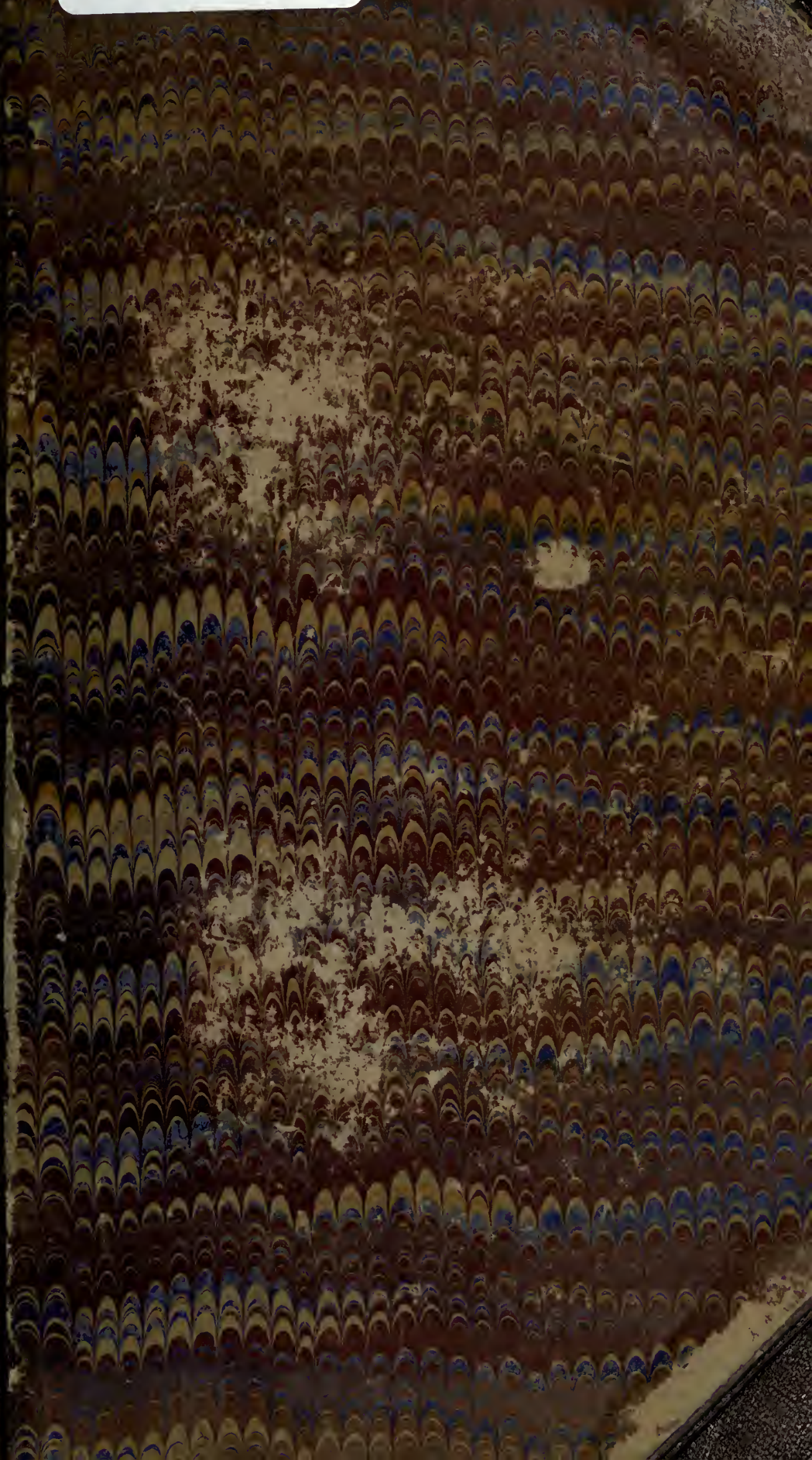


UC-NRLF



5C 129 300





LIBRARY  
OF THE  
UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA.  
GIFT OF

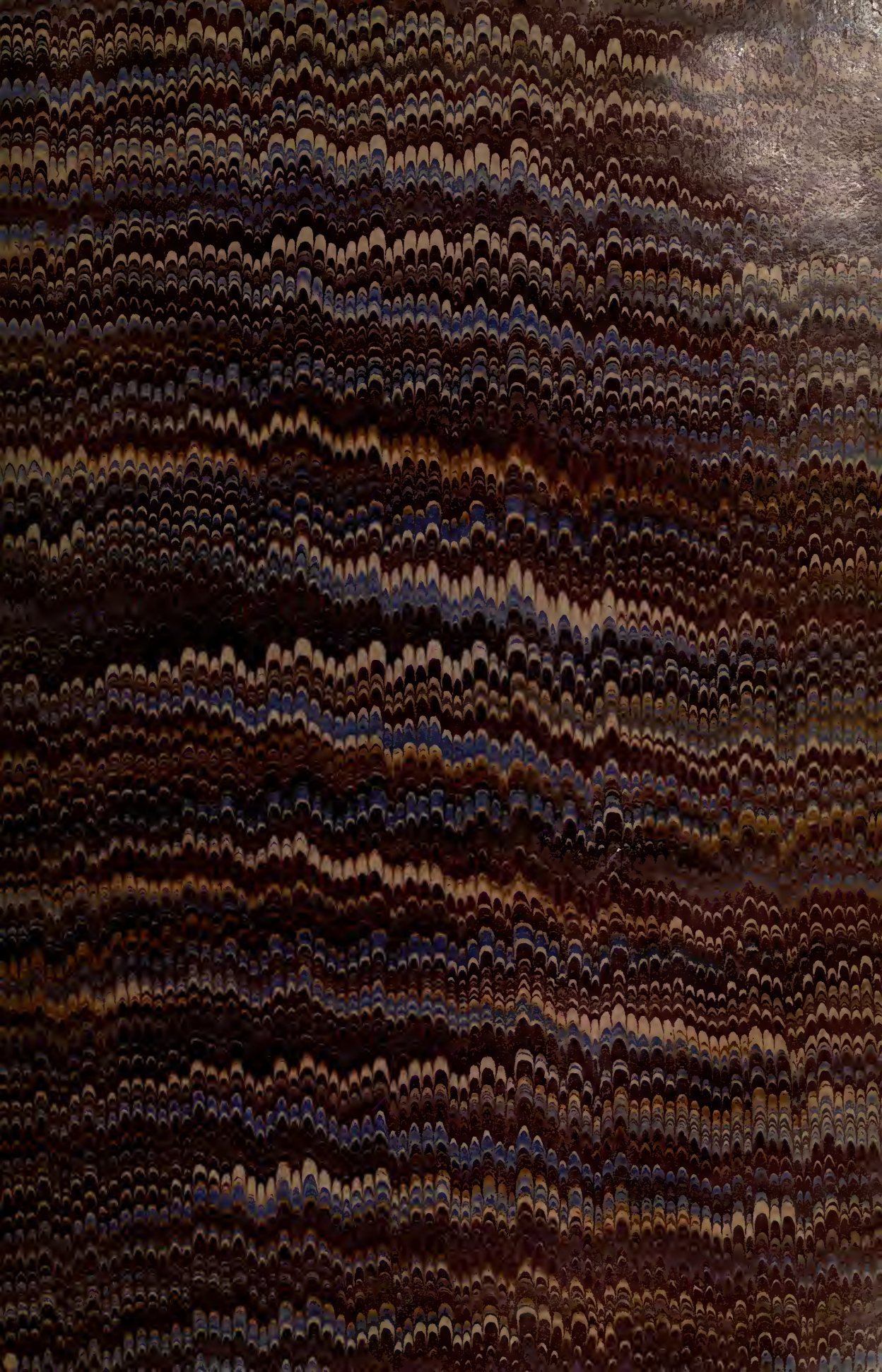
Received

187-

Accessions No. 1528

Class No. ~~546~~







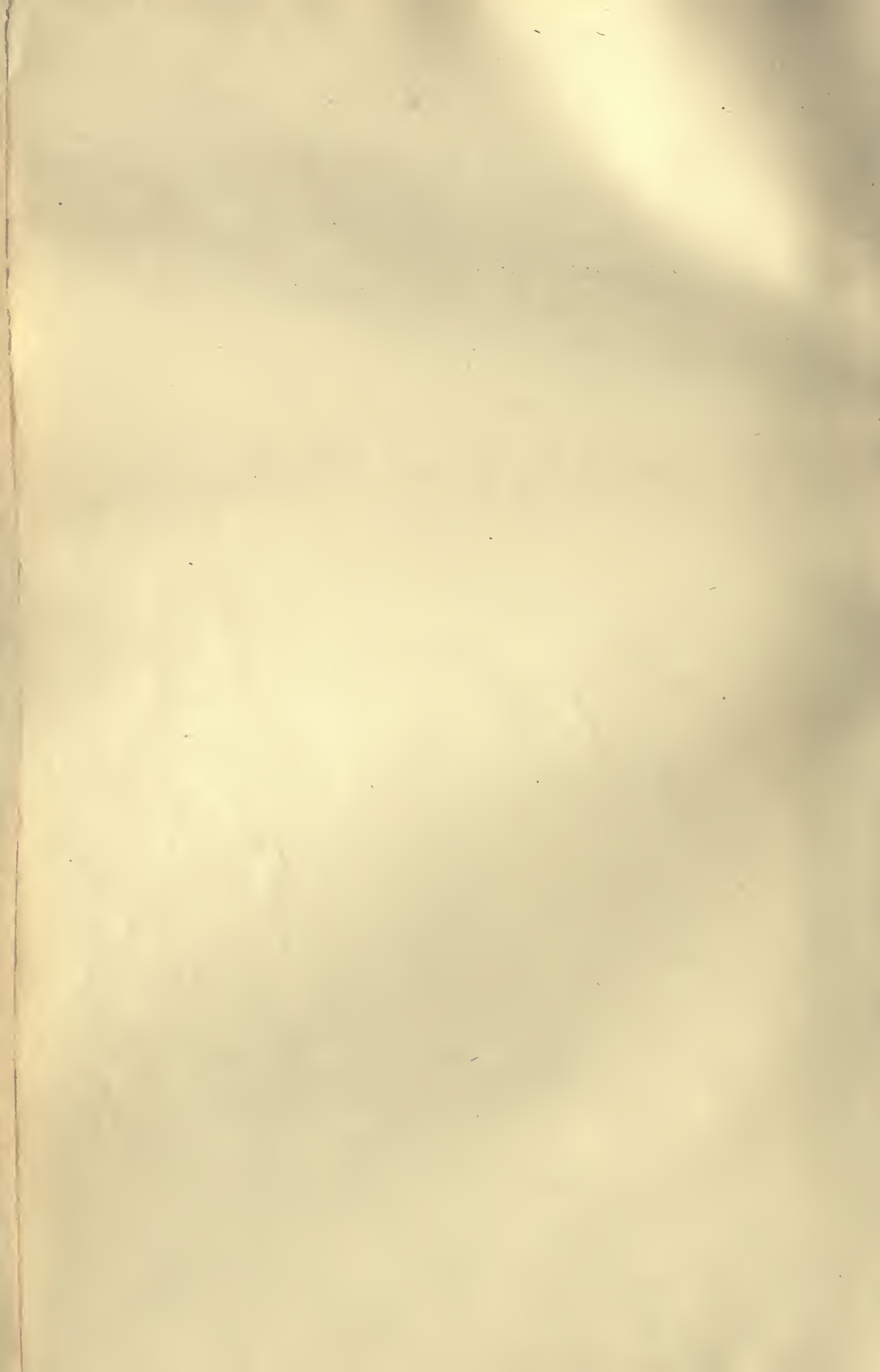


Digitized by the Internet Archive  
in 2008 with funding from  
Microsoft Corporation





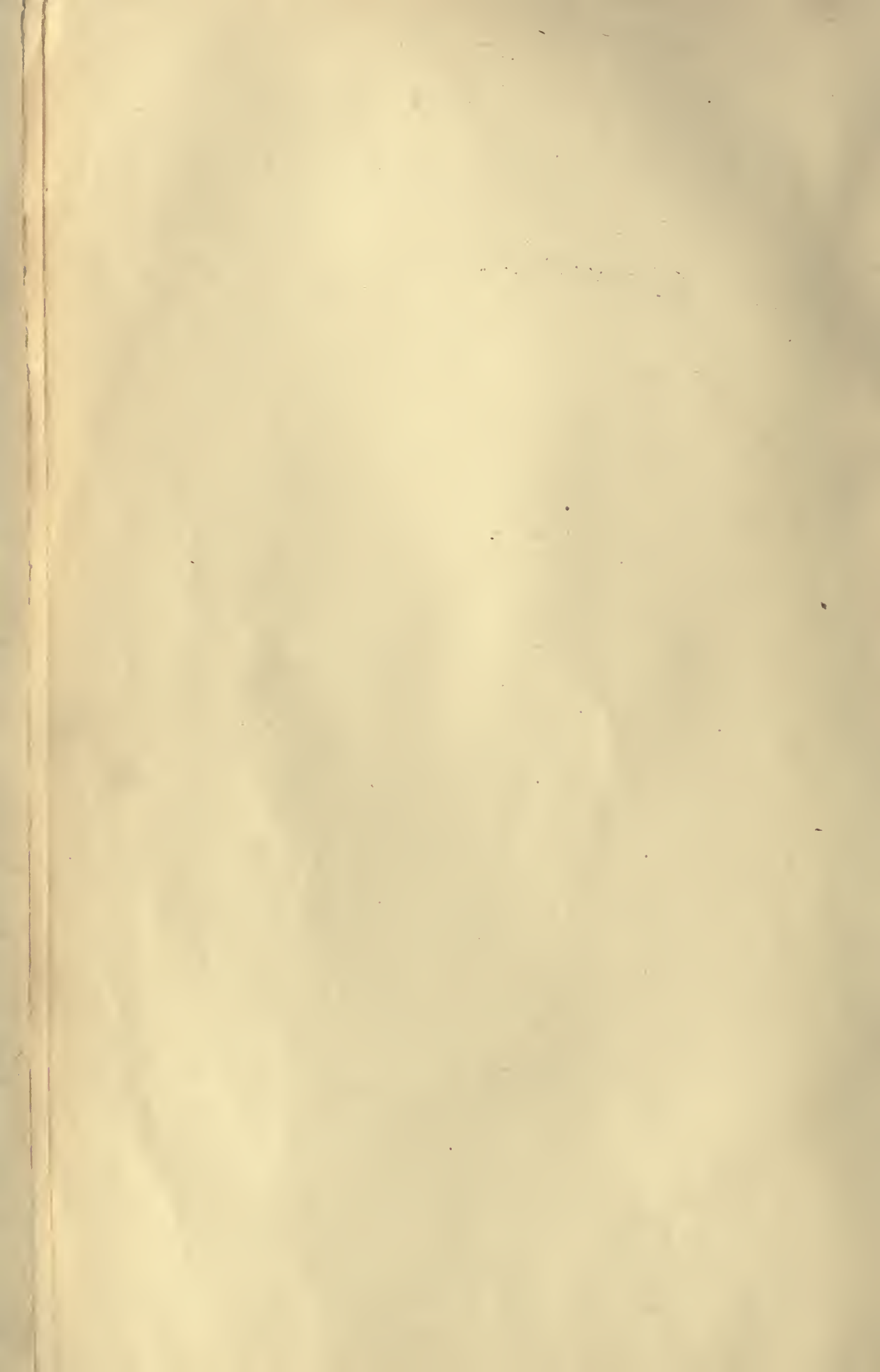














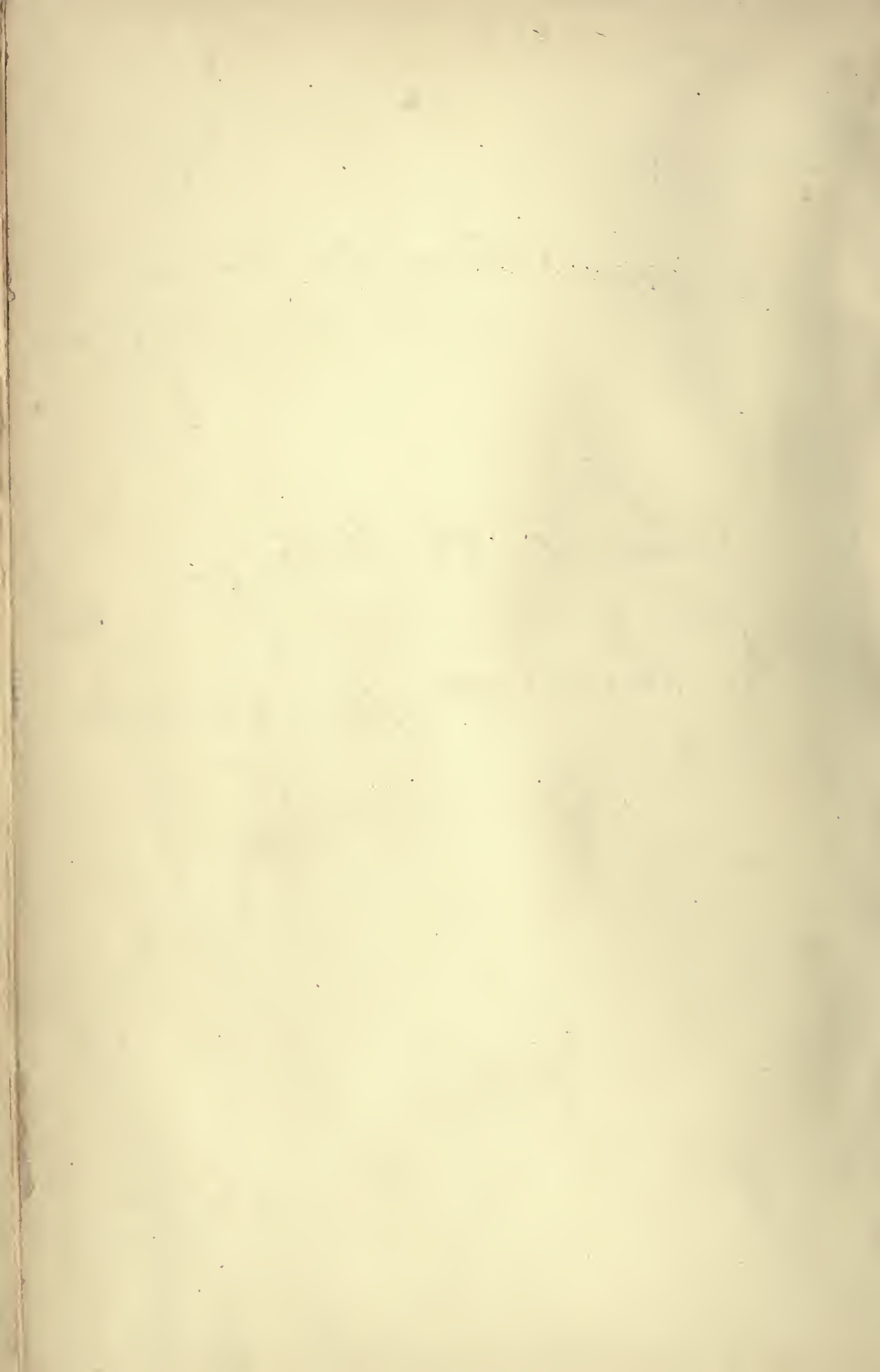
Isaac H. Beaufort.

West Hill Church 1853

Samuel H. Wiley

San Francisco April 28: 1853.





BLAIR'S CHRONOLOGY

ENLARGED.

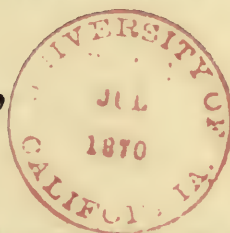




Neque enim res humani, ita imperiis aut regionibus divisæ sunt, ut non habeant multa connexa; quare juvat certe, fata aliqui sæculo aut ætati destinata, veluti una Tabula contenti et descripta intueri.

BACON DE AUGMENTIS SCIENTIARUM, lib. ii. cap. viii.

*John* BLAIR'S  
CHRONOLOGICAL AND HISTORICAL  
TABLES,



FROM

THE CREATION TO THE PRESENT TIME:

WITH

ADDITIONS AND CORRECTIONS FROM THE  
MOST AUTHENTIC WRITERS;

INCLUDING

THE COMPUTATION OF ST. PAUL,

AS CONNECTING

THE PERIOD FROM THE EXODE TO THE TEMPLE.



LONDON:

PRINTED FOR

LONGMAN, BROWN, GREEN, AND LONGMANS,  
PATERNOSTER ROW.

1844.



III  
B5

LONDON: COOK AND CO., PRINTERS,  
76, FLEET STREET.

## P R E F A C E .

---

DR. BLAIR'S Chronological Tables have long been the favourite Manual of Readers of History; and though for nearly a century their utility has been considerably obstructed by their ponderous form, they have survived the changes of literary fashion, and are still in the hands of every student.

The outline of the original Work is unique. But the Tables were restricted both as to matter and extent by the process of engraving, which the inefficient state of letterpress-printing then imposed upon the Author. Many valuable materials were left untouched, and much information suppressed which might otherwise have been made available, and which can now be included by the later improvements in typography. What Dr. Blair could have effected under more favourable circumstances will now be expected by the reader, and has been the study of the Editor to supply, with what ability is in his power, and with the aid of such writers of authority as have appeared since the time of the Author. But, however the Work may have been revised or extended, the merit of the superstructure is justly due to the name of Blair, and will long remain an enduring Monument to his Memory.

The present Volume has been re-constructed from the folio Edition by a literary friend, who is disinclined at a late period of life, to appear publicly as the Editor of a critical Work. The thorough revision of the Manuscript, and its transit through the press, having been intrusted to myself, will justify my signature to the Preface, and may be taken to express my perfect confidence of its general accuracy and character. It ought not, however, to be forgotten, that the labour of carrying out the Tables (a task far more complicated than might be inferred from their symmetrical appearance), is to be ascribed entirely to my friend, to whom properly belongs the credit of having revived and enlarged a very valuable Work.

HENRY ELLIS.

BRITISH MUSEUM,  
April 8, 1844.



ON THE  
PERIOD FROM THE EXODE TO THE TEMPLE

TABLE III.

BIBLICAL readers, who connect Chronology with their research, are aware that the 479 years, as stated in 1 Kings vi. 1, 'in the 480th year,' and known as the 'Period from the Exode to the Temple,' are too few to include the full number of Events in the interval between the Division of Lands and the election of Saul, as recorded in the Book of Judges, and 1 Samuel vii. 5; and that 100 years above the number supplied by the text in 1 Kings have been expressly assigned to this interval by St. Paul, Acts xiii. 20.

The whole number assigned to this interval, or Inner Period, by St. Paul, is 450 years. The 479 years in 1 Kings vi., when the numbers which are common to both computations in Table III. are withdrawn—the years of the Exode and the Division, before the Inner Period, and those of Saul, David, and Solomon, after it—leave but 350 years.

(The 40 years of Saul not in the Old Testament are also separately stated by the Apostle, Acts xiii. 21; but as they are included in both computations in Table III. they do not enter into the present explanation.)

Archbishop Usher, who restricts his computation to the numbers in the Old Testament, comprises the Events between the Division of Lands, and the election of Saul, within the space of these 350 years. But the numbers in the Book of Judges, as far as they are declared—390 years—are explicit; and 20 years remain due to the time of the Ark at Kirjath-Jearim in the first Book of Samuel.

Usher rightly excludes the 40 years of Eli, 1 Sam. vii. The government of Eli as a Judge, he considers as merged within the function of the priesthood, the 20 years of the ascendant authority of Samson excepted. But the 100 years of St. Paul are passed, as having reference, in his opinion, to an earlier period, 'not,' as Bishop Gray observes, 'the best supported by authority.'

St. Paul delivers 450 years for the interval or 'Inner Period.'—The 390 years being applied to the Judges as above, and 20 to the time of the Ark, the 40 years remaining are assigned (28) and (12) to the two known chasms in Scripture Chronology. But this division of these 40 years must ever remain open to inquiry.

Usher very properly includes, as remarked above, the Secular duty of Eli, within the office of the Priesthood. 'When the Lord raised them up Judges, then the Lord was with the Judge, and delivered them out of the hand of their enemies all the days of the Judge.' Judges xi. 18. But the events of the latter days of Eli, and the catastrophe of his death, lead

us to infer that, although he ended his life in the Priesthood, his authority as a Judge was incidental only. Doubtless, Othniel and Ehud, Deborah, Gideon, and Jephthah, were under the influence and protection of the Divine power. In the expressive words of the text, they 'were Judges the Lord was with.' Such could not have been the course of Eli according to the context, which sanctions the omission rather than the insertion of his years as a Judge in the Chronology of the Period.

It is the primary object in the following tables, to place these numbers in juxta-position to each other. To the adjustment of the Chronology of the Old, by the numbers supplied by the New Testament, no possible objection can be raised. No unauthorized years are added. But a single year, which Usher, in his collation of the reigns in Israel and Judah appears to have passed, has been taken from the computation of Mr. Clinton. The 101 years then ascend through, and are added to every date from 'the Division,' to the Creation, when archbishop Usher's date is raised from 4004 to B. C. 4105.

The editor has taken a somewhat different view of the Computation of St. Paul from that of Mr. Clinton in his 'Fasti Hellenici;' but he feels it due to that gentleman, to express his full acknowledgments for the large assistance the present volume has received from that invaluable work.







Jul. Period.	CENTURIES BEFORE CHRIST	THE PATRIARCHS TO THE BIRTH OF ABRAHAM
714	XLth CENTURY — 4000 ± 4	4004 THE CREATION— Adam— Fall of Man, according to Abp. Usher Computation ascending from the Period by St. Paul, B. C. 4  3874 Adam, æt. 130 at the birth of Seth— Adam died 3704,—æt. 930 * * 3769 Seth, æt. 105 at the birth of Enos— Seth died 2962,—æt. 912 3704 - 3704 - * 3679 Enos, æt. 90 at the birth of Cainan— Enos died 2864,—æt. 905 3609 Cainan, æt. 70 at the birth of Mahalaleel— Cainan died 2769,—æt. 910
1114	XXXVIth CENTURY — 5000	* 3544 Mahalaleel, æt. 65 at the birth of Jared— Mahalaleel died 2714,—æt. 895 * * * * 3382 Jared, æt. 162 at the birth of Enoch— Jared died 2582,—æt. 962 3317 Enoch, æt. 65 at the birth of Methuselah * *
1514	XXXIIInd CENTURY — 3200	* * 3130 Methuselah, æt. 187 at the birth of Lamech— Methuselah died 2348,—æt. 969 * * * 3017 Enoch, * translated æt. 365 2916 - 2916 - * 2948 Lamech, æt. 182 at the birth of Noah— Lamech died 2353,—æt. 777 * * *
1914	XXVIIIth CENTURY — 2800	* * * 2714 D Mahalaleel * * * 2582 D Jared * * 2448 Noah æt. 500 . . . at the birth of Shem— Noah died 1998,—æt. 950 * 2353 - D Lamech
2314	XXIVth CENTURY — 2400	2348 Noah, æt. 600 at the DELUGE = 1656 years, the ANTEDILUVIAN PERIOD. ) 2346 Shem, æt. (100 &) 2 at the birth of Arphaxad. Shem . . died 1846,—æt. 602 2311 Arphaxad, æt. 35 — birth of Salah. Arphaxad died 1908,—æt. 438 2281 Salah, æt. 30 — birth of Heber. Salah . . died 1878,—æt. 433 2247 Heber, æt. 34 — birth of Peleg. Heber . . died 1817,—æt. 464 2217 Peleg, æt. 30 — birth of Reu. Peleg . . died 2008,—æt. 239 2185 Reu, æt. 32 — birth of Serug. Reu . . died 1978,—æt. 239 2155 Serug, æt. 30 — birth of Nahor. Serug . . died 1955,—æt. 230 2126 Nahor, æt. 29 — birth of Terah. Nahor . . died 2007,—æt. 148 1996 Terah, æt. 130 — birth of Abraham = 352 y. the POSTDILUVIAN PERIOD.

The dispersion of mankind after Babel in the time of Peleg. The celestial observations at Babylon, as reported by Callisthenes to Aristotle, commence B. C. 2233. The conquest of Babylon by the Medes, is also referred by Niebuhr to this date. 'The highest point to which any profane accounts will carry us.'

2000 D Peleg  
2007 D Nahor



Jul. Period.	CENTURIES 'BEFORE CHRIST	THE BIRTH OF ABRAHAM TO THE EXODE			
14	XXth CENTURY — 2000	<p>1996 BIRTH OF ABRAHAM Genesis XI. — 27 21st Cent. B. C. 2097</p> <p>1986 Birth of Sarah,—ten years younger XVII. — 17 — 2087</p> <p><i>1978 - D Rev</i></p> <p><i>1955 - D Sereny</i></p> <p>1921 Terah dies,—æt. 205 XI. — 32 — 2022</p> <p>1921 The Call of Abraham,—æt. 75 XII. — 1, 4 — 2022</p> <p>1910 Birth of Ishmael,—Abraham æt. 86 XVI. — 16 — 2011</p> <p><i>1908 - D Arphaxad</i></p>			
14	XIXth CENTURY — 1900	<p>1897 The Covenant renewed,—Abraham æt. 99 XVII. — 1 20th Cent. — 1998</p> <p>1896 Birth of Isaac,— Abraham æt. 100 XVII. — 17 — 1997</p> <p><i>1878 - D Isaac</i></p> <p><i>1846 - D. Shem</i></p> <p>1859 Sarah dies, æt. 127 XXIII. — 1, 2 — 1960</p> <p>1856 Marriage of Isaac,—æt. 40 XXV. — 20 — 1957</p> <p>1836 Birth of Esau and Jacob,— Isaac æt. 60 XXV. — 26 — 1937</p> <p>1821 Abraham dies,—æt. 175 XXV. — 7, 8 — 1922</p> <p><i>1817 - D Hagar</i></p>			
14	XVIIIth CENTURY — 1800	<p>1796 First marriage of Esau,—æt. 40 XXVI. — 34 19th Cent. — 1897</p> <p>1778 Ishmael dies,—æt. 137 XXV. — 17 — 1874</p> <p>1759 Jacob goes to Haran,—æt. 77 XXVIII. — 10 — 1860</p> <p>1745 Birth of Joseph,—Jacob æt. 91 XXX. — 23 — 1846</p> <p>1739 Jacob returns to Canaan,—æt. 97 XXXI. — 41 — 1840</p> <p>1728 Joseph sold into Egypt,—æt. 17 XXXVII. — 2 — 1829</p> <p>1716 Isaac dies,—æt. 180 XXXV. — 28 — 1817</p> <p>1715 Joseph governor of Egypt,—æt. 30 XLI. — 46 — 1816</p> <p>1706 Jacob goes into Egypt,—æt. 130 XLVII. — 9 — 1807</p>			
14	XVIIth CENTURY — 1700	<p>1689 Jacob dies,—æt. 147 XLVII. — 28 18th Cent. — 1790</p> <p>1635 Joseph dies,—æt. 110 (144 years before the Exode) L. — 26 — 1736</p> <p>The ages of Levi, Kohath, and Amram, 137, 133, and 137 years respectively, will be found in Exodus VI. 16, 18, 20; but on the principal point of inquiry, the age of each father at the birth of his son, the sacred historian is silent. For four generations they cannot be known. The Scripture Chronology is broken in the division of time by this mode of computation, but it is sustained in the longer period by the years from the Call to the Exode, as is seen below.</p>			
14	XVIth CENTURY — 1600	<p>1574 Birth of Aaron,—115 years after the death of Jacob Exodus VII. — 7 17th Cent. — 1675</p> <p>1571 Birth of Moses,— 80 years before the Exode VII. — 7 — 1672</p> <p>1531 Flight of Moses to Midian,—æt. 40 II. — 15, 22 — 1632</p> <p>1491 THE EXODE, 430 years after the Call of Abraham XII. — 41 — 1592</p> <p><i>** The Birth of Abraham to the Call 75 y. + 430 y. to the Exode = 505 years.</i></p>			









Jul. Period.	CENTURIES BEFORE CHRIST	Abp. Usher B. C. <b>THE EXODE TO THE BUILDING OF THE TEMPLE</b>
3214	XVth CENTURY — 1500	<p>1491 THE EXODE,—430 years after 'The Call' 40 years Exodus XII. — 41 16th Cent. B. C.</p> <p>1451 Miriam dies.—Aaron dies, æt. 123 —</p> <p>1451 Moses dies, in the 11th month, æt. 120 —</p> <p>1451 Joshua, to the Division of Lands—Caleb 6 years Joshua XIV. — 10</p> <p>1445 Caleb, æt. 85, to the First Servitude (23 years) —</p> <p>The 1st Servitude, MESOPOTAMIA 8 years Judges III. — 8</p> <p>Othniel,—'the land had rest' 40 years' III. — 11</p> <p>The 11nd Servitude, MOAB 18 years III. — 14 15th Cent. —</p> <p>Ehud,—'the land had rest' 80 years' III. — 30</p> <p>Shamgar,—'he also delivered Israel'</p>
3314	XIVth CENTURY — 1400	<p>to the Division, within the space</p> <p>The 111rd Servitude, CANAAN 20 years IV. — 3</p> <p>Deborah and Barak,—'the land had rest' 40 years' V. — 31</p> <p>The 1Vth Servitude, MIDIAN 7 years VI. — 1</p> <p>Gideon,—'the country was in quietness' 40 years' VIII. — 23</p>
3414	XIIIth CENTURY — 1300	<p>includes the Events from Saul</p> <p>Abimelech,—'reigned' 3 years' IX. — 22</p> <p>Tola,—'judged Israel' 23 years' X. — 2</p> <p>Jair,—'judged Israel' 22 years' X. — 3</p> <p>The Vth Servitude, AMMON 18 years X. — 8</p>
3514	XIIth CENTURY — 1200	<p>Abp. Usher's Chronology</p> <p>Jephthah,—'judged Israel' 6 years' XII. — 7</p> <p>Ibzan,—'judged Israel' 7 years' XII. — 9</p> <p>Elon,—'judged Israel' 10 years' XII. — 11</p> <p>Abdon,—'judged Israel' 8 years' XII. — 14</p> <p>Eli,—'he had judged Israel—40 years' . . . . . but, according to Usher,— seven previous months excepted,— . . . . . during the 6th Servitude</p> <p>The VIth Servitude, PHILISTINES 40 years XIII. — 1</p> <p>Samson,—'he judged Israel—20 years' . . . . . in the days of the Philistines'</p> <p>Abode of the Ark in Kirjath-Jearim 20 years 1 Samuel VII. — 2</p> <p>Samuel,—'judged Israel in Mizpeh' (12 years) VII. — 5</p>
3614	XIth CENTURY — 1100	<p>1095 Saul anointed King of Israel,— reigns 40 years Acts XIII. — 21</p> <p>1085 Birth of David</p> <p>1055 David, King at Hebron,— reigns 7 years 1 Kings II. — 11</p> <p>1048 David, King at Jerusalem,— reigns 33 years</p> <p>1033 Birth of Solomon</p> <p>1015 Solomon, King of Israel— reigns 3 years</p> <p>1012 THE TEMPLE is then commenced in the 4th year VI. — 1</p> <p>** The Exode to the Temple,— St. Paul, 579 y. + 1013 the date below, = 1592 the date above. Abp. Usher, as derived from 1 Kings, 479 y. + 1012 the date below, = 1491 the date above.</p> <p>* The date of the Temple, B. C. 1013, is taken from the computation of Mr. Clinton.</p>

CENTURIES BEFORE CHRIST	DANAUS—FALL OF TROY—THE HERACLIDÆ	GRECIAN DYNASTIES, Vide Supp. Tab. III.	
17th CENTURY — 1500	<p>*** (The dates between parentheses imply, that the time is computed by generations only.)</p> <p>(1460) Danaüs in Argos. — Gelanor King of Argos (Pelasgus IV.) displaced by Danaüs. — Pelasgus V. from whom the Arcadian Kings.</p> <p>(1433) Deucalion, the reputed founder of the Hellenes. — The Flood of Deucalion is generally placed in Thessaly, and seems to have been gradually invested with circumstances of the general deluge.</p>		
16th CENTURY — 1400	<p>(1383) Erectheus, or Erechthonius, King of Athens. — He appears to be described as a native chief of Ionian race. — Dardanus, founder of the Trojan dynasty.</p> <p>(1333) Azan, Aphidas, Elatus — Arcadian chiefs — supposed sons of Arcas, from whom the Arcadian dynasty.</p> <p>(1313) Cadmus. — The introduction of letters ascribed to Cadmus by Herodotus, Sophocles, Ephorus, Aristotle, and Dionysius, is differently assigned by Euripides and others.</p>		
15th CENTURY — 1300	<p>(1283) Pelops in Pisatis — the patriarch of the later kings of Argos and Mycenæ.</p> <p>(1261) Birth of Hercules at Thebes.</p> <p>1256 The naval dominion and legislation of Minos.</p> <p>(1241) War of Hercules with Erginus, in which Amphitryon was slain.</p> <p>1239 War of Hercules in Pylos when Nestor was young.</p> <p>(1225) The Argonautic expedition to Colchis. — The Trojan expedition by Hercules.</p> <p>1213 First Theban war. — 1212 Murder of Iphitus by Hercules in the youth of Ulysses.</p> <p>1209 Death of Hercules on m. Ceta. — The Heraclidæ driven from Tiryns by Eurystheus.</p>	<p>1237 Commencement of the Assyrian empire, circa —</p> <p>1207 Eurystheus slain by Hyllus. — Atreus succeeds Eurystheus</p>	
14th CENTURY — 1200	<p>1200 Accession of Agamemnon. — 1198 Second Theban war.</p> <p>1192 The Trojan expedition (9 y. 1 m.) — 1183 FALL OF TROY.</p> <p>1176 Orestes reigns in Argos in the 8th year.</p> <p>1169 The Lydians first held dominion on the sea, 1169 — 1178.</p> <p>1154 Second attempt of the Heraclidæ under Cleodæus.</p> <p>1124 Third expedition by the Heraclidæ under Aristomachus. — The Thessali occupy Thessaly. — The Bœoti return to Bœotia in the 60th year. — Eolic migration under Penthilus.</p> <p>1104 Return of the Heraclidæ in the 80th year. — Melanthus, of Eolian descent, elected</p>	<p>at Mycenæ and Tiryns.</p> <p>1203 First attempt by the Heraclidæ at the Isthmus. — Hyllus slain by Echemus King of Tegea.</p>	
KINGS OF SPARTA	<p>King of Athens.</p> <p>1077 The Pelasgi obtain the empire of the sea, 1077 — 993.</p> <p>1074 Aletes obtains Corinth. — 1074 Migration of Theras.</p> <p>1053 Lesbos occupied 130 years after the Trojan Era.</p> <p>1045 Death of Codrus King of Athens. — 1044 Ionic migration, led by Neleus, 60 y.</p> <p>1033 Cymæ founded, 150 years after the Era. [after 'the Return']</p> <p>1015 Smyrna founded 163 years after the Era.</p>	<p>CORINTH</p> <p>1104 Hippothus living at</p> <p>'the Return' and 30 y. after</p> <p>1074 Aletes, 40, or 38 y.</p> <p>1034 Ixion, 38 y</p> <p>ATHENS</p> <p>1104 Melanthus ? yrs.</p> <p>— Codrus ? his time between Melanthus and Medon</p> <p>ARCHONS</p> <p>1045 Medon, 20 y.</p> <p>1025 Acastus, 36 y.</p>	
10 Eurystenes, 42 y.   1100 Procles, 41 y.			
18 Agis, 34 y. ?   1059 Sous, ? yrs.			
14 Echestratus 35 y.   — Eurypon, ? yrs.			







THE GRECIAN DYNASTIES

Ref. Christ	Trojan Era	
1783	600	19 (Inachus)
		18 † Phoroneus cir. B.C 1753
		17 (Niobe)
1683	500	16 Pelasgus † Argus
		15 † Criasus
		14 † Phorbas
1583	400	13 † Triopas
		12 Pelasgus II. (Messenü) † Iasus † Agenor
		11 Larissa Io † Crotopas
1483	300	10 Achæus Phthius Pelasgus III. † Sthenelus
		9 Phthius Hæmon Pelasgus † Pelasgus IV. — Gelanor ..... † Danatis cir. B.C. 1460
		8 Hellen Thessalus (Lycaon) Hypermnestra = † Lynceus
1383	200	7 Græcus Nyctimus Peucetius CEnotrus † Abas
		6 † Acrisius † Proetus
		5 † Aphidas Elatus Azan cir. 1333 † Danaë † Megapenthus
1283	100	4 † Cadmus cir. 1313 † Polydorus † Labdacus † Laius † Edipus † Perseus † Anaxagoras
		3 † Polynices † Eteocles † Alcmena = Amphytrion † Sthenelus † Alector
		2 † Thersander † Laodamas † Ephemus † Agapenor † Cercyon † Hercules, 1241 † Eurystheus † Iphis
1183	TROY	1 † Tisamenus † Hippothus † Antiochus † Telepolemus † Hyllus ob. 1203 — First attempt at the Isthmus † Cleodæus ob. 1154, 2nd Expedition
		2 † Autesion † Epytus † Phylas
		3 † Theras † Argia = Aristodemus † Cypselus 1104 = Hippothus † Temenus † Aristodemus † Cresphontes
1083	100	4 † Eolycus † Telemachus † Clytius † Laia † Cisia † Eurysthenes † Procles
		5 † Egeus † Chalciopous † Bucolion † Ixion † Medon † Agis † Sous † Epytus
		6 † Egeus † Chalciopous † Phintias † Agelas † Echestratus † Eurypion † Glaucus
983	200	7 † Egeus † Chalciopous † Simus † Prunnis † Labotas † Prytanis † Isthmius
		8 † Egeus † Chalciopous † Pompus † Bacchis † Doryssus † (Eunomus) † Dotadas
883	300	10 † Egeus † Chalciopous † Eginetes † Agelas † Agesilatis † Polydectes † Sybotas
		11 † Egeus † Chalciopous † Briacas † Polymestor † Archelaüs † Charilatis † Phintias
		12 † Egeus † Chalciopous † Briacas † Polymestor † Teleclus † Nicander
783	400	13 † Egeus † Chalciopous † Echinis † Agemon † Alexander † Alcamenes † Theopompus B.C. 770 † Androcles A
		14 † Egeus † Chalciopous † Aristocrates, 743 † Telestes † Automenes † Polydorus B.C. 742 ob. 744 † E
		15 † Egeus † Chalciopous † Hicetas † Aristocrates II. living B.C. 667
683	500	16 † Egeus † Chalciopous † Aristocrates II. living B.C. 667

B.C. 655 = Cypselus, Tab. 8.

SUPPLEMENTAL TO TABLE III.

\*\*\* The remote dynasties of Argos, Thebes, Arcadia, Athens, and Troy, the dates of which can only be conjectural, are here collected together, with the then average rule—three generations to a century—in the margin; the Trojan era being that of Eratosthenes. Some exceptions to the rule will appear from the lessened space between the lines. The leading names before the Trojan era, as Danaüs, Deucalion, Erechtheus, Dardanus, Arcas, Cadmus, Pelops, Hercules, and Agamemnon, are placed in the preceding Table. A few dates have been added between Hercules and Agamemnon where some names occur too near each other for both to range exactly with the marginal scale. This has led to the insertion of other dates with the view of connecting the latter part of these Genealogies more immediately with the Chronological Tables. The mythic or fictitious names are placed within parentheses, but some which remain open are referred to the judgment of the reader. An enlarged view of the subject will be found in the 'Fasti Hellenici,' Vide Introd. et seq. vol. i.

		Trojan Era	Before Christ
		10	300
		9	
		8	
		7	200
		6	1383
		5	
		4	100
		3	
		2	
		1	TROY
			1183
		2	
		3	
		4	100
		5	
		6	
		7	200
		8	
		9	
		10	300
		11	
		12	
		13	400
		14	
		15	
		16	500
			683

<p>(Pandion)</p> <p>§ Erechtheus cir. B.C. 1383</p> <p>§ Cecrops II. Pandorus Thestius Orneus</p> <p>§ Pandion II.</p> <p>§ Theseus</p> <p>§ Menestheus</p> <p>§ Demophon</p> <p>§ Oxyntes</p> <p>§ Aphidas § Thymætes</p> <p>Interregnum</p> <p>Tisamenus, ob. 1104</p> <p>§ Melanthus elect. 1104</p> <p>§ Codrus</p>	<p>Deucalion cir. B.C. 1433</p> <p>Hellen</p> <p>Æolus Dorus</p> <p>Salmonæus Tectamus</p> <p>Tyro Asterion</p> <p>Nelus Minos</p> <p>Nestor Periclymenus</p> <p>Antilochus Penthilus</p> <p>Borus</p> <p>Andropompus</p> <p>§ Codrus</p>	<p>Dardanus cir. B.C. 1383</p> <p>Erichthonius</p> <p>Tros</p> <p>Ilus Assarachus</p> <p>Laomedon Capys</p> <p>Priamus Anchises</p> <p>Hector Æneās</p>
---	---	---

<p>Tantalus</p> <p>Pelops cir. 1283</p> <p>Atreus in Pisatis</p> <p>Atreus succeeds to Mycenæ, 1207—Thyestes</p> <p>Agamemnon acc. 1200</p> <p>Agamemnon, ob. B.C. 1183</p> <p>Orestes in Mycenæ, succeeds to Argos</p> <p>Penthilus, Eolic migr. 1124</p> <p>elatis 'Achaia' col.</p> <p>Agorius 'Elis' joins Oxylus</p>	<p>Pallas</p> <p>Nisus Lycus</p> <p>§ Ægeus</p> <p>§ Theseus</p> <p>§ Menestheus</p> <p>§ Demophon</p> <p>§ Oxyntes</p> <p>§ Aphidas § Thymætes</p> <p>Interregnum</p> <p>Tisamenus, ob. 1104</p> <p>§ Melanthus elect. 1104</p> <p>§ Codrus</p>	<p>Dardanus cir. B.C. 1383</p> <p>Erichthonius</p> <p>Tros</p> <p>Ilus Assarachus</p> <p>Laomedon Capys</p> <p>Priamus Anchises</p> <p>Hector Æneās</p>
---	--	---

<p>§ Kings of Thebes</p> <p>† Kings of Argos</p> <p>‡ Kings of Mycenæ</p> <p>= Heraclidæ and Bacchiadæ of Corinth</p>	<p>‡ Arcadian Kings</p> <p>   Kings of Sparta</p> <p>§ Attic Kings</p> <p>§ Kings of Messenia</p> <p>* Archons of Athens</p>
---	--

\*\*\* The years of the Spartan Kings and the Archons of Athens will be found, as far as they can be applied, in the columns of the succeeding Tables. Their names are here placed, only on an average of years, as are also those of Messenian and Arcadian kings, which, being deficient in numbers, except the terminating dates, could not be given in the Tabular form.







Jul. Period.	CENTURIES BEFORE CHRIST		KINGS OF ISRAEL AND JUDAH		KINGS OF ISRAEL	
3714	X th CENTURY	1000	1000 Solomon, æt. 34.			— Solomon, 16th y. of his
			993 The building of the Temple and the Palace completed in 20 years.			
3734		980	976 Death of Solomon, æt. 58—his reign 39 y. 6 m.		JUDAH	976 Rehoboam, 17 yrs.
			972 Invasion of Shishak, King of Egypt, in the 5th of Rehoboam.			976 Jeroboam, 21
3754		960	959 Rehoboam dies, æt. 58.		959 Abijah, 3.	955 Nadab, 1.
			955 Jeroboam dies, æt. 43.		956 Asa, 41.	954 Baasha, 23
3774		940	942 Covenant with God in the 15th of Asa.			931 Elah, 2.
			941 Asa's league with Ben-Hadad, King of Syria—16th of Asa.			930 Zimri, 7.
			930 Ela slain in the 27th of Asa.			930 Omri, 7.
			926 Samaria built by Omri in his 7th year.			
			922 Asa at war with the Ethiopians.			
3794		920	918 Asa's last illness—two years.			919 Ahab, 41.
			913 Book of the Law read in the 3rd of Jehoshaphat.		915 Jehoshaphat, 24.	
3814	IX th CENTURY	900	898 Jehoshaphat and Ahab at war with Ben-Hadad,—Ahab slain.			897 Ahab, 42.
			895 Translation of Elijah.—He had prophesied about 24 years.			895 Joram, 12.
			891 Jehoshaphat dies, æt. 59.		891 Jehoram, 7.	
			884 The Syrian war,—Ahaziah and Joram against Hazael.			
			884 Jehoram dies, æt. 39.		884 Ahaziah, 1.	883 Jehu, 41.
3834		880	883 Ahaziah dies, æt. 23.		883 Athaliah, 6.	
			877 Athaliah slain in her 7th year.		877 Joash, 40.	
3854		860	863 Hazael King of Syria reigned, circa B. C. 886—840.			
			855 Jehoida the High Priest still living, 23rd of Joash. He died, æt. 130.			855 Jehoiada, 16.
3874		840	839 Jonah prophecies, circa B. C. 839—782.			
			837 Joash dies, æt. 47.		837 Amaziah, 29.	839 Jehoiada, 16.
			836 Elisha died in the reign of Jehoash. 2 Kings xiii. 20.—He had prophesied about 60 years.			
3894		820	808 Amaziah dies, aged 54.		808 Uzziah, 52.	823 Jeroboam, 41.

\*\*\* The Temple, B. C. 1013, to Rehoboam, 37 y. + 389 y. to its Destruction, B. C. 587 = 426 years.

KINGS OF SPARTA		HOMER — IPHITUS — LYCURGUS		Heraclidæ of Corinth	Archons — Perpetual
Agidæ	Proclidæ				
Alphetratus	— Eurypon	1000	Homer flourished, 1018—983, 165—200 years after the Fall of Troy.	— Ixion	— Acastus
Arctotas, 37.	— Prytanis	992	The Thracians obtain the maritime ascendancy on the Mediterranean, 992—914.	996 Agelas, 37.	989 Archippus, 19.
					970 Thersippus, 23.
				959 Prumnis, 35.	
Arystus, 29.	— (Eunomus)				947 Phorbas, 31.
Arzilatis, 44.	— Polydectes	913	The Rhodians succeed the Thracians in the empire of the sea, 913—891.	924 Bacchis, 35.	916 Megacles, 28.
		897	Hesiod flourished, 915—880.		
		890	The Phrygians enjoy the maritime power, 890—866.	889 Agelas, 30.	888 Diognetus, 28.
		884	Olympiad of Iphitus, in which Lycurgus concurred.		
Arhelais, 60.	873 Charilais, 64.	873	Regency of Lycurgus on the birth of Charilais.		
		865	The Cyprian empire of the sea succeeds the Phrygian power, 865—833.	859 Eudemus, 25.	860 Pherocles, 19.
					841 Ariphron, 20.
		832	The Phœnicians are the seventh power that obtain the command of the Mediterranean, 832—786.	834 Aristodemus, 35.	
					821 Thespius, 27.
		809	Nicander 39.		

\*\*\* For the Scripture Periods in connection with each other, refer to Table 9.







Jul. Period	Y. of Rome	Olympiads	Ref. Christ	OLYMPIC VICTORS	Kings of Judah	Kings of Israel	EMPIRE OF ASSYRIA					
3914			800		9 Uzziah	24 Jeroboam II.						
3915			799		10	25						
3916			798		11	26						
3917			797		12	27						
3918			796		13	28						
3919			795		14	29						
3920			794		15	30						1 A
3921			793		16	31						2
3922			792		17	32						3
3923			791		18	33						4
3924			790		19	34						5
3925			789		20	35						6
3926			788		21	36						7
3927			787		22	37						8
3928			786		23	38						9
3929			785		24	39						10
3930			784		25	40						11
3931			783		26	41						12
3932			782		27	— Interreg.						13
3933			781		28							14
3934			780		29							15
3935			779		30							16
3936			778		31							17
3937			777		32							1 A
3938		1.1	776	Coræbus	33							2
3939		2	775		34							3
3940		3	774		35							4
3941		4	773		36							5
3942		2.1	772	Antimachus	37							6
3943		2	771		38	1 Zachariah 6 m.	Assyrian Empire					7
3944		3	770		39	1 Shallum						8
3945		4	769		40	1 Menahem						9
3946		3.1	768	Androclus	41	3	1 Pul the 21st ante 769					10
3947		2	767		42	4						11
3948		3	766		43	5						12
3949		4	765		44	6						13
3950		4.1	764	Polychares	45	7						14
3951		2	763		46	8						15
3952		3	762		47	9						16
3953		4	761		48	10						17
3954		5.1	760	Æschines	49	— Interreg.	10					18
3955		2	759		50	1 Pekaiah	11					19
3956		3	758		51	2						20
3957		4	757		52	1 Pekah	13					21
3958		6.1	756	Æbotas	1 Jotham	2	14					22
3959		2	755		2	3	15					23
3960		3	754		3	4	16					1 A
3961	1	4	753		4	5	17					2
3962	2	7.1	752	Daicles	5	6	18					1 C
3963	3	2	751		6	7	19					2

	Bacchiadae of Corinth	PROPHETS	EARLY OLYMPIADS	POETS, ETC.
plus der 10 - 11	35 Aristodemus 1 Agemon	Joel flourishes B. C. 808—783. He delivers his prophecy circa 783. Some writers state his time about B.C. 640		
- 12	2			
- 13	3			
- 14	4			
- 15	5			
- 16	6			
- 17	7			
- 18	8			
- 19	9			
- 20	10	Amos prophecies circa B. C. 808—783		
- 21	11			
- 22	12			
- 23	13		The Egyptian empire on the Mediterranean, 787—751.	
- 24	14			
- 25	15	Hosea prophecies between B. C. 808 and 783, and thence to circa B. C. 724		
- 26	16			
- 27	1 Alexander		Phidon King of Argos reigns circa 783—744.	
- 28	2			
- 29	3			
- 30	4			
- 31	5			
- 32	6			
- 33	7			
- 34	8		Victory of Coræbus, the earliest authentic date in Grecian chronology. The Olympic games, now first registered, were celebrated this year, according to Scaliger, on July 23rd.	
- 35	9			Arctinus of Miletus flourished circa 775—740
- 36	10		Pandosia and Metapontum in Italy founded. An earlier date is given to Metapontum by Justin.	
- 37	11			
- 38	12			
- 39	13			
- 40	14		Zechariah slain by Shallum.—Shallum slain by Menahem.	
- 41	15			
- 42	16			
- 43	17			
- 44	18			
- 45	19			Cinæthon the Lacedæmonian, poet, fl. 'Ἡρακλεία'
- 46	20		Polychares of Messenia victor in the Olympic games: twenty years afterwards the cause of the first Messenian war.	
- 47	21			
- 48	22			
- 49	23			Eumelus of Corinth fl. 761—731
- 50	24		Theopompus King of Sparta institutes the Ephori.	
- 51	25			
- 52	1 Telestes		Telestes King of Corinth reigns twelve years.	
- 53	2	Isaiah prophecies circa B. C. 757—712, or, according to others, circa B. C. 757—697		
- 54	3		Uzziah dies æt. 66.—Settlement of Cyzicus in the Propontis by the Milesians, according to Strabo.	
- 55	4	Micah prophecies in the reigns of Jotham, Ahaz, and Hezekiah, B. C. 756—698		
- 56	5		Rome founded, according to Varro	Antimachus of Teos fl.
- 57	6			
- 58	7		The decennial Archons at Athens commence with Charops.—Daicles crowned at the Olympic games, the first who had that honour.	
- 59	8		Rome founded, according to Cato.	







Jul. Period	Nabonassar	Y. of Rome	Olympiads	Bef. Christ	OLYMPIC VICTORS	Kings of Judah	Kings of Israel	Kings of Babylon	EMPIRE OF ASSYRIA	Kings of Media	Kings of Lydia	Kings of Macedon	Other
3964		4	3	750		7 Jotham	8 Pekah		20 Pul				3 C
3965		5	4	749		8 ———	9 ———		21 ———				4
3966		6	8.1	748	Anticles	9 ———	10 ———		22 ———				5
3967	1	7	2	747		10 ———	11 ———	1 Nabonassar	23 ———				6
3968	2	8	3	746		11 ———	12 ———	2 ———	24 ———				7
3969	3	9	4	745		12 ———	13 ———	3 ———	25 ———				8
3970	4	10	9.1	744	Zenocles	13 ———	14 ———	4 ———	26 ———				9
3971	5	11	2	743		14 ———	15 ———	5 ———	27 ———				10
3972	3	12	3	742		15 ———	16 ———	6 ———	28 ———				1 E
3973	7	13	4	741		1 Ahaz	17 ———	7 ———	29 ———				2
3974	8	14	10.1	740	Dotadas	2 ———	18 ———	8 ———	30 ———				3
3975	9	15	2	739		3 ———	19 ———	9 ———	31 ———				4
3976	10	16	3	738		4 ———	— Interreg.	10 ———	1 Tiglath-pileser 2 ante 738				5
3977	11	17	4	737		5 ———	——	11 ———	——				6
3978	12	18	11.1	736	Leochares	6 ———	——	12 ———	3 ———				7
3979	13	19	2	735		7 ———	——	13 ———	4 ———				8
3980	14	20	3	734		8 ———	——	14 ———	5 ———				9
3981	15	21	4	733		9 ———	——	1 Nadius	6 ———				10
3982	16	22	12.1	732	Oxythemis	10 ———	——	2 ———	7 ———				1 C
3983	17	23	2	731		11 ———	——	1 Chinzirus and Porus	8 ———				2
3984	18	24	3	730		12 ———	——	2 ———	9 ———				3
3985	19	25	4	729		13 ———	1 Hoshea	3 ———	1 Shalmaneser			— Perdiccas I.	4
3986	20	26	13.1	728	Diocles	14 ———	2 ———	4 ———	2 ———			——	5
3987	21	27	2	727		15 ———	3 ———	5 ———	3 ———			——	6
3988	22	28	3	726		1 Hezekiah	4 ———	1 Jugæus	4 ———			——	7
3989	23	29	4	725		2 ———	5 ———	2 ———	5 ———			——	8
3990	24	30	14.1	724	Dasmon	3 ———	6 ———	3 ———	6 ———			——	9
3991	25	31	2	723		4 ———	7 ———	4 ———	7 ———			——	10
3992	26	32	3	722		5 ———	8 ———	5 ———	8 ———			——	1 H
3993	27	33	4	721		6 ———	— Conquered by Assyria	1 Mardocempadus	9 ———			——	2
3994	28	34	15.1	720	Orsippus	7 ———	——	2 ———	10 ———			——	3
3995	29	35	2	719		8 ———	——	3 ———	11 ———			——	4
3996	30	36	3	718		9 ———	——	4 ———	12 ———			——	5
3997	31	37	4	717		10 ———	——	5 ———	13 ———			——	6
3998	32	38	16.1	716	Pythagoras	11 ———	——	6 ———	14 ———		1 Gyges	——	7
3999	33	39	2	715		12 ———	——	7 ———	15 ———		2 ———	——	8
4000	34	40	3	714		13 ———	——	8 ———	16 ———		3 ———	——	9
4001	35	41	4	713		14 ———	——	9 ———	1 Sennacherib		4 ———	——	10
4002	36	42	17.1	712	Polus	15 ———	——	10 ———	2 ———		5 ———	——	1 Le
4003	37	43	2	711		16 ———	——	11 ———	1 Esarhadon or		6 ———	——	2
4004	38	44	3	710		17 ———	——	12 ———	2 Sardanapalus		7 ———	——	3
4005	39	45	4	709		18 ———	——	1 Archianus	3 ———	1 Deioces	8 ———	——	4
4006	40	46	18.1	708	Tellis	19 ———	——	2 ———	4 ———	2 ———	9 ———	——	5
4007	41	47	2	707		20 ———	——	3 ———	5 ———	3 ———	10 ———	——	6
4008	42	48	3	706		21 ———	——	4 ———	6 ———	4 ———	11 ———	——	7
4009	43	49	4	705		22 ———	——	5 ———	7 ———	5 ———	12 ———	——	8
4010	44	50	19.1	704	Menus	23 ———	——	— Interreg. [30 d.	8 ———	6 ———	13 ———	——	9
4011	45	51	2	703		24 ———	——	1 Hagisa, 1 Baldanes, 1 Belibus	9 ———	7 ———	14 ———	——	10
4012	46	52	3	702		25 ———	——	——	10 ———	8 ———	15 ———	——	1 Ap
4013	47	53	4	701		26 ———	——	2 ———	11 ———	9 ———	16 ———	——	2

Years of the Olympiads	Bacchiadæ of Corinth	PROPHETS	EARLY OLYMPIADS	POETS, ETC.
21	9	Telestes	Rome founded according to Polybius.—The Milesian empire of the sea, 750—733	
22	10		Rhegium colonized by the Messenians under Alcidas, a few years before the first Messenian war.	
23	11		Phidon, tyrant of Argos, celebrated the eighth Olympic games.	
24	12		Era of Nabonassar begins, Feb. 27.—Rome founded according to Fabius Pictor.—Telestes King of Corinth slain by Arieus and Perantas.	
25	1	Automenes	Automenes King of Corinth.	
26	1	Annual Prytanes	First annual prytanis at Corinth.	
27	2	of Corinth		Eumeli 'Κορινθιακά'
28	3		The First Messenian war.	
29	4			
30	5		Jotham dies, æt. 40.	
31	6			
32	7			
33	8		Pekah slain by Hoshea.	
34	9			
35	10			Callinus of Ephesus fl. circa 736—712
36	11		Naxos in Sicily founded by Theucles.	
37	12		Syracuse founded by Archias of Corinth.—Actæon slain by the Bacchiadæ.	
38	13			
39	14		The Carian Empire of the Sea, 732—672.	
40	15			
41	16		Leontium in Achaia founded.—Catana in Sicily founded by Euarchus.	
42	17			
43	18		Megara Hyblæa founded.—Rome founded according to Cincius.	Philolatus of Corinth fl.
44	19			
45	20		Ahaz dies, æt. 35.	
46	21			
47	22		The Δίαυλος added at the Olympic games.	
48	23		Samaria besieged for three years.—First Messenian war ended.	
49	24		Siege of Samaria second year.—Sybaris founded—721.	
50	25	Nahum the Prophet flourished B.C. 721—712	Samaria taken by Shalmaneser.—First eclipse of the Moon on record, Mar. 19, reduced by Ptolemy to the meridian of Alexandria.	
51	26		Thasos founded according to Dionysius.—The Δολιχος introduced in the Olympic games.—Second and third eclipses of the Moon on record, March 8 and Sept. 1.	
52	27		War in Thyrea.	
53	28		Tyre besieged by Shalmaneser King of Assyria.	
54	29		Gyges began to reign in Lydia.—Mylæ in the Chersonesus of Sicily founded.	
55	30		Abydos in Asia Minor planted by the Milesians.	
56	31			
57	32		Sickness of Hezekiah.—Sennacherib invades Judea.	
58	33		Astacus—afterwards Nicomedia—in Bithynia founded by the Megarians.	
59	34		Revolt of the Medes and death of Sennacherib King of Assyria.	
60	35			
61	36		Crotona founded by Myscellus.	
62	37		Deioces begins to reign in Media.	
63	38		Tarentum in Apulia and Corcyra founded.—Thasos founded according to Xanthus.—Foundation of Parion placed at this year by Eusebius.—The πάλη and πένταθλον added to the Olympic games.	Archilochus of Thasos fl. 708—665
64	39			
65	40			
66	41			
67	42		Aminocles of Corinth first commands the Athenian navy.—The triremes also now first mentioned.	
68	43			
69	44			
70	45			







Jul. Period	Nabassar	Y. of Rome	Olympiads	Bef. Christ	OLYMPIC VICTORS	Kings of Judah	Kings of Egypt	Kings of Babylon	KINGS OF ASSYRIA	Kings of Media	Kings of Lydia	Kings of Macedon
4014	48	54	20.1	700	Atheradas	27 Hezekiah		3 Belibus	12 Esarhad-don	10 Deioeces	17 Gyges	—Perdiccas I.
4015	49	55	2	699		28 —		1 Asordanes	13 —	11 —	18 —	—
4016	50	56	3	698		29 —		2 —	14 —	12 —	19 —	—
4017	51	57	4	697		1 Manasseh		3 —	15 —	13 —	20 —	—
4018	52	58	21.1	696	Pantacles	2 —		4 —	16 —	14 —	21 —	—
4019	53	59	2	695		3 —		5 —	17 —	15 —	22 —	—
4020	54	60	5	694		4 —		6 —	18 —	16 —	23 —	—
4021	55	61	4	693		5 —		1 Regibalus	1 Asordanes or Nergilus	17 —	24 —	—
4022	56	62	22.1	692	Pantacles II.	6 —		1 Mesesimordachus	2 K. of Babylon	18 —	25 —	—
4023	57	63	2	691		7 —		2 —	1 Adrameles or Sam-	19 —	26 —	—
4024	58	64	3	690		8 —		3 —	2 mughes	20 —	27 —	—
4025	59	65	4	689		9 —		4 —	3 —	21 —	28 —	—
4026	60	66	23.1	688	Icarius	10 —		— Interreg.	4 —	22 —	29 —	—
4027	61	67	2	687		11 —		—	5 —	23 —	30 —	—
4028	62	68	3	686		12 —		—	6 —	24 —	31 —	—
4029	63	69	4	685		13 —		—	7 —	25 —	32 —	—
4030	64	70	24.1	684	Cleoptolemus	14 —		—	8 —	26 —	33 —	—
4031	65	71	2	683		15 —		—	9 —	27 —	34 —	—
4032	66	72	3	682		16 —		—	10 —	28 —	35 —	—
4033	67	73	4	681		17 —		—	11 —	29 —	36 —	—
4034	68	74	25.1	680	Thalpis	18 —		1 Asaridinus	12 —	30 —	37 —	—
4035	69	75	2	679		19 —		2 —	13 —	31 —	38 —	—
4036	70	76	3	678		20 —		3 —	14 —	32 —	1 Ardys	—Argæus
4037	71	77	4	677		21 —		4 —	15 —	33 —	2 —	—
4038	72	78	26.1	676	Callisthenes	22 —		5 —	16 —	34 —	3 —	—
4039	73	79	2	675		23 —		6 —	17 —	35 —	4 —	—
4040	74	80	3	674		24 —		7 —	18 —	36 —	5 —	—
4041	75	81	4	673		25 —		8 —	19 —	37 —	6 —	—
4042	76	82	27.1	672	Eurybus	26 —		9 —	20 —	38 —	7 —	—
4043	77	83	2	671		27 —		10 —	21 —	39 —	8 —	—
4044	78	84	3	670		28 —	1 Psammetichus	11 —	1 Axerdis	40 —	9 —	—
4045	79	85	4	669		29 —	2 —	12 —	2 —	41 —	10 —	—
4046	80	86	28.1	668	Charmis	30 —	3 —	13 —	3 —	42 —	11 —	—
4047	81	87	2	667		31 —	4 —	1 Saosduchinus	4 —	43 —	12 —	—
4048	82	88	3	666		32 —	5 —	2 —	5 —	44 —	13 —	—
4049	83	89	4	665		33 —	6 —	3 —	6 —	45 —	14 —	—
4050	84	90	29.1	664	Chionis	34 —	7 —	4 —	7 —	46 —	15 —	—
4051	85	91	2	663		35 —	8 —	5 —	8 —	47 —	16 —	—
4052	86	92	3	662		36 —	9 —	6 —	9 —	48 —	17 —	—
4053	87	93	4	661		37 —	10 —	7 —	10 —	49 —	18 —	—
4054	88	94	30.1	660	Chionis II.	38 —	11 —	8 —	11 —	50 —	19 —	—
4055	89	95	2	659		39 —	12 —	9 —	12 —	51 —	20 —	—
4056	90	96	3	658		40 —	13 —	10 —	13 —	52 —	21 —	—
4057	91	97	4	657		41 —	14 —	11 —	14 —	53 —	22 —	—
4058	92	98	31.1	656	Chionis III.	42 —	15 —	12 —	15 —	1 Phraortes	23 —	—
4059	93	99	2	655		43 —	16 —	13 —	16 —	2 —	24 —	—
4060	94	100	3	654		44 —	17 —	14 —	17 —	3 —	25 —	—
4061	95	101	4	653		45 —	18 —	15 —	18 —	4 —	26 —	—
4062	96	102	32.1	652	Cratinus	46 —	19 —	16 —	19 —	5 —	27 —	—
4063	97	103	2	651		47 —	20 —	17 —	20 —	6 —	28 —	—









Jul. Period	Nabonassar	Y. of Rome	Olympiads	Ref. Christ	OLYMPIC VICTORS	Kings of Judah	Kings of Egypt	Kings of Babylon	KINGS OF ASSYRIA	Kings of Media	Kings of Lydia	Kings of Macedon
4064	98	104	3	650		48 Manasseh	21 Psammeticus	18 Saosduchinus	1 Nabuchodonosor or Sardana-palus	7 Phraortes	29 Ardys	—Argæus
4065	99	105	4	649		49 ———	22 ———	19 ———	2 ———	8 ———	30 ———	——
4066	100	106	33.1	648	Gylis	50 ———	23 ———	20 ———	3 ———	9 ———	31 ———	——
4067	101	107	2	647		51 ———	24 ———	1 Chinaladanus	4 ———	10 ———	32 ———	——
4068	102	108	3	646		52 ———	25 ———	2 ———	5 ———	11 ———	33 ———	——
4069	103	109	4	645		53 ———	26 ———	3 ———	6 ———	12 ———	34 ———	——
4070	104	110	34.1	644	Stomus	54 ———	27 ———	4 ———	7 ———	13 ———	35 ———	——
4071	105	111	2	643		55 ———	28 ———	5 ———	8 ———	14 ———	36 ———	——
4072	106	112	3	642		1 Amon	29 ———	6 ———	9 ———	15 ———	37 ———	——
4073	107	113	4	641		2 ———	30 ———	7 ———	10 ———	16 ———	38 ———	——
4074	108	114	35.1	640	Sphæron	1 Josiah	31 ———	8 ———	11 ———	17 ———	39 ———	—Philip I.
4075	109	115	2	639		2 ———	32 ———	9 ———	12 ———	18 ———	40 ———	——
4076	110	116	3	638		3 ———	33 ———	10 ———	13 ———	19 ———	41 ———	——
4077	111	117	4	637		4 ———	34 ———	11 ———	14 ———	20 ———	42 ———	——
4078	112	118	36.1	636	Phrynon	5 ———	35 ———	12 ———	15 ———	21 ———	43 ———	——
4079	113	119	2	635		6 ———	36 ———	13 ———	16 ———	22 ———	44 ———	——
4080	114	120	3	634		7 ———	37 ———	14 ———	17 ———	1 Cyaxares	45 ———	——
4081	115	121	4	633		8 ———	38 ———	15 ———	18 ———	2 ———	46 ———	——
4082	116	122	37.1	632	Euryclidas	9 ———	39 ———	16 ———	19 ———	3 ———	47 ———	——
4083	117	123	2	631		10 ———	40 ———	17 ———	20 ———	4 ———	48 ———	——
4084	118	124	3	630		11 ———	41 ———	18 ———	1 Saracus or Ninus	5 ———	49 ———	——
4085	119	125	4	629		12 ———	42 ———	19 ———	2 II. or Sardana-palus	6 ———	1 Sadyattes	——
4086	120	126	38.1	628	Olyntheus	13 ———	43 ———	20 ———	3 ———	7 ———	2 ———	——
4087	121	127	2	627		14 ———	44 ———	21 ———	4 ———	8 ———	3 ———	——
4088	122	128	3	626		15 ———	45 ———	22 ———	5 ———	9 ———	4 ———	——
4089	123	129	4	625		16 ———	46 ———	1 Nabopolassar	6 ———	10 ———	5 ———	——
4090	124	130	39.1	624	Rhipsolcus	17 ———	47 ———	2 ———	7 ———	11 ———	6 ———	——
4091	125	131	2	623		18 ———	48 ———	3 ———	8 ———	12 ———	7 ———	——
4092	126	132	3	622		19 ———	49 ———	4 ———	9 ———	13 ———	8 ———	——
4093	127	133	4	621		20 ———	50 ———	5 ———	10 ———	14 ———	9 ———	——
4094	128	134	40.1	620	Olyntheus II.	21 ———	51 ———	6 ———	11 ———	15 ———	10 ———	——
4095	129	135	2	619		22 ———	52 ———	7 ———	12 ———	16 ———	11 ———	——
4096	130	136	3	618		23 ———	53 ———	8 ———	13 ———	17 ———	12 ———	——
4097	131	137	4	617		24 ———	54 ———	9 ———	14 ———	18 ———	1 Alyattes	——
4098	132	138	41.1	616	Cleondas	25 ———	1 Neco	10 ———	15 ———	19 ———	2 ———	——
4099	133	139	2	615		26 ———	2 ———	11 ———	16 ———	20 ———	3 ———	——
4100	134	140	3	614		27 ———	3 ———	12 ———	17 ———	21 ———	4 ———	——
4101	135	141	4	613		28 ———	4 ———	13 ———	18 ———	22 ———	5 ———	——
4102	136	142	42.1	612	Lycotas	29 ———	5 ———	14 ———	19 ———	23 ———	6 ———	——
4103	137	143	2	611		30 ———	6 ———	15 ———	20 ———	24 ———	7 ———	——
4104	138	144	3	610		31 ———	7 ———	16 ———	21 ———	25 ———	8 ———	——
4105	139	145	4	609		1 Jehoahaz	8 ———	17 ———	22 ———	26 ———	9 ———	——
4106	140	146	43.1	608	Cleon	2 Jehoiakim	9 ———	18 ———	23 ———	27 ———	10 ———	——
4107	141	147	2	607		3 ———	10 ———	19 ———	24 ———	28 ———	11 ———	——
4108	142	148	3	606		4 ———	11 ———	20 Nebuchadrezzar	— Fall of Nineveh	29 ———	12 ———	——
4109	143	149	4	605		5 ———	12 ———	21 ———	2' 30	——	13 ———	——
4110	144	150	44.1	604	Gelon	6 ———	13 ———	1 Nebuchadrezzar alone	31 ———	——	14 ———	——
4111	145	151	2	603		7 ———	14 ———	2 ———	32 ———	——	15 ———	——
4112	146	152	3	602		8 ———	15 ———	3 ———	33 ———	——	16 ———	—Eropus
4113	147	153	4	601		9 ———	16 ———	4 ———	34 ———	——	17 ———	——

Proclitæ Kings of Corinth	PROPHETS	EARLY OLYMPIADS	POETS, ETC.
6 Cypselus			
7 ———			
8 ———		Myron of Sicily is victor in the chariot race.—Himera in Sicily founded. The <i>παγκράτιον</i> and the <i>κέλεις</i> added to the Olympic games.	Pisander of Camira fl. circa 647—623 'Hράκλεια Pisan-dri'
9 ———			
10 ———			
11 ———			
12 ———		Pantaleon King of Pisa celebrates the Olympic games.—Casmenæ founded by the Syracusans.	Terpander. His improve-ments in Spartan music about this time.
13 ———			
14 ———		Manasseh dies æt. 67.	
15 ———			
16 ———			
17 ———	Zephaniah the Prophet flourished circa B.C. 640—609.	First establishment of Battus.	Birth of Thales of Miletus
18 ———			
19 ———		Second settlement of Battus.	
20 ———			
21 ———		The Cimmerians take Sardis.	
22 ———		Phraortes slain by the Assyrians.—Irruption of the Scythians in Asia.	
23 ———		Istrus and Tomi, Milesian colonies settled.	
24 ———		The <i>δρόμος</i> and <i>πάλη πασιών</i> added to the Olympic games.	Birth of Stesichorus, lyric poet
25 ———		Cyrenë in Africa founded by Battus.	
26 ———		The Milesians are established in Egypt.	Mimnermus of Colophon fl. 630—586
27 ———		Foundation of Sinope in Asia Minor by Coüs and Critines of Miletus.	
28 ———	Jeremiah prophecies circa B. C. 628—586	The Megarians send colonists to Byzantium.—Selinus in Sicily founded by Panillus of Megara Hyblæa	Aristoxenus of Selinus, iamb. fl.
29 ———		Lipara founded according to Eusebius.	
30 ———		Prusias founded according to Eusebius.	
1 Periander		Epidamnus on the Adriatic founded.—Cypselus succeeded by Peri-ander.	Arion, lyric, flourished in the reign of Periander 625—610. Invented the Cyclian chorus
2 ———		Proclus tyrant of Epidaurus is cotemporary with Periander.	
3 ———		Milesian war begins.	
4 ———		The Book of the Law read, and the Passover solemnly kept by Josiah.	
5 ———		Legislation of Draco.—Fourth eclipse of the Moon on record, April 22.	Draco, legislat. flourished
6 ———			Birth of Æsop, circa
7 ———			
8 ———			
9 ———			
10 ———		The Cimmerians finally expelled from Asia Minor by Alyattes.—The duration of their occupation circa B.C. 876—617.	
11 ———			
12 ———			
13 ———			
14 ———	Habakkuk the Prophet flourished B.C. 612—598	Peace with Miletus, between Alyattes and Thrasybulus.	
15 ———		Pittacus overthrows the tyranny of Melanchrus.	Sappho 611—592.—Alcæus.—Damophylé.—Erinna fl.
16 ———		Neco began his canal between the Red Sea and the Nile about this time.	Birth of Anaximander of Miletus.—Stesichorus fl.
17 ———		Josiah king of Judah slain at Megiddo æt. 39.—Apollonia on the Euxine founded.	
18 ———		Panætius becomes tyrant of Leontium.	
19 ———		The Scythians expelled from Asia by Cyaxares.	Alcæus is engaged in the war of the Athenians and Mytilenæans in Bœotia.
20 ———	Daniel prophecies B. C. 606—534 throughout the Captivity	Capture of Nineveh.—Captivity of the Jews.—Combat of Pittacus and Phrynon.—Periander mediates between Athens and Mytilenæ.	Chersias of Orchomenus fl.
21 ———			
22 ———		The Red Sea navigated by the Phenicians about this time by order of Neco; they returned by the Mediterranean.	
23 ———			
24 ———			
25 ———			







Jul. Period	Nabonassar	X. of Rome	Olympiads	Ref. Christ	OLYMPIC VICTORS	Kings of Egypt	Kings of Babylon	Kings of Judah	Kings of Media	Kings of Lydia	Kings of Macedon
4114	148	154	45.1	600	Anticrates	1 Psammis	5 Nebuchadnezzar	10 Jehoia-kin	35 Cyaxares	18 Alyattes	—Æropus
4115	149	155	2	599		2 —	6 —	11 —	36 —	19 —	—
4116	150	156	3	598		3 —	7 —	1 Jehoia-kin 1 Zedekiah	37 —	20 —	—
4117	151	157	4	597		4 —	8 —	2 —	38 —	21 —	—
4118	152	158	46.1	596	Chrysomachus	5 —	9 —	3 —	39 —	22 —	—
4119	153	159	2	595		6 —	10 —	4 —	40 —	23 —	—
4120	154	160	3	594		1 Apries	11 —	5 —	1 Astyages	24 —	—
4121	155	161	4	593		2 —	12 —	6 —	2 —	25 —	—
4122	156	162	47.1	592	Eurycles	3 —	13 —	7 —	3 —	26 —	—
4123	157	163	2	591		4 —	14 —	8 —	4 —	27 —	—
4124	158	164	3	590		5 —	15 —	9 —	5 —	28 —	—
4125	159	165	4	589		6 —	16 —	10 —	6 —	29 —	—
4126	160	166	48.1	588	Glycon	7 —	17 —	11 —	7 —	30 —	—
4127	161	167	2	587		8 —	18 —	— * Fall of Jerusalem	8 —	31 —	—
4128	162	168	3	586		9 —	19 —	—	9 —	32 —	—
4129	163	169	4	585		10 —	20 —	—	10 —	33 —	—
4130	164	170	49.1	584	Lycinus	11 —	21 —	—	11 —	34 —	—
4131	165	171	2	583		12 —	22 —	—	12 —	35 —	—
4132	166	172	3	582		13 —	23 —	—	13 —	36 —	—
4133	167	173	4	581		14 —	24 —	—	14 —	37 —	—
4134	168	174	50.1	580	Epitelidas	15 —	25 —	—	15 —	38 —	—
4135	169	175	2	579		16 —	26 —	—	16 —	39 —	—
4136	170	176	3	578		17 —	27 —	—	17 —	40 —	—
4137	171	177	4	577		18 —	28 —	—	18 —	41 —	—
4138	172	178	51.1	576	Eratosthenes	19 —	29 —	—	19 —	42 —	— Alcetas
4139	173	179	2	575		20 —	30 —	—	20 —	43 —	—
4140	174	180	3	574		21 —	31 —	—	21 —	44 —	—
4141	175	181	4	573		22 —	32 —	—	22 —	45 —	—
4142	176	182	52.1	572	Agis	23 —	33 —	—	23 —	46 —	—
4143	177	183	2	571		24 —	34 —	—	24 —	47 —	—
4144	178	184	3	570		— Interreg.	35 —	—	25 —	48 —	—
4145	179	185	4	569		1 Amasis	36 —	—	26 —	49 —	—
4146	180	186	53.1	568	Agnon	2 —	37 —	—	27 —	50 —	—
4147	181	187	2	567		3 —	38 —	—	28 —	51 —	—
4148	182	188	3	566		4 —	39 —	—	29 —	52 —	—
4149	183	189	4	565		5 —	40 —	—	30 —	53 —	— Hip
4150	184	190	54.1	564	Hippostratus	6 —	41 —	—	31 —	54 —	—
4151	185	191	2	563		7 —	42 —	—	32 —	55 —	—
4152	186	192	3	562		8 —	43 —	—	33 —	56 —	—
4153	187	193	4	561		9 —	1 Evil Merodach (Ilvarodamus)	—	34 —	57 —	—
4154	188	194	55.1	560	Hippostrat. II.	10 —	2 —	—	35 PERSIA	1 Croesus	— Com
4155	189	195	2	559		11 —	1 Neriglissar (Nericosolassar)	—	1 Cyrus	2 —	— Heg
4156	190	196	3	558		12 —	2 —	—	2 —	3 —	—
4157	191	197	4	557		13 —	3 —	—	3 —	4 —	—
4158	192	198	56.1	556	Phædrus	14 —	1 Laborosoarchod 9 m.	—	4 —	5 —	— Ent
4159	193	199	2	555		15 —	1 Belshazzar (Nabonadius)	—	5 —	6 —	—
4160	194	200	3	554		16 —	2 —	—	6 —	7 —	—
4161	195	201	4	553		17 —	3 —	—	7 —	8 —	—
4162	196	202	57.1	552	Ladromus	18 —	4 —	—	8 —	9 —	—
4163	197	203	2	551		19 —	5 —	—	9 —	10 —	—

Cypselidæ	Kings of Corinth	PROPHETS	EARLY OLYMPIADS	POETS, ETC.
at.	26 Periander		Massilia,—Marseilles founded by the Phocæans.	Birth of Pherecydes of Syros, phil.
—	27 ———		Camarina in Sicily founded by Dascon and Meriecolus.	
—	28 ———			
—	29 ———		Cyrene in Africa founded according to Solinus.	
—	30 ———			Epimenides came to Athens.—Chilon, phil. fl.
—	31 ———		Birth of Croesus.—The Cirrhæan or Sacred war, 595—586.	
—	32 ———	Ezekiel prophecies in the time of the Captivity, circa B.C. 594—536	Legislation of Solon.	Solon flourished
—	33 ———			
—	34 ———		Odessus on the Euxine founded by the Milesians.	Anacharsis comes to Athens
—	35 ———		Cirra taken by the Amphictyons under Euryclothus.—Pythian Games first celebrated at Delphi.	
—	36 ———			
—	37 ———		Pittacus governs Mitylenë for ten years.	Alcæus is in exile and opposed to the government of Pittacus
—	38 ———	Obadiah the Prophet flourished circa B.C. 588—583	Demophon son of Pantaleon is king of Pisa.	
—	39 ———	Ezekiel prophecies against Tyre and Egypt	Captivity of Zedekiah, æt. 32, June.—The Temple burnt, July.—Jerusalem taken by Nebuchadnezzar, June.	
—	40 ———		The conquest of the Cirrhæans is completed, and the Pythian and Isthmian games are celebrated.	Sacadas of Argos gains the prize in music in the three first Pythia B.C. 586, 582, 578.
—	1 Psammetichus		Lycophron, son of Periander, slain by the Corcyræans.—Death of Periander king of Corinth.	
—	2 ———			
—	3 ———			
—	4 ———			
—	— End of the Cypselidæ		Clisthenes of Sicyon is victor in the second Pythia.—Agrigentum founded according to Thucydides. The dynasty of the Cypselidæ ended.	
—			The Hellanodicæ are augmented to two. Until this time one had presided.	
—			Lipara founded according to Diodorus.—Pittacus resigns the government of Mytilenë.	
—				
—			Naval empire of the Phocæans, 575—532.	
—		Ezekiel's vision in the Captivity in the 14th year after that city was smitten		Pythocritus of Sicyon, victor at the fourth Pythian games, fl. 574—554
—			The War of Pisa and Elis ended in the subjection of the Pisæans.—Tyre taken by Nebuchadnezzar.	Æsop fl. circa.
—			Accession of Phalaris according to Eusebius.—Apries dethroned by Nebuchadnezzar.	Birth of Pythagoras, circa
—				Death of Pittacus of Mytilenë.
—			The Panathenæa celebrated at Athens.—The Nemean Games restored, and celebrated the 1st and 3rd years of every Olympiad.	Eugamon of Cyrenë flourished. "Ἐπιλεγονία"
—			Alalia in Corsica founded by the Phocæans.	Death of Æsop according to Eusebius
—			Amisus in Pontus founded by the Phocæans.	The first Comedy acted at Athens by Susarion and Dolon
—				
—			Pisistratus first usurps the government at Athens about this time.	Thales, phil. fl.—Ibycus, poet, fl.
—			Cyrus reigns in Persia.—Heraclea on the Euxine founded by the Phocæans.	Anacreon the poet begins to be distinguished
—				
—				Birth of Simonides of Cos, poet.—Chilon, phil. ephor at Sparta
—				
—			First exile of Pisistratus from Athens.	Death of Stesichorus æt. 79
—			Camarina in Sicily taken and destroyed by the Syracusans.	
—				
—				
—				
—				
—				
—				
—				
—				
—				
—				
—				
—				
—				
—				
—				







Jul. Period	Nabonassar	Y. of Rome	Olympiads	Ref. Christ	ATHENIAN ARCHONS	Agidae Kings of Sparta	Proclidae Kings of Macedon	KINGS OF PERSIA	Kings of Lydia	Kings of Babylon
4164	198	204	3	550	*	11 Anaxandrid	— Alcetas	10 Cyrus	11 Cræsus	6 Belshazzar
4165	199	205	4	549	*	12 Ariston	12	11	12	7
4166	200	206	58.1	548	Erxielides	13	13	12	13	8
4167	201	207	2	547	*	14	14	13	14	9
4168	202	208	3	546	*	15	15	14	— Conquered by Cyrus	10
4169	203	209	4	545	*	16	16	15		11
4170	204	210	59.1	544	*	17	17	16		12
4171	205	211	2	543	*	18	18	17		13
4172	206	212	3	542	*	19	19	18		14
4173	207	213	4	541	*	20	20	19		15
4174	208	214	60.1	540	*	21	21	1 Amyntas I.		16 — Darius the Mede
4175	209	215	2	539	*	22	22	2		17 — Conquered by Cyrus
4176	210	216	3	538	*	23	23	3		2
4177	211	217	4	537	*	24	24	4		
4178	212	218	61.1	536	*	25	25	5		
4179	213	219	2	535	*	26	26	6		
4180	214	220	3	534	*	27	27	7		
4181	215	221	4	533	Thericles	28	28	8		
4182	216	222	62.1	532	*	29	29	9		
4183	217	223	2	531	*	30	30	10		
4184	218	224	3	530	*	31	31	11		
4185	219	225	4	529	*	32	32	12	1 Cambyses	
4186	220	226	63.1	528	*	33	33	13		
4187	221	227	2	527	*	34	34	14		
4188	222	228	3	526	*	35	35	15		
4189	223	229	4	525	*	36	36	16		
4190	224	230	64.1	524	Miltiades	37	37	17		
4191	225	231	2	523	*	38	38	18		
4192	226	232	3	522	*	39	39	19	8 Smerdis 7 m.	
4193	227 228	233	4	521	*	40	40	20	1 Darius Hystaspes	
4194	229	234	65.1	520	*	1 Cleomenes I.	41	21		
4195	230	235	2	519	*	2	42	22		
4196	231	236	3	518	*	3	43	23		
4197	232	237	4	517	*	4	44	24		
4198	233	238	66.1	516	*	5	45	25		
4199	234	239	2	515	*	6	46	26		
4200	235	240	3	514	*	7	47	27		
4201	236	241	4	513	*	8	48	28		
4202	237	242	67.1	512	*	9	49	29		
4203	238	243	2	511	*	10	50	30		
4204	239	244	3	510	*	11 Demaratus	1	31		
4205	240	245	4	509	*	12	2	32		
4206	241	246	68.1	508	Isagoras	13	3	33		
4207	242	247	2	507	*	14	4	34		
4208	243	248	3	506	*	15	5	35		
4209	244	249	4	505	*	16	6	36		
4210	245	250	69.1	504	Acestorides	17	7	37		
4211	246	251	2	503	*	18	8	38		
4212	247	252	3	502	*	19	9	39		
4213	248	253	4	501	*	20	10	40		

HISTORIANS, ETC.	GRECIAN CHRONOLOGY	POETS—THE DRAMA
<p>Anaximenes, phil. and hist. fl.</p> <p>Anaximander, phil. fl. æt. 64</p> <p>Thales the philosopher still living</p> <p>Pherecydes of Syros, phil. fl. æt. 56.— Bias of Prienē, phil. still living</p>	<p>Death of Phalaris of Agrigentum</p> <p>The temple of Delphi accidentally burnt.—Second tyranny of Pisistratus at Athens.</p> <p>Second exile of Pisistratus from Athens.</p> <p>Sardis taken by Cyrus, Cræsus taken prisoner.</p> <p>Massilia refounded.—Conquest of Ionia by the Persians, 544—539</p>	<p>Hipponax of Ephesus, poet, fl.</p> <p>Theognis of Megara, poet, fl.</p>
<p>Pythagoras flourished, 539—510</p> <p>Xenophanes of Colophon, poet and philosopher, flourished</p>	<p>The Phocians settle in Gaul.</p> <p>Babylon taken by Cyrus; Belshazzar slain.</p> <p>Third tyranny of Pisistratus at Athens.</p> <p>Edict of Cyrus for 'the return of the Jews and the rebuilding of the temple.</p> <p>Usurpation of Polycrates of Samos.</p>	<p>Thespis first exhibits tragedy at Athens</p> <p>Anacreon the poet is at the court of Polycrates of Samos</p>
<p>A public library founded about this time at Athens by Hippias and Hipparchus</p>	<p>Death of Cyrus and accession of Cambyeses.—The Samian power on the Mediterranean.</p> <p>Death of Pisistratus.</p> <p>Conquest of Egypt by Cambyeses.—War of the Lacedæmonians against Polycrates of Samos.</p> <p>Fifth lunar eclipse on record, July 16.</p> <p>Polycrates, tyrant of Samos, put to death by Orætes satrap of Sardis.</p> <p>Death of Cambyeses and accession of Darius.—This year is reckoned as the 227 and 228th year of the era of Nabonassar.</p>	<p>Birth of Æschylus.—Anacreon and Simonides come to Athens</p> <p>Chærilus first exhibits tragedy</p>
<p>Hecateus and Dionysius Milesius, the historians, flourished</p> <p>Birth of Parmenides, poet and phil. circa</p> <p>Haggai and Zechariah, the Prophets, fl. 520—518</p>	<p>Platæa puts itself under the protection of Athens.</p> <p>Miltiades, son of Cimon, succeeds.—Stesagoras in the Chersonese.—Temple of Jerusalem finished, Mar. 10.—The Passover celeb. Ap. 18.</p> <p>Hipparchus, tyrant of Athens, slain at the time of the Panathenæa by Harmodius and Aristogiton.</p> <p>First year of Hippias at Athens.</p> <p>Second year.</p> <p>Third year.</p>	<p>Melanippides, poet, fl.</p> <p>Birth of Cratinus the comic poet</p> <p>Birth of Pindar</p> <p>Phrynichus gains the prize in tragedy</p>
<p>Charon of Lampsacus, hist. fl.</p> <p>Heraclitus, phil. fl.—Parmenides, the disciple of Xenophanes, fl.</p> <p>Hecateus the historian assisted at the deliberations of the Ionians</p>	<p>Expulsion of the Pisistratidæ from Athens.</p> <p>Institution of the <i>χορὸς ἀνδρῶν</i>.—Maritime empire of Ægina, 508—499.</p> <p>Sixth lunar eclipse on record, Nov. 19.</p> <p>Naxos besieged four months by Megabates and Aristagoras.</p>	<p>Telesilla of Argos the poetess flourished</p> <p>Lasus of Hermione, poet, the instructor of Pindar, flourished Pindar. Pyth. X.</p>







Jul. Period	Nabonassar	Y. of Rome	Olympiads	Ref. Christ	ATHENIAN ARCHONS	Agi- dae Kings of Sparta	Pro- clidae	Kings of Macedon	KINGS OF PERSIA	Kings of Bosphorus	T Sy	
4214	249	254	70.1	500	Myrus	21	Cleomenes Dema- ratus	11 12	1 Alexander I.	22	Darius Hystaspes	
4215	250	255	2	499	*	22		2		23		
4216	251	256	3	498	*	23		3		24		
4217	252	257	4	497	*	24		4		25		
4218	253	258	71.1	496	Hipparchus	25		5		26		
4219	254	259	2	495	Philippus	26		6		27		
4220	255	260	3	494	Pythocritus	27		7		28		
4221	256	261	4	493	Themistocles	28		8		29		
4222	257	262	72.1	492	Diognetus	29		9		30		
4223	258	263	2	491	Hybrilides	1	Leonidas Leoty-	10		31		
4224	259	264	3	490	Phænippus	2	chides	2		32		
4225	260	265	4	489	Aristides	3		3		33		
4226	261	266	73.1	488	Anchises	4		4		34		
4227	262	267	2	487	*	5		5		35		
4228	263	268	3	486	*	6		6		36		
4229	264	269	4	485	Philocrates	7		7		1	Xerxes I.	1 Ge
4230	265	270	74.1	484	Leostratus	8		8		2		2 -
4231	266	271	2	483	Nicodemus	9		9		3		3 -
4232	267	272	3	482	*	10		10		4		4 -
4233	268	273	4	481	Themistocles	11		11		5		5 -
4234	269	274	75.1	480	Calliades	1	Pleistar- chus	12		6		6 -
4235	270	275	2	479	Xanthippus	2		13		7		7 -
4236	271	276	3	478	Timosthenes	3		14		8		1 H
4237	272	277	4	477	Adimantus	4		15		9		2 -
4238	273	278	76.1	476	Phædon	5		16		10		3 -
4239	274	279	2	475	Dromoclides	6		17		11		4 -
4240	275	280	3	474	Acestorides	7		18		12		5 -
4241	276	281	4	473	Menon	8		19		13		6 -
4242	277	282	77.1	472	Chares	9		20		14		7 -
4243	278	283	2	471	Praxiergus	10		21		15		8 -
4244	279	284	3	470	Demotion	11		22		31		9 -
4245	280	285	4	469	Apsephion	12	Archida- mus II.	1		32		10 -
4246	281	286	78.1	468	Theagenides	13		2		33		11 -
4247	282	287	2	467	Lysistratus	14		3		34		1 TH
4248	283	288	3	466	Lysanias	15		4		35		1 F
4249	284	289	4	465	Lysistheus	16		5		36		2 F
4250	285	290	79.1	464	Archidemides	17		6		37		3 -
4251	286	291	2	463	Tlepolemus	18		7		38		4 -
4252	287	292	3	462	Conon	19		8		39		5 -
4253	288	293	4	461	Euippus	20		9		40		6 -
4254	289	294	80.1	460	Phrasiclides	21		10		41		7 -
4255	290	295	2	459	Philocles	22		11		42		8 -
4256	291	296	3	458	Bion	1	Pleisto- anax	12		43		9 -
4257	292	297	4	457	Mnesithides	2		13		44		10 -
4258	293	298	81.1	456	Callias	3		14		45		11 -
4259	294	299	2	455	Sosistratus	4		15		46		12 -
4260	295	300	3	454	Ariston	5		16		1	Perdiccas II.	13 -
4261	296	301	4	453	Lysicrates	6		17		2		14 -
4262	297	302	82.1	452	Chærephanes	7		18		3		15 -
4263	298	303	2	451	Antidotus	8		19		4		16 -

HIST.—PHIL.—ORAT.	GRECIAN CHRONOLOGY	POETS—THE DRAMA
Birth of Anaxagoras, phil.	Aristagoras solicits aid from Sparta and from Athens. Ionian war.—Sardis burnt.—The Ionians defeated near Ephesus.—Institution of the Dictatorship at Rome. Ionian war, second year.—Cyprus recovered by the Persians. Ionian war, third year.—Aristagoras slain in Thrace.	Epicharmus fl. He perfected comedy in Sicily before Chionides exhibited Æschylus first exhibits tragedy.—Pratinas and Chærilus contend with Æschylus
Birth of Hellenicus the historian	Ionian war, fourth year.—Histiaeus comes down to the coast. Ionian war, fifth year.—Preparations for the assault of Miletus. Last year.—The confederates defeated in a naval action near Miletus.—Miletus taken.—Ææcos restored to the tyranny of Samos. Miltiades returns from the Chersonese to Athens while the Phœnician fleet lay at Tenedos. The first Persian armament under Mardonius: it proceeds no farther than Macedonia War of Athens and Egina.—League with the Latins, 30 cities, by the consul Spurius Cassius.—Seventh lunar eclipse on record, April 25.	Birth of Sophocles Pindar. Pyth. VI.
Birth of Herodotus	Second Persian armament under Datis and Artaphernes.—Battle of Marathon, the Persians defeated by Miltiades.  Three years' warlike preparation after the battle of Marathon. Revolt of Egypt and Persia. Accession of Xerxes.—Gelon becomes master of Syracuse.—Naval empire of the Æginetae, 485—475. Egypt recovered by Xerxes.—League with the Hærnicans and Agrarian law carried by Cassius, a third time consul. Ostracism of Aristides.—Trial and death of Spurius Cassius.  Xerxes winters at Sardis.—War of the Romans and Veientians.	Æschylus, æt. 35, is present at the battle of Marathon Panyasis, poet, the uncle of Herodotus, flourished  Chionides first exhibits comedy at Athens.—Dinolochus, comic poet, fl.  Euætes.—Euæxenes.—Mylus, comic poets, fl. Pindar. Ol. X. XI.—Æschylus gains the prize in tragedy.—Birth of Acchæus the tragic poet Chærilus and Phrynichus, the tragic poets, still exhibit
Anaxagoras the philosopher at Athens.—Pherecydes Lærius, hist. fl. 480—456 Birth of Antiphon the orator The History of Herodotus terminates Xenophanes the philosopher is an exile in Sicily  Death of Pythagoras, circa Birth of Thucydides	Actions at Thermopylæ and Artemisium.—Battle of Salamis and victory of Themistocles.—Battle of Himera and victory of Gelon. Battle of Plataea, Mardonius defeated and slain by Pausanias.—Battle of Mycalè gained by Leotychides.—Siege of Sestos. Hiero succeeds Gelon.—The Athenians rebuild their long walls and restore the Piræus.—Surrender of Sestos. Commencement of the Athenian ascendancy or empire, 45 years before the Peloponnesian war. Death of Anaxilaus of Rhegium.—Scyros taken by Cimon.—The Lacedæmonians lose their ascendancy. The Fabii, 300, put to the sword by the Veientes at the Cremera Naval victory of Hiero over the Tuscans.  Death of Theron of Agrigentum.—Peace between the Romans and the Veientians. Themistocles banished by Ostracism.	Birth of Euripides.—Pindar, æt. 38, is present at the battle of Salamis Birth of Chærilus of Samos Pindar. Pyth. XI. IX.  Pindar. Ol. XIV.—Phrynichus victor in tragedy.—Simonides, æt. 80, gains the prize ἀνδρῶν χορῶ Pindar. Pyth. III. I.  Pindar. Ol. II. XII.—Æschyli, 'Pers.' Timocreon of Rhodes, lyric poet, fl.
Birth of Socrates Birth of Andocides the orator Diagoras of Melos, phil. fl.  Zeno of Elea, phil. fl.—Charon of Lamprus is still writing history Xanthus of Lydia, hist. fl. before Herodotus, who profited by his work	Pericles enters into public life.—The Publilian law of Volero, the second great charter of Roman liberty, carried. Mycenæ destroyed by the Argives.—Death of Aristides.  The sons of Anaxilaus of Rhegium receive their inheritance.—Death of Hiero of Syracuse. Syracuse free.—Naxos besieged by Cimon.—His victories at the Eurymedon.—End of the war between Greece and Persia. Revolt of Thasos.—Death of Xerxes.—Themistocles seeks protection at the court of Persia. Revolt of the Helots.—The third Messenian war.—Cimon marches to the assistance of the Lacedæmonians. The Thasian war.  Cimon marches a second time to the assistance of the Lacedæmonians.	First tragic victory of Sophocles Death of Simonides, æt. 89 Pindar. Pyth. IV. V.  Pindar. Ol. XIII. VII.
Birth of Democritus, phil.—Birth of Hippocrates, phil. Gorgias, orat. fl. æt. 26 Birth of Lysias the orator  Herodotus, æt. 28, recites his history at the Olympic games Empedocles, phil. the inventor of Rhetoric according to Aristotle, fl. Socrates hears Parmenides in his early youth.	Revolt of Inarus.—The first year of the war in Egypt.  Ezra returns from Babylon to Jerusalem.  Battles in the Megarid between the Athenians and the Corinthians.—Battle of Tanagra.—The Spartans retire to Lacedæmon. Battle of Enophyta.—Cimon recalled from exile.—The long walls of Athens completed.—Dictatorship of L. Q. Cincinnatus. Campaign of Tolmides.—Surrender of Ithome.—Egypt reduced by the Persians.—Surrender of Egina. Campaign of Pericles at Sicily.—Expedition of Myronides into Thesaly.—Law of L. Icilius allotting the Aventine to the Commons. Cessation of hostilities obtained by Cimon.  Commissioners sent to Greece to collect laws for Rome.	Pindar. Ol. VIII.  Æschyli 'Ορεστεια' Panyasis put to death by Lygdamis Death of Æschylus, æt. 69 Euripid. 'Peliades.'—He gains the third prize in tragedy.—Sophocles fl. Aristarchus, tragic poet, fl.  Pindar. Ol. IV. V. Ion of Chios begins to exhibit tragedy







Jul. Period	Nabonassar	X. of Rome	Olympiads	Ref. Christ	ATHENIAN ARCHONS	Agide Kings of Sparta Proclia	Kings of Macedon	KINGS OF PERSIA	Kings of Bosphorus	Typical
4264	299	304	3	450	Euthydemus	9 Pleistoanax Archidamus II. 21	5 Perdiccas II.	16 Artaxerxes Longimanus	31 Archaeanactidæ	17 Fir
4265	300	305	4	449	Pedieus	10	6	17	32	18 Fr
4266	301	306	83.1	448	Philiscus	11	7	18	33	19
4267	302	307	2	447	Timarchides	12	8	19	34	20
4268	303	308	3	446	Callimachus	13	9	20	35	21
4269	304	309	4	445	Lysimachides	14	10	21	36	22
4270	305	310	84.1	444	Praxiteles	15	11	22	37	23
4271	306	311	2	443	Lysanias	16	12	23	38	24
4272	307	312	3	442	Dyphilus	17	13	24	39	25
4273	308	313	4	441	Timocles	18	14	25	40	26
4274	309	314	85.1	440	Myrichides	19	15	26	41	27
4275	310	315	2	439	Glaucides	20	16	27	42	28
4276	311	316	3	438	Theodorus	21	17	28	1 Spartocus I.	29
4277	312	317	4	437	Euthymenes	22	18	29	2	30
4278	313	318	86.1	436	Lysimachus	23	19	30	3	31
4279	314	319	2	435	Antiochides	24	20	31	4	32
4280	315	320	3	434	Chares	25	21	32	5	33
4281	316	321	4	433	Apseudes	26	22	33	6	34
4282	317	322	87.1	432	Pythodorus	27	23	34	7	35
4283	318	323	2	431	Euthydemus	28	24	35	1 Seleucus	36
4284	319	324	3	430	Apollodorus	29	25	36	2	37
4285	320	325	4	429	Epameinon	30	26	37	3	38
4286	321	326	88.1	428	Diotimus	31	27	38	4	39
4287	322	327	2	427	Euclides	32 Agis II. 1	28	39	1 * * *	40
4288	323	328	3	426	Euthynus	33	2	29	2	41
4289	324	329	4	425	Stratocles	34	3	30	3	42
4290	325	330	89.1	424	Isarchus	35	4	31	1 Xerxes II. 2 m. 1 Sogdianus 1 Darius Nothus	4
4291	326	331	2	423	Ameinias	36	5	32	4	43
4292	327	332	3	422	Alcæus	37	6	33	5	44
4293	328	333	4	421	Aristion	38	7	34	6	45
4294	329	334	90.1	420	Astyphilus	39	8	35	7	46
4295	330	335	2	419	Archias	40	9	36	8	47
4296	331	336	3	418	Antiphon	41	10	37	9	48
4297	332	337	4	417	Euphemus	42	11	38	10	49
4298	333	338	91.1	416	Arimnestus	43	12	39	11	50
4299	334	339	2	415	Chabrias	44	13	40	12	51
4300	335	340	3	414	Pisander	45	14	41	13	52
4301	336	341	4	413	Cleocritus	46	15	1 Archelaus	14 Amyrtaeus the Saite	14
4302	337	342	92.1	412	Callias	47	16	2	2	15
4303	338	343	2	411	Theopompus	48	17	3	3	16
4304	339	344	3	410	Glaucippus	49	18	4	4	17
4305	340	345	4	409	Dioeles	50	19	5	5	18
4306	341	346	93.1	408	Euctemon	1 Pausanias	20	6	6	19
4307	342	347	2	407	Antigenes	2	21	7	7	20
4308	343	348	3	406	Callias	3	22	8	8	1 Pausiris
4309	344	349	4	405	Alexias	4	23	9	9	2
4310	345	350	94.1	404	Pythodorus	5	24	10	10	1 Satyrus I.
4311	346	351	2	403	Euclides	6	25	11	11	2
4312	347	352	3	402	Micon	7	26	12	12	3
4313	348	353	4	401	Xenænetus	8	27	13	13	4
									1 Artaxerxes Mnemon	5

HIST.—PHIL.—ORAT.	GRECIAN CHRONOLOGY	POETS—THE DRAMA
<p>Anaxagoras withdraws from Athens after a residence of thirty years; his pupils had been Archelaus, Euripides, and Pericles.—Archelaus, phil. fl.—Socrates taught by Archelaus Menedemus of Eretria, phil. fl.</p> <p>Melissus, the disciple of Parmenides and Heraclitus, fl.—Protagoras fl. Herodotus, æt. 41, went to Thurium—as did also Lysias in his 16th year Gorgias, orat. <i>περὶ φόνου</i></p>	<p>Five years' truce obtained by Cimon.</p> <p>Death of Cimon and victory of the Athenians at Salamis in Cyprus.—Institution of the Roman Decemvirate.—Laws of the ten, afterwards twelve Tables.</p> <p>Battle of Coronea, death of Tolmides.</p> <p>Overthrow of the Decemvirate.—L. Valerius and M. Horatius consuls.</p> <p>Revolt of Eubœa and Megara.—Pericles reduces Eubœa and invades Attica.—Thirty years' truce. Pericles begins to have the sole direction of affairs.</p> <p>The Athenians send a colony to Thurium, conducted by Lampon.</p>	<p>Crates the comic poet, and Bacchylides the lyric poet, flourished</p> <p>Euripides exhibits tragedy with Achæus and Sophocles</p> <p>Euripides gains the first prize in tragedy</p>
<p>Melissus the philosopher defends Samos against Pericles</p> <p>Phidias dedicates his statue of Minerva, made of ivory and gold, in the Parthenon</p> <p>Malachi the prophet fl.—Birth of Isocrates Prodicus, phil.—Zeno of Elea, phil. the inventor of logic, according to Aristotle, still living.—Empedocles, phil. still living</p> <p>Meton begins his 19 years' cycle of the moon from the new moon of June 27. Euctemon, astr. fl.—Death of Phidias</p> <p>Hippocrates flourished</p> <p>Birth of Plato</p> <p>Death of Anaxagoras the philosopher, æt. 72. Gorgias the orator is sent ambassador from Leontium to Athens</p>	<p>War between Samos and Miletus.—Samos invested by Pericles by land and by sea.—Institution of the Censorship at Rome. Surrender of Samos and conclusion of the war.</p> <p>Agnon leads a colony to Amphipolis.</p> <p>The Propylæa commenced.—Spurius Melius put to death at Rome for imputed conspiracy. Sea fight of the Corinthians and Corcyreans.—War of the Romans and Venetians. Warlike preparations of Corinth.</p> <p>Embassy from Corcyra to Athens.</p> <p>Sea fights off Corcyra.—Andocides the orator commands a fleet.—Congress at Lacedæmon. The Thebans attempt Plataea.—Peloponnesian war.—First invasion of Attica.—Alliance between Athens and Sitalces, King of Thrace.</p>	<p>Sophocles employed as a general in the Samian war.—Decree to prohibit Comedy</p> <p>Euripid. 'Alcæstes'</p> <p>Prohibition of Comedy repealed</p> <p>Phrynichus the comic poet first exhibits Lysippus gains the prize in comedy</p> <p>Hermippus the comic poet prosecutes Aspasia.—Callias, comic poet, fl. Euripid. 'Medea' 'Dictys,' 'Philoctet.' Euphorion, son of Æschylus, gains</p>
<p>Xenophon at Delium.—Thucydides commands at Amphipolis Thucydides in exile, partly in Thrace. The History by Antiochus of Syracuse ends Protagoras the Sophist comes to Athens.—Melissus, phil. settles at Athens</p>	<p>Second invasion of Attica led by Archidamus.—Plague at Athens.—The History of the Old Testament ends about this time. Potidæa surrenders.—Siege of Plataea.—Naval actions in the Corinthian gulf.—Death of Pericles.—March of Sitalces against Perdicæas. Third invasion of Attica.—Revolt of all Lesbos except Methymnë.—Mitylenë besieged. Fourth invasion of Attica.—Lesbos recovered.—Expedition led by Nicias.—Surrender of Mitylenë and Plataea.—Sedition at Corcyra. Action at Tanagra, defeat by Nicias, who ravages the coast of Locris.—The plague a second time at Athens. Eruption of Mount Etna, Thucyd. III. 116.—Fifth invasion of Attica.—Occupation of Pylos.—Sphacteria surrendered to Cleon. Cythera taken by the Athenians.—Battle of Delium.—Amphipolis taken by Brasidas from Thucydides.—Death of Sitalces. Truce for a year.—Thespiæ destroyed by the Thebans.—The temple of Juno burnt at Argos.—Fidenæ finally taken by the Romans. The truce ended.—Phæax sent to Sicily by the Athenians.—Cleon and Brasidas slain. Fifty years' truce.—The 'peace of Nicias.'</p>	<p>the prize against Sophocles and Euripides.—Melanippides, poet, fl. Eupolis and Phrynichus the comic poets exhibit Euripid. 'Hippolyt.' exhibits with Iophon and Ion.—Plato com. exhibits Aristoph. 'Dætal.'—his first exhibition</p> <p>Aristoph. 'Babylon'</p> <p>Aristoph. 'Achæmæ.'—Cratinus gains the second prize in comedy Aristoph. 'Equit.'—Aristomenes the comic poet fl. Aristoph. 'Nub. I.'—Cratinus gains the first prize in comedy Aristoph. 'Vesp.' 'Nub. II.'—Leucon, com. fl.—Death of Cratinus Aristoph. 'Pax.' Eupolis the comic poet fl.</p>
<p>Andocides the orator is imprisoned on the mutilation of the Hermæ</p> <p>Antiphon the orator, and tutor of Thucydides, put to death.—Lysias,</p>	<p>Alcibiades effects a treaty between the Athenians and the Argives.</p> <p>Alcibiades in the Peloponnesus.—The Bœotians seize Heraclea.</p> <p>Battle of Mantinea gained by King Agis.—The Quæstores Classicæ at Rome thrown open to the Commons. Revolution in Argos.</p> <p>Melos surrendered to the Athenians.—Contest between Alcibiades, Nicias, and Hyperbolus. Alcibiades sails with the Athenian fleet to Sicily.—Battle at Syracuse, Alcibiades recalled from Sicily. Second campaign in Sicily.—Siege of Syracuse.—Arrival of Gylippus.—Eurymedon sent with supplies from Athens. Sixth invasion of Attica.—Third campaign in Sicily.—Flight of the Athenian army.—Eclipse of the Moon.—Surrender of Nicias. Revolt of the allies.—Mission of Alcibiades to Asia.—First treaty of the Spartans with Persia.—Battle of Miletus.—Second treaty with Persia. Third treaty between Lacedæmon and Persia.—Constitution of the 400 framed by Antipho.—Revolution at Athens.</p> <p>Mindarus slain by Alcibiades at Cyzicus.</p>	<p>Pherecrates the comic poet fl.</p> <p>Ion of Chios the tragic poet, ob. before the exhibition of the <i>Ειρήνη</i> of Aristophanes</p> <p>Agathon gains the tragic prize</p> <p>Euripid. 'Troades.' 'Alexandr.' 'Palamedes' 'Sisyph. satyr.'—Xenocles exhibits against Euripides.—Archippus, com. gains his single prize Aristoph. 'Amphiar.' 'Aves' Hegenomis Thasii 'Gigantomachia' Euripid. 'Helenæ' 'Andromeda.'</p> <p>Aristoph. 'Lysist.' 'Thesmoph.'</p>
<p>æt. 85, returns from Thurium to Athens Herodotus, æt. 75, still employed upon his history.—Plato, æt. 20, begins to hear Socrates</p> <p>Philistus, hist. fl.—Hellanicus the historian still living</p> <p>Andocides the orator in exile at Elis.—Lysias withdraws to Megara Thucydides returns from exile.—Lysias returns to Athens. Andocides resumes the conduct of affairs.—Archinus and Cephalus fl. Xenophon joins the expedition of Cyrus.—Ctesias, hist. fl. 401—384.</p>	<p>Thrasylus enters Lydia.—The Carthaginians enter Sicily and destroy Solinus and Himera, but are repulsed by Hermocrates. The Athenians move from Lampsacus.—Alcibiades takes Selymbria and Byzantium. Alcibiades returns to Athens.—Siege of Andros.—Defeat of Antiochus.—Alcibiades deposed.—Capture of Agrigentum by Dionysius. Sea fight of Arginusse.—Condemnation of the generals.—Agrigentum taken by the Carthaginians.—Dionysius becomes master of Syracuse. Battle of Ægospotami.—Defeat of Conon by Lysander.—Flight of Conon to Evagoras at Cyprus. Surrender of Athens to Lysander.—The thirty tyrants in power for eight months.—Death of Alcibiades.—Thrasylbus occupies Phylé. Death of Theramenes.—Thrasylbus gains the ascendancy.—Death of Critias, end of the tyranny.—The new alphabet in public acts at Athens. Siege of Veii by the Romans.</p> <p>Expedition of Cyrus.—Battle of Cunaxa.—Retreat of the Ten Thousand.—First year of the war of Lacedæmon and Elis.</p>	<p>Sophocles 'Philoctet.'</p> <p>Euripid. 'Orest.'—Aristoph. 'Plut. I.'</p> <p>Strattis the comic poet fl.—Sannyrrio the comic poet fl. Death of Euripides, æt. 75.—Xenocles and Iophon son of Sophocles still liv. Death of Sophocles, æt. 90.—Aristoph. 'Ran.'—Antimachus, poet, fl. Birth of Antiphanes of the Middle Comedy The Ionian alphabet adopted</p> <p>Cephisodorus gains the prize in comedy Sophoc. 'Edip. Colon.'—Telestes gains a dithyrambic prize</p>







Jul. Period	Nabonassar	Y. of Rome	Olympiads	Ref. Christ	ATHENIAN ARCHONS	Agidae Kings of Sparta	Proclidae Kings of Macedonia	KINGS OF PERSIA	Kings of Egypt	Kings of Bosphorus	T
4314	349	354	95.1	400	Laches	9 Pausanias Agis II.	14 Archelaus	6 Artaxerxes Mnemon	— Psammeticus	8 Satyrus I.	7 Di-
4315	350	355	2	399	Aristocrates	10 — II.	1 Orestes and Eropus	7 —	—	9 —	8 —
4316	351	356	3	398	Ithyclus	11 Agesilaus II.	2 —	8 —	—	10 —	9 —
4317	352	357	4	397	Suniades	12 — 2	3 —	9 —	—	11 —	10 —
4318	353	358	96.1	396	Phormion	13 — 3	4 —	10 —	—	12 —	11 —
4319	354	359	2	395	Diophantus	14 — 4	5 —	11 —	1 Nephereus	13 —	12 —
4320	355	360	3	394	Eubulides	1 Agesipolis I.	5 —	1 Pausanias	2 —	14 —	13 —
4321	356	361	4	393	Demostratus	2 — 6	1 Amyntas II.	13 —	3 —	1 Leucon	14 —
4322	357	362	97.1	392	Philocles	3 — 7	2 —	14 —	4 —	2 —	15 —
4323	358	363	2	391	Nicoteles	4 — 8	3 —	15 —	5 —	3 —	16 —
4324	359	364	3	390	Demostratus	5 — 9	4 —	16 —	6 —	4 —	17 —
4325	360	365	4	389	Antipater	6 — 10	5 —	17 —	1 Acoris	5 —	18 —
4326	361	366	98.1	388	Pyrrhion	7 — 11	6 —	18 —	2 —	6 —	19 —
4327	362	367	2	387	Theodotus	8 — 12	7 —	19 —	3 —	7 —	20 —
4328	363	368	3	386	Mystichides	9 — 13	8 —	20 —	4 —	8 —	21 —
4329	364	369	4	385	Dexitheus	10 — 14	9 —	21 —	5 —	9 —	22 —
4330	365	370	99.1	384	Diotrephes	11 — 15	10 —	22 —	6 —	10 —	23 —
4331	366	371	2	383	Phanostratus	12 — 16	11 —	23 —	7 —	11 —	24 —
4332	367	372	3	382	Evander	13 — 17	12 —	24 —	8 —	12 —	25 —
4333	368	373	4	381	Demophilus	14 — 18	13 —	25 —	9 —	13 —	26 —
4334	369	374	100.1	380	Pytheas	1 Cleombrotus I.	19 —	26 —	10 —	14 —	27 —
4335	370	375	2	379	Nicon	2 — 20	15 —	27 —	11 —	15 —	28 —
4336	371	376	3	378	Nausinicus	3 — 21	16 —	28 —	12 —	16 —	29 —
4337	372	377	4	377	Callias	4 — 22	17 —	29 —	13 —	17 —	30 —
4338	373	378	101.1	376	Charisander	5 — 23	18 —	30 —	1 Psammuthis	18 —	31 —
4339	374	379	2	375	Hippodamas	6 — 24	19 —	31 —	1 Nepherites	19 —	32 —
4340	375	380	3	374	Socratides	7 — 25	20 —	32 —	1 Nectanebis I.	20 —	33 —
4341	376	381	4	373	Asteius	8 — 26	21 —	33 —	3 —	21 —	34 —
4342	377	382	102.1	372	Alcisthenes	9 — 27	22 —	34 —	4 —	22 —	35 —
4343	378	383	2	371	Phrasiclides	1 Agesipolis II.	23 —	35 —	5 —	23 —	36 —
4344	379	384	3	370	Dyscinetus	1 Cleomenes II.	24 —	36 —	6 —	24 —	37 —
4345	380	385	4	369	Lysistratus	2 — 30	1 Alexander II.	37 —	7 —	25 —	38 —
4346	381	386	103.1	368	Nausigenes	3 — 31	2 —	38 —	8 —	26 —	39 —
4347	382	387	2	367	Polyzelus	4 — 32	1 Ptolemy Alorites	39 —	9 —	27 —	1 Di-
4348	383	388	3	366	Cephisodorus	5 — 33	2 —	40 —	10 —	28 —	2 Yo-
4349	384	389	4	365	Chion	6 — 34	3 —	41 —	11 —	29 —	3 —
4350	385	390	104.1	364	Timocrates	7 — 35	1 Perdiccas III.	42 —	12 —	30 —	4 —
4351	386	391	2	363	Chariclides	8 — 36	2 —	43 —	1 Tachos	31 —	5 —
4352	387	392	3	362	Molon	9 — 37	3 —	44 —	2 —	32 —	6 —
4353	388	393	4	361	Nicophemus	10 Archidamus III.	4 —	45 —	1 Nectanebis II.	33 —	7 —
4354	389	394	105.1	360	Callimedes	11 — 2	5 —	46 —	2 —	34 —	8 —
4355	390	395	2	359	Eucharistus	12 — 3	1 Philip II.	1 Ochus	3 —	35 —	9 —
4356	391	396	3	358	Cephisodotus	13 — 4	2 —	2 —	4 —	36 —	10 —
4357	392	397	4	357	Agathocles	14 — 5	3 —	3 —	5 —	37 —	11 —
4358	393	398	106.1	356	Elpines	15 — 6	4 —	4 —	6 —	38 —	1 Di-
4359	394	399	2	355	Callistratus	16 — 7	5 —	5 —	7 —	39 —	2 —
4360	395	400	3	354	Diotimus	17 — 8	6 —	6 —	8 —	40 —	3 —
4361	396	401	4	353	Eudemus	18 — 9	7 —	7 —	9 —	1 Spartocus II.	1 Ca-
4362	397	402	107.1	352	Aristodemus	19 — 10	8 —	8 —	10 —	2 —	1 Hi-
4363	398	403	2	351	Thessalus	20 — 11	9 —	9 —	11 —	3 —	2 —



HIST.—PHIL.—ORAT.	GRECIAN CHRONOLOGY	POETS—THE DRAMA
Andocides 'de Myster.'	Return of the Ten Thousand.—The Cyrcans enter the service of Seuthes, a prince of Thrace.	Death of Chærilus of Samos at the court of Archelaus, circa
Death of Socrates, æt. 69.—Plato withdraws to Megara.	Thimbron commands in Asia.—The Cyrcans are transferred to his army.—Dercyllidas supercedes Thimbron.	Meletus the tragic poet is the accuser of Socrates
Ctesias' Persian History terminates	Dercyllidas makes a truce with Pharnabazus.—He passes into the Chersonese, returns to Asia, and besieges Atarnæ.	Astydamas first exhibits tragedy.—
Zeuxis the painter flourished	Dercyllidas invades Caria.—He meets Pharnabazus and Tissaphernes in the Chersonese, and concludes an armistice with the latter.	Philo Xenus, Timotheus, and Telestes, poets, fl.
Birth of Xenocrates, phil.—Parrhasius the painter flourished	Agesilaus passes from Aulis to Ephesus.—His first campaign in Asia.—Truce with Tissaphernes.	Sophocles, jun., the grandson of the painter the elder, first exhibited
Plato, æt. 34, serves in the battle of Corinth.—He returns to Athens	Second campaign.—Victory near Sardis.—Tissaphernes superseeded by Tithraustes.—Mission of Timocrates into Greece.—Lysander slain.	Philyllius, comic poet, fl.
Lysias 'pro Mantitheo.'—Xenophon withdraws to Scillus	Agesilaus recalled from Asia.—Battle of Corinth.—Naval defeat and death of Pisander, near Cnidus.—Victory of Agesilaus near Coronea.	Xenarchus, mimograph, flourished at the court of Dionysius
Andocides 'de Pace.'—He is banished and dies in exile	Sedition at Corinth and battle of Lechæum.—Pharnabazus with Conon ravages the coasts.—The long walls of Athens restored by Conon.	Aristoph. 'Eccles.'
Birth of Æschines.—Plato visits Sicily.	Agesilaus takes the Piræus of Corinth.—His troops defeated on their return by the tactics of Iphicrates, then new to the Greeks.	Plato the comic poet still exhibits
Lysias 'Olymp.' 'pro Aristoph.'	Expedition of Agesilaus into Acarnania.—Diphridas restores the Lacedæmonian affairs in Asia.	
Androtion the orator engages in public affairs	Expedition of Agesipolis into Argolis.—Capture of ten Athenian ships by Teutias.—Thrasylbulus slain at Aspendus.	
Birth of Aristotle.—Lysias 'in Theomnest.'	Agyrrius is sent as successor to Thrasylbulus at Aspendus, and Iphicrates to the Hellespont.	
Birth of Demosthenes	Antalcidas releases Nicholochus, whom he finds blocked up at Abydos by Iphicrates and Diotimus.—Rome burnt by the Gauls.	Aristoph. 'Plut. II.'—Nicophon and Niccharces the comic poets contend with Aristophanes
Democritus the philosopher continues his travels till his 80th year	Peace of Antalcidas, Corinth and Argos separated, and the cities of Bœotia emancipated; Cyprus and Evagoras excluded.	Alcæus the comic poet fl.
Isocrat. 'Panegyrica'	Restoration of Plataea in consequence of the measures of Agesilaus with the Thebans.	
Cephalus the orator moves the decree for assisting the Theban exiles	Siege of Mantinea by Agesipolis.—Great sea fight between Evagoras and the Persians.—The Persian and Cyprian war, ten years.	Antiphanes begins to exhibit the Middle Comedy
Death of Lysias, æt. 80	First campaign of the Olynthian war.—Phœbidas seizes the Cadmea.—Teutias marches to Olynthus.	
Demosthenes left an orphan in his seventh year	Second campaign of the Olynthian war.—Teutias slain.	
Isocrat. 'Plataïca.'—Xenophon fl.	Third campaign of the Olynthian war.—Death of Agesipolis.—Polybiades succeeds Agesipolis.—Evagoras in Cyprus is pressed by the Persians.	Death of Philoxenus the poet
Callistratus the orator, and Iphicrates prosecute Timotheus	Polybiades finishes the Olynthian war.—Philius surrendered to Agesilaus.—The Cadmea is recovered by the Theban exiles.	Anaxandrides of the Middle Comedy gains his first prize
Leodamas.—Aristophon.—Thrasylbulus.—Diophantus, orators, fl.	Cleombrotus marches into Bœotia in the winter.—Attempt of Sphodrias upon the Piræus at Athens.—Expedition of Agesilaus in Bœotia.	Eubulus, and Araros the son of Aristophanes, poets of the Middle Comedy, exhibit
Callistratus and Melanopus the orators are present at the congress at Sparta	Second campaign of Agesilaus in Bœotia.	Astydamas, the younger, gains the prize in tragedy
Eudoxus, phil. fl.	Third campaign, Cleombrotus in Bœotia.—Pollis defeated by Chabrias off Naxos.—Tenth and last year of the Persian and Cyprian war.	
Aristotle, æt. 17, came to Athens	The Lacedæmonians send Cleombrotus against the Thebans in Phocis.—Polydamis of Thessaly comes to Sparta.	Aphareus, the nephew of Isocrates, begins to exhibit tragedy
Isocrat. 'Archidamus'	The Athenians jealous of the Thebans.—Timotheus returning from Corcyra lands the exiles at Zacynthus.—Death of Evagoras.	Dionysius tyrannus gains the tragic prize with the ἄλτρα Ἐκτορον
Anaximenes, hist.—Antisthenes, phil. and Aristippus, phil. fl.	Timotheus appointed to oppose Mnasippus, is superseeded by Iphicrates.—He arrives at Corcyra, but Mnasippus is already slain.	Polyzelus, comic poet, fl.
Isæi 'Philoct.'—Demosth. 'Aphob.'	Timotheus passes over to Asia, May.—Iphicrates continues in command of a fleet in the Ionian sea.	
Praxiteles the sculptor flourished	Congress at Sparta.—Thebes excluded from the treaty.—Battle of Leuctra and defeat of the Lacedæmonians.—Megalopolis founded.	
Æschines the orator is at the battle of Mantinea.—Aristophon, orat. fl.	Agesilaus is sent into Arcadia.—Jason of Pheræ slain.	Aphareus, the nephew of Isocrates, begins to exhibit tragedy
Birth of Dinarchus the orator.—Callistratus the orator is banished	First invasion of Laconia.—The Thebans arrive at Mantinea in mid-winter.—Restoration of the Messenians.—Sparta aided by Athens.	Dionysius tyrannus gains the tragic prize with the ἄλτρα Ἐκτορον
History of Theopompus commences.	The Thebans enter Peloponnesus.—Congress at Delphi on the part of Persia to negotiate a peace.	
Isæi 'περὶ τοῦ Ἀγνίου κληῖρου'	The 'tearless battle' gained by Archidamus.—Embassy of Pelopidas to Persia.—Death of Dionysius the elder.	Polyzelus, comic poet, fl.
Isæi 'ὑπερ Ἐμβαθῶν.'	Expedition of Epaminondas into Achaia.—Seizure of Oropus.—Alliance between Athens and Arcadia.—Peace between Corinth, Philius, and Thebes.	
Democritus, ob. æt. 104, and Hippocrates, æt. 104.—Demophilus, hist. fl.	War of Arcadia and Elis, first campaign.	Aphareus, the nephew of Isocrates, begins to exhibit tragedy
Isocrat. 'de Pace.'—Philistus the historian slain by the Syracusans	Second campaign between Arcadia and Elis.—Arcadians and Pisæans preside at the Olympic games.—Archidamus invades Arcadia.—Battle of Olympia, at the time of the games.	Polyzelus, comic poet, fl.
Isocrates of Aphareus 'in Megacledem.'—Demosth. 'in Leptinem.'	Fourth expedition of Epaminondas into Peloponnesus.—Battle of Mantinea, and death of Epaminondas.—Agesilaus in Egypt.	Aphareus, the nephew of Isocrates, begins to exhibit tragedy
Demosth. 'de Classibus.'—Aristophon the orator prosecutes Timotheus	General pacification, in which Messenia is included; the Lacedæmonians not consenting.	Dionysius tyrannus gains the tragic prize with the ἄλτρα Ἐκτορον
Isocrat. 'de Permut. Areopagit.'—Demosth. 'pro Megalopol.'	Timotheus repulsed at Amphipolis by the Olynthians.	Polyzelus, comic poet, fl.
Demosth. 'Philipp. I.'—Cydiads, orat. fl.	Accession of Philip.—He defeats Argæus at Methone, makes peace with the Athenians, reduces Pæonia, and subdues the Illyrians.	Aphareus, the nephew of Isocrates, begins to exhibit tragedy
Demosth. 'pro Rhodiis'	Amphipolis taken by Philip.—Athenian expedition into Eubæa, undertaken at the instance of Timotheus against the Thebans.	Alexis of the Middle Comedy satirizes Plato.—Nossis, epigr. poet, fl.
	The Social war.—Siege of Chios by Chares and Chabrias.—Death of Chabrias.—The Phocians seize Delphi.—Dion lands in Sicily.	
	Birth of Alexander the Great.—Social war, second campaign.—Siege of Samos.—Dionysius expelled from Syracuse.	Aphareus, the nephew of Isocrates, begins to exhibit tragedy
	Third campaign.—Chares sent to the relief of Samos, but sails for the Hellespont.—Peace with the confederates promoted by Eubulus.	Polyzelus, comic poet, fl.
	Trial of Iphicrates and Timotheus, acquittal of the former and condemnation of the latter, who is fined 100 talents.	Aphareus, the nephew of Isocrates, begins to exhibit tragedy
	Death of Dion of Syracuse.—Philip seizes upon Pagasæ and besieges Methone.	Dionysius tyrannus gains the tragic prize with the ἄλτρα Ἐκτορον
	Onomarchus defeated by Philip.—Lycophron surrenders Phæræ.—Philip is prevented passing Pylæ.—War of Lacedæmon and Megalopolis.	Polyzelus, comic poet, fl.
	The Sidonians, besieged by the Persians, burn their city.	Aphareus, the nephew of Isocrates, begins to exhibit tragedy
		Theodectes of Phaselis, trag. fl.—Erinna, poetess, fl.





