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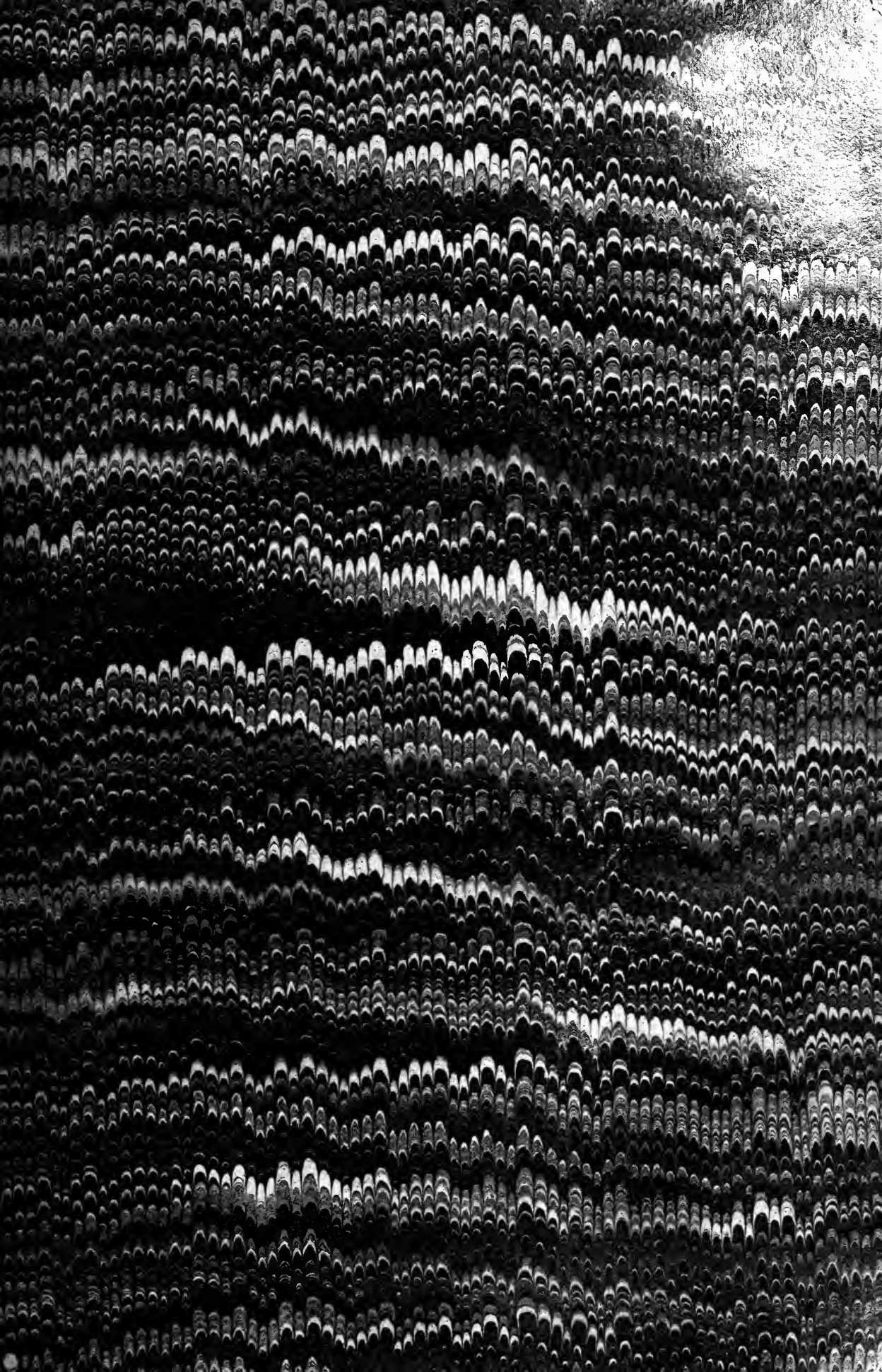


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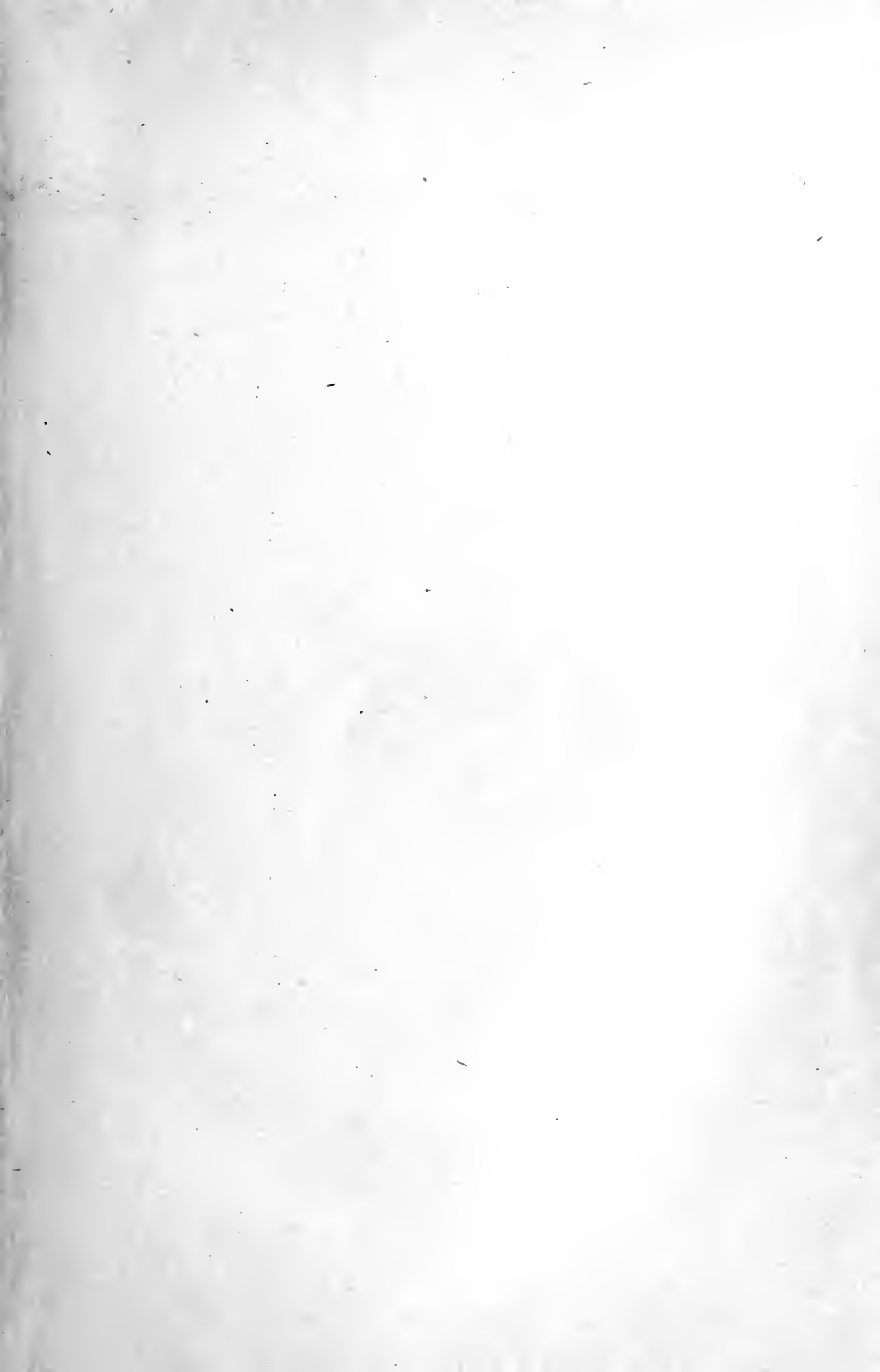
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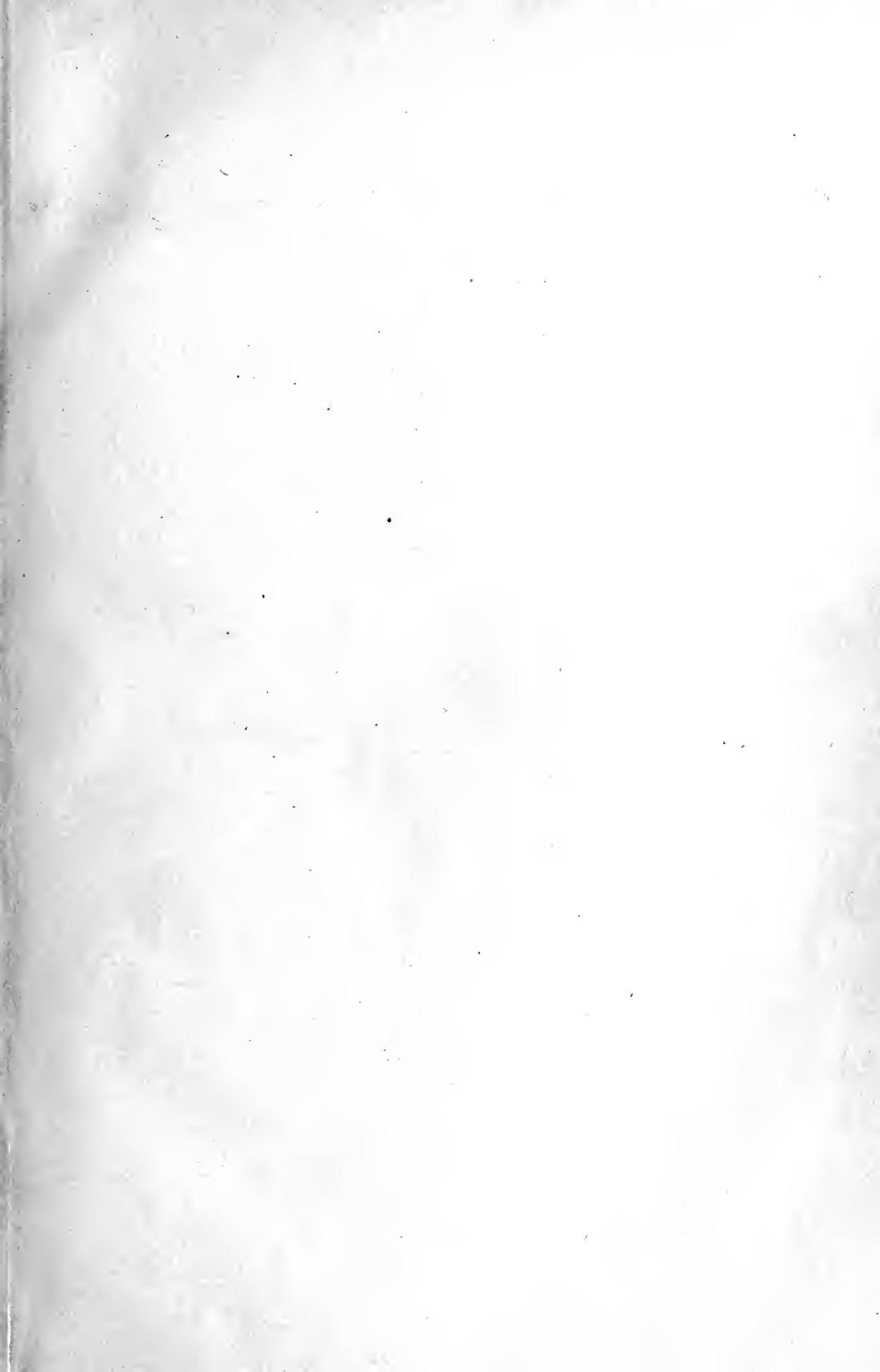
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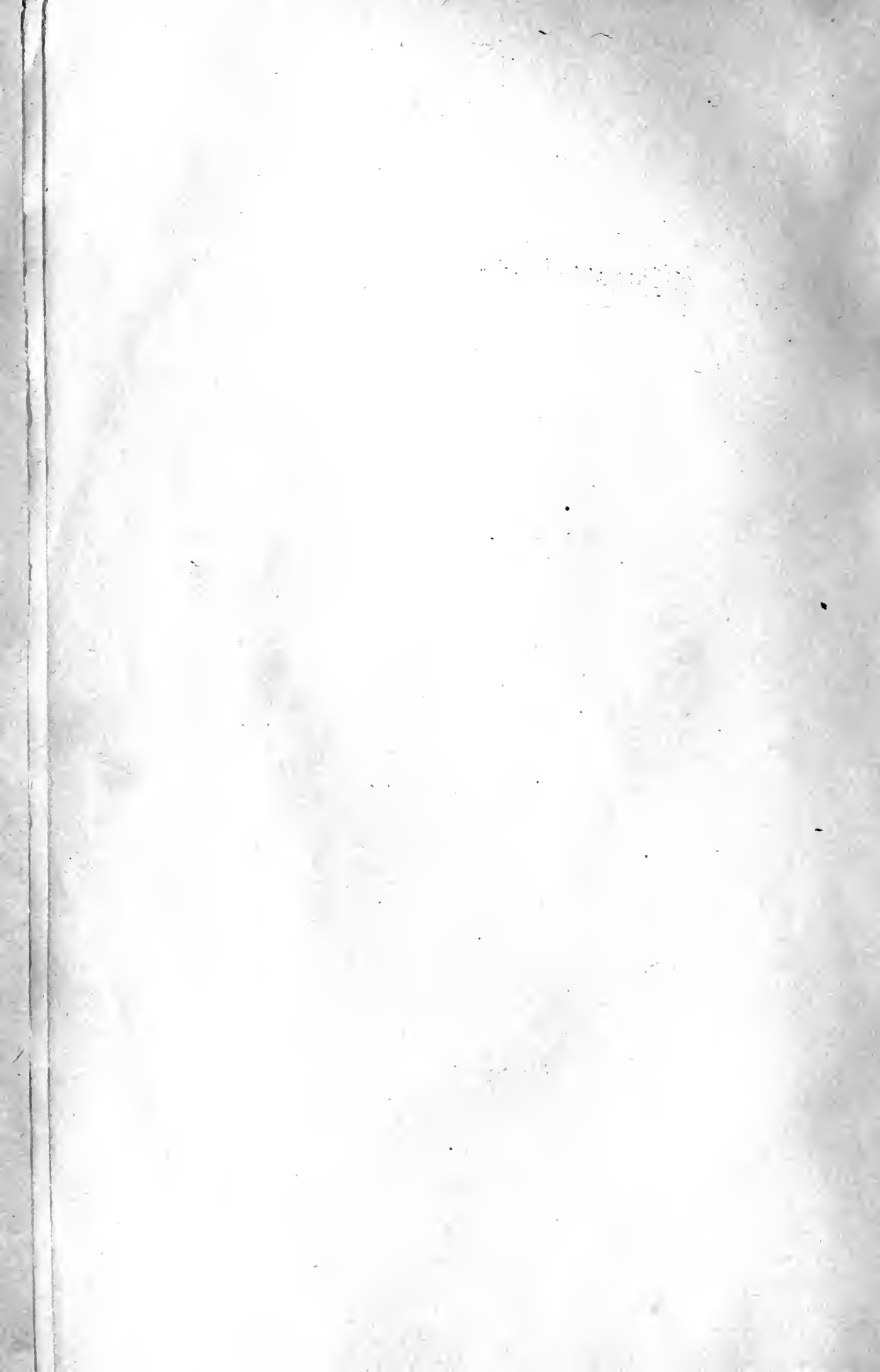




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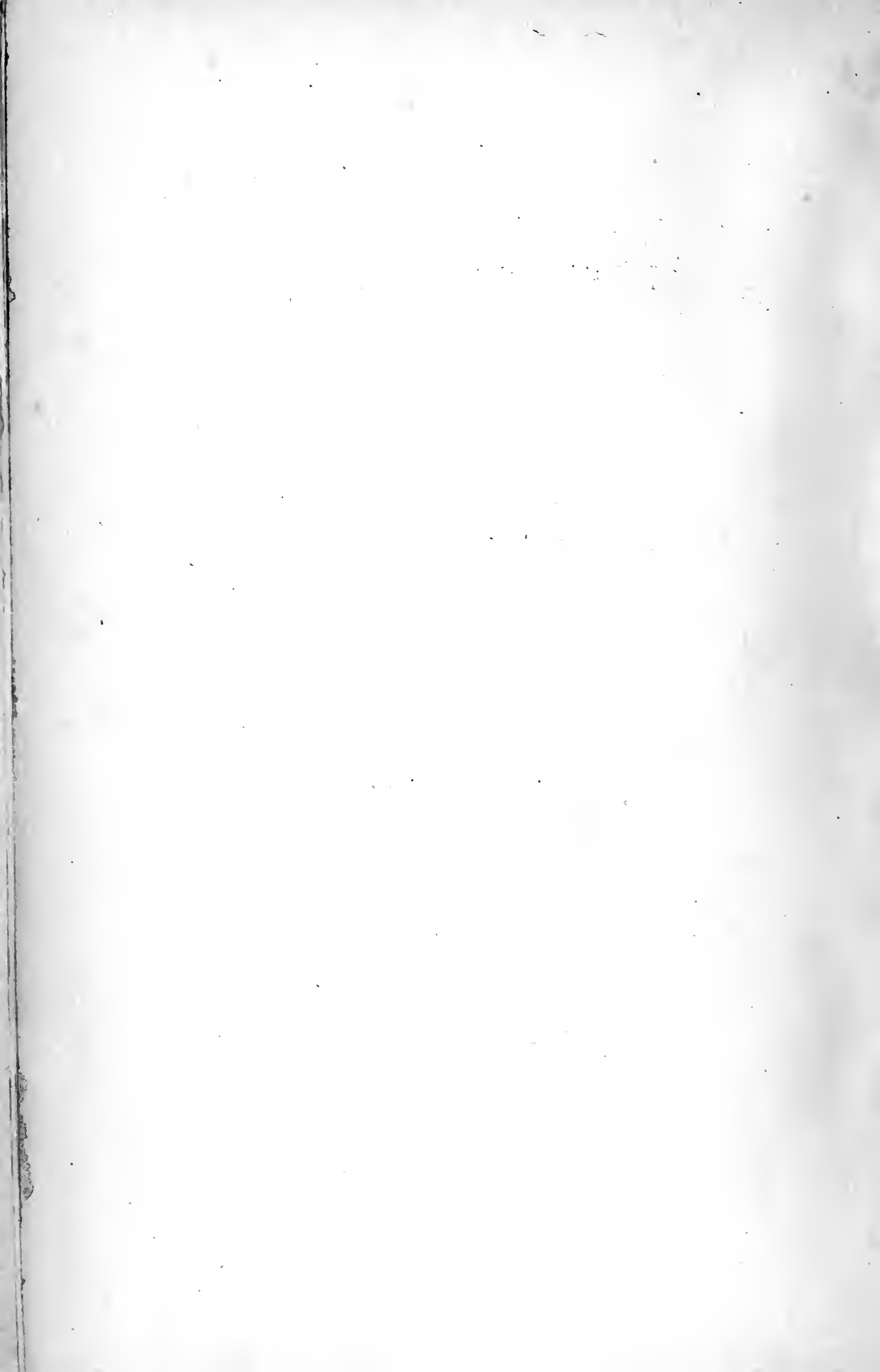


89
Isaac H. Brantton.

New York March 1853

Samuel H. Miller

San Francisco April 28: 1853.



BLAIR'S CHRONOLOGY

ENLARGED.



Neque enim res humani, ita imperiis aut regionibus divisæ sunt, ut non habeant multa connexa; quare juvat certe, fata aliqui sæculo aut ætati destinata, veluti una Tabula contenti et descripta intueri.

BACON DE AUGMENTIS SCIENTIARUM, lib. ii. cap. viii.

English

BLAIR'S

CHRONOLOGICAL AND HISTORICAL

TABLES,



FROM

THE CREATION TO THE PRESENT TIME:

WITH

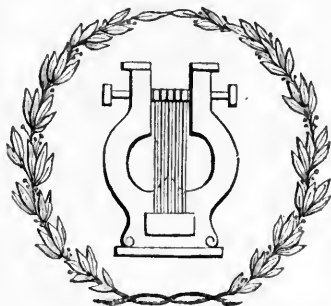
ADDITIONS AND CORRECTIONS FROM THE
MOST AUTHENTIC WRITERS;

INCLUDING

THE COMPUTATION OF ST. PAUL,

AS CONNECTING

THE PERIOD FROM THE EXODE TO THE TEMPLE.



LONDON:
PRINTED FOR
LONGMAN, BROWN, GREEN, AND LONGMANS,
PATERNOSTER ROW.

—
1844.

211
B5

LONDON: COOK AND CO., PRINTERS,
76, FLEET STREET.

P R E F A C E .

DR. BLAIR'S Chronological Tables have long been the favourite Manual of Readers of History; and though for nearly a century their utility has been considerably obstructed by their ponderous form, they have survived the changes of literary fashion, and are still in the hands of every student.

The outline of the original Work is unique. But the Tables were restricted both as to matter and extent by the process of engraving, which the inefficient state of letterpress-printing then imposed upon the Author. Many valuable materials were left untouched, and much information suppressed which might otherwise have been made available, and which can now be included by the later improvements in typography. What Dr. Blair could have effected under more favourable circumstances will now be expected by the reader, and has been the study of the Editor to supply, with what ability is in his power, and with the aid of such writers of authority as have appeared since the time of the Author. But, however the Work may have been revised or extended, the merit of the superstructure is justly due to the name of Blair, and will long remain an enduring Monument to his Memory.

The present Volume has been re-constructed from the folio Edition by a literary friend, who is disinclined at a late period of life, to appear publicly as the Editor of a critical Work. The thorough revision of the Manuscript, and its transit through the press, having been intrusted to myself, will justify my signature to the Preface, and may be taken to express my perfect confidence of its general accuracy and character. It ought not, however, to be forgotten, that the labour of carrying out the Tables (a task far more complicated than might be inferred from their symmetrical appearance), is to be ascribed entirely to my friend, to whom properly belongs the credit of having revived and enlarged a very valuable Work.

HENRY ELLIS.

BRITISH MUSEUM,
April 8, 1844.

ON THE
PERIOD FROM THE EXODE TO THE TEMPLE

TABLE III.

BIBLICAL readers, who connect Chronology with their research, are aware that the 479 years, as stated in 1 Kings vi. 1, 'in the 480th year,' and known as the 'Period from the Exode to the Temple,' are too few to include the full number of Events in the interval between the Division of Lands and the election of Saul, as recorded in the Book of Judges, and 1 Samuel vii. 5; and that 100 years above the number supplied by the text in 1 Kings have been expressly assigned to this interval by St. Paul, Acts xiii. 20.

The whole number assigned to this interval, or Inner Period, by St. Paul, is 450 years. The 479 years in 1 Kings vi., when the numbers which are common to both computations in Table III. are withdrawn—the years of the Exode and the Division, before the Inner Period, and those of Saul, David, and Solomon, after it—leave but 350 years.

(The 40 years of Saul not in the Old Testament are also separately stated by the Apostle, Acts xiii. 21; but as they are included in both computations in Table III. they do not enter into the present explanation.)

Archbishop Usher, who restricts his computation to the numbers in the Old Testament, comprises the Events between the Division of Lands, and the election of Saul, within the space of these 350 years. But the numbers in the Book of Judges, as far as they are declared—390 years—are explicit; and 20 years remain due to the time of the Ark at Kirjath-Jearim in the first Book of Samuel.

Usher rightly excludes the 40 years of Eli, 1 Sam. vii. The government of Eli as a Judge, he considers as merged within the function of the priesthood, the 20 years of the ascendant authority of Samson excepted. But the 100 years of St. Paul are passed, as having reference, in his opinion, to an earlier period, 'not,' as Bishop Gray observes, 'the best supported by authority.'

St. Paul delivers 450 years for the interval or 'Inner Period.'—The 390 years being applied to the Judges as above, and 20 to the time of the Ark, the 40 years remaining are assigned (28) and (12) to the two known chasms in Scripture Chronology. But this division of these 40 years must ever remain open to inquiry.

Usher very properly includes, as remarked above, the Secular duty of Eli, within the office of the Priesthood. 'When the Lord raised them up Judges, then the Lord was with the Judge, and delivered them out of the hand of their enemies all the days of the Judge.' Judges xi. 18. But the events of the latter days of Eli, and the catastrophe of his death, lead

us to infer that, although he ended his life in the Priesthood, his authority as a Judge was incidental only. Doubtless, Othniel and Ehud, Deborah, Gideon, and Jephthah, were under the influence and protection of the Divine power. In the expressive words of the text, they 'were Judges the Lord was with.' Such could not have been the course of Eli according to the context, which sanctions the omission rather than the insertion of his years as a Judge in the Chronology of the Period.

It is the primary object in the following tables, to place these numbers in juxtaposition to each other. To the adjustment of the Chronology of the Old, by the numbers supplied by the New Testament, no possible objection can be raised. No unauthorized years are added. But a single year, which Usher, in his collation of the reigns in Israel and Judah appears to have passed, has been taken from the computation of Mr. Clinton. The 101 years then ascend through, and are added to every date from 'the Division,' to the Creation, when archbishop Usher's date is raised from 4004 to B. C. 4105.

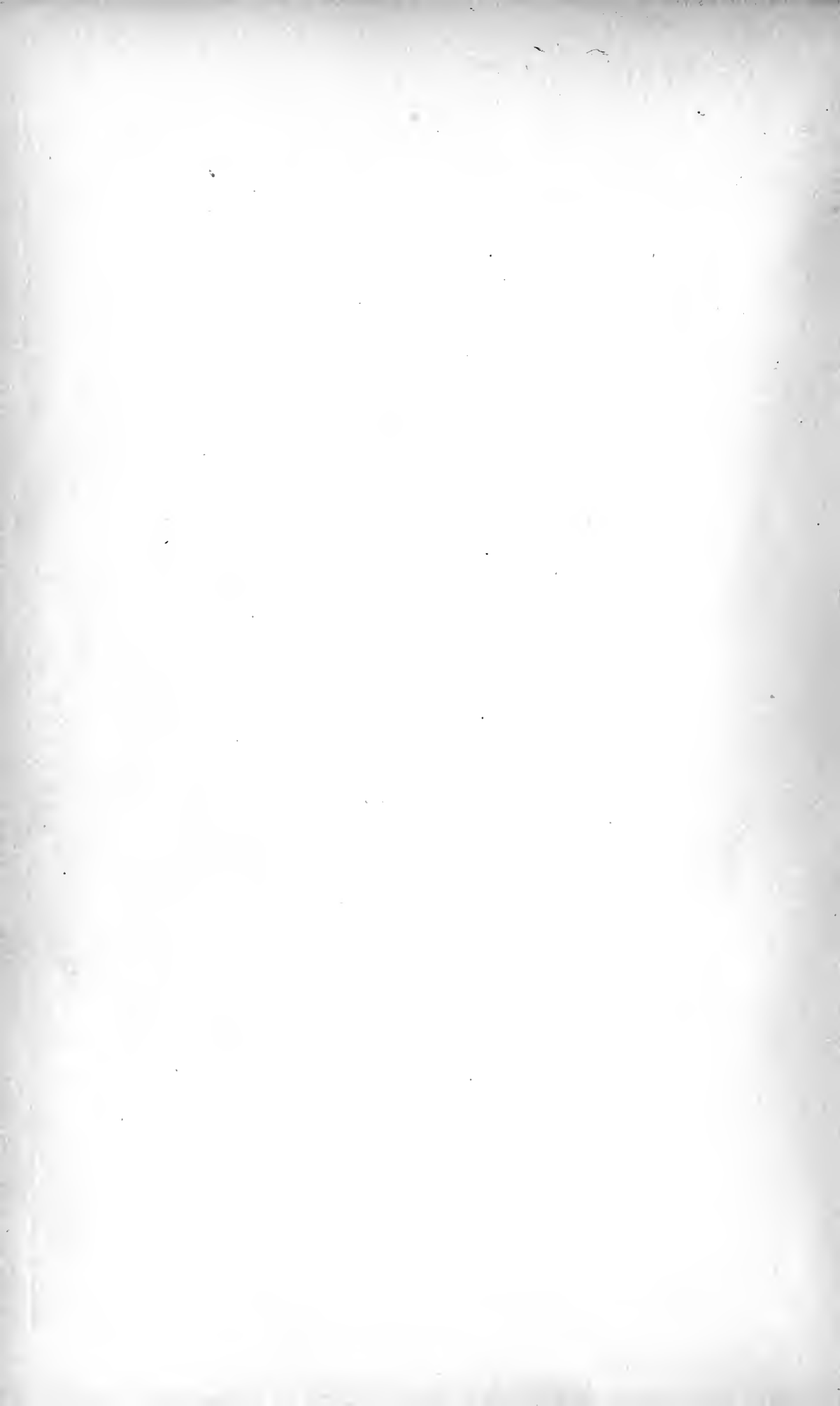
The editor has taken a somewhat different view of the Computation of St. Paul from that of Mr. Clinton in his 'Fasti Hellenici;' but he feels it due to that gentleman, to express his full acknowledgments for the large assistance the present volume has received from that invaluable work.

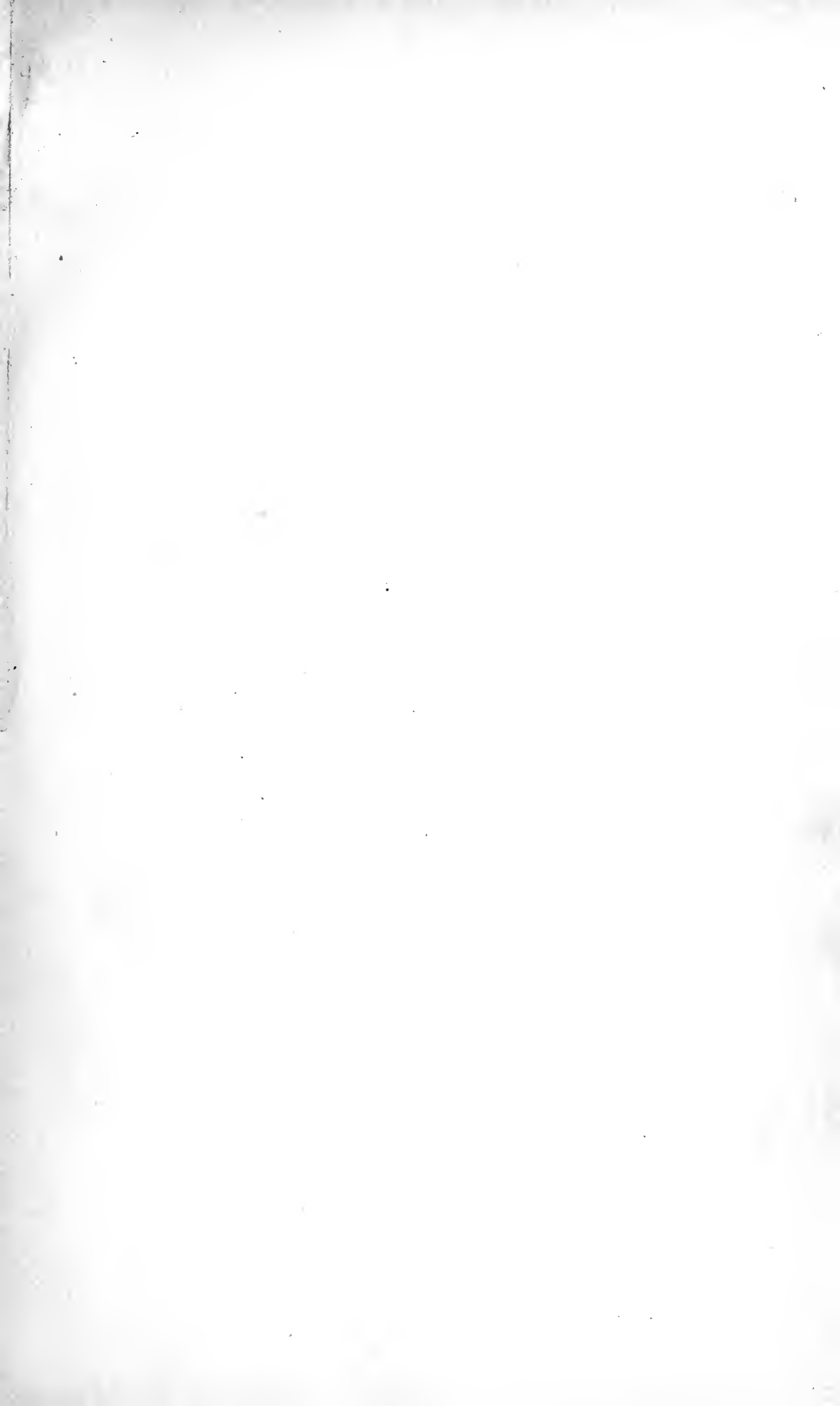
Jul. Period.	CENTURIES BEFORE CHRIST	THE PATRIARCHS TO THE BIRTH OF ABRAHAM
714	XLth CENTURY — 4000 + 4	<p>4004 THE CREATION— Adam— Fall of Man, according to Abp. Usher Computation ascending from the Period by St. Paul, B. C. 4</p> <p>3874 Adam, æt. 130 at the birth of Seth — Adam died 3704, —æt. 930</p> <p style="text-align: center;">*</p> <p style="text-align: center;">*</p> <p>3769 Seth, æt. 105 at the birth of Enos — Seth died 2962, —æt. 912</p> <p style="text-align: center;">*</p> <p>3679 Enos, æt. 90 at the birth of Cainan — Enos died 2864, —æt. 905</p> <p>3609 Cainan, æt. 70 at the birth of Mahalaleel — Cainan died 2769, —æt. 910</p>
1114	XXXVIth CENTURY — 3600	<p style="text-align: center;">*</p> <p>3544 Mahalaleel, æt. 65 at the birth of Jared — Mahalaleel died 2714, —æt. 895</p> <p style="text-align: center;">*</p> <p style="text-align: center;">*</p> <p style="text-align: center;">*</p> <p>3382 Jared, æt. 162 at the birth of Enoch — Jared died 2582, —æt. 962</p> <p>3317 Enoch, æt. 65 at the birth of Methuselah</p> <p style="text-align: center;">*</p> <p style="text-align: center;">*</p>
1514	XXXIIth CENTURY — 3200	<p style="text-align: center;">*</p> <p style="text-align: center;">*</p> <p>3130 Methuselah, æt. 187 at the birth of Lamech — Methuselah died 2348, —æt. 969</p> <p style="text-align: center;">*</p> <p style="text-align: center;">*</p> <p>3017 Enoch, * translated æt. 365</p> <p>2948 Lamech, æt. 182 at the birth of Noah — Lamech died 2353, —æt. 777</p> <p style="text-align: center;">*</p> <p style="text-align: center;">*</p>
1914	XXVIIth CENTURY — 2800	<p style="text-align: center;">*</p> <p style="text-align: center;">*</p> <p style="text-align: center;">*</p> <p style="text-align: center;">*</p> <p style="text-align: center;">*</p> <p>2448 Noah æt. 500 . . . at the birth of Shem — Noah died 1998, —æt. 950</p> <p style="text-align: center;">*</p> <p style="text-align: center;">*</p>
2314	XXIVth CENTURY — 2400	<p>2348 Noah, æt. 600 at the DELUGE = 1656 years, the ANTEDILUVIAN PERIOD. <i>17</i></p> <p>2346 Shem, æt. (100 &) 2 at the birth of Arphaxad. Shem . . died 1846, —æt. 602</p> <p>2311 Arphaxad, æt. 35 — birth of Salah. Arphaxad died 1908, —æt. 438</p> <p>2281 Salah, æt. 30 — birth of Heber. Salah . . died 1878, —æt. 433</p> <p>2247 Heber, æt. 34 — birth of Peleg. Heber . . died 1817, —æt. 464</p> <p>2217 Peleg, æt. 30 — birth of Reu. Peleg . . died 2008, —æt. 239</p> <p>2185 Reu, æt. 32 — birth of Serug. Reu . . died 1978, —æt. 239</p> <p>2155 Serug, æt. 30 — birth of Nahor. Serug . . died 1955, —æt. 230</p> <p>2126 Nahor, æt. 29 — birth of Terab. Nahor . . died 2007, —æt. 148</p> <p>1996 Terab, æt. 130 — birth of Abraham = 352 y. the POSTDILUVIAN PERIOD.</p>

The dispersion of mankind after Babel in the time of Peleg. The celestial observations at Babylon, as reported by Callisthenes to Aristotle, commence B. C. 2233. The conquest of Babylon by the Medes, is also referred by Niebuhr to this date. 'The highest point to which any profane accounts will carry us.'

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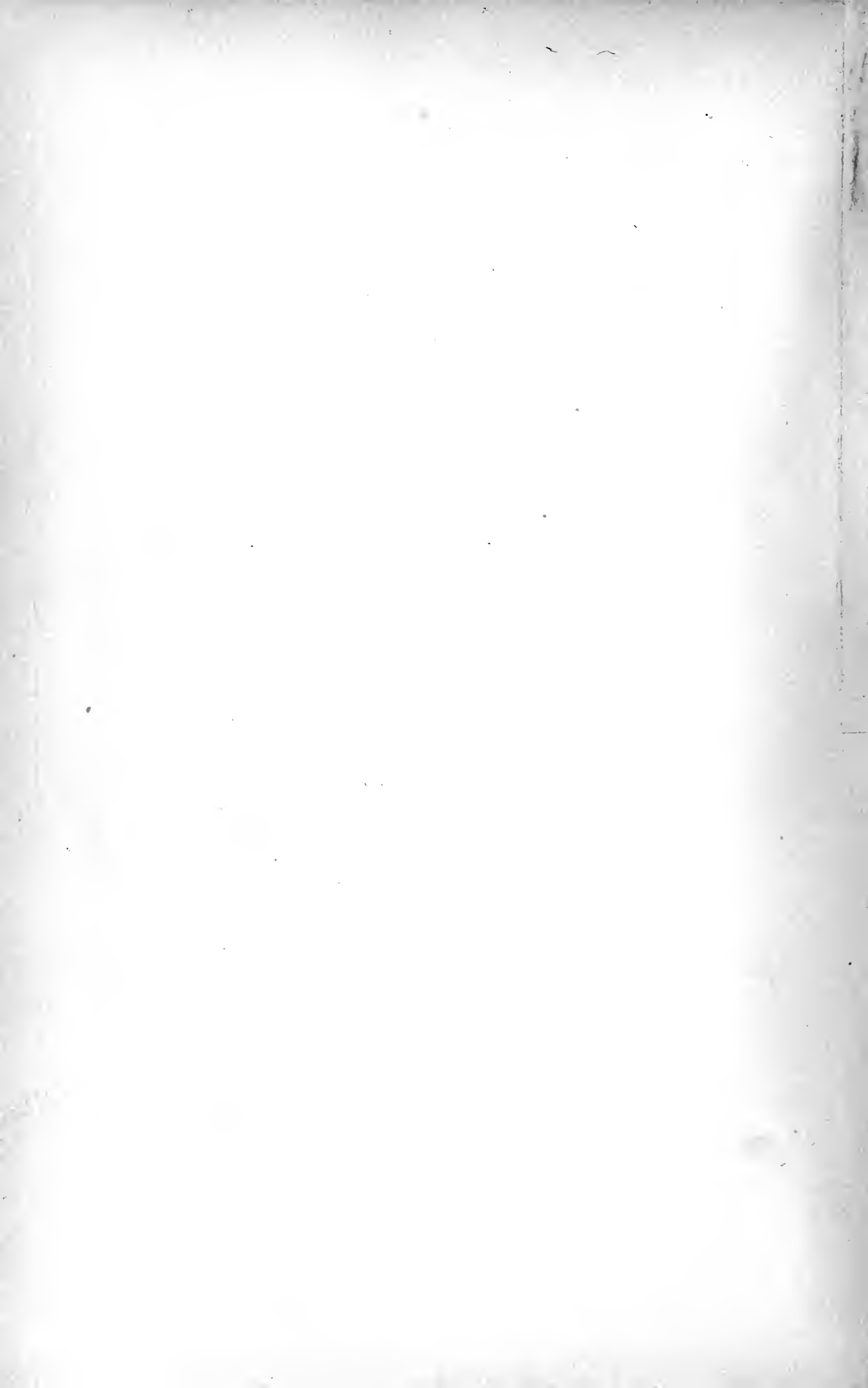
Jul. Period.	CENTURIES 'BEFORE CHRIST	THE BIRTH OF ABRAHAM TO THE EXODE			
14	XXth CENTURY — 2000	<p>1996 BIRTH OF ABRAHAM Genesis XI. — 27 21st Cent. B. C. 2097</p> <p>1986 Birth of Sarah,—ten years younger XVII. — 17 — 2087</p> <p><i>1978 & Ken</i></p> <p><i>1930 & Sarah</i></p> <p>1921 Terah dies,—æt. 205 XI. — 32 — 2022</p> <p>1921 The Call of Abraham,—æt. 75 XII. — 1, 4 — 2022</p> <p>1910 Birth of Ishmael,—Abraham æt. 86 XVI. — 16 — 2011</p> <p><i>1900 & Abraham</i></p>			
14	XIXth CENTURY — 1900	<p>1897 The Covenant renewed,—Abraham æt. 99 XVII. — 1 20th Cent. — 1998</p> <p>1896 Birth of Isaac,—Abraham æt. 100 XVII. — 17 — 1997</p> <p><i>1875 & Isaac</i></p> <p><i>1846 & Isaac</i></p> <p>1859 Sarah dies, æt. 127 XXIII. — 1, 2 — 1960</p> <p>1856 Marriage of Isaac,—æt. 40 XXV. — 20 — 1957</p> <p>1836 Birth of Esau and Jacob,—Isaac æt. 60 XXV. — 26 — 1937</p> <p>1821 Abraham dies,—æt. 175 XXV. — 7, 8 — 1922</p> <p><i>1817 & Abraham</i></p>			
14	XVIIIth CENTURY — 1800	<p>1796 First marriage of Esau,—æt. 40 XXVI. — 34 19th Cent. — 1897</p> <p>1773 Ishmael dies,—æt. 137 XXV. — 17 — 1874</p> <p>1759 Jacob goes to Haran,—æt. 77 XXVIII. — 10 — 1860</p> <p>1745 Birth of Joseph,—Jacob æt. 91 XXX. — 23 — 1846</p> <p>1739 Jacob returns to Canaan,—æt. 97 XXXI. — 41 — 1840</p> <p>1728 Joseph sold into Egypt,—æt. 17 XXXVII. — 2 — 1829</p> <p>1716 Isaac dies,—æt. 180 XXXV. — 28 — 1817</p> <p>1715 Joseph governor of Egypt,—æt. 30 XLI. — 46 — 1816</p> <p>1706 Jacob goes into Egypt,—æt. 130 XLVII. — 9 — 1807</p>			
14	XVIIth CENTURY — 1700	<p>1689 Jacob dies,—æt. 147 XLVII. — 28 18th Cent. — 1790</p> <p>1635 Joseph dies,—æt. 110 (144 years before the Exode) I. — 26 — 1736</p> <p>The ages of Levi, Kohath, and Amram, 137, 133, and 137 years respectively, will be found in Exodus VI. 16, 18, 20; but on the principal point of inquiry, the age of each father at the birth of his son, the sacred historian is silent. For four generations they cannot be known. The Scripture Chronology is broken in the division of time by this mode of computation, but it is sustained in the longer period by the years from the Call to the Exode, as is seen below.</p>			
14	XVIth CENTURY — 1600	<p>1574 Birth of Aaron,—115 years after the death of Jacob Exodus VII. — 7 17th Cent. — 1675</p> <p>1571 Birth of Moses,— 80 years before the Exode VII. — 7 — 1672</p> <p>1531 Flight of Moses to Midian,—æt. 40 II. — 15, 22 — 1632</p> <p>1491 THE EXODE, 430 years after the Call of Abraham XII. — 41 — 1592</p> <p><i>** The Birth of Abraham to the Call 75 y. + 430 y. to the Exode = 505 years.</i></p>			



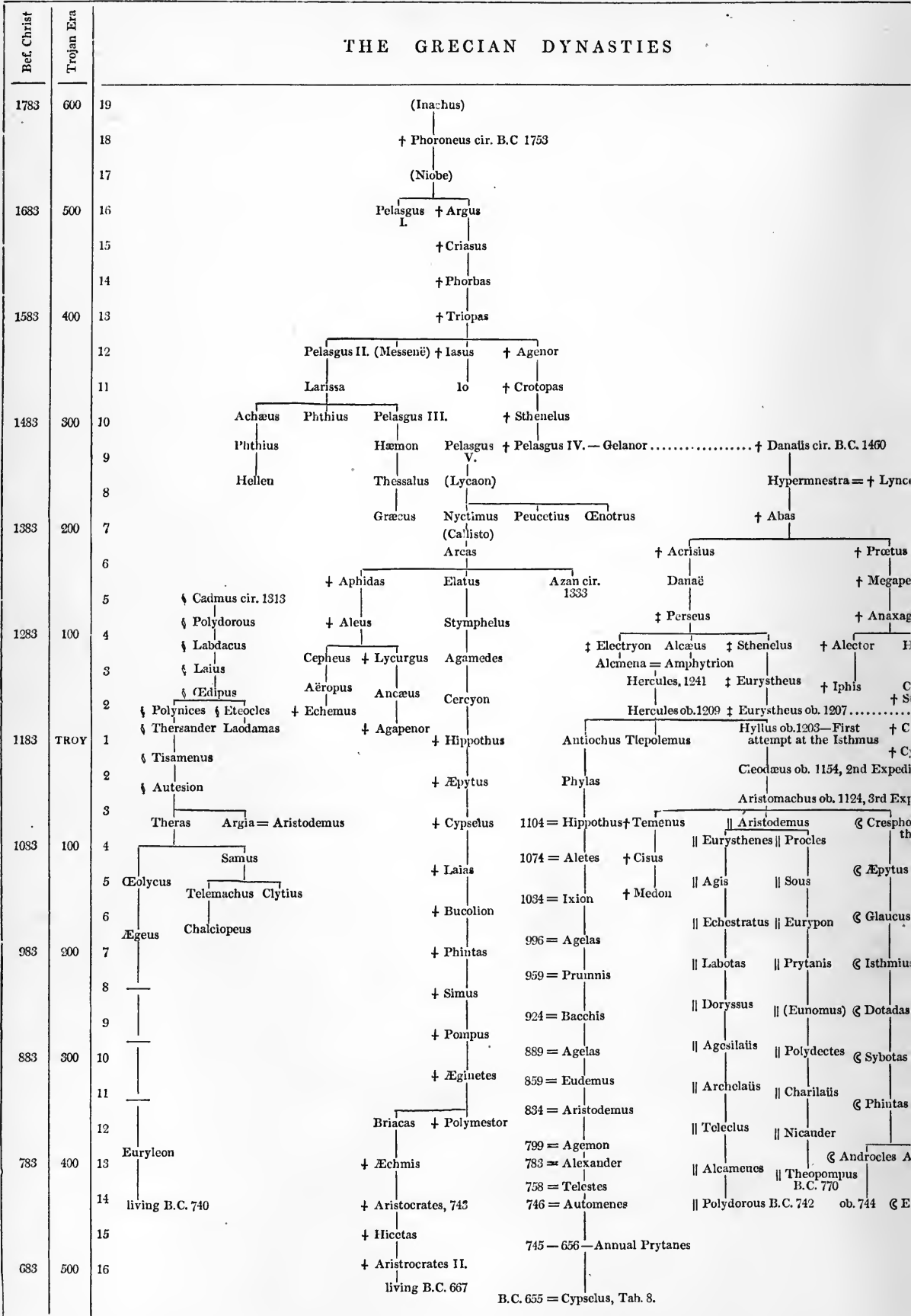


Jul. Period.	CENTURIES BEFORE CHRIST	Abp. Usher B. C.	THE EXODE TO THE BUILDING OF THE TEMPLE	
3214	XVth CENTURY — 1500		1491 THE EXODE,—430 years after 'The Call' 40 years	Exodus XII. — 41 16th Cent. B.
			1451 Miriam dies.—Aaron dies, æt. 123	—
			1451 Moses dies, in the 11th month, æt. 120	—
			1451 Joshua, to the Division of Lands—Caleb 6 years	Joshua XIV. — 10
			1445 Caleb, æt. 85, to the First Servitude (28 years)	—
			The 1st Servitude, MESOPOTAMIA 8 years	Judges III. — 8
			Othniel,—'the land had rest' 40 years'	III. — 11
			The 11nd Servitude, MOAB 18 years	III. — 14 15th Cent. —
			Ehud,—'the land had rest' 80 years'	III. — 30
			Shamgar,—'he also delivered Israel'	—
3314	XIVth CENTURY — 1400			
			The 111rd Servitude, CANAAN 20 years	IV. — 3
			Deborah and Barak,—'the land had rest' 40 years'	V. — 31
			The 1Vth Servitude, MIDIAN 7 years	VI. — 1
			Gideon,—'the country was in quietness' 40 years'	VIII. — 28
3414	XIIIth CENTURY — 1300			
			Abimelech,—'reigned' 3 years'	IX. — 22
			Tola,—'judged Israel' 23 years'	X. — 2
			Jair,—'judged Israel' 22 years'	X. — 3
			The Vth Servitude, AMMON 18 years	X. — 8
3514	XIIth CENTURY — 1200			
			Jephthah,—'judged Israel' 6 years'	XII. — 7
			Ibzan,—'judged Israel' 7 years'	XII. — 9
			Elon,—'judged Israel' 10 years'	XII. — 11
			Abdon,—'judged Israel' 8 years'	XII. — 14
			Eli,—'he had judged Israel—40 years' but, according to Usher,— seven previous months excepted,— during the 6th Servitude	—
			The VIth Servitude, PHILISTINES 40 years	XIII. — 1
			Samson,—'he judged Israel—20 years' in the days of the Philistines'	—
			Abode of the Ark in Kirjath-Jearim 20 years	1 Samuel VII. — 2
			Samuel,—'judged Israel in Mizpeh' (12 years)	VII. — 5
3614	XIth CENTURY — 1100			
			1095 Saul anointed King of Israel,— reigns 40 years	Acts XIII. — 21
			1085 Birth of David	—
			1055 David, King at Hebron,— reigns 7 years	1 Kings II. — 11
			1048 David, King at Jerusalem,— reigns 33 years	—
			1033 Birth of Solomon	—
			1015 Solomon, King of Israel—reigns 3 years	—
			1012 THE TEMPLE is then commenced in the 4th year	VI. — 1
			** The Exode to the Temple,— St. Paul, 579 y. + 1013 the date below, = 1592 the date above.	
			Abp. Usher, as derived from 1 Kings, 479 y. + 1012 the date below, = 1491 the date above.	
			* The date of the Temple, B. C. 1013, is taken from the computation of Mr. Clinton.	

CENTURIES BEFORE CHRIST	DANAUS—FALL OF TROY—THE HERACLIDÆ	GRECIAN DYNASTIES, Vide Supp. Tab. III.		
9th CENTURY — 1500	<p>*** (The dates between parentheses imply, that the time is computed by generations only.)</p> <p>(1460) Danaüs in Argos. — Gelanor King of Argos (Pelagus IV.) displaced by Danaüs. — Pelagus V. from whom the Arcadian Kings.</p> <p>(1433) Deucalion, the reputed founder of the Hellenes. — The Flood of Deucalion is generally placed in Thessaly, and seems to have been gradually invested with circumstances of the general deluge.</p>			
10th CENTURY — 1400	<p>(1383) Erectheus, or Erecthonius, King of Athens. — He appears to be described as a native chief of Ionian race. — Dardanus, founder of the Trojan dynasty.</p> <p>(1333) Azan, Aphidas, Elatus — Arcadian chiefs — supposed sons of Arcas, from whom the Arcadian dynasty.</p> <p>(1313) Cadmus. — The introduction of letters ascribed to Cadmus by Herodotus, Sophocles, Ephorus, Aristotle, and Dionysius, is differently assigned by Euripides and others.</p>			
11th CENTURY — 1300	<p>(1283) Pelops in Pisatis — the patriarch of the later kings of Argos and Mycenæ.</p> <p>(1261) Birth of Hercules at Thebes.</p> <p>1256 The naval dominion and legislation of Minos.</p> <p>(1241) War of Hercules with Erginus, in which Amphitryon was slain.</p> <p>1239 War of Hercules in Pylos when Nestor was young.</p> <p>(1225) The Argonautic expedition to Colchis. — The Trojan expedition by Hercules.</p> <p>1213 First Theban war. — 1212 Murder of Iphitus by Hercules in the youth of Ulysses.</p> <p>1209 Death of Hercules on m. Ceta. — The Heraclidæ driven from Tiryns by Eurystheus.</p>	<p>1237 Commencement of the Assyrian empire, circa —</p> <p>1207 Eurystheus slain by Hyllus. — Atrous succeeds Eurystheus</p>		
12th CENTURY — 1200	<p>1200 Accession of Agamemnon. — 1198 Second Theban war.</p> <p>1192 The Trojan expedition (9 y. 1 m.) — 1183 FALL OF TROY.</p> <p>1176 Orestes reigns in Argos in the 8th year.</p> <p>1169 The Lydians first held dominion on the sea, 1169 — 1178.</p> <p>1154 Second attempt of the Heraclidæ under Cleodæus.</p> <p>1124 Third expedition by the Heraclidæ under Aristomachus. — The Thessali occupy Thessaly. — The Bœoti return to Bœotia in the 60th year. — Eolic migration under Penthilus.</p>	<p>at Mycenæ and Tiryns.</p> <p>1203 First attempt by the Heraclidæ at the Isthmus. — Hyllus slain by Echemus King of Tegea.</p>		
KINGS OF SPARTA	<p>1104 Return of the Heraclidæ in the 80th year. — Melanthus, of Eolian descent, elected King of Athens.</p> <p>1077 The Pelasgi obtain the empire of the sea, 1077 — 993.</p> <p>1074 Aletes obtains Corinth. — 1074 Migration of Theras.</p> <p>1053 Lesbos occupied 130 years after the Trojan Era.</p> <p>1045 Death of Codrus King of Athens. — 1044 Ionic migration, led by Neleus, 60 y.</p> <p>1033 Cymæ founded, 150 years after the Era. [after 'the Return.']</p> <p>1015 Smyrna founded 163 years after the Era.</p>	<p>CORINTH</p> <p>1104 Hippothus living at</p> <p>'the Return' and 30 y. after</p> <p>1074 Aletes, 40, or 38 y.</p> <p>1034 Ixion, 38 y</p> <p>ATHENS</p> <p>1104 Melanthus ? yrs.</p> <p>— Codrus ? his time between Melanthus and Medon</p> <p>ARCHONS</p> <p>1045 Medon, 20 y.</p> <p>1025 Acastus, 36 y.</p>		
10 Eurystenes, 42 y. 1100 Procles, 41 y.				
18 Agis, 34 y. ? 1059 Sous, ? yrs.				
14 Echestratus 35 y. — Eurypon, ? yrs.				



THE GRECIAN DYNASTIES



B.C. 655 = Cypselus, Tah. 8.

SUPPLEMENTAL TO TABLE III.

*** The remote dynasties of Argos, Thebes, Arcadia, Athens, and Troy, the dates of which can only be conjectural, are here collected together, with the then average rule—three generations to a century—in the margin; the Trojan era being that of Eratosthenes. Some exceptions to the rule will appear from the lessened space between the lines. The leading names before the Trojan era, as Danaüs, Deucalion, Erechtheus, Dardanus, Arcas, Cadmus, Pelops, Hercules, and Agamemnon, are placed in the preceding Table. A few dates have been added between Hercules and Agamemnon where some names occur too near each other for both to range exactly with the marginal scale. This has led to the insertion of other dates with the view of connecting the latter part of these Genealogies more immediately with the Chronological Tables. The mythic or fictitious names are placed within parentheses, but some which remain open are referred to the judgment of the reader. An enlarged view of the subject will be found in the 'Fasti Hellenici,' Vide Introd. et seq. vol. i.

		Trojan Era	Before Christ
		10	300
		9	
		8	
		7	200
		6	
		5	
		4	100
		3	
		2	
		1	TROY
		2	1183
		3	
		4	100
		5	
		6	
		7	200
		8	
		9	
		10	300
		11	
		12	
		13	400
		14	
		15	
		16	500

		1483	
		1383	
		1283	
		1183	
		1083	
		983	
		883	
		783	
		683	

(Pandion)

↳ Erechtheus cir. B.C. 1383

↳ Cecrops II. Pandorus Thestius Orneus

↳ Pandion II.

↳ Theseus

↳ Menestheus

↳ Demophon

↳ Oxyntes

↳ Aphidas

↳ Thymœtes

↳ Tisamenus, ob. 1104

↳ Daimenes Sparton Leontomenes Tellis Conetes

↳ Damsias 'Achaia'

↳ Agorius 'Eliis' joins Oxylus

↳ Cnopus 'Erythrae'

↳ Andraemon 'Lebedos'

↳ Naucleus 'Teos'

↳ Cydrelus 'Myus'

↳ Promethus 'Colophon'

↳ Phrygius

Deucalion cir. B.C. 1433

Hellen

↳ Æolus Salmoneus Tyro Nelcus Nestor Antilochus Borus Andropompus

↳ Dorus Tectamus Asterion Minos Periclymenus Penthilus

Dardanus cir. B.C. 1383

Erichthonius

Tros

↳ Ilus Laomedon Priamus Hector

↳ Assarachus Capys Anchises Æneās

↳ Melanthus elect. 1104

↳ Codrus

↳ Damasichton 'Colophon'

↳ Androcles 'Ephesus'

↳ Neleus 'Miletus'

↳ Hippocles Phobius

↳ Hegetor

REFERENCES.

§ Kings of Thebes	† Arcadian Kings
‡ Kings of Argos	Kings of Sparta
‡ Kings of Mycenæ	§ Attic Kings
= Heraclidæ and Bacchiadæ of Corinth	§ Kings of Messenia
	* Archons of Athens

*** The years of the Spartan Kings and the Archons of Athens will be found, as far as they can be applied, in the columns of the succeeding Tables. Their names are here placed, only on an average of years, as are also those of Messenian and Arcadian kings, which, being deficient in numbers, except the terminating dates, could not be given in the Tabular form.

Ol. I. * Æschylus, B.C. 776

Jul. Period.	CENTURIES BEFORE CHRIST		KINGS OF ISRAEL AND JUDAH		KINGS OF ISRAEL	
3714	Xth CENTURY	1000	1000 Solomon, æt. 34. 993 The building of the Temple and the Palace completed in 20 years.	— Solomon, 16th y. of his		
3734		980	976 Death of Solomon, æt. 58—his reign 39 y. 6 m. 972 Invasion of Shishak, King of Egypt, in the 5th of Rehoboam.	JUDAH	ISR.	976 Jeroboam, 21
3754		960	959 Rehoboam dies, æt. 58. 955 Jeroboam dies, æt. 43.	959 Abijah, 3. 956 Asa, 41.	955 Nadab, 1. 954 Baasha, 23	
3774		940	942 Covenant with God in the 15th of Asa. 941 Asa's league with Ben-Hadad, King of Syria—16th of Asa. 930 Ela slain in the 27th of Asa. 926 Samaria built by Omri in his 7th year. 922 Asa at war with the Ethiopians.		931 Elah, 2. 930 Zimri, 7. 930 Omri, 12	
3794		920	918 Asa's last illness—two years. 913 Book of the Law read in the 3rd of Jehoshaphat.	915 Jehoshaphat, 24.	919 Ahab, 41	
3814	IXth CENTURY	900	898 Jehoshaphat and Ahab at war with Ben-Hadad,—Ahab slain. 895 Translation of Elijah.—He had prophesied about 24 years. 891 Jehoshaphat dies, æt. 59. 884 The Syrian war,—Ahaziah and Joram against Hazael. 884 Jehoram dies, æt. 39.	891 Jehoram, 7. 884 Ahaziah, 1. 883 Athaliah, 6. 877 Joash, 40.	897 Ahaz, 2. 895 Joram, 12.	
3834		880	883 Ahaziah dies, æt. 23. 877 Athaliah slain in her 7th year.		883 Jehu, 41	
3854		860	863 Hazael King of Syria reigned, circa B. C. 886—840. 855 Jehoida the High Priest still living, 23rd of Joash. He died, æt. 130.		855 Jehoiada, 16.	
3874		840	839 Jonah prophecies, circa B. C. 839—782. 837 Joash dies, æt. 47. 836 Elisha died in the reign of Jehoash. 2 Kings xiii. 20.—He had prophesied about 60 years.	837 Amaziah, 29.	839 Jehoash, 16.	
3894		820	808 Amaziah dies, aged 54.	808 Uzziah, 52.	823 Jeroboam II, 41	

*** The Temple, B. C. 1013, to Rehoboam, 37 y. + 389 y. to its Destruction, B. C. 587 = 426 years.

KINGS OF SPARTA		HOMER — IPHITUS — LYCURGUS		Heraclidæ of Corinth	Archons — Perpetual
Agidæ	Proclidæ				
1000	— Eurypon	1000	Homer flourished, 1018—983, 165—200 years after the Fall of Troy.	— Ixion	— Acastus
992	— Prytanis	992	The Thracians obtain the maritime ascendancy on the Mediterranean, 992—914.	996 Agelas, 37.	989 Archippus, 19.
959	— (Eunomus)			959 Prumnis, 35.	970 Thersippus, 23.
947	— Polydectes				947 Phorbas, 31.
913		913	The Rhodians succeed the Thracians in the empire of the sea, 913—891.	924 Bacchis, 35.	916 Megacles, 28.
897		897	Hesiod flourished, 915—880.		
889		889	The Phrygians enjoy the maritime power, 890—866.	889 Agelas, 30.	888 Diognetus, 28.
884		884	Olympiad of Iphitus, in which Lycurgus concurred.		
873	873 Charilaüs, 64.	873	Regency of Lycurgus on the birth of Charilaüs.		
865		865	The Cyprian empire of the sea succeeds the Phrygian power, 865—833.	859 Eudemus, 25.	860 Phericles, 19.
832		832	The Phœnicians are the seventh power that obtain the command of the Mediterranean, 832—786.	834 Aristodemus, 35.	841 Ariphron, 20.
809	809 Nicander 39.				821 Thespius, 27.

*** For the Scripture Periods in connection with each other, refer to Table 9.

Jul. Period	Y. of Rome	Olympiads	Ref. Christ	OLYMPIC VICTORS	Kings of Judah	Kings of Israel	EMPIRE OF ASSYRIA					
3914			800		9 Uzziah	24 Jeroboam II.						
3915			799		10	25						
3916			798		11	26						
3917			797		12	27						
3918			796		13	28						
3919			795		14	29						
3920			794		15	30						1 A
3921			793		16	31						2
3922			792		17	32						3
3923			791		18	33						4
3924			790		19	34						5
3925			789		20	35						6
3926			788		21	36						7
3927			787		22	37						8
3928			786		23	38						9
3929			785		24	39						10
3930			784		25	40						11
3931			783		26	41						12
3932			782		27	— Interreg.						13
3933			781		28							14
3934			780		29							15
3935			779		30							16
3936			778		31							17
3937			777		32							1 A
3938		1.1	776	Coræbus	33							2
3939		2	775		34							3
3940		3	774		35							4
3941		4	773		36							5
3942		2.1	772	Antimachus	37							6
3943		2	771		38	1 Zachariah 6 m.	Assyrian Empire					7
3944		3	770		39	1 Shallum 1 Menahem						8
3945		4	769		40	2	1 Pul the 21st 2 ante 769					9
3946		3.1	768	Androclus	41	3						10
3947		2	767		42	4						11
3948		3	766		43	5						12
3949		4	765		44	6						13
3950		4.1	764	Polychares	45	7						14
3951		2	763		46	8						15
3952		3	762		47	9						16
3953		4	761		48	10						17
3954		5.1	760	Æschines	49	— Interreg.	10					18
3955		2	759		50	1 Pekaiah	11					19
3956		3	758		51	2						20
3957		4	757		52	1 Pekah	13					21
3958		6.1	756	Æbotas	1 Jotham	2	14					22
3959		2	755		2	3	15					23
3960		3	754		3	4	16					1 A
3961	1	4	753		4	5	17					2
3962	2	7.1	752	Daicles	5	6	18					1 C
3963	3	2	751		6	7	19					2

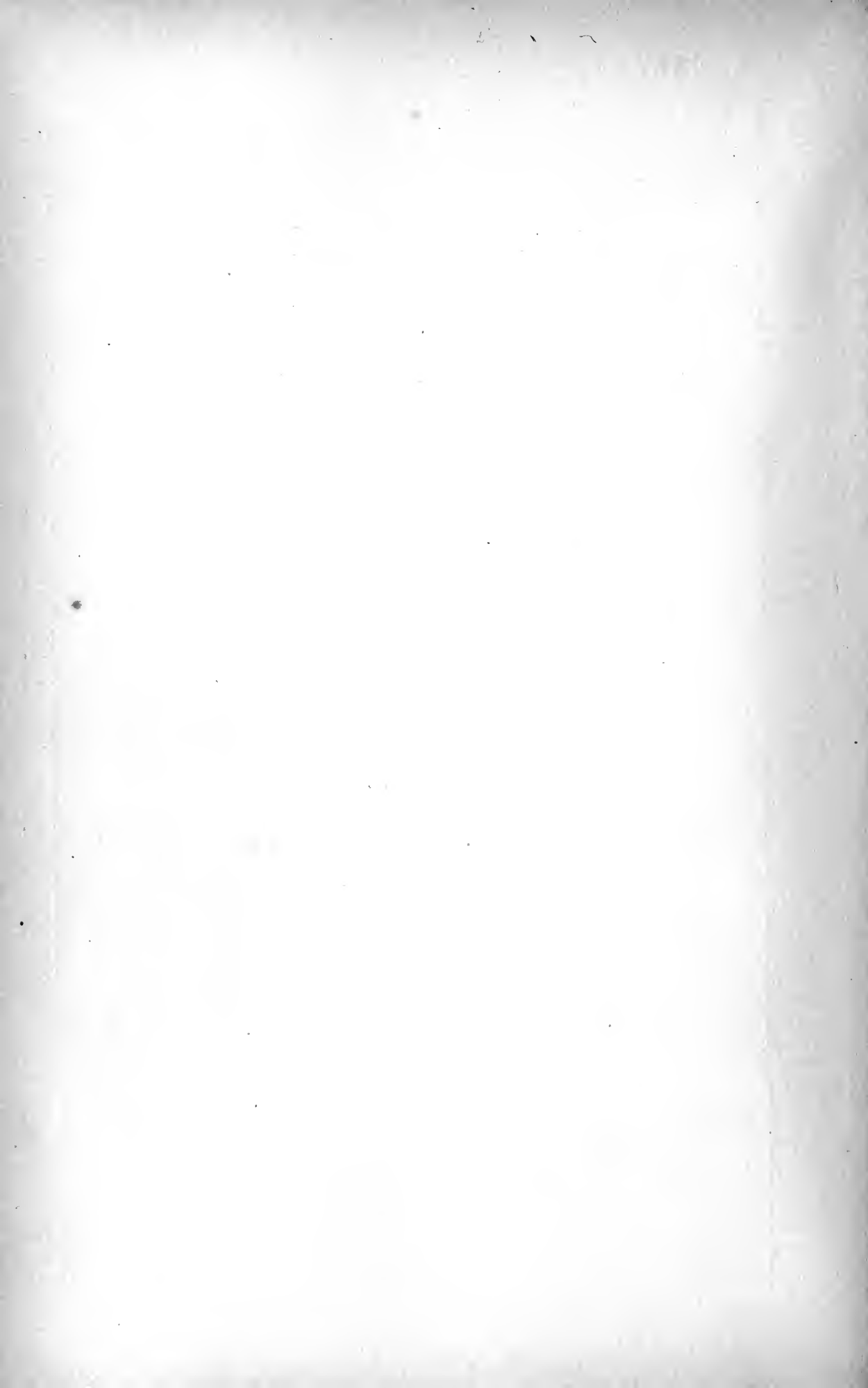
Years B.C.	Bacchiadae of Corinth	PROPHETS	EARLY OLYMPIADS	POETS, ETC.
plus der 10 - 11	35 Aristodemus 1 Agemon	Joel flourishes B. C. 808—783. He delivers his prophecy circa 783. Some writers state his time about B.C. 640		
- 12	2			
- 13	3			
- 14	4			
- 15	5			
- 16	6			
- 17	7			
- 18	8			
- 19	9			
- 20	10	Amos prophecies circa B. C. 808—783		
- 21	11			
- 22	12			
- 23	13		The Egyptian empire on the Mediterranean, 787—751.	
- 24	14			
- 25	15	Hosea prophecies between B. C. 808 and 783, and thence to circa B. C. 724		
- 26	16			
- 27	1 Alexander		Phidon King of Argos reigns circa 783—744.	
- 28	2			
- 29	3			
- 30	4			
- 31	5			
- 32	6			
- 33	7			
- 34	8		Victory of Corebus, the earliest authentic date in Grecian chronology. The Olympic games, now first registered, were celebrated this year, according to Scaliger, on July 23rd.	
- 35	9			Arctinus of Miletus flourished circa 775—740
- 36	10		Pandosia and Metapontum in Italy founded. An earlier date is given to Metapontum by Justin.	
- 37	11			
- 38	12			
- 39	13			
- 40	14		Zechariah slain by Shallum.—Shallum slain by Menahem.	
- 41	15			
- 42	16			
- 43	17			
- 44	18			
- 45	19			
- 46	20		Polychares of Messenia victor in the Olympic games: twenty years afterwards the cause of the first Messenian war.	Cinæthon the Lacedæmonian, poet, fl. 'Hρακλειτα'
- 47	21			
- 48	22			
- 49	23			Eumelus of Corinth fl. 761—731
- 50	24		Theopompus King of Sparta institutes the Ephori.	
- 51	25			
- 52	1 Telestes		Telestes King of Corinth reigns twelve years.	
- 53	2	Isaiah prophecies circa B. C. 757—712, or, according to others, circa B. C. 757—697		
- 54	3		Uzziah dies æt. 66.—Settlement of Cyzicus in the Propontis by the Milesians, according to Strabo.	
- 55	4	Micah prophecies in the reigns of Jotham, Ahaz, and Hezekiah, B. C. 756—698		
- 56	5			
- 57	6		Rome founded, according to Varro	Antimachus of Teos fl.
- 58	7		The decennial Archons at Athens commence with Charops.—Daicles crowned at the Olympic games, the first who had that honour.	
- 59	8		Rome founded, according to Cato.	

Jul. Period	Nabonassar	Y. of Rome	Olympiads	Bef. Christ	OLYMPIC VICTORS	Kings of Judah	Kings of Israel	Kings of Babylon	EMPIRE OF ASSYRIA	Kings of Media	Kings of Lydia	Kings of Macedon	A
3964		4	3	750		7 Jotham	8 Pekah		20 Pul				3 C
3965		5	4	749		8 —	9 —		21 —				4
3966		6	8.1	748	Anticles	9 —	10 —		22 —				5
3967	1	7	2	747		10 —	11 —	1 Nabonassar	23 —				6
3968	2	8	3	746		11 —	12 —	2 —	24 —				7
3969	3	9	4	745		12 —	13 —	3 —	25 —				8
3970	4	10	9.1	744	Zenocles	13 —	14 —	4 —	26 —				9
3971	5	11	2	743		14 —	15 —	5 —	27 —				10
3972	3	12	3	742		15 —	16 —	6 —	28 —				1 E
3973	7	13	4	741		1 Ahaz	17 —	7 —	29 —				2
3974	8	14	10.1	740	Dotadas	2 —	18 —	8 —	30 —				3
3975	9	15	2	739		3 —	19 —	9 —	31 —				4
3976	10	16	3	738		4 —	— Interreg.	10 —	1 Tiglath-pileser 2 ante 738				5
3977	11	17	4	737		5 —	—	11 —	—				6
3978	12	18	11.1	736	Leochares	6 —	—	12 —	3 —				7
3979	13	19	2	735		7 —	—	13 —	4 —				8
3980	14	20	3	734		8 —	—	14 —	5 —				9
3981	15	21	4	733		9 —	—	1 Nadius	6 —				10
3982	16	22	12.1	732	Oxythemis	10 —	—	2 —	7 —				1 C
3983	17	23	2	731		11 —	—	1 Chinzirus and Porus	8 —				2
3984	18	24	3	730		12 —	—	2 —	9 —				3
3985	19	25	4	729		13 —	1 Hoshea	3 —	1 Shalmaneser			— Perdicas I.	4
3986	20	26	13.1	728	Diocles	14 —	2 —	4 —	2 —			—	5
3987	21	27	2	727		15 —	3 —	5 —	3 —			—	6
3988	22	28	3	726		1 Hezekiah	4 —	1 Jugæus	4 —			—	7
3989	23	29	4	725		2 —	5 —	2 —	5 —			—	8
3990	24	30	14.1	724	Dasmon	3 —	6 —	3 —	6 —			—	9
3991	25	31	2	723		4 —	7 —	4 —	7 —			—	10
3992	26	32	3	722		5 —	8 —	5 —	8 —			—	1 H
3993	27	33	4	721		6 —	— Conquered by Assyria	1 Mardocempadus	9 —			—	2
3994	28	34	15.1	720	Orsippus	7 —	—	2 —	10 —			—	3
3995	29	35	2	719		8 —	—	3 —	11 —			—	4
3996	30	36	3	718		9 —	—	4 —	12 —			—	5
3997	31	37	4	717		10 —	—	5 —	13 —			—	6
3998	32	38	16.1	716	Pythagoras	11 —	—	6 —	14 —		1 Gyges	—	7
3999	33	39	2	715		12 —	—	7 —	15 —		2 —	—	8
4000	34	40	3	714		13 —	—	8 —	16 —		3 —	—	9
4001	35	41	4	713		14 —	—	9 —	1 Sennacherib		4 —	—	10
4002	36	42	17.1	712	Polus	15 —	—	10 —	2 —		5 —	—	1 Le
4003	37	43	2	711		16 —	—	11 —	1 Esarhadon or		6 —	—	2
4004	38	44	3	710		17 —	—	12 —	2 Sardanapalus		7 —	—	3
4005	39	45	4	709		18 —	—	1 Archianus	3 —	1 Deioces	8 —	—	4
4006	40	46	18.1	708	Tellis	19 —	—	2 —	4 —	2 —	9 —	—	5
4007	41	47	2	707		20 —	—	3 —	5 —	3 —	10 —	—	6
4008	42	48	3	706		21 —	—	4 —	6 —	4 —	11 —	—	7
4009	43	49	4	705		22 —	—	5 —	7 —	5 —	12 —	—	8
4010	44	50	19.1	704	Menus	23 —	—	— Interreg. [30 d.	8 —	6 —	13 —	—	9
4011	45	51	2	703		24 —	—	1 Hagisa, 1 Baldanes 1 Belibus	9 —	7 —	14 —	—	10
4012	46	52	3	702		25 —	—	—	10 —	8 —	15 —	—	1 Ap
4013	47	53	4	701		26 —	—	2 —	11 —	9 —	16 —	—	2

Years of the Olympiad	Bacchiadæ of Corinth	PROPHETS	EARLY OLYMPIADS	POETS, ETC.
21	9 Telestes		Rome founded according to Polybius.—The Milesian empire of the sea, 750—733	
22	10 ———		Rhegium colonized by the Messenians under Alcidas, a few years before the first Messenian war.	
23	11 ———		Phidou, tyrant of Argos, celebrated the eighth Olympic games.	
24	12 ———		Era of Nabonassar begins, Feb. 27.—Rome founded according to Fabius Pictor.—Telestes King of Corinth slain by Arieus and Perantas.	
25	1 Automenes		Automenes King of Corinth.	
26	1 Annual Prytanæ		First annual prytanis at Corinth.	
27	2 of Corinth			Eumeli 'Κορινθιακά'
28	3 ———		The First Messenian war.	
29	4 ———			
30	5 ———		Jotham dies, æt. 40.	
31	6 ———			
32	7 ———			
33	8 ———		Pekah slain by Hoshea.	
34	9 ———			
35	10 ———			Callinus of Ephesus fl. circa 736—712
36	11 ———		Naxos in Sicily founded by Theucles.	
37	12 ———		Syracuse founded by Archias of Corinth.—Actæon slain by the Bacchiadæ.	
38	13 ———			
39	14 ———		The Carian Empire of the Sea, 732—672.	
40	15 ———			
41	16 ———		Leontium in Achaia founded.—Catana in Sicily founded by Euarchus.	
42	17 ———			
43	18 ———		Megara Hyblæa founded.—Rome founded according to Cincius.	Philolæus of Corinth fl.
44	19 ———			
45	20 ———		Ahaz dies, æt. 35.	
46	21 ———			
47	22 ———		The Δίαυλος added at the Olympic games.	
48	23 ———		Samaria besieged for three years.—First Messenian war ended.	
49	24 ———		Siege of Samaria second year.—Sybaris founded—721.	
50	25 ———	Nahum the Prophet flourished B.C. 721—712	Samaria taken by Shalmaneser.—First eclipse of the Moon on record, Mar. 19, reduced by Ptolemy to the meridian of Alexandria.	
51	26 ———		Thasos founded according to Dionysius.—The Δολιχος introduced in the Olympic games.—Second and third eclipses of the Moon on record, March 8 and Sept. 1.	
52	27 ———		War in Thyrea.	
53	28 ———		Tyre besieged by Shalmaneser King of Assyria.	
54	29 ———		Gyges began to reign in Lydia.—Mylæ in the Chersonesus of Sicily founded.	
55	30 ———		Abydos in Asia Minor planted by the Milesians.	
56	31 ———			
57	32 ———		Sickness of Hezekiah.—Sennacherib invades Judea.	
58	33 ———		Astacus—afterwards Nicomedia—in Bithynia founded by the Megarians.	
59	34 ———		Revolt of the Medes and death of Sennacherib King of Assyria.	
60	35 ———			
61	36 ———		Crotona founded by Myscellus.	
62	37 ———		Deiocius begins to reign in Media.	
63	38 ———		Tarentum in Apulia and Corcyra founded.—Thasos founded according to Xanthus.—Foundation of Parion placed at this year by Eusebius.—The πάλη and πένταθλον added to the Olympic games.	Archilochus of Thasos fl. 708—665
64	39 ———			
65	40 ———			
66	41 ———			
67	42 ———		Aminocles of Corinth first commands the Athenian navy.—The triremes also now first mentioned.	
68	43 ———			
69	44 ———			
70	45 ———			

Jul. Period	Nabassar	Y. of Rome	Olympiads	Bef. Christ	OLYMPIC VICTORS	Kings of Judah	Kings of Egypt	Kings of Babylon	KINGS OF ASSYRIA	Kings of Media	Kings of Lydia	Kings of Macedon
4014	48	54	20.1	700	Atheradas	27 Hezekiah		3 Belibus	12 Esarhad-don	10 Dcioces	17 Gyges	— Perdiccas I.
4015	49	55	2	699		28 —		1 Asordanes	13 —	11 —	18 —	—
4016	50	56	3	698		29 —		2 —	14 —	12 —	19 —	—
4017	51	57	4	697		1 Manassch		3 —	15 —	13 —	20 —	—
4018	52	58	21.1	696	Pantacles	2 —		4 —	16 —	14 —	21 —	—
4019	53	59	2	695		3 —		5 —	17 —	15 —	22 —	—
4020	54	60	5	694		4 —		6 —	18 —	16 —	23 —	—
4021	55	61	4	693		5 —		1 Regibalus	1 Asordanes or Nergilus	17 —	24 —	—
4022	56	62	22.1	692	Pantacles II.	6 —		1 Mesesimordachus	2 K. of Babylon	18 —	25 —	—
4023	57	63	2	691		7 —		2 —	1 Adrameles or Sam-	19 —	26 —	—
4024	58	64	3	690		8 —		3 —	2 mughes	20 —	27 —	—
4025	59	65	4	689		9 —		4 —	3 —	21 —	28 —	—
4026	60	66	23.1	688	Icarius	10 —		— Interreg.	4 —	22 —	29 —	—
4027	61	67	2	687		11 —		—	5 —	23 —	30 —	—
4028	62	68	3	686		12 —		—	6 —	24 —	31 —	—
4029	63	69	4	685		13 —		—	7 —	25 —	32 —	—
4030	64	70	24.1	684	Cleoptolemus	14 —		—	8 —	26 —	33 —	—
4031	65	71	2	683		15 —		—	9 —	27 —	34 —	—
4032	66	72	3	682		16 —		—	10 —	28 —	35 —	—
4033	67	73	4	681		17 —		—	11 —	29 —	36 —	—
4034	68	74	25.1	680	Thalpis	18 —		1 Asaridinus	12 —	30 —	37 —	—
4035	69	75	2	679		19 —		2 —	13 —	31 —	38 —	—
4036	70	76	3	678		20 —		3 —	14 —	32 —	1 Ardys	— Argæus
4037	71	77	4	677		21 —		4 —	15 —	33 —	2 —	—
4038	72	78	26.1	676	Callisthenes	22 —		5 —	16 —	34 —	3 —	—
4039	73	79	2	675		23 —		6 —	17 —	35 —	4 —	—
4040	74	80	3	674		24 —		7 —	18 —	36 —	5 —	—
4041	75	81	4	673		25 —		8 —	19 —	37 —	6 —	—
4042	76	82	27.1	672	Eurybus	26 —		9 —	20 —	38 —	7 —	—
4043	77	83	2	671		27 —		10 —	21 —	39 —	8 —	—
4044	78	84	3	670		28 —	1 Psammetichus	11 —	1 Axerdis	40 —	9 —	—
4045	79	85	4	669		29 —	2 —	12 —	2 —	41 —	10 —	—
4046	80	86	28.1	668	Charmis	30 —	3 —	13 —	3 —	42 —	11 —	—
4047	81	87	2	667		31 —	4 —	1 Saosduchinus	4 —	43 —	12 —	—
4048	82	88	3	666		32 —	5 —	2 —	5 —	44 —	13 —	—
4049	83	89	4	665		33 —	6 —	3 —	6 —	45 —	14 —	—
4050	84	90	29.1	664	Chionis	34 —	7 —	4 —	7 —	46 —	15 —	—
4051	85	91	2	663		35 —	8 —	5 —	8 —	47 —	16 —	—
4052	86	92	3	662		36 —	9 —	6 —	9 —	48 —	17 —	—
4053	87	93	4	661		37 —	10 —	7 —	10 —	49 —	18 —	—
4054	88	94	30.1	660	Chionis II.	38 —	11 —	8 —	11 —	50 —	19 —	—
4055	89	95	2	659		39 —	12 —	9 —	12 —	51 —	20 —	—
4056	90	96	3	658		40 —	13 —	10 —	13 —	52 —	21 —	—
4057	91	97	4	657		41 —	14 —	11 —	14 —	53 —	22 —	—
4058	92	98	31.1	656	Chionis III.	42 —	15 —	12 —	15 —	1 Phraortes	23 —	—
4059	93	99	2	655		43 —	16 —	13 —	16 —	2 —	24 —	—
4060	94	100	3	654		44 —	17 —	14 —	17 —	3 —	25 —	—
4061	95	101	4	653		45 —	18 —	15 —	18 —	4 —	26 —	—
4062	96	102	32.1	652	Cratinus	46 —	19 —	16 —	19 —	5 —	27 —	—
4063	97	103	2	651		47 —	20 —	17 —	20 —	6 —	28 —	—

	Prytanes of Corinth	PROPHETS.	EARLY OLYMPIADS	POETS, ETC.
46	Prytanis			
47	—			
48	—			
49	—		Hezekiah dies, et. 54.	
50	—			
51	—			
52	—			
53	—			Simonides of Amorgus fl. 693—662
54	—			
55	—			
56	—		Gela in Sicily and Phaselis in Pamphylia, founded by Laciis brother of Antiphenus.	Thaletas fl. 690—660.
57	—			
58	—		The <i>πικυνη</i> introduced in the Olympic games.	
59	—		The Median empire commences according to Herodotus.	
60	—			
61	—		The second Messenian war according to Pausanias.	
62	—			
63	—		The annual Archons at Athens begin.	Tyrtæus, eleg. flourished
64	—			
65	—			
66	—		The Quadriga, or Chariot race, added to the Olympic games.	
67	—		Battle of the Trenches, gained by the Lacedæmonians over the Messenians; fixed to this year by Pausanias.	
68	—			
69	—			
70	—		Carnea—contest of the Lyre—instituted at Lacedæmon.	Terpander, lyric, fl. 676—644
71	—		Cyzicus in Mysia refounded by the Megarians.	Polymnastus fl. 675—644
72	—		Chalcedon in Bithynia refounded by Archias of Megaria.	
73	—		Settlement of the Locri in Magna Græcia according to Ephorus.	
74	—		Pantaleon king of Pisa participates in the second Messenian war.	
75	—		Naval empire of the Lesbians 671—603.	Alcman the Lydian fl. 671—631
76	—		Psammetichus king of Egypt begins to reign.	
77	—		The Argives defeat the Lacedæmonians at Hysia.	
78	—		End of the second Messenian war according to Pausanias.	
79	—			
80	—			
81	—		Gymnopædia celebrated at Lacedæmon.	Thaletas, accounted the first composer of songs for the Pyrrhic dance
82	—		Sea fight between the Corinthians and the Corcyreans.—Acrae in Etolia and Enna in Attica founded.	
83	—			
84	—			
85	—			
86	—			Zæueus Locrus, jurisp.
87	—		Phigalia taken by the Lacedæmonians.	Birth of Epimenides of Crete
88	—			
89	—		Byzantium founded by a colony of Megarians.	Lesches of Mytilenë, author of the Iliad Parva
90	—			
1	Cypselus King of Corinth		Cypselus king of Corinth begins to reign, the expelled Bacchiadæ withdraw to Lacedæmon.	
2	Corinth		Acanthus and Stagira in Macedonia founded.—Abdera founded by the Clazomenians.—Lampsacus founded by the Phocæans led by Timæas.—Borysthènes in Pontus founded.	
3	—			
4	—			
5	—			Birth of Pittacus of Mytilenë according to Suidas





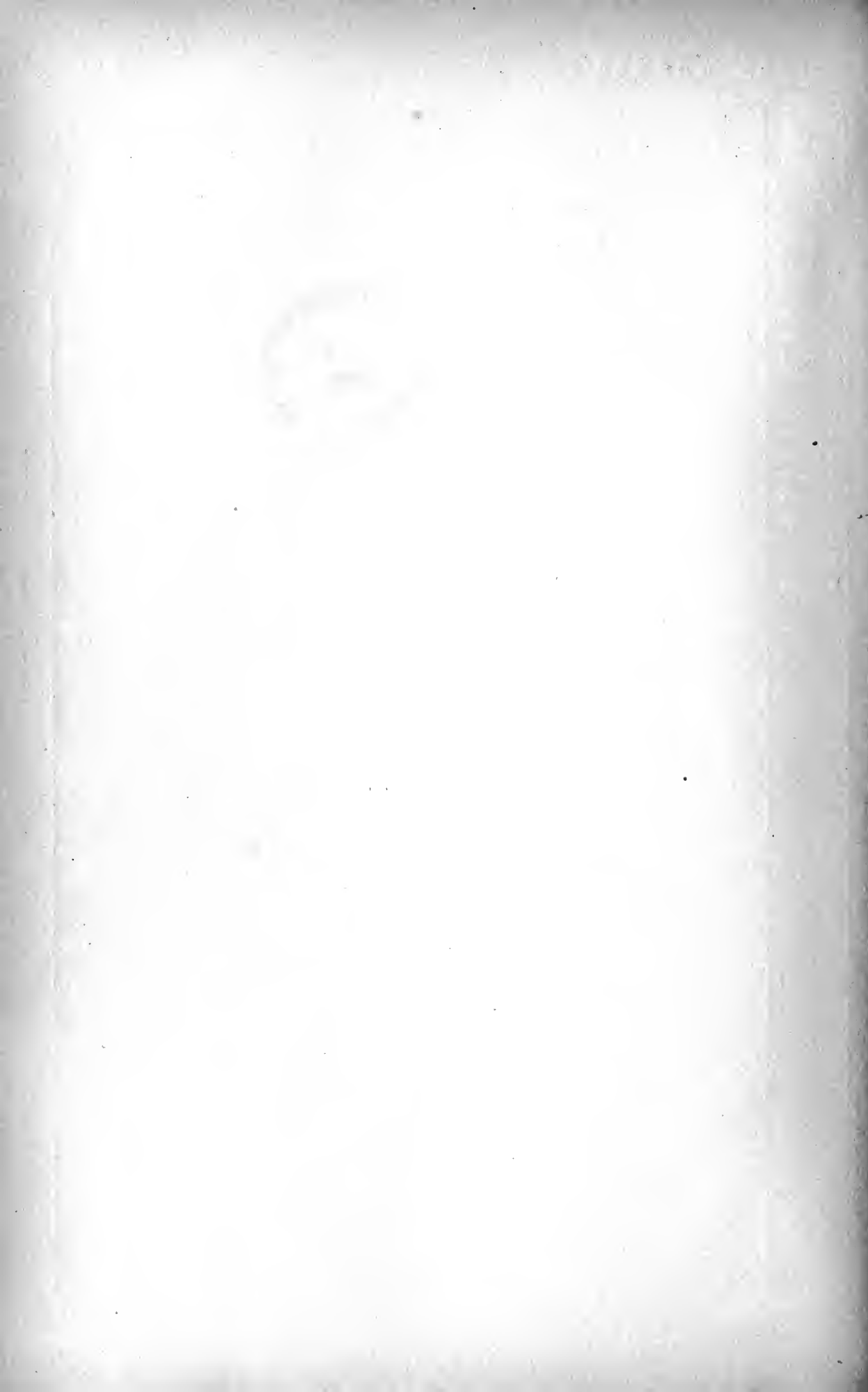
Jul. Period	Nabonassar	Y. of Rome	Olympiads	Ref. Christ	OLYMPIC VICTORS	Kings of Judah	Kings of Egypt	Kings of Babylon	KINGS OF ASSYRIA	Kings of Media	Kings of Lydia	Kings of Macedon
4064	98	104	3	650		48 Manasseh	21 Psammeticus	18 Saosduchinus	1 Nabuchodonosor or Sardanapalus	7 Phraortes	29 Ardys	—Argæus
4065	99	105	4	649		49 ———	22 ———	19 ———	2 ———	8 ———	30 ———	——
4066	100	106	33.1	648	Gylis	50 ———	23 ———	20 ———	3 ———	9 ———	31 ———	——
4067	101	107	2	647		51 ———	24 ———	1 Chinaladanus	4 ———	10 ———	32 ———	——
4068	102	108	3	646		52 ———	25 ———	2 ———	5 ———	11 ———	33 ———	——
4069	103	109	4	645		53 ———	26 ———	3 ———	6 ———	12 ———	34 ———	——
4070	104	110	34.1	644	Stomus	54 ———	27 ———	4 ———	7 ———	13 ———	35 ———	——
4071	105	111	2	643		55 ———	28 ———	5 ———	8 ———	14 ———	36 ———	——
4072	106	112	3	642		1 Amon	29 ———	6 ———	9 ———	15 ———	37 ———	——
4073	107	113	4	641		2 ———	30 ———	7 ———	10 ———	16 ———	38 ———	——
4074	108	114	35.1	640	Sphæron	1 Josiah	31 ———	8 ———	11 ———	17 ———	39 ———	—Philip I.
4075	109	115	2	639		2 ———	32 ———	9 ———	12 ———	18 ———	40 ———	——
4076	110	116	3	638		3 ———	33 ———	10 ———	13 ———	19 ———	41 ———	——
4077	111	117	4	637		4 ———	34 ———	11 ———	14 ———	20 ———	42 ———	——
4078	112	118	36.1	636	Phrynon	5 ———	35 ———	12 ———	15 ———	21 ———	43 ———	——
4079	113	119	2	635		6 ———	36 ———	13 ———	16 ———	22 ———	44 ———	——
4080	114	120	3	634		7 ———	37 ———	14 ———	17 ———	1 Cyaxares	45 ———	——
4081	115	121	4	633		8 ———	38 ———	15 ———	18 ———	2 ———	46 ———	——
4082	116	122	37.1	632	Euryclidas	9 ———	39 ———	16 ———	19 ———	3 ———	47 ———	——
4083	117	123	2	631		10 ———	40 ———	17 ———	20 ———	4 ———	48 ———	——
4084	118	124	3	630		11 ———	41 ———	18 ———	1 Saracus or Ninus	5 ———	49 ———	——
4085	119	125	4	629		12 ———	42 ———	19 ———	2 II. or Sardanapalus	6 ———	1 Sadyattes	——
4086	120	126	38.1	628	Olyntheus	13 ———	43 ———	20 ———	3 ———	7 ———	2 ———	——
4087	121	127	2	627		14 ———	44 ———	21 ———	4 ———	8 ———	3 ———	——
4088	122	128	3	626		15 ———	45 ———	22 ———	5 ———	9 ———	4 ———	——
4089	123	129	4	625		16 ———	46 ———	1 Nabopolassar	6 ———	10 ———	5 ———	——
4090	124	130	39.1	624	Rhipsolcus	17 ———	47 ———	2 ———	7 ———	11 ———	6 ———	——
4091	125	131	2	623		18 ———	48 ———	3 ———	8 ———	12 ———	7 ———	——
4092	126	132	3	622		19 ———	49 ———	4 ———	9 ———	13 ———	8 ———	——
4093	127	133	4	621		20 ———	50 ———	5 ———	10 ———	14 ———	9 ———	——
4094	128	134	40.1	620	Olyntheus II.	21 ———	51 ———	6 ———	11 ———	15 ———	10 ———	——
4095	129	135	2	619		22 ———	52 ———	7 ———	12 ———	16 ———	11 ———	——
4096	130	136	3	618		23 ———	53 ———	8 ———	13 ———	17 ———	12 ———	——
4097	131	137	4	617		24 ———	54 ———	9 ———	14 ———	18 ———	1 Alyattes	——
4098	132	138	41.1	616	Cleondas	25 ———	1 Neco	10 ———	15 ———	19 ———	2 ———	——
4099	133	139	2	615		26 ———	2 ———	11 ———	16 ———	20 ———	3 ———	——
4100	134	140	3	614		27 ———	3 ———	12 ———	17 ———	21 ———	4 ———	——
4101	135	141	4	613		28 ———	4 ———	13 ———	18 ———	22 ———	5 ———	——
4102	136	142	42.1	612	Lycotas	29 ———	5 ———	14 ———	19 ———	23 ———	6 ———	——
4103	137	143	2	611		30 ———	6 ———	15 ———	20 ———	24 ———	7 ———	——
4104	138	144	3	610		31 ———	7 ———	16 ———	21 ———	25 ———	8 ———	——
4105	139	145	4	609		1 Jehoahaz	8 ———	17 ———	22 ———	26 ———	9 ———	——
4106	140	146	43.1	608	Cleon	2 Jehoiakim	9 ———	18 ———	23 ———	27 ———	10 ———	——
4107	141	147	2	607		3 ———	10 ———	19 ———	24 ———	28 ———	11 ———	——
4108	142	148	3	606		4 ———	11 ———	20 Nebuchadrezzar	— Fall of Nineveh	29 ———	12 ———	——
4109	143	149	4	605		5 ———	12 ———	21 ———	2 30	——	13 ———	——
4110	144	150	44.1	604	Gelon	6 ———	13 ———	1 Nebuchadrezzar alone	31 ———	——	14 ———	——
4111	145	151	2	603		7 ———	14 ———	2 ———	32 ———	——	15 ———	——
4112	146	152	3	602		8 ———	15 ———	3 ———	33 ———	——	16 ———	—Eropus
4113	147	153	4	601		9 ———	16 ———	4 ———	34 ———	——	17 ———	——

Procligate	Kings of Corinth	PROPHETS	EARLY OLYMPIADS	POETS, ETC.
6	Cypselus			
7	—			
8	—		Myron of Sicyon is victor in the chariot race.—Himera in Sicily founded. The <i>παγκράτιον</i> and the <i>κέλης</i> added to the Olympic games.	Pisander of Camira fl. circa 647—623 'Hράκλεια Pisandri'
9	—			
10	—			
11	—			
12	—		Pantalcon King of Pisa celebrates the Olympic games.—Casmenæ founded by the Syracusans.	Terpander. His improvements in Spartan music about this time.
13	—			
14	—		Manasseh dies æt. 67.	
15	—			
16	—			
17	—	Zephaniah the Prophet flourished circa B.C. 640—609.	First establishment of Battus.	Birth of Thales of Miletus
18	—			
19	—		Second settlement of Battus.	
20	—			
21	—		The Cimmerians take Sardis.	
22	—		Phraortes slain by the Assyrians.—Irruption of the Scythians in Asia.	
23	—		Istrus and Tomi, Milesian colonies settled.	
24	—		The <i>δρόμος</i> and <i>πάλη πασιών</i> added to the Olympic games.	Birth of Stesichorus, lyric poet
25	—		Cyrenë in Africa founded by Battus.	
26	—			
27	—		The Milesians are established in Egypt.	Mimnermus of Colophon fl. 630—586
28	—	Jeremiah prophecies circa B. C. 628—586	Foundation of Sinope in Asia Minor by Cois and Critines of Miletus.	Aristoxenus of Selinus, iamb. fl.
29	—		The Megarians send colonists to Byzantium.—Selinus in Sicily founded by Panillus of Megara Hyblæa	
30	—		Lipara founded according to Eusebius.	
1	Periander		Prusias founded according to Eusebius.	
2	—		Epidamnus on the Adriatic founded.—Cypselus succeeded by Periander.	Arion, lyric, flourished in the reign of Periander 625—610. Invented the Cyclian chorus
3	—		Proclus tyrant of Epidaurus is cotemporary with Periander.	
4	—		Milesian war begins.	
5	—		The Book of the Law read, and the Passover solemnly kept by Josiah.	
6	—		Legislation of Draco.—Fourth eclipse of the Moon on record, April 22.	Draco, legislat. flourished
7	—			
8	—			
9	—			
10	—		The Cimmerians finally expelled from Asia Minor by Alyattes.—The duration of their occupation circa B.C. 876—617.	Birth of Æsop, circa
11	—			
12	—			
13	—			
14	—	Habakkuk the Prophet flourished B.C. 612—598	Peace with Miletus, between Alyattes and Thrasybulus.	
15	—		Pittacus overthrows the tyranny of Melanchrus.	Sappho 611—592.—Alcæus.—Damophylé.—Erinna fl.
16	—			
17	—		Neco began his canal between the Red Sea and the Nile about this time.	Birth of Anaximander of Miletus.—Stesichorus fl.
18	—		Josiah king of Judah slain at Megiddo æt. 39.—Apollonia on the Euxine founded.	
19	—		Panætius becomes tyrant of Leontium.	
20	—	Daniel prophecies B. C. 606—534 throughout the Captivity	The Scythians expelled from Asia by Cyaxares.	Alcæus is engaged in the war of the Athenians and Mytilenæans in Boeotia.
21	—		Capture of Nineveh.—Captivity of the Jews.—Combat of Pittacus and Phrynon.—Periander mediates between Athens and Mytilenë.	Chersias of Orchomenus fl.
22	—			
23	—		The Red Sea navigated by the Phenicians about this time by order of Neco; they returned by the Mediterranean.	
24	—			
25	—			



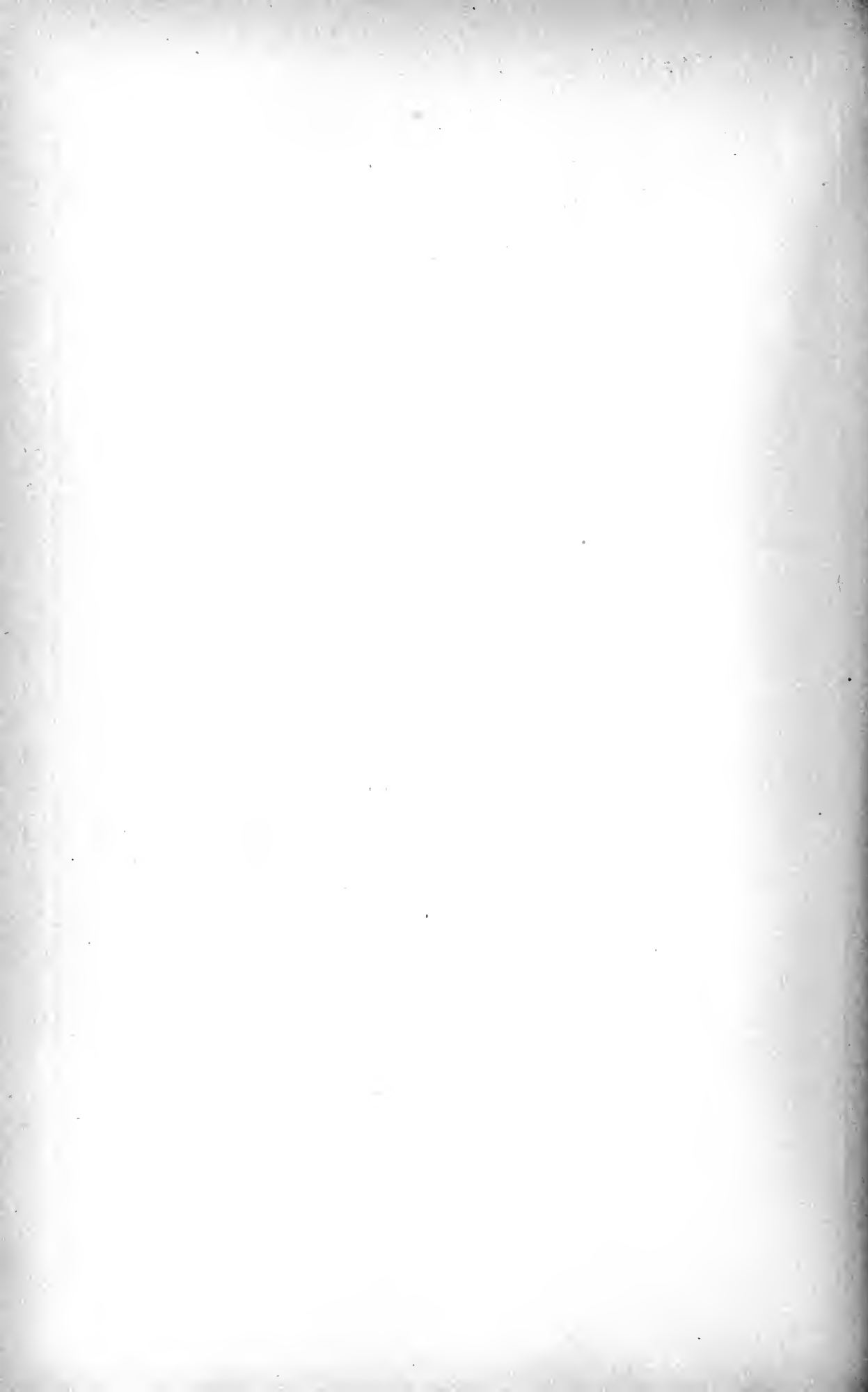
Jul. Period	Nabonassar	X. of Rome	Olympiads	Ref. Christ	OLYMPIC VICTORS	Kings of Egypt	Kings of Babylon	Kings of Judah	Kings of Media	Kings of Lydia	Kings of Macedon
4114	148	154	45.1	600	Anticrates	1 Psammis	5 Nebuchadnezzar	10 Jehoia-kin	35 Cyaxares	18 Alyattes	—Æropus
4115	149	155	2	599		2 —	6 —	11 —	36 —	19 —	—
4116	150	156	3	598		3 —	7 —	1 Jehoia-kin	37 —	20 —	—
4117	151	157	4	597		4 —	8 —	1 Zedekiah	38 —	21 —	—
4118	152	158	46.1	596	Chrysomachus	5 —	9 —	2 —	39 —	22 —	—
4119	153	159	2	595		6 —	10 —	3 —	40 —	23 —	—
4120	154	160	3	594		1 Apries	11 —	4 —	1 Astyages	24 —	—
4121	155	161	4	593		2 —	12 —	5 —	2 —	25 —	—
4122	156	162	47.1	592	Eurycles	3 —	13 —	6 —	3 —	26 —	—
4123	157	163	2	591		4 —	14 —	7 —	4 —	27 —	—
4124	158	164	3	590		5 —	15 —	8 —	5 —	28 —	—
4125	159	165	4	589		6 —	16 —	9 —	6 —	29 —	—
4126	160	166	48.1	588	Glycon	7 —	17 —	10 —	7 —	30 —	—
4127	161	167	2	587		8 —	18 —	11 —	8 —	31 —	—
4128	162	168	3	586		9 —	19 —	— * Fall of Jerusalem	9 —	32 —	—
4129	163	169	4	585		10 —	20 —	—	10 —	33 —	—
4130	164	170	49.1	584	Lycinus	11 —	21 —	—	11 —	34 —	—
4131	165	171	2	583		12 —	22 —	—	12 —	35 —	—
4132	166	172	3	582		13 —	23 —	—	13 —	36 —	—
4133	167	173	4	581		14 —	24 —	—	14 —	37 —	—
4134	168	174	50.1	580	Epitelidas	15 —	25 —	—	15 —	38 —	—
4135	169	175	2	579		16 —	26 —	—	16 —	39 —	—
4136	170	176	3	578		17 —	27 —	—	17 —	40 —	—
4137	171	177	4	577		18 —	28 —	—	18 —	41 —	—
4138	172	178	51.1	576	Eratosthenes	19 —	29 —	—	19 —	42 —	— Alcetas
4139	173	179	2	575		20 —	30 —	—	20 —	43 —	—
4140	174	180	3	574		21 —	31 —	—	21 —	44 —	—
4141	175	181	4	573		22 —	32 —	—	22 —	45 —	—
4142	176	182	52.1	572	Agis	23 —	33 —	—	23 —	46 —	—
4143	177	183	2	571		24 —	34 —	—	24 —	47 —	—
4144	178	184	3	570		— Interreg.	35 —	—	25 —	48 —	—
4145	179	185	4	569		1 Amasis	36 —	—	26 —	49 —	—
4146	180	186	53.1	568	Agnon	2 —	37 —	—	27 —	50 —	—
4147	181	187	2	567		3 —	38 —	—	28 —	51 —	—
4148	182	188	3	566		4 —	39 —	—	29 —	52 —	—
4149	183	189	4	565		5 —	40 —	—	30 —	53 —	— Hip
4150	184	190	54.1	564	Hippostratus	6 —	41 —	—	31 —	54 —	—
4151	185	191	2	563		7 —	42 —	—	32 —	55 —	—
4152	186	192	3	562		8 —	43 —	—	33 —	56 —	—
4153	187	193	4	561		9 —	1 Evil Merodach (Ilvarodamus)	—	34 —	57 —	—
4154	188	194	55.1	560	Hippostrat. II.	10 —	2 —	—	35 PERSIA	1 Croesus	—
4155	189	195	2	559		11 —	1 Neriglissar (Nericosolassar)	—	1 Cyrus	2 —	—
4156	190	196	3	558		12 —	2 —	—	2 —	3 —	—
4157	191	197	4	557		13 —	3 —	—	3 —	4 —	—
4158	192	198	56.1	556	Phædrus	14 —	1 Laborosoarchod 9 m.	—	4 —	5 —	—
4159	193	199	2	555		15 —	1 Belshazzar (Nabonadius)	—	5 —	6 —	—
4160	194	200	3	554		16 —	2 —	—	6 —	7 —	—
4161	195	201	4	553		17 —	3 —	—	7 —	8 —	—
4162	196	202	57.1	552	Ladromus	18 —	4 —	—	8 —	9 —	—
4163	197	203	2	551		19 —	5 —	—	9 —	10 —	—

Proclida	Kings of Corinth	PROPHETS	EARLY OLYMPIADS	POETS, ETC.
26	Periander		Massilia,—Marseilles founded by the Phocæans.	Birth of Pherecydes of Syros, phil.
27	—		Camarina in Sicily founded by Dascon and Meriecolus.	
28	—			
29	—		Cyrene in Africa founded according to Solinus.	
30	—			Epimenides came to Athens.—Chilon, phil. fl.
31	—		Birth of Croesus.—The Cirrhæan or Sacred war, 595—586.	
32	—	Ezekiel prophecies in the time of the Captivity, circa B.C. 594—536	Legislation of Solon.	Solon flourished
33	—			
34	—		Odessus on the Euxine founded by the Milesians.	Anacharsis comes to Athens
35	—		Cirra taken by the Amphityons under Eurylochus.—Pythian Games first celebrated at Delphi.	
36	—			
37	—		Pittacus governs Mitylenë for ten years.	Alcæus is in exile and opposed to the government of Pittacus
38	—	Obadiah the Prophet flourished circa B.C. 588—583	Demophon son of Pantaleon is king of Pisa.	
39	—	Ezekiel prophecies against Tyre and Egypt	Captivity of Zedekiah, æt. 33, June.—The Temple burnt, July.—Jerusalem taken by Nebuchadnezzar, June.	Sacadas of Argos gains the prize in music in the three first Pythia B.C. 586, 582, 578.
40	—		The conquest of the Cirrhæans is completed, and the Pythian and Isthmian games are celebrated.	
1	Psammetichus		Lycophron, son of Periander, slain by the Coreyræans.—Death of Periander king of Corinth.	
2	—			
3	—			
4	—		Clisthenes of Sicyon is victor in the second Pythia.—Agrigentum founded according to Thucydides.	
—	End of the Cypselidæ		The dynasty of the Cypselidæ ended.	
			The Hellanodicæ are augmented to two. Until this time one had presided.	
			Lipara founded according to Diodorus.—Pittacus resigns the government of Mitylenë.	
		Ezekiel's vision in the Captivity in the 14th year after that city was smitten	Naval empire of the Phocæans, 575—532.	Pythocritus of Sicyon, victor at the fourth Pythian games, fl. 574—554
			The War of Pisa and Elis ended in the subjection of the Pisæans.—Tyre taken by Nebuchadnezzar.	Æsop fl. circa.
			Accession of Phalaris according to Eusebius.—Apries dethroned by Nebuchadnezzar.	Birth of Pythagoras, circa
				Death of Pittacus of Mitylenë.
			The Panathenæa celebrated at Athens.—The Nemean Games restored, and celebrated the 1st and 3rd years of every Olympiad.	Eugamon of Cyrenë flourished. 'Ἡλεγονία'
			Alalia in Corsica founded by the Phocæans.	Death of Æsop according to Eusebius
			Amisus in Pontus founded by the Phocæans.	The first Comedy acted at Athens by Susarion and Dolon
1			Pisistratus first usurps the government at Athens about this time.	Thales, phil. fl.—Ibycus, poet, fl.
2			Cyrus reigns in Persia.—Heraclea on the Euxine founded by the Phocæans.	Anacreon the poet begins to be distinguished
3				
4				
5				Birth of Simonides of Cos, poet.—Chilon, phil. ephor at Sparta
6				
7			First exile of Pisistratus from Athens.	
8			Camarina in Sicily taken and destroyed by the Syracusans.	Death of Stesichorus æt. 79
9				
10				



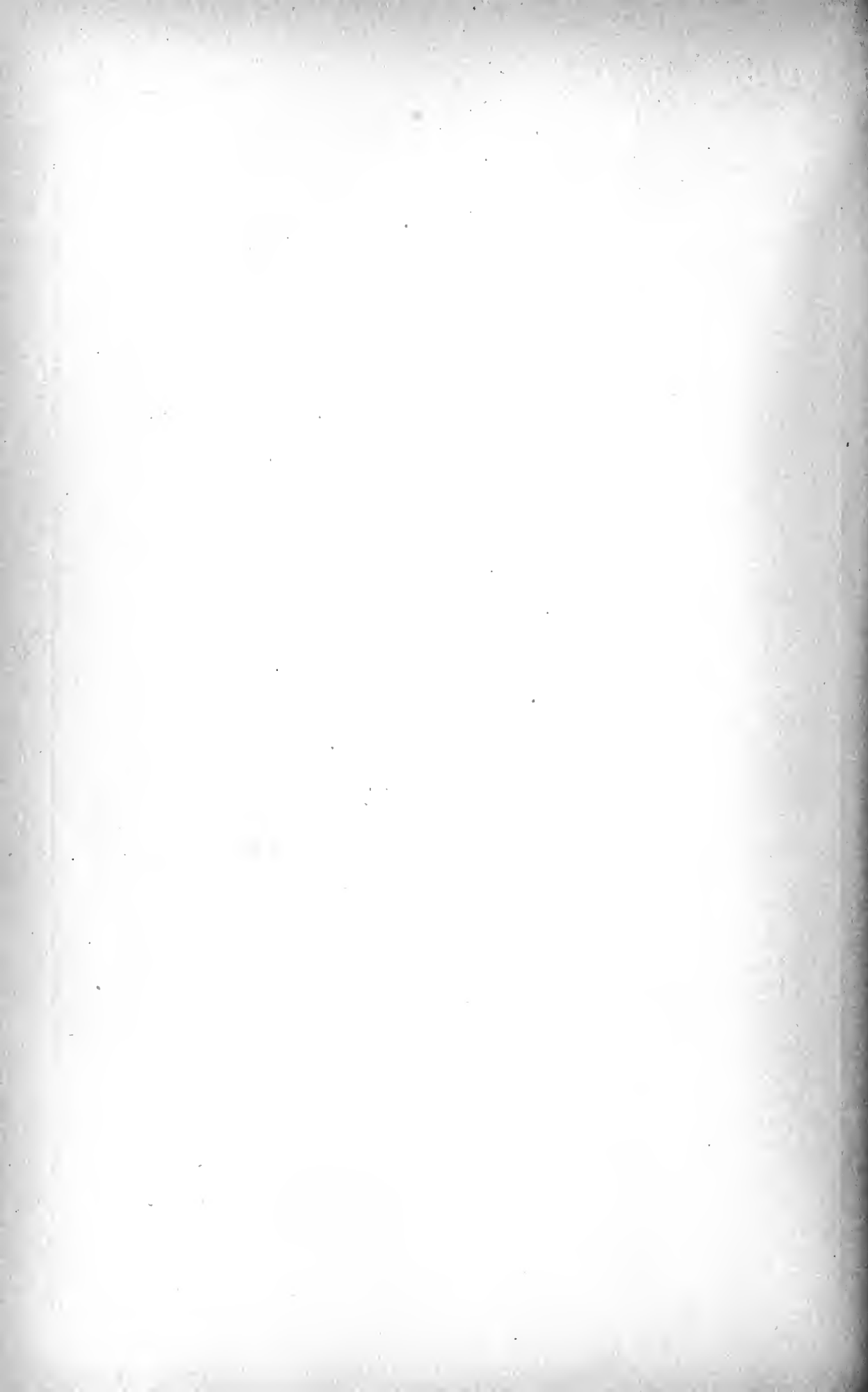
Jul. Period	Nabonassar	Y. of Rome	Olympiads	Ref. Christ	ATHENIAN ARCHONS	Agide Kings of Sparta	Proclidae Kings of Macedon	KINGS OF PERSIA	Kings of Lydia	Kings of Babylon
4164	198	204	3	550	*	11 Anaxandrid	— Alcetas	10 Cyrus	11 Cræsus	6 Belshazzar
4165	199	205	4	549	*	12 Ariston	12	11	12	7
4166	200	206	58.1	548	Erxielides	13	13	12	13	8
4167	201	207	2	547	*	14	14	13	14	9
4168	202	208	3	546	*	15	15	14	— Conquered by Cyrus	10
4169	203	209	4	545	*	16	16	15		11
4170	204	210	59.1	544	*	17	17	16		12
4171	205	211	2	543	*	18	18	17		13
4172	206	212	3	542	*	19	19	18		14
4173	207	213	4	541	*	20	20	19		15
4174	208	214	60.1	540	*	21	21	1 Amyntas I.		16 — Darius the Mede
4175	209	215	2	539	*	22	22	2		17 — Conquered by Cyrus
4176	210	216	3	538	*	23	23	3		2
4177	211	217	4	537	*	24	24	4		
4178	212	218	61.1	536	*	25	25	5		
4179	213	219	2	535	*	26	26	6		
4180	214	220	3	534	*	27	27	7		
4181	215	221	4	533	Thericles	28	28	8		
4182	216	222	62.1	532	*	29	29	9		
4183	217	223	2	531	*	30	30	10		
4184	218	224	3	530	*	31	31	11		
4185	219	225	4	529	*	32	32	12	1 Cambyses	
4186	220	226	63.1	528	*	33	33	13	2	
4187	221	227	2	527	*	34	34	14	3	
4188	222	228	3	526	*	35	35	15	4	
4189	223	229	4	525	*	36	36	16	5	
4190	224	230	64.1	524	Miltiades	37	37	17	6	
4191	225	231	2	523	*	38	38	18	7	
4192	226	232	3	522	*	39	39	19	8 Smerdis 7 m.	
4193	227 228	233	4	521	*	40	40	20	1 Darius Hystaspes	
4194	229	234	65.1	520	*	1 Cleomenes I.	41	21		
4195	230	235	2	519	*	2	42	22		
4196	231	236	3	518	*	3	43	23		
4197	232	237	4	517	*	4	44	24		
4198	233	238	66.1	516	*	5	45	25		
4199	234	239	2	515	*	6	46	26		
4200	235	240	3	514	*	7	47	27		
4201	236	241	4	513	*	8	48	28		
4202	237	242	67.1	512	*	9	49	29		
4203	238	243	2	511	*	10	50	30		
4204	239	244	3	510	*	11 Demaratus	51	31		
4205	240	245	4	509	*	12	52	32		
4206	241	246	68.1	508	Isagoras	13	53	33		
4207	242	247	2	507	*	14	54	34		
4208	243	248	3	506	*	15	55	35		
4209	244	249	4	505	*	16	56	36		
4210	245	250	69.1	504	Acestorides	17	57	37		
4211	246	251	2	503	*	18	58	38		
4212	247	252	3	502	*	19	59	39		
4213	248	253	4	501	*	20	60	40		

HISTORIANS, ETC.	GRECIAN CHRONOLOGY	POETS—THE DRAMA
<p>Anaximenes, phil. and hist. fl.</p> <p>Anaximander, phil. fl. æt. 64</p> <p>Thales the philosopher still living</p> <p>Pherecydes of Syros, phil. fl. æt. 56.— Bias of Prienē, phil. still living</p>	<p>Death of Phalaris of Agrigentum</p> <p>The temple of Delphi accidentally burnt.—Second tyranny of Pisistratus at Athens.</p> <p>Second exile of Pisistratus from Athens.</p> <p>Sardis taken by Cyrus, Cræsus taken prisoner.</p> <p>Massilia refounded.—Conquest of Ionia by the Persians, 544—539</p>	<p>Hipponax of Ephesus, poet, fl.</p> <p>Thcognis of Megara, poet, fl.</p>
<p>Pythagoras flourished, 539—510</p> <p>Xenophanes of Colophon, poet and philosopher, flourished</p>	<p>The Phocians settle in Gaul.</p> <p>Babylon taken by Cyrus; Belshazzar slain.</p> <p>Third tyranny of Pisistratus at Athens.</p> <p>Edict of Cyrus for 'the return of the Jews and the rebuilding of the temple.</p> <p>Usurpation of Polycrates of Samos.</p>	<p>Thespis first exhibits tragedy at Athens</p> <p>Anacreon the poet is at the court of Polycrates of Samos</p>
<p>A public library founded about this time at Athens by Hippias and Hipparchus</p>	<p>Death of Cyrus and accession of Cambyses.—The Samian power on the Mediterranean.</p> <p>Death of Pisistratus.</p> <p>Conquest of Egypt by Cambyses.—War of the Lacedæmonians against Polycrates of Samos.</p> <p>Fifth lunar eclipse on record, July 16.</p> <p>Polycrates, tyrant of Samos, put to death by Orætes satrap of Sardis.</p> <p>Death of Cambyses and accession of Darius.—This year is reckoned as the 227 and 228th year of the era of Nabonassar.</p>	<p>Birth of Æschylus.—Anacreon and Simonides come to Athens</p> <p>Chœrilus first exhibits tragedy</p>
<p>Hecataeus and Dionysius Milesius, the historians, flourished</p> <p>Birth of Parmenides, poet and phil. circa</p> <p>Haggai and Zechariah, the Prophets, fl. 520—518</p>	<p>Plataea puts itself under the protection of Athens.</p> <p>Miltiades, son of Cimon, succeeds.—Stesagoras in the Chersonese.—Temple of Jerusalem finished, Mar. 10.—The Passover celeb. Ap. 18.</p> <p>Hipparchus, tyrant of Athens, slain at the time of the Panathenæa by Harmodius and Aristogiton.</p> <p>First year of Hippias at Athens.</p> <p>Second year.</p> <p>Third year.</p>	<p>Melanippides, poet, fl.</p> <p>Birth of Cratinus the comic poet</p> <p>Birth of Pindar</p> <p>Phrynichus gains the prize in tragedy</p>
<p>Charon of Lampsacus, hist. fl.</p> <p>Heraclitus, phil. fl.—Parmenides, the disciple of Xenophanes, fl.</p> <p>Hecataeus the historian assisted at the deliberations of the Ionians</p>	<p>Expulsion of the Pisistratidæ from Athens.</p> <p>Institution of the <i>χορὸς ἀνδρῶν</i>.—Maritime empire of Ægina, 508—499.</p> <p>Sixth lunar eclipse on record, Nov. 19.</p> <p>Naxos besieged four months by Megabates and Aristagoras.</p>	<p>Telesilla of Argos the poetess flourished</p> <p>Lasus of Hermione, poet, the instructor of Pindar, flourished Pindar. Pyth. X.</p>



