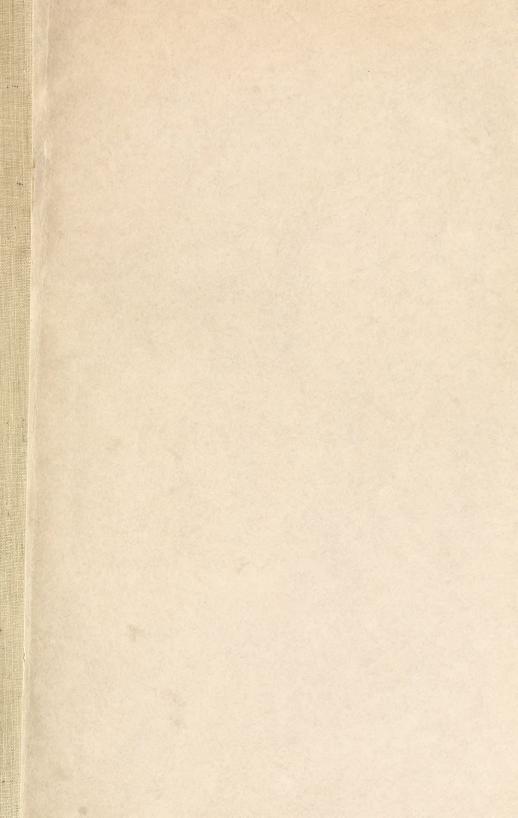
379.75655 W146r 1305/07

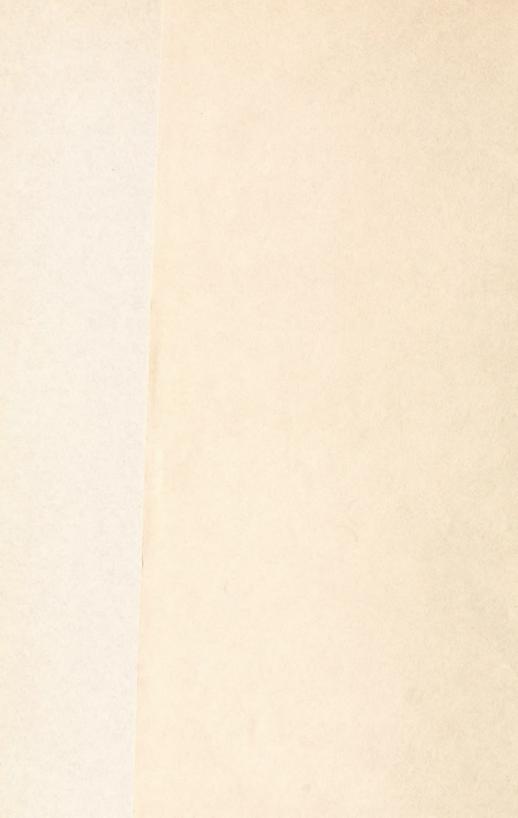
REPORT [OF THE] WAKE COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS

By

Wake Co., N. C. Board of Education.







NORTH CAROLINA STATE LIBRARY

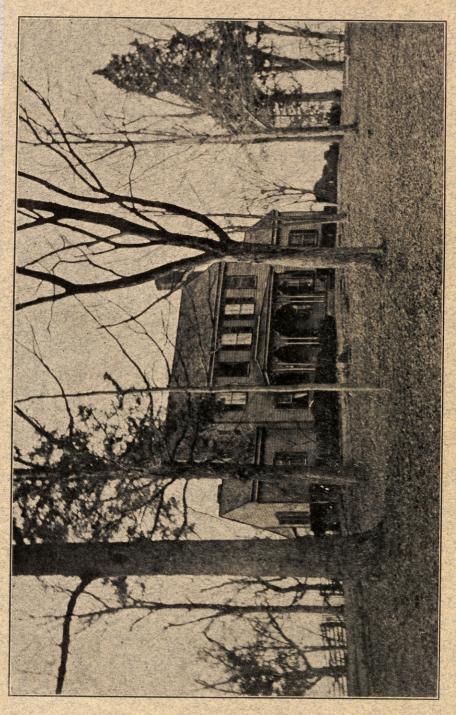
Biennial Report WAKE COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS: :: :: ::

"It is the duty of the State to make the most of every child born in it."—E, E, HALE

"The object of the common school system is to give to every child a free, straight, solid pathway, by which he can walk directly up from the ignorance of an infant to a knowledge of the primary duties of a man."—HORACE MANN

ZEB V. JUDD Superintendent

SENTINELS OF THE SCHOOL PATH.



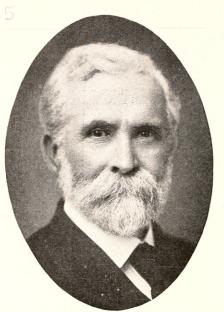
BIENNIAL REPORT

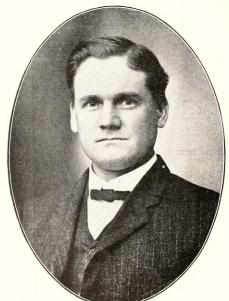
Wake County Public Schools



ZEB V. JUDD Superintendent NORTH CAROLINA STATE LIBRARY

379.75655 W146+ 1905/07







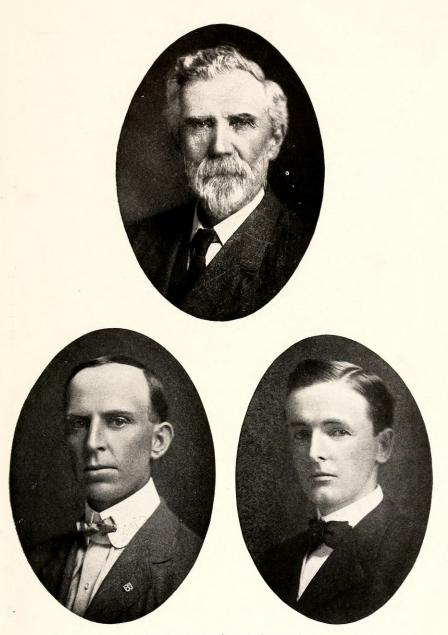
BOARD OF EDUCATION, 1905-'07

THOMAS JOHNS, Chairman

J. L FOSTER

B. S. FRANKLIN

Page Two



BOARD OF EDUCATION, 1907-'09

J. D. ALLEN, Chairman

L. J. SEARS

E. M. ROLLINS

Page Three

"Bordered with trees whose gay leaves fly On every breath that sweeps the sky."

Page Four

People of Wake County:

I came into your service two years ago for the second time, having several years previously taught two terms in a little school-



ZEB V. JUDD, Superintendent 1905-'07 1907-'09

house in Holly Springs Township. I came with that deep interest in the county that can best come from one who has grown to manhood within its borders, and with that understanding of people and country life that can only come from one who has shared many of the same experiences.

The call to the superintendency came unexpected and unsought but it seemed a direct and an urgent call. With clear vision of the field and of the need of the children, and with faith that the people of the county were ready for much undertaking if only the way were presented to them, I took up the work.

This faith has been more than justified. You have rallied to the schools and have developed a widespread interest that has leaped into achievement

with surprising rapidity. The returns from our united efforts during these first two years have been even larger than one might have hoped for. Your generous gifts for buildings; your willingness to assume additional taxation; the valuable assistance given by women; in brief, your cordial support of every effort to build up the schools of the county indicates strong purpose on your part to give your children every possible educational advantage.

This report is to show to you that your material prosperity—for Wake is a wealthy county—is expressing itself along upward

lines; and to emphasize the fact that "Property, being dependent on education, can afford to pay to make education universal."

The retiring Board of Education has done a great work for this county. Their labors, as public officers, can not be too highly valued, for each of them gave his service at a sacrifice of time and money. The progress made during their administration, as shown by this report, brings them the satisfaction of having wrought well.

The members of the present Board in assuming their office have outlined an intelligent and progressive policy, and there is every reason to believe that under their management the schools will

continue to improve.

I wish you to know that we are deeply indebted for assistance in every phase of our work to State Superintendent J. Y. Joyner and to his assistants in the State Department of Education. I am sure you will join me in cordially extending thanks to them, and to *The News and Observer*, *The Raleigh Evening Times*, The Woman's Betterment Association, The Woman's Club of Raleigh, and to the many other agencies that have contributed to our success. I wish personally to express my very deep sense of gratitude to the men and women who have so generously given time and worthy service to our cause.

And now a personal word to the teachers: I here express to you, fellow-workers, my appreciation of the devoted, conscientious service you have given the schools of this county. I now repeat what I have so often said, that I have never seen a more faithful and earnest band of workers. No true history of our great county can ever be written without a prominent place being given to your labors.

As we enter upon the duties of the new school year, I can only be peak the same unselfish giving of yourselves in that earnest, persistent effort to upbuild our schools that has characterized your services in the past. Some one has said, "No one has come to true greatness who has not felt, in some degree, that his life belongs to his race and that what God gives him, is given for mankind." May not this be the motto of each of us: "I will leave my country not less, but greater and more powerful than she was when committed to me."

Faithfully yours,

Zeb V. Judd.

The Campaign for Education

From the beginning of the present administration, it was evident that the greatest need of the Wake County schools was an intelligent, careful presentation of the claims of education. Men and women everywhere were anxious to hear discussions of the advantages to be gained through definite, systematic training of the young—training, not merely of the intellect, but in all the virtues that go to make up character. Just as the pastor preaches to his



ZEBULON, June, 1906

flock the gospel of spiritual salvation, so those who are entrusted with our schools must preach to all the people the gospel of education.

To this end no effort has been spared to respond to all calls for discussion of the different phases of education. Wherever there have been the first signs of an awakening, effort has been made to deepen these feelings, and there labor has been concentrated. There has been a campaign for education going on in the county almost continuously during these two years. Sometimes, the particular object in view was creating sentiment for local taxation; sometimes it was raising funds for building; while, again, it was quickening the interest of the people in the general cause of education, and making them catch the spirit of Horace Mann when



LITTLE RIVER No. 2, April 6, 1906



THE TURNER SCHOOL, May 1906

he exclaimed, "I would much sooner surrender a portion of the territory of the commonwealth to an ambitious and aggressive neighbor than I would surrender the minds of its children to the domain of ignorance."

Among those who have rendered valuable aid in this campaign are State Superintendent J. Y. Joyner, Governor R. B. Glenn, Mr. R. D. W. Connor, State Treasurer B. R. Lacy, Superintendent John E. Ray, Prof. J. B. Carlyle, Superintendent R. B. White, Dr. Charles D. McIver, Dr. C. Alphonso Smith, and Dr. S. C. Mitchell of Richmond.

Special mention should be made of the interest shown in public education by the Junior Order of United American Mechanics. On various occasions the Capital City Council has sent out strong, able speakers, and the councils of the county have presented to the schools not less than a dozen flags and Bibles.

"The child is the great asset of society; it is the invested capital that a generation bequeaths to humanity; it is the working capital that builds for prosperity. The public school is the great exchange to which this capital is placed, and whatsoever force withdraws its contribution, or fails to meet at the exchange, or tends in any way to wrap the social asset in a napkin of ignorance and withdraw it from the great circulating medium of intelligence is an enemy to society and more to be dreaded than all the political evils that engross the attention of the nation."

E. C. Brooks, Department of Education, Trinity College.

"The blessings enjoyed by us to-day have not been wrought out by our own efforts, but have been given to us by the self-sacrifice and devotion of our forefathers. It is our duty, therefore, to make the life of the next generation as large as possible. Without public education this can not be accom-PRESIDENT J. I. FOUST, plished."