Jul. Period	Nabonassar	Y. of Rome	Olympiads	Bef. Christ	ATHENIAN ARCHONS	Kings of Sparta		Kings of Macedonia	KINGS OF PERSIA			Kings of Egypt	Kings of Bosphorus			
						Agidae	Proclidae									
4364	399	404	3	350	Apollodorus	21	Cleomen. Archidamus III	10 Philip II.	10 Ochus	— Conquered by Ochus		4 Spartocus II.				
4365	400	405	4	349	Callimachus	22	11	11	11			5				
4366	401	406	108.1	348	Theophilus	23	14	12	12			1 Parysades				
4367	402	407	2	347	Themistocles	24	15	13	13			2				
4368	403	408	3	346	Archias	25	16	14	14			3				
4369	404	409	4	345	Eubulus	26	17	15	15			4				
4370	405	410	109.1	344	Lysiscus	27	18	16	16			5				
4371	406	411	2	343	Pythodotus	28	19	17	17			6				
4372	407	412	3	342	Sosigines	29	20	18	18			7				
4373	408	413	4	341	Nicomachus	30	21	19	19			8				
4374	409	414	110.1	340	Theophrastus	31	22	20	20			9				
4375	410	415	2	339	Lysimachides	32	23	21	21			10				
4376	411	416	3	338	Chæronidas	33	Agis III. 1	22	1 Arsces			11				
4377	412	417	4	337	Phrynichus	34	2	23	2			12				
4378	413	418	111.1	336	Pythodemus	35	3	1 Alexander the Great	1 Darius Codomanus			13				
4379	414	419	2	335	Euænetus	36	4	2	2			14				
4380	415	420	3	334	Ctesicles	37	5	3	3			15				
4381	416	421	4	333	Nicocrates	38	6	4	4			16				
4382	417	422	112.1	332	Nicetes	39	7	5	5			17				
4383	418	423	2	331	Aristophanes	40	8	6	DARIUS CONQUERED BY ALEXANDER			18				
4384	419	424	3	330	Aristophon	41	Eudamidas I.	7				19				
4385	420	425	4	329	Cephisophon	42		8				20				
4386	421	426	113.1	328	Euthycritus	43		9				21				
4387	422	427	2	327	Hegemon	44		10				22				
4388	423	428	3	326	Chremes	45		11				23				
4389	424	429	4	325	Anticles	46		12				24				
4390	425	430	114.1	324	Hegesias	47		13 THRACE	ASIA	SYRIA	EGYPT	25				
4391	426	431	2	323	Cephisodorus	48		1 Philip III. Lysimachus 2			1 Ptolemy Soter	26				
4392	427	432	3	322	Philocles	49		2			2	27				
4393	428	433	4	321	Archippus	50		3	3			3	28			
4394	429	434	115.1	320	Neæchmus	51		4	4			4	29			
4395	430	435	2	319	Apollodorus	52		5	5			5	30			
4396	431	436	3	318	Archippus	53		6	6	1 Antigonus			6	31		
4397	432	437	4	317	Demogenes	54		7	7	2			7	32		
4398	433	438	116.1	316	Democles	55		1 Olympias and 2 Cassander	8	3			8	33		
4399	434	439	2	315	Praxibulus	56		9	4			9	34			
4400	435	440	3	314	Nicodorus	57		3	10	5			10	35		
4401	436	441	4	313	Theophrastus	58		4	11	6			11	36		
4402	437	442	117.1	312	Polemon	59		5	12	7	1 Seleucus Nicator	12	37			
4403	438	443	2	311	Simonides	60		6	13	8	2	13	38	7		
4404	439	444	3	310	Hieromnemon	61		7	14	9	3	14	1 Satyrus II.		8	
4405	440	445	4	309	Demetrius	1	Areus I.	8	15	10	4	15	1 Prynianis 1 Eumelus 2		9	
4406	441	446	118.1	308	Charinus	2		9	16	11	5	16			10	
4407	442	447	2	307	Anaxicrates	3		10	17	12	6	17			11	
4408	443	448	3	306	Coræbus	4		11	18	13	7	18			12	
4409	444	449	4	305	Euxenippus	5		12	19	14	8	19			13	
4410	445	450	119.1	304	Pherecles	6		13	20	15	9	20	1 Spartocus III.		14	
4411	446	451	2	303	Leostratus	7		14	21	16	10	21			15	
4412	447	452	3	302	Nicoeles	8		15	22	17	11	22			16	
4413	448	453	4	301	Calliarchus	9		16	23	1	Demetrius Poliorcetes	12	23			17



HIST.—PHIL.—ORAT.	GRECIAN CHRONOLOGY	POETS—THE DRAMA
<p>Demosth. 'in Bœot.' pro 'Phormionē'</p> <p>Demosth. 'Olynthiaca.'—Eubulus the orator is opposed to Demosthenes</p> <p>Demosth. 'Midiāna.'—The great influence of Eubulus is felt by his rival</p> <p>Death of Plato, æt. 82; Speusippus succeeds in the Academy—Aristotle goes to Atarnæ</p> <p>Isocrat. 'Philipp.' Demosth. 'de Pace' Æschin. 'Timarch.'</p>	<p>Expedition of Phocion into Eubœa.—He gains the battle of Tamynæ against Callias and Tanrosthenes.—Egypt conquered by Ochus.</p> <p>The Olynthian war.—First embassy to Athens.—Their prayer being supported by Demosthenes, Chares is sent with 2,000 mercenaries.</p> <p>Second year and second embassy.—Charidemus sent with 400 peltasts, and 150 horse.—On a third embassy 2,000 Athenian citizens pass over.</p> <p>Olynthus taken by Philip, with Apollonia and 32 towns of Chalcidice and Thrace.—The Olympia are celebrated at Diium.</p> <p>Peace between Philip and the Athenians.—The Phocion or Sacred war ended, after a duration of ten years.</p>	<p>Demosthenes χορηγός at the Dionysia of the archon Thessalus</p> <p>Heraclides of the Middle Comedy fl.</p> <p>Anaxandrides of the Middle Comedy exhibits at the Olympia at Diium</p>
<p>Demosth. 'Philipp. II.'—Aristotle leaves Atarnæ for Mytilenē</p> <p>Demosth. et Æschin. 'Fals. Leg.'—Æschines is assisted by Eubulus</p> <p>Aristotle comes to the court of Philip.</p> <p>Demosth. 'de Chersoneso'</p> <p>Birth of Epicurus.—Demosth. 'Philip III.'—Aristophon Colyttensis fl.</p>	<p>Expedition of Timoleon.—He gains Syracuse.</p> <p>Conquest of Syracuse completed.—Expedition into Acarnania.—Demosthenes counteracts Philip in Ambracia and Peloponnesus.</p> <p>Expeditions of Philip into Thrace and Scythia.—Diopithes, the father of Menander, stationed at the Hellespont.—First Samnite war.</p> <p>Philip winters in Thrace.</p>	<p>Birth of Menander, one of the six standards of the New Comedy, and nephew of Alexis</p> <p>Aphareus, trag. exhibits till this year</p>
<p>Isocr. 'Panath.'—Ephorus, hist. Hegesippus, Philocrates, Cephisophon, fl.</p> <p>Demosth. 'Epist. ad Philipp.'—Death of Speusippus, Xenocrates succeeds</p> <p>Death of Isocrates, æt. 98.—Diylus, hist.—Anaxarchus, phil. fl.</p> <p>Lycurg. 'in Lysiclem, in Autolycum.'—Lycurgus presides in the Treasury</p> <p>Dinarchus, æt. 26, begins to compose orations</p> <p>Demosthenes and Lycurgus the orators are demanded by Alexander</p> <p>Aristotle comes to Athens.—Pyrrho, phil. the disciple of Anaxarchus, fl.</p> <p>Demosth. 'in Theocrinem.'—Ephorus the historian still living</p> <p>Demosth. 'in Phormionem.'—Apelles, the painter, flourished</p> <p>Lycurg. (Demosth.) 'in Aristogit.'—Zoilus the critic fl.</p>	<p>Selymbria blockaded by Philip.—Embassy to Persia at the instance of Demosthenes, and Persian aid obtained.—Peace with Samnium.</p> <p>The sieges of Perinthus and Byzantium raised.—Timoleon defeats the Carthaginians at the river Crimesus.—Rome and Latium at war.</p> <p>Philip general of the Amphictyons.—Decree of Demosthenes for alliance with Thebes.—Battle of Chæronea.—Archidamus slain in Italy.</p> <p>Congress of the Amphictyonic states at Corinth.—War proclaimed against Persia.—Death of Timoleon.—End of the Latin war.</p> <p>Philip is assassinated by Pausanias at Ægæ, and succeeded by Alexander.</p> <p>Alexander engages the Triballi and the Illyrians.—Revolt of the Thebans on the reported death of Alexander.—Thebes destroyed.</p> <p>Alexander passes the Hellespont.—First campaign in Asia.—Battle of the Granicus.—Capture of Halicarnassus and conquest of Caria.</p> <p>Second campaign.—Alexander reduces Lycia.—Battle of Issus and capture of the family of Darius.—Damasus taken by Parmenio.</p> <p>Third campaign.—Fall of Tyre after seven months' siege.—Alexandria founded.—Alexander marches to the oracle of Ammon.</p> <p>Fourth campaign.—Battle of Arbela.—Flight of Darius.—Alexander takes Babylon, Susa, and Persepolis.—Agis slain by Antipater.</p>	<p>Epigenes of the Middle Comedy fl.</p> <p>Lycurgus the orator restores the credit of the comic exhibitions at the Lænæan festival, and enacts honours for the three great tragic poets</p> <p>Philippides, one of the six standards of the New Comedy, fl.</p> <p>Theodectes the tragic poet died, circa</p> <p>Stephanus of the Middle Comedy, son of Antiphanes, fl.</p>
<p>Lycurg. 'in Leocr.'—Demosth. 'de Corona.'—Æschin. 'in Ctesiphont.'—Demosth. 'in Dionysodor.'—Calippus, astron. fl.</p> <p>Crates the Cynic fl.—Death of Callisthenes the historian</p>	<p>Fifth campaign.—Darius slain, July, æt. 50.—Alexander reduces the regions round the Caspian.—Bessus taken and delivered to the enemy.</p> <p>Sixth campaign.—Alexander passes the Oxus.—He founds Alexandria on the Tanais.—Passes the Tanais and engages the Scythians.</p> <p>Seventh campaign.—Subjugation of Sogdiana.—Alexander goes into winter quarters at Nautaca.</p> <p>Eighth campaign.—Early in the spring, Roxana is captured.—The winter is passed between the Copen and the Indus.</p> <p>Ninth campaign.—Alexander at Taxila in the spring.—Defeat of Porus.</p> <p>Alexander at the Hyphasis at midsummer.—Second Samnite war.</p> <p>Tenth campaign.—Alexander reaches the mouth of the Indus, Aug. and Pura in Oct.—Nearchus proceeds on his voyage.</p> <p>Eleventh campaign.—Alexander and Nearchus meet at Susiana.—Proclamation for the exiles.—Death of Hephæstion.—Cossæan war.</p> <p>Alexander enters Babylon in the spring.—Death of Alexander at Babylon, May or June.—The Lamian war.</p> <p>Craterus comes from Asia to the aid of Antipater.—Battle of Cranon—a Macedonian garrison enters Munchyia.—War in Etolia.</p> <p>Victory of Eumenes and death of Craterus.—Death of Perdicas.—The Romans defeated by the Samnites at the Furcæ Caudine.</p>	<p>Philemon, one of the six standards of the New Comedy, began to exhibit.—Death of Antiphanes of the Middle Comedy, æt. 74</p>
<p>Demadis ὑπὲρ τῆς δωδεκαετίας—Onesicritus, pilot of Alexander's ship</p> <p>Demetrius Phalereus the orator begins to appear in public affairs</p> <p>Lysippus the sculptor flourished.—Dinarch. 'de Harpal.'</p> <p>Demosthenes in exile.—Death of Lycurgus and of Diogenes the Cynic</p> <p>Death of Demosthenes, Hyperides, and of Aristotle, who is succeeded by Theophrastus</p> <p>Dinarchus the orator flourished at</p>	<p>C. Pontius, the Samnite general, refuses to receive the hostage consuls sent by the Roman Senate.</p> <p>Eumenes retires to Nora, where he is blockaded by Antigonus.—Recovery of Satricum by the Romans under the consul Papirius.</p> <p>Death of Antipater.—Cassander escapes from Macedon to concert measures with Ptolemy and Antigonus against Polysperchon.</p> <p>Death of Phocion.—Philip Aridaeus put to death by Olympias.—Sicily usurped by Agathocles.—Demetrius Phalereus governs Athens.</p> <p>Campaign of Antigonus against Eumenes in Upper Asia.—Cassander besieges Olympias at Pydna.</p> <p>War renewed between Antigonus and Eumenes.—Olympias captured and put to death by Cassander.—Cassander rebuilds Thebes.—Battle of Lautulæ, the dictator Fabius Maximus totally defeated by the Samnites.</p>	<p>Apollodoros of Gela, also one of the six standards of the New Comedy, flourished about this time</p> <p>Timocles of the New Comedy exhibits</p> <p>Menandri 'Οργή—his first prize</p>
<p>Athens.</p> <p>Hieronimus, hist. negotiates between Eumenes and Antigonus.—Demades the orator is put to death</p> <p>Hegemon and Pythocles, the orators, are put to death with Phocion</p> <p>Death of Xenocrates, æt. 81.—Polemo succeeds in the Academy.—Cranter, phil. fl.</p> <p>Death of Æschines, æt. 75</p>	<p>Demetrius Poliorcetes defeated at Gaza by Ptolemy and Seleucus.—Seleucus takes possession of Babylon.—Commencement of the Era of the Seleucidæ.</p> <p>The Etruscan war with the Romans</p>	<p>Diphilus, one of the six standards of the New Comedy, fl.</p>
<p>Epicurus began to teach at Mytilenē and Lampsacus</p> <p>Marsyas of Pella, the half-brother of Antigonus, hist. fl.</p> <p>Lycurgus the orator is honoured with a statue.—Dinarchus, orat. in exile</p> <p>Stilpo, phil. at the capture of Megara.</p> <p>Epicurus teaches at Athens.—Philochorus, hist. fl.</p> <p>Theopompus the historian still living</p> <p>Protogenes the painter flourished</p> <p>Demochares, orat. nephew of Demosthenes, is banished by the party of Stratocles</p> <p>Hieronimus of Cardia, hist. fl.</p>	<p>Battle of Himera.—Agathocles defeated.—He lands in Africa at the time of an eclipse of the sun.</p> <p>The Romans under the dictator Papirius gain a decided victory over the Samnites.</p> <p>Short war of the Romans under the consul Fabius with the Umbrians.</p> <p>Demetrius Poliorcetes approaches the Piræus in June.—He besieges Munchyia, and occupies Megara.—Agathocles leaves Africa.</p> <p>Naval victory of Demetrius over Ptolemy.—Antigonus, Lysimachus, Seleucus, and Ptolemy assume the title of Kings.</p> <p>The restoration of Thebes accomplished.—Bovianum taken by the Romans, and Statius Gallus the Samnite general captured.</p> <p>Siege of Rhodes by Demetrius Poliorcetes.—The Samnites submit to the consul Sulpicius and become subject to Rome.</p> <p>Siege of Rhodes terminated.—Peace with the Rhodians.—Demetrius Poliorcetes sails to Greece to oppose Cassander.</p> <p>Campaign against Cassander.—Antigonus opposes Lysimachus in Capadocia.—Seleucus approaches from Upper Asia.</p> <p>The three kings, having wintered in Asia, engage at Ipsus in Phrygia.</p> <p>Antigonus falls, æt. 81.—Flight of Demetrius.</p>	<p>Alexis of the Middle Comedy still living</p> <p>Anaxippus of the New Comedy fl.</p> <p>Archedicus of the New Comedy fl.</p> <p>Philippides of the New Comedy is intimate with Lysimachus</p>





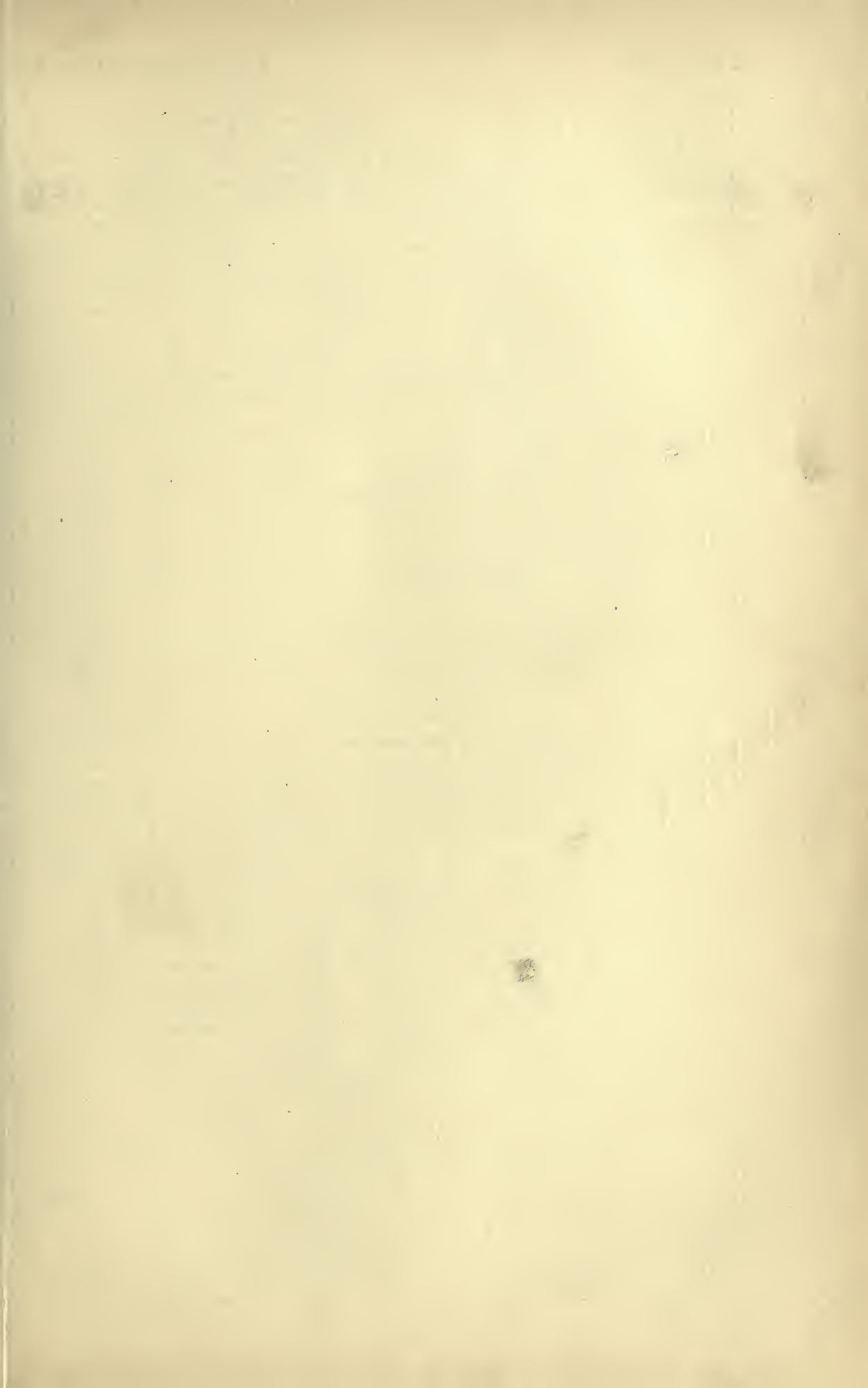


Jul. Period	Nabonassar	Seleucida	Olympiads	Y. of Rome	Ref. Christ	ROMAN CONSULS	Period — Achæan League	Punic — League	Agdæ of Sparta	Kings of Proclidæ	Macedon — Thrace	Kings of Asia	Kings of Syria	Kings of Egypt	Syracuse
4414	449	13	120.1	454	300	Q. Appuleius Pansa M. Valer. Corvus 5			10	Areus I.	17 Olympias Lysima-24 chus 25	2 Demetrius Polioretus	13 Seleucus Nicator	24 Ptolemy Soter	18
4415	450	14	2	455	299	M. Fulvius Pætinus T. Manl. Torquatus			11	—	18 —	3 —	14 —	25 —	19
4416	451	15	3	456	298	L. Cornelius Scipio Cn. Fulv. Max. Cent.			12	—	19 — 26	4 —	15 —	26 —	20
4417	452	16	4	457	297	Q. Fab. Max. Rullian. P. Decius Mus 3			13	—	Phil. 4m. 1 Antipa-27	5 —	16 —	27 —	21
4418	453	17	121.1	458	296	Ap. Claud. Cæcus 2 L. Vol. Flam. Violen 2			14	—	2 Alexan-28 der	6 —	17 —	28 —	22
4419	454	18	2	459	295	Q. Fab. Max. Rullian. P. Decius Mus 4		1	15	Pyrrhus 'circa' 295.	3 — 29	7 —	18 —	29 —	23
4420	455	19	3	460	294	L. Post. Megellus 2 M. Atilius Regulus		2	16	Archida- mus IV.	1 Deme- trius 30	8 —	19 —	30 —	24
4421	456	20	4	461	293	L. Papius Cursor Sp. Carvil. Maximus		3	17	—	2 — 31	9 —	20 —	31 —	25
4422	457	21	122.1	462	292	Q. Fab. Max. Gurges D. Jun. Brutus Scæva		4	18	—	3 — 32	10 —	21 —	32 —	26
4423	458	22	2	463	291	L. Post. Megellus 3 C. Jun. Brut. Bubulcus		5	19	—	4 — 33	11 —	22 —	33 —	27
4424	459	23	3	464	290	P. Cornel. Rufinus M. Curius Dentatus		6	20	—	5 — 34	12 —	23 —	34 —	28
4425	460	24	4	465	289	M. Val. Max. Corvinus Q. Cædicius Noctua		7	21	—	6 — 35	13 —	24 —	35 —	1
4426	461	25	123.1	466	288	M. Marc. Tremulus P. Corn. Arvina 2		8	22	—	7 — 36	14 —	25 —	36 —	2
4427	462	26	2	467	287	M. Claud. Marcellus C. Nautius Rutilus		9	23	—	1 Lysima-37 chus	15 —	26 —	37 —	3
4428	463	27	3	468	286	M. Val. Max. Potitus C. Ælius Pætus		10	24	—	2 — 38	—	27 —	38 —	4
4429	464	28	4	469	285	M. Claud. Canina M. Æmil. Lepidus		11	25	—	3 — 39	—	28 —	39 —	5
4430	465	29	124.1	470	284	C. Servilius Tucca L. Cæcil. Metellus		12	26	—	4 — 40	—	29 —	40 —	6
4431	466	30	2	471	283	P. C. Dolabella Max. Cn. Domit. Calvinus		13	27	—	5 — 41	—	30 —	—	7
4432	467	31	3	472	282	C. Fabric. Luscinius Q. Æmilius Papus		14	28	—	6 — 42	—	31 —	—	8
4433	468	32	4	473	281	L. Æmil. Barbula Q. Marc. Philippus		15	29	—	1 Ptolemy Ceraunus	3 —	32 —	—	9
4434	469	33	125.1	474	280	P. Valer. Lævinus Tib. Coruncanus		16	30	—	1 Meleager 1 Sosthenes — Interreg.	4 —	1 Antiochus Soter	6 —	10
4435	470	34	2	475	279	P. Sulpic. Saberrio P. Decius Mus		17	31	—	—	5 —	2 —	7 —	11
4436	471	35	3	476	278	C. Fab. Luscinius 2 Q. Æmil. Papus 2		18	32	—	—	6 Nicome-1 des I.	3 —	8 —	12
4437	472	36	4	477	277	P. Corn. Rufinus 2 C. J. Brutus Bubulc. 2		19	33	—	1 Antigonus Gonatus	7 —	4 —	9 —	13
4438	473	37	126.1	478	276	Q. Fabius Gurges 2 C. Genuc. Clepsina		20	34	—	2 —	8 —	5 —	10 —	14
4439	474	38	2	479	275	M. C. Dentatus 2 L. Corn. Lentulus		21	35	—	3 —	9 —	6 —	11 —	1
4440	475	39	3	480	274	M. C. Dentatus 3 Serv. C. Merenda		22	36	—	4 —	10 —	7 —	12 —	2
4441	476	40	4	481	273	C. F. Dorsio Licinus C. Cl. Canina 2		23	37	—	5 —	11 —	8 —	13 —	3
4442	477	41	127.1	482	272	L. Pap. Cursor 2 Sp. Carvil. Max. 2		—	38	—	6 —	12 —	9 —	14 —	4
4443	478	42	2	483	271	C. Quintius Claudius L. Genuc. Clepsina		—	39	—	7 —	13 —	10 —	15 —	5
4444	479	43	3	484	270	C. Genuc. Clepsina Cn. Corn. Blasio		—	40	—	8 —	14 —	11 —	16 —	1
4445	480	44	4	485	269	Q. Ogulnius Gallus C. Fabius Pictor		—	41	—	9 —	15 —	12 —	17 —	2
4446	481	45	128.1	486	268	P. Senpr. Sophus Ap. Claudius Rufus		—	42	Eudami- das II.	10 —	16 —	13 —	18 —	3
4447	482	46	2	487	267	M. Atilius Regulus L. Julius Libo		—	43	—	11 —	17 —	14 —	19 —	4
4448	483	47	3	488	266	N. Fabius Pictor D. Junius Pera		—	44	—	12 —	18 —	15 —	20 —	5
4449	484	48	4	489	265	Q. Fabius Max. Gurg. 3 L. Mamil. Vitulus		—	45	1 Acrotatus	13 —	19 —	16 —	21 —	6
4450	485	49	129.1	490	264	Ap. Claud. Caudex M. Fulvius Flaccus		1	46	1 Areus II.	14 —	20 —	17 —	22 —	7
4451	486	50	2	491	263	M. Val. Maximus M. Otacil. Crassus	1	2	47	—	15 —	1 Eume- nes I.	18 —	23 —	8
4452	487	51	3	492	262	L. Postum. Megellus Q. Mamil. Vitulus	2	3	48	—	16 —	2 — 17	19 —	24 —	9
4453	488	52	4	493	261	L. Valer. Flaccus T. Otacil. Crassus	3	4	49	—	17 —	3 — 18	1 Antio- chus	25 —	10
4454	489	53	130.1	494	260	C. C. Scipio Asina C. Duilius	4	5	50	—	18 —	4 — 19	2 Theus	26 —	11
4455	490	54	2	495	259	L. Cornel. Scipio C. Aquill. Florus	5	6	51	—	19 —	5 — 20	3 — 8	27 —	12
4456	491	55	3	496	258	A. Atil. Calatinus C. Sulpic. Paterculus	6	7	52	—	20 —	6 — 21	4 — 9	28 —	13
4457	492	56	4	497	257	C. Atilius Regulus Cn. Corn. Blasio 2	7	8	53	—	21 —	7 — 22	5 — 10	29 —	14
4458	493	57	131.1	498	256	L. Man. Vulso Longus M. Atil. Regulus 2	8	9	54	1 Leonidas II.	22 —	8 — 23	6 — 11	30 —	15
4459	494	58	2	499	255	S. F. Pætinus Nobilior M. Æmil. Paullus	9	10	55	—	23 —	9 — 24	7 — 12	31 —	16
4460	495	59	3	500	254	Cn. C. Scipio Asina 2 A. Atil. Calatinus 2	10	11	56	—	24 —	10 — 25	8 — 13	32 —	17
4461	496	60	4	501	253	Cn. Serv. Cæpio C. Semp. Blasus	11	12	57	—	25 —	11 — 26	9 — 14	33 —	18
4462	497	61	132.1	502	252	C. Aurelius Cotta P. Servil. Geminus	12	13	58	—	26 —	12 — 27	10 — 15	34 —	19
4463	498	62	2	503	251	L. Cæcil. Metellus C. Furius Pacillus	13	14	59	—	27 —	13 —	Zielas 1 'circa'	35 —	20

of the Jews	HISTORIANS, ETC.	GREECE AND ROME	POETS—THE DRAMA
1	Birth of Lyco the peripatetic.—Euclid the mathematician, fl.	Athens besieged by Demetrius Poliorcetes during the tyranny of Lachares.—Agathocles takes Crotona.	Demetrius of the New Comedy fl.
2	Arcesilajis directs the Middle Academy.—Zeno of Cittium, the Stoic, fl.	Third Samnite war—First campaign—Battle near Volaterræ in favour of the Romans.	
3	Diyillus closed his history about this period	Second campaign—Destructive invasion of Samnium, Gellius Egnatius joins the Etrurians.	
4	Demetrius Phalerius the orator withdraws, after the death of Cassander, to Egypt	Third campaign—Samnium relieved by Egnatius—Alarm at Rome on his invasion of their territory.—Death of Cassander.	
5		Fourth campaign—Battle of Sentinum, Decius devotes himself to death—Egnatius slain in battle by Fabius.	
6		Fifth campaign—Battle of Luceria gained by the Romans.—Demetrius Poliorcetes, having removed the sons of Cassander, reigns in Macedon.	
7		Sixth campaign—Both the consuls are victorious, and triumph on their return.—The first sun-dial at Rome, erected by Papirius Cursor.	
8		Seventh campaign—The Romans are defeated by C. Pontius, but in the next battle he is captured.	
9	Dinarchus, the orator, returns from exile	Eighth campaign—Triumph of the Fabii, and murder of C. Pontius, the Samnite general, at the conclusion of the ceremony.	Death of Menander, æt. 51
10		Ninth campaign and end of the Samnite war.—Demetrius Poliorcetes celebrates the Pythian games at Athens.	
11	Death of Agathocles.	Demetrius Poliorcetes driven by Pyrrhus from Macedon.	Posidippus, one of the six standards, of the New Comedy begins to exhibit
12	Diæarchus, geograph. fl.	Pyrrhus expelled from Macedon by Lycimachus, after seven months' possession.	
13	Birth of Archimedes.—Strato succeeds Theophrastus in the Lyceum.—Crates, the philosopher, the friend and disciple of Pølemo, fl.	Ptolemy Philadelphus is associated in the sovereignty by his father, Soter.	
14	Dionysius began his astronomical era, June 26, being the first who found the exact solar year to be 365 days 5 hours 48 minutes and 57 seconds.	The Septuagint translation of the Old Testament made about this time. The Pharos of Alexandria built.	
15	Demetrius Phalereus is in great credit in Egypt till the death of Soter, but is disgraced by Philadelphus	Death of Demetrius Poliorcetes, æt. 54.—Death of Ptolemy Soter.—The Consul Metellus killed at Arretium.	Sopator of Paphos, of the New Comedy, exhibits
16	Timocharis, astron. fl.	The Tarentines surprise the Roman fleet.—The Roman ambassadors demanding satisfaction are dismissed with insult.	
17	Demosthenes honoured with a statue. Chrysippus, stoic, b.—Cineas, orat. fl.	Lysimachus defeated and slain by Seleucus, July.—The Tarentine war begins.—Embassy to Pyrrhus from the Italian Greeks.	
18	Aristarchus of Samos, astron.—Timon Phliasis, crit. fl.—Duris, hist. fl.	Seleucus murdered by Ptolemy Ceraunus, July.—Pyrrhus passes into Italy.—Rise of the Achæan League.—Ceraunus slain by the Gauls, Oct.	
19	The four schools of philosophy, Strato, Zeno, Epicurus, and Arcesilajis, fl.	Irruption of the Gauls into Greece.—Battle of Asculum.—League between Rome and Carthage.	Lyncæus, comic poet, fl.—Sotades poeta, fl.
20	Death of Metrodorus the Epicurean, æt. 53.—Idomeneus of Lampsacus, hist. fl.—Colotes, the Stoic, fl.	Destruction of the Gauls under Brennus at Delphi.—Pyrrhus passes into Sicily.	Homerus—Sosistheus—Philiscus—Corycræus—Sosisphanes and Dionysides, tragic poets, fl.—Anytè of Tegea, epigr. poet, fl.
21	Birth of Eratosthenes, chronol.	Pyrrhus leaves Sicily.—His fleet is dispersed by the Carthaginians on his way to Italy.	
22	Birth of Euphorion of Chalcis, poet, fl.	Pyrrhus defeated by the consul Curius at Beneventum, embarks for Epirus.	
23	Birth of Aratus of Sicyon.—Zenodotus of Ephesus, critic, fl.	Embassy from Ptolemy Philadelphus to Rome.	
24	Death of Strato the Peripatetic.—Lyco succeeds.—Death of Epicurus, æt. 72.—Hermachus succeeds.—Death of Polemo the Platonic philosopher	Death of Pyrrhus.—Final submission of Samnium, Lucania, and Bruttium.—Fall of Tarentum.	Aratus of Soli, poet, fl.—Alexander Etolus, trag. fl.—Theocritus, poet, fl.
25	Manetho, hist. fl.	Rhegium taken and restored to the old inhabitants, the remains of the Campanian legion being put to death.	
26	History of Dionysius Halic. ends.—Timæus ends at the same period	Hiero becomes king of Syracuse.	
27	The Parian marble ends	War with the Picentes.—Silver first coined at Rome.	Antagoras Rhodius, poet, fl.
28	Death of Zeno, according to Eusebius. Dionysius Metathemenus, phil. fl.	The conquest of the Picentians completed by the consul Sempronius.—Colonies established at Ariminum and Beneventum.—Athens taken by Antigonus Gonatus.	
29	Timosthenes Rhodius, geog. ob.	The Sallentines and the Sarcinates subdued.—Conquest of the Messapians and occupation of Brundisium.	
30		First Punic War.—Gladiators first exhibited.—The Volsinii subdued.—The Romans become masters of all Italy.	
31		Hiero makes peace with the Romans, who exact from him 100 talents of silver.	
32		Surrender of Agrigentum after seven months' siege to the consuls Megellus and Vitulus.—Battle of Sardis.	Death of Philemon of the New Comedy, æt. 97
33		The Romans first prepare a fleet.	
34	Death of Zeno the Stoic, according to Laertius; he is succeeded by Cleanthes	Naval victory of Duilius over the Carthaginians off Mylæ.—Descent of Scipio upon Corsica and Sardinia.	Lycophron, trag.—'Alexandr.'
35	Erasistratus medicus, the grandson of Aristotle, fl.	The consul Sulpicius takes several galleys from Hannibal off Sardinia; Hannibal is murdered in revenge by his mariners.	
36		The Carthaginian fleet under Hanno and Hamilcar defeated by the consuls near Ecnomus.—The consul Regulus lands in Africa.	Callimachus, fl.
37		Defeat and capture of Regulus by Xantippus.—Naval victory, the Carthaginians lose 114 ships; the Roman fleet destroyed by a tempest.	
38		The Romans complete another fleet of 220 ships in three months.—Surrender of Panormus.	
39		The consuls Servilius and Sempronius sail to Africa.—A second tempest, 150 ships lost.—The Romans desist from naval expeditions.	
40	Sosibius of Laconia, gram. fl.	Aratus delivers Sicyon.—The Romans again resolve on naval preparations.	







Jul. Period	Nabonassar	Seleucidæ	Olympiads	Y. of Rome	Bef. Christ	ROMAN CONSULS	Punic — Achaean League	Agiæ of Sparta	Proclitæ	Kings of Macedon	Pergamus	Kings of Bithynia	Syria	Kings of Pontus	Kings of Egypt	Parthia
4464	499	63	3	504	250	C. Atil. Regulus 2 L. Manl. Vulso 2	15 First Punic War	31	—	28 Leonidas II.	14 Antigonus Gonatus	12 Eumenes I Zitelas 2	12 Antiochus Ariobarzanes III.	13 zanes 18	36 Ptolemy Philadelphus	
4465	500	64	4	505	249	P. Claud. Pulcher L. Junius Fulvus	16 War	32	—	29 —	15 —	13 —	14 —	19 —	38 —	
4466	501	65	133.1	506	248	C. Aurel. Cotta 2 P. Servil. Geminus 2	17 —	33	—	30 —	16 —	4 —	14 —	19 —	38 —	
4467	502	66	2	507	247	L. Cæcil. Metellus 2 N. Fabius Buteo	18 Hamil. car	34	—	31 —	17 —	5 —	15 —	20 —	1 Ptolemy Evergetes	
4468	503	67	3	508	246	M. Otacil. Crassus 2 M. Fabius Licinus	19 —	35	—	32 —	18 —	6 —	1 Seleucus Callinicus	21 —	2 —	
4469	504	68	4	509	245	M. Fabius Buteo C. Atilius Bulbus	20 —	36	—	33 —	19 —	7 —	2 —	22 —	3 —	
4470	505	69	134.1	510	244	A. M. Torqu. Atticus C. Semp. Biasus 2	21 —	37	—	34 —	20 —	8 —	3 —	23 —	4 —	
4471	506	70	2	511	243	C. Fund. Fundulus C. Sulpic. Gallus	22 Pr.	38	—	35 —	21 —	9 —	4 —	24 —	5 —	
4472	507	71	3	512	242	C. Lutat. Catulus A. Post. Albinus	23 —	39	—	36 —	22 —	10 —	5 —	25 —	6 —	
4473	508	72	4	513	241	A. M. Torqu. Atticus 2 Q. Lutatius Cerco	1 First Punic Int. of	40	—	37 —	1 Attalus I.	11 —	6 —	26 —	7 —	
4474	509	73	135.1	514	240	C. Claudius Centho M. Semp. Tuditanus	2 Peace	41	1 Leonidas Eurydamidas	38 —	2 —	12 —	7 Mithridates IV.	1 —	8 —	
4475	510	74	2	515	239	C. Mamil. Turrinus C. Valerius Falto	3 —	42	2 —	1 Demetrius	3 —	13 —	8 —	2 —	9 —	
4476	511	75	3	516	238	Ti. Semp. Gracchus P. Valerius Falto	4 Hamil. car in	43	3 —	2 —	4 —	14 —	9 —	3 —	10 —	
4477	512	76	4	517	237	L. C. Lentulus Caud. Q. Fulvius Flaccus	5 Spain	44	4 —	3 —	5 —	15 —	10 —	4 —	11 —	
4478	513	77	136.1	518	236	P. C. Lentulus Caud. C. Licinius Varus	6 —	45	1 Cleomenes III.	4 —	6 —	16 —	11 —	5 —	12 —	
4479	514	78	2	519	235	T. Manl. Torquatus C. Atil. Bulbus 2	7 —	46	2 —	5 —	7 —	17 —	12 —	6 —	13 —	
4480	515	79	3	520	234	L. Postum. Albinus Sp. Carvilius Max.	8 —	47	3 —	6 —	8 —	18 —	13 —	7 —	14 —	
4481	516	80	4	521	233	Q. Fabius Max. Verr. M. Pompon. Mathon.	9 —	48	4 —	7 —	9 —	19 —	14 —	8 —	15 —	
4482	517	81	137.1	522	232	M. Æmilius Lepidus M. Pöblic. Malleolus	10 —	49	5 —	8 —	10 —	20 —	15 —	9 —	16 —	
4483	518	82	2	523	231	M. Pomp. Mathon. C. Papius Maso	11 —	50	6 —	9 —	11 —	21 —	16 —	10 —	17 —	
4484	519	83	3	524	230	M. Æmil. Barbula M. Junius Pera	12 —	51	7 Archidamus V.	10 —	12 —	22 —	17 —	11 —	18 —	
4485	520	84	4	525	229	L. Post. Albinus 2 Cn. Fulv. Centumalus	13 Hadru. bal in	52	8 —	1 Antigonus Doson	13 —	23 —	18 —	12 —	19 —	
4486	521	85	138.1	526	228	Sp. Carvilius Max. 2 Q. Fabius Max. Verr. 2	14 Spain	53	9 —	2 —	14 Prusias I.	1 —	19 —	13 —	20 —	
4487	522	86	2	527	227	P. Valerius Flaccus M. Atilius Regulus	15 —	54	10 —	3 —	15 —	2 —	20 —	14 —	21 —	
4488	523	87	3	528	226	M. Valer. Messalla L. Apustius Fullo	16 —	55	11 —	4 —	16 —	3 —	1 Seleucus Cercaunus	15 —	22 —	
4489	524	88	4	529	225	L. Æmilius Papus C. Atilius Regulus	17 —	56	12 —	5 —	17 —	4 —	2 —	16 —	23 —	
4490	525	89	139.1	530	224	T. Manl. Torquatus 2 Q. Fulv. Flaccus 2	18 —	57	13 —	6 —	18 —	5 —	3 —	17 —	24 —	
4491	526	90	2	531	223	C. Flaminius P. Furius Philus	19 —	58	14 —	7 —	19 —	6 —	1 Antiochus Magnus	18 —	25 —	
4492	527	91	3	532	222	Cn. C. Scipio Calvus M. Claud. Marcellus	20 —	59	15 —	8 —	20 —	7 —	2 —	19 —	1 Ptolemy Philopater	
4493	528	92	4	533	221	P. Corn. Scipio Asina M. Minucius Rufus	21 Han. nibal in	P.60	16 —	9 —	21 —	8 —	3 —	20 —	2 —	
4494	529	93	140.1	534	220	L. Veturius Philo C. Lutatius Catulus	22 Spain	P.61	—	1 Philip V.	22 —	9 —	4 —	21 —	3 —	
4495	530	94	2	535	219	M. Livius Salinator L. Æmilius Paulus	23 Pr.	62	—	2 —	23 —	10 —	5 —	22 —	4 —	
4496	531	95	3	536	218	L. Æmilius Paulus P. Cornelius Scipio	1 Second Punic War	P.63	—	3 —	24 —	11 —	6 —	23 —	5 —	
4497	532	96	4	537	217	Ti. Semp. Longus Cn. Servil. Geminus	2 War	P.64	—	4 —	25 —	12 —	7 —	24 —	6 —	
4498	533	97	141.1	538	216	C. Flaminius 2 C. Terentius Varro	3 Pr.	65	—	5 —	26 —	13 —	8 —	25 —	7 —	
4499	534	98	2	539	215	L. Æmil. Paulus 2 C. Postum. Albinus	4 —	66	—	6 —	27 —	14 —	9 —	26 —	8 —	
4500	535	99	3	540	214	Ti. Semp. Gracchus Q. Fabius Max. Verr. 4	5 —	67	—	7 —	28 —	15 —	10 —	27 —	9 —	
4501	536	100	4	541	213	M. Cl. Marcellus 3 Q. Fabius Maximus	6 —	68	—	8 —	29 —	16 —	11 —	28 —	10 —	
4502	537	101	142.1	542	212	Ti. Semp. Gracchus 2 Q. Fulvius Flaccus 3	7 —	69	—	9 —	30 —	17 —	12 —	29 —	11 —	
4503	538	102	2	543	211	Ap. Claud. Pulcher Cn. F. Centumalus	8 —	70	—	10 —	31 —	18 —	13 —	30 —	12 —	
4504	539	103	3	544	210	P. Sulpicius Galba			—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
4504	539	103	3	544	210	M. Valer. Levinus M. Cl. Marcellus 4	9 —	71	1 Machanidas	11 —	32 —	19 —	14 —	31 —	13 —	
4505	540	104	4	545	209	Q. Fabius Max. Verr. 5 Q. Fulvius Flaccus 4	10 —	72	—	12 —	33 —	20 —	15 —	32 —	14 —	
4506	541	105	143.1	546	208	Q. Fulvius Flaccus 4 M. Cl. Marcellus 5	11 Pr.	73	—	13 —	34 —	21 —	16 —	33 —	15 —	
4507	542	106	2	547	207	T. Quinct. Crispinus C. Claudius Nero	12 Pr.	74	—	14 —	35 —	22 —	17 —	34 —	16 —	
4508	543	107	3	548	206	M. Livius Salinator 2 Q. Cæcil. Metellus	13 —	75	1 Nabis	15 —	36 —	23 —	18 —	35 —	17 —	
4509	544	108	4	549	205	L. Veturius Philo P. Cornelius Scipio	14 —	76	2 —	16 —	37 —	24 —	19 —	36 —	1 Ptolemy Epiphanes	
4510	545	109	144.1	550	204	P. Lic. Crassus Dives M. Corn. Cethegus	15 —	77	3 —	17 —	38 —	25 —	20 —	37 —	2 —	
4511	546	110	2	551	203	P. Semp. Tuditanus Cn. Servilius Cæpio	16 Hanni. bal in	78	4 Masi. nissa	18 —	30 —	26 —	21 —	38 —	3 —	
4512	547	111	3	552	202	C. Servilius Ti. Claudius Nero	17 Africa	P.79	5 —	19 —	31 —	27 —	22 —	39 —	4 —	
4513	548	112	4	553	201	M. Servil. Geminus Cn. Corn. Lentulus	1 Second Punic Peace	P.80	6 —	20 —	32 —	28 —	23 —	40 —	5 —	



GREEK WRITERS	ROMAN REPUBLIC	ROMAN AUTHORS
Hieronymus of Rhodes, stoic, fl.	Victory of Metellus at Panormus.—Regulus pleads in the Senate for war.	
Heraclitus of Halicarnassus the poet, and Philostephanus of Cyrene, hist. fl.	Siege of Lilybæum.—Arsaces founds the Parthian monarchy. Naval defeat of Claudius Pulcher by Adherbal off Drepanum.—The Romans lose every ship by storm, and again abandon the sea.	
Nymphis of Heraclea brought his history to this year	Hamilcar Barcas appointed general of the Carthaginians.—Birth of Hannibal.	
Euphantus of Olynthus, hist. fl.	Hamilcar encamps his forces between Panormus and Eryx in Sicily, where he maintains his post nearly three years. Hamilcar takes Eryx by surprise.	
Death of Arcesilaüs of the Middle Academy.—Lacydes succeeds	The Consul Fundanius opposed to Barcas in Sicily.—Aratus delivers Corinth. The Romans again prepare a fleet.	
Lysimachus, phil. fl.—Nearthes of Cyzicum, hist. fl.	Naval victory of Catulus over Hanno at the Ægates.—End of the first Punic war.—War with the Falisci.—Agis King of Sparta put to death.	Livius Andronicus began to exhibit
		Birth of Ennius the poet
Ister, poet, the disciple of Callimachus, fl.	The Libyan war terminated.—Hamilcar sent into Spain.—War with the Boii and Ligurians. The Ludi Sæculares celebrated; the games attended by Hiero King of Syracuse with 200,000 modii of wheat.	Nævius the poet flourished
	Irruption of the Transalpine Gauls.—Rome threatens Carthage with war, but is induced by an embassy to desist. Sardinia conquered by the Romans.—The temple of Janus is shut a second time.	Birth of Cato
Ptolemy Physcon about this time procures the MSS. of Sophocles, Euripides, and Æschylus, from the Athenians, upon a pledge of 15 talents	War in Liguria, Corsica, and Sardinia.—Sardinia revolts and is again invaded. The consul Fabius Maximus subdues the Ligurians.—The judicature of the Centumviri erected.—Sardinia a third time invaded. Agrarian law of C. Flaminius.—Sardinia a fourth time invaded.	
	Divorce of Spurius Carvilius.—Sardinia and Corsica reduced to a province.	
Macho the comic poet and teacher of Aristophanes the critic fl.—Apollodorus of Carystus, comic poet, fl.	Teuta Queen of Illyria procures the murder of an ambassador sent from Rome, which leads to war. The first Illyrian war.—Hasdrubal succeeds Hamilcar in Spain.	
	Peace with Illyria.—First Roman embassy to Greece.	
	War between Cleomenes and Aratus	
Death of Lyco the peripatetic, æt. 74. Aristo of Ceos, succeeds in the Lyceum	The Gallic war.—The Gauls defeated in Etruria by the consul Emilius.—The consul Regulus slain.—The Roman force near 800,000 men. The Boii subdued.—Cleomenes restores the Agrarian laws of Sparta.	Q. Fabius Pictor the historian serves in the Gallic war.—L. C. Alimetus, hist. fl.
Antigonus of Carystus, biog. fl.	The Romans legions first pass the Po.—Victory of Flaminius over the Insubres.	
Eratosthenes, librarian at Alexandria, flourished	Victory of Marcellus.—Insubria and Liguria formed into the province of Cisalpine Gaul.—Battle of Sellasia, Cleomenes defeated by Antigonus. Hannibal succeeds Hasdrubal in Spain.—Conquest of Istria.	
Rhianus the poet flourished		
Euphorion, librarian to Antiochus, ob. Archimedes fl.—Archimedes, poet	Battle of Caphyæ.—Commencement of the Social war.	
The History of Aratus ends.—The History of Polybius begins.	Saguntum taken by Hannibal.—Second Illyrian war.—Demetrius flies for protection to Philip King of Macedon.	Birth of Pacuvius, trag.
Phylarchus, hist. flourished	The second Punic war.—Hannibal passes the Alps.—The Romans defeated at the Ticin and the Trebia.—Inroads of Philip into Etolia. Hannibal passes into Etruria.—Flaminius defeated and slain at Thrasy-mene.—Hannibal winters in Daunia.	
Samius the poet begins to be distinguished	Battle of Cannæ, total defeat of the Romans.—Hannibal winters at Capua.—Casilinum taken.—Posthumus defeated and slain in Gaul. Hannibal enters into treaty with Philip of Macedon.—Hasdrubal the Bald defeated by the Romans in Sicily.—Hannibal winters in Apulia.	Fabius Pictor the historian sent ambassador to Delphi
Mnesiptolemus the poet fl.—Epinicus the comic poet fl.	Fabius retakes Casilinum.—Marcellus sent into Sicily.—Syracuse besieged.—The siege turned to a blockade by the Romans.	
Death of Lacydes.—Evander succeeds in the Middle Academy	Progress of the Scipios in Spain.—They engage Syphax K. of Masæ-syilia against Carthage.—Syphax defeated with great loss by Masinissa.	
Birth of Carneades of Cyrenè, the founder of the New Academy.	Tarentum surprised by Hannibal.—Syracuse taken by Marcellus.—Death of Archimedes.—The two Scipios killed in Spain. Capua recovered by the Romans.—Scipio the Younger sent into Spain. Confederacy with the Etolians against Philip of Macedon.	
Death of Aratus of Sicyon.—Death of Archimedes, æt. 75		
	Fulvius Centumalus defeated by Hannibal at Herdonia.—Agrigentum delivered to the consul Lævinius.—Carthago Nova taken by Scipio. Tarentum recovered by the consul Fabius Maximus.	
	Marcellus slain in an ambush.—Hannibal forces Cincius to raise the siege of Locri.—Lævinius defeats the Carthaginian fleet off Clypea.	
Death of Chrysippus the Stoic, æt. 73. Zeno Tarsensis succeeds	Battle of the Metaurus.—Hasdrubal defeated and slain by the consuls Livius and Nero.—Hannibal retires into Bruttium.	Cato, quæstor.—Ennius the poet brought to Rome by the quæstor Cato from Sardinia
Sotion of Alexandria, critic, fl.	Scipio, in Africa, leagues with Syphax.—Masinissa treats with Scipio at Gades.—Battle of Mantinea.—The Carthaginians abandon Spain.	
Hermippus of Smyrna, biog. fl.	Scipio, now consul, passes into Sicily.—Mago lands an army in Italy.—Scipio sends Lælius into Africa, who there confers with Masinissa.	
	Peace between the Romans and King Philip.—Syphax secedes from the Roman interest.—Scipio lands in Africa, and is joined by Masinissa. Syphax defeated and captured.—Masinissa saluted as king by Scipio.—Hannibal leaves Italy.—Peace proposed.—Hannibal lands in Africa.	
	Interview between Hannibal and Scipio.—Battle of Zama.—End of the second Punic war.	Death of Nævius
Silenus, Sositus, and Menodotus, the historians, fl.	Peace granted to the Carthaginians.—Triumph of Scipio.—Sea fight near Chios.—King Philip defeated by Attalus and the Rhodians.	







Jul. Period	Nabonnassar	Seleucidæ	Olympiads	Y. of Rome	Ref. Christ	ROMAN CONSULS	Period	Numidia	Kings	Kings	Pergamus	Kings	Kings	Kings	Kings
							Achaean League	Tyrants	Sparta	of Macedon	of Bithynia	Syria	of Pontus	of Egypt	
4514	549	113	145.1	554	200	P. Sulp. Galba Max. 2	2 Second	4 Masinissa	21 Philp	42 Attalus	24 Antiochus	6 Ptolemy			
4515	550	114	2	555	199	C. Aurelius Cotta	Int. of P. 81	Nabis 7	22	43 Prusias	25 Mithri-41	7 Epiphanes			
4516	551	115	3	556	198	L. Corn. Lentulus	3 Peace 82	5	8	44	26	8			
4517	552	116	4	557	197	P. Vilius Tappulus		6	9	23	27	9			
4518	553	117	146.1	558	196	T. Qu. Flaminius	4 Pr. 83	7	10	24	28	10			
4519	554	118	2	559	195	Sex. J. L. Pætus Catus	5	8	11	25	29	11			
4520	555	119	3	560	194	C. Corn. Cethegus	6 Hanni-	9	12	26	30	12			
4521	556	120	4	561	193	Q. Minucius Rufus	7 Syria P. 86	10	13	27	31	13			
4522	557	121	147.1	562	192	M. Claud. Marcellus	8	11	14	28	32	14			
4523	558	122	2	563	191	L. Furius Purpureo	9	12	15	29	33	15			
4524	559	123	3	564	190	M. Claud. Marcellus	10 Pr. 89	13	16	30	34	16			
4525	560	124	4	565	189	M. Porcius Cato	11 Pr. 90	14	17	31	35	17			
4526	561	125	148.1	566	188	L. Valerius Flaccus	12	15	18	32	36	18			
4527	562	126	2	567	187	P. C. Scipio Afric. 2	13 Pr. 92	16	19	33	37	19			
4528	563	127	3	568	186	Ti. Sempr. Longus	14 Pr. 93	17	20	34	38	20			
4529	564	128	4	569	185	Q. Minucius Rufus	15	18	21	35	39	21			
4530	565	129	149.1	570	184	M. Valer. Messalla	16	19	22	36	40	22			
4531	566	130	2	571	183	M. Emil. Lepidus	17 Pr. 96	20	23	37	41	23			
4532	567	131	3	572	182	C. Flaminius	18	21	24	38	42	24			
4533	568	132	4	573	181	Sp. Post. Albinus	19 Han-	22	25	39	43	25			
4534	569	133	150.1	574	180	Q. Marc. Philippus	20 ob. P. 99	23	26	40	44	26			
4535	570	134	2	575	179	Ap. Claud. Pulcher	21 circa.	24	27	41	45	27			
4536	571	135	3	576	178	M. Semp. Tuditanus	22	25	28	42	46	28			
4537	572	136	4	577	177	P. Claud. Pulcher	23	26	29	43	47	29			
4538	573	137	151.1	578	176	Ti. Sempr. Gracchus	24	27	30	44	48	30			
4539	574	138	2	579	175	Cn. C. Scipio Hispal.	25	28	31	45	49	31			
4540	575	139	3	580	174	Q. Petil. Spurinus	26	29	32	46	50	32			
4541	576	140	4	581	173	P. Mucius Scævula	27	30	33	47	51	33			
4542	577	141	152.1	582	172	M. Em. Lepidus 2	28 Pr. 107	31	34	48	52	34			
4543	578	142	2	583	171	Sp. Post. Alb. Paulius	29	32	35	49	53	35			
4544	579	143	3	584	170	Q. Mucius Scævula	30 Pr. 109	33	36	50	54	36			
4545	580	144	4	585	169	L. Post. Albinus	31	34	37	51	55	37			
4546	581	145	153.1	586	168	M. Popillius Lænas	32	35	38	52	56	38			
4547	582	146	2	587	167	C. Popillius Lænas	33	36	39	53	57	39			
4548	583	147	3	588	166	P. Aelius Ligus	34	37	40	54	58	40			
4549	584	148	4	589	165	C. Cassius Crassus	35	38	41	55	59	41			
4550	585	149	154.1	590	164	P. Licinius Crassus	36	39	42	56	60	42			
4551	586	150	2	591	163	C. Cassius Longinus	37	40	43	57	61	43			
4552	587	151	3	592	162	M. Claud. Marcellus	38	41	44	58	62	44			
4553	588	152	4	593	161	T. Manl. Torquatus	39	42	45	59	63	45			
4554	589	153	155.1	594	160	Cn. Octavius	40	43	46	60	64	46			
4555	590	154	2	595	159	A. Manl. Torquatus	41	44	47	61	65	47			
4556	591	155	3	596	158	C. Cassius Longinus	42	45	48	62	66	48			
4557	592	156	4	597	157	M. Junius Pennus	43	46	49	63	67	49			
4558	593	157	156.1	598	156	C. Sulpic. Gallus	44	47	50	64	68	50			
4559	594	158	2	599	155	M. Claud. Marcellus	45	48	51	65	69	51			
4560	595	159	3	600	154	T. Manl. Torquatus	46	49	52	66	70	52			
4561	596	160	4	601	153	Cn. Octavius	47	50	53	67	71	53			
4562	597	161	157.1	602	152	A. Manl. Torquatus	48	51	54	68	72	54			
4563	598	162	2	603	151	C. Cassius Longinus	49	52	55	69	73	55			



	GREEK WRITERS	ROMAN REPUBLIC	ROMAN AUTHORS
IV. n 20 21	Aristophanes of Byzantium, critic, fl. Polemo periegetes, fl.	Reception of Attalus at Athens.—First Macedonian war.—King Philip besieges Abydos.—He dismisses the Roman ambassador Emilius. King Philip defeated by the consul Sulpicius, near Octolophum.—He defeats the Ætolians, who now declare for the Romans.	
22	Zeno and Antisthenes, of Rhodes, the historians, fl.	Siege of Elatea by Flaminius.—He forms an alliance with the Achæan league.—Antiochus defeats Scopas at Panium and conquers Cœlysyria.	Cato consul
23	Alcæus of Messenia, the poet, celebrates the victory of Titus at Cynoscephalæ	Battle of Cynoscephalæ, peace granted to Philip of Macedon.—Hamilcar, the Carthaginian, defeated in Gaul by the consul Cethegus.	Birth of Terence
24	Asclepiades of Myrlea, gram. fl.	The consuls subdue the Insubres and the Boii.—Hannibal joins Antiochus.—Greece declared free.—Conference at Lysimachia.	Cato, military tribune
1	Ptolemy of Megalopolis, the historian, governs Cyprus for Epiphanes	Cato, now consul, tranquillizes Spain.—The Romans prepare for war with Antiochus.—Nabis submits to Flaminius.—Liberation of Argos.	
2	Death of Eratosthenes, æt. 80 or 82.—Apollonius Rhodius succeeds as librarian at Alexandria	Defeat of the Boii.—Flaminius restores the Ætolian cities, Corinth, Chalcis, and Demetrias.—Triumph of Flaminius.	
3		Failure of embassy to Rome from Antiochus.—Hannibal urges an attack upon Italy.—Encroachments of Masinissa in Africa.	
4		Attilius sent into Greece.—Nabis defeated by Philopœmen, Lacedæmon joins the Achæan League.—Antiochus passes into Greece.	
5		Antiochus enters Acarnania.—Acilius defeats Antiochus at Thermopylæ. Horaclea surrendered.—Antiochus defeated at sea, retires to Phrygia.	Cato, censor.— Death of Plautius.
6		Siege of Amphissa.—Six months' truce to the Ætolians.—L. C. Scipio passes into Asia.—Battle of Magnesia, Antiochus defeated by Scipio.	L. Cincius Alimentus, 'De re militari'
7		Ambracia besieged by the consul Fulvius, who grants peace to the Ætolians.—The consul Manlius reduces the Gallo-Greeks in Galatia.	Ennius, the poet, accompanies the consul Fulvius into Etolia
8		Eumenes and the ten legati join Manlius, and the treaty with Antiochus is completed.—Philopœmen abrogates the laws of Lycurgus.	
9		Achæan embassies sent to Rome and Egypt while Philopœmen is in office.—Scipio Africanus retires to Liternum in disgust.	
10		The Bacchanalian society suppressed.—The consul Marcius defeated by the Ligurians.	
11	Hegesinus the Platonic philosopher, the successor of Evander, and predecessor of Carneades, flourished	The Romans, jealous of the growing power of Philip of Macedon.—He remonstrates against the reductions proposed by Metellus.	Cato, censor.— Death of Plautius.
12		King Philip sends his son Demetrius to Rome to conciliate the members of the Senate.—War between Eumenes and Prusias.	
13	Aristonymus succeeds Apollonius Rhodius as librarian at Alexandria	Demetrius pleads for his father King Philip before the Roman Senate.—Philopœmen put to death by the Messenians.	
14	Polybius, the historian, is at the funeral of Philopœmen.—Nicander of Colophon poëta, fl.	The Messenians surrender to Lycortas, the successor of Philopœmen.—The Lacedæmonians enter a second time into the Achæan League.	
15	Polybius is sent ambassador to Egypt	Demetrius put to death by order of his father King Philip.—War in Spain.	
16		The Villian law, enacting the several ages required for admission to public office.—The Ligurians are transported to Samnium.	Cæcilius, the comic poet, flourished
17		Death of Philip King of Macedon.—Some books of Numa said to have been found at Rome; Livy thought them forged.	
18		The consul Manlius carries on the war in Istria.	
19		The war in Istria completed by the consul Claudius, and in Sardinia by Sempronius Gracchus.	
20		Death of the consul Cornelius Scipio.—The consul Petillius slain by the Ligurians.	
21		The Bastarnæ, who had been invited from the Danube by King Philip, enter Dardania, which excites the jealousy of the Roman Senate.	
22		Perseus King of Macedon endeavours to re-establish an alliance with the Achæans.—Three ambassadors sent from Rome to Perseus.	
23		The three ambassadors return from Macedon without audience.—Popilius, the consul, gains a victory over the Ligurians.	
24		Eumenes excites the Senate against Perseus.—Renewed complaints of Carthage against Masinissa.—The Bœotian league dissolved.	
25	Death of Aristonymus, the librarian, at Alexandria	The Second Macedonian war.—Ambassadors from Perseus sue in vain for peace.—Licinius winters in Bœotia and Thessaly.	
26		The consul Hostilius attempts unsuccessfully to penetrate Macedon.—Antiochus Epiphanes takes Jerusalem.	Birth of Attius, trag.
27		The consul Marcus proceeds into Macedon.—Perseus abandons Dium, but rallies and entrenches himself on the banks of the Enipeus.	Death of Ennius, poëta, æt. 70
28		Battle of Pydna, June 22.—The Illyrian war ended by Anicius in 30 days. Flight and surrender of Perseus to the consul Emilius Paulus.	Death of Cæcilius, the comic poet
29		Macedonia divided into provinces.—70 towns in Epirus destroyed.—1000 of the principal Achæans exiled to Rome for 16 years.	Terentii 'Andria'
30		The Ligurians are subdued by the consuls Gallus and Marcellus.	Terentii 'Hecyra'
31		Demetrius Soter twelve years a hostage at Rome, is refused his release to dethrone his nephew, Antiochus Eupator.—War in Corsica.	Sulpicius Gallus, astron. is sent to Asia to watch the conduct of Eumenes Terentii 'Heautontimorumenos'
32	Hipparchus observes the autumnal equinox, Sept. 27	Demetrius escapes from Rome by the connivance of the historian Polybius.—He dethrones Eupator and puts the King and his tutor Lysias to death.	Terentii 'Eunuchus'
33	Satyrus the peripatetic, fl.	Philosophers and rhetoricians are prohibited at Rome.	
34	Hipparchus observed the autumnal equinox, Sept. 27.—Crates, the grammarian, is at Rome	Treaty between the Romans and the Jews against Demetrius Soter.—Death of Emilius Paulus.	Terentii 'Adelphi'
35	Hipparchus again observes the autumnal equinox, Sept. 27	Ariarthes King of Cappadocia comes to Rome for protection against Demetrius.—Cato urges the destruction of Carthage in the Senate.	Death of Terence.— Time measured by water at Rome, the invention of Scipio Nasica.
36	Aristarchus, the critic, flourished	War with the Dalmatians. It is terminated the succeeding year.	Pacuvius, trag. fl. æt. 65
37	Diogenes the stoic, Critolais the peripatetic, and Carneades the academic, are ambassadors to Rome	Embassy from Athens.—The Athenians obtain the remission of a fine of 500 talents.—Embassy to Rome in behalf of the Achæan exiles.	Cato pleads his own cause, æt. 81
38	Callistratus, the disciple of Aristophanes, and Moschus the poet, fl.	The Romans first pass the Alps.—The disputes between the Ptolemies terminated by the concessions of the elder.	
39		The consuls enter upon their office on January 1.—The Celtiberian war is conducted unsuccessfully by Nobilior.	Albinus the consul, a writer of history
40	Polybius returns with the other Achæan exiles to Greece	War in Spain conducted by the consul Marcellus.	
41		The Celtiberian war is unpopular at Rome.—Galba the prætor defeated by the Lusitanians.—Return of the Achæan exiles.	











of the Jews

V. 3  
a- 4  
5  
6  
7  
8  
9  
0  
1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
6  
7  
8  
r- 1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
6  
7  
8  
9  
10  
11  
12  
13  
14  
15  
16  
17  
18  
19  
20  
21  
22  
23  
24  
25  
26  
27  
28  
o- 1  
s I.  
y 2  
d. 1  
us 2  
3  
4  
5

GREEK WRITERS

ROMAN REPUBLIC

ROMAN AUTHORS

Polybius is sent for by the consul Manilius  
Heracleides Lembus, hist. flourished

Hipparchus observes the autumnal equinox, Sept. 26  
Polybius at Carthage and Corinth.—Hipparchus' obs. Mar. 24 and Sept. 27  
Apollodorus' 'Chronicon' ends.—Zonaras fl.—Demetrius of Scepsis fl.  
Antipater of Tarsus the Stoic, the successor of Diogenes Babylonius, fl  
Panætius the Stoic accompanies Scipio in his embassy.—Hipparchus observes the autumnal equinox, Sept. 26.

Nicanor of Colophon, the poet, still living

Hipparchus observes the vernal equinox, Mar. 22

Death of Crates, the critic, circa

Agatharchides of Cnidus, the historian, who was reader to Heracleides Lembus, is about this time tutor to the sons of Ptolemy Soter  
Philo succeeds Clitomachus in the New Academy, circa.—Diodorus the peripatetic flourished

Dionysius the Thracian, gram. fl.

Artemidorus of Ephesus, geog. fl.

Archias, the poet, in his youth comes to Rome

Galba treacherously destroys the Lusitanians.—The Carthaginians defeated by Masinissa.—Defection of Utica from Carthage.  
The destruction of Carthage demanded by the consuls.—Third Punic war.—Carthage besieged.—Death of Masinissa, æt. 90 or 97.  
Andriscus the Pseudo-Philipppus usurps the throne of Macedon, and defeats Juventius, but is repelled by Metellus.—Battle of Azotus.  
The greater part of Africa submits to the consul Scipio.—Hasdrubal proposes peace, which is rejected.—The Achæan war.  
Carthage taken by Scipio, July.—The city demolished.—Diæus defeated by Mummius.—Corinth reduced to ashes, Sept.  
Fabius Æmilianus, the consul, commands in Spain against Viriathus.

Jonathan Maccabeus betrayed and put to death by Tryphon.

The consul Metellus, sent into Spain.—Embassy of Scipio Africanus to Egypt, accompanied by Panætius.  
The consul Servilianus is sent to conduct the war against Viriathus.—Simon gets possession of the citadel of Jerusalem.  
Servilianus besieges Erisane, but is repulsed by Viriathus, who proposes peace, which is accepted and confirmed by the Senate.

Viriathus assassinated at the instance of the consul Cæpio.

The Astrologers banished from Rome.—The Celtiberian war is conducted by the consul Popillius.  
The consul Brutus proceeds to Lusitania.—Popillius the proconsul is routed by the Numantines.—Birth of Sulla.  
The consul Mancinus defeated by the Numantines who consent to peace upon equal terms.  
Brutus in farther Spain, reduces the Bracari and the Gallaci.—The Numantines refuse to receive Mancinus as a prisoner.  
The consul Piso is sent against Numantia.—P. Lentulus defeated by the Servile army under Eunus.—History of the Apocrypha ends.  
The consul Scipio joined in Spain by Jugurtha.—Marius serves at Numantia.—Fulvius is sent to the Servile war in Sicily.  
Fall of Numantia and destruction of its inhabitants.—Sedition and death of Tiberius Gracchus.—Piso defeats the Servile army at Messana.  
The Servile war in Sicily ended by the consul Rupilius.

War with Aristonicus the usurper of Pergamus.—The consul Crassus sent against Aristonicus.

Crassus defeated and slain near Smyrna.—Aristonicus captured by the consul Perperna.  
Death of Scipio Africanus Æmilianus.

Antiochus Sidetes King of Syria, defeated and killed by Phraates King of Parthia.

Caius Gracchus goes into Sardinia as quæstor to Aurelius.

Aurelius remains as proconsul in Sardinia.—The consul Fulvius leads an army against the Salluvian Gauls.  
Gracchus appears unexpectedly at Rome.—The consul Sextius defeats the Salluvian Gauls near Aque Sextiæ.  
Gracchus chosen Tribune of the Commons.—The Baleares subdued by Metellus, and the Saluvii by Sextius Calvinus.  
Gracchus chosen Tribune a second time. He passes over to the new colony of Carthage, and returns in 70 days.—He loses his third election.  
Death of Caius Gracchus.—The Agrarian law is gradually abrogated.—Defeat of the Allobroges by Fabius Maximus.

Caius Marius, tribune of the people, imprisons the consul Metellus for opposition to his measures.  
Death of Micipsa.—The consul Marcius plants a colony at Narbonne in Transalpine Gaul.—The Roman power extends to the Pyrennes.  
Dalmatia subdued by Cecilius Metellus.—Ambassadors are sent to Numidia, who restore Adherbal.

The consul Scaurus subdues the Carni at the Penneine Alps, and drains the marshes at the Trebia and Placentia.  
The consul Cato Porcius is sent to the protection of Macedonia against an irruption of the Scordisci and totally defeated.  
Papirius Carbo routed by the Cimbrî, who spread themselves over Transalpine Gaul.  
The Scordisci are forced by the consul Drusus to repass the Danube.—Antiochus Cyzicenus defeats Grypus and obtains Syria.  
Jugurthan war.—First campaign.—The consul Bestia leads an army into Numidia, but is bribed by Jugurtha, and desists.

Massiva murdered by Bomilcar at the instance of Jugurtha.—Sumpuary Law, called Lex Licinia, introduced at Rome.  
Aulus defeated by Jugurtha, concludes a peace.—Jugurtha and Bomilcar defeated by Metellus.—Sılanus defeated by the Cimbrî.  
Metellus continued in his command.—Bomilcar sacrificed by Jugurtha for conspiracy.—The consul Scaurus defeated by the Cimbrî.  
Jugurtha joined by Bocchus.—Metellus superseded by Marius.—Capsa taken by Marius.—Sulla quæstor to Marius.—Cassius slain in Gaul.  
Jugurtha is betrayed by Bocchus to Sulla, and delivered up to Marius.  
Birth of Pompey.—Toulouse plundered by the consul Cæpio.  
Manlius and Cæpio, consul and proconsul, defeated by the Cimbrî on the banks of the Rhone, with total loss of their army.  
Marius, a second time consul, passes over to Gaul.—Sulla is legatus to Marius.  
Marius a third time consul.—Sulla military tribune.

Marius a fourth time consul, defeats the Teutones in two battles at Aque Sextiæ.—Second Servile war in Sicily.  
Marius a fifth time consul.—Marius and Catulus defeat the Cimbrî on the plain of Vercellæ.—Aquillius commands in Sicily.

Cato prosecutes Galba.—Death of Cato, æt. 85.  
Calpurnius Piso, hist. fl.

Cassius Hemina, hist. fl.—C. Fannius, the historian, serves with Scipio, at Carthage

Birth of M. Antonius, the orator.—Fannius, the historian, serves in Spain

Birth of L. Licinius Crassus, the orator.—Attius, æt. 30, and Pacuvius, æt. 80, the tragic poets, exhibit

Sempronius Asellio, the historian, serves at Numantia

Cælius Antipater, the Roman historian, fl.

L. Crassus, æt. 21, accuses Carbo

Birth of Varro

Birth of Hortensius, orat.—Crassus, 'pro Licinia'

Crassus quæstor.—Valerius Antias Roman hist. fl.

Birth of Atticus, the friend of Cicero

L. Crassus, tribunus plebis

Birth of Cicero.—Crassus, æt. 34, 'suasit serviliam legem'

Attii 'Tereus.'—Death of Turpilius comicus  
Furius Bibaculus, poëta, born







Ju. Period	Nabonassar	Seleucidae	Olympiads	Y. of Rome	Ref. Christ	ROMAN CONSULS	THE FIRST TRIUMVIRATE	Kings of Bithynia	Kings of Syria	Kings of Pontus	Kings of Egypt	Ar
4614	649	213	170.1	654	100	C. Marius 6	—	50 Nicomedes II.	26 Grypus	21 Mithridates VI	8 Alexand. I.	26 M t
4615	650	214	2	655	99	L. Valerius Flaccus	—	51 —	27 Cyzice. 13 nus 14	22 —	9 Cleopa- tra 19	27
4616	651	215	3	656	98	M. Antonius	—	52 —	28 — 15	23 —	10 — 20	28
4617	652	216	4	657	97	A. Postum. Albinus	—	53 —	29 — 16	24 —	11 — 21	29
4618	653	217	171.1	658	96	Q. C. Metellus Nep. T. Didius	—	54 —	— 17	25 Tigranes 1	12 — 22	30
4619	654	218	2	659	95	Cn. Corn. Lentulus P. Licinius Crassus	—	55 —	1 Seleucus 12 years' contention between the sons and nephew of Antiochus Grypus	26 — 2	13 — 23	31
4620	655	219	3	660	94	Cn. D. Ahenobarbus C. Cassius Longinus	—	56 —	—	27 — 3	14 — 24	32
4621	656	220	4	661	93	L. Licinius Crassus Q. Mucius Scaevola	—	57 —	—	28 — 4	15 — 25	33
4622	657	221	172.1	662	92	C. Caelius Caldus L. D. Ahenobarbus	—	58 —	—	29 — 5	16 — 26	34
4623	658	222	2	663	91	C. Valerius Flaccus M. Herennius	—	1 Nicomedes III.	—	30 — 6	17 — 27	35
4624	659	223	3	664	90	C. Claudius Pulcher M. Perperna	—	2 —	—	—	—	—
4625	660	224	4	665	89	L. Marc. Philippus Sex. Julius Caesar	—	3 —	—	31 — 7	18 — 28	— In
4626	661	225	173.1	666	88	L. Julius Cæsar P. Rutilius Lupus	—	4 —	—	32 — 8	1 Soter restored	—
4627	662	226	2	667	87	Cn. Pompeius Strabo L. Porcius Cato	—	5 —	—	33 — 9	2 —	—
4628	663	227	3	668	86	L. Cornelius Sulla Q. Pompeius Rufus	—	6 —	—	34 — 10	3 —	—
4629	664	228	4	669	85	Cn. Octavius L. Cornelius Cinna	—	7 —	—	35 — 11	4 —	—
4630	665	229	174.1	670	84	L. Cornelius Cinna 2 C. Marius 7	—	8 —	—	36 — 12	5 —	—
4631	666	230	2	671	83	L. Cornelius Cinna 3 C. Papirius Carbo	—	9 —	1 Tigranes	37 — 13	6 —	—
4632	667	231	3	672	82	C. Papirius Carbo 2 L. Cornelius Cinna 4	—	10 —	2 —	38 — 14	7 —	—
4633	668	232	4	673	81	L. Corn. Scipio Asiaticus C. Norbanus	—	11 —	3 —	39 — 15	8 —	—
4634	669	233	175.1	674	80	C. Marius Cn. Papir. Carbo 3 M. Tullius Decula Cn. Corn. Dolabella	—	12 —	4 —	40 — 16	1 Cleopatra 1 Alexan. II.	—
4635	670	234	2	675	79	L. Corn. Sulla Felix 2 Q. C. Metellus Pius	—	13 —	5 —	41 — 17	1 Ptolemy Auletes	—
4636	671	235	3	676	78	P. Servilius Vatia Ap. Claud. Pulcher	—	14 —	6 —	42 — 18	2 —	—
4637	672	236	4	677	77	M. Emil. Lepidus Q. Lutat. Catulus	—	15 —	7 —	43 — 19	3 —	—
4638	673	237	176.1	678	76	D. Junius Brutus M. E. Mamercus Lep. Cn. Octavius [Liv. C. Scribonius Curio	—	16 —	8 —	44 — 20	4 —	1 Sin
4639	674	238	2	679	75	L. Octavius C. Aurelius Cotta	—	17 —	9 —	45 — 21	5 —	2 —
4640	675	239	3	680	74	L. Lucin. Lucullus M. Aurelius Cotta	—	— Bithynia bequeathed to the Romans	10 —	46 — 22	6 —	3 —
4641	676	240	4	681	73	M. T. Varro Lucullus C. Cassius	—	11 —	11 —	47 — 23	7 —	4 —
4642	677	241	177.1	682	72	L. Gellius Poplicola Cn. C. Lentul. Clodian.	—	12 —	12 —	48 — 24	8 —	5 —
4643	678	242	2	683	71	P. Corn. Lentulus Cn. Aufid. Orestes	—	13 —	13 —	49 — 25	9 —	6 —
4644	679	243	3	684	70	Cn. Pompeius Mag. M. Licinius Crassus	—	14 —	14 —	50 — 26	10 —	7 —
4645	680	244	4	685	69	Q. Hortensius Q. Cæcil. Metellus	—	—	1 Antiochus Asiaticus	51 — 27	11 —	1 P
4646	681	245	178.1	686	68	L. Cæcil. Metellus Q. Marcus Rex	—	—	2 —	52 — 28	12 —	2 —
4647	682	246	2	687	67	C. Calpurnius Piso M. Acilius Glabrio	—	—	3 —	53 — 29	13 —	3 —
4648	683	247	3	688	66	M. Emil. Lepidus L. Volcatius Tullus	—	—	4 —	54 — 30	14 —	4 —
4649	684	248	4	689	65	L. Aurelius Cotta L. Manl. Torquatus	—	—	— Expelled by Pompey	55 — 31	15 —	5 —
4650	685	249	179.1	690	64	L. Julius Cæsar C. Marcus Figulus	—	—	—	56 — 32	16 —	6 —
4651	686	250	2	691	63	M. Tullius Cicero C. Antonius	—	—	—	57 — 33	17 —	7 —
4652	687	251	3	692	62	D. Junius Silanus L. Licinius Murena	—	—	—	1 Pharnaces II.	18 —	8 —
4653	688	252	4	693	61	M. Pup. Piso Calpurn. M. Valer. Messalla	—	—	—	2 — 35	19 —	9 —
4654	689	253	180.1	694	60	L. Afranius Q. C. Metellus Celer	CÆSAR — POMPEY — CRASSUS	—	—	3 — 36	20 —	1 M t
4655	690	254	2	695	59	C. Julius Cæsar M. Calpurn. Bibulus	—	—	—	4 — 37	21 —	2 —
4656	691	255	3	696	58	L. Calp. Piso Cæson. A. Gabinius	—	—	—	5 — 38	22 —	3 —
4657	692	256	4	697	57	P. C. Lent. Spinther Q. C. Metellus Nep.	—	—	—	6 — 39	1 Berenice 1 Tryphena	4 —
4658	693	257	181.1	698	56	C. C. Lentul. Marcell. L. Marc. Philippus	—	—	—	7 — 40	2 —	1 O
4659	694	258	2	699	55	Cn. Pomp. Mag. 2 M. Licin. Crassus 2	—	—	—	8 —	3 —	2 —
4660	695	259	3	700	54	L. D. Ahenobarbus Ap. Claud. Pulcher	—	—	—	9 —	4 —	3 —
4661	696	260	4	701	53	Cn. Domit. Calvinus M. Valer. Messalla	CÆSAR — POMPEY	—	—	10 —	1 Auletes again	4 —
4662	697	261	182.1	702	52	Cn. Pomp. Mag. 3 Q. C. Met. Pius Scip.	—	—	—	11 —	2 —	5 —
4663	698	262	2	703	51	Ser. Sulpic. Rufus M. Claud. Marcellus	—	—	—	12 —	4 —	6 —
							—	—	—	13 —	1 Cleopatra Ptolemy I.	7 —



	GREEK WRITERS	ROMAN REPUBLIC	ROMAN AUTHORS
VI. 1. 6		Marius a sixth time consul.—Sedition of Saturninus.—Exile of Metellus Numidicus.—Birth of Julius Cæsar.	Ælius and Claudius, grammatici, fl.
7		Return of Metellus.—Servile war in Sicily ended by M. Aquilius.—Lusitania conquered by Dolabella.	M. Antonius defends Aquilius
8			M. Antonius, censor
9		Ptolemy Apion King of Cyrene leaves his dominions to the Romans.	
10			Birth of Lucretius.—Crassus orat. 'pro Capione'
11	Meleager, the collector of the Anthologia, fl.	Antiochus Cyzicenus defeated, near Antioch, by Seleucus; he destroys him when nearly taken prisoner.	
12			
13		Seleucus defeated by Antiochus Pius, and retires to Mopsuestia, where he is burnt alive.	L. Crassus, censor.—Aurelius Opilius, rhetor, fl.
14	Philo academicus flourished	Sulla receives the ambassadors of Arsaces on the banks of the Euphrates, the first public transaction between Rome and Parthia.	Death of Crassus.—L. Pomponius, 'Atellanarum scriptor,' fl.
15	Metrodorus of Scepsis, phil. fl.	Livius Drusus endeavours to procure the privileges of Roman citizens for the Italian allies, but is assassinated.	M. Æmilius Scaurus, æt. 72
16	Scymnus of Chios, poëta, fl.	The Marsian or Social war.—The consul Rutilius mortally wounded in an ambush.—Marius lays down his command.	Cicero serves under the consul Pompeius
17		The consul Cato slain.—Sulla takes Stabiæ by storm.—He returns to Rome at the close of the campaign to obtain the consulate.	Cicero hears Philo and Molo at Rome.
18	Apollonius Molo, the rhetorician, fl.—Philo, the philosoph. comes to Rome	The Social war ended.—First Mithridatic war.—Civil war of Marius and Sulla.—Sulla procures the banishment of Marius.	P. Rutilius, hist. fl.—P. Galus, rhet.
19	Antiochus, the philosopher, accompanies Lucullus to Alexandria	Cinna deposed from the consulate by the senate.—Junction of Marius with Cinna.—Contest of Cinna and Octavius.	Antonius, orat. slain.—Birth of Catullus.—Sisenna the historian, fl.
20	Posidonius, the Stoic, is ambassador to Rome from Rhodes.—Archias, the poet, is with Lucullus in Asia	Death of Marius.—Athens stormed by Sulla.—Archelaüs defeated by Sulla at Orchomenus in Bœotia.	Birth of Sallust
21		Successes of Fimbria in Asia.—Sulla passes into Asia.—Birth of Brutus.	
22	Sulla acquires the library of Apellicon	Interview between Sulla and Mithridates.—Peace granted to Mithridates.—Cinna assassinated.	Birth of P. T. Varro Atacinus, poëta.
23	Alexander Polyhistor, the grammarian, came to Rome 'in the time of Sulla'	Pompey opposes Carbo on the part of Sulla.—Sulla lands at Brundisium.—Sertorius retires to Spain.	Birth of C. Licinius Calvus, orat.
24		Defeat of the younger Marius near Præneste.—Sulla enters Rome.—Carbo put to death by Pompey in Sicily.—Sulla made Dictator.	Cicero 'pro Quinctio.'—Cato, gram.
25		Triumph of Sulla.—Successes of Pompey in Africa.	Otacilius Plotus, rhet. fl.
26		Capture of Mytilenë.	Cicero 'pro Roscio'
27	Zeno the Epicurean taught at Athens.	Abdication of Sulla.	Cicero at Athens
1		Death of Sulla.—Civil war of Lepidus.—War of Sertorius in Spain.	Cicero hears Molo at Rhodes.—Salust, hist. com.—Death of Q. Atta
2	Geminus of Rhodes, math. fl.	Death of Lepidus.—The proconsul Servilius sent against the pirates of Cilicia.	Cicero returns to Rome
3		Sertorius opposed by Metellus and Pompey in Spain.	Cicero engaged in pleading.—Birth of Asinius Pollio
4		Scribonius succeeds Claudius in Macedonia.—Servilius subdues the Isaurians.	Cicero, quæstor in Sicily
5	Antipater of Tyre, the Stoic, fl.	Pompey carries on the war against Sertorius.—Nicomedes dying, bequeaths Bithynia to the Romans.—Mithridatic war.	Cicero again returns to Rome
6		War with Spartacus began.—Lucullus defeats Mithridates at Cyzicus.	
7		Sertorius slain.—End of the war in Spain.—Amisus besieged by Lucullus.—Defeat and flight of Mithridates.	
8	Tyrannio, the grammarian, is taken at Amisus	The war with Spartacus ended by Crassus.—Amisus and Eupatoria taken by Lucullus.	Cicero 'in Q. Cæcilium' et 'in Verrem.'—Hortensius defends Verres.
9	Death of Metrodorus of Scepsis, phil.	Mithridates received by Tigranes.—Appius Claudius demands his delivery to Lucullus but is refused.	Birth of Virgil
10		Siege of Tigranocerta.—Defeat of Tigranes, Tigranocerta taken by Lucullus.—The Cretan war.	Cicero, ædilis.—Hortensius, consul
11		The Cretan war conducted by Metellus.—Nisibis taken by assault by Lucullus.	
12		Sedition in the army of Lucullus.—Triarius defeated by Mithridates.—The pirates defeated by Pompey.—Cretan war ended.	Varro serves under Pompey against the pirates
1. 1		Interview between Pompey and Lucullus in Galatia.—Mithridates defeated by Pompey.—Surrender of Tigranes.	Cicero, prætor: 'pro lege Manilia,' 'pro Cluentio.'—Antonius Gniphio, gr.
2		Antiochus Asiaticus dethroned by Pompey.—End of the Seleucidæ.—Syria reduced to the form of a Roman province.	Cicero 'pro Cornelio I.'—Birth of Horace.—Atticus returns from Athens to Rome
3	Apollodorus of Pergamus, gram. fl.	Pompey in Syria, hastens to Pontus, on advice of renewed preparations by Mithridates.	Cicero in 'toga candida'
4	Parthenius, the preceptor of Virgil, is captured in the Mithridatic war	Death of Mithridates.—Jerusalem taken by Pompey.—Catiline denounced by Cicero.—Birth of Augustus.	Cicero 'orat. consulares:' 'pro Murena.'—Orbilius Pupillus, grammat. settled at Rome
5	Hermagoras and Athenæus, rhet. fl.	Defeat and death of Cataline.—Pompey returns to Italy.—Cæsar prætor.	Cicero 'pro Sulla'
6	Posidonius of Rhodes, the Stoic, fl.		
7	Castor's Roman Chronology ends.—Archias poëta, still living	Triumph of Pompey.	
8	Diodorus Siculus, the historian, is in Egypt	Lusitania conquered by Cæsar.—He returns to Rome and declines his triumph that he may obtain the consulate.—The first Triumvirate.	Cicero 'Epist. ad Att.' l. 19
9	The history of Diodorus ends at the Gallic war of Cæsar	Cæsar now consul, carries the Agrarian law, the ratification of the acts of Pompey, and the adoption of Clodius by the plebians.	Cicero 'pro Thermo,' 'pro Flacco.'
10	Andronicus of Rhodes, gram. fl.	Cæsar's first campaign in Gaul.—The Helvetii prepare to move.—Cicero in banishment.—Cato sent by Clodius to Cyprus.	Birth of Livy.—Ælius Tubero, hist.
11	The work of Castor, the Chronographer, closes at this period	War with the Belgæ.—Return of Cicero.—Violent proceedings of Clodius, and resistance of Milo.	Cicero in exile
12	Demetrius Magnes fl.—Timagnes, the sophist, is brought to Rome by Gabinius	Clodius ædile.—Cato returns from Cyprus.—War in Armorica.	Cicero recalled
13		Interview at Luca between Cæsar, Pompey, and Crassus.—Cæsar passes the Rhine, and into Britain.—Crassus embarks for Syria.	Cicero 'pro Sextio,' 'in Vatinius,' 'de provinciis consularibus.'
14	Nicolaüs Damascenus, hist. fl.	Second expedition into Britain.—War with Ambiorix.—First campaign of Crassus in Asia.—He winters in Syria.	Cicero 'in Pisonem,' 'De Oratore.'—Death of Lucretius.—Virgil asumes the toga virilis
15		Cæsar invades the Suevi.—Crassus passes the Euphrates.—His defeat and death by the Parthians.	Cicero 'pro Vatilio,' 'pro Scæuro de Republica'
16	Posidonius, the Stoic, comes to Rome. Jason, his grandson and successor, fl.	Rencontre between Milo and Clodius, and death of the latter.—Pompey sole consul.—Exile of Milo.—War with Vercingetorix.	Cicero 'pro Milone.'—Sallust, tribune
		Cicero embarks for Asia.—Cæsar's eighth and last campaign in Gaul.—End of the Parthian war.	Cicero, proconsul in Cilicia







Jul. Period	Nabonnassar	Seleucidæ	Olympiads	Y. of Rome	Ref. Christ	ROMAN CONSULS	THE SECOND TRIUMVIRATE	Kings of Pontus	Kings of Egypt
4664	699	263	3	704	50	L. Æmil. Paullus	_____	14 Pharnaces II	2 Cleopatra Ptolemy 2 I
4665	700	264	4	705	49	C. Claud. Marcellus	_____	15 _____	3 _____ 3
4666	701	265	183.1	706	48	C. Claud. Marcellus	_____	16 _____	4 _____ 4
4667	702	266	2	707	47	L. C. Lentulus Crus	C. JULIUS CÆSAR _____	—Conquered by Cæsar	5 Ptolemy II
4668	703	267	3	708	46	C. Julius Cæsar 2	_____		6 _____ 2
4669	704	268	4	709	45	P. Servil. Vatia Isaur.	_____		7 _____ 3
4670	705	269	184.1	710	44	Q. Fufius Calenus	_____		8 _____
4671	706	270	2	711	43	P. Vatinus	OCTAVIANUS — ANTONY — LEPIDUS		9 _____
4672	707	271	3	712	42	C. Julius Cæsar 3	_____		10 _____
4673	708	272	4	713	41	M. Æmil. Lepidus	_____		11 _____
						C. Julius Cæsar 4	_____		
						(sine collega)	_____		
4674	709	273	185.1	714	40	C. Jul. Cæsar 5	_____		12 _____
4675	710	274	2	715	39	M. Antonius	_____		13 _____
4676	711	275	3	716	38	C. Vibius Pansa	_____		14 _____
4677	712	276	4	717	37	A. Hirrius	_____		15 _____
4678	713	277	186.1	718	36	M. Æmil. Lepidus 2	OCTAVIANUS.— ANTONY _____		16 _____
4679	714	278	2	719	35	L. Munat. Plancus	_____		17 _____
4680	715	279	3	720	34	P. Ser. Vatia Isaur. 2	_____		18 _____
4681	716	280	4	721	33	L. Antonius Pietas	_____		19 _____
4682	717	281	187.1	722	32	Cn. Dom. Calvinus 2	_____		20 _____
4683	718	282	2	723	31	C. Asinius Pollio	ROMAN EMPIRE _____		21 _____
						L. Marc. Censorinus	1 C. JULIUS CÆSAR OCT. _____		
						C. Calvis. Sabinus	_____		
						Ap. Claud. Pulcher	_____		
						C. Norbanus Flaccus	_____		
						M. Agrippa	_____		
						L. Caninius Gallus	_____		
						L. Gellius Poplicola	_____		
						M. Cocceius Nerva	_____		
						L. Cornificius	_____		
						Sex. Pompeius	_____		
						L. Scribonius Libo	_____		
						M. Antonius 2	_____		
						C. Cæsar 2	_____		
						L. Volcatius Tullus	_____		
						Cn. D. Ahenobarbus	_____		
						C. Sosius	_____		
						C. Cæsar 3	_____		
						M. V. Messalla Corv.	_____		
4684	719	283	3	724	30	C. Cæsar 4	2 _____		— Egypt a Roman Province
4685	720	284	4	725	29	M. Licinius Crassus	3 — SENATI PRINCEPS _____		
4686	721	285	188.1	726	28	C. Cæsar 5	_____		
4687	722	286	2	727	27	Sex. Appuleius	4 _____		
4688	723	287	3	728	26	C. Cæsar 6	5 C. CÆSAR AUG. IMPERATOR _____		
4689	724	288	4	729	25	M. Agrippa 2	_____		
4690	725	289	189.1	730	24	C. Cæsar 7	_____		
4691	726	290	2	731	23	M. Agrippa 3	_____		
4692	727	291	3	732	22	C. Cæsar Aug. 8	_____		
4693	728	292	4	733	21	T. Statilius Taurus	_____		
						C. Cæsar Aug. 9	_____		
						M. Junius Silanus	_____		
						C. Cæsar Aug. 10	_____		
						C. Norbanus Flaccus	_____		
						C. Cæsar Aug. 11	_____		
						A. Ter. Varro Mur.	_____		
						M. Claud. Marcellus	_____		
						L. Arruntius	_____		
						M. Lollius	_____		
						Q. Æmil. Lepidus	_____		
4694	729	293	190.1	734	20	M. Appuleius	_____		
4695	730	294	2	735	19	P. Silius Nerva	_____		
4696	731	295	3	736	18	C. Cent. Saturninus	_____		
4697	732	296	4	737	17	Q. Lucretius	_____		
4698	733	297	191.1	738	16	P. Corn. Lentulus	_____		
4699	734	298	2	739	15	Cn. Corn. Lentulus	_____		
4700	735	299	3	740	14	C. Furnius	_____		
4701	736	300	4	741	13	C. Junius Silanus	_____		
4702	737	301	192.1	742	12	L. D. Ahenobarbus	_____		
4703	738	302	2	743	11	P. Corn. Scipio	_____		
						M. Liv. Drusus Libo	_____		
						L. Calpurnius Piso	_____		
						M. Licinius Crassus	_____		
						Cn. C. Lentul. Augur.	_____		
						Ti. Claudius Nero	_____		
						P. Quinctilius Varus	_____		
						M. Valer. Messalla	_____		
						P. Sulpic. Quirinus	_____		
						Q. Ælius Tubero	_____		
						Paul. Fabius Max.	_____		
4704	739	303	3	744	10	Julius Antonius	_____		
4705	740	304	4	745	9	Q. Fabius Max. Afr.	_____		
4706	741	305	193.1	746	8	Nero Claud. Drusus	_____		
4707	742	306	2	747	7	T. Q. Crisp. Volcanus	_____		
4708	743	307	3	748	6	C. Marc. Censorinus	_____		
4709	744	308	4	749	5	C. Asinius Gallus	_____		
4710	745	309	194.1	750	4	Cn. Claudius Nero 2	_____		
4711	746	310	2	751	3	Cn. Calpurn. Piso	_____		
4712	747	311	3	752	2	C. Antistius Viter	_____		
4713	748	312	4	753	1	D. Lælius Balbus	_____		
						C. Cæsar Aug. 12	_____		
						L. Corn. Sulla	_____		
						C. Calv. Sabinus 2	_____		
						L. Passienus Rufus	_____		
						Cn. Corn. Lentulus	_____		
						M. Val. Messallinus	_____		
						C. Cæsar Aug. 13	_____		
						M. Plaut. Sylvanus	_____		
						Cn. C. Lentulus Cos.	_____		
						L. Calpurnius Piso	_____		

\*\*\* The materials for the next four centuries being considerably lessened, the Tables are continued in single pages, but without the Parallel Years, which are given collectively in the Table preceding them for the same period. "Such a Table was the more necessary because Blair (in the folio edition) only carried the years of Nabonnassar and the Olympiads down to the Christian Era, and has not given the years of the Seleucidæ at all." Fasti Hellenici III. Introd.

Kings — Priests of the Jews	GREEK WRITERS	ROMAN REPUBLIC	ROMAN AUTHORS
11		Measures of Pompey against Cæsar.—Commencement of the civil war.	Sallust expelled the Senate.—Death of Hortensius
17		Cæsar occupies Ariminum.—He is deserted by Labienus.—Cæsar pursues Pompey, who leaves Italy.—Cæsar in Spain.	Cicero returns to Rome.—Death of Curio.—Varro lieutenant in Spain
18	Theophanes of Lesbos is in the service of Pompey	Battle of Pharsalia, June.—Flight and death of Pompey.—Alexandrine war.	Cicero arrives at Brundisium from Pharsalia.—Lenæus, gram. fl.
19		War with and defeat of Pharnaces.—Cæsar Dictator.—His arrival in Italy.—Sedition in his troops.—Expedition into Africa.	Cicero and Cæsar at Brundisium.—C. Julius Hyginus fl.
20		Battle of Thapsus.—Death of Cato.—Four triumphs of Cæsar.—Cæsar made Dictator for ten years.—Reformation of the Calendar.	Cicero 'Brutus,' 'pro Marcello,' 'pro Ligario.'—Sallust, prætor
21	Juba, the historian is brought to Rome; Didymus, the grammarian, is his opponent	War in Spain against the sons of Pompey.—Altegua taken by Cæsar.—Battle of Munda.—Cæsar returns to Rome.	Cicero 'de Oratore,' 'pro Deiotaro,' Curtius Nicias, fl.—Pollio in Spain
22	Sosigenes of Alexandria, math. fl.	Cæsar made Dictator for life.—Is assassinated, Mar. 15, æt. 55.—Octavianus arrives from Apollonia.—Antony proceeds to Cisalpine Gaul.	Cicronius 'Phil.' I—IV.—His philosophical works
23	Cratippus the peripatetic fl.—Apollodorus of Pergamus is the preceptor of Octavius.—By the rule of adoption, the name of Octavius now became C. Julius Cæsar Octavianus	Battles of Mutina.—Junction of Lepidus and Antony, May 28.—Second Triumvirate.—Death of Cicero, Dec. 7.	Cicronius 'Phil.' V—XIV.—Death of Laberius.—Birth of Ovid.—Death of Cicero.—Varro proscribed
24		First battle of Philippi, death of Cassius.—Second battle, death of Brutus.—Interview of Antony and Cleopatra on the Cydnus.	Horace is present at Philippi.—Death of Cornificius poeta
25		Contest of Octavianus with Lucius Antony at Perusia, and ruin of the party of his brother Marc Antony in Italy.	
26			
1	Herod the Great	Labienus and the Parthians invade Syria and sack Jerusalem.—Pacification of parties, and marriage of Antony and Octavia.	Cornelius Nepos flourished
2		Octavianus and Antony conclude peace with Sextus Pompeius.—Labienus defeated by Ventidius.—Antony in repose at Athens.	Birth of Atteius, philol.
3		Unsuccessful war with the younger Pompey.—Victory of Ventidius in Parthia.—Antony in Italy.—Sossius takes Jerusalem.	Varro 'De re rustica,' æt. 80
4		Agrippa crosses the Rhine.—Conference of Antony and Octavianus near Tarentum.—Octavianus prepares to invade Sicily.	The Furnii flourished
5	Conon, hist. flourished	War with Sextus Pompeius.—Naval defeat of Pompey.—Fall of Lepidus.—Disastrous retreat of Antony in Parthia.	Death of Bavius
6		Death of Sextus Pompeius.—War of Octavianus with the Illyrians and Pannonians.	Death of Sallust
7		Antony invades Armenia and takes Artabazus prisoner.—Campaign of Octavianus in Dalmatia.—Campaign of Messalla.	Horatii 'Sat.' II. 6. 40, æt. 32.—Birth of C. Melissus of Spoleto
8	The Octavian library founded	Media and Armenia conquered by the Parthians.—Antony in Egypt.—Agrippa, now ædile, restores the public edifices of Rome.	Death of Atticus, æt. 77
9	The libraries at Pergamus are said by Plutarch to contain 200,000 vols.	Rupture between Antony and Octavianus.—Preparations for war.	Horatii 'Epod.' I. 9. 11. 7, æt. 34
10	Tyrannio the younger is brought to Rome.—Nicetes, rhetor. fl.	Battle of Actium.—Flight of Cleopatra and Antony.—Victory of Octavianus.—Passing through Athens and Asia, he returns to Italy.	Cornelius Gallus is prefect of Egypt
11	Athenodorus, the preceptor of Augustus, governs Tarsus	Octavianus gains Antony's fleet.—Death of Antony.—Death of Cleopatra. Egypt reduced to a Roman province.	Death of Varro, æt. 88
12	Dionysius of Halicarnassus, the historian, comes to Italy; Cæcilius is his contemporary	Octavianus takes the title of Prince of the Senate.—The Temple of Janus is shut a third time.	Horatii 'Carm.' I. 2. æt. 38.—Vitruvius, fl.—Tibullus in Aquitania
13	Anaxilaüs, the Pythagorean, is exiled	The acts of the Triumvirate are annulled.—Census taken for the whole empire, about 16,500,000 persons.	Birth of Q. Cæcilius Epirota.—Propercius fl.
14		Octavianus accepts the government for ten years.—He receives the title of Augustus and Imperator.	Horatii 'Carm.' II. 4. 23, æt. 40.—Munatius Plancus, orat. fl.
15		Conspiracy and death of Cornelius Gallus.—The Temple of Janus is reopened.	Quintilius Cremonensis, poeta, ob.—Virgil employed upon the Æneid
16		Cantabrian war.—The Temple of Janus is shut a second time by Augustus.	Horatii 'Carm.' lib. II.
17	Strabo, æt. 30	Augustus returns from Spain.	Virgil recit. 'Tu Marcellus eris,'
18	Nestor of Tarsus, the grammarian and preceptor of Marcellus, fl.	Death of Marcellus.—Embassy from Parthia.	Horatii 'Epist.' I. 20. 27, æt. 44.—Atratinus, orat. fl.
19	Athenæus peripat. fl.—Pylades mimus fl.	Conspiracy and death of Murena.	Horatii 'Epist.' I. 3.
20		Augustus visits Italy and Greece, and winters at Samos.	Death of Virgil, æt. 50
21		The Roman standards restored by Phraartes.—Augustus visits the East and receives an Indian embassy at Samos.	Death of Tibullus, æt. 40
22		The Cantabri finally subdued.—Augustus returns from Samos to Rome.	Horatii 'Carmen Seculare.'—Porcius Latro, the preceptor of Ovid, fl.
23		Augustus accepts the empire for ten years.	Death of Æmilius Macer the elder, poeta
24		Ludi Sæculares.—Agrippa is sent into Syria.	Horatii 'Carm.' IV. 1. 6, æt. 50
25	Nicolaüs Damascenus, the historian, is in favour with Herod	Augustus proceeds into Gaul.—Agrippa passes over to Asia.	Cestius, the rhetorician, fl.
26		Augustus in Gaul.—Rhætia subdued by Tiberius and Drusus.	
27		Disturbances in the Bosphorus appeased by Agrippa.	
28		Augustus returns from Gaul and Agrippa from Asia.	
29		Death of Lepidus.—Augustus succeeds him as Pontifex Maximus.—Death of Agrippa.—Drusus in Germany.	
30		Second campaign of Drusus in Germany and of Tiberius in Dalmatia. Death of Octavia.	
31		Third campaign of Drusus in Germany.—Augustus in Gaul.—Birth of Claudius.	Death of Passienus, orat. fl.
32		Fourth campaign of Drusus.—His death, July 20.	Livy ends his history
33		Tiberius takes the command in Germany.—Peace ensues.—Augustus accepts the empire a third time for ten years.—Death of Mæcenas.	Death of Horace, æt. 56
34	Dionysius Halicarnassus completes his history	Triumph of Tiberius.—Augustus corrects the Calendar; the month Sextiles named Augustus.	Albutius Silo, rhet. fl.
35	Theodorus of Gadara, the grammarian, is heard by Tiberius at Rhodes	Tiberius receives the Tribunician power for five years.—He retires to Rhodes.	M. Tullius Tiro fl.
36		THE NATIVITY OF OUR SAVIOUR, Dec. 25.	Death of Porcius Latro.—Melissus of Spoleto, gram. fl.
Arche. 1	laus	Eclipse observed at Jerusalem, Mar. 13.—Illness and death of Herod.	Ovidii 'de Arte Amandi'
		Birth of Galba.—Archelaus, Ethnarch of Judea.	
		Banishment of Julia to the isle of Pandatarium.	
		Caius Cæsar is sent into the East.	







Jul. Period	Nabonassar	Seleucidæ	Olympiads	Y. of Rome	Anno Dom.	Jul. Period	Nabonassar	Seleucidæ	Olympiads	Y. of Rome	Anno Dom.	Jul. Period	Nabonassar	Seleucidæ	Olympiads	Y. of Rome	Anno Dom.	Jul. Period	Nabonassar	Seleucidæ	Olympiads
4714	749	313	195. 1	754	1	4764	799	363	207. 3	804	51	4814	849	413	220. 1	854	101	4864	899	463	232. 3
4715	750	314	2	755	2	4765	800	364	4	805	52	4815	850	414	2	855	102	4865	900	464	4
4716	751	315	3	756	3	4766	801	365	208. 1	806	53	4816	851	415	3	856	103	4866	901	465	233. 1
4717	752	316	4	757	4	4767	802	366	2	807	54	4817	852	416	4	857	104	4867	902	466	2
4718	753	317	196. 1	758	5	4768	803	367	3	808	55	4818	853	417	221. 1	858	105	4868	903	467	3
4719	754	318	2	759	6	4769	804	368	4	809	56	4819	854	418	2	859	106	4869	904	468	4
4720	755	319	3	760	7	4770	805	369	209. 1	810	57	4820	855	419	3	860	107	4870	905	469	234. 1
4721	756	320	4	761	8	4771	806	370	2	811	58	4821	856	420	4	861	108	4871	906	470	2
4722	757	321	197. 1	762	9	4772	807	371	3	812	59	4822	857	421	222. 1	862	109	4872	907	471	3
4723	758	322	2	763	10	4773	808	372	4	813	60	4823	858	422	2	863	110	4873	908	472	4
4724	759	323	3	764	11	4774	809	373	210. 1	814	61	4824	859	423	3	864	111	4874	909	473	235. 1
4725	760	324	4	765	12	4775	810	374	2	815	62	4825	860	424	4	865	112	4875	910	474	2
4726	761	325	198. 1	766	13	4776	811	375	3	816	63	4826	861	425	223. 1	866	113	4876	911	475	3
4727	762	326	2	767	14	4777	812	376	4	817	64	4827	862	426	2	867	114	4877	912	476	4
4728	763	327	3	768	15	4778	813	377	211. 1	818	65	4828	863	427	3	868	115	4878	913	477	236. 1
4729	764	328	4	769	16	4779	814	378	2	819	66	4829	864	428	4	869	116	4879	914	478	2
4730	765	329	199. 1	770	17	4780	815	379	3	820	67	4830	865	429	224. 1	870	117	4880	915	479	3
4731	766	330	2	771	18	4781	816	380	4	821	68	4831	866	430	2	871	118	4881	916	480	4
4732	767	331	3	772	19	4782	817	381	212. 1	822	69	4832	867	431	3	872	119	4882	917	481	237. 1
4733	768	332	4	773	20	4783	818	382	2	823	70	4833	868	432	4	873	120	4883	918	482	2
4734	769	333	200. 1	774	21	4784	819	383	3	824	71	4834	869	433	225. 1	874	121	4884	919	483	3
4735	770	334	2	775	22	4785	820	384	4	825	72	4835	870	434	2	875	122	4885	920	484	4
4736	771	335	3	776	23	4786	821	385	213. 1	826	73	4836	871	435	3	876	123	4886	921	485	238. 1
4737	772	336	4	777	24	4787	822	386	2	827	74	4837	872	436	4	877	124	4887	922	486	2
4738	773	337	201. 1	778	25	4788	823	387	3	828	75	4838	873	437	226. 1	878	125	4888	923	487	3
4739	774	338	2	779	26	4789	824	388	4	829	76	4839	874	438	2	879	126	4889	924	488	4
4740	775	339	3	780	27	4790	825	389	214. 1	830	77	4840	875	439	3	880	127	4890	925	489	239. 1
4741	776	340	4	781	28	4791	826	390	2	831	78	4841	876	440	4	881	128	4891	926	490	2
4742	777	341	202. 1	782	29	4792	827	391	3	832	79	4842	877	441	227. 1	882	129	4892	927	491	3
4743	778	342	2	783	30	4793	828	392	4	833	80	4843	878	442	2	883	130	4893	928	492	4
4744	779	343	3	784	31	4794	829	393	215. 1	834	81	4844	879	443	3	884	131	4894	929	493	240. 1
4745	780	344	4	785	32	4795	830	394	2	835	82	4845	880	444	4	885	132	4895	930	494	2
4746	781	345	203. 1	786	33	4796	831	395	3	836	83	4846	881	445	228. 1	886	133	4896	931	495	3
4747	782	346	2	787	34	4797	832	396	4	837	84	4847	882	446	2	887	134	4897	932	496	4
4748	783	347	3	788	35	4798	833	397	216. 1	838	85	4848	883	447	3	888	135	4898	933	497	241. 1
4749	784	348	4	789	36	4799	834	398	2	839	86	4849	884	448	4	889	136	4899	934	498	2
4750	785	349	204. 1	790	37	4800	835	399	3	840	87	4850	885	449	229. 1	890	137	4900	935	499	3
4751	786	350	2	791	38	4801	836	400	4	841	88	4851	886	450	2	891	138	4901	936	500	4
4752	787	351	3	792	39	4802	837	401	217. 1	842	89	4852	887	451	3	892	139	4902	937	501	242. 1
4753	788	352	4	793	40	4803	838	402	2	843	90	4853	888	452	4	893	140	4903	938	502	2
4754	789	353	205. 1	794	41	4804	839	403	3	844	91	4854	889	453	230. 1	894	141	4904	939	503	3
4755	790	354	2	795	42	4805	840	404	4	845	92	4855	890	454	2	895	142	4905	940	504	4
4756	791	355	3	796	43	4806	841	405	218. 1	846	93	4856	891	455	3	896	143	4906	941	505	243. 1
4757	792	356	4	797	44	4807	842	406	2	847	94	4857	892	456	4	897	144	4907	942	506	2
4758	793	357	206. 1	798	45	4808	843	407	3	848	95	4858	893	457	231. 1	898	145	4908	943	507	3
4759	794	358	2	799	46	4809	844	408	4	849	96	4859	894	458	2	899	146	4909	944	508	4
4760	795	359	3	800	47	4810	845	409	219. 1	850	97	4860	895	459	3	900	147	4910	945	509	244. 1
4761	796	360	4	801	48	4811	846	410	2	851	98	4861	896	460	4	901	148	4911	946	510	2
4762	797	361	207. 1	802	49	4812	847	411	3	852	99	4862	897	461	232. 1	902	149	4912	947	511	3
4763	798	362	2	803	50	4813	848	412	4	853	100	4863	898	462	2	903	150	4913	948	512	4



	Nabonassar	Seleucida	Olympiads	Y. of Rome	Anno Dom.	Jul. Period	Nabonassar	Seleucida	Olympiads	Y. of Rome	Anno Dom.	Jul. Period	Nabonassar	Seleucida	Olympiads	Y. of Rome	Anno Dom.	Jul. Period	Nabonassar	Seleucida	Olympiads	Y. of Rome	Anno Dom.
1	949	513	245.1	954	201	4964	999	563	257.3	1004	251	5014	1049	613	270.1	1054	301	5064	1099	663	282.3	1104	351
5	950	514	2	955	202	4965	1000	564	4	1005	252	5015	1050	614	2	1055	302	5065	1100	664	4	1105	352
6	951	515	3	956	203	4966	1001	565	258.1	1006	253	5016	1051	615	3	1056	303	5066	1101	665	283.1	1106	353
7	952	516	4	957	204	4967	1002	566	2	1007	254	5017	1052	616	4	1057	304	5067	1102	666	2	1107	354
8	953	517	246.1	958	205	4968	1003	567	3	1008	255	5018	1053	617	271.1	1058	305	5068	1103	667	3	1108	355
9	954	518	2	959	206	4969	1004	568	4	1009	256	5019	1054	618	2	1059	306	5069	1104	668	4	1109	356
1	955	519	3	960	207	4970	1005	569	259.1	1010	257	5020	1055	619	3	1060	307	5070	1105	669	284.1	1110	357
2	956	520	4	961	208	4971	1006	570	2	1011	258	5021	1056	620	4	1061	308	5071	1106	670	2	1111	358
3	957	521	247.1	962	209	4972	1007	571	3	1012	259	5022	1057	621	272.1	1062	309	5072	1107	671	3	1112	359
4	958	522	2	963	210	4973	1008	572	4	1013	260	5023	1058	622	2	1063	310	5073	1108	672	4	1113	360
5	959	523	3	964	211	4974	1009	573	260.1	1014	261	5024	1059	623	3	1064	311	5074	1109	673	285.1	1114	361
6	960	524	4	965	212	4975	1010	574	2	1015	262	5025	1060	624	4	1065	312	5075	1110	674	2	1115	362
7	961	525	248.1	966	213	4976	1011	575	3	1016	263	5026	1061	625	273.1	1066	313	5076	1111	675	3	1116	363
8	962	526	2	967	214	4977	1012	576	4	1017	264	5027	1062	626	2	1067	314	5077	1112	676	4	1117	364
9	963	527	3	968	215	4978	1013	577	261.1	1018	265	5028	1063	627	3	1068	315	5078	1113	677	286.1	1118	365
1	964	528	4	969	216	4979	1014	578	2	1019	266	5029	1064	628	4	1069	316	5079	1114	678	2	1119	366
2	965	529	249.1	970	217	4980	1015	579	3	1020	267	5030	1065	629	274.1	1070	317	5080	1115	679	3	1120	367
3	966	530	2	971	218	4981	1016	580	4	1021	268	5031	1066	630	2	1071	318	5081	1116	680	4	1121	368
4	967	531	3	972	219	4982	1017	581	262.1	1022	269	5032	1067	631	3	1072	319	5082	1117	681	287.1	1122	369
5	968	532	4	973	220	4983	1018	582	2	1023	270	5033	1068	632	4	1073	320	5083	1118	682	2	1123	370
6	969	533	250.1	974	221	4984	1019	583	3	1024	271	5034	1069	633	275.1	1074	321	5084	1119	683	3	1124	371
7	970	534	2	975	222	4985	1020	584	4	1025	272	5035	1070	634	2	1075	322	5085	1120	684	4	1125	372
8	971	535	3	976	223	4986	1021	585	263.1	1026	273	5036	1071	635	3	1076	323	5086	1121	685	288.1	1126	373
9	972	536	4	977	224	4987	1022	586	2	1027	274	5037	1072	636	4	1077	324	5087	1122	686	2	1127	374
1	973	537	251.1	978	225	4988	1023	587	3	1028	275	5038	1073	637	276.1	1078	325	5088	1123	687	3	1128	375
2	974	538	2	979	226	4989	1024	588	4	1029	276	5039	1074	638	2	1079	326	5089	1124	688	4	1129	376
3	975	539	3	980	227	4990	1025	589	264.1	1030	277	5040	1075	639	3	1080	327	5090	1125	689	289.1	1130	377
4	976	540	4	981	228	4991	1026	590	2	1031	278	5041	1076	640	4	1081	328	5091	1126	690	2	1131	378
5	977	541	252.1	982	229	4992	1027	591	3	1032	279	5042	1077	641	277.1	1082	329	5092	1127	691	3	1132	379
6	978	542	2	983	230	4993	1028	592	4	1033	280	5043	1078	642	2	1083	330	5093	1128	692	4	1133	380
7	979	543	3	984	231	4994	1029	593	265.1	1034	281	5044	1079	643	3	1084	331	5094	1129	693	290.1	1134	381
8	980	544	4	985	232	4995	1030	594	2	1035	282	5045	1080	644	4	1085	332	5095	1130	694	2	1135	382
9	981	545	253.1	986	233	4996	1031	595	3	1036	283	5046	1081	645	278.1	1086	333	5096	1131	695	3	1136	383
1	982	546	2	987	234	4997	1032	596	4	1037	284	5047	1082	646	2	1087	334	5097	1132	696	4	1137	384
2	983	547	3	988	235	4998	1033	597	266.1	1038	285	5048	1083	647	3	1088	335	5098	1133	697	291.1	1138	385
3	984	548	4	989	236	4999	1034	598	2	1039	286	5049	1084	648	4	1089	336	5099	1134	698	2	1139	386
4	985	549	254.1	990	237	5000	1035	599	3	1040	287	5050	1085	649	279.1	1090	337	5100	1135	699	3	1140	387
5	986	550	2	991	238	5001	1036	600	4	1041	288	5051	1086	650	2	1091	338	5101	1136	700	4	1141	388
6	987	551	3	992	239	5002	1037	601	267.1	1042	289	5052	1087	651	3	1092	339	5102	1137	701	292.1	1142	389
7	988	552	4	993	240	5003	1038	602	2	1043	290	5053	1088	652	4	1093	340	5103	1138	702	2	1143	390
8	989	553	255.1	994	241	5004	1039	603	3	1044	291	5054	1089	653	280.1	1094	341	5104	1139	703	3	1144	391
9	990	554	2	995	242	5005	1040	604	4	1045	292	5055	1090	654	2	1095	342	5105	1140	704	4	1145	392
1	991	555	3	996	243	5006	1041	605	268.1	1046	293	5056	1091	655	3	1096	343	5106	1141	705	293.1	1146	393
2	992	556	4	997	244	5007	1042	606	2	1047	294	5057	1092	656	4	1097	344	5107	1142	706	2	1147	394
3	993	557	256.1	998	245	5008	1043	607	3	1048	295	5058	1093	657	281.1	1098	345	5108	1143	707	3	1148	395
4	994	558	2	999	246	5009	1044	608	4	1049	296	5059	1094	658	2	1099	346	5109	1144	708	4	1149	396
5	995	559	3	1000	247	5010	1045	609	269.1	1050	297	5060	1095	659	3	1100	347	5110	1145	709	(294).1	1150	397
6	996	560	4	1001	248	5011	1046	610	2	1051	298	5061	1096	660	4	1101	348	5111	1146	710	2	1151	398
7	997	561	257.1	1002	249	5012	1047	611	3	1052	299	5062	1097	661	282.1	1102	349	5112	1147	711	3	1152	399
8	998	562	2	1003	250	5013	1048	612	4	1053	300	5063	1098	662	2	1103	350	5113	1148	712	4	1153	400



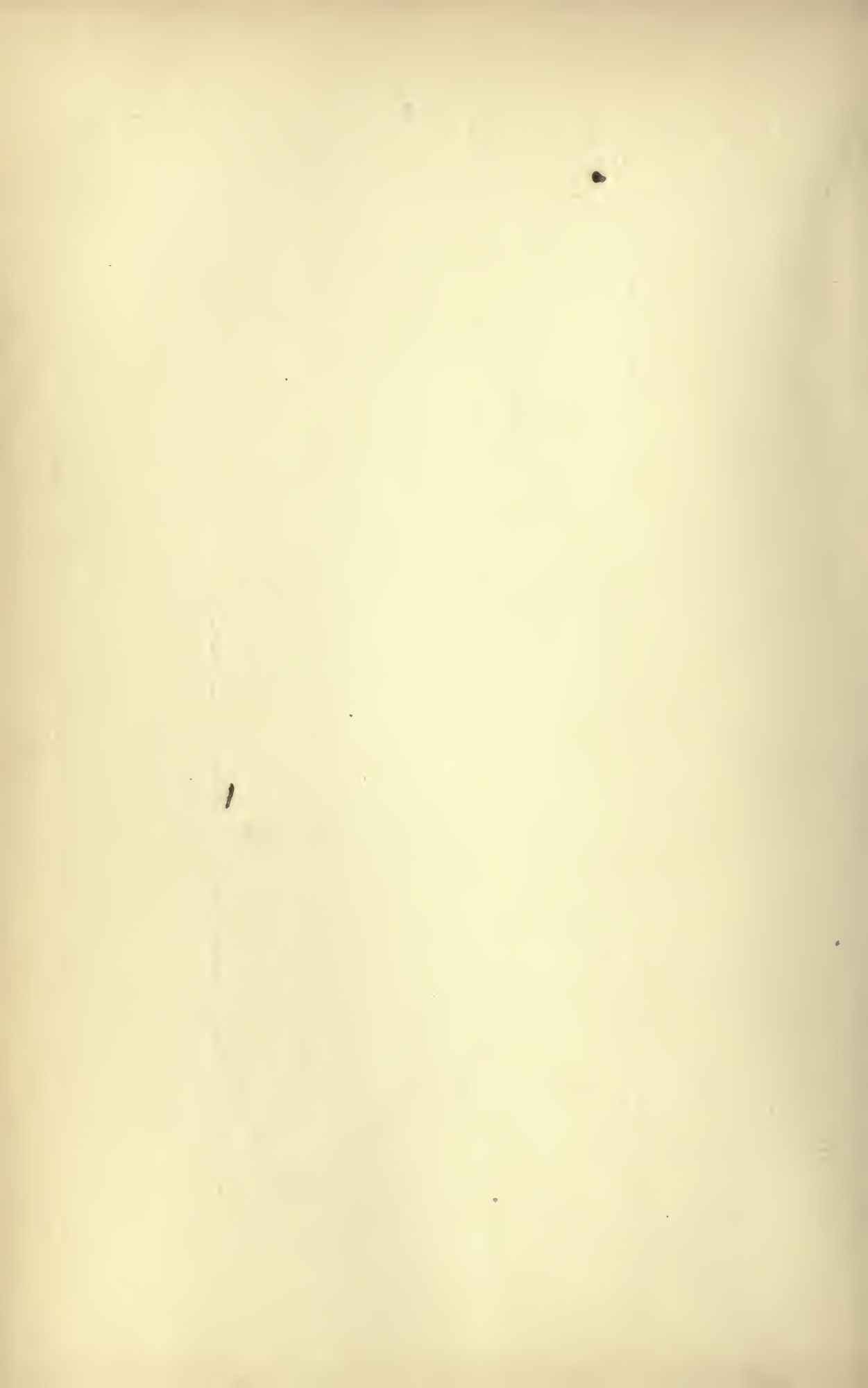




Jul. Period.	Anno Domn.	Emperors of Rome	Arsacidae of Parthia	Kings of Cappadocia	LEARNING AND GENIUS	ROMAN EMPIRE	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
4714	1	32 Augustus	38 Phraates IV.	37 Archelaus	Sextus the Pythagorean	War in Germany.	
4715	2	33 —	39 —	38 —		Interview of Caius Caesar with Phraates.—Return of Tiberius to Rome.—Death of Lucius Cæsar. Augustus accepts the Empire for a fourth period of ten years.	
4716	3	34 —	40 —	39 —		Death of Calus in Lycia.—Adoption of Tiberius. His first campaign in Germany.	
4717	4	35 —	41 —	40 —	Phædrus	Second campaign of Tiberius in Germany.—A famine this year.	
4718	5	36 —	42 —	41 —		Third campaign of Tiberius.—Revolt of Pannonia and Dalmatia.	
4719	6	37 —	43 —	42 —		Germanicus is sent into Germany.—The Illyrian War.	
4720	7	38 —	44 —	43 —	Philistion mimograph.	Christ visits the Temple.—The Pannonians submit to the Romans.	Germanicus, ob.
4721	8	39 —	45 —	44 —	Asinius Gallus, ob. 33	Defeat and death of Quintilius Varus by Arminius. Birth of Vespasian.	
4722	9	40 —	46 —	45 —		Tiberius again sent into Germany, crosses the Rhine, and ravages the country.	Arminius, Germanicus, ob.
4723	10	41 —	47 —	46 —			
4724	11	42 —	48 —	47 —	Death of Livy	Tiberius retires to Gaul.	
4725	12	43 —	49 —	48 —	Sotion phil. the preceptor of Seneca	Triumph of Tiberius.—Birth of Caligula.—Germanicus chief in command on the Rhine.	
4726	13	44 —	1 Phraates	49 —		Augustus accepts the Empire a fifth time for ten years.	
4727	14	1 Tiberius	1 Orodes II.	50 —		Death of Augustus at Nola in Campania, æt. 75.	
4728	15	2 —	1 Vonones I.	— Regency from Rome	Velleius Paterculus, ob. 31	The destruction of the bridge on the Rhine prevented by Agrippina.	
4729	16	3 —	2 —			Germanicus gains two battles over Arminius.—He is recalled.	
4730	17	4 —	3 —		Cornelius Celsus	Triumph of Germanicus.—Earthquake in Asia, 12 cities destroyed.—Death of Arminius.	Drusus, son of Tiberius
4731	18	5 —	1 Artabanus II.	— Cappadocia a Roman province	Strabo still employed upon his geography	Expedition of Germanicus and Piso to the East. Cappadocia reduced to a Roman province.	Agrippina, wife of Germanicus
4732	19	6 —	2 —			Death of Germanicus at Antioch.—Piso ejected from Syria by Sentius.	
4733	20	7 —	3 —			Agrippina lands at Brundisium with the ashes of Germanicus.—Death of Piso.	
4734	21	8 —	4 —			Revolt of the Gauls, who are subdued by Silius.	
4735	22	9 —	5 —				Sejanus, minister of Tiberius
4736	23	10 —	6 —		Valerius Maximus	Death of Drusus by Sejanus.	
4737	24	11 —	7 —			War in Africa ended by Dolabella.	
4738	25	12 —	8 —				
4739	26	13 —	9 —			The Thracians conquered by Sabinus.—Tiberius finally leaves Rome for Caprea.	
4740	27	14 —	10 —				
4741	28	15 —	11 —			Revolt of the Frisians and defeat of Apronius.	
4742	29	16 —	12 —		Thrasyllus phil. ob. 36	The ministry of John the Baptist.—Death of the Empress Livia.	
4743	30	17 —	13 —			Banishment of Agrippina and the sons of Germanicus.—Power of Sejanus.	
4744	31	18 —	14 —			Fall and death of Sejanus.	
4745	32	19 —	15 —		Columella		Macro, minister of Tiberius
4746	33	20 —	16 —		Apion of Alexandria	THE CRUCIFIXION, April 3.—Death of Agrippina.	
4747	34	21 —	17 —				
4748	35	22 —	18 —				
4749	36	23 —	19 Tiridates			Martyrdom of St. Stephen.—Elevation and fall of Tiridates King of Parthia.	Flaccus, governor of Britain
4750	37	1 Caligula	20 —			Conversion of St. Paul.—Death of Tiberius, æt. 77.	
4751	38	2 —	21 —			The Hebrew Gospel of St. Matthew written about this time.	Helicon, minister of Tiberius
4752	39	3 —	22 —		Philo Judæus		
4753	40	4 —	23 —				
4754	41	1 Claudius I.	24 —			Conspiracy of Chærea.—Death of Caligula.—Elevation of Claudius.—Death of Chærea.	
4755	42	2 —	25 —				
4756	43	3 —	1 Vardanes			Expeditions of Plautius and Claudius into Britain.	Empress Messalina
4757	44	4 —	2 —				Narcissus, minister of Claudius
4758	45	5 —	3 —		Pomponius Mela		Pallas, minister of Claudius
4759	46	6 —	4 —			Thrace becomes a Roman province.	
4760	47	7 —	1 Gotarzes			Ludi Seculares.—Expedition of Ostorius.—Canal formed between the Rhine and the Maes.	Caractacus, King of Britain
4761	48	8 —	2 —			Death of Messalina.	
4762	49	9 —	3 —				
4763	50	10 —	1 Vonones II. 1 Vologeses			Adoption of Nero by Claudius.—Cologne founded by Agrippina.	Ostorius, Roman governor of Britain