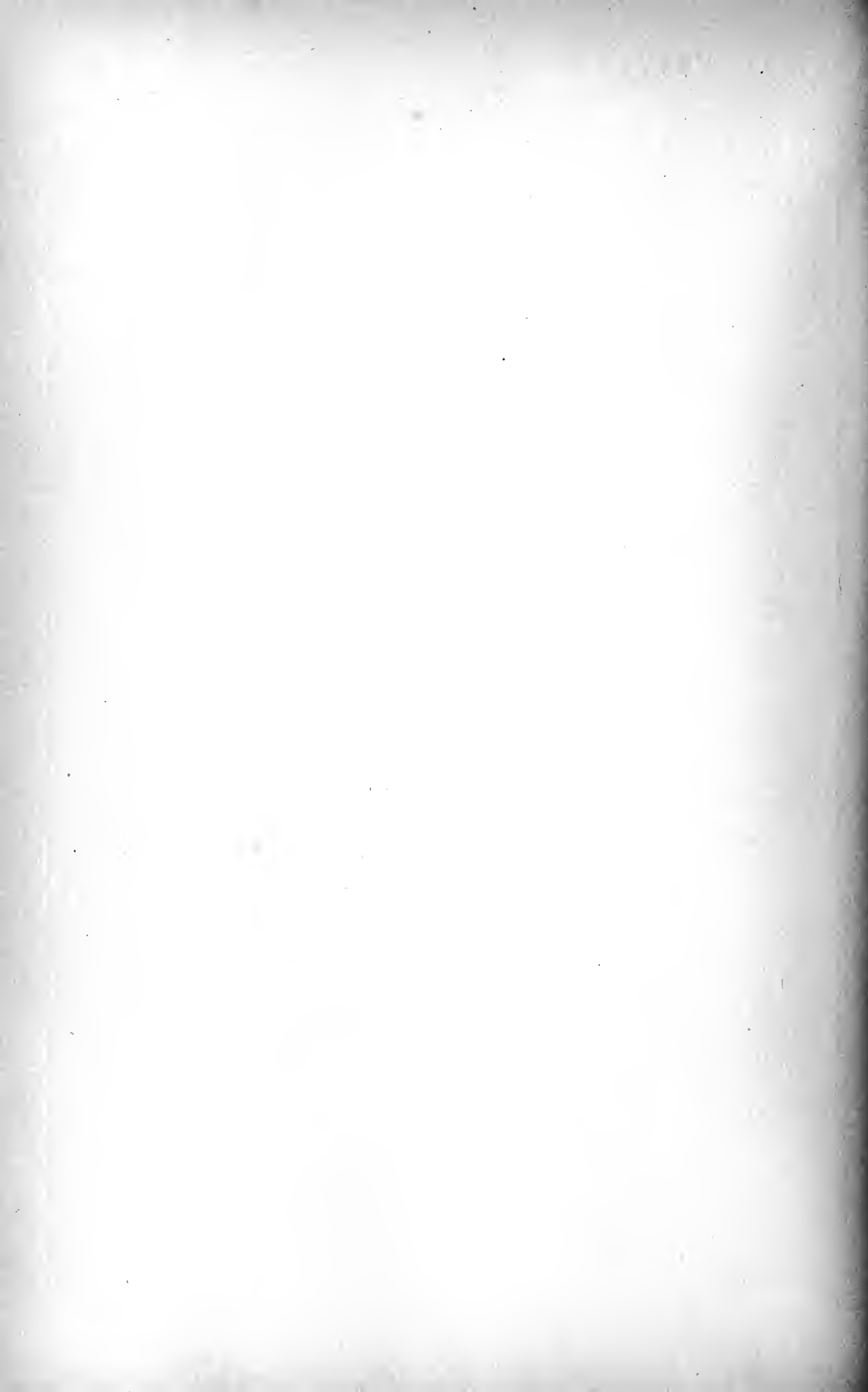
Jul. Period	Nabonassar	Y. of Rome	Olympiads	Ref. Christ	ATHENIAN ARCHONS	Agidae Kings of Sparta	Proclidae Kings of Macedon	KINGS OF PERSIA	Kings of Bosphorus	T Sy
4214	249	254	70.1	500	Myrus	21 Cleomenes	1 Alexander I.	22 Darius Hystaspes		
4215	250	255	2	499	*	22 Demaratus	2	23		
4216	251	256	3	498	*	23	3	24		
4217	252	257	4	497	*	24	4	25		
4218	253	258	71.1	496	Hipparchus	25	5	26		
4219	254	259	2	495	Philippus	26	6	27		
4220	255	260	3	494	Pythocritus	27	7	28		
4221	256	261	4	493	Themistocles	28	8	29		
4222	257	262	72.1	492	Diognetus	29	9	30		
4223	258	263	2	491	Hybrilides	1 Leonidas	10	31		
						Leoty-				
4224	259	264	3	490	Phænippus	2 chides	11	32		
4225	260	265	4	489	Aristides	3	12	33		
4226	261	266	73.1	488	Anchises	4	13	34		
4227	262	267	2	487	*	5	14	35		
4228	263	268	3	486	*	6	15	36		
4229	264	269	4	485	Philocrates	7	16	1 Xerxes I.		1 Ge
4230	265	270	74.1	484	Leostratus	8	17	2		2 -
4231	266	271	2	483	Nicodemus	9	18	3		3 -
4232	267	272	3	482	*	10	19	4		4 -
4233	268	273	4	481	Themistocles	11	20	5		5 -
4234	269	274	75.1	480	Calliades	1 Pleistarchus	21	6		6 -
4235	270	275	2	479	Xanthippus	2	22	7	1 Archæanac-	7 -
4236	271	276	3	478	Timosthenes	3	23	8	tida	1 H
4237	272	277	4	477	Adimantus	4	24	9		2 -
4238	273	278	76.1	476	Phædon	5	25	10		3 -
4239	274	279	2	475	Dromoclides	6	26	11		4 -
4240	275	280	3	474	Acestorides	7	27	12		5 -
4241	276	281	4	473	Menon	8	28	13		6 -
4242	277	282	77.1	472	Chares	9	29	14		7 -
4243	278	283	2	471	Praxiergus	10	30	15		8 -
4244	279	284	3	470	Demotion	11	31	16		9 -
4245	280	285	4	469	Apsephion	12 Archidamus II.	32	17		10 -
4246	281	286	78.1	468	Theagenides	13	33	18		11 -
4247	282	287	2	467	Lysistratus	14	34	19		1 T
4248	283	288	3	466	Lysanias	15	35	20		1 F
4249	284	289	4	465	Lysistheus	16	36	1 Artabanus 7 m.		2 F
4250	285	290	79.1	464	Archidemides	17	37	1 Artaxerxes Longimanus		3 -
4251	286	291	2	463	Tlepolemus	18	38	2		4 -
4252	287	292	3	462	Conon	19	39	4		5 -
4253	288	293	4	461	Euippus	20	40	5		6 -
4254	289	294	80.1	460	Phrasiclides	21	41	6		7 -
4255	290	295	2	459	Philocles	22	42	7		8 -
4256	291	296	3	458	Bion	1 Pleistanax	43	8		9 -
4257	292	297	4	457	Mnesithides	2	44	9		10 -
4258	293	298	81.1	456	Callias	3	45	10		11 -
4259	294	299	2	455	Sosistratus	4	46	11		12 -
4260	295	300	3	454	Ariston	5	47	12		13 -
4261	296	301	4	453	Lysicrates	6	48	1 Perdicas II.		14 -
4262	297	302	82.1	452	Chærephanes	7	49	3		15 -
4263	298	303	2	451	Antidotus	8	50	4		16 -

HIST.—PHIL.—ORAT.	GRECIAN CHRONOLOGY	POETS—THE DRAMA
<p>Birth of Anaxagoras, phil.</p> <p>Birth of Hellanicus the historian</p>	<p>Aristagoras solicits aid from Sparta and from Athens.</p> <p>Ionian war.—Sardis burnt.—The Ionians defeated near Ephesus.—Institution of the Dictatorship at Rome.</p> <p>Ionian war, second year.—Cyprus recovered by the Persians.</p> <p>Ionian war, third year.—Aristagoras slain in Thrace.</p> <p>Ionian war, fourth year.—Histiaeus comes down to the coast.</p> <p>Ionian war, fifth year.—Preparations for the assault of Miletus.</p> <p>Last year.—The confederates defeated in a naval action near Miletus.—Miletus taken.—Æacus restored to the tyranny of Samos.</p> <p>Miltiades returns from the Chersonese to Athens while the Phœnician fleet lay at Tenedos.</p> <p>The first Persian armament under Mardonius: it proceeds no farther than Macedonia</p> <p>War of Athens and Egina.—League with the Latins, 30 cities, by the consul Spurius Cassius.—Seventh lunar eclipse on record, April 25.</p>	<p>Epicharmus fl. He perfected comedy in Sicily before Chionides exhibited Æschylus first exhibits tragedy.—Pratinas and Chœrilus contend with Æschylus</p> <p>Birth of Sophocles</p> <p>Pindar. Pyth. VI.</p>
<p>Birth of Herodotus</p>	<p>Second Persian armament under Datis and Artaphernes.—Battle of Marathon, the Persians defeated by Miltiades.</p> <p>Three years' warlike preparation after the battle of Marathon.</p> <p>Revolt of Egypt and Persia.</p> <p>Accession of Xerxes.—Gelon becomes master of Syracuse.—Naval empire of the Ægineta, 485—475.</p> <p>Egypt recovered by Xerxes.—League with the Hærnicans and Agrarian law carried by Cassius, a third time consul.</p> <p>Ostracism of Aristides.—Trial and death of Spurius Cassius.</p> <p>Xerxes winters at Sardis.—War of the Romans and Veientians.</p>	<p>Æschylus, æt. 35, is present at the battle of Marathon</p> <p>Panyasis, poet, the uncle of Herodotus, flourished</p> <p>Chionides first exhibits comedy at Athens.—Dinolochus, comic poet, fl.</p> <p>Enetes,—Euexenides,—Mylus, comic poets, fl.</p> <p>Pindar. Ol. X. XI.—Æschylus gains the prize in tragedy.—Birth of Acchæus the tragic poet</p> <p>Chœrilus and Phrynichus, the tragic poets, still exhibit</p>
<p>Anaxagoras the philosopher at Athens.—Pherecydes Lærius, hist. fl. 480—456</p> <p>Birth of Antiphon the orator</p> <p>The History of Herodotus terminates</p> <p>Xenophanes the philosopher is an exile in Sicily</p> <p>Death of Pythagoras, circa</p> <p>Birth of Thucydides</p>	<p>Actions at Thermopylæ and Artemisium.—Battle of Salamis and victory of Themistocles.—Battle of Himera and victory of Gelon.</p> <p>Battle of Plataea, Mardonius defeated and slain by Pausanias.—Battle of Mycalé gained by Leotychides.—Siege of Sestos.</p> <p>Hiero succeeds Gelon.—The Athenians rebuild their long walls and restore the Piræus.—Surrender of Sestos.</p> <p>Commencement of the Athenian ascendancy or empire, 45 years before the Peloponnesian war.</p> <p>Death of Anaxilaus of Rhegium.—Scyros taken by Cimon.—The Lacedæmonians lose their ascendancy.</p> <p>The Fabii, 300, put to the sword by the Veientes at the Cremera</p> <p>Naval victory of Hiero over the Tuscans.</p> <p>Death of Theron of Agrigentum.—Peace between the Romans and the Veientians.</p> <p>Themistocles banished by Ostracism.</p>	<p>Birth of Euripides.—Pindar, æt. 38, is present at the battle of Salamis</p> <p>Birth of Chœrilus of Samos</p> <p>Pindar. Pyth. XI. IX.</p> <p>Pindar. Ol. XIV.—Phrynichus victor in tragedy.—Simonides, æt. 80, gains the prize ἀνδρῶν χορῶ</p> <p>Pindar. Pyth. III. I.</p> <p>Pindar. Ol. II. XII.—Æschyli, 'Pers.'</p> <p>Timocreon of Rhodes, lyric poet, fl.</p>
<p>Birth of Socrates</p> <p>Birth of Andocides the orator</p> <p>Diagoras of Melos, phil. fl.</p> <p>Zeno of Elea, phil. fl.—Charon of Lamprus is still writing history</p> <p>Xanthus of Lydia, hist. fl. before Herodotus, who profited by his work</p>	<p>Pericles enters into public life.—The Publilian law of Volero, the second great charter of Roman liberty, carried.</p> <p>Mycenæ destroyed by the Argives.—Death of Aristides.</p> <p>The sons of Anaxilaus of Rhegium receive their inheritance.—Death of Hiero of Syracuse.</p> <p>Syracuse free.—Naxos besieged by Cimon.—His victories at the Eurymedon.—End of the war between Greece and Persia.</p> <p>Revolt of Thasos.—Death of Xerxes.—Themistocles seeks protection at the court of Persia.</p> <p>Revolt of the Helots.—The third Messenian war.—Cimon marches to the assistance of the Lacedæmonians.</p> <p>The Thasian war.</p> <p>Cimon marches a second time to the assistance of the Lacedæmonians.</p>	<p>First tragic victory of Sophocles</p> <p>Death of Simonides, æt. 89</p> <p>Pindar. Pyth. IV. V.</p> <p>Pindar. Ol. XIII. VII.</p>
<p>Birth of Democritus, phil.—Birth of Hippocrates, phil.</p> <p>Gorgias, orat. fl. æt. 26</p> <p>Birth of Lysias the orator</p> <p>Herodotus, æt. 28, recites his history at the Olympic games</p> <p>Empedocles, phil. the inventor of Rhetoric according to Aristotle, fl.</p> <p>Socrates hears Parmenides in his early youth.</p>	<p>Revolt of Inarus.—The first year of the war in Egypt.</p> <p>Ezra returns from Babylon to Jerusalem.</p> <p>Battles in the Megarid between the Athenians and the Corinthians.—Battle of Tanagra.—The Spartans retire to Lacedæmon.</p> <p>Battle of Cænophyta.—Cimon recalled from exile.—The long walls of Athens completed.—Dictatorship of L. Q. Cincinnatus.</p> <p>Campaign of Tolmides.—Surrender of Ithome.—Egypt reduced by the Persians.—Surrender of Egina.</p> <p>Campaign of Pericles at Sicyon.—Expedition of Myronides into Thesaly.—Law of L. Icilius allotting the Aventine to the Commons.</p> <p>Cessation of hostilities obtained by Cimon.</p> <p>Commissioners sent to Greece to collect laws for Rome.</p>	<p>Pindar. Ol. VIII.</p> <p>Æschyli 'Ορεστεια'</p> <p>Panyasis put to death by Lygdamis</p> <p>Death of Æschylus, æt. 69</p> <p>Euripid. 'Peliades.'—He gains the third prize in tragedy.—Sophocles fl.</p> <p>Aristarchus, tragic poet, fl</p> <p>Pindar. Ol. IV. V.</p> <p>Ion of Chios begins to exhibit tragedy</p>



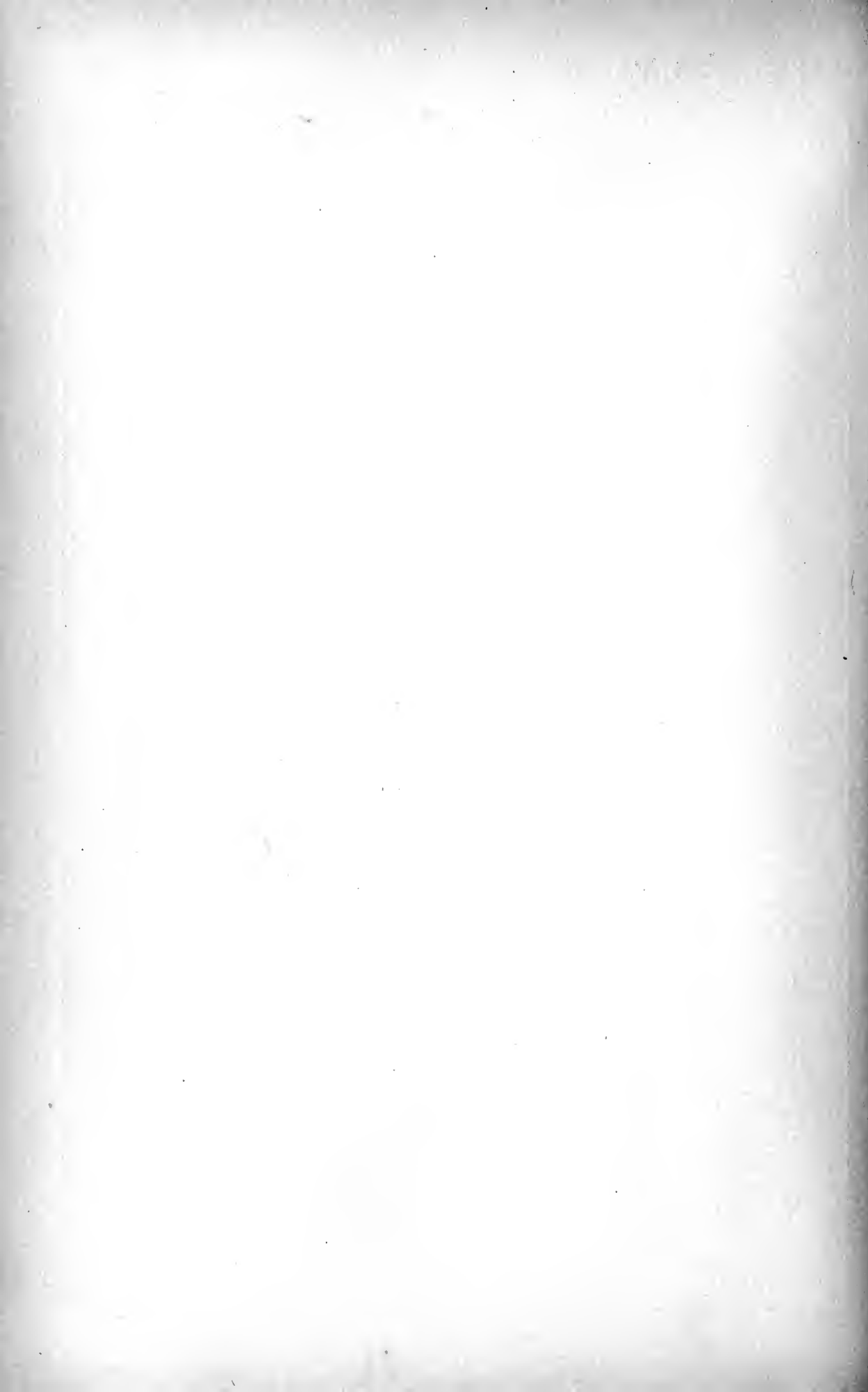
Jul. Period	Nabonassar	Y. of Rome	Olympiads	Ref. Christ	ATHENIAN ARCHONS	Agide Kings of Sparta Procliae	Kings of Macedon	KINGS OF PERSIA	Kings of Bosphorus	Typ. Syria
4264	299	304	3	450	Euthydemus	9 Pleistoanax Archidamus II. 21	5 Perdiccas II.	16 Artaxerxes Longimanus	31 Archaeanactidæ	17 Fir
4265	300	305	4	449	Pedieus	10	6	17	32	18 Fr
4266	301	306	83.1	448	Philiscus	11	7	18	33	19
4267	302	307	2	447	Timarchides	12	8	19	34	20
4268	303	308	3	446	Callimachus	13	9	20	35	21
4269	304	309	4	445	Lysimachides	14	10	21	36	22
4270	305	310	84.1	444	Praxiteles	15	11	22	37	23
4271	306	311	2	443	Lysanias	16	12	23	38	24
4272	307	312	3	442	Dyphilus	17	13	24	39	25
4273	308	313	4	441	Timocles	18	14	25	40	26
4274	309	314	85.1	440	Myrichides	19	15	26	41	27
4275	310	315	2	439	Glaucides	20	16	27	42	28
4276	311	316	3	438	Theodorus	21	17	28	1 Spartocus I	29
4277	312	317	4	437	Euthymenes	22	18	29	2	30
4278	313	318	86.1	436	Lysimachus	23	19	30	3	31
4279	314	319	2	435	Antiochides	24	20	31	4	32
4280	315	320	3	434	Chares	25	21	32	5	33
4281	316	321	4	433	Apseudes	26	22	33	6	34
4282	317	322	87.1	432	Pythodorus	27	23	34	7	35
4283	318	323	2	431	Euthydemus	28	24	35	1 Seleucus	36
4284	319	324	3	430	Apollodorus	29	25	36	2	37
4285	320	325	4	429	Epameinon	30	26	37	3	38
4286	321	326	88.1	428	Diotimus	31	27	38	4	39
4287	322	327	2	427	Euclides	32 Agis II. 1	28	39	1 * * *	40
4288	323	328	3	426	Euthynus	33	2	29	2	41
4289	324	329	4	425	Stratocles	34	3	30	3	42
4290	325	330	89.1	424	Isarchus	35	4	31	1 Xerxes II. 2 m. 1 Sogdianus 1 Darius Nothus	4
4291	326	331	2	423	Ameinias	36	5	32	4	43
4292	327	332	3	422	Alcæus	37	6	33	5	44
4293	328	333	4	421	Aristion	38	7	34	6	45
4294	329	334	90.1	420	Astyphilus	39	8	35	7	46
4295	330	335	2	419	Archias	40	9	36	8	47
4296	331	336	3	418	Antiphon	41	10	37	9	48
4297	332	337	4	417	Euphemus	42	11	38	10	49
4298	333	338	91.1	416	Arimnestus	43	12	39	11	50
4299	334	339	2	415	Chabrias	44	13	40	12	51
4300	335	340	3	414	Pisander	45	14	41	13	52
4301	336	341	4	413	Cleocritus	46	15	1 Archelaus	14 Amyrtæus the Saite	14
4302	337	342	92.1	412	Callias	47	16	2	2	15
4303	338	343	2	411	Theopompus	48	17	3	3	16
4304	339	344	3	410	Glaucippus	49	18	4	4	17
4305	340	345	4	409	Dioeles	50	19	5	5	18
4306	341	346	93.1	408	Euctemon	1 Pausani- as	20	6	6	19
4307	342	347	2	407	Antigenes	2	21	7	7	20
4308	343	348	3	406	Callias	3	22	8	8	1 Pausiris
4309	344	349	4	405	Alexias	4	23	9	9	2 Satyrus I
4310	345	350	94.1	404	Pythodorus	5	24	10	10	2
4311	346	351	2	403	Euclides	6	25	11	11	3
4312	347	352	3	402	Micon	7	26	12	12	4
4313	348	353	4	401	Xenænetus	8	27	13	13	5
									1 Artaxerxes Mnemon	6

HIST.—PHIL.—ORAT.	GRECIAN CHRONOLOGY	POETS—THE DRAMA
<p>Anaxagoras withdraws from Athens after a residence of thirty years; his pupils had been Archelaus, Euripides, and Pericles.—Archelaus, phil. fl.—Socrates taught by Archelaus</p> <p>Menedemus of Eretria, phil. fl.</p> <p>Melissus, the disciple of Parmenides and Heraclitus, fl.—Protagoras fl. Herodotus, æt. 41, went to Thurium—as did also Lysias in his 16th year</p> <p>Gorgias, orat. <i>περὶ φόνου</i></p>	<p>Five years' truce obtained by Cimon.</p> <p>Death of Cimon and victory of the Athenians at Salamis in Cyprus.—Institution of the Roman Decemvirate.—Laws of the ten, afterwards twelve Tables.</p> <p>Battle of Coronea, death of Tolmides.</p> <p>Overthrow of the Decemvirate.—L. Valerius and M. Horatius consuls.</p> <p>Revolt of Eubœa and Megara.—Pericles reduces Eubœa and invades Attica.—Thirty years' truce.</p> <p>Pericles begins to have the sole direction of affairs.</p> <p>The Athenians send a colony to Thurium, conducted by Lampon.</p>	<p>Crates the comic poet, and Bacchylides the lyric poet, flourished</p> <p>Euripides exhibits tragedy with Achaus and Sophocles</p> <p>Euripides gains the first prize in tragedy</p>
<p>Melissus the philosopher defends Samos against Pericles</p> <p>Phidias dedicates his statue of Minerva, made of ivory and gold, in the Parthenon</p> <p>Malachi the prophet fl.—Birth of Isocrates</p> <p>Prodicus, phil.—Zeno of Elea, phil. the inventor of logic, according to Aristotle, still living.—Empedocles, phil. still living</p> <p>Meton begins his 19 years' cycle of the moon from the new moon of June 27. Euctemon, astr. fl.—Death of Phidias</p> <p>Hippocrates flourished</p> <p>Birth of Plato</p> <p>Death of Anaxagoras the philosopher, æt. 72.</p> <p>Gorgias the orator is sent ambassador from Leontium to Athens</p>	<p>War between Samos and Miletus.—Samos invested by Pericles by land and by sea.—Institution of the Censorship at Rome.</p> <p>Surrender of Sames and conclusion of the war.</p> <p>Agnon leads a colony to Amphipolis.</p> <p>The Propylæa commenced.—Spurius Melius put to death at Rome for imputed conspiracy.</p> <p>Sea fight of the Corinthians and Corecyreans.—War of the Romans and Veintians.</p> <p>Warlike preparations of Corinth.</p> <p>Embassy from Corcyra to Athens.</p> <p>Sea fights off Corcyra.—Andocides the orator commands a fleet.—Congress at Lacedæmon.</p> <p>The Thebans attempt Plataea.—Peloponnesian war.—First invasion of Attica.—Alliance between Athens and Sitalces, King of Thrace.</p>	<p>Sophocles employed as a general in the Samian war.—Decree to prohibit Comedy</p> <p>Euripid, 'Alcetes'</p> <p>Prohibition of Comedy repealed</p> <p>Phrynichus the comic poet first exhibits</p> <p>Lysippus gains the prize in comedy</p> <p>Hermippus the comic poet prosecutes Aspasia.—Callias, comic poet, fl.</p> <p>Euripid, 'Medea' 'Dictys,' 'Philoctet.' Euphorion, son of Æschylus, gains</p>
<p>Xenophon at Delium.—Thucydides commands at Amphipolis</p> <p>Thucydides in exile, partly in Thrace. The History by Antiochus of Syracuse ends</p> <p>Protagoras the Sophist comes to Athens.—Melissus, phil. settles at Athens</p>	<p>Second invasion of Attica led by Archidamus.—Plague at Athens.—The History of the Old Testament ends about this time.</p> <p>Potidaea surrenders.—Siege of Plataea.—Naval actions in the Corinthian gulf.—Death of Pericles.—March of Sitalces against Perdiccas.</p> <p>Third invasion of Attica.—Revolt of all Lesbos except Methymnæ.—Mitylenæ besieged.</p> <p>Fourth invasion of Attica.—Lesbos recovered.—Expedition led by Nicias.—Surrender of Mitylenæ and Plataea.—Sedition at Corcyra.</p> <p>Action at Tanagra, defeat by Nicias, who ravages the coast of Locris.—The plague a second time at Athens.</p> <p>Eruption of Mount Etna, Thucyd. III. 116.—Fifth invasion of Attica.—Occupation of Pylos.—Sphaacteria surrendered to Cleon.</p> <p>Cythera taken by the Athenians.—Battle of Delium.—Amphipolis taken by Brasidas from Thucydides.—Death of Sitalces.</p> <p>Truce for a year.—Thespieæ destroyed by the Thebans.—The temple of Juno burnt at Argos.—Fidenæ finally taken by the Romans.</p> <p>The truce ended.—Phœax sent to Sicily by the Athenians.—Cleon and Brasidas slain.</p> <p>Fifty years' truce.—The 'peace of Nicias.'</p>	<p>the prize against Sophocles and Euripides.—Melanippides, poet, fl.</p> <p>Eupolis and Phrynichus the comic poets exhibit</p> <p>Euripid, 'Hippolyt.' exhibits with Ion and Ion.—Plato com. exhibits</p> <p>Aristoph. 'Datal.'—his first exhibition</p> <p>Aristoph. 'Babylon'</p> <p>Aristoph. 'Acharnæ.'—Cratinus gains the second prize in comedy</p> <p>Aristoph. 'Equit.'—Aristomenes the comic poet fl.</p> <p>Aristoph. 'Nub. I.'—Cratinus gains the first prize in comedy</p> <p>Aristoph. 'Vesp.' 'Nub. II.'—Leucon, com. fl.—Death of Cratinus</p> <p>Aristoph. 'Pax.' Eupolis the comic poet fl.</p>
<p>Andocides the orator is imprisoned on the mutilation of the Hermæ</p> <p>Antiphon the orator, and tutor of Thucydides, put to death.—Lysias,</p>	<p>Alcibiades effects a treaty between the Athenians and the Argives.</p> <p>Alcibiades in the Peloponnesus.—The Bœotians seize Heraclæa.</p> <p>Battle of Mantinea gained by King Agis.—The Quæstores Classicæ at Rome thrown open to the Commons.</p> <p>Revolution in Argos.</p> <p>Melos surrendered to the Athenians.—Contest between Alcibiades, Nicias, and Hyperbolus.</p> <p>Alcibiades sails with the Athenian fleet to Sicily.—Battle at Syracuse, Alcibiades recalled from Sicily.</p> <p>Second campaign in Sicily.—Siege of Syracuse.—Arrival of Gylippus.—Eurymedon sent with supplies from Athens.</p> <p>Sixth invasion of Attica.—Third campaign in Sicily.—Flight of the Athenian army.—Eclipse of the Moon.—Surrender of Nicias.</p> <p>Revolt of the allies.—Mission of Alcibiades to Asia.—First treaty of the Spartans with Persia.—Battle of Miletus.—Second treaty with Persia.</p> <p>Third treaty between Lacedæmon and Persia.—Constitution of the 400 framed by Antipho.—Revolution at Athens.</p>	<p>Pherecrates the comic poet fl.</p> <p>Ion of Chios the tragic poet, ob. before the exhibition of the <i>Εὐρηνη</i> of Aristophanes</p> <p>Agathon gains the tragic prize</p> <p>Euripid, 'Troades.' 'Alexandr.' 'Palamedes' 'Sisyph. satyr.'—Xenocles exhibits against Euripides.—Archippus, com. gains his single prize</p> <p>Aristoph. 'Amphiar.' 'Aves' Hegenonius Thasii 'Gigantomachia' Euripid, 'Helenæ' 'Andromeda.'</p> <p>Aristoph. 'Lysist.' 'Thesmoph.'</p>
<p>æt. 85, returns from Thurium to Athens</p> <p>Herodotus, æt. 75, still employed upon his history.—Plato, æt. 20, begins to hear Socrates</p> <p>Philistus, hist. fl.—Hellenicus the historian still living</p> <p>Andocides the orator in exile at Elis.—Lysias withdraws to Megara</p> <p>Thucydides returns from exile.—Lysias returns to Athens.</p> <p>Andocides resumes the conduct of affairs.—Archinus and Cephalus fl.</p> <p>Xenophon joins the expedition of Cyrus.—Ctesias, hist. fl. 401—384.</p>	<p>Mindarus slain by Alcibiades at Cyzicus.</p> <p>Thrasylus enters Lydia.—The Carthaginians enter Sicily and destroy Solinus and Himera, but are repulsed by Hermocrates.</p> <p>The Athenians move from Lampsacus.—Alcibiades takes Selymbria and Byzantium.</p> <p>Alcibiades returns to Athens.—Siege of Andros.—Defeat of Antiochus.—Alcibiades deposed.—Capture of Agrigentum by Dionysius.</p> <p>Sea fight of Arginusæ.—Condemnation of the generals.—Agrigentum taken by the Carthaginians.—Dionysius becomes master of Syracuse.</p> <p>Battle of Egospotami.—Defeat of Conon by Lysander.—Flight of Conon to Evagoras at Cyprus.</p> <p>Surrender of Athens to Lysander.—The thirty tyrants in power for eight months.—Death of Alcibiades.—Thrasylus occupies Phylæ.</p> <p>Death of Theramenes.—Thrasylus gains the ascendant.—Death of Critias, end of the tyranny.—The new alphabet in public acts at Athens.</p> <p>Siege of Veii by the Romans.</p> <p>Expedition of Cyrus.—Battle of Cunaxa.—Retreat of the Ten Thousand.—First year of the war of Lacedæmon and Elis.</p>	<p>Sophocles 'Philoctet.'</p> <p>Euripid, 'Orest.'—Aristoph. 'Plut. I.'</p> <p>Strattis the comic poet fl.—Sannyrio the comic poet fl.</p> <p>Death of Euripides, æt. 75.—Xenocles and Iophon son of Sophocles still liv.</p> <p>Death of Sophocles, æt. 90.—Aristoph. 'Ran.'—Antimachus, poet, fl.</p> <p>Birth of Antiphanes of the Middle Comedy</p> <p>The Ionian alphabet adopted</p> <p>Cephisodorus gains the prize in comedy</p> <p>Sophoc. 'Edip. Colon.'—Telestes gains a dithyrambic prize</p>



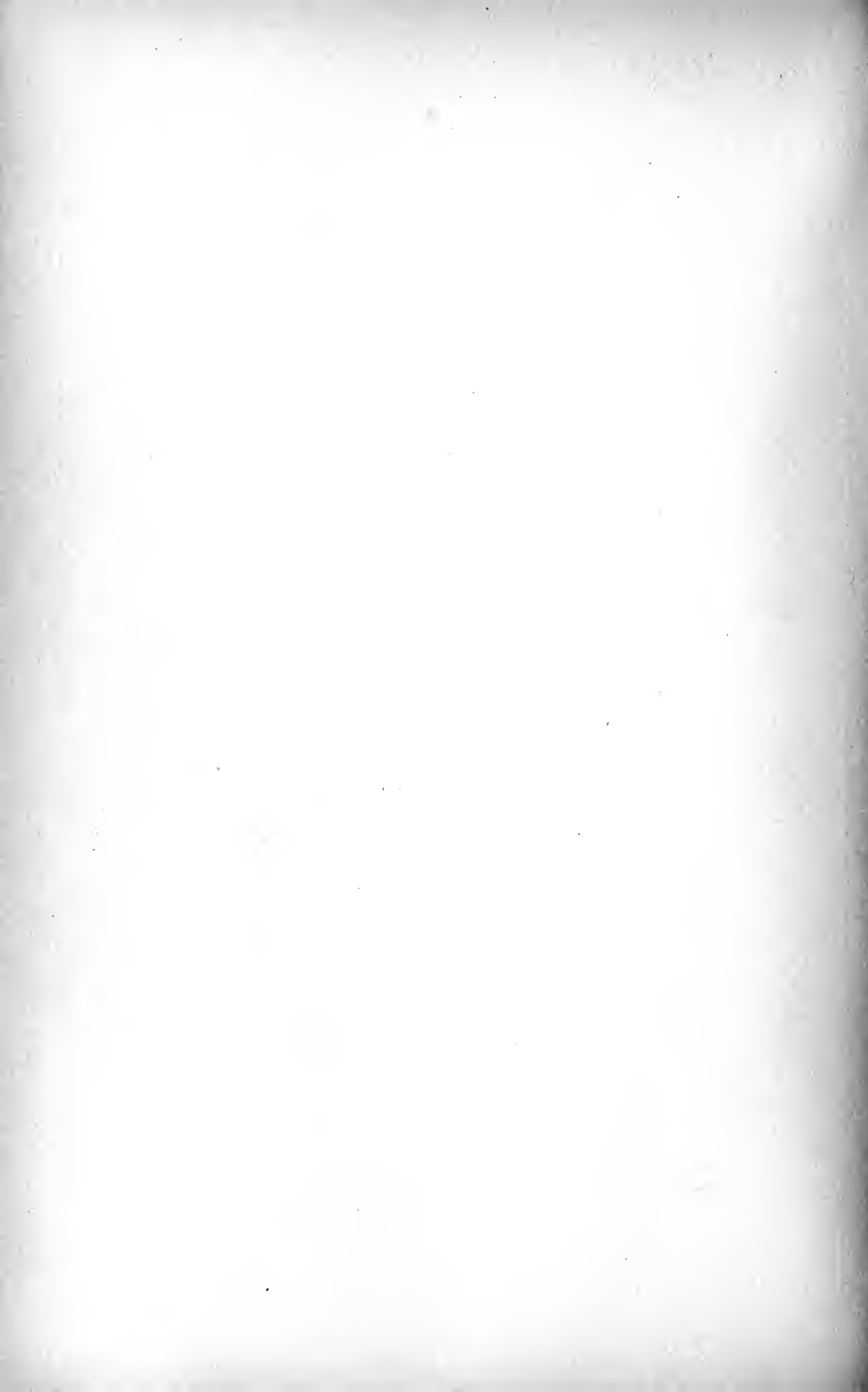
Jul. Period	Nabassar	Y. of Rome	Olympiads	Bef. Christ	ATHENIAN ARCHONS	Agidae Kings of Sparta	Proclidae Kings of Macedon	KINGS OF PERSIA	Kings of Egypt	Kings of Bosphorus	T. Sy.
4314	349	354	95.1	400	Laches	9 Pausanias Agis II.	14 Archelaus	6 Artaxerxes Mnemon	— Psammetichus	8 Satyrus I.	7 Di.
4315	350	355	2	399	Aristocrates	10 ——— 29	1 Orestes and Eropus	7 ———	———	9 ———	8 —
4316	351	356	3	398	Ithycles	11 Agesilaus II.	2 ———	8 ———	———	10 ———	9 —
4317	352	357	4	397	Suniades	12 ——— 2	3 ———	9 ———	———	11 ———	10 —
4318	353	358	96.1	396	Phormion	13 ——— 3	4 ———	10 ———	———	12 ———	11 —
4319	354	359	2	395	Diophantus	14 ——— 4	5 ———	11 ———	1 Nephereus	13 ———	12 —
4320	355	360	3	394	Eubulides	1 Agesipolis I.	5 ———	1 Pausanias	2 ———	14 ———	13 —
4321	356	361	4	393	Demostratus	2 ——— 6	1 Amyntas II.	13 ———	3 ———	1 Leucon	14 —
4322	357	362	97.1	392	Philocles	3 ——— 7	2 ———	14 ———	4 ———	2 ———	15 —
4323	358	363	2	391	Nicoteles	4 ——— 8	3 ———	15 ———	5 ———	3 ———	16 —
4324	359	364	3	390	Demostratus	5 ——— 9	4 ———	16 ———	6 ———	4 ———	17 —
4325	360	365	4	389	Antipater	6 ——— 10	5 ———	17 ———	1 Acoris	5 ———	18 —
4326	361	366	98.1	388	Pyrrhion	7 ——— 11	6 ———	18 ———	2 ———	6 ———	19 —
4327	362	367	2	387	Theodotus	8 ——— 12	7 ———	19 ———	3 ———	7 ———	20 —
4328	363	368	3	386	Mystichides	9 ——— 13	8 ———	20 ———	4 ———	8 ———	21 —
4329	364	369	4	385	Dexitheus	10 ——— 14	9 ———	21 ———	5 ———	9 ———	22 —
4330	365	370	99.1	384	Diotrephes	11 ——— 15	10 ———	22 ———	6 ———	10 ———	23 —
4331	366	371	2	383	Phanostratus	12 ——— 16	11 ———	23 ———	7 ———	11 ———	24 —
4332	367	372	3	382	Evander	13 ——— 17	12 ———	24 ———	8 ———	12 ———	25 —
4333	368	373	4	381	Demophilus	14 ——— 18	13 ———	25 ———	9 ———	13 ———	26 —
4334	369	374	100.1	380	Pytheas	1 Cleombrotus I.	19 ———	26 ———	10 ———	14 ———	27 —
4335	370	375	2	379	Nicon	2 ——— 20	15 ———	27 ———	11 ———	15 ———	28 —
4336	371	376	3	378	Nausimicus	3 ——— 21	16 ———	28 ———	12 ———	16 ———	29 —
4337	372	377	4	377	Callias	4 ——— 22	17 ———	29 ———	13 ———	17 ———	30 —
4338	373	378	101.1	376	Charisander	5 ——— 23	18 ———	30 ———	1 Psammuthis	18 ———	31 —
4339	374	379	2	375	Hippodamas	6 ——— 24	19 ———	31 ———	1 Nepherites	19 ———	32 —
4340	375	380	3	374	Socratides	7 ——— 25	20 ———	32 ———	2 Nectanebis I.	20 ———	33 —
4341	376	381	4	373	Asteius	8 ——— 26	21 ———	33 ———	3 ———	21 ———	34 —
4342	377	382	102.1	372	Alcisthenes	9 ——— 27	22 ———	34 ———	4 ———	22 ———	35 —
4343	378	383	2	371	Phrasiclides	1 Agesipolis II.	28 ———	35 ———	5 ———	23 ———	36 —
4344	379	384	3	370	Dyscinetus	1 Cleomenes II.	29 ———	36 ———	6 ———	24 ———	37 —
4345	380	385	4	369	Lysistratus	2 ——— 30	1 Alexander II.	37 ———	7 ———	25 ———	38 —
4346	381	386	103.1	368	Nausigenes	3 ——— 31	2 ———	38 ———	8 ———	26 ———	39 —
4347	382	387	2	367	Polyzelus	4 ——— 32	1 Ptolemy Alorites	39 ———	9 ———	27 ———	1 Di.
4348	383	388	3	366	Cephisodorus	5 ——— 33	2 ———	40 ———	10 ———	28 ———	2 Yo.
4349	384	389	4	365	Chion	6 ——— 34	3 ———	41 ———	11 ———	29 ———	3 —
4350	385	390	104.1	364	Timocrates	7 ——— 35	1 Perdiccas III.	42 ———	12 ———	30 ———	4 —
4351	386	391	2	363	Chariclides	8 ——— 36	2 ———	43 ———	1 Tachos	31 ———	5 —
4352	387	392	3	362	Molon	9 ——— 37	3 ———	44 ———	2 ———	32 ———	6 —
4353	388	393	4	361	Nicophemus	10 Archidamus III.	1 ———	45 ———	1 Nectanebis II.	33 ———	7 —
4354	389	394	105.1	360	Callimedes	11 ——— 2	5 ———	46 ———	2 ———	34 ———	8 —
4355	390	395	2	359	Eucharistus	12 ——— 3	1 Philip II.	1 Ochus	3 ———	35 ———	9 —
4356	391	396	3	358	Cephisodotus	13 ——— 4	2 ———	2 ———	4 ———	36 ———	10 —
4357	392	397	4	357	Agathocles	14 ——— 5	3 ———	3 ———	5 ———	37 ———	11 —
4358	393	398	106.1	356	Elpines	15 ——— 6	4 ———	4 ———	6 ———	38 ———	1 Di.
4359	394	399	2	355	Callistratus	16 ——— 7	5 ———	5 ———	7 ———	39 ———	2 —
4360	395	400	3	354	Diotimus	17 ——— 8	6 ———	6 ———	8 ———	40 ———	3 —
4361	396	401	4	353	Eudemus	18 ——— 9	7 ———	7 ———	9 ———	1 Spartocus II.	1 Ca.
4362	397	402	107.1	352	Aristodemus	19 ——— 10	8 ———	8 ———	10 ———	2 ———	1 Hi.
4363	398	403	2	351	Thessalus	20 ——— 11	9 ———	9 ———	11 ———	3 ———	2 —

HIST.—PHIL.—ORAT.	GRECIAN CHRONOLOGY	POETS—THE DRAMA
<p>Andocides 'de Myster.'</p> <p>Death of Socrates, æt. 69.—Plato withdraws to Megara</p> <p>Ctesias' Persian History terminates</p>	<p>Return of the Ten Thousand.—The Cyreans enter the service of Seuthes, a prince of Thrace.</p> <p>Thimbron commands in Asia.—The Cyreans are transferred to his army.—Dercyllidas supercedes Thimbron.</p> <p>Dercyllidas makes a truce with Pharnabazus.—He passes into the Chersonese, returns to Asia, and besieges Atarnæ.</p> <p>Dercyllidas invades Caria.—He meets Pharnabazus and Tissaphernes in the vale of Mæander, and concludes an armistice with the latter.</p> <p>Agésilau passes from Aulis to Ephesus.—His first campaign in Asia.—Truce with Tissaphernes.</p>	<p>Death of Chærilus of Samos at the court of Archelaus, circa</p> <p>Meletus the tragic poet is the accuser of Socrates</p> <p>Astydamas first exhibits tragedy.—Philo-xenus, Timotheus, and Teles-tes, poets, fl.</p>
<p>Zeuxis the painter flourished</p> <p>Birth of Xenocrates, phil.—Parrhasius the painter flourished</p> <p>Plato, æt. 34, serves in the battle of Corinth.—He returns to Athens</p> <p>Lysias 'pro Mantitheo.'—Xenophon withdraws to Scillus</p>	<p>Agésilau passes from Aulis to Ephesus.—His first campaign in Asia.—Truce with Tissaphernes.</p> <p>Second campaign.—Victory near Sardis.—Tissaphernes superseeded by Tithraustes.—Mission of Timocrates into Greece.—Lysander slain.</p> <p>Agésilau recalled from Asia.—Battle of Corinth.—Naval defeat and death of Pisander, near Cnidus.—Victory of Agésilau near Coronea.</p> <p>Sedition at Corinth and battle of Lechaum.—Pharnabazus with Conon ravages the coasts.—The long walls of Athens restored by Conon.</p> <p>Agésilau takes the Piræus of Corinth.—His troops defeated on their return by the tactics of Iphicrates, then new to the Greeks.</p> <p>Expedition of Agésilau into Acarnania.—Diphridas restores the Lacedæmonian affairs in Asia.</p>	<p>Sophocles, jun., the grandson of the painter the elder, first exhibited</p> <p>Philyllius, comic poet, fl.</p> <p>Xenarchus, mimograph, flourished at the court of Dionysius</p> <p>Aristoph. 'Eccles.'</p> <p>Plato the comic poet still exhibits</p>
<p>Andocides 'de Pace.'—He is banished and dies in exile</p>	<p>Expedition of Agésilau into Argolis.—Capture of ten Athenian ships by Teleutias.—Thrasylbulus slain at Aspendus.</p> <p>Agryrhilus is sent as successor to Thrasylbulus at Aspendus, and Iphicrates to the Hellespont.</p> <p>Antalcidas releases Nicholochus, whom he finds blocked up at Abydos by Iphicrates and Diotimus.—Rome burnt by the Gauls.</p> <p>Peace of Antalcidas, Corinth and Argos separated, and the cities of Bœotia emancipated; Cyprus and Evagorus excluded.</p> <p>Restoration of Plataea in consequence of the measures of Agésilau with the Thebans.</p> <p>Siege of Mantinea by Agésilau.—Great sea fight between Evagoras and the Persians.—The Persian and Cyprian war, ten years.</p>	<p>Aristoph. 'Plut. II.'—Nicophon and Nicchares the comic poets contend with Aristophanes</p> <p>Alcæus the comic poet fl.</p>
<p>Birth of Æschines.—Plato visits Sicily.</p> <p>Lysias 'Olymp.' 'pro Aristoph.'</p>	<p>First campaign of the Olynthian war.—Phæbidas seizes the Cadmea.—Teleutias marches to Olynthus.</p> <p>Second campaign of the Olynthian war.—Teleutias slain.</p>	<p>Antiphanes begins to exhibit the Middle Comedy</p>
<p>Androtion the orator engages in public affairs</p> <p>Birth of Aristotle.—Lysias 'in Theomnest.'</p>	<p>Third campaign of the Olynthian war.—Death of Agésilau.—Polybiades succeeds Agésilau.—Evagoras in Cyprus is pressed by the Persians.</p> <p>Polybiades finishes the Olynthian war.—Philius surrendered to Agésilau.—The Cadmea is recovered by the Theban exiles.</p> <p>Cleombrotus marches into Bœotia in the winter.—Attempt of Sphodrias upon the Piræus at Athens.—Expedition of Agésilau in Bœotia.</p> <p>Second campaign of Agésilau in Bœotia.</p>	<p>Death of Philoxenus the poet</p>
<p>Birth of Demosthenes</p> <p>Democritus the philosopher continues his travels till his 80th year</p>	<p>Third campaign, Cleombrotus in Bœotia.—Pollis defeated by Chabrias off Naxos.—Tenth and last year of the Persian and Cyprian war.</p> <p>The Lacedæmonians send Cleombrotus against the Thebans in Phocis.—Polydamis of Thessaly comes to Sparta.</p> <p>The Athenians jealous of the Thebans.—Timotheus returning from Corcyra lands the exiles at Zacynthus.—Death of Evagoras.</p> <p>Timotheus appointed to oppose Mnasippus, is superseeded by Iphicrates.—He arrives at Corcyra, but Mnasippus is already slain.</p> <p>Timotheus passes over to Asia, May.—Iphicrates continues in command of a fleet in the Ionian sea.</p> <p>Congress at Sparta.—Thebes excluded from the treaty.—Battle of Leuctra and defeat of the Lacedæmonians.—Megalopolis founded.</p>	<p>Anaxandrides of the Middle Comedy gains his first prize</p> <p>Eubulus, and Araros the son of Aristophanes, poets of the Middle Comedy, exhibit</p>
<p>Isocrat. 'Panegyrica'</p> <p>Cephalus the orator moves the decree for assisting the Theban exiles</p> <p>Death of Lysias, æt. 80</p>	<p>Agésilau is sent into Arcadia.—Jason of Phæra slain.</p>	<p>Astydamos, the younger, gains the prize in tragedy</p>
<p>Demosthenes left an orphan in his seventh year</p>	<p>First invasion of Laconia.—The Thebans arrive at Mantinea in mid-winter.—Restoration of the Messenians.—Sparta aided by Athens.</p> <p>The Thebans enter Peloponnesus.—Congress at Delphi on the part of Persia to negotiate a peace.</p> <p>The 'tearless battle' gained by Archidamus.—Embassy of Pelopidas to Persia.—Death of Dionysius the elder.</p> <p>Expedition of Epaminondas into Achaia.—Seizure of Oropus.—Alliance between Athens and Arcadia.—Peace between Corinth, Philius, and Thebes.</p> <p>War of Arcadia and Elis, first campaign.</p> <p>Second campaign between Arcadia and Elis.—Arcadians and Pisæans preside at the Olympic games.—Archidamus invades Arcadia.—Battle of Olympia, at the time of the games.</p>	<p>Aphareus, the nephew of Isocrates, begins to exhibit tragedy</p> <p>Dionysius tyrannus gains the tragic prize with the <i>ἄλτρα Ἐκτορος</i></p>
<p>Isocrat. 'Plataïca.'—Xenophon fl.</p> <p>Callistratus the orator, and Iphicrates proscute Timotheus</p> <p>Leodamas.—Aristophon.—Thrasylbulus.—Diophantus, orators, fl.</p> <p>Callistratus and Melanopus the orators are present at the congress at Sparta</p>	<p>Fourth expedition of Epaminondas into Peloponnesus.—Battle of Mantinea, and death of Epaminondas.—Agésilau in Egypt.</p> <p>General pacification, in which Messenia is included; the Lacedæmonians not consenting.</p>	<p>Polyzelus, comic poet, fl.</p>
<p>Eudoxus, phil. fl.</p> <p>Aristotle, æt. 17, came to Athens</p>	<p>Timotheus repulsed at Amphipolis by the Olynthians.</p> <p>Accession of Philip.—He defeats Argæus at Methone, makes peace with the Athenians, reduces Pæonia, and subdues the Illyrians.</p> <p>Amphipolis taken by Philip.—Athenian expedition into Eubæa, undertaken at the instance of Timotheus against the Thebans.</p> <p>The Social war.—Siege of Chios by Chares and Chabrias.—Death of Chabrias.—The Phocians seize Delphi.—Dion lands in Sicily.</p> <p>Birth of Alexander the Great.—Social war, second campaign.—Siege of Samos.—Dionysius expelled from Syracuse.</p> <p>Third campaign.—Chares sent to the relief of Samos, but sails for the Hellespont.—Peace with the confederates promoted by Eubulus.</p> <p>Trial of Iphicrates and Timotheus, acquittal of the former and condemnation of the latter, who is fined 100 talents.</p> <p>Death of Dion of Syracuse.—Philip seizes upon Pagasæ and besieges Methone.</p> <p>Ononarchus defeated by Philip.—Lycophron surrenders Phæra.—Philip is prevented passing Pyle.—War of Lacedæmon and Megalopolis.</p> <p>The Sidonians, besieged by the Persians, burn their city.</p>	<p>Death of Timotheus, æt. 97, according to Suidas</p> <p>Alexis of the Middle Comedy satirizes Plato.—Nossis, epigr. poet, fl.</p>
<p>Isocrat. 'Archidamus'</p> <p>Anaximenes, hist.—Antisthenes, phil. and Aristippus, phil. fl.</p> <p>Isæi 'Philoct.'—Demosth. 'Aphob.'</p> <p>Praxiteles the sculptor flourished</p>	<p>History of Theopompus commences.</p> <p>Isæi 'περι τοῦ Ἀγνίου κληῖρου</p> <p>Death of Xenophon.</p> <p>Isæi 'ὑπερ Εὐμβοῦς.'</p>	<p>Democritus, ob. æt. 104, and Hippocrates, æt. 104.—Demophilus, hist. fl.</p> <p>Isocrat. 'de Pace.'—Philistus the historian slain by the Syracusans</p> <p>Isocrates or Aphareus 'in Megacledem.'—Demosth. 'in Leptinem.'</p> <p>Demosth. 'de Classibus.'—Aristophon the orator prosecutes Timotheus</p> <p>Isocrat. 'de Pernat. Areopagit.'—Demosth. 'pro Megalopol.'</p> <p>Demosth. 'Philipp. I.'—Cydius, orat. fl.</p> <p>Demosth. 'pro Rhodiis'</p>

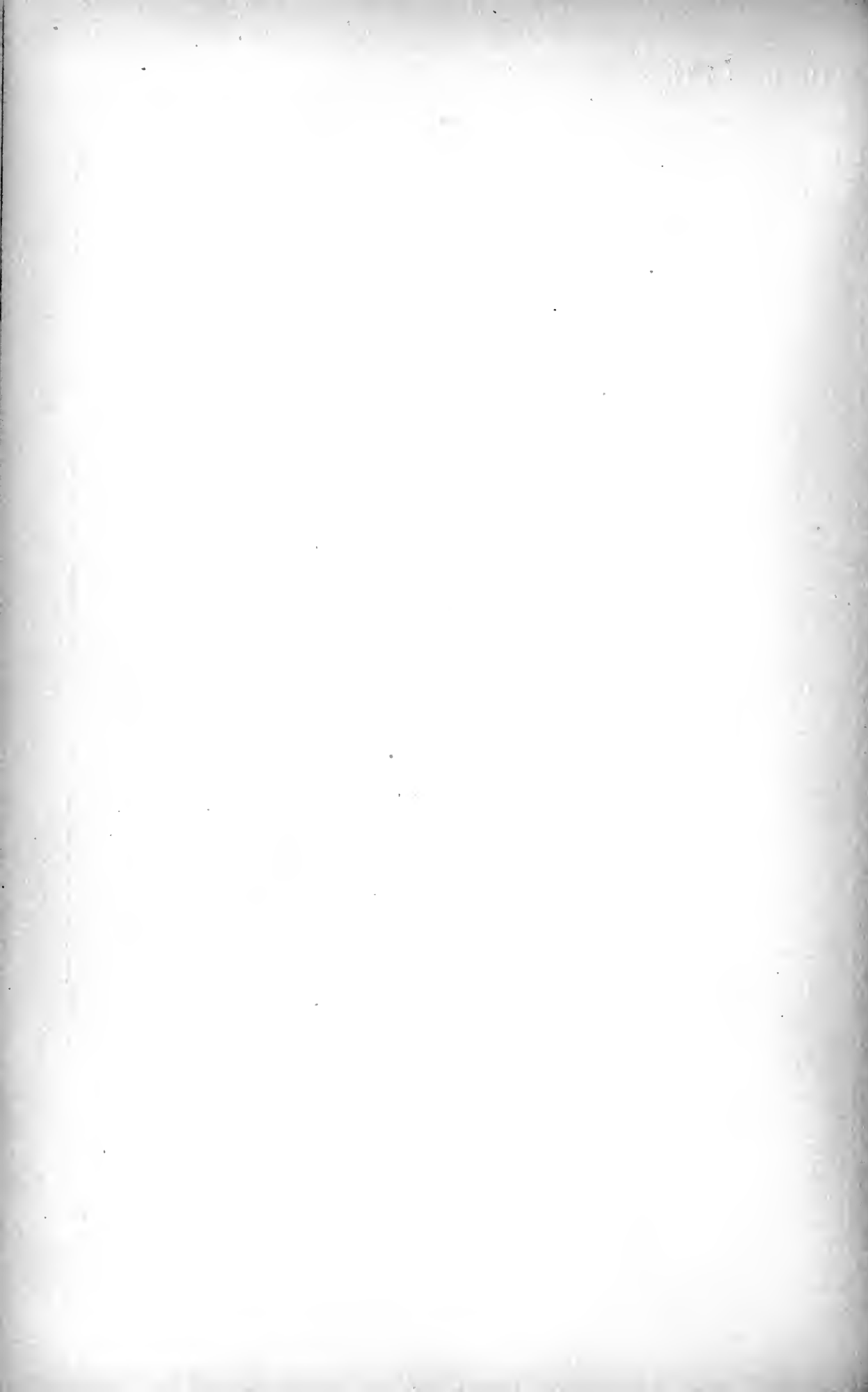


Jul. Period	Nabonassar	Y. of Rome	Olympiads	Ref. Christ	ATHENIAN ARCHONS	Kings of Sparta		Kings of Macedonia	KINGS OF PERSIA			Kings of Egypt	Kings of Bosphorus
						Agidae	Proclidae						
4364	399	404	3	350	Apollodorus	21	Cleomen. Archidamus III	10 Philip II.	10 Ochus	—	—	Conquered by Ochus	4 Spartocus II.
4365	400	405	4	349	Callimachus	22	13	11	11	—	—	—	5
4366	401	406	108.1	348	Theophilus	23	14	12	12	—	—	—	1 Parysades
4367	402	407	2	347	Themistocles	24	15	13	13	—	—	—	2
4368	403	408	3	346	Archias	25	16	14	14	—	—	—	3
4369	404	409	4	345	Eubulus	26	17	15	15	—	—	—	4
4370	405	410	109.1	344	Lysiscus	27	18	16	16	—	—	—	5
4371	406	411	2	343	Pythodotus	28	19	17	17	—	—	—	6
4372	407	412	3	342	Sosigines	29	20	18	18	—	—	—	7
4373	408	413	4	341	Nicomachus	30	21	19	19	—	—	—	8
4374	409	414	110.1	340	Theophrastus	31	22	20	20	—	—	—	9
4375	410	415	2	339	Lysimachides	32	23	21	21	—	—	—	10
4376	411	416	3	338	Chæronidas	33	Agis III. 1	22	1 Arses	—	—	—	11
4377	412	417	4	337	Phrynichus	34	2	23	2	—	—	—	12
4378	413	418	111.1	336	Pythodemus	35	3	1 Alexander the Great	1 Darius Codomanus	—	—	—	13
4379	414	419	2	335	Euænetus	36	4	2	2	—	—	—	14
4380	415	420	3	334	Ctesicles	37	5	3	3	—	—	—	15
4381	416	421	4	333	Nicocrates	38	6	4	4	—	—	—	16
4382	417	422	112.1	332	Nicetes	39	7	5	5	—	—	—	17
4383	418	423	2	331	Aristophanes	40	8	6	DARIUS CONQUERED BY ALEXANDER			18	
4384	419	424	3	330	Aristophon	41	Eudamidas I.	7	—	—	—	—	19
4385	420	425	4	329	Cephisophon	42	—	8	—	—	—	—	20
4386	421	426	113.1	328	Euthycritus	43	—	9	—	—	—	—	21
4387	422	427	2	327	Hegemon	44	—	10	—	—	—	—	22
4388	423	428	3	326	Chremes	45	—	11	—	—	—	—	23
4389	424	429	4	325	Anticles	46	—	12	—	—	—	—	24
4390	425	430	114.1	324	Hegesias	47	—	13 THRACE	ASIA	SYRIA	EGYPT	—	25
4391	426	431	2	323	Cephisodorus	48	—	1 Philip III. Lysimachus 2	—	—	1 Ptolemy Soter	—	26
4392	427	432	3	322	Philocles	49	—	2	—	—	2	—	27
4393	428	433	4	321	Archippus	50	—	3	3	—	3	—	28
4394	429	434	115.1	320	Nææchmus	51	—	4	4	—	4	—	29
4395	430	435	2	319	Apollodorus	52	—	5	5	—	5	—	30
4396	431	436	3	318	Archippus	53	—	6	6	1 Antigonus	6	—	31
4397	432	437	4	317	Demogenes	54	—	7	7	2	7	—	32
4398	433	438	116.1	316	Democles	55	—	1 Olympias and 2 Cassander	8	3	8	—	33
4399	434	439	2	315	Praxibulus	56	—	9	4	—	9	—	34
4400	435	440	3	314	Nicodorus	57	—	3	10	5	10	—	35
4401	436	441	4	313	Theophrastus	58	—	4	11	6	11	—	36
4402	437	442	117.1	312	Polemon	59	—	5	12	7	1 Seleucus Nicator	12	37
4403	438	443	2	311	Simonides	60	—	6	13	8	2	13	38
4404	439	444	3	310	Hieronnemon	61	—	7	14	9	3	—	1 Satyrus II.
4405	440	445	4	309	Demetrius	1	Arens I.	8	15	10	4	—	1 Prynianis 1 Eumelus
4406	441	446	118.1	308	Charinus	2	—	9	16	11	5	—	2
4407	442	447	2	307	Anaxicrates	3	—	10	17	12	6	—	3
4408	443	448	3	306	Coræbus	4	—	11	18	13	7	—	4
4409	444	449	4	305	Euxenippus	5	—	12	19	14	8	—	5
4410	445	450	119.1	304	Pherecles	6	—	13	20	15	9	—	1 Spartocus III.
4411	446	451	2	303	Leostratus	7	—	14	21	16	10	—	2
4412	447	452	3	302	Nicoles	8	—	15	22	17	11	—	3
4413	448	453	4	301	Calliarchus	9	—	16	23	1 Demetrius Poliorcetes	12	—	4

HIST.—PHIL.—ORAT.	GRECIAN CHRONOLOGY	POETS—THE DRAMA
<p>Demosth. 'in Bœot.' pro 'Phormione'</p> <p>Demosth. 'Olynthiaca.'—Eubulus the orator is opposed to Demosthenes</p> <p>Demosth. 'Midiāna.'—The great influence of Eubulus is felt by his rival</p> <p>Death of Plato, æt. 82; Speusippus succeeds in the Academy—Aristotle goes to Atarnæ</p> <p>Isocrat. 'Philipp.' Demosth. 'de Pace' Æschin. 'Timarch.'</p>	<p>Expedition of Phocion into Eubœa.—He gains the battle of Tamynæ against Callias and Taurosthenes.—Egypt conquered by Ochus.</p> <p>The Olynthian war.—First embassy to Athens.—Their prayer being supported by Demosthenes, Chares is sent with 2,000 mercenaries.</p> <p>Second year and second embassy.—Charidemus sent with 400 peltasts, and 150 horse.—On a third embassy 2,000 Athenian citizens pass over.</p> <p>Olynthus taken by Philip, with Apollonia and 32 towns of Chalcidice and Thrace.—The Olympia are celebrated at Diium.</p> <p>Peace between Philip and the Athenians.—The Phocion or Sacred war ended, after a duration of ten years.</p>	<p>Demosthenes χορηγός at the Dionysia of the archon Thessalus</p> <p>Heraclides of the Middle Comedy fl.</p> <p>Anaxandrides of the Middle Comedy exhibits at the Olympia at Diium</p>
<p>Demosth. 'Philipp. II.'—Aristotle leaves Atarnæ for Mytilenê</p> <p>Demosth. et Æschin. 'Fals. Leg.'—Æschines is assisted by Eubulus</p> <p>Aristotle comes to the court of Philip.</p> <p>Demosth. 'de Chersoneso'</p> <p>Birth of 'Epicurus.—Demosth. 'Philip III.'—Aristophon Colytensis fl.</p>	<p>Expedition of Timoleon.—He gains Syracuse.</p> <p>Conquest of Syracuse completed.—Expedition into Acarnania.—Demosthenes contracts Philip in Ambracia and Peloponnesus.</p> <p>Expeditions of Philip into Thrace and Scythia.—Diopithes, the father of Menander, stationed at the Hellespont.—First Samnite war.</p> <p>Philip winters in Thrace.</p>	<p>Birth of Menander, one of the six standards of the New Comedy, and nephew of Alexis</p> <p>Aphareus, trag. exhibits till this year</p> <p>Epigenes of the Middle Comedy fl.</p>
<p>Isocr. 'Panath.'—Ephorus, hist. Hegesippus, Philocrates, Cephisophon, fl.</p> <p>Demosth. 'Epist. ad Philipp.'—Death of Speusippus, Xenocrates succeeds</p> <p>Death of Isocrates, æt. 98.—Diylilus, hist.—Anaxarchus, phil. fl.</p> <p>Lycurg. 'in Lysiclem. in Autolycum.'—Lycurgus presides in the Treasury</p> <p>Dinarchus, æt. 26, begins to compose orations</p>	<p>Selymbria blockaded by Philip.—Embassy to Persia at the instance of Demosthenes, and Persian aid obtained.—Peace with Samnium.</p> <p>The sieges of Perinthus and Byzantium raised.—Timoleon defeats the Carthaginians at the river Crimesus.—Rome and Latium at war.</p> <p>Philip general of the Amphictyons.—Decree of Demosthenes for alliance with Thebes.—Battle of Chæronea.—Archidamus slain in Italy.</p> <p>Congress of the Amphictyonic states at Corinth.—War proclaimed against Persia.—Death of Timoleon.—End of the Latin war.</p> <p>Philip is assassinated by Pausanias at Ægæ, and succeeded by Alexander.</p>	<p>Epigenes of the Middle Comedy fl.</p> <p>Lycurgus the orator restores the credit of the comic exhibitions at the Lœnæan festival, and enacts honours for the three great tragic poets</p> <p>Philippides, one of the six standards of the New Comedy, fl.</p>
<p>Demosthenes and Lycurgus the orators are demanded by Alexander</p> <p>Aristotle comes to Athens.—Pyrrho, phil. the disciple of Anaxarchus, fl.</p> <p>Demosth. 'in Theocrinem.'—Ephorus the historian still living</p> <p>Demosth. 'in Phormionem.'—Apelles, the painter, flourished</p> <p>Lycurg. (Demosth.) 'in Aristogit.'—Zoilus the critic fl.</p>	<p>Alexander engages the Triballi and the Illyrians.—Revolt of the Thebans on the reported death of Alexander.—Thebes destroyed.</p> <p>Alexander passes the Hellespont.—First campaign in Asia.—Battle of the Granicus.—Capture of Halicarnassus and conquest of Caria.</p> <p>Second campaign.—Alexander reduces Lycia.—Battle of Issus and capture of the family of Darius.—Damasus taken by Parmenio.</p> <p>Third campaign.—Fall of Tyre after seven months' siege.—Alexandria founded.—Alexander marches to the oracle of Ammon.</p> <p>Fourth campaign.—Battle of Arbela.—Flight of Darius.—Alexander takes Babylon, Susa, and Persopolis.—Agis slain by Antipater.</p>	<p>Theodectes the tragic poet died, circa</p> <p>Stephanus of the Middle Comedy, son of Antiphanes, fl.</p>
<p>Lycurg. 'in Leocr.'—Demosth. 'de Corona.'—Æschin. 'in Ctesiphont.'—Demosth. 'in Dionysodor.'—Calippus, astron. fl.</p> <p>Crates the Cynic fl.—Death of Callisthenes the historian</p>	<p>Fifth campaign.—Darius slain, July, æt. 50.—Alexander reduces the regions round the Caspian.—Bessus taken and delivered to the enemy.</p> <p>Sixth campaign.—Alexander passes the Oxus.—He founds Alexandria on the Tanais.—Passes the Tanais and engages the Scythians.</p> <p>Seventh campaign.—Subjugation of Sogdiana.—Alexander goes into winter quarters at Nautaca.</p>	<p>Philemon, one of the six standards of the New Comedy, began to exhibit.—Death of Antiphanes of the Middle Comedy, æt. 74</p>
<p>Demadis ὑπὲρ τῆς δωδεκαετίας—Onesicritus, pilot of Alexander's ship</p> <p>Demetrius Phalereus the orator begins to appear in public affairs</p> <p>Lysippus the sculptor flourished.—Dinarch. 'de Harpal.'</p> <p>Demosthenes in exile.—Death of Lycurgus and of Diogenes the Cynic</p> <p>Death of Demosthenes, Hyperides, and of Aristotle, who is succeeded by Theophrastus</p> <p>Dinarchus the orator flourished at</p>	<p>Eighth campaign.—Early in the spring, Roxana is captured.—The winter is passed between the Copen and the Indus.</p> <p>Ninth campaign.—Alexander at Taxila in the spring.—Defeat of Porus. Alexander at the Hyphasis at midsummer.—Second Samnite war.</p> <p>Tenth campaign.—Alexander reaches the mouth of the Indus, Aug. and Pura in Oct.—Nearchus proceeds on his voyage.</p> <p>Eleventh campaign.—Alexander and Nearchus meet at Susiana.—Proclamation for the exiles.—Death of Hephestion.—Cossæan war.</p> <p>Alexander enters Babylon in the spring.—Death of Alexander at Babylon, May or June.—The Lamian war.</p> <p>Craterus comes from Asia to the aid of Antipater.—Battle of Cranon—a Macedonian garrison enters Munychia.—War in Etolia.</p> <p>Victory of Eumenes and death of Craterus.—Death of Perdicas.—The Romans defeated by the Samnites at the Furæ Caudina.</p>	<p>Apollodorus of Gela, also one of the six standards of the New Comedy, flourished about this time</p> <p>Timocles of the New Comedy exhibits</p> <p>Menandri 'Οργή—his first prize</p>
<p>Athens.</p> <p>Hieronymus, hist. negotiates between Eumenes and Antigonus.—Demades the orator is put to death</p> <p>Hegemon and Pythocles, the orators, are put to death with Phocion</p> <p>Death of Xenocrates, æt. 81.—Polemo succeeds in the Academy.—Cranor, phil. fl.</p> <p>Death of Æschines, æt. 75</p>	<p>C. Pontius, the Samnite general, refuses to receive the hostage consuls sent by the Roman Senate.</p> <p>Eumenes retires to Nora, where he is blockaded by Antigonus.—Recovery of Satricum by the Romans under the consul Papirius.</p> <p>Death of Antipater.—Cassander escapes from Macedon to concert measures with Ptolemy and Antigonus against Polysperchon.</p> <p>Death of Phocion.—Philip Aridaeus put to death by Olympias.—Sicily usurped by Agathocles.—Demetrius Phalereus governs Athens.</p> <p>Campaign of Antigonus against Eumenes in Upper Asia.—Cassander besieges Olympias at Pydna.</p> <p>War renewed between Antigonus and Eumenes.—Olympias captured and put to death by Cassander.—Cassander rebuilds Thebes.—Battle of Lautulæ, the dictator Fabius Maximus totally defeated by the Samnites.</p>	<p>Diphilus, one of the six standards of the New Comedy, fl.</p>
<p>Demetrius Poliorcetes defeated at Gaza by Ptolemy and Seleucus.—Seleucus takes possession of Babylon.—Commencement of the Era of the Seleucidæ.</p> <p>The Etruscan war with the Romans</p>	<p>Battle of Himera.—Agathocles defeated.—He lands in Africa at the time of an eclipse of the sun.</p> <p>The Romans under the dictator Papirius gain a decided victory over the samnites.</p> <p>Short war of the Romans under the consul Fabius with the Umbrians.</p>	<p>Alexis of the Middle Comedy still living</p>
<p>Epicurus began to teach at Mytilenê and Lampsacus</p> <p>Marsyas of Pella, the half-brother of Antigonus, hist. fl.</p> <p>Lycurgus the orator is honoured with a statue.—Dinarchus, orat. in exile</p> <p>Stilpo, phil. at the capture of Megara.</p> <p>Epicurus teaches at Athens.—Philochorus, hist. fl.</p> <p>Theopompus the historian still living</p> <p>Protogenes the painter flourished</p>	<p>Demetrius Poliorcetes approaches the Piræus in June.—He besieges Munychia, and occupies Megara.—Agathocles leaves Africa.</p> <p>Naval victory of Demetrius over Ptolemy.—Antigonus, Lysimachus, Seleucus, and Ptolemy assume the title of Kings.</p> <p>The restoration of Thebes accomplished.—Bovianum taken by the Romans, and Statius Gallus the Samnite general captured.</p> <p>Siege of Rhodes by Demetrius Poliorcetes.—The Samnites submit to the consul Sulpicius and become subject to Rome.</p> <p>Siege of Rhodes terminated.—Peace with the Rhodians.—Demetrius Poliorcetes sails to Greece to oppose Cassander.</p> <p>Campaign against Cassander.—Antigonus opposes Lysimachus in Capadocia.—Seleucus approaches from Upper Asia.</p> <p>The three kings, having wintered in Asia, engage at Ipsus in Phrygia.</p> <p>Antigonus falls, æt. 81.—Flight of Demetrius.</p>	<p>Anaxippus of the New Comedy fl.</p> <p>Archedicus of the New Comedy fl.</p> <p>Philippides of the New Comedy is intimate with Lysimachus</p>
<p>Demochares, orat. nephew of Demosthenes, is banished by the party of Stratocles</p> <p>Hieronymus of Cardia, hist. fl.</p>	<p>Antigonus approaches the Piræus in June.—He besieges Munychia, and occupies Megara.—Agathocles leaves Africa.</p> <p>Naval victory of Demetrius over Ptolemy.—Antigonus, Lysimachus, Seleucus, and Ptolemy assume the title of Kings.</p> <p>The restoration of Thebes accomplished.—Bovianum taken by the Romans, and Statius Gallus the Samnite general captured.</p> <p>Siege of Rhodes by Demetrius Poliorcetes.—The Samnites submit to the consul Sulpicius and become subject to Rome.</p> <p>Siege of Rhodes terminated.—Peace with the Rhodians.—Demetrius Poliorcetes sails to Greece to oppose Cassander.</p> <p>Campaign against Cassander.—Antigonus opposes Lysimachus in Capadocia.—Seleucus approaches from Upper Asia.</p> <p>The three kings, having wintered in Asia, engage at Ipsus in Phrygia.</p> <p>Antigonus falls, æt. 81.—Flight of Demetrius.</p>	<p>Anaxippus of the New Comedy fl.</p> <p>Archedicus of the New Comedy fl.</p> <p>Philippides of the New Comedy is intimate with Lysimachus</p>



of the Jews	HISTORIANS, ETC.	GREECE AND ROME	POETS—THE DRAMA
1	Birth of Lyco the peripatetic.—Euclid the mathematician, fl.	Athens besieged by Demetrius Poliorcetes during the tyranny of Lachares.—Agathocles takes Crotona.	Demetrius of the New Comedy fl.
2	Arcefilas directs the Middle Academy.—Zeno of Cittium, the Stoic, fl.	Third Samnite war—First campaign—Battle near Volaterræ in favour of the Romans.	
3	Diylus closed his history about this period	Second campaign—Destructive invasion of Samnium, Gellius Egnatius joins the Etrurians.	
4	Demetrius Phalerius the orator withdraws, after the death of Cassander, to Egypt	Third campaign—Samnium relieved by Egnatius—Alarm at Rome on his invasion of their territory.—Death of Cassander.	
5		Fourth campaign—Battle of Sentinum, Decius devotes himself to death—Egnatius slain in battle by Fabius.	
6		Fifth campaign—Battle of Luceria gained by the Romans.—Demetrius Poliorcetes, having removed the sons of Cassander, reigns in Macedon.	
7		Sixth campaign—Both the consuls are victorious, and triumph on their return.—The first sun-dial at Rome, erected by Papirius Cursor.	
8		Seventh campaign—The Romans are defeated by C. Pontius, but in the next battle he is captured.	
9	Dinarchus, the orator, returns from exile	Eighth campaign—Triumph of the Fabii, and murder of C. Pontius, the Samnite general, at the conclusion of the ceremony.	Death of Menander, æt. 51
10		Ninth campaign and end of the Samnite war.—Demetrius Poliorcetes celebrates the Pythian games at Athens.	
11	Death of Agathocles.	Demetrius Poliorcetes driven by Pyrrhus from Macedon.	Posidippus, one of the six standards, of the New Comedy begins to exhibit
12	Diæarchus, geograph. fl.	Pyrrhus expelled from Macedon by Lycimachus, after seven months' possession.	
13	Birth of Archimedes.—Strato succeeds Theophrastus in the Lyceum.—Crates, the philosopher, the friend and disciple of Pølemo, fl.	Ptolemy Philadelphus is associated in the sovereignty by his father, Soter.	
14	Dionysius began his astronomical era, June 26, being the first who found the exact solar year to be 365 days 5 hours 48 minutes and 57 seconds.	The Septuagint translation of the Old Testament made about this time.	
15	Demetrius Phalereus is in great credit in Egypt till the death of Soter, but is disgraced by Philadelphus	The Pharos of Alexandria built.	
16	Timocharis, astron. fl.	Death of Demetrius Poliorcetes, æt. 54.—Death of Ptolemy Soter.—The Consul Metellus killed at Arretium.	Sopator of Paphos, of the New Comedy, exhibits
17		The Tarentines surprise the Roman fleet.—The Roman ambassadors demanding satisfaction are dismissed with insult.	
18	Demosthenes honoured with a statue. Chrysippus, stoic, b.—Cineas, orat. fl.	Lysimachus defeated and slain by Seleucus, July.—The Tarentine war begins.—Embassy to Pyrrhus from the Italian Greeks.	
19	Aristarchus of Samos, astron.—Timon Phliasis, crit. fl.—Duris, hist. fl.	Seleucus murdered by Ptolemy Ceraunus, July.—Pyrrhus passes into Italy.—Rise of the Achaean League.—Ceraunus slain by the Gauls, Oct.	
20	The four schools of philosophy, Strato, Zeno, Epicurus, and Arcefilas, fl.	Irruption of the Gauls into Greece.—Battle of Asculum.—League between Rome and Carthage.	
21	Death of Metrodorus the Epicurean, æt. 53.—Idomeneus of Lampsacus, hist. fl.—Colotes, the Stoic, fl.	Destruction of the Gauls under Brennus at Delphi.—Pyrrhus passes into Sicily.	Lyncæus, comic poet, fl.—Sotades poeta, fl.
22	Birth of Eratosthenes, chronol.	Pyrrhus leaves Sicily.—His fleet is dispersed by the Carthaginians on his way to Italy.	Homerus—Sosistheus—Philiseus—Coryræus—Sosisphanes, and Dionysides, tragic poets, fl.—Anytè of Tegea, epigr. poet, fl.
23	Birth of Euphoriion of Chalcis, poet, fl.	Pyrrhus defeated by the consul Curius at Beneventum, embarks for Epirus.	
24		Embassy from Ptolemy Philadelphus to Rome.	
25	Birth of Aratus of Sicyon.—Zenodotus of Ephesus, critic, fl.	Death of Pyrrhus.—Final submission of Samnium, Lucania, and Bruttium.—Fall of Tarentum.	Aratus of Soli, poet, fl.—Alexander Etolus, trag. fl.—Theocritus, poet, fl.
26	Death of Strato the Peripatetic.—Lyco succeeds.—Death of Epicurus, æt. 72.—Hermachus succeeds.—Death of Pølemo the Platonic philosopher	Rhegium taken and restored to the old inhabitants, the remains of the Campanian legion being put to death.	
27	Manetho, hist. fl.	Hiero becomes king of Syracuse.	
28	History of Dionysius Halic. ends.—Timæus ends at the same period	War with the Picentes.—Silver first coined at Rome.	Antagoras Rhodius, poet, fl.
29	The Parian marble ends	The conquest of the Picentians completed by the consul Sempronius.—Colonies established at Ariminum and Beneventum.—Athens taken by Antigonus Gonatus.	
30	Death of Zeno, according to Eusebius.	The Sallentines and the Sarcinates subdued.—Conquest of the Messapians and occupation of Brundisium.	
31	Dionysius Metathemenus, phil. fl.	First Punic War.—Gladiators first exhibited.—The Volsinii subdued.—The Romans become masters of all Italy.	
32	Timosthenes Rhodius, geog. ob.	Hiero makes peace with the Romans, who exact from him 100 talents of silver.	Death of Philemon of the New Comedy, æt. 97
33		Surrender of Agrigentum after seven months' siege to the consuls Megellus and Vitulus.—Battle of Sardis.	
34		The Romans first prepare a fleet.	
35	Death of Zeno the Stoic, according to Laertius; he is succeeded by Cleanthes	Naval victory of Duilius over the Carthaginians off Mylæ.—Descent of Scipio upon Corsica and Sardinia.	Lycophron, trag.—'Alexandr.'
36	Erasistratus medicus, the grandson of Aristotle, fl.	The consul Sulpicius takes several galleys from Hannibal off Sardinia; Hannibal is murdered in revenge by his mariners.	
37		The Carthaginian fleet under Hanno and Hamilcar defeated by the consuls near Ecomus.—The consul Regulus lands in Africa.	Callimachus, fl.
38		Defeat and capture of Regulus by Xantippus.—Naval victory, the Carthaginians lose 114 ships; the Roman fleet destroyed by a tempest.	
39		The Romans complete another fleet of 220 ships in three months.—Surrender of Panormus.	
40	Sosibius of Laconia, gram. fl.	The consuls Servilius and Sempronius sail to Africa.—A second tempest, 150 ships lost.—The Romans desist from naval expeditions.	
41		Aratus delivers Sicyon.—The Romans again resolve on naval preparations.	



GREEK WRITERS	ROMAN REPUBLIC	ROMAN AUTHORS
Hieronymus of Rhodes, stoic, fl.	Victory of Metellus at Panormus.—Regulus pleads in the Senate for war.	
Heraclitus of Halicarnassus the poet, and Philostephanus of Cyrene, hist. fl.	Siege of Lilybæum.—Arsaces founds the Parthian monarchy. Naval defeat of Claudius Pulcher by Adherbal off Drepanum.—The Romans lose every ship by storm, and again abandon the sea.	
Nymphis of Heraclea brought his history to this year	Hamilcar Barcas appointed general of the Carthaginians.—Birth of Hannibal.	
Euphantus of Olynthus, hist. fl.	Hamilcar encamps his forces between Panormus and Eryx in Sicily, where he maintains his post nearly three years. Hamilcar takes Eryx by surprise.	
	The Consul Fundanius opposed to Barcas in Sicily.—Aratus delivers Corinth.	
	The Romans again prepare a fleet.	
Death of Arcesilaüs of the Middle Academy.—Lacydes succeeds	Naval victory of Catulus over Hanno at the Ægates.—End of the first Punic war.—War with the Falisci.—Agis King of Sparta put to death.	
Lysimachus, phil. fl.—Neanthes of Cyzicum, hist. fl.		Livius Andronicus began to exhibit
		Birth of Ennius the poet
	The Libyan war terminated.—Hamilcar sent into Spain.—War with the Boii and Ligurians.	
Ister, poet, the disciple of Callimachus, fl.	The Ludi Sæculares celebrated; the games attended by Hiero King of Syracuse with 200,000 modii of wheat.	
	Irruption of the Transalpine Gauls.—Rome threatens Carthage with war, but is induced by an embassy to desist.	Nævius the poet flourished
	Sardinia conquered by the Romans.—The temple of Janus is shut a second time.	Birth of Cato
	War in Liguria, Corsica, and Sardinia.—Sardinia revolts and is again invaded.	
Ptolemy Physcon about this time procures the MSS. of Sophocles, Euripides, and Æschylus, from the Athenians, upon a pledge of 15 talents	The consul Fabius Maximus subdues the Ligurians.—The judicature of the Centumviri erected.—Sardinia a third time invaded.	
	Agrarian law of C. Flaminius.—Sardinia a fourth time invaded.	
	Divorce of Spurius Carvilius.—Sardinia and Corsica reduced to a province.	
Macho the comic poet and teacher of Aristophanes the critic fl.—Apollodorus of Carystus, comic poet, fl.	Teuta Queen of Illyria procures the murder of an ambassador sent from Rome, which leads to war.	
	The first Illyrian war.—Hasdrubal succeeds Hamilcar in Spain.	
	Peace with Illyria.—First Roman embassy to Greece.	
	War between Cleomenes and Aratus	
Death of Lyco the peripatetic, æt. 74. Aristo of Ceos, succeeds in the Lyceum	The Gallic war.—The Gauls defeated in Etruria by the consul Emilius.—The consul Regulus slain.—The Roman force near 800,000 men.	Q. Fabius Pictor the historian serves in the Gallic war.—L. C. Alimentus, hist. fl.
Antigonus of Carystus, biog. fl.	The Boii subdued.—Cleomenes restores the Agrarian laws of Sparta.	
Eratosthenes, librarian at Alexandria, flourished	The Romans legions first pass the Po.—Victory of Flaminius over the Insubres.	
Rhianus the poet flourished	Victory of Marcellus.—Insubria and Liguria formed into the province of Cisalpine Gaul.—Battle of Sellasia, Cleomenes defeated by Antigonus.	
Euphorion, librarian to Antiochus, ob. Archimedes fl.—Archimedes, poet	Hannibal succeeds Hasdrubal in Spain.—Conquest of Istria.	
The History of Aratus ends.—The History of Polybius begins.	Battle of Caphyæ.—Commencement of the Social war.	
Phylarchus, hist. flourished	Saguntum taken by Hannibal.—Second Illyrian war.—Demetrius flies for protection to Philip King of Macedon.	Birth of Pacuvius, trag.
Samius the poet begins to be distinguished	The second Punic war.—Hannibal passes the Alps.—The Romans defeated at the Ticin and the Trebia.—Inroads of Philip into Etolia.	
Mnesiptolemus the poet fl.—Epinicus the comic poet fl.	Hannibal passes into Etruria.—Flaminius defeated and slain at Thrasymene.—Hannibal winters in Daunia.	Fabius Pictor the historian sent ambassador to Delphi
Death of Lacydes.—Evander succeeds in the Middle Academy	Battle of Canne, total defeat of the Romans.—Hannibal winters at Capua.—Casilinum taken.—Posthumius defeated and slain in Gaul.	
Birth of Carneades of Cyrenæ, the founder of the New Academy.	Hannibal enters into treaty with Philip of Macedon.—Hasdrubal the Bald defeated by the Romans in Sicily.—Hannibal winters in Apulia.	
Death of Aratus of Sicyon.—Death of Archimedes, æt. 75	Fabius retakes Casilinum.—Marcellus sent into Sicily.—Syracuse besieged.—The siege turned to a blockade by the Romans.	
	Progress of the Scipios in Spain.—They engage Syphax K. of Masæsyliæ against Carthage.—Syphax defeated with great loss by Masinissa.	
	Tarentum surprised by Hannibal.—Syracuse taken by Marcellus.—Death of Archimedes.—The two Scipios killed in Spain.	
	Capua recovered by the Romans.—Scipio the Younger sent into Spain.	
	Confederacy with the Etolians against Philip of Macedon.	
	Fulvius Centumalus defeated by Hannibal at Herdonia.—Agrigentum delivered to the consul Lævinius.—Carthago Nova taken by Scipio.	
Death of Chrysippus the Stoic, æt. 73. Zeno Tarsensis succeeds	Tarentum recovered by the consul Fabius Maximus.	Cato, quæstor.—Ennius the poet brought to Rome by the quæstor Cato from Sardinia
Sotion of Alexandria, critic, fl.	Marcellus slain in an ambush.—Hannibal forces Cincius to raise the siege of Locri.—Lævinius defeats the Carthaginian fleet off Clypea.	Death of Nævius
Hermippus of Smyrna, biog. fl.	Battle of the Metaurus.—Hasdrubal defeated and slain by the consuls Livius and Nero.—Hannibal retires into Bruttium.	
Silenus,—Sosilus,— and Menodotus, the historians, fl.	Scipio, in Africa, leagues with Syphax.—Masinissa treats with Scipio at Gades.—Battle of Mantinea.—The Carthaginians abandon Spain.	
	Scipio, now consul, passes into Sicily.—Mago lands an army in Italy.—Scipio sends Lælius into Africa, who there confers with Masinissa.	
	Peace between the Romans and King Philip.—Syphax secedes from the Roman interest.—Scipio lands in Africa, and is joined by Masinissa.	
	Syphax defeated and captured.—Masinissa saluted as king by Scipio.—Hannibal leaves Italy.—Peace proposed.—Hannibal lands in Africa.	
	Interview between Hannibal and Scipio.—Battle of Zama.—End of the second Punic war.	
	Peace granted to the Carthaginians.—Triumph of Scipio.—Sea fight near Chios.—King Philip defeated by Attalus and the Rhodians.	

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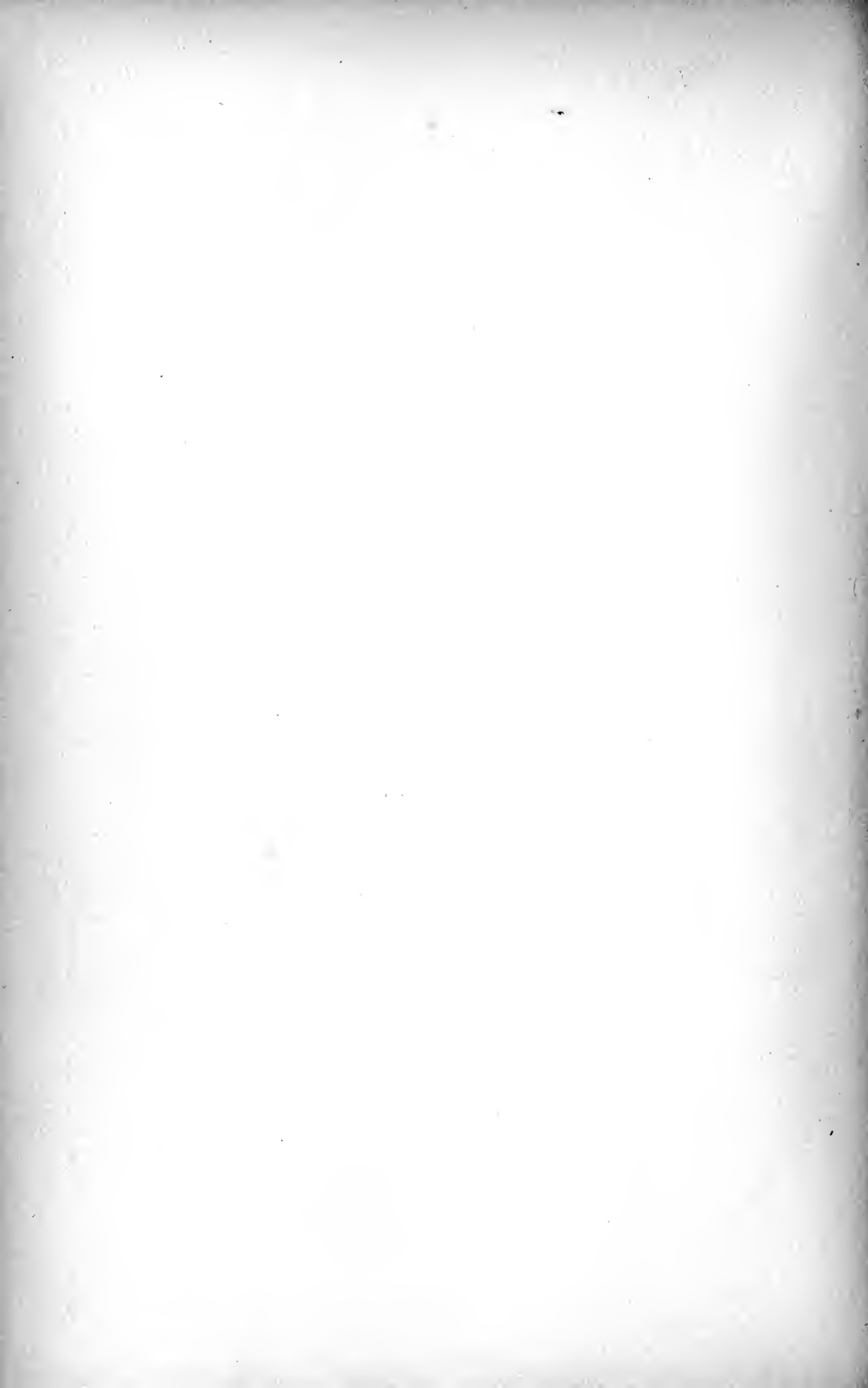
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	GREEK WRITERS	ROMAN REPUBLIC	ROMAN AUTHORS
IV. n 20	Aristophanes of Byzantium, critic, fl.	Reception of Attalus at Athens.—First Macedonian war.—King Philip besieges Abydos.—He dismisses the Roman ambassador Emilius.	
21	Polemo periegetes, fl.	King Philip defeated by the consul Sulpicius, near Octolophum.—He defeats the Ætolians, who now declare for the Romans.	
22	Zeno and Antisthenes, of Rhodes, the historians, fl.	Siege of Elatea by Flamininus.—He forms an alliance with the Achæan league.—Antiochus defeats Scopas at Panium and conquers Cœlysia.	
23	Alcæus of Messenia, the poet, celebrates the victory of Titus at Cynoscephale	Battle of Cynoscephalæ, peace granted to Philip of Macedon.—Hannibal, the Carthaginian, defeated in Gaul by the consul Cethegus.	
24	Asclepiades of Myrlea, gram. fl.	The consuls subdue the Insulres and the Boii.—Hannibal joins Antiochus.—Greece declared free.—Conference at Lysimachia.	
25	Ptolemy of Megalopolis, the historian, governs Cyprus for Epiphanes	Cato, now consul, tranquillizes Spain.—The Romans prepare for war with Antiochus.—Nabis submits to Flamininus.—Liberation of Argos.	Cato consul
26	Death of Eratosthenes, æt. 80 or 82.—Apollonius Rhodius succeeds as librarian at Alexandria	Defeat of the Boii.—Flamininus restores the Ætolian cities, Corinth, Chalcis, and Demetrias.—Triumph of Flamininus.	Birth of Terence
27		Failure of embassy to Rome from Antiochus.—Hannibal urges an attack upon Italy.—Encroachments of Masinissa in Africa.	
28		Attalus sent into Greece.—Nabis defeated by Philopœmen, Lacedæmon joins the Achæan League.—Antiochus passes into Greece.	
29		Antiochus enters Acarnania.—Acilius defeats Antiochus at Thermopylæ. Horaclea surrendered.—Antiochus defeated at sea, retires to Phrygia.	Cato, military tribune
30			
31		Siege of Amphissa.—Six months' truce to the Ætolians.—L. C. Scipio passes into Asia.—Battle of Magnesia, Antiochus defeated by Scipio.	L. Cincius Alimentus, 'De re militari'
32	Hegesinus the Platonic philosopher, the successor of Evander, and predecessor of Carneades, flourished	Ambracia besieged by the consul Fulvius, who grants peace to the Ætolians.—The consul Manlius reduces the Gallo-Greeks in Galatia. Eumenes and the ten legati join Manlius, and the treaty with Antiochus is completed.—Philopœmen abrogates the laws of Lycurgus.	Ennius, the poet, accompanies the consul Fulvius into Etolia
33	Aristonymus succeeds Apollonius Rhodius as librarian at Alexandria	Achæan embassies sent to Rome and Egypt while Philopœmen is in office.—Scipio Africanus retires to Litemum in disgust.	
34	Polybius, the historian, is at the funeral of Philopœmen.—Nicander of Colophon poet, fl.	The Bacchanalian society suppressed.—The consul Marcius defeated by the Ligurians.	
35	Polybius is sent ambassador to Egypt	The Romans, jealous of the growing power of Philip of Macedon.—He remonstrates against the reductions proposed by Metellus.	
36		King Philip sends his son Demetrius to Rome to conciliate the members of the Senate.—War between Eumenes and Prusias.	Cato, censor.— Death of Plautus.
37		Demetrius pleads for his father King Philip before the Roman Senate.—Philopœmen put to death by the Messenians.	
38		The Messenians surrender to Lycortas, the successor of Philopœmen.—The Lacedæmonians enter a second time into the Achæan League.	
39		Demetrius put to death by order of his father King Philip.—War in Spain.	
40			
41		The Villian law, enacting the several ages required for admission to public office.—The Ligurians are transported to Samnium.	
42		Death of Philip King of Macedon.—Some books of Numa said to have been found at Rome; Livy thought them forged.	
43		The consul Manlius carries on the war in Istria.	Cæcilius, the comic poet, flourished
44			
45		The war in Istria completed by the consul Claudius, and in Sardinia by Sempronius Gracchus.	
46		Death of the consul Cornelius Scipio.—The consul Petillius slain by the Ligurians.	
47		The Bastarnæ, who had been invited from the Danube by King Philip, enter Dardania, which excites the jealousy of the Roman Senate.	
48		Perseus King of Macedon endeavours to re-establish an alliance with the Achæans.—Three ambassadors sent from Rome to Perseus.	
49		The three ambassadors return from Macedon without audience.—Popilius, the consul, gains a victory over the Ligurians.	
50		Eumenes excites the Senate against Perseus.—Renewed complaints of Carthage against Masinissa.—The Bœotian league dissolved.	
51	Death of Aristonymus, the librarian, at Alexandria	The Second Macedonian war.—Ambassadors from Perseus sue in vain for peace.—Licinius winters in Bœotia and Thessaly.	
52			
53		The consul Hostilius attempts unsuccessfully to penetrate Macedon.—Antiochus Epiphanes takes Jerusalem.	Birth of Attius, trag.
54	Polybius ἑπάρχος, and is ambassador to the consul Marcius in Perrhæbia	The consul Marcius proceeds into Macedon.—Perseus abandons Diium, but rallies and entrenches himself on the banks of the Enipus.	Death of Ennius, poet, æt. 70
55	Polybius and his father Lycortas advocate the cause of the Ptolemies	Battle of Pydna, June 22.—The Illyrian war ended by Anicius in 30 days. Flight and surrender of Perseus to the consul Emilius Paullus.	Death of Cæcilius, the comic poet
56	Polybius is among the Achæan exiles	Macedonia divided into provinces.—70 towns in Epirus destroyed.—1000 of the principal Achæans exiled to Rome for 16 years.	
57		The Ligurians are subdued by the consuls Gallus and Marcellus.	Terentii 'Andria'
58			Terentii 'Hecyra'
59			Sulpicius Gallus, astron. is sent to Asia to watch the conduct of Eumenes
60		Demetrius Soter twelve years a hostage at Rome, is refused his release to dethrone his nephew, Antiochus Eupator.—War in Corsica.	Terentii 'Heautontimorumenos'
61	Hipparchus observes the autumnal equinox, Sept. 27	Demetrius escapes from Rome by the connivance of the historian Polybius.—He dethrones Eupator and puts the King and his tutor Lysias to death.	Terentii 'Eunuchus'
62		Philosophers and rhetoricians are prohibited at Rome.	
63	Satyrus the peripatetic, fl.	Treaty between the Romans and the Jews against Demetrius Soter.—Death of Emilius Paullus.	Terentii 'Adelphi'
64	Hipparchus observed the autumnal equinox, Sept. 27.—Crates, the grammarian, is at Rome		Death of Terence.—Time measured by water at Rome, the invention of Scipio Nasicæ.
65	Hipparchus again observes the autumnal equinox, Sept. 27		
66	Aristarchus, the critic, flourished	Ariarthes King of Cappadocia comes to Rome for protection against Demetrius.—Cato urges the destruction of Carthage in the Senate.	
67		War with the Dalmatians. It is terminated the succeeding year.	
68	Diogenes the stoic, Critolaüs the peripatetic, and Carneades the academic, are ambassadors to Rome	Embassy from Athens.—The Athenians obtain the remission of a fine of 500 talents.—Embassy to Rome in behalf of the Achæan exiles.	Pacuvius, trag. fl. æt. 65
69	Callistratus, the disciple of Aristophanes, and Moschus the poet, fl.	The Romans first pass the Alps.—The disputes between the Ptolmies terminated by the concessions of the elder.	Cato pleads his own cause, æt. 81
70		The consuls enter upon their office on January 1.—The Celtiberian war is conducted unsuccessfully by Nobilior.	
71		War in Spain conducted by the consul Marcellus.	
72	Polybius returns with the other Achæan exiles to Greece	The Celtiberian war is unpopular at Rome.—Galba the prætor defeated by the Lusitanians.—Return of the Achæan exiles.	Albinus the consul, a writer of history



Jul. Period	Nabassar	Seleucidæ	Olympiads	Y. of Rome	Ref. Christ	ROMAN CONSULS	Period Punic — Achæan League	Numidia	Kings of — Pergannus	Kings of Bithynia	Kings of Syria	Kings of Pontus	Kings of Egypt
4564	599	163	3	604	150	T. Qu. Flamininus	52 P. 131	54 Masinissa	31 Prusias II.	1 Alexander-Bala	7 Mithridates V.	32 Philometer Phys-con	
4565	600	164	4	605	149	M. Acilius Balbus L. Marc. Censorinus M. Manilius	1 Third P. 132 Punic	1 Micipsa 11	1 Nicomedes II.	2	8	33	
4566	601	165	158.1	606	148	Sp. P. Albinus Mag. L. Calp. Piso Cæs. P. C. Scipio Afr. Æm. C. Livius Drusus	2 War P. 133	2	2	3	9	34	
4567	602	166	2	607	147	Cn. Corn. Lentulus L. Mummius	3 P. 134	3	3	4	10	35	
4568	603	167	3	608	146	Cn. Corn. Lentulus Q. Fabius Max. Æm. L. Hostil. Mancinus Ser. Sulpic. Galba	—Carthage— and Corinth destroyed	4	4	1 Demetrius Nicator	11	36	
4569	604	168	4	609	145	L. Aurel. Cotta Sp. Claud. Pulcher Q. C. Metellus Maced. L. C. Metellus Calv. Q. Fab. Max. Servil. Cn. Servilius Cæpio Q. Pompeius Rufus		5	5	2	12	— 26	
4570	605	169	159.1	610	144			6	6	3	13	— 27	
4571	606	170	2	611	143			7	7	4	14	— 28	
4572	607	171	3	612	142			8	8	5	15	— 29	
4573	608	172	4	613	141			9	9	6	16	— 30	
4574	609	173	160.1	614	140	C. Lælius Sapiens Q. Servilius Cæpio Cn. Calpurnius Piso M. Popillius Lænas P. C. Scipio Nasica D. Junius Brutus M. Æ. Lepidus Porc. C. Hostil. Mancinus P. Furius Philus Sex. Atil. Serranus Ser. Fulvius Flaccus Q. Calpurnius Piso P. C. Scipio Afr. Æm. 2 C. Fulvius Flaccus P. Mucius Scævula L. Calp. Piso Frugi P. Popillius Lænas P. Rupilius P. L. Crassus Muc. L. Valerius Flaccus		10	10	7	17	31	
4575	610	174	2	615	139			11	11	8	18	— 32	
4576	611	175	3	616	138			12 Attalus I	12	9	19	— 33	
4577	612	176	4	617	137			13 III.	2	13	1 Antiochus Sidetes	20	— 34
4578	613	177	161.1	618	136			14	3	14	2	21	— 35
4579	614	178	2	619	135			15	4	15	3	22	— 36
4580	615	179	3	620	134			16	5	16	4	23	— 37
4581	616	180	4	621	133			17	—	17	5	24	— 38
4582	617	181	162.1	622	132			18	—	18	6	25	— 39
4583	618	182	2	623	131			19	—	19	7	26	— 40
4584	619	183	3	624	130			20	—	20	8	27	— 41
4585	620	184	4	625	129	C. Claudius Pulcher M. Perperna C. Semp. Tuditanus M. Aquillius Cn. Octavius T. Annius Rufus L. Cassius Longinus L. Cornelius Cinna M. Æmil. Lepidus L. Aurclius Orestes M. Plaut. Hypsæus M. Fulvius Flaccus C. Cass. Longinus Q. Sextius Calvinus Q. Cæcil. Metellus T. Q. Flamininus Cn. D. Ahenobarbus C. Fannius Strabo C. Fabius Maximus I. Opimius		21	—	21	9	28	— 42
4586	621	185	163.1	626	128			22	—	22	1 Demetrius Nicator again	29	— 43
4587	622	186	2	627	127			23	—	23	2	30	— 44
4588	623	187	3	628	126			24	—	24	3	31	— 45
4589	624	188	4	629	125			25	—	25	[Grypus 1 Antiochus Cleopa- 1 tra 2	32	— 46
4590	625	189	164.1	630	124			26	—	26	2	33	— 47
4591	626	190	2	631	123			27	—	27	3	34	— 48
4592	627	191	3	632	122			28	—	28	4	35	— 49
4593	628	192	4	633	121			29	—	29	5	36	— 50
4594	629	193	165.1	634	120			30	—	30	6	1 Mithridates VI.	51
4595	630	194	2	635	119			31	—	31	7	2	52
4596	631	195	3	636	118			1 Jugurtha and Adherbal	32	8	3	—	53
4597	632	196	4	637	117			2	33	9	4	—	[Soter 1 Ptolemy Cleopa- 1 tra 2
4598	633	197	166.1	638	116			3	34	10	5	—	2
4599	634	198	2	639	115			4	35	11	6	—	3
4600	635	199	3	640	114			5	36	12	7	—	4
4601	636	200	4	641	113			6	37	13	8	—	5
4602	637	201	167.1	642	112			7 Jugurtha alone	38	* Antiochus 1 Cyzice- nus 2	9	—	6
4603	638	202	2	643	111			8	39	15	10	—	7
4604	639	203	3	644	110			9	40	16	3	—	8
4605	640	204	4	645	109			10	41	17	4	—	9
4606	641	205	168.1	646	108			11	42	18	5	—	10
4607	642	206	2	647	107			12	43	19	6	—	11
4608	643	207	3	648	106			— Captured by Marius	44	20	7	—	12
4609	644	208	4	649	105				45	21	8	—	13
4610	645	209	169.1	650	104				46	22	9	—	14
4611	646	210	2	651	103				47	23	10	—	15
4612	647	211	3	652	102				48	24	11	—	16
4613	648	212	4	653	101				49	25	12	—	17

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GREEK WRITERS

ROMAN REPUBLIC

ROMAN AUTHORS

Polybius is sent for by the consul Manilius
Heracleides Lembus, hist. flourished

Hipparchus observes the autumnal equinox, Sept. 26
Polybius at Carthage and Corinth.—Hipparchus' obs. Mar. 24 and Sept. 27
Apollodorus' 'Chronicon' ends.—Zonaras fl.—Demetrius of Scepsis fl.
Antipater of Tarsus the Stoic, the successor of Diogenes Babylonis, fl
Panactius the Stoic accompanies Scipio in his embassy.—Hipparchus observes the autumnal equinox, Sept. 26.

Nicanter of Colophon, the poet, still living

Hipparchus observes the vernal equinox, Mar. 22

Carneades, phil. ob. 85.—Clitomachus succeeds.—Polybius still living
Hipparchus obs. the equinox, Mar. 22, and the sun at Rhodes, Aug. 4
Antipater of Sidon, epigr. fl.—Hipparchus takes an observation on the sun at Rhodes, May 2, and another July 7

Death of Crates, the critic, circa

Agatharchides of Cnidus, the historian, who was reader to Heracleides Lembus, is about this time tutor to the sons of Ptolemy Soter
Philo succeeds Clitomachus in the New Academy, circa.—Diodorus

the peripatetic flourished

Dionysius the Thracian, gram. fl.

Artemidorus of Ephesus, geog. fl.

Archias, the poet, in his youth comes to Rome

Galba treacherously destroys the Lusitanians.—The Carthaginians defeated by Masinissa.—Defection of Utica from Carthage.
The destruction of Carthage demanded by the consuls.—Third Punic war.—Carthage besieged.—Death of Masinissa, æt. 90 or 97.
Andriscus the Pseudo-Philipppus usurps the throne of Macedon, and defeats Juventius, but is repelled by Metellus.—Battle of Azotus.
The greater part of Africa submits to the consul Scipio.—Hasdrubal proposes peace, which is rejected.—The Achæan war.
Carthage taken by Scipio, July.—The city demolished.—Diæus defeated by Mummius.—Corinth reduced to ashes, Sept.
Fabius Æmilianus, the consul, commands in Spain against Viriathus.

Jonathan Maccabeus betrayed and put to death by Tryphon.

The consul Metellus, sent into Spain.—Embassy of Scipio Africanus to Egypt, accompanied by Panatius.
The consul Servilianus is sent to conduct the war against Viriathus.—Simon gets possession of the citadel of Jerusalem.
Servilianus besieges Erisane, but is repulsed by Viriathus, who proposes peace, which is accepted and confirmed by the Senate.

Viriathus assassinated at the instance of the consul Cæpio.

The Astrologers banished from Rome.—The Celtiberian war is conducted by the consul Popillius.
The consul Brutus proceeds to Lusitania.—Popillius the proconsul is routed by the Numantines.—Birth of Sulla.
The consul Mancinus defeated by the Numantines who consent to peace upon equal terms.
Brutus in farther Spain, reduces the Bracari and the Gallaci.—The Numantines refuse to receive Mancinus as a prisoner.
The consul Piso is sent against Numantia.—P. Lentulus defeated by the Servile army under Eunus.—History of the Apocrypha ends.
The consul Scipio joined in Spain by Jugurtha.—Marius serves at Numantia.—Fulvius is sent to the Servile war in Sicily.
Fall of Numantia and destruction of its inhabitants.—Sedition and death of Tiberius Gracchus.—Piso defeats the Servile army at Messana.
The Servile war in Sicily ended by the consul Rupilius.

War with Aristonicus the usurper of Pergamus.—The consul Crassus sent against Aristonicus.

Crassus defeated and slain near Smyrna.—Aristonicus captured by the consul Perperna.
Death of Scipio Africanus Æmilianus.

Antiochus Sidetes King of Syria, defeated and killed by Phraates King of Parthia.

Caius Gracchus goes into Sardinia as quæstor to Aurelius.

Aurelius remains as proconsul in Sardinia.—The consul Fulvius leads an army against the Salluvian Gauls.
Gracchus appears unexpectedly at Rome.—The consul Sextius defeats the Salluvian Gauls near Aquæ Sextiæ.
Gracchus chosen Tribune of the Commons.—The Baleares subdued by Metellus, and the Saluvii by Sextius Calvinus.
Gracchus chosen Tribune a second time. He passes over to the new colony of Carthage, and returns in 70 days.—He loses his third election.
Death of Caius Gracchus.—The Agrarian law is gradually abrogated.—Defeat of the Allobroges by Fabius Maximus.

Caius Marius, tribune of the people, imprisons the consul Metellus for opposition to his measures.
Death of Micipsa.—The consul Marcius plants a colony at Narbonne in Transalpine Gaul.—The Roman power extends to the Pyrennes.
Dalmatia subdued by Cecilius Metellus.—Ambassadors are sent to Numidia, who restore Adherbal.

The consul Scaurus subdues the Carni at the Pennine Alps, and drains the marshes at the Trebia and Placentia.
The consul Cato Porcius is sent to the protection of Macedonia against an irruption of the Scordisci and totally defeated.
Papirius Carbo routed by the Cimbrî, who spread themselves over Transalpine Gaul.
The Scordisci are forced by the consul Drusus to repass the Danube.—Antiochus Cyzicenus defeats Grypus and obtains Syria.
Jugurthan war.—First campaign.—The consul Bestia leads an army into Numidia, but is bribed by Jugurtha, and desists.

Massiva murdered by Bomilcar at the instance of Jugurtha.—Sumpuary Law, called Lex Licinia, introduced at Rome.
Aulus defeated by Jugurtha, concludes a peace.—Jugurtha and Bomilcar defeated by Metellus.—Silanus defeated by the Cimbrî.
Metellus continued in his command.—Bomilcar sacrificed by Jugurtha for conspiracy.—The consul Scaurus defeated by the Cimbrî.
Jugurtha joined by Bocchus.—Metellus superseded by Marius.—Capsa taken by Marius.—Sulla quæstor to Marius.—Cassius slain in Gaul.
Jugurtha is betrayed by Bocchus to Sulla, and delivered up to Marius.
Birth of Pompey.—Toulouse plundered by the consul Cæpio.
Manlius and Cæpio, consul and proconsul, defeated by the Cimbrî on the banks of the Rhone, with total loss of their army.
Marius, a second time consul, passes over to Gaul.—Sulla is legatus to Marius.
Marius a third time consul.—Sulla military tribune.

Marius a fourth time consul, defeats the Teutones in two battles at Aquæ Sextiæ.—Second Servile war in Sicily.
Marius a fifth time consul.—Marius and Catulus defeat the Cimbrî on the plain of Vercellæ.—Aquilinus commands in Sicily.

Cato prosecutes Galba.—Death of Cato, æt. 85.
Calpurnius Piso, hist. fl.

Cassius Hemina, hist. fl.—C. Fannius, the historian, serves with Scipio, at Carthage

Birth of M. Antonius, the orator.—Fannius, the historian, serves in Spain

Birth of L. Licinius Crassus, the orator.—Attius, æt. 80, and Pacuvius, æt. 80, the tragic poets, exhibit

Sempronius Asellio, the historian, serves at Numantia

Cælius Antipater, the Roman historian, fl.

L. Crassus, æt. 21, accuses Carbo

Birth of Varro

Birth of Hortensius, orat.—Crassus, 'pro Licinia'

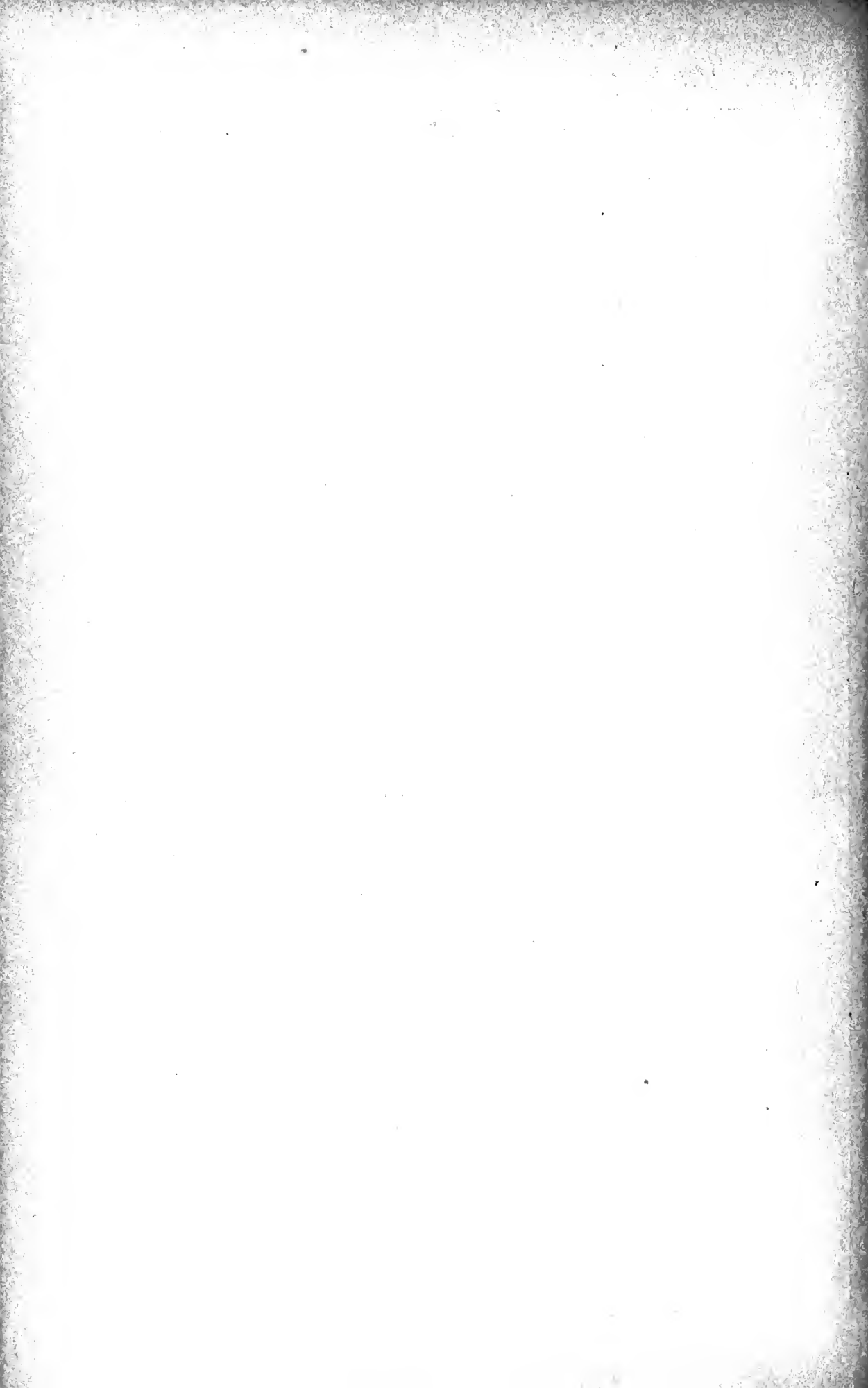
Crassus quæstor.—Valerius Antias Roman hist. fl.