State Normal and Industrial College, North Carolina.



THE OLD APEX BUILDING



THE NEW APEX BUILDING

TE LIBRAR

The Local Tax Movement

For a number of years the census report of North Carolina showed a greater percentage of illiteracy than any other State in the Union except one. It was North Carolina's educational Governor, Hon. Charles B. Aycock, who said, "Thank God for South Carolina!" This condition of illiteracy was caused in large measure by the fact that so small an amount of money was available for school purposes, and that this had to be divided between the races. The great multiplicity of small schools further increased the difficulties of the problem.

North Carolina expends annually \$2.63 for each child of school age. Wake County had last year a per capita of \$3.00. Massachusetts spends on the education of every child within her borders, between the ages of five and eighteen, \$26.42 a year. It is worthy of note that of this amount 96.57 per cent is raised by local taxation.

In North Carolina the first local tax to supplement public school funds was voted in 1875 at Greensboro. June 30, 1905, there were more than four hundred local tax districts in this State, of which number all but 65 were in the rural districts.

Raleigh, the capital of the State and the county seat of Wake, voted a school tax in 1877; and, with this exception, there was not a single local tax district in Wake County at the beginning of the

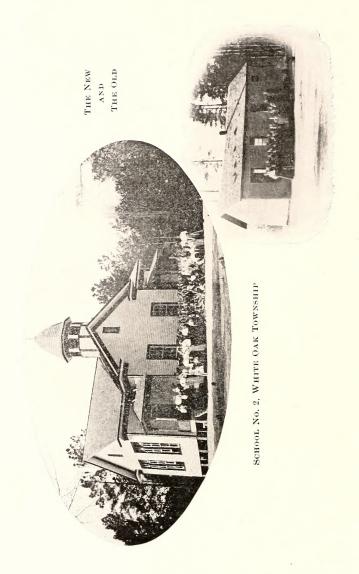
present administration, July 4, 1905.

November 6, 1905, the freeholders of District No. 2, White Oak Township, commonly known as the Jenks School, made application to the County Board of Commissioners for an election to ascertain the will of the people as to whether there should be levied a special annual tax of not more than thirty cents on the one hundred dollars valuation of property and ninety cents on the poll, to supplement the public school funds. The election was held on the 15th of December; and after a strong, persistent fight, it was carried by a majority of 24 votes.

Before June 30, 1906, elections had been carried at Fuquay Springs by a majority of 27; at Wendell by 27; and at Wakefield by 35. Elections had also been held at Rolesville, Holly Springs, Salem, the Patrick School, and Apex, all of which were lost by

large majorities.

In the following August, the Pearce School (Wake Forest No. 6) held an election with the following result: 20 ballots "For



Special Tax." and 4 "Against Special Tax." In September Salem laid off a new district and called a second election, which carried with only one vote cast against the special tax. On May 7, 1907, Holly Springs and the Patrick School, both of which had failed the previous year, carried elections with only 18 and 2 votes, respectively, cast against the tax.

Page Twelve



FUQUAY SPRINGS

On the same day, Cary and Zebulon voted on a special tax. At Cary, out of a registration of 102 names, only two votes were cast



THE OLD PATRICK SCHOOL

The new building is similar in appearance
to that of White Oak No. 2

against the tax. At Zebulon the election carried unanimously.

On the 28th of May, Apex held an election on a special tax with the result that only nine votes out of one hundred and forty-two registered were cast "Against Special Tax." On the same day elections were lost at Wilbon and at Catawba Springs.

During the past two years

a special tax to supplement the public school fund has been voted in eleven districts. In all but two the maximum rate will be levied. The receipts from this source for 1907-'08, according to reports made to the office of the Register of Deeds, will be \$6,-915.11.

Wherever a local tax has been voted, marked improvement has been noticed. There is a healthier school spirit and greater enthusiasm for education. Better houses have been built; a larger number of well-trained teachers has been employed, at increased salaries ranging from \$40.00 to \$95.00, for terms averaging more than eight months.

Page Thirteen

The idea grows. In White Oak Township, where there are seven school districts, the first local tax in Wake County outside of Raleigh Township, was voted December 15, 1905. Within eighteen months of this date, three neighboring districts in this township carried elections for a special tax by overwhelming



HOLLY SPRINGS HIGH SCHOOL

majorities. While this report is being written news comes that two other districts in this township have voted a special school tax, one of which did not register an opposing vote.* A seventh district lies along the county line, and is small in area and in population. It is seeking to effect a consol dation with an adjoining district in Chatham County. I am told by reliable citizens that as soon as this shall have been done, this district, too, will fall into line.

^{*}Seven districts in other parts of the county have sent in election returns showing good majorities for the tax making a total of eighteen local tax districts for the County, exclusive of Raleigh.

Consolidation

Throughout the entire county our people are beginning to recognize the importance of introducing the grade system into the schools. As long as the schools are ungraded a large number of classes will be necessary; and, as a matter of course, very little time can be devoted to each class. Where there are advanced studies, so much time is consumed with them that the primary studies are frequently neglected. It has often occurred that the

lower classes have recited not more than three times a

In view of these facts, the General Assembly of 1905 enacted a law that in schools where only one teacher is employed, the high school branches shall not be taught. This has caused much dissatisfaction. as thereby many of the brighter and more ambitious pupils are either excluded from the schools or compelled to continue in those subjects already mastered.

These conditions offered little incentive to progress

in the public schools; many of our abler farmers sent their sons and daughters to private high schools, while others less able were forced to keep

Further, it has been seen that the average cost to the county per pupil is much greater in the small schools than in the large ones. By an act of the General Assembly of 1901, County Boards of Education are required to run all the schools of any given township the same number of days. A just and equal distribution of the public school moneys to the various districts provides so small a fund for the little districts that the committeemen are

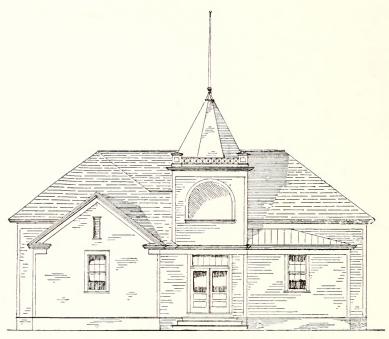
compelled to offer meager salaries and to accept the services of inferior eachers. While the County Board of Education has



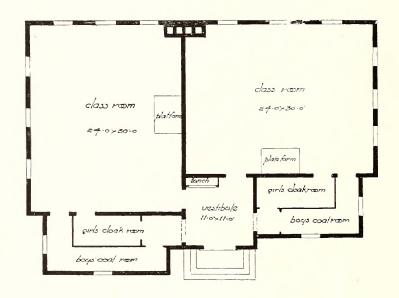


BARTON'S CREEK TOWNSHIP Districts Nos. 2 and 5, Consolidated

them on the farms.



Proposed Building with Floor Plan for Districts Nos. 2 and 5 Barton's Creek Township, Consolidated



Page Sixteen

North Carolina State Library Raleigh



fixed \$35.00 as the minimum monthly salary for a one-teacher school having a census of 60 pupils, the maximum salary allowed schools with less than 60 pupils is \$30.00.

The neglect of the lower grades, the prohibition of the high school studies, and the small salaries allowed have combined to make our people dissatisfied with the old-fashioned ungraded one-teacher school. Formerly the public school was an insignificant factor in the

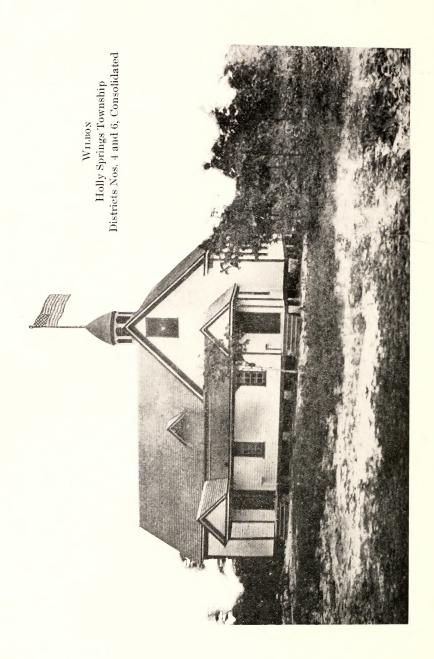
community's life. The people paid little attention to the teacher and her methods, or to the character of the school she conducted. Now they have become more discriminative in their judgment. These conditions have caused our people to seek relief through consolidation.

Within the last two years fourteen small schools have been consolidated. Since the writing of this report was begun, four others have combined and four more are before the Board for consideration.

It might be well to call attention here to the way consolidation is effected. It has been the custom of the Board to take every precaution against unwise consolidation. An order for consolidation has never been passed except upon a strong majority petition from the people. All petitions for consolidation are held over one month before action is taken. In the meantime, the people of the districts affected are notified through their committeemen, and requested to appear before the Board if they know any just cause why the petition should not be granted.



SCHOOLS Nos. 4 AND 6 Holly Springs Township, Consolidated



Page Eighteen

It might be pointed out that the action in relation to Districts No. 5, Barton's Creek Township, and No. 7, White Oak Township, form exceptions to this rule for consolidation. In neither of these cases was any petition presented. The fact is that neither of the schools was consolidated with any particular school by order



DISTRICT No. 3, ST. MARY'S TOWNSHIP

of the Board. The attendance at these schools became so small that it did not justify the employment of a teacher and the Board simply abolished them.

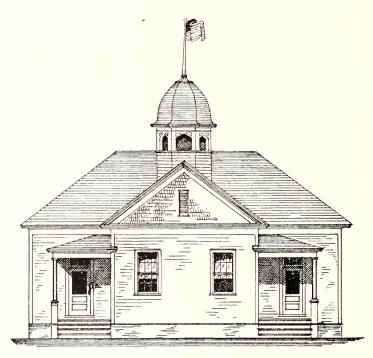
As County Superintendent, I wish to add this word: We must not suffer from the delusion that all small schools should be abolished and that all the remaining schools be made large ones. In the rural districts, on account of creeks and bad roads, it will always be necessary to maintain a certain number of small schools.



DISTRICT No. 2, ST. MARY'S TOWNSHIP These two schools were consolidated.



School No. 5, Little River Township Consolidated with School No. 1. The building for the latter, which was burned, was not as good as the one here printed.



PERSPECTIVE OF BUILDING FOR SCHOOLS No. 1 AND 5 Little River Township, Consolidated

Page Twenty



Justice School and Old Bay Leaf consolidated

JUSTICE SCHOOL

New building completed January, 1907 High School established July 9, 1907

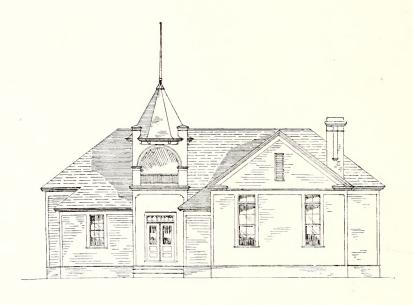


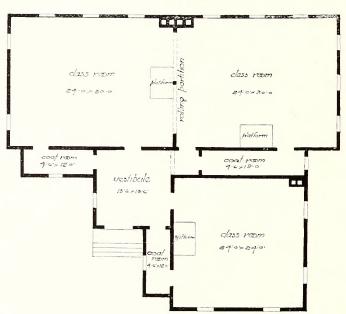
OLD BAY LEAF



BAY LEAF HIGH SCHOOL

Page Twenty-one





PROPOSED PLAN FOR CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL New Light Township



These pictures represent two small schools in New Light township. The people are considering the matter of consolidating them with School No. 2 in the same township.