Anno Dom.	Emperors of Rome	Arsacidae of Parthia	Bishops of Rome.	LEARNING AND GENIUS	ROMAN EMPIRE	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
51	11 Claudius I.	2 Vologeses			Caractacus carried in chains before the tribunal of Claudius.	Empress Agrippina, ob. 59
52	12 ———	3 ———		Seneca, ob. æt. 63, 65		Corbulo, governor of Armenia, ob. 66
53	13 ———	4 ———			Nero pleads before the Emperor.	
54	1 Nero	5 ———			Death of Claudius by Agrippina.	Burrhus, minister to Nero, ob. 62
55	2 ———	6 ———			Death of Britannicus.	
56	3 ———	7 ———				
57	4 ———	8 ———		Persius		
58	5 ———	9 ———				Thrasea Patus ob. 66
59	6 ———	10 ———			Death of Agrippina by Nero.	
60	7 ———	11 ———				Boadicea Queen of the Iceni
61	8 ———	12 ———		Petronius Arbiter, ob. cir. 66	St. Paul shipwrecked at Malta.—Boadicea defeated by Suetonius.	
62	9 ———	13 ———		Lucan, 37—65	The Greek Gospel of St. Matthew written about this time.—Octavia put to death.	Suetonius Paulinus, governor of Britain
63	10 ———	14 ———		Quintus Curtius	The Gospels of St. Mark and St. Luke about this time.—Embassy from Volgases to Nero.	Tigellinus, minister to Nero, ob. 66
64	11 ———	15 ———			Conflagration of Rome.—First persecution of the Christians.	Gessius Florus, governor of Judea
65	12 ———	16 ———			Conspiracy and death of Piso.—Seneca, Lucan, and others put to death.	
66	13 ———	17 ———	1 Linus	Pliny the Elder, 22—79	Martyrdom of St. Peter and St. Paul.—Nero proceeds to the games of Greece.	
67	14 ———	18 ———	2 ———		Nero returns to Rome.	
68	1 Galba	19 ———	3 ———		Vespasian enters Judea, and subdues Galilee.—Revolt of Vindex.—The Empire declined by Virginius.—Elevation of Galba.—Death of Nero.	Piso, favourite of Galba, ob. 69
69	1 Otho	20 ———	4 ———		Death of Galba.—Otho defeated at Bedriacum.—Surrender of Cremona to the army of Vespasian.	Mucianus, minister to Vespasian
70	1 Vitellius 2 Vespasian	21 ———	5 ———		Jerusalem taken and destroyed by Titus, Sept. 7.	
71	3 ———	22 ———	6 ———	Flavius Josephus, ob. æt. 56, 93	The Temple of Janus is shut.	
72	4 ———	23 ———	7 ———		Antiochus King of Commagene subdued.—Commagene becomes a Roman province.	Lupus, governor of Egypt
73	5 ———	24 ———	8 ———	Julius Frontinus, geomet.	The Philosophers expelled from Rome.	
74	6 ———	25 ———	9 ———	Silius Italicus		
75	7 ———	26 ———	10 ———		Dedication of the Temple of Peace.	
76	8 ———	27 ———	11 ———	Arcanius Pedianus, gram.		
77	9 ———	28 ———	12 ———			Julius Agricola, 40—93
78	10 ———	29 ———	1 Anacletus		Agricola sent into Britain.	
79	1 Titus	30 ———	2 ———		Death of Vespasian.—Destruction of Pompeii and Herculaneum by the eruption of Vesuvius.	
80	2 ———	31 ———	3 ———		Great pestilence and conflagration in Rome.—Destruction of the Capitol recently built.	
81	1 Domitian	1 Artabanus III.	4 ———	Martial, ob. æt. 75, 104	Death of Titus.	
82	2 ———	2 ———	5 ———			
83	3 ———	3 ———	6 ———	Apollonius Tyanæus, the Pythagorean, ob. 97	The Caledonians defeated by Agricola.	Lucius Antonius, general in Germany, ob. 92
84	4 ———	4 ———	7 ———	Valerius Flaccus	Agricola returns to Rome from Britain.	
85	5 ———	5 ———	8 ———		Institution of the Capitoline games.—War against the Dacii.	Cornelius Fuscus, Prætorian prefect
86	6 ———	6 ———	9 ———	Solinus, gram.		
87	7 ———	7 ———	10 ———			
88	8 ———	8 ———	11 ———	Epictetus, ob. cir. 161	Ludi Seculares.	
89	9 ———	9 ———	12 ———	Quintilian, cir. 42—95	The Astrologers banished from Rome	
90	10 ———	1 Pacorus	13 ———		The Dacian war ended.	
91	11 ———	2 ———	1 Clement I.	Statius, ob. 96		
92	12 ———	3 ———	2 ———		Revolt of L. Antonius on the Upper Rhine.	Maximus, general in Germany
93	13 ———	4 ———	3 ———	St. Ignatius, ob. 108	Death of Agricola.—War with the Sarmatians.	
94	14 ———	5 ———	4 ———	Tacitus, ob. post. 99		Julian, governor in Britain
95	15 ———	6 ———	5 ———		The second persecution of the Christians.	
96	1 Nerva	7 ———	6 ———	Juvenal, ob. 128	Domitian put to death by Stephanus, Sept 18, æt. 44.	Calphurnius Crassus
97	2 ———	8 ———	7 ———		Death of Virginius.—Sedition of the Prætorians.	Decebalus, king of Dacia
98	1 Trajan	9 ———	8 ———	Menelaus of Alexandria	St. John writes his Gospel and the Apocalypse about this time.—Death of Nerva.	
99	2 ———	10 ———	9 ———		Trajan returns to Rome from Germany.	
100	3 ———	11 ———	1 Evaristus			







Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of Rome	Arsacidæ of Parthia	Bishops of Rome	LEARNING AND GENIUS	ROMAN EMPIRE	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
4814	101	4 Trajan	12 Pacorus	2 Evaristus		War with the Dacii.—Peace granted to Decabalus.	Licinius Sura, Prefect
4815	102	5 —	13 —	3 —		Pliny is proconsul of Bithynia and Pontus.—His letter concerning the Christians to Trajan.	Palma, governor of
4816	103	6 —	14 —	4 —	Pliny the Younger, ob. cir. 110	Dacia reduced by Trajan to a Roman province.	Marcellus, minister
4817	104	7 —	15 —	5 —		Trajan erects a bridge over the Danube.	
4818	105	8 —	16 —	6 —	Dion Chrysostom	Conquest of Arabia Petraea by Cornelius Palma.	
4819	106	9 —	1 Khosrou	7 —	Philo Biblius, ob. æt. 80, 133	War against the Parthians.—Trajan passes over to the East.	
4820	107	10 —	2 —	8 —		Conquest of Armenia by Trajan.—Third persecution of the Christians.	Empress Plotina,
4821	108	11 —	3 —	9 —			
4822	109	12 —	4 —	1 Alexander I.	Plutarch, ob. cir. 120		
4823	110	13 —	5 —	2 —			
4824	111	14 —	6 —	3 —	Suetonius, ob. post 117		
4825	112	15 —	7 —	4 —			Maximus,
4826	113	16 —	8 —	5 —			
4827	114	17 —	9 —	6 —	Ælian, cir. 80—140	Trajan's column erected at Rome.—The war against the Parthians renewed.	
4828	115	18 —	10 —	7 —		Conquest of Assyria.—Surrender of Ctesiphon and Susa.	
4829	116	19 —	11 —	8 —	Florus	Revolt of the Asiatic provinces.	
4830	117	1 Hadrian	12 —	9 —	Theon of Smyrna, astron.	Loss of the conquests in the East.—Death of Trajan in Cilicia, Aug. 10, æt. 64.	Empress Sabina
4831	118	2 —	13 —	10 —		Hadrian passes through Illyria to Rome.—The fourth persecution of the Christians.	Marcus Turbo, gov. Judea
4832	119	3 —	14 —	1 Sixtus I.	Favorinus, phil.		
4833	120	4 —	15 —	2 —		Hadrian passes into Gaul and Germany.	
4834	121	5 —	1 Vologeses II.	3 —		Hadrian passes into Britain.—The Vallum Hadriani from Carlisle to Newcastle built.	Julius Severus, gov. Britain
4835	122	6 —	2 —	4 —	Phlegon the Trallian		
4836	123	7 —	3 —	5 —			Minucius Fundanus, consul in Asia
4837	124	8 —	4 —	6 —			
4838	125	9 —	5 —	7 —			
4839	126	10 —	6 —	8 —			
4840	127	11 —	7 —	1 Telesphorus	Aristides of Athens		Antinous,
4841	128	12 —	8 —	2 —	Aquila, the Interpreter		
4842	129	13 —	9 —	3 —			
4843	130	14 —	10 —	4 —	Salvius Julianus, juriconsult ob. post. 148	Jerusalem rebuilt by Hadrian.	
4844	131	15 —	11 —	5 —	St. Polycarp, ob. 167	Revolt of the Jews.	Barchochebas, the
4845	132	16 —	12 —	6 —			
4846	133	17 —	13 —	7 —	Claudius Ptolemy, geog. cir. 70—161		
4847	134	18 —	14 —	8 —	Marcion of Sinope		
4848	135	19 —	15 —	9 —		The Jewish war ends.	
4849	136	20 —	16 —	10 —	Arrian		Ceionius Commodus
4850	137	21 —	17 —	11 —			
4851	138	1 Antoninus Pius	18 —	12 —		Adoption of Titus Antoninus by Hadrian, Feb. 25.	
4852	139	2 —	19 —	1 Hyginus	Justin Martyr, ob. 164	Death of Hadrian at Baia, July 10, æt. 72.	
4853	140	3 —	20 —	2 —		Marriage of Marcus Aurelius with Faustina, daughter of Antoninus.	
4854	141	4 —	21 —	3 —		Death of the Empress Faustina.	
4855	142	5 —	22 —	1 Pius I.			
4856	143	6 —	23 —	2 —	Appian, the historian		Herodes Atticus, ob.
4857	144	7 —	24 —	3 —			Empress Galeria Fa-
4858	145	8 —	25 —	4 —	Polyænus 'Strategemata'	Antoninus defeats the Moors, the Germans, and the Dacians.	
4859	146	9 —	26 —	5 —	Artemidorus Daldianus		Claudius Maximus, sul of Africa
4860	147	10 —	27 —	6 —	Lucius Apuleius	Ludi Seculares.	
4861	148	11 —	28 —	7 —	Justin, historian		
4862	149	12 —	29 —	8 —	Aulus Gellius		
4863	150	13 —	30 —	9 —			

Anno Domini.	Emperors of Rome	Arsacidae of Parthia	Bishops of Rome	LEARNING AND GENIUS	ROMAN EMPIRE	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
151	14 Antoninus Pius	31 Vologesos II.	10 Pius I.	Maximus Tyrius, ob. cir. 180		
152	15 ———	32 ———	11 ———		Rescript from Antoninus to the proconsul of Asia in favour of the Christians.	
153	16 ———	33 ———	12 ———	Pausanias, ob. post 173		Lollius Urbicus, governor of Britain
154	17 ———	34 ———	13 ———			
155	18 ———	35 ———	14 ———			
156	19 ———	36 ———	15 ———	Diophantus of Alexandria, mathemat.	Atilius Titianus put to death for conspiring to obtain the empire.	
157	20 ———	37 ———	1 Anicetus			
158	21 ———	38 ———	2 ———	Lucian, cir. 90—180		
159	22 ———	39 ———	3 ———			
160	23 ——— [us]	40 ———	4 ———			
161	1 M. Aureli- L. Verus 1	41 ———	5 ———	Hermogenes of Tarsus, rhetorician	Death of Antoninus Pius, Mar. 7, æt. 75.	
162	2 ——— 2	42 ———	6 ———		War with the Parthians.	
163	3 ——— 3	43 ———	7 ———	Galen, 131—201		
164	4 ——— 4	44 ———	8 ———			
165	5 ——— 5	———	9 ———		Sack and conflagration of Seleucia by the Romans. Peace with Parthia.	Statius Priscus, general to Aurelius
166	6 ——— 6	———	10 ———			
167	7 ——— 7	———	11 ———			
168	8 ———	———	1 Soter	Athenagoras, the Christian philosopher, ob. 177	Death of Lucius Verus.	
169	9 ———	———	2 ———		War with the Marcomanni.	Empress Faustina, ob. 175
170	10 ———	———	3 ———	Theophilus, Bp. of Antioch, ob. 182		
171	11 ———	———	4 ———	Tatian		Avidius Cassius, the Syrian, ob. 175
172	12 ———	———	5 ———	Athenæus of Naucratis, ob. cir. 194		
173	13 ———	———	6 ———	Montanus, sectarian		
174	14 ———	———	7 ———		War with the Marcomanni and the Vandals ended.	
175	15 ———	———	8 ———		Revolt of Avidius Cassius, who is slain.—Death of the Empress Faustina.	
176	16 ———	———	9 ———			Lucilla, sister to Commodus, ob. 183
177	17 ———	———	1 Eleutherus	Diogenes Laertius, ob. cir. 222	War with the Marcomanni renewed.—Smyrna destroyed by an earthquake.	
178	18 ———	———	2 ———			
179	19 ———	———	3 ———			
180	1 Commodus	———	4 ———		Death of Marcus Aurelius at Sirmium, Mar. 17, æt. 59.	
181	2 ———	———	5 ———			Perennis, minister to Commodus, ob. 186
182	3 ———	———	6 ———	St. Irenæus, ob. 202		
183	4 ———	———	7 ———	Theodotion, the Interpreter	Lucilla, sister to Commodus, exiled and put to death for conspiracy.	Ulpian Marcellus, governor of Britain
184	5 ———	———	8 ———			
185	6 ———	———	9 ———			
186	7 ———	———	10 ———	Julius Pollux, ob. cir. 176	Perennis sacrificed by Commodus at the instigation of the British legions.	Marcia, favourite of Commodus
187	8 ———	———	11 ———			
188	9 ———	———	12 ———			Cleander, minister to Commodus, ob. 189
189	10 ———	———	13 ———		Sedition and death of Cleander.	
190	11 ———	———	14 ———			Electus and Lætus, ministers to Commodus
191	12 ———	———	15 ———			
192	13 ———	—Vologesos III.	16 ———		Death of Commodus by strangulation, Dec. 31, æt. 31.	Clodius Albinus, governor of Britain, ob. 198
193	1 Pertinax	———	1 Victor I.		Murder of Pertinax, Mar. 28.—Elevation of Septimius Severus, Apr. 13.—Deposition and death of Julian, June 2.	
194	2 S. Severus	———	2 ———			
195	3 ———	———	3 ———		Battle of Issus.—Pescennius Niger defeated by Septimius Severus.—Disputes respecting Easter	
196	4 ———	———	4 ———	Tertullian, ob. cir. 222	Byzantium surrendered after a three years' siege to the generals of Severus.	
197	5 ———	———	5 ———		Battle of Lyons, Claudius Albinus defeated by Severus, Feb. 19.	
198	6 ———	———	6 ———		Ctesiphon taken by assault by Severus.	Numerianus, general to Severus
199	7 ———	1 Artabanus IV.	7 ———			Scapula, proconsul of Africa
200	8 ———	2 ———	8 ———			





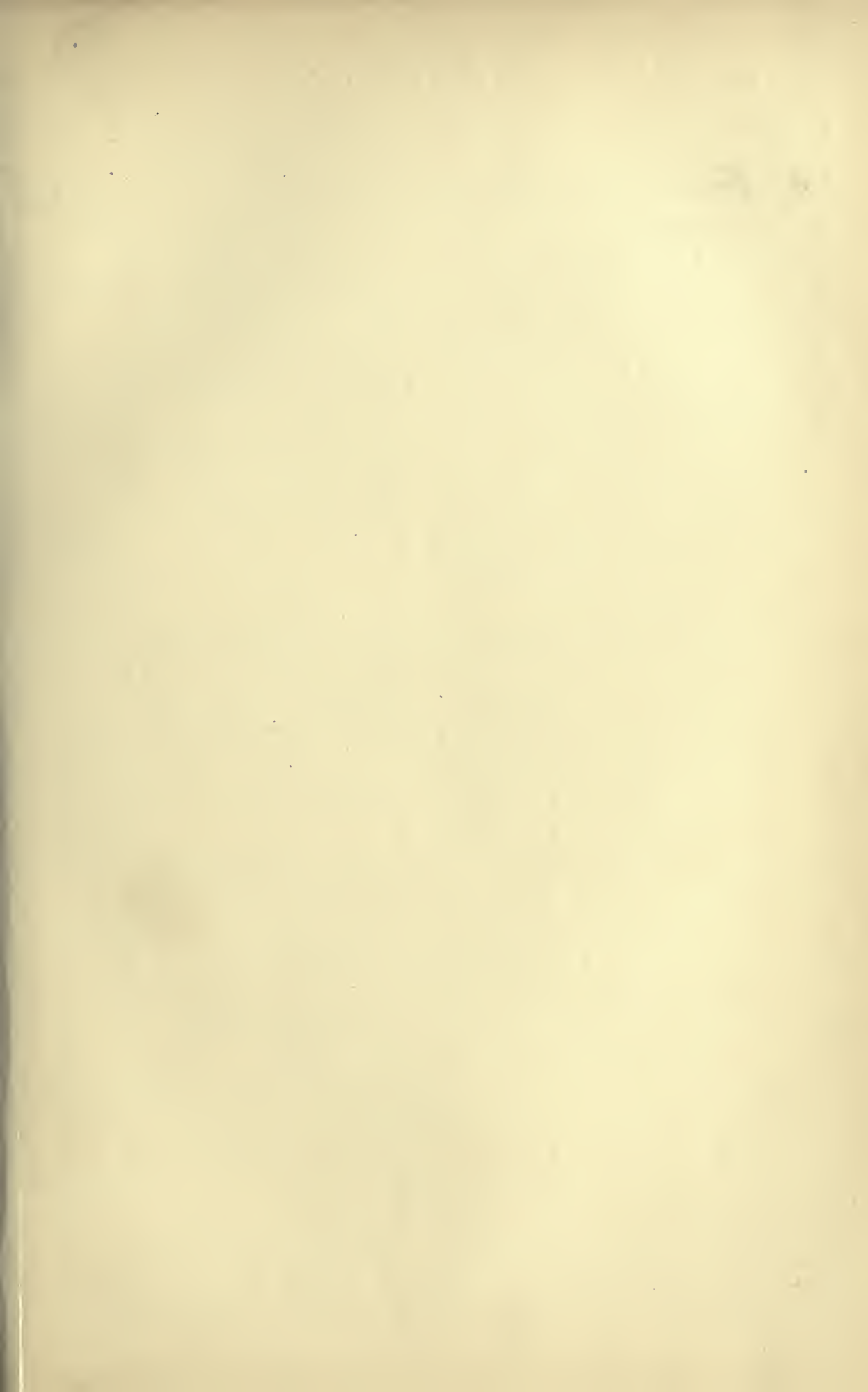




Anno Dom.	Emperors of Rome	Sassanidæ of Persia	Bishops of Rome	LEARNING AND GENIUS	ROMAN EMPIRE	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
251	1 Gallus Volucian 1	12 Shahpoor I.	1 Cornelius	St. Cyprian, ob. 258	The Censorship revived by Decius in favour of Valerian.—Death of the Deci.	
252	2 ——— 2	13 ———	1 Lucius		Gallus purchases peace by the payment of an annual tribute to the Goths.	
253	1 Æmilian	14 ———	1 Stephen I.		Victory, revolt, and elevation of Æmilianus, who is defeated by Valerian at Spoleto.	
254	1 Valerian 2 and Gallienus	15 ———	2 ———	Plotinus, phil. ob. æt. 66, 270		
255	3 ———	16 ———	3 ———			
256	4 ———	17 ———	4 ———			
257	5 ———	18 ———	1 Sixtus II.	Dionysius, Bp. of Alexandria, ob. 265	The Eighth Persecution of the Christians.	Balista, minister to Gallienus
258	6 ———	19 ———	— Vacant		The career of the Thirty Tyrants begins.	Cyriades, the first of the thirty tyrants, ob. 259
259	7 ———	20 ———	1 Dionysius			
260	1 Gallienus alone	21 ———	2 ———		Valerian defeated and taken prisoner by Shahpoor, King of Persia.—Gallienus sole emperor.	Posthumius, tyrant of Gaul, ob. 267
261	2 ———	22 ———	3 ———	Longinus, ob. 275	Aureolus defeated by Gallienus at Milan.—Death of Valerian, Mar. 20.	Regillianus, tyrant of Pannonia, ob. 262
262	3 ———	23 ———	4 ———	Paul of Samostrata, deposed 270		Saturninus, tyrant of Egypt, ob. 262
263	4 ———	24 ———	5 ———			Odenatus, King of Palmyra, ob. 267
264	5 ———	25 ———	6 ———		Odenatus King of Palmyra governs the Eastern Empire for Gallienus.	
265	6 ———	26 ———	7 ———			Aureolus, tyrant of Illyria, ob. 268
266	7 ———	27 ———	8 ———			Cleodamus, Roman general
267	8 ———	28 ———	9 ———		Zenobia revenges the death of Odenatus, and reigns over the East.	Athenæus, Roman general
268	1 Claudius II.	29 ———	10 ———		Gallienus killed at Milan, Mar. 20.—Elevation of Claudius II.	Zenobia, Queen of Palmyra
269	2 ———	30 ———	1 Felix I.		Battle near Naïssus in Dardania, the Goths defeated by Claudius.	Quintillus, minister to Claudius, ob. 270
270	1 Aurelian	31 ———	2 ———		Death of Claudius.—The Gothic army on the Danube surrenders to Aurelian.	
271	2 ———	1 Hoormuz I.	3 ———		Defeat of Tetricus near Chalons.	
272	3 ———	1 Baharam I.	4 ———		Zenobia defeated and captured by Aurelian.—Ninth Persecution of the Christians.	Tetricus, tyrant in Gaul
273	4 ———	2 ———	5 ———			
274	5 ———	3 ———	6 ———		Triumph of Aurelian.—Birth of Constantine the Great.	Mnesthius, the Notary
275	1 Tacitus	4 ———	1 Eutyechian		Assassination of Aurelian on his march between Byzantium and Heraclea.	
276	1 Florian 1 Probus	1 Baharam II.	2 ———	Porphyry, 233—305	The election of Tacitus by the senate, acknowledged by the army.—Defeat of Florian by Probus.	
277	2 ———	2 ———	3 ———		Probus delivers Gaul from the invasion of the Germans.	
278	3 ———	3 ———	4 ———			
279	4 ———	4 ———	5 ———		Revolt of Saturninus in the East.	
280	5 ———	5 ———	6 ———		Revolt of Bonosus and Proculus in Gaul.	
281	6 ———	6 ———	7 ———	St. Anthony, the patriarch of monachism, 251—356		
282	1 M. A. Carus	7 ———	8 ———		Assassination of Probus by his army.—The Bagandæ of Gaul subdued by Maximian.	
283	2 ———	8 ———	1 Caius		Embassy of Ardisheser to the camp of Carus.—Death of Carus, Dec. 25.	Arius Aprius, ob. 284
284	1 Diocletian	9 ———	2 ———		Transient reign of Carinus and Numerian.—Election of Diocletian, Sept. 17.	
285	2 ———	10 ———	3 ———	Arnobius of Sicca	Defeat and death of Carinus.	
286	3 Maximian 1	11 ———	4 ———		Diocletian associates Maximian as his colleague in the government, Apr. 1.	Carausius, tyrant of Britain, ob. 293
287	4 ——— 2	12 ———	5 ———		Revolt of Carausius in Britain, and his seizure of the fleet at Boulogne.	Achileus, tyrant of Egypt, ob. 296
288	5 ——— 3	13 ———	6 ———			
289	6 ——— 4	14 ———	7 ———	Gregory and—	Carausius is acknowledged by the other emperors.	
290	7 ——— 5	15 ———	8 ———	Hermogenes, lawyers		
291	8 ——— 6	16 ———	9 ———	Ælius Spartianus, hist.		Armentarius, Caesar
292	9 ——— 7	17 ———	10 ———		Constantius Chlorus and Galerius Maximianus made Cæsars.—Boulogne retaken.	
293	10 ——— 8	1 Baharam 1 Narses	11 ———			Allectus, tyrant of Britain, ob. 296
294	11 ——— 9	2 ———	12 ———	Ælius Lampridius, hist.	Carausius murdered by his minister Allectus.	
295	12 ——— 10	3 ———	13 ———			
296	13 ——— 11	4 ———	1 Marcellinus		Recovery of Britain by Constantius.—Defeat of Galerius on the Euphrates.	Asclepiodotus, minister to Diocletian
297	14 ——— 12	5 ———	2 ———		Narses King of Persia defeated by Galerius in Armenia.	
298	15 ——— 13	6 ———	3 ———	Trebellius Pollio, hist. ob. cir. 300		
299	16 ——— 14	7 ———	4 ———			
300	17 ——— 15	8 ———	5 ———	Julius Capitolinus, hist. ob. cir. 335		







Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Bishops of Rome	Sassanidæ of Persia	Emperors of Rome			ROMAN EMPIRE	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
				The Collegues				
5014	301	6 Marcellinus	9 Narses	18 Diocletian	16 Maximian			
5015	302	7 —	10 —	19 —	17 —			
5016	303	8 —	1 Hoormuz II.	20 —	18 —		Triumph of Diocletian and Maximian.—The tenth persecution against the Christians.	Hierocles, governor of Alexandria
5017	304	— Vacant	2 —	21 —	19 —			
5018	305	—	3 —	1 Constantine [tius] [tine]	Gale-1 rius		Abdication of the two Augusti, May 1.—Constantine succeeds with Galerius Maximianus.	Severus, Caesar and stantius Chlorus,
5019	306	—	4 —	1 Constantine Severus	1 Maximian	2	Constantine elected by the army, July 25.—Competition of Severus.—Usurpation of Maximian.	
5020	307	—	5 —	2 Licinius	2 again	3	Licinius declared Augustus by Galerius without the intermediate rank of Cæsar, Nov. 11.	
5021	308	1 Marcellus	6 —	3 —	2	3	Maximin exacts the equal title of Augustus, which is also conceded to Constantine.	
5022	309	2 —	7 —	4 —	3	4	Maximin and Maximian.	
5023	310	1 Eusebius	1 Shahpoor II.	5 —	4	—	Maximian strangled at Marseilles by order of Constantine, Feb.	
5024	311	1 Melchiades	2 —	6 —	5	—	Death of Galerius, May.	Valens, the Cæsar,
5025	312	2 —	3 —	7 —	6	—	Constantine gains three victories over Maxentius at Turin, Verona, Oct. 28.	
5026	313	3 —	4 —	8 —	7	—	Edict of Milan in favour of the Christians, Mar.—Death of Maximian and of Diocletian.	
5027	314	1 Silvester I.	5 —	9 —	8	—	Battles of Cibalis and Mardia.—Defeat of Licinius by Constantine.	
5028	315	2 —	6 —	10 —	9	—	Constantine wrests Illyrium from Licinius.—Peace ensues.—Schism of the Donatists.	
5029	316	3 —	7 —	11 —	10	—		
5030	317	4 —	8 —	12 —	11	—		Crispus, son of Constantine
5031	318	5 —	9 —	13 —	12	—		
5032	319	6 —	10 —	14 —	13	—		
5033	320	7 —	11 —	15 —	14	—		
5034	321	8 —	12 —	16 —	15	Lactantius, ob. 325	The observance of Sunday 'dies solis' enjoined by the edict of Constantine.	
5035	322	9 —	13 —	17 —	16	—	The Gothic war.	
5036	323	10 —	14 —	18 —	—	Flavius Vopiscus, hist.	Licinius defeated by Constantine before Adrianople, July 3.	
5037	324	11 —	15 —	19 —	—	—	General Edict of Toleration.—Foundation of Constantinople.—Death of Licinius, May 16.	
5038	325	12 —	16 —	20 —	—	Arius of Alexandria, ob. 336	FIRST General Council, of Nice, June 19—Aug. 25.	
5039	326	13 —	17 —	21 —	—	St. Athanasius, ob. 373	The Cæsars, Crispus and Licinius, put to death by Constantine at Pola, July.	Anabalianus,
5040	327	14 —	18 —	22 —	—	Eusebius Pamphilus, ob. cir. 340		
5041	328	15 —	19 —	23 —	—	—	Seat of the Empire removed from Rome to Constantinople.	
5042	329	16 —	20 —	24 —	—	—		
5043	330	17 —	21 —	25 —	—	—		
5044	331	18 —	22 —	26 —	—	—	The Gothic war.—Araric passes the Danube.—Constantine destroys the Heathen temples.	
5045	332	19 —	23 —	27 —	—	—	The Goths repulsed by the younger Constantius in Mæsia, April 20.	
5046	333	20 —	24 —	28 —	—	—		
5047	334	21 —	25 —	29 —	—	Constantine II.	Defeat of Wisumer King of the Vandals, and expulsion of the Sarmatians.	Dalmatius, Cæsar,
5048	335	22 —	26 —	30 —	—	Constans I.	Peace and prosperity of Constantine.	
5049	336	1 Marcus	27 —	31 —	—	Taliessin the Welsh bard fl. 320—350		
5050	337	1 Julius I.	28 —	1 Con-1 stan-	1	—	Baptism and death of Constantine the Great, May 22.—Division of the Empire, Sept. 11.	Gregory, minister to Constantine,
5051	338	2 —	29 —	2 tius 2	2	—	First siege of Nisibis by Shahpoor.	
5052	339	3 —	30 —	3 3	3	—	The Persian war, 337—360.	
5053	340	4 —	31 —	4 —	4	—	Constantine II. betrayed by Magnentius into an ambushade and killed, Mar.	Hermogenes, Roman
5054	341	5 —	32 —	5 —	5	St. Hilary, ob. æt. 80, 367	Increase and influence of the monastic life at Rome.	Philagrius, governor of Egypt
5055	342	6 —	33 —	6 —	6	Jamblicus the Pythagorean, ob. circ. 363	Death of Tiridates, King of Armenia.—His brilliant reign, 297—342.	
5056	343	7 —	34 —	7 —	7	—	Inroad of the Scots and Picts into Britain, 343—366.	
5057	344	8 —	35 —	8 —	8	—	Shahpoor persecutes the Christians in Persia.	
5058	345	9 —	36 —	9 —	9	—		Titianus, prefect of Egypt
5059	346	10 —	37 —	10 —	10	—	Second siege of Nisibis.	
5060	347	11 —	38 —	11 —	11	—		
5061	348	12 —	39 —	12 —	12	—	Battle of Singara, Constantius defeated by Shahpoor King of Persia.	
5062	349	13 —	40 —	13 —	13	—		
5063	350	14 —	41 —	14 —	—	—	Murder of Constans by Magnentius, Feb. 27.—Third siege of Nisibis raised by Shahpoor.	Magnentius the tyrant

Anno Domini	Emperors of Rome	Sassanidæ of Persia	Bishops of Rome	LEARNING AND GENIUS	ROMAN EMPIRE	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
351	15 Constantius II.	42 Shahpoor II.	15 Julius	Cyril of Jerusalem, ob. æt. 71, 386	Battle of Mursa, Magnentius defeated by Constantius, Sept. 28.—Gallus declared Cæsar, Mar. 5. Conquest of Italy by Constantius.	Gallus, minister to Constantius, ob. 354
352	16 —	43 —	1 Liberius			
353	17 —	44 —	2 —	Elius Donatus, gram.	Battle of Mount Seleucus, defeat and death of Magnentius, Aug. 10.—Council of Arles.	
354	18 —	45 —	3 —		Massacre of the Imperial Ministers.—Death of Gallus by his cousin Constantius, Dec.	Musonianus, minister to Constantius
355	19 —	46 —	4 —		Julian declared Cæsar, Nov. 6.—Is sent to the West by Constantius.—Council of Milan.	Syrianus, general in Egypt
356	20 —	47 —	5 —	Eutropius	Julian's first campaign in Gaul.	Chonodomar, Prince of the Allemanni
357	21 —	48 —	6 —		Julian's second campaign.—He defeats the Allemanni, under Chonodamar, at Strasburg.	
358	22 —	49 —	7 —	Libanius, soph. cir. 314—390	Julian subdues the Franks.—His three expeditions beyond the Rhine, 357, 358, 359.	
359	23 —	50 —	8 —		Invasion of Mesopotamia by Shahpoor.—Siege and capture of Amida by Shahpoor.	
360	24 —	51 —	9 —	Ammianus Marcellinus, ob. cir. 380	Singara and Bezabde taken by Shahpoor.—Council of Rimini.	
361	1 Julian the Apostate	52 —	10 —	Gregory Nazianzen, ob. 389	Julian's fourth and fifth expeditions beyond the Rhine, 360, 361.—He is acknowledged Emperor. Julian resolves on the conquest of Persia.	Sallust, minister to Julian
362	2 Jovian	53 —	11 —	Themistius Euphrades, ob. cir. 410		
363	1 Jovian	54 —	12 —	Aurelius Victor	March of Julian to the Euphrates, Mar. 5.—Invasion of Assyria, May.—Death of Julian, June 26.	
364	1 Valens	55 —	13 —		Division of the Eastern and Western Empires, June.—Religious toleration in the West.	
365	2 Valentinian I.	56 —	14 —		Revolt of Procopius, Sept. 28.—The Allemanni invade Gaul.—The Persian war, 365—378.	Procopius the Tyrant, ob. 366
366	3 —	57 —	1 Damasus I.		Persecution of the Catholics in the East.—The Gothic war under Athanaric, 366—369.	Modestus, minister to Valens
367	4 Gratian a Colleague	58 —	2 —		Restoration of Britain by Theodosius, 367—370.—Gratian made a colleague with Valentinian I.	
368	5 —	59 —	3 —		Valentinian passes the Rhine.—The Saxons attack Britain, and are repulsed by Theodosius.	
369	6 —	60 —	4 —	St. Martin of Tours		
370	7 —	61 —	5 —	St. Basil, 329—379	Valentinian restrains the avarice of the clergy.	Anicius Probus, minister to Valentinian
371	8 —	62 —	6 —	Ephraim Syrus, ob. æt. 79, cir. 378	The Burgundians established on the Elbe.—The Saxons settle in maritime Gaul.	Severus, Roman general
372	9 —	63 —	7 —	Eunapius of Sardis, hist.	Revolt of Firmus the Moor in Africa.	Para, king of Armenia, ob. 373
373	10 —	64 —	8 —	Gregory, Bp. of Nyssa, ob. cir. 396	Africa recovered by the elder Theodosius.—Death of St. Athanasius, May 2.	Theodosius the Elder, Roman general, ob. 376
374	11 —	65 —	9 —	Ambrose, Bp. of Milan, 340—397	War of the Quadi and the Sarmatians.	
375	12 Gratian and Valentinian II.	66 —	10 —		Victories of the Huns over the Goths.—Valentinian II. becomes a colleague with Gratian.	Fritigernes, general of the Goths
376	13 —	67 —	11 —		The Goths implore the protection of Valens, and are transported over the Danube into the empire.	Athanaric, general of the Goths
377	14 —	68 —	12 —		Union of the Goths with the Huns, Alains, &c.	
378	—	69 —	13 —		The Allemanni defeated by Gratian near Colmar.—Battle of Hadrianople and death of Valens.	
379	1 Theodosius the Great	70 —	14 —	Ausonius, ob. cir. 394	The Goths ravage the Roman provinces.—Theodosius leaves his farm for the throne, Jan. 19.	
380	2 —	71 —	15 —		Baptism of Theodosius the Great, Feb. 28.—Fall of Arianism in Constantinople.	
381	3 —	1 Ardisheer II.	16 —	Macedonius the Arian	Death of Athanaric at Constantinople.—IInd General Council, of Constantinople, May.	Auxonius, proconsul of Asia
382	4 —	2 —	17 —		The submission of the Goths effected by Theodosius, Oct. 30.	Andragathius, general to Maximus, ob. 388
383	5 Valentinian II. alone	3 —	18 —	Pappus of Alexandria, math.	Revolt of Maximus in Britain.—Flight and assassination of Gratian by Andragathius, Aug. 25.	
384	6 —	4 —	1 Siricius		Treaty of Peace with Persia.—Luxury and ambition of Damasus, Bishop of Rome, 366—384.	
385	7 —	1 Shahpoor III.	2 —	Theon of Alexandria, astron.	Execution of Priscillian.—Military command of Stilicho, 385—407.	Cynergus, minister to Theodosius, ob. 388
386	8 —	2 —	3 —		The Ostrogoths repulsed on the Danube, Oct.—Revolt of Gildo the Moor in Africa, 386—398.	Symmachus, governor of Rome
387	9 —	3 —	4 —	St. Jerome, 331—422	Maximus invades Italy, Aug.—Flight of Valentinian II.—Sedition of Antioch, Feb. 26.	
388	10 —	4 —	5 —		Defeat and death of Maximus on the Save by Theodosius.—Conversion of Rome from Paganism.	Arbogastes, minister to Valentinian, ob. 394
389	11 —	5 —	6 —	Ammonius of Alexandria, living cir. 389	St. Martin, of Tours, destroys the idols in his diocese.—Destruction of the Temple of Serapis.	
390	12 —	1 Baharam IV.	7 —		Massacre at Thessalonica.—Penance imposed upon Theodosius by St. Ambrose at Milan.	
391	13 —	2 —	8 —	Epiphanius of Salamis, cir. 320—403	Valentinian II. assassinated by Arbogastes, May 15. Usurpation of Eugenius.	Eugenius, tyrant of the Western Empire
392	14 —	3 —	9 —	Prudentius		
393	15 —	4 —	10 —			Ruffinus, minister to Honorius, ob. 395
394	16 —	5 —	11 —	St. Augustine, 354—430	Defeat and death of Eugenius and Arbogastes by Theodosius, Sept. 6.	Gildo, governor of Africa, ob. 398
395	1 Arcadius Honorius	6 —	12 —	Evagrius Ponticus, eccles. hist.	Settlement of the Goths in Asia and Thrace, 383—395.—Death of Theodosius at Milan, Jan. 17.	
396	2 —	7 —	13 —	St. Chrysostom, 347—407	Discord between the empires of the West and the East.—Alaric marches into Greece, Athens capitulates.	Stilicho, general to Honorius, ob. 408
397	3 —	8 —	14 —	Claudian	Alaric attacked by Stilicho, escapes to Epirus.	
398	4 —	9 Alaric I.	1 Anastasius I.	Heliodorus	The African war.—Defeat and death of Gildo.—Alaric proclaimed King of the Visigoths.	Gainas, tyrant of Asia, ob. 400
399	5 —	10 —	2 —		Rebellion of Tribigild and fall of Eutropius.	Favritta, the Goth
400	6 —	11 —	3 —	St. Alban, protomartyr of England, ob. 305	Alaric invades Italy, 400—403.—Conspiracy and fall of Gainas.	





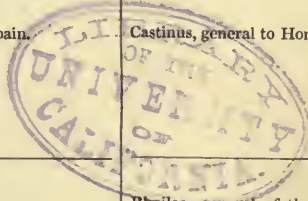


Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of The East	Emperors of The West	IRRUPTION OF THE GOTHS						SOUTH BRITAIN		Sassanid Persia
				Vandals in Spain		Suevi in Spain		Burgundians in Alsace		Franks on the Lower Rhine		
5114	401	7 Arcadius	7 Honorius	4 Alaric—Visigoths								12 Ba
5115	402	8 —	8 —	5 —							13 —	
5116	403	9 —	9 —	6 —							14 —	
5117	404	10 —	10 —	7 —							1 Ye	
5118	405	11 —	11 —	8 —	Vandals in Spain						2 —	
5119	406	12 —	12 —	9 —	1Gunderic						3 —	
5120	407	13 —	13 —	10 —	2 —						4 —	
5121	408	1 Theodosius II.	14 —	11 —	3 —	Suevi in Spain					5 —	
5122	409	2 —	15 —	12 —	4 —	1 Hermenric					6 —	
5123	410	3 —	16 —	—	5 —	2 —					7 —	
5124	411	4 —	17 —	—	6 —	3 —					8 —	
5125	412	5 —	18 —	1 Athaulfus in Spain	7 —	4 —		Burgundians in Alsace			9 —	
5126	413	6 —	19 —	2 Spain	8 —	5 —		1Gundicar			10 —	
5127	414	7 —	20 —	3 —	9 —	6 —		2 —			11 —	
5128	415	8 —	21 —	1 Sigeric Wallia	10 —	7 —		3 —			12 —	
5129	416	9 —	22 —	2 at Thoulouse with part of Spain	11 —	8 —		4 —			13 —	
5130	417	10 —	23 —	3 louse with part of Spain	12 —	9 —		5 —			14 —	
5131	418	11 —	24 —	4 of Spain	13 —	10 —		6 —		Franks on the Lower Rhine	15 —	
5132	419	12 —	25 —	1 Theodor-ric I.	14 —	11 —		7 —			16 —	
5133	420	13 —	26 —	2 —	15 —	12 —		8 —			1 Ba	
5134	421	14 —	27 —	3 —	16 —	13 —		9 —			2 —	
5135	422	15 —	28 —	4 —	17 —	14 —		10 —			3 —	
5136	423	16 —	—	5 —	18 —	15 —		11 —			4 —	
5137	424	17 —	—	6 —	19 —	16 —		12 —			5 —	
5138	425	18 —	1 Valentinian III.	7 —	20 —	17 —		13 —			6 —	
5139	426	19 —	2 —	8 —	21 —	18 —		14 —			7 —	
5140	427	20 —	3 —	9 —	22 —	19 —		15 —		Clodion	8 —	
5141	428	21 —	4 —	10 —	23 —	20 —		16 —			9 —	
5142	429	22 —	5 —	11 —	1 Genseric	21 —		17 —			10 —	
5143	430	23 —	6 —	12 —	2 —	22 —		18 —			11 —	
5144	431	24 —	7 —	13 —	3 —	23 —		19 —			12 —	
5145	432	25 —	8 —	14 —	4 —	24 —		20 —		The Huns	13 —	
5146	433	26 —	9 —	15 —	5 —	25 —		21 —		1 Attila and 2 Bleda	14 —	
5147	434	27 —	10 —	16 —	6 —	26 —		22 —			15 —	
5148	435	28 —	11 —	17 —	7 —	27 —		23 —		3 —	16 —	
5149	436	29 —	12 —	18 —	8 —	28 —		1Gunderic		4 —	17 —	
5150	437	30 —	13 —	19 —	9 —	29 —		2 —		5 —	18 —	
5151	438	31 —	14 —	20 —	10 —	30 —		3 —		6 —	1 Ye	
5152	439	32 —	15 —	21 —	11 in Africa	31 —		4 —		7 —	2 —	
5153	440	33 —	16 —	22 —	12 —	32 —		5 —		8 —	3 —	
5154	441	34 —	17 —	23 —	13 —	1 Rechila		6 —		9 —	4 —	
5155	442	35 —	18 —	24 —	14 —	2 —		7 —		10 —	5 —	
5156	443	36 —	19 —	25 —	15 —	3 —		8 —		11 Attila alone	6 —	
5157	444	37 —	20 —	26 —	16 —	4 —		9 —		12 —	7 —	
5158	445	38 —	21 —	27 —	17 —	5 —		10 —		13 —	8 —	
5159	446	39 —	22 —	28 —	18 —	6 —		11 —		14 —	9 —	
5160	447	40 —	23 —	29 —	19 —	7 —		12 —		15 —	10 —	
5161	448	41 —	24 —	30 —	20 —	1 Rechiarus		13 —		16 —	11 —	
5162	449	42 —	25 —	31 —	21 —	2 —		14 —		2 —	12 —	
5163	450	1 Marcian	26 —	32 —	22 —	3 —		15 —		3 —	13 —	

Vortigern is referred to this time, but the date is uncertain

Hengist lands in Kent

Bishops of Rome	LEARNING AND GENIUS	DECLINE OF THE EMPIRE	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
anastatius I. Innocent I.	Sulpicius Severus of Aquitania, ecclesiast. historian, ob. 420 Anianus of Alexandria, chronologer Macrobius, ob. cir. 415	Alaric King of the Visigoths overruns Europe. Alaric enters Italy by the Frioul. Battle of Pollentia, Mar. 29.—Alaric defeated by Stilicho.—Bold retreat of Alaric. Joint triumph of Stilicho and Honorius at Rome.—Honorius retires to Ravenna.	Radagaisus, Gothic general, ob. 405
	Panodorus of Alexandria, chronologer John Stobæus, Greek writer	Emigration of the Northern Germans.	Herachanus, Tyrant of Africa, ob. 413
	Pelagius, ob. cir. 430	Radagaisus defeated by Stilicho in the heights of Fiesole.—The passage of the Rhine by the Vandals under Godesil and Gunderic, Dec. 31. Revolt in Britain.—Constantine, a private soldier, acknowledged Emperor in Britain and Gaul. Arcadius dies, May 1, æt. 31.—Stilicho beheaded by Heraclian at the instance of Honorius, Aug. 23.—First siege of Rome by Alaric, Oct.	Constantine, Tyrant of Gaul, ob. 411 Antiochus the Persian, tutor to Theodosius
	Hypatia, daughter to Theon, ob. 415 Paulinus, Bp. of Nola, 353—431	Second siege of Rome.—The Pyrenees forced by the Suevi under Hermenic, Oct. 13. Third siege and sack of Rome, Aug. 24.—Alaric evacuates Rome, Aug. 29.—Death of Alaric.	
	Servius, commentator on Virgil	Death of the usurper, Constantine, Nov. 28.	Empress Pulcheria, ob. 452
	Synesius, Bp. of Ptolemais	Athaulfus makes peace with the Romans, and marches into Gaul.	Constantius, minister to Honorius, ob. 420
	Cyril, Bp. of Alexandria, ob. 444	Kingdom of the Burgundians begins, under Gundicar.—Revolt and defeat of Count Heraclian in Africa. Marriage of Athaulfus with Placidia, sister of Honorius.	
	Paulus Orosius, historian, 'Hormesta,' translated into Anglo-Saxon by King Alfred	Athaulfus assassinated at Barcelona, Aug.—The Goths conquer and restore Spain, 415—418.	
osimus	Socrates the Scholastic, 'Hist. Ecclesiast.' 309—440, ob. —	The Visigoths expel the Alans, and extend their dominion in Spain.	Castinus, general to Honorius
oniface I.		Assembly of the Seven Provinces in Gaul.	
		Establishment of the Goths in Aquitaine.	
		The Pagan religion finally extinguished about this time.	
		Persecution of the Christians in Persia.	
		The Persian war.—The Huns ravage Thrace.	Rhoilas, general of the Nomad Scythians, ob. 425 John the Notary, ob. 425
		Honorius dies, Aug. 15, æt. 39.—Elevation and fall of the usurper, Primcerius John, 423—425.	Empress Placidia, ob. 449
lestine I.		Theodosius establishes public schools in Constantinople.—Reign of Valentinian III.	
	Zosimus, historian	The Roman legions finally leave Britain.	Count Boniface, Roman general in Africa, ob. 423
	Nestorius, Patriarch of Constantinople	Count Boniface invites the Vandals over to Africa. Genseric King of the Vandals lands in Africa, May.—Boniface retires to Carthage, Oct. 9. Siege of Hippo, May.—Death of St. Augustine Bp. of Hippo, Aug. 28.—The Huns invade Persia, 430—440.	Ardaburus, general against the Persians, ob. 471
		Defeat of Count Boniface by the Vandals.—II <sup>rd</sup> General Council of Ephesus, June 22—July 31. Death of Count Boniface in single conflict with Ætius.	Ætius, general to Valentinian, ob. 454
ixtus III.		The Huns in modern Hungary, 376—433.—Attila, son of Mundzunk, succeeds Rugulus, with Bleda, his brother. Administration of the patrician Ætius, 433—454.	Aspar, Roman general, ob. 471 Littorius, Roman general, ob. 439
		The Goths besiege Narbonne.—Belgium invaded by the Burgundians, 435—439.	Paulinus, minister to Theodosius, ob. 440
	Theodoret, Bp. of Cyrus, ob. cir. 460	Genseric, attached to the Arian heresy, deprives the catholic bishops of their sees. The Theodosian Code published, Jan. 15	Anatolius, Roman general
	Sozomen of Salamis, ecclesiast. historian, ob. 450 Proclus of Lycea, Platonic philosopher, 410—485	Carthage surrenders to Genseric, Oct. 19, and the kingdom of the Vandals in Africa begins. Littorius defeated and taken prisoner by Theodoric.	
eo I the Great		The Huns attack the Eastern Empire, and ravage Europe on to Constantinople.	Vitus, Roman general, ob. 445
	Olympiodorus of Alexandria, philosopher.	Valentinian makes peace with Genseric, and cedes several barrier towns in Africa.	Constantine, minister to Theodosius
		Murder of Bleda.—Attila becomes sole King of the Huns.	
		Treaty between Attila and the Eastern Empire.—The Britons complain to Ætius of the ravages of the Scots and Picts.	Chrysaphius, minister to Theodosius
	Eutyches of Constantinople	Embassy of Maximin to Attila.—Meroveus begins to reign according to the French chronology. Descent of the Saxons in Britain.	
		Death of Theodosius II., July 28, æt. 49.—Attila ravages all Germany and France.	









Jul. Period.	Anno Domn.	Emperors of The East	Emperors of The West	Kings of the Vandals	Kings of the Visigoths	Kings of the Suevi	Kings of the Franks	Kings of the Burgunds.	Kings of The Huns	KINGS IN S. BRITAIN		Sassanid Persia
										Kent	Sussex	
5164	451	2 Marcian	27 Valentinian III.	23 Genseric	1 Thorismund	4 Rechiarus	4 Meroveus	16Gunderic	19 Attila			14 Yez
5165	452	3 —	28 —	24 —	2 —	5 —	5 —	17 —	20 —			15 —
5166	453	4 —	29 —	25 —	1 Theodoric II.	6 —	6 —	18 —	1 Hermisdas and 2 Dengizic			16 —
5167	454	5 —	30 —	26 —	2 —	7 —	7 —	19 —	3 —			17 —
5168	455	6 —	1 Maximus 1 Avitus	27 —	3 —	8 —	8 —	20 —	4 —	1 Hengist		18 —
5169	456	7 —	2 —	28 —	4 —	—	9 —	21 —	5 —	2 —		1 Ho I
5170	457	1 Leo I. the Thracian	1 Majorian	29 —	5 —	1 Maldras	10 —	22 —	6 —	3 —		2 —
5171	458	2 —	2 —	30 —	6 —	2 —	1 Childeric I.	23 —	7 —	4 —		1 Fir
5172	459	3 —	3 —	31 —	7 —	3 —	2 —	24 —	8 —	5 —		2 —
5173	460	4 —	4 —	32 —	8 —	1 Frumarus	3 —	25 —	9 —	6 —		3 —
5174	461	5 —	1 Severus	33 —	9 —	2 —	4 —	26 —	10 —	7 —		4 —
5175	462	6 —	2 —	34 —	10 —	3 —	5 —	27 —	11 —	8 —		5 —
5176	463	7 —	3 —	35 —	11 —	1 Remismund	6 —	28 —	12 —	9 —		6 —
5177	464	8 —	4 —	36 —	12 —	2 —	7 —	29 —	13 —	10 —		7 —
5178	465	9 —	— Interreg.	37 —	13 —	3 —	8 —	30 —	14 —	11 —		8 —
5179	466	10 —	—	38 —	1 Euric	4 —	9 —	1 Chilperic	15 —	12 —		9 —
5180	467	11 —	1 Anthemius	39 —	2 —	5 —	10 —	2 —	16 —	13 —		10 —
5181	468	12 —	2 —	40 —	3 —	6 —	11 —	3 —	17 —	14 —		11 —
5182	469	13 —	3 —	41 —	4 —	The succession of Kings of the Suevi	12 —	4 —	The empire of the Huns dismembered and	15 —		12 —
5183	470	14 —	4 —	42 —	5 —	—	13 —	5 —	—	16 —		13 —
5184	471	15 —	5 —	43 —	6 —	unknown until 550	14 —	6 —	ended	17 —		14 —
5185	472	16 —	1 Olybrius	44 —	7 —	—	15 —	7 —	—	18 —		15 —
5186	473	17 —	1 Glycerius	45 —	8 —	—	16 —	8 —	—	19 —		16 —
5187	474	1 Leo II. 1 Zeno	1 Julius Nepos	46 —	9 —	—	17 —	9 —	—	20 —		17 —
5188	475	2 —	1 Romulus Augustulus	47 —	10 —	—	18 —	10 —	—	21 —		18 —
5189	476	3 —	1 Odoacer King of the Heruli	48 —	11 —	—	19 —	11 —	—	22 —		19 —
5190	477	4 —	2 the Heruli	1 Hunderic	12 —	—	20 —	12 —	—	23 —	Ella lands in Sussex	20 —
5191	478	5 —	3 —	2 —	13 —	—	21 —	13 —	—	24 —		21 —
5192	479	6 —	4 —	3 —	14 —	—	22 —	14 —	—	25 —		22 —
5193	480	7 —	5 —	4 —	15 —	—	23 —	15 —	—	26 —		23 —
5194	481	8 —	6 —	5 —	16 —	—	1 Clovis I.	16 —	—	27 —		24 —
5195	482	9 —	7 —	6 —	17 —	—	2 —	17 —	—	28 —		25 —
5196	483	10 —	8 —	7 —	18 —	—	3 —	18 —	—	29 —		26 —
5197	484	11 —	9 —	1 Gundamund	1 Alaric II.	—	4 —	19 —	—	30 —		1 Pal
5198	485	12 —	10 —	2 —	2 —	—	5 —	20 —	—	31 —		2 —
5199	486	13 —	11 —	3 —	3 —	—	6 —	21 —	—	32 —		3 —
5200	487	14 —	12 —	4 —	4 —	—	7 —	22 —	—	33 —		4 —
5201	488	15 —	13 —	5 —	5 —	—	8 —	23 —	1 Esca	—		1 Ko
5202	489	16 —	14 —	6 —	6 —	—	9 —	24 —	2 —	—		2 —
5203	490	17 —	15 —	7 —	7 —	—	10 —	25 —	3 —	1 Ella		3 —
5204	491	1 Anastatius I. the Silentiary	16 —	8 —	8 —	—	11 —	1 Gondebaud	4 —	2 —		4 —
5205	492	2 —	17 —	9 —	9 —	—	12 —	2 —	5 —	3 —		5 —
5206	493	3 —	1 Theodoric King of the 2 Ostrogoths	10 —	10 —	—	13 —	3 —	6 —	4 —		6 —
5207	494	4 —	2 —	11 —	11 —	—	14 —	4 —	7 —	5 —		7 —
5208	495	5 —	3 —	12 —	12 —	—	15 —	5 —	8 —	6 —	Cerdic lands	8 —
5209	496	6 —	4 —	1 Thorismund	13 —	—	16 —	6 —	9 —	7 —		9 —
5210	497	7 —	5 —	2 —	14 —	—	17 —	7 —	10 —	8 —		10 —
5211	498	8 —	6 —	3 —	15 —	—	18 —	8 —	11 —	9 —		11 —
5212	499	9 —	7 —	4 —	16 —	—	19 —	9 —	12 —	10 —		12 —
5213	500	10 —	8 —	5 —	17 —	—	20 —	10 —	13 —	11 —		13 —

Bishops of Rome	LEARNING AND GENIUS	FALL OF THE EMPIRE	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
Leo I. the Great	Prosper of Aquitaine, chronol. ob. 466 Gennadius of Constantinople, ob. 471	Attila invades Gaul, and besieges Orleans.—Battle of Chalons.—Retreat of Attila.—IVth General Council, of Chalcedon, Oct. 8—25. Invasion of Italy by Attila.—First establishment of Venice.—Attila gives peace to the Romans. Death of Attila in Dacia.—Division of his Empire.  The patrician Ætius murdered by Valentinian.—The Vandals become masters of Sicily. Death of Valentinian III. Mar. 16, æt. 35.—Murder of Maximus, June 12.—Rome sacked by the Vandals, June 15—29. Expedition of Theodoric into Spain.—Rechiarus defeated by Theodoric on the Ebro, Oct. 6. Genseric destroys the fleet of Majorian at Carthage.—Hengist gains the battle of Crayford, and is fully established in the kingdom of Kent.	Empress Eudoxia, ob. 472 Fronto, minister to Avitus  Beorgor, King of the Alans, ob. 464  Egidius, Roman governor of Soissons
Hilary	Moses Chorenensis, historian and geographer Victorius of Aquitaine	Ricimer reigns, de facto, in the name of Libius Severus.—Revolt of Marcellinus in Dalmatia. Negotiations with the Eastern Empire.—Conquest of the Visigoths in Spain and Gaul, 462—472.  Count Marcellinus expels the Vandals from Sicily.  The Emperor Severus poisoned by Ricimer.  Euric defeated in Gaul by Eodicius, the Roman General.  The Emperor Leo defeats the Vandals.—Genseric sues for peace, and obtains it.  Expedition against the Vandals under Basiliscus defeated by Genseric.  Extinction of the Empire of the Huns.	Ricimer, minister to Severus, ob. 472 Uvinomadus, minister to Chluderic Marcellinus, minister to Severus, ob. 468  Basiliscus, minister to Leo, ob. 476 Eodicius, Roman minister in Gaul  Aspar, Eastern patrician, ob. 471
Simplicius	Sidonius Apollinaris, Bishop of Clermont, ob. æt. 52, 487  Acacius, Patriarch of Constantinople, the patron of Peter the Fuller, ob. 489 Gennadius of Marseilles, ob. 492  Gelasius of Cyzicum  Peter the Fuller, Bp. of Antioch, ob. 486	Discord of Anthemius and Ricimer. Sack of Rome by the Goths.—Anthemius massacred, July 11, by Ricimer, who dies, Aug. 20. Euric defeats Syagrius, and makes himself master of Tours.  Death of Leo the Thracian, Jan.  Hengist massacres the British nobles.  FALL OF THE WESTERN EMPIRE—Deposition of Romulus Augustulus by Odoacer. Death of Genseric, Jan. 24.—Alliance between Euric and Odoacer.  Euric makes himself master of Marseilles and Arles.  Constantinople partly destroyed by an earthquake.  The Emperor Zeno decrees a union between the parties in the church.  Euric dies at Arles.—Hunderic persecutes the Christians in Africa.  Battle of Soissons, Syagrius defeated by Clovis.—His flight to Alaric, who puts him to death.  Battle of Aquilea, Odoacer's first defeat by Theodoric, Aug. 28.—Battle of Verona, his second defeat, Sept. 27. Odoacer's final defeat by Theodoric, Aug. 11.—Battle of Tolbiac, and defeat of the Alemanni by Clovis.	Orestes, ob. 476 Brachilas the Goth, ob. 477  Siagrius, Roman governor of Soissons, ob. 485  Illus, minister to Zeno, ob. 488  Leontius, Tyrant in the East, ob. 488  Basilius, Prætorian prefect  Longinus, minister to Zeno
Felix II.	Malchus of Byzantium  Timotheus Gazæus	Struggle for the ascendant between Longinus and Anastatius, which ends in favour of the latter. Longinus rebels against Anastatius.  Surrender and assassination of Odoacer at Ravenna, March 9.  Gelasius, Bishop of Rome, asserts his authority as sovereign pontiff.  Battle of Tolbiac, defeat and submission of the Alemanni to Clovis.—Conversion and baptism of Clovis.	Empress Ariadne, ob. 515 Pelagius, Eastern patrician, ob. 409
Gelasius I.	Fulgentius, ob. 529 St. Asaph, bishop	The Burgundian war.  Defeat of Gondebaud by Clovis between Langres and Dijon.—Theodoric visits and restores the magnificence of Rome.	
Anastatius II. Symmachus			







Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of The East	Ostrogoths Kings of the Vandal	Visigoths Kings in Spain Suevi	KINGS IN FRANCE				Kings of the Burgunds.	SAXON KINGS IN ENGLAND				Sas
					Metz	Orleans	Paris	Soissons		Kent	Suss.	Wess.	Essex	
5214	501	11 Anastatus I	9Theodoric	18 Alaric II	21 Clovis I				11 Gondebaud	14 Esca				14 K
5215	502	12	10 Thormund 7	19				22	12	15 Eila 12				15
5216	503	13	11	20				23	13	16	14			16
5217	504	14	12	21				24	14	17	15			17
5218	505	15	13	22				25	15	18	16			18
5219	506	16	14	23				26	16	19	17			19
5220	507	17	15	24	1 Gesalric			27	17	20	18			20
5221	508	18	16	25	2 Almaric under Theodoric			28	18	21	19			21
5222	509	19	17	26	3 King of the Goths			29	19	22	20			22
5223	510	20	18	27	4			30	20	23	21			23
5224	511	21	19	5		1 Thier ry I	1 Clodo mir	1 Chil- debert I	1 Clot- aire I	21	24	22		24
5225	512	22	20	6		2	2	2	2	22	1 Octa	23		25
5226	513	23	21	7		3	3	3	3	23	2	24		26
5227	514	24	22	8		4	4	4	4	24	3 Cissa	1		27
5228	515	25	23	9		5	5	5	5	25	4	2		28
5229	516	26	24	10		6	6	6	6	1 Sigis- mund	5	3		29
5230	517	27	25	11		7	7	7	7	2	6	4		30
5231	518	1 Justin I the	26	12		8	8	8	8	3	7	5		31
5232	519	2 Thracian	27	13		9	9	9	9	4	8	6	1 Cerdic	32
5233	520	3	28	14		10	10	10	10	5	9	7	2	33
5234	521	4	29	15		11	11	11	11	6	10	8	3	34
5235	522	5	30	16		12	12	12	12	7	11	9	4	35
5236	523	6	31 Hilde- 1 ric	17		13	13	13	13	1 Gonde- mar	12	10	5	36
5237	524	7	32	18		14	Killed in battle, his dom- inions divided	14	14	2	13	11	6	37
5238	525	8	33	19		15		15	15	3	14	12	7	38
5239	526	9	1 Athala- 4 ric	20 Amalric alone		16		16	16	4	15	13	8	39
5240	527	1 Justinian I	2	21		17		17	17	5	16	14	9	40
5241	528	2	3	22		18		18	18	6	17	15	10	41
5242	529	3	4	23		19		19	19	7	18	16	11	42
5243	530	4	5 Gelimer	24		20		20	20	8	19	17	12 Erch- 1 enwin	43
5244	531	5	6	1 Theudis		21		21	21	9	20	18	13	2
5245	532	6	7	2		22		22	22	Conquered by Childebert and Clotaire	21	19	14	3
5246	533	7	8	3		23		23	23		22	20	15	4
5247	534	8	1 Theo- datus	4		1 Theo- debert		24	24		23	21	1 Cynric	5
5248	535	9	2	5		2 I		25	25		24	22	2	6
5249	536	10	1 Vitiges	6		3		26	26		25	23	3	7
5250	537	11	2	7		4		27	27		26	24	4	8
5251	538	12	3	8		5		28	28		27	25	5	9
5252	539	13	4	9		6		29	29		28	26	6	10
5253	540	14	1 Theo- debald	10		7		30	30		29	27	7	11
5254	541	15	1 Araric	11		8		31	31		30	28	8	12
5255	542	16	2 Totila	12		9		32	32		1 Er- mcnric	29	9	13
5256	543	17	3	13		10		33	33		2	30	10	14
5257	544	18	4	14		11		34	34		3	31	11	15
5258	545	19	5	15		12		35	35		4	32	12	16
5259	546	20	6	16		13		36	36		5	33	13	17
5260	547	21	7	17		14		37	37		6	34	14	18
5261	548	22	8	1 Theo- disel		1 Theo- debald		38	38		7	35	15	19
5262	549	23	9	2		2		39	39		8	36	16	20
5263	550	24	10	1 Agila Cariaric I		3		40	40		9	37	17	21

Kings of Wessex

Kings of Essex

Kings of Northumber land

1 Ida lands in Bernicia









Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of The East	Ostrogoths in Italy.	Visigoths in Spain	Kings in Suevo	KINGS IN FRANCE				THE SAXON HEPTARCHY					
						Soissons	Metz	Paris	Kent	Suss.	Wess.	Essex	E. Ang.	Merc.	Northumb.
5264	551	25 Justinian I	11 Totila	2 Agila Caria-2	3	41 Clotaire	4 Theodebald	41 Childbert	10 Ermenric Cissa 38	18 Cynric Erchen-22			5 Ida	21 N	
5265	552	26	1 Teia	3	4	42	5	42	11	19	win 23		6	22	
5266	553	27	1 Narses D. of Italy	4	4	43	6	43	12	40	20	24	7	23	
5267	554	28	2	1 Athana-gild	5	44	7	44	13	41	21	25	8	24	
5268	555	29	3	2	6	45		45	14	42	22	26	9	25	
5269	556	30	4	3	7	46		46	15	43	23	27	10	26	
5270	557	31	5	4	8	47		47	16	44	24	28	11	27	
5271	558	32	6	5	9	48 Clotaire sole King of France			17	45	25	29	12	28	
5272	559	33	7	6	10	49			18	46	26	30	13	29	
5273	560	34	8	7	11	50			1 Ethel-47	1 Ceaw-31			1 Adda Ella 1	30	
5274	561	35	9	8	12	1 Charibert 2 I.	1 Gontran 2	1 Sigebert I.	2	48	2	32		2	31
5275	562	36	10	9	13	2	2	2	3	49	3	33		3	32
5276	563	37	11	10	14	3	3	3	4	50	4	34		4	33
5277	564	38	12	11	15	4	4	4	5	51	5	35		5	34
5278	565	1 Justin II.	13	12	16	5	5	5	6	52	6	36		6	35
5279	566	2	14	13	17	6	6	6	7	53	7	37		7	36
5280	567	3	15	14	18	7	7	7	8	54	8	38		8	37
5281	568	4	1 Alboin Longi-1 nus 2	2	19	8	8	8	9	55	9	39		9	38
5282	569	5	2	3	20	9	9	9	10	56	10	40		10	39
5283	570	6	3	4	21	10	10	10	11	57	11	41		11	40
5284	571	7	4	5	22	11	11	11	12	58	12	42	1 Uffa	5	41
5285	572	8	5	1 Leovigild	23	12	12	12	13	59	13	43		1 Heod-13 wulf	42
5286	573	9	1 Cleoph 6	2	24	13	13	13	14	60	14	44		1 Freod-14 wulf	43
5287	574	10	2	3	25	14	14	14	15	61	15	45		2	44
5288	575	11	— Interreg.	4	26	15	1	15	16	62	16	46		3	45
5289	576	12	—	5	27	16	2	16	17	63	17	47		4	46
5290	577	13	—	6	28	17	3	17	18	64	18	48		5	47
5291	578	1 Tiberius II.	—	7	29	18	4	18	19	65	19	49	1 Titilus	6	48
5292	579	2	—	8	30	19	5	19	20	66	20	50	2	7	49
5293	580	3	—	9	31	20	6	20	21	67	21	51	3	8	50
5294	581	4	—	10	32	21	7	21	22	68	22	52	4	9	51
5295	582	1 Maurice the Cappado- cian	—	11	33	22	8	22	23	69	23	53	5	10	52
5296	583	2	—	12	34	23	9	23	24	70	24	54	6	11	53
5297	584	3	1 Autharis Sma-1 rag-2 dus	13	35	24	10	24	25	71	25	55	7	12	54
5298	585	4	2	14	36	25	11	25	26	72	26	56	8	13	55
5299	586	5	3	1 Recar- ed I.	37	26	12	26	27	73	27	57	9 Crida 1	14	56
5300	587	6	4	2	38	27	13	27	28	74	28	58	10	15	57
5301	588	7	5	3	39	28	14	28	29	75	29	59	11	16	58
5302	589	8	6	4	40	29	15	29	30	76	30	60	12	17	59
5303	590	9	7 Roma- nus	5	41	30	16	30	31	77	31	61	13	18	60
5304	591	10	1 Agi- lulp	6	42	31	17	31	32	78	32	62	14	19	61
5305	592	11	2	7	43	32	18	32	33	79	33	63	15	20	62
5306	593	12	3	8	44	33	19	33	34	80	34	64	16	21	63
5307	594	13	4	9	45		20	34			4	8	17	22	64
5308	595	14	5	10	46		21	35			5	9	18	23	65
5309	596	15	6	11	47		22	36			6	10	19	24	66
5310	597	16	7 Callini- cus	12	48	1 Thier- ry II. 2nd son of	1 Theo- de- bert II. 3 eldest son	14	38		1 Ceolwulf Sabert 1	20 Wibba 1	5	25	67
5311	598	17	8	13	49	3	Child- bert 4	15	39		2	21	2	26	68
5312	599	18	9	14	50	4	5	16	40		3	3	1 Red- wald	27	69
5313	600	19	10	15	51	5	6	17	41		4	4	2	28	70

Bishops of Rome	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MIDDLE AGES	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
Vigilius		<p>The Roman Senate ceases to exist about this time.—Silk introduced into Europe from China.                      Expedition of Narses into Italy.—Defeat and death of Totila, July.—Conquest of Rome by Narses.                      Defeat and death of Teia, near Naples, Mar.—Vth General Council, of Constantinople, May 26—June 2.                      Defeat of the Franks and the Alemanni by Narses.—Settlement of Italy by Narses, 554—568.</p>	
Pelagius I.		<p>Embassy of the Avars to Justinian.—Death of Childebert.—First example of the Salic law.                      Defeat of Zabergan King of Bulgaria,—the last victory of Belisarius.                      Ella founds the kingdom of Deira.</p>	<p>Chramnes, son to Clotaire, ob. 560</p>
John III.	<p>Gildas, 'De Excidio Britannia'                      Agathias, Byzantine historian</p>	<p>Disgrace of Belisarius.—France again divided on the death of Clotaire.                      Belisarius restored to his command.                      Constantinople nearly destroyed by fire.                      Death of Belisarius, Mar. 13, æt. 84.—Death of Justinian, Nov. 14, æt. 83.                      Embassy of the Avars to Justin II.                      Alboin undertakes the conquest of Italy.—Defection and death of Narses.                      Conquest of a great part of Italy by the Lombards, 568—570.                      Birth of Mahomet.                      Pride and power of the Chagan of the Avars, 570—600.—Conquest of Yemen by Noorsherwan.</p>	<p>Fredegonde, queen to Chilperic, ob. 577</p>
Gregory I.	<p>Gregory of Tours, the father of French history, 'History of the Franks,' 544—595                      St. Columbanus of Leinster, Abbot of Luxeuil, Latin poet, 543—615</p>	<p>The Huns make an irruption in Thuringia, but are repelled by the French kings.                      Noorsherwan's last war with the Romans.                      Alboin King of Lombardy murdered by Rosamond his queen, June 23.                      The Persians invade and plunder Syria.                      The Lombards in Italy are governed for nine years by elective dukes.                      The French kings at war with each other.                      Peace between the kings in France.                      The Emperor Justin II. dies, Oct. 5, and is succeeded by Tiberius II.</p>	<p>Merovæus, son to Chilperic, ob. 577                      Brunehaut, queen to Sigebert                      Mummol, general to Gontran                      Justinian, general to Justin                      Didier, general to Chilperic</p>
Gregory I. the Great	<p>Evagrius Scholasticus of Pontus, 'Ecclesiastical History,' 431—594, born cir. 536                      Augustine, Abp. of Canterbury, ob. 604</p>	<p>The Latin language falls into disuse in Italy about this time.                      The Emperor Tiberius II. dies, Aug. 14, and is succeeded by Maurice of Capadocia.                      The regal government restored by the Lombards in Italy.—Fiefs have their origin about this time in France.                      The Suevi conquered by Leovigild, and annexed to Spain.                      Crida founds the kingdom of Mercia.                      The city of Paris destroyed by fire.                      The Persians defeated by the Roman general, Philippicus.                      Exploits of Baharam.—Death of Hormuz.—Flight of Khosrou Purvez to the Romans.</p>	<p>Landri, minister to Queen Fredegonde                      Leudigisille, general to Gontran                      Philippicus, general to Maurice, ob. post. 602</p>
		<p>Restoration of Khosrou King of Persia by the troops of the Emperor Maurice.                      Battle of Wanborough, Ceawlin King of Wessex defeated by his nephew, Ceolric.—Baptism of Ethelbert King of Kent.                      The Gascons cross the Pyrenees and settle in France.—The Avari expelled from Thrace by the Roman general, Priscus.                      Wars of the Emperor Maurice against the Avars. 595—602.—The Lombards besiege Rome, and ravage the Papal territory.                      Christianity introduced into Britain by St. Augustine.                      Commencement of the power of the Maires du Palais of the Merovingian kings of France.                      The Sclavonians and the Avari ravage Italy.</p>	<p>Arnulph, Lombard general                      Priscus, general to Maurice</p>







Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of The East	KINGS IN FRANCE			Kings of the Lombards	Exarchs of Ravenna	Visigoths in Spain	THE SAXON HEPTARCHY					Sassanid
			Soissons	Orleans	Metz				Kent	Suss. West.	Essex	E. Ang.	Merc.	
5314	601	20 Maurice	18 Clotaire II.	6 Thierry I.	6 Theobert II.	11 Agilulf	5 Callinicus	1 Liuva II.	42 Ethelbert	5 Ceolwulf Sabert	3 Redwald Wibba	9 Ethelfrith	11 King of Persia	
5315	602	1 Phocas	19 —	7 —	7 —	12 —	1 Smaragdus again	2 —	43 —	6 — 6	4 — 6	10 —	12 —	
5316	603	2 —	20 —	8 —	8 —	13 —	2 —	1 Witeric	44 —	7 — 7	5 — 7	11 —	13 —	
5317	604	3 —	21 —	9 —	9 —	14 —	3 —	2 —	45 —	8 — 8	6 — 8	12 —	14 —	
5318	605	4 —	22 —	10 —	10 —	15 —	4 —	3 —	46 —	9 — 9	7 — 9	13 —	15 —	
5319	606	5 —	23 —	11 —	11 —	16 —	5 —	4 —	47 —	10 — 10	8 — 10	14 —	16 —	
5320	607	6 —	24 —	12 —	12 —	17 —	6 —	5 —	48 —	11 — 11	9 — 11	15 —	17 —	
5321	608	7 —	25 —	13 —	13 —	18 —	7 —	6 —	49 —	12 — 12	10 — 12	16 —	18 —	
5322	609	8 —	26 —	14 —	14 —	19 —	8 —	7 —	50 —	13 — 13	11 — 13	17 —	19 —	
5323	610	1 Heraclius	27 —	15 —	15 —	20 —	9 —	1 Gondemar	51 —	14 — 14	12 — 14	18 —	20 —	
5324	611	2 —	28 —	16 —	16 —	21 —	1 Johannes Lemigius	2 —	52 —	1 Cyne-gils	13 — 15	19 —	21 —	
5325	612	3 —	29 —	17 King of Metz	—	22 —	2 —	1 Sisebert	53 —	2 — 16	14 — 16	20 —	22 —	
5326	613	4 —	30 Clotaire sole King of France	—	—	23 —	3 —	2 —	54 —	3 — 17	15 — 17	21 —	23 —	
5327	614	5 —	31 —	—	—	24 —	4 —	3 —	55 —	4 Saxred	16 — 18	22 —	24 —	
5328	615	6 —	32 —	—	—	1 Adawald	5 —	4 —	56 —	5 Sigebert and	17 Ceorl	23 —	25 —	
5329	616	7 —	33 —	—	—	2 —	1 Eleutherius	5 —	1 Eadbald	6 Seward	18 — 2	24 —	26 —	
5330	617	8 —	34 —	—	—	3 —	2 —	6 —	2 —	7 — 4	19 — 3	1 Edwin	27 —	
5331	618	9 —	35 —	—	—	4 —	3 —	7 —	3 —	8 — 5	20 — 4	2 —	28 —	
5332	619	10 —	36 —	—	—	5 —	1 Isaac	8 —	4 —	9 — 6	21 — 5	3 —	29 —	
5333	620	11 —	37 —	—	—	6 —	2 —	1 Recared II.	5 —	10 — 7	22 — 6	4 —	30 —	
5334	621	12 —	38 —	ARABIA	—	7 —	3 —	1 Suintilla	6 —	11 — 8	23 — 7	5 —	31 —	
5335	622	13 —	39 —	1 Mahomed	—	8 —	4 —	2 —	7 —	12 — 9	24 — 8	6 —	32 —	
5336	623	14 —	40 —	2 —	—	9 —	5 —	3 —	8 —	13 Sigebert the Little	25 — 9	7 —	33 —	
5337	624	15 —	41 —	3 —	—	10 —	6 —	4 —	9 —	14 — 2	1 Erpwald	10 — 8	34 —	
5338	625	16 —	42 —	4 —	—	1 Ariwald	7 —	5 —	10 —	15 — 3	2 — 11	9 —	35 —	
5339	626	17 —	43 —	5 —	—	2 —	8 —	6 —	11 —	16 — 4	3 Penda	10 —	36 —	
5340	627	18 —	44 —	6 —	—	3 —	9 —	7 —	12 —	17 — 5	— 2	11 —	37 —	
5341	628	19 —	1 Dagobert I.	7 —	—	4 —	10 —	8 —	13 —	18 — 6	— 3	12 —	1 Sch	
5342	629	20 —	2 —	8 —	—	5 —	11 —	9 —	14 —	19 — 7	1 Sigebert	4 — 13	2 —	
5343	630	21 —	3 Chari- bert II.	9 —	—	6 —	12 —	10 —	15 —	20 — 8	2 — 5	14 —	3 —	
5344	631	22 —	4 —	10 —	—	7 —	13 —	1 Sisenand	16 —	21 — 9	3 — 6	15 —	1 Sh	
5345	632	23 —	5 —	1 Abubeker First Caliph	—	8 —	14 —	2 —	17 —	22 — 10	1 Eglic	7 — 16	1 Ye	
5346	633	24 —	6 —	2 —	—	9 —	15 —	3 —	18 —	23 — 11	2 — 8	17 —	2 —	
5347	634	25 —	7 —	1 Omar I.	—	10 —	16 —	4 —	19 —	24 — 12	3 — 9	1 Eanfrid	3 —	
5348	635	26 —	8 —	2 —	—	11 —	17 —	5 —	20 —	25 — 13	1 Anna	10 — 2 Oswald	4 —	
5349	636	27 —	9 —	3 —	—	1 Rotharis Duke of Brescia	18 —	1 Chintilla	21 —	26 — 14	2 — 11	3 —	5 —	
5350	637	28 —	10 —	4 —	—	2 —	19 —	2 —	22 —	27 — 15	3 — 12	4 —	6 —	
5351	638	29 —	1 Sigebert II. Clovis II.	5 —	—	3 —	1 Plato	3 —	23 —	28 — 16	4 — 13	5 —	7 —	
5352	639	30 —	2 —	6 —	—	4 —	2 —	4 —	24 —	29 — 17	5 — 14	6 —	8 —	
5353	640	31 —	3 —	7 —	—	5 —	3 —	1 Tulca	1 Ercenbert	30 — 18	6 — 15	7 —	9 —	
5354	641	1 Constantine III.	4 —	8 —	—	6 —	4 —	1 Chindaswind	2 —	1 — 19	7 — 16	8 —	10 —	
5355	642	2 —	5 —	9 —	—	7 —	5 —	2 —	3 —	32 — 20	8 — 17	1 Oswald	11 —	
5356	643	3 —	6 —	10 —	—	8 —	6 —	3 —	4 —	1 Cenwal	21 — 9	2 —	12 —	
5357	644	4 —	7 —	1 Othman	—	9 —	7 —	4 —	5 —	2 — 22	10 — 19	3 Oswin	13 —	
5358	645	5 —	8 —	2 —	—	10 —	8 —	5 —	6 —	3 — 23	11 — 20	4 — 2	14 —	
5359	646	6 —	9 —	3 —	—	11 —	9 —	6 —	7 —	4 — 24	12 — 21	5 — 3	15 —	
5360	647	7 —	10 —	4 —	—	12 —	10 —	7 —	8 —	5 — 25	13 — 22	6 — 4	16 —	
5361	648	8 —	11 —	5 —	—	13 —	1 Theodor I. Olympus	8 —	9 Edilwald	6 — 26	14 — 23	7 — 5	17 —	
5362	649	9 —	12 —	6 —	—	14 —	1 —	9 —	10 —	7 — 27	15 — 24	8 — 6	18 —	
5363	650	10 —	13 —	7 —	—	15 —	2 —	10 —	11 —	8 — 28	16 — 25	9 — 7	19 —	

POPES	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MIDDLE AGES	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
Gregory the Great		A civil war between Theodebert and Clotaire fomented by Thierry.	
Sabinianus	Secundus, hist. of Lombardy, b. 615	Maurice and his five children put to death by Phocas.—The Romans defeated in Italy by the Lombards. Khosrou Purvez invades the Eastern Empire to revenge the death of Maurice.	Narses, general to Phocas, ob. 605
Boniface III.		St. Augustine first Archbishop of Canterbury dies.	
Boniface IV.		Concessions of Phocas, and commencement of the Papal power.	
	Isidore Hispalensis, Bp. of Seville, grammarian, ob. 636	Priscus and Heraclius conspire against Phocas. Mahomed preaches at Mecca.—Heraclius takes up arms against Phocas. Fall and death of Phocas, and elevation of Heraclius.	
	Theophylactus Simocatta, Greek historian	Conquest of Syria by Khosrou. Mahomed begins to publish his Koran.	Arnoul, maire du palais
Deusdedit		Capture of Jerusalem and conquest of Palestine by Khosrou. Alexandria taken by the Persians.	
Boniface V	John of Alexandria, 'Philoponus'	Conquest of Egypt and of Asia Minor by Khosrou. Tingatana in Africa taken by the Goths.—Battle of Retford, Ethelfrith King of Bernicia defeated and killed by Edwin of Deira. Constantinople taken and pillaged by the Avari. The Persians ravage Asia Minor as far as Chalcedon. The Emperor Heraclius makes peace with the Avari, and pushes the war against the Persians.	Theodorus, minister to Heraclius
Bonifortius I.		Flight of Mahomed, July 16.—First expedition of the Emperor Heraclius against Khosrou. Battle of Bedr.—Battle of Ohud.—Second expedition of Heraclius against Khosrou, 623—625. Suintilla drives the Greeks out of Spain.	Sarbarus, general to Khosrou Purvez Sain, general to Khosrou, ob. 626
		Battle of 'the Nations,' or 'the Ditch.' Deliverance of Constantinople from Khosrou and the Chagan of the Avars.	Andegisil, maire du palais Pepin, maire,— ob. 646
		Third expedition of Heraclius against Khosrou, Dec. 1.—Flight of Khosrou, Dec. 29. Khosrou deposed, Feb. 25, and murdered by Schirouch, his son, Feb. 28.—Peace between the two empires, Mar. Submission of Mecca.—First war of the Mahometans against the Roman Empire.	
		Dagobert becomes sole King of France by the death of Charibert II.	Bahanes, general to Heraclius
	George of Pisidia, poet and historian, ob. post. 641	Conquest of Arabia, 629—632.—Death of Mahomed, æt. 63, June 7.—Invasion of Persia and Syria. Siege of—Damascus.—Battle of Ainzadèn and defeat of Heraclius, July 13.—Battle of Hatfield Chace, Oct. 12. Damascus taken by the Saracens by storm. Siege of Heliopolis and of Emessa.	Manuel, last Roman governor in Egypt
vacant		Battle of Cadesia, and total defeat of the Persians.—Battle of Yermuk, Nov.—Foundation of Bassora. Sack of Ctesiphon or Al Modain, Mar.—Jerusalem taken by the Saracens.	Ega, maire du palais to Clovis, ob. 646
everinus John IV.		Aleppo and Antioch taken.—Flight of Heraclius.—Invasion of Egypt by the Saracens, June. The Maires du Palais begin to usurp the royal authority in Austrasia and Neustria. Alexandria taken, and the library burnt by the Saracen Amrou, Dec. 22.—First kingdom of the Bulgarians, 640—1017.	Amrus, general to Omar, ob. 663
Theodorus I.		The Emperor Heraclius dies, Feb. 11.—Constantine III. is poisoned by his step-mother, Martina, May 25. Oswald King of Northumberland killed in battle with Penda King of Mercia.	Maurice, governor of Rome, ob. 643
		Omar Caliph of the Saracens mortally wounded in the mosque at Medina, by a Persian slave, Nov. 3.	Archambaud, maire du palais to Clovis Grimoald, maire du palais to Sigebert
Martin I.		First invasion of Africa by Abdallah. Cyprus taken by the Saracens under Muavius.—Victory of the Saracens by Abdallah, at Sufetula in Africa.	







Jul. Period.	Anno Domn.	Emperors of The East	Caliphs of the Saracens	Austria Kings in France	Neustria Kings of the Lombards	Exarchs of Ravenna	Visigoths in Spain	THE SAXON HEPTARCHY						Sass. Pe
								Kent	Suss.	Wess.	Essex	E. Ang.	Merc.	
5364	651	11 Constans II.	8 Othman	14 Sigebert II. Clovis II.	16 Rotharis	3 Olympius	11 Chindaswind	12 Ercenb. Edil-wald 4	9 Cenwal Sig. 29 bert 30	17 Anna Penda 26	10 Oswy Adel-wald 2			
5365	652	12	9	15	1 Rodoald	1 Theodoris again	12	13	10	18	11			
5366	653	13	10	16	1 Aribert I.	2	1 Recheswind	14	11	19	12			
5367	654	14	11	17	2	3	2	15	12	1 Ethelric	13			
5368	655	15	12	18	3	4	3	16	13	1 Ethelwld. Pedal here	14			
5369	656	16	1 Ali	19 Clotaire III	4	5	4	17	14	2 Wulf-1	15			
5370	657	17	2	2	5	6	5	18	15	3	16			
5371	658	18	3	3	6	7	6	19	16	4	17			
5372	659	19	4	4	7	8	7	20	17	5	18			
5373	660	20	5	1 Childeric II.	8 [tus]	9	8	21	18	6	19			
5374	661	21	1 Hasan Moawiah I	2	1 Pertharid Gondib. Grimoid	10	9	22	19	1 Swithelm	7			
5375	662	22	2	3	2	11	10	23	20	2	8			
5376	663	23	3	4	3	12	11	24	21	1 Sigeric and Sebbi	9			
5377	664	24	4	5	4	13	12	1 Ecbert 17	22	1 Aldulf	10			
5378	665	25	5	6	5	14	13	2	23	3	11			
5379	666	26	6	7	6	1 Gregory	14	3	24	4	12			
5380	667	27	7	8	7	2	15	4	25	5	13			
5381	668	1 Constantine IV.	8	9	8	3	16	5	26	6	14			
5382	669	2 Pogonatus	9	10	9	4	17	6	27	7	15			
5383	670	3	10	11 Thierry III	10	5	18	7	28	8	16			
5384	671	4	11	12	1 Pertharitus again	6	19	8	29	9	17			
5385	672	5	12	13	2	7	1 Wamba	9	1 Sexburga	10	18			
5386	673	6	13	14	3	8	2	1 Lothar 26	2	11	19			
5387	674	7	14	1 Dagobert II.	4	9	3	2	1 Eswin 12	12	20			
5388	675	8	15	2	5	10	4	3	2	13	21			
5389	676	9	16	3	6	11	5	4	1 Centwin	14	22			
5390	677	10	17	4	7	12	6	5	2	15	23			
5391	678	11	18	5	8	1 Theodore II.	7	6	3	16	24			
5392	679	12	19	6	9	2	8	7	4	17	25			
5393	680	13	1 Yezid I.	1 Dukes Martin & Pepin	10	3	1 Ervigio	8	5	18	26			
5394	681	14	2	1 Pepin alone	11	4	2	9	6	19	27			
5395	682	15	3	2	12	5	3	10	7	20	28			
5396	683	16	1 Moawiah II.	3	13	6	4	11	8	21	29			
5397	684	17	1 Merwan I.	4	14	7	5	12	9	22	30			
5398	685	1 Justinian II.	1 Abdelmelic	5	15	8	6	13	10	23	31			
5399	686	2	2	6	1 Cunibert	9	7	14	11	24	32			
5400	687	3	3	7	1 Pepin sole sove. reign	10	1 Johannes Platon	15	12	25	33			
5401	688	4	4	8	19	11	2	16	13	26	34			
5402	689	5	5	9	20	12	3	17	14	27	35			
5403	690	6	6	10	21	13	4	18	15	28	36			
5404	691	7	7	11	1 Clovis III.	14	5	19	16	29	37			
5405	692	8	8	12	2	15	6	20	17	30	38			
5406	693	9	9	13	3	16	7	21	18	31	39			
5407	694	10	10	14	4	17	8	22	19	32	40			
5408	695	1 Leontius	11	15	1 Childeric III.	18	9	23	20	33	41			
5409	696	2	12	16	2	19	10	24	21	34	42			
5410	697	3	13	17	3	20	11	25	22	35	43			
5411	698	1 Tiberius III.	14	18	4	21	12	26	23	36	44			
5412	699	2 Apsimar	15	19	5	22	13	27	24	37	45			
5413	700	3	16	20	6	1 Luitpert	14	28	25	38	46			

The term 'Saxon Heptarchy' is sometimes applied instead of Heptarchy, in reference to the separate kingdoms in Northumbria

POPE	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MIDDLE AGES	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS	NON-REGAL STATES
Martin I.	Aidan, Bp. of Lindisfarne, ob. 651	Conquest of Persia by the Saracens.—Flight and assassination of Yezdejrd III.		
Eugenius I.		The Colossus of Rhodes destroyed by the Saracens.	Theodosius, brother to Constans, ob. 659	
Gitalianus		Battle of Winwidfield, near Leeds; defeat and death of Penda King of Mercia by Oswy of Northumberland.		
		The Saracens purchase peace of the Emperor Constans at the yearly price of 100,000 crowns.		
		Rise of the Paulicians, or disciples of St. Paul.	Batilda, Queen-regent of Neustria	
		Grimoald Duke of Benevento seizes the throne of Lombardy pending the contentions of Petharitus and Gondibert.		
			Shapoor, Governor of Armenia, ob. 667 Ebroin, maire du palais to Clotaire, ob. 688	
		First siege of Constantinople by the Arabs, 668—677.—Constans II. assassinated in a bath at Syracuse, July 15.	Tiberius and Heraclius, ministers to Constans II.	
		Foundation of Cairoan in the kingdom of Tunis, the seat of the Caliphate in Africa, by the Saracen, Akbah, 670—675.—The Saracens besiege and destroy Syracuse.	Leger, Bp. of Autun, minister to Childeric, ob. 685	
	Callinicus of Heliopolis, inventor of the Greek fire.	The Saracens besiege Constantinople, and take up their winter quarters at Cyzicum.	Count Bodillon	
	Benedict Biscop, Abbot of Wearmouth, 629—690	The fleet of the Saracens destroyed before Constantinople by the Greek fire of Callinicus.	Leudesile, maire du palais to Thierry III. ob. 681	
		Storming of Nismes, and degradation of Duke Paul.		
		The Saracens defeated in Spain by Wamba, who burns their flotilla.		
		First siege of Constantinople relinquished by the Arabs, repulsed by the Greek fire.—Tribute conceded to the besieged.	Vulfoald, maire du palais to Thierry III.	
	Cædmon, Anglo-Saxon poet, ob. circa 680	The Bulgarians invade Thrace, and settle on the banks of the Danube.		
	Aldhelm, Abbot of Malmesbury, father of Anglo-Saxon poetry, circ. 656—709	Death of Hosein, and fall of the Fatimites, Oct. 10.—The VIth General Council, at Constantinople, Nov. 7—Sept. 16, 681.		
		The Emperor Constantine relinquishes the payments usual on the election of the Popes, but reserves the right of confirming their election.		
		Constantine Pogonatus dies, Sept. ; and is succeeded by Justinian II.		
		Sussex subdued by Ceadwalla, and united to the kingdom of Wessex.		
		Pepin d'Heristal now governs all France.		
		Thierry defeated by Pepin d'Heristal.—Conquest of Africa by Akbah and Yezid, 665—689.		
		Ina King of Wessex publishes a code of Saxon laws.	Alahis, Duke of Trent, ob. 694	
		Justinian II. is mutilated and dethroned by Leontius	Chaganis, King of the Abari	DOGES OF VENICE
	Wilbrord of Ripon, Bp. of Utrecht, 657—738	Establishment of the republic and doges of Venice.		1 Paolo Lucio Anafesto
		Leontius is mutilated and dethroned by Tiberius.—Conquest of Carthage by the Saracen, Hassan.		2 _____
				3 _____
				4 _____







Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of The East	Caliphs of the Saracens	Dukes		Kings of the Lombards	Exarchs of Ravenna	Kings		SAXON KINGS IN ENGLAND				
				Austrasia	Neustria			in Spain	in Spain	Kent	Wessex	Essex	E. Anglia	Mercia
5414	701	4 Tiberius	17 Abdelmelic	21 Pepin	7 Childeric III.	1 Ragimbt. 1 Aribert II.	15 Johannes Platon 1 Theophilactus	1 Witiza	8 Wihtred	14 Ina	2 Offa	38 Aldulf	27 Ethelred	
5415	702	5	18	22	8	2	2	2	9	15	3	39	28	
5416	703	6	19	23	9	3	2	3	10	16	4	40	29	
5417	704	7	20	24	10	4	3	4	11	17	5	41	1 Cenred	
5418	705	1 Justinian II. again	1 Walid I.	25	11	5	4	5	12	18	6	42	2	
5419	706	2	2	26	12	6	5	6	13	19	7	43	3	
5420	707	3	3	27	13	7	6	7	14	20	8	44	4	
5421	708	4	4	28	14	8	7	8	15	21	9	45	5	
5422	709	5	5	29	15	9	8	9	16	22	1 Sueb-richt	46	1 Ceolred	
5423	710	6	6	30	16	10	1 Johannes Rizocop.	10	17	23	2	47	2	
5424	711	1 Philippicus Bardanes	7	31 Dagobert III.	1	11 [prand]	1 Eutychi- us the 2 Eunuch	1 Roderic 4 Tarik 1 Musa 1	18	24	3	48	3	
5425	712	2	8	32	2	1 Ans- 1 Luit- 2 prand	1 Scholas- ticus	2	19	25	4	49	4	
5426	713	1 Anastatus II.	9	33	3	3	2	Adelasis 1	20	26	5	1 Selred	5	
5427	714	2	10	34	4	4	3	Alhaur 1	21	27	6	2	6	
5428	715	3	1 Soliman	1 Ch. Martel Chilpe- ric II.	2	5	4	2	22	28	7	3	7	
5429	716	1 Theodosius III.	2	2	3	6	5	3	23	29	8	4	1 Ethel- bald	
5430	717	2	1 Omar II.	3	4	7	6	2	24	30	9	5	2	
5431	718	1 Leo III. the Isaurian	2	4	5	8	7	1 Pelayo Al Sama 1	25	31	10	6	3	
5432	719	2	3	5	6	9	8	2	26	32	11	7	4	
5433	720	3	1 Yezid II.	6 Thierry IV.	7	10	9	3	27	33	12	8	5	
5434	721	4	2	7	8	11	10	4 Abderah- 1 man and 5 Ambisa 2	28	34	13	9	6	
5435	722	5	3	8	9	12	11	6	29	35	14	10	7	
5436	723	6	4	9	10	13	12	7	30	36	15	11	8	
5437	724	7	1 Hashem	10	11	14	13	8 Hodeira 1 Yahia 1	31	37	16	12	9	
5438	725	8	2	11	12	15	14	9	1 Ead- bert 2	38	17	13	10	
5439	726	9	3	12	13	16	15	10	2	39	18	14	11	
5440	727	10	4	13	14	17	16	11	3	40	19	15	12	
5441	728	11	5	14	15	18	17	12	4	41	20	16	13	
5442	729	12	6	15	16	19	18	13	5	42	21	17	14	
5443	730	13	7	16	17	20	19	14	6	43	22	18	15	
5444	731	14	8	17	18	21	20	15	7	44	23	19	16	
5445	732	15	9	18	19	22	21	16	8	45	24	20	17	
5446	733	16	10	19	20	23	22	17	9	46	25	21	18	
5447	734	17	11	20	21	24	23	18	10	47	26	22	19	
5448	735	18	12	21	22	25	24	19	11	48	27	23	20	
5449	736	19	13	22	23	26	25	20	12	49	28	24	21	
5450	737	20	14	23	24	27	26	21	13	50	29	25	22	
5451	738	21	15	24	25	28	27	22	14	51	30	26	23	
5452	739	22	16	25	26	29	28	23	15	52	31	27	24	
5453	740	23	17	26	27	30	29	24	16	53	32	28	25	
5454	741	1 Constantine V.	18	1 Carloman and Pepin	28	31	30	25	17	54	33	29	26	
5455	742	2 Copronymus	19	2 Childeric III.	29	32	31	26	18	55	34	30	27	
5456	743	3	1 Walid II. [III.]	3	30	33	32	27	19	56	35	31	28	
5457	744	4	1 Yezid 1 Ibrahim 2 Merwan II.	4	31	34	33	28	20	57	36	32	29	
5458	745	5	5	5	32	35	34	29	21	58	37	33	30	
5459	746	6	3	6	33	36	35	30	22	59	38	34	31	
5460	747	7	4	7 Pepin sole so- vereign	34	37	36	31	23	60	39	35	32	
5461	748	8	5	8	35	38	37	32	24	61	40	36	33	
5462	749	9	6	9	36	39	38	33	25	62	41	37	34	
5463	750	10	1 Abul- Abbas	10	37	40	39	34	26	63	42	38	35	

AGES	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MIDDLE AGES	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS	DOGES OF VENICE
VI	Ceolfrid, Abbot of Wearmouth, tutor to Bede, 642—716			5 Paolo Lucio-Anafesto
VII	Adamnan, Abbot of Iona, 'De Locis Terræ Sanctæ,' ob. 703	Justinian II. restored by Terbelis; Leontius and Apsimar degraded in the Hippodrome, and executed.  Final conquest of Africa by the Arabs, and adoption of the Moors. Conquest of Transoxiana.—First descent of the Saracens in Spain by Tarik, July.	Gilulfus, Duke of Beneventum, ob. 707	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14
VIII	John of Beverley, Abp. of York, ob. 721	Gebel al Tarik lands at Gibraltar, Ap. 30.—Battle of the Guadalete, July.—Fall of the Gothic monarchy in Spain. Musa the Saracen lands in Spain.—Merida capitulates.—Tarik is superseded. Conquest of Spain by Musa.—Philippicus Bardanes assassinated, June 4.—Anastatius II. succeeds. Musa arrested at the head of his army by command of Caliph Walid.—Peppin Heristal dies, Dec. 16.  Second siege of Constantinople, 716—718.  Moslemah crosses the Hellespont, July 15.—Battle of Vincy gained by Charles Martel, Mar 21. The Empire of the Arabian Caliphs in its zenith.—Siege of Constantinople raised by Moslemah, Aug. 15. Don Pelayo defeats the Saracens at Cavadonga.—Archbishop Oppas put to death.	Count Julian, ob. 714  Rainfroy, maire du palais to Dagobert Adelasis, son of Musa, ob. 716  Tiberius, tyrant of Sicily	15 16 17 18 19 20 1 Marco Tegliano 2 3 4
IX	Felix, 'History of Croyland Abbey'	Invasion of France by the Arabs.  Charles Martel victorious over the Suevi, the Frisons, the Allemanni, and the Saxons. The Iconoclastic controversy begins.  The Greek Bishops are opposed to the Emperor's edict against Images. Remonstrance of Gregory II. Rupture between the Pontificate and the Greek empire upon the Iconoclastic question.	Eudes, Duke of Aquitaine, ob. 735  Childebrand, brother to Charles Martel  Agallianus—and	5 6 7 8 9 1 Orso Ipatò 2 3 4
X	Venerable Bede, 'Historia Ecclesiastica,' 672—735 St. Boniface, Abp. of the Germans, circ. 680—755 Tatwine, Abp. of Canterbury, 'Enigmata,' ob. 734 Fredegair, Fr. chronicler, continuator of Gregory of Tours  Bede's literary friends :— Egbert, Abp. of York, 735, 'Confessionale,' and 'Pœnitentiale,' ob. 766 Acca, Bp. of Hexham, ob. 740 Albinus, Abbot of St. Augustine, ob. 732	The Patriarch Germanus deposed by the Emperor Leo.—Rome attacked by the Lombards, 730—752.  Expedition into France, and victories of Abderahman. Defeat and death of Abderahman by Charles Martel, between Poitiers and Tours, Oct. The Italian Bishops pray the Emperor Leo to revoke the edict against Images without success.  Charles Martel becomes master of Aquitaine on the death of Duke Eudes. Destruction of Images by the Emperor Leo III.  Interregnum under Charles Martel on the death of Thierry IV.	Stephen, generals against the Iconoclasts     Artabasdu, minister to Leo, ob. 743 Herald, Duke of Aquitaine John Damascenus, min. to the Caliph Hashem, ob. 750  Thrasemond, general to Gregory III.	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 MAESTRIDE CAVALIERI
XI	Nothelm, Abp. of Canterbury, ob. 739 Daniel, Bp. of Winchester, ob. 745 Ethelwald, Abbot of Lindisfarne, ob. 740 Forthere, Bp. of Sherborne, living 737 Hwæthbert, Abbot of Wearmouth, living 731 Plegwin, monk of York, living 730 Withred, presbyter, living 730 Cuthred, Abbot of Yarrow, present at his death, 735	Pope Gregory III. endeavours in vain to appease the Emperor Leo on the subject of Images.  Pope Gregory, besieged by Luitprand, writes most urgently to Charles Martel for assistance.—Charles Martel dies, Oct. 22.—Pope Gregory, Nov. 25.—Leo the Isaurian, June 18. Birth of Charlemagne. Odillon Duke of Bavaria defeated by Pepin and Carloman.  Carloman retires to a convent in Italy.—Pepin gains the ascendant.  Decline and fall of Christianity in Africa, 749—1076.—The Christian era adopted by historians about this time. Fall of the Ommyiades, Merwan II. defeated and killed by Abu Moslem in Egypt, Feb. 10.	Nicetas, minister to Constantine, ob. 780	1 Theodato Ipatò 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9







Jul. Period.	Anno Domn.	Emperors of The East	Caliphs of the Saracens	Austria	Dukes of Kings Neustria	Kings of the Lombards	Exarchs of Ravenna	Asturias	Kings of Cordova	SAXON KINGS IN ENGLAND						
										Kent	Wessex	Essex	E. Anglia	Mercia		
5464	751	11 Constantine V.	2 Abul-Abbas	11 Pepin Chil. III.	10	3 Astolfus	24 Euty-chius	13 Alfonso I.	4 Ethelbert	12 Cuth-red	14 Swith-red	3 Beorna and 4 Ethel-red	36 Ethel-bald			
5465	752	12 Copronymus	3	1 Pepin the Little King of France	557, 90, 100, 105, 110, 115, 120, 125, 130, 135, 140, 145, 150, 155, 160, 165, 170, 175, 180, 185, 190, 195, 200, 205, 210, 215, 220, 225, 230, 235, 240, 245, 250, 255, 260, 265, 270, 275, 280, 285, 290, 295, 300, 305, 310, 315, 320, 325, 330, 335, 340, 345, 350, 355, 360, 365, 370, 375, 380, 385, 390, 395, 400, 405, 410, 415, 420, 425, 430, 435, 440, 445, 450, 455, 460, 465, 470, 475, 480, 485, 490, 495, 500, 505, 510, 515, 520, 525, 530, 535, 540, 545, 550, 555, 560, 565, 570, 575, 580, 585, 590, 595, 600, 605, 610, 615, 620, 625, 630, 635, 640, 645, 650, 655, 660, 665, 670, 675, 680, 685, 690, 695, 700, 705, 710, 715, 720, 725, 730, 735, 740, 745, 750, 755, 760, 765, 770, 775, 780, 785, 790, 795, 800	4	1 Alman-sor	4	5	1 Desiderius Duke of Istria	17 Abderah-man I. King of Cordova	5	13	15	4 Ethel-red	37
5466	753	13	4	2	3	5	— Conquered by the Lombards	14 Yussef	6	14	16	5	38			
5467	754	14	1	3	6	6	—	15	7	15	17	6	39			
5468	755	15	2	4	7	7	—	16	8	18	18	7	40			
5469	756	16	3	5	8	8	—	17	9	19	19	8	41			
5470	757	17	4	6	9	9	—	18	10	20	20	9	42			
5471	758	18	5	7	10	10	—	19	11	21	21	10	43			
5472	759	19	6	8	11	11	—	20	12	22	22	11	44			
5473	760	20	7	9	12	12	—	21	13	23	23	12	45			
5474	761	21	8	10	13	13	—	22	14	24	24	13	46			
5475	762	22	9	11	14	14	—	23	15	25	25	14	47			
5476	763	23	10	12	15	15	—	24	16	26	26	15	48			
5477	764	24	11	13	16	16	—	25	17	27	27	16	49			
5478	765	25	12	14	17	17	—	26	18	28	28	17	50			
5479	766	26	13	15	18	18	—	27	19	29	29	18	51			
5480	767	27	14	16	19	19	—	28	20	30	30	19	52			
5481	768	28	15	17	20	20	—	29	21	31	31	20	53			
5482	769	29	16	18	21	21	—	30	22	32	32	21	54			
5483	770	30	17	19	22	22	—	31	23	33	33	22	55			
5484	771	31	18	20	23	23	—	32	24	34	34	23	56			
5485	772	32	19	21	24	24	—	33	25	35	35	24	57			
5486	773	33	20	22	25	25	—	34	26	36	36	25	58			
5487	774	34	21	23	26	26	—	35	27	37	37	26	59			
5488	775	1 Leo IV.	1 Mohadi	24	27	27	—	36	28	38	38	27	60			
5489	776	2	2	25	28	28	—	37	29	39	39	28	61			
5490	777	3	3	26	29	29	—	38	30	40	40	29	62			
5491	778	4	4	27	30	30	—	39	31	41	41	30	63			
5492	779	5	5	28	31	31	—	40	32	42	42	31	64			
5493	780	1 Constantine VI.	6	29	32	32	—	41	33	43	43	32	65			
5494	781	2 and Irene	7	30	33	33	—	42	34	44	44	33	66			
5495	782	3	8	31	34	34	—	43	35	45	45	34	67			
5496	783	4	9	32	35	35	—	44	36	46	46	35	68			
5497	784	5	1 Hadi	33	36	36	—	45	37	47	47	36	69			
5498	785	6	2	34	37	37	—	46	38	48	48	37	70			
5499	786	7	1 Haroun al Raschid	35	38	38	—	47	39	49	49	38	71			
5500	787	8	2	36	39	39	—	48	40	50	50	39	72			
5501	788	9	3	37	40	40	—	49	41	51	51	40	73			
5502	789	10	4	38	41	41	—	50	42	52	52	41	74			
5503	790	11	5	39	42	42	—	51	43	53	53	42	75			
5504	791	12	6	40	43	43	—	52	44	54	54	43	76			
5505	792	13 Irene alone	7	41	44	44	—	53	45	55	55	44	77			
5506	793	14	8	42	45	45	—	54	46	56	56	45	78			
5507	794	15	9	43	46	46	—	55	47	57	57	46	79			
5508	795	16	10	44	47	47	—	56	48	58	58	47	80			
5509	796	17	11	45	48	48	—	57	49	59	59	48	81			
5510	797	18	12	46	49	49	—	58	50	60	60	49	82			
5511	798	19	13	47	50	50	—	59	51	61	61	50	83			
5512	799	20	14	48	51	51	—	60	52	62	62	51	84			
5513	800	21	15	49	52	52	—	61	53	63	63	52	85			
							CHARLEMAGNE crowned Emperor of the West 1									

TOPICS	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MIDDLE AGES	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS	DOGES OF VENICE
achary Stephen II	Willibald of Wessex, Bp. of Eichstadt, 740, 700—786	<p>Termination of the Merovingian dynasty in France.</p> <p>Pepin raised on a shield at Soissons, and proclaimed King of the Franks.</p> <p>Intestine divisions among the Saracens in Spain.—Abderahman invited over from Mauritania.</p> <p>The destruction of Images decreed by the Synod of Constantinople.—Rome delivered by Pepin from the Lombards.</p> <p>Revolt from the Caliphate in Spain and elevation of Abderhman.—King Pepin enforces the cession of Ravenna to the Pope.</p> <p>King Pepin receives from the Greek Emperor the first organ seen in France.</p> <p>The seat of the Caliphate removed by Almansor from Damascus to Bagdad.</p> <p>Pepin besieges and takes Narbonne.</p>	Burchard, Bp of Wurtzburg	<p>10 Theodato-Ipato</p> <p>11 _____</p> <p>12 _____</p> <p>13 _____</p> <p>1 Galadi Malanocco</p> <p>1 Domenico Monegario</p> <p>2 _____</p> <p>3 _____</p> <p>4 _____</p> <p>5 _____</p>
Stephen III.		<p>The Emperor Constantine Copronymus persecutes the Iconoclasts.</p> <p>Bagdad built by Almansor, and made the capital for the Caliphs of the House of Abbas.</p> <p>Pepin prosecutes the war in Aquitaine.</p> <p>The Turks ravage Armenia and Asia Minor.</p> <p>Pepin unites Aquitaine to France.—He dies, Sept. 24.—Charlemagne and Carloman succeed.</p> <p>Charlemagne builds Fronsac, the first instance of a fortified castle in France.</p> <p>The monasteries in the East dissolved by Constantine Copronymus.</p>	<p>Fulrad, minister to Pepin</p> <p>Hunaud, Duke of Aquitaine</p> <p>Walter of Alsace</p>	<p>6 _____</p> <p>7 _____</p> <p>8 _____</p> <p>1 Maurizio Galabaja</p> <p>2 _____</p> <p>3 _____</p> <p>4 _____</p> <p>5 _____</p> <p>6 _____</p> <p>7 _____</p>
drian I	Paulus Diaconus of Aquilea, historian, ob. 801 Alcuin of York, preceptor to Charlemagne, 735—804	<p>Death of Carloman, Dec. 4, æt. 20.—Charlemagne now sole King of France.</p> <p>Revolt of the Saxons against Charlemagne, and thirty years' war</p> <p>Desiderius King of Lombardy besieges Pope Adrian in Rome, who applies for assistance to Charlemagne.</p> <p>Conquest of Lombardy by Charlemagne.—Separation of the Pontificate from the Eastern Empire, 774—800.</p> <p>Constantine Copronymus dies, Sept. 14; and is succeeded by his son, Leo IV.</p> <p>Charlemagne reduces the Saxons.</p> <p>Battle of Roncesvalles, and death of Rolando.</p> <p>The Emperor Leo IV. dies, Sept. 8; and is succeeded by Constantine VI. under Irene, his mother, who restores the Images.</p>	<p>Rotgaut, general to Desiderius, ob. 776</p> <p>Nicephorus, minister to Leo</p> <p>Adelgisus the Lombard</p> <p>Teleric, King of Bulgaria</p>	<p>8 _____</p> <p>9 _____</p> <p>10 _____</p> <p>11 _____</p> <p>12 _____</p> <p>13 _____</p> <p>14 _____</p> <p>15 _____</p> <p>16 _____</p> <p>17 _____</p>
	Willehad of Northumbria, Bp. of Bremen, ob. 789	<p>Wars of Haroun al Raschid against the Romans, 781—805.</p> <p>Witiking defeated by Charlemagne in Saxony.</p> <p>Witiking and Alboin with the Saxons submit to Charlemagne; and the Saxons are baptized.</p> <p>Charlemagne conquers Tasillon Duke of Bavaria, which is united to the empire.</p> <p>The VIIth General Council, of Nice, Sept. 24—Oct. 23.—The Iconoclasts anathematized, and the worship of Images restored.</p> <p>The Emperor Constantine assumes the government independent of Irene, his mother.</p>	<p>Witiking, Saxon general in Germany</p> <p>Alexius, general to Constantine</p>	<p>18 _____</p> <p>19 _____</p> <p>20 _____</p> <p>21 _____</p> <p>22 _____</p> <p>23 _____</p> <p>1 Giovanni Galbajo</p> <p>2 _____</p> <p>3 _____</p> <p>4 _____</p>
so III.	Georgius Syncellus of Constantinople, chronol.	<p>Bermudo King of Oviedo defeats the Saracens under Hashem, at Burebo near Burgos.</p> <p>Murder of Ethelbert King of East Anglia by Offa King of Mercia.</p> <p>Alfonso King of Oviedo defeats the Saracens at Lodos.—Offa introduces the tax of Peter pence into Mercia.</p> <p>Coronation of Charlemagne, Dec. 25.—Final separation of the Pontificate from the Eastern Empire.—Revolt of the Arabian Provinces, 800—936.</p>		<p>5 _____</p> <p>6 _____</p> <p>7 _____</p> <p>8 _____</p> <p>9 _____</p> <p>10 _____</p> <p>11 _____</p> <p>12 _____</p> <p>13 _____</p> <p>14 _____</p>







Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of The East	Caliphs of the Saracens	EMPERORS OF THE WEST			K. of France	Oviedo	Kings of Cordova	SAXON KINGS IN ENGLAND.								
				Emperors	France	Germany				Wessex	Kent	Essex	Mercia	N. land				
5514	801	22 Irene	16 Haroun al	2	Charlemagne	34	11	Alfonso II. Alhacem II. 7	2	Egbert	6	Cuthred	3	Sigered	8	Cenulf	7	Erdulf
5515	802	1 Nicephorus I	17 Raschid	3		35	12		3		7		4		9		8	
5516	803	2	18	4		36	13	8	4		8		5		10		9	
5517	804	3	19	5		37	14	9	5		9		6		11		10	
5518	805	4	20	6		38	15	10	6		1	Baldred	7		12		11	
5519	806	5	21	7		39	16	11	7		2		8		13			deposed
5520	807	6	22	8		40	17	12	8		3		9		14			
5521	808	7	23	9		41	18	13	9		4		10		15		1	Alfwold
5522	809	8	1 Amin	10		42	19	14	10		5		11		16		2	
5523	810	9	2	11		43	20	15	11		6		12		17		1	Erdulf
5524	811	1 Stauracius 1 Michael I. 2 Rhangabe	3	12		44	21	16	12		7		13		18		2	
5525	812		4	13		45	22	17	13		8		14		19		3	
5526	813	1 Leo V. the Armenian	1 Mamun	14		46	23	18	14		9		15		20		4	
5527	814	2	2	1 Louis I. le Débonnaire			24	19	15		10		16		21		5	
5528	815	3	3	2			25	20	16		11		17		22		6	
5529	816	4	4	3			26	21	17		12		18		23		7	
5530	817	5	5	4			27	22	18		13		19		24		8	
5531	818	6	6	5			28	23	19		14		20		25		9	
5532	819	7	7	6			29	24	20		15		21		1	Cenelm 1 Ceolwulf 2	10	
5533	820	1 Michael II. the	8	7			30	25	21		16		22				11	
5534	821	2 Stammerer	9	8			31	26	22		17		23		1	Burnwulf 2	12	
5535	822	3	10	9			32	Abderahman II.	23		18		24				13	
5536	823	4	11	10			33	2	24		Conq. by Egbert	Conq. by Egbert			1	Ludecan 2	14	
5537	824	5	12	11			34	3	25								15	
5538	825	6	13	12			35	4	26						1	Wiglaf	16	
5539	826	7	14	13			36	5	27						2		17	
5540	827	8	15	14			37	6	28						3		18	
5541	828	9	16	15			38	7	29						4		19	
5542	829	1 Theophilus	17	16			39	8	30						5		20	
5543	830	2	18	17			40	9	31						6		21	
5544	831	3	19	18			41	10	32						7		22	
5545	832	4	20	19			42	11	33						8		23	
5546	833	5	1 Motasim	20			43	12	34						9		24	
5547	834	6	2	21			44	13	35						10		25	
5548	835	7	3	22			45	14	36						11		26	
5549	836	8	4	23			46	15	1 Ethelwulf						12		27	
5550	837	9	5	24			47	16	2						13		28	
5551	838	10	6	25			48	17	3								1	Bertulf
5552	839	11	7	26 The West	France	Germany	49	18	4						2		30	
5553	840	12	8	1 Lothaire I.	1 Charles the Bald		50	19	5						3		31	
5554	841	13	9	2			51	20	6						4		32	
5555	842	1 Michael III. the Sot	1 Wathek	3	3	Piastus 1	52	21	7						5		33	
5556	843	2	2	4	4	1 Louis I. 2	53	22	8						6			1 Son of Enred, his years uncertain
5557	844	3	3	5	5	2	54	23	9						7			
5558	845	4	4	6	6	3	55	24	10						8			
5559	846	5	5	7	7	4	56	25	11						9			
5560	847	6	1 Motawakel	8	8	5	57	26	12						10			
5561	848	7	2	9	9	6	58	27	13						11			
5562	849	8	3	10	10	7	59	28	14						12			
5563	850	9	4	11	11	8	60	29	15						13			

\* \* \* The intermediate reigns in the kingdom of E. Anglia are unknown for nearly sixty years.

