysteries of their resurrec-

20 When the Jews heard

21 Then Annas and Caia-14 It is indeed a thing real- phas, Nicodemus, Joseph, and bended knees at their devotions;

all respect and deference to dead, give us leave to declare God, they brought them to the thy mysteries, which we saw synagogue at Jerusalem; and latter death, belonging to thy having shut the gates, they cross; for we are sworn by took the book of the Law of thy name. the Lord,

hands, swore them by God A- things, which were wrought by donia, and the God of Israel, thy divine power in hell. who spake to our fathers by the law and the prophets, say- with our fathers in the depth ing, If ye believe him who rais- of hell, in the blackness of ed you from the dead, to be Je-darkness, on a sudden there sus, tell us what ye have seen, appeared the colour of the sun and how ye were raised from like gold, and a substantial the dead.

24 Charinus and Lenthius, ening the place. the two sons of Simeon, tremb- 4 Presently upon this, Adled when they heard these am, the father of all mankind, things, and were disturbed, with all the patriarchs and and groaned; and at the same prophets, rejoiced and said, time looking up to heaven, That light is the author of evthey made the sign of the cross erlasting light, who hath promwith their tongues,

25 And immediately they spake, and said, Give each of cried out, and said,* This is us some paper, and we will the light of the Father, and write down for you all those the Son of God, according to things which we have seen. - my prophecy when I was alive And they each sat down and upon earth.

wrote, saying,

CHAP. XIII.

the coming nounces Christ.

LORD Jesus and Father, who art God, also 22 Then saluting them with the resurrection and life of the

2 For thou hast forbid thy 28 And putting it in their servants to declare the secret

> 3 ¶ When we were placed purple-coloured light enlight-

fingers on their ised to translate us to everlasting light.

5 Then Isaiah the prophet

6 The land of Zebulon, and the land of Nephthalim beyond 1 The narrative of Charinus Jordan, a people who walked and Lenthius commences. in darkness, saw a great light; 3 A great light in hell. 7 and to them who dwelled in Simeon arrives, and an-the region of the shadow of of death, light is arisen.

^{*1}sai. iz. 1. Matt. iv. 16.

joicing in the light which shone the river Jordan, and saw the upon us, our father Simeon Holy Ghost descending upon came among us, and congrat- him in the form of a dove, and ulating all the company, said, heard a voice from heaven, Glorify the Lord Jesus Christ saying This is my beloved the Son of God.

8 Whom I took up in my ed. arms when an infant in the ple; a light to enlighten the death. Gentiles, and the glory of thy people Israel.

9 All the saints who were in the depth of hell, hearing this, rejuiced the more.

10 Afterwards there came forth one like a little hermit, and was asked by every one,

Who art thou?

am the voice of one crying in baptized in Jordan,* he callthe wilderness, John the Bap-led out to his son Seth, and tist, and the prophet of the said, Most High, who went before his coming to prepare his way, to give the knowledge of salvation to his people for the forgiveness of sins.

12 And I John, when I saw Jesus coming to me, being moved by the Holy Ghost, I said, Behold the Lamb of God,

7 And while we are all re- 13 And I baptized him in

Son, in whom I am well pleas-

14 And now while I was temple, and being moved by going before him, I came down the Holy Ghost, said to him, hither to acquaint you, that the and acknowledged,* That now Son of God will next visit us, mine eyes have seen thy sal- and as the day-spring from on vation, which thou hast pre- high will come to us, who are pared before the face of all peo- in darkness and the shadow of

CHAP. XIV.

1 Adam causes Seth to relate what he heard from Michael the archangel, when he sent him to Paradise to entreat God to annoint his head in sickness.

DUT when the first man our father Adam heard 11 To which he replied, I these things, that Jesus was

2 Declare to your sons, the patriarchs and prophets, all those things which thou didst hear from Michael the archangel, when I sent thee to the gates of Paradise, to entreat God that he would annoint my head when I was sick.

3 Then Seth, coming near to the patriarchs and prophets,

*Lake, ii. 29.~

The prince of hell NICODEMUS. quarrels with Satan.

ing to God at the gates of Par- things from Seth, they rejoicadise, beheld the angel of the ed more. Lord, Michael, appear unto me, saying, I am sent unto thee from the Lord; I am appointed to preside over human bodies.

4 I tell thee, Seth, do not pray to God in tears, and entreat him for the oil of the tree of mercy, wherewith to annoint thy father Adam for his head-ach:

5 Because thou canst not by any means obtain it, till the last day and times, namely, till five thuosand and five hundred years be past.

Then will Christ, the most merciful son of God, come on earth to raise again the human body of Adam, and at the same time to raise the bodies of the dead, and when be cometh he will be baptized in Jordan:

7 Then with the oil of his mercy he will annoint all those who believe on him; and the oil of his mercy will continue to future generations, for those who shall be born of the water and the Holy Ghost unto eternal life.

8 And when at that time the most merciful Son of God. Christ Jesus, shall come down on earth, he will introduce our father Adam into Paradise, to the tree of mercy.

9 When all the patriarchs

said, I Seth, when I was pray-[and prophets heard all these

CHAP. XV.

1 Quarrel between Satan and the prince of hell, concerning the expected arrival of Christ in hell.*

THILE all the saints were rejoicing, behold Satan, the prince and captain of death, said to the prince of hell,

2 Prepare to receive Jesus of Nazareth himself, boasted that he was the Son of God, and yet was a man afraid of death, and said,† My soul is sorrowful even to death.

3 Besides, he did many injuries to me and many others: for those whom I made blind and lame, and those also whom I tormented with several devils, he cured by his word; yea, and those whom I brought dead to thee, he by force takes away from thee.

4 To this the prince of hell replied to Satan, Who is that so powerful prince, and yet a man who is afraid of death?

5 For all the potentates of the earth are subject to my power, whom thou broughtest to subjection by thy power.

6 But if he be so powerful in his human nature, I affirm to thee for truth, that he is

*St Jerome affirms that the soul of Christ went to hell. tMatt. xxvi. 38.

and no man can resist his hath taken away the dead from

power.

7 When therefore he said he was afraid of death, he de- who took away from me Lazsigned to ensnare thee, and un- arus, after he had been four happy it will be to thee for days dead, and did both stink everlasting ages.

to the prince of hell, Why son, yet he brought him to life didst thou express a doubt, again by his power. and wast afraid to receive that 15 Satan answering, repli-Jesus of Nazareth, both thy ed to the prince of hell, It is adversary and mine?

9 As for me, I tempted him, of Nazareth. and stirred up my old people 16 Which when the prince the Jews with zeal and anger of hell heard, he said to him,

against him;

- for his suffering; I mixed the that thou bring him not to me. gall and vinegar, and com- 17 For when I heard of the manded that he should drink power of his word, I trembled it; I prepared the cross to for fear, and all my impious crucify him, and the nails to company were at the same dispierce through his hands and turbed; feet; and now his death is 18 And we were not able near at hand, I will bring him to detain Lazarus,* but he gave hither, subject both to thee and himself a shake, and with all
- answering, said, Thou saidet and the very earth, in which to me just now, that he took the dead body of Lazarus was away the dead from me by lodged, presently turned himforce.
- kept here till they should live he is Almighty God, who again upon earth, were taken could perform such things, away hence, not by their own who is mighty in his dominpower, but by prayers made lion, and mighty in his human to God, and their almighty nature, who is the Saviour of God took them from me.
 - 13 Who then is that Jesus John, xi

almighty in his divine nature, of Nazareth, that by his word me without prayer to God?

14 Perhaps it is the same and was rotten, and of whom 8 Then Satan replying, said I had possession as a dead per-

the very same person, Jesus

I adjure thee by the powers 10 I sharpened the spear which belong to thee and me,

- the signs of malice, he imme-11 Then the prince of hell diately went away from us: out alive.
- 12 They who have been 19 And I know now that mankind.

20 Bring not therefore this spake with a loud voice of anperson hither, for he will set ger to the prince of hell, at liberty all those whom I 6 Open thy gates, that the hold in prison under unbelief, King of Glory may come in. and bound with the fetters of their sins, and will conduct David, cried out, saying,* Did them to everlasting life.

CHAP. XVI.

upon. 19 He descends in men! to Hell.

prince of hell were dis- of iron in sunder. coursing thus to each other, on taken them because of their ina sudden there was a voice as invity; and because of their of thunder and the rushing of unrighteousness they are afflicwinds, saying,* Lift up your ted. gates, O ye princes; and be 9 After this, another proye lift up, O everlasting gates, piret, namely, hely Isaiah, and the King of Glory shall spake in like manner to all the come in.

- heard this, he said to Satan, on earth? Depart from me, and begone 10 The dead men shall live, out of my habitations: if thou and they shall rise again who art a powerful warrior, fight are in their graves, and they with the King of Glory. But shall rejoice who are in earth; what hast thou to do with for the dew which is from the him?
- 3 And he cast him forth to them. from his habitations.
- his impious officers, Shut the victory? O death, where is brass gates of cruelty, and thy sting? make them fast with iron bars. and fight courageously, lest we heard these things spoken by be taken captives.
- ny of the saints heard this, they

- 7 And the divine prophet not I, when on earth, truly prophesy and say, O that men would praise the Lord for his 1 Christ's arrival at hell-goodness, and for his wondergates; the confusion there- ful works to the children of
 - 8 For he hath broken the ND while Satan and the gates of brass, and cut the bars He hath

saints, Did not I rightly proph-2 When the prince of hell esy to you, when I sas alive

Lord, shall bring deliverence

11 And I said in another 4 And the prince said to place, O death, where is thy

When all the saints 12 Isaiah, they said to the prince 5 But when all the compa-of hell, Open now thy gates,

> * Psalm cvii. 15, &c. tisaiah, xxvi. 19... Psalm xxiv. 7, &c.

Psalm, xxiv. 7, &c.

and take away thine iron bars; for thou wilt now be bound, fetters which before could not and have no power.

voice, as of the sound of thun-sat in the deep darkness by der, saying, Lift up your gates, iniquity, and the shadow of O princes; and be ye lifted death by sin.* up, ye gates of hell, and the King of Glory will enter in.

14 The prince of hell perceiving the same voice repeated, cried out, as though he had been ignorant, Who is that

King of Glory?

15 David replied to the prince of hell, and said, I up MPIOUS death and her derstand the words of that A cruel officers hearing these voice, because I spake them things, were seized with fear by his spirit. And now, as I in their several kingdoms. have above said, I say unto when they saw the clearness thee, The Lord strong and of the light, powerful, the Lord mighty in 2 And Christ himself on a battle; he is the King of Glo-sudden appearing in their ry, and he is the Lord in hear habitations, they cried out ven and in earth;

hear the groans of the priso- to intend our confusion before ners, and to set loose those the Lord. that are appointed to death.*

is the Lord of heaven and take no notice? earth.

this, the mighty Lord appear- so little, a mean, and yet a soled in the form of a man, and dier of the first rank, who can enlightened those places which command in the form of a servhad ever before been in dark- ant as a common soldier? pess,

Psalm. cii. 19, 20.

19 And broke asunder the be broken; and with his invin-13 Then was there a great cible power visited those who

CHAP. XVII.

1 Death and the devils in great korror at Christ's coming. 13 He tramples on death. seizes the prince of hell, and takes Adam with him to beaven.

therefore, and said, We are 16 He hath looked down to bound by thee; thou seemest

3 Who art thou, who hast 17 And now, thou filthy no signs of corruption, but and stinking prince of hell, that bright appearance which open thy gates, that the King is a full proof of thy greatness, of Glory may enter in; for he of which yet thou seemest to

4 Who art thou, so power-18 While David was saying ful and so weak, so great and

5 The King of Glory, dead

and alive, though once slain with the greatest punishments.

upon the cross?

grave, and art come down a- which we hold them? live to us, and in thy death all the creatures trembled, and all Jesus, of whom Satan just now the stars were moved, and spake to our prince, that by now hast thy liberty among the dead, and givest disturb- wert about to receive the powance to our legions?

7 Who art thou, who dost! release the captives that were trampling upon death, seized held in chains by original sin, the prince of hell, deprived and bringest them into their him of all his power, and took

former liberty?

8 Who art thou, who dost him to his glory. spread so glorious and divine a light over those who were made blind by the darkness of 1 Beelzebub, prince of hell. sin ?

9 In like manner all the legions of devils were seized. with the like horror, and with the most submissive fear cried

out, and said,

10 Whence comes it, O thou Jesus Christ, that thou art a man so powerful and glorious in majesty, so bright as to have no spot, and so pure as to have no crime? For that lower world of earth, which was ever till now subject to us, and from whence we received tribute, never sent us such a dead man before, never sent such presents as these to the princes of hell.

11 Who therefore art thou, only not afraid to threaten us what thou wast about.

but also endeavourest to rescue 6 Who layest dead in the all others from the chains in

> 12 Perhaps thou art that the death of the cross thou er of death.

13 Then the King of Glory our earthly father Adam with

CHAP XVIII.

vehemently upbraids Satan for persecuting Christ and bringing him to hell. Christ gives Beelzebub dominion over Satan for ever, as a recompense for taking away Adam and his BONS.

THEN the prince of hell took Satan, and with great indignation said to him, O thou prince of destruction, author of Beelzebub's defeat and banishment, the scorn of God's angels, and loathed by all righteous persons! inclined thee to act thus?

Thou wouldest crucify the King of Glory, and by his destruction hast made us promwho with such courage enterest ises of very large advantages. among our abodes, and art not but as a fool wert ignorant of

3 For behold now that Je- of Paradise, thou hast now lost sus of Nazareth, with the by the wood of the cross: brightness of his glorious divinity, puts to flight all the then expired, when thou didst horrid powers of darkness and crucify Jesus Christ the King death:

4 He has broke down our prisons from top to bottom, thine own interest and mine, groan under the weight of their art about to suffer.

are subdued, and no part of crimes of Jesus of Nazareth. mankind is now left in our and then thou wouldest have subjection, but on the other found that he was guilty of no hand, they all boldly defy us; fault worthy of death.

6 Though, before, the dead never durst behave themselves without either reason or jusinsolently towards us, nor, be-tice, to crucify him, and hast ing prisoners, could ever on brought down to our regions a any occasion be merry.

all the wicked, father of the sinners, impious and unrightimpious and abandoned, why cous persons in the whole wouldest thou attempt this ex- world? ploit, seeing our prisoners were least hopes of salvation and life?

8 But now there is not one of them does ever groan, nor ject to thy dominion for ever, is there the least appearance in the room of Adam and his of a tear in any of their faces.

9 O prince Satan, thou great keeper of the infernal regions, all thy advantages which thou didst acquire by the forbidden tree and the loss

10 And thy happiness all

of Glory. 11 Thou hast acted against

dismissed all the captives, re- as thou wilt presently perceive leased all who were bound, and by those large torments and all who were wont formerly to infinite punishments which thou

torments, have now insulted 12 O Satan, prince of all us, and we are like to be de-evil, author of death, and source feated by their prayers. of all pride, thou shouldest first 5 Our impious dominions have inquired into the evil

13 Why didst thou venture, person innocent and righteous. 7 ¶ O Satan, thou prince of and thereby hast lost all the

14 While the prince of hell hitherto always without the was thus speaking to Satan. the King of Glory said to Beelzebub, the prince of hell. Satan the prince shall be subrighteous sons, who are mine.

CHAP. XIX.

1 Christ takes Adam by the hand, the rest of the saints join hands, and they all ascend with him to Paradise.

Leaves hell and takes NICODEMUS. the saints with him.

HEN Jesus stretched forth to me, all ye my saints, who Jesus, said with one voice. the forbidden fruit, and by the accomplished all things, which devil and death:

2 Live now by the wood of my cross; the devil, the prince of this world, is overcome, and

death is conquered.

3 Then presently all the saints were joined together under the hand of the most high by thy power from death. God; and the Lord Jesus laid hold on Adam's hand, and put the ensigns of thy glory in said to him, Peace be to thee, and all thy righteous posterity, which is mine.

self at the feet of Jesus, addressed himself to him with tears, in humble language, and a

loud voice, saying,*

for thou hast lifted me up, and hast not made my foes to rejoice over me. O Lord my am by his right-hand, he as-God, I cried unto thee, and cended from hell, and all the thou hast healed me.

6 O Lord, thou hast brought up my soul from the grave; David boldly cried out, and thou hast kept me alive, that said, O sing unto the Lord a I should not go down to the new song, for he hath done

pit.

ye saints of his, and give gotten him the victory. thanks at the remembrance of his holiness. For his anger known his salvation, his rightendureth but for a moment; in jeousness hath he openly shewn his favour is life.

8 In like manner all the his hand, and said, Come saints, prostrate at the feet of were created in my image, who Thou art come, O Redeemer were condemned by the tree of of the world, and hast actually thou didst foretel by the law and thy holy prophets.

9 Thou hast redeemed the living by the cross, and art come down to us, that by the death of the cross thou mightest deliver us from hell, and

10 O Lord, as thou hast heaven, and hast set up the sign of thy redemption, even thy cross on earth; so, Lord, 4 Then Adam, casting him- set the sign of the victory of thy cross in hell, that death may have dominion no longer.

11 Then the Lord stretching forth his hand, made the 5 I will extol thee, O Lord, sign of the cross upon Adam,

and upon all his saints.

12 And taking hold of Adsaints of God followed him.

13 Then the royal prophet marvellous things; his right 7 Sing unto the Lord, all hand and his holy arm have

> 14 The Lord hath made in the sight of the heathen.

[.] Psalm xxx, 1, &c. " Psalm zeviii. 1, &c. 102

tude of saints answered, say- in hell, and have had your ing*, This honour have all his bodies placed in Paradise? saints, Amen, Praise ye the Lord.

Habbakukt cried out, and God; * and this man who is said. Thou wentest forth for with me, is Elijah the Tishbite. the salvation of thy people, who was translated in a fiery even for the salvation of thy chariot.

people.

Blessed is he who cometh in death, but are now about to the name of the Lord; for the return at the coming of Anti-Lord hath enlightened us, - christ, being armed with divine This is our God for ever and signs and miracles, to engage ever; he shall reign over us to with him in battle, and to be everlasting ages, Amen.

prophets spake the sacred the clouds, after three days and things of his praise, and fol- a half.t.

lowed the Lord.

CHAP. XX.

1 Christ delivers Adam to Michael the archangel. They meet Enoch and Elijah in heaven, 5 and also the blessed thief, who relates how he came to Paradise.

Adam by the hand, de- upon thy shoulders? livered him to Michael the archangel; and he led them said, Ye say right, for I was a into Paradise, filled with mercy and glory;

2 And two very ancient men met them, and were asked me with Jesus; and I observ-

Pealm cxlix. 2. † Hab. iii. 13. t Matt. xxiii. 39, 103

15 And the whole multi-|who have not yet been with us

3 One of them answering, said, I am Enoch, who was 16 Afterwards, the prophet translated by the word of

4 Here we have hitherto 17 And all the saints said, been, and have not tasted slain by him in Jerusalem, and 18 In like manner all the to be taken up alive again into

> 5 ¶ And while the holy Enoch and Elias were relating this, behold there came another man in a miserable figure, carrying the sign of the cross upon his shoulders.

6 And when all the saints saw him, they said to him, Who art thou? For thy countenance is like a thief's; and HEN the Lord holding why dost thou carry a cross

> 7 To which he answering, thief, who committed all' sorts of wickedness upon earth.

8 And the Jews crucified by the saints, Who are ye, ed the surprizing things which

^{*} Gen. v. 24. 12 Kings ii, 11.

happened in the creation at mighty God, the Father of evthe crucifixion of the Lord Je- erlasting goodness, and the Fasus,

9 And I believed him to be the Creator of all things, and the Almighty King; and I prayed to him, saying, Lord, remember me, when thou comest into thy kingdom.

.10 He presently regarded. my supplication, and said to me, Verily I say unto thee, this day thou shalt be with me

in Paradise.*

11 And he gave me this sign of the cross, saying, Carry this, and go to Paradise; and if the angel who is the guard of Paradise will not admit thee, shew him the sign of the cross, and say unto him : MESE are the divine and Jesus Christ, who is now crucified, hath sent me hither to we saw and heard. I Charithee.

told the angel who is the guard lies of God, as the archangel of Paradise all these things, Michael ordered us, and he heard them, he presently opened the gates, introduced my brethren to Jerusalem, and me, and placed me on the right shall continue in prayers, dehand in Paradise.

tle time, till Adam, the father ing he hath raised you from of all mankind, shall enter in, the dead at the same time with with all his sons, who are the himself. holy and righteous servants of

voice, Blessed be thou, O Al-Idivinity.

* Luke, xxiii. 43. 104

ther of mercies, who hast shewn such favour to those who were sinners against him, and hast brought them to the mercy of Paradise, and hast placed them amidst thy large and spiritual provisions, in a spiritual and holy life. Amen-

CHAP. XXI.

1 Charinus and Lenthius being only allowed three days to remain on earth, 7 deliver in their narratives, which miraculously correspond; they vanish, 13 and Pilate records these transactions.

sacred mysteries which nus and Lenthius are not allow-12 When I did this, and ed to declare the other myster-

2 Saying, Ye shall go with claring and glorifying the res-13 Saving, Stay here a lit- urrection of Jesus Christ, see-

3 And ye shall not talk Jesus Christ, who is crucified. with any man, but sit as dumb 14 When they heard all persons till the time come this account from the thief, all when the Lord will allow you the patriarchs said with one to relate the mysteries of his

4 The archangel Michael

beyond Jordan, to an excellent other. and fat country, where there Christ.

days allowed us from the dead, and blessed be the Lord Jesus arose to celebrate the for ever and ever, Amen. passover of our Lord with our parents, and to bear our testi- with great concern, and fear, mony for Christ the Lord, and and trembling, and smote upon we have been baptized in the their breasts, and went away holy river of Jordan. one. '

allowed us to relate to you; concerning Jesus, were presgive ye therefore praise and ently told by Joseph and Nichonour to him, and repent, odemus to the governor, and he will have mercy upon 19 And Pilate wrote down you. Peace be to you from all these transactions, and plathe Lord God Jesus Christ, ced all these accounts in the and the Saviour of us all. A- public records of his hall. men, Amen, Amen.

7 And after they had made 1 Pilate goes to the temple, an end of writing, and had wrote in two distinct pieces of paper. Charinus gave what he wrote into the hands of Annas, and Caiaphas, and Gamaliel.

8 Lenthius likewise gave what he wrote into the hands of Nicodemus and Joseph: and immediately they were changed into exceeding white forms, and were seen no mere.

9 But what they had wrote was found perfectly to agree, the one not containing one

farther commanded us to go letter more or less than the

10 When all the assembly are many who rose from the of the Jews heard all these dead along with us for the surprizing relations of Chariproof of the resurrection of hus and Lenthius, they said to each other, Truly all these 5 For we have only three things were wrought by God,

11 And they went all out

And every one to his home.

now they are not seen by any | 12 But immediately all these things which were related by 6 This is as much as God the Jews in their synagogue

CHAP. XXII.

calls together the rulers, and scribes, and doctors, 2 Commands the gates to be shut; orders the book of Scripture; and causes the Jews to relate what they really knew concerning Christ. 14 They declare that they crucified Christ in ignorance, and that they now know him to be the Son of God, according to the testimony of the Scriptures; which, after they put him to death, they examined.

went to the temple of the which is true and right. Jews, and called together all the rulers and scribes, and Jesus, not knowing that he was with them into a chapel of the temple.

2 And commanding that all the gates should be shut, said to them, I have heard that yel have a certain large book in

the temple; I desire you, therefore, that it may be brought

before me.

3 And when the great book, carried by four ministers of the temple, and adorned with gold and precious stones, was brought. Pilate said to them all. I adjure you by the God of you fathers, who made and commanded this temple to be es, whose bodies Jesus raised built, that ye conceal not the truth from me.

4 Ye know all the things which are written in that book; tell me therefore now, if ye in the Scriptures have found any thing of that Jesus whom ye nually to open this holy book crucified, and at what time of before an assembly, and to the world he ought to have come: shew it me.

5 Then having sworn An-

pel.

of the temple and of the chap-dred years, Christ the most el, and said to Pilate, Thou beloved Son of God was to hast made us to swear, O come on earth, judge, by the building of this

FTER these things Pilate temple, to declare to thee that

7 After we had crucified doctors of the law, and went the Son of God, but supposing he wrought his miracles by some magical arts, we summoned a large assembly in this temple.

8 And when we were deliberating among one another about the miracles which Jesus had wrought, we found many witnesses of our own country, who declared that they had seen him alive after his death, and that they heard him discoursing with his disciples, and saw him ascending unto the height of the heavens, and entering into them;

9 And we saw two witnessfrom the dead, who told us of many strange things which Jesus did among the dead, of which we have a written account in our hands.

10 And it is our custom ansearch there for the counsel of

God:

11 And we found in the first nas and Caiaphas, they com- of the seventy books, where manded all the rest who were Michael the archangel is speawith them to go out of the chalking to the third son of Adam the first man, an account that 6. And they shut the gates after five thousand five hun-

12 And we farther consid-

ered, that perhaps he was the thirty. very God of Israel who spake David the king, five hundred to Moses, Thou shalt make the and ten. ark of the testimony; two cubits and a half shall be the Babylonish captivity, five hunlength thereof, and a cubit and dred years. And from the a half the breadth thereof, and Babylonish captivity to the a cubit and a half the height incarnation of Christ, four thereof.*

13 By these five cubits and a half for the building of the mounts to five thousand and ark of the Old Testament, we half (a thousand.) perceived and knew that in five thousand years and half (one Jesus, whom we crucified, is thousand) years, Jesus Christ Jesus Christ the Son of God, was to come in the ark or ta- and true and Almighty God. bernacle of a body:

14 And so our Scriptures testify that he is the Son of God, and the Lord and King

of Israel.

15 And because after his suffering, our chief priests were surprized at the signs which were wrought by his means, we opened that book to search all the generations down to the generation of Joseph and Mary the Mother of Jesus, supposing him to be of the seed of David:

16 And we found the account of the creation, and at what time he made the heaven and the earth, and the first man Adam, and that from thence to the flood, were two thousand two hundred and twelve years.

17 And from the flood to Abraham, nine hundred and twelve. And from Abraham to Moses, four hundred and

* Exod xxv. 10.

18 And from David to the

hundred years.

19 The sum of all which a-

20 And so it appears, that

Amen.

In the name of the Holy Trinity, thus end the Acts of our Saviour Jesus Christ, which the Emperor Theodosius the Great found at Jerusalem, in the hall of Pontius Pilate among the public records; the things were acted in the nineteenth year of Tiberius Casar, Emperor of the Romans, and in the seventeenth year of the government of Herod the son of Herod king of Galilee, on the eighth of the calends of April, which is the twenty-third day of the month of March, in the cett Olympiad, when Joseph and Caiaphas were rulers of the Jews; being a history written in Hebrew by Nicodemus, of what happened after our Saviour's crucifixion

THE APOSTLES' CREED.

[It is affirmed by Ambrose "that the twelve Apostles, as skilful artificers, assembled together, and made a key by their common advice, that is, the Creed; by which the darkness of the devil is disclosed, that the light of Christ may appear." I Others fable that every Apostle inserted an article, by which the Creed is divided into twelve articles; and a sermon, fathered upon-St. Austin, and quoted by the Lord Chenceller King, fabricates that each particular article was thus inserted by each particular Apostle:—

" Peter.—1. I believe in God the Father Almighty; "John —2. Maker of heaven and earth;

" James .- 3 And in Jesus Christ his only Son, our Lord;

Many;
Many;
Philip —5 Suffered under Pontius Pilate, was crucified, dead and buried;

" Thurp -5 Surfered under Fontius Flate, was crucined, dead and buried;
"Thomas -6. He descended into hell, the third day he rose again from the dead;

"Bartholomew.--7. He ascended into heaven, sittell at the right hand of God the Kather Almighty;

"Matthew.—8. From thence shall be come to judge the quick and the dead; "James, the son of Alpheus.—9. I believe in the Holy Ghost, the holy Catholic Church;

" Simon Zelotes.-10. The communion of saints, the forgiveness of sins;

"Jude, the brother of James .- 11. The resurrection of the body;

" Matthias - 12 Life everlasting. Amen "2

Archbishop WAKE says, "With respect to the Apostles being the authors of this Creed, it is not my intention to enter on any particular examination of this matter, which has been so fully handled, not only by the late critics of the church of Rome. Natalis Alexander, 3 Du Rin, 4 &c. but yet more especially by Archbishop Usher, 5 Gerard Vosius, 6 Suicer, 7 Spanhemius, 8 Tentelius, 9 and Sam Basuage, 10 among the Protestants. It shall suffice to say, that is it is not likely, that had any such thing as this been done by the Apostles, 8t. Luke would have passed it by, without taking the least notice of it: So the diversity of Creeds in the ancient Church; and that not only in expression, but in some whole articles too, sufficiently shews, that the Creed which we call by that name, was not composed by the twelve Apostles, much less in the same form in which it now is,"11

Mr. Justice BAILEY says, "It is not to be understood that this Creed was framed by the Apostles, or indeed that it existed as a Creed in their time;" 12 and after giving the Creed as it existed in the year 600, and which is here copied from his Common Prayer Book, he says, "how long this form had existed before the year 600 is not exactly known. The additions were probably

made in opposition to particular beresies and errors "

The most important "addition," since the year of Christ 600, is that which affirms, that Christ descended into hell. This has been proved not only to have been an invention after the Apostles' time, but even after the time of Eusebius. Bisho: Pearson says 13 that the descent into hell was not in the ancient creeds or rules of faith. "It is not to be found in the rules of faith delivered by Irenœus, 14 by Origen, 12 or by Tertulian 16' It is not expressed in those creeds

¹ Ambr. Opera, tom. iii. Serm. 33, p. 265.

2 King's Hist. Apost. Creed, 2vo. p. 26 3 Nat. Alex § I. vol. i. p. 499 &c. 4 Du Pin, Biblioth Eccles. vol. i. p. 25. &c. 5 Diatrib. de Symb. 6 Voss. Dissert. de tribus Symbolis. 7 Suicer. Thesaur. Eccles tom. ii Voce Sumbolon, p. 1066, &c. 3 Spanlem. Introd. ad Hist. Eccles. § ii c. 3. 9 Ernest. Tentzel. Exercit select. Exercit I 10 Saim. Basnage Exercit Hist Crit. ad Ann. XLIV. num. 17, 13. 11 Wake's Apost. Fathers. 8vo. p. 103. 12 Mr. Justice Bailey's Common Prayer, 1813, p. 9. 15 Pearson on the Creed, fol. 1676. p. 225. 44 Lib 1 c. 2. 15 Lib. de Princip. in. Procem. 16 Advers. Praxeam. c.-ii. Virgin. veland, c. 1,—De Præscript. advers. Hæres. c. 13.

THE APOSTLES' CREED.

which were made by the councils as larger explications of the Apostles' Greed; not in the Nicene. Constantinopolitan; not in those of Ephesus, or Chalcedon; not in those confessions made at Sardica, Antioch, Selucia, Sarmium, &c. 16 is not mentioned in several confessions of faith delivered by particular persons; not in that of Eusebius Constiensis, presented to the council of Nice; I not in that of Marcellus, bishop of Ancyra, delivered to Pope Julius;2 not in that of Arius and Euzoius, presented to Constantine 3 not in that of Acacius, bishop of Cæsarea, delivered into the synod of Seleucia ;4 not in that of Eustathius, Theophilus, and Sylvanus, sent to Liberius :5 there is no mention of it in the creed of St. Basil S in the creed of Epipanius, 7 Gelasius, Damasus, Macarius, &c. It is not in the creed expounded by St. Cyril, though some have produced that creed to prove it. It is not in the creed expounded by St. Augustine :8 not in that other,9 attributed to St. Augustine in another place ; not in that expounded by Maximus Taurinensis; nor in that so often interpreted by Petrus Chrysologus; nor in that of the church of Antioch, delivered by Cassianus; 10 neither is it to be seen in the MS creeds set forth by the learned Archbishop of Armagh. It is affirmed by Ruffmus, that in his time it was peither in the Roman nor the Oriental Creeds. 11.

1 Theodoret. 1, 1. c. 2. 2 Epiphan. Hæres 72. 3 Socrat. l. 1. c. 19. 5 Ibid. I. 4. c. 12. 6 Tract. de Fide in Ascet. 7lu An Jbid. l. 2, c. 40. 9 De Symbolo ad Catechuchorat. c. 120. 8 De Fide et Symbolo. 10 De Incarnat, lib. 6, 11 Exposit. in Symbol. Apost. § 20. menos.

Copied from Mr. Justice Bailey's Edition of the book of Common Prayer. " Before the year 600, it was no more than this."-MR. JUSTICE BAILEY, p. 9. n.

1 I BELIEVE in God the Father Almighty;

2 And in Jesus Christ his only begotten son, our Lord; only son, our Lord;

3 Who was born of the Holy Ghost and Virgin Mary, the Holy Ghost, born of the

4 And was crucified under Pontius Pilate, and was buried; Pilate, was crucified, dead, and -

5 And the third day rose again from the dead,

6 Ascended into heaven, sitteth on the right hand of the gain from the dead : Father;

As it stood An. Dom. 600 .- As it now stands in the book of Common Prayer of the United Church of England and Ireland as by law established.

> 1 I BELIEVE in God the Father Almighty, maker of heaven and earth:

2 And in Jesus Christ his

3 Who was conceived by Virgin Mary,

4 Suffered under Pontius buried;

5 He descended into hell;

6 The third day he rose a

K

PAUL TO THE LAODICEANS.

- 7 Whence he shall come to ! judge the quick and dead;
 - 8 And in the holy Ghost;
 - 9 The Holy Church;
 - 10 The remission of sins;
- 11 And the resurrection of the flesh, Amen.

- 7 He ascended into heaven, and sitteth on the right hand of God the Father Almighty;
- 8 From thence he shall come to judge the quick and the dead.
- 9 ¶ I believe in the Holy Ghost;
- 10 The holy Catholic Church; the communion of saints ;
- 11 The forgiveness of sins;
- 12 The resurrection of the body; and the life everlasting,

The EPISTLE of PAUL the APOSTLE to the LAODI-CEANS.

[This Epistle has been highly exteemed by several learned men of the church of Rome, and others. The Quakers have printed a translation, and plead for it, as the reader may see, by copasiting Poole's Annotations on Col. iv. 16. Sixtus Senensis mentions two MSS., the one in the Sorbonne Library at Paris, which is a very ancient copy, and the other in the Library of Joannes a Viridario, at Padua, which he transcribed and published; and which is the authority for the following translation. There is a very old translation of this Epistle in the British Museum, among the Harleian MSS. Cod. 1212.]

1 He salutes the brethren; 3 ue and persevere in good moved by vain speaking. 6 ment,

Rejoices in his bonds, 10 4 Let not the vain speeches the fear of the Lord.

by Jesus Christ, to the breth-preached. ren which are at Laodicea.

peace from God the Father, to a perfect knowledge of the and our Lord Jesus Christ.

prayer of mine, that ye contin- which accompany salvation.

exhorts them to persevere works, looking for that which . in good works, 4 and not be is promised in the day of judg-

and desires them to live in of any tromble you, who pervert the truth, that they may AUL an Apostle, not of draw you aside from the truth men, neither by man, but of the Gospel which I have

5 And now may God grant, 2 Grace be to you, and that my converts may attain truth of the Gospel, be benefi-3 I thank Christ in every cent, and doing good works

PAUL AND SENECA.

I suffer in Christ, are manifest, beloved, rejoice in the Lord in which I rejoice and am Jesus Christ, and avoid all glad.

7 For I know that this shall turn to my salvation for made known to God, and be ever, which shall be through steady in the doctrine of Christ. your prayer, and the supply of the Holy Spirit.

joy.

us his mercy, that ye may think on these things, and have the same love, and be peace shall be with you.

like-minded.

10 Wherefore, my beloved, you. as ye have heard of the coming of the Lord, so think and act Jesus Christ be with your spirin fear, and it shall be to you it. Amen. life eternal;

12 And do all things with- to be read among you. out sin.

6 And now my bonds, which | 13 And what is best. my filthy lucre.

14 Let all vour requests be

15 And whatsoever things are sound, and true, and of 8 Whether I live or die; good report, and chaste, and (for) to me to live shalf be a just, and lovely, these things life to Christ, to die will be do.

16 Those things which ye 9 And our Lord will grant have heard, and received,

17 All the saints salute

18 The grace of our Lord

19 Cause this Epistle to be 11 For it is God, who work- read to the Colossians, and the Epistle of the Colossians

The EPISTLE of PAUL the APOSTLE to SENECA, with SENECA'S to PAUL.

[Several very learned writers have entertained a favourable opinion of these Epistles. They are undoubtedly of high antiquity. Salmeron cites them to prove that Seneca was one of Cæsar's household, referred to by Paul, Philip iv. 22 as saluting the brethren at Philippi. In Jerome's enumeration of illustrious men, he places Seneca, on account of these Epistles, amongst the ecclesiastical and holy writers of the Christian church. Sixtus Senensis has published them in his Bibliotheque, p. 89, 90; and it is from thence that the present translation is made. Baronius, Bellarmine, Dr. Cave, Spanheim, and others, contend that they are not genuine.]

CHAP. I. Greeting.

that conversation, which pass-Annæus Seneca to Paul ed yesterday between me and my Lucilius, concerning hy-SUPPOSE, Paul, that you pocrisy and other subjects 4 have been informed of for there were some of your disciples in company with us; by whom, at what seasons, and

ed into the Sallustian gardens, thing which I send. through which they were also passing, and would have gone would not charge me with neganother way, by our persua- ligence, if I wait for a proper sion they joined company with person. 115.

conversation:

4 We were much delighted with your book of many Epistles, which you have wrote to teemed a censor, a philosopher, some cities and chief towns of provinces, and contain wonconduct:

5 Such sentiments, as I suppose you were not the author of, but only the instrument of conveying, though sometimes ANNEUS SENECA to PAUL both the author and the instru-

ment.

6 For such is the sublimity of those doctrines, and their into their proper parts. grandeur, that I suppose the uge of a man is scarce sufficient to be instructed and perfected in the knowledge of them. I wish your welfare, they are read; my brother. Farewell. CHAP. II.

PAUL to SENECA Greeting. RECEIVED your letter Yesterday with pleasure; to which I could immediately have wrote an answer, had the your opinion of it, before I

whom I intended to have sent

₹o you:

2 For you know when, and est Paul.

2 For when we were retir- to whom I must deliver every

3 I desire therefore von

4 I reckon myself very han-3 I desire you to believe, py in having the judgment of that we much wish for your so. valuable a person, that you are delighted with my Epistles:

5 For you would not be esor be the tutor of so great a prince, and a master of every derful instructions for moral thing, if you were not sincere. I wish you a lasting prosperf-

CHAP. III.

Greeting.

HAVE completed some volumes, and divided them

2 I am determined to read them to Cæsar, and if any favourable opportunity happens. you also shall be present, when

3 But if that cannot be, I will appoint and give you notice of a day, when we will together read over the performance.

4 I had determined, if I could with safety, first to have young man been at home, published it to Cæsar, that you might be convinced of my affection to you. Farewell, dear-

PAUL AND SENECA.

CHAP. IV.

Paul to Seneca Greeting. ent with me; nor indeed do I quarrelling. think any other, than that you are always with us.

begin to come, we shall pres- if so be they are, who are caently see each other. I wish pable of seeing and acknowlyou all prosperity.

CHAP. V.

Annæus Seneca to Paul Greeting.

TE are very much concerned at your too long absence from us.

3 If you fear the anger of Cæsar, because you have a-lin them by you delivered those bandoned your former religion, sentiments which are very lofand made proselytes also of ty, sublime, deserving of all others, you plead, that your acting thus invention. proceeded not from inconstancy, but judgment. Farewell that when you are writing CHAP. VI.

PAUL to SENECA LUCIEIUS Greeting.

ONCERNING those things, about which ye wrote to me, it is not proper ther, that I may not at once for me to mention any thing in writing with pen and ink : the one of which leaves marks, and the other evidently declares things.

2 Especially since I know that there are near you, as well as me, those who will under-beginning of them read, he destand my meaning.

3 Deference is to be paid to all men, and so much the S often as I read your let- more, as they are the more ters, I imagine you pres-likely to take occasions of

4 And if we shew a submissive temper, we shall over 2 As soon therefore as you come effectually in all points.

ledging themselves to have been in the wrong. Farewell,

CHAP. VII.

ANNÆUS SENECA to PAUL Creeting.

PROFESS myself extremely pleased with the 2 What is it, or what affairs reading your letters to the Gaare they, which obstruct your latians, Corinthians, and people of Achaia.

> 2 For the Holy Ghost has have this to respect, and beyond your own

3 I could wish therefore, things so extraordinary, there might not be wanting an elegancy of speech agreeable to

their majesty.

4 And I must own, my brodishonestly conceal any thing from you, and be unfaithful to my own conscience, that the. emperor is extremely pleased with the sentiments of your Epistles:

5 For when he heard the

PAUL AND SENECA.

to find such notions in a per- master: son, who had not had a regular education.

the gods sometimes made use ing angry be of any service to of mean (innocent) persons to us: speak by, and gave him an instance of this in a mean countryman, named Vatienus, who, when he was in the country of act as a woman, she will be Reate, had two men appeared affronted. Farewell. to him, called Castor and Pollux, and received a revelation ANNEUS SENECA to PAUL from the gods. Farewell.

CHAP. VIII.

PAUL to SENECA Greeting. LTHOUGH I know the emperor is both an admirer and favourer of our (religion,) yet give me leave to advise you against your suffering any injury (by shewing fa- former manners and practices. your to us.)

2 I think indeed you ventured upon a very dangerous attempt, when you would de-|guments heretofore. olare (to the emperor) that which is so very contrary to his religion, and way of worship; seeing he is a worship-lacted, do you forgive. per of the heathen gods.

particularly had in view, when dearest Paul. you told him this; but I suppose you did it out of a tool great respect for me.

future you would not do so; fore yours, I do a thing both for you had need be careful, disagreeable to myself, Flest by shewing your affection contrary to our religion ;

clared, That he was surprised to me, you should offend your

5 His anger indeed will do us no harm, if he continue a 6 To which I replied, That heathen; nor will his not be-

> 6 And if the empress act worthy of her character, she will not be angry; but if she

CHAP, IX.

Greeting.

KNOW that my letter, wherein I acquainted you, that I had read to the emperor your Epistles, does not so much affect you as the nature of the things (contained in them.)

2 Which do so powerfully divert men's minds from their that I have always been surprised, and have been fully convinced of it by many ar-

3 Let us therefore begin afresh; and if any thing heretofore has been imprudently

4 I have sent you a book 3 I know not what you de copia verborum. Farewell,

CHAP. X.

PAUL to SENECA Greeting.

S often as I write to you, 4 But I desire that for the 1 and place my name beten declared, to become all Farewell, dearest Paul. Datthings to all men, and to have ed the xth of the calends of that regard to your quality, April, in the Consulship of which the Roman law has Aprianus and Capito. honored all senators with: namely, to put my name last in the (inscription of the) ANNEUS Epistle, that I may not at length with uneasiness and shame be obliged to do that which it was always my inclination to do. Farewell, most respected master. Dated the fifth of the calends of July, in you into sufferings? the fourth Consulship of Nero and Messala.

CHAP. XI.

SENECA to PAUL ANNEUS Greeting.

LL happiness to you, my dearest Paul.

2 If a person so great, and every way agreeable as you! are, become not only a common, but most intimate riend to me, how happy will be the case of Seneca!

3 You therefore, who are so eminent, and so far exalted above all, even the greatest, do not think yourself unfit to be first named in the inscription of an Epistle;

4 Lest I should suspect you intend not so much to try me, as to banter me; for you know yourself to be a Roman citizen.

which you are, and that you these dark things without dan-

2 For I ought, as I have of- are in the same that I am.

CHAP. XII.

SENECA to PAUL Greeting.

LL happiness to you, my 🔼 dearest Paul. Do you not suppose I am extremely concerned and grieved, that your innocence should bring

2 And that all the people should suppose you (Christians) so criminal, and imagine all the misfortunes that happen to the city, to be caused

by you? 3 But let us bear the charge with a patient temper, appealing (for our innocence) to the court (above,) which is the only one our hard fortune will allow us to address to, till at length our misfortunes shall end in unalterable happiness.

4 Former ages have produced (tyrants) Alexander the son of Philip, and Dionysius; ours also has produced Caius Cæsar; whose inclinations were their only laws.

5 As to the frequent burnings of the city of Rome, the cause is manifest; and if a person in my mean circum-5 And I could wish to be in stances might be allowed to that circumstance or station speak, and one might declare

PAUL AND SENECA.

ger, every one should see the! whole of the matter.

6 The Christians and Jews are indeed commonly punished for the crime of burning the the matters they treat of. city; but that impious miscreant, who delights in murders to regard me, namely, to have and butcheries, and disguises his villanies with lies, is appointed to, or reserved till, his proper time;

7 And as the life of every excellent person is now sacrificed instead of that one per-the nones of July, Leo and son (who is the author of the mischief,) so this one shall be sacrificed for many, and he shall be devoted to be burnt with fire instead of all.

squares (or islands) were burnt to few. down in six days: the seventh put an end to the burning. wish you all happiness.

9 Dated the fifth of the calends of April, in the consulship of Frigius and Bassus.

CHAP. XIII. SENECA to PAUL ty. ANNEUS

Greeting.

LL happiness to you, my dearest Paul.

2 You have wrote many volumes in an allegorical and mysterious style, and therefore such mighty matters and business being committed to you, require not to be set off with have in some measure arrived any rhetorical flourishes of speech, but only with some the emperor, his family, and to proper elegance.

3 I remember you often say, that many by affecting such a style do injury to their subjects, and lose the force of

4 But in this I desire you respect to true Latin, and to choose just words, that so you may the better manage the noble trust, which is reposed in you.

5 Farewell. Dated vth of Savinus consuls.

CHAP. XIV.

PAUL to SENECA Greeting. TOUR serious consideration is required with 8 One hundred and thirty-those discoveries, which the two houses, and four whole Divine Being has granted but

2 I am thereby assured that I sow the most strong seed in a fertile soil, not any thing material, which is subject to corruption, but the durable word of God, which shall increase and bring forth fruit to eterni-

3 That which by your wisdom you have attained to, shall abide without decay for ever.

4 Believe that you ought to avoid the superstitions of Jews and Gentiles.

5 The things - which you to prudently make known to faithful friends;

PAUL AND THECLA.

6 And though your senti-them become new men, aspirments will seem disagreeable, ing towards God. and not be comprehended by 7 Farewell, Seneca, who them, seeing most of them will art most dear to us. Dated on not regard your discourses, yet the calends of August, in the the Word of God once infused consulship of Leo and Saviinto them, will at length make nus.

The ACTS of PAUL and THECLA.

[Tertullian says that this piece was forged by a Presbyter of Asia, who being convicted, "confessed that he did it out of respect to Paul," and Pope Gelasius, in his Decree against Apocryphal books, inserted it among them.— Notwithstanding this, a large part of the History was credited and looked upon as genuine among the primitive Christians. Cyprian. Eusebius. Epiphanius, Austin, Gregory Naziauzen, Chrysostom, and Severus Sulpitius, who all lived within the fourth century, mention Thecla, or refer to her history. Basil of Seleucia wrote her acts, sufferings, and victories in verse; and Euagrius Scholasticus, an ecclesiastical historian, about 590, relates that "after the Emperor Zeno had abdicated his empire, and Basilik had taken possession of it, he had a vision of the holy and excellent martyr Thecla, who promiised him the restoration of his empire; for which, when it was brought about, he erected and dedicated a most noble and sumptuous temple to this famous martyr Thecle, at Selewie, a city of Isanrie, and bestowed upon it very noble endowments, which (says the author) are preserved even till this day." Hist. Eccl. lib. 3. cap. 8.—Cardinal Baronius. Locrinus, Archbishop Wake, and others; and also, the learned Grabe, who edited the Septuagini, and revived the Acts of Paul and Thecla; consider them as having been written in the Apostolic age; as containing nothing superstitious or disagreeing from the opinions and belief of these times; and, in short, as a genuine and authentic History. Again, it is said, that this is not the original book of the early Christians; but however that may be, it is published from the Greek MS. in the Bodleian Library at Oxford, which Dr. Mills copied and trausmitted to Dr. Grabe.]

The Martyrdom of the holy flight from Antioch, Demas and glorious first Martyr and Hermogenes became his and Apostle Thecla.

CHAP. I.

1 Demas and Hermogenes be- 2 But Paul looking only at 8 Invited by Demas and greatly. Hermogenes. 11 Preaches 3 Accordingly he endeav-

companions, who were then full of hypocrisy.

come Paul's companions. the goodness of God, did them 4 Paul visits Onesiphorus. no harm, but loved them

to the household of Onesi- oured to make agreeable to phorus. 12 His sermon. them, all the oracles and doc-Iconium, after his of the Gospel of God's well-

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beloved Son, instructing them | blessed God? Why didst thou in the knowledge of Christ, as not salute us?

it was revealed to bim.

ed Onesiphorus, hearing that you the fruits of righteousness; Paul was come to Iconium, nevertheless, if ye are of that went out speedily to meet him, sort, ye shall be welcome to together with his wife Lectra, my house also. and his sons Simmia and Zeno, to invite him to their house.

a description of Paul's person- family on that account; and age, they as yet not knowing they employed themselves in him in person, but only being prayer, breaking of bread, and

highway to Lystra, and stood and the resurrection, in the there waiting for him, compar-following manner: ing all who passed by, with that description which Titus heart; for they shall see God.

had given them.

coming (namely, Paul,) of a pure;) for they shall be the low stature, bald (or shaved) temples of God. on the head, crooked thighs, handsome legs, hollow-eyed; ate (or chaste;) for God will had a crooked nose; full of reveal himself to them. grace; for sometimes he appeared as a man, sometimes he abandon their secular enjoyhad the countenance of an an-ments; for they shall be ac-And Paul saw Onesi-cepted of God. phorus, and was glad.

Hail, thou servant of the bles- them not; for they shall be sed God. Paul replied, The made angels of God. grace of God be with thee and

thy family.

genes were moved with envy, and, under a shew of great re- keep their baptism pure; for ligion, Demas said, And are they shall find peace with the not we also servants of the Father, Son, and Holy Ghost.

10 Onesiphorus replied, Be-4 ¶ And a certain man nam- cause I have not perceived in

11 Then Paul went into the house of Onesiphorus, and 5 For Titus had given them there was great joy among the acquainted with his character. hearing Paul preach the word 6 They went in the king's of God concerning temperance

12 ¶ Blessed are the pure in

13 Blessed are they who 7 At length they saw a man keep their flesh undefiled (or

14 Blessed are the temper-

15 ¶ Blessed are they who

16 Blessed are they who 8 ¶ And Onesiphorus said : have wives, as though they had

17 Blessed are they who tremble at the word of God; 9 But Demas and Hermo-for they shall be comformed.

18 Blessed are they who

Thecla listens PAUL AND THECLA. to his discourse,

19 ¶ Blessed are they who man named Thamyris) sat at pursue the wisdom (or doc- a certain window in her house, trine) of Jesus Christ; for 2 From whence, by the adthey shall be called the sons of vantages of a window in the the Most High.

observe the instructions of Je- Paul's sermons concerning sus Christ; for they shall dwell God, concerning charity, con-

in eternal light.

21 Blessed are they, who concerning prayer; for the love of Christ abandon the glories of the world; for from the window, till with exthey shall judge angels, and be ceeding joy she was subdued to placed at the right hand of the doctrines of faith. Christ, and shall not suffer the

and souls of virgins; for they desired that she might be are acceptable to God, and thought worthy to appear in shall not lose the reward of his presence, and hear the their virginity; for the word word of Christ; for she had of their (heavenly) Father shall not yet seen Paul's person, but prove effectual to their salva-lonly heard his sermons, and tion in the day of his Son, and that alone. they shall enjoy rest forevermore.

CHAP. II.

in vain. Demas and Her- la? mogenes vilify Paul to Tha-

church which was in the house will not move from the winof Onesiphorus, a certain vir- dow, not so much as to eat or gin named Thecla (whose drink, but is so intent in hear-

house where Paul was, she 20 Blessed are they who both night and day heard cerning faith in Christ, and

3 Nor would she depart

4 At length, when she saw bitterness of the last judgment. many women and virgins go-22 ¶ Blessed are the bodies ing in to Paul, she earnestly

5 ¶ But when she would not be prevailed upon to depart from the window, her 1 Thecla listens anxiously to mother sent to Thamyris, who Paul's preaching. 5 Tha-came with the greatest pleasmyris, her admirer, con- ure, as hoping now to marry certs with Theoclia her her. Accordingly he said to mother to dissuade her, 12 Theoclia, Where is my Thec-

6 Theoclia replied, Thamyris, I have something very * THILE Paulwas preach- strange to tell you; for Thecing this sermon in the la, for the space of three days, mother's name was Theoclia, ng the artful and delusive dis-and who was betrothed to a ourses of a certain foreigner, that I perfectly admire, Tha-1 myris, that a young woman of ingly; Thamyris, that he had her known modesty, will suf-lost his spouse; Theoclia, that fer herself to be so prevailed she had lost her daughter;upon.

7 For that man has disturbed the whole city of Iconium, and even your Thecla, among All the women and young men flock to him to receive his doctrine; who, besides all the rest, tells them, that there is but one God, who of them; for she still regardalone is to be worshipped, and ed the discourses of Paul. that we ought to live in chastity.

8 ¶ Notwithstanding this, my daughter Thecla, like a spi- Paul, and came out from him; der's web fastened to the win- and he saw two men engaged dow, is captivated by the dis- in a very warm dispute, and courses of Paul, and attends said to them; upon them with prodigious eagerness, and vast delight; and have you here? and who is thus, by attending on what he that man within, belonging to says, the young woman is se- you, who deludes the minds of Now then do you go, and speak to her, for she is be- gins, persuading them, that trothed to you.

9 Accordingly went, and having saluted her, melancholy posture? What this city. strange impressions are made ris, and blush.

11 Then they wept exceedand the maids, that they had lost their mistress; and their was an universal mourning in the family.

12 But all these things made no impression upon Thecla, so as to incline her so much as to turn to them, and take notice

13 Then Thamyris forth into the street, to observe who they were that went in to

14 ¶ Sirs, what business men, both young men and virthey ought not to marry, but Thamyris continue as they are?

15 I promise to give you a and taking care not to surprise considerable sum, if ye will her, he said, Thecla, my give me a just account of him: spouse, why sittest thou in this for I am the chief person of

16 Demas and Hermogenes upon thee? Turn to Thamy- replied, We cannot so exactly tell who he is; but this we 10 Her mother also spake know, that he deprives young to her after the same manner, men of ther (intended) wives. and said, Child, why dost thou and virgins of their (intended) sit so melancholy, and, like one husbands, by teaching, There astonished, makest no reply? can be no future resurrection;

unless ve continue in chastity, and do not defile your flesh.

CHAP. III.

1 They betray Paul. 7 Thumyris arrests him with officers.

THEN said Thamyris, Come along with me to my house, and refresh your-So they went to a very splendid entertainment, where there was wine in abundance, and very rich provis-

2 They were brought to a table richly spread, and made with staves, and said to Paul: to drink plentifully by Thamyris, on account of the love he had for Thecla, and his desire to marry her.

3 Then Thamyris said, I desire ye would inform me what the doctrines of this Paul are, that I may understand them; for I am under no small concern about Thecla, seeing she so delights in that stranger's discourses, that I am in danger of losing my intended wife.

mogenes answered both together, and said, Let him be brought before the governor Castellius, as one who endeavours to persuade the people into the new religion of the Christians, and he, according judgment-seat, spake with a to the order of Cæsar, will put loud voice in the following him to death, by which means manner. you will obtain your wife a

5 While we at the same time will teach her, that the resurrection which he speaks of, is already come, and consists in our having children; and that we then arose again, when we came to the knowledge of God.

6 Thamyris having this account from them, was filled

with hot resentment:

7 And rising early in the morning, he went to the house of Onesiphorus, attended by the magistrates, the jailor, and a great multitude of people

8 Thou hast perverted the city of Iconium, and, among the rest, Thecla, who is betrothed to me, so that now she will not marry me. Thou shalt therefore go with us to the governor Castellius.

9.And all the multitude cried out, Away with this impostor (magician,) for he has perverted the minds of our wives, and all the people hearken to him.

CHAP. IV.

4 ¶ Then Demas and Her- 1 Paul accused before the governor by Thamyris. 5 Defends himself. 9 Is committed to prison, 10 and visited by Thecla.

MIEN Thamyris standing before the governor's

2 O governor, I knew net

he is one who teaches that mat-the love of truth. Comrimony is unlawful. publishes such doctrines.

3 While he was saying thus he will presently be put to leisure to hear him more fully.

death,

more deliberate, and calling to gave them to the turnkey of Paul, he said, Who art thou? the prison, who then opened What dost thou teach? They the doors to her, and let her seem to lay gross crimes to thy in; charge.

loud voice, saying, As I am glass to the jailor, was allownow called to give an account, ed to go into the room where O governor, of my doctrines, Paul was; then she sat down

I desire your audience.

of vengeance, and who stands ures; and from death; and to chains. persuade them to sin more.

7 On this account, God sent 1 his Son Jesus Christ, whom I preach, and in whom I instruct men to place their hopes, as that person who only had such compassion on the deluded world, that it might not, O governor, be condemned,

whence this man cometh; but the knowledge of religion, and

8 So that if I only teach mand him therefore to declare those things which I have rebefore you for what reasons he ceived by revelation from God.

where is my crime?

9 When the governor heard Demas and Hermogenes (whis- this, he ordered Paul to be pered to Thamyris, and) said; bound, and to be put in pris-Say that he is a Christian, and on, till he should be more at

10 But, in the night, Thec-4 But the governor was la taking off her ear-rings,

11 And when she made a 5 Paul then spake with a present of a silver lookingat his feet, and heard from 6 That God, who is a God him the great things of God.

12 And as she perceived in need of nothing but the sal- Paul not to be afraid of suffervation of his creatures, has ing, but that by divine assistsent me to reclaim them from ance he behaved himself with their wickedness and corrup-courage, her faith so far infrom all (sinful) pleas-creased, that she kissed his

CHAP. V.

Thecla sought and found by her relations. 4 Brought with Paul before the governor. 9 Ordered to be burnt, and Paul to be whipt. Thecla miraculously saved. T length Thecla was mis-

sed, and sought for by but have faith, the fear of God, the family and by Thamyris in every street, as though she eyes fixed upon Paul: and had been lost; till one of the finding she made no reply, porter's fellow-servants told Theoclia her mother, cried out, them, that she had gone out in saying, let the unjust creature the night-time.

porter, and he told them, that fusing Thamyris, that all woshe was gone to the prison to men may learn from her to a-

the strange man.

3 They went therefore acthey came out, they got a mob city, and Thecla to be burnt. together, and went and told the governor all that had hap- and went immediately into the pened.

Paul to be brought before his sight.

iudgment-seat.

lay wallowing on the ground every way to see his shepherd, in the prison, in that same looked around for Paul; place where Paul had sat to teach her; upon which the upon the multitude, she saw governor also ordered her to the Lord Jesus in the likeness be brought before his judg- of Paul, and said to herself. ment-seat : she received with joy, and went. distressed circumstances. And

thither, the mob with more ve- but he instantly ascended up hemence cried out, He is a ma- to heaven, while she looked

gician, let him die.

law of the Iconians, marry of her beauty. Thamyris?

be burnt; let her be burnt in 2 Then they examined the the midst of the theatre, for revoid such practices.

9 Then the governo rwas excording to his direction, and ceedingly concerned, and ordthere found her; and when ered Paul to be whipt out of the

10 So the governor arose, theatre; and all the people 4 Upon which he ordered went forth to see the dismal

11 But Thecla, just as a 5 Thecla in the mean time lamb in the wilderness looks

12 And as she was looking which summons Paul has come to see me in my 6 When Paul was brought she fixed her eyes upon him;

on him. 7 Nevertheless, the gover- 1 13 Then the young men nor attended with pleasure up- and women brought wood and on Paul's discourses of the ho-straw for the burning of Thecly works of Christ; and, after la; who, being brought naked a council called, he summoned to the stake, extorted tears Thecla, and said to her, Why from the governor, with surdo you not, according to the prise beholding the greatness

14 And when they had pla-8 She stood still, with her ced the wood in order, the people commanded her to go making the sign of the cross.

was exceeding large, it did not touch her; for God took com- suit of Paul, having been depassion on her, and caused a livered from the flames. great eruption from the earth beneath, and a cloud from atities of rain and hail,

16 Insomuch that by the and fasting these six days. rupture of the earth, very many were in great danger, and the cave, she found Paul upon some were killed, the fire was his knees praying and saying, extinguished, and Thecla pre- O holy Father, O Lord Jesus

served.

CHAP. VI.

1 Paul with Onesiphorus in a helper, for she is thy servant. cave. 7 Thecla discovers

his wife and children, was that thou hast preserved me keeping a fast in a certain cave, from the fire, to see Paul again. which was in the road from I-

confum to Daphne.

2 And when they had fasted for several days, the chilare hungry, and have not wherewithal to buy bread; for Onesiphorus had left all his among them in the cave an ensubstance, to follow Paul with tire affection to each other; his family.

coat, said to the boy, Go, child, led with joy. and buy bread, and bring it

bither.

4 But while the boy was upon it; which she did, first buying the bread, he saw his neighbour Thecla, and was 15 Then the people set fire surprised, and said to to the pile; though the flame Thecla, where are you going?