These two schools, Nos. 2 and 3, Oak Grove township, were consolidated. For the new school a building identical with that of the Bay Leaf High School is under construction. See page 21.



Page Twenty-three



"It mounts athwart the windy hill Through sallow slopes of upland bare."

Page Twenty-four

Building

On July 1, 1905, there were in Wake County 96 school buildings for the white race, of which number 77 consisted of only one room. Three had cloak rooms; not one contained a lunch cupboard. Many of these buildings were in bad condition, and a large number of them have since been abandoned.



LAST LOG SCHOOLHOUSE Abandoned May 1906

During July and August, 1905, the County Board of Education ordered seven schoolhouses to be built. Each of them was to be a one-room structure, and to contain neither cloak room nor lunch closet. They were to range in cost from \$260.00 to \$400.00.



Within four miles of the Capitol. Abandoned fall of 1905.

Page Twenty-five

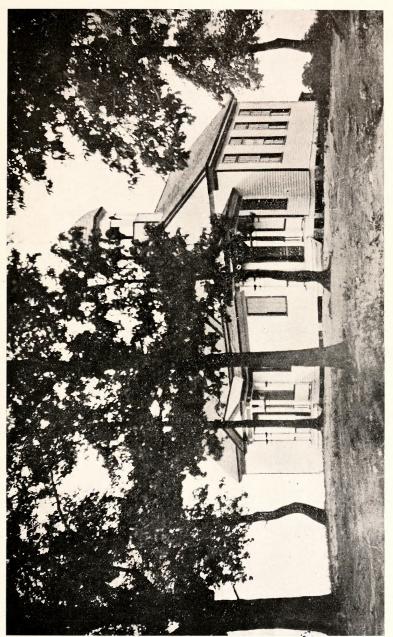
Before contracts for them had been let, all but two had been changed to two-room plans, and cloak rooms had been added to some. The best houses built during the year 1905-'06, however, cost less than nine hundred and fifty dollars.



OLD MOUNT HERMON
District No. 1, Cedar Fork Township
For new building see Mt. Hope on page 27



OAK HILL District No. 7, Swift Creek Township



MOUNT HOPE, DISTRICT NO 6, ST. MARY'S TOWNSHIP, ERECTED 1906

Page Twenty-seven

Counting houses ordered and in process of erection, there have been built since July 1, 1905, 38 schoolhouses ranging in cost from \$470.00 to \$7,172.00. Three private academies have been bought.

The cheapest white schoolhouse built during the year 1906-'07 was erected at a cost of \$1,500.00. It has been the policy of the

Board to paint every new house erected.

One of the most encouraging features about the building movement is, that while formerly every dollar that went into a school-house was taken out of the public school fund, one-half from a general building fund and one-half from the district fund, now many of the people have become so impressed with the necessity of having modern, well-equipped schoolhouses that they are willing to pay a large part of the cost of construction by local subscription. In four districts \$4,836 was thus contributed.



Mt. Hoff District No. 6, St. Mary's Township, old building

During the present administration there has been an effort to replace, as rapidly as possible, the old inadequate buildings with new ones, well heated, well lighted, commodious, and well arranged. From June 30, 1905, to June 30, 1907, there has been expended on the schools of Wake County:

WHITE	
Buildings and sites	\$24,015.71
Repairs and painting	2,386.72
School furniture	6,722.71
Total	\$32,125.14
COLORED	
Buildings and sites	\$3,195.69
Repairs and painting	1,182.24
Total	\$4,377.93
Total for both races	\$37,503.07

According to the report of the County Superintendent for 1904 and 1905, the total value of school property in Wake County was

Page Twenty-eight

\$36,057.00. The report for the year ending June 30, 1907, shows the total school property of Wake County to be \$85,401.69, of which amount \$48,745.33 in school houses and furniture is insured.



The small building in the rear of this picture is a part of the old schoolhouse at Garner.

The large building in front was erected in 1906 and was burned by lightning soon aft r completion.

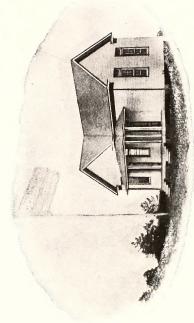


THE NEW BUILDING AT GARNER UNDER CONSTRUCTION

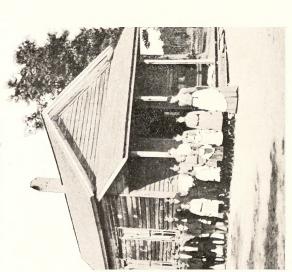
The patrons of Cade Springs School subscribed \$750 towards a \$1,650 building, but later decided to vote a special tax. For new building see No. 1, Little River Township page 20.



THE OLD FORESTVILLE SCHOOL



THE NEW FORESTVILLE SCHOOL
The flag was presented by the Jr. O. U. A. M. of Wake Forest.

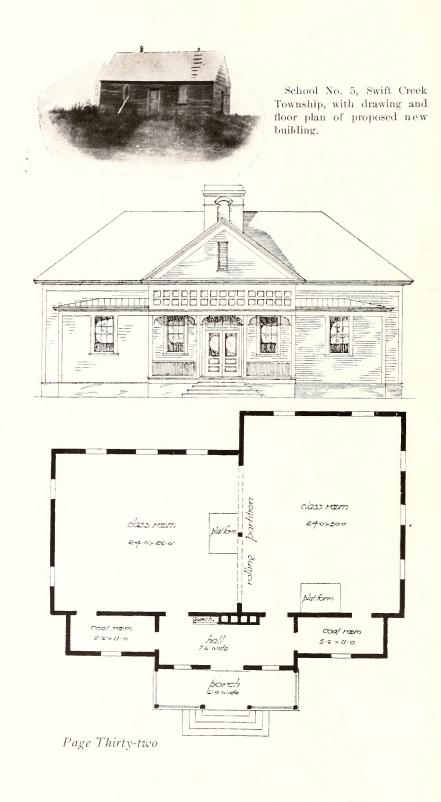


CADE SPRINGS District No. 4, St. Mary's Township

Libraries

Libraries e	stablished pric	r to Jani	uary 1, 1907:	
	No. V	ols.		$No.\ Vols.$
White	At Pres	ent	White	$At\ Present$
Barton's Creek,	No. 1	83 1	Panther Branch	,No. 1 46
	No. 3	54		No. 5B 57
Holly Springs,	No. 2 1	05† 8	St. Mary's,	No. 1 48†
	No. 3	62*		No. 5A 105
House Creek,	No. 1 1	17†		No. 6 72
			St. Matthew's,	No. 1 98
Mark's Creek,		98† 8	Swift Creek,	No. 4 72
Middle Creek,		84		No. 7 84
Neuse,			Wake Forest,	No. 1 130*
New Light,		84 V	White Oak,	No. 8 86
Oak Grove,	No. 2B	40*		No. 9 120†
Supplemen	tary library se	cured pri	ior to Januar	v I 1007:
Buppiemen	any morary se	ettred pri	No. Vols.	
	St. Mary's, No	0 1		ii Freseni 6
	St. Mary s, No	0. 1		00
Libraries es	stablished sinc	e Tanuar	V I. 1007:	
	No. V		<i>3 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1</i>	$No.\ Vols.$
White		ols.	White	No. Vols. At Present
	No. V. At Pres	ols. sent		At Present
White	No. V. At Pres	ols. sent 85 I	White	At Present
White Buckhorn,	No. V. At Pres No. 1	ols. sent 85 I	White Panther Branch,	At Present No. 2 85
White Buckhorn, Cedar Fork,	No. V At Pres No. 1 No. 1 No. 4	ols. sent 85 I 83 S	White Panther Branch,	At Present No. 2 85 No. 3 110
White Buckhorn, Cedar Fork, Holly Springs,	No. V At Pres No. 1	ols. sent 85 I 83 S	White Panther Branch, St. Matthew's,	At Present No. 2 85 No. 3 110 No. 5 84
White Buckhorn, Cedar Fork, Holly Springs, House Creek,	No. V At Pres No. 1	ols. sent 85 I 83 S 85 85 86	White Panther Branch, St. Matthew's,	At Present No. 2 85 No. 3 110 No. 5 84 No. 1 86
White Buckhorn, Cedar Fork, Holly Springs, House Creek,	No. V At Pres No. 1	ols. sent 85 I 83 S 85 85 86	White Panther Branch, St. Matthew's, Swift Creek,	At Present No. 2 85 No. 3 110 No. 5 84 No. 1 86 No. 3 85
White Buckhorn, Cedar Fork, Holly Springs, House Creek,	No. V. At Pres No. 1	ols. sent 85 I 83 S 85 S 863 S	White Panther Branch, St. Matthew's, Swift Creek,	At Present No. 2 85 No. 3 110 No. 5 84 No. 1 86 No. 3 85 No. 5 90
White Buckhorn, Cedar Fork, Holly Springs, House Creek, Little River,	No. V. At Pres No. 1	ols. sent 85 I 83 S 85 S 863 S	White Panther Branch, St. Matthew's, Swift Creek, Wake Forest,	At Present No. 2. 85 No. 3. 110 No. 5. 84 No. 1. 86 No. 3. 85 No. 5. 90 No. 6. 79
White Buckhorn, Cedar Fork, Holly Springs, House Creek, Little River, Mark's Creek,	No. V. At Pres No. 1	ols. sent 85 I 83 S 85 S 86 S 63 S 56 V 84 S 85 V	White Panther Branch, St. Matthew's, Swift Creek, Wake Forest,	At Present No. 2 85 No. 3 110 No. 5 84 No. 1 86 No. 3 85 No. 5 90 No. 6 79 No. 1 332 No. 2 95
White Buckhorn, Cedar Fork, Holly Springs, House Creek, Little River, Mark's Creek, Middle Creek,	No. V. At Pres No. 1	ols. sent 85 1 83 8 85 88 85 88 63 56 V 84 85 V 50\$ 50\$	White Panther Branch, St. Matthew's, Swift Creek, Wake Forest, White Oak,	At Present No. 2 85 No. 3 110 No. 5 84 No. 1 86 No. 3 85 No. 5 90 No. 6 79 No. 1 332
White Buckhorn, Cedar Fork, Holly Springs, House Creek, Little River, Mark's Creek, Middle Creek, Neuse,	No. V. At Pres No. 1	ols. sent 85 1 83 8 85 88 85 88 63 56 V 84 85 V 50\$ 50\$	White Panther Branch, St. Matthew's, Swift Creek, Wake Forest, White Oak, Negro. Little River,	At Present No. 2 85 No. 3 110 No. 5 84 No. 1 86 No. 3 85 No. 5 90 No. 6 79 No. 1 332 No. 2 95
White Buckhorn, Cedar Fork, Holly Springs, House Creek, Little River, Mark's Creek, Middle Creek, Neuse,	No. V. At Press No. 1	ols. sent 85 I 83 S 85 S 85 S 63 S 56 V 84 S 85 V 908 S 84 I BY PURCHA	White Panther Branch, St. Matthew's, Swift Creek, Wake Forest, White Oak, Negro. Little River,	At Present No. 2 85 No. 3 110 No. 5 84 No. 1 86 No. 3 85 No. 5 90 No. 6 79 No. 1 332 No. 2 95
White Buckhorn, Cedar Fork, Holly Springs, House Creek, Little River, Mark's Creek, Middle Creek, Neuse, New Light,	No. V. At Press No. 1	ols. sent 85 II 83 S 85 S 88 S 63 S 56 V 84 S 50 50 10 13 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	White Panther Branch, St. Matthew's, Swift Creek, Wake Forest, White Oak, Negro. Little River, SE	At Present No. 2 85 No. 3 110 No. 5 84 No. 1 86 No. 3 85 No. 5 90 No. 6 79 No. 1 332 No. 2 95 No. 2 84
White Buckhorn, Cedar Fork, Holly Springs, House Creek, Little River, Mark's Creek, Middle Creek, Neuse, New Light,	No. V. At Pres No. 1 No. 1 No. 4 No. 2 No. 1A No. 2 No. 3 No. 1 No. 3 So. 1 No. 3 So. 1 Cary High Sectory libraries of	ots. sent 85 I 83 S 85 S 85 S 63 S 56 V 84 S 85 V 50‡ 08 S 84 I 84 PURCHA	White Panther Branch, St. Matthew's, Swift Creek, Wake Forest, White Oak, Negro. Little River, SE	At Present No. 2 85 No. 3 110 No. 5 84 No. 1 86 No. 3 85 No. 5 90 No. 6 79 No. 1 332 No. 2 95 No. 2 84 0 ary 1, 1907:
White Buckhorn, Cedar Fork, Holly Springs, House Creek, Little River, Mark's Creek, Middle Creek, Neuse, New Light,	No. V. At Pres No. 1 No. 1 No. 4 No. 2 No. 1A No. 2 No. 3 No. 1 No. 3 So. 1 No. 2 Vo. 3 No. 1 No. 3 So. 1 No. 2 Vo. 2 Exary High Sectory libraries 6 No. 2	ots. sent 85 II 83 S 85 S 88 S 63 56 V 84 S 85 V 50‡ 08 S 84 II 8¥ PURCHA chool	White Panther Branch, St. Matthew's, Swift Creek, Wake Forest, White Oak, Negro. Little River, SE	At Present No. 2 85 No. 3 110 No. 5 84 No. 1 86 No. 3 85 No. 5 90 No. 6 79 No. 1 332 No. 2 95 No. 2 84