Kings of England	POPE'S	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MIDDLE AGES	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
	7 Leo III.	Paulinus, Patriarch of Aquileia, 726—804	Embassy from Haroun al Raschid to Charlemagne.	
	8 ———		The Empress Irene deposed, and banished to Lesbos, by Nicephorus I, who succeeds, Oct. 31.	
	9 ———		The Saxons finally subdued by Charlemagne.	
	10 ———			Stauracius, minister to Nicephorus
	11 ———			
	12 ———		Charlemagne divides his monarchy between his sons, before the diet of Thionville.	
	13 ———		Second embassy to Charlemagne from Haroun al Raschid.—Revolt of Bernhard King of Italy.	Crunnus, King of Bulgaria, ob. cir. 814
	14 ———		Godfrey the Norman makes his first descent in France.	
	15 ———		Venice founded on the Island of the Rialto.	
	16 ———			Taherus, Saracen general, ob. 882
	17 ———		Nicephorus defeated and killed by Crunnus, King of the Bulgarians, July 25.	Eginhard, secretary to Charlemagne, ob. 842
	18 ———			Hasan the Saracen, ob. 812
Harald I.	19 ———		Revolt of the Taherites from the Arabian Caliphate, 813—872.—Michael I. defeated by Crunnus.	Theodorus, minister to Leo V.
	20 ———		Death of Charlemagne, Jan. 28, at. 71.—The Emperor Leo renews the edict against images.	
	21 ———			
	1 Stephen IV.	Agobard, Abp. of Lyons, 779—840		
	1 Pascal I.		Bernhard the Carolingian King of Italy, put to death for conspiracy by King Louis.	Hilduin, minister to Louis I.
	2 ———	Aimon of St. Germain de Pres, Fr. legendary historian, ob. post. 836		
	3 ———		Leo the Armenian killed at the altar by Michael the Stammerer, Dec. 25.	Thomas the Slave, general to Mamun, ob. 822
	4 ———			
	5 ———			
	6 ———		Public penance of Louis le Débonnaire.—Constantinople besieged by Thomas the Slave.	
	7 ———		Conquest of the kingdoms of Kent and Essex by Egbert King of Wessex. Crete taken by the Saracen, Abu Caab of Andalusia, from whom it receives the name of Candia.	
	1 Eugenius II.	Dicuil, Irish monk in France, 'De mensura orbis terræ,' nat. post. 750	Harald King of Denmark converted to Christianity.	Wulfhere, general to Egbert, ob. 833
	2 ———		Sicily subdued by the Saracens of Africa, 827—878.—The Almagest of Ptolemy translated into Arabic.	Bernhard Count of Barcelona
	1 Valentine			Empress Judith, ob. 843
	1 Gregory IV.		Revolt of the Edrisites from the Arabian Caliphate, 829—907.—Michael the Stammerer dies, Oct. 1.	
	2 ———		Louis le Débonnaire compelled by his sons to renounce his power.	Gombaud, minister to Louis
	3 ———			
	4 ———			
	5 ———			
	6 ———			
	7 ———		The army of Louis le Débonnaire passes over to his sons in the night of June 24.	
	8 ———		Lothaire recognised sole emperor by his army.	Theophobus, minister to Theophilus, ob. 841
	9 ———		Egbert revenges at Hengston a defeat by the Danes in 833, at Charmouth.	
	10 ———			Swithun, Bp. of Winchester, minister to Ethelwulf, 800—862
	11 ———			
	12 ———		Amorian war between the Emperor Theophilus and the Caliph Motasim.	
	13 ———		Diet of Worms, May 30.—Division of the empire.—Ethelwulf defeated by the Danes off Charmouth.	
	14 ———		Louis le Débonnaire dies, June 20, at. 62.—Conflict of the Saracens, the Latins, and the Greeks in Italy, 840—1017.	
	15 ———	Albumazar, Arabian astron. 805—885	Battle of Fontenai, Lothaire and Pepin defeated by Louis and Charles.—Oscar sails up the Seine and burns Rouen.	
	16 ———		The worship of images finally restored by the Empress Theodora	
	17 ———	Godeschalcus Fulgentius, ob. 870	Final division of the empire of Charlemagne at Thionville, Aug.—Germany is detached from the empire of the Franks.	
	1 Sergius II.			
	2 ———	Hincmarus, Abp. of Rheims, ob. 882	Ragnar Lodbrog sails up the Seine and pillages Paris, Mar. 28.—Revolt of the Paulicians, 845—880.	
	3 ———		Invasion and sack of Rome by the Moors and Saracens of Africa.	
	1 Leo IV.	Rabanus Maurus, Abp. of Mentz, 785—856		
	2 ———		Marseilles taken and plundered by Greek pirates.—Bordeaux burnt by the Normans.	
	3 ———		Victory of Pope Leo IV. over the Saracens at the mouth of the Tiber.—Birth of King Alfred.	
Eric I.	4 ———	St. Neot, Abbot of Glastonbury, ob. circa 877		





Anno Dom.	DOGES OF VENICE	Tuscany, Dukes, Etc.	Counts of Bretagne	
801	15 Giovanni Galbajo			For the Doges of Venice, A. D. 697—800 see the three preceding Regal Tables.
802	16 _____			
803	17 _____			
804	1 Obelerio Antenorio			
805	2 _____			
806	3 _____			
807	4 _____			
808	5 _____			
809	6 _____			
810	7 _____			
811	1 Angelo Participazio			<p>*** The preceding Tables, A. D. 1—1800, are restricted to dynasties of imperial or regal rank, with some slight exceptions, as—the Dukes of Normandy and the Princes of Orange in connection with the Kings of England, William I. and William III.—the Counts of Maurienne and the Dukes of Savoy, and the Counts and Dukes of Apulia as antecedent to the Kings of Sardinia and the Kings of Sicily,—and the inroad of the Arabian Emirs in the Gothic monarchy of Spain. The Tables which follow, being of non-regal rank, may be less generally referred to, but they will be found very useful to the student in history. It will be seen that the middle columns of the early Tables detail the succession of the contemporary Counts of Flanders, Holland, and Hainault; the Counts and Marquises of Namur; and the Dukes of Brabant and Luxemburg. They proceed until the dominions of all are, nearly at the same time, absorbed by succession, sale, or conquest, by the House of Burgundy; through the marriage of whose heiress, which in the sequel deluged Europe with blood, they were transferred, A. D. 1477, to the House of Austria. The troubled period which then succeeded, has rendered the vicerealties of the Emperors Maximilian and Charles V. and more especially those of Philip of Spain, sufficiently memorable to be recorded in the columns of Historical Tables. They are brought down to the government of the Archduke Charles, 1793, and the recent revolutionary period; the Stadtholderat of the Seven Provinces being placed in juxtaposition to the Spanish and Austrian governments.—The years of the Stadtholderat are not always in unison with those of the Princes of Orange in the preceding Tables.</p> <p>Of the remaining columns, those to the left refer to the history of the Italian States, including the Venetian annals, for the long period of eleven hundred years. Those on the right describe what could be comprised of the descent of the four recently erected monarchies in Germany, which, with the Margravate of Brandenburg; the extinct dukedoms of Suabia, Lorraine, Franconia, and Bretagne do not require any separate explanation.</p>
812	2 _____			
813	3 _____			
814	4 _____			
815	5 _____			
816	6 _____			
817	7 _____			
818	8 _____			
819	9 _____			
820	10 _____			
821	11 _____			
822	12 _____			
823	13 _____			
824	14 _____		1 Noménoë	
825	15 _____		2 _____	
826	16 _____		3 _____	
827	1 Giustiniani Participazio		4 _____	
828	2 _____	1 Boniface I. Marquis	5 _____	
829	1 Giovanni Participazio	2 _____	6 _____	
830	2 _____	3 _____	7 _____	
831	3 _____	4 _____	8 _____	
832	4 _____	5 _____	9 _____	
833	5 _____	6 _____	10 _____	
834	6 _____	7 _____	11 _____	
835	7 _____	8 _____	12 _____	
836	8 _____	9 _____	13 _____	
837	1 Pietro Tradonico	10 _____	14 _____	
838	2 _____	11 _____	15 _____	
839	3 _____	12 _____	16 _____	
840	4 _____	13 _____	17 _____	
841	5 _____	14 _____	18 _____	
842	6 _____	15 _____	19 _____	
843	7 _____	16 _____	20 _____	
844	8 _____	17 _____	21 _____	
845	9 _____	18 _____	22 _____	
846	10 _____	19 _____	23 _____	
847	11 _____	1 Adalbert I. Duke and Marquis	24 _____	
848	12 _____	2 _____	25 _____	
849	13 _____	3 _____	26 _____	
850	14 _____	4 _____	27 _____	

TABLES, A. D. 801—1800

37 Counts and Dukes of Bretagne . . . . .	824	42 Dukes of Ferrara, afterwards Modena . . . . .	1067
37 Dukes and Grand Dukes of Tuscany . . . . .	828	43 Electors of Brandenburg . . . . .	1134
38 Counts of Flanders . . . . .	862	44 Electors Palatine . . . . .	1156
38 Dukes of Suabia . . . . .	867	44 Electors of Saxony . . . . .	1180
38 Counts of Hainault . . . . .	875	46 Dukes of Milan . . . . .	1295
38 Dukes of Burgundy . . . . .	877	47 Dukes of Mantua . . . . .	1328
38 Dukes of Saxony . . . . .	880	49 Dukes of Guastalla . . . . .	1406
38 Dukes of Franconia . . . . .	891	49 Dukes of Brunswick . . . . .	1409
38 Dukes of Bavaria . . . . .	895	50 Dukes of Wurtemberg . . . . .	1457
39 Counts of Friesland, afterwards Holland . . . . .	901	50 Governors of the Netherlands . . . . .	1477
39 Dukes of Lorraine . . . . .	916	51 Dukes of Parma . . . . .	1545
39 Counts and Marquises of Namur . . . . .	932	52 Stadtholders of the Seven United Provinces . . . . .	1579
39 Marquises of Montferrat . . . . .	938	53 Electors of Bavaria . . . . .	1623
40 Dukes of Lower Lorraine, afterwards Brabant . . . . .	959	54 Electors of Hanover . . . . .	1692
40 Counts and Dukes of Luxemburg . . . . .	964	56 Governors-General of India . . . . .	1774
		56 Presidents of the United States . . . . .	1789







Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of The East	Caliphs of the Saracens	EMPERORS OF THE WEST	Kings of France	Kings of Germany	Dukes of Poland	Kings of Oritedo of Cordova	KINGS OF ENGLAND	Kings of Scotland
									Wess. Merc. E. Ang. N. land	
5564	851	10 Michael III.	5 Motawakel	12 Lothaire	12 Charles II. the Bald	9 Louis I.	10 Piastus	2 Ordonno I. Abder. II. 30	16 Ethelwulf Bertulf 14	9 Kennet II.
5565	852	11 the Sot	6	13	13	10	11	3 Mahomed I.	17 Burhred 1	10
5566	853	12	7	14	14	11	12	4	18	11
5567	854	13	8	15	15	12	13	5	19	12
5568	855	14	9	1 Louis II.	16	13 Charles 1	14	6	20	1 Edmund
5569	856	15	10	2	17	14	15	7	1 Ethelbald	14
5570	857	16	11	3	18	15	16	8	2	15
5571	858	17	12	4	19	16	17	9	3	16
5572	859	18	13	5	20	17	18	10	4	
5573	860	19	14	6	21	18	19	11	1 Ethelbert	
5574	861	20	1 Mostanser	7	22	19	1 Ziemovitus	12	2	
5575	862	21	1 Mostain	8	23	20	2	13	3	8 Osbert 1
5576	863	22	2	9	24	21	3	14	4	9 Ella 1
5577	864	23	3	10	25	22	4	15	5	10
5578	865	24	4	11	26	23	5	16	6	11
5579	866	25	1 Motaz	12	27	24	6	1 Alfonso III. the Great	1 Ethelred	12
5580	867	1 Basil I. the Macedonian	2	13	28	25	7	2	2	13
5581	868	2 Macedonian	3	14	29	26	8	3	3	14
5582	869	3	1 Mohtadi	15	30	27	9	4	4	15
5583	870	4	1 Motamed	16	31	28	10	5	5	1 Guthrum
5584	871	5	2	17	32	29	11	6	1 Alfred the Great	2 the Dane
5585	872	6	3	18	33	30	12	7	2	3
5586	873	7	4	19	34	31	13	8	3	4
5587	874	8	5	20	35	32	14	9	4	5
5588	875	9	6	1 Charles II. the Bald, King of France	36	33	15	10	5	6
5589	876	10	7	2	37	1 Louis II.	16	11	6	7
5590	877	11	8	Interregnum	1 Louis II. le Begue	2	17	12	7	8
5591	878	12	9		2	3	18	13	8	9 Guthred the Dane
5592	879	13	10		1 Louis Carlo. 1 man 2	4	19	14	9	10
5593	880	14	11	1 Charles III. le Gros crowned k. of Italy	2	5	20	15	10	11
5594	881	15	12	2 crowned emperor	3	3	21	16	11	12
5595	882	16	13	3	4	succeeded by Charles le Gros	22	17	12	13
5596	883	17	14	4	5	5	23	18	13	14
5597	884	18	15	5 Charles le Gros obtains all the dominions of Charlemagne, except the kingdom of Provence, but is deposed, Nov. 11, 887	6	6	24	19	14	15
5598	885	19	16		7	7	25	20	15	16
5599	886	1 Leo VI. the Philosopher	17	7 Germany	8	8	26	21	16	17
5600	887	2	18	1 Arnulph	1 Eudes Count de Paris	Transjuran Burgundy	27	22	17	18
5601	888	3	19	2	2 de Paris	1 Rodolf I.	28	23	18	19
5602	889	4	20	3	3	2	29	24	19	20
5603	890	5	21	4 Borzi-1 voi	3	3 Louis 1 the	30	25	20	1 Eoric
5604	891	6	22	5	4	4 Blind	31	26	21	
5605	892	7	1 Motadhed	6	5	5	27	27	22	
5606	893	8	2	7	6	6	28	28	23	
5607	894	9	3	8	7	7	29	29	24	
5608	895	10	4	9	8	8	30	30	25	
5609	896	11	5	10 crowned emperor	9	9	31	31	26	
5610	897	12	6	11 emper	10	10	32	32	27	
5611	898	13	7	12	11	11	33	33	28	
5612	899	14	8	1 Louis III.	12	12	34	34	29	
5613	900	15	9	2 king 11	1 Louis the Blind	13	35	35	30	

Kings of Denmark	POPEs	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MIDDLE AGES	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
Eric I.	5 Leo IV.		The Danes ascend the Seine, the Meuse, and the Rhine, and carry on their ravages to Treves and Cologne. The Moors persecute the Christians in Spain.	
—	6 —		The Normans obtain possession of several cities in France.	
—	7 —			
Eric II. the Child	8 —			
—	1 Benedict III.	Ado, Abp. of Vienne, historian, 800—875	The Emperor Lothaire dies, Sept. 28; King Ethelwulf visits Rome.	
—	2 —		The Normans sail up the Seine to Paris, and pillage and burn the churches.	
—	3 —		The Normans plunder the coasts of Holland.	
—	1 Nicholas I.			Michael Bardas, minister to Michael the St, ob. 806
—	2 —	Photius, Patriarch of Constantinople, 'Greek Lexicon,' ob. 891	The winter this year exceedingly severe, the Adriatic being frozen so as to allow carriages passing upon it. The schism of the Greek church begins.	
—	3 —			
—	4 —	John Scotus Erigena, ob. cir. 877		
—	5 —		Ordonno King of Oviedo takes Salamanca by storm.—Louis I., King of Germany, sends missionaries to convert the Sclavonians.	Robert de Fort, minister to Charles the Bald, ob. 867
—	6 —			
—	7 —		Edict of Pistes, June; every castle constructed without license to be razed before Aug. 1.—Conversion of Russia to the Greek Church.	
—	8 —		First naval expedition of the Russians against Constantinople.	
—	9 —	Anastatus, Bibliothecarius, 'Liber Pontificalis,' ob. cir. 886		Bruern, a magnate in Northumberland
—	1 Adrian II.		Michael III. put to death by Basil the Macedonian, who succeeds him, Sept. 24.	
—	2 —		Revolt of the Toulonides from the Arabian Caliphate, 868—905.	Ahmed, Saracen governor of Egypt, ob. 883
—	3 —		VIIIth General Council, of Constantinople, Oct. 5—Feb. 28; Photius the patriarch deposed, and the Inoclasts anathematized.	
—	4 —			
—	5 —		The fortress of Bari taken after four years' siege by the Greeks and Franks under Louis.	
—	1 John VIII.		Revolt of the Soffarides from the Arabian Caliphate, 872—892.—Battle of Wilton.—The Danes conquer Mercia.	Hubba the Dane
—	2 —	Werferth, Bp. of Worcester, ob. 915		
—	3 —		Revolt of the Samanides from the Arabian Caliphate, 874—999.	
—	4 —		The Emperor Louis dies, Aug. 2, and is succeeded by Charles the Bald, King of France.	
—	5 —		Charles the Bald defeated at Andernach by Louis of Saxony, Oct. 7.—The Danes invade Wessex.	
—	6 —		Charles the Bald defeated in Italy by Carloman.—He dies, Oct. 6.—Alfred establishes a fleet and defeats Guthrum the Dane.	
—	7 —		Conquest of Sicily by the Arabs.—King Alfred, driven from his throne by the Danes, retreats to Athelney.	
—	8 —	Alfraganus Logista, Arabian astron., ob. cir. 888	Boson proclaimed King of Arles at Mantaille, Oct.	
—	9 —	Denewulf, Bishop of Winchester, ob. 897	King Alfred again defeats the Danes and is restored about this time.	
—	10 —	Albatagnius, Arabian astronomer, ob. 929	Alfonso King of Oviedo defeats the Saracens, under Mahomed, on the Ana.—Charles le Gros crowned Emperor at Rome.	
—	1 Martin II.		King Alfred enlarges his navy.—Louis III. of France defeats the Normans on the Loire.—He dies, Aug. 3.	Sigebert the Norman
—	2 —			
—	1 Adrian III.	Abbé Reginon, historian, ob. 908	Emigration of the Turks or Hungarians.—Charles le Gros seizes the throne of France to the prejudice of Charles the Simple.	
—	1 Stephen V.		Paris besieged by the Northmen for a twelvemonth, but are at length repulsed by the unassisted citizens.	Goscelin, Bishop of Paris
—	2 —		The Emperor Basil dies, Mar. 1, and is succeeded by Leo the Philosopher.	
—	3 —		Division of the Empire of the West.—Germany a second time separated from the Franks.	
—	4 —		Simeon King of the Bulgarians, 883—927.	
—	5 —		The Bulgarians ravage Greece and defeat the Hungarians sent by Leo against them.	Zuendebold, Duke of Moravia
—	6 —	Plegmund, Abp. of Canterbury, ob. 923	Rise and progress of the Carmathians, 890—951.	
—	1 Formosus		Guy King of Italy crowned Emperor at Rome by Pope Stephen V., Feb. 25.—Arnulph defeats the Normans, Sept. 1.	
—	2 —		Revolt of the Hamadanites from the Arabian Caliphate, 892—1001.	
—	3 —		Invasion of Hastings in the Swale.—Charles the Simple crowned, Jan. 28, but is next year obliged by Endes to retire.	
—	4 —		Hastings repulsed by King Alfred at Exeter.—Guy King of Italy and Emperor dies; he is succeeded by Lambert, whose imperial title is disputed by Arnulph.	Algitrudis, Queen of Italy
—	5 —			
—	[VI.]		Arnulph crowned Emperor by Pope Formosus, Feb. 27.	
—	1 Boniface		The war terminates in England, and the Danes retire.	
—	1 Steph. VI.			
—	1 Romanus			
—	[VII.]			
—	1 Theodorus	Asser, Bp. of Sherborne, ob. 910	Charles the Simple is recognised as King of France on the death of Endes, Jan. 3.	
—	2 —		The Emperor Arnulph dies, Dec. 8, and is succeeded by Louis III., the last of the Carolingian race in Germany.	
—	1 Benedict IV.			Hatto, Abp. of Mentz.





Anno Dom.	DOGES OF VENICE	Tuscany, Dukes, Etc.	Dukes of Burgundy	Counts of Bretagne	Counts of Flanders	Counts of Hainault	Dukes of Suabia	Dukes of Franconia	Dukes of Bavaria	Dukes of Saxony
851	15 Pietro Tradonico	5 Adalbert I		1 Erispoë						
852	16	6		2						
853	17	7		3						
854	18	8		4						
855	19	9		5						
856	20	10		6						
857	21	11		1 Salomon III.						
858	22	12		2						
859	23	13		3						
860	24	14		4						
861	25	15		5						
862	26	16		6	1 Baldwin I. Bras de fer					
863	27	17		7	2					
864	1 Orso Participazio I	18		8	3					
865	2	19		9	4					
866	3	20		10	5					
867	4	21		11	6		— Hugh			
868	5	22		12	7					
869	6	23		13	8					
870	7	24		14	9					
871	8	25		15	10					
872	9	26		16	11					
873	10	27		17	12					
874	11	28		1 Pasquito de Vannes	13					
875	12	29		2 and Gurvan de Rennes	14	1 Regner I.				
876	13	30		3	15	2				
877	14	31	1 Richard le Justicier	1 Alain III. de Vannes	16	3				
878	15	32	2	2 and Judicael de Rennes	17	4				
879	16	33	3	3	1 Baldwin II.	5				
880	17	34	4	4	2 the Bald	6				1 Otho I.
881	1 Giovanni Participazio II.	35	5	5	3	7				2
882	2	36	6	6	4	8				3
883	3	37	7	7	5	9				4
884	4	38	8	8	6	10				5
885	5	39	9	9	7	11				6
886	6	40	10	10	8	12				7
887	1 Pietro Candiano I.	41	11	11	9	13				8
888	1 Pietro Tribuno	42	12	12	10	14				9
889	2	43	13	13	11	15				10
890	3	1 Adalbert II.	14	14	12	16				11
891	4	2 the Rich. Duke and 3 Marquis	15	15	13	17		1 Conrad I. circa		12
892	5		16	16	14	18				13
893	6	4	17	17	15	19				14
894	7	5	18	18	16	20				15
895	8	6	19	19	17	21			1 Leopold	16
896	9	7	20	20	18	22			2	17
897	10	8	21	21	19	23			3	18
898	11	9	22	22	20	24			4	19
899	12	10	23	23	21	25			5	20
900	13	11	24	24	22	26			6	21







Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of The East	Caliphs of the Saracens	Kings of Germany	Dukes of Bohemia	Dukes of Poland	Kings of Italy	Kings of France	Burgundy — Arles	KINGS IN SPAIN			Kings of England	
										Navarre	Oviedo	Cordova		
5614	901	16 Leo VI. the Philosopher	10 Motahhed 1 Mohtafi	3 Louis III	12 Borzivoi	10 Lesko IV.	2 Louis crowned emperor	9 Charles III. the Simple	14 Rodolf I. Louis 12 the 13 Blind		36 Alfonso III.	14 Abdallah	1 Edward Don.	
5615	902			4	1 Spigit-neus I.	11		10	15		37	15	2	
5616	903	18	2	5	2	12	4	11	16		38	16	3	
5617	904	19	3	6	3	13	5	12	17		39	17	4 Constantine I.	
5618	905	20	4	7	4	14	1 Berenger again	13	18		40	18	5	
5619	906	21	5	8	5	15	2	14	19		41	19	6	
5620	907	22	6	9	1 Wratis-las I.	16	3	15	20		42	20	7	
5621	908	23	1 Moktader	10	2	17	4	16	21		43	21	8	
5622	909	24	2	11	3	18	5	17	22		44	22	9	
5623	910	25	3	12	4	19	6	18	23		1 Garcia	23	10	
5624	911	1 Alexander and Constantine VII.	4	1 Conrad I. Duke of Franconia	5	20	7	19 Rollo 1	1 Rodolf II.	7	2	24	11	
5625	912	2	5	2	6	21	8	20	2	8	3	1 Abde-rah-man III.	12	
5626	913	3 Porphyrogenitus	6	3	7	1 Ziemomislus	9	21	3	3	4	2	13	
5627	914	4 Alexander ob. 912	7	4	8	2	10	22	4	4	5	1 Oordon II. 2 K. of Leon	3	14
5628	915	5	8	5	9	3	11 crowned emperor	23	5	5	6	3	4	15
5629	916	6	9	6	1 Wences-las I.	4	12	24	6	6	7	4	5	16
5630	917	7	10	7	2	5	13	25	7	7	8	6	6	17
5631	918	8	11	1 Henry I. the Fowler	3	6	14	26	8	8	9	7	7	18
5632	919	9 Romanus Lecapenus	12	2	4	7	15	27	9	9	10	8	8	19
5633	920	10 Constantine VIII.	13	3	5	8	16	28	10	10	11	9	9	20
5634	921	11	14	4	6	9	17	29	11	11	12	10	10	21
5635	922	12	15	5	7	10	1	1	12	12	13	11	11	22
5636	923	13	16	6	8	11	2	1	13	13	14	12	12	23
5637	924	14	17	7	9	12	3	2	14	14	15	13	13	1
5638	925	15	18	8	10	13	4	3	15	15	16	14	14	2
5639	926	16	19	9	11	14	1	4	16	16	17	15	15	3
5640	927	17	20	10	12	15	2	5	17	17	18	16	16	4
5641	928	18 Stephen & Christopher, five emperors at onetime	21	11	13	16	3	6	18	18	19	17	17	5
5642	929	19	22	12	14	17	4	7	3	19	20	18	18	6
5643	930	20	23	13	15	18	5	8	4	20	21	19	19	7
5644	931	21 Christopher ob.	24	14	16	19	6	9	5	21	22	20	20	8
5645	932	22	1 Kaker	15	17	20	7	10	6	22	23	21	21	9
5646	933	23	2	16	18	21	8	11	7	23	24	22	22	10
5647	934	24	1 Radhi	17	19	22	9	12	8	24	25	23	23	11
5648	935	25	2	18	20	23	10		9	25	26	24	24	12
5649	936	26	— Creation of the Emirs al Omra and Decline of the Arabian Caliphat	1 Otho I. the Great	1 Boleslas I.	24	11	1	10	26	27	25	25	13
5650	937	27		2	2	25	12	2	11	1	12	26	26	14
5651	938	28		3	3	26	13	3	12	2	13	27	27	15
5652	939	29		4	4	27	14	4	13	3	14	28	28	16
5653	940	30		5	5	28	15	5	14	4	15	29	29	
5654	941	31		6	6	29	16	6	15	5	16	30	30	1 Edmund I.
5655	942	32		7	7	30	17	7	16	6	17	31	31	2
5656	943	33		8	8	31	18	8	17	7	18	32	32	3
5657	944	34 Romanus in exile		9	9	32	19	8	18	8	19	33	33	4 Malcolm I.
5658	945	35 Constantine VII. restored		10	10	33	1	9	19	9	20	34	34	5
5659	946	36		11	11	34	2	10	20	10	21	35	35	1 Edred
5660	947	37		12	12	35	3	11	21	11	22	36	36	2
5661	948	38		13	13	36	4	12	22	12	23	37	37	3
5662	949	39		14	14	37	5	13	23	13	24	38	38	4
5663	950	40		15	15	38	1 Berenger & Adalbt.	14	24	14	25	39	39	5







Anno Dom.	DOGES OF VENICE	Tuscany, Dukes, Etc.	Marquises of Montferrat	Dukes of Burgundy	Counts of Bretagne	Counts of Flanders	Hainaut	Counts of Friesland	Suabia	Dukes of Franconia	Dukes of Bavaria	Saxony	Dukes of Lorraine
901	14 Pietro Tribuno	13 Adalbert II.		25 Ri hard	25 Alain III.	23 Bal'dwin II.	27 Regner I.		Conrad I.		7 Leopold		22 Otho I.
902	15	13		26	26	24	28				8		23
903	16	14		27	27	25	29				9		24
904	17	15		28	28	26	30				10		25
905	18	16		29	29	27	31				11		26
906	19	17		30	30	28	32				12		27
907	20	18		31	1 Gurmallion	29	33				1 Arnolph the Bad		28
908	21	19		32	2	30	34				2		29
909	22	20		33	3	31	35				3		30
910	23	21		34	4	32	36				4		31
911	24	22		35	5	33	37				5		32
912	1 Orso Participazio II.	23		36	6	34	38		Eberhard 1		6		1 Henry I. the Fowler
913	2	24		37	7	35	39			2	7		2
914	3	25		38	8	36	40			3	8		3
915	4	26		39	9	37	41			4	9		4
916	5	27		40	10	38	1 Regner II.		1 Burchardt	5	10		5 Giselbert
917	6			41	11	39	2		2	6	11		6
918	7			42	12	1 Arnolph I. and 2 Baldwin III.	3		3	7	12		7 Henry elected emperor
919	8	1 Guy, Duke		43	13	2	4		4	8	13		8
920	9	2		44	14	3	5		5	9	14		9
921	10	3		1 Rodolph	15	4	6		6	10	15		10
922	11	4		2	16	5	7 Thierry I.		7	11	16		11
923	12	5		1 Giselbert	17	6	8		8	12	17		12
924	13	6		2	18	7	9		9	13	18		13
925	14	7		3	19	8	10		10	14	19		14
926	15	8		4	20	9	11		1 Herman I.	15	20		15
927	16	9		5	21	10	12		2	16	21		16
928	17	10		6	22	11	13		3	17	22		17
929	18	1 Lambert, Duke		7	23	12	14		4	18	23		18
930	19	2		8	1 Berenger de Rennes	13	15		5	19	24		19
931	20	1 Boson, Marquis		9	2	14	16		6	20	25		20
932	1 Pietro Candiano II.	2		10	3	15	1 Regner III.		7	21	26		21
933	2	3		11	4	16	2		8	22	27		22
934	3	4		12	5	17	3		9	23	28		23
935	4	5		13	6	18	4		10	24	29		24
936	5	1 Hubert, Duke		14	7	19	5		11	25	30		1 Otho II. 21 Emperor
937	6	2		15	1 Alain IV. de Vannes	20	6		12	26	1 Eberhard		2
938	7	3	1 Aledran circa	1 Hugh Blk. 1 Hugh the Great	2	21	7		13	27	2		3
939	1 Pietro Badoardo	4	2	3	3	22	8		14 Conrad II.	1	1 Berthold		4
940	2	5	3	3	4	23	9		15	2	2		5 Henry I.
941	3	6	4	4	5	24	10		16	3	3		6
942	1 Pietro Candiano III.	7	5	5	6	25	11		17	4	1 Henry I. the Quarreller		7
943	2	8	6	6	7	26	12		18	5	2		8
944	3	9	7	7	8	27	13		19	6	3		9 Conrad 1 the Red
945	4	10	8	8	9	28	14		20	7	4		10
946	5	11	9	9	10	29	15		21	8	5		11
947	6	12	10	10	11	30	16		22	9	6		12
948	7	13	11	11	12	31	17		23	10	7		13
949	8	14	12	12	13	32	18		1 Ludolph	11	8		14
950	9	15	13	13	14	33	19		2	13	9		15







Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of The East	Kings of Germany	Kings of Italy	Dukes of Bohemia	Dukes of Poland	Kings of France	Kings of Arles	KINGS IN SPAIN			Dukes of Normandy	England
									Navarre	Leon	Cordova		
5664	951	41 Constantine VII.	16 Otho I. the Great	2 Berenger II. and Adalbert	16 Boleslas I.	39 Ziemomislus	16 Louis IV.	15 Conrad the Pacific	26 Garcia I.	2 Ordonno III.	40 Abderah-man III.	9 Richard I.	6 Edm. Malc.
5665	952	42 —	17 —	3 —	17 —	40 —	17 —	16 —	27 —	3 —	41 —	10 —	7 —
5666	953	43 —	18 —	4 —	18 —	41 —	18 —	17 —	28 —	4 —	42 —	11 —	8 —
5667	954	44 —	19 —	5 —	19 —	42 —	1 Lothaire	18 —	29 —	5 —	43 —	12 —	9 —
5668	955	45 —	20 —	6 —	20 —	43 —	2 —	19 —	30 —	1 Sancho I. the Fat	44 —	13 —	1 Edw.
5669	956	46 —	21 —	7 —	21 —	44 —	3 —	20 —	31 —	2 —	45 —	14 —	2 —
5670	957	47 —	22 —	8 —	22 —	45 —	4 —	21 —	32 —	3 —	46 —	15 —	3 —
5671	958	48 —	23 —	9 —	23 —	46 —	5 —	22 —	33 —	4 —	47 —	16 —	4 —
5672	959	1 Romanus II.	24 —	10 —	24 —	47 —	6 —	23 —	34 —	5 —	48 —	17 —	1 Edg.
5673	960	2 —	25 —	11 —	25 —	48 —	7 —	24 —	35 —	6 —	49 —	18 —	2 —
5674	961	3 —	26 —	12 —	26 —	49 —	8 —	25 —	36 —	7 —	1 Alhacam II.	19 —	3 —
5675	962	4 —	27 crowned emperor	— Conq. by Otho	27 —	50 —	9 —	26 —	37 —	8 —	2 —	20 —	4 —
5676	963	1 Nicephorus II. Phocas	28 —	—	28 —	51 —	10 —	27 —	38 —	9 —	3 —	21 —	5 —
5677	964	2 —	29 —	—	29 —	1 Mieci-las I. Duke	11 —	28 —	39 —	10 —	4 —	22 —	6 —
5678	965	3 —	30 —	—	30 —	2 —	12 —	29 —	40 —	11 —	5 —	23 —	7 —
5679	966	4 —	31 —	Berenger ob.	31 —	3 —	13 —	30 —	41 —	12 —	6 —	24 —	8 —
5680	967	5 —	32 —	—	1 Boleslas II.	4 —	14 —	31 —	42 —	1 Ramiro III.	7 —	25 —	9 —
5681	968	6 —	33 —	Adalbert ob.	2 LeDebon-naire	5 —	15 —	32 —	43 —	2 —	8 —	26 —	10 —
5682	969	1 John-Zimisces	34 —	—	3 —	6 —	16 —	33 —	44 —	3 —	9 —	27 —	11 —
5683	970	2 Basil II. and Con.	35 —	—	4 —	7 —	17 —	34 —	1 Sancho II.	4 —	10 —	28 —	12 Ke-
5684	971	3 stantine IX.	36 —	—	5 —	8 —	18 —	35 —	2 Abarca	5 —	11 —	29 —	13 —
5685	972	4 —	37 —	—	6 —	9 —	19 —	36 —	3 —	6 —	12 —	30 —	14 —
5686	973	5 —	1 Otho II. the Bloody	—	7 —	10 —	20 —	37 —	4 —	7 —	13 —	31 —	15 —
5687	974	6 —	2 —	—	8 —	11 —	21 —	38 —	5 —	8 —	14 —	32 —	16 —
5688	975	7 —	3 —	—	9 —	12 —	22 —	39 —	6 —	9 —	15 —	33 —	1 Edw. t.
5689	976	1 Basil II. and Constantine IX.	4 —	—	10 —	13 —	23 —	40 —	7 —	10 —	1 Hash-em II.	34 —	2 Ma-
5690	977	2 —	5 —	—	11 —	14 —	24 —	41 —	8 —	11 —	2 —	35 —	3 —
5691	978	3 —	6 —	—	12 —	15 —	25 —	42 —	9 —	12 —	3 —	36 —	1 Eth-t
5692	979	4 —	7 —	—	13 —	16 —	26 —	43 —	10 —	13 —	4 —	37 —	2 Uni-
5693	980	5 —	8 —	—	14 —	17 —	27 —	44 —	11 —	14 —	5 —	38 —	3 —
5694	981	6 —	9 —	—	15 —	18 —	28 —	45 —	12 —	15 —	6 —	39 —	4 —
5695	982	7 —	10 —	—	16 —	19 —	29 —	46 —	13 —	1 Bermu-do II. the Gouty	7 —	40 —	5 —
5696	983	8 —	1 Otho III.	—	17 —	20 —	30 —	47 —	14 —	2 —	8 —	41 —	6 —
5697	984	9 —	2 —	—	18 —	21 —	31 —	48 —	15 —	3 —	9 —	42 —	7 —
5698	985	10 —	3 —	—	19 —	22 —	32 —	49 —	16 —	4 —	10 —	43 —	8 —
5699	986	11 —	4 —	—	20 —	23 —	1 Louis V. le Fain.	50 —	17 —	5 —	11 —	44 —	9 —
5700	987	12 —	5 —	—	21 —	24 —	1 Hugh Capet	51 —	18 —	6 —	12 —	45 —	10 —
5701	988	13 —	6 —	—	22 —	25 —	2 —	52 —	19 —	7 —	13 —	46 —	11 —
5702	989	14 —	7 —	—	23 —	26 —	3 —	53 —	20 —	8 —	14 —	47 —	12 —
5703	990	15 —	8 —	—	24 —	27 —	4 —	54 —	21 —	9 —	15 —	48 —	13 —
5704	991	16 —	9 —	—	25 —	28 —	5 —	55 —	22 —	10 —	16 —	49 —	14 —
5705	992	17 —	10 —	—	26 —	1 Boleslas I. King the Lion Hearted	6 —	56 —	23 —	11 —	17 —	50 —	15 —
5706	993	18 —	11 —	—	27 —	2 —	7 —	1 Rodolf III. le Fainant	24 —	12 —	18 —	51 —	16 —
5707	994	19 —	12 —	—	28 —	3 —	8 —	2 —	1 Garcia II.	13 —	19 —	52 —	17 Cor-tin Ken-IV
5708	995	20 —	13 —	—	29 —	4 —	9 —	3 —	2 —	14 —	20 —	53 —	18 —
5709	996	21 —	14 —	—	30 —	5 —	1 Robert II. the Wise	4 —	3 —	15 —	21 —	1 Richard II.	19 —
5710	997	22 —	15 —	—	31 —	6 —	2 —	5 —	4 —	16 —	22 —	2 the Good	20 —
5711	998	23 —	16 —	—	32 —	7 —	3 —	6 —	5 —	17 —	23 —	3 —	21 —
5712	999	24 —	17 —	—	1 Boleslas III.	8 —	4 —	7 —	6 —	1 Alfonso V.	24 —	4 —	22 —
5713	1000	25 —	18 —	Stephen I.	2 —	9 —	5 —	8 —	1 Sancho III.	2 —	25 —	5 —	23 —

Kings of Denmark	POPES	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MIDDLE AGES	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
Harald II. Blue-tooth	6 Agapetus II.		Otho drives Berenger II. and Adalbert his son out of Italy, at the instance of Adelaide, widow of Lothaire.—Otho marries Adelaide.	
—	7 —			
—	8 —		Louis the Stranger, King of France, dies, Sept. 10.	
—	9 —			
—	10 —		Battle of Augsburg gained by Otho over the Hungarians.—Baptism of the Princess Olga, the era of Christianity in Russia.	
—	1 John XII.		Hugh the Great, father of Hugh Capet, dies, June 16.	
—	2 —		Otho defeats the Sclavonians in Saxony.	Matilda, mother of Otho, ob. 973
—	3 —			
—	4 —	Rhazes Abubeker, Arabian physician, ob. æt. 80, 932	Constantine VII. poisoned by his daughter-in-law, Theophania.	
—	5 —		Reduction of Crete by Nicephorus Phocas.—Hugh Capet created Duke of France by Lothaire.	
—	6 —		Otho crowned King of Italy, Nov.	
—	7 —		Union of the crowns of Germany and Italy.—Otho I. crowned Emperor of the West by John XII., Feb. 9.	Dunstan, Abp. of Canterbury, 925—988
—	1 Leo VIII.	Ethelwold, Bp. of Winchester, 'the benevolent bishop,' ob. 984	Romanus II. dies, Mar. 15, and is succeeded by Nicephorus Phocas.—Defection of Pope John from Otho.	Earl Ethelwold, minister to Edgar
—	1 Benedict V.		Revolt in Rome in favour of Pope John, who dies, May 14.—Otho retakes Rome, June 23.	
—	1 John XIII.	Geber of Seville, philosopher and astronomer		
—	2 —		Conquest of Cilicia by Nicephorus Phocas.—Christianity introduced into Poland about this time.	
—	3 —		Otho demands the hand of Theodora, daughter-in-law of Nicephorus, for his son, which leads to war.	
—	4 —		The Normans make a descent in Galicia, and advance to Compostella.	
—	5 —		Nicephorus II. assassinated at the instigation also of Theophania; John Zimisces succeeds, with Basil II. and Constantine VII. as his colleagues.	Ælfric, Duke of Mercia, ob. 983
—	6 —			
—	7 —		The Bulgarians defeated by Bardas Sclerus, and their empire terminated.	Bardas Sclerus, minister to John Zimisces, ob. 986
—	1 Benedict VI.	Oswald, Abp. of York, ob. 992	Marriage of the Princess Theodora, daughter of Romanus II., to the eldest son of Otho.	Empress Theophania, ob. 991
—	2 —		Otho the Great dies, Aug., æt. 61.	
—	1 Bonif. VII.			
—	1 Domnus II.			
—	1 Benedict VII.			
—	2 —		John Zimisces dies, Jan. 10, suspected by poison.—His colleagues, Basil and Constantine, retain the empire.	
—	3 —		Otho II. subdues the Bohemians.	
—	4 —	Abbo, monk of Fleury, favourite of K. Ethelred, ob. 1004	The possession of Lorraine becomes a subject of warlike contention between Otho and Lothaire, King of France.	
—	5 —			
—	6 —	Bridferth of Ramsey, commentator on Bede	Otho II. defeated at Basentello.—Apulia and Calabria recovered by the Emperors of the East.	
—	7 —	Albirunius, Arabian geograph.	Otho II. massacres his chief nobility at an entertainment to which he had invited them.	
—	8 —		Otho II. defeated by the Greeks and Saracens in Calabria, July 13.	
—	1 John XIV.		Death of Otho the Bloody, Dec. 7, who is succeeded by his son, Otho III. in his minority.	Crescentius, tyrant of Rome, ob. 998
—	1 John XV.			Phocas, Eastern general
—	1 John XVI.			
—	2 —	Aimon, Abbot of Fleury, historian, ob. 1008		Geoffrey Grisegonelle, ob. 987
—	3 —		Death of Louis le Fainéant, and termination of the Carolingian dynasty in France, May 21.	
—	4 —		Marriage of Wladimir of Russia to the Princess Anne, daughter of Romanus II.	
—	5 —			
—	6 —	Ælfric, Bp. of Crediton	The Saracens under Almanzor take Leon by assault, and ravage Galicia.	
—	7 —		The Arabian figures in arithmetic, according to some, introduced into Europe from Spain about this time.	
—	8 —			
—	9 —			
—	10 —		Sweyn and Olaus, Kings of Denmark and Norway, sail up the Thames with ninety-four vessels.	Bouchard, Count de Melun, minister to Hugh Capet, ob. 1012
—	11 —	Ælfric 'the grammarian,' Abp. of Canterbury, ob. 1006	Don Bermudo defeated by Almanzor on the banks of the Ezla.	
—	1 Gregory V. and John XVII.?		The Doge of Venice takes the title of Duke of Venice and Dalmatia.	
—	2 —		Revolt and execution of the Consul Crescentius.—The Saracens defeated by Don Bermudo at Osma.	
—	3 —			
—	1 Silvester II.			
—	2 —		Hungary created a kingdom in favour of Stephen, son of Géisa.	





	DOGES OF VENICE	Tuscany, Dukes, Etc.	Marquises of Montferrat	Burgundy Dukes Counts	Bretagne	Flanders Counts Dukes	Lorraine	Counts of Luxemburg	Hainault Counts of	Friesland	Stabia Dukes of	Franconia	Dukes of Bavaria	Saxony Dukes of	Lorraine
1	10 Pietro Candiano III.	16 Hubert	14 Aledran	14 Hugh		34 Arnolph I.			20 Regner I.		3 Ludolph		10 Henry the	16 Otho II.	
2	11	17	15	Alain 15		and Drogo 1			21		Conrad 13		11 Henry the	17 Conrad 8	
3	12	18	16	16 Hoel IV. 1		35 Baldwin III.			22		11. 14		12	18 Bruno 1	
4	13	19	17	de Nantes 2		36			23		15		13	19 Abp. of Colog- ne	
5	14	20	18	18	3	37			24		16		14	20	3
6	15	21	19	1 Otho	4	38			25		1 Otho 1		1 Henry II.	21	4
7	16	22	20	2	5	39			26		2		2	22	5
8	17	23	21	3	6	40				1 Richer	3		3	23	6
9	1 Pietro Candiano IV.	24	22	4	7	41					4		4	24	Frederic I.
0	2	25	23	5	8	42 Godfrey 1					5		5	1 Herman- Billing	2
1	3		24	6	9	43					6		6		
2	4	1 Hugh the Great	25	7	10	44 Baldwin 3					7		7	2	3
3	5	2	26	8	11	ob. 4					8		8	3	4
4	6	3	27	9	12	45					9		9	4	5
5	7	4	28	10	13	46					10		10	5	6
6	8	5	29	11	14	47 Godfrey 1					11		11	6	7
7	9	6	30	12	15	II. 2		1 Sigefrid			12		12	7	8
8	10	7	31	13	16	1 Arnolph 2					13		13	8	9
9	11	8	32	14	17	II. le Jeune 3		2			14		14	9	10
0	12	9	33	15	18	2		3			15		15	10	11
1	13	10	34	16	19	3		4			16		16	11	12
2	14	11	35	17	20	4		5			17		17	12	13
3	15	12	36	18	21	5		6			18		18	13	14
4	16	13	37	19	22	6		7			19		19	14	15
5	17	14	38	20	23	7		8			20		20	15	16
6	1 Pietro Orseolo I.	15	39	21	24	8		9			21		21	16	17
7	2	16	40	22	25	12 Charles 1		10			22		22	17	18
8	1 Vitale Candiano	17	41	23	26	of France 2		11			23		23	18	19
9	1 Tribuno Memmo	18	42	24	27	13		12			24		24	19	20
0	2	19	43	25	28	14		13			25		25	20	21
1	3	20	44	26	29	15		14			26		26	21	22
2	4	21	45	27	30	16 Guerec 1		15			27		27	22	23
3	5	22	46	28	31	de		16			28		28	23	24
4	6	23	47	29	32	17 Nantes 2		17			29		29	24	25
5	7	24	48	30	33	18		18			30		30	25	26
6	8	25	49	31	34	19		19			31		31	26	27
7	9	26	50	32	35	20		20			32		32	27	28
8	10	27	51	33	36	21		21			33		33	28	29
9	11	28	52	34	37	22		22			34		34	29	30
0	12	29	53	35	38	23		23			35		35	30	31
1	1 Pietro Orseolo II.	30	54	36	39	24		24			36		36	31	32
2	2	31	55	37	40	25		25			37		37	32	33
3	3	32	56	38	41	26		26			38		38	33	34
4	4	33	57	39	42	27		27			39		39	34	35
5	5	34		40	43	28		28			40		40	35	36
6	6	35	1 William I	41	44	29		29			41		41	36	37
7	7	36	2	42	45	30		30			42		42	37	38
8	8	37	3	43	46	31		31			43		43	38	39
9	9	38	4	44	47	32		32			44		44	39	40
0	10	39	5	45	48	33		33			45		45	40	41
		40	6	46	49	34		34			46		46	41	42
				50	51	35		35			47		47	42	43
				52	52	36		36			48		48	43	44
				53	53	37		37			49		49	44	45
				54	54	38		38			50		50	45	46
				55	55	39		39			51		51	46	47
				56	56	40		40			52		52	47	48
				57	57	41		41			53		53	48	49
				58	58	42		42			54		54	49	50
				59	59	43		43			55		55	50	51
				60	60	44		44			56		56	51	52
				61	61	45		45			57		57	52	53
				62	62	46		46			58		58	53	54
				63	63	47		47			59		59	54	55
				64	64	48		48			60		60	55	56
				65	65	49		49			61		61	56	57
				66	66	50		50			62		62	57	58
				67	67	51		51			63		63	58	59
				68	68	52		52			64		64	59	60
				69	69	53		53			65		65	60	61
				70	70	54		54			66		66	61	62
				71	71	55		55			67		67	62	63
				72	72	56		56			68		68	63	64
				73	73	57		57			69		69	64	65
				74	74	58		58			70		70	65	66
				75	75	59		59			71		71	66	67
				76	76	60		60			72		72	67	68
				77	77	61		61			73		73	68	69
				78	78	62		62			74		74	69	70
				79	79	63		63			75		75	70	71
				80	80	64		64			76		76	71	72
				81	81	65		65			77		77	72	73
				82	82	66		66			78		78	73	74
				83	83	67		67			79		79	74	75
				84	84	68		68			80		80	75	76
				85	85	69		69			81		81	76	77
				86	86	70		70			82		82	77	78
				87	87	71		71			83		83	78	79
				88	88	72		72			84		84	79	80
				89	89	73		73			85		85	80	81
				90	90	74		74			86		86	81	82
				91	91	75		75			87		87	82	83
				92	92	76		76			88		88	83	84
				93	93	77		77			89		89	84	85
				94	94	78		78			90		90	85	86
				95	95	79		79			91		91	86	87
				96	96	80		80			92		92	87	88
				97	97	81		81			93		93	88	89
				98	98	82		82			94		94	89	90
				99	99	83		83			95		95	90	91
				100	100	84		84			96		96	91	92







Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of The East	Emperors of Germany.	Kings ———		Poland. Kings, Dukes	Kings of France	Kings of Arles	KINGS IN SPAIN			Dukes of Normandy	England
				Hungary K.K. and D.	Bohemia				Navarre	Leon	Cordova		
5714	1001	26 Basil II. and Constantine IX.	19 Otho III.	2 Stephen Boles. III.	3 Jaromir	10 Boleslas I.	6 Robert II. the Wise	9 Rodolf III.	2 Sancho III.	3 Alfonso V.	26 Hashem II.	6 Richard II. the Good	24 Ethelred
5715	1002	27	1 Henry II. the Lambe	3	2	11	7	10	3	4	27	7	25
5716	1003	28		4	2	12	8	11	4	5	28	8	26
5717	1004	29		5	3	13	9	12	5	6	29	9	27
5718	1005	30		6	4	14	10	13	6	7	30	10	28
5719	1006	31		7	5	15	11	14	7	8	31	11	29
5720	1007	32		8	6	16	12	15	8	9	32	12	30
5721	1008	33		9	7	17	13	16	9	10	33	13	31
5722	1009	34		10	8	18	14	17	10	11	1 Mahom. I Suleim.	14	32
5723	1010	35		11	9	19	15	18	11	12	1 Mahom. ed II.	15	33
5724	1011	36		12	10	20	16	19	12	13	2 Hashem II.	16	34
5725	1012	37		13 Udalric	1	21	17	20	13	14	3 again	17	35
5726	1013	38		14	2	22	18	21	14	15	1 Suleiman 2 again	18	36
5727	1014	39		15	3	23	19	22	15	16		19	37
5728	1015	40		16	4	24	20	23	16	17	3	20	38
5729	1016	41		17	5	25	21	24	17	18	1 Motawakel 1 Abderahman IV.	21	1 Edm. 1 Can.
5730	1017	42		18	6	26	22	25	18	19	1 Alcasim	22	2
5731	1018	43		19	7	27	23	26	19	20	2	23	3
5732	1019	44		20	8	28	24	27	20	21		24	4
5733	1020	45		21	9	29	25	28 Berolaid	21	22	3	25	5
5734	1021	46		22	10	30	26	29	22	23	1 Yahia-Almo-2 tadi	26	6
5735	1022	47		23	11	31	27	30	23	24		27	7
5736	1023	48		24	12	32	28	31	24	25	1 Abderahman V.	28	8
5737	1024	49	1 Conrad II. the Salique	25	13	33	29	32	25	26	1 Yahia-Almo-2 tadi	29	9
5738	1025	50 Constantine alone	3	26	14	1 Miecisl. II.	30	33	26	27		30	10
5739	1026	51		27	15	2	31	34	27	28	1 Hashem III.	1 Richard III.	11
5740	1027	52		28	16	3	32	35 Humbert the White Hand	28	1 Bermudo III.	2	2	12
5741	1028	1 Romanus III.	5	29	17	4	33	36	29	3	3	1 Robert I. le Diable	13
5742	1029	2 Argyrus	6	30	18	5	34	37	30	4	4	3	14
5743	1030	3	7	31	19	6	35	38	31	5	5	3	15
5744	1031	4	8	32	20	7	1 Henry I.	39	5	32	5	Gehwar ben Mahomed	16
5745	1032	5	9	33	21	8	2	—Leaves his kingdom to Conrad the Salique	33	6	6	2	17
5746	1033	6	10	34	22	9	3	4	34	7	7	3	18
5747	1034	1 Michael IV. the Paphlagonian	11	35	23	1 Richense regent	4	5	35	8	8	4	19
5748	1035	2	12	36	24	2	5	6	9	1 Garcia III.	1 Ferdinand I.	1 William II. the Bastard	1 Har.
5749	1036	3	13	37	25	3	6	7	10	2	10	2	2 Har.
5750	1037	4	14	38 Bretisl. I.	1	—Interreg.	7	8	11	3	3 Leon I. conq. by Cas. tile	3	3
5751	1038	5	15	1 Peter the German	2		8	9	12	4	4	4	4
5752	1039	6	1 Henry III. the Black	2	3		9	10	13	5	5	5	5
5753	1040	7		3	4		10	11	14	6	6	6	1 Har.
5754	1041	1 Michael V. Calaphates	3	1 Aba or Owen	5	1 Casimir I. the Pacific	11	15 Humbert	7	7	7	11	2
5755	1042	1 Zoe and Constantine X. Monomachus	4	2	6	2	12	16	8	8	8	12	1 Edw. 1
5756	1043	2	5	3	7	3	13	17	9	9	9	13	2 Con.
5757	1044	3	6	1 Peter again	8	4	14	18	10	10	10	14	3
5758	1045	4	7	2	9	5	15	19	11	11	11	15	4
5759	1046	5	8	3	10	6	16	20	12	12	12	16	5
5760	1047	6	9	1 Andrew I.	11	7	17	21	13	13	13	17	6
5761	1048	7	10	2	12	8	18	22	14	14	14	18	7
5762	1049	8	11	3	13	9	19	23	15	15	15	19	8
5763	1050	9	12	4	14	10	20	24	16	16	16	20	9

Kings of Sweden	Counts of Apulia	POPEs	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MIDDLE AGES	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
1 Sweyn I. Olaf- Skotko- nung		3 Silvester II.	Avicenna of Bochara, physician, 980—1036	Massacre of the Danes by Ethelred.—Otho III. poisoned by the widow of Crescentius.	Melenda Gonzales, regent of Leon
2		4			
3		1 John XVII. 1 John XVIII. 2 XVIII.	Wulfstan, Abp. of York, 'Sermo Lupi ad Anglos,' ob. 1023	The Emperor Henry marches into Italy, and subdues his rival, Ardouin Marquis of Ivrea. Boleslas I., King of Poland, siezes Cracow, and treats the Duke of Bohemia with great cruelty.—He marches into Bohemia.	
4		3			
5		4			
6		5	Mesué, Arabian physician	Sweyn desists from his revenge on payment of 36,000 pounds of silver	
7		6			
8		1 Sergius IV.		A civil war breaks out among the Saracens in Spain, and continues till 1094.	Ulnoth Thane of Sussex
9		2			
10		3		Invasion of Thurchill, who sells his friendship and services for 48,000 pounds.	Edric, minister to Ethelred, ob. 1017
11		1 Benedict VIII.		Last invasion of Sweyn.—Flight of Ethelred.	Brithric, English admiral
12		2		Death of Sweyn.—Extensive inundation of the sea in Flanders, Sept. 28.	Uthred Earl of Northumberland, ob. 1016
13		3		Invasion of England by Canute.	
14 Canute II.		4		Five battles in seven months between Canute and Edmund Ironside.—Death of Edmund.	
15		5	Cynewulf, Bp. of Winchester, Anglo Saxon poet, ob. 1008		
16		6		The Normans first enter Italy.—The Russians break into Poland, but are repelled by Boleslas I.	
17		7		The Bulgarians defeated by the Emperor Basil, and reduced to a province of the empire.	
18		8			Agelnoth Archbishop of Canterbury, ob. 1038
19		9			
20		10	Guy Aretino, musician		
21		11		Rodolf King of Arles being dethroned by his subjects, is restored by the Emperor Henry.	Eudes Count de Chartres, minister to Robert I.
22		12		Death of the Emperor Henry II., July 13, æt. 52.	
23		1 John XIX.		The Emperor Basil dies, Dec.; Constantine, his colleague, retains the empire.	
24		2		Birth of William the Conqueror.	
25		3		The Emperor Constantine IX. dies, Nov. 12, and is succeeded by Romanus Argyrus.	
Edmund I Colbren- ner		4		Foundation of Aversa in Naples by the Normans.	
2		5		Canute performs a pilgrimage to Rome.—The Emperor Romanus defeated by the Saracens, April 13.	
3		6	Campanus of Novarro, astron.	The Emperor Romanus drives the Saracens out of Syria.	
4		7		Rodolf King of Arles dies; he bequeaths his dominions to Conrad the Salique.	
5		8		Romanus III. poisoned by his empress, Zoe, who marries Michael IV., whom she raises to the throne.	
6		1 Benedict IX.	Glaber of Clugni, historian, 'Chronicle of France,' ob. post 1045	Death of Sancho the Great of Navarre, and establishment of the kingdoms of Castile and Arragon.	
7		2			
8		3		Battle of Bar le Duc by Conrad over Eudes Count of Champagne, Sept. 17.	John, brother to Michael IV.
9		4		Reign of Togrul Beg, 1038—1063.—He defeats the Gasnevites, and subdues Persia.	
10		5		Conrad the Salique dies, June 4, and is succeeded by Henry the Black.	
11		6			
12		7			
13		8			
14		9	Hermannus 'Contractus' of Suabia, mathematician and chronologer	Michael IV. dies, Dec. 10; his cousin, Michael Calaphates, is placed by the empress Zoe on the throne.	Godwin Earl of Kent, ob. 1053
15		10		Calaphates dethroned by Zoe, who marries Constantine Monomachus, and raises him to the throne.	
16		11		The Normans conquer Apulia from the Greeks, 1043.—Fourth naval expedition of the Russians against Constantinople	George Manasses, tyrant in the East
17 Magnus the Good King of Norway	1 William I.	1 Gregory VI.			Siward, Earl of Northumberland, ob. 1055
18	2 Bras-de-fer	2			Leo Tomitius, tyrant in the East
19	3	3			
20	1 Drogo	1 Clement II.		The Emperor Henry deposes three Popes at the Council of Sutrium, and is crowned, Dec. 25, by Pope Clement II.	Leofric Duke of Mercia, ob. 1057
21	2	[II.]	Franco of Liege, mathemat.		
22 Sweyn II.	3	1 Damasus I 1 Leo IX.	Hereman, Bp. of Sherborne, ob. 1077	The Emperor Constantine makes war in Media.	
23	4	2		League of Pope Leo IX. and the two Emperors against the Normans in Sicily.	
24	5	3		The Turks invade the Eastern empire.—The Pisans and the Genoese subdue Sardinia.	
25					





Year	DOGES OF VENICE	Tuscany, Dukes, Etc.	Marquises of Montferrat	Burgundy Dukes of Bretagne	Flanders Counts Dukes	L. Lorraine	Luxembg. Counts of Namur	Friesland Counts of Hainault	Stabia Dukes of Franconia	Dukes of Bavaria	Dukes of Saxony	Dukes of Lorraine
01	11 Pietro Orseolo II.	1 Adalbert III.	7 William I.	37 Henry Geoffrey	13 Baldwin IV. Otho I		4 Frederic I.	14 Arnolph Regner 4 IV.	5 Herman II. Otho 47	7 Henry III. elected emperor	29 Bernard I. Thierry 18	
02	12	2	8	38	14	2	5	15	6	8	30	19
03	13	3	9		15	3	6	16	7	9	31	20
04	14	4	10		16	4	7	17	8	10	32	21
05	15	5	11		17	5	8	18	9	11	33	22
06	16	6	12		18	6	9	19	10	12	34	23
07	17	7	13		19	7	10	20	11	13	35	24
08	18	8	14	Alain V. 1	20	8	11	21	12	14	36	25
09	1 Ottone Orseolo	9	15		21	9	12	22	13	15	37	26
10	2	10	16		22	10	13	23	14	16	1 Bernard II.	27
11	3	11	17		23	11	14	24	15	17	2	28
12	4	12	18		24	12	15	25	16	18	3	29
13	5	13	19		25	13	16	26	17	19	4	30
14	6	1 Rinaldo Duke and 2 Marquis	20		26	14	17	27	18	20	5	31
15	7		21	1 Henry II.	27	15	18	28	19	21	6	32
16	8	3	22	2	28	16	19	29	20	22	7	33
17	9	4	23	3	29	17	20	30	21	23	8	34
18	10	5	24	4	30	18	21	31	22	24	9	35
19	11	6	25	5	31	19	22	32	23	25	10	36
20	12	7	26	6	32	20	23	33	24	26	11	37
21	13	8	27	7	33	21	24	34	25	27	12	38
22	14	9	28	8	34	22	25	35	26	28	13	39
23	15	10	29	9	35	23	26	36	27	29	14	40
24	16	11	30	10	36	24	27	37	28	30	15	41
25	17	12	31	11	37	25	28	38	29	31	16	42
26	1 Pietro Barbolano	13	32	12	38	26	29	39	30	32	17	Frederic I II.
27	2	1 Boniface II.	33	13	39	27	30	40	31	33	18	2
28	3	2 the Pious Duke and 3 Marquis	34	14	40	28	31	41	32	34	19	3
29	4		35	15	41	29	32	42	33	35	20	4
30	5	4	36	16	42	30	33	43	34	36	21	5
31	6	5	37	17	43	31	34	44	35	37	22	6
32	1 Domenico Flabano	6	38	18	44	32	35	45	36	38	23	7
33	2		39	19	45	33	36	46	37	39	24	Gothe- 1 lon I.
34	3	8	40	20	46	34	37	47	38	40	25	2
35	4	9	41	21	47	35	38	48	39	41	26	3
36	5	10	42	22	48	36	39	49	40	42	27	4
37	6	11	43	23	49	37	40	50	41	43	28	5
38	7	12	44	24	50	38	41	51	42	44	29	6
39	8	13	45	25	51	39	42	52	43	45	30	7
40	9	14	46	26	52	40	43	53	44	46	31	8
41	10	15	47	27	53	41	44	54	45	47	32	9
42	11	16	48	28	54	42	45	55	46	48	33	10
43	1 Domenico Contarini I.	17	49	29	55	43	46	56	47	49	34	Gothe- 1 lon II.
44	2	18	50	30	56	44	47	57	48	50	35	2
45	3	19	51	31	57	45	48	58	49	51	36	3
46	4	20	52	32	58	46	49	59	50	52	37	Alts d Alsace 1
47	5	21	53	33	59	47	50	60	51	53	38	2
48	6	22	54	34	60	48	51	61	52	54	39	Gerard 1 of Alsace 2
49	7	23	55	35	61	49	52	62	53	55	40	3
50	8	24	56	36	62	50	53	63	54	56	41	4







Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of The East	Emperors of Germany	Hungary		Poland. Kings, Dukes	Kings of France	Counts of Maurienne	KINGS IN SPAIN			Dukes of Normandy	England
				K. and D.	Bohemia				Castile	Arragon	Local		
5764	1051	10 Zoe and Constantine X.	13 Henry III.	5 Andrew I. Bretis-15 las I.	11 Casimir I.	21 Henry I.	4 Amadeus I.	17 Garcia III.	17 Ferdind. I. Rami-ro I.	18	8 Mahomed ben 9 Gehwar	17 William II. the Bastard	10 Edw. M.
5765	1052	11 —	14 —	6 — 17	12 —	22 —	5 —	18 —	18 —	18	18 —	18 —	11 —
5766	1053	12 —	15 —	7 —	13 —	23 —	6 —	19 —	19 —	19	10 —	19 —	12 —
5767	1054	1 Theodora	16 —	8 —	14 —	24 —	7 —	1 Sancho IV.	20 —	20	11 —	20 —	13 —
5768	1055	2 —	17 —	9 —	15 —	25 —	8 —	2 —	21 —	21	12 —	21 —	14 —
5769	1056	1 Michael VI. Stratiotic.	1 Henry IV.	10 —	16 —	26 —	9 —	3 —	22 —	22	13 —	22 —	15 —
5770	1057	1 Isaac I. Comnenus	2 —	11 —	17 —	27 —	10 —	4 —	23 —	23	14 —	23 —	16 —
5771	1058	2 —	3 —	12 —	18 —	28 —	11 —	5 —	24 —	24	15 —	24 —	17 —
5772	1059	1 Constantine XI.	4 —	13 —	19 —	29 —	12 —	6 —	25 —	25	16 —	25 —	18 —
5773	1060	2 Ducas	5 —	14 —	20 —	3 —	1 Philip I. P'Amou-reux	7 —	26 —	26	17 —	26 —	19 —
5774	1061	3 —	6 —	1 Bela I. Wratis-1 las II.	4 —	2 —	14 —	8 —	27 —	27	18 —	27 —	20 —
5775	1062	4 —	7 —	2 —	5 —	3 —	15 —	9 —	28 —	28	19 —	28 —	21 —
5776	1063	5 —	8 —	3 —	6 —	4 —	16 —	10 —	29 —	29	20 —	29 —	22 —
5777	1064	6 —	9 —	1 Salomon	7 —	5 —	17 —	11 —	30 —	30	21 —	30 —	23 —
5778	1065	7 —	10 —	2 —	8 —	6 —	18 —	12 —	31 —	31	22 —	31 —	24 —
5779	1066	8 —	11 —	3 —	9 —	7 —	19 —	13 —	32 —	32	23 —	32 —	25 —
5780	1067	1 Eudocia and Romanus IV.	12 —	4 —	10 —	8 —	20 —	14 —	33 —	33	24 —	33 —	26 —
5781	1068	2 Diogenes	13 —	5 —	11 —	9 —	21 —	15 —	34 —	34	25 —	34 —	27 —
5782	1069	3 —	14 —	6 —	12 —	10 —	22 —	16 —	35 —	35	26 —	35 —	28 —
5783	1070	4 —	15 —	7 —	13 —	11 —	23 —	17 —	36 —	36	27 —	36 —	29 —
5784	1071	1 Michael VII. Parapinaces	16 —	8 —	14 —	12 —	24 —	18 —	37 —	37	28 —	37 —	30 —
5785	1072	2 Androni-cus I. and Constantine XII.	17 —	9 —	15 —	13 —	1 Humbert II. le Renforcé	19 —	38 —	38	29 —	38 —	31 —
5786	1073	3 —	18 —	10 —	16 —	14 —	2 —	20 —	39 —	39	30 —	39 —	32 —
5787	1074	4 —	19 —	11 —	17 —	15 —	3 —	21 —	40 —	40	31 —	40 —	33 —
5788	1075	5 —	20 —	1 Geisa I.	18 —	16 —	4 —	22 —	41 —	41	32 —	41 —	34 —
5789	1076	6 —	21 —	2 —	19 —	17 —	5 —	23 —	42 —	42	33 —	42 —	35 —
5790	1077	7 —	22 —	1 Ladislav I.	20 —	18 —	6 —	24 —	43 —	43	34 —	43 —	36 —
5791	1078	1 Nicephorus III.	23 —	2 —	21 —	19 —	7 —	25 —	44 —	44	35 —	44 —	37 —
5792	1079	2 —	24 —	3 —	22 —	20 —	8 —	26 —	45 —	45	36 —	45 —	38 —
5793	1080	3 —	25 —	4 —	23 —	21 —	9 —	27 —	46 —	46	37 —	46 —	39 —
5794	1081	1 Alexis I. Comnenus	26 —	5 —	24 —	22 —	10 —	28 —	47 —	47	38 —	47 —	40 —
5795	1082	2 —	27 —	6 —	25 —	23 —	11 —	29 —	48 —	48	39 —	48 —	41 —
5796	1083	3 —	28 —	7 —	26 —	24 —	12 —	30 —	49 —	49	40 —	49 —	42 —
5797	1084	4 —	29 —	8 —	27 —	25 —	13 —	31 —	50 —	50	41 —	50 —	43 —
5798	1085	5 —	30 —	9 —	28 —	26 —	14 —	32 —	51 —	51	42 —	51 —	44 —
5799	1086	6 —	31 —	10 —	29 —	27 —	15 —	33 —	52 —	52	43 —	52 —	45 —
5800	1087	7 —	32 —	11 —	30 —	28 —	16 —	34 —	53 —	53	44 —	53 —	46 —
5801	1088	8 —	33 —	12 —	31 —	29 —	17 —	35 —	54 —	54	45 —	54 —	47 —
5802	1089	9 —	34 —	13 —	32 —	30 —	18 —	36 —	55 —	55	46 —	55 —	48 —
5803	1090	10 —	35 —	14 —	33 —	31 —	19 —	37 —	56 —	56	47 —	56 —	49 —
5804	1091	11 —	36 —	15 —	34 —	32 —	20 —	38 —	57 —	57	48 —	57 —	50 —
5805	1092	12 —	37 —	16 —	35 —	33 —	21 —	39 —	58 —	58	49 —	58 —	51 —
5806	1093	13 —	38 —	17 —	36 —	34 —	22 —	40 —	59 —	59	50 —	59 —	52 —
5807	1094	14 —	39 —	18 —	37 —	35 —	23 —	41 —	60 —	60	51 —	60 —	53 —
5808	1095	15 —	40 —	1 Coloman	38 —	36 —	24 —	42 —	61 —	61	52 —	61 —	54 —
5809	1096	16 —	41 —	2 —	39 —	37 —	25 —	43 —	62 —	62	53 —	62 —	55 —
5810	1097	17 —	42 —	3 —	40 —	38 —	26 —	44 —	63 —	63	54 —	63 —	56 —
5811	1098	18 —	43 —	4 —	41 —	39 —	27 —	45 —	64 —	64	55 —	64 —	57 —
5812	1099	19 —	44 —	5 —	42 —	40 —	28 —	46 —	65 —	65	56 —	65 —	58 —
5813	1100	20 —	45 —	6 Borzivoi II. Duke	43 —	41 —	29 —	47 —	66 —	66	57 —	66 —	59 —

Local Kings—Seville and Cordova

Leon separated from Castile

Mahom-1 edAlmo-stadir

Invades England

Robert Courthose 1087—1106

Dynasty of the Almoravides

Counts of Portugal

1 Henry of Burgundy

1 Yusef ben 2 Taxfin

1 Pedro I. of Aragon

1 Pedro I. of Navarre

Kings of Sweden		Counts of Sicily	Counts of Apulia	POPEs	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MIDDLE AGES	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
1	1	1	1	4 Leo IX.		Rebellion and banishment of the Godwins.—Visit by the Duke of Normandy to King Edward. Restoration of the Godwins.	
2	2	2	2	5	Cardinal Damiano, historian, ob. 1073		
3	3	3	3	6	Michael Cerularius, patriarch of Constantinople, 1058	Death of Earl Godwin.—Battle of Civitella, Pope Leo IX. taken prisoner by Robert Guiscard, June 18. The Patriarch of Constantinople excommunicated by Pope Leo IX., July 16. Togrul Beg delivers the Caliph of Bagdad.	
4	4	4	4	7			
5	5	5	5	1 Victor II.			
6	6	6	6	2			
7	7	7	7	3	George Cedrenus, historian	The Emperor Henry the Black dies, Oct. 5.—The Empress Theodora dies, Aug. 22. Michael VI. abdicates the empire of the East in favour of Isaac Comnenus, June 8. Robert Guiscard drives the Saracens out of Italy.	Theodosius, son to Constantine Monomachus
8	8	8	8	4			
9	9	9	9	5	Berengarius of Angers, ob. æt. 90, 1088		
10	10	10	10	6			
11	11	11	11	7			
12	12	12	12	8			
13	13	13	13	9			
14	14	14	14	10			
15	15	15	15	11			
16	16	16	16	12			
17	17	17	17	13			
18	18	18	18	14			
19	19	19	19	15			
20	20	20	20	16			
21	21	21	21	17			
22	22	22	22	18			
23	23	23	23	19			
24	24	24	24	20			
25	25	25	25	21			
26	26	26	26	22			
27	27	27	27	23			
28	28	28	28	24			
29	29	29	29	25			
30	30	30	30	26			
31	31	31	31	27			
32	32	32	32	28			
33	33	33	33	29			
34	34	34	34	30			
35	35	35	35	31			
36	36	36	36	32			
37	37	37	37	33			
38	38	38	38	34			
39	39	39	39	35			
40	40	40	40	36			
41	41	41	41	37			
42	42	42	42	38			
43	43	43	43	39			
44	44	44	44	40			
45	45	45	45	41			
46	46	46	46	42			
47	47	47	47	43			
48	48	48	48	44			
49	49	49	49	45			
50	50	50	50	46			
51	51	51	51	47			
52	52	52	52	48			
53	53	53	53	49			
54	54	54	54	50			
55	55	55	55	51			
56	56	56	56	52			
57	57	57	57	53			
58	58	58	58	54			
59	59	59	59	55			
60	60	60	60	56			
61	61	61	61	57			
62	62	62	62	58			
63	63	63	63	59			
64	64	64	64	60			
65	65	65	65	61			
66	66	66	66	62			
67	67	67	67	63			
68	68	68	68	64			
69	69	69	69	65			
70	70	70	70	66			
71	71	71	71	67			
72	72	72	72	68			
73	73	73	73	69			
74	74	74	74	70			
75	75	75	75	71			
76	76	76	76	72			
77	77	77	77	73			
78	78	78	78	74			
79	79	79	79	75			
80	80	80	80	76			
81	81	81	81	77			
82	82	82	82	78			
83	83	83	83	79			
84	84	84	84	80			
85	85	85	85	81			
86	86	86	86	82			
87	87	87	87	83			
88	88	88	88	84			
89	89	89	89	85			
90	90	90	90	86			
91	91	91	91	87			
92	92	92	92	88			
93	93	93	93	89			
94	94	94	94	90			
95	95	95	95	91			
96	96	96	96	92			
97	97	97	97	93			
98	98	98	98	94			
99	99	99	99	95			
100	100	100	100	96			





Anno Dom.	DOGES OF VENICE	Tuscany Dukes of Signori Ferrara	Marquises of Montferrat	Burgundy Dukes of Bretagne	Flanders Counts Dukes	Lorraine L.	Namur Counts of Luxembg.	Holland Counts of Hainault	Dukes of Suabia.	Dukes of Bavaria	Saxony Dukes of Lorraine
1051	9 Domenico Contarini I.	25 Boniface II.	57 William I.	20 Robert Conan II.	16 Baldw. V. Fredic V.		15 Albert III. Gilbert 33	3 Florence I. Rechila 22	5 Otho III.	5 Conrad I.	42 Bernard II. Gerard 4
1052	10	1 Frederic	58	21	17		16	4	6	1 Henry VI.	43
1053	11	2	59	22	18		17	5	7	2	44
1054	12	3	60	23	19		18	6	8	1 Conrad II.	45
1055	13	1 Beatrice and Godfrey the Bearded	61	24	20		19	7	9	2	46
1056	14	2	62	25	21		20	8	10	1 Agnes empress 2 dowager	47
1057	15	3	63	26	22		21	9	1 Rodolph	48	
1058	16	4	64	27	23		22	10	2	3	49
1059	17	5	65	28	24		23	11	3	4	50
1060	18	6	1 Boniface I.	29	25		24	12	4	5	51
1061	19	7	2	30	26		25	1 Thierry V.	5	1 Otho	52
1062	20	8	3	31	27		26	2	6	2	1 Otho III.
1063	21	9	4	32	28		27	3	7	3	2
1064	22	10	5	33	29		28	3	8	4	3
1065	23	11	6	34	30	Godfrey IV.	29	5	9	5	4
1066	24	12	7	35	31	Hoel V.	30	6	10	6	5
1067	25	13	8	36	32	1 Baldwin VI. the Good	31	7	11	7	6
1068	26	14	9	37	33	2	32	8	12	8	7
1069	27	15	10	38	34	3	33	9	13	9	8
1070	28	16	11	39	40	1 Godfrey V. Bossu Arnolph III.	34	10	14	10	9
1071	1 Domenico Silvio	17	12	40	41	1 Robert I. le Frison	35	11	15	1 Guelph I.	10
1072	2	18	13	41	42	2	36	12	16	2	11
1073	3	19	14	42	43	3	37	13	17	3	1 Magnus
1074	4	20	15	43	44	4	38	14	18	4	2
1075	5	21	16	45	46	1 Hugh I.	39	15	19	5	3
1076	6	1 Matilda the Great, Countess	17	47	48	2	40	16	20	6	4
1077	7	2	18	48	49	3	41	17	21	7	5
1078	8	3	19	49	50	1 Eudes I.	42	18	22	8	6
1079	9	4	20	50	51	2	43	19	23	9	7
1080	10	5	21	51	52	3	44	20	24	1 Frederic I. de Buren	8
1081	11	6	22	52	53	4	45	21	25	2	9
1082	12	7	23	53	54	5	46	22	26	3	10
1083	13	8	24	54	55	6	47	23	27	4	11
1084	1 Vitale Faliero	9	25	55	56	7	48	24	28	5	12
1085	2	10	26	56	57	8	49	25	29	6	13
1086	3	11	27	57	58	1	50	26	30	7	14
1087	4	12	28	58	59	2	51	27	31	8	15
1088	5	13	29	59	60	3	52	28	32	9	16
1089	6	14	30	60	61	4	53	29	33	10	17
1090	7	15	31	61	62	5	54	30	34	11	18
1091	8	16	32	62	63	6	55	31	35	12	19
1092	9	17	33	63	64	7	56	32	36	13	20
1093	10	18	34	64	65	8	57	33	37	14	21
1094	11	19	35	65	66	1 Robert II. of Jerusalem	58	34	38	15	22
1095	12	20	36	66	67	2	59	35	39	16	23
1096	1 Vitale Micheli I.	21	37	67	68	3	60	36	40	17	24
1097	2	22	38	68	69	4	61	37	41	18	25
1098	3	23	39	69	70	5	62	38	42	19	26
1099	4	24	40	70	71	6	63	39	43	20	27
1100	5	25	41	71	72	7	64	40	44	21	28
			1 William II. circ.	72	73	8	65	41	45	22	29
				73	74	9	66	42	46	23	30
				74	75	10	67	43	47	24	31
				75	76	11	68	44	48	25	32
				76	77	12	69	45	49	26	33
				77	78	13	70	46	50	27	34
				78	79	14	71	47	51	28	35
				79	80	15	72	48	52	29	36
				80	81	16	73	49	53	30	37
				81	82	17	74	50	54	31	38
				82	83	18	75	51	55	32	39
				83	84	19	76	52	56	33	40
				84	85	20	77	53	57	34	41
				85	86	21	78	54	58	35	42
				86	87	22	79	55	59	36	43
				87	88	23	80	56	60	37	44
				88	89	24	81	57	61	38	45
				89	90	25	82	58	62	39	46
				90	91	26	83	59	63	40	47
				91	92	27	84	60	64	41	48
				92	93	28	85	61	65	42	49
				93	94	29	86	62	66	43	50
				94	95	30	87	63	67	44	51
				95	96	31	88	64	68	45	52
				96	97	32	89	65	69	46	53
				97	98	33	90	66	70	47	54
				98	99	34	91	67	71	48	55
				99	100	35	92	68	72	49	56
				100	101	36	93	69	73	50	57
				101	102	37	94	70	74	51	58
				102	103	38	95	71	75	52	59
				103	104	39	96	72	76	53	60
				104	105	40	97	73	77	54	61
				105	106	41	98	74	78	55	62
				106	107	42	99	75	79	56	63
				107	108	43	100	76	80	57	64
				108	109	44	101	77	81	58	65
				109	110	45	102	78	82	59	66
				110	111	46	103	79	83	60	67
				111	112	47	104	80	84	61	68
				112	113	48	105	81	85	62	69
				113	114	49	106	82	86	63	70
				114	115	50	107	83	87	64	71
				115	116	51	108	84	88	65	72
				116	117	52	109	85	89	66	73
				117	118	53	110	86	90	67	74
				118	119	54	111	87	91	68	75
				119	120	55	112	88	92	69	76
				120	121	56	113	89	93	70	77
				121	122	57	114	90	94	71	78
				122	123	58	115	91	95	72	79
				123	124	59	116	92	96	73	80
				124	125	60	117	93	97	74	81
				125	126	61	118	94	98	75	82
				126	127	62	119	95	99	76	83
				127	128	63	120	96	100	77	84
				128	129	64	121	97	101	78	85
				129	130	65	122	98	102	79	86
				130	131	66	123	99	103	80	87
				131	132	67	124	100	104	81	88
				132	133	68	125	101	105	82	89
				133	134	69	126	102	106	83	90
				134	135	70	127	103	107	84	91
				135	136	71	128	104	108	85	92
				136	137	72	129	105	109	86	93
				137	138	73	130	106	110	87	94
				138	139	74	131	107	111	88	95
				139	140	75	132	108	112	89	96
				140	141	76	133	109	113	90	97
				141	142	77	134	110	114	91	98
				142	143	78	135	111	115	92	99
				143	144	79	136	112	116	93	100
				144	145	80	137	113	117	94	101
				145	146	81	138	114	118	9	







Jul. Period.	Anno Domini.	Emperors of The East	Emperors of Germany	Hungary Kings — K. and D.	Bohemia Kings — Duke	Poland. Kings, Dukes	Kings of France	Counts of Matrienne	KINGS IN SPAIN			Counts of Portugal	England Kings —
									Castile	— Arragon	Almorav.		
5814	1101	21 Alexis I. Comnenus	46 Henry IV.	7 Coloman I. Borzi-voi II.	1 Boleslas III.	21 Ladislav II.	42 Philip I.	30 Humbert II.	8 Pedro I.	30 Alfonso VI. Pedro I.	8 Yussef ben Taxfin	8 Henry of Burgundy	2 Hen- Es
5815	1102	22 —	47 —	8 —	2 Wry-mouth	1 Boleslas III.	43 —	31 —	9 —	31 —	9 —	9 —	3 —
5816	1103	23 —	48 —	9 —	3 —	2 —	44 —	32 —	10 —	32 —	10 —	10 —	4 —
5817	1104	24 —	49 —	10 —	5 —	3 —	45 —	33 —	1 Alfonso I. King of Arragon	33 Alfonso I. the Warrior	11 —	11 —	5 —
5818	1105	25 —	50 —	11 —	6 —	4 —	46 —	34 —	2 —	34 —	12 —	12 —	6 —
5819	1106	26 —	1 Henry V.	12 —	7 —	5 —	47 —	35 —	3 —	35 —	3 —	13 —	7 —
5820	1107	27 —	2 —	13 Suatopluc Duke	1 —	6 —	48 —	36 —	4 —	36 —	4 —	1 Ali ben Yussef	8 Ale
5821	1108	28 —	3 —	14 —	2 —	7 —	1 Louis VI.	1 Amadeus II.	5 —	37 —	5 —	2 —	9 —
5822	1109	29 —	4 —	15 Ladislav II. Duke	1 —	8 —	2 le Gros	2 Count of Savoy	6 —	1 Urraca and Alfonso VII.	6 —	3 —	10 —
5823	1110	30 —	5 —	16 —	2 —	9 —	3 —	3 —	7 —	2 —	7 —	4 —	11 —
5824	1111	31 —	6 —	17 —	3 —	10 —	4 —	4 —	8 —	3 —	8 —	5 —	12 —
5825	1112	32 —	7 —	18 —	4 —	11 —	5 —	5 —	9 —	4 —	9 —	6 —	1 Alfonso I. and Theresa
5826	1113	33 —	8 —	19 —	5 —	12 —	6 —	6 —	10 —	5 —	10 —	7 —	14 —
5827	1114	34 —	9 —	1 Stephen II. the Thunderbolt	6 —	13 —	7 —	7 —	11 —	6 —	11 —	8 —	3 —
5828	1115	35 —	10 —	2 —	7 —	14 —	8 —	8 —	12 —	7 —	12 —	9 —	4 —
5829	1116	36 —	11 —	3 —	8 —	15 —	9 —	9 —	13 —	8 —	13 —	10 —	5 —
5830	1117	37 —	12 —	4 —	9 —	16 —	10 —	10 —	14 —	9 —	14 —	11 —	6 —
5831	1118	1 John-Comnenus	13 —	5 —	10 —	17 —	11 —	11 —	15 —	10 —	15 —	12 —	7 —
5832	1119	2 Kalos	14 —	6 —	11 —	18 —	12 —	12 —	16 —	11 —	16 —	13 —	8 —
5833	1120	3 —	15 —	7 —	12 —	19 —	13 —	13 —	17 —	12 —	17 —	14 —	9 —
5834	1121	4 —	16 —	8 —	13 —	20 —	14 —	14 —	18 —	13 —	18 —	15 —	10 —
5835	1122	5 —	17 —	9 —	14 —	21 —	15 —	15 —	19 —	14 —	19 —	16 —	11 —
5836	1123	6 —	18 —	10 —	15 —	22 —	16 —	16 —	20 —	15 —	20 —	17 —	12 —
5837	1124	7 —	19 —	11 —	16 —	23 —	17 —	17 —	21 —	16 —	21 —	18 —	13 —
5838	1125	8 —	1 Lothaire II. the Saxon	12 Sobielas I. Duke	1 —	24 —	18 —	18 —	22 —	17 —	22 —	19 —	14 —
5839	1126	9 —	2 —	13 —	2 —	25 —	19 —	19 —	23 —	1 Alfonso VIII. Raymond	23 —	20 —	15 —
5840	1127	10 —	3 —	14 —	3 —	26 —	20 —	20 —	24 —	2 —	24 —	21 —	16 —
5841	1128	11 —	4 —	15 —	4 —	27 —	21 —	21 —	25 —	3 —	25 —	22 —	17 Alfonso alone
5842	1129	12 —	5 —	16 —	5 —	28 —	22 —	22 —	26 —	4 —	26 —	23 —	18 —
5843	1130	13 —	6 —	17 —	6 —	29 —	23 —	23 —	27 —	5 —	27 —	24 —	19 —
5844	1131	14 —	7 —	1 Bela II.	7 —	30 —	24 —	24 —	28 —	6 —	28 —	25 —	20 —
5845	1132	15 —	8 —	2 —	8 —	31 —	25 —	25 —	29 —	7 —	29 —	26 —	21 —
5846	1133	16 —	9 —	3 —	9 —	32 —	26 —	26 —	30 —	8 —	30 —	27 —	22 —
5847	1134	17 —	10 —	4 —	10 —	33 —	27 —	27 —	1 Garcia-Ramirez	9 Ramiro II. the Monk	23 —	23 —	23 —
5848	1135	18 —	11 —	5 —	11 —	34 —	28 —	28 —	2 —	10 —	29 —	24 —	24 —
5849	1136	19 —	12 —	6 —	12 —	35 —	29 —	29 —	3 —	11 —	3 —	30 —	25 —
5850	1137	20 —	13 —	7 —	13 —	36 —	1 Louis VII. le Jeune	30 —	4 —	12 Petronilla and Raymond	31 —	31 —	26 —
5851	1138	21 —	1 Interreg. Conrad III.	8 —	14 —	1 Ladislav III. King	2 —	31 —	5 —	13 Count of Barcelona	32 —	32 —	27 —
6852	1139	22 —	2 —	9 —	15 —	2 —	3 —	32 —	6 —	14 —	33 —	33 —	28 takes the regal title
5853	1140	23 —	3 —	10 Ladislav III. 2d K.	1 —	3 —	4 —	33 —	7 —	15 —	4 —	34 —	29 —
5854	1141	24 —	4 —	1 Geisa II.	2 —	4 —	5 —	34 —	8 —	16 —	5 —	35 —	30 —
5855	1142	25 —	5 —	2 —	3 —	5 —	6 —	35 —	9 —	17 —	6 —	36 —	31 —
5856	1143	1 Manuel I. Comnenus	6 —	3 —	4 —	6 —	7 —	36 —	10 —	18 —	7 —	1 Taxfin ben Ali Ibrahim Anarchy	32 —
5857	1144	2 —	7 —	4 —	5 —	7 —	8 —	37 —	11 —	19 —	8 —	2 —	33 —
5858	1145	3 —	8 —	5 —	6 —	8 —	9 —	38 —	12 —	20 —	9 —	1 —	34 —
5859	1146	4 —	9 —	6 —	7 —	1 Boleslas IV.	10 —	39 —	13 —	21 —	10 —	—	35 —
5860	1147	5 —	10 —	7 —	8 —	2 le Frisé	11 —	40 —	14 —	22 —	11 —	—	36 —
5861	1148	6 —	11 —	8 —	9 —	3 —	12 —	1 Humbert III. the Saint	15 —	23 —	12 —	—	37 —
5862	1149	7 —	12 —	9 —	10 —	4 —	13 —	2 —	16 —	24 —	13 —	—	38 —
5863	1150	8 —	13 —	10 —	11 —	5 —	14 —	3 —	1 Sancho VI.	25 —	14 —	—	39 —

Kings of Sweden		Kings of Sicily		Kings of Jerusalem		POPES	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MIDDLE AGES	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
Eric III.	1	Roger II.	1	3	Pascal II.	3		Ralph Flambard, Bishop of Durham, escapes to Normandy. 1st Crusade by land.	Archbishop Anselm, 1034—1109
Ingo I. 12 the 13 God Interreg. 14	2	Baldwin I.	2	4	Roger 17 Duke 18 of Apulia 19	4		Revolt and banishment of Robert de Belesme, Earl of Shrewsbury.	
— 15	4	—	4	5	—	5		Duke Robert visits King Henry, but is obliged to purchase his liberty to return.	
Nicholas 16	5	—	5	6	—	6		Baldwin, King of Jerusalem, defeats the Saracens and takes Ptolemais.	
— 17	6	—	6	7	—	7		Robert, in revenge for his brother's hostility, accepts the services of Flambard and Belesme.	
— 18	7	—	7	8	—	8		Battle of Tenchebray, Sept. 28; Duke Robert sent prisoner to Cardiff Castle for life.	
— 19	8	—	8	9	—	9		King Henry, now become master of all Normandy, returns to England.	
— 20	9	—	9	10	—	10		Battle of the Seven Counts.—Alphonso VI. defeated by the Saracens, under Ali, at Ucles, May 27.	
— 21	10	—	10	11	—	11		The Princess Matilda affianced to the Emperor Henry V. by proxy.	
— 22	11	—	11	12	—	12		Robert, King Henry's natural son, created Earl of Gloucester.	
Philip 1	12	—	12	13	William I. II.	13		King Henry settles a colony of Flemings in Wales.	Anseau de Garlande, minister to Louis le Gros, ob. 1118
— 2	13	—	13	14	—	14		King Henry captures and executes Helie, Earl of Mans, the protector of William of Flanders.	
— 3	14	—	14	15	—	15		Fulke, Earl of Anjou, seizes the earldom of Mans, in right of his wife and against King Henry.	
— 4	15	—	15	16	—	16		Robert de Belesme falls into King Henry's hands, and is imprisoned in Wareham Castle for life.	Roger Bishop of Salisbury, minister to Henry I., ob. 1140
— 5	16	—	16	17	—	17		Peace is accepted by the Earl of Anjou, and the interests of the Norman prince are abandoned.	William de Garlande, minister to Louis, 1120
— 6	17	—	17	18	—	18		King Henry instigates the Earl of Blois against King Louis, and sends him a powerful force.	
Ingo II. 1	18	Baldwin II.	1	19	—	19		Louis, with the aid of the Earl of Flanders, invests William in possession of Normandy.	
— 2	19	—	2	20	—	20		War renewed in Normandy.—Queen Matilda dies, May 1. Order of Knights Templars begins.	
— 3	20	—	3	21	—	21		Battle of Brenville, Henry defeats Louis, who receives homage for Normandy from Prince William.	
— 4	21	—	4	22	—	22		Prince William wrecked off Barfleur on his return to England with the flower of the younger nobility.	
— 5	22	—	5	23	—	23		Second marriage of King Henry, with the Princess Adelaide of Lovain, Feb. 2.	Chancellor de Senlis, minister to Louis
— 6	23	—	6	24	—	24		Malta taken by Roger King of Sicily.—Investiture by ring and crosser abandoned by the Emperor.	
— 7	24	—	7	25	—	25		Waleran de Mellent aims to restore William of Flanders. 1Xth General Council of the Lateran, Mar. 18—Ap. 5.	William de Poitiers, Duke of Aquitaine, ob. 1137
— 8	25	—	8	26	—	26		Waleran de Mellent and Amauri de Montfort are taken prisoners in a skirmish, Mar. 25.	
— 9	26	—	9	27	—	27		The Emperor Henry V., husband of Matilda, daughter of King Henry, dies, May 23.	
— 10	27	—	10	28	—	28		The Empress Matilda returns to England with King Henry, Sept. 11.	
— 11	28	—	11	29	—	29		The Empress Matilda marries Geoffrey Plantagenet, æt. 15, son of Fulke, Earl of Anjou, Aug. 26.	
Swerker I. 1	29	—	12	30	—	30		William, now Earl of Flanders, is killed at the siege of Alost, July 27.	
— 2	30	—	13	31	—	31		Louis le Gros is induced by the death of the Earl of Flanders to return to peace.	
— 3	31	—	14	32	—	32		King Henry passes over to Normandy, and has an interview with Pope Innocent at Chartres.	
— 4	32	—	15	33	—	33		The Barons swear fealty to the Empress Matilda.—Amalfi surrenders to the Normans.	
— 5	33	—	16	34	—	34		London reduced by fire nearly to ashes.	
— 6	34	—	17	35	—	35		Prince Henry born.—The oath of succession renewed, and the Prince included in it.	
— 7	35	—	18	36	—	36		Robert Duke of Normandy dies in Cardiff Castle, after a captivity of 28 years.	Stephen de Garlande, minister to Louis
— 8	36	—	19	37	—	37		King Henry I. dies, Dec. 2, æt. 67.—Robert Earl of Gloucester swears fealty to King Stephen.	
Eric IV. Harefoot 7	37	—	20	38	—	38		King Stephen produces the Pope's letter of succession to the Barons.—The Empress Matilda invades Normandy.	
— 8	38	—	21	39	—	39		David King of Scots marches to Durham, but peace ensues.—The Welsh rebel with impunity.	
Eric V. 9	39	—	22	40	—	40		Battle of the Standard, Aug. 22.—Robert Earl of Gloucester takes to arms for his sister Matilda.	William of Ypres, minister to Stephen
— 10	40	—	23	41	—	41		Defeat of the Saracens, at Campo Ouriquez, by Count Alphonso.—Xth General Council of the Lateran, Ap. 20.	Abbe Suger, minister to Louis le Jeune, ob. 1152
— 11	41	—	24	42	—	42		Battle of Wimsberg.—War cry of the Guelphs and Ghibelines, Dec. 21.	Louis le Jeune, ob. 1152
— 12	42	—	25	43	—	43		Battle of Lincoln; captivity of the King, Feb. 2, who is exchanged for the Earl of Gloucester, Nov. 1.	Empress Maud, ob. æt. 67, 1167
— 13	43	—	26	44	—	44		Matilda besieged in Oxford by Stephen, Sept. 26; escapes by night to Wallingford, Dec. 20.	Robert Earl of Gloucester, ob. 1146
— 14	44	—	27	45	—	45		Stephen retires to Wilton; but his quarters being beaten up by Gloucester, he escapes by night.	
— 15	45	—	28	46	—	46		The Empress Matilda's prospects decline, and King Stephen's party visibly increases.	Henry Bp. of Winchester, ob. 1171
— 16	46	—	29	47	—	47		The contending parties occupied only by predatory warfare.	
— 17	47	—	30	48	—	48		Robert Earl of Gloucester dies, Oct. 31.—Normandy subdued by the Earl of Anjou.	
— 18	48	—	31	49	—	49		The 11th Crusade under Conrad III. and Louis VII. The Empress Matilda retires to Normandy.	
— 19	49	—	32	50	—	50		The Christians, under Baldwin IV., besiege Damascus, but are obliged to raise it.	
— 20	50	—	33		—			Prince Henry receives knighthood from his uncle, the King of Scots, at Carlisle.	
— 21		—	34		—			Prince Henry, at the instance of Matilda, is invested with the dukedom of Normandy.	
— 22		—	35		—				
— 23		—	36		—				
— 24		—	37		—				
— 25		—	38		—				
— 26		—	39		—				
— 27		—	40		—				
— 28		—	41		—				
— 29		—	42		—				
— 30		—	43		—				
— 31		—	44		—				
— 32		—	45		—				
— 33		—	46		—				
— 34		—	47		—				
— 35		—	48		—				
— 36		—	49		—				
— 37		—	50		—				
— 38		—	51		—				
— 39		—	52		—				
— 40		—	53		—				
— 41		—	54		—				
— 42		—	55		—				
— 43		—	56		—				
— 44		—	57		—				
— 45		—	58		—				
— 46		—	59		—				
— 47		—	60		—				
— 48		—	61		—				
— 49		—	62		—				
— 50		—	63		—				
— 51		—	64		—				
— 52		—	65		—				
— 53		—	66		—				
— 54		—	67		—				
— 55		—	68		—				
— 56		—	69		—				
— 57		—	70		—				
— 58		—	71		—				
— 59		—	72		—				
— 60		—	73		—				
— 61		—	74		—				
— 62		—	75		—				
— 63		—	76		—				
— 64		—	77		—				
— 65		—	78		—				
— 66		—	79		—				
— 67		—	80		—				
— 68		—	81		—				
— 69		—	82		—				
— 70		—	83		—				
— 71		—	84		—				
— 72		—	85		—				
— 73		—	86		—				
— 74		—	87		—				
— 75		—	88		—				
— 76		—	89		—				
— 77		—	90		—				
— 78		—	91		—				
— 79		—	92		—				
— 80		—	93		—				
— 81		—	94		—				
— 82		—	95		—				
— 83		—	96		—				
— 84		—	97		—				
— 85		—	98		—				
— 86		—	99		—				
— 87		—	100		—				
— 88		—	101		—				
— 89		—	102		—				
— 90		—	103		—				
— 91		—	104		—				
— 92		—	105		—				
— 93		—	106		—				
— 94		—	107		—				
— 95		—	108		—				
— 96		—	109		—				
— 97		—	110		—				
— 98		—	111		—				
— 99		—	112		—				
— 100		—	113		—				
— 101		—	114		—				
— 102		—	115		—				
— 103		—	116		—				
— 104		—	117		—				
— 105		—	118		—				
— 106		—	119		—				
— 107		—	120		—				
— 108		—	121		—				
— 109		—	122		—				
— 110		—	123		—				
— 111		—	124		—				
— 112		—	125		—				
— 113		—	126		—				
— 114		—	127		—				
— 115		—	128		—				
— 116		—	129		—				
— 117		—	130		—				
— 118		—	131		—				
— 119		—	132		—				
— 120		—	133		—				
— 121		—	134		—				
— 122		—	135		—				





DOGES OF VENICE	Tuscany Dukes of Signori	Ferrara	Marquises of Montferrat	Burgundy Dukes of Bretagne	Flanders Dukes	Counts of Lorraine	Namur	Counts of Luxembg.	Holland	Counts of Hainaut	Suabia Dukes of Franconia	Bavaria Dukes Electors	Brandenbg. Dukes of Saxony	Dukes of Lorraine																																																																																											
6 Vitale Micheli I.	26 Matilda Frederic I.	36	2 William II.	24 Eudes I. Alain 18 Hugh II. 19 the Pacific	9 Robert II. Henry I.	65 Albert III. William 6 I.	11 Floren. 11. Baid. 3. win 4 III.	22 Frederic I.	1 Guelph II.	29 Magnus Thier-32 by II. 33	1 Ordelafo Faliero	27	3	4	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
2	28	37	4	3	11	68	13	23	2	3	23	2	3	4	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
3	29	38	5	3	12	67	14	24	3	4	24	3	4	5	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	
4	30	39	6	4	13	68	15	25	4	5	25	4	5	6	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100		
5	31	40	7	5	14	69	16	26	5	6	26	5	6	7	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100			
6	32	41	8	6	15	70	17	27	6	7	27	6	7	8	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100				
7	33	42	9	7	16	71	18	28	7	8	28	7	8	9	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100					
8	34	43	10	8	17	72	19	29	8	9	29	8	9	10	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100						
9	35	44	11	9	18	73	20	30	9	10	30	9	10	11	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100							
10	36	45	12	10	19	74	21	31	10	11	31	10	11	12	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100								
11	37	46	13	11	20	75	22	32	11	12	32	11	12	13	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100									
12	38	47	14	12	21	76	23	33	12	13	33	12	13	14	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100										
13	39	48	15	13	22	77	24	34	13	14	34	13	14	15	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100											
14	40	49	16	14	23	78	25	35	14	15	35	14	15	16	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100												
15	41	50	17	15	24	79	26	36	15	16	36	15	16	17	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91																						







Jul. Period.	Anno Domn.	Emperors of The East	Emperors of Germany	Kings ———		Poland. Kings, Dukes	Kings of France	Counts of Savoy	KINGS IN SPAIN			Kings of Portugal	England
				Hungary K. and D.	Bohemia				Castile—Arragon		Navarre		
5864	1151	9 Manuel I. Comnenus	14 Conrad III.	11 Geisa II. Ladislas IV.	12	6 Boleslas IV.	15 Louis VIII.	4 Humbert III.	2 Sancho VI. the Wise	26 Alfonso VIII. Petronilla	3 Abdelmumen	40 Alfonso I.	17 St.
5865	1152	10	1 Frederic I. Barbarossa	13	14	7	16	5	3	27	4	41	18
5866	1153	11	2	13	14	8	17	6	4	28	17	42	19 M
5867	1154	12	3	14	15	9	18	7	5	29	18	43	1 H
5868	1155	13	4	15	16	10	19	8	6	30	19	44	2
5869	1156	14	5	16	17	11	20	9	7	31	20	45	3
5870	1157	15	6	17	18	12	21	10	8	32	21	46	4
5871	1158	16	7	18	19	13	22	11	9	33	22	47	5
5872	1159	17	8	19	20	14	23	12	10	34	23	48	6
5873	1160	18	9	20	21	15	24	13	11	35	24	49	7
5874	1161	19	10	1	22	16	25	14	12	36	25	50	8
5875	1162	20	11	2	23	17	26	15	13	37	26	51	9
5876	1163	21	12	3	24	18	27	16	14	38	27	52	10
5877	1164	22	13	4	25	19	28	17	15	39	28	53	11
5878	1165	23	14	5	26	20	29	18	16	40	29	54	12 V
5879	1166	24	15	6	27	21	30	19	17	41	30	55	13
5880	1167	25	16	7	28	22	31	20	18	42	31	56	14
5881	1168	26	17	8	29	23	32	21	19	43	32	57	15
5882	1169	27	18	9	30	24	33	22	20	44	33	58	16
5883	1170	28	19	10	31	25	34	23	21	45	34	59	17
5884	1171	29	20	11	32	26	35	24	22	46	35	60	18
5885	1172	30	21	12	33	27	36	25	23	47	36	61	19
5886	1173	31	22		34	1	37	26	24	48	37	62	20
5887	1174	32	23	1	35	2	38	27	25	49	38	63	21
5888	1175	33	24	2	36	3	39	28	26	50	39	64	22
5889	1176	34	25	3	37	4	40	29	27	51	40	65	23
5890	1177	35	26	4	38	1	41	30	28	52	41	66	24
5891	1178	36	27	5	39	2	42	31	29	53	42	67	25
5892	1179	37	28	6	40	3	43	32	30	54	43	68	26
5893	1180	1 Alexius II. Comnenus	29	7	41	4	44	33	31	55	44	69	27
5894	1181	2	30	8	42	5	45	34	32	56	45	70	28
5895	1182	3	31	9	43	6	46	35	33	57	46	71	29
5896	1183	1 Andronicus I. Comnenus	32	10	44	7	47	36	34	58	47	72	30
5897	1184	2	33	11	45	8	48	37	35	59	48	73	31
5898	1185	1 Isaac II. Angelus	34	12	46	9	49	38	36	60	49	74	32
5899	1186	2	35	13	47	10	50	39	37	61	50	75	33
5900	1187	3	36	14	48	11	51	40	38	62	51	76	34
5901	1188	4	37	15	49	12	52	41	39	63	52	77	35
5902	1189	5	38	16	50	13	53	42	40	64	53	78	1 R
5903	1190	6	1 Henry Asper	17	51	14	54	43	41	65	54	79	2
5904	1191	7	2	18	52	15	55	44	42	66	55	80	3
5905	1192	8	3	19	53	16	56	45	43	67	56	81	4
5906	1193	9	4	20	54	17	57	46	44	68	57	82	5
5907	1194	10	5	21	55	1	58	47	45	69	58	83	6
5908	1195	1 Alexius III. Angelus the Tyrant	6	22	56	2	59	48	46	70	59	84	7
5909	1196	2	7	1	57	3	60	49	47	71	60	85	8
5910	1197	3	8	2	58	4	61	50	48	72	61	86	9
5911	1198	4	1 Philip of Suabia	3	59	5	62	51	49	73	62	87	10
5912	1199	5	2	4	60	6	63	52	50	74	63	88	1 Jc
5913	1200	6	3	5	61	7	64	53	51	75	64	89	2

Years	Kings of Sicily	Kings of Jerusalem	POPE	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MIDDLE AGES	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
1099	51 Roger II.	6 Eugenius III.	Gratian of Clusium, 'Decretal'	Henry Duke of Normandy marries Eleanor, the divorced Queen of Louis VII.	Henry is induced by the Earl of Chester to land in England to assert his mother's claim to the crown.	Robert Count de Dreux, ob. 1183
1100	52 Baldwin I.	7 ———	Geoffrey of Monmouth	Eustace dies.—Treaty of Winchester, Aug. 18.—Henry named heir to the crown, which Stephen holds for life.	King Stephen dies, Oct. 25, æt. 49.—The Emperor Frederic Barbarossa enters Italy to subdue it, Oct.	Earl Eustace, son of K. Stephen, ob. 1153
1101	53 ———	1 Anastatius IV.	Messuè of Cordova, physician	The Emperor Manuel reduces Apulia and Calabria.—Thomas à Becket made Lord Chancellor.	Thirty years' peace between the Greeks and the Normans in Sicily.	
1102	1 William I.	1 Adrian IV.	Buono, architect of St. Mark's Tower at Venice	Birth of Richard Cœur de Lion at Oxford.	Treaty of Milan with the Emperor Frederic, Sept. 17.—Prince Geoffrey contracted to Constance of Bretagne.	Robert Earl of Leicester
1103	2 Wicked	2 ———	Al Edrisius, Arabian geographer	Double election to the Pontificate.—Milan placed under the ban of the Empire, Mar. 25.	King Henry enforces the marriage of Prince Henry to Margaret of France, which leads to hostilities.	
1104	3 ———	3 ———	Henry of Huntingdon, 'History of England'	Alexander III. mediates between Henry and Louis, who each take the bride to conduct his holiness to his home.	Thomas à Becket consecrated to the see of Canterbury, May 31.—He resigns the great seal.	Thomas à Becket, 1119—1170
1105	4 ———	4 ———	John Tzetzes of Constantinople, critic and grammarian, ob. post. 1176	The King is resolved to enforce 'the Constitutions of Clarendon' on the clergy.	Council of Clarendon, Jan. 25.—Becket signs, but refuses to seal.—He repeats his assent to the King's demands.	Saladin, Sultan of Egypt, 1137—1193
1106	5 ———	5 ———	Eustathius, commentator on Homer, ob. circa 1194	Becket finally rejects 'the Constitutions of Clarendon,' and becomes an exile at Pontigny.	Becket, now at Sens, excommunicates the partisans of the Constitutions of Clarendon.	
1107	6 ———	6 ———	John of Salisbury, Bishop of Chartres, 'Polycraticon,' ob. 1182	Becket, now at Sens, excommunicates the partisans of the Constitutions of Clarendon.	Dermot King of Leinster solicits aid from and does homage to King Henry in Aquitaine.	
1108	7 ———	7 ———	Simcon of Durham, 'History of England, 616—1130,' ob.—Maimonides of Cordova, 'Talmud abridged,' 1133—1205	Frederic Barbarossa retreats precipitately over Mount Cenis.—Peace between Dermot and Roderic in Ireland.	Earl Strongbow and his companions land in Ireland.—Conquest of Egypt by the Turks.	Prince Henry, ob. æt. 20, 1183
1109	1 William II. the Good	8 ———	Benjamin of Tudela, Asiatic traveller, 'Itinerary,' ob. 1173	Becket and Henry reconciled; the King holds the stirrup of the prelate, July 22.—Assassination of Becket, Dec. 29.	King Henry lands at Waterford, and winters in Dublin. Reign of Saladin, 1171—1193.	Roderick King of Connaught
1110	2 ———	9 ———	Peter Comestor of Troyes, ob. 1198	The coronation of Prince Henry is repeated to include his consort, and to appease King Louis, Aug. 27.	King Henry is deserted by Queen Eleanor and his three sons, who are defeated by the King.	Richard Strongbow, Earl of Pembroke, ob. 1176
1111	3 ———	10 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191	Open rebellion of the Princes.—The King does penance at Becket's tomb.—The King's sons surrender.	The circuits and itinerant judges or 'barons errant' instituted.—Siege of Alexandria raised.	Thibault, Count de Blois, min. to Louis VII., ob. 1191
1112	4 ———	11 ———	Absolom, Abp. of Lund, the friend of Saxo Grammaticus, 1128—1191	Frederic Barbarossa totally defeated at Lignano, May 29. The 'Constitutions' are now in favour of the Clergy.	Saladin defeated before Jerusalem.—Six years' truce between Frederic and the Guelphic cities.	Humphrey Bohun, High Constable of England
1113	5 ———	12 ———	Peter Comestor of Troyes, ob. 1198	King Henry, on his return from Normandy, repeats his devotions at the tomb of Becket.	Xth General Council, of the Lateran, Mar. 5—19.—The right of election by the Cardinals established.	
1114	6 ———	13 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191	Ranulph de Glanville, Chief Justice of England, digests the civil law about this time.	King Henry is much embarrassed at the wild ambition and separate views of his sons.	Ranulph de Glanville, lawyer and warrior, ob. 1190
1115	7 ———	14 ———	Peter of Blois, 'Epistolæ,' ob. 1200	Prince Henry demands Normandy.—The King aims at security by inciting dissensions between the Princes.	Prince Henry dies, June 11.—Peace of Constance, June 25. Massacre of the Latins at Constantinople.	Baldwin Abp. of Canterbury, ob. 1193
1116	8 ———	15 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191	Diet of Mentz; definition of the Electoral function of the Duke of Saxony, Count Palatine of the Rhine, King of Bohemia, and the Margrave of Brandenburg as arch-marshal, arch-steward, arch-cupbearer, and arch-chamberlain of the Empire.	P. Geoffrey dies, Aug. 19.—The states swear to Arthur. Jerusalem taken by Saladin, Oct. 2.—Guy de Lusignan falls into the hands of the Infidels.	
1117	9 ———	16 ———	Absolom, Abp. of Lund, the friend of Saxo Grammaticus, 1128—1191	The 111rd Crusade by sea under Frederic Barbarossa. Prince Richard joins King Philip, Nov. 18.	King Henry consents to peace, and dies at Chignon, July 6, æt. 57.—Siege of Acre, 1189—1191.—111rd Crusade.	Longchamp, Bp. of Ely, ob. 1197
1118	10 ———	17 ———	Peter of Blois, 'Epistolæ,' ob. 1200	King Richard insults Leopold of Austria at the siege of Acre.—He defeats Saladin at Jaffa.	King Richard and King Philip meet at Vezelai, July 1, and part at Lyons, July 31, on their way to Palestine.	
1119	11 ———	18 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191	Austria deserts.—Richard is driven by storm upon his dominions, and is sold and sent to the Emperor Henry.	Prince John resorts to bribery to prolong King Richard's captivity.—Death of Saladin, Mar. 4.	William of Blois, regent of France, ob. 1202
1120	12 ———	19 ———	Sueno Agonis, historian of Denmark	King Richard returns to England, May 13, and makes war upon France.—Sicily subdued by Henry VI.	Alfonso King of Castile defeated by Yacub ben Yusef, on the plain of Alarcos, July 19.	
1121	13 ———	20 ———	Giraldus Cambrensis, 'Itinerarium Cambriae,' ob. cir. 1220	King Richard is defeated in Normandy, but captures the military Bishop of Beauvais.	Cessation of hostilities between King Richard and Philip Augustus.—The Emperor Henry VI. dies, Sept. 28.	Geoffrey Fitz Peter, justiciary
1122	14 ———	21 ———	Benedict, Abbot of Peterborough, Hist. of England, 1170—1192, ob. 1193	Fulke of Neully preaches the 1Vth Crusade, which is embraced by the Barons of France.	King Richard is mortally wounded by Bertram de Guerdon, Mar. 26, æt. 41.—Anjou, &c., declare for Arthur.	
1123	15 ———	22 ———	Hugh Falcandus, Sicilian hist.	King Richard is mortally wounded by Bertram de Guerdon, Mar. 26, æt. 41.—Anjou, &c., declare for Arthur.	Peace with France.—King Philip sacrifices the interests of Arthur, and acknowledges the succession of K. John.	
1124	16 ———	23 ———	Peter of Blois, 'Epistolæ,' ob. 1200			
1125	17 ———	24 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1126	18 ———	25 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1127	19 ———	26 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1128	20 ———	27 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1129	21 ———	28 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1130	22 ———	29 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1131	23 ———	30 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1132	24 ———	31 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1133	25 ———	32 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1134	26 ———	33 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1135	27 ———	34 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1136	28 ———	35 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1137	29 ———	36 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1138	30 ———	37 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1139	31 ———	38 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1140	32 ———	39 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1141	33 ———	40 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1142	34 ———	41 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1143	35 ———	42 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1144	36 ———	43 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1145	37 ———	44 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1146	38 ———	45 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1147	39 ———	46 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1148	40 ———	47 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1149	41 ———	48 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1150	42 ———	49 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1151	43 ———	50 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1152	44 ———	51 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1153	45 ———	52 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1154	46 ———	53 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1155	47 ———	54 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1156	48 ———	55 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1157	49 ———	56 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1158	50 ———	57 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1159	51 ———	58 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1160	52 ———	59 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1161	53 ———	60 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1162	54 ———	61 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1163	55 ———	62 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1164	56 ———	63 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1165	57 ———	64 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1166	58 ———	65 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1167	59 ———	66 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1168	60 ———	67 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1169	61 ———	68 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1170	62 ———	69 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1171	63 ———	70 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1172	64 ———	71 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1173	65 ———	72 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1174	66 ———	73 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1175	67 ———	74 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1176	68 ———	75 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1177	69 ———	76 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1178	70 ———	77 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1179	71 ———	78 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1180	72 ———	79 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1181	73 ———	80 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1182	74 ———	81 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1183	75 ———	82 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1184	76 ———	83 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1185	77 ———	84 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1186	78 ———	85 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1187	79 ———	86 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1188	80 ———	87 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1189	81 ———	88 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1190	82 ———	89 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1191	83 ———	90 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1192	84 ———	91 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1193	85 ———	92 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1194	86 ———	93 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1195	87 ———	94 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1196	88 ———	95 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1197	89 ———	96 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1198	90 ———	97 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1199	91 ———	98 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1200	92 ———	99 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			
1201	93 ———	100 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191			





DOGES OF VENICE	Tuscany Dukes of Signori Ferrara	Marquises of Montferrat	Burgundy Dukes of Bretagne	Flanders Counts Dukes Brabant	Namur Counts of Luxembg.	Holland Counts of Hainaut	Suabia Dukes Electors Brandenbg.	Bavaria Dukes Electors Palatine	Saxony Dukes of Lorraine
4 Domenico Moro- sini	13 Ulderico Laureolo	12 William	10 Eudes II. Eudes 4 Hoel, 5 etc.	24 Thierry Godfrey 9 IX. 10	13 Henry II. Henry 16 II. 17	30 Thierry VI. Bald- 32 win 33 IV. 34	5 Frederic III. Alb. I. 18 1 Frederic 19 IV. 20 2 de Roth- emburg 20 3 and 21 Duke of 22 Franco- nia 23	10 Henry IX. Counts Palatine of the Rhine	13 Henry Matth- ew 1. 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22
5	14	13	11	25	14	31	1 Frederic 19 IV. 20 2 de Roth- emburg 20 3 and 21 Duke of 22 Franco- nia 23	11	14
6	1 Guelph	14	12	26	15	32	2 de Roth- emburg 20 3 and 21 Duke of 22 Franco- nia 23	12	15
7	2	15	13	27	16	33	3 and 21 Duke of 22 Franco- nia 23	1 Hen. X. the 2 Lion	16
8	3	16	14	28	17	34	4 of 22 Franco- nia 23	3 Conrad 1 of Suabia 2	17
1 Vitale Micheli II.	4	17	15	29	18	35	5 Franco- nia 23	4 Suabia 2 First Elector 3	18
2	5	18	16	30	19	36	6	5	19
3	6	19	17	31	20	37	7	6	20
4	7	20	18	32	21	38	8	7	21
5	8	21	19	33	22	39	9	8	22
6	9	22	20	34	23	40	10	9	23
7	10	23	1 Hugh III.	35	24	41	11	10	24
8	11	24	2	36	25	42	12	11	25
9	12	25	3	37	26	43	13	12	26
10	13	26	4	38	27	44	14	13	27
11	14	27	5	39	28	45	15	14	28
12	15	28	6	40	29	46	16	15	29
13	16	29	7	41	30	47	17	16	30
14	17	30	8	42	31	48	18	17	31
15	18	31	9	43	32	49	19	18	32
16	19	32	10 Geoffrey I. II.	4	33	50	20	19	33
17	20	33	11	5	34	51	21	20	34
1 Sebastiano Ziani	21	34	12	6	35	52	22	21	35
2	22	35	13	7	36	53	23	22	36
3	23	36	14	8	37	54	24	23	37
4	24	37	15	9	38	55	25	24	38
5	25	38	16	10	39	56	26	25	39
6	26	39	17	11	40	57	27	26	40
1 Orio Mastropiero	27	40	18	12	41	58	28	27	41
2	28	41	19	13	42	59	29	28	42
3	29	42	20	14	43	60	30	29	43
4	30	43	21	15	44	61	31	30	44
5	31	44	22	16	45	62	32	31	45
6	32	45	23	17	46	63	33	32	46
7	33	46	24	18	47	64	34	33	47
8	34	47	25	19	48	65	35	34	48
9	35	48	26	20	49	66	36	35	49
10	36	49	27	21	50	67	37	36	50
11	37	50	28	22	51	68	38	37	51
12	38	51	29	23	52	69	39	38	52
13	39	52	30	24	53	70	40	39	53
1 Enrico Dandolo	40	53	31	25	54	71	41	40	54
2	41	54	1 Eudes III.	3	55	72	42	41	55
3	42	55	2	4	56	73	43	42	56
4	1 Marq. Philip Salingu- erra II.	5	3	5	57	74	44	43	57
5	2	6	4	6	58	75	45	44	58
6	3	7	5	7	59	76	46	45	59
7	Philip elected emperor. Florence a Republic 6 1208-1231	8	6	8	60	77	47	46	60
8	4	9	7	9	61	78	48	47	61
9	5	10	8	10	62	79	49	48	62
	6	11	9	11	63	80	50	49	63
	7	12	10	12	64	81	51	50	64
	8	13	11	13	65	82	52	51	65
	9	14	12	14	66	83	53	52	66
	10	15	13	15	67	84	54	53	67
	11	16	14	16	68	85	55	54	68
	12	17	15	17	69	86	56	55	69
	13	18	16	18	70	87	57	56	70
	14	19	17	19	71	88	58	57	71
	15	20	18	20	72	89	59	58	72
	16	21	19	21	73	90	60	59	73
	17	22	20	22	74	91	61	60	74
	18	23	21	23	75	92	62	61	75
	19	24	22	24	76	93	63	62	76
	20	25	23	25	77	94	64	63	77
	21	26	24	26	78	95	65	64	78
	22	27	25	27	79	96	66	65	79
	23	28	26	28	80	97	67	66	80
	24	29	27	29	81	98	68	67	81
	25	30	28	30	82	99	69	68	82
	26	31	29	31	83	100	70	69	83
	27	32	30	32	84	101	71	70	84
	28	33	31	33	85	102	72	71	85
	29	34	32	34	86	103	73	72	86
	30	35	33	35	87	104	74	73	87
	31	36	34	36	88	105	75	74	88
	32	37	35	37	89	106	76	75	89
	33	38	36	38	90	107	77	76	90
	34	39	37	39	91	108	78	77	91
	35	40	38	40	92	109	79	78	92
	36	41	39	41	93	110	80	79	93
	37	42	40	42	94	111	81	80	94
	38	43	41	43	95	112	82	81	95
	39	44	42	44	96	113	83	82	96
	40	45	43	45	97	114	84	83	97
	41	46	44	46	98	115	85	84	98
	42	47	45	47	99	116	86	85	99
	43	48	46	48	100	117	87	86	100
	44	49	47	49	101	118	88	87	101
	45	50	48	50	102	119	89	88	102
	46	51	49	51	103	120	90	89	103
	47	52	50	52	104	121	91	90	104
	48	53	51	53	105	122	92	91	105
	49	54	52	54	106	123	93	92	106
	50	55	53	55	107	124	94	93	107
	51	56	54	56	108	125	95	94	108
	52	57	55	57	109	126	96	95	109
	53	58	56	58	110	127	97	96	110
	54	59	57	59	111	128	98	97	111
	55	60	58	60	112	129	99	98	112
	56	61	59	61	113	130	100	99	113
	57	62	60	62	114	131	101	100	114
	58	63	61	63	115	132	102	101	115
	59	64	62	64	116	133	103	102	116
	60	65	63	65	117	134	104	103	117
	61	66	64	66	118	135	105	104	118
	62	67	65	67	119	136	106	105	119
	63	68	66	68	120	137	107	106	120
	64	69	67	69	121	138	108	107	121
	65	70	68	70	122	139	109	108	122
	66	71	69	71	123	140	110	109	123
	67	72	70	72	124	141	111	110	124
	68	73	71	73	125	142	112	111	125
	69	74	72	74	126	143	113	112	126
	70	75	73	75	127	144	114	113	127
	71	76	74	76	128	145	115	114	128
	72	77	75	77	129	146	116	115	129
	73	78	76	78	130	147	117	116	130
	74	79	77	79	131	148	118	117	131
	75	80	78	80	132	149	119	118	132
	76	81	79	81	133	150	120	119	133
	77	82	80	82	134	151	121	120	134
	78	83	81	83	135	152	122	121	135
	79	84	82	84	136	153	123	122	136
	80	85	83	85	137	154	124	123	137
	81	86	84	86	138	155	125	124	138
	82	87	85	87	139	156	126	125	139
	83	88	86	88	140	157	127	126	140
	84	89	87	89	141	158	128	127	141
	85	90	88	90	142	159	129	128	142
	86	91	89	91	143	160	130	129	143
	87	92	90	92	144	161	131	130	144
	88	93	91	93	145	162	132	131	145
	89	94	92	94	146	163	133	132	146







Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors		Emperors of Germany	Hungary Kings of Bohemia	Poland. Kings, Dukes	Kings of France	Counts of Savoy	KINGS IN SPAIN			Kings of Portugal	England
		Greek Latin	Emperors						Castile	— Arragon	Almohad.		
5914	1201	7 Alexius III.	4 Philip of Suabia	6 Emeric Premislas II.	8 Lesko V.	22 Philip August.	14 Thomas	8 San. VII Alfon-14	44 Alfon. IX. Pedro 6	3 Mahomed Al-4 nassar	17 Sancho I.	3 John I.	
5915	1202	8 Angelus	5 Suabia	7	9	23	15	9 so IX. 15 K. of	45	IL 7	18	4	
5916	1203	1 Isaac II. &c. again	6	8	10	24	16	10 Leon 16	46	8	19	5	
5917	1204	1 Theodore I. Bald-1	7	1 Ladislas II.	11	25	17	11 — 17	47	9	20	6	
5918	1205	2 win I. 2	8	1 Andrew II.	12	26	18	12 — 18	48	10	21	7	
5919	1206	3 Henry 1	9	2	13	27	19	13 — 19	49	11	22	8	
5920	1207	4	10	3	14	28	20	14 — 20	50	12	23	9	
5921	1208	5	1 Otho IV.	4	15	29	21	15 — 21	51	13	24	10	
5922	1209	6	2	5	16	30	22	16 — 22	52	14	25	11	
5923	1210	7	3	6	17	31	23	17 — 23	53	15	26	12	
5924	1211	8	4	7	18	32	24	18 — 24	54	16	27	13	
5925	1212	9	5 Frederic II. King 2 of Sicily 3	8	19	33	25	19 — 25	55	17	1 Alfonso II. 2 the Fat	14	
5926	1213	10	6	9	20	34	26	20 — 26	56	1 James I. 2 Yacub I.	3	15	
5927	1214	11	7	10	21	35	27	21 — 27	1 Henry I.	3	4	16	
5928	1215	12	8	11	22	36	28	22 — 28	2	3	5	17	
5929	1216	13	9	12	23	37	29	23 — 29	3	4	6	18	
5930	1217	14 Peter de Courtenay 2	10	13	24	38	30	24 — 30	1 Ferdin. and III. 2 the Saint	5	7	19	
5931	1218	15	11	14	25	39	31	25 — 31	2	6	8	20	
5932	1219	16	12	15	26	40	32	26 — 32	3	7	9	21	
5933	1220	17	13	16	27	41	33	27 — 33	4	8	10	22	
5934	1221	18 Robert de Courtenay 1 John Ducas 2 Vataces 3	10 Frederic	17	28	42	34	28 — 34	5	9	11	23	
5935	1222	1	11	18	29	43	35	29 — 35	6	10	12	24	
5936	1223	2	12	19	30	1 Louis VIII. 2 the Lion	36	30 — 36	7	11	13	25	
5937	1224	3	13	20	31	3	37	31 — 37	8	12	14	26	
5938	1225	4	14	21	32	38	38	32 — 38	9	13	15	27	
5939	1226	5	15	22	33	1 Louis IX. the Saint	39	33 — 39	10	14	16	28	
5940	1227	6	16	23	34	2	40	34 — 40	11	15	17	29	
5941	1228	7 Baldwin II. and John de Brienne of Jerusa-	17	24	35	3	41	35 — 41	12	16	18	30	
5942	1229	8	18	25	36	4	42	36 — 42	13	17	19	31	
5943	1230	9	19	26 Wenceslas III.	37	5	43	37 —	14 succeeds Leon	18	20	32	
5944	1231	10	20	27	38	6	44	38 —	15 King of Leon	19	21	33	
5945	1232	11	21	28	39	7	45	39 —	16 Leon	20	22	34	
5946	1233	12	22	29	40	8	1 Amadeus III.	40 —	17	21	23	35	
5947	1234	13	23	30	41	9	2	41 —	18	22	24	36	
5948	1235	14	24	1 Bela IV.	42	10	3	42 —	19	23	25	37	
5949	1236	15	25	2	43	11	4	43 —	20	24	26	38	
5950	1237	16 Baldwin II. alone	26	3	44	12	5	44 —	21	25	27	39	
5951	1238	17	27	4	45	13	6	45 —	22	26	28	40	
5952	1239	18	28	5	46	14	7	46 —	23	27	29	41	
5953	1240	19	29	6	47	15	8	47 —	24	28	30	42	
5954	1241	20	30	7	48	16	9	48 —	25	29	31	43	
5955	1242	21	31	8	49	17	10	49 —	26	30	32	44	
5956	1243	22	32	9	50	18	11	50 —	27	31	33	45	
5957	1244	23	33	10	51	19	12	51 —	28	32	34	46	
5958	1245	24	34	11	52	20	13	52 —	29	33	35	47	
5959	1246	25	35	12	53	21	14	53 —	30	34	36	48	
5960	1247	26	36	13	54	22	15	54 —	31	35	37	49	
5961	1248	27	37	14	55	23	16	55 —	32	36	38	50	
5962	1249	28	38	15	56	24	17	56 —	33	37	39	51	
5963	1250	29	39	16	57	25	18	57 —	34	38	40	52	

KINGS		POPE		LEARNING AND GENIUS	MIDDLE AGES	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
Sweden	Sicily	of Jerusalem				
5	Frederic	4	Innocent III.	Saxo Grammaticus, historian of Denmark, ob. 1208	Arthur seeks protection from the Count de la Marche.—Constance, Arthur's mother, dies.	
6	Amalric	5	—	Gervase of Canterbury, 'Chronicle of England, 1122—1199,' ob. —	The IVth Crusade under Henry Dandolo.—Prince Arthur murdered at Rouen, Apr. 3, 1203.—Siege of Zara, Nov. 10.	
7	—	6	—		First siege and conquest of Constantinople, July 18.—Restoration of Isaac Angelus and Alexis.	
8	—	7	—		Alexius deposed.—Second siege.—Election of Baldwin.—Revolt of the Greeks.—Normandy united to France.	William Marshal, Earl of Pembroke, ob. 1219
9	Interreg.	8	—		The Bulgarian war.—Defeat and captivity of Baldwin I. Apr. 15.	
10	—	9	—		Innocent III. enjoins the election of Stephen Langton to the vacant see of Canterbury.	
11	—	10	—		Langton is consecrated by Pope Innocent in person at Viterbo, June 17.	Raymond VI. Count of Toulouse, ob. 1222
12	—	11	—		The Bishops exhort the King to submission, which widens the breach.—The Interdict pronounced, Mar. 23.	Simon Count de Montfort, ob. 1218
13	—	12	—	Ralph de Diceto, historian	The Excommunication published, Nov.—King John notwithstanding subdues the King of Scots.	
14	John de Brienne	13	—		King John lands in Ireland, and reduces castles, but in twelve weeks returns.	
15	—	14	—		King John makes an expedition into Wales, and dictates terms to Llewellyn at Snowdon.	Archbishop Langton, ob. 1228
16	Frederic	15	—		Mahomed Alasser defeated by Alfonso of Castile, at Navas de Tolosa, July 12.	
17	emperor	16	—	Walter of Coventry, historian	King Philip threatens invasion.—King John does homage to the Pope before his legate at Dover, May 15.	
18	—	17	—		Battle of Bouvines, John defeated by Philip, June 27.—The Barons take to arms.	Constable Matthew de Montmorency, ob. 1230
19	—	18	—		Magna Charta signed, June 19.—Is annulled by Innocent.	Gilbert Earl of Gloucester, ob. 1229
20	—	19	—		XIth General Council of the Lateran, Nov. 11—30.	Theodore Comnenus, Prince of Epirus
21	—	20	Honorius III.	Accursus of Florence, author of the 'Glosses,' 1151—1229	Louis of France lands at the invitation of the Barons.—King John retires to Newark; he dies, Oct. 19, at 49.	Empress Yoland
22	—	21	—	Dominic de Guzman, founder of the Dominicans, 1170—1221	William Earl of Pembroke regent.—Battle of Lincoln.—Prince Louis returns to France.	Peter de Roches, Bp. of Winchester
23	—	22	—		The sheriffs charged to see Magna Charta duly observed.—Persia invaded by Zingis Khan.	
24	—	23	—		The regent Earl of Pembroke dies.—Hubert de Burgh and the Bishop of Winchester become rival ministers.	Hubert de Burgh, ob. 1243
25	—	24	—		Alexander King of Scotland does homage to King Henry, and marries Joanna, his eldest sister, at York.	
26	—	25	—	St. Antony of Padua, 1195—1231	Pandulph resigns as legate and retires to the see of Norwich.	Richard Marshal, Earl of Pembroke, ob. 1234
27	—	26	—		King Henry demands the restitution of Normandy, forfeited by King John, which Louis refuses.	Guerin, chancellor to Louis VIII, ob. 1230
28	—	27	—		King Louis confiscates all the lands of the English in France, and subdues Poitou, Rochelle, &c.	Raymond VII. Count of Toulouse, ob. 1249
29	—	28	—		Prince Richard, created Earl of Cornwall, is sent with an army to the protection of Gascony.	Zingis Khan, ob. 1227
30	—	29	—		Louis the Lion makes a crusade against the Albigeois, but dies, and is succeeded by Louis the Saint.	Blanche Queen Regent of France, ob. at. 65, 1252
31	—	30	—		King Henry dismisses the Bishop of Winchester by the advice of Hubert de Burgh.—Death of Zingis Khan.	
32	—	31	Gregory IX.	John of Pisa, architect and sculptor, ob. 1320	The Emperor Frederick II. is excommunicated by Pope Gregory IX. for neglecting the crusades.	Peter de Rivaux, treasurer to Henry III.
33	—	32	—		The Emperor Frederick obtains the surrender of Jerusalem by concession rather than by force.	
34	—	33	—	Alexander de Hales, 'the Irrefragable Doctor,' ob. 1245	K. Henry lands at St. Malos, May 3, and is received by the E. of Bretagne, but effects nothing, and returns Oct. 28.	
35	—	34	—		The Almagest of Ptolemy translated from the Arabic into Latin, by order of the Emperor Frederick II.	Ecceolino, general of the Ghibellines, ob. 1260
36	—	35	—		The Bishop of Winchester is recalled, and De Burgh dismissed, but the King spares his lands.	
37	—	36	—		Contest between the Earl of Pembroke and the Bishop.—The Earl is joined in Wales by Hubert.	Stephen Segrave, minister to Henry III.
38	—	37	—		The Earl is killed by the treachery of the Bishop, but Hubert de Burgh is restored.	Peter de Vignes, chancellor to Frederic II. ob. 1249
39	—	38	—		Pope Gregory invites the Bishop of Winchester to Rome, in order to screen him from prosecution.	William of Provence, minister to Henry III.
40	—	39	—		King Henry marries Eleanor of Provence.—William of Valence, the Queen's uncle, gains the ascendancy.	
41	—	40	—		Alexander II. of Scotland claims the three counties.—The Guelphs defeated by Frederic II. at Cortenova, Nov. 27.	
42	—	41	—		Otho the legate arrives in England, but endeavours in vain to gain footing in Scotland.	
43	—	42	—		The Emperor Frederick II. is excommunicated a second time by Pope Gregory IX.	
44	—	43	—		Simon Montfort, Earl of Leicester, and Gilbert Earl of Pembroke are now in favour with the King.	
45	—	44	—		The Pisans arrest the Prelates in the Genoese galleys on their way to the council at Rome, May 3.	Enguerrand de Couci, ob. 1253
46	—	45	Celestine IV. 16 d. Vacant	Matthew Paris, 'Historia Major,' ob. 1259	Battles of Taillebourg and Saintes, Henry and the Count de la Marche defeated by Louis the Saint.	
47	—	46	—		A five years' truce ensues.—Hubert de Burgh dies.—Invasion of Syria by the Carizmians.	
48	—	47	Innocent IV.	Robert Grosseteste, Bp. of Lincoln, 1175—1253	King Henry seizes all the lands held by the French in England, by way of retaliation upon Louis.	Montfort, Earl of Leicester, ob. 1265
49	—	48	—		XIIth General Council, of Lyons, June 28—July 17.—Conquest of Hungary, &c. by the Moguls.	Roger Bigod, Earl Marshal, ob. 1269
50	—	49	—		The King and Clergy join the Barons in remonstrance, but the Pope, in revenge, taxes the Clergy heavily.	
51	—	50	—	Abulfaragius, 'Universal History,' 1226—1286	Three Parliaments this year send letters to the Court of Rome, complaining of exaction.	
52	—	51	—	Hugh de Balsham, Bp. of Ely, ob. 1286	The Vth Crusade, under Louis IX.—Frederic II. forced by the Guelphs to raise the siege of Parma, Feb. 8.	
53	—	52	—		Damietta surrenders to Louis IX.—The Ghibellines defeated at Fossalti, May 26.	
1	Conrad I.	53	—		Louis IX. captured, surrenders Damietta, Apr. 5.—Florence declares its independence, Oct. 20.	