5 She replied, I am in pur-

6 The boy then said, I will bring you to him, for he is unbove to pour down great quan- der great concern on your account, and has been in prayer

> 7 ¶ When Thecla came to Christ, grant that the fire may not touch Thecla; but be her

8 Thecla then standing be-Paul; 12 proffers to fol- hind him, cried out in the follow him: 13 he exhorts her lowing words: O sovereign not for fear of fornication. Lord, creator of heaven and N the mean time Paul, to- earth, the Father of thy belovgether with Onesiphorus, ed and holy Son, I praise thee

9 Paul then arose, and when he saw her, said, O God, who searchest the heart, Father of my Lord Jesus Christ, I dren said to Paul, Father, we praise thee that thou hast an-

swered my prayer.

10 ¶ And there prevailed Paul, Onesiphorus, and all 3 Then Paul, taking off his that were with them being fil-

11 They had five loaves, some herbs, and water, and they solaced each other in re- with her, and endeavoured by flections upon the holy works many rich presents to engage of Christ.

12 Then said Thecla to I will follow you whithersoev-

er you go. ..

13 He replied to her, Persons are now much given to great power in Antioch, seizand you being fornication, handsome, I am afraid lest you should meet with greater temptation than the former, and should not withstand, but be loud tone, Force me not, who overcome by it.

14 Thecla replied, Grant me only the seal of Christ, and no temptation shall affect me.

15 Paul answered, Thecla, Wait with patience, and you shall receive the gift of Christ.

CHAP. VII. I Paul and Thecla go to An-2 Alexander a magistrate, falls in love with Thecla, 4 kisses her by force: 5 she resists him: 6 is carried before the governor, and condemned to be thrown to wild beasts.

PHEN Paul sent back Onesiphorus and his family to their own home, and taking Thecla along with him,

went for Antioch;

2 And as soon as they came 2 into the city, a certain Syrian, named Alexander, a magistrate in the city, who had done ma- here in the old Greek MS. it is supplihy considerable services for ed out of the old Latin version, which is in the Bodleian Library Cod. Digb. the city during his magistracy, 39. rather than out of Simeon Meia-

Paul in his interest.

3 But Paul told him, I know Paul, If you be pleased with it, not the woman of whom you speak, nor does she belong to

me.

4 But he being a person of ed her in the street and kissed her; which Thecla would not bear, but looking about for Paul, cried out in a distressed am a stranger; force me not. who am a servant of God; I am one of the principal persons of Iconium, and was obliged to leave that city, because I would not be married to Thamyris.

5 Then she laid hold on Alexander, tore his coat, and took his crown off his head. and made him appear ridiculous before all the people.

6 But Alexander, partly as he loved her, and partly being ashamed of what had been done, led her to the governor, and upon her confession of what she had done* he condemned her to be thrown among the beasts.

CHAP. VIII.

Thecla entertained by Trifina; 3 brought out to the

There being somewhat wenting saw Thecla, and fell in love phrastes, a writer of the eleventh aco-

PAUL AND THECLA. and is thrown to wild beasts.

amphitheatre again.

The judgments passed in this stead; and desire her that she city are unjust. But Thecla would pray for me, that I may desired the favour of the gov- be translated to a state of hapernor, that her chastity might piness. not be attacked, but preserved! till she should be cast to the a mournful air, said, My beasts.

xed, Who would entertain her; to receive you in her room; upon which a certain very wherefore I desire, Thecla, wich widow named Trifina, that you would pray for my whose daughter was lately daughter, that she may be dead, desired that she might translated into a state of haphave the keeping of her; and piness, and to life eternal. she began to treat her in her house as her own daughter.

when the beasts were to be of heaven and earth, Jesus brought forth to be seen; and Thecla was brought to the am- High, grant that her daughter phitheatre, and put into a den. In which was an exceeding Herce she-lion, in the presence again, and said: O unrightof a multitude of spectators.

4 Trifina, without any surprise, accompanied Thecla, and creature should (again) be cast the she-lion licked the feet of to the beasts! Thecla. The title which denotes her crime, was, Sacrilege. cried out, O God, the judgments of this city are unright-

5 After the beasts had been

wild beasts: 4 a she-lion shewn, Trifing took Thecla licks her feet. 5 Trifina home with her, and they went upon a vision of her decea- to bed; and behold, the daughsed daughter, adopts Thec- ter of Trifina, who was dead, la, 11 who is taken to the appeared to her mother, and said; Mother, let the young 7 HICH when the peo- woman, Thecla, be reputed by ple saw, they said: you as your daughter in my

6 Upon which Trifina, with daughter Falconilla has an-2 The governor then inqui- peared to me, and ordered me

7 When Thecla heard this. she immediately prayed to the 3 At length a day came, Lord, and said: O Lord God Christ, thou Son of the Most Falconilla may live for ever. Trifina hearing this, groaned eous judgments! O unreasonable wickedness! that such a

8 ¶ On the morrow break of day, Alexander came Then the women to Trifina's house, and said : The governor and the people are waiting; bring the criminal forth.

9 But Trifina ran in so vice

The beasts refuse PAUL AND THECLA. to destroy her.

lently upon him, that he was this vile action. Kill us all, affrighted, and ran away. Tri- O governor. O cruel sight! fina was one of the royal fam- O unrighteous judgment! ily; and she thus expressed her sorrow, and said: Alas! 1 Thecla thrown naked to the I have trouble in my house on two accounts, and there is no one who will relieve me, either under the loss of my daughter, or my being unable to save Thecla. But now, O Lord God, be thou the helper of Thecla thy servant.

gaged, the governor sent one of his own officers to bring fina, stripped naked, had a Thecla. Trifina took her by girdle put on, and thrown into the hard, and, going with her, the place appointed for fightsaid: I went with Falconilla ing with the beasts: and the to her grave, and now must go lions and the bears were let with Thecla to the beasts.

11 When Thecla heard this, she weeping prayed, and of all the most fierce, ran to said: O Lord God, whom I Thecla, and fell down at her have made my confidence and feet. Upon which the multirefuge, reward Trifina for her tude of women shouted aloud. compassion to me, and preserving my chastity.

great noise in the amphithea-it in pieces.

criminal.

13 But the women cried out, and said: Let the whole city suffer for such crimes; and order all of us, O governor, to the same punishment. O unjust judgment! O cruel sight!

CHAP. IX.

wild beasts; 2 they all refuse to attack her; throws herself into a pit of water. 10 Other wild beasts refuse her. 11 Tied to wild bulls: 13 Miraculously saved. 21 Released. 24 : Entertained by Trifina.

10 While she was thus en- HEN Thecla was taken out of the hand of Tri-

loose upon her.

2 But a she-lion, which was

3 Then a she-bear fiercely towards her; but the 12 Upon this there was a she-lion met the bear, and tore

tre; the beasts roared, and the . 4 Again, a he-lion, who had people cried out, Bring in the been wont to devour men, and which belonged to Alexander. ran towards her; but the shelion encountered the he-lion. and they killed each other.

> 5 Then the women were under a greater concern, because the she-lion, which had helped Thecla, was dead.

14 Others said, Let the 6 Afterwards they brought whole city be destroyed for out many other wild beasts ; hands stretched towards heav-proportion to the number of en, and prayed; and when people; and upon this all the she had done praying, she beasts lay as though they had turned about, and saw a pit of been fast asleep, and did not water, and said, Now it is a touch Thecla. proper time for me to be baptized.

7 Accordingly she threw herself into the water, and said, In thy name, O my Lord which the governor, with con-Jesus Christ, I am this last day baptized. The women and the people seeing this, cried out, and said. Do not throw yourself into the water. And the governor himself cried out, to think that the fish (sea-calves) were like to devour so much beauty.

8 ¶ Notwithstanding all this. Thecla threw herself into the water in the name of our killed her. Lord Jesus Christ.

9 But the fish (sea-calves,) when they saw the lightning hideous noise; but the flame and fire, were killed, and swam which was about dead upon the surface of the burnt off the cords which were water, and a cloud of fire surrounded Thecla; so that as bulls, and she stood in the the beasts could not come near middle of the stage, as unconher, so the people could not cerned as if she had not been sec her nakedness.

10 Yet they turned other cassia, others amonus (a sort concern. of spikenard, or the herb Jerointment; so that the quanti- governor, saying: I intreat

but Thecla stood with her ty of ointment was large, in

11 Whereupon Alexander said to the governor, I have some very terrible bulls: let us bind her to them. cern, replied, You may do what you think fit.

12 Then they put a cord round Thecla's waist, which bound also her feet, and with it tied her to the bulls, to whose privy-parts they applied red-hot irons, that so they being the more tormented, might more violently drag Thecla about, till they had

13 The bulls accordingly tore about, making a most. fastened to the members of the bound.

14 But in the mean time wild beasts upon her; upon Trifina, who sat upon one of which they made a very mourn- the benches fainted away and ful outcry; and some of them died; upon which the whole scattered spikenard, others city was under a very great

15 And Alexander himself usalem, or ladies-rose) others was afraid, and desired the you, take compassion on me that God who clothed me and the city, and release this when I was naked among the woman, who has fought with beasts, in the day of judgment the beasts; lest both you and clothe your soul with the robe I, and the whole city, be of salvation. Then she took destroyed:

immediately destroy the city, the servant of God. because Trifina, a person of 22 Upon which the women royal extract, and a relation of all cried out together with a his, is dead upon her seat.

beasts to him, and said to her, God, who is the God of Thec-Who art thou? and what are la; the one God, who hath dethy circumstances, that not one livered Thecla.

I am a servant of the living to be shaken; and Trifina her-God; and as to my state, I self heard the glad tidings, and am a believer on Jesus Christ arose again, and ran with the his Son, in whom God is well multitude to meet Thecla; and pleased; and for that reason embracing her, said: Now I none of the beasts could touch believe there shall be a resurme.

foundation of eternal life. He with me, my daughter Thecla, is a refuge to those who are in and I will make over all that distress; a support to the af- I have to you. flicted, hope and defence to 24 So Thecla went with those who are hopeless; and Trifina, and was entertained in a word, all those who do there a few days, teaching her not believe on him, shall not the word of the Lord, whereby live, but suffer eternal death. many young women were con-

heard these things, he ordered joy in the family of Trifina. her clothes to be brought, and 25 But Thecla longed to said to her, Put on your clothes. see Paul, and inquired and

her clothes, and put them on; 16 For if Cæsar should and the governor immediately have any account of what has published an order in these passed now, he will certainly words: I release to you Thecla

loud voice, and with one ac-17 Upon this the governor cord gave praise unto God, called Thecla from among the and said: There is but one

of the beasts will touch thee? | 23 So loud were their voic-18 Thecla replied to him : les, that the whole city seemed rection of the dead; now I am 19 He alone is the way to persuaded that my daughter is salvation, and the alive. Come therefore home

20 ¶ When the governor verted; and there was great

21 Thecla replied: May sent every where to find him ;

and when at length she was informed that he was at Myra sums of money to Paul, and in Lycia, she took with her many young men and women; Thecla, for the relief of the and putting on a girdle, and poor. dressing herself in the habit of a man, she went to him to nium. Myra in Lycia, and there found Paul preaching the word of God; and she stood by him among the throng.

CHAP. X.

1 Thecla visits Paul, 6 visits Onesiphorus, 8 visits her mother, 9 who repulses her, 12 Is tempted by the devil,

16 works miracles.

DUT it was no small surprise to Paul, when he saw her and the people with her; for he imagined some fresh trial was coming upon them:

2 Which when Thecla perceived, she said to him: I have been baptized, O Paul; for he who assists you in preaching, has assisted me to

baptize.

3 Then Paul took her, and led her to the house of Hermes: and Thecla related to Paul all that had befallen her in Antioch, insomuch that Paul exceedingly wondered; and all who heard were confirmed in the faith, and prayed for Trifina's happiness.

4 Thecla arose, and said to Paul, I am going to Iconium. Paul replied to her: Go, and teach the word of the Lord.

5 But Trifina had sent large also clothing by the hands of

6 ¶ So Thecla went to Ico-And when she came to the house of Onesiphorus. she fell down on the floor where Paul had sat and preached, and, mixing tears with her prayers, she praised and glorified God in the following words:

7 Oh Lord, the God of this house, in which I was first enlightened by thee; O Jesus, son of the living God, who wast my helper before the governor, my belper in the fire, and my helper among the beasts; thou alone art God forever and ever, Amen.

8 ¶ Thecla now (on her return) found Thamyris dead, but her mother living. So calling her mother, she said to ber: Theoclia, my mother, is it possible for you to be brought to a belief, that there is but one Lord God, who dwells in the heavens? If you desire great riches, God will give them to von by me; if you want your daughter again, here I am.

9 These and many other things she represented to her mother, (endeavouring) to persuade her (to her own opinion.) But her mother Theoclia gave no credit to the things which by the were said Thecla.

ing she discoursed to no pur- eral (miraculous) cures, so that pose, signing her whole body all the city and adjacent coun-with the sign (of the cross,) tries brought their sick to that left the house and went to mountain, and before they Daphne; and when she came came as far as the door of the there, she went to the cave, cave, they were instantly curwhere she had found Paul ed of whatsoever distemper with Onesiphorus, and fell they had. down upon the ground and wept before God.

11 When she departed received and enlightened many in the had bestowed such power on

knowledge of Christ.

12 ¶ And a bright cloud

- ved at Seleucia, she went to a all the profit of their trade, beplace out of the city, about the cause no one regarded them; distance of a furlong, being a-upon which they were filled fraid of the inhabitants, be- with envy, and began to concause they were worshippers trive what methods to take of idols.
- 14 And she was led (by the cloud) into a mountain called Calamon, or Rodeon. There 1 Is attempted to be ravished, she abode many years, and underwent a great many grievous temptations of the devil, which she bore in a becoming man- HE devil then suggested ner, by the assistance which she had from Christ.
- tlewomen hearing of the virgin mong each other thus: The Thecla, went to her, and were virgin is a priestess of the instructed by her in the ora- great goddess Diana, cles of God, and many of them whatsoever she requests of her. abandoned this world, and led is granted, because she is a a monastic life with her.

16 Hereby a good report all the gods: was spread every where of

10 So that Thecla perceiv-| Thecla, and she wrought sev-

17 The unclean spirits were cast out, making a noise; all their sick thence, she went to Seleucia, whole, and glorified God, who

the virgin Thecla;

18 Insomuch that the phyconducted her in the journey. sicians of Seleucia were now 13 And after she had arri-lof no more account, and lost with this servant of Christ.

CHAP. XI.

12 escapes by a rock opening, 17 and closing miraculously.

bad advice to their minds; and being on a certain day met 15 At length certain gen- to consult, they reasoned avirgin, and so is beloved by

2 Now then let us procure

some rakish fellows, and afterling this, they laid hold on her we have made them sufficient- by main force, and would have ly drunk, and given them a ravished her. Then she with good sum of money, let us or- the (greatest) mildness said to der them to go and debauch them: Young men have pathis virgin, promising them, if tience, and see the glory of the they do it, a larger reward.

3 (For they thus concluded) among themselves, that if they she looked up to heaven, and be able to debauch her, the said: O God most reverend, gods will no more regard her, to whom none can be likened; nor Diana cure the sick for who makest thyself glorious o-

her.)

cave, knocking at the door.

although she was before ap-rified thy name in me; prised of their design, and said to them, Young men, what is from the hands of these wicked your business?

ta lie with her.

7 The blessed Thecla ans-ermore. wered: Though I am a mean! we must be able to do with receive the (beatific) vision. you what we have a mind.

8 And while they were say-serving, saw the rock opened.

Lord.

9 And while they held her. ver thine enemies; who didst 4 They proceeded accord-deliver me from the fire, and ing to this resolution, and the didst not give me up to Thafellows went to the mountain, myris, didst not give me up to and as fierce as lions to the Alexander; who deliveredst me from the wild beasts; who 5 The holy martyr Thecla, didst preserve me in the deep relying upon the God in whom waters; who hast every where she believed, opened the door, been my helper, and hast glo-

10 Now also deliver me and unreasonable men. nor 6 They replied, is there any suffer them to debauch my one within, whose name is chastity, which I have hitherto Thecla? She answered, What preserved for thy honour; for would you have with her? I love thee, and long for thee They said, We have a mind and worship thee, O Father-Son, and Holy Ghost, for ev-

Amen.

11 Then came a voice from old woman, I am the servant heaven, saying, Fear not, of my Lord Jesus Christ; and Thecla, my faithful servant, though you have a vile design for I am with thee. Look and against me, ye shall not be a see the place which is opened ble to accomplish it. They for thee: there thy eternal areplied: It is impossible but bode shall be; there thou shalt

12 The blessed Thecla ob-

I. CLEMENT.

to as large a degree as that a ges, who should believe on our man might enter in; she did Lord Jesus Christ from a pure as she was commanded, brave- heart. ly fled from the vile crew, and 15 Thus suffered the first went into the rock, which in-martyr and apostle of God, was not any crack visible from Iconium where it had opened.

but only, catching hold of her years old when the Lord trans-veil, (or hood) they tore off a lated her.

piece of it;

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14 And even that was by the permission of God, for the sacred to her memory, is the confirmation of their faith, who twenty-fourth of September, to should come to see this vener-the glory of the Father, and able place, and to convey bles- the Son, and the Holy Ghost, sings to those in succeeding a- now and for evermore. Amen.

stantly so closed, that there and virgin Thecla; who came at eighteen years of age; afterwards, part-13 The men stood perfect- ly in journeys and travels, and ly astonished at so prodigious partly in a monastic life in the a miracle, and had no power cave, she lived seventy-two to detain the servant of God; years; so that she was ninety

16 Thus ends her life.

17 · The day which is kept

The FIRST EPISTLE of CLEMENT to the CORIN-THIANS.

[Clement was a disciple of Peter, and afterwards Bishop of Rome. Clemens Alexandrinus calls him an apostle, Jerome says be was an apostolical man, and Rufinus, that he was almost an apostle. Eusebius calls this the wonderful Epistle of St. Clement, and says that it was publicly read in the assemblies of the primitive church. It is included in one of the ancient collections of the Canon of Scripture. Its genuineness has been much questioned, particularly by Photius, patriarch of Constantinople in the sinth century, who objects, that Clement speaks of worlds beyond the ocean; that he has not written worthily of the divinity of Christ; and that, to prove the possibility of a future resurrection, he introduces the fabulous story of the phoe-nix's revival from its own ashes. To the latter objection, Archbishop Wake replies, that the generality of the ancient Fathers have made use of the same instance in proof of the same point; and asks, if St. Clement really believed that there was such a bird, and that it did revive out of the cinders of the . body after burning, where was the great harm either in giving credit to such a wonder, or, believing it, to make such a use as he here does of it?—The present is the Archishop's translation from the ancient Greek copy of the Epistle, which is at the end of the celebrated Alexandrine MS of the Sep-Expisite, which is at the end of the celebrated Alexandrine MS. of the Septuagint and New Testament, presented by Cvril, patriarch of Alexandria, to King Charles the First, now in the British Mussum. The Archbishop, in prefacing his translation, esteems it a great blessing that this Epistle "was at last so happily found out, for the increase and confirmation both of our faith and charity."]

CHAP. I.

He commends them for their excellent order and piety in broke out.

THE Church of God which 1 is at Rome, to the Church of God which 1 is at Corinth, 2 elect, sanctified, 3 by the will of God, through Jesus Christ our Lord: grace and peace from Almighty God, by Jesus Christ, be multiplied unto you.4

2 ¶ Brethren, the 5 sudden and unexpected dangers and calamities that have fallen upon us, have, we fear, made us the more slow in our consideration of those things which

you inquired of us:

3 6As also of that wicked and detestable sedition, so 7 unbecoming the elect of God, which a few heady and selfwilled men have fomented to such a degree of madness, that vour venerable and renowned name, so worthy of all men to be beloved, is greatly blasphemed thereby.

4 For who that has 8 ever been among you has not experimented the firmness of your faith, 9 and its fruitfulness in all good works; and

1 Sojourneth. 2 Called. See Dr. Hammond on Matt. xx. c. 3 Gr. in. 4 See Bishop Pearson's Note on this place. Ed. Colomesii, p. 2. 5 Ibid. manner of virtues.

admired the temper and moderation of your religion in Christ; and published abroad Christ, before their schism the magnificence of your hospitality; and thought you happy in your perfect and certain knowledge of the Gospel?

5 For ye did all things without respect to persons, and walked1 according to the laws of God; being subject to those who had the rule over you, and giving the honour that was fitting to such as were the 2 aged among you.

6 Ye commanded the young men to think those things that

were modest and grave.

7 The women ye exhorted to do all things with an unblameable, and seemly, and pure conscience; loving their own husbands, as was fitting: and that keeping themselves within the Sbounds of a due obedience, they should 4order their houses gravely with all 5 discretion.

8 6Ye were all of you humble minded, not 7 boasting of any thing: desiring rather to be subject than to govern ; to 8 give than to receive; being 9 content with the portion God had dispensed to you:

9 And harkening diligently to his word, ye 10 were en-

1 In. 2 Presbyters 3 Canon, rule. 4 Themselves do their own business. Vid Not. Junii in loc. 5 Temperance sobriety. 6 1 Pet v. 5. 6 And. 7 Gr. Strange to. 8 Gr. Lod- sobriety. 6 1 Pet v. 5. 7 Proud. ged as a stranger. 9 Adorned with all 8 Acts, xx. 35 9 1 Tim vi. 8, 10 Embraced it in your very bowels.

larged in your bowels, having And being adorned with a his 1 sufferings always before conversation altogether virtu-

vour eves.

sed and profitable peace was whose 1 commandments were given unto you; and an un-written upon the tables of your satiable desire of doing good; heart. and a plentiful effusion of the Holy Ghost was upon all of you.

11 And being full of 3 good designs, ye did with 4 great readiness of mind, and with a you; and so was fulfilled that forth your hands to God Al- ed did eat and drink, he was mighty; beseeching him to be enlarged and waxed fat, and merciful unto you, if in any thing ye had unwillingly sinned against him.

12 Ye contended day and night for the whole brotherhood; that 5 with compassion,

saved.

13 Ye were sincere, and without offence towards each other; not mindful of injuries: men against the aged. all sedition and schism was an abomination unto you.

14 Ye bewailed every one his neighbour's sins, esteeming

their defects your own.

15 Ye 6 were kind one to another without grudging; being ready to every good work.

Addit. to Bishop Bull's Def. fid. Nic. p. 60, 61. 2 Gr. lipara 3 Holy counsel, or purpose, or will. 4 Gr Ye were without repentance in all 3 Confusion, tumults, &c., 4 Walketh well-doing. Titus, iii. 1. good. 5 With mercy and conscience.

ous and religious, ye did all 10 Thus a firm, and 2 bles- things in the fear of God;

CHAP. II.

How their divisions began. LL honour and enlargement was given unto

confidence stretch which is written, 2 My belov-

he kicked.

2 From hence came emulation, and envy, and strife, and sedition; persecution disorder, war and captivity.

3 So they who were of no and a good conscience, the renown, lifted up themselves number of his elect might be against the honourable; those of no reputation, against those that were in respect; the foolish against the wise; the young

Therefore righteousness and peace are departed from you, because every one hath forsaken the fear of God; and is grown blind in his faith; nor walketh by the rule of God'acommandments, nor liveth as is fitting in Christ:

5 But every one 4 follows 1 Pathemata, See Dr. Grabe's his own wicked lusts; having taken up an unjust and wicked

1 Prov. vii. 3. 2 Deut. xxx. 15.

tered into the world.

CHAP. III.

Envy and emulation the ori- Esau. ginal of all strife and dismischiefs they have occasioned:

flock, and of the fat thereof:

2 And the Lord had respect unto Abel, and to his offering. But unto Cain and to his offering he had not respect. And Cain was very sorrowful, and his countenance fell.

- 3 And the Lord said unto Cain, Why art thou sorrowful? And why is thy countenance fallen? 2 If thou shalt offer aright, but not divide aright, hast thou not sinned? Hold thy peace: unto thee shall be his 3 desire, and thou shalt rule over him.
- 4 And Cain said unto Abel his brother, let us go down into the field. And it came to pass as they were in the field, that Cain rose up against Abel his brother, and slew him.
 - 5 Ye see, brethren, how

2 This is accor 1 Gen. iv. 3, &c. ding to the LXX. 3 Apostrophe, conversion.

envy, by which death first en-|envy and emulation wrought 1 the death of a brother. this our father 3 Jacob fled from the face of his brother

6 It was this that caused 4 Examples of the Joseph to be persecuted even unto death, and to come into bondage. Envy forced 5 Mo-NOR thus it is written, 1 ses to flee from the face of Pha-And in process of time raoh king of Egypt, when he it came to pass, that Cain heard his own countryman ask brought of the fruit of the him, 6 Who made thee a ground an offering unto the Judge, and a ruler over us? And Abel, he also Wilt thou kill me as thou brought of the firstlings of his didst the Egyptian yesterday?

7 Through envy Aaron and Miriam were 7 shut out of the camp, from the rest of the con-

gregation seven days.

8 8 Emulation 9 sent Dathan and Abiram quick into 10 the grave, because they raised up a sedition against Moses, the servant of God.

9 For this David 11 was not only hated of strangers, but was persecuted even by Saul the king of Israel.

10 But 12 not to insist upon antient examples, let us come to those 13 worthies that have been nearest to us; and take the brave examples of our own age.

11 Through zeal and envy, 14

1 Fratricide. 2Envy. 3Geu xxviii. 4 Gen xxxvii. 5 Exod. ii. 15. 6 Exod. ii. 14. 7 Made to lodge out. 8 Num. xii 14, 15. 9 Brought. 10 Hades. II Had, or underwent the hatred, not only, &c. 12 To cease from. 13 Comoutants; wrestlers 14 The faithful and most righteous.

the most faithful and right-like manner many pains and eous pillars of the church have torments, have 1 left a gloribeen persecuted even to the ous example to us. most grievous deaths.

eyes the 1 Holy Apostles: Pe-cuted: 3 and having suffered ter by unjust envy underwent not one or two, but many 2 ishments, have finished the sufferings; 3 till at last being course of their faith with firmmartyred, he went to the place of glory that was due unto him.

13 4 For the same cause, did Paul in like manner receive the reward of his patience. Seven times 5 he was in bonds; he was whipped, was stoned; he preached both in the East and in the West? 6 leaving behind him the glorious report of his faith:

14 And so having taught the whole world righteousness, and for that end travelled even to the utmost bounds of the West; he at last suffered martyrdom 7 by the command of the governors.

15 And departed out of the world, and went unto his holy place; being become a most eminent pattern of patience unto all ages.

16 To these 8 Holy Apostles were joined a very great combatis 11 prepared for us all. number of others, who having through envy undergone in

1 Good. 2 Labours. 3 And so. 4 By envy 5 Having borne seven times bonds 4 Cursed afflictions or torments, 5 En-&cr. 6 He received the, &cr. 7 Vide Pear vy or emulation. 6 Gen. is, 23. 7 Great. son de Success. c. viii & 9. 8 Men. 8 Send. 9 Instruction you, but also who have lived godly, is gathered to remembering, &cr. 10 Place of encount getber.

17 For 2 this not only men. 12 Let us set before our but women, have been persevery grievious and 4 cruel punness; and though weak in body. yet received a glorious reward.

> 18 5 This has alienated the minds even of women from their husbands; and changed what was once said by our father Adam; 6 this is now bone of my bone, and flesh of

my flesh.

19 In a word, envy and strife, have overturned 7 whole cities, and rooted out great metions from off the earth.

CHAP. IV.

1 He exhorts them to live by the rules, and repent of their divisions, and they shall be forgiven.

"HESE things, beloved, we 8 write unto you, not only 9 for your instruction, but also for our own remembrance.

2 For we are all in the same 10 lists, and the same

1 Become an excellent example among us. 2 Envy.

3 The names of Danae and Dirce I mit,-See Junius Annot, in loc. ter. 11 Imposed upon us oll. M2

side all vain and empty cares; concerning it; and let us come up to the gloly calling.

him that made us.

5 Let us look stedfastly to the blood of Christ, and see of my people, though your sins how precious his blood is in should reach from 'earth to the sight of God: which being heaven; and though shed for our salvation, 2 has should be redder than scarlet, obtained the grace of repent- and blacker than sackcloth: ance for all the world.

the ages that have gone before me father, I will hearken to us; and let us learn that our you, as to a holy people. Lord has 4in every one of them still given place for re- he saith on this wise: 6 wash pentance to all such as would ye, make you clean; put away

5 turn to him.

ance; and as many as heark-levil, learn to do well; seek ened to him were saved. 7 Jo- judgment, relieve the oppressnah denounced destruction a- ed, judge the fatherless, plead gainst the Ninevites:

8 Howbeit they repenting of their sins, appeared God by reason together, saith the Lord: saved, though they were stran-they shall be as white as snow; gers to the covenant of God.

9 ¶ Hence we find how all 8they shall be as wool. the ministers of the grace of God have spoken by the Holy bedient ye shall eat the good Spirit of repentance. And of the land; but, if ye refuse

3 Wherefore let us lay a-|self 1-declared with an oath

10 2 As I live, saith the rious venerable rule of our ho- Lord, I desire not the death of a sinner, 3 but that he should 4 1 Let us consider what is repent. Adding farther this good, and acceptable, and good sentence, saying: 4 Turn well-pleasing in the sight of from your iniquity, O house of

11 5 Say unto the children yet if ye shall turn to me with 6 Let us 3 search into all all your heart, and shall call

12 And in another place 7 the evil of your doings from 7 6 Noah preached repent-before mine eyes; cease to do for the widow.

13 Come now and let us prayers; and 8 were though your sins be as scarlet, though they be red as crimson.

14 If ye be willing and oeven the Lord of all, has him-land rebel ye shall be devoured

1 Spoken. 2 Ezek. xxxiii. 11. 3 So much as his repentance. 4 Re ent 2 Afforded or given to. 3 Look dil-igently to. 4 From age to age. 5 Be turned. 62 Peter ii 5, Gen. vii. from your souls. 31 will make them white as wool.

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¹¹ Tim v. 4. 7.Jon. iii. 8 Received salvation.

with the sword; for the mouth called God's friend, was in of the Lord bath spoken it.

established by his Almighty commands of God. will, desiring that all his beloved should come to rependout of his own country, and tance.

CHAP. V.

Scriptures.

THEREFORE let us oglorious will; and 1 imploring country, and from thy kindred, his mercy and goodness, let us and from thy father's house. fall down upon our faces be- unto a land that I will shew thee. death.

who have the most perfectly them that curse thee; and in ministered to his excellent glo-thee shall all families of the ry. Let us take Enoch for earth be blessed. our example; who being 8 And again when he sepfound righteous in obedience, arated himself from Lot, God was 4 translated, and his said unto him: 4 Lift up now death was not 5 known.

be faithful, did by his minis- ward and southward, and easttry preach 7 regeneration to ward and 5 westward: for all the world; and the Lord sav- the land which thou seest, to ed by him all the living creathee will I give it, and to thy tures, that went 8 with one ac- seed for ever. cord together into the ark.

like manner found faithful: in 15 These things has God as much as he obeyed the 1

5 By obedience 2 he went from his own kindred, and from his father's house; that 1 He sets before them the ex- so forsaking a small country, amples of holy men, whose and a weak affinity, and a litpiety is recorded in the tle house, he might inherit the promises of God.

6 For thus God said unto bey his excellent and him: 3 get thee out of my

fore him, and 2 cast ourselves 7 And I will make thee a upon his mercy: laying aside great nation, and I will bless all 3 vanity, and contention, thee, and make thy name and envy which leads unto great, and thou shalt be blessed. And I will bless them 2 Let us look up to those that bless thee; and curse

thine eyes, and look from the 3 Noah 6 being proved to place where thou art, north-

9 And I will make thy 4 9 A braham, who was seed as the dust of the earth, so that if a man can number

¹ Becoming suppliants of, &c. 2 Turn ourselves to his mercy. 3 Vain labor, the dust of the earth, then 4 Gen. v. 24. b Found. 6 Being found. 7 Gen. vi, vii, viii. 8 la unity 6 Being 9 James, ii. 23, Iraiah, xli. 8.

¹ Words, 2 This man. 3 Gal. xii. 1. 4 Gen. ziii. 14. 5 Towards the sea.

shall thy seed also be num-ent mind, I and not continubered.

and 1 God brought forth Abra- an example, being turned into ham, and said unto him; look a pillar of salt unto this day. now towards heaven and tell 4 That so all men may the stars, if thou be able to know, that those who are dounumber them: so shall thy ble minded, and distrustful of seed be.

God, and it was counted to him to be a sign to all succeeding

for righteousness.

12 Through faith and hospitality, 2 he had a son given was Rahab the harlet saved. him in his old age; and through For when the spies were sent obedience he offered him up by Joshua the son of Nun, to in sacrifice to God, upon one search out ericho, and the king of the mountains which God of Jerichoknew that they were shewed unto him.

CHAP. VI.

1 And particularly such as death. have been eminent for their their neighbours.

liness was Lot saved out of Sodom, when all the country round about was 4 destroyed by fire and brimstone:

2 The Lord thereby making it manifest, that he will not forsake those that trust in him; but 5 will bring the disobedient to punishment and correction.

3 For his wife who went out with him being of a differ-

another way, he puts, &c.

ing in the same obedience, was 10 And again he saith: for that reason 2 set forth for

the power of God, are 3 pre-11 And Abraham believed pared for condemnation, and ages.

5 4 By faith and hospitality come to spy out his country; he 5 sent men to take them. that so they might be put to

6 6 Rahab therefore, being kindness and charity to hospitable, received them, and hid them under the stalks of Y 3 hospitality and god-flax, on the top of her house.

7 And when the 7 messengers that were sent by the king came unto her, and asked her, saying, 8 There came men unto thee to spy out the land, bring them forth, for so hath the king commanded: She answered, 9 The two men whom ye seek came unto me. but presently they departed.

I Not in concord. 2 Put for a sign. 3 Become. 4 Jos ii. 1, &c. 5 He 1 Gen. zv. 5. 2 A son was given sent men that should take them, that unto him. 3 Gen xix. 2. Peter, ii. 6. being taken, &c. 6 Therefore h spit-June 7. 4 See Not. Junii in loc. or able Rahab 7 Men being sent by the punished with. 5 But those that turn king, and saying. 8 Verse 3. 9 Verse ī

and are gone: 1 Not discov-ling aside all pride, and boastering them unto them.

2 spies, 3 I know that the written. Lord your God 4 has given this city into your hands; for Spirit; 1 Let not the wise man the fear of you is fallen upon glory in his wisdow, nor the all that dwell therein. When, strong man in his strength, nor therefore, ye shall have taken the rich man in his riches: but it, 5 ye shall save me and my let him that glorieth, glory in father's house.

9 And they answered her, do judgment and justice. saying, It shall be as thou hast 3 Above all, remembering spoken unto us. 6 Therefore, the words of the Lord Jesus, when thou shalt know that we which he spake,2 concerning are near, thou shalt gather all equity and long-suffering,S thy family together upon the saying, house-top, and they shall be found without thy house, shall and ye shall be forgiven; as

be destroyed.

moreover a sign; that she given unto you; as ye judge, should hang out of her house a so shall ye be judged; as we scarlet rope: 8 shewing there- are kind to others, so shall by, that by the blood of our God be kind to you; with Lord, there should be re- what measure ye mete, with demption to all that believe the same shall it be measured and hope in God. Ye see, to you again. beloved, how there was not only faith, but prophesy too these rules, let us establish in this woman.

CHAP. VII.

1 What rules are given for this purpose.

ET us, therefore, humble ✓ ourselves, brethren, lay-

1 Vid. Conjectur. Coteter. In loc.
2 Men. 3 Verse 9, 4 Given you this city. 5 Verse 13. 6 Verse 18, 19.
7 Verse 18 8 Many of the Fathers
have applied this to the same purpose.—
See not Coteler. in loc. 1 Vid. Conjectur. Coteler. in loc. 141

ing, and foolishness, and an-8 Then she said unto the ger: And let us do as it is

2 For thus saith the Holy the Lord, to seek him, and to

4 4Be ye merciful, and ye saved: But all that shall be shall obtain mercy; forgive. ye do, so shall it be done unto 10 7 And they gave her you; as ye give, so shall it be

> 5 By this command, and by ourselves, that so we may always walk obediently to his holy words; being humble

minded:

6 For so says 5 the Holy Scripture: 6 upon whom shall I look, even upon him that is

and that trembles at my word.

and 1 righteous, men and follow peace; and not to such brethren, that we should be- as 2 only pretend to desire it. come obedient unto God, rather than follow such as 2 thro' pride and sedition, have made themselves the ring-leaders of a detestable emulation.

8 for it is not an ordinary harm that we shall do ourselves, but rather a very great danger that we shall run, if we shall rashly give up ourselves to the wills of men, who 3 promote strife and seditions, to turn us aside from that which is fitting. .

9 But let us be kind to one another, according to the compassion and sweetness of him that made us.

merciful shall inherit earth; and they that are without evil shall be left upon it: 5 but the transgressors shall perish from off the face of it.

11 And again he saith, 6 I have seen the wicked in great power, and spreading himself like the cedars of Libanus. passed by, and lo he was not; I sought his place, but it could not be found.

12 Keep innocency, and do the thing that is right, for there shall be a remnant to the peaceable man.

1 Holy. 2 In. 3 Prick on to .-See Junius Ann. 4 Psalm xxxvii. 5 Prov. ii. 20. 6 Psalm xxxvii. 36.

13 Let us, therefore, hold It is, therefore, just fast to those who 1 religiously

> 14 For he saith in a certain place 3 This people honoreth me with their lips, but their beart is far from me.

And again. They 4 bless with their mouth, 5 but

curse with their heart.

16 And again he saith, 6 They loved him with their mouth, and with their tongue they lied to him. For their heart was not right with him, neither were they faithful in his covenant.

17 7 Let all deceitful lips become dumb, and the tongue that speaketh proud things. Who have said, 8 with our 10 For it is written, 4 The tongue will we prevail; our the lips are our own, who is Lord over us?

> 18 For the oppression of the poor, for the sighing of the needy, now will I arise saith the Lord; I will set him in safety, I will deal confidently

with him.

CHAP. VII.

He advises them to be humble: and that from the examples of Jesus and of holy men in all ages.

NOR Christ is theirs who are humble, and not who

1 With religion or godliness 2 With hypocrisy will it. 3 Isaiah, xxix. 13, Psalm ixii 4 4 Biessed. 5 Cursed. 6 Psalm ixxviii. 36, 37. 7 Psalm xii. 3. 8 We will magnify our tongue.

exalt themselves over his flock. The sceptre of the majesty of gone astray; we have turned God, our Lord Jesus Christ, came not in the 1 shew of the Lord hath laid on him the pride and arrogance, 2 though he could have done so; but humility as the Holy Ghost had before spoken concerning him.

2 For thus he saith, Lord, 3 who hath believed our report, and to whom is the arm of the Lord revealed? For he shall grow up before him as a tender plant, and as a root

out of a dry ground.

3 He hath no form nor comeliness, and when we shall see him, there is no beauty that we should desire him.

4 He is despised and rejected of men; a man of sorwith and acquainted rows grief.

5 And we hid, as it were, our faces from him; he was despised, and we esteemed him not.

6 Surely he hath borne our griefs, and carried our sorrows: yet we did esteem him stricken, smitten of God, and afflicted.

7 But he was: wounded for our transgressions; he was bruised for our iniquities; the chastisement of our peace was upon him; and with his stripes we are healed.

8 All we like sheep have every one to his own way, and iniquity of us all.

9 He was opposed, and he was afflicted, yet he opened not his mouth: he is brought as a lamb to the slaughter; and as a sheep before her shearers is dumb, so he openeth not his mouth.

10 He taken was prison, and from judgment; and who shall declare his generation? For he was cut off out of the land of the living; for the transgression of my people was he stricken.

11 And he made his grave with the wicked, and with the rich in his death; because he had done no violence, neither was any deceit in his mouth.

12 Yet it pleased the Lord to bruise him, he hath put him to grief: when thou shalt make his soul an offering for sin, he shall see his seed, he shall prolong his days; and the pleasure of the Lord shall prosper in his hand.

13 He shall see of the travail of his soul and shall be satisfied; by his knowledge shall my righteous servant justify many: for he shall bear their iniquities.

14 Therefore will I divide him a portion with the great, and he shall divide the spoil with the strong; because he

² Kaiper dupamenos 1 Boasting. though he were powerful 3 Isainh liii. according to the Hebrew.

hath poured out his soul unto 20 Again, of Job it is thus death: and he was numbered written, I That he was just with the transgressors, and he and without blame, true; one bare the sin of many, and that served God, and abstained made intercession for the trans- from all evil. Yet he accusgressors.

saith, 1 I am a worm and no though he should live but one man, a reproach of men, and day. despised by the people. All saying; He trusted in the plagues. LORD that he would deliver him, let him deliver him see-though thus greatly honoured, ing he delighted in him.

the pattern is that has been was delivered to him out of the given to us. For if the Lord bush, he said, 4 Who am I, thus humbled himself, what that thou dost send me? I am should we do who are brought of a slender voice, and a slow 2 by him under the yoke of tongue.

his grace?

those who went about in goating the coming of Christ.

these such others as have re- holy oil have I anointed him. ceived the like testimony.

called the friend of God. mility, 5 I am dust and ashes. gressions.

ing himself, says, 2 No man is 15 And again he himself free from pollution, no not

21 Moses was called faiththey that see me laugh me to ful in God's House; and by scorn; they shoot out their his conduct 3 the Lord punishlips, they shake their heads, ed Israel by stripes and

22 And even this man. spake not greatly of himself; 16 Ye see, beloved, what but when the oracle of God

23 And again he saith, 5 I 17 Let us be followers of am as the smoke of the pot.

24 And what shall we say skins and sheep-skins; preach- of David, so highly testified of in the Holy Scriptures? To 18 3 Such were Elias, and whom God said, 6 I have found and Ezekiel, the a man after my own heart, Daprophets. 4And let us add to vid the son of Jesse, with my

25 But yet he himself saith 19 Abraham has been great- unto God, 7 Have mercy upon ly witnessed of: having been me. O God, according to thy And loving kindness; according yet he stedfastly beholding the unto the multitude of thy tenglory of God, says with all hu- der mercies blot out my trans-

1 Psalm xxii. 6. 2 MS. di' autou.

3 We say. 4 To there, those also that have been witnessed of. iv. 10. 6 Psalm lxxxix. 20. 7 Psalm iv. 10. 6 Psalm lxxxix. 20. 7 Psalm ii. to v. 17, according to the Hebrew.

from mine iniquity, and cleanse my salvation, and my tongue me from my sin. For I ack-shall sing aboud of thy righnowledge my transgressions, toousness. and my sin is ever before me.

I sinned, and done this evil in forth thy praise. thy sight, that thou mightest be justified when thou speak-| sacrifice, else would I give it: est, and be clear when thou thou delightest not in burnt-ofjudgest.

28 Behold I was shapen in iniquity, and in sin did my are a broken spirit, a broken

mother conceive me.

29 Behold, thou desirest truth in the inward parts; and in the hidden part thou shalt He again persuades them to make me to know wisdom.

30 Purge me with hyssop and I shall be clean, wash me and I shall be whiter than 2 great and excellent men, 3 snow.

and gladness, that the bones only us, but also the generawhich thou hast broken may tions before us better; even as rejoice.

sins, and blot out all mine ini-

quities.

33 Create in me a clean heart O God; and renew a right spirit within me.

34 Cast me not away from thy presence, and take not thy

holy spirit from me.

35 Restore unto me the joy of thy salvation, and uphold me with thy free spirit.

36 Then will I teach transgressors thy ways, and sinners shall be converted unto thee.

37 Deliver me from blood-

26 Wash me thoroughly sailtiness, O God, thou God of

38 O Lord open thou my 27 Against Thee only have lips, and my mouth shall shew

39 For thou desirest not ferings.

40 The sacrifices of God and a contrite heart, O God, thou wilt not despise.

CHAP. VIII.

compose their divisions.

HUS has the humility and I godly fear of these recorded in the Scriptures, 31 Make me to hear joy|through obedience, made not many as have received his ho-32 Hide thy face from my ly oracles 4 with fear and truth.

2 Having therefore so many, and such great and glorious 5 examples, 6 let us return to that peace, which was the mark that from the beginning was set before us:

3 Let us look up to the Father and Creator of the whole world; and let us hold fast to his glorious and exceeding gifts and benefits of peace.

1 Fearfulness 2 So great and such kind of men. 3 Witnessed of, or cele-B Deeds or works 4 In. brated. 6 Let us return to the mark of peace given to us from the beginning.

4 Let us 1 consider and behold with the eyes of our 2 un- it, so it remains. For he said. derstanding his long-suffering 2 Hitherto shalt thou come, will: and think how gentle and thy floods shall be broken and patient he is towards his within thee. whole creation.

5 The heavens moving by his appointment, are subject to

him in peace.

6 Day and night accomplish the courses that he has allotted unto them, not disturbing one another.

7 The sun and moon, and all the several 3 companies of the winds, fulfil their 4 work and constellations of the stars, in their seasons, without offenrun the 4 courses that he has ding one another. appointed to them in concord, without departing in the least tains, made both for pleasure from them.

its food plentifully in due sea- the life of men. son both to man and beast, and to all animals that are up-tures 5 live together in peace on it, according to his will; and concord with each other. not 5 disputing, nor altering any thing of what was order- Creator and Lord of all, comed by him.

9 So also the unfathomable and unsearchable floods of the deep, are kept in by his com-

mand: ·

10 6 And the 7 conflux of the vast sea, being brought together by his order into its several collections, passes not the bounds that he has set to it:

1 See tim with our understanding 3 Choruses. 4 Bounds 5 Doubting. 6 Vid. Edit. Colomes. p 53. 7 Hollow, or depth.

- 11 But as he 1 appointed
- 12 The ocean, unpassable to mankind, and the worlds that are beyond it, are governed by the same commands of their great master.

13 Spring and summer, autumn and winter, give place peaceably to each other.

14 The several S quarters

15 The ever-flowing founand health, never fail to reach 8 The fruitful earth yields out their breasts, to support

16 Even the smallest crea-

17 All these has the Great manded to observe peace and concord; being good to all.

18 But especially to us who flee to his mercy through our Lord Jesus Christ; to whom be glory and majesty for ever and ever, Amen.

CHAP. IX.

He exhorts them to obedience, from the consideration of the goodness of God, and of his presence in every place.

1 Commanded, so it does. 2 Job 3 Stations. XXXVIII. 5 Mix together.

٧.

FINAKE heed, beloved, that their conversation; with a sinnot to 1 us to condemnation; except we shall walk worthy their tongues 3 be made maniof him, doing with 2 one con-fest by their silence. sent what is good and pleas- . ing in his sight.

is a candle, searching out the giously fear God.

inward parts of the belly.

how near he is to us; and how Christ: that none of our thoughts, or reasonings which we frame learn how great a power huwithin from him.

we should not forsake our lent and great his fear is : and rank, by doing contrary to his how it will 5 save all such as

will.

5 Let us chuse to offend a few foolish and inconsiderate men, lifted up, and glorying 5 in their own pride, rather than God.

6 Let us reverence Lord Jesus Christ whose blood

was given for us.

7 Let us honor those who are set over us; let us respect the aged that are amongst us: and let us instruct the younger men, in the discipline and fear of the Lord.

8 Our wives let us 6 direct to do that which hagood.

9 Let them shew forth a lovely habit of purity in all

1 All of us. 2 With concord. 3 Prov. xx 27. 4 That nothing is hid to him of our thoughts, or reasonings. the pride of their own speech, or rea- 5 Saving. son. 6 Correct or amend.

his many blessings be cere 1 affection of meekness,

10 · Let the 2 government of

11 Let their without respect of persons, a-2 3 The spirit of the Lord like towards all such as reli-

12 Let your children 4 be 3 Let us therefore consider bred up in the instruction of

13 And especially let them ourselves, are 4 hid mility has with God; how much a pure and holy charity 4 It is therefore just that avails with him; how excelturn to him with holiness in a pure mind.

> 14 For he is the searcher of the thoughts and counsels of the heart; whose breath is in us, and when he pleases he

can take it from us.

CHAP. X.

Of faith: and particularly what we are to believe as to the Resurrection.

all these things 6 must be confirmed by the faith which is in Christ: for so he himself bespeaks us by the Holy Ghost.

2 7 Come ye children and hearken unto me, and I will teach you the fear of the Lord.

2 Moderation. him 1 Will, or counsel.
5 In 3 Let them manifest. 4 Partake of .. 6 The faith confirms, 7 Psalm xxxiv. 11.

What man is there that desir-1 12 Who say, these things eth life, and loveth to see good have we heard, and our fathdays?

speak no guile.

upon the righteous, and his leaves; then it buds; after ears are open unto their pray-that it spreads its leaves; then

is against them that do evil, to lows the ripe fruit. them from the earth.

7 The righteous cried, and livered him out of all his trou- ly be accomplished. bles.

of the wicked; but they that He shall quickly come and not trust in the Lord, mercy shall tarry, and that the Lord shall encompass them about.

neficent Father hath bowels of look for. compassion towards them that fear him; and kindly and lo-led, how the Lord does convingly bestows his graces upon all such as come to him with shall be a future resurrection; a simple mind.

10 Wherefore let us not 3 waver, neither let us have any doubt in our hearts, of his excellent and glorious gifts.

11 4 Let that be far from us which is written, 5 Miserable are the double-minded, and those who are doubtful in their bearts.

1 Pealm xxxii 10. 2 Scourges. 3Bdouble-minded. 4 Let the writing be Aggellos, Angel the from us. 5 James, i. 8.

ers have told us these things. 3 Keep thy tongue from But behold we are grown old. evil, and thy lips that they and none of them has happened unto us.

4 Depart from evil and do 113 O ye fools! 1 consider good; seek peace and ensue it. the trees; take the vine for an 5 The eyes of the Lord are example. First it sheds its it flowers; then come the sour 6 But the face of the Lord grapes; and after them folcut off the remembrance of how in a little time the fruit of the trees come to maturity.

14 Of a truth, yet a little the Lord heard him, and de- while and his will shall sudden-

15 The Holy Scripture it-8 1 Many are the 2 troubles self bearing witness, That 2 suddenly come to his temple. 9 Our all-merciful and be- even the 3 holy one whom ye

> 16 Let us consider, belovtinually shew us, that there of which he has made our Lord Jesus Christ the first-fruits, raising him from the dead.

> 17 Let us 4 contemplate, beloved, the resurrection that is 5 continually made before our eyes.

18 Day and night manifest

1 Compare yourselves unto a tree, 2 Ex. MS. omitted by Junius, Hab. 3 Maluch, iii, 1 3 Coteler. 4 See. 5 Mude lies down, and the day arises: of the dead 1 bird brings forth again the day departs, and the feathers; and when it is grown

night comes on.

of the earth. Every one sees of its 3 parent lie, and carhow the seed is sown. sower 1 goes forth, and casts to a city called Heliopolis: it upon the earth: and the seed which when it was sown in the sight of all men, lays it fell upon the earth dry and upon the altar of the sun, and naked, in time dissolves.

20 And from the dissolution, the great power of the into the records of the time: providence of the Lord raises and find that it returned preit again; and of one seed ma- cisely at the end of five hunny may arise, and bring forth dred years.

fruit.

CHAP. XI.

The Resurrection further pro-

urrection, which is seen in the greatness of his power to ful-Eastern countries; that is to fil his promise?

sav, in Arabia.

- called a Phoenix: of this there and I shall confess unto thee. is never but one at a time: and that lives five hundred down and slept, and awaked of its dissolution draws near, that it must die, it makes itself a nest of frankincense, and flesh of mine, that has suffered myrzh, and other spices, into which, when its time is fulfilled it enters and dies.
- breeds a certain worm, which

2 Sign. 149

a resurrection to us. The night being nourished with the juice to 2 a perfect state, it takes 19 Let us behold the fruits up the nest in which the bones The ries it from Arabia into Egypt,

4 And flying in open day so returns from whence it came.

5 The priests then search

6 And 4 shall we then think it to be any very great and strange thing, for the Lord of all to raise up those that religiously serve him in the as-ET us consider that won-surance of a good faith, when derful 2type of the res- even by a bird he shews us the

7 For he savs in a certain 2 There is a certain bird place, Thou shalt raise me up

8 And again, 5 I laid me And when the time because thou art with me.

> 9 And again, Job says, 6 Thou shalt raise up this all these things.

10 Having therefore this hope, let us 7 hold fast to him 3 But its flesh putrifying, who is faithful in all his prom-

1 Went forth, and so in the rest. 4 De. 5 Psalm iii. 5. 6 Job, xix. 23. 7 Let our minds be fastened.

ises, and righteous in all his EEING then all things.

stirred up again in us; and 2 condemnation to come. let us consider that all things are nigh unto him.

power he made all things; and any of those who run away by 2 the same word he is able, from him? (whenever he will,) to destroy them.

him, what dost thou? Or who spirit, or where shall I hide shall resist the power of his myself from thy presence? -strength?

15. When, and as he pleased. 4 he will do all things; and nothing shall pass away of all that has been determin- if I shall make my bed in the ed by him.

16 All things are open before him; nor can any thing one go; or whither shall he he hid from his counsel.

17 5 The heavens declare hends all things? the glory of God, and the firmament sheweth his handy him with holiness of 4 heart. work. Day unto day uttereth lifting up chaste and undefiled speech, and night unto night hands unto him : loving our sheweth knowledge. There gracious and merciful Father, is no speech nor language who has made us 5 to partake where their voice is not heard. of his election.

CHAP. XII.

continue in sin.

1 Mayer, 2 His word: 3 Wisd. 5 If the, &c. Psalm xix, L.

judgments; who has command- are seen and heard by ed is not to lie, how much God; let us fear him, and let more will he not himself lie? us lay aside our wicked works 11 For nothing is impossi- which proceed from ill desires; ble with God, but to lie. that through his mercy we 12 Let his faith then be may be I delivered from the

2 For whither can any of us flee from his neighty hand? 13 By the word of his 1 Or what world shall receive

3 For thus saith the scripture in a certain place, 3 14 8 Who shall say unto Whither shall I flee from thy

4 If I ascend up into heaven, thou art there: if I shall go to the utmost parts of the earth, there is thy right hand : deep, thy Spirit is there.

5 Whither then shall any run from him that compre-

6 Let us therefore come to

7 For so it is written, 6 When the Most High divided It is impossible to escape the the nations, when he separatvengeance of Gad, if we ed the sons of Adam, he set the bounds of the nations, ad-

1 Covered. 2 Judgments 3 Psalm exxxix. 7. 4 Mind. 5 A part. 6 Deut. zxxii. 8, 9.

inheritance.

8 And in another place he liveth but a few days: saith, 2 Behold the Lord tak- not therefore much speech. eth unto himself a nation, out of the midst of the nations, as not of ourselves; for God a man taketh the first-fruits of hateth those that 3 commend his flour : 3 and the Most Holy shall come out of that nation.

CHAP. XIII.

may please God.

THEREFORE we being a part of the Holy that pertain unto holiness:

against one another; all filthy him. and impure embraces, together with all youthful lusts, abominable con-sider what are the ways by capiscences, detestable adul-which we may attain unto it. tery and execrable pride.

sisteth the proud, but giveth pened from the beginning.

grace to the humble.

given his grace.

5 And let us put on concord, and truth? being humble temperate; free 13 Isaac being 6 fully perfrom all whispering and de-suaded of what he knew was traction; and justified by our to come, cheerfully yielded 6 actions, not our words.

6 For he suith, 7 Doth he

cording to the number, of his that speaketh and heareth maangels: 1 his people Jacob ny things, and that is of a became the portion of the ready tongue, suppose that he Lord, and Israel the lot of his is righteous? 1 Blessed is he that is born of a woman, that

7 Let our praise be of God,

themselves.

8 Let the witness of our good actions be given to us of How we must live that we others, as it was given to the holy men that went before us.

9 Rashness, and arrogance, and confidence, belong to them One: let us do all those things who are accursed of God: but equity, and humility, and mild-2 Fleeing all evil-speaking ness, to such as are blessed by

> 10 Let us then lay hold of drunkenness, his blessing, and let us 4 con-

11 Let us 5 look back up-3 4 For God, saith he, re- on those things that have hap-

12 For what was our Fa-4 Let us therefore hold fast ther Abraham blessed? Was to those to whom 5 God has it not because that through faith he wrought righteousness

himself up for a sacrifice.-

1 So the LXX. 2Deut iv 34. 3Num. In words. 3 Are praised of. 4 See xxvii. 4 Jam. iv. 6. 1 Pet. v. 5. 5The what are the ways of his blessing grace of God has been given. 6Works. 5 Unrol. 6 With full persuasion, fore-the that speaketh many things shall also hear. &c.

Jacob with humility departed ety, or the works which we out of his own country, fleeing have done 1 in the holiness from his brother, and went un- of our hearts: to Laban and served him: and so the sceptre of the twelve which God Almighty has justribes of Israel was given un-tified all men from the beginto him.

14 Now what the greatness ever and ever, Amen. of 1 this Gift was, will plainly appear, if we shall take the pains distinctly to consider all the parts of it.

15 For from him came the priests and Levites; who all ministered at the altar of God.

16 From him came our Lord Jesus Christ, according and lay aside our charity? to the flesh.

17 From kings, and princes, and rulers in Judah.

2 tribes in any small glory: good work. as the stars of heaven.

19 They were all therefore 4 greatly glorified, not for he fixed the heavens, and by their own sake, or for their his incomprehensible wisdom own works, or for the right-line adorned them. eousness that they themselves

20 And we also being cal-Jesus, are not justified by our-foundation of his own will. selves, neither by our own

1 The gifts that were given by him, were, he shall know whosoever will to exist. one by one, carefully and distinctly consider them. 2 Sceptres: See Jui-Annot. 3 Gen. xxvii. 17. 4 Glorified and magnified.

21 But by that faith by ning; to whom be glory for

CHAP. XIV.

We are justified by faith; yet this must not lessen our" care to live well, nor our pleasure in it.

HAT shall we do therefore, brethren? Shall we be slothful in well-doing, God forbid that any such thing him came the should be done by us.

2 But rather let us hasten with all earnestness and read-18 Nor were the rest of his iness of mind to perfect every For even the God having promised that Creator and Lord of all things 3 thy seed, (says he,) shall be himself rejoices in his own works.

3 By his 2 Almight'v power

4 He also divided the earth wrought, but through his will. from the water, with which it is encompassed; and fixed it. led by the same will in Christ as a secure tower, upon the

5 He also by his appointwisdom, or knowledge, or pi- | ment, commanded all the living creatures that are upon it,

6 So likewise the sea, and

I In holiness of heart. 2 All-great-

all the creatures that are in it; | bread of his I labour; but the having first created them, he sluggish and lasy cannot look enclosed them therein by his him in the face that set him on power.

7 And above all, he with his holy and pure hands, formed man, the most excellent, ing; for from him are all and, as to his understanding, things. truly the greatest of all other creatures, the character of his behold the Lord cometh, and own image.

us make man in our image, after our own likeness: so God created man, male and female

created he them.

9 And having thus finished all these things, he commended all that he had made, and blessed them, and said, 2 increase and multiply:

10 We see how all righteous men have been adorned with good works: Wherefore even the Lord himself, having adorned himself with his works,

rejoiced.

11 Having therefore 3 such an example, let us without delay, 4 fulfil his will; and with all our strength, work the work of righteousness.

CHAP. XV.

This enforced from the examples of the holy angels, and from the exceeding greatness of that reward which God has prepared for us. confidence receives the

2 Gen. i. 28. I Gen. i 26, 27. 3 This. 4 Come to...

work.

2 We must therefore be ready and forward in well-do-

3 And thus he foretels us.2 his reward is with him, even-8 For so God says, 1 Let before his face, to render to every one according to his work.

> 4 He warns us therefore beforehand, with all his heart, to this end, that we should not be slothful and negligent in &

well-doing.

5 Let our boasting, therefore, and our confidence be in 4 God: let us submit ourselves to his will. Let us consider the whole multitude of his angels, how ready they stand to

minister unto his will.

6 As saith the scripture, 5 thousand of thousands stood before him, and ten thousand times ten thousand ministered unto him. 6 And they cried, saying, Holy, holy, holy, is the Lord of Sabbaoth: 7 The whole earth is full of his glo-

7 Wherefore let us also, being conscientiously gathered together in concord with one HE good workman with another; as it were with one

> 1 Work. 2 Isaiah. x'. 10. 1xii. 11. 3 Every good work. 4 Him. 5 Dan 6 Isniab, vi. 8. vii 10. Creatare,

mouth, cry earnestly unto him, 1 5 The Creator and Father that he would make us parta- of 1 spirits the Most Holy; kers of his great and glorious he only knows both the 2

promises.

8 For he saith, 1 Eye hath not seen, nor ear heard, neither have entered into the may be found in the number heart of man, the things which God has prepared for them so we may receive the 3 rethat wait for him.

CHAP. XVI.

1 We must attain unto this reward by faith and obedience, which we must carry on in an orderly pursuing of the duties of our several stations, without envying 24 The neor contention. cessity of different orders 33 · We have among men. none of us any thing but what we received of God; whom therefore we ought in every condition thankfully to obey.

TOW blessed and wonderful, beloved, are the

gifts of God.

2 Life i'n immortality! brightness in righteousness! truth in full assurance! faith! in confidence! temperance in holiness!

3 And all this has 2 God subjected to our understand-

ings:

4 What therefore shall those things be which he has prepared for them that wait for him?

1 Isaiah. lxiv. 4. 1 Cor. ii. 9.

greatness and beauty of them

6 Let us therefore strive with all earnestness, that we of those that wait for him, that ward which he has promised.

7 But how, beloved, shallwe do this? 4 We must fix our minds by faith towards God, and seek those things that are pleasing and accepta-

ble unto him.

8 We must 5 act conformably to his holy will; and follow the way of truth, casting off from us all unrighteousness. and iniquity, together with all covetousness, strife, evil manners, deceit, whispering, detractions; all hatred of God. pride, and boasting; vain-glory and ambition:

9 For they that do these, things, are odious to God: and not only they that do them, but also 6 all such as approve of those that do them.