Birth of Atticus, the friend of Cicero

L. Crassus, tribunus plebis

Birth of Cicero.—Crassus, æt. 34, 'suasit serviliam legem'

Attii 'Tereus'.—Death of Turpilius comicus
Furius Bibaculus, poëta, born





Ju. Period	Nabonassar	Seleucidæ	Olympiads	Y. of Rome	Ref. Christ.	ROMAN CONSULS	THE FIRST TRIUMVIRATE	Kings of Bithynia	Kings of Syria	Kings of Pontus	Kings of Egypt	Ar
4614	649	213	170.1	654	100	C. Marius 6	—	50 Nicomedes II.	26 Grypus	21 Mithridates VI.	8 Alexand. I.	26 M t
4615	650	214	2	655	99	L. Valerius Flaccus	—	51 —	27 Cyzice-13 nus 14	22 —	9 Cleopatra 18 19	27 —
4616	651	215	3	656	98	M. Antonius	—	52 —	28 — 15	23 —	10 — 20	28 —
4617	652	216	4	657	97	A. Postum. Albinus	—	53 —	29 — 16	24 —	11 — 21	29 —
4618	653	217	171.1	658	96	Q. C. Metellus Nep. T. Didius	—	54 —	— 17	25 Tigranes I	12 — 22	30 —
4619	654	218	2	659	95	Cn. Corn. Lentulus	—	55 —	1 Seleucus 12 years' contention between the sons and nephew of Antiochus Grypus	26 — 2	13 — 23	31 —
4620	655	219	3	660	94	P. Licinius Crassus	—	56 —	—	27 — 3	14 — 24	32 —
4621	656	220	4	661	93	Q. Mucius Scaevula	—	57 —	—	28 — 4	15 — 25	33 —
4622	657	221	172.1	662	92	C. Cælius Calvus	—	58 —	—	29 — 5	16 — 26	34 —
4623	658	222	2	663	91	L. D. Ahenobarbus	—	1 Nicomedes III.	—	30 — 6	17 — 27	35 —
4624	659	223	3	664	90	C. Cassius Longinus	—	2 —	—	31 — 7	18 — 28	— In
4625	660	224	4	665	89	L. Licinius Crassus	—	3 —	—	32 — 8	1 Soter restored	—
4626	661	225	173.1	666	88	M. Herennius	—	4 —	—	33 — 9	2 —	—
4627	662	226	2	667	87	C. Claudius Pulcher	—	5 —	—	34 — 10	3 —	—
4628	663	227	3	668	86	M. Perperna	—	6 —	—	35 — 11	4 —	—
4629	664	228	4	669	85	L. Marc. Philippus	—	7 —	—	36 — 12	5 —	—
4630	665	229	174.1	670	84	Sex. Julius Cæsar	—	8 —	—	37 — 13	6 —	—
4631	666	230	2	671	83	L. Julius Cæsar	—	9 —	1 Tigranes	38 — 14	7 —	—
4632	667	231	3	672	82	P. Rutilius Lupus	—	10 —	2 —	39 — 15	8 —	—
4633	668	232	4	673	81	Cn. Pompeius Strabo	—	11 —	3 —	40 — 16	1 Cleopatra 1 Alexan. II.	—
4634	669	233	175.1	674	80	L. Cornelius Sulla	—	12 —	4 —	41 — 17	1 Ptolemy Auletes	—
4635	670	234	2	675	79	Q. C. Metellus Pius	—	13 —	5 —	42 — 18	2 —	—
4636	671	235	3	676	78	P. Servilius Vatia	—	14 —	6 —	43 — 19	3 —	—
4637	672	236	4	677	77	Ap. Claud. Pulcher	—	15 —	7 —	44 — 20	4 —	1 S
4638	673	237	176.1	678	76	M. Emil. Lepidus	—	16 —	8 —	45 — 21	5 —	2
4639	674	238	2	679	75	Q. Junat. Catulus	—	17 —	9 —	46 — 22	6 —	3
4640	675	239	3	680	74	D. Junius Brutus	—	— Bithynia bequeathed to the Romans	10 —	47 — 23	7 —	4
4641	676	240	4	681	73	M. E. Mamercus Lep.	—	11 —	11 —	48 — 24	8 —	5
4642	677	241	177.1	682	72	Cn. Octavius [Liv.	—	12 —	12 —	49 — 25	9 —	6
4643	678	242	2	683	71	C. Scribonius Curio	—	13 —	13 —	50 — 26	10 —	7
4644	679	243	3	684	70	L. Octavius	—	—	14 —	51 — 27	11 —	1 P
4645	680	244	4	685	69	C. Aurelius Cotta	—	—	1 Antiochus Asiaticus	52 — 28	12 —	2
4646	681	245	178.1	686	68	L. Licin. Lucullus	—	—	2 —	53 — 29	13 —	3
4647	682	246	2	687	67	M. Aurelius Cotta	—	—	3 —	54 — 30	14 —	4
4648	683	247	3	688	66	M. T. Varro Lucullus	—	—	4 —	55 — 31	15 —	5
4649	684	248	4	689	65	C. Cassius	—	—	— Expelled by Pompey	56 — 32	16 —	6
4650	685	249	179.1	690	64	L. Gellius Poplicola	—	—	—	57 — 33	17 —	7
4651	686	250	2	691	63	Cn. C. Lentul. Clodian.	—	—	—	1 Pharnaces II.	18 —	8
4652	687	251	3	692	62	P. Corn. Lentulus	—	—	—	2 — 35	19 —	9
4653	688	252	4	693	61	Cn. Aufid. Orestes	—	—	—	3 — 36	20 —	1 M t
4654	689	253	180.1	694	60	C. Marius Figulus	CÆSAR — POMPEY — CRASSUS	—	—	4 — 37	21 —	2
4655	690	254	2	695	59	M. Tullius Cicero	—	—	—	5 — 38	22 —	3
4656	691	255	3	696	58	C. Antonius	—	—	—	6 — 39	1 Berenice 1 Tryphena	4
4657	692	256	4	697	57	D. Junius Silanus	—	—	—	7 — 40	2 —	1 O
4658	693	257	181.1	698	56	L. Licinius Murena	—	—	—	8 —	3 —	2
4659	694	258	2	699	55	M. Pup. Piso Calpurn.	—	—	—	9 —	1 Auletes again	3
4660	695	259	3	700	54	M. Valer. Messalla	CÆSAR — POMPEY	—	—	10 —	2 —	4
4661	696	260	4	701	53	M. Valer. Messalla	—	—	—	11 —	3 —	5
4662	697	261	182.1	702	52	Cn. Pomp. Mag. 3	—	—	—	12 —	4 —	6
4663	698	262	2	703	51	Q. C. Met. Pius Scip.	—	—	—	13 —	1 Cleopatra Ptolemy I.	7

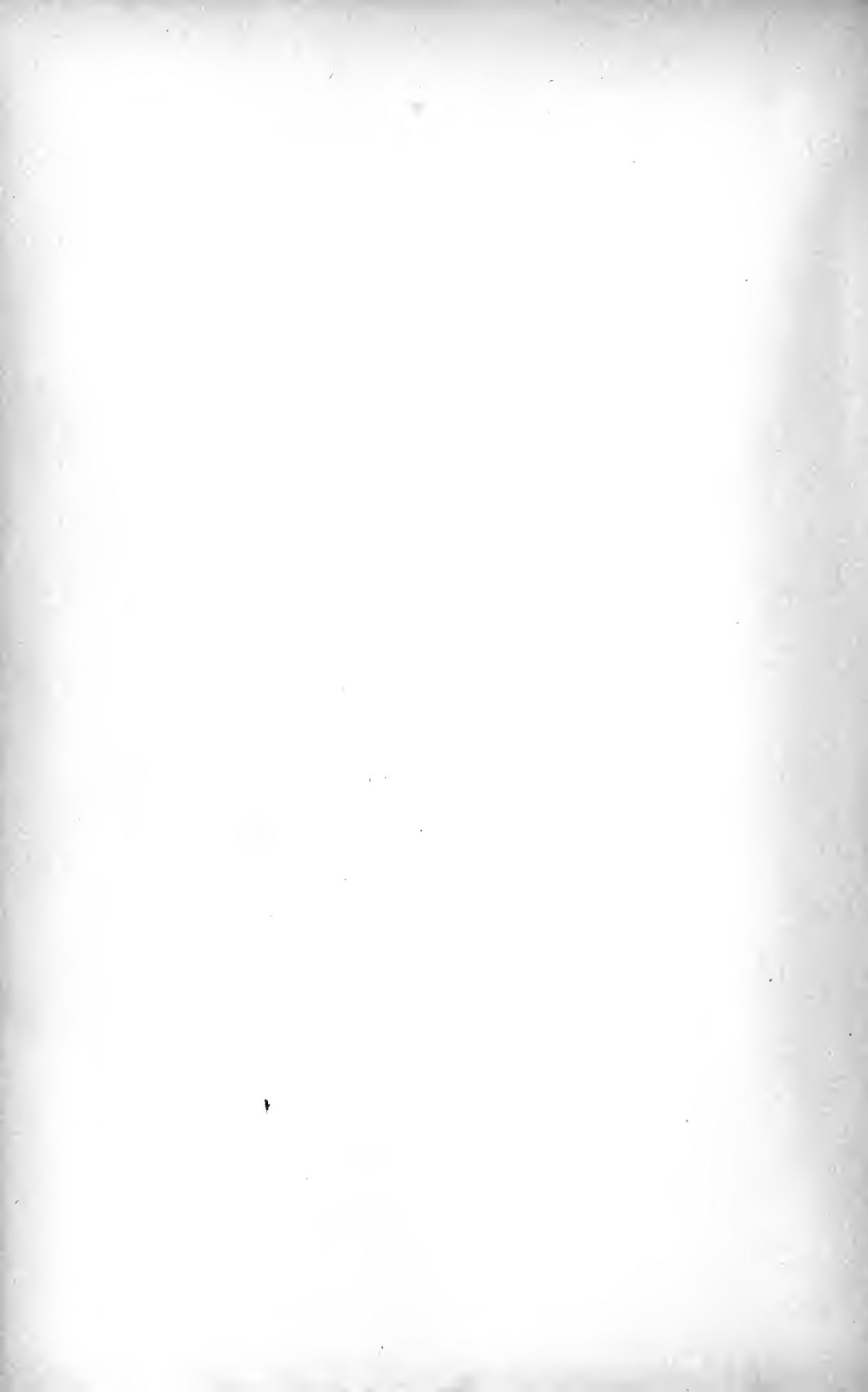
of the Jews	GREEK WRITERS	ROMAN REPUBLIC	ROMAN AUTHORS
VI. 1. 6		Marius a sixth time consul.—Sedition of Saturninus.—Exile of Metellus Numidicus.—Birth of Julius Cæsar.	Ælius and Claudius, grammatici, fl.
7		Return of Metellus.—Servile war in Sicily ended by M. Aquilius.—Lusitania conquered by Dolabella.	M. Antonius defends Aquilius
8			M. Antonius, censor
9		Ptolemy Apion King of Cyrene leaves his dominions to the Romans.	Birth of Lucretius.—Crassus orat. 'pro Capione'
10			
11	Meleager, the collector of the Anthologia, fl.	Antiochus Cyzicenus defeated, near Antioch, by Seleucus; he destroys himself when nearly taken prisoner.	
12			
13		Seleucus defeated by Antiochus Pius, and retires to Mopsuestia, where he is burnt alive.	L. Crassus, censor.—Aurelius Opilius, rhetor. fl.
14	Philo academicus flourished	Sulla receives the ambassadors of Arsaces on the banks of the Euphrates, the first public transaction between Rome and Parthia.	Death of Crassus.—L. Pomponius, 'Atellanarum scriptor,' fl.
15	Metrodorus of Scepsis, phil. fl.	Lævius Drusus endeavours to procure the privileges of Roman citizens for the Italian allies, but is assassinated.	M. Æmilius Scaurus, æt. 72
16	Scymnus of Chios, poëta, fl.	The Marsian or Social war.—The consul Rutilius mortally wounded in an ambush.—Marius lays down his command.	Cicero serves under the consul Pompeius
17		The consul Cato slain.—Sulla takes Stabie by storm.—He returns to Rome at the close of the campaign to obtain the consulate.	Cicero hears Philo and Molo at Rome.
18	Apollonius Molo, the rhetorician, fl.—Philo, the philosoph. comes to Rome	The Social war ended.—First Mithridatic war.—Civil war of Marius and Sulla.—Sulla procures the banishment of Marius.	P. Rutilius, hist. fl.—P. Galius, rhet.
19	Antiochus, the philosopher, accompanies Lucullus to Alexandria	Cinna deposed from the consulate by the senate.—Junction of Marius with Cinna.—Contest of Cinna and Octavius.	Antonius, orat. slain.—Birth of Catullus.—Sisenna the historian, fl.
20	Posidonius, the Stoic, is ambassador to Rome from Rhodes.—Archias, the poet, is with Lucullus in Asia	Death of Marius.—Athens stormed by Sulla.—Archelaüs defeated by Sulla at Orchomenus in Bœotia.	Birth of Sallust
21		Successes of Fimbria in Asia.—Sulla passes into Asia.—Birth of Brutus.	
22	Sulla acquires the library of Apellicon	Interview between Sulla and Mithridates.—Peace granted to Mithridates.—Cinna assassinated.	Birth of P. T. Varro Atacinus, poëta.
23	Alexander Polyhistor, the grammarian, came to Rome 'in the time of Sulla'	Pompey opposes Carbo on the part of Sulla.—Sulla lands at Brundisium.—Sertorius retires to Spain.	Birth of C. Licinius Calvus, orat.
24		Defeat of the younger Marius near Præneste.—Sulla enters Rome.—Carbo put to death by Pompey in Sicily.—Sulla made Dictator.	Cicero 'pro Quinctio.'—Cato, gram.
25		Triumph of Sulla.—Successes of Pompey in Africa.	Otacilius Plotus, rhet. fl.
26		Capture of Mytilenë.	Cicero 'pro Roscio'
27	Zeno the Epicurean taught at Athens.	Abdication of Sulla.	Cicero at Athens
1		Death of Sulla.—Civil war of Lepidus.—War of Sertorius in Spain.	Cicero hears Molo at Rhodes.—Sallust, hist. com.—Death of Q. Atta
2	Geminus of Rhodes, math. fl.	Death of Lepidus.—The proconsul Servilius sent against the pirates of Cilicia.	Cicero returns to Rome
3		Sertorius opposed by Metellus and Pompey in Spain.	Cicero engaged in pleading.—Birth of Asinius Pollio
4		Scribonius succeeds Claudius in Macedonia.—Servilius subdues the Isaurians.	Cicero, quæstor in Sicily
5	Antipater of Tyre, the Stoic, fl.	Pompey carries on the war against Sertorius.—Nicomedes dying, bequeaths Bithynia to the Romans.—Mithridatic war.	Cicero again returns to Rome
6		War with Spartacus began.—Lucullus defeats Mithridates at Cyzicus.	
7		Sertorius slain.—End of the war in Spain.—Amisus besieged by Lucullus.—Defeat and flight of Mithridates.	
8	Tyrannio, the grammarian, is taken at Amisus	The war with Spartacus ended by Crassus.—Amisus and Eupatoria taken by Lucullus.	Cicero 'in Q. Cæcilium' et 'in Verrem.'—Hortensius defends Verres.
9	Death of Metrodorus of Scepsis, phil.	Mithridates received by Tigranes.—Appius Claudius demands his delivery to Lucullus but is refused.	Birth of Virgil
10		Siege of Tigranocerta.—Defeat of Tigranes, Tigranocerta taken by Lucullus.—The Cretan war.	Cicero, ædilis.—Hortensius, consul
11		The Cretan war conducted by Metellus.—Nisibis taken by assault by Lucullus.	
12		Sedition in the army of Lucullus.—Triarius defeated by Mithridates.—The pirates defeated by Pompey.—Cretan war ended.	Varro serves under Pompey against the pirates
1-1		Interview between Pompey and Lucullus in Galatia.—Mithridates defeated by Pompey.—Surrender of Tigranes.	Cicero, prætor: 'pro lege Manilia,' 'pro Cluentio.'—Antonius Gniphog, gr.
2		Antiochus Asiaticus dethroned by Pompey.—End of the Seleucidæ.—Syria reduced to the form of a Roman province.	Cicero 'pro Cornelio I.'—Birth of Horace.—Atticus returns from Athens to Rome
3	Apollodorus of Pergamus, gram. fl.	Pompey in Syria, hastens to Pontus, on advice of renewed preparations by Mithridates.	Cicero in 'toga candida'
4	Parthenius, the preceptor of Virgil, is captured in the Mithridatic war	Death of Mithridates.—Jerusalem taken by Pompey.—Catiline denounced by Cicero.—Birth of Augustus.	Cicero 'orat. consulares.' 'pro Murena.'—Orbilius Pupillus, grammat. settled at Rome
5	Hermagoras and Athenæus, rhet. fl.	Defeat and death of Cataline.—Pompey returns to Italy.—Cæsar prætor	Cicero 'pro Sulla'
6	Posidonius of Rhodes, the Stoic, fl.	Triumph of Pompey.	
7	Castor's Roman Chronology ends.—Archias poëta, still living		
8	Diodorus Siculus, the historian, is in Egypt	Lusitania conquered by Cæsar.—He returns to Rome and declines his triumph that he may obtain the consulate.—The first Triumvirate.	Cicero 'Epist. ad Att.' l. 19
9	The history of Diodorus ends at the Gallic war of Cæsar	Cæsar now consul, carries the Agrarian law, the ratification of the acts of Pompey, and the adoption of Clodius by the plebians.	Cicero 'pro Thermo,' 'pro Flacco.'
10	Andronicus of Rhodes, gram. fl.	Cæsar's first campaign in Gaul.—The Helvetii prepare to move.—Cicero in banishment.—Cato sent by Clodius to Cyprus.	Birth of Livy.—Ælius Tuberus, hist.
11		War with the Belgæ.—Return of Cicero.—Violent proceedings of Clodius, and resistance of Milo.	Cicero in exile
12	The work of Castor, the Chronographer, closes at this period	Clodius adile.—Cato returns from Cyprus.—War in Armorica.	Cicero recalled
13	Demetrius Magnes fl.—Timagnes, the sophist, is brought to Rome by Gabinius	Interview at Luca between Cæsar, Pompey, and Crassus.—Cæsar passes the Rhine, and into Britain.—Crassus embarks for Syria.	Cicero 'pro Sextio,' 'in Vatinius,' 'de provinciis consularibus.'
14	Nicolaüs Damascenus, hist. fl.	Second expedition into Britain.—War with Ambiorix.—First campaign of Crassus in Asia.—He winters in Syria.	Cicero 'in Pisonem,' 'De Oratore.'—Death of Lucretius.—Virgil asumes the toga virilis
15		Cæsar invades the Suevi.—Crassus passes the Euphrates.—His defeat and death by the Parthians.	Cicero 'pro Vatilio,' 'pro Scæuro de Republica'
16	Posidonius, the Stoic, comes to Rome	Rencontre between Milo and Clodius, and death of the latter.—Pompey sole consul.—Exile of Milo.—War with Vercingetorix.	Cicero 'pro Milone.'—Sallust, tribune
	Jason, his grandson and successor, fl.	Cicero embarks for Asia.—Cæsar's eighth and last campaign in Gaul.—End of the Parthian war.	Cicero, proconsul in Cilicia



Jul. Period	Nabonnassar	Seleucidæ	Olympiads	Y. of Rome	Ref. Christ	ROMAN CONSULS	THE SECOND TRIUMVIRATE	Kings of Pontus	Kings of Egypt
4664	699	263	3	704	50	L. Æmil. Paullus	_____	14 Pharnaces II	2 Cleopatra
4665	700	264	4	705	49	C. Claud. Marcellus	_____	15 _____	3 Ptolemy I
4666	701	265	183.1	706	48	C. Claud. Marcellus	_____	16 _____	4 _____
4667	702	266	2	707	47	L. C. Lentulus Crus	C. JULIUS CÆSAR _____	—Conquered by Cæsar	5 Ptolemy II
4668	703	267	3	708	46	C. Julius Cæsar 2	_____	6 _____	6 _____
4669	704	268	4	709	45	P. Servil. Vatia Isaur.	_____	7 _____	7 _____
4670	705	269	184.1	710	44	Q. Fufius Calenus	_____	8 _____	8 _____
4671	706	270	2	711	43	P. Vatinus	OCTAVIANUS — ANTONY — LEPIDUS	9 _____	9 _____
4672	707	271	3	712	42	C. Julius Cæsar 3	_____	10 _____	10 _____
4673	708	272	4	713	41	M. Æmil. Lepidus	_____	11 _____	11 _____
4674	709	273	185.1	714	40	C. Julius Cæsar 4	_____	12 _____	12 _____
4675	710	274	2	715	39	(sine collega)	_____	13 _____	13 _____
4676	711	275	3	716	38	C. Jul. Cæsar 5	_____	14 _____	14 _____
4677	712	276	4	717	37	M. Antonius	OCTAVIANUS.— ANTONY _____	15 _____	15 _____
4678	713	277	186.1	718	36	C. Vibius Pansa	_____	16 _____	16 _____
4679	714	278	2	719	35	A. Hirtius	_____	17 _____	17 _____
4680	715	279	3	720	34	M. Æmil. Lepidus 2	_____	18 _____	18 _____
4681	716	280	4	721	33	L. Munat. Plancus	_____	19 _____	19 _____
4682	717	281	187.1	722	32	P. Ser. Vatia Isaur. 2	ROMAN EMPIRE _____	20 _____	20 _____
4683	718	282	2	723	31	L. Antonius Pietas	1 C. JULIUS CÆSAR OCT. _____	21 _____	21 _____
4684	719	283	3	724	30	C. Cæsar 3	_____	— Egypt a Roman Province	_____
4685	720	284	4	725	29	M. V. Messalla Corv.	2 _____	_____	_____
4686	721	285	188.1	726	28	C. Cæsar 4	3 — SENATI PRINCEPS _____	_____	_____
4687	722	286	2	727	27	M. Licinius Crassus	4 _____	_____	_____
4688	723	287	3	728	26	C. Cæsar 5	5 C. CÆSAR AUG. IMPERATOR _____	_____	_____
4689	724	288	4	729	25	C. Cæsar 6	6 _____	_____	_____
4690	725	289	189.1	730	24	Sex. Appuleius	7 _____	_____	_____
4691	726	290	2	731	23	C. Cæsar 7	8 _____	_____	_____
4692	727	291	3	732	22	M. Agrippa 2	9 _____	_____	_____
4693	728	292	4	733	21	C. Cæsar 8	10 _____	_____	_____
4694	729	293	190.1	734	20	C. Cæsar 9	11 _____	_____	_____
4695	730	294	2	735	19	T. Statilius Taurus	12 _____	_____	_____
4696	731	295	3	736	18	C. Cæsar Aug. 8	13 _____	_____	_____
4697	732	296	4	737	17	C. Cæsar Aug. 9	14 _____	_____	_____
4698	733	297	191.1	738	16	M. Junius Silanus	15 _____	_____	_____
4699	734	298	2	739	15	L. D. Ahenobarbus	16 _____	_____	_____
4700	735	299	3	740	14	P. Corn. Scipio	17 _____	_____	_____
4701	736	300	4	741	13	M. Liv. Drusus Libo	18 _____	_____	_____
4702	737	301	192.1	742	12	L. Calpurnius Piso	19 _____	_____	_____
4703	738	302	2	743	11	M. Licinius Crassus	20 _____	_____	_____
4704	739	303	3	744	10	Cn. C. Lentul. Augur.	21 _____	_____	_____
4705	740	304	4	745	9	Ti. Claudius Nero	22 _____	_____	_____
4706	741	305	193.1	746	8	P. Quinctilius Varus	23 _____	_____	_____
4707	742	306	2	747	7	M. Valer. Messalla	24 _____	_____	_____
4708	743	307	3	748	6	P. Sulpic. Quirinus	25 _____	_____	_____
4709	744	308	4	749	5	Q. Ælius Tubero	26 _____	_____	_____
4710	745	309	194.1	750	4	Paul. Fabius Max.	27 _____	_____	_____
4711	746	310	2	751	3	Julius Antonius	28 _____	_____	_____
4712	747	311	3	752	2	Q. Fabius Max. Afr.	29 _____	_____	_____
4713	748	312	4	753	1	Nero Claud. Drusus	30 _____	_____	_____
						T. O. Crisp. Volcanus	31 _____	_____	_____
						C. Marc. Censorinus	32 _____	_____	_____
						C. Asinius Gallus	33 _____	_____	_____
						Ti. Claudius Nero 2	34 _____	_____	_____
						Cn. Calpurn. Piso	35 _____	_____	_____
						C. Antistius Viter	36 _____	_____	_____
						D. Lælius Balbus	37 _____	_____	_____
						C. Cæsar Aug. 12			
						L. Corn. Sulla			
						C. Calv. Sabinus 2			
						L. Passienus Rufus			
						Cn. Corn. Lentulus			
						M. Val. Messallinus			
						C. Cæsar Aug. 13			
						M. Flaui. Sylvanus			
						Cn. C. Lentulus Cos.			
						L. Calpurnius Piso			

*** The materials for the next four centuries being considerably lessened, the Tables are continued in single pages, but without the Parallel Years, which are given collectively in the Table preceding them for the same period. "Such a Table was the more necessary because Blair (in the folio edition) only carried the years of Nabonnassar and the Olympiads down to the Christian Era, and has not given the years of the Seleucidæ at all." Fasti Hellenici III. Introd.

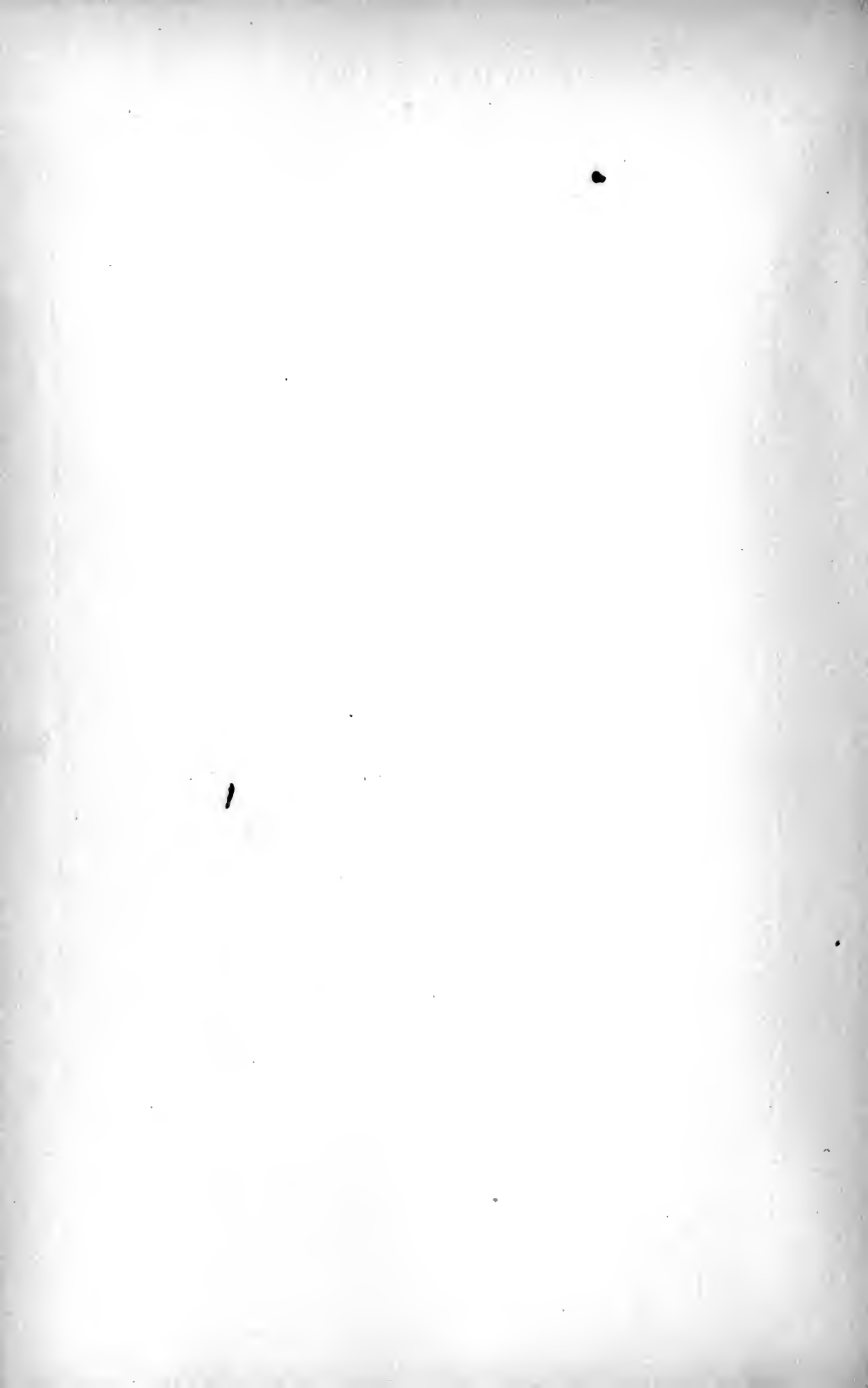
Kings — Priests of the Jews	GREEK WRITERS	ROMAN REPUBLIC	ROMAN AUTHORS
11. Ariobar. II.		Measures of Pompey against Cæsar.—Commencement of the civil war.	Sallust expelled the Senate.—Death of Hortensius
17. Aristobulus II.	Theophanes of Lesbos is in the service of Pompey	Cæsar occupies Ariminum.—He is deserted by Labienus.—Cæsar pursues Pompey, who leaves Italy.—Cæsar in Spain.	Cicero returns to Rome.—Death of Curio.—Varro lieutenant in Spain
18. —		Battle of Pharsalia, June.—Flight and death of Pompey.—Alexandrine war.	Cicero arrives at Brundisium from Pharsalia.—Lenæus, gram. fl.
19. —		War with and defeat of Pharnaces.—Cæsar Dictator.—His arrival in Italy.—Sedition in his troops.—Expedition into Africa.	Cicero and Cæsar at Brundisium.—C. Julius Hyginus fl.
20. —		Battle of Thapsus.—Death of Cato.—Four triumphs of Cæsar.—Cæsar made Dictator for ten years.—Reformation of the Calendar.	Cicero 'Brutus,' 'pro Marcello,' 'pro Ligario.'—Sallust, prætor
21. —	Juba, the historian is brought to Rome; Didymus, the grammarian, is his opponent	War in Spain against the sons of Pompey.—Altegua taken by Cæsar.—Battle of Munda.—Cæsar returns to Rome.	Cicero 'de Oratore,' 'pro Deiotaro,' Curtius Nicias, fl.—Pollio in Spain
22. —	Sosigenes of Alexandria, math. fl.	Cæsar made Dictator for life.—Is assassinated, Mar. 15, æt. 55.—Octavianus arrives from Apollonia.—Antony proceeds to Cisalpine Gaul.	Cicero's 'Phil.' I—IV.—His philosophical works
23. —	Cratippus the peripatetic fl.—Apollodorus of Pergamus is the preceptor of Octavius.—By the rule of adoption, the name of Octavius now became C. Julius Cæsar Octavianus	Battles of Mutina.—Junction of Lepidus and Antony, May 28.—Second Triumvirate.—Death of Cicero, Dec. 7.	Cicero's 'Phil.' V—XIV.—Death of Laberius.—Birth of Ovid.—Death of Cicero.—Varro proscribed
24. —		First battle of Philippi, death of Cassius.—Second battle, death of Brutus.—Interview of Antony and Cleopatra on the Cydnus.	Horace is present at Philippi.—Death of Cornificius poeta
25. Ariarthis VII.		Contest of Octavianus with Lucius Antony at Perusia, and ruin of the party of his brother Marc Antony in Italy.	
26. —			
Herod the Great	Hybreas the orator opposes Labienus at Mylasa	Labienus and the Parthians invade Syria and sack Jerusalem.—Pacification of parties, and marriage of Antony and Octavia.	Cornelius Nepos flourished
3. —		Octavianus and Antony conclude peace with Sextus Pompeius.—Labienus defeated by Ventidius.—Antony in repose at Athens.	Birth of Atteius, philol.
4. —		Unsuccessful war with the younger Pompey.—Victory of Ventidius in Parthia.—Antony in Italy.—Sossius takes Jerusalem.	Varro 'De re rustica,' æt. 80
Archelaus	Conon, hist. flourished	Agrippa crosses the Rhine.—Conference of Antony and Octavianus near Tarentum.—Octavianus prepares to invade Sicily.	The Furnii flourished
6. —		War with Sextus Pompeius.—Naval defeat of Pompey.—Fall of Lepidus.—Disastrous retreat of Antony in Parthia.	Death of Bavius
7. —		Death of Sextus Pompeius.—War of Octavianus with the Illyrians and Pannonians.	Death of Sallust
8. —	The Octavian library founded	Antony invades Armenia and takes Artabazus prisoner.—Campaign of Octavianus in Dalmatia.—Campaign of Messalla.	Horatii 'Sat.' II. 6. 40. æt. 32.—Birth of C. Melissus of Spoleto
9. —	The libraries at Pergamus are said by Plutarch to contain 200,000 vols.	Media and Armenia conquered by the Parthians.—Antony in Egypt.—Agrippa, now ædile, restores the public edifices of Rome.	Death of Atticus, æt. 77
10. —	Tyrannio the younger is brought to Rome.—Nicetes, rhetor. fl.	Rupture between Antony and Octavianus.—Preparations for war.	Horatii 'Epod.' I. 9. 11. 7, æt. 34
11. —	Athenodorus, the preceptor of Augustus, governs Tarsus	Battle of Actium.—Flight of Cleopatra and Antony.—Victory of Octavianus.—Passing through Athens and Asia, he returns to Italy.	Cornelius Gallus is prefect of Egypt
12. —	Dionysius of Halicarnassus, the historian, comes to Italy; Cæcilius is his contemporary	Octavianus gains Antony's fleet.—Death of Antony.—Death of Cleopatra. Egypt reduced to a Roman province.	Death of Varro, æt. 88
13. —	Anaxilaüs, the Pythagorean, is exiled	Octavianus takes the title of Prince of the Senate.—The Temple of Janus is shut a third time.	Horatii 'Carm.' I. 2. æt. 38.—Vitrivius, fl.—Tibullus in Aquitania
14. —		The acts of the Triumvirate are annulled.—Census taken for the whole empire, about 16,500,000 persons.	Birth of Q. Cæcilius Epirota.—Propercius fl.
15. —		Octavianus accepts the government for ten years.—He receives the title of Augustus and Imperator.	Horatii 'Carm.' II. 4. 23, æt. 40.—Munatius Plancus, orat. fl.
16. —		Conspiracy and death of Cornelius Gallus.—The Temple of Janus is reopened.	Quintilius Cremonensis, poeta, ob.—Virgil employed upon the Æneid
17. —	Strabo, æt. 30	Cantabrian war.—The Temple of Janus is shut a second time by Augustus.	Horatii 'Carm.' lib. II.
18. —	Nestor of Tarsus, the grammarian and preceptor of Marcellus, fl.	Augustus returns from Spain.	Virgil recit. 'Tu Marcellus eris,'
19. —	Athenæus peripat. fl.—Pylades mimus fl.	Death of Marcellus.—Embassy from Parthia.	Horatii 'Epist.' I. 20. 27, æt. 44.—Atratinus, orat. fl.
20. —		Conspiracy and death of Murena.	Horatii 'Epist.' I. 3.
21. —		Augustus visits Italy and Greece, and winters at Samos.	Death of Virgil, æt. 50
22. —		The Roman standards restored by Phraartes.—Augustus visits the East and receives an Indian embassy at Samos.	Death of Tibullus, æt. 40
23. —		The Cantabri finally subdued.—Augustus returns from Samos to Rome.	Horatii 'Carmen Seculare.'—Porcius Latro, the preceptor of Ovid, fl.
24. —		Augustus accepts the empire for ten years.	Death of Æmilius Macer the elder, poeta
25. —	Nicolaüs Damascenus, the historian, is in favour with Herod	Ludi Sæculares.—Agrippa is sent into Syria.	Horatii 'Carm.' IV. 1. 6, æt. 50
26. —		Augustus proceeds into Gaul.—Agrippa passes over to Asia.	Cestius, the rhetorician, fl.
27. —		Augustus in Gaul.—Rhætia subdued by Tiberius and Drusus.	
28. —		Disturbances in the Bosphorus appeased by Agrippa.	
29. —		Augustus returns from Gaul and Agrippa from Asia.	
30. —		Death of Lepidus.—Augustus succeeds him as Pontifex Maximus.—Death of Agrippa.—Drusus in Germany.	
31. —		Second campaign of Drusus in Germany and of Tiberius in Dalmatia. Death of Octavia.	
32. —		Third campaign of Drusus in Germany.—Augustus in Gaul.—Birth of Claudius.	Death of Passienus, orat. fl.
33. —		Fourth campaign of Drusus.—His death, July 20.	Livy ends his history
34. —	Dionysius Halicarnassus completes his history	Tiberius takes the command in Germany.—Peace ensues.—Augustus accepts the empire a third time for ten years.—Death of Mæcenas.	Death of Horace, æt. 56
35. —	Theodorus of Gadara, the grammarian, is heard by Tiberius at Rhodes	Triumph of Tiberius.—Augustus corrects the Calendar; the month Sextiles named Augustus.	Albutius Silo, rhet. fl.
36. —		Tiberius receives the 'Tribunician power for five years.—He retires to Rhodes.	M. Tullius Tiro fl.
Arche-laüs		THE NATIVITY OF OUR SAVIOUR, Dec. 25.	Death of Porcius Latro.—Melissus of Spoleto, gram. fl.
		Eclipse observed at Jerusalem, Mar. 13.—Illness and death of Herod.	Ovidii 'de Arte Amandi'
		Birth of Galba.—Archelaus, Ethnarch of Judea.	
		Banishment of Julia to the isle of Pandatarium.	
		Caius Cæsar is sent into the East.	



Jul. Period	Nabonassar	Seleucidæ	Olympiads	Y. of Rome	Anno Dom.	Jul. Period	Nabonassar	Seleucidæ	Olympiads	Y. of Rome	Anno Dom.	Jul. Period	Nabonassar	Seleucidæ	Olympiads	Y. of Rome	Anno Dom.	Jul. Period	Nabonassar	Seleucidæ	Olympiads
4714	749	313	195.1	754	1	4764	799	363	207.3	804	51	4814	849	413	220.1	854	101	4864	899	463	232.3
4715	750	314	2	755	2	4765	800	364	4	805	52	4815	850	414	2	855	102	4865	900	464	4
4716	751	315	3	756	3	4766	801	365	208.1	806	53	4816	851	415	3	856	103	4866	901	465	233.1
4717	752	316	4	757	4	4767	802	366	2	807	54	4817	852	416	4	857	104	4867	902	466	2
4718	753	317	196.1	758	5	4768	803	367	3	808	55	4818	853	417	221.1	858	105	4868	903	467	3
4719	754	318	2	759	6	4769	804	368	4	809	56	4819	854	418	2	859	106	4869	904	468	4
4720	755	319	3	760	7	4770	805	369	209.1	810	57	4820	855	419	3	860	107	4870	905	469	234.1
4721	756	320	4	761	8	4771	806	370	2	811	58	4821	856	420	4	861	108	4871	906	470	2
4722	757	321	197.1	762	9	4772	807	371	3	812	59	4822	857	421	222.1	862	109	4872	907	471	3
4723	758	322	2	763	10	4773	808	372	4	813	60	4823	858	422	2	863	110	4873	908	472	4
4724	759	323	3	764	11	4774	809	373	210.1	814	61	4824	859	423	3	864	111	4874	909	473	235.1
4725	760	324	4	765	12	4775	810	374	2	815	62	4825	860	424	4	865	112	4875	910	474	2
4726	761	325	198.1	766	13	4776	811	375	3	816	63	4826	861	425	223.1	866	113	4876	911	475	3
4727	762	326	2	767	14	4777	812	376	4	817	64	4827	862	426	2	867	114	4877	912	476	4
4728	763	327	3	768	15	4778	813	377	211.1	818	65	4828	863	427	3	868	115	4878	913	477	236.1
4729	764	328	4	769	16	4779	814	378	2	819	66	4829	864	428	4	869	116	4879	914	478	2
4730	765	329	199.1	770	17	4780	815	379	3	820	67	4830	865	429	224.1	870	117	4880	915	479	3
4731	766	330	2	771	18	4781	816	380	4	821	68	4831	866	430	2	871	118	4881	916	480	4
4732	767	331	3	772	19	4782	817	381	212.1	822	69	4832	867	431	3	872	119	4882	917	481	237.1
4733	768	332	4	773	20	4783	818	382	2	823	70	4833	868	432	4	873	120	4883	918	482	2
4734	769	333	200.1	774	21	4784	819	383	3	824	71	4834	869	433	225.1	874	121	4884	919	483	3
4735	770	334	2	775	22	4785	820	384	4	825	72	4835	870	434	2	875	122	4885	920	484	4
4736	771	335	3	776	23	4786	821	385	213.1	826	73	4836	871	435	3	876	123	4886	921	485	238.1
4737	772	336	4	777	24	4787	822	386	2	827	74	4837	872	436	4	877	124	4887	922	486	2
4738	773	337	201.1	778	25	4788	823	387	3	828	75	4838	873	437	226.1	878	125	4888	923	487	3
4739	774	338	2	779	26	4789	824	388	4	829	76	4839	874	438	2	879	126	4889	924	488	4
4740	775	339	3	780	27	4790	825	389	214.1	830	77	4840	875	439	3	880	127	4890	925	489	239.1
4741	776	340	4	781	28	4791	826	390	2	831	78	4841	876	440	4	881	128	4891	926	490	2
4742	777	341	202.1	782	29	4792	827	391	3	832	79	4842	877	441	227.1	882	129	4892	927	491	3
4743	778	342	2	783	30	4793	828	392	4	833	80	4843	878	442	2	883	130	4893	928	492	4
4744	779	343	3	784	31	4794	829	393	215.1	834	81	4844	879	443	3	884	131	4894	929	493	240.1
4745	780	344	4	785	32	4795	830	394	2	835	82	4845	880	444	4	885	132	4895	930	494	2
4746	781	345	203.1	786	33	4796	831	395	3	836	83	4846	881	445	228.1	886	133	4896	931	495	3
4747	782	346	2	787	34	4797	832	396	4	837	84	4847	882	446	2	887	134	4897	932	496	4
4748	783	347	3	788	35	4798	833	397	216.1	838	85	4848	883	447	3	888	135	4898	933	497	241.1
4749	784	348	4	789	36	4799	834	398	2	839	86	4849	884	448	4	889	136	4899	934	498	2
4750	785	349	204.1	790	37	4800	835	399	3	840	87	4850	885	449	229.1	890	137	4900	935	499	3
4751	786	350	2	791	38	4801	836	400	4	841	88	4851	886	450	2	891	138	4901	936	500	4
4752	787	351	3	792	39	4802	837	401	217.1	842	89	4852	887	451	3	892	139	4902	937	501	242.1
4753	788	352	4	793	40	4803	838	402	2	843	90	4853	888	452	4	893	140	4903	938	502	2
4754	789	353	205.1	794	41	4804	839	403	3	844	91	4854	889	453	230.1	894	141	4904	939	503	3
4755	790	354	2	795	42	4805	840	404	4	845	92	4855	890	454	2	895	142	4905	940	504	4
4756	791	355	3	796	43	4806	841	405	218.1	846	93	4856	891	455	3	896	143	4906	941	505	243.1
4757	792	356	4	797	44	4807	842	406	2	847	94	4857	892	456	4	897	144	4907	942	506	2
4758	793	357	206.1	798	45	4808	843	407	3	848	95	4858	893	457	231.1	898	145	4908	943	507	3
4759	794	358	2	799	46	4809	844	408	4	849	96	4859	894	458	2	899	146	4909	944	508	4
4760	795	359	3	800	47	4810	845	409	219.1	850	97	4860	895	459	3	900	147	4910	945	509	244.1
4761	796	360	4	801	48	4811	846	410	2	851	98	4861	896	460	4	901	148	4911	946	510	2
4762	797	361	207.1	802	49	4812	847	411	3	852	99	4862	897	461	232.1	902	149	4912	947	511	3
4763	798	362	2	803	50	4813	848	412	4	853	100	4863	898	462	2	903	150	4913	948	512	4

Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of Rome	Arsacidae of Parthia	Kings of Cappadocia	LEARNING AND GENIUS	ROMAN EMPIRE	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
4714	1	32 Augustus	38 Phraates IV.	37 Archelaus	Sextus the Pythagorean	War in Germany.	
4715	2	33 —	39 —	38 —		Interview of Caius Cæsar with Phraates.—Return of Tiberius to Rome.—Death of Lucius Cæsar. Augustus accepts the Empire for a fourth period of ten years.	
4716	3	34 —	40 —	39 —		Death of Caius in Lycia.—Adoption of Tiberius. His first campaign in Germany.	
4717	4	35 —	41 —	40 —	Phædrus	Second campaign of Tiberius in Germany.—A famine this year.	
4718	5	36 —	42 —	41 —		Third campaign of Tiberius.—Revolt of Pannonia and Dalmatia.	
4719	6	37 —	43 —	42 —		Germanicus is sent into Germany.—The Illyrian War.	
4720	7	38 —	44 —	43 —	Philistion mimograph.	Christ visits the Temple.—The Pannonians submit to the Romans.	Germanicus, ob.
4721	8	39 —	45 —	44 —	Asinius Gallus, ob. 33	Defeat and death of Quintilius Varus by Arminius. Birth of Vespasian.	
4722	9	40 —	46 —	45 —		Tiberius again sent into Germany, crosses the Rhine, and ravages the country.	Arminius, Germanicus, ob.
4723	10	41 —	47 —	46 —			
4724	11	42 —	48 —	47 —	Death of Livy	Tiberius retires to Gaul.	
4725	12	43 —	49 —	48 —	Sotion phil. the preceptor of Seneca	Triumph of Tiberius.—Birth of Caligula.—Germanicus chief in command on the Rhine.	
4726	13	44 —	1 Phraates	49 —		Augustus accepts the Empire a fifth time for ten years.	
4727	14	1 Tiberius	1 Orodes II.	50 —		Death of Augustus at Nola in Campania, æt. 75.	
4728	15	2 —	1 Vonones I.	— Regency from Rome	Velleius Paternulus, ob. 31	The destruction of the bridge on the Rhine prevented by Agrippina.	
4729	16	3 —	2 —			Germanicus gains two battles over Arminius.—He is recalled.	
4730	17	4 —	3 —		Cornelius Celsus	Triumph of Germanicus.—Earthquake in Asia, 12 cities destroyed.—Death of Arminius.	Drusus, son of Tiberius
4731	18	5 —	1 Artabanus II.	— Cappadocia a Roman province	Strabo still employed upon his geography	Expedition of Germanicus and Piso to the East. Cappadocia reduced to a Roman province.	Agrippina, wife of Germanicus
4732	19	6 —	2 —			Death of Germanicus at Antioch.—Piso ejected from Syria by Sentius.	
4733	20	7 —	3 —			Agrippina lands at Brundisium with the ashes of Germanicus.—Death of Piso.	
4734	21	8 —	4 —			Revolt of the Gauls, who are subdued by Silius.	
4735	22	9 —	5 —				Sejanus, minister of Tiberius
4736	23	10 —	6 —		Valerius Maximus	Death of Drusus by Sejanus.	
4737	24	11 —	7 —			War in Africa ended by Dolabella.	
4738	25	12 —	8 —				
4739	26	13 —	9 —			The Thracians conquered by Sabinus.—Tiberius finally leaves Rome for Caprea.	
4740	27	14 —	10 —				
4741	28	15 —	11 —			Revolt of the Frisians and defeat of Apronius.	
4742	29	16 —	12 —		Thrasyllus phil. ob. 36	The ministry of John the Baptist.—Death of the Empress Livia.	
4743	30	17 —	13 —			Banishment of Agrippina and the sons of Germanicus.—Power of Sejanus.	
4744	31	18 —	14 —			Fall and death of Sejanus.	
4745	32	19 —	15 —		Columella		Macro, minister of Tiberius
4746	33	20 —	16 —		Apion of Alexandria	THE CRUCIFIXION, April 3.—Death of Agrippina.	
4747	34	21 —	17 —				
4748	35	22 —	18 —				
4749	36	23 —	19 Tiridates			Martyrdom of St. Stephen.—Elevation and fall of Tiridates King of Parthia.	Flaccus, governor of Britain
4750	37	1 Caligula	20 —			Conversion of St. Paul.—Death of Tiberius, æt. 77.	
4751	38	2 —	21 —			The Hebrew Gospel of St. Matthew written about this time.	Helicon, minister of Caligula
4752	39	3 —	22 —		Philo Judæus		
4753	40	4 —	23 —				
4754	41	1 Claudius I.	24 —			Conspiracy of Chærea.—Death of Caligula.—Elevation of Claudius.—Death of Chærea.	
4755	42	2 —	25 —				
4756	43	3 —	1 Vardanes			Expeditions of Plautius and Claudius into Britain.	Empress Messalina
4757	44	4 —	2 —				Narcissus, minister of Claudius
4758	45	5 —	3 —		Pomponius Mela	Thrace becomes a Roman province.	Pallas, minister of Claudius
4759	46	6 —	4 —				
4760	47	7 —	1 Gotarzes			Ludi Seculares.—Expedition of Ostorius.—Canal formed between the Rhine and the Maes.	Caractacus, King of Britain
4761	48	8 —	2 —			Death of Messalina.	
4762	49	9 —	3 —				
4763	50	10 —	1 Vonones II. 1 Vologeses			Adoption of Nero by Claudius.—Cologne founded by Agrippina.	Ostorius, Roman governor of Britain

Anno Dom.	Emperors of Rome	Arsacidæ of Parthia	Bishops of Rome.	LEARNING AND GENIUS	ROMAN EMPIRE	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
51	11 Claudius I.	2 Vologeses			Caractacus carried in chains before the tribunal of Claudius.	Empress Agrippina, ob. 59
52	12 —	3 —		Seneca, ob. æt. 63, 65		Corbulo, governor of Armenia, ob. 66
53	13 —	4 —			Nero pleads before the Emperor.	
54	1 Nero	5 —			Death of Claudius by Agrippina.	Burrhus, minister to Nero, ob. 62
55	2 —	6 —			Death of Britannicus.	
56	3 —	7 —				
57	4 —	8 —		Persius		
58	5 —	9 —				Thrasea Pætus ob. 66
59	6 —	10 —			Death of Agrippina by Nero.	
60	7 —	11 —				Boadicea Queen of the Iceni
61	8 —	12 —		Petronius Arbitr, ob. cir. 66	St. Paul shipwrecked at Malta.—Boadicea defeated by Suetonius.	
62	9 —	13 —		Lucan, 37—65	The Greek Gospel of St. Matthew written about this time.—Octavia put to death.	Suetonius Paulinus, governor of Britain
63	10 —	14 —			The Gospels of St. Mark and St. Luke about this time.—Embassy from Volgases to Nero.	
64	11 —	15 —		Quintus Curtius	Conflagration of Rome.—First persecution of the Christians.	Tigellinus, minister to Nero, ob. 66
65	12 —	16 —			Conspiracy and death of Piso.—Seneca, Lucan, and others put to death.	Gessius Florus, governor of Judea
66	13 —	17 —	1 Linus	Pliny the Elder, 22—79	Martyrdom of St. Peter and St. Paul.—Nero proceeds to the games of Greece.	
67	14 —	18 —	2 —		Vespasian enters Judea, and subdues Galilee.—Nero returns to Rome.	
68	1 Galba	19 —	3 —		Revolt of Vindex.—The Empire declined by Virginius.—Elevation of Galba.—Death of Nero.	Piso, favourite of Galba, ob. 69
69	1 Otho 1 Vitellius	20 —	4 —		Death of Galba.—Otho defeated at Bedriacum.—Surrender of Cremona to the army of Vespasian.	Mucianus, minister to Vespasian
70	2 Vespasian	21 —	5 —		Jerusalem taken and destroyed by Titus, Sept. 7.	
71	3 —	22 —	6 —	Flavius Josephus, ob. æt. 56, 93	The Temple of Janus is shut.	
72	4 —	23 —	7 —		Antiochus King of Commagene subdued.—Commagene becomes a Roman province.	Lupus, governor of Egypt
73	5 —	24 —	8 —	Julius Frontinus, geomet.	The Philosophers expelled from Rome.	
74	6 —	25 —	9 —	Silius Italicus		
75	7 —	26 —	10 —		Dedication of the Temple of Peace.	
76	8 —	27 —	11 —	Arcanius Pedianus, gram.		
77	9 —	28 —	12 —			Julius Agricola, 40—93
78	10 —	29 —	1 Anacletus		Agricola sent into Britain.	
79	1 Titus	30 —	2 —		Death of Vespasian.—Destruction of Pompeii and Herculaneum by the eruption of Vesuvius.	
80	2 —	31 —	3 —		Great pestilence and conflagration in Rome.—Destruction of the Capitol recently built.	
81	1 Domitian	1 Artabanus III.	4 —	Martial, ob. æt. 75, 104	Death of Titus.	
82	2 —	2 —	5 —			
83	3 —	3 —	6 —	Apollonius Tyanæus, the Pythagorean, ob. 97	The Caledonians defeated by Agricola.	Lucius Antonius, general in Germany, ob. 92
84	4 —	4 —	7 —	Valerius Flaccus	Agricola returns to Rome from Britain.	
85	5 —	5 —	8 —		Institution of the Capitoline games.—War against the Dacii.	Cornelius Fuscus, Prætorian prefect
86	6 —	6 —	9 —	Solinus, gram.		
87	7 —	7 —	10 —			
88	8 —	8 —	11 —	Epictetus, ob. cir. 161	Ludi Seculares.	
89	9 —	9 —	12 —	Quintilian, cir. 42—95	The Astrologers banished from Rome	
90	10 —	1 Pacorus	13 —		The Dacian war ended.	
91	11 —	2 —	1 Clement I.	Stattius, ob. 96		
92	12 —	3 —	2 —		Revolt of L. Antonius on the Upper Rhine.	Maximus, general in Germany
93	13 —	4 —	3 —	St. Ignatius, ob. 108	Death of Agricola.—War with the Sarmatians.	
94	14 —	5 —	4 —	Tacitus, ob. post. 99		Julian, governor in Britain
95	15 —	6 —	5 —		The second persecution of the Christians.	
96	1 Nerva	7 —	6 —	Juvenal, ob. 128	Domitian put to death by Stephanus, Sept 18, æt. 44.	Calphurnius Crassus
97	2 —	8 —	7 —		Death of Virginius.—Sedition of the Prætorians.	Decebalus, king of Dacia
98	1 Trajan	9 —	8 —	Menelaus of Alexandria	St. John writes his Gospel and the Apocalypse about this time.—Death of Nerva.	
99	2 —	10 —	9 —		Trajan returns to Rome from Germany.	
100	3 —	11 —	1 Evaristus			





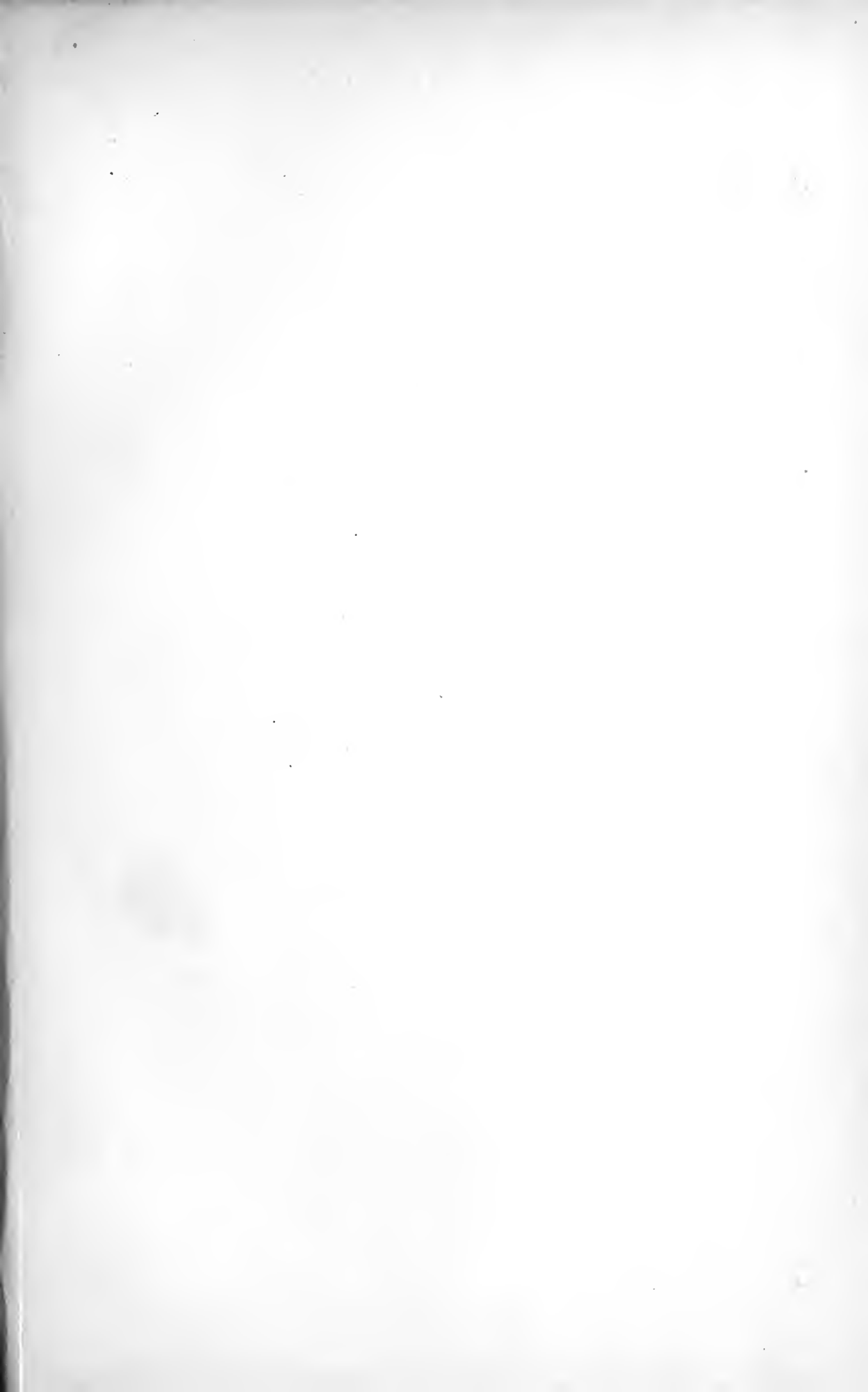
Jul. Period	Anno Dom.	Emperors of Rome	Arsacidæ of Parthia	Bishops of Rome	LEARNING AND GENIUS	ROMAN EMPIRE	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
4814	101	4 Trajan	12 Pacorus	2 Evaristus		War with the Dacii.—Peace granted to Decebalus.	Licinius Sura, Prefect
4815	102	5 —	13 —	3 —		Pliny is proconsul of Bithynia and Pontus.—His letter concerning the Christians to Trajan.	Palma, governor of
4816	103	6 —	14 —	4 —	Pliny the Younger, ob. cir. 110	Dacia reduced by Trajan to a Roman province.	Marcellus, minister
4817	104	7 —	15 —	5 —		Trajan erects a bridge over the Danube.	
4818	105	8 —	16 —	6 —	Dion Chrysostom	Conquest of Arabia Petraea by Cornelius Palma.	
4819	106	9 —	1 Khosrou	7 —	Philo Biblius, ob. æt. 80, 133	War against the Parthians.—Trajan passes over to the East.	
4820	107	10 —	2 —	8 —		Conquest of Armenia by Trajan.—Third persecution of the Christians.	Empress Plotina,
4821	108	11 —	3 —	9 —			
4822	109	12 —	4 —	1 Alexander I.	Plutarch, ob. cir. 120		
4823	110	13 —	5 —	2 —			
4824	111	14 —	6 —	3 —	Suetonius, ob. post 117		
4825	112	15 —	7 —	4 —			
4826	113	16 —	8 —	5 —			Maximus,
4827	114	17 —	9 —	6 —	Ælian, cir. 80—140	Trajan's column erected at Rome.—The war against the Parthians renewed.	
4828	115	18 —	10 —	7 —		Conquest of Assyria.—Surrender of Ctesiphon and Susa.	
4829	116	19 —	11 —	8 —	Florus	Revolt of the Asiatic provinces.	
4830	117	1 Hadrian	12 —	9 —	Theon of Smyrna, astron.	Loss of the conquests in the East.—Death of Trajan in Cilicia, Aug. 10, æt. 64.	Empress Sabina
4831	118	2 —	13 —	10 —		Hadrian passes through Illyria to Rome.—The fourth persecution of the Christians.	Marcus Turbo, gov. Judea
4832	119	3 —	14 —	1 Sixtus I.	Favorinus, phil.		
4833	120	4 —	15 —	2 —		Hadrian passes into Gaul and Germany.	
4834	121	5 —	1 Vologeses II.	3 —		Hadrian passes into Britain.—The Vallum Hadriani from Carlisle to Newcastle built.	Julius Severus, gov. Britain
4835	122	6 —	2 —	4 —	Phlegon the Trallian		
4836	123	7 —	3 —	5 —			Minucius Fundanus, consul in Asia
4837	124	8 —	4 —	6 —			
4838	125	9 —	5 —	7 —			
4839	126	10 —	6 —	8 —			
4840	127	11 —	7 —	1 Telesphorus	Aristides of Athens		Antinous,
4841	128	12 —	8 —	2 —	Aquila, the Interpreter		
4842	129	13 —	9 —	3 —			
4843	130	14 —	10 —	4 —	Salvius Julianus, jurisc. ob. post. 148	Jerusalem rebuilt by Hadrian.	
4844	131	15 —	11 —	5 —	St. Polycarp, ob. 167	Revolt of the Jews.	Barchochebas, the
4845	132	16 —	12 —	6 —			
4846	133	17 —	13 —	7 —	Claudius Ptolemy, geog. cir. 70—161		
4847	134	18 —	14 —	8 —	Marcion of Sinope		
4848	135	19 —	15 —	9 —		The Jewish war ends.	
4849	136	20 —	16 —	10 —	Arrian		Ceionius Commodus
4850	137	21 —	17 —	11 —			
4851	138	1 Antoninus Pius	18 —	12 —		Adoption of Titus Antoninus by Hadrian, Feb. 25.	
4852	139	2 —	19 —	1 Hyginus	Justin Martyr, ob. 164	Death of Hadrian at Baie, July 10, æt. 72.	
4853	140	3 —	20 —	2 —		Marriage of Marcus Aurelius with Faustina, daughter of Antoninus.	
4854	141	4 —	21 —	3 —		Death of the Empress Faustina.	
4855	142	5 —	22 —	1 Pius I.			
4856	143	6 —	23 —	2 —	Appian, the historian		Herodes Atticus, ob.
4857	144	7 —	24 —	3 —			Empress Galeria Fa
4858	145	8 —	25 —	4 —	Polyænus 'Strategemata'	Antoninus defeats the Moors, the Germans, and the Dacians.	
4859	146	9 —	26 —	5 —	Artemidorus Daldianus		Claudius Maximus, sul of Africa
4860	147	10 —	27 —	6 —	Lucius Apuleius	Ludi Seculares.	
4861	148	11 —	28 —	7 —	Justin, historian		
4862	149	12 —	29 —	8 —	Aulus Gellius		
4863	150	13 —	30 —	9 —			

Anno Dom.	Emperors of Rome	Arsacide of Parthia	Bishops of Rome	LEARNING AND GENIUS	ROMAN EMPIRE	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
151	14 Antoninus Pius	31 Vologesos II.	10 Pius I.	Maximus Tyrius, ob. cir. 180		
152	15 ———	32 ———	11 ———		Rescript from Antoninus to the proconsul of Asia in favour of the Christians.	
153	16 ———	33 ———	12 ———	Pausanias, ob. post 173		Lollius Urbicus, governor of Britain
154	17 ———	34 ———	13 ———			
155	18 ———	35 ———	14 ———			
156	19 ———	36 ———	15 ———	Diophantus of Alexandria, mathemat.	Attilius Titianus put to death for conspiring to obtain the empire.	
157	20 ———	37 ———	1 Anicetus			
158	21 ———	38 ———	2 ———	Lucian, cir. 90—180		
159	22 ———	39 ———	3 ———			
160	23 ——— [us]	40 ———	4 ———			
161	1 M. Aurel. L. Verus 1	41 ———	5 ———	Hermogenes of Tarsus, rhetorician	Death of Antoninus Pius, Mar. 7, æt. 75.	
162	2 ——— 2	42 ———	6 ———		War with the Parthians.	
163	3 ——— 3	43 ———	7 ———	Galen, 131—201		
164	4 ——— 4	44 ———	8 ———			
165	5 ——— 5	———	9 ———		Sack and conflagration of Seleucia by the Romans. Peace with Parthia.	Statius Priscus, general to Aurelius
166	6 ——— 6	———	10 ———			
167	7 ——— 7	———	11 ———			
168	8 ———	———	1 Soter	Athenagoras, the Christian philosopher, ob. 177	Death of Lucius Verus.	
169	9 ———	———	2 ———		War with the Marcomanni.	Empress Faustina, ob. 175
170	10 ———	———	3 ———	Theophilus, Bp. of Antioch, ob. 182		
171	11 ———	———	4 ———	Tatian		Avidius Cassius, the Syrian, ob. 175
172	12 ———	———	5 ———	Athenæus of Naucratis, ob. cir. 194		
173	13 ———	———	6 ———	Montanus, sectarian		
174	14 ———	———	7 ———		War with the Marcomanni and the Vandals ended.	
175	15 ———	———	8 ———		Revolt of Avidius Cassius, who is slain.—Death of the Empress Faustina.	
176	16 ———	———	9 ———			Lucilla, sister to Commodus, ob. 183
177	17 ———	———	1 Eleutherus	Diogenes Laertius, ob. cir. 222	War with the Marcomanni renewed.—Smyrna destroyed by an earthquake.	
178	18 ———	———	2 ———			
179	19 ———	———	3 ———			
180	1 Commodus	———	4 ———		Death of Marcus Aurelius at Sirmium, Mar. 17, æt. 59.	
181	2 ———	———	5 ———			Perennis, minister to Commodus, ob. 186
182	3 ———	———	6 ———	St. Irenæus, ob. 202		
183	4 ———	———	7 ———	Theodotion, the Interpreter	Lucilla, sister to Commodus, exiled and put to death for conspiracy.	Ulpian Marcellus, governor of Britain
184	5 ———	———	8 ———			
185	6 ———	———	9 ———			
186	7 ———	———	10 ———	Julius Pollux, ob. cir. 176	Perennis sacrificed by Commodus at the instigation of the British legions.	Marcia, favourite of Commodus
187	8 ———	———	11 ———			
188	9 ———	———	12 ———			Cleander, minister to Commodus, ob. 189
189	10 ———	———	13 ———		Sedition and death of Cleander.	
190	11 ———	———	14 ———			Electus and Lætus, ministers to Commodus
191	12 ———	———	15 ———			
192	13 ———	—Vologesos III.	16 ———		Death of Commodus by strangulation, Dec. 31, æt. 31.	Clodius Albinus, governor of Britain, ob. 198
193	1 Pertinax Julian	———	1 Victor I.		Murder of Pertinax, Mar. 28.—Elevation of Septimius Severus, Apr. 13.—Deposition and death of Julian, June 2.	
194	2 S. Severus	———	2 ———			
195	3 ———	———	3 ———		Battle of Issus.—Pescennius Niger defeated by Septimius Severus.—Disputes respecting Easter	
196	4 ———	———	4 ———	Tertullian, ob. cir. 222	Byzantium surrendered after a three years' siege to the generals of Severus.	
197	5 ———	———	5 ———		Battle of Lyons, Claudius Albinus defeated by Severus, Feb. 19.	
198	6 ———	———	6 ———		Ctesiphon taken by assault by Severus.	Numerianus, general to Severus
199	7 ———	1 Artabanus IV.	7 ———			Scapula, proconsul of Africa
200	8 ———	2 ———	8 ———			



Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of Rome	Arsacidæ of Parthia	Bishops of Rome	LEARNING AND GENIUS	ROMAN EMPIRE	STATESM AND WARRIO
4914	201	9 Septimius Severus	3 Artabanus IV.	9 Victor	Papinianus, jurisprud. 140—212	The Fifth Persecution against the Christians.	Plautianus, minister, verus,
4915	202	10 —	4 —	1 Zephyrinus			
4916	203	11 —	5 —	2 —			
4917	204	12 —	6 —	3 —			
4918	205	13 —	7 —	4 —			
4919	206	14 —	8 —	5 —			
4920	207	15 —	9 —	6 —			
4921	208	16 —	10 —	7 —			
4922	209	17 —	11 —	8 —			
4923	210	18 —	12 —	9 —			
4924	211	1 Caracalla Geta 1	13 —	10 —	Oppian, ob. æt. 30, 213	Death of Sept. Severus at York, Feb. 4, æt. 64. Murder of Geta, Feb. 27.	
4925	212	2 —	14 —	11 —			
4926	213	3 —	15 —	12 —			
4927	214	4 —	16 —	13 —			
4928	215	5 —	17 —	14 —			
4929	216	6 —	18 —	15 —			
4930	217	1 Macrinus	19 —	16 —			
4931	218	1 Elagabalus	20 —	17 —			
4932	219	2 —	21 —	1 Calixtus I.			
4933	220	3 —	22 —	2 —			
4934	221	4 —	23 —	3 —	Julius Africanus, 'Chronographia'	Alexander Severus declared Cæsar.	
4935	222	1 Alexander Severus	24 —	— Vacant			
4936	223	2 —	25 Sassanidæ of Persia	1 Urban I.			
4937	224	3 —	26 —	2 —			
4938	225	4 —	27 —	3 —			
4939	226	5 —	1 Ardisheer I.	4 —			
4940	227	6 —	2 —	5 —			
4941	228	7 —	3 —	6 —			
4942	229	8 —	4 —	7 —			
4943	230	9 —	5 —	1 Pontianus			
4944	231	10 —	6 —	2 —	Origen, 185—254	Pretended victory of Alexander Severus.	Julius Celsus, general verus Valerius Maximus, in Illyria Julius Palmatus, general Armenia Vitalianus, minister imin, Sabinus, minister to min, Capelianus, general ritanian
4945	232	11 —	7 —	3 —			
4946	233	12 —	8 —	4 —			
4947	234	13 —	9 —	5 —			
4948	235	1 Maximin	10 —	1 Anterius			
4949	236	2 —	11 —	1 Fabianus			
4950	237	1 Two Gordians, &c.	12 —	2 —			
4951	238	1 Gordian, junior	13 —	3 —			
4952	239	2 —	14 —	4 —			
4953	240	3 —	1 Shahpoor I.	5 —			
4954	241	4 —	2 —	6 —	Gregory Thaumaturgus, ob. post 270	Expedition of Gordian against the Persians.	Severianus, governor sia
4955	242	5 —	3 —	7 —			
4956	243	6 —	4 —	8 —			
4957	244	1 Philip the Arabian	5 —	9 —			
4958	245	2 —	6 —	10 —			
4959	246	3 —	7 —	11 —			
4960	247	4 —	8 —	12 —			
4961	248	5 —	9 —	13 —			
4962	249	1 Decius	10 —	14 —			
4963	250	2 —	11 —	— Vacant			
					Herodian, hist.	The Ludi Seculares celebrated by Philip, Apr. 21. Defeat and death of Philip by Decius, near Verona. Campaign of Decius against the Goths.—The Seventh Persecution of the Christians.	Philip the younger, minister, Friscus, governor of

Anno Dom.	Emperors of Rome	Sassanidæ of Persia	Bishops of Rome	LEARNING AND GENIUS	ROMAN EMPIRE	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
251	1 Gallus Volucian 1	12 Shahpoor I.	1 Cornelius	St. Cyprian, ob. 258	The Censorship revived by Decius in favour of Valerian.—Death of the Decii.	
252	2 ——— 2	13 ———	1 Lucius		Gallus purchases peace by the payment of an annual tribute to the Goths.	
253	1 Æmilian 1	14 ———	1 Stephen I.		Victory, revolt, and elevation of Æmilianus, who is defeated by Valerian at Spoleto.	
254	1 Valerian 2 and Gallienus	15 ———	2 ———	Plotinus, phil. ob. æt. 66, 270		
255	3 ———	16 ———	3 ———			
256	4 ———	17 ———	4 ———			
257	5 ———	18 ———	1 Sixtus II.	Dionysius, Bp. of Alexandria, ob. 265	The Eighth Persecution of the Christians.	Balista, minister to Gallienus
258	6 ———	19 ———	— Vacant		The career of the Thirty Tyrants begins.	Cyriades, the first of the thirty tyrants, ob. 259
259	7 ———	20 ———	1 Dionysius			
260	1 Gallienus alone	21 ———	2 ———		Valerian defeated and taken prisoner by Shahpoor, King of Persia.—Gallienus sole emperor.	Posthumius, tyrant of Gaul, ob. 267
261	2 ———	22 ———	3 ———	Longinus, ob. 275	Aureolus defeated by Gallienus at Milan.—Death of Valerian, Mar. 20.	Regillianus, tyrant of Pannonia, ob. 262
262	3 ———	23 ———	4 ———	Paul of Samostrata, deposed 270		Saturninus, tyrant of Egypt, ob. 262
263	4 ———	24 ———	5 ———			Odenatus, King of Palmyra, ob. 267
264	5 ———	25 ———	6 ———		Odenatus King of Palmyra governs the Eastern Empire for Gallienus.	
265	6 ———	26 ———	7 ———			Aureolus, tyrant of Illyria, ob. 268
266	7 ———	27 ———	8 ———			Cleodamus, Roman general
267	8 ———	28 ———	9 ———		Zenobia revenges the death of Odenatus, and reigns over the East.	Athenæus, Roman general
268	1 Claudius II.	29 ———	10 ———		Gallienus killed at Milan, Mar. 20.—Elevation of Claudius II.	Zenobia, Queen of Palmyra
269	2 ———	30 ———	1 Felix I.		Battle near Naissus in Dardania, the Goths defeated by Claudius.	Quintillus, minister to Claudius, ob. 270
270	1 Aurelian	31 ———	2 ———		Death of Claudius.—The Gothic army on the Danube surrenders to Aurelian.	
271	2 ———	1 Hoormuz I.	3 ———		Defeat of Tetricus near Chalons.	
272	3 ———	1 Baharam I.	4 ———		Zenobia defeated and captured by Aurelian.—Ninth Persecution of the Christians.	Tetricus, tyrant in Gaul
273	4 ———	2 ———	5 ———			
274	5 ———	3 ———	6 ———		Triumph of Aurelian.—Birth of Constantine the Great.	Mnesthus, the Notary
275	1 Tacitus	4 ———	1 Eutyechian		Assassination of Aurelian on his march between Byzantium and Heraclea.	
276	1 Florian 1	1 Baharam II.	2 ———	Porphyry, 233—305	The election of Tacitus by the senate, acknowledged by the army.—Defeat of Florian by Probus.	
277	2 ———	2 ———	3 ———		Probus delivers Gaul from the invasion of the Germans.	
278	3 ———	3 ———	4 ———			
279	4 ———	4 ———	5 ———		Revolt of Saturninus in the East.	
280	5 ———	5 ———	6 ———		Revolt of Bonosus and Proculus in Gaul.	
281	6 ———	6 ———	7 ———	St. Anthony, the patriarch of monachism, 251—356		
282	1 M. A. Carus	7 ———	8 ———		Assassination of Probus by his army.—The Bagandæ of Gaul subdued by Maximian.	
283	2 ———	8 ———	1 Caius		Embassy of Ardisheer to the camp of Carus.—Death of Carus, Dec. 25.	Arius Aprius, ob. 284
284	1 Diocletian	9 ———	2 ———		Transient reign of Carinus and Numerian.—Election of Diocletian, Sept. 17.	
285	2 ———	10 ———	3 ———	Arnobius of Sicca	Defeat and death of Carinus.	
286	3 Maximian 1	11 ———	4 ———		Diocletian associates Maximian as his colleague in the government, Apr. 1.	Carausius, tyrant of Britain, ob. 293
287	4 ——— 2	12 ———	5 ———		Revolt of Carausius in Britain, and his seizure of the fleet at Boulogne.	Achileus, tyrant of Egypt, ob. 296
288	5 ——— 3	13 ———	6 ———			
289	6 ——— 4	14 ———	7 ———	Gregory and—	Carausius is acknowledged by the other emperors.	
290	7 ——— 5	15 ———	8 ———	Hermogenes, lawyers		
291	8 ——— 6	16 ———	9 ———	Ælius Spartianus, hist.		Armentarius, Cæsar
292	9 ——— 7	17 ———	10 ———		Constantius Chlorus and Galerius Maximianus made Cæsars.—Boulogne retaken.	
293	10 ——— 8	1 Baharam 1 Narses	11 ———			Allectus, tyrant of Britain, ob. 296
294	11 ——— 9	2 ———	12 ———	Ælius Lampridius, hist.	Carausius murdered by his minister Allectus.	
295	12 ——— 10	3 ———	13 ———			
296	13 ——— 11	4 ———	1 Marcellinus		Recovery of Britain by Constantius.—Defeat of Galerius on the Euphrates.	Asclepiodotus, minister to Diocletian
297	14 ——— 12	5 ———	2 ———		Narses King of Persia defeated by Galerius in Armenia.	
298	15 ——— 13	6 ———	3 ———	Trebellius Pollio, hist. ob. cir. 300		
299	16 ——— 14	7 ———	4 ———			
300	17 ——— 15	8 ———	5 ———	Julius Capitolinus, hist. ob. cir. 335		



Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Bishops of Rome	Sassanidæ of Persia	Emperors of Rome			ROMAN EMPIRE	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
				The Colleagues				
5014	301	6 Marcellinus	9 Narses	18 Diocletian	16 Maximian			
5015	302	7 —	10 —	19 —	17 —			
5016	303	8 —	1 Hoormuz II.	20 —	18 —		Triumph of Diocletian and Maximian.—The tenth persecution against the Christians.	Hierocles, governor of Alexandria
5017	304	— Vacant	2 —	21 —	19 —			
5018	305	—	3 —	1 Constantine [tius]	Gale-1 rius		Abdication of the two Augusti, May 1.—Constantine succeeds with Galerius Maximianus.	Severus, Caesar and stantius Chlorus,
5019	306	—	4 —	1 Constantine Severus	1 Maximian	2	Constantine elected by the army, July 25.—Competition of Severus.—Usurpation of Maximian.	
5020	307	—	5 —	2 Licinius	2 again	3	Licinius declared Augustus by Galerius without the intermediate rank of Caesar, Nov. 11.	
5021	308	1 Marcellus	6 —	3 —	2	3	Maximin exacts the equal title of Augustus, which is also conceded to Constantine.	
5022	309	2 —	7 —	4 —	3	4	Maximin Maxentius, and Maximian.	
5023	310	1 Eusebius	1 Shahpoor II.	5 —	4	—	Maximian strangled at Marseilles by order of Constantine, Feb.	
5024	311	1 Melchiades	2 —	6 —	5	—	Death of Galerius, May.	Valens, the Caesar,
5025	312	2 —	3 —	7 —	6	—	Constantine gains three victories over Maxentius at Turin, Verona, and at Rome, Oct. 28.	
5026	313	3 —	4 —	8 —	7	—	Edict of Milan in favour of the Christians, Mar.—Death of Maximin and of Diocletian.	
5027	314	1 Silvester I.	5 —	9 —	8	—	Battles of Cibalis and Mardia.—Defeat of Licinius by Constantine.	
5028	315	2 —	6 —	10 —	9	—	Constantine wrests Illyrium from Licinius.—Peace ensues.—Schism of the Donatists.	
5029	316	3 —	7 —	11 —	10	—		
5030	317	4 —	8 —	12 —	11	—		Crispus, son of Constantine
5031	318	5 —	9 —	13 —	12	—		
5032	319	6 —	10 —	14 —	13	—		
5033	320	7 —	11 —	15 —	14	—		
5034	321	8 —	12 —	16 —	15	Lactantius, ob. 325	The observance of Sunday 'dies solis' enjoined by the edict of Constantine.	
5035	322	9 —	13 —	17 —	16	—	The Gothic war.	
5036	323	10 —	14 —	18 —	—	Flavius Vopiscus, hist.	Licinius defeated by Constantine before Adrianople, July 3.	
5037	324	11 —	15 —	19 —	—	—	General Edict of Toleration.—Foundation of Constantinople.—Death of Licinius, May 16.	
5038	325	12 —	16 —	20 —	—	Arius of Alexandria, ob. 335	FIRST General Council, of Nice, June 19—Aug. 25.	
5039	326	13 —	17 —	21 —	—	St. Athanasius, ob. 373	The Caesars, Crispus and Licinius, put to death by Constantine at Pola, July.	Anabalianus,
5040	327	14 —	18 —	22 —	—	Eusebius Pamphilus, ob. cir. 340		
5041	328	15 —	19 —	23 —	—	—	Seat of the Empire removed from Rome to Constantinople.	
5042	329	16 —	20 —	24 —	—	—		
5043	330	17 —	21 —	25 —	—	—		
5044	331	18 —	22 —	26 —	—	—	The Gothic war.—Araric passes the Danube.—Constantine destroys the Heathen temples.	
5045	332	19 —	23 —	27 —	—	—	The Goths repulsed by the younger Constantius in Mæsia, April 20.	
5046	333	20 —	24 —	28 —	—	—		
5047	334	21 —	25 —	29 —	—	Constantine II.	Defeat of Wisimer King of the Vandals, and expulsion of the Sarmatians.	Dalmatius, Caesar,
5048	335	22 —	26 —	30 —	—	Constans I.	Peace and prosperity of Constantine.	
5049	336	1 Marcus	27 —	31 —	—	Taliessin the Welsh bard fl. 320—350		
5050	337	1 Julius I.	28 —	1 Con-1 stan-	1	—	Baptism and death of Constantine the Great, May 22.—Division of the Empire, Sept. 11.	Gregory, minister to Constantine,
5051	338	2 —	29 —	2 tius 2	2	—	First siege of Nisibis by Shahpoor.	
5052	339	3 —	30 —	3 3	3	—	The Persian war, 337—360.	
5053	340	4 —	31 —	4 —	4	—	Constantine II. betrayed by Magnentius into an ambuscade and killed, Mar.	Hermogenes, Roman Emperor
5054	341	5 —	32 —	5 —	5	St. Hilary, ob. at. 80, 367	Increase and influence of the monastic life at Rome.	Philagrius, governor of Egypt
5055	342	6 —	33 —	6 —	6	Jamblicus the Pythagorean, ob. circ. 363	Death of Tiridates, King of Armenia.—His brilliant reign, 297—342.	
5056	343	7 —	34 —	7 —	7	—	Inroad of the Scots and Picts into Britain, 343—366.	
5057	344	8 —	35 —	8 —	8	—	Shahpoor persecutes the Christians in Persia.	
5058	345	9 —	36 —	9 —	9	—		Titianus, prefect of Egypt
5059	346	10 —	37 —	10 —	10	—	Second siege of Nisibis.	
5060	347	11 —	38 —	11 —	11	—		
5061	348	12 —	39 —	12 —	12	—	Battle of Singara, Constantius defeated by Shahpoor King of Persia.	
5062	349	13 —	40 —	13 —	13	—		
5063	350	14 —	41 —	14 —	14	—	Murder of Constans by Magnentius, Feb. 27.—Third siege of Nisibis raised by Shahpoor.	Magnentius the tyrant

Anno Domini	Emperors of Rome	Sassanidæ of Persia	Bishops of Rome	LEARNING AND GENIUS	ROMAN EMPIRE	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
351	15 Constantius II.	42 Shahpoor II.	15 Julius	Cyril of Jerusalem, ob. æt. 71, 386	Battle of Mursa, Magnentius defeated by Constantius, Sept. 28.—Gallus declared Cæsar, Mar. 5. Conquest of Italy by Constantius.	Gallus, minister to Constantius, ob. 354
352	16 ———	43 ———	1 Liberius			
353	17 ———	44 ———	2 ———	Elius Donatus, gram.	Battle of Mount Seleucus, defeat and death of Magnentius, Aug. 10.—Council of Arles.	
354	18 ———	45 ———	3 ———		Massacre of the Imperial Ministers.—Death of Gallus by his cousin Constantius, Dec.	Musonianus, minister to Constantius
355	19 ———	46 ———	4 ———		Julian declared Cæsar, Nov. 6.—Is sent to the West by Constantius.—Council of Milan.	
356	20 ———	47 ———	5 ———	Eutropius	Julian's first campaign in Gaul.	Syrianus, general in Egypt
357	21 ———	48 ———	6 ———		Julian's second campaign.—He defeats the Allemanni, under Chonodamar, at Strasburg.	Chonodamar, Prince of the Allemanni
358	22 ———	49 ———	7 ———	Libanius, soph. cir. 314—390	Julian subdues the Franks.—His three expeditions beyond the Rhine, 357, 358, 359.	
359	23 ———	50 ———	8 ———		Invasion of Mesopotamia by Shahpoor.—Siege and capture of Amida by Shahpoor.	
360	24 ———	51 ———	9 ———	Ammianus Marcellinus, ob. cir. 380	Singara and Bezabde taken by Shahpoor.—Council of Rimini.	
361	1 Julian the Apostate	52 ———	10 ———	Gregory Nazianzen, ob. 389	Julian's fourth and fifth expeditions beyond the Rhine, 360, 361.—He is acknowledged Emperor. Julian resolves on the conquest of Persia.	Sallust, minister to Julian
362	2 Jovian	53 ———	11 ———	Themistius Euphrades, ob. cir. 410		
363	1 Valens	54 ———	12 ———	Aurelius Victor	March of Julian to the Euphrates, Mar. 5.—Invasion of Assyria, May.—Death of Julian, June 25.	
364	1 Valentinian I.	55 ———	13 ———		Division of the Eastern and Western Empires, June.—Religious toleration in the West.	
365	2 ———	56 ———	14 ———		Revolt of Procopius, Sept. 25.—The Allemanni invade Gaul.—The Persian war, 365—378.	Procopius the Tyrant, ob. 366
366	3 ———	57 ———	1 Damasus I.		Persecution of the Catholics in the East.—The Gothic war under Athanaric, 366—369.	Modestus, minister to Valens
367	4 Gratian a Colleague	58 ———	2 ———		Restoration of Britain by Theodosius, 367—370.—Gratian made a colleague with Valentinian I.	
368	5 ———	59 ———	3 ———		Valentinian passes the Rhine.—The Saxons attack Britain, and are repulsed by Theodosius.	
369	6 ———	60 ———	4 ———	St. Martin of Tours		
370	7 ———	61 ———	5 ———	St. Basil, 329—379	Valentinian restrains the avarice of the clergy.	Anicius Probus, minister to Valentinian
371	8 ———	62 ———	6 ———	Ephraim Syrus, ob. æt. 79, cir. 378	The Burgundians established on the Elbe.—The Saxons settle in maritime Gaul.	Severus, Roman general
372	9 ———	63 ———	7 ———	Eunapius of Sardis, hist.	Revolt of Firmus the Moor in Africa.	Para, king of Armenia, ob. 373
373	10 ———	64 ———	8 ———	Gregory, Bp. of Nyssa, ob. cir. 396	Africa recovered by the elder Theodosius.—Death of St. Athanasius, May 2.	Theodosius the Elder, Roman general, ob. 376
374	11 ———	65 ———	9 ———	Ambrose, Bp. of Milan, 340—397	War of the Quadi and the Sarmatians.	
375	12 Gratian and Valentinian II.	66 ———	10 ———		Victories of the Huns over the Goths.—Valentinian II. becomes a colleague with Gratian.	Fritigernes, general of the Goths
376	13 ———	67 ———	11 ———		The Goths implore the protection of Valens, and are transported over the Danube into the empire.	Athanaric, general of the Goths
377	14 ———	68 ———	12 ———		Union of the Goths with the Huns, Alains, &c.	
378	1 Theodosius the Great	69 ———	13 ———		The Allemanni defeated by Gratian near Colmar.—Battle of Hadrianople and death of Valens.	
379	2 ———	70 ———	14 ———	Ausonius, ob. cir. 394	The Goths ravage the Roman provinces.—Theodosius leaves his farm for the throne, Jan. 19.	
380	3 ———	71 ———	15 ———		Baptism of Theodosius the Great, Feb. 28.—Fall of Arianism in Constantinople.	
381	4 ———	1 Ardisheer II.	16 ———	Macedonius the Arian	Death of Athanaric at Constantinople.—IInd General Council, of Constantinople, May.	Auxonius, proconsul of Asia
382	5 ———	2 ———	17 ———		The submission of the Goths effected by Theodosius, Oct. 30.	Andragathius, general to Maximus, ob. 388
383	6 Valentinian II. alone	3 ———	18 ———	Pappus of Alexandria, math.	Revolt of Maximus in Britain.—Flight and assassination of Gratian by Andragathius, Aug. 25.	
384	7 ———	4 ———	1 Siricius		Treaty of Peace with Persia.—Luxury and ambition of Damasus, Bishop of Rome, 366—384.	
385	8 ———	1 Shahpoor III.	2 ———	Theon of Alexandria, astron.	Execution of Priscillian.—Military command of Stilicho, 385—407.	Cynergus, minister to Theodosius, ob. 388
386	9 ———	2 ———	3 ———		The Ostrogoths repulsed on the Danube, Oct.—Revolt of Gildo the Moor in Africa, 386—398.	Symmachus, governor of Rome
387	10 ———	3 ———	4 ———	St. Jerome, 331—422	Maximus invades Italy, Aug.—Flight of Valentinian II.—Sedition of Antioch, Feb. 26.	
388	11 ———	4 ———	5 ———		Defeat and death of Maximus on the Save by Theodosius.—Conversion of Rome from Paganism.	Arbogastes, minister to Valentinian, ob. 394
389	12 ———	5 ———	6 ———	Ammonius of Alexandria, living cir. 389	St. Martin of Tours, destroys the idols in his diocese.—Destruction of the Temple of Serapis.	
390	13 ———	1 Baharam IV.	7 ———		Massacre at Thessalonica.—Penance imposed upon Theodosius by St. Ambrose at Milan.	
391	14 ———	2 ———	8 ———	Epiphanius of Salamis, cir. 320—403		Eugenius, tyrant of the Western Empire
392	15 ———	3 ———	9 ———	Prudentius	Valentinian II. assassinated by Arbogastes, May 15. Usurpation of Eugenius.	
393	16 ———	4 ———	10 ———			Ruffinus, minister to Honorius, ob. 395
394	17 ———	5 ———	11 ———	St. Augustine, 354—430	Defeat and death of Eugenius and Arbogastes by Theodosius, Sept. 6.	Gildo, governor of Africa, ob. 398
395	1 Arcadius Honorius	6 ———	12 ———	Evagrius Ponticus, eccles. hist.	Settlement of the Goths in Asia and Thrace, 383—395.—Death of Theodosius at Milan, Jan. 17.	
396	2 ———	7 ———	13 ———	St. Chrysostom, 347—407	Discord between the empires of the West and the East.—Alaric marches into Greece, Athens capitulates.	Stilicho, general to Honorius, ob. 408
397	3 ———	8 ———	14 ———	Claudian	Alaric attacked by Stilicho, escapes to Epirus.	
398	4 ———	9 Alaric I.	1 Anastasius I.		The African war.—Defeat and death of Gildo.—Alaric proclaimed King of the Visigoths.	Gainas, tyrant of Asia, ob. 400
399	5 ———	10 ———	2 ———		Rebellion of Tribigild and fall of Eutropius.	Favritta, the Goth
400	6 ———	11 ———	3 ———	St. Alban, protomartyr of England, ob. 305	Alaric invades Italy, 400—403.—Conspiracy and fall of Gainas.	



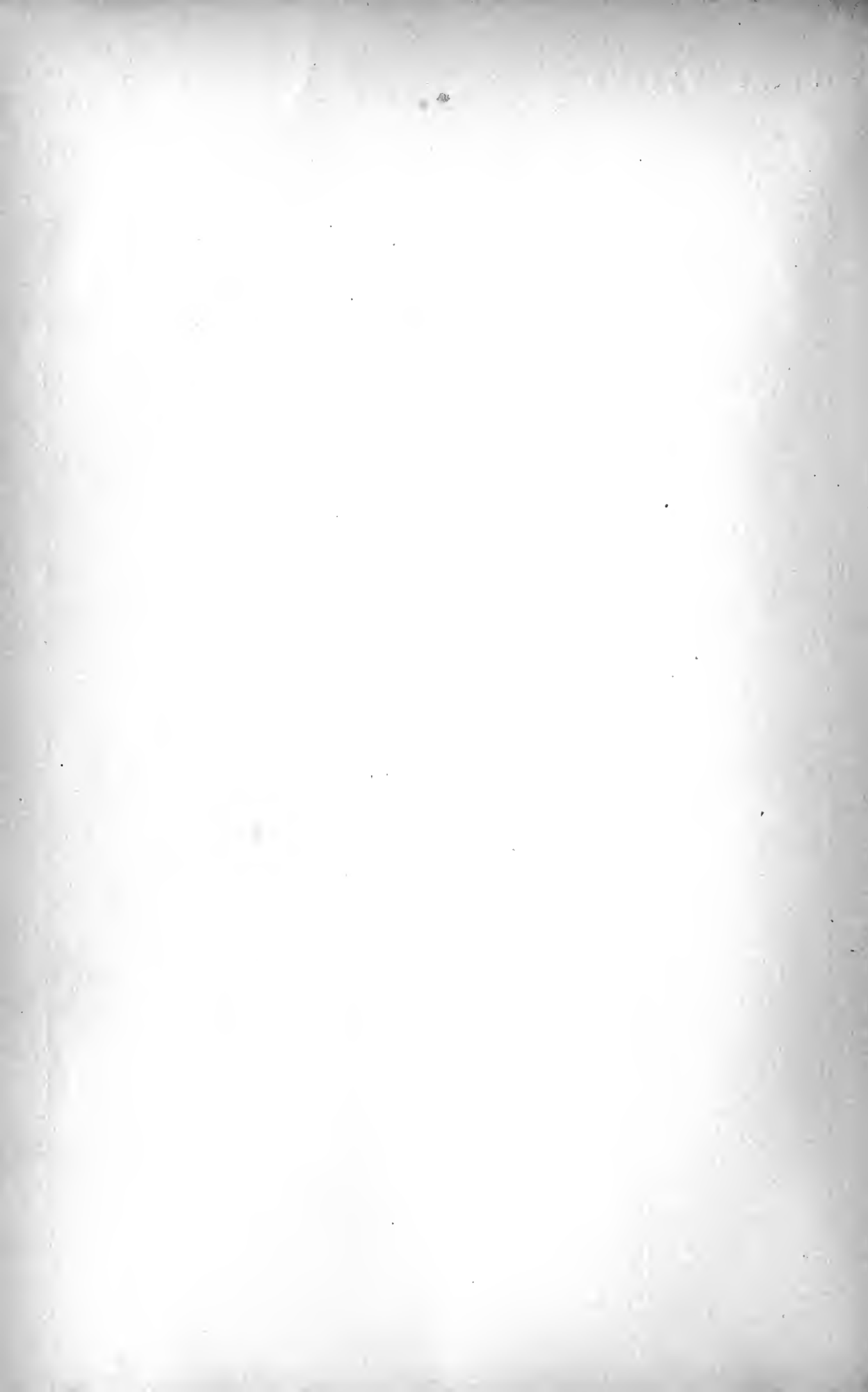


Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of The East	Emperors of The West	IRRUPTION OF THE GOTHS					SOUTH BRITAIN		Sassanid Persia
5114	401	7 Arcadius	7 Honorius	4 Alaric—Visigoths							12 Ba
5115	402	8 —	8 —	5 —						13 —	
5116	403	9 —	9 —	6 —						14 —	
5117	404	10 —	10 —	7 —						1 Ye	
5118	405	11 —	11 —	8 —	Vandals in Spain					2 —	
5119	406	12 —	12 —	9 —	1 Gunderic					3 —	
5120	407	13 —	13 —	10 —	2 —					4 —	
5121	408	1 Theodosius II.	14 —	11 —	3 —	Suevi in Spain				5 —	
5122	409	2 —	15 —	12 —	4 —	1 Hermenric				6 —	
5123	410	3 —	16 —	—	5 —	2 —				7 —	
5124	411	4 —	17 —	—	6 —	3 —				8 —	
5125	412	5 —	18 —	1 Athaulfus in Spain	7 —	4 —	Burgundians in Alsace			9 —	
5126	413	6 —	19 —	2 —	8 —	5 —	1 Gundicar			10 —	
5127	414	7 —	20 —	3 —	9 —	6 —	2 —			11 —	
5128	415	8 —	21 —	1 Sigeric Wallia	10 —	7 —	3 —			12 —	
5129	416	9 —	22 —	2 at Thoulouse with part of Spain	11 —	8 —	4 —			13 —	
5130	417	10 —	23 —	3 —	12 —	9 —	5 —			14 —	
5131	418	11 —	24 —	4 of Spain	13 —	10 —	6 —	Franks on the Lower Rhine		15 —	
5132	419	12 —	25 —	1 Theodoric I.	14 —	11 —	7 —			16 —	
5133	420	13 —	26 —	2 —	15 —	12 —	8 —			1 Ba	
5134	421	14 —	27 —	3 —	16 —	13 —	9 —			2 —	
5135	422	15 —	28 —	4 —	17 —	14 —	10 —			3 —	
5136	423	16 —	—	5 —	18 —	15 —	11 —			4 —	
5137	424	17 —	—	6 —	19 —	16 —	12 —			5 —	
5138	425	18 —	1 Valentini-an III.	7 —	20 —	17 —	13 —			6 —	
5139	426	19 —	2 —	8 —	21 —	18 —	14 —			7 —	
5140	427	20 —	3 —	9 —	22 —	19 —	15 —	— Clodion		8 —	
5141	428	21 —	4 —	10 —	23 —	20 —	16 —	—		9 —	
5142	429	22 —	5 —	11 —	1 Genseric	21 —	17 —	—		10 —	
5143	430	23 —	6 —	12 —	2 —	22 —	18 —	—		11 —	
5144	431	24 —	7 —	13 —	3 —	23 —	19 —	—		12 —	
5145	432	25 —	8 —	14 —	4 —	24 —	20 —	—	The Huns	13 —	
5146	433	26 —	9 —	15 —	5 —	25 —	21 —	—	1 Attila and 2 Bleda	14 —	
5147	434	27 —	10 —	16 —	6 —	26 —	22 —	—	3 —	15 —	
5148	435	28 —	11 —	17 —	7 —	27 —	23 —	—	4 —	16 —	
5149	436	29 —	12 —	18 —	8 —	28 —	1 Gunderic	—	5 —	17 —	
5150	437	30 —	13 —	19 —	9 —	29 —	2 —	—	6 —	18 —	
5151	438	31 —	14 —	20 —	10 —	30 —	3 —	—	7 —	1 Ye	
5152	439	32 —	15 —	21 —	11 in Africa	31 —	4 —	—	8 —	2 —	
5153	440	33 —	16 —	22 —	12 —	32 —	5 —	—	9 —	3 —	
5154	441	34 —	17 —	23 —	13 —	1 Rechila	6 —	—	10 —	4 —	
5155	442	35 —	18 —	24 —	14 —	2 —	7 —	—	11 Attila alone	5 —	
5156	443	36 —	19 —	25 —	15 —	3 —	8 —	—	12 —	6 —	
5157	444	37 —	20 —	26 —	16 —	4 —	9 —	—	13 —	7 —	
5158	445	38 —	21 —	27 —	17 —	5 —	10 —	—	14 —	8 —	
5159	446	39 —	22 —	28 —	18 —	6 —	11 —	—	15 —	9 —	
5160	447	40 —	23 —	29 —	19 —	7 —	12 —	—	16 —	10 —	
5161	448	41 —	24 —	30 —	20 —	1 Rechiarus	13 —	1 Meroveus (?)	17 —	11 —	
5162	449	42 —	25 —	31 —	21 —	2 —	14 —	2 —	18 —	12 —	
5163	450	1 Marcian	26 —	32 —	22 —	3 —	15 —	3 —		13 —	

Vortigern is referred to this time, but the date is uncertain

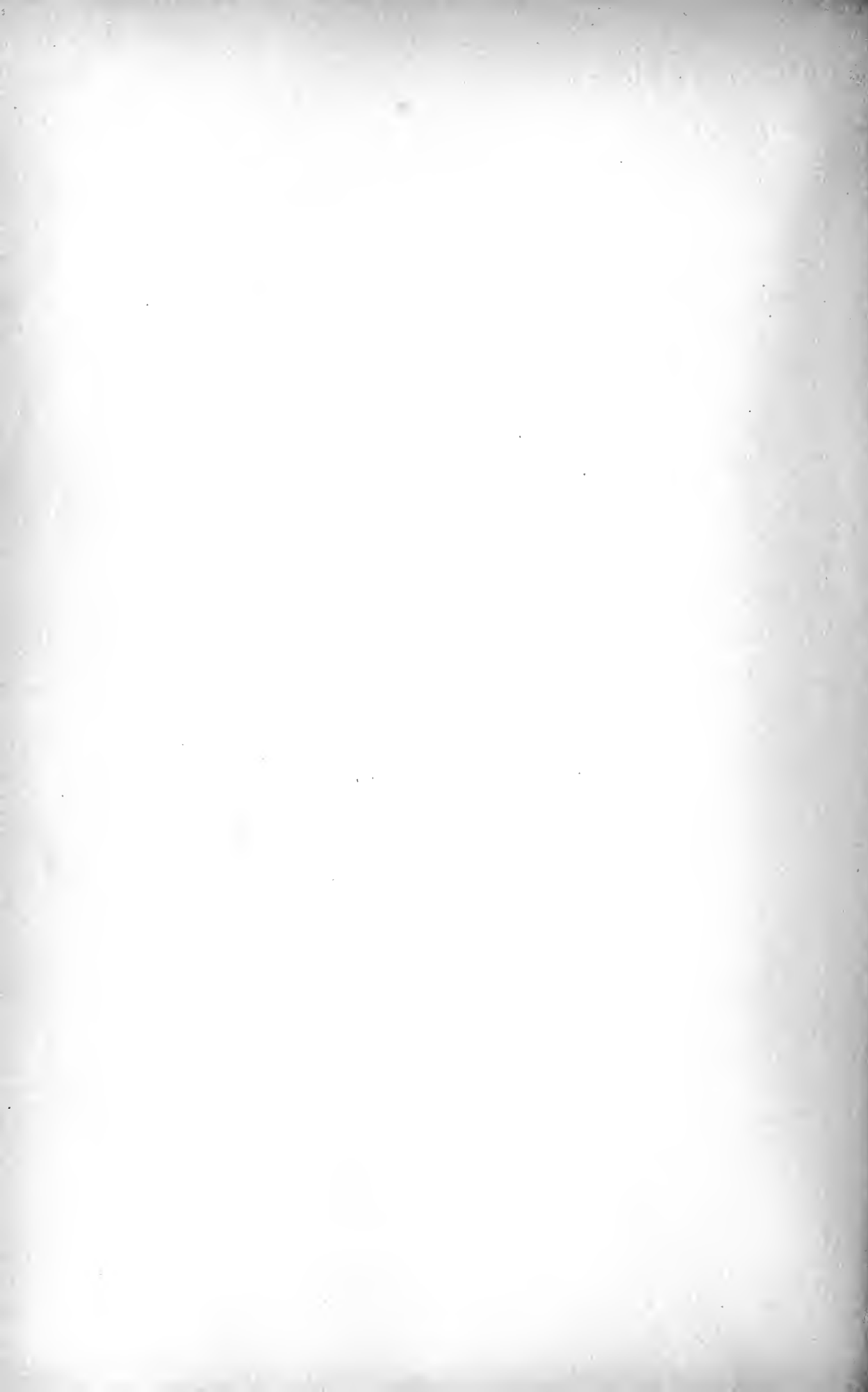
Hengist lands in Kent

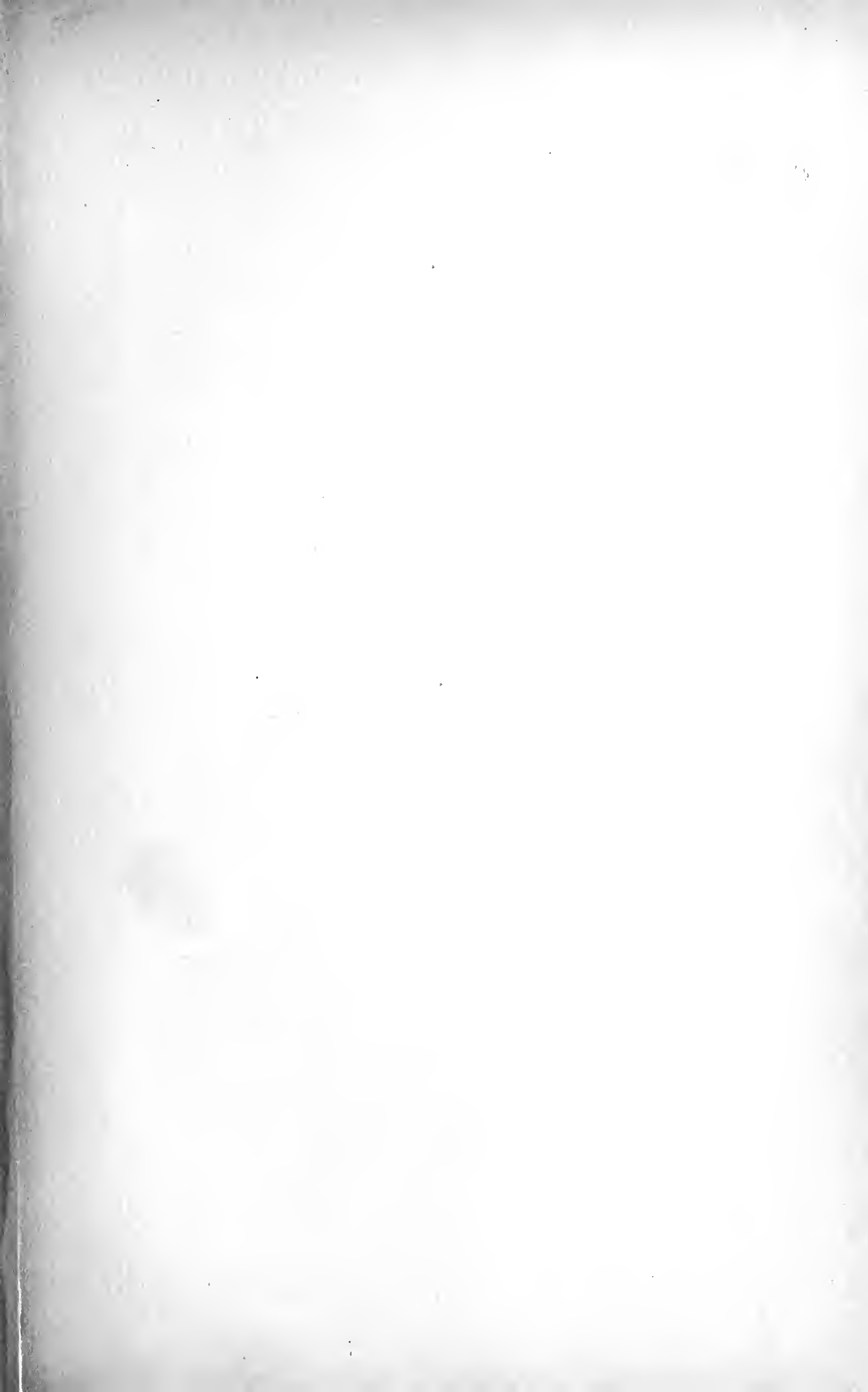
Bishops of Rome	LEARNING AND GENIUS	DECLINE OF THE EMPIRE	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
Anastatius I. Innocent I.	Sulpicius Severus of Aquitania, ecclesiast. historian, ob. 420 Anianus of Alexandria, chronologer Macrobius, ob. cir. 415	Alaric King of the Visigoths overruns Europe. Alaric enters Italy by the Frioul.	Radagaisus, Gothic general, ob. 405
	Panodorus of Alexandria, chronologer John Stobæus, Greek writer	Battle of Pollentia, Mar. 29.—Alaric defeated by Stilicho.—Bold retreat of Alaric. Joint triumph of Stilicho and Honorius at Rome.—Honorius retires to Ravenna.	Heracianus, Tyrant of Africa, ob. 413
	Pelagius, ob. cir. 430	Emigration of the Northern Germans.	Constantine, Tyrant of Gaul, ob. 411
	Hypatia, daughter to Theon, ob. 415 Paulinus, Bp. of Nola, 353—431	Radagaisus defeated by Stilicho in the heights of Fiesole.—The passage of the Rhine by the Vandals under Godesil and Gunderic, Dec. 31. Revolt in Britain.—Constantine, a private soldier, acknowledged Emperor in Britain and Gaul. Arcadius dies, May 1, æt. 31.—Stilicho beheaded by Heracian at the instance of Honorius, Aug. 23.—First siege of Rome by Alaric, Oct.	Antiochus the Persian, tutor to Theodosius
	Servius, commentator on Virgil	Second siege of Rome.—The Pyrenees forced by the Suevi under Hermenic, Oct. 13. Third siege and sack of Rome, Aug. 24.—Alaric evacuates Rome, Aug. 29.—Death of Alaric.	Empress Pulcheria, ob. 452
	Synesius, Bp. of Ptolemais Cyril, Bp. of Alexandria, ob. 444	Death of the usurper, Constantine, Nov. 28. Athaulfus makes peace with the Romans, and marches into Gaul.	Constantius, minister to Honorius, ob. 420
	Paulus Orosius, historian, 'Hormesta,' translated into Anglo-Saxon by King Alfred	Kingdom of the Burgundians begins, under Gundicar.—Revolt and defeat of Count Heraclian in Africa. Marriage of Athaulfus with Placidia, sister of Honorius.	Castinus, general to Honorius
Boniface I.	Socrates the Scholastic, 'Hist. Ecclesiast.' 309—440, ob. —	Athaulfus assassinated at Barcelona, Aug.—The Goths conquer and restore Spain, 415—418. The Visigoths expel the Alans, and extend their dominion in Spain.	
		Assembly of the Seven Provinces in Gaul. Establishment of the Goths in Aquitaine. The Pagan religion finally extinguished about this time.	
Celestine I.		Persecution of the Christians in Persia. The Persian war.—The Huns ravage Thrace.	Rhoilas, general of the Scythians, ob. 425 John the Notary, ob. 425
		Honorius dies, Aug. 15, æt. 39.—Elevation and fall of the usurper, Primcerius John, 423—425.	Empress Placidia, ob. 449
	Zosimus, historian Nestorius, Patriarch of Constantinople	Theodosius establishes public schools in Constantinople.—Reign of Valentinian III. The Roman legions finally leave Britain. Count Boniface invites the Vandals over to Africa.	Count Boniface, Roman general in Africa, ob. 423
		Genseric King of the Vandals lands in Africa, May.—Boniface retires to Carthage, Oct. 9. Siege of Hippo, May.—Death of St. Augustine Bp. of Hippo, Aug. 28.—The Huns invade Persia, 430—440.	Ardaburus, general against the Persians, ob. 471
Sixtus III.		Defeat of Count Boniface by the Vandals.—IIIrd General Council of Ephesus, June 22—July 31. Death of Count Boniface in single conflict with Ætius.	Ætius, general to Valentinian, ob. 454
	Theodoret, Bp. of Cyrus, ob. cir. 460	The Huns in modern Hungary, 376—433.—Attila, son of Mundzunk, succeeds Rugulus, with Bleda, his brother. Administration of the patrician Ætius, 433—454.	Aspar, Roman general, ob. 471 Littorius, Roman general, ob. 439
Leo I. the Great	Sozomen of Salamis, ecclesiast. historian, ob. 450 Proclus of Lycea, Platonic philosopher, 410—485	The Goths besiege Narbonne.—Belgium invaded by the Burgundians, 435—439. Genseric, attached to the Arian heresy, deprives the catholic bishops of their sees. The Theodosian Code published, Jan. 15	Päulinus, minister to Theodosius, ob. 440 Anatolius, Roman general
		Carthage surrenders to Genseric, Oct. 19, and the kingdom of the Vandals in Africa begins. Littorius defeated and taken prisoner by Theodoric.	
	Olympiodorus of Alexandria, philosopher.	The Huns attack the Eastern Empire, and ravage Europe on to Constantinople. Valentinian makes peace with Genseric, and cedes several barrier towns in Africa.	Vitus, Roman general, ob. 445
		Murder of Bleda.—Attila becomes sole King of the Huns.	Constantine, minister to Theodosius
Eutyches of Constantinople		Treaty between Attila and the Eastern Empire.—The Britons complain to Ætius of the ravages of the Scots and Picts. Embassy of Maximin to Attila.—Meroveus begins to reign according to the French chronology. Descent of the Saxons in Britain. Death of Theodosius II., July 28, æt. 49.—Attila ravages all Germany and France.	Chrysaphius, minister to Theodosius



Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of The East	Emperors of The West	Kings of the Vandals	Kings of the Visigoths	Kings of the Suevi	Kings of the Franks	Kings of the Burgunds.	Kings of The Huns	KINGS IN S. BRITAIN		Sassanid Persia
										Kent	Sussex	
5164	451	2 Marcian	27 Valentinian III.	23 Genseric	1 Thorismund	4 Rechiarus	4 Meroveus	16Gunderic	19 Attila			14 Year
5165	452	3	28	24	2	5	5	17	20			15
5166	453	4	29	25	1 Theodoric II.	6	6	18	1 Hermisdas and 2 Dengizic			16
5167	454	5	30	26	2	7	7	19				17
5168	455	6	1 Maximus 1 Avitus	27	3	8	8	20	3	1 Hengist		18
5169	456	7	2	28	4		9	21	4	2		1 Ho
5170	457	1 Leo I. the Thracian	1 Majorian	29	5	1 Maldras	10	22	5	3		2
5171	458	2	2	30	6	2	1Childeric I.	23	6	4		1 Fir
5172	459	3	3	31	7	3	2	24	7	5		2
5173	460	4	4	32	8	1 Frumarus	3	25	8	6		3
5174	461	5	1 Severus	33	9	2	4	26	9	7		4
5175	462	6	2	34	10	3	5	27	10	8		5
5176	463	7	3	35	11	1 Remismund	6	28	11	9		6
5177	464	8	4	36	12	2	7	29	12	10		7
5178	465	9	— Interreg.	37	13	3	8	30	13	11		8
5179	466	10		38	1 Euric	4	9	1 Chilperic	14	12		9
5180	467	11	1 Anthemius	39	2	5	10	2	15	13		10
5181	468	12	2	40	3	6	11	3	16	14		11
5182	469	13	3	41	4	The succession of Kings of the Suevi	12	4	The empire of the Huns dismembered and	15		12
5183	470	14	4	42	5		13	5		16		13
5184	471	15	5	43	6	unknown until 550	14	6	ended	17		14
5185	472	16	1 Olybrius	44	7		15	7		18		15
5186	473	17	1 Glycerius	45	8		16	8		19		16
5187	474	1 Leo II. 1 Zeno	1 Julius Nepos	46	9		17	9		20		17
5188	475	2	1 Romulus Augustulus	47	10		18	10		21		18
5189	476	3	1 Odoacer King of the Heruli	48	11		19	11		22		19
5190	477	4	2 the Heruli	1 Hunderic	12		20	12		23	Ella lands in Sussex	20
5191	478	5	3	2	13		21	13		24		21
5192	479	6	4	3	14		22	14		25		22
5193	480	7	5	4	15		23	15		26		23
5194	481	8	6	5	16		1 Clovis I.	16		27		24
5195	482	9	7	6	17		2	17		28		25
5196	483	10	8	7	18		3	18		29		26
5197	484	11	9	1 Gundamund	1 Alaric II.		4	19		30		1 Pal
5198	485	12	10	2	2		5	20		31		2
5199	486	13	11	3	3		6	21		32		3
5200	487	14	12	4	4		7	22		33		4
5201	488	15	13	5	5		8	23		1 Esca		1 Ko
5202	489	16	14	6	6		9	24		2		2
5203	490	17	15	7	7		10	25		3	1 Ella	3
5204	491	1 Anastatius I the Silentiary	16	8	8		11	1 Gondebaud		4	2	4
5205	492	2	17	9	9		12	2		5	3	5
5206	493	3	1 Theodoric King of the Ostrogoths	10	10		13	3		6	4	6
5207	494	4	2	11	11		14	4		7	5	7
5208	495	5	3	12	12		15	5		8	6 Cerdic lands	8
5209	496	6	4	1 Thorismund	13		16	6		9	7	9
5210	497	7	5	2	14		17	7		10	8	10
5211	498	8	6	3	15		18	8		11	9	11
5212	499	9	7	4	16		19	9		12	10	12
5213	500	10	8	5	17		20	10		13	11	13

Bishops of Rome	LEARNING AND GENIUS	FALL OF THE EMPIRE	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
Leo I. the Great	Prosper of Aquitaine, chronol. ob. 466 Gennadius of Constantinople, ob. 471	Attila invades Gaul, and besieges Orleans.—Battle of Chalons.—Retreat of Attila.—1Vth General Council, of Chalcedon, Oct. 8—25. Invasion of Italy by Attila.—First establishment of Venice.—Attila gives peace to the Romans. Death of Attila in Dacia.—Division of his Empire. The patrician Ætius murdered by Valentinian.—The Vandals become masters of Sicily. Death of Valentinian III. Mar. 16, æt. 35.—Murder of Maximus, June 12.—Rome sacked by the Vandals, June 15—20. Expedition of Theodoric into Spain.—Rechiarus defeated by Theodoric on the Ebro, Oct. 6. Genseric destroys the fleet of Majorian at Carthage.—Hengist gains the battle of Crayford, and is fully established in the kingdom of Kent.	Empress Eudoxia, ob. 472 Fronto, minister to Avitus Beorgor, King of the Alans, ob. 464 Egidius, Roman governor of Soissons
Hilary	Moses Chorenensis, historian and geographer Victorius of Aquitaine	Ricimer reigns, de facto, in the name of Libius Severus.—Revolt of Marcellinus in Dalmatia. Negotiations with the Eastern Empire.—Conquest of the Visigoths in Spain and Gaul, 462—472. Count Marcellinus expels the Vandals from Sicily. The Emperor Severus poisoned by Ricimer. Euric defeated in Gaul by Eedicius, the Roman General. The Emperor Leo defeats the Vandals.—Genseric sues for peace, and obtains it. Expedition against the Vandals under Basiliscus defeated by Genseric. Extinction of the Empire of the Huns.	Ricimer, minister to Severus, ob. 472 Uvinomadus, minister to Childeric Marcellinus, minister to Severus, ob. 468 Basiliscus, minister to Leo, ob. 476 Eedicius, Roman minister in Gaul Aspar, Eastern patrician, ob. 471
Simplicius	Sidonius Appollinaris, Bishop of Clermont, ob. æt. 52, 487	Discord of Anthemius and Ricimer. Sack of Rome by the Goths.—Anthemius massacred, July 11, by Ricimer, who dies, Aug. 20. Euric defeats Syagrius, and makes himself master of Tours. Death of Leo the Thracian, Jan. Hengist massacres the British nobles. FALL OF THE WESTERN EMPIRE—Deposition of Romulus Augustulus by Odoacer. Death of Genseric, Jan. 24.—Alliance between Euric and Odoacer. Euric makes himself master of Marseilles and Arles. Constantinople partly destroyed by an earthquake.	Orestes, ob. 476 Brachilas the Goth, ob. 477 Siagrius, Roman governor of Soissons, ob. 485 Illus, minister to Zeno, ob. 488
Acacius	Acacius, Patriarch of Constantinople, the patron of Peter the Fuller, ob. 489 Gennadius of Marseilles, ob. 492 Gelasius of Cyzicum Peter the Fuller, Bp. of Antioch, ob. 486	The Emperor Zeno decrees a union between the parties in the church. Euric dies at Arles.—Hunderic persecutes the Christians in Africa. Battle of Soissons, Syagrius defeated by Clovis.—His flight to Alaric, who puts him to death. Battle of Aquilea, Odoacer's first defeat by Theodoric, Aug. 28.—Battle of Verona, his second defeat, Sept. 27. Odoacer's final defeat by Theodoric, Aug. 11.—Battle of Tolbiac, and defeat of the Alemanni by Clovis.	Leontius, Tyrant in the East, ob. 488 Basilius, Prætorian prefect Longinus, minister to Zeno
Felix II.	Malchus of Byzantium Timotheus Gazæus	Struggle for the ascendant between Longinus and Anastatius, which ends in favour of the latter. Longinus rebels against Anastatius. Surrender and assassination of Odoacer at Ravenna, March 9. Gelasius, Bishop of Rome, asserts his authority as sovereign pontiff.	Empress Ariadne, ob. 515 Pelagius, Eastern patrician, ob. 409
Anastatius II.	Fulgentius, ob. 529 St. Asaph, bishop	Battle of Tolbiac, defeat and submission of the Alemanni to Clovis.—Conversion and baptism of Clovis. The Burgundian war. Defeat of Gondobaud by Clovis between Langres and Dijon.—Theodoric visits and restores the magnificence of Rome.	





Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of The East	Ostrogoths Kings of the Vandal	Visigoths Kings in Spain Suevi	KINGS IN FRANCE				Kings of the Burgunds.	SAXON KINGS IN ENGLAND				Sas
					Metz	Orleans	Paris	Soissons		Kent	Suss.	Wess.	Essex	
5214	501	11 Anastatus I.	9Theodoric	18 Alaric II.	21 Clovis I.				11 Gondebaud	14 Esca				14 K
5215	502	12	10 Theodoric	19	22				12	Ella 12				15
5216	503	13	11	20	23				13	13				16
5217	504	14	12	21	24				14	14				17
5218	505	15	13	22	25				15	15				18
5219	506	16	14	23	26				16	16				19
5220	507	17	15	1 Gesalric	27				17	17				20
5221	508	18	16	2 Almaric	28				18	18				21
5222	509	19	17	3 Theodoric	29				19	19				22
5223	510	20	18	4 King of the Goths	30				20	20				23
5224	511	21	19	5	1 Thier ry I.	1 Clodo mir	1 Chil- debert I.	1 Clot- aire 2 I.	21	24	22			24
5225	512	22	20	6	2	2	2	2	22	1 Octa				25
5226	513	23	21	7	3	3	3	3	23	2				26
5227	514	24	22	8	4	4	4	4	24	3 Cissa 1				27
5228	515	25	23	9	5	5	5	5	25	4				28
5229	516	26	24	10	6	6	6	6	1 Sigis- mund	5				29
5230	517	27	25	11	7	7	7	7	2	6				30
5231	518	1 Justin I. the	26	12	8	8	8	8	3	7				31
5232	519	2 Thracian	27	13	9	9	9	9	4	8				32
5233	520	3	28	14	10	10	10	10	5	9				33
5234	521	4	29	15	11	11	11	11	6	10				34
5235	522	5	30	16	12	12	12	12	7	11				35
5236	523	6	31 Hilde- 1 ric	17	13	13	13	13	1 Gonde- mar	12				36
5237	524	7	32	18	14	Killed in battle, his dom- inions divided	14	14	2	13				37
5238	525	8	33	19	15		15	15	3	14				38
5239	526	9	1 Athala- 4 ric	20 Amalric alone	16		16	16	4	15				39
5240	527	1 Justinian I.	2	21	17		17	17	5	16				40
5241	528	2	3	22	18		18	18	6	17				41
5242	529	3	4	23	19		19	19	7	18				42
5243	530	4	5 Gelimer	24	20		20	20	8	19				43
5244	531	5	6	1 Theudis	21		21	21	9	20				1 N
5245	532	6	7	2	22		22	22	Conquered by Childebert and Clotaire	21				2
5246	533	7	8	3	23		23	23		22				3
5247	534	8	1 Theo- datus	4	1 Theo- debert 2 I.		24	24		23				4
5248	535	9	2	5	2		25	25		24				5
5249	536	10	1 Vitiges	6	3		26	26		25				6
5250	537	11	2	7	4		27	27		26				7
5251	538	12	3	8	5		28	28		27				8
5252	539	13	4	9	6		29	29		28				9
5253	540	14	1 Theo- debald	10	7		30	30		29				10
5254	541	15	1 Araric	11	8		31	31		30				11
5255	542	16	2 Totila	12	9		32	32		1 Er- menric				12
5256	543	17	3	13	10		33	33		2				13
5257	544	18	4	14	11		34	34		3				14
5258	545	19	5	15	12		35	35		4				15
5259	546	20	6	16	13		36	36		5				16
5260	547	21	7	17	14		37	37		6				17
5261	548	22	8	1 Theo- disel	1 Theo- debald		38	38		7				18
5262	549	23	9	2	2		39	39		8				19
5263	550	24	10	1 Agila Cariaric I	3		40	40		9				20

Kings of Wessex

1 Cerdic

Kings of Essex

1 Erch- 1 erwin

Kings of Northumber land

1 Ida lands in Bernicia

Bishops of Rome	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MIDDLE AGES	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
Symmachus	Aredius, juriconsult to Gondebaud Anien, chancellor to Alaric Alcimus Avitus, Abp. of Vienne, ob. 523 St. Benedict, 480—543 or 7	Publication of the Burgundian laws, 'la loy Gombette,' by Gondebaud.—The Persian War, 502—503. The army of Anastatius destroyed by Kobad. Kobad defeated by Celer, which ends the Persian war. Alaric II. publishes an abridgment by Anien of the Theodosian Code. Battle of Vouillé, near Poitiers, Alaric killed by Clovis in single combat. Conquest of Aquitaine by the Franks. Clovis makes Paris the capital of his dominions.	Lando, minister to Clovis Celer, general to Anastatius Sabinianus, general to Anastatius Hibba, Gothic general
Iormidas	Cassiodorus, hist. secretary to Theodoric, ob. æt. 95, 575 Dionysius Exiguus, reputed author of the Christian era, ob. 540	Clovis dies at Paris, Nov. 5.—His dominions divided between his sons. Constantinople besieged by Vitalianus the Goth. The Christian era introduced about this time. Death of Anastatius, Apr. 11, æt. 88, and elevation of Justin the Thracian. Battle of Charford, and establishment of Cerdic in Wessex. Vitalianus assassinated by order of Justin.	Vitalianus, Gothic general, ob. 520 Symmachus, prefect of Rome, ob. 526 Ruffinus, minister to Anastatius
ohn I.	Hesy chius of Alexandria, lexicographer Boethius, 'De Consolatione Philosophiæ,' circ. 470—526 Priscian of Cæsarea, grammarian	Thorismund king of the Vandals defeated and killed by the Moors. Death of Boethius at Calvenzano.—Battle of Voiron, Clodomir defeated and killed by Gondemar. Death of Symmachus.	Ephrem, minister to Justin, ob. 546
elix III.	Tribonianus, juriconsult to Justinian, 'Codex Justiniani,' ob. 560	Remorse and death of Theodoric, Aug. 30.—Earthquake at Antioch, 25,000 lives lost. The Emperor Justin succeeded by Justinian I. The Justinian Code, Feb. 13—529, Apr. 7, 530.—Amalric marries Clotilda, daughter of Clovis. Justinian closes the schools of Athens.—The Justinian Pandects, Dec. 15, 530—Dec. 16, 533. Erchenwin founds the kingdom of Essex.—Battle of Llongborth, between Cerdic and Arthur.	Amalasu nta, regent of the Ostrogoths, ob. 534 John the Cappadocian, minister to Justinian
oniface II.		The succession of the Gothic kings of Spain becomes elective. Conquest of Burgundy by the Franks.—Insurrection of the Nika at Constantinople. Reduction of Carthage by Belisarius, Sept. 15.	
ohn II.	Procopius, secretary to Belisarius, 'History of his own Times,' ob. circ. 560	Final conquest of Africa by Belisarius.—Second publication of the Codex Justiniani.—Defeat of Gelimer and the Vandals. Amalasu nta strangled by order of Theodatus, Apr. 30.—Defeat of the Moors by Belisarius.—He subdues Sicily, Dec. 31. Rome surrendered by Vitiges to Belisarius.	Empress Theodora, ob. 548 Belisarius, ob. 565
agapetus I.		Belisarius invades Italy, and reduces Naples.—Siege of Rome by the Goths, March. The Goths raise the siege of Rome, Mar.—Destruction of Milan and Genoa by Vitiges, 538—539.—Invasion of Italy by the Franks. Ravenna surrendered, and Vitiges taken prisoner by Belisarius, Dec.—Belisarius subdues the Gothic kingdom of Italy. Revolt of the Goths under Totila.—Noors herwan invades Syria, and destroys Antioch.—Return of Belisarius.	Modred, usurper in Britain Solomon, general to Justinian, ob. 541
ilverius	Count Marcellinus, chronolog.	Defence of the East by Belisarius.—The Roman Consulship abolished by Justinian. Victories of Totila, 541—544.—The plague brought from Egypt, and lasts several years. Rebellion of the Moors, 543—558.—Totila the Goth invades Italy, and siezes Tuscany and Naples. Second command of Belisarius in Italy, 544—548. First appearance of the Turks in Asia.	
igilius	Jornandes, Gothic historian, 'De Rebus Geticis,' ob. 552 Paul the Silentary, secretary to Justinian Simplicius of Cilicia, peripatetic philosopher	Rome besieged, May; and taken by Totila, Dec. 17. Rome recovered by Belisarius, Feb.—Ida founds the kingdom of Bernicia. Final recal of Belisarius, Sept. Siege of Petra by Dagisteus.—Rome again taken by Totila, 549—551.—The Colchian or Lazic War, 549—556. Illyria ravaged by the Slavonians.	