	DOGES OF VENICE	Signori of Ferrara Torrelli	Marquises of Montferrat	Burgundy Dukes of Bretagne	Flanders Counts Dukes Brabant	Marqs. — Counts Luxembg.	Holland Counts — Hainault	Dukes — Electors Brandenbg.	Bavaria — Electors Palatine	Saxony — Dukes Lorraine
1	10 Enrico Dandolo	6 Azzo VI. Salinguerra II.	10 Boniface II.	9 Eudes III. Arthur	8 Baldwin IX. I.	6 Philip I. Ermen-sind and Theo-bald	12 Thier. VII. Bald. 7 VI.	6 Conrad III. Otho II.	19 Louis I. Henry of Saxe	22 Bernd. III. Sigismund II.
2	11	7	11	10	9	7	13	7	20	23
3	12	8	12	11	10	8	1	8	21	24
4	13	9	13	12	11	9	2	9	22	25
5	1 Pietro Ziani	10	14	13	12	10	3	10	23	26
6	2	11	15	14	1	11	4	11	24	27
7	3	12	1	15	2	12	5	12	25	28
8	4	13	2	16	3	13	6	1	26	29
9	5	14	3	17	4	14	7	2	27	30
0	6	15	4	18	5	15	8	3	28	31
1	7	16	5	19	6	16	9	4	29	32
2	8	1	6	20	7	1	10	5	30	1
3	9	2	7	21	8	2	11	6	31	2
4	10	3	8	22	9	3	12	7	32	3
5	11	1	9	23	10	4	13	8	33	4
6	12	2	10	24	11	1	14	9	34	5
7	13	3	11	25	12	2	15	10	35	6
8	14	4	12	1	13	3	16	11	36	7
9	15	5	13	2	14	4	17	1	37	8
0	16	6	14	3	15	5	18	2	38	9
1	17	7	15	4	16	6	19	3	39	10
2	18	8	16	5	17	7	20	4	40	11
3	19	9	17	6	18	8	1	5	41	12
4	20	10	18	7	19	9	2	6	42	13
5	21	11	1	8	20	10	3	7	43	14
6	22	12	2	9	21	1	4	8	44	15
7	23	13	3	10	22	2	5	9	45	16
8	24	14	4	11	23	1	6	8	46	17
9	1 Giacomo Tiepolo	15	5	12	24	2	7	9	47	18
0	2	16	6	13	25	3	8	10	48	19
1	3	17	7	14	26	4	9	11	1	20
2	4	18	8	15	27	5	10	12	2	21
3	5	19	9	16	28	6	11	13	3	22
4	6	20	10	17	29	7	12	14	4	23
5	7	21	11	18	30	8	1	15	5	24
6	8	22	12	19	31	9	2	16	6	25
7	9	23	13	20	32	1	3	17	7	26
8	10	24	14	21	33	2	4	18	8	27
9	11	25	15	22	34	3	5	19	9	28
0	12	26	16	23	35	4	6	20	10	29
1	13	27	17	24	36	5	7	21	11	30
2	14	28	18	25	37	6	8	22	12	31
3	15	29	19	26	38	7	9	23	13	32
4	16	30	20	27	1	8	10	24	14	33
5	17	31	21	28	2	9	11	25	15	34
6	18	32	22	29	3	10	12	26	16	35
7	19	33	23	30	4	11	13	27	17	36
8	20	34	24	31	5	12	14	28	18	37
9	1 Marino Morosini	35	25	32	6	13	15	29	19	38
0	2	36	26	33	7	14	16	30	20	39







Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors Greek Latin	Emperors	Emperors of Germany	Hungary Kings of	Bohemia	Poland. Kings, Dukes	Kings of France	Counts of Savoy	KINGS IN SPAIN			Kings of Portugal	England
										Castile	Arragon	Granada		
5964	1251	30 John Vat. Bald. 24 win 25 II.	23	2 William of 3 Holland	17 Bela IV. Wences. 23 las III.	22	25 Boleslas V.	26 Louis IX.	19 Amadeus III	18 Theobald I.	35 Fernnd. III. Jas. I. 39	14 Mahomed I.	4 Alfonso III.	36 Henr. Al de
5965	1252	31	24	4	18 las III.	23	26	27	20	19	1 Alfonso X. the Wise 40	15	5	37 de
5966	1253	32	25	5	19 Premis-las II. the Vic-torious	24	27	28	1 Boniface-Rolando 2	1 Theobald II.	2 Wise 41	16	6	38
5967	1254	33	27	6	20	25	28	29	3	2	3	17	7	39
5968	1255	1 Theodore 2 Lasca-ris	28	— Interreg.	21	3	29	30	3	3	4	18	8	40
5969	1256	3	29	1 Richard of Cornwall	22	4	30	31	4	4	5	19	9	41
5970	1257	4	30	—	23	5	31	32	5	5	6	20	10	42
5971	1258	1 John Lascaris 1 Michael VIII.	31	—	24	6	32	33	6	6	7	21	11	43
5972	1259	2 Palaeo-logus	32	—	25	7	33	34	7	7	8	22	12	44
5973	1260	3	33	—	26	8	34	35	8	8	9	23	13	45
5974	1261	4	34	—	27	9	35	36	9	9	10	24	14	46
5975	1262	5	35	—	28	10	36	37	10	10	11	25	15	47
5976	1263	6	36	—	29	11	37	38	1 Peter le Petit 2 Charle-magne	11	12	26	16	48
5977	1264	7	37	—	30	12	38	39	3	12	13	27	17	49
5978	1265	8	38	—	31	13	39	40	4	13	14	28	18	50
5979	1266	9	39	—	32	14	40	41	5	14	15	29	19	51
5980	1267	10	40	—	33	15	41	42	1 Philip I.	15	16	30	20	52
5981	1268	11	41	—	34	16	42	43	2	16	17	31	21	53
5982	1269	12	42	—	35	17	43	44	3	17	18	32	22	54
5983	1270	13	43	—	1 Stephen IV.	18	44	45	1 Philip III. the Hardy	18	19	33	23	55
5984	1271	14	44	Richard ob	2	19	45	46	4	2	20	34	24	56
5985	1272	15	45	—	1 Ladislas III.	20	46	47	5	3	21	35	25	57
5986	1273	16	46	1 Rodolph of Haps-burg	2	21	47	48	6	4	22	36	26	58
5987	1274	17	47	—	3	22	48	49	7	5	23	37	27	59
5988	1275	18	48	—	4	23	49	50	8	6	24	38	28	60
5989	1276	19	49	—	5	24	50	51	9	7	25	39	29	61
5990	1277	20	50	—	6	25	51	52	10	8	26	40	30	62
5991	1278	21	51	—	7	Wences-las IV.	52	53	11	9	27	41	31	63
5992	1279	22	52	—	8	2	53	54	12	10	28	42	32	64
5993	1280	23	53	—	9	3	54	55	13	11	29	43	33	65
5994	1281	24	54	—	10	4	55	56	14	12	30	44	34	66
5995	1282	25	55	—	11	5	56	57	15	13	31	45	35	67
5996	1283	26	56	—	12	6	57	58	16	14	32	46	36	68
5997	1284	27	57	—	13	7	58	59	17	15	33	47	37	69
5998	1285	28	58	—	14	8	59	60	1 Philip IV. the Fair	1 Amadeus IV. the Great	12 marries Philip the Fair	2 Alfonso III. the Beneficent	3	38
5999	1286	29	59	—	15	9	60	61	3	14	4	48	39	
6000	1287	30	60	—	16	10	61	62	4	15	5	49	40	
6001	1288	31	61	—	17	11	62	63	5	16	6	50	41	
6002	1289	32	62	—	18	12	63	64	6	17	7	51	42	
6003	1290	33	63	—	1 Andrew III. the	13	64	65	7	18	8	52	43	
6004	1291	34	64	— Interreg.	2 Venetian	14	65	66	8	19	9	53	44	
6005	1292	35	65	—	3	15	66	67	9	20	10	54	45	
6006	1293	36	66	—	4	16	67	68	10	21	11	55	46	
6007	1294	37	67	—	5	17	68	69	11	22	12	56	47	
6008	1295	38	68	—	6	18	69	70	12	23	13	57	48	
6009	1296	39	69	—	7	19	70	71	13	24	14	58	49	
6010	1297	40	70	—	8	20	71	72	14	25	15	59	50	
6011	1298	41	71	—	9	21	72	73	15	26	16	60	51	
6012	1299	42	72	—	10	22	73	74	16	27	17	61	52	
6013	1300	43	73	—	1 Charo-ber	23	74	75	16	27	6	62	53	

		KINGS OF SICILY		POPES	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MIDDLE AGES	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
1	2	Conrad I.	9	Innocent IV.		The Mayor of London now first sworn before the Barons of the Exchequer.	
2	3	—	10	—		The King fails in obtaining the tenth of the revenues of the Clergy in aid of the Crusades.	Peter de Villebeon, minister to Louis the Saint, ob. 1270
3	4	—	11	—		The astronomical tables of Alfonso X., King of Castile, composed about this time.	
4	1	Conrad II. or Conradin	1	Alexander IV.	St. Thomas d'Aquinas, 'Summa Theologiae,' 1224—1274	The Pope offers the Crown of Sicily to King Henry for Prince Edmund, which is declined.	
5	2	—	2	—		King Henry extorts 18,000 marks from the Jews, who beg to leave the kingdom.	Richard Earl of Gloucester, ob. 1262
6	3	—	3	—	Cardinal Bonaventure, the 'Seraphic Doctor,' 1221—1274	King Henry sends ambassadors to Louis to demand Normandy, but fails.	
7	4	—	4	—		Richard Earl of Cornwall crowned King of the Romans at Aix-la-Chapelle, May 17.	Richard Earl of Cornwall, ob. 1270
8	1	Manfred	5	—	John de Joinville, 'Memoirs of St. Louis'	'The Provisions of Oxford,' enacted by the Barons.—Fall of Bagdad, and end of the Arabian Caliphate.	
9	2	—	6	—		Richard King of the Romans, landing at Dover, is compelled to swear to 'The Provisions.'	
10	3	—	7	—	Albertus Magnus, occult philosopher, 1205—1280	Battle of Arbia, Sept. 4.—The Ghibellines enter Florence, and take the oath to Manfred.	
11	4	—	1	Urban IV.	Roger Bacon, 'Opus Majus,' 1214—1292	Constantinople recovered by the Greeks, July 25.—Michael Palæologus banishes Theodore Lascaris.	
12	5	—	2	—		The Barons abandon most of 'The Provisions.'—King Henry resumes the royal authority.	
13	6	—	3	—	Robert de Sorbonne, founder of the College, 1201—1274	Alternate ascendancy of each party, who propose an award to Louis of France.	
14	7	—	4	—	Walter de Merton, Bp. of Rochester, founder of Merton College, ob. 1277	Battle of Lewes, May 13.—Montfort summons 'The Commons' to Parliament in the King's name.	
15	8	—	1	Clement IV.		Prince Edward escapes to the Earl of Gloucester, killed, Aug. 4.	Gilbert Earl of Gloucester, ob. 1295
16	1	Charles I. of Anjou	2	—		Battle of Grandella, Manfred defeated by Charles of Anjou, who subdues the Sicilies, Feb. 26.	
17	2	—	3	—	Giovanni Cimabue, the reviver of painting in Italy, 1240—1300	The Earl of Gloucester breaks with the King, but peace ensues.—Ely surrenders, and the Barons' wars end.	Stephen Boileau
18	3	—	4	—		Battle of Tagliocozzo, Charles of Anjou defeats Conradin, Aug. 23, who is beheaded, Oct. 29.	
19	4	—	—	Vacant		Parliament grants a twentieth part of all movables for the Crusade to the Holy Land.	
20	5	—	—	—		Prince Edward sails for Palestine with Louis IX. who dies at Tunis, Aug. 25.	
21	6	—	1	Gregory X.		Prince Edward relieves Acre, and takes Nazareth.—He is wounded by an assassin, whom he fells.	
22	7	—	2	—		King Henry dies, Nov. 16, at. 66.—Conquest of Anatolia by the Moguls.	Peter de la Brosse, minister to Philip le Hardi
23	8	—	3	—		Commencement of the Austrian dynasty.	Walter Giffard, At. p. of York, minister to Edward, ob. 1279
24	9	—	4	—		XIVth General Council, of Lyons, May 7—July 17. Institution of the Conclave at Rome.—K. Edward lands July.	
25	10	—	5	—	Durandus, Bishop of Mende, 'Speculator,' ob. 1296	Llewellyn Prince of Wales refuses homage, and seizes Rhuddal and other castles.	
26	11	—	[V.]	—		King Edward refuses to release Lady Eleanor de Montfort, who was taken on her way to Llewellyn in Wales.	Matthew de Vendome, minister to Philip le Hardi, ob. 1286
27	12	—	1	Innocent V.		Napoleon della Torre captured at Desio by Otho Archbishop of Milan, Jan. 21.	
28	13	—	1	John XX.		K. Edward releases Lady Eleanor, who marries Llewellyn.	
29	14	—	2	Nicholas III.		Battle of Marchfield, Ottocar defeated by Rodolph.	
30	15	—	3	—	Henry of Ghent, the 'Scholastic,' ob. at. 76, 1293	Conquest of Southern China by the Moguls.—King Edward resigns Normandy.—Statute of Mortmain.	
31	16	—	4	—		The Emperor Michael Palæologus instigates the revolt of Sicily.	Llewellyn Prince of Wales, ob. 1282
32	1	—	—	—		The Princess of Wales dying, Llewellyn takes up arms and defeats King Edward's forces.	Roger de Loria, admiral, ob. post 1287
33	2	—	—	—		Llewellyn slain.—The Sicilian Vespers, Mar. 30.—The Crown of Sicily transferred to Peter of Arragon.	John de Procida, minister to Peter King of Arragon
34	3	—	—	—		David Prince of Wales is taken and executed at Shrewsbury.—Wales is united to England.	Turgel, regent of Sweden
35	4	—	—	—		Edward Prince of Wales born at Caernarvon, Apr. 25.—Charles of Anjou defeated by Roger de Loria, Oct. 2.	Adomar de Valence, Earl of Pembroke, ob. 1323
36	5	—	—	—		Alexander King of Scotland killed by a fall from his horse, Margaret 'the Maid of Norway' succeeds.	
37	6	—	—	—		King Edward throws all the Jews into prison till they have paid £12,000, and then banishes them.	
38	7	—	—	—		John de Kirkby, the treasurer, summons a Parliament, and demands an aid for the King, which is refused.	
39	8	—	—	—		The Judges being found guilty of bribery are severely fined, and their estates confiscated.	Roger de Brabazon, Justiciary of England
40	9	—	—	—		Marriage contract.—P. Edward and Margaret of Scotland. The young Queen dies on her return from Norway.	
41	10	—	—	—		King Edward is acknowledged as Lord of Scotland by all claimants.—Loss of Acre and the Holy Land.	
42	11	—	—	—		King Edward declares John Baliol King of Scotland, who does homage to him at Newcastle.	Humphrey Bohun, Lord High Constable, ob. 1298
43	12	—	—	—		Baliol, being cited before the Court of Edward, temporizes till war ensues.	
44	13	—	—	—		Edward, being tricked by Philip the Fair out of Guienne, renounces his homage.—He finally subdues Wales.	
45	14	—	—	—		Baliol leagues with France, and is prevented by his Barons from obeying the summons of Edward.	
46	15	—	—	—		Baliol is defeated by Edward, and abdicates, July 2.—The parties of the Neri and the Bianchi at Florence begin.	Roger Bigod, Earl of Norfolk, ob. 1306
47	16	—	—	—		The English are defeated by Wallace and Moray at Cambuskenneth, and are driven out of Scotland.	
48	1	—	—	—		Battle of Falkirk, July 22.—Battle of Spire, by Albert of Austria, the Emperor Adolphus killed, July 2.	Sir William Wallace, ob. 1305
49	2	—	—	—		Bruce, Comyn, and Lamberton, acting as regents, refer the struggle for Scottish independence to the Pope.	
50	3	—	—	—		Pope Boniface insists that Scotland is held of the Holy See.—Institution of the Jubilee, or Holy Year.	





	DOGES OF VENICE	Signori of Ferrara Torelli	Marquises of Monterrat	Burgundy Dukes of Bretagne	Counts of Flanders Dukes of Brahant	Marqs. of Namur Counts Luxembg.	Counts of Holland Hannaut	Dukes of Suabia Elector Brandenbg.	Dukes of Bavaria Elector Palatine	Electors of Saxony Dukes Lorraine
51	3 Marino Morosini	37 Azzo VII. 8	27 Boniface III.	34 Hugh IV. 15	8 Margt. 11. 4	15 Baldwin 26	18 William II. 9	17 Conrad IV. 31 and 32	21 Otho II. 25	40 Albert I. Ferri I. 111. 2
52	1 Ranieri Zeno	38 — 9	28 —	35 —	9 —	16 —	19 —	18 —	22 —	41 —
53	2 —	39 — 10	29 —	36 — 17	10 — 6	17 — 28	20 — 10	19 — 33	1 Louis II. 1	42 — 3
54	3 —	40 — 11	1 William V. the Great	37 — 18	11 — 7	18 — 29	21 — 11	1 Conrad V. or 2 Conrad	2 Severe Elector of Bavaria and Elector Palatine	43 — 4
55	4 —	41 — 12	2 —	38 — 19	12 — 8	19 — 30	22 — 12	3 —	3 —	44 — 5
56	5 —	42 — 13	3 —	39 — 20	13 — 9	20 — 31	1 Florence V. 13	3 —	4 —	45 — 6
57	6 —	43 — 14	4 Martin della Torre	40 — 21	14 — 10	21 — 32	2 — 14	4 —	5 —	46 — 7
58	7 —	44 — 15	5 —	41 — 22	15 — 11	22 — 33	3 — 15	5 —	6 —	47 — 8
59	8 —	45 — 16	6 —	42 — 23	16 — 12	23 — 34	4 — 16	6 —	7 —	48 — 9
60	9 —	46 — 17	7 —	43 — 24	17 — 13	24 — 35	5 — 17	7 —	8 —	1 Albert II. 10
61	10 —	47 — 18	8 —	44 — 25	18 John I. the Victorious 2	25 — 36	6 — 18	8 —	9 —	2 — 11
62	11 —	48 — 19	9 —	45 — 26	19 — 26	26 — 37	7 — 19	9 —	10 —	3 — 12
63	12 —	49 — 20	10 —	46 — 27	20 — 3	1 Guy de Dampierre 3	8 — 20	10 —	11 —	4 — 13
64	13 —	1 Obizzo II.	11 —	47 — 28	21 — 4	2 —	9 — 21	11 —	12 —	5 — 14
65	14 —	2 —	12 Napoleon della Torre	48 — 29	22 — 5	3 —	10 — 22	12 —	13 —	6 — 15
66	15 —	3 —	13 —	49 — 30	23 — 6	4 —	11 — 23	13 —	14 —	7 — 16
67	16 —	4 —	14 —	50 — 31	24 — 7	5 —	12 — 24	14 —	15 —	8 — 17
68	1 Lorenzo Tiepolo	5 —	15 —	51 — 32	25 — 8	6 —	13 — 25	15 —	16 —	9 — 18
69	2 —	6 —	16 —	52 — 33	26 — 9	7 —	14 — 26	16 —	17 —	10 — 19
70	3 —	7 Salingera III.	17 —	53 — 34	27 — 10	8 —	15 — 27	17 —	18 —	11 — 20
71	4 —	8 —	18 —	54 — 35	28 — 11	9 —	16 — 28	18 —	19 —	12 — 21
72	5 —	9 —	19 —	1 Robert II.	29 — 12	10 —	17 — 29	19 —	20 —	13 — 22
73	6 —	10 —	20 —	2 —	30 — 13	11 —	18 — 30	20 —	21 —	14 — 23
74	7 —	11 —	21 —	3 —	31 — 14	12 —	19 — 31	21 —	22 —	15 — 24
75	1 Giacomo Contarini	12 —	22 —	4 —	32 — 15	13 Henry IV.	20 — 32	22 —	23 —	16 — 25
76	2 —	13 —	23 —	5 —	33 — 16	14 —	21 — 33	23 —	24 —	17 — 26
77	3 —	14 —	24 Otto Visconti abp. of Milan	6 —	34 — 17	15 —	22 — 34	24 —	25 —	18 — 27
78	4 —	15 —	25 —	7 —	35 — 18	16 —	23 — 35	25 —	26 —	19 — 28
79	1 Giovanni Dandolo	16 —	26 —	8 —	36 — 19	17 —	24 — 36	26 —	27 —	20 — 29
80	2 —	17 —	27 —	9 —	37 — 20	18 —	25 — 37	27 —	28 —	21 — 30
81	3 —	18 —	28 —	10 —	38 — 21	19 —	26 — 38	28 —	29 —	22 — 31
82	4 —	19 —	29 —	11 —	39 — 22	20 —	27 — 39	29 —	30 —	23 — 32
83	5 —	20 —	30 —	12 —	40 — 23	21 —	28 — 40	30 —	31 —	24 — 33
84	6 —	21 —	31 —	13 —	41 — 24	22 —	29 — 41	31 —	32 —	25 — 34
85	7 —	22 —	32 —	14 —	42 — 25	23 —	30 — 42	32 —	33 —	26 — 35
86	8 —	23 —	33 —	15 John II.	43 — 26	24 —	31 — 43	33 —	34 —	27 — 36
87	9 —	24 —	34 —	16 —	44 — 27	25 —	32 — 44	34 —	35 —	28 — 37
88	10 —	25 —	35 —	17 —	45 — 28	26 —	33 — 45	35 —	36 —	29 — 38
89	1 Pietro Gradenigo	26 —	36 —	18 —	46 — 29	27 —	34 — 46	36 —	37 —	30 — 39
90	2 —	27 —	37 —	19 —	47 — 30	28 —	35 — 47	37 —	38 —	31 — 40
91	3 —	28 —	38 —	20 —	48 — 31	29 —	36 — 48	38 —	39 —	32 — 41
92	4 —	29 —	1 John I. the Just	21 —	49 — 32	30 —	37 — 49	39 —	40 —	33 — 42
93	5 —	1 Azzo VIII.	2 —	22 —	50 — 33	31 —	38 — 50	40 —	41 —	34 — 43
94	6 —	2 —	3 —	23 —	51 — 34	32 —	39 — 51	41 —	42 —	35 — 44
95	7 —	3 —	4 Matthew I. the Great	24 —	52 — 35	33 —	40 — 52	42 —	1 Louis III. Rodolph I. le Begue	36 — 45
96	8 —	4 —	5 —	25 —	53 — 36	34 —	41 — 53	43 —	2 —	37 — 46
97	9 —	5 —	6 —	26 —	54 — 37	35 —	42 — 54	44 —	3 —	38 — 47
98	10 —	6 —	7 —	27 —	55 — 38	36 —	43 — 55	45 —	4 —	1 Rodolph 48
99	11 —	7 —	8 —	28 —	56 — 39	37 —	44 — 56	46 —	5 —	2 — 49
100	12 —	8 —	9 —	29 —	57 — 40	38 —	45 — 57	47 —	6 —	3 — 50

Reheaded at Naples

John II. Holland succeeds to







Jul. Period.	Anno Domini.	The East Emprors of Ottoman	Emperors of Germany	Hungary Kings of Bohemia	Kings of Poland	Kings of France	Counts of Savoy	KINGS IN SPAIN			Kings of Portugal	England
								Castile	Arragon	Granada		
6014	1301	20 Andro. III. Othman 3	4 Albert I.	2 Charobert Wences-24 las IV. 25	2 Wences- las	17 Philip IV.	17 Amadeus IV.	28 Joanna I	7 Fern. IV. James II 11. 12	29 Mahom- ed II. 1 Mahom- ed III.	23 Dionysi- us the Liberal	30 Edw Inte
6015	1302	21 — 4	5 —	3 —	3 —	18 —	18 —	29 —	8 —	1 —	24 —	31 —
6016	1303	22 — 5	6 —	4 — 26	4 —	19 —	19 —	30 —	9 — 13	2 —	25 —	32 —
6017	1304	23 — 6	7 —	5 — 27	4 —	1 Ladislas the Short 2 again	20 —	20 —	10 — 14	3 —	26 —	33 —
6018	1305	24 — 7	8 —	6 Wences-1 las V.	2 —	21 —	21 —	1 Louis Hutin	11 — 15	4 —	27 —	34 —
6019	1306	25 — 8	9 —	7 Henry 1 and	3 —	22 —	22 —	2 —	12 — 16	5 —	28 —	35 Ro R
6020	1307	26 — 9	10 —	8 Rodolph 2 of	4 —	23 —	23 —	3 —	13 — 17	6 —	29 —	1 Edw I
6021	1308	27 — 10	1 Henry VII. of Luxem- burg	9 Haps-3 burg	5 —	24 —	24 —	4 —	14 — 18	7 —	30 —	2 —
6022	1309	28 — 11	2 —	10 — 4	6 —	25 —	25 —	5 —	15 — 19	1 Alnas- sar	31 —	3 —
6023	1310	29 — 12	3 —	11 John of 1 Luxem- burg 2	7 —	26 —	26 —	6 —	16 — 20	2 —	32 —	4 —
6024	1311	30 — 13	4 —	12 — 3	8 —	27 —	27 —	7 —	17 — 21	3 —	33 —	5 —
6025	1312	31 — 14	5 —	13 — 4	9 —	28 —	28 —	8 —	1 Alfonso II.	22 4 —	34 —	6 —
6026	1313	32 — 15	— Interreg.	14 — 5	10 —	29 —	29 —	9 —	2 — 23	1 Ismail I.	35 —	7 —
6027	1314	33 — 16	1 Louis IV. of Bavaria and	15 — 6	11 —	1 Louis X. Hutin 2 King of Navarre	30 —	10 —	3 — 24	2 —	36 —	+8 —
6028	1315	34 — 17	2 Frederic III. of Austria rival 5 emperors	16 — 7	12 —	1 John I. 4 Philip 2 V. the Long 3 King of Navarre	31 —	11 —	4 — 25	3 —	37 —	9 —
6029	1316	35 — 18	3 —	17 — 8	13 —	1 John I. 4 Philip 2 V. the Long 3 King of Navarre	32 —	12 —	5 — 26	4 —	38 —	10 —
6030	1317	36 — 19	4 —	18 — 9	14 —	4 —	33 —	13 —	6 — 27	5 —	39 —	11 —
6031	1318	37 — 20	5 —	19 — 10	15 —	5 —	34 —	3 —	7 — 28	6 —	40 —	12 —
6032	1319	38 — 21	6 —	20 — 11	16 —	6 —	35 —	4 —	8 — 29	7 —	41 —	13 —
6033	1320	39 — 22	7 —	21 — 12	17 takes the regal title	7 —	36 —	5 —	9 — 30	8 —	42 —	14 —
6034	1321	40 — 23	8 —	22 — 13	18 —	8 —	37 —	6 —	10 — 31	9 —	43 —	15 —
6035	1322	41 — 24	9 —	23 — 14	19 —	9 —	38 —	1 Charles I.	11 — 32	10 —	44 —	16 —
6036	1323	42 — 25	10 —	24 — 15	20 —	10 —	1 Edward 3 Navarre	2 King of France	12 — 33	11 —	45 —	17 —
6037	1324	43 — 26	11 —	25 — 16	21 —	11 —	2 —	3 —	13 — 34	12 —	46 —	18 —
6038	1325	44 — 27	12 —	26 — 17	22 —	12 —	3 —	4 —	14 — 35	1 Mahom- ed IV.	1 Alfonso IV. the Brave	19 —
6039	1326	45 Orchan 1	13 —	27 — 18	23 —	13 —	4 —	5 —	15 — 36	2 —	20 —	20 —
6040	1327	46 — 2	14 —	28 — 19	24 —	14 —	5 —	6 —	16 Alfonso IV.	1 3 —	3 —	1 Edw I
6041	1328	47 — 3	15 —	29 — 20	25 —	15 —	6 —	1 Joanna II. and 2 Philip Count 3 d'Ev- reux	17 — 2	4 —	4 —	2 —
6042	1329	48 — 4	16 —	30 — 21	26 —	16 —	1 Aimon the Peace Maker	2 —	18 — 3	5 —	5 —	3 D
6043	1330	49 — 5	17 Louis alone	31 — 22	27 —	17 —	3 —	3 —	19 — 4	6 —	6 —	4 B
6044	1331	50 — 6	18 —	32 — 23	28 —	18 —	4 —	4 —	20 — 5	7 —	7 —	5 —
6045	1332	1 Androni- cus III.	19 —	33 — 24	29 —	19 —	5 —	5 —	21 — 6	8 —	8 —	6 —
6046	1333	2 Palaolo- gus the Younger 3	20 —	34 — 25	30 —	20 —	6 —	6 —	22 — 7	1 Yussef I.	9 —	7 —
6047	1334	3 — 9	21 —	35 — 26	31 —	21 —	7 —	7 —	23 — 8	2 —	10 —	8 —
6048	1335	4 — 10	22 —	36 — 27	32 —	22 —	8 —	8 —	24 — 9	3 —	11 —	9 —
6049	1336	5 — 11	23 —	37 — 28	33 —	23 —	9 —	9 —	25 Pedro IV. the Ceremo- nious	1 4 —	12 —	10 —
6050	1337	6 — 12	24 —	38 — 29	34 —	24 —	10 —	10 —	26 — 2	5 —	13 —	11 —
6051	1338	7 — 13	25 —	39 — 30	35 —	25 —	11 —	11 —	27 — 3	6 —	14 —	12 —
6052	1339	8 — 14	26 —	40 — 31	36 —	26 —	12 —	12 —	28 — 4	7 —	15 —	13 —
6053	1340	9 — 15	27 —	41 — 32	37 —	27 —	13 —	13 —	29 — 5	8 —	16 —	14 —
6054	1341	1 John Palaolo- gus I. 2	28 —	42 — 33	38 —	28 —	14 —	14 —	30 — 6	9 —	17 —	15 —
6055	1342	3 — 17	29 —	43 — 34	39 —	29 —	15 —	15 —	31 — 7	10 —	18 —	16 —
6056	1343	4 — 18	30 —	44 — 35	40 —	30 —	16 —	1 Amadeus V. the Green Count	16 Joanna alone	32 8 —	19 —	17 —
6057	1344	5 — 19	31 —	45 — 36	41 —	31 —	17 —	2 —	17 — 9	12 —	20 —	18 —
6058	1345	6 — 20	32 —	46 — 37	42 —	32 —	18 —	3 —	18 — 10	13 —	21 —	19 —
6059	1346	7 — 21	33 —	47 — 38	43 —	33 —	19 —	4 —	19 — 11	14 —	22 —	20 —
6060	1347	1 John Canta- cuzene 2	34 —	48 — 39	44 —	34 —	20 —	5 —	20 — 12	15 —	23 —	21 —
6061	1348	3 — 23	35 —	49 — 40	45 —	35 —	21 —	6 —	21 — 13	16 —	24 —	22 —
6062	1349	4 — 24	36 —	50 — 41	46 —	36 —	22 —	7 —	22 — 14	17 —	25 —	23 —
6063	1350	5 — 25	37 —	51 — 42	47 —	37 —	23 —	8 —	1 Charles II. 2 the Bad	18 — 15	26 —	24 —



Kings of Sweden		Kings of Naples		Kings of Sicily		POPEs	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MIDDLE AGES	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
ic VIII. Birger 12	17	Charles II. Frede- ric I.	18	8	9	8 Boniface VIII.	Peter de Apono, 'Conciliator,' 1250—1315	Dante Alighieri is exiled from Florence with the Bianchi faction, by Charles of Valois.	Langton, Bp. of Lichfield, ob. 1322
13	18		19	8	9	1 Benedict XI.	Flavio Giola, improver of the mariner's compass?	The royal forests enacted to be perpetual, Feb. 14.—The mariner's compass supposed by some to be invented.	Sir Nicholas de Segrave, ob. 1321
14	19		20	9	10	— Vacant	Dante Alighieri, 1265—1321	King Edward enters Scotland with a powerful army.—A treaty is concluded with John Comyn.	Sir Ralph Hengham, L. C. J., ob. 1308
15	20		21	10	11	1 Clement V.		Wallace is betrayed to Sir John Monteith.—Death of Cazan, May 31, and decline of the Moguls.	Enguerrand de Marigny, minister to Philip the Fair, ob. 1315
16	21		22	11	12	2	Arnoldus de Villanova, 'Per- scrutator,' 1233—1314	King Edward consults Bruce, and plans the government of Scotland.—Wallace is executed.	Piers Gaveston, ob. 1312
17	22		23	12	13	3	Giotto, 'the second reviver of painting in Italy,' 1276—1336	Robert Bruce kills Comyn, and is crowned at Scone, Mar. 29.—King Edward proceeds to Carlisle.	William Tell, ob. 1354
18	23		24	13	14	4		King Edward I. dies, July 7, at 67.—Fiers Gaveston recalled, and created Earl of Cornwall.	De Lacy, Earl of Lincoln, ob. 1312
19	24		1	14	15	5		The Barons demand the banishment of Gaveston.—Independence of the Swiss Cantons established, Jan. 13.	James de Molay, Grand Tem- plar, ob. 1314
20	1	Robert the Wise	2	15	16	6		Gaveston is permitted to return by the Barons, whom he insults.—The Papal Court removed to Avignon.	Thomas Earl of Lancaster, ob. 1322
21	2		3	16	17	7		Twenty-eight bishops and barons are constituted 'Or- dainers,' to control the royal excesses.	Sir James Douglas, ob. 1330
22	3		4	17	18	8	Durandus, Bishop of Anicium, ob. 1333	Royal assent to the ' Ordinances.'—Gaveston retires.— Institution of the Council of Ten at Venice.	Randulph Earl of Moray, ob. 1331
23	4		5	18	19	9		Gaveston beheaded at Warwick Castle.—XVth General Council, of Vienne, Oct. 16, 1311—May 6, 1312.	Charles de Valois, minister to Louis Hutin, ob. 1325
24	5		6	19	20	— Vacant		The Barons and the King are reconciled.—The Scots take Edinburgh Castle.	Hugh Despenser, the Elder, ob. at. 90, 1326
25	6		7	20	21	1 John XXII.		Battle of Bannockburn, and flight of Edward, June 24.—The Cardinals fire the Conclave, and separate.	Gerard la Guette, minister to Philip the Long, ob. 1321
26	7		8	21	22	2	Nicholas de Lyra, Catholic Jew, ob. 1340	Edward Bruce, invited by the Irish chiefs, lands at Car- rickfergus, and burns Dundalk.	Hugh Despenser, the Young- er, ob. 1326
27	8		9	22	23	3		Edward Bruce crowned King of Ireland—Robert Bruce passes over to his aid, but returns next year.	
28	9		10	23	24	4		The Irish chieftains justify their choice of Edward Bruce to Pope John, and desire his protection.	
29	10		11	24	25	5		Battle of Dundalk, Edward Bruce defeated by John Lord Birmingham, and slain, Oct. 5.	
er II. Aristo- Jagnus 1	12		12	25	26	6		The younger Despenser introduced at Court.—Truce for two years between England and Scotland.	
II. 2	13		13	26	27	7	Abulfeda, Arabian geographer and historian, 1273—1331	Scottish memorial to Pope John XXII.—The two Despen- sers wholly engross the King's favour.	
3	14		14	27	28	8		The Barons rebel.—The Despensers are banished.—King Edward takes to arms.—The Despensers are recalled.	Peter Remi, minister to Charles IV. ob. 1328
4	15		15	28	29	9		Battle of Muhldorf, Frederiek III. taken prisoner by Louis of Bavaria. Sept. 28.—Thomas Earl of Lancaster beh.	Castruccio Castracani, 1281—1328
5	16		16	29	30	10		Truce with Scotland for thirteen years.—Roger Mortimer escapes from the Tower of London to France.	Stapleton, Bp. of Exeter, ob. 1327
6	17		17	30	31	11		Charles le Bel invades Guienne.—Queen Isabel takes of- fence at the Despensers for controlling her revenue.	Mortimer, Earl of March, ob. 1330
7	18		18	31	32	12		Queen Isabel goes over to France, forms a connection with Mortimer, and is joined by the Prince of Wales.	Sir William Trussel, ob. 1348
8	19		19	32	33	13	John Brompton, 'Chronicon,' 583—1198, ob. —	Queen Isabel lands an army.—The Despensers are taken and hanged.—The King is confined at Kenilworth.	Constable Chatillon, ob. 1329
9	20		20	33	34	14		King Edward II. resigns the crown, Jan. 7, at. 43, and is murdered at Berkeley Castle, Sept. 21.	
10	21		21	34	35	15	William Occam, 'Inceptor,' ob. 1347	Peace with Scotland.—King Edward III. resigns all claim of superiority over that kingdom.	
11	22		22	35	36	16		Edmund Earl of Kent beheaded for unfounded conspi- racy, Mar. 21.	
12	23		23	36	37	17		Battle of Mount-cassel, Aug. 23.—Mortimer is seized in Nottingham Castle, Oct. 19, and executed, Nov. 26.	
13	24		24	37	38	18		King Edward projects the conquest of Scotland.—The Knights of the Teutonic order settle in Prussia.	
14	25		25	38	39	1	Nicephorus Gregorius, Byzantine historian, ob. 1350	Edward Baliol defeats the regent Mar, Aug. 11, is crowned at Scone, Sept. 24; and is defeated by Moray, Dec. 16.	
erreg. 15	26		26	39	40	2		Battle of Halidon Hill, July 19.—Surrender of Berwick, July 20.—Flight of K. David.—Edward Baliol restored.	Robert d'Artois, ob. 1342
16	27		27	40	41	3		Baliol does homage to Edward; but the Scots, resenting his concessions, drive him to England.	
17	28		28	41	42	4		Scotland desolated by Edward in reprisal.	
18	29	Pedro II.	29	42	43	5		King Edward demands restitution from Philip of Valois of the several places detained from him.	Richard de Bury, Bp. of Dur- ham, 1281—1345
19	30		30	43	44	6		James Arteveldt, a brewer of Ghent, becomes an impor- tant ally to the King of England.	James van Arteveldt, of Ghent, ob. 1346
20	31		31	44	45	7		King Edward lands at Antwerp, July 22.—He proceeds to Ghent, and enlarges the privileges of the town.	
alde- ar III.	21		32	45	46	8		King Edward and King Philip approach each other, in battle array, near Laon, but no action ensues.	
22	22		33	46	47	9		King Edward destroys the French fleet at Sluys.—King Philip advances, but declines the proffered battle.	
23	23		34	47	48	10		First passage of the Turks into Europe, 1341.7.—King Edward sends aid to the Count de Montfort.	Geoffrey d'Harcourt
24	24	Louis I.	35	48	49	11		Sir W. Manny relieves Lady Montfort at Hennebon.—The Countess engages a French fleet.	Henry Duke of Lancaster, ob. 1360
25	25		36	49	50	12	Leontius Pilatus of Thessalo- nica, Greek preceptor to Pe- trarch and Boccacio	The legates interpose a truce, Jan. 19.—The Duke of Athens driven out of Florence, Aug. 3.	
26	26		37	50	51	13		The Earl of Derby relieves Auberche, invested by the Count de Lisle.	Charles de Blois
27	27		38	51	52	14		Andrew of Hungary assassinated at the instance of his wife, Joan Queen of Naples, Sept. 18.	Hatfield, Bp. of Durham, ob. 1381
28	28		39	52	53	15		Edward lands at La Hogue.—Battles of Creci, Aug. 26—of Nevil's Cross, Oct. 17. King David taken prisoner.	Nicholas Rienzi, ob. 1354
29	29		40	53	54	16		Surrender of Calais, Aug. 4.—Cola di Rienzi effects a temporary revolution in Rome.	Cardinal Albornos, the anta- gonist of Rienzi, ob. 1367
30	30		41	54	55	17		War between the Genoese and John Cantacuzene.—Louis of Hungary conquers Naples.—The Order of the Garter instituted.	Charles de Montmorency, general to Philip VI. ob. 1381
31	31		42	55	56	18		'The Plague of Florence' decimates all Europe.	
								Philip of Valois, King of France, dies, and is succeeded by John Duke of Normandy.	





DOGES OF VENICE	Signori of Ferrara D'Este Torrilli	Marquises of Montferrat	Visconti Milan Signori Mantua	Burgundy Dukes of Bretagne	Flanders Counts Dukes Brabant	Namur Marqs. Counts Luxembg.	Holland Counts Electors Brandenbg.	Bavaria Dukes Electors Palatine	Saxony Dukes Electors	Lorraine
13 Pietro Gradenigo	9 Azzo VIII. Saling- uerra III.	10 John II. the Just	7 Matthew the Great	30 Robert II. John II.	22 Guy John 8	5 John I. Henry 14	3 John II. Otho 20	8 Louis III. Rodolph I.	4 Rodolph Ferri III.	51 52
14	10	11	8	31	23	6	4	9	5	
15	11	12	9	32	24	7	5	10	6	53
16	12	13	10	33	25	8	1	11	7	Theobald II.
17	13	Interreg.	11	1 Hugh V. Arthur I.	1 Robert III.	9	2	12	8	2
18	14	1 Theodore Paleologus	12	2	2	10	3	13	9	3
19	15	2	13	3	3	11	4	14	10	4
20	1 Fulke	3	14	4	4	12	5	15	11	5
21	2	4	15	5	5	13	6	16	12	6
22	3	5	16	6	6	14	7	17	13	7
1 Marino Giorgi	4	6	17	7	7	15	8	18	14	8
2 Giovanni Sorazo	5	7	18	8	8	16	9	19	15	Ferri IV.
3	6	8	19	9	9	17	10	20	16	2
4	7	9	20	10	10	18	11	21	17	3
5	8	10	21	1	1	19	12	22	18	4
6	9	11	22	2	2	20	13	23	19	5
7	1 Rinaldo Obizzo III. and Nicholas I.	12	23	3	3	21	14	24	20	6
8	2	13	24	4	4	22	15	25	21	7
9	3	14	25	5	5	23	16	26	22	8
10	4	15	26	6	6	24	17	27	23	9
11	5	16	27	7	7	25	18	28	24	10
12	6	17	1 Galeas I.	8	8	26	19	29	25	11
13	7	18	2	9	9	27	20	30	26	12
14	8	19	3	10	10	28	21	31	27	13
15	9	20	4	11	11	29	22	32	28	14
16	10	21	5	12	12	30	23	33	29	15
17	11	22	6	13	13	31	24	34	30	16
1 Francesco Dandolo	12	23	1 Azzo Louis I. de Gonzaga	14	14	32	25	35	31	Raoul I.
2	13	24	2	15	15	33	26	36	32	2
3	14	25	3	16	16	34	27	37	33	3
4	15	26	4	17	17	1 John II.	28	38	34	4
5	16	27	5	18	18	2	29	39	35	5
6	17	28	6	19	19	3	30	40	36	6
7	18	29	7	20	20	4	31	41	37	7
8	19 Rinaldo, ob.	30	8	21	21	1 Guy II.	32	42	38	8
9	20	31	9	22	22	1 Philip III.	33	43	39	9
10	21	32	10	23	23	1 William I. the Rich	29	44	40	10
11	22	1 John II. Paleologus	11	24	24	2 Rich	30	45	41	11
1 Bartolommeo Gradenigo	23	2	1 Luchin	25	25	3	31	46	42	12
2	24	3	2	26	26	4	32	47	43	13
3	25	4	3	27	27	5	33	48	44	14
4	26	5	4	28	28	6	34	49	45	15
1 Andrea Dandolo	27	6	5	29	29	7	35	50	46	16
2	28 Nicholas, ob.	7	6	30	30	8	36	51	47	17
3	29	8	7	31	31	9	37	52	48	18
4	30	9	8	32	32	10	38	53	49	John I.
5	31	10	9	33	33	11	39	54	50	2
6	32	11	10	34	34	12	40	55	51	3
7	33	12	1 John	35	35	13	41	56	52	4
8	34	13	2	36	36	14	42	57	53	5
				1 Philip I. de Rouvre	10	5	43	58	54	

1871  
1872

1871	
Jan	Feb
1	2
3	4
5	6
7	8
9	10
11	12
13	14
15	16
17	18
19	20
21	22
23	24
25	26
27	28
29	30
31	
1872	
Jan	Feb
1	2
3	4
5	6
7	8
9	10
11	12
13	14
15	16
17	18
19	20
21	22
23	24
25	26
27	28
29	30
31	





Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	The Last Ottoman	Emprs. of Emperors	Emperors of Germany	Hungary	Kings of Bohemia	Kings of Poland	Kings of France	Counts of Savoy	KINGS IN SPAIN			Kings of Portugal
										Castile — Arragon		Granada	
6064	1351	5	John Cant. Orchan 26	5 Charles IV.	10 Louis I. Charles I.	6 7	19 Casimir III.	2 John II.	9 Amadeus VI.	3 Charles II. the Bad	2 Pedro Pedro 16 IV. 17	19 Yussef I.	27 Alfonso IV.
6065	1352	6	— 27	6 —	11 —	—	20 —	3 —	10 —	4 —	3 —	20 —	28 —
6066	1353	7	— 28	7 —	12 —	8 —	21 —	4 —	11 —	5 —	4 —	18 —	29 —
6067	1354	8	— 29	8 —	13 —	9 —	22 —	5 —	12 —	6 —	5 —	19 —	30 —
6068	1355	15	John Palaeo- logus restored	9 —	14 —	10 —	23 —	6 —	13 —	7 —	6 —	20 —	31 —
6069	1356	16	— 31	10 —	15 —	11 —	24 —	7 —	14 —	8 —	7 —	21 —	32 —
6070	1357	17	— 32	11 —	16 —	12 —	25 —	8 —	15 —	9 —	8 —	22 —	33 —
6071	1358	18	— 33	12 —	17 —	13 —	26 —	9 —	16 —	10 —	9 —	23 —	34 —
6072	1359	19	— 34	13 —	18 —	14 —	27 —	10 —	17 —	11 —	10 —	24 —	35 —
6073	1360	20	Amu- rath	14 —	19 —	15 —	28 —	11 —	18 —	12 —	11 —	25 —	36 —
6074	1361	21	I. 2	15 —	20 —	16 —	29 —	12 —	19 —	13 —	12 —	26 —	37 —
6075	1362	22	— 3	16 —	21 —	17 —	30 —	13 —	20 —	14 —	13 —	27 —	38 —
6076	1363	23	— 4	17 —	22 —	18 —	31 —	14 —	21 —	15 —	14 —	28 —	39 —
6077	1364	24	— 5	18 —	23 —	19 —	32 —	1 Charles V. the Wise	22 —	16 —	15 —	29 —	40 —
6078	1365	25	— 6	19 —	24 —	20 —	33 —	2 —	23 —	17 —	16 —	30 —	41 —
6079	1366	26	— 7	20 —	25 —	21 —	34 —	3 —	24 —	18 —	17 —	31 —	42 —
6080	1367	27	— 8	21 —	26 —	22 —	35 —	4 —	25 —	19 —	18 —	32 —	43 —
6081	1368	28	— 9	22 —	27 —	23 —	36 —	5 —	26 —	20 —	1 Henry II. the Bastard	33 —	44 —
6082	1369	29	— 10	23 —	28 —	24 —	37 —	6 —	27 —	21 —	2 —	34 —	45 —
6083	1370	30	— 11	24 —	29 Louis elected	25 —	1 Louis King of	7 —	28 —	22 —	3 —	35 —	46 —
6084	1371	31	— 12	25 —	30 King of Poland	26 —	2 Hungary	8 —	29 —	23 —	4 —	36 —	47 —
6085	1372	32	— 13	26 —	31 —	27 —	3 —	9 —	30 —	24 —	5 —	37 —	48 —
6086	1373	33	— 14	27 —	32 —	28 —	4 —	10 —	31 —	25 —	6 —	38 —	49 —
6087	1374	34	— 15	28 —	33 —	29 —	5 —	11 —	32 —	26 —	7 —	39 —	50 —
6088	1375	35	— 16	29 —	34 —	30 —	6 —	12 —	33 —	27 —	8 —	40 —	51 —
6089	1376	36	— 17	30 —	35 —	31 —	7 —	13 —	34 —	28 —	9 —	41 —	52 —
6090	1377	37	— 18	31 —	36 —	32 —	8 —	14 —	35 —	29 —	10 —	42 —	53 —
6091	1378	38	— 19	1 Wences- las	37 Wences- las	1	9 —	15 —	36 —	30 —	11 —	43 —	54 —
6092	1379	39	— 20	2 —	38 Empe- ror	2	10 —	16 —	37 —	31 —	1 John I.	44 —	55 —
6093	1380	40	— 21	3 —	39 —	3	11 —	1 Charles VI. the	38 —	32 —	2 —	45 —	56 —
6094	1381	41	— 22	4 —	40 —	4	12 —	2 Beloved	39 —	33 —	3 —	46 —	57 —
6095	1382	42	— 23	5 —	1 Mary	5	Interreg.	3 —	40 —	34 —	4 —	47 —	58 —
6096	1383	43	— 24	6 —	2 —	6	—	4 —	1 Amadeus VII. the Red	35 —	5 —	48 —	59 —
6097	1384	44	— 25	7 —	3 —	7	—	5 —	2 —	36 —	6 —	49 —	60 —
6098	1385	45	— 26	8 —	4 —	8	1 Hedwig and 2 Ladislas V. Jagello	6 —	3 —	37 —	7 —	50 —	61 —
6099	1386	46	— 27	9 —	5 —	9	—	7 —	4 —	38 —	8 —	51 —	62 —
6100	1387	47	— 28	10 —	6 —	10	—	8 —	5 —	39 —	9 —	52 —	63 —
6101	1388	48	— 29	11 —	7 —	11	4 —	9 —	6 —	40 —	10 —	53 —	64 —
6102	1389	49	Bajazet I.	12 —	8 —	12	5 —	10 —	7 —	41 —	11 —	54 —	65 —
6103	1390	50	— 2	13 —	9 —	13	6 —	11 —	8 —	42 —	1 Henry III.	4 —	66 —
6104	1391	1	Manuel II. Palaeo- logus	3 —	10 —	14	7 —	12 —	1 Amadeus VIII. the Pacific Duke of Savoy	5 —	2 —	5 —	67 —
6105	1392	2	— 4	15 —	1 Sigis- mund	15	8 —	13 —	2 —	6 —	3 —	6 —	68 —
6106	1393	3	— 5	16 —	2 —	16	9 —	14 —	3 —	7 —	4 —	7 —	69 —
6107	1394	4	— 6	17 —	3 —	17	10 —	15 —	4 —	8 —	5 —	8 —	70 —
6108	1395	5	— 7	18 —	4 —	18	11 —	16 —	5 —	9 —	6 —	9 —	71 —
6109	1396	6	— 8	19 —	5 —	19	12 —	17 —	6 —	10 —	7 —	10 —	72 —
6110	1397	7	— 9	20 —	6 —	20	13 —	18 —	7 —	11 —	8 —	11 —	73 —
6111	1398	8	— 10	21 —	7 —	21	14 —	19 —	8 —	12 —	9 —	12 —	74 —
6112	1399	9	— 11	22 —	8 —	22	15 Ladislas alone	20 —	9 —	13 —	10 —	13 —	75 —
6113	1400	10	— 12	1 Rupert- Palatine	9 —	23	16 —	21 —	10 —	14 —	11 —	14 —	76 —

		Kings of Sicily		POPES	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MIDDLE AGES	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
32	9	Joanna I.	10	Clement VI.			
33	10	Louis II.	11	Innocent VI.	Francis Petrarch, 1304—1374	Battle in the Bosphorus between the Venetian and Genoese admirals Pisano and Doria, Feb. 13. Establishment of the Ottomans in Europe.—The Genoese defeated off Sardinia, Aug. 29. A third conflict takes place, in which the Venetian fleet is destroyed by Doria off the Morea, Nov. 3. Marino Faliero, Doge of Venice, denounced to the Council of Ten, and beheaded, Apr. 16. The Black Prince with his vau falls in with the rear of King John at Mauthertius.—Battle of Poitiers, Sept. 19. The Black Prince returns with King John and Prince Philip as prisoners.—David King of Scots released, Nov. 1. The states of France refuse to ratify a peace between the Kings.—The war of 'the Jacquerie' in France. King Edward lays siege to Rheims, but is repulsed by the Archbishop and the inhabitants. King John and King Edward ratify the treaty of Bretigny in person at Calais, Oct. 24.—King John is set at liberty.	Pierre de la Foret, minister to John II. ob. 1361 Albuquerque, minister to Pedro the Cruel, ob. 1354
34	11	—	12	—			
35	12	—	13	—			
36	13	Frederic I.	4	—	Giovanni Boccaccio, ob. <i>est.</i> 62, 1375		Edward the Black Prince, 1330—1376
37	14	III. the Simple	2	—	Robert of Avesbury, 'Mirabilia Gesta. Edw. III.' ob. <i>cir.</i> 1356		Sir John Chandos, ob. 1370
38	15	—	3	—	Ralph Higden, 'Polychronicon,' ob. <i>post</i> 1377		
39	16	—	4	—			
40	17	—	5	—			James Lord Audley, 1314—1386
41	18	—	6	—			Sir Robert Knollys, ob. 1407
42	19	—	7	—	Matthew of Westminster, 'Flores Historiarum' to 1307,	King Edward sends commissioners to France to take possession of the places surrendered. King Edward erects Guienne into the Principality of Aquitaine in favour of the Black Prince. The Black Prince takes possession of his principality, and resides at Bourdeaux. King John returns to England, and dies, Apr. 8.—Battle of Auray, Charles de Blois killed, Sept. 29. Sir Henry Green, chief justice, fined and removed for extortion. Peter the Cruel, being expelled by Don Henry, prays assistance of the Black Prince at Bourdeaux. The Black Prince defeats Don Henry at Navarette.—All Castile submits, and Peter mocks his ally. King Charles violates the treaty of Bretigny.—The Gascon lords refuse to pay taxes to the Black Prince. King Charles summons the Black Prince to Paris, and confiscates the English possessions in France. Aquitaine is declared forfeited.—The Black Prince retakes Limoges.—Reign of Timour, 1370—1405.	
43	20	—	8	Urban V.			
44	21	—	9	—			
45	22	—	10	—			
rt 1	23	—	11	—			John Agnello, Doge of Milan, ob. 1368
2	24	—	12	—	Sir John Mandeville, ob. 1371		
3	25	—	13	—			
4	26	—	14	—			
5	27	—	15	—	John Wiclif, <i>cir.</i> 1324—1384		Hastings, Earl of Pembroke, ob. 1375
6	28	—	16	Gregory XI.			Constable du Guesclin, ob. <i>est.</i> 66, 1388
7	29	—	17	—			
8	30	—	18	—			Cardinal la Grange, minister to Charles the Wise, ob. 1402
9	31	—	19	—	John Gower, ob. 1402		Boccanegra, Spanish admiral, ob. <i>cir.</i> 1396
10	32	—	20	—			Sir John Hawkwood, ob. 1394
11	33	—	21	—	John Barbour, Scottish poet, 'The Bruce,' ob. 1395	Truce between England and France.—King Edward wastes his treasury upon Alice Perrers, his mistress. Commissioners for peace (John Wiclif and others) meet at Bruges, but they only prolong the truce. Edward the Black Prince dies, June 8, <i>est.</i> 45.—Charles the Wise prepares to invade England. King Edward III. dies, June 21, <i>est.</i> 64.—Gregory XI. restores the pontifical court from Avignon to Rome. The schism in the papacy commences with the double election of Urban VI. and Clement VII. Montfort, Duke of Bretagne, delivers Brest to the English, in consideration of a grant in land. Surrender of the Genoese fleet to the Venetians at Chi-ozza.—Capitation tax imposed.	John de Vienne, admiral to Charles the Wise
12	34	—	22	—	John Froissart, 'Chronicle,' born 1337		Louis Duke of Anjou, ob. 1383
13	35	Mary I.	1	—	John Fordun, 'Scoti-Chronicon'		John of Gaunt, Duke of Lancaster, ob. 1398
14	36	—	2	Urban VI.			Richard Scrope, lord chancellor, ob. 1402
15	37	—	3	Clement VII.			Robert de Hales, lord treasurer, ob. 1381
16	38	—	4	—			
17	39	—	5	—			Archbishop Courtney, 1341—1396
18	1	Charles III. of Durazzo	6	—			Philip van Arteveldt, Flemish general, ob. 1382
19	2	—	7	—			Verd, Duke of Ireland, ob. 1395
20	3	—	8	—			
21	4	—	9	—	Nicholas Flanel, alch. ob. 1413		Michael de la Pole, Earl of Suffolk, ob. 1388
22	1	Ladislav	10	—			John de Montagu, minister to Charles VI. ob. 1409
	2	—	11	—			Henry Earl of Northumberland, ob. 1406
	3	—	12	—			
	4	—	13	Boniface IX.	Hafiz, Persian poet, ob. <i>cir.</i> 1389		William of Wykeham, Bishop of Winchester, ob. 1426
	5	—	14	—			
	6	Mary and	15	—			
	7	Martin Prince of Aragon	16	—	Manuel Chrysolaras, Greek philologist, ob. <i>est.</i> 60, 1415	Death of the Emperor John Palæologus. The city of London refuse the King £1000, who annuls the charter, and restores it for £10,000. The Duke of Gloucester, about to embark for Ireland, is recalled.—Conquest of Persia by Timour. Anne of Bohemia, 'the good Queen Anne,' dies, June 7. King Richard proceeds to Ireland. King Richard returns to appease the troubles raised by the Lollards.—Twenty-eight years' truce with France. Battle of Nicopolis, and defeat of Sigismund by Bajazet, Sept. 28.—Conquest of Kipzak by Timour. The Duke of Gloucester seized at Pleshy in presence of the King, and carried off to Calais. Wager of battle between the Dukes of Hereford and Norfolk interrupted by the King, and the Dukes banished. Henry of Bolingbroke lands at Ravenspur, July 4.—King Richard taken prisoner, and resigns the crown, Sept. 29. War of Timour against Bajazet, Sept. 1.—Timour invades Syria and sacks Aleppo. Nov. 11.	Henry Lord Percy, 'Hotspur,' ob. 1403
	8	—	17	—			John de Montacute, Earl of Salisbury, ob. 1400
	9	—	18	Benedict XIII.			Scrope, Earl of Wiltshire, ob. 1399
	10	—	19	—			
c 1	11	—	20	—	Geoffrey Chaucer, 1325—1400		Owen Glendour
ret	12	—	21	—			
X.	13	—	22	—			
of	14	—	23	—			
n	15	—	24	—			





DOGES OF VENICE	Signori of Ferrara	Marquises of Montferrat	Visconti — Milan — Signori — Mantua	Dukes of Burgundy — of Bretagne	Counts — Dukes — Brabant	Marqs. — Dukes — Luxembg.	Holland — Counts — Electors — Brandenbg.	Bavaria — Dukes — Palatine	Saxony — Dukes	Electors — Lorraine
9 Andrea Dandolo	35 Obizzo III.	14 John II. Paleologus	3 John Louis I. 24	2 Philip I. Charles de Blois 12	6 Louis II. John III. 41	15 William I. Charles 6	7 Margaret Louis I. 29	5 Stephen Rodolph II. 25	54 Rodolph I. John I. 7	
10 —	1 Aldovrandini III.	15 —	4 — 25	3 — 12	7 — 41	16 — 7	8 Louis II. the Roman 2	6 — 26	55 —	8 —
11 —	2 —	16 —	5 — 26	4 — 13	8 — 42	17 Wenceslas I. Duke 2	9 — 3	7 Rupert I. the Red 2	56 — 8	
1 Marino Faliero	3 —	17 —	1 Matt. II. 27	5 — 14	9 — 43	18 — 3	10 — 4	8 — 2	57 — 9	
1 Giovanni Gradenigo	4 —	18 —	2 and Galeas 28	6 — 15	10 Jane & Wenceslas of Luxemburg 2	19 — 3	11 — 4	9 — 3	58 — 10	
1 Giovanni Dolfin	5 —	19 —	3 II. 29	7 — 16	11 — 2	20 — 4	1 William V. the Senseless 5	10 — 4	1 Rodolph II. 11	
2 —	6 —	20 —	4 (Matt.) (ob. 1355) 30	8 — 17	12 — 3	21 — 5	2 — 6	11 — 5	2 — 12	
3 —	7 —	21 —	5 — 31	9 — 18	13 — 4	22 — 6	3 — 7	12 — 6	3 — 13	
4 —	8 —	22 —	6 — 32	10 — 19	14 — 5	23 — 7	4 — 8	13 — 7	4 — 14	
5 —	9 —	23 —	7 Guy 1	11 — 20	15 — 6	24 — 8	5 — 9	14 — 8	5 — 15	
1 Lorenzo Celsi	1 Nicholas II.	24 —	8 — 2	12 — 21	16 — 7	25 — 9	6 — 10	15 — 9	6 — 16	
2 —	2 —	25 —	9 — 3	— 22	17 — 8	26 — 10	7 — 11	16 — 10	7 — 17	
3 —	3 —	26 —	10 — 4	1 Philip II. the Hardy 23	18 — 9	27 — 11	8 — 12	17 — 11	8 — 18	
4 —	4 —	27 —	11 — 5	2 John V. the Valiant 2	19 — 10	28 — 12	9 — 13	18 — 12	9 — 19	
1 Marco Cornaro	5 —	28 —	12 — 6	3 — 3	20 — 11	29 — 13	10 Otho V. the Fain- eant 2	19 — 13	10 — 20	
2 —	6 —	29 —	13 — 7	4 — 4	21 — 12	30 — 14	11 — 3	20 — 14	11 — 21	
1 Andrea Contarini	7 —	30 —	14 — 8	5 — 5	22 — 13	31 — 15	12 — 4	21 — 15	12 — 22	
2 —	8 —	31 —	15 — 9	6 — 6	23 — 14	32 — 16	13 — 5	22 — 16	13 — 23	
3 —	9 —	32 —	16 Louis II. 1	7 — 7	24 — 15	33 — 17	14 — 6	23 — 17	14 — 24	
4 —	10 —	33 —	17 — 2	8 — 8	25 — 16	34 — 18	15 — 7	24 — 18	1 Wenceslas 25	
5 —	11 —	34 —	18 — 3	9 — 9	26 — 17	35 — 19	16 — 8	25 — 19	2 — 26	
6 —	12 —	1 Otho	19 — 4	10 — 10	27 — 18	36 — 20	17 — 9	26 — 20	3 — 27	
7 —	13 —	2 —	20 — 5	11 — 11	28 — 19	37 — 21	18 Wenceslas of Luxemburg 2	27 — 21	4 — 28	
8 —	14 —	3 —	21 — 6	12 — 12	29 — 20	38 — 22	19 — 3	28 — 22	5 — 29	
9 —	15 —	4 —	22 — 7	13 — 13	30 — 21	39 — 23	20 — 4	1 John I. the Pacific 23	6 — 30	
10 —	16 —	5 —	23 — 8	14 — 14	31 — 22	40 — 24	21 — 5	2 — 24	7 — 31	
11 —	17 —	6 —	24 — 9	15 — 15	32 — 23	41 — 25	22 — 6	3 — 25	8 — 32	
12 —	18 —	1 John III.	1 John- Galeas and Bernarbo 10	16 — 16	33 — 24	42 — 26	23 Sigismund of Luxemburg 2	4 — 26	9 — 33	
13 —	19 —	2 —	11 — 11	17 — 17	34 — 25	43 — 27	24 — 3	5 — 27	10 — 34	
14 —	20 —	3 —	12 — 12	18 — 18	35 — 26	44 — 28	25 — 4	6 — 28	11 — 35	
15 —	21 —	1 Theodore II.	4 — 13	19 — 19	36 — 27	45 — 29	26 — 5	7 — 29	12 — 36	
1 Michele Morosini 1 Antonio Veniero	22 Tomaso Albizzi	2 —	5 Francis I. 2	20 — 20	37 — 28	46 — 30	27 — 6	8 — 30	13 — 37	
2 —	23 —	3 —	6 — 3	21 — 21	38 Jane alone Flanders united to Burgundy 29	47 Wenceslas II. Emperor 30	28 — 7	9 — 31	14 — 38	
3 —	24 —	4 —	7 — 4	22 — 22	39 — 31	48 — 3	29 — 8	10 — 32	15 — 39	
4 —	25 —	5 —	8 Bernarbo ob. 4	23 — 23	40 — 32	49 — 4	30 — 9	11 — 33	16 — 40	
5 —	26 —	6 —	9 — 5	24 — 24	41 — 33	50 — 5	31 — 10	12 — 34	17 — 41	
6 —	27 —	7 —	10 — 6	25 — 25	42 — 34	51 — 6	32 — 11	13 — 35	18 — 42	
7 —	1 Albert	8 —	11 — 7	26 — 26	43 — 35	52 Jossus le Barbu 2	33 Jossus 1	14 — 36	1 Rodolph III. 43	
8 —	2 —	9 —	12 — 8	27 — 27	44 — 36	53 — 3	1 Albert 2	15 — 37	2 — 44	
9 —	3 —	10 —	13 — 9	28 — 28	45 — 37	54 — 4	2 — 3	16 Rupert II le 1	3 — 45	
10 —	4 —	11 —	14 — 10	29 — 29	46 — 38	1 William II. 5	3 — 4	17 Petit 2	4 Charles I. the Hardy 2	
11 —	5 —	12 —	15 — 11	30 — 30	47 — 39	2 — 6	4 — 5	18 — 3	5 — 3	
12 —	1 Nicholas III.	13 —	16 — 12	31 — 31	48 — 40	3 — 7	5 — 6	19 — 4	6 — 4	
13 —	2 —	14 —	17 — 13	32 — 32	49 — 41	4 — 8	6 — 7	20 — 5	7 — 5	
14 —	3 —	15 —	18 John- Galeas Duke of Milan 14	33 — 33	50 — 42	5 — 9	7 — 8	21 — 6	8 — 6	
15 —	4 —	16 —	19 created 15	34 — 34	51 — 43	6 — 10	8 — 9	22 — 7	9 — 7	
16 —	5 —	17 —	20 Milan 16	35 — 35	52 — 44	7 — 11	9 — 10	1 Ernest 8	10 — 8	
17 —	6 —	18 —	21 — 17	36 — 36	53 — 45	8 — 12	10 — 11	2 Rupert III. 1	11 — 8	
18 —	7 —	19 —	22 — 18	37 John VI. the Good 1	54 — 46	9 — 13	11 — 12	3 — 2	12 — 9	
1 Michele Steno	8 —	20 —	23 — 19	38 — 2	—	10 — 13	12 — 13	4 elected emperor 3	13 — 10	







Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	The East Ottoman Empr. of Emperors	Emperors of Germany	Hungary Kings of Bohemia	Kings of Poland	Kings of France	Dukes of Savoy	KINGS IN SPAIN			Kings of Portugal	England
								Navarre	Castile — Arragon	Granada		
6114	1401	11 Manuel II.	2 Rupert	10 Sigismund	17 Ladis-	22 Charles	11 Amadeus	15 Charles	12 Henry III.	6 Mahom-	19 John I.	3
6115	1402	Bajazet 13 Soliman 1	Count 3 Palatine	Wences-24 las VI. 25	las IV.	VI.	VIII.	16 Noble	13 Martin 7 8	7 —	20 Great	4
6116	1403	13 — 2	4 —	12 — 26	19 —	24 —	13 —	17 —	14 — 9	8 —	21 —	5
6117	1404	14 — 3	5 —	13 — 27	20 —	25 —	14 —	18 —	15 — 10	9 —	22 —	6
6118	1405	15 — 4	6 —	14 — 28	21 —	26 —	15 —	19 —	16 — 11	10 —	23 —	7
6119	1406	16 — 5	7 —	15 — 29	22 —	27 —	16 —	20 —	1 John II. 12	11 —	24 —	8
6120	1407	17 — 6	8 —	16 — 30	23 —	28 —	17 —	21 —	2 — 13	12 —	25 —	9
6121	1408	18 — 7	9 —	17 — 31	24 —	29 —	18 —	22 —	3 — 14	1 Yussef III.	26 —	10
6122	1409	19 — 8	10 —	18 — 32	25 —	30 —	19 —	23 —	4 — 15	2 —	27 —	11
6123	1410	20 Musa- Chelebi	1 Jossus 1 Sigis-	19 — 33	26 —	31 —	20 —	24 —	5 Interreg.	3 —	28 —	12
6124	1411	21 — 2	2 mund	20 elected emperor	34 —	32 —	21 —	25 —	6 —	4 —	29 —	13
6125	1412	22 — 3	3 —	21 — 35	28 —	33 —	22 —	26 —	7 Ferdin- and the Just 2	5 —	30 —	14
6126	1413	23 Mahom- ed I.	4 —	22 — 36	29 —	34 —	23 —	27 —	8 King of Sicily 3	6 —	31 —	1
6127	1414	24 — 2	5 —	23 — 37	30 —	35 —	24 —	28 —	9 —	7 —	32 —	2
6128	1415	25 — 3	6 —	24 — 38	31 —	36 —	25 —	29 —	10 — 4	8 —	33 —	3
6129	1416	26 — 4	7 —	25 — 39	32 —	37 —	26 —	30 —	11 Alfonso 1 V. the Wise 2	9 —	34 —	4
6130	1417	27 — 5	8 —	26 — 40	33 —	38 —	27 —	31 —	12 — 3	10 —	35 —	5
6131	1418	28 — 6	9 —	27 — 41	34 —	39 —	28 —	32 —	13 — 4	11 —	36 —	6
6132	1419	29 — 7	10 —	28 Sigis- mund Empe- ror	1 35 —	40 —	29 —	33 —	14 — 5	12 —	37 —	7
6133	1420	30 — 8	11 —	29 — 36	2 —	41 —	30 —	34 —	15 — 6	13 —	38 —	8
6134	1421	31 Amurath 1 II.	12 —	30 — 37	3 —	42 —	31 —	35 —	16 — 7	14 —	39 —	9
6135	1422	32 — 2	13 —	31 — 38	4 —	43 —	32 —	36 —	17 — 8	15 —	40 —	10
6136	1423	33 — 3	14 —	32 — 39	5 —	44 —	33 —	37 —	18 — 9	1 Mahom- ed VII.	41 —	11
6137	1424	34 — 4	15 —	33 — 40	6 —	45 —	34 —	38 —	19 — 10	2 —	42 —	12
6138	1425	1 John- Paleolo- 2 gus II.	5 16 —	34 — 41	7 —	46 —	35 —	39 —	1 John II.	20 — 11	43 —	13
6139	1426	6 17 —	17 —	35 — 42	8 —	47 —	36 —	40 —	2 — 12	4 —	44 —	14
6140	1427	3 — 7	18 —	36 — 43	9 —	48 —	37 —	41 —	3 — 13	5 —	45 —	15
6141	1428	4 — 8	19 —	37 — 44	10 —	49 —	38 —	42 —	4 — 14	6 —	46 —	16
6142	1429	5 — 9	20 —	38 — 45	11 —	50 —	39 —	43 —	5 — 15	7 —	47 —	17
6143	1430	6 — 10	21 —	39 — 46	12 —	51 —	40 —	44 —	6 — 16	8 —	48 —	18
6144	1431	7 — 11	22 —	40 — 47	13 —	52 —	41 —	45 —	7 — 17	9 —	49 —	19
6145	1432	8 — 12	23 —	41 — 48	14 —	53 —	42 —	46 —	8 — 18	10 —	50 —	20
6146	1433	9 — 13	24 —	42 — 49	15 —	54 —	43 —	47 —	9 — 19	1 Yus. IV. 1 Mahom- 2 ed VII.	51 —	21
6147	1434	10 — 14	25 —	43 — 50	16 —	55 —	44 —	48 —	10 — 20	2 —	52 —	22
6148	1435	11 — 15	26 —	44 — 51	17 —	56 —	45 —	49 —	11 — 21	3 —	53 —	23
6149	1436	12 — 16	27 —	45 — 52	18 —	57 —	46 —	50 —	12 — 22	4 —	54 —	24
6150	1437	13 — 17	28 —	46 — 53	19 —	58 —	47 —	51 —	13 — 23	5 —	55 —	25
6151	1438	14 — 18	1 Albert II. the Grave	1 Albert King of Bohemia 2 and 3 Emperor 3	2 5 —	59 —	48 —	52 —	14 — 24	6 —	56 —	26
6152	1439	15 — 19	2 Interreg. Frederic IV.	1 Ladislas IV 7 Ladis- 1	3 6 —	60 —	49 —	53 —	15 — 25	7 —	57 —	27
6153	1440	16 — 20	3 —	47 — 54	4 7 —	61 —	50 —	54 —	16 — 26	8 —	58 —	28
6154	1441	17 — 21	4 —	54 — 61	5 8 —	62 —	51 —	55 —	17 — 27	9 —	59 —	29
6155	1442	18 — 22	5 —	61 — 68	6 9 —	63 —	52 —	56 —	18 — 28	10 —	60 —	30
6156	1443	19 — 23	6 —	68 — 75	7 10 —	64 —	53 —	57 —	19 — 29	11 —	61 —	31
6157	1444	20 — 24	7 —	75 — 82	8 11 —	65 —	54 —	58 —	20 — 30	12 —	62 —	32
6158	1445	21 — 25	8 —	82 — 89	9 12 —	66 —	55 —	59 —	21 — 31	13 —	63 —	33
6159	1446	22 — 26	9 —	89 — 96	10 13 —	67 —	56 —	60 —	22 — 32	14 —	64 —	34
6160	1447	23 — 27	10 —	96 — 103	11 14 —	68 —	57 —	61 —	23 — 33	15 —	65 —	35
6161	1448	1 Constan- tine XIII. 2 Paleogus	28 9 —	103 — 110	12 15 —	69 —	58 —	62 —	24 — 34	16 —	66 —	36
6162	1449	3 — 30	11 —	110 — 117	13 16 —	70 —	59 —	63 —	25 — 35	17 —	67 —	37
6163	1450	4 —	12 —	117 — 124	14 17 —	71 —	60 —	64 —	26 — 36	18 —	68 —	38



Kings of Sicily		POPEs	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MIDDLE AGES	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
16	Ladislas Mary 25	13 Bonif. IX. Benedict 8		Owen Glendour raises a rebellion in Wales.—Timour sacks Damascus, Jan. 23, and Bagdad, July 23.	L. C. J. Sir W. Gascoigne, ob. 1413
17	Martin 1 alone	14 XIII. 9		Battle of Anjora and defeat of Bajazet, July 28.—Battle of Homildon Hill, Sept. 14.	Tamerlane, ob. 1405
18	— 2	15 — 10		Battle of Shrewsbury, Hotspur killed, July 21; the Earl of Northumberland submitting, is pardoned.	Louis Duke of Orleans, ob. 1407
19	— / 3	1 Innocent VII. 11		The House of Commons petition the king to seize the temporalities of the clergy to pay his army.	Constable d'Albret, ob. 1415
20	— 4	2 — 12		Owen Glendour's son defeated by Prince Henry.—Archbishop Scrope and Lord Mowbray suffer for conspiracy.	Nevil, Earl of Westmoreland, ob. 1425
21	— 5	1 Gregory XII. 13	Leonard Aretine, 1370—1443	Prince James of Scotland taken prisoner on his way to France; the Duke of Albany made regent.	Robert, regent D. of Albany, ob. 1420
22	— 6	2 — 14		The Duke of Orleans assassinated at the instance of the Duke of Burgundy, who avows it, and is pardoned.	Archbishop Arundel, 1353—1413
23	— 7	3 — 15		The Earl of Northumberland defeated and killed at Bramham Moor, by Sir Thomas Rokeby.	Pierre des Essars, minister to Charles VI. ob. 1413
24	Martin 1 senior	1 Alexander V. 16		Council of Pisa, March 25.—John Wickliffe's books condemned at the University of Oxford.	Oldcastle, Lord Cobham, ob. 1417
25	Interreg.	1 John XXIII. 17		King Henry takes advantage of the war between the houses of Burgundy and Orleans.	Constable d'Armagnac, ob. 1413
26	—	2 — 18	John Huss, 1376—1415	King Henry sends an army under the Earl of Arundel, in aid of the Duke of Burgundy.	Edward Mortimer, Earl of March, ob. 1424
27	—	3 — 19		The Orleans faction detach King Henry from the Duke of Burgundy, and form an alliance.	Beaufort, Duke of Exeter, ob. 1426
28	—	4 — 20	Jerome of Prague, ob. 1416	King Henry IV. dies Mar. 20, æt. 45.—The Orleans faction gains the ascendancy at Paris.	Thomas Earl of Salisbury, ob. 1428
1	Joanna II. of Bourbon	5 — 21	Archbishop Chicheley, 1362—1443	King Henry V. demands the crown of France.—XVIIth General Council, of Constance, Nov. 16—Apr. 22, 1418.	Thomas Duke of Clarence, ob. 1421
2	—	— Deposed 22	John Hardyng, chronicler, 1378, post. 1465	John Huss condemned at Constance.—Battle of Agincourt, Oct. 25.—King Henry lands at Dover, Nov. 16.	Mareschal Boucicault, ob. 1421
3	—	— 23		The French besiege Harfleur, but are defeated, and the place is relieved by the Duke of Bedford.	Archibald Earl of Douglas, ob. 1424
4	—	1 Martin V. Deposed	Poggio Bracciolini, 1380—1459	King Henry lands in Normandy, and declines negotiation. Lord Cobham suffers for heresy, Dec. 25.	Murdoch, regent Duke of Albany, ob. 1425
5	—	2 —		Massacre at Paris, June 12.—Queen Isabella and the Duke of Burgundy enter Paris in the king's name, July 14.	Earl of Buchan, Constable of France, ob. 1424
6	—	3 —		John Duke of Burgundy assassinated, whilst in personal conference, at the instance of the Dauphin, Aug. 18.	Tanegui du Chatel, minister to Charles VII. ob. 1462
7	—	4 —		Treaty of Troyes, May 20.—Marriage of K. Henry and the Pss. Catherine.—Philip of Burgundy demands justice.	President Louvet, ob. 1425
8	—	5 —		Battle of Beaujé, Duke of Clarence killed, Feb. 23.—Siege of Meaux, Oct. 6.—Reunion of the Ottoman empire.	John Duke of Bedford, ob. 1435
9	—	6 —		King Henry V. dies, Aug. 31, æt. 33.—Dukes of Bedford and Gloucester Protectors.—King Charles VI. dies, Oct. 21.	John Earl of Arundel, ob. 1434
10	—	7 —		Battle of Crevant, June.—James I., King of Scotland, released, after seventeen years' captivity, Sept. 10.	Constable Richemont, ob. 1458
11	—	8 —		Battle of Vernuil, Aug. 18.—The Earl of March dies, and is succeeded in his regal rights by the Duke of York.	Humphrey Duke of Gloucester, ob. 1447
12	—	9 —	Flavius Blondus, ob. æt. 75, 1463	High dissension between the Duke of Gloucester and Bp. Beaufort, which is appeased by the Duke of Bedford.	Joan of Arc, 1412—1431
13	—	10 —		The Earl of Warwick defeated at Montargis by the Bastard of Orleans.—Beaufort receives a Cardinal's hat.	Mareschal de L'Isle Adam, ob. 1437
14	—	11 —	Theodore Gaza, ob. æt. 90, 1478	The Duke of Bretagne sues to the Duke of Bedford for peace, and swears to the Treaty of Troyes.	Cardinal Beaufort, ob. 1447
15	—	12 —		The Earls of Salisbury and Suffolk take several towns upon the Loire, and besiege Orleans.	Sir John Fastolf, ob. 1469
16	—	13 —	Francis Philadelphus, 1398—1481	Orleans carried by assault, by Joan of Arc, May 8.—King Charles VII. crowned at Rheims, July 17.	George de la Tremouille, minister to Chas. VII. ob. 1446
17	—	14 —	Andrew Wintoun, ob. cir. 1430	Burgundy besieges Compeigne, Joan of Arc taken prisoner, and delivered up to the Duke of Bedford.	Beauchamp, Earl of Warwick, ob. 1440
18	—	1 Eugene IV.	George Trebisonid, 1395—1480	Joan of Arc burnt at Rouen, May 30.—XVIIth Council, of Basle, Dec. 14—May, 1443.	John Earl of Shrewsbury, 1373—1453
19	—	2 —	Enguerrand de Monstrelet, ob. 1453	Francesco Carmagnola betrayed at a banquet, and executed by the Venetian Senate, May 5.	Alexander Livingstone, regent of Scotland
20	—	3 —	George Gemistus Pletho, ob. æt. 100, 1490	The Dukes of Burgundy and Bedford meet at St. Omer's, but part highly incensed.	Creighton, Chancellor of Scotland
21	—	4 —		Cosmo de Medici recalled to Florence, Sept.—Exile of the Albizzi.—Last revolt of Rome.	La Hire Vignoles, general to Charles VII.
1	Alfonso I. the Wise	5 —	Laurentius Valla, 1406—1457	Treaty of Arras, Sept. 22.—The Duke of Burgundy sides with King Charles.—John Duke of Bedford dies, Sept. 14.	Mareschal de Chabannes, ob. 1453
2	King of Arragon	6 —		The Duke of Burgundy lays siege to Calais, but the Duke of Gloucester obliges him to retire.	William de la Pole, Earl of Suffolk, ob. 1450
3	—	7 —		Plague and famine desolate both England and France.	John Corvinus Hunniades, ob. 1456
4	—	8 —		The Duke of Burgundy makes a second attempt upon Calais, which he endeavours to inundate, but fails.	
5	—	9 —		Union of the Greek and Latin Churches, July 6.—XVIIIth General Council, of Florence, Feb. 26—March 7, 1443.	
6	—	10 —	John Guttemburg, 1397—1468	Duke of Orleans, 25 years a prisoner in England, set at liberty.—The art of printing discovered about this time.	
7	—	11 —	John Fust, ob. cir. 1466	Marriage of Francesco Sforza with Bianca Visconti of Milan, daughter of Duke Philip.	
8	—	12 —	Peter Schæffer, ob. post. 1479	Talbot, Earl of Shrewsbury, takes Conches, in Normandy, and blocks up Dieppe.	
9	—	13 —	Sir John Fortescue	Truce between England and Burgundy, April 23.—The French raise the blockade of Dieppe.	
10	—	14 —	John Wesselus, of Groningen, 1419—1489	The Earl of Suffolk proposes marriage between K. Henry and Margaret of Anjou, which Gloucester opposes.	
11	—	15 —		The Queen, Marquis of Suffolk, Cardinal Beaufort, and Abp. of York, league against the Duke of Gloucester.	
12	—	16 —	Henry, the Scottish Minstrel	Gloucester accused by the Queen's party, but acquitted.—The sea breaks in at Dort and overwhelms 100,000 souls	
13	—	1 Nicholas V.	William of Waynflete, Bp. of Winchester, ob. 1486	Duke of Gloucester arrested at St. Edmundsbury, and found dead in his bed, Feb. 28.—Card. Beaufort dies, Apr. 11.	
14	—	2 —		Public disgust at the elevation of the Duke of Suffolk.	
15	—	3 —	Georgius Peurbachius, 1423—1461	The Duke of York puts down a rebellion in Ireland, by gentle measures only.—He now aspires to the crown.	
16	—	4 —		The Duke of Suffolk beheaded at sea, May 2.—Battle of Fourmigny, Apr. 18.—Insurrection of Jack Cade.	Edmund Beaufort, Duke of Somerset, ob. 1455













Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors Ottoman — Emprs. of The East	Emperors of Germany	Hungary Kings of Bohemia	Kings of Poland	Kings of France	Dukes of Savoy	KINGS IN SPAIN			Kings of Portugal	England
								Castile	—	Arragon		
6164	1451	1 Mahom. II. Constant. 4 XIII.	12 Frederic IV.	— Interreg. Ladislas V. 13	7 Casimir IV.	30 Charles VII.	1 Louis	27 John II.	46 John II. Alfonso V. 37	7 Mahomed IX.	14 Alfonso V.	30
6165	1452	2 —	13 —	1 Ladislas V. 14	8 —	31 —	2 —	28 —	47 —	8 —	15 —	31
6166	1453	3 —	14 —	2 King of Bohemia 15	9 —	32 —	3 —	29 —	38 —	9 —	16 —	32
6167	1454	4 —	15 —	3 — 16	10 —	33 —	4 —	30 —	1 Henry IV. the Impotent 39	1 Mahomed X. 40	17 —	33
6168	1455	5 —	16 —	4 — 17	11 —	34 —	5 —	31 —	2 — 41	3 —	18 —	34
6169	1456	6 —	17 —	5 — 18	12 —	35 —	6 —	32 —	3 — 42	4 —	19 —	35
6170	1457	7 —	18 —	1 Matthias George Podiebrad 1	13 —	36 —	7 —	33 —	4 — 43	5 —	20 —	36
6171	1458	8 —	19 —	2 — 2	14 —	37 —	8 —	34 —	5 John II. K. of Navarre 2	6 —	21 —	37
6172	1459	9 —	20 —	3 — 3	15 —	38 —	9 —	35 —	6 — 3	7 —	22 —	38
6173	1460	10 —	21 —	4 — 4	16 —	39 —	10 —	36 —	7 — 4	8 —	23 —	39
6174	1461	11 —	22 —	5 — 5	17 —	1 Louis XI.	11 —	37 —	8 — 5	9 —	24 —	1
6175	1462	12 —	23 —	6 — 6	18 —	2 —	12 —	38 —	9 — 6	10 —	25 —	2
6176	1463	13 —	24 —	7 — 7	19 —	3 —	13 —	39 —	10 — 7	11 —	26 —	3
6177	1464	14 —	25 —	8 — 8	20 —	4 —	14 —	40 —	11 — 8	12 —	27 —	4
6178	1465	15 —	26 —	9 — 9	21 —	5 —	1 Amadeus IX. the Benevolent 2	41 —	12 — 9	12 —	28 —	5
6179	1466	16 —	27 —	10 — 10	22 —	6 —	3 —	42 —	13 — 10	1 Abul-Hassan 2	29 —	6
6180	1467	17 —	28 —	11 — 11	23 —	7 —	4 —	43 —	14 — 11	3 —	30 —	7
6181	1468	18 —	29 —	12 — 12	24 —	8 —	5 —	44 —	15 — 12	4 —	31 —	8
6182	1469	19 —	30 —	13 — 13	25 —	9 —	6 —	45 —	16 — 13	5 —	32 —	9
6183	1470	20 —	31 —	14 Ladislas VI. 1	26 —	10 —	7 —	46 —	17 — 14	6 —	33 —	10
6184	1471	21 —	32 —	15 — 2	27 —	11 —	1 Philibert the Hunter 2	47 —	18 — 15	7 —	34 —	11
6185	1472	22 —	33 —	16 — 3	28 —	12 —	3 —	48 —	19 — 16	8 —	35 —	12
6186	1473	23 —	34 —	17 — 4	29 —	13 —	4 —	49 —	20 — 17	9 —	36 —	13
6187	1474	24 —	35 —	18 — 5	30 —	14 —	5 —	50 —	1 Ferdinand V. the Catholic and Isabella 17	10 —	37 —	14
6188	1475	25 —	36 —	19 — 6	31 —	15 —	6 —	51 —	2 — 18	11 —	38 —	15
6189	1476	26 —	37 —	20 — 7	32 —	16 —	7 —	52 —	3 — 19	12 —	39 —	16
6190	1477	27 —	38 —	21 — 8	33 —	17 —	8 —	53 —	4 — 20	13 —	40 —	17
6191	1478	28 —	39 —	22 — 9	34 —	18 —	9 —	54 —	5 — 21	14 —	41 —	18
6192	1479	29 —	40 —	23 — 10	35 —	19 —	10 —	1 Eleanor 1 Francis-2 Phœbus 7	6 —	15 —	42 —	19
6193	1480	30 —	41 —	24 — 11	36 —	20 —	11 —	3 —	7 —	16 —	43 —	20
6194	1481	1 Bajazet II.	42 —	25 — 12	37 —	21 —	1 Charles I. the Warrior 2	4 —	8 —	17 —	1 John II. the Perfect 2	21
6195	1482	2 —	43 —	26 — 13	38 —	22 —	3 —	5 —	9 —	18 —	3 —	22
6196	1483	3 —	44 —	27 — 14	39 —	1 Charles VIII.	4 —	6 —	10 —	19 —	4 —	1 F
6197	1484	4 —	45 —	28 — 15	40 —	2 —	5 —	7 —	11 —	20 —	5 —	1 F
6198	1485	5 —	46 —	29 — 16	41 —	3 —	6 —	8 —	12 —	1 Abu- Abdalla 2 and Abdalla el Zagel 3	6 —	2
6199	1486	6 —	47 —	30 — 17	42 —	4 —	7 —	9 —	13 —	4 —	7 —	3
6200	1487	7 —	48 —	31 — 18	43 —	5 —	8 —	10 —	14 —	5 —	8 —	4
6201	1488	8 —	49 —	32 — 19	44 —	6 —	9 —	11 —	15 —	6 —	9 —	5
6202	1489	9 —	50 —	33 — 20	45 —	7 —	10 —	12 —	16 —	7 —	10 —	6
6203	1490	10 —	51 —	1 Ladislas VI. 2	46 —	8 —	11 —	13 —	17 —	8 —	11 —	7
6204	1491	11 —	52 —	3 — 22	1 John I. Albert 2	9 —	12 —	14 —	18 —	dethroned by Ferdinand	12 —	8
6205	1492	12 —	53 —	4 — 23	3 —	10 —	13 —	15 —	19 —	9 —	13 —	9
6206	1493	13 —	1 Maximilian I. 2	5 — 24	4 —	11 —	14 —	16 —	20 —	10 —	14 —	10
6207	1494	14 —	3 —	6 — 25	5 —	12 —	15 —	17 —	21 —	11 —	15 —	11
6208	1495	15 —	4 —	7 — 26	6 —	13 —	16 —	18 —	22 —	12 —	1 Emmanuel the Fortunate 2	12
6209	1496	16 —	5 —	8 — 27	7 —	14 —	17 —	19 —	23 —	13 —	3 —	13
6210	1497	17 —	6 —	9 — 28	8 —	15 —	18 —	20 —	24 —	14 —	4 —	14
6211	1498	18 —	7 —	10 — 29	9 —	1 Louis XII. of Orleans 2	19 —	21 —	25 —	15 —	5 —	15
6212	1499	19 —	8 —	11 — 30	10 —	3 —	20 —	22 —	26 —	16 —	6 —	16
6213	1500	20 —	9 —	12 —	11 —	4 —	21 —	23 —	27 —	17 —	7 —	

Sweden	Kings of Naples	POPES	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MIDDLE AGES	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
17	Alfonso the Wise	5 Nicholas V.	Richard Beauchamp, Bp. of Salisbury, architect of St. George's Chapel, Windsor, ob. 1481	The Duke of York returns from Ireland, and marches an army to London, but retires to Wales.	George Castriot, 'Scanderbeg,' 1404—1467
18	—	6 —	Cardinal Bessarion, 1395—1472	Talbot, Earl of Shrewsbury, and his son slain at Châtillon.—Constantinople taken by Mahomet, May 29.	Richard Duke of York, ob. at. 50, 1460
19	—	7 —	Thomas à Kempis, 1380—1471	King Henry falls ill; the Duke of York leads the Council.—The king recovers at Christmas.	
20	—	8 —		First battle, or, rather skirmish, at St. Alban's, May 22, Duke of Somerset killed; Duke of York made Protector.	
21	—	1 Calixtus III.		York and Salisbury retire to their castles; Warwick passes over to Calais.—Siege of Belgrade, Sept. 4.	Richard Nevil, Earl of Warwick, ob. 1471
22	—	2 —	Johannes Argyropolus, ob. at. 70, 1480	The Scots enter England, but are repulsed by the Duke of York.—The truce is renewed.	
23	—	3 —		York and his friends are admitted to the Council; but an affray arising at Court, they fly to arms.	
1 Ferdinand I. the Bastard	1 Pius II.	2 —		Battle of Bloreheath, Lord Audley killed, Sept.; the troops deserting, the Duke of York passes to Ireland.	
2	—	3 —		Battle of Northampton, July 10, K. Henry taken prisoner.	
3	—	4 —		Battle of Wakefield, Dec. 30, Duke of York beheaded.	
4	—	5 —	John Muller 'Regiomontanus,' ob. at. 40, 1476	Battles of Mortimer's Cross, Feb. 1; of St. Alban's, Feb. 17; K. Edward IV. proc.—Battle of Towton, Mar. 29.	Robert Lord Boyd, regent of Scotland
5	—	6 —	Bartolomeo Platina, 1421—1481	Queen Margaret is nearly wrecked off Holy Island on her return with troops from France.	
6	—	7 —		Battle of Hexham; the Queen and her son escape to France; King Henry, in the sequel, is taken to London.	Edmund Duke of Somerset, ob. 1471
7	—	1 Paul II.	Rodolphus Agricola, 1442—1485	King Edward marries Lady Elizabeth Grey.—Death of Cosmo de Medici, August 1, at. 74.	Cardinal Bouchier, ob. 1464
8	—	2 —		The war of The Public Good in France, incited by Philip Duke of Burgundy against Louis XI.	Constable de St. Pol, ob. 1475
9	—	3 —	Sir Thomas Littleton, 'Trenoures,' ob. 1481	King Edward keeps fair with Louis of France, and allies himself to Burgundy, Bretagne, and Castile.	
10	—	4 —	Tiptoft, Earl of Worcester, ob. 1470	The Earl of Warwick, indignant at the rise of the Wydeviles, withdraws, and enters the French interest.	
11	—	5 —	John Jovius Pontanus, 1426—1503	Charles the Bold, Duke of Burgundy, marries the Princess Margaret, sister to King Edward, June 3.	Wydville, Earl Rivers, ob. 1469
12	—	6 —		Battle of Edgecote, Earl of Pembroke defeated and beheaded, July 26; Earl Rivers and his son beheaded.	
13	—	7 —	Marsilius Ficinus, 1433—1499	Battle of Erpingham, Sir R. Welles beh., Mar. 19; K. Henry rest., Oct. 13; Edward passes over to Holland, Oct. 3.	
14	—	8 —		Battle of Barnet, E. of Warwick killed, April 14.—Battle of Tewkesbury, May 4; K. Henry murd. May 22, at. 49.	
15	—	9 —	Demetrius Chalcondyles, ob. 1511	Francis Duke of Bretagne, refuses to deliver up the Earl of Richmond to King Edward.	
16	—	10 —	William Caxton, 1410—1492		
17	—	11 —	John Lascaris, ob. at. 90, 1513		
18	—	12 —	Gregory Tiphernas	The Duke of Burgundy engages King Edward to join in a league against France.	Peter Landais, of Brittany, ob. 1485
19	—	13 —	Annius of Viterbo, 1432—1502	The Constable de St. Pol delivered up to Louis XI. by the Duke of Burgundy, and beheaded.	Admiral Coulon
20	—	14 —	George Merula, of Alexandria, ob. 1494	Charles the Bold defeated by the Swiss, at Granson, Apr. 5, and at Morat, June 20.	
21	—	15 —		Charles the Bold killed before Nancy, Jan. 5.—The Countess Mary, his heiress, marries the Archduke Maximilian.	Henry Stafford, Duke of Buckingham, ob. 1483
22	—	16 —		Conspiracy of the Pazzi; Assassination of Giulio, and escape of Lorenzo de Medici, April.	Bishop Morton, 1410—1501
23	—	17 —		A treaty is signed between France and England, but Louis detaches James III. of Scotland from King Edward.	William Lord Hastings, ob. 1483
24	—	18 —		King Edward, bent upon revenge, gains Ferdinand of Castile, and sends an army to the Archduke Maximilian.	
25	—	19 —	Jerome Savonarola, 1452—1498	The Scots ravage the borders, and are opposed by Richard Duke of Gloucester.	Oliver le Daim, minister to Louis, ob. 1484
26	—	20 —	John Picus, of Mirandola, 1463—1496	James of Scotland restored by the D. of Albany, who, in the sequel, retires to France.—Treaty of Arras, Dec. 23.	Philip de Commines, 1445—1509
27	—	21 —		King Edward IV. dies, Apr. 9, at. 41; King Edward V. murdered, Aug.—Duke of Buckingham beheaded, Oct.	Anne, Dame de Beaujeau, regent of France, ob. 1522
28	—	22 —		The Earl of Richmond, being apprized of his danger by Bishop Morton, escapes from Bretagne to France.	
29	—	23 —	Margaret, Countess of Richmond and Derby, 1441—1509	Henry Earl of Richmond lands at Milford Haven, Aug. 6; Battle of Bosworth, K. Richard killed, Aug. 22, at. 33.	Thomas Lord Stanley
30	—	24 —		King Henry marries the Princess Elizabeth of York, Jan. 18.—Lambert Simnel proclaimed in Ireland.	Martin Behem, navigator, ob. 1506
31	—	25 —	Angelo Politian, 1454—1494	Simnel crowned in Dublin, May 24.—Battle of Stoke, Earl of Lincoln killed, June 16; Simnel degraded.	
32	—	26 —	Hermolaus Barbarus, ob. at. 39, 1493	Battle of Cragler, King James III. killed, June.—Battle of St. Aubin, Duke of Orleans taken prisoner, July 28.	Louis de la Tremouille, min. to Charles VIII., ob. 1525
33	—	27 —	William Grocynd, ob. at. 80, 1552	Cyprus, recently a kingdom, ceded to Venice.	Cardinal Briconnet, minister to Charles VIII., ob. 1514
34	—	28 —		Battle of Dixmunde, the revolted Flemings under De Cordes, defeated by Lords Morley and Daubeney.	
35	—	29 —	Baptista Mantuanus, ob. at. 68, 1516	Anne Duchess of Bretagne, unclaimed by Maximilian, marries Charles VIII. King of France, Dec. 16.	
36	—	30 —	John Reuchlin Capnio, 1455—1521	Perkin Warbeck introduced at the Court of the Duchess of Burgundy, and acknowledged as Duke of York.	Christopher Columbus, 1442—1506
1 Alfonso II.	1 Alexander VI.	31 —		Sir Robert Clifford, gained by King Henry, discloses the schemes of Perkin and the Duchess of Burgundy.	Casar Borgia, ob. 1507
1 Ferdinand II.	—	32 —		Lord Fitzwalter is sentenced only, but Sir T. Thwaites and Sir Simon Mountfort are executed for conspiracy.	
1 Frederic	—	33 —	Dr. John Colet, ob. at. 53, 1519	Sir W. Stanley, accused by Clifford, is beheaded Feb. 15.	
2	—	34 —		Charles VIII. of France, takes Naples without a battle.	
3	—	35 —	Alexander ab Alexandro, ob. at. 50, 1521	Warbeck is received by James King of Scots.—He marries the daughter of Lord Huntly and invades England.	Sir Reginald Bray, K.G., statesman and architect of Henry VII. Chapel, ob. 1503
4 Partitioned by France and Spain in 1501	—	36 —		Warbeck submits to King Henry.—The Portuguese first double the Cape and sail to the East Indies.	Americus Vespuccius, 1451—
	—	37 —		Warbeck escapes from the precincts of the palace, but is captured and committed to the Tower, June 14.	Vasco de Gama, ob. 1525
	—	38 —		Warbeck found plotting with Lord Warwick in the Tower, is executed Nov. 16, and the Earl beheaded Nov. 28.	
	—	39 —		Commissioners sent to the counties to fine Warbeck's adherents.—Treaty of Granada, Nov. 11.	





DOGES OF VENICE	Florence Dukes	Signori Ferrara	Monterrat Marqs. Counts	Guastalla	Milan Dukes Marqs.	Mantua	Burgundy	Dukes of Bretagne	Dukes, Brunswick Lunenburg	Dukes, of Wurtemberg	Electors of Brandenburg	Bavaria Dukes Electors	Falaine	Saxony Dukes	Electors Lorraine
Francesco Foscarini	18 Cosmo Borso	2	7 John IV. Christo-pher and 4 Peter Guy I.	3	2 Francis Louis III.	8	33 Philip III. Peter II.	3	18 Frederic I.		12 Frederic II. Dent de fer	14 Albert I. Frederic I.	3	24 Frederic Rene 25 d'Anjou	11
	19	3	8	5	4	10	34	4	19		14	15	5	26	John II.
	20	4	9	6	5	11	35	5	20		15	16	6	27	
	21	5	10	7	6	12	36	6	21		16	17	7	28	
	22	6	11	8	7	13	37	7	22		17	18	8	29	
	23	7	12	9	8	14	38	8	23		18	19	9	30	
Pasquale Malipiero	24	8	13	10	9	15	39	9	24	1 Eberhard I. the 2 Bearded, First Duke	18	20	10	31	
	25	9	14	11	10	16	40	10	25		19	21	11	32	
	26	10	15	12	11	17	41	11	26		20	22	12	33	
	27	11	16	13	12	18	42	12	27	4	21	1 John II. & Sigis-	13	34	
	28	12	17	14	13	19	43	13	28	5	22	2	14	35	
Christoforo Moro	29	13	18	15	14	20	44	14	29	6	23	3	15	36	
	30	14	19	16	15	21	45	15	30	7	24	4	16	37	
	1 Pietro de Medici I.	15	1 William VI.	17	16	22	46	16	31	8	25	5	17	1 Ernest	12
	2	16	2	18	17	23	47	17	32	9	26	1 Albert II.	18	2	13
	3	17	3	19	18	24	48	18	33	10	27	2	19	3	14
	4	18	4	20	19	25	49	19	34	11	28	3	20	4	15
	5	19	5	21	20	26	50	20	35	12	29	4	21	5	16
	1 Lorenzo and Giulio de Medici	20	6	22	21	27	51	21	36	13	30	5	22	6	17
	2	21	7	23	22	28	52	22	37	14	1 Albert III.	6	23	7	Nicho-las
Niccolo Trono	3 Hercules I.	12	8	24	23	29	53	23	38	15	2	7	24	8	2
	4	13	9	25	24	30	54	24	39	16	3	8	25	9	3
Niccolo Marcello	5	14	10	26	25	31	55	25	40	17	4	9	26	10	Jolantha and Rene II.
Pietro Mocenigo	6	15	11	27	26	32	56	26	41	18	5	10	27	11	2
	7	16	12	28	27	33	57	27	42	19	6	11	28	12	3
Andrea Vendramino	8	17	13	29	28	34	58	28	43	20	1 John-Cicero 2 as Margrave	12	29	13	4
	9	18	14	30	29	35	59	29	44	21	3	13	30	14	5
Giovanni Mocenigo	10 Lorenzo alone	19	15	31	30	36	60	30	45	22	1 Henry I.	14	31	15	6
	11	20	16	32	31	37	61	31	46	23	2	15	32	16	7
	12	21	17	33	32	38	62	32	47	24	3	16	33	17	8
	13	22	18	34	33	39	63	33	48	25	4	17	34	18	9
	14	23	19	35	34	40	64	34	49	26	5	18	35	19	10
	15	24	1 Boniface IV.	36	35	41	65	35	50	27	6	19	36	20	11
	16	25	2	37	36	42	66	36	51	28	7	20	37	21	12
Marco Barbarigo	17	26	3	38	37	43	67	37	52	29	8	21	38	22	13
Agostino Barbarigo	18	27	4	39	38	44	68	38	53	30	11 succeeds as Elector	22	39	1 Frederic III. the Wise	14
	19	28	5	40	39	45	69	39	54	31	12	23	40	2	15
	20	29	6	41	40	46	70	40	55	32	13	24	41	3	16
	21	30	7	42	41	47	71	41	56	33	14	25	42	4	17
	22	31	8	43	42	48	72	42	57	34	15	26	43	5	18
	23	32	9	44	43	49	73	43	58	35	16	27	44	6	19
	1 Pietro II.	33	10	45	44	50	74	44	59	36	17	28	45	7	20
	2	34	1 William VII.	46	45	51	75	45	60	37	18	29	46	8	21
	3	35	2 Achilles	47	46	52	76	46	61	38	19	30	47	9	22
	4	36	3	48	47	53	77	47	62	39	20	31	48	10	23
	5	37	4	49	48	54	78	48	63	40	21	32	49	11	24
	6	38	5	50	49	55	79	49	64	41	22	33	50	12	25
	7	39	6	51	50	56	80	50	65	42	23	34	51	13	26
	8	40	7	52	51	57	81	51	66	43	24	35	52	14	27
	9	41	8	53	52	58	82	52	67	44	25	36	53	15	28
	10	42	9	54	53	59	83	53	68	45	26	37	54	16	29
	11	43	10	55	54	60	84	54	69	46	27	38	55	17	30
	12	44	11	56	55	61	85	55	70	47	28	39	56	18	31
	13	45	12	57	56	62	86	56	71	48	29	40	57	19	32
	14	46	13	58	57	63	87	57	72	49	30	41	58	20	33
	15	47	14	59	58	64	88	58	73	50	31	42	59	21	34
	16	48	15	60	59	65	89	59	74	51	32	43	60	22	35
	17	49	16	61	60	66	90	60	75	52	33	44	61	23	36
	18	50	17	62	61	67	91	61	76	53	34	45	62	24	37
	19	51	18	63	62	68	92	62	77	54	35	46	63	25	38
	20	52	19	64	63	69	93	63	78	55	36	47	64	26	39
	21	53	20	65	64	70	94	64	79	56	37	48	65	27	40
	22	54	21	66	65	71	95	65	80	57	38	49	66	28	41
	23	55	22	67	66	72	96	66	81	58	39	50	67	29	42
	24	56	23	68	67	73	97	67	82	59	40	51	68	30	43
	25	57	24	69	68	74	98	68	83	60	41	52	69	31	44
	26	58	25	70	69	75	99	69	84	61	42	53	70	32	45
	27	59	26	71	70	76	100	70	85	62	43	54	71	33	46
	28	60	27	72	71	77	101	71	86	63	44	55	72	34	47
	29	61	28	73	72	78	102	72	87	64	45	56	73	35	48
	30	62	29	74	73	79	103	73	88	65	46	57	74	36	49
	31	63	30	75	74	80	104	74	89	66	47	58	75	37	50
	32	64	31	76	75	81	105	75	90	67	48	59	76	38	51
	33	65	32	77	76	82	106	76	91	68	49	60	77	39	52
	34	66	33	78	77	83	107	77	92	69	50	61	78	40	53
	35	67	34	79	78	84	108	78	93	70	51	62	79	41	54
	36	68	35	80	79	85	109	79	94	71	52	63	80	42	55
	37	69	36	81	80	86	110	80	95	72	53	64	81	43	56
	38	70	37	82	81	87	111	81	96	73	54	65	82	44	57
	39	71	38	83	82	88	112	82	97	74	55	66	83	45	58
	40	72	39	84	83	89	113	83	98	75	56	67	84	46	59
	41	73	40	85	84	90	114	84	99	76	57	68	85	47	60
	42	74	41	86	85	91	115	85	100	77	58	69	86	48	61
	43	75	42	87	86	92	116	86	101	78	59	70	87	49	62
	44	76	43	88	87	93	117	87	102	79	60	71	88	50	63
	45	77	44	89	88	94	118	88	103	80	61	72	89	51	64
	46	78	45	90	89	95	119	89	104	81	62	73	90	52	65
	47	79	46	91	90	96	120	90	105	82	63	74	91	53	66
	48	80	47	92	91	97	121	91	106	83	64	75	92	54	67
	49	81	48	93	92	98	122	92	107	84	65	76	93	55	68
	50	82	49	94	93	99	123	93	108	85	66	77	94	56	







Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of Turkey	Emperors of Germany.	Hungary	Kings of Bohemia	Kings of Poland	Kings of France	Dukes of Savoy	Spain — Navarre	Kings of Portugal	England	Kings of Scotland	Princes of Orange	Denmark
6214	1501	21 Bajazet II.	9 Maximilian I.	12 Ladisl. VI.	Ladisl. 31 VI.	1 Alexander	4 Louis XII.	5 Philibert II.	28 Ferd. V. Cath-19 erine 20 and John 21 d'AL- bret 22	7 Emmanuel	17 Henry VII. James 14 IV.	15	1 Philibert de Chalons	21
6215	1502	22 —	10 —	13 —	32 —	2 —	5 —	6 —	30 —	8 —	18 —	16	2	22
6216	1503	23 —	11 —	14 —	33 —	3 —	6 —	7 —	31 —	9 —	19 —	17	3	23
6217	1504	24 —	12 —	15 —	34 —	4 —	7 —	1 Charles III. the Good	32 —	10 —	20 —	18	4	24
6218	1505	25 —	13 —	16 —	35 —	5 —	8 —	3 —	33 —	11 —	21 —	19	5	25
6219	1506	26 —	14 —	17 —	36 —	1 Sigismund I.	9 —	4 —	34 —	12 —	22 —	20	6	26
6220	1507	27 —	15 —	18 —	37 —	2 —	10 —	5 —	35 —	13 —	23 —	21	7	27
6221	1508	28 —	16 —	19 —	38 —	3 —	11 —	6 —	36 —	14 —	24 —	22	8	28
6222	1509	29 —	17 —	20 —	39 —	4 —	12 —	7 —	37 —	15 —	1 Henry VIII.	22	9	29
6223	1510	30 —	18 —	21 —	40 —	5 —	13 —	8 —	38 —	16 —	2	23	10	30
6224	1511	31 —	19 —	22 —	41 —	6 —	14 —	9 —	39 Navarre conq. by Ferdinand	17 —	3 —	24	11	31
6225	1512	1 Selim I.	20 —	23 —	42 —	7 —	15 —	10 —	40 —	18 —	4 —	25	12	32
6226	1513	2 —	21 —	24 —	43 —	8 —	16 —	11 —	41 —	19 —	5 James V.	1	13	1
6227	1514	3 —	22 —	25 —	44 —	9 —	17 —	12 —	42 —	20 —	6 —	2	14	2
6228	1515	4 —	23 —	26 —	45 —	10 —	1 Francis I. Lower Navarre	13 —	43 —	21 —	7 —	3	15	3
6229	1516	5 —	24 —	1 Louis II. of Hungary	1	11 —	2 Hen. 1 II.	14 —	44 —	22 —	8 —	4	16	4
6230	1517	6 —	25 —	2 I. of Bohemia	2	12 —	3 —	15 —	45 —	23 —	9 —	5	17	5
6231	1518	7 —	26 —	3 —	—	13 —	4 —	16 —	46 —	24 —	10 —	6	18	6
6232	1519	8 —	1 Charles V.	4 —	—	14 —	5 —	17 —	47 —	25 —	11 —	7	19	7
6233	1520	1 Soliman II.	2 King of Spain	5 —	—	15 —	6 —	18 —	48 —	26 —	12 —	8	20	8
6234	1521	2 —	3 —	6 —	—	16 —	7 —	19 —	49 —	1 John III.	13 —	9	21	9
6235	1522	3 —	4 —	7 —	—	17 —	8 —	20 —	50 —	2 —	14 —	10	22	10
6236	1523	4 —	5 —	8 —	—	18 —	9 —	21 —	51 —	3 —	15 —	11	23	11
6237	1524	5 —	6 —	9 —	—	19 —	10 —	22 —	52 —	4 —	16 —	12	24	12
6238	1525	6 —	7 —	10 —	—	20 —	11 —	23 —	53 —	5 —	17 —	13	25	13
6239	1526	7 —	8 —	1 John Zapolski and 1 Ferdinand I. King of Bohemia	1	21 —	12 —	24 —	54 —	6 —	18 —	14	26	14
6240	1527	8 —	9 —	2 Bohemia rival Kings	2	22 —	13 —	25 —	55 —	7 —	19 —	15	27	15
6241	1528	9 —	10 —	3 —	—	23 —	14 —	26 —	56 —	8 —	20 —	16	28	16
6242	1529	10 —	11 —	4 —	—	24 —	15 —	27 —	57 —	9 —	21 —	17	29	17
6243	1530	11 —	12 —	5 —	—	25 —	16 —	28 —	58 —	10 —	22 —	18	1 René de	18
6244	1531	12 —	13 —	6 —	—	26 —	17 —	29 —	59 —	11 —	23 —	19	2 Nassau	19
6245	1532	13 —	14 —	7 —	—	27 —	18 —	30 —	60 —	12 —	24 —	20	3	10
6246	1533	14 —	15 —	8 —	—	28 —	19 —	31 —	61 —	13 —	25 —	21	4	—
6247	1534	15 —	16 —	9 —	—	29 —	20 —	32 —	62 —	14 —	26 —	22	5	1
6248	1535	16 —	17 —	10 —	—	30 —	21 —	33 —	63 —	15 —	27 —	23	6	2
6249	1536	17 —	18 —	11 —	—	31 —	22 —	34 —	64 —	16 —	28 —	24	7	3
6250	1537	18 —	19 —	12 —	—	32 —	23 —	35 —	65 —	17 —	29 —	25	8	4
6251	1538	19 —	20 —	13 —	—	33 —	24 —	36 —	66 —	18 —	30 —	26	9	5
6252	1539	20 —	21 —	14 —	—	34 —	25 —	37 —	67 —	19 —	31 —	27	10	6
6253	1540	21 —	22 —	15 —	—	35 —	26 —	38 —	68 —	20 —	32 —	28	11	7
6254	1541	22 —	23 —	16 —	—	36 —	27 —	39 —	69 —	21 —	33 —	29	12	8
6255	1542	23 —	24 —	17 —	—	37 —	28 —	40 —	70 —	22 —	34 —	30	13	9
6256	1543	24 —	25 —	18 —	—	38 —	29 —	41 —	71 —	23 —	35 —	31	14	10
6257	1544	25 —	26 —	19 —	—	39 —	30 —	42 —	72 —	24 —	36 —	32	15	11
6258	1545	26 —	27 —	20 —	—	40 —	31 —	43 —	73 —	25 —	37 —	33	16	12
6259	1546	27 —	28 —	21 —	—	41 —	32 —	44 —	74 —	26 —	38 —	34	17	13
6260	1547	28 —	29 —	22 —	—	42 —	1 Hen. II.	45 —	75 —	27 —	1 Edward VI.	34	18	14
6261	1548	29 —	30 —	23 —	—	43 —	2 —	46 —	76 —	28 —	2	35	19	15
6262	1549	30 —	31 —	24 —	—	44 —	3 —	47 —	77 —	29 —	3 —	36	20	16
6263	1550	31 —	32 —	25 —	—	45 —	4 —	48 —	78 —	30 —	4 —	37	21	17



POPES	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MODERN HISTORY	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
10 Alexander VI.	Aldus Manucius, 1447—1515	Marriage of Katherine of Arragon to Arthur Prince of Wales, Nov. 6.—Partition of Naples by Louis XII. and Ferdinand of Spain.	Cardinal d'Amboise, 1460—1510
11 ———	William Dunbar, 1465—1536	Marriage, by proxy, of James V. King of Scotland to the Princess Margaret, Jan. 29.—Arthur Prince of Wales dies, Apr. 2.	Gonsalvo, gen. to Ferdinand, ob. at. 72, 1515
1 Pius III.	Leonardo da Vinci, 1452—1520	The Duke de Nemours defeated at Cerignola, Apr. 28.—Louis XII. finally stripped of Naples.—Elizabeth of York dies, Feb. 16.	Alfonso Albuquerque, 1452—1515
1 Julius II.	Gawin Douglas, 1474—1512	Philip I. le Beau succeeds his mother-in-law Isabella as King of Castile, Nov. 26; but dies, Sept. 25, 1506, when the kingdom virtually devolves to Ferdinand V.	Cardinal Ximenes, 1437—1517
2 ———	Albert Durer, 1471—1528	Contract of marriage between King Henry and Margaret, sister to the Archduke Philip and widow of the Duke of Savoy.	Fox, Bishop of Winchester, 1528
3 ———	Nicholas Machiavel, 1469—1527	The Archduke is succeeded in the Netherlands by his sister Margaret, who makes a treaty of commerce only with King Henry.	Gaston de Foix, 1489—1512
4 ———	Ludovico Ariosto, 1474—1533	League of Cambray against Venice signed by Margaret and the Cardinal d'Amboise, Dec. 10.—Thomas Wolsey made Dean of Lincoln, Feb. 2.	Ferdinand de Magellan, —1521
5 ———	Bishop Fisher, 1459—1535	King Henry VII. dies, Apr. 22, at. 52.—King Henry VIIIth's first marriage, to Katherine of Arragon, June 29.—Battle of Aignadal, May 14.	Mareschal Trivulce, cir. 1447—1518
6 ———	Giorgione—'Barbarelli,' 1478—1511	Treaty of alliance between King Henry and Ferdinand, May 24.—Empson and Dudley beheaded, Aug. 18.—Wolsey made almoner to the King.	John, regent D. of Albany, —1536
7 ———	Balthazar Castiglione, 1468—1529	League between Pope Julius II., Ferdinand of Arragon, and the States of Venice against France, Oct. 4.	Admiral de Bonnavet, —1525
8 ———	Raphael d'Urbino, 1483—1520	XIXth General Council, of the Lateran, May 3—Mar. 16, 1517.—Battle of Ravenna, Gaston de Foix, Duke de Nemours, killed.	Archbishop Warham, —1532
9 ———	Desiderius Erasmus, 1467—1536	The French repulsed from Novara.—Battle of Spurs, Aug. 16.—Siege of Terrouenne.—Battle of Flodden, Sept. 9.—Surrender of Tournay, Sept. 29.	Chancellor du Prat, 1463—1535
10 ———	Andrea del Sarto, 1483—1525	Marriage of the Princess Mary, sister to King Henry, to Louis XII. King of France, Oct. 9.—Wolsey advanced to the See of York, Aug. 5.	Constable Bourbon, 1489—1527
1 Leo X.	Polydore Vergil, —1555	Louis XII. dies, Jan. 1.—Francis I. succeeds.—Wolsey receives a Cardinal's hat, Sept. 11.—Battle of Marignano, the Swiss defeated by Francis, Sept. 14.	Cardinal Wolsey, 1471—1530
2 ———	Cornelius Agrippa, 1486—1539	Ferdinand King of Spain dies, Charles I. succeeds.—Treaty of Noyau, which ends the wars of the League of Cambray, Aug. 13.	Regent Dss. of Angouleme, ob. at. 60, 1531
3 ———	Francis Guicciardini, 1482—1540	Sale of Indulgences by Pope Leo X.—Martin Luther preaches against them at Wittemberg, and is condemned at Rome.	Mareschal Lautrec, —1528
4 ———	Martin Luther, 1484—1546	Tournay restored to France.—Princess Mary, daughter to King Henry, affianced to the Dauphin, Oct. 4.—The Emperor Maximilian dies, Dec. 3.	Anthony de Leva, ob. at. 56, 1536
5 ———	Ulric Zuinglius, 1484—1546	K. Henry, Francis I., and Charles of Spain in competition for the Imperial crown.—Charles V., at. 19, elected, June 28.—Wolsey sole legate, June 29.	Sultan Baber, 1483—1530
6 ———	Cardinal Bembo, 1470—1547	King Henry and Charles V. meet at Dover, May 26.—Interview of Henry and Francis at Arras, 'the Field of the Cloth of Gold,' July 7.	Dr. Richard Pace, 1482—1532
7 ———	Dr. Thomas Linacre, 1460—1524	D. of Buckingham, beh., May 17.—Diet at Worms, Luther excommunicated, May 25.—League at Calais between Leo, Charles, and Henry, Nov. 19.	Sir Thomas More, 1480—1535
8 ———	Nicholas Copernicus, 1473—1543	Wolsey takes umbrage at Sir T. More's reply, as Speaker, to his demand for a supply in the House of Commons.—He fails in obtaining the Pontificate.	Andrew Doria, 1468—1560
9 ———	Michael Angelo, 1474—1564	Albany invades England, but retreats at the approach of Surrey, Nov. 3.—The Borders at peace for 18 years.—Wolsey again fails at Rome, Nov. 18.	Cardinal Campeggio, 1474—1539
1 Adrian VI.	Sebastian Cabot, cir. 1477—1557	Francis I. besieges Pavia for three months, Oct. 28.	Queen Katherine, 1474—1536
1 Clement VII.	Clement Marot, 1495—1544	Battle of Pavia, Francis I. taken prisoner, Feb. 24.—Dissension between Henry and Charles.—Henry makes peace with Francis, Aug. 30.	Archbishop Cranmer, 1489—1556
2 ———	Giulio Romano, 1492—1546	Treaty of Madrid, Jan. 14.—Francis I. released, March 10.—Francis breaks faith with Charles, and refuses to surrender Burgundy.	Thomas Lord Cromwell, 1490—1540
3 ———	Antonio Corregio, 1496—1534	Rome taken by assault, D. of Bourbon killed, May 6.—The Pope retires to the Castle of St. Angelo.—K. Henry's marriage scruples become public.	Admiral de Brion, —1543
4 ———	Francis Rabelais, 1483—1553	The Reformation in Scotland begins.—Patrick Hamilton suffers at St. Andrews.—Pope Clement is embarrassed by the subject of the divorce.	Cardinal du Bellay, 1492—1560
5 ———	Hans Holbein, 1498—1594	Queen Katherine pleads her cause before K. Henry and the legates, June 21.	Queen Anne Boleyn, 1507—1536
6 ———	John George Trissino, 1478—1550	Peace of Cambray, Aug. 5.—Wolsey deprived of the great seal, Oct. 17.	Barbarossa, Turkish general, cir. 1474—1547
7 ———	Martin Bucer, 1491—1551	Cranmer joined in an embassy to Pope Clement.—Rise of Thomas Cromwell.—Diet of Augsburg, June 25.—Cardinal Wolsey dies, Nov. 29.	Queen Jane Seymour, —1537
8 ———	Hieronimus Vida, 1490—1566	The clergy acknowledge the King's supremacy, May 4.—King Henry and Queen Katherine part at Windsor.—The Queen retires to Ampthill.	Gardiner, Bp. of Winchester, 1483—1555
9 ———	Francesco Parmigiano, 1503—1540	Q. Katherine appeals by letter to Pope Clement, Jan. 25.—Sir T. More resigns the seal, May 16.—Abp. Warham dies, Aug. 23.—Cranmer succeeds.	Admiral d'Annebaut, —1552
10 ———	Ignatius Loyola, 1491—1556	King Henry's second marriage, to Anne Boleyn, Jan. 25.—Abp. Cranmer pronounces Katherine's divorce, May 23.—Queen Elizabeth born, Sept. 7.	Queen Anne of Cleves, div., —1540
11 ———	Julius Scaliger, 1481—1558	The Parliament abrogates the Papal supremacy in England.—Final rupture between King Henry and the Court of Rome.	Queen Katherine Howard, —1542
1 Paul III.	Bishop Latimer, 1470—1555	Ep. Fisher beh., June 22; and Sir T. More, July 6.—Cromwell made Vicar-General.—Miles Coverdale's translation of the Bible published, Oct. 4.	Cardinal Tournon, —1562
2 ———	Bishop Coverdale, 1487—1568	Queen Katherine dies, Jan. 8.—Lord Rochford beh., May 17; and Q. Anne Boleyn, May 19.—K. Henry's third marriage, to Jane Seymour, May 20.	Queen Katherine Parr, —1548
3 ———	Henry Earl of Surrey, 1520—1547	Prince Edward born, Oct. 12.—Q. Jane Seymour dies, Oct. 21.—Suppression of 'the pilgrimage of grace.'—The greater monasteries dissolved.	Count d'Anguin, —1546
4 ———	Sir Thomas Wyat, 1503—1541	Treaty of Nice, between Charles and Francis, July.—King Henry confers with the German Protestant Missionaries from Saxony, Aug. 5.	Sir Ralph Sadler, 1507—1587
5 ———	John Sleidan, 1506—1556	Marquis of Exeter, Lord Montagu, and Sir E. Nevil beh., Jan. 9; and Sir Nicholas Carew, K. G., Mar. 3.—The statute of 'the six articles,' May 5.	Cardinal Beaton, 1494—1546
6 ———	Robert Stephens, 1503—1556	K. Henry's fourth marriage, to Anne of Cleves, Jan. 5.—Cromwell beheaded, July 29.—K. Henry's fifth marriage, to Katherine Howard, Aug. 8.	Edward Duke of Somerset, —1552
7 ———	Philip Melancthon, 1497—1560	Margaret Countess Dowager of Salisbury, daughter of George Duke of Clarence, the last of the Plantagenets, beheaded, May 27.	Mareschal St. Andre, —1562
8 ———	Titiano Vecelli, 1480—1576	Q. Katherine Howard and Lady Rochford beh., Feb. 13.—Battle of Solway Moss, Nov. 25.—Birth of Mary Q. of Scots; K. James V. dies, Dec. 14.	Diana of Poitiers, 1499—1566
9 ———	John Calvin, 1509—1564	K. Henry proposes marriage between Prince Edward and the infant Queen of Scots, July.—K. Henry's sixth marriage, to Katherine Parr, July 12.	Sir Thomas Smith, 1512—1577
10 ———	Bartholomew Las Casas, 1474—1568	Battle of Cerisoles, Apr. 14.—Earl of Hertford takes Edinburgh, May.—Boulogne surrenders to Henry, Sept. 14.—Treaty of Crespy, Sept. 17.	
11 ———	Conrad Gesner, 1516—1565	The French fleet threaten hostilities in the Channel, but are driven off by Lord Lisle, July 19.—XXth General Council, of Trent, Dec. 13.	
12 ———	Sir Anthony Cooke, 1506—1576	Peace with France, June 7.—Cardinal Beaton assassinated at St. Andrews.	
13 ———	Jerome Cardan, 1501—1576	Earl of Surrey beheaded, Jan. 19.—King Henry VIII. dies, Jan. 8, at. 56.—Francis I. dies, Mar. 31.—Battle of Muhlberg, Apr. 24.	
14 ———	Henry Bullinger, 1504—1575	Mary Queen of Scots carried to France, Aug. 13; and contracted to the Dauphin.—Q. Katherine Parr dies, Sept. 30.—Bp. Gardiner imprisoned.	
15 ———	Paul Fagius, 1504—1550	Lord Seymour beheaded, Mar. 17.—Insurrection of Kett put down by Dudley, Earl of Warwick.—Protector Somerset sent to the Tower, Oct. 14.	
16 ———	Bp. Bale of Ossory, 1495—1563	Boulogne restored to France, Mar. 14.—The Duke of Somerset readmitted to the Council, Mar. 31.—Bishops Bonner and Gardiner deprived.	