10 For thus saith the scripture, 7 But unto the wicked God said, What hast thou to do to declare my statutes, or that thou shouldst take my covenant in thy mouth? Seeing that thou hatest instruc-

1 Ages, 2 Quantity. 3 Gifts 4 If we shall. 5 Perform those things that e agreeable. 6 Rom. i. 32. 7 Paulm i. 15, &c. according to the Hebrew.

hind thee.

When thou sawest a thief, then thou consentedst us to taste the knowledge of with him; and hast been partaker with adulterers. Thou givest thy mouth to evil, and thy tongue frameth deceit. Thou sittest and speakest a--gainst thy brother; thou slanderest thine own mother's son.

12 These things hast thou done and I kept silence; thou thoughtest that I was altogether such a one as thyself; but I will reprove thee, and set saith the Lord, 3 Thou art my them in order before thine eyes.

13 Now consider this ye that forget God, lest I tear you in pieces, and there be none to deliver.

- 14 Whose offereth praise, glorifieth me: And to him that disposeth his way aright, will I shew the salvation of God.
- 15 This is the way, beloved, in which we may find 1 our Saviour, even Jesus Christ, the high-priest of all our offerings, the defender and helper of our weakness.

16 By him we look up to the 2 highest heavens; and behold, as in a glass, his spotless and most excellent visage.

17 By him are the eyes of our hearts opened; by him our foolish and darkened un-

34. 2 Heights of heaven.

tion, and castest my words be-|derstanding rejoiceth to behold his wonderful light.

18 By him would God have immortality; 1 who being the brightness of his glory, is by so much greater than the angels, as he has by inheritance obtained a more excellent name than they.

19 For so it is written, 2 who maketh his angels spirits, and his ministers a flame of

fire.

20 But to his Son, thus Son, to-day have I begotten thee.

21 4 Ask of me, and I will give thee the heathen for thine inheritance, and the utmost parts of the earth for thy possession.

22 And again he saith unto him 5 Sit thou on my right hand, until I make thine enemies thy footstool.

23 But who are his enemies? Even the wicked, and such who oppose their own wills to the will of God.

24 Let us therefore 6march on, men and brethren, with all earnestness in his holy laws.

25 Let us consider those who fight under our earthly governors: How orderly, how readily, and with what exact obedience they perform those

1 That which has the power to save 1. That which has the power to save 2. Heights of heaven.

1 Heb. i 3, 4. 2 Psalm civ. 4, Heb. i. 7 3 Heb. i. 5. 4 Comp. Psalm ii. 7, 8. 5 Heb. i. 13. Psalm cx. 1. 6 War:

t.

things that are commanded; them?

nor 2 colonels, nor 3 cap-strong. tains, nor 4 inferior officers:

thority over bim.

28 They who are great, cannot subsist without those forth his wisdom, not in words, that are little; nor the little but in good works. without the great.

mixture in all things, and then but let him leave it to another there will be use and profit to bear witness of him.

too.

take our body: the head without the feet is nothing, neither the feet without the head.

31 And even the smallest members of our body are yet both necessary and useful to are made; who, and what

the whole body.

32 But all conspire together, and 6 are subject to one common use, namely, the preservation of the whole 7 body.

33 Let therefore our whole body be saved in Christ Jesus: and let every one be subject to his neighbor, 8 according to the order in which he is placed by the 9 gift of God.

1 Prefects. 2 Commanders of a thou sand. 3Centurions. 4Commanders of 5 1 Cor. xii, 13. 21. 50, and so on. 6 Use one common subjection. 7 MS. To soma, 8 As also he has been placed. 9 His gift.

34 Let not the strong man despise the weak; and let the 26 All are not 1 generals, weak see that he reverence the

35 Let the rich man distri-27 But every one in his bute to the necessity of the respective rank does what is poor: and let the poor bless commanded him by the king, God, that he has given one and those who have the au- unto him, by whom his want may be supplied.

36 Let the wise man shew

37 Let him that is humble, 29 But there must be a not bear witness to himself,

38 Let him that is pure in 30 Let us, 5 for example, the flesh, not grow proud of it, knowing that it was 1 from another that he received the

gift of continence.

39 Let us consider therefore, brethren, 2 whereof we kind of men we came into the world, as it were out of a sepulchre, and from outer darknes.

40 He that made us, and formed us, brought us into his own world; having 3 presented us with his benefits, even before we were born.

41 Wherefore, having received all these things from him, we ought in every thing, to give thanks unto him: to whom be glory for ever and ever .-Amen.

1 Another that gave him. 2 Of what. matter. 3 Prepared for us.

CHAP. XVII.

From whence he exhorts them to which of the angels wilt to do every thing orderly thou look? in the Church, as the only

way to please God.

NOOLISH . and men, 1 who have neither prudence, nor learning, may taking root, but lo their habitmock and deride us; being ation was presently consumed. willing to set up themselves in their own conceits:

man do? Or what strength is lesser than themselves; and there in him that is made out there was no man to 2 help

of the dust?

3 For it is written, There was no shape before mine eyes; for them, the righteous 3 did only I heard a 3 sound and a leat; and they shall not be devoice.

4 4 For what? Shall man be pure before the Lord? Shall he be blameless in his works?

his servants; and his angels divine knowledge, we do all

he charged with folly.

clean in his sight, how much to do. less they that dwell in houses of clay; of which also we ourselves were made?

7 He smote them as a moth; and from morning even unto the evening they endure not. Because they were not able to help themselves they perished: he breathed upon them and they died, because they had no wisdom.

1 And imprudent, and without instruction 2 For. 3 An air. 4 Jbb,

1 Were crushed upon a Sec. xv. 15, iv. 19. 5 Job, v. 3 Eat. 4 By chance.

any that will answer thee : and

9 For wrath killeth the foolish man, and envy slayeth him

unwise that is in error.

10 I have seen the foolish

11 Their children were far from safety, they 1 perished at 2 2 But what can a mortal the gates of those who were them.

12 For what was prepared

livered from evil.

13 Secing then these things are manifest unto us, it will behave us, to take care that 5 Behold, he trusteth not in looking into the depths of the things in order, whatsoever 6 Yea, the heaven is not our Lord has commanded us

14 And particularly, that we perform our offerings and service to God, at their appointed seasons: for these he has commanded to be done, not 4 rashly and disorderly, but at certain determinate times and hours.

15 And therefore he has ordained by his supreme will and authority, both where, and 8 5 Call now if there be by what persons, they are to be performed: that so all

> 2 Deliver. I Were crushed upon.

things being piously done unto l all well-pleasing, they may be any thing which is not agreeacceptable unto 1 him.

16 Thev therefore who with death. make their offerings at the appointed seasons, are happy and accepted: because that knowledge God has vouchsafobeying the commandments of ed unto us, by so much the the Lord, they are free from greater danger are we expossin.

17 And the same care must be had of the persons that iminister unto him.

18 2 For the chief-priest has his proper services; and to the priests their proper place is appointed; and to the Levites appertain their proper ministries: and the layman is confined within the bounds of what is commanded to laymen.

19 Let every one of you therefore, brethren, bless God in his proper station, with 3 a good conscience, and with all Lord Jesus gravity, not exceeding the rule of his service that is appointed to him.

not offered every where; nor 2 sent, according to the will the peace-offerings, nor the sa- of God. crifices appointed for sins and transgressions; but only at Jerusalem: nor in any place there, but only at the altar before the temple; that which is offered being first diligently God, with the 4 fulness of the examined by the high-priest and the other ministers we before mentioned.

1 To his will. 2 See Coteler. in loc. 3 Being in conscience.

21 They therefore who do able to his will, are punished

22 1 Consider, brethren, that by how much the better ed to.

CHAP. XVIII.

The orders of Ministers in Christ's Church established by the Apostles, according to Christ's command, 7 after the example of Mo-16 Therefore they who have been duly placed in the ministry according to their order, cannot without great sin be put out of it.

HE Apostles preached to us from our Christ: Christ from God.

2 Christ therefore was sent God, the Apostles by 20 The daily sacrifices are Christ: so both were orderly

3 For having received their command, and being thoroughly assured by the resurrection of our Lord Jesus Christ; 3 and convinced by the word of Holy Spirit, they went abroad, publishing, That the kingdom of God was at hand.

1Ye see, 2 Done. 3 1 Thess, i. 5. With the full assurance,

4 And thus through countries and cities, to him Itwelve rods; every fruits of their conversions to rod, according to its name. be bishops and ministers over lieve, having first proved them ed them with the seals of the by the Spirit.

it was written concerning bish- ble of God.

ons and deacons.

ture, in a certain place: 21 sealed up the keys of it, in will appoint their Soverseers like manner 2as he had done in righteousness, and their min-the rods; and said unto them; isters in faith.

to whom such a work was som, that tribe has God chocommitted by God in Christ, sen to perform the office of a established such officers as we priest, and 3to minister unto before mentioned; when even him in holy things. that blessed and faithful servant in all his house, Moses, 4 was come, he called together set down in the Holy Scriptures all things that were commanded him.

the prophets followed, bearing witness with one consent to those things that were appoint-

ed by him.

9 For he, perceiving an 5emulation to arise among the tribes concerning the priesthood, and that there was a strife about it, which of them, know 4what should happen? should be adorned with that glorious name; commanded end there might be no divis-

preaching their twelve captains to bring 1 they appointed the first tribe being written upon its

10 And he took them and such as should afterwards be-bound them together, and sealtwelve princes of the tribes; 5 Nor was this any new and laid them up in the taberthing: seeing that long before nacle of witness, upon the ta-

11 And when he had shut 6 For thus saith the Scrip- the door of the tabernacle, he Men and brethren, which soev-7 And what wonder if they, er tribe shall have its rod blos-

12 And when the morning all Israel, six hunched thousand men; and shewed to their princes the seals; and 8 Whom also all the rest of opened the tabernacle of witness; and brought forth the

rods.

13 And the rod of Aaron was found not only to have blossomed, but also to have fiuit upon it.

14 What think you, beloved? Did not Moses before

15 Yes verily: but to the

1 Vid. Coteler. in loc. 2Isaiah, lx. 17. 3Bishops, Deacons. 5 An emulation happening.

¹Numb. xvii. 2And the rods. 3To ex-4Signified. ercise the office of the priesthood, & to minister, &c. 4That this should be so.

ion, nor tumult in Israel, he 20 Blessed are those priests, did in this manner, that the who having finished their name of the true and only God course before these times, have might be glorified; to him be obtained a fruitful and perfect honour for ever and ever, dissolution: for they have no Amen.

tles knew by our Lord Jesus now appointed for them. Christ, that there should con- 21 But we see how you tentions arise, 1 upon the ac- have put out some, who lived count of the ministry.

they appointed persons, as we have before said, and then 2 gave directions, how when they should die, other chosen and approved men should succecd in their ministry.

18 Wherefore we cannot think that those may justly be thrown out of their ministry, things that pertain not unto who were either appointed by them, or afterwards chosen by other eminent men, with the Scriptures, which are the true consent of the whole church; and who have with all lowliness and innocency ministered to the flock of Christ, in peace, and without self-interest, and were for a long time commended by all.

19 For it would be no small sin in us, should we cast off those from their 3ministry, who holily and without blame 4fulfil the duties of it.

1 About the name of the bishoprick. 2Left a list of other chosen and approved persons, who should succeed them in their ministry. See Dr. Arden's Disc. upon this passage. Dr. Hammond's Power of the Keys c. iii. p. 413. 3Bishoprick. 4Offer the gifts. 160

fear, lest any one should turn 16 So likewise our Apos-them out of the place which is

reputably among you, from 17 And therefore having a the ministry, which by their perfect fore-knowledge of this, innocence they had adorned.

CHAP. XIX.

He exhorts them to peace from examples out of the Holy Scriptures, 20 particularly from St. Paul's exhortation to them.

TE are contentious, brethren, and zealous for salvation.

2 Look into the Holy words of the Holy Ghost .--Ye know that there is nothing unjust or counterfeit written in them.

3 There you shall not find that righteous men were ever cast off by such as were good themselves.

4 1 They were persecuted. but it was by the wicked and unjust.

5 They were cast into prison; but they were cast in by those that were unholy.

6 They were stoned; but it was by transgressors.

1Just men.

accursed men, and such as hove us also, brethren, 1to folhad taken up an unjust envy low such examples as these; against them.

they underwent gloriously.

9 For what shall we say, as, and Misael, were they but with the perverse man 3 cast into the 4 fiery furnace thou shalt be 4 perverse. by men, 5professing the excellent and glorious worship selves to the innocent and of the Most High? God for-righteous; for such are the ebid.

10 What kind of persons then were they that did these strifes, and anger, and divithings? They were men a sions, and schisms, and wars, bominable, full of all wicked- among us? ness; who were incensed to so great a degree, as to bring God, and one Christ? 6Is not those into sufferings, who with one spirit of grace poured out holy purpose of mind worshipped calling in Christ? God: not knowing that the 17 Why then do we rent Most High is the protector and tear in pieces the members and defender of all such as of Christ; and raise seditions with a pure conscience serve against our own body? And his 6holy name: to whom be are come to such a height glory for ever and ever, Amen. of madness, as to forget that?

full persuasion have endured other? these things, 7 are made parthroughout all ages. Amen.

7 They were killed; but by | 12 ¶ Wherefore it will befor it is written, Hold fast to 8 1And all these things such as are holy; for they that do so shall be sanctified.

13 And again in another brethren? Was Daniel cast place he saith, 2 With the pure into the 2den of lions, by men throu shalt be pure, (3and with fearing God? Ananias, Azari-the elect thou shalt be elect,)

> 14 Let us therefore join ourlect of God.

> 15 Wherefore are

16.5 Have we not all one unblamable upon us all? Have we not one

11 But they who with a we were members one of an-

18 Remember the words of takers of glory and honour: our Lord Jesus, 8how he said, and 8are exalted and lifted up Wo to that man, (by whom by God in their memorial offences come) 9It were better for him that he, had never

1Suffering these things they underwent them gloriously. 2Dan. vi. 3Omitted by Junius, and now restored. 16. 3Shut into. 4Dan. iii. 20. 5Worthipping the worship 6Full of virtue. iv. 4 61 Cor. xii. 7Rom. xii. 78 rhipping the worship 6Full of virtue. 18For he said. 9Luke, xvii.

been born, than that he should now led you astray; and leshave offended one of my elect. sened the 1 reputation of that It were better for him, that a brotherly love that was 2so mill-stone should be tied about eminent among you? his neck, and he should be ones.

And vet your sedition

continues still.

20 ¶ Take the Epistle of that differ from us. the blessed Paul the Apostle into your hands; 1 What was of the Lord is blasphemed it that he wrote to you at his through your folly; and even first preaching the Gospel a- ve yourselves are brought inmong you?

21 Verily he did 2by the spirit admonish you concerning himself, and Cephas, and sedition; and let us fall down Apollos, because that even before the Lord, and beseech then ye had begun to fall into him with tears that he would 3parties and factions among 6be favourably reconciled to

vourselves.

22 Nevertheless your partiality then led you into a much less sin: forasmuch as ye 4placed your affections upon Apostles, men of 5eminent reputation in the church; and upon another, who was greatly tried and approved of by them.

23 But consider, we pray you, who are they that have

newsed of.

24 It is a shame, my belovcast into the sea, than that he ed, yea a very great shame, should offend one of my little and unworthy of your Christian 3 profession to hear that the 19 Your schism has perver- most firm and 4ancient church ted many, has discouraged of the Corinthians should, by many: it has caused diffi-one or two persons, be led indence in many, and grief in to a sedition against its priests.

25 And this report is come not only to us, but also to those

26 Insomuch that the name

to danger by it.

27 ¶ Let us therefore with all haste 5put an end to this us, and restore us again to a 7seemly and holy course of brotherly love.

28 For this is the gate of righteousness, opening unto life: As it is written, 80pen unto me the gates of righteousness: I will go in unto them and will praise the Lord.— This is the gate of the Lord. the rightcous shall enter into it.

29 Although therefore many 1 See Mr. Dodwell sadd ad Pear gates are opened, yet this gate son Chronol p. 223. Dr. Grace's Spi-1Gravi y. 2 So much spoken of 310gates are opened, yet this gate cileg. tom. i p. 256. 2Spiritually send stitution 4 See Mr. Dodwell 1. c. p. to you. 1 Cor. i. 12. 3Inclinations (for 222: 5Take away, 6Becoming favorone above unother.) 4Inclined, 5Wit-uble be. 7Grave, venerable. 2Psalm cxviii 19, 20.

of righteousness is that gate in titude of sins: 1 charity enall they that enter in, and di- ing in all things. rect their way in holiness and righteousness, doing all things and sordid in charity : charity without disorder.

terance of knowledge; let in peace and concord. him be wise in making an exact judgment of words; let elect of God made perfect:

31 But still by how much the more he seems to be 1above others, by reason of these things, by so much the more will it behave him to be hum- whilst for the love that he bore ble-minded; and to seek what towards us, our Lord Jesus is profitable to all men, and Christ gave his own blood for not his own advantage.

CHAP. XX.

1 The value which God puts for our souls. upon love and unity: the which is the gift of God, and must be obtained by prayer.

E that has the love that keep the commandments of

Christ.

the 2 obligation of the love of we may be worthy of it; that God? What man is sufficient so we may live in charity; beto declare, as is fitting, the excellency of its beauty?

3 The height to which char- spect of persons. ity leads, is inexpressible.

1Greator. 2 Bond. 2Glues. 41 Peter. iv. 8.

Christ, at which blessed are dures all things, is long-suffer-

5 There is nothing base lifts not itself up above others; 30 Let a man be faithful, admits of no divisions; is not let him be powerful in the ut-seditious; but does all things

6 By charity were all the. him be pure in all his actions. Without it nothing is pleasing and acceptable in the sight of

God.

7 Through charity did the Lord 2join us unto himself; us, by the will of God; his flesh, for our flesh; his soul,

8 TYe see, beloved, how effects of a true charity, 8 great and wonderful a thing charity is; and how that no expressions are sufficient to de-

clare its perfection.

9 But who is fit to be found is in Christ, let him in it? Even such only as God shall vouchsafe to make so.

10 Let us therefore pray 2 For who is able to express to him, and beseech him, that ing unblamable, without human propensities, without re-

11 All the ages of the 4 Charity 3 unites us to world, from Adam, even unto God: 4 charity covers the mul-this day, are passed away:

1 1 Cor. xiii. 7, &cc.

but they who have been made perfect in love, have by the grace of God obtained a place among the righteous; and shall be made manifest in the liudgment of the kingdom of Christ.

12 For it is written, 2Enter into thy chambers for a little ness. space, till my anger and indignation shall pass away: And I will remember the good day, . your graves.

13 Happy 3then shall we be, beloved, if we shall have dued with fear and charity, fulfilled the commandments of would rather they themselves God, in the unity of love; that should fall into trials than their so, through love, our sins may neighbours: And chuse to be be forgiven us.

4Blessed are they whose ini-charity delivered to us should quities are forgiven, and whose suffer. sins are covered. Blessed is the man to whom the Lord to confess wherein he has imputeth no sin, and in whose transgressed, mouth there is no guile.

15 Now this blessing is fulfilled in those who are chosen by God, through Jesus Christ our Lord, to whom be glory for ever and ever, Amen.

CHAP. XXI.

1 He exhorts such as have lowed them up. been concerned in these divisions to repent, and return to their unity, confessing their sin to God, 7 which he enforces from the

1 Animadversion, or Visitation, 21sa xvi. 20 3Are we. 4Psalm xxxii.

example of Moses, 10 and of many among the heathen, 23 and of Judith and Esther among the Jews.

ET us therefore, as many ▲ as have transgressed by any of the 1 suggestions of the adversary, beg God's forgive-

2 And as for those who have been the 2heads of the sedition and faction among and will raise you up out of you, 3let them look to the com-

mon end of our hope.

3 For as many as are 4enthemselves condemned, rather 14 For so it is written, than that the good and just

4 For it is seemly for a man

5 5And not to harden his heart, as the hearts of those were hardened, who raised up sedition against Moses the servant of God: whose punishment was manifest Gunto all men; for they went down alive into the grave, death swal-

6 7Pharaoh and his host, and all the rulers of Egypt, their chariots also and their

¹See Junius in loc. 2 Chief lend. ers. 3They ought. 4Walk according o; live in. 5 Rather than. 6 Numb. xvi. 7 Exod, iv.

horsemen, were for no other 1 Arise, Moses, get thee down cause drowned in the bottom quickly from hence, for thy of the Red Sea, and perished; people whom thou broughtbut because they hardened est out of the land of Egypt, their foolish hearts, after so have committed wickedness: many signs done in the land they have soon transgressed of Egypt, by Moses the ser-the way that I commanded vant of God.

. 7 ¶ Beloved, God is not in-selves graven images. digent of any thing; nor does

sins unto him. .

better than a young bullock that hath horns and hoofs .--Let the poor see it and be

9 And again he saith, 30fpraise, and pay thy vows unto the Most Highest. And call upon me in the day of trouble, and I will deliver thee, and thou shalt glorify me. 4The sacrifice of God is a broken spirit.

10 ¶ Ye know, beloved, ye know full well, the Holy Scriptures; and have thoroughly searched into the oracles of you that is generous? God; call them therefore to

your remembrance.

11 For when Moses went up into the mount, and tarried there forty days and forty nights in fasting and humiliation: God

1 Chosen. 2Psalm lxix. 3 Psalm 1. 14. 4Psalm li. 17.

them, and have made to them-

12 And the Lord said unto he demand any thing of us, him, I have spoken unto thee but that we should confess our 2 several times, saying, I have seen this people, and behold it 8 For says the 1 Holy Da- is a stiffnecked people: Let vid, 2I will confess unto the me therefore destroy them, Lord, and it shall please him and put out their name from under heaven. And I will make unto thee a great and a wonderful nation, that shall be much 3 larger than this.

13 But Moses said, Not so, fer unto God the sacrifice of Lord: Forgive now this people their sin; or if thou wilt not, blot me also out of the book of the living. O admirable charity! O insuperable perfection! The servant speaks freely to his Lord: He beseeches him either to forgive the people, or to destroy 4him:

together with them.

14 ¶ Who is there among Who that is compassionate? that has any charity? him say, if this sedition, this contention, and these schisms, be upon my account, I am ready to depart; to go away said unto him, whithersoever ye please; and

lExod. xxxii. Deut. ix. 20nce and twice. 3 More, greater. 4Blot out.

do whatsoever 1 ye shall com- with the price of themselves. mand me: Only let the flock of Christ be in peace, with the being strengthened by the elders that are set over it.

15 He that shall do this, shall get to himself a very great honour in the Lord : and 2 there is no place but what when her city was besieged, will be ready to receive him: 3 For the earth is the Lord's. and the fulness thereof.

16 These things they who have their conversation towards God not to be repented of, both have done, and will people that were besieged; always be ready to do.

Gentiles themselves have givon us examples of this kind.

my kings and princes, in times self to any less hazard, for the of pestilence, being warned by delivery of the twelve tribes their oracles, have given up of Israel, in danger of being themselves unto death; that destroyed. destruction.

their cities, that so they might put an end to the seditions of people, for whose sake she them.

. 20 We know how many among ourselves, have given up themselves unto bonds, that thereby they might free others from them.

21 Others have sold themselves into bondage, that they might feed 7their brethren

1 The multitude. 2 Every place 3Psalm xxiv. 4 Butthatwe may bring the examples of heathens, 5 Citizens. 6 Many. 7 Others.

22 And even many women, grace of God, have done many glorious and manly things on

such occasions. 23 The blessed 1Judith, desired the elders, that they would suffer her to go into the camp of 2their enemies: and she went out exposing herself to danger, for the love she bare to her country and her and the Lord delivered Holo-17 ¶ 4 Nay and even the fernes into the hands of a woman.

24 Nor did 3Esther, being 18 For we read, How ma- perfect in faith, expose her-For by fasting by their own blood, they might and humbling herself, she endeliver their 5 country, from treated the Great Maker of all things, the God of 4spirits; 19 6 Others have forsaken so that beholding the humility of her soul, he delivered the was in peril.

CHAP. XXII.

The benefit of mutual advice and correction. He entreats them to follow that which is here given to them. let us

HEREFORE also pray for such as are fallen into 5sin. being endued with humility

1Judith, viii. ix. x. xiii. 2 The trangers. 3 Esther, vii. viii. 4Ages; who. 5 Viz. that of schista.

and moderation, they may sub- six troubles; yea in seven there mit not unto us, but to the will shall no evil touch thee. of God.

shall obtain a fruitful and per-the power of the sword. fect remembrance, with mercy, both in our prayers to the scourge of the tongue; nei-God, and in our mention of ther shalt thou be afraid of desthem before his 2saints.

3 Let us receive correction,

pine.

4 Beloved, the reproof and beasts of the earth. the correction which we exer- beasts shall be at peace with cise towards one another, is thee. good, and exceeding profitable: for it unites us the more that thy house shall be in closely to the will of God.

Scripture, 3The Lord cor- Thou shalt know also that thy rected me, but he did not deliver me over unto death.— offspring as the grass of the 4For whom the Lord loveth earth. he chasteneth, and scourgeth

6 5The righteous, saith he, shall instruct me in mercy and reprove me; but let not oil of sinners make fat my

head.

7 And again he saith 6 Happy is the man whom God For being a good instructor, correcteth; therefore despise not thou the chastening of the by his holy discipline. Almighty.

8 For he maketh sore and bindeth up; he woundeth and

his hands make whole.

9 He shall deliver thee in

1There shall be to them. 2 i. e. our Fellow-Christians. 3 Psalm zeviii. 4 Prov iii. 11. 5 Psalm cati. 5. 5Job, 4. 17, &c.

famine he shall redeem thee 2 For by this means 1they from death; and in war from

> 10 Thou shalt be hid from truction when it cometh.

11 Thou shalt laugh at the at which no man ought to re- wicked and sinners; neither shalt thou be afraid of the The wild

12 Then shalt thou know peace; and the habitation of 5 For so says the Holy thy tabernacle shall not err .seed shall be great, and thy

13 Thou shalt come to thy every son whom he receiveth. grave as the ripe corn, that is taken in due time; like as a shock of corn cometh in, in its

season.

14 Ye see, beloved, how there shall be a defence to those that are corrected of the Lord. he is willing to admonish us

15 Do ye therefore who laid the first foundation of this sedition, submit yourselves anto your 1 priests; and be instructed unto repentance, bending the knees of your hearts.

16 Learn to be subject, lay-

1 Elders. ~

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ing aside all proud and arro-jof their own ways; and be gant Boasting of your tongues. filled with their own wicked-

17 For it is better for you ness. to be found little, and approved, in the 1sheepfold of Christ than to seem to yourselves better than others, and to be I Recommends them to God. cast out of his 2fold.

18 For thus speaks the excellent and all-virtuous wisdom, 3Behold I will pour out the word of my spirit upon you, I will make known my speech unto you.

ye would not hear, I stretched Lord Jesus Christ, and us by out my words and ye regarded him, to be his peculiar people;

not.

20 cometh.

as desolation, and your des- Jesus Christ, by whom be glotruction as a whirlwind, when ry and majesty, and power, distress and anguish cometh and honour, unto him now and

upon you.

22 Then shall ye call upon. me, but I will not hear you: we have sent unto you, Clauthe wicked shall seek me, but dius Ephebus, and Valerius they shall not find me. For Bito, with Fortunatus, send that they hated knowledge, and back to us again with all speed did not seek the fear of the in peace and with joy, that Lord.

unto my counsel: they des-cord, so much prayed for and pired all my reproof. There-desired by us: and that we fore shall they eat of the fruit may rejoice in your good or-

1See Junius in loc. 2 See Coteler. in loc 3 Prov. i. 23. &c.

CHAP. XXIII.

3 Desires speedily to hear that this Epistle has had a good effect upon them. 4 Conclusion.

NOW God, the inspector of all things, the 1Father of Spirits, and the Lord of 19 Because I called and all flesh, who hath chosen our

2 Grant to every soul of But ye have set at man that calleth upon his glonought all my counsel, and rious and holy name, faith, would none of my reproof. I lear, peace, long-suffering, pawill also laugh at your calam-tience, temperance, holiness ity and mock when your fear and sobriety, unto all wellpleasing 2in his sight; through 21 When your fear cometh our High Priest and Prophet for ever more, Amen.

3 The messengers whom they may the sooner acquaint 23 They would not hearken us with your peace and conder.

1 Master. 2 To his name.

H. CLEMENT.

4 The grace of our Lord, and glory, and might and ma-Jesus Christ be with you, and jesty, and eternal dominion, and with all that are any by 1 Christ Jesus, from everwhere called by God through lasting to everlasting, Amen. him: To whom be honour

The SECOND EPISTLE of CLEMENT to the CORIN-THIANS.

[Archoishop Wake is the translator of this Second Epistle, which he says was not of so great reputation among the primitive Fathers as the first He defends it notwithstanding; and in answer to those who objected to Clement's First Epistle, that it did not duly honor the Trinity; the Archoishop refers to this as containing proof of the writer's fulness of belief on that point.]

CHAP. I. we do, by a sincere obedi-our holiness?

as of God; as of the judge of undone. the living and the dead: nor should we think lany less of give to him? Or what reward our salvation.

of him, we shall hope only to received. receive 1some small things from him.

shall sin; not 3 considering silver, and brass, the works of from whence we have been men's hands; and our whole called, and by whom, and to life was nothing else but what place; and how much death. Jesus Christ vouchsafed suffer for our sakes.

4 What recompense then shall we render unto him? Or what fruit that may be worthy of what he has given to us?

Little things, or meanly. 2Hear as of little things. 3Knowing.

5 For indeed 2how great That we ought to value our are those advantages which salvation; and to shew that we owe to him in relation to He has illuminated us; as a father, he RETHREN, we ought so has called us his children; he to think of Jesus Christ has saved us who were lost and

6 What praise shall we that may be answerable to 2 For if we think 1 meanly those things which we have

7 We were defective in our understandings; worshipping 3 And if we 2do so; we stones, and wood; gold, and

> 8 Wherefore being encompassed with darkness, and having such a mist before our eyes. we have looked up, and through his will have laid aside the

1Him. 2How great holy things do we owe unto him.

cloud wherewith we were sur-| cease to put up our prayers rounded.

9 For he had compassion upon us, and being moved in cause she that is desolate hath his bowels towards us, he sav- more children than she that ed us; having beheld in us hath a husband; it was theremuch error, and destruction; fore added, because our peoand seen that we had no hope ple which seemed to have been of salvation, but only through forsaken by God, now believhim.

were not; and was pleased God. from nothing to give us a being.

CHAP. II.

phesied by Isaiah, that the were lost, must be saved. miscarry.

forth and cry thou that trav- world, he saved many, and nilest not; for she that is des-called us who were already lost. band.1 ·

were given unto it.

3 And again; when he of truth; said, cry thou that travailest 9 3Whereby shall we shew not, he implied thus much: that we do indeed know him,

unto God 1abundantly.

4 And for what follows, being in him, are become more 10 For he called us, who than they who seemed to have

5 And another Scripture. saith, 2I came not to call the righteous but sinners (to repentance.) The meaning of 1 That God had before pro- which is this; that those who

Gentiles should be saved. 8 6 For that is, indeed, truly That this ought to engage great and wonderful, not to consuch especially to live well; firm those things that are yet without which they will still standing, but those which are falling.

7 Even so did it seem good EJOICE thou barren, to Christ to save what was lost; that bearest not, break and when he come into the

olate hath many more child- 8 Seeing then he has shewren than she that hath an hus- ed so great mercy towards us: and chiefly for that we who 2 In that he said, rejoice are alive, do now no longer thou barren that barest not, sacrifice to dead Gods, nor he spake of us: for our church pay any worship to them, but was barren before that children have by him been brought to the knowledge of the Father

That after the manner of wo- 1 Aples, See Strann in travail, we should not 2 Cor viii. 2 ix 11, 13. 2 Matt. iz 13. 3What is the knowledge which is tobut by not denying him by of money: but, let us, by our whom we have come to the good works, confess God, and

knowledge of him?

10 For even he himself wise. saith, 1 Whosoever shall confess me before men, him will I confess before my Father. This therefore is our reward, if we shall confess him by whom we have been saved.

confess him?—Namely, in doing those things which he saith, and not disobeying his part from me; I know not commandments: by worshipping him not with our lips only, but with all our heart, and with all our mind. For he saith in Isaiah; 2This people 1 honoreth me with their lips, but their heart is far from m e.

12 Let us then not only call him Lord; for that will not save us. For he saith: 3 Not every one that saith unto me Lord, Lord, shall be saved, but he that doth righteousness.

13 Wherefore, brethren, let us confess him by our works; by loving one another; in not committing adultery, not speaking evil against each other, not envying one another; but by being temperate, merciful, the will of him who has called good.

14 Let us also have a mutual sense of one another's suf- . ferings; and not be coverous

1 Matt. x. 32. 3Matt. vii. 21.

17 k

not by those that are other-

15 Also let us not fear men; but rather God. 1 Wherefore. if we should do such wicked things, the Lord hath said; Though ye should be joined unto me, even in my very bo-.. 11 But, wherein must we som, and not keep my commandments, I would cast you off, and say unto you; 2Dewhence you are, ye workers of iniquity.

CHAP. III.

That whilst we secure the other world; we need not fear what can befalus in 5 That if we follow this. the interests of this present world, we cannot escape the punishment of the other. 10 Which ought to bring us to repentance and holiness, 14 and that presently: because in this world is the only time for repentance.

MY HEREFORE, brethren, leaving willingly for conscience sake our sojourning in this world, let us do us, and not fear to depart out. of this world.

2 For the Lord saith, 3Ye

²¹saiah, xxix. 13 2Matt. vii. 23. Luke. xii. 27. 3Mata x. 16.

Exhorts against the II. CLEMENT. things of this world:

shall be as sheep in the midst · of wolves. the sheep fear the wolves af these things. ter death: 1 And ye also fear they can do unto you but one, to enjoy the other. fear him who after you are soul and body into hell-fire.

3 For consider, brethren, that the sojourning of this come, which are truly good flesh in the present world, is but little, and of a short continuance; but the promise of Christ, we shall find rest: but Christ is great and wonderful, if not, nothing shall deliver us even the rest of the kingdom from eternal punishment, if we that is to come, and of eternal shall disobey his commands. life.

that we may attain unto it? - 1If Noah, Job, and Daniel We must 2 order our conversa-should rise up, they shall not tion holily and righteously, and deliver their children in captilook upon all the things of vity. this world as none of ours, and not desire them. For, if we cous men are not able by their desire to possess them we fall from the way of righteousness.

3No servant can serve two masters. If, therefore, we shall holy and undefiled? Or who desire to serve God and Manimon, it will be without profit to us. 4For what will it profit, if one gain the whole world, and lose his own soul?

ILuke, xii 4,5. 2MS. Alexander. osios kai dikaros anastrephathai. 3 Luk. xvi. 13. 4Matt. xvi. 26,

6 Now this world and that Peter answered to come are two enemies. This and said. What if the wolves speaketh of adultery and corshall tear in pieces the sheep? ruption, of covetousness and Jesus said unto Peter, Let not deceit; but that renounceth

7 We cannot, therefore, be not those that kill you, and the friends of both; but we after that have no more that must resolve by forsaking the we think it is better to hate dead, has power to cast both the present things, a little. short-lived, and corruptible. and to love those which are to and incorruptible.

8 For if we do the will of

For even thus saith the Scrip-4 What then must we do ture in the prophet Ezekiel,

9 Wherefore, if such rightrighteousness to deliver their children; how can we hope to 5 For thus saith the Lord, enter into the kingdom of God, except we keep our baptism shall be our advocate, unless we shall be found to have done what is holy and just?

10 Let us, therefore, my brethren, contend with all earnestness, knowing that our combat is at hand; and that

1 Ezek. xiv. 14, 20,

many go long voyages to en- gone so far as to throw it into counter for a corruptible rethe furnace of fire, he can no ward.

11 And yet all are not crowned, but they only that this world Ishould repent with labour much, and strive glori- our whole heart for whatsoever contend, that we may all be while we have yet the time of crowfied. Let us run in the repentance, that we may be straight road, the race that is saved by the Lord. incorruptible: and let us in great numbers pass into it, and departed out of this world, we strive that we may receive the shall no longer be able either be crowned, let us come as in the other. near to it as we are able.

sider, that he who contends in and keeping our flesh pure, a corruptible combat; if he be and observing the commandfound doing any thing that is ments of the Lord, lay hold on not fair, is taken away and eternal life : for the Lord saith scourged, and cast out of the in the Gospel, 31f ye have not lists. What think ye then that kept that which was little, who he shall suffer, who does any thing that is not fitting in the great?-For I say unto you, combat of immortality?

13 Thus speaks the proph-is least, is faithful et concerning those who keep much. not their seal; 1 Their worm shall not die, and their fire he saith; keep your bodies shall not be quenched; and they shall be for a spectacle unto all flesh.

14 Let us therefore repent, while we are yet upon the 1 We shall rise, and be judgearth: for we are as clay in the hand of the artificer. as the potter if he make a vessel, and if it be turned a miss in his hands, or broken, again forms it anew; but if he have

more bring any remedy to it.

15 So we, whilst we are in Let us, therefore, so evil we have done in the flesh;

16 For after we shall have But if we cannot all to confess our sins, or repent?

17 Wherefore, brethren, let 12 Moreover, we must con- us, doing the will of the father, will give you that which is he that is faithful in that which

> 18 This, therefore, is what pure, and your seal without spot, that ye may receive eternal life.

CHAP. IV.

ed, in our bodies; therefore we must live well in them, 6 that we ought, for our own interest, to live well; though few seem to

Let us repent. 2There. 3Luke / xvi. 10, 12.

mind what really is for our souls; that he may retheir advantage, 10 and ceive us as children. judge us, and render to all will of my Father. of us according to our works.

mong you say, that this that we may live. very flesh is not judged, nei-pursue virtue, and forsake ther raised up. Consider, in wickedness, which leadeth us what were you saved; in what into sins; and let us flee all undid you look up, if not whilst godliness, that evils overtake

ye were in this flesh?

our flesh as the temple of God. diligence to live well, peace For in like manner as ye were shall follow us. called in the flesh, ye shall how hard is it to find a man also come to judgment in the that does this? For almost all flesh. 10ur one Lord Jesus are led by human fears, chus-Christ, who has saved us, be-ling rather the present enjoying first a spirit, was made ments, than the future promise. flesh, and so called us: even 8 For they know not how so we also shall in the flesh great a torment the present receive the reward.

one another, that we may at-promise.

we give?-Repentance out of both themselves, and those a pure heart. For he knows that hear them, shall receive a all things before hand, and double condemnation.

praise unto him; not only

eis Christos.

not deceive ourselves : see- the Lord hath said; 2 They ing God will certainly are my brethren, who do the

6 ¶ Wherefore, my brethren, let us do the will of the ND let not any one a- Father, who hath called us, us not.

2 We must, therefore, keep 7 For, if we shall do our

enjoyments bring with them; 3 Let us, therefore, love nor what delights the future

tain unto the kingdom of God. 9 And if they themselves Whilst we have time to be only did this, it might the healed, let us deliver up our- more easily be endured; but selves to God our physician, now they go on and infect ingiving our reward unto him. nocent souls with their cvil 4 And what reward shall doctrines; not knowing that

searches out our very hearts. | 10 ¶ Let us, therefore, 5 Let us, therefore, give serve God with a pure heart,

with our mouths, but with all all vii 50 SFor, for this cause, we can IMS. Alex. plane sto exhibet: not find a man. Aliter Wendel in tra-

and we shall be righteous: hereafter receive good things. but, if we shall not serve him, 13 Wherefore, my brethbecause we do not believe the ren, let us not doubt in our promise of God, we shall be minds, but let us expect with miserable.

11 For thus saith their heart, and say, these according to his works. things have we heard, even in 14 If, therefore, we shall from day to day.

vine for an example. First it heart of man. sheds its leaves, then it buds, then come the sour grapes, ry hour expect the kingdom of then the ripe fruit: even so God in love and righteous-

hope, that we may receive our the reward: for he is faithful, prophet; 1Miserable are the who has promised that he will double minded, who doubt in render to every one a reward

the time of our fathers, but we do what is just in the sight of have seen none of them, God, we shall enter into his though we have expected them kingdom, and shal receive the promises; 1Which neither 12 O ye fools! compare eye has seen, nor ear heard, yourselves to a tree; take the nor have entered into the

my people has borne its dispess; because we know not orders and afflictions, but shall the day of God's appearing.

The GENERAL EPISTLE of BARNABAS.

Barfabas was a companion and fellow-preacher with Paul This Epistle lays a greater claim to canonical authority than most others. It has been cited by Clemens Alexandrinus, Origen, Eusebius, and Jerome and many ancient Father. Cotelerius affirms that Origen and Jerome esteemed it genuine and canonical; but Cotelerius himself did not believe it to be either one or the other; on the contrary, he supposes it was written for the benefit of the Ebio-nites, (the christianized Jews,) who were tenacious of rites and ceremonies.— Bishop Fell feared to own expressly what he seemed to be persuaded of, that it ought to be treated with the same respect as several of the books of the present canou. Dr. Barnard, Savilian professor at Oxford, not only believed it to be genuine, but that it was read throughout, in the churches at Alexandria, as the canonical scriptures were. Dodwell supposed it to have been published be-fore the Epistle of Jude, and the writings of both the Johns Vossius, Dupuis, Dr. Cave, Dr. Mill, Dr. S Clark, Whiston, and Archbishop Wake, also esteemed it genuine : Menardus, Archbishop Laud, Spauheim, and others, deemed it apocryphe!]

CHAP. I.

Preface to the Epistle. LL happiness to you my peace.

sons and daughters, in

18ee I. Clement, chap. K. 175

the name of our Lord Jesus Christ, who loved us,

2 Having perceived about

11 Cor. fi. 9.

dance of knowledge of the turn to my reward, 1that I g. cat and lexcellent 2laws of God to be in you, I exceeding- I gave diligence to write in a ly rejoice in your blessed and few words unto you; that tograce which was 4grafted in fect. you.

3 For which cause I am full of joy, hoping the rather to be 5saved; inasmuch as I truly see a spirit intused into you, from the opure fountain

of God :

4 Having this persuasion,& being fully convinced thereof, because that since I have begun to speak unto you, I have had a more than ordinary good success in the way of 7the law of the Lord, which is in Christ.

- 5 For which cause, 8brethren, I also think verily that I love you above my own soul: because that therein dwelleth the greatness of faith and charity, as also the hope of that life which is to come.
- 6 Wherefore considering this, that if I shall take care to communicate to you a part of what I have received, it shall
- 11 o st irum. 2/Equitatum, Dekaiomaton ighteous judgments. 3Spiritibus, Disposition. 4Natural; Gr. emphuton. See chap. xix. emphuton dorein didaches, which the Lat. Int. renders, Naturne woman Doctring Com. Jam. : 21. 5Liberari: Gr. ut videtur sotherni. Gilonesto, from the Gr. Rales. 7C mp. Psatm cxix 33, viz. either by preacting or fulfitting the same. 8Vid. Apuot. Vos. in loc.

have served such good souls; aumrable 3souls, because ye gether with your faith, your have so worthily received the 2knowledge also may be per-

7 There are therefore three 3things ordained by the Lord; the hope of life; 4the beginning, and the completion of it.

8 For the Lord hath both declared unto us, by the prophets, those things that 5are past; and fopened to us the beginnings of those that are to come.

9 Wherefore, it will behove us, 7as he has spoken, to come 8more holily, and nearer to

his altár.

10 I therefore, not teacher, but as one 9of you. will endeavour to lay before you a few things by which you may, 10on many accounts, become the more joyful.

CHAP, II.

That God has abolished the legal sacrifices, to introduce the spiritual righteousness of the Gospel.

EEING then the days are exceeding evil, and the adversary has got the power-

ITalibus spiritibus servienti. Usser. Ignosis. 3dogmata Kuriou. Constitutions of the Lord 4Viz. faith and charity. See before 5Namely, which we are to believe. 6That is, waich are to be hoped for, and end in love. 7Given us to know. 8Honestinus et Altius: the more hovestly and highly. 9Like your selves. 10ln many things, of this present 1world, we | 8 These things therefore ought to give the more dili- hath God abolished, that the gence to inquire into the 2 right- new law of our Lord Jesus eous judgments of the Lord.

our faith are fear and patience: might have the spiritual offerour fellow-combatants, long-ling of men themselves. suffering and continence.

in what relates unto the Lord, I at all command your fathers wisdom, and understanding, when they came out of the land and science, and knowledge, rejoice together with them.

4 For God has manifested to us by all the prophets, that he has no occasion for our sac-lyou imagine evil in your hearts rifices, or burnt-offerings, or against his neighbour, and love oblations; saying thus; 4To what purpose is the multitude of your sacrifices unto me,

saith the Lord.

offerings of rams, and the fat For he speaks to us, being of 5fed beasts; and I delight willing that we who have been not in the blood of bullocks, in the same error about the or he-goats.

6 6When ye come to appear before me; who hath re- him. quired this at your liands?-Ye shall no more tread my

courts.

tions, incense is an abomina- will not despise. tion unto me: your new moons and sabbaths, the calling of ought the more diligently to assemblies I cannot away with, inquire after those things that it is iniquity, even the solemn belong to our salvation, that meeting: your new moons the adversary may not have aand your appointed feasts, my ny entrance into us, and de-

Tage ZEquities SComp Gree User vii. 22.22. 2 Zuch vii. 17. Clem. Alex. 4 Isaiah, i. 11, 5 Lambs. 30t the mercy of our Father. 4Psalm, i. 12, 13, 14, 15.

Christ, which is without the 2 3 Now the assistants of voke of any such necessity.

9 For so the Lord saith a-3 Whilst these remain pure gain to those heretofore; 1 Did of Egypt concerning burntofferings or sacrifices?

> 10 But this I commanded them, saying, 2Let none of no false oath.

11 Forasmuch then as we are not without understanding, we ought to apprehend the de-5 I am full of the burnt-sign 3of our merciful Father. sacrifices, should seek and find how to approach unto

12 And therefore he thus bespeaks us, 4The sacrifice of God (is a broken spirit,) a 7 Bring no more vain obla- broken and contrite heart God

13 Wherefore, brethren, we prive us of our spiritual life.

speaketh to them, concerning yoke, the putting forth of the these things: 1Ye shall not finger, and speaking vanity: fast as ye do this day, to make land if thou draw out thy soul your voice to be heard on high.

15 Is it such a fast that I have chosen? A day for a man to afflict his soul? 2Is it to bow down his head like a bulrush, and to spread sackcloth and ashes under him?-Wilt thou call this a fast, and an acceptable day to the Lord.

16 But to us he saith on this wise. 3 Is not this the fast that I have chosen to loose the bands of wickedness, undo the heavy burdens, and to let the oppressed go free; and that ye break every yoke?

17 4Is it not to deal thy bread to the bungry, and that thou bring the poor that are cast out to thy house? When thou seest the naked that thou cover him, and that thou hide not thyself from thine own flesh?

18 5Then shall thy light break forth as the morning, and thy health shall spring forth speedily; and thy rightgousness shall go before thee, the glory of the Lord shall be thy reward.

19 6Then shalt thou call and the Lord shall answer: thou shall cry and he shall say, Here I am. If thou put away

11s inh lviel. 4 2 Verse 5. 3Verse 6. 4Verse 7. 5Verse 9. 6Verse 9

· 14 Wherefore he again from the midst of thee the to the hungry; and satisfy the afflicted soul.

> 20 In this therefore, brethren, God has manifested his 2foreknowledge and mercy to us; because the people which he has purchased by his beloved Son were to believe in 3sincerity; and therefore he has shewn these things to all of us, that we should not run as proselytes to 4the Jewish Law.

> > CHAP. III.

The prophecies of Daniel concerning the ten kings, and the coming of Christ.

7 HEŘEFORE it is necessary that searching diligently into those 5things which are near to come to pass, we should write to you what may serve to keep you whole.

2 To which end let us flee from every evil work, and hate the errors of the present time, that we may be 6happy in that which is to come:

3 Let us not give ourselves the liberty of disputing with the wicked and sinners; lest we should chance in time to become like unto them.

4 For the consummation

2Providence. 33imi Verse 10 A Their . 5Histantibes : read Instantibus. 6Beloved.

of Isin is come, as it is writ-received the covenant from ten, as the prophet Daniel the Lord, even the two tables says. And for this end the of stone written by the hand Lord hath shortened the times of God. and the days, that his beloved might hasten his coming to selves to idols they lost it; his inheritance.

2There shall ten kings reign ly, for thy people which thou in the earth, and there shall hast brought forth out of Erise last of all another little gypt, have corrupted themone, and he shall humble three selves, and turned aside from

kings.

in like manner concerning the two tables out of his hands; kingdoms; Sand I saw the and their covenant was brofourth beast dreadful and ter- ken; that the love of Jesus rible, and strong exceedingly; might be sealed in your hearts, and it had ten horns. 41 con- unto the hope of his faith. sidered the horns, and behold 10 Wherefore let us give there came up among them heed unto the last times. For another little horn, before all the 3time past of our life, which were three of the first and our faith will profit us horns plucked up by the roots. nothing; unless we continue

understand this also: And I withstand the future temptabeseech you, as one of your tions. own brethren, loving you all tells us; Let us resist all inibeyond my own life, that you quity and hate it. look well to yourselves, and be not like to those who 5add sin to sin, and say; That their covenant is ours also .-Nay, but it is ours only; for they have forever lost that which Moses received.

ture: 6And Moses continued For the Scripture saith; 5Woe fasting forty days and forty pights in the Mount; and he

1Temptation Dan ix. 2Dau, vii. Verse 19 3Days SVerse 7. 4Verse 8. 5Heap up sins. 5Vid. Cr. Clem. Alex. Isaiah, v. 21. 6Exod. xxxi, xxxiv.

9. But having turned themas the Lord also said to Mo-5 For so the prophet speaks; ses: Moses, 1go down quickthe way which I commanded 6 And again Daniel speaks them. 2 And Moses cast the

7 We ought therefore to to bate what is evil, and to So the Son of God

11 Wherefore consider the works of the evil way. not withdraw vourselves from others, as if you were already justified; but coming all together into one place, inquire what is agreeable to, and pro-8 For thus saith the Scrip- fitable for the beloved of God. unto them that are wise in

Deut. ix. 12.

their own eyes, and prudent OR this cause did our Lord in their own sight.

- ual, a perfect temple to God. the forgiveness of our sins we As much as in us lies let us might be sanctified; that is, meditate upon the fear of God; by the sprinkling of his blood. and strive to the utmost of our power to keep his com- the things that are written amandments; that we may bout him, some belong to the rejoice in his righteous judg- people of the Jews, and some ments.
- 18 For God will judge the

follow him.

sins; and the the kingdom of the Lord.

16 Consider this also: although you have seen so great signs and wonders done among the people of the Jews, yet this notwithstanding the Lord hath forsaken them.

17 Beware therefore, lest it happen to us; as it is written, 2There be many called, but few chosen.

CHAP. IV.

That Christ was to suffer: proved from the prophecies concerning him.

1 Matt xxv. 7, 10. **180**

vouchsafe to give up his 12 Let us become spirit-body to destruction, that thro?

2 Now for what concerns to us.

3 For thus saith the Scripworld without respect of per- ture; the was wounded for sons; and every one shall our transgressions, he was receive according to his works. bruised for our iniquities, and 14 If a man shall be good, by his blood we are healed.—. his righteousness shall go be- He was led as a lamb to the fore him: if wicked, the re-slaughter, and as a sheep beward of his wickedness shall fore his shearers is dumb, so he opened not his mouth.

15 Take heed therefore lest 4 Wherefore, we ought the sitting still now, that we are more to give thanks unto God, called, we fall asleep in our for that he hath both declared wicked one unto us what is passed, 2and getting the dominion over us, not suffered us to be without stir us up, land shut us out of understanding of those things that are to come.

5 But to them he saith: 3The nets are not unjustly spread for the birds.

6 This he spake, because a man will justly perish, if having the knowledge of the way of truth, he shall nevertheless not refrain himself from the way of darkness.

7 And for this cause the Lord was content to suffer for our souls, although he be the Lord of the whole earth; to whom

Ilsaiah, liii 5, 7. 2Vid. Edit. Ox-2Matt. xxii. 14 on. p. 21. 3Prov. i. 17.

God said before the beginning of the world, 1Let us make fested himself to be the Son of man after our own image and God. likeness.

us, seeing that it was by men him, that they might be savthat he underwent it, 2I will ed? shew you.

9 The prophets having received from him the gift of prophecy, spake before con-

cerning him:

- 10 But he, that he might abolish death, and make known the resurrection from the dead, was content, as it was necessary, to appear in the flesh, that he might make good the promise before given to our fathers, and preparing himself new people, might demonstrate to them whilst he was upon earth, that after the resurrection he would judge the world.
- 11 And finally teaching the people of Israel, and doing many, wonders, and signs among them, he preached to them, and shewed the exceeding great love which he bare towards them.
- 12 And when he chose his apostles, which were afterwards to publish his Gospel, he took men who had been very great sinners; that thereby he might plainly shew, 3 That he came not to call the righteous but sinners to repentance.

1Gen i. 26. 2Learn. 3Matt. ix.13 181

- 13 Then he clearly mani-For had he not come in the flesh, how should men 8 Now how he suffered for have been able to look upon
 - 14 Seeing if they behold only the sun, which was the work of his hands, and shall hereafter cease to be, they are not able to endure stedfastly to look against the rays of it.
 - 15 Wherefore the Son of God came in the flesh for this cause, that he might fill up the measure of their iniquity, who have persecuted his prophets unto death. And for the same reason also he suffered.
 - 16 For God hath said, of the 1 stripes of his flesh. that they were from them .---And, 21 will smite the shepherd, and the sheep of the flock shall be scattered.
 - 17 Thus he would suffer. because it behoved him to suffer upon the cross.
 - 18 For thus one saith, prophesying concerning him; 3 Spare my soul from the sword. And again, Pierce my flesh from thy fear.
 - 19 And again, the congregation of wicked doers rose up

1 Namely, from the Jews. 2Zach. ziii 6, 7. 3According to the LXX. Psalm xxii. 20. Psalm exix. 120, Psalm xxii. 16, 17. against me, 1 (They have pier-| gainst sufferings, he saith, 11 ced my hands and my feet.)

20 And again be saith, I gave my back to the smiters, adds; 2 The stone which the 2and my cheeks to be buffeted, builders refused is become the and my face I set as an hard rock.

CHAP. V.

The subject continued. ND when he had fulfilled the commandment God. What says he? 8Who will contend with me? Let him stand against me: or who is he that will implead me? Let him draw near to the servant of the Lord. Wo be to vou! 4Because ve shall all wax old as a garment, the moth shall eat you up.

2 And again the prophet adds, 5He is put for a stone of stumbling. 6Behold I lay in Zion for a foundation, a precious stone, a choice cornerstone; an honourable stone. And what follows? And he that hopeth in him shall live

for ever.

3 What then? Is our hope built upon a stone? God for-But because the Lord hath 7hardened his flesh a-

1These words were doubtless cited thus by Barnabus, because that without them, those foregoing do not prove the Crucifizion of Christ. But through the repetition of the same preposition, this latter part was so early omitted that it was not in the Latin interpreter's Copy. 2Isaish, 1 6. 3Isaish, 1. tes agapes umon. 3, 9. 4Septuag. Inter. 5Isaish. viii. 7Psalm cxviii 12, 14, 6Isaish, xxviii 16. 7Gr. Put in 9Isaish, iii. 9. strength or strengthened.

have put me as a firm rock.

4 And again the prophet head of the corner. gain he saith; 3This is the great and wonderful day which the Lord hath made. 4I write these things the more plainly to you that ye may understand: 5For indeed I could be content even to die for your sakes.

5 But what saith the prophet again; 6The counsel of the wicked encompassed me about. 7They came about me, as bees about the honeycomb: and, 8Upon my ves-

ture they cast lots.

6 Forasmuch then as our Saviour was to appear in the flesh, and suffer; his passion

was hereby foretold.

7 For thus saith the prophet against Israel: 9Wo be to their soul, because they have taken wicked counsel against themselves, saying; Let us 10lay snares for the righteous, because he is unprofitable to

8 Moses also in like manner speaketh to them: 11 Behold thus saith the Lord God; Enter ve into the good land

Haaiah, 1. 7. 2Psalm cxviii. 22. 3Verse 24. Clem, Alex, Strom v. 4This is not in the Old Latin Version. 5Vid. Edit Oxon. p. 29 a. peripsema 6Psalm xxii. 16. 8Psalm xxii. 18. 10Bind. 11Exod. xxxiii. 1.

of which the Lord hath sworn man after our likeness and sito Abraham, and Isaac, and militude; and let them have Jacob, that he would give it dominion over the beasts of you, and possess it; a land the earth, and over the fowls flowing with milk and honey. of the air, and over the fish of

9 Now what the spiritual the sea. meaning of this is, learn; 111 13 And when the Lord is as if it had been said; Put saw the man which he had your trust in Jesus, who shall formed, that behold he was be manifested to you in the very good; he said, 1Increase flesh. For man is the earth and multiply, and replenish which suffers: for asmuch as the earth. And this he spake out of the 2substance of the to his son. earth Adam was formed.

mean when he says, Into a ture, in the latter days: good land flowing with milk 15 The Lord saith; 3Be-Lord, who has given us wis- the first. Wherefore the prostand the hard sayings of the ver it. Lord? 4But he that is wise, 16 Wherefore ye see how and intelligent, and that loves we are again formed anew; his Lord.

renewed us by the remission Lord. I will take from them, of our sins, he has 5put us into that is, from those whom the another frame, that we should Spirit of the Lord foresaw, have souls blike those of chil-their hearts of stone, and I. dren forming us again himself will put into them hearts of 7by the spirit.

12 For thus the Scripture introduceth the Father speak- and to dwell in us.

IVid. Coteler, Aunot. Marg. x. habitation of our heart is 2. Clem. Alex. 2Prosopou. SOsee, xiv ult 4Prov. i 6. Eccl. i 10. 5Gr. made us another form. 6Vid. Edit. Oxon. p. 30. b. 7Vid. Vet. Lat. luterp. 8As he saith to the Son. 9Gen. i 16. 4Comp. Heb. iii. 5Ezek. xi. 19. i 26. Comp. Coloss. iii. 10. i. 26. Comp. Coloss. iii. 10.

14 I will now shew you, 10 What therefore does he how he made us 2a new crea-

and honey? Blessed be our hold I will make the last asdom, and a heart to understand phet thus spake; 4Enter into his secrets. For so says the the land flowing with milk and prophet, 3Who shall under-honey, and have dominion o-

as also he speaks by another 11 Seeing therefore he has prophet: 5 Behold, saith the

17 Because he was about to saith concerning us, 8 where it be made manifest in the flesh.

ing to the Son; 9Let us make .18 For, my brethren, the

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Tholy temple unto the Lord. heritors of the covenant of the For the Lord saith again: 2In Lord. what place shall I appear before the Lord my God, and be The scape-goat, an evident

glorified?

gation in the midst of my the good God hath before manbrethren; and will sing unto ifested all things unto us, that thee in the church of the saints. we might know to whom we

whom he has brought into that and praise.

good land.

dominion over the land.

22 For he foretold above, gar and gall to drink. saying, Increase, and multiply,

fishes, &c.

- minion over the wild beasts, or did not fast the appointed fast fishes, or fowls of the air?- he 2should die the death: beto have power, that a man day to offer up his 3body for should be set over what he our sins; that so the type of rules.
- 24 But forasmuch as this we have not now, he tells us when we shall have it; namely, when we shall become per- he says by the prophet? 5 And fect, that we may be made in-

1 Pet a 2

CHAP. VI.

type of this.

19 He answers, I will confess unto thee in the congre- beloved children, that 20 Wherefore we are they ought always to give thanks

2 If therefore the Son of 21 3But what signifies the God, who is the Lord of all, milk and honey? Because as and shall come to judge both the child is nourished first the quick and dead, hath sufwith milk, and then with hon-fered, that by his stripes we ey; so we being kept alive by might live: let us believe that the belief of his promises, and the Son of God could not have his word, shall live and have suffered but for us. But, being crucified, they gave him vine-

- 3 Hear therefore how the and have dominion over the priests of the temple did foreshew this also: 1the Lord by 23 But who is there that his command which was writis now able to have this do-ten, declared that whosoever For you know that to rule is cause he also was himself one was done in might be fulfilled, who was offered upon the altar.
 - 4 What therefore is it that

1See this applied after the same manner, Heb ix. 2Levit. xxiii. 29. 1 So St Paul 1 Cor. iii 16. 17. vi 3The vessel of his spirit. 4Gen xxii. 19. 2Psatnextii. 2. 3Comp. Hier. iii 5Numb. xxix. &c Vid. Coteler. in Jenuxii. 22. et in Jenuxii. 5. Add Marg et Annot, in loc, Comp. Observ. Edit. Oxon.

let them eat of the goat which derness, land took away the is offered in the day of the fast scarlet wool, and put it upon a for all their sins. diligently, (my brethren,) and sprouts when we find them in all the priests, and they only shall eat the inwards, not washed, with vinegar.

5 Why so ? because 1I know that when I shall hereafter offer my flesh for the sins of a new people, ye will give me vinegar to drink mixed with gall; therefore do ye only eat, the people fasting the Because they shall see Christ while, and lamenting in sackcloth and ashes.

6 And that he might foreshew, that he was to suffer for them, hear then, how he ap- him,

pointed it.

7. 2 Take, says he, two goats, fair and alike, and offer them; and let the high-priest take one of them for a burnt-offering.-And what must be done with the other? Let it, says he, be heretofore commanded, to take accursed.