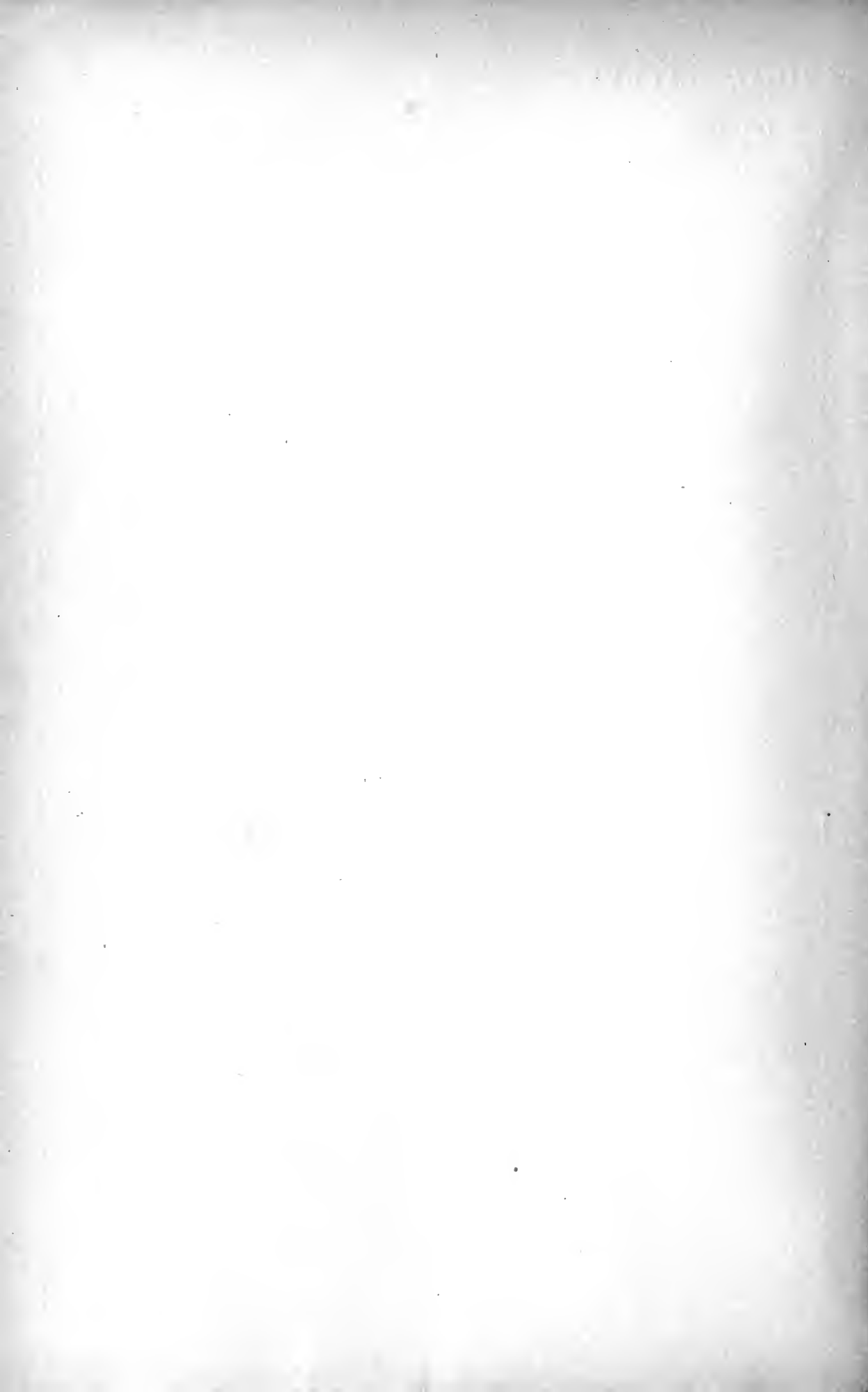
Jul. Period.	Anno Domini.	Emperors of The East	Ostrogoths in Italy.	Visigoths in Spain	Kings in Spain	KINGS IN FRANCE				THE SAXON HEPTARCHY				
						Soissons	Metz	Paris	Kent	Suss.	Wess.	Essex	E. Ang.	Merc.
5264	551	25 Justinian I.	11 Totila	2 Agila	41 Clotaire	4 Theodebald	41 Childbert	10 Ermenric	18 Cynric				5 Ida	
5265	552	26 —	1 Teia	3 Cariaric	42 —	5 —	42 —	11 Cissa	19 Erchenwin				6	
5266	553	27 —	1 Narses D. of Italy	4 —	43 —	6 —	43 —	12 —	20 —				7	
5267	554	28 —	2 —	1 Athana-gild	44 —	7 —	44 —	13 —	21 —				8	
5268	555	29 —	3 —	2 —	45 —	Succeeded by Clotaire		14 —	22 —				9	
5269	556	30 —	4 —	3 —	46 —		46 —	15 —	23 —				10	
5270	557	31 —	5 —	4 —	47 —		47 —	16 —	24 —				11	
5271	558	32 —	6 —	5 —	48 Clotaire sole King of France			17 —	25 —				12	
5272	559	33 —	7 —	6 Theodemir	49 —			18 —	26 —				13	
5273	560	34 —	8 —	7 —	50 —			1 Ethelbert	1 Ceawlin				1 Adda Ella	
5274	561	35 —	9 —	8 —	1 Charibert I.	1 Gontran	1 Sigebert I.	2 Chilperic I.	2 —	2 —			2 —	
5275	562	36 —	10 —	9 —	2 —	2 —	2 —	3 —	3 —				3 —	
5276	563	37 —	11 —	10 —	3 —	3 —	3 —	4 —	4 —				4 —	
5277	564	38 —	12 —	11 —	4 —	4 —	4 —	5 —	5 —				5 —	
5278	565	1 Justin II.	13 —	12 —	5 —	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 —				6 —	
5279	566	2 —	14 —	13 —	6 —	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —				7 —	
5280	567	3 —	15 —	1 Liuva I.	7 —	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —				1 Clappa	
5281	568	4 —	1 Alboin Longinus	2 —	8 —	8 —	8 —	9 —	9 —				2 —	
5282	569	5 —	2 —	3 Mirva	9 —	9 —	9 —	10 —	10 —				3 —	
5283	570	6 —	3 —	4 —	10 —	10 —	10 —	11 —	11 —				4 —	
5284	571	7 —	4 —	5 —	11 —	11 —	11 —	12 —	12 —			1 Uffa	5 —	
5285	572	8 —	5 —	1 Leovigild	12 —	12 —	12 —	13 —	13 —				1 Heodwulf	
5286	573	9 —	1 Cleoph	2 —	13 —	13 —	13 —	14 —	14 —				1 Freodwulf	
5287	574	10 —	2 —	3 —	14 —	14 —	14 —	15 —	15 —				2 —	
5288	575	11 —	— Interreg.	4 —	15 —	1 Childbert II.	15 —	16 —	16 —				3 —	
5289	576	12 —	—	5 —	16 —	2 —	16 —	17 —	17 —				4 —	
5290	577	13 —	—	6 —	17 —	3 —	17 —	18 —	18 —				5 —	
5291	578	1 Tiberius II.	—	7 —	18 —	4 —	18 —	19 —	19 —			1 Titulus	6 —	
5292	579	2 —	—	8 —	19 —	5 —	19 —	20 —	20 —			2 —	7 —	
5293	580	3 —	—	9 —	20 —	6 —	20 —	21 —	21 —			3 —	1 Theodoric	
5294	581	4 —	—	10 —	21 —	7 —	21 —	22 —	22 —			4 —	2 —	
5295	582	1 Maurice the Cappado-cian	—	11 Eburic	22 —	8 —	22 —	23 —	23 —			5 —	3 —	
5296	583	2 —	—	12 Andica	23 —	9 —	23 —	24 —	24 —			6 —	4 —	
5297	584	3 —	1 Autharis Sma-rag-dus	13 —	24 —	10 —	1 Clotaire II.	25 —	25 —			7 —	5 —	
5298	585	4 —	2 —	14 —	25 —	11 —	2 —	26 —	26 —			8 —	6 —	
5299	586	5 —	3 —	1 Recared I.	26 —	12 —	3 —	27 —	27 —			9 Crida	7 —	
5300	587	6 —	4 —	2 —	27 —	13 —	4 —	28 —	28 Sledda			10 —	8 —	
5301	588	7 —	5 —	3 —	28 —	14 —	5 —	29 —	29 —			11 —	9 —	
5302	589	8 —	6 —	4 —	29 —	15 —	6 —	30 —	30 —			12 —	10 —	
5303	590	9 —	7 Romanus	5 —	30 —	16 —	7 —	31 —	31 —			13 —	11 —	
5304	591	10 —	1 Agilulph	6 —	31 —	17 —	8 —	32 —	1 Ceolric			14 —	12 —	
5305	592	11 —	2 —	7 —	32 —	18 —	9 —	33 —	2 —			15 —	13 —	
5306	593	12 —	3 —	8 —	33 —	19 —	10 —	34 —	3 —			16 Interreg.	1 Ethel-frith	
5307	594	13 —	4 —	9 —	—	20 —	11 —	35 —	4 —			17 —	2 —	
5308	595	14 —	5 —	10 —	—	21 —	12 —	36 —	5 —			18 —	3 —	
5309	596	15 —	6 —	11 —	—	22 —	13 —	37 —	6 —			19 —	4 —	
5310	597	16 —	7 Callinicus	12 —	—	23 —	14 —	38 —	1 Ceolwulf Sabert			20 Wibba	5 —	
5311	598	17 —	8 —	13 —	—	24 —	15 —	39 —	2 —			21 —	6 —	
5312	599	18 —	9 —	14 —	—	25 —	16 —	40 —	3 —			1 Redwald	7 —	
5313	600	19 —	10 —	15 —	—	26 —	17 —	41 —	4 —			2 —	8 —	

Bishops of Rome	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MIDDLE AGES	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
Vigilius _____ _____ _____		The Roman Senate ceases to exist about this time.—Silk introduced into Europe from China. Expedition of Narses into Italy.—Defeat and death of Totila, July.—Conquest of Rome by Narses. Defeat and death of Teia, near Naples, Mar.—Vth General Council, of Constantinople, May 26—June 2. Defeat of the Franks and the Alemanni by Narses.—Settlement of Italy by Narses, 554—568.	
Pelagius I. _____ _____ _____		Embassy of the Avars to Justinian.—Death of Childebert.—First example of the Salic law. Defeat of Zabergan King of Bulgaria,—the last victory of Belisarius. Ella founds the kingdom of Deira.	Chramnes, son to Clotaire, ob. 560
John III. _____ _____ _____		Disgrace of Belisarius.—France again divided on the death of Clotaire. Belisarius restored to his command. Constantinople nearly destroyed by fire.	
_____ _____ _____ _____	Gildas, 'De Excidio Britannia' Agathias, Byzantine historian	Death of Belisarius, Mar. 13, æt. 84.—Death of Justinian, Nov. 14, æt. 83. Embassy of the Avars to Justin II. Alboin undertakes the conquest of Italy.—Defection and death of Narses. Conquest of a great part of Italy by the Lombards, 568—570. Birth of Mahomet. Pride and power of the Chagan of the Avars, 570—600.—Conquest of Yemen by Noorsherwan.	Fredegonde, queen to Chilperic, ob. 577
_____ _____ _____	Gregory of Tours, the father of French history, 'History of the Franks,' 544—595	The Huns make an irruption in Thuringia, but are repelled by the French kings. Noorsherwan's last war with the Romans. Alboin King of Lombardy murdered by Rosamond his queen, June 28. The Persians invade and plunder Syria.	Merovæus, son to Chilperic, ob. 577 Brunehaut, queen to Sigebert
_____ _____ _____	St. Columbanus of Leinster, Abbot of Luxeuil, Latin poet, 543—615	The Lombards in Italy are governed for nine years by elective dukes. The French kings at war with each other. Peace between the kings in France. The Emperor Justin II. dies, Oct. 5, and is succeeded by Tiberius II.	Mummol, general to Gontran Justinian, general to Justin Didier, general to Chilperic
_____ _____ _____		The Latin language falls into disuse in Italy about this time. The Emperor Tiberius II. dies, Aug. 14, and is succeeded by Maurice of Capadocia. The regal government restored by the Lombards in Italy.—Fiefs have their origin about this time in France. The Suevi conquered by Leovigild, and annexed to Spain. Crida founds the kingdom of Mercia. The city of Paris destroyed by fire. The Persians defeated by the Roman general, Philippicus. Exploits of Baharam.—Death of Hormuz.—Flight of Khosrou Purvez to the Romans.	Landri, minister to Queen Fredegonde Leudigisille, general to Gontran
_____ _____ _____			Philippicus, general to Maurice, ob. post. 602
_____ _____ _____	Evagrius Scholasticus of Pontus, 'Ecclesiastical History,' 431—594, born cir. 536	Restoration of Khosrou King of Persia by the troops of the Emperor Maurice. Battle of Wanborough, Ceawlin King of Wessex defeated by his nephew, Ceolric.—Baptism of Ethelbert King of Kent. The Gascons cross the Pyrenees and settle in France.—The Avari expelled from Thrace by the Roman general, Priscus.	Arnulph, Lombard general Priscus, general to Maurice
_____ _____ _____	Augustine, Abp. of Canterbury, ob. 604	Wars of the Emperor Maurice against the Avars, 595—602.—The Lombards besiege Rome, and ravage the Papal territory. Christianity introduced into Britain by St. Augustine. Commencement of the power of the Maires du Palais of the Merovingian kings of France. The Sclavonians and the Avari ravage Italy.	



Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of The East	KINGS IN FRANCE			Kings of the Lombards	Exarchs of Ravenna	Visigoths in Spain	THE SAXON HEPTARCHY					Sassanid
			Soissons	Orleans	Metz				Kent	Suss. West.	Essex	E. Ang.	Merc.	
5314	601	20 Maurice	18 Clotaire II.	6 Thierry I.	6 Theodbert II.	11 Agilulf	5 Callinicus I Smaragdus again	1 Liuva II.	42 Ethelbert	5 Ceolwulf Sabert 5	3 Redwald Wibba 5	9 Ethelfrith	11 King of Persia	
5315	602	1 Phocas	19 —	7 —	7 —	12 —	2 —	2 —	43 —	6 — 6	4 — 6	10 —	12 —	
5316	603	2 —	20 —	8 —	8 —	13 —	3 —	1 Witeric	44 —	7 — 7	5 — 7	11 —	13 —	
5317	604	3 —	21 —	9 —	9 —	14 —	4 —	2 —	45 —	8 — 8	6 — 8	12 —	14 —	
5318	605	4 —	22 —	10 —	10 —	15 —	5 —	3 —	46 —	9 — 9	7 — 9	13 —	15 —	
5319	606	5 —	23 —	11 —	11 —	16 —	6 —	4 —	47 —	10 — 10	8 — 10	14 —	16 —	
5320	607	6 —	24 —	12 —	12 —	17 —	7 —	5 —	48 —	11 — 11	9 — 11	15 —	17 —	
5321	608	7 —	25 —	13 —	13 —	18 —	8 —	6 —	49 —	12 — 12	10 — 12	16 —	18 —	
5322	609	8 —	26 —	14 —	14 —	19 —	9 —	7 —	50 —	13 — 13	11 — 13	17 —	19 —	
5323	610	1 Heraclius	27 —	15 —	15 —	20 —	10 —	1 Gondemar	51 —	14 — 14	12 — 14	18 —	20 —	
5324	611	2 —	28 —	16 —	16 —	21 —	1 Johannes Lemigius	2 —	52 —	1 Cyne-gils 15	13 — 15	19 —	21 —	
5325	612	3 —	29 —	17 King of Metz		22 —	2 —	1 Sisebert	53 —	2 — 16	14 — 16	20 —	22 —	
5326	613	4 —	30 Clotaire sole King of France			23 —	3 —	2 —	54 —	3 — 17	15 — 17	21 —	23 —	
5327	614	5 —	31 —			24 —	4 —	3 —	55 —	4 Saxred 1	16 — 18	22 —	24 —	
5328	615	6 —	32 —			1 Adawald	5 —	4 —	56 —	5 Sigebert 2	17 Ceorl 1	23 —	25 —	
5329	616	7 —	33 —			2 —	1 Eleutherius	5 —	1 Eadbald	6 Seward 3	18 — 2	24 —	26 —	
5330	617	8 —	34 —			3 —	2 —	6 —	2 —	7 — 4	19 — 3	1 Edwin	27 —	
5331	618	9 —	35 —			4 —	3 —	7 —	3 —	8 — 5	20 — 4	2 —	28 —	
5332	619	10 —	36 —			5 —	1 Isaac	8 —	4 —	9 — 6	21 — 5	3 —	29 —	
5333	620	11 —	37 —			6 —	2 —	1 Recared II.	5 —	10 — 7	22 — 6	4 —	30 —	
5334	621	12 —	38 —	ARABIA		7 —	3 —	1 Suintilla	6 —	11 — 8	23 — 7	5 —	31 —	
5335	622	13 —	39 —	1 Mahomed		8 —	4 —	2 —	7 —	12 — 9	24 — 8	6 —	32 —	
5336	623	14 —	40 —	2 —		9 —	5 —	3 —	8 —	13 Sigebert the Little	25 — 9	7 —	33 —	
5337	624	15 —	41 —	3 —		10 —	6 —	4 —	9 —	14 Erpwald	10 — 8	8 —	34 —	
5338	625	16 —	42 —	4 —		1 Ariwald	7 —	5 —	10 —	15 — 3	2 — 11	9 —	35 —	
5339	626	17 —	43 —	5 —		2 —	8 —	6 —	11 —	16 — 4	3 Penda 1	10 —	36 —	
5340	627	18 —	44 —	6 —		3 —	9 —	7 —	12 —	17 — 5	— 2	11 —	37 —	
5341	628	19 —	1 Dagobert I.	7 —		4 —	10 —	8 —	13 —	18 — 6	— 3	12 —	1 Sch	
5342	629	20 —	2 —	8 —		5 —	11 —	9 —	14 —	19 — 7	1 Sigebert	4 — 13	2 —	
5343	630	21 —	3 Charibert II.	9 —		6 —	12 —	10 —	15 —	20 — 8	2 — 5	14 —	3 —	
5344	631	22 —	4 —	10 —		7 —	13 —	1 Sisenand	16 —	21 — 9	3 — 6	15 —	1 Sh	
5345	632	23 —	5 —	1 Abubeker First Caliph		8 —	14 —	2 —	17 —	22 — 10	1 Egric 7	16 —	1 Ye	
5346	633	24 —	6 —	2 Omar I.		9 —	15 —	3 —	18 —	23 — 11	2 — 8	17 —	2 —	
5347	634	25 —	7 —	3 —		10 —	16 —	4 —	19 —	24 — 12	3 — 9	1 Eanfrid Osric 1 Oswald	3 —	
5348	635	26 —	8 —	4 —		11 —	17 —	5 —	20 —	25 — 13	1 Anna 10	2 —	4 —	
5349	636	27 —	9 —	5 —		1 Rotharis Duke of Brescia	18 —	1 Chintilla	21 —	26 — 14	2 — 11	3 —	5 —	
5350	637	28 —	10 —	6 —		2 —	19 —	2 —	22 —	27 — 15	3 — 12	4 —	6 —	
5351	638	29 —	1 Sigebert II. Clovis II.	7 —		3 —	20 —	3 —	23 —	28 — 16	4 — 13	5 —	7 —	
5352	639	30 —	2 —	8 —		4 —	21 —	4 —	24 —	29 — 17	5 — 14	6 —	8 —	
5353	640	31 —	3 —	9 —		5 —	22 —	1 Tulca	1 Ercenbert	30 — 18	6 — 15	7 —	9 —	
5354	641	1 Constantine III.	4 —	10 —		6 —	23 —	1 Chindaswind	2 —	1 — 19	7 — 16	8 —	10 —	
5355	642	2 —	5 —	11 —		7 —	24 —	2 —	3 —	32 — 20	8 — 17	1 Oswald	11 —	
5356	643	3 —	6 —	12 —		8 —	25 —	3 —	4 —	1 Cenwal	21 — 9	18 —	12 —	
5357	644	4 —	7 —	13 —		9 —	26 —	4 —	5 —	2 — 22	10 — 19	3 Oswin 1	13 —	
5358	645	5 —	8 —	14 —		10 —	27 —	5 —	6 —	3 — 23	11 — 20	4 — 2	14 —	
5359	646	6 —	9 —	15 —		11 —	28 —	6 —	7 —	4 — 24	12 — 21	5 — 3	15 —	
5360	647	7 —	10 —	16 —		12 —	29 —	7 —	8 —	5 — 25	13 — 22	6 — 4	16 —	
5361	648	8 —	11 —	17 —		13 —	30 —	8 —	9 Edilwald	6 — 26	14 — 23	7 — 5	17 —	
5362	649	9 —	12 —	18 —		14 —	31 —	9 —	10 —	7 — 27	15 — 24	8 — 6	18 —	
5363	650	10 —	13 —	19 —		15 —	32 —	10 —	11 —	8 — 28	16 — 25	9 — 7	19 —	

POPES	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MIDDLE AGES	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
Gregory the Great Sabinianus	Secundus, hist. of Lombardy, b. 615	A civil war between Theodebert and Clotaire fomented by Thierry. Maurice and his five children put to death by Phocas.—The Romans defeated in Italy by the Lombards. Khosrou Purvez invades the Eastern Empire to revenge the death of Maurice. St. Augustine first Archbishop of Canterbury dies.	Narses, general to Phocas, ob. 605
Boniface III. Boniface IV.	Isidore Hispalensis, Bp. of Seville, grammarian, ob. 636	Concessions of Phocas, and commencement of the Papal power. Priscus and Heraclius conspire against Phocas. Mahomed preaches at Mecca.—Heraclius takes up arms against Phocas. Fall and death of Phocas, and elevation of Heraclius.	
Theophilactus Simocatta, Greek historian		Conquest of Syria by Khosrou. Mahomed begins to publish his Koran.	Arnoul, maire du palais
Deusdedit		Capture of Jerusalem and conquest of Palestine by Khosrou. Alexandria taken by the Persians. Conquest of Egypt and of Asia Minor by Khosrou.	
Boniface V	John of Alexandria, 'Philoponus'	Tingatana in Africa taken by the Goths.—Battle of Retford, Ethelfrith King of Bernicia defeated and killed by Edwin of Deira. Constantinople taken and pillaged by the Avari. The Persians ravage Asia Minor as far as Chalcedon. The Emperor Heraclius makes peace with the Avari, and pushes the war against the Persians.	Theodorus, minister to Heraclius
Bonifortius I.		Flight of Mahomed, July 16.—First expedition of the Emperor Heraclius against Khosrou. Battle of Bedr.—Battle of Ohud.—Second expedition of Heraclius against Khosrou, 623—625. Suintilla drives the Greeks out of Spain. Battle of 'the Nations,' or 'the Ditch.' Deliverance of Constantinople from Khosrou and the Chagan of the Avars. Third expedition of Heraclius against Khosrou, Dec. 1.—Flight of Khosrou, Dec. 29. Khosrou deposed, Feb. 25, and murdered by Schirouch, his son, Feb. 28.—Peace between the two empires, Mar. Submission of Mecca.—First war of the Mahometans against the Roman Empire.	Sarbarus, general to Khosrou Purvez Sain, general to Khosrou, ob. 626 Andegisil, maire du palais Pepin, maire,— ob. 646
George of Pisidia, poet and historian, ob. post. 641		Dagobert becomes sole King of France by the death of Charibert II. Conquest of Arabia, 629—632.—Death of Mahomed, æt. 63, June 7.—Invasion of Persia and Syria. Siege of—Damascus.—Battle of Aiznadén and defeat of Heraclius, July 13.—Battle of Hatfield Chace, Oct. 12. Damascus taken by the Saracens by storm. Siege of Heliopolis and of Emessa. Battle of Cadesia, and total defeat of the Persians.—Battle of Yermuk, Nov.—Foundation of Bassora. Sack of Ctesiphon or Al Modain, Mar.—Jerusalem taken by the Saracens. Aleppo and Antioch taken.—Flight of Heraclius.—Invasion of Egypt by the Saracens, June. The Maires du Palais begin to usurp the royal authority in Austrasia and Neustria. Alexandria taken, and the library burnt by the Saracen Amrou, Dec. 22.—First kingdom of the Bulgarians, 640—1017.	Bahanes, general to Heraclius Manuel, last Roman governor in Egypt Ega, maire du palais to Clovis, ob. 646 Amrus, general to Omar, ob. 663
Theodorus I.		The Emperor Heraclius dies, Feb. 11.—Constantine III. is poisoned by his step-mother, Martina, May 25. Oswald King of Northumberland killed in battle with Penda King of Mercia. Omar Caliph of the Saracens mortally wounded in the mosque at Medina, by a Persian slave, Nov. 3.	Maurice, governor of Rome, ob. 643
Martin I.		First invasion of Africa by Abdallah. Cyprus taken by the Saracens under Muavius.—Victory of the Saracens by Abdallah, at Sufetula in Africa.	Archambaud, maire du palais to Clovis Grimoald, maire du palais to Sigebert



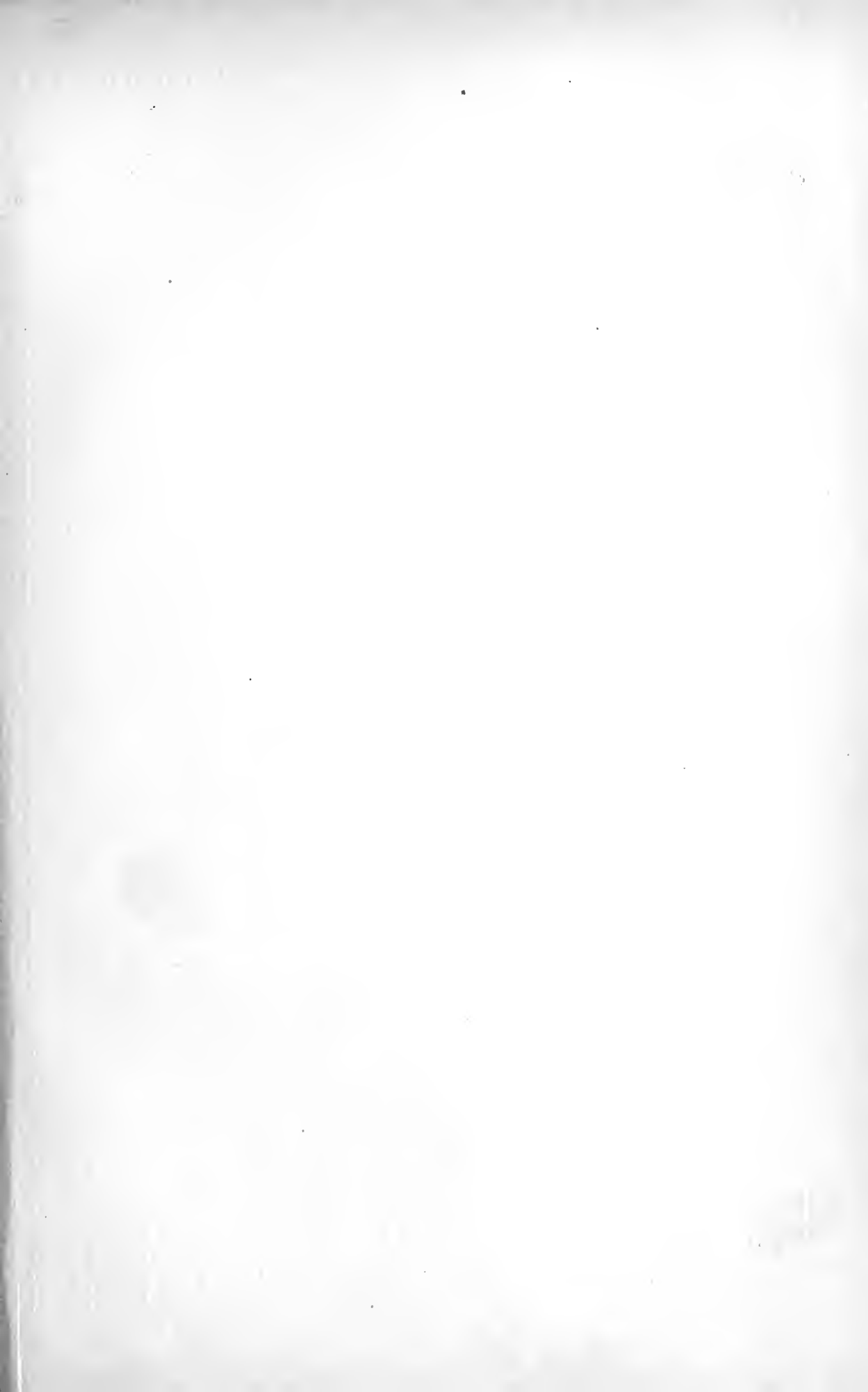
Jul. Period.	Anno Domn.	Emperors of The East	Caliphs of the Saracens	Austria Kings in France	Neustria	Kings of the Lombards	Exarchs of Ravenna	Visigoths in Spain	THE SAXON HEPTARCHY						Sassanids
									Kent	Suss.	Wess.	Essex	E. Ang.	Merc.	
5364	651	11 Constans II.	8 Othman	14 Sigebert II. Clovis II.	15	16 Rotharis	3 Olympius Theodorus again	11 Chindaswind	12 Ercenb. Edil-wald 5	9 Cenwal Sigebert 30	17 Anna Penda 26	10 Oswy Adel-wald 2			
5365	652	12	9	16	16	1 Rodoald	2	12	13	10	18	11			
5366	653	13	10	17	17	1 Aribert I.	3	1	14	11	19	12			
5367	654	14	11	18	18	2	4	2	15	12	1 Ethelric	13			
5368	655	15	12	19	19	3	5	3	16	13	1 Ethelwld. Peada 1	14			
5369	656	16	1 Ali	20	20	4	6	4	17	14	2 Wulf-hera	15			
5370	657	17	2	21	21	5	7	5	18	15	3	16			
5371	658	18	3	22	22	6	8	6	19	16	4	17			
5372	659	19	4	23	23	7	9	7	20	17	5	18			
5373	660	20	5	24	24	8	10	8	21	18	6	19			
5374	661	21	1 Hasan Moawiah I.	25	25	1 Pertharidus Grimold	11	9	22	19	7	20			
5375	662	22	2	26	26	2	12	10	23	20	8	21			
5376	663	23	3	27	27	3	13	11	24	21	9	22			
5377	664	24	4	28	28	4	14	12	1 Ecbert 17	22	1 Aldulf	23			
5378	665	25	5	29	29	5	15	13	2	23	2	24			
5379	666	26	6	30	30	6	16	14	3	24	3	25			
5380	667	27	7	31	31	7	17	15	4	25	4	26			
5381	668	1 Constantine IV.	8	32	32	8	18	16	5	26	5	27			
5382	669	2 Pogonatus	9	33	33	9	19	17	6	27	6	28			
5383	670	3	10	34	34	10	20	18	7	28	7	29			
5384	671	4	11	35	35	1 Pertharidus again	6	19	8	29	8	30			
5385	672	5	12	36	36	2	7	1 Wamba	9	1 Sexburga	9	31			
5386	673	6	13	37	37	3	8	2	10	2	10	32			
5387	674	7	14	38	38	4	9	3	11	1 Escwin	11	33			
5388	675	8	15	39	39	5	10	4	12	2	12	34			
5389	676	9	16	40	40	6	11	5	13	1 Centwin	13	35			
5390	677	10	17	41	41	7	12	6	14	2	14	36			
5391	678	11	18	42	42	8	13	7	15	3	15	37			
5392	679	12	19	43	43	9	14	8	16	4	16	38			
5393	680	13	1 Yezid I.	44	44	10	15	9	17	5	17	39			
5394	681	14	2	45	45	11	16	10	18	6	18	40			
5395	682	15	3	46	46	12	17	11	19	7	19	41			
5396	683	16	1 Moawiah II.	47	47	13	18	12	20	8	20	42			
5397	684	17	1 Merwan I.	48	48	14	19	13	21	9	21	43			
5398	685	1 Justinian II.	1 Abdelmelic	49	49	15	20	14	22	10	22	44			
5399	686	2	2	50	50	16	21	15	23	11	23	45			
5400	687	3	3	51	51	17	22	16	24	12	24	46			
5401	688	4	4	52	52	18	23	17	25	13	25	47			
5402	689	5	5	53	53	19	24	18	26	14	26	48			
5403	690	6	6	54	54	20	25	19	27	15	27	49			
5404	691	7	7	55	55	21	26	20	28	16	28	50			
5405	692	8	8	56	56	22	27	21	29	17	29	51			
5406	693	9	9	57	57	23	28	22	30	18	30	52			
5407	694	10	10	58	58	24	29	23	31	19	31	53			
5408	695	1 Leontius	11	59	59	25	30	24	32	20	32	54			
5409	696	2	12	60	60	26	31	25	33	21	33	55			
5410	697	3	13	61	61	27	32	26	34	22	34	56			
5411	698	1 Tiberius III.	14	62	62	28	33	27	35	23	35	57			
5412	699	2 Apsimar	15	63	63	29	34	28	36	24	36	58			
5413	700	3	16	64	64	30	35	29	37	25	37	59			

The term 'Saxon Heptarchy' is sometimes applied instead of Heptarchy, in reference to the separate kingdoms in Northumbria

POPES	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MIDDLE AGES	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS	NON-REGAL STATES
Martin I.	Aidan, Bp. of Lindisfarne, ob. 651	Conquest of Persia by the Saracens.—Flight and assassination of Yezdejrd III.		
Eugenius I.		The Colossus of Rhodes destroyed by the Saracens.	Theodosius, brother to Constans, ob. 659	
Gitalianus		Battle of Winwidfield, near Leeds; defeat and death of Penda King of Mercia by Oswy of Northumberland.		
		The Saracens purchase peace of the Emperor Constans at the yearly price of 100,000 crowns.		
		Rise of the Paulicians, or disciples of St. Paul.	Batilda, Queen-regent of Neustria	
		Grimoald Duke of Benevento seizes the throne of Lombardy pending the contentions of Petharitus and Gondibert.		
			Shapoor, Governor of Armenia, ob. 667	
			Ebrouin, maire du palais to Clotaire, ob. 688	
			Tiberius and Heraclius, ministers to Constans II.	
		First siege of Constantinople by the Arabs, 668—677.—Constans II. assassinated in a bath at Syracuse, July 15.	Leger, Bp. of Autun, minister to Childeric, ob. 685	
		Foundation of Cairoan in the kingdom of Tunis, the seat of the Caliphate in Africa, by the Saracen, Akbah, 670—675.—The Saracens besiege and destroy Syracuse.		
		The Saracens besiege Constantinople, and take up their winter quarters at Cyzicum.	Count Bodillon	
	Callinicus of Heliopolis, inventor of the Greek fire. Benedict Biscop, Abbot of Wearmouth, 629—690	The fleet of the Saracens destroyed before Constantinople by the Greek fire of Callinicus.	Leudesile, maire du palais to Thierry III. ob. 681	
		Storming of Nismes, and degradation of Duke Paul.		
		The Saracens defeated in Spain by Wamba, who burns their flotilla.		
		First siege of Constantinople relinquished by the Arabs, repulsed by the Greek fire.—Tribute conceded to the besieged.	Vulfoald, maire du palais to Thierry III.	
		The Bulgarians invade Thrace, and settle on the banks of the Danube.		
	Cædmon, Anglo-Saxon poet, ob. circa 680	Death of Hosein, and fall of the Fatimites, Oct. 10.—The VIth General Council, at Constantinople, Nov. 7—Sept. 16, 681.		
	Aidhelm, Abbot of Malmesbury, father of Anglo-Saxon poetry, circ. 656—709	The Emperor Constantine relinquishes the payments usual on the election of the Popes, but reserves the right of confirming their election.		
		Constantine Pogonatus dies, Sept.; and is succeeded by Justinian II.		
		Sussex subdued by Ceadwalla, and united to the kingdom of Wessex.		
		Pepin d'Heristal now governs all France.		
		Thierry defeated by Pepin d'Heristal.—Conquest of Africa by Akbah and Yezid, 665—689.		
		Ina King of Wessex publishes a code of Saxon laws.	Alahis, Duke of Trent, ob. 694	
		Justinian II. is mutilated and dethroned by Leontius	Chaganis, King of the Abari	DOGES OF VENICE
		Establishment of the republic and doges of Venice.		1 Paolo Lucio Anafesto
	Wilbrord of Ripon, Bp. of Utrecht, 657—738	Leontius is mutilated and dethroned by Tiberius.—Conquest of Carthage by the Saracen, Hassan.		2 _____
				3 _____
				4 _____

Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of The East	Caliphs of the Saracens	Dukes		Kings of the Lombards	Exarchs of Ravenna	Kings		SAXON KINGS IN ENGLAND				
				Austrasia Kings	Neustria			in Spain	in Spain	Kent	Wessex	Essex	E. Anglia	Mercia
5414	701	4 Tiberius	17 Abdelmelic	21 Pepin		1 Ragimbt. 1 Aribert 2 II.	15 Johannes Platon 1 Theophilact	1 Witiza	8 Wihtred	14 Ina	2 Offa	38 Aldulf	27 Ethelred	
5415	702	5	18	22				2	9	15	3	39	28	
5416	703	6	19	23	9	3	2	3	10	16	4	40	29	
5417	704	7	20	24	10	4	3	4	11	17	5	41	1 Cenred	
5418	705	1 Justinian II. again	1 Walid I.	25	11	5	4	5	12	18	6	42	2	
5419	706	2	2	26	12	6	5	6	13	19	7	43	3	
5420	707	3	3	27	13	7	6	7	14	20	8	44	4	
5421	708	4	4	28	14	8	7	8	15	21	9	45	5	
5422	709	5	5	29	15	9	8	9	16	22	1 Sueb-richt	46	1 Ceolred	
5423	710	6	6	30	16	10	1 Johannes Rizocop.	10	17	23	2	47	2	
5424	711	1 Philippicus Bardanes	7	31 Dagobert III.	11	[prand 1 Ans-1 Luit-2 prand	1 Eutychi- us the 2 Eunuch	1 Roderic + Tarik 1 Musa 1	18	24	3	48	3	
5425	712	2	8	32	2				19	25	4	49	4	
5426	713	1 Anastatus II.	9	33	3		1 Scholasticus	2	20	26	5	1 Selred	5	
5427	714	2	10	34	4	3	2	Adelasis 1	21	27	6	2	6	
5428	715	3	1 Soliman	1 Ch. Martel Chilpe-ric II.	2	4	3	Alhaur 1	22	28	7	3	7	
5429	716	1 Theodosius III.	2	2	2	5	4		23	29	8	4	1 Ethelbald	
5430	717	2	1 Omar II.	3	3	6	5		24	30	9	5	2	
5431	718	1 Leo III. the Isaurian	2	4	4	7	6	1 Pelayo Al Sama 1	25	31	10	6	3	
5432	719	2	3	5	5	8	7	2	26	32	11	7	4	
5433	720	3	1 Yezid II.	6 Thierry IV.	1	9	8	3	27	33	12	8	5	
5434	721	4	2	7	2	10	9	4 Abderah-1 man and 5 Ambisa 2	28	34	13	9	6	
5435	722	5	3	8	3	11	10	5	29	35	14	10	7	
5436	723	6	4	9	4	12	11	6	30	36	15	11	8	
5437	724	7	1 Hashem	10	5	13	12	7	31	37	16	12	9	
5438	725	8	2	11	6	14	13	8 Hodeira 1 Yahia 1	1 Ead- bert 2	38	17	13	10	
5439	726	9	3	12	7	15	14	9	2	39	18	14	11	
5440	727	10	4	13	8	16	1	10 Paul	3	40	19	15	12	
5441	728	11	5	14	9	17	1	11 Eutychi- us again	4	1	20	16	13	
5442	729	12	6	15	10	18	2	12 Hodaifa 1 Othman 1 Alhattan 1 Mahomd. 1	5	2	21	17	14	
5443	730	13	7	16	11	19	3	13 Abderah-1 man	6	3	22	18	15	
5444	731	14	8	17	12	20	4	14	7	4	23	19	16	
5445	732	15	9	18	13	21	5	15 Abdel-1 melic	8	5	24	20	17	
5446	733	16	10	19	14	22	6	16	9	6	25	21	18	
5447	734	17	11	20	15	23	7	17	10	7	26	22	19	
5448	735	18	12	21	16	24	8	18 Okbah 1	11	8	27	23	20	
5449	736	19	13	22	17	25	9	19	12	9	28	24	21	
5450	737	20	14	23	18	26	10	1	13	10	29	25	22	
5451	738	21	15	24	19	27	11	2	14	11	1	26	23	
5452	739	22	16	25	20	28	12	1	15	12	2	27	24	
5453	740	23	17	26	21	29	13	2	16	1	3	28	25	
5454	741	1 Constantine V.	18	1	22	30	14	3	17	2	4	29	26	
5455	742	2 Copronymus	19	2	23	31	15	4	18	3	5	30	27	
5456	743	3	1	3	24	32	16	5	19	4	6	31	28	
5457	744	4	1	4	25	33	17	6	20	5	7	32	29	
5458	745	5	1	5	26	34	18	7	21	6	8	33	30	
5459	746	6	3	6	27	35	19	8	22	7	9	1	31	
5460	747	7	4	7	28	36	20	9	23	8	10	2	32	
5461	748	8	5	8	29	37	21	10	24	9	11	3	33	
5462	749	9	6	9	30	38	22	11	25	10	12	1	34	
5463	750	10	1	10	31	39	23	12	26	11	13	2	35	

NAMES	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MIDDLE AGES	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS	DOGES OF VENICE
John VI.	Ceolfrid, Abbot of Wearmouth, tutor to Bede, 642—716			5 Paolo Lucio-Anafesto
John VII.	Adamnan, Abbot of Iona, 'De Locis Terræ Sanctæ,' ob. 703	Justinian II. restored by Terbelis; Leontius and Apsimar degraded in the Hippodrome, and executed.	Gilulfus, Duke of Beneventum, ob. 707	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14
Justinianus		Final conquest of Africa by the Arabs, and adoption of the Moors. Conquest of Transoxiana.—First descent of the Saracens in Spain by Tarik, July.	Count Julian, ob. 714	15 16 17
Gregory II.	John of Beverley, Abp. of York, ob. 721	Gebel al Tarik lands at Gibraltar, Ap. 30.—Battle of the Guadalete, July.—Fall of the Gothic monarchy in Spain. Musa the Saracen lands in Spain.—Merida capitulates.—Tarik is superseded. Conquest of Spain by Musa.—Philippicus Bardanes assassinated, June 4.—Anastatius II. succeeds. Musa arrested at the head of his army by command of Caliph Walid.—Peppin Heristal dies, Dec. 16. Second siege of Constantinople, 716—718. Moslemah crosses the Hellespont, July 15.—Battle of Vincy gained by Charles Martel, Mar. 21. The Empire of the Arabian Caliphs in its zenith.—Siege of Constantinople raised by Moslemah, Aug. 15. Don Pelayo defeats the Saracens at Cavadonga.—Archbishop Oppas put to death.	Rainfroy, maire du palais to Dagobert Adelasis, son of Musa, ob. 716 Tiberius, tyrant of Sicily	18 19 20 1 Marco Tegliano 2 3 4
	Felix, 'History of Croyland Abbey'	Invasion of France by the Arabs. Charles Martel victorious over the Suevi, the Frisons, the Allemanni, and the Saxons. The Iconoclastic controversy begins. The Greek Bishops are opposed to the Emperor's edict against Images. Remonstrance of Gregory II. Rupture between the Pontificate and the Greek empire upon the Iconoclastic question.	Eudes, Duke of Aquitaine, ob. 735 Childebrand, brother to Charles Martel Agallianus—and Stephen, generals against the Iconoclasts	5 6 7 8 9 1 Orso Ipato 2 3 4 5
Gregory III.	Venerable Bede, 'Historia Ecclesiastica,' 672—735 St. Boniface, Abp. of the Germans, circ. 680—755 Tatwine, Abp. of Canterbury, 'Enigmata,' ob. 734 Fredegair, Fr. chronicler, continuator of Gregory of Tours Bede's literary friends :— Egbert, Abp. of York, 735, 'Confessionale,' and 'Pœnitentiale,' ob. 766 Acca, Bp. of Hexham, ob. 740 Albinus, Abbot of St. Augustine, ob. 732	The Patriarch Germanus deposed by the Emperor Leo.—Rome attacked by the Lombards, 730—752. Expedition into France, and victories of Abderahman. Defeat and death of Abderahman by Charles Martel, between Poitiers and Tours, Oct. The Italian Bishops pray the Emperor Leo to revoke the edict against Images without success. Charles Martel becomes master of Aquitaine on the death of Duke Eudes. Destruction of Images by the Emperor Leo III. Interregnum under Charles Martel on the death of Thierry IV.	Stephen, generals against the Iconoclasts	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 MAESTRIDE CAVALIERI
Archary	Nothelm, Abp. of Canterbury, ob. 739 Daniel, Bp. of Winchester, ob. 745 Ethelwald, Abbot of Lindisfarne, ob. 740 Forthere, Bp. of Sherborne, living 737 Hwethbert, Abbot of Wearmouth, living 731 Plegwin, monk of York, living 730 Withred, presbyter, living 730 Cuthred, Abbot of Yarrow, present at his death, 735	Pope Gregory III. endeavours in vain to appease the Emperor Leo on the subject of Images. Pope Gregory, besieged by Luitprand, writes most urgently to Charles Martel for assistance.—Charles Martel dies, Oct. 22.—Pope Gregory, Nov. 28.—Leo the Isaurian, June 18. Birth of Charlemagne. Odillon Duke of Bavaria defeated by Pepin and Carloman. Carloman retires to a convent in Italy.—Pepin gains the ascendant. Decline and fall of Christianity in Africa, 749—1076.—The Christian era adopted by historians about this time. Fall of the Ommyiades, Merwan II. defeated and killed by Abu Moslem in Egypt, Feb. 10.	Thrasemond, general to Gregory III. Artabasdu, minister to Leo, ob. 743 Herald, Duke of Aquitaine John Damascenus, min. to the Caliph Hashem, ob. 750 Nicetas, minister to Constantine, ob. 780	1 Theodato Ipato 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9



Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of The East	Caliphs of the Saracens	Austria	Dukes of Kings	Neustria	Kings of the Lombards	Exarchs of Ravenna	Asturias	Kings of Cordova	SAXON KINGS IN ENGLAND					
											Kent	Wessex	Essex	E. Anglia	Mercia	
5464	751	11 Constantine V.	2 Abul-Abbas	11 Pepin Chil. III.	10	3 Astolfus	24 Euty-chius	13 Alfonso I.	4 Ethelbert	12 Cuthred	14 Swithred	3 Beorna and Ethelred	36 Ethelbald			
5465	752	12 Copronymus	3	1 Pepin the Little King of France	5	4	— Conquered by the Lombards	14 Yussuf 6	5	13	15	4 Ethelred	37			
5466	753	13	4	2	5	5	—	15	6	14	16	5	38			
5467	754	14	1 Almansor	3	6	6	—	16	7	1 Sigebert	17	6	39			
5468	755	15	2	4	7	7	—	17 Abderah-man I.	8	1 Cynewulf	18	7	1 [Fred 1 Bern-1 Offa			
5469	756	16	3	5	8	1 Desiderius Duke of Istria	—	18 King of Cordova	9	2	19	8	2			
5470	757	17	4	6	9	2	—	1 Froila I. King of Oviedo	10	3	20	9	3			
5471	758	18	5	7	10	3	—	2	11	4	21	10 Beorna alone	4			
5472	759	19	6	8	11	4	—	3	12	5	22	11	5			
5473	760	20	7	9	12	5	—	4	1 Alric	6	23	12	6			
5474	761	21	8	10	13	6	—	5	2	7	24	1 Ethelred	7			
5475	762	22	9	11	14	7	—	6	3	8	25	2	8			
5476	763	23	10	12	15	8	—	7	4	9	26	3	9			
5477	764	24	11	13	16	9	—	8	5	10	27	4	10			
5478	765	25	12	14	17	10	—	9	6	11	28	5	11			
5479	766	26	13	15	18	11	—	10	7	12	29	6	12			
5480	767	27	14	16	19	12	—	11	8	13	30	7	13			
5481	768	28	15	1 Charlemagne	20	13	—	1 Aurelio	9	14	31	8	14			
5482	769	29	16	2	21	14	—	2	10	15	32	9	15			
5483	770	30	17	3	22	15	—	3	11	16	33	10	16			
5484	771	31	18	4	23	16	—	4	12	17	34	11	17			
5485	772	32	19	5	24	17	—	5	13	18	35	12	18			
5486	773	33	20	6	25	18	—	6	14	19	36	13	19			
5487	774	34	21	7	26	19	—	1 Silo the Saracen	15	20	37	14	20			
5488	775	1 Leo IV.	1 Mohadi	8	27	20	—	2	16	21	38	15	21			
5489	776	2	2	9	28	21	—	3	17	22	39	16	22			
5490	777	3	3	10	29	22	—	4	18	23	40	17	23			
5491	778	4	4	11	30	23	—	5	19	24	41	18	24			
5492	779	5	5	12	31	24	—	6	20	25	42	19	25			
5493	780	1 Constantine VI.	6	13	32	25	—	7	21	26	43	20	26			
5494	781	2 and Irene	7	14	33	26	—	8	22	27	44	21	27			
5495	782	3	8	15	34	27	—	9	23	28	45	22	28			
5496	783	4	9	16	35	28	—	1 Mauregat the Usurper	24	29	46	23	29			
5497	784	5	1 Hadi	17	36	29	—	2	25 El-mund?	1 Bertric	47	24	30			
5498	785	6	2	18	37	30	—	3	26	2	48	25	31			
5499	786	7	1 Haroun al Raschid	19	38	31	—	4	27	3	49	26	32			
5500	787	8	2	20	39	32	—	5	28	4	50	27	33			
5501	788	9	3	21	40	33	—	1 Bermudo I. Hashem I.	29	5	51	28	34			
5502	789	10	4	22	41	34	—	2	30	6	52	29	35			
5503	790	11	5	23	42	35	—	3	31	7	53	1 Ethelbert	36			
5504	791	12	6	24	43	36	—	1 Alfonso II. the Chaste	32	8	—	2	37			
5505	792	13 Irene alone	7	25	44	37	—	2	33	9	1 Sigeric	—	38			
5506	793	14	8	26	45	38	—	3	34	10	—	—	39			
5507	794	15	9	27	46	39	—	4	1 Edbert Pryn	11	—	—	1 Egfrid 1 Cenulf			
5508	795	16	10	28	47	40	—	5	2	12	—	—	2			
5509	796	17	11	29	48	41	—	6	Alham I.	1 Cuthred	13	—	3			
5510	797	18	12	30	49	42	—	7	2	2	14	—	4			
5511	798	19	13	31	50	43	—	8	3	3	15	—	5			
5512	799	20	14	32	51	44	—	9	4	4	16	—	6			
5513	800	21	15	33	52	45	—	10	5	5	1 Egbert	1 Sigered	7			
							CHARLEMAGNE crowned Emperor of the West									

TOPICS	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MIDDLE AGES	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS	DOGES OF VENICE
achary ephen II	Willibald of Wessex, Bp. of Eichstadt, 740, 700—786	<p>Termination of the Merovingian dynasty in France.</p> <p>Pepin raised on a shield at Soissons, and proclaimed King of the Franks.</p> <p>Intestine divisions among the Saracens in Spain.—Abderahman invited over from Mauritania.</p> <p>The destruction of Images decreed by the Synod of Constantinople.—Rome delivered by Pepin from the Lombards.</p> <p>Revolt from the Caliphate in Spain and elevation of Abderhman.—King Pepin enforces the cession of Ravenna to the Pope.</p> <p>King Pepin receives from the Greek Emperor the first organ seen in France.</p> <p>The seat of the Caliphate removed by Almansor from Damascus to Bagdad.</p> <p>Pepin besieges and takes Narbonne.</p>	Burchard, Bp of Wurtzburg	<p>10 Theodato- Ipato</p> <p>11 _____</p> <p>12 _____</p> <p>13 _____</p> <p>1 Galadi Mala- mocco</p> <p>1 Domenico Monegarlo</p> <p>2 _____</p> <p>3 _____</p> <p>4 _____</p> <p>5 _____</p>
ephen III.		<p>The Emperor Constantine Copronymus persecutes the Iconoclasts.</p> <p>Bagdad built by Almansor, and made the capital for the Caliphs of the House of Abbas.</p> <p>Pepin prosecutes the war in Aquitaine.</p> <p>The Turks ravage Armenia and Asia Minor.</p> <p>Pepin unites Aquitaine to France.—He dies, Sept. 24.—Charlemagne and Carloman succeed.</p> <p>Charlemagne builds Fronsac, the first instance of a fortified castle in France.</p> <p>The monasteries in the East dissolved by Constantine Copronymus.</p>	<p>Fulrad, minister to Pepin</p> <p>Hunaud, Duke of Aquitaine</p> <p>Walter of Alsace</p>	<p>6 _____</p> <p>7 _____</p> <p>8 _____</p> <p>1 Maurizio Gal- bajo</p> <p>2 _____</p> <p>3 _____</p> <p>4 _____</p> <p>5 _____</p> <p>6 _____</p> <p>7 _____</p>
drian I		<p>Death of Carloman, Dec. 4, æt. 20.—Charlemagne now sole King of France.</p> <p>Revolt of the Saxons against Charlemagne, and thirty years' war</p> <p>Desiderius King of Lombardy besieges Pope Adrian in Rome, who applies for assistance to Charlemagne.</p> <p>Conquest of Lombardy by Charlemagne.—Separation of the Pontificate from the Eastern Empire, 774—800.</p> <p>Constantine Copronymus dies, Sept. 14; and is succeeded by his son, Leo IV.</p> <p>Charlemagne reduces the Saxons.</p> <p>Battle of Roncesvalles, and death of Rolando.</p> <p>The Emperor Leo IV. dies, Sept. 8; and is succeeded by Constantine VI. under Irene, his mother, who restores the Images.</p>	<p>Rotgaut, general to Deside- rius, ob. 776</p> <p>Nicephorus, minister to Leo</p> <p>Adelgisus the Lombard</p> <p>Teleric, King of Bulgaria</p>	<p>8 _____</p> <p>9 _____</p> <p>10 _____</p> <p>11 _____</p> <p>12 _____</p> <p>13 _____</p> <p>14 _____</p> <p>15 _____</p> <p>16 _____</p> <p>17 _____</p>
	<p>Paulus Diaconus of Aquileia, historian, ob. 801</p> <p>Alcuin of York, preceptor to Charlemagne, 735—804</p> <p>Willehad of Northumbria, Bp. of Bremen, ob. 789</p>	<p>Wars of Haroun al Raschid against the Romans, 781—805.</p> <p>Witiking defeated by Charlemagne in Saxony.</p> <p>Witiking and Alboin with the Saxons submit to Charlemagne; and the Saxons are baptized.</p> <p>Charlemagne conquers Tasillon Duke of Bavaria, which is united to the empire.</p> <p>The VIIth General Council, of Nice, Sept. 24—Oct. 23.—The Iconoclasts anathematized, and the worship of Images restored.</p> <p>The Emperor Constantine assumes the government independent of Irene, his mother.</p>	<p>Witiking, Saxon general in Germany</p> <p>Alexius, general to Constantine</p>	<p>18 _____</p> <p>19 _____</p> <p>20 _____</p> <p>21 _____</p> <p>22 _____</p> <p>23 _____</p> <p>1 Giovanni Galbajo</p> <p>2 _____</p> <p>3 _____</p> <p>4 _____</p>
o III.	Georgius Syncellus of Constantinople, chronol.	<p>Bermudo King of Oviedo defeats the Saracens under Hashem, at Burebo near Burgos.</p> <p>Murder of Ethelbert King of East Anglia by Offa King of Mercia.</p> <p>Alfonso King of Oviedo defeats the Saracens at Lodos.—Offa introduces the tax of Peter pence into Mercia.</p> <p>Coronation of Charlemagne, Dec. 25.—Final separation of the Pontificate from the Eastern Empire.—Revolt of the Arabian Provinces, 800—936.</p>		<p>5 _____</p> <p>6 _____</p> <p>7 _____</p> <p>8 _____</p> <p>9 _____</p> <p>10 _____</p> <p>11 _____</p> <p>12 _____</p> <p>13 _____</p> <p>14 _____</p>

Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of The East	Caliphs of the Saracens	EMPERORS OF THE WEST			K. of France	Oviedo	Kings of Cordova	SAXON KINGS IN ENGLAND.				
				Emperors	France	Germany				Wessex	Kent	Essex	Mercia	N. land
5514	801	2 Irene	16 Haroun al	2	Charlemagne	34	11	Alfonso II. Alhacem II. 7	2 Egbert	6 Cuthred	3 Sigere	8 Cenulf	7 Erdulf	
5515	802	1 Nicephorus I.	17 Raschid	3		35	12		3	7	4	9	8	
5516	803	2	18	4		36	13	8	4	8	5	10	9	
5517	804	3	19	5		37	14	9	5	9	6	11	10	
5518	805	4	20	6		38	15	10	6	1 Baldred	7	12	11	
5519	806	5	21	7		39	16	11	7	2	8	13	deposed	
5520	807	6	22	8		40	17	12	8	3	9	14		
5521	808	7	23	9		41	18	13	9	4	10	15	1 Alf-wold	
5522	809	8	1 Amin	10		42	19	14	10	5	11	16	2	
5523	810	9	2	11		43	20	15	11	6	12	17	1 Erdulf	
5524	811	1 Stauracius 1 Michael I. 2 Rhangabe	3	12		44	21	16	12	7	13	18	2	
5525	812		4	13		45	22	17	13	8	14	19	3	
5526	813	1 Leo V. the Armenian	1 Mamun	14		46	23	18	14	9	15	20	4	
5527	814	2	2	1 Louis I. le Débonnaire			24	19	15	10	16	21	5	
5528	815	3	3	2			25	20	16	11	17	22	6	
5529	816	4	4	3			26	21	17	12	18	23	7	
5530	817	5	5	4			27	22	18	13	19	24	8	
5531	818	6	6	5			28	23	19	14	20	25	9	
5532	819	7	7	6			29	24	20	15	21	1 Cenelm 1 Ceol-2 wulf	10	
5533	820	1 Michael II. the	8	7			30	25	21	16	22		11	
5534	821	2 Stammerer	9	8			31	26	22	17	23	1 Burn-wulf 2	12	
5535	822	3	10	9			32	Abderah-1 man II. 2	23	18	24		13	
5536	823	4	11	10			33	3	24	Conq. by Egbert	Conq. by Egbert	1 Ludecan 2	14	
5537	824	5	12	11			34	4	25				15	
5538	825	6	13	12			35	5	26			1 Wiglaf	16	
5539	826	7	14	13			36	6	27			2	17	
5540	827	8	15	14			37	7	28			3	18	
5541	828	9	16	15			38	8	29			4	19	
5542	829	1 Theophilus	17	16			39	9	30			5	20	
5543	830	2	18	17			40	10	31			6	21	
5544	831	3	19	18			41	11	32			7	22	
5545	832	4	20	19			42	12	33			8	23	
5546	833	5	1 Motasim	20			43	13	34			9	24	
5547	834	6	2	21			44	14	35			10	25	
5548	835	7	3	22			45	15	36			11	26	
5549	836	8	4	23			46	16	1 Ethelwulf			12	27	
5550	837	9	5	24			47	17	2			13	28	
5551	838	10	6	25			48	18	3			1 Bertulf	29	
5552	839	11	7	26 The West	France	Germany	49	19	4			2	30	
5553	840	12	8	1 Lothaire I.	1 Charles the Bald	and	50	20	5			3	31	
5554	841	13	9	2	2	Pol	51	21	6			4	32	
5555	842	1 Michael III.	1 Wathek	3	3	Piastus 1	1 Ramiro I.	21	7			5	33	
5556	843	2 the Sot	2	4	4	1 Louis I. 2	2	22	8			6	1 Son of Ennred, his years uncertain	
5557	844	3	3	5	5	2	3	23	9	* * * The intermediate reigns in the kingdom of E. Anglia are unknown for nearly sixty years.			7	
5558	845	4	4	6	6	3	4	24	10			8		
5559	846	5	5	7	7	4	5	25	11			9		
5560	847	6	1 Motawakel	8	8	5	6	26	12			10		
5561	848	7	2	9	9	6	7	27	13			11		
5562	849	8	3	10	10	7	8	28	14			12		
5563	850	9	4	11	11	8	9	1 Ordonno I.	15			13		

Kings of Denmark	POPEs	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MIDDLE AGES	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
	7 Leo III.	Paulinus, Patriarch of Aquileia, 726—804	Embassy from Haroun al Raschid to Charlemagne.	
	8 ———		The Empress Irene deposed, and banished to Lesbos, by Nicephorus I, who succeeds, Oct. 31.	
	9 ———		The Saxons finally subdued by Charlemagne.	
	10 ———			Stauracius, minister to Nicephorus
	11 ———			
	12 ———		Charlemagne divides his monarchy between his sons, before the diet of Thionville.	
	13 ———		Second embassy to Charlemagne from Haroun al Raschid.—Revolt of Bernhard King of Italy.	Crunnus, King of Bulgaria, ob. cir. 814
	14 ———		Godfrey the Norman makes his first descent in France.	
	15 ———		Venice founded on the Island of the Rialto.	
	16 ———			Taherus, Saracen general, ob. 882
	17 ———		Nicephorus defeated and killed by Crunnus, King of the Bulgarians, July 25.	Eginhard, secretary to Charlemagne, ob. 842
	18 ———			Hasan the Saracen, ob. 812
Harald I.	19 ———		Revolt of the Taherites from the Arabian Caliphate, 813—872.—Michael I. defeated by Crunnus.	Theodorus, minister to Leo V.
	20 ———		Death of Charlemagne, Jan. 28, at. 71.—The Emperor Leo renews the edict against images.	
	21 ———			
	1 Stephen IV.	Agobard, Abp. of Lyons, 779—840		
	1 Pascal I.		Bernhard the Carolingian King of Italy, put to death for conspiracy by King Louis.	Hilduin, minister to Louis I.
	2 ———	Aimon of St. Germain de Pres, Fr. legendary historian, ob. post. 836		
	3 ———		Leo the Armenian killed at the altar by Michael the Stammerer, Dec. 25.	Thomas the Slave, general to Mamun, ob. 822
	4 ———			
	5 ———			
	6 ———		Public penance of Louis le Débonnaire.—Constantinople besieged by Thomas the Slave.	
	7 ———		Conquest of the kingdoms of Kent and Essex by Egbert King of Wessex. Crete taken by the Saracen, Abu Caab of Andalusia, from whom it receives the name of Candia.	
	1 Eugenius II.			
	2 ———	Dicuil, Irish monk in France, 'De mensura orbis terræ,' nat. post. 750	Harald King of Denmark converted to Christianity.	Wulfhere, general to Egbert, ob. 833
	3 ———		Sicily subdued by the Saracens of Africa, 827—878.—The Almagest of Ptolemy translated into Arabic.	Bernhard Count of Barcelona
	1 Valentine			Empress Judith, ob. 843
	1 Gregory		Revolt of the Edrisites from the Arabian Caliphate, 829—907.—Michael the Stammerer dies, Oct. 1.	
	2 IV.		Louis le Débonnaire compelled by his sons to renounce his power.	Gombaud, minister to Louis
	3 ———			
	4 ———			
	5 ———			
	6 ———			
	7 ———		The army of Louis le Débonnaire passes over to his sons in the night of June 24.	Theophobus, minister to Theophilus, ob. 841
	8 ———		Lothaire recognised sole emperor by his army.	
	9 ———		Egbert revenges at Hengston a defeat by the Danes in 833, at Charmouth.	Swithun, Bp. of Winchester, minister to Ethelwulf, 800—862
	10 ———			
	11 ———			
	12 ———		Amorian war between the Emperor Theophilus and the Caliph Motasim.	
	13 ———		Diet of Worms, May 30.—Division of the empire.—Ethelwulf defeated by the Danes off Charmouth.	
	14 ———		Louis le Débonnaire dies, June 20, at. 62.—Conflict of the Saracens, the Latins, and the Greeks in Italy, 840—1017.	
	15 ———	Albumazar, Arabian astron. 805—885	Battle of Fontenai, Lothaire and Pepin defeated by Louis and Charles.—Oscar sails up the Seine and burns Ronen.	
	16 ———		The worship of images finally restored by the Empress Theodora	
	17 ———	Godeschalcus Fulgentius, ob. 870	Final division of the empire of Charlemagne at Thionville, Aug.—Germany is detached from the empire of the Franks.	
	1 Sergius II.			
	2 ———	Hincmarus, Abp. of Rheims, ob. 832	Ragnar Lodbrog sails up the Seine and pillages Paris, Mar. 28.—Revolt of the Paulicians, 845—880.	
	3 ———		Invasion and sack of Rome by the Moors and Saracens of Africa.	
	1 Leo IV.	Rabanus Maurus, Abp. of Mentz, 785—856		
	2 ———		Marseilles taken and plundered by Greek pirates.—Bordeaux burnt by the Normans.	
	3 ———		Victory of Pope Leo IV. over the Saracens at the mouth of the Tiber.—Birth of King Alfred.	
Eric I.	4 ———	St. Neot, Abbot of Glastonbury, ob. circa 877		

Anno Domini	DOGES OF VENICE	Tuscany, Dukes, Etc.	Counts of Bretagne
801	15 Giovanni Galbajo		
802	16 _____		
803	17 _____		
804	1 Obelerio Antenorio		
805	2 _____		
806	3 _____		
807	4 _____		
808	5 _____		
809	6 _____		
810	7 _____		
811	1 Angelo Partecipazio		
812	2 _____		
813	3 _____		
814	4 _____		
815	5 _____		
816	6 _____		
817	7 _____		
818	8 _____		
819	9 _____		
820	10 _____		
821	11 _____		
822	12 _____		
823	13 _____		
824	14 _____		1 Noménoe
825	15 _____		2 _____
826	16 _____		3 _____
827	1 Giustiniani Partecipazio		4 _____
828	2 _____	1 Boniface I. Marquis	5 _____
829	1 Giovanni Partecipazio	2 _____	6 _____
830	2 _____	3 _____	7 _____
831	3 _____	4 _____	8 _____
832	4 _____	5 _____	9 _____
833	5 _____	6 _____	10 _____
834	6 _____	7 _____	11 _____
835	7 _____	8 _____	12 _____
836	8 _____	9 _____	13 _____
837	1 Pietro Tradonico	10 _____	14 _____
838	2 _____	11 _____	15 _____
839	3 _____	12 _____	16 _____
840	4 _____	13 _____	17 _____
841	5 _____	14 _____	18 _____
842	6 _____	15 _____	19 _____
843	7 _____	16 _____	20 _____
844	8 _____	17 _____	21 _____
845	9 _____	18 _____	22 _____
846	10 _____	19 _____	23 _____
847	11 _____	1 Adalbert I. Duke and Marquis	24 _____
848	12 _____	2 _____	25 _____
849	13 _____	3 _____	26 _____
850	14 _____	4 _____	27 _____

For the Doges of Venice, A. D. 697—800 see the three preceding Regal Tables.

*** The preceding Tables, A. D. 1—1800, are restricted to dynasties of imperial or regal rank, with some slight exceptions, as—the Dukes of Normandy and the Princes of Orange in connection with the Kings of England, William I. and William III.—the Counts of Maurienne and the Dukes of Savoy, and the Counts and Dukes of Apulia as antecedent to the Kings of Sardinia and the Kings of Sicily,—and the inroad of the Arabian Emirs in the Gothic monarchy of Spain. The Tables which follow, being of non-regal rank, may be less generally referred to, but they will be found very useful to the student in history. It will be seen that the middle columns of the early Tables detail the succession of the contemporary Counts of Flanders, Holland, and Hainault; the Counts and Marquises of Namur; and the Dukes of Brabant and Luxemburg. They proceed until the dominions of all are, nearly at the same time, absorbed by succession, sale, or conquest, by the House of Burgundy; through the marriage of whose heiress, which in the sequel deluged Europe with blood, they were transferred, A. D. 1477, to the House of Austria. The troubled period which then succeeded, has rendered the viceroalties of the Emperors Maximilian and Charles V. and more especially those of Philip of Spain, sufficiently memorable to be recorded in the columns of Historical Tables. They are brought down to the government of the Archduke Charles, 1793, and the recent revolutionary period; the Stadtholderat of the Seven Provinces being placed in juxta-position to the Spanish and Austrian governments.—The years of the Stadtholderat are not always in unison with those of the Princes of Orange in the preceding Tables.

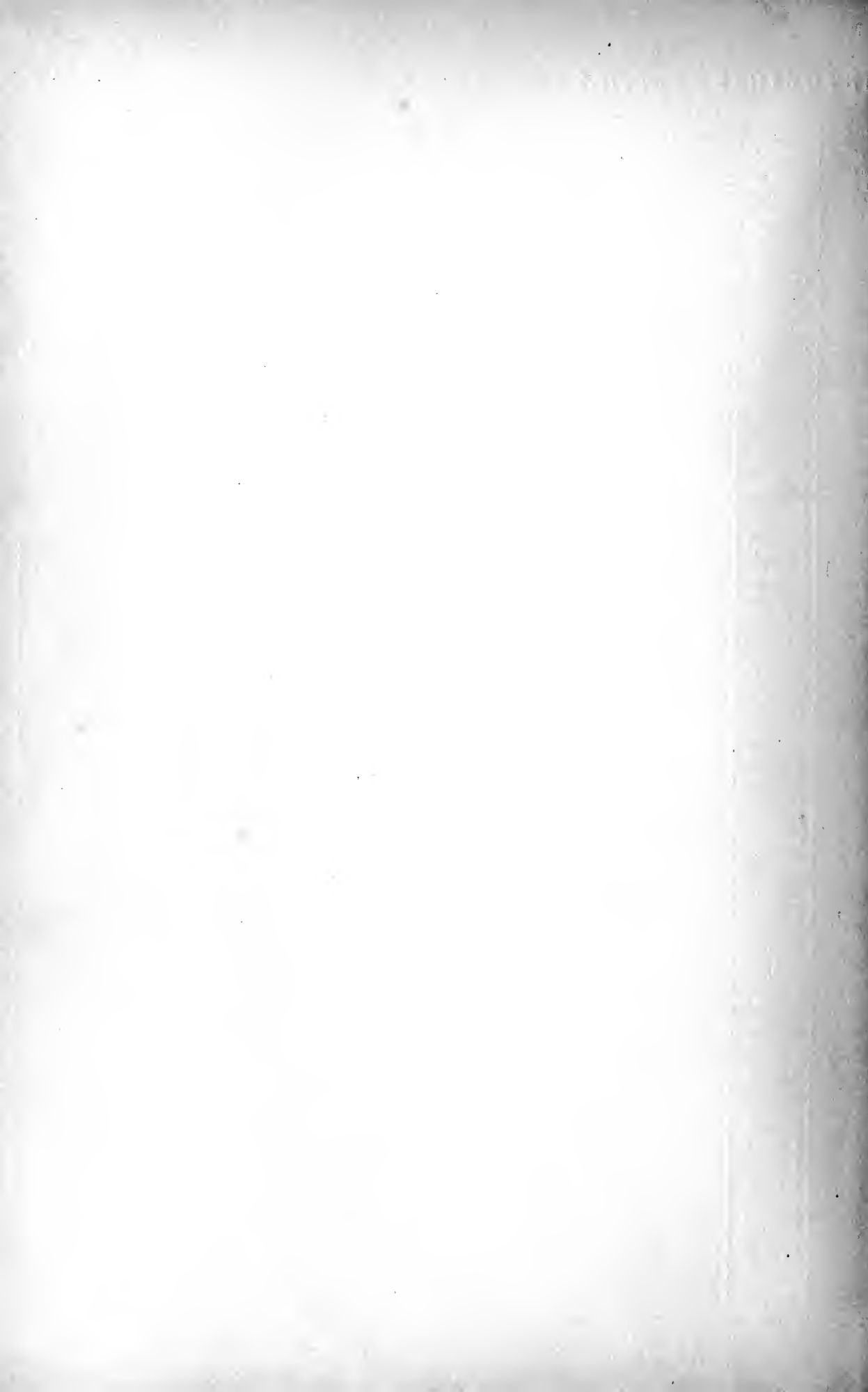
Of the remaining columns, those to the left refer to the history of the Italian States, including the Venetian annals, for the long period of eleven hundred years. Those on the right describe what could be comprised of the descent of the four recently erected monarchies in Germany, which, with the Margravate of Brandenburg; the extinct dukedoms of Suabia, Lorraine, Franconia, and Bretagne do not require any separate explanation.

TABLES, A. D. 801—1800

37 Counts and Dukes of Bretagne	824	42 Dukes of Ferrara, afterwards Modena	1067
37 Dukes and Grand Dukes of Tuscany	828	43 Electors of Brandenburg	1134
38 Counts of Flanders	862	44 Electors Palatine	1156
38 Dukes of Suabia	867	44 Electors of Saxony	1180
38 Counts of Hainault	875	46 Dukes of Milan	1295
38 Dukes of Burgundy	877	47 Dukes of Mantua	1328
38 Dukes of Saxony	880	49 Dukes of Guastalla	1466
38 Dukes of Franconia	891	49 Dukes of Brunswick	1469
38 Dukes of Bavaria	895	50 Dukes of Wurttemberg	1457
39 Counts of Friesland, afterwards Holland	901	50 Governors of the Netherlands	1477
39 Dukes of Lorraine	916	51 Dukes of Parma	1545
39 Counts and Marquises of Namur	932	52 Stadtholders of the Seven United Provinces	1579
39 Marquises of Montferrat	938	53 Electors of Bavaria	1623
40 Dukes of Lower Lorraine, afterwards Brabant	959	54 Electors of Hanover	1692
40 Counts and Dukes of Luxemburg	964	56 Governors-General of India	1774
		56 Presidents of the United States	1789

Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of The East	Caliphs of the Saracens	EMPERORS OF THE WEST	Kings of France	Kings of Germany	Dukes of Poland	Kings of Ovitado	Kings of Cordova	KINGS OF ENGLAND	Kings of Scotlan			
										Wess. Merc. E. Ang. N. land				
5564	851	10 Michael III.	5 Motawakel	12 Lothaire	12 Charles II. the Bald	9 Louis I.	10 Piastus	2 Ordonno I. Abder. II. 30	16 Ethelwulf Bertulf 14		9 Kenneth II.			
5565	852	11 the Sot	6	13	13	10	11	3 Mahomed I.	17 Burbred I		10			
5566	853	12	7	14	14	11	12	4	18	2	11			
5567	854	13	8	15	15	12	13	5	19	3	12			
5568	855	14	9	1 Louis II.	16	13 Charles I	14	6	20	4	1 Edmund	13		
5569	856	15	10	2	17	14	15	7	1 Ethelbald	5	2	14		
5570	857	16	11	3	18	15	16	8	2	6	3	15		
5571	858	17	12	4	19	16	17	9	3	7	4	16		
5572	859	18	13	5	20	17	18	10	4	8	5			
5573	860	19	14	6	21	18	19	11	1 Ethelbert	9	6			
5574	861	20	1 Mostanser	7	22	19	7	1 Ziemovitus	2	10	7	4		
5575	862	21	1 Mostain	8	23	20	8	2	3	11	8 Osbert 1			
5576	863	22	2	9	24	21	3	3	4	12	9 Ella 1	1 Constantine I.		
5577	864	23	3	10	25	22	4	4	5	13	10	2		
5578	865	24	4	11	26	23	5	5	6	14	11	3		
5579	866	25	1 Motaz	12	27	24	6	6	1 Alfonso III. the Great	15	1 Ethelred	15	4	
5580	867	1 Basil I. the Macedonian	2	13	28	25	7	7	2	16	13 Ingwar 1 or Ivar the Dane	2	5	
5581	868	2	3	14	29	26	8	8	3	17	14	3	6	
5582	869	3	1 Mohtadi	15	30	27	9	9	4	18	15	4	7	
5583	870	4	1 Motamed	16	31	28	10	10	5	19	1 Guthrum	4	8	
5584	871	5	2	17	32	29	11	6	6	20	1 Alfred the Great	20	9	
5585	872	6	3	18	33	30	12	7	7	21	2 the Dane	5	10	
5586	873	7	4	19	34	31	13	8	8	22	3	6	11	
5587	874	8	5	20	35	32	14	9	9	23	4 Ceolwulf	1	12	
5588	875	9	6	1 Charles II. the Bald, King of France	36	33	15	10	10	24	5	2	13	
5589	876	10	7	2	37	1 Louis II. le Begue	16	11	11	25	6	deposed	7	14
5590	877	11	8	— Interregnum	—	2	17	12	12	26	7	—	8	15
5591	878	12	9	—	—	3	18	13	13	27	8	—	9	16
5592	879	13	10	—	—	4	19	14	14	28	9	—	10	17
5593	880	14	11	1 Charles III. le Gros crowned k. of Italy	2	5	20	15	15	29	10	—	11	18
5594	881	15	12	2 crowned emperor	3	3	6	16	16	30	11	—	12	19
5595	882	16	13	3	4	4	7	17	17	31	12	—	13	20
5596	883	17	14	4	5	5	8	18	18	32	13	—	14	21
5597	884	18	15	5 Charles le Gros obtains all the dominions of Charlemagne, except the kingdom of Provence, but is deposed, Nov. 11, 887	6	6	9	19	19	33	14	—	15	22
5598	885	19	16	6	7	7	10	20	20	34	15	—	16	23
5599	886	1 Leo VI. the Philosopher	17	7 Germany	8	8	26	21	21	Almund. 1 hir	16	—	17	24
5600	887	2	18	1 Arnulph	9	9	27	22	22	2	17	—	18	25
5601	888	3	19	2 — Bohemia	1 Berenger D. of Friuli	2 de Paris	28	23	23	Abdallah	18	—	19	26
5602	889	4	20	3 —	2 Guy 1 D. of Spo. 2 leto	3	29	24	24	2	19	—	20	27
5603	890	5	21	4 Borzi-1 voi	3	4	30	25	25	3	20	—	1 Eoric	28
5604	891	6	22	5 — 2	4 crow. 3 ned emper. 4 ror	5	31	26	26	4	21	—	—	29
5605	892	7	1 Motadhed	6 — 3	5	6	32	27	27	5	22	—	—	30
5606	893	8	2	7 — 4	6 — 5	7 Charles I III. the Simple 2	33	28	28	6	23	—	—	31
5607	894	9	3	8 — 5	7 Lam. 1 bert emp. 2 ror	8	34	29	29	7	24	—	—	32
5608	895	10	4	9 — 6	8	9	35	30	30	8	25	—	—	33
5609	896	11	5	10 crowned	9	10	36	31	31	9	26	—	—	34
5610	897	12	6	11 emper. ror	10	11	37	32	32	10	27	—	—	35
5611	898	13	7	12 — 9	11	—	38	33	33	11	28	—	—	36
5612	899	14	8	1 Louis III.	12	—	39	34	34	12	29	—	—	37
5613	900	15	9	2 king 11	1 Louis the Blind	—	40	35	35	13	30	—	—	38

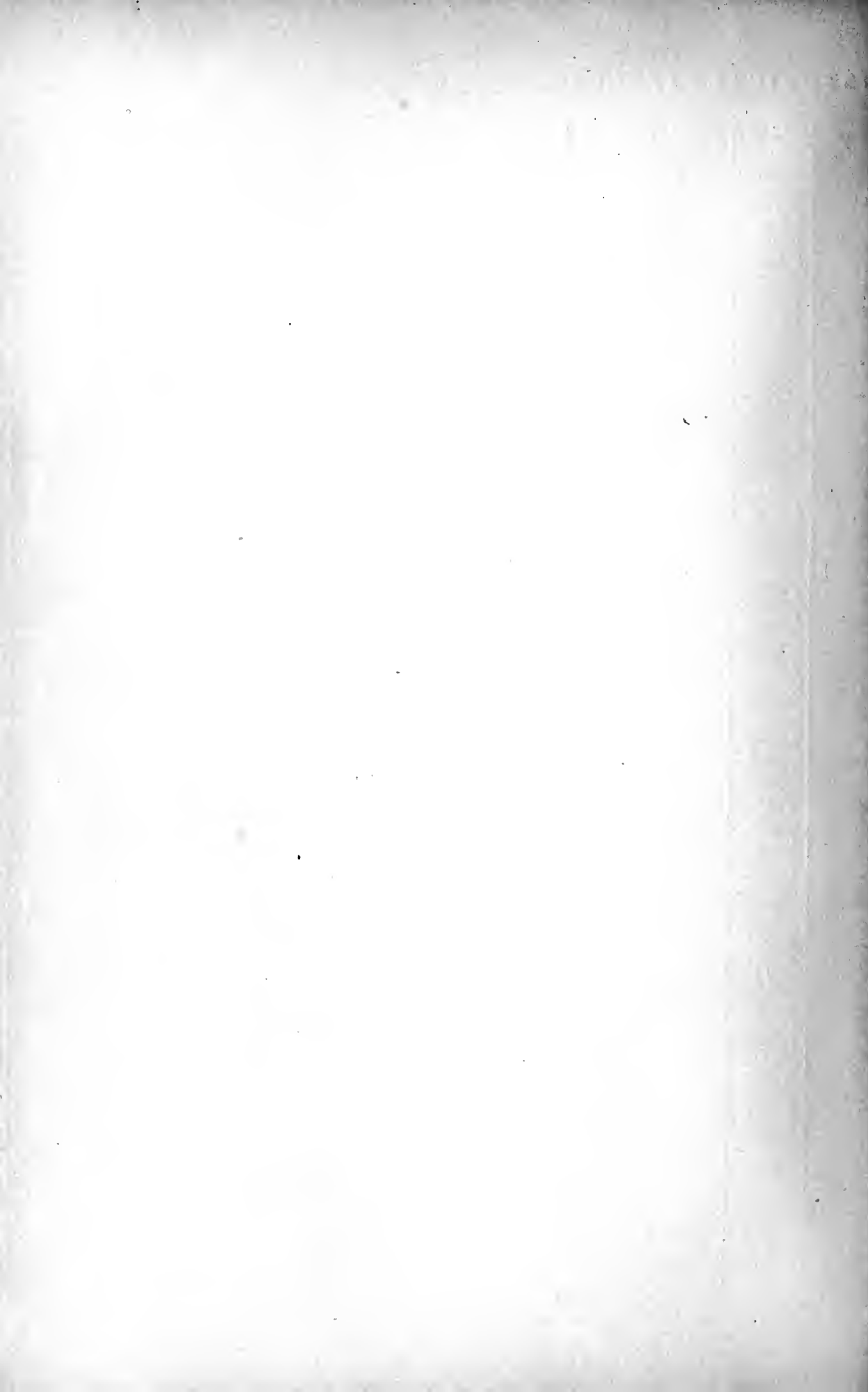
Kings of Denmark	POPEs	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MIDDLE AGES	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
Eric I.	5 Leo IV.		The Danes ascend the Seine, the Meuse, and the Rhine, and carry on their ravages to Treves and Cologne.	
—	6 —		The Moors persecute the Christians in Spain.	
—	7 —		The Normans obtain possession of several cities in France.	
Eric II. the Child	8 —			
—	1 Benedict III.		The Emperor Lothaire dies, Sept. 28; King Ethelwulf visits Rome.	
—	2 —	Ado, Abp. of Vienne, historian, 800—875	The Normans sail up the Seine to Paris, and pillage and burn the churches.	
—	3 —		The Normans plunder the coasts of Holland.	
—	1 Nicholas I.			
—	2 —	Photius, Patriarch of Constantinople, 'Greek Lexicon,' ob. 891	The winter this year exceedingly severe, the Adriatic being frozen so as to allow carriages passing upon it.	Michael Bardas, minister to Michael the Sot, ob. 806
—	3 —		The schism of the Greek church begins.	
—	4 —	John Scotus Erigena, ob. cir. 877		
—	5 —		Ordonno King of Oviedo takes Salamanca by storm.—Louis I., King of Germany, sends missionaries to convert the Slavonians.	Robert de Fort, minister to Charles the Bald, ob. 867
—	6 —			
—	7 —		Edict of Pistes, June; every castle constructed without license to be razed before Aug. 1.—Conversion of Russia to the Greek Church.	
—	8 —		First naval expedition of the Russians against Constantinople.	
—	9 —	Anastatius, Bibliothecarius, 'Liber Pontificalis,' ob. cir. 886		Bruern, a magnate in Northumberland
—	1 Adrian II.		Michael III. put to death by Basil the Macedonian, who succeeds him, Sept. 24.	
—	2 —		Revolt of the Toulonides from the Arabian Caliphate, 868—905.	Ahmed, Saracen governor of Egypt, ob. 883
—	3 —		VIIIth General Council, of Constantinople, Oct. 5—Feb. 28; Photius the patriarch deposed, and the Inoclasts anathematized.	
—	4 —			
—	5 —		The fortress of Bari taken after four years' siege by the Greeks and Franks under Louis.	
—	1 John VIII.		Revolt of the Soffarides from the Arabian Caliphate, 872—892.—Battle of Wilton.—The Danes conquer Mercia.	Hubba the Dane
—	2 —	Werferth, Bp. of Worcester, ob. 915		
—	3 —		Revolt of the Samanides from the Arabian Caliphate, 874—999.	
—	4 —		The Emperor Louis dies, Aug. 2, and is succeeded by Charles the Bald, King of France.	
—	5 —		Charles the Bald defeated at Andernach by Louis of Saxony, Oct. 7.—The Danes invade Wessex.	
—	6 —		Charles the Bald defeated in Italy by Carloman.—He dies, Oct. 6.—Alfred establishes a fleet and defeats Guthrum the Dane.	
—	7 —		Conquest of Sicily by the Arabs.—King Alfred, driven from his throne by the Danes, retreats to Athelney.	
—	8 —	Alfraganus Logista, Arabian astron., ob. cir. 888	Boson proclaimed King of Arles at Mantaille, Oct.	
—	9 —	Denewulf, Bishop of Winchester, ob. 897	King Alfred again defeats the Danes and is restored about this time.	
—	10 —	Albateginus, Arabian astronomer, ob. 929		
—	1 Martin II.		Alfonso King of Oviedo defeats the Saracens, under Mahomed, on the Ana.—Charles le Gros crowned Emperor at Rome.	Sigebert the Norman
—	2 —		King Alfred enlarges his navy.—Louis III. of France defeats the Normans on the Loire.—He dies, Aug. 3.	
Gorm the Old	1 Adrian III.	Abbé Reginon, historian, ob. 908	Emigration of the Turks or Hungarians.—Charles le Gros seizes the throne of France to the prejudice of Charles the Simple.	
—	1 Stephen V.		Paris besieged by the Northmen for a twelvemonth, but are at length repulsed by the unassisted citizens.	Goscelin, Bishop of Paris
—	2 —		The Emperor Basil dies, Mar. 1, and is succeeded by Leo the Philosopher.	
—	3 —		Division of the Empire of the West.—Germany a second time separated from the Franks.	
—	4 —		Simon King of the Bulgarians, 883—927.	
—	5 —		The Bulgarians ravage Greece and defeat the Hungarians sent by Leo against them.	Zuendbold, Duke of Moravia
—	6 —	Plegmund, Abp. of Canterbury, ob. 923	Rise and progress of the Carmathians, 890—951.	
—	1 Formosus		Guy King of Italy crowned Emperor at Rome by Pope Stephen V., Feb. 25.—Arnulph defeats the Normans, Sept. 1.	
—	2 —		Revolt of the Hamadanites from the Arabian Caliphate, 892—1001.	
—	3 —		Invasion of Hastings in the Swale.—Charles the Simple crowned, Jan. 28, but is next year obliged by Eudes to retire.	
—	4 —		Hastings repulsed by King Alfred at Exeter.—Guy King of Italy and Emperor dies; he is succeeded by Lambert, whose imperial title is disputed by Arnulph.	Algitrudis, Queen of Italy
—	5 —			
—	[VI.]		Arnulph crowned Emperor by Pope Formosus, Feb. 27.	
—	1 Boniface		The war terminates in England, and the Danes retire.	
—	1 Steph. VI.			
—	1 Romanus			
—	[VII.]			
—	1 Theodorus	Asser, Bp. of Sherborne, ob. 910	Charles the Simple is recognised as King of France on the death of Eudes, Jan. 3.	
—	John IX.		The Emperor Arnulph dies, Dec. 8, and is succeeded by Louis III., the last of the Carolingian race in Germany.	
—	2 —			
—	1 Benedict IV.			Hatto, Abp. of Mentz.



Anno Dom.	DOGES OF VENICE	Tuscany, Dukes, Etc.	Dukes of Burgundy	Counts of Bretagne	Counts of Flanders	Counts of Hainault	Dukes of Suabia	Dukes of Franconia	Dukes of Bavaria	Dukes of Saxony
851	15 Pietro Tradonico	5 Adalbert I.		1 Erispoë						
852	16	6		2						
853	17	7		3						
854	18	8		4						
855	19	9		5						
856	20	10		6						
857	21	11		1 Salomon III.						
858	22	12		2						
859	23	13		3						
860	24	14		4						
861	25	15		5						
862	26	16		6	1 Baldwin I. Bras de fer					
863	27	17		7	2					
864	1 Orso Participazio I.	18		8	3					
865	2	19		9	4					
866	3	20		10	5					
867	4	21		11	6		— Hugh			
868	5	22		12	7					
869	6	23		13	8					
870	7	24		14	9					
871	8	25		15	10					
872	9	26		16	11					
873	10	27		17	12					
874	11	28		1 Pasquito de Vannes and Gurvan 2 de Rennes	13					
875	12	29		2	14	1 Regner I.				
876	13	30		3 de Rennes	15	2				
877	14	31	1 Richard le Justicier	1 Alain III. de Vannes and Judicael 3 de Rennes	16	3				
878	15	32	2	2	17	4				
879	16	33	3	3	1 Baldwin II.	5				
880	17	34	4	4	2 the Bald	6				1 Otho I.
881	1 Giovanni Participazio II.	35	5	5	3	7				2
882	2	36	6	6	4	8				3
883	3	37	7	7	5	9				4
884	4	38	8	8	6	10				5
885	5	39	9	9	7	11				6
886	6	40	10	10	8	12				7
887	1 Pietro Candiano I.	41	11	11	9	13				8
888	1 Pietro Tribuno	42	12	12	10	14				9
889	2	43	13	13	11	15				10
890	3	1 Adalbert II.	14	14	12	16				11
891	4	2 the Rich. Duke and 3 Marquis	15	15	13	17		1 Conrad I. circa		12
892	5		16	16	14	18				13
893	6		17	17	15	19				14
894	7		18	18	16	20				15
895	8		19	19	17	21			1 Leopold	16
896	9		20	20	18	22			2	17
897	10		21	21	19	23			3	18
898	11		22	22	20	24			4	19
899	12		23	23	21	25			5	20
900	13		24	24	22	26			6	21

Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of The East	Caliphs of the Saracens	Kings of Germany	Dukes of Bohemia	Dukes of Poland	Kings of Italy	Kings of France	Burgundy — Arles	KINGS IN SPAIN			Kings of England	
										Navarre	Oviedo	Cordova		
5614	901	16 Leo VI. the Philosopher	10 Motahhed 1 Mohtafi	3 Louis III.	12 Borzivoi	10 Lesko IV.	2 Louis crowned emperor	9 Charles III. the Simple	14 Rodolf I. Louis 12 the 13 Blind		36 Alfonso III.	14 Abdallah	1 Edward Don.	
5615	902			4	1 Spigitheus I.	11		10	15		37	15	2	
5616	903	18	2	5	2	12	4	11	16		14	16	3	
5617	904	19	3	6	3	13	5	12	17	15	39	17	4 Constantine II.	
5618	905	20	4	7	4	14	1 Berenger again	13	18	16	40	18	5	
5619	906	21	5	8	5	15	2	14	19	17	41	19	6	
5620	907	22	6	9	1 Wratislas I.	16	3	15	20	18	3	42	20	7
5621	908	23	1 Moktader	10	2	17	4	16	21	19	4	43	21	8
5622	909	24	2	11	3	18	5	17	22	20	5	44	22	9
5623	910	25	3	12	4	19	6	18	23	21	6	1 Garcia	23	10
5624	911	1 Alexander and Constantine VII.	4	1 Conrad I. Duke of Franconia	5	20	7	19 Rollo 1	1 Rodolf II.	22	7	2	24	11
5625	912	2	5	2	6	21	8	20	2	23	8	3	1 Abderahman III.	12
5626	913	3 Porphyrogennitus	6	3	7	1 Ziemomisl	9	21	3	24	9	4		13
5627	914	4 Alexander ob. 912	7	4	8	2	10	22	4	25	10	1 Ordonno II. 2 K. of Leon	3	14
5628	915	5	8	5	9	3	11 crowned emperor	23	5	26	11	3	4	15
5629	916	6	9	6	1 Wenceslas I.	4	12	24	6	27	12	5	5	16
5630	917	7	10	7	2	5	13	25	7	28	13	4	6	17
5631	918	8	11	1 Henry I. the Fowler	3	6	14	26	8	29	14	5	7	18
5632	919	9 Romanus Lecapenus	12	2	4	7	15	27	9	30	15	6	8	19
5633	920	10 Constantine VIII.	13	3	5	8	16	28	10	31	16	7	9	20
5634	921	11	14	4	6	9	17	29	11	32	17	8	10	21
5635	922	12	15	5	7	10	1 Rodolf King of Burgundy	1 Robert I.	12	33	18	9	11	22
5636	923	13	16	6	8	11	2	1 Rodolf Duke of Burgundy	13	34	19	1 Froila II.	12	23
5637	924	14	17	7	9	12	3	2 Bur. gundy	14	35	20	1 Alfonso IV. the Monk	13	1 Athelstan
5638	925	15	18	8	10	13	4	3	15	36	21	2	14	2
5639	926	16	19	9	11	14	1 Hugh Count de Provence	4	16	37	1 Garcia I.	3	15	3
5640	927	17	20	10	12	15	5 Wm. I. Long Sword	5	17	38	2	1 Ramiro II.	16	4
5641	928	18 Stephen & Christopher, five emperors at onetime	21	11	13	16	3	6	18	39	3	2	17	5
5642	929	19	22	12	14	17	4	7	3	40	4	3	18	6
5643	930	20	23	13	15	18	5	8	4	41	5	4	19	7
5644	931	21 Christopher ob.	24	14	16	19	6	9	5	42	6	5	20	8
5645	932	22	1 Kaker	15	17	20	7	10	6	43	7	6	21	9
5646	933	23	2	16	18	21	8	11	7	44	8	7	22	10
5647	934	24	1 Radhi	17	19	22	9	12	8	45	9	8	23	11
5648	935	25	2	18	20	23	10		9	46	10	9	24	12
5649	936	26	Creation of the Emirs al Omra and Decline of the Arabian Caliphat	1 Otho I. the Great	1 Boleslas I.	24	11	1 Louis IV. the Stran-ger	10	47	11	10	25	13
5650	937	27		2	2	25	12	2	11	48	12	11	26	14
5651	938	28		3	3	26	13	3	12	49	13	12	27	15
5652	939	29		4	4	27	14	4	13	50	14	13	28	16
5653	940	30		5	5	28	15	5	14	51	15	14	29	
5654	941	31		6	6	29	16	6	15	52	16	15	30	1 Edmund I.
5655	942	32		7	7	30	17	7	16	53	17	16	31	2
5656	943	33		8	8	31	18	8	17	54	18	17	32	3
5657	944	34 Romanus in exile		9	9	32	19	8 Richd. I. the Fearless	18	55	19	18	33	4 Malcolm I.
5658	945	35 Constantine VII. restored		10	10	33	1 Lothaire	9	19	56	20	19	34	5
5659	946	36		11	11	34	2	10	20	57	21	20	35	1 Edred
5660	947	37		12	12	35	3	11	21	58	22	21	36	2
5661	948	38		13	13	36	4	12	22	59	23	22	37	3
5662	949	39		14	14	37	5	13	23	60	24	23	38	4
5663	950	40		15	15	38	1 Berenger & Adalbt.	14	24	61	25	1 Ordonno III.	39	5

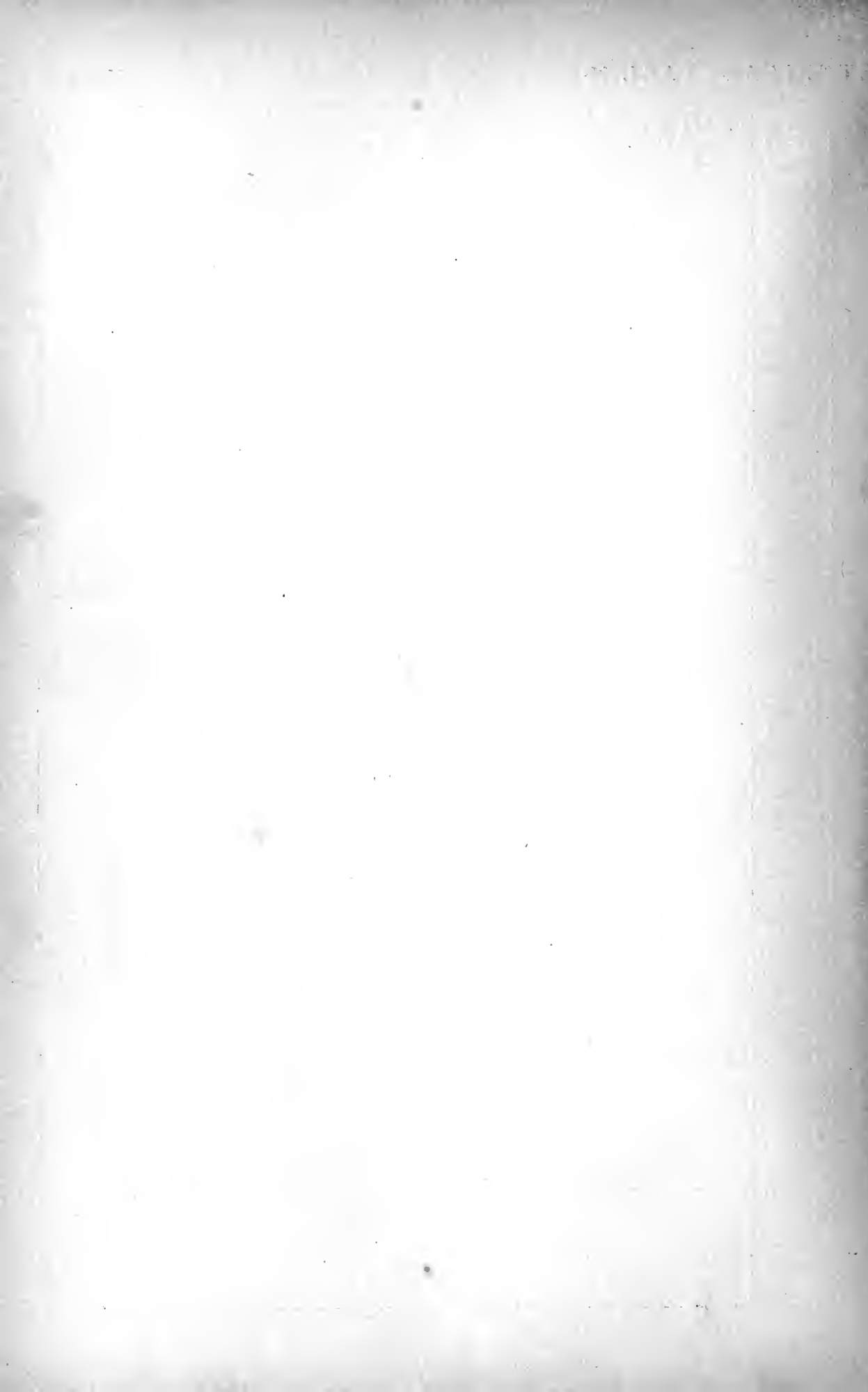
Kings of Denmark	POPEs	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MIDDLE AGES	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
<p>Gorm the Old</p> <p>—</p> <p>—</p> <p>—</p> <p>—</p> <p>—</p> <p>—</p> <p>—</p>	<p>2 Benedict IV.</p> <p>3 —</p> <p>1 Leo V.</p> <p>1 Christoph.</p> <p>1 Sergius III.</p> <p>2 —</p> <p>3 —</p> <p>4 —</p> <p>5 —</p> <p>6 —</p> <p>7 —</p>		<p>Louis, son of Boson, King of Arles, causes himself to be crowned Emperor of the West by Pope Benedict IV., Feb. 12. The Huns invade Italy, and are defeated by Berenger.</p> <p>Second naval expedition of the Russians against Constantinople.—Berenger defeats Louis, son of Boson, whom he deprives of sight, and sends back to Provence.</p> <p>The Normans make themselves masters of Cotentin and Maine, and ravage Bretagne, Picardy, and Champagne.</p> <p>Burghardt Landgrave of Thuringia defeated by the Hungarians; dying without issue, the Emperor Louis gives his territories to Otho Duke of Saxony.</p>	<p>Prince Ethelward, grandson to Alfred, ob. 905</p> <p>Himerius, general to Leo VI.</p> <p>Elfreda, daughter to Alfred, ob. 918</p> <p>Mahomed, general to Mohtafi</p> <p>Theodora, Roman courtesan</p> <p>Robert Count de Paris, ob. 923</p> <p>Marozia, mistress to Sergius III.</p>
<p>—</p> <p>—</p> <p>—</p> <p>—</p> <p>—</p> <p>—</p> <p>—</p> <p>—</p>	<p>1 Anastatius III.</p> <p>2 —</p> <p>1 Lando</p> <p>1 John X.</p> <p>2 —</p> <p>3 —</p> <p>4 —</p> <p>5 —</p> <p>6 —</p> <p>7 —</p>		<p>Otho Duke of Saxony declines the Imperial crown, which is accepted by Conrad Duke of Franconia, as King of Germany.—Rollo the Norman converted to Christianity, and created Duke of Normandy.</p> <p>Ordonno King of Leon defeats Abderahman, and takes Talavera by storm. Berenger causes himself to be crowned Emperor by Pope John X.—The last Imperial coronation in the West till A.D. 962.</p> <p>Ordonno King of Leon defeats Abderahman at St. Peter de Gormuz.</p> <p>Death of Conrad, Dec. 23, and election of Henry the Fowler as King of Germany. Romanus Lecapenus usurps the imperial power.</p> <p>The Moors defeat the Christians in Spain.</p>	<p>Empress Zoe</p> <p>Phocas, general to Constantine, ob. 919</p>
<p>—</p> <p>—</p> <p>—</p> <p>—</p> <p>—</p> <p>—</p> <p>—</p> <p>—</p> <p>—</p>	<p>8 —</p> <p>9 —</p> <p>10 —</p> <p>11 —</p> <p>12 —</p> <p>13 —</p> <p>14 —</p> <p>1 Leo VI.</p> <p>1 Stephen VII.</p> <p>2 —</p>	<p>Eudes de Cluni, ob. 942</p>	<p>Ordonno King of Leon defeated at Val Junquera, and the Bishops of Salamanca and Tuy taken prisoners. Battle of Placentia, in which Berenger is defeated by Rodolf King of Burgundy.</p> <p>Pavia reduced to ashes by the Hungarians, March 12.—Berenger the Emperor assassinated at Verona. Henry the Fowler appoints margraves or marquises to defend the frontiers of the empire. Hugh Count de Provence elected King of Italy.</p> <p>Abdication of Rollo Duke of Normandy in favour of William Longsword. The Imperial throne in the East is now occupied by five emperors.</p> <p>Mecca pillaged by the Carmanthian, Abu Taher.—Charles the Simple dies a prisoner in the castle of Perronne, Oct. 7.</p>	<p>Hugh the Great, minister to Rodolph I. ob. 956</p> <p>Herbert Count de Vermandois, ob. 943</p>
<p>—</p> <p>—</p> <p>—</p> <p>—</p> <p>—</p> <p>—</p> <p>—</p> <p>—</p> <p>—</p>	<p>1 John XI.</p> <p>2 —</p> <p>3 —</p> <p>4 —</p> <p>5 —</p> <p>1 Leo VII.</p> <p>2 —</p> <p>3 —</p> <p>1 Stephen VIII.</p> <p>2 —</p>	<p>Azophi, Arabian astronomer</p> <p>Luitprand, Bp. of Cremona, History of his own Times, ob. 970</p>	<p>Revolt of Alberic against Hugh King of Italy.—Death of Rollo Duke of Normandy about this time.</p> <p>Revolt of the Bowides from the Arabian Caliphate, 933—1055.</p> <p>Battle of Mersberg; the Hungarians defeated by Henry the Fowler.—Revolt of the Ikshidites from the Arabian Caliphate, 934—968.</p> <p>Rodolf King of France dies; and is next year succeeded by Louis the Stranger.</p> <p>Fallen state of the Caliph of Bagdad under the control of the Emirs at Omra.—Henry the Fowler succeeded by Otho I.</p> <p>Invasion by Anlaff in the Humber.—He is defeated at Brunanburgh by Athelstan.</p> <p>Ramiro King of Leon defeats Abderahman at Simances, Aug. 6, and again at Salamanca.</p>	<p>Alberic, son of Marozia, Governor of Rome, ob. 954</p>
<p>Harald II. Blue-tooth</p> <p>—</p> <p>—</p> <p>—</p> <p>—</p> <p>—</p> <p>—</p> <p>—</p> <p>—</p>	<p>3 —</p> <p>1 Martin III.</p> <p>2 —</p> <p>3 —</p> <p>4 —</p> <p>1 Agapetus II.</p> <p>2 —</p> <p>3 —</p> <p>4 —</p> <p>5 —</p>	<p>Odo, Abp. of Canterbury, ob. 961</p> <p>Alfarabius, Arabian philosopher, 'De Intelligentiis,' ob. 950</p>	<p>Third naval expedition of the Russians against Constantinople.</p> <p>The Eastern Emperors take possession of the kingdom of Naples.</p> <p>Romanus Lecapenus driven by his sons into exile.</p> <p>The Emperors Stephen and Constantine VIII. exiled, the one to Lesbos, the other to Samothrace.—Constantine VII. reigns alone.</p> <p>Death of Romanus Lecapenus, July 15.</p> <p>The Emperor Otho defeats the Slavonians, and makes Boleslas Duke of Bohemia tributary.</p>	<p>Turketul, Lord Chancellor</p> <p>Buzun the Turk</p>



Anno Dom.	DOGES OF VENICE	Tuscany, Dukes, Etc.	Marquises of Montferrat	Dukes of Burgundy	Counts of Bretagne	Counts of Flanders	Hainault	Counts of Friesland	Swabia	Dukes of Franconia	Dukes of Bavaria	Saxony	Dukes of Lorraine
901	14 Pietro Tribuno	12 Adalbert II.		25 Ri hard	25 Alain III.	23 Ba'dwin II.	27 Regner I.			Conrad I.	7 Leopold	22 Otho I.	
902	15	13		26	26	24	28				8	23	
903	16	14		27	27	25	29				9	24	
904	17	15		28	28	26	30				10	25	
905	18	16		29	29	27	31				11	26	
906	19	17		30	30	28	32				12	27	
907	20	18		31	1 Gurmallion	29	33				1 Arnolph the Bad	28	
908	21	19		32	2	30	34				2	29	
909	22	20		33	3	31	35				3	30	
910	23	21		34	4	32	36				4	31	
911	24	22		35	5	33	37				5	32	
912	1 Orso Participazio II.	23		36	6	34	38			Eberhard 1	6	1 Henry I. the Fowler	
913	2	24		37	7	35	39			2	7	2	
914	3	25		38	8	36	40			3	8	3	
915	4	26		39	9	37	41			4	9	4	
916	5	27		40	10	38	1 Regner II.			1 Burchardt	5	5 Giselbert	1
917	6			41	11	39	2			2	6	6	2
918	7			42	12	1 Arnolph I. and 2 Baldwin III.	3			3	7	7 Henry elected emperor	3
919	8	1 Guy, Duke		43	13	3	4			4	8	8	4
920	9	2		44	14	3	5			5	9	9	5
921	10	3		1 Rodolph	15	4	6			6	10	15	6
922	11	4		2	16	5	7 Thierry I.			7	11	16	7
923	12	5		1 Giselbert	17	6	8			8	12	17	8
924	13	6		2	18	7	9			9	13	18	9
925	14	7		3	19	8	10			10	14	19	10
926	15	8		4	20	9	11			1 Herman I.	15	20	11
927	16	9		5	21	10	12			2	16	21	12
928	17	10		6	22	11	13			3	17	22	13
929	18	1 Lambert, Duke		7	23	12	14			4	18	23	14
930	19	2		8	1 Berenger de Rennes	13	15			5	19	24	15
931	20	1 Boson, Marquis		9	2	14	16			6	20	25	16
932	1 Pietro Candiano II.	2		10	3	15	1 Regner III.			7	21	26	17
933	2	3		11	4	16	2			8	22	27	18
934	3	4		12	5	17	3			9	23	28	19
935	4	5		13	6	18	4			10	24	29	20
936	5	1 Hubert, Duke		14	7	19	5			11	25	30	1 Otho II. Emperor
937	6	2		15	1 Alain IV. de Vannes	20	6			12	26	1 Eberhard	2
938	7	3	1 Aledran circa	1 Hugh Blk. 1 Hugh the Great	2	21	7			13	27	2	3
939	1 Pietro Badoardo	4	2	3	3	22	8			14 Conrad II.	1	1 Berthold	4
940	2	5	3	3	4	23	9			15	2	2	5 Henry I.
941	3	6	4	4	5	24	10			16	3	3	6
942	1 Pietro Candiano III.	7	5	5	6	25	11			17	4	1 Henry I. the Quarreller	7
943	2	8	6	6	7	26	12			18	5	2	8
944	3	9	7	7	8	27	13			19	6	3	9 Conrad I the Red
945	4	10	8	8	9	28	14			20	7	4	10
946	5	11	9	9	10	29	15			21	8	5	11
947	6	12	10	10	11	30	16			22	9	6	12
948	7	13	11	11	12	31	17			23	10	7	13
949	8	14	12	12	13	32	18			1 Ludolph	11	8	14
950	9	15	13	13	14	33	19			2	13	9	15

Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of The East	Kings of Germany	Kings of Italy	Dukes of Bohemia	Dukes of Poland	Kings of France	Kings of Arles	KINGS IN SPAIN			Dukes of Normandy	England
									Navarre	Leon	Cordova		
5664	951	41 Constantine VII.	16 Otho I. the Great	2 Berenger II. and Adalbert	16 Boleslas I.	39 Ziemomistas	16 Louis IV.	15 Conrad the Pacific	26 Garcia I.	2 Ordonno III.	40 Abde-rah-man III.	9 Richard I.	6 Edm.
5665	952	42	17	3	17	40	17	16	27	3	41	10	7
5666	953	43	18	4	18	41	18	17	28	4	42	11	8
5667	954	44	19	5	19	42	1 Lothaire	18	29	5	43	12	9
5668	955	45	20	6	20	43	2	19	30	1 Sancho I.	44	13	1 Edw.
5669	956	46	21	7	21	44	3	20	31	2 the Fat	45	14	2
5670	957	47	22	8	22	45	4	21	32	3	46	15	3
5671	958	48	23	9	23	46	5	22	33	4	47	16	4
5672	959	1 Romanus II.	24	10	24	47	6	23	34	5	48	17	1 Edg.
5673	960	2	25	11	25	48	7	24	35	6	49	18	2
5674	961	3	26	12	26	49	8	25	36	7	1 Alha-cam II.	19	3
5675	962	4	27 crowned emperor	— Conq. by Otho	27	50	9	26	37	8	2	20	4
5676	963	1 Nicephorus II. Phocas	28	—	28	51	10	27	38	9	3	21	5
5677	964	2	29	—	29	—	1 Mieci-las I.	11	39	10	4	22	6
5678	965	3	30	—	30	—	2 Duke	12	40	11	5	23	7
5679	966	4	31	Berenger ob.	31	3	13	30	41	12	6	24	8
5680	967	5	32	—	1 Boleslas II.	4	14	31	42	1 Rami-ro III.	7	25	9
5681	968	6	33	Adalbert ob.	2 le Debon-naire	5	15	32	43	2	8	26	10
5682	969	1 John-Zimisces	34	—	3	6	16	33	44	3	9	27	11
5683	970	2 Basil II. and Con-	35	—	4	7	17	34	—	1 Sancho II.	4	10	12 Ke-
5684	971	3 stantine IX.	36	—	5	8	18	35	2 Abarca	5	11	29	13
5685	972	4	37	—	6	9	19	36	3	6	12	30	14
5686	973	5	1 Otho II. the Bloody	—	7	10	20	37	4	7	13	31	15
5687	974	6	2	—	8	11	21	38	5	8	14	32	16
5688	975	7	3	—	9	12	22	39	6	9	15	33	1 Edw.
5689	976	1 Basil II. and	4	—	10	13	23	40	7	10	1 Hash-em II.	34	2 Ma-
5690	977	2 Constan-tine IX.	5	—	11	14	24	41	8	11	2	35	3
5691	978	3	6	—	12	15	25	42	9	12	3	36	1 Eth-
5692	979	4	7	—	13	16	26	43	10	13	4	37	2 Uni-
5693	980	5	8	—	14	17	27	44	11	14	5	38	3
5694	981	6	9	—	15	18	28	45	12	15	6	39	4
5695	982	7	10	—	16	19	29	46	13	16	7	40	5
5696	983	8	1 Otho III.	—	17	20	30	47	14	17	8	41	6
5697	984	9	2	—	18	21	31	48	15	18	9	42	7
5698	985	10	3	—	19	22	32	49	16	19	10	43	8
5699	986	11	4	—	20	23	—	1 Louis V. le Fain.	17	20	11	44	9
5700	987	12	5	—	21	24	—	1 Hugh Capet	18	21	12	45	10
5701	988	13	6	—	22	25	—	2	19	22	13	46	11
5702	989	14	7	—	23	26	—	3	20	23	14	47	12
5703	990	15	8	—	24	27	—	4	21	24	15	48	13
5704	991	16	9	—	25	28	—	5	22	25	16	49	14
5705	992	17	10	—	26	—	1 Boleslas I. King the Lion Hearted	6	23	11	17	50	15
5706	993	18	11	—	27	—	2	7	24	12	18	51	16
5707	994	19	12	—	28	—	3	8	1 Rodolf III. le Fainant	13	19	52	17 Cor-tin
5708	995	20	13	—	29	—	4	9	2	14	20	53	18 Ken-IV
5709	996	21	14	—	30	—	5	1 Robert II. the Wise	3	15	21	—	19
5710	997	22	15	—	31	—	6	2	4	16	22	—	20
5711	998	23	16	—	32	—	7	3	5	17	23	3	21
5712	999	24	17	—	1 Boleslas III.	8	4	4	6	18	24	4	22
5713	1000	25	18	Stephen I.	2	9	5	8	1 Sancho III.	2	25	5	23

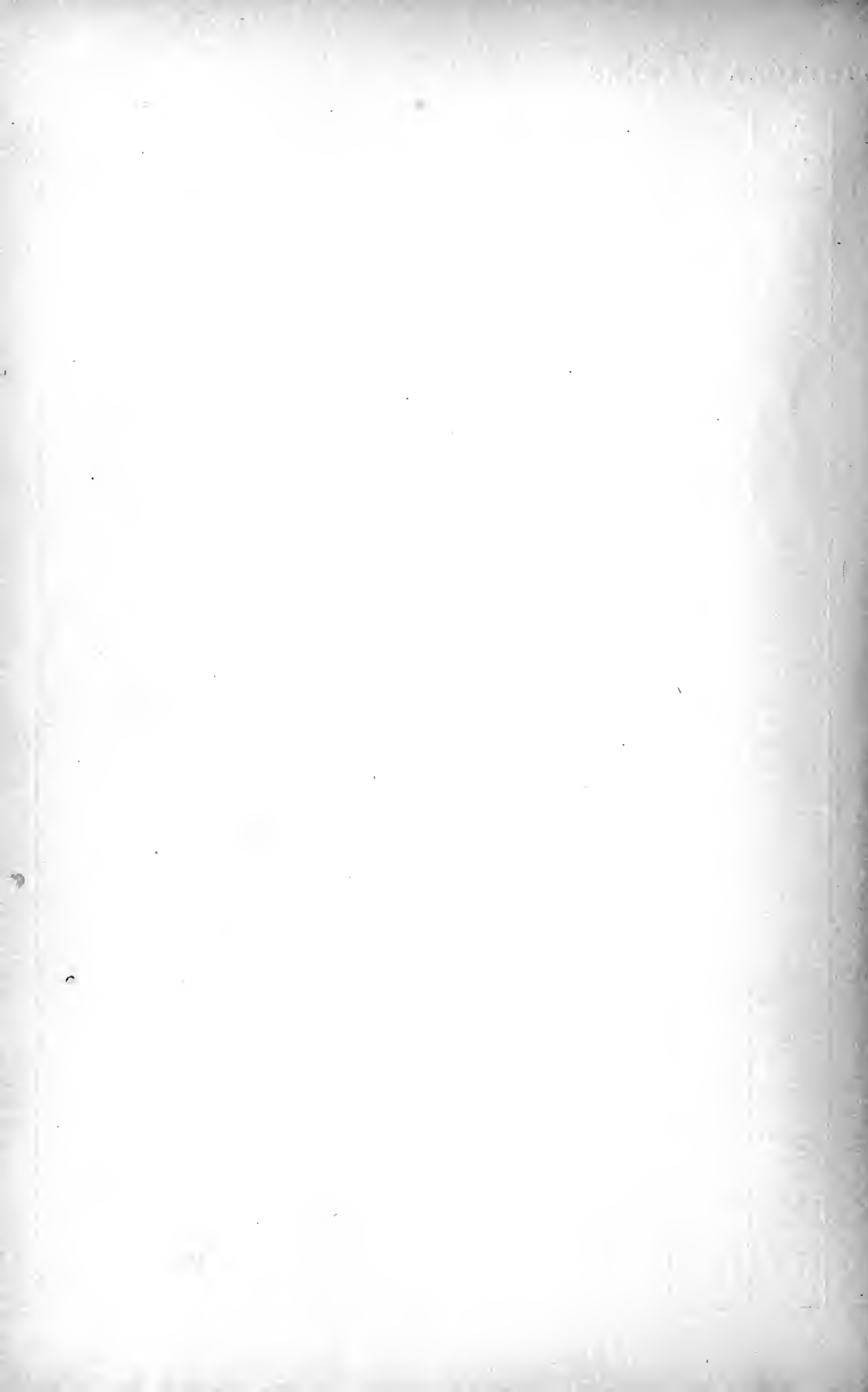
Kings of Denmark	POPES	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MIDDLE AGES	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
Harald II. Blue-tooth	6 Agapetus II		Otho drives Berenger II. and Adalbert his son out of Italy, at the instance of Adelaide, widow of Lothaire.—Otho marries Adelaide.	
—	7 —			
—	8 —		Louis the Stranger, King of France, dies, Sept. 10.	
—	9 —			
—	10 —		Battle of Augsburg gained by Otho over the Hungarians.—Baptism of the Princess Olga, the era of Christianity in Russia.	
—	1 John XII.		Hugh the Great, father of Hugh Capet, dies, June 16.	
—	2 —		Otho defeats the Sclavonians in Saxony.	Matilda, mother of Otho, ob. 973
—	3 —			
—	4 —	Rhazes Abubeker, Arabian physician, ob. at. 80, 932	Constantine VII. poisoned by his daughter-in-law, Theophania.	
—	5 —		Reduction of Crete by Nicephorus Phocas.—Hugh Capet created Duke of France by Lothaire.	
—	6 —		Otho crowned King of Italy, Nov.	
—	7 —		Union of the crowns of Germany and Italy.—Otho I. crowned Emperor of the West by John XII., Feb. 9.	Dunstan, Abp. of Canterbury, 925—988
—	1 Leo VIII.	Ethelwold, Bp. of Winchester, 'the benevolent bishop,' ob. 984	Romanus II. dies, Mar. 15, and is succeeded by Nicephorus Phocas.—Defection of Pope John from Otho.	Earl Ethelwold, minister to Edgar
—	1 Benedict V.		Revolt in Rome in favour of Pope John, who dies, May 14.—Otho retakes Rome, June 23.	
—	1 John XIII.	Geber of Seville, philosopher and astronomer		
—	2 —		Conquest of Cilicia by Nicephorus Phocas.—Christianity introduced into Poland about this time.	
—	3 —		Otho demands the hand of Theodora, daughter-in-law of Nicephorus, for his son, which leads to war.	
—	4 —		The Normans make a descent in Galicia, and advance to Compostella.	
—	5 —		Nicephorus II. assassinated at the instigation also of Theophania; John Zimisces succeeds, with Basil II. and Constantine VII. as his colleagues.	Elfric, Duke of Mercia, ob. 983
—	6 —			
—	7 —		The Bulgarians defeated by Bardas Sclerus, and their empire terminated.	Bardas Sclerus, minister to John Zimisces, ob. 986
—	1 Benedict VI.	Oswald, Abp. of York, ob. 992	Marriage of the Princess Theodora, daughter of Romanus II., to the eldest son of Otho.	Empress Theophania, ob. 991
—	2 —		Otho the Great dies, Aug., at. 61.	
—	1 Bonif. VII. I Domnus II. I Benedict VII.			
—	2 —		John Zimisces dies, Jan. 10, suspected by poison.—His colleagues, Basil and Constantine, retain the empire.	
—	3 —		Otho II. subdues the Bohemians.	
—	4 —	Abbo, monk of Fleury, favourite of K. Ethelred, ob. 1004	The possession of Lorraine becomes a subject of warlike contention between Otho and Lothaire, King of France.	
—	5 —			
—	6 —	Bridferth of Ramsey, commentator on Bede	Otho II. defeated at Basentello.—Apulia and Calabria recovered by the Emperors of the East.	
—	7 —	Albirunius, Arabian geograph.	Otho II. massacres his chief nobility at an entertainment to which he had invited them.	
—	8 —		Otho II. defeated by the Greeks and Saracens in Calabria, July 13.	
—	1 John XIV.		Death of Otho the Bloody, Dec. 7, who is succeeded by his son, Otho III. in his minority.	Crescentius, tyrant of Rome, ob. 998
—	1 John XV.			Phocas, Eastern general
—	1 John XVI.			
—	2 —	Almon, Abbot of Fleury, historian, ob. 1008		Geoffrey Grisegonelle, ob. 987
—	3 —		Death of Louis le Fainéant, and termination of the Carolingian dynasty in France, May 21.	
—	4 —		Marriage of Wladimir of Russia to the Princess Anne, daughter of Romanus II.	
—	5 —			
—	6 —	Elfric, Bp. of Crediton	The Saracens under Almanzor take Leon by assault, and ravage Galicia.	
—	7 —		The Arabian figures in arithmetic, according to some, introduced into Europe from Spain about this time.	
—	8 —			
—	9 —			
—	10 —		Sweyn and Olaus, Kings of Denmark and Norway, sail up the Thames with ninety-four vessels.	Bouchard, Count de Melun, minister to Hugh Capet, ob. 1012
—	11 —	Elfric 'the grammarian,' Abp. of Canterbury, ob. 1006	Don Bermudo defeated by Almanzor on the banks of the Ezla.	
—	1 Gregory V. and John XVII.?			
—	2 —		The Doge of Venice takes the title of Duke of Venice and Dalmatia.	
—	3 —		Revolt and execution of the Consul Crescentius.—The Saracens defeated by Don Bermudo at Osma.	
—	1 Silvester II.			
—	2 —		Hungary created a kingdom in favour of Stephen, son of Géisa.	