^{*}This library received no county or state aid. †This number includes Supplementary Library. †This includes village library recently combined with school library. †Eight books were added to St. Mary's No. 1 in 1907.



During the past year the library movement has received marked impetus, as will be seen from the following statement:

Total number of libraries in county	44
Total number supplementary libraries in county	5
Total number of volumes in county	4,612
,	1,012
Added since January 1, 1907:	
Number libraries	22
Number supplementary libraries	4
Number volumes	2,873
Amount given since January 1, 1907:	
By local contribution for libraries	\$210.00
By local contribution for supplementary libraries	20.00
By state and county—for libraries	410.00
By state and county—for supplementary libraries	40.00
By books (estimated value)	221.70
Twenty-one library cases	178.50
Total amount for libraries and cases	\$1.080.20

A special bill was passed by the last Legislature authorizing the Wake County Board of Education to establish, in addition to the regular six biennial libraries, a twenty-dollar library in any school that would present to the County Board of Education the sum of ten dollars; further, that ten-dollar supplementary libraries might be added biennially.

From present indications it is reasonable to expect that before many years shall have passed, there will be a good library in every white school in the county.

"It is recorded that God opened the heavens to the patriarch of old and showed him a ladder leading thither. This ladder is let down to every descendant of Adam; it is offered to thy child. But he must be taught to climb it."—John Henry Pestalozzi.

"Let it be one of the highest virtues on earth faithfully to educate the children of others who neglect it themselves."—Martin Luther.

"If people or rulers neglect the education of the young, they inflict an injury upon both church and state; they become the enemies of God and man; they advance the cause of Satan, and bring down upon themselves the curse of Heaven."—Martin Luther.



"If I could put my woods in song And tell what's there enjoyed, All men would to my gardens throng And leave the cities void"

Attendance

The population of Wake County is largely rural, and the occupation of its people is chiefly farming. It has an area of 950 square miles, and consists of 19 townships. These are subdivided into 93 white school districts (85 rural, 8 city) and 65 colored (60 rural, 5 city). The total population of the county (census of 1905) is 54,626.

Raleigh,* the only city in Wake, has a population of 23,000. By virtue of an act of the General Assembly the 13 schools of Raleigh Township are subject to the immediate control of a board

of seven men who elect a special superintendent for them.

Last year there were employed 287 teachers:

	White	Colored	Total		
RuralCity	115 54	79 39	194 93		
Total	169	118	287		

According to the last school census there were in the county:

	Rı	ıral	C	ity		al and City	W hite Cole	Total	
	White	Colored	White	Colored	White	Colored	Rural	City	
Boys Girls		2, 831 2, 905		1, 803 1, 772		4, 634 4, 677			10, 242 10, 002
Total_	7, 130	5, 736	3, 803	3, 575	10, 933	9, 311	12,866	7, 378	20, 244

Of the above number there were enrolled during the last year:

	Rı	ıral	C	lity		al and lity	White Colo	Total	
	White	Colored	White	Colored	White	Colored	Rural	City	
Boys Girls	2, 593 2, 383	1, 937 2, 319					4, 530 4, 702		
Total_	4,976	4, 256	1,542	857	6, 518	5, 113	9, 232	2, 399	11, 631

^{*}As extended by act of the General Assembly of 1907.

On an average there were present in the schools every day of the term:

	Rı	ıral	C	ity		al and ity	White Color	Total	
	White	Colored	White	Colored	White	Colored	Rural	City	
Boys Girls		925 1, 156					2, 315 2, 448		
$Total_{-}$	2, 682	2,081	1, 271	692	3, 953	2,773	4, 763	1, 963	6, 726

SUMMARY

	Rural	City
Total census Total enrollment	12, 866 9, 232	7, 378 2, 399
Average daily attendance		1, 963
Illiterates (12 to 21) Total illiterates	Colored 346 528	

These figures tell their own story and indicate where our labors are most needed. The most serious question before us to-day is that of attendance. Of the entire rural census only 72 per cent were enrolled in the public schools, and of these a fraction less than 52 per cent were in daily attendance. The city schools enrolled 33 per cent of the school census of Raleigh Township, and made an average daily attendance of 82 per cent of this number.

In addition to working for more money to secure modern buildings and equipment, longer terms, and better pay for teachers, a large part of our work for the next two years must be directed toward getting the children into the schools, and then keeping them there.

"It is idle to dream of a free people unless it be an educated people. This education must be fostered and controlled by the people for their own safety. The ideal democracy is dependent upon some knowledge of and power to discern the truth. Ignorance is bondage—unworthy of strong men and altogether hopeless. Knowledge of truth brings freedom. 'Ye shall know the truth and the truth shall make you free.'"

PRESIDENT FRANCIS P. VENABLE, University of North Carolina.

^{*}A number of districts failed to report on illiteracy.

County Teachers Association

One of the most valuable aids to the teaching profession of this county has been the County Teachers' Association, which was organized on the 17th of March, 1906. Two days before, the teachers had been assembled in Raleigh to be instructed in methods of teaching the public school branches. But an equally important object of this meeting was to cultivate among the teachers a deeper professional feeling, and to create a more perfect realization of the responsibilities that rest upon the teacher. The program consisted of two features, addresses by prominent educators, and instruction by well-trained and experienced teachers.

The social side of this meeting is worthy of mention. The teachers had been notified through the office of the County Superintendent that during the meeting they would be, through the Woman's Club, the guests of the people of Raleigh. Upon their arrival, a committee met the teachers and sent them with escorts (boys from the Raleigh High School) to the homes where they were to be entertained. The second evening a concert and reception was given at Peace Institute under the auspices of the Teachers' Club of Raleigh. After the program refreshments were served.

All the sessions were well attended, and at the close of the meeting, the teachers organized the Wake County Teachers' Association with ninety-four members.

The teachers returned to their schools with quickened interest,

and with a deeper love for their work.

The first regular meeting of the Wake County Teachers' Association was held at the North Carolina Summer School. During the past session three bi-monthly meetings were held, at the last of which the teachers were again entertained by the Woman's Club and the Woman's Betterment Association. The annual concert and reception was held at the Baptist University for Women.

For a better appreciation of the work of the Association, note

the following programs:

Program

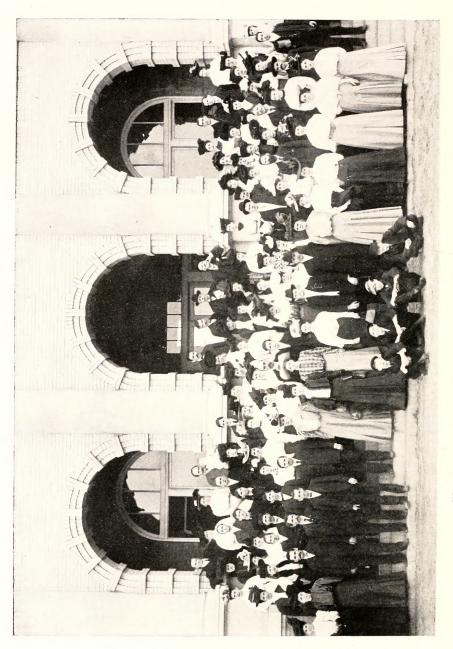
IOINT TOWNSHIP MEETING OF THE TEACHERS OF WAKE COUNTY

THURSDAY, MARCH 15, 1906.

8 P. M.—HALL OF REPRESENTATIVES.

1. Invocation-Rev. M. M. Marshall, D.D.

Page Thirty-seven



Page Thirty-eight

2. Addresses of Welcome:

On behalf of City—Mayor Jas. I. Johnson. On behalf of Educational Institutions—Dr. George T. Winston.

3. Responses to Addresses of Welcome:

On behalf of Women Teachers—Miss Minnie L. Franklin, Cary. On behalf of Men Teachers—Prof. J. E. Dowd, Leesville.

4. Addresses:

The Joint Township Teachers' Meeting—County Superintendent Zebulon Vance Judd, Wake County.

The Woman's Association for the Betterment of Public Schoolhouses in North Carolina—Mrs. W. R. Hollowell, State President, Goldsboro.

Southern Educational Progress—Dr. Chas. D. McIver, President State Normal and Industrial College.

The Relation of the Average Intelligence of a State's Citizenship to Its General Welfare—Dr. C. Alphonso Smith, University of North Carolina.

- 5. Announcements.
- 6. Adjournment.

FRIDAY, MARCH 16.

9 A. M.—HALL OF REPRESENTATIVES.

- 1. How to Teach Reading—Prof. Charles L. Coon, State Department of Education.
- 2. Local History-Prof. E. P. Moses, Superintendent City Schools, Raleigh.
- 3. Language Lessons—Prof. Charles L. Coon.
- 4. Announcements.
- 5. Adjournment (1 P. M.).

2:30 p. m.—Hall of Representatives

- 1. History—Events Leading Up to the Revolutionary War—Prof. E. L. Middleton Principal Cary High School.
- 2. First Lessons in Drawing-Prof. Charles L. Coon.
- 3. Adjournment to Raney Library Hall for Joint Session with Woman's Club.
- 4. Words of Welcome-Miss Fannie E, S. Heck, President Woman's Club.
- Stereoptican Entertainment and Lecture on Roadside Improvement— Mrs. F. L. Stevens, Raleigh.
- 6. Music-Mrs. Horace Dowell, Miss Martha Manney.
- 7. Announcements.
- 8. Adjournment.

8 P. M.—PEACE INSTITUTE.

Concert and Reception Tendered by Teachers' Club of Raleigh—President, Dr. R. T. Vann, President Baptist University for Women; Secretary, Mr. Ernest Cruikshank, St. Mary's.

 Concert under the Direction of Mr. James P. Brawley, Director of Music, Peace Institute.