DOGES OF VENICE	Florence Signori	Ferrara	Monterrat	Marqs. Guastalla	Milan	Dukes Marqs. Mantua	Netherlnds.	Govnrs.	Bretagne	Dukes, Brunswick Lunenburg	Dukes of Wurtembg.	Electors of Brandenbg.	Bavaria	Dukes Electors Palatine	Saxony	Electors Dukes	Lorraine																				
Leonardo Lore-dano	Hercules I. 31	Pietro Sodorini 32	9 Wm. VII. Achilles 8	10 9	2 Louis XII. John- 18	3 Francis 19	8 Philip I. Anne 14	9 15	25	24 Henry I.	4 Ulrich VI.	3 Joachim I.	37 Albert II. Philip 26	16 Fred. III. Johan- 29	17 tha 30	18 Rene 31	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35				
	Alfonso I. 1		13 12	6 22	1 William de Croi 18	2 19	29	30	31	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35			
	1 Giuliano de Medici 8		20 19	1 Maximilian- 29	2 Sforza 30	3 31	8 Claude 1	9 2	38	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43		
	1 Lorenzo II. de Medici 12		24 23	3 34	11 4	40	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	1 Giulio de Medici 15		2 26	5 Frederic II. Duke 2	13 6	42	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Antonio Grimani	3 17		4 28	1 Francis- Mary 3	15 8	44	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Andrea Gritti	5 Giulio elected Pope 19		6 3	4 6	18 Francis I. of France 2	48	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	0	
	* Florence free 23		10 6	7 9	21 4	50	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	1 John- George 9		10 12	10 12	23 6	52	32	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2
	1 Alexander Doge of Florence 27		2 10	11 13	1 Mary of Austria dowager of Hungary 8	54	34	33	32	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4
	4 Hercules II. 1		14 14	4 16	4 16	3	37	36	35	34	33	32	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7
	1 Cosmo de Medici the 4		16 16	7 19	7 19	6	40	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	32	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10
Pietro Lando	3 Great. G. Duke of Tuscany 6		7 7	8 21	9 21	8	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	32	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12
	5 8		3 3	11 13	11 13	8	54	34	33	32	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5
	6 9		4 4	12 14	12 14	8	35	34	33	32	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5
	7 10		5 5	13 15	13 15	8	36	35	34	33	32	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6
	8 11		6 6	14 16	14 16	8	37	36	35	34	33	32	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7
Francesco Donato	9 12		7 7	15 17	15 17	8	38	37	36	35	34	33	32	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
	10 13		8 8	16 18	16 18	8	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	32	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9
	11 14		9 9	17 19	17 19	8	40	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	32	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10
	12 15		10 10	18 20	18 20	8	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	32	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11
	13 16		11 11	19 21	19 21	8	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	32	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12
	14 17		12 12	20 22	20 22	8	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	32	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13
			13 13	21 23	21 23	8	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	32	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14
			14 14	22 24	22 24	8	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	32	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15
			15 15	23 25	23 25	8	46	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	32	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16
			16 16	24 26	24 26	8	47	46	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	32	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17
			17 17	25 27	25 27	8	48	47	46	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	32	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18
			18 18	26 28	26 28	8	49	48	47	46	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	32	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	
			19 19	27 29	27 29	8	50	49	48	47	46	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	32	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	
			20 20	28 30	28 30	8	51	50	49	48	47	46	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	32	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	
			21 21	29 31	29 31	8	52	51	50	49	48	47	46	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	32	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	
			22 22	30 32	30 32	8	53	52	51	50	49	48	47	46	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	32	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	
			23 23	31 33	31 33	8	54	53	52	51	50	49	48	47	46	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	32	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	
			24 24	32 34	32 34	8	55	54	53	52	51	50	49	48	47	46	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	32	31	30	29	28	27	26	
			25 25	33 35	33 35	8	56	55	54	53	52	51	50	49	48	47	46	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	32	31	30	29	28	27	
			26 26	34 36	34 36	8	57	56	55	54	53	52	51	50	49	48	47	46	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	32	31	30	29	28	
			27 27	35 37	35 37	8	58	57	56	55	54	53	52	51	50	49	48	47	46	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	32	31	30	29	
			28 28	36 38	36 38	8	59	58	57	56	55	54	53	52	51	50	49	48	47	46	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	32	31	30	







Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of Turkey	Emperors of Germany	Russia Kings	Bohemia Kings	Kings of Poland	France Navarre	Dukes of Savoy	Kings of Spain	Kings of Portugal	Kings of England	Kings of Scotland	Princes of Orange	Denmark
6264	1551	32 Soliman II.	33 Charles V.	19 Ivan IV.	25 Ferdinand I.	26 August.	4 Sigismund II.	5 Hen. 11.	36 Charles I.	31 John III.	5 Edward VI.	8 William of Nassau	18 C	
6265	1552	33	34	20	26	27	5	6	37	32	6	9	19	
6266	1553	34	35	21	27	28	6	7	38	33	1 Mary	12	20	
6267	1554	35	36	22	28	29	7	8	39	34	2	13	21	
6268	1555	36	37	23	29	30	8	9	40	35	3	14	22	
6269	1556	37	38	24	30	31	9	10	1 Philip II.	36	4	15	23	
6270	1557	38	39	25	31	32	10	11	2	1 Sebastian	5	16	24	
6271	1558	39	1 Ferdinand I.	26 elected emperor		33	11	12	3	2	1 Elizabeth	17	25	
6272	1559	40	2	27		34	12	1 Francis II.	4	3	2	18	1 F	
6273	1560	41	3	28		35	13	1 Chas. IX.	5	4	3	19	2	
6274	1561	42	4	29		36	14	2	6	5	4	20	3	
6275	1562	43	5	30		37	15	3 Joan alone	7	6	5	21	4	
6276	1563	44	6	31		38	16	4	8	7	6	22	5	
6277	1564	45	1 Maximilian II.	32		39	17	5	9	8	7	23	6	
6278	1565	46	2	33		40	18	6	10	9	8	24	7	
6279	1566	1 Selim II.	3	34		41	19	7	11	10	9	25	8	
6280	1567	2	4	35		42	20	8	12	11	10	26	9	
6281	1568	3	5	36		43	21	9	13	12	11	27	10	
6282	1569	4	6	37		44	22	10	14	13	12	28	11	
6283	1570	5	7	38		45	23	11	15	14	13	29	12	
6284	1571	6	8	39		46	24	12	16	15	14	30	13	
6285	1572	7	9	40		47	25	13 Hen. III.	17	16	15	31	14	
6286	1573	8	10	41		48	—Interreg.	14	18	17	16	32	15	
6287	1574	1 Amurath III.	11	42		49	1 Henry of Valois	1 Hen. III.	19	18	17	33	16	
6288	1575	2	12	43		50	1 Stephen Batthori	2	20	19	18	34	17	
6289	1576	3	1 Rodolph II.	44		51	2	3	21	20	19	35	18	
6290	1577	4	2	45		52	3	4	22	21	20	36	19	
6291	1578	5	3	46		53	4	5	23	22	21	37	20	
6292	1579	6	4	47		54	5	6	24	23	22	38	21	
6293	1580	7	5	48		55	6	7	25	24	23	39	22	
6294	1581	8	6	49		56	7	1 Charles Emmanuel.	26	United to Spain	24	40	23	
6295	1582	9	7	50		57	8	2 uel I.	27		25	41	24	
6296	1583	10	8	51		58	9	3	28		26	42	25	
6297	1584	11	9	1 Feodor I.		59	10	4	29		27	43	26	
6298	1585	12	10	2		60	11	5	30		28	44	27	
6299	1586	13	11	3		61	—Interreg.	6	31		29	45	28	
6300	1587	14	12	4		62	1 Sigismund III.	7	32		30	46	29	
6301	1588	15	13	5		63	2	8	33		31	47	30	
6302	1589	16	14	6		64	3	9	34		32	48	31	
6303	1590	17	15	7		65	4	1 Henry IV. the Great King of	35		33	49	32	
6304	1591	18	16	8		66	5	2	36		34	50	33	
6305	1592	19	17	9		67	6	3 Navarre	37		35	51	34	
6306	1593	20	18	10		68	7	4	38		36	52	35	
6307	1594	21	19	11		69	8	5	39		37	53	36	
6308	1595	1 Mahomed III.	20	12		70	9	6	40		38	54	37	
6309	1596	2	21	13		71	10	7	41		39	55	38	
6310	1597	3	22	14		72	11	8	42		40	56	39	
6311	1598	4	23	15		73	12	9	43		41	57	40	
6312	1599	5	24	16		74	13	10	44	1 Philip III.	42	58	41	
6313	1600	6	25	17		75	14	11	45	2	43	59	42	

POPES	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MODERN HISTORY	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
2 Julius III.	Annibale Caro, 1507—1566	Treaty of marriage between King Edward and Elizabeth of France, July 19.—Bishops Day and Heath deprived, Oct. 1.	Dudley, Duke of Northumberland, 1502—1553
3 —	Paul Manutius, 1512—1574	Duke of Somerset beheaded, Jan. 22.—The Earl of Arran resigns the regency of Scotland to Mary of Guise.—Treaty of Passau, July 31.	Sir John Cheke, 1514—1557
4 —	Bishop Hooper, 1495—1555	Marriage of Lord Guilford Dudley to Lady Jane Grey, May.—K. Edward VI. dies, July 6, æt. 16.—First intercourse with Russia.	Cardinal Pole, 1500—1558
5 —	Michael Servetus, 1509—1553	Sir Thomas Wyatt's rebellion.—Lord Guilford and Lady Jane Dudley beh. Feb. 12.—Marriage of Q. Mary and Philip of Spain, July 25.	James Earl of Arran, —1575
[II.] 1 Marcellus 1 Paul IV.	Frederigo Baroccio, 1528—1612	John Rogers, the first Martyr, Feb. 4.—Bishop Hooper suffers, Feb. 9; Bishop Ferrar, Mar. 29; and Bishops Ridley and Latimer, Oct. 16.	Constable de Montmorency, ob. æt. 80, 1567
3 —	John Fox, 1517—1587	Abp. Cramer suffers at Oxford, Mar. 21.—Cardinal Pole succeeds to the see of Canterbury, Mar. 22.—Charles V. abdicates in Spain, Jan. 16.	Francis Duke of Guise, 1519—1563
4 —	Peter Martyr, 1500—1561	St. Quintin taken by the Duke of Savoy, Aug. 10.—King Philip finally leaves England, July 7.—Contest of Queen Mary with the Pope.	Cardinal de Lorraine, —1574
1 Pius IV.	Peter Ronsard, 1524—1585	Calais taken by the Duke of Guise, Jan. 8.—Marriage of Mary Queen of Scots and the Dauphin, Apr. 28.—Queen Mary dies, Nov. 17, æt. 42.	Louis Prince de Conde, 1530—1569
2 —	George Buchanan, 1506—1582	Peace of Chateau Cambresis, Apr. 2.—Reformation in Scotland.—Contest between the regent Mary of Guise, and the 'Lords of the Congregation.'	Sir Nicholas Bacon, 1510—1579
3 —	Roger Ascham, 1515—1568	Conspiracy of Amboise, Huguenot war in France, Mar. 15.—Philip II. returns the Order of the Garter sent by Queen Elizabeth.	Admiral de Coligny, 1517—1572
4 —	Luis de Camoens, 1524—1579	Mary Queen of Scots lands at Leith, from the Court of France, Aug. 19.	Count Egmont, 1522—1568
5 —	Peter Ramus, 1515—1571	First interview of John Knox with Queen Mary.	Count Horn, —1568
6 —	Benvenuto Cellini, 1500—1570	Q. Elizabeth aids the Huguenots.—Rouen surrenders, King of Navarre killed, Nov. 17.—Battle of Dreux, Coligny defeated by Guise, Dec. 19.	Chancellor L'Hospital, 1505—1573
7 —	John Knox, 1505—1572	The Duke of Guise shot by Poltrot, at the siege of Orleans, Feb. 18.—Surrender of Havre, July 28.—Edict of Amboise, March 19.	Cardinal Granvelle, ob. æt. 70, 1586
1 Pius V.	Giacomo Tintoretto, 1512—1594	Lord Robert Dudley proposed, through the Earl of Murray, to Queen Mary, Mar. 30.—Edict of Rousillon, Aug. 9.—Rizzio made secretary.	James regent Earl of Moray, 1533—1570
2 —	Theodore Beza, 1519—1605	Lord Darnley's first introduction to Queen Mary at Wemys Castle, Feb. 16.—Marriage of Mary and Darnley, July 29.—'The Roundabout Raid.'	William Lord Burghley, 1520—1598
3 —	James Cujas, 1520—1590	Murder of Rizzio, Mar. 9.—Birth of King James VI., June 19.—A divorce, proposed by Bothwell and his party to Queen Mary, rejected.	Sir Thomas Gresham, 1519—1579
4 —	Peter Ciaconius, 1525—1581	Murder of Darnley, Feb. 10.—Marriage of Bothwell and Mary, May 15.—Bothwell dismissed at Carberry Hill, June 15.—Bat. of St. Denis, Nov. Queen Mary escapes from Lochleven Castle, May 2.—Battle of Langside, May 13.—Queen Mary lands at Workington, May 16.	Catherine de Medici, ob. æt. 70, 1589
5 —	Archbishop Parker, 1504—1591	Queen Mary escapes from Lochleven Castle, May 2.—Battle of Langside, May 13.—Queen Mary lands at Workington, May 16.	James regent E. of Morton, —1581
6 —	Charles Sigonius, 1524—1585	Battle of Jarnac, Mar. 13.—Battle of Moncontour, Oct. 3.—Projected marriage between Q. Mary and the Duke of Norfolk disclosed, Oct. 25.	Duke de Joyeuse, —1587
1 Gregory XIII.	Henry Stephens, 1528—1598	The regent Murray assassinated, Jan. 23.—Succeeded by the Earl of Lennox, May.—Queen Elizabeth excommunicated by Pope Pius V., Feb. 25.	Duke of Anjou, —1584
2 —	John Bodin, 1530—1596	Earl of Lennox assassinated at Stirling, Aug.—Earl of Marr succeeds as Regent.—Battle of Lepanto gained by Don John of Austria, Oct. 7.	Lesley, Bishop of Ross, 1527—1596
3 —	Paul Veronese, 1532—1588	Duke of Norfolk beh., June 2.—Massacre of St. Bartholomew, Aug. 23.—Regent Marr dies, Oct. 8; succeeded by the Earl of Morton, Nov. 9.	Mareschal Biron, 1524—1592
4 —	Michael de Montaigne, 1533—1592	Duke of Alva recalled from his sanguinary government in the Netherlands.—Duke of Anjou raises the siege of Rochelle, June 24.	Bishop Grindal, 1519—1583
5 —	Francis Hotomanus, —1590	Charles IX. of France dies, May 30; succeeded by Henry King of Poland. Louis of Nassau, and his brother, defeated and killed at Moker.	Sir Francis Walsingham, ob. æt. 89, 1590
6 —	Andrea Palladio, 1518—1580	Queen Elizabeth declines the sovereignty of the Dutch provinces.—The Huguenots receive supplies from Elizabeth, through the Prince of Conde.	Dudley, Earl of Leicester, 1532—1588
7 —	Janus Dousa, 1545—1604	Duke of Alençon drawn off by the court from the Huguenot party.—He takes the title of D. of Anjou, Oct. 1.—Pacification of Ghent, Nov. 8.	Archbishop Whitgift, 1530—1604
8 —	Cardinal Baronius, 1538—1607	The Archduke Matthias made governor of the Netherlands, the Prince of Orange his lieutenant.—The States declare against Don John of Austria.	Duke de Mayenne, —1611
9 —	Anthony Riccoboni, —1608	Battle of Alcazar, Don Sebastian killed, Aug. 4.—Battle of Gemblours, the States defeated by Don John of Austria, Jan. 31.—He dies, Oct. 7.	Cardinal Allen, 1532—1594
10 —	Peter Pithou, 1539—1596	Union of Utrecht by William Prince of Orange, who virtually becomes Stadtholder, Jan. 23.—King James is urged to break with England.	Sir James Melvil, 1530—1606
11 —	Joseph Scaliger, 1540—1609	Philip II. proscribes the Prince of Orange, June 15.—Philip takes possession of the throne of Portugal.—The regent Morton arrested, Dec. 31.	Admiral Lord Howard, 1536—1624
12 —	Christopher Clavius, 1537—1612	Duke of Anjou accepts the sovereignty of the Provinces, Prince of Orange being Stadtholder, Sept. 29.—Anjou's last visit to Elizabeth, Nov. 1.	Sir Francis Drake, 1545—1596
13 —	Torquato Tasso, 1544—1595	Anjou inaugurated as Duke of Brabant, Feb. 19.—'The Raid of Ruthven,' Aug. 23.—The Gregorian style published, Oct. 5—15.	Sir Walter Raleigh, 1552—1618
1 Sixtus V.	Edmund Spenser, 1553—1598	Duke of Anjou, in contravention of his accredited junction with the Prince of Orange, endeavours to take the Flemish towns against him.	Turenne, Duke de Bouillon, 1555—1623
2 —	Sir Philip Sidney, 1554—1586	Q. Mary removed to the custody of Sir D. Drury and Sir A. Paulet.—D. of Anjou dies, June 10.—Prince of Orange assassinated, June 30.	Cardinal d'Ossat, 1536—1604
3 —	Tycho Brahe, 1546—1601	Q. Elizabeth advances money to 'the States,' upon security of Flushing, and the Brill being delivered up, Sept.—Huguenot war renewed.	Duke de Sully, 1560—1641
4 —	Ludovico Caracci, 1555—1619	Babington's conspiracy discovered, Aug. 4.—Battle of Zutphen, Sir Philip Sidney killed, Sept. 22.—Queen Mary's trial, Oct. 11.	Constable Lesdeguieres, ob. æt. 53, 1626
5 —	Henry Davila, 1576—1631	Mary Queen of Scots beh., Feb. 8.—Sluys capitulates, July 30.—Battle of Coutras, Duke de Joyeuse defeated by the King of Navarre, Oct. 10.	Robert Earl of Essex, 1567—1601
1 Urban VII. 1 Greg. XIV.	Justus Lipsius, 1527—1606	Defeat of the Spanish Armada, July 25.—Dudley, Earl of Leicester, dies, Sept. 4.—Henry Duke of Guise assassinated, Dec. 13.	Thomas Earl of Dorset, 1527—1608
1 Innocent IX.	Agostino Caracci, 1558—1602	Henry III. of France assassinated by Clement at the siege of Paris, July 22.—Battle of Arques gained by Henry IV., Sept. 11.	Duke d'Ossuna, —1624
1 Clement VIII.	James Arminius, 1560—1609	Battle of Ivry, the Duke de Mayenne defeated by King Henry IV., Mar. 4.	
2 —	Richard Hooker, 1553—1600	Elizabeth Maurice takes Breda, and expels the Spaniards from the Union.	
3 —	Cardinal du Perron, 1556—1618	Elizabeth sends the Earl of Essex with an army to King Henry, but takes umbrage at their being sent to Champagne instead of Rouen.	
4 —	Isaac Casaubon, 1559—1614	Elizabeth sends Sir John Norris with more men to King Henry, but is highly offended at their being sent to Normandy instead of Bretagne.	
5 —	William Shakspeare, 1564—1616	King Henry conforms to the catholic faith, July 15.—The preparations of Philip conduce to a league between Elizabeth and Henry, Oct.	
6 —	Annibal Caracci, 1560—1609	King Henry carries the war into Bretagne.—Q. Elizabeth sends Lord Zouch to inquire into the ascendancy of the Spanish faction in Scotland.	
7 —	Miguel Cervantes, 1547—1617	King Henry, having declared war against Spain, demands succours, but Elizabeth complains, and refuses a supply.	
8 —	President de Thou, 1553—1617	Calais taken by storm by the Archduke Albert, Apr. 15.—Cadiz taken by the Earl of Essex, June 21.—Sir Robert Cecil now Secretary of State.	
9 —	M. A. Caravaggio, 1569—1609	Essex resents the creation of the L. H. Admiral Howard to the Earldom of Nottingham, and is made Earl Marshal to preserve his precedence.	
	William Camden, 1551—1623	Edict of Nantes, Apr.—Peace of Vervins, Apr. 28.—Dispute in the Council, Essex receives a blow from Queen Elizabeth, June.	
		Essex goes to Ireland as Lord Deputy.—He offends the queen by treating with Tyrone, Sept. 8.—The queen takes umbrage on his return, Sept. 28.	
		Battle of Nieuport, the Archduke Albert defeated by Prince Maurice, July 2.—First patent to the East India Company.	





DOGES OF VENICE	Tuscany G. Dukes Dukes	Ferrara	Parma Dukes Counts	Guastalla	Dukes of Mantua	Netherlands Govnrns Stadts.	Un. Provs.	Dukes, Brunswick Lunenburg	Dukes of Wurtembg.	Electors of Brandenbg.	Bavaria Dukes Electors	Palatine	Saxony Dukes	Electors Lorraine
Francesco Donato	15 Cosmo	18 Hercu- les II.	5 Octavius Ferdin- and I.	13 14	2 William	21 Mary of Austria		6 Mary and William	2 Christo- pher I. 3 the Pacific	17 Joachim II.	2 Albert II. Frede- ric II.	8 9	4 Maurice Charles 7 II.	8
M. Ant. Trevisan	17 — 20		7 — 15		4 —	23 —		8 —	4 —	19 —	4 — 10		1 Augustus the Pious	9
Francesco Venie- ro	18 — 21		8 — 16		5 —	24 —		9 —	5 —	20 —	5 — 11		2 —	10
Lorenzo Priuli	19 — 22		9 — 17		6 —	1 Emmanuel Duke of Savoy		10 —	6 —	21 —	6 — 12		3 — 11	
	20 — 23		10 — 18		7 —	2		11 —	7 —	22 —	7 Otho- Henry		4 — 12	
	21 — 24		11 Cæsar I.	1 2	8 —	3 —		12 William alone	8 —	23 —	8 — 2		5 — 13	
	22 — 25		12 — 2		9 —	4 —		13 —	9 —	24 —	9 — 3		6 — 14	
Girolamo Priuli	23 Alfonso II.	1 2	13 — 3		10 —	1 Margaret of Austria 2 Duchess of Parma		14 —	10 —	25 —	10 Frede- ric III. the Pious		7 — 15	
	24 — 2		14 — 4		11 —			15 —	11 —	26 —	11 — 2		8 — 16	
	25 — 3		15 — 5		12 —	3 —		16 —	12 —	27 —	12 — 3		9 — 17	
	26 — 4		16 — 6		13 —	4 —		17 —	13 —	28 —	13 — 4		10 — 18	
	27 — 5		17 — 7		14 —	5 —		18 —	14 —	29 —	14 — 5		11 — 19	
	28 — 6		18 — 8		15 —	6 —		19 —	15 —	30 —	15 — 6		12 — 20	
	29 — 7		19 — 9		16 —	7 —		20 —	16 —	31 —	16 — 7		13 — 21	
Pietro Loredano	30 — 8		20 — 10		17 —	8 —		21 —	17 —	32 —	17 — 8		14 — 22	
	31 — 9		21 — 11		18 —	1 Ferdinand Duke of Alva		22 —	18 —	33 —	18 — 9		15 — 23	
	32 — 10		22 — 12		19 —	2		23 —	1 Louis III.	34 —	19 — 10		16 — 24	
	33 — 11		23 — 13		20 —	3 —		24 —	2 —	35 —	20 — 11		17 — 25	
Luigi Mocenigo	34 — 12		24 — 14		21 —	4 —		25 —	3 —	36 —	21 — 12		18 — 26	
	35 — 13		25 — 15		22 —	5 —		26 —	4 —	1 John- George	22 — 13		19 — 27	
	36 — 14		26 — 16		23 —	6 —		27 —	5 —	2 —	23 — 14		20 — 28	
	37 — 15		27 — 17		24 —	1 Don Louis de		28 —	6 —	3 —	24 — 15		21 — 29	
	1 Francis- Mary de Medici	16 17	28 — 18	25 created Duke of Montferrat	26	2 Requesens		29 —	7 —	4 —	25 — 16		22 — 30	
	3 — 18		30 — 2		27 —	3 —		30 —	8 —	5 —	26 — 17		23 — 31	
Sebastiano Venie- ro	4 — 19		31 — 3		28 —	1 Don John of Austria		31 —	9 —	6 —	27 Louis VI. the Easy		24 — 32	
Nicolo da Ponte	5 — 20		32 — 4		29 —	2		32 —	10 —	7 —	28 — 2		25 — 33	
	6 — 21		33 — 5		30 —	1 Alexander of Parma 2 William 1 Prince of Orange		33 —	11 —	8 —	29 — 3		26 — 34	
	7 — 22		34 — 6		31 —	3		35 —	12 —	9 —	1 William II. the Religious		27 — 35	
	8 — 23		35 — 7		32 —	4 — 3		36 —	14 —	10 —	3 — 6		28 — 36	
	9 — 24		36 — 8		33 —	5 — 4		37 —	15 —	11 —	4 — 7		29 — 37	
	10 — 25		37 — 9		34 —	6 — 5		38 —	16 —	12 —	5 Frede- ric IV.		30 — 38	
	11 — 26		38 — 10		35 —	7 —	assass.	39 —	17 —	13 —	6 — 2		31 — 39	
Pasquale Cicogna	12 — 27		39 — 11		36 —	8 —		40 —	18 —	14 —	7 — 3		32 — 40	
	13 — 28		1 Alexan- der		37 —	9 Earl of Leicester		41 —	19 —	15 —	8 — 4		33 — 41	
	1 Ferdin- and I. de Medici	29 30	2 Farnese	13	1 Vincent I.	10		42 —	20 —	17 —	9 — 5		1 Christi- an I.	42
	2 — 30		3 — 14		2 —	11 Maurice of Nassau		43 —	21 —	18 —	10 — 6		2 — 43	
	3 — 31		4 — 15		3 —	12 — 3		44 —	22 —	19 —	11 — 7		3 — 44	
	4 — 32		5 — 16		4 —	13 — 4		45 —	23 —	20 —	12 — 8		4 — 45	
	5 — 33		6 — 17		5 —	14 — 5		46 —	24 —	21 —	13 — 9		1 Christi- an II.	47
	6 — 34		1 Ranutius I.	18	6 —	1 Peter Ernest		1 Ernest II.	25 —	22 —	14 — 10		2 — 48	
	7 — 35		2 — 19		7 —	2 Count of Mansfeldt		2 —	1 Frederic I.	23 —	15 — 11		3 — 49	
	8 — 36		3 — 20		8 —	1 Archduke Ernest		3 —	2 —	24 —	16 — 12		4 — 50	
Marino Grimani	9 — 37		4 — 21		9 —	1 Pedro de Fuentes		4 —	3 —	25 —	17 — 13		5 — 51	
	10 — 38		5 — 22		10 —	1 Albert of Austria		5 —	4 —	26 —	1 Maximi- lian		6 — 52	
	11 Cæsar	1	6 — 23		11 —	2 — 11		6 —	5 —	27 —	2 — 15		7 — 53	
	12 — 2		7 — 24		12 —	3 — 12		7 —	6 —	1 Joachim- Frederic.	3 — 16		8 — 54	
	13 — 3		8 — 25		13 —	4 Infanta Isabella		8 —	7 —	2 For Ducal Prussia,	4 — 17		9 — 55	
	14 — 4		9 — 26		14 —	5 marries the		9 —	8 —	3 see Regal Table, 53.	5 — 18		10 — 56	







Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of Turkey	Emperors of Germany	Russia — Kings	Czars — Poland	Dukes of Prussia	Kings of France	Dukes of Savoy	Kings of Spain	Kings of Portugal	Kings of England	Kings of Scotland	Princes of Orange	Denmark
6314	1601	7 Mahomed III.	26 Rodolph II.	4 Boris Sigismund	15 16	4Joachim-Frederic 5Elector of Brandenburg	13 Henry IV.	22 Charles-Emm. I.	4 Philip III.	United to Spain	44 Elizabeth James 45 VI. 36	18 Philip-Wm.	14	
6315	1602	8	27	5	17	6	14	23	5		1 James I. VI. of 2 Scotland	19	15	
6316	1603	1 Ahmed I.	28	6	18	7	15	24	6		3	20	16	
6317	1604	2	29	7	19	8	16	25	7		4	21	17	
6318	1605	3	30	—Interreg.	20	9	17	26	8		5	22	18	
6319	1606	4	31	1 Vassili Chouiski	21	10	18	27	9		6	23	19	
6320	1607	5	32	2	22	11	19	28	10		7	24	20	
6321	1608	6	33	3	23	12	20	29	11		8	25	21	
6322	1609	7	34	4	24	13	21	30	12		9	26	22	
6323	1610	8	35	—Interreg.	25	14	22	31	13		10	27	23	
6324	1611	9	36	—	26	15	2 the Just	32	14		11	28	24	
6325	1612	10	1 Matthias	—	27	16	3	33	15		12	29	25	
6326	1613	11	2	1 Michael Romanof	28	17	4	34	16		13	30	26	
6327	1614	12	3	2	29	18	5	35	17		14	31	27	
6328	1615	13	4	3	30	19	6	36	18		15	32	28	
6329	1616	14	5	4	31	20	7	37	19		16	33	29	
6330	1617	1 Mustafa I.	6	5	32	21	8	38	20		17	34	30	
6331	1618	1 Osman I.	7	6	33	22	9	39	21		18	1 Maurice	31	
6332	1619	2	1 Ferdinand II.	7	34	23	10	40	22		19	2	32	
6333	1620	3	2	8	35	24	11	41	23		20	3	33	
6334	1621	4	3	9	36	25	12	42	1 Philip IV.		21	4	34	
6335	1622	1 Mustafa I. again	4	10	37	26	13	43	2		22	5	35	
6336	1623	1 Amurath IV.	5	11	38	27	14	44	3		23	6	36	
6337	1624	2	6	12	39	28	15	45	4		24	7	37	
6338	1625	3	7	13	40	29	16	46	5		1 Charles I.	1 Frederic-Henry	38	
6339	1626	4	8	14	41	30	17	47	6		2	2	39	
6340	1627	5	9	15	42	31	18	48	7		3	3	40	
6341	1628	6	10	16	43	32	19	49	8		4	4	41	
6342	1629	7	11	17	44	33	20	50	9		5	5	42	
6343	1630	8	12	18	45	34	21	1 Victor-Amade.	10		6	6	43	
6344	1631	9	13	19	46	35	22	2 us I.	11		7	7	44	
6345	1632	10	14	20	47	36	23	3	12		8	8	45	
6346	1633	11	15	21	48	37	24	4	13		9	9	46	
6347	1634	12	16	22	49	38	25	5	14		10	10	47	
6348	1635	13	17	23	50	39	26	6	15		11	11	48	
6349	1636	14	18	24	51	40	27	7	16		12	12	49	
6350	1637	15	1 Ferdinand III.	25	52	41	28	1 Francis-Hyacinth 1 Charles-Emm. II.	17		13	13	50	
6351	1638	16	2	26	53	42	29	2	18		14	14	51	
6352	1639	17	3	27	54	43	30	3	19		15	15	52	
6353	1640	1 Ibrahim	4	28	55	44	31	4	20		16	16	53	
6354	1641	2	5	29	56	45	32	5	21		17	17	54	
6355	1642	3	6	30	57	46	33	6	22	2 Braganza	18	18	55	
6356	1643	4	7	31	58	47	1 Louis XIV. 2 le Grand	7	23	4	19	19	56	
6357	1644	5	8	32	59	48	3	8	24	5	20	20	57	
6358	1645	6	9	1 Alexis	60	49	4	9	25	6	21	21	58	
6359	1646	7	10	2	61	50	5	10	26	7	22	22	59	
6360	1647	8	11	3	62	51	6	11	27	8	23	1 William II.	60	
6361	1648	9	12	4 John II. Casimir	63	52	7	12	28	9	24	2	61	
6362	1649	1 Mahomed IV.	13	5	64	53	8	13	29	10	—Commonwealth	3	62	
6363	1650	2	14	6	65	54	9	14	30	11		4	63	



POPEs	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MODERN HISTORY	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
10 Clement VIII.	Francis Lord Bacon, 1561-1626	Defeat of the Spaniards in Ireland by Lord Mountjoy, Dec. 24.—Essex and Southampton found guilty, Feb. 19.—Essex is beheaded, Feb. 25.	Chancellor de Bellievre, 1529-1607
11 ———	Father Paul Sarpi, 1552-1622	Conspiracy against Henry IV.—Mareschal Biron beheaded, July 21.—O'Neil Earl of Tyrone surrenders at discretion.	Thomas Lord Ellesmere, 1540-1617
12 ———	Archbishop Bancroft, 1544-1610	Queen Elizabeth dies, Mar. 24, at. 69.—The proclamation of the accession of King James read 'to the people' by Secretary Cecil, Mar. 24.	Secretary Villeroy, —1617
13 ———	Francis de Malherbe, 1556-1628	Conference of divines at Hampton Court, Jan. 16.—The style of King of Great Britain first assumed, Oct. 24.	Robert Earl of Salisbury, 1563-1612
1 Leo XI.	Janus Gruter, 1560-1627	Gunpowder Plot discovered, Nov. 5.—High disputes between Pope Paul V. and the Venetians.—Marino Grimani the Doge dies, Dec. 16.	Sir Edward Coke, 1550-1634
1 Paul V.	Cardinal Bellarmine, 1542-1621	Pope Paul V. forbids the Catholics of England taking the oath of allegiance, Sept. 3.—Ostend taken by Marquis Spinola, Sept. 9.	Chancellor Brulart de Sillery, —1624
2 ———	Philip du Mornay, 1549-1623	Sir Francis Bacon in a debate upon a Union with Scotland introduces a luminous exposition of a plan of legal reform, Mar.	Howard Earl of Northampton, —1614
3 ———	Galleil Galileo, 1564-1642	Cecil Earl of Salisbury made Lord Treasurer, May 6.—Abp. Bancroft persecutes the Puritans, of whom numbers emigrate to Virginia.	President Jeannin, 1540-1652
4 ———	Francesco Albano, 1578-1660	Twelve years' truce between Spain and the United Provinces, Mar. 29.	Francis Duke of Lerma, —1625
5 ———	Sir Thomas Bodley, 1544-1612	Edict of Philip III. for the expulsion of the Moors, Dec. 9.	Sir John Davies, 1570-1625
6 ———	Lopez de la Vega, 1562-1635	Henry IV. assassinated by Ravalliac, May 4.—King James renews the league between England and France.	Carr Earl of Somerset, —1645
7 ———	Ben Jonson, 1574-1638	New Translation of the Bible published by authority, May 22.—First creation of baronets.—Robert Carr advanced at Court.	Pensionary Barneveldt, 1547-1619
8 ———	John Kepler, 1571-1630	Cecil Earl of Salisbury dies, May 24.—Howard Earl of Suffolk succeeds as lord treasurer.—Henry Prince of Wales dies, Nov. 6.	Sir Ralph Winwood, 1564-1617
9 ———	John Napier, 1550-1617	Marriage of the Pys, Elizabeth to the Elector Palatine.—Sir T. Overbury dies, Sept. 24.—Carr Earl of Somerset marries the Cts. of Essex.	Marquis de Spinola, 1569-1630
10 ———	Sir Hugh Middleton, —1631	King James dissolves the parliament, June 8.—He resorts to raising money by way of benevolence, and obtains £52,905.	Charles Albert D. de Luines, —1621
11 ———	Sir Robert Cotton, 1570-1631	George Villiers sworn of the Privy Council, Apr. 23.—The murder of Overbury divulged, Aug. 1.—Lady Arabella Stuart dies, Sept. 17.	Richard Earl of Cork, 1566-1643
12 ———	Domenichino Zampieri, 1581-1641	King James gives up the cautionary towns pledged to Queen Elizabeth, May 31.—Somerset and his countess condemned but reprieved, July 11.	Digby Earl of Bristol, 1580-1658
13 ———	Giovanni Guercino, 1590-1666	Sir Francis Bacon made Lord Keeper, Mar. 7; and Lord Chancellor, May 27.—King James enforces episcopacy in Scotland, July.	Archbishop Abbot, 1562-1633
14 ———	Dr. William Harvey, 1578-1658	Religious dissension in Bohemia.—Earl of Suffolk fined for pecculation, July 12.—Sir Walter Raleigh beh. Oct. 29.—Synod of Dort, Nov. 1.	Villiers Duke of Buckingham, 1582-1628
15 ———	Guido Rheni, 1575-1642	War of the Succession in Germany, Aug. 26, continues thirty years.—The circulation of the blood discovered by Dr. William Harvey.	Henry Duke de Rohan, 1579-1638
16 ———	Robert Burton, 1576-1639	Preliminaries of the Spanish match, Apr. 27.—Battle of Prague gained by the D. of Bavaria, Nov. 8.—Elector Palatine loses his dominions.	Sir Henry Wotton, 1568-1639
1 Gregory XV.	Sir Peter Paul Rubens, 1577-1640	Lord Bacon convicted of bribery, May 3.—King James in person cancels a protest of the House of Commons from their journals, Dec. 30.	Williams Abp. of York, 1582-1650
2 ———	Sir Henry Spelman, 1562-1641	Oxford, Southampton, Coke, S. Iden, Pym, &c. imprisoned.—The Puritans side with the people—the Arminians declare for the King.	Cardinal Richelieu, 1585-1642
1 Urban VIII.	Cardinal Bentivoglio, 1579-1644	Buckingham and Prince Charles proceed incognito to Madrid, Feb. 7.—'The match' broken off by the intrigues of Buckingham, Nov. 25.	Albert Count Wallestein, 1584-1634
2 ———	John Meursius, 1579-1639	Cranfield Earl of Middlesex, lord treasurer, removed, May 13.—Treaty of marriage between Prince Charles and Henrietta of France.	Thomas Lord Coventry, 1578-1640
3 ———	Gerard John Vossius, 1577-1649	King James I. dies, Mar. 27, at. 59.—Marriage of King Charles with Henrietta Maria, June 14.—The first parliament, June 18.—Aug. 12.	Mareschal Bassompierre, 1579-1646
4 ———	Pietro da Cortona, 1596-1669	King Charles meets his second parliament, Feb. 6, which is suddenly dissolved, June 15.—He exacts a loan to assist the King of Denmark.	Gaspar Duke d'Olivarez, —1643
5 ———	Bishop Hall, 1574-1656	Sir Thomas Wentworth imprisoned for refusing to aid the loan.—The Duke of Buckingham appears suddenly before Rochelle, July 7.	Chancellor Oxenstiern, 1583-1654
6 ———	Inigo Jones, 1572-1652	Third parliament meets, Mar. 17.—Petition of Right, June 17.—Buckingham assassinated by Felton, Aug. 23.—Rochelle surrenders to Louis.	Weston Earl of Portland, —1634
7 ———	Hugo Grotius, 1583-1645	The Speaker of the H. of Commons forcibly held in the chair pending a protest against tonnage and poundage, Mar. 2.—Parliament dissolved.	Duke of Saxe Weimar, 1604-1639
8 ———	Archbishop Usher, 1580-1656	King Charles engages, through the Marquis of Hamilton, to assist Gustavus Adolphus in the recovery of the Palatinate.	Archbishop Laud, 1573-1645
9 ———	Diego Velasquez, 1594-1660	Ep. Laud introduces various objectionable religious ceremonies, Jan. 16.	Thomas Earl of Strafford, 1593-1641
10 ———	Sir Anthony Vandyke, 1599-1641	Battle of Leipsic, Count Tilly defeated by Gustavus Adolphus, Aug. 28.	John Hampden, 1594-1643
11 ———	John Selden, 1584-1654	Proclamation enforcing the residence of landholders upon their estates, June 10.—Battle of Lutzen, Gustavus Adolphus killed, Nov. 6.	John Pym, 1584-1643
12 ———	Peter Gassendi, 1592-1655	King Charles crowned at Edinburgh, June 18.—Episcopacy opposed in the Scottish parliament.—Laud raised to the see of Canterbury, Aug.	Denzil Holles, 1597-1680
13 ———	Rene Descartes, 1596-1650	Battle of Nordinghen gained by the Imperialists, Nov. 28.—Noy, Attorney-general, dies, Aug. 9.—First writ for ship-money, Oct. 20.	William Lenthall, 1591-1663
14 ———	Claude de Lorraine, 1600-1682	Peace of Prague, May 29.—Earls of Salisbury and Westmoreland and others are heavily fined for encroachments on the royal forests.	Robert Earl of Essex, 1596-1646
15 ———	Dionysius Petavius, 1583-1652	Proclamation restraining the emigration of the Presbyterians to America, Apr. 30.—Oliver Cromwell actually embarked.	James Marquis of Montrose, 1612-1650
16 ———	Paul Rembrandt, 1606-1674	Prynne, Bastwick, and Burton pilloried by the Star Chamber, June 30.—First tumult at Edinburgh on the reading of the liturgy, July 23.	Carey Viscount Falkland, 1610-1643
17 ———	Eustace Le Suer, 1617-1655	Judgment in the Exchequer against John Hampden for ship money, June 12.—Episcopacy abolished in Scotland, Nov. 29.	William Marq. of Newcastle, 1592-1676
18 ———	William Chillingworth, 1602-1644	Pacification with the Scots at Berwick, June 13.—Ep. Williams fined by the Star Chamber £5,000 to the King and £3,000 to Abp. Laud, Feb.	Thomas Lord Fairfax, 1611-1671
19 ———	Sir Thomas Browne, 1605-1682	Fourth parliament, Ap. 13—May 5.—The Lords 'solicit the supply' which is voted a breach of privilege, May 1.—Long parliament meets, Nov. 3.	Sir Henry Vane, 1612-1662
20 ———	Nicholas Poussin, 1594-1665	The judgment in the Exchequer in Hampden's case cancelled by act of parliament, Feb. 26.—Wentworth Earl of Strafford beheaded, May 11.	Cardinal Mazarine, 1602-1661
21 ———	Bartolomeo Murillo, 1613-1685	King Charles demands the Five Members, Jan. 3.—The royal standard erected at Nottingham, Aug. 22.—Battle of Edgehill, Oct. 23.	Cardinal de Retz, 1614-1679
1 Innocent X.	Duke de la Rochefoucault, 1613-1680	John Hampden mortally wounded at Chalgrove, June 18.—Prince Rupert takes Bristol by storm, July 26.—First battle of Newbury, Sept. 20.	Louis 'le Grande Conde' 1621-1686
2 ———	Salvator Rosa, 1615-1673	Parliament at Oxford, Jan. 26.—Battle at Marston Moor, July 2.—Surrender of Skippon, Sept. 2.—Second battle of Newbury, Oct. 27.	Bishop Juxon, 1584-1663
3 ———	Carlo Dolce, 1616-1685	Abp. Laud beheaded, Jan. 10.—Treaty of Uxbridge fails, Feb. 22.—Battle of Naseby, June 14.—Prince Rupert surrenders Bristol, Sept. 10.	Anne of Austria, —1665
4 ———	Thomas Hobbes, 1588-1679	The King sends eight several messages to the parliament from Oxford, Dec. 1645—Mar. 23.—He surrenders to the Scots at Newark, May 5.	
5 ———	Dr. Edward Pococke, 1604-1691	King Charles delivered by the Scots to the parliamentary commissioners, Jan. 30.—Is taken by Colonel Hammond to Carisbrook castle, Nov. 13.	
6 ———	Francis de Mezerai, 1610-1683	Battle of Lens gained by the Prince of Conde, Aug. 9.—Peace of Westphalia, Oct. 14.—The Presbyterians debarred entrance to 'the House.'	
7 ———		King Charles I. beheaded, Jan. 30.—House of Lords abolished, Feb. 5.	
		Duke of Hamilton and Lords Holland and Capel beheaded, Mar. 9.	
		Marquis of Montrose executed, May 20.—King Charles lands in Scotland, June 23.—Battle of Dunbar gained by Cromwell, Sept. 3.	





D O G E S OF VENICE	Tuscany		Dukes of Parma Guastalla		Dukes of Mantua	Netherl. Govns. Staats.	Un.Prova.	Dukes, Brunswick Lunenb.urg	Dukes of Wurtembg.	Electors of Bavaria	Electors Palatine	Saxony Dukes	Electors Lorraine
	G.Dukes Dukes	Molena	Parma	Guastalla									
7 Marino Grimano	15 Ferdin. I. Caesar 5	10 Ranutius Ferdin. 27 and II. 28	15 Vincent I.	6 Archduke Albert, 15 both are 16 invested 8 with 17 sovereign 9 power 18	10 Ernest II.	9 Frederic	6 Maximilian	19 Frederic IV.	11 Christ. I. Charles 57 II. 58				
8	16	11	16	17	11	10	7	20	12				
9	17	12	17	18	12	11	8	21	13				
10	18	13	18	19	12	11	9	22	14				
11	19	14	19	10	13	12	10	23	15				
1 Leonardo Donato	20	15	20	11	14	13	11	24	16				
2	21	16	21	12	15	14	12	25	17				
3	22	17	22	13	16	15	13	26	18				
4	1 Cosmo II. de Medici	13	23	14	17	16	14	27	19				
5	2	14	24	15	18	17	15	1 Frederic V.	20				
6	3	15	25	16	19	18	16	4	1 John-George I.				
1 M. Ant. Memmo	4	16	26	17	20	19	17	5	2				
2	5	17	27	18	21	20	18	6	3				
3	6	18	28	19	22	21	19	7	4				
1 Giovanni Bembo	7	19	29	20	23	22	20	8	5				
2	8	20	30	21	24	23	21	9	6				
3	9	21	31	22	25	24	22	10	7				
1 Nicolò Donato Antonio Priuli	10	22	32	23	26	25	23	11	8				
2	11	23	33	24	27	26	24	12	9				
3	12	24	34	25	28	27	25	13	10				
4	1 Ferdin. and II. de Medici	25	35	26	29	28	26	14	11				
5	2	26	36	27	30	29	27	15	12				
1 Francesco Contarini	3	27	37	28	31	30	28	16	13				
1 Giovanni Cornaro	4	28	38	29	32	31	29	17	14				
2	5	29	39	30	33	32	30	18	15				
3	6	30	40	31	34	33	31	19	16				
4	7	31	41	32	35	34	32	20	17				
5	8 Alfonso III.	1	42	33	36	35	33	1 Eberhard III.	18				
6	9 Francis I.	1	43	34	37	36	34	2	19				
1 Nicolò Contarini	10	2	44	35	38	37	35	3	20				
1 Francesco Erizzo	11	3	45	36	39	38	36	4	21				
2	12	4	46	37	40	39	37	5	22				
3	13	5	47	38	41	40	38	6	23				
4	14	6	48	39	42	41	39	7	24				
5	15	7	49	40	43	42	40	8	25				
6	16	8	50	41	44	43	41	9	26				
7	17	9	51	42	45	44	42	10	27				
8	18	10	52	43	46	45	43	11	28				
9	19	11	53	44	47	46	44	12	29				
10	20	12	54	45	48	47	45	13	30				
11	21	13	55	46	49	48	46	14	31				
12	22	14	56	47	50	49	47	15	32				
13	23	15	57	48	51	50	48	16	33				
14	24	16	58	49	52	51	49	17	34				
15	25	17	59	50	53	52	50	18	35				
1 Francesco Molino	26	18	60	51	54	53	51	19	36				
2	27	19	61	52	55	54	52	20	37				
3	28	20	62	53	56	55	53	21	38				
4	29	21	63	54	57	56	54	22	39				
5	30	22	64	55	58	57	55	23	40				







Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of Turkey	Emperors of Germany	Russia Czars Kings	Poland	Dukes of Prussia	Kings of France	Dukes of Savoy	Kings of Spain	Kings of Portugal	Kings of Gt. Britain	Princes of Orange	Denmark
6364	1651	3 Mahomed IV.	15 Ferdin. and III.	7 Alexis John 4	12	Frederic-William	9 Louis XIV.	14 Charles Em. II.	31 Philip IV.	12 John IV. of Bra-ganza	— Common-wealth	5 William II.	4
6365	1652	4	16	8	11. 5	13	10	15	32	13	— Protector-ate	6	5
6366	1653	5	17	9	6	14	11	16	33	14	—	7	6
6367	1654	6	18	10	7	15	12	17	34	15	—	8	7
6368	1655	7	19	11	8	16	13	18	35	16	—	9	8
6369	1656	8	20	12	9	17	14	19	36	1 Alfonso VI.	—	10	9
6370	1657	9	21	13	10	18	15	20	37	2	—	11	10
6371	1658	10	Interreg. 1 Leopold I.	14	11	19	16	21	38	3	—	12	11
6372	1659	11	2	15	12	20	17	22	39	4	—	13	12
6373	1660	12	3	16	13	21	18	23	40	5	1 Charles II.	1 William III.	13
6374	1661	13	4	17	14	22	19	24	41	6	2	2	14
6375	1662	14	5	18	15	23	20	25	42	7	3	3	15
6376	1663	15	6	19	16	24	21	26	43	8	4	4	16
6377	1664	16	7	20	17	25	22	27	44	9	5	5	17
6378	1665	17	8	21	18	26	23	28	1 Charles II.	10	6	6	18
6379	1666	18	9	22	19	27	24	29	2	11	7	7	19
6380	1667	19	10	23	20	28	25	30	3	12	8	8	20
6381	1668	20	11	24	Interreg.	29	26	31	4	13	9	9	21
6382	1669	21	12	25	Michael 1 Koributh	30	27	32	5	14	10	10	22
6383	1670	22	13	26	2	31	28	33	6	15	11	11	1 Charles II.
6384	1671	23	14	27	3	32	29	34	7	16	12	12	2
6385	1672	24	15	28	4	33	30	35	8	17	13	13	3
6386	1673	25	16	29	5	34	31	36	9	18	14	14	4
6387	1674	26	17	30	John III. I Sobieski	35	32	37	10	19	15	15	5
6388	1675	27	18	31	2	36	33	1 Victor-Amade-us II.	11	20	16	16	6
6389	1676	28	19	1 Feodor II.	3	37	34	2	12	21	17	17	7
6390	1677	29	20	2	4	38	35	3	13	22	18	18	8
6391	1678	30	21	3	5	39	36	4	14	23	19	19	9
6392	1679	31	22	4	6	40	37	5	15	24	20	20	10
6393	1680	32	23	5	7	41	38	6	16	25	21	21	11
6394	1681	33	24	6	8	42	39	7	17	26	22	22	12
6395	1682	34	25	1 Ivan V. and 2 Peter I.	9	43	40	8	18	27	23	23	13
6396	1683	35	26	10	44	41	41	9	19	1 Pedro II.	24	24	14
6397	1684	36	27	3	11	45	42	10	20	2	25	25	15
6398	1685	37	28	4	12	46	43	11	21	3	1 James II.	26	16
6399	1686	38	29	5	13	47	44	12	22	4	2	27	17
6400	1687	1 Soliman III.	30	6	14	48	45	13	23	5	3	28	18
6401	1688	2	31	7	15	1 Frederic	46	14	24	6	4	29	19
6402	1689	3	32	1 Peter the Great alone	16	2	47	15	25	7	Interreg. 1 Willm. III. Mary 1	30 King of Great Britain	20
6403	1690	4	33	17	3	48	48	16	26	8	2	31	21
6404	1691	1 Ahmed II.	34	3	18	4	49	17	27	9	3	32	22
6405	1692	2	35	4	19	5	50	18	28	10	4	33	23
6406	1693	3	36	5	20	6	51	19	29	11	5	34	24
6407	1694	4	37	6	21	7	52	20	30	12	6	35	25
6408	1695	1 Mustafa II.	38	7	22	8	53	21	31	13	7	36	26
6409	1696	2	39	8	23	9	54	22	32	14	8	37	27
6410	1697	3	40	Interreg. 1 Frederic August.	10	10	55	23	33	15	9	38	28
6411	1698	4	41	10	11	11	56	24	34	16	10	39	29
6412	1699	5	42	11	3	12	57	25	35	17	11	40	1 Frederic
6413	1700	6	43	12	4	13	58	26	1 Philip V.	18	12	41	2

POPES	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MODERN HISTORY	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
8 Innocent X.	Madame de Sevigne, 1627—1696	Charles II. crowned at Scone, Jan. 1.—Enters England by Carlisle, Aug. 6.	Archibald Marq. of Argyll, ob. et. 63, 1661
9 ———	John F. Gronovius, 1611—1671	Battle of Worcester, Sept. 3.—The King escapes to France, Oct. 17.	Admiral M. Van Tromp, 1597—1653
10 ———	Blaise Pascal, 1623—1662	War between England and Holland, June 30.—Seven naval battles in thirteen months.—Blake, Van Tromp, de Ruyter, &c.	Oliver Cromwell, 1599—1658
11 ———	John Milton, 1608—1674	Cromwell dissolves the Long Parliament, Apr. 20.—Barebone parliament, July 4—Dec. 12.—Cromwell proclaimed Lord Protector, Dec. 16.	Admiral Blake, 1599—1657
1 Alexander VII.	James Harrington, 1611—1677	Peace between England and Holland, Apr. 5.—New parliament, Sept. 3—Jan. 22.—The hereditary Protectorate refused, Oct. 19.	John Thurloe, 1616—1668
2 ———	Edmund Waller, 1605—1687	Conspiracy of the republicans, Feb. 10.—Penruddock executed at Exeter, May 16.—The press controlled by the Secretary of State, Oct.	Edmund Ludlow, 1602—1693
3 ———	Peter Corneille, 1606—1684	War between England and Spain, Mar. 12.—Blake destroys four and takes two Spanish Galleons, Sept. 10.—New parliament, Sept. 17—June 26.	Mareschal Turenne, 1611—1675
4 ———	John Baptist Moliere, 1622—1673	Victory at Santa Cruz by Blake, who dies on his return, Apr. 17.—Cromwell declines the regal title, May 8.—Assassination plot, Jan. 9.	Admiral de Ruyter, 1607—1676
5 ———	Bp. Brian Walton, 1600—1661	The keys of Dunkirk delivered by Louis XIV. in person to the English ambassador, June 17.—Oliver Cromwell dies, Sept. 3.	Bulstrode Whitelock, 1605—1676
6 ———	Luca Giordano, 1629—1705	New parliament, Jan. 27—Apr. 22.—The Rump, May 7—Oct. 12.—Richard Cromwell resigns, May 13.—The Rump restored, Dec. 25—Mar. 16.	Monk, Duke of Albemarle, 1608—1670
7 ———	Sir John Marsham, 1602—1685	General Monk enters England, Jan. 1, and London, Feb. 3.—Convention parliament, Apr. 25—Dec. 29.—King Charles II. restored, May 29.	Edward Earl of Clarendon, 1608—1674
8 ———	Samuel Butler, 1612—1680	New parliament, May 8.—The Commons ordered to take the sacrament. Restoration of Episcopacy in Scotland, May 8.—Argyll beh. May 27.	James Duke of Ormond, 1607—1688
9 ———	Charles le Brun, 1619—1690	Marriage of King Charles to Catherine of Portugal, May 20.—Sir Henry Vane beheaded, June 14.—Dunkirk sold to France, Oct. 17.	Heneage Earl of Nottingham, 1621—1682
10 ———	Bp. Jeremy Taylor, 1613—1667	The Guards reviewed,—about 4000 men, the whole standing army of the time, July 4.—Impeachment of Lord Clarendon fails, July 9.	Admiral C. Van Tromp, 1629—1691
11 ———	John F. Vaillant, 1632—1676	The Clergy exchange the right of taxing themselves in Convocation for the elective franchise.—Hostilities against Holland.	Pensionary De Witt, 1625—1672
12 ———	James Gregory, 1638—1675	The Dutch fleet defeated by the Duke of York; Admiral Opdam blown up, June 3.—The great Plague in London, June 29—Dec. 12.	Edward Earl of Sandwich, 1625—1672
1 Clement IX.	John L. Bernini, 1598—1680	Conflict of four days with the Dutch fleet, June 1—4.—Dutch fleet defeated by Rupert and Monk, June 26.—Great Fire of London, Sept. 2.	John Duke of Lauderdale, 1616—1682
2 ———	John Evelyn, 1620—1706	The Dutch sail up the Medway and burn several ships of the line, June 3.	Villiers 2nd D. of Buckingham, 1627—1688
3 ———	Christian Huygens, 1629—1695	Peace of Breda, July 10.—Ld. Clarendon resigns the Great Seal, Aug. 30.	John Baptist Colbert, ob. et. 64, 1683
1 Clement X.	Sir Christopher Wren, 1622—1723	Triple alliance; England, Holland, and Sweden against Louis XIV. Jan. 13.—Peace of Aix-la-Chapelle; France and Spain, Apr. 22.	Anthony Earl of Shaftesbury, 1621—1683
2 ———	Isaac Barrow, 1630—1677	Union with Scotland proposed to parliament upon the basis of episcopacy, and is moved by Lauderdale in Scotland the same day, Oct. 19.	Sir William Temple, 1628—1700
3 ———	Richard Baxter, 1615—1691	The Cabal.—Clifford, Arlington, Buckingham, Ashley, and Lauderdale. Dss. of Portsmouth sent by Louis XIV. to secure the French interest.	Andrew Marvell, 1620—1678
4 ———	Bartholemew D'Herbelot, 1625—1695	The 'Commons' protest against alterations in money bills by the 'Lords,' Mar. 6.—Attempt of blood to steal the crown, May 9.	Thomas Duke of Leeds, ob. et. 81, 1712
5 ———	John Bunyan, 1628—1688	The king shuts the Exchequer, Jan. 2.—Battle of Solebay, May 27.—P. of Orange made Stadtholder, June 1.—Shaftesbury Chancellor, Nov. 17.	Charles Earl of Dorset, 1637—1706
6 ———	Robert Boyle, 1626—1691	Test Act, Mar. 29.—Duke of York refuses the Test.—Shaftesbury dismissed, Nov. 9. Duke of York marries Mary of Modena, Nov. 21.	Bishop Compton, 1632—1713
1 Innocent XI.	Samuel Puffendorf, 1632—1694	Peace between England and Holland, Feb. 11.—Battle of Senef between the Prince of Condé and the Prince of Orange, Aug. 1.	Mareschal de Luxembourg, 1628—1693
2 ———	Carlo Maratti, 1625—1713	Disputes between the two Houses respecting the right of appeal to the House of Lords, which leads to prorogation for 15 months, Nov. 22.	Sir William Pulteney, ob. et. 78, 1691
3 ———	Henry Purcell, 1658—1695	King Charles pensioned by Louis XIV. withdraws to Windsor.—National prosperity.—Political calm before the tempest.	James Viscount Stair, 1607—1695
4 ———	John de la Bruyere, 1644—1696	Buckingham, Shaftesbury, Salisbury, and Wharton sent to the Tower for asserting that the prorogation was in effect a dissolution, Feb. 15.	William Lord Russell, 1641—1683
5 ———	John de la Fontaine, 1621—1695	Peace of Nimeguen, July 31.—The Popish Plot, Sept. 6.—Sir E. Godfrey murdered, Oct. 17.—Five Catholic lords sent to the Tower, Oct. 25.	Algernon Sidney, 1617—1683
6 ———	Thomas Otway, 1651—1685	Parliament dissolved, Jan. 24.—D. of York withdraws to Brussels, Mar. 3.	James Duke Mommouth, 1649—1685
7 ———	Bernard Fontenelle, 1657—1757	New parliament, Mar. 6—July 10.—Habeas Corpus act, May 27.	Mareschal D. of Schomberg, 1619—1690
8 ———	John Dryden, 1631—1700	Party distinctions, Whig and Tory arise.—Parliament, Oct. 21—Jan. 10.	Letellier de Louvois, 1641—1694
9 ———	John Racine, 1639—1697	Exclusion bill thrown out, Nov. 15.—Viscount Stafford beh. Sept. 29.	Gorges Marquis of Halifax, 1630—1635
10 ———	Nicholas Boileau, 1636—1711	The parliament meets at Oxford, Mar. 21—27.—'The Expedient' fails.—Indictment against Lord Shaftesbury for treason ignored, Nov. 24.	Mareschal de Vauban, 1638—1707
11 ———	Humphrey Prideaux, 1648—1724	The City authorities by the new election for sheriffs become devoted to the Court.—Shaftesbury withdraws to Holland, Oct. 19.	Robert Earl of Sunderland, ob. et. 61, 1702
12 ———	John George Gravivus, 1632—1703	Rye-House Plot, June 23.—Lord Russell beh. July 21.—Sir George Jeffries made lord-chief-justice, Sept. 28.—Algernon Sydney beh. Dec. 7.	Archbishop Sancroft, 1616—1695
13 ———	Peter Bayle, 1647—1706	John Hampden fined £40,000, Feb. 6.—The catholic lords released from the Tower, Feb. 12.—The Duke of York recalled to Council, May 28.	Sir Edward Seymour, ob. et. 75, 1708
1 Alexander VIII.	John Locke, 1632—1704	K. Charles II. dies, Feb. 6, et. 54.—Edict of Nantes revoked, Oct. 12.—D. of Monmouth taken at Sedgemoor, July 6.—Ld. Sunderland premier, Dec. 1.	Reverend George Walker, 1690—1707
2 ———	Bishop Stillingfleet, 1635—1699	The dispensing power assumed by the king and affirmed by the judges, June 21.—New ecclesiastical commission opened, July 4.	William Duke of Devonshire, 1640—1707
1 Innocent XII.	Archbishop Tillotson, 1630—1694	Contest of the king with the University of Cambridge, May 7—and with Oxford, Dec. 10.—The Pope's Nuncio received at Windsor, July 3.	John Lord Somers, ob. et. 67, 1716
2 ———	Bishop Burnet, 1643—1715	Trial of the seven bishops, June 29.—Meeting at Ld. Shrewsbury's, June 30.	Reverend William Carstares, 1619—1715
3 ———	Bossuet Bp. of Meaux, 1627—1704	P. of Orangelands at Torbay, Nov. 5.—K. James withdraws, Dec. 23.	Russell Earl of Orford, ob. et. 75, 1727
4 ———	Louis Tillemont, 1637—1693	King William and Queen Mary proclaimed Feb. 13.—Habeas Corpus Act suspended the first time, March 16.—Bill of Rights, Dec. 16.	Madame de Maintenon, ob. et. 84, 1719
5 ———	Nicholas Malebranche, 1633—1715	Battle of the Boyne, July 1.—Dublin, Wexford, Drogheda, and Waterford surrender, but at Limerick King William is repulsed, Aug. 30.	Charles Duke of Shrewsbury, 1667—1717
6 ———	John Dominic Cassini, 1625—1712	Congress at the Hague, King William protests against Louis XIV. Jan. 26.	William Earl of Portland, 1679—1709
7 ———	Henry Dodwell, 1642—1711	Battle of Aghrim, July 12.—Limerick surrenders to Gen. Ginkle, Oct. 3.	Charles Earl of Peterborough, ob. et. 77, 1735
8 ———	James Gronovius, 1645—1716	Marlbrough deprived of office, Jan. 7.—Battle of La Hogue, May 23.—Battle of Steenkirk, July 24.—Hanover made a ninth Electorate, Dec. 9.	John Earl of Stair, 1648—1707
9 ———	Bishop Hough, 1650—1743	Massacre of Glencoe, Jan. 31.—Battle of Landen lost by King William, July 29.—Battle of Marsiglia, Duke of Savoy defeated.	Lord Chief Justice Holt, 1642—1710
1 Clement XI.	Madame Dacier, 1650—1720	The royal assent refused to a bill touching free and impartial proceedings in parliament, Jan. 25.—Queen Mary dies, Dec. 28, et. 33.	Michael Chamillard, 1671—1721













Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of Turkey	Emperors of Germany	Emprs. — Russia Kings Poland	Kings of Prussia	Kings of France	Dukes — Savoy Kings Naples	Kings of Spain	Kings of Portugal	Kings of Gt. Britain	Princes of Orange	Denmark
6414	1701	7 Mustafa II.	44 Leopold	13 Peter I. Frede-ric Aug.	14 Frederic I. King	59 Louis XIV.	27 Victor-Amadeus	2 Philip V.	19 Pedro II.	13 William III. 1 Anne	42 William III. 1 William IV.	3 Fr. C
6415	1702	8	45	14	15	60	28	3	20	1 Anne	1 William IV.	4
6416	1703	1 Ahmed III.	46	15	16	61	29	4	21	2	2	5
6417	1704	2	47	16 Stanis-las I.	17	62	30	5	22	3	3	6
6418	1705	3	1 Joseph I.	17	18	63	31	6	23	4	4	7
6419	1706	4	2	18	19	64	32	7	1 John V.	5	5	8
6420	1707	5	3	19	20	65	33	8	2	6	6	9
6421	1708	6	4	20	21	66	34	9	3	7	7	10
6422	1709	7	5	21 Frede-ric again	22	67	35	10	4	8	8	11
6423	1710	8	6	22	23	68	36	11	5	9	9	12
6424	1711	9	1 Charles VI.	23	24	69	37	12	6	10	1 William V.	13
6425	1712	10	2	24	25	70	38	13	7	11	2	14
6426	1713	11	3	25	1 Frederic Wm. I.	71	39 obtains 1 the crown of Sicily	14	8	12	3	15
6427	1714	12	4	26	2	72	40	15	9	1 George I.	4	16
6428	1715	13	5	27	3	1 Louis XV.	41	16	10	2	5	17
6429	1716	14	6	28	4	2	42	17	11	3	6	18
6430	1717	15	7	29	5	3	43	18	12	4	7	19
6431	1718	16	8	30	6	4	44 exchanges for Sardinia	19	13	5	8	20
6432	1719	17	9	31	7	5	45	20	14	6	9	21
6433	1720	18	10	32	8	6	46	21	15	7	10	22
6434	1721	19	11	33 Peter takes the title of emperor	13	7	47	22	16	8	11	23
6435	1722	20	12	34	14	10	48	23	17	9	12	24
6436	1723	21	13	35	15	11	49	24	18	10	13	25
6437	1724	22	14	36	16	12	50	1 Louis	19	11	14	26
6438	1725	23	15	1 Catharine I.	17	13	51	26 Philip resumes	20	12	15	27
6439	1726	24	16	2	18	14	52	27	21	13	16	28
6440	1727	25	17	1 Peter II.	19	15	53	28	22	1 George II.	17	29
6441	1728	26	18	2	20	16	54	29	23	2	18	30
6442	1729	27	19	3	21	17	55	30	24	3	19	31
6443	1730	1 Mahmood I.	20	1 Anne	22	18	16	31	25	4	20	1Ch an
6444	1731	2	21	2	23	19	17	2	26	5	21	2
6445	1732	3	22	3	24	20	18	3	27	6	22	3
6446	1733	4	23	4	21	19	19	4	28	7	23	4
6447	1734	5	24	5 Frederic Aug. II.	1	22	20	5	29	8	24	5
6448	1735	6	25	6	2	23	21	6	30	9	25	6
6449	1736	7	26	7	3	24	22	7	31	10	26	7
6450	1737	8	27	8	4	25	23	8	32	11	27	8
6451	1738	9	28	9	5	26	24	9	33	12	28	9
9452	1739	10	29	10	6	27	25	10	34	13	29	10
6453	1740	11	—Interreg. Maria- Theresa	1 Ivan VI.	7	1 Frederic II.	26	11	35	14	30	11
6454	1741	12	Theresa 2	1 Eliza-beth	8	2	27	12	36	15	31	12 Fr
6455	1742	13	1 Charles VII. of Bavaria	2	9	3	28	13	37	16	32	13 a
6456	1743	14	2	3	10	4	29	14	38	17	33	14
6457	1744	15	3	4	11	5	30	15	39	18	34	15
6458	1745	16	1 Francis I. of Lorraine	5	12	6	31	16	40	19	35	16
6459	1746	17	2	6	13	7	32	17	41	20	36	1Fre ric
6460	1747	18	3	7	14	8	33	18	42	21	37	2
6461	1748	19	4	8	15	9	34	19	43	22	38	3
6462	1749	20	5	9	16	10	35	20	44	23	39	4
6463	1750	21	6	10	17	11	36	21	1 Joseph	24	40	5



	POPES	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MODERN HISTORY	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
	2 Clement XI.	Sir Isaac Newton, 1642—1726	Act of Settlement, June 12.—K. James II. dies, Sep. 6, æt. 68.—The Grand Alliance, Sept. 7.—Frederic Duke of Prussia takes the regal title.	Sidney Earl of Godolphin, —1712
	3	Fencion, Abp. of Cambray, 1651—1715	King William III. dies, Mar. 8. et. 51.—War against France and Spain, May 4.—Vigo taken by Sir George Rooke, Oct. 12.	Prince Eugene, 1663—1736
	4	Godfrey Wm. Leibnitz, 1646—1716	Portugal joins the 'Alliance,' May 6.—The Great Storm, Nov. 26.—Charles III. of Spain arrives at Spithead, Dec. 25.	Mareschal Duke of Berwick, 1670—1734
	5	Huet, Bp. of Avranches, 1630—1721	Gibraltar taken by Sir George Rooke, July 13.—Battle of Blenheim, Marshal Tallard taken prisoner, Aug. 2.—Action off Malaga, Aug. 13.	John Duke of Marlborough, 1650—1722
	6	Dr. Robert South, 1633—1716	Siege of Gibraltar raised by the Spaniards—and naval victory of Sir John Leake, March 10.—Marlborough forces the lines at Triemont, July 7.	Mareschal Tallard, 1632—1728
	7	John Flamsteed, 1646—1719	Battle of Ramillies, May 12.—Menin surrenders to the Duke of Marlborough, July 24.—Dendermond, on Aug. 19.—Battle of Turin, Aug. 23.	James Earl Stanhope, 1673—1721
	8	Bishop Beveridge, 1637—1708	Battle of Almanza, April 14.—Union with Scotland, May 1.—Sir Cloudesly Shovel lost on the rocks of Scilly, Oct. 22.	Abigail Lady Masham, —1734
	9	Sir Hans Sloane, 1660—1752	Battle of Oudenarde, June 30.—Minorca taken by General Stanhope, Sept. 18.—Action of Wynendale, Sept. 17.—Lisle taken, Oct. 12.	Admiral Lord Torrington, 1663—1733
	10	Dr. Richard Bentley, 1662—1742	Battle of Pultowa, Charles XII. defeated, June 28.—Battle of Malplaquet, Sept. 1.—Dr. Sacheverell's sermon at St. Paul's, Nov. 5.	Mareschal Villars, 1653—1734
	11	René Anthony Reaumur, 1683—1757	Dr. Sacheverell suspended, Mar. 23.—Battle of Saragossa, Aug. 9.—Tory ministry, Sept. 21.—Battle of Villa Viciosa, Mar. 29.	Harley Earl of Oxford, 1661—1724
	12	Joseph Addison, 1672—1719	The Emperor Joseph dies, Apr. 6.—Is succeeded by Charles III. of Spain as Charles VI., Oct. 1.—Bouchain taken by Marlborough, Sept. 9.	St. John Viscount Bolinbroke, ob. et. 73, 1751
	13	Sir Richard Steele, 1671—1729	P. Eugene separates from the D. of Ormond, July 5—and besieges Landreci, July 6.—Earl of Albemarle defeated by Villars at Denain, July 13.	Sir Simon Harcourt, ob. et. 67, 1727
	14	P. J. de Crebillon, 1674—1762	The Dukes of Berry and Orleans renounce succession to the crown of Spain, Mar. 4.—Peace of Utrecht, Mar. 30.—Pragmatic Sanction, Apr. 6.	Colbert Marquis de Torcy, ob. et. 81, 1746
	15	Bishop Atterbury, 1662—1732	Queen Anne dies, Aug. 1. et. 49.—Peace of Baden, Aug. 24.—Bolingbroke dismissed, Aug. 31.—New ministry, Lord Halifax premier, Sept. 24.	William Earl Cowper, ob. et. 53, 1723
	16	Nicholas Rowe, 1673—1718	Louis XIV. dies, Aug. 21, et. 77.—Robert Walpole Chancellor of the Exchequer, Oct. 10.—Battle of Sheriffmuir, Nov. 13.	John Duke of Argyll, 1678—1743
	17	John le Clerc, 1657—1736	The rebel lords, Earl of Derwentwater and Viscount Kenmare, beheaded Feb. 24.—Septennial act, May 7, Duke of Argyll dismissed, July 4.	Philip, regent Duke of Orleans, 1640—1723
	18	John Baptist Massillon, 1663—1742	Triple Alliance, England, France, and Holland, Jan. 4.—Lord Townshend and Mr. Walpole displaced by Secretary Stanhope, Apr. 10.	Cardinal Alberoni, 1664—1762
	19	Lady M. W. Montagu, 1690—1762	Quadruple Alliance, July 22.—Sir George Byng destroys the Spanish fleet off Passaro, July 31.—Charles XII. killed at Fredericksahl, Nov. 30.	Thomas Earl of Macclesfield, ob. et. 65, 1732
	20	Daniel De Foe, 1663—1731	The crown of Sweden declared elective, Jan. 25.—The Mississippi scheme in France at its height in Nov., Dec., this year.	John Law, 1681—1729
	21	Bernard de Montfaucon, 1655—1741	The South Sea bubble begins about Apr. 7, is at its acme June, July, and sinks about Sept. 29.—Plague at Marseilles, Aug.	Chancellor D'Aguesseau, 1669—1751
	1 Innocent XIII.	Dr. Samuel Clarke, 1675—1729	Earl Stanhope dies suddenly, Feb. 5.—Lord Townshend succeeds as Secretary, Feb. 8.—Mr. Robert Walpole premier, Apr. 2.	Sir Robert Walpole, 1676—1745
	2	Jonathan Swift, 1667—1742	The regent duke of Orleans gives information of a conspiracy in favour of the Pretender, May.—John Duke of Marlborough dies, June 16.	Charles Viscount Townshend, ob. et. 64, 1738
	3	Edmund Halley, 1656—1741	Bishop Atterbury sentenced to banishment, leaves England, June 22.—Lord Bolingbroke returns.—The regent Duke of Orleans dies, Nov. 22.	Pensionary Slingelandt, ob. et. 72, 1736
	1 Benedict XIII.	John Albert Fabricius, 1668—1736	Philip V. abdicates the throne, Jan. 4.—Ferment in Ireland respecting Wood's halfpence, April.—Philip of Spain resumes the crown, Aug. 20.	Duke de Ripperda, 1680—1737
	2	Dr. John Arbuthnot, —1735	First treaty of Vienna, between Spain and the Emperor, Apr. 30.—Lord Macclesfield convicted of embezzlement, and fined £30,000, May 20.	Cardinal Fleury, 1653—1743
	3	Herman Boerhaave, 1668—1738	The Duke de Ripperda arrested by the Spanish authorities in the British ambassadors house at Madrid, May 3.	Don Joseph Patinho, ob. et. 77, 1736
	4	Philip Destouches, 1680—1754	Siege of Gibraltar, May 20.—Apr.—King George I. dies, June 11, æt. 67.—The new civil list raised to £800,000, an increase of £100,000, July 3.	John Earl of Stair, 1673—1741
	5	Daniel Waterland, 1683—1740	Congress at Soissons, May 14.—The Spaniards continue to make reprisals notwithstanding the preliminaries at Soissons.	Richard Lord Cobham, ob. et. 74, 1749
	6	Leonard Euler, 1707—1783	Treaty of Seville, Gt. Britain, France, and Spain, Oct. 29.—L. C. J. Raymond decides in Woolston's case, Christianity to be the law of England.	Spencer Earl of Wilmington, ob. et. 71, 1743
	1 Clement XII.	Bishop Hoadly, 1675—1761	Viscount Townshend retires, June.—Victor Amadeus, King of Sardinia, abdicates the throne, Sept. 3.—Sultan Ahmed III. deposed, Sept. 17.	Greffier Francis Fagel, ob. et. 87, 1746
	2	Alexander Pope, 1688—1744	Second treaty of Vienna; G. Britian guarantees the Pragmatic Sanction, Mar. 5.—William Pulteney struck off the list of Privy Council, July 1.	Chancellor Zinzendorf, ob. et. 70, 1740
	3	Thomas Southerne, 1660—1746	The Pragmatic Sanction confirmed by a diet of the Empire, Jan. 11.—The Dss. of Marlborough advances £300,000 upon the salt duty, June 19.	Count Osterman, ob. et. 70, 1746
	4	Archbishop Potter, 1674—1747	Frederic Aug. King of Poland dies, Feb. 1.—Excise scheme introduced, Mar. 14.—Double election to the crown of Poland divides Europe, Oct. 5.	Lord Chancellor Talbot, 1684—1737
	5	Bishop Butler, 1692—1752	Marshal Duke of Berwick killed at Philippsburg, July 8.—Stanislaus withdraws from the Polish contest, July 9.—Battle of Guastalla, Sept. 8.	Pulteney Earl of Bath, 1682—1764
	6	Bishop Sherlock, 1678—1761	Arrest of 19 of the Portuguese ambassador's retinue at Madrid, which is retaliated at Lisbon by a like proceeding, and divides the two courts.	John Earl of Granville, 1690—1763
	7	Bishop Berkeley, 1684—1753	Death of Prince Eugene, April 10.—Capt. Porteous executed at the sign-post by the mob at Edinburgh, Sept. 7.	Archibald Duke of Argyll, 1682—1761
	8	Colin Maclaurin, 1698—1746	The theatres placed by Walpole under the control of the lord chamberlain, June 2.—Royal disputes, the P. of Wales dismissed the palace, Sept. 14.	Philip Earl of Hardwicke, 1690—1764
	9	James Thomson, 1700—1748	William Pitt made gentleman of the bedchamber to the Prince of Wales, Feb. 21.—King George III. born May 24.—Peace of Vienna, Nov. 7.	Lord President Forbes, 1685—1747
	10	George Whitefield, 1714—1770	Lord Walpole, son of Sir Robert, made Auditor of the Exchequer.—War against Spain, Oct. 25.—Porto Bello taken by Admiral Vernon, Nov. 21.	Mareschal Belleisle, ob. et. 78, 1761
	1 Benedict XIV.	John Wesley, 1703—1791	Emperor Charles VI. dies, Oct. 9.—Pragmatic Sanction violated by all but England.—Maria Theresa rejects the terms of Frederic with disdain.	Arthur Onslow, ob. et. 76, 1768
	2	Baron de Montesquieu, 1689—1755	Motion lost for dismissal of Walpole, Feb. 13.—Battle of Molwitz gained by Frederic of Prussia, Mar. 20.—Prague taken by assault, Oct. 30.	Frederic Prince of Wales, 1707—1751
	3	Dr. Edward Young, 1681—1765	Sir Robert Walpole outvoted at Chippenham, Feb. 2; resigns, Feb. 11.—Pulteney sinks in popularity as Earl of Bath, July 15.	Thomas Duke of Newcastle, 1693—1768
	4	George Frederic Handel, 1684—1759	Battle of Dettingen, June 16.—Mr. Pelham made first lord of the Treasury, July 26.—Henry Fox, a junior lord of the Treasury, Dec. 22.	Archbishops Herring, / 1691—1757
	5	Dr. James Bradley, 1693—1762	Sea-fight off Toulon, Feb. 10.—War declared against France, Mar. 31.—Broad bottom ministry, Nov. 27.—The Pelhams in the ascendant.	Henry Pelham, 1696—1754
	6	Henry Fielding, 1707—1754	Battle of Fontenoy, Apr. 30.—The young Pretender lands in Scotland, July.—The grand duke of Tuscany elected emperor as Francis I. Sept. 2.	Mareschal Count Saxe, 1693—1750
	7	William Hogarth, 1697—1764	Battle of Culloden, Apr. 16.—Lords Kilmarnock and Balmerino beheaded, Aug. 18—and the Earl of Derwentwater (Charles Ratcliffe), Dec. 8.	William Duke of Cumberland, 1721—1765
	8	John Baptist Piranesi, 1721—1778	The Prince of Orange elected Stadtholder, May 3.—Heritable jurisdiction in Scotland abolished.—Admiral Hawke defeats the French fleet, Oct. 14.	Admiral Lord Anson, 1697—1762
	9	Dr. Richard Pococke, 1704—1765	Peace of Aix la Chapelle, Oct. 7.—The young Pretender arrested at the Opera, and carried forcibly out of France, Dec. 10.	Admiral Lord Hawke, 1716—1781
	10	David Garrick, 1706—1779	Herculeum discovered beneath the lava of Vesuvius after being lost for acentury centuries.	Philip Earl of Chesterfield, 1694—1773
	11	Frederick Klopstock, 1724—1803	Reduction of interest on the public funds, Feb. 28.—Treaty of commerce between Great Britain and Spain, Oct. 5.	Allen Earl Bathurst, 1684—1775





DOGES OF VENICE	Tuscany G. Dukes Modena	Parma Dukes of Guastalla	Dukes of Mantua	Netherlands Govns. Staads.	Un. Provs.	Hanover Electors Dukes	Brunswick	Dukes of Wurtemberg.	Electors of Bavaria	Electors Palatine	Saxony Electors Dukes	Lorraine	
2 Alvisè Mocenigo I.	32 Cosmo III. Rinaldo 8 9	8 Francis Vincent de Gonzaga 9 11	37 Charles IV. 38	1 M. Bedmar Wm. 30	The Stadtholderate resumed by the States to 1747	4 Geo. Louis George- 36	Succeeded by the Elector of Hanover	25 Eberhard- Louis 26	23 Maximilian Emmanuel 24	12 John-William 13	8 Fre. Aug. I. Leo. 12	12	
3	33 do 9	9 11	39	1 Elector of Bavaria		5 Wm. I. 37		26	24	13	9	13	14
4	34	10	40			6		27	25	14	10	14	
5	35	11	41			7		28	26	15	11	15	
6	36	12	42			8		29	27	16	12	16	
7	37	13	43			9		30	28	17	13	17	
8	38	14		-Council of State		10		31	29	18	14	18	
9	39	15				11		32	30	19	15	19	
1 Giovanni Cornaro II.	40	16				12		33	31	20	16	20	
2	41	17		-Mantua united to Savoy		13		34	32	21	17	21	
				-Conseil la con-		14			35	22	18	22	
3	42	18		ference		15			36	23	19	23	
4	43	19			16		37	24	20	24			
5	44	20			17		38	25	21	25			
6	45	21		-Comte de Koenigseck	18		39	26	22	26			
7	46	22	21 Antony-1 Ferdinand 2		19		40	27	23	27			
8	47	23	22		1 Eugene Prince of Savoy	20	41	28	24	28			
9	48	24	23		2		42	29	25	29			
10	49	25	24		3		43	30	26	30			
11	50	26	25		4		44	31	27	31			
12	51	27	26		5		45	32	28	32			
13	52	28	27		6		46	33	29	33			
1 Alv. Seb. Mocenigo	53	29	28		7		47	34	30	34			
2 Carlo Ruzzini	1 John-Gaston de Medici 30	30	29		8		48	35	31	35			
3	2 31	31	30				49	36	32	36			
4	3 32	32	31	1 Mary-Eliz. of Austria	29		50	37	33	37			
5	4 33	33	32	2			51	38	34	38			
6	5 34	1 Antony 14	33	3		1 George-Augustus I.	52	39	35	39			
7	6 35	2 15	34	4		2	53	40	36	40			
8	7 36	3 Joseph 1	35	5		3	54	41	37	41			
9	8 37	4 2	36	6		4		42	38	42			
10	9 38	1 Don-Carlos 3	37	7		5		43	39	43			
11	10 39	2 4	38	8		6		44	40	44			
12	11 40	3 5	39	9		7		45	41	45			
1 Luigi Pisani	12 41	4 6	40	10		8		46	42	46			
2	13 42	5 7	41	11		9		47	43	47			
3	14 43	6 8	42	12		10		48	44	48			
4	1 Francis II. Francis I III. 2	7 9	43	13		11		49	45	49			
5	2 3	8 10	44	14		12		50	46	50			
6	3 4	9 11	45	15		13		51	47	51			
7	4 4	10 12	46	16		14		52	48	52			
8		11 13	47	17		15		53	49	53			
9		12 14	48	18		16		54	50	54			
10		13 15	49	19		17			51				
11		14 16	50	20		18			52				
12		15 17	51	21		19			53				
13		16 18	52	22		20			54				
14		17 19	53	23		21							
15		18 20	54	24		22							
16		19 21	55	25		23							
17		20 22	56	26		24							
18		21 23	57	27		25							
19		22 24	58	28		26							
20		23 25	59	29		27							
21		24 26	60	30		28							
22		25 27	61	31		29							
23		26 28	62	32		30							
24		27 29	63	33		31							
25		28 30	64	34		32							
26		29 31	65	35		33							
27		30 32	66	36		34							
28		31 33	67	37		35							
29		32 34	68	38		36							
30		33 35	69	39		37							
31		34 36	70	40		38							
32		35 37	71	41		39							
33		36 38	72	42		40							
34		37 39	73	43		41							
35		38 40	74	44		42							
36		39 41	75	45		43							
37		40 42	76	46		44							
38		41 43	77	47		45							
39		42 44	78	48		46							
40		43 45	79	49		47							
41		44 46	80	50		48							
42		45 47	81	51		49							
43		46 48	82	52		50							
44		47 49	83	53		51							
45		48 50	84	54		52							
46		49 51	85	55		53							
47		50 52	86	56		54							
48		51 53	87	57		55							
49		52 54	88	58		56							
50		53 55	89	59		57							
51		54 56	90	60		58							
52		55 57	91	61		59							
53		56 58	92	62		60							
54		57 59	93	63		61							
55		58 60	94	64		62							
56		59 61	95	65		63							
57		60 62	96	66		64							
58		61 63	97	67		65							
59		62 64	98	68		66							
60		63 65	99	69		67							
61		64 66	100	70		68							
62		65 67	101	71		69							
63		66 68	102	72		70							
64		67 69	103	73		71							
65		68 70	104	74		72							
66		69 71	105	75		73							
67		70 72	106	76		74							
68		71 73	107	77		75							
69		72 74	108	78		76							
70		73 75	109	79		77							
71		74 76	110	80		78							
72		75 77	111	81		79							
73		76 78	112	82		80							
74		77 79	113	83		81							
75		78 80	114	84		82							
76		79 81	115	85		83							
77		80 82	116	86		84							
78		81 83	117	87		85							
79		82 84	118	88		86							
80		83 85	119	89		87							
81		84 86	120	90		88							
82		85 87	121	91		89							
83		86 88	122	92		90							
84		87 89	123	93		91							
85		88 90	124	94		92							
86		89 91	125	95		93							
87		90 92	126	96		94							
88		91 93	127	97		95							
89		92 94	128	98		96							
90		93 95	129	99		97							
91		94 96	130	100		98							
92		95 97	131	101		99							
93		96 98	132	102		100							
94		97 99	133	103		101							
95		98 100	134	104		102							
96		99 101	135	105		103							
97		100 102	136	106		104							
98		101 103	137	107		105							
99		102 104	138	108		106							
100		103 10											







Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of Turkey	Emperors of Germany	Russia Emprs. — Kings Poland	Kings of Prussia	Kings of France	Sardinia Kings of — Naples	Kings of Spain	Kings of Portugal	Kings of Gt. Britain	Princes of Orange	Denmark
6464	1751	22 Mahmood I.	7 Francis I.	11 Elizabeth Frede-ric Aug. III.	12 Frederic II.	37 Louis XV.	22 Charles Carlos 17	6 Ferdin- and VI.	2 Joseph	25 George II.	1 William VI.	6 Fr
6465	1752	23 —	8 —	12 —	13 —	38 —	23 — 18	7 —	3 —	26 —	2 —	7 —
6466	1753	24 —	9 —	13 —	14 —	39 —	24 — 19	8 —	4 —	27 —	3 —	8 —
6467	1754	1 Osman II.	10 —	14 —	15 —	40 —	25 — 20	9 —	5 —	28 —	4 —	9 —
6468	1755	2 —	11 —	15 —	16 —	41 —	26 — 21	10 —	6 —	29 —	5 —	10 —
6469	1756	3 —	12 —	16 —	17 —	42 —	27 — 22	11 —	7 —	30 —	6 —	11 —
6470	1757	1 Mustafa III.	13 —	17 —	18 —	43 —	28 — 23	12 —	8 —	31 —	7 —	12 —
6471	1758	2 —	14 —	18 —	19 —	44 —	29 — 24	13 —	9 —	32 —	8 —	13 —
6472	1759	3 —	15 —	19 —	20 —	45 —	30 Ferdin- and L.	1 Charles III.	10 —	33 —	9 —	14 —
6473	1760	4 —	16 —	20 —	21 —	46 —	31 — 2	2 —	11 —	1 George III.	10 —	15 —
6474	1761	5 —	17 —	21 —	22 —	47 —	32 — 3	3 —	12 —	2 —	11 —	16 —
6475	1762	6 —	18 —	1Pet. III. 29	23 —	48 —	33 — 4	4 —	13 —	3 —	12 —	17 —
6476	1763	7 —	19 —	1Cathe- rine II.	24 —	49 —	34 — 5	5 —	14 —	4 —	13 —	18 —
6477	1764	8 —	20 —	Interreg. 3 Stanis- 1 laus Aug. 2	25 —	50 —	35 — 6	6 —	15 —	5 —	14 —	19 —
6478	1765	9 —	1 Joseph II.	4 —	26 —	51 —	36 — 7	7 —	16 —	6 —	15 —	20 —
6479	1766	10 —	2 —	5 —	27 —	52 —	37 — 8	8 —	17 —	7 —	16 —	1Ch an 2 —
6480	1767	11 —	3 —	6 —	28 —	53 —	38 — 9	9 —	18 —	8 —	17 —	3 —
6481	1768	12 —	4 —	7 —	29 —	54 —	39 — 10	10 —	19 —	9 —	18 —	4 —
6482	1769	13 —	5 —	8 —	30 —	55 —	40 — 11	11 —	20 —	10 —	19 —	5 —
6483	1770	14 —	6 —	9 —	31 —	56 —	41 — 12	12 —	21 —	11 —	20 —	6 G v 7 —
6484	1771	15 —	7 —	10 —	32 —	57 —	42 — 13	13 —	22 —	12 —	21 —	8 —
6485	1772	16 —	8 —	11 —	33 —	58 —	43 — 14	14 —	23 —	13 —	22 —	9 —
6486	1773	17 —	9 —	12 —	34 —	59 —	1Victor- 15 Amade. 2 us III. 16	15 —	24 —	14 —	23 —	10 —
6487	1774	1 Abdul- Ahmed	10 —	13 —	35 —	1 Louis XVI.	3 — 17	17 —	25 —	15 —	24 —	11 —
6488	1775	2 —	11 —	14 —	36 —	2 —	4 — 18	18 —	26 —	16 —	25 —	12 —
6489	1776	3 —	12 —	15 —	37 —	3 —	5 — 19	19 —	27 —	17 —	26 —	13 —
6490	1777	4 —	13 —	16 —	38 —	4 —	6 — 20	20 —	1 Pedro III. and 2 Maria Frances- ca	18 —	27 —	14 —
6491	1778	5 —	14 —	17 —	39 —	5 —	7 — 21	21 —	3 —	19 —	28 —	15 —
6492	1779	6 —	15 —	18 —	40 —	6 —	8 — 22	22 —	4 —	20 —	29 —	16 —
6493	1780	7 —	16 —	19 —	41 —	7 —	9 — 23	23 —	5 —	21 —	30 —	17 —
6494	1781	8 —	17 —	20 —	42 —	8 —	10 — 24	24 —	6 —	22 —	31 —	18 —
6495	1782	9 —	18 —	21 —	43 —	9 —	11 — 25	25 —	7 —	23 —	32 —	19 —
6496	1783	10 —	19 —	22 —	44 —	10 —	12 — 26	26 —	8 —	24 —	33 —	20 —
6497	1784	11 —	20 —	23 —	45 —	11 —	13 — 27	27 —	9 —	25 —	34 —	21 —
6498	1785	12 —	21 —	24 —	46 —	12 —	14 — 28	28 —	10 Maria Frances- ca alone	26 —	35 —	22 —
6499	1786	13 —	22 —	25 —	23 1 Frederic Wm. II.	13 —	15 — 29	29 —	11 —	27 —	36 —	23 —
6500	1787	14 —	23 —	26 —	24 2 —	14 —	16 — 30	30 —	12 —	28 —	37 —	24 —
6501	1788	1 Selim III.	24 —	27 —	25 3 —	15 —	17 — 31	31 —	1 Charles IV.	29 —	38 —	25 —
6502	1789	2 —	25 —	28 —	26 4 —	16 —	18 — 32	32 —	3 —	30 —	39 —	26 —
6503	1790	3 —	1 Leopold II. of	29 —	27 5 —	17 —	19 — 33	33 —	4 —	31 —	40 —	27 G v 28 —
6504	1791	4 —	2 Tuscany	30 —	28 6 —	18 —	20 — 34	34 —	5 —	32 —	41 —	29 —
6505	1792	5 —	1 Francis II.	31 —	29 7 —	19 —	21 — 35	35 —	6 —	33 —	42 —	30 —
6506	1793	6 —	2 —	32 —	30 8 —	— Revolu- tionary Tribunal	22 — 36	36 —	7 —	34 —	43 —	31 —
6507	1794	7 —	3 —	33 —	31 9 —	— Directo- ry	23 — 37	37 —	8 —	35 —	44 —	32 —
6508	1795	8 —	4 —	34 —	10 —	—	1Charles- 38 Emman. 2 IV. 39	39 —	9 —	36 —	45 —	33 —
6509	1796	9 —	5 —	1 Paul	11 —	—	3 — 40	40 —	10 —	37 —	46 —	34 —
6510	1797	10 —	6 —	2 —	1 Frederic Wm. III.	—	4 — 41	41 —	11 —	38 —	47 —	35 —
6511	1798	11 —	7 —	3 —	2 —	—	5 — 42	42 —	12 —	39 —	48 —	36 —
6512	1799	12 —	8 —	4 —	3 —	—	6 — 43	43 —	13 —	40 —	49 —	37 —
6513	1800	13 —	9 —	5 —	4 —	—	7 — 44	44 —	14 —	41 —	50 —	38 —

POPES	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MODERN HISTORY	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
12 Benedict XIV.	Francis A. Voltaire, 1694—1778	Death of Frederic Prince of Wales, March 20, at. 44.—Peace between Spain and Portugal.	Mareschal James Keith, 1696—1758
13 —	Thomas Gray, 1716—1771	The Gregorian or New Style takes place in Great Britain, Sept. 3 being reckoned as Sept. 14.	Henry Count Bruhl, 1700—1764
14 —	Dr. John Blair, chronol. —1782	Marriage Act passed, June 7.—Bill for registration of births, deaths, &c. thrown out in the lords, 'as being of dangerous tendency.'	John Duke of Bedford, 1710—1771
15 —	David Hume, 1711—1776	Death of Mr. Pelham, the Premier, Mar. 6.—Duke of Newcastle succeeds.—Mr. Pitt and Mr. Fox united in political friendship.	Admiral Boscawen, 1711—1761
16 —	Dr. Samuel Johnson, 1709—1784	General Braddock defeated and killed by the French near Fort-du-Quesne, July 9.—Earthquake at Lisbon, Nov. 1.	Marquis de Pombal, 1699—1780
17 —	Bishop Warburton, 1698—1779	Seven years' war, May 18.—Indecisive action of Admiral Byng, May 20.—Calcutta taken, June 18.—Loss of Minorca, June 29.	Anne Dss. of Saxe Weimar, 1739—1807
18 —	John Home, 1722—1808	Calcutta retaken, Jan. 2.—Admiral Byng shot, Mar. 14.—Battle of Plassey, June 23.—Mr. Pitt, premier, July.—Convention of Closter Seven, Sept. 8.	Mareschal Count Daun, 1705—1766
1 Clement XIII.	Charles Linnæus, 1707—1778	Cape Breton taken by Gen. Amherst, July 26.—Cherbourg pier destroyed, Aug. 8.—Battle of Hochkirchen, Marshal Keith killed, Oct. 14.	General James Wolfe, ob. at. 33, 1759
2 —	Dr. William Robertson, 1721—1793	Battle of Minden, defection of Lord George Sackville, Aug. 1.—Battle of Quebec, Gen. Wolfe killed, Sept. 13.—Quebec taken, Sept. 18.	Henry Lord Holland, 1705—1774
3 —	Abbé l'Epee, 1712—1789	Lord G. Sackville broke by court martial, Apr. 22.—Surrender of Montreal to Gen. Amherst, Sept. 18.—King George II. dies, Oct. 25, at. 75.	Pr. Ferdinand of Brunswick, 1721—1797
4 —	John Smeaton, 1724—1792	Mr. Legge resigns the Exchequer, Mar. 22.—Lord Bute secretary of state, Mar. 25.—Mr. Pitt resigns as foreign secretary, Oct. 5.	Charles Townshend, 1725—1767
5 —	John James Rousseau, 1712—1778	War with Spain, Jan. 18.—Peace between the northern powers, Apr. 7.—Lord Bute premier, May 29.—Peace of Fontainebleau, Nov. 3.	John Earl of Bute, 1713—1792
6 —	Dr. George Campbell, 1709—1796	Lord Bute resigns, Apr. 8.—Lord-chief-justice Pratt decides against general warrants, May 6.—Duke of Bedford minister, Sept. 9.	Lord Chief Justice Camden, 1714—1794
7 —	Dr. Thomas Reid, 1710—1796	Taxation of America proposed in parliament, March.—Order of the Jesuits abolished in France, Dec.	George Grenville, 1712—1770
8 —	Joseph Jerome Lalande, 1732—1807	American Stamp Act, Mar. 22.—Lord Clive governor of Bengal, May 3.	Charles M. of Rockingham, 1730—1782
9 —	Sir William Blackstone, 1723—1780	Rockingham ministry, July.—Death of the pretender, Dec. 30.	William Earl of Chatham, 1708—1778
10 —	Count de Buffon, 1707—1788	American Stamp Act repealed, Mar. 18.—Count Lally beheaded at Paris, May 8.—Chatham ministry, Aug. 2.	Edward Duke of York, 1739—1767
11 —	Sir Joseph Banks, 1743—1820	Lord North Chancellor of the Exchequer, Dec. 1.—Prayers for the royal family in the catholic chapels for the first time since 1688.	Augustus Duke of Grafton, 1735—1811
1 Clement XIV.	Sir Joshua Reynolds, 1723—1792	Affair of Wilkes, Mar.—June, great excitement in consequence.—Lord Chatham resigns, Oct. 15.—Tumults at Boston in America.	George Viscount Townshend, 1724—1807
2 —	Oliver Goldsmith, 1728—1774	John Wilkes expelled the House of Commons, Feb. 2—and re-elected a fourth time, Apr. 13.—His election declared void, April 16.	Frederick Lord North, 1733—1792
3 —	Robert Orme, 1728—1801	Lord North premier, Jan. 28.—Lord Mayor Beckford rejoins to the king's reply to an address from the city of London, May 23.	Sir Guy Carleton, 1724—1808
4 —	Henry Cavendish, 1731—1810	Parliamentary reports in the newspapers finally established after some ineffectual opposition by the House of Commons, May 8.	Capt. James Cook, 1728—1779
5 —	James Watt, 1736—1819	Revolution in Denmark, Jan. 17.—Counts Brandt and Struenzee beh.—Revolution in Sweden, Aug. 1.—First partition of Poland, Aug. 5.	Robert Lord Clive, 1725—1774
6 —	John Howard, 1727—1790	Constitution of the East India Company revised by two acts, June.—Commotion at Boston, three cargoes of tea destroyed, Dec. 18.	Count de Vergennes, 1717—1787
1 Pius VI.	Adam Smith, 1723—1790	Dr. Franklin's petition to the privy council rejected, Jan. 29.—Gen. Gage dispatched to Boston, Apr.—First American Congress, Sept. 5.	General Lord Heathfield, 1718—1790
2 —	Edward Gibbon, 1737—1794	Hostilities commence at Lexington, Apr. 19.—Battle of Bunker's Hill, June 17.—Montreal taken by Montgomery, Nov. 12.	General Lord Amherst, 1717—1797
3 —	Bishop Lowth, 1710—1787	Gen. Howe compelled to evacuate Boston, Mar. 17.—Declaration of Independence, July 4.—The king's troops enter New York, Sept. 15.	Robert Jacques Turgot, 1727—1781
4 —	Vittorio Alfieri, 1749—1803	Lord Cornwallis enters Philadelphia, the Congress remove to Lancaster, Sept. 26.—General Burgoyne surrenders at Saratoga, Oct. 17.	Benjamin Franklin, 1706—1790
5 —	Sir William Herschell, 1738—1822	France in alliance with America, Feb. 6.—Ld. Chatham's last address to the lords, Apr. 7.—he dies, May 11.—Philadelphia evacuated, June 18.	Admiral Lord Keppel, 1725—1786
6 —	Sir William Jones, 1746—1794	Admiral Keppel acquitted by court martial, Feb. 11.—Alarm of invasion, Aug.—Siege of Gibraltar.—Irish trade opened, Dec. 13.	William Earl of Mansfield, 1705—1793
7 —	Dr. Charles Hutton, 1737—1823	Rodney defeats Langara, Jan. 16, and relieves Gibraltar.—Riots in London, June 2.—Gen. Gates defeated by Lord Cornwallis, Aug. 15.	Edmund Burke, 1730—1797
8 —	John Horne Tooke, 1736—1812	Major Pierson killed at St. Helier, Jan. 6.—Lord Cornwallis surrenders York Town, with his army, to General Washington, Oct. 19.	Admiral Lord Rodney, 1717—1792
9 —	Bishop Horsley, 1733—1806	Buckingham ministry, Mar. 19.—Rodney defeats de Grasse, Apr. 12.—Shelburne ministry, July 1.—United States acknowledged, Dec. 5.	Charles James Fox, 1748—1806
10 —	Sarah Siddons, at. 75—1831	Coalition ministry, Apr. 1.—Peace of Versailles, Sept. 3.—Mr. Fox's India bill fails, Nov. 18.—Mr. Pitt premier, Dec. 22.	William Pitt, 1759—1806
11 —	William Cowper, 1731—1800	Great political excitement in Dublin, June 7.—The forfeited estates at the rebellion of 1745 restored.—Mr. Pitt's India bill, Aug. 13.	Edward Lord Thurlow, 1732—1806
12 —	Robert Burns, 1759—1796	Mr. Pitt's motion, the third, but the first in office, for Reform.—Mr. Adams, the first American ambassador, received at St. James's, June 1.	Thomas Lord Erskine, 1748—1823
13 —	Johann Mozart, 1756—1792	The Sinking Fund adopted, Mar. 29.—Articles of impeachment exhibited against Warren Hastings by Edmund Burke.	Richard Brinsley Sheridan, 1751—1816
14 —	Abbe Barthelemy, 1716—1795	Droit d'Aubaine abolished in France as regarded Great Britain, Jan. First assembly of the Notables at Versailles, Feb. 22.	Warren Hastings, 1732—1818
15 —	Anthony Lavoisier, 1743—1794	Abolition of the slave-trade first debated, May 9.—Second assembly of the Notables, Oct. 5.—Severe illness of King George III. Nov. 19.	Charles Earl of Liverpool, 1727—1808
16 —	Richard Porson, 1759—1808	Regency question, Feb. 3.—The king recovers, Feb. 19.—The Revolution Society of 1688 send congratulations to the National Assembly, Nov. 5.	William Lord Grenville, 1759—1834
17 —	Dr. Samuel Parr, 1747—1825	Mr. Burke in parliament described France as politically expunged from the system of Europe, Feb. 9.—A affair of Nootka Sound, May 6.	Henry Viscount Melville, 1740—1811
18 —	Frederic Schiller, 1759—1805	Mr. Burke disowns in the House of Commons his friendship with Mr. Fox, May 6.—Canada bill, Mar. 14.—Riots at Birmingham, July 14.	William Windham, 1750—1810
19 —	Sir Thomas Lawrence, 1769—1830	Mr. Fox's libel bill, Apr. 30.—Lord Thurlow resigns the great seal, June 15.—Parliament prorogued to Jan. 3, but it met on Dec. 13.	William Wilberforce, ob. at. 73, 1832
20 —	Dr. William Paley, 1743—1805	M. Chauvelin ordered to leave England, Jan. 24.—War with France, Feb. 11.—Mr. Grey's first motion for Reform, May 6.	Admiral Earl Howe, 1725—1791
21 —	William Roscoe, 1753—1831	Habes Corpus Act suspended, May 23.—Lord Howe's victory in the Bay of Biscay, June 1.—State trials for constructive treason, Oct. 29.	Sir Ralph Abercromby, 1738—1809
22 —	Dr. Edward Jenner, 1749—1823	Earl Fitzwilliam recalled from Ireland, Feb. 21.—Warren Hastings acquitted, Apr. 23.—Lord Bridport's victory off L'Orient, June 22.	Admiral Earl St. Vincent, 1734—1823
23 —	Charles Butler, 1750—1832	Sir S. Smith taken prisoner off the coast, Apr. 19.—Elba taken by Nelson, Aug. 9.—Ld. Malmesbury ambassador to Paris, Oct. 22, returns Dec. 29.	Admiral Lord Duncan, 1731—1804
24 —	Francis Joseph Haydn, 1732—1809	Sir John Jervis' victory off St. Vincent, Feb. 14.—Restriction on payments in specie at the Bank, Feb. 26.—Lord Duncan's victory, Oct. 11.	Admiral Lord Nelson, 1758—1805
25 —	Murgo Park 1771—1805	The Irish Directory arrested, Mar. 12.—Mr. Fox dismissed the Privy Council, May 20.—Battle of the Nile, Aug. 1.	Charles Marquis Cornwallis, 1738—1805
1 Pius VII.	Major John Rennell, 1740—1830	Seringapatam taken by storm, May 5.—Expedition to Holland, Aug. 26. Rome surrendered to Commodore Trowbridge, Sept. 29.	Robert Viscount Castlereagh, 1769—1824
		Correspondence with Talleyrand closed by Lord Grenville, Jan. 20.—The Queen Charlotte, 120 guns, blown up near Leghorn, Mar. 27.	





Venice	Doges of — Govs. Gen.	of India	Gr. Dukes of Tuscany	Dukes of Modena	Dukes of Parma	Netherlands. Govnrs. — Stadts.	Un. Provs.	Electors of Hanover	Dukes of Wurtembg.	Electors of Bavaria	Electors — Palatine	Saxony — Dukes	Lorraine
11	Pietro Grimani		15 Francis II. of Lorraine	15 Francis III.	3 Don Philip	7 Pr. Charles William V. of Orange	1 2	25 George-Augustus I.	15 Charles-Eugene	7 Maximilian Joseph I.	9 Charles-Theodore	19 Fre. Aug. I. Stanislaus	15 16
1	—		17 —	17 —	4 —	8 —	3	26 —	16 —	8 —	10 —	20 —	17
2	—		18 —	18 —	5 —	9 —	4	27 —	17 —	9 —	11 —	21 —	18
3	—		19 —	19 —	6 —	10 —	5	28 —	18 —	10 —	12 —	22 —	19
4	—		20 —	20 —	7 —	11 —	6	29 —	19 —	11 —	13 —	23 —	20
5	—		21 —	21 —	8 —	12 —	7	30 —	20 —	12 —	14 —	24 —	21
6	—		22 —	22 —	9 —	13 —	8	31 —	21 —	13 —	15 —	25 —	22
7	—		23 —	23 —	10 —	14 —	9	32 —	22 —	14 —	16 —	26 —	23
8	—		24 —	24 —	11 —	15 —	10	33 —	23 —	15 —	17 —	27 —	24
9	—		25 —	25 —	12 —	16 —	11	1 George-William	24 —	16 —	18 —	28 —	25
10	—		26 —	26 —	13 —	17 —	12	II.	25 —	17 —	19 —	29 —	26
1	Marco Foscarini		27 —	27 —	14 —	18 —	13	3 —	26 —	18 —	20 —	30 —	27
1	Alvise Mocenigo II.		28 —	28 —	15 —	19 —	14	4 —	27 —	19 —	21 —	1 Fred. Ch. 2 Aug. III.	28
2	—		29 —	29 —	16 —	20 —	15	5 —	28 —	20 —	22 —	3 —	29
3	—		1 Peter-Leopold of Austria	30 —	1 Don Ferdinand	21 —	16	6 —	29 —	21 —	23 —	4 —	30
4	—		2 —	31 —	2 —	22 —	17	7 —	30 —	22 —	24 —	5 —	31
5	—		3 —	32 —	3 —	23 —	18	8 —	31 —	23 —	25 —	6 —	32
6	—		4 —	33 —	4 —	24 —	19	9 —	32 —	24 —	26 —	7 —	33
7	—		5 —	34 —	5 —	25 —	20	10 —	33 —	25 —	27 —	8 —	34
8	—		6 —	35 —	6 —	26 —	21	11 —	34 —	26 —	28 —	9 —	35
9	—		7 —	36 —	7 —	27 —	22	12 —	35 —	27 —	29 —	10 —	36
10	—		8 —	37 —	8 —	28 —	23	13 —	36 —	28 —	30 —	11 —	37
11	—		9 —	38 —	9 —	29 —	24	14 —	37 —	29 —	31 —	12 —	38
12	Warren Hastings	1	10 —	39 —	10 —	30 —	25	15 —	38 —	30 —	32 —	13 —	39
13	—	2	11 —	40 —	11 —	31 —	26	16 —	39 —	31 —	33 —	14 —	40
14	—	3	12 —	41 —	12 —	32 —	27	17 —	40 —	32 —	34 —	15 —	41
15	—	4	13 —	42 —	13 —	33 —	28	18 —	41 —	33 —	35 —	16 —	42
16	—	5	14 —	43 —	14 —	34 —	29	19 —	42 —	34 —	—Succeeds to Bavaria	17 —	43
1	Paolo Reipier	6	15 —	44 —	15 —	35 —	30	20 —	43 —	1 Charles-Theodore	—	18 —	44
2	—	7	16 —	1 Hercules	16 —	—	31	21 —	44 —	2 —	—	19 —	45
3	—	8	17 —	2 —	17 —	1 Mary-Christina of Austria and Albert of Saxony	31 32	22 —	45 —	3 —	—	20 —	46
4	—	9	18 —	3 —	18 —	2 —	33	23 —	46 —	4 —	—	21 —	47
5	—	10	19 —	4 —	19 —	3 —	34	24 —	47 —	5 —	—	22 —	48
6	—	11	20 —	5 —	20 —	4 —	35	25 —	48 —	6 —	—	23 —	49
7	—	12	21 —	6 —	21 —	5 —	36	26 —	49 —	7 —	—	24 —	50
8	Marquis Cornwallis	1	22 —	7 —	22 —	6 —	37	27 —	50 —	8 —	—	25 —	51
9	—	2	23 —	8 —	23 —	7 —	38	28 —	51 —	9 —	—	26 —	52
10	—	3	24 —	9 —	24 —	8 —	39	29 —	52 —	10 —	—	27 —	53
1	Luigi Manin	4	25 —	10 —	25 —	9 —	40	30 —	53 —	11 —	—	28 —	54
2	—	5	1 Ferdinand III.	11 —	26 —	10 —	41	31 —	54 —	12 —	—	29 —	55
3	—	6	2 —	12 —	27 —	11 —	42	32 —	55 —	13 —	—	30 —	56
4	Sir J. Shore	1	3 —	13 —	28 —	12 —	43	33 —	56 —	14 —	—	31 —	57
5	—	2	4 —	14 —	29 —	1 Arch-duke Charles	44	34 —	1 Louis-Eugene	15 —	—	32 —	58
6	—	3	5 —	15 —	30 —	2 —	45	35 —	2 —	16 —	—	33 —	59
7	—	4	6 —	16 —	31 —	—Belgium and Holland united to France	46	36 —	1 Frederic-Eugene	17 —	—	34 —	60
8	—	5	7 —	—Expelled	32 —	—	47	37 —	2 —	18 —	—	35 —	61
—	—	6	8 —	Incorporated with the Cisalpine Republic	33 —	—	48	38 —	1 Frederic II.	19 —	—	36 —	62
—	Marquis Wellesley	1	9 —	—	34 —	—	49	39 —	2 —	20 —	—	37 —	63
—	—	2	10 —	—	35 —	—	50	40 —	3 —	21 —	—	38 —	64
—	—	3	11 —	—	36 —	—	51	41 —	4 —	1 Maximilian Joseph II.	—	39 —	65

Lorraine united to France

Presidents of the United States

Venice ceded to Austria







Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of Turkey	Emperors of Germany	Emperors of Russia	Kings of Prussia	Kings of France	Sardinia	Kings of Naples	Kings of Spain	Kings of Portugal	Kings of Gt. Britain	Princes of Orange	Denmark
6514	1801	14 Selim II.	10 Francis II.	1 Alexander	5 Frederic Wm. III.	— Consulate		6 Chas. III. Ferd. I. 43	14 Charles IV.	25 Maria Francesca	42 George III.	51 William VI.	36
6515	1802	15 —	11 —	2 —	6 —	—		1 Victor 44 Em. IV.	15 —	26 —	43 —	52 —	37
6516	1803	16 —	12 —	3 —	7 —	—		2 — 45	16 —	27 —	44 —	53 —	38
6517	1804	17 —	13 Emperor of Austria	4 —	8 —	1 Napoleon Emperor and King of Italy		3 — 46	17 —	28 —	45 —	54 —	39
6518	1805	18 —	14 —	5 —	9 —	2 —		— 47	18 —	29 —	46 —	55 —	40
6519	1806	19 —	15 —	6 —	10 —	3 —		Joseph. 1 Napoleon 2	19 —	30 —	47 —	1 William VII.	41
6520	1807	1 Mustafa IV.	16 —	7 —	11 —	4 —		2 —	20 —	31 —	48 —	2 —	42
6521	1808	1 Mahmood II.	17 —	8 —	12 —	5 —		Joachim I Murat	1 Joseph Napoleon 2	32 —	49 —	3 —	1
6522	1809	2 —	18 —	9 —	13 —	6 —		2 —	2 —	33 —	50 —	4 —	2
6523	1810	3 —	19 —	10 —	14 —	7 —		3 —	3 —	34 —	51 —	5 —	3
6524	1811	4 —	20 —	11 —	15 —	8 —		4 —	4 —	35 —	52 —	6 —	4
6525	1812	5 —	21 —	12 —	16 —	9 —		5 —	5 —	36 —	53 —	7 —	5
6526	1813	6 —	22 —	13 —	17 —	10 —		6 —	6 —	37 —	54 —	8 —	6
6527	1814	7 —	23 —	14 —	18 —	1 Louis XVIII.		7 —	1 Ferdinand VII.	38 —	55 —	9 —	7
6528	1815	8 —	24 —	15 —	19 —	2 —		1 Victor. 7 Em. rest.	2 —	39 —	56 —	10 King of the Netherlands as	8
6529	1816	9 —	25 —	16 —	20 —	3 —		2 Ferdinand IV. and IV. rest. 2	3 —	1 John VI.	57 —	11 Nether-	9
6530	1817	10 —	26 —	17 —	21 —	4 —		3 —	4 —	2 —	58 —	12 William I.	10
6531	1818	11 —	27 —	18 —	22 —	5 —		4 — 3	5 —	3 —	59 —	13 —	11
6532	1819	12 —	28 —	19 —	23 —	6 —		5 — 4	6 —	4 —	60 —	14 —	12
6533	1820	13 —	29 —	20 —	24 —	7 —		6 — 5	7 —	5 —	1 George IV.	15 —	13
6534	1821	14 —	30 —	21 —	25 —	8 —		7 — 6	8 —	6 —	2 —	16 —	14
6535	1822	15 —	31 —	22 —	26 —	9 —		1 Charles-Felix 2	9 —	7 —	3 —	17 —	15
6536	1823	16 —	32 —	23 —	27 —	10 —		3 — 8	10 —	8 —	4 —	18 —	16
6537	1824	17 —	33 —	24 —	28 —	1 Charles X.		4 — 9	11 —	9 —	5 —	19 —	17
6538	1825	18 —	34 —	1 Nicholas	29 —	2 —		5 — 10	12 —	10 —	6 —	20 —	18
6539	1826	19 —	35 —	2 —	30 —	3 —		6 Francis I	13 —	1 Pedro IV.	7 —	21 —	19
6540	1827	20 —	36 —	3 —	31 —	4 —		7 — 2	14 —	1 Maria da Gloria 2	8 —	22 —	20
6541	1828	21 —	37 —	4 —	32 —	5 —		8 — 3	15 —	1 Miguel	9 —	23 —	21
6542	1829	22 —	38 —	5 —	33 —	6 —		9 — 4	16 —	2 —	10 —	24 —	22
6543	1830	23 —	39 —	6 —	34 —	1 Louis-Philippe		10 Ferdinand I and II.	17 —	3 —	1 William IV.	25 —	23
6544	1831	24 —	40 —	7 —	35 —	2 —		1 Charles-Albert 2	18 —	4 —	2 —	26 cedes Belgium	24
6445	1832	25 —	41 —	8 —	36 —	3 —		3 — 3	19 —	5 —	3 —	27 —	25
6546	1833	26 —	42 —	9 —	37 —	4 —		4 — 4	1 Isabella II.	1 Maria rest.	4 —	28 —	26
6547	1834	27 —	43 —	10 —	38 —	5 —		5 — 5	2 —	2 —	5 —	29 —	27
6548	1835	28 —	1 Ferdinand	11 —	39 —	6 —		6 — 6	3 —	3 —	6 —	30 —	28
6549	1836	29 —	2 —	12 —	40 —	7 —		7 — 7	4 —	4 —	7 —	31 —	29
6550	1837	30 —	3 —	13 —	41 —	8 —		8 — 8	5 —	5 —	1 Victoria	32 —	30
6551	1838	31 —	4 —	14 —	42 —	9 —		9 — 9	6 —	6 —	2 —	33 —	31
6552	1839	1 Abdul-Medjid	5 —	15 —	43 —	10 —		10 — 10	7 —	7 —	3 —	34 —	10
6553	1840	2 —	6 —	16 —	1 Frederic Wm. IV.	11 —		11 — 11	8 —	8 —	4 —	1 William II.	2
6554	1841	3 —	7 —	17 —	2 —	12 —		12 — 12	9 —	9 —	5 —	2 —	3
6555	1842	4 —	8 —	18 —	3 —	13 —		13 — 13	10 —	10 —	6 —	3 —	4
6556	1843	5 —	9 —	19 —	4 —	14 —		14 — 14	11 —	11 —	7 —	4 —	5
6557	1844	—	—	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—
6558	1845	—	—	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—
6559	1846	—	—	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—
6560	1847	—	—	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—
6561	1848	—	—	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—
6562	1849	—	—	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—
6563	1850	—	—	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—



	POPES	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MODERN HISTORY	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
2	Pius VII.	Antonio Canova, 1757—1822	Union with Ireland, Jan. 1.—Addington ministry, Mar. 17.—Battle of Alexandria, Mar. 21.—Battle of Copenhagen by Lord Nelson, Apr. 2.	General Lord Hutchinson, 1757—1832
3	—	William Gifford, 1756—1826	Peace of Amiens, Mar. 27.—The Income tax abandoned, Apr. 5.—Osna-	Charles Earl Whitworth, 1754—1825
4	—	Henry Kirke White, 1785—1806	burg united to Hanover, Oct. 21.—Col. Despard's conspiracy, Nov. 16.	Samuel Whitbread, 1758—1815
5	—	Madame de Stael, 1766—1817	Peltier, the journalist, found guilty of libel upon Bonaparte, Feb. 21.—	Prince Talleyrand, 1754—1836
6	—	Dr. William Vincent, 1739—1815	Ld. Kilwarden assass., July 23.—Battle of Assaye, E. Indies, Sept. 23.	Admiral Lord Collingwood, 1748—1810
7	—	Jeremy Bentham, 1749—1832	Mr. Pitt's motion of censure on the naval administration, Apr. 16.—Mr.	Sir Samuel Romilly, 1757—1818
8	—	Dr. Thomas Young, 1773—1829	Pitt premier, May 12.—Droit d'Aubaine against England re-acted.	Spencer Perceval, 1762—1812
9	—	Dr. Edward D. Clarke, 1767—1821	Lord Melville charged by Mr. Whitbread, Apr. 6.—Catholic question	General Sir John Moore, 1761—1809
—	Dethroned	Dugald Stewart, 1753—1828	moved by Mr. Fox.—Victory of Trafalgar and death of Nelson, Oct. 21.	Sir James Mackintosh, 1765—1832
—	—	William Cobbett, 1762—1835	Death of Mr. Pitt, at 46, Jan. 23.—Lord Grenville premier, Mr. Fox	Sir John Malcolm, 1769—1833
—	—	—	foreign secretary, Feb. 5.—Death of Mr. Fox, at 58, Sept. 13.	—
—	—	—	Portland ministry, Mr. Perceval chancellor of the exchequer, Mar. 25.—	—
—	—	—	Bombardment of Copenhagen, Sept. 2.—Orders in Council, Jan. 7.	—
15	Restored	Bishop Middleton, 1769—1822	Five ships at Cadiz surrender to Lord Collingwood, June 14, the Russian	—
16	—	Marquis La Place, 1749—1827	fleet in the Tagus to Sir C. Cotton, Sept. 3.—Peace with Spain, July 4.	—
17	—	B. G. Niebuhr, 1776—1831	Charges against the Duke of York, Jan. 27.—Expedition to Walcheren,	—
18	—	Carl von Weber, 1786—1826	July 28.—Death of the Duke of Portland.—Perceval ministry, Oct. 30.	—
19	—	John Rennie, 1760—1821	Riots in London pending the arrest of Sir Francis Burdett, Apr. 6.—Lucien	—
20	—	William H. Wollaston, 1766—1828	Bonaparte lands at Plymouth, Dec. 18.—The King's last illness, Dec. 20	—
21	—	Adam Clarke, 1760—1832	The Catholic committee of Dublin dispersed by the magistracy, Mar. 3.—	—
—	—	—	The Duke of York replaced as commander-in-chief, May 25.	—
—	—	—	Restrictions on the regency terminated, Feb. 1.—Mr. Perceval assassi-	—
—	—	—	nated, May 11.—Lord Liverpool premier, June 9.	—
—	—	—	Catholic question lost in the Commons by the Speaker's vote, Apr. 25.—	—
—	—	—	The Sinking Fund first applied to the Supplies, Mar. 3.	—
—	—	—	Louis XVIII. embarks for Calais, Apr. 24.—The allied sovereigns in	—
—	—	—	London, June 8.—Peace of Ghent, Great Britain, and America, Dec. 24.	—
—	—	—	Belgium united to Holland, Feb. 23.—New German confederation, June 8.	—
—	—	—	Battle of Waterloo, June 18.—Second peace of Paris, Nov. 20.	—
—	—	—	Property tax repealed, Mar. 19.—Marriage of the Ps. Charlotte to Prince	—
—	—	—	Leopold, May 2.—Algiers bombarded by Sir E. Pellew, Mar. 3.	—
—	—	—	Habeas Corpus act suspended, Mar. 4.—Death of the Ps. Charlotte,	—
—	—	—	Nov. 6.—William Hone acquitted on three trials for libel, Dec. 18.	—
—	—	—	Habeas Corpus act restored, Jan. 28.—Bernadotte succeeds to the throne	—
—	—	—	of Sweden, Feb. 14.—Congress of sovereigns at Aix-la-Chapelle, Feb. 14.	—
—	—	—	Fatal meeting for Reform at St. Peter's field, Manchester, Aug. 16.—Six	—
—	—	—	acts passed, Dec.—Droit d'Aubaine finally abolished in France, July 14.	—
—	—	—	Death of K. George III. at 81, Jan. 29.—Duke de Berry assass.—Feb. 1.	—
—	—	—	Cato-street conspiracy, Feb. 23.—Q. Caroline's trial aband., Nov. 10.	—
—	—	—	Commencement of the Greek Insurrection.—Death of Napoleon Bona-	—
—	—	—	parte at St. Helena, May 5.—Death of Queen Caroline, Aug. 7.	—
—	—	—	Revolution in Brazil, Oct. 12.—The Insurrection of the Greeks deemed	—
—	—	—	a rebellion by the Congress of Sovereigns at Verona, Dec. 14.	—
—	—	—	Russia, Austria, and Prussia recall their ambassadors from Madrid,	—
—	—	—	Jan. 6.—Cadiz surrendered to the French, Oct. 3.	—
—	—	—	Revolt of Mehemet Ali, Mar. 2.—Death of Lord Byron at Missolonghi,	—
—	—	—	Apr. 19.—Liberty of the Press established in France, Sept. 29.	—
—	—	—	National prosperity the leading topic of the royal speech, Feb. 3.—The	—
—	—	—	last contract for lotteries, Feb. 28.—Commercial panic, Dec. 8.	—
—	—	—	Don Pedro abdicates the throne of Portugal, May 2.—Extinction of the	—
—	—	—	Janissaries at Constantinople by Sultan Mahmood, June 15.	—
—	—	—	Sudden paralysis of Lord Liverpool, Feb. 17.—Mr. Canning premier,	—
—	—	—	Apr. 30.—His death, Aug. 8.—Lord Goderich minister, Aug. 17.	—
—	—	—	The Wellington ministry, Jan. 25.—Don Miguel usurps the throne of	—
—	—	—	Portugal, June 26.—Liberation of Greece, Nov.	—
—	—	—	Catholic Emancipation, Apr. 13.—Peace between Russia and Turkey,	—
—	—	—	Sept. 14.—Metropolitan Police commenced, Sept. 29.	—
—	—	—	Death of K. George IV. at 68, June 26.—Revolution in France, June 29—	—
—	—	—	in Belgium, Aug. 25.—and in Poland, Nov. 29.—Earl Grey premier.	—

\*\* their connection with the world as public men, or as literary or scientific characters. One great living name is inscribed, whose glorious year must otherwise remain, for long, Englishman would hope, unoccupied. This arrangement will, in consequence, leave a few years of each edition of the volume open at the close.