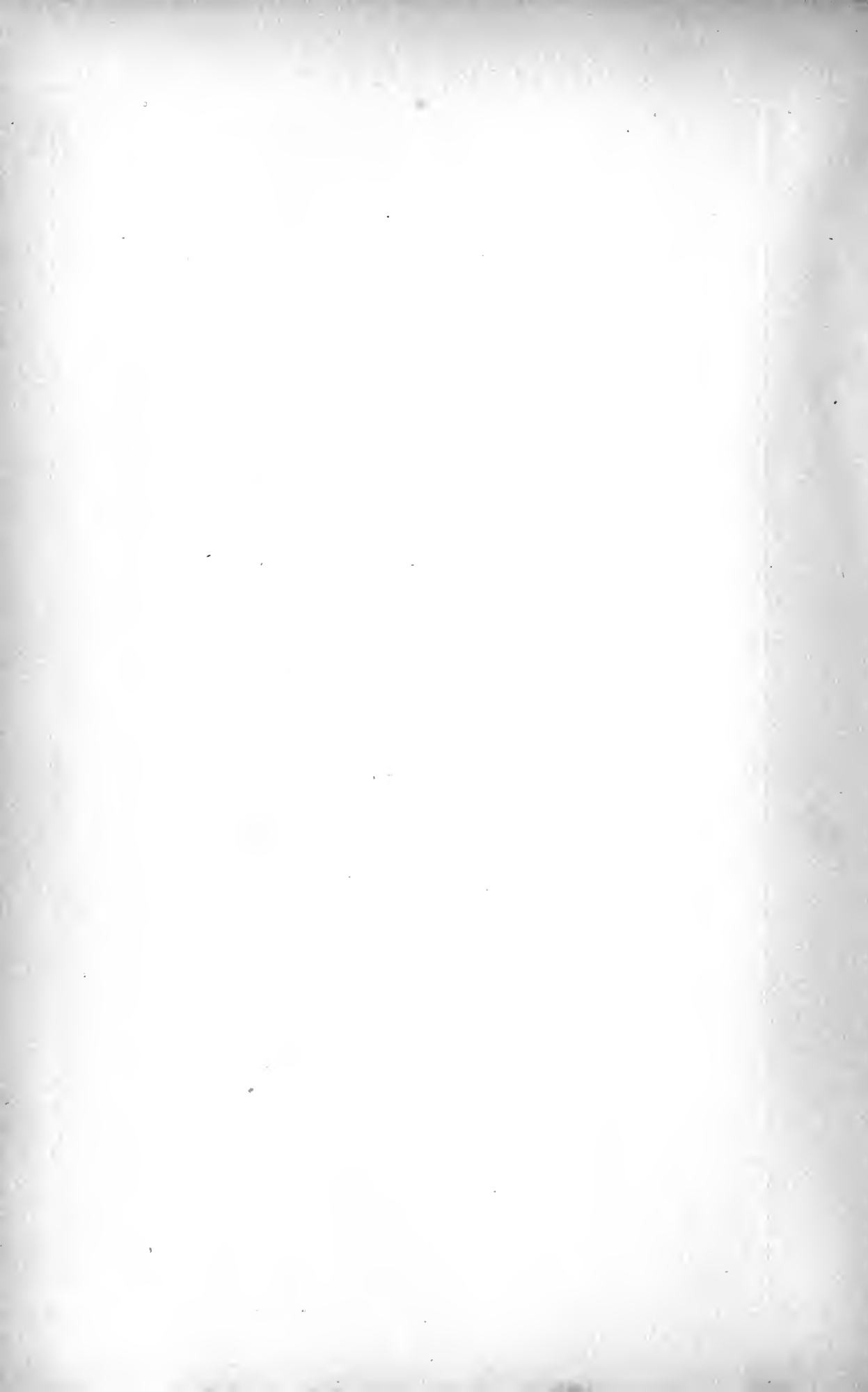
	DOGES OF VENICE	Tuscany, Dukes, Etc.	Marquises of Monterrat	Burgundy Dukes Counts	Bretagne	Flanders Counts Dukes	Lorraine	Counts of Luxemburg	Hainault Counts of	Friesland	Stabia Dukes of	Franconia	Dukes of Bavaria	Saxony of	Dukes of Lorraine
1	10 Pietro Candiano III.	16 Hubert	14 Aledran	14 Hugh Alain Drogo 1		34 Arnolph I. and 35 Baldwin III.			20 Regner I. Thiery-I.		3 Ludolph Conrad II. 13	10 Henry the Quarreller	16 Otho II. Conrad 8 the Red 9		
2	11	17	15	15		36			21		4	11	17		
3	12	18	16	16 Hoel IV. 1		37			22		5	12	18 Bruno 1 Abp. of Colog- ne		
4	13	19	17	17 Nantes 2		38			23		1 Burch- ardt II. Otho 1	13	19		
5	14	20	18	18		39			24		2	1 Henry II.	20		
6	15	21	19	1 Otho		40			25		3	2	21		
7	16	22	20	2		41			26		4	3	22		
8	17	23	21	3		42			1 Richer		5	4	23		
9	1 Pietro Candiano IV.	24	22	4		43					6	5	24 Frederic I.		
0	2	25	23	5		44					7	6	1 Herman- Billing		
1	3	1 Hugh the Great	24	6		45					8	7	2		
2	4	2	25	7		46					9	8	3		
3	5	3	26	8		47					10	9	4		
4	6	4	27	9		48			Thierry II.		11	10	5		
5	7	5	28	10		49			1		12	11	6		
6	8	6	29	11		50		1 Sigeфриd			13	12	7		
7	9	7	30	12		51		2			14	13	8		
8	10	8	31	13		52		3			15	14	9		
9	11	9	32	14		53		4			16	15	10		
0	12	10	33	15		54		5			17	16	11		
1	13	11	34	16		55		6			18	17	12		
2	14	12	35	17		56		7			19	18	13		
3	15	13	36	18		57		8			20	19	14		
4	16	14	37	19		58		9			21	20	15		
5	17	15	38	20		59		10			22	21	16		
6	1 Pietro Orseolo I.	16	39	21		60		11			23	22	17		
7	2	17	40	22		61		12			24	23	18		
8	1 Vitale Candiano	18	41	23		62		13			25	24	19		
9	1 Tribuno Memmo	19	42	24		63		14			26	25	20		
0	2	20	43	25		64		15			27	26	21		
1	3	21	44	26		65		16			28	27	22		
2	4	22	45	27		66		17			29	28	23		
3	5	23	46	28		67		18			30	29	24		
4	6	24	47	29		68		19			31	30	25		
5	7	25	48	30		69		20			32	31	26		
6	8	26	49	31		70		21			33	32	27		
7	9	27	50	32		71		22			34	33	28		
8	10	28	51	33		72		23			35	34	29		
9	11	29	52	34		73		24			36	35	30		
0	12	30	53	35		74		25			37	36	31		
1	1 Pietro Orseolo II.	31	54	36		75		26			38	37	32		
2	2	32	55	37		76		27			39	38	33		
3	3	33	56	38		77		28			40	39	34		
4	4	34	57	39		78		29			41	40	35		
5	5	35	58	40		79		30			42	41	36		
6	6	36	59	41		80		31			43	42	37		
7	7	37	60	42		81		32			44	43	38		
8	8	38	61	43		82		33			45	44	39		
9	9	39	62	44		83		34			46	45	40		
0	10	40	63	45		84		35			47	46	41		

Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of The East	Emperors of Germany.	Kings ———		Poland. Kings, Dukes	Kings of France	Kings of Arles	KINGS IN SPAIN			Dukes of Normandy	England
				Hungary K.K. and D.	Bohemia				Navarre	Leon	Cordova		
5714	1001	26 Basil II. and Constantine IX.	19 Otho III.	2 Stephen Boles. III.	3 Jaromir	10 Boleslas I.	6 Robert II. the Wise	9 Rodolf III.	2 Sancho III.	3 Alfonso V.	26 Hashem II.	6 Richard II. the Good	24 Ethelred
5715	1002	27	1 Henry II. the Lambe	3	2	11	8	10	3	4	27	7	25
5716	1003	28	3	4	2	12	8	11	4	5	28	8	26
5717	1004	29	3	5	3	13	9	12	5	6	29	9	27
5718	1005	30	4	6	4	14	10	13	6	7	30	10	28
5719	1006	31	5	7	5	15	11	14	7	8	31	11	29
5720	1007	32	6	8	6	16	12	15	8	9	32	12	30
5721	1008	33	7	9	7	17	13	16	9	10	33	13	31
5722	1009	34	8	10	8	18	14	17	10	11	Fed II. 1 Mahom. 1 Suleim. 1 Mahom. ed II.	14	32
5723	1010	35	9	11	9	19	15	18	11	12	15	15	33
5724	1011	36	10	12	10	20	16	19	12	13	2 Hashem II. 3 again	16	34
5725	1012	37	11	13	11	21	17	20	13	14	17	17	35
5726	1013	38	12	14	2	22	18	21	14	15	1 Suleiman 2 again	18	36
5727	1014	39	13	15	3	23	19	22	15	16	19	19	37
5728	1015	40	14	16	4	24	20	23	16	17	3	20	38
5729	1016	41	15	17	5	25	21	24	17	18	1 Mota-wakel 1 Abderahman IV. 1 Alcasim	21	1 Edm. 1 Can.
5730	1017	42	16	18	6	26	22	25	18	19	22	22	2
5731	1018	43	17	19	7	27	23	26	19	20	23	23	3
5732	1019	44	18	20	8	28	24	27	20	21	2	24	4
5733	1020	45	19	21	9	29	25	28	21	22	3	25	5
5734	1021	46	20	22	10	30	26	29	22	23	1 Yahia-Almo-2 tadi	26	6
5735	1022	47	21	23	11	31	27	30	23	24	27	27	7
5736	1023	48	22	24	12	32	28	31	24	25	1 Abderahman V. 1 Yahia-Almo-2 tadi	28	8
5737	1024	49	1 Conrad II. the Salique	25	13	33	29	32	25	26	29	29	9
5738	1025	50 Constantine alone	3	26	14	1 Miecislav II.	30	33	26	27	30	30	10
5739	1026	51	4	27	15	2	31	34	27	28	1 Hashem III.	1 Richard III.	11
5740	1027	52	5	28	16	3	32	35	28	1 Bermudo III. 2	2	2	12
5741	1028	1 Romanus III.	6	29	17	4	33	36	29	3	3	1 Robert I. le Diabie	13
5742	1029	2 Argyrus	7	30	18	5	34	37	30	4	4	2	14
5743	1030	3	8	31	19	6	35	38	31	5	5	3	15
5744	1031	4	9	32	20	7	1 Henry I.	39	32	6	6	4	16
5745	1032	5	10	33	21	8	2	—Leaves 6 his kingdom to 7 Conrad the 8 Salique	33	7	7	5	17
5746	1033	6	11	34	22	9	3	—	34	8	8	6	18
5747	1034	1 Michael IV. the Paphlagonian	12	35	23	1 Richense regent	4	—	35	9	9	7	19
5748	1035	2	13	36	24	2	5	—	1 Garcia III.	10	10	5	1 William I. the Bastard
5749	1036	3	14	37	25	3	6	—	2	11	11	6	2 Har.
5750	1037	4	15	38	1 Bretislav I.	—Interreg.	7	—	3	12	12	7	3
5751	1038	5	16	1 Peter the German	2	—	8	—	4	13	13	8	4
5752	1039	6	17	2 German	3	—	9	—	5	14	14	9	5
5753	1040	7	18	3	4	—	10	—	6	15	15	10	6
5754	1041	1 Michael V. Calaphates	19	1	5	1 Casimir I. the Pacific	11	15	7	16	16	11	7
5755	1042	2 Zoe and Constantine X. Monomachus	20	2	6	2	12	16	8	17	17	12	8
5756	1043	3	21	3	7	3	13	17	9	18	18	13	9
5757	1044	4	22	1 Peter again	8	4	14	18	10	19	19	14	10
5758	1045	5	23	2	9	5	15	19	11	20	20	15	11
5759	1046	6	24	3	10	6	16	20	12	21	21	16	12
5760	1047	7	25	1 Andrew I.	11	7	17	21	13	22	22	17	13
5761	1048	8	26	2	12	8	18	—	14	23	23	18	14
5762	1049	9	27	3	13	9	19	1	15	24	24	19	15
5763	1050	10	28	4	14	10	20	2	16	25	25	20	16

Kings of Sweden	Counts of Apulia	POPEs	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MIDDLE AGES	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
1 Olof- Skotko- nung		3 Silvester II.	Avicenna of Bochara, physician, 980—1036	Massacre of the Danes by Ethelred.—Otho III. poisoned by the widow of Crescentius.	Melenda Gonzales, regent of Leon
2		4			
3		1 John XVII. 1 John 2 XVIII.	Wulfstan, Abp. of York, 'Sermo Lupi ad Anglos,' ob. 1023	The Emperor Henry marches into Italy, and subdues his rival, Ardouin Marquis of Ivrea. Boleslas I., King of Poland, siezes Cracow, and treats the Duke of Bohemia with great cruelty.—He marches into Bohemia.	
4		3			
5		4			
6		5	Mesué, Arabian physician	Sweyn desists from his revenge on payment of 36,000 pounds of silver	
7		6			
8		1 Sergius IV.		A civil war breaks out among the Saracens in Spain, and continues till 1094.	Ulnoth Thane of Sussex
9		2			
10		3		Invasion of Thurchill, who sells his friendship and services for 48,000 pounds.	Edric, minister to Ethelred, ob. 1017
11		1 Benedict VIII.		Last invasion of Sweyn.—Flight of Ethelred.	Brithric, English admiral
12		2		Death of Sweyn.—Extensive inundation of the sea in Flanders, Sept. 28.	Uthred Earl of Northumberland, ob. 1016
13		3		Invasion of England by Canute.	
14 Canute II.		4		Five battles in seven months between Canute and Edmund Ironside.—Death of Edmund.	
15		5	Cynewulf, Bp. of Winchester, Anglo Saxon poet, ob. 1008		
16		6		The Normans first enter Italy.—The Russians break into Poland, but are repelled by Boleslas I. The Bulgarians defeated by the Emperor Basil, and reduced to a province of the empire.	
17		7			
18		8			
19		9			
20		10	Guy Aretino, musician		Agelnoth Archbishop of Canterbury, ob. 1038
21		11			
22		12		Rodolf King of Arles being dethroned by his subjects, is restored by the Emperor Henry.	Eudes Count de Chartres, minister to Robert I.
23		1 John XIX.		Death of the Emperor Henry II., July 13, at. 52.	
24		2		The Emperor Basil dies, Dec.; Constantine, his colleague, retains the empire.	
25		3		Birth of William the Conqueror.	
Edmund I Colbren- ner		4		The Emperor Constantine IX. dies, Nov. 12, and is succeeded by Romanus Argyrus. Foundation of Aversa in Naples by the Normans.	
3		5		Canute performs a pilgrimage to Rome.—The Emperor Romanus defeated by the Saracens, April 13.	
4		6	Campanus of Navarro, astron.		
5		7		The Emperor Romanus drives the Saracens out of Syria.	
6		8		Rodolf King of Arles dies; he bequeaths his dominions to Conrad the Salique.	
7		1 Benedict IX.	Glaber of Clugni, historian, 'Chronicle of France,' ob. post 1045	Romanus III. poisoned by his empress, Zoe, who marries Michael IV., whom she raises to the throne. Death of Sancho the Great of Navarre, and establishment of the kingdoms of Castile and Arragon.	
8		2			
9		3			
10		4			
11 Canute III.		5		Battle of Bar le Duc by Conrad over Eudes Count of Champagne, Sept. 17.	John, brother to Michael IV.
12		6		Reign of Togrul Beg, 1038—1063.—He defeats the Gasnevites, and subdues Persia.	
13		7		Conrad the Salique dies, June 4, and is succeeded by Henry the Black.	
14		8			
15		9			
16		10	Hermannus 'Contractus' of Suabia, mathematician and chronologer	Michael IV. dies, Dec. 10; his cousin, Michael Calaphates, is placed by the empress Zoe on the throne. Calaphates dethroned by Zoe, who marries Constantine Monomachus, and raises him to the throne.	Godwin Earl of Kent, ob. 1053
17		11		The Normans conquer Apulia from the Greeks, 1043.—Fourth naval expedition of the Russians against Constantinople	George Manasses, tyrant in the East
18 Magnus the Good King of Norway	1 William I.	1 Gregory VI.			Siward, Earl of Northumberland, ob. 1055
19	2 Bras-de-fer	2			Leo Tomitius, tyrant in the East
20	3	3			
21	1 Drogo	1 Clement II.		The Emperor Henry deposes three Popes at the Council of Sutrium, and is crowned, Dec. 25, by Pope Clement II.	Leofric Duke of Mercia, ob. 1057
22 Sweyn II.	2	[II.]	Franco of Liege, mathemat.		
23	3	1 Damasus I 1 Leo IX.	Hereman, Bp. of Sherborne, ob. 1077	The Emperor Constantine makes war in Media.	
24	4	2		League of Pope Leo IX. and the two Emperors against the Normans in Sicily.	
25	5	3		The Turks invade the Eastern empire.—The Pisans and the Genoese subdue Sardinia.	



Year	DOGES OF VENICE	Tuscany, Dukes, Etc.	Marquises of Montferrat	Burgundy Dukes of Bretagne	Flanders Counts Dukes	Lorraine L.	Luxembg. Counts of Namur	Frisland Counts of Hainault	Stuabia Dukes of Franconia	Dukes of Bavaria	Dukes of Saxony	Dukes of Lorraine
01	11 Pietro Orseolo II.	1 Adalbert III.	7 William I.	37 Henry Geoffrey	13 Baldwin IV. Otho I		4 Frederic I.	14 Arnolph Regner IV.	5 Herman II. Otho 47	7 Henry III. elected emperor	29 Bernard I. Thierry 18	
02	12	2	8	38	14	2	5	15	6	8	30	19
03	13	3	9		15	3	6	16	7	9	31	20
04	14	4	10		16	4	7	17	1 Herman III. of Jerusalem	1 Henry IV.	32	21
05	15	5	11		17	Godfrey III.	8	18	2	2	33	22
06	16	6	12		19		9	19	3	3	34	23
07	17	7	13		20		10	20	4	4	35	24
08	18	8	14	Alain V.	21		11	21	5	5	36	25
09	1 Ottone Orseolo	9	15		22		12	22	6	6	37	26
10	2	10	16		23		13	23	7	7	1 Bernard II.	27
11	3	11	17		24		14	24	8	8	2	28
12	4	12	18		25		15	25	1 Ernest I.	9	3	29
13	5	13	19		26		16	26	2	10	4	30
14	6	1 Rinaldo Duke and 2 Marquis	20		27		17	27	3	11	5	31
15	7		21	1 Henry II.	28		18	28	4	12	6	32
16	8	3	22	2	29		19	29	5	13	7	33
17	9	4	23	3	30		20	30	6	14	8	34
18	10	5	24	4	31		21	31	7	15	9	35
19	11	6	25	5	32		22	32	8	16	10	36
20	12	7	26	6	33		23	33	9	17	11	37
21	13	8	27	7	34		24	34	10	18	12	38
22	14	9	28	8	35		25	35	11	19	13	39
23	15	10	29	9	36	Gottheloh the Great	26	36	12	20	14	40
24	16	11	30	10	37		27	37	13	21	15	41
25	17	12	31	11	38		28	38	14	22	16	42
26	1 Pietro Barbolano	13	32	12	39		29	39	15	23	17	Frederic I II.
27	2	1 Boniface II.	33	13	40		30	40	16	24	18	2
28	3	2 the Pious Duke and 3 Marquis	34	14	41		31	41	17	25	19	3
29	4		35	15	42		32	42	18	26	20	4
30	5	4	36	16	43		33	43	19	27	21	5
31	6	5	37	17	44		34	44	20	28	22	6
32	1 Domenico Flabano	6	38	18	45		35	45	21	29	23	7
33	2		39	19	46		36	46	22	30	24	Gothe- 1 ion I.
34	3	8	40	20	47		37	47	23	31	25	2
35	4	9	41	21	48		38	48	24	32	26	3
36	5	10	42	22	49	Baldwin V. le Debonnaire	39	49	25	33	27	4
37	6	11	43	23	50		40	50	26	34	28	5
38	7	12	44	24	51		41	51	27	35	29	6
39	8	13	45	25	52		42	52	28	36	30	7
40	9	14	46	26	53		43	53	29	37	31	8
41	10	15	47	27	54		44	54	30	38	32	9
42	11	16	48	28	55		45	55	31	39	33	10
43	1 Domenico Contarini I.	17	49	29	56		46	56	32	40	34	Gothe- 1 ion II.
44	2	18	50	30	57		47	57	33	41	35	2
45	3	19	51	31	58		48	58	34	42	36	3
46	4	20	52	32	59		49	59	35	43	37	Alts at
47	5	21	53	33	60		50	60	36	44	38	Alsace 2
48	6	22	54	34	61		51	61	37	45	39	Gerard I of
49	7	23	55	35	62		52	62	38	46	40	Alsace 2
50	8	24	56	36	63		53	63	39	47	41	3



Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of The East	Emperors of Germany	Hungary		Poland. Kings, Dukes	Kings of France	Counts of Maurienne	KINGS IN SPAIN			Dukes of Normandy	England
				K. and D.	Bohemia				Castile	Arragon	Local		
5764	1051	10 Zoe and Constantine X.	13 Henry III.	5 Andrew I.	11 Casimir I.	21 Henry I.	4 Amadeus I.	17 Garcia III.	17 Ferdinand I.	8 Mahomed ben Gehwar.	17 William II. the Bastard	10 Edward	
5765	1052		14	6 Bretislav I.	12	22	5	18	18 Ramiro I.	9	18	11	
5766	1053	12	15	7	17	13	6	19	19	19	19	12	
5767	1054	1 Theodora	16	8	18	14	7	19	20	20	20	13	
5768	1055	2	17	9	19	15	8	2	21	21	21	14	
5769	1056	1 Michael VI. Stratiotic.	1 Henry IV.	10	20	16	9	3	22	22	23	15	
5770	1057	1 Isaac I. Comnenus	2	11	3	17	10	4	23	23	24	16	
5771	1058	2	3	12	4	18	11	5	24	24	25	17	
5772	1059	1 Constantine XI.	4	13	5	19	12	6	25	25	26	18	
5773	1060	2 Ducas	5	14	6	20	13	7	26	26	27	19	
5774	1061	3	6	1 Bela I.	4	21	14	8	27	27	28	20	
5775	1062	4	7	2 Wratislav I.	5	22	15	9	28	28	29	21	
5776	1063	5	8	3 First King	6	23	16	10	29	Sancho V.	30	22	
5777	1064	6	9	1 Salomon	7	24	17	11	30	Rami-rez	31	23	
5778	1065	7	10	2	8	25	18	12	Alfonso VI.	1 Sancho II. the Strong	32	24	
5779	1066	8	11	3	9	26	19	13	2	2	33	25	
5780	1067	1 Eudocia and Romanus IV.	12	4	10	27	20	14	3	3	34	26	
5781	1068	2 Diogenes	13	5	11	28	21	15	4	4	35	27	
5782	1069	3	14	6	12	29	22	16	5	5	36	28	
5783	1070	4	15	7	13	30	23	17	6	6	37	29	
5784	1071	1 Michael VII. Parapinaces	16	8	14	31	24	18	7	7	38	30	
5785	1072	2 Andronicus I. and Constantine XII.	17	9	15	32	1 Humbert II. le Renforcé	19	1	1 Alfonso VI. the Valiant King of Leon	39	31	
5786	1073	3	18	10	16	33	2	20	2	2	40	32	
5787	1074	4	19	11	17	34	3	21	3	3	41	33	
5788	1075	5	20	1 Geisa I.	18	35	4	22	4	4	42	34	
5789	1076	6	21	2	19	36	5	23	5	5	43	35	
5790	1077	7	22	1 Ladislav I.	20	37	6	1	6	6	44	36	
5791	1078	1 Nicephorus III.	23	2	21	38	7	2	7	7	45	37	
5792	1079	2	24	3	22	39	8	3	8	8	46	38	
5793	1080	3	25	4	23	40	9	4	9	9	47	39	
5794	1081	1 Alexis I. Comnenus	26	5	24	41	10	6	10	10	48	40	
5795	1082	2	27	6	25	42	11	7	11	11	49	41	
5796	1083	3	28	7	26	43	12	8	12	12	50	42	
5797	1084	4	29	8	27	44	13	9	13	13	51	43	
5798	1085	5	30	9	28	45	14	10	14	14	52	44	
5799	1086	6	31	10	29	46	15	11	15	15	53	45	
5800	1087	7	32	11	30	47	16	12	16	16	54	46	
5801	1088	8	33	12	31	48	17	13	17	17	55	47	
5802	1089	9	34	13	32	49	18	14	18	18	56	48	
5803	1090	10	35	14	33	50	19	15	19	19	57	49	
5804	1091	11	36	15	34	51	20	16	20	20	58	50	
5805	1092	12	37	16 Conrad I. Duke Bretislav II.	12	52	21	17	21	21	59	51	
5806	1093	13	38	17	13	53	22	18	22	22	60	52	
5807	1094	14	39	18	14	54	23	19	23	23	61	53	
5808	1095	15	40	1 Coloman	15	55	24	1	24	24	62	54	
5809	1096	16	41	2	16	56	25	2	25	25	63	55	
5810	1097	17	42	3	17	57	26	3	26	26	64	56	
5811	1098	18	43	4	18	58	27	4	27	27	65	57	
5812	1099	19	44	5	19	59	28	5	28	28	66	58	
5813	1100	20	45	6 Borzivoi II. Duke	20	60	29	7	29	29	67	59	

Local Kings—Seville and Cordova

Leon separated from Castile

Invades England

Mahomed Almo-stadir

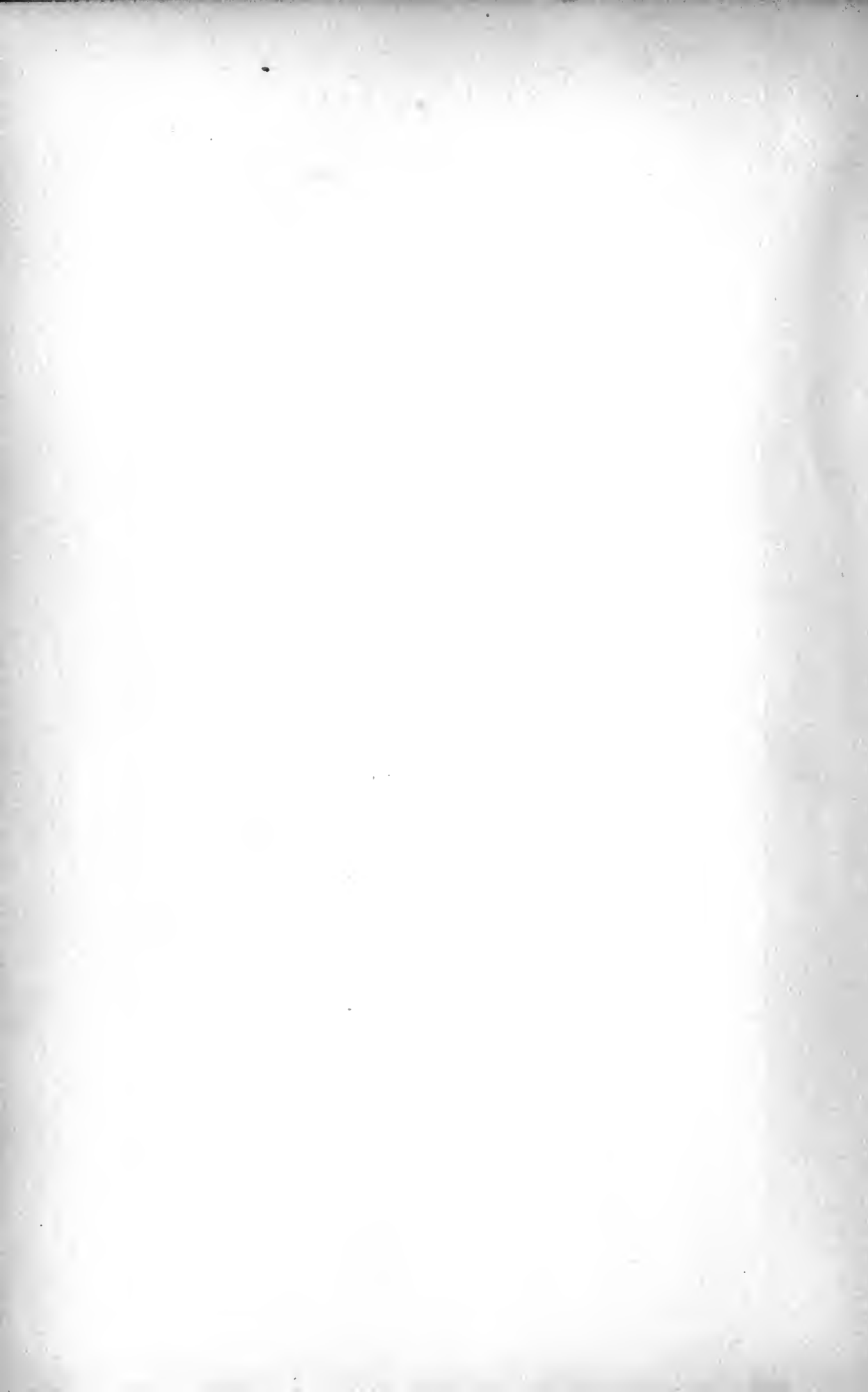
Robert Courthose 1087—1106

Dynasty of the Almoravides

Counts of Portugal

Kings of Sweden	Counts of Sicily	Counts of Apulia	POPES	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MIDDLE AGES	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
weyn II. Edmund 1 Stemme 2	Humphrey 1		4 Leo IX.		Rebellion and banishment of the Godwins.—Visit by the Duke of Normandy to King Edward. Restoration of the Godwins.	
3	2		5	Cardinal Damiano, historian, ob. 1073	Death of Earl Godwin.—Battle of Civitella, Pope Leo IX. taken prisoner by Robert Guiscard, June 18.	
4	3		6	Michael Cerularius, patriarch of Constantinople, 1058	The Patriarch of Constantinople excommunicated by Pope Leo IX., July 16.	
5	Robert Guiscard 1		7		Togru'l Beg delivers the Caliph of Bagdad.	
Stenkil 1	2		1 Victor II.			
2	3		2		The Emperor Henry the Black dies, Oct. 5.—The Empress Theodora dies, Aug. 22.	Theodosius, son to Constantine Monomachus
3	4		1 Stephen IX. Ben. X. Ant.	George Cedrenus, historian	Michael VI. abdicates the empire of the East in favour of Isaac Comnenus, June 8.	
4	5		1 Nicholas II.		Robert Guiscard drives the Saracens out of Italy.	
5	6		2	Berengarius of Angers, ob. æt. 90, 1088		
6	Duke of Apulia 7		3		The Normans conquer Calabria.	
7	8		1 Alexander II.			
8	9		2	Wulstan Bishop of Worcester, ob. 1095		
9	10		3	Michael Psellus, philosopher and historian, ob. 1078	Conquest of Wales by Harold, and death of Gryffyth.—Reign of Alp-Arslan, 1063—1072.	
10	11		4			
Halstan 1	12		5		Insurrection of the Northumbrians suppressed by Harold. He returns to London, Nov. 30.	
2	13		6	Ingulphus, Abbot of Croyland, ob. 1109	King Edward dies, Jan. 5.—Harold II. succeeds.—Battle of Hastings; King Harold killed, Oct. 14.	Aldred, Archbishop of Canterbury, ob. 1069
3	14		7	Adam, Canon of Bremen, 'hist. and geog. of the North.'	King William reconciles Edgar Atheling, and passes over to Normandy, Mar.; but returns, Dec. 6.	Earls Edwin and Morcar
4	15		8		Edwin and Morcar rebel, but submit.—Edgar Atheling retires to the court of Malco'm Canmore.	Gervais, Abp. of Rheims, ob. 1084
5	16		9		The Danes, invited by the Northumbrians, land at the Humber, and are joined by Edgar.	Waltheof, Earl of Northumberland, ob. 1076
6	17		10		Stigand, Abp. of Canterbury, is deposed, and succeeded by Lanfranc, an Italian.	
7	18		11		The Emperor Romanus defeated and deposed by Alp-Arslan, Aug.	
8	1 Roger I. 19		12		King William makes peace with Malcolm Canmore, who does homage and gives hostages.	
9	2 20		1 Gregory VII. Hil. debrand	Marianus Scotus, chronol. and hist. ob. 1086	Disputes commence between the Emperor Henry IV. and Pope Gregory VII. respecting investitures.	Don Roderigo Dios de Bivar, 'The Cid,' ob. 1069
10	3 21		2		Inroad of the Turks in Asia Minor under Soliman.	Cincius, governor of Rome
11	4 22		3		The Emperor Henry defeats the Saxons at Neustadt.—Rebellion of the Norman Barons.	
12	5 23		4	Benjezla of Bagdad, the prototype of Abulfe'da, ob. 1080.1	Earl Waltheof executed for misprision of treason.—Conquest of Jerusalem by the Turks.	
13	6 24		5		King William accidentally wounded at the siege of Gerberoi by his son, Prince Robert.	Osmond, Bishop of Sarum, ob. 1099
14	7 25		6		The erection of the Tower of London commenced.	Lanfranc, Archbishop of Canterbury, 1005—1089
15	8 26		7	Arzachel of Toledo, astron.	Hampshire depopulated to obtain space sufficient for the New Forest.	
16	9 27		8		Battle of Mersburg, Rodolph Duke of Suabia mortally wounded by Godfrey of Bouillon, Oct. 15.	Edgar Atheling, ob. cir. 1110
17	10 28		9	William of Spires, mathemat.	Battle of Durazzo, the Emperor Alexius Comnenus defeated by Robert Guiscard, Oct. 18.	
18	11 29		10		Odo Bishop of Bayeux being about to desert the kingdom for Rome, is arrested by the King in person.	
19	12 30		11		King William imposes a tax of six shillings upon every hide of land.—Doomsday Book began.	
20	13 31		12		Rome taken by the Emperor Henry IV., Mar. 21.—Final conquest of Asia Minor by the Turks.	
21	14 Roger 1 13		13		Alphonso VI. takes Toledo from the Saracens, May 25.—Death of Robert Guiscard, July 17.	
22	15 2		1 Victor III.	Suidas, lexicographer	Edgar leaves England for Apulia.—King William sails for Normandy.—Doomsday Book completed.	Robert de Mowbray, ob. cir. 1125
23	16 3		2		King William invades and ravages the French territory.—He dies, Sept. 9, æt. 63.	
24	17 4		1 Urban II.	Rascelinus of Compeigne, the Scholastic	Odo, restored to the Earldom of Kent, forms a conspiracy, which failing, he is banished.	
Ingo I. the Good 2	18 5		2		King William seizes the revenues of the vacant livings of the clergy.	Corbatag, Turkish general
3	19 6		3		Conquest of Sicily completed by Roger de Hauteville.—King William forms a design upon Normandy.	
4	20 7		4		Prince Henry offended by Robert, surprises Mount St. Michael.—His brothers besiege him there.	Ranulph Flambard
5	21 8		5	Peter the Hermit, the agitator of the Crusades	Carlisle rebuilt as a barrier against the Scots.	Hugh de Montlheri, minister to Philip I.
6	22 9		6		Northern Portugal, Lisbon, Santarem, and Cintra wrested from the Saracens by Alphonso VI.	
7	23 10		7	Sigebert of Brabant, historian	The Saracens call in Yussuf ben Taxfin from Africa, who obtains all Mahomedan Spain.	
8	24 11		8		Robert de Mowbray conspires against King William, but fails, and is confined thirty years.	Hugh Count de Vermandois, ob. 1102
9	25 12		9		The 1st Crusade, Mar.—Duke Robert mortgages Normandy to King William to enable him to embark in it.	Raymond Count de Thoulouse, ob. 1105
10	26 13		10		Siege of Nice, June 20.—Battle of Doryzeum, July.—Order of Knights of St. John instituted.	Boehmond Prince of Tarentum
11	27 14		11		King William reduces Maine, which had revolted.—Antioch besieged and taken, June 3.	
12	28 15		1 Pascal II. Godfrey 1 of Bouillon Baldwin 1		Siege of Jerusalem, June 7—July 15.—Godfrey de Bouillon elected King, July 23.—Battle of Ascalon, Aug. 12.	
13	29 16				King William killed by an arrow while hunting in the New Forest, Aug. 2, æt. 43.	

Anno Dom.	DOGES OF VENICE	Tuscan Dukes of Signori Ferrara	Marquises of Montferat	Burgundy Dukes of Bretagne	Flanders Counts Dukes Lorraine	Namur Counts of Luxembg.	Holland Counts of Hainault	Dukes of Suabia.	Dukes of Bavaria	Saxony Dukes of Lorraine
1051	9 Domenico Contarini I.	25 Boniface II.	57 William I.	20 Robert Conan II.	16 Baldwin V. Fredric V.	15 Albert III. Gilbert 33	3 Florence I. Rechla 22	5 Otho III.	5 Conrad I.	42 Bernard II. Gerard 45
1052	10	1 Frederic	58	21	17	16	4	6	1 Henry VI.	43
1053	11	2	59	22	18	17	5	7	2	44
1054	12	3	60	23	19	18	6	8	1 Conrad II.	45
1055	13	1 Beatrice and Godfrey the Bearded	61	24	20	19	7	9	2	46
1056	14	2	62	25	21	20	8	10	1 Agnes empress dowager	47
1057	15	3	63	26	22	21	9	1 Rodolph	2	48
1058	16	4	64	27	23	22	10	2	3	49
1059	17	5	65	28	24	23	11	3	4	50
1060	18	6	1 Boniface I.	29	25	24	12	4	5	51
1061	19	7	2	30	26	25	1 Thierry V.	5	1 Otho	52
1062	20	8	3	31	27	26	2	6	2	1 Otho III.
1063	21	9	4	32	28	27	3	7	3	2
1064	22	10	5	33	29	28	3	8	4	3
1065	23	11	6	34	30	29	5	9	5	4
1066	24	12	7	35	31	30	6	10	6	5
1067	25	13	8	36	32	31	7	11	7	6
1068	26	14	9	37	33	32	8	12	8	7
1069	27	15	10	38	34	33	9	13	9	8
1070	28	16	11	39	35	34	10	14	10	9
1071	1 Domenico Silvio	17	12	40	36	35	11	15	1 Guelph I.	10
1072	2	18	13	41	37	36	12	16	2	11
1073	3	19	14	42	38	37	13	17	3	1 Magnus
1074	4	20	15	43	39	38	14	18	4	2
1075	5	21	16	1 Hugh I.	40	39	15	19	5	3
1076	6	1 Matilda the Great, Countess	17	2	41	40	16	20	6	4
1077	7	2	18	3	42	41	17	21	7	5
1078	8	3	19	1 Endes I.	43	42	18	22	8	6
1079	9	4	20	2	44	43	19	23	9	7
1080	10	5	21	3	45	44	20	24	1 Frederic I. de Buren	8
1081	11	6	22	4	46	45	21	25	2	9
1082	12	7	23	5	47	46	22	26	3	10
1083	13	8	24	6	48	47	23	27	4	11
1084	1 Vitale Faliero	9	25	7 Alain Fergent the Red	49	48	24	28	5	12
1085	2	10	26	8	50	49	25	29	6	13
1086	3	11	27	9	51	50	26	30	7	14
1087	4	12	28	10	52	51	27	31	8	15
1088	5	13	29	11	53	52	28	32	9	16
1089	6	14	30	12	54	53	29	33	10	17
1090	7	15	31	13	55	54	30	34	11	18
1091	8	16	32	14	56	55	31	35	12	19
1092	9	17	33	15	57	56	32	36	13	20
1093	10	18	34	16	58	57	33	37	14	21
1094	11	19	35	17	59	58	34	38	15	22
1095	12	20	36	18	60	59	35	39	16	23
1096	1 Vitale Micheli I.	21	37	19	61	60	36	40	17	24
1097	2	22	38	20	62	61	37	41	18	25
1098	3	23	39	21	63	62	38	42	19	26
1099	4	24	40	22	64	63	39	43	20	27
1100	5	25	41	23	65	64	40	44	21	28



Jul. Period.	Anno Domini.	Emperors of The East	Emperors of Germany	Hungary Kings — K. and D.	Bohemia Kings — Duke	Poland. Kings, Dukes	Kings of France	Counts of Maurienne	KINGS IN SPAIN			Counts of Portugal	England Kings —
									Castile	— Arragon	Almorav.		
5814	1101	21 Alexis I. Comnenus	46 Henry IV.	7 Coloman I. Borzi-voi II.	2 1 Boleslas III. 2 Wry-mouth	21 Ladislav II.	42 Philip I.	30 Humbert II.	8 Pedro I.	30 Alfonso VI. Pedro I.	8 Yussef ben Taxfin	8 Henry of Burgundy	2 Henry of
5815	1102	22 —	47 —	8 —	3 —	1 Boleslas III.	43 —	31 —	9 —	31 —	9 —	9 —	3 —
5816	1103	23 —	48 —	9 —	4 —	2 Wry-mouth	44 —	32 —	10 —	32 —	10 —	10 —	4 —
5817	1104	24 —	49 —	10 —	5 —	3 —	45 —	33 —	1 Alfonso I. King of Arragon	33 Alfonso I. the Warrior	11 —	11 —	5 —
5818	1105	25 —	50 —	11 —	6 —	4 —	46 —	34 —	2 —	34 —	12 —	12 —	6 —
5819	1106	26 —	1 Henry V.	12 —	7 —	5 —	47 —	35 —	3 —	35 —	3 —	13 —	7 —
5820	1107	27 —	2 —	13 Suatopluc Duke	1 2	6 —	48 —	36 —	4 —	36 —	4 —	1 Ali ben Yussef	8 Ale
5821	1108	28 —	3 —	14 —	2 —	7 —	1 Louis VI.	1 Amadeus II.	5 —	37 —	5 —	2 —	9 —
5822	1109	29 —	4 —	15 Ladislav II. Duke	1 2	8 —	2 le Gros	2 Count of Savoy	6 —	1 Urraca and 2 Alfonso VII.	6 —	3 —	10 —
5823	1110	30 —	5 —	16 —	2 —	9 —	3 —	3 —	7 —	2 —	7 —	4 —	11 —
5824	1111	31 —	6 —	17 —	3 —	10 —	4 —	4 —	8 —	3 —	8 —	5 —	12 —
5825	1112	32 —	7 —	18 —	4 —	11 —	5 —	5 —	9 —	4 —	9 —	6 —	1 Alfonso I. and 2 Theresa
5826	1113	33 —	8 —	19 —	5 —	12 —	6 —	6 —	10 —	5 —	10 —	7 —	14 —
5827	1114	34 —	9 —	1 Stephen II. the Thunderbolt	6 7	13 —	7 —	7 —	11 —	6 —	11 —	8 —	3 —
5828	1115	35 —	10 —	2 —	7 8	14 —	8 —	8 —	12 —	7 —	12 —	9 —	4 —
5829	1116	36 —	11 —	3 —	8 9	15 —	9 —	9 —	13 —	8 —	13 —	10 —	5 —
5830	1117	37 —	12 —	4 —	9 10	16 —	10 —	10 —	14 —	9 —	14 —	11 —	6 —
5831	1118	1 John-Comnenus Kalos	13 —	5 —	10 11	17 —	11 —	11 —	15 —	10 —	15 —	12 —	7 —
5832	1119	2 —	14 —	6 —	11 12	18 —	12 —	12 —	16 —	11 —	16 —	13 —	8 —
5833	1120	3 —	15 —	7 —	12 13	19 —	13 —	13 —	17 —	12 —	17 —	14 —	9 —
5834	1121	4 —	16 —	8 —	13 14	20 —	14 —	14 —	18 —	13 —	18 —	15 —	10 —
5835	1122	5 —	17 —	9 —	14 15	21 —	15 —	15 —	19 —	14 —	19 —	16 —	11 —
5836	1123	6 —	18 —	10 —	15 16	22 —	16 —	16 —	20 —	15 —	20 —	17 —	12 —
5837	1124	7 —	19 —	11 —	16 17	23 —	17 —	17 —	21 —	16 —	21 —	18 —	13 —
5838	1125	8 —	1 Lothaire II. the Saxon	12 Sobieslas I. Duke	1 2	24 —	18 —	18 —	22 —	17 —	22 —	19 —	14 —
5839	1126	9 —	2 —	13 —	2 3	25 —	19 —	19 —	23 —	1 Alfonso VIII. Raymond	23 24	20 —	15 —
5840	1127	10 —	3 —	14 —	3 4	26 —	20 —	20 —	24 —	2 Raymond	24 25	21 —	16 —
5841	1128	11 —	4 —	15 —	4 5	27 —	21 —	21 —	25 —	3 —	25 26	22 —	17 Alfonso alone
5842	1129	12 —	5 —	16 —	5 6	28 —	22 —	22 —	26 —	4 —	26 27	23 —	18 —
5843	1130	13 —	6 —	17 —	6 7	29 —	23 —	23 —	27 —	5 —	27 28	24 —	19 —
5844	1131	14 —	7 —	1 Bela II.	7 8	30 —	24 —	24 —	28 —	6 —	28 29	25 —	20 —
5845	1132	15 —	8 —	2 —	8 9	31 —	25 —	25 —	29 —	7 —	29 30	26 —	21 —
5846	1133	16 —	9 —	3 —	9 10	32 —	26 —	26 —	30 —	8 —	30 31	27 —	22 —
5847	1134	17 —	10 —	4 —	10 11	33 —	27 —	27 —	1 Garcia-Ramirez	9 Ramiro II. the Monk	1 2	28 —	23 —
5848	1135	18 —	11 —	5 —	11 12	34 —	28 —	28 —	2 —	10 —	2 3	29 —	24 —
5849	1136	19 —	12 —	6 —	12 13	35 —	29 —	29 —	3 —	11 —	3 4	30 —	25 —
5850	1137	20 —	13 —	7 —	13 14	36 —	1 Louis VII. le Jeune	30 —	4 —	12 Petronilla and Raymond Count of Barcelona	1 2 3	31 —	26 —
5851	1138	21 —	Interreg. Conrad III.	8 —	14 15	1 Ladislav III. King	2 —	31 —	5 —	13 —	2 3	32 —	27 —
6852	1139	22 —	2 —	9 —	15 16	2 —	3 —	32 —	6 —	14 —	3 4	33 —	28 takes the regal title
5853	1140	23 —	3 —	10 Ladislav III. 2d K.	1 2	3 —	4 —	33 —	7 —	15 —	4 5	34 —	29 —
5854	1141	24 —	4 —	1 Geisa II.	2 3	4 —	5 —	34 —	8 —	16 —	5 6	35 —	30 —
5855	1142	25 —	5 —	2 —	3 4	5 —	6 —	35 —	9 —	17 —	6 7	36 —	31 —
5856	1143	1 Manuel I. Comnenus	6 —	3 —	4 5	6 —	7 —	36 —	10 —	18 —	7 8	1 Taxfin ben Ali Ibrahim — Anarchy of the Almohades	32 —
5857	1144	2 —	7 —	4 —	5 6	7 —	8 —	37 —	11 —	19 —	8 9	2 —	33 —
5858	1145	3 —	8 —	5 —	6 7	8 —	9 —	38 —	12 —	20 —	9 10	1 —	34 —
5859	1146	4 —	9 —	6 —	7 8	1 Boleslas IV. 2 le Frisé	10 —	39 —	13 —	21 —	10 11	—	35 —
5860	1147	5 —	10 —	7 —	8 9	3 —	11 —	40 —	14 —	22 —	11 12	—	36 —
5861	1148	6 —	11 —	8 —	9 10	4 —	12 —	1 Humbert III. the Saint	15 —	23 —	12 13	—	37 —
5862	1149	7 —	12 —	9 —	10 11	5 —	13 —	2 —	16 —	24 —	13 14	—	38 —
5863	1150	8 —	13 —	10 —	11 12	6 —	14 —	3 —	1 Sancho VI.	25 —	14 15	—	39 —

Kings of Sweden	Kings of Sicily	Kings of Jerusalem	POPES	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MIDDLE AGES	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
Eric III. Ingo I. 12 the Good Interreg. 14	1 Roger II. Baldwin I. 2 win 1. 3	3 Pascal II. 4 Duke of Apulia 18	3 Pascal II. 4 Roger 17 of Apulia 18		Ralph Flambard, Bishop of Durham, escapes to Normandy. 1st Crusade by land. Revolt and banishment of Robert de Belesme, Earl of Shrewsbury. Duke Robert visits King Henry, but is obliged to purchase his liberty to return. Baldwin, King of Jerusalem, defeats the Saracens and takes Ptolemais. Robert, in revenge for his brother's hostility, accepts the services of Flambard and Belesme. Battle of Tenebray, Sept. 28; Duke Robert sent prisoner to Cardiff Castle for life. King Henry, now become master of all Normandy, returns to England. Battle of the Seven Counts.—Alphonso VI. defeated by the Saracens, under Ali, at Ucles, May 27. The Princess Matilda affianced to the Emperor Henry V. by proxy. Robert, King Henry's natural son, created Earl of Gloucester.	Archbishop Anselm, 1034—1109
Nicholas 16	5	6	7	21	King Henry settles a colony of Flemings in Wales.	Anseau de Garlande, minister to Louis le Gros, ob. 1118
17	6	7	8	22	King Henry captures and executes Helie, Earl of Mans, the protector of William of Flanders. Fulke, Earl of Anjou, seizes the earldom of Mans, in right of his wife and against King Henry. Robert de Belesme falls into King Henry's hands, and is imprisoned in Wareham Castle for life. Peace is accepted by the Earl of Anjou, and the interests of the Norman prince are abandoned. King Henry instigates the Earl of Blois against King Louis, and sends him a powerful force. Louis, with the aid of the Earl of Flanders, invests William in possession of Normandy. War renewed in Normandy.—Queen Matilda dies, May 1. Order of Knights Templars begins. Battle of Brenville, Henry defeats Louis, who receives homage for Normandy from Prince William. Prince William wrecked off Bardeur on his return to England with the flower of the younger nobility.	Roger Bishop of Salisbury, minister to Henry I., ob. 1140 William de Garlande, minister to Louis, ob. 1120
18	7	8	9	23		
19	8	9	10	24		
20	9	10	11	25		
21	10	11	12	26		
22	11	12	13	William I II.		
Philip 1	12	13	14	2	Peter Abelard, 1079—1142	
2	13	14	15	3	Ernulph, Bp. of Rochester, 'Textus Roffensis,' ob. 1124	
3	14	15	16	4	Pss. Anna Comnena, Greek historian	
4	15	16	17	5		
5	16	17	18	6		
6	17	18	19	7		
Ingo II. 1	18	Baldwin II. 1	1	Gelasius II. 8		
2	19	II. 2	2	Calixtus II. 9		
3	20	3	2	10		
4	21	4	3	1		
5	22	5	4	12		
6	23	6	5	13		
7	24	7	1	Honorius II. 14	Eadmer, Abbot of St. Albans, 'Historia Novorum,' ob. 1124	
8	25	8	2	15	Hildebert, Abp. of Tours, ob. 1134	
9	26	9	3	16		
10	27	Duke of Apulia 11	4			
11	28	11	5			
Swerker I. 1	29	12	6		Athelard of Bath, mathematic.	
2	30	King of Sicily	1	Innocent II.		
3	31	Fulke 1	2			
4	32	2	3			
5	33	3	4		St. Bernard, Abbot of Clairvaux, 1091—1153	
6	34	4	5			
Eric IV. Harefoot 7	35	5	6			
8	36	6	7		Averroes of Cordova, commentator on Aristotle, ob. cir. 1206	
Eric V. 9	37	7	8			
10	38	8	9			
11	39	9	10		Alured of Beverley, 'Eng. hist. to 1129,' born 1109 William of Malmesbury, 'De Regibus Anglorum,' ob. 1143	
12	40	10	11			
13	41	11	12		Peter Lombard, Bp. of Paris, 'Master of the Sentences,' 'Sententiarum, lib. IV.' ob. 1164	
14	42	12	13		Ordericus Vitalis, 'Historia Ecclesia,' ob. 1143	
15	43	13	1	Celestine II. 1	Otho Freisingensis, hist. 'Chronicle to 1146,' ob. 1158	
16	44	Baldwin III. 1	1	Lucius II. 2		
17	45	2	1	Eugenius III. 1		
18	46	3	2		Arnold of Brescia, early reformer and martyr, ob. 1155	
19	47	4	3			
III. Sweyn Canute V. 20	48	5	4		Humenus of Egypt, astron.	
21	49	6	5			
Eric X. 1	50	7	6		Wernerus, civilian in Germany, ob. 1190	
					Second marriage of King Henry, with the Princess Adelaide of Lovain, Feb. 2. Malta taken by Roger King of Sicily.—Investiture by ring and crossier abandoned by the Emperor. Waleran de Mellent aims to restore William of Flanders. 1Xth General Council of the Lateran, Mar. 18—Ap. 5. Waleran de Mellent and Amauri de Montfort are taken prisoners in a skirmish, Mar. 25. The Emperor Henry V., husband of Matilda, daughter of King Henry, dies, May 23. The Empress Matilda returns to England with King Henry, Sept. 11. The Empress Matilda marries Geoffrey Plantagenet, æt. 15, son of Fulke, Earl of Anjou, Aug. 26. William, now Earl of Flanders, is killed at the siege of Alost, July 27. Louis le Gros is induced by the death of the Earl of Flanders to return to peace. King Henry passes over to Normandy, and has an interview with Pope Innocent at Chartres. The Barons swear fealty to the Empress Matilda.—Amalfi surrenders to the Normans. London reduced by fire nearly to ashes. Prince Henry born.—The oath of succession renewed, and the Prince included in it. Robert Duke of Normandy dies in Cardiff Castle, after a captivity of 28 years. King Henry I. dies, Dec. 2, æt. 67.—Robert Earl of Gloucester swears fealty to King Stephen. King Stephen produces the Pope's letter of succession to the Barons.—The Empress Matilda invades Normandy. David King of Scots marches to Durham, but peace ensues.—The Welsh rebel with impunity. Battle of the Standard, Aug. 22.—Robert Earl of Gloucester takes to arms for his sister Matilda. Defeat of the Saracens, at Campo Oriquez, by Count Alphonso.—Xth General Council of the Lateran, Ap. 20. Battle of Wimsberg.—War acried of the Guelphs and Ghibelines, Dec. 21. Battle of Lincoln; captivity of the King, Feb. 2, who is exchanged for the Earl of Gloucester, Nov. 1. Matilda besieged in Oxford by Stephen, Sept. 26; escapes by night to Wallingford, Dec. 20. Stephen retires to Wilton; but his quarters being beaten up by Gloucester, he escapes by night. The Empress Matilda's prospects decline, and King Stephen's party visibly increases. The contending parties occupied only by predatory warfare. Robert Earl of Gloucester dies, Oct. 31.—Normandy subdued by the Earl of Anjou. The IIId Crusade under Conrad III. and Louis VII. The Empress Matilda retires to Normandy. The Christians, under Baldwin IV., besiege Damascus, but are obliged to raise it. Prince Henry receives knighthood from his uncle, the King of Scots, at Carlisle. Prince Henry, at the instance of Matilda, is invested with the dukedom of Normandy.	

DOGES OF VENICE	Tuscany Dukes of Signori	Ferrara Marquises of Montferrat	Burgundy Dukes of Brétagne	Flanders Counts of Lorraine	Namur Counts of Luxembg.	Holland Counts of Hainaut	Suabia Dukes of Franconia	Bavaria Dukes Electors	Saxony Dukes of Lorraine
6 Vitale Micheli I.	26 Matilda Frederic 35	2 William II.	24 Eudes I. Alain 18	9 Robert II. Henry 1	65 Albert III. William 6	11 Floren. II. Bald. 3	22 Frederic I.	1 Guelph II.	29 Magnus Thier-32 by II. 33
1 Ordelafio Faliero	27 — 36	3 —	1 Hugh II. 19	10 — 2	66 — 7	12 — 4	23 —	2 —	30 — 33
2 —	28 — 37	4 —	2 Pacific 20	11 — 3	67 — 8	13 — 5	24 —	3 —	31 — 34
3 —	29 — 38	5 —	3 — 21	12 — 4	68 — 9	14 — 6	25 —	4 —	32 — 35
4 —	30 — 39	6 —	4 — 22	13 — 5	1 Godfrey 10	15 — 7	26 —	5 —	33 — 36
5 —	31 — 40	7 —	5 — 23	14 Godfrey 14	2 — 11	16 — 8	1 Frederic II. de Borgne	6 —	1 Lothaire 37
6 —	32 — 41	8 —	6 — 24	15 Godfrey 15	3 — 12	17 — 9	2 — creation	7 —	2 — 38
7 —	33 — 42	9 —	7 — 25	16 — 3	4 — 13	18 — 10	4 —	8 —	3 — 39
8 —	34 — 43	10 —	8 — 26	17 — 4	5 — 14	19 — 11	5 —	9 —	4 — 40
9 —	35 — 44	11 —	9 — 27	18 — 5	6 — 15	20 — 12	6 —	10 —	5 — 41
10 —	36 — 45	12 —	10 — 28	1 Baldwin VII. ala 6	7 — 16	21 — 13	7 —	11 —	6 — 42
11 —	37 — 46	13 —	11 Conan III. the Fat 1	2 Hache 7	8 — 17	22 — 14	8 —	12 —	7 — 43
12 —	38 — 47	14 —	12 — 2	3 — 8	9 — 18	23 — 15	9 —	13 —	8 — 44
13 —	39 — 48	15 —	13 — 3	4 — 9	10 — 19	24 — 16	10 —	14 —	9 — 45
14 —	— 49	16 —	14 — 4	5 — 10	11 — 20	25 — 17	11 —	15 —	10 Sigis. 1 mund 2
15 —	— 50	17 —	15 — 5	6 — 11	12 — 21	26 — 18	12 Conrad V.	16 —	11 — 3
1 Domenico Micheli	—	18 —	16 — 6	7 — 12	13 — 22	27 — 19	13 — 2	17 —	12 — 4
2 —	Guy-Sa. 1	19 —	17 — 7	8 — 13	14 — 23	28 — 20	14 — 3	18 —	13 — 5
3 —	linguerra 1	20 —	18 — 8	1 Charles 14	15 — 24	29 — 21	15 — 4	19 —	14 — 6
4 —	Ratbod 2	21 —	19 — 9	2 Good 15	16 — 25	30 Baldwin IV. the Builder 2	16 — 5	1 Henry VII. the Black	15 — 7
5 —	1 Conrad 2	22 —	20 — 10	3 — 16	17 — 26	31 — 3	17 — 6	2 —	16 — 8
6 —	2 President 3 and	23 —	21 — 11	4 — 17	18 — 27	1 Thierry VI.	18 — 7	3 —	17 — 9
7 —	3 Marquis 4	24 —	22 — 12	5 — 18	19 — 28	2 — 4	19 — 8	4 —	18 — 10
8 —	4 — 5	25 —	23 — 13	6 — 19	20 — 29	3 — 5	20 — 9	5 —	19 — 11
9 —	5 — 6	26 —	24 — 14	7 — 20	21 — 30	4 — 6	21 — 10	6 —	20 Lothaire 11 elected 21 emperor 12
10 —	6 — 7	27 —	25 — 15	8 — 21	22 — 31	5 — 7	22 — 11	1 Henry VIII. the Proud	22 — 13
11 —	7 — 8	28 —	26 — 16	1 William Cliton 22	23 — 32	6 — 8	23 — 12	2 —	23 — 14
12 —	8 — 9	29 —	27 — 17	1 Thierry Waleran 1 and 2	24 Conrad II.	7 — 9	24 — 13	3 —	24 — 15
13 —	9 — 10	30 —	28 — 18	2 and 2	25 — 2	8 — 10	25 — 14	4 —	25 — 16
1 Pietro Polani	10 — 11	31 —	29 — 19	3 Godfrey VII. 3	26 — 3	9 — 11	26 — 15	5 —	26 — 17
2 —	12 — 13	32 —	30 — 20	4 — 4	27 — 4	10 — 12	27 — 16	6 —	27 — 18
3 —	1 Rampret 14 President and 15	33 —	31 — 21	5 — 5	28 — 5	11 — 13	28 — 17	7 —	28 — 19
4 —	Marquis 16	34 —	32 — 22	6 — 6	29 — 6	12 — 14	29 — 18	8 —	29 — 20
5 —	of 17	35 —	33 — 23	7 — 7	30 — 7	13 — 15	30 — 19	9 Albert I. the Boar First Elector 3	1 Henry the Proud 23
6 —	2 Bavaria, Count 18	36 —	34 — 24	8 — 8	31 — 8	14 — 16	31 — 20	10 —	30 — 21
7 —	3 — 19	37 —	35 — 25	9 — 9	32 — 9	15 — 17	32 — 21	11 —	31 — 22
8 —	4 — 20	38 —	36 — 26	10 — 10	33 — 10	16 — 18	33 — 22	12 — 4	32 — 23
9 —	5 — 21	39 —	37 — 27	11 — 11	34 — 11	17 — 19	34 Conrad elected emperor	1 Leopold of (Lion) 5	3 Bavaria 24 of 1 Henry the Math-1 ew I. 2
10 —	1 Ulderick Marquis 22	40 —	38 — 28	12 — 12	1 Henry II.	18 — 20	35 — 23	2 —	4 — 8
11 —	2 — 23	1 William III.	39 — 29	13 Godfrey VIII. 1	2 — 5	19 — 21	36 —	3 — 7	5 — 9
12 —	3 — 24	2 the Old	40 — 30	14 le Jeune 2	3 — 6	20 — 22	37 —	4 — 8	6 — 10
13 —	4 — 25	3 —	1 Eudes II. 31	15 — 3	4 — 7	21 — 23	38 —	1 Henry IX. of 2 Austria 10	7 — 11
14 —	5 — 26	4 —	2 — 32	16 Godfrey IX. the Valiant 2	5 — 8	22 — 24	39 —	3 — 11	8 — 12
15 —	6 — 27	5 —	3 — 33	17 — 3	6 — 9	23 — 25	40 —	4 — 12	9 — 13
16 —	7 — 28	6 —	4 — 34	18 — 4	7 — 10	24 — 26	41 —	5 — 13	10 — 14
17 —	8 — 29	7 —	5 — 35	19 — 5	8 — 11	25 — 27	42 —	6 — 14	11 — 15
18 —	9 — 30	8 —	6 — 36	20 — 6	9 — 12	26 — 28	1 Frederic III. Bar-barossa 2	7 — 15	12 — 16
1 Domenico Morosini	10 — 31	9 —	7 Eudes, 1 Hoel VI. and 2 Geof. frey 3	21 — 7	10 — 13	27 — 29	3 —	8 — 16	13 — 17
2 —	11 — 32	10 —	8 —	22 — 8	11 — 14	28 — 30	4 —	9 — 17	14 — 18
3 —	12 Taurello 1	11 —	9 —	23 — 8	12 — 15	29 — 31	5 —	10 — 18	15 — 19

Jul. Period.	Anno Domn.	Emperors of The East	Emperors of Germany	Hungary Kings — K. and D.	Bohemia	Poland. Kings, Dukes	Kings of France	Counts of Savoy	KINGS IN SPAIN			Kings of Portugal	England
									Castile—Arragon	Navarre	Almohad.		
5864	1151	9 Manuel I. Comnenus	14 Conrad III.	11 Geisa II. Ladislas IV.	12	6 Boleslas IV.	15 Louis VIII.	4 Humbert III.	2 Sancho VI. the Wise	26 Alfonso VIII. Petro. III. nilla 16	3 Abdelmumen	40 Alfonso I.	17 St.
5865	1152	10	1 Frederic I. Barbarossa	12	13	7	16	5	3	27	4	41	18
5866	1153	11	2	13	14	8	17	6	4	28	5	42	19 M
5867	1154	12	3	14	15	9	18	7	5	29	6	43	1 H
5868	1155	13	4	15	16	10	19	8	6	30	7	44	2
5869	1156	14	5	16	17	11	20	9	7	31	8	45	3
5870	1157	15	6	17	18	12	21	10	8	32	9	46	4
5871	1158	16	7	18	19	13	22	11	9	33	10	47	5
5872	1159	17	8	19	20	14	23	12	10	34	11	48	6
5873	1160	18	9	20	21	15	24	13	11	35	12	49	7
5874	1161	19	10	1	22	16	25	14	12	36	13	50	8
5875	1162	20	11	2	23	17	26	15	13	37	14	51	9
5876	1163	21	12	3	24	18	27	16	14	38	15	52	10
5877	1164	22	13	4	25	19	28	17	15	39	16	53	11
5878	1165	23	14	5	26	20	29	18	16	40	17	54	12 V
5879	1166	24	15	6	27	21	30	19	17	41	18	55	13
5880	1167	25	16	7	28	22	31	20	18	42	19	56	14
5881	1168	26	17	8	29	23	32	21	19	43	20	57	15
5882	1169	27	18	9	30	24	33	22	20	44	21	58	16
5883	1170	28	19	10	31	25	34	23	21	45	22	59	17
5884	1171	29	20	11	32	26	35	24	22	46	23	60	18
5885	1172	30	21	12	33	27	36	25	23	47	24	61	19
5886	1173	31	22	13	34	1	37	26	24	48	25	62	20
5887	1174	32	23	1	35	2	38	27	25	49	26	63	21
5888	1175	33	24	2	36	3	39	28	26	50	27	64	22
5889	1176	34	25	3	37	4	40	29	27	51	28	65	23
5890	1177	35	26	4	38	1	41	30	28	52	29	66	24
5891	1178	36	27	5	39	2	42	31	29	53	30	67	25
5892	1179	37	28	6	40	3	43	32	30	54	31	68	26
5893	1180	1 Alexius II. Comnenus	29	7	41	4	44	33	31	55	32	69	27
5894	1181	2	30	8	42	5	45	34	32	56	33	70	28
5895	1182	3	31	9	43	6	46	35	33	57	34	71	29
5896	1183	1 Andronicus I. Comnenus	32	10	44	7	47	36	34	58	35	72	30
5897	1184	2 Comnenus	33	11	45	8	48	37	35	59	36	73	31
5898	1185	1 Isaac II. Angelus	34	12	46	9	49	38	36	60	37	74	32
5899	1186	2	35	13	47	10	50	39	37	61	38	75	33
5900	1187	3	36	14	48	11	51	40	38	62	39	76	34
5901	1188	4	37	15	49	12	52	41	39	63	40	77	35
5902	1189	5	38	16	50	13	53	42	40	64	41	78	36
5903	1190	6	1 Henry Asper	17	51	14	54	43	41	65	42	79	37
5904	1191	7	2	18	52	15	55	44	42	66	43	80	38
5905	1192	8	3	19	53	16	56	45	43	67	44	81	39
5906	1193	9	4	20	54	17	57	46	44	68	45	82	40
5907	1194	10	5	21	55	1	58	47	45	69	46	83	41
5908	1195	1 Alexius III. Angelus the Tyrant	6	22	56	2	59	48	46	70	47	84	42
5909	1196	2	7	1	57	3	60	49	47	71	48	85	43
5910	1197	3	8	2	58	4	61	50	48	72	49	86	44
5911	1198	4	1 Philip of Suabia	3	59	5	62	51	49	73	50	87	45
5912	1199	5	2	4	60	6	63	52	50	74	51	88	46
5913	1200	6	3	5	61	7	64	53	51	75	52	89	47

Swedish Kings of Jerusalem	POPE'S	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MIDDLE AGES	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
51 Roger II. Bald. 8	6 Eugenius III.	Gratian of Clusium, 'Decretal'	Henry Duke of Normandy marries Eleanor, the divorced Queen of Louis VII.	Robert Count de Dreux, ob. 1183
52 win 9	7 ———	Geoffrey of Monmouth	Henry is induced by the Earl of Chester to land in England to assert his mother's claim to the crown.	Earl Eustace, son of K. Stephen, ob. 1153
53 III. 10	1 Anastatius IV.	Messuè of Cordova, physician	Eustace dies.—Treaty of Winchester, Aug. 18.—Henry named heir to the crown, which Stephen holds for life.	
1 William I. the Wicked 12	1 Adrian IV.	Buono, architect of St. Mark's Tower at Venice	King Stephen dies, Oct. 25, æt. 49.—The Emperor Frederic Barbarossa enters Italy to subdue it, Oct.	
2 Wicked 12	2 ———	Al Edrisius, Arabian geographer	The Emperor Manuel reduces Apulia and Calabria.—Thomas à Becket made Lord Chancellor.	
3 ——— 13	3 ———	Henry of Huntingdon, 'History of England'	Thirty years' peace between the Greeks and the Normans in Sicily.	
4 ——— 14	4 ———		Birth of Richard Cœur de Lion at Oxford.	Robert Earl of Leicester
5 ——— 15	5 ———		Treaty of Milan with the Emperor Frederic, Sept. 17.—Prince Geoffrey contracted to Constance of Bretagne.	
6 ——— 16	1 Alexander III.	John Tzetzes of Constantinople, critic and grammarian, ob. post. 1176	Double election to the Pontificate.—Milan placed under the ban of the Empire, Mar. 25.	
7 ——— 17	2 ———		King Henry enforces the marriage of Prince Henry to Margaret of France, which leads to hostilities.	
8 ——— 18	3 ———	Eustathius, commentator on Homer, ob. circa 1194	Alexander III. mediates between Henry and Louis, who each take the bride to conduct his holiness to his home.	
9 Amaurus I.	4 ———	John of Salisbury, Bishop of Chartres, 'Polycricon,' ob. 1182	Thomas à Becket consecrated to the see of Canterbury, May 31.—He resigns the great seal.	Thomas à Becket, 1119—1170
10 ——— 2	5 ———	Simeon of Durham, 'History of England, 616—1130,' ob.—Maimonides of Cordova, 'Falmud abridged,' 1133—1205	The King is resolved to enforce 'the Constitutions of Clarendon' on the clergy.	
11 ——— 3	6 ———		Council of Clarendon, Jan. 25.—Becket signs, but refuses to seal.—He repeats his assent to the King's demands.	
12 ——— 4	7 ———		Becket finally rejects 'the Constitutions of Clarendon,' and becomes an exile at Pontigny.	Saladin, Sultan of Egypt, 1137—1193
13 ——— 5	8 ———		Becket, now at Sens, excommunicates the partisans of the Constitutions of Clarendon.	
14 ——— 6	9 ———		Dermot King of Leinster solicits aid from and does homage to King Henry in Aquitaine.	
15 ——— 7	10 ———	Benjamin of Tudela, Asiatic traveller, 'Itinerary,' ob. 1173	Frederic Barbarossa retreats precipitately over Mount Cenis.—Peace between Dermot and Roderic in Ireland.	Prince Henry, ob. æt. 20, 1183
16 ——— 8	11 ———		Earl Strongbow and his companions land in Ireland.—Conquest of Egypt by the Turks.	Roderic King of Connaught
17 ——— 9	12 ———		Becket and Henry reconciled; the King holds the stirrup of the prelate, July 22.—Assassination of Becket, Dec. 29.	
18 ——— 10	13 ———		King Henry lands at Waterford, and winters in Dublin. Reign of Saladin, 1171—1193.	Richard Strongbow, Earl of Pembroke, ob. 1176
19 ——— 11	14 ———	Peter Comestor of Troyes, ob. 1198	The coronation of Prince Henry is repeated to include his consort, and to appease King Louis, Aug. 27.	Thibault, Count de Blois, min. to Louis VII., ob. 1191
20 ——— 12	15 ———	William Fitzstephen, 'Description of London,' ob. 1191	King Henry is deserted by Queen Eleanor and his three sons, who are defeated by the King.	Humphrey Bohun, High Constable of England
21 ——— 13	16 ———		Open rebellion of the Princes.—The King does penance at Becket's tomb.—The King's sons surrender.	
22 ——— 14	17 ———		The circuits and itinerant judges or 'barons errant' instituted.—Siege of Alexandria raised.	
23 ——— 15	18 ———		Frederic Barbarossa totally defeated at Lignano, May 29. 'The Constitutions' are now in favour of the Clergy.	
24 ——— 16	19 ———		Saladin defeated before Jerusalem.—Six years' truce between Frederic and the Guelphic cities.	
25 ——— 17	20 ———	Absolom, Abp. of Lund, the friend of Saxo Grammaticus, 1128—1191	King Henry, on his return from Normandy, repeats his devotions at the tomb of Becket.	Ranulph de Glanville, lawyer and warrior, ob. 1190
26 ——— 18	21 ———		Xth General Council, of the Lateran, Mar. 5—19.—The right of election by the Cardinals established.	
27 ——— 19	22 ———		Ranulph de Glanville, Chief Justice of England, digests the civil law about this time.	
28 ——— 20	23 ———		King Henry is much embarrassed at the wild ambition and separate views of his sons.	
29 ——— 21	24 ———		Prince Henry demands Normandy.—The King aims at security by inciting dissensions between the Princes.	
30 ——— 22	25 ———		Prince Henry dies, June 11.—Peace of Constance, June 25. Massacre of the Latins at Constantinople.	
31 ——— 23	26 ———		Diet of Mentz; definition of the Electoral function of the Duke of Saxony, Count Palatine of the Rhine, King of Bohemia, and the Margrave of Brandenburg as arch-marshal, arch-steward, arch-cupbearer, and arch-chamberlain of the Empire.	Baldwin Abp. of Canterbury, ob. 1193
32 ——— 24	27 ———	Sueno Agonis, historian of Denmark	P. Geoffrey dies, Aug. 19.—The states swear to Arthur.	
33 ——— 25	28 ———		Jerusalem taken by Saladin, Oct. 2.—Guy de Lusignan falls into the hands of the Infidels.	
34 ——— 26	29 ———	Giraldus Cambrensis, 'Itinerarium Cambriae,' ob. cir. 1220	The 111rd Crusade by sea under Frederic Barbarossa.	
35 ——— 27	30 ———	Benedict, Abbot of Peterborough, Hist. of England, 1170—1192, ob. 1193	Prince Richard joins King Philip, Nov. 18.	
36 ——— 28	31 ———	Hugh Falcandus, Sicilian hist.	King Henry consents to peace, and dies at Chignon, July 6, æt. 57.—Siege of Acre, 1189—1191.—111rd Crusade.	Longchamp, Bp. of Ely, ob. 1197
37 ——— 29	32 ———		King Richard and King Philip meet at Vezelay, July 1, and part at Lyons, July 31, on their way to Palestine.	
38 ——— 30	33 ———		King Richard insults Leopold of Austria at the siege of Acre.—He defeats Saladin at Jaffa.	William of Blois, regent of France, ob. 1202
39 ——— 31	34 ———	Roger de Hoveden, historian	Austria deserts.—Richard is driven by storm upon his dominions, and is sold and sent to the Emperor Henry.	
40 ——— 32	35 ———		Prince John resorts to bribery to prolong King Richard's captivity.—Death of Saladin, Mar. 4.	
41 ——— 33	36 ———	William of Newburgh, hist. ob. 1136	King Richard returns to England, May 13, and makes war upon France.—Sicily subdued by Henry VI.	
42 ——— 34	37 ———		Alfonso King of Castile defeated by Yacub ben Yusef, on the plain of Alarcos, July 19.	
43 ——— 35	38 ———		King Richard is defeated in Normandy, but captures the military Bishop of Beauvais.	
44 ——— 36	39 ———	Abdollariph, Persian historian 'Asagar,' born 1167	Cessation of hostilities between King Richard and Philip Augustus.—The Emperor Henry VI. dies, Sept. 28.	Geoffrey Fitz Peter, justiciary
45 ——— 37	40 ———		Fulke of Neuilly preaches the 11th Crusade, which is embraced by the Barons of France.	
46 ——— 38	41 ———	Campanus of Lombardy, astronomer	King Richard is mortally wounded by Bertram de Guerdon, Mar. 26, æt. 41.—Anjou, &c., declare for Arthur.	
47 ——— 39	42 ———		Peace with France.—King Philip sacrifices the interests of Arthur, and acknowledges the succession of K. John.	

DOGES OF VENICE	Tuscany Dukes of Signori Ferrara	Marquises of Montferrat	Burgundy Dukes of Bretagne	Flanders Counts Dukes Brabant	Namur Counts of Luxemburg.	Holland Counts of Hainault	Suabia Dukes of Electors Brandenbg.	Bavaria Dukes of Electors Palatine	Saxony Dukes of Lorraine
4 Domenico Moro-sini	13 Ulderico Taurello	12 William	10 Eudes II. Hoel, etc.	24 Thierry Godfrey IX.	13 Henry II. Henry II.	30 Thierry VI. Baldwin IV.	5 Frederic III. Alb. I.	10 Henry IX.	13 Henry Mathew I.
5	14	13	11	25	14	31	1 Frederic IV.	11	14
6	1 Guelph	14	12	26	15	32	2 deRothemburg and Duke of Franconia	12	15
7	2	15	13	27	16	33	3	1 Hen. X. the 2 Lion	16
8	3	16	14	28	17	34	4	3 Conrad of Suabia First Elector	17
1 Vitale Micheli II.	4	17	15 Conan IV. le Pettit	29	18	35	5	4	18
2	5	18	16	30	19	36	6	5	19
3	6	19	17	31	20	37	7	6	20
4	7	20	18	32	21	38	8	7	21
5	8	21	19	33	22	39	9	8	22
6	9	22	20	34	23	40	10	9	23
7	10	23	1 Hugh III.	35	24	41	11	10	24
8	11	24	2	36	25	42	12	11	25
9	12	25	3	37	26	43	13	12	26
10	13	26	4	38	27	44	14	13	27
11	14	27	5	39	28	45	15	14	28
12	15	28	6	40	29	46	16 Interreg.	15	29
13	16	29	7	41 Philip of Alsace	30	47	17	16	30
14	17	30	8	2 Alsace	31	48	1 Frederic V. Otho I.	17	31
15	18	31	9	3	32	49	2	18	32
16	19	32	10 Geoffrey II.	4	33	50	3	19	33
17	20	33	11	5	34	51	4	20	34
1 Sebastiano Ziani	21	34	12	6	35	52	5	21	35
2	22	35	13	7	36	53	6	22	36
3	23	36	14	8	37	54	7	23	37
4	24	37	15	9	38	55	8	24	38 Sigis. I mund II.
5	25	38	16	10	39	56	9	25	39
6	26	39	17	11	40	57	10	26	40
1 Orio Mastropiero	27	40	18	12	41	58	11	27	41
2	28	41	19	13	42	59	12	28	42
3	29	42	20	14	43	60	13	29	43
4	30	43	21	15	44	61	14	30	44
5	31	44	22	16	45	62	15	31	45
6	32	45	23	17	46	63	16	32	46
7	33	46	24	18	47	64	17	33	47
8	34	47	25	19	48	65	18	34	48
9	35	48	26	20	49	66	19	35	49
10	36	49	27	21	50	67	20	36	50
11	37	50	28	22	51	68	21	37	51
12	38	51	29	23 Henry II.	52	69	22	38	52
13	39	52	30	1 Margaret I. and Baldwin VIII.	53	70	1 Conrad Duke of Franconia and Suabia	39	53
1 Enrico Dandolo	40	53	31	2	54	71	2	40	54
2	41	54	1 Eudes III.	3	55	72	3	41	55
3	42	55	2	4	56	73	4	42	56
4	1 Marq. Philipp Salungarra II.	56	3	5	57	74	5	43	57
5	2	57	4	6	58	75	6	44	58
6	3	58	5	7	59	76	7	45	59
7	Philip elected emperor. Florence a Republic 1208-1261	59	6	8	60	77	8	46	60
8		60	7	9	61	78	9	47	61
9		61	8	10	62	79	10	48	62
		62	9	11	63	80	11	49	63
		63	10	12	64	81	12	50	64
		64	11	13	65	82	13	51	65
		65	12	14	66	83	14	52	66
		66	13	15	67	84	15	53	67
		67	14	16	68	85	16	54	68
		68	15	17	69	86	17	55	69
		69	16	18	70	87	18	56	70
		70	17	19	71	88	19	57	71
		71	18	20	72	89	20	58	72
		72	19	21	73	90	21	59	73
		73	20	22	74	91	22	60	74
		74	21	23	75	92	23	61	75
		75	22	24	76	93	24	62	76
		76	23	25	77	94	25	63	77
		77	24	26	78	95	26	64	78
		78	25	27	79	96	27	65	79
		79	26	28	80	97	28	66	80
		80	27	29	81	98	29	67	81
		81	28	30	82	99	30	68	82
		82	29	31	83	100	31	69	83

Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors		Emperors of Germany	Kings of Hungary & Bohemia		Poland. Kings, Dukes	Kings of France	Counts of Savoy	KINGS IN SPAIN Castile — Arragon			Kings of Portugal	England
		Greek Latin	Emperors		Hungary	Kings of Bohemia				Navarre	Almohad.	Almohad.		
5914	1201	7 Alexius III.		4 Philip of Suabia	6 Emeric Premislas II.	8 Lesko V.	22 Philip August.	14 Thomas 15	8 San. VII Alfon. 14	44 Alfon. IX. Pedro 6 II.	3 Mahomed AL. 4 nassar	17 Sancho I.	3 John I.	
5915	1202	8 Angelus		5 Suabia	7	9	23	16	9 So IX. 15 K. of	45	8	5	18	4
5916	1203	1 Isaac II. &c. again		6	8	10	24	16	10 Leon 16	46	8	5	19	5
5917	1204	1 Theodore I. Baldwin I.		7	1 Ladislas II.	8	25	17	11 — 17	47	9	6	20	6
5918	1205	2 win I.		8	1 Andrew II.	9	26	18	12 — 18	48	10	7	21	7
5919	1206	3 Henry		9	2	10	27	19	13 — 19	49	11	8	22	8
5920	1207	4	2	10	3	11	28	20	14 — 20	50	12	9	23	9
5921	1208	5	3	1 Otho IV.	4	12	29	21	15 — 21	51	13	10	24	10
5922	1209	6	4	2	5	13	30	22	16 — 22	52	14	11	25	11
5923	1210	7	5	3	6	14	31	23	17 — 23	53	15	12	26	12
5924	1211	8	6	4	7	15	32	24	18 — 24	54	16	13	27	13
5925	1212	9	7	5 Frederic II. King of Sicily	8	16	33	25	19 — 25	55	17	14	1 Alfonso II. the Fat	14
5926	1213	10	8	6	9	17	34	26	20 — 26	56	1 James I.	1 Yussef Abu 2 Yacub	3	15
5927	1214	11	9	7	10	18	35	27	21 — 27	1 Henry I.	2	3	4	16
5928	1215	12	10	8	11	19	36	28	22 — 28	2	3	3	4	17
5929	1216	13	11	9	12	20	37	29	23 — 29	3	4	4	5	1 He II
5930	1217	14 Peter de Courtenay		10	13	21	38	30	24 — 30	1 Ferdin. and III. the Saint	5	5	6	2
5931	1218	15	2	11	14	22	39	31	25 — 31	2	6	6	7	3
5932	1219	16	3	12	15	23	40	32	26 — 32	3	7	7	8	4
5933	1220	17	4	13	16	24	41	33	27 — 33	4	8	8	9	5
5934	1221	18 Robert de Courtenay		10 Frederic	17	25	42	34	28 — 34	5	9	9	10	6
5935	1222	1 John Ducas		11	18	26	43	35	29 — 35	6	10	10	11	7
5936	1223	2 Vataces		12	19	27	44	36	30 — 36	7	11	11	1 Sancho II. Capellus	8
5937	1224	3	4	13	20	28	45	37	31 — 37	8	12	1 [wahid] 1 Abdel. 1 Aladel	2	9
5938	1225	4	5	14	21	29	46	38	32 — 38	9	13	2	3	10
5939	1226	5	6	15	22	30	47	39	33 — 39	10	14	3	4	11
5940	1227	6	7	16	23	31	48	40	34 — 40	11	15	1 [mun] 1 Alina. 1 Abu Ali	5	12
5941	1228	7 Baldwin II. and John de Brienne		17	24	32	49	41	35 — 41	12	16	2	6	13
5942	1229	8	2	18	25	33	50	42	36 — 42	13	17	3	7	14
5943	1230	9		19	26 Wenceslas III.	34	51	43	37 — 43	14 succeeds Leon	18	4	8	15
5944	1231	10	4	20	27 le Borgne	35	52	44	38 — 44	15 King of Leon	19	5	9	16
5945	1232	11	5	21	28	36	53	45	39 — 45	16 Leon	20	The Almohades decline in Spain	10	17
5946	1233	12	6	22	29	37	54	46	40 — 46	1 Amadeus III.	21		11	18
5947	1234	13	7	23	30	38	55	47	41 — 47	2	22		12	19
5948	1235	14	8	24	1 Bela IV.	39	56	48	42 — 48	1 Theobald I. Count de Champagne	23		13	20
5949	1236	15	9	25	2	40	57	49	43 — 49	3	24		14	21
5950	1237	16	10	26	3	41	58	50	44 — 50	4	25		15	22
5951	1238	17	11	27	4	42	59	51	45 — 51	5	26		16	23
5952	1239	18	12	28	5	43	60	52	46 — 52	6	27		17	24
5953	1240	19	13	29	6	44	61	53	47 — 53	7	28		18	25
5954	1241	20	14	30	7	45	62	54	48 — 54	8	29		19	26
5955	1242	21	15	31	8	46	63	55	49 — 55	9	30		20	27
5956	1243	22	16	32	9	47	64	56	50 — 56	10	31		21	28
5957	1244	23	17	33	10	48	65	57	51 — 57	11	32		22	29
5958	1245	24	18	34	11	49	66	58	52 — 58	12	33		23	30
5959	1246	25	19	35	12	50	67	59	53 — 59	13	34		24	31
5960	1247	26	20	36	13	51	68	60	54 — 60	14	35		25	32
5961	1248	27	21	37	14	52	69	61	55 — 61	15	36		1 Alfonso III.	33
5962	1249	28	22	38	15	53	70	62	56 — 62	16	37		2	34
5963	1250	29	23	39	16	54	71	63	57 — 63	17	38		3	35

		KINGS OF SWEDEN		KINGS OF SICILY		KINGS OF JERUSALEM		POPE		LEARNING AND GENIUS		MIDDLE AGES		STATESMEN AND WARRIORS	
VI.	5	Frederic	4	Innocent III.	Saxo Grammaticus, historian of Denmark, ob. 1208	Arthur seeks protection from the Count de la Marche.—Constance, Arthur's mother, dies.	William Marshal, Earl of Pembroke, ob. 1219								
10	6	Amalricus	5	—	Gervase of Canterbury, 'Chronicle of England, 1122—1199,' ob. —	The IVth Crusade under Henry Dandolo.—Prince Arthur murdered at Rouen, Apr. 3, 1203.—Siege of Zara, Nov. 10.									
11	7	—	6	—	—	First siege and conquest of Constantinople, July 18.—Restoration of Isaac Angelus and Alexis.									
12	8	—	7	—	—	Alexius deposed.—Second siege.—Election of Baldwin.—Revolt of the Greeks.—Normandy united to France.									
13	8	—	7	—	—	The Bulgarian war.—Defeat and captivity of Baldwin I. Apr. 15.									
14	9	Interreg.	8	—	—	Innocent III. enjoins the election of Stephen Langton to the vacant see of Canterbury.									
15	10	—	9	—	—	Langton is consecrated by Pope Innocent in person at Viterbo, June 17.	Raymond VI. Count of Toulouse, ob. 1222								
16	11	—	10	—	—	The Bishops exhort the King to submission, which widens the breach.—The Interdict pronounced, Mar. 23.	Simon Count de Montfort, ob. 1218								
17	12	—	11	—	—	The Excommunication published, Nov.—King John notwithstanding subdues the King of Scots.									
18	13	—	12	—	Ralph de Diceto, historian	King John lands in Ireland, and reduces castles, but in twelve weeks returns.									
Eric XI.	14	John de Brienne	13	—	—	King John makes an expedition into Wales, and dictates terms to Llewellyn at Snowdon.	Archbishop Langton, ob. 1228								
2	15	—	14	—	—	Mahomed Almasser defeated by Alfonso of Castile, at Navas de Tolosa, July 12.									
3	16	Frederic crowned	15	—	Walter of Coventry, historian	King Philip threatens invasion.—King John does homage to the Pope before his legate at Dover, May 15.	Constable Matthew de Montmorency, ob. 1230								
4	17	emperor	16	—	—	Battle of Bouvines, John defeated by Philip, June 27.—The Barons take to arms.	Gilbert Earl of Gloucester, ob. 1229								
5	18	—	17	—	—	Magna Charta signed, June 19.—Is annulled by Innocent. XIth General Council of the Lateran, Nov. 11—30.	Theodore Comnenus, Prince of Epirus								
6	19	—	18	—	—	Louis of France lands at the invitation of the Barons.—King John retires to Newark; he dies, Oct. 19, at 49.	Empress Yoland								
7	20	—	1	Honorius III.	Accursus of Florence, author of the 'Glosses,' 1151—1229	William Earl of Pembroke regent.—Battle of Lincoln.—Prince Louis returns to France.	Peter de Roches, Bp. of Winchester								
8	21	—	2	—	Dominic de Guzman, founder of the Dominicans, 1170—1221	The sheriffs charged to see Magna Charta duly observed.—Persia invaded by Zingis Khan.									
9	22	—	3	—	—	The regent Earl of Pembroke dies.—Hubert de Burgh and the Bishop of Winchester become rival ministers.	Hubert de Burgh, ob. 1243								
10	23	—	4	—	—	Alexander King of Scotland does homage to King Henry, and marries Joanna, his eldest sister, at York.									
John I.	24	—	5	—	—	Pandulph resigns as legate and retires to the see of Norwich.	Richard Marshal, Earl of Pembroke, ob. 1234								
2	25	—	6	—	St. Antony of Padua, 1195—1231	King Henry demands the restitution of Normandy, forfeited by King John, which Louis refuses.	Guerin, chancellor to Louis VIII, ob. 1230								
3	26	—	7	—	—	King Louis confiscates all the lands of the English in France, and subdues Poitou, Rochelle, &c.	Raymond VII. Count of Toulouse, ob. 1249								
Eric XII. le Begue	27	—	8	—	—	Prince Richard, created Earl of Cornwall, is sent with an army to the protection of Gascony.	Zingis Khan, ob. 1227								
1	28	—	9	—	—	Louis the Lion makes a crusade against the Albigeois, but dies, and is succeeded by Louis the Saint.	Blanche Queen Regent of France, ob. at 65, 1252								
2	28	—	9	—	—	King Henry dismisses the Bishop of Winchester by the advice of Hubert de Burgh.—Death of Zingis Khan.									
3	29	—	10	—	—	The Emperor Frederick II. is excommunicated by Pope Gregory IX. for neglecting the crusades.	Peter de Rivaux, treasurer to Henry III.								
4	30	—	11	—	—	The Emperor Frederick obtains the surrender of Jerusalem by concession rather than by force.									
5	31	—	1	Gregory IX.	John of Pisa, architect and sculptor, ob. 1320	K. Henry lands at St. Malo, May 3, and is received by the E. of Bretagne, but effects nothing, and returns Oct. 28.									
6	32	—	2	—	—	The Almagest of Ptolemy translated from the Arabic into Latin, by order of the Emperor Frederick II.									
7	33	—	3	—	Alexander de Hales, 'the Irrefragable Doctor,' ob. 1245	The Bishop of Winchester is recalled, and De Burgh dismissed, but the King spares his lands.									
8	34	—	4	—	—	Contest between the Earl of Pembroke and the Bishop.—The Earl is joined in Wales by Hubert.	Stephen Segrave, minister to Henry III.								
9	35	—	5	—	—	The Earl is killed by the treachery of the Bishop, but Hubert de Burgh is restored.	Peter de Vignes, chancellor to Frederic II, ob. 1249								
10	36	—	6	—	—	Pope Gregory invites the Bishop of Winchester to Rome, in order to screen him from prosecution.	William of Provence, minister to Henry III.								
11	37	—	7	—	—	King Henry marries Eleanor of Provence.—William of Valence, the Queen's uncle, gains the ascendancy.									
12	38	—	8	—	—	Alexander II. of Scotland claims the three counties.—The Guelphs defeated by Frederick II. at Cortenova, Nov. 27.									
13	39	—	9	—	—	Otho the legate arrives in England, but endeavours in vain to gain footing in Scotland.									
14	40	—	10	—	—	The Emperor Frederick II. is excommunicated a second time by Pope Gregory IX.									
15	41	—	11	—	—	Simon Montfort, Earl of Leicester, and Gilbert Earl of Pembroke are now in favour with the King.									
16	42	—	12	—	—	The Pisans arrest the Prelates in the Genoese gallees on their way to the council at Rome, May 3.	Enguerrand de Couci, ob. 1253								
17	43	—	13	—	—	Battles of Taillebourg and Saintes, Henry and the Count de la Marche defeated by Louis the Saint.									
18	44	—	14	—	—	A five years' truce ensues.—Hubert de Burgh dies.—Invasion of Syria by the Carizmians.	Montfort, Earl of Leicester, ob. 1265								
VI.	45	—	1	Celestine IV. 16 d. — Vacant	Matthew Paris, 'Historia Major,' ob. 1259	King Henry seizes all the lands held by the French in England, by way of retaliation upon Louis.	Roger Bigod, Earl Marshal, ob. 1269								
19	46	—	2	—	Robert Grosseteste, Bp. of Lincoln, 1175—1253	XIIth General Council, of Lyons, June 28—July 17.—Conquest of Hungary, &c. by the Moguls.									
20	47	—	3	—	—	The King and Clergy join the Barons in remonstrance, but the Pope, in revenge, taxes the Clergy heavily.									
21	48	—	4	—	Abulfaragius, 'Universal History,' 1226—1286	Three Parliaments this year send letters to the Court of Rome, complaining of exaction.									
22	49	—	5	—	Hugh de Balsham, Bp. of Ely, ob. 1286	The Vth Crusade, under Louis IX.—Frederic II. forced by the Guelphs to raise the siege of Parma, Feb. 8.									
23	50	—	6	—	—	Damietta surrenders to Louis IX.—The Ghibellines defeated at Fossalti, May 26.									
24	51	—	7	—	—	Louis IX. captured, surrenders Damietta, Apr. 5.—Florence declares its independence, Oct. 20.									
25	52	—	8	—	—										
26	53	—	—	—	—										
27	53	—	—	—	—										
el	1	Conrad I.	—	—	—										
erreg.	—	—	—	—	—										



	DOGES OF VENICE	Signori of Ferrara Torrelli	Marquises of Montferrat	Burgundy Dukes of Bretagne	Flanders Counts Dukes Brabant	Namur Marqs. Counts Luxembg.	Holland Counts of Hainault	Suabia Dukes Electors Brandenbg.	Bavaria Dukes Electors Palatine	Saxony Electors Dukes Lorraine
1	10 Enrico Dandolo	6 Azzo VI. Salinguerra II.	10 Boniface II.	9 Eudes III. Arthur	8 Baldwin IX. I.	6 Philip I. Ermen-sind and Theo-bald	12 Thier. VII. Bald. VII. VI. William I.	6 Conrad III. Otho II.	19 Louis I. Henry of Saxe	22 Bernd. III. Sigsmund II.
2	11	7	11	10	9	7	13	7	20	23
3	12	8	12	11	10	8	1	8	21	21
4	13	9	13	12	11	9	2	9	22	25
5	1 Pietro Ziani	10	14	13	12	10	3	10	23	26
6	2	11	15	14	13	11	4	11	24	27
7	3	12	16	15	14	12	5	12	25	28
8	4	13	17	16	15	13	6	13	26	29
9	5	14	18	17	16	14	7	14	27	30
0	6	15	19	18	17	15	8	15	28	31
1	7	16	20	19	18	16	9	16	29	32
2	8	17	21	20	19	17	10	17	30	1 Albert I.
3	9	18	22	21	20	18	11	18	31	2 Theobald I.
4	10	19	23	22	21	19	12	19	32	3
5	11	20	24	23	22	20	13	20	33	4
6	12	21	25	24	23	21	14	21	34	5
7	13	22	26	25	24	22	15	22	35	6
8	14	23	27	26	25	23	16	23	36	7
9	15	24	28	27	26	24	17	24	37	8
0	16	25	29	28	27	25	18	25	38	9 Matthew I.
1	17	26	30	29	28	26	19	26	39	10
2	18	27	31	30	29	27	20	27	40	11
3	19	28	32	31	30	28	21	28	41	3
4	20	29	33	32	31	29	22	29	42	5
5	21	30	34	33	32	30	23	30	43	6
6	22	31	35	34	33	31	24	31	44	7
7	23	32	36	35	34	32	25	32	45	8
8	24	33	37	36	35	33	26	33	46	9
9	1 Giacomo Tiepolo	34	38	37	36	34	27	34	47	10
0	2	35	39	38	37	35	28	35	48	11
1	3	36	40	39	38	36	29	36	49	12
2	4	37	41	40	39	37	30	37	50	13
3	5	38	42	41	40	38	31	38	51	14
4	6	39	43	42	41	39	32	39	52	15
5	7	40	44	43	42	40	33	40	53	16
6	8	41	45	44	43	41	34	41	54	17
7	9	42	46	45	44	42	35	42	55	18
8	10	43	47	46	45	43	36	43	56	19
9	11	44	48	47	46	44	37	44	57	20
0	12	45	49	48	47	45	38	45	58	21
1	13	46	50	49	48	46	39	46	59	22
2	14	47	51	50	49	47	40	47	60	23
3	15	48	52	51	50	48	41	48	61	24
4	16	49	53	52	51	49	42	49	62	25
5	17	50	54	53	52	50	43	50	63	26
6	18	51	55	54	53	51	44	51	64	27
7	19	52	56	55	54	52	45	52	65	28
8	20	53	57	56	55	53	46	53	66	29
9	1 Marino Morosini	54	58	57	56	54	47	54	67	30
0	2	55	59	58	57	55	48	55	68	31

Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors Greek Latin	Emperors of Germany	Hungary Kings of		Poland. Kings, Dukes	Kings of France	Counts of Savoy	KINGS IN SPAIN Castile — Arragon			Kings of Portugal	England
				Hungary	Bohemia				Navarre	Granada	Kings of		
5964	1251	30 John Vat. Bald. 24 win 25 II.	2 William of 3 Holland	17 Bela IV. Wences. 22 las III. 23	25 Boleslas V.	26 Louis IX.	19 Amadeus III.	18 Theobald I.	35 Fernnd. III. Jas. I. 39	14 Mahomed I.	4 Alfonso III.	36 Henr. Al. de	
5965	1252	31 —	4 —	19 Premis- las II. the Vic-2 torious	27 —	28 —	1 Boniface- Rolando	1 Theobald II.	2 Wise 41	16 —	5 —	37 de	
5966	1253	32 —	5 —	20 —	28 —	29 —	2 —	3 —	3 —	42 —	6 —	38 —	
5967	1254	33 —	6 —	21 —	29 —	30 —	3 —	4 —	4 —	43 —	7 —	39 —	
5968	1255	1 Theodore	— Interreg.	22 —	30 —	31 —	4 —	5 —	5 —	44 —	8 —	40 —	
5969	1256	2 Lascaris	1 Richard of Cornwall	23 —	31 —	32 —	5 —	6 —	6 —	45 —	9 —	41 —	
5970	1257	3 —	—	24 —	32 —	33 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	46 —	10 —	42 —	
5971	1258	4 —	—	25 —	33 —	34 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	47 —	11 —	43 —	
5972	1259	1 John Lascaris	1 Michael VIII.	26 —	34 —	35 —	8 —	9 —	9 —	48 —	12 —	44 —	
5973	1260	2 Palaeologus	—	27 —	35 —	36 —	9 —	10 —	10 —	49 —	13 —	45 —	
5974	1261	3 —	—	28 —	36 —	37 —	10 —	11 —	11 —	50 —	14 —	46 —	
5975	1262	4 —	—	29 —	37 —	38 —	11 —	12 —	12 —	51 —	15 —	47 —	
5976	1263	5 —	—	30 —	38 —	39 —	1 Peter le Petit	13 —	13 —	52 —	16 —	48 —	
5977	1264	6 —	—	31 —	39 —	40 —	2 Charle- magne	14 —	14 —	53 —	17 —	49 —	
5978	1265	7 —	—	32 —	40 —	41 —	3 —	15 —	15 —	54 —	18 —	50 —	
5979	1266	8 —	—	33 —	41 —	42 —	4 —	16 —	16 —	55 —	19 —	51 —	
5980	1267	9 —	—	34 —	42 —	43 —	5 —	17 —	17 —	56 —	20 —	52 —	
5981	1268	10 —	—	35 —	43 —	44 —	1 Philip I.	18 —	18 —	57 —	21 —	53 —	
5982	1269	11 —	—	1 Stephen IV.	44 —	45 —	2 —	19 —	19 —	58 —	22 —	54 —	
5983	1270	12 —	—	2 —	45 —	46 —	3 —	1 Henry I. Crassus	20 —	59 —	23 —	55 —	
5984	1271	13 —	Richard ob	1 Ladislav III.	46 —	47 —	4 —	2 —	2 —	60 —	24 —	56 —	
5985	1272	14 —	—	2 —	47 —	48 —	5 —	3 —	3 —	61 —	25 —	57 —	
5986	1273	15 —	1 Rodolph of Haps- burg	3 —	48 —	49 —	6 —	4 —	4 —	62 —	1 Mahom- ed II.	1 Ed- ward	
5987	1274	16 —	2 —	4 —	49 —	50 —	7 —	5 —	5 —	63 —	2 —	2 —	
5988	1275	17 —	3 —	5 —	50 —	51 —	8 —	6 —	6 —	64 —	3 —	3 —	
5989	1276	18 —	4 —	6 —	51 —	52 —	9 —	7 —	7 —	65 —	4 —	4 —	
5990	1277	19 —	5 —	7 Wences- las IV.	52 —	53 —	10 —	8 —	8 —	66 —	5 —	5 —	
5991	1278	20 —	6 —	8 —	53 —	54 —	11 —	9 —	9 —	67 —	6 —	6 —	
5992	1279	21 —	7 —	9 —	54 —	55 —	12 —	10 —	10 —	68 —	7 —	7 —	
5993	1280	22 —	8 —	1 Lesko VI. the 2 Black	55 —	56 —	13 —	11 —	11 —	69 —	8 —	8 —	
5994	1281	23 —	9 —	2 —	56 —	57 —	14 —	12 —	12 —	70 —	9 —	9 —	
5995	1282	1 Androni- cus II.	10 —	3 —	57 —	58 —	15 —	13 —	13 —	71 —	10 —	10 —	
5996	1283	2 Palaeolo- gus the Elder	11 —	4 —	58 —	59 —	16 —	14 —	14 —	72 —	11 —	11 —	
5997	1284	3 —	12 —	5 —	59 —	60 —	17 —	15 —	15 —	73 —	12 —	12 —	
5998	1285	4 —	13 —	6 —	60 —	61 —	18 —	16 —	16 —	74 —	13 —	13 —	
5999	1286	5 —	14 —	7 —	61 —	62 —	19 —	17 —	17 —	75 —	14 —	14 —	
6000	1287	6 —	15 —	8 —	62 —	63 —	20 —	18 —	18 —	76 —	15 —	15 —	
6001	1288	7 —	16 —	9 —	63 —	64 —	21 —	19 —	19 —	77 —	16 —	16 —	
6002	1289	8 —	17 —	10 —	64 —	65 —	22 —	20 —	20 —	78 —	17 —	17 —	
6003	1290	9 —	18 —	11 —	65 —	66 —	23 —	21 —	21 —	79 —	18 —	18 —	
6004	1291	10 —	— Interreg.	1 Andrew III. the	66 —	67 —	24 —	22 —	22 —	80 —	19 —	19 —	
6005	1292	11 —	1 Adolph. of Nassau	2 Venetian	67 —	68 —	25 —	23 —	23 —	81 —	20 —	20 —	
6006	1293	12 —	2 —	3 —	68 —	69 —	26 —	24 —	24 —	82 —	21 —	21 —	
6007	1294	13 —	3 —	4 —	69 —	70 —	27 —	25 —	25 —	83 —	22 —	22 —	
6008	1295	14 —	4 —	5 —	70 —	71 —	28 —	26 —	26 —	84 —	23 —	23 —	
6009	1296	15 —	5 —	6 —	71 —	72 —	29 —	27 —	27 —	85 —	24 —	24 —	
6010	1297	16 —	6 —	7 —	72 —	73 —	30 —	28 —	28 —	86 —	25 —	25 —	
6011	1298	17 —	1 Albert I. of	8 —	73 —	74 —	31 —	29 —	29 —	87 —	26 —	26 —	
6012	1299	18 Othman	2 Austria	9 —	74 —	75 —	32 —	30 —	30 —	88 —	27 —	27 —	
6013	1300	19 —	3 —	10 —	75 —	76 —	33 —	31 —	31 —	89 —	28 —	28 —	
		2 —	—	1 Charo- bert	76 —	77 —	34 —	32 —	32 —	90 —	29 —	29 —	
		—	—	2 Wences- las, king	77 —	78 —	35 —	33 —	33 —	91 —	—	—	

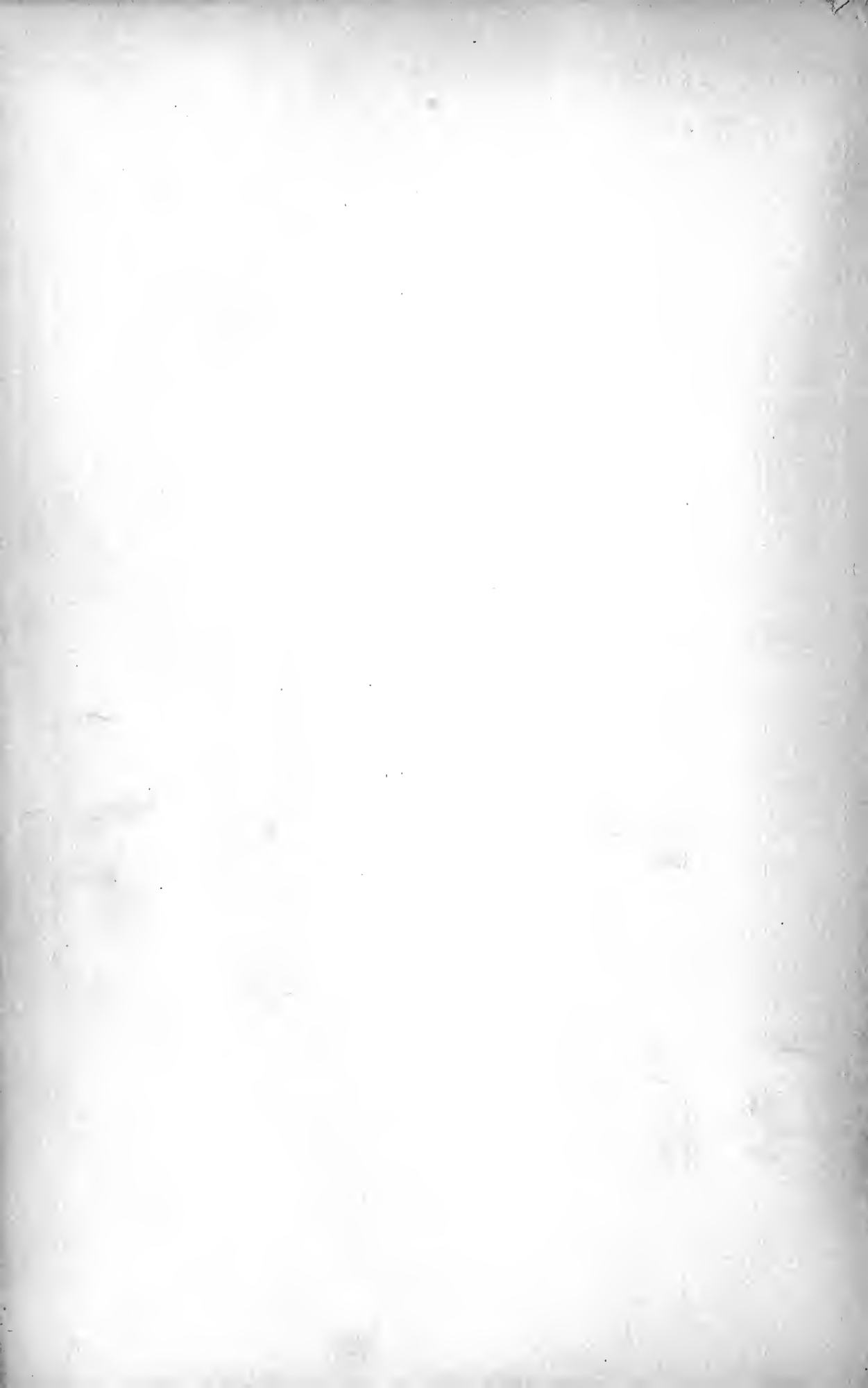
ings of Sweden	Kings of Sicily	POPEs	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MIDDLE AGES	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
1	2 Conrad I.	9 Innocent IV.		The Mayor of London now first sworn before the Barons of the Exchequer.	
2	3 —	10 —		The King fails in obtaining the tenth of the revenues of the Clergy in aid of the Crusades.	Peter de Villebeon, minister to Louis the Saint, ob. 1270
3	4 —	11 —		The astronomical tables of Alfonso X., King of Castile, composed about this time.	
4	1 Conrad II. or Conradin	1 Alexander IV.	St. Thomas d'Aquinas, 'Summa Theologiæ,' 1224—1274	The Pope offers the Crown of Sicily to King Henry for Prince Edmund, which is declined.	
5	2 Conradin	2 —		King Henry extorts 18,000 marks from the Jews, who beg to leave the kingdom.	Richard Earl of Gloucester, ob. 1202
6	3 —	3 —	Cardinal Bonaventure, the 'Seraphic Doctor,' 1221—1274	King Henry sends ambassadors to Louis to demand Normandy, but fails.	
7	4 —	4 —		Richard Earl of Cornwall crowned King of the Romans at Aix-la-Chapelle, May 17.	Richard Earl of Cornwall, ob. 1270
8	1 Manfred	5 —	John de Joinville, 'Memoirs of St. Louis'	'The Provisions of Oxford,' enacted by the Barons.—Fall of Bagdad, and end of the Arabian Caliphate.	
c VII. 9	2 —	6 —		Richard King of the Romans, landing at Dover, is compelled to swear to 'The Provisions.'	
10	3 —	7 —	Albertus Magnus, occult philosopher, 1205—1280	Battle of Arbia, Sept. 4.—The Ghibellines enter Florence, and take the oath to Manfred.	
11	4 —	1 Urban IV.	Roger Bacon, 'Opus Majus,' 1214—1292	Constantinople recovered by the Greeks, July 25.—Michael Palæologus banishes Theodore Lascaris.	
12	5 —	2 —		The Barons abandon most of 'The Provisions.'—King Henry resumes the royal authority.	
13	6 —	3 —	Robert de Sorbonne, founder of the College, 1201—1274	Alternate ascendancy of each party, who propose an award to Louis of France.	
14	7 —	4 —	Walter de Merton, Bp. of Rochester, founder of Merton College, ob. 1277	Battle of Lewes, May 13.—Montfort summons 'The Commons' to Parliament in the King's name.	
15	8 —	1 Clement IV.		Prince Edward escapes to the Earl of Gloucester.—Battle of Evesham, Montfort, Earl of Leicester, killed, Aug. 4.	Gilbert Earl of Gloucester, ob. 1295
16	1 Charles I. of Anjou	2 —		Battle of Grandella, Manfred defeated by Charles of Anjou, who subdues the Sicilies, Feb. 26.	
17	2 —	3 —	Giovanni Cimabue, the reviver of painting in Italy, 1240—1300	The Earl of Gloucester breaks with the King, but peace ensues.—Ely surrenders, and the Barons' wars end.	Stephen Boileau
18	3 —	4 —		Battle of Tagliocozzo, Charles of Anjou defeats Conradin, Aug. 23, who is beheaded, Oct. 29.	
19	4 —	— Vacant		Parliament grants a twentieth part of all movables for the Crusade to the Holy Land.	
20	5 —			Prince Edward sails for Palestine with Louis IX. who dies at Tunis, Aug. 25.	
21	6 —	1 Gregory X.		Prince Edward relieves Acre, and takes Nazareth.—He is wounded by an assassin, whom he fells.	
22	7 —	2 —		King Henry dies, Nov. 16, at. 66.—Conquest of Anatolia by the Moguls.	Peter de la Brosse, minister to Philip le Hardi, ob. 1279
23	8 —	3 —		Commencement of the Austrian dynasty.	Water Giffard, Abp. of York, minister to Edward, ob. 1279
24	9 —	4 —		XIVth General Council, of Lyons, May 7—July 17. Institution of the Conclave at Rome.—K. Edward lands July.	
25	10 —	5 —	Durandus, Bishop of Mende, 'Speculator,' ob. 1296	Llewellyn Prince of Wales refuses homage, and seizes Rhudlan and other castles.	
26	11 —	[V. 1 Innocent I		King Edward refuses to release Lady Eleanor de Montfort, who was taken on her way to Llewellyn in Wales.	Matthew de Vendome, minister to Philip le Hardi, ob. 1286
27	12 —	1 Adrian V.		Napoleon della Torre captured at Desio by Otho Archbishop of Milan, Jan. 21.	
28	13 —	1 John XX.		K. Edward releases Lady Eleanor, who marries Llewellyn.	
agnus I.	14 —	1 Nicholas III.		Battle of Marchfield, Ottocar defeated by Rodolph.	
2	15 —	2 —	Henry of Ghent, the 'Scholastic,' ob. at. 76, 1293	Conquest of Southern China by the Moguls.—King Edward resigns Normandy.—Statute of Mortmain.	Llewellyn Prince of Wales, ob. 1282
3	16 —	1 Martin IV.		The Emperor Michael Palæologus instigates the revolt of Sicily.	
4	17 —	2 —		The Princess of Wales dying, Llewellyn takes up arms and defeats King Edward's forces.	Roger de Loria, admiral, ob. post 1287
5	18 —	3 —	Raymond Lully, philosoph. ob. at. 80, 1315	Llewellyn slain.—The Sicilian Vespers, Mar. 30.—The Crown of Sicily transferred to Peter of Arragon.	John de Procida, minister to Peter King of Arragon
6	19 —	4 —	Peter Langtoft, 'English Chronicle'	David Prince of Wales is taken and executed at Shrewsbury.—Wales is united to England.	Turgel, regent of Sweden
7	1 Charles II. James I	1 Honorius IV.	Jacobus de Voragine, 'Golden Legend,' ob. 1298	Edward Prince of Wales born at Caernarvon, Apr. 25.—Charles of Anjou defeated by Roger de Loria, Oct. 2.	Adomar de Valence, Earl of Pembroke, ob. 1323
8	2 —	2 —		Alexander King of Scotland killed by a fall from his horse, Margaret 'the Maid of Norway' succeeds.	
9	3 —	3 —	Arnolf di Lapo, Italian architect, 1232—1300	King Edward throws all the Jews into prison till they have paid £12,000, and then banishes them.	
10	4 —	4 —		John de Kirkby, the treasurer, summons a Parliament, and demands an aid for the King, which is refused.	Roger de Brabazon, Justiciary of England
11	5 —	5 —	Albertet, Provençal poet and mathematician	The Judges being found guilty of bribery are severely fined, and their estates confiscated.	
Birger II.	6 —	6 —		Marriage contract.—P. Edward and Margaret of Scotland. The young Queen dies on her return from Norway.	
2	7 —	7 —	John Duns Scotus, the 'most Subtle Doctor,' ob. at. 43, 1308	King Edward is acknowledged as Lord of Scotland by all claimants.—Loss of Acre and the Holy Land.	Humphrey Bohun, Lord High Constable, ob. 1298
3	8 —	8 —		King Edward declares John Baliol King of Scotland, who does homage to him at Newcastle.	
4	9 —	9 —		Baliol, being cited before the Court of Edward, temporizes till war ensues.	
5	10 —	10 —	ICelestine V. 1 Boniface	Edward, being tricked by Philip the Fair out of Guienne, renounces his homage.—He finally subdues Wales.	
6	11 —	2 VIII.	Marco Polo, the Venetian traveller	Baliol leagues with France, and is prevented by his Barons from obeying the summons of Edward.	
7	12 —	3 —	Thebit, Arabian astronomer	Baliol is defeated by Edward, and abdicates, July 2.—The parties of the Neri and the Bianchi at Florence begin.	Roger Bigod, Earl of Norfolk, ob. 1306
8	13 —	4 —		The English are defeated by Wallace and Moray at Camskenneth, and are driven out of Scotland.	
9	14 —	5 —	Nicholas Trivet, hist. 'Annales Regum Angliæ,' ob. 1328	Battle of Falkirk, July 22.—Battle of Spire, by Albert of Austria, the Emperor Adolphus killed, July 2.	Sir William Wallace, ob. 1305
10	15 —	6 —		Bruce, Comyn, and Lamberton, acting as regents, refer the struggle for Scottish independence to the Pope.	
11	16 —	7 —		Pope Boniface insists that Scotland is held of the Holy See.—Institution of the Jubilee, or Holy Year.	