PROGRAM.

PEACE INSTITUTE AUDITORIUM.

Mrs. Helen McLemore, Soprano.

Mrs. Henri Appy, Soprano.

Mrs. Wade R. Brown, Contralto.

Mr. Wade R. Brown, Tenor.

Mr. A. C. Jackson, Baritone.

Miss Emma V. Anderson, Violinist.

Mrs. Jessamine Harrison Irvine, Pianist.

Miss Elizabeth D. Burtt, Pianist.

Mr. James P. Brawley, Pianist. (1)Mr. Brawley. Mrs. Brown. (3) Mrs. Irvine. (4)Miss Anderson. (5) Miss Burtt. (6)Mrs. McLemore.

Page Forty

2. Toasts—Toastmaster, Superintendent James Y. Joyner.

Woman as an Educator—Rev. McNeely DuBose, Rector St. Mary's School.

Our Great Women-Dr. B. F. Dixon, State Auditor.

The Public Schools of Wake County—Hon. Thomas Johns, Chairman County Board of Education.

- 3. Reception, 9:30 to 11.
- 4. Announcements.
- 5. Adjournment.

SATURDAY MARCH 17.

10:30 A. M.—HALL OF REPRESENTATIVES.

- 1. Organization of County Teachers' Association.
- 2. The Wake Betterment Association—Miss Edith Royster, Peace Institute.
- 3. Privileges and Opportunities of Public School Committeemen—Superintendent James Y. Joyner.
- The Place of Public High Schools in Our Educational System—Dr. Francis Preston Venable, President University of North Carolina.
- The Need of a Well Defined System of Public High Schools in Wake County—Prof. J. B. Carlyle, Wake Forest College.
- 6. Final Adjournment.

Program

JOINT TOWNSHIP MEETING AND THE BI-MONTHLY MEETING OF THE WAKE COUNTY TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION

THURSDAY, MARCH 21, 1907.

8:30 P. M.—HALL OF REPRESENTATIVES.

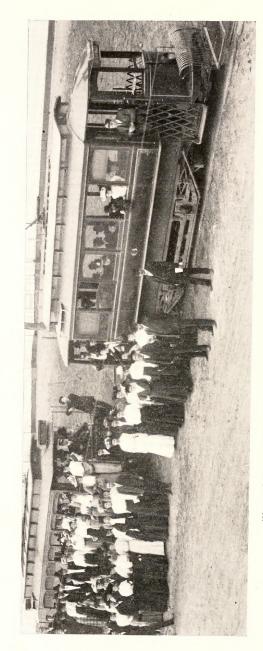
- 1. Invocation—Rev. T. N. Ivey, D.D.
- 2 Address of Welcome—Hon, Joseph G. Brown.
- 3. Response to Address of Welcome—Mr. W. O. Beazley.
- 4. Address, "The Three Tasks of the South"—Dr. S. C. Mitchell, of the Chair of History of Richmond College, Virginia.
- 5. Announcements.
- 6. Adjournment.

FRIDAY, MARCH 22.

10 A. M.—HALL OF REPRESENTATIVES.

- 1. Language—Miss Edith Royster.
- 2. History—Prof. D. H. Hill.
- 3. Reading—Miss Ione Dunn.
- 4. Round-Table Discussion, "The Recitation"—Led by Superintendent Zeb V. Judd.
- 5. Adjournment for dinner (1 P. M.)

Page Forty-one



WAKE COUNTY TEACHERS ON EXCURSION TO A. & M. COLLEGE, MARCH 15, 1907

Page Forty-two

2:30 P. M.—HALL OF REPRESENTATIVES.

- 1. Language-Miss Edith Royster.
- 2. Reading—Miss Ione Dunn.
- Excursion to Agricultural and Mechanical College and various parts of the city.
- 4. Methods of Teaching Agriculture (Illustrated Lecture)—Dr. F. L. Stevens.
- Insects Injurious to Cultivated Plants (Illustrated Lecture)—Prof. Franklin Sherman.
- 6. Announcements.
- 7. Adjournment.

8:30 P. M.—BAPTIST UNIVERSITY FOR WOMEN.

Concert and Reception given by the Woman's Club of Raleigh, and the Wake County Betterment Association.

 Concert under the Direction of Mrs. E. C. Duncan, Chairman of the Music Committee of the Woman's Club.

PROGRAM.

FAIRCLOTH HALL.

Vocal Soloists—Miss Blinn, Mrs. Dowell, Mrs. Hall, Mrs. McKimmon.

Pianists—Mrs. A. W. Knox, Miss Swicegood.

Chorus-Last Night.

Woman's Club Chorus.

Ladies Quartette.

Miss Burkhead, Miss Green, Mrs. Hall, Mrs. Albright.

Song—Springtide Becker
Miss Blinn.

Piano Solo—"Brer Rabbit."

Miss Swicegood.

Duet-Hear Me, Norma.

Mrs. Chas. McKimmon, Mrs. J. J. Thomas.

Chorus—I Would That My Love.

Club Chorus.

Two Songs.

Mrs. Hall.

Piano Solo-The Lorelei.

Mrs. Knox.

Group of Songs.

Mrs. McKimmon.

Page Forty-three

Group of Songs.

Mrs. Dowell.

Chorus-Moon Rise.

Woman's Club Chorus,

- 2. Reception, 9:30 to 11.
- 3. Announcements.
- 4. Adjournment.

SATURDAY, MARCH 23.

10 A. M.—HALL OF REPRESENTATIVES.

- Round-Table Discussion based on Jean Mitchell's School—Led by Superintendent Zeb V. Judd.
- Address, "Rural Education in Relation to State and National Life," Professor J. B. Carlyle, Department of Latin, Wake Forest College.
- 3. Final Adjournment.



"Along a pine-clad hill it lies O'erlooked by limpid Southern skies."

Increased Salaries and Lengthened Term

Within the last decade there has been phenomenal development throughout the entire South in agriculture and industry. There has been in consequence such a demand for intelligent energetic young men that it is becoming exceedingly difficult to secure their services as teachers. Recent years have witnessed the opening to women of professions and occupations hitherto closed to them. Trained women are more in demand to-day than ever before. All the world is competing for their services. These new conditions make higher salaries for teachers an absolute necessity.

As the public is coming into a higher appreciation of intelligent service in other professions and occupations, so school boards and committeemen are awakening to the difference in value between the services of poorly-trained, and well-trained teachers. This

fact is brought out in the following table:

1904-'05		
Average salary for white men teachers	\$34	.59*
Average salary for white women teachers	29	.33*
1905-'06		
Average salary for white men teachers	\$37	.84
Average salary for white women teachers	29	.72
1906-'7		
Average salary for white men teachers	\$43	. 33
Average salary for first-grade white women	3	5.87
TERM OF WHITE SCHOOLS		
1904-'05	13	lavs.
1905-'06.	15	
1906-'07	17.22	"
1906-'07 in local tax districts	61.8	"

Four districts supplemented their funds by local taxation, the total amount of which was \$905.00 for the year 1906-'07. Four others lengthened the term by local subscription, as shown by the following table:

	No. Extra Days Taught	Paid Teachers
Wilbon	15	\$ 14,50
Holly Springs	47	134. 50
Apex	40	149, 00
Olive Chapel	40	170.00
Total	142	468. 00

^{*}These figures were obtained from records in Superintendent's office.

The above figures do not include money contributed for increasing teachers' salaries.

MUSIC TAUGHT IN CONNECTION WITH PUBLIC SCHOOLS

	Days Taught	Enrollment	Paid Teacher
Catawba Springs, Swift Creek No. 2-	140	13	\$210,00
Wilbon, Holly Springs No. 4	100	9	55, 04
Mt. Moriah, St. Mary's No. 5	111	8	97, 50
Wendell, Mark,s Creek No. 1	140	15	150, 75
Olive Chapel, White Oak No. 9	160	13	300,00
Holly Springs, Holly Springs No 2_	116	8	96, 03
Wakefield, Little River No. 4	180		270,00
Fuquay Springs	160	-	320.00
Total	1107		1, 499.00

SUPPLEMENT TO SALARIES BY SUBSCRIPTION

Our people have shown their faith in and desire for better teachers, not only by applying to the Board of Education for increased appropriations, but also by contributing to supplement the salaries allowed. In some instances this supplement was paid through the County Treasurer; in others, directly to the teacher.

Following are the districts that reported their contributions to the County Superintendent, with a statement of the amount:

o. o. o. o. o.	2. 4. 3. 7.																						\$15.0 15.0 90.0
0. 0. 0.	$\frac{4}{3}$. 7.																٠.						90.0
o. o. o.	3. 7.																						
o. o.	7.																						
0.																							150.0
	1.																						17.5
																							10.0
ο.	5.																						26.2
o.	6.																						58.5
0.	1.																						120.0
0.	4.																						27.5
0.	9.																						210.0
o. o.		l . 4 .	l 4	l 4	1 4	1 4	1	1	1	1	1	1 4	l 4	l	l t	l 4	l 4	l t	l t	l 1	l 1	l t	3

The Work of the Wake County Women

July 1, 1906-June 30, 1907

The Woman's Betterment Association has been of invaluable assistance to the schools of Wake County. During its brief history of five years it has made itself felt in every phase of the school work. To its influence may be attributed much of the increased attendance, the deepened interest among both patrons and pupils, and the call for better buildings and equipment.



MISS CLYDE HOLT President Woman's Betterment Association Holly Springs

The best part of the woman's work can never be estimated in dollars and cents. Information about material help is difficult to get, owing to the modesty of our women in making claim for credit. There is regrettable hesitancy in report-making.

Page Forty-seven

Though many of the schools were not heard from, \$1,145.86 was reported to the Secretary as having been raised last year

directly through the Association.

In addition to the cash offerings, much labor was given for the improvement of grounds and buildings. Two associations subscribed \$750.00 toward new buildings. This amount is not included in the above, as it was not paid in last year. Through the Executive Committee at Raleigh, prizes, aggregating in value \$108.00, were distributed. These prizes were given by Messrs. Royal & Borden, Chas. J. Parker, Josephus Daniels, Clarence H. Poe, Mrs. E. E. Moffitt, and the Central Association.

As County Superintendent, I feel that too much can not be said in commendation of this most valuable auxiliary to the County Department of Education. The County Association has spared neither time nor pains in the effort to advance the interests of the

public schools.

The fifth annual report may be obtained from Miss Edith Royster, President, or from Miss Daisy Bailey Waitt, Secretary of the Executive Committee, of Raleigh.

The following condensed summaries of work done at places

where prizes were won will doubtless be of interest.

June 30, 1906, to July 1, 1907

HOLLY SPRINGS

District No. 2, Holly Springs Township

Awarded first prize—\$50.00 from the County Association. Amount raised, \$268.72.

Means: Fees, contributions, and entertainments.

In addition, ten women have become personally responsible for \$500.00, pledged by the local association to the building fund.

Old house, barn, and 90 wagon loads of rubbish were removed

from school site.

Street was opened leading to school house, and walks laid off. Four acres of the ten-acre school site were planted in cotton, and is now being cultivated by the members of the Woman's Betterment Association. The seed and fertilizer were donated, the latter by the Raleigh Phosphate Works. The grounds will be laid off, sodded, and set with shrubbery as soon as the services of a landscape gardener can be secured.

The association sent out committees of two to canvass that section of the county in the effort to secure petitions for the location of one of the county high schools at Holly Springs, and to strengthen sentiment for the local tax election then pending in that district. So successful were these women in their efforts

that the high school was secured; and, although a local tax election had failed the previous year, it carried at this time by a large majority, only 18 votes being cast against the tax.