- 8 Consider how exactly this appears to have been a Saviour) hereafter coming (in type of Jesus. the congregations spit upon it, may be amazed at the likeness and prick it; and put the of the goats. scarlet wool about its head: thus let it be carried forth into gain see a type of Jesus who the wilderness.
- 9 And this being done, he that was appointed to convey the goat, led it into the wil-

1Vid Annot, Coteler in loc. 2Le vit xvi. Vid. Maimon, Tract, de Die Exp. Edit du Veil p. 359. Add, Apnot Cotel and Ed. Oxon, in loc. 3Vid. Annot Cotel and Ed. Oxon, in loc. 3Vid. Seli Oxon, p. 40. a, 41 b.

Hearken thorn-bush, whose 2 young the field we are wont to eat: so the fruit of that thorn only is sweet.

> 10 And to what end, was this ceremony? Consider; one was offered upon the altar, the

other was accursed.

11 And why was which was accursed, crowned? in that day having a scarlet garment about his body; and shall say: Is not this he whom we crucified; having despised pierced him, mocked him? Certainly, this is he who then said, that he was the Son of God.

12 3As therefore he shall be then like to what he was on earth, so were the Jews two goats, fair and equal.-That when they shall see (our 3And let all the clouds of heaven,) they

13 Wherefore 4ye here a-

was to suffer for us.

14 But what then signifies this, that the wool was to be put into the midst of the

15 This also is a figure of with it; the sinners have no Jesus, set out to the church.— more the honour of handling it: For as he who would take a- 5 But the young men that unto me.

CHAP. VII.

of Christ.

suppose it to have been, they were great before God. where it is commanded 3to 7 And why was the wool the people of Israel, that grown put upon a 2stick? Because persons in whom sins are come the kingdom of Jesus to perfection, should offer a founded upon the 2 cross; and heifer, and after they had kil- therefore they that put their led it should burn the same:

sins?

3 Consider how all these

the wicked men that were to they are obscure; because offer it, are those sinners who they hearkened not unto the brought him to death: who voice of the Lord. afterwards have no more to do

1See Acis, xiv. 22 SThat this was also a type of Christ, see Heb. ix. 13. 3Vid, Vet, Lat. Integer, Samplicity Gr.

way the scarlet wool must un-performed the sprinkling, sigdergo many difficulties, be- nified those who preach to us cause that thorn was very the forgiveness of sins, and the sharp, and with difficulty get purification of the heart, to it: 1So they, says Christ, that whom the Lord gave authority will see me, and come to my to preach his Gospel: being kingdom, must through many at the beginning twelve, 1to afflictions and troubles attain signify the tribes, because there were twelve tribes of Israel.

6 But why were there three The red-heifer, another type young men appointed to sprinkle? To denote Abraham. JUT what 2type do ye and Isauc, and Jacob, because

trust in him, shall live for ever.

2 But then young men 8 But why was the wool should take up the ashes and and hyssop put together? To put them in vessels; and tie a signify that in the kingdom of piece of scarlet wool and hys- Christ there shall be evil and son upon a stick, and so the filthy days, in which however young men should sprinkle we shall be saved; and 3beevery one of the people, and cause he that has any disease they should be clear from their in the flesh by some filthy humours, is cured by hyssop.

9 Wherefore these things are delivered in a 4figure to us. being thus done, are to us in-4 This heifer is Jesus Christ; deed evident, but to the 4Jews

> CHAP. VIII. 2Numb, xix. Of the circumcision of the

> > 1Gr. to testify 2Wood. Ceteler, in loc. 4Them.

told Christ by name.

ND therefore the Scrip- 7 But they have transgrescerning our ears, that God has the evil 1 one hath deceived circumcised them, together with them. For thus God bespeaks our hearts. the Lord by the holy prophet: your God, (Here I find the 1By the hearing of the ear new law) Sow not among they obeyed me.

are afar off, shall hear and un- And what doth he mean by derstand what things I have this saying? Hearken unto And again, 3Circum- your Lord. cise your hearts, saith the

O Israel! For thus saith the neck. And again, 4Behold, Lord thy God. And again saith the Lord, all the nations the Spirit of God prophesieth, are uncircumcised, (they have saying; 5Who is there that not lost their fore-skin;) but would live forever, 6let him this people is uncircumcised in hear the voice of my Son.

these things for a witness.

8Hear the word of the Lord, they therefore of the covenant ye princes of the people. And of Israel? And even the Eagain, 9Hear O children! The gyptians themselves are cirvoice of one crying in the wil- cumcised. derness.

cised our ears, that we should by, that Abraham, who was the hear his word, and believe. first that brought in circumcis-But as for that circumcision, in ion, looking forward in the

1 Septung. Psalm xvii 45 2 Isarahi xxxiii 13 3Jer. iv. 4. 4Jer. vii. 2 4Deut x 16 5That people. 6Vid. 5Psalms xxxiii xxxiv. 6Isarahi 1 10 Coteler. in loc. confer. Orig. ad Rom. 7Isarah, i. 2. 8Isarahi, i. 10, 9Isa. xl. 3- cap. ii. 25.

ears: and how in the first which the Jews trust, it is abolinstitution of circumcision, ished. For the circumcision Abraham mystically fore- of which God spake, was not of the flesh:

ture again speaks con- sed his commands, because For thus saith them; 2Thus saith the Lord thorns; but circumcise your-2 And again, 2 They who selves to the Lord your God.

8 And again he saith, 3Circumcise the hardness of your 3 And again he saith, 4 Hear heart, and harden not your heart.

f

4 And again, 7 Hear O 9 But you will say 5the Heaven, and give ear O Earth! Jews were circumcised or a Because the Lord has spoken sign. 6And so are all the ese things for a witness. Syrians and Arabians, and all 5 And again he saith, the idolatrous priests: but are

10 Understand therefore. 6 Wherefore he has circum-children, these things more ful-

Spirit to Jesus, circumcised, | S & UT why did Moses say having received the ministry of three letters.

11 For the Scripture says that Abraham three hundred and eighteen upon him?—I answer, that in men of his house. 1 But what therefore was the mystery that hended three doctrines, that was made known unto him?

12 Mark, first the eighteen, thence. and next the three hundred .-For the numeral letters of ten and eight are I H. And these omy, and I will give my statdenote Jesus.

13 And because the cross was that by which we were to find grace; therefore he adds, three hundred; the note of which is T (the figure of his cross.) Wherefore by two letters, he signified Jesus, and by the third his cross.

14 He who has put the engrafted gift of his doctrine within us, knows, that I never taught to any one a more 2certain truth : but I trust that ye are worthy of it.

CHAP. IX.

That the commands of Moses concerning clean and unclean beasts, &c. were all designed for a spiritual signification.

1That many others of the ancient Fathers have concurred with him in this: see Coteler. in loc, Add. Eund. p. 34.35, ibid Ed. Oxon, in loc. 40 instance of the like kind. See Rev. xm. 17, 18, Annot D. Bernard, Edit. Oxon. p. 125. 2Genuine

1 Ye shall not eat of the swine, neither the eagle, nor the hawk; nor the crow; nor circumcised any fish that has not a scale the spiritual sense, he comprewere to be 2gathered from

2 Besides which he says to them in the book of Deuteronutes unto this people. Wherefore it is not the command of God that they should not eat these things; but Moses in the spirit spake unto them.

3 Now the sow he forbad them to eat; meaning thus much; thou shalt not join thyself to such persons as are like unto swine; who whilst they live in pleasure, forget their God; but when any want pinches them, then they know the Lord: as the sow when she is full knows not her master; but when she is hungry, she makes a noise; and being again fed, is silent.

4 Neither, says he, shalt thou eat the eagle, nor the hawk, nor the kite, nor the crow; that is, thou shalt not keep company with such kind of men as know not how by

1That in this he goes on the received opinion of the R. R. Vid. Annot. Coteler, and Ed. Oxon, is loc. Levit. xi, Deut. xiv. Add. Ainsworth on Lev. xi. 1. And again on Deut. xiv. 4. 21a the understanding. Deut. iv.

their labor and sweat to get | not an adulterer, nor a corrupthemselves food: but injuri- ter of others; neither be like ously ravish away the things to such. And wherefore so? of others; and watch how to -1 Because that creature evelay snares for them; when at ry year changes its kind, and the same time they appear to is sometimes male, and somelive in perfect innocence.

5 (1So these birds alone seek not food for themselves, justly hated the weazle; to the but) sitting idle seek how they end that they should not be like may eat of the flesh which oth- such persons who with their ers have provided; being de- mouths commit wickedness, by structive through their wicked- reason of their uncleanness; ness.

thou eat the lamprey, nor the mouths commit wickedness. polypus, nor the cuttle-fish; 2 Because that animal conceives that is, thou shalt not be like with its mouth. such men, by using to converse with them; who are 2altogeth- ing as concerning meats, deliver wicked and adjudged to ered indeed three great predeath. For so those fishes are cepts to them in the spiritual alone accursed, and wallow in signification of those comthe mire, nor swim as other fishes, but tumble in the dirt to the desires of the flesh, unat the bottom of the deep.

7 But he adds. 3 Neither shalt thou eat of the hare. To what end?—To signify this to took aright the knowledge of us; 4Thou shalt not be an adulterer; nor liken thyself to in like manner; such persons. For the hare every year multiplies 5the pla- hath not walked in the counces of its conception; and as many years as it lives, so many6 it has.

8 Neither shalt thou eat of the hyena: that is, again, be sinners, as they who seem to

1Vid. Antiq. Lat. Vers. 2Wicked 1So several naturalists have entired to the end. 3See Coteler. Annot. in ed, though others deny it.—See Annot. loc. 4Thou shalt not abuse thyself Coteler. in loc. 2Vid. Arist. apud with mankind. 5Aphodeusin. 6Tru- Euseb. Præp. Evang. L. viii. cap. 9, Add. Coteler. in loc. 3Psalm i. 1.

times female.

9 For which cause also he nor join themselves with those 6 Neither, says he, shalt impure women, who with their

> 10 Moses therefore speakmands. But they according derstood him as if he had only meant it of meats.

11 And therefore David his threefold command, saying -

12 3Blessed is the man that. sel of the ungodly; as the fishes before mentioned in the bottom of the deep in darkness.

13 Nor stood in the way of

fear the Lord, but yet sin, as this present world; but his exthe sow.

14 And hath not sat in the other. seat of the scorners; as those admirably Moses commanded birds who sit and watch that these things. they may devour.

concerning meat perfectly set it? We therefore understandforth, and according to the ing aright the commandments,

true knowledge of it.

shall eat all that divideth the cised our ears and our hearts, hoof, and cheweth the cud. that we might know these Signifying thereby such an one things. as having taken his food, knows him that nourisheth Baptism and the cross of him; and resting upon him, rejoiceth in him.

commandment. 2What there- manifest any thing beforehand fore is it that he says?—That cor cerning water and the cross. we should hold fast to them that fear the Lord; with those these, it is written to the peowho meditate on the command ple of Israel how they shall of the word which they have not receive that baptism which received, in their heart; with brings to forgiveness of sins; those that declare the right-but shall institute another to eous judgments of the Lord; themselves, that cannot.

work of pleasure, and there- at it, because this people have fore 3 exercise themselves in done two great and wicked the word of the Lord.

1See Edit. Oxon. p. 64. a. So Iren. adv. Her.l.v c. 8. 2Comp.Clem.Alex. ppon.

pectation is fixed upon the See, brethren, how

20 But how should we thus 15 Here you have the law know all this, and understand speak as the Lord would have 16 But says Moses, 1Ye us. Wherefore he has circum-

·CHAP. X.

Christ, foretold in figures. under the law.

17 And in this he spake ET us now inquire whethwell, having respect to the er the Lord took care to

2 Now for the former of

and keep his commandments; 3 For thus saith the proph-18 In short, with those who et: 1Be astorished O Heav-know that to meditate is a en! and let the earth tremble things: they have left me, the 19 But why might they eat fountain of living water, and those that clave the hoof?— have digged for themselves Because the righteous liveth in broken cisterns, that can hold no water.

4 Is my holy mountain & 1 iii. c. 11. et simil. Orig. Theod: &ce | 2 Zion a desolate wilderness? Coteler, Amot, in lec; &Ruminate | 1 Jemmon, ii. 12. 2Viel. Ansofe Coteler, and Ed. Oxpg. in loca

bird when its nest is taken a- joined both the cross and the

way.

5 And again the prophet saith, 2I will go before thee, ed are they who put their trust and will make plain the moun-in the cross, descend into tains, and will break the gates the water; for they shall have of brass, and will snap in sun- their reward in due time : then der the bars of iron: and will saith he, will I give it them. give thee dark, and hidden, 12 But as concerning the and invisible treasures, that present time he saith, their they may know that I am the leaves shall not fall: meaning Lord God.

3in the high den of the strong shall through faith and charity rock. And then, what follows be to the conversion and hope in the same prophet? His wa- of many. ter is faithful: ye shall see the 13 In like manner doth an-

other prophet; He that does nifying thereby 3the vessel of these things; 4shall be like a his spirit, tree planted by the currents of 14 And what follows?water, which shall give its fruit And there was a river running in its season. er he doth it shall prosper.

the earth.

shall not stand in the judgthe council of the righteous.— For the Lord knoweth the ever. way of the righteous, and the way of theungodly shall perish.

11saiah xvi. 1, 2. 21saiah, xlv: 2. Msaiah, xxxiii. 16, 17. 4Psaka i.

-1For ye shall be as a young 10 Consider how he has water together.

11 For this he saith: Bles-

thereby, that every word that 6 And again: He shall dwell shall go out of your mouth,

king with glory, and your soul other prophet speak. 1And shall learn the fear of the Lord. the land of Jacob was the 7 And again he saith in an-praise of all the earth; 2mag-

Its leaf also on the right-hand, and beautishall not wither, and whatsoev-ful trees grew up by it; and he that shall eat of them shall live 8 As for the wicked it is not for ever. The signification of so with them; but they are as which is this: that we go the dust which the wind scat- down into the water full of sins tereth away from the face of and pollutions; but come up again bringing forth fruit; 9 Therefore the ungodly having in our hearts the fear and hope which is in Jesus, by ment, neither the sinners in the spirit And whosoever shall eat of them shall live for

> 1Zeph: iii. 19. 2For touto legei and o, the Old Interpreter did not read: nd Clemens Alex, lib iii. Strom. p. 463. transcribing this pussage, hath them not. 3i. c. The body of Christ.

them, and shall believe, shall and so Israel again conquered. live forever.

CHAP. XI.

The subject continued.

N like manner he determines concerning the cross in lanother prophet, saying; And when shall these things be fulfilled?

2 The Lord answers; When the tree that is fallen shall rise, and when blood shall drop down from the tree. Here you have again mention made both of the cross, and of him that was to be crucified upon it.

- 3 2And yet farther he saith by Moses; (when Israel was fighting with, and beaten by, a strange people; to the end that God might put 3them in mind how that for their sins thev were delivered death) yea the holy spirit put it into the heart of Moses, to represent both the sign of the cross, and of him that was to suffer: that so they might know that if they did not be lieve in him, they should be overcome for ever.
- 4 Moses therefore 4piled up armour upon armour in the middle of a rising ground, and

1Vid Conject. Edit. Oxon. Comp. iv. Esdr. v. 4. et Obs, Corel, in bet. 2See St Hier, in like manuer, Angor D. Bernard, p. 124, Edit. Oxon. Ex od. zvii. 3That were so beaten, 44. gain set them in array; being armed. Lat. Vers.

15 That is, whosoever shall standing up high above all of hearken to those who call them stretched forth his arms,

5 But no sooner did he let down his hands, but they were And why so? again slain. —To the end they might know that except they trust in him they cannot be saved.

6 And in another prophet, he saith, 1I have stretched out my hands all the day long to a people disobedient, and speaking against my righteous

7 And again Moses makes a 2type of Jesus, to shew that he was to die, and then that he, whom they thought to be dead, was to give life to others; in the 3type of 4those that fell in Israel.

8 For God caused all sorts of serpents to bite them, and they died; forasmuch as by a serpent transgression began in Eve; that so he might convince them that for their transgressions they shall be delivered into the pain of death.

9 Moses then himself, who had commanded them, saying, 5Ye shall not make to yourselves any graven, or molten image, to be your God; yet now did so himself, that he might represent to them the figure of the Lord Jesus.

11saiah, ixv. 2. 2So Irenœus, Just. Jart. St. Chrystos, &c. Vid. Edit. 'xon. p. 77. a. 3 Sign, 4Israel falling. 5Deut. zzvii. 15.

and called the people together son of man, but the Son of by a proclamation: where being come, they intreated Mo-and in the flesh. ses that he would make an at- 13 But because it might that they might be healed.

to them, saying; when any knowing the errors of the wickone among you shall be bitten, ed, saith; 2the Lord said unthat is set upon the pole; and right-hand until I make thine let him assuredly trust in him, enemies thy footstool. that though he be dead, yet he is able to give life, and pres- keth on this wise, The Lord ently he shall be saved; and said unto 3Christ my Lord, I so they did. See therefore have laid hold on his righthow here also you have in this hand, that the nations should the glory of Jesus; and that lobey before him, and I will in him and to him are all break the strength of kings. things.

ses to Jesus the Son of Nun, and the Son of God. when he gave that name unto him, as being a prophet, that all the people might hear him The promise of God not made alone, 2because the Father did manifest all things concerning his Son Jesus, in 3Jesus the Son of Nun; and gave him that name when he sent him to spy out the land of Canaan; people be the heir, or the for-4he said; Take a book in mer; and whether the covethine hands, and write what nant be with us, or with them. the Lord saith: forasmuch as Jesus the Son of God shall in the people, hear now what the the last day cut off by the Scripture saith.

1Rom. xi. 36. 2Deut. xviii. 15.18. 1Comp. Vet. Lat. Interp. 2Psalm 3So the other Fathers. Just Mart. cix. 3. 3Vid. Annot. Coleler. in loc. &c. Vid. Edit. Oxon. page 79. 4Vid. Edit. Qxon. page 78, c. 1saiab, xiv. 1: 4Comp. Vet. Lat. 1nterp.

10 For he made a brazen roots all the house of Amalek. serpent, and set it up on high, See here again Jesus, not the

onement for them, and pray hereafter be said, that Christ was the Son of David; 1there-11 Then Moses spake un- fore David fearing and welllet him come unto the serpent to my Lord, sit thou on my

15 Behold, how both 4Da-12 Again; What says Mo- vid and Isaiah call him Lord,

CHAP. XII.

to the Jews only, but to the Gentiles also, and fulfilled to us by Jesus Christ.

2 And first, as concerning

Rebekah, because she was bar- Jacob: Put thy right-hand upren; and she conceived. Af- on the head of Manasseh, for terwards Rebekah went forth he is my first-born son. And to inquire of the Lord.

her: There are two nations but the greater shall serve the in thy womb, and two people lesser; though he also shall be shall come from thy body; blessed. and the one shall have power over the other, and the greater pointed it, that they should be shall serve the lesser. Under-the first people, and heirs of stand here who was Isaac; the covenant. who Rebekah; and of whom it was foretold, that this peo- have yet farther taken nople should be greater than that. tice of this by Abraham too;

cy Jacob speaketh more clear-then be perfectly established. ly to his son Joseph, saving: 2Behold the Lord hath not de- ture to Abraham, when he 1 prived me of seeing thy face, believed, and it was imputed bring me thy sons that I may unto him for righteousness? Bebless them. And he brought hold I have made thee a fathunto his father, 3 Manasseh and er of the nations, which with-Ephraim, desiring that he out circumcision believe the should bless Manasseh.because Lord. he was the elder.

him to the right-hand of his ed the covenant, which he the spirit foresaw the figure would give this people? Yes, of the people that was to verily, he gave it: but they

come.

7 And what saith the Scrip- by reason of their sins. ture? And Jacob crossed his hands, and put his right-hand upon Ephraim, his second and the younger son, and blessed

1Gen. xxv. 21. Comp. St. Paul, Romix. Just. Mart. Tert &c. Vid Ed. Oxon. p. 81. a. 2Gen. xlviii. 3Vid. Lat. Interp. Vet.

3 1Isaac prayed for his wife him. And Joseph said unto Jacob said unto Joseph; I 4 And the Lord said unto know it, my son, I know it;

8 Ye see of whom ye ap-

9 If therefore God shall 5 And in another prophe- our understanding of it will

10 What then saith the scrip-

11 Let us therefore now in-6 Therefore Joseph brought quire, whether God has fulfillfather Jacob. But Jacob by sware to our fathers, that he were not worthy to receive it

12 For thus saith the prophet: 2And Moses continued fasting in mount Sinai, to receive the covenant of the Lord with the people, forty days and forty nights.

1Gen. xv. 17. 30 St. Paul himself applies this; Rom. iv. 3.

kxiv. 18,

the finger of the Lord's hand deemed thee. in the Spirit. And Moses brought them down that he appearing he might redeem might deliver them to the people.

people which thou broughtest word. out of the land of Egypt have

done wickedly.

that they had again set up a prepare unto himself a holy molten image; and he cast people. the two tables out of his hands; and the tables of the covenant saith: 11 the Lord thy God of the Lord were broken. Mo- have called thee in righteousses therefore received them, but ness, and I will take thee by they were not worthy.

16 Now then learn how we thee. have received them. Moses, covenant of the people, for a being a servant took them; light of the Gentiles. 2To obut the Lord himself has given pen the eyes of the blind. to them unto us, that we might bring out the prisoners from be the people of his inherit-the prison, and then that sit ance, having suffered for us.

17 He was therefore made house. manifest; that they should fill up the measure of their sins, and that we 3being made heirs ed. And again the prophet by him, should receive the covenant of the Lord Jesus.

saith: 4Behold, I have set thee for a light unto the Gen-

1Deut. ix. 10. Exod.xxxi 12. 2Exod xxxii 7. Deut. ix. 12. 3Vid. Lat. Interp. Vet. 4Isaiah, xlix. 6. 4For salvation unto.

13 1 And he received of the the ends of the earth, saith the Lord two tables written with Lord the God who hath re-

19 Who for that very end when he had received them was prepared, that by his own our hearts, already devoured by death, and delivered over 14 And the Lord said unto to the irregularity of error, Moses; 2Moses, Moses, get from darkness; and establish thee down quickly, for the a covenant with us by his

20 For so it is written, that the father commanded him by 15 And Moses understood delivering us from darkness, to

21 Wherefore the prophet thy hand and will strengthen And give thee for a in darkness out of the prison-

22 Consider therefore from whence we have been redeemsaith; 3 The spirit of the Lord is upon me, because he hath 18 And again the prophet annointed me; he hath sent me to preach glad tidings to the lowly; to heal the broken tiles, to be 5the saviour of all in heart; to preach remission to the captives, and sight unto

11s. iah, xlii. 6. 2Verse 7. 3lsaiak, ixi. 1,2. Comp. Luke iv. 18.

the blind: to proclaim the acceptable year of the Lord, and a thousand years: as himself the day of restitution; to comfort all that mourn.

CHAP. XIII.

That the sabbath of the Jews was but a figure of a more glorious sabbath to come, and their temple, of the spiritual temples of God.

sabbath, in the Ten 1Com- One, and judge the ungodly; mandments, which God spake in the mount Sinai to Moses, the moon, and the stars; then 2face to face: Sanctify the he shall gloriously rest in that sabbath of the Lord with pure seventh day. hands, and with a clean heart.

3If thy children shall keep hands and a pure heart. my sabbaths, then will I put Wherefore we are greatly de-

my mercy upon them. ning of the creation he makes which God has made holv. mention of the sabbath. 4And without having a heart pure in God made in six days the all things. works of his hands; and he finished them on the 5seventh then truly sanctify it with blesday, and he rested the seventh sed rest, when we (having reday, and sactified it.

4 Consider, my children, what that signifies, he finished them in six days. The mean-the Lord) shall be able to ing of it is this; that in 6six sanctify it, being ourselves first thousand years the Lord God made holy. will bring all things to an end.

1Words. 2Exod. xx. 8. 3Jer. xvii. 34. 4Gen. ii. 2. Exod. xx. 11. xxxi. 5Vid. Coteler. Annot. in loc. 6How general this tradition then was. Se- Coteler, Aunot, in loc. Edit, Oxon page 90. a. Psalm lxxxix. 4.

5 For with him one day is testifieth, saying, Behold this day shall be as a thousand years. Therefore, children, in six days, that is, in six thousand years shall I all things be accomplished.

6 And what is that he saith, And he rested the seventh day: he meaneth this; that when NURTHERMORE it is his Son shall come, and abolwritten concerning the ish the season of the 2Wicked and shall change the sun and

7 He adds lastly: 2 And elsewhere he saith; shalt sanctify it with clean ceived if we imagine that any 3 And even in the begin-one can now sanctify that day

8 Behold therefore he will ceived the righteous promise, when iniquity shall be no more, all things being renewed by

9 Lastly, he saith unto them: 4Your new moons and

IThat is, to the time of the Gospel, says Dr. Bernard, q. v. Annot p. 127. Ed. Oxon. 2So the Lat. Vers. Sissinh i. 13 .

your sabbaths I cannot bear Know therefore that all their Consider what he hope is vain. means by it; the sabbaths. says he, which ye now keep after this manner: 1Behold are not acceptable unto me, they that destroy this temple. but those which I have made: when resting from all things I up. And so it shall come to shall begin I the eighth day, pass; for through their wars it that is, the beginning of the o- is now destroyed by their enether world.

10 For which cause we ob- enemies build it up. serve the eighth day with gladness, in which Jesus rose from made manifest, how both the the dead; and having mani-city and the temple, and the fested himself to his disciples, people of Israel should be givascended into heaven.

- speak to you concerning the pass in the last days, that the temple: how those miserable Lord will deliver up the sheep men being deceived have put of his pasture, and their fold, their trust in the 2house, and and their tower unto destrucnot in God himself who made tion. And it is come to pass, as them; as if it were the habita- the Lord hath spoken. tion of God.

manner as the Gentiles, they of God? Yes there is: and

the Lord speaketh, rendering and perfect it. For it is writthe temple vain: 3Who has ten: 3And it shall be that as measured the heaven with a soon as the week shall be comspan, and the earth with his pleted, the temple of the Lord hand? Is it not I? Thus saith shall be gloriously built in the the Lord, 4Heaven is my name of the Lord. throne, and the earth is my footstool. What is the house that ve will build me? Or what is the place of my rest? Lord? I will shew you.

180 the other Father, q. v. apud Coteler. Annot. in lot. p. 36. 2Vid. Edit. Ozon. et Vet Lat Interp. 3Isa. Usaich viv. 17. 2Zeph. ii. 6. just. zl. 12 4 Isaiah lxvi. 1

14 And again he speaketh even they shall, again build it mies: and the servants of their

15 Furthermore, it has been en up. For the Scripture 11 II It remains yet that I saith; 2And it shall come to

16 Let us inquire therefore. 12 For much after the same whether there be any temple consecrated him in the temple, that there, where himself de-13 But learn therefore how clares that he would both make

> 17 I find therefore that there is a temple. But how shall it be built in the name of the

> 18 Before that we believed

1Isaiah xlix. 17. 2Zeph. ii. 6. juxt. Heb. 3Dan. ix Haggai, ii.

of light.

heart was corruptible, and fee- with wonder, forasmuch as he ble, as a temple truly built never either heard him speakwith hands.

of idolatry, a house of devils; hear them. inasmuch as there was done in it whatsoever was contrary unto temple that is built unto the But it shall be built in Lord. the name of the Lord.

temple of the Lord shall be very gloriously built; and by what means that shall be, learn.

21 Having received remisis, ìn us.

22 But how does he dwell in us? The word of his faith, ther of the things that lnow the calling of his promise, the are, and of those that are to wisdom of his righteous judg-come, you would not yet unments, the commands of his derstand them, seeing they lie doctrine; he himself prophe-in parables. cies within us, he himself dwel-shall suffice as to these things. leth in us, and openeth to us | 3 Let us now go on to the who were in bondage of death other kind of knowledge and the gate of lour temple, that doctrine. There are two ways is, I the mouth of wisdom, hav- of doctrine and power; the ing given repentance unto us; one of hight, the other of darkand by this means has brought ness. us to be an incorruptible temple.

sires to be saved looketh 1 not pointed the 2 angels of God, unto the man, but unto him the leaders of the way of light; that dwelleth in him, speaketh by him; being struck

Wid. Lat Ver. Interp. 198

ing such words out of his 19 For it was a house full mouth, nor ever desired to

24 This is that spiritual

CHAP. XIV.

20 Consider, how that the Of the way of light; being a summary of what a Christian is to do, that he may be happy forever.

ND thus I trust, I have sion of our sins, and trusting A declared to you as much, in the name of the Lord, we and with as great simplicity as are become renewed, being a- I could, those things which gain created as it were from make for your salvation, so asthe beginning. Wherefore God not to have omitted any thing truly dwells in our house, that that might be requisite thereunto.

2 For I should speak far-This therefore

4 But there is a great deal of difference between these two 23 He therefore that de- ways: for over one are apand over the other, the angels of

> 1 So the old Lat. Interp. Coteler in loc. et Basil, in Psalm i.

Lord from everlasting to ever- be quiet. Thou shalt tremble lasting; the other is the prince at the words which thou hast

pointed for him, and will hast shall be, or not. en thither by his works. And the knowledge which has been name of the Lord in vain .given to us for walking in it, is Thou shalt love thy neighbour to this effect: Thou shalt love above thy own soul. him that made thee: thou shalt glorify him that hath redeemed thy conceptions before they thee from death.

6 Thou shalt be simple in heart, and rich in the spirit. Thou shalt not cleave to those thy hand from thy son, or that walk in the way of death. Thon shalt hate to do any thing that is not pleasing unto the fear of the Lord. Thou shalt abhor all dissimulation. Thou shalt not neighbor's goods; neither shalt neglect any of the commands

of the Lord.

self, but shalt be humble. be numbered among the righ-Thou shalt not take honour to teous and the lowly. Whatthyself. Thou shalt not enter ever 2events shall happen unto into any wicked counsel a thee, thou shalt receive them gainst thy neighbour. Thou as good. shalt not be over-confident in thy beart.

fornication, nor adultery,- of death. Thou shalt be sub-Neither shalt thou corrupt thy- ject unto the Lord and to infeself with mankind. shalt not make use of the word sentatives of God, in fear and

of God, to any impurity.

9 Thou shalt not accept any man's person, when thou reprovest any one's faults. Thou

And the one is the shalt be gentle. Thou shalt of the time of unrighteousness. heard. Thou shalt not keep 5 Now the way of light is any hatred in thy heart against this, if any one desires to at- thy brother. Thou shalt not tain to the place that is ap-entertain any doubt whether it

10 Thou shalt not take the

11 Thou shalt not destroy are brought forth; nor kill them after they are born.

12 Thou shalt not withdraw from thy daughter; but shall teach them from their youth

13 Thou shalt not covet the thou be 1an extertioner. Neither shall thy heart be joined 7 Thou shalt not exalt thy- to proud men; but thou shalt

14 Thou shalt not be double-minded, or double-tongued; 8 Thou shalt not commit for a double tongue is the snare Thou rior masters as to the reste-

reverence.

15 Thou shalt not be bit-2Effects. 1Greedy, pleonekles.

ter in thy commands towards with thy hands to give to the any of thy servants that trust poor, I that thy sine may be in God; lest thou chance not forgiven thee. him who is over deliberate both; because he came not to shouldst give: nor baving givcall any with respect of persons, but whomsoever the spirit had prepared.

16 Thou shalt communicate to thy neighbour of all thou hast; thou shalt not call any thing thine own: for if ye partake received; thou shalt neither in such things as are incorruptible, how much more should ve do it in those that are corruptible?

. 17 1 Thou shalt not be forward to speak; for the mouth is the snare of death. 2Strive for thy soul with all thy might. 3Reach not out thine hand to receive, and withhold it not when thou shouldst give.

. 18 Thou shalt love, as the apple of thine eye, every one that speaketh unto thee the Word of the Lord. 4Call to thy remembrance day and night, the future judgment.

19 Thou shalt seek out every day the persons of the 5righteous: and both consider, and go about to exhort others by the word, and meditate how thou mayst save a soul.

20 Thou shalt also labour

1See Eccles, iv. 29. 21bid. ver. 28. For so I chose to read it, uper tes Psaches sou agoneuseis according to the conjecture of Cotelerius. 31bid.ver.36. 4And remember him night and day. The words emeras kriseos, seem to have been erroseously inserted, and pervert the sense. 50r Saints.

Theu shalt not whether thou en, mormur at it.

21 Give to every one that asks: so shalt thou know who is the good rewarder of thy gifts.

22 Keep what thou hast add to it, nor take from it.

23 Let the wicked be always thy aversion. shalt judge righteous judgment. Thou shalt never cause divisions; but shalt make peace between those that are at variance, and bring them together.

24 Thou shalt confess thy sins; and not come to thy prayer with an evil conscience.

25 This is the way of light.

CHAP, XV.

Of the way of darkness ; that is, what kind of persons shall be forever cast out of the kingdom of God.

DUT the way of darkness is crooked, and full of cursing. For it is the way of eternal death, with punishment; in which they that walk meet those things that destroy their own souls.

2 Such are; idolatry, confidence, pride of power, hypocrisy, double-mindedness,

IGr. For the redemption of thy sing. Comp. Dan. iv. 24. See LXX.

adultery, murder, rapine, pride, other part, shall be destroyed, transgression, deceit, malice, together with his works. For arrogance, witchcraft, covet-this cause there shall be both ousness, and the want of the a resurrection, and a retribufear of God.

are the persecutors of them in high estate among you, (if that are good; haters of truth; so be you will take the counlovers of lies; who know not sel which with a good intenthe reward of righteousness, tion I offer to you,) you have good.

4 Who administer not right- forsake them. eous judgment to the widow 10 For the day is at hand and orphan; who watch for in which all things shall be wickedness, and not for the destroyed, together with the fear of the Lord:

and patience are afar off; him. who love vanity, and follow after rewards; having no again, and again, he as good compassion upon the poor; law-givers to one another; nor take any pains for such as continue faithful counsellors to are heavy laden and oppres- each other: remove from ased.

6 Ready to evil speaking, 12 And may God, the not knowing him that made Lord of all the world, give them: murderers of children; you wisdom, knowledge, councorrupters of the creature of sel and understanding, of his God: that turn away from the judgments in patience. needy; oppress the afflicted: 13 Be ye taught of God; are the advocates of the rich, seeking what it is the Lord rebut unjust judges of the poor : quires of you, and doing it; being altogether sinners.

7 It is therefore fitting that day of judgment. learning the just commands of the Lord, which we have be- you any remembrance of what fore mentioned, we walk in them. does such things shall be glo- both my desire and my watchrified in the kingdom of God.

8 But he that chuses the account.

tion.

3 In this walk those who 9 I beseech those that are nor cleave to any thing that is those with you towards whom you may do good; do not

wicked one. The Lord is 5 From whom gentleness near, and his reward is with

> 11 I beseech you therefore mong you all hypocrisy.

that ye may be saved in the

14 And if there be among should is good, think of me; medi-For he who tating upon these things, that ing for you may turn to a good

EPHESIANS.

as a favor of you; whilst you are ty, that you might rejoice.in this beautiful Itabernacle of Farewell, children of love and the body, be wanting in none peace. of these things; but without ceasing seek them, and falfil of all grace, be with your spirevery command: For these it. things are fitting and worthy | The end of the epistle of to be done.

16 Wherefore I have given! the more diligence to write un-

15 I beseech you; I ask it to you, according to my abili-

17 The Lord of glory, and

Amen.

Barnabas, the Apostle, and fellow-traveller of St. Paul the Apostle.

The EPISTLE of IGNATIUS to the EPHESIANS.

¶ OF THE EPISTLES OF IGNATIUS.

[The Epistles of Ignatius are translated by Archbishop Wake from the text of Vosius. He says that there were considerable differences in the editions; the best for a long time extent containing fabrications, and the genuine being altered and corrupted. Archbishop Usher printed old Latin Translations of them at Oxford, in 1644. At Amsterdam, two years afterwards, Vossius printed six of them in their ancient and pure Greek; and the seventh, greatly amended from the ancient Latin version, was printed at Paris, by Ruinart, in 1689, in the Acts and Martyrdom of Ignatius, from a Greek uninterpolated copy. These are supposed to form the collection that Polycarp made of the Epistles of Ignatius, mentioned by Irenaeus, Origen, Eusebius, Jerome, Athanasius, Theodoret, Gelasius, and other ancients: but many learned men have imagined all of them to be apocryphal. This supposition, the piety of Archbishop Wake, and his persuasion of their utility to the faith of the church, will not permit him to entertain; hence he has taken great pains to render the present translation acceptable, by adding numerous readings and references to the Canonical Books.]

CHAP. I.

1 Commends them for sending Onesimus, and other members of the church to him. 8 Exhorts them to unity, 13 by a due subjection to their bishop. GNATIUS, who is also called Theophorus, to the church which is at Ephesus in

Asia; most deservedly hap-

py; being blessed 1through the greatness and fulness 2of God the Father, and predestinated before the world began. that it should be always unto an enduring and unchangeable glory; being united and chosen 3through his true passion, 3according to the will of the Father, and Jesus Christ our God; all 4happiness, by Je-Ha. 2See Epb. iii. 19. 4llealth, Joy.

Vessel. 202 sus Christ, and this undefiled worthy of him, to lenjoy such Grace.

2 I have 1heard of your | 6 For what concerns my name much beloved in God; fellow-servant Burrhus, and which ye have 2 very justly your 2 most blessed deacon in attained by a 3 habit of right-things pertaining to God; I eousness, according to the entreat you that he may tarry faith and love which is in Jelonger, both for yours, and sus Christ our Saviour.

ers of God, and stirring up both our God and you, whom vourselves by the blood of I have received as the pattern Christ, ye have perfectly ac- of your love, has in all things complished the work that was refreshed me, as the Father of

con-natural unto you.

bound from Syria, for the Onesimus, and Burrhus, and common name and 5hope, Euplus, and Fronto, 3 in whom trusting through your prayers I have, as to your charity seen to fight with beasts at Rome; all of you. And may I althat so by Gsuffering I may be- ways 4have joy of you, if I come indeed the disciple of shall be worthy of it. him 7who gave himself to 8 It is therefore fitting that God, an offering and sacrifice you should 5by all means glofor us; 8(ye hastened to see rify Jesus Christ who hath glome.) I received therefore, in rified you: that 6by a unithe name of God, your whole form obedience 7ve may be multitude in Onesimus.

love is ours, but according to same judgment; and may all the flesh is your bishop: whom speak the same things con-I beseech you, by Jesus Christ, cerning every thing: to love; and that you would 9 And that being subject to strive to be like unto him .- 8 your bishop, and the presby-And blessed be God, who has tery, ye may be wholly and granted unto you, who are so thoroughly sanctified.

1Received. Vid. Epist. Interpol. Scribe to you, not as if I were 2Vid. Coteler. in Isc. Comp. Gal. iv. 3. 3Pearson. Vind. Ignat. Par. 2. Cap. 14. 4Imitators. 5Viz. of Christ. 6Martyrdom. 7Eph. v. 2, 8See the 6Martyrdom. 7Eph. v. 2, 8See the 71 Cor. i. 10. 8The. 9Command old Lat. Ed. of Bishop Usher.

an excellent bishop.

3 How that being 4follow- 7 And Crocus also worthy our Lord Jesus Christ shall 4 For hearing that I came also refresh him; together with

perfectly joined together in 5 Who by inexpressible the same mind, and in the

10 These things I 9pre-

2Blessed in all things. you_

Γ

though I am bound 1 for his perfect unity, with one voice, name, I am not yet periect in sing to the Father by Jesus Christ Jesus. gin to learn, and I speak to both hear you, and perceive you as tellow-disciples together by your works, that ye are inwith me.

11 For I ought to have been stirred up by you, in faith, in admonition, in patience, in long-suffering : but forasmuch as charity suffers! me not to be silent 3towards you, I have first taken upon me to exhort you, that ye 1 would all run together according to the will of God.

12 For even Jesus Christ, our inseparable life is sent by the 4 will of the Father; as the bishops, appointed unto the utmost bounds of the earth, are by the will of Jesus

Christ.

13 5Wherefore it will become you to run together according to the will of your bishop, as also ye do.

14 For your 6famous presbytery, worthy of God, is fitted as exactly to the bishop, as the

strings are to the harp.

15 Therefore in your concord, and agreeing charity Jesus Christ is sung; and every single person among you makes up the chorus:

16 That so being all conso- may agree in the same unity? nant in 7love, and taking up

11n. 2For. 3Concerning 4Mind. counsel, opinion, &c. 5When 6Worthy to be named. 7Concord.

somebody extraordinary: for the song of God, ye may in a 2But now I be- Christ; to the end that he may deed the members of his Son.

17 Wherefore it is profitable for you to live in an unblamable unity, that so ye may always 1have a fellowship

with God.

CHAP. II.

The benefit of subjection. 4. The bishop not to be respected the less because he is not forward in exacting it: 8 warns them against heretics; bidding cleave to Jesus, whose divine and human nature is declared: commends them for their care to keep themselves from false teachers; and shews them the way to God.

NOR if I in this little time have had such a familiarity with your bishop, I mean not a carnal, but spiritual acquaintance with him; how much more must I think you happy who are so joined to him, as the church is to Jesus Christ, and Jesus Christ to the Father; that so all things

2 Let no man deceive himself; if a man be not within the altar, he is deprived of

Partake of.

such force, as we are told; whom ye must 2flee, as ye how much more powerful shall would do so many wild beasts: that of the bishop and the For they are ravening dogs, whole church be?

come together into the same selves, as men hardly to be place with it, is 2 proud, and cured. has already 3condemned him- 7 There is one physician, self. For it is written, 4God both fleshly and spiritual; resisteth the proud. take heed therefore, that we carnate; true life in death; do not set ourselves against both of Mary and of God; the bishop, that we may be first passible, then impassible subject to God.

his bishop silent, the more let ceive you; as indeed neither him revere him. For whom- are ye deceived, being wholly soever the master of the house the servants of God. For insends to be over his own house- asmuch as there is no contenhold, we ought in like manuer tion, nor strife among you, 3te to receive him, as we would do trouble you, 4ye must needs him that sent him. It is there-live according to God's will. fore evident that we ought to 5 My soul be for yours; and I look upon the bishop, even as myself the expiatory offering we would do upon the Lord for your church of Ephesus, himself.

5 And indeed Onesimus world. himself does greatly commend 9 They that are of the flesh your good order in God: That cannot do the works of the you all live according to the spirit; neither they that are of truth, and that no beresy the spirit the works of the flesh. dwells among you. For nei-7As he that has faith cannot ther do ye hearken to any one be an infidel; nor he that is more than to Jesus Christ an infidel have faith. But even speaking to you in truth.

6 For some there are who Scarry about the name of Itn wicked deceit. 2Avoid. 3Which

themselv ... to carry.

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the bread of God. For if the Christ 1in deceitfulness, but do prayer of Ione or two be of things unworthy of God; who bite secretly: against 3 He therefore that does not whom ye must guard your-

> Let us made and not made; God inleven Jesus Christ our Lord.

4 5The more any one sees | 8 Wherefore let no man deso famous 6 throughout the

those things which ye do as-

OCARTY ADOUT THE NAME OF SALE ANOUNCE SAVOID. SWhich as a Without doubt ye live. SVid. 1Matt. xviii. 19. 2Is already proud and has, &c 3Judged, or separated. The neither is faith the things of infidelity to carty.

cording to the flesh are spiritual; forasmuch as ye do all things in Jesus Christ.

10 Nevertheless I havel heard of some who have 2 passed by you, having perverse doctrine; whom ye did not is hope of repentance in them, suffer to sow Samong you; that they may attain unto God, but stopped your ears, that ye let them therefore at least be might not receive those things instructed by your works, if that were sown by them: as they will be no other way. Abeing the stones of the temple of the Father, prepared for5 ger; humble at their boasthis building; and drawn up ing: to their blasphemies, re-on high by the Cross of Christ, turn your prayers: to their has by an engine.

as the rope: your faith being ye gentle; not endeavouring your support; and your char- to imitate their ways.

God.

all your companions in the Lord: 2for who was ever same 7 journey, full of God; more unjustly used? More his spiritual temples, 8full of destitute? More despised?) Christ, 8full of holiness: a- 4 That so no herb of the dorned in all things with the devil may be found in you;

commands of Christ.

that I have been thought wor- dy and spirit, in Christ Jesus. thy by 9this present epistle to converse, and joy together upon us: let us therefore be with you; that with respect very reverent, and fear the to the other life, ye love noth- long-suffering of God, that it ing but God only.

CHAP. III.

1 Exhorts them to prayer; to

1Known. 2Passed thither. 3Uton. 4Comp. Eph. ii. 20, 21, 22, 1 Pet. ii. 5. 5 The building of God the Rather. 1Be ve firm. 2Who has been more. 6By the engine of the cross, &c. 3in Jesus Christ both bodily and 7Pearson, ib. part 2, cap. 12. 8 Carrispiritually 1 Cor. vii, 34. 4Remais: ers. 9These things I write.

be unblamable. 5To be careful of salvation; 11 frequent in public devotion, 13 and to live in charity.

RAY also without ceasing for other men; for there

2 Be ye mild at their anerror, your ifirmness in the 11 Using the Holy Ghost faith: when they are cruel, be

ity the way that leads unto 3 (Let us be their brethren in all kindness and moderation, 12 Ye are therefore, with but let us be followers of the

but ye may remain in all holi-13 In whom also I rejoice ness and sobriety 3both of bo-

5 The last times 4are come be not to us unto condemnaition.

6 For let us either fear the wrath that is to come, or let

or, for it remains.

us love the grace I that we at er, to the praise and glory of present enjoy: that 2by the God. one, or other, of these we may together in the same place, the be found in Christ Jesus, unto powers of the devil are destrne life.

4be worthy of you; 5for whom faith. also I bear about these bonds, those spiritual jewels, in which better than peace; by which I would to God that I might all war both 3spiritual and arise through your prayers. | earthly is abolished.

8 Of which I entreat you to have always bagreed with the and end of life. Apostles, 7through the power of Jesus Christ.

and to whom I write: I, a of God: but all other things person condemned; ye, such which concern a holy life are as have obtained mercy: I, the consequences of these. exposed to danger; ye, con-

firmed against danger.

10 . Ye are the passage of does he who has charity, hate' those that are killed for God; any. the companions of Paul in the whose feet may I be found, do. when I shall have attained unto God; who, 9throughout the work of an outward proall his epistle makes mention fession; but shews itself in the of you in Christ Jesus.

fore to come more fully togeth-

Hs present. 2One of the two, only that we may be found, &c. 3Without things in heaven, and of things on to, Tin. 8Witnessed of, 9Vid. Cotoler, in loc. Pears. Vind. Ign. Par. 2. 33. 6Shail be seen, or made manifest cup. 10.

For when ye met faily troyed, and his 1 mischief is 7 3 Besides him, let nothing dissolved by the 2 unity of your

12 And indeed, nothing is

13 Of all which nothing is make me always partaker, that hid from you, if ye have per-I may be found in the lot of fect faith and charity in Christ the christians of Ephesus, who Jesus, which are the beginning

14 For the beginning is faith; the end charity. And 9 ¶ I know both who I am, these two 4joined together, are

> 15 No man professing a true faith, sinneth; neither

16 5The tree is made manmysteries of the Gospel; the ifest by its fruit? so they who holy, the 8martyr, the deserv- profess themselves to be chrisedly most happy Paul: at tians bare known by what they

17 For christianity is not power of faith, if a man be 11 Let it be your care there- found faithful unto the end.

18 It is better for a man to

fest.

hold his peace, and be; than E not deceived, my bretk-tto say he is a christian and ren: those that 1 cornot to be.

what he says, he does like- God. wise.

master who spake, and it was 2 have suffered death; how done; and even those things much more shall he die, who which he did without speaking, by his wicked doctrine corare worthy of the Father.

21 He that possesses the which Christ was crucified? word of Jesus, is truly able to hear his very silence, that he shall depart into unquenchamay be perfect; 3and both ble fire, and so also shall be do according to what he speaks, that 4hearkens to him. and be known by those things of which he is silent.

22 There is nothing hid from God, but even our secrets are nigh unto him.

23 Let us therefore do all things, as becomes those who have 4God dwelling in them; that we may be his temples, and he may be our God: as also he is, and will manifest is set before you. himself before our faces, by those things 5for which we justly love him.

CHAP. IV.

1 To have a care for the Gospel. 9 The virginity of Mary, the incarnation, and the death of Christ, were hid from the Devil. the birth of Christ was revealed. nity.

says. dues. 3That he may. 4Him. Out of.

rupt families by adultery, shall 19 It is good to teach; 2if not inherit the kingdom of

2 If therefore they who do 20 There is therefore one this according to the flesh, rupts the faith of God, for

3 3He that is thus defiled,

4 For this cause did the Lord 5suffer the ointment to be poured on his head; that he might breathe the breath of immortality unto his church.

5 Be not ye therefore annointed with the evil savour of the doctrine of the prince of this world: let him not take you captive from the life that

6 And why are we not all wise; seeing we have received the knowledge of God, which is Jesus Christ? 6do we suffer ourselves foolishly to perish; 7not considering the gift which the Lord has truly sent to us?

7 8Let my life be sacri-

1 The corrupters of houses. 1 Cor, vi-16Exhorts to u- 9, 10. 21 Cor. x 8. 3Such a one being become defiled. 4Hears bim. 5Receive ointment. Psalm xiiv. 8.
1Speaking, not to be. 21(be who cxxxii. 2. 6Are we foolishly destroyed? 7Not knowing, 8See Dr. Smith's note in loc. 1 Cor. i. 18, 23, 24.

ficed for the doctrine of the | . 12 And men Ibegan to be cross; which is indeed a scandal to the unbelievers, but to us is salvation and life eternal, all the others.

8 1 Where is the wise man? is the boasting of those who are called wise?

9 For our God Jesus Christ was according to the dispensation of God, 2conceived in the womb of Mary, of the seed of David, 3by the Holy Ghost: 4he was born, and baptized, that through his passion he might purify water, to the washing away of sin.

10 Now the virginity of signed to abolish death. Mary, and he who was born of her, was kept in secret from the prince of this world; as was also the death of our Lord: three of the 5mysteries the most spoken of throughout the world, yet done in 6secret by God.

11 How then was our Save iour manifested to the world? A star shone in heaven beyond all the other stars, and its light was inexpressible, and its novelty struck terror into men's minds. All the rest of the stars, together with the sun and moon, were the chorus gether in common in one faith, to this star: but that sent out its light exceedingly, above them all.

troubled to think whence this 2new star came so unlike to3

13 Hence all the power of Where is the disputer? Where magic became dissolved; and every bond of wickedness was 4destroyed; men's ignorance was taken away; and the old kingdom abolished: God him-5self appearing in the form of a man, for the renewal of eternal life.

> 14 From thence began what God had prepared: thenceforth things were disturbed; forasmuch as he de-

15 But if Jesus Christ shall. give me grace through your prayers, and it be his will, I purpose in a second epistle which I will suddenly write unto you to manifest to you more fully the dispensation of which I have now begun to speak, unto the new man, which is Jesus Christ: both in his faith, and charity; in his suffering, and in his resurrection.

16 Especially if the Lord shall 6make known unto me. that ye all by name come toand in one Jesus Christ; who was of the race of David according to the flesh t the Son

^{1 1} Cor. i. 20. 2Carried. 3But by. 4Who was. 6Silence, or quietness. See Rom, zvi. mamifest. 6Revent.

¹There was a disorder: 2Novelty, 5Mysteries of noise. 3Them. 4Disappeared, 5Being made

of man, and the Son of unto the Lord, and loving Polof God; 1 obeying your bish- yearp even as I do you. op and the presbytery with an member me, as Jesus Christ intire 2affection; breaking one does remember you. and the same bread, which is the medicine of immortality; which is in Syria, from whence our antidote that we should I am carried bound to Rome; not die, but live for ever in being the least of all the faith-Christ Jesus.

and theirs whom ye have sent, found to the glory of God. to the glory of God; and even 19 Fare ye well in God the unto Smyrna, from whence al-Father, and in Jesus Christ, so I write to you; giving thanks our common Hope. Amen.

18 Pray for the church ful which are there, as I have 17 My soul be for yours, been thought worthy to be

I To the Ephesians.

The EPISTLE of IGNATIUS to the MAGNESIANS.

CHAP. I. 4 Mentions the arrival of Da- desired much to speak unto ers, 6 whom he exhorts them to reverence, notwith-

man.

「GNATIUS who is also called Theophorus; to the blessed 3(church) 4by grace of God the Father in Jesus Christ our Saviour: in whom I salute the church which is at Magnesia near the Mæander; and wish it all lov in God the Father and in Jesus Christ.

2 When I heard of your well-ordered love and charity

1That ye may obey. 2Mind. 3Vid. Paterpr. Lat. Epist. Interpol. 4In.

tin God, being full of joy, I mas their bishop, and oth- you in the faith of Jesus Christ. - 3 For having 2been thought worthy to obtain a most excelstanding he was a young lent name, 3in the bonds which I carry about, I 4salute the churches: wishing in them a union both of the body and spirit of Jesus Christ, our eternal life: as also of faith and charity, to which nothing is preferred: but especially of Jesus and the Father: in whom 5if we undergo all the injuries of the prince of this present world, and escape, we shall enjoy God.

> 1 According to. 2 Been vouchsafed a name earrying a great deal of divinity in it. 3See Bishop Pearson. Vind. ... Ign. par; ii. cap. 12. p. 146. 4Sing. commend. 5Undergoing, escaping.

judged worthy to see you, by him that is invisible. Damas your 1 most excellent whatsoever of this kind is done, bishop; and by your very it reflects not upon 3man, but worthy presbyters, Bassus and upon God, who knows the se-Apollonius; and by my fellow-crets of our hearts.

asmuch as he is subject unto christians, but be so. his bishop as to the grace of God, and to the bresbytery as their governor, bishop; but to the law of Jesus Christ; 3 yet do all things without him.

you also not 4to use your bish- conscience, seeing they are op too familiarly upon the ac- not gathered together 4thorcount of his youth; but to oughly according to God's yield all reverence to him ac-commandment. cording to the power of God the Father: as also I perceive CHAP. II. that your holy presbyters do; 1 That as all must die, 4 he not considering his which indeed to appearance is young; but it becomes those EEING then all things who are prudent in God, sub- D have an end, there are mitting to him, or rather not to these two 5 indifferently set behim, but to the Father of our fore us, death and life: and Lord Jesus Christ, the bishop every one shall depart unto of us all.

7 It will therefore 6behove! 7you, with all sincerity, to obey of coins, the one of God, the your bishop; in honour of him other of the world; and each 8 whose pleasure it is that ye of these has its proper 6inshould do so.

8 Because he that does not also is it here. do so, deceives not the bishop

1Worthy of God. 2Whom may 1 enjoy. 3Apud Vet. Lat. Interpr. Glorificato Deum Patrem D. nostri Jesu Christi. 4Vid, Voss. Annot. in loc Pearson Preef. ad Vind. Ignat, 5Seeming youthful state. 6It is becoming. 7Without any hypocrisy. 8Who willeth it.

4 Seeing then I have been whom he sees, but laffronts

servant Sotio, the deacon; 9 It is therefore fitting, that 5 In whom 2I rejoice, for- we should not only be called

10 As some call indeed

I determined to write unto you. 11 But I can never think 6 Wherefore it will become that such as these have a good

5age, exhorts them to live orderly, and in unity.

his proper place.

2 For as there are two sorts scription engraven upon it : so

3 The unbelievers are of this world; but the faithful, through charity, have the character of God the Father by Jesus Christ: by whom if we

oming. 1Delndes, 2Vid. Epis, Interp. ad 8Who loc. 3Flesh. 4Firmly, 5Together. 6Character set.

are not readily disposed to die after the likeness of his passion, his life is not in us.

4 Forasmuch therefore as I have in the persons beforementioned, seen 1all of you in faith and charity; I exhort you that ye study to do all things in a 2 divine concord:

5 Your bishop presiding in the place of God; your presbyters in the place of the council of the Apostles; and your deacons most 3dear to me, being intrusted with the ministry of Jesus Christ; who was the Father before all ages, and appeared in the 4end to us.

Wherefore taking the same 5holy course, see that ye all reverence one another: and let no one look upon his neighbor after the flesh; but do ve all mutually love each other in-Jesus Christ.

7 Let there be nothing that may be able to make a division among you; but be ye united to your bishop, and those who preside over you, to be your pattern and direction in he way to immortality.

8 6As therefore the Lord to Christ Jesus. did nothing without the Father, being united to him; neither by himself nor yet by his Apostles; so neither do ye do unbelievers and disobedient any thing without your bishop that there is one God who has and presbyters:

1Your whole multitude. 2The con- rEph. iv. 3, 4, 5, 6. 2Run. 3John, cord of God. 3Sweet. 4Was made xvi. 28. 4Pea son, Vind. Ign par. 2. 6John, x. 30. xiv. 11, 12. xvii. 21, 22. [74 ully to satisfy.

9 Neither endeavour to let any thing appear rational to yourselves apart;

10 But being come together into the same place, 1 have one common prayer: one supplication; one mind; one hope; in charity, and in joy undefiled.

11 There is one Lord Jesus Christ, than whom nothing is better. Wherefore 2come ve all together as unto one temple of God; as to one 3altar, as to one Jesus Christ; who proceeded from one Father, and exists in one, and is returned to one.

CHAP. III.

He cautions them against false opinions. 3 Especially those of 4Ebion and the Judaizing Christians.

E not deceived with 5 strange doctrines; nor with old fables which are unprofitable. For if we continue to live according to the Jewish law, we do confess ourselves not to have received grace. For even the most 6 holy prophets lived according

2 And for this cause were they persecuted, being inspired by his grace, 7to convince the manifested himself by Jesus

rEph. iv. 3, 4, 5, 6. 2Run. 3John, manifest. Heb. ix. 26. 5Habit of God. cap. 4. 5Heterodox. 6Most divine

Christ his Son; who is his I called by any other name theeternal word, not coming forth sides this, he is not of God. from silence, who in all things 9 Lay aside therefore the pleased him that sent him.

were brought up in these an- new leaven, which is Jesus cient 2laws came nevertheless Christ. to the newness of hope; not longer observing sabbaths, but any one among you should be-3keeping the Lord's day, in corrupted; for by your Sawhich also our life is sprung viour ye shall be 2 judged. up by him, and through his 11 It is absurd to name Je-

have 5been brought to believe, not Sembrace the Jewish, but and therefore wait that we may the Jewish the christian: that be found the disciples of Jesus so every tongue that believed Christ, our only master:)

5 How shall we be able to to God. live 6different from him; whose disciples the very pro- ed, I write unto you; not that phets themselves being, did by I know of any among you that the spirit expect him as their 4lie under this error; but as master.

they justly waited for, being that ye fall not into the 6snares. come, raised them up from the of vain doctrine:

sible of his goodness; for and resurrection of should he shave dealt with us Christ, our hope; which was according to our works, we accomplished in the time of had not now had a being.

his disciples, let us learn to 7 certainly; and from which live according to the rules of God forbid that any among Christianity: for whosoever is you should be turned aside.

1 John, i. 1. 2Things. 30r, living according to 40r, which 5 Received. 6Without. 7Matt. xxvii. 52.

3Vid. Annot. Voss. in loc. should be thrown? 3Belleve. 4Have yourselves. have imitated our works, Gr.

old and sour, and evil leaven; 3 Wherefore if they who and be ye changed into the

10 Be ye salted in him, lest

death, 4whom yet some deny: sus Christ, and to Judaise.-4 (By which mystery we For the christian religion did might be gathered together un-

12 These things, my belov-5one of the least among you, I 6 7And therefore he whom am desirous to forewarn you

13 But that ye be fully instruc-7 Let us not then be insen-ted in the birth, and suffering, the government of Pontius Pi-8 Wherefore being become late, and that most truly and

CHAP. IV.

5Lesser than you. 50-· 7Firmly.

prayers for himself and the in body and spirit. church at Antioch.

TAY I therefore have joy ly exhorted you. of you in all things, if I shall be worthy of it. though I um bound, yet am I unto God; and of the church not worthy to be compared to that is in Syria, from 4which I one of you that are at liberty.

2 I know that ye are not puffed up; for ye have Jesus your joint-prayers in God, and Christ 1 in your hearts.

- 3 And especially when I commend you, I know that ye are ashamed, as it is written,2 The just man condemneth himself.
- 4 Study therefore to be confirmed in the doctrine or our Lord, and of his Apostles; that so whatsoever ye do, ye may prosper both in body and spirit; in faith and charity; in the Son, and in the Father; and in the Holy Spirit; in the beginning, and in the end.
- 5 Together with your most worthy bishop, and the 3wellwrought spiritual crown your presbytery; and your deacons which are according to God.
- 6 Be subject to your bishop, and to one another, as Jesus Christ to the Father according to the flesh; and the Apostles both to Christ, and to the Fa-

1in yourselves. 2Prov. xviii. 17. Bept. 3Worthily complicated.

piety: 7exhorts them to ther, and to the Holy Ghosts persevere: 10 desires their that so ye may 1 be united both

> 7 2Knowing you to be full of God, I have the more brief-

- 8 Be mindful of me in your For prayers, that I may Sattain am not worthy to be called.
 - 9 For I stand in need of of your charity, that the church which is in Syria may be thought worthy to be 5 nourished by your church.
 - 10 The Ephesians 6from Smyrna salute you, from which place I write unto you; (being present here to the glory of God, in like manner as you are.) who have in all things refreshed me; together with Polycarp the bishop of the Smyrnæans.
 - 11 The rest of the churches in the honour of Jesus Christ, salute you.
 - 12 7Farewell, and be ye strengthened in the concord of God; 8enjoying his inseparable spirit, which is Jesus Christ.