	DOGES OF VENICE	Signori of Ferrara Torelli	Marquises of Monterrat	Burgundy Dukes of Bretagne	Counts of Flanders Dukes of Brabant	Marqs. of Namur Counts	Marqs. of Luxembg.	Counts of Holland Hannaut	Dukes of Suabia Elector Brandenbg.	Dukes of Bavaria Elector Palatine	Electors of Saxony Dukes of Lorraine
51	3 Marino Morosini	37 Azzo VII. 8	27 Boniface III. 9	34 Hugh IV. 15	8 Margt. II. 4	15 Baldwin 26	18 William II. 27	17 Conrad IV. 31	21 Otho II. 25	40 Albert I. 111. 2	
52	1 Ranieri Zeno	38 — 9	28 — 10	35 — 16	9 — 15	16 — 26	19 — 27	18 — 32	22 — 26	41 — 41	
53	2 —	39 — 10	29 — 11	36 — 17	10 — 16	17 — 28	20 — 28	19 — 33	1 — 33	42 — 3	
54	3 —	40 — 11	1 William V. the Great	37 — 18	11 — 17	18 — 29	21 — 29	1 Conrad V. or 2 Conrad	34 — 35	2 Severe the Elector of Bavaria and Elector Palatine	43 — 4
55	4 —	41 — 12	2 — 12	38 — 19	12 — 18	19 — 30	22 — 30	3 — 36	35 — 35	3 — 3	44 — 5
56	5 —	42 — 13	3 — 13	39 — 20	13 — 19	20 — 31	23 — 31	1 Florence V.	13 — 36	4 — 4	45 — 6
57	6 —	43 — 14	4 Martin della Torre	40 — 21	14 — 20	21 — 32	2 — 32	4 — 37	37 — 37	5 — 5	46 — 7
58	7 —	44 — 15	5 — 15	41 — 22	15 — 21	22 — 33	3 — 33	5 — 38	38 — 38	6 — 6	47 — 8
59	8 —	45 — 16	6 — 16	42 — 23	16 — 22	23 — 34	4 — 34	6 — 39	39 — 39	7 — 7	48 — 9
60	9 —	46 — 17	7 — 17	43 — 24	17 — 23	24 — 35	5 — 35	7 — 40	40 — 40	8 — 8	1 Albert II. 10
61	10 —	47 — 18	8 — 18	44 — 25	18 — 24	25 — 36	6 — 36	8 — 41	41 — 41	9 — 9	2 — 11
62	11 —	48 — 19	9 — 19	45 — 26	19 — 25	26 — 37	7 — 37	9 — 42	42 — 42	10 — 10	3 — 12
63	12 —	49 — 20	10 — 20	46 — 27	20 — 26	21 — 3	1 Guy de Dampierre	10 — 43	43 — 43	11 — 11	4 — 13
64	13 —	1 Obizzo II.	11 — 8	47 — 28	21 — 27	22 — 4	2 — 39	11 — 44	44 — 44	12 — 12	5 — 14
65	14 —	2 — 22	12 Napoleon della Torre	48 — 29	22 — 28	23 — 5	3 — 40	12 — 45	45 — 45	13 — 13	6 — 15
66	15 —	3 — 23	13 — 2	49 — 30	23 — 29	24 — 6	4 — 41	13 — 23	23 — 23	14 — 14	7 — 16
67	16 —	4 — 24	14 — 3	50 — 31	24 — 30	25 — 7	5 — 42	14 — 24	24 — 24	15 — 15	8 — 17
68	1 Lorenzo Tiepolo	5 — 25	15 — 4	51 — 32	25 — 31	26 — 8	6 — 43	15 — 25	25 — 25	16 — 16	9 — 18
69	2 —	6 — 26	16 — 5	52 — 33	26 — 32	27 — 9	7 — 44	16 — 26	26 — 26	17 — 17	10 — 19
70	3 —	7 Salinger III.	17 — 6	53 — 34	27 — 33	28 — 10	8 — 45	17 — 27	27 — 27	18 — 18	11 — 20
71	4 —	8 — 2	18 — 7	54 — 35	28 — 34	29 — 11	9 — 46	18 — 28	28 — 28	19 — 19	12 — 21
72	5 —	9 — 3	19 — 8	1 Robert II.	36 — 36	37 — 12	10 — 47	17 — 29	29 — 29	20 — 20	13 — 22
73	6 —	10 — 4	20 — 9	2 — 37	30 — 37	31 — 13	11 — 48	18 — 30	30 — 30	21 — 21	14 — 23
74	7 —	11 — 5	21 — 10	3 — 38	31 — 38	32 — 14	12 — 49	19 — 31	31 — 31	22 — 22	15 — 24
75	1 Giacomo Contarini	12 — 6	22 — 11	4 — 39	32 — 39	33 — 15	13 Henry IV.	20 — 32	32 — 32	23 — 23	16 — 25
76	2 —	13 — 7	23 — 12	5 — 40	33 — 40	34 — 16	14 — 2	21 — 33	33 — 33	24 — 24	17 — 26
77	3 —	14 — 8	24 Otto Visconti abp. of Milan	6 — 41	34 — 41	35 — 17	15 — 3	22 — 34	34 — 34	25 — 25	18 — 27
78	4 —	15 — 9	25 — 2	7 — 42	35 — 42	36 — 18	16 — 4	23 — 35	35 — 35	26 — 26	19 — 28
79	1 Giovanni Dandolo	16 — 10	26 — 3	8 — 43	36 — 43	37 — 19	17 — 5	24 — 36	36 — 36	27 — 27	20 — 29
80	2 —	17 — 11	27 — 4	9 — 44	37 — 44	38 — 20	18 — 6	25 John D'Avennes	37 — 37	28 — 28	21 — 30
81	3 —	18 — 12	28 — 5	10 — 45	38 — 45	39 — 21	19 — 7	26 — 2	38 — 38	29 — 29	22 — 31
82	4 —	19 — 13	29 — 6	11 — 46	39 — 46	40 — 22	20 — 8	27 — 3	39 — 39	30 — 30	23 — 32
83	5 —	20 — 14	30 — 7	12 — 47	40 — 47	41 — 23	21 — 9	28 — 4	40 — 40	31 — 31	24 — 33
84	6 —	21 — 15	31 — 8	13 — 48	41 — 48	42 — 24	22 — 10	29 — 5	41 — 41	32 — 32	25 — 34
85	7 —	22 — 16	32 — 9	14 — 49	42 — 49	43 — 25	23 — 11	30 — 6	42 — 42	33 — 33	26 — 35
86	8 —	23 — 17	33 — 10	15 John II.	49 — 49	50 — 26	24 — 12	31 — 7	43 — 43	34 — 34	27 — 36
87	9 —	24 — 18	34 — 11	16 — 2	50 — 2	51 — 27	25 — 13	32 — 8	44 — 44	35 — 35	28 — 37
88	10 —	25 — 19	35 — 12	17 — 3	51 — 3	52 — 28	26 — 14	33 — 9	45 — 45	36 — 36	29 — 38
89	1 Pietro Gradènico	26 — 20	36 — 13	18 — 4	52 — 4	53 — 29	27 Henry V.	2 — 34	46 — 46	37 — 37	30 — 39
90	2 —	27 — 21	37 — 14	19 — 5	53 — 5	54 — 30	28 — 3	35 — 11	47 — 47	38 — 38	31 — 40
91	3 —	28 — 22	38 — 15	20 — 6	54 — 6	55 — 31	29 — 4	36 — 12	48 — 48	39 — 39	32 — 41
92	4 —	29 — 23	1 John I. the Just	21 — 7	55 — 7	56 — 32	30 — 5	37 — 13	49 — 49	40 — 40	33 — 42
93	5 —	1 Azzo VIII.	2 — 17	22 — 8	56 — 8	57 — 33	31 — 6	38 — 14	50 — 50	41 — 41	34 — 43
94	6 —	2 — 25	3 — 18	23 — 9	57 — 9	58 — 34	32 — 7	39 — 15	51 — 51	42 — 42	35 — 44
95	7 —	3 — 26	4 Matthew I. the Great	24 — 10	58 — 10	59 — 35	33 — 8	40 — 16	52 — 52	1 Louis III. Rodolph I. le Begue	36 — 45
96	8 —	4 — 27	5 — 2	25 — 11	59 — 11	60 — 36	34 — 9	1 John I.	53 — 53	2 — 3	37 — 46
97	9 —	5 — 28	6 — 3	26 — 12	60 — 12	61 — 37	35 — 10	2 — 18	54 — 54	3 — 4	38 — 47
98	10 —	6 — 29	7 — 4	27 — 13	61 — 13	62 — 38	36 — 11	3 — 19	55 — 55	4 — 5	1 Rodolph 48
99	11 —	7 — 30	8 — 5	28 — 14	62 — 14	63 — 39	37 — 12	1 John II. Holland succeeds to	56 — 56	5 — 6	2 — 49
100	12 —	8 — 31	9 — 6	29 — 15	63 — 15	64 — 40	38 — 13	2 — 19	57 — 57	6 — 7	3 — 50

Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	The East Emprs. of Ottoman Emperors	Emperors of Germany	Hungary Kings of Bohemia	Kings of Poland	Kings of France	Counts of Savoy	KINGS IN SPAIN			Kings of Portugal	England Kings
								Castile	Arragon	Granada		
								Navarre				
6014	1301	20 Andro. III. Othman	4 Albert I.	2 Charobert Wences-24 las IV. 25	2 Wences- las	17 Philip IV.	17 Amadeus IV.	28 Joanna I.	7 Fern. IV. James II	29 Mahomed II. 1 Mahomed III.	23 Dionysius the Liberal	30 Edw. I.
6015	1302	21 — 4	5 —	3 —	3 —	18 —	18 —	29 —	8 — 11. 12	2 —	24 —	31 —
6016	1303	22 — 5	6 —	4 — 26	4 —	19 —	19 —	30 —	9 — 13	2 —	25 —	32 —
6017	1304	23 — 6	7 —	5 — 27	4 —	20 —	20 —	31 —	10 — 14	3 —	26 —	33 —
6018	1305	24 — 7	8 —	6 Wences-1 las V.	2 again	21 —	21 —	1 Louis Hutin	11 — 15	4 —	27 —	34 —
6019	1306	25 — 8	9 —	7 Henry I and	3 —	22 —	22 —	2 —	12 — 16	5 —	28 —	35 Robt. I.
6020	1307	26 — 9	10 —	8 Rodolph of Haps-3 burg	4 —	23 —	23 —	3 —	13 — 17	6 —	29 —	1 Edw. I.
6021	1308	27 — 10	1 Henry VII. of Luxem- burg	9 — 4	5 —	24 —	24 —	4 —	14 — 18	7 —	30 —	2 —
6022	1309	28 — 11	2 —	10 —	6 —	25 —	25 —	5 —	15 — 19	1 Alnas- sar	31 —	3 —
6023	1310	29 — 12	3 —	11 John of 1 Luxem- burg 2	7 —	26 —	26 —	6 —	16 — 20	2 —	32 —	4 —
6024	1311	30 — 13	4 —	12 —	8 —	27 —	27 —	7 —	17 — 21	3 —	33 —	5 —
6025	1312	31 — 14	5 —	13 — 3	9 —	28 —	28 —	8 —	1 Alfonso II.	4 —	34 —	6 —
6026	1313	32 — 15	— Interreg.	14 — 4	10 —	29 —	29 —	9 —	2 — 23	1 Ismail I.	35 —	7 —
6027	1314	33 — 16	1 Louis IV. of Bavaria and	15 — 5	11 —	1 Louis X. Hutin	30 —	10 —	3 — 24	2 —	36 —	8 —
6028	1315	34 — 17	2 Frederic III. of Austria rival	16 — 6	12 —	2 King of Navarre	31 —	11 —	4 — 25	3 —	37 —	9 —
6029	1316	35 — 18	3 Orchan I	17 — 7	13 —	1 John I. 4 d	32 —	12 —	5 — 26	4 —	38 —	10 —
6030	1317	36 — 19	4 —	18 — 8	14 —	2 Philip V. the Long	33 —	13 —	6 — 27	5 —	39 —	11 —
6031	1318	37 — 20	5 emperors	19 — 9	15 —	3 King of Navarre	34 —	14 —	7 — 28	6 —	40 —	12 —
6032	1319	38 — 21	6 —	20 — 10	16 —	4 —	35 —	15 —	8 — 29	7 —	41 —	13 —
6033	1320	39 — 22	7 —	21 — 11	17 takes the regal title	5 —	36 —	16 —	9 — 30	8 —	42 —	14 —
6034	1321	40 — 23	8 —	22 — 12	18 —	6 —	37 —	17 —	10 — 31	9 —	43 —	15 —
6035	1322	41 — 24	9 —	23 — 13	19 —	1 Charles IV. le Bel	38 —	18 —	11 — 32	10 —	44 —	16 —
6036	1323	42 — 25	10 —	24 — 14	20 —	2 King of Navarre	1 Edward	19 —	12 — 33	11 —	45 —	17 —
6037	1324	43 — 26	11 —	25 — 15	21 —	3 —	2 —	20 —	13 — 34	12 —	46 —	18 —
6038	1325	44 — 27	12 —	26 — 16	22 —	4 —	3 —	21 —	14 — 35	1 Mahomed IV.	1 Alfonso IV. the Brave	19 —
6039	1326	45 — 28	13 —	27 — 17	23 —	5 —	4 —	22 —	15 — 36	2 —	20 —	20 —
6040	1327	46 — 29	14 —	28 — 18	24 —	6 —	5 —	23 —	16 Alfonso IV.	3 —	3 —	1 Edw. I.
6041	1328	47 — 30	15 —	29 — 19	25 —	1 Philip VI. de Valois	6 —	24 —	17 — 2	4 —	4 —	2 —
6042	1329	48 — 31	16 —	30 — 20	26 —	2 —	1 Aimon the Peace Maker	25 —	18 — 3	5 —	5 —	3 —
6043	1330	49 — 32	17 Louis alone	31 — 21	27 —	3 —	2 —	26 —	19 — 4	6 —	6 —	4 —
6044	1331	50 — 33	18 —	32 — 22	28 —	4 —	3 —	27 —	20 — 5	7 —	7 —	5 —
6045	1332	1 Andronicus III. Palaeologus the Younger	19 —	33 — 23	29 —	5 —	4 —	28 —	21 — 6	8 —	8 —	6 —
6046	1333	2 — 8	20 —	34 — 24	1 Casimir III. the Great	6 —	5 —	29 —	22 — 7	1 Yussef I.	9 —	7 —
6047	1334	3 — 9	21 —	35 — 25	2 —	7 —	6 —	30 —	23 — 8	2 —	10 —	8 —
6048	1335	4 — 10	22 —	36 — 26	3 —	8 —	7 —	31 —	24 — 9	3 —	11 —	9 —
6049	1336	5 — 11	23 —	37 — 27	4 —	9 —	8 —	32 —	25 Pedro IV. the Ceremonious	1 — 4	12 —	10 —
6050	1337	6 — 12	24 —	38 — 28	5 —	10 —	9 —	33 —	26 — 5	2 —	13 —	11 —
6051	1338	7 — 13	25 —	39 — 29	6 —	11 —	10 —	34 —	27 — 6	3 —	14 —	12 —
6052	1339	8 — 14	26 —	40 — 30	7 —	12 —	11 —	35 —	28 — 7	4 —	15 —	13 —
6053	1340	9 — 15	27 —	41 — 31	8 —	13 —	12 —	36 —	29 — 8	5 —	16 —	14 —
6054	1341	1 John Palaeologus I.	28 —	42 — 32	9 —	14 —	13 —	37 —	30 — 9	6 —	17 —	15 —
6055	1342	2 — 17	29 —	1 Louis I. the Great	33 —	10 —	14 —	38 —	31 — 10	7 —	18 —	16 —
6056	1343	3 — 18	30 —	2 — 34	11 —	11 —	15 —	39 —	32 — 11	8 —	19 —	17 —
6057	1344	4 — 19	31 —	3 — 35	12 —	12 —	16 —	40 —	33 — 12	9 —	20 —	18 —
6058	1345	5 — 20	32 —	4 — 36	13 —	13 —	17 —	41 —	34 — 13	10 —	21 —	19 —
6059	1346	6 — 21	33 —	5 Charles I elected emperor	14 —	14 —	18 —	42 —	35 — 14	11 —	22 —	20 —
6060	1347	1 John Cantabuzene	1 Charles IV. of Luxem- burg	6 — 2	15 —	15 —	19 —	43 —	36 — 15	12 —	23 —	21 —
6061	1348	2 — 23	2 —	7 — 3	16 —	16 —	20 —	44 —	37 — 16	13 —	24 —	22 —
6062	1349	3 — 24	3 —	8 — 4	17 —	17 —	21 —	45 —	38 — 17	14 —	25 —	23 —
6063	1350	4 — 25	4 —	9 — 5	18 —	18 —	22 —	46 —	39 — 18	15 —	26 —	24 —

Kings of Sweden		Kings of Naples		Kings of Sicily		POPEs	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MIDDLE AGES	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
ic VIII. Birger 12 III. 13	17	Charles II. Frede- ric I. 7	18	8	9	8 Boniface VIII.	Peter de Apono, 'Conciliator,' 1250—1315	Dante Alighieri is exiled from Florence with the Bianchi faction, by Charles of Valois. The royal forests enacted to be perpetual, Feb. 14.—The mariner's compass supposed by some to be invented. King Edward enters Scotland with a powerful army.—A treaty is concluded with John Comyn. Wallace is betrayed to Sir John Monteith.—Death of Cazan, May 31, and decline of the Moguls. King Edward consults Bruce, and plans the government of Scotland.—Wallace is executed. Robert Bruce kills Comyn, and is crowned at Scone, Mar. 29.—King Edward proceeds to Carlisle. King Edward I. dies, July 7, at 67.—Piers Gaveston recalled, and created Earl of Cornwall. The Barons demand the banishment of Gaveston.—Independence of the Swiss Cantons established, Jan. 13. Gaveston is permitted to return by the Barons, whom he insults.—The Papal Court removed to Avignon. Twenty-eight bishops and barons are constituted 'Ordinainers,' to control the royal excesses.	Langton, Bp. of Lichfield, ob. 1322
14	19	8	1	Benedict XI.	9	— Vacant	Flavio Giola, improver of the mariner's compass?	Sir Nicholas de Segrave, ob. 1321	
15	20	9	—	— Vacant	10	1 Clement V.	Dante Alighieri, 1265—1321	Sir Ralph Hengham, L. C. J., ob. 1308	
16	21	10	1	—	11	2	Arnoldus de Villanova, 'Persecrator,' 1233—1314	Enguerrand de Marigni, minister to Philip the Fair, ob. 1315	
17	22	11	2	—	12	3	Giotto, 'the second reviver of painting in Italy,' 1276—1336	Piers Gaveston, ob. 1312	
18	23	12	3	—	13	4	—	William Tell, ob. 1354	
19	24	13	4	—	14	5	—	De Lacy, Earl of Lincoln, ob. 1312	
20	1 Robert the Wise	14	5	—	15	6	—	James de Molay, Grand Templar, ob. 1314	
21	2	15	6	—	16	7	—	Thomas Earl of Lancaster, ob. 1322	
22	3	16	7	—	17	8	—	Sir James Douglas, ob. 1330	
23	4	17	8	—	18	9	—	Randulph Earl of Moray, ob. 1331	
24	5	18	9	—	19	—	— Vacant	Charles de Valois, minister to Louis Hutin, ob. 1325	
25	6	19	—	—	20	—	—	Hugh Despenser, the Elder, ob. at. 90, 1326	
26	7	20	—	—	21	1	John XXII.	Gerard la Guette, minister to Philip the Long, ob. 1321	
27	8	21	1	—	22	2	—	Hugh Despenser, the Younger, ob. 1326	
28	9	22	2	—	23	3	—	—	
29	10	23	3	—	24	4	—	—	
30	11	24	4	—	25	5	—	—	
er II. Aristo- fagnus I	12	25	5	—	26	6	—	—	
II. 2	13	26	6	—	27	7	—	—	
3	14	27	7	—	28	8	—	—	
4	15	28	8	—	29	9	—	—	
5	16	29	9	—	30	10	—	—	
6	17	30	10	—	31	11	—	—	
7	18	31	11	—	32	12	—	—	
8	19	32	12	—	33	13	—	—	
9	20	33	13	—	34	14	—	—	
10	21	34	14	—	35	15	—	—	
11	22	35	15	—	36	16	—	—	
12	23	36	16	—	37	17	—	—	
13	24	37	17	—	38	18	—	—	
14	25	38	18	—	39	1	Benedict XII.	—	
erreg. 15	26	39	1	—	40	2	—	—	
16	27	40	2	—	41	3	—	—	
17	28	41	3	—	42	4	—	—	
18	29	Pedro II.	4	—	43	5	—	—	
19	30	2	5	—	44	6	—	—	
20	31	3	6	—	45	7	—	—	
alde- ar III.	21	4	7	—	46	8	—	—	
22	33	5	8	—	47	9	—	—	
23	34	Louis I.	1	Clement VI.	48	1	Clement VI.	—	
24	1	Joanna I.	2	—	49	2	—	—	
25	2	3	3	—	50	3	—	—	
26	3	4	4	—	51	4	—	—	
27	4	5	5	—	52	5	—	—	
28	5	6	6	—	53	6	—	—	
29	6	7	7	—	54	7	—	—	
30	7	8	8	—	55	8	—	—	
31	8	9	9	—	56	9	—	—	
							Barlaam, the Calabrian, ob. cir. 1348	First passage of the Turks into Europe, 1341.7.—King Edward sends aid to the Count de Montfort. Sir W. Manny relieves Lady Montfort at Hennebon.—The Countess engages a French fleet. The legates interpose a truce, Jan. 19.—The Duke of Athens driven out of Florence, Aug. 3. The Earl of Derby relieves Auberche, invested by the Count de Lisle. Andrew of Hungary assassinated at the instance of his wife, Joan Queen of Naples, Sept. 18. Edward lands at La Hogue.—Battles of Creci, Aug. 26—of Nevil's Cross, Oct. 17. King David taken prisoner. Surrender of Calais, Aug. 4.—Cola di Rienzi effects a temporary revolution in Rome. War between the Genoese and John Cantacuzene.—Louis of Hungary conquers Naples.—The Order of the Garter instituted. 'The Plague of Florence' depopulates all Europe. Philip of Valois, King of France, dies, and is succeeded by John Duke of Normandy.	Richard de Bury, Bp. of Durham, 1281—1345 James van Artevelde, of Ghent, ob. 1346
							Leontius Pilatus of Thessalonia, Greek preceptor to Petrarch and Boccaccio	Geoffrey d'Harcourt	
							Richard of Cirencester, 'Description of Britain,' ob. 1401	Henry Duke of Lancaster, ob. 1360	
							—	Charles de Blois	
							—	Hatfield, Bp. of Durham, ob. 1381	
							—	Nicholas Rienzi, ob. 1354	
							—	Cardinal Albornos, the antagonist of Rienzi, ob. 1367	
							—	Charles de Montmorency, general to Philip VI. ob. 1381	

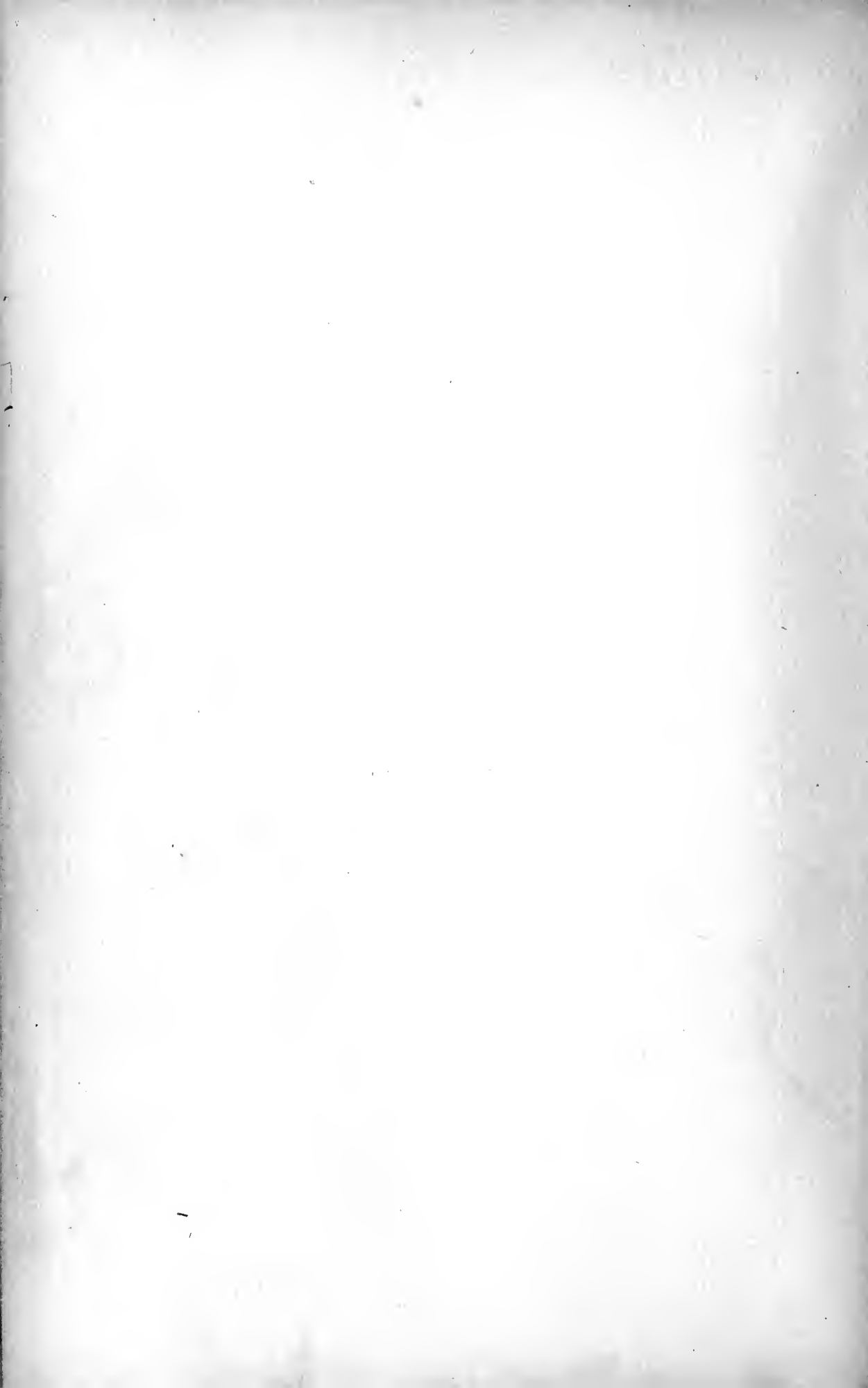


DOGES OF VENICE	Signori of Ferrara	Marquises of Montferrat	Visconti Signori Mantua	Dukes of Burgundy	Dukes of Bretagne	Counts of Flanders	Counts of Brabant	Marqs. of Namur	Marqs. of Luxembg.	Holland	Counts of Brandenburg	Dukes of Bavaria	Dukes of Palatine	Electors of Saxony	Electors of Lorraine
13 Pietro Gradenigo	9 Azzo VIII. Salinguerra III.	10 John II. the Just	7 Matthew the Great	30 Robert II. John I.	22 Guy John 8	23 John 11. 9	6 John 8	5 John I. Henry 14	3 John II. Otho 20	8 Louis III. Rodolph 8	8 Louis III. Rodolph 8	4 Rodolph Ferri III.	4 Rodolph Ferri III.	51	52
14	10	11	8	31	32	24	7	6	4	11	10	6	5	6	53
15	11	12	9	32	18	24	10	7	5	10	10	10	6	6	53
16	12	13	10	33	19	25	11	8	1	11	11	7	7	7	Theobald II.
17	13	— Interreg.	11	1	Hugh V. Arthur 1	1 Robert III.	12	9	2	12	12	8	8	8	2
18	14	1 Theodore Palcologus	12	2	12	2	13	10	3	13	13	9	9	9	3
19	15	2	13	3	3	3	14	11	4	14	14	10	10	10	4
20	1 Fulke	3	14	4	4	4	15	12	5	15	15	11	11	11	5
21	2	4	15	5	5	5	16	13	6	16	16	12	12	12	6
22	3	5	16	6	6	6	17	14	7	17	17	13	13	13	7
1 Marino Giorgi	4	6	17	7	7	7	18	15	8	18	18	14	14	14	8
2 Giovanni Sorazo	5	7	18	8	John III. the Good	8	19	16	9	19	19	15	15	15	Ferri IV.
3	6	8	19	9	9	9	20	17	10	20	20	16	16	16	2
4	7	9	20	10	10	10	21	18	11	21	21	17	17	17	3
5	8	10	21	11	11	11	22	19	12	22	22	18	18	18	4
6	9	11	22	12	12	12	23	20	13	23	23	19	19	19	5
7	1 Rinaldo Obizzo III. and Nicholas I.	12	23	3	3	3	24	21	14	24	24	20	20	20	6
8	2	13	24	4	4	4	25	22	15	25	25	21	21	21	7
9	3	14	25	5	5	5	26	23	16	26	26	22	22	22	8
10	4	15	26	6	6	6	27	24	17	27	27	23	23	23	9
11	5	16	27	7	7	7	28	25	18	28	28	24	24	24	10
12	6	17	1 Galeas I.	8	8	8	29	26	19	29	29	25	25	25	11
13	7	18	2	9	9	9	30	27	20	30	30	26	26	26	12
14	8	19	3	10	10	10	31	28	21	31	31	27	27	27	13
15	9	20	4	11	11	11	32	29	22	32	32	28	28	28	14
16	10	21	5	12	12	12	33	30	23	33	33	29	29	29	15
17	11	22	6	13	13	13	34	31	24	34	34	30	30	30	16
1 Francesco Dandolo	12	23	1 Azzo Louis I. de Gonzaga	14	14	14	35	32	25	35	35	31	31	31	Raoul I
2	13	24	2	15	15	15	36	33	26	36	36	32	32	32	2
3	14	25	3	16	16	16	37	34	27	37	37	33	33	33	3
4	15	26	4	17	17	17	38	35	28	38	38	34	34	34	4
5	16	27	5	18	18	18	39	36	29	39	39	35	35	35	5
6	17	28	6	19	19	19	40	37	30	40	40	36	36	36	6
7	18	29	7	20	20	20	41	38	31	41	41	37	37	37	7
8	19 Rinaldo, ob.	30	8	21	21	21	42	39	32	42	42	38	38	38	8
9	20	31	9	22	22	22	43	40	33	43	43	39	39	39	9
10	21	32	10	23	23	23	44	41	34	44	44	40	40	40	10
11	22	33	11	24	24	24	45	42	35	45	45	41	41	41	11
1 Bartolommeo Gradenigo	23	1 John II. Palcologus	12	25	25	25	46	43	36	46	46	42	42	42	12
2	24	2	13	26	26	26	47	44	37	47	47	43	43	43	13
3	25	3	14	27	27	27	48	45	38	48	48	44	44	44	14
4	26	4	15	28	28	28	49	46	39	49	49	45	45	45	15
1 Andrea Dandolo	27	5	16	29	29	29	50	47	40	50	50	46	46	46	16
2	28 Nicholas, ob.	7	17	30	30	30	51	48	41	51	51	47	47	47	17
3	29	8	18	31	31	31	52	49	42	52	52	48	48	48	18
4	30	9	19	32	32	32	53	50	43	53	53	49	49	49	19
5	31	10	20	33	33	33	54	51	44	54	54	50	50	50	20
6	32	11	21	34	34	34	55	52	45	55	55	51	51	51	21
7	33	12	22	35	35	35	56	53	46	56	56	52	52	52	22
8	34	13	23	36	36	36	57	54	47	57	57	53	53	53	23
				1 Philip I. deRouvre	10	10	5	39	14	5	6	24	53	53	5

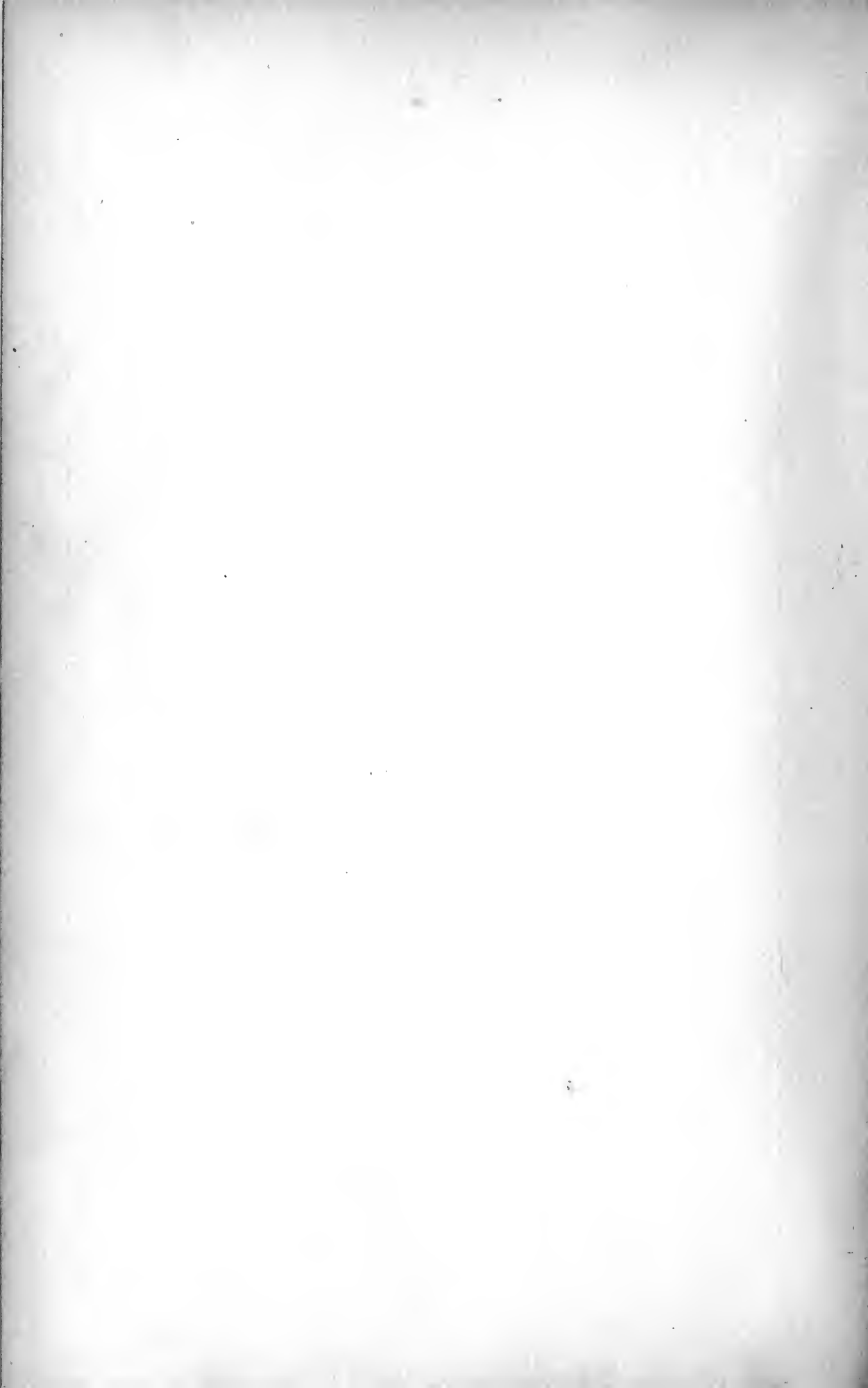
No.	Name	Age	Sex	Religion	Marital Status	Occupation	Income	Education	Health	Notes
1	John Doe	35	M	Catholic	Married	Teacher	\$1200	High School	Good	
2	Jane Smith	28	F	Protestant	Single	Nurse	\$1500	College	Good	
3	Robert Brown	45	M	Jewish	Married	Engineer	\$1800	College	Good	
4	Mary White	55	F	Methodist	Widowed	Homemaker	\$800	High School	Fair	
5	James Black	30	M	Buddhist	Single	Student	\$600	College	Good	
6	Elizabeth Green	60	F	Anglican	Married	Retired	\$1000	High School	Fair	
7	Michael Lee	25	M	Muslim	Single	Software Dev	\$2000	College	Good	
8	Sarah King	40	F	Hindu	Married	Accountant	\$1400	College	Good	
9	David Wilson	50	M	Sikh	Married	Manager	\$1600	College	Good	
10	Linda Taylor	38	F	Buddhist	Single	Writer	\$1100	College	Good	

Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	The Last Ottoman	Emprs. of Emperors	Emperors of Germany	Hungary	Kings of Bohemia	Kings of Poland	Kings of France	Counts of Savoy	KINGS IN SPAIN			Kings of Portugal
										Castile	Arragon	Granada	
6064	1351	5	John Cant. Orchan 26	5 Charles IV.	10 Louis I. Charles 6	19 Casimir III.	2 John II.	9 Amadeus VI.	3 Charles II. the Bad	2 Pedro 16 IV. 17	19 Yussef I.	27 Alfonso IV.	
6065	1352	6	— 27	6 —	11 —	20 —	3 —	10 —	4 —	3 —	20 —	28 —	
6066	1353	7	— 28	7 —	12 —	21 —	4 —	11 —	5 —	4 —	18 —	29 —	
6067	1354	8	— 29	8 —	13 —	22 —	5 —	12 —	6 —	5 —	19 —	30 —	
6068	1355	15	John Palæo- logus 30	9 —	14 —	23 —	6 —	13 —	7 —	6 —	20 —	31 —	
6069	1356	16	logus 31	10 —	15 —	24 —	7 —	14 —	8 —	7 —	21 —	32 —	
6070	1357	17	restored 32	11 —	16 —	25 —	8 —	15 —	9 —	8 —	22 —	—	
6071	1358	18	— 33	12 —	17 —	26 —	9 —	16 —	10 —	9 —	23 —	1 Pedro I. the Severe	
6072	1359	19	— 34	13 —	18 —	27 —	10 —	17 —	11 —	10 —	24 —	3 —	
6073	1360	20	Amu- rath 1	14 —	19 —	28 —	11 —	18 —	12 —	11 —	25 —	4 —	
6074	1361	21	I. 2	15 —	20 —	29 —	12 —	19 —	13 —	12 —	26 —	5 —	
6075	1362	22	— 3	16 —	21 —	30 —	13 —	20 —	14 —	13 —	27 —	6 —	
6076	1363	23	— 4	17 —	22 —	31 —	14 —	21 —	15 —	14 —	28 —	7 —	
6077	1364	24	— 5	18 —	23 —	32 —	1 Charles V. the Wise	22 —	16 —	15 —	29 —	8 —	
6078	1365	25	— 6	19 —	24 —	33 —	2 —	23 —	17 —	16 —	30 —	9 —	
6079	1366	26	— 7	20 —	25 —	34 —	3 —	24 —	18 —	17 —	31 —	10 —	
6080	1367	27	— 8	21 —	26 —	35 —	4 —	25 —	19 —	18 —	32 —	1 Ferdin- and	
6081	1368	28	— 9	22 —	27 —	36 —	5 —	26 —	20 —	1 Henry II. the 2 Bastard	33 —	2 —	
6082	1369	29	— 10	23 —	28 —	37 —	6 —	27 —	21 —	2 —	34 —	3 —	
6083	1370	30	— 11	24 —	29 Louis elected	38 —	7 —	28 —	22 —	3 —	35 —	4 —	
6084	1371	31	— 12	25 —	30 King of Poland	39 —	2 Hungary	29 —	23 —	4 —	36 —	5 —	
6085	1372	32	— 13	26 —	31 —	40 —	3 —	30 —	24 —	5 —	37 —	6 —	
6086	1373	33	— 14	27 —	32 —	41 —	4 —	31 —	25 —	6 —	38 —	7 —	
6087	1374	34	— 15	28 —	33 —	42 —	5 —	32 —	26 —	7 —	39 —	8 —	
6088	1375	35	— 16	29 —	34 —	43 —	6 —	33 —	27 —	8 —	40 —	9 —	
6089	1376	36	— 17	30 —	35 —	44 —	7 —	34 —	28 —	9 —	41 —	10 —	
6090	1377	37	— 18	31 —	36 —	45 —	8 —	35 —	29 —	10 —	42 —	11 —	
6091	1378	38	— 19	1 Wences- las	37 Wences- las	46 —	9 —	36 —	30 —	11 —	43 —	12 —	
6092	1379	39	— 20	2 —	38 Empe- ror	47 —	10 —	37 —	31 —	1 John I.	44 —	13 —	
6093	1380	40	— 21	3 —	39 —	48 —	11 —	38 —	32 —	2 —	45 —	14 —	
6094	1381	41	— 22	4 —	40 —	49 —	12 —	39 —	33 —	3 —	46 —	15 —	
6095	1382	42	— 23	5 —	1 Mary	50 —	— Interreg.	40 —	34 —	4 —	47 —	16 —	
6096	1383	43	— 24	6 —	2 —	51 —	—	41 —	35 —	5 —	48 —	1 John I. the Great	
6097	1384	44	— 25	7 —	3 —	52 —	—	42 —	36 —	6 —	49 —	2 —	
6098	1385	45	— 26	8 —	4 —	53 —	1 Hedwig and	43 —	37 —	7 —	50 —	3 —	
6099	1386	46	— 27	9 —	5 —	54 —	2 Ladislas V.	44 —	38 —	8 —	51 —	4 —	
6100	1387	47	— 28	10 —	6 —	55 —	3 Jagello	45 —	39 —	9 John I.	52 —	5 —	
6101	1388	48	— 29	11 —	7 —	56 —	4 —	46 —	40 —	2 Noble	53 —	6 —	
6102	1389	49	Bajazet I. 1	12 —	8 —	57 —	5 —	47 —	41 —	3 —	54 —	7 —	
6103	1390	50	I. 2	13 —	9 —	58 —	6 —	48 —	42 —	4 —	55 —	8 —	
6104	1391	1	Mannel II. 3	14 —	10 —	59 —	7 —	49 —	43 —	5 —	56 —	9 —	
6105	1392	2	Palæo- logus 4	15 —	11 Sigis- mund	60 —	8 —	50 —	44 —	6 —	57 —	10 —	
6106	1393	3	— 5	16 —	12 —	61 —	9 —	51 —	45 —	7 —	58 —	11 —	
6107	1394	4	— 6	17 —	13 —	62 —	10 —	52 —	46 —	8 —	59 —	12 —	
6108	1395	5	— 7	18 —	14 —	63 —	11 —	53 —	47 —	9 —	60 —	13 —	
6109	1396	6	— 8	19 —	15 —	64 —	12 —	54 —	48 —	10 —	61 —	14 —	
6110	1397	7	— 9	20 —	16 —	65 —	13 —	55 —	49 —	11 —	62 —	15 —	
6111	1398	8	— 10	21 —	17 —	66 —	14 —	56 —	50 —	12 —	63 —	16 —	
6112	1399	9	— 11	22 —	18 —	67 —	15 Ladislas alone	57 —	51 —	13 —	64 —	17 —	
6113	1400	10	— 12	1 Rupert- Palatine	19 —	68 —	16 —	58 —	52 —	14 —	65 —	18 —	

SWEDEN		KINGS OF SICILY		POPPES		LEARNING AND GENIUS		MIDDLE AGES		STATESMEN AND WARRIORS	
111.	9	Joanna I.	10	Clement VI.							
32	10	Louis	11	Innocent VI.							
33	11		12		Francis Petrarch, 1304—1374		Battle in the Bosphorus between the Venetian and Genoese admirals Pisano and Doria, Feb. 13.				Pierre de la Foret, minister to John I. ob. 1361
34	12		13				Establishment of the Ottomans in Europe.—The Genoese defeated off Sarabia, Aug. 29.				Albuquerque, minister to Pedro the Cruel, ob. 1354
35	13	Frederic I.			Giovanni Boccaccio, ob. aet. 62, 1375		A third conflict takes place, in which the Venetian fleet is destroyed by Doria off the Morea, Nov. 3.				
36	14	III. the Simple	2		Robert of Avesbury, 'Mirabilia Gesta, Edw. III.' ob. cir. 1356		Marino Faliero, Doge of Venice, denounced to the Council of Ten, and beheaded, Apr. 16.				Edward the Black Prince, 1330—1376
37	15		3		Ralph Higden, 'Polychronicon,' ob. post 1377		The Black Prince with his van falls in with the rear of King John at Maupeitius.—Battle of Poitiers, Sept. 19.				Sir John Chandos, ob. 1370
38	16		4				The Black Prince returns with King John and Prince Philip as prisoners.—David King of Scots is released, Nov. 1.				
39	17		5				The states of France refuse to ratify a peace between the Kings.—The war of 'the Jaquerie' in France.				James Lord Audley, 1314—1386
40	18		6				King Edward lays siege to Rheims, but is repulsed by the Archbishop and the inhabitants.				Sir Robert Knollys, ob. 1407
41	19		7		Matthew of Westminster, 'Flores Historiarum' to 1307,		King John and King Edward ratify the treaty of Bretigny in person at Calais, Oct. 24.—King John is set at liberty.				
42	20		8	1			King Edward sends commissioners to France to take possession of the places surrendered.				
43	21		9	2			King Edward erects Guienne into the Principality of Aquitaine in favour of the Black Prince.				
44	22		10	3			The Black Prince takes possession of his principality, and resides at Bourdeaux.				John Agnello, Doge of Milan, ob. 1368
45	23		11	4			King John returns to England, and dies, Apr. 8.—Battle of Auray, Charles de Blois killed, Sept. 29.				
rt 1	24		12	5	Sir John Mandeville, ob. 1371		Sir Henry Green, chief justice, fined and removed for extortion.				
2	25		13	6			Peter the Cruel, being expelled by Don Henry, prays assistance of the Black Prince at Bourdeaux.				
3	26		14	7			The Black Prince defeats Don Henry at Navarette.—All Castile submits, and Peter mocks his ally.				
4	27		15	8	John Wiclif, cir. 1324—1384		King Charles violates the treaty of Bretigny.—The Gascon lords refuse to pay taxes to the Black Prince.				Hastings, Earl of Pembroke, ob. 1375
5	28		16	1			King Charles summons the Black Prince to Paris, and confiscates the English possessions in France.				Constable du Guesclin, ob. aet. 66, 1388
6	29		17	2	Gregory XI.		Aquitaine is declared forfeited.—The Black Prince retakes Limoges.—Reign of Timour, 1370—1405.				
7	30		18	3			John of Gaunt, D. of Lancaster, weds Constance, daughter of Peter the Cruel, and assumes the regal style of Castile.				Cardinal la Grange, minister to Charles the Wise, ob. 1402
8	31		19	4	John Gower, ob. 1402		The E. of Pembroke defeated and taken prisoner by the Castilian fleet, June 23.—Du Guesclin besieges Rochelle.				Boccanegra, Spanish admiral, ob. cir. 1396
9	32		20	5			John of Gaunt passes over to Calais, and marches through France without resistance.				Sir John Hawkwood, ob. 1394
10	33		21	6			Truce between England and France.—King Edward wastes his treasury upon Alice Perrers, his mistress.				John de Vienne, admiral to Charles the Wise
11	34		22	7	John Barbour, Scottish poet, 'The Bruce,' ob. 1395		Commissioners for peace (John Wiclif and others) meet at Bruges, but they only prolong the truce.				
12	35		23	8	John Froissart, 'Chronicle,' born 1337		Edward the Black Prince dies, June 8, aet. 45.—Charles the Wise prepares to invade England.				Louis Duke of Anjou, ob. 1383
13	36		24	9	John Fordun, 'Scoti-Chronicon'		King Edward III. dies, June 21, aet. 64.—Gregory XI. restores the pontifical court from Avignon to Rome.				John of Gaunt, Duke of Lancaster, ob. 1398
14	37		25	1			The schism in the papacy commences with the double election of Urban VI. and Clement VII.				Richard Scrope, lord chancellor, ob. 1402
15	38		26	2			Montfort, Duke of Bretagne, delivers Brest to the English, in consideration of a grant in land.				Robert de Hales, lord treasurer, ob. 1381
16	39		27	3			Surrender of the Genoese fleet to the Venetians at Chi-ozza.—Capitation tax imposed.				
17	40		28	4			Insurrection of Wat Tyler, who is killed by William Wallworth while insulting the king in Smithfield.				Archbishop Courtney, 1341—1396
18	41		29	5			Battle of Rosebeque, the Flemings defeated by Charles VI. Expedition to Portugal by the Earl of Cambridge fails.				Philip van Artevelde, Flemish general, ob. 1382
19	42		30	6			Crusade of Spenser, Bishop of Norwich, in favour of the Flemings.—Conquest of Turkestan by Timour.				Verde, Duke of Ireland, ob. 1395
20	43		31	7			John of Gaunt is accused of treason, but the parties are reconciled by the Princess of Wales.				Michael de la Pole, Earl of Suffolk, ob. 1388
21	44		32	8			King Richard declares Roger Earl of March, grandson of Lionel Duke of Clarence, presumptive heir to the crown.				John de Montagu, minister to Charles VI. ob. 1409
22	45		33	9			John of Gaunt, Duke of Lancaster, proceeds to Spain.—The Earl of Suffolk impeached by the H. of Commons.				Henry Earl of Northumberland, ob. 1406
et of ark,	46		34	10			De Vere, D. of Ireland, Abp. Nevil, and the E. of Suffolk, 'appealed' of treason by the Duke of Gloucester.				William of Wykeham, Bishop of Winchester, ob. 1426
y	47		35	11			Chief justice Tresilian, Sir Nicholas Brember, and Sir Simon Burley executed.—Battle of Otterburn, Aug. 9.				
	48		36	12	Hafiz, Persian poet, ob. cir. 1389		King Richard asserts his majority.—The Duke of Gloucester is removed.—John of Gaunt returns to England.				
	49		37	13			Restoration of the Greek language in Italy by Manuel Chrysolaras, 1390—1415.				
	50		38	14			Death of the Emperor John Palæologus.				
	51		39	15			The city of London refuse the King £1000, who annuls the charter, and restores it for £10,000.				Henry Lord Percy, 'Hotspur,' ob. 1403
	52		40	16	Manuel Chrysolaras, Greek philologist, ob. aet. 60, 1415		The Duke of Gloucester, about to embark for Ireland, is recalled.—Conquest of Persia by Timour.				John de Montacute, Earl of Salisbury, ob. 1400
	53		41	1			Anne of Bohemia, 'the good Queen Anne,' dies, June 7.				Scrope, Earl of Wiltshire, ob. 1399
	54		42	2			King Richard proceeds to Ireland.				
	55		43	3			King Richard returns to appease the troubles raised by the Lollards.—Twenty-eight years' truce with France.				
	56		44	4			Battle of Nicopolis, and defeat of Sigismund by Bajazet, Sept. 28.—Conquest of Kipzak by Timour.				Owen Glendour
	57		45	5			The Duke of Gloucester seized at Pleshy in presence of the King, and carried off to Calais.				
	58		46	6			Wager of battle between the Dukes of Hereford and Norfolk interrupted by the King, and the Dukes banished.				
	59		47	7			Henry of Bolingbroke lands at Ravenspur, July 4.—King Richard taken prisoner, and resigns the crown, Sept. 29.				
	60		48	8	Geoffrey Chaucer, 1325—1400		War of Timour against Bajazet, Sept. 1.—Timour invades Syria and sacks Aleppo, Nov. 11.				

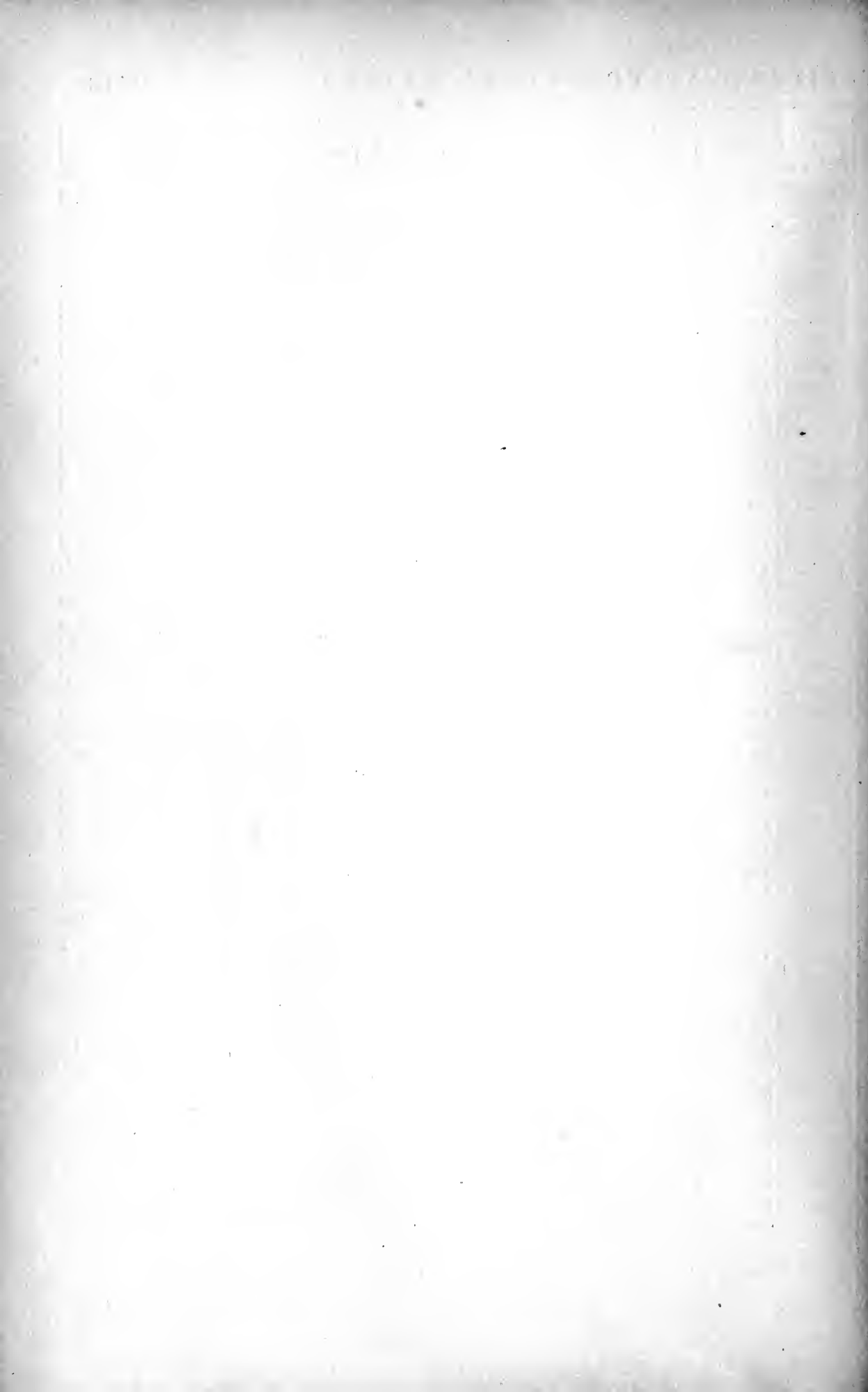


DOGES OF VENICE	Signori of Ferrara	Marquises of Monterrat	Visconti — Signori Milan — Mantua	Burgundy — Dukes of — Bretagne	Flanders — Counts — Dukes Brabant	Namur — Marqs. — Dukes Luxembg.	Holland — Counts — Electors Brandenbg.	Bavaria — Dukes — Palatine	Saxony — Electors — Dukes Lorraine
9 Andrea Dandolo	35 Obizzo III.	14 John II. Paleologus	3 John Louis I. 24	2 Philip I. Charles 11 de Blois 12	6 Louis II. John 40 III. 41	15 William I. Charles 6 7	7 Margaret Louis I. 29 8 Louis II. 1 the Roman 2	5 Stephen Rodolph 25 II. 26	54 Rodolph I. John 6 I. 7
10 —	1 Aldovrandini III.	15 —	4 — 25	3 — 13	7 — 41	16 — 6	9 — 2	6 — 26	55 — 7
11 —	2 —	16 —	5 — 26	4 — 13	8 — 42	17 Wenceslas I. Duke 2	10 — 3	7 Rupert I. the Red 2	56 — 8
1 Marino Faliero	3 —	17 —	1 Matt. II. 27 Bernarbo 2 and Galeas 3 II. 29	5 — 14	9 — 43	18 — 3	11 — 4	8 — 2	57 — 9
1 Giovanni Gradenigo	4 —	18 —	2 — 28	6 — 15	10 Jane & Wenceslas of Luxemburg 2	19 — 3	12 — 5	9 — 3	58 — 10
1 Giovanni Dolfin	5 —	19 —	3 — 29	7 — 16	11 — 2	20 — 4	1 William V. the Senseless 6	10 — 4	1 Rodolph II. 12
2 —	6 —	20 —	4 (Matt.) (ob. 1355) 30	8 — 17	12 — 3	21 — 5	3 — 7	11 — 5	2 — 13
3 —	7 —	21 —	5 — 31	9 — 18	13 — 4	22 — 6	4 — 8	12 — 6	3 — 14
4 —	8 —	22 —	6 — 32	10 — 19	14 — 5	23 — 7	5 — 9	13 — 7	4 — 15
5 —	9 —	23 —	7 Guy 1	11 — 20	15 — 6	24 — 8	6 — 10	14 — 8	5 — 16
1 Lorenzo Celsi	1 Nicholas II.	24 —	8 — 2	12 — 21	16 — 7	25 — 9	7 — 11	15 — 9	6 — 17
2 —	2 —	25 —	9 — 3	— 22	17 — 8	26 — 10	8 — 12	16 — 10	7 — 18
3 —	3 —	26 —	10 — 4	1 Philip II. 23 the Hardy 2 John V. 1 the Valiant 2	18 — 9	27 — 11	9 — 13	17 — 11	8 — 19
4 —	4 —	27 —	11 — 5	3 — 3	19 — 10	28 — 12	10 Otho V. 1 le Fainéant 2	18 — 12	9 — 20
1 Marco Cornaro	5 —	28 —	12 — 6	4 — 3	20 — 11	29 — 13	11 — 14	19 — 13	10 — 21
2 —	6 —	29 —	13 — 7	5 — 4	21 — 12	30 — 14	12 — 3	20 — 14	11 — 22
1 Andrea Contarini	7 —	30 —	14 — 8	6 — 5	22 — 13	31 — 15	13 — 4	21 — 15	12 — 23
2 —	8 —	31 —	15 — 9	7 — 6	23 — 14	32 — 16	14 — 5	22 — 16	13 — 24
3 —	9 —	32 —	16 Louis II. 1	8 — 7	24 — 15	33 — 17	15 — 6	23 — 17	14 — 25
4 —	10 —	33 —	17 — 2	9 — 8	25 — 16	34 — 18	16 — 7	24 — 18	1 Wenceslas 25
5 —	11 —	34 —	18 — 3	10 — 9	26 — 17	35 — 19	17 — 8	25 — 19	2 — 26
6 —	12 —	1 Otho	19 — 4	11 — 10	27 — 18	36 — 20	18 Wenceslas of Luxemburg 2	26 — 20	3 — 27
7 —	13 —	2 —	20 — 5	12 — 11	28 — 19	37 — 21	19 — 2	27 — 21	4 — 28
8 —	14 —	3 —	21 — 6	13 — 12	29 — 20	38 — 22	20 — 3	28 — 22	5 — 29
9 —	15 —	4 —	22 — 7	14 — 13	30 — 21	39 — 23	21 — 4	1 John I. the Pacific 23	6 — 30
10 —	16 —	5 —	23 — 8	15 — 14	31 — 22	40 — 24	22 — 5	22 P'acific 24	7 — 31
11 —	17 —	6 —	24 — 9	16 — 15	32 — 23	41 — 25	23 Sigismund of Luxemburg 3	3 — 25	8 — 32
12 —	18 —	1 John III.	1 John-Galeas 2 and Bernarbo 3	17 — 16	33 — 24	42 — 26	24 — 2	4 — 26	9 — 33
13 —	19 —	2 —	2 — 11	18 — 17	34 — 25	43 — 27	25 — 3	5 — 27	10 — 34
14 —	20 —	3 —	3 — 12	19 — 18	35 — 26	44 — 28	26 — 4	6 — 28	11 — 35
15 —	21 —	1 Theodore II.	4 — 13	20 — 19	36 — 27	45 — 29	27 — 5	7 — 29	12 — 36
1 Michele Morosini 1 Antonio Veniero 2	22 Tomaso Albizzi	2 —	5 Francis I. 2	21 — 20	37 — 28	46 — 30	28 — 6	8 — 30	13 — 37
3 —	23 —	3 —	6 — 2	22 — 21	38 Jane alone Flanders united to Burgundy 29	47 Wenceslas II. Emperor 30	29 — 7	9 — 31	14 — 38
4 —	24 —	4 —	7 — 3	23 — 22	31 — 31	48 — 3	30 — 8	10 — 32	15 — 39
5 —	25 —	5 —	8 Bernarbo ob. 4	24 — 23	32 — 32	49 — 4	31 — 9	11 — 33	16 — 40
6 —	26 —	6 —	9 — 5	25 — 24	33 — 33	50 — 5	32 — 10	12 — 34	17 — 41
7 —	27 —	7 —	10 — 6	26 — 25	34 — 34	51 — 6	33 Jossus le Barbu 2	13 — 35	18 — 42
8 —	1 Albert	8 —	11 — 7	27 — 26	35 — 35	52 — 7	1 Albert 2	14 — 36	1 Rodolph III. 43
9 —	2 —	9 —	12 — 8	28 — 27	36 — 36	53 — 8	2 — 3	15 — 37	2 — 44
10 —	3 —	10 —	13 — 9	29 — 28	37 — 37	54 — 9	3 — 4	16 Rupert I. le 17	3 — 45
11 —	4 —	11 —	14 — 10	30 — 29	38 — 38	1 William II. 4	4 — 5	17 Petit 2	4 Charles I. the Hardy 2
12 —	5 —	12 —	15 — 11	31 — 30	39 — 39	2 — 5	5 — 6	18 — 3	5 — 3
13 —	1 Nicholas III.	13 —	16 — 12	32 — 31	40 — 40	3 — 6	6 — 7	19 — 4	6 — 4
14 —	2 —	14 —	17 — 13	33 — 32	41 — 41	4 — 7	7 — 8	20 — 5	7 — 5
15 —	3 —	15 —	18 John-Galeas created Duke of Milan 14	34 — 33	42 — 42	5 — 8	8 — 9	21 — 6	8 — 6
16 —	4 —	16 —	19 — 15	35 — 34	43 — 43	6 — 9	9 — 10	22 — 7	9 — 7
17 —	5 —	17 —	20 Milan 16	36 — 35	44 — 44	7 — 10	10 — 11	1 Ernest 8	10 — 8
18 —	6 —	18 —	21 — 17	37 John VI. 1 the Good 2	45 — 45	8 — 11	11 — 12	2 Rupert III. 2	11 — 9
19 —	7 —	19 —	22 — 18	38 — 38	46 — 46	9 — 12	12 — 13	3 — 2	12 — 10
1 Michele Steno	8 —	20 —	23 — 19	39 — 39	47 — 47	10 — 13	13 — 13	4 elected emperor	13 — 11

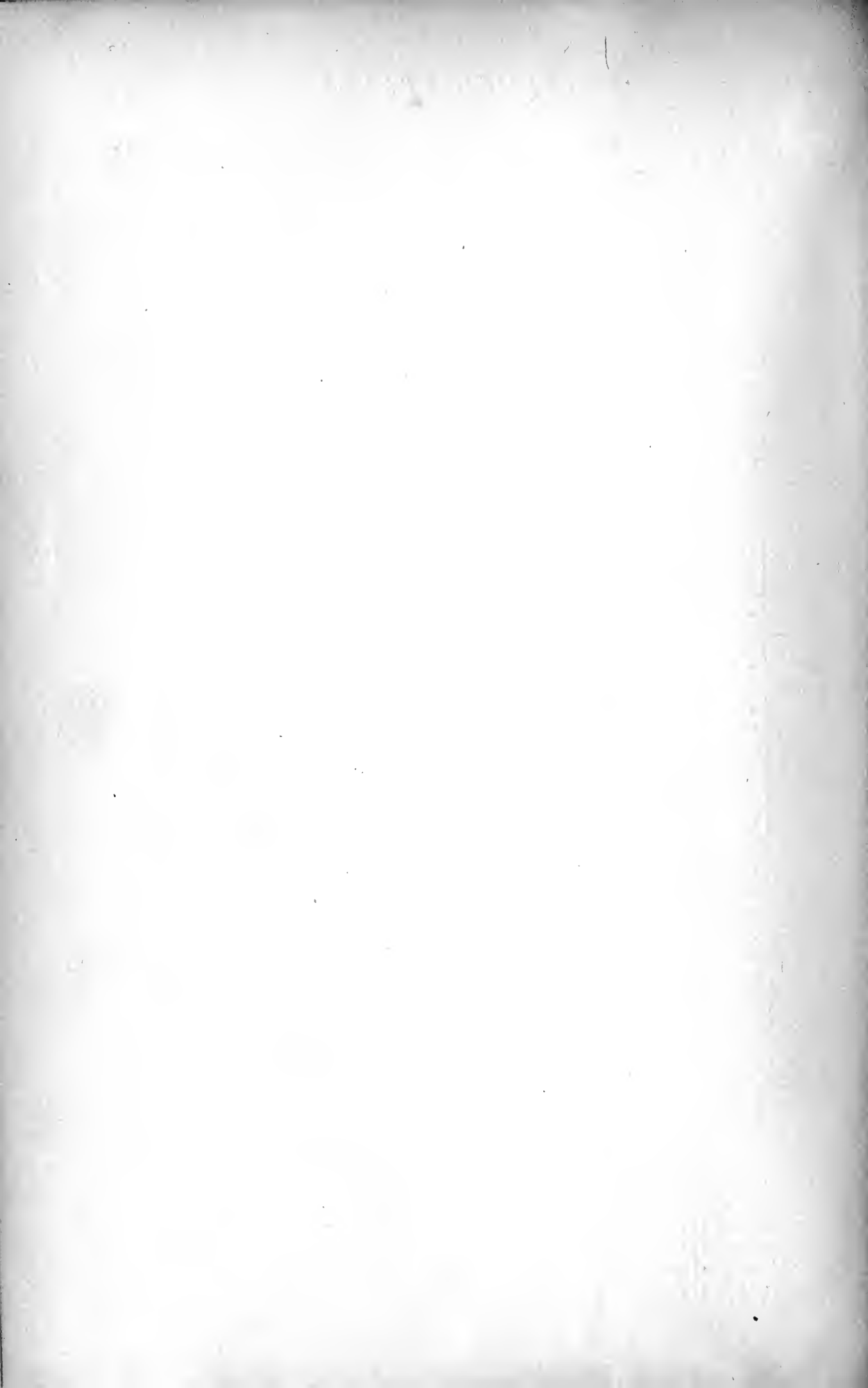


Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	The East		Emperors of Germany	Hungary	Kings of Bohemia	Kings of Poland	Kings of France	Dukes of Savoy	KINGS IN SPAIN			Kings of Portugal	England										
		Ottoman	Emprors							Castile	—Arragon	Granada												
6114	1401	11	Manuel II.	2	Rupert Count	10	Sigismund Wences-24 las VI. 25	17	Ladislas IV.	22	Charles VI.	11	Amadeus VIII.	15	Charles III. the Noble	12	Henry III. Martin 7	8	6	Mahomed VI.	19	John I. the Great	3	
6115	1402	12	Soliman I.	3	Palatine	11		18		23		12		16		13		9	8		20		4	
6116	1403	13		4		12		19		24		13		17		14		9	8		21		5	
6117	1404	14		5		13		20		25		14		18		15		10	9		22		6	
6118	1405	15		6		14		21		26		15		19		16		11	10		23		7	
6119	1406	16		7		15		22		27		16		20		1	John II.	12	11		24		8	
6120	1407	17		8		16		23		28		17		21		2		13	12		25		9	
6121	1408	18		9		17		24		29		18		22		3		14	1	Yussef III.	26		10	
6122	1409	19		10		18		25		30		19		23		4		15	2		27		11	
6123	1410	20	Musa-1 Chelebi	1	Jossus 1 Sigis-	19		26		31		20		24		5	Interreg.	3			28		12	
6124	1411	21		2	mund	20	elected emperor	34		27		21		25		6			4		29		13	
6125	1412	22		3		21		35		28		22		26		7	Ferdin-1 and the Just 2	5		30		14		
6126	1413	23	Mahomed I.	4		22		36		29		23		27		8	King of Sicily 3	6		31		1		
6127	1414	24		5		23		37		30		24		28		9		7		32		2		
6128	1415	25		6		24		38		31		25		29		10		4	8		33		3	
6129	1416	26		7		25		39		32		26		30		11	Alfonso V. the Wise 2	9		34		4		
6130	1417	27		8		26		40		33		27		31		12		10		35		5		
6131	1418	28		9		27		41		34		28		32		13		3	11		36		6	
6132	1419	29		10		28	Sigismund Emper-	1	35		40		29		33		14		4	12		37		7
6133	1420	30		11		29		2	36		41		30		34		15		5	13		38		8
6134	1421	31	Amurath II.	1		30		3	37		42		31		35		16		6	14		39		9
6135	1422	32		2		31		4	38		1	Charles VII. the Victorious	32		36		17		7	15		40		1
6136	1423	33		3		32		5	39		2		33		37		18		8	1	Mahomed VII.	41		2
6137	1424	34		4		33		6	40		3		34		38		19		9	2		42		3
6138	1425	1	John-Paleolo-2 gus II.	5	16	34		7	41		4		35		1	John II.	20		10	3		43		4
6139	1426	2		6	17	35		8	42		5		36		2		21		11	4		44		5
6140	1427	3		7	18	36		9	43		6		37		3		22		12	1	Mahomed VIII.	45		6
6141	1428	4		8	19	37		10	44		7		38		4		23		13	2		46		7
6142	1429	5		9	20	38		11	45		8		39		5		24		14	1	Mahomed VII. 2 again	47		8
6143	1430	6		10	21	39		12	46		9		40		6		25		15	2		48		9
6144	1431	7		11	22	40		13	47		10		41		7		26		16	3		49		10
6145	1432	8		12	23	41		14	48		11		42		8		27		17	1	Yus. IV. 1 Mahomed VII.	50		11
6146	1433	9		13	24	42		15	49		12		43		9		28		18	2		1 Edward	12	12
6147	1434	10		14	25	43		16	1	Ladislas VI.	13		44		10		29		19	3		2		13
6148	1435	11		15	26	44		17	2		14		45		11		30		20	4		3		14
6149	1436	12		16	27	45		18	3		15		46		12		31		21	5		4		15
6150	1437	13		17	28	1	Albert King of Bohemia 2	4		4		16		47		13		22	6		5		16	
6151	1438	14		18	1	Albert II, the Interreg.	3	Emperor 3	6		17		48		14		33		23	7		1	Alfonso V. the African	17
6152	1439	15		19	2	Frederic IV.	1	Ladislas IV 1	7	succeeds as K. of	18		49		15		34		24	8		2		18
6153	1440	16		20	3	Ladislas V.	8	Hungary	20		19		50		16		35		25	9		3		19
6154	1441	17		21	4	Interreg.	5	11	23		20		51		17		36		26	10		4		20
6155	1442	18		22	5	Interreg.	6	1	24		21		52		18		37		27	11		5		21
6156	1443	19		23	6	Interreg.	7	2	25		22		53		19		38		28	12		6		22
6157	1444	20		24	7	Interreg.	8	3	26		23		54		20		39		29	13		7		23
6158	1445	21		25	8	Interreg.	9	4	27		24		55		21		40		30	1	Mahomed IX.	8		24
6159	1446	22		26	9	Interreg.	10	5	28		25		56		22		41		31	2		9		25
6160	1447	23		27	10	Interreg.	11	6	29		26		57		23		42		32	3		10		26
6161	1448	1	Constantine XIII.	28	9	Interreg.	12	7	30		27		58		24		43		33	4		11		27
6162	1449	2	Paleolo-2 gus	29	10	Interreg.	13	8	31		28		59		25		44		34	5		12		28
6163	1450	3		30	11	Interreg.	14	9	32		29		60		26		45		35	6		13		29

Kings of Sicily		POPEs	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MIDDLE AGES	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
16	Ladislas Mary 25	13 Bonif. IX. Benedict 8		Owen Glendour raises a rebellion in Wales.—Timour sacks Damascus, Jan. 23, and Bagdad, July 23.	L. C. J. Sir W. Gascoigne, ob. 1413
17	Martin 1 alone	14 XIII. 9		Battle of Anjora and defeat of Bajazet, July 28.—Battle of Homildon Hill, Sept. 14.	Tamerlane, ob. 1405
18	— 2	15 — 10		Battle of Shrewsbury, Hotspur killed, July 21; the Earl of Northumberland submitting, is pardoned.	Louis Duke of Orleans, ob. 1407
19	— / 3	1 Innocent 11 VII.		The House of Commons petition the king to seize the temporalities of the clergy to pay his army.	Constable d'Albret, ob. 1415
20	— 4	2 — 12		Owen Glendour's son defeated by Prince Henry.—Archbishop Scrope and Lord Mowbray suffer for conspiracy.	Nevil, Earl of Westmoreland, ob. 1425
21	— 5	1 Gregory 13 XII.	Leonard Aretine, 1370—1443	Prince James of Scotland taken prisoner on his way to France; the Duke of Albany made regent.	Robert, regent D. of Albany, ob. 1420
22	— 6	2 — 14		The Duke of Orleans assassinated at the instance of the Duke of Burgundy, who avows it, and is pardoned.	Archbishop Arundel, 1353—1413
23	— 7	3 — 15		The Earl of Northumberland defeated and killed at Bramham Moor, by Sir Thomas Rokeby.	Pierre des Essars, minister to Charles VI. ob. 1413
24	Martin 1 senior Interreg.	1 Alexan-der V. XXIII.		Council of Pisa, March 25.—John Wickliffe's books condemned at the University of Oxford.	Oldcastle, Lord Cobham, ob. 1417
25	—	1 John 17		King Henry takes advantage of the war between the houses of Burgundy and Orleans.	Constable d'Armagnac, ob. 1413
26	—	2 — 18	John Huss, 1376—1415	King Henry sends an army under the Earl of Arundel, in aid of the Duke of Burgundy.	Edward Mortimer, Earl of March, ob. 1424
27	—	3 — 19		The Orleans faction detach King Henry from the Duke of Burgundy, and form an alliance.	Beaufort, Duke of Exeter, ob. 1426
28	—	4 — 20	Jerome of Prague, ob. 1416	King Henry IV. dies Mar. 20, at. 45.—The Orleans faction gains the ascendancy at Paris.	Thomas Earl of Salisbury, ob. 1428
1	Joanna II. of Bourbon	5 — 21	Archbishop Chicheley, 1362—1443	King Henry V. demands the crown of France.—XVth General Council, of Constance, Nov. 16—Apr. 22, 1418.	Thomas Duke of Clarence, ob. 1421
2	—	— Deposed 22	John Hardyng, chronicler, 1378, post. 1465	John Huss condemned at Constance.—Battle of Agincourt, Oct. 25.—King Henry lands at Dover, Nov. 16.	Mareschal Boucicault, ob. 1421
3	—	— 23		The French besiege Harfleur, but are defeated, and the place is relieved by the Duke of Bedford.	Archibald Earl of Douglas, ob. 1424
4	—	1 Martin V. Deposed		King Henry lands in Normandy, and declines negotiation. Lord Cobham suffers for heresy, Dec. 25.	Murdoch, regent Duke of Albany, ob. 1425
5	—	2 —	Poggio Bracciolini, 1380—1459	Massacre at Paris, June 12.—Queen Isabella and the Duke of Burgundy enter Paris in the king's name, July 14.	Earl of Buchan, Constable of France, ob. 1424
6	—	3 —		John Duke of Burgundy assassinated, whilst in personal conference, at the instance of the Dauphin, Aug. 18.	Tanegui du Chatel, minister to Charles VII. ob. 1462
7	—	4 —		Treaty of Troyes, May 30.—Marriage of K. Henry and the Pss. Catherine.—Philip of Burgundy demands justice.	President Louvet, ob. 1425
8	—	5 —		Battle of Beaujeu, Duke of Clarence killed, Feb. 23.—Siege of Meaux, Oct. 6.—Reunion of the Ottoman empire.	John Duke of Bedford, ob. 1435
9	—	6 —		King Henry V. dies, Aug. 31, at. 33.—Dukes of Bedford and Gloucester Protectors.—King Charles VI. dies, Oct. 21.	John Earl of Arundel, ob. 1434
10	—	7 —		Battle of Crevant, June.—James I., King of Scotland, released, after seventeen years' captivity, Sept. 10.	Constable Richemont, ob. 1458
11	—	8 —		Battle of Vernuil, Aug. 18.—The Earl of March dies, and is succeeded in his regal rights by the Duke of York.	Humphrey Duke of Gloucester, ob. 1447
12	—	9 —	Flavius Blondus, ob. at. 75, 1463	High dissension between the Duke of Gloucester and Bp. Beaufort, which is appeased by the Duke of Bedford.	Joan of Arc, 1412—1431
13	—	10 —		The Earl of Warwick defeated at Montargis by the Bastard of Orleans.—Beaufort receives a Cardinal's hat.	Mareschal de L'Isle Adam, ob. 1437
14	—	11 —	Theodore Gaza, ob. at. 90, 1478	The Duke of Bretagne sues to the Duke of Bedford for peace, and swears to the Treaty of Troyes.	Cardinal Beaufort, ob. 1447
15	—	12 —		The Earls of Salisbury and Suffolk take several towns upon the Loire, and besiege Orleans.	Sir John Fastolf, ob. 1469
16	—	13 —	Francis Philadelphus, 1398—1481	Orleans carried by assault, by Joan of Arc, May 8.—King Charles VII. crowned at Rheims, July 17.	George de la Tremouille, minister to Chas. VII. ob. 1446
17	—	14 —	Andrew Wintoun, ob. cir. 1430	Burgundy besieges Compeigne, Joan of Arc taken prisoner, and delivered up to the Duke of Bedford.	Beauchamp, Earl of Warwick, ob. 1440
18	—	1 Eugene IV.	George Trebisonid, 1395—1480	Joan of Arc burnt at Rouen, May 30.—XVIIth Council, of Basle, Dec. 14—May, 1443.	John Earl of Shrewsbury, 1373—1453
19	—	2 —	Enguerrand de Monstrelet, ob. 1453	Francesco Carnagnola betrayed at a banquet, and executed by the Venetian Senate, May 5.	Alexander Livingstone, regent of Scotland
20	—	3 —	George Gemistus Pletho, ob. at. 100, 1490	The Dukes of Burgundy and Bedford meet at St. Omer's, but part highly incensed.	Creighton, Chancellor of Scotland
21	—	4 —		Cosmo de Medici recalled to Florence, Sept.—Exile of the Albizzi.—Last revolt of Rome.	La Hire Vignoles, general to Charles VII.
1	Alfonso I. the Wise King of Arragon	5 —	Laurentius Valla, 1406—1457	Treaty of Arras, Sept. 22.—The Duke of Burgundy sides with King Charles.—John Duke of Bedford dies, Sept. 14.	Mareschal de Chabannes, ob. 1453
2	—	6 —		The Duke of Burgundy lays siege to Calais, but the Duke of Gloucester obliges him to retire.	William de la Pole, Earl of Suffolk, ob. 1450
3	—	7 —		Plague and famine desolate both England and France.	John Corvinus Hunniades, ob. 1456
4	—	8 —		The Duke of Burgundy makes a second attempt upon Calais, which he endeavours to inundate, but fails.	
5	—	9 —		Union of the Greek and Latin Churches, July 6.—XVIIIth General Council, of Florence, Feb. 26—March 7, 1443.	
6	—	10 —	John Guttenburg, 1397—1468	Duke of Orleans, 25 years a prisoner in England, set at liberty.—The art of printing discovered about this time.	
7	—	11 —	John Fust, ob. cir. 1466	Marriage of Francesco Sforza with Bianca Visconti of Milan, daughter of Duke Philip.	
8	—	12 —	Peter Scheffer, ob. post. 1479	Talbot, Earl of Shrewsbury, takes Conches, in Normandy, and blocks up Dieppe.	
9	—	13 —	Sir John Fortescue	Truce between England and Burgundy, April 23.—The French raise the blockade of Dieppe.	
10	—	14 —	John Wesselus, of Groningen, 1419—1489	The Earl of Suffolk proposes marriage between K. Henry and Margaret of Anjou, which Gloucester opposes.	
11	—	15 —		The Queen, Marquis of Suffolk, Cardinal Beaufort, and Abp. of York, league against the Duke of Gloucester.	
12	—	16 —	Henry, the Scottish Minstrel	Gloucester accused by the Queen's party, but acquitted.—The sea breaks in at Dort and overwhelms 100,000 souls	
13	—	1 Nicholas V.	William of Waynflete, Bp. of Winchester, ob. 1486	Duke of Gloucester arrested at St. Edmundsbury, and found dead in his bed, Feb. 28.—Card. Beaufort dies, Apr. 11.	
14	—	2 —		Public disgust at the elevation of the Duke of Suffolk.	
15	—	3 —	Georgius Peurbachius, 1423—1461	The Duke of York puts down a rebellion in Ireland, by gentle measures only.—He now aspires to the crown.	
16	—	4 —		The Duke of Suffolk beheaded at sea, May 2.—Battle of Fourmigny, Apr. 18.—Insurrection of Jack Cade.	Edmund Beaufort, Duke of Somerset, ob. 1455



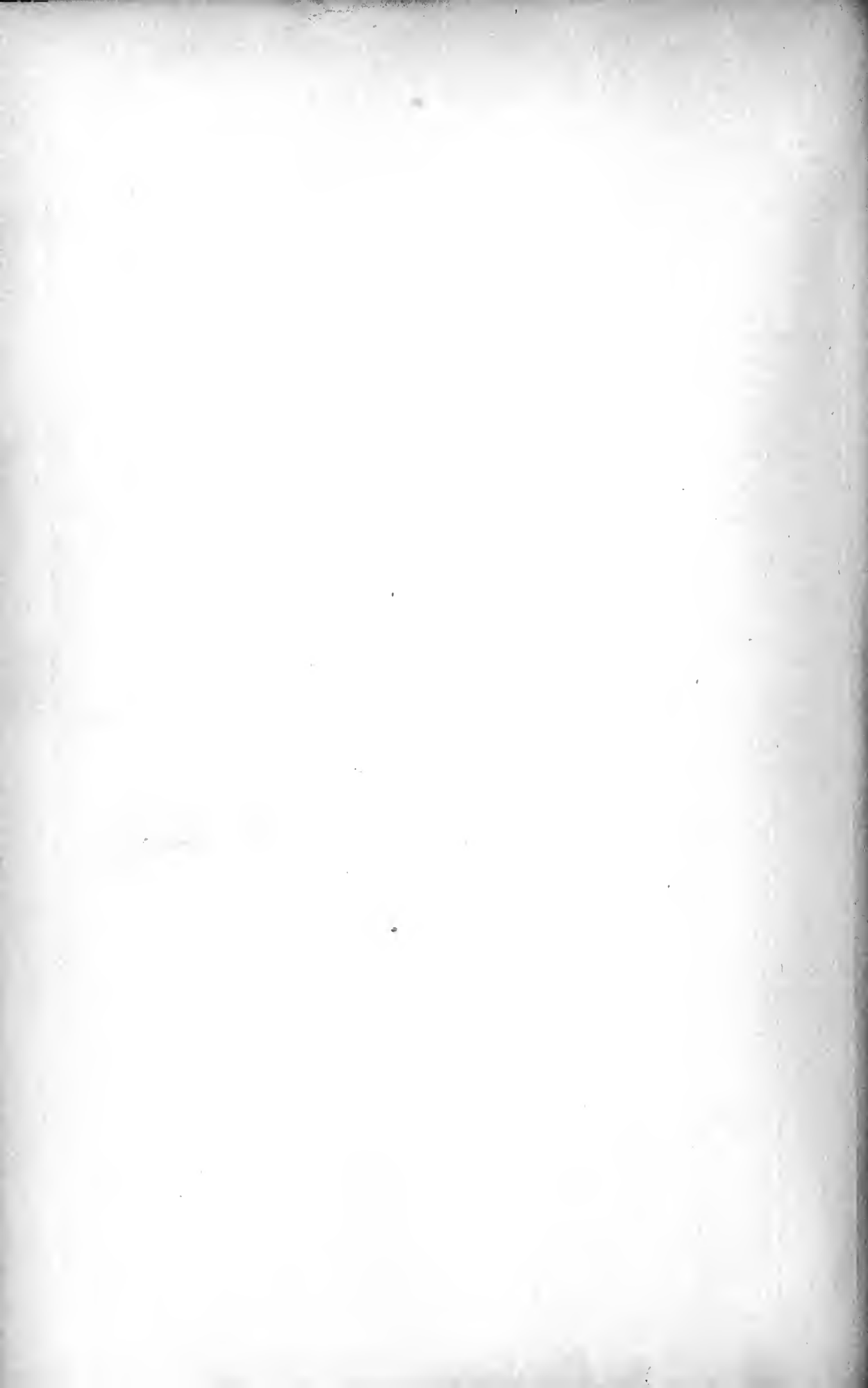
DOGES or VENICE	Florence Signori of Ferrara	Monterrat Marqs. Counts	Guastalla Milan Signori	Dukes Franc. I. 21 22 23	Mantua 24	Burgundy Dukes of 25	Bretagne 26	Namur Marqs. Dukes	Brabant 27	Holland Counts Dukes	Luxembg. 28	Brandenbg. Electors Dukes	Brunswick 29	Bavaria Dukes Electors	Falaine 30	Saxony Electors Dukes	Lorraine 31
2 Michele Steno	20 Tomaso Nicolò 9 III. 10	21 Theodore II.	24 Jo. Galeas Franc. I. 20 1 John- Mary 21	22 — 22 2 — 23 3 — 24	23 — 23 24 — 24	25 — 25 1 John sans 2 Peur 6	26 — 26 27 — 27 28 — 28 29 — 29	11 Wm. II. Jane 47 12 — 48	13 Albert Jossus 14 14 — 15 15 — 16	14 Jossus the Bearded 15 — 16 — 17 — 18 — 19 — 20 — 21 — 22 — 23 — 24 —	14 Jossus the Bearded 15 — 16 — 17 — 18 — 19 — 20 — 21 — 22 — 23 — 24 —	5 Ernest Rupert 4 III. 5 6 — 7 — 8 — 9 — 10 — 11 — 12 — 13 — 14 —	14 Rodph. III. Charles II. 1. 11 15 — 12 16 — 13 17 — 14 18 — 15 19 — 16 20 — 17 21 — 18 22 — 19 23 — 20 24 — 21 25 — 22 26 — 23 27 — 24 28 — 25 29 — 26 30 — 27 31 — 28 32 — 29 33 — 30 34 — 31 35 — 32 36 — 33 37 — 34 38 — 35 39 — 36 40 — 37 41 — 38 42 — 39 43 — 40 44 — 41 45 — 42 46 — 43 47 — 44 48 — 45 49 — 46 50 — 47 51 — 48 52 — 49 53 — 50 54 — 51 55 — 52 56 — 53 57 — 54 58 — 55 59 — 56 60 — 57 61 — 58 62 — 59 63 — 60 64 — 61 65 — 62 66 — 63 67 — 64 68 — 65 69 — 66 70 — 67 71 — 68 72 — 69 73 — 70 74 — 71 75 — 72 76 — 73 77 — 74 78 — 75 79 — 76 80 — 77 81 — 78 82 — 79 83 — 80 84 — 81 85 — 82 86 — 83 87 — 84 88 — 85 89 — 86 90 — 87 91 — 88 92 — 89 93 — 90 94 — 91 95 — 92 96 — 93 97 — 94 98 — 95 99 — 96 100 — 97				
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1 Tomaso Mocenigo	33 —	34 —	37 —	36 —	37 —	38 —	39 —	24 —	26 —	27 —	28 —	29 —	18 —	17 —	18 —	27 —	24 —
2 —	34 —	35 —	38 —	37 —	38 —	39 —	40 —	25 —	27 —	28 —	29 —	30 —	19 —	18 —	19 —	28 —	25 —
3 —	35 —	36 —	39 —	38 —	39 —	40 —	41 —	26 —	28 —	29 —	30 —	31 —	20 —	19 —	20 —	29 —	26 —
4 —	1 Nicolò Albizzi	37 —	40 —	39 —	40 —	41 —	42 —	27 —	29 —	30 —	31 —	32 —	21 —	20 —	21 —	30 —	27 —
5 —	2 —	1 John- James	41 —	40 —	41 —	42 —	43 —	28 —	30 —	31 —	32 —	33 —	22 —	21 —	22 —	31 —	28 —
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8 —	5 —	4 —	44 —	43 —	44 —	45 —	46 —	31 —	33 —	34 —	35 —	36 —	25 —	24 —	25 —	34 —	31 —
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1 Francesco Foscarei	7 —	6 —	46 —	45 —	46 —	47 —	48 —	33 —	35 —	36 —	37 —	38 —	27 —	26 —	27 —	36 —	33 —
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12 —	1 Cosmo de	17 —	57 —	56 —	57 —	58 —	59 —	44 —	46 —	47 —	48 —	49 —	38 —	37 —	38 —	47 —	44 —
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23 —	12 —	28 —	68 —	67 —	68 —	69 —	70 —	55 —	57 —	58 —	59 —	60 —	49 —	48 —	49 —	58 —	55 —
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29 —	17 Borso D. of Ferrara	34 —	74 —	73 —	74 —	75 —	76 —	61 —	63 —	64 —	65 —	66 —	55 —	54 —	55 —	64 —	61 —



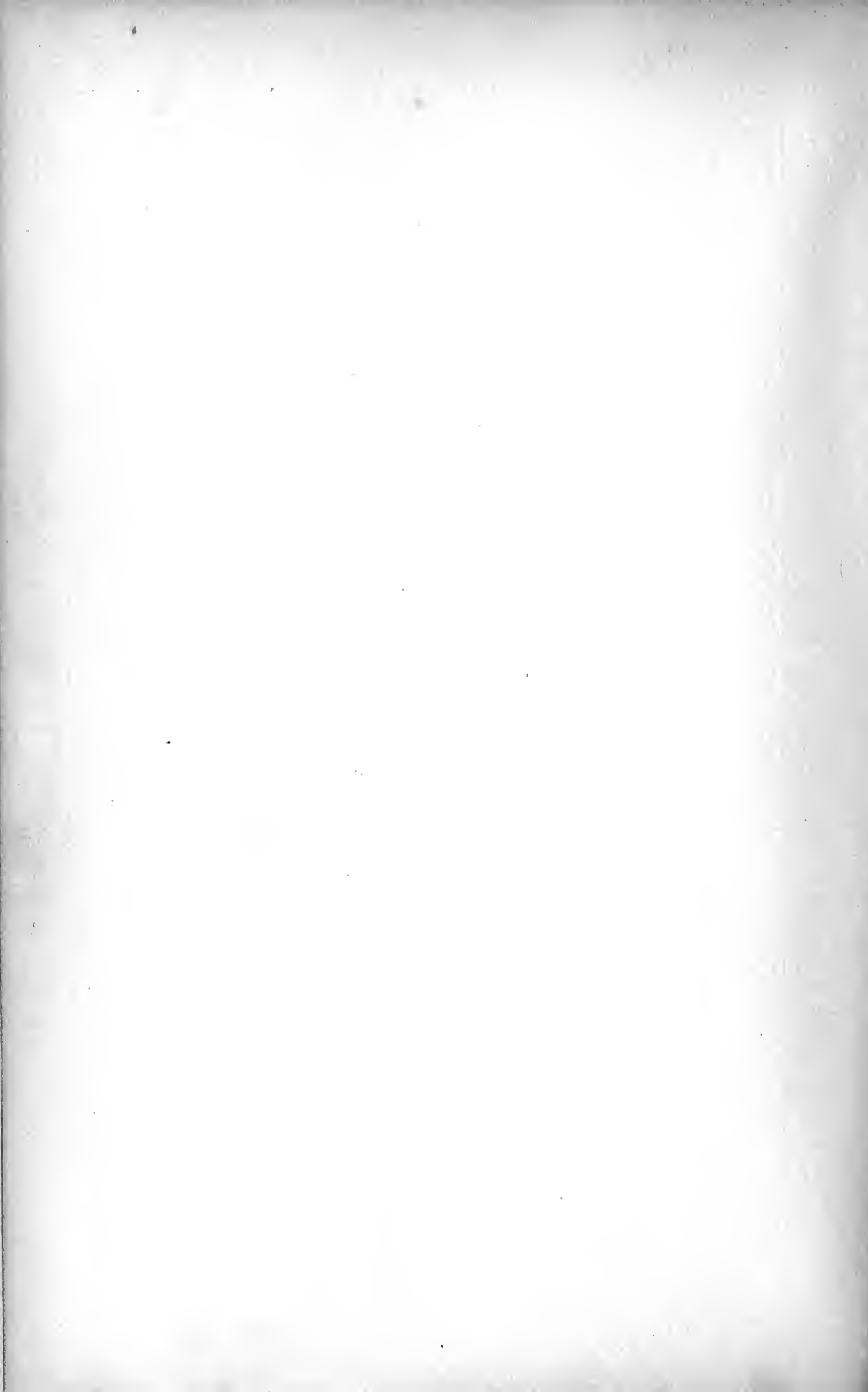


Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of The East	Empr. of Germany	Hungary	Kings of Bohemia	Kings of Poland	Kings of France	Dukes of Savoy	KINGS IN SPAIN			Kings of Portugal	England
									Castile	Arragon	Granada		
6164	1451	1 Mahom. II.	12 Frederic IV.	—	Interreg. Ladislas V. 13	7 Casimir IV.	30 Charles VII.	1 Louis	27 John II.	46 John II. Alfonso V. 37	7 Mahomed IX.	14 Alfonso V.	30
6165	1452	2 Constant. XIII.	13 —	—	—	8 —	31 —	2 —	28 —	47 —	8 —	15 —	31
6166	1453	3 —	14 —	—	1 Ladislas V. 14	9 —	32 —	3 —	29 —	48 — 38	9 —	16 —	32
6167	1454	4 —	15 —	—	2 King of Bohemia 15	10 —	33 —	4 —	30 —	1 Henry IV. the Impotent 39	1 Mahomed X. 40	17 —	33
6168	1455	5 —	16 —	—	3 — 16	11 —	34 —	5 —	31 —	2 — 41	2 —	18 —	34
6169	1456	6 —	17 —	—	4 — 17	12 —	35 —	6 —	32 —	3 — 41	3 —	19 —	35
6170	1457	7 —	18 —	—	5 — 18	13 —	36 —	7 —	33 —	4 — 42	4 —	20 —	36
6171	1458	8 —	19 —	—	Interreg. Matthias George 1 19	14 —	37 —	8 —	34 —	5 John II. K. of Navarre 2	5 —	21 —	37
6172	1459	9 —	20 —	—	2 Podiebrad 20	15 —	38 —	9 —	35 —	6 — 3	6 —	22 —	38
6173	1460	10 —	21 —	—	3 — 3	16 —	39 —	10 —	36 —	7 — 3	7 —	23 —	39
6174	1461	11 —	22 —	—	4 — 4	17 —	1 Louis XI.	11 —	37 —	8 — 4	8 —	24 —	1
6175	1462	12 —	23 —	—	5 — 5	18 —	2 —	12 —	38 —	9 — 5	9 —	25 —	2
6176	1463	13 —	24 —	—	6 — 6	19 —	3 —	13 —	39 —	10 — 6	10 —	26 —	3
6177	1464	14 —	25 —	—	7 — 7	20 —	4 —	14 —	40 —	11 — 7	11 —	27 —	4
6178	1465	15 —	26 —	—	8 — 8	21 —	5 —	1 Amadeus IX. the Benevolent 2	41 —	12 — 8	12 —	28 —	5
6179	1466	16 —	27 —	—	9 — 9	22 —	6 —	3 —	42 —	13 — 9	1 Abul-Hassan 2	29 —	6
6180	1467	17 —	28 —	—	10 — 10	23 —	7 —	4 —	43 —	14 — 10	3 —	30 —	7
6181	1468	18 —	29 —	—	11 — 11	24 —	8 —	5 —	44 —	15 — 11	4 —	31 —	8
6182	1469	19 —	30 —	—	12 — 12	25 —	9 —	6 —	45 —	16 — 12	5 —	32 —	9
6183	1470	20 —	31 —	—	13 — 13	26 —	10 —	7 —	46 —	17 — 13	6 —	33 —	10
6184	1471	21 —	32 —	—	14 Ladislas VI. 1	27 —	11 —	8 —	47 —	18 — 14	7 —	34 —	11
6185	1472	22 —	33 —	—	2 — 2	28 —	12 —	9 —	48 —	19 — 15	8 —	35 —	12
6186	1473	23 —	34 —	—	3 — 3	29 —	13 —	10 —	49 —	20 — 16	9 —	36 —	13
6187	1474	24 —	35 —	—	4 — 4	30 —	14 —	11 —	50 —	1 Ferdinand V. the Catholic and Isabella 17	10 —	37 —	14
6188	1475	25 —	36 —	—	5 — 5	31 —	15 —	12 —	51 —	2 — 18	11 —	38 —	15
6189	1476	26 —	37 —	—	6 — 6	32 —	16 —	13 —	52 —	3 — 19	12 —	39 —	16
6190	1477	27 —	38 —	—	7 — 7	33 —	17 —	14 —	53 —	4 — 20	13 —	40 —	17
6191	1478	28 —	39 —	—	8 — 8	34 —	18 —	15 —	54 —	5 — 21	14 —	41 —	18
6192	1479	29 —	40 —	—	9 — 9	35 —	19 —	16 —	1 Eleanor 1 Francis-2 Phœbus 6	6 —	15 —	42 —	19
6193	1480	30 —	41 —	—	10 — 10	36 —	20 —	17 —	7 —	7 —	16 —	43 —	20
6194	1481	1 Bajazet II.	42 —	—	24 — 11	37 —	21 —	18 —	3 —	8 —	17 —	1 John II. the Perfect 2	21
6195	1482	2 —	43 —	—	25 — 12	38 —	22 —	19 —	4 —	9 —	18 —	3 —	22
6196	1483	3 —	44 —	—	26 — 13	39 —	1 Charles VIII.	20 —	5 —	10 —	19 —	4 —	1 F
6197	1484	4 —	45 —	—	27 — 14	40 —	2 —	3 —	6 —	11 —	20 —	5 —	2
6198	1485	5 —	46 —	—	28 — 15	41 —	3 —	4 —	7 —	12 —	1 Abul- Abdalla 2 and Abdalla el 3 Zagel 12	6 —	1 F
6199	1486	6 —	47 —	—	29 — 16	42 —	4 —	5 —	8 —	13 —	3 —	7 —	2
6200	1487	7 —	48 —	—	30 — 17	43 —	5 —	6 —	9 —	14 —	4 —	8 —	3
6201	1488	8 —	49 —	—	31 — 18	44 —	6 —	7 —	10 —	15 —	5 —	9 —	4
6202	1489	9 —	50 —	—	32 — 19	45 —	7 —	8 —	11 —	16 —	6 —	10 —	5
6203	1490	10 —	51 —	—	1 Ladislas VI. 20	46 —	8 —	9 —	12 —	17 —	7 —	11 —	6
6204	1491	11 —	52 —	—	2 — 21	47 —	9 —	10 —	13 —	18 —	8 —	12 —	7
6205	1492	12 —	53 —	—	3 — 22	1 John I. Albert 2	10 —	11 —	14 —	19 —	9 —	13 —	8
6206	1493	13 —	1 Maximilian I. 2	—	4 — 23	3 —	11 —	12 —	15 —	20 —	10 —	14 —	9
6207	1494	14 —	5 —	—	5 — 24	4 —	13 —	13 —	16 —	21 —	11 —	15 —	10
6208	1495	15 —	6 —	—	6 — 25	5 —	14 —	14 —	17 —	22 —	12 —	16 —	11
6209	1496	16 —	7 —	—	7 — 26	6 —	15 —	15 —	18 —	23 —	13 —	17 —	12
6210	1497	17 —	8 —	—	8 — 27	7 —	16 —	16 —	19 —	24 —	14 —	18 —	13
6211	1498	18 —	9 —	—	9 — 28	8 —	17 —	17 —	20 —	25 —	15 —	19 —	14
6212	1499	19 —	10 —	—	10 — 29	9 —	18 —	18 —	21 —	26 —	16 —	20 —	15
6213	1500	20 —	11 —	—	11 — 30	10 —	19 —	19 —	22 —	27 —	17 —	21 —	16

Sweden	Kings of Naples	POPES	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MIDDLE AGES		STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
				1	2	
17	Alfonso the Wise	5 Nicholas V.	Richard Beauchamp, Bp. of Salisbury, architect of St. George's Chapel, Windsor, ob. 1481	The Duke of York returns from Ireland, and marches an army to London, but retires to Wales.	George Castriot, 'Scanderbeg,' 1404—1467	Richard Duke of York, ob. at. 50, 1460
18	—	6 —	—	—	—	—
19	—	7 —	Cardinal Bessarion, 1395—1472	Talbot, Earl of Shrewsbury, and his son slain at Châtillon.—Constantinople taken by Mahomet, May 29.	—	—
20	—	8 —	Thomas à Kempis, 1380—1471	King Henry falls ill; the Duke of York leads the Council.—The King recovers at Christmas.	—	—
21	—	1 Calixtus III.	—	First battle, or, rather skirmish, at St. Alban's, May 22.	—	—
22	—	2 —	—	Duke of Somerset killed; Duke of York made Protector.	—	—
23	—	3 —	Johannes Argyropolus, ob. at. 70, 1480	York and Salisbury retire to their castles; Warwick passes over to Calais.—Siege of Belgrade, Sept. 4.	Richard Nevil, Earl of Warwick, ob. 1471	—
1	Ferdinand I. the Bastard	1 Pius II.	—	The Scots enter England, but are repulsed by the Duke of York.—The truce is renewed.	—	—
2	—	2 —	—	York and his friends are admitted to the Council; but an affray arising at Court, they fly to arms.	—	—
3	—	3 —	—	Battle of Bloreheath, Lord Audley killed, Sept.; the troops deserting, the Duke of York passes to Ireland.	Robert Lord Boyd, regent of Scotland	—
4	—	4 —	John Muller 'Regiomontanus,' ob. at. 40, 1476	Battle of Wakefield, Dec. 30, Duke of York beheaded.	—	—
5	—	5 —	Bartolomeo Platina, 1421—1481	Battles of Mortimer's Cross, Feb. 1; of St. Alban's, Feb. 17; K. Edward IV. proc.—Battle of Towton, Mar. 29.	Edmund Duke of Somerset, ob. 1471	—
6	—	6 —	—	Queen Margaret is nearly wrecked off Holy Island on her return with troops from France.	Cardinal Bourchier, ob. 1464	—
7	—	1 Paul II.	Rodolphus Agricola, 1442—1485	Battle of Hexham; the Queen and her son escape to France; King Henry, in the sequel, is taken to London.	Constable de St. Pol, ob. 1475	—
8	—	2 —	—	King Edward marries Lady Elizabeth Grey.—Death of Cosmo de Medici, August 1, at. 74.	Wydvile, Earl Rivers, ob. 1469	—
9	—	3 —	Sir Thomas Littleton, 'Teneures,' ob. 1481	The war of The Public Good in France, incited by Philip Duke of Burgundy against Louis XI.	—	—
10	—	4 —	Tiptott, Earl of Worcester, ob. 1470	King Edward keeps fair with Louis of France, and allies himself to Burgundy, Bretagne, and Castile.	—	—
11	—	5 —	John Jovius Pontanus, 1426—1503	The Earl of Warwick, indignant at the rise of the Wydviles, withdraws, and enters the French interest.	—	—
12	—	6 —	—	Charles the Bold, Duke of Burgundy, marries the Princess Margaret, sister to King Edward, June 3.	—	—
13	—	7 —	Marsilius Ficinus, 1433—1499	Battle of Edgecote, Earl of Pembroke defeated and beheaded, July 26; Earl Rivers and his son beheaded.	—	—
14	—	1 Sixtus IV.	Demetrius Chalcondyles, ob. 1511	Battle of Erpingham, Sir R. Welles beh., Mar. 19; K. Henry rest., Oct. 13; Edward passes over to Holland, Oct. 3.	—	—
15	—	2 —	William Caxton, 1410—1492	Battle of Barnet, E. of Warwick killed, April 14.—Battle of Tewkesbury, May 4; K. Henry murd. May 22, at. 49.	Peter Landais, of Brittany, ob. 1485	—
16	—	3 —	John Lascaris, ob. at. 90, 1513	Francis Duke of Bretagne, refuses to deliver up the Earl of Richmond to King Edward.	Admiral Coulon	—
17	—	4 —	Gregory Tiphernas	The Duke of Burgundy engages King Edward to join in a league against France.	Henry Stafford, Duke of Buckingham, ob. 1483	—
18	—	5 —	Annius of Viterbo, 1432—1502	The Constable de St. Pol delivered up to Louis XI. by the Duke of Burgundy, and beheaded.	Bishop Morton, 1410—1501	—
19	—	6 —	George Merula, of Alexandria, ob. 1494	Charles the Bold defeated by the Swiss, at Granson, Apr. 5, and at Morat, June 20.	William Lord Hastings, ob. 1483	—
20	—	7 —	—	Charles the Bold killed before Nancy, Jan. 5.—The Countess Mary, his heiress, marries the Archduke Maximilian.	—	—
21	—	8 —	—	Conspiracy of the Pazzi; Assassination of Giulio, and escape of Lorenzo de Medici, April.	—	—
22	—	9 —	—	A treaty is signed between France and England, but Louis detaches James III. of Scotland from King Edward.	—	—
23	—	10 —	—	King Edward, bent upon revenge, gains Ferdinand of Castile, and sends an army to the Archduke Maximilian.	—	—
24	—	11 —	Jerome Savonarola, 1452—1498	The Scots ravage the borders, and are opposed by Richard Duke of Gloucester.	—	—
25	—	12 —	John Picus, of Miranda, 1463—1496	James of Scotland restored by the D. of Albany, who, in the sequel, retires to France.—Treaty of Arras, Dec. 23.	—	—
26	—	13 —	—	King Edward IV. dies, Apr. 9, at. 41; King Edward V. murdered, Aug.—Duke of Buckingham beheaded, Oct.	—	—
1	—	1 Innocent VIII.	—	The Earl of Richmond, being apprized of his danger by Bishop Morton, escapes from Bretagne to France.	Anne, Dame de Beaujeau, regent of France, ob. 1522	—
2	—	2 —	Margaret, Countess of Richmond and Derby, 1441—1509	Henry Earl of Richmond lands at Milford Haven, Aug. 6; Battle of Bosworth, K. Richard killed, Aug. 22, at. 33.	—	—
3	—	3 —	—	King Henry marries the Princess Elizabeth of York, Jan. 18.—Lambert Simnel proclaimed in Ireland.	Thomas Lord Stanley	—
4	—	4 —	Angelo Politian, 1454—1494	Henry Earl of Richmond lands at Milford Haven, Aug. 6; Battle of Bosworth, K. Richard killed, Aug. 22, at. 33.	Martin Behem, navigator, ob. 1506	—
5	—	5 —	Hermolaus Barbarus, ob. at. 39, 1493	King Henry marries the Princess Elizabeth of York, Jan. 18.—Lambert Simnel proclaimed in Ireland.	—	—
6	—	6 —	William Grocy, ob. at. 80, 1552	Earl of Lincoln killed, June 16; Simnel degraded.	Louis de la Tremouille, min. to Charles VIII., ob. 1525	—
7	—	7 —	—	Battle of Anglor, King James III. killed, June.—Battle of St. Aubin, Duke of Orleans taken prisoner, July 28.	Cardinal Briçonnet, minister to Charles VIII., ob. 1514	—
8	—	8 —	—	Cyprus, recently a kingdom, ceded to Venice.	—	—
9	—	9 —	—	Battle of Dixmunde, the revolted Flemings under De Cordes, defeated by Lords Morley and Daubeney.	—	—
10	—	1 Alexander VI.	Baptista Mantuanus, ob. at. 68, 1516	Anne Duchess of Bretagne, unclaimed by Maximilian, marries Charles VIII. King of France, Dec. 16.	—	—
11	—	2 —	John Reuchlin Capnio, 1455—1521	Perkin Warbeck introduced at the Court of the Duchess of Burgundy, and acknowledged as Duke of York.	—	—
12	1 Alfonso II.	3 —	—	Sir Robert Clifford, gained by King Henry, discloses the schemes of Perkin and the Duchess of Burgundy.	—	—
13	1 Ferdinand II.	4 —	—	Lord Fitzwalter is sentenced only, but Sir T. Thwaites and Sir Simon Mountfort are executed for conspiracy.	Christopher Columbus, 1442—1506	—
14	1 Frederic	5 —	—	Sir W. Stanley, accused by Clifford, is beheaded Feb. 15.	Cæsar Borgia, ob. 1507	—
15	2 —	6 —	—	Charles VIII. of France, takes Naples without a battle.	—	—
16	3 —	7 —	Alexander ab Alexandro, ob. at. 50, 1521	Warbeck is received by James King of Scots.—He marries the daughter of Lord Huntly and invades England.	—	—
17	4 Partitioned by France and Spain in 1501	8 —	—	Warbeck submits to King Henry.—The Portuguese first double the Cape and sail to the East Indies.	Sir Reginald Bray, K.G., statesman and architect of Henry VII. Chapel, ob. 1503	—
18	—	9 —	—	Warbeck escapes from the precincts of the palace, but is captured and committed to the Tower, June 14.	Americus Vesputius, 1451—	—
—	—	—	—	Warbeck found plotting with Lord Warwick in the Tower, is executed Nov. 16, and the Earl beheaded Nov. 28.	Vasco de Gama, ob. 1525	—
—	—	—	—	Commissioners sent to the counties to fine Warbeck's adherents.—Treaty of Granada, Nov. 11.	—	—



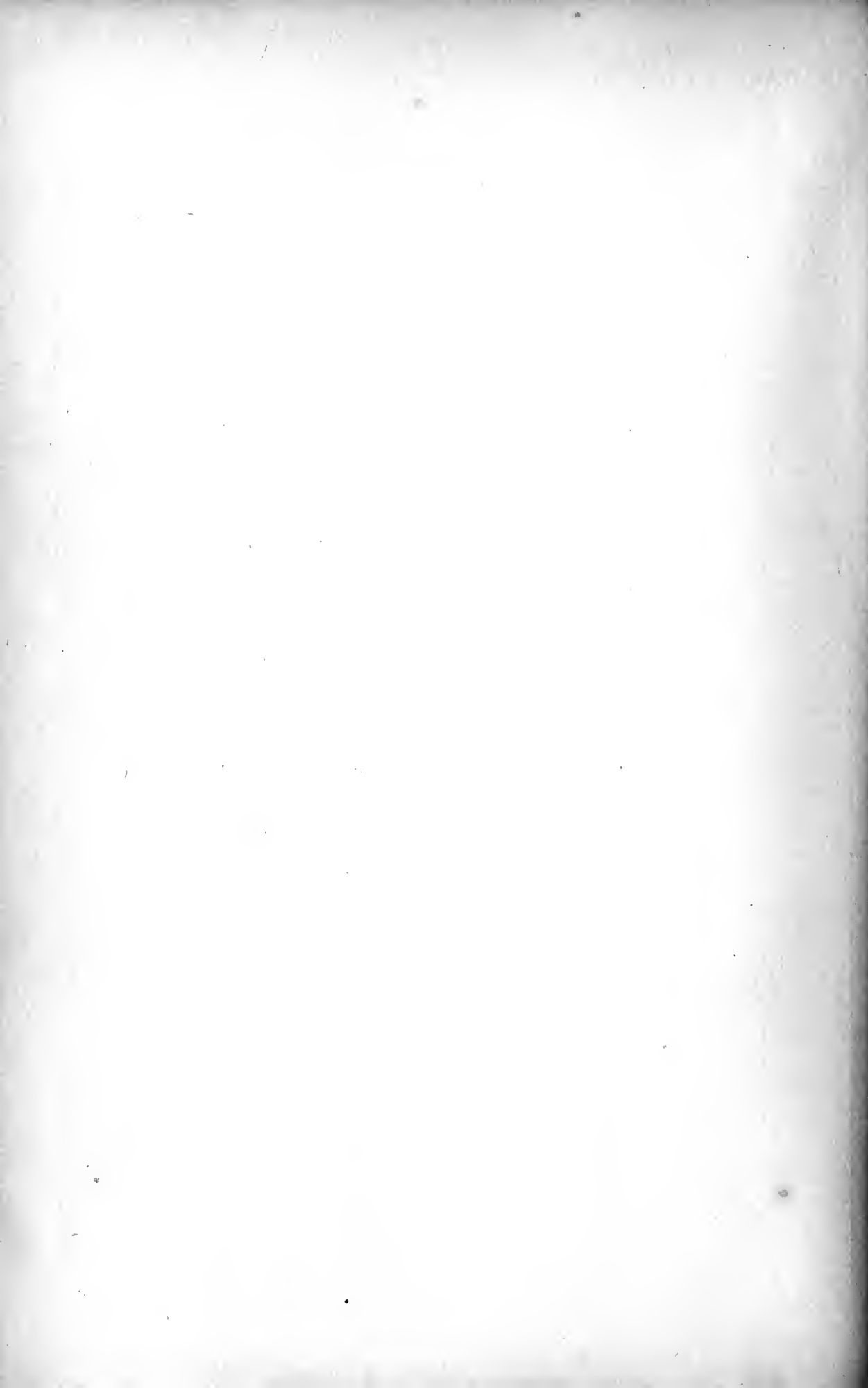
DOGES OF VENICE	Florence Dukes	Signori Ferrara	Monterrat Marqs. Counts	Marqs. Guastalla	Milan Dukes Marqs.	Mantua	Burgundy	Dukes of Bretagne	Dukes, Brunswick Lunenburg	Dukes, of Wurtemberg	Electors of Brandenburg	Bavaria Dukes Electors	Falaine	Saxony Dukes	Electors Lorraine
Francesco Foscarini	18 Cosmo Borso	2	7 John IV. Christo-pher and 4 Peter Guy I.	3	2 Francis Louis III.	8	33 Philip III. Peter II.	18 Frederic I.			12 Frederic II. 13 Dent de fer	14 Albert I. Frederic I.		24 Frederic II. Rene 21 25 d'Anjou 22	
	19	3	9	5	4	10	34	19			14	15	5	26	John II.
	20	4	10	6	5	11	35	20			15	16	6	27	
	21	5	11	7	6	12	36	21			16	17	7	28	
	22	6	12	8	7	13	37	22			17	18	8	29	
	23	7	13	9	8	14	38	23			18	19	9	30	
Pasquale Malpiero	24	8	14	10	9	15	39 Arthur III.	24	1 Eberhard I. the 2 Bearded, First Duke		18	20	10	30	
	25	9	15	11	10	16	40 Francis II.	25			19	21	11	31	
	26	10	16	12	11	17	41	26			20	22	12	32	
	27	11	16 Guy Gal-otto &	13	12	18	42	27			21	1 John II. & Sigis-	13	33	
	28	12	17 Francis-Mary	14	13	19	43	28	5		22	2 mund	14	34	
Christofero Moro	29	13	18	15	14	20	44	29	6		23	3	15	35	
	30	14	19	16	15	21	45	30	7		24	4	16	36	
	1 Pietro de Medici I.	15	1 William VI.	17	16	22	46	31	8		25	5	17	1 Ernest	12
	2	16	2	18	17	23	47	32	9		26	1 Albert II.	18	2	13
	3	17	3	19	18	24	48	33	10		27	2	19	3	14
	4	18	4	20	19	25	49	34	11		28	3	20	4	15
	5	19	5	21	20	26	50	35	12		29	4	21	5	16
	1 Lorenzo and Giulio de Medici	20	6	22	21	27	51	36	13		30	5	22	6	17
	2	21	7	23	22	28	52	37	14		1 Albert III.	6	23	7	Nicho-las
Niccolo Trono	3 Hercules I.	1	8	24	23	29	53	38	15		2	7	24	8	
	4	2	9	25	24	30	54	39	16		3	8	25	9	
Niccolo Marcello	5	3	10	26	25	31	55	40	17		4	9	26	10	Jolantha and Rene II.
Pietro Moenigo	6	4	11	27	26	32	56	41	18		5	10	27	11	
	7	5	12	28	27	33	57	42	19		6	11	28	12	
Andrea Vendramino	8	6	13	29	28	34	58	43	20		1 John-Cicero as Margrave	12 Philip the In-ge-nu-ous	1	13	
	9	7	14	30	29	35	59	44	21		2	13	2	14	
Giovanni Mocenigo	10 Lorenzo alone	8	15	31	30	36	60	45	22	1 Henry I.	3	14	3	15	
	11	9	16	32	31	37	61	46	23		4	15	4	16	
	12	10	17	33	32	38	62	47	24		5	16	5	17	
	13	11	18	34	33	39	63	48	25		6	17	6	18	
	14	12	19	35	34	40	64	49	26		7	18	7	19	
	15	13	1 Boniface IV.	36	35	41	65	50	27		8	19	8	20	
	16	14	2	37	36	42	66	51	28		9	20	9	21	
Marco Barbarigo	17	15	3	38	37	43	67	52	29		10	21	10	22	
Agostino Barbarigo	18	16	4 Peter-Guy II.	39	38	44	68	53	30		11 succeeds as Elector	22	11	1 Frederic III. the Wise	14
	19	17	5	40	39	45	69	54	31		12	23	12	2	15
	20	18	6	41	40	46	70	55	32		13	24	13	3	16
	21	19	7	42	41	47	71	56	33		14	25	14	4	17
	22	20	8	43	42	48	72	57	34		15	26	15	5	18
	23	21	9	44	43	49	73	58	35		16	27	16	6	19
	1 Pietro II.	22	10	45	44	50	74	59	36		17	28	17	7	20
	2	23	1 William VII.	46	45	51	75	60	37		18	29	18	8	21
	3	24	2 Achilles	47	46	52	76	61	38		19	30	19	9	22
	4	25	3	48	47	53	77	62	39		20	31	20	10	23
	5	26	4	49	48	54	78	63	40	1 Eberhard II. le Jeune	21	32	21	11	24
	6	27	5	50	49	55	79	64	20		22	33	22	12	25
	7	28	6	51	50	56	80	65	21	1 Ulric VI.	23	34	23	13	26
	8	29	7	52	51	57	81	66	2		1 Joachim I.	35	24	14	27
	9	30	8	53	52	58	82	67	3		2	36	25	15	28
			1 Louis of France	54	53	59	83	68						15	



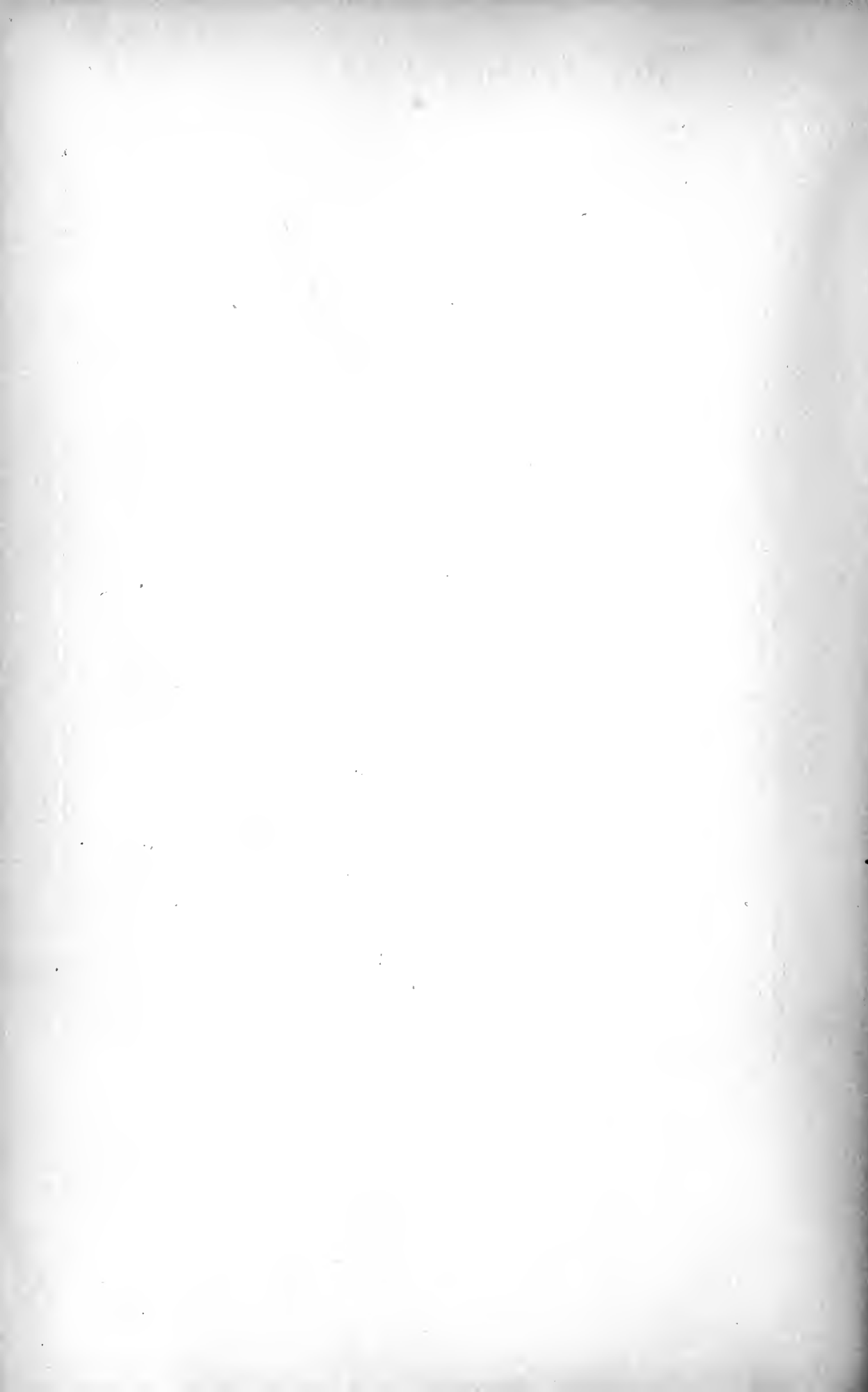


Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of Turkey	Emperors of Germany.	Hungary	Kings of Bohemia	Kings of Poland	Kings of France	Dukes of Savoy	Spain — Navarre	Kings of Portugal	England	Kings of Scotland	Princes of Orange	Denmark
6214	1501	21 Bajazet II.	9 Maximilian I.	12 Ladisl. VI.	31 Ladisl. VI.	1 Alexander	4 Louis XII.	5 Philibert II.	28 Ferd. V. Cath- erine 20	7 Emmanuel	17 Henry VII.	James IV.		
6215	1502	22 —	10 —	13 —	32 —	2 —	5 —	6 —	29 —	8 —	18 —	15 —	1 Philibert de	
6216	1503	23 —	11 —	14 —	33 —	3 —	6 —	7 —	30 —	9 —	19 —	16 —	2 Chalons	
6217	1504	24 —	12 —	15 —	34 —	4 —	7 —	1 Charles III.	31 —	10 —	20 —	17 —	3 —	
6218	1505	25 —	13 —	16 —	35 —	5 —	8 —	2 the Good	32 —	23 —	11 —	18 —	4 —	
6219	1506	26 —	14 —	17 —	36 —	1 Sigismund I.	9 —	3 —	33 —	24 —	12 —	19 —	5 —	
6220	1507	27 —	15 —	18 —	37 —	2 —	10 —	4 —	34 —	25 —	13 —	20 —	6 —	
6221	1508	28 —	16 —	19 —	38 —	3 —	11 —	5 —	35 —	26 —	14 —	21 —	7 —	
6222	1509	29 —	17 —	20 —	39 —	4 —	12 —	6 —	36 —	27 —	15 —	1 Henry VIII.	8 —	
6223	1510	30 —	18 —	21 —	40 —	5 —	13 —	7 —	37 —	28 —	16 —	2 —	9 —	
6224	1511	31 —	19 —	22 —	41 —	6 —	14 —	8 —	38 —	29 —	17 —	3 —	24 —	
6225	1512	1 Selim I.	20 —	23 —	42 —	7 —	15 —	9 —	39 Navarre conq. by Ferdinand	18 —	4 —	25 —	11 —	
6226	1513	2 —	21 —	24 —	43 —	8 —	16 —	10 —	40 —	19 —	5 James V.	12 —	1 —	
6227	1514	3 —	22 —	25 —	44 —	9 —	17 —	11 —	41 —	20 —	6 —	2 —	13 —	
6228	1515	4 —	23 —	26 —	45 —	10 —	18 —	12 —	42 —	21 —	7 —	3 —	14 —	
6229	1516	5 —	24 —	1 Louis II. of Hungary	11 —	11 —	19 —	13 —	1 Charles I.	22 —	8 —	4 —	15 —	
6230	1517	6 —	25 —	2 I. of Bohemia	12 —	12 —	20 —	14 —	2 —	23 —	9 —	5 —	16 —	
6231	1518	7 —	26 —	3 —	13 —	13 —	21 —	15 —	3 —	24 —	10 —	6 —	17 —	
6232	1519	8 —	1 Charles V.	4 —	14 —	14 —	22 —	16 —	4 elected emperor	25 —	11 —	7 —	18 —	
6233	1520	1 Soliman II.	2 King of Spain	5 —	15 —	15 —	23 —	17 —	5 —	26 —	12 —	8 —	19 —	
6234	1521	2 —	3 —	6 —	16 —	16 —	24 —	18 —	6 —	1 John III.	13 —	9 —	20 —	
6235	1522	3 —	4 —	7 —	17 —	17 —	25 —	19 —	7 —	2 —	14 —	10 —	21 —	
6236	1523	4 —	5 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	26 —	20 —	8 —	3 —	15 —	11 —	22 —	
6237	1524	5 —	6 —	9 —	19 —	19 —	27 —	21 —	9 —	4 —	16 —	12 —	23 —	
6238	1525	6 —	7 —	10 —	20 —	20 —	28 —	22 —	10 —	5 —	17 —	13 —	24 —	
6239	1526	7 —	8 —	1 John Zapolski and	21 —	21 —	29 —	23 —	11 —	6 —	18 —	14 —	25 —	
6240	1527	8 —	9 —	1 Ferdinand I. King of	22 —	22 —	30 —	24 —	12 —	7 —	19 —	15 —	26 —	
6241	1528	9 —	10 —	2 Bohemia rival	23 —	23 —	31 —	25 —	13 —	8 —	20 —	16 —	27 —	
6242	1529	10 —	11 —	3 Kings	24 —	24 —	32 —	26 —	14 —	9 —	21 —	17 —	28 —	
6243	1530	11 —	12 —	4 —	25 —	25 —	33 —	27 —	15 —	10 —	22 —	18 —	1 René de	
6244	1531	12 —	13 —	5 —	26 —	26 —	34 —	28 —	16 —	11 —	23 —	19 —	2 Nassau	
6245	1532	13 —	14 —	6 —	27 —	27 —	35 —	29 —	17 —	12 —	24 —	20 —	3 —	
6246	1533	14 —	15 —	7 Ivan IV. 1	28 —	28 —	36 —	30 —	18 —	13 —	25 —	21 —	4 —	
6247	1534	15 —	16 —	Basilovitz 2	29 —	29 —	37 —	31 —	19 —	14 —	26 —	22 —	5 —	
6248	1535	16 —	17 —	First Czar 3	30 —	30 —	38 —	32 —	20 —	15 —	27 —	23 —	6 —	
6249	1536	17 —	18 —	10 —	31 —	31 —	39 —	33 —	21 —	16 —	28 —	24 —	7 —	
6250	1537	18 —	19 —	11 —	32 —	32 —	40 —	34 —	22 —	17 —	29 —	25 —	8 —	
6251	1538	19 —	20 —	12 —	33 —	33 —	41 —	35 —	23 —	18 —	30 —	26 —	9 —	
6252	1539	20 —	21 —	13 —	34 —	34 —	42 —	36 —	24 —	19 —	31 —	27 —	10 —	
6253	1540	21 —	22 —	14 —	35 —	35 —	43 —	37 —	25 —	20 —	32 —	28 —	11 —	
6254	1541	22 —	23 —	15 Ferdinand alone	36 —	36 —	44 —	38 —	26 —	21 —	33 —	29 —	12 —	
6255	1542	23 —	24 —	16 —	37 —	37 —	45 —	39 —	27 —	22 —	34 —	30 —	13 —	
6256	1543	24 —	25 —	17 —	38 —	38 —	46 —	40 —	28 —	23 —	35 —	31 —	14 —	
6257	1544	25 —	26 —	18 —	39 —	39 —	47 —	41 —	29 —	24 —	36 —	32 —	15 —	
6258	1545	26 —	27 —	19 —	40 —	40 —	48 —	42 —	30 —	25 —	37 —	33 —	16 —	
6259	1546	27 —	28 —	20 —	41 —	41 —	49 —	43 —	31 —	26 —	38 —	34 —	17 —	
6260	1547	28 —	29 —	21 —	42 —	42 —	50 —	44 —	32 —	27 —	1 Edward VI.	35 —	18 —	
6261	1548	29 —	30 —	22 —	43 —	43 —	51 —	45 —	33 —	28 —	2 —	36 —	19 —	
6262	1549	30 —	31 —	23 —	44 —	44 —	52 —	46 —	34 —	29 —	3 —	37 —	20 —	
6263	1550	31 —	32 —	24 —	45 —	45 —	53 —	47 —	35 —	30 —	4 —	38 —	21 —	

POPES	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MODERN HISTORY	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
10 Alexander VI.	Aldus Manutius, 1447—1515	Marriage of Katherine of Arragon to Arthur Prince of Wales, Nov. 6.—Partition of Naples by Louis XII. and Ferdinand of Spain.	Cardinal d'Amboise, 1460—1510
11 ———	William Dunbar, 1465—1536	Marriage, by proxy, of James I.V. King of Scotland to the Princess Margaret, Jan. 29.—Arthur Prince of Wales dies, Apr. 2.	Gonsalvo, gen. to Ferdinand, ob. at. 72, 1515
1 Pius III.	Leonardo da Vinci, 1452—1520	The Duke de Nemours defeated at Cerignola, Apr. 28.—Louis XII. finally stripped of Naples.—Elizabeth of York dies, Feb. 16.	Alfonso Albuquerque, 1452—1515
2 Julius II.	Gawin Douglas, 1474—1512	Philip I. le Beau succeeds his mother-in-law Isabella as King of Castile, Nov. 26; but dies, Sept. 25, 1506, when the kingdom virtually devolves to Ferdinand V.	Cardinal Ximenes, 1437—1517
3 ———	Albert Durer, 1471—1528	Contract of marriage between King Henry and Margaret, sister to the Archduke Philip and widow of the Duke of Savoy.	Fox, Bishop of Winchester, 1528
4 ———	Nicholas Machiavel, 1469—1527	The Archduke is succeeded in the Netherlands by his sister Margaret, who makes a treaty of commerce only with King Henry.	Gaston de Foix, 1489—1512
5 ———	Ludovico Ariosto, 1474—1533	League of Cambray against Venice signed by Margaret and the Cardinal d'Amboise, Dec. 10.—Thomas Wolsey made Dean of Lincoln, Feb. 2.	Ferdinand de Magellan, —1521
6 ———	Bishop Fisher, 1459—1535	King Henry VII. dies, Apr. 22, at. 52.—King Henry VIIIth's first marriage, to Katherine of Arragon, June 29.—Battle of Aignadal, May 14.	Mareschal Trivulce, cir. 1447—1518
7 ———	Giorgione—'Barbarelli,' 1478—1511	Treaty of alliance between King Henry and Ferdinand, May 24.—Empson and Dudley beheaded, Aug. 18.—Wolsey made almoner to the King.	John, regent D. of Albany, —1536
8 ———	Balthazar Castiglione, 1468—1529	League between Pope Julius II., Ferdinand of Arragon, and the States of Venice against France, Oct. 4.	Admiral de Bonnavet, —1525
9 ———	Raphael d'Urbino, 1483—1520	XIXth General Council, of the Lateran, May 3—Mar. 16, 1517.—Battle of Ravenna, Gaston de Foix, Duke de Nemours, killed.	Archbishop Warham, —1532
10 ———	Desiderius Erasmus, 1467—1536	The French repulsed from Novara.—Battle of Spurs, Aug. 16.—Siege of Terrouenne.—Battle of Flodden, Sept. 9.—Surrender of Tournay, Sept. 29.	Chancellor du Prat, 1463—1535
1 Leo X.	Andrea del Sarto, 1483—1525	Marriage of the Princess Mary, sister to King Henry, to Louis XII. King of France, Oct. 9.—Wolsey advanced to the See of York, Aug. 5.	Constable Bourbon, 1489—1527
2 ———	Polydore Vergil, —1555	Louis XII. dies, Jan. 1.—Francis I. succeeds.—Wolsey receives a Cardinal's hat, Sept. 11.—Battle of Marignano, the Swiss defeated by Francis, Sept. 14.	Cardinal Wolsey, 1471—1530
3 ———	Cornelius Agrippa, 1486—1539	Ferdinand King of Spain dies, Charles I. succeeds.—Treaty of Noyau, which ends the wars of the League of Cambray, Aug. 13.	Regent Dss. of Angouleme, ob. at. 60, 1531
4 ———	Francis Guicciardini, 1482—1540	Sale of indulgences by Pope Leo X.—Martin Luther preaches against them at Wittemberg, and is condemned at Rome.	Mareschal Lautrec, —1528
5 ———	Martin Luther, 1484—1546	Tournay restored to France.—Princess Mary, daughter to King Henry, affianced to the Dauphin, Oct. 4.—The Emperor Maximilian dies, Dec. 3.	Anthony de Leva, ob. at. 56, 1536
6 ———	Ulric Zuinglius, 1484—1546	K. Henry, Francis I., and Charles of Spain in competition for the Imperial crown.—Charles V., at 19, elected, June 28.—Wolsey sole legate, June 29.	Sultan Baber, 1483—1530
7 ———	Cardinal Bembo, 1470—1547	King Henry and Charles V. meet at Dover, May 26.—Interview of Henry and Francis at Arras, 'the Field of the Cloth of Gold,' June 7.	Dr. Richard Pace, 1482—1532
8 ———	Dr. Thomas Linacre, 1460—1524	D. of Buckingham, beh., May 17.—Diet at Worms, Luther excommunicated, May 25.—League at Calais between Leo, Charles, and Henry, Nov. 19.	Sir Thomas More, 1480—1535
9 ———	Nicholas Copernicus, 1473—1543	Wolsey takes umbrage at Sir T. More's reply, as Speaker, to his demand for a supply in the House of Commons.—He fails in obtaining the Pontificate.	Andrew Doria, 1468—1560
1 Adrian VI.	Michael Angelo, 1474—1564	Albany invades England, but retreats at the approach of Surrey, Nov. 3.—The Borders at peace for 18 years.—Wolsey again fails at Rome, Nov. 18.	Cardinal Campeggio, 1474—1539
1 Clement VII.	Sebastian Cabot, cir. 1477—1557	Francis I. besieges Pavia for three months, Oct. 28.	Queen Katherine, 1474—1536
2 ———	Clement Marot, 1495—1544	Battle of Pavia, Francis I. taken prisoner, Feb. 24.—Dissension between Henry and Charles.—Henry makes peace with Francis, Aug. 30.	Archbishop Cranmer, 1489—1556
3 ———	Giulio Romano, 1492—1546	Treaty of Madrid, Jan. 14.—Francis I. released, March 10.—Francis breaks faith with Charles, and refuses to surrender Burgundy.	Thomas Lord Cromwell, 1490—1540
4 ———	Antonio Corregio, 1496—1534	Rome taken by assault, D. of Bourbon killed, May 6.—The Pope retires to the Castle of St. Angelo.—K. Henry's marriage scruples become public.	Admiral de Brion, —1543
5 ———	Francis Rabelais, 1483—1553	The Reformation in Scotland begins.—Patrick Hamilton suffers at St. Andrews.—Pope Clement is embarrassed by the subject of the divorce.	Cardinal du Bellay, 1492—1560
6 ———	Hans Holbein, 1498—1594	Queen Katherine pleads her cause before K. Henry and the legates, June 21.	Queen Anne Boleyn, 1507—1536
7 ———	John George Trissino, 1478—1550	Peace of Cambray, Aug. 5.—Wolsey deprived of the great seal, Oct. 17.	Barbarossa, Turkish general, cir. 1474—1547
8 ———	Martin Bucer, 1491—1551	Cranmer joined in an embassy to Pope Clement.—Rise of Thomas Cromwell.—Diet of Augsburg, June 25.—Cardinal Wolsey dies, Nov. 29.	Queen Jane Seymour, —1537
9 ———	Hieronymus Vida, 1490—1566	The clergy acknowledge the King's supremacy, May 4.—King Henry and Queen Katherine part at Windsor.—The Queen retires to Ampthill.	Gardiner, Bp. of Winchester, 1483—1555
10 ———	Francesco Parmigiano, 1503—1540	Q. Katherine appeals by letter to Pope Clement, Jan. 25.—Sir T. More resigns the seal, May 16.—Abp. Warham dies, Aug. 23.—Cranmer succeeds.	Admiral d'Annebaut, —1552
11 ———	Ignatius Loyola, 1491—1556	King Henry's second marriage, to Anne Boleyn, Jan. 25.—Abp. Cranmer pronounces Katherine's divorce, May 23.—Queen Elizabeth born, Sept. 7.	Queen Anne of Cleves, div., —1510
1 Paul III.	Julius Scaliger, 1481—1558	The Parliament abrogates the Papal supremacy in England.—Final rupture between King Henry and the Court of Rome.	Queen Katherine Howard, —1542
2 ———	Bishop Latimer, 1470—1555	Bp. Fisher beh., June 22; and Sir T. More, July 6.—Cromwell made Vicar-General.—Miles Coverdale's translation of the Bible published, Oct. 4.	Cardinal Tournon, —1562
3 ———	Bishop Coverdale, 1487—1568	Queen Katherine dies, Jan. 8.—Lord Rochford beh., May 17; and Q. Anne Boleyn, May 19.—K. Henry's third marriage, to Jane Seymour, May 20.	Queen Katherine Parr, —1548
4 ———	Henry Earl of Surrey, 1520—1547	Prince Edward born, Oct. 12.—Q. Jane Seymour dies, Oct. 21.—Suppression of 'the pilgrimage of grace.'—The greater monasteries dissolved.	Count d'Anguin, —1546
5 ———	Sir Thomas Wyat, 1503—1541	Treaty of Nice, between Charles and Francis, July.—King Henry confers with the German Protestant Missionaries from Saxony, Aug. 5.	Sir Ralph Sadler, 1507—1587
6 ———	John Sleidan, 1506—1556	Marquis of Exeter, Lord Montagu, and Sir E. Nevil beh., Jan. 9; and Sir Nicholas Carew, K. G., Mar. 3.—The statute of 'the six articles,' May 5.	Cardinal Beaton, 1494—1546
7 ———	Robert Stephens, 1503—1556	K. Henry's fourth marriage, to Anne of Cleves, Jan. 6.—Cromwell beheaded, July 29.—K. Henry's fifth marriage, to Katherine Howard, Aug. 8.	Edward Duke of Somerset, —1552
8 ———	Philip Melancthon, 1497—1560	Margaret Countess Dowager of Salisbury, daughter of George Duke of Clarence, the last of the Plantagenets, beheaded, May 27.	Mareschal St. Andre, —1562
9 ———	Titiano Vecelli, 1480—1576	Q. Katherine Howard and Lady Rochford beh., Feb. 13.—Battle of Solway Moss, Nov. 25.—Birth of Mary Q. of Scots; K. James V. dies, Dec. 14.	Diana of Poitiers, 1499—1566
10 ———	John Calvin, 1509—1564	K. Henry proposes marriage between Prince Edward and the infant Queen of Scots, July.—K. Henry's sixth marriage, to Katherine Parr, July 12.	Sir Thomas Smith, 1512—1577
11 ———	Bartholomew Las Casas, 1474—1568	Battle of Cerisoles, Apr. 14.—Earl of Hertford takes Edinburgh, May.—Boulogne surrenders to Henry, Sept. 14.—Treaty of Crespy, Sept. 17.	
12 ———	Conrad Gesner, 1516—1565	The French fleet threaten hostilities in the Channel, but are driven off by Lord Lisle, July 19.—XXth General Council, of Trent, Dec. 13.	
13 ———	Sir Anthony Cooke, 1506—1576	Peace with France, June 7.—Cardinal Beaton assassinated at St. Andrews.	
14 ———	Jerome Cardan, 1501—1576	Earl of Surrey beheaded, Jan. 19.—King Henry VIII. dies, Jan. 8, at. 56.—Francis I. dies, Mar. 31.—Battle of Muhlberg, Apr. 24.	
15 ———	Henry Bullinger, 1504—1575	Mary Queen of Scots carried to France, Aug. 13; and contracted to the Dauphin.—Q. Katherine Parr dies, Sept. 30.—Bp. Gardiner imprisoned.	
16 ———	Paul Fagius, 1504—1550	Lord Seymour beheaded, Mar. 17.—Insurrection of Kett put down by Dudley, Earl of Warwick.—Protector Somerset sent to the Tower, Oct. 14.	
1 Julius III.	Bp. Bale of Ossory, 1495—1563	Boulogne restored to France, Mar. 14.—The Duke of Somerset readmitted to the Council, Mar. 31.—Bishops Bonner and Gardiner deprived.	