A supplementary library was obtained.

The teachers were Mr. R. A. Burt and Miss Clyde Holt.



THE WOMAN'S BETTERMENT ASSOCIATION OF HOLLY SPRINGS CHOPPING THEIR COTTON FIELD



THE WOMAN'S BETTERMENT ASSICIATION OF HOLLY SPRINGS RESTING IN THE SHADE

ROCK SPRING

District No. 3, Swift Creek Township

Awarded one of the second prizes—a case of maps worth \$12.50, from Mr. Charles J. Parker, and a picture worth \$5.00, from the County Association.

Amount raised, \$57.00.

Means: Fees, contributions, entertainments.

Bought: An unabridged dictionary and stand; one framed picture; 56 Perry pictures; shades for eight windows. Had the windows arranged so room could be ventilated, paying entire cost of material and labor.

Teacher's chair and desk and rural library were secured.

Two framed pictures, a globe, soap, towels, and two door scrapers were contributed.

Washed eight windows and scoured the floor.

Cut down 15 trees and laid off a play ground; planted flowers, shrubs, etc.

More than one hundred stumps were removed by the pupils.

The course of the road was changed to run by the front of the house.

Walk was laid off.

Money was raised for a supplementary library.

There are nine active members of the association exclusive of pupils, with Mrs. J. W. Penny, President.

Miss Claire Turner was the teacher.

CADE SPRINGS

District No. 4, St. Mary's Township

Awarded one of the second prizes—teacher's desk and chair worth \$17.50, given by Royal & Borden.

Amount raised, \$47.28.

Means: Entertainment, box party, ice cream party.

This amount was raised to improve the old house and to buy new desks. As the little fund grew the need for a new school-house seemed more and more apparent. By the close of the term \$750.00 had been subscribed by the community, and a plan selected for a \$1,600.00 building. The county will give the desks for the new building, and the Betterment Association, of which Miss Sarah Stancil is president, can use the \$47.28 to beautify the house and grounds.

Page Fifty



WENDELL

District No. 1, Mark's Creek Township

Awarded picture.

Amount raised, \$182.80.

Means: Prize party; box party; contributions from teachers and pupils, including ten dollars for labor given.

Yard was cleaned and windows were washed.

Flower garden was plowed and laid off.

Bought: Eight framed pictures, window shades, zinc to replace dirt boxes under stoves, hat and cloak racks, chandelier, two lamps, two rugs, etc.

Miss Marie Moss was president of the Association.

Mr. K. H. McIntyre was principal of the school.

EAGLE ROCK

District No. 2, Mark's Creek Township

Awarded year's subscription to *News and Observer*, offered by Mr. Josephus Daniels.

Amount raised, \$38.20.

Means: Two box parties, play, contributions.

Bought: Shades for 14 windows, chair for teacher, two framed pictures, two hanging lamps, curtain for stage.

Cleared away undergrowth around the building and plowed the land.

Rearranged grounds by transplanting trees and laying off circular walks.

Planted about twenty-five flower plants, four trees, and a scuppernong vine.

Washed 16 windows.

Mrs. Eli T. Scarboro is president of the Association.

The teachers are Miss Annie Pulley and Miss Hattie May Weathers.

* * * * * * *

Framed pictures were awarded to Apex and Wilbon; a year's subscription to *The North Carolina Booklet* to Mt. Moriah; to each of the following schools, a year's subscription to *The Progressive Farmer*: Nos. 1, 4, and 7, House Creek Township; No. 1, Cedar Fork Township; No. 3, St. Matthew's Township; No. 1, Panther Branch Township.

Page Fifty-one

CAROLINA STATE LIRE



"The sedges flaunt their harvest."

School Socials

A distinctive form of educational activity in the county last winter was the school social. For popular gatherings no place is better than the schoolhouse, and no chaperones are better than the fathers and mothers.

Our school officers and teachers have recognized these facts; and by allowing the schoolhouse to be used for public entertainments, they have made it the center of the community's social life and interests. Incidentally, much money has been raised for school improvement.

Often the entertainment was in the form of ice-cream suppers, oyster suppers, or box parties, though not infrequently guessing and voting contests afforded much amusement and some revenue.

For the box parties, the young ladies of the community arranged boxes and baskets of things good to eat. Sometimes they prepared them at home; sometimes they purchased them and filled them with fruits, candies, and other delicacies. These refreshments were sold to the highest bidders, and the young man who purchased a box or basket invited the young lady who gave it to share its contents. Her name was found inside on a slip of paper, but the buyer in some occult fashion usually learned before making the purchase what name he would find.

An attractive appearance always added to the sale-value of these parcels. The addition of a big ribbon bow often made a basket irresistible.

Following are a few of the more successful of these school socials, with the amount of money raised:

Wendell—1 prize party	\$100.05
1 box party	43.50
Eagle Rock—2 box parties	30.00
1 play	7.45
Cade Springs—1 entertainment	22.12
1 box party	7.88
1 ice-cream supper	13.53
Wilbon—2 entertainments and 1 oyster supper	66.11
Samaria—1 box party	16.00
Ebenezer—2 box parties	4.98
Mt. Hermon—1 entertainment	6.75
Oak Hill—1 box party	12.10
Dutchman—1 entertainment	16.00
Fuquay Springs—1 entertainment and 1 oyster supper	88.00

Holly Springs—1 oyster supper and box party	35.68
1 birthday party	12.54
1 play	21.10
l boys' minstrel	18.05
Turner School—l entertainment	6.25
-	
Total §	\$480.59



WENDELL GRADED SCHOOL

WHITE SCHOOL DATA, 1906-'07

Schools and Teachers	Term in Days	Census	Enrollment	Average Daily Attendance
BARTON'S CREEK TOWNSHIP:				
No. 1, C. E. Edwards, E. S. Edwards No. 2, Mrs. E. W. Brogden (a) No. 2, Mattie Nichols (b) No. 3, Essie L. Burt No. 6, G. L. B. Penny No. 7, Mrs. S. W. Thompson	110 110 100 121 100 123	98 89 49 51 111	59 37 22 29 41 63	39 25 10 17 19 30
Buckhorn Township: No. 1, Beatrice Council No. 2, Sankie Gilbert	109 128	75 50	45 39	31 23
CARY TOWNSHIP: No. 1, W. G. Crowder No. 2, A. P. P. Jones, E. E. Rollins	90 135	93 210	56 98	31 56
Cedar Fork Township: No. 1, M. M. Rollins, Ida Thompson No. 2, G. J. Green, Mrs. G. J. Green No 3, E. Walton	116 120 100	102 94 92	82 53 56	36 28 32
Holly Springs Township:				
No. 2, R. A. Burt, Clyde Holt No 3, Delcie Collins No. 4, J. C. Utley, Mamie Burt No. 5, Lillian Markham	114 108 90 100	105 65 104 57	93 36 68 55	65 20 35 28
House Creek Township:				
No. 1, Alma Sorrell No. 2, Cora McC. Morgan No. 3, Mrs. C. B. Smith No. 4, Metta G. Gulley No. 5, Mrs. Sarah E. Bledsoe No. 6, J. E. Dowd, Eula Baucom	119 125 100 110 130 112	73 74 62 34 65 149	39 58 40 45 36 80	15 21 38 18 24 47
LITTLE RIVER TOWNSHIP:				
No. 1, Oscar Caudill (a) No. 1, Lessie Weathers (b) No. 2, Allie Weathers No. 3, Bird D. Baker No. 4, W. C. Pacelor W. S. Pacelor Mary A	$\begin{array}{c} 95 \\ 105 \\ 120 \\ 120 \end{array}$	112 51 72	36 22 34 60	23 13 20 33
No. 4, W. O. Beazley, W. S. Beazley, Mary A. Craig, Ella S. Pippin No. 6, Florence Powell	$\frac{180}{103}$	226 36	195 54	94 21
MARK'S CREEK TOWNSHIP:				
No. 1, K. H. McIntyre, Marie Moss, Jennie Hester No. 2, Annie Pulley, H. M. Weathers No. 3, Effie Avent No. 4, Mamie aker No. 5, Mrs. Lela M. Horton No. 6, A. R. Hodge, Jr	160 120 110 140 120 100	172 98 73 53 42 69	150 85 41 39 27 39	83 63 18 20 22 17

WHITE SCHOOL DATA, 1906-'07—Continued

Schools and Teachers	Term in Days	Census	Enrollment	Average Dally Attendance
MIDDLE CREEK TOWNSHIP:				
No. 2, Ada Norris, Kate Maynard (a)	110	190	68	38
No. 2, Mamie Lee Avent (b)	110	130	34	21
No. 3, A. A. Crater, Alice Taylor	160	115	112	5€
No. 4, Vallie Adams No. 6, A. E. Sorrell	$\frac{110}{95}$	92 79	54 68	24 34
Neuse River Township:				
No. 1, Mrs. Lillian B. Simmons	140	58	30	19
No. 2, Ora A. Taylor	120	54	42	22
No. 3, Mrs. Alice M. Reddish	144	59	50	26
New Light Township:				
No. 1, Elizabeth T. Kelly	88	55	36	15
No. 2, Nora Wheeler No. 3, W. J. Simpson	100	86	53	20
No. 5, W. J. Shii pson	$\frac{100}{120}$	97 85	64 57	23
No. 4, W. D. Ray No. 5, Annie Bell Woodlief	120	78	52	14
No. 6, Alice E. Ray	107	66	53	26
No. 7, D. H. Stallings	120	87	67	36
Oak Grove Township:				
No. 1, H. J. Sorrell	105	61	54	37
No. 2, L. Olivia Parham (a)	100	141	49	30
No. 2, A. C. Weatherly (b)	115		59	31
PANTHER BRANCH TOWNSHIP:				
No. 1, Mary Williams	$113\frac{1}{2}$	52	47	22
No. 2, Alice Bryan, Jessie Turner	106	80	74	39
No. 3, Adelaide Stephenson No. 4, Ruth C. Taylor	85 99	65 51	37 39	$\frac{20}{16}$
No. 5, Mamie Lane Taylor (a)	$\frac{99}{120}$		52	29
No. 5, Mrs. Mary Person Cooper(b)	120	149	34	19
St. Mary's Township:				
No. 2, Nannie A. Penny	110	54	47	19
No. 4, Sarah Stancil	112	76	49	24
No. 5, Will Francis, Ollie Stegall (a)	111	105	40	28
No. 5, Willie Staley (b)	$\frac{111}{110}$	92	42 70	20 28
St. Matthew's Township:				
No. 1. Catherine E. Vernon	100	50	28	14
No. 2, Lucy M. Powell	70	48	32	22
No. 3, D. R. Green	95	49	40	19
No. 4, Mrs. J. F. Keith	120	38	26	19
No. 5, Vernia England	120	48	29	15