ANNOS DOMINI	THE HOUSE OF SAXONY IN CONNECTION WITH THE CROWN OF GREAT BRITAIN									
XVth Century	<p>THE ERNESTINE, or elder line</p> <p>1464 Ernest, eldest son, Elector</p> <p>1486 Frederic III. the Wise, son,— Elector</p>	<p>1428 FREDERIC II. THE GOOD — ELECTOR OF SAXONY, ob. 1464, leaving issue two sons <span style="float: right;">Table 49*</span></p> <p style="text-align: center;">←—————→</p>			<p>THE ALBER or younger</p> <p>1464 Albert th geous, se of Fred Good</p> <p>1500 George th son</p>					
XVIth Century	<p>1525 John the Constant, brother, Elector</p> <p>1532 John Frederic, son, Elector — DUCAL HOUSE OF SAXE-WEIMAR</p> <p>1554 John William, son</p> <p>1573 John, son †</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">= John Frederic is deposed by the Emperor Charles V. and the Electorate transferred to the younger line in the person of Maurice, son of Henry the Pious =</p> <p style="text-align: center;">SAXE-GOTHA- ALTENBURG— DUCAL LINES FROM SAXE-GOTHA—</p>			<p>1539 Henry th brother, 1547 Maurice, ELECTO 1553 Augustus ous, brot continues ectoral li</p> <p>1586 Christian</p> <p>1591 Christian</p>					
XVIIth Century	<p>1605 John Ernest I. son</p> <p>1626 William, brother,</p> <p>1662 John Ernest II. son</p> <p>1683 William Ernest, son,</p>	<p>1605 Ernest I. the Pious, 7th son of John † of Saxe-Weimar</p> <p>1675 Frederic I. son</p> <p>1691 Frederic II. son</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">*** On the extinction of the line of Saxe-Gotha in 1825 a new arrangement, or political division, took place between the princes of Saxony. By the convcnion of Nov. 12, 1826, Hilburghausen and Saalfeld were transferred to the house of Meiningen, and the rights of the late Duke of Saxe-Gotha Altenburg were assigned to the two conceding powers.</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: center;">DUKES OF SAXE- MEININGEN</th> <th style="text-align: center;">S. HILBURGHAUSEN NOW SAXE-ALTENBURG</th> <th style="text-align: center;">S. SAALFELD COBURG NOW S. COBURG GOTHA</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1675 Bernard, 3rd son of Ernest I. of Go- tha</td> <td>1675 Ernest, 6th son of Ernest I. of Gotha</td> <td>1675 John Ernest 7th son of Ernest I. of Gotha</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	DUKES OF SAXE- MEININGEN	S. HILBURGHAUSEN NOW SAXE-ALTENBURG	S. SAALFELD COBURG NOW S. COBURG GOTHA	1675 Bernard, 3rd son of Ernest I. of Go- tha	1675 Ernest, 6th son of Ernest I. of Gotha	1675 John Ernest 7th son of Ernest I. of Gotha	<p>1611 John Geo brother</p> <p>1656 John Geo son</p> <p>1680 John Geo son</p> <p>1691 John Geo 1694 Frederic A</p>
DUKES OF SAXE- MEININGEN	S. HILBURGHAUSEN NOW SAXE-ALTENBURG	S. SAALFELD COBURG NOW S. COBURG GOTHA								
1675 Bernard, 3rd son of Ernest I. of Go- tha	1675 Ernest, 6th son of Ernest I. of Gotha	1675 John Ernest 7th son of Ernest I. of Gotha								
XVIIIth Century	<p>1728 Ernest Augustus, nephew</p> <p>1748 Ernest Augustus Constantine, son</p> <p>1758 Charles Augustus, son</p>	<p>1732 Frederic III. son</p> <p>1772 Ernest Louis, son</p>	<p>1706 Ernest Louis I. son</p> <p style="text-align: right;">[son]</p> <p>1724 Ernest Louis II. 1729 Charles Frederic, brother</p> <p>1743 Antony Ulric, un- cle</p> <p>1763 Augustus Frede- ric, son</p> <p>1782 George Frederic, brother</p>	<p>1715 Ernest Frederic I. son</p> <p>1724 Ernest Frederic II. son</p> <p>1745 Ernest Frederic Charles, son</p> <p>1780 Frederic, son</p>	<p>1729 Christian Ernest, son</p> <p>1745 Francis Joseph, brother</p> <p>1764 Ernest Frederic, son</p> <p>1800 Francis Frederic, son</p> <p>1733 Frederic A son</p> <p>1763 Frederic C 1763 Frederic A son</p>					
XIXth Century	<p>1815 takes the grand ducal title</p> <p>1828 Charles Frederic, son</p>	<p>1804 Emilius Aug. son issue — Louisa married Ernest Duke of Saxe-Coburg</p> <p>1822 Frederic IV. brother, ob. 1825</p>	<p>1803 Bernard Eric, son, his sister— Adelaide, Queen dow. of G. Britain</p> <p>1826 Bernard succeeds to Hilburghausen, Saalfeld, &amp;c.</p>	<p>1826 Frederic succeeds to S. Altenburg</p> <p>1834 Joseph George, son</p> <p>1826—succ. to S. Gotha 1844 Ernest August. son brother— Albert, mar. to VICTORIA Q. of Gt. Britain uncles— Ferdinand, fa- ther of Ferdi- nand mar. to Q. of Portugal Leopold King of Belgium aunt— Victoria Dss. of Kent</p>	<p>1807 takes the ro</p> <p>1827 Anthony C brother 1836 Frederic A nephew KING OF S.</p>					









## REVOLUTIONARY PERIOD

1789	Opening of the States General at Versailles, May 5. The Tiers Etat declare themselves the National Assembly, June 17. Dismissal of Necker, July 11.—Storming of the Bastille, July 14. Lafayette takes the command of the National Guard, July 16. Rural of Necker, July 16.—King visits Paris—the princes emigrate. The Feudal system and all privileges abandoned by the nobles, Aug. 4. The 'Rights of Man,' Aug. 18.—Banquet of the Gardes du Corps, Oct. 1. Assault at Versailles, Oct. 5.—The royal family taken to Paris, Oct. 6. The Duke of Orleans retires awhile from the popular agitation, Oct. 14. First meeting of the Jacobin Club in the Rue St. Honore, Oct. 19. Confiscation of Ecclesiastical, now declared National property, Nov. 2. First circulation of Assignats, Dec. 21.	1796	Bonaparte made commander-in-chief in Italy, Mar. 30; gains the Montenotte and Melleisimo, Apr. 14, 17; and Mondovì surrenders. Bonaparte crosses the Po, May 7, defeats Beaulieu, and exacts works of art from the duke of Parma. Bonaparte carries the bridge of Lodi in face of the Austria, May 10, and enters Milan, May 13. Bonaparte enters Verona, June 3, and blockades Mantua, June 4. Wurmser compels the French to raise the siege, July 31. Battle of Lonato by Bonaparte, Aug. 3, and of Castiglione di St. Andrea, Aug. 5. Wurmser falls back into Mantua. Bonaparte repulsed by Alvinzi at Caldiero, Nov. 11.—Battle of Rivoli, Nov. 17. Alvinzi defeated by Bonaparte, Nov. 16.
1790	Division of France into eighty-three departments, Jan. 15. Religious Orders abolished and the Monasteries suppressed, Feb. 13. Church property decreed to the payment of assignats, Mar. 17. Abolition of Lettres de Cachet, Mar. 16, and of Game laws, Mar. 20. Efforts of the clergy to dissolve the National Assembly, Ap. 19. The right of War and Peace assumed by the Assembly, May 20. All the orders of the nobility in France abolished, June 20. Anniversary of the destruction of the Bastille celebrated in the Champ de Mars—and partially so in England, July 14. Revolt and conflict at Metz and Nancy suppressed by Bouillé, Aug. 31. Dismissal and final retreat of M. Necker, Sept. 4. Rapid fall of Assignats upon the new issue of 800,000,000, Sept. 29.	1797	Battle of Rivoli, Alvinzi defeated by Bonaparte, Jan. 14. Mantua surrendered by Wurmser to Bonaparte, Feb. 2. Passage of, and battle of the Tagliamento, Mar. 16. Overtures of peace by Bonaparte to the archduke Charles, Mar. 17. The archduke Charles defeated at Newmarkt by Massena, Apr. 17. Preliminaries of peace signed at Leoben, Apr. 18. Battles of Nieuwied and Strasburg gained by Hoche and Bonaparte, Apr. 18, 19, both unaware of the peace. The French enter Venice, May 16.—Revolution at Genoa, May 17. Bonaparte procures the release of Lafayette from Olmutz, Sept. 1. Arrests at Paris and change in the Directory, Sept. 4. Peace of Campo Formio, Oct. 17.—Convention at Rastadt, Dec. 23.
1791	New ecclesiastical oath refused by the bishops and clergy, Jan. 4. The territorial right of primogeniture finally abrogated, Mar. 18. Secret junction of Mirabeau with the court.—His death, Apr. 2. The Royal family arrested in their flight at Varennes, June 22. Petition for dethronement put down in the Champ de Mars, July 17. Declaration at Pillnitz by the emperor and king of Prussia, Aug. 27. Self-denying ordinance of the National Assembly, Sept. 4. New constitution accepted by Louis XVI. Sept. 14. Constituent National Assembly dissolved, Sept. 29. First sitting of the Legislative Assembly, Oct. 1. The king refuses to sanction the decree against the emigrants, Nov. 12. Insurrection at St. Domingo, Aug. 23.—Port au Prince burnt, Nov. 12.	1798	Invasion of Switzerland under general Menard, Jan. 27. The French enter Rome, Feb. 10, abolition of the government, Feb. 15. The Rhine acknowledged at Rastadt as a boundary, Mar. 1. Outrage upon Bernadotte, as ambassador, who leaves Vienna, Mar. 17. Expedition of Bonaparte to Egypt from Toulon, May 20. Landing in Egypt and capture of Alexandria, July 2. Unsuccessful descent upon Ireland by general Humbert, Aug. 1. The subjugation of Switzerland completed by the French, Sept. 1. Conscription adopted, Sept. 28.—Rupture between France and Great Britain, Oct. 1. General Mack defeated by Macdonald at Civita Castellana, Dec. 5. The king of Sardinia driven out of Italy, Dec. 9. Treaty between England and Russia, Dec. 18.—Prussia declines to join.
1792	The Guillotine adopted by a decree of the Assembly, Mar. 20. War declared between France and Austria, Apr. 20. Royal Guard disbanded, May 31.—Outrage at the Tuilleries, June 20. Manifesto of the duke of Brunswick from Coblenz, July 25. Storming of the Tuilleries, Aug. 10.—The king dethroned. All the foreign ambassadors leave Paris, Aug. 13—21. Lafayette falls into the hands of the Austrians, Aug. 20. Massacre of the Prisons, Sept. 2—6.—Princess Lamballe sacrificed. National Convention meets, Sept. 21.—First year of the Republic. Separation of the royal family in the Temple, Sept. 29. Retreat of the duke of Brunswick to Coblenz, Oct. 25. Battle of Gemappe, the Austrians defeated by Dumourier, Nov. 6.	1799	Ehrenbreitstein on the Rhine surrenders to the French, Jan. 2. Jourdan defeated by archduke Charles at Stockach, Mar. 25. Murder of the French plenipotentiaries at Rastadt, Apr. 19. Bonaparte compelled by Sir S. Smith to raise the siege of Acre, May 17. Zurich surrendered by Massena to the archduke Charles, June 4. Macdonald defeated by Suwarrow on the Trebia, June 18. Battle of Aboukir, the Turks defeated by Bonaparte, July 25. Battle of Novi, Joubert defeated by Suwarrow, Aug. 15. Battle of Zurich by Massena, retreat of Korsakof, Sept. 24. Bonaparte lands at Frejus from Egypt, Oct. 7. Dissolution of the Directory, Nov. 10.—Bonaparte First Consul, Nov. 10. Bonaparte proposes peace to England, Dec. 25.
1793	Louis XVI. beh. Jan. 21. War with England, Spain, and Holland, Feb. 1. Insurrection, and, in the sequel, war in La Vendée, Mar. 10. Revolutionary Tribunal, Mar. 11.—Domiciliary visits decreed, Mar. 21. Committee of Public Safety, Mar. 25, and of Public Welfare, Apr. 6. Dumourier deserts to the Austrian lines, Apr. 4. Revolution of May 31.—Downfall of the Girondins. Marat assassinated by Charlotte Corday, July 13. The new French Calendar commenced, Sept. 22. Trial and execution of Marie Antoinette, Oct. 14, 16. Brissot and twenty-one of the Girondins beheaded, Oct. 31. Duke of Orleans (Philippe Egalite) beheaded, Nov. 6. Madame Roland beheaded, Nov. 8.—Toulon retaken, Dec. 19.	1800	Battle of Engen by Moreau; retreat of general Kray, May 2. Battle of Moeskirch, Kray defeated by Moreau, May 5. Passage of the Great St. Bernard by Bonaparte, May 14—23. Battle of Montebello, the Austrians defeated by Lannes, June 4. General Kleber assassinated in Egypt, June 14. Battle of Marengo by Bonaparte over Melas, Dessaix killed, June 16. Genoa surrendered by Massena to the allies, June 15. Moreau crosses the Danube and defeats Kray at Hochstedt, June 17. Battle of Hohenlinden by Moreau, and passage of the Inn, Dec. 18. Northern Confederacy against England, Dec. 16.—Prussia accepts the peace, Dec. 16. Battle of the Mincio gained by Brune and Moreau, Dec. 25. The Infernal Machine—narrow escape of Bonaparte, Dec. 29.
1794	Hebert, Cloutz, &c. of the Cordelier Club guillotined, Mar. 23. Danton and his party sacrificed by Robespierre, Apr. 5. The Austrians defeated by Massena in Piedmont, Apr. 28. Madame Elizabeth, sister of Louis XVI. beheaded, May 10. Battle of Fleurus, Prince of Coburg defeated by Jourdan, June 26. Robespierre and his colleagues guillotined, July 28. Conde and Valenciennes retaken by the French, Aug. 30. Decree closing the hall of the Jacobin Club, Sept. 8. Battle of Ruremonde—Clairfait defeated by Jourdan, Sept. 18. The Allies driven across the Rhine, Oct. 17. Nimeguen taken by Pichegru, and Maestricht by Jourdan, Nov. 4. Fall of Warsaw by Suwarrow and extinction of Poland, Nov. 4.	1801	Peace of Luneville between France and Austria, Feb. 9. Assassination of the emperor Paul, Mar. 24. Bombardment of Copenhagen by Lord Nelson, Apr. 2. Occupation of Hanover by the Prussian troops, Apr. 3. Pacific course of Alexander towards Great Britain, Apr. 14. Dissolution of the Armed Neutrality, May 19. Peace between England and Russia, June 17. Capitulation by Menou of the French in Egypt, Aug. 30. Preliminaries between England and France, Oct. 1. Peace between France and Russia, Oct. 8. Peace between France and Turkey, Oct. 9. Expedition under Le Clerc sails for St. Domingo, Dec. 14.
1795	Pichegru takes Utrecht, Rotterdam, and Dort, Jan. 16, 18. The Stadtholder and family escape to England, Jan. 19. Peace between France and Prussia, Jan. 22. Establishment of the Batavian republic, Jan. 27. First pacification of La Vendée, Apr. 20. Rising of the Fauxbourgs.—Assassination of Ferand, May 20. The son of Louis XVI. dies in the Temple, June 9. The emigrants at Quiberon lay down their arms, July 21. Peace between France and Spain, July 23. Revolt of the Sections suppressed by Bonaparte, Oct. 5. National Convention succeeded by the Directory, Nov. 1. Battle of Loano gained by Massena, Nov. 23.	1802	Cisalpine republic remodelled, Bonaparte president, Jan. 25. French Concordat, the Gallican church restored, Apr. 8. General amnesty to the French emigrants, Apr. 29. Decree to promote public instruction, May 1. Submission of Touissant, Christophe, &c. at St. Domingo, May 1. Institution of the Legion of Honour, May 19. Extension of the Consulate to Bonaparte for life, Aug. 2. Change in the Constitution—the Tribunal reduced, Aug. 4. The English newspapers seized and prohibited in Paris, Aug. 2. Mr. Fox received with marked respect at the Tuilleries, Sept. 1. Piedmont annexed to France, Sept. 11. General Andreossi arrives as French ambassador in London, Nov. 1.



RENCH EMPIRE, 1789—1815.

Helvetic Confederation of the Nineteen Cantons, Feb. 19.  
Correspondence of Bonaparte with Louis XVIII. at Warsaw, Feb. 26.  
Bonaparte personally insults the English ambassador, Lord Whitworth, in presence of the court at the Tuilleries, Mar. 13.  
Louisiana sold by Bonaparte to the United States, Apr. 30.  
The English and French ambassadors respectively leave, May 12, 18.  
War between England and France, May 16.  
Bonaparte detains the English residents in France and Holland, May 22.  
Conquest of Hanover by the French under Mortier, May 26.  
Declaration of Bonaparte against British commerce, June 21.  
Convention of neutrality between France and Portugal, Oct. 6.  
Fort Dauphine in St. Domingo taken by the English, Nov. 30.

Adoption of the new Civil Code in France, Jan. 15.  
Arrest of Moreau, Feb. 17; of Pichegru, Feb. 27; and of Georges, Mar. 9.  
Murder of the Duke d'Enghien at the castle of Vincennes, Mar. 21.  
General Pichegru found strangled in prison, Apr. 8.  
Napoleon declared Emperor of the French, May 18.  
Protest of Louis XVIII. against Bonaparte as emperor, June 6.  
Georges and the conspirators executed, June 25.—Moreau ex-patriated.  
Francis II. takes the hereditary title of emperor of Austria, Aug. 11.  
The Russian minister at Paris, d'Oubril, demands his passports, Aug. 29.  
Sir G. Rumbold the resident at Hamburg seized by the French, Oct. 24.  
Napoleon crowned at Notre Dame, Dec. 2.  
Spain declares war against Great Britain, Dec. 12.

Napoleon addresses proposals for peace to King George III. Jan. 2.  
Treaty of St. Petersburg.—Russia and England against France, Apr. 11.  
Napoleon crowned King of Italy at Milan, May 26.  
Violation of the territory of Anspach on the advance to Ulm, Oct. 8.  
Battle of Elchingen gained by Marshal Ney, Oct. 14, 15.  
Surrender of Ulm and the army of Mack to Napoleon, Oct. 17.  
Napoleon passes through Vienna to Schönbrunn, Nov. 14.  
Battle of Austerlitz.—Austria subdued by Napoleon, Dec. 2.  
Interview and armistice between the emperors Francis and Napoleon on the high road to Hollitch, Dec. 4.  
Peace of Presburg, Dec. 27.—Alexander accedes.  
Dethronement of the King of Naples, Dec. 27.

Joseph Bonaparte placed on the throne of Naples, Mar. 30.  
The King of Prussia declares himself King of Hanover, Apr. 1.  
Louis Bonaparte created King of Holland, June 5.  
Battle of Maida, July 6.—Confederation of the Rhine, July 12.  
Palm, the bookseller of Nuremberg, shot for a libel, Aug. 26.  
Prussia declares war against France, Oct. 8.  
Battle of Jena by Napoleon,—and of Auerstadt by Davoust, Oct. 14.  
Saxony detached from the allies by Napoleon, Oct. 17.  
Surrender of Prince Hohenloe to Murat at Prentzlow, Oct. 28.  
Capitulation of Magdeburg with its garrison, 22,000, to Mar. Ney, Nov. 8.  
Napoleon enters Berlin, Oct. 30.—Berlin decree by Napoleon,—Great Britain declared in a state of blockade, Nov. 20.

Conquest of Silesia by Napoleon, Jan.  
Battle of Eylau, Feb. 8.—Retreat of Napoleon, Feb. 17.  
Danzic surrendered to the French, May 24.  
Battle of Heilsberg, June 10; personal altercation between Lannes and Napoleon on its ill success.  
Battle of Friedland, the Russians defeated by Napoleon, June 14.  
Interview on the Niemen between Alexander and Napoleon, June 26.  
Peace of Tilsit between France, Russia, and Prussia, July 7—9.—New kingdom of Westphalia and grand duchy of Warsaw.  
The royal family of Portugal embark for Brazil, Nov. 29.  
General Junot enters Portugal with his army, Nov. 30.  
Napoleon renews his continental decrees at Milan, Dec. 17.

Royal family of Spain entrapped by Napoleon at Bayonne, Apr. 20—30.  
Rising at Madrid in conflict with the troops of Murat, May 2.  
First siege of Saragossa, successful defence of Palafox, June 16—Aug. 14.  
The patriots defeated by Marshal Bessieres at Rio Secco, July 14.  
Capitulation of Baylen by Dupont to Castanos, July 19.  
Entry of Joseph Bonaparte as King of Spain into Madrid, July 21.  
King Joseph retreats with the crown jewels to Burgos, Aug. 1.  
Battle of Vimeira,—Junot defeated by Sir A. Wellesley, Aug. 21.  
Convention of Cintra, Aug. 30.—capitulation of Junot.  
Interview between Alexander and Napoleon at Erfurth, Sept. 27.  
Battle of Tudela,—Castanos defeated by Lefebvre, Nov. 23.  
Surrender of Madrid to Napoleon, Dec. 4.

Battle of Corunna and death of Sir John Moore, Jan. 16.  
Capitulation of Saragossa by Palafox to the French, Feb. 21.  
Oporto taken by Marshal Soult, Mar. 29.  
Archduke Louis defeated by Napoleon at Abensberg, Apr. 20.  
Battle of Eckmuhl,—Archduke Charles defeated by Napoleon, Apr. 22.  
Passage of the Douro,—Soult repulsed by Wellington, May 12.  
Napoleon enters Vienna, May 13.  
Battle of Aspern,—Napoleon defeated by the Archduke Charles, May 22.  
Final deposition of Pope Pius VII. June 10.  
Battle of Wagram, July 6.—Armistice signed by Francis II., July 12.  
Battle of Talavera,—Marshal Victor defeated by Sir A. Wellesley, July 28.  
Peace of Vienna, Oct. 14.—Demolition of the ramparts, Oct. 17.

1810 Rapid march of Albuquerque, which saves Cadiz, Feb. 3.  
Marriage of Napoleon to Maria Louisa, Apr. 2.  
Confederation of Venezuela in South America, Apr. 19.  
Fall of Lerida,—cruel attack upon the people by Suchet, May 14.  
Abdication of the crown of Holland by Louis Bonaparte, July 3.  
Ciudad Rodrigo surrenders with 4,000 men to the French, July 10.  
Marshal Bernadotte elected crown prince of Sweden, Aug. 21.  
Almeida surrenders to Marshal Massena, Aug. 27.  
Battle of Busaco,—Massena repulsed by Lord Wellington, Sept. 27.  
Lord Wellington gains the lines of Torres Vedras, Oct. 9.  
Junction of the Marquis de Romana with Lord Wellington, Oct. 20.  
The Hans Towns and Westphalia annexed to France, Dec. 13.

1811 Siege and fall of Tortosa to Marshal Suchet, Jan. 1.  
Battle of Barossa,—Victor defeated by General Graham, Mar. 6.  
Retreat of Massena from Santarem, March 8.  
Badajoz surrendered by Imaz to the French, March 10.  
Birth of the King of Rome, March 20.  
Battle of Fuentes d'Onore between Massena and Wellington, May 5.  
Evacuation of, and retreat from Almeida by Massena, May 10.  
Battle of Albuera,—Soult defeated by Marshal Beresford, May 16.  
Tarragona surrendered by Contreras to Marshal Suchet, June 29.  
Marshal Suchet repulsed at Murviedro, Oct. 18.  
Battle of Sagunto,—Blake defeated by Suchet, Oct. 25.  
Surprise of Gerard by General Hill at Aroyo de Molinos, Oct. 28.

1812 Siege and fall of Valencia to Marshal Suchet, Jan. 9.  
Ciudad Rodrigo taken by storm by Lord Wellington, Jan. 19.  
Alliance between France and Prussia, Feb. 24.—France and Austria, Mar. 6.  
Great Britain, Russia, and Sweden allied against France, Apr. 5. [14.  
Badajoz taken by storm by Lord Wellington, Apr. 6.  
General Hill takes Almaraz by assault, May 19.  
Napoleon crosses the Niemen, June 23.—The Moscow campaign.  
Peace of Bucharest, between Russia and Turkey, July 14.  
Battle of Salamanca, July 22; Lord Wellington enters Madrid, Aug. 12.  
Battle of Smolensko, Aug. 17; of Valentina, Aug. 19; of Borodino, Sept. 7.  
Moscow burnt, Sept. 19.—Retreat of Napoleon, Oct. 19.  
Passage of the Beresina, Nov. 26—28.—Napoleon arrives in Paris, Dec. 18.

1813 Treaty of Kalisch,—Russia and Prussia against France, Feb. 28.  
Co-operation of Bernadotte with the allies, Mar. 3.  
Battle of Lutzen, May 2, and of Bautzen by Napoleon, May 20, 21.  
Armistice of Pleschowitz for six weeks, June 4.  
Battle of Vittoria by Wellington, and fight of King Joseph, June 21.  
Manifesto against Napoleon by the Emperor Francis, Aug. 12.  
Battle of the Katzbach,—Macdonald defeated by Blucher, Aug. 26.  
Battle of Dresden,—Moreau mortally wounded, Aug. 27.  
St. Sebastian taken by storm by Lord Wellington, Aug. 31.  
Battle of Dennewitz,—Ney defeated by Bernadotte, Oct. 8.  
Battle of Leipsic, Oct. 16, 18, 19.—Napoleon in Paris, Nov. 9. [Dec. 1.  
Defection of Bavaria, Nov. 12.—Allies at Frankfort; revolution in Holland

1814 Battle of Brienne,—defeat and retreat of Napoleon, Feb. 1.  
Congress at Chatillon, Feb. 4.—Mar. 18.—Armistice of Lusigny, Feb. 24.  
Battle of Orthes,—Soult defeated by Lord Wellington, Feb. 25.  
Treaty of Chaumont, Mar. 1.—Capitulation of Soissons, Mar. 3.  
Battle of Craon,—Napoleon gains upon Blucher, Mar. 7.  
Battle of Laon,—Napoleon defeated by Blucher, Mar. 10.  
Napoleon falls in the rear at St. Dizier, Mar. 22.  
The Allies enter Paris; Napoleon retires to Fontainebleau, Mar. 31.  
Battle of Toulouse,—Soult defeated by Lord Wellington, Apr. 10.  
Abdication of Napoleon at Fontainebleau, Apr. 11.  
Louis XVIII. enters Paris, May 3.—Napoleon lands at Elba, May 4.  
Peace of Paris, May 30.—Congress assembles at Vienna, Oct. 2.

1815 Napoleon lands at Frejus from Elba, March 1.  
Louis XVIII. withdraws, Mar. 19.—Napoleon enters Paris, Mar. 21.  
Murat defeated by the Austrians at the Po, Apr. 9.  
Napoleon leaves Paris for his army, June 13.  
Battle of Ligny,—Blucher retreats to Wavre. Action at Quatre-Bras,—Duke of Brunswick killed, June 16.  
Battle of Waterloo,—Overthrow of Napoleon, June 18.  
The Duke of Wellington and Louis XVIII. enter Paris, July 6, 8.  
Napoleon surrenders to Captain Maitland on board the Bellerophon, July 15; lands at St. Helena, Oct. 15.

\*\*\* The Events in the above Table are chiefly continental, the corresponding years in the previous Tables, relating principally to Great Britain. But they do not always separate distinctly into these divisions, and sometimes they may be placed either way.

FINIS.

TABLE 60.—PARALLEL YEARS TO THE DECLINE OF THE OLYMPIADS—is placed between B.C. 50—1 and A. D. 1—50.





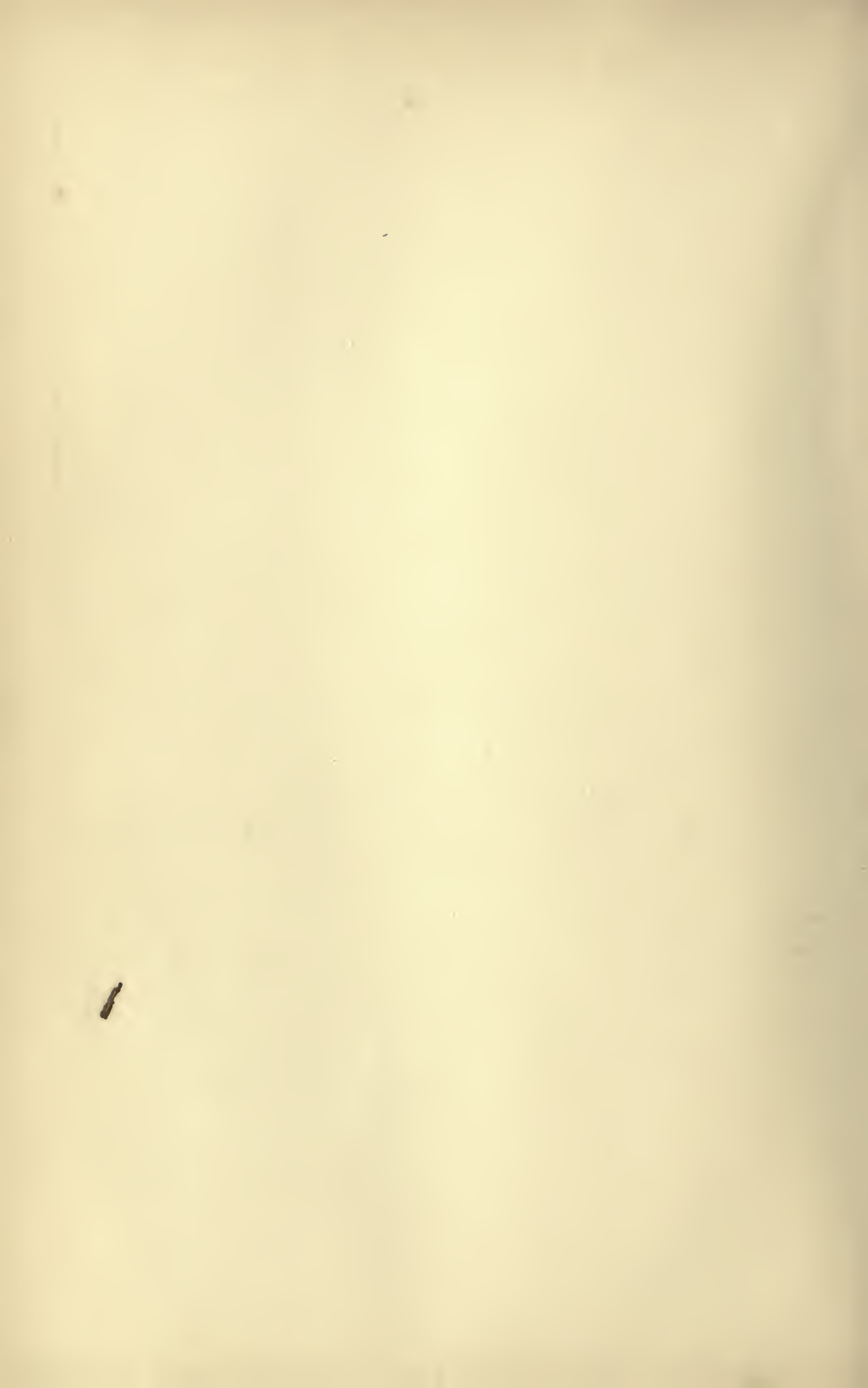
## ALPHABETICAL TABLES.

---

I.—EMPERORS—KINGS—POPES

II.—MEN OF EMINENCE

III.—HISTORICAL EVENTS.



# ALPHABETICAL TABLES

I.

## EMPERORS — KINGS — POPES

N <sup>o</sup>	B. C.	N <sup>o</sup>	B. C.	N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.	
4	Abijah king of Judah	—	959	37	Abderahman II. king of Cordova	822
3	Acastus perpetual archon	—	1025	39	Abderahman III.	912
15	Achæan League, years of	—	230	41	Abderahman IV.	1017
15	Achæan League—Prætors	—	255	41	Abderahman V.	1023
<p>•• The names of the 29 Prætors, now extant, could not be comprised within the Chronological columns. Their positions, corresponding with the dates below, are marked in Tables 15, 16, 17, 18, by the letter P. or P<sup>r</sup>.</p>						
15	— Marcus, Prætor	—	255	56	Abdul Ahmed emperor of Turkey	1774
16	— Aratus, Prætor	—	243	35	Abdulusis emir in Spain	714
16	— Timoxenus, Prætor	—	221	57	Abdul Medjid emperor of Turkey	1839
16	— Aratus, Prætor	—	220	43	Abdummen, dynasty of the Almohades	1149
16	— Aratus, jun., Prætor	—	219	45	Abdulwahid, dynasty of the Almohades	1223
16	— Eperatus, Prætor	—	218	45	Abel king of Denmark	1250
16	— Aratus, Prætor	—	217	56	Abul Fatteh Khan, Shah of Persia	1779
16	— Timoxenus, Prætor	—	216	34	Absimerus emperor of the East	698
16	— Cycliadas, Prætor	—	208	50	Abu Abdalla king of Granada	1484
16	— Nicias, Prætor	—	207	45	Abu Ali, dynasty of the Almohades	1225
16	— Lycippus, Prætor	—	202	33	Abubeker, Caliph	632
16	— Philopœmen, Prætor	—	201	35	Abul Abbas, Caliph	750
17	— Cycliadas, Prætor	—	200	50	Abul Hassan king of Granada	1466
17	— Aristæus, Prætor	—	198	35	Abulkatur emir in Spain	743
17	— Aristæus, Prætor	—	195	48	Abu Said king of Granada	1360
17	— Philopœmen, Prætor	—	192	33	Adawald king of the Lombards	615
17	— Diophanes, Prætor	—	191	32	Adda king of Bernicia	560
17	— Philopœmen, Prætor	—	189	34	Adelwald king of Bernicia	651
17	— Philopœmen, Prætor	—	188	34	Adœodatus, Pope	672
17	— Aristæus, Prætor	—	185	55	Adil, Shah of Persia	1747
17	— Philopœmen, Prætor	—	183	46	Adolphus of Nassau, emperor of Germany	1292
17	— Lycortas, Prætor	—	182	56	Adolphus Frederic king of Sweden	1751
17	— Xenarchus, Prætor	—	174	36	Adrian I. Pope	772
17	— Archon, Prætor	—	172	38	Adrian II.	867
18	— Menalcidas, Prætor	—	150	38	Adrian III.	884
18	— Diaeus, Prætor	—	149	44	Adrian IV.	1154
18	— Damocritus, Prætor	—	148	46	Adrian V.	1276
18	— Diaus, Prætor	—	147	51	Adrian VI.	1522
18	— Criotlaus, Prætor	—	146	26	Æmilian Roman emperor	253
13	Acoris king of Egypt	—	389	56	Aga Mahomed Khan, Shah of Persia	1795
15	Acrotatus king of Sparta	—	265	31	Agapetus I. Bishop of Rome	535
18	Adherbal king of Numidia	—	118	39	Agapetus II. Pope	946
7	Adrameles king of Assyria	—	691	34	Agathon, Pope	678
8	Æropus I. king of Macedonia	—	602	31	Agila king of the Visigoths	550
13	Æropus II.	—	399	32	Agiluth king of the Lombards	591
5	Æschylus perpetual archon	—	777	53	Ahmed I. emperor of Turkey	1603
5	Agamestor perpetual archon	—	794	54	Ahmed II.	1691
14	Agathocles tyrant of Syracuse	—	317	55	Ahmed III.	1703
4	Agelas I. king of Corinth	—	996	47	Aimon the Peacemaker, count of Savoy	1329
4	Agelas II.	—	889	45	Aladel, dynasty of the Almohades	1223
5	Agenor king of Corinth	—	799	28	Alaric I. king of the Visigoths	398
8	Agesicles king of Sparta	—	604	30	Alaric II.	484
4	Agesilaus I. king of Sparta	—	899	46	Albert I. of Austria emperor of Germany	1298
13	Agesilaus II.	—	398	49	Albert II, the Grave	1438
13	Agesipolis I. king of Sparta	—	394	49	Albert king of Hungary and Bohemia	1437
13	Agesipolis II.	—	371	48	Albert king of Sweden	1365
16	Agesipolis III.	—	219	32	Alboin king of the Lombards	568
4	Agis I. king of Sparta	—	1009	41	Alcassim king of Cordova	1018
12	Agis II.	—	427	34	Aldulf king of East Anglia	664
14	Agis III.	—	338	25	Alexander Severus Roman emperor	222
16	Agis IV.	—	244	39	Alexander emperor of the East	911
4	Ahab king of Israel	—	917	43	Alexander I. king of Scotland	1107
6	Ahaz king of Judah	—	741	45	Alexander II.	1214
4	Ahaziah king of Israel	—	897	45	Alexander III.	1249
5	Alcarnenes king of Sparta	—	779	23	Alexander I. Bishop of Rome	109
9	Alcetas king of Macedonia	—	576	42	Alexander II. Pope	1061
5	Alcmæon perpetual archon	—	754	44	Alexander III.	1159
11	Aletes king of Corinth	—	1074	46	Alexander IV.	1254
3	Alexander king of Corinth	—	733	49	Alexander V.	1409
11	Alexander I. king of Macedonia	—	509	50	Alexander VI.	1492
13	Alexander II.	—	369	54	Alexander VII.	1655
14	Alexander III. the Great	—	336	54	Alexander VIII.	1689
15	Alexander IV.	—	297	57	Alexander emperor of Russia	1801
18	Alexander I. king of Egypt	—	107	42	Alexius I. Comnenus emperor of the East	1081
19	Alexander II.	—	81	44	Alexius II.	1180
18	Alexander Bala, king of Syria	—	150			
18	Alexander Jannæus, High Priest	—	105			
8	Alyattes king of Lydia	—	617			
9	Amasis king of Egypt	—	569			
4	Amaziah king of Judah	—	837			
8	Amos king of Judah	—	642			
10	Amyntas I. king of Macedonia	—	540			
13	Amyntas II. king of Macedonia	—	395			
7	Anaxander king of Sparta	—	675			
9	Anaxandrides king of Sparta	—	560			
7	Anaxidamus king of Sparta	—	686			
14	Antigonus king of Asia	—	318			
15	Antigonus I. Gonatus king of Macedonia	—	277			
16	Antigonus II. Doston	—	229			
15	Antiochus I. Soter king of Syria	—	280			
15	Antiochus II. Theus	—	261			
16	Antiochus III. Magnus	—	223			
17	Antiochus IV. Epiphanes	—	175			
17	Antiochus V. Eupator	—	164			
18	Antiochus VI. Sidetes	—	137			
18	Antiochus VII. Grypus	—	125			
18	Antiochus VIII. Cyzicenus	—	112			
19	Antiochus IX. Asiaticus	—	69			
15	Antipater king of Macedonia	—	297			
9	Apries king of Egypt	—	594			
6	Apsander decennial archon	—	702			
11	Archæanactidæ kings of Bosphorus	—	480			
4	Archelaus king of Sparta	—	862			
12	Archelaus king of Macedonia	—	413			
20	Archelaus king of Cappadocia	—	36			
6	Archianus king of Babylon	—	709			
8	Archidamus I. king of Sparta	—	648			
11	Archidamus II.	—	469			
13	Archidamus III.	—	361			
15	Archidamus IV.	—	295			
16	Archidamus V.	—	230			
4	Archippus perpetual archon	—	989			
7	Archys king of Lydia	—	678			
14	Areus I. king of Sparta	—	309			
15	Areus II.	—	264			
7	Argæus king of Macedonia	—	673			
15	Ariamnes II. king of Cappadocia	—	284			
16	Ariarthes III. king of Cappadocia	—	248			
16	Ariarthes IV.	—	220			
17	Ariarthes V.	—	162			
18	Ariarthes VI.	—	130			
20	Ariarthes VII.	—	42			
15	Ariobarzanes III. king of Pontus	—	266			
19	Ariobarzanes I. king of Cappadocia	—	93			
4	Ariobarzanes II.	—	63			
4	Ariphron perpetual archon	—	841			
18	Aristobulus I. king of the Jews	—	107			
19	Aristobulus II.	—	66			
4	Aristodemus king of Corinth	—	834			
9	Ariston king of Sparta	—	560			
16	Arsaces I. king of Parthia	—	250			
16	Arsaces II.	—	248			
16	Arsaces III.	—	211			
14	Arses king of Persia	—	338			
11	Artabanus king of Persia	—	464			
18	Artabanus king of Parthia	—	128			
11	Artaxerxes Longimanus king of Persia	—	465			
4	Asa king of Judah	—	956			
7	Asaridinus king of Babylon	—	680			
7	Asordanes king of Assyria	—	693			
7	Asordanes king of Babylon	—	699			
9	Asstages king of Media	—	594			
4	Athaliah king of Judah	—	883			
16	Attalus I. king of Pergamus	—	241			
17	Attalus II.	—	159			
18	Attalus III.	—	138			
6	Automenes king of Corinth	—	746			
7	Axerdis king of Assyria	—	670			
				A. D.		
41	Aba king of Hungary	—	1041			
52	Abbas I. the Great, Shah of Persia	—	1582			
53	Abbas II.	—	1641			
55	Abbas III.	—	1732			
38	Abdalla king of Cordova	—	888			
50	Abdalla el Zagel king of Granada	—	1485			
34	Abdelmelic, Caliph	—	685			
35	Abdelmelic emir in Spain	—	732			
35	Abderahman emir in Spain	—	721			
36	Abderahman I. king of Cordova	—	755			















## I.

## ALPHABETICAL TABLES

## EMPERORS — KINGS — POPES

N <sup>o</sup>	B. C.	N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.	N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.
8	Josiah king of Judah — 640	40	John XII. Pope — 956	30	Leo II. emperor of the East — 474
5	Jotham king of Judah — 756	40	John XIII. — 965	35	Leo III. the Isaurian — 718
17	Judas Maccabens High Priest — 162	40	John XIV. — 983	36	Leo IV. — 775
6	Jugæus king of Babylon — 726	40	John XV. — 984	37	Leo V. the Armenian — 813
18	Jugurtha king of Numidia — 118	40	John XVI. — 985	38	Leo VI. the Philosopher — 886
		41	John XVII. — 1003	29	Leo I. the Great, Bishop of Rome — 440
	A. D.	41	John XVIII. — 1003	34	Leo II. Pope — 682
56	Jaffier Khan Shah of Persia — 1785	41	John XIX. — 1024	36	Leo III. — 795
45	James I. the Conqueror, king of Arragon — 1213	46	John XX. or XXI. — 1276	37	Leo IV. — 847
46	James II. the Just — 1291	47	John XXII. — 1316	39	Leo V. — 903
49	James I. king of Scotland — 1406	49	John XXIII. — 1410	39	Leo VI. — 928
49	James II. — 1437	55	Joseph I. emperor of Germany — 1705	39	Leo VII. — 936
50	James III. — 1460	56	Joseph II. — 1765	40	Leo VIII. — 963
50	James IV. — 1488	57	Joseph Napoleon king of Naples — 1806	41	Leo IX. — 1048
51	James V. — 1513	57	Joseph Napoleon king of Spain — 1806	51	Leo X. — 1513
52	James VI. — 1567	55	Joseph king of Portugal — 1750	53	Leo XI. — 1605
53	James I. king of England — 1603	49	Jossus emperor of Germany — 1410	57	Leo XII. — 1823
54	James II. — 1685	28	Jovian Roman emperor — 363	34	Leontius emperor of the East — 695
46	James king of Sicily — 1285	24	Julian I. Roman emperor — 193	54	Leopold I. emperor of Germany — 1658
41	Jaromir duke of Bohemia — 1002	28	Julian II. the Apostate — 361	56	Leopold II. — 1790
57	Joachim Murat king of Naples — 1808	27	Julius I. Bishop of Rome — 237	57	Leopold of Saxe Coburg king of Belgium — 1831
46	Joanna I. queen of Navarre — 1274	51	Julius II. Pope — 1503		
47	Joanna II. — 1328	51	Julius III. — 1550	32	Leovigild king of the Visigoths — 572
47	Joanna I. queen of Naples — 1343	30	Julius Nepos emperor of the West — 474	38	Lesko IV. duke of Poland — 892
49	Joanna II. of Bourbon — 1414	31	Justin I. the Thracian emperor of the East — 518	44	Lesko V. the White — 1194
33	Johannes I. Lemigius exarch of Ravenna — 611	32	Justin II. — 565	46	Lesko VI. the Black — 1279
34	Johannes II. Platon — 687	31	Justinian I. emperor of the East — 527	28	Liberius Bishop of Rome — 352
35	Johannes III. Rizocopius — 710	31	Justinian I. emperor of the East — 685	27	Licinius Roman emperor — 307
40	John Zimisce emperor of the East — 969	34	Justinian II. — 685	22	Lincius Bishop of Rome — 66
43	John Comnenus — 1118			35	Liutprand king of the Lombards — 712
45	John Ducas Vataces — 1222	39	Kaker, Caliph — 932	32	Liuvia I. king of the Visigoths — 567
46	John Lascaris — 1259	37	Kenneth II. Mac Alpine, king of Scotland — 843	33	Liuvia II. — 601
47	John Paleologus I. — 1341	40	Kenneth III. — 970	32	Longinus exarch of Ravenna — 568
47	John Cantacuzene — 1347	40	Kenneth IV. the Grim — 995	56	Looft Ali Khan Shah of Persia — 1789
49	John Paleologus II. — 1425	23	Khosrou king of Parthia — 106	37	Lothaire I. emperor of the West — 840
47	John of Luxemburg king of Bohemia — 1310	32	Khosrou Purvez king of Persia — 591	43	Lothaire II. the Saxon, emperor of Germany — 1125
51	John Zapolski king of Hungary — 1526	30	Kobad king of Persia — 488	39	Lothaire king of Italy — 945
50	John I. Albert king of Poland — 1402	56	Kureem Khan Shah of Persia — 1753	40	Lothaire king of France — 954
53	John II. Casimir — 1648			34	Lothar king of Kent — 673
54	John III. Sobieski — 1674			37	Louis I. le Debonnaire, emperor of the West — 814
53	John Sigismund duke of Prussia — 1618	9	Laborsoarchod king of Babylon — 556	38	Louis II. le Jenne — 855
47	John I. king of France — 1316	4	Labotas king of Sparta — 954	37	Louis I. king of Germany — 843
47	John II. the Good — 1350	6	Leocrates decennial archon — 712	38	Louis II. — 876
43	John I. king of Arragon — 1387	8	Leon king of Sparta — 603	38	Louis III. — 899
50	John II. — 1458	11	Leonidas I. king of Sparta — 491	47	Louis IV. emperor of Germany — 1314
47	John I. king of Navarre — 1316	11	Leonidas II. — 256	47	Louis I. the Great, king of Hungary — 1342
49	John II. — 1425	11	Leotychides king of Sparta — 491	51	Louis II. — 1516
50	John III. d'Albret — 1483	13	Leucon king of Bosphorus — 393	48	Louis king of Poland — 1370
48	John I. king of Castile — 1379	16	Lycurgus king of Sparta — 219	38	Louis the Blind king of Provence — 890
49	John II. — 1406	14	Lysimachus king of Thrace — 323	38	Louis the Blind king of Italy — 900
48	John I. the Great, king of Portugal — 1383	15	Lysimachus king of Macedon — 287	39	Louis the crowned emperor — 901
50	John II. the Perfect — 1481			37	Louis I. le Debonnaire king of France — 814
51	John III. — 1521	42	Ladislav I. king of Hungary — 1077	38	Louis II. le Begue — 877
53	John IV. — 1640	45	Ladislav II. — 1204	38	Louis III. — 879
55	John V. — 1706	46	Ladislav III. — 1272	39	Louis IV. the Stranger — 926
57	John VI. — 1816	49	Ladislav IV. — 1440	40	Louis V. le Fainéant — 986
44	John king of England — 1199	50	Ladislav V. — 1453	43	Louis VI. le Gros — 1108
46	John Baliol king of Scotland — 1292	50	Ladislav VI. — 1490	43	Louis VII. le Jeune — 1137
50	John king of Denmark — 1481	43	Ladislav II. duke of Bohemia — 1109	45	Louis VIII. the Lion — 1223
45	John I. king of Sweden — 1220	43	Ladislav III. king of Bohemia — 1140	45	Louis IX. the Saint — 1226
50	John II. — 1483	44	Ladislav IV. duke — 1196	47	Louis X. Hutin — 1314
52	John III. — 1568	49	Ladislav V. king — 1440	50	Louis XI. — 1404
45	John de Brienne king of Jerusalem — 1210	50	Ladislav VI. — 1471	50	Louis XII. of Orleans — 1498
31	John I. Bishop of Rome — 523	42	Ladislav II. the Careless, duke of Poland — 1081	53	Louis XIII. the Just — 1610
31	John II. — 533	43	Ladislav III. king of Poland — 1138	53	Louis XIV. le Grand — 1643
32	John III. — 560	46	Ladislav IV. the Short, duke — 1296	55	Louis XV. — 1715
33	John IV. Pope — 640	47	Ladislav IV. king — 1320	56	Louis XVI. — 1774
34	John V. — 685	48	Ladislav V. Jagello — 1385	57	Louis XVIII. — 1814
35	John VI. — 701	49	Ladislav VI. — 1434	57	Louis Philippe — 1830
35	John VII. — 705	53	Ladislav VII. Vasa — 1632	47	Louis Hutin king of Navarre — 1305
38	John VIII. — 872	46	Ladislav king of Sweden — 1279	55	Louis king of Spain — 1724
38	John IX. — 898	48	Ladislav king of Naples — 1386	47	Louis king of Sicily — 1342
39	John X. — 914	38	Lambert king of Italy — 894	57	Louis king of Etruria — 1801
39	John XI. — 931	39	Lando, Pope — 913	57	Louis Napoleon king of Holland — 1806
		30	Leo I. the Thracian emperor of the East — 457	50	Louis Charles king of Bavaria — 1825
				24	Lucius Verus Roman emperor — 161

ALPHABETICAL TABLES

I.

EMPERORS — KINGS — POPES

No	A. D.	No	A. D.	No	B. C.
26	Lucius I. Bishop of Rome — 252	24	Marcus Aurelius Roman emperor 161	16	Nabis tyrant of Sparta — 206
43	Lucius II. Pope — 1144	26	Marcus A. Carnus Roman emperor 282	9	Nabonadius king of Babylon — 555
44	Lucius III. — 1181	48	Margaret queen of Denmark — 1387	6	Nabonassar king of Babylon — 747
37	Ludecan king of Mercia — 823		Sweden and Norway — 1387	8	Nabopolassar king of Babylon — 625
34	Luitpert king of the Lombards — 700	55	Maria Theresia queen of Hungary 1740	8	Nabuchodonosor king of Assyria — 650
42	Lulach king of Scotland — 1056	56	Maria Francesca queen of Portugal — 1777	4	Nadab king of Israel — 955
		57	Maria da Gloria queen of Portugal 1826	6	Nadius king of Babylon — 733
	B. C.	33	Martin I. Pope — 649	8	Nebuchadnezzar king of Babylon — 606
16	Machanides tyrant of Sparta — 210	38	Martin II. — 882	18	Necho king of Egypt — 616
7	Manasseh king of Judah — 677	39	Martin III. — 942	13	Nectanebis I. king of Egypt — 375
15	Manasses High Priest — 260	46	Martin IV. — 1281	13	Nectanebis II. — 361
6	Mardocepadus king of Babylon — 721	49	Martin V. — 1417	13	Nepheres king of Egypt — 395
16	Masinissa king of Numidia — 203	34	Martin and Pepin dukes of Austria — 680	13	Nepherites king of Egypt — 375
3	Medon perpetual archon — 1145	48	Martin king of Arragon — 1395	7	Nergilus king of Assyria — 693
14	Megacles perpetual archon — 916	48	Martin I. king of Sicily — 1391	9	Nericosolassar king of Babylon — 559
15	Melanthus king of Athens — 1104	49	Martin II. senior — 1409	9	Neriglissar king of Babylon — 559
5	Meleager king of Macedon — 280	48	Mary queen of Hungary — 1382	4	Nicaner king of Sparta — 802
4	Menaheh king of Israel — 770	52	Mary queen of England — 1533	15	Nicomedes I. king of Bithynia — 278
17	Menelaus High Priest — 172	51	Mary queen of Scots — 1542	18	Nicomedes II. — 149
7	Mesolimordachus king of Babylon 692	48	Mary queen of Sicily — 1377	19	Nicomedes III. — 91
18	Micipsa king of Numidia — 148	53	Matthias emperor of Germany — 1612	8	Ninus king of Assyria — 630
16	Mithridates IV. king of Pontus 240	50	Matthias king of Hungary — 1458		
17	Mithridates V. — 156	36	Mauregat the Usurper king of Oviedo — 783		A. D.
18	Mithridates VI. — 120	32	Maurice the Cappadocian emperor of the East — 582	55	Nadir, Shah of Persia — 1736
17	Mithridates I. king of Parthia 164	53	Maurice prince of Orange — 1618	57	Napoleon emperor of France — 1804
18	Mithridates II. — 125	27	Maxentius Roman emperor — 306	32	Narses duke of Italy — 553
19	Mithridates III. — 61	26	Maximian Roman emperor — 286	26	Narsi king of Persia — 293
		50	Maximilian I. emperor of Germany — 1493	22	Nero Roman emperor — 54
	A. D.	52	Maximilian II. — 1564	27	Nerva Roman emperor — 96
41	Macbeth king of Scotland — 1039	52	Maximilian Joseph king of Bavaria — 1805	33	Nephorus I. emperor of the East — 802
25	Macrinus Roman emperor — 217	25	Maximin I. Roman emperor — 235	40	Nicephorus II. Phocas — 963
41	Magnus the Good, king of Denmark — 1042	27	Maximin II. — 308	42	Nicephorus III. — 1078
46	Magnus I. king of Sweden — 1279	30	Maximus emperor of the West — 455	57	Nicholas emperor of Russia — 1825
47	Magnus II. — 1320	29	Melchisedech Bishop of Rome — 311	43	Nicholas king of Denmark — 1105
49	Mahomed I. Ottoman emperor — 1413	27	Melchisedech Bishop of Rome — 311	38	Nicholas I. Pope — 857
50	Mahomed II. — 1451	29	Merovins king of the Franks — 448	42	Nicholas II. — 1058
52	Mahomed III. — 1595	34	Merwan I. Caliph — 684	46	Nicholas III. — 1277
53	Mahomed IV. — 1649	35	Merwan II. — 745	46	Nicholas IV. — 1288
55	Mahmood I. Ottoman emperor 1730	37	Michael I. Rhangabe emperor of the East — 811	49	Nicholas V. — 1447
57	Mahmood II. — 1808	37	Michael I. Rhangabe emperor of the East — 811	31	Noorsherwan king of Persia — 531
33	Mahomed, 'the Prophet' — 622	37	Michael II. the Stammerer — 320		
35	Mahomed emir in Spain — 729	37	Michael III. the Sot — 842		B. C.
38	Mahomed I. king of Cordova — 852	41	Michael IV. the Paphlagonian — 1034	13	Ochus king of Persia — 359
41	Mahomed II. — 1009	41	Michael V. Calaphates — 1041	14	Olympias queen of Macedon — 316
41	Mahomed I. ben Gehwar king of Cordova — 1044	42	Michael VI. Stratioticus — 1056	4	Omri king of Israel — 930
42	Mahomed II. Almoateded — 1060	42	Michael VII. Parapinaces — 1071	14	Onias I. High Priest — 324
42	Mahomed III. Alnostadir — 1069	46	Michael VIII. Paleologus — 1260	16	Onias II. — 233
44	Mahomed Alnassar, dynasty of the Almohades — 1199	54	Michael Koributh king of Poland 1669	17	Onias III. — 195
45	Mahomed I. king of Granada — 1238	53	Michael Romanof Czar of Russia 1613	13	Orestes king of Macedon — 399
46	Mahomed II. — 1273	40	Miecislus I. Duke of Poland — 964	19	Orodes I. king of Parthia — 57
47	Mahomed III. — 1302	41	Miecislus II. — 1025		
47	Mahomed IV. — 1325	44	Miecislus III. the Old — 1173		A. D.
48	Mahomed V. — 1354	57	Miguel king of Portugal — 1823	31	Octa king of Kent — 512
48	Mahomed VI. — 1396	32	Mirwa king of the Suevi — 569	30	Odoacer king of the Heruli — 476
49	Mahomed VII. — 1423	34	Moawiah I. Caliph — 661	34	Offa king of Essex — 700
49	Mahomed VIII. — 1427	34	Moawiah II. — 683	36	Offa king of Mercia — 755
49	Mahomed IX. — 1445	36	Mohadi, Caliph — 775	35	Okbah emir in Spain — 735
50	Mahomed X. — 1474	38	Mohtadi, Caliph — 869	41	Olaf Skotkonung king of Sweden — 1001
52	Mahomed Meerza Shah of Persia 1577	39	Mohtafi, Caliph — 902	42	Olaus V. king of Denmark — 1086
55	Mahmood Shah of Persia — 1722	38	Moktader, Caliph — 908	48	Olaus V. — 1376
57	Mahomed Shah of Persia — 1834	38	Mostain, Caliph — 862	30	Olybrius emperor of the West — 472
30	Majorian emperor of the West — 457	38	Mostanser, Caliph — 861	33	Olympius exarch of Ravenna — 649
39	Malcolm I. king of Scotland — 944	38	Motadhed, Caliph — 892	33	Omar I. Caliph — 634
41	Malcolm II. — 1003	38	Motamed, Caliph — 870	35	Omar II. Caliph — 717
42	Malcolm III. Canmore — 1057	37	Motawakel, Caliph — 847	47	Orchan Ottoman emperor — 1326
44	Malcolm IV. — 1153	38	Motawakel king of Cordova — 1016	37	Ordonno I. king of Oviedo — 850
30	Maldras king of the Suevi — 457	41	Motaz, Caliph — 866	39	Ordonno II. king of Leon — 914
37	Maman, Caliph — 813	36	Mull Ethelwold king of Northumbria — 759	39	Ordonno III. — 950
46	Manfred king of Sicily — 1258	35	Musa emir in Spain — 712	21	Orodes II. king of Parthia — 14
43	Manuel I. Comnenus emperor of the East — 1143	49	Musa Chelebi Ottoman emperor 1410	38	Osbert king of Bernicia — 862
48	Manuel II. Paleologus — 139	53	Mustafa I. emperor of Turkey 1617	53	Osman I. emperor of Turkey — 1618
26	Marcellinus Bishop of Rome — 296	54	Mustafa II. — 1695	56	Osman II. — 1754
27	Marcellus I. Bishop of Rome — 308	56	Mustafa III. — 1757	36	Osred I. king of Northumbria — 705
52	Marcellus II. Pope — 1555	57	Mustafa IV. — 1807	36	Osred II. — 789
29	Marcian emperor of the East — 450			33	Osric king of Deira — 634
27	Marcus Bishop of Rome — 336			35	Osric king of Northumbria — 718
				36	Osulf king of Northumbria — 757
				33	Oswald king of Bernicia — 635



## EMPERORS — KINGS — POPES

N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.	N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.	N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.
33	Oswin king of Deira — 644	36	Paul I. Pope — 757	26	Probus, Roman emperor — 276
33	Oswy king of Bernicia — 642	50	Paul II. — 1464	44	Premislas I. the Victorious, king of Bohemia — 1197
46	Othman Ottoman emperor — 1299	51	Paul III. — 1534	46	Premislas II. the Victorious — 1252
33	Othman, Caliph — 144	52	Paul IV. — 1555	46	Premislas king of Poland — 1295
35	Othman emir in Spain — 727	53	Paul V. — 1605		
22	Otho Roman emperor — 69	56	Paul emperor of Russia — 1796		
39	Otho I. the Great, emperor of Germany — 936	34	Peada king of Mercia — 655		B. C.
40	Otho II. the Bloody — 973	42	Pedro king of Navarre — 1094	7	Regibaldus king of Babylon — 693
40	Otho III. the Red — 983	47	Pedro the Cruel, king of Castile — 1350	4	Relioboam king of Judah — 976
45	Otho IV. — 1208	42	Pedro I. king of Arragon — 1094		
57	Otho of Bavaria king of Greece — 1833	44	Pedro II. — 1196		A. D.
53	Otfrefej Czar of Russia — 1605	46	Pedro III. — 1276	39	Radhi, Caliph — 934
		47	Pedro IV. the Ceremonious — 1336	35	Ragimbert king of the Lombards — 701
		48	Pedro I. the Severe, king of Portugal — 1357	35	Ratchis king of the Lombards — 744
	B. C.	54	Pedro II. — 1683	37	Ramiro I. king of Oviedo — 842
14	Parysades king of Bosphorus — 348	56	Pedro III. — 1777	39	Ramiro II. king of Leon — 927
12	Pausanias king of Sparta — 408	57	Pedro IV. — 1826	40	Ramiro III. — 967
13	Pausanias king of Macedon — 394	46	Pedro I. the Great, king of Sicily — 1282	41	Ramiro I. king of Arragon — 1035
12	Pausiris king of Egypt — 408	47	Pedro II. — 1337	43	Ramiro II. the Monk — 1134
5	Pekah king of Israel — 757	32	Pelagius I. Bishop of Rome — 555	43	Raymond king of Arragon — 1137
5	Pekaiak king of Israel — 759	32	Pelagius II. — 578	32	Reared I. king of the Visigoths — 586
6	Perdiccas I. king of Macedon — 729	35	Pelayo king of Asturias — 718	33	Reared II. — 620
11	Perdiccas II. — 454	33	Penda king of Mercia — 626	34	Rechiswind king of the Visigoths — 653
13	Perdiccas III. — 364	36	Pepin the Little, king of France — 752	29	Recharius king of the Suevi — 448
8	Periander king of Corinth — 625	34	Pertharitus king of the Lombards — 661	29	Rechila king of the Suevi — 441
17	Perseus king of Macedon — 179	24	Pertinax Roman emperor — 193	32	Redwald king of E. Anglia — 599
17	Pharnaces I. king of Pontus — 190	45	Peter de Courtenay Latin emperor — 1217	30	Remismund king of the Suevi — 463
19	Pharnaces II. — 63	41	Peter the German king of Hungary — 1038	51	René de Nassau prince of Orange — 1530
4	Pherecles perpetual archon — 860	46	Peter le Petit Charlemagne, count of Savoy — 1263	41	Richense, regent of Poland — 1034
4	Phorbas perpetual archon — 947	54	Peter I. the Great, Czar of Russia — 1682	46	Richard of Cornwall — 1257
7	Phraortes king of Media — 656	55	Peter II. — 1727	39	Richard I. the Fearless, Duke of Normandy — 943
17	Phraartes I. king of Parthia — —	56	Peter III. — 1762	40	Richard II. the Good — 996
18	Phraartes II. — 139	43	Petronilla queen of Arragon — 1137	41	Richard III. — 1026
19	Phraartes III. — 70	50	Philibert I. the Hunter, duke of Savoy — 1472	44	Richard I. Cœur de Lion, king of England — 1189
20	Phraartes IV. — 37	50	Philibert II. le Beau — 1497	48	Richard II. — 1377
15	Philetærus king of Pergamus — 283	51	Philibert de Chalons prince of Orange — 1502	50	Richard III. — 1483
8	Philip I. king of Macedon — 640	25	Philip the Arabian Roman emperor — 244	45	Robert de Courtenay, Latin emperor — 1221
13	Philip II. — 359	44	Philip of Suabia emperor of Germany — 1198	39	Robert I. king of France — 922
14	Philip III. — 323	42	Philip I. L'Amoureux king of France — 1060	40	Robert II. the Wise — 996
15	Philip IV. — 298	44	Philip II. Augustus — 1180	41	Robert I. le Diabie, duke of Normandy — 1028
16	Philip V. — 220	46	Philip III. the Hardy — 1270	42	Robert II. Courthose — 1087
11	Pleistarchus king of Sparta — 480	46	Philip IV. the Fair — 1285	47	Robert I. Bruce king of Scotland — 1306
11	Pleistoanax king of Sparta — 458	47	Philip V. the Long — 1316	48	Robert II. — 1371
4	Polydectes king of Sparta — 890	47	Philip VI. — 1328	48	Robert III. — 1380
6	Polydorus king of Sparta — 742	46	Philip I. count of Savoy — 1268	42	Robert Guiscard duke of Apulia — 1057
6	Porus king of Babylon — 731	50	Philip II. Sans Terre — 1496	47	Robert the Wise, king of Naples — 1309
4	Procles king of Sparta — 1044	47	Philip I. king of Navarre — 1316	35	Roderic king of the Visigoths — 711
4	Prumnis king of Corinth — 959	47	Philip II. — 1328	34	Rodoald king of Lombards — 652
16	Prusias I. king of Bithynia — 228	51	Philip I. le Beau king of Castile — 1504	46	Rodolph I. of Hapsburg, emperor of Germany — 1473
17	Prusias II. — 180	52	Philip II. king of Spain — 1556	52	Rodolph II. — 1576
4	Prytanis king of Sparta — 931	52	Philip III. — 1598	47	Rodolph of Hapsburg, king of Bohemia — 1306
6	Prytanes of Corinth — 745	53	Philip IV. — 1621	39	Rodolf king of France — 923
14	Prytanis king of Bosphorus — 309	54	Philip V. king of Spain — 1700	39	Rodolf king of Italy — 922
9	Psammetichus king of Corinth — 585	52	Philip William prince of Orange — 1584	38	Rodolf I. king of Transjuran Burgundy — 888
7	Psammetichus king of Egypt — 670	43	Philip king of Sweden — 1112	39	Rodolf II. — 911
9	Psaumis king of Egypt — 600	35	Philippicus Bardanes emperor of the East — 711	40	Rodolf III. le Fainéant — 993
13	Psammuthis king of Egypt — 376	33	Phocas emperor of the East — 602	42	Roger duke of Apulia — 1085
13	Ptolemy I. Alorites king of Macedon — 367	21	Phraatices king of Parthia — 13	42	Roger I. count of Sicily — 1072
14	Ptolemy I. Soter I. king of Egypt — 323	37	Piastus duke of Poland — 842	43	Roger II. — 1101
15	Ptolemy II. Philadelphus — 285	23	Pius I. Bishop of Rome — 142	55	Rokh, Shah of Persia — 1748
16	Ptolemy III. Evergetes — 247	50	Pius II. Pope — 1458	39	Rollo duke of Normandy — 911
16	Ptolemy IV. Philopater — 222	51	Pius III. — 1503	39	Romanus I. Lecapenus emperor of the East — 919
16	Ptolemy V. Epiphanes — 205	52	Pius IV. — 1559	40	Romanus II. — 959
17	Ptolemy VI. Philometer — 181	52	Pius V. — 1566	41	Romanus III. Argyrus — 1028
17	Ptolemy VII. Physcon — 170	56	Pius VI. — 1775	42	Romanus IV. Diogenes — 1067
18	Ptolemy VIII. Soter II. — 117	56	Pius VII. — 1800	32	Romanus exarch of Ravenna — 590
19	Ptolemy IX. Auletes — 80	57	Pius VIII. — 1829	38	Romanus Pope — 897
19	Ptolemy the elder — 51	33	Plato exarch of Ravenna — 638	30	Romulus Augustulus emperor of the West — 475
20	Ptolemy the younger — 47	25	Pontianus Bishop of Rome — 230	33	Rotharis king of the Lombards — 636
5	Pul king of Assyria — 769			48	Rupert emperor of Germany — 1400
15	Punic Period, years of — 264				
15	Pyrrhus king of Epirus — 295				
	A. D.				
22	Pacorus king of Parthia — 90				
30	Pallas king of Persia — 484				
37	Pascal I. Pope — 817				
42	Pascal II. — 1099				
35	Paul exarch of Ravenna — 727				

ALPHABETICAL TABLES

I.

EMPERORS — KINGS — POPES

N <sup>o</sup>	B. C.	N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.	N <sup>o</sup>	B. C.
8	Sadyattes king of Lydia — 617	36	Sigebert king of Wessex — 754	13	Tachos king of Egypt — 363
7	Sammughes king of Assyria — 691	33	Sigebert king of East Anglia — 629	4	Telectus king of Sparta — 812
7	Saoduchinus king of Babylon — 667	33	Sigebert I. king of Essex — 614	5	Telestes king of Corinth — 758
8	Saracus king of Assyria — 630	33	Sigebert II. the Little — 623	5	Theopompus king of Sparta — 770
6	Sardanapalus king of Assyria — 711	34	Sigebert III. the Good — 635	4	Thersippus perpetual archon — 970
8	Sardanapalus — 650	34	Sigenard king of Essex — 693	4	Thersippus perpetual archon — 821
8	Sardanapalus — 630	36	Sigered king of Essex — 799	11	Thrasybulus tyrant of Syracuse — 467
12	Satyrus I. king of Bosphorus — 407	29	Sigeric king of the Visigoths — 415	6	Tiglathpileser king of Assyria — 738
14	Satyrus II. — 310	34	Sigeric I. king of Essex — 663	19	Tigranes king of Armenia — 96
3	Saul king of Israel — 1096	36	Sigeric II. — 792	19	Tigranes king of Syria — 83
12	Seleucus king of Bosphorus — 431	49	Sigismund emperor of Germany — 1410	14	Timoleon tyrant of Syracuse — 344
14	Seleucus I. Nicator king of Syria — 312	48	Sigismund king of Hungary — 1392	16	Tiridates king of Parthia — 248
16	Seleucus II. Ceraunus — 266	49	Sigismund king of Bohemia — 1419	19	Tryphena queen of Egypt — 58
16	Seleucus III. Callinicus — 246	51	Sigismund I. king of Poland — 1506		
17	Seleucus IV. Philopater — 187	51	Sigismund II. Augustus — 1548		
19	Seleucus V. — 95	52	Sigismund III. — 1587		
6	Sennacherib king of Assyria — 713	31	Sigismund king of the Burgundians — 516		
5	Shallum king of Israel — 770	52	Sigismund king of Sweden — 1592	26	Tacitus Roman emperor — 275
6	Shalmaneser king of Assyria — 729	36	Silo the Saracen king of Oviedo — 774	51	Tamasp I. Shah of Persia — 1523
15	Simon I. the Just, High Priest — 300	31	Silverius Bishop of Rome — 536	55	Tamasp II. — 1729
16	Simon II. — 219	27	Silvester I. Bishop of Rome — 314	44	Tancred king of Sicily — 1189
18	Simon III. — 143	40	Silvester II. — 999	35	Tarik emir in Spain — 711
19	Simatrocēs king of Parthia — 77	28	Simplicius Bishop of Rome — 468	43	Taxūn ben Ali, dynasty of the Almohades — 1143
10	Smerdis of Persia — 522	38	Siricius Bishop of Rome — 384	32	Teia king of the Ostrogoths — 552
12	Sogdianus king of Persia — 425	33	Sisebert king of the Visigoths — 612	23	Telesphorus Bishop of Rome — 127
3	Solomon king of Israel — 1016	33	Sisenard king of the Visigoths — 631	35	Thalaba emir in Spain — 742
15	Sosthenes king of Macedon — 280	35	Sisinus, Pope — 708	45	Theobald I. the Posthumous, king of Navarre — 1234
4	Sous king of Sparta — 1010	23	Sixtus I. Bishop of Rome — 119	46	Theodebald II. — 1253
12	Spartocus I. king of Bosphorus — 438	26	Sixtus II. — 257	31	Theodatus king of the Ostrogoths — 534
13	Spartocus II. — 353	29	Sixtus III. — 432	31	Theodebald king of the Ostrogoths — 540
14	Spartocus III. — 304	50	Sixtus IV. Pope — 1471	31	Theodebert I. king of Metz — 548
11	Syracuse, First Interval — 466	52	Sixtus V. — 1585	31	Theodebert I. king of Metz — 534
14	Syracuse, Second — 350	32	Sledda king of Essex — 587	32	Theodebert II. — 596
14	Syracuse, Third — 337	32	Smaragdus exarch of Ravenna — 584	32	Theodemir king of the Suevi — 559
15	Syracuse, Fourth — 289	43	Sobieslas I. duke of Bohemia — 1125	31	Theodisel king of the Visigoths — 548
		44	Sobieslas II. — 1174	42	Theodora empress of the East — 1054
		49	Soliman I. Ottoman emperor — 1402	45	Theodore Lascaris I. Greek emperor — 1204
32	Sabert king of Essex — 597	51	Soliman II. — 1520	46	Theodore Lascaris II. — 1255
33	Sabianus, Pope — 604	54	Soliman III. — 1687	33	Theodore I. exarch of Ravenna — 648
42	Salomon king of Hungary — 1064	35	Soliman Caliph — 715	34	Theodore II. — 678
39	Sancho I. Garcia, king of Navarre — 905	54	Soliman Shah of Persia — 1666	29	Theodoric I. king of the Visigoths — 419
40	Sancho II. Abarca — 970	53	Soofe Shah of Persia — 1627	30	Theodoric king of the Ostrogoths — 493
40	Sancho III. — 1000	24	Soter Bishop of Rome — 168	30	Theodoric II. — 433
42	Sancho IV. — 1054	39	Spitigneus I. duke of Bohemia — 902	32	Theodoric king of Bernicia — 580
42	Sancho V. Ramirez — 1076	42	Spitigneus II. — 1055	33	Theodorus I., Pope — 642
43	Sancho VI. — 1150	56	Stanislaus Augustus king of Poland — 1764	38	Theodorus II. — 898
44	Sancho VII. the Infirm — 1194	37	Stauricius emperor of the East — 811	28	Theodosius I. the Great, Roman emperor — 379
40	Sancho I. the Fat, king of Leon — 955	39	Stephen emperor of the East — 928	29	Theodosius II. emperor of the East — 408
42	Sancho III. the Strong, king of Castile — 1065	40	Stephen I. king of Hungary — 1000	35	Theodosius III. — 716
44	Sancho III. — 1157	43	Stephen II. the Thunderbolt — 1114	35	Theophilactus exarch of Ravenna — 702
46	Sancho IV. the Great — 1284	44	Stephen III. — 1161	37	Theophilus emperor of the East — 829
42	Sancho Ramirez king of Arragon — 1063	46	Stephen IV. — 1270	31	Theudis king of the Visigoths — 531
44	Sancho I. king of Portugal — 1185	52	Stephen Bathori king of Poland — 1574	31	Thierry I. king of Metz — 511
45	Sancho II. Capellus — 1223	43	Stephen king of England — 1135	32	Thierry II. king of Orleans — 596
33	Saxred king of Essex — 614	26	Stephen I. Bishop of Rome — 253	34	Thierry III. king of Neustria — 670
33	Schiroueh king of Persia — 628	36	Stephen II., Pope — 752	35	Thierry IV. — 720
35	Scholasticus exarch of Ravenna — 713	37	Stephen III. — 768	44	Thomas count of Savoy — 1188
52	Sebastian king of Portugal — 1557	37	Stephen IV. — 816	30	Thorismund king of the Visigoths — 451
34	Sebbi king of Essex — 663	38	Stephen V. — 885	30	Thorismund king of the Vandals — 496
51	Selim I. emperor of Turkey — 1512	38	Stephen VI. — 896	35	Thueba emir in Spain — 745
52	Selim II. — 1566	39	Stephen VII. — 929	21	Tiberius I. Roman emperor — 14
56	Selim III. — 1788	39	Stephen VIII. — 939	32	Tiberius II. emperor of the East — 578
34	Seldred king of East Anglia — 633	42	Stephen IX. — 1057	34	Tiberius III. Apsimar — 698
24	Septimius Severus Roman emperor — 194	42	Stenkil king of Sweden — 1056	32	Titus king of East Anglia — 578
34	Sergius I. Pope — 687	43	Suatopluc duke of Bohemia — 1107	22	Titus Roman emperor — 79
37	Sergius II. — 844	35	Suebriht king of Essex — 709	31	Totila king of the Ostrogoths — 541
39	Sergius III. — 904	33	Suenfrid king of Essex — 693	22	Trajan Roman emperor — 98
41	Sergius IV. — 1009	34	Suentilla king of the Visigoths — 621	33	Tulca king of the Visigoths — 640
33	Severinus, Pope — 640	41	Suleiman king of Cordova — 1002		
27	Severus Roman emperor — 306	43	Swerker I. king of Sweden — 1129		
30	Severus emperor of the West — 461	44	Swerker II. — 1192		
33	Seward king of Essex — 614	40	Sweyn I. Forked Beard, king of Denmark — 985		
34	Sexburga queen of Wessex — 672	41	Sweyn II. — 1047		
25	Shahpoor I. king of Persia — 240	43	Sweyn III. — 1147	41	Udalric duke of Bohemia — 1012
27	Shahpoor II. — 310	34	Swithelm king of Essex — 661	32	Ufa king of East Anglia — 571
28	Shahpoor III. — 385	35	Swithred king of Essex — 738	55	Ulrica queen of Sweden — 1719
33	Shenendeh king of Persia — 631	30	Symmachus Bishop of Rome — 498	25	Urban I. Bishop of Rome — 223
32	Sigebert I. king of Metz — 561			42	Urban II. Pope — 1088
32	Sigebert II. king of Austrasia — 638			44	Urban III. — 1185





ALPHABETICAL TABLES

I.

NON-REGAL STATES

N°	A. D.	N°	A. D.	N°	A. D.
50 Achilles count of Guastalla	1494	44 Azzo VI. of Este, lord of Ferrara	1196	47 Charles de Blois duke of Bretagne	1341
37 Adalbert I. duke of Tuscany	847	45 Azzo VII.	1215	47 Charles duke of Luxemburg	1346
38 Adalbert II. the Rich	890	45 Azzo VIII.	1293	43 Charles count of Flanders	1119
56 Adams, John, president of the United States	1797	47 Azzo lord of Milan	1323	55 Charles I. duke of Wurtemberg	1733
57 Adams, John Quincy, pres.	1825	39 Badoardo, Pietro, doge of Venice	939	55 Charles II. Eugene	1737
47 Adolph elector Palatine	1319	45 Baldwin de Courtenay, marquis of Namur	1237	55 Charles I. Albert, elector of Bavaria	1726
42 Agnes duchess of Bavaria	1056	38 Baldwin I. Bras de fer, count of Flanders	862	56 Charles II. Theodore	1778
38 Alain III. de Vannes, count of Bretagne	877	38 Baldwin II. the Bald	879	55 Charles I. Louis, elector Palatine	1632
39 Alain IV. de Vannes	937	39 Baldwin III.	918	53 Charles II.	1680
41 Alain V. duke of Bretagne	1003	40 Baldwin IV. the Bearded	989	53 Charles III. Philip	1716
42 Alain VI. Fergent	1084	41 Baldwin V. le Debonnaire	1036	55 Charles IV. Theodore	1743
48 Albert D'Este lord of Ferrara	1388	42 Baldwin VI. the Good	1067	40 Charles of France, duke of Lower Lorraine	976
41 Albert II. count of Namur	1006	43 Baldwin VII. à la Hache	1111	48 Charles I. duke of Lorraine	1391
41 Albert III.	1037	44 Baldwin VIII.	1191	51 Charles II. the Great	1545
48 Albert count of Holland	1389	44 Baldwin IX. of Constantinople	1194	53 Charles III.	1623
43 Albert I. the Boar, first elector of Brandenburg	1134	41 Baldwin I. count of Hainault	1030	54 Charles IV.	1675
45 Albert II.	1206	42 Baldwin II. of Jerusalem	1070	53 Christian I. duke of Brunswick	1611
50 Albert III.	1470	42 Baldwin III.	1099	53 Christian II. Louis	1648
49 Albert I. duke of Bavaria	1438	43 Baldwin IV. the Builder	1120	52 Christian I. elector of Saxony	1586
50 Albert II.	1465	44 Baldwin V. the Valiant	1171	52 Christian II.	1591
51 Albert III.	1550	44 Baldwin VI.	1195	49 Christopher count of Guastalla	1449
45 Albert I. elector of Saxony	1212	50 Barbarigo, Marco, doge of Venice	1485	51 Christopher the Pacific, duke of Wurtemberg	1550
46 Albert II.	1260	50 Barbarigo, Agostino, doge	1486	52 Cicogna, Pasquale, doge of Venice	1585
41 Albert III.	1418	41 Barbolano, Pietro, doge	1026	51 Claude duchess of Bretagne	1514
49 Albert duke of Lorraine	1046	42 Beatrice, duchess of Tuscany	1055	50 Cleves, Adolphus of, governor of the Netherlands	1477
45 Aldovrandini I. lord of Ferrara	1212	55 Bedmar, Isidor marquis de, governor of the Netherlands	1701	40 Conan I. de Rennes count of Bretagne	987
48 Aldovrandini II.	1352	53 Bembo, Giovanni, doge of Venice	1615	41 Conan II.	1040
39 Aledran marquis of Montferrat	938	57 Bentinck, lord William, governor-general of India	1828	43 Conan III. the Fat	1112
51 Alexander duke of Florence	1531	39 Berenger de Rennes count of Bretagne	930	44 Conan IV. the Little	1156
52 Alexander duke of Parma	1586	48 Bernarbo lord of Milan	1354	43 Conrad president of Tuscany	1119
51 Alfonso I. duke of Ferrara	1505	49 Bernard, first duke of Brunswick Lunenburg	1409	42 Conrad marquis of Montferrat	1189
52 Alfonso II.	1559	40 Bernard I. duke of Saxony	973	42 Conrad duke of L. Lorraine	1076
53 Alfonso III. duke of Modena	1628	41 Bernard II.	1010	42 Conrad I. count of Luxemburg	1057
54 Alfonso IV.	1658	44 Bernard III.	1180	43 Conrad II.	1128
45 Alva, Ferdinand duke of, governor of the Netherlands	1567	39 Berthold, duke of Bavaria	939	40 Conrad I. duke of Suabia	982
57 Amherst, William lord, governor-general of India	1823	37 Boniface I. marquis of Tuscany	828	41 Conrad II.	1030
37 Antenorio, Oblerio, doge of Venice	804	41 Boniface II. the Pious, duke	1027	44 Conrad III. (and Franconia)	1191
50 Anne duchess of Bretagne	1488	42 Boniface I. marquis of Montferrat	1060	45 Conrad IV.	1235
55 Antony duke of Parma	1727	44 Boniface II.	1192	46 Conrad V. or Conradin	1254
55 Antony Ferdinand duke of Guastalla	1714	45 Boniface III. the Giant	1225	38 Conrad I. duke of Franconia	891
49 Antony duke of Brabant	1405	50 Boniface IV.	1483	39 Conrad II.	939
49 Antony of Burgundy, duke of Luxemburg	1411	51 Boniface V.	1518	41 Conrad III.	1004
51 Antony duke of Lorraine	1508	49 Borso duke of Ferrara	1450	41 Conrad IV.	1011
39 Arnolph I. count of Flanders	918	39 Bosen marquis of Tuscany	931	43 Conrad V.	1116
40 Arnolph II. le Jeune	965	40 Bruno duke of Lower Lorraine	953	44 Conrad VI.	1167
42 Arnolph III.	1070	39 Burchard I. duke of Suabia	916	41 Conrad I. duke of Bavaria	1047
40 Arnolph count of Friesland	988	40 Burchard II.	954	42 Conrad II.	1054
40 Arnolph count of Hainault	973	52 Cæsar duke of Ferrara	1597	44 Conrad of Suabia, first elector Palatine	1156
39 Arnolph the Bad, duke of Bavaria	907	52 Cæsar I. count of Guastalla	1557	39 Conrad the Red, duke of Lorraine	944
44 Arthur I. duke of Bretagne	1196	53 Cæsar II. duke	1630	44 Constance duchess of Bretagne	1196
47 Arthur II.	1305	38 Candiano, Pietro I. doge of Venice	887	41 Contarini, Domenico I. doge of Venice	1043
50 Arthur III.	1457	39 Candiano, Pietro II.	932	46 Contarini, Giacomo, doge	1275
57 Auckland, George lord, governor-general of India	1836	39 Candiano, Pietro III.	942	48 Contarini, Andrea, doge	1367
53 Augustus duke of Brunswick	1633	40 Candiano, Pietro IV.	959	53 Contarini, Francesco, doge	1623
52 Augustus elector of Saxony	1553	40 Candiano, Vitale, doge	978	53 Contarini, Nicolo, doge	1630
51 Austria, Margaret of, governante of the Netherlands	1507	54 Caretto, Otto-Henry marquis del, governor of the Netherlands	1682	54 Contarini, Carlo, doge	1655
51 Austria, Mary of, governante	1531	55 Carlos, Don. duke of Parma	1731	54 Contarini, Domenico II. doge	1659
52 Austria, Margaret of, governante	1559	54 Castanaga, Francis marquis de, governor of the Netherlands	1685	54 Contarini, Luigi, doge	1676
52 Austria, Don John of, governor	1576	53 Castel-Rodrigo, Emmanuel marquis of, gov. of the N. lands	1644	48 Cornaro, Marco, doge	1365
52 Austria, Ernest archduke of, governor	1594	54 Castel-Rodrigo, Francisco marquis of, gov. of the N. lands	1664	53 Cornaro, Giovanni I. doge	1624
52 Austria, Albert archduke of, governor	1596	48 Celsi, Lorenzo, doge of Venice	1361	54 Cornaro, Francesco, doge	1656
53 Austria, Leopold archduke of, governor	1647	54 Charles of Mantua, duke of Guastalla	1678	55 Cornaro, Giovanni II. doge	1709
54 Austria, Don John of, governor	1656	53 Charles I. duke of Mantua	1627	56 Cornwallis, Charles marquis, governor-general of India	1786
55 Austria, Mary-Elizabeth of, governante	1725	53 Charles III. son of Charles II. duke de Rethelois, duke of Mantua	1637	49 Cosmo de Medici lord of Florence	1434
55 Austria, Mary-Anne of, g.nante	1744	54 Charles IV. duke of Mantua	1665	51 Cosmo I. de Medici the Great, grand duke of Tuscany	1537
56 Austria, Mary-Christina of	1781	50 Charles the Bold, duke of Burgundy	1467	53 Cosmo II.	1609
56 Austria, Charles archduke of, governor	1793			54 Cosmo III.	1670
				51 Croy, William de, governor of the Netherlands	1505



## NON-REGAL STATES

N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.	N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.	N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.
44	Dandolo, Enrico, doge of Venice	1192	49	Francis Sforza duke of Milan	1447
46	Dandolo, Giovanni, doge	1279	51	Francis-Mary duke of Milan	1521
47	Dandolo, Francesco, doge	1328	51	Francis I. of France duke of Milan	1515
47	Dandolo, Andrea, doge	1343	48	Francis I. lord of Mantua	1382
52	Da Ponte, Nicolò, doge	1578	48	Francis II. duke of Mantua	1540
48	Dolfin, Giovanni, doge	1356	53	Francis III.	1612
51	Donato, Francesco, doge	1545	49	Francis I. duke of Bretagne	1442
53	Donato, Leonardo, doge	1606	50	Francis II.	1458
53	Donato, Nicolò, doge	1618	51	Francis I. of France duke of Bretagne	1524
40	Drogo count of Bretagne	952	51	Francis I. duke of Lorraine	1544
50	Eberhard, first duke of Wurtemberg	1457	53	Francis II.	1624
50	Eberhard II. le Jeune	1496	55	Francis III. Stephen	1729
53	Eberhard III.	1628	42	Frederic duke of Tuscany	1052
39	Eberhard duke of Franconia	912	42	Frederic lord of Ferrara	1067
39	Eberhard duke of Bavaria	937	50	Frederic I. marquis of Mantua	1478
53	Edward duke of Parma	1622	52	Frederic II. duke of Mantua	1519
49	Elizabeth duchess of Luxemburg	1415	53	Frederic-Henry of Orange stadtholder	1625
52	Emmanuel Philibert duke of Savoy, gov. of the N.lands	1555	40	Frederic count of Luxemburg	998
33	Erispoe count of Bretagne	851	41	Frederic of Luxemburg duke of Lower Lorraine	1048
53	Erizzo, Francesco, doge of Venice	1631	42	Frederic I. duke of Suabia	1080
44	Ermensind I. ess. of Luxemburg	1196	43	Frederic II. de Borgne	1105
45	Ermensind II.	1214	43	Frederic III. Barbarossa	1147
41	Ernest I. duke of Suabia	1012	44	Frederic IV. (and Franconia)	1152
41	Ernest II.	1015	44	Frederic V.	1169
51	Ernest I. duke of Brunswick	1532	45	Frederic VI.	1208
52	Ernest II.	1592	49	Frederic I. duke of Brunswick	1434
54	Ernest-Augustus first elector of Hanover	1691	53	Frederic II.	1636
48	Ernest duke of Bavaria	1397	52	Frederic I. duke of Wurtemberg	1593
50	Ernest elector of Saxony	1464	56	Frederic-Eugene duke	1795
42	Eudes I. duke of Burgundy	1078	56	Frederic II. duke	1797
43	Eudes II.	1142	49	Frederic I. of Nuremburg elector of Brandenburg	1415
44	Eudes III.	1193	49	Frederic II. Dent de fer	1430
47	Eudes IV.	1315	49	Frederic I. the Victorious, elector Palatine	1449
43	Eudes duke of Bretagne	1148	51	Frederic II. the Wise	1544
42	Faliero, Vitale, doge of Venice	1084	52	Frederic III. the Pious	1559
43	Faliero, Ordelafo, doge	1102	52	Frederic IV.	1583
48	Faliero, Marino, doge	1354	53	Frederic V.	1610
52	Ferdinand I. de Medici grand duke of Tuscany	1587	49	Frederic I. elector of Saxony	1423
53	Ferdinand II. de Medici	1621	49	Frederic II. the Good	1428
56	Ferdinand III.	1790	50	Frederic III. the Wise	1486
56	Ferdinand, Don, duke of Parma	1765	54	Frederic-Augustus I. elector of Saxony	1694
51	Ferdinand I. de Gonzaga count of Guastalla	1539	55	Frederic-Augustus II.	1733
52	Ferdinand II. duke	1575	56	Frederic-Christian	1763
53	Ferdinand III.	1632	56	Frederic-Augustus III.	1763
53	Ferdinand duke of Mantua	1612	40	Frederic I. duke of Lorraine	959
53	Ferdinand, Don, governor of the Netherlands	1633	41	Frederic II.	1026
45	Ferdinand count of Flanders	1206	54	Fromiata, Louis marquis de, governor of the Netherlands	1659
54	Ferdinand-Mary elector of Bavaria	1651	52	Fuentes, Pedro d'Asorvedo count de, gov. of the Netherlands	1595
54	Feria, Inigo duke de, governor of the Netherlands	1668	47	Fulke lord of Ferrara	1308
45	Ferri I. duke of Lorraine	1205	36	Galbajo, Giovanni, doge of Venice	787
45	Ferri II.	1206	47	Galeas I. lord of Milan	1322
46	Ferri III.	1251	48	Galeas II.	1354
47	Ferri IV.	1312	50	Galeas-Mary duke of Milan	1466
41	Flabanaco, Dominico, doge of Venice	1032	40	Geoffrey I. duke of Bretagne	992
41	Florence I. count of Friesland	1049	44	Geoffrey II.	1171
42	Florence II. count of Holland	1091	54	George-William I. duke of Brunswick	1665
44	Florence III.	1157	54	George-Louis elector of Hanover	1698
45	Florence IV.	1223	55	George-Augustus elector	1727
46	Florence V.	1256	56	George-William II. elector	1760
49	Foscari, Francesco, doge of Venice	1423	41	Gerard duke of Lorraine	1048
56	Foscari, Marco, doge	1762	45	Giacomo lord of Ferrara	1244
52	Francis-Mary I. de Medici grand duke of Tuscany	1574	41	Gilbert count of Luxemburg	1019
55	Francis II.	1737	47	Giorgi, Marino, doge of Venice	1311
53	Francis I. duke of Modena	1629	39	Giselbert duke of Burgundy	923
54	Francis II.	1662	39	Giselbert duke of Lorraine	916
55	Francis III.	1737	51	Giuliano de Medici lord of Florence	1512
57	Francis IV. of Austria	1814	51	Giulio de Medici	1519
54	Francis duke of Parma	1694	54	Ginstiniani, M. Antonio, doge of Venice	1684
50	Francis-Mary count of Guastalla	1460	42	Godfrey the Bearded, duke of Tuscany	1055
40	Godfrey I. duke of L. Lorraine	959	40	Godfrey II.	964
41	Godfrey III.	1005	41	Godfrey IV. the Hardy	1043
42	Godfrey V. Bossu	1069	42	Godfrey VI. of Bouillon	1089
43	Godfrey VII. the Great	1106	43	Godfrey VIII.	1140
43	Godfrey IX. the Valiant	1143	43	Godfrey count of Namur	1105
41	Gothelon I. duke of Lorraine	1033	40	Godfrey count of Hainault	973
41	Gothelon II.	1043	41	Gothelon duke of Lower Lorraine	1023
46	Gradenigo, Pietro, doge of Venice	1289	47	Gradenigo, Bartolomeo	1343
47	Gradenigo, Giovanni, doge	1355	51	Grimani, Antonio, doge	1521
52	Grimani, Marino, doge	1595	55	Grimani, Pietro, doge	1741
51	Gritti, Andrea, doge	1523	44	Guelph duke of Tuscany	1153
42	Guelph I. duke of Bavaria	1071	43	Guelph II.	1101
40	Guerec de Nantes count of Bretagne	980	39	Gurmallion count	907
38	Gurvan de Rennes count	874	39	Guy duke of Tuscany	919
43	Guy-Salinguerra lord of Ferrara	1118	49	Guy I. Torelli, count of Guastalla	1406
50	Guy II. Galeotto, count	1460	48	Guy lord of Mantua	1360
45	Guy de Tours regent of Bretagne	1203	46	Guy I. de Dampierre marquis of Namur	1263
47	Guy II. marquis of Namur	1335	46	Guy de Dampierre count of Flanders	1280
55	Harrac-Rohrau, Frederic count de, governor of the N.lands	1741	57	Harrison, W. H., president of the United States	1841
56	Hastings, Warren, governor-general of India	1774	57	Hastings, Francis, marquis of, governor-general of India	1813
43	Henry of Bavaria, count of Tuscany	1133	40	Henry I. duke of Burgundy	965
41	Henry I. duke of Lorraine	1101	41	Henry II.	1015
44	Henry II. the Warrior, duke of Brabant	1190	43	Henry I. duke of Lorraine	1101
45	Henry III.	1235	44	Henry II. the Warrior, duke of Brabant	1190
45	Henry IV.	1248	42	Henry I. count of Luxemburg	1086
43	Henry II. count of Namur	1139	43	Henry II. the Blind	1136
46	Henry de Courtenay marquis of Namur	1226	45	Henry III. the Great	1226
42	Henry I. count of Luxemburg	1086	46	Henry IV.	1275
43	Henry II. the Blind	1136	46	Henry V.	1288
45	Henry III. the Great	1226	41	Henry I. duke of Suabia	1039
46	Henry IV.	1275	45	Henry II.	1219
46	Henry V.	1288	50	Henry I. duke of Brunswick	1478
41	Henry I. duke of Brunswick	1478	51	Henry II.	1546
41	Henry II.	1478	47	Henry le Jeune, elector of Brandenburg	1319
40	Henry III.	995	39	Henry I. the Quarreller, duke of Bavaria	942
41	Henry IV.	1004	40	Henry II.	955
41	Henry V.	1025	40	Henry III.	995
41	Henry V.	1025	41	Henry IV.	1004
41	Henry V.	1025	41	Henry V.	1025

ALPHABETICAL TABLES

I.

NON-REGAL STATES

N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.	N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.	N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.
42	Henry VI. — 1052	49	John III. — 1418	57	Madison, James, president of the United States — 1809
43	Henry VII. the Black — 1120	47	John duke of Luxemburg — 1309	42	Magnus Duke of Saxony — 1073
43	Henry VIII. the Proud — 1126	46	John I. count of Holland — 1296	50	Malpiero, Pasquale, doge of Venice — 1457
43	Henry IX. of Austria — 1142	46	John II. — 1299	56	Manin, Luigi, doge — 1789
44	Henry X. the Lion — 1154	46	John D'Avennes count of Hainault — 1280	52	Mansfeldt, Peter Ernst, count of, governor of the Netherlands — 1592
39	Henry I. the Fowler, duke of Saxony — 912	53	John-Frederic duke of Wurtemberg — 1608	50	Marcello, Nicolo, doge of Venice — 1473
43	Henry II. the Proud — 1136	45	John I. elector of Brandenburg — 1221	45	Margaret de Courtenay marchioness of Namur — 1228
43	Henry III. the Lion — 1139	46	John II. — 1266	44	Margaret I. countess of Flanders — 1191
44	Henry of Saxe elector Palatine — 1196	50	John III. Cicero — 1486	45	Margaret II. of Constantinople — 1244
39	Henry I. duke of Lorraine — 940	50	John IV. George — 1571	47	Margaret countess of Holland — 1345
53	Henry II. the Good — 1608	48	John I. duke of Bavaria — 1375	45	Margaret countess of Hainault — 1244
50	Hercules I. lord of Ferrara — 1471	50	John II. — 1460	57	Maria-Louisa duchess of Parma — 1814
51	Hercules II. duke of Ferrara — 1534	54	John-William elector Palatine — 1690	46	Martin della Torre lord of Milan — 1257
56	Hercules duke of Modena — 1780	51	John the Constant, elector of Saxony — 1525	44	Mastropiero, Orto, doge of Venice — 1179
39	Herman I. duke of Suabia — 926	51	John-Frederic elector — 1532	42	Matilda the Great, countess of Tuscany — 1076
40	Herman II. — 997	53	John-George I. elector of Saxony — 1611	46	Matthew I. lord of Milan — 1295
41	Herman III. — 1004	54	John-George II. — 1656	46	Matthew II. — 1354
41	Herman IV. — 1030	54	John-George III. — 1680	43	Matthew I. duke of Lorraine — 1139
40	Herman-Billing duke of Saxony — 960	54	John-George IV. — 1691	45	Matthew II. — 1220
40	Hoel IV. de Nantes count of Bretagne — 953	47	John I. duke of Lorraine — 1346	52	Maurice of Nassau stadtholder — 1579
42	Hoel V. duke of Bretagne — 1066	50	John II. — 1453	51	Maurice elector of Saxony — 1548
43	Hoel VI. — 1148	45	Jolantha marchioness of Namur — 1212	51	Maximilian Sforza duke of Milan — 1512
39	Hubert duke of Tuscany — 936	50	Jolantha duchess of Lorraine — 1473	54	Maximilian elector of Bavaria, governor of the Netherlands — 1692
40	Hugh duke of Tuscany — 961	55	Joseph duke of Guastalla — 1729	52	Maximilian duke of Bavaria — 1596
39	Hugh the Black, duke of Burgundy — 938	48	Jossus I. duke of Luxemburg — 1388	53	Maximilian elector of Bavaria — 1623
39	Hugh the Great, duke of Burgundy — 938	48	Jossus elector of Brandenburg — 1388	54	Maximilian-Emmanuel — 1679
42	Hugh I. duke of Burgundy — 1075	38	Judicael count of Bretagne — 877	55	Maximilian-Joseph I. — 1745
43	Hugh II. the Pacific — 1102	55	Koenigseck, count de, governor of the Netherlands — 1714	56	Maximilian-Joseph II. — 1799
44	Hugh III. — 1162	39	Lambert duke of Tuscany — 929	53	Mello, Francesco de Mello, governor of the Netherlands — 1641
45	Hugh IV. — 1218	51	Lando, Pietro, doge of Venice — 1539	40	Memmo, Tribuno, doge of Venice — 979
47	Hugh V. — 1305	52	Leicester, Robert earl of, governor of the United Provinces — 1579	53	Memmo, M. Antonio, doge — 1612
38	Hugh duke of Suabia — 867	57	Leopold grand duke of Tuscany — 1824	42	Micheli, Vitale I. doge — 1096
52	Isabella, Donna, governante of the Netherlands — 1599	38	Leopold duke of Bavaria — 895	44	Micheli, Vitale II. — 1156
57	Jackson, Andrew, president of the United States — 1829	43	Leopold of Austria duke of Bavaria — 1138	43	Micheli, Domenico, doge — 1117
49	Jacqueline countess of Holland — 1417	54	Leopold duke of Lorraine — 1690	57	Minto, Gilbert lord, governor-general of India — 1807
48	Jane duchess of Brabant — 1355	49	Lionel lord of Ferrara — 1441	49	Mocenigo, Tomaso, doge of Venice — 1414
45	Jane countess of Flanders — 1206	51	Loredano, Leonardo, doge of Venice — 1501	50	Mocenigo, Pietro, doge — 1474
45	Jane countess of Hainault — 1206	52	Loredano, Pietro, doge — 1567	50	Mocenigo, Giovanni, doge — 1478
57	Jefferson, Thomas, president of the United States — 1801	50	Lorenzo I. de Medici lord of Florence — 1469	52	Mocenigo, Luigi, doge — 1570
50	Joachim I. elector of Brandenburg — 1499	51	Lorenzo II. de Medici — 1516	54	Mocenigo, Alvise I. doge — 1700
51	Joachim II. — 1535	55	Lorraine, Charles prince of, governor of the Netherlands — 1745	55	Mocenigo, Alvise, Sebastiani, doge — 1722
52	Joachim III. Frederic — 1598	43	Lothaire duke of Saxony — 1106	56	Mocenigo, Alvise II. doge — 1763
55	John Gaston de Medici grand duke of Tuscany — 1723	51	Louisa Torelli css. of Guastalla — 1522	53	Molino, Francesco, doge — 1646
46	John I. marquis of Montferrat — 1292	50	Louis-Mary duke of Milan — 1494	57	Monroe, James, president of the United States — 1817
47	John II. Palæologus — 1338	50	Louis XII. of France, duke of Milan — 1500	54	Monterei, Juan count de, governor of the Netherlands — 1670
48	John III. — 1378	47	Louis I. de Gonzaga lord of Mantua — 1328	50	Moro, Christofero, doge of Venice — 1462
49	John IV. James — 1418	48	Louis II. — 1369	43	Morosini, Domenico, doge — 1148
49	John V. — 1445	49	Louis III. marquis of Mantua — 1442	45	Morosini, Marino, doge — 1249
51	John VI. George — 1530	52	Louis III. duke of Wurtemberg — 1568	45	Morosini, Michele, doge — 1382
47	John lord of Milan — 1349	54	Louis IV. — 1677	54	Morosini, Francesco, doge — 1688
48	John-Galeas duke of Milan — 1395	56	Louis V. Eugene — 1793	46	Napoleon della Torre lord of Milan — 1265
49	John-Mary duke — 1402	47	Louis I. de Crecy, count of Flanders — 1322	50	Nassau, Engilbert of, governor of the Netherlands — 1485
50	John-Galeas-Mary — 1476	47	Louis II. de Male — 1346	49	Niccolo Albizzi lord of Florence — 1417
49	John-Francis marquis of Mantua — 1407	47	Louis I. of Bavaria, elector of Brandenburg — 1323	49	Nicholas I. lord of Ferrara — 1317
50	John-Francis II. — 1484	48	Louis II. the Roman — 1352	48	Nicholas II. — 1361
49	John the Fearless, duke of Burgundy — 1404	44	Louis I. duke of Bavaria — 1183	48	Nicholas III. — 1393
45	John I. the Red, duke of Bretagne — 1237	46	Louis II. the Severe, duke of Bavaria and elector Palatine — 1253	50	Nicholas I. duke of Lorraine — 1470
46	John II. — 1286	46	Louis III. duke of Bavaria — 1294	53	Nicholas II. Francis — 1623
47	John III. the Good — 1312	49	Louis III. elector Palatine — 1410	37	Noménoé count of Bretagne — 824
47	John IV. de Montfort — 1341	49	Louis IV. — 1436	46	Obizzo II. lord of Ferrara — 1264
48	John V. the Valiant — 1364	51	Louis V. the Pacific — 1508	47	Obizzio III. — 1317
48	John VI. the Good — 1364	52	Louis VI. the Easy — 1576	51	Octavius Farnese duke of Parma — 1547
48	John VI. the Good — 1399	47	Luchin lord of Milan — 1339	40	Orseolo, Pietro I. doge of Venice — 976
46	John I. the Victorious, duke of Brabant — 1261	39	Ludolph duke of Suabia — 949	40	Orseolo, Pietro II. — 991
46	John II. the Pacific — 1294				
47	John III. the Triumphant — 1312				
49	John IV. — 1415				
46	John I. marquis of Namur — 1297				
47	John II. — 1331				



## NON-REGAL STATES

N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.	N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.	N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.
41 Orseolo, Ottone, doge	— 1009	41 Rechila and Herman, counts of Hainault	— 1030	40 Thierry I. duke of Lorraine	— 984
48 Otho marquis of Montferrat	— 1372	54 Reginald duke of Modena	— 1694	42 Thierry II. the Valiant	— 1070
40 Otho duke of Burgundy	— 956	38 Regner I. count of Hainault	— 875	45 Tiepolo, Giacomo, doge of Venice	— 1229
41 Otho duke of L. Lorraine	— 1001	39 Regner II.	— 916	45 Tiepolo, Lorenzo, doge	— 1263
40 Otho I. duke of Suabia	— 973	39 Regner III.	— 932	48 Tomaso Albizzi lord of Florence	— 1382
41 Otho II.	— 1045	40 Regner IV.	— 998	37 Tradonico, Pietro, doge of Venice	— 837
41 Otho III.	— 1047	41 Regner V.	— 1013	52 Trevisan, M. Antonio, doge	— 1553
40 Otho duke of Franconia	— 955	56 Reinier Paolo doge of Venice	— 1779	38 Tribuno, Pietro, doge	— 888
49 Otho duke of Brunswick	— 1434	49 Rene d'Anjou duke of Lorraine	— 1431	50 Trono, Nicolo, doge	— 1471
44 Otho I. elector of Brandenburg	— 1170	50 Rene duke of Lorraine	— 1473	57 Tyler, John, president of the United States	— 1841
44 Otho II.	— 1184	52 Requesens, Don Louis de, governor of the Netherlands	— 1573	43 Ulderico marquis of Tuscany	— 1139
45 Otho III.	— 1221	40 Richer count of Hainault	— 958	50 Ulric VI. duke of Wurtemberg	— 1498
46 Otho IV.	— 1282	38 Richard le Justicier, duke of Burgundy	— 877	54 Valiero, Bertucci, doge of Venice	— 1656
48 Otho V. le Faineant	— 1365	41 Rinaldo duke of Tuscany	— 1014	54 Valiero, Silvestro, doge	— 1694
44 Otho I. duke of Bavaria	— 1180	49 Rinaldo Albizzi lord of Florence	— 1427	54 Van Buren, Martin, president of the United States	— 1837
45 Otho II.	— 1231	47 Rinaldo lord of Ferrara	— 1317	50 Vendramino, Andrea, doge of Venice	— 1476
45 Otho II. elector Palatine	— 1227	43 Rinaldo marquis of Montferrat	— 1126	48 Veniero, Michele, doge	— 1382
52 Otho III. Henry	— 1556	41 Robert I. duke of Burgundy	— 1032	52 Veniero, Francesco, doge	— 1554
38 Otho I. duke of Saxony	— 880	42 Robert II.	— 1272	52 Veniero, Sebastiano, doge	— 1577
39 Otho II.	— 936	42 Robert I. count of Flanders	— 1071	54 Villahermosa, Carlos duke de, governor of the Netherlands	— 1675
42 Otho III.	— 1062	42 Robert II. of Jerusalem	— 1093	52 Vincent I. duke of Mantua	— 1587
46 Otto lord of Milan	— 1277	47 Robert III.	— 1305	53 Vincent II.	— 1626
52 Parma, Alexander prince of, governor of the Netherlands	— 1578	39 Rodolph duke of Burgundy	— 921	54 Vincent de Gonzaga, duke of Guastalla	— 1692
54 Parma, Alexander prince of	— 1678	42 Rodolph duke of Suabia	— 1057	43 Waleran duke of L. Lorraine	— 1128
37 Participazio, Angelo, doge of Venice	— 811	46 Rodolph I. le Begue, elector Palatine	— 1294	45 Waleran count of Luxemburg	— 1214
37 Participazio, Giustiniani, doge	— 827	47 Rodolph II. the Blind	— 1327	47 Waldemar elector of Brandenburg	— 1309
37 Participazio, Giovanni I., doge	— 829	46 Rodolph I. elector of Saxony	— 1298	56 Washington, George, president of the United States	— 1787
38 Participazio, Orso I., doge	— 864	48 Rodolph II.	— 1356	56 Wellesley, Richard marquis, governor-general of India	— 1798
38 Participazio, Giovanni II., doge	— 881	48 Rodolph III.	— 1388	48 Wenceslas duke of Brabant	— 1355
39 Participazio, Orso II., doge	— 912	48 Rupert I. elector Palatine	— 1353	48 Wenceslas I. duke of Luxemburg	— 1353
38 Pasqueto de Vannes, count of Bretagne	— 874	48 Rupert II. le Petit	— 1390	48 Wenceslas II.	— 1383
54 Pesaro, Giovanni, doge of Venice	— 1658	48 Rupert III.	— 1398	48 Wenceslas of Luxemburg, elector of Brandenburg	— 1373
56 Peter-Leopold of Austria, grand duke of Tuscany	— 1765	55 Ruzzini Carlo doge of Venice	— 1723	48 Wenceslas elector of Saxony	— 1370
49 Peter-Guy I. count of Guastalla	— 1449	53 Sagredo, Nicolo, doge of Venice	— 1675	40 William duke of Tuscany	— 995
50 Peter-Guy II.	— 1486	44 Salinguerra-Guy I. lord of Ferrara	— 1118	40 William I. marquis of Montferrat	— 995
51 Peter-Louis Farnese duke of Parma	— 1545	44 Salinguerra II.	— 1195	42 William II.	— 1100
45 Peter I. Mauclerc, duke of Bretagne	— 1213	36 Salinguerra III.	— 1270	43 William III. the Old	— 1140
49 Peter II.	— 1450	38 Salomon III. count of Bretagne	— 857	45 William IV.	— 1207
45 Peter de Courtenay, marquis of Namur	— 1212	55 Savoy, Eugene prince of, governor of the Netherlands	— 1716	46 William V. the Great	— 1254
44 Philip marquis of Tuscany	— 1195	50 Saxony, Albert of, governor	— 1489	50 William VI.	— 1464
49 Philip-Mary duke of Milan	— 1412	50 Saxony, Albert of, governor	— 1781	50 William VII.	— 1493
47 Philip I. duke of Burgundy	— 1350	56 Shore, Sir John, governor-general of India	— 1792	51 William duke of Mantua	— 1550
48 Philip II. the Hardy	— 1363	40 Sigefrid count of Luxemburg	— 965	52 William I. prince of Orange stadtholder	— 1579
49 Philip III. the Good	— 1419	48 Sigismund of Luxemburg, elector of Brandenburg	— 1378	53 William II.	— 1647
50 Philip le Beau assumes the government of the Netherlands	— 1494	50 Sigismund duke of Bavaria	— 1460	54 William III.	— 1672
44 Philip I. marquis of Namur	— 1196	43 Sigismund I. duke of Lorraine	— 1115	55 William IV.	— 1747
45 Philip II. de Courtenay	— 1216	44 Sigismund II.	— 1176	56 William V.	— 1751
47 Philip III.	— 1336	42 Silvio, Domenico, doge of Venice	— 1071	47 William I. marquis of Namur	— 1337
49 Philip I. duke of Brabant	— 1427	47 Sorazo, Giovanni, doge	— 1311	48 William II.	— 1391
44 Philip of Alsace count of Flanders	— 1168	55 Stanislaus of Poland, duke of Lorraine	— 1737	42 William count of Luxemburg	— 1096
44 Philip duke of Suabia	— 1196	48 Steno, Michele, doge of Venice	— 1400	43 William Cliton count of Flanders	— 1127
50 Philip elector Palatine	— 1476	47 Stephen, duke of Bavaria	— 1347	45 William I. count of Holland	— 1203
54 Philip-William elector Palatine	— 1685	43 Taurello, lord of Ferrara	— 1150	45 William II.	— 1234
50 Pietro de Medici lord of Florence	— 1492	44 Theobald, count of Luxemburg	— 1196	47 William III. the Good	— 1304
51 Pietro Sodorini gonfalonier of Florence	— 1735	45 Theobald I. duke of Lorraine	— 1213	47 William IV.	— 1337
55 Pisani, Luigi, doge of Venice	— 1735	47 Theobald II.	— 1304	48 William V. the Senseless	— 1356
43 Polani, Pietro, doge	— 1130	47 Theodore I. Palæologus marquis of Montferrat	— 1306	49 William VI.	— 1404
52 Priuli, Lorenzo, doge	— 1556	48 Theodore II.	— 1381	51 William duke of Brunswick	— 1546
52 Priuli, Girolamo, doge	— 1559	40 Thierry duke of L. Lorraine	— 984	54 William-Louis duke of Wurtemberg	— 1674
53 Priuli, Antonio, doge	— 1618	43 Thierry count of Flanders	— 1118	51 William I. duke of Bavaria	— 1508
43 Rampret president of Tuscany	— 1131	39 Thierry I. count of Friesland	— 922	52 William II. the Religious	— 1579
52 Ranutius I. duke of Parma	— 1592	40 Thierry II.	— 963	46 Zeno, Ranieri, doge of Venice	— 1252
53 Ranutius II.	— 1646	41 Thierry III. of Jerusalem	— 1003	44 Ziani, Sebastiano, doge	— 1173
47 Raoul duke of Lorraine	— 1328	41 Thierry IV.	— 1039	45 Ziani, Pietro, doge	— 1205
43 Ratbod president of Tuscany	— 1119	42 Thierry V. count of Holland	— 1061		
		43 Thierry VI.	— 1122		
		44 Thierry VII.	— 1190		



## MEN OF EMINENCE

No	B. C.	No	B. C.	No	B. C.
11	—	18	—	18	103
Achæus, birth of	484	Antipater of Sidon, epig.	127	Artemidorus of Ephesus, geog.	103
12	—	19	—	17	196
exhibits tragedy	447	Antipater of Tyre, the stoic, fl.	74	Asclepiades of Myrlea	196
10	—	12	—	13	398
Æschylus, birth of	525	Antiphanes of the Middle Come-	—	Astydamus first exhibits tragedy	398
11	—	dy, birth of	404	13	—
began to exhibit	499	13	—	the prize in tragedy	372
11	—	first exhibits	383	19	—
at the battle of Mara-	—	14	—	Athenæus, rhetor.	62
thon	—	death of	330	20	—
11	—	11	—	Athenæus, peripat.	22
gains the prize in tra-	—	Antiphon, orat., the tutor of Thu-	—	20	—
gedy	484	cydides, birth of	479	Athenodorus the preceptor of	—
11	—	12	—	Augustus governs Tarsus	30
death of	484	death of	411	19†	—
13	—	13	—	Ælius Grammaticus	100
Æschines, orat., birth of	389	Antisthenes, phil.	365	19	—
13	—	17	—	Ælius Tubero, hist.	59
is present at Mantinea	362	Antisthenes the Rhodian, hist.	198	20	—
14	—	14	—	Æmilius Macer the elder, poëta,	—
is assisted by Eubulus	343	Apelles, pictor.	332	death of	16
14	—	15	—	19	—
withdraws to Asia	330	Anytê of Tegea, poetria, epig.—	278	M. Æmilius Scaurus	90
14	—	13	—	17	—
death of	314	Aphareus, the nephew of Iso-	—	Albinus the consul, a writer of	—
8	—	crates, exhibits tragedy	368	history	151
Æsop, birth of	620	14	—	20	—
9	—	still living	341	Albutius Silo, rhetor.	6
death of	564	14	—	18	—
18	—	Apollodorus of Gela, of the New	—	M. Antonius, orat., birth of	142
Agatharchides, hist., tutor to the	—	Comedy	326	19	—
sons of Ptolemy Physcon	113	16	—	defends Aquillius	98
12	—	Apollodorus of Carystus, of the	—	19	—
Agathon, gains the tragic prize	416	New Comedy	230	19	—
12	—	18	—	censor	97
at the court of Arche-	—	Apollodorus of Athens, hist.	145	19	—
latus	405	19	—	slain	87
8	—	Apollodorus of Pergamus	64	19	—
Alcæus of Mytilenê, lyric	611	20	—	Antonius Græpo, gram.	66
8	—	the preceptor of Octa-	—	19	—
is engaged in the war	—	vius	44	20	—
with the Athenians	606	17	—	commands in Spain	45
9	—	Apollonius Rhodius, librarian at	—	20	—
in exile, and opposed to	—	Alexandria	194	Atratinus, orat.	21
Pittacus	589	19	—	20	—
17	—	Apollonius Molo, rhetor., the pre-	—	Atteius, philol. gram.— birth of	39
Alcæus of Messenia, poëta	197	ceptor of Cicero, Lucceius, and	—	19	—
7	—	Cæsar	88	Atticus the friend of Cicero, birth	—
Alcman, the Lydian, lyric	671	13	—	of	109
15	—	Araros of the Middle Comedy,	—	19	—
Alexander Ætolus, trag.	273	son of Aristophanes, exhibits	375	Rome	65
19	—	15	—	20	—
Alexander Polyhistor, gram.	83	Aratus of Soli, poëta, fl. at the	—	death of	32
13	—	court of Antigonus	272	17	—
Alexis of the Middle Comedy sa-	—	15	—	Attius, trag., birth of	170
tizizes Plato	356	Aratus of Sicyon, hist., birth of	271	18	—
14	—	16	—	exhibits	140
still living	306	death of	213	19	—
5	—	15	—	Aurelius Opilius, rhetor.	92
Amos the Prophet	790	Arcefilâus, phil.	299	—	—
9	—	15	—	—	A. D.
Anacharsis comes to Athens	592	directs the Middle Aca-	—	40	—
9	—	demy	278	Abbo, monk of Fleury	978
Anacreon the poet begins to be	—	16	—	44	—
distinguished	559	death of	241	Absolom, abp. of Lund	1178
10	—	14	—	44	—
at the court of Poly-	—	Archedicus of the New Comedy	302	Abdollariph, Persian hist.	1197
crates of Samos	531	12	—	43	—
10	—	Archeilâus, the first Athenian who	—	Abelard, Peter	1144
comes to Athens	525	taught philosophy at Athens	450	45	—
11	—	18	—	Abulfaragius, Arabian hist.	1246
Anaxagoras, phil.— birth of	500	Archias the poet in his youth	—	47	—
11	—	comes to Rome	102	Abulfeda, Arabian geog.	1321
settles at Athens	480	19	—	30	—
12	—	is with Lucullus in Asia	86	Acacius, patriarch of Constanti-	—
withdraws from Athens,	—	19	—	nople	471
his pupils had there been Ar-	—	still living	61	35	—
chelâus, Euripides, and Peri-	—	6	—	Acca, bishop of Hexham	739
cles	450	Archilocus of Thasos	708	45	—
12	—	16	—	Accursius of Florence	1216
prosecuted for impiety	432	Archimedes, birth of	287	42	—
12	—	17	—	Adam, canon of Bremen	1067
death of	428	death of	212	45	—
13	—	Archimelus, poëta	221	Adamn, abbot of Iona	704
Anaxandrides of the Middle Co-	—	12	—	55	—
medy gains his first prize	376	Archinus, orat.	402	Addison, Joseph	1711
14	—	12	—	38	—
exhibits at the Olympia	—	Archippus of the Middle Comedy	415	Ado, abp. of Vienne	856
at Dium	347	5	—	Ælfric, abp. of Canterbury	995
14	—	Arctinus of Miletus	775	40	—
Anaxarchus, phil., the compan-	—	8	—	Ælfric, bishop of Crediton	990
ion of Alexander	339	Arion, lyric, invented the Cyclian	—	23	—
20	—	chorus	625	Ælian	114
Anaxilaus, the Pythagorean of	—	11	—	28	—
Larissa exiled	28	Aristarchus, tragic poet	454	Ælius Donatus	353
8	—	15	—	27	—
Anaximander of Miletus, birth of	610	Aristarchus of Samos, critic	280	Ælius Lampridius	314
10	—	17	—	26	—
still living	547	Aristarchus the critic	156	Ælius Spartianus	291
10	—	13	—	32	—
Anaximenes, phil. and hist.	548	Aristippus, phil.	365	Agathias, Byzantine hist.	565
12	—	16	—	37	—
Anaximenes, hist.	365	Aristo Ceus succeeds Lycon at	—	Agobard, abp. of Lyons	816
14	—	the Lyceum	226	50	—
Anaxippus of the New Comedy	303	12	—	Agricola, Rodolphus	1464
11	—	Aristomenes, comic poet, fl.	424	51	—
Andocides, orat., birth of	467	17	—	Agrippa, Cornelius	1515
12	—	Aristonymus, librarian at Alex-	—	57	—
commands a fleet	432	andria	183	Aimon of St. Germain de Pres	818
11	—	17	—	40	—
imprisoned on the mu-	—	death of	171	Alban St. protomartyr	400
tilation of the Hermæ	—	12	—	53	—
12	—	Aristophanes first exhibits	427	Albano, Francesco	1609
in exile at Elis	404	13	—	38	—
12	—	his last exhibition	388	Albategni, Arabian astron.	881
12	—	17	—	46	—
resumes public life	402	Aristophanes of Byzantium, critic	200	Albertet, provençal poet	1889
12	—	12	—	46	—
is banished, and dies in	—	Aristophon the Azenian, orat.—	403	Albertus Magnus	1260
exile	391	13	—	35	—
19	—	accuses the trierarchs	362	Albinus, abbot of St. Augustine	740
Andronicus of Rhodes, gram.—	58	13	—	40	—
13	—	prosecutes Timotheus	354	Albirumus, Arabian geog.	981
Androtion, orat., pupil of Iso-	—	14	—	37	—
crates, engages in public affairs	385	Aristophôn Colyttensis, orat.—	341	Albumazar, Arabian astron.	841
15	—	13	—	31	—
Antagoras Rhodius, poëta, fl. at	—	Aristotle, birth of	384	Alcimur Avitus	509
the court of Antigonus	269	13	—	36	—
16	—	comes to Athens	367	Alcinus of York	782
Antigonus of Carystus, biog.—	225	14	—	34	—
5	—	goes to Atarnæ	347	Alldhelm, abbot of Malmesbury	681
Antimachus of Teos, poëta	753	14	—	44	—
12	—	leaves Atarnæ for Myti-	—	Al Edrisius, Arabian geog.	1155
Antimachus, poëta	405	lenê	344	50	—
19	—	14	—	Alexander ab Alexandro	1498
Antiochus academicus accompa-	—	at the court of Philip	342	39	—
nies Lucullus to Alexandria	87	14	—	Alfarabius, Arabian phil.	947
18	—	returns to Athens	334	56	—
Antipater of Tarsus succeeds	—	14	—	Alfieri, Vittorio	1778
Dionysius Babylonius	144	death of	322	38	—
		8	—	Alfraganus Logista	879
		Aristoxenus of Selinus, iamb.—	628	43	—
				Alured of Beverley	1139
				23	—
				Ambrose, bishop of Milan	374
				28	—
				Aminianus Marcellinus	360



## MEN OF EMINENCE

N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.	N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.	N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.						
28	Ammonianus of Alexandria	—	389	33	Amrus, Arabian general	—	640	53	Bentivoglio, Cardinal	—	1624
38	Anastatius, bibliothecarius	—	866	27	Anabalianus	—	326	55	Bentley, Dr. Richard	—	1709
51	Angelo, Michael	—	1522	29	Anatolius, Roman general	—	437	42	Berengaria of Angers	—	1059
29	Anianus of Alexandria	—	402	33	Andegisil, maire du palais	—	625	55	Berkeley, Bishop	—	1736
31	Anien, chancellor to Alaric	—	506	28	Andragathius, Roman general	—	382	43	Bernard St.	—	1133
50	Annius of Viterbo	—	1475	51	Angouleme, regent dss. of	—	1520	54	Bernini, John L.	—	1667
26	Anthony St.	—	281	51	Anguin, Count	—	1554	50	Bessarion, Cardinal	—	1453
45	Anthony St. of Padua	—	1221	28	Anicius Probus	—	370	55	Beveridge, Bishop	—	1707
21	Apion of Alexandria	—	33	48	Anjou, Louis duke of	—	1376	52	Beza, Theodore	—	1566
22	Apollonius Tyanæus	—	83	52	Anjou, duke of	—	1576	56	Blair, Dr. John, chronol.	—	1753
47	Apono, Peter de	—	1301	53	Anne of Austria	—	1650	56	Blackstone, Sir William	—	1766
23	Appian of Alexandria	—	143	51	Annebaut, Admiral	—	1538	49	Blondus, Flavivus	—	1425
23	Aquila the Intrepreter	—	128	43	Anselm, Archbishop	—	1101	48	Boccaccio, Giovanni	—	1355
55	Arbuthnot, Dr. John	—	1725	55	Anson, Admiral lord	—	1747	52	Bodin, John	—	1572
31	Aredius, juriconsult	—	501	23	Antinous	—	127	53	Bodley, Sir Thomas	—	1610
49	Aretine, Leonard	—	1406	29	Antiochus the Persian	—	409	55	Boerhaave, Herman	—	1726
41	Aretine, Guy	—	1021	43	Aquitaine, William duke of	—	1123	31	Boethius, philosoph.	—	522
50	Argyropolis, Johannes	—	1457	28	Arbogastes, Roman minister	—	388	54	Boileau, Nicholas	—	1685
51	Ariosto, Ludovico	—	1507	33	Archamband, maire du palais	—	646	46	Bonaventure, Cardinal	—	1256
23	Aristides of Athens	—	127	29	Ardaburus, Roman general	—	429	35	Boniface St.	—	732
27	Arius of Alexandria	—	325	52	Argyll, Archibald earl of	—	1569	54	Bossuet, bishop of Meaux	—	1693
42	Arius Polyhistor	—	1098	54	Argyll, Archibald marquis of	—	1651	54	Boyle, Hon. Robert	—	1675
52	Arminius, James	—	1591	53	Argyll, John duke of	—	1715	49	Bracciolini, Poggio	—	1418
26	Arnobius of Sicca	—	285	55	Argyll, Archibald duke of	—	1736	55	Bradley, Dr. James	—	1744
43	Arnold of Brescia	—	1146	30	Ariadne, Empress	—	491	52	Brahe, Tycho	—	1586
57	Arnold, Dr. Thomas	—	1829	26	Arius Aprius	—	283	40	Bridferth of Ramsey	—	980
47	Arnoldus de Villanova	—	1306	26	Armentarius, Cæsar	—	291	47	Brompton, John	—	1328
23	Arrian	—	136	21	Arminius, German general	—	10	53	Brown, Sir Thomas	—	1642
23	Artemidorus Daldianus	—	146	33	Arnoul, maire du palais	—	613	54	Bruyere, John de la	—	1679
42	Arzachel of Toledo	—	1079	32	Arnulph, Lombard general	—	592	51	Bucher, Martin	—	1530
30	Asaph St. bishop	—	500	52	Arran, James earl of	—	1555	52	Buchanan, George	—	1559
22	Ascanius Pedianus	—	76	35	Artabasdas, Eastern minister	—	736	56	Buffon, Count de	—	1767
52	Ascham, Roger	—	1560	47	Arteveldt, James de	—	1337	51	Bullinger, Henry	—	1543
21	Asinius Gallus	—	8	48	Arteveldt, Philip van	—	1382	54	Bunyan, John	—	1674
38	Asser, bishop of Sherborne	—	910	47	Artois, Robert d'	—	1334	44	Buono, Italian architect	—	1154
27	Athanasius St.	—	326	49	Arundel, Archbishop	—	1407	57	Burgess, Bishop	—	1825
24	Athenagoras	—	168	49	Arundel, John earl of	—	1425	54	Burnet, Bishop	—	1692
24	Athenæus of Naucratis	—	172	26	Asclepiodotus, Roman minister	—	296	56	Burns, Robert	—	1786
43	Athelard of Bath	—	1129	29	Aspar, Roman general	—	433	53	Burton, Robert	—	1621
55	Atterbury, bishop	—	1714	30	Aspar, Eastern patrician	—	468	54	Butler, Samuel	—	1662
28	Augustine St.	—	394	28	Athanas, Gothic general	—	376	55	Butler, Bishop	—	1734
32	Augustine, abp. of Canterbury	—	597	26	Athenæus, Roman general	—	267	56	Butler, Charles	—	1797
23	Aulus Gellius	—	149	48	Audley, James lord	—	1359	57	Byron, George lord	—	1811
28	Aurelius Victor	—	363	26	Aureolus, tyrant of Illyria	—	965	51	Baber, Sultan	—	1523
28	Ausonius	—	379	28	Auxonius, proconsul in Asia	—	381	52	Bacon, Sir Nicholas	—	1561
43	Averroes of Cordova	—	1136	24	Avidius Cassius	—	171	33	Bahanes, Eastern general	—	631
41	Avicenna of Bochara	—	1001					46	Baldwin, abp. of Canterbury	—	1183
39	Azophi, Arabian astron.	—	934					26	Balista, Roman minister	—	257
56	Abercromby, Sir Ralph	—	1795					51	Barbarossa, Turkish general	—	1535
53	Abbot, Archbishop	—	1621	12	Bacchylides, lyric, the nephew of Simonides and rival of Pindar	—	450	23	Barchochebas the Jew	—	131
26	Achilleus, tyrant of Egypt	—	287	15	Berosus, hist.	—	279	38	Bardas, Michael	—	858
35	Adelasis, son of Musa	—	716	10	Bias of Priene, phil.	—	544	40	Barbas Sclerus	—	971
36	Adelgisus the Lombard	—	776					53	Barneveldt, Pensionary	—	1613
40	Ælfric, duke of Mercia	—	969					30	Basiliscus, Eastern general	—	465
29	Ætius, Western general	—	431					30	Brasilius, prætorian prefect	—	433
35	Agallianus, Eastern general	—	729	46	Bacon, Roger	—	1261	53	Bassompierre, Mareschal	—	1629
41	Agelnoth, abp. of Canterbury	—	1020	53	Bacon, Francis lord	—	1601	55	Bath, Putney earl of	—	1750
48	Agnello, John	—	1364	51	Bale, bishop of Ossory	—	1550	55	Bathurst, Allen earl	—	1734
21	Agrippina, wife to Germanicus	—	19	45	Balsham, Hugh de, bishop of Ely	—	1247	34	Batilda, regent of Neustria	—	660
22	Agrippina, Empress	—	51	53	Bancroft, Archbishop	—	1603	51	Beaton, Cardinal	—	1546
38	Ahmed, governor of Egypt	—	868	56	Banks, Sir Joseph	—	1768	49	Beaufort, duke of Exeter	—	1413
34	Alahis, duke of Trent	—	692	50	Barbarus, Hermolaus	—	1488	49	Beaufort, Cardinal	—	1430
49	Albany, Robert regent duke of	—	1406	48	Barbour, John	—	1375	49	Beaufort, Edmund duke of Som- erset	—	1450
49	Albany, Murdoch regent duke of	—	1420	47	Barlaam the Calabrian	—	1341	50	Beaujeu, Anne dame de	—	1483
51	Albany, John regent duke of	—	1513	52	Baroccio, Frederigo	—	1555	44	Becket, Thomas à	—	1162
54	Albemarle, Monk duke of	—	1660	52	Baronius, Cardinal	—	1578	49	Bedford, John duke of	—	1424
39	Alberic, governor of Rome	—	933	56	Barron, Dr. Isaac	—	1671	56	Bedford, John duke of	—	1753
55	Alberoni, Cardinal	—	1717	56	Barthelemy, Abbe	—	1788	50	Behem, Martin, navigator	—	1486
47	Albornos, Cardinal	—	1348	28	Basil St.	—	370	51	Belisarius, general to Justinian	—	535
48	Albuquerque, minister to Peter the Cruel	—	1354	54	Baxter, Richard	—	1672	55	Bellisla, Mareschal	—	1739
51	Albuquerque, Alfonso	—	1503	54	Bayle, Peter	—	1688	55	Bellievre, Chancellor de	—	1601
42	Aldred, abp. of Canterbury	—	1066	50	Beauchamp, bp. of Salisbury	—	1451	30	Beorgor, king of the Alains	—	457
26	Allectus, tyrant of Britain	—	293	53	Bede, the Venerable	—	731	37	Bernhard, count of Barcelona	—	827
36	Alexius, Eastern general	—	782	53	Bellarmino, Cardinal	—	1606	55	Berwick, Mareschal duke of	—	1703
38	Algotrudis, queen of Italy	—	894	51	Bembo, Cardinal	—	1519	45	Bigod, Roger, earl marshal	—	1245
52	Allen, Cardinal	—	1586	31	Benedict St.	—	510	46	Bigod, Roger, earl of Norfolk	—	1296
31	Amalasueta, regent of the Ostro- goths	—	527	34	Benedict Biscop, abbot of Wear- mouth	—	674	52	Biron, Mareschal	—	1578
51	Amboise, Cardinal	—	1501	44	Benedict, abbot of Peterborough	—	1189	54	Blake, Admiral	—	1654
56	Amherst, General lord	—	1776	42	Benjamin of Tudela	—	1169	45	Blanche, queen regent of France	—	1226
				57	Benzela of Bagdad	—	1076	44	Blois, Thibault count de	—	1172