¶ To the Magnesians.

1 There may be a union both fleshly and spiritual 2Eph. iii. 4. 3Finds enjoy. 4Whence. 5Bedewed. Vid. Epist. Interpol. in loc. 6Which came to Smyrna apon my account. rosthe. 8Possessings

The EPISTLE of IGNATIUS to the TRALLIANS.

them for their subjection to in him. to their bishop, priests, and

GNATIUS, who is also called Theophorus, to the . holy church, which is at Tralles in Asia; beloved of God the Father of Jesus Christ; elect and worthy of God; having peace 1through the flesh and blood, and passion of Jesus Christ our hope; in the resurrection which is 2by him: which also I salute in its fulness, continuing in the apostolic character; wishing joy and happiness unto it.

2 I have 3heard of your blameless and 4constant disposition through patience, which 5not only appears in your outward conversation. but is naturally rooted and

grounded in you.

3 In like manner as Polybius your bishop has declared unto me; who came to me to Smyrna, by the will of 'God and Jesus Christ; and so rejoiced together with me 6in my

11n. 2Unto 3Known 4Insepara 5Which you have not ac cording to use, but according to pos-6Wbe am bound. session.

1 Acknowledges the coming of bonds for Jesus Christ, that in their bishop. 5 Commends effect I saw your whole 1 church

4 Having therefore receivdeacons; and exhorts them ed the 2 testimony of your good to continue in it: 15 is a will towards me 3for God's

fraid even of his over great sake, by him; 41 seemed to desire to suffer, lest it find you, as also I knew that should be prejudicial to him. | ye were the 5followers of God.

> 5 For 6whereas ye are subject to your bishop as to Jesus Christ, ye appear to me to live not after the manner of men. but according to Jesus Christ; who died for us, that so believing in his death, ye might 7escape death.

6 It is therefore necessary, that as ye do, so without your bishop, ye should do nothing; also be ye subject to your presbyters, as to the apostles of all Jesus Christ our hope; in whom if we walk, we shall be

found in him. ., 7 8 The deacons also, as being the ministers of the mysteries of Jesus Christ, must by all means please all. For they are not the Oministers of meat and drink, but of the church of God. Wherefore they must avoid all offences, as they would do fire.

8 In like manner let all re-

1 Multitude. 2Your benevolence: 3According to God 4Vid. Vossium in 51 mitators. 6When. from ... 8Vid. Vossium in loc.

verence the deacons las Jesus | 15 For I indeed ldesire to Christ; and the bishop as the suffer, but I cannot tell wheth-Father; and the presbyters as er I am worthy so to do. the Sanhedrim of God, and col-

lege of the Apostles.

2church. Concerning which I am persuaded that we have, therefore, need of 3mod-3think after the very same eration; by which the prince manner: for I have received, of this world is destroyed. and even now have with me the pattern of your love, in to you of heavenly things;your bishop.

structive; and whose mildness, Christ; (excuse me this care) 5powerful: 6whom I am per- and lest perchance being not staded, the very Atheists able to receive them, ye themselves cannot but rever-should be choaked with them.

ênce.

love towards you, I will not not therefore able to underwrite any more sharply unto stand heavenly things: you about this matter, though I very well might; but now I angels, and the several compahave done so : lest being a con- nies of them, under their redemned man, I should seem to spective princes; things visible prescribe to you as an Apostle.

12 I have 7great knowledge in God; but I 8refrain

my boasting.

13 For now I ought the more to fear; and not hearken to those that would puff me up.

14 For they that speak to me, in my praise, chasten me.

1 As also the bishop like Jesus Christ the Son of the Father. Vossius is loc. vid. aliter Cote lerum. 2A church is not called. 35e do. 4Habit of body, is great instruction. 5Power & Vid. Vossium et Usserium in loc. 71 understand many things. SMeasure.

16 2And this desire, though to others it does not appear, 9 Without these there is no yet to myself it is for that very all reason the more violent.

17 Am I not able to write But I fear lest I should harm 10 Whose very 4look is in- you, who are yet but babes in

18 For even I myself, el-11 But because I have a though I am in bonds, yet am

19 As the 4places of the and invisible; but in these I am yet a learner.

20 For many things are myself, lest I should perish in wanting to us, that we come

not short of God.

CHAP. II.

1 Warns them against heretics, 4 exhorts them to humility and unity, 10 briefly sels before them the true doctrine concerning Christ.

EXHORT you therefore, or rather not I, but the love of Jesus Christ; that ye

Love. 3Vio. Annot. Vossii in loca 3Mildness. 4Orders.

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· Warns against heresy. TRALLIANS. Exh

use none but christian nourish | faith, that is, ment; abstaining from pasture Lord; and in which is of another kind, I the blood of

mean heresy.

2 1For they that are here-grudge again tics, confound together the Give no occasion to the doctrine of Jesus Christ with tiles; lest by means of a few their own poison; 2 whilst foolish men, the whole conthey seem worthy of belief:

3 As men give a deadly polion mixed with sweet wine; which he who is ignorant of, does with the treacherous name is blasphemed by any. pleasure sweetly drink in his

own death.

4 Wherefore guard your selves against such persons.-And that you will do if you lof the Virgin Mary. are not puffed up; but continue inseparable from Jesus Christ did eat and drink; was truly our God, and from your bish persecuted under Pontius Piop, and from the commands of late; was truly crucified and the Apostles.

5 3He that is within the altar is pure: 'but he that is earth 4being spectators of it. without, that is, that does any, thing without the bishop, and presbyters, and deacons, is not Father, after the same manner

pure in his conscience.

6 Not that I know there is any thing of this nature among you; but I fore-arm you, as no true life, being greatly beloved by me, foreseeing the snares of the Atheists, that is to say infidels, devil.

1 Vid. de hoc loro conjecturas Vos then am I bound ?- Why do I. sii, et Junii and Usserium. Comp.
Epis. Interpol. in loc.er Voss. Annot in Evist. ad Phil. p. 281. 2 Below vanity. Isaiah, lii. 5. 3 Without-believed for their dignity. 3 Vid. 4 Seeing, or looking on. 5 His Fath-Usserii. Obs. Marg. Comp. Coteler. er raining him. 6 The Father.

8 Let no

gregation of God be evil spoken of.

9 For wo to that man 2through whose vanity my

10 Stop your ears therefore. as often as any one shall speak 3contrary to Jesus Christ; who was of the race of David,

11 Who was truly born, and dead; both those in heaven and on earth, and under the

12 Who was also raised from the dead 5by his as 6he will also raise up us who believe in him, by Christ Jesus; without whom we have

13 But if as some who are pretend, that he only seemed 7 Wherefore putting on to suffer: (they themselves meekness, renew yourselves in lonly seeming to exist) why

Talsely against the Lord.

14 Flee therefore these evil Isprouts which bring forth hearken to me in love; that I deadly fruit; of which if any one taste, he shall presently I write, rise up in witness a-

15 For these are not the plants of the Father; seeing if through the mercy of God stand they were, they would appear to be the branches of the cross, may be worthy of the portion and their fruit would be incorruptible: by which he in-that I be not found a reprovites you through his passion, who are members of him.

16 For the head cannot be without its members, God having promised a union, that is himself.

CHAP. III.

He again exhorts to unity: and desires their prayers church at Antioch.

SALUTE you from Smyrna,2together with the churches of God that are present with me; who have refreshed me in all things, both in the flesh and in the spirit.

2 My bonds which I carry about me for the sake of Christ, (beseeching him that I may attain unto God) exhort you. that you continue in 3concord among yourselves, and in prayer with one another.

3 For it becomes every one

the church. 3 The concord of you. 218

very to fight with beasts?—for you, especially the presby-Crefore do I die in vain: ters, to refresh the bishop, to refore I will not speak the honor of the Father, of Jesus Christ, and of the Apostles.

4 I beseech you, that you may not1 by those things which

gainst you.

5 Pray also for me: who in need of your prayers, that I which I am about to obtain, bate.

6 The love of those who are at Smyrna and Ephesus salute you. Remember in your prayers the church of Syria, from which I am not worthy to be called, being one of the least of 2it.

7 Fare ye well in Jesus for himself and for his Christ; being subject to your Bishop as to the command of God; and so likewise to the

presbytery.

8 Love every one his brother with an Sunfeigned heart 4My soul be your expiation, not only now but when I shall have attained unto God: for I am yet under danger.

9 But the Father is faithful in Jesus Christ, to fulfil both mine and your petition: in whom may ye be found un-

blamable.

¶ To the Trallians.

2 i. e The delegates of ling. 2 Them. 3 Undivided. 4 Vid. Annet. Vossil et Coteler in loc.

The EPISTLE of IGNATIUS to the ROMANS.

CHAP. I.

1 He testifies his desire to see, last 2 obtained through my then him to the combat. called Theophorus, to the 3 For the beginning is well church which has obtained disposed, if I shall but have mercy2from the majesty of the grace, without hindrance, to re-Most High Father, and his on-ceive 5 what is appointed for ly3begotten Son Jesus Christ; me. beloved, and through the will of him who it do me an injury. For it is willeth all things which are according to the love of Jesus please; but it 6will be hard Christ our 5God; which also for me to attain unto God, if presides in the 6place of the you spare me.
region of the Romans; and 5 But I 7would not that ye which 7I salute in the name of should please men, but God; Jesus Christ, (8as being) uni- 8whom also ve do please. ted both in flesh and spirit to For neither shall I ever hereall his commands, and 9filled after have such an opportuniwith the grace of God; 10(all ty 9of going unto God; nor

4 In. 5 God; which also presides in be silent 10in my behalf, I the place of the region of the Romans, shall be made partaker of God. worthy of God; most decent, most blessed, most praised, most worthy to obtain what it desires; most pure, most 11body, I shall have my course charitable, called by the name of Christ and the Father; Gr. 6 Type

1 Gr. 2 Vid. Voss. 3 Annot. in of the chorus, i.e. the church of the loc. 4 Worthy of God. 5 And

Apply in loc. 4 Worthy of God. 5 And Romans. See voss. Annot. In 1962.
7 Also. 8 (The Son of the Father; to those who are—Gr.) 9 Wholly filled Gr. 10 (Being absolutely separated from any other colour; much pure, or 11 From ms. 12 Flesh. i anmaculate joy.)

2 1For asmuch as I have at and his hopes of suffering prayers to God, to see your for Christ, 5 which he earnestly entreats them not to sire to do; being bound in prevent, 10 but to pray for Christ Jesus, I hope ere long him that God would streng- to salute you, if it shall be the will4 of God to grant me to GNATIUS, 1 who is also attain unto the end I long for-

illuminated4 4 But I fear your love, lest

joy) in Jesus Christ our God. will you, if ye shall now be 1 Vid. Person. Vind. Ignat. par. 2. silent, ever be entitled to a sh. xvi. p. 214. 2 in. 3 omitted Gr., better work. For if you shall

6 But if you shall love my

have received even more than I ask-

again to run. Wherefore velis seen. cannot do me a greater kind- 13 For even our God, ness, than to suffer me to be Jesus Christ, now that he is in sacrificed unto God, now that the Father, does so much the the altar is already prepared : more appear.

gathered together in love, ye work of lopinion; but of may 2 give thanks to the Fath- greatness of mind, (2espeer through Christ Jesus; that cially when he is hated by the he has vouched 3to bring a world.) bishop of Syria unto you, being called from the east unto the west.

8 For it is good for me to set from the world, unto God; that I may rise again unto him.

9 Ye have never envied any one; ye have taught others. I would therefore that ye God, unless you 4hinder me. Ashould now do those things yourselves, which in your instructions you have 5 prescribcd to others.

10 Only pray for me, that God would give me both inward and outward strength, that I may not only say, but will; nor be only called a christian, but be found onc.

11 For if I be found a christian, I may then deservedly be called one: And be thought faithful, when I shall no longer appear to the world.

12 Nothing is Ggood, that

1 Being become a chorus, 2 Sing. 3 That a bishop of Syria should be found. 4 That those things riso should be firm. 5 Commanded. Val Annot. Usserii in Ioc. N. 26; 27. 6 Nothing that is seen is eternal : for the things which are seen are temporai, but the things that use not seen are eternal. Gr.

7 That 1 when ye shall be | . 14 A christian is not a

CHAP. II.

Expresses his great desire and determination to suf-

fer martyrdom.

WRITE to the churches. and 3 signify to them all, that I am willing to die for

2 I beseech you that you 5shew not an unseasonable good will towards me. me to be food to the wild beasts; by whom I shall attain unto God.

3 For I am the wheat of God, and I shall be ground by the teeth of the wild beasts, that I may be found the pure bread Gof Christ.

4 Rather 7encourage the beasts that they may become my sepulchre; and may leave nothing of my body; that being dead, I may not be troublesome to any.

5 Then shall I be truly the disciple of Jesus Christ, when

1 Persuasion, or silence. Gr. 2 (Desnut, Gr.) 3 Vid. Usser. Annot. V. 31. 4 Forbid me. 5 Be not 6 Vid. Lat. Vet. Interpr. et Annote Usser. N. 32. 7 Flatter.

as my body. Pray therefore lingly, I will provoke them to unto Christ for me, that by it. these instruments I may be made the sacrifice 1of God.

Paul, command you. They | 1be a disciple: Nor 2shall any were Apostles, I a condemned thing move me, whether visiman; they were free, but I ble or invisible, that I may atam even to this day a servant. tain to Christ Jesus.

7 Bat if I shall suffer, I shall then become the freeman of let the 3companies of wild Jesus Christ, and shall rise beasts; 4let breakings 2free. And now being in bones, and tearing of membonds, I learn not to desire 3a- bers; let the 5 shattering in pie-

ny thing.

8 From Syria even unto Rome, I fight with beasts both by sea and land; both by night and day: being bound to ten leopards, that is to say, to such a band of soldiers; who though treated with all manner kindness, are the worse for it.

9 But I am the more instructed by their injuries; 4yet am I not therefore justified.

10 May I enjoy the wild beasts that are prepared for me: which also I wish may 5exercise all their fierceness upon me.

11 And whom for that end I will bencourage, that they may be sure to devour me, and not serve me as they have done some, whom out of fear But, they have not touched.

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the world shall not see so much | and if they will not do it wil-

12 Pardon me in this matter; I know what is profita-6 I do not as Peter and ble for me. Now I begin to

> 13 Let fire and the cross: ces of the whole body, and all 5the wicked torments of the devil come upon me; only let 6me enjoy Jesus Christ.

14 All the 7ends of the world, and the kingdoms Sofit, will profit me nothing; I would rather die 9for Jesus Christ, than rule to the utmost ends of the earth. 10Him I seek who died for us: him I desire, that rose again for us. This is the 11 gain that is laid up for me.

15 Pardon me my brethren, ve shall not hinder me from living: (12Nor seeing I desire

1 Luke, xiv. 27 2 Vid. Coteler. in loc. Rom. viil. 38, 39. 3 Force, or rage. 4 Let tearings, and rendings. Gr. 5 Vid. Usser. Annot. N. 56. 6 Ib. N. 57. 7 That I may enjoy. 8 Gr. Pleasures. 9 Of this age. 10 Gr. unto, 11 For what is a man profited if he shall gain the whole world 1 Desunt. Gr. 2 Free in him. Gr. and lose his own soul. Gr. And.
3 Any worldly or vain things. Gr. 4.1 Cor. iv: 4 b Vid. Voss. in loc 12 Usury. Gr. Vid. Voss. Correct, posser. Annot. N. 48. May be ready for me. Gr. 6 Usser. Annot. N. 48. the world. Gr. To. ate me from him, for the sake within me does not desire affy of this world; nor seduce me by any of the 1 desires of it). | 3 springing within me, says,) Suffer me to 2enter into pure Come to the Father. light: Where being come, I shall be indeed the 3 servant of food of corruption, nor in the 4God.

16 Permit me to imitate the passion of my God. If any one has him within himself, let | Christ, (5of the seed of David; him consider what I desire; and the drink that I long for) and let him have compassion is his blood, which is incorrupon me, as knowing 5how I am tible love.6 straightened.

CHAP. III.

Further expresses his desire to suffer.

HE prince of this world would fain carry me away, and corrupt my 6resolution towards my God. Let none of you 7therefore help 8him: Rather do ye join with me, that is with God.

2 Do not speak with Jesus Christ, and yet covet world. Let not any envy dwell with you: No not though I myself when I shall be come after the flesh, but according unto you, should exhort you toit, yet do not ye hearken to me; but rather believe what I now write to you.

3 For though I am alive at the writing this, yet my desire is to die. My love is cruci-

1 By matter. 2 Take. lay hold on. 3 Man. 4 Vid. Annot. Voss. in loc. 5 What things constrain me. 6 Mind: will. 7 Who are present. 8 Vid. Voss. Annot. in loc.

to go to God, may you separ-| fied; (1and the 2fire that is water: but being alive and

4 I take no pleasure in the

pleasures of this life.

5 I desire the bread of God 4which is the flesh of Jesus

6 I have no desire to live any longer after the manner of men; 7neither shall I, if you consent. Be ye therefore willing, that ye yourselves also may be 8pleasing to God. 9exhort you 10in a few words; I pray you believe me.

7 Jesus Christ will shew you that I speak truly. mouth is without deceit, and the Father hath truly spoken 11by it. Pray therefore for me that I may accomplish what I

desire.

8 I have not written to you

1(And there is not any fire within me that loves matter, but living and speaking water saying within me. Gr.) 2 Cotelerius aliter explicat. Annot. in loc: Usser. N. 79. 3 Voss. in loc. Contr. Coteler. q. v. 4 The heaven's bread which is. Gr. 5 (The Son of God made in these last times of the seed of David and Abraham, and the drink of God that I long for. Gr. 6 Gr. Adds, and perpetual life. 7 And that shall be. 8 Willed. 9 Vid. Annot. Voss. in loc. 10 By a short letter. 11 In.

to the will of God. suffer, 1 ye have loved me: but if I shall be rejected, 2ve have you from Smyrna, by the most hated me.

9 Remember in your prayers the church of Syria, which now enjoys God for its shep-together with many others, herd instead of me: 3Let Je- Crocus, most beloved of me. sus Christ only 4oversee it, As for those which are 1 come and your charity.

to be reckoned as one of them: For neither am I worthy, be-lignorant of them. ing the least among them, and as one 5born out of due season. If to them that I draw near. But through mercy I have ob- for they are all worthy both of tained to be somebody, if I God and you: Whom it is fit shall get unto God.

11 My spirit salutes you; and the charity of the churches you, the day before the ninth that have received me in the of the calends of September. name of Jesus Christ; not as 2Be strong unto the end, in a passenger. For even they the patience of Jesus Christ.3 that were not near to me in the way, have gone before me to

If I shall the next city to meet me. 12 These things I write to worthy of the church of Eph-

esus.

13 There is now with me, from Syria, and are gone be-10 But I am even ashamed fore me to Rome, to the glory of God, I suppose you are not

> 14 Ye shall therefore signithat you refresh in all things.

> 15 This have I written to

¶ To the Romans.

The EPISTLE of IGNATIUS to the PHILADELPHIANS.

CHAP. I.

Commends their bishop, whom | Philadelphia in Asia; which ions and schism.

of God the Father, and our his resurrection: Which also

1 Ye have willed it: 2 Viz. as une worthy to suffer. 3 Vid. Vet. Inter. 1 Vid. Vet. Interpr. Lat. 2 That Lat. 4 Shall oversee it: 5 1 Cor. is the xxxiiid of August. Gr. 3 Amen. zv. 8.

Lord Jesus Christ, which is at they had sent unto him, 5 has obtained mercy, being fixwarns them against divis- ed in the concord of God, and rejoicing 4evermore in the pas-GNATIUS, who is called sion of our Lord, and being Theophorus, to the church fulfilled in all mercy through I salute in the blood of Jesus

Gr. 4 Inseparably.

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Christ, 1 which is our eternal! 6 For there are many wolves and underfiled joy; especially 1 who seem worthy of belief, if they are at unity with the that with a 2 false pleasure lead bishop, and presbyters who are captive those that run in the with him, and the deacons ap- course of God: but in your pointed 2according, to the concord, they shall find no 3mind of Jesus Christ; whom he has settled according to his own will in all firmness by his those evil herbs which Jesus Holy Spirit:

tained 4that great ministry a- tion of the Father. Not that I mong you, not of himself, nei- have found any division ther by men, nor out of vain mong you, but rather all manglory; but 5by the love of God ner of 3purity. the Father, and our Lord Je-

sus Christ:

mire; who by his silence is a- as many as shall with repenble to do more than others tance return into the unity of 7 with all their vain talk. the church, even these shall al-For he is fitted to the com-so be the servants of God, that mands, as the harp to its they may live according to Jestrings.

4 Wherefore my soul esteems his mind towards God if any one follows him that' most happy, knowing it to be makes a schism in the church, fruitful in all virtue, and per- he shall not inherit the kingfect; full of constancy, free dom of God. If any from passion, 8and according walks after any other opinion, to all the moderation of the he agrees not with the passion

living God.

5 Wherefore as becomes the children both of the light and of truth; flee divisions and false doctrines: but where your shepherd is, there do ye, as sheep, follow after.

1 Vid. Vet. Interp. Lat. 2 In. 3 Will, order. 4 Ministry belonging to the public. 5 In. 6 Has struck me with wonder. 7 Those that speak vain things. 8 In. 224

place.

7 Abstain therefore from Christ does not dress; be-2 Which bishop I know ob- cause such are not the planta-

8 For as many as are of God, and of Jesus Christ, are 3 Whose moderation 6I ad- also with their bishop. sus Christ.

9 Be not deceived, brethren: of Christ.

10 Wherefore let it be your endeavor to partake all of the

same holy eucharist.

11 For there is but one flesh of our Lord Jesus Christ: and one cup in the unity of his blood; one altar;

12 As also there is one

1 Vid. Vossi Annot. in loc. 2 Evil. 3 Cleanness made by sifting.

bishop, together with his presbytery, and the deacons my mony from Jesus Christ, and fellow servants: that so whatsoever ye do, ye may do it ac- our common hope. cording to the will of God.

CHAP. II.

Desires their prayers, and to is better to receive the doctrine daize.

Y brethren, the love I ism from one that has not. me the Imore large; and hav-other, do not speak concerning ing a great joy in you, I en- Christ Jesus; they seem to deavor to secure you against me to be but as monuments danger: or rather not I, but and sepulchres of the dead, Jesus Christ; in whom being upon which are written only bound I the more fear, as be- the names of men. ing vet only 2on the way to suffering.

shall make me perfect, that I being oppressed by his 2cunmay attain to that portion ning, ye grow 3cold in your which by God's mercy is al-charity. But come all togethlotted to me; Fleeing to the er into the same place, with Gospel as to the flesh of Christ; an undivided heart. and to the Apostles as to the 9 And I bless my God that presbytery of the church.

ets, for as much as they also mong you has whereof to boast have 3led us to the Gospel, either openly or privately, that and to hope in 4Christ, and to I have been burthensome to expect him.

4 In whom also believing they were saved, in the unity whom I have conversed, that of Jesus Christ; being holy it may not turn to a witness a-men, worthy to be loved, and gainst them. had in wonder;

1 Very much poured out. 2 Vid. Voss, in loc Imperfect. 3 Or preach-cording to the flesh; yet the ed of the Gospel; and hoped in him, and expected him. 4 Vid. Voss, in

5. Who have received testiare numbered in the Gospel of

6 But if any one shall preach 1the Jewish law unto you, hearken not unto him; for it be united, but not to Ju- of Christ from one that has been circumcised. than Juda-

have towards you makes 7 But if either the one, or

8 Flee therefore the wicked arts and snares of the prince 2 But your prayer to God of this world; lest at any time

I have a good conscience to-3 Let us also love the proph- wards you, and that no one abim in much or little.

10 And I wish to all among

For although 11 would have deceived me ac-

1 Judaism. 2 Opinion : council. 3 Week.

spirit, being from God, is not strife, but according to the indeceived: for it knows both struction of Christ. whence it comes, and whither it goes, and reproves the secrets of the heart.

12 I cried whilst I was among you; I spake with a loud voice; attend to the bishop, and to the presbytery, and to the deacons.

13 Now some supposed that I spake this as foreseeing the division 1that should come a-

mong you.

14 But he is my witness for whose sake I am in bonds that death, and resurrection, and I knew nothing from any But the spirit spake, saving on this wise; Do nothing without the bishop:

15 Keep your 2bodies as the temples of God; Love unity: Flee divisions: Be the followers of Christ, as he was

of his Father.

16 I therefore did as became me, as a man composed to unity. For where there is division, and God wrath, dwelleth not.

17 But the Lord forgives all that repent, if they 3 return to the unity of God, and to of God. the council of the bishop.

18 For I trust in the grace of Jesus Christ 4that will free you from bond.

19 Nevertheless Iexhort you

1 Of some. 4 Who will loose from you. 226

20 Because I have heard of some who say; Unless I find it written in the 1originals, I will not believe it to be written in the Gospel. And when I said, It is written: they answered what lay before them in their corrupted copies.

21 But to me Jesus Christ is instead of all the uncorrupted monuments in the world: together with those 2undefiled monuments, his cross, the faith which is by him: by which I desire, through your prayers, to be justified.

22 ¶ The priests indeed are good: but much better is the High Priest to whom the Holy of Holies has been committed; and who alone has been entrusted with the secrets of God.

23 He is the door of the Father; by which Abraham, and Isaac, and Jacob, and all the prophets enter in ; as well as the Apostles and the church.

24 And all these things tended to the unity which is Howbeit the Gospel has somewhat in it far above all other dispensations; namehe ly, the appearance of our Savevery jour, the Lord Jesus Christ, his passion, and resurrection.

25 For the beloved prophthat you do nothing out of ets referred to him : but the

> 2 Flesh. 3 Repent. 1 Archives. Vid. Voss. Annot. in loce. 2 Untouched.

Gospel is the perfection of in-|churches have sent them, some gether are good, if ye believe cons. with charity.

CHAP. III.

ulate with the church.

is in Syria, seeing I am told them as the Lord shall receive that through your prayers, and you. But for those that disthe bowels which ye have to- honoured them, may they be wards it in Jesus Christ, it is forgiven through the grace in peace; it will become you, of Jesus Christ. as the church of God, to-ordain 6 The charity of the brethsome 1 deacon to go to them ren that are at Troas salutes thither as the ambassador of you: from whence also I now God; that he may rejoice write by Burrhus, who was with them when they meet to- sent together with me by those gether, and glorify God's of Ephesus and Smyrna, for name.

Jesus Christ, who shall be Christ honour them; in whom found worthy of such a minis- they hope, both in flesh, and

is not impossible for you to do this for the sake of God; as 1 Vossius, a marter or confessor.

corruption. All therefore to-bishops, some priests and dea-

4 As concerning Philo the deacon of Cilicia, a most worthy 1man, he still ministers Informs them he had heard unto me in the word of God; that the persecution was together with Rheus 2of Agastopped at Antioch: and thopolis a singular good person directs them to send a mes-senger thither, to congrat- from Syria, not regarding his life: These also bear witness unto you.

TOW as concerning the 5 And I myself give thanks church of Antioch which to God for you, that ye receive

respect sake.

2 Blessed be that man in 7 May our Lord Jesus try; and ye yourselves also soul, and spirit; in faith, in shall be glorified. love, in unity. Farewell in 3 Now if ye be willing, it Christ Jesus our common hope.

also the other neighbouring Annot. in Ep ad Smyrn. p. 261. See

¹ Messenger or minister.

The EPISTLE of IGNATIUS to the SMYRNÆANS.

CHÁP. I.

1 Declares his joy for their firmness in the Gospel. Enlarges on the person of might be fulfilled in him. Christ, against such as pretend that Christ did not ed by Pontius Pilate, and Her-

really suffer.

called Theophorus, to the fruits of which we are, even by church of God the Father, and his most blessed passion; of the beloved Jesus Christ; which God hath mercifully token for all ages through his I blessed with every good gift; resurrection, to all his holy and being filled with faith and faithful servants, whether they charity, so that it is wanting in the Jews or Gentiles, in one no gift; most worthy of God, bedy of his church. and fruitful in saints; the 7. Now all these things he church which is at Smyrna in suffered for us, that we might Asia; all joy, through his im- be saved. And he suffered maculate spirit, and the word truly as he also truly raised of God.

Christ, who has given you seemed to suffer, they them-

- you are settled in an immove- shall: it happen unto them; able faith, as if you were nailed) when being divested of the to the cross of our Lord Jesus body they shall become 4mere Christ, both in the flesh and spirits. in the spirit; and are confirmed in love through the ter his resurrection he was in blood of Christ; being fully the flesh; and I believe that persuaded of those which relate 2unto our Lord.
- race of David according to the he said unto them, Take, hanflesh, but the Son of God ac-
- 1 Com. 1 Cor. vii. 25. 2 Unto the **Lo**rd.

of God: truly born of the Virgin, and baptized of John; so 1 all righteousness 4 that

5 He was also truly crucifiod the Tetrarch, being nailed GNATIUS, who is also for us in the flesh; by the

6 That he might set 2up &

. .. up himselfs And not, as some 2 I glorify God, even Jeaus unbelievers say, that he only such wisdom. 1.13 car did lioselves only seeming to be.3

3 For I have observed that \ 8 And as they believe so

9 But I know that even afthings he is still so.

10 And when he came to 4 Who truly was of the those who were with Peter, 5

1 Matt. iii. 15. 2 Vid. Voss. Ansot. cording to the will and power in loc. 3 i. e. Christians. 4 Incorporeal and dæmoninc. 5 Ex. Evang. Sec. Hebr See Dr. Grabe Spiciles. tom. ii. p. 25.

an incorporeal dæmon. And the sword, to wild beasts? straightway they felt him and believed: being convinced both by his flesh and spirit.

11 For this cause they despised death, and were found to

be above 1it.

12 But after his resurrection he did eat and drink with them, as he was flesh; although who was made a perfect man as to his Spirit he was united to the Father.

CHAP II.

a Exhorts them against here-advocates of death, rather than doctrine.

of, not questioning but that day, nor the sufferings of eveyou yourselves also 3believe ty one of us. that they are so.

shape of men; whom you shall raise me, and bluspheme must not only not receive, but my Lord; not confessing that if it be possible must not meet he I was truly made man?

them, that if it be the will of him, and is in death. But for the God they may repent; which names of such as do this, they yet will be very hard. But of being unbelievers, I thought it this our Lord Jesus Christ has not fitting to write them unto the power, who is our true life. you.

4 For if all these things were done only in shew by our Lord should make any mention of then do I also seem only to be them, till they shall repent to

bound:

1 Death. 2 Admonish. 3 Haye

dle me, and see that I am not myself to death, to the fire, to

6 But now the nearer I am to the sword, the nearer am I to God: when I shall come among the wild beasts, I shall come to God.

7 Only in the name of Jesús Christ, I undergo all, to suffer together with him; he

strengthening me.

. 8 Whom some not knowing, do deny; or rather have been denied by him, being the tics. 8 The danger of their of the truth. Whom neither the prophecies, nor the law of TOW these things, belov- Moses have persuaded; nor ed, I 2put you in mind the Gospel itself even to this

9 For they think also the 2 But I arm you beforehand same things of us. For what against certain beasts in the does a man profit me, if he

10 Now he that doth not 3 Only you must pray for say this, does in effect deny

11 Yea, God forbid that I a true belief of Christ's passion, 5 And why have I given up which is our resurrection.

12 Let no man deceive him-

1 Had true flesh.

self; both the things which might one day rise through it. are in heaven, and the glorious 'angels, and princes, whether you to abstain from such pervisible or invisible, if they be-|sons; and not to speak with Lieve not in the blood of Christ, them neither in private nor in Tit shall be to them to condem- public. mation.

ceive this, let him receive it | Gospel, in which both Christ's Let no man's 3place or state passion is manifested unto as, in the world puff him up; that and his resurrection perfectly which is worth all is faith and declared. marity, to which nothing is to be preferred.

14 But consider those who are of a different opinion from us, as to what concerns the 1 Exhorts them to follow their grace of Jesus Christ which is come unto us, how contrary they are to the design of God.

15 They have no regard to charity, no care of the widow, the fatherless, and the oppressed; of the bond or free, of

the hungry or thirsty.

cucharist, and from 4the publy, as the Apostles. lic offices; because they con-verence the deacons, as the fess not the eucharist to be the command of God. flesh of our Saviour Jesus Christ; which suffered for our of what belongs to the church sins, and which the Father of separately from the bishop. his goodness. raised again from the dead.

17 And for this cause contradicting the gift of God, they die in their disputes: 5but the bishop has given his conmuch better would it be for sent. them to breceive it, that they

2 Mar. xix 12. 8 Vid. shall appear, the or Prayers 5 Vid. 1 people also be: 1 It is. 2 Matt. xix 12. 8 Vid. Bpiet. Interpol. 4 Vid. Annot Coteler. in loc Or, Prayers. 5 Vid. Quieler, Sanot. 6 Love.

18 It will therefore become

19 But to hearken to the 13 2He that is able to re-prophets, and especially to the

20 But flee all divisions, asthe beginning of evils.

CHAP. III.

bishop and pastors; but especially their bishop. Thanks them for their kindnesses, 11 and acquaints them with the ceasing of the persecution at Antioch. EE that ye all follow your

bishop, as Jesus Christ, 16 They abstain from the the Father: and the presbyte-

2 Let no man do any thing

3 Let that eucharist be looked upon as well established, which is either offered by the bishop, or by him to whom

4 Wheresoever the bishop there let the

1 Munitade.

Catholic church.

5 It is not lawful without the bishop, neither to baptize, unto the Lord for you, forasnor 1to celebrate the Holy much as ye have refreshed Communion: but whatsoever them in all 1things. he shall approve of, that is shall any thing that you have also pleasing unto God; that done, be lost to you. so whatever is done, may be sure and well done.

6 For what remains, it is very reasonable that we should 2repent whilst there is yet time to return unto God

7 It is a good thing to have a due regard both to God, and to the bishop: he that honours the bishop, shall be honoured of God. But he that does any thing without his knowledge, 3ministers unto the devil.

abound to you in charity; see-

ing ye are worthy.

9 Ye have refreshed me in all things; so shall Jesus Christ you. Ye have loved me both but by the grace of God: when I was present with you. and now being absent ye cease not to do so.

10 May God be your reward, for whom whilst ye undergo all things, ye shall attain

unto him.

that ve have received Philo, and Rheus 2Agathopus, who followed me 3 for the word of delegate, who being come as

1 Make a love-feast. 2 Return to a sound mind. 3 Does Worship. 4 Vid. Voss. Annot. in loc. 5 Unto.

Jesus Christ is, there is the God, as the deacons of Christ our God.

12 Who also give thanks

13 My 3soul be for yours, and my bonds which ve have not despised, nor been ashamed of. Wherefore neither shall Jesus Christ, our perfect faith

be ashamed of you.

14 Your prayer is come to the church of Antioch which is in Syria. From whence being sent bound with chains becoming God, I salute 4churches; being not worthy to be called 5 from thence, as 8 Let all things therefore being the least among them.

15 Nevertheless by the will of God I have been thought worthy of this honour; not for that I think I have deserved it.

16 Which I wish may be perfectly given unto me that through your prayers I may

attain unto God.

17 And therefore that your work may be fully accomplished both upon earth and in hea-11 Ye have done well in ven; it will be fitting, and for the honour of God, 6that your church appoint some worthy far as Syria, may rejoice to-

1 Ways. 2 Vid. Epist. Interpol. 3 Spirit. 4 All the. 5 i.e. The bishop of that church. 6 Vid. Voss. Annot. in loc.

gether with them that they are ble presbytery; and your deain peace; and that they are cons, my fellow-servants; and again restored to their former all of you in general, and eve-Istate, and have again receiv-ry one in particular, in the ed their proper body.

it a worthy action, to send passion and resurrection both some one from you with an e- fleshly and spiritually; and in pistle, to congratulate with the unity of God 2with you. them their peace in God; and that through your prayers, mercy, and peace, and pathey have now gotten to their tience, for evermore. harbor.

are perfect yourselves, you and children; and the 3 virgins ought to think those things that are called widows. that are perfect. For when strong in the power of the Hoyou are desirous to do well, ly Ghost. Philo, who is pres-God is ready to 2enable you ent with me, salutes you. thereunto.

you; from whence I write to charity, both of flesh you by Burrhus whom ye sent spirit. with me, together with the Ephesians your brethren; and beloved, 4together with the who has in all things refresh-incomparable Daphnus, and ed me.

21 And I would to God 27 Farewell in the grace of that all would imitate him, as being a pattern of the ministry of God. May his grace fully Troas. reward him.

22 I salute your very worthy bishop, and your venera-

1 Bulk : greatness. 2 Help you. 232

name of Jesus Christ, and in 18 Wherefore I should think his flesh and blood; in his

23 Grace be with you, and

24 I salute the families of 19 For in as much as ye my brethren, with their wives

25 I salute the house of 20 The love of the breth- Tavias, and pray that it may ren that are at Troas salute be strengthened in faith and

26 I salute Alce my well Eutechnus, and all by name.

God.

¶ To the Smyrneans from

1 Vid. Voss. Annot, in loc. 2 And. 3 i. e. The deaconesses. See for the reason of this name. Voss. Annot. in loc. Add. Coteler. ib. 4 See Voss. Annot, ex Epist. Interpol.

The EPISTLE of IGNATIUS to POLYCARP.

CHAP. I.

Blesses God for the firm es-|standing than what thou altablishment of Polycarp in ready hast. particular directions for wake. improving it.

carp, bishop of the church all, as a perfect combatant: 1 which is at Smyrna; their where the labour is great, the overseer, but rather himself gain 3is the more. overlooked by God the Father, and the Lord Jesus Christ; good disciples, what thank is

all happiness.

mind towards God, is fixed as chievous, in meekness. it were upon an immoveable 8 Every wound is not healrock; I exceedingly give ed with the same plaister: if thanks, that I have been the accessions of the disease thought worthy to behold thy be vehement, mollify them 2blessed face, in which may I with 4soft remedies: be in all always rejoice in God.

3 Wherefore I beseech thee harmless as a dove. by the Grace of God with which thou art cloathed, to composed of flesh and spirit; press forward in thy course, that thou mayest mollify those

they may be saved.

4 Maintain thy place with all care 3both of flesh and are not seen, pray to God that spirit: Make it thy endeav- he would reveal them unto our to preserve unity, than thee, that so thou mayest be which nothing is better. Bear wanting in nothing, but maywith all men, even as the Lord est abound in every gift. with thee.

1 of the Smyrnmans. 2 Innocent 1 Vid. Voss. in loc. aliter Vet. Lat. 3 Vid. 1 Cor. vii. 34. 4 Be at leisure Interpr. 2 The diseases. 3 Is much. 4 Superfusions. 5 Matt. x. 16.

out ceasing: ask more under-Be watchful, the faith, and gives him having thy spirit always a-

6 Speak to every one 1ac-GNATIUS, who is also cording as God shall enable called Theophorus, to Poly-thee. Bear the 2infirmities of

7 If thou shalt love the it? But rather do thou sub-2 Having known that thy ject to thee those that are mis-

things, 5 wise as a serpent, but

9 For this cause thou art and to exhort all others that things that appear before thy face.

10 And as for those that

11 The times demand thee, 5 Support all in love, as as the pilots the winds; and also thou dost. 4Pray with- he that is tossed in a tempest,

the haven where he would be; that thou mayest attain unto God.

12 Be sober, as the combatant of God: the 1 crown proposed to thee is immortality, and eternal life; concerning which thou art also fully persuaded. I will be thy surety in all things, and my bonds which thou hast loved.

13 Let not those that seem worthy of credit, but teach other doctrines, 2disturb thee.

bpon.

- combatant to be 3 wounded and yet overcome. But especially for God's sake that he may bear with us.
- 15 Be every day 4better and expect him, who is above all time, eternal, invisible. though for our sakes made visible: impalpable and impassufferings; enduring all manmer of ways for our salvation.

CHAP. II.

- teaches him how to advise 12 Inforces unity op.
- Beaten 4 More studious, diligent.

God their guardian.

2 Let nothing be done without thy knowledge and consent: neither do thou but according to the will of God; as also thou dost, 1 with all constancy.

3 Let your assemblies be more full: inquire into all by

nam€.

4 Overlook not the men and maid servants; neither Stand as firm and immoveable let them be puffed up; but as an anvil when it is beaten rather let them be the more subject to the glory of God, 14 It is the part of a brave that they may obtain from him a better liberty.

5 Let them not desire to we ought to endure all things 2be set free at the public cost. that they be not slaves to their

own lusts.

6 Flee evil 3arts: or raththan other: consider the times; er, make not any mention of them.

· 7 Say to my sisters, that they love the Lord; and be satisfied with their own hussible, yet for us subjected to bands, both in the flesh and spirit.

8 In like manner exhort my brethren in the name of Jesus Christ, that they love 1 Continues his advice, band their wives, even as the Lord the church.

9 If any man can remain and subjection to the bish- in a virgin state, 4to the honour of the flesh Christ, let him

1 Vid. Voss. Annot, in loc. Collat 1 Being well settled. 2 Vid Annot, cum Coteler, ib. 2 Annaze thee. 3 Coteler, in loc. 3 Or, trades 4 Vid. Annot. Vossi et Coteler. in loc.

remain, without boasting : but I charge, that you may receive if he boast, he is undone. And a suitable reward. if he desire to be more taken suffering therefore notice of than the bishop he is each other in meekness; as corrupted.

10 But it becomes all such as are married, whether men or women, to come together with the consent of the bishop, that so their marriage may be 1 Greets Polycarp on the peace according to godliness and not in lust.

11 Let all things be done to the honour of God.

12 1 Hearken unto the bishop, that God also may hearken unto you. My soul be security to them that submit to their bishop, with their presbyters and deacons. And may my portion be together with theirs in God.

13 Labour with one another; contend together, tun ·together, suffer together; sleep together, and rise together; as the stewards, and assessors,

and ministers of God.

14 Please him under whom ve war; and from whom ye receive your wages. Let none of you be found a deserter; but let your baptism remain, as your arms; your faith, as your belmet; your charity, as your spear; your patience as your whole armour.

15 Let your works be your

1 Observe, from the foregoing vers- custody, to keep secure es, that Ignatius here speaks not to been manifested unto me. Polycarp, but through him to the security of God. 4 Most becoming Church of Smyrna;

God is towards you.

16 Let me have joy of you

in all things.

CHAP. III.

of the church at Antioch; 2and desires him to write to that and other churches.

TOW forasmuch as the church of Antioch in Syria is, 2as I am told, in peace through your prayers; I also have been the more comforted Sand without care in God : if so be that by suffering, I shall attain unto God; that through your, prayers I may be found

a disciple of Christ.

2 It will be very fit, O most worthy Polycarp, to call a 4select council, and choose some one whom ye particularly love. and who is patient of labour; that he may be the messenger of God; and that going unto Syria, he may glorify your incessant lowe, to the praise of Christ.

3 A christian has not the power of himself; but must be always at leisure for God's service. Now this work

1That which is committed to your

both God's and your's when ye rest send their letters by those who shall be sent by you: that shall have perfected it.

4 For I trust through the you may be glorified 1 to all egrace of God that ye are ready ternity, of which you are worto every good work that is fit- thy. ting for you in the Lord. 8 I salute all by name;

5 Knowing therefore your particularly the wife of Epiearnest affection to the truth, tropus, with all her house and

short letters.

6 But forasmuch as I have not been able to write to all be thought worthy to be sent the churches, because I must, by you into Syria. Let grace suddenly sail from Troas to be ever with him, 2and with Neapolis; (for so is the com- Polycarp who sends him. mand of those to whose plea- 10 I wish you all happiness sure I am subject;) do you in our God, Jesus Christ; in write to the churches that are whom continue, in the near you, as being instructed nity and protection of God. in the will of God, that they also may do in like manner.

7 Let those that are able Lord. send 2messengers; and let the

I have exhorted you by 1these children. I salute Attalus my well-beloved. 9 I salute him, who shall

11 I salute Alce my wellbeloved. Farewell in the

¶ To Polycarp.

The EPISTLE of POLYCARP to the PHILIPPIANS.

[The genuinaness of this Epistle is controverted, but implicitly believed by Archbishop Wake, whose translation is below. There is also a translation by Dr. Cave, attached to his life of Polycarp.]

CHAP. I. their respect to those who our Saviour, be multiplied. suffered for the Gospel; and for their own faith.

to the church of God which 3 it behoved you, those

and peace, from God Almigh-Commends the Philippians for ty; and the Lord Jesus Christ,

2 I rejoiced greatly with you in our Lord Jesus Christ, OLYCARP, and the pres-that ye receive the images of a byters that are with him, true love, and accompanied, as is at Philippi; mercy unto you, were in bonds, becoming saints;

¹ Viz. To the Smyrnmeans, and this to himself. Pootmen. 3 Sojourneth.

¹ Vid. Voss. in loc. In the Eternal See Person in loc. 2 work. 2 Ex Vet. Interpr. Vid. Voss-Annot.

which are the crowns of such creature shall worship; who as are truly chosen by God shall come to be the judge of and our Lord:

the faith which was preached them that believe not in him. from antient times, remains firm in you to this day; and Christ from the dead, shall albrings forth fruit to our Lord so raise up us in like manner, Jesus Christ, who suffered him- if we do his will, and walk 2 self to be brought even to the according to his commanddeath for our sins.

4 2Whom God hath raised up, having loosed the pains of 3Whom having not seen, ye love; in whom though now ye see him not, yet believing, ye rejoice with joy unspeakable and full of glory.

5 Into which many desire to enter; 4knowing that by grace ye are saved; not by works, but by the will of God, through Jesus Christ.

6 5Wherefore girding up the loins of your minds; 6serve the Lord with fear, and in truth: laying aside all empty and vain speech, and the error of many; 7believing in him that raised up our Lord Jesus Christ from the dead, and hath given him glory and a throne at his right-hand.

7 To whom all things are made subject, 8both that are in heaven, and that are in earth: whom every 9living

1 Firm root remains in you. 2
1 Him. 2 In. 3 Injustice. 4
Acis, ii. 24 3 Pet. i. 8. 4 Eph. Eph. iv 19. Coloss, iii. 5, 1 Pet. iii.
8. 5 1 Pet. i. 13. 6 Paslm ii. 11 9. 5 Said to us, Teaching, Luke.
7 1 Pet. i. 21. 8 Phil. ii. 30. 9 vi. 37. Matt. vii. 1. 6 Matt. v. 3, 10. Breath.

the quick and dead: whose 3 As also that the 1root of blood God shall require of

8 But he that raised up 1 ments: and love those things

which he loved:

9 Abstaining from all 3unrighteousness; 4inordinate affection, and love of money; from evil-speaking; false witness; not rendering evil for evil, or railing for railing, or striking for striking, or curs' for cursing.

10 But remembering what the Lord has 5taught as saying, Judge not, and ye shall not be judged; forgive and . shall be forgiven; be ye merciful, and ye shall obtain mercy: for with the same measure that ve mete withal, it shall be measured to you again.

11 And again, that 6blessed are the poor, and they that are persecuted for righteousness sake; for theirs is the kingdom of God.

CHAP. II.

1 Exhorts to Faith, Hope, and Charity. 5 Against cone-

9 vi. 37. Matt. vii. 1. 6 Matt. v. 3, 10. Luke, vi. 20.

widows, 9 deacons, young ness.

men.virgins, and presbyters. 6 And teach ourselves first

ty of myself to write unto you then your wives to walk likeconcerning righteousness, but wise 2according to the faith you yourselves before encoura- that is given to them; in 3

ged me to it.

ny other such as I am, come sincerity, and all others alike up to the wisdom of the bles- with all temperance; and to sed and renowned Paul; who bring up their children in the being himself in person with instruction 5 and fear of the those who then lived, did with Lord. all exactness and soundness teach the word lof truth; and teach that they be sober as to being gone from you wrote an 2epistle to you.

3 Into which if you look, you will be able to edify your-traction, evil speaking, false sel . in the faith that has been delivered unto you; which is and from all evil. the mother of us all; being followed with hope, and led on the alters of God, 6who sees by a general love, both towards God and towards Christ, and towards our neighbour.

4 For if a man 3has these things, he has fulfilled the law of righteousness: for he that has charity is far from all sin.

5 But the love of money is the 4root of all evil. Knowing therefore that as we brought nothing into this world, so neither may we carry any thing

1 peri aletheius, concerning Truth.
2 Epistles, Vid Annot, Coteler, in loc. 3 Be within. 4 Beginning of all troubles, or difficulties, Chalepon. LTim. vi. 7.

tousness, and as to the du-lout; let us larm ourselves ties of husbands, wives, with the armour of righteous-

HESE things, my breth- to walk according to the comren, I took not the liber- mandments of the Lord; and charity, and in purity; loving 2 For neither can I, nor a- their own husbands with all 4

> The widows likewise what concerns the faith of the Lord: praying always for all men; being far from all dewitness; from covetousness,

> 8 Knowing that they are all blemishes, and from whom nothing is hid; who searches out the very reasonings, and thoughts, and secrets of our hearts.

> 9 ¶Knowing therefore that God is not mocked, we ought to walk worthy both of his command and of his glory.

10 Also the deacons must be blameless before 7him, as the ministers of God in Christ, and not of men. Not false ac-

1 Bearmed. 2 in 3 Love. Truth. 5 Of the. 6 And that he. His righteonsness.

cusers; not doubled-tongued; to walk in a spotless and pure not lovers of money; but conscience. 1 moderate in all things; compassionate, careful; walking compassionate and merciful toaccording to the truth of the wards all; 2turning them from Lord, who was the servant their errors; seeking out those of all.

is to come, according as he sight of God and man. has promised to us, that hel and that if we shall walk wor- unrighteous judgment : together with him, if we be-covetousness. lieve.

ger men must be unblamable vere in judgment; knowing in all things: above all, taking that we are all debtors in point care of their purity, and to res- of sin. train themselves from all evil. For it is good to be cut off the Lord that he would forgive from the lusts that are in the us, we ought also to forgive oworld; because every such thers: for we are all in the 2 lust warreth against the spir-sight of our Lord and God; it: 3 and neither fornicators, 5 and must all stand before the nor effeminate, nor abusers of judgment seat of Christ; and themselves with mankind, shall shall every one give an account inherit the kingdom of God; 6of himself. nor they who do such things as are foolish and unreasona- him in fear, and with all revble.

abstain from all these things; postles who have preached the being subject to the Apriests Gospel unto us, and the prophand deacons, as unto God and ets who have forefold the com-Christ.

14 The virgins admonish us:

15 And let the Telders be that are weak; not forgetting 11 Whom if we please in the widows, the fatherless, and this present world, we shall also the poor; but always 3 providbe made partakers of that which ling what is good both in the

16 Abstaining from will raise us from the dead; wrath, respect of persons and thy of him, we shall also reign especially being free from all

17 Not 4easy to believe a-12 In like manner the youn- ny thing against any; not se-

18 If therefore we pray to

19 Let us therefore serve erence as both himself hath 13 Wherefore ye must needs commanded; and as the Aing of our Lord have taught

² Pet. ii. 11. Continent. Cor. vi. 9. 10. 4 Elders. A 299.

¹ Presbyters. 2 Ezek. xxxiv. 4. 3 1 3 Rom xii. 17. 4 Swiftly believing-Rom. xiv. 10. 2 Cor. 5 Matt. xii. 14.

good; abstaining from all of- it truly is willing, but the flesh fence, and from false brethren; is weak. and from those who bear the who deceive vain men.

CHAP. III.

Christ; his nature and sufand judgment. to prayer, 5 and stedfast- his mouth. ness in the faith, from the examples of Christ, 7 and 3through him. Apostles and saints, and well-doing.

*OR 1 whosoever does not is come in the flesh, he is Autichrist: and whoever does not confess 2 his suffering upon the you that ye obey the word of cross, is from the devil.

the oracles of the Lord to his set forth before your eyes, not own lusts; and says that there only in the blessed Ignatius, shall neither be any resurrec- and Zozimus, and Rufus; but tion, nor judgment, he is the in others among yourselves; first-born of Satan.

3 Wherefore leaving the rest of the Apostles: vanity of many, and their false doctrines; let us return to the word that was delivered to us from the beginning; 3Watching unto prayer; and perse vering in fasting:

4 With supplication beseeching the all-seeing God 4not to lead us into temptation; as present world; but him who

1 1 John, iv. 3. 2 The martyrdom of he cross. 3 1 Pet. iv. 7. vi. 13.

20 Being zealous of what is the Lord hath said, 1 The spir-

5 Let us therefore without name of Christ in hypocrisy; ceasing hold stedfastly to him, who is our hope, and the earnest of our righteousness, even 1 As to faith in our Saviour Jesus Christ: 2Who his own self bare our sins in his own ferings, the resurrection body on the tree: who did no 3 Exhorts sin, neither was guile found in But suffered all for us that we might

6 Let us therefore imitate exhorts to carefulness in all his patience; and if we suffer for his name, let us glorify him; for this example he has given confess that Jesus Christ us by himself, and so have we believed.

7 Wherefore I exhort all of righteousness, and exercise all 2 And whosoever perverts patience; which ye have seen and in Paul himself, and the

> 8 Being 4confident of this, that all these have not run in vain; but in faith and righteousness, and are gone to the place that was due to them from the Lord; with whom also they suffered

9 For they loved not this

I Mau. xxvi. 41. 2 1 Pet ii. 20, 4 Matt. 24. 3 Im 1 Pet, iii. 14, &c. 4 Persuaded.

died, and was raised again by should so little understand the God for us.

and immutable in the faith, ye be chaste, and true of lovers of the brotherhood, speech. lovers of one another: 1com wards each other, despising how shall he be able to presnone.

11 When it is in your power to do good defer it not, for himself from 3covetousness,

one to another, 3having your were a Gentile. conversation 4honest among the Gentiles; that by your rant of the judgment of God? good works, both ye your- 4Do we not know that the selves may receive praise, and saints shall judge the world. as the Lord may not 5be blas- Paul teaches. phemed through you. But wo be to him by whom the ceived nor heard any thing of name of the Lord is blasphem-this kind in you, among whom

sobriety; in which do ye also ginning of his epistle. exercise yourselves.

CHAP. IV.

fallen into the sin of coveagainst it.

AM greatly afflicted for a true repentance. Valens, who was once a presbyter among you; that he

to each other the mildness of the Lord. Tobit, xii. 9. 3 1 Pet. ii. 12. 4 Un. v. 5. Coloss. ii. 5. 3 As before Dreprovable. 5 Rom. ii 24. Titus, ii. Hummond on 1 Cor. v. 10. i. 4 1

place that was given to him in 10 Stand therefore in these the church. Wherefore I adthings, and follow the exam-monish you that ye abstain ple of the Lord; being firm from 1 covetousness; and that

2.2Keep yourselves from panions together in the truth : all evil. For he that in these 2being kind and gentle to-things cannot govern himself, cribe them to another?

3 If a man does not keep charity delivereth from death. he shall be polluted with idol-12 Be all of you subject atry, and be judged as if he

4 But who of you are igno-

5 But I have neither perthe blessed 5Paul laboured & 13 Therefore teach all men and who are named in the be-

6 For he glories of you in all the churches who then only knew God; for we did not Valens, a presbyter, having then know him. Wherefore, my brethren, I am exceedingtousness, he exhorts them ly sorry both for him, and for his wife; to whom God grant

7 And be ye also moderate

1 Concupiscence : or. immoderate 1 Associated in truth. 2 Y-elding and filthy lists. So Dr. Hammond on each other the mildness of the Lord. Row i. 29. i 2 1 Thess. v 22. Eph. Cor. vi 2. 5 Phil. i.

not upon such as enemies, but that are in authority; and for call them back as suffering, and those who persecute you, and erring members, that ye may hate you, and for the enemies save your whole body; for by of the cross: that your fruit own selves.

8 For I trust that ye are 2Christ. well exercised in the Holy Scriptures, and that nothing is ye, and also Ignatius, that if hid from you: but at present any one went from hence into it is not granted unto me to Syria, he should bring your practise that which is 1 written, letters with him; which also I Be angry and sin not; and a will take care of, as soon as I gain, Let not the sun go down shall have a convenient opupon your wrath.

eth and remembereth these on your account. things; which also I trust you

do.

of God, even Jesus Christ, joined to this epistle: build you up in faith and in chastity:

11 And grant unto you a lot and portion among his tainly of Ignatius, and those saints; and us with you, and that are with him, signify unto to all that are under the heavens, who shall believe in our Father 2who raised him from

the dead.

upon this occasion; and look pray also for kings, and 1all so doing, ye shall edify your may be manifest in all; and that ye may be perfect in

13 3Ye wrote to me, both portunity; either by myself, 9 Blessed is he that believ- or him whom I shall send up-

14 The epistles of Ignatius which he wrote 4unto us, toge-10 Now the God and Fa-ther with what others of his ther of our Lord Jesus Christ; have come to our hands, we and he himself who is our ev- have sent to you, according to erlasting high-priest, the Son your order; which are sub-

15 By which ye may be truth, and in all meekness and greatly profited; for they treat lenity; in patience and long- of faith and patience, and of suffering, in forbearance and all things that pertain to edification in 5the Lord Jesus.

16 ¶ What you know cer-

17 These things have I Lord Jesus Christ, and in his written unto you by Crescens, whom by this present epistle I have recommended to 12 Pray for all the saints: and do now again commend.

1 Pewers and princes. 1 Said in these Scriptures. Psalm 3 See Annot. Usser, in loc. 4 i. e. iv. 5. Eph. iv. 25. 2 Gal. i. 1. 1 Tim. To himself, and to the church of Smyrna, 5 Our Lord.

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ii. 1, 2

18 For he has had his con- gard unto his sister when she versation without blame a shall come unto you. mong us; and I suppose also 20 Be ye safe in the Lord with you.

Jesus Christ; 1 and in favor

19 Ye will also have re- with all yours. Amen.

THE SHEPHERD OF HERMAS.

This book is thus entitled, because it was composed by Hermas, brother to Pins, bishop of Rome; and herause the Angel, who bears the principal part in it, is represented in the form and habit of a Shepherd. Irenœus quotes it under the very name of Scripture; Origen thought it a most useful writing, and that it was divinely inspired : Eucebius says, that, though it was not esteemed canonical, it was read publicly in the churches, which is corroborated by Jerome; and Athanasius cites it, calls it a most useful work, and observes, that though it was not strictly canonical, the Fathers appointed it to be read for direction and confirmation in faith and piety. Jerome, notwithstanding this, and that he applauded it in his catalogue of writers, in his comments upon it afterwards, terms it apocryphal and foolish. Tertullian praised it when a Catholic, and abused it when a Montanist. Although Gelssius ranks it among the apocryphal books, it is found attached to some of the most ancient MSS. of the apocrypnal books, it is found attached to some of the most ancient MSS. of the New Testament; and archishop Wake, believing it the genuine work of an apostolical Father, preserves it to the English reader by the following translation, in which he has rendered the books not only more exact, but in greater purity than they had before appeared. The archishop procured Dr. Grabe to entirely collate the old Latin Version with an ancient MS, in the Lambeth library; and the learned prelate himself still further improved the whole from a multitude of fragments of the original Greek never before used for that purpose.]

The First Book of HERMAS, which is called his VISIONS.

VISION I.

1 Against filthy and proud brought her out of the river. thoughts; 29 also the neg-

ing his children.

sold a certain young maid at Rome; whom when I thought with myself; nor did I saw many years after, I remembered her, and began to long after, as I was walking love her as a sister. It hap- and musing on these thoughts, pened some time afterwards, I began to honour this creathat I saw her washing in the ture of God, thinking with myriver Tyber; and I reached

out my hand unto her, and

2 And when I saw her, I lect of Hermas in chastis- thought with myself, saying, How happy should I be if I E who had bred me up had such a wife, both for beauty and manners. think any thing more. But not

1 His grace be with you all. Amen.

she was.

the Spirit caught me away, dishonest word unto thee? and carried me through a certain place towards the right- teemed thre as a lady? Have hand, through which no man I not always reverenced thee could pass It was a place a- as a sister? Why then dost mong rocks, very steep, and thou imagine these wicked unpassable for water.

my sins.

- 5 And as I was praying, desire rise up in his heart? cuse thee of sin before the Lord. business.
- cause thou hast sined against me and know not where to fix.
 - 7 And I answering said

am commanded of the Lord to reprove thee for thy sins. 2 In MSS. Wilt pise and neglect their own life. thou accuse me?

self how noble and beautiful unto her, Lady, if I have sinned against thee tell me where. 3 And when I had walked or in what place, or when did a little. I fell asleep. And I ever speak an unseemly or

8 Have I not always es-

things against me?

4 When I was passed this 9 Then she, smiling upon place, I came into a plain; me, said: The desire of and there falling down upon naughtiness has risen up in my knees, I began to pray thy heart. Does it not seem unto the Lord, and to confess to thee to be an ill thing for a righteous man to have an evil

the heaven was opened, and I 10 It is indeed a sin, and saw the woman which I had that a very great one, to such coveted, saluting me from a one; for a righteous man heaven, and saying, Hermas, thinketh that which is righthail! and I looking upon her, eous. And whilst he does so, answered, Lady, what dost and walketh uprightly he shall thou do here? She answered have the Lord in heaven fame, 1I am taken up hither to ac- vourable unto him in all his

6 Lady, said I, Wilt thou 11 But as for those who 2convince me? No, said she; think wickedly in their hearts. but hear the words which I they take to themselves death am about to speak unto thee, and captivity; and especially God who dwelleth in heaven, those who love this present and hath made all things out world, and glory in their richof nothing, and hath multiplied es, and regard not the good them for his holy church's things that are to come; their sake, is angry with thee, be-souls wander up and down,

12 Now this is the case of 1 In MS. Lambeth. Precepts sum such as are double-minded, who a Domino ut procests tous a arguam: I trust not in the Lord, and dese

13 But do thou pray unto

the Lord, and he will heal thy such thing from the servant of sins, and the sins of thy whole God. But it may be the dehouse, and of all his saints.

ken these words the heavens thought maketh the servants of were shut, and I remained ut- God guilty of sin; terly swallowed up with sadness and fear; and said with-testable thought to be in the in myself, if this be laid against servant of God; nor should me for sin, how can I be sav- he who is approved by the ed?

able to entreat the Lord for who contains himself from all my many and great sins? -- wicked lusts, and is full of all With what words shall I be-simplicity, and of great innoseech him to be merciful unto cence.

these things, and meditating in for thine own sake, as upon myself upon them, behold a the account of thy house, chair was set over against me which has committed wickedof the whitest wool, as bright ness against the Lord, and aas snow.