WHITE SCHOOL DATA, 1906-'07—Continued

. Schools and Teachers	Term in Days	Census	Enrollment	Average Daily Attendance
SWIFT CREEK TOWNSHIP: No. 1, Ernie Booker, Allie Ogburn No. 2, T. C. Council, May Adams No. 3, Claire Turner No 4, Annie Perry No. 5, W. W. Utley No. 6, J. P. Goodwin No. 7, Mary Woodward No. 8, Elsie Griffin	103	149	79	47
	111	81	113	63
	110	53	37	22
	107	57	35	18
	100	74	66	30
	103	83	51	32
	115	71	61	35
	100	61	42	21
Wake Forest Township: No. 1, Mary Jarman, Edith Taylor, Marie Lankford, No. 2, Pearle Harper, Ida Winstead No. 3, Tillie Goldie Ranes No. 4, Ruby L. Britt No. 5, W. F. Hodge No. 6, L. N. Ranes, Laurie Redford	180	299	76	62
	125	116	94	58
	100	52	31	17
	120	59	28	17
	130	73	56	29
	117	63	76	38
WHITE OAK TOWNSHIP: No. 1, J. H. Campen, Minnie Franklin No. 2, Alice K. Rawley, M. M. Mitchell No. 4, T. H. Barbee No. 5, Viola Maynard No. 6, Hattie Lee Upchurch No. 8, M. B. Forbes No. 9, A. T. Holleman	160	110	103	49
	130	93	75	54
	110	74	45	22
	120	60	43	21
	100	61	65	19
	120	68	55	29
	120	65	45	34
COLORED SCHOOL DATA, 1906-'0	7			
Barton's Creek Township: No. 1, F. P. Tharpe No. 2, Sylvia C. Thornton No. 3, Glovenia Mayo No. 4, Hattie B. Love	85	75	48	20
	110	63	44	32
	120	84	65	28
	122	104	81	42
BUCKHORN TOWNSHIP: No. 1, Candace Rice No. 2, Lucy J. Royster No. 3, Thomas Morrison	18	59	17	7
	88	54	46	20
	85	73	45	27
Cary Township: No. 1, Blanche A. Blake No. 2, W. B. Hunter, M. A. Height	100	31	30	16
	110	131	102	60
Cedar Fork Township: No. 1, Ada Ruffin No. 2, Flossie E. Burroughs	60	72	51	26
	109	82	63	37

COLORED SCHOOL DATA, 1906-'07—Continued

SCHOOLS AND TEACHERS	Term in Days	Census	Enrollment	Average Daily Attendance
HOLLY SPRINGS TOWNSHIP: No. 1, Alice E. Carrington No. 2, S. F. Turner, Maggie Edwards No. 3, Tempie H. Howell	113	70	34	14
	115	116	103	60
	120	98	73	28
Hous- Creek Township: No. 1, Nannie W. Fuller, Lula J. Peace, Nellie Ligon No. 2, Annie Debnam No. 3, John H. Harp No. 5, Nannie J. Chavis No. 6, W. H. Ray	128	218	149	96
	110	58	16	9
	120	89	79	44
	100	84	69	25
	125	104	91	61
Lettle River Township: No. 1, Mollie Alston No. 2, Mary N. Watson, Joshua Jones No. 3, Bertha R. Perry No. 4, S. H. High, Cecilia Fuller	110	78	48	19
	130	103	83	42
	118	81	79	32
	145	160	145	52
Mark's Creek Township: No. 1, Pattie A. High No. 3, Nora L. Wilder No. 5, Thomas J. Foster, Lee Metta Terrell	120	84	62	31
	100	44	45	27
	120	140	86	43
MIDDLE CREEK TOWNSHIP: No. 1, Maggie V. Birdsall No. 2, Antoinette H. Clanton No. 3, Mary F. Sims No. 4, Sarah J. Peddy	105	101	86	54
	100	64	65	31
	105	76	56	24
	70	40	30	17
Neuse River Townsnip: No. 1, Allie L. Banks No. 2, I. C. High, Jr., Rosabelle Birdsall No. 3, James A. Watkins	120	79	54	18
	140	159	128	55
	114	105	73	34
New Light Township: No. 1, Diey B. Chavis(a) No. 1, Georgia E. Cooke(b) No. 2, Minnie L. Brooks No. 3, Robert B. Eaton	119	50	42	16
	82	43	46	17
	120	60	51	15
	142	.71	69	24
OAK GROVE TOWNSHIP: No. 1, Sarah J. Pratt No. 2, R. E. Steptoe	105	52	24	18
	112	35	44	18
Panther Branch Township: No. 1. Fannie J. Sims No. 2, Alice B. Ellerbee No. 3, Carrie T. Mial	110	99	61	24
	110	57	48	27
	100	84	57	26

COLORED SCHOOL DATA, 1906-'07—Continued

Schools and Teachers	Term in Days	Census	Enrollment	Average Daily Attendance
St. Mary's Township:				
No. 1, W. A Jones, Parthenia Day	120	143	133	34
No. 2, Christine C. Perry	110	64	36	26
No. 4, Lizzie B. Foster	90	55	55	28
No. 5, Leah H. Gorham	130	101	77	29
No. 6, Fidelia Adams	100	87	65	41
St. Matthew's Township:				ĺ
No. 1, B. M. Montague, Nannie Stancill	110	117	92	57
No. 2, John G. Dunn, Sarah Townes	100	120	93	40
No. 3, C. S. High, Blanche High	103	81	65	35
No. 4, Mabel Young	60	81	62	48
No. 5, R. H. Peace	102	51	45	20
SWIFT CREEK TOWNSHIP:				
No. 1, Ada C. Holland	130	62	55	21
No. 3, J. V. Hackney, E. E. Whitaker	100	202	113	51
WAKE FOREST TOWNSHIP:				
No. 1, Sarah C. Johnson, M. Braswell, Eliza Haw-				
kins	115	322.	159	63
No. 2, Minnie B. Flagg, Mattie Jeffreys	113	147	134	43
No. 3, F. R. Freeman, Mary A. Outlaw	131	121	119	65
No. 4, M. Lillian Braswell, Lydia Whitaker	105	179	115	80
WHITE OAK TOWNSHIP:			1	
No. 1, M. W. Brown, Candace Rice	103	171	116	69
No. 3, Annie E. Bunch	94	40	34	15



Page Sixty

The County High Schools

Under the provisions of an act of the General Assembly of 1907, the County Board of Education established at Cary, April 3, 1907, the first county high school in the State of North Carolina. To secure this school, the stockholders of Cary High School sold to the county for \$2,750.00 their entire plant, worth about \$6,000.00. While this report is in preparation, improvements are being made which will increase the valuation of this property to more than \$8,000.00.

Cary has a population of only 508; but it contains much taxable property. The special tax of the district for the year 1907-'08 will be \$1,888.51. The entire fund for this school will be a

little less than \$4,500.00 annually.



THE OLD PUBLIC SCHOOL BUILDING AT CARY

Wake County is entitled to three other public high schools, and the greatest interest and activity is being shown in the effort to secure the location of them. The women of Holly Springs have been canvassing that section of the county to get a large petition asking for one of these schools. As a special inducement for the Board's placing the high school for the southern part of the county at Holly Springs, the people offer a new six-room brick-veneered building erected at a cost of \$7,270.15, of which amount they subscribed about \$3,500.00. Other places showing marked interest in the high schools are Fuquay Springs, Garner, Bay Leaf, Rolesville, Wendell, Wakefield, and Zebulon.

Touching the high schools, I may be pardoned for allowing this report to go a little beyond July 1, in order to record the action of



Page Sixty-two

the succeeding Board of Education in locating the remaining three public high schools at Bay Leaf, Holly Springs, and Wakelon. The contest for the latter was especially spirited. It resulted in a compromise; and the school will be built between the two small villages of Wakefield and Zebulon, which are hardly more than a mile apart. Citizens and friends of these places donated ten acres of land as a school site, and \$8,000.00 for the building.

In addition to the above, Raleigh has a high school which, under the principalship of Mr. Hugh Morson, has done excellent work since its establishment in 1905. A sixteen-thousand-dollar building for this school is now in process of erection, and will be ready for occupancy early in April.

"North Carolina possesses every element of wealth excepting skilled labor and technical knowledge. Give her these and she will become the gardenspot of the earth."

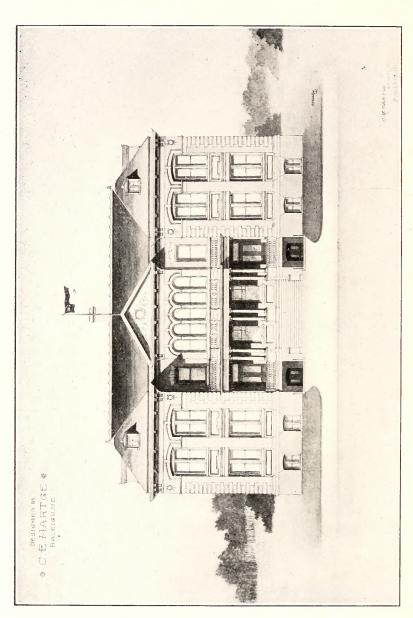
PRESIDENT GEO. T. WINSTON,

Agricultural and Mechanical College of North Carolina.

Life lies before us as a large quarry lies before the architect; he deserves not the name of an architect except when out of this fortuitous mass he can combine with the greatest economy and fitness and durability some form, the pattern of which originated in his spirit.—Goethc.

The youth who does not look up will look down; and the spirit that does not soar is destined perhaps to grovel.—Disraeli.

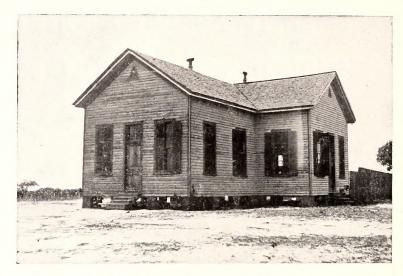
NORTH CAROLINA STATE LIBRARY.



Page Sixty-four



"For Nature beats in perfect tune."



COLORED SCHOOL, NO 6, HOUSE CREEK TOWNSHIP



SHOTWELL COLORED SCHOOL, MARK'S CREEK TOWNSHIP

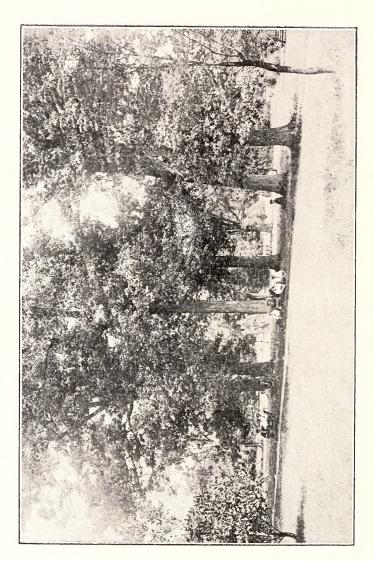
Colleges in Wake County

At first it was intended that this report should mention only the public schools of the county, but it seems fit in this connection to make a brief statement of the advantages for college and business education offered by the colleges in Wake.

There are five colleges for the academic training of white boys and girls, as follows:

	Number Teachers Exclusive of Officers	Number Students Enrolled	Valuation of Property
Wake Forest College	30	371	\$488, 925
Agricultural and Mechanical College	41	452	400, 384
Baptist University for Women	30	402	200,000
St. Mary's School		200	110,000
Peace Institute	15	171	125, 000
Total	135	1,596	1, 324, 309
Two Business Colleges:			10,000
King's Business College	8	301	10,000
Draughon's Business College	5	100	1,000
Total	13	401	11,000
Two institutions offer instruction in the higher boof study to the colored youth:	ranches		
Shaw University		526	225,000
St. Augustine School			155,000
Total		901	380, 000

Note.—The above figures were furnished by the heads of the several schools.



Page Sixty-eight

Wake Forest College

Wake Forest, the oldest college in North Carolina, was established in 1834, and for four years was conducted as a Manual Labor School. In 1838 it was chartered as a college. Since that date it has graduated 1,077 men. The number of graduates last year was 52 and the enrollment was 371.

The college has seven buildings, including a Gymnasium and Hospital. The value of the buildings and grounds is \$188,925.00; and the endowment is \$300,000.00, aggregating \$488,925.00.