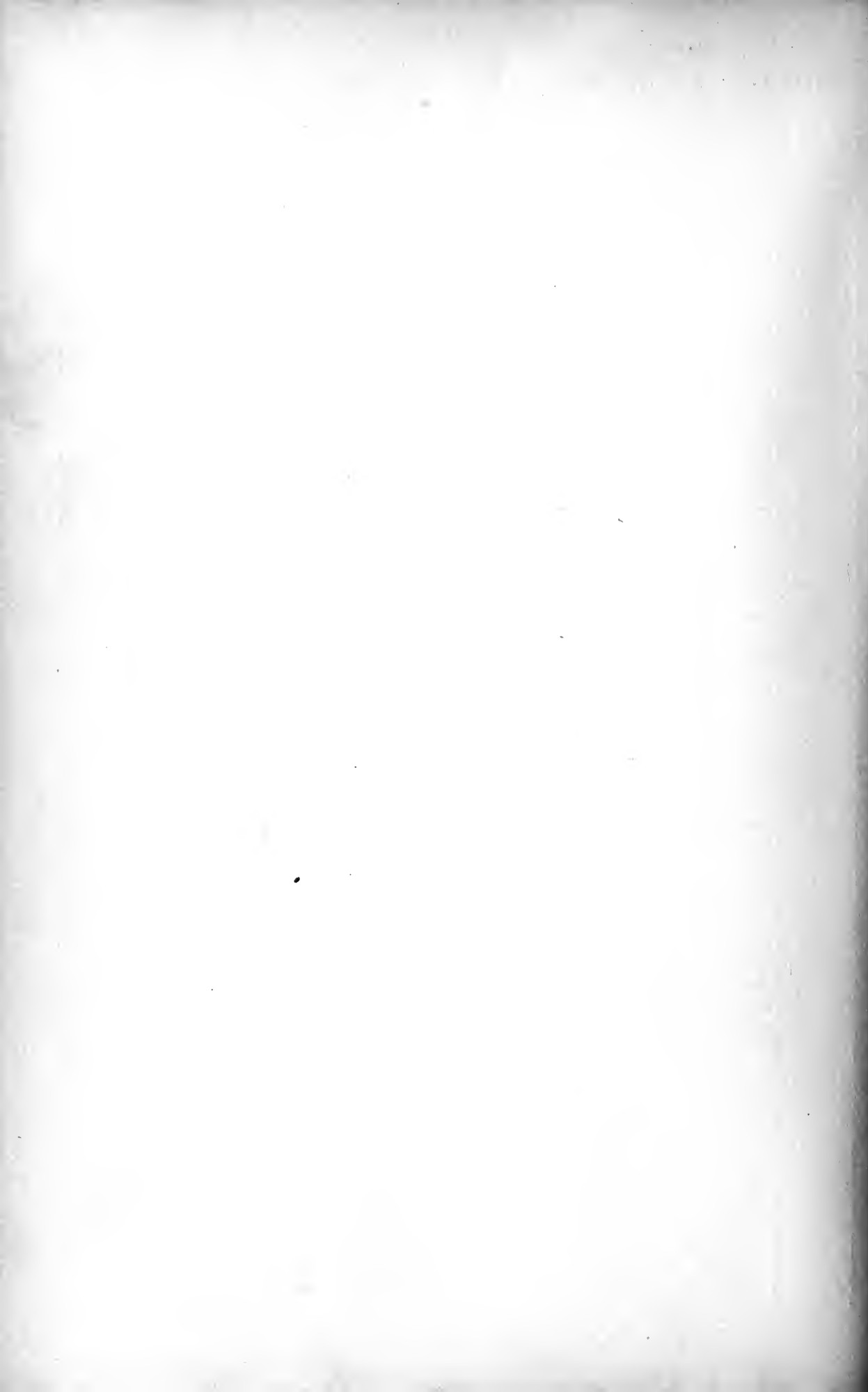
DOGES OF VENICE	Florence Signori Dukes	Ferrara	Monterrat Counts	Guastalla	Milan Dukes Marqs.	Mantua	Netherlads. Dukes	Govnrns. Breagne	Dukes, Brunswick Lunenbug	Dukes of Wurtembg.	Electors of Brandenbg.	Bavaria Dukes Electors	Palatine Saxony Dukes	Electors Lorraine
Leonardo Lore- dano	Hercules I. Pietro Sodorini Gonfalonier for life	31 32 33 34	9Wm. VII. Achilles	8 9	2Louis XII. John- Francis II.	18 19 20	8 Philip I. Anne	14 15	24 Henry I.	4 Ulrich VI.	3 Joachim I.	37 Albert II. Philip	16 Fred. III. Jolan- tha & Rene	29 30 31
	Alfonso I.	1 2 3 4 5 6	13 14 15 16 17 18	12 13 14 15 16 17	6 7 8 9 10 11	22 23 24 25 26 27	1 William de Croi	18 19 20 21 22 23	28 29 30 31 32 33	8 9 10 11 12 13	7 8 9 10 11 12	41 42 43	30 31 32 33 34 35	20 21 22 23 24 25
	1 Giuliano de 2 Medici	8 9 10 11	19 20 21 22	18 19 20 21	12 13 14 15	28 29 30 31	5 6 7 8	24 25 26 27	34 35 36 37	14 15 16 17	13 14 15 16	4 5 6 7	4 5 6 7	26 27 28 29
	1 Lorenzo II. de 2 Medici	12 13	24 25	23 24	1 Francis I. of 2 France	32 33 34 35	9 10 11 12	2 3 4 5	38 39 40 41	18 19 20 21	17 18 19 20	8 9 10 11	8 9 31 32 33 34 35	8 9 10 11 12 13
	3 1 Giulio de 2 Medici	14 15 16	1 Boniface V.	25 26 27	4 5 6	35 36 37	13 14	6 7	42 43	22 23	21 22	12 13	12 13	34 35
Antonio Grimani	3 4	17 18	4 5	28 1 Louisa Torelli	1 Francis- Mary	3 4	15 16	8 9	44 45	24 25	23 24	14 15	14 15	36 37
Andrea Gritti	5 Giulio elected 6 Pope	19 20 21 22	6 7 8 9	2 3 4 5	3 4 5 6	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	17 18 19 20 21 22 23	10 11 12 13	46 47 48 49	26 27 28 29	25 26 27 28	16 17 18 19	16 17 18 19	38 39 40 41
	* Florence free	23 24	10 11	6 7	7 8	9 10	21 22	4 5	50 51	30 31	29 30	20 21	20 21	3 4
	11 12	25 26	12 13	8 9 1 John- George	8 9 10	11 12	23 24	6 7	52 53	32 33	31 32	22 23	22 23	5 6
	1 Alexan- der 2 Doge of Florence	27 28 29	2 3 4	10 11 12	11 12 13	13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	1 Mary of Austria 2 dowager of 3 Hungary	8 9 10	54 55 56	34 35 36	33 34 35	24 25 26	24 25 26	7 8 9
	4 Hercules II.	1 2	13 14	13 14	14 15	16 17 18 19 20 21	4 5 6 7 8 9	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	37 38 39 40 41 42 43	37 38 39 40 41 42 43	36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	27 28 29 30 31 32 33	27 28 29 30 31 32 33	3 4 5 6 7 8 9
	1 Cosmo de 2 Medici the	4 5	16 17	16 17	17 18 19 20 21	19 20 21	7 8 9	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	40 41 42 43	3 4 5 6	30 31 32 33	30 31 32 33	6 7 8 9
Pietro Lando	3 Great, G. Duke 4 of Tuscany	6 7	18 19	18 19	18 19	20 21 22	10	10	10	44	7	34	34	10
	5 6 7 8	8 9 10 11	3 4 5 6	3 4 5 6	3 4 5 6	7 8 9 10	11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53	7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	10 11 12 13 14 15 16
	9 10 11 12 13 14	12 13 14 15 16 17	1 Peter Louis 2 Farnese	7 8	7 8	9 10 11 12	15 16 17 18 19 20	6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	14 15 16 17 18 19 20	48 49 50 51 52 53	11 12 13 14 15 16	38 39 40 41 42 43	38 39 40 41 42 43	13 Francis I. 14 Charles II. the Great
Francesco Donato	1 Octavius Farnese	9 10	1 Octavius Farnese	9 10	9 10	11 12	17 18 19 20	8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	17 18 19 20	50 51 52 53	13 14 15 16	40 41 42 43	4 5 6	3 4 5
	14	17	4	12	12	13	20	20	5	1 Christoph. the Pacific	16	1 Albert III.	7	3



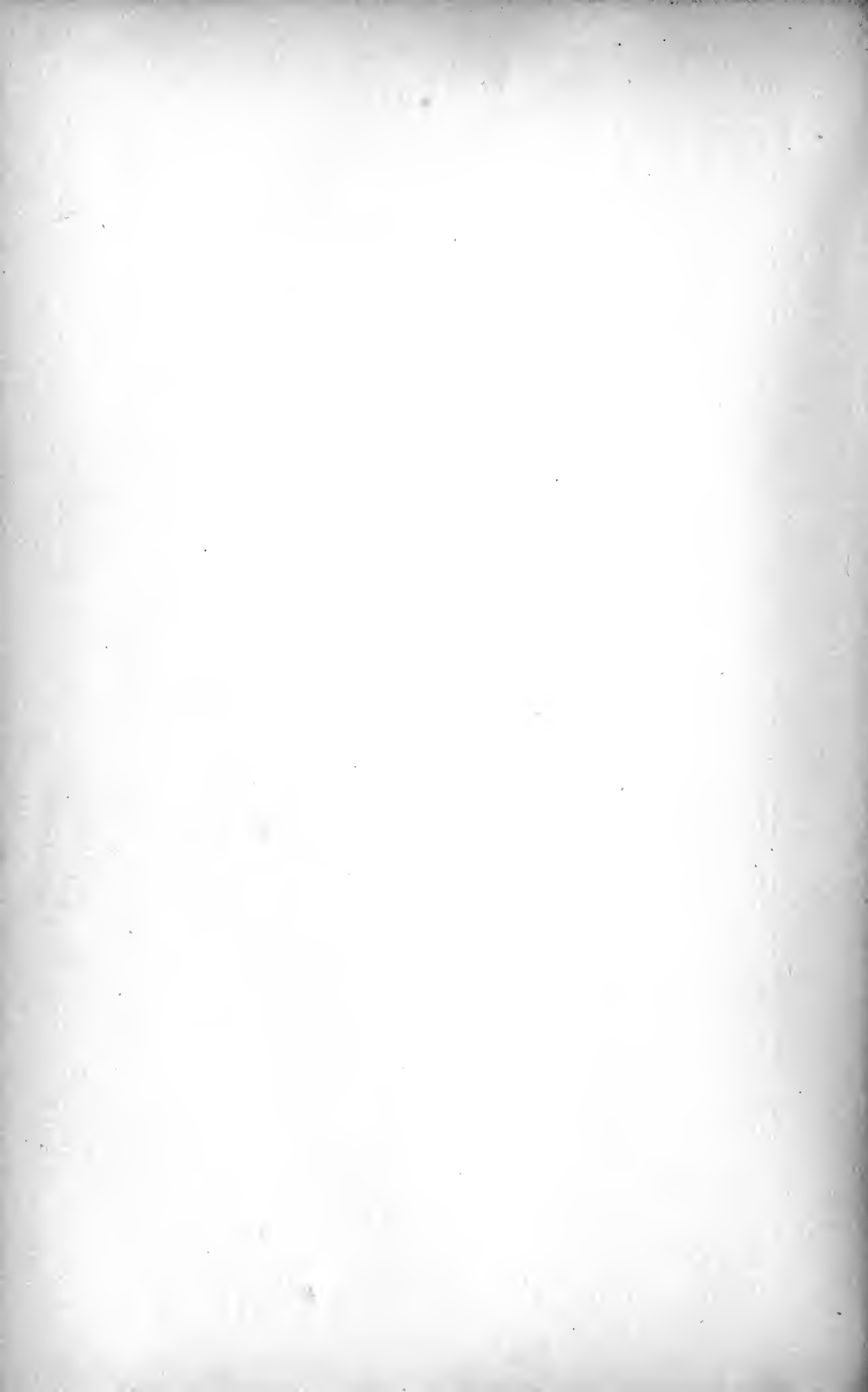


Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of Turkey	Emperors of Germany	Russia Kings	Bohemia	Czars Kings	Kings of Poland	France Navarre	Dukes of Savoy	Kings of Spain	Kings of Portugal	England	Kings of Scotland	Princes of Orange	Denmark
6264	1551	32 Soliman II.	33 Charles V.	19 Ivan IV.	25 Ferdinand I.	26	4 Sigismund II. August.	5 Hen. II. Hen. 36	48 Charles III. the Good	36 Charles I.	31 John III.	5 Edward VI. Mary 10	8 William of Nassau	18	18
6265	1552	33	34	20	27	27	5	6	49	37	32	6	11	9	19
6266	1553	34	35	21	28	28	6	7	1 Emmanuel-Philibert	38	33	1 Mary	12	10	20
6267	1554	35	36	22	29	29	7	8	2	39	34	2	13	11	21
6268	1555	36	37	23	30	30	8	9	3	40	35	3	14	12	22
6269	1556	37	38	24	31	31	9	10	4	1 Philip II.	36	4	15	13	23
6270	1557	38	39	25	32	32	10	11	5	2	1 Sebastian	5	16	14	24
6271	1558	39	1 Ferdinand I.	26	33	33	11	12	6	3	2	1 Elizabeth	17	15	25
6272	1559	40	2	27	34	34	12	1	7	4	3	2	18	16	1 F
6273	1560	41	3	28	35	35	13	1	8	5	4	3	19	17	2
6274	1561	42	4	29	36	36	14	2	9	6	5	4	20	18	3
6275	1562	43	5	30	37	37	15	3	10	7	6	5	21	19	4
6276	1563	44	6	31	38	38	16	4	11	8	7	6	22	20	5
6277	1564	45	1 Maximilian II.	32	39	39	17	5	12	9	8	7	23	21	6
6278	1565	46	2	33	40	40	18	6	13	10	9	8	24	22	7
6279	1566	1 Selim II.	3	34	41	41	19	7	14	11	10	9	25	23	8
6280	1567	2	4	35	42	42	20	8	15	12	11	10	26	24	9
6281	1568	3	5	36	43	43	21	9	16	13	12	11	27	25	10
6282	1569	4	6	37	44	44	22	10	17	14	13	12	28	26	11
6283	1570	5	7	38	45	45	23	11	18	15	14	13	29	27	12
6284	1571	6	8	39	46	46	24	12	19	16	15	14	30	28	13
6285	1572	7	9	40	47	47	25	13	20	17	16	15	31	29	14
6286	1573	8	10	41	48	48	—Interreg.	14	21	18	17	16	32	30	15
6287	1574	1 Amurath III.	11	42	49	49	1 Henry of Valois 1 Stephen Batthori	1 Hen. 3	22	19	18	17	33	31	16
6288	1575	2	12	43	50	50	2	2	23	20	19	18	34	32	17
6289	1576	3	1 Rodolph II.	44	51	51	3	3	24	21	20	19	35	33	18
6290	1577	4	2	45	52	52	4	4	25	22	21	20	36	34	19
6291	1578	5	3	46	53	53	5	5	26	23	22	21	37	35	20
6292	1579	6	4	47	54	54	6	6	27	24	23	22	38	36	21
6293	1580	7	5	48	55	55	7	7	28	25	24	23	39	37	22
6294	1581	8	6	49	56	56	8	8	29	26	25	24	40	38	23
6295	1582	9	7	50	57	57	9	9	30	27	26	25	41	39	24
6296	1583	10	8	51	58	58	10	10	31	28	27	26	42	40	25
6297	1584	11	9	1 Feodor I.	59	59	11	11	32	29	28	27	43	41	26
6298	1585	12	10	2	60	60	12	12	33	30	29	28	44	42	27
6299	1586	13	11	3	61	61	—Interreg.	13	34	31	30	29	45	43	28
6300	1587	14	12	4	62	62	1 Sigismund III.	14	35	32	31	30	46	44	29
6301	1588	15	13	5	63	63	2	15	36	33	32	31	47	45	1 C
6302	1589	16	14	6	64	64	3	1	37	34	33	32	48	46	2
6303	1590	17	15	7	65	65	4	2	38	35	34	33	49	47	3
6304	1591	18	16	8	66	66	5	3	39	36	35	34	50	48	4
6305	1592	19	17	9	67	67	6	4	40	37	36	35	51	49	5
6306	1593	20	18	10	68	68	7	5	41	38	37	36	52	50	6
6307	1594	21	19	11	69	69	8	6	42	39	38	37	53	51	7
6308	1595	1 Mahomed III.	20	12	70	70	9	7	43	40	39	38	54	52	8
6309	1596	2	21	13	71	71	10	8	44	41	40	39	55	53	9
6310	1597	3	22	14	72	72	11	9	45	42	41	40	56	54	10
6311	1598	4	23	1	73	73	12	10	46	43	42	41	57	55	11
6312	1599	5	24	2	74	74	13	11	47	44	43	42	58	56	12
6313	1600	6	25	3	75	75	14	12	48	45	44	43	59	57	13

POPEs	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MODERN HISTORY	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
2 Julius III.	Annibale Caro, 1507—1566	Treaty of marriage between King Edward and Elizabeth of France, July 19.—Bishops Day and Heath deprived, Oct. 1.	Dudley, Duke of Northumberland, 1502—1553
3 —	Paul Manutius, 1512—1574	Duke of Somerset beheaded, Jan. 22.—The Earl of Arran resigns the regency of Scotland to Mary of Guise.—Treaty of Passau, July 31.	Sir John Cheke, 1514—1557
4 —	Bishop Hooper, 1495—1555	Marriage of Lord Guilford Dudley to Lady Jane Grey, May.—K. Edward VI. dies, July 6, at. 16.—First intercourse with Russia.	Cardinal Pole, 1500—1558
5 —	Michael Servetus, 1509—1553	Sir Thomas Wyatt's rebellion.—Lord Guilford and Lady Jane Dudley beh. Feb. 12.—Marriage of Q. Mary and Philip of Spain, July 25.	James Earl of Arran, —1575
1 Marcellus 1 Paul IV.	Frederigo Baroccio, 1528—1612	John Rogers, the first Martyr, Feb. 4.—Bishop Hooper suffers, Feb. 9; Bishop Ferrar, Mar. 29; and Bishops Ridley and Latimer, Oct. 16.	Constable de Montmorency, ob. at. 80, 1567
2 —	John Fox, 1517—1587	Abp. Crammer suffers at Oxford, Mar. 21.—Cardinal Pole succeeds to the see of Canterbury, Mar. 22.—Charles V. abdicates in Spain, Jan. 16.	Francis Duke of Guise, 1519—1563
3 —	Peter Martyr, 1500—1561	St. Quintin taken by the Duke of Savoy, Aug. 10.—King Philip finally leaves England, July 7.—Contest of Queen Mary with the Pope.	Cardinal de Lorraine, —1574
4 —	Peter Ronsard, 1524—1585	Calais taken by the Duke of Guise, Jan. 8.—Marriage of Mary Queen of Scots and the Dauphin, Apr. 28.—Queen Mary dies, Nov. 17, at. 42.	Louis Prince de Conde, 1530—1569
1 Pius IV.	George Buchanan, 1506—1582	Peace of Chateau Cambresis, Apr. 2.—Reformation in Scotland.—Contest between the regent Mary of Guise, and the 'Lords of the Congregation.'	Sir Nicholas Bacon, 1510—1579
2 —	Roger Ascham, 1515—1568	Conspiracy of Amboise, Huguenot war in France, Mar. 15.—Philip II. returns the Order of the Garter sent by Queen Elizabeth.	Admiral de Coligny, 1517—1572
3 —	Luis de Camoens, 1524—1579	Mary Queen of Scots lands at Leith, from the Court of France, Aug. 19.	Count Egmont, 1522—1568
4 —	Peter Ramus, 1515—1571	First interview of John Knox with Queen Mary.	Count Horn, —1568
5 —	Benvenuto Cellini, 1500—1570	Q. Elizabeth aids the Huguenots.—Rouen surrenders, King of Navarre killed, Nov. 17.—Battle of Dreux, Coligny defeated by Guise, Dec. 19.	Chancellor L'Hospital, 1505—1573
6 —	John Knox, 1505—1572	The Duke of Guise shot by Poltrot, at the siege of Orleans, Feb. 18.—Surrender of Havre, July 28.—Edict of Amboise, March 19.	Cardinal Granvelle, ob. at. 70, 1586
7 —	Giacomo Tintoretto, 1512—1594	Lord Robert Dudley proposed, through the Earl of Murray, to Queen Mary, Mar. 30.—Edict of Rousillon, Aug. 9.—Rizzio made secretary.	James regent Earl of Moray, 1533—1570
1 Pius V.	Theodore Beza, 1519—1605	Lord Darnley's first introduction to Queen Mary at Wemys Castle, Feb. 16.—Marriage of Mary and Darnley, July 29.—'The Rousilabout Raid.'	Archibald Earl of Argyll, —1575
2 —	James Cujas, 1520—1590	Murder of Rizzio, Mar. 9.—Birth of King James VI., June 19.—A divorce, proposed by Bothwell and his party to Queen Mary, rejected.	William Lord Burghley, 1520—1598
3 —	Peter Ciaconius, 1525—1581	Murder of Darnley, Feb. 10.—Marriage of Bothwell and Mary, May 15.—Bothwell dismissed at Carberry Hill, June 15.—Bat. of St. Denis, Nov. Queen Mary escapes from Lochleven Castle, May 2.—Battle of Langside, May 13.—Queen Mary lands at Workington, May 16.	Sir Thomas Gresham, 1519—1579
4 —	Archbishop Parker, 1504—1591	Battle of Jarnac, Mar. 13.—Battle of Moncontour, Oct. 3.—Projected marriage between Q. Mary and the Duke of Norfolk disclosed, Oct. 25.	Catherine de Medici, ob. at. 70, 1589
5 —	Charles Sigonius, 1524—1585	The regent Murray assassinated, Jan. 23.—Succeeded by the Earl of Lennox, May.—Queen Elizabeth excommunicated by Pope Pius V., Feb. 25.	James regent E. of Morton, —1581
6 —	Henry Stephens, 1528—1598	Earl of Lennox assassinated at Stirling, Aug.—Earl of Marr succeeds as Regent.—Battle of Lepanto gained by Don John of Austria, Oct. 7.	Henry Duke of Guise, 1550—1588
1 Gregory XIII.	John Bodin, 1530—1596	Duke of Norfolk beh., June 2.—Massacre of St. Bartholomew, Aug. 23.	Duke de Joyeuse, —1587
2 —	Paul Veronese, 1532—1588	Regent Marr dies, Oct. 8; succeeded by the Earl of Morton, Nov. 9.	Duke of Anjou, —1584
3 —	Michael de Montaigne, 1533—1592	Duke of Alva recalled from his sanguinary government in the Netherlands.—Duke of Anjou raises the siege of Rochelle, June 24.	Lesley, Bishop of Ross, 1527—1596
4 —	Francis Hotomanus, —1590	Charles IX. of France dies, May 30; succeeded by Henry King of Poland.	Mareschal Biron, 1524—1592
5 —	Andrea Palladio, 1518—1580	Louis of Nassau, and his brother, defeated and killed at Moker.	Bishop Grindal, 1519—1583
6 —	Janus Dousa, 1545—1604	Queen Elizabeth declines the sovereignty of the Dutch provinces.—The Huguenots receive supplies from Elizabeth, through the Prince of Conde.	Sir Francis Walsingham, ob. at. 89, 1590
7 —	Cardinal Baronius, 1538—1607	Duke of Alençon drawn off by the court from the Huguenot party.—He takes the title of D. of Anjou, Oct. 1.—Pacification of Ghent, Nov. 8.	Dudley, Earl of Leicester, 1532—1588
8 —	Anthony Riccoboni, —1608	The Archduke Matthias made governor of the Netherlands, the Prince of Orange his lieutenant.—The States declare against Don John of Austria.	Archbishop Whitgift, 1530—1604
9 —	Peter Pithou, 1539—1596	Battle of Alcazar, Don Sebastian killed, Aug. 4.—Battle of Gemblours, the States defeated by Don John of Austria, Jan. 31.—He dies, Oct. 7.	Duke de Mayenne, —1611
10 —	Joseph Scaliger, 1540—1609	Union of Utrecht by William Prince of Orange, who virtually becomes Stadtholder, Jan. 23.—King James is urged to break with England.	Cardinal Allen, 1532—1594
11 —	Christopher Clavius, 1537—1612	Philip II. proscribes the Prince of Orange, June 15.—Philip takes possession of the throne of Portugal.—The regent Morton arrested, Dec. 31.	Sir James Melvil, 1530—1606
12 —	Torquato Tasso, 1544—1595	Duke of Anjou accepts the sovereignty of the Provinces, Prince of Orange being Stadtholder, Sept. 29.—Anjou's last visit to Elizabeth, Nov. 1.	Admiral Lord Howard, 1536—1624
13 —	Edmund Spenser, 1553—1598	Anjou inaugurated as Duke of Brabant, Feb. 19.—'The Raid of Ruthven,' Aug. 23.—The Gregorian style published, Oct. 5—15.	Sir Francis Drake, 1545—1596
1 Sixtus V.	Sir Philip Sidney, 1554—1586	Duke of Anjou, in contravention of his accredited junction with the Prince of Orange, endeavours to take the Flemish towns against him.	Sir Walter Raleigh, 1552—1618
2 —	Tycho Brahe, 1546—1601	Q. Mary removed to the custody of Sir D. Drury and Sir A. Paulet.—D. of Anjou dies, June 10.—Prince of Orange assassinated, June 30.	Turenne, Duke de Bouillon, 1555—1623
3 —	Ludovico Caracci, 1555—1619	Q. Elizabeth advances money to 'the States,' upon security of Flushing, and the Brill being delivered up, Sept.—Huguenot war renewed.	Cardinal d'Ossat, 1536—1604
4 —	Henry Davila, 1576—1631	Babington's conspiracy discovered, Aug. 4.—Battle of Zutphen, Sir Philip Sidney killed, Sept. 22.—Queen Mary's trial, Oct. 11.	Duke de Sully, 1560—1641
5 —	Justus Lipsius, 1527—1606	Mary Queen of Scots beh., Feb. 8.—Sluys capitulates, July 30.—Battle of Coutras, Duke de Joyeuse defeated by the King of Navarre, Oct. 10.	Constable Lesdeguieres, ob. at. 53, 1626
1 Urban VII. 1 Greg. XIV.	Agostino Caracci, 1558—1602	Defeat of the Spanish Armada, July 25.—Dudley, Earl of Leicester, dies, Sept. 4.—Henry Duke of Guise assassinated, Dec. 13.	Robert Earl of Essex, 1567—1601
1 Innocent IX.	James Arminius, 1560—1609	Henry III. of France assassinated by Clement at the siege of Paris, July 22.—Battle of Arques gained by Henry IV., Sept. 11.	Thomas Earl of Dorset, 1527—1608
1 Clement VIII.	Richard Hooker, 1553—1600	Battle of Ivry, the Duke de Mayenne defeated by King Henry IV., Mar. 4.	Duke d'Ossuna, —1624
2 —	Cardinal du Perron, 1556—1618	Prince Maurice takes Breda, and expels the Spaniards from the Union.	
3 —	Isaac Casaubon, 1559—1614	Elizabeth sends the Earl of Essex with an army to King Henry, but takes umbrage at their being sent to Champagne instead of Rouen.	
4 —	William Shakspeare, 1564—1616	Elizabeth sends Sir John Norris with more men to King Henry, but is highly offended at their being sent to Normandy instead of Bretagne.	
5 —	Annibal Caracci, 1560—1609	King Henry conforms to the catholic faith, July 15.—The preparations of Philip conduce to a league between Elizabeth and Henry, Oct.	
6 —	Miguel Cervantes, 1547—1617	King Henry carries the war into Bretagne.—Q. Elizabeth sends Lord Zouch to inquire into the ascendancy of the Spanish faction in Scotland.	
7 —	President de Thou, 1553—1617	King Henry, having declared war against Spain, demands succours, but Elizabeth complains, and refuses a supply.	
8 —	M. A. Caravaggio, 1569—1609	Calais taken by storm by the Archduke Albert, Apr. 15.—Cadiz taken by the Earl of Essex, June 21.—Sir Robert Cecil now Secretary of State.	
9 —	William Camden, 1551—1623	Essex resents the creation of the L. H. Admiral Howard to the Earldom of Nottingham, and is made Earl Marshal to preserve his precedence.	



DOGES OF VENICE	Tuscan G. Dukes Dukes	Ferrara Counts	Parma Dukes Counts	Guastalla Counts	Dukes of Mantua	Nethers. Govnrns Stadts.	Un. Provcs.	Dukes, Brunswick Lunenburg	Dukes of Wurtembg.	Electors of Brandenbg.	Bavaria Dukes Electors	Palatine Electors	Saxony Dukes	Lorraine Electors	
Francesco Donato	15 Cosmo Hercu-les 11. 18	16	5 Octavius Ferdin-13 and I. 14	6	2 William	21 Mary of Austria	22	6 Mary and William	2 Christo-pher I. 3 the Pacific	17 Joachim II.	2 Albert III. Frede-ric II. 8	3	4 Maurice Charles 7 II. 8		
M. Ant. Trevisan	17	20	7	15	4	23		8	4	19	4	10	1 Augustus the Pious	9	
Francesco Venicero	18	21	8	16	5	24		9	5	20	5	11	2	10	
	19	22	9	17	6	1 Emmanuel Duke of Savoy	2	10	6	21	6	12	3	11	
Lorenzo Priuli	20	23	10	18	7			11	7	22	7	Otho-1 Henry	4	12	
	21	24	11	Caesar I.	8	3		12 William alone	8	23	8	2	5	13	
	22	25	12	2	9	4		13	9	24	9	3	6	14	
Girolamo Priuli	23 Alfonso II.	1	13	3	10	1 Margaret of Austria	2	14	10	25	10	Frede-ric III. the Pious	7	15	
	24	2	14	4	11	2 Duchess of Parma		15	11	26	11	2	8	16	
	25	3	15	5	12	3		16	12	27	12	3	9	17	
	26	4	16	6	13	4		17	13	28	13	4	10	18	
	27	5	17	7	14	5		18	14	29	14	5	11	19	
	28	6	18	8	15	6		19	15	30	15	6	12	20	
	29	7	19	9	16	7		20	16	31	16	7	13	21	
	30	8	20	10	17	8		21	17	32	17	8	14	22	
Pietro Loredano	31	9	21	11	18	1 Ferdinand Duke of Alva	2	22	18	33	18	9	15	23	
	32	10	22	12	19	2		23	1 Louis III.	34	19	10	16	24	
	33	11	23	13	20	3		24	2	35	20	11	17	25	
Luigi Mocenigo	34	12	24	14	21	4		25	3	36	21	12	18	26	
	35	13	25	15	22	5		26	4	1 John-George	22	13	19	27	
	36	14	26	16	23	6		27	5	2	23	14	20	28	
	37	15	27	17	24	1 Don Louis de Requesens	2	28	6	3	24	15	21	29	
	1 Francis Mary de Medici	16	28	18	25 created Duke of Montferrat	2		29	7	4	25	16	22	30	
	2	17	29	Ferdinand II. Duke	26	3		30	8	5	26	17	23	31	
	3	18	30	2	27	1 Don John of Austria	2	31	9	6	27	Louis VI. the Easy	1	24	32
Sebastiano Venicero	4	19	31	3	28			32	10	7	28	2	25	33	
Nicolo da Ponte	5	20	32	4	29	1 Alexander of Parma	1	33	11	8	29	3	26	34	
	6	21	33	5	30	2 William Prince of Orange	2	34	12	9	1 William II. the Religious	4	27	35	
	7	22	34	6	31	3		35	13	10	5	28	28	36	
	8	23	35	7	32	4	3	36	14	11	3	6	29	37	
	9	24	36	8	33	5	4	37	15	12	4	7	30	38	
	10	25	37	9	34	6	5	38	16	13	5	Frede-ric IV.	1	31	39
	11	26	38	10	35	7		39	17	14	6	2	32	40	
Pasquale Cioogna	12	27	39	11	36	8	ASSASS.	40	18	15	7	3	33	41	
	13	28	1 Alexan-der Farnese	12	37	9 Earl of Leicester	1	41	19	16	8	4	1 Christi-an I.	42	
	1 Ferdin-and I. de Medici	29	2	13	1 Vincent I.	10	1 Prince Maurice of Nassau	42	20	17	9	5	2	43	
	2	30	3	14	2	11	2	43	21	18	10	6	3	44	
	3	31	4	15	3	12	3	44	22	19	11	7	4	45	
	4	32	5	16	4	13	4	45	23	20	12	8	5	46	
	5	33	6	17	5	14	5	46	24	21	13	9	1 Christi-an II.	47	
	6	34	1 Ranutius I.	18	6	1 Peter Ernest Count of Mansfeldt	6	1 Ernest II.	25	22	14	10	2	48	
	7	35	2	19	7	2	7	2	1 Frederic I.	23	15	11	3	49	
	8	36	3	20	8	1 Archduke Ernest	8	3	2	24	16	12	4	50	
Marino Grimani	9	37	4	21	9	1 Pedro de Fuentes	9	4	3	25	17	13	5	51	
	10	38	5	22	10	1 Albert of Austria	10	5	4	26	1 Maximi-lian	14	6	52	
	11	Caesar I	6	23	11	2	11	6	5	27	2	15	7	53	
	12	2	7	24	12	3	12	7	6	1 Joachim-Frederic.	3	16	8	54	
	13	3	8	25	13	4 Infanta Isabella	13	8	7	2 For Ducal Prussia,	4	17	9	55	
	14	4	9	26	14	5 marries the	14	9	8	3 see Regal Table, 53.	5	18	10	56	



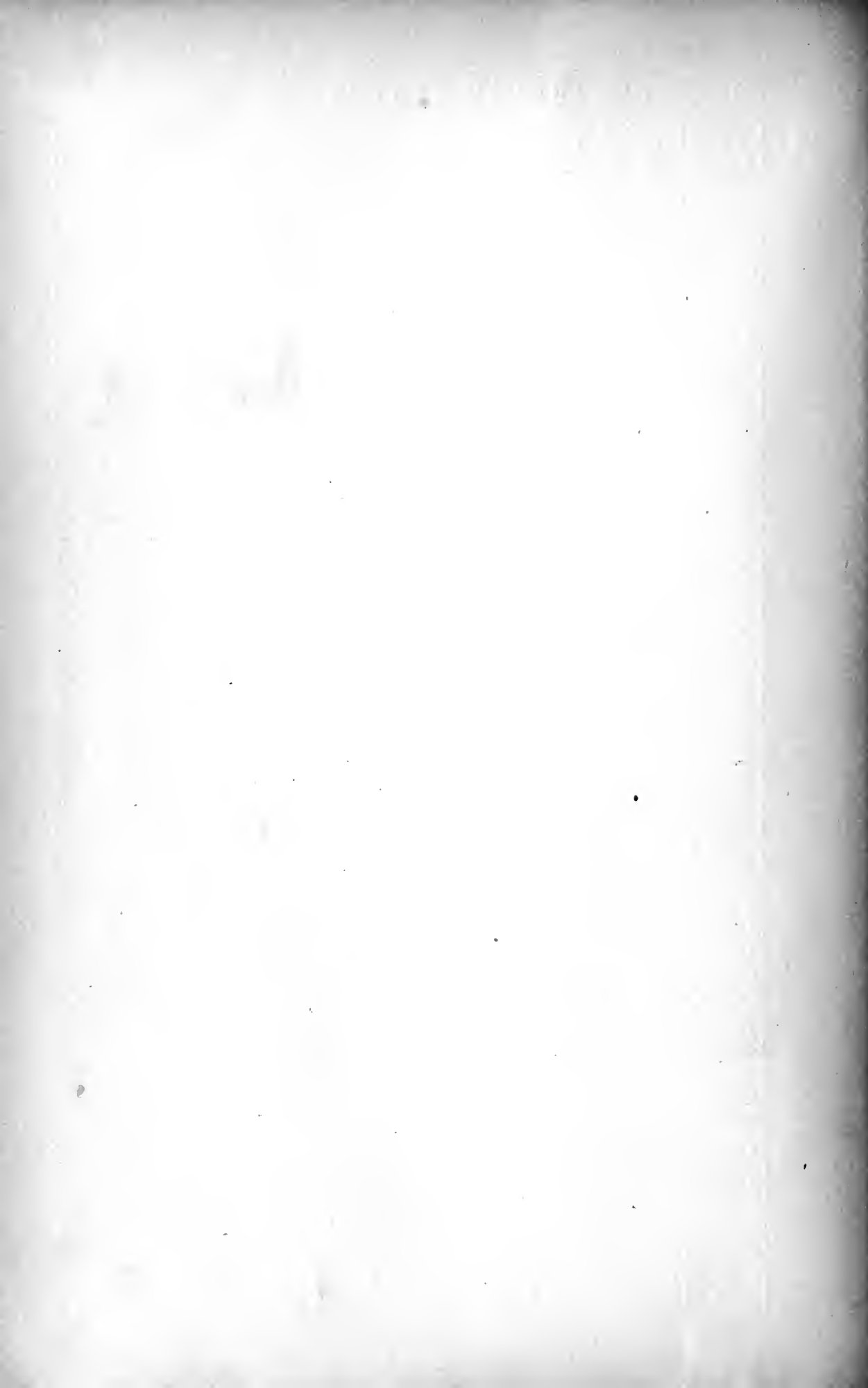


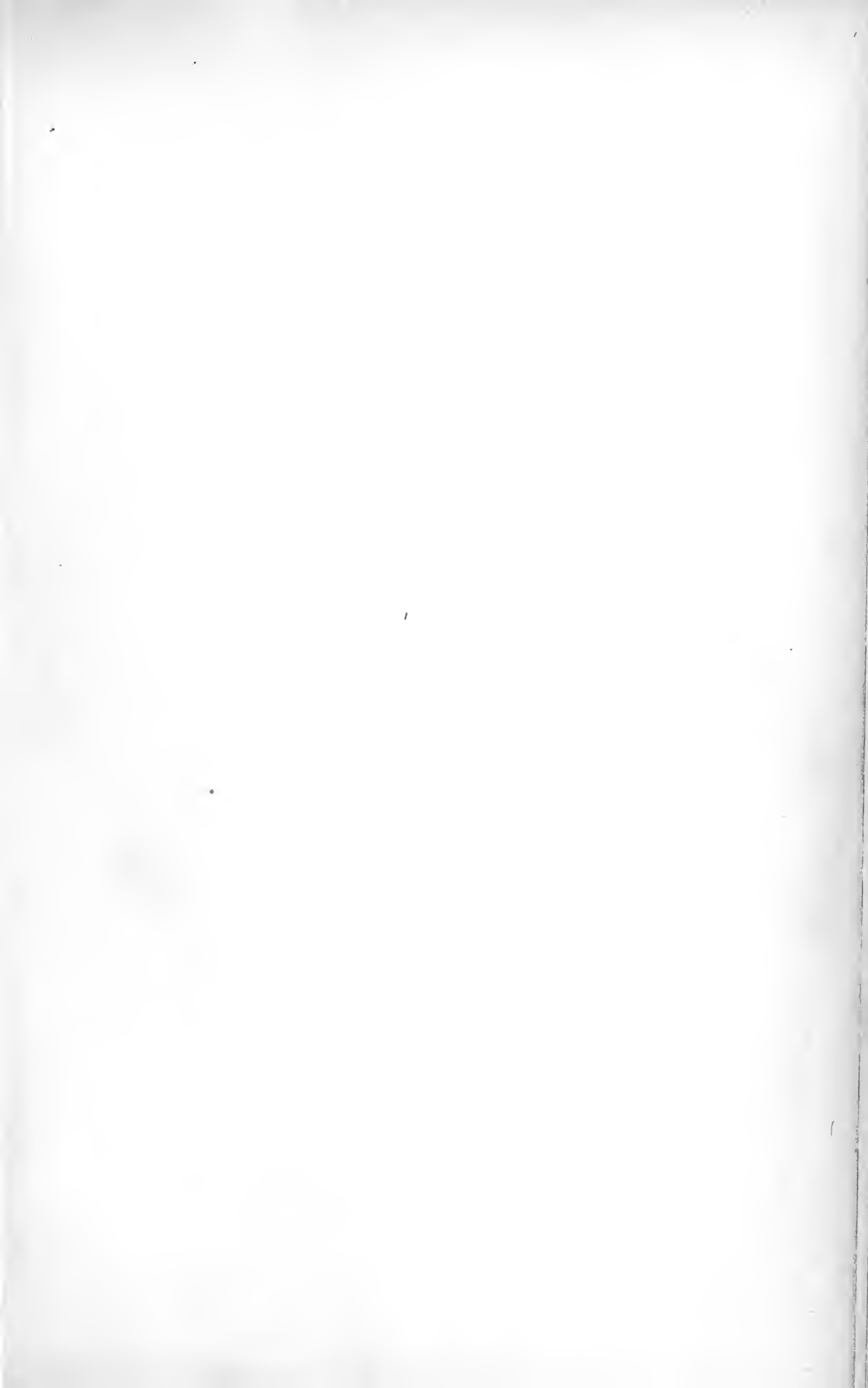
Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of Turkey	Emperors of Germany	Russia Czars Kings	Poland	Dukes of Prussia	Kings of France	Dukes of Savoy	Kings of Spain	Kings of Portugal	England Kings of Scotland	Princes of Orange	Denmark	
6314	1601	7 Mahomed III.	26 Rodolph II.	4 Boris Sigismund	15	4Joachim-Frederic	13 Henry IV.	22 Charles-Emm. I.	4 Philip III.	United to Spain	44 Elizabeth James 35	18 Philip-Wm.	14	
6315	1602	8	27	5	16	5Elector of	14	23	5		45- VI. 36	19	15	
6316	1603	1 Ahmed I.	28	6	17	6Brauden-burg	15	24	6		1 James I. VI. of	20	16	
6317	1604	2	29	7	18	7	16	25	7		2 Scotland	21	17	
6318	1605	3	30	—Interreg.	19	8	17	26	8		3	22	18	
6319	1606	4	31	1 Vassili Chouiski	20	9	18	27	9		4	23	19	
6320	1607	5	32	2	21	10	19	28	10		5	24	20	
6321	1608	6	33	3	22	1 John Sigismund	20	29	11		6	25	21	
6322	1609	7	34	4	23	2	21	30	12		7	26	22	
6323	1610	8	35	—Interreg.	24	3	1 Louis XIII.	31	13		8	27	23	
6324	1611	9	36		25	4	2 the Just	32	14		9	28	24	
6325	1612	10	1 Matthias		26	5	3	33	15		10	29	25	
6326	1613	11	2	1 Michael Romanof	27	6	4	34	16		11	30	26	
6327	1614	12	3	2	28	7	5	35	17		12	31	27	
6328	1615	13	4	3	29	8	6	36	18		13	32	28	
6329	1616	14	5	4	30	9 succeeds as Duke of Prussia 1618	7	37	19		14	33	29	
6330	1617	1 Mustafa I.	6	5	31	10	8	38	20		15	34	30	
6331	1618	1 Osman I.	7	6	32	11	9	39	21		16	1 Maurice	31	
6332	1619	2	1 Ferdinand II.	7	33	1 George-William	10	40	22		17	2	32	
6333	1620	3	2	8	34	2	11	41	23		18	3	33	
6334	1621	4	3	9	35	3	12	42	1 Phillip IV.		19	4	34	
6335	1622	1 Mustafa I. again	4	10	36	4	13	43	2		20	5	35	
6336	1623	1 Amurath IV.	5	11	37	5	14	44	3		21	6	36	
6337	1624	2	6	12	38	6	15	45	4		22	7	37	
6338	1625	3	7	13	39	7	16	46	5		1 Charles I.	1 Frederic-Henry	38	
6339	1626	4	8	14	40	8	17	47	6		2	2	39	
6340	1627	5	9	15	41	9	18	48	7		3	3	40	
6341	1628	6	10	16	42	10	19	49	8		4	4	41	
6342	1629	7	11	17	43	11	20	50	9		5	5	42	
6343	1630	8	12	18	44	12	21	1 Victor-Amade.	10		6	6	43	
6344	1631	9	13	19	45	13	22	2 us I.	11		7	7	44	
6345	1632	10	14	20 Ladislas VII. Vasa	1	14	23	3	12		8	8	45	
6346	1633	11	15	21	2	15	24	4	13		9	9	46	
6347	1634	12	16	22	3	16	25	5	14		10	10	47	
6348	1635	13	17	23	4	17	26	6	15		11	11	48	
6349	1636	14	18	24	5	18	27	7	16		12	12	49	
6350	1637	15	1 Ferdinand III.	25	6	19	28	1 Francis-Hyacinth	17		13	13	50	
6351	1638	16	2	26	7	20	29	1 Charles-Emm. II.	18		14	14	51	
6352	1639	17	3	27	8	21	30	2	19		15	15	52	
6353	1640	1 Ibrahim	4	28	9	1 Frederic Wm. the	31	3	20		1 John IV. Duke of	16	16	53
6354	1641	2	5	29	10	2 Great	32	4	21		17	17	54	
6355	1642	3	6	30	11	3	33	5	22		3 Braganza	18	18	55
6356	1643	4	7	31	12	4	1 Louis XIV. 2le Grand	6	23		4	19	19	56
6357	1644	5	8	32	13	5	5	7	24		5	20	20	57
6358	1645	6	9	1 Alexis	14	6	3	8	25		6	21	21	58
6359	1646	7	10	2	15	7	4	9	26		7	22	22	59
6360	1647	8	11	3	16	8	5	10	27		8	23	1 William II.	60
6361	1648	9	12	4 John II. Casimir	1	9	6	11	28		9	24	2	161
6362	1649	1 Mahomed IV.	13	5	2	10	7	12	29		10	—Commonwealth	3	2
6363	1650	2	14	6	3	11	8	13	30		11	4	3	

POPES	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MODERN HISTORY	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
10 Clement VIII.	Francis Lord Bacon, 1561-1626	Defeat of the Spaniards in Ireland by Lord Mountjoy, Dec. 24.—Essex and Southampton found guilty. Feb. 19.—Essex is beheaded, Feb. 25. Conspiracy against Henry IV.—Mareschal Biron beheaded, July 21.—O'Neil Earl of Tyrone surrenders at discretion.	Chancellor de Bellievre, 1529-1607
11 ———	Father Paul Sarpi, 1552-1622	Queen Elizabeth dies, Mar. 24, at. 69.—The proclamation of the accession of King James read 'to the people' by Secretary Cecil, Mar. 21. Conference of divines at Hampton Court, Jan. 16.—The style of King of Great Britain first assumed, Oct. 24.	Thomas Lord Ellesmere, 1540-1617
12 ———	Archbishop Bancroft, 1544-1610	Gunpowder Plot discovered, Nov. 5.—High disputes between Pope Paul V. and the Venetians.—Marino Grimani the Doge dies, Dec. 16. Pope Paul V. forbids the Catholics of England taking the oath of allegiance, Sept. 3.—Ostend taken by Marquis Spinola, Sept. 9.	Secretary Villeroy, —1617
13 ———	Francis de Malherbe, 1556-1628	Sir Francis Bacon in a debate upon a Union with Scotland introduces a luminous exposition of a plan of legal reform, Mar.	Robert Earl of Salisbury, 1533-1612
1 Leo XI.	Janus Gruter, 1560-1627	Cecil Earl of Salisbury made Lord Treasurer, May 6.—Abp. Bancroft persecutes the Puritans, of whom numbers emigrate to Virginia.	Sir Edward Coke, 1550-1634
1 Paul V.	Cardinal Bellarmine, 1542-1621	Twelve years' truce between Spain and the United Provinces, Mar. 29. Edict of Philip III. for the expulsion of the Moors, Dec. 9.	Chancellor Brulart de Sillery, —1624
2 ———	Philip du Mornay, 1549-1623	Henry IV. assassinated by Ravalliac, May 4.—King James renews the league between England and France.	Howard Earl of Northampton, —1614
3 ———	Galilei Galileo, 1564-1642	New Translation of the Bible published by authority, May 22.—First creation of baronets.—Robert Carr advanced at Court.	President Jeannin, 1540-1652
4 ———	Francesco Albano, 1578-1660	Cecil Earl of Salisbury dies, May 24.—Howard Earl of Suffolk succeeds as lord treasurer.—Henry Prince of Wales dies, Nov. 6.	Francis Duke of Lerma, —1625
5 ———	Sir Thomas Bodley, 1544-1612	Marriage of the Pss. Elizabeth to the Elector Palatine.—Sir T. Overbury dies, Sept. 24.—Carr Earl of Somerset marries the Cts. of Essex. King James dissolves the parliament, June 8.—He resorts to raising money by way of benevolence, and obtains £52,905.	Sir John Davies, 1570-1625
6 ———	Lopez de la Vega, 1562-1635	George Villiers sworn of the Privy Council, Apr. 23.—The murder of Overbury divulged, Aug. 1.—Lady Arabella Stuart dies, Sept. 17.	Carr Earl of Somerset, —1645
7 ———	Ben Jonson, 1574-1638	King James gives up the cautionary towns pledged to Queen Elizabeth, May 31.—Somerset and his countess condemned but reprieved, July 11.	Pensionary Barneveldt, 1547-1619
8 ———	John Kepler, 1571-1630	Sir Francis Bacon made Lord Keeper, Mar. 7; and Lord Chancellor, May 27.—King James enforces episcopacy in Scotland, July.	Sir Ralph Winwood, 1564-1617
9 ———	John Napier, 1550-1617	Religious dissension in Bohemia.—Earl of Suffolk fined for pecculation, July 12.—Sir Walter Raleigh beh. Oct. 29.—Synod of Dort, Nov. 1.	Marquis de Spinola, 1569-1630
10 ———	Sir Hugh Middleton, —1631	War of the Succession in Germany, Aug. 26, continues thirty years.—The circulation of the blood discovered by Dr. William Harvey.	Charles Albert D. de Luines, —1621
11 ———	Sir Robert Cotton, 1570-1631	Preliminaries of the Spanish match, Apr. 27.—Battle of Prague gained by the D. of Bavaria, Nov. 8.—Elector Palatine loses his dominions.	Richard Earl of Cork, 1566-1643
12 ———	Domenichino Zampieri, 1581-1641	Lord Bacon convicted of bribery, May 3.—King James in person cancels a protest of the House of Commons from their journals, Dec. 30.	Digby Earl of Bristol, 1580-1658
13 ———	Giovanni Guercino, 1590-1666	Oxford, Southampton, Coke, S. Iden, Pym, &c. imprisoned.—The Puritans side with the people—the Arminians declare for the King.	Archbishop Abbot, 1562-1633
14 ———	Dr. William Harvey, 1578-1658	Buckingham and Prince Charles proceed incognito to Madrid, Feb. 7.—'The match' broken off by the intrigues of Buckingham, Nov. 25.	Villiers Duke of Buckingham, 1582-1628
15 ———	Guido Rheni, 1575-1642	Cranfield Earl of Middlesex, lord treasurer, removed, May 13.—Treaty of marriage between Prince Charles and Henrietta of France.	Henry Duke de Rohan, 1579-1638
16 ———	Robert Burton, 1576-1639	King James I. dies, Mar. 27, at. 59.—Marriage of King Charles with Henrietta Maria, June 14.—The first parliament, June 18.—Aug. 12.	Sir Henry Wotton, 1568-1639
1 Gregory XV.	Sir Peter Paul Rubens, 1577-1640	King Charles meets his second parliament, Feb. 6, which is suddenly dissolved, June 15.—He exacts a loan to assist the King of Denmark.	Williams Abp. of York, 1582-1650
2 ———	Sir Henry Spelman, 1562-1641	Sir Thomas Wentworth imprisoned for refusing to aid the loan.—The Duke of Buckingham appears suddenly before Rochelle, July 7.	Cardinal Richelieu, 1585-1642
1 Urban VIII.	Cardinal Bentivoglio, 1579-1644	Third parliament meets, Mar. 17.—Petition of Right, June 17.—Buckingham assassinated by Felton, Aug. 23.—Rochelle surrenders to Louis.	Albert Count Wallestein, 1584-1634
2 ———	John Meursius, 1579-1639	The Speaker of the H. of Commons forcibly held in the chair pending a protest against tonnage and poundage, Mar. 2.—Parliament dissolved.	Thomas Lord Coventry, 1578-1640
3 ———	Gerard John Vossius, 1577-1649	King Charles engages, through the Marquis of Hamilton, to assist Gustavus Adolphus in the recovery of the Palatinate.	Mareschal Bassompierre, 1579-1646
4 ———	Pietro da Cortona, 1596-1669	Bp. Laud introduces various objectionable religious ceremonies, Jan. 16. Battle of Leipsic, Count Tilly defeated by Gustavus Adolphus, Aug. 28.	Gaspar Duke d'Olivarez, —1643
5 ———	Bishop Hall, 1574-1656	Proclamation enforcing the residence of landholders upon their estates, June 10.—Battle of Lutzen, Gustavus Adolphus killed, Nov. 6.	Chancellor Oxenstiern, 1583-1654
6 ———	Inigo Jones, 1572-1652	King Charles crowned at Edinburgh, June 18.—Episcopacy opposed in the Scottish parliament.—Laud raised to the see of Canterbury, Aug.	Weston Earl of Portland, —1624
7 ———	Hugo Grotius, 1583-1645	Battle of Nordlingen gained by the Imperialists, Nov. 28.—Noy, Attorney-general, dies, Aug. 9.—First writ for ship-money, Oct. 20.	Duke of Saxe Weimar, 1604-1639
8 ———	Archbishop Usher, 1580-1656	Peace of Prague, May 20.—Earls of Salisbury and Westmoreland and others are heavily fined for encroachments on the royal forests.	Archbishop Laud, 1593-1645
9 ———	Diego Velasquez, 1594-1660	Proclamation restraining the emigration of the Presbyterians to America, Apr. 30.—Oliver Cromwell actually embarked.	Thomas Earl of Strafford, 1593-1641
10 ———	Sir Anthony Vandyke, 1599-1641	Prynne, Bastwick, and Burton pilloried in the Star Chamber, June 30.—First tumult at Edinburgh on the reading of the liturgy, July 23.	John Hampden, 1594-1643
11 ———	John Selden, 1584-1654	Judgment in the Exchequer against John Hampden for ship money, June 12.—Episcopacy abolished in Scotland, Nov. 29.	John Pym, 1581-1643
12 ———	Peter Gassendi, 1592-1655	Pacification with the Scots at Berwick, June 13.—Bp. Williams fined by the Star Chamber £5,000 to the King and £3,000 to Abp. Laud, Feb.	Denzil Holles, 1597-1680
13 ———	Rene Descartes, 1596-1650	Fourth parliament, Apr. 13.—May 5.—The Lords 'solicit the supply' which is voted a breach of privilege, May 1.—Long parliament meets, Nov. 3.	William Lenthal, 1591-1663
14 ———	Claude de Lorraine, 1600-1682	The judgment in the Exchequer in Hampden's case cancelled by act of parliament, Feb. 26.—Wentworth Earl of Strafford beheaded, May 11.	Robert Earl of Essex, 1596-1646
15 ———	Dionysius Petavius, 1583-1652	King Charles demands the Five Members, Jan. 3.—The royal standard erected at Nottingham, Aug. 22.—Battle of Edgehill, Oct. 23.	James Marquis of Montrose, 1612-1650
16 ———	Paul Rembrandt, 1606-1674	John Hampden mortally wounded at Chalgrove, June 18.—Prince Rupert takes Bristol by storm, July 26.—First battle of Newbury, Sept. 20.	Carey Viscount Falkland, 1610-1643
17 ———	Eustace Le Suer, 1617-1655	Parliament at Oxford, Jan. 29.—Battle at Marston Moor, July 2.—Surrender of Skippon, Sept. 2.—Second battle of Newbury, Oct. 27.	William Marq. of Newcastle, 1592-1676
18 ———	William Chillingworth, 1602-1644	Abp. Laud beheaded, Jan. 10.—Treaty of Uxbridge fails, Feb. 22.—Battle of Naseby, June 14.—Prince Rupert surrenders Bristol, Sept. 10.	Thomas Lord Fairfax, 1611-1671
19 ———	Sir Thomas Browne, 1605-1682	The King sends eight several messages to the parliament from Oxford, Dec. 1645.—Mar. 23.—He surrenders to the Scots at Newark, May 5.	Sir Henry Vane, 1612-1672
20 ———	Nicholas Poussin, 1594-1665	King Charles delivered by the Scots to the parliamentary commissioners, Jan. 30.—Is taken by Colonel Hammond to Carisbrook castle, Nov. 13.	Cardinal Mazarine, 1602-1661
21 ———	Bartolomeo Murillo, 1613-1685	Battle of Lens gained by the Prince of Conde, Aug. 9.—Pence of Westphalia, Oct. 14.—The Presbyterians debarred entrance to 'the House.'	Cardinal de Retz, 1614-1679
1 Innocent X.	Duke de la Rochefoucault, 1613-1680	King Charles I. beheaded, Jan. 30.—House of Lords abolished, Feb. 5.	Louis 'le Grande Conde' 1621-1686
2 ———	Salvator Rosa, 1615-1673	Duke of Hamilton and Lords Holland and Capel beheaded, Mar. 9.	Bishop Juxon, 1584-1663
3 ———	Carlo Dolce, 1616-1685	Marquis of Montrose executed, May 20.—King Charles lauds in Scotland, June 23.—Battle of Dunbar gained by Cromwell, Sept. 3.	Anne of Austria, —1665
4 ———	Thomas Hobbes, 1588-1679		
5 ———	Dr. Edward Poocke, 1604-1691		
6 ———	Francis de Mezerai, 1610-1683		



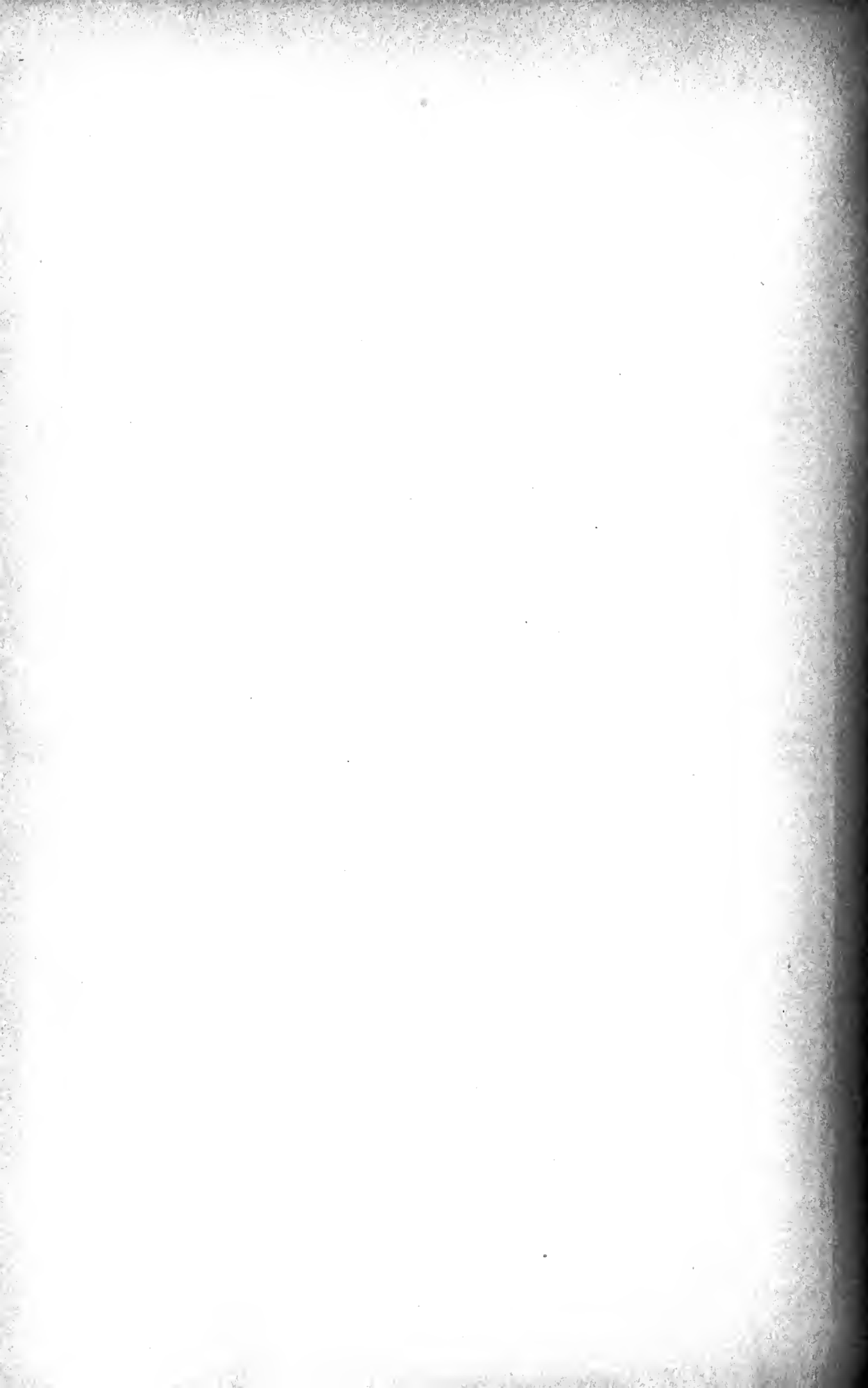
D O G E S OF VENICE	Tuscany G. Dukes — Dukes	M Modena — Modena	Dukes of — Guastalla	Dukes of — Mantua	Netherlids. Govnrns. — Stads. Un. Provs.	Dukes, Brunswick — Lunenb.urg	Dukes of — Wurtembg.	Electors of — Bavaria	Electors — — Palatine	Saxony — — Dukes	Electors — — Lorraine
7 Marino Grimano	15 Ferdin. I. Caesar 5	10 Ranutius Ferdin. 27 and II. 28	15 Vincent I.	6 Archduke Albert, 15 both are 16 invested 8 with 17 sovereign 9 power 18	10 Ernest II.	9 Frederic	6 Maximilian	19 Frederic IV.	11 Christ. I. Charles 57		
8 —	16 — 6	11 — 11	16 —	7 — 16	11 —	10 —	7 —	20 —	12 — 58		
9 —	17 — 7	12 — 29	17 —	8 — 17	12 —	11 —	8 —	21 —	13 — 59		
10 —	18 — 8	13 — 30	18 —	9 — 18	13 —	12 —	9 —	22 —	14 — 60		
11 —	19 — 9	14 — 31	19 —	10 — 19	14 —	13 —	10 —	23 —	15 — 61		
1 Leonardo Donato	20 — 10	15 — 32	20 —	11 — 20	15 —	14 —	11 —	24 —	16 — 62		
2 —	21 — 11	16 — 33	21 —	12 — 21	16 —	15 —	12 —	25 —	17 — 63		
3 —	22 — 12	17 — 34	22 —	13 — 22	17 —	1 John-Frederic	13 —	26 —	18 — 64		
4 —	1 Cosmo II. de Medici	13 — 35	23 —	14 — 23	18 —	2 —	14 —	27 —	19 — 65		
5 —	2 — 14	19 — 36	24 —	15 — 24	19 —	3 —	15 —	1 Frederic V.	20 — 66		
6 —	3 — 15	20 — 37	25 —	16 — 25	1 Christian I.	4 —	16 —	2 —	1 John-George I.	4 — 67	
1 M. Ant. Memmo	4 — 16	21 — 38	1 Francis III. 1 Ferdinand	17 — 26	2 —	5 —	17 —	3 —	2 — 68		
2 —	5 — 17	22 — 39	2 —	18 — 27	3 —	6 —	18 —	4 —	3 — 69		
3 —	6 — 18	23 — 40	3 —	19 — 28	4 —	7 —	19 —	5 —	4 — 70		
1 Giovanni Bembo	7 — 19	24 — 41	4 —	20 — 29	5 —	8 —	20 —	6 —	5 — 71		
2 —	8 — 20	25 — 42	5 —	21 — 30	6 —	9 —	21 —	7 —	6 — 72		
3 —	9 — 21	26 — 43	6 —	22 — 31	7 —	10 —	22 —	8 —	7 — 73		
1 Nicolò Donato Antonio Priuli	10 — 22	27 — 44	7 —	23 — 32	8 —	11 —	23 —	9 —	8 — 74		
2 —	11 — 23	28 — 45	8 —	24 — 33	9 —	12 —	24 —	10 —	9 — 75		
3 —	12 — 24	29 — 46	9 —	25 — 34	10 —	13 —	25 —	11 —	10 — 76		
4 —	1 Ferdin. and II. de Medici	30 — 47	10 —	26 Isabel-la alone	35 — 36	14 —	26 —	12 —	11 — 77		
5 —	2 — 26	1 Edward	11 —	27 —	36 —	15 —	27 —	13 —	12 — 78		
1 Francesco Contarini	3 — 27	2 — 49	12 —	28 —	37 —	16 —	28 created the 8th Elector	14 —	13 — 79		
1 Giovanni Cornaro	4 — 28	3 — 50	13 —	29 —	38 —	17 —	29		14 — 80		
2 —	5 — 29	4 — 51	14 —	30 Frederic Henry of Orange	1 — 2	18 —	30 —		15 — 81		
3 —	6 — 30	5 — 52	1 Vincent II.	31 —	3 —	19 —	31 —		16 — 82		
4 —	7 — 31	6 — 53	1 Charles I.	32 —	4 —	20 —	32 —		17 — 83		
5 —	8 Alfonso III.	7 — 54	2 —	33 —	5 —	1 Eberhard III.	33 —		18 — 84		
6 —	9 Francis I.	8 — 55	3 —	34 —	6 —	2 —	34 —		19 — 85		
1 Nicolò Contarini	10 — 2	9 Caesar II.	4 —	35 —	7 —	3 —	35 —		20 — 86		
1 Francesco Erizzo	11 — 3	10 — 2	5 —	36 —	8 —	4 —	36 —		21 — 87		
2 —	12 — 4	11 Ferdin. and III.	6 —	37 —	9 —	5 —	37 —	— Charles-Louis recovers the Palatinate, 1650	22 — 88		
3 —	13 — 5	12 — 2	7 —	1 Don Ferdinand	10 —	6 —	38 —		23 — 89		
4 —	14 — 6	13 — 3	8 —	2 —	11 —	7 —	39 —		24 — 90		
5 —	15 — 7	14 — 4	9 —	3 —	12 —	8 —	40 —		25 — 91		
6 —	16 — 8	15 — 5	10 —	4 —	13 —	9 —	41 —		26 — 92		
7 —	17 — 9	16 — 6	1 Charles III. son of Duke de Rethelois	5 —	14 —	10 —	42 —		27 — 93		
8 —	18 — 10	17 — 7	2 Charles II.	6 —	15 —	11 —	43 —		28 — 94		
9 —	19 — 11	18 — 8	3 —	7 —	16 —	12 —	44 —		29 — 95		
10 —	20 — 12	19 — 9	4 —	8 —	17 —	13 —	45 —		30 — 96		
11 —	21 — 13	20 — 10	5 —	1 Don Francesco Mello	18 —	14 —	46 —		31 — 97		
12 —	22 — 14	21 — 11	6 —	2 —	19 —	15 —	47 —		32 — 98		
13 —	23 — 15	22 — 12	7 —	3 —	20 —	16 —	48 —		33 — 99		
14 —	24 — 16	23 — 13	8 —	1 Marquis de Castel	21 —	17 —	49 —		34 — 100		
15 —	25 — 17	24 — 14	9 —	2 Rodrigo	22 —	18 —	50 —		35 — 101		
1 Francesco Molino	26 — 18	1 Ranutius II.	10 —	3 —	23 —	19 —	51 —		36 — 102		
2 —	27 — 19	2 — 16	11 —	4 —	24 —	20 —	52 —		37 — 103		
3 —	28 — 20	3 — 17	12 —	1 Arc. Leopd. William I. of Orange	25 —	1 Christian-Louis	53 —		38 — 104		
4 —	29 — 21	4 — 18	13 —	2 —	26 —	2 —	54 —		39 — 105		
5 —	30 — 22	5 — 19	14 —	3 —	27 —	3 —	55 —		40 — 106		



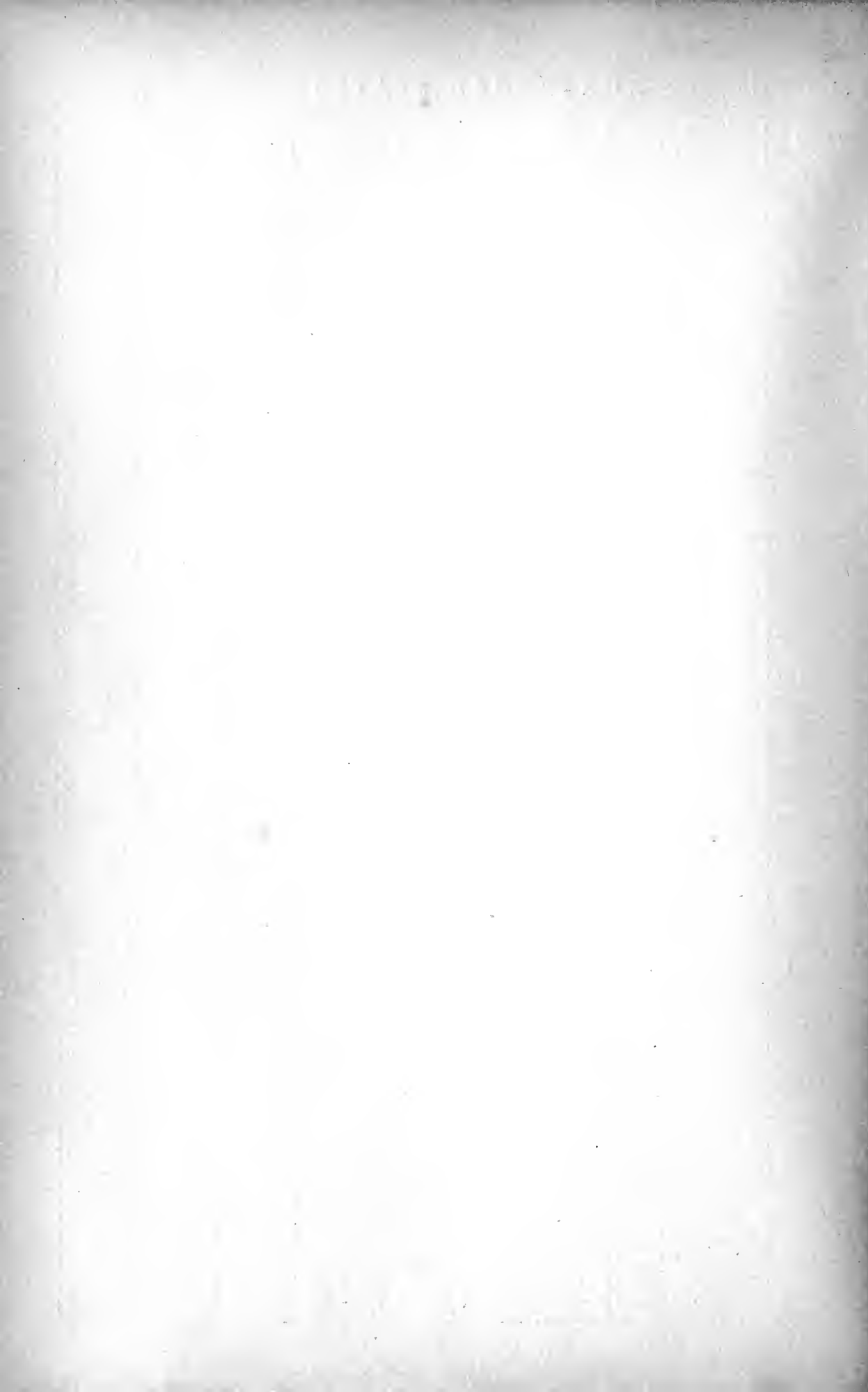


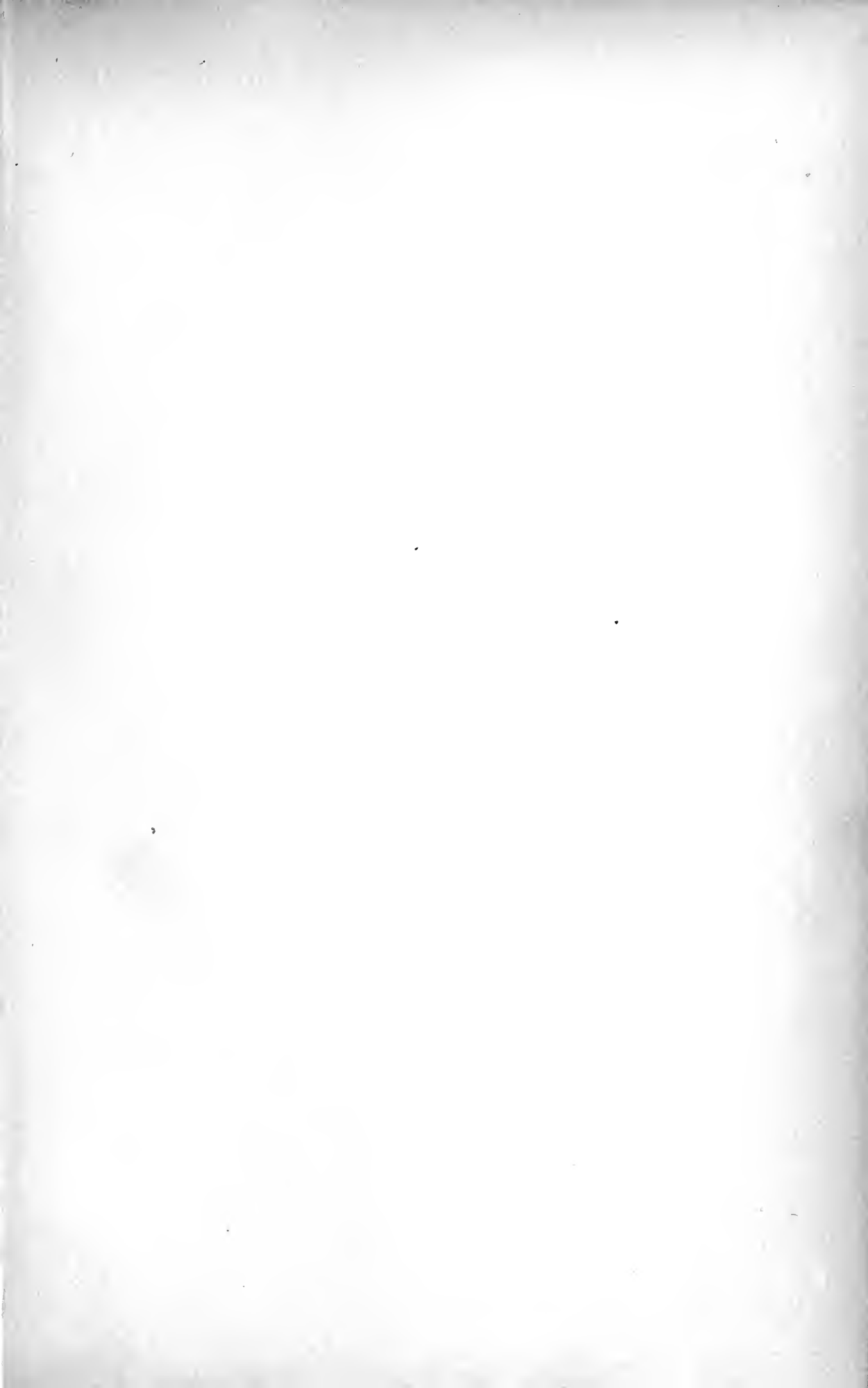
Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of Turkey	Emperors of Germany	Russia Czars Kings	Poland	Dukes of Prussia	Kings of France	Dukes of Savoy	Kings of Spain	Kings of Portugal	Kings of Gt. Britain	Princes of Orange	Denmark
6364	1651	3 Mahomed IV.	15 Ferdinand III.	7 Alexis John 4	11. 5	12 Frederic-William	9 Louis XIV.	14 Charles Em. II.	31 Philip IV.	12 John IV. of Braganza	—Commonwealth	5 William II.	4 Frederick III.
6365	1652	4 —	16 —	8 —	6 —	13 —	10 —	15 —	32 —	13 —	—	6 —	5 —
6366	1653	5 —	17 —	9 —	7 —	14 —	11 —	16 —	33 —	14 —	—	7 —	6 —
6367	1654	6 —	18 —	10 —	8 —	15 —	12 —	17 —	34 —	15 —	—	8 —	7 —
6368	1655	7 —	19 —	11 —	9 —	16 —	13 —	18 —	35 —	16 —	—	9 —	8 —
6369	1656	8 —	20 —	12 —	10 —	17 —	14 —	19 —	36 —	1 Alfonso VI.	—	10 —	9 —
6370	1657	9 —	21 —	13 —	11 —	18 —	15 —	20 —	37 —	2 —	—	11 —	10 —
6371	1658	10 —	Interreg. 1 Leopold I.	14 —	12 —	19 —	16 —	21 —	38 —	3 —	—	12 —	11 —
6372	1659	11 —	2 —	15 —	13 —	20 —	17 —	22 —	39 —	4 —	—	13 —	12 —
6373	1660	12 —	3 —	16 —	14 —	21 —	18 —	23 —	40 —	5 —	1 Charles II.	1 William III.	13 —
6374	1661	13 —	4 —	17 —	15 —	22 —	19 —	24 —	41 —	6 —	2 —	2 —	14 —
6375	1662	14 —	5 —	18 —	16 —	23 —	20 —	25 —	42 —	7 —	3 —	3 —	15 —
6376	1663	15 —	6 —	19 —	17 —	24 —	21 —	26 —	43 —	8 —	4 —	4 —	16 —
6377	1664	16 —	7 —	20 —	18 —	25 —	22 —	27 —	44 —	9 —	5 —	5 —	17 —
6378	1665	17 —	8 —	21 —	19 —	26 —	23 —	28 —	1 Charles II.	10 —	6 —	6 —	18 —
6379	1666	18 —	9 —	22 —	20 —	27 —	24 —	29 —	2 —	11 —	7 —	7 —	19 —
6380	1667	19 —	10 —	23 —	21 —	28 —	25 —	30 —	3 —	12 —	8 —	8 —	20 —
6381	1668	20 —	11 —	24 Interreg.	22 —	29 —	26 —	31 —	4 —	13 —	9 —	9 —	21 —
6382	1669	21 —	12 —	25 Michael 1 Koributh	23 —	30 —	27 —	32 —	5 —	14 —	10 —	10 —	22 —
6383	1670	22 —	13 —	26 —	24 —	31 —	28 —	33 —	6 —	15 —	11 —	11 —	1 Charles II.
6384	1671	23 —	14 —	27 —	25 —	32 —	29 —	34 —	7 —	16 —	12 —	12 —	2 —
6385	1672	24 —	15 —	28 —	26 —	33 —	30 —	35 —	8 —	17 —	13 —	13 —	3 —
6386	1673	25 —	16 —	29 —	27 —	34 —	31 —	36 —	9 —	18 —	14 —	14 —	4 —
6387	1674	26 —	17 —	30 John III Sobieski	28 —	35 —	32 —	37 —	10 —	19 —	15 —	15 —	5 —
6388	1675	27 —	18 —	31 —	29 —	36 —	33 —	1 Victor-Amadeus II.	11 —	20 —	16 —	16 —	6 —
6389	1676	28 —	19 —	1 Feodor II.	30 —	37 —	34 —	2 —	12 —	21 —	17 —	17 —	7 —
6390	1677	29 —	20 —	2 —	31 —	38 —	35 —	3 —	13 —	22 —	18 —	18 —	8 —
6391	1678	30 —	21 —	3 —	32 —	39 —	36 —	4 —	14 —	23 —	19 —	19 —	9 —
6392	1679	31 —	22 —	4 —	33 —	40 —	37 —	5 —	15 —	24 —	20 —	20 —	10 —
6393	1680	32 —	23 —	5 —	34 —	41 —	38 —	6 —	16 —	25 —	21 —	21 —	11 —
6394	1681	33 —	24 —	6 —	35 —	42 —	39 —	7 —	17 —	26 —	22 —	22 —	12 —
6395	1682	34 —	25 —	1 Ivan V. and 2 Peter I.	36 —	43 —	40 —	8 —	18 —	27 —	23 —	23 —	13 —
6396	1683	35 —	26 —	3 —	37 —	44 —	41 —	9 —	19 —	1 Pedro II.	24 —	24 —	14 —
6397	1684	36 —	27 —	4 —	38 —	45 —	42 —	10 —	20 —	2 —	25 —	25 —	15 —
6398	1685	37 —	28 —	5 —	39 —	46 —	43 —	11 —	21 —	3 —	1 James II.	26 —	16 —
6399	1686	38 —	29 —	6 —	40 —	47 —	44 —	12 —	22 —	4 —	2 —	27 —	17 —
6400	1687	1 Soliman III.	30 —	7 —	41 —	48 —	45 —	13 —	23 —	5 —	3 —	28 —	18 —
6401	1688	2 —	31 —	8 —	42 —	1 Frederic	46 —	14 —	24 —	6 —	4 —	29 —	19 —
6402	1689	3 —	32 —	9 —	43 —	2 Peter the Great alone	47 —	15 —	25 —	7 —	Interreg. 1 Willm. III. Mary I	30 King of Great Britain	20 —
6403	1690	4 —	33 —	10 —	44 —	3 —	48 —	16 —	26 —	8 —	2 —	31 Britain	21 —
6404	1691	1 Ahmed II.	34 —	11 —	45 —	4 —	49 —	17 —	27 —	9 —	3 —	32 —	22 —
6405	1692	2 —	35 —	12 —	46 —	5 —	50 —	18 —	28 —	10 —	4 —	33 —	23 —
6406	1693	3 —	36 —	13 —	47 —	6 —	51 —	19 —	29 —	11 —	5 —	34 —	24 —
6407	1694	4 —	37 —	14 —	48 —	7 —	52 —	20 —	30 —	12 —	6 —	35 —	25 —
6408	1695	1 Mustafa II.	38 —	15 —	49 —	8 —	53 —	21 —	31 —	13 —	7 —	36 —	26 —
6409	1696	2 —	39 —	16 —	50 —	9 —	54 —	22 —	32 —	14 —	8 —	37 —	27 —
6410	1697	3 —	40 —	17 —	51 —	10 —	55 —	23 —	33 —	15 —	9 —	38 —	28 —
6411	1698	4 —	41 —	18 —	52 —	11 —	56 —	24 —	34 —	16 —	10 —	39 —	29 —
6412	1699	5 —	42 —	19 —	53 —	12 —	57 —	25 —	35 —	17 —	11 —	40 —	1 Frederic
6413	1700	6 —	43 —	20 —	54 —	13 —	58 —	26 —	1 Philip V.	18 —	12 —	41 —	2 —

	POPES	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MODERN HISTORY	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
II.	8 Innocent X.	Madame de Sevigne, 1627—1696	Charles II. crowned at Scone, Jan. 1.—Enters England by Carlisle, Aug. 6.	Archibald Marq. of Argyll, ob. at. 63, 1661
	9 ———	John F. Gronovius, 1611—1671	Battle of Worcester, Sept. 3.—The King escapes to France, Oct. 17.	Admiral M. Van Tromp, 1597—1653
	10 ———	Blaise Pascal, 1623—1662	War between England and Holland, June 30.—Seven naval battles in thirteen months.—Blake, Van Tromp, de Ruyter, &c.	Oliver Cromwell, 1599—1658
	11 ———	John Milton, 1608—1674	Cromwell dissolves the Long Parliament, Apr. 20.—Barebone parliament, July 4—Dec. 12.—Cromwell proclaimed Lord Protector, Dec. 16.	Admiral Blake, 1599—1657
	1 Alexander VII.	James Harrington, 1611—1677	Peace between England and Holland, Apr. 5.—New parliament, Sept. 3—Jan. 22.—The hereditary Protectorate refused, Oct. 19.	John Thurloe, 1616—1668
	2 ———	Edmund Waller, 1605—1697	Conspiracy of the republicans, Feb. 10.—Penruddock executed at Exeter, May 16.—The press controlled by the Secretary of State, Oct.	Edmund Ludlow, 1602—1693
	3 ———	Peter Corneille, 1606—1684	War between England and Spain, Mar. 12.—Blake destroys four and takes two Spanish Galleons, Sept. 10.—New parliament, Sept. 17—June 26.	Mareschal Turenne, 1611—1675
	4 ———	John Baptist Moliere, 1622—1673	Victory at Santa Cruz by Blake, who dies on his return, Apr. 17.—Cromwell declines the regal title, May 8.—Assassination plot, Jan. 9.	Admiral de Ruyter, 1607—1676
	5 ———	Bp. Brian Walton, 1600—1661	The keys of Dunkirk delivered by Louis XIV. in person to the English ambassador, June 17.—Oliver Cromwell dies, Sept. 3.	Bulstrode Whitelock, 1605—1676
	6 ———	Luca Giordano, 1629—1705	New parliament, Jan. 27—Apr. 22.—The Rump, May 7—Oct. 12.—Richard Cromwell resigns, May 13.—The Rump restored, Dec. 25—Mar. 16.	Monk, Duke of Albemarle, 1603—1670
	7 ———	Sir John Marsham, 1602—1685	General Monk enters England, Jan. 1, and London, Feb. 3.—Convention parliament, Apr. 25—Dec. 29.—King Charles II. restored, May 29.	Edward Earl of Clarendon, 1603—1674
	8 ———	Samuel Butler, 1612—1680	New parliament, May 8.—The Commons ordered to take the sacrament.	James Duke of Ormond, 1607—1688
	9 ———	Charles le Brun, 1619—1690	Restoration of Episcopacy in Scotland, May 8.—Argyll beh. May 27.	Heneage Earl of Nottingham, 1621—1682
	10 ———	Bp. Jeremy Taylor, 1613—1667	Marriage of King Charles to Catherine of Portugal, May 20.—Sir Henry Vane beheaded, June 14.—Dunkirk sold to France, Oct. 17.	Admiral C. Van Tromp, 1629—1691
	11 ———	John F. Vaillant, 1632—1676	The Guards reviewed,—about 4000 men, the whole standing army of the time, July 4.—Impeachment of Lord Clarendon fails, July 9.	Pensionary De Witt, 1625—1672
	12 ———	James Gregory, 1638—1675	The Clergy exchange the right of taxing themselves in Convocation for the elective franchise.—Hostilities against Holland.	Edward Earl of Sandwich, 1625—1672
	1 Clement IX.	John L. Bernini, 1598—1680	The Dutch fleet defeated by the Duke of York; Admiral Opdam blown up, June 3.—The great Plague in London, June 29—Dec. 12.	John Duke of Lauderdale, 1616—1682
	2 ———	John Evelyn, 1620—1706	Conflict of four days with the Dutch fleet, June 1—4.—Dutch fleet defeated by Rupert and Monk, June 26.—Great Fire of London, Sept. 2.	Villiers 2nd D. of Buckingham, 1627—1688
	3 ———	Christian Huygens, 1629—1695	The Dutch sail up the Medway and burn several ships of the line, June 3.	John Baptist Colbert, ob. at. 64, 1683
	1 Clement X.	Sir Christopher Wren, 1622—1723	Peace of Breda, July 10.—Ld. Clarendon resigns the Great Seal, Aug. 30.	Anthony Earl of Shaftesbury, 1621—1683
	2 ———	Isaac Barrow, 1630—1677	Triple alliance; England, Holland, and Sweden against Louis XIV. Jan. 13—Peace of Aix-la-Chapelle; France and Spain, Apr. 22.	Sir William Temple, 1628—1700
	3 ———	Richard Baxter, 1615—1691	Union with Scotland proposed to parliament upon the basis of episcopacy, and is moved by Lauderdale in Scotland the same day, Oct. 19.	Andrew Marvell, 1620—1678
	4 ———	Bartholemew D'Herbelot, 1623—1695	The Cabal,—Clifford, Arlington, Buckingham, Ashley, and Lauderdale.	Thomas Duke of Leeds, ob. at. 81, 1712
	5 ———	John Bunyan, 1628—1688	Dss. of Portsmouth sent by Louis XIV. to secure the French interest.	Charles Earl of Dorset, 1637—1706
	6 ———	Robert Boyle, 1626—1691	'The Commons' protest against alterations in money bills by the 'Lords,' Mar. 6.—Attempt of Blood to steal the crown, May 9.	Bishop Compton, 1632—1713
	1 Innocent XI.	Samuel Puffendorf, 1632—1694	The king shuts the Exchequer, Jan. 2.—Battle of Solebay, May 27.—P. of Orange made Stadtholder, June 1.—Shaftesbury Chancellor, Nov. 17.	Mareschal de Luxembourg, 1628—1693
	2 ———	Carlo Maratti, 1625—1713	Test Act, Mar. 29.—Duke of York refuses the Test.—Shaftesbury dismissed, Nov. 9. Duke of York marries Mary of Modena, Nov. 21.	Sir William Pulteney, ob. at. 78, 1691
	3 ———	Henry Purcell, 1658—1695	Peace between England and Holland, Feb. 11.—Battle of Senef between the Prince of Condé and the Prince of Orange, Aug. 1.	James Viscount Stair, 1607—1695
	4 ———	John de la Bruyere, 1644—1696	Disputes between the two Houses respecting the right of appeal to the House of Lords, which leads to prorogation for 15 months, Nov. 22.	William Lord Russell, 1641—1683
	5 ———	John de la Fontaine, 1621—1695	King Charles pensioned by Louis XIV. withdraws to Windsor.—National prosperity.—Political calm before the tempest.	Algernon Sidney, 1617—1683
	6 ———	Thomas Otway, 1651—1685	Buckingham, Shaftesbury, Salisbury, and Wharton sent to the Tower for asserting that the prorogation was in effect a dissolution, Feb. 15.	James Duke Monmouth, 1649—1685
	7 ———	Bernard Fontenelle, 1657—1757	Peace of Nimeguen, July 31.—The Popish Plot, Sept. 6.—Sir E. Godfrey murdered, Oct. 17.—Five Catholic lords sent to the Tower, Oct. 25.	Mareschal D. of Schomberg, 1619—1690
	8 ———	John Dryden, 1631—1700	Parliament dissolved, Jan. 24.—D. of York withdraws to Brussels, Mar. 3.	Letellier de Louvois, 1641—1694
	9 ———	John Racine, 1639—1697	New parliament, Mar. 6—July 10.—Habeas Corpus act, May 27.	George Marquis of Halifax, 1630—1695
	10 ———	Nicholas Boileau, 1636—1711	Party distinctions, Whig and Tory arise.—Parliament, Oct. 21—Jan. 10.	Mareschal de Vauban, 1638—1707
	11 ———	Humphrey Prideaux, 1648—1724	Exclusion bill thrown out, Nov. 15.—Viscount Stafford beh. Sept. 29.	Robert Earl of Sunderland, ob. at. 61, 1702
	12 ———	John George Gravivus, 1632—1703	The parliament meets at Oxford, Mar. 21—27.—'The Expedient' fails.—Indictment against Lord Shaftesbury for treason ignored, Nov. 24.	Archbishop Sancroft, 1616—1695
	13 ———	Peter Bayle, 1647—1706	The City authorities by the new election for sheriffs become devoted to the Court.—Shaftesbury withdraws to Holland, Oct. 19.	Sir Edward Seymour, ob. at. 75, 1708
	1 Alexander VIII.	John Locke, 1632—1704	Rye-House Plot, June 23.—Lord Russell beh. July 21.—Sir George Jeffries made lord-chief-justice, Sept. 28.—Algernon Sydney beh. Dec. 7.	Reverend George Walker, ob. 1690
	2 ———	Bishop Stillingfleet, 1635—1699	John Hampden fined £40,000, Feb. 6.—The catholic lords released from the Tower, Feb. 12.—The Duke of York recalled to Council, May 28.	William Duke of Devonshire, 1640—1707
	1 Innocent XII.	Archbishop Tillotson, 1630—1694	K. Charles II. dies, Feb. 6, at 54.—Edict of Nantes revoked, Oct. 12.—D. of Monmouth taken at Sedgemoor, July 6.—Ld. Sunderland premier, Dec. 7.	John Lord Somers, ob. at. 67, 1716
	2 ———	Bishop Burnet, 1643—1715	The dispensing power assumed by the king and affirmed by the judges, June 21.—New ecclesiastical commission opened, July 14.	Reverend William Carstares, 1619—1715
	3 ———	Bossuet Bp. of Meaux, 1627—1704	Contest of the king with the University of Cambridge, May 7—and with Oxford, Dec. 10.—The Pope's Nuncio received at Windsor, July 3.	Russell Earl of Orford, ob. at. 75, 1727
	4 ———	Louis Tillemont, 1637—1698	Trial of the seven bishops, June 29.—Meeting at Ld. Shrewsbury's, June 30.	Madame de Maintenon, ob. at. 84, 1719
	5 ———	Nicholas Malebranche, 1633—1715	P. of Orange lands at Torbay, Nov. 5.—K. James withdraws, Dec. 23.	Charles Duke of Shrewsbury, 1667—1717
	6 ———	John Dominic Cassini, 1625—1712	King William and Queen Mary proclaimed Feb. 13.—Habeas Corpus Act suspended the first time, March 16.—Bill of Rights, Dec. 16.	William Earl of Portland, ob. 1709
	7 ———	Henry Dodwell, 1642—1711	Battle of the Boyne, July 1.—Dublin, Wexford, Drogheda, and Waterford surrender, but at Limerick King William is repulsed, Aug. 30.	Charles Earl of Peterborough, ob. at. 77, 1735
	8 ———	James Gronovius, 1645—1716	Congress at the Hague, King William protests against Louis XIV. Jan. 26.	John Earl of Stair, 1648—1707
	9 ———	Bishop Hough, 1650—1743	Battle of Aghrim, July 12.—Limerick surrenders to Gen. Ginkle, Oct. 3.	Lord Chief Justice Holt, 1642—1710
	1 Clement XI.	Madame Dacier, 1650—1720	Marlborough deprived of office, Jan. 7.—Battle of La Hogue, May 23.—Battle of Steenkirck, July 24.—Hanover made a ninth Electorate, Dec. 9.	Michael Chamillard, ob. 1721



DOGES OF VENICE	Tuscany G.Dukes Dukes	Modena	Parma Dukes of Guastalla	Dukes of Mantua	Netherlands. Govns. Stads. Un. Provs.	Brunswick Dukes Bishop Osnauburg	Dukes, of Wurtembg.	Electors of Bavaria	Electors Palatine	Electors Saxony Dukes	Electors Lorraine
6 Francesco Molino	31 Ferdin. II. Francis 23 I. 24		6 Ranut. II. Ferdin. 20 III. 21	15 Charles III.	5 Archduke Leopold	4 Christian- Louis	24 Eberhard III.	1 Ferdinand Mary	20 Charles- Louis	41 Francis II. Charles 28 and 29	
7 —	32 — 24		7 — 22	16 —	6 —	5 —	25 —	2 —	21 —	42 —	
8 —	33 — 25		8 — 23	17 —	7 —	6 —	26 —	3 —	22 —	43 Nicho- las 30	
9 —	34 — 26		9 — 23	18 —	8 —	7 —	27 —	4 —	23 —	44 —	31
1 Carlo Contarini	35 — 27		10 — 24	19 —	9 —	8 —	28 —	5 —	24 —	45 —	32
1 Francesco Cornaro 1 Bertucci Valiero 2 —	36 — 28 37 — 29		11 — 25 12 — 26	20 — 21 —	1 Don John 2 of Austria 3 —	9 — 10 — 11 —	29 — 30 — 31 —	6 — 7 — 8 —	25 — 26 — 27 —	1 John- George 2 II. 34	
1 Giovanni Pesaro	38 Alfonso 1 IV.		13 — 27	22 —	1 Marquis de Fromia- ta	12 — 13 —	32 — 33 —	9 — 10 —	28 — 29 —	3 —	35
1 Domenico Conta- rini II. 2 —	39 — 2 40 — 3		14 — 28 15 — 29	23 — 24 —	2 —	14 — 15 — 16 —	34 — 35 — 36 —	11 — 12 — 13 —	30 — 31 — 32 —	4 — 5 —	36 37
3 —	41 — 4		16 — 30	25 —	3 —	14 — 4	34 —	11 —	30 —	6 —	38
4 —	42 Francis 1 II.		17 — 31	26 —	4 —	15 Ernest-1 Aug.	35 —	12 —	31 —	7 —	39
5 —	43 — 2		18 — 32	27 —	5 —	16 — 2	36 —	13 —	32 —	8 —	40
6 —	44 — 3		19 — 33	28 —	1 Marquis de Castel 2 Rodrigo	17 — 3	37 —	14 —	33 —	9 —	41
7 —	45 — 4		20 — 34	1 Charles IV.	3 —	1 George- William I. 5	38 —	15 —	34 —	10 —	42
8 —	46 — 5		21 — 35	2 —	4 —	3 — 6	39 —	16 —	35 —	11 —	43
9 —	47 — 6		22 — 36	3 —	1 Duke de Feria	4 — 7	40 —	17 —	36 —	12 —	44
10 —	48 — 7		23 — 37	4 —	2 —	5 — 8	41 —	18 —	37 —	13 —	45
11 —	49 — 8		24 — 38	5 —	1 Comte de Monterei	6 — 9	42 —	19 —	38 —	14 —	46
12 —	1 Cosmo III. de		25 — 39	6 —	2 —	7 — 10	43 —	20 —	39 —	15 Charles alone	47
13 —	2 Medici		26 — 40	7 —	3 William 1 III. P. of Orange 2	8 — 11	44 —	21 —	40 —	16 —	48
14 —	3 — 11		27 — 41	8 —	4 —	9 — 12	45 —	22 —	41 —	17 —	49
15 —	4 — 12		28 — 42	9 —	5 — 3	10 — 13	46 —	23 —	42 —	18 —	50
16 —	5 — 13		29 — 43	10 —	1 Duke de Vilaher- mosa 5	11 — 14	47 —	24 —	43 —	19 —	51
1 Nicolo Sagredo	6 — 14		30 — 44	11 —	2 Prince of Parma 8	12 — 15	48 —	25 —	44 —	20 Charles IV.	1
1 Luigi Contarini	7 — 15		31 — 45	12 —	3 — 6	13 — 16	49 —	26 —	45 —	21 —	2
2 —	8 — 16		32 — 46	13 —	1 Prince of Parma 8	14 — 17	50 —	27 —	46 —	22 —	3
3 —	9 — 17		33 Charles 1 Duke of Mantua 2	14 —	3 — 9	15 — 18	51 —	28 —	47 —	23 —	4
4 —	10 — 18		34 — 3	15 —	4 — 10	16 — 19	52 —	1 Maximili- an Emma- nuel	48 —	24 —	5
5 —	11 — 19		35 — 3	16 —	5 — 11	17 — 20	53 —	2 —	49 —	1 John- George	6
6 —	12 — 20		36 — 4	17 —	6 — 12	18 — 21	54 —	3 —	50 —	2 III.	7
7 —	13 — 21		37 — 5	18 —	7 — 13	19 — 22	55 —	4 —	51 —	3 —	8
8 —	14 — 22		38 — 6	19 —	1 Marquis 11 del Caretto 12	20 — 23	56 —	5 —	52 —	4 —	9
1 M. Ant. Giustini- ani	15 — 23		39 — 7	20 —	3 — 13	21 — 24	57 —	6 —	53 —	5 —	10
2 —	16 — 24		40 — 8	21 —	1 Marquis 14 del Cas- tanaga 15	22 — 25	58 —	7 —	54 —	1 Philip- William	11
3 —	17 — 25		41 — 9	22 —	3 — 16	23 — 26	59 —	8 —	55 —	2 —	12
4 —	18 — 26		42 — 10	23 —	4 — 17	24 — 27	60 —	9 —	56 —	3 —	13
1 Francesco Moro- sini	19 — 27		43 — 11	24 —	5 — 18	25 — 28	61 —	10 —	57 —	4 —	14
2 —	20 — 28		44 — 12	25 —	6 — 19	26 — 29	62 —	11 —	58 —	5 —	15
3 —	21 — 29		45 — 13	26 —	7 — 20	27 Ernest-30 Aug. created 31 Elector of 32 Hanover	63 —	12 —	59 —	1 John- William	11 Leopold 1
4 —	22 — 30		46 — 14	27 —	1 Elector 21 of Bavaria 22	28 — 31	64 —	13 —	60 —	2 —	1 John- George 2 IV. 3
5 —	23 — 31		47 Vincent 1 de Gonzaga 2	28 —	3 — 23	30 — 33	65 —	14 —	61 —	3 —	4
6 —	24 — 32		1 Francis 3	30 —	4 — 24	31 — 34	66 —	15 —	62 —	4 —	5
1 Silvestro Valiero	25 Reginald 1		2 — 4	31 —	5 — 25	32 — 35	67 —	16 —	63 —	5 —	1 Frederic-5 August. I. 6
2 —	26 — 2		3 — 5	32 —	6 — 26	33 — 36	68 —	17 —	64 —	6 —	7
3 —	27 — 3		4 — 6	33 —	7 — 27	34 George-1 Louis 2	69 —	18 —	65 —	7 —	8
4 —	28 — 4		5 — 7	34 —	8 — 28	35 — 38	70 —	19 —	66 —	8 —	9
5 —	29 — 5		6 — 8	35 —	9 — 29	36 — 39	71 —	20 —	67 —	9 —	10
6 —	30 — 6		7 — 9	36 —	2 —	37 — 40	72 —	21 —	68 —	10 —	11
1 Alvise Mocenigo I.	31 — 7		8 — 10	37 —	3 —	38 — 41	73 —	22 —	69 —	11 —	12



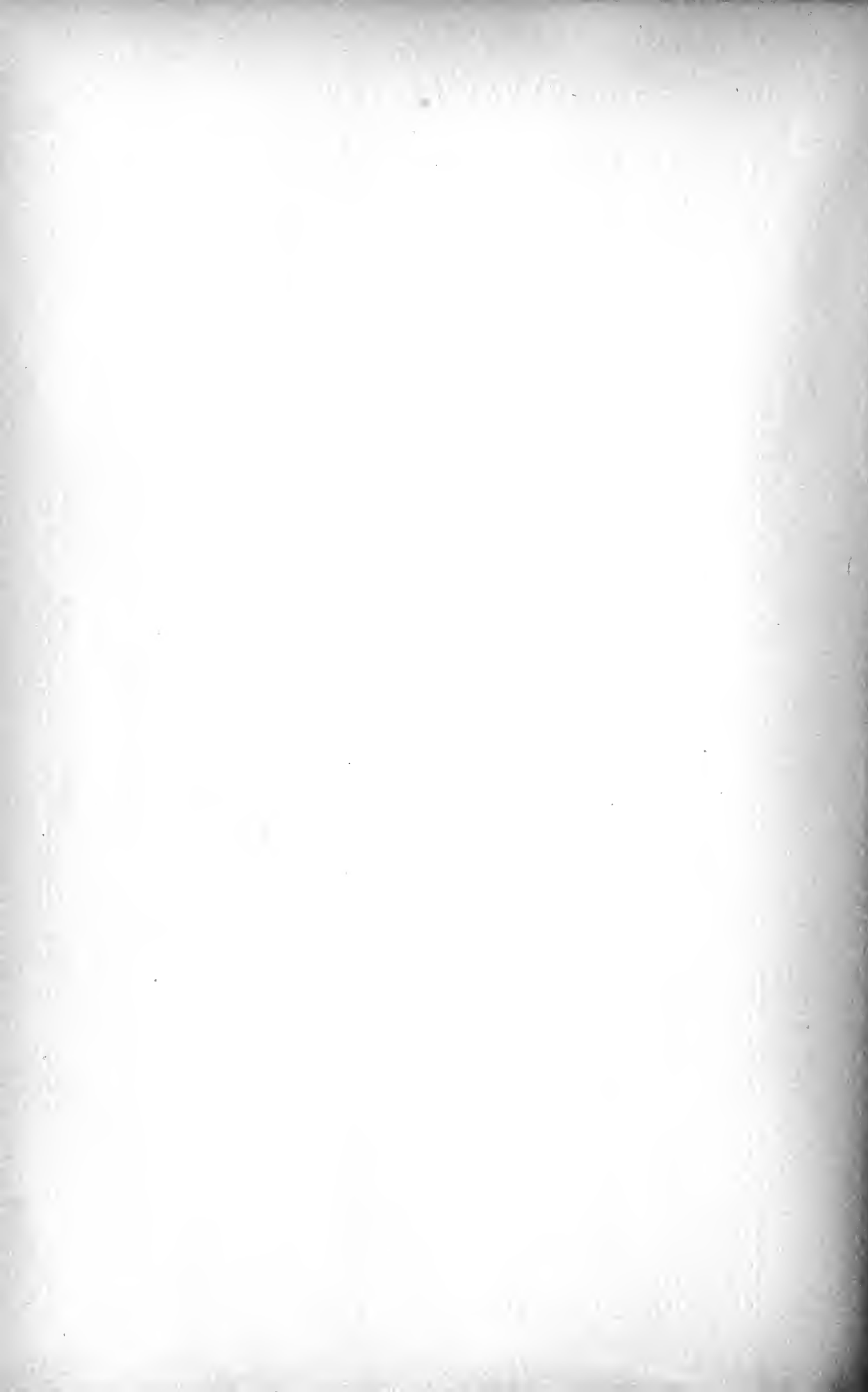


Jul. Period.	Anno Domini.	Emperors of Turkey	Emperors of Germany	Emprs. — Russia Kings Poland	Kings of Prussia	Kings of France	Dukes — Savoy Kings Naples	Kings of Spain	Kings of Portugal	Kings of Gt. Britain	Princes of Orange	Denmark
6414	1701	7 Mustafa II.	44 Leopold	13 Peter I. Frede-ric Aug.	14 Frederic I. King	59 Louis XIV.	27 Victor-Amadeus	2 Philip V.	19 Pedro II.	13 William III.	42 William III. William IV.	3 Fr. C.
6415	1702	8	45	14	15	60	28	3	20	1 Anne	1	4
6416	1703	1 Ahmed III.	46	15	16	61	29	4	21	2	2	5
6417	1704	2	47	16 Stanis-las I.	17	62	30	5	22	3	3	6
6418	1705	3	1 Joseph I.	17	18	63	31	6	23	4	4	7
6419	1706	4	2	18	19	64	32	7	1 John V.	5	5	8
6420	1707	5	3	19	20	65	33	8	2	6	6	9
6421	1708	6	4	20	21	66	34	9	3	7	7	10
6422	1709	7	5	21 Frede-ric again	22	67	35	10	4	8	8	11
6423	1710	8	6	22	23	68	36	11	5	9	9	12
6424	1711	9	1 Charles VI.	23	24	69	37	12	6	10	1 William V.	13
6425	1712	10	2	24	25	70	38	13	7	11	2	14
6426	1713	11	3	25	1 Frederic Wm. I.	71	39 obtains the crown of Sicily	14	8	12	3	15
6427	1714	12	4	26	2	72	40	15	9	1 George I.	4	16
6428	1715	13	5	27	3	1 Louis XV.	41	16	10	2	5	17
6429	1716	14	6	28	4	2	42	17	11	3	6	18
6430	1717	15	7	29	5	3	43	18	12	4	7	19
6431	1718	16	8	30	6	4	44 exchanges for Sardinia	19	13	5	8	20
6432	1719	17	9	31	7	5	45	20	14	6	9	21
6433	1720	18	10	32	8	6	46	21	13	7	10	22
6434	1721	19	11	33 Peter takes the title of emperor	13	9	47	22	16	8	11	23
6435	1722	20	12	34	14	10	48	23	17	9	12	24
6436	1723	21	13	35	15	11	49	24	18	10	13	25
6437	1724	22	14	36	16	12	50	1 Louis	19	11	14	26
6438	1725	23	15	1 Catharine I.	17	13	51	26 Philip resumes	20	12	15	27
6439	1726	24	16	2	18	14	52	27	21	13	16	28
6440	1727	25	17	1 Peter II.	19	15	53	28	22	1 George II.	17	29
6441	1728	26	18	2	20	16	54	29	23	2	18	30
6442	1729	27	19	3	21	17	55	30	24	3	19	31
6443	1730	1 Mahmood I.	20	1 Anne	22	18	16	31	25	4	20	1Ch an
6444	1731	2	21	2	23	19	17	32	26	5	21	2
6445	1732	3	22	3	24	20	18	33	27	6	22	3
6446	1733	4	23	4	21	19	19	34	28	7	23	4
6447	1734	5	24	5 Frederic Aug. II.	1	22	20	35	29	8	24	5
6448	1735	6	25	6	2	23	21	36	30	9	25	6
6449	1736	7	26	7	3	24	22	37	31	10	26	7
6450	1737	8	27	8	4	25	23	38	32	11	27	8
6451	1738	9	28	9	5	26	24	39	33	12	28	9
9452	1739	10	29	10	6	27	25	40	34	13	29	10
6453	1740	11	—Interreg. Maria-1	1 Ivan VI	7	1 Frederic II.	26	41	35	14	30	11
6454	1741	12	Theresa 2	1 Eliza-beth	8	2	27	42	36	15	31	12 Fr
6455	1742	13	1 Charles VII. of Bavaria	2	9	3	28	43	37	16	32	13 a
6456	1743	14	2	3	10	4	29	44	38	17	33	14
6457	1744	15	3	4	11	5	30	45	39	18	34	15
6458	1745	16	1 Francis I. of Lorraine	5	12	6	31	46	40	19	35	16
6459	1746	17	2	6	13	7	32	47	41	20	36	1Fre ric
6460	1747	18	3	7	14	8	33	48	42	21	37	2
6461	1748	19	4	8	15	9	34	49	43	22	38	3
6462	1749	20	5	9	16	10	35	50	44	23	39	4
6463	1750	21	6	10	17	11	36	51	1 Joseph	24	40	5