17 And there came an old woman in a bright garment, fondness towards thy sons, having a book in her hand, thou hast not admonished thy and sate alone, and saluted house, but hast permitted them me, saying, 1 Hermas, hail! to live wickedly; for this And I being full of sorrow, and cause the Lord is angry with weeping, answered, Hail, La-thee: but he will heal all the dv!

Why art thou sad, Hermas, iquities, thou art wholly conwho wert wont to be patient, sumed in secular affairs. and modest, and always cheerful? I answered, and said to God hath taken compassion her, Lady, a reproach has upon thee, and upon thine been laid to my charge by an house, and hath 1 greatly comexcellent woman, who tells me forted thee. Only as for thee, that I have sinned against her. do not wander, but be of an 19 She replied, Far be any

1 Vid. Hieron, in Hoseam, vii 9. 245

sire of her has risen up in thy 14 ¶ As soon as she had spo- heart? For indeed such a

20 Nor ought such a de-Spirit desire that which is e-15 Or how shall I ever be vil; but especially Hermas,

21 ¶ Nevertheless the Lord 16 As I was thinking over is not so much angry with thee gainst their parents.

22 And for that out of this evils that are done in thy house. 18 And she said unto me, For through their sins and in-

23 But now the mercy of

I In Glory -Edit Oxon. presented thee in honour:

even mind, and comfort thy house.

24 As the workman bringing forth his work, offers it to and all things shall be made whomsoever he pleases; so plain for his elect; that he shalt thou by teaching every may render unto them the day what is just, cut off a promise which he has promgreat sin. not to admonish thy sons, for joy; if so be that they shall the Lord knows that they will keep the commandments of repent with all their heart, God, which they have receiv-1 and they shall be written in ed with great faith. the book of life.

25 And when she had said this, she added unto me;-Wilt thou hear me read?—I answered her, Lady, I will.

26 Hear then, said she; east. and opening the book she read, gloriously, greatly, and won-her, and touched my breast. derfully such things as I could not keep in my memory. For they were terrible words, such as no man could bear.

27 Howbeit I committed fore was severe and hard. her last words to my rememfew, and of great use to us.

28 Behold the mighty Lord, who by his invisible power, glorious counsel beautified his creature, and with the word of his strength fixed the heavpowerful virtue established his good cheer. Holy Church, which he hath blessed.

1 So MS Lamb. Et des ribentut in libro viue.

29 Behold, he will remove the heavens, and the mountains, the hills, and the seas; Wherefore cease ised, with much honor and

30 ¶ And when she bad made an end of reading, she rose out of the chair; and behold four young men came, and carried the chair to the

31 And she called me unto and said unto me, Did my reading please thee?-I answered, Lady, these last things please me; but what went be-

32 She said unto me, These brance; for they were but last things are for 1the righteous, but the foregoing for the

revolters and heathen.

33 And as she was talking, and with his excellent wisdom with me, two men appeared, made the world, and by his and took her upon their shoulders, and went to the east, where the chair was.

34 And she went cheerfully on, and founded the earth up- away; and as she was going, on the waters; and by his said unto me, Hermas, be of

> VISION II. Again, of his neglect in cor-

recting his talkative wife; and of his lewd sons.1

time that I went the year be- but by whom I saw not. fore, I began to call to mind the vision I formerly had .-And again the spirit carried me away, and brought me into the same place, in which I had been the year before.

2 And when I was come into the place, I fell down upon my knees, and began to pray unto the Lord, and to glorify his name, that he had esteemed me worthy, and had manifested unto me my former sins.

3 And when I arose from prayer, behold I saw over against me the old woman whom I had seen the last year, walking and reading in a certain book.

4 And she said unto me, canst thou tell these things to the elect of God?—I answered and said unto ber, Lady, I cannot retain so many things her learn to refrain her tongue. in my memory, but give me with which she calumniates. the book, and I will write them down.

see that thou restore it again | cy. to me.

6 As soon as I had received instructed, when thou it, I went aside into a certain have reproached them with place of the field, and transcribed every letter, for I found has commanded to be revealpo syllables.

1 Et ejus modo.

7 1 And as soon as I had finished what was written in SI was on the way to the book, the book was sud-Cuma, about the same denly caught out of my hands.

8 ¶ After fifteen days, when I had fasted, and intreated the Lord with all earnestness, the knowledge of the writing was revealed unto me. Now the

writing was this:

9 Thy seed, O Hermas! hath sinned against the Lord, and have betrayed their parents, through their great wickedness. And they have been called the betrayers of their parents, and have gone on in their treachery.

10 And now have they added lewdness to their other sins, and the pollutions of naughtiness: thus have they filled up the measure of their iniquities. But do thou 2upbraid thy sons with all these words; and thy wife, which shall be thy sister; and let

11 For when she shall hear these things, she will refrain 5 Take it, says she, and herself, and shall obtain mer-

> 12 And 3they also shall be these words, which the Lord

1 Clem. Alex. Strom. vi. 2 Impre-pera. 3 So one MS. in Coteler. Edite Uren. And she, &c.

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forgiven which they have here-come. tofore committed, and the sins of all the saints, who have sinned even unto this day; if they shall repent with all their bearts, and remove all doubts out of their hearts.

by his glory concerning his 1e- neglect thy sister, but take very time, that if any one shall former sins. 2even now sin, he shall not be

saved.

the righteous has its end: the they have done wickedly. days of repentance are fulfileven unto the last day.

16 Thou shalt therefore say to those who are over they may fully receive promise with much glory.

that work righteousness; and with thy great business. continue to do it, that your de-

angels. as shall endure the great trial that is at hand, and whosoever

shall not deny his life.

19 For the Lord hath sworn by his Son, that whose denieth his Son and him, being afraid of his life; he will also deny

1 Day. Præfinita ista die etiam mn after it

13 Then shall their sins be him in the 1 world that is to

20 But those who shall never deny him, he will of his exceeding great mercy be favor-

able unto them.

21 ¶ But thou, O Hermas! remember not the 2evils which 14 For the Lord hath sworn thy sons have done, neither lect, having determined this care that they amend of their

22 For they will be instructed by this doctrine, if thou 15 For the repentance of shalt not be mindful of what

23 For the remembrance of led to all the saints; but to evils worketh death; but the the heathen, there is repentance forgetting of them, life eter-

nal.

24 But thou, O Hermas! the hast undergone a great many church; that they order their worldly troubles for the offenways in righteousness; that ces of thy house; because thou the hast neglected them; as things that did not belong unto thee; 17 Stand fast therefore ye and thou art wholly taken up

25 Nevertheless, for parture may be with the holy cause shall thou be saved, that thou hast not departed from 18 Happy are ye, as many the living God; and thy simplicity, and singular continency, shall preserve thee, if thou shall continue in them.

> 26 Yea, they shall save all such as do such things; and walk in innocence and sim-

plicity.

27 They who are of this nunc si peccaveritaliquis. Lat. 2 Shuli kind, shall prevail against all

1 Days that are coming. 2 Injuries.

impliety, and life eternal.

28 Happy are all they that do righteousness, they shall not be consumed for ever.

29 But thou wilt say; behold there is a great trial com-If it seems good to thee, deny him again.

30 The Lord is nigh to them that turn to him, as it is written in the books of 1Heldam and Modal, who prophesied to the people of Israel in the wilderness.

31 ¶ Moreover, brethren it was revealed to me, as I was sleeping, by a very goodly young man, saying unto me; What thinkest thou of that old church. woman from whom thou reeeivedst the book; who is she? Of the building of the church I answered, a Sybil.

32 Thou art mistaken, said he, she is not. I replied, Who is she then, sir?—He answered me, It is the church of God.

33 And I said unto him. Why then does she appear old? She is therefore, said he, an old woman, because she was 2the first of all the creation, and the world was made for her.

34 After this I saw a vision at home in my own house, and the old woman, whom I had seen before, came to me, and asked me, whether I had yet

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continue unto delivered 3her book to the elders of the church? And I answered, that I had not yet.

35 She replied, Thou bast well done; for I have certain words more to tell thee. when I shall have finished all the words they shall be clearly understood by the elect.

36 1And thou shalt write two books, and send one to Clement, and one to Grapte. For Clement shall send it to foreign cities, because it is permitted to him so to do; but Grapte shall admonish widows and orphans.

37 But thou shalt read in this city with the elders of the

VISION III.

triumphant; and of the several sorts of reprobates. THE Vision which I saw. brethren, was this.

2 When I had often fasted and prayed unto the Lord, that he would manifest unto me the revelation, which he had promised by the old woman to shew unto me; the same night she appeared unto me, and said unto me.

3. Because thou dost thus afflict thyself, and art so desirous to know all things, come into the field, where thou wilt, and about the sixth hour, I will appear unto thee, and shew thee what thou must see.

¹ Eldad and Modad. Numb xi. 26, 27. 2 See Dr. Grabe's Annot. to Bishop Bull's Def. N.c. p. 24. Fol. de S. Herma. 3 Suum is added in the Lambeth MS.

¹ Origen. Philocal. cap. I.

- 4 I asked her, saying; La-I for righteousness, that thou dy, into what part of the field? mayest receive a part of her in She answered, Wherever thou thy house. wilt, only chuse a good and a private place. And before I began to speak and to tell her the place, she said unto me: I will come where thou wilt.
- 5 I was therefore, brethren, in the field; and I observed the hours, and came into the place where I had appointed her to come.
- 6 And I beheld a bench placed; it was a linen pillow, and over it spread a covering of fine linen.
- 7 When I saw these things ordered in this manner, and that there was no body in the should sit on the left. place, I began to be astonished, and my hair stood on end, and a kind of horror seized me; for I was alone.

8 But being come to myself, and calling to mind the glory of God, and taking courage, I fell down upon my knees, and began again to confess my sins as before.

- 9 And whilst I was doing this, the old woman came thither with the six young men whom I had seen before, and stood behind me as I was praying, and heard me praying and confessing my sins works, and shall bear what unto the Lord.
- 10 And touching me, she said; Leave off now to pray dy, I would know what it is only for thy sins; pray also that they have suffered? Hear

11 And she lifted me up from the place, and took me by the hand, and brought me

to the seat: and said to the

young men; go, and build.

12 As soon as they were departed, and we were alone, she said unto me; Sit here. I answered her; Lady, let those who are elder sit first She replied, Sit down as I bid

13 And when I would have sate on the right side, she suffered me not, but made a sign to me with her hand, that I

14 As I was therefore musing, and full of sorrow, that she would not suffer me to sit on the right side, she said unto

me, Hermas, why art thou sad? 15 The place which is on the right-hand is theirs who have already attained unto God, and have suffered for his name sake. But there is yet a great deal remaining unto thee before thou canst sit with, them.

16 But continue, as thou doest, in thy sincerity, and thou shalt sit with them; as all others shall, that do their they have borne.

17 ¶ I said unto her # Lathen, said she: wild beasts, crosses for his name sake.

hand of holiness belongs to square stones. them, and to all others as many as shall suffer for the name of God; but the left belongs young men that came with to the rest.

19 Howbeit the gifts and the promises belong to both, to them on the right, and to those on the left hand; only sitting on the right hand they have some glory above the others.

20 But thou art desirous to sit on the right hand with them; and yet thy 1defects are many. But thou shalt be purged from thy defects: as also all who doubt not, shall be cleansed from all the sins which they have committed unto this day.

21 And when she had said this, she would have departed;

22 Wherefore falling down before her feet, I began to intreat her, for the Lord's sake, that she would shew me the vision she had promised.

23 Then she again took me to the building. by the hand, and lifted me up, and made me sit upon the seat on the left side; and holding up a certain bright wand, said unto me; Seest thou that great thing? I replied; Lady I see nothing.

24 She answered; Dost

1 Lat. Exignitates.

scourgings, imprisonments, and thou not see over against thee a great tower, which is built 18 For this cause the right-upon the water with bright

25 For the tower was built upon a square by those six her.

26 But many thousands of other men brought some drew them out of the deep; others carried from the ground, and gave them to the six young men. And they took them, and built.

27 As for those stones which were drawn out of the deep, they put them all into the building; for they were polished, and their squares exactly answered one another, and so one was joined in such wise to the other, that there was no space to be seen where they joined; insomuch that the whole tower appeared to be built as it were of one stone.

28. But as for the other stones that were taken off from the ground, some of them they rejected, others they fitted in-

29 As for those which were rejected some they cut out, and cast them at a distance from the tower: but many others of them lay round about the tower, which they made no use of in the building.

30 For some of these were rough, others had clefts in them; others were white and building of the tower.

31 But I saw the other me about the revelation. ed from the way into a desert for thou are very lurgent. place.

to the fire and burning: oth-namely the church, which ers fell near the water, yet have appeared to thee both could not roll themselves into now, and heretofore. it, though very desirous to fore ask what thou wilt con-

fall into the water.

shewed me these things, she mayest rejoice with the saints. would have departed. But I 39 I said unto her: Lady, said unto her; Lady, what because thou hast thought me doth it profit me to see these once worthy to receive from things, and not understand thee the revelation of all these what they mean?

said I, lady, that I may de- ever thou shalt see. rify God with great glory.

indeed shall hear them, and concerning the building, therewhen they shall have heard fore thou shalt find the truth. them, some shall rejoice, and 42 Hear therefore why the others weep. And yet even tower is built upon the water: these, if they shall repent, shall because voor life is and shall

rejoice too.

36 Hear therefore what I

round, not proper for the ble of the tower, and after this be no longer importunate with

stones cast afar off from the 37 For these revelations tower, and falling into the have an emd, seeing they are high-way, and yet not contin-fulfilled. But thou dost not uing in the way, but were roll- leave off to desire revelations;

38 As for the tower which 32 Others I saw falling in- thou seest built, it is I myself, Wherecerning the tower, and I will 33 ¶ And when she had reveal it unto thee, that thou

things, declare them unto me.

34 She answered and said 40 She answered me; whatunto me; You are very cun-soever is fit to be revealed unning, in that you are desirous to thee, shall be revealed: to know those things which 2 only let thy heart be with the Irelate to the tower. Yea, Lord, and doubt not, whatso-

clare them unto the brethren; 41 I asked her, Lady, why and they may rejoice, and is the tower built upon the hearing these things may glo-| 3water? She replied; I said before to thee that thou wert 35 Then she said; Many very wise, to inquire diligently

be saved by water.

1 Edit. Oxon 2 Clem Alex. shall say concerning the para-Strom. xii. 3 Baptism. 4 Namely. the tower.

¹ Are about.

is founded by the word of the name of God may be glorified, almighty and honorable name; it has been, and shall be reand is supported by the invisi- vealed unto thee, for the sake

said unto her; These things er these things are so or not. are very admirable: but, lady, who are those six young men things are true; and that there that build?

angels of God, which were ly established. the Lord has delivered all his cerning the stones that are in creatures, to frame and build the building. them up, and to rule over them. For by these the building of stones, which agree exactly in the tower shall be finished.

who bring them stones?

angels of the Lord; but the and governed, and taught and other are more excellent than ministered holily and modestly these. whole building of the tower that are fallen asleep, and shall be finished, they shall all which yet remain; and have feast together beside the tower, always agreed with them, and and shall glorify God, because have had peace within themthe structure of the tower is selves, and have heard each finished.

47 I asked her, saying; I would know the condition of joints exactly meet together in the stones, and the meaning of the building of the tower. them, what it is?

to me; Art thou better than all the building, and whose joints others, that this should be re- agree with the other stones vealed unto thee? ers are both before thee, and those which are already falbetter than thou art, to whom len asleep, and have sufferthese visions should be made ed for the sake of the Lord's manifest:

49 Nevertheless, that the

ble power and virtue of God. of those who are doubtful, 43 ¶ And I answering, and think in their hearts wheth-

50 Tell them that all these is nothing in them that is not 44 They are, said she, the true; but all are firm, and tru-

52 The square and white their joints; are the apostles 45 And who are the rest and bishops, and doctors, and ministers, who through the 46 They also are the holy mercy of God have come in. Wherefore when the to the elect of God, both they other.

53 For which cause their

54 They which are drawn 48 She answering, said un- out of the deep and put into For oth- which are already built, are name.

55 And what are the other! stones, lady, that are brought who they are that were cut out, from the earth; I would know and cast afar off from the tow-

what they are?

56 She answered, They which lie upon the ground and are not polished, are those in hypocrisy, but departed not which God has approved, because they have walked in cause they shall not be saved, 1the law of the Lord, and directed their ways in his commandments.

57 They which are brought and put up in the building of out, and cast afar off, because the tower, are the young in faith and the faithful. And these are admonished by the angels him to anger against them. to do well, because that iniquity is not found in them.

58 But who whom they rejected, and laid

beside the tower.

sinned, and are willing to re- the truth, but have not conpent; for which cause they are not cast far from the tower, the saints; and therefore are because they will be useful for unprofitable. the building, if they shall re-

pent.

For if the building departed building. jected: for he only has this those stones. privilege, who shall now be put into the tower.

I In æquitatem Domini. Lat.

61 ¶ But would you know er? 1Lady, said I, I desire it.

62 They are the children of iniquity, who believed only from their evil ways: for this because they are not of any use in the building by reason of their sins.

63 Wherefore they are cut of the anger of the Lord, and because they have provoked

64 As for the great number of other stones which thou are those hast seen placed about the tower, but not put into the building; those which are rug-59 They are such as have ged, are they who have known tinued in it, nor been joined to

65 Those that have clefts in them, are those who keep 60 They therefore that are up discord in their hearts ayet to repent, if they shall re- gainst each other, and live not pent shall become strong in in peace; that are friendly the faith; that is, if they re- when present with their brethpent now, whilst the tower is ren; but as soon as they are from one another. shall be finished there will their wickedness still continthen be no place for them to ues in their hearts: these are be put in, but they shall be re- the clefts which are seen in

> 66 Those that are maimed and short, are they who have

1 Vid. Edit. Oxon.

believed indeed; but still are and fit for the life which thou in great measure full of wick-hast undertaken; for thou aledness: for this cause are so once was one of those they maimed and not whole. stones.

67 But what are the white and round stones, lady, and stones which thou sawest cast which are not proper for the afar off from the tower, and

building of the tower?

met How long wilt thou con-places; they are such as have tinue foolish and without un- believed indeed, but thro'their derstanding : Tasking every doubting have forsaken the thing, and discerning nothing? true way, thinking that they

faith indeed; but have withal wander and are miserable, gothe riches of this present world. ing into desolate ways.

arise, for the sake of their which fell into the fire and riches and traffic they deny; were burnt; they are those the Lord.

take delight, then they will be they commit. profitable unto the Lord for 75 And what are the rest his bailding.

upless it be cut away, and to the Lord.

experience: when thou, wert ed lusts. rich, thou wast unprofitable; 77 Thus she finished the but now thou art profitable, explication of the tower.

73 ¶ As for the rest of the running in the way; and tum-68 She answering said unto bled out of the way into desert 60 They are such as have could find a better. But they

When therefore any ttroubles 74 Then for those stones who have 1 for ever departed 70 I answering, said unto from the living God; nor doth her; When therefore will they it ever come into their hearts be profitable to the Lord? to repent, by reason of the af-When their riches shall be cut fection which they bear to their away, says she, in which they lusts and wickednesses which

which fell by the water, and 71 For as a round stone, could not roll into the water?

76 They are such as have oust somewhat offits bulk can-heard the word; and were not be made square; so they willing to be baptized in the who are rich in this world, name of the Lord; but conunless their riches be pared off, sidering the great holiness cannot be made profitable un- which the truth requires, have withdrawn themselves, and 72 Learn this from thy own walked again after their wick-

I Tribulation arises.

askedher: Is there repentance fects of them. allowed to all those stones which are thus cast away, and were not suitable to the building of the tower; and shall they find place in this tower?

she, but they cannot come into this tower; but they shall be placed in a much lower rank; and this after that they shall have been afflicted, and fulfilled the days of their sins.

80 And for this cause they shall be removed, because they have received the word of righteousness: and then they shall be translated from their true sense in their hearts of what they have done amiss.

81 But if they shall have this sense in their hearts, they shall not be saved, by reason of the hardness of their hearts.

82 ¶ When therefore I had done asking her concerning all these things, she said unto me: Wilt thou see somewhat else? And being desirous of seeing it, I became very cheerful of countenance.

83 She therefore looking back upon me, and smiling a little, said unto me: Seest thou seven women about the tower? Lady, said I, I see them.

is supported by them, accord- Modesty; from Modesty, Dising to the command of the cipline and Charity.

78 But I being still urgent, | Lord: hear therefore the ef-

85 The first of them which holds fast with her hand, is called Faith; by her the elect shall be saved. The next which is girt up and looks man-79 They may repent said ly, is named Abstinence: she is the daughter of Faith.

> 86 Whosoever therefore shall follow her, shall be happy in all his life; because he shall abstain from all evil works, believing that if he shall contain himself from all concupiscence. he shall be the heir of eternal And what, lady, said I, life.

are the other five?

87 They are, replied she, afflictions, if they shall have a the daughters of one another. The first of them is called Simplicity; the next Innocence: the third Modesty; then Discipline; and the last of all is Charity. When therefore thou shalt have fulfilled the works of their mother, thou shalt be able to do all things.

> 88 Lady, said I, I would know what particular virtu**e**

every one of these has.

89 Hear then, replied she; they have equal virtues, and their virtues are knit together, and follow one another as they were born.

90 From Faith proceeds Abstinence; from Abstinence, Simplicity; from Simplicity, 84 This tower, replied she, Innocence; from Innocence, fore the works of these are holy ped down upon you in rightand chaste, and right.

91 shall serve these, and hold fast all sin and wickedness: but to their works, he shall have ye will not cease from your ehis dwelling in the tower with vil-doings. the saints of God.

end were now at hand?

loud voice, saying; O foolish creatures of God alone. man! Dost thou not see the tower yet a building? When are in need. For some by toetherefore the tower shall be free feeding contract an infirfinished, and built, it shall mity in their flesh and do iniuhave an end; and indeed it ry to their bodies; whilst the shall soon be accomplished.

more questions. been said may suffice thee and ment, and their bodies are all the saints: for the refresh-consumed. ment of your spirits. For these things have not been re-perance is hurtful to you, who vealed to thee only, but that have, and do not communicate thou mayest make them mani- to them that want. Prepare fest unto all.

95 For therefore, O Her- to come upon you. mas, after three days thou must understand these words eminent, search out them that which I begin to speak unto are hungry, whilst the tower is thee, that thou mayest speak yet unfinished. For when the them in the ears of the saints; tower shall be finished, ye that when they shall have heard shall be willing to do good, and done them, they may be and shall not find any place in it. cleansed from their iniquities. and thou together with them

96 ¶ Hear me therefore, O up in much simplicity, and in mercy of God, which has drop-the gate of the tower.

eousness; that you should be Whosoever therefore sanctified, and justified from

97 Now therefore hearken 92 Then I asked her con- unto me, and have peace one cerning the times, whether the with another, and visit one another, and receive one ano-93 But she cried out with a ther, and do not enjoy the

98 Give freely to them that flesh of others, who have not 94 But do not ask me any food withers away, because What has they want sufficient nourish-

> 99 Wherefore this intemfor the judgment that is about

> 100 Ye that are the more

101 Beware therefore, ye that glory in your riches, lest perhaps they groan who are in my Sons! I have bred you want; and their sighing come up unto God, and ye be shut nocency, and modesty, for the out with your goods without

Behold I now warn! you who are set over the unto me: Concerning these church, and love the highest seats; be not ye like unto those er, that they may be revealed that work mischief.

103 And they indeed carry about their poison in boxes; but ve contain your poison and linfection in your hearts; and will not purge them, and mix your sense with a pure had indeed a youthful face, but heart, that ye may find mercy her flesh and hair were old: with the Great King.

104 Take heed, my children, that your dissensions deprive you not of your lives .-How will ye instruct the elect was in all respects much of God, when ye yourselves want correction? Wherefore admonish one another, and be at peace among yourselves; that I standing before your seat. father, may give an account for you unto the Lord.

105 ¶ And when she had made an end of talking with vision. me the six young men that built, came and carried her to same old woman in a vision of the tower; and four others the night saying unto me: all took up the seat on which she prayer needeth humiliation .-sate. and they also went a- Fast therefore, and thou shalt way again to the tower. I saw learn from the Lord that which not the faces of these, for their thou dost ask. backs were towards me.

106 As she was going acerned the three forms, in me.

1 Medicaments 237

107 But she answering said things thou must ask some othunto thee.

108 Now, brethren, in the first vision the last year, she appeared unto me exceeding old, and sitting in a chair.

109 In another vision, she and she talked with me standing, and was more cheerful than the first time.

110 In the third vision, she younger, and comely to the eve; only she had the hair of an aged person: yet she looked cheerful, and sate upon a

111 I was therefore very sad concerning these things, until I might understand the

112 Wherefore I saw the I fasted therefore one day.

113 The same night a way, I asked her, that she young man appeared to me would reveal to me what con- and said: Why dost thou thus often desire Revelations which she had appeared unto thy prayers? Take heed that by asking many things, thou hurt not thy body. Let these Revelations suffice thee.

notable Revelations than those which thou hast already re- why she sate upon a chair? ceived.

unto him: Sir, I only ask this upon a chair by reason of his one thing upon the account of infirmity, that his weakness the three figures of the old may be upheld: Behold therewoman that appeared to me, fore the figure of the first visthat the Revelation may be ion. complete.

are not without understanding, but your doubts make you so; forasmuch as you have not but her flesh and her hair were your heart with the Lord.

117 I replied and said;-But we shall learn these things more carefully from you.

118 ¶ Hear then, says he, concerning the figures, about which you inquire.

119 And first, in the first vision she appeared to thee in the heritance is left to him; and shape of an old woman sitting he hears of it, and rises; and in a chair; because your old being become cheerful he puts spirit was decayed, and with- on new strength. And now out strength, by reason of your he no longer sits down, but infirmities, and the doubtful-stands; and is delivered from ness of your heart.

120 For as they who are not, but acts manfully. old have no hope of renewing themselves, nor expect any the Revelation which God rething but their departure: so vealed unto you; because God you being weakened through had compassion upon you, and your worldly affairs gave your- renewed your spirit : both self up to sloth, and cast not laid aside your infirmities, and away your solicitude from strength came to you, and yourself upon the Lord; and you grew strong in the faith; your sense was 1 confused, and and God seeing your strength

1 Broken, Contusus. 259

114 Canst thou see more you grew old in your sadness. 121 But, sir, I would know

122 He answered, Because 115 I answered and said every one that is weak, sitteth

123 ¶ In the second vision 116 He answered me; You you saw her standing, and having a youthful face, and more cheerful than her former; ancient. Hear, said he, this parable also.

> 124 When any one grows old, he despairs of himself by reason of his infirmity and poverty; and expects nothing but the last day of his life.

125 But on a sudden an inhis former sorrow; and sits

126 So you, having heard rejoiced.

127 For this cause he shew-

ed you the building of the tower; and will shew other things Of the trial and tribulation unto you, if you shall have peace with all your heart among each other.

128 ¶ But in the third vision you saw her yet younger; Hair and cheerful, and of a se-

rene countenance.

129 For as if some good news comes to one that is sad, he straightway forgets his sadness, and regards nothing else but the good news which he has heard; and for the rest he is comforted, and his spirit is renewed through the joy which he has received: even so you have been refreshed in your spirit, by seeing these good things.

130 And for that you saw her sitting upon a bench, it denotes a strong position; because a bench has four feet, and stands strongly. And even the world itself is upheld

by the four elements.

131 They therefore that repent perfectly, shall be young; and they that turn from their sins with their whole heart. shall be established.

132 And now you have the Revelation fully; ask no more to have any thing further revealed unto you.

be revealed, it shall be made

manifest unto you.

1 Houestam.

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VISION IV.

that is about to come upon men.

SAW a vision, brethren, twenty days after the foriner vision; a representation of the tribulation that is at hand. I was walking in thefield way-

2 Now from the public way to the place whither I went is about ten furlongs; it is a way

very little frequented:

3 And as I was walking alone, I entreated the Lord that he would confirm the revelations which he had shewed unto me by his Holy Church:

4 And would grant repentance to all his servants, who had been offended, that his and honorable name great might be glorified; and because he thought me worthy I to whom he might shew his wonders; and that I might honour him, and give thanks ! unto him.

5 And behold somewhat like a voice answered me: Doubt not, Hermas. fore I began to think, and say within myself; why should I doubt, seeing I am thus settled by the Lord, and have seen such glorious thimes?

6 I had gone but a little far-133 But if any thing be to ther, brethren, when behold I saw a dust rise up to heaven. I began to say within myself; Is there a drove of cattle com-

1 That he would shew me:

7 It was about a furlong off a white. from me. And behold I saw i

extraordinary in it.

tle; and behold I saw a great chamber; all in white, having beast, as it were a whale; and The height of the with shining hair. mouth. beast was about a hundred feet; and he had a head like a 2large earthen vessel.

9 I began to weep, and to pray unto the Lord, that he would deliver me from it.-Then I called to mind the word which I had heard;

Doubt not, Hermas.

Wherefore, brethren, putting on a divine faith, and remembering who it was that had taught me great things, I delivered myself boldly unto the beast.

11 Now the beast came on in such a manner, as if it could 3at once have devoured a city.

12 I came near unto it; and the beast extended whole bulk upon the ground; and put forth nothing but its tongue, nor once moved itself, till I had quite passed by it.

13 Now the beast had upon its head four colours, first black, then a red and bloody

1 Aliquid divinitus. 2 Vas urnale.

ing, that raises such a dust.—| colour, then a golden, and then

14 ¶ After that I had pasthe dust rise more and more, sed by it, and was gone forinsomuch that I began to sus- ward about thirty foot; behold pect that there was Isomewhat there met me a certain virgin well adorned, as if she had 8 And the sun shone a lit-just come out of her brideon white shoes, and a vailfiery locusts came out of his down her face, and covered

> 15 Now I knew by my former visions that it was the church; and thereupon grew She saluthe more cheerful. ted me saying, Hail O Man! I returned the salutation, saying,

Lady, Hail!

16 She answering said unto me, Did nothing meet you, O man! I replied; Lady, there met me such a beast, as seemed able to devour a whole people; but by the power of God, and through his singular mercy I escaped it.

17 Thou didst escape it well, said she; because thou didst cast thy whole care upon God; and openedst thy heart unto him; believing that thou couldst he safe by no other, than by his great and hon-

ourable name.

18 For this cause the Lord sent his angel, who is over the beast, whose name is Hegrin, and stopped his mouth, that he should not devour thee. Thou hast escaped a great trial through thy faith, and because

thou didst not doubt for such! a terrible beast.

to the elect of God, the great things that he hath done for ye also in like manner tried And thou shalt say unto them, that this beast is the this world. figure of the trial that is about to come.

prepared yourselves, ye may escape it, if your heart be pure and without spot | and if ye shall serve God all the rest of your days without complaint.

21 Cast all your cures up- building of the tower. on the Lord, and he will direct them. ye doubtful, because he can do all things; he can both turn away his wrath from you, and send you help and security.

22 We to the doubtful, to those who shall hear these words, and shall despise them: it had been better for them that they had not been born.

23 ¶Then I asked her conceruing the four colours which the beast had upon its head. But she answered me, saving; therefore in mind the things Again thou art curious in that thou askest concerning these And I said unto her, Lady, Shew me what they are? I saw not whither she went.

24 Hear, said she: The black which thou sawest, de- and I turned back, being anotes the world in which you fraid; for I thought that the dwell. The fiery and bloody beast colour, signifies, that this age me. must be destroyed by fire and blood

25 The golden part are ver who have escaped out of it.— 19 Go therefore, and relate For as gold is tried by the fire, and is made profitable, so are who dwell among the men of

26 They therefore that shall endure to the end, and be 20 If therefore ye shall have proved by them, shall be purged. And as gold, by this trial is cleansed and loses its dross ; so shall ye also cast away all sorrow and troubles and be made pure for the

27 But the white colour Belleve in God, denotes the time of the world which is to come, in which the elect of God shall dwell: because the elect of God shall be pure and without spot unto life eternal.

> 28 Wherefore do not thou cease to speak these things in the ears of the saints. ye have the figure of the great tribulation that is about to come; which, if you please, shall be nothing to you. Keep which I have said unto you.

> 2) When she had spoken thus much, she departed; but But suddenly I heard a noise, coming toward Was

The Second Book of HERMAS, called his COMMANDS.

¶ Introduction. down upon the bed; a certain ly such of them as may be of man came in to me with a re- most use unto thee. verend look, in the habit of a

and saluted me.

2 I returned his salutation; and immediately he sat down militudes, that by often readby me, and said unto me; I ling of them, thou mayest the am sent by that venerable more leasily keep them in messenger, that I should dwell with thee all the remaining

days of thy life.

3 But I thought that he was come to try me, and said unto him, Who are you? For I know to whom I am committed. He said unto me, Do you not know me? I answered, No. I am, said he, that shepherd to whose care you are delivered.

4 Whilst he was yet speak- you. ing, his shape was changed; and when I knew that it was he to whom I was committed, I was ashamed, and a sudden lye shall be punished by him. fear came upon me, and I was utterly overcome with sudness, because I had spoken so fool ishly unto him.

5 But he said, be not ashamed, but receive strength in thy mind, through the commands which I am about to deliver! unto thee.

sent to show unto thee all 7 HEN I had prayed at those things again, which thou home, and was sat hast seen before; but especial-

6 And first of all write my shepherd cloathed with a white Commands and Similitudes, cloak, having his bag upon his the rest thou shalt so write as back, and his staff in his hand, I shall shew unto thee. But I therfore bid thee first of all to write my Commands and Simemory.

> 7 Whereupon I wrote his Commands and Similitudes, as

he bade me.

8 Which things if when you have heard, ye shall observe to do them; and shall walk according to them, and exercise yourselves in them, with a pure mind; ye shall receive from the Lord those things which he has promised unto

9 But if having heard them ye shall not repent, but shall still go on to add to your sins ;

10 All these things that Shepherd, the angel of repentance, commanded me to write.

COMMAND I.

Of 3 believing in one God.

about to deliver! 1 Observe them, Custodire possist For, said he, I am Lat. 2 Adversa recipietis. 3 Faith.

IRST of 1all believe that sin of him that speaketh evil created and framed all things thou also shalt have sin; beof nothing into a being.

and is only immense, not to 4 1 Detraction is a pernicbe comprehended by any.

ceived by the mind.

and fear him; and fearing evermore with thy brother. him 2abstain from all evil.

east all lust 3 and iniquity far but all is full of joy from thee; and put on right-good of thy labors. cousness; and thou shalt live 6 6Give 7 without distincto God, if thou shalt keep this tion to all that are in want; commandment.

COMMAND II.

That we must avoid detracdeeds with simplicity.

nocent and without discount to God, both wherefore guise; so shalt thou be like an they received, and for what infant who knows no malice, end. which destroys the life of man.

speak evil of none; nor wil- an account for it; but he that lingly hear any one speak evil; gives shall be innocent: of any.

not this, thou also who hearest, shalt be 6partaker of the

1 Irenæus, 1 1. c. 3 Ebuseb, Hist. Eccl. 1 5 c 8 Athanas, de Incarn. Verh &c. 2 Habe abstinentiam. 3 Omnem concupiscentiam et nequiti-Have simplicity, and be innocent—
5 Gr. ei de kai su akouon enochos 6 Vid. Autioch. Hom xeviii. Tesse. 6 So the Gr. and Lumb. MS. Simply 8 Gr. ek to idion doremators.

MS. Lumb. De suis donis. credens "tu habebis peccatum.ous.

there is one God who by believing the slander, and f nothing into a being. cause thou believedst him that 2 He comprehends all things, spake evil of thy brother.

ious thing; an inconstant, 2e-3 Who can neither be de- vil spirit; that never continfined by any words, nor con- ues in peace, but is always in discord. 3Wherefore refrain 4 Therefore believe in him, thyself from it; and keep peace

5 Put on a holy 4constancy 5 Keep these things, and 5in which there are no sins,

> not doubting to whom thou givest.

7 But give to all; for God tion; and do our alms- will have us give to all, of 8all his own gifts. They therefore E said unto me; 4be in that receive shall give an ac-

8 And they that receive 2 Especially see that thou without a real need, shall give

9 For he has fulfilled his 3 5For if thou observest duty as he received it from

1 Vid. Antioch. Hom. xxiv. 2 Demon. 3 The Greek bath . 4 Rather Simplicity; according to the Greek reading, preserved by Athanasius .-5 Gr. which there is no evil offence. but all things smooth and delightful, am. MSS. Lamb. et Oxon. 4 Lat. en ois ouden pros komma es tiu poneros

vice he did with simplicity, deceivers. and Ito the glory of God.

command according as I have saw me weeping, he said unto delivered it unto thee; that thy repentance may be found I said; because, sir, I doubt to be sincere, and that good whether I can be saved? may come to thy house; and have a pure heart.

COMMAND III.

Of avoiding lying, and the his dissimulation.

and let all the speech be true have done in this manner? which proceeds out of thy mouth:

- Lord hath given to dwell in vant of God, to have walked thy flesh may be found true to- in the truth, and not have joinwards all men; and the Lord ed an evil conscience with the be glorified, who hath given spirit of truth; nor have grievsuch a spirit unto thee: be-led the holy and true Spirit of cause God is true in all his God. words, and in him there is no lie.
- deny the Lord; 3and become He answered; Now thou hearrobbers of the Lord; 4not ren- est them: Take care from dering to God what they received from him.

1 Gloriously to God, 2 Antioch. om. lxvi. 3 According to the Gr. 4 See III. Hermas, Simil. ix. v. 268 et

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God: not making any choice they make that a liar, they deto whom he should give, and file what was committed to to whom not. And this ser-them by the Lord, and become

5 When I heard this, I 10 Keep therefore this wept bitterly. And when he me; Why weepest thou? And

6 He asked me, Wherefore? I replied; Because, sir, I never spake a true word in my life; but always, lived in dissimulation, and affirmed a Repentance of Hermas for lie for truth to all men; and no man contradicted me, but FOREOVER 2he said all gave credit to my words. unto me, love truth; How then can I live, seeing I

7 And he said unto me; Thou thinkest well, and truly. 2 That the spirit which the For thou oughtest, as the ser-

8 And I replied unto him: Sir, I pever before hearkened 3 They therefore that lie, so diligently to these things .henceforth, that even those things which thou hast former-4 For they received the spir-lly spoken falsely for the sake it free from lying: if therefore of thy business, may, 1by thy present truth, receive credit.

9 For even those things

1 Through these words. Lat. His verbis et illa fidem recipiante.

may be credited, if for the shall have a wife, and shall time to come thou shalt speak catch her in adultery; doth a the truth; and 1by so doing man sin that continues to live thou mayest attain unto life. still with her?

10 And whosoever shall hearken unto this command, As long as he is ignorant of and do it; and shall depart her sin, he commits no fault in from all lying, he shall live living with her: but if a man unto God.

COMMAND IV.

thou keep 2threelf chaste; with her in her adultery. and that thou suffer not any 6 and I said unto him:

mindful of the Lord, and thou self. But if he shall put away shalt uever sin. an evil thought should arise in he also doth commit adultery. thy heart, thou shouldest be 7 And I said; What if the guilty of a great sin; and they woman that is so put away, who do such things, follow the shall repent, and be willing to way of death.

ought never to arise.

suffer me to speak a little to not often. He bade me say on.

1 If thou shalt keep the truth. 2 3 Another man s.

5 And he said unto me: shall know his wife to have offended; and she shall not repent of her sin, but go on still Of putting away one's wife in her fornication, and a man Suan continue nevertheless to TURTHERMORE, said live with her, he shall become he. I command thee that with

thought 3of any other mar- What therefore is to be done, riage, or of fornication, to en- if the woman continues on in ter into thy heart: for such a her sin? He answered; Let thought produces a great sin. her husband but her away, 2 But be thou at all times and let him continue by him-For if such his wife, and marry another,

return to her husband, shall 3 Look therefore to thyself, she not be received by him? and keep thyself from such a He said unto me, Yes; and if thought: for where chastity re- her husband shall not receive mains in the heart of a right- her, he will sin; and commit a eous man, there an evil thought great offence against himself: but he ought to receive the of-4 And I said unto him, Sir, fender, if she repents; only

8 For to the servants of And I answered, Sir, if a man God there is but one repentthat is faithful in the Lord, ance. And for this cause a man that putteth away his wife ought not to take another, unto me; I am the 1 minister

because she may repent.

the man and in the woman. - Does it not seem to thee to be Now they commit adultery, 3a very wise thing to repent? not only who pollute their Because he that does so, gets flesh, but who also make an great understanding. III therefore a woman perseveres in any thing he hath sinned and done wickof this kind, and repents not, edly in the sight of the Lord; depart from her, and live not and he remembers 4within with her: otherwise thou also himself that he has offended, shalt be partaker of her sin. | land repents and does no more

manded that both the man and is good, and humbles his soul, the woman should remain un- and afflicts it because he has married, because such persons offended. You see therefore

may repent.

11 Nor do I in this administer any occasion for the doing of these things; but rather whoso should not offend any more.

12 But for their former sins, God who has the power that I may live; because my of healing will give a remedy: for he has the power of all

things.

said; Seeing the Lord hath And whosoever shall hear and thought me worthy that thou do these commands, shall live shouldest dwell with me con-lunto God. tinually; speak a few words unto me, because I understand I have even now heard from nothing, and my heart is hardened through my former conversation; and open my 2un-that of baptism; when we go derstanding because I am very dull, and apprehend nothing ceive the forgiveness of our at all.

14 And he answering said 1 See 1 Cor. vii. 15. 2 Sense.

of repentance, and give 2un-9 This act is alike both in derstanding to all that repent.

15 For he is sensible that 10. But it is therefore com- wickedly; but does that which that repentance is great wisdom.

16 And I said unto him: For this cause, sir, I inquire has offended, diligently into all things, because I am a sinner, that I may know what I must do sins are many.

17 And he said unto me. Thou shalt live if thou shalt 13 ¶ I asked him again, and keep these my commandments.

> 18 ¶ And I said unto him; certain teachers that there is no other repentance beside down into the water, and re-

1 Præpositus. 2 See below, v 18. -1 seq. 3 Great wisdom. 4 In his understanding.

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must sin no more, but live in devil and sin, he has one 1re-

1purity.

now thou inquirest diligently into all things, I will manifest stored again to life since I have this also unto thee; yet not so thus diligently hearkened to ning either to those who shall ceive, that if I shall not herewho have already believed in I shall be saved. the Lord.

shall her ofter believe, have these commandments. any repenfance of sins, but for-

giveness of them.

have been called to the faith, thing more. Tell me, saith and since that are fallen into he, what it is. any gross sin, the Lord hath appointed repentance: because band or wife die, and the par-God knoweth the thoughts of ty which survives marry again all men's hearts, and their in- does he sin in so doing? 2He firmities; and the manifold that marries (says he) sins not: wickedness of the devil; who howbeit if he shall remain sinis always contriving something gle, he shall thereby gain to against the servants of God; himself great honour before and maliciously lays snares the Lord. for them.

22 Therefore our merciful Lord had compassion towards me the power of it. And therefore I say unto thee; If any from the time 3that I have been one after that great and holy

sins; and that after that, we calling shall be tempted by the pentance. But if he shall of-19 And he said unto me, ten sin and repent, it shall not Thou hast 2been rightly in-profit such a one; for he shall Nevertheless seeing hardly live unto God.

to purity.

23 And I said, Sir, I am reas to give any occasion of sin-these commands. For I perhereafter believe, or to those after add any more to my sins,

24 And he said, Thou shalt 20 For neither they who be saved; and so shall all ohave 3newly believed, or who thers, as many as shall observe

25 ¶ And again I said unto him; Sir, seeing thou hearest 21 But as to those who me patiently, shew me yet one

26 And I said; If a hus-

27 K-cep therefore thy chastity, and modesty; and thou shalt live unto God. Observe his creature, and appointed from henceforth those things that repentance, and gave unto which I speak with thee, and command thee to observe;

1 Vid. Annot. Cateler. in loc. pp-60, 61. 2 Vid. Not. Coteler. in loc-2 Rightly heard. 3 p. 64 B. C. Rom. vii. 3 Com. 1 Cor. 1 Chastity. 2 Rightly heard. 3 p. 64 B. C. Rom. vii. 3 Com. 1 Cor. MS. Lamb. Qui modo crediderunt, vii. 3 MS. Lamb. melius: Ex quo mihi traditus es, That thou hast been l delivered unto me, and I dwell, &c.

Who have just now believed,

delivered unto thee, and dwell by langer.

in thy house.

be forgiven, if thou shalt keep 5 As if any one should take these my commandments.— a little wormword, and put it And in like manner shall all into a vessel of honey, the others be forgiven, who shall whole honey would be spoiled; observe these my command- and a great quantity of honey ments.

COMMAND V.

and of patience.

1 long suffering; so shalt thou have dominion over put into the honey, it is sweet all wicked words, and shalt and profitable to its Lord. Thus 2fulfil all righteousness. ' is forbearance sweeter than

tient, the Holy Spirit which Lord who dwelleth in it. dwelleth in thee shall be pure. 7 But anger is unprofitable. evil spirit; but being full of mixed with forbearance, the joy shall be enlarged, and soul is distressed, and its prayteast 3in the body in which it er is not profitable 3 with God, dwells, and 4serve the Lord with joy, and in great peace.

overtake thee, presently the self-from it. And he said un-Holy Spirit which is in thee to me, Thou shalt know it; will be straightened, and seek and if thou shalt not keep thyto depart from thee.

evil spirit; and, has not the Wherefore depart from it. 6liberty of 7 serving the Lord

1 Gr. Makrothumos: MS. Lamb Animæquus 2 Work. 3 MS. Lamb melius, Cum vase. Et. Gr. Meta tou skeuous, with the body, or vessel. 4 G: Leitougei to kurio. 5 Oxu cholia. Gr. Bitterness of gall. Place. 7 Gr. Leitourgesai.

2When therefore both these spirits dwell togeth-28 So shall thy former sins er, it is destructive to a man.

is corrupted by a very little wormwood, and loses the sweetness of honey, and is no Of the sudness of the heart, longer acceptable to its Lord; because the whole honey is DE patient, says he, and made bitter, and loses its use.

6 But if no wormwood be 2 For if thou shalt be pa-honey, and profitable to the

and not be darkened by any If therefore anger shall be

8 And I said unto him, Sir, I would know the sinfulness 3 But if any 5anger shall of anger, that I may keep myself from it, thou shalt lose thy 4 For he is choked by the hope with all thy house.

9 For I the 4messenger of as he would; for he is grieved righteousness am with thee: and all that depart from it. as

¹ Oxu-cholia. 2 Both Athanasius and Antiochus add here these words, omitted in our copies; "For in forbearshee (or one suffering) the Lord dwelleth, but in bitterness the 4 Argel. 3 To. Devil.

many as shall repent with all 14 And this long suffering their hearts, shall live unto dwells with those that are full God; and I will be with them, of faith. But anger is foolish, and will keep them all.

pented, have been justified, by by bitterness, anger; by anthe most holy messenger, who ger, fury. And this fury ais a minister of salvation.

hear the wickedness of anger; curable sin. how evil and hurtful it is, 15 For when all these things that are destitute of faith.

12 For as often as it sees is meek. friend; or for a debt; or for it happen to all angry men. any other superfluous things of 17 Wherefore depart thou the like nature.

sitteth in great enlargement; ment. is cheerful, rejoicing in peace; 18 For if thou shalt obey and glorifying God at all times:

ways in meekness, and quietness.

and light, and empty. Now 10 For all such as have re- bitterness is bred through folly: a minister of salvation. rising from so many evil prin-11 ¶ And now, says he, ciples, worketh a great and in-

and how it overthrows the ser- are in the same I man in which vants of God: for it cannot the Holy Spirit dwells; the Thurt those that are full of vessel cannot contain them. faith, because the 2power of but runs over: and because God is with them; but it over- the Spirit being tender cannot throws the doubtful, and those tarry with the evil one; it departs and dwells with him that

3such men, it casts itself into 16 When therefore it is detheir hearts; and so a man or parted from the man in whom woman is in bitterness for it dwelt; that man becomes nothing: for the things of life; destitute of the Holy-Spirit, or for sustenance; or for a and is afterwards filled with yain word, if any should chance wicked spirits, 2 and is blinded to tall in; or by reason of any with evil thoughts. Thus doth

from anger, and put on equa-13 For these things are fool-nimity, and resist wrath; so ish, and superfluous, and vain shalt thou be 3 found with modto the servants of God. But esty and chastity by God.equanimity is strong, and for- Take good heed therefore thatcible; and of great power, and thou neglect not this command-

4 with meekness.

1 Gr. Work upon, energeai; et MS Lamb facere. 2 Virtue. 3 Gr. Folioutous anthropous.

4 In the Greek of Athanasus and Antiochus the sense is fuller: Having nothing of bitterness in itself, and continuing alterness, and directness.

this command, then shalt thou many stumbling-blocks; it is also be able to observe the rugged and full of thorns, and other commandments which I leads to destruction; and is shall command thee.

thyself now in these commands, right way, walk with evenness. that thou mayest live unto God. and without offence; because And whosoever shall observe it is not rough, nor thorny. these commandments shall live unto God.

COMMAND VI.

gels, and of the suggestions heart, shall go through it. of both.

ment, that thou shouldest keep angels with man; one of righ-faith, and fear, and 2repen- teousness, the other of iniquitance. Yes, sir, said I.

2 He continued; But now I will shew thee the virtues of Sir, how shall I know that these commands, that thou there are two such angels with mayest know their effects; man? Hear, says he, and unhow they are Sprescribed alike derstand.

to the just and unjust.

the righteons, but give no cred-gentle, and quiet. it to the unrighteous. For therefore he gets into thy heart, righteousness keepeth the right immediately he talks with thee way, but unrighteousness the of righteousness, of modesty, of wicked way.

the right way, and leave that ety. which is evil. For the evil has not a good end, but hath come into thy heart, know then

1 Vid. Coteler. Annot. in loc. pp. 67. 68. Comp. Edit. Oxon. p. 61. is with thee. Wherefore hear-Note a. 2 Lat. Penitentium it ken to this angel and to his should rather be Abstimentiam; as in works. the Greek of Athanasius: as appears by the first Commandment, which is 3 Placed, Lat. here referred to. Posita sunt.

hurtful to all such as walk in it.

19 Wherefore strengthen 5 But they who go in the

6 Thou seest therefore, how it is best to walk in this way. Thou shalt therefore go, says he, and all others, as many as That every man has two 1 an- believe in God with all their

7 ¶ And now, says he;1 COMMANDED thee, said understand first of all what behe, in my first command-longs to faith. There are two

8 And I said unto him;

9 The angel of righteous-3 Do thou therefore believe ness, is mild, and modest, and chastity, of bountifulness, of 4 Do thou therefore keep forgiveness, of charity, and pi-

> 10 When all these things that the angel of righteousness

I Vid Antioch Hom. Ixi. Comp Orig. I. iii. De Princip. et in Luc. Hom. xxxv.

11 Learn also the works of heart, that man or the angel of iniquity. He is must needs sin. first of all bitter, and angry, and foolish; and his works are be never so wicked, if the pernicious, and overthrow the servants of God. When therefore these things come into thy heart: thou shalt know by his works, that this is the angel of iniquity.

12 And I said unto him: Sir, how shall I understand these things? Hear, says he, and understand. When anger overtakes thee, or bitterness, know that he is in thee :

- 13 As also, when the desire of Imany things, and of the best meats, and of drunkenness; when the love of what belongs to others, pride, and much speaking, and ambition; and the like things, come upon thee.
 - things arise in thy heart, know that the angel of iniquity is do every thing well. with thee. Seeing therefore thou knowest his works, depart from them all, and give no credit to him: because his works are evil, and become not the servants of God.
- the works of both these angels. him. Understand now and believe the angel of righteousness, because his instruction is good.
- 16 For let a man be never so happy; yet if the thoughts of the other angel arise in his

of iniquity.

17 But let man or woman works of the angel of righteousness come into his heart, that man or woman must needs do

some good.

18 Thou seest therefore how it is good to follow the angel of righteousness. If therefore thou shalt follow him, and1 submit to his works, thou shalt live unto God. And as many as shall Isubmit to his works. shall live also unto God.

COMMAND VII. That we must fear God, but not the Devil.

NEAR 2God, says he, and keep his commandments. For if thou keepest his commandments thou shalt be powerful in every work, and all 14 When therefore these thy work shall be 3excellent. For by fearing God, thou shalt

2 This is that fear with which thou must be affected that thou mayest be saved .--But fear not the Devil: for if thou fearest the Lord, thou shalt have dominion over him: 15 Here therefore thou hast because there is no power in

> 3 Now if there be now power in him, then neither is he to But he in whom be feared. there is excellent power, he is

1 Gr. Pisteuses, Lut. Credideris, Believe. 2 Vid. Antioch. Hom. exxvii. Eccles. xii, 13. 3 Arugkritos, Without comparison: or without mixture.

¹ Works Gr. Praxeon.

to be feared: for every one me, sir, from what I must abthat hath power, is to be feared. But he that has no power | Hearken, said he. Keep thyis despised by every one.

vil, because they are evil.—| do it. For if thou shalt ab-For by fearing the Lord, thou wilt fear and not do the works not do it, thou shalt sin. of the Devil, but keep thyself stain therefore from all evil, from them.

5 There is therefore a two- eousness. fold fear; lif thou wilt not do evil, fear the Lord and thou are they from which I must abshalt not do it. But if thou stain? Hearken, said he :wilt do good, 2the fear of the from adultery; from drunken-Lord is strong, and great, and ness; from riots; from excess glorious.

6 Wherefore, fear God and thou shalt live: and whosoever shall fear him, and keep his commandments their life is from remembrance of injuries; with the Lord. But they who keep them not, neither is life in them.

COMMAND VIII. That we must flee from cvil, and do good.

HAVE told thee, said he, that there are two kinds of creatures of the Lord, and that there is two-fold 3absti-From some things therefore thou must abstain, and from others not.

2 I answered, Declare to

·1 Gr. Antioch. 2 In the Gr. of Antiochus these words follow, which thee to be evil or not? Indeed make the connexion more clear: " Fear also the Lord, and thou shalt he able to do it, for." 3 Antioch. Hom lxxix.

stain, and from what not .self from evil, and do it not; 4 Fear the works of the De- but abstain not from good, but stain from what is good, and and thou shalt 1know all right-

3 I said; What evil things of eating; from daintiness and dishonesty; from pride; from fraud; from lying; from detraction; from hypocrisy;and from all evil speaking.

4 For these are the works of iniquity; from which the servant of God must abstain. For he that cannot keep himself from these things, cannot live unto God.

5 But hear, said he, what follows of these kind of things: for indeed many more there are from which the servant of God must abstain. From theft, and cheating; from false-witness; from covetousness;from boasting; and all other things of the like nature.

6 Do these things seem to they are very evil to the serv-

1 Do, according to the Greek, Ergazomenos.

from all these 1 works. 🦈

from them, that thou mayest those that have fallen from the live unto God, and be written faith; but to convert them, among those that abstain from and make them be of 3good them. And thus have I shewn thee what things thou must avoid: now learn from what thou must not abstain.

8 Abstain not from anygood works, but do them .-Hear, said he, what the virtue of those good works is which thou must do, that thou mayest be saved. The first of all is faith; the fear of the Lord: charity; concord; equity; truth; patience; chastity.

9 There is nothing better than these things in the life of man; 2 who shall keep and do these things in their life.-Hear next what follow these.

10 To minister to the widows; not to despise the fatherless and poor; to redeem the servants of God from necessity; to be ho pitable; (for in hospitality there is sometimes 3great fruit) not to be contentious, but be quiet;

11 To be humble above all men; to reverence the aged;

1 Vid. Coteler, in loc. sense here is defective and may be thus restored from the Greek of Athanasius : Whoseever keeps these things, and doth not abstain from them, shall be happy in his life. And so the Lamb. MS. Heer qui custodiern. 3 Gr. agutho poiesis, good deed.

ants of God. Wherefore the to labour to be righteous; Ito servant of God must abstain respect the brotherhood; to bear affronts; to be long-suf-7 Keep thyself therefore fering; 2not to cast away cheer; to admonish sinners; not to oppress those that are our debtors; and all other

things of a like kind.

12 Do these things seem to thee to be good, or not? And I said, What can be better than these words? Live then. said he, in these commandments, and do not depart from them. For if thou shalt keep all these commandments, thou shalt live unto God. they that shall keep these commandments shall live unto

COMMAND IX.

That we must ask of God daily; and without doubting.

GAIN he said unto me; 4remove from thee all doubting; and question nothing at all, when thou askest any thing of the Lord; saying within thyself; how shall I be able to ask any thing of the Lord and receive it, seeing

² Add from the 1 Sunterein. G., of Athanasius and Antiochus: Not to remember injuries. To comfact the e who labour in their minds. 3 Enthumous 4 Vid Antioch Hom. Spicileg, tom. i pag. 303.

I have so greatly sinned a- | 6 Wherefore purify thy

request of thy soul.

3 For God is not as men, petition of thy soul. mindful of the injuries he has 7 For it may be thou shall on his creature.

- heart from all the vices of this then thou shalt receive Else present world; and observe if thou shalt cease to ask, thou the commands I have before must complain of thyself, and delivered unto thee from God; ot of God, that he has not and thou shalt receive whatso- given unto thee what thou didst ever good things thou shall desire. ask, and nothing shall be wan ting unto thee of all thy peti-doubting how cruel and pernitions; if thou shalt ask of the cousit is; and how it utterly Lord without doubting
- such, shall obtain none of those from For this doubting is the things which they ask. For daughter of the Devil; and they that are full of faith, ask deals very wickedly with the all things with confidence, and receive from the Lord, because they ask without doubting -But he that doubts, will hard ly live unto God, except he repent.
- 1 Add from the Gr both of Athan sin and Antiochus. But if thou doubtest in the heart thou short reces none of thy petitions. For those 31 distrust (or, doubt of) God, are like the double minded, who shall obtain none of these things.

heart from doubting, and put 2 Do not think thus, but on faith; and trust in God; turn unto the Lord with all and thou shalt receive all that thy heart, and ask of him thou shalt ask. But and if without doubting, and thou thou shouldest chance to ask shall know the mercy of the somewhat and not (limmedi-Lord; how that he will not agely) receive it, yet do not forsake thee, but will fulfil the therefore doubt, because thou hast not presently received the

received; but he forgets in |not presently receive it for thy juries, and has compassion up-trial, or else for some sin which thou knowest not. But do 4 Wheretore purify thy not thou leave off to ask, 2and

8 Consider therefore this r os out many from the faith, 5 1But they that are not who were very faithful and Servants of God.

> 9 Despise it therefore, and thou thalt rule over it 3on every occasion. Put on a firm and powerful faith, for faith promises all things, and perfects all things. But doubting will not believe, that it shall

1 So MS. Lemb. Tardius accipius: of the Gr. Braduteron lambaneis. A king the petition of thy soul. S in every thing.

obtain any thing, by all that it and torments the Holy Spirit; can do.

10 Thou seest therefore, says he, how faith cometh from foolish, and understand not above, from God; and has these 1things. I cannot comgreat power. But doubting is prehend how it can torment an earthly spirit, and proceed and yet save? Hear, said he, eth from the Devil, and has no and understand. They who strength.

the virtue of faith, and depart ty of God, but only believed, from doubting, in which is no are involved in the affairs of virtue, and thou shalt live unto the heather. God. And all shall live unto God, as many as shall do these ing prophet, that destroys the

things.

COMMAND X.

Of the sadness of the heart; in the Lord. Now those doubt-God that is in us.

UT all sadness far from of doubting and of anger, How Divine Spirit, answers them sir, said I, is it the sister of according to their demands; these; For sadness, and an- and fills their souls with prom ger, and doubting, seem to be ises according as they desire. very different from one anoth- Howbeit that prophet is vain, er.

thou without sense that thou dost not understand it? For of him by vain men, he ansadness is the most mischiev-swers them vainly. Nevertheous of all spirits, and the worst less he speaketh some things to the servants of God: 2It truly. Eor the devil fills him destroys the spirits of all men,

1 Without sense thou dost not understand it. 2 So the Lat. Vers. But the Gr. of Athanasius is better: And destryeth man more than any other spirit.

and again it saves.

3 Sir, said I, L am very never sought out the truth, nor 11 Do thou therefore keep inquired concerning the majes-

4 And there is another 21v-3 minds of the servants of God: that is, of those that are doubtful, not of those that fully trust and that we must take heed ful persons come to him, as to not to grieve the spirit of a divine spirit, and inquire of him what shall befall them.

5 And this lying prophet, thee; for it is the sister having no power in him of the. and answers vain things to 2 And he answered; 1Art those who are themselves vain.