Eighteen professors, six instructors, and six assistants give instruction in the sixteen departments of the college. Four degrees are conferred,—Bachelor of Arts, requiring four years; Master of Arts, five; Bachelor of Science, four, which may include two years in medicine; Bachelor of Laws, three, including Law and Political Science.

The College Library contains eighteen thousand volumes and the best current literature. All students have free access to the library.

Wake Forest has been closely identified with the public schools of North Carolina. Twenty per cent of the County Superintendents, two State Superintendents, and a large number of the teachers received their training at Wake Forest. The college lays stress on the obligation of its men to the public, and large numbers of her sons are entering the service of the State. The famous Literary Societies offer excellent training for such service. So important is the work of these Societies in the view of the Trustees and Faculty that all other student orders or fraternities are forbidden.

Living expenses and special fees at Wake Forest have always been moderate. Young men of character who are prepared to do college work are welcomed. It is urged that students complete the full high school course before seeking admission to the College. Those who present certificates from accredited high schools are admitted to the college classes without examination. Aid toward meeting expenses may be secured from the Students' Aid Fund, of which Dr. Walter Sikes is Treasurer. General correspondence may be addressed to President W. L. Poteat.



Page Seventy

A. & M. College

The College is beautifully located in the western suburbs of

Raleigh, a mile and a quarter from the State Capitol.

The purpose of the College is to furnish industrial education in the following subjects: Agriculture, Civil, Mechanical, Electrical and Mining Engineering, Industrial Chemistry, and Cotton Manufacturing. It is well equipped for instruction in all these lines, owning 675 acres of land with suitable farm buildings, also laboratories, drawing-rooms, work-shops, power-houses, electric plants, and other similar equipment. There is a model cotton mill, fully equipped for instruction in carding and spinning, weaving and designing, dyeing and other textile work.

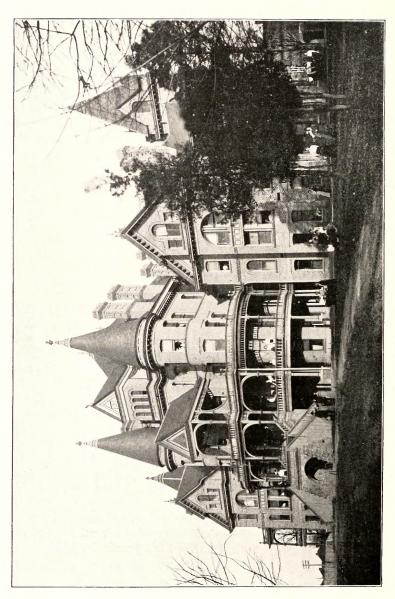
The courses of instruction offer a combination of practical and theoretical work, about half the time being devoted to lectures and recitations, and the other half to work in the shops, laboratories, drawing-rooms, green-houses, dairies, fields and mills. It is intended to furnish both technical and liberal education. There are full courses of four years, short courses of one and two years, and special winter courses of eight weeks. Teachers' courses, for the special training of rural teachers, include a one-year's course and

a four-weeks' course in May.

The College has a Faculty of forty teachers and five hundred students; tuition is \$45.00 per year; there are 120 scholarsh ps. Self-supporting students earn about \$6,000.00 annually by work at the College. There is no room for idlers; the motto of the College is Work; its rule of conduct for each student is "Do your work thoroughly day by day; Let others alone; Be a gentleman."

The College is intended to supply the State's need for industrial workers, managers and promoters to meet the changed conditions due to the abolition of slavery and the demand for educated skilled white labor.

"A century ago education was for the few, and was designed to equip them for the learned professions; to-day education is for the many, and is intended to fit them for life's practical work."



Page Seventy-two

The Baptist University for Women

This institution was established for the purpose of offering to young women a grade of instruction equal to that given in the colleges for boys. Its plant consists of six buildings well furnished and equipped, occupying three acres of ground in the heart of Raleigh, all appraised at \$200,000.00.

It has a Faculty of thirty-four officers and teachers, and offers instruction in the Arts, Sciences, Philosophy, Music, Art, Elocu-

tion, Business, Pedagogy, and Bible.

The School of Arts, Sciences, and Philosophy employs ten professors, two assistants, and two instructors. Heads of departments, with one exception, teach only one subject each. The Chemical, Physical, and Biological Laboratories are equipped with \$2,500.00 worth of apparatus.

The School of Pedagogy is open only to Juniors and Seniors,

but a short course is offered for common-school teachers.

The Music School employs eleven teachers, and uses thirty-three pianos, together with claviers, violins, and a large pipe organ.

The Business School fits capable young women for self-support

by office work.

The Bible School is designed to prepare pupils for better service in their churches, and counts for the A.B. degree.

The Art School employs two teachers, who give instruction in

Oil and China Painting, and in Applied Design.

In addition to her regular work in Elocution, the head of that department, with the aid of an expert assistant, directs the training of the students in Physical Culture.

The school is conducted on the self-government plan, whereby students largely regulate their own conduct, under the general

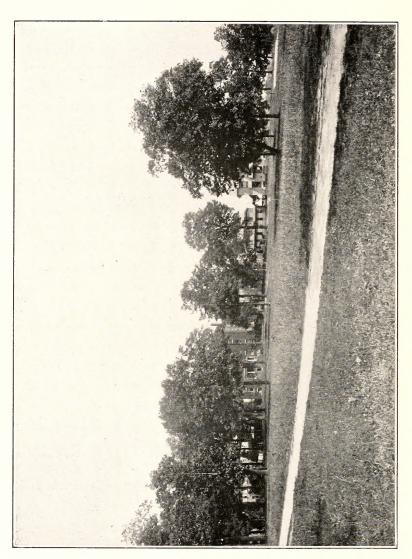
direction of the college authorities.

The religious life of the school is nourished and developed partly by daily chapel exercises and the regular Sunday school and church services, but mainly by numerous weekly classes for Bible and Mission study, Personal Worker's Classes, a vigorous Y. W. C. A., and daily twilight prayer-meetings.

The school is run at cost as nearly as possible, and nearly one-half of the boarding pupils save from \$50,00 to \$60.00 per session

by three-quarters of an hour daily domestic service.

For further information, address R. T. Vann, President, Raleigh, N. C.



Page Seventy-four

St. Mary's School

St. Mary's School, the Diocesan School for the Episcopal Church in the two Carolinas, is the oldest of the educational institutions for women located in Raleigh. It was established in 1842 by Rev. Aldert Smedes, and was conducted by him and his son, Dr. Bennett Smedes, for fifty-five years as a private Church school, until its

purchase by the Church in 1897.

St. Mary's is located in the west end of Raleigh in a beautiful grove of twenty acres, with the school buildings in the middle of the grounds, surrounded by beautiful old oak trees and attractive stretches of campus. The original buildings still form the central group in the landscape, but they are now sheltered by the newer buildings, which are being added from time to time as the needs of the School demand. This arrangement in itself speaks the ideal for which St. Mary's stands—the conservation of all the best Southern traditions of the past, modified by the changed conditions of the present—a blend of the conservative and the progressive. The spaciousness of the grounds and the convenient grouping of the buildings, of which there are at present nine, make a strong impression on the visitor.

St. Mary's maintains an academic course equal in standard to that of the other colleges for women in the Carolinas, and lays special stress on the general development of its students. "Special attention to the social and religious side of Christian education without slight to academic training" is a slogan of the School. The Academic Department includes the College, the Preparatory School and the Primary School; the Fine Arts Department embraces a flourishing Music School, a good Art School, and a young School of Elocution; and there is a well-established Business Department, and a newly instituted course in Home Economics (domestic science and domestic art).

In its present buildings St. Mary's can accommodate 125 boarding students and twenty-five teachers. The School is at present without endowment, but maintains a number of scholarships. The expenses of the School are moderate, ranging from \$275 to \$400.

"The people's schools in a State, a county, or a community, can be no better than the people desire and decree. Upon the people themselves must largely rest the responsibility of making the schools what they ought to be, and to the people themselves largely belongs the credit or discredit of what they are."

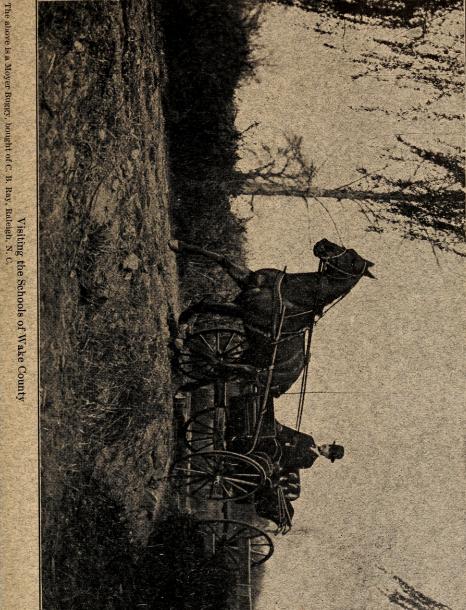
State Superintendent J. Y. Joyner.

"Education is power, and power is wealth to North Carolina, and encouraged by the present results we should press forward to do still more in the future for the educational broadening of the youth of our State, getting as we do from such work, a return not only in dollars and cents, but in moral and mental development,—a high type of useful men and women to be the future guides and rulers of our people."

GOVERNOR R. B. GLENN.

"The education of the masses is the chief business of the State. No other work in which the State engages compares with this in beneficial results. It is the State's only means of securing to every one equal opportunity, and by equal opportunity I mean the chances to be the thing which God intended each of us to be."

EX-GOVERNOR C. B. AYCOCK.

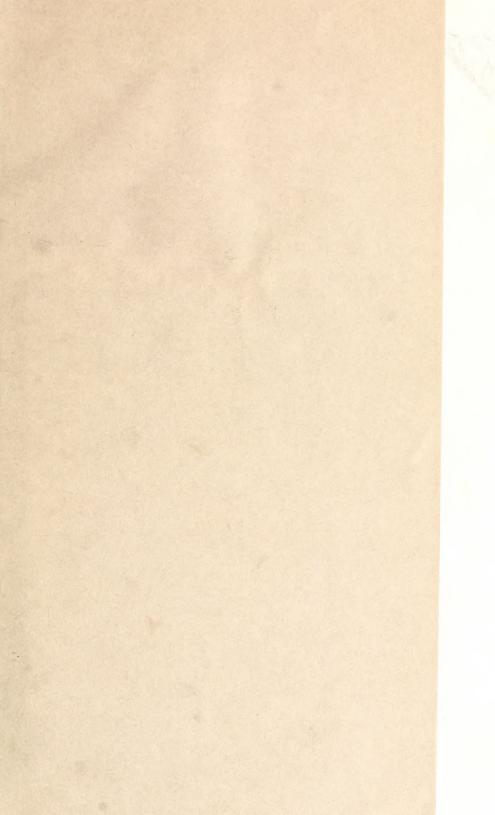


NORTH CAROLEYA STATE LIBRARY



"The wood was sovran with centennial trees"





GC 379.75655 W146r 1905/07

Wake County (N.C.). Board of Education. Biennial report, Wake County Public Scho

3 3091 00202 1202

	Date	Due	
APR 13	1971		
NOV 12-1	975		
%	PRINTED	IN U. S. A.	



NORTH CAROLINIANA RESTRICTED

	379.75655 W146r NORTH CAROLINIANA 1905/07
	Wake Co., N. C. Board of Educa-
1=	ISSUED TO
_	Report of the Wake County Public
-	APR 1 3 1971 Garage
_	Bur- ht.
_	

379.75655 W146r 1905/07

Wake Co., N. C. Board of Education

Report [of the] Wake County Public Schools