## MEN OF EMINENCE

N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.	N <sup>o</sup>	B. C.	N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.						
31	Celer, Eastern general	—	504	19	Demetrius Magnes, hist.	—	55	51	Douglas, Gawin	—	1504
49	Chabannes, Mareschal de	—	1440	14	Demochares, orat., nephew of Demosthenes, banished	—	302	52	Dousa, Janus	—	1577
34	Chaganis king of the Avari	—	695	11	Democritus, phil., birth of	—	460	54	Dryden, John	—	1683
54	Chamillard, Michael	—	1700	13	— continues his travels	—	381	51	Dunbar, William	—	1502
48	Chandos, Sir John	—	1357	13	— death of	—	337	46	Duns Scotus, John	—	1291
49	Chatel, Tanegui du	—	1422	13	Demophilus, hist.	—	357	52	Du Perron, Cardinal	—	1593
56	Chatham, William earl of	—	1766	13	Demosthenes, birth of	—	382	46	Durandus, bp. of Mende	—	1275
47	Chatillon, Constable de	—	1328	13	— an orphan in his seventh year	—	376	47	Durandus, bp. of Anicium	—	1312
52	Cheke, Sir John	—	1552	13	— prosecutes his guardians	—	364	51	Durer, Albert	—	1505
55	Chesterfield, Philip earl of	—	1749	13	— first composes public orations	—	355	55	D'Aguesseau, Chancellor	—	1720
35	Childebrand, brother to Charles Martel	—	725	14	— one of the orators demanded by Alexander	—	335	49	D'Albret, Constable	—	1404
28	Chonodomar, prince of the Alemanni	—	357	14	— in exile	—	323	49	D'Armagnac, Constable	—	1411
32	Chramnes, son to Clotaire	—	556	14	— death of	—	322	50	Daim, Oliver le	—	1481
29	Chrysaphius, Western minister	—	447	15	— honoured with a statue	—	280	27	Dalmatius, Cæsar	—	334
42	Cincinnati, governor of Rome	—	1075	15	Diæarchus, geograph.	—	280	25	Damasceus, John	—	738
49	Clarence, Thomas duke of	—	1415	11	Diagoras of Melos, phil.	—	466	56	Dann, Mareschal count	—	1776
54	Clarendon, Edward earl of	—	1661	20	Didymus, gram., the opponent of Juba	—	46	53	Davies, Sir John	—	1611
23	Claudius Maximus, proconsul of Africa	—	146	13	Dinarchus, orat., birth of	—	361	50	De Witt, Pensionary	—	1665
24	Cleander, Roman minister	—	188	14	— began to compose orations	—	336	49	De la Pole, William, earl of Suffolk	—	1442
26	Cleodamus, Roman general	—	266	14	— flourishes at Athens	—	321	22	Decebalus, king of Dacia	—	97
51	Cleves, Queen Anne of	—	1539	14	— in exile	—	307	47	Despenser, Hugh the elder	—	1316
56	Clive, Robert lord	—	1773	15	— returns from exile	—	292	47	Despenser, Hugh the younger	—	1319
24	Clodius Albinus, governor of Britain	—	192	11	Dinolochus, comic poet	—	487	54	Devonshire, William duke of	—	1690
55	Cobham, Richard lord	—	1728	13	Diodorus, comic poet	—	353	25	Diadumenianus	—	217
53	Coke, Sir Edward	—	1606	18	Diodorus, peripat.	—	111	51	Diana of Poitiers	—	1349
54	Colbert, John Baptist	—	1669	19	Diodorus Siculus, the historian is in Egypt	—	60	32	Didier, French general	—	577
57	Colchester, Charles lord	—	1817	14	Diogenes the cynic, death of	—	323	51	Doria, Andrew	—	1527
52	Coligny, Admiral de	—	1562	17	Diogenes Babylonius, Critolaüs, and Carneades, ambassadors to Rome	—	155	52	Dorset, Thomas earl of	—	1598
57	Collingwood, Admiral lord	—	1805	15	Dionysides, trag.	—	278	54	Dorset, Charles earl of	—	1674
50	Columbus, Christopher	—	1494	10	Dionysius of Miletus, hist.	—	520	47	Douglas, Sir James	—	1313
50	Commines, Philip de	—	1482	13	Dionysius Tyrannus gains the tragic prize with the $\Delta\Upsilon\tau\rho\alpha$ "Εχτροπος	—	367	49	Douglas, Archibald earl of	—	1417
23	Commodus Verus	—	136	15	Dionysius —his astronomical era	—	285	52	Drake, Sir Francis	—	1589
45	Comnenus, Theodore, prince of Epirus	—	1216	15	Dionysius Matathemenus, phil.	—	263	44	Dreux, Robert count de	—	1152
54	Compton, Bishop	—	1675	18	Dionysius the Thracian, gram.	—	107	21	Drusus, son of Tiberius	—	18
52	Condé, Louis prince de	—	1560	20	Dionysius Halicarnassus the historian comes to Italy	—	29	51	Du Bellay, Cardinal	—	1533
53	Condé, Louis 'le Grande'	—	1648	20	— completes his history	—	29	48	Du Guesclin, Constable	—	1370
29	Constantine, tyrant of Gaul	—	408	13	Diophantes, orat.	—	372	51	Du Prat, Chancellor	—	1516
29	Constantine, Western minister	—	444	14	Diphilus, one of the six standards of the New Comedy	—	320	50	Duncan, Admiral lord	—	1797
29	Constantius, Western minister	—	412	14	Diyllus, hist.	—	339	56	Dundas, Henry	—	1791
56	Cook, Captain James	—	1772	8	Draco, legislat.	—	621	40	Dunstan, abp. of Canterbury	—	962
42	Corbagat, Turkish general	—	1090	15	Duris of Samos, hist.	—	279				B. C.
22	Corbulo, governor of Armenia	—	52	54	Dacier, Madame	—	1700	4	Elijah the Prophet	—	895
53	Cork, Richard earl of	—	1619	42	Damiano, Cardinal	—	1052	4	Elisha the Prophet	—	835
22	Cornelius Fuscus	—	87	35	Daniel, bp. of Winchester	—	742	11	Empedocles, poet and phil.	—	455
46	Cornwall, Richard earl of	—	1257	47	Dante Alighieri	—	1304	12	— still living	—	434
56	Cornwallis, Charles marquis	—	1799	52	Davila, Henry	—	1588	14	Ephorus, hist.	—	340
50	Coulon, Admiral	—	1475	51	Da Vinci, Leonardo	—	1503	11	Epicharmus, perfected comedy 'before Chionides'	—	500
48	Courtney, Archbishop	—	1381	57	Davy, Sir Humphrey	—	1812	14	Epicurus, phil., birth of	—	341
53	Coventry, Thomas lord	—	1623	55	Defoe, Daniel	—	1719	14	— began to study philosophy	—	329
55	Cowper, William earl	—	1714	51	Del Sarto, Andrea	—	1513	14	— educated at Samos	—	323
51	Cranmer, Archbishop	—	1530	38	Denewulf, bp. of Winchester	—	880	14	— comes to Athens	—	323
49	Creighton, chancellor of Scotland	—	1438	53	Descartes, René	—	1636	14	— commences teaching at Mytilenë and at Lampacnus	—	310
40	Crescentius, tyrant of Rome	—	983	55	Destouches, Philip	—	1727	15	— settles at Athens	—	306
27	Crispus, son of Constantine	—	317	54	D'Herbelot, Bartholomew	—	1673	15	— death of	—	270
51	Cromwell, Thomas lord	—	1531	36	Diaconius, Paulus, of Aquilea	—	781	14	Epigenes of the Middle Comedy	—	340
54	Cromwell, Oliver	—	1653	45	Diceto, Ralph de	—	1209	7	Epimenides of Crete, birth of	—	659
37	Crunnus king of Bulgaria	—	807	37	Dicuil, Irish monk in France	—	825	9	— at Athens	—	596
55	Cumberland, William duke of	—	1746	24	Diogenes Laertius	—	178	16	Epinicus, comic poet	—	217
28	Cynegius, Roman minister	—	385	25	Dion Cassius	—	229	15	Erasistratus medicus, the grandson of Aristotle	—	258
26	Cyriades, the first of the thirty tyrants	—	258	23	Dion Chrysostom	—	105	15	Eratosthenes, birth of	—	275
			B. C.	31	Dionysius, bp. of Alexandria	—	257	16	— librarian at Alexandria	—	223
8	Damophylë, poetria	—	611	26	Dionysius Exiguus	—	516	17	— death of	—	194
8	Daniel the Prophet	—	606	24	Diophantus of Alexandria	—	156	8	Erinna, lyric	—	611
14	Demades, one of the orators demanded by Alexander	—	335	57	Dodwell, Henry	—	1697	13	Erinna, poetria	—	352
14	— put to death	—	318	53	Dolce, Carlo	—	1647	13	Eubulus of the Middle Comedy	—	375
14	Demetrius Phalereus, orat., enters into public life	—	325	53	Dominichino, 'Zampieri'	—	1617	14	Eubulus, orat., opposed to Demosthenes	—	349
15	— withdraws to Egypt	—	296					14	— has great influence, which is felt by his rival	—	350
15	— is in great credit with Soter, but is disgraced by Philadelphus	—	283					12	Euctemon, astron.	—	432
15	Demetrius of the New Comedy	—	299					13	Eudoxus, phil.	—	368
17	Demetrius of Scepsis, critic	—	145					15	Euclid, mathematic.	—	300
								13	Euetes, comic poet	—	485
								11	Euexenides, comic poet	—	485
								11	Eugamon of Cyrene	—	566























## MEN OF EMINENCE

N <sup>o</sup>	B. C.	N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.	N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.
15	Sosithus, trag. —	23	Suetonius —	31	Symmachus, Roman prefect —
16	Sotades, poetæ —	42	Suidas, lexicograph. —	28	Syrianus, general in Egypt —
15	Sotion of Alexandria, critic —	29	Sulpicius Severus, hist. —		B. C.
14	Speusippus, phil. succeeds Plato in the old academy —	51	Surrey, Henry earl of —	10	Telesilla of Argos, poetria —
14	— death of —	55	Swift, Dr. Jonathan —	12	Telestes, poetæ, gains a dithyrambic prize —
14	Stephanus of the Middle Comedy, son of Antiphanes —	29	Synesius, bp. of Ptolemais —	7	Terpander lyric —
8	Stesichorus, lyric, birth of —	51†	St. André, Mareschal de —	8	Thales of Miletus, phil. birth of —
9	— death of —	50	St. Pol, Constable de —	9	— still living —
20	Strabo, æt. 30 —	56	St. Vincent, Admiral earl —	7	Thaletas lyric —
15	Strato peripat. succeeds Theophrastus at the Lyceum —	31	Sabianus, Eastern general —	15	Theocritus —
15	— death of —	23	Sabina, Empress —	13	Theodectes of Phaselis, trag. —
12	Strattis, comic poet —	25	Sabinus, Roman minister —	14	— death of —
19	Sulla acquires the library of Apellicon —	51	Sadler, Sir Ralph —	20	Theodoros of Gadara, gram. —
19†	Sallust, birth of —	33	Sain, Persian general —	10	Theognis of Megara, poetæ —
20	— tribune —	44	Saladin, Sultan of Egypt —	20	Theophanes of Lesbos, the historian in the service of Pompey —
20	— expelled the senate —	49	Salisbury, Thomas earl of —	14	Theophrastus succeeds Aristotle in the Lyceum —
20	— prætor, accompanies Cæsar in the African war —	53	Salisbury, Cecil earl of —	14	Theopompus, hist. still living —
20	— death of —	48	Salisbury, Roger bp. of —	10	Thespis first exhibits tragedy —
18	Sempronius Asellio the historian serves at Numantia —	28	Sallust, minister to Julian —	13	Thrasylbulus Cottyensis, orat. —
19	Sisenna, hist. —	54	Sancroft, Archbishop —	11	Thucydides, birth of —
17	Sulpicius Gallus, astron. sent on a mission to Eumenes —	54	Sandwich, Edward earl of —	12	— in command at Amphipolis —
		33	Sarbarus, Persian general —	12	— in exile, partly in Thrace —
		33	Saturninus, tyrant of Egypt —	12	— returns from exile and is still employed upon his history —
	A. D.	57	Saumarez, Admiral lord —	19	Timagenes the sophist —
23	Salvius Julianus —	53	Saxe Weimar, William duke of —	15	Timæus, hist. —
53	Sarpi, Father Paul —	55	Saxe, Mareschal count —	15	Timocharis, astron. —
50	Savarola, Jerome —	24	Scapula, proconsul of Africa —	14	Timocles of the New Comedy exhibits —
45	Saxo Grammaticus —	54	Schomberg, Mareschal duke of —	11	Timocreon of Rhodes, lyric —
51	Scaliger, Julius —	48	Scrope, Richard, lord chancellor —	15	Timon Phliasii, critic —
52	Scaliger, Joseph —	47	Segrave, Stephen —	15	Timosthenes of Rhodes, geog. —
56	Schiller, Frederic —	21	Sejanus, Roman minister —	12	Timotheus, poetæ, birth of —
49	Schœffer, Peter —	43	Senlis, Chancellor de —	13	— flourished —
57	Scott, Sir Walter —	27	Severus, Cæsar under Chlorus —	13	— death of —
38	Scotus, John, 'Erigena' —	25	Severianus, governor of Mysia —	19	Tyrannio the grammarian taken at Amisus —
33	Secundus, hist. of Lombardy —	51	Seymour, Queen Jane —	20	Tyrannio the younger —
53	Selden, John —	51	Seymour, Sir Edward —	7	Tyrtæus —
22	Seneca —	54	Shaftesbury, Anthony earl of —	17†	Terence, birth of —
52	Servetus, Michael —	34	Shahpoor, governor of Armenia —	17	— death of —
54	Servigne, Madame de —	56	Sheridan, Richard Brinsley —	20	Tibullus is with Messalla in the war with Aquitaine —
29	Servius, comment. on Virgil —	49	Shrewsbury, John first earl of —	20	— death of —
52	Shakspeare, William —	54	Shrewsbury, Charles duke of —	18	Turpilius, comicus, death of —
55	Sherlock, Bishop —	30	Siagrius, Roman governor —	20	M. Tullius Tiro —
56	Siddons, Sarah —	54	Sidney, Algernon —		A. D.
52	Sidney, Sir Philip —	38	Sigebert the Norman —	22	Tacitus —
30	Sidonius Apollinaris —	53	Sillery, Chancellor Brulart de —	27	Taliesin, the Welsh Bard —
42	Sigebert of Brabant —	41	Siward, Earl of Northumberland —	52	Tasso, Torquato —
52	Sigonius, Charles —	55	Slingelandt, Pensionary —	24	Tatian —
22	Silius Italicus —	51	Smith, Sir Thomas —	35	Tatwine, abb. of Canterbury —
44	Simeon of Durham —	31	Solomon, Eastern general —	54	Taylor, Bishop Jeremy —
33	Simocatta, Theophylactus —	54	Somers, John lord —	24	Tertullian —
31	Simplicius of Cilicia —	50	Somerset, Edmund duke of —	46	Thebit, Arabian astron. —
57	Sismondi, J. C. L. —	51	Somerset, Edward duke of —	28	Themistheus Euphrades —
51	Sleidan, John —	53	Somerset, Carr earl of —	29	Theodoret, bp. of Cyrus —
55	Sloane, Sir Hans —	53	Spinola, marquis de —	24	Theodotus the Interpreter —
56	Smeaton, John —	50	Stafford, duke of Buckingham —	23	Theon of Smyrna —
56	Smith, Adam —	54	Stair, James Viscount —	28	Theon of Alexandria —
45	Snorro Sturleston —	54	Stair, John earl of —	24	Theophilus, bp. of Antioch —
22	Socrates the Scholastic —	55	Stair, John earl of —	46	Thomas d'Aquinas, St. —
22	Solinus —	55	Stanhope, James earl —	55	Thomson, James —
46	Sorbonne, Robert de —	50	Stanley, Thomas lord —	52	Thou, President de —
55	South, Dr. Robert —	47	Stapleton, bp. of Exeter —	54	Tillemont, Louis —
55	Southerne, Thomas —	37	Stauracius, Eastern minister —	54	Tillotson, Archbishop —
57	Southey, Robert —	24	Status Priscus, Roman general —	30	Timotheus Gazæus —
29	Sozomen of Salamis —	35	Stephen, Eastern general —	52	Tintoretto Giacomo —
53	Spelman, Sir Henry —	28	Stilicho, Western general —	50	Tiphernas, Gregory —
52	Spenser, Edmund —	57	Stowell, William lord —	50	Tiptoft, earl of Worcester —
57	Stael, Madame de —	22	Suetonius Paulinus, governor of Britain —	51	Titiano Vecelli —
22	Stadius —	48	Suffolk, Michael de la Pole earl of —	56	Tooke, John Horne —
55	Steele, Sir Richard —	49	Suffolk, William earl of —	26	Trebellius Pollio —
51	Stephens, Robert —	43	Suger, Abbe —	49	Trebisond, George —
52	Stephens, Henry —	52	Sully, Duke de —		
57	Stewart, Dugald —	54	Sunderland, Robert earl of —		
54	Stillingfleet, bishop —	37	Swithun. bp. of Winchester —		
29	Stobæus, John —	28	Symmachus, governor of Rome —		
44	Sueno Agonis —				



## MEN OF EMINENCE

N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.	N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.	N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.
31	Tribonianus, juricons. — 529	54	Vaillant, John — 1665	57	Whitbread, Samuel — 1803
51	Trissino, John George — 1529	53	Vandyke, Sir Anthony — 1633	54	Whitelock, Bulstrode — 1659
46	Trivet, Nicholas — 1298	53	Vega, Lopez de la — 1611	52	Whitgift, Archbishop — 1583
44	Tzetzes, John — 1159	53	Velasquez, Diego — 1632	57	Whitworth, Charles Earl — 1813
37†	Taherus, Saracen general — 810	21	Velleius Paterculus — 15	56	Wilberforce, William — 1793
55	Talbot, Lord Chancellor — 1733	52	Veronese, Paul — 1573	43	William of Ypres — 1137
55	Tallard, Mareschal — 1705	51	Vergil, Polydore — 1514	45	William of Provence — 1236
57	Talleyrand, Prince — 1804	30	Victorius of Aquitaine — 463	53	Williams, abp. of York — 1625
49	Tamerlane — 1402	51	Vida, Hieronymus — 1531	55	Wilmington, Spencer earl of — 1729
36	Teleric, king of Bulgaria — 777	57	Vincent, Dr. William — 1805	48	Wiltshire, Scrope earl of — 1394
47	Tell, William — 1308	56	Voltaire, Francis A. — 1751	43	Winchester, Henry bp. of — 1143
54	Temple, Sir William — 1671	46	Voragine, Jacobus de — 1285	56	Windham, William — 1792
57	Tenterden, Charles lord — 1819	53	Vossius, Gerard John — 1626	33	Winwood, Sir Ralph — 1614
26	Tetricus, tyrant in Gaul — 273	27†	Valens the Cæsar — 311	56	Witkind, Saxon general — 781
31	Theodora, Empress — 534	25	Valerius Maximus, general in Illyria — 233	56	Wolfe, General James — 1758
39	Theodora, Roman courtesan — 907	47	Valois, Charles de — 1315	51	Wolsey, Cardinal — 1519
33	Theodosius, Eastern minister — 619	53	Vane, Sir Henry — 1645	53	Wotton, Sir Henry — 1624
37	Theodosius, Eastern minister — 813	54	Van Tromp, Admiral M. — 1652	37	Wulfhere, earl to Egbert — 826
28	Theodosius, Roman general — 373	54	Van Tromp, Admiral C. — 1664	50	Wydvile, general Rivers — 1468
34	Theodosius, brother to Constantius — 654	54	Vauban, Mareschal de — 1685	48	Wykeham, William of — 1388
42	Theodosius, son to Monomachus — 1056	46	Vendome, Matthew de — 1276		
40	Theophania, Empress — 972	56	Vergennes, Count de — 1774		B. C.
37	Theophobus, Eastern minister — 834	39	Vernandois, Herbert count de — 929	11	Xanthus of Lydia, hist. — 463
47	Thomas the Slave — 820	42	Vernandois, Hugh count de — 1096	13	Xenarchus, minograph. at the court of Dionysius — 393
32	Thoulouse, Raymond IV. count — 1097	50	Vespucius, Americus — 1499	12	Xenocles exhibits tragedy against Euripides — 415
45	Thoulouse, Raymond VI. — 1207	48	Vienne, John de — 1374	12	— still living — 406
45	Thoulouse, Raymond VII. — 1224	45	Vignes, Peter de — 1235	13	Xenocrates, phil. birth of — 396
22	Thrasea Pætus — 58	49	Vignoles, La Hire — 1439	14	— succeeds Speusippus in the Old Academy — 339
53	Thrasemond, Papal general — 740	55	Villars, Mareschal — 1709	14	— death of — 315
54	Thurloe, John — 1655	46	Villebon, Peter de — 1252	10	Xenophanes, phil. birth of — 527
56	Thurlow, Edward lord — 1785	53	Villeroy, Secretary — 1603	10	— flourished — 538
34	Tiberius, Eastern minister — 667	25	Vitalianus, Roman minister — 235	11	— an exile in Sicily — 477
35	Tiberius, tyrant of Sicily — 718	31	Vitalianus, Gothic general — 512	12	Xenophon at the battle of Delium — 424
22	Tigellinus, Roman minister — 64	29	Vitus, Roman general — 442	12	— goes with Cyrus into Asia — 401
24	Titianus, prefect of Gaul — 345	34	Vulfoald, maire du palais — 677	12	— withdraws to Scillus — 394
55	Torcy, Colbert marquis de — 1713			13	— flourished — 374
55	Torrington, Admiral lord — 1708	54	Waller, Edmund — 1656	13	— death of — 359
51	Tournon, Cardinal — 1541	45	Walter of Coventry — 1213		
55	Townshend, Charles viscount — 1722	54	Walton, Bishop Brian — 1659		A. D.
56	Townshend, Charles — 1761	56	Warburton, Bishop — 1756	51	Ximenes, Cardinal — 1505
56	Townshend, George viscount — 1769	55	Waterland, Dr. Daniel — 1728		
49	Tremouille, George de la — 1433	56	Watt, James — 1773		
50	Tremouille, Louis de la — 1488	57	Weber, Carl von — 1817		
51	Trivulce, Mareschal — 1511	38	Werferth, bp. of Worcester — 873	55	Young, Dr. Edward — 1742
47	Trussel, Sir William — 1327	43	Wernerus, German civilian — 1150	57	Young, Dr. Thomas — 1807
54	Turenne, Mareschal — 1657	55	Wesley, John — 1740	45†	Yoland, Empress — 1217
46	Turgel, regent of Sweden — 1283	57	Wesley, Samuel — 1826	52	York, Richard duke of — 1452
56	Turgot, Robert Jacques — 1777	49	Wesselus, John of Gronigen — 1444	56	York, Edward duke of — 1767
39	Turketul, Chancellor — 941	57	White, Henry Kirke — 1803	57	York, Frederic duke of — 1820
		55	Whitefield, George — 1739		
		34	Wilbrod, bp. of Utrecht — 696		B. C.
53	Usher, Archbishop — 1631	48	Wiclif, John — 1369	7	Zaleucus of Locrus — 660
41†	Ulnoth, thane of Sussex — 1009	57	Wilkie, Sir David — 1827	13	Zechariah the Prophet — 519
25	Ulpian, Roman lawyer — 222	36	Willehad, bp. of Bremen — 787	11	Zeno of Elea, the inventor of logic — 464
24	Ulpian Marcellus, governor of Britain — 183	42	William of Spire — 1081	11	— still living — 435
41	Uthred earl of Northumberland — 1014	43	William of Malmesbury — 1140	15	Zeno of Citium, phil. — 299
30	Uvinomadus, French minister — 462	44	William of Newburgh — 1195	15	— directs the stoic school — 278
		49	William of Waynflete — 1447	15	— death of, according to Eusebius — 263
	B. C.	36	Willibald, bp. of Eichstadt — 753	15	— according to Laertius — 259
18	Valerius Antias, Roman hist. — 111	49	Wintoun, Andrew — 1430	16	Zeno of Tarsus, the stoic, succeeds Chrysippus — 207
18	M. T. Varro, birth of — 116	35	Withred, presbyter — 747	17	Zeno the Rhodian, hist. — 198
19	— serves under Pompey against the Pirates — 67	57	Wollaston, William H. — 1809	19	Zeno the Epicurean, taught at Athens — 79
20	— lieutenant in Spain — 49	54	Wren, Sir Christopher — 1670	15	Zenodotus of Ephesus, critic — 271
20	— proscribed — 43	42	Wulstan, bp. of Worcester — 1068	8	Zephaniah the Prophet — 639
20	— death of — 28	51	Wyat, Sir Thomas — 1532	13	Zeuxis, pictor. — 397
19	P. T. Varro Atacinus, poëta — 82	54†	Walker, Rev. George — 1689	14	Zollus the critic flourished — 331
19	Valerius Cato, gram. — 81	46	Wallace, Sir William — 1298		
19	Virgil, birth of — 70	53	Wallestein, Albert count — 1627		
19	— assumes the toga virilis — 55	55	Walpole, Sir Robert — 1721		
20	— employed upon the Eneid — 24	52	Walsingham, Sir Francis — 1581		A. D.
20	— recit. 'Tu Marcellus eris' — 22	36	Walter of Alsace — 765	29	Zosimus, hist. — 427
20	— death of — 19	42	Waltheof, earl of Northumberland — 1069	51	Zuinglius, Ulric — 1518
20	Vitruvius, arch. — 27	51	Warham, Archbishop — 1515	26†	Zenobia, queen of Palmyra — 268
		49	Warwick, Beauchamp earl of — 1435	45	Zingis Khan — 1225
	A. D.	56	Weimar, Anne duchess of — 1756	55	Zinzendorf, Chancellor — 1731
21	Valerius Maximus — 23	57	Wellesley, Richard Marquis — 1821	39	Zoe, Empress — 911
22	Valerius Flaccus — 84	57	Wellington, Arthur duke of — 1815	38	Zuendebold, duke of Moravia — 889
49	Valla, Laurentius — 1436	49	Westmoreland, Nevil earl of — 1405		



HISTORICAL EVENTS

N <sup>o</sup>	B. C.	N <sup>o</sup>	B. C.
7	654	14	337
6	715	12	424
7	654	11	476
15	280	12	432
17	187	18	148
17	151	12	407
18	147	17	168
17	191	13	388
17	190	11	316
7	664	14	315
6	734	14	306
20	31	14	302
11	494	17	198
12	405	17	192
17	147	17	191
3	1200	17	191
14	310	17	170
14	307	18	128
15	299	18	112
15	289	19	95
13	396	12	318
13	395	12	411
13	394	20	44
13	392	20	43
13	391	20	39
13	378	20	34
13	377	20	33
13	376	20	32
13	370	8	609
13	362	19	70
13	390	9	570
14	331	18	101
16	241	19	99
12	437	15	251
9	582	16	243
12	407	14	331
12	406	13	365
15	262	13	364
16	210	3	1333
20	37	13	367
20	33	13	364
13	389	14	338
9	564	16	212
12	420	12	406
12	415	12	417
12	415	3	1225
12	412	17	157
12	408	15	268
12	407	11	500
12	407	11	483
12	404	11	468
3	1074	18	129
13	356	16	250
14	335	11	480
14	334	15	279
14	332	6	712
14	332	11	477
14	331	12	443
14	330	12	413
14	329	13	358
14	329	12	408
14	329	11	491
14	325	11	478
14	324	12	411
14	323	12	404
14	323	13	366
14	323	15	268
14	334-324	19	86
20	48	17	192
17	189	3	1207
6	704	17	200
9	563	12	431
		12	430



## HISTORICAL EVENTS

N <sup>o</sup>	B. C.	N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.
12	Attica,—third invasion	—	428
12	— fourth invasion	—	427
12	— fifth invasion	—	425
12	— sixth invasion	—	413
19	Augustus, birth of	—	63
20	— accepts the empire for ten years	—	27
20	— accepts the empire, a second time, for ten years	—	18
20	— accepts the empire, a third time, for ten years	—	8
18	Aurelius remains as proconsul in Sardinia	—	125
18	Auius, defeated by Jugurtha, concludes a peace	—	109
		A. D.	
35	Abderahman the Emir in Spain gains several victories in France	—	731
35	— defeated and slain by Charles Martel between Poitiers and Tours	—	732
44	Acre, siege of, by the Crusaders	—	1189
55	Act of Settlement by king William III.	—	1701
26	Æmilianus defeated by Valerian at Spoleto	—	253
30	Ætius the patrician murdered by Valentinian III.	—	454
33	Africa, first invasion of, by Abdallah	—	647
34	— conquest of, by Akbah and Yezid	—	689
35	— finally conquered by the Saracens	—	709
54	Aghrim, battle of,—gained by general Ginkle	—	1691
22	Agricola sent into Britain by the emperor Vespasian	—	78
22	— defeats the Caledonians	—	84
21	Agrippina lands at Brundisium with the ashes of Germanicus	—	20
21	— banished with the sons of Germanicus	—	30
55	Ahmed III. sultan, deposed	—	1730
51	Aignadel, battle of,—gained by the League over the Venetians	—	1509
54	Aix-la-Chapelle, peace of, between France and Spain	—	1668
55	— peace of,—the sovereignty of Maria Theresa consolidated	—	1748
33	Aiznaden, battle of,—defeat of the emperor Heraclius	—	633
28	Alaric marches into Greece, Athens capitulates	—	396
28	— attacked by Stilicho, escapes to Epirus	—	397
28	— proclaimed king of the Visigoths	—	398
29	— king of the Visigoths, overruns Europe	—	401
29	— enters Italy by the Frioul	—	402
39	Alberic, son of Marozia, revolts against Hugh king of Italy	—	932
32	Alboin king of Lombardy murdered by Rosamond his queen	—	573
52	Alcazar, battle of,—Don Sebastian slain by the Moors	—	1578
33	Aleppo and Antioch taken by the Saracens	—	638
33	Alexandria taken by the Persians	—	615
33	— taken and the library burnt by the Saracen Amrou	—	640
44	— siege of, raised	—	1175
57	— battle of,—death of Sir Ralph Abercrombie	—	1801
36	Alfonso II. king of Oviedo defeats the Saracens at Lodos	—	794
38	Alfonso III. king of Oviedo defeats the Saracens under Mahomed on the Ana	—	881
42	Alfonso VI. king of Leon takes Toledo from the Saracens	—	1084
44	Alfonso IX. king of Castile defeated by Yacub ben Yussef on the plain of Alarcos	—	1195
46	Alfonso X. king of Castile composes his astronomical tables about this time	—	1253
38	Alfred, king, establishes a fleet, and defeats Guthrum the Dane	—	877
38	— retreats to the isle of Athelney	—	878
37	— repulses Hastings at Exeter	—	894
53	Algiers bombarded by Sir Edward Pellew	—	1816
28	Allemani invade Gaul, but are defeated near Chalons by Jovinus, general to Valentinian	—	365
28	— defeated by the emperor Gratian near Colmar	—	378
57	Allied sovereigns—Russia, Austria, and Prussia—at the court of London	—	1814
37	Almagest of Ptolemy translated into Arabic	—	827
31	Amalasueta strangled by order of Theodatus	—	535
55	Almanza, battle of,—lost by the earl of Galway	—	1707
40	Almanzor the Saracen takes Leon by storm, and ravages Galicia	—	990
52	Alva, duke of, recalled from his sanguinary government in the Netherlands	—	1573
43	Amalfi surrenders to the Normans	—	1131
52	Amboise, conspiracy of,—Coligny and Conde against the duke of Guise	—	1560
52	Amboise, edict of,—end of the first religious war in France	—	1563
56	American Taxation proposed in parliament	—	1764
56	— Stamp act receives the royal assent	—	1765
56	— Stamp act repealed	—	1766
56	— Congress meets the first time	—	1774
56	— Independence declared	—	1776
56	— Embassy,—Mr. Adams the first received	—	1785
57	Amiens, peace of	—	1802
37	Amorian war between the emperor Theophilus and the Caliph Motasim	—	838
46	Anatolia conquered by the Moguls	—	1272
38	Andernach, battle of,—Charles the Bald defeated by Louis of Saxony	—	876
47	Andrew of Hungary assassinated at the instance of Joan queen of Naples	—	1345
49	Anjora, battle of,—Bajazet defeated by Tamerlane	—	1402
30	Anthemius the emperor massacred by Ricimer	—	472
28	Antioch, sedition of, against Theodosius	—	387
42	— besieged and taken by the Crusaders	—	1098
23	Antoninus Pius defeats the Moors, the Germans, and the Dacians	—	145
24	— issues a rescript to the proconsul of Asia in favour of the Christians	—	152
41	Apulia conquered by the Normans from the Greeks	—	1043
31	Aquitaine conquered by the Franks	—	508
53	Arabella Stuart, Lady, death of	—	1615
23	Arabia Petræa, conquest of, by Cornelius Palma	—	105
33	Arabia, conquest of, by the Mahometans	—	632
35	Arabian Caliphate in the zenith of its empire	—	718
36	— seat of, removed by Almansor from Damascus to Bagdad	—	757
37	— revolt of the Taherites	—	813
37	— revolt of the Edrisites	—	829
38	— revolt of the Toulonides	—	868
38	— revolt of the Soffarides	—	872
38	— revolt of the Samanides	—	874
38	— revolt of the Hamadanites	—	892
39	— revolt of the Bowides	—	933
39	— revolt of the Ikshidites	—	934
39	— Fallen State of, under the control of the Emirs al Omra	—	934
46	— terminated by the fall of Bagdad	—	1258
36	— in Spain, revolt from, and elevation of Abderahman	—	755
40	Arabian figures in arithmetic supposed to be introduced into Europe about	—	991
27	Araric king of the Goths passes the Danube	—	331
46	Arbia, battle of,—the Ghibellines enter Florence and take the oath to Manfred	—	1260
28	Arbogastes assassinates Valentinian II.—Usurpation of Eugenius	—	392
28	— and Eugenius defeated by Theodosius the Great	—	394
54	Argyll, marquis of, beheaded	—	1661
28	Arianism, fall of, in Constantinople	—	380
38	Arnulph crowned emperor of the West by Pope Formosus	—	896
52	Arques, battle of,—gained by Henry IV. of France	—	1589
52	Arran, earl of, resigns the regency of Scotland to Mary of Guise	—	1552
49	Arras, treaty of,—Burgundy exempted from feudal homage	—	1435
50	— treaty of, between Louis XI. and the archduke Maximilian	—	1482
45	Arthur, Prince, nephew of king John, murdered at Rouen	—	1203
51	Arthur prince of Wales, death of	—	1502
28	Athanaric, general of Hermanric, conducts the Gothic war	—	366
28	— death of, at Constantinople	—	381
42	Ascalon, battle of,—defeat of the sultan of Egypt by Godfrey of Bouillon	—	1099
42	Asia Minor finally conquered by the Turks	—	1084
57	Assassinations at Paris by Fieschi	—	1835
57	Assye, battle of,—the Mahrattas defeated by major-general Wellesley	—	1803
29	Athaulfus makes peace with the Romans, and marches into Gaul	—	412
29	— assassinated at Barcelona,—the Goths conquer and restore Spain	—	415
24	Attilius Titianus put to death for conspiring to obtain the empire	—	156



## HISTORICAL EVENTS

N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.	N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.
55	Atterbury, bishop, banished England	48	Battle off the Morea,—the Venetian fleet destroyed by Andrew Doria
29	Attila, son of Mundzuk, succeeds Rugulus, with Bleda his brother	51	Beaton, cardinal, assassinated at St. Andrew's
29	enters into treaty with the Eastern empire	49	Beaujé, battle of,—Thomas duke of Clarence killed
29	ravages all Germany and France	33	Bedhr, battle of, gained by Mahomed over the tribe of Koreish
30	besieges Orleans	22	Bedriacum, battle of,—Otho's army defeated by that of Vitellius
30	invades Italy	29	Belgium invaded by the Burgundians
30	grants peace to the Romans	57	united to Holland
30	death of, in Dacia,—Division of his empire	57	revolution in
21	Augustus accepts the empire, a fourth time, for ten years	50	Belgrade, siege of, by Mahomet II.
21	accepts the empire, a fifth time, for ten years	31	Belisarius reduces Carthage
40	Augsburg, battle of,—by Otho I. over the Hungarians	31	conquest of Africa by
51	diet of,—Disputation of the Protestant and Catholic advocates	31	defeats Gelimer and the Vandals
48	Auray, battle of,—Charles de Blois killed	31	defeats the Moors in Africa and subdues Sicily
26	Aurelian receives the surrender of the Gothic army on the Danube	31	invades Italy and reduces Naples
26	assassinated on his march between Byzantium and Heraclea	31	subdues the Gothic kingdom of Italy
46	Austrian dynasty commences	31	second command of, in Italy
32	Avari expelled from Thrace by the Roman general Priscus	31	recal of
41	Aversa in Naples founded by the Normans	32	last victory, defeat of Zabergan king of Bulgaria
24	Avidius Cassius,—revolt of	32	in disgrace
49	Azincourt, battle of,—Charles VI. of France defeated by king Henry V.	32	restored to his command
		32	death of
		39	Berenger defeats the Huns, who invade Italy
		39	king of Italy is crowned emperor of the West by Pope John X.
		39	the emperor assassinated at Verona
10	Babylon taken by Cyrus,—Belshazzar slain	36	Bermudo I. king of Oviedo defeats the Saracens under Hashem at Burebo, near Burgos
18	Baleares subdued by Metellus	40	Bermudo II. king of Leon defeated by Almanzor on the banks of the Ezla
17	Bastarnæ enter Dardania, and excite the jealousy of the Roman senate	40	defeats the Saracens at Osma
7	Battle of the Trenches gained by the Lacedæmonians over the Messenians	57	Bernadotte succeeds to the throne of Sweden
8	Battus, first establishment of	55	Berry and Orleans, dukes of, renounce succession to the crown of Spain
8	second settlement of	57	Berry, duke de, assassinated
8	founds Cyrenè in Africa	55	Berwick, mareschal duke of, killed at Philipsburg
19	Belgie war with Rome	54	Bill of Rights enacted
14	Bessus taken and delivered to the enemy	56	Birmingham, riots at
18	Bestia the consul leads an army into Numidia, but is bribed by Jugurtha and desists	53	Biron, mareschal, beheaded
3	Bœoti, return to Bœotia	54	Blake, admiral, destroys the Spanish galleons
17	Bœotian league dissolved	54	victory at Santa Cruz.—He dies on his return
16	Boii subdued by the Romans	29	Bleda murdered, Attila becomes sole king of the Huns
18	Bomilcar sacrificed by Jugurtha for conspiracy	55	Blenheim, battle of,—Mareschal Tallard taken prisoner
8	Book of the Law read and the Passover solemnly kept by Josiah	54	Blood, colonel, attempts to steal the crown
7	Borysthenes in Pontus founded	50	Bloreheath, battle of.—Lord Audley killed
14	Bovianum taken by the Romans, and Gallus the Samnite general captured	22	Boadicea, queen of the Icenii, defeated by Suetonius
18	Brutus the consul proceeds to Lusitania	31	Boethius, death of, at Calvanzano
18	in farther Spain reduces the Bracari and the Gallæci	41	Boleslas I. king of Poland, seizes Cracow, and marches into Bohemia
19	Brutus, birth of	51	Boleyn, queen Anne, beheaded
3	Building of the Temple commenced	29	Boniface, count, invites the Vandals over to Africa
4	Building of the Temple completed	29	defeated by the Vandals
7	Byzantium founded by a colony of Megarians	29	killed in single conflict with Ætius
		26	Bonosus and Proculus in Gaul revolt against Probus
		38	Boson proclaimed king of Arles at Mantaille
		56	Boston in America, tumults at
		56	three cargoes of tea destroyed by the insurgents
		56	evacuated by general Howe
52	Babington's conspiracy discovered	50	Bosworth, battle of,—king Richard III. killed
53	Bacon, Sir Francis, made lord chancellor	55	Bouchain taken by the duke of Marlborough
53	lord, convicted of bribery	51	Boulogne surrenders to king Henry VIII.
55	Baden, peace of, between France and the emperor	51	restored to France
43	Baldwin king of Jerusalem defeats the Saracens and takes Ptolemais	37	Bourdeaux burnt by the Normans
53	Bancroft, archbishop, persecutes the Puritans	45	Bovines, battle of,—king John defeated by Philip Augustus
56	Bank of England, restriction on payments in specie	54	Boyne, battle of the
47	Bannockburn, battle of, and flight of king Edward II.	56	Braddock, general, defeated and killed near Fort-du-Queuse
41	Bar le Duc, battle of, by Conrad the Salique over Eudes count of Champagne	57	Brazil, revolution in, Don Pedro installed emperor
40	Bardas Sclerus defeats the Bulgarians, and terminates their empire	43	Brenville, battle of,—Louis le Gros defeated by king Henry I.
38	Bari, fortress of, taken after four years' siege by the Greeks and Franks under Louis II.	54	Breda, peace of
50	Barnet, battle of,—Richard earl of Warwick killed	48	Bretagne, Montfort duke of, delivers Brest to the English
33	Bassora, foundation of	50	Bretagne, Francis duke of, refuses to give up the earl of Richmond to king Edward
41	Battles, five in seven months between Canute and king Edmund Ironside	48	Bretigny, treaty of, ratified by kings Edward and John in person
48	Battle in the Bosphorus between the Venetians and the Genoese	56	Bridport's, lord, victory off L'Orient
48	Battle off Sardinia,—the Genoese defeated by the Venetians	57	Bristol, desolating riots at



## HISTORICAL EVENTS

N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.	N <sup>o</sup>	B. C.
29	Britons complain to Ætius of the ravages of the Scots and Picts — 446	14	Cassander besieges Olympias at Pydna — 316
39	Brunanburg, battle of, Anlaf defeated by Athelstan — 937	15	— death of — 296
50	Buckingham, Stafford duke of, beheaded — 1483	18	Cassius the consul slain in Gaul — 107
51	Buckingham, Stafford duke of, beheaded — 1521	6	Catana in Sicily founded by Euarchus — 730
54	Buckingham, Shaftesbury, Salisbury, and Wharton, sent to the Tower — 1677	19	Catiline, his defeat and death — 62
34	Bulgarians invade Thrace and settle on the banks of the Danube — 678	17	Cato, now consul, tranquillizes Spain — 195
38	— ravage Greece and defeat the Hungarians sent against them by Leo VI. — 889	17	— urges the destruction of Carthage in the Senate — 157
41	Bulgaria reduced to a province by the emperor Basil II. — 1019	18	Cato, Porcius, the consul, sent to Macedonia against the Scordisci is totally defeated — 114
45	Bulgarian war, defeat at Adrianople and captivity of the emperor Baldwin I. — 1205	19	— the consul slain — 89
56	Bunker's Hill, battle of — 1775	19	Cato returns from Cyprus — 56
56	Burgoyne, general, surrenders at Saratoga — 1777	20	— death of — 46
28	Burgundians established on the Elbe — 371	17	Celtiberian war conducted unsuccessfully by Nobilior — 153
29	Burgundian kingdom begins under Gundicar — 413	17	— war is unpopular at Rome — 151
31	Burgundian laws, 'la loy Gombette' published by Gondebaud — 502	12	Censorship instituted at Rome — 440
31	Burgundy, conquest of, by the Franks — 532	16	Centumvirs instituted at Rome — 233
56	Burke, Edmund, his rupture with Mr. Fox in the house of Commons — 1791	14	Chæronea, battle of, gained by Philip of Macedon — 338
55	Byng, Sir George, destroys the French fleet of Passaro — 1718	7	Chalcedon in Bithynia refounded by Archias of Megara — 674
56	Byng, admiral, indecisive action of — 1756	19	Cicero denounces Catiline — 63
57	— admiral, shot — 1757	19	— in banishment — 58
57	Byron, lord, death of, at Missolonghi — 1824	19	— return of — 57
24	Byzantium surrenders after a three years' siege to the generals of Septimius Severus — 196	8	Cimmerians take Sardis — 635
		8	— finally expelled Asia Minor by Alyattes — 617
		11	Cimon marches to the assistance of the Lacedæmonians — 461
		11	— assists the Lacedæmonians a second time — 461
		11	— recalled from exile — 456
		11	— obtains a cessation of hostilities — 453
		12	— makes a five years' truce with the Lacedæmonians — 450
		12	— death of, and victory of the Athenians at Salamis in Cyprus — 449
		11	Cincinnatus, dictatorship of — 456
13	Cadmea recovered by the Theban exiles — 379	19	Cinna deposed from the consulate by the Senate — 87
3	Cadmus, to whom the introduction of letters is ascribed — 1313	19	— and Octavius, — Contest of the consuls — 87
19	Cæsar conquers Lusitania — 60	19	— assassinated — 84
19	— declines his triumph that he may obtain the consulate — 60	9	Cirrhæan or sacred war — 595
19	— now consul, carries the Agrarian law — 59	9	Cirrho taken by the Amphictyons under Eurylochus — 591
19	— first campaign in Gaul — 58	16	Claudius Pulcher defeated off Drepanum by Adherbal — 249
19	— passes the Rhine and into Britain — 55	17	Claudius the consul ends the war in Istria — 177
19	— second expedition into Britain — 54	13	Cleombrotus marches into Bœotia in the winter — 378
19	— invades the Suevi — 53	13	— sent by the Spartans against the Thebans in Phocis — 375
19	— eighth and last campaign in Gaul — 51	16	Cleomenes and Aratus, war between — 227
19	— embarks for Asia — 51	16	— restores the Agrarian laws of Sparta — 224
20	— in Spain — 49	12	Cleon and Brasidas slain in Thrace — 422
20	— pursues Pompey who leaves Italy — 49	9	Clisthenes of Sicyon is victor in the second Pythia — 582
20	— is deserted by Labienus — 49	19	Clodius, violent proceedings of, and resistance of Milo — 57
20	— occupies Ariminum — 49	13	Cnidus, naval defeat at, and death of Pisander — 394
20	— created dictator — 47	3	Codrus, king of Athens, death of — 1045
20	— arrives in Italy — 47	8	Combat of Pittacus and Phrynon — 606
20	— expedition into Africa — 47	11	Commissioners sent to Greece to collect laws for Rome — 451
20	— triumphs four times in one month — 46	13	Conon restores the long walls of Athens — 393
20	— made dictator for ten years — 46	20	Contest of Octavianus with Lucius Antony at Perusia — 41
20	— war in Spain against the sons of Pompey — 45	6	Corcyræ founded — 708
20	— takes Altegua in Spain — 45	12	— sedition at — 427
20	— returns to Rome — 45	12	Corcyrean embassy to Athens — 433
20	— made dictator for life, is assassinated, March 15 — 44	17	Cornelius Scipio, death of — 176
18	Caius Gracchus goes into Sardinia as quæstor to Anrelius — 126	13	Corinth, battle near — 394
18	— unexpectedly appears at Rome — 124	12	Coronea, battle of, death of Tolmides — 447
18	— chosen tribune of the Commons — 123	13	Coronea, battle of, gained by Agesilaus — 394
18	— chosen tribune a second time — 122	17	Coronea, war in — 163
18	— passes over to the new colony of Carthage. He loses his third election — 122	14	Cranon, battle of, gained by Antipater — 322
18	— death of.—The Agrarian law is gradually abrogated — 121	18	Crassus the consul, sent against Aristonicus at Pergamus — 131
9	Camarina in Sicily founded by Dascon and Meriecolus — 599	18	— defeated and slain — 130
9	— taken and destroyed by the Syracusans — 553	19	Crassus ends the war with Spartacus — 71
16	Cannæ, battle of,—total defeat of the Romans — 216	19	— embarks for Syria — 55
16	Caphyæ, battle of,—Aratus the Achæan prætor defeated — 220	19	— first campaign in Asia — 54
8	Captivity of the Jews — 606	19	— passes the Euphrates — 53
16	Capua recovered by the Romans — 211	19	— defeated and slain by the Parthians — 53
7	Carnea—contest of the lyre, instituted at Lacedæmon — 676	14	Craterus comes from Asia to the aid of Antipater — 322
12	Carthaginians enter Sicily and destroy Solinus and Himera — 409	19	Cretan war — 69
15	— defeated off Myla by the consul Duilius — 259	12	Critias, death of, end of the tyranny at Athens — 403
15	— under Hanno and Hamilcar defeated by the consuls near Ecnomus — 256	9	Cræsus, birth of — 595
16	— abandon Spain — 206	6	Crotona founded by Myscellus — 710
8	Casmenæ founded by the Syracusans — 644	12	Cunaxa, battle of, retreat of the Ten Thousand — 401
14	Cassander escapes from Macedon to concert measures against Polysperchon — 318	3	Cymê founded — 1033
		17	Cynosephalæ, battle of,—Peace granted to Philip of Macedon — 197
		9	Cypselidæ at Corinth, their dynasty ended — 581
		9	Cyrene in Africa founded, according to Solinus — 597











## HISTORICAL EVENTS

N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.	N <sup>o</sup>	B. C.
36	Desiderius, king of Lombardy, conquered by Charlemagne	—	774
47	Despensers, the, father and son executed	—	1326
55	Dettingen, battle of, gained over the French by king George II.	—	1743
37	Diet of Thionville,—Division of the empire of the West	—	806
37	Diet of Worms,—Second division of the empire	—	839
37	Diet of Thionville,—Final division of the empire—Germany separated from the empire of the Franks	—	843
44	Diet of Mentz; definition of the electoral function in Germany, of the duke of Saxony, Count Palatine of the Rhine, king of Bohemia, and the Margrave of Brandenburg	—	1184
26	Diocletian, military election of the emperor	—	284
26	— associates Maximian as his colleague in the empire	—	286
27	— and Maximian abdicate the empire, and are succeeded by Constantius and Galerius	—	305
51	Dissolution of the greater monasteries	—	1537
54	Dispensing power assumed by king James II. and affirmed by the judges	—	1686
28	Division of the Eastern and Western empire	—	364
50	Dixmunde, battle of,—De Cordes defeated by lords Morley and Daubeney	—	1490
21	Dolabella ends the war in Africa	—	24
42	Doomsday Book began	—	1083
42	— completed	—	1086
42	Dorylæum, battle of,—retreat of Soliman before the Crusaders	—	1097
53	Dort, synod of	—	1618
57	Dost Mahomed and the Persians besiege Herat	—	1838
57	— defeated by the British forces in Afghanistan	—	1840
44	Double election to the Pontificate	—	1159
52	Dreux, battle of,—Coligny defeated by Guise	—	1562
56	Droit d'Aubaine abolished in France as regards Great Britain	—	1787
57	— against England, re-enacted by Napoleon	—	1804
57	— finally abolished in France	—	1819
56	Dublin, great political excitement in	—	1784
57	— catholic committee dispersed by the magistracy	—	1811
49	Duke of Orleans assassinated at the instance of the duke of Burgundy	—	1407
49	Duke of Burgundy assassinated while in conference with the Dauphin	—	1419
53	Dunbar, battle of, gained by Cromwell	—	1650
56	Duncan's, lord, victory off Camperdown	—	1797
54	Dunkirk, keys of, delivered by Louis XIV. in person to the English ambassador	—	1658
54	— sold to France	—	1662
42	Durazzo, battle of,—the emperor Alexius defeated by Robert Guiscard	—	1081
54	Dutch sail up the Medway, and burn several ships of the line	—	1667
25	Dynasty of the Arsacidæ terminated. Commencement of the Sassanidæ	—	229
			B. C.
6	Eclipse of the moon, the first on record	—	721
6	— the second and third on record	—	720
8	— the fourth on record	—	621
10	— the fifth on record	—	523
10	— the sixth on record	—	502
11	— the seventh on record	—	491
11	Egina surrenders to the Athenians	—	455
10	Egypt, conquest of, by Cambyse	—	525
11	— revolts from Persia	—	486
11	— recovered by Xerxes	—	484
11	— reduced by the Persians	—	455
14	— conquered by Ochus	—	350
4	Elijah, translation of	—	895
13	Embassy of Pelopidas to Persia	—	367
14	— to Persia at the instance of Demosthenes	—	340
15	— to Pyrrhus from the Italian Greeks	—	281
15	— from Ptolemy Philadelphus to Rome	—	273
16	— from Rome to Greece	—	228
17	— to Rome from Antiochus fails	—	193
17	— from Athens to Rome, the Romans remit a fine of 500 talents	—	155
17	— to Rome in behalf of the Achæan exiles	—	155
18	— of Scipio Africanus to Egypt, accompanied by Panætius	—	143
18	Embassy sent to Numidia to restore Adherbal	—	117
7	Enna in Attica founded	—	664
8	Epidamnus on the Adriatic founded	—	625
13	Epaninondas makes an expedition into Achaia	—	366
13	— invades the Peloponnesus	—	362
3	Erechthus king of Athens	—	1383
12	Eruption of mount Etna	—	425
14	Etolian war	—	322
16	— confederacy with the Romans against Philip of Macedon	—	211
14	Etruscan war with the Romans	—	311
14	Eumenes gains a battle against Craterus, who is slain	—	321
14	— retires to Nora	—	319
17	— and the ten legati join Manlius, and the treaty with Antiochus is completed	—	188
17	— and Prusias are at war	—	184
17	— excites the Roman senate against Persius	—	172
11	Eurymedon, victories of Cimon at the	—	466
12	— sent with supplies from Athens to Sicily	—	414
3	Eurystheus slain by Hyllus	—	1207
13	Evagoras in Cyprus pressed by the Persians	—	380
11	Ezra returns from Babylon to Jerusalem	—	458
			A. D.
44	Earl Strongbow and his companions land in Ireland	—	1169
31	Earthquake at Antioch, 25,000 lives lost	—	526
52	East India Company obtain their first patent	—	1600
57	Ebrington, lord, publicly protests against repeal agitation	—	1840
53	Edgehill, battle of, gained by the parliamentarians	—	1642
42	Edgar Atheling retires to the court of Malcolm Canmore	—	1068
50	Edgecote, battle of,—Earl of Pembroke defeated and beheaded	—	1469
27	Edict by Constantine at Milan in favour of the Christians	—	313
53	Edinburgh, tumult at, on reading the liturgy	—	1637
42	Edward the Confessor receives a visit from William duke of Normandy	—	1051
46	Edward, prince, sails for Palestine with Louis IX. who dies at Tunis	—	1270
46	— relieves Acre,—he is wounded by an assassin, whom he fells	—	1271
47	Edward Bruce crowned king of Ireland	—	1316
47	— defeated and slain at Dundalk	—	1318
47	Edward Baliol crowned at Scone, but is soon defeated by the earl of Moray	—	1332
42	Edwin and Morcar rebel against king William I. but submit	—	1068
37	Egbert defeats the Danes at Charmouth	—	835
33	Egypt, invasion of, by the Saracens	—	638
44	— conquered by the Turks	—	1169
56	Elba surrendered to commodore Nelson	—	1796
52	Elizabeth, queen, declines the sovereignty of the Dutch provinces	—	1575
32	Ella founds the kingdom of Deira	—	560
22	Embassy from Volgeses king of Parthia to the emperor Nero	—	63
32	— of the Avars to Justinian	—	558
32	— of the Avars to Justin II.	—	566
37	— from Haroun al Raschid to Charlemagne	—	801
37	— second, from Haroun to Charlemagne	—	807
29	Emigration of the Northern Germans	—	405
39	Empire of the East.—The Imperial throne occupied by five emperors at one time	—	928
53	Episcopacy opposed in the Scottish parliament	—	1633
53	— abolished in Scotland	—	1638
54	— restored in Scotland	—	1661
31	Erchenwin founds the kingdom of Essex	—	530
50	Erpingham, battle of,—Sir Robert Welles defeated and beheaded	—	1470
57	Espartero declared regent in Spain	—	1841
53	Essex, Robert earl of, beheaded	—	1601
32	Ethelbert king of Kent baptised by St. Augustine	—	591
36	Ethelbert king of East Anglia murdered by Offa king of Mercia	—	792
37	Ethelwulf defeated by the Danes off Charmouth	—	839
55	Eugene, prince, separates from the duke of Ormond	—	1712
30	Euric king of the Visigoths defeated in Gaul by the Romans under Eadicius	—	466
30	— defeats Syagrius, and makes himself master of Tours	—	473
30	— makes himself master of Arles and Marseilles	—	479
46	Evesham, battle of,—Montfort earl of Leicester killed	—	1265



## HISTORICAL EVENTS

N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.	N <sup>o</sup>	B. C.
54	Exchequer shut up by royal mandate	—	1672
55	Excise scheme introduced by Sir Robert Walpole	—	1733
54	Exclusion bill thrown out	—	1680
B. C.			
11	Fabii, the, put to the sword by the Veientes at the Crimera	—	475
16	Fabius Maximus subdues the Ligurians	—	233
16	— retakes Casilinum	—	214
16	— recovers Tarentum	—	209
18	— defeats the Allobroges	—	121
18	Fabius Æmilianus the consul commands in Spain against Viriathus	—	145
12	Fidenæ finally taken by the Romans	—	423
12	Fifty years' truce, 'the Peace of Nicias'	—	421
16	Flaminius, his agrarian law	—	232
16	— the consul gains a victory over the Insubres—	—	223
17	Flaminius besieges Elatea; he forms an alliance with the Achæans	—	198
17	— restores the Ætolian cities, Corinth, Chalcis, and Demetrias	—	194
18	Fulvius the consul is sent to the servile war in Sicily	—	134
18	— the consul leads an army against the Salluvian Gauls	—	125
A. D.			
46	Falkirk, battle of,—Wallace defeated by king Edward	—	1298
54	Fenwick, Sir John, suffers by a bill of pains and penalties	—	1696
32	Fiefs have their origin about this time in France	—	584
23	Firmus the Moor in Africa, revolt of	—	372
47	First passage of the Turks into Europe	—	1341
51	Fisher, bishop, beheaded	—	1535
56	Fitzwilliam, earl, recalled from Ireland	—	1795
51	Floodon, battle of,—king James IV. of Scotland killed	—	1513
45	Florence declares its independence	—	1250
56	Fountainbleau, peace of	—	1762
37	Fontenai, battle of,—Lothaire and Pepin defeated by Louis and Charles	—	841
55	Fontenoy, battle of,—lost by the duke of Cumberland	—	1745
56	Forfeited estates in the rebellion of 1745 restored	—	1784
49	Fourmigny, battle of, by which the French recover Normandy	—	1450
56	Fox, Mr., dismissed the Privy Council	—	1798
35	France, invasion of, by the Arabs	—	721
56	— in alliance with America	—	1778
49	Francesco Carmagnola betrayed at a banquet by the Venetian senate	—	1432
56	Franklin's, Dr., petition to the Privy Council rejected	—	1774
44	Frederic Barbarossa enters Italy to subdue it	—	1154
44	— enters into a treaty with the city of Milan	—	1158
44	— retreats precipitately over mount Cenis	—	1168
44	— totally defeated at Lignano	—	1176
44	— makes a six years' truce with the Guelphic cities	—	1177
45	Frederic II. excommunicated by Pope Gregory IX.	—	1228
45	— obtains the surrender of Jerusalem	—	1229
45	— defeats the Guelphs at Cortenova	—	1237
45	— excommunicated by Gregory a second time	—	1237
45	— forced by the Guelphs to raise the siege of Parma	—	1248
55	Frederic duke of Prussia takes the regal title	—	1701
55	Frederic prince of Wales dismissed the palace	—	1737
55	— appoints William Pitt a gentleman of his bed-chamber	—	1738
56	— death of	—	1751
36	Fronsac built by Charlemagne, the first instance of a fortified castle in France	—	769
44	Fulke of Neully preaches the IVth Crusade to the barons of France	—	1198
B. C.			
18	Galba treacherously destroys the Lusitanians, Viriathus escapes	—	150
17	— the prætor defeated by the Lusitanians	—	151
16	Gallie war with Rome	—	225
15	Gauls, irruption of the, into Greece	—	279
15	— destruction of, under Brennus at Delphi	—	278
16	— defeated in Etruria by the consul Emilius—the consul Regulus slain	—	225
7	Geta in Sicily founded	—	690
11	Gelon becomes master of Syracuse	—	485
15	Gladiators first exhibit at Rome	—	264
14	Granicus, battle of, gained by Alexander	—	334
11	Greece and Persia, end of the war between	—	466
17	Greece declared free by Flaminius at the Isthmian games	—	196
12	Gylippus arrives in Sicily from Sparta	—	414
7	Gymnopædia celebrated at Lacedæmon	—	665
A. D.			
28	Gainas the Goth, conspiracy and fall of	—	400
26	Galerius Maximus and Constantius Chlorus made Cæsars	—	292
26	— defeated by the Persians on the Euphrates	—	296
26	— defeats Narses king of Persia in Armenia	—	297
26	Gallus the emperor purchases peace by an annual tribute to the Goths	—	252
28	Gallus, nephew of Constantine, declared Cæsar	—	351
28	— puts the Imperial ministers to death at Antioch	—	354
28	— put to death by his cousin Constantius	—	354
32	Gascons, the, cross the Pyrennees and settle in France	—	593
56	Gates, general, defeated by lord Cornwallis	—	1780
35	Gebel al Tarik lands at Gibraltar	—	711
30	Gelasius bishop of Rome asserts his authority as sovereign pontiff	—	494
52	Gembours, battle of,—gained by Alexander Farnese over the States General	—	1578
27	General Council, the Ist,—of Nice	—	325
28	— the IIrd,—of Constantinople	—	381
29	— the IIIrd,—of Ephesus	—	431
30	— the IVth,—of Chalcedon	—	451
32	— the Vth,—of Constantinople	—	553
34	— the VIth,—of Constantinople	—	680
36	— the VIIth,—of Nice	—	787
38	— the VIIIth,—of Constantinople	—	869
43	— the IXth,—of the Lateran	—	1123
43	— the Xth,—of the Lateran	—	1139
44	— the XIth,—of the Lateran	—	1179
45	— the XIIth,—of the Lateran	—	1215
45	— the XIIIth,—of Lyons	—	1245
46	— the XIVth,—of Lyons	—	1274
47	— the XVth,—of Vienne	—	1312
49	— the XVIth,—of Constance	—	1414
49	— the XVIIth,—of Basle	—	1431
49	— the XVIIIth,—of Florence	—	1439
51	— the XIXth,—of the Lateran	—	1512
51	— the XXth,—of Trent	—	1545
29	Genseric king of the Vandals lands in Africa—Boniface retires to Carthage	—	429
29	— attached to the Arian heresy, deprives the catholic bishops of their sees	—	437
30	— destroys the fleet of Majorian at Carthage	—	457
30	— defeated by the emperor Leo, sues for peace, and obtains it	—	467
30	— defeats the expedition against the Vandals under Basiliscus	—	468
57	German Confederation renewed	—	1815
53	Germany, thirty years' war in	—	1619
21	Germanicus sent into Germany	—	7
21	— chief in command on the Rhine	—	15
21	— gains two battles over Arminius.—He is recalled	—	16
21	— and Piso proceed to the East	—	18
21	— death of,—Piso ejected from Syria by Sentius	—	19
38	Germany a second time separated from the Franks	—	887
52	Ghent, pacification of, and demolition of the monuments of Alva's administration	—	1576
57	— peace of, between England and America	—	1814
45	Ghibelines, the, defeated at Fossalti	—	1249
57	Ghuznee taken by Sir John Keane	—	1839
55	Gibraltar taken by Sir George Rooke	—	1704
55	— siege of, raised by the Spaniards, and followed by the naval victory of Sir John Leake	—	1705
55	— invested by the Spaniards	—	1727
56	— besieged by the Spaniards	—	1779
28	Gildo the Moor in Africa, revolt of	—	386
28	— defeat and death of	—	398
54	Glencoe, massacre of	—	1693
48	Gloucester, Thomas duke of, carried off, in presence of the king, to Calais	—	1397
49	Gloucester, Humphrey duke of, arrested at St. Edmundsbury, and found dead in his bed	—	1447
54	Gloucester, William duke of, dies	—	1700
37	Godfrey the Norman makes his first descent in France	—	808



## HISTORICAL EVENTS

N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.	N <sup>o</sup>	B. C.
54	Godfrey, Sir Edmundbury, murdered	—	1678
42	Godwins, the, rebellion and banishment of	—	1051
42	— are restored	—	1052
30	Gondebaud defeated by Clovis, between Langres and Dijon	—	500
25	Gordian the younger makes an expedition against the Persians	—	242
25	— murdered at the instance of Philip the Arabian	—	244
28	Goths ravage the Roman provinces	—	379
28	— allowed by Theodosius to settle in Thrace and Asia	—	395
35	Gothic monarchy in Spain, fall of	—	711
55	Grand Alliance between England, the Emperor, and States General against France	—	1701
46	Grandella, battle of,—Manfred defeated by Charles of Anjou	—	1266
28	Gratian made a colleague by the emperor Valentinian	—	367
28	— flight of, and assassination by Andragathius	—	383
54	Great Plague in London	—	1665
54	Great Fire in London	—	1666
38	Greek church,—the schism begins	—	860
57	Greek insurrection, commencement of	—	1821
57	— insurrection deemed a rebellion by the congress at Verona	—	1822
57	Greece, liberation of	—	1828
52	Gregorian Style published by the court of Rome	—	1582
56	Gregorian, or New Style, takes place in Great Britain	—	1752
52	Grey, lady Jane (Dudley), and lord Guildford Dudley beheaded	—	1554
34	Grimoald, duke of Benevento, seizes the throne of Lombardy	—	662
35	Guadalete, battle of the, gained by the Saracens in Spain	—	711
54	Guards reviewed, about 4,000 men, the whole standing army of the time	—	1663
55	Guastalla, battle of, between the Imperialists, the French, and Sardinians	—	1734
52	Guise Francis, duke of, shot by Poltrot at the siege of Orleans	—	1563
52	Guise, Henry duke of, assassinated	—	1588
53	Gunpowder plot discovered	—	1605
38	Guy, king of Italy, crowned emperor of the West by Pope Stephen V.	—	891
38	— is succeeded by Lambert, whose Imperial title is disputed by Arnulph	—	894
14	Halicarnassus taken by Alexander, who conquers Caria	—	334
16	Hamilcar Barcas chosen general of the Carthaginians	—	247
16	— encamps between Panormus and Eryx	—	246
16	— takes Eryx by surprise	—	245
16	— opposed to the consul Fundanius in Sicily	—	243
16	— sent into Spain	—	238
16	— defeated in Gaul by the consul Cethegus	—	197
16	Hannibal, birth of	—	247
16	— succeeds Hasdrubal in Spain	—	221
16	— takes Saguntum	—	219
16	— passes the Alps	—	218
16	— defeats the Romans at the Ticin and the Trebia	—	218
16	— passes into Etruria	—	217
16	— defeats Flaminius, who is slain at Thrasymene	—	217
16	— winters in Daunia	—	217
16	— winters at Capua after the battle of Cannæ	—	216
16	— besieges and takes Casilinum	—	216
16	— enters into a treaty with Philip of Macedon	—	215
16	— winters in Apulia	—	215
16	— takes Tarentum by surprise	—	212
16	— defeats Fulvius Centumalus at Herdonea	—	210
16	— forces Cincius to raise the siege of Locri	—	208
16	— retires into Bruttium	—	207
16	— leaves Italy,—he lands in Africa	—	203
17	— joins Antiochus king of Syria	—	196
17	— urges an attack upon Italy to Antiochus	—	193
16	Hanno defeated by the consul Catullus at the Ægates	—	241
16	Hasdrubal succeeds Hamilcar in Spain	—	229
16	Hasdrubal the Bald defeated by the Romans in Sicily	—	215
17	Hasdrubal proposes peace, which is rejected	—	147
9	Hellanodice augmented to two	—	580
11	Helots, their revolt	—	464
14	Hephestion, death of	—	324
9	Heraclea on the Euxine founded	—	559
12	Heraclea seized by the Bœotians	—	419
3	Heraclidæ driven from Tiryns by Eurystheus	—	1209
3	— their first attempt at the Isthmus	—	1203
3	— their second attempt under Cleodæus	—	1154
3	— their third attempt under Aristomachus	—	1124
3	— return of the	—	1104
3	Hercules, birth of	—	1261
3	— war of, with Erginus	—	1241
3	— war of, in Pylos	—	1239
3	— the Trojan expedition of	—	1225
3	— murder of Iphitus by	—	1212
3	— death of	—	1209
11	Hiero I. of Syracuse gains a naval victory over the Tuscans	—	474
15	Hiero II. becomes king of Syracuse	—	270
15	— makes peace with the Romans	—	263
8	Himera in Sicily founded	—	648
11	— battle of, and victory of Gelon	—	480
14	— battle of,—Agathocles defeated	—	310
10	Hippias, son of Pisistratus, succeeds to the tyranny of Athens	—	513
12	History of the Old Testament ends about this time	—	430
18	History of the Apocrypha ends	—	135
17	Hostilius the consul attempts unsuccessfully to penetrate Macedon	—	170
3	Hyllus slain by Eurystheus	—	1203
54	Habeas Corpus Act suspended, the first time	—	1689
56	— suspended	—	1794
57	— suspended	—	1817
23	Hadrian passes into Gaul and Germany	—	120
23	— passes into Britain,—the Vallum Hadriani from Carlisle to Newcastle built	—	121
23	— rebuilds Jerusalem	—	130
23	— adopts Titus Antoninus in Feb. He dies July 10	—	138
28	Hadrianople, battle of, and death of Valens	—	378
47	Halidon Hill, battle of, gained by king Edward III.	—	1333
53	Hamilton, duke of, and lords Holland and Capel beheaded	—	1649
42	Hampshire depopulated to obtain space to plant the New Forest	—	1079
53	Hampton Court, conference of divines at	—	1604
54	Hanover made a ninth Electorate	—	1692
37	Harald king of Denmark converted to Christianity	—	826
36	Haroun al Raschid at war with the Romans	—	781
38	Hastings repulsed by king Alfred at Exeter	—	894
42	Hastings, battle of,—king Harold slain	—	1066
33	Hatfield Chace, battle of, gained by Penda over Edwin	—	633
55	Hawke, admiral, defeats the French fleet	—	1747
33	Helipolis and Emessa besieged by the Saracens	—	635
30	Hengist gains the battle of Crayford and is established in Kent	—	457
30	— massacres the British nobles	—	475
39	Henry the Fowler elected king of Germany	—	925
41	Henry the Black deposes three Popes at the council of Sutrium	—	1046
43	Henry, prince, is invested with the dukedom of Normandy	—	1150
44	Henry II. is deserted by Queen Eleanor and his three sons	—	1173
44	— does penance at the tomb of Thomas à Becket	—	1174
50	Henry earl of Richmond escapes from Bretagne to France	—	1484
50	— lands at Milford Haven	—	1485
53	Henry prince of Wales dies	—	1612
29	Heraclian, count, revolt and defeat of, in Africa	—	413
33	Heraclius and Priscus conspire against Phocas	—	608
33	— takes up arms against Phocas	—	609
33	— elevation of, on the fall and death of Phocas	—	610
33	— makes peace with the Avari and pushes the war against the Persians	—	620
33	— first expedition of, against Khosrou	—	622
33	— second expedition of, against Khosrou	—	623
33	— third expedition of, against Khosrou	—	627
55	Herculaneum discovered, after being lost for seventeen centuries	—	1749
55	Heritable jurisdictions in Scotland abolished	—	1747
50	Hexham, battle of,—Queen Margaret escapes to France	—	1463

## HISTORICAL EVENTS

N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.	N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.
29	Hippo, siege of,—death of St. Augustine, bishop of Hippo —	45	Innocent III. consecrates Langton in person at Viterbo —
56	Hochkirchen, battle of,—Mareschal Keith killed —	45	— pronounces the interdict against king John —
53	Holy Bible, new translation, published by authority —	49	Insurrection of Jack Cade —
49	Homildon Hill, battle of, between the earls of Douglas and Northumberland —	21	Interview of Caius Cæsar with Phraates king of Parthia —
57	Hone, William, acquitted on three trials for libel —	43	— of king Henry I. and pope Innocent II. at Chartres —
53	House of Lords solicit a supply, which is voted a breach of privilege —	51	— of Henry VIII. and Charles V. at Dover —
53	— abolished by the Commons —	51	— of Henry VIII. and Francis I. at Ardres —
54	House of Commons ordered to take the sacrament —	41	Inundation of the sea, of great extent in Flanders —
54	— protest against alterations in money bills by the Lords —	49	— at Dort, which overwhelmed 100,000 souls —
54	— disband the forces against the king's expressed opinion for a standing army —	42	Investitures, and their question of right, raise disputes between the emperor and the pope —
54	— finally reject king William's request to retain his Dutch guards —	43	— by ring and crosier abandoned by the emperor —
51	Howard, queen Katherine, and lady Rochford beheaded —	37	Irene, the empress, deposed and banished to Lesbos —
56	Howe's, lord, victory in the bay of Biscay —	56	Irish trade opened —
52	Huguenot war in France —	56	— directory arrested at Dublin —
40	Hugh the Great, the father of Hugh Capet, dies —	24	Issus, battle of,—Pescennius Niger defeated by Septimius Severus —
40	Hugh Capet created duke of France by Lothaire the king —	31	Italy, invasion of, by the Franks —
40	Hungary created a kingdom in favour of Stephen, son of Geisa —	32	— in great part conquered by the Lombards —
29	Huns, the, ravage Europe on to Constantinople —	32	— ravaged by the Sclavonians and Avari —
30	— extinction of their empire —	52	Ivry, battle of,—duke de Mayenne defeated by Henry IV. —
			B. C.
11	Icilius, his law allotting the Aventine to the Commons —	13	Jason of Pheræ is slain —
16	Illyrian war with Rome, the first —	9	Jerusalem taken by Nebuchadnezzar.—The Temple burnt —
16	Illyria and Rome, peace between —	19	— taken by Pompey —
16	Illyrian war, the second —	18	Jonathan Maccabeus betrayed and put to death by Tryphon —
11	Inarus revolts from the Persians —	8	Josiah king of Judah slain at Megiddo —
11	Institution of the dictatorship at Rome —	18	Jugurthian war, first campaign —
16	Insubria and Liguria formed into the province of Cisalpine Gaul —	18	Jugurtha and Bomilcar defeated by Metellus —
16	Interview between Hannibal and Scipio —	18	— joined by Bocchus —
19	— between Sulla and Mithridates. Peace granted to Mithridates —	18	— betrayed by Bocchus to Sulla, and delivered up to Marius —
19	— between Pompey and Lucullus in Galatia —	19	Julius Cæsar, birth of —
19	— at Luca between Cæsar, Pompey, and Crassus —		A. D.
20	— between Antony and Cleopatra on the Cydnus —	47	James Artevelde, a brewer of Ghent, becomes an ally to king Edward III. —
20	— of Antony and Octavianus at Tarentum —	49	James I. of Scotland taken prisoner on his way to France —
10	Ionia, conquest of, by the Persians —	49	— released from his captivity —
11	Ionian war,—Sardis burnt.—The Ionians defeated near Ephesus —	53	James I. of England resorts to raising money by way of benevolence —
11	— second year—Cyprus recovered by the Persians —	53	— enforces episcopacy in Scotland —
11	— third year—Aristagoras slain in Thrace —	53	— personally cancels a protest of the House of Commons —
11	— fourth year—Histæus comes down to the coast —	57	Janissaries, extinction of, by Sultan Mahmood —
11	— fifth year—Preparations for the assault of Miletus —	52	Jarnac, battle of, gained by Henry duke of Anjou, the prince de Condé killed —
11	— last year—The confederates defeated in a naval action, and Miletus taken —	57	Java, conquest of, by Sir Samuel Auchmuty —
3	Ionic migration led by Neleus —	56	Jervis, Sir John, victory off Cape St. Vincent —
13	Iphicrates defeats the troops of Agesilaus by a new system of tactics —	22	Jerusalem taken and destroyed by Titus —
13	— sent to the Hellespont —	33	— taken by the Saracens —
13	— arrives at Corcyra, but Mnasippus is already slain —	42	— besieged and taken by the Crusaders —
13	— continues in command of a fleet in the Ionian sea —	56	Jesuits, order of, abolished in France —
14	Ipsus, battle of,—Antigonus falls.—Flight of Demetrius —	49	Joan of Arc takes Orleans by assault —
16	Irruption of the Transalpine Gauls —	29	John the Notary, elevation and fall of —
14	Issus, battle of, gained by Alexander —	45	John, king, does homage to the pope before his legate at Dover —
16	Istria on the Adriatic, conquest of, by the Romans —	45	— signs Magna Charta, pope Innocent annuls it —
8	Istrus, a Milesian colony settled —	46	John Baliol declared king of Scotland by Edward I. —
11	Ithome surrenders to the Lacedæmonians —	46	— is defeated by king Edward, and abdicates his crown —
		48	John of Gaunt weds Constance, and assumes the regal style of Castile —
	A. D.	49	John Huss condemned at the council of Constance —
35	Iconoclastic controversy begins —	53	John Hampden, judgment in the Exchequer against —
35	— rupture between the Pontificate and the Greek empire upon the question —	53	— judgment in the Exchequer cancelled by parliament —
31	Ida founds the kingdom of Bernicia —	53	— mortally wounded at Chalgrove —
36	Images, destruction of, decreed by the synod of Constantinople —	54	John Hampden fined £40,000 —
25	Immæ, battle of,—defeat and death of Macrinus —	28	Julian declared Cæsar, and sent to the West by Constantine —
34	Ina king of Wessex publishes a code of Saxon laws —	28	— first campaign in Gaul —
57	Income tax abandoned —	28	— second campaign.—He defeats Chnodomar at Strasburg —
56	India bill of Mr. Fox thrown out —	28	— five expeditions beyond the Rhine —
56	— of Mr. Pitt passed —	28	— subdues the Franks —
45	Innocent III. enjoins the election of Stephen Langton to the see of Canterbury —		







## HISTORICAL EVENTS

N <sup>o</sup>	B. C.	N <sup>o</sup>	B. C.
13	Mantineæ, peace of, the Messenians included, the Lacedæmonians not consenting	19	Mithridates received by Tigranes
16	— battle of,—Machanides defeated and slain by Philopœmen	19	— defeated by Pompey
11	Marathon, battle of,—the Persians defeated by Miltiades	20	Munda, battle of.—by Cæsar over Pompey, which terminates the civil war
16	Marcellus the consul kills Viridomarus in single conflict	20	Mutina, battles of
16	— sent into Sicily,—Syracuse besieged	11	Mycalê, battle of, gained by Leotychides
16	— finally takes Syracuse	11	Mycenæ destroyed by the Argives
16	— slain in an ambush	6	Mylæ in the Chersonesus of Sicily founded
17	Marcellus the consul conducts the war in Spain	8	Myron of Sicyon is victor in the chariot race
17	Marcus the consul defeated by the Ligurians	11	Myronides, expedition of, into Thessaly
17	— the consul proceeds into Macedon	12	Mytilenê besieged by the Athenians
18	Marcus the consul plants a colony at Narbonne in Transalpine Gaul	12	— and Platea surrender
18	Marius serves at Numantia	19	— capture of
18	— now tribune of the people, imprisons the consul Metellus for opposition to his measures		
18	— takes Capsa.—His first consulate		A. D.
18	— a second time consul, passes over to Gaul. Sulla is legatus to him	55	Macclesfield, lord chancellor, convicted of bribery
18	— a third time consul. Sulla military tribune	51	Madrid, treaty of,—Francis I. released by Charles V.
18	— a fourth time consul, defeats the Teutones at Aquæ Sextia	57	— insurrection at, the palace attacked
18	— a fifth time consul, and Catullus, defeat the Cimbri on the plain of Vercellæ	32	Mahomed, birth of
19	— a sixth time consul	33	— preaches at Mecca
19	— lays down his command	33	— begins to publish his Koran
19	— and Sulla, civil war between	33	— flight of,—era of the Hejira
19	— and Cinna, junction of	33	— death of
19	— a seventh time consul,—his death	33	Mahometan war. The first against the Roman empire
29	Marius the younger defeated near Præneste	32	Maires du Palais to the Merovingian kings of France usurp their power
20	Marriage of Antony and Octavia	56	Malmsbury's, lord, embassy to Paris
16	Masinissa saluted as king of Numidia by Scipio	55	Malplaquet, battle of, between Marlborough and Villars
17	— extends his encroachments in Africa	43	Malta taken by Roger count of Sicily
17	— renewed complaints against his encroachments	57	Manchester meeting for reform, fatal issue of
18	— defeats the Carthaginians	30	Marcellinus, count, revolts in Dalmatia
9	Massilia—Marseilles—founded by the Phocæans	48	March, Roger earl of, declared presumptive heir to the Crown
10	— refounded	49	— succeeded in his regal rights by the duke of York
18	Massiva murdered by Bomilcar at the instance of Jugurtha	46	Marchfield, battle of,—Ottocar defeated by Rodolph of Hapsburg
20	Media and Armenia conquered by the Parthians	55	Maria Theresa rejects the insidious offers of Frederic of Prussia
13	Megalopolis founded	51	Marignano, battle of,—the Swiss defeated by Francis I.
6	Megara Hyblæa founded	48	Marino Faliero denounced by the Council of Ten, and beheaded
8	Megarians send colonists to Byzantium	55	Marlborough, John duke of, dies
11	Megarid, battles in the, between the Athenians and Corinthians	55	Marlborough, dss. of, advances £300,000 on the salt duty
3	Melanthus elected king of Athens	23	Marriage of Marcus Aurelius with Faustina, daughter of Antoninus
12	Melos surrendered to the Athenians	29	— of Athaulfus with Placidia, sister of Honorius. He marches into Spain
20	Messalla, campaign of	31	— of Amalric, king of the Visigoths, to Clotilda, daughter of Clovis
15	Messapians, conquest of, and occupation of Brundisium	40	— of the princess Theodora, daughter of the emperor Romanus, to the eldest son of Otho the Great
6	Messenian war, the first	40	— of Wladimir of Russia to the princess Anne, daughter of Romanus II.
6	— the first ended	44	— of Henry duke of Normandy to Eleanor, the divorced queen of Louis VII.
7	— the second	46	— contract between prince Edward and Margaret of Scotland.—The young queen dies on her return from Norway
7	— the second ended	49	— of Francis Sforza with Bianca Visconti, daughter of duke Philip of Milan
11	— the third	50	— of king Edward IV. to lady Elizabeth Grey
13	Messenians, restoration of the	50	— of Mary countess of Burgundy with the arch-duke Maximilian
17	— surrender to Lycortas, the successor of Philopœmen	50	— of Anne duchess of Bretagne to Charles VIII. king of France
16	Metaurus, battle of the,—Hasdrubal defeated and slain	51	— of Katherine of Arragon to Arthur prince of Wales
15	Metellus the consul killed at Arretium	51	— of James IV. of Scotland to the princess Margaret of England
16	Metellus gains a victory over Hasdrubal at Panormus	51	— of king Henry VIII. to Katherine princess of Wales
18	Metellus the consul sent into Spain	51	— of the princess Mary to Louis XII. king of France
18	Metellus superseded by Marius	51	— of king Henry VIII. to Anne Boleyn
19	— exile of	51	— of king Henry VIII. to Jane Seymour
19	— return of	51	— of king Henry VIII. to Anne of Cleves
18	Micipsa king of Numidia, death of	51	— of king Henry VIII. to lady Katherine Howard
8	Milesians established in Egypt	51	— of king Henry VIII. to Katherine Parr
8	Milesian war begins	52	— of lord Guildford Dudley and lady Jane Grey
8	Miletus, peace with, between Alyattes and Thrasybulus	52	— of Mary queen of Scots and the Dauphin
12	— battle of, gained by the Athenians		
19	Milo and Clodius, rencontre between		
19	Milo in exile		
10	Miltiades, son of Cimon, succeeds Stesagoras in the Chersonese		
11	— retires from the Chersonese to Athens, while the Phœnician fleet lay at Tenedos		
12	Mindarus slain by Alcibiades at Cyzicus		
3	Minos, his naval dominion and legislation		
19	Mithridatic war, the first		
19	— renewed		
19	Mithridates, defeat and flight of		

III.

ALPHABETICAL TABLES

HISTORICAL EVENTS

N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.	N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.
52	Marriage of Mary queen of Scots and lord Darnley	28	Mount Seleucus, battle of,—defeat and death of Mag-
52	— of Mary queen of Scots to earl Bothwell	—	— nentius
53	— of the Ps. Elizabeth to the Elector Palatine	47	Mount Cassel, battle of, gained by Philip of Valois over
53	— of king Charles I. to Henrietta Maria of France	—	— the Flemings
54	— of the Duke of York to Prince of Modena	51	Muhlberg, battle of, gained by Charles V.—Elector of
57	— of queen Victoria and Prince Albert of Saxe	—	— Saxony taken prisoner
	Coburg Gotha	47	Muhldorf, battle of,—Frederic III. taken prisoner by
56	Marriage Act passed	—	— Louis of Bavaria
37	Marseilles taken and plundered by Greek pirates	52	Murray, regent earl of, assassinated, earl of Lennox
55	— plague at	—	— succeeds
54	Marsiglia, battle of, duke of Savoy defeated	28	Mursa, battle of,—Magnentius defeated by Constantius
53	Marston Moor, battle of	35	Musa the Saracen lands in Spain
51	Martin Luther excommunicated at the Diet of Worms	35	— effects the conquest of Spain
51	— preaches against the sale of Indulgences at	35	— arrested at the head of his army
—	Wittemburg and is condemned at Rome		
52	Martyrs, John Rogers, protomartyr— Bishop Hooper,		
—	Bishop Ferrars		
51	Mary queen of Scots carried over to France	17	Nabis submits to Flamininus.—Liberation of Argos
52	— lands at Leith from the court of France	17	— defeated by Philipœmen.—Lacedæmon joins
52	— lands at Workington	—	— the Achæan League
52	— beheaded	6	Nabonassar, era of, begins
44	Massacre of the Latins at Constantinople	3	Naval empire of the Lydians
52	Massacre on St. Bartholomew's eve	3	— of the Pelasgians
53	Matilda, the empress, now a widow, returns to England	4	— of the Thracians
43	— marries Geoffrey Plantagenet	4	— of the Rhodians
43	— invades Normandy	4	— of the Phrygians
43	— escapes by night from Oxford to Wallingford	4	— of the Cyprians
43	— returns to Normandy	4	— of the Phœnicians
32	Maurice the Cappadocian wars against the Avari	5	— of the Egyptians
33	— and his five children put to death by Phocas	6	— of the Milesians
52	— prince, takes Breda and expels the Spaniards	6	— of the Carians
—	from the Union	7	— of the Lesbians
27	Maximin exacts the equal title of Augustus, which is	9	— of the Phocæans
—	also conceded to Constantine	10	— of the Samians
27	Maximian strangled at Marseilles by order of Con-	11	— of Ægina
—	stantine	12	Naval actions in the Corinthian gulf
28	Maximus in Britain revolts against Theodosius	6	Naxos founded by Theocles
28	— invades Italy; flight of Valentinian II.	10	— besieged for four months by Megabates and
28	— defeated on the Save by Theodosius.—Death	—	— Aristagoras
—	of Maximus	11	— besieged by Cimon
33	Mecca, submission of to Mahomed	13	— battle off,—Pollis defeated by Chabrias
39	— pillaged by the Carmanthian Abu Taher	8	Neco king of Egypt began his canal between the Red
57	Mehemet Ali, revolt of, from the Sublime Porte	—	— Sea and the Nile, circa
57	Melville, lord, charged with embezzlement by Mr.	9	Nemean games restored
—	Whitbread	12	Nicias leads an expedition
55	Menin surrenders to Marlborough	12	— surrender of, in Sicily
29	Merovius begins to reign, according to the French	19	Nicomedes bequeaths Bithynia to the Romans
—	chronology	8	Nineveh, capture of
36	Merovingian dynasty terminated in France	18	Nunantines, the, refuse to receive Mancinus as a prisoner
39	Mersberg, battle of,—the Hungarians defeated by Henry	18	Numantia, its fall and destruction of its inhabitants
—	the Fowler		
42	— battle of,—Rodolph of Snabia killed by God-		
—	frey of Bouillon	52	Nantes, edict of by Henry IV. in favour of the Re-
57	Metropolitan Police commenced	—	— formers
37	Michael I. defeated by Crunus king of Bulgaria	54	— edict of, revoked
38	Michael III. the Sot, put to death by Basil the Macedo-	51	Naples, partition of, by Louis XII. and Ferdinand of
—	nian, who succeeds him	—	— Spain
42	Michael VI. abdicates the empire of the East in favour	46	Napoleon della Torre captured at Desio by the arch-
—	of Isaac Comnenus	—	— bishop of Milan
57	Miguel, Don, usurps the throne of Portugal	57	Napoleon Bonaparte, death of
57	— his fleet captured by Admiral Napier	29	Narbonne besieged by the Goths
56	Minden, battle of,—defection of lord George Sackville	32	Narses effects the settlement of Italy
55	Minorca taken by general Stanhope	32	— defeats the Franks and the Athenians
55	Mississippi scheme at its height in Nov. Dec.	32	— defection and death of
55	Molwitz, battle of, gained by Frederic of Prussia	53	Naseby, battle of,—the royalists defeated
27	Monastic life, increase and influence of, at Rome	57	National prosperity the leading topic of the royal speech
36	Monasteries in the East dissolved by Constantine Co-	—	— in February. Commercial panic in December
—	pronynus	48	Navarette, battle of,—by Edward the Black Prince over
52	Moncontour, battle of, gained by Henry IV.	—	— Henry the Bastard of Castile
54	Monmouth, duke of, taken at Sedgemoor	45	Novas de Tolosa, battle of,—Mahomed Alnassar de-
47	Montfort, countess de, engages a French fleet	—	— feated by Alfonso IX. of Castile
56	Montreal, surrender of to General Amherst	56	Nelson's, lord, victory off the Nile
56	— taken by the Americans under general Mont-	47	Nevil's Cross, battle of,—David king of Scotland taken
—	gomery	—	— prisoner
53	Montrose, marquis of, executed	53	Newbury, first battle of, gained by the parliamentarians
53	Moors, expulsion of by Philip III. of Spain	53	— second battle of,—an undecided conflict
51	More, Sir Thomas, beheaded	56	New York taken by the king's troops
47	Mortimer, Roger, seized in Nottingham castle and	57	— desolating fire at
—	executed	42	Nice, siege of, by the Crusaders
50	Mortimer's Cross, battle of, gained by Edward earl of	51	Nice, treaty of, between Charles V. and Francis I.
—	March	37	Nicephorus defeated and killed by Crunus king of
		—	— Bulgaria



## HISTORICAL EVENTS

N <sup>o</sup>			N <sup>o</sup>		A. D.
40	Nicephorus II. assassinated at the instance of Theophania	969	33	Omar, caliph, mortally wounded in the mosque at Medina by a Persian slave	—
48	Nicopolis, battle of,—defeat of Sigismund king of Hungary by Bajazet I.	1396	35	Omyiades, fall of the,—caliph Merwan defeated and killed by Abu Moslem in Egypt	644
52	Nieuport, battle of,—the archduke Albert defeated by prince Maurice	1600	53	O'Neil earl of Tyrone surrenders at discretion	1602
31	Nika, insurrection of the, at Constantinople	532	54	Opdam, admiral, defeated by the duke of York	1665
54	Nimeguen, peace of	1678	57	Opium, introduction of, interdicted in China	1832
27	Nisibis, first siege of, by Shahpoor king of Persia	338	55	Orange, prince of. elected stadtholder	1747
27	— second siege of	346	47	Order of the Garter instituted	1348
27	— third siege of	350	54	Orange, prince of, lands at Torbay	1688
31	Noorsherwan invades Syria and destroys Antioch	540	57	Orders in Council issued to counteract the Berlin decrees	1807
32	— last war with the Romans	572	38	Ordonno I. king of Oviedo takes Salamanca by storm	862
56	Nootka Sound, affair of	1790	39	Ordonno II. king of Leon defeats Abderahman, and takes Talavera by storm	914
53	Nordlinghen, battle of, gained by the Imperialists	1634	39	— defeats Abderahman at St. Peter de Gormuz	916
52	Norfolk, Thomas duke of, beheaded	1572	39	— defeated at Val Junquera	921
43	Normandy subdued by the earl of Anjou	1146	57	Osnaburg united to Hanover	1802
45	— united to France	1204	25	Osrhœne, conquest of, by the Romans	216
38	Normans, the, sail up the Seine to Paris	856	53	Ostend taken by the marquis Spinola	1606
41	— first enter Italy	1018	21	Ostorius, expedition of	47
42	— conquer Calabria	1060	28	Ostrogoths repulsed on the Danube by Theodosius	386
50	Northampton, battle of,—king Henry VI. taken prisoner	1460	33	Oswald king of Northumberland killed in battle with Penda king of Mercia	642
49	Northumberland, earl of, slain at Bramham Moor by Sir Thomas Rokeby	1408	22	Otho the emperor defeated at Bedriacum	69
56	Notables, first assembly at Versailles	1787	39	Otho duke of Saxony declines accepting the Imperial crown	91
56	— second assembly	1788	39	Otho I. defeats the Sclavonians, and makes Boleslas duke of Bohemia tributary	950
51	Navarra, the French under La Tremouille repulsed by the Swiss	1513	40	— drives Berenger II. and Adalbert out of Italy	951
51	Noyau, treaty of, which ends the wars of the League of Cambray	1516	40	— defeats the Sclavonians in Saxony	957
			40	— crowned Emperor of the West by pope John XII.	962
20	Octavianus arrives from Apollonia	44	40	Otho II. subdues the Bohemians	977
20	— and Antony conclude peace with Sextus Pompeius	39	40	— defeated at Basentello	980
20	— prepares to invade Sicily	37	40	— massacres his chief nobility at a banquet to which he had invited them	981
20	— at war with the Illyrians and Pannonians	35	40	— defeated by the Greeks and Saracens in Calabria	992
20	— campaign in Dalmatia	34	41	Otho III. poisoned by the widow of Crescentius	1002
20	— passes through Athens and Asia, on his return to Italy	31	48	Otterburn, battle of, between Hotspur and Douglas	1388
9	Odessus on the Euxine founded by the Milesians	592	55	Oudenarde, battle of, gained by Marlborough and Eugene	1708
11	Oenophyta, battle of, gained by Myronides over the Bœotians	456	43	Ouriquez, battle of,—the Saracens defeated by count Alfonso	1139
13	Olympia, battle of, at the time of the games	364	53	Overbury, murder of Sir Thomas, divulged	1615
4	Olympiad of Iphitus, in which Lycurgus concurred	884	49	Owen Glendour raises a rebellion in Wales	1401
14	Olympias captured and put to death by Cassander	315			
6	Olympic games,—the <i>διαυλος</i> added	724			
6	— the <i>πάλη</i> and <i>πένταθον</i>	707			
6	— the <i>δολύχος</i>	720	9	Panathenæa instituted at Athens	566
7	— the <i>πικμη</i>	688	8	Panæus becomes tyrant of Leontium	608
7	— the <i>quadriga</i>	680	5	Pandosia and Metapontum in Italy founded	774
3	— the <i>παγκράτιον</i> and <i>κέλης</i>	648	15	Panormus surrenders to the Romans	254
8	— the <i>δρόμος</i> and <i>πάλη παισίν</i>	632	7	Pantoleon king of Pisa participates in the second Messenian war	672
13	Olynthian war, first campaign,—Phœbidas seizes the Cadmea—Teleutias marches to Olynthus	382	8	— celebrates the Olympic games	644
13	— second campaign.—Teleutias slain	281	15	Papirius Cursor erects the first sun-dial in Rome	293
13	— third campaign.—Death of Agesipolis	330	18	Papirius Carbo is routed by the Cimbræ, who spread themselves over Transalpine Gaul	113
13	— finished by Polybiades	379	6	Parion founded according to Eusebius	708
14	— first embassy to Athens,—Chares sent to Olynthus with 2,000 mercenaries	349	20	Parthian war.—Disastrous retreat of Antony	36
14	— second year,—Charidemus sent with auxiliaries	348	19	— ended	51
14	Olynthus taken by Philip, with several towns in Chalcidicæ and Thrace	347	13	Peace of Antalcidas.—Corinth and Argos separated, Evagoras and Cyprus excluded	387
13	Onomarchus defeated by Philip	352	13	Peace between Corinth, Phlius, and Thebes	366
3	Orestes reigns in Argos	1176	14	Peace between Philip of Macedon and the Athenians	346
13	Oropus seized by the exiles	366	6	Pekah slain by Hoshea	738
			12	Peloponnesian war	431
			12	— truce for a year	423
26	Odenatus king of Palmyra governs the Eastern empire for Gallienus	264	3	Pelops in Pisatis	1283
35	Odillon duke of Bavaria defeated by Pepin and Carloman	743	3	Penthius, Eolic migration under	1124
30	Odoacer forms an alliance with Euric king of the Visigoths	477	14	Perdiccas, death of, at the Nile	321
30	— first defeat at Aquilea by Theodoric	489	8	Periander mediates between Athens and Mytilenæ	606
30	— second defeat at Verona by Theodoric	489	11	Pericles enters into public life at Athens	469
30	— final defeat by Theodoric	490	11	— his campaign at Sicily	454
30	— surrenders to Theodoric, and is assassinated at Ravenna	493	12	— begins to have the sole power in Athens	444
36	Offa introduces the tax of Peter pence into Mercia	794	12	— invests Samos by land and by sea,—surrender of Samos	440
40	Oiga princess of Russia baptised.—The era of Christianity in Russia	955	12	— death of	429
			17	Perseus of Macedon endeavours to re-establish an alliance with the Achæans	174
			17	— declines giving audience to the Roman ambassadors	173





## HISTORICAL EVENTS

N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.	N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.
34	687	55	1736
36	752	55	1739
36	755	54	1670
36	759	50	1497
36	768	57	1842
57	1811	55	1732
24	186	55	1740
50	1492	53	1620
50	1496	53	1635
50	1499	55	1741
22	64	56	1763
22	95	56	1767
23	107	57	1816
23	118	57	1817
25	202	28	385
25	235	26	277
25	250	26	282
25	257	28	363
26	272	53	1632
27	303	57	1816
27	337	53	1637
28	365	55	1731
28	384	55	1742
32	589	55	1709
33	632	53	1622
34	651		B. C.
45	1218	12	418
54	1698		A. D.
31	519	28	374
56	1778	55	1718
25	249	56	1759
55	1724	56	1800
55	1724	57	1820
35	713	57	1821
38	869	21	9
56	1781		B. C.
47	1312	8	604
45	1241	20	46
32	65	15	256
38	864	15	255
39	922	16	250
47	1349	13	400
21	43	12	445
56	1757	14	335
23	102	6	749
48	1356	15	271
40	966	5	753
55	1733	5	751
56	1772	6	750
29	403	6	747
22	79	6	728
36	800	11	481
57	1837	11	472
37	847	12	435
41	1049	13	388
44	1161	14	342
53	1605	14	340
53	1606	14	339
54	1687	14	321
		14	309



HISTORICAL EVENTS

N <sup>o</sup>		B. C.	N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.	
15	Romans and Carthage, league between	— 279	4	Robert duke of Normandy dies in Cardiff Castle	— 1134
15	— become masters of all Italy	— 264	47	Robert Bruce crowned king of Scots at Scone	— 1306
15	— first prepare a fleet	— 260	53	Rochelle surrenders to Louis	— 1628
15	— take 114 Carthaginian ships. The Roman fleet destroyed by a tempest	— 255	56	Rodney, Sir George, defeats Langara and relieves Gibraltar	— 1780
15	— complete 220 ships in three months	— 254	56	— defeats Count de Grasse	— 1782
15	— lose their fleet a second time—120 ships destroyed	— 253	41	Rodolf of Arles bequeaths his kingdom to Conrad the Salique	— 1032
15	— desist from naval expeditions	— 253	39	Rollo the Norman converted to Christianity and created duke of Normandy	— 911
15	— again resolve on naval preparations	— 251	39	— abdicates Normandy in favour of William Longsword	— 927
16	— lose every ship by storm, and again abandon the sea	— 249	29	Roman legions finally leave Britain	— 427
16	— again prepare a fleet	— 243	32	Roman senate, the, cease to exist about	— 551
16	— at war with the Falisci	— 241	31	Roman consulship abolished by Justinian	— 541
16	— at war with the Boii and Ligurians	— 218	33	Romans, the, defeated in Italy by the Lombards	— 602
16	— threaten Carthage with war, but desist	— 236	39	Romanus Lecapenus driven by his sons into exile	— 944
16	— their forces nearly 800,000 men	— 225	41	Romanus III. Argyrus, drives the Saracens out of Syria	1031
16	— their legions first pass the Po	— 223	42	Romanus IV. Diogenes, defeated and deposed by Alp Arslan	— 1071
16	— make peace with Macedon	— 204	28	Rome, conversion of, from Paganism	— 388
16	— grant peace to Carthage	— 201	29	— first siege by Alaric	— 408
17	— subdue the Insubres and the Boii	— 196	29	— second siege by Alaric	— 409
17	— first pass the Alps	— 154	29	— third siege and sack by Alaric—Alaric evacuates Rome—Death of Alaric	— 410
17	Roman consuls enter upon their office on January 1	— 153	30	— sacked by the Vandals	— 455
18	Roman power extends to the Pyrennees	— 118	30	— sacked by the Goths	— 472
14	Roxana taken by Alexander	— 327	31	— surrendered by Vitiges to Belisarius	— 536
19	Rutilius the consul mortally wounded in an ambush	— 90	31	— besieged by the Goths	— 537
		A. D.	31	— besieged and taken by Totila	— 546
29	Radagaisus defeated by Stilicho in the heights of Fiesole	— 406	31	— recovered by Belisarius	— 547
53	Raleigh, Sir Walter, beheaded	— 1618	31	— again taken by Totila	— 549
55	Ramilles, battle of, gained by Marlborough over Mareschal Villeroy	— 1706	32	— conquest of, by Narses	— 552
44	Ranulph de Glanville digests the civil law about this time	— 1180	37	— invasion and sack of, by the Moors and Saracens of Africa	— 846
37	Ragnar Lodbrog sails up the Seine and pillages Paris	— 845	42	— taken by the emperor Henry IV.	— 1084
51	Ravenna, battle of,—Gaston de Foix killed	— 1512	51	— taken by assault,—the duke de Bourbon killed	— 1527
51	Reformation in Scotland begins,—Patrick Hamilton suffers at St. Andrews	— 1528	56	— surrendered to Commodore Trowbridge	— 1799
52	— contest between Mary of Guise and 'the lords of the congregation'	— 1559	36	Roncesvalles, battle of, and death of Roland	— 778
56	Reform in parliament: Mr. Pitt's first motion in office	— 1785	43	Rosebeque, battle of,—the Flemings defeated by the duke of Burgundy	— 1382
56	— Mr. Grey's first motion	— 1793	52	Rouen surrenders,—king of Navarre killed	— 1562
57	— Bill introduced	— 1831	52	Rousillon, edict of, restricting the concessions to the protestants in the edict of Amboise	— 1564
57	— Bill passed	— 1832	54	Royal assent refused by William III. to a bill touching the freedom of speech in parliament	— 1694
56	Regency question on the king's severe illness	— 1789	47	Royal forests enacted to be perpetual	— 1302
55	Regent duke of Orleans gives notice of a conspiracy in favour of the Pretender	— 1722	53	Rupert, prince, takes Bristol by storm	— 1643
55	— dies	— 1723	53	— surrenders Bristol	— 1645
56	Registration bill, for births, deaths, &c. thrown out by the lords 'as being of dangerous tendency'	— 1753	54	Russell, William lord, beheaded	— 1683
57	Repeal meetings interdicted in Ireland	— 1843	38	Russia,—the first naval expedition against Constantinople	— 863
48	Restoration of the Greek language in Italy by Manuel Chrysolaris	— 1390	38	— conversion of, to the Greek church	— 865
33	Retford, battle of,—Ethelfrith king of Bernicia defeated and killed by Edwin of Deira	— 617	39	— second naval expedition against Constantinople	— 904
49	Rennion of the Ottoman empire	— 1421	39	— third naval expedition against Constantinople	— 941
56	Revolution Society of 1688 congratulate the National As-embly	— 1789	41	— fourth naval expedition against Constantinople	— 1043
57	Revolution in France, in Belgium, and in Poland	— 1830	41	— invades Poland, but is repelled by Boleslas I.	— 1018
59	Revolutionary Period and French Empire	1789—1815	52	— first intercourse with England	— 1553
			57	— Austria and Prussia recal their ambassadors from Madrid	— 1823
			54	Rye House Plot	— 1683
			54	Ryswick, peace of,—king William III. acknowledged by Louis XIV.	— 1697
					B. C.
44	Richard Cœur de Lion and Philip Augustus meet at Vezelai on their way to Palestine	— 1190	11	Salamis, battle of,—victory of Themistocles	— 480
44	— defeats Saladin at Jaffa	— 1191	15	Salentines and Sarcinates subdued	— 266
44	— insults Leopold of Austria at the siege of Acre	— 1191	18	Saluvii, the, subdued by Sextius Calvinus	— 123
44	— is driven by storm upon Austria's dominions and sold to the emperor Henry	— 1192	6	Samaria besieged for three years	— 723
44	— returns to England and makes war upon France	— 1194	6	— taken by Shalmaneser	— 721
44	— and Philip Augustus suspend their hostilities	— 1197	14	Samnite war, the first	— 342
44	— mortally wounded by Bertram de Guerdon	— 1199	14	— the second	— 326
46	Richard earl of Cornwall crowned king of the Romans	— 1257	14	Samnites submit to the consul Sulpicius and become subject to Rome	— 304
30	Ricimer reigns, de facto, in the name of Libius Severus	— 461	15	Samnium, Lucania, and Bruttium finally submit to Rome	— 272
56	Riots in London incited by lord George Gordon	— 1780	16	Sardinia conquered by the Romans	— 235
57	— pending the arrest of Sir Francis Burdett by the sergeant-at-arms	— 1810	16	— revolts and is again invaded	— 234
55	Ripperda, duke de, arrested in the British ambassador's house at Madrid	— 1726	16	— a third time invaded	— 233
52	Rizzio, David, murder of	— 1566	16	— a fourth time invaded	— 232
42	Robert Guiscard drives the Saracens out of Italy	— 1058	16	— and Corsica reduced to a province	— 231

\*\* The events of this Period are so much within the memory of most readers as scarcely to require an alphabetical distribution in an Index already sufficiently extended.



## HISTORICAL EVENTS

N <sup>o</sup>	B. C.	N <sup>o</sup>	B. C.
8	Sardis taken by the Cimmerians — 635	16	Social war, commencement of — 220
10	— taken by Cyrus,—Crœsus taken prisoner — 546	19	Social or Marsian war excited by Drusus — 90
14	Satricum recovered by the Romans under Papirius — 319	19	— ended — 88
19	Saturninus, sedition of — 100	14	Sogdiana, subjugation of, by Alexandria — 328
18	Scaurus the consul subdues the Carni at the Pennine Alps — 115	9	Solon, legislation of — 594
18	— defeated by the Cimbrî — 108	20	Sossius takes Jerusalem — 38
15	Scipio, descent of, upon Corsica and Sardinia — 259	13	Sparta, congress at,—Thebes excluded from the treaty — 372
16	Scipios, the two, Lævinus and Scævola, in Spain — 213	19	Spartacus at war with Rome — 73
16	— killed in Spain — 212	12	Sphacteria invested and surrendered to Cleon — 425
16	Scipio Africanus sent into Spain — 211	13	Sphodrias attempts the Piræus of Athens — 378
16	— takes Carthago Nova — 210	11	Spurius Cassius the consul makes a league with thirty cities of the Latins — 491
16	— makes a league with Syphax — 206	11	— makes a league with the Hernicans, and carries the Agrarian law — 484
16	— and Masinissa treat at Gades — 206	11	— trial and death of — 483
16	— now consul, passes into Sicily — 205	12	Spurius Melius put to death at Rome for imputed conspiracy — 436
16	— sends Lælius into Africa, who there confers with Masinissa — 205	7	Stagira in Macedonia founded — 654
16	— lands in Africa, and is joined by Masinissa — 204	18	Sulla, birth of — 138
17	— grants six months' truce to the Ætolians — 190	18	— quaestor to Marius — 107
17	— retires to Liternum in disgust — 187	19	— receives the ambassadors of Arsaces on the banks of the Euphrates — 92
18	Scipio Æmilianus takes Carthage,—the city demolished — 146	19	— takes Stabiæ by storm. He returns to Rome to obtain the consulate — 89
18	— joined in Spain by Jugurtha — 134	19	— procures the banishment of Marius — 88
18	— death of — 129	19	— defeats Archelaüs at Orchomenus in Bœotia — 86
18	Scordisci, the, are forced by the consul Drusus to repass the Danube — 112	19	— passes into Asia — 85
19	Scribonius succeeds Clandius in Macedonia — 75	19	— lands at Brundisium — 83
8	Scythians, irruption of, in Asia — 634	19	— enters Rome. Is made dictator — 82
8	— expelled from Asia by Cyaxares — 607	19	— abdication of — 79
11	Scyros taken by Cimon — 476	19	— death of — 78
7	Sea-fight between the Corinthians and Corcyreans — 664	15	Sulpicius takes several galleys from Hannibal off Sardinia — 258
12	— between the Corinthians and Corcyreans — 435	6	Sybaris founded — 722
13	— between Evagoras of Cyprus and the Persians — 385	16	Syphax engaged by the Scipios against Carthage — 213
14	Seleucidæ, era of, begins — 312	16	— defeated with great loss by Masinissa — 213
19	— end of their dynasty — 65	16	— secedes from the Roman interest — 204
15	Seleucus murdered by Ptolemy Ceraunus — 280	16	— defeated and captured — 203
19	Seleucus defeated by Antiochus Pius, is burnt alive — 93	6	Syracuse founded by Archias of Corinth — 734
8	Selinus in Sicily founded by Pamillus of Megara Hyblæa — 628	12	— battle at — 415
16	Sellasia, battle of,—Cleomenes defeated by Antigonus Doson — 222	12	— siege of — 414
6	Sennacherib invades Judea — 713	19	Syria reduced to a Roman province — 65
6	— death of,—revolt of the Medes — 711		
15	Septuagint version of the Old Testament made about this time — 284		A. D.
19	Sertorius retires to Spain — 83	21	St. Stephen, martyrdom of — 36
19	— war of, in Spain — 78	21	St. Paul, conversion of — 37
19	— opposed by Metellus and Pompey — 76	21	— shipwrecked at Malta — 61
19	— slain,—end of the war in Spain — 72	22	St. Peter and St. Paul, martyrdom of — 66
18	Servile war in Sicily ended by the consul Rupilius — 132	28	St. Athanasius, death of — 373
18	— the second — 102	28	St. Martin of Tours destroys the idols in his diocese — 389
18	Servilianus the consul sent into Spain against Viriathus — 142	50	St. Alban's, first battle of,—duke of Somerset killed, king Henry prisoner — 1453
18	— besieges Erisan, but is repulsed by Viriathus, peace ensues — 141	50	— second battle of, gained by the Lancastrians — 1461
13	Servilius and Sempronius the consuls sail to Africa — 253	52	St. Denis, battle of,—the constable Montmorency killed — 1567
19	Servilius the proconsul sent against the pirates of Cilicia — 77	50	St. Pol, constable de, delivered up to Louis XI. by the duke of Burgundy, and beheaded — 1475
19	— subdues the Isaurians — 75	50	St. Aubin, battle of, by the lady of Beaujeu,—the duke of Orleans taken prisoner — 1488
11	Sestos, siege of, by the Athenians — 479	52	St. Quintin taken by the duke of Savoy against the constable Montmorency — 1557
11	— deserted in the night by its Persian garrison, and surrendered — 478	55	Sacheverell's political sermon preached at St. Paul's — 1709
18	Sextius the consul defeats the Salluvian Gauls near Aquæ Sextiæ — 124	56	Sackville, lord George, broke by court martial — 1760
14	Sicily usurped by Agathocles — 317	44	Saladin defeated before Jerusalem — 1177
13	Sidonians, besieged by the Persians, burn their city — 351	44	— takes Jerusalem — 1187
18	Silanus defeated by the Cimbrî — 109	39	Salamanca, battle of,—Abderahman defeated by Ramiro king of Leon — 938
15	Silver first coined at Rome — 269	51	Salisbury, Margaret countess of, the last of the Plantagenets, beheaded — 1541
18	Simon gets possession of the citadel of Jerusalem — 142	34	Saracen fleet destroyed before Constantinople by the Greek fire of Callinicus — 673
8	Sinope in Asia Minor founded by Coüs and Critines of Mileus — 629	35	Saracens in Spain.—Their first descent by Gebel al Tarik — 710
12	Sitalces king of Thrace, his alliance with Attica — 451	55	Saragossa, battle of, gained by Charles of Spain over Philip V. — 1710
12	— marches against Perdiccas king of Macedon — 429	26	Saturninus revolts against Probus in the East — 279
12	— death of — 424	28	Saxons established in maritime Gaul — 371
20	Sextus Pompeius, war with, renewed — 35	29	— descent of the, into Britain — 449
20	— death of — 35	36	— revolt of the, against Charlemagne, and thirty years' war — 772
3	Smyrna founded — 1015	42	— defeated at Neustadt by the emperor Henry IV. — 1075
13	Social war,—siege of Chios by Chares and Chabrias, Chabrias slain — 357	57	Scinde, Ameers of, defeated by Sir C. Napier — 1843
13	— second campaign,—siege of Samos by the confederates — 356	27	Scots and Picts, their inroad into Britain — 343
13	— third campaign,—Chares sent to the relief of Samos, but sails for the Hellespont — 355	21	Sejanus, fall and death of — 31
13	— peace with the confederates promoted by Eubulus — 355		



## HISTORICAL EVENTS

N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.	N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.
24	Seleucia, sack and conflagration of, by the Romans —	165	
54	Senef, battle of, between the Prince of Orange and the Prince of Conde —	1674	
55	Septennial Act passed —	1716	
28	Serapis, destruction of the temple of, at Alexandria —	389	
56	Seringapatam stormed,—dismemberment of Mysore —	1799	
43	Seven Counts, battle of the,—Alfonso VI. defeated at Ucles by the Saracens —	1108	
54	Seven naval battles between England and Holland in thirteen months —	1652	
56	Seven years' war —	1756	
25	Severus penetrates to the northern extremity of Scotland—Caledonian war —	208	
25	— builds the wall across Britain from the Firth of Forth —	209	
30	Severus, the emperor, poisoned by Ricimer —	465	
55	Seville, treaty of, between Great Britain, France, and Spain —	1729	
51	Seymour, admiral lord, beheaded —	1549	
54	Shaftesbury, indictment for treason against, ignored —	1681	
54	— lord, withdraws to Holland —	1682	
55	Sheriffmuir, battle of, between the duke of Argyll and the Earl of Marr —	1715	
53	Ship-money, first writ for —	1634	
55	Shovel, Sir Cloudesley, lost on the rocks of Scilly —	1707	
37	Sicily subdued by the Saracens of Africa —	827	
38	— conquered by the Arabs —	878	
42	— conquered by Roger de Hauteville —	1090	
44	— thirty years' peace between the Greeks and Normans —	1156	
44	— subdued by the emperor Henry VI. —	1194	
28	Shahpoor II. king of Persia invades Mesopotamia —	359	
28	— besieges and captures Amida —	359	
28	— takes Singara and Bezabde in Mesopotamia —	360	
49	Shrewsbury, battle of,—Hotspur killed —	1403	
50	Shewsbury, earl of, and his son slain at Chatillon —	1453	
21	Silius subdues the Gauls who had revolted —	21	
32	Silk introduced into Europe from China —	551	
39	Simances, battle of,—Abderahman defeated by Ramiro king of Leon —	938	
27	Singara, battle of, Constantius defeated by Shahpoor king of Persia —	348	
56	Sinking fund adopted —	1786	
57	— first applied to the Supplies —	1813	
27	Six Roman emperors at one time —	309	
56	Slave trade, abolition of, first debated —	1788	
47	Sluys, the French fleet destroyed at, by king Edward III. —	1340	
56	Smith, Sir Sidney, taken prisoner off the coast —	1796	
24	Smyrna destroyed by an earthquake —	177	
30	Soissons, battle of,—Syagrius defeated by Clovis —	486	
55	— congress at,—the Spaniards notwithstanding continue their reprisals —	1728	
51	Solway Moss, battle of,—James V. king of Scots mortally wounded —	1542	
54	Solebay, battle of,—Earl of Sandwich blown up —	1672	
52	Somerset, protector duke of, beheaded —	1552	
55	South-sea bubble at its height, June, July —	1720	
46	Southern China conquered by the Moguls —	1279	
52	Spain and Portugal, union of, by Philip II. —	1580	
52	Spanish Armada defeated —	1588	
53	Spaniards defeated in Ireland by lord Mountjoy —	1601	
53	Spain and the United Provinces, twelve years' truce between —	1609	
53	Spanish match, preliminaries of —	1620	
53	— broken off by the intrigues of Buckingham —	1623	
54	Spanish monarchy, first partition treaty of —	1698	
54	— second partition treaty of —	1700	
57	Spain, peace with, their prisoners clothed and sent home —	1808	
53	Speaker of the House of Commons forcibly held in the chair pending a protest —	1629	
46	Spire, battle of, by Albert of Austria,—the emperor Adolphus killed —	1298	
51	Spurs, battle of, gained by Henry VIII. at Terrouenne —	1513	
54	Stafford, viscount, beheaded —	1680	
43	Standard, battle of the, David king of Scotland defeated at Northallerton —	1138	
50	Stanley, Sir William, accused by Clifford and beheaded —	1495	
56	State trials for constructive treason, failure of —	1794	
51	Statute of 'the Six Articles' enacted —	1539	
46	Statute of mortmain enacted —	1279	
54	Steenkirk, battle of, between William III. and the duke of Luxemburg —	1692	
43	Stephen, king, produces the pope's letter of succession to the barons —	1136	
43	— captured at Lincoln, is exchanged for the earl of Gloucester —	1141	
43	— retires to Wilton, but his quarters being beaten up by Gloucester, he escapes by night —	1143	
28	Stilicho, military command of —	385-487	
29	— beheaded by Heraclian at the instance of Honorius —	408	
33	Suintilla the Visigoth drives the Greeks out of Spain —	624	
33	Sufetula in Africa, victory of the Saracens by Abdallah —	648	
47	Surrender of Calais to king Edward III. —	1347	
51	Surrey, Henry earl of, beheaded —	1547	
34	Sussex subdued by Ceadwal and united to Wessex —	686	
56	Sweden, revolution in —	1772	
41	Sweyn's last invasion of England, 1014.—His death —	1015	
47	Swiss Cantons, their independence established —	1308	
54	Sydney, Algernon, beheaded —	1681	
34	Syracuse besieged and destroyed by the Saracens —	670	
45	Syria invaded by the Carizmians —	1243	
			B. C.
11	Tanagra, battle of, gained by the Lacedæmonians over the Athenians —	457	
12	— action at, gained by Nicias, who ravages the coast of Locris —	426	
15	Tarentines surprise the Roman fleet —	282	
15	Tarentine war with Rome begins —	281	
6	Tarentum in Apulia founded —	708	
15	— fall of —	272	
6	Telestes king of Corinth slain by Ariens and Perantas —	747	
13	Teledus captures ten Athenian ships on their way to Cyprus —	390	
12	Temple of Juno burnt at Argos —	423	
16	Teuta queen of Illyria procures the murder of an ambassador from Rome —	230	
20	Thapsus, battle of, gained by Cæsar over Scipio and Juba —	46	
6	Thasos founded according to Dionysius —	720	
6	— founded according to Xanthus —	708	
11	— revolts from Athens —	465	
3	Theban war, the first —	1213	
3	— the second —	1198	
13	Thebans enter Peloponnesus —	368	
11	Themistocles, Ostracism of —	471	
11	— seeks protection at the court of Persia —	465	
5	Theopompus king of Sparta institutes the Ephori —	760	
12	Theramenes, death of —	403	
3	Theras, migration of —	1074	
11	Thermopylæ, battle of, and death of Leonidas —	480	
11	Theron of Agrigentum, death of —	472	
12	Thespiæ destroyed by the Thebans —	423	
3	Thessali, the, occupy Thessaly —	1124	
13	Thimbron commands in Asia,—Dercyllidas supersedes Thimbron —	399	
12	Thirty tyrants in power at Athens for eight months —	404	
12	Thrasylbulus occupies Phylé —	404	
13	— slain at Aspendus —	390	
12	Thrasylulus enters Lydia —	409	
6	Thyrea, war in —	718	
17	Tiberius Gracchus ends the war in Sardinia —	177	
18	— sedition and death of —	133	
19	Tigranes defeated,—Tigranocerta taken by Lucullus —	69	
19	— king of Armenia surrenders to Pompey —	66	
17	Time measured by water at Rome, the invention of Scipio Nasia —	159	
13	Timocrates, mission of, into Greece —	395	
14	Timoleon, expedition of,—he gains Syracuse —	344	
14	— defeats the Carthaginians at the river Cræmesus —	339	
13	Timotheus returning from Corcyra lands the exiles at Zacynthus —	374	
13	— appointed to oppose Mnasippus, is superseded by Iphicrates —	373	
13	— repulsed at Amphipolis by the Olynthians —	360	
11	Tolmides, campaign of —	455	
8	Tomi, a Milesian colony settled —	633	
18	Toulouse plundered by the consul Cæpio —	106	





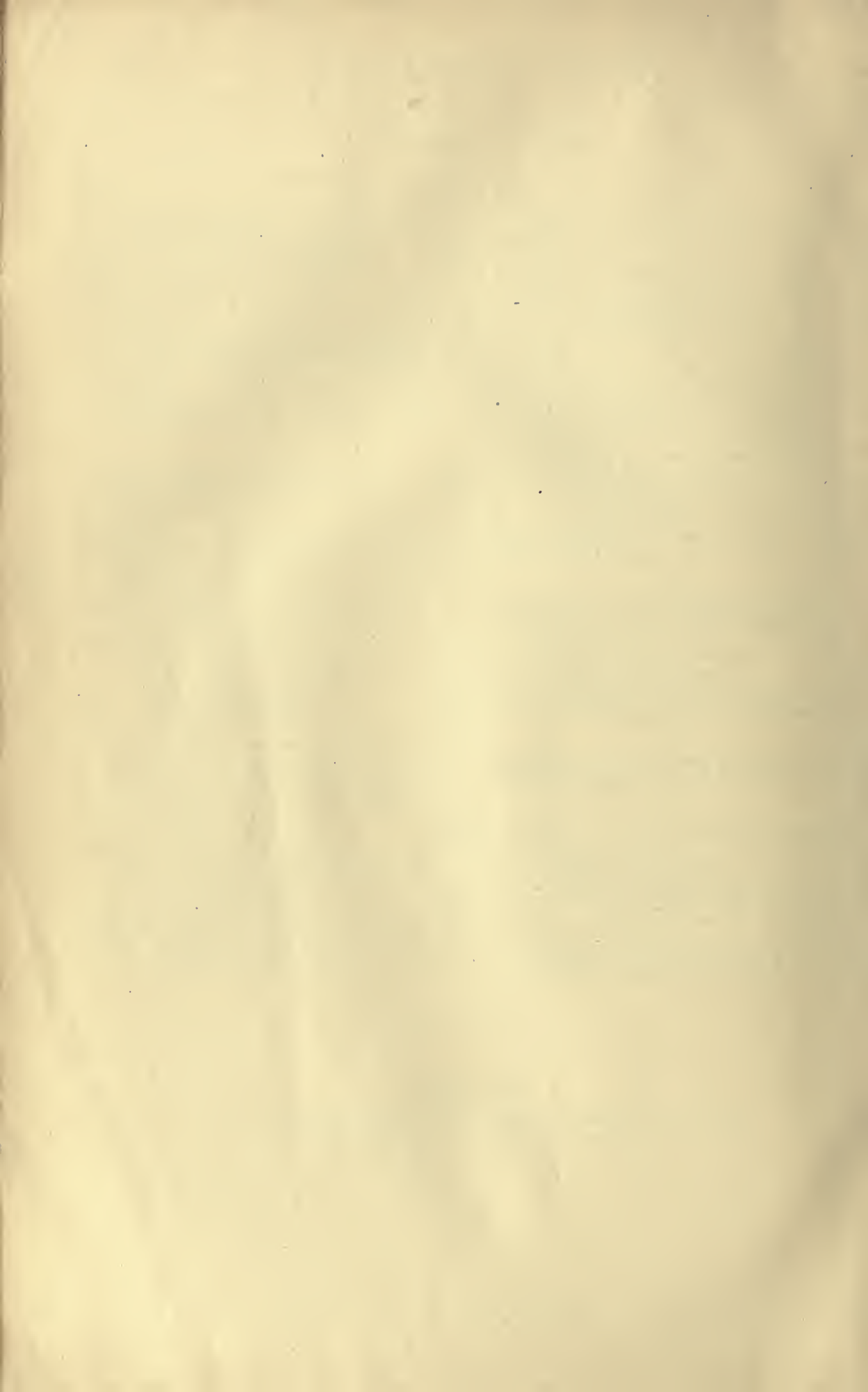
## HISTORICAL EVENTS

N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.	N <sup>o</sup>	A. D.
55	Villa Viciosa, battle of, gained by count Staremberg over the French and Spaniards	43	William, prince, son of king Henry I. shipwrecked off Barfleur
53	Villiers, George, sworn of the Privy Council	43	William Cliton, earl of Flanders, killed at the siege of Alost
53	— duke of Buckingham, shot by Felton	52	William prince of Orange assassinated
35	Vincy, battle of, gained by Charles Martel	54	William III. king, protests against Louis XIV. at the Hague
22	Virginus declines the Roman empire	56	Wilkes, John, elected member for Middlesex
22	— death of	56	— expelled the House of Commons
29	Visigoths expel the Alans, and extend their dominion in Spain	43	Wimsberg, battle of,—war-cry of the Guelphs and Ghibellines
31	Vitalianus the Goth assassinated by order of Justin	44	Winchester, treaty of,—Henry of Normandy named heir to the crown
31	Vitiges king of the Visigoths reduces Milan and Genoa	38	Wilton, battle of,—the Danes conquer Mercia
31	— taken prisoner at the surrender of Ravenna by Belisarius	34	Winwidfield, battle of,—Penda of Mercia defeated by Oswy of Northumberland
31	Voiron, battle of,—Clodomir defeated and killed by Gondemar	27	Wisimer king of the Vandals defeated, and the Sarmatians expelled
31	Vouillé, battle of, near Poitiers,—Alaric killed by Clovis in single combat	36	Witkind and Alboin submit to Charlemagne, and the Saxons are baptised
50	Wakefield, battle of,—duke of York beheaded	51	Wolsey, Thomas, made dean of Lincoln
57	Walcheren, disastrous expedition to	51	— abp. of York, receives a cardinal's hat
47	Wallace, Sir William, betrayed by Sir John Monteith	51	— cardinal, sole legate
55	Walpole, Robert, premier	51	— cardinal, death of
55	Walpole, lord, son of Sir Robert, made auditor of the exchequer	55	Wood's halfpence cause a ferment in Ireland
55	Walpole, Sir Robert, outvoted at Chippenham, resigns	54	Worcester, battle of
42	Waltheof earl of Northumberland suffers for misprision of treason	52	Wyat, Sir Thomas, rebellion of
34	Wamba the Visigoth defeats the Saracens in Spain, and burns their flotilla	33	Yermuk, battle of, between the Greeks and Saracens
32	Wanborough, battle of,—Ceawlin king of Wessex defeated by his nephew Ceolric	44	Yezdejrd III. king of Persia, flight and assassination of
48	War of the Jacquerie in France	39	York, duke of, puts down a rebellion in Ireland. He now aspires to the crown
50	— of 'the Public Good' in France incited by the duke of Burgundy	54	York, duke of, withdraws to Brussels
54	— between England and Holland	54	— recalled to the council
54	— between England and Spain	55	Young Pretender lands in Scotland
55	— against France and Spain	55	— arrested, and forcibly carried out of France
55	— declared against France	42	Yussef ben Taxfin called from Africa by the Saracens, obtains all Mahomedan Spain
56	— with Spain		
56	— with France intimated by a royal message to parliament	16	Zama, battle of,—Hannibal defeated by Scipio
57	Wardle, colonel, moves charges of malversation against the duke of York	5	Zechariah slain by Shallum, Shallum slain by Menahem
56	Warren Hastings, impeachment against, by Edmund Burke	9	Zedekiah, captivity of
56	— acquitted		
57	Waterloo, battle of,—fall of Napoleon	45	Zara, siege of, reduced by the Crusaders for the republic of Venice
48	Wat Tyler killed by William Walworth	26	Zenobia queen of Palmyra revenges the death of Odenatus, and reigns over the East
53	Wentworth, Sir Thomas, imprisoned for refusing to aid the loan	26	— defeated and captured at Edessa by Aurelian
53	— earl of Stafford beheaded	41	Zoe the empress poisons Romanus III. and raises Michael IV., whom she marries, to the throne
30	Western empire, fall of, and deposition of Augustulus	41	— on the death of Michael IV. raises Michael Calaphates to the throne
53	Westphalia, peace of	41	— dethrones Calaphates, and raises Constantine Monomachus, whom she marries, to the throne
49	Wickliffe's books condemned by the university of Oxford	52	Zutphen, battle of,—death of Sir Philip Sidney
41	William the Conqueror, birth of		
42	— wounded at the siege of Gerberoi by his son prince Robert		

## ERRATUM.

N<sup>o</sup> 30.—The Battle of Tolbiac has inadvertently been twice inserted, A. D. 490 and 496. The latter date is that of Gibbon, Rise and Fall, iii. 563, 4to.















THIS BOOK IS DUE ON THE LAST DATE  
STAMPED BELOW

AN INITIAL FINE OF 25 CENTS  
WILL BE ASSESSED FOR FAILURE TO RETURN  
THIS BOOK ON THE DATE DUE. THE PENALTY  
WILL INCREASE TO 50 CENTS ON THE FOURTH  
DAY AND TO \$1.00 ON THE SEVENTH DAY  
OVERDUE

MAY 18 1985 (N)

OCT 9 1939

OCT 21 1941

SEP 11 1947

LIBRARY USE

APR 30 1955

APR 30 1957

DEC 9 1964

REC. CIR. DEC 9 1968

LIBRARY USE ONLY

FEB 26 1990

CIRCULATION DEPT.

UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN

LD 21-100m-8,'34



YD 08670

U.C. BERKELEY LIBRARIES



C022685954

D11  
B5

1528