6 And whatsoever is asked with his spirit that he may overthrow some of the righteous.

1 Questions 2 Vid. Edit. Ogon. p. 70. b. Comp. 2 Cor vii. 10. 3 Lat. Sensus : from the Greek Nous,

such spirits, but depart from cerning ful, and often repenting; like ness. the heathens, consult them, and heap up to themselves great fear of the Lord, and search sin, serving idols.

such, inquire of them upon ev- wards the Lord; apprehend ery occasion; worship idols; whatsoever is said to them, and are foolish, and void of and forthwith understand it,

the truth.

9 For every spirit that is the Lord in them. given from God needs not to be asked: but having the pow- the Lord dwells, there is also er of divinity speaks all things 3 much understanding added. of itself; because he comes Wherefore join thyself to the from above, from the power Lord, 4and thou shalt underof the spirit of God.

10 But he that being asked speaks according to men's de- man! how sadness 5troubleth sires, and concerning many the Holy Spirit, and how it other affairs of this present saves. things which relate unto God. fair, and does not accomplish For these spirits are darkened it by reason of his doubting; through such affairs, and cor-this sadness enters into him. rupted, and broken.

11 As good vines if they are neglected, are oppressed with weeds and thorns, and at overtakes any man for any last killed by them; so are the business, he is greatly moved; men who believe such spirits:

12 They fall into many actions and businesses, and are void of sense, 1 and when they

1 And understand nothing at all. hinking of riches. Lat. . 277

7 ¶ Whosoever, therefore think of things partaining unto are strong in the faith of the God, they understand nothing Lord, and have put on the at all: but if at any time they truth; they are not joined to chance to hear any thing conthe Lord, their them. But they that are doubt- Ithoughts are upon their busi-

13 But they that have the out the truth concerning God, 8 As many therefore as are 2 having all their thoughts tobecause they have the fear of

14 For where the spirit of

stand all things.

15 ¶ Learn now, O unwise When a man that is unders tands not the doubtful is engaged in any afand grieves the Holy Spirit. and makes him sad.

16 Again, anger when it

1 Senses 2 Gr. of Athanasius. Kardian echontes pros kurion not Hat ent. 3 Gr. Sunesis polle. 4 Gr Panton noeseis. And so the Lamb. MS Umuia sees 5 Gr. ektribei. MS. Lamb. Contribulat.

eth into the heart of him, who has always favour with the was moved with anger, and he Lord, and thou shalt rejoice in is troubled for what he hath it. For every cheerful man done, and repenteth, because does well; and relishes those he hath done amiss.

17 This sadness therefore pises Isadness. seemeth to bring salvation, because he repenteth of his always wickedly. First, he evil deed. But both the other doth wickedly, 2because he things, namely, doubting and grieveth the Holy sadness, such as before was which is given to man being mentioned, vex the spirit : of a cheerful nature. doubting, because his work gain he does ill, because he did not succeed; and sadness, prays with sadness unto the because he angered the Holy Lord, and maketh not first Spirit.

ness from thyself; 3and afflict and obtains not of God what not the Holy Spirit which he asks. dwelleth in thee; lest he 4intreat God, and depart from man has not always efficacy to thee. For the spirit of the Lord come up to the altar of God.

19 Wherefore cloath thy-

1 In the Greek of Athanasius, follows. kai poiese i kukon. And he doth something which is ill. better agrees with what follows. Because he hath done amiss The text in this place being evidently corrupted, it has been endeavoured to restore the true sense of it from the Greek of Athapasius, which is as follows: Palin e lupea eisporenetai eis ten kardian ton anthropon tou oxuchobesantos, kai lupeitai epi te praxei autou e epraxen, kai metanoei oti poneron cirgasato. Aute oun e lupe dokei soterian echein, oti to poneron praxas metenoesen. Amphote-rai de ton praxeon lupousi, &c 2 Antioch. Hom xxv. 3 Gr. Me thlibe. MS. Lamb. Noli nocere. 4 vii. 27. 5 Gr. To dothen eis ten sares, lai, &c. thuten lupen ouk upopheres. 278

land then again sadness enter-|self with cheerfulness, which things that are good, and des-

20 But the sad man does a thankful acknowledgment 18 2Remove therefore sad unto him of former mercies:

21 For the prayer of a sad 5 which is given to dwell in the And I said unto him, Sir, why flesh, endureth no such sadness, has not the prayer of a sad man virtue to come up to the altar of God? Because, said he, that sadness remaineth in Which his heart.

22 When therefore a man's prayer shall be accompanied with sadness, it will not suffer his requests to ascend pure to the altar of God. wine when it is mingled with vinegar, has not the sweetness it had before; so sadness being mixed with the Holy Spirit,

1 Gr. lupes. thlibe. MS. Lamb. Noli nocere. 4
Gr. Me enteuxetai totheo. Comp. Rom.
Greek: O de luperos aner pantole.

O 5. Gt. To dothen eis ten nares.

ponereuetai. Proton men ponereus. 2 So the

suffers not a man's prayer to be God, and they pray unto the the same that it would be oth-Lord; that man is 1emptied, erwise.

self from sadness, which is and cannot speak any thing. evil, and thou shalt live unto live unto God, as many as and among those vessels shall shall lay aside sadness, and put on cheerfulness.

COMMAND XI.

That the spirits and prophets are to be tried by their works; and of a twofold spirit.

E shewed me certain men se sixting upon benches, and one sitting in a chair; and he said unto me; Seest thou those who sit upon the benches? Sir, said I, I see them.— thee, so shalt thou prove the He answered, they are the prophet of God, and the false faithful: and he who sits in prophet. the chair, is an earthly spirit.

2 For he cometh not into Ithe assembly of the faithful, because the spirit which is but avoids it. But he joins himself to the doubtful and quiet; and departs from all empty; and prophesies to them in corners and hidden places; and pleases them by speaking according to all the more humble than all men; desires of their hearts.

3 For he placing himself among empty vessels, is not broken, but the one fitteth the other. But when he cometh into the company of just men, 2 who are full of the spirit of cordingly the Archbishop reduced

1 Church of the living. 2 Have the Spirit of God in them.

because that earthly spirit 23 Wherefore cleanse thy- flies from him, and he is dumb,

4 As if in a store-house And all others shall you shall stop up wine or oil; place an empty jar; and shall afterwards come to open it, von shall find it empty as you stopped it up: so those empty prophets, when they come among the spirits of the just, are found to be such as they came. 2

> 5 ¶ I said, How then shall a man be able to discern them? Consider what I am going to say concerning both kinds of 3men; and as I speak unto

6 And first try the man who hath the Spirit of God : from above is humble, and wickedness; and from vain desires of the present world; and makes himself and answers to none when he

2 Something was I Exmanitur. wanting in this place to make the subject clear, and it was suggested to Archbishop Wake, by Dr. Grabe, that what should have followed was transposed into the next command. both places to what he conceived should be their true order, and in that, state they now stand. 2 Vessels. state they now stand.

is asked; nor to every one! Wherefore prove that man by

7 When therefore a man er as such. faith of God, and they pray virtue. unto the Lord; then the holy with the blessed Spirit, and he unto thee. he is moved of God.

Spirit of God known, because and see if thou canst reach unwhosoever speaketh by the to heaven. Spirit of God, speaketh as the

Lord will.

empty and foolish, and with- done. hath it not in reality,) exalt-out effect. eth himself, and desires to wicked, and full of words;

pleasure, and in all manner of down are exceeding small; voluptuousness; and receives and yet when they fall upon the reward of his divination; the head of a man, how do which if he receives not, he they cause pain to it?

does not divine.

of God so to do.

12 Thus you see the life of

singly: for the Spirit of God his life and works, who says doth not speak to a man when that he hath the Holy Spirit. be will, but when God pleas- And believe the Spirit which comes from God, and has pow-But believe not who hath the Spirit of God the earthly and empty spirit, shall come into the church of which is from the devil, in the righteous, who have the whom there is no faith nor

13 Hear now the similifude angel of God fills that man which I am about to speak Take a stone, speaks in the congregation as and throw it up towards heaven; or take a spout of water. 8 Thus therefore is the and mount it up thitherward:

14 Sir, said I, How can this be done? For neither of 9 ¶ Hear now concerning those things which you have the earthly spirit, which is mentioned, are possible to be And he answered, And first of all therefore as these things canthe man who is supposed to not be done, so is the earthly have the Spirit, (whereas he spirit without virtue, and with-

15 Understand yet farther have the first seat, and is the power which cometh from above, in this similitude.-10 And spends his time in The grains of hail that drop

16 And again; consider 11 Should the Spirit of God the droppings of a house; how receive reward and divine? the little drops falling upon It doth not become a prophet the earth, work a hollow in

the stones.

17 So in like manner the each of these kind of prophets. least things which come from have great force. join thyself to this spirit, them to me, that I may depart which has power; and depart from them. Hear, said he, by the other from empty.

COMMAND XII.

Of a two-fold desire: that them that believe.

GAIN he said unto me; 1remove from thee all evil desires, and put on good many delights. and holy desires. For having put on a good desire, there is folly; and many pleathou shalt hate that which is sures are needless to the serevil, and bridle it as thou wilt. vants of God. Such lusting But an evil desire is dreadful, therefore is evil and pernicious and hard to be tamed.

2 It is very horrible and vants of God. For all such wild; and by its wildness con- lusting is from the devil. sumes men. And especially if a servant of God chance to depart from all evil desires, fall into it, except he be very shall live unto God; but they wise, he 2is wined by it .-For it destroys those who have not the garment of good desire; and sare engaged in the affairs of this present world; and delivers them unto death.

3 4Sir, said I, What are the all wicked lusting.

1 Vid. Antioch. Hom. lxxiv. 2 MS. Lamb. Consumitur, et Gr Athanas, apanatai. 3 Gr. Athanas. empephurmenous to aioni touto. In stend of Implicat eos. the Lat. Vers should be Implicator. 4 That the words here inserted, and removed into their proper place in the foregoing Command, do not belong to this Dis. course, the Greek of Athanasius, in mour: which they are all omitted, clearly shows.

above, and fall upon the earth, works of an evil desire, which Wherefore bring men unto death? Shew which is what works an evil desire bringeth the servants of God unto death.

4 First of all, it is an evil the commands of God are desire to covet another man's not impossible: and that the wife; or for a woman to covdevil is not to be found by et another's husband; as also to desire the danties of riches; and multitude of superfluous meats; and drunkenness; and

> 5 For in much delicacy which brings to death the ser-

6 Whosoever therefore shall that are subject unto them shall die forever. For this evil lusting is deadly. Do thou therefore put on the desire of righteousness, and being armed with the fear of the Lord resist

7 For this fear dwelleth in good desires; and when evil coveting shall see thee armed with the fear of the Lord, and resisting it; it will fly far from thee, and not appear before thee, but be afraid of thy ar-

8 And thou shalt have the

victory, and be crowned for it; lieve thy words. and shalt attain unto that de- with thee, and will force them sire which is good; and shalt to believe. give the victory which thou 14 And I said unto him, hast obtained unto God, and Sir, these commands are great shalt serve him in doing what and excellent, and able to thou thyself wouldest do.

get the dominion over thy by any man? wicked lustings; and they shalt

would know how to serve that hard: howbeit, if thou shalt desire which is good? Hear-suffer it once to enter into the ken, said he, Fear God, and heart that they cannot be kept put thy trust in him, and love by any one, thou shalt not fultruth, and righteousness, and fil them. do that which is good.

unto God.

12 ¶ And when he had fulfilled these twelve commands, very angrily unto me, insohe said unto me, Thou hast much that he greatly affrightnow these commands, walk in ed me. them: and exhort those that countenance, so that a man hear them that they repent, could not bear his anger. and that they keep their rependays of their life.

thee, and thou shalt receive without understanding! great advantage by it; and 19 Unconstant, not know-shall find favour with all such ing the majesty of God, how

For I am

cheer the heart of that man 9 For if thou shalt serve that shall be able to keep good desires, and be subject them. But, Sir, I cannot tell, to them; thou shalt be able to whether they can be observed

15 He answered. Thou be subject to thee as thou wilt. shalt easily keep these com-10 ¶ And I said; Sir, I mands, and they shall not be

16 But now I say unto thee, 11 If thou shalt do these if thou shalt not observe these things, thou shalt be an ap-commands, but shalt neglect proved servant of God; and them, thou shall not be saved. shalt serve him: and all oth-nor thy children, nor thy ers who shalt in like manner house: because thou hast judgserve a good desire shall live ed that these commands cannot be kept by man.

17 These things he spake For he changed his

18 And when he saw me fance pure all the remaining altogether troubled and confounded, he began to speak 13' And fulfil diligently this more moderately and cheerministry which I commit to fully, saying, O foolish, and

as shall repent, and shall be- great and wonderful he is:

who created the world for sires to keep the commandshould be able to Isulfil all his commandments. these commands.

Ifulfil all these commands, the servants of God. heart is hardened, and they hearts. are far from the Lord; to such persons these commands but he cannot overcome them are hard and difficult.

are empty and light in the from you. But they that are faith, the Lord your God in not full in the faith, fear the vour hearts; and ye shall per- devil, as if he had some great ceive how that nothing is more power. For the devil tries easy than these commands, the servants of God; and if nor more pleasant, nor more he finds them empty, he degentle and holy.

22 And turn yourself to the Lord your God, and for-fills up vessels with good wine, sake the devil and his pleas- 2 and among them puts a few ures, because they are evil, vessels half full, and comes to and bitter, and impure. And try and taste of the vessels. fear not the devil, because he doth not try those that are full, has no power over you.

23 For I am with you, the 2messenger of repentance, who have the dominion over him. The devil doth indeed full soon grow sour, and lose vain. Wherefore fear him not, and he will flee from you.

.24 ¶ And I said unto him; Sir, hear me speak a few words unto you. He answered, Say on: A man indeed de-

1. Ut dominetur. 2 Angel.

man, and hath made every ments of God; and there is no creature subject unto him; and one but what prays unto God, given him all power, that he that he may be able to keep

25 But the devil is hard, 20 He is able, said he, to and by his power rules over . who has the Lord in his heart : said; He cannot rule over but they who have the Lord the servants of God, 1whe only in their mouths, and their trust in him with all their

26 The devil may strive,

27 For if ye resist him, he 21 Put therefore, ye that will flee away with confusion stroys them.

28 For as a man, when-he because he knows that they are good; but tastes those that are half full, lest they should grow sour; (for vessels half affright men; but his terror is the taste of wine:) so the devil comes to the servants of God to try then.

29 They that are full of faith resist him stoutly, and he departs from them, because he

1 Gr. elpizonton eis Auton. 2 Origen in Matt. xxiv. 42.

finds no place where to enter | 33 Be not then afraid in into them: then he goes to the least of his threatenings, those that are not full of faith, for they are without force, as and because he has place of the nerves of a dead man .entrance, he goes into them, But hearken unto me, and and does what he will with fear the Lord Almighty, who them, and they become his is able to save and to destroy servants.

30 ¶ But I, the 1 messenger that ye may live unto God. of repentance, say unto you, fear not the devil. For I am Sir, I am now confirmed in all sent unto you that I may be the commands of the Lord with you, as many as shall re- whilst that you are with me; pent with your whole heart, and I know that you will break and that I may confirm you in all the power of the devil. the faith.

and your own salvation; and you have delivered. 4adding to your sins have made

your life very heavy;

the Lord with your whole all they also keep them who hearts, and shall serve him ac-shall cleanse their hearts from cording to his will; he will the vain desires of the present heal you of your former sins, world, and shall live and ve s! all have dominion o- God. ver all the works of the devil.

you; and keep his commands

34 And I said unto him;

·35 And we also shall over-31 2Believe therefore, ye come him, if we shall be able, who by reason of your trans-through the help of the Lord, gressions have 3 forgot God, to keep these commands which

36 Thou shalt keep them, said he, if thou shalt purify thy 32 That if ye shall turn to heart towards the Lord. And

The Third Book of HERMAS, which is called his SIMILI-TUDES.

SIMILITUDE I.

That seeing we have no abiding city in this world, we

2 Vid. Aptioch. Hom 3 MS Lamb, Qui. obliti estis Daum, et salutem vestram. 4 What follows should be corrected thus: Et qui adjicientes peccatis,

vestris, gravatis vitam vestram.

ought to look after that which is to come.

ND he said unto me: 1 Ye know that ye who are the servants of the Lord. live here as in a pilgrimage: for your city is far off from this city.

1 Antioch. Hom. xv.

dwell, why do ye here buy es- in your hearts: work ye the tates, and provide yourselves works of God, being mindful with delicacies, and stately both of his commands and of buildings, and superfluous hou- his promises, which he has ses? For he that provides him-promised; and be assured self these things in this city, that he will make them good does not think of returning in- unto you; if ye shall keep his to his own city.

3 O foolish, and doubtful derstandest not that all these erwise purchase, another.

out of my city

4 What therefore shalt thou works as these. do who are subject to a law in thine own city? Canst thou enriched you, that ye might for thy estate, or for any of fulfil these kind of services those things which thou hast It is much better to do this, provided, deny thy law? But than to buy lands or houses; if thou shalt deny it, and will because all such things shall afterwards return into thy own perish with this present time. city, thou shalt not be received, 9 But what ye shall do for but shalt be excluded thence. | the name of the Lord, ye shall

man in another country, thou have joy without sadness or procure no more to thyself fear. than what is necessary, and the riches of the heathen; for sufficient for thee; and be they are destructive to the ready, that when the God or servants of God. Lord of this city shall drive 10 2But trade with your thee out of it, thou mayest op- own riches which you possess, pose his law, and go into thine by which ye may attain unto own city; where thou mayest everlasting joy. with all cheerfulness live according to thine own law without wrong.

2 If, therefore, ye know 6 Take heed therefore ye your city in which ye are to that serve God, and have him commandments.

7 Instead therefore of the and wretched man; who un-possessions that ye would oththings belong to other men, I those that are in want from and are under the power of their necessities as every one For the Lord of is able; justify the widows; this city saith unto thee; Ei- judge the cause of the father obey my laws, or depart therless; and spend your riches and your wealth in such

8 For, for this end has God

5 See therefore, that like a find in your city, and shall Wherefore covet not .

11 And do not commit a-

¹ Souls. 2 MS. Lambeth. Proprias nutem quas habetis agite.

man's wife, nor desire her; supported upon the elm, it but covet that which is thy bears fruit both for itself, and own business, and thou shalt for that. be saved.

SIMILITUDE II.

the poor.

elm and the vine, and thought whereas, if it lay along upon with myself of their fruits, anothe ground, it would bear but angel appeared unto me, and little, and that very ill too. said unto me; What is it that 6 This similitude, therefore, thou thinkest upon thus long is set forth to the servants of within thyself?

Sir, I think of this vine and ed, Sir, make this manifest unthis elm, because their fruits to me. Hear, said he; the are fair. And he said unto rich man has wealth; howbeit me; 1 These two trees are set towards the Lord he is poor: for a pattern to the servants of for he is Itaken up about his God.

Sir, I would know in what the which he makes are lazy and pattern of these trees which without force. thou mentionest, does consist. Hearken, saith he; seest thou man reaches out to the poor this vine and this elm? Sir, those things which he wants, said I, I see them.

would not bear much' fruit; the Lord. but lying along upon the ground, would bear but ill fruit, isters all things to the poor, because it did not hang upon because he perceives that be

dultery, nor touch any other the clm; whereas, now being

5 See, therefore, how the elm gives no less, but rather As the vine is supported by more fruit, that the vine .the clm, so is the rich man How, Sir, said I, does it bear helped by the prayers of more fruit than the vine? Because, said he, the vine being SI was walking in the supported upon the elm gives field, and considered the both much and good, fruit:

God: and it represents the 2 And I said unto him, rich and poor man. I answerriches, and prays but little to 3 And I said unto him; the Lord; and the prayers

7 When, therefore, the rich the poor man prays unto the 4 This vine, saith he, is Lord for the rich; and God fruitful, but the elm is a tree grants unto the rich man all without fruit. Nevertheless good things, because the poor this vine unless it were set by man is rich in prayer; and his this elm, and supported by it, requests have great power with

I Vid. Origen, in Jos Hom. x.

¹ Distracted.

is heard by the Lord; and he! the more willingly and without doubting, affords him what he wants, and takes care that nothing be lacking to him.

9 And the poor man gives thanks unto the Lord for the rich; because they do both antome, Seest thou these trees? their work from the Lord.

10 With men, therefore, like dry trees. the elm is not thought to give any ruit; and they know not me; these trees are like unto neither understand that its the men who live in this prescompany being added to the ent world. I replied, Sir, why vine, the vine bears a double are they like unto dried trees? increase, both for itself and for Because, said he, neither the the elm.

ing unto the Lord for the rich, but are all alike in this present are heard by him; and their world. riches are increased, because they minister to the poor of winter to the righteous men. their wealth. They are, there- 1 because they are not known. fore, both made partakers of but dwell among sinners. each other's good works.

shall do these things, he shall are like dry trees; nor can it not be forsaken by the Lord, be discerned which are dry, of life.

selves to be increased: for he they are all alike. that is sensible of this, will be able to minister somewhat to others.

SIMILITUDE III.

As the green trees in the winter cannot be distinguished from the dry; so neither can the righteous from the wicked in this present world.

A GAIN he shewed many trees whose leaves were shed, and which seemed to me to be withered, for they were all alike. And he said I said, Sir, I see that they look

2 He answering, said unto righteous, nor unrighteous. 11 Even so the poor pray- are known from one another:

3 For this world is as the

4 As in the winter, all the Whosoever, therefore, trees having lost their leaves, but shall be written in the book and which are green; so in this present world neither the 13 Happy are they who righteous, nor wicked, are disare rich, and perceive them-cerned from each other; but

SIMILITUDE IV.

As in the summer the living trees are distinguished from the dry by their fruit and green leaves; so in the world to come the righteous

1 Who are.

shall be distinguished from because they have sinned and

happiness.

some had leaves, and others their Creator. appeared dry and withered. And he said unto me, Seest forth good fruit, that in the thou these trees? I answered, summer thy fruit, may be Sir, I see them; and some are known; and keep thyself from dry, and others full of leaves. much business, and thou shalt

which are green, are the right-involved in much business, sin eous, which shall possess the much; because they are taken world to come. For the world up with their affairs, and serve to come; is the summer to the not God. righteous; but to the sinners

it is the winter.

then they who serve God shall and receive what they desire. be made manifest, and plain mer the fruit of every tree is serve God, because his mind is shewn and made manifest, so not taken off from God, but he also the works of the righteous serves him with a pure mind. shall be declared and made manifest, and they shall all do this, thou mayest have fruit be restored in that world merry and joyful.

4 For the other 1kind of men, namely the wicked, like the trees which thou sawest dry, shall as such be found dry and without fruit in that other world; and like dry wood! shall be bornt, and it shall be made manifest that they have done evil all the time of their mountain, and giving thanks

life;

the unrighteous by their have not repented of their sins. And also all the other nations GAIN he shewed me ma- shall be burnt, because they ny other trees, of which have not acknowledged God

6 Do thou, therefore, bring 2 These trees, saith he, not offend. For they who are

7 And how can a man that does not serve God, ask any 3 When, therefore, the mer-thing of God, and receive it? cy of the Lord shall shine forth, But they who serve him, ask

8 But, if a man has only For as in the sum-one thing to follow, he may

> 9 If, therefore, thou shalt in the world to come; and all, as many as shall do in like manner, shall bring forth fruit.

SIMILITUDE V.

Of a true fast, and the rewards of it: also of the cleanliness of the body.

S I was fasting, and sit-Ling down in a certain unto God for all the things that 5 And they shall be burnt he had done 1 unto me; behold I saw the shepherd, who and fearest him, and abstainsitting by me, and saying unto thou shalt live unto God. me: What has brought thee 7 If thou shalt do this, thou hither thus early in the morn-shalt perfect a great fast, and ing? I answered, Sir, to-day I an acceptable one unto the keep a 1station.

2 He answered, What is a answered, I fast, as I have matter. been wont to do. Ye know unto God; nor is this a fast planted a vineyard in a cer-which ye fast, profiting noth- tain part of his estate for his ing with God.

you speak thus? He replied, into a far country, chose one I speak it, because this is not of his servants which he the true fast which you think thought the most faithful and that you fast; but I will shew approved, and delivered the you what that is which is a vineyard into his care; com-

unto God.

Lord does not desire such a mand, he promised to give needless fast: for by fasting in him his liberty. Nor did he comthis manner, thou advancest mand him to do anything more;

nothing in righteousness.

5 3 But the true fast is this: Do nothing wickedly in thy servant had taken that charge life, but serve God with a pure upon him; he did whatsoever mind; and keep his com- his lord commanded him. mandments, and walk accord- And when he had staked the ing to his precepts, nor suffer vineyard, and found it to be any wicked desire to enter in-full of weeds, he began to to thy mind.

6 But trust in the Lord, that if thou dost these things,

1 Vid. Not. Coteler. in loc: pp. 72, 75. 2 Coteler. ibid. 5 Jejuna certe vernum jejunium tale. Lat.

was wont to converse with me, est from every evil work,

Lord.

8 ¶ Hearken unto the sistation? I replied, it is a fast. militude which I am about to He said, What is that fast? I propose unto thee, as to this

9 A certain man having a not, said he, what it is to fast farm, and many servants,

posterity:

- 3 Sir, said I, what makes 10 And taking a journey 2complete fast, and acceptable manding him that he should stake up his vines. Which if 4 Hearken, said he, The he did, and fulfilled his comand so went into a far country.
 - 11 After then that that think with himself, saying;

12 I have done what my lord commanded me: I will now dig this vineyard, and when it is digged, it will be more beautiful; and the weeds being pulled up, it will bring make him my heir together forth more fruit, and not be with my son? because that

choked by the weeds.

work he digged it, and pluck- 18 This design of the lord ed up all the weeds that were both his son and his friends in it; and so the vineyard be-approved, namely, that this came very beautiful and pros- servant should be heir togethperous, not being choked with er with his son. weeds.

when he saw that it was hand-food to that servant. somely staked, and digged, the care of his servant.

whom he loved, and who was received; they rejoiced and to be his heir, and his friends wished that he might find yet with whom he was wont to greater favour with his lord, for consult : he tells them what he what he had done to them. had commanded his servant to do, and what his servant these things, he was again had done more: and they im- filled with great joy; and mediately congratulated that calling again his friends and servant, that he had received his son together, he related to so Ifull a testimony from his them what his servant had lord

16 Then he said unto them. I had sent unto him. indeed promised this servant his liberty, if he observed the the more assented to the mascommand which I gave him; ter of the household; that he and he observed it, and be- ought to make that servant his sides has done a good work to heir together with his son. my vineyard, which has exceedingly pleased me.

1 Jun : commendation,

oked by the weeds. when he saw what was good, 13 So setting about this he neglected it not, but did it.

19 Not long after this, the 14 After sometime the lord master of the family calling of the vineyard comes and together his friends, sent from goes into the vineyard, and his supper several kinds of

20 Which when he had reand the weeds plucked up that ceived, he took so much of were in it, and the vines flour them as was sufficient for himishing, he rejoiced greatly at self, and divided the rest among his fellow servants.

15 And calling his son 21 Which when they had

22 When his lord heard all done with the meats which he

23 They therefore so much

24 ¶ I said unto him, Sir, I know not these similitudes, 17. Wherefore for this work neither can I understand them, which he hath done, I will unless you expound them unto me : I will, says he, expound

2,

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all things unto thee whatsoe-from every filthy word, and ver I have talked with thee, from every hurtful desire; and or shewn unto thee.

of the Lord and thou shalt be If thou shalt observe these approved, and shalt be writ-things, this fast shall be right. ten in the number of those that keep his commandments, ling performed what is before But if besides those things written, that day on which which the Lord hath com-thou fastest thou shalt taste manded, thou shalt add some nothing at all but 1 bread and good things; thou shalt pur- water; 2and computing the chase to thyself a greater dig- quantity of food which thou nity, and be in more favour art wont to eat upon other with the Lord than thou days, thou shalt I lay aside shouldest otherwise have been. the

keep the command rants of and give it unto the widow, the Lord, and shalt add to the fatherless, and the poor. them these stations, thou shalt rejoice; but especially if thou perfect the humiliation of thy shalt keep them according to soul; that he who receives of my commands.

whatsoever thou shalt com- God for thee. mand me, I will observe: for I know that thou wilt be with thus accomplish thy fast, as I thee, who has taken up such a shall be acceptable unto the resolution; and I will be with Lord, and thy fast shall be all those who purpose in like written in his book. manner.

28 This fast, saith he, whilst thou dost also observe and acceptable unto the Lord. the commandments of the Lord, is exceeding good .- serve with thy children, and Thus therefore shalt thou keep it.

29 First of all take heed to thyself, and keep thyself from every 1 wicked act, and

1 Shemeful; or, upbraiding. 291

purify thy mind from all the 25 Keep the commandments vanity of this present world.

30 Thus therefore do. Havexpense which 26 If therefore thou shalt shouldest have made that day,

31 1And thus thou shalt it may satisfy his soul, and his 27 I said unto him, Sir, prayer come up to the Lord

32 If therefore thou shalt I will, said he, be with command thee, thy sacrifice

,33 This station, thus performed, is good and pleasing These things if thou shalt obwith all thy house, thou shalt be happy.

34 And whosoever, when they hear these things, shall

1 Vid. Not. Coteler ii. p. 74. A. B. C. 2 Vid. Antioch. Hom. vii.

do them, they also shall be from the Lord; although the happy; and whatsoever they Lord be of such an extraordishall ask of the Lord they shall receive it.

35 And I prayed him that them that ask of him. he would expound unto me the Lord, and of the vinevard, and of the servant that had the weeds that were plucked out of the vineyard; and of his son and his friends which he took into counsel with him. For I understood that that was a similitude.

36 He said unto me, Thou art very bold in asking: for thou oughtest not to ask any thing; because if it be fitting to shew it unto thee, it shall be shewed unto thee.

37 I answered him; Sir, whatsoever thou shalt shew me, without explaining it unto me, I shall in vain see it, if I do not understand what it is. And if thou shalt propose any similitudes, and not expound them, I shall in vain hear them.

38 He answered me again, saying: Whosoever is the servant of God. and has the Lord in his heart, he desires under- known unto all men. standing of him, and receives it : he explains every similiwords of the Lord which need an inquiry.

and slow to pray, doubt to seek | virtue unto them.

nary goodness, that without ceasing he giveth all things to

40 Thou therefore who art the similitude of the farm, and strengthened by that venerable messenger, and hast received such a powerful gift of prayer; staked the vineyard; and of seeing thou art not slothful, why dost thou not now ask understanding of the Lord,

and receive it?

41 I said unto him; seeing I have thee present, it is necessary that I should seek it of thee, and ask thee; for thou shewest all things unto me, and speakest to me when thou art present.

42 But if I should see or hear these things when thou wert not present, I would then ask the Lord that he would

shew them unto me.

43 ¶ And he replied, I said a little before that thou wert subtle and bold, in that thou askest the meaning of these similitudes.

44 But because thou still persistest: I will unfold to thee this parable which thou desirest, that thou mayest make it

45 Hear therefore, said he, and understand. The farm tude, and understands the before mentioned denotes the whole earth. The lord of the farm is He, who created and 39 But they that are lazy finished all things; and gave

rit: the servant is the Son of Son set his 1 messengers over God; the vineyard is the peo- those whom the Father delivple whom he saves. The ered unto him, to keep every stakes are the 1 messengers one of them; but he himself which are set over them by the laboured very much, and suf-Lord, to support his people. fered much, that he might blot The weeds that are plucked out their offences. up out of the vineyard, are the | 52 For no vineyard can be sins which the servants of God digged without much labor and had committed.

friends whom he called to the Father. counsel with him, are the holy angels whom he first creat- he is the Lord of his people, ed. The absence of the mas- having received all power from ter of the master of the house- his Father. 2But why the lord hold, is the time that remains did take his son into counsel, aunto his coming.

these things are very excellent 54 That 3Holy and wonderful, and good .- which was created first of all. But continued I, could I or a- he placed in the body in which ny other man besides, though God should dwell; namely, never so wise, have understood in a chosen body, as it seem-

these things?

me what I ask. He replied, Spirit was brought, served ask me what thou wilt. said I, is the Son of God in this said I, is the Son of God in this 1 Angels. 2 This place in all the parable, put in the place of a editions of Hermas is wretchedly servant?

Son of God is not put in the condition of a servant, but in great power and authority. said unto him, How sir? I understand it not.

1 Angels. 293

46 His son is the Holy Spi-1 - 51 Because, said he, the

pains. Wherefore having 47 The food which he sent blotted out the sins of his peohim from his supper, are the ple, he shewed to them the commands which he gave to paths of life, giving them the his people by his Son. The law which he had received of

53 You see, said he, that bout dividing the inheritance, 48 I said unto him, Sir, all and the good angels, hear now

ed good to him. This body 49 Wherefore now, sir, tell therefore into which the 3Holy Why that Spirit, walking rightly

corrupted, by the collation of editions ond MSS. is thus corrected by Dr. 50 Hearken, said he; the Grahe: "Quare autem Dominus in consilio adhibuerit, filium de tæreditate, honestosque nuncios. audi ---Spiritum Sanctum, qui creatus est omnium primus, in corpore, in quo habitaret Deus, collocavit; in delecto scilicet corpore quod ei videbatur." 3 Viz. the created Spirit of Christ, as man; not the Holy Ghost, the Third

Person of the sacred Trinity. A A 2

ever defiled that Spirit.

55 Seeing therefore body at all times obeyed the body, thou shalt also at the Spirit, and laboured rightly and chastely with him, nor faltered at any time; that body being wearied conversed indeed servilely, but being mightily approved to God with the Holy Spirit, was accepted by him.

56 For such a stout course pleased God, because he was not defiled in the earth, keeping the Holy Spirit. called therefore to counsel his Son, and the good angels, that there might be some place of standing given to this body which had served the Holy Spirit without blame; lest it should seem to have lost the reward of its service.

57 For every pure body shall receive its reward; that is found without spot, in which the Holy Spirit has been appointed to dwell. And thus you have the exposition of this parable also.

58 Sir, said I, I now understand your meaning, since I have heard this exposition. Hearken farther, said he: keep this thy body clean and pure, that the Spirit which shall dwell in it may bear witness unto it, and be judged to have been with thee.

59 Also take heed that it be not instilled into thy mind copies.

and purely in modesty; nor that this body perishes, and thou abuse it to any lust .the For if thou shalt defile thy same time defile the Holy Spirit; and if thou shalt defile 1the Holy Spirit, thou shalt not live.

60 And I said, What if through ignorance this should have been already committed. before a man heard words; How can he attain unto salvation, who has thus defiled his body?

61 He replied, Λs men's former actions, which through ignorance they have committed, God only can afford a remedy unto them; for all power belongeth unto him.

62 But now guard thyself; and seeing God is almighty and merciful, he will grant a remedy to what thou hast formerly done amiss, if for the time to come thou shalt not defile thy body and spirit:

63 For they are companions together, and the one cannot be defiled but the other will be so too. Keep therefore both of them pure, and thou shalt live unto God.

SIMILITUDE VI.

Of two sorts of voluptuous men, and of their death, defection, and of the continuance of their pains.

1 Thy body, according to some

the things which I had seen; come, ye shall cut off a great and was thinking concerning deal of your former sins. Walk the commands, that they were in my commands, and ye shall exceeding good, and great, live unto God: These things and honest, and pleasant; and have I spoken unto you. such as were able to bring a 7 And when he had said man to salvation; I said thus this, he added; let us go into within myself; I shall be hap the field, and I will shew thee py if I shall walk according shepherds of sheep. I replied, to these commands, and who- Sir, let us go. soever shall walk in them shall live unto God.

this wise within myself, I saw arrayed, with his garments of him whom I had before been a purple colour. And he fed wont to see, sitting by me; large flocks; and his sheep and he spake thus unto me; were full of pleasure, and in

cerning my commands which and they skipping ran here and I have delivered unto thee? there. They are good, doubt not, but 9 And the shepherd took very trust in the Lord and thou great satisfaction in his flock; shalt walk in them. For I will and the countenance of that give thee strength 1to fulfil shepherd was cheerful, running them.

4 These commands are profitable to those who shall unto me, Seest thou this sheprepent of those sins which herd? I answered, Sir, I see they have formerly committed; him. if for the time to come they is the 2messenger of delight shall not continue in them.

be that repent, cast away from vants of God, and turns them you the naughtiness of the pre- from the truth, delighting them sent world: and put on all with many pleasures, and they virtue, and righteoutness, and perish. so shall ye be able to keep these commands; and not sin mands of the living God, and from henceforth any more.

S I was sitting at home, 6 For if ye shall keep yourand praising God for all selves from sin for the time to

8 And we came into a certain field, and there he shewed 2 Whilst I was speaking on me a young shepherd, 1finely 3 What doubtest thou con-much delight and cheerfulness:

up and down among his flock.

10 Then the angel said He said unto me, this and pleasure. He therefore 5 Whosoever therefore ye corrupts the minds of the ser-

11 For they forget the com-

¹ Vid Annol. Coteler. in loc 2 Angel

Rive in luxury and vain pleasures; and are corrupted by farther forward; and he shewthis evil angel, some of them ed me a great 1shepherd, who even unto death; and others to la falling away.

12 I replied, I understand not what you mean, by saying unto death, and to a falling away. Hear, says he: All those sheep which thou sawest exceeding 2 joyful, are such as have forever departed from God, and given themselves up to the 3 lusts of this present time.

13 To these therefore there is no return, by repentance, unto life; because that to their other sins they have added this, that they have blasphemed the name of the Lord. ed unto death.

thou sawest not leaping, but For he still drove them on, feeding in one place; are such as have indeed given themselves up to pleasures and delights; but have not spoken any thing wickedly against the Lord.

15 These therefore are only fallen off from the truth, and they any rest afforded them. so have yet hope laid up for them in repentance. For such shepherd that was with me; a falling off hath some hope still left of a renewal; but placable shepherd. they that are dead, are utterly gone for ever.

1 Ad defectionem. 2 Exultantie. Lat. & In Gr Athanas, epithumiais tou. Aionos toulou.

16 Aguin we went a little had as it were a rustic figure; clad with a white goat's skin, having his bag upon his shoulder, and in his hand a stick full of knots, and very hard, and a whip in his other hand; and his countenance was stern and sour; enough to affright a man; such was his look.

17 He took from that young shepherd such sheep as lived in pleasures, but did not skip up and down: and drove them into a certain steep craggy place, full of thorns and briars. insomuch that they could not get themselves free from them:

18 But being entangled in These kind of men are ordain-them, fed upon thorns and briars, and were greviously 14 But those sheep which tormented with his whipping. and afforded them not any place, or time, to stand still.

> 19 ¶ When therefore I saw them so cruelly whipped and afflicted, I was grieved for them: because they were greatly tormented, nor had

> 20 And I said unto the Sir, who is this cruel and immoved with no compassion towards these sheep ? He asswered. This 2shepherd is in-

I Agrestem. Lat. 2 Vid. Origein Psalm xxxvii. Hom 1.

deed one of the 1holy angels, ed over to me for good instrucbut is appointed for the pun-tion, and are confirmed in the ishment of sinners.

delivered those who have er-days with a pure mind. red from God, and served the 25 And when they begin to lusts and pleasures of this repent of their sins, then they ishes them every one accord-they have done amiss, and give ing to their deserts, with cruel honour to God, saying, That and various kind of pains.

what kind of pains they are things according to their deeds. which every one undergoes? | - 26 Then for what remains Hearken, said he; The sever- of their lives, they serve God al pains and torments are those with a pure mind; and have which men every day undergo success in all their undertakin their present lives. For ings, and receive from the poverty; others divers sicknessess. Some are unsettled; thanks unto the Lord that they others suffer injuries from those were delivered unto me; nar that are unworthy; others fall do they suffer any more cruelunder many other trials and ty. inconveniences.

settled design aim at many now one thing. What, said things, and it profiteth them he, dost thou lask? I said unnot; and they say that they to him; Are they who depart have not success in their un-from the fear of God, tormendertakings.

their mind what they have pleasures? He answered me; done amiss, and they complain They are tormented for the of the Lord. When therefore same time. they shall have undergone all 29 And I said unto him: kind of vexation and inconve- They are then tormented but nience; then they are deliver- little; whereas they who en-

Faith of the Lord, and serve 21 To him therefore are the Lord all the rest of their

For this cause he pun- call to mind their works which he is a just Judge, and they 22 Sir, said I, I would know, have deservedly suffered all suffer losses: others Lord whatever they desire.

27 And then they give

28 ¶I said unto him; Sîr. · 23 For many with an un- I intreat you still to shew meted for the same time that they 24 2They do not call to enjoyed their false delight and

joy their pleasures so as to

Aggelon ton dikaion esti. &c. et sie forget God, ought to endure MS Lamb 2 MS Lamb Succurit iis : Gr Athanas. ou ginoskousi.

¹ MS. Lamb. Inquiris.

seven times as much punish God? Take heed, lest when

30 He answered me; Thou art foolish, neither understandest thou the efficacy of this punishment. I said unto him; Sir, if I understood it I would not desire you to tell me.

learn what the force of both is, both of the pleasure and of the punishment. An hour of pleasure is terminated within its own space: but one hour of punishment has the efficacy of thirty days. I Whosoever therefore enjoys his false pleasure ar therefore enjoys his false pleasure is rooted in pain and to mented; that one day of punishment is equivalent to a whole year's space.

32 Thus look how many days any one pursues his pleasures, so many years is he punished for it. You see therefore, how that the time of worldly enjoyments is but short; but that of pain and torments, a great deal more.

33 I replied; Sir, forasmuch as I do not understand2 at all these times of pleasure and pain; I intreat you that you would explain yourself more clearly concerning them. He answered me, saying; Thy foolishness still sticks unto thee.

34 Shouldest thou not rather purify thy mind, and serve

1 Origen, in Num Hom, viii. 2 MS Lumb, Omnino. 298 God? Take heed, lest when thy time is fulfilled, thou be found still unwise. Hear then, as thou desirest, that thou mayest the more easily understand.

35 He that gives himself up one day to his pleasures and delights, and does whatsoever his soul desires, is full of great folly, nor understands what he does, but the day following forgets what he did the day before.

36 For delight and worldly pleasure are not kept in memory, by reason of the folly that is rooted in them. But when pain and torment befal a man a day, he is in effect troubled the whole year after; because his punishment continues firm in his memory.

37 Wherefore he remembers it with sorrow the whole year; and then calls to mind his vain pleasure and delight, and perceives that for the sake of that he was punished.

38. Whosoever therefore have delivered themselves over to such pleasures, are thus punished; because that when they had life, they rendered themselves liable to death.

39 I said unto him; Sir, what pleasures are hurtful? He answered; That is pleasure to every man which he doth willingly.

40 For the angry man, gatifying his passion, perceives pleasure in it; and so the &-

The repentant must SIMILITUDE VII. bring forth fruits

dulterer, and drunkard; the unto me; What seekest thou? slanderer, and liar; the cove- 2 Sir, said I, I came to intreat tous man, and the defrauder; you that you would command and whosoever commits any the shepherd, who is the minthing like unto these, because ister of punishment, to depart he 1 followeth his evil disposi- out of my house, because he tion, he receives a satisfaction greatly afflicts me. in the doing of it.

delights are hurtful to the ser- inconveniences and vexations: vants of God.

and suffer punishment.

42 There are also pleasures that bring salvation unto men. great offence have I commit-For many, when they do what ted, that I should be delivered is good, find pleasure in it, and to this I messenger ? Hearken. are attracted by the delights of said he: Tho art indeed guilit.

profitable to the servants of livered to this 1 messenger. God, and brings life to such 5 But thy house hath commen: but those hurtful pleas- mitted many sins and offences. ures, which were before men- and therefore that good 1 mestioned, bring torments and senger being grieved at their punishment.

continue in them, and shall fer affliction; that they may not repent of what they have both repent of what they have

themselves.

SIMILITUDE VII

That they who repent must have repented, and be purified.

of repentance.

FTER a few days I saw ment, shall depart from thee. the same person that be- 7 I said unto him; Sir, if fore talked with me, in the they have behaved themselves same field, in which I had seen so as to anger that good angel, those shepherds. And he said yet what have I done? He an-

3 And he answered, It is 41 All these pleasures and necessary for thee to endure For these for so that good angel hath therefore they are tormented commanded concerning thee. because he would try thee.

4 Sir, said I; What so ty of many sins, yet not so ma-Now this pleasure is ny that thou shouldest be de-

doings commanded that for And whosoever shall some time thou shouldest sufdone, shall bring death upon done, and may wash themselves from all the lusts of this present world.

6 When therefore they shall bring forth fruits worthy then that messenger which is appointed over thy punish-

¹ Oheverh his disease.

wise be afflicted, unless thou, manded. who art the head of the fami- 13 Ruther give thanks unto

ly, suffer.

shalt suffer, they must needs worthy to whom he should feel it: but as long as thou foretel that trouble was coming shalt stand well established, upon thee, who art able to they cannot experience any bear it. vexation.

hold they also now repent with I shall easily undergo any all their hearts. I know, says trouble. I will, said he, be he, that they repent with all with thee; and I will intreat their hearts; but dost thou the messenger who is set over therefore think that their of-thy punishment, that he would fences who repent, are imme-moderate his afflictions todiately blotted out.

must afflict his soul, and shew little time; and then thou himself humble in all his af-shalt again be restored to thy

divers vexations.

11 And when he shall have 16 Obey the Lord with a suffered all things that were pure heart; thou, and thy appointed for him; then per-house, and thy children; and haps he that made him, and walk in the commands which formed all things besides, will I have delivered unto thee; be moved with compassion to- and then thy repentance may wards him, and afford him be firm and pure. some remedy; and especially 17 And if thou shalt keep if he shall perceive his heart, these things with thy house, who repents, to be pure from thy inconveniences shall deevery evil work.

pedient for thee, and for thy in like manner depart from all house, to be grieved; and it those, whosoever shall walk is needful that thou shouldest according to these commands endure much vexation, as the: angel of the Lord who com-

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swered; They cannot other-|mitted thee unto me, has com-

the Lord, that knowing what 8 For whatsoever thou was to come, he thought thee

14 I said unto him; Sir, 9 I replied; But, sir, be- be but thou also with me, and wards thee.

10 No, they are not presently; but he that repents shalt suffer adversity but for a fairs, and undergo many and former state; only continue on in the humility of thy mind.

part from thee.

12 But at present it is ex- 18 And all vexation shall

SIMILITUDE VIII. That there are many kindsof elect, and repenting sin- he examined them. ners: and how all of them | 6 From some he received rood works.

the fields and the mountains, indeed, but not touched with under whose shadow came all the moth; these also he ordersuch as were called by the ed to be set by themselves.

name of the Lord.

an angel of the Lord very ex- part. Others gave in their rods cellent and lofty; and did cut half dry, and cleft; these too down boughs from that wil- were set by themselves. Others low with a great hook; and brought in their rods, half dry reached out to the people that and half green, and these were were under the shadow of that in like manner placed by themwillow little rods, as it were a selves. bout a foot long.

had taken them, he laid aside third dry; and they too were his book, and the tree continu- set apart. Others brought ed intire, as I had before seen their rods two parts dry, and

and mused within myself.

4 Then that shepherd said 9 Others delivered up their unto me; Forbear to wonder rods less dry, (for there was that that tree continues whole, but a very little, to wit, their notwithstanding so boughs have been out off from and these were set in like manit: but stay a little, for now it ner by themselves. In the rods shall be shewn thee, what that of others there was but a little angel means, who gave those green, & the rest dry; and these rods to the people.

5 So he again demanded 10 Others the rods of them; and in the brought their rods green as same order that every one had they received them, and the received them, was he called greatest part of the people to him, and restored his rod; brought their rods thus; and

shall receive a reward pro-them dry and rotten, and as it portionate to the measure were touched with the moth; of their repentance and those he commanded to be separated from the rest, and GAIN he shewed me a placed by themselves. Othwillow which covered ers gave him their rods dry

7 Others gave in their rods 2 And by that willow stood half dry; these also were set a-

8 Others delivered up their 3 And when all of them rods two parts green, and the At which I wondered, the third green; and were also

placed by themselves.

many tops dry) but they had clefts, were set aside by themselves.

came. which when he had received, the messenger greatly rejoiced at these, and they also were walls, every one into the place put apart by themselves.

rods not only green, but full of rods, but examine them dilialso some fruit upon them.

12 They who had such rods, were very cheerful; and shepherd said unto me; Let the angel himself took great us take the rods from them all, joy at them; nor was the and plant them; if perchance shepherd that stood with me, they may grow green again .less pleased with them.

Lord commanded crowns to green again? be brought: and the crowns 17 He answered me; That were brought made of palms; tree is a wllow, and always and the angel crowned those loves to live. If therefore men in whose rods he found these rods shall be planted, the young branches with fruit; and receive a little moisture, and commanded them to go many of them will recover into the tower.

14 He also sent those into the tower, in whose rods he and will pour water upon them found branches without fruit, and if any of them can live, I giving a seal unto them. For will rejoice with him: but if they had the same garment, not, at least by this means I that is, one white as snow; shall be found not to have negwith which he bade them go lected my part. into the tower. And so he did to those who returned their me to call them; and they all rods green as they received came unto him, every one in them; giving them a white the rank in which he stood, garment, and so sent them a- and gave him their way to go into the tower.

said to the shepherd that was orders. with me, I go my way; but do thou send these within the ed them all, he poured much

in which he has deserved to 11 Others brought their dwell; examining first their branches; and these were set gently that no one deceive aside, being also received by thee. But and if any one shall the angel with great joy. escape thee, I will try them Others brought their rods upon the altar. Having said green with branches, and those this to the shepherd, he departed.

> 16 After he was gone, the I said unto him; Sir, how can

13 Then the angel of the those dry rods ever grow

themselves.

18 Wherefore I will try,

19 Then he commanded which having received he plan-15 Having done this, he ted every one in their several

20 And after he had plant-

water upon them, insomuch Michael, who has the power that they were covered with over this people, and governs water, and did not appear a- them. For he has planted the bove it. Then when he had law in the hearts of those who watered them, he said unto have believed: and therefore me: Let us depart, and after he visits them to whom he has a short time we will return and given the law, to see if they visit them.

21 For he who created this tree, would have all those live one's rod; and of those, many that received rods from it. - that are weakened: for those And I hope, now that these rods are the law of the Lord, rods are thus watered, many Then he discerns all those of them, receiving in the mois- who have not kept the law,

ture, will recover.

22 ¶ I said unto him, Sir, one of them. tell me what this tree denotes? For I am greatly 1 astonished why did he send away some to that after so many branches the tower, and left others here have been cut off, it seems still to you? He replied, those who to be whole; nor does there have transgressed the law, any thing the less of it appear which they received from him, to remain, which greatly a- are left in my power, that they mazes me.

This great tree which covers and kept it, are under his powthe plains and the mountains, er. and all the earth, is the law of God, published throughout the are those, who went into the

whole world.

of God, who is preached to all the devil, have overcome him, the ends of the earth. The are crowned: and they are people that stand under its those, who have suffered hard shadow, are those which have things, that they might keep heard his preaching, and be- the law. lieved.

2 MS. Lamb. Hæc autem lex Filius Dei est, prædicatus &c.

have kept it.

26 And he examines every knowing the place of every

27 I said unto him, Sir, may repent of their sins: but 23 He answered, Hearken. they who 1fulfilled the law

28 But who then, said I tower crowned? He replied, 24 Now 2this law is the Son all such as having striven with

29 But they who gave up 25 The great and venera-their rods green, and with ble angel which you saw, was young branches, but without fruit, have indeed endured trouble for the same law, but

1 Satisfied.

have not suffered death; nei-|manded to stand apart. Then ther have they denied their ho-they came whose rods had lv law.

their rods green as they re-their rods green; others dry were modert and just, and have touched by the moth. lived with a very pure mind, of God.

31 The rest thou shalt know those rods which I have plant- sort. ed and watered.

returned, and in the same place stood that glorious angel, and I stood by him. itowel, and serve me.

with a clean towel, which was made of coarse cloth. And when he saw me girded, and they were before, half dry, ready to minister unto him, he said, Call those men whose rods have been planted, every one in his order as he gave them.

34 and he brought me into the field, and I called them all, and they all stood ready in their several ranks. Then he said unto them; let every one pluck up his rod, and bring it unto me. And first they delivered theirs, whose rods had been dry and rotten.

still continued so, he com-

been dry but not 30 They who delivered up Some of these delivered in ceived them, are those who and rotten, as if they had been

36 Those who gave them and kept the commandments up green, he commanded to stand apart: but those whose rods were dry and rotten, he when I shall have considered caused to stand with the first Then came they whose rods had been half dry, and 32 ¶ After a few days we cleft: many of these gave up their rods green, and uncleft.

37 Others delivered them Then he said up green with branches, and unto me; Gird thyself with a fruit upon the branches, like unto theirs who went crowned 33 And I girded myself into the tower. Others delivered them up dry, but not rot ten: and some gave them as and cleft.

38 Every one of these he ordered to stand apart; some by themselves, others in their

respective ranks.

39 Then came they whose rods had been green, but cleft. These delivered their rods altogether green, and stood in their own order. shepherd rejoiced at these, because they were all changed, and free from their clefts.

40 Then they gave in their 35 And those whose rods rods, who had them half green Of these some and half dry. were found wholly green, others half dry; others

¹ Sabano Vid Edit. Oxon. p. 129not d.

with young shoots. And all 46 That thou mightest one to his proper rank.

rods, who had them before our; who gave his spirit to two parts green, and the third them that were found worthy Many of these gave in of repentance.

had before their rods two serve him with all their hearts, parts dry and the third green; to them he gave repentance. many of these delivered up 48 But for those whose detheir rods half dry, others dry ceit and wickedness he beheld. and rotten; others half dry and and perceived that they would cleft : but few green. And all not truly return unto him ; to these were set every one in his them he denied any return unown rank.

43 Then they reached in again blaspheme his law with their rods, 1in which there wicked words. was before but a little green, 49 I said unto him; Now, and the rest dry. Their rods Sir, make known unto me, were for the most part found what is the place of every one green, having little boughs, of those, who have given up with fruit upon them; and the their rods, and what their rest altogether green.

sight of these rejoiced exceed- entire, but have wasted the ingly, because he had found seal which they received, shall them thus: and they also went hear and believe these things,

to their proper orders.

45 ¶ Now after he had ex- evil deeds and repent; amined all their rods, he said 50 And receiving again unto them, I told thee that this their seal from you, may give tree loved life: thou seest how glory to God, that he was many have repented, and at-moved with compassion totained unto salvation. said I, I see it.

1 MS Lumb. Minimum habuerani viride.

these were sent away, every know, saith he, that the goodness and mercy of the Lord is 41 Then they gave up their great, and to be had in hon-

their rods green; many half 47 I answered, Sir, why dry; the rest dry, but not rot- then did not all of them reten So these were sent away, pent? He replied, those whose each to his proper place. minds the Lord foresaw would 42 Then came they who be pure, and that they would

to repentance, lest they should

Iportion; that when they 44 And the shepherd upon who have not kept their seal they may acknowledge their

Sir, wards them, and sent you to renew their spirits.

51 Hearken, said he: they 1 Seat

B B 2

whose rods have been found into the tower. Thou seest touched with the moth; are ers of the church.

- 52 Who with the rest of their crimes, have also blasphemed the Lord, and denied his name which had been cal-Therefore all led upon them. these are dead unto God; and thou seest that none of them have repented, although they have heard my commands in their rods not only half dry, them. From these men therefore life is far distant.
- livered up their rods dry, but peace among themselves, and not rotten, have not been far that envy one another. from them. For they have been counterfeits, and brought repentance is offered; for thou preverted the servants of God; repented. but especially those who had sinned; not suffering them to kind who have quickly repenreturn unto repentance, but ted, shall have a place in the keeping them back by their tower; but they who have false doctrines.
- hope; and thou seest that many of them have repented, repent, but shall continue on since the time that thou hast in their wicked doings, shall laid my commands them; and many more will vet repent. shall not repent; shall lose they are such as were always both repentance and life.

be within the first walls, and and pre-eminence. some of them are even gone

dry and rotten, and as it were therefore, said he, that in the repentance of sinners there is the deserters and the betray-life; but that for those who repent not, death is prepared.

56 ¶ Hear now concerning those who gave in their rods half dry, and full of clefts .-They whose rods were only half dry, are the doubtful; for they are neither living nor dead.

57 But they who delivered which thou hast delivered unto but also full of clefts, are both doubtful and evil speakers: who detract from those that 53 They also who have de- are absent, and have never

58 Howbeit to these also in evil doctrines: and have seest that some of these have

- 59 Now all those of this been more slow in their repen-54 These therefore have tance, shall dwell within the walls: but they that shall not before die the death.
- 60 As for those who had But they that their rods green, but yet cleft; faithful and good, but they had 55 But they that have re-some envy and strife among pented, their place is begun to themselves concerning dignity
 - 61 Now all such are vais

contend with one another a- place for repentance.

they shall hear these com- and for this wickedness they mands they shall amend them-have lost life. And of these selves, and shall at my persua-many are still in doubt; these sion suddenly repent; they may yet return; and if they shall at last dwell in the tow-shall quickly repent, they shall er, as they who have truly and have a place in the tower; but worthily repented.

he shall be shut out from the pent, they shall die. tower, and shall lose his life. 68 As for those who had

For the life of those who keep two parts of their rods green, the commandments of the and the third dry; they have Lord, consists in doing what 1by manifold ways denied the they are commanded; not in Lord. Of these many have principality, or in any other repented, and found a place in dignity.

tain unto life; but by seditions, life. and contempt of the law, they 69 And some being in a shall purchase death unto doubtful state, have raised un

themselves.

rods had half dry and half pent, and not continue in their green, are those who are en-lusts; but if they shall contingaged in many affairs of the ue in their evil doing they wo.ld, and are not joined to shall die. the saints. For which cause 70 ¶ They who gave in half of them liveth, and half is their rods two parts dry, and dead.

these since the time that they ful but withal rich and full of have heard my commands, good things; and therefore have repented, and begun to have desired to be famous adwell in the tower. But some of them have wholly fallen a- bus inficiati.

and without understanding, as way; to these there is no more

bout these things.

62 Nevertheless, seeing they present interests, they have are otherwise good, if when blasphemed and denied God: if they shall be more slow, 63 But if any one shall a they shall dwell within the

gain return to his dissension, walls; but if they shall not re-

the tower; and many have 64 For by forbearance and altogether departed from humility of mind, men shall at- God. These have utterly lost

dissensions: these may yet re-65 ¶ They who in their turn, if they shall suddenly re-

the other green; are those 66 Wherefore many of who have indeed been faith-

I Lamb MS. Quamplurims generi-

mong the heathen which are 75 ¶ As for those who gave without, and have thereby fall- in their rods green, excepting en into great pride, and begun their tops, which only were to aim at high matters, and to dry, and had clefts; these forsake the truth:

the Isaints, but lived with the ertheless they sinned a little, heathen; and this life seemed by reason of their empty pleato be more pleasant to them, sures and trifling thoughts Howbeit they had not depart- which they had within themed from God, but continued in selves. the faith; only they have not wrought the works of faith.

ednesses of the heathen. These shall hardly be moved. kind of men therefore are reckoned among strangers to gave in their rods dry, their the Gospel.

73 Others of these began to lone were green; they

over stir up dissensions.

to those who by reason of their God. doings are become doubtful, that their place may be in the in all righteousness. not, but continue still in their others readily underwent mapleasures are nigh unto death,

were always good, and faithful 71 Nor were they joined to and 1 upright before God: nev-

76 Wherefore many of them when they heard my words, 72 Many therefore of these repented forthwith; and behave repented; and begun to gan to dwell in the tower .dwell in the tower. Yet oth- Nevertheless some grew doubters still living among the heath-ful, and others to their doubton people, and being lifted up ful minds added dissensions. with their vanities, have utter- To these therefore there is still ly fallen away from God, and hope of return, because they followed the works and wick- were always good; but they

77 As for those, lastly, who tops only excepted, which abe doubtful in their minds; such as have believed indeed despairing by reason of their in God, but have lived in wickwicked doings ever to attain edness; yet without departing unto salvation: Others being from God: having always v thus made doubtful, did more- willingly borne the name of the Lord; and readily received in-74 To these therefore, and to their houses the servants of

78 Wherefore hearing these their is still hopes of return; things, they returned, and withbut they must repent quickly, out delay repented, and lived But they that repent some of them suffered death;

1 Probi.

¹ Righteous.

ny trials, being mindful of their thou walk in these commands,

evil doings.

79 ¶ And when he had ended his explications of all the these, and exercise them rightrods, he said unto me, Go, and ly, shall live unto God. say unto all men that they removed with great clemency hath sent me to preach repentance unto all.

80 Even unto those who by reason of their evil doings, deserve not to attain unto salvation. But the Lord will be patient, and keep the invitation that was made by his Son.

81 I said unto him, Sir, I hope that all when they shall hear these things, will repent. For I trust that every one acknowledging his crimes, and taking up the fear of the Lord will return unto repentance.

82 He said unto me, Whosoever shall repent with all their hearts, and cleanse themselves from all the evils that I have before mentioned, and not add any thing more to their sins, shall receive from the Lord the cure of their former iniquities, if they shall make any doubt of these commands, and shall live unto God.

83 But they that shall continue to add to their transgressions, and shall still converse with the lusts of this present ened by the angel, but yet by world shall condemn themselves unto death. But de

and thou shalt live unto God: and whoseever shall walk in

84 And having shewed me pent, and they shall live unto all these things, he said; I God: because the Lord being will shew thee the rest in a few

davs.

SIMILITUDE IX.

The greatest mysteries of the militant and triumphant church which is to be built.

FTER I had written the Commands and Similitudes of the Shepherd, the Angel of Repentance; he came unto me, and said to me, I' will shew thee all those things which the 1 Spirit spake with thee under the figure of the For that Spirit is the church. Son of God.

· 2 And because thou wert weak in body, it was not declared unto thee by the angel, until thou wert strengthened by the Spirit, and increased in force that thou mightest also see the angel.

3 For then indeed the buildnot ing of the tower was very well and gloriously shewn unto thee by the church; nevertheless thou sawest all things shewn unto thee as it were by a virgin.

4 But now thou art enlight-But thou the same Spirit.

1 See above, Book I.

must consider all things dili-fountains were watered all gently; for therefore am I kinds of the creatures of God. sent into thine house by that The ninth mountain had no venerable Intessenger, that water at all but was wholly when thou shalt have seen all destitute of it; and nourished things powerfully, thou mayest not be afraid as before.

5 And he led me to the 2height of a mountain of Ar- full of tall trees, and altogethcadia, and we sat upon its top. er shady; and under the shade And he shewed me a great of them lay cattle resting and plain, and about it twelve chewing the cud. mountains, in different figures.

soot. The second was smooth, and those trees seemed to be without herbs. The third was full of thorns and thistles .- fruit; that whosoever The fourth had herbs half dried; of which the upper part sire to eat of their fruit. was green, but that next the the herbs, when the sun grew hot, were dry.

7 The fifth mountain was ty to itself. . very rugged; but yet had green herbs. The sixth moun- I plain he shewed me a huge tain was full of clefts, some les- white rock, which rose out of ser, and some greater; and the plain, and the rock was in those clefts grew grass, not higher than those mountains, flourishing, but which seemed and was square; so that it to be withering.

The seventh mountain the whole world. had delightful pasture, and: was wholly fruitful; and all old, yet had in it a new gate, kinds of cattle, and of the birds which seemed to have been of heaven, fed upon it; and newly hewn out in it. Now the more they fed of it, the that gate was bright beyond better did the grass grow.

full of fountains, and from those

deadly serpents, and destructive to men

10 The tenth mountain was

11 The eleventh mountain 6 The first was black as was full of the thickest trees: loaded with several sorts of them could not chuse but de-

12 The twelfth mountain root was dry; and some of was altogether white, and of a most pleasant aspect, and itself gave a most excellent beau-

13 In the middle of the seemed capable of supporting

14 It looked to me to be the sun itself; insomuch that 9 The eighth mountain was I greatly admired at its light.

> 15 About that gate stood twelve virgins; of which four 1 Origen. Hom. in. in Exech.

¹ Angel 2 Ascent.

gate, seemed to me to be the derstanding of those which chiefest, although the rest also thou seest. were of worth: and they stood in the four parts of the gate.

grace of those virgins, that they thee: but first consider what stood in pairs, cloathed with yet remains. linen garments, and decently girded, their right arms being this unto me I looked up, and at liberty, as if they were about behold I saw six tall and vento lift up some 1 burden; for erable men coming; their so they were adorned, and countenances were all alike; were exceeding cheerful and and they called a certain mulready.

dered with myself to see such tall and stout. great and noble things. And again I admired upon the account of those virgins, that they tower over that gate. And imwere so handsome and deli-mediately there began to be a cate: and stood with such great noise of those men runfirmness and constancy, as if ning here and there about the they would carry the whole gate: who were come together heaven.

18 And as I was thinking thus within myself, the shepwhat herd said unto me: thinkest thou within thyself, and art disquieted, and fillest And they stretched out their thyself with care?

19 Do not seem to consider, as if thou wert wise, what thou dost not understand, but pray unto the Lord, that thou mayest have ability to understand it: what is to come thou canst not understand, but thou seest that which is before thee.

20 Be not therefore disquieted at those things which thou

2 Fascem aliquem. Lat.

that stood at the corners of the canst not see; but get the un-

21 Forbear to be curious; and I will shew thee all things 16 It is added also to the that I ought to declare unto

22 ¶ And when he had said titude of men: and they who 17 When I saw this, I won-came at their call were also

> 23 And those six commanded them to build a certain to build the tower.

24 But those virgins which stood about the gate perceived that the building of the tower was to be hastened by them. hands, as if they were to rea ceive somewhat from them todo

25 Then those six men commanded, that they should lift up stones out of a certain deep place, and prepare them for the building of the tower .-And there were lifted up ten white stones, square, and Inot cut round.

26 Then those six men called the virgins to them, and

1 So Cotelerius in loca

commanded them to carry all | 32 After these did five and the stones that were to be put thirty others rise up; and into the building; and having these were also in like manner carried them through the gate fitted into the same work to deliver them to those that Then forty other stones were were about to build that tow-brought up, and all these were

27 Immediately the virgins tower. began all of them together to before taken out of the deep.

stones in such a manner, that ed a little. those stones which seemed to be the strongest were laid at manded the multitude, that the corners, the rest were put they should bring stones out into the sides :

all the stones, and bringing er. them through the gate delivered them to the builders, as they the mountains stones of dihad been commanded; who vers colours, and brought receiving them at their hands, them, and gave them to the built with them.

made upon that great rock, and over the gate; and by these the whole tower was supported. But the building of the ten stones filled the whole gate, which began to be made for the foundation of that tower.

31 After those ten stones did five and twenty others 1rise up out of the deep; and these were placed in the build ing of the same tower; being lifted up by those virgins, a the others had been before.

1 MS. Lamb. Ascenderunt.

added unto the building of that

33 So there began to be lift'up those stones, that were four ranks in the foundation of that tower; and the stones 28 ¶ And they also who ceased to rise out of the deep; stood about the gate did carry and they also which built rest-

34 Again, those men comof those twelve mountains to 29 And thus they carried the building of the same tow-

35 So they cut out of all virgins; which when 30 But this building was had received they carried them, and delivered them into the building of the tower.

36 In which when they were built they became white, and different from what they were before; for they were all slike and did change their former colours. And some were reached up by the men themselves, which when they came into the building, continued as they were put in.

37 These neither became white, nor different from what they were before; because they were not carried by the

virgins through the gate.— that are not good they may be Wherefore these stones were changed; for this tower is disagreeable in the building; built according to his will. which, when those six men 43 Sir, said I, I would perceived, they commanded know, what the building of them to be removed, and put this tower signifies; as also I again in the place from which would be informed concerning they were brought.

38 And they said to those 44 And concerning the them down by the tower, that but put into the building just as these virgins may carry them they came forth; and why the and reach them to us.

this gate, they cannot change forty? their colors: therefore do not 45 Also concerning those lahor in vain.

day was done, howbeit the and carried back into their tower was not finished; for it place? Fulfil, I pray, the desire was afterwards to be built, of my soul as to all these things, therefore now also there was and manifest all unto me.

some delay made of it.

manded those that built to de-shalt know all, and shalt see part, and as it were to rest for all the other things that are asome time; but they ordered bout to happen in this tower; those virgins they should not and shalt understand all these depart from the tower: now similitudes. they seemed to me to be left; for the guarding of it.

tower finished? Because it will come and examine it. cannot, said he, be finished 48 So we came thither, and until its Lord comes, and ap- found none but those virgins proves of the building; that there. And he asked them, if he shall find any stones in it, whether the Lord of that tow-

this rock, and this gate.

who brought those stones; Do mountains, and the virgins, not ye reach up to us any and the stones that did rise out stones for this building but lay of the deep, and were not cut,

ten stones were first laid in the 39 Forunless they shall be foundation; then the twenty-

carried by these virgins thro' five; then thirty-five; then

stones that were put into the 40 ¶ So the building that building, and again taken out.

46 And he said unto me: 41 And these six men com- If thou shalt be dull, thou

47 And after a few days we came into the same place 42 When all were departed, where we had sat before; and I said unto that shepherd; Sir, he said unto me, Let us go unwhy is not the building of the to the tower; for the Lord if it

er was come thither? And I they replied, that he would be asked him from which of the there presently, to examine the mountains he building.

while I saw a great multitude side. But he forbade them to of men coming, and in the bring any from the mountains, middle of them a man so tall, and commanded that they that he surpassed the tower in should take them out of a cer-

1 height.

50 About him were those six, who before commanded in the building, and all the rest of those who had built that that were round. tower, and many others of great dignity: and the virgins that kept the tower ran to meet him, and kissed him, and began to walk near unto him.

But he examined the building with so much care that he handled every stone; and struck every one with a rod which he held in his hand:

52 Of which some being so struck turned black as soot: others were rough; some looked as if they had cracks in them; others seemed maimed; some neither black nor white: some looked sharp, and agreed not with the other stones, and others were full of spots.

53 These were the several kinds of those stones which were not found proper in the building: all which the Lord commanded to be taken out of and laid about the tower, and the tower, and laid near it, and other stones to be brought, and put in their places.

. 1 Greatness,

54 And they that built, would have stones brought to put in the 49 ¶ After a very little place of those that were laid atain field that was near.

55 So they digged in that field, and found many bright square stones, and some also Howbeit. all that were found in that field were taken away, and carried through the gate by those virgins; and those of them that were square were fitted and put into the places of those that were pulled out.

56 But the round ones were not put into the building, because they were hard, and it would have required too much time to cut-them; but they were placed about the tower, as if they should hereafter be cut square, and put into the building; for they were very white.

57 ¶ When he who was chief in dignity, and lord of the whole tower saw this, he called to him the shepherd that was with me, and gave him the stones that were rejected said unto him; cleanse these stones with all care, and ft them into the building of the tower, that they may agree

will not suit with the rest, cast put into the building of this

manded him, he departed, of my master's commands. with all those that came with 63 When him to the tower: but those came after three days to the virgins still stood about the tower, he said unto me; Let tower to keep it.

stones, seeing they have been answered, Sir, let us see. rejected, return into the buil-ding of this tower? He replied; gun to consider those which I will cut off the greatest part had been black; for they were from these stones, and will found just such as they were add them to the building, and when they were pulled out of

will they be able to fill the from the tower, and put by same place, when they shall themselves. be so much cut away? He an- 65 Then he examined those swered; They that shall be which had been rough; and found too little shall be put in- commanded many of those to to the middle of the building, be cut round, and to be fitted and the greater shall be plac- by the virgins into the builded without, and keep them in. ing of the tower: so they took

unto me, he added; Let us go, middle of the building; and and after three days we will he commanded the rest to be return, and I will put these laid by with the black ones, stones, being cleansed, into the for they also were becometower.

62 For all these that are aland be so exasperated that gins.

1 MS Lamb. Ita exaspereta , u thi lapides.

with the rest; but those that these stones should never be away afar off from the tower. tower, and I shall be looked 58 When he had thus com- upon to have been lunmindful

therefore we us examine all these stones, 59 And I said unto that and let us see which of them How can these may go into the building.

they will agree with the rest. the tower: wherefore he com-60 And I said, Sir, how manded them to be removed

61 When he had said thus them, and fitted them into the black.

66 Next he bout the tower must be cleans | those which were full of cracks. ed, lest the master of the house and many of those also he orchance to come upon the sud-dered to be pared away, and den, and find those which are so to be added to the rest of about the tower unclean; the building, by the same vir-

> 1 MB. Lamb. Negligens patris familias.

the multitude of their cracks found very hard: but the rest the building of the tower.

63 Then he those that had been maimed; many of these had cracks, and were become black; others had large clefts: these he commanded to be placed with those fellows.

that were rejected:

69 But the rest being cleansed and reformed, he commanded to be put into the building. These therefore those virgins took up, and fitted into the middle of the building, because they were but weak.

70 After these he examined those which were found half white and half black; and many of those were now black; also he ordered be laid among those that were

cast away.

71 The rest were found altogether white; those were thing. taken up by the virgins, and fitted into the same tower: land these were put in the outside, because they were found entire; that so they might keep in those that were placed in the middle, for nothing was cut off from them.

72 Next he looked upon those 2 which had been hard

67 These were placed with- and sharp; but few of these out, because they were found were made use of, because they entire; but the residue through could not be cut, for they were could not be reformed, and were formed, and fitted by the therefore were cast awa; from virgins into the middle of the building because they considered more weak.

Then he 73 considered those which had spots: of these a few were found black. and these were carried to their The rest were white and entire; and they were fitted by the virgins into the building, and placed in the outside by reason of their strength.

74 ¶ After this he came to consider those stones which were white and round; and he said unto me. What shall we do with these stones? I answered, Sir, I cannot tell.

75 He replied, Canst thou think of nothing then for these? I answered, Sir, I understand not this art; neither am I a stone-cutter, nor can I tell any

76 And he said. Seest thou not that they are very round? Now to make them square I must cut off a great deal from them; howbeit, it is necessary that some of these should go into the building of the tower.

77 I answered; If it be necessary, why do you perplex yourself, and not rather choose if you have any choice among

I Vid MS Lumb Edit. Oxon, p. 157 3 Ms Lamb, Fuerant.

them, and fit them into the go round about it; and when

the largest and brightest, and glad: for it was so beautifully squared them; which, when framed, that any one that had he had done the virgins took seen it must have been in love them up, and placed them in with the building: the outside of the building.

mained, were carried back in- any where appear; but it to the same field whence they nooked as if it had been cut out were taken: howbeit they were of one rock. not cast away; because said are exceeding white.

twelve very stately women, again; for all things about the cloathed with a black garment tower must be made even. girded, and their shoulders free and their hair loose. These manded me, and brought them seemed to me to be country unto him: and he said unto

manded them to take up those ished. stones which were cast out of the building, and carry them the spaces of those stones, and back to the mountains out of commanded the place about which they were taken.

82 And they took them all up joyfully, and carried them besoms, and cleansed all the back to their places from place around, and took away

mained about the tower, he place became delightful, and said unto me, Let as go about the tower beauteous. this tower, and see whether any thing be wanting to it.

84 We began therefore to

he saw that it was handsome-78 Upon this he chose out ly built, he began to be very

85 For it seemed to be all 79 And the rest that re-but one stone, nor did a joint

86 ¶ And when I diligently he, there is yet a little wanting considered what a tower it was to this tower, which is to be I was extremely pleased: and built; and perhaps the Lord he said unto me, Bring hither will have these stones fitted in-|some lime and little shelfs, that to this building, because they I may fill up the Ispaces of those stones that were taken 80 Then were there called out of the building, and put in

87 And I did as he comme, Be ready to help me, and 81 And the shepherd com-this work will quickly be fin-

88 He therefore filled up the tower to be cleansed.

89 Then those virgins took whence they had been taken. all the rubbish, and threw on 83. When not one stone re- water: which being done, the

> .90 Then he said unto me, All is now clean: if the Lord

> > 1 Formas. Lat. · CC2

should come to finish the tow-starry for him till evening; but

by to complain of us.

91 When he had said this again the next morning. In would have departed. But Lord's sake, that he would ex- us. plain to me all things that he tarry. had shewn me.

at present a little business: things unto thee.

for me till I come.

till I shall come.

95 So I remained with those ful and courteous unto me; chorus with them. med to be the chiefest among them.

96 ¶ Then those virgins said unto me, that shepherd will not return hither to-day. said unto them, What then gone home, but they withheld shall I do? They answered, me, and suffered me not to de-Tarry for him till the evening, if perhaps he may come and with them that night near the speak with thee; but if not, same tower. ret thou shalt continue with us till he does come.

818

er, he will find nothing where-lif he comes not by that time, I will go home, and return hither

They answered me-98 I laid hold on his bag, and be- Thou art delivered unto us. gan to entreat him for the thou mayest not depart from I said, Where shall I

99 They replied, Thou 92 He said unto me, I have shalt sleep with us as a brother not as a husband: for thou ars but I will suddenly explain all our brother, and we are read v Tarry here from henceforth to dwell with thee: for thou art very dear to us.

93 I said unto him, Sir what - 100 Howbeit I was ashamshall I do here alone, He an- ed to continue with them. But swered, Thou art not alone, she that seemed to be the chiefseeing all these virgins are with est amongst them, embraced me, and began to kiss me. And 94 I said Sir, deliver me the rest when they saw that I then unto them. Then he cal- was kissed by her, began also led them, and said unto them, to kiss me as a brother; and I commend this man unto you led me about the tower, and played with me

101 Some of them also sung virgins: now they were cheer- psalms, others made up the especially the four, which see- walked about the tower with them, rejoicing silently, and seeming to myself to be grown

young again.

102 When the evening came I on, I would forthwith have part. Wherefore I continued

103 So they spread their linen garments upon the 97 I said unto them, I will ground; and placed me in the else, only they prayed.

104 I also prayed with them without ceasing, no less than ish man! and understand. The me pray in that manner, re-cient than any creature; linjoiced greatly; and I continu-somuch that he was in council ed there with them till the with his Father at the creation next day.

105 And when we had them: You have done no in-time; that they who shall atbim, Sir, I have received a God. great deal of satisfaction in them.

How didst thou sup?' I an-the tower; but that those swered, Sir, I feasted the whole which night upon the words of the through the gate, were sent awell then, said he? I said, Sir verv well.

now learn what thou didst de- God, but he who shall take sire? I replied, Sir, I will: upon him the name of the Son and first I pray thee that thou of God. shouldest shew me all things

do all as thou wouldest have wall, and had only one gate, me, nor will I hide any thing could you enter into that city from thee.

109 ¶ First of all, Sir, said I, tell me what this rock, and could I do otherwise? As this gate denote? Hearken, therefore, said he; there would said he; this rock, and this be no other way of entering gate, are the Son of God I replied. Sir, how can that be ; 1 Ita at. Lat. 2 The creatures.

of the church.

gate new.

110 Hear, said he, O fool-Who when they saw Son of God is indeed more anof 2all things.

111 But the gate is therefore worshipped God, then the new, because he appeared in shepherd came and soid unto the last days at the fulness of jury to this man. They an- tain unto salvation, may by it swered. Ask him. I said unto enter into the kingdom of

112 You have seen, said he, that I have remained with those stones which were carried through the gate, how they 106 And he said unto me, were placed in the building of were not They received thee way into their own places?

113 I answered, Sir, I saw it, Thus, said he, no man 107 He answered, Wilt thou shall enter into the kingdom of

114 For if you would enter in the order that I asked them. into any city, and that city, 108 He answered, I will should be encompassed with a except by that gate?

114 I answered, Sir, how

so neither can any one enter its, for no man can enter into into the kingdom of God, but the kingdom of God, except only by the name of his Son, these clothe him with their who is most dear unto him.

115 And he said unto me. Didst thou see the multitude of nothing to take up the name those that built that tower? of the Son of God, unless those Sir, said I, I saw it. swered. All those are the an-Ifrom them. gels, venerable in their digni- are the powers of the Son of ty.

116 With these is the Lord encompassed as with a wall; but the gate is the Son of God, lers. who is the only way of coming unto God. For no man shall go to God, but by his Son.

117 Thou sawest also, said he, the six men, and in on their garment. I said, Sir, the middle of them, that venerable great man, who walked about the tower, and rejected the stones out of the tower?

118 Sir, said I, I saw them. He answered that tall man was the Son of God; and those six were his angels of most eminent dignity, which stand about him on the right hand continued he, which being deand on the left.

119 Of these excellent an gels none comes in unto God without bim. He added. Whosoever therefore shall not take upon him his name, he shall not enter into the kingdom of God.

120 ¶ I'hen I said, What is this tower? This, said he, believed in God by his Son is the church. And what Sir,

into the city but by its gate, to me, These are the holy spirgarment.

> 121 For it would avail thee He an- shalt receive their garment For these virgins So shall a man in vain God. bear his name, unless he shall also be endued with his pow-

> > 122 And he said unto me. Sawest thou those stones that were cast away? They bore indeed the name, but put not what is their garment? 1 Their very names, said he, are their garments.

> > 123 Therefore whosoever beareth the name of the Son of God, ought to bear their names also; for the Son of God also himself beareth their names.

124 As for those stones. livered by their hands, thou sawest remain in the building, they were clothed with their power; for which cause thou seest the whole tower of the same 2colour with the rock. and made as if it were of one stone.

125 So also those who haw

1 Vid. Anuot, Edit. Oxon. p. 116. are these virgins? He said un- 2 Vid. Origen. Philocal. c. vin.

have put on this spirit. Be-them, being tempted with their hold there shall be one spirit, beauty; and were clothed with and one body, and one colour their power, and cast off the of their garments; and all they clothing of the virgins. shall attain this, who shall bear the names of these virgins.

then were those stones cast a- But they that were not corrupway which were rejected; see- ted with their beauty, remaining they also were carried ed in the house of God, This, through the gate, and deliver-said he, is the signification of ed by the hands of these vir-those stones which were regins into the building of this jected. tower.

takest care to inquire diligent- pent, and cast away their dely into all things, hear also sire of those women, and be concerning those stones which converted, and return to these were rejected. All these re- virgins, and put on again their ceived the name of the Son of virtue; shall they not enter God, and with that the power into the house of God? of these virgins.

ceived these spirits, they were the works of those women, and prefected, and brought into the shall resume the power number of the servants of these virgins, and shall walk God; and they began to be in their works. one body, and to have one garment, for they were lendu-there is a stop in the building, ed with the same righteous-that if they shall repent, they ness, which they alike exer-may be added to the building cised.

held those women which thou sawest clothed with a black they may be utterly cast agarment, with their shoulders at liberty and their hair loose; they fixed their desires upon gave thanks unto the Lord,

130 Therefore were they cast off from the house of God, 126 And I said, Sir, why and delivered to those women.

131 And I said, Sir, what 127 Seeing, said he, thou if any of these men shall re-

132 They shall enter, said 128 Having therefore re- he, if they shall lay aside all

133 And for this cause of this tower; but if they shall 129 but after that they be- not repent, that others may be built in their places, and so way.

134 For all these things I that being moved with mercy us the angel of repentance to

¹ Sentiebant æquitatem, Lat. from the Greek ephronoun: but the true towards all those upon whom reading of Hermas seemeth to have his name is called, he sent to been ephoroun.

preside over us who have sin-|and of those women that were ned against him; and that he clothed with the black garhas refreshed our spirits which were almost gone, and who had no hope of salvation, but are now refreshed to the renewal of life.

135 Then I said, Shew me now, Sir, why this tower is not built upon the ground, but upon a rock, and upon the gate? He replied, Thou art foolish and without understanding, therefore thou asketh this.

136 And I said, Sir I must needs ask all things of you, because I understand nothing at all. For all your answers are great and excellent; and which a man can hardly understand.

137 Hear, said he: The name of the son of God is great and without bounds, and the whole world is supported If therefore, said I, every creature of God be sustained by his Son, why should he not support those also who have been invited by him, and who carry his name, and walk in his commandments?

138 Seest thou not, said he, that he doth not support them, who with all their heart bearhis name? He therefore is their foundation, and gladly supports those who do not ,deny his name, but willingly bear it.

139 ¶ And I said, Sir, tell me, the names of those virgins;

ment.

140 Hear, said he, the names of those virgins which are the more powerful, and stand at the corners of the gate. These are their names:

The first is called 1Faith; the second, Continence; the third, Power; the fourth, Patience; the rest which stand beneath these are. Simplicity, Innocence, Chastity, Cheerfulness, Truth, Understanding, Concord, Charity.

Whosoever therefore bear these names, and the name of the son of God, shall enter into the kingdom of God.

143 Hear now, said he, the names of those women which were clothed with the black garment. Of these, four are the principal: the first is Perfidiousness: the second, Incontinence; the third, Intidelity; the fourth, Pleasure.

144 And the test which follow are called thus, Sadness, Malice, Lust, Auger, Lying, Foolishness, Pride, and Ha-The servant of God, carries these which Spirit shall see indeed the kingdon of God, but he shall not ente into it.

145 But, sir, what are the stones which were taken out! the deep and fitted into #

1 Origen, Hom. 13. in Ezek.

building? The ten, said he, lenter into the kingdom of God which were placed at the foun- but by laying aside the mortaldation, are the first age; the lity of their former life. following five-and-twenty, the second, of righteous men.

of the Lord. And the forty, kingdom of God. are the Apostles and doctors

God.

did the virgins put even those that seal, he is freed from death stones into the building after and lassigned unto life. they were carried through the gate? And he said, Because water of baptism, into which these first carried those spirits, men go down under the obligaand they departed not one tion unto death, but come up from the other, neither the appointed unto life. men from the spirits, nor the 154 Wherefore to those alspirits from the men;

joined to those men even to they might enter into the kingthe day of their death; who dom of God. if they had not had these spirits with them, they could not sir, did these forty stones also have been useful to the build-lascend with them out of the ing of this tower.

149 And I said, Sir, shew that seal? me this farther. He answered, What dost thou ask? Why the deep, and were placed into the building of this tower, seeing that they long ago carried those 1 holy spirits.

150 2It was necessary, said he, for them to ascend by wa-For they could not otherwise

1 Justos, Righteous. Edit. Oxon. p. 171. b.

2 Vid.

151 They therefore being

dead, were nevertheless seal-146 The next thirty-five, ed with the seal of the Son of are the prophets and ministers God, and so entered into the

152 For before a man reof the preaching of the Son of ceives the name of the Son of God, he is ordained unto 147 And I said, sir, why death; but when he receives

153 Now that seal is the

so was this seal 2 preached, 148 But the spirits were and they made use of it, that

> 155 And I said, Why then deep, having already received

156 He answered, cause these Apostles are teachdid these stones come out of ers, who preached the name of the Son of God, dying after they had received his faith and power, preached to them who were dead before; and they gave this seal to them.

157 They went down thereter, that they might be at rest. fore into the water with them.

> 1 Traditur, Delivered. Coteler, Annot. in loc. p. Comp. 1 Pet iii 19.

and again came up. But these 164 But first, sir, said I, went down whilst they were shew me this: Seeing these alive, and came up again a- mountains are so different, how live : whereas those, who were have they agreed into the builbefore dead, went down dead, ding of this tower; and been but came up alive;

fore they received life, and which came out of the deep? knew the Son of God: for come into the building of the believed in the same one name tower; and were not cut, but of the Son of God by whom put in intire; because they they are called. died in righteousness, and in great purity; only this seal ceived his seal, they have all was wanting to them.

159 Thus you have the explication of these things.

160 ¶ I answered; Sir, tell me now what concerns those mountains, why they are so different; some of one form, and some of another.

161 Hear, said he: These twelve mountains which thou seest, are twelve nations, which make up the whole world .-Wherefore the Son of God is preached to them, by those whom he sent unto them.

162 But why, said I, are they different, and every one of a figure? He replied, Hear-Those twelve nations which possess the whole world, to their former state, and beare twelve people.

163 And as thou hast beheld these mountains different, so are they. I will therefore open to thee the meaning, and actions of every mountain.

brought to one colour; and 158 Through these there- are no less bright than those

165 Because, replied he, which cause they came up all the nations which are unwith them, and were fit to der heaven, have heard and

> 166 Wherefore having rebeen made partakers of the 1 understanding same 2knowledge; and their faith and charity have been the same; and they have carried the spirits of these virgins to-

> gether with his name. 167 And therefore the building of this tower appeared to be of the same colour, and did shine like the brightness of the

sun.

168 But after that they had thus agreed in one mind there began to be one body of them all; howbeit some of them polluted themselves, and were cast off from the kind of the righteous, and again returned came even worse than they were before.

169 ¶ How, said I, sir, were they worse who kner

1 Prudence.

170 But he who has known charity: the Lord, ought to abstain altogether from all wickedness, of God rejoice among them, and more and more to be the and shall receive his people servant of righteousness.

171 And does not he then seem to thee to sin more who these things are great and honought to follow goodness, if he orable; but now shew unto me shall prefer the part of sin; the effect and force of every than he who offends without mountain: that every knowing the 1 power of God? which trusteth in the Lord.

deed ordained unto death; may honour his great, and wonbut they who have known the derful, and holy name. Lord, and have seen his wonderful works, if they shall live riety of these mountains, that wickedly, they shall be doubly is, of the twelve nations. punished, and shall die for ever.

seen that after the stones were have revolted from the faith; cast out of the tower, which and spoken wicked things ahad been rejected; they were gainst the Lord; and betraydelivered to wicked and cruel ed the servants of God. spirits; and thou beheldest the tower so cleansed, as if it to death, there is no repentance had all been made of one for them: and therefore they stone :

174 2So the church of God is wicked. when it shall be purified; (the 4mischievous and doubtful, and all that have behaved themselves wickedly in it, and com-

1 Lat. Virtutem. 2 Vid. Orig Philocal. c. viii. 3 Evil. 4 Profitgate.

the Lord? He answered; if mitted divers kinds of sin, behe who knows not the Lord ing cast out,) shall become liveth wickedly, the punish- one body, and there shall be ment of his wickedness attends one understanding, one opinion, one faith, and the same

175 And then shall the Son

with a pure will.

176 And I said; Sir, all 172 Wherefore these are in- when it shall hear these things.

177 Hear, said he, the va-

178 ¶ They who have believed of the first mountain. 173 As therefore thou hast which is black, are those who

> 179 These are condemned are black, because their kind

180 Of the second moun-Swicked and counterfeits, the tain which was smooth, are the 1hypocrites, who have believed, and the teachers of naughtiness: and these are next to the foregoing, which

I Feigned:

DD

have not in them the fruit of with many affairs: the bram-

righteousness.

is barren, and without fruit; they were engaged. so also such kind of men have indeed the name of christians, tangled in much business, and there any fruit of the truth in themselves to the servants of them.

room left to them for repent- which they are choked. ance, if they shall suddenly pursue it: but if they shall de | rich, with difficulty yield themlay, they also shall be partak-|selves to the 1 conversation of ers of death with the foregoing the servants of God: fearing kind.

room left to those for repent- hardly enter into the kingdom ance, and not to the foregoing of God. kind, seeing their sins are well

nigh the same?

he, to these a return unto life scercely enter into the kingby repentance, because they dom of God. have not blasphemed against l their Lord, nor betrayed the afforded to all these a return servants of God: but by their unto repentance; if that they desire of gain have deceived shall quickly return to it; that men, leaving them according because in their former days to the lusts of sinners; where they have neglected to work, fore they shall suffer for this in the time that is to come thing.

185 Howbeit there is still left them room for repentance, pented they shall do the works because they have not spoken of righteousness they shall live: any thing wicked against their but if they shall continue in

Lord.

third mountain which had will take away their life. thorns and brambles, are those who believed, but were some mountain, which had many of them rich, others taken up

bles are their riches; the 181 For as their mountain thorns, those affairs in which

and triumphant.

187 Now they who are enbut are empty of faith; nor is in diversity of affairs, join not God, but wander, being called 182 Nevertheless there is away by those affairs with

188 And so they which are lest any thing should, be asked 183 I said, Sir, why is there of them. These therefore shall

189 For as men walk with difficulty bare-foot over thorns. 184 There is therefore, said even so these kind of men shall

> 190 Nevertheless there is they may do some good.

191 If therefore having retheir evil courses, they shall be 186 I They who are of the delivered to those women that

192 ¶ As for the fourth

1 Vid. Edit. Exon. p. 178. Not. b.

herbs, the upper part of which ed; that would be thought to is green, but the roots dry, know all things, but really and some of which being touch- know nothing ed with the heat of the sun are withered. 🦠

who have believed, and some rash presumption is entered inothers who carry the Lord in to them. their tongues, but have him | 199 But they carry themnot in their heart: therefore selves high, and as prudent their grass is dry and without men; and though they are root; because they live only fools, yet would seem to be in words, but their works are teachers. dead.

194 These therefore are folly many of them neither dead nor living, and they magnify themselves, are withal are doubtful. For the become vain and empty. For doubtful are neither green nor boldness and vain confidence dry; that is neither dead nor is a 1 very evil spirit.

alive.

away at the sight of the sun; ers acknowledging their error, so the doubtful as soon as they have repented, and submitted hear of persecution, and fear themselves to those who are inconveniences, return to their knowing ; idols, and again serve them, and are ashamed to bear the this kind there is repentance name of their Lord.

is neither dead nor alive; nev- foolish, and void of underertheless these also may live, standing. if they shall presently repent: but if not, they shall be delivered to those women, who shall God; but if not, they shall

take away their life.

197 ¶ As concerning the shall exercise their wickedfifth mountain that is craggy, ness upon them. and yet has green grass: they are of this kind who have be-the sixth mountain having lieved, and are faithful indeed, greater and lesser clefts, they but believe with difficulty; and are bold, and selfconceit.

198 Wherefore, by reason of this confidence, knowledge 193 It denotes the doubtful is departed from them; and 2

200 Now by reason of this

201 Wherefore many of 195 For as the herbs dry these are cast away: but oth-

202 And to all the rest of allowed: forusmuch as they 196 This kind of men then were not so much wicked, as

> 203 If these-therefore shall repent, they shall live unto dwell with those women, who

204 ¶ For what concerns

1 Magnum Demonium

are such as have believed; purge yourselves from this but those in which were les- evil spirit; but if you shall ser clefts are they who have not do it, ye shall be delivered had controversies among them- to him unto death.

and they will easily return un- the more it flourished;

to repentance.

the greater clefts, will be as and upright; and without any stiff stones, mindful of grudges differences among themselves, and offences, and full of anger but still rejoiced in the servthemselves. therefore are cast from the the spirit of these virgins; and tower, and refused to be put been always forward to shew into its building; for this kind mercy to all men, readily givof men shall hardly live.

who ruleth over all things, out deliberation. and has power over all his 211 Wherefore the Lord guid, mortal, infirm, and full in all their works. of sins, perseveres in his anger against man; as if it were in gel appointed over your repenhis power to save or to destroy him.

208 But I, as the angel who am set over your repentance, admonish you, that who- rooted out for ever. soever among you has any ance; and the Lord will heal your former sins, if you shall

triumphant.

selves; and by reason of their 209 ¶ As for the seventh quarrels languish in the faith: mountain in which the grass 205 Nevertheless many of was green and flourishing, and these have repented, and so the whole mountain fruitful; will the rest when they shall and all kind of cattle fed upon hear my commands; for their the grass of it; and the more controversies are but small, the grass was eaten, so much

210 They are such as be-206 But those who have lieved, and were always good These ants of God, having put on ing to all men of their labours 207 Our God and Lord, without upbraiding, and with-

creatures, will not remember seeing their simplicity and our offences, but is easily ap- linnocence, has increased peased by those who confess them in the works of their their sins: but man being lan- | hands, and given them grace

212 But I, who am the antance, exhort you, that as many as are of this kind would continue in the same purpose, that your seed may not be

213. For the Lord hath such purpose he should lay it tried you, and written you into aside, and return unto repent-lour number; and all your seed

1 Infancy.

shall dwell with the Son of charge their ministry sincerely God; for ye are all of his they may live.

spirit.

eighth mountain in which were as have denied the Lord, and a great many springs, by not returned again to the Lord, which every kind of all the but have became savage and creatures of God was watered; wild; not applying themselves they are such as have believed to the servants of God; but the Apostles which the Lord being separated from them, sent into all the world to have for a little carefulness lost preach:

215 And 1some of them being teachers have preached and forsaken in a hedge, and nevtaught purely and sincerely, er dressed, perishes and is and have not in the least yield- choked by the weeds, and is ed to any evil desires, but have time becomes wild, and ceases

ness and truth.

their conversation among the have begun to be unprofitable

217 ¶ Again; as for what concerns the ninth mountain is, after all, repentance allowwhich is desett and full of ser-ed, if they shall not be found pents; they are such as have from their hearts to have dehelieved, but had many stains; nied Christ: but if any of these

goods of the widows and fath- tain unto life. erless; and serve themselves which they have received.

in this covetousness, have de-lany one who now denies the livered themselves unto death, Lord, can afterwards attain nor shall there be any hope of unto salvation: nevertheless life for them. But if they shall repentance is proposed unto be converted, and shall dis-them, who have formerly de-

I MS Lamb. Et quidam Doctores caste : Omitting Qui.

220 As for those which were 214 ¶ As concerning the found rough; they are such their lives.

221 For as a vine that is constantly walked in righteous- to be useful to its Lord; so this kind of men despairing of 216 These therefore have themselves, and being soured,

to their Lord.

222 Howbeit to these there 218 These are such minis-shall be found to have denied ters as discharge their minis- him from his heart, I cannot try amiss; ravishing away the tell whether such a one can at-

223 I say therefore, that if not others, out of those things any one hath denied, he should in these days return unto re-219 These if they continue pentance; for it cannot be that nied.

224 But he who will repent DD 2

329

must hasten on his repentance, | conversation; therefore they before the building of this tow- also are protected by the er is finished: otherwise he Lord. shall be delivered by those women unto death.

er, these are the serpents that even unto the end. you saw mingled in that mountain.

of life which they lead.

227 Howbeit some of them, having repented have been sa-|sir, have all these fruit indeed. ved; and so shall others of but yet some fairer than oththe same kind be also saved, ers? if they shall repent; but if not, they shall die by those Whosoever have suffered for women whose power and force the name of the Lord are esthey possess.

the tenth mountain, in which are blotted out, because they were the trees covering the have suffered death for the cattle, they are such as have name of the Son of God. believed; and some of them been bishops, that is, governors fruits are different, and some of the churches.

a cheerful mind entertained the not the Lord, but suffered with servants of God.

tries; and have protected the the most fair are these. poor and the widows; and

231 Whosoever shall do on this wise, are honoured with the 225 But they that are Lord; and their place is amaimed, are the deceitful; and mong the angels, if they shall those who mix with one anoth-continue to obey the Lord

232 ¶ As to the eleventh mountain in which were trees 226 For as the poison of loaded with several sorts of serpents is deadly unto men; fruits; they are such as have so the words of such persons believed, and suffered death inflict and destroy men. They for the name of the Lord; are therefore maimed in their and have endured with a ready faith, by reason of that kind mind, and have given up their llives with all their hearts.

233 And I said. Why then:

234 Hearken, said teemed honourable 228 ¶ For what concerns Lord: and all their offences

235 Hear now, why their of them excel others, they who 229 Others, are such stones being brought before magisas have not feignedly, but with trates, and being asked, denied a ready mind; these are more 230 Then such as have honourable with the Lord .been set over inferior minis- The fruits therefore that are

236 But they who were have always kept a chaste fearful and doubtful, and have whether they should confess their masters; or deny Christ, and yet have you that the Lord will do unto . suffered; their fruits are small- you, who has the power of all er, because that this thought things? came into their hearts.

evil thought for a servant to that ye may live forever unto deliberate whether he should God. deny his master. Take heed into God.

his name sake, death ought to honour the Lord, that he has esteemed you worthy to their integrity. bear his name; and that you should be delivered from all

your sins.

239 And why therefore do you not rather esteem yourselves happy? Yea think verily that if any one among continued with sincerity in the you suffer, he performs a great work? For the Lord their life. giveth you life, and ye understand it not. ses did oppress you; and if dren without malice; shall be you had not suffered for his more honourable than all those name sake, ye had now been of whom I have yet spoken: dead unto the Lord.

who deliberate ed the first of all. unto you whether ye should confess or deny him: confess that ye who shall remove all malice have the Lord for your God; from you, and put on innolest at any time denying him, cence; because ve shall first ve he delivered over into see the Lord.

deliberated with themselves lish their servants which denv what think

242 Remove therefore out 237 For it is a wicked and of your hearts these doubts,

243 As for the twelfth therefore ye who have such mountain, which was white, thoughts, that this mind con-they are such as have believtinue not in you, and ye die ed like sincere children, into whose thoughts there never 238 But ye who suffer came any malice; nor have they ever known what sin was, but have always continued in

244 Wherefore this kind of men shall without all doubt inherit the kingdom of God; because they have never in any thing defiled the commandments of God, but have

same condition all the days of

245 Whosoever therefore, For your offen-|said he, shall continue as chilfor all such children are hon-240 Wherefore I speak this oured by the Lord, and esteem-

246 Happy therefore are ve

247 And after he had thus 241 For if all nations pun-lended his explication of all

the mountains, I said unto him; believe; for they are all of Sir, shew me now also what the same kind. Happy is this concerns the stones that were kind, because it is innocent. brought out of the plain, and: put into the tower in the room cerning those round and bright of those that were rejected:

248 As also concerning white mountain. those round stones which were are therefore found round, beadded into the building of the cause their riches have a littower; and also of those who the darkened them from the still continued round.

249 ¶ Hear now, says he. concerning those stones which never departed from the Lord, were brought out of the plain nor has any wicked word prointo the building of the tower. and placed in the room of those that were rejected: they are the roots of that white mountain.

250 Wherefore because those who have believed of that mountain, were cent; the lord of this tower commanded that they which were of the roots of this mountain should be placed into the building.

251 For he knew that they were put into this building they would continue bright; nor would any of them any little cut off from them, and so

more be made black.

252 But if he had added on ing of this tower. this manner from the rest of the mountains, he would 1almost have needed again to visit this tower and to cleanse it.

253 Now all these white stones are the young men who have believed, or shall

1 MS. Lamb. Tantum non necesse habuisset.

254 Hear now also constones: all these are of this truth, and dazzled their eyes:

255 Howbeit they have ceeded out of their mouths; but all righteousness, and vir-

tue, and truth.

256 When therefore the Lord saw their mind, and that they might adorn the truth; he commanded that they should continue good, and that their riches should be pared away:

257 For he would not have them taken wholly away, to the end they might do some good with that which was left, and live unto God; because they also are of a good kind.

258 Therefore was there a they were put into the build-

259 ¶ As for the rest which continued still round, and were not found fit for the building 1 of this tower, because they have not yet received the seal; they were carried back to their

1 MS. Lamb. Structeram tuith hujus.

place, because they were found verv round.

must be cut away from them, herds: but and if the shepand the vanities of their riches; herds themselves shall be scatand then they will be fit for the tered; what will they answer kingdom of God. For they to 1the lord of the sheepfold? must enter into the kingdom Will they say that they were of God, because God has bles-troubled by the sheep? But sed this innocent kind.

261 Of this kind therefore none shall fall away; for thing that the shepherd should though any of them being suffer by his flock; and he tempted by the devil should shall be the more punished offend, he shall soon return to for his lie.

his Lord God.

tance esteem you happy, who- give an account of you. soever are as innocent as little children, because your portion of yourselves whilst the tower is good and honorable with the is yet building. Lord.

who have received this seal; but he is far off from the conkeep simplicity, and remember tentious, and those who are not the offences which are 2full of malice. committed against you, nor continue in malice or in bitter- him the Spirit intire, as ye reness, through the memory of ceived it. offences.

264 1 But become one spirit, and provide remedies for these evil rents, and remove them from you; that the Lord of the sheep may rejoice 2at it; 3 for he will rejoice if he find all whole.

1 MS. Lamb. Et unus quemque spiritum fieri : which appears from the Greek of Antiochus to be the true rending, kai genesthii en pneuma 2 MS. Lamb. Guudeat de his; and Gr. Antioch chare epex auto. 3 Vid.

Antioch. Hom. exxii.

265 But if any of these sheep shall be found scattered 260 But this present world away, Wo shall be to the shepthey shal! not be believed.

266 For it is an incredible

267 Now I am the shep-262 I the angel of repen-herd; and I especially must

268. ¶ Wherefore take care The Lord d wells in those that love 263 And I say unto all you peace; for peace is beloved;

269 Wherefore restore unto 3For if thou shalt give unto a fuller a garment new and whole, thou wilt expect to receive it whole again: if therefore the fuller shall restore it unto thee torn, wouldest thou receive it?

270 Wouldest thou not presently be angry; and reproach him, saying; I gave my garment to thee whole; why hast

¹ Gr. To despote tou poimniou. 3 Antioch. 2 Perditis malitia. Lat. Hom. zciv.

thou rent it, and made it use- words, and shall walk in these less to me? Now it is of no use; and shall correct your ways, to me, by reason of the rent ye shall live. which thou hast made in it - continue in malice, and in the Wouldest thou not say all this remembrance of injuries, no to a fuller, for the rent which such sinners shall live unu he made in thy garment?

271 If therefore thou wouldest be concerned for thy gar- were to be spoken by me, I ment, and complain that thou have thus delivered unto you hadst not received it whole; Then the shephere said unto what thinkest thou that the me, Hast thou asked all things Lord will do, who gave his of me? I answered, Sir, I Spirit to thee intire, and thou have. hast rendered him altogether unprofitable, so that he can hast thou not asked concernbe of no use unto his Lord? ing the spaces of these stones For being corrupted by thee, that were put in the building, he is no longer profitable to that I may explain that also him.

Lord do the same concerning concerning those also. his Spirit, by reason of thy deed? Undoubtedly, said I, he have now heard these comwill do the same to all those mands, and have repented with whom he shall find to continue all their hearts: in the remembrance of injuries.

foot, said he, his mercy; but could continue in it, he comrather honour him, because he manded their former sins to is so patient with respect to your offences, and not like one ces were their sins, and they of you; but repent, for that are therefore made even that will be profitable for you.

274 ¶ All these things which are above written, I the shepherd, the angel of repentance, have shewn and spoken to the servants of God.

275 If therefore ye shall be-

But if ye shall

276 All these things which

277 Why then, said he, unto thee? I answered, Sir I 272 Will not therefore the forgot it. Hear then, said he,

278 They are those who

279 And when the Lord saw that their repentance was 273 Tread not then under good and pure, and that they be blotted out. For these spathey might not appear.

> SIMILITUDE X. Of repentance and alms deeds.

FTER that I had writts this book, the angel which lieve and hearken to these had delivered me to that sher

herd, came into the house came into my house, whether where I was, and sate upon the I have done any thing disorbed, and that shepherd stood derly, or have offended him in at his right hand.

2 Then he called me and said unto me; I delivered thee thou hast done nothing disorand thy house to this shepherd derly, neither wilt thou hereafthat thou mightest be protect- ter do any such thing; and

wilt be protected from all vexa- severe; for he has given me a tions and from all cruelty, and good account concerning thee. have success in every good word and work; and have all these things to others, that virtue and righteousness; walk they who either have repentin those commands which he ed, or shall repent, 1 may be has given thee, and thou shalt like minded with thee; and have deminion over all sin.

4 For if thou keepest those commands, all the lust and do the same unto the Lord. pleasure of this present world shall be subject to thee; and success shall follow thee in every good undertaking.

ity and modesty towards thee, shall hear these things, will reand say unto all, that he is in pent, and recover life. great honour and renown with God, and is a 2 prince of great he, in this ministry, and fulauthority, and powerful in his fil it.

6 To him only is the power of repentance committed and shall have great honor throughout the whole world.— both here and with the Lord. Does he not seem to thee to be of great authority?

ness, and the modesty which unto it. he shews towards you.

1 Lut. Maturiatem. 2 President 335

any thing?

9 I know, said he, that ed by him. I said, Yes, Lord. therefore I speak these things 3 If therefore, said he, thou with thee that thou mayest per-

10 But thou shalt speak he may give me as good an account of them also, and I may

11 I answered ; Sir, I declare to all men the wonderful works of God; and I hope that all who love them and 5 Take therefore his 1 grav have before sinned, when they

12 Continue therefore, said And whosoever shall do according to the commands of this shepherd, he shall live:

13 But they that shall not keep his commands, flee from 7 But ye despise his good-their life, and are adversaries And they that follow not his commands shall deliv-8 ¶ I said unto him; Sir, er themselves unto death: and ask him since the time that he shall be every one guilty of his own blood.

1 Eadem ause tu sentiact.

keep these commandments, and And as he to whom you have thou shall find a cure for all committed me, makes no com-

thy sins.

15 ¶ Morequer, I have sent they complain. 1these virgins to dwell with thee; for I have seen that they are very kind to thee .-Thou shalt therefore them for thy helpers, that thou place these virgins in a pure mayest the better keep the habitation. commands which he hath given thee; for these commands he delivered me again to that cannot be kept without these virgins.

16 And 2I see how they are willing to be with thee; and I will also command them that they shall not depart from

thy house.

17 Only do thou purify thy house; for they will readily dwell in a clean house. For they are clean and chaste, and industrious; and all of them have grace with the Lord.

18 If, therefore, thou shalt have thy house pure, they will But, if it abide with thee. shall be never so little polluted, they will immediately depart from thy house; for these virgins cannot endure manner of pollution.

19 I said unto him; Sir, I hope that I shall so please them, that they shall always

14 But I say unto thee, delight to dwell in my house. plaint of me; so neither shall

20 Then he said to that shepherd: I see that the servant of God will live and keep have these commandments,

21 When he had said this, shepherd, and called the virgins, and said unto them; forasmuch as I see that ye will readily dwell in this man's house, I commend him and his house to you, that ye may not at all depart from his house. And they willingly heard these words.

22 Then he said unto me, Go on manfully in thy ministry; declare to all men the great things of God, and thou shalt find grace in this minis-

whosoever shall 23 And walk in these commands, shall live, and be happy in his life. But he that shall neglect them, shall not live, and shall be un-

happy in his life.

24 Say unto all, that who soever can do well, cease not to exercise themselves in good works, for it is profitable unto them. For I I would that all . men should be delivered from

¹ What is meant by these virgins? —See before, Simil. ix. 139 et seq.—2 MS. Lam. Video: which appears from the close of this section to be the true reading.

the inconveniences they lie un-

suffers inconveniences in his the Lord; lest whilst ye delay daily life, is in great torment to do them, the building of the and necessity. therefore delivers such a soul your sakes the building is stopfrom necessity, gets great joy ped: unto himself.

equally tormented, as if he shall be shut out of it. were in chains. And many upon the account of such cal spoken with me, he rose up famities, being not able to bear from the bed, and departed, them, have chosen even to de-taking the shepherd and the strov themselves.

27 He therefore that knows commits a great sin, and is unto my house, amen. guilty of his blood.

28 Wherefore exercise yourselves in good works, as many 25 For he that wants, and as have received ability from Whosoever tower be finished; because for

29 Except therefore ye shall 26 For he that is grieved make haste to do well, the with such inconveniences is tower shall be finished, and ye

> 30 And after he had thus virgins with him.

31 Howbeit he said unto the calamity of such a man, me, that he would send back and does not free him from it. the shepherd and the virgins

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THE END

F THE APOCRYPHAL TESTAMENT.

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TABLE 1.

A LIST of all the Apocryphal Pieces not now extant, mentioned by Writers in the first four Centuries of Christ, with the several Works wherein they are cited or noticed.

1. THE Acts of Andrew. Euseb. Hist. Eccl. 1. 3. c. 25. Philastr. Hæres. 87. Epiphan. Hæres. 47. §. 1. Aaeres. 61. §. 1. et Haeres. 63. §. 2. Gelas. in Decret. apud Concil. Sanct. tom. 4 p. 1260.

2. Books under the name of Andrew. August. contr. Adversar. Leg. et Prophet. 1. 1. c. 20. et Innocent I. Epist.

S. ad Exuper. Tholos. Episc. §. 7.

3. The Gospel of Andrew. Gelas. in Decret. A Gospel under the name of Apelles. Hieron. Praefat.

in Comment. in Matt.

The Gospel according to the Twelve Apostles. Origen. Homil. in Luc. i. 1. Ambros. Comment. in Luc. i. 1. et Hieron. in Comment. in Matt.

The Gospel of BARNABAS. Gelas. in Decret.

1. The Writings of BARTHOLOMEW the Apostle. Dionys.

Areopagit. de Theol. Myst. c. 1.

2. The Gospel of BARTHOLOMEW. Hieron. Catal. Script. Eccles. in Pahtaen. et Praefat. in Comm. in Matt. in Decret.

The Gospel of Basilides. Orig. in Luc. i. 1. Ambros.

in Luc. i. 1. Hieron. Praefat. in Comm. in Matt.

1. The Gospel of CERINTHUS. Epiphan. Haeres. 51. §. 7. 2. The Revelation of CERINTHUS. Caius Presb. Rom.

lib. Disput. apud Euseb. Hist. Eccl. 1. 3. c. 28.

1. An Epistle of Christ to Peter and Paul. August. de Consens. Evang. 1. 1. c. 9, 10.

2. Some other Books under the name of Christ. Ibid. c. S. 3. An Epistle Christ, produced by the Manichees.

August. contr. Faust. 1. 28. c. 4.

4. A Hymn, which Christ taught his Disciples. Epist. ad Ceret. Episc.

The Gospel according to the Egyptians. Clem. Alex. Strom. 1. 3. p. 452, 465. Origen. in Luc. i. 1. Hieron. Pract. in Comm. in Matt. Epiphan. Haeres. 62. §. 2.

The Acts of the Apostles, made use of by the EBIONITES.

Epiphan. Haeres. 30. §. 16.

The Gospel of the EBIONITES. Epiphan. Haeres. 30. §. 13. The Gospel of the ENGRATITES. Epiphan. Haeres. 46 § 1. The Gospel of Eve. Epiphan Haeres 26 § 2.

H

The Gospel according to the Hebrews. Hegesipp lib Comment apud Euseb Hist Eccl 1 4 c 22. Clem. Alex Stroms 1 2 p 380. Origen Tract 8 in Matt xix 19 et 1 2 in Joan p 58. Euseb Hist Eccl 1 3 c 25, 27, et 391 Jerome in many places as above.

The Book of the HELKESAITES. Euseb Hist 1 6 c 38.

The false Gospels of Hesychius. Hieron Praefat in Evang ad Damas Gelas in Decret.

1 The Book of JAMES. Origen Comm in Matt xiii 55, 56.

2 Books forged and published under the name of JAMES.— Epiphun Haeres 30 § 23. Innocent I Epist 3 ad Exuper Tholos Episc § 7.

1 The Acts of John. Euseb Hist Eccl 13 c 25. Athanas in Synops § 76. Philastr Haeres 37. Epiphan Haeres 47 § 1. August contr Advers Leg 1 1 c 20.

2 Books under the name of John. Epiphan Haeres 30 §

23 et Innocent I ibid.

A Gospel under the name of Jude. Epiphan Haeres 38 1.

A Gospel under the name of Judas Iscanior. Iren advers Hagres 1 1 c 35.

L

The Acts of the Apostles by Leucius. August lib de Fide contr Manich c 38.

The Acts of the Apostles by LENTITIUS. August de Act cum Faclic Manich | 2 c 6.

The Books of LENTITIUS. Gelas in Decret.

The lost Apocryphal Books.

The Acts under the Apostles' name by LEONTIUS. August de Fide contr Manich c 5.

The Acts of the Apostles by LEUTHON. Hieron Epist ad

Chromat et Heliodor.

The false Gospels, published by Lucianus. Hieron Præfat in Evang ad Damas.

The Acts of the Apostles used by the Manichees. August lib. contr Adimant Manich c 17.

The Gospel of MARCION. Tertull adv Marcion lib 4 c 2

Epiphan 4 etHæres 42 Proæm.

Books under the name of MATTHEW. Epiphen Hæres 30 \$23.

1 The Gospel of MATTHIAS. Orig Comm in Luc. i 1.-

Hieron Præfat in Comment in Matt.

2 The Traditions of MATTHIAS. Clem Alex Strom. 12 p 380, 1 3 p 436. et 17 p 748.

3 A Book under the name of MATTHIAS. Innocent I ibid. The Gospel of MERINTHUS. Epiphan Hæres 51 § 7

The Gospel according to the NAZARENES. See above concerning the Gospel according to the Hebrews.

1 The Acts of PAUL and THECLA. Tertull de Baptism o 17 Hieron Catal Script Eccl in Luc Gelas in Decret.

2 The Acts of PAUL. Orig de Princip 1 1 c 2 et 1 21 in Joan tom 2 p 298, Euseb Hist Eccl 1 3 c 3 et 25 Philastr Hæres 87.

3 The Preaching of PAUL (and PETER.) Lactant de Ver Sapl 4 c 21. Script anonym ad calcem Opp Cypr and according to some, Clem Alex Strom 1 6 p 636.

4 A Book under the name of PAUL. Cyprian Epist 27.

5 The Revelation of PAUL. Epiphan Hæres 38 § 2 August Tract 98 in Joann in fin Gelas in Decret.

The Gospel of Perfection. Epiphan Hæres 26 § 2.

1 The Acts of Peter. Enseb Hist Eccl 1 3 c 3 Athanas in Synops S Scriptur § 76. Philastr Hæres 87 Hieron Catal Script Eccl in Petr. Epiphan Hæres 30 § 15.

2 The Doctrine of PETER. Orig Proæm in lib de Princip.

3 The Gospel of Peter. Serap lib de Evang Petri apud Euseb Hist Eccl 1 6 c 12. Tertul adv Marc 1 4 c 5. Orig

EE2

The lost Apocryphal Books?

Comment in Matt xiii 55 56 tom i p 223. Euseb Hist Eccl 1 3 c 3 et 25. Hieron Catal Script Eccles in Petr.

4 The Judgment of Peter. Ruffin Exposit in Symbol

Apostol § 36. Hieron Catal Script Eccles in Petr.

5 The Preaching of Peter. Herael apud Orig 1 14 in Joan Clem Alex Strom 1 1 p 357 1 2 p 390 1 6 p 635, 636, et 678. Theodot Byzant in Excerpt p 809 ad cale Opp Clem Alex Lactant de Ver Sap 1 4 c 21 Euseb Hist Eccles 1 3 c 3 et Hieron Catal Script Eccles in Petr.

6 The Revelation of PETER. Clem Alex lib Hypotypos apud Euseb Hist Eccl | 6 c | 4. Theodot Byzant in Excerpt p 806, 807 ad calc Opp Clem Alex Euseb Hist Eccl | 3 c f

25. Hieron Catal Script Eccl in Petr.

7 Books under the name of Peter. Innocent I Epist & ad Exuper Tholos Episc § 7.

t The Acts of Philip. Gelas in Decret.

2 The Gospel of Philip. Epiphan Haeres 26 § 13.

The Gospel of Scythianus. Cyrill Catech VI § 22 et Epiphan Haeres 66 § 2.

The Acts of the Apostles by Seleucus. Hieron Epist ad

Chromat et Heliodor.

The Revelation of STEPHEN. Gelas in Decret.

.... 11:

The Gospel of TITIAN. Euseb Hist Eccl 1 4 c 29.

The Gospel of THADDEUS. Gelas in Decret.

The Catholic Epistle of Themison the Montanist. Apollon lib cont Cataphryg apud Euseb Hist Eccl | 5 c 18.

1 The Acts of Thomas. Epiphan Haeres 47 § 1 et 61 §

1 Athanas in Synops S Script § 76 et Gelas in Decret.

2 The Gospel of Thomas. Orig in Luci 1 Euseb Hist Eccl 1 3 c 25, Cyrill Catech IV § 36 et Calech VI § 31, Ambros in Luci 1, Athan in Synops S Sript § 76, Hieron Praef in Comment Matt. Gelas in Decret.

3 The Revelation of THOMAS. Gelas in Decret.

4 Books under the name of Thomas. Innocent I Epist 3 ad Exuper Tholos Episc § 7.

T e Gospel of TRUTH made use of by the Valentinians.— Iren adv Haeres 1 3 c 11.

The Gospel of Valentinus. Tertull de Præscript adv Haeret c 49.

TABLE II.

A LIST of the Christian Authors of the first four Centuries, whose Writings contain Catalogues of the Books of the New Testament.

*** Those which also have Catalogues of the Books of the Old Testament, are marked thus*.

<u> </u>		
The names of the Writers.		their Writings,
*ORIGEN, a presbyter of A-lexandria, who employed incredible pains in knowing the Scriptures.		Euseb. Ĥist. Eccl. l. 6. c. 25
II. EUSEBIUSPAM- PHILUS, whose writings evidence his zeal about the sacred writings, and his great care to be informed, which were genuine, and which not.	His catalogue is exactly the same with the modern one; only he says, the Epistles of James, Jude, the 2d of Peter, the 2d and 3d of John, though they were generally received, yet had been by some doubted of. As to the Revelation, though he says some rejected it, yet he says others received it; and himself places it among those, which are to be received without dispute.	c. 25. confer ejusdem lib. c. 3.

The names of the Writers.	- *	The Variation or Agreement of their Catalogues with ours now received.	The Places of their writings in which these Catalogues are
* ATHANASIUS, Bp. of Alexanda.		The same perfectly with ours now received.	Fragment. E- pist. Festal.et in Synops, Scriptur.Sacr.
*Cyril, Bp. of Jerusalem.	340.	The same with ours, only the Revelation is omitted.	Catech. IV. § 36.
V. *The Bishops assembled in the Council of Laodicea.	364. †	The Revelation is o-	Canon. LX. N. B. The Canons of this Council were not long afterwards received into the body of the Canons of the Universal Church.
VI. EPIPHANIUS, Bp. of Salamis in Cyprus.	370.	The same with ours	Hæres. 79. c. 5.
VII. GREGORY NAZ- IANZEN, Bp. of Constantino- ple.	375.	Omits the Revelation	Garm. de veris et genuin. Scriptur.
VIII. PHILASTRIUS, Bp. of Brixia in Venice.	380.	The same with ours now received; ex- cept that he men- tions only thirteen	87.

[†] The Papists generally place this Council before the Council of Nice, 244

The Names of the Writers	The times in which they lived.		their Writings,
	`	of St. Paul's Epistles (omitting, very probably, the Epst e to the Hebrews,) and eaves out the Revelation.	
IX. *Jerome.	A. C. 382.	The same with ours; except that he speaks dubiously of the E- pist to the Hebrews; though in other parts of his writings he re- ceives it as Canoni- cal; as hereafter will appear.	de stud. Script. Also common- ly prefixed to the Latin Vul-
X *Ruffin, Presbyter of Aquilegium.	390.	It perfectly agrees with ours.	Exposin Symb Apostol. § 36. int. Op. Hic ron. et inter Op. Cupr.
XI. *Austin, Bp. of Hippo in Africa.	394.	It perfectly agrees with ours.	De Doc. Christ 1. 2. c. 8.
XII. *The forty-four Bps. assembled in the third Council of Car- thage.	Austin was	It perfectly agrees with ours.	Vid. Canon. XLVII. et cap. ult.
XIII.	390.	It seems perfectly to	Lib de Hierach

The Names of the Writers.	The Variation or A-greement of their Catalogues with ours now received.	their Writings
mony author of the works un- der the name of Dionysius the Areopagite.	agree with ours: for though he doth not, for good reasons, produce the names of the books; yet (as the learned Daille says, De Script. supposit. Dionys. 1.1. c. 16.) he so clearly describes them, as that he has left out no divine book, may be easily perceived.	-

THE END.