	POPES	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MODERN HISTORY	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
	2 Clement XI.	Sir Isaac Newton, 1642—1726	Act of Settlement, June 12.—K. James II. dies, Sep. 6, et. 68.—The Grand Alliance, Sept. 7.—Frederic Duke of Prussia takes the regal title.	Sidney Earl of Godolphin, —1712
	3 —	Fencloa, Abp. of Cambray, 1651—1715	King William III. dies, Mar. 8 et. 51.—War against France and Spain, May 4.—Vigo taken by Sir George Rooke, Oct. 12.	Prince Eugene, 1663—1736
	4 —	Godfrey Wm. Leibnitz, 1646—1716	Portugal joins the 'Alliance,' May 6.—The Great Storm, Nov. 26.—Charles III. of Spain arrives at Spithead, Dec. 25.	Mareschal Duke of Berwick, 1670—1734
	5 —	Huet, Bp. of Avranches, 1630—1721	Gibraltar taken by Sir George Rooke, July 13.—Battle of Blenheim, Marshal Tallard taken prisoner, Aug. 2.—Action off Malaga, Aug. 13.	John Duke of Marlborough, 1650—1722
	6 —	Dr. Robert South, 1633—1716	Siege of Gibraltar raised by the Spaniards—and naval victory of Sir John Leake, March 10.—Marlborough forces the line at Tirlemont, July 7.	Mareschal Tallard, 1632—1728
	7 —	John Flamsteed, 1646—1719	Battle of Ramillies, May 12.—Menin surrenders to the Duke of Marlborough, July 24.—Dendermond, on Aug. 19.—Battle of Turin, Aug. 23.	James Earl Stanhope, 1673—1721
	8 —	Bishop Beveridge, 1637—1708	Battle of Almanza, April 14.—Union with Scotland, May 1.—Sir Cloudesly Shovel lost on the rocks of Scilly, Oct. 22.	Abigail Lady Masham, —1734
	9 —	Sir Hans Sloane, 1660—1752	Battle of Oudenarde, June 30.—Minorca taken by General Stanhope, Sept. 18.—Action of Wynendale, Sept. 17.—Lisle taken, Oct. 12.	Admiral Lord Torrington, 1663—1733
	10 —	Dr. Richard Bentley, 1662—1742	Battle of Pultowa, Charles XII. defeated, June 28.—Battle of Malplaquet, Sept. 1.—Dr. Sacheverell's sermon at St. Paul's, Nov. 5.	Mareschal Villars, 1653—1734
	11 —	René Anthony Reaumur, 1683—1757	Dr. Sacheverell suspended, Mar. 23.—Battle of Saragossa, Aug. 9.—Tory ministry, Sept. 21.—Battle of Villa Viciosa, Nov. 29.	Harley Earl of Oxford, 1661—1724
	12 —	Joseph Addison, 1672—1719	The Emperor Joseph dies, Apr. 6.—Is succeeded by Charles III. of Spain as Charles VI., Oct. 1.—Bouchain taken by Marlborough, Sept. 9.	St. John Viscount Bolinbroke, ob. et. 73, 1751
	13 —	Sir Richard Steele, 1671—1729	P. Eugene separates from the D. of Ormond, July 5—and besieges Landreci, July 6.—Earl of Albemarle defeated by Villars at Denain, July 13.	Sir Simon Harcourt, ob. et. 67, 1727
	14 —	P. J. de Crebillon, 1674—1762	The Dukes of Berry and Orleans renounce succession to the crown of Spain, Mar. 4.—Peace of Utrecht, Mar. 30.—Pragmatic Sanction, Apr. 6.	Colbert Marquis de Torcy, ob. et. 81, 1746
	15 —	Bishop Atterbury, 1662—1732	Queen Anne dies, Aug. 1. et. 49.—Peace of Baden, Aug. 24.—Bolingbroke dismissed, Aug. 31.—New ministry, Lord Halifax premier, Sept. 24.	William Earl Cowper, ob. et. 53, 1723
	16 —	Nicholas Rowe, 1673—1718	Louis XIV. dies, Aug. 21, et. 77.—Robert Walpole Chancellor of the Exchequer, Oct. 10.—Battle of Sheriffmuir, Nov. 13.	John Duke of Argyll, 1678—1743
	17 —	John le Clerc, 1657—1736	The rebel lords, Earl of Derwentwater and Viscount Kenmare, beheaded Feb. 21.—Septennial act, May 7, Duke of Argyll dismissed, July 4.	Philip, regent Duke of Orleans, 1640—1723
	18 —	John Baptist Massillon, 1663—1742	Triple Alliance, England, France, and Holland, Jan. 4.—Lord Townshend and Mr. Walpole displaced by Secretary Stanhope, Apr. 10.	Cardinal Alberoni, 1664—1762
	19 —	Lady M. W. Montagu, 1680—1762	Quadruple Alliance, July 22.—Sir George Byng destroys the Spanish fleet off Passaro, July 31.—Charles XII. killed at Fredericksal, Nov. 30.	Thomas Earl of Macclesfield, ob. et. 65, 1732
	20 —	Daniel De Foe, 1663—1731	The crown of Sweden declared elective, Jan. 25.—The Mississippi scheme in France at its height in Nov., Dec., this year.	John Law, 1681—1729
	21 —	Bernard de Montfaucon, 1655—1741	The South Sea bubble begins about Apr. 7, is at its acme June, July, and sinks about Sept. 29.—Plague at Marseilles, Aug.	Chancellor D'Aguesseau, 1669—1751
	1 Innocent XIII.	Dr. Samuel Clarke, 1675—1729	Earl Stanhope dies suddenly, Feb. 5.—Lord Townshend succeeds as Secretary, Feb. 8.—Mr. Robert Walpole premier, Apr. 2.	Sir Robert Walpole, 1676—1745
	2 —	Jonathan Swift, 1667—1742	The regent duke of Orleans gives information of a conspiracy in favour of the Pretender, May.—John Duke of Marlborough dies, June 16.	Charles Viscount Townshend, ob. et. 64, 1738
	3 —	Edmund Halley, 1656—1741	Bishop Atterbury sentenced to banishment, leaves England, June 22.—Lord Bolingbroke returns.—The regent Duke of Orleans dies, Nov. 22.	Pensionary Slingelandt, ob. et. 72, 1736
	1 Benedict XIII.	John Albert Fabricius, 1668—1736	Philip V. abdicates the throne, Jan. 4.—Ferment in Ireland respecting Wood's halfpence, April.—Philip of Spain resumes the crown, Aug. 20.	Duke de Ripperda, 1680—1737
	2 —	Dr. John Arbuthnot, —1735	First treaty of Vienna, between Spain and the Emperor, Apr. 30.—Lord Macclesfield convicted of embezzlement, and fined £30,000, May 20.	Cardinal Fleury, 1653—1743
	3 —	Herman Boerhaave, 1668—1738	The Duke de Ripperda arrested by the Spanish authorities in the British ambassadors house at Madrid, May 3.	Don Joseph Patinho, ob. et. 77, 1736
	4 —	Philip Destouches, 1680—1754	Siege of Gibraltar, May 20.—Apr.—King George I. dies, June 11, et. 67.—The new civil list raised to £800,000, an increase of £100,000, July 3.	John Earl of Stair, 1673—1741
	5 —	Daniel Waterland, 1683—1740	Congress at Soissons, May 14.—The Spaniards continue to make reprisals notwithstanding the preliminaries at Soissons.	Richard Lord Cobham, ob. et. 74, 1749
	6 —	Leonard Euler, 1707—1783	Treaty of Seville, Gt. Britain, France, and Spain, Oct. 29.—L. C. J. Raymond decides in Woolston's case, Christianity to be the law of England.	Spencer Earl of Wilmington, ob. et. 71, 1743
	1 Clement XII.	Bishop Hoadly, 1675—1761	Viscount Townshend retires, June.—Victor Amadeus, King of Sardinia, abdicates the throne, Sept. 3.—Sultan Ahmed III. deposed, Sept. 17.	Greffier Francis Fagel, ob. et. 87, 1746
	2 —	Alexander Pope, 1688—1744	Second treaty of Vienna; G. Britian guarantees the Pragmatic Sanction, Mar. 5.—William Pulteney struck off the list of Privy Council, July 1.	Chancellor Zinzendorf, ob. et. 70, 1740
	3 —	Thomas Southerne, 1660—1746	The Pragmatic Sanction confirmed by a diet of the Empire, Jan. 11.—The Dss. of Marlborough advances £300,000 upon the salt duty, June 19.	Count Osterman, ob. et. 70, 1746
	4 —	Archbishop Potter, 1674—1747	Frederic Aug. King of Poland dies, Feb. 1.—Excise scheme introduced, Mar. 14.—Double election to the crown of Poland divides Europe, Oct. 5.	Lord Chancellor Talbot, 1684—1737
	5 —	Bishop Butler, 1692—1752	Marshal Duke of Berwick killed at Phillipsburg, July 8.—Stanislaus withdraws from the Polish contest, July 9.—Battle of Guastalla, Sept. 8.	Pulteney Earl of Bath, 1682—1764
	6 —	Bishop Sherlock, 1678—1761	Arrest of 19 of the Portuguese ambassador's retinue at Madrid, which is retaliated at Lisbon by a like proceeding, and divides the two courts.	John Earl of Granville, 1690—1763
	7 —	Bishop Berkeley, 1684—1753	Death of Prince Eugene, April 10.—Capt. Porteous executed at the sign-post by the mob at Edinburgh, Sept. 7.	Archibald Duke of Argyll, 1682—1761
	8 —	Colin Maclaurin, 1698—1746	The theatres played by Walpole under the control of the lord chamberlain, June 2.—Royal disputes, the P. of Wales dismissed the palace, Sept. 14.	Philip Earl of Hardwicke, 1690—1764
	9 —	James Thomson, 1700—1748	William Pitt made gentleman of the bedchamber to the Prince of Wales, Feb. 21.—King George III. born May 24.—Peace of Vienna, Nov. 7.	Lord President Forbes, 1685—1747
	10 —	George Whitefield, 1714—1770	Lord Walpole, son of Sir Robert, made Auditor of the Exchequer.—War against Spain, Oct. 25.—Porto Bello taken by Admiral Vernon, Nov. 21.	Mareschal Belleisle, ob. et. 78, 1761
	1 Benedict XIV.	John Wesley, 1703—1791	Emperor Charles VI. dies, Oct. 9.—Pragmatic Sanction violated by all but England.—Maria Theresa rejects the terms of Frederic with disdain.	Arthur Onslow, ob. et. 76, 1768
	2 —	Baron de Montesquieu, 1689—1755	Motion lost for dismissal of Walpole, Feb. 13.—Battle of Molwitz gained by Frederic of Prussia, Mar. 20.—Prague taken by assault, Oct. 30.	Frederic Prince of Wales, 1707—1751
	3 —	Dr. Edward Young, 1681—1765	Sir Robert Walpole outvoted at Chippenham, Feb. 2; resigns, Feb. 11.—Pulteney sinks in popularity as Earl of Bath, July 15.	Thomas Duke of Newcastle, 1693—1768
	4 —	George Frederic Handel, 1684—1759	Battle of Dettingen, June 16.—Mr. Pelham made first lord of the Treasury, July 26.—Henry Fox, a junior lord of the Treasury, Dec. 22.	Archbishop Herring, 1691—1757
	5 —	Dr. James Bradley, 1693—1762	Sea-fight off Toulon, Feb. 10.—War declared against France, Mar. 31.—Broad bottom ministry, Nov. 27.—The Pelhams in the ascendant.	Henry Pelham, 1696—1754
	6 —	Henry Fielding, 1707—1754	Battle of Fontenoy, Apr. 30.—The young Pretender lands in Scotland, July.—The grand duke of Tuscany elected emperor as Francis I. Sept. 2.	Mareschal Count Saxe, 1693—1750
	7 —	William Hogarth, 1697—1764	Battle of Culloden, Apr. 16.—Lords Kilmarnock and Balmerino beheaded, Aug. 18.—and the Earl of Derwentwater (Charles Ratcliffe), Dec. 8.	William Duke of Cumberland, 1721—1765
	8 —	John Baptist Piranesi, 1721—1778	The Prince of Orange elected Stadtholder, May 3.—Heritable jurisdiction in Scotland abolished.—Admiral Hawke defeats the French fleet, Oct. 14.	Admiral Lord Anson, 1687—1762
	9 —	Dr. Richard Pococke, —1765	Peace of Aix la Chapelle, Oct. 7.—The young Pretender arrested at the Opera, and carried forcibly out of France, Dec. 10.	Admiral Lord Hawke, 1716—1781
	10 —	David Garrick, 1706—1779	Herculeum discovered beneath the lava of Vesuvius after being lost for acenth centuries.	Philip Earl of Chesterfield, 1694—1773
	11 —	Frederick Klopstock, 1724—1803	Reduction of interest on the public funds, Feb. 28.—Treaty of commerce between Great Britain and Spain, Oct. 5.	Allen Earl Bathurst, 1684—1775

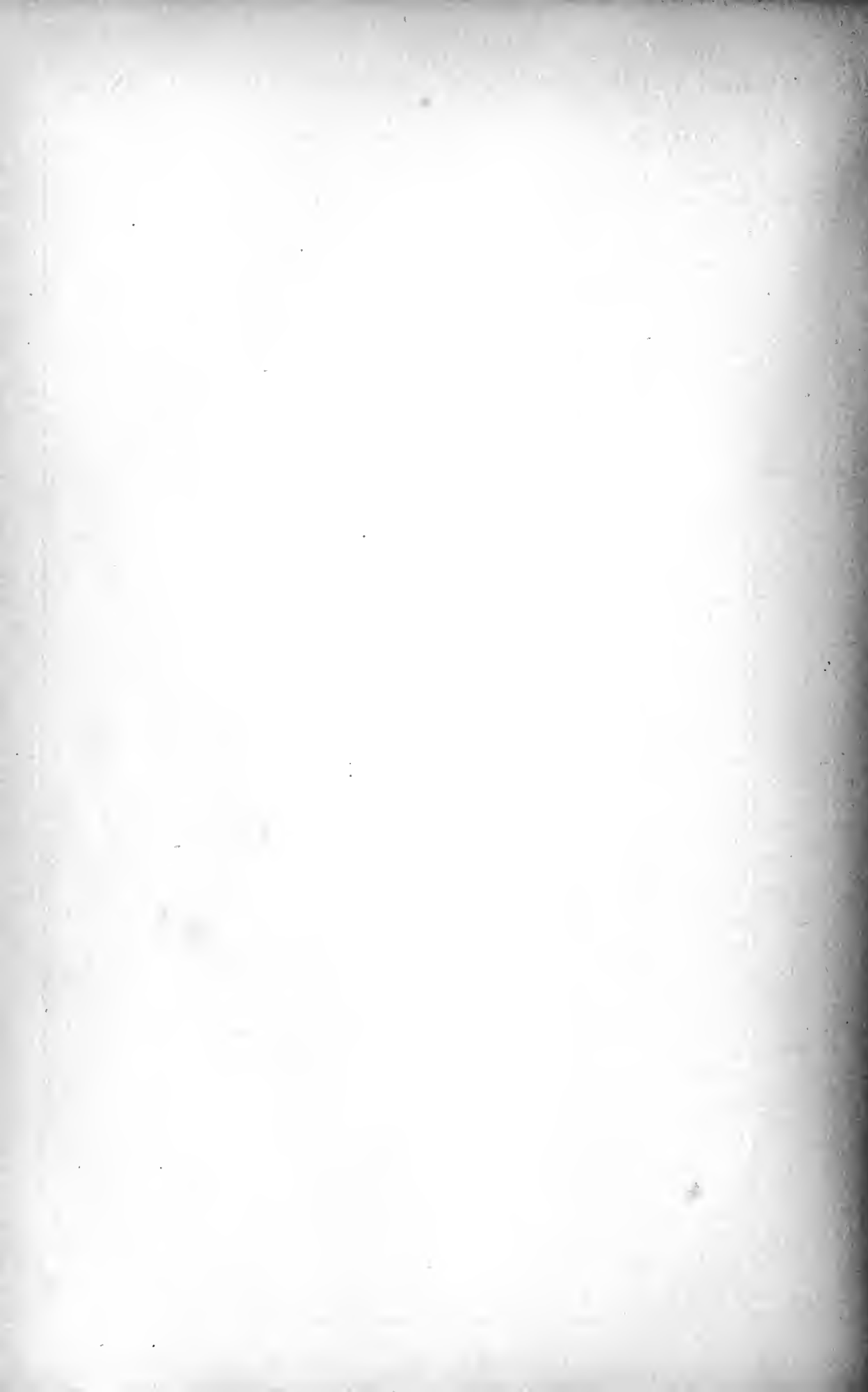


DOGES OF VENICE	Tuscany G. Dukes of Dukes	Modena	Parma Dukes of Gustalla	Dukes of Mantua	Netherlids Govns. Stadts.	Uv. Provs.	Hanover Electors Dukes	Brunswick	Dukes of Wurtembg.	Electors of Bavaria	Electors Palatine	Saxony Electors Dukes	Lorraine	
2 Alvise Mocenigo I.	32 Cosmo III. Rinaldo	8	8 Francis Vincent de Gonzaga	37 Charles IV.	1 M. Bedmar Wm. 30	The Stadtholderate resumed by the States to 1747	4 Geo. Louis George-36	25 Eberhard-Louis	23 Maximilian Emmanuel	12 John-William	8 Fre. Aug. I. Leo-12			
3	33 do 9	9	9 de 11	38	1 Elector of Bavaria		5 Wm. I. 37	26	24	13	9	pold 13		
4	34	10	10	39			6	27	25	14	10	14		
5	35	11	11	40			7	28	26	15	11	15		
6	36	12	12	41			8	29	27	16	12	16		
7	37	13	13	42	-Council of State		9	30	28	17	13	17		
8	38	14	14	43			10	31	29	18	14	18		
9	39	15	15	-Mantua united to Savoy			11	32	30	19	15	19		
1 Giovanni Cornaro II.	40	16	16				12	33	31	20	16	20		
2	41	17	17		-Conseil la con-		13	34	32	21	17	21		
3	42	18	18		ference		14	35	33	22	18	22		
4	43	19	19				15	36	34	23	19	23		
5	44	20	20			16	37	35	24	20	24			
6	45	21	21 Antony-Ferdinand	1	-Comte de Koenigseck	17	38	36	25	21	25			
7	46	22	22	2		18	39	37	26	22	26			
8	47	23	23	3	1 Eugene Prince of Savoy	19	40	38	27	23	27			
9	48	24	24	4	2	20	41	39	28	24	28			
10	49	25	25	5	3	21	42	40	29	25	29			
11	50	26	26	6	4	22	43	41	30	26	30			
12	51	27	27	7	5	23	44	42	31	27	31			
13	52	28	28	8	6	24	45	43	32	28	32			
1 Alv. Seb. Mocenigo	53	29	29	9	7	25	46	44	33	29	33			
1 Carlo Ruzzini	1 John-Gaston de Medici	30	30	10	8	26	47	45	34	30	34			
2	2	31	31	11		27	48	46	35	31	35			
3	3	32	32	12	1 Mary-Eliz. of Austria	28	49	47	36	32	36			
4	4	33	33	13	2	29	50	48	37	33	37			
5	5	34	1 Antony	14	3	30	51	49	38	34	38			
6	6	35	2	15	4	31	52	50	39	35	39			
7	7	36	3 Joseph	1	5	32	53	51	40	36	40			
8	8	37	4	2	6	33	54	52	41	37	41			
9	9	38	1 Don-Carlos	3	7	34	55	53	42	38	42			
10	10	39	2	4	8	35	56	54	43	39	43			
11	11	40	3	5	9	36	57	55	44	40	44			
12	12	41	4	6	10	37	58	56	45	41	45			
1 Luigi Pisani	13	42	5	7	11	38	59	57	46	42	46			
2	14	43	6	8	12	39	60	58	47	43	47			
3	1	Francis II. Francis I III.	7	9	13	40	61	59	48	44	48			
4	2	2	8	10	14	41	62	60	49	45	49			
5	3	3	9	11	15	42	63	61	50	46	50			
6	4	4	10	12	16	43	64	62	51	47	51			
1 Pietro Grimani	5	5	11	13	1	44	65	63	52	48	52			
2	6	6	12	14	2	45	66	64	53	49	53			
3	7	7	13	15	3	46	67	65	54	50	54			
4	8	8	14	16	1	47	68	66	55	51	55			
5	9	Francis II.	15	17	1	48	69	67	56	52	56			
6	10	10 elected emperor	16	18	1	49	70	68	57	53	57			
7	11	11	17	19	2	50	71	69	58	54	58			
8	12	12	18	20	3	51	72	70	59	55	59			
9	13	13	19	21	4	52	73	71	60	56	60			
10	14	14	20	22	5	53	74	72	61	57	61			



Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of Turkey	Emperors of Germany	Russia Emprs. Kings	Poland Emprs. Kings	Kings of Prussia	Kings of France	Sardinia Kings	Naples Kings	Kings of Spain	Kings of Portugal	Kings of Gt. Britain	Princes of Orange	Denmark
6464	1751	22 Mahmood I.	7 Francis I.	11 Elizabeth	12 Frederic	37 Louis	22 Charles	6 Ferdin.	2 Joseph	25 George	1 William	6 Fr		
6465	1752	23 —	8 —	12 Ric	13 —	38 —	23 Carlos	7 —	3 —	26 —	2 —	7 —		
6466	1753	24 —	9 —	13 Aug.	14 —	39 —	24 —	8 —	4 —	27 —	3 —	8 —		
6467	1754	1 Osman II.	10 —	14 —	15 —	40 —	25 —	9 —	5 —	28 —	4 —	9 —		
6468	1755	2 —	11 —	15 —	16 —	41 —	26 —	10 —	6 —	29 —	5 —	10 —		
6469	1756	3 —	12 —	16 —	17 —	42 —	27 —	11 —	7 —	30 —	6 —	11 —		
6470	1757	1 Mustafa III.	13 —	17 —	18 —	43 —	28 —	12 —	8 —	31 —	7 —	12 —		
6471	1758	2 —	14 —	18 —	19 —	44 —	29 —	13 —	9 —	32 —	8 —	13 —		
6472	1759	3 —	15 —	19 —	20 —	45 —	30 Ferdin-1	1 Charles	10 —	33 —	9 —	14 —		
6473	1760	4 —	16 —	20 —	21 —	46 —	31 and L	2 —	11 —	1 George	10 —	15 —		
6474	1761	5 —	17 —	21 —	22 —	47 —	32 —	3 —	12 —	2 —	11 —	16 —		
6475	1762	6 —	18 —	1Pet.III.29	23 —	48 —	33 —	4 —	13 —	3 —	12 —	17 —		
6476	1763	7 —	19 —	1Cathe- rine II.	24 —	49 —	34 —	5 —	14 —	4 —	13 —	18 —		
6477	1764	8 —	20 —	3 Stanis-1 Interreg. laus	25 —	50 —	35 —	6 —	15 —	5 —	14 —	19 —		
6478	1765	9 —	1 Joseph II.	4 Aug. 2	26 —	51 —	36 —	7 —	16 —	6 —	15 —	20 —		
6479	1766	10 —	2 —	5 —	27 —	52 —	37 —	8 —	17 —	7 —	16 —	1Ch an 2 —		
6480	1767	11 —	3 —	6 —	28 —	53 —	38 —	9 —	18 —	8 —	17 —	3 —		
6481	1768	12 —	4 —	7 —	29 —	54 —	39 —	10 —	19 —	9 —	18 —	4 —		
6482	1769	13 —	5 —	8 —	30 —	55 —	40 —	11 —	20 —	10 —	19 —	5 —		
6483	1770	14 —	6 —	9 —	31 —	56 —	41 —	12 —	21 —	11 —	20 —	6 G v 7 —		
6484	1771	15 —	7 —	10 —	32 —	57 —	42 —	13 —	22 —	12 —	21 —	8 —		
6485	1772	16 —	8 —	11 —	33 —	58 —	43 —	14 —	23 —	13 —	22 —	9 —		
6486	1773	17 —	9 —	12 —	34 —	59 —	1 Victor- Amade- 2 us III.	15 —	24 —	14 —	23 —	24 —	10 —	
6487	1774	1 Abdul- Ahmed	10 —	13 —	35 —	1 Louis XVI.	3 —	17 —	25 —	15 —	24 —	25 —	11 —	
6488	1775	2 —	11 —	14 —	36 —	2 —	4 —	18 —	16 —	16 —	25 —	26 —	12 —	
6489	1776	3 —	12 —	15 —	37 —	3 —	5 —	19 —	17 —	17 —	26 —	27 —	13 —	
6490	1777	4 —	13 —	16 —	38 —	4 —	6 —	20 —	18 —	18 —	27 —	28 —	14 —	
6491	1778	5 —	14 —	17 —	39 —	5 —	7 —	21 —	19 —	19 —	28 —	29 —	15 —	
6492	1779	6 —	15 —	18 —	40 —	6 —	8 —	22 —	20 —	20 —	29 —	30 —	16 —	
6493	1780	7 —	16 —	19 —	41 —	7 —	9 —	23 —	21 —	21 —	30 —	31 —	17 —	
6494	1781	8 —	17 —	20 —	42 —	8 —	10 —	24 —	22 —	22 —	31 —	32 —	18 —	
6495	1782	9 —	18 —	21 —	43 —	9 —	11 —	25 —	23 —	23 —	32 —	33 —	19 —	
6496	1783	10 —	19 —	22 —	44 —	10 —	12 —	26 —	24 —	24 —	33 —	34 —	20 —	
6497	1784	11 —	20 —	23 —	45 —	11 —	13 —	27 —	25 —	25 —	34 —	35 —	21 —	
6498	1785	12 —	21 —	24 —	46 —	12 —	14 —	28 —	26 —	26 —	35 —	36 —	22 —	
6499	1786	13 —	22 —	25 —	23 1 Frederic Wm. II.	13 —	15 —	29 —	27 —	27 —	36 —	37 —	23 —	
6500	1787	14 —	23 —	26 —	24 2 —	14 —	16 —	30 —	28 —	28 —	37 —	38 —	24 —	
6501	1788	1 Selim III.	24 —	27 —	25 3 —	15 —	17 —	31 —	29 —	29 —	38 —	39 —	25 —	
6502	1789	2 —	25 —	28 —	26 4 —	16 —	18 —	32 —	30 —	30 —	39 —	40 —	26 —	
6503	1790	3 —	1 Leopold II. of	29 —	27 5 —	17 —	19 —	33 —	31 —	31 —	40 —	41 —	27 G v 28 —	
6504	1791	4 —	2 Tuscany	30 —	28 6 —	18 —	20 —	34 —	32 —	32 —	41 —	42 —	29 —	
6505	1792	5 —	1 Francis II.	31 —	29 7 —	19 —	21 —	35 —	33 —	33 —	42 —	43 —	30 —	
6506	1793	6 —	2 —	32 —	30 8 —	— Revolutionary Tribunal	22 —	36 —	34 —	34 —	43 —	44 —	31 —	
6507	1794	7 —	3 —	33 —	31 9 —	— Directo- ry	23 —	37 —	35 —	35 —	44 —	45 —	32 —	
6508	1795	8 —	4 —	34 —	10 10 —	—	24 —	38 —	36 —	36 —	45 —	46 —	33 —	
6509	1796	9 —	5 —	1 Paul	11 —	—	25 —	39 —	37 —	37 —	46 —	47 —	34 —	
6510	1797	10 —	6 —	2 —	1 Frederic Wm. III	—	26 —	40 —	38 —	38 —	47 —	48 —	35 —	
6511	1798	11 —	7 —	3 —	2 —	—	27 —	41 —	39 —	39 —	48 —	49 —	36 —	
6512	1799	12 —	8 —	4 —	3 —	—	28 —	42 —	40 —	40 —	49 —	50 —	37 —	
6513	1800	13 —	9 —	5 —	4 —	—	29 —	43 —	41 —	41 —	50 —	51 —	38 —	

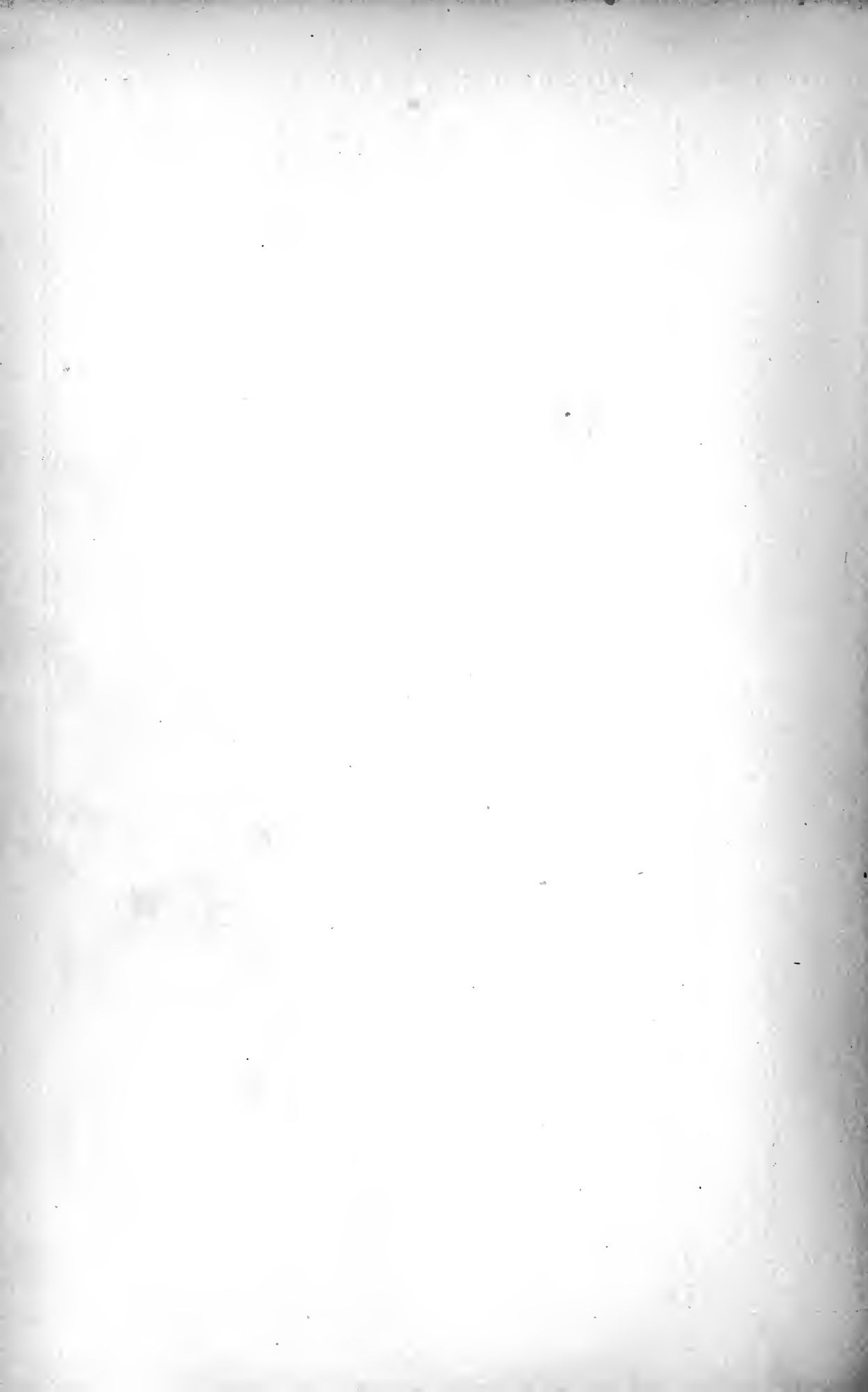
	POPES	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MODERN HISTORY	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
12	Benedict XIV.	Francis A. Voltaire, 1694—1778	Death of Frederic Prince of Wales, March 20, at 44.—Peace between Spain and Portugal.	Mareschal James Keith, 1696—1758
13	—	Thomas Gray, 1716—1771	The Gregorian or New Style takes place in Great Britain, Sept. 3 being reckoned as Sept. 14.	Henry Count Bruhl, 1700—1764
14	—	Dr. John Blair, chronol. —1782	Marriage Act passed, June 7.—Bill for registration of births, deaths, &c. thrown out in the lords, 'as being of dangerous tendency.'	John Duke of Bedford, 1710—1771
15	—	David Hume, 1711—1776	Death of Mr. Pelham, the Premier, Mar. 6.—Duke of Newcastle succeeds.—Mr. Pitt and Mr. Fox united in political friendship.	Admiral Boscawen, 1711—1761
16	—	Dr. Samuel Johnson, 1709—1784	General Braddock defeated and killed by the French near Fort-du-Quesne, July 9.—Earthquake at Lisbon, Nov. 1.	Marquis de Pombal, 1699—1780
17	—	Bishop Warburton, 1698—1779	Seven years' war, May 18.—Indecisive action of Admiral Byng, May 20.—Calcutta taken, June 18.—Loss of Minorca, June 29.	Anne Dss. of Saxe Weimar, 1739—1807
18	—	John Home, 1722—1808	Calcutta retaken, Jan. 2.—Admiral Byng shot, Mar. 14.—Battle of Plassey, June 23.—Mr. Pitt, premier, July.—Convention of Closter Seven, Sept. 8.	Mareschal Count Daun, 1705—1766
1	Clement XIII.	Charles Linnæus, 1707—1778	Cape Breton taken by Gen. Amherst, July 26.—Cherbourg pier destroyed, Aug. 8.—Battle of Hochkirchen, Marshal Keith killed, Oct. 14.	General James Wolfe, ob. at 33, 1759
2	—	Dr. William Robertson, 1721—1793	Battle of Minden, defection of Lord George Sackville, Aug. 1.—Battle of Quebec, Gen. Wolfe killed, Sept. 13.—Quebec taken, Sept. 18.	Henry Lord Holland, 1705—1774
3	—	Abbé l'Epee, 1712—1789	Lord G. Sackville broke by court martial, Apr. 22.—Surrender of Montreal to Gen. Amherst, Sept. 18.—King George 11. dies, Oct. 25, at 75.	Pr. Ferdinand of Brunswick, 1721—1797
4	—	John Smeaton, 1724—1792	Mr. Legge resigns the Exchequer, Mar. 22.—Lord Bute secretary of state, Mar. 25.—Mr. Pitt resigns as foreign secretary, Oct. 5.	Charles Townshend, 1725—1767
5	—	John James Rousseau, 1712—1778	War with Spain, Jan. 18.—Peace between the northern powers, Apr. 7.—Lord Bute premier, May 29.—Peace of Fontainebleau, Nov. 3.	John Earl of Bute, 1713—1792
6	—	Dr. George Campbell, 1709—1796	Lord Bute resigns, Apr. 8.—Lord-chief-justice Pratt decides against general warrants, May 6.—Duke of Bedford minister, Sept. 9.	Lord Chief Justice Camden, 1714—1794
7	—	Dr. Thomas Reid, 1710—1796	Taxation of America proposed in parliament, March.—Order of the Jesuits abolished in France, Dec.	George Grenville, 1712—1770
8	—	Joseph Jerome Lalande, 1732—1807	American Stamp Act, Mar. 22.—Lord Clive governor of Bengal, May 3.	Charles M. of Rockingham, 1730—1782
9	—	Sir William Blackstone, 1723—1780	Rockingham ministry, July.—Death of the pretender, Dec. 30.	William Earl of Chatham, 1708—1778
10	—	Count de Buffon, 1707—1788	American Stamp Act repealed, Mar. 18.—Count Lally beheaded at Paris, May 8.—Chatham ministry, Aug. 2.	Edward Duke of York, 1739—1767
11	—	Sir Joseph Banks, 1743—1820	Lord North Chancellor of the Exchequer, Dec. 1.—Prayers for the royal family in the catholic chapels for the first time since 1688.	Augustus Duke of Grafton, 1735—1811
1	Clement XIV.	Sir Joshua Reynolds, 1723—1792	Affair of Wilkes, Mar.—June, great excitement in consequence.—Lord Chatham resigns, Oct. 15.—Tumults at Boston in America.	George Viscount Townshend, 1724—1807
2	—	Oliver Goldsmith, 1728—1774	John Wilkes expelled the House of Commons, Feb. 2—and re-elected a fourth time, Apr. 13.—His election declared void, April 16.	Frederick Lord North, 1733—1792
3	—	Robert Orme, 1728—1801	Lord North premier, Jan. 28.—Lord Mayor Beckford rejoins to the king's reply to an address from the city of London, May 23.	Sir Guy Carleton, 1724—1808
4	—	Henry Cavendish, 1731—1810	Parliamentary reports in the newspapers finally established after some ineffectual opposition by the House of Commons, May 8.	Capt. James Cook, 1728—1779
5	—	James Watt, 1736—1819	Revolution in Denmark, Jan. 17.—Counts Brandt and Struensee beh.—Revolution in Sweden, Aug. 1.—First partition of Poland, Aug. 5.	Robert Lord Clive, 1725—1774
6	—	John Howard, 1727—1790	Constitution of the East India Company revised by two acts, June.—Commutation at Boston, three cargoes of tea destroyed, Dec. 18.	Count de Vergennes, 1717—1787
1	Pius VI.	Adam Smith, 1723—1790	Dr. Franklin's petition to the privy council rejected, Jan. 29.—Gen. Gage dispatched to Boston, Apr.—First American Congress, Sept. 5.	General Lord Heathfield, 1718—1790
2	—	Edward Gibbon, 1737—1794	Hostilities commence at Lexington, Apr. 19.—Battle of Bunker's Hill, June 17.—Montreal taken by Montgomery, Nov. 12.	General Lord Amherst, 1717—1797
3	—	Bishop Lowth, 1710—1787	Gen. Howe compelled to evacuate Boston, Mar. 17.—Declaration of Independence, July 4.—The king's troops enter New York, Sept. 15.	Robert Jacques Turgot, 1727—1781
4	—	Vittorio Alfieri, 1749—1803	Lord Cornwallis enters Philadelphia, the Congress remove to Lancaster, Sept. 26.—General Burgoyne surrenders at Saratoga, Oct. 17.	Benjamin Franklin, 1706—1790
5	—	Sir William Herschell, 1738—1822	France in alliance with America, Feb. 6.—Ld. Chatham's last address to the lords, Apr. 7—he dies, May 11.—Philadelphia evacuated, June 18.	Admiral Lord Keppel, 1725—1786
6	—	Sir William Jones, 1746—1794	Admiral Keppel captured by court martial, Feb. 11.—Alarm of invasion, Aug.—Siege of Gibraltar.—Irish trade opened, Dec. 13.	William Earl of Mansfield, 1705—1793
7	—	Dr. Charles Hutton, 1737—1823	Rodney defeats Langara, Jan. 16, and relieves Gibraltar.—Riots in London, June 2.—Gen. Gates defeated by Lord Cornwallis, Aug. 15.	Edmund Burke, 1730—1797
8	—	John Horne Tooke, 1736—1812	Major Pierson killed at St. Helier, Jan. 6.—Lord Cornwallis surrenders York Town, with his army, to General Washington, Oct. 19.	Admiral Lord Rodney, 1717—1792
9	—	Bishop Horsley, 1733—1806	Buckingham ministry, Mar. 19.—Rodney defeats de Grasse, Apr. 12.—Shelburne ministry, July 1.—United States acknowledged, Dec. 5.	Charles James Fox, 1748—1806
10	—	Sarah Siddons, at 75—1831	Coalition ministry, Apr. 1.—Peace of Versailles, Sept. 3.—Mr. Fox's India bill fails, Nov. 18.—Mr. Pitt premier, Dec. 22.	William Pitt, 1759—1806
11	—	William Cowper, 1731—1800	Great political excitement in Dublin, June 7.—The forfeited estates at the rebellion of 1745 restored.—Mr. Pitt's India bill, Aug. 13.	Edward Lord Thurlow, 1732—1806
12	—	Robert Burns, 1759—1796	Mr. Pitt's motion, the third, but the first in office, for Reform.—Mr. Adams, the first American ambassador, received at St. James's, June 1.	Thomas Lord Erskine, 1748—1823
13	—	Johann Mozart, 1756—1792	The Sinking Fund adopted, Mar. 29.—Articles of impeachment exhibited against Warren Hastings by Edmund Burke.	Richard Brinsley Sheridan, 1751—1816
14	—	Abbe Barthelemy, 1716—1795	Droit d'Aubaine abolished in France as regarded Great Britain, Jan. First assembly of the Notables at Versailles, Feb. 22.	Warren Hastings, 1732—1818
15	—	Anthony Lavoisier, 1743—1794	Abolition of the slave-trade first debated, May 9.—Second assembly of the Notables, Oct. 5.—Severe illness of King George III. Nov. 19.	Charles Earl of Liverpool, 1727—1808
16	—	Richard Porson, 1759—1808	Regency question, Feb. 3.—The king recovers, Feb. 19.—The Revolution Society of 1688 send congratulations to the National Assembly, Nov. 5.	William Lord Grenville, 1759—1834
17	—	Dr. Samuel Parr, 1747—1825	Mr. Burke in parliament described France as politically expunged from the system of Europe, Feb. 9.—Affair of Nootka Sound, May 6.	Henry Viscount Melville, 1740—1811
18	—	Frederic Schiller, 1759—1805	Mr. Burke disowns in the House of Commons his friendship with Mr. Fox, May 6.—Canada bill, Mar. 14.—Riots at Birmingham, July 14.	William Windham, 1750—1810
19	—	Sir Thomas Lawrence, 1769—1830	Mr. Fox's libel bill, Apr. 30.—Lord Thurlow resigns the great seal, June 15.—Parliament prorogued to Jan. 3, but it met on Dec. 13.	William Wilberforce, ob. at 73, 1832
20	—	Dr. William Paley, 1743—1805	M. Chauvelin ordered to leave England, Jan. 24.—War with France, Feb. 11.—Mr. Grey's first motion for Reform, May 6.	Admiral Earl Howe, 1725—1799
21	—	William Roscoe, 1753—1831	Habeas Corpus Act suspended, May 23.—Lord Howe's victory in the Bay of Biscay, June 1.—State trials for constructive treason, Oct. 29.	Sir Ralph Abercromby, 1738—1801
22	—	Dr. Edward Jenner, 1749—1823	Earl Fitzwilliam recalled from Ireland, Feb. 21.—Warren Hastings acquitted, Apr. 23.—Lord Bridport's victory off L'Orient, June 22.	Admiral Earl St. Vincent, 1734—1823
23	—	Charles Butler, 1750—1832	Sir S. Smith taken prisoner off the coast, Apr. 19.—Elba taken by Nelson, Aug. 9.—Ld. Malmesbury ambassador to Paris, Oct. 22, returns Dec. 29.	Admiral Lord Duncan, 1731—1804
24	—	Francis Joseph Haydn, 1732—1809	Sir John Jervis' victory off St. Vincent, Feb. 14.—Restriction on payments in specie at the Bank, Feb. 26.—Lord Duncan's victory, Oct. 11.	Admiral Lord Nelson, 1758—1805
25	—	Murgo Park 1771—1805	The Irish Directory arrested, Mar. 12.—Mr. Fox dismissed the Privy Council, May 20.—Battle of the Nile, Aug. 1.	Charles Marquis Cornwallis, 1738—1805
1	Pius VII.	Major John Rennell, 1740—1830	Seringapatam taken by storm, May 5.—Expedition to Holland, Aug. 26. Rome surrendered to Commodore Trowbridge, Sept. 29.	Robert Viscount Castlereagh, 1769—1824
			Correspondence with Talleyrand closed by Lord Grenville, Jan. 20.—The Queen Charlotte, 120 guns, blown up near Leghorn, Mar. 27.	



Venice	Doges of — Govs. Gen.	of India	Gr. Dukes of Tuscany	Dukes of Modena	Dukes of Parma	Netherlands. Govnrs. — Stadts.	Un. Provs.	Electors of Hanover	Dukes of Wurtembg.	Electors of Bavaria	Electors — Palatine	Saxony Electors — Dukes	Lorraine
11	Pietro Grimani		15 Francis II. of Lorraine	15 Francis III.	3 Don Philip	7 Pr. Charles William V. of Orange	1 2	25 George-Augustus I.	15 Charles-Eugene	7 Maximilian Joseph I.	9 Charles-Theodore	19 Fre. Aug. I. Stanislaus	15 16
1	—		17 —	17 —	4 —	8 —	3	26 —	16 —	8 —	10 —	20 —	17
2	—		18 —	18 —	5 —	9 —	4	27 —	17 —	9 —	11 —	21 —	18
3	—		19 —	19 —	6 —	10 —	5	28 —	18 —	10 —	12 —	22 —	19
4	—		20 —	20 —	7 —	11 —	6	29 —	19 —	11 —	13 —	23 —	20
5	—		21 —	21 —	8 —	12 —	7	30 —	20 —	12 —	14 —	24 —	21
6	—		22 —	22 —	9 —	13 —	8	31 —	21 —	13 —	15 —	25 —	22
7	—		23 —	23 —	10 —	14 —	9	32 —	22 —	14 —	16 —	26 —	23
8	—		24 —	24 —	11 —	15 —	10	33 —	23 —	15 —	17 —	27 —	24
9	—		—	—	12 —	16 —	11	1 George-William II.	24 —	16 —	18 —	28 —	25
10	—		25 —	25 —	13 —	17 —	12	2 —	25 —	17 —	19 —	29 —	26
1	Marco Foscarini		26 —	26 —	14 —	18 —	13	3 —	26 —	18 —	20 —	30 —	27
1	Alvise Mocenigo II.		27 —	27 —	15 —	19 —	14	4 —	27 —	19 —	21 —	1 Fred. Ch. 27	28
2	—		28 —	28 —	16 —	20 —	15	5 —	28 —	20 —	22 —	1 Frederic. 2 Aug. III.	29
3	—		1 Peter-Leopold of Austria	29 —	1 Don Ferdinand	21 —	16	6 —	29 —	21 —	23 —	3 —	30
4	—		2 —	30 —	2 —	22 —	17	7 —	30 —	22 —	24 —	4 —	31
5	—	General of India	3 —	31 —	3 —	23 —	18	8 —	31 —	23 —	25 —	5 —	32
6	—		4 —	32 —	4 —	24 —	19	9 —	32 —	24 —	26 —	6 —	33
7	—		5 —	33 —	5 —	25 —	20	10 —	33 —	25 —	27 —	7 —	34
8	—		6 —	34 —	6 —	26 —	21	11 —	34 —	26 —	28 —	8 —	35
9	—	Governors	7 —	35 —	7 —	27 —	22	12 —	35 —	27 —	29 —	9 —	36
10	—		8 —	36 —	8 —	28 —	23	13 —	36 —	28 —	30 —	10 —	37
11	—		9 —	37 —	9 —	29 —	24	14 —	37 —	29 —	31 —	11 —	38
12	Warren Hastings	1	10 —	38 —	10 —	30 —	25	15 —	38 —	30 —	32 —	12 —	39
13	—	2	11 —	39 —	11 —	31 —	26	16 —	39 —	31 —	33 —	13 —	40
14	—	3	12 —	40 —	12 —	32 —	27	17 —	40 —	32 —	34 —	14 —	41
15	—	4	13 —	41 —	13 —	33 —	28	18 —	41 —	33 —	35 —	15 —	42
16	—	5	14 —	42 —	14 —	34 —	29	19 —	42 —	34 —	—	16 —	43
1	Paolo Reinier	6	15 —	43 —	15 —	35 —	30	20 —	43 —	1 Charles-Theodore	—	—	44
2	—	7	16 —	1 Hercules	16 —	—	31	21 —	44 —	3 —	—	—	45
3	—	8	17 —	2 —	17 —	1 Mary-Christina Austria and Albert of Saxony	31	22 —	45 —	4 —	—	—	46
4	—	9	18 —	3 —	18 —	2 —	32	23 —	46 —	5 —	—	—	47
5	—	10	19 —	4 —	19 —	3 —	33	24 —	47 —	6 —	—	—	48
6	—	11	20 —	5 —	20 —	4 —	34	25 —	48 —	7 —	—	—	49
7	—	12	21 —	6 —	21 —	5 —	35	26 —	49 —	8 —	—	—	50
8	Marquis Cornwallis	1	22 —	7 —	22 —	6 —	36	27 —	50 —	9 —	—	—	51
9	—	2	23 —	8 —	23 —	7 —	37	28 —	51 —	10 —	—	—	52
10	—	3	24 —	9 —	24 —	8 —	38	29 —	52 —	11 —	—	—	53
1	Luigi Manin	4	25 —	10 —	25 —	9 —	39	30 —	53 —	12 —	—	—	54
2	—	5	1 Ferdinand III.	11 —	26 —	10 —	40	31 —	54 —	13 —	—	—	55
3	—	6	2 —	12 —	27 —	11 —	41	32 —	55 —	14 —	—	—	56
4	Sir J. Shore	1	3 —	13 —	28 —	12 —	42	33 —	56 —	15 —	—	—	57
5	—	2	4 —	14 —	29 —	1 Arch-duke Charles	43	34 —	1 Louis-Eugene	16 —	—	—	58
6	—	3	5 —	15 —	30 —	2 —	44	35 —	2 —	17 —	—	—	59
7	—	4	6 —	16 —	31 —	—	—	36 —	1 Frederic-Eugene	18 —	—	—	60
8	—	5	7 —	—	32 —	—	—	37 —	2 —	19 —	—	—	61
—	—	6	8 —	—	33 —	—	—	38 —	1 Frederic II.	20 —	—	—	62
—	Marquis Wellesley	1	9 —	—	34 —	—	—	39 —	2 —	21 —	—	—	63
—	—	2	10 —	—	35 —	—	—	40 —	3 —	—	—	—	64
—	—	3	11 —	—	36 —	—	—	41 —	4 —	1 Maximilian Joseph II.	—	—	65
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Lorraine united to France

Presidents of the United States



Jul. Period.	Anno Dom.	Emperors of Turkey	Emperors of Germany	Emperors of Russia	Kings of Prussia	Kings of France	Sardinia	Kings of Naples	Kings of Spain	Kings of Portugal	Kings of Gt. Britain	Princes of Orange	Denmark
6514	1801	14 Selim II.	10 Francis II.	1 Alexander	5 Frederic Wm. III.	— Consulate		6 Chas. III. Ferd. I. 43	14 Charles IV.	25 Maria Francesca	42 George III.	51 William VI.	36
6515	1802	15 —	11 —	2 —	6 —	—		1 Victor 44 Em. IV.	15 —	26 —	43 —	52 —	37
6516	1803	16 —	12 —	3 —	7 —	—		2 — 45	16 —	27 —	44 —	53 —	38
6517	1804	17 —	13 Emperor of Austria	4 —	8 —	1 Napoleon Emperor and King of Italy		3 — 46	17 —	28 —	45 —	54 —	39
6518	1805	18 —	14 —	5 —	9 —	2 —		— 47	18 —	29 —	46 —	55 —	40
6519	1806	19 —	15 —	6 —	10 —	3 —		Joseph. 1 Napoleon 2	19 —	30 —	47 —	1 William VII.	41
6520	1807	1 Mustafa IV.	16 —	7 —	11 —	4 —		2 —	20 —	31 —	48 —	2 —	42
6521	1808	1 Mahmood II.	17 —	8 —	12 —	5 —		Joachim Murat	1 Joseph Napoleon 2	32 —	49 —	3 —	1
6522	1809	2 —	18 —	9 —	13 —	6 —		— 2	2 —	33 —	50 —	4 —	2
6523	1810	3 —	19 —	10 —	14 —	7 —		— 3	3 —	34 —	51 —	5 —	3
6524	1811	4 —	20 —	11 —	15 —	8 —		— 4	4 —	35 —	52 —	6 —	4
6525	1812	5 —	21 —	12 —	16 —	9 —		— 5	5 —	36 —	53 —	7 —	5
6526	1813	6 —	22 —	13 —	17 —	10 —		— 6	—	37 —	54 —	8 —	6
6527	1814	7 —	23 —	14 —	18 —	1 Louis XVIII.		1 Victor. 7 Em. rest.	1 Ferdin. and VII.	38 —	55 —	9 —	7
6528	1815	8 —	24 —	15 —	19 —	2 —		2 Ferdin. 1 and IV. rest. 2	2 —	39 —	56 —	10 King of the Netherlands as 12 William I.	8
6529	1816	9 —	25 —	16 —	20 —	3 —		3 —	3 —	1 John VI.	57 —	11 Netherlands as 12 William I.	9
6530	1817	10 —	26 —	17 —	21 —	4 —		4 — 3	4 —	2 —	58 —	12 William I.	10
6531	1818	11 —	27 —	18 —	22 —	5 —		5 — 4	5 —	3 —	59 —	13 —	11
6532	1819	12 —	28 —	19 —	23 —	6 —		6 — 5	6 —	4 —	60 —	14 —	12
6533	1820	13 —	29 —	20 —	24 —	7 —		7 — 6	7 —	5 —	1 George IV.	15 —	13
6534	1821	14 —	30 —	21 —	25 —	8 —		1 Charles. 7 Felix	8 —	6 —	2 —	16 —	14
6535	1822	15 —	31 —	22 —	26 —	9 —		2 — 8	9 —	7 —	3 —	17 —	15
6536	1823	16 —	32 —	23 —	27 —	10 —		3 — 9	10 —	8 —	4 —	18 —	16
6537	1824	17 —	33 —	24 —	28 —	1 Charles X.		4 — 10	11 —	9 —	5 —	19 —	17
6538	1825	18 —	34 —	1 Nicholas	29 —	2 —		5 — 11	12 —	10 —	6 —	20 —	18
6539	1826	19 —	35 —	2 —	30 —	3 —		6 Francis I	13 —	1 Pedro IV. 1 Maria da 2 Gloria	7 —	21 —	19
6540	1827	20 —	36 —	3 —	31 —	4 —		7 — 2	14 —	1 Miguel	8 —	22 —	20
6541	1828	21 —	37 —	4 —	32 —	5 —		8 — 3	15 —	2 —	9 —	23 —	21
6542	1829	22 —	38 —	5 —	33 —	6 —		9 — 4	16 —	3 —	10 —	24 —	22
6543	1830	23 —	39 —	6 —	34 —	1 Louis-Philippe		10 Ferdin. 1 and II.	17 —	4 —	1 William IV.	25 —	23
6544	1831	24 —	40 —	7 —	35 —	2 —		1 Charles. 2 Albert	18 —	5 —	2 —	26 cedes Belgium	24
6445	1832	25 —	41 —	8 —	36 —	3 —		2 — 3	19 —	6 —	3 —	27 —	25
6546	1833	26 —	42 —	9 —	37 —	4 —		3 — 4	1 Isabella II.	1 Maria rest.	4 —	28 —	26
6547	1834	27 —	43 —	10 —	38 —	5 —		4 — 5	2 —	2 —	5 —	29 —	27
6548	1835	28 —	1 Ferdinand	11 —	39 —	6 —		5 — 6	3 —	3 —	6 —	30 —	28
6549	1836	29 —	2 —	12 —	40 —	7 —		6 — 7	4 —	4 —	7 —	31 —	29
6550	1837	30 —	3 —	13 —	41 —	8 —		7 — 8	5 —	5 —	1 Victoria	32 —	30
6551	1838	31 —	4 —	14 —	42 —	9 —		8 — 9	6 —	6 —	2 —	33 —	31
6552	1839	1 Abdul-Medjid	5 —	15 —	43 —	10 —		9 — 10	7 —	7 —	3 —	34 —	1
6553	1840	2 —	6 —	16 —	1 Frederic Wm. IV.	11 —		10 — 11	8 —	8 —	4 —	1 William II.	2
6554	1841	3 —	7 —	17 —	2 —	12 —		11 — 12	9 —	9 —	5 —	2 —	3
6555	1842	4 —	8 —	18 —	3 —	13 —		12 — 13	10 —	10 —	6 —	3 —	4
6556	1843	5 —	9 —	19 —	4 —	14 —		13 — 14	11 —	11 —	7 —	4 —	5
6557	1844	—	—	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—
6558	1845	—	—	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—
6559	1846	—	—	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—
6560	1847	—	—	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—
6561	1848	—	—	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—
6562	1849	—	—	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—
6563	1850	—	—	—	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—

	POPE	LEARNING AND GENIUS	MODERN HISTORY	STATESMEN AND WARRIORS
Pius VII.	2	Antonio Canova, 1757—1822	Union with Ireland, Jan. 1.—Addington ministry, Mar. 17.—Battle of Alexandria, Mar. 21.—Battle of Copenhagen by Lord Nelson, Apr. 2.	General Lord Hutchinson, 1757—1832
3	3	William Gifford, 1756—1826	Peace of Amiens, Mar. 27.—The Income tax abandoned, Apr. 5.—Osna-	Charles Earl Whitworth, 1754—1825
4	4	Henry Kirke White, 1785—1806	burg united to Hanover, Oct. 21.—Col. Despard's conspiracy, Nov. 16.	Samuel Whitbread, 1758—1815
5	5	Madame de Stael, 1766—1817	Peltier, the journalist, found guilty of libel upon Bonaparte, Feb. 21.—	Prince Talleyrand, 1754—1836
6	6	Dr. William Vincent, 1739—1815	Ld. Kilwarden assass., July 23.—Battle of Assaye, E. Indies, Sept. 23.	Admiral Lord Collingwood, 1748—1810
7	7	Jeremy Bentham, 1749—1832	Mr. Pitt's motion of censure on the naval administration, Apr. 16.—Mr.	Sir Samuel Romilly, 1757—1818
8	8	Dr. Thomas Young, 1773—1829	Pitt premier, May 12.—Droit d'Aubaine against England re-enacted.	Spencer Perceval, 1762—1812
9	9	Dr. Edward D. Clarke, 1767—1821	Lord Melville charged by Mr. Whitbread, Apr. 6.—Catholic question	General Sir John Moore, 1761—1809
Dethroned	—	Dugald Stewart, 1753—1828	moved by Mr. Fox.—Victory of Trafalgar and death of Nelson, Oct. 21.	Sir James Mackintosh, 1765—1832
		William Cobbett, 1762—1835	Death of Mr. Pitt, at 46, Jan 23.—Lord Grenville premier, Mr. Fox	Sir John Malcolm, 1769—1833
			foreign secretary, Feb. 5.—Death of Mr. Fox, at 58, Sept. 13.	
			Portland ministry, Mr. Perceval chancellor of the exchequer, Mar. 25.—	
			Bombardment of Copenhagen, Sept. 2.—Orders in Council, Jan. 7.	
			Five ships at Cadiz surrender to Lord Collingwood, June 14, the Russian	
			fleet in the Tagus to Sir C. Cotton, Sept. 3.—Peace with Spain, July 4.	
			Fleets against the Duke of York, Jan. 27.—Expedition to Walcheren,	
			July 28.—Death of the Duke of Portland.—Perceval ministry, Oct. 30.	
			Riots in London pending the arrest of Sir Francis Burdett, Apr. 6.—Lucien	
			Bonaparte lands at Plymouth, Dec. 18.—The King's last illness, Dec. 20	

ANNOS DOMINI	THE HOUSE OF SAXONY IN CONNECTION WITH THE CROWN OF GREAT BRITAIN									
XVth Century	<p>THE ERNESTINE, or elder line</p> <p>1464 Ernest, eldest son, Elector</p> <p>1486 Frederic III. the Wise, son,— Elector</p>	<p>1428 FREDERIC II. THE GOOD — ELECTOR OF SAXONY, ob. 1464, leaving issue two sons</p> <p style="text-align: center;">←————— Table 49* —————→</p>		<p>THE ALBER or younger</p> <p>1464 Albert th geous, sec of Frede Good</p> <p>1500 George th son</p>						
XVIth Century	<p>1525 John the Constant, brother, Elector</p> <p>1532 John Frederic, son, Elector —</p> <p>DUCAL HOUSE OF SAXE-WEIMAR</p> <p>1554 John William, son</p> <p>1573 John, son †</p>	<p>= John Frederic is deposed by the Emperor Charles V. and the Electorate transferred to the younger line in the person of Maurice, son of Henry the Pious =</p> <p>SAXE-GOTHA- ALTENBURG—</p> <p style="text-align: center;">DUCAL LINES FROM SAXE-GOTHA—</p>		<p>1539 Henry th brother, 1547 Maurice, ELECTO 1553 Augustus ous, brot continues ectoral li</p> <p>1586 Christian</p> <p>1591 Christian</p>						
XVIIth Century	<p>1605 John Ernest I. son</p> <p>1626 William, brother,</p> <p>1662 John Ernest II. son</p> <p>1683 William Ernest, son,</p>	<p>1605 Ernest I. the Pious, 7th son of John † of Saxe-Weimar</p> <p>1675 Frederic I. son</p> <p>1691 Frederic II. son</p>	<p>*** On the extinction of the line of Saxe-Gotha in 1825 a new arrangement, or political division, took place between the princes of Saxony. By the convention of Nov. 12, 1826, Hilburghausen and Saalfeld were transferred to the house of Meiningen, and the rights of the late Duke of Saxe-Gotha Altenburg were assigned to the two conceding powers.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>DUKES OF SAXE- MEININGEN</th> <th>S. HILBURGHAUSEN NOW SAXE-ALTENBURG</th> <th>S. SAALFELD COBURG NOW S. COBURG GOTHA</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1675 Bernard, 3rd son of Ernest I. of Go- tha</td> <td>1675 Ernest, 6th son of Ernest I. of Gotha</td> <td>1675 John Ernest 7th son of Ernest I. of Gotha</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	DUKES OF SAXE- MEININGEN	S. HILBURGHAUSEN NOW SAXE-ALTENBURG	S. SAALFELD COBURG NOW S. COBURG GOTHA	1675 Bernard, 3rd son of Ernest I. of Go- tha	1675 Ernest, 6th son of Ernest I. of Gotha	1675 John Ernest 7th son of Ernest I. of Gotha	<p>1611 John Geo brother</p> <p>1656 John Geo son</p> <p>1680 John Geo son</p> <p>1691 John Geo 1694 Frederic A</p>
DUKES OF SAXE- MEININGEN	S. HILBURGHAUSEN NOW SAXE-ALTENBURG	S. SAALFELD COBURG NOW S. COBURG GOTHA								
1675 Bernard, 3rd son of Ernest I. of Go- tha	1675 Ernest, 6th son of Ernest I. of Gotha	1675 John Ernest 7th son of Ernest I. of Gotha								
XVIIIth Century	<p>1728 Ernest Augustus, nephew</p> <p>1748 Ernest Augustus Constantine, son</p> <p>1758 Charles Augustus, son</p>	<p>1732 Frederic III. son</p> <p>1772 Ernest Louis, son</p>	<p>1706 Ernest Louis I. son</p> <p>1724 Ernest Louis II. [son 1729 Charles Frederic, brother</p> <p>1743 Antony Ulric, un- cle</p> <p>1763 Augustus Frede- ric, son</p> <p>1782 George Frederic, brother</p> <p>1715 Ernest Frederic I. son</p> <p>1724 Ernest Frederic II. son</p> <p>1745 Ernest Frederic Charles, son</p> <p>1780 Frederic, son</p>	<p>brother</p> <p>1733 Frederic A son</p> <p>1763 Frederic C 1763 Frederic A son</p> <p>1800 Francis Frederic, son</p>						
XIXth Century	<p>1815 takes the grand ducal title</p> <p>1828 Charles Frederic, son</p>	<p>1804 Emilius Aug. son issue — Lonisa married Ernest Duke of Saxe-Coburg</p> <p>1822 Frederic IV. brother, ob. 1825</p>	<p>1803 Bernard Eric, son, his sister— Adelaide, Queen dow. of G. Britain</p> <p>1826 Bernard succeeds to Hilburghausen, Saalfeld, &c.</p> <p>1826 Frederic succeeds to S. Altenburg</p> <p>1834 Joseph George, son</p> <p>1806 Ernest Anthony, son</p> <p>1826—succ. to S. Gotha 1844 Ernest August. son brother— Albert, mar. to VICTORIA Q. of Gt. Britain uncles— Ferdinand, fa- ther of Ferdi- nand mar. to Q. of Portugal Leopold King of Belgium aunt— Victoria Dss. of Kent</p>	<p>1807 takes the re</p> <p>1827 Anthony C brother</p> <p>1836 Frederic A nephew KING OF S.</p>						

Un. States	Presidents Govs.—Gen.	India	Kings of Hanover	Kings of Wurtemberg	Kings of Bavaria	Kings of Saxony	Holland, Netherlands, Belgium	Kings of Greece	Gr. Dukes of Tuscany	Dukes of Modena	Duchy of Parma
1	Thos. Jefferson		George 42	Frederic 5	Maximi- 3	Frederic 39			1 Louis		
2	Marquis Wel-		William 43	Duke 6	lian Joseph 4	Augustus 40			2 Etruria)		
3		6	Elector 44		II. Elector 5	Electo 41			1 Charles-		United to
4		7							2 Louis		France
5	Mar. Cornwallis	1			1 Maximi- 7				3		
6	Sir G. Barlow	1		1 Frederic 10	2 Joseph 8				4		
	administ. 2			II. King 11	II. King 9		1 Louis-				
7	Lord Minto	1		2 King 12	3 King 10	1 Frederic 45	2 King of		United to the king-		
8		2		3 12	4 10	2 III. 46	3 Holland		dom of		
1	James Madison	3		4 13	5 11	3 King 47	4		Italy		
2		4		5 14	6 12	4 48	United to				
							France				
3		5		6 15	7 13	5 49					
4		6		7 16	8 14	6 50					
5	Marquis of 1			8 17	9 15	7 51	House of				
6	Hastings 2		1 George-55	9 18	10 16	8 52	Orange		1 Ferdinand	1 Francis IV.	1 Maria-
7		3	William II. 56	10 19	11 17	9 53	restored		2 III. rest.	2 of Austria	2 Louisa
8		4	3 King 57	1 William 12	12 18	10 54	1 William		3	3	3
				2 13	13 19	11 55	1 King		4	4	4
1	James Monroe	5	4 58	3 14	14 20	12 56	2 of the		5	5	5
2		6	5 59	4 15	15 21	13 57	Nether-		6	6	6
3		7	6 60	5 16	16 22	14 58	lands		7	7	7
4		8	1 George-Aug. II.				3		8	8	8
5		9		6 17	17 23	15 59	4		9	9	9
6		10		7 18	18 24	16 60	5		10	10	10
7	Ld. Amherst	1		8 19	19 25	17 61	6		11	11	11
8		2		9 20	20 26	18 62	7		12	12	12
1	John Quincy Adams	3		10 21	1 1 Louis-Charles	19 63	8		1 Leopold II.	13	13
2		4		11 22	2	20 64	9		2	14	14
3		5		12 23	3		10		3	15	15
4	Lord Wm. Bentinck	1		13 24	4	1 Antony-Clement	11		4	16	16
1	Andrew Jackson	2		14 25	5	2	12		5	17	17
2		3		15 26	6		13		6	18	18
			1 William Henry				14		7	19	19
3		4		16 27	7		15		8	20	20
4		5		17 28	8		16		9	21	21
5		6		18 29	9		17		10	22	22
6		7		19 30	10		18		11	23	23
7		8		20 31	11		19		12	24	24
8	Lord Auckland	1		21 32	12		20		13	25	25
1	Martin Van Buren	2		22 33	13	1 Frederic-Augustus IV.	21		14	26	26
2		3		23 34	14	2	22		15	27	27
3		4		24 35	15		23		16	28	28
4		5		25 36	16		24		17	29	29
							25		18	30	30
1	W. H. Harrison	6		26 37	17		26		19		
1	John Tyler	1		27 38	18		27		20		
2	Lord Ellenborough	2		28 39	19		28		21		
3							29		22		
							30		23		
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REVOLUTIONARY PERIOD

1789	Opening of the States General at Versailles, May 5. The Tiers Etat declare themselves the National Assembly, June 17. Dismissal of Necker, July 11.—Storming of the Bastille, July 14. Lafayette takes the command of the National Guard, July 16. Rural of Necker, July 16.—King visits Paris—the princes emigrate. The Feudal system and all privileges abandoned by the nobles, Aug. 4. The 'Rights of Man,' Aug. 18.—Banquet of the Gardes du Corps, Oct. 1. Assault at Versailles, Oct. 5.—The royal family taken to Paris, Oct. 6. The Duke of Orleans retires awhile from the popular agitation, Oct. 14. First meeting of the Jacobin Club in the Rue St. Honore, Oct. 19. Confiscation of Ecclesiastical, now declared National property, Nov. 2. First circulation of Assignats, Dec. 21.	1796	Bonaparte made commander-in-chief in Italy, Mar. 30; gains the Montenotte and Melleisimo, Apr. 14, 17; and Mondovi surrenders. Bonaparte crosses the Po, May 7, defeats Beaulieu, and exacts works of art from the duke of Parma. Bonaparte carries the bridge of Lodi in face of the Austrian army, May 10, and enters Milan, May 13. Bonaparte enters Verona, June 3, and blockades Mantua, June 4. Wurmser compels the French to raise the siege, July 31. Battle of Lonato by Bonaparte, Aug. 3, and of Castiglione on the Mincio, Aug. 5.—Wurmser falls back into Mantua. Bonaparte repulsed by Alvinzi at Caldiero, Nov. 11.—Battle of Rivoli, Alvinzi defeated by Bonaparte, Nov. 16.
1790	Division of France into eighty-three departments, Jan. 15. Religious Orders abolished and the Monasteries suppressed, Feb. 13. Church property decreed to the payment of assignats, Mar. 17. Abolition of Lettres de Cachet, Mar. 16, and of Game laws, Mar. 20. Efforts of the clergy to dissolve the National Assembly, Ap. 19. The right of War and Peace assumed by the Assembly, May 20. All the orders of the nobility in France abolished, June 20. Anniversary of the destruction of the Bastille celebrated in the Champ de Mars—and partially so in England, July 14. Revolt and conflict at Metz and Nancy suppressed by Bouillé, Aug. 31. Dismissal and final retreat of M. Necker, Sept. 4. Rapid fall of Assignats upon the new issue of 800,000,000, Sept. 29.	1797	Battle of Rivoli, Alvinzi defeated by Bonaparte, Jan. 14. Mantua surrendered by Wurmser to Bonaparte, Feb. 2. Passage of, and battle of the Tagliamento, Mar. 16. Overtures of peace by Bonaparte to the archduke Charles, Mar. 17. The archduke Charles defeated at Newmarkt by Massena, Apr. 17. Preliminaries of peace signed at Leoben, Apr. 18. Battles of Nieuwied and Strasburg gained by Hoche and Bonaparte, Apr. 18, 19, both unaware of the peace. The French enter Venice, May 16.—Revolution at Genoa, May 17. Bonaparte procures the release of Lafayette from Olmutz, Sept. 1. Arrests at Paris and change in the Directory, Sept. 4. Peace of Campo Formio, Oct. 17.—Convention at Rastadt, Dec. 19.
1791	New ecclesiastical oath refused by the bishops and clergy, Jan. 4. The territorial right of primogeniture finally abrogated, Mar. 13. Secret junction of Mirabeau with the court.—His death, Apr. 2. The Royal family arrested in their flight at Varennes, June 22. Petition for dethronement put down in the Champ de Mars, July 17. Declaration at Pillnitz by the emperor and king of Prussia, Aug. 27. Self-denying ordinance of the National Assembly, Sept. 4. New constitution accepted by Louis XVI. Sept. 14. Constituent National Assembly dissolved, Sept. 29. First sitting of the Legislative Assembly, Oct. 1. The king refuses to sanction the decree against the emigrants, Nov. 12. Insurrection at St. Domingo, Aug. 23.—Port au Prince burnt, Nov. 12.	1798	Invasion of Switzerland under general Menard, Jan. 27. The French enter Rome, Feb. 10, abolition of the government, Feb. 15. The Rhine acknowledged at Rastadt as a boundary, Mar. 1. Outrage upon Bernadotte, as ambassador, who leaves Vienna, Mar. 1. Expedition of Bonaparte to Egypt from Toulon, May 20. Landing in Egypt and capture of Alexandria, July 2. Unsuccessful descent upon Ireland by general Humbert, Aug. 1. The subjugation of Switzerland completed by the French, Sept. 1. Conscription adopted, Sept. 28.—Rupture between France and Great Britain, Oct. 1. General Mack defeated by Macdonald at Civita Castellana, Dec. 5. The king of Sardinia driven out of Italy, Dec. 9. Treaty between England and Russia, Dec. 18.—Prussia declines to join.
1792	The Guillotine adopted by a decree of the Assembly, Mar. 20. War declared between France and Austria, Apr. 20. Royal Guard disbanded, May 31.—Outrage at the Tuilleries, June 20. Manifesto of the duke of Brunswick from Coblenz, July 25. Storming of the Tuilleries, Aug. 10.—The king dethroned. All the foreign ambassadors leave Paris, Aug. 13—21. Lafayette falls into the hands of the Austrians, Aug. 20. Massacre of the Prisons, Sept. 2—6.—Princess Lamballe sacrificed. National Convention meets, Sept. 21.—First year of the Republic. Separation of the royal family in the Temple, Sept. 29. Retreat of the duke of Brunswick to Coblenz, Oct. 25. Battle of Gemappe, the Austrians defeated by Dumourier, Nov. 6.	1799	Ehrenbreitstein on the Rhine surrenders to the French, Jan. 2. Jourdan defeated by archduke Charles at Stockach, Mar. 25. Murder of the French plenipotentiaries at Rastadt, Apr. 19. Bonaparte compelled by Sir S. Smith to raise the siege of Acre, May 17. Zurich surrendered by Massena to the archduke Charles, June 4. Macdonald defeated by Suwarrow on the Trebia, June 18. Battle of Aboukir, the Turks defeated by Bonaparte, July 25. Battle of Novi, Joubert defeated by Suwarrow, Aug. 15. Battle of Zurich by Massena, retreat of Korsakof, Sept. 24. Bonaparte lands at Frejus from Egypt, Oct. 7. Dissolution of the Directory, Nov. 10.—Bonaparte First Consul, Nov. 10. Bonaparte proposes peace to England, Dec. 25.
1793	Louis XVI. beheaded, Jan. 21. War with England, Spain, and Holland, Feb. 1. Insurrection, and, in the sequel, war in La Vendée, Mar. 10. Revolutionary Tribunal, Mar. 11.—Domiciliary visits decreed, Mar. 21. Committee of Public Safety, Mar. 25, and of Public Welfare, Apr. 6. Dumourier deserts to the Austrian lines, Apr. 4. Revolution of May 31.—Downfall of the Girondins. Marat assassinated by Charlotte Corday, July 13. The new French Calendar commenced, Sept. 22. Trial and execution of Marie Antoinette, Oct. 14, 16. Brissot and twenty-one of the Girondins beheaded, Oct. 31. Duke of Orleans (Philippe Egalite) beheaded, Nov. 6. Madame Roland beheaded, Nov. 8.—Toulon retaken, Dec. 19.	1800	Battle of Engen by Moreau; retreat of general Kray, May 2. Battle of Moeskirch, Kray defeated by Moreau, May 5. Passage of the Great St. Bernard by Bonaparte, May 14—23. Battle of Montebello, the Austrians defeated by Lannes, June 4. General Kleber assassinated in Egypt, June 14. Battle of Marengo by Bonaparte over Melas, Dessaix killed, June 18. Genoa surrendered by Massena to the allies, June 15. Moreau crosses the Danube and defeats Kray at Hochstedt, June 20. Battle of Hohenlinden by Moreau, and passage of the Inn, Dec. 1. Northern Confederacy against England, Dec. 16.—Prussia accepts the peace of Amiens, Dec. 22. Battle of the Mincio gained by Brune and Moreau, Dec. 25. The Infernal Machine—narrow escape of Bonaparte, Dec. 29.
1794	Hebert, Cloutz, &c. of the Cordelier Club guillotined, Mar. 23. Danton and his party sacrificed by Robespierre, Apr. 5. The Austrians defeated by Massena in Piedmont, Apr. 28. Madame Elizabeth, sister of Louis XVI. beheaded, May 10. Battle of Fleurus, Prince of Coburg defeated by Jourdan, June 26. Robespierre and his colleagues guillotined, July 28. Conde and Valenciennes retaken by the French, Aug. 30. Decree closing the hall of the Jacobin Club, Sept. 8. Battle of Ruremonde—Clairfait defeated by Jourdan, Sept. 18. The Allies driven across the Rhine, Oct. 17. Nimeguen taken by Pichegru, and Maestricht by Jourdan, Nov. 4. Fall of Warsaw by Suwarrow and extinction of Poland, Nov. 4.	1801	Peace of Luneville between France and Austria, Feb. 9. Assassination of the emperor Paul, Mar. 24. Bombardment of Copenhagen by Lord Nelson, Apr. 2. Occupation of Hanover by the Prussian troops, Apr. 3. Pacific course of Alexander towards Great Britain, Apr. 14. Dissolution of the Armed Neutrality, May 19. Peace between England and Russia, June 17. Capitulation by Menou of the French in Egypt, Aug. 30. Preliminaries between England and France, Oct. 1. Peace between France and Russia, Oct. 8. Peace between France and Turkey, Oct. 9. Expedition under Le Clerc sails for St. Domingo, Dec. 14.
1795	Pichegru takes Utrecht, Rotterdam, and Dort, Jan. 16, 18. The Stadtholder and family escape to England, Jan. 19. Peace between France and Prussia, Jan. 22. Establishment of the Batavian republic, Jan. 27. First pacification of La Vendée, Apr. 20. Rising of the Fauxbourgs.—Assassination of Feraud, May 20. The son of Louis XVI. dies in the Temple, June 9. The emigrants at Quiberon lay down their arms, July 21. Peace between France and Spain, July 23. Revolt of the Sections suppressed by Bonaparte, Oct. 5. National Convention succeeded by the Directory, Nov. 1. Battle of Loano gained by Massena, Nov. 23.	1802	Cisalpine republic remodelled, Bonaparte president, Jan. 25. French Concordat, the Gallican church restored, Apr. 8. General amnesty to the French emigrants, Apr. 29. Decree to promote public instruction, May 1. Submission of Touissant, Christophe, &c. at St. Domingo, May 1. Institution of the Legion of Honour, May 19. Extension of the Consulate to Bonaparte for life, Aug. 2. Change in the Constitution—the Tribunal reduced, Aug. 4. The English newspapers seized and prohibited in Paris, Aug. 2. Mr. Fox received with marked respect at the Tuilleries, Sept. 1. Piedmont annexed to France, Sept. 11. General Andreossi arrives as French ambassador in London, Nov. 1.

FRENCH EMPIRE, 1789—1815.

Helvetic Confederation of the Nineteen Cantons, Feb. 19.
Correspondence of Bonaparte with Louis XVIII. at Warsaw, Feb. 26.
Bonaparte personally insults the English ambassador, Lord Whitworth, in presence of the court at the Tuilleries, Mar. 13.
Louisiana sold by Bonaparte to the United States, Apr. 30.
The English and French ambassadors respectively leave, May 12, 18.
War between England and France, May 16.
Bonaparte detains the English residents in France and Holland, May 22.
Conquest of Hanover by the French under Mortier, May 26.
Declaration of Bonaparte against British commerce, June 21.
Convention of neutrality between France and Portugal, Oct. 6.
Fort Dauphine in St. Domingo taken by the English, Nov. 30.

Adoption of the new Civil Code in France, Jan. 15.
Arrest of Moreau, Feb. 17; of Pichegru, Feb. 27; and of Georges, Mar. 9.
Murder of the Duke d'Enghien at the castle of Vincennes, Mar. 21.
General Pichegru found strangled in prison, Apr. 8.
Napoleon declared Emperor of the French, May 18.
Protest of Louis XVIII. against Bonaparte as emperor, June 6.
Georges and the conspirators executed, June 25.—Moreau ex-patriated.
Francis II. takes the hereditary title of emperor of Austria, Aug. 11.
The Russian minister at Paris, d'Oubril, demands his passports, Aug. 28.
Sir G. Rumbold the resident at Hamburg seized by the French, Oct. 24.
Napoleon crowned at Notre Dame, Dec. 2.
Spain declares war against Great Britain, Dec. 12.

Napoleon addresses proposals for peace to King George III. Jan. 2.
Treaty of St. Petersburg.—Russia and England against France, Apr. 11.
Napoleon crowned King of Italy at Milan, May 26.
Violation of the territory of Anspach on the advance to Ulm, Oct. 8.
Battle of Elchingen gained by Marshal Ney, Oct. 14, 15.
Surrender of Ulm and the army of Mack to Napoleon, Oct. 17.
Napoleon passes through Vienna to Schönbrunn, Nov. 14.
Battle of Austerlitz.—Austria subdued by Napoleon, Dec. 2.
Interview and armistice between the emperors Francis and Napoleon on the high road to Hollitch, Dec. 4.
Peace of Presburg, Dec. 27.—Alexander accedes.
Dethronement of the King of Naples, Dec. 27.

Joseph Bonaparte placed on the throne of Naples, Mar. 30.
The King of Prussia declares himself King of Hanover, Apr. 1.
Louis Bonaparte created King of Holland, June 5.
Battle of Maida, July 6.—Confederation of the Rhine, July 12.
Palm, the bookseller of Nuremberg, shot for a libel, Aug. 26.
Prussia declares war against France, Oct. 8.
Battle of Jena by Napoleon,—and of Auerstadt by Davoust, Oct. 14.
Saxony detached from the allies by Napoleon, Oct. 17.
Surrender of Prince Hohenloe to Murat at Prentzlow, Oct. 28.
Capitulation of Magdeburg with its garrison, 22,000, to Mar. Ney, Nov. 8.
Napoleon enters Berlin, Oct. 30.—Berlin decree by Napoleon,—Great Britain declared in a state of blockade, Nov. 20.

Conquest of Silesia by Napoleon, Jan.
Battle of Eylau, Feb. 8.—Retreat of Napoleon, Feb. 17.
Danzic surrendered to the French, May 24.
Battle of Heilsberg, June 10; personal altercation between Lannes and Napoleon on its ill success.
Battle of Friedland, the Russians defeated by Napoleon, June 14.
Interview on the Niemen between Alexander and Napoleon, June 26.
Peace of Tilsit between France, Russia, and Prussia, July 7—9.—New kingdom of Westphalia and grand duchy of Warsaw.
The royal family of Portugal embark for Brazil, Nov. 29.
General Junot enters Portugal with his army, Nov. 30.
Napoleon renews his continental decrees at Milan, Dec. 17.

Royal family of Spain entrapped by Napoleon at Bayonne, Apr. 20—30.
Rising at Madrid in conflict with the troops of Murat, May 2.
First siege of Saragossa, successful defence of Palafox, June 16—Aug. 14.
The patriots defeated by Marshal Bessieres at Rio Secco, July 14.
Capitulation of Baylen by Dupont to Castanos, July 19.
Entry of Joseph Bonaparte as King of Spain into Madrid, July 21.
King Joseph retreats with the crown jewels to Burgos, Aug. 1.
Battle of Vineira,—Junot defeated by Sir A. Wellesley, Aug. 21.
Convention of Cintra, Aug. 30.—capitulation of Junot.
Interview between Alexander and Napoleon at Erfurt, Sept. 27.
Battle of Tudela,—Castanos defeated by Lefebvre, Nov. 23.
Surrender of Madrid to Napoleon, Dec. 4.

Battle of Corunna and death of Sir John Moore, Jan. 16.
Capitulation of Saragossa by Palafox to the French, Feb. 21.
Oporto taken by Marshal Soult, Mar. 29.
Archduke Louis defeated by Napoleon at Abensberg, Apr. 20.
Battle of Eckmühl,—Archduke Charles defeated by Napoleon, Apr. 22.
Passage of the Douro,—Soult repulsed by Wellington, May 12.
Napoleon enters Vienna, May 13.
Battle of Asperu,—Napoleon defeated by the Archduke Charles, May 22.
Final deposition of Pope Pius VII. June 10.
Battle of Wagram, July 6.—Armistice signed by Francis II., July 12.
Battle of Talavera,—Marshal Victor defeated by Sir A. Wellesley, July 28.
Peace of Vienna, Oct. 14.—Demolition of the ramparts, Oct. 17.

1810 Rapid march of Albuquerque, which saves Cadiz, Feb. 3.
Marriage of Napoleon to Maria Louisa, Apr. 2.
Confederation of Venezuela in South America, Apr. 19.
Fall of Lerida,—cruel attack upon the people by Suchet, May 14.
Abdication of the crown of Holland by Louis Bonaparte, July 3.
Ciudad Rodrigo surrenders with 4,000 men to the French, July 10.
Marshal Bernadotte elected crown prince of Sweden, Aug. 21.
Almeida surrenders to Marshal Massena, Aug. 27.
Battle of Busaco,—Massena repulsed by Lord Wellington, Sept. 27.
Lord Wellington gains the lines of Torres Vedras, Oct. 9.
Junction of the Marquis de Romana with Lord Wellington, Oct. 20.
The Hans Towns and Westphalia annexed to France, Dec. 13.

1811 Siege and fall of Tortosa to Marshal Suchet, Jan. 1.
Battle of Barossa,—Victor defeated by General Graham, Mar. 6.
Retreat of Massena from Santarem, March 8.
Badajoz surrendered by Imaz to the French, March 10.
Birth of the King of Rome, March 20.
Battle of Fuentes d'Onore between Massena and Wellington, May 5.
Evacuation of, and retreat from Almeida by Massena, May 10.
Battle of Albuera,—Soult defeated by Marshal Beresford, May 16.
Tarragona surrendered by Contreras to Marshal Suchet, June 29.
Marshal Suchet repulsed at Murviedro, Oct. 18.
Battle of Saguntum,—Blake defeated by Suchet, Oct. 25.
Surprise of Gerard by General Hill at Aroyo de Molinos, Oct. 28.

1812 Siege and fall of Valencia to Marshal Suchet, Jan. 9.
Ciudad Rodrigo taken by storm by Lord Wellington, Jan. 19.
Alliance between France and Prussia, Feb. 24.—France and Austria, Mar. 6.
Great Britain, Russia, and Sweden allied against France, Apr. 5. [14.
Badajoz taken by storm by Lord Wellington, Apr. 6.
General Hill takes Almaraz by assault, May 19.
Napoleon crosses the Niemen, June 23.—The Moscow campaign.
Peace of Bucharest, between Russia and Turkey, July 14.
Battle of Salamanca, July 22; Lord Wellington enters Madrid, Aug. 12.
Battle of Smolensko, Aug. 17; of Valentina, Aug. 19; of Borodino, Sept. 7.
Moscow burnt, Sept. 19.—Retreat of Napoleon, Oct. 19.
Passage of the Beresina, Nov. 26—28.—Napoleon arrives in Paris, Dec. 18.

1813 Treaty of Kalisch,—Russia and Prussia against France, Feb. 28.
Co-operation of Bernadotte with the allies, Mar. 3.
Battle of Lutzen, May 2, and of Bautzen by Napoleon, May 20, 21.
Armistice of Pleschwitz for six weeks, June 4.
Battle of Vittoria by Wellington, and fight of King Joseph, June 21.
Manifesto against Napoleon by the Emperor Francis, Aug. 12.
Battle of the Katzbach,—Macdonald defeated by Blucher, Aug. 26.
Battle of Dresden,—Moreau mortally wounded, Aug. 27.
St. Sebastian taken by storm by Lord Wellington, Aug. 31.
Battle of Dennewitz,—Ney defeated by Bernadotte, Oct. 8.
Battle of Leipsic, Oct. 16, 18, 19.—Napoleon in Paris, Nov. 9. [Dec. 1.
Defection of Bavaria, Nov. 12.—Allies at Frankfort; revolution in Holland

1814 Battle of Brienne,—defeat and retreat of Napoleon, Feb. 1.
Congress at Chatillon, Feb. 4—Mar. 18.—Armistice of Lusigny, Feb. 24.
Battle of Orthes,—Soult defeated by Lord Wellington, Feb. 25.
Treaty of Chaumont, Mar. 1—Capitulation of Soissons, Mar. 3.
Battle of Craon,—Napoleon gains upon Blucher, Mar. 7.
Battle of Laon,—Napoleon defeated by Blucher, Mar. 10.
Napoleon falls in the rear at St. Dizier, Mar. 22.
The Allies enter Paris; Napoleon retires to Fontainebleau, Mar. 31.
Battle of Toulouse,—Soult defeated by Lord Wellington, Apr. 10.
Abdication of Napoleon at Fontainebleau, Apr. 11.
Louis XVIII. enters Paris, May 3.—Napoleon lands at Elba, May 4.
Peace of Paris, May 30.—Congress assembles at Vienna, Oct. 2.

1815 Napoleon lands at Frejus from Elba, March 1.
Louis XVIII. withdraws, Mar. 19.—Napoleon enters Paris, Mar. 21.
Murat defeated by the Austrians at the Po, Apr. 9.
Napoleon leaves Paris for his army, June 13.
Battle of Ligny,—Blucher retreats to Wavre. Action at Quatre-Bras,—Duke of Brunswick killed, June 16.
Battle of Waterloo,—Overthrow of Napoleon, June 18.
The Duke of Wellington and Louis XVIII. enter Paris, July 6, 8.
Napoleon surrenders to Captain Maitland on board the Bellerophon, July 15; lands at St. Helena, Oct. 15.

*** The Events in the above Table are chiefly continental, the corresponding years in the previous Tables, relating principally to Great Britain. But they do not always separate distinctly into these divisions, and sometimes they may be placed either way.

F I N I S.

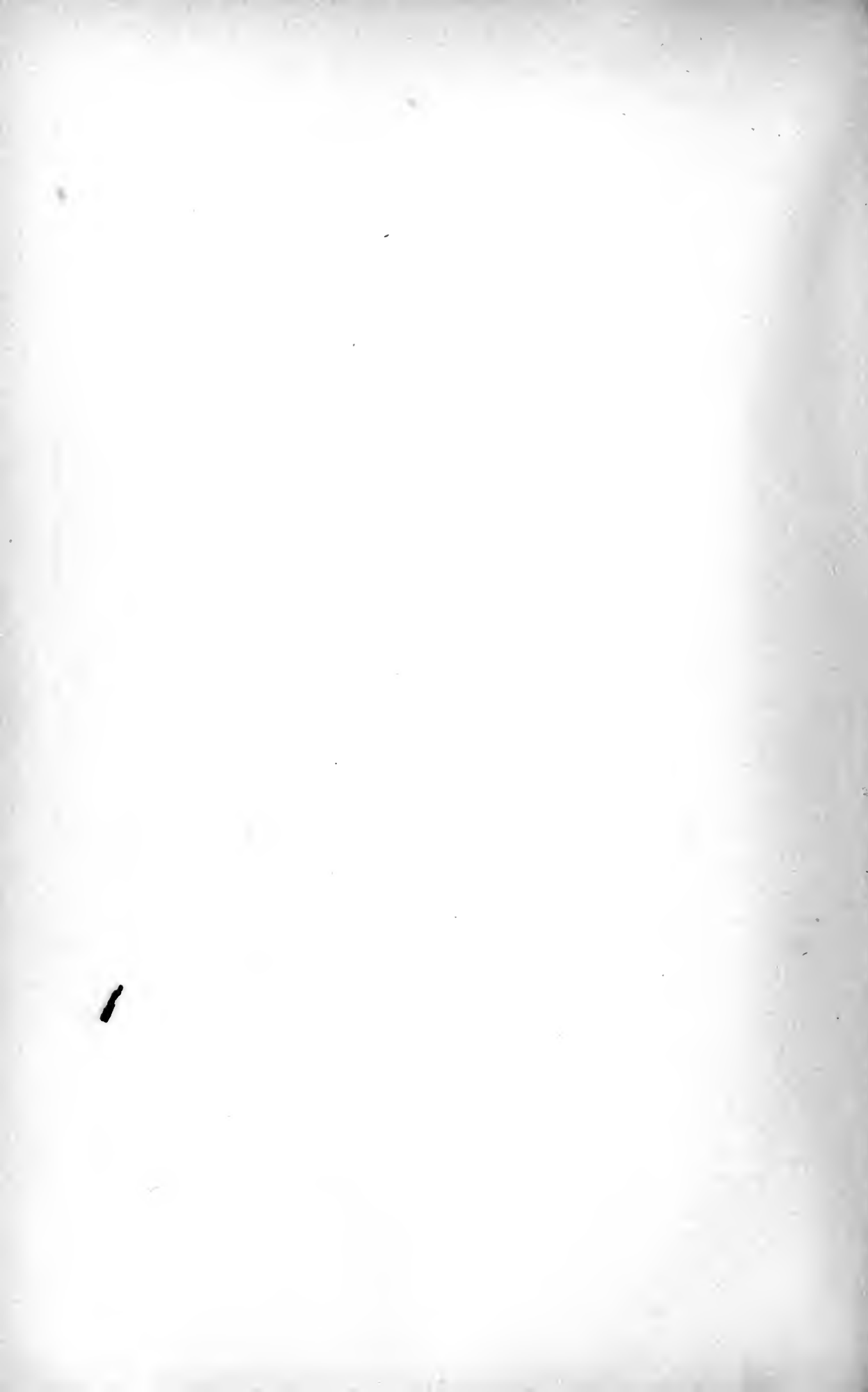
TABLE 60.—PARALLEL YEARS TO THE DECLINE OF THE OLYMPIADS—is placed between B.C. 50—1 and A. D. 1—50

ALPHABETICAL TABLES.

I.—EMPERORS—KINGS—POPES

II.—MEN OF EMINENCE

III.—HISTORICAL EVENTS.



ALPHABETICAL TABLES

I.

EMPERORS — KINGS — POPES

N ^o	B. C.	N ^o	B. C.	N ^o	A. D.	
4 Abijah king of Judah	— 939	13 Amyntas II. king of Macedon	— 395	37 Abderahman II. king of Cordova	822	
3 Acastus perpetual archon	— 1025	7 Anaxander king of Sparta	— 675	39 Abderahman III.	— 912	
15 Achæan League, years of	— 230	9 Anaxandrides king of Sparta	— 560	41 Abderahman IV.	— 1017	
15 Achæan League—Prætors	— 255	7 Anaxidamus king of Sparta	— 686	41 Abderahman V.	— 1023	
.. The names of the 29 Prætors, now extant, could not be comprised within the Chronological columns. Their positions, corresponding with the dates below, are marked in Tables 15, 16, 17, 18, by the letter P. or P ^r .						
15 ——— Marcus, Prætor	— 255	14 Antigonus king of Asia	— 318	56 Abdul Ahmed emperor of Turkey	1774	
16 ——— Aratus, Prætor	— 243	15 Antigonus I. Gonatus king of Macedon	— 277	35 Abdulasir emir in Spain	— 714	
16 ——— Timoxenus, Prætor	— 221	16 Antigonus II. Doston	— 229	57 Abdul Medjid emperor of Turkey	1839	
16 ——— Aratus, Prætor	— 220	15 Antiochus I. Soter king of Syria	— 280	43 Abdulmunnen, dynasty of the Almohades	— 1149	
16 ——— Aratus, jun., Prætor	— 219	15 Antiochus II. Theus	— 261	45 Abdulwahid, dynasty of the Almohades	— 1223	
16 ——— Eperatus, Prætor	— 218	16 Antiochus III. Magnus	— 223	45 Abel king of Denmark	— 1250	
16 ——— Aratus, Prætor	— 217	17 Antiochus IV. Epiphanes	— 175	56 Abul Fattch Khan, Shah of Persia	— 1779	
16 ——— Timoxenus, Prætor	— 216	17 Antiochus V. Eupator	— 164	34 Absimerus emperor of the East	698	
16 ——— Cycliadas, Prætor	— 208	18 Antiochus VII. Sidetes	— 137	50 Abu Abdalla king of Granada	— 1484	
16 ——— Nicias, Prætor	— 207	18 Antiochus VIII. Cyzicenus	— 112	45 Abu Ali, dynasty of the Almohades	— 1225	
16 ——— Lycippus, Prætor	— 202	19 Antiochus IX. Asiaticus	— 69	33 Abubeker, Caliph	— 632	
16 ——— Philopœmen, Prætor	— 201	15 Antipater king of Macedon	— 297	35 Abul Abbas, Caliph	— 750	
17 ——— Cycliadas, Prætor	— 200	9 Apries king of Egypt	— 594	50 Abul Hassan king of Granada	— 1466	
17 ——— Aristænus, Prætor	— 198	6 Apsander decennial archon	— 702	35 Abulkatur emir in Spain	— 743	
17 ——— Aristænus, Prætor	— 195	11 Archæanactidæ kings of Bosphorus	— 480	48 Abu Said king of Granada	— 1360	
17 ——— Philopœmen, Prætor	— 192	4 Archelaus king of Sparta	— 862	33 Adawald king of the Lombards	615	
17 ——— Diophanes, Prætor	— 191	12 Archelaus king of Macedon	— 413	32 Adda king of Bernicia	— 560	
17 ——— Philopœmen, Prætor	— 189	20 Archelaus king of Cappadocia	— 36	34 Adelwald king of Bernicia	— 651	
17 ——— Philopœmen, Prætor	— 188	6 Archianus king of Babylon	— 709	34 Adœdatus, Pope	— 672	
17 ——— Aristænus, Prætor	— 185	8 Archidamus I. king of Sparta	— 648	55 Adil, Shah of Persia	— 1747	
17 ——— Philopœmen, Prætor	— 183	11 Archidamus II.	— 469	46 Adolphus of Nassau, emperor of Germany	— 1292	
17 ——— Lycortas, Prætor	— 182	13 Archidamus III.	— 361	56 Adolphus Frederic king of Sweden	— 1751	
17 ——— Xenarchus, Prætor	— 174	15 Archidamus IV.	— 295	36 Adrian I. Pope	— 772	
17 ——— Archon, Prætor	— 172	16 Archidamus V.	— 230	38 Adrian II.	— 867	
18 ——— Menalcidas, Prætor	— 150	4 Archippus perpetual archon	— 989	38 Adrian III.	— 884	
18 ——— Diaeus, Prætor	— 149	7 Archys king of Lydia	— 678	44 Adrian IV.	— 1154	
18 ——— Damocritus, Prætor	— 148	14 Areus I. king of Sparta	— 309	46 Adrian V.	— 1276	
18 ——— Diaus, Prætor	— 147	15 Areus II.	— 264	51 Adrian VI.	— 1522	
18 ——— Critolaus, Prætor	— 146	7 Argæus king of Macedon	— 678	26 Æmilian Roman emperor	— 253	
13 Acoris king of Egypt	— 389	15 Ariamnes II. king of Cappadocia	— 284	56 Aga Mahomed Khan, Shah of Persia	— 1795	
13 Acrotatus king of Sparta	— 265	16 Ariarthes III. king of Cappadocia	— 248	31 Agapetus I. Bishop of Rome	— 535	
18 Adherbal king of Numidia	— 118	16 Ariarthes IV.	— 220	39 Agapetus II. Pope	— 946	
7 Adrameles king of Assyria	— 691	17 Ariarthes V.	— 162	34 Agathon, Pope	— 678	
8 Æropus I. king of Macedonia	— 602	18 Ariarthes VI.	— 130	31 Agila king of the Visigoths	— 550	
13 Æropus II.	— 399	20 Ariarthes VII.	— 42	32 Agilulph king of the Lombards	— 591	
5 Æschylus perpetual archon	— 777	15 Ariobarzanes III. king of Pontus	— 266	53 Ahmed I. emperor of Turkey	— 1603	
5 Agamestor perpetual archon	— 794	19 Ariobarzanes I. king of Cappadocia	— 93	54 Ahmed II.	— 1691	
14 Agathocles tyrant of Syracuse	— 317	4 Aripbron perpetual archon	— 841	55 Ahmed III.	— 1703	
4 Agelas I. king of Corinth	— 996	19 Aristobulus I. king of the Jews	— 107	47 Aimon the Peacemaker, count of Savoy	— 1529	
4 Agelas II.	— 889	18 Aristobulus II.	— 66	45 Aladel, dynasty of the Almohades	— 1223	
5 Agenor king of Corinth	— 799	9 Aristodemus king of Corinth	— 834	28 Alaric I. king of the Visigoths	— 398	
8 Agesicles king of Sparta	— 604	4 Ariston king of Sparta	— 560	30 Alaric II.	— 484	
4 Agesilaus I. king of Sparta	— 899	16 Arsaces I. king of Parthia	— 250	46 Albert I. of Austria emperor of Germany	— 1298	
13 Agesilaus II.	— 398	16 Arsaces II.	— 248	49 Albert II, the Grave	— 1438	
13 Agesipolis I. king of Sparta	— 394	16 Arsaces III.	— 211	49 Albert king of Hungary and Bohemia	— 1437	
13 Agesipolis II.	— 371	14 Arses king of Persia	— 338	48 Albert king of Sweden	— 1365	
16 Agesipolis III.	— 219	11 Artabanus king of Persia	— 464	32 Alboin king of the Lombards	— 568	
4 Agis I. king of Sparta	— 1009	18 Artabanus king of Parthia	— 128	41 Alcaassim king of Cordova	— 1018	
12 Agis II.	— 427	11 Artaxerxes Longimanus king of Persia	— 465	34 Aldulf king of East Anglia	— 664	
14 Agis III.	— 338	4 Asa king of Judah	— 956	25 Alexander Severus Roman emperor	— 222	
16 Agis IV.	— 244	7 Asaradinus king of Babylon	— 680	39 Alexander emperor of the East	— 911	
4 Ahab king of Israel	— 917	7 Asordanes king of Assyria	— 693	43 Alexander I. king of Scotland	— 1107	
6 Ahaz king of Judah	— 741	7 Asordanes king of Babylon	— 699	45 Alexander II.	— 1214	
4 Ahaziah king of Israel	— 897	9 Astyages king of Media	— 594	45 Alexander III.	— 1249	
5 Alcamenes king of Sparta	— 779	4 Athaliah king of Judah	— 883	23 Alexander I. Bishop of Rome	— 109	
9 Alcetas king of Macedonia	— 576	16 Attalus I. king of Pergamus	— 241	42 Alexander II. Pope	— 1061	
5 Alcmon perpetual archon	— 754	17 Attalus II.	— 159	44 Alexander III.	— 1159	
11 Aletes king of Corinth	— 1074	18 Attalus III.	— 138	46 Alexander IV.	— 1254	
3 Alexander king of Corinth	— 783	6 Automenes king of Corinth	— 746	49 Alexander V.	— 1409	
11 Alexander I. king of Macedonia	— 509	7 Axerdis king of Assyria	— 670	50 Alexander VI.	— 1492	
13 Alexander II.	— 369	A. D.			54 Alexander VII.	— 1655
14 Alexander III. the Great	— 336	41 Aba king of Hungary	— 1041	54 Alexander VIII.	— 1689	
15 Alexander IV.	— 297	52 Abbas I. the Great, Shah of Persia	— 1582	57 Alexander emperor of Russia	— 1801	
18 Alexander I. king of Egypt	— 107	53 Abbas II.	— 1641	42 Alexius I. Comnenus emperor of the East	— 1081	
19 Alexander II.	— 81	55 Abbas III.	— 1732	44 Alexius II.	— 1180	
18 Alexander Bala, king of Syria	— 150	38 Abdalla king of Cordova	— 888			
18 Alexander Jannæus, High Priest	— 105	50 Abdalla el Zagel king of Granada	— 1485			
8 Alyattes king of Lydia	— 617	34 Abdelmelic, Caliph	— 685			
9 Amasis king of Egypt	— 569	35 Abdelmelic emir in Spain	— 732			
4 Amaziah king of Judah	— 837	35 Abderahman emir in Spain	— 721			
8 Amos king of Judah	— 642	36 Abderahman I. king of Cordova	— 755			
10 Amyntas I. king of Macedonia	— 540					

ALPHABETICAL TABLES

I.

EMPERORS — KINGS — POPES

No	A. D.	No	A. D.	No	A. D.
26	Cains Bishop of Rome — 283	55	Charles Emmanuel III. king of Sardinia — 1730	34	Clotaire III. king of Neustria — 636
21	Caligula, Roman emperor — 37	56	Charles Emmanuel IV. — 1796	30	Clovis I. king of France — 481
25	Calixtus I. Bi-hop of Rome — 219	57	Charles Felix — 1821	23	Clovis II. king of Burgundy and Neustria — 638
43	Calixtus II. Pope — 1119	57	Charles Albert — 1831	34	Clovis III. — 691
50	Calixtus III. — 1455	47	Charles I. le Bel, king of Navarre — 1322	42	Coloman king of Hungary — 1035
32	Callinicus exarch of Ravenna — 597	47	Charles II. the Bad — 1349	24	Commodus, Roman emperor — 180
41	Canute king of England — 1016	48	Charles III. the Noble — 1387	34	Conon, Pope — 686
41	Canute II. king of Denmark — 1014	51	Charles I. king of Spain — 1516	39	Conrad I. king of Germany — 911
41	Canute III. — 1036	54	Charles II. — 1665	41	Conrad II. the Salique, emperor of Germany — 1024
42	Canute IV. — 1080	56	Charles III. — 1759	43	Conrad III. — 1138
43	Canute V. — 1147	56	Charles IV. — 1788	45	Conrad IV. — 1250
44	Canute VI. the Pious — 1182	53	Charles I. king of England — 1625	42	Conrad I. duke of Bohemia — 1092
44	Canute king of Sweden — 1168	54	Charles II. — 1660	44	Conrad II. — 1190
25	Caracalla, Roman emperor — 211	44	Charles VII. king of Sweden — 1162	39	Conrad the Pacific, king of Burgundy — 937
31	Carlaric king of the Suevi — 550	49	Charles VIII. — 1448	45	Conrad I. king of Sicily — 1250
36	Carloman I king of France — 868	53	Charles IX. — 1604	46	Conrad II. — 1254
38	Carloman II. — 879	53	Charles X. Gustavus — 1634	44	Conrad king of Jerusalem — 1192
35	Carloman and Pepin, dukes of Austrasia — 741	54	Charles XI. — 1660	27	Constans I. Roman emperor — 337
41	Casimir I. the Pacific, duke of Poland — 1041	54	Charles XII. — 1697	33	Constans II. emperor of the East — 641
44	Casimir II. the Just — 1177	57	Charles XIII. — 1809	27	Constantius I. Roman emperor — 305
47	Casimir III. the Great, king — 1333	57	Charles John XIV. — 1818	27	Constantius II. Roman emperor — 337
49	Casimir IV. — 1445	46	Charles I. of Anjou king of Sicily — 1256	27	Constantine I. the Great, Roman emperor — 306
50	Catherine d'Albret queen of Navarre — 1483	48	Charles III. of Durazzo — 1382	27	Constantine II. — 337
55	Catherine I. empress of Russia — 1725	55	Charles IV. — 1735	33	Constantine III. emperor of the East — 641
56	Catherine II. — 1762	57	Charles Louis king of Etruria — 1803	34	Constantine IV. Pogonatus — 668
34	Ceadwal king of Wessex — 685	46	Charobert king of Ilungary — 1300	35	Constantine V. Copronymus — 741
32	Ceawlin king of Wessex — 560	31	Childebert I. king of Paris — 511	36	Constantine VI. — 780
29	Celestine I. Bishop of Rome — 422	32	Childebert II. king of Metz — 575	39	Constantine VII. Porphyrogenitus — 911
43	Celestine II. — 1143	34	Childebert III. king of Neustria — 695	39	Constantine VIII. — 919
44	Celestine III. — 1191	30	Childeric I. king of the Franks — 453	40	Constantine IX. — 9 9
45	Celestine IV. — 1241	34	Childeric II. king of Austrasia — 660	41	Constantine X. Monomachus — 1042
46	Celestine V. — 1294	35	Childeric III. king of Neustria — 742	42	Constantine XI. Ducaus — 1059
37	Cenelm king of Mercia — 819	32	Chilperic king of Burgundy — 466	42	Constantine XII. — 1071
35	Cenred king of Mercia — 704	32	Chilperic I. king of Soissons — 561	49	Constantine XIII. Paleologus — 1448
35	Cenred king of Northumbria — 716	35	Chilperic II. king of Neustria — 715	38	Constantine II. king of Scotland — 863
34	Centwin king of Wessex — 676	33	Chindaswind king of the Visigoths — 641	39	Constantine III. — 904
36	Cenulf king of Mercia — 794	49	Christian I. king of Denmark — 1418	40	Constantine IV. — 994
33	Cenwal king of Wessex — 643	51	Christian II. — 1513	35	Constantine, Pope — 708
35	Ceolred king of Mercia — 709	52	Christian III. — 1534	36	Cornelius, Bishop of Rome — 251
32	Ceolric king of Wessex — 591	52	Christian IV. — 1588	32	Crida king of Mercia — 586
32	Ceolwulf king of Wessex — 597	54	Christian V. — 1670	40	Culen king of Scotland — 965
35	Ceolwulf king of Northumbria — 729	55	Christian VI. — 1730	34	Cunibert king of the Lombards — 686
37	Ceolwulf I. king of Mercia — 819	56	Christian VII. — 1766	35	Cuthred king of Wessex — 740
38	Ceolwulf II. — 874	57	Christian VIII. — 1839	36	Cuthred king of Kent — 796
33	Ceorl king of Mercia — 615	39	Christina queen of Sweden — 1633	33	Cynegils king of Wessex — 611
31	Cerdic king of Wessex — 519	46	Christopher emperor of the East — 928	36	Cyneulf king of Wessex — 755
32	Charibert I. king of Paris — 561	47	Christopher I. king of Denmark — 1252	31	Cynric king of Wessex — 534
33	Charibert II. king of France — 630	47	Christopher II. — 1320		
35	Charles Martel duke of Austrasia — 715	49	Christopher III. king of Denmark and Sweden — 1440		B. C.
36	Charlemagne emperor of the West — 800	39	Christopher, Pope — 903	3	David king of Israel — 1056
38	Charles II. the Bald — 875	31	Cissa king of Sussex — 514	10	Darius Hystaspes king of Persia — 521
38	Charles III. le Gros — 881	32	Clappa king of Bervicia — 567	12	Darius Nothus — 424
47	Charles IV. of Luxemburg emperor of Germany — 1347	21	Claudius, Roman emperor — 41	14	Dartus Codomanus — 336
51	Charles V. of Spain — 1519	26	Claudius II. — 268	6	Deioeces king of Media — 709
54	Charles VI. — 1711	22	Clement I. Bishop of Rome — 91	10	Demaratus king of Sparta — 526
55	Charles VII. of Bavaria — 1742	41	Clement II. Pope — 1046	15	Demetrius Poliorcetes king of Asia — 300
47	Charles king of Bohemia — 1346	44	Clement III. — 1187	15	Demetrius Poliorcetes king of Macedonia — 294
33	Charles king of Provence — 855	46	Clement IV. — 1265	16	Demetrius king of Macedon — 239
36	Charlemagne king of France — 768	47	Clement V. — 1305	17	Demetrius Soter king of Syria — 162
37	Charles II. the Bald — 840	47	Clement VI. — 1342	18	Demetrius Nicator — 146
38	Charles III. the Simple — 893	51	Clement VII. — 1523	4	Dionetes, perpetual archon — 883
47	Charles IV. le Bel — 1322	52	Clement VIII. — 1592	13	Dion tyrant of Syracuse — 356
48	Charles V. the Wise — 1364	54	Clement IX. — 1667	12	Dionysius tyrant of Syracuse — 406
48	Charles VI. the Beloved — 1380	54	Clement X. — 1670	13	Dionysius the younger — 367
49	Charles VII. the Victorious — 1422	54	Clement XI. — 1700	4	Doryssus king of Sparta — 923
50	Charles VIII. — 1483	54	Clement XII. — 1730		
52	Charles IX. the Bloody — 1560	56	Clement XIII. — 1758		
57	Charles X. — 1824	56	Clement XIV. — 1769		A. D.
50	Charles I. the Warrior, duke of Savoy — 1482	32	Cleoph king of the Lombards — 573	33	Dagobert I. king of France — 628
50	Charles II. — 1489	29	Clodion king of the Franks — 427	34	Dagobert II. king of Austrasia — 674
51	Charles III. the Good — 1504	21	Clodomir king of Orleans — 511	35	Dagobert III. king of Neustria — 711
52	Charles Emmanuel I. duke of Savoy — 1580	32	Clotaire king of France — 558	28	Damasus I. Bishop of Rome — 366
53	Charles Emmanuel II. — 1638	33	Clotaire II. — 613	41	Damasus II. Pope — 1048
		31	Clotaire I. king of Soissons — 511	43	David I. king of Scotland — 1124
		32	Clotaire II. — 584		

ALPHABETICAL TABLES

I.

EMPERORS — KINGS — POPES

Nº	A. D.	Nº	B. C.	Nº	A. D.		
22	Galba Roman emperor	—	68	43	Honorius II. Pope	—	1124
27	Galerius Roman emperor	—	305	45	Honorius III.	—	1216
26	Gallienus Roman emperor	—	254	46	Honorius IV.	—	1285
26	Gallus Roman emperor	—	251	26	Hoormuz I. king of Persia	—	271
39	Garcia king of Oviedo	—	910	27	Hoormuz II.	—	303
39	Garcia I. king of Navarre	—	926	30	Hoormuz III.	—	456
40	Garcia II.	—	994	32	Hoormuz IV.	—	579
41	Garcia III.	—	1035	31	Hormisdas Bishop of Rome	—	514
43	Garcia IV. Ramirez	—	1134	39	Hugh king of Italy	—	926
41	Gehwar ben Mahomed king of Cordova	—	1031	40	Hugh Capet king of France	—	987
42	Geisa I. king of Hungary	—	1075	41	Humbert I. White Hand, count of Maurienne	—	1027
43	Geisa II.	—	1141	42	Humbert II. le Renforcè	—	1072
30	Gelasius I. Bishop of Rome	—	492	43	Humbert III. the Saint, count of Savoy	—	1148
43	Gelasius II. Pope	—	1118	42	Humphrey count of Apulia	—	1051
31	Gelimer king of the Vandals	—	530	30	Hunderic king of the Vandals	—	477
29	Generic king of the Vandals	—	429	53	Hussein emperor of Turkey	—	1694
53	George William duke of Prussia	—	1619	23	Hyginus Bishop of Rome	—	139
50	George Podiebrad king of Bohemia	—	1458			B. C.	
55	George I. king of Great Britain	—	1714	9	Iivarodamus king of Babylon	—	561
55	George II.	—	1727	3	Ixion king of Corinth	—	1034
56	George III.	—	1760			A. D.	
57	George IV.	—	1820	35	Ibrahim, Caliph	—	744
57	George William II. king of Hanover	—	1814	53	Ibrahim emperor of Turkey	—	1640
57	George Augustus II. king of Hanover	—	1820	31	Ida king of Bernicia	—	547
31	Gesalric king of the Visigoths	—	507	34	Ina king of Wessex	—	688
25	Geta Roman emperor	—	211	40	Indulf king of Scotland	—	953
30	Glycerius emperor of the West	—	473	38	Ingwar the Dane, king of Bernicia	—	867
42	Godfrey of Bouillon king of Jerusalem	—	1099	42	Ingo I. the Good, king of Sweden	—	1090
30	Gondebaud king of the Burgundians	—	491	43	Ingo II.	—	1118
31	Gondemar king of the Burgundians	—	523	29	Innocent I. Bishop of Rome	—	402
33	Gondemar king of the Visigoths	—	610	43	Innocent II. Pope	—	1130
34	Gondibert king of the Lombards	—	661	44	Innocent III.	—	1198
32	Gontran king of Orleans	—	561	45	Innocent IV.	—	1243
25	Gordians, Two,—Roman emperors	—	237	46	Innocent V.	—	1276
25	Gordian, jun., Roman emperor	—	238	48	Innocent VI.	—	1352
38	Gorm the Old, king of Denmark	—	883	49	Innocent VII.	—	1404
31	Gortazes king of Parthia	—	47	50	Innocent VIII.	—	1484
28	Gratian Roman Emperor	—	370	52	Innocent IX.	—	1591
34	Gregory exarch of Ravenna	—	666	53	Innocent X.	—	1644
32	Gregory I. the Great, Pope	—	590	54	Innocent XI.	—	1676
35	Gregory II.	—	715	54	Innocent XII.	—	1691
35	Gregory III.	—	731	55	Innocent XIII.	—	1721
37	Gregory IV.	—	827	36	Irene empress of the East	—	780
40	Gregory V.	—	996	33	Isaac exarch of Ravenna	—	619
41	Gregory VI.	—	1044	42	Isaac I. Comnenus, emperor of the East	—	1057
42	Gregory VII. Hildebrand	—	1073	44	Isaac II. Angelus	—	1185
44	Gregory VIII.	—	1187	50	Isabella I. queen of Castile	—	1474
45	Gregory IX.	—	1227	57	Isabella II. queen of Spain	—	1833
46	Gregory X.	—	1271	47	Ismail I. king of Granada	—	1313
48	Gregory XI.	—	1370	48	Ismail II.	—	1359
49	Gregory XII.	—	1406	51	Ismail I. Shah of Persia	—	1502
52	Gregory XIII.	—	1572	52	Ismail II. Meerza	—	1576
52	Gregory XIV.	—	1590	51	Ivan IV. Czar of Russia	—	1533
53	Gregory XV.	—	1621	54	Ivan V.	—	1682
57	Gregory XVI.	—	1831	55	Ivan VI.	—	1740
34	Grimoald king of the Lombards	—	662			B. C.	
30	Gundamund king of the Vandals	—	484	17	Jason High Priest	—	175
29	Gunderic king of the Vandals	—	406	4	Jehoahaz king of Israel	—	855
29	Gunderic king of the Burgundians	—	436	8	Jehoahaz king of Judah	—	609
29	Gundicar king of the Burgundians	—	413	4	Jehoash king of Israel	—	839
51	Gustavus I. Vasa king of Sweden	—	1523	8	Jehoiakim king of Judah	—	609
56	Gustavus II. Adolphus	—	1611	9	Jehoiakin king of Judah	—	598
56	Gustavus III.	—	1771	4	Jehoram king of Judah	—	891
56	Gustavus IV.	—	1792	4	Jehoshaphat king of Judah	—	915
38	Guthred the Dane, king of Deira	—	878	4	Jehu king of Israel	—	883
38	Guthrum the Dane, king of England	—	870	4	Jeroboam I. king of Israel	—	976
38	Guy king of Italy	—	889	4	Jeroboam II.	—	823
38	— crowned emperor	—	891	10	Jeshua High Priest	—	536
44	Guy de Lusignan king of Jerusalem	—	1186	4	Joah king of Judah	—	877
				11	Joachim High Priest	—	480
				12	Joiada High Priest	—	441
				13	Jonathan I. High Priest	—	397
				17	Jonathan II.	—	152
				4	Joram king of Israel	—	895
6	Hagisa king of Babylon	—	703				
20	Herod king of Judea	—	40				
6	Hezekiah king of Judah	—	726				
11	Hiero I. tyrant of Syracuse	—	478				
15	Hiero II. king of Syracuse	—	270				
16	Hieronymus king of Syracuse	—	216				
13	Hipparinus tyrant of Syracuse	—	352				
3	Hippothus the Heraclid	—	1104				
6	Hippomenes decennial archon	—	722				
6	Hoshea king of Israel	—	729				
18	Hyrcanus I. High Priest	—	135				
19	Hyrcanus II. High Priest	—	78				
		—	A. D.				
36	Hadi, Caliph	—	784				
23	Hadrian Roman Emperor	—	117				
42	Halstan king of Sweden	—	1066				
37	Harald I. king of Denmark	—	813				
39	Harald II. Blue Tooth	—	935				
42	Harald III. the Simple	—	1077				
41	Hardicanute king of England	—	1040				
41	Harold I. Harefoot king of England	—	1035				
42	Harold II.	—	1066				
36	Haroun al Raschid, Caliph	—	786				
34	Hasan, Caliph	—	661				
34	Hashem, Caliph	—	724				
37	Hashem I. king of Cordova	—	788				
40	Hashem II.	—	976				
41	Hashem III.	—	1026				
48	Hedwig queen of Poland	—	1385				
30	Hengist king of Kent	—	455				
45	Henry Latin emperor	—	1206				
39	Henry I. the Fowler, king of Germany	—	918				
41	Henry II. the lame, emperor of Germany	—	1002				
41	Henry III. the Black	—	1039				
42	Henry IV.	—	1056				
43	Henry V.	—	1106				
44	Henry VI. Asper	—	1190				
47	Henry VII. of Luxemburg	—	1308				
44	Henry Bretislav duke of Bohemia	—	1193				
47	Henry king of Bohemia	—	1306				
52	Henry of Valois king of Poland	—	1574				
41	Henry I. king of France	—	1031				
51	Henry II.	—	1547				
52	Henry III.	—	1572				
52	Henry IV. the Great	—	1589				
46	Henry I. Crassus king of Navarre	—	1270				
51	Henry II. king of Lower Navarre	—	1516				
52	Henry III.	—	1574				
45	Henry I. king of Castile	—	1214				
48	Henry II. the Bastard	—	1368				
48	Henry III.	—	1390				
50	Henry IV. the Impotent	—	1454				
42	Henry of Burgundy, count of Portugal	—	1094				
52	Henry the Cardinal, king of Portugal	—	1578				
42	Henry I. king of England	—	1100				
44	Henry II.	—	1154				
45	Henry III.	—	1216				
48	Henry IV.	—	1399				
49	Henry V.	—	1413				
49	Henry VI.	—	1422				
50	Henry VII.	—	1485				
51	Henry VIII.	—	1509				
44	Henry king of Sicily	—	1194				
44	Henry king of Jerusalem	—	1192				
32	Headwulf king of Bernicia	—	572				
33	Heraclius emperor of the East	—	610				
29	Hermenric king of the Suevi	—	409				
30	Hermisdas king of the Huns	—	453				
30	Hilary Bishop of Rome	—	461				
35	Hildebrand king of the Lombards	—	744				
31	Hilderic king of the Vandals	—	523				
35	Hodaifa emir in Spain	—	728				
35	Hodeira emir in Spain	—	725				
28	Honorius emperor of the West	—	395				
33	Honorius I. Pope	—	625				

I.

ALPHABETICAL TABLES

EMPERORS — KINGS — POPES

N ^o	B. C.	N ^o	A. D.	N ^o	A. D.
8	Josiah king of Judah — 640	40	John XII. Pope — 956	30	Leo II. emperor of the East — 474
5	Jotham king of Judah — 756	40	John XIII. — 965	35	Leo III. the Isaurian — 718
17	Judas Maccabeus High Priest — 162	40	John XIV. — 983	36	Leo IV. — 775
6	Jugæus king of Babylon — 726	40	John XV. — 984	37	Leo V. the Armenian — 813
18	Jugurtha king of Numidia — 118	40	John XVI. — 985	38	Leo VI. the Philosopher — 886
		41	John XVII. — 1003	29	Leo I. the Great, Bishop of Rome — 440
	A. D.	41	John XVIII. — 1003	34	Leo II. Pope — 682
56	Jaffier Khan Shah of Persia — 1785	41	John XIX. — 1024	36	Leo III. — 795
45	James I. the Conqueror, king of Arragon — 1213	46	John XX. or XXI. — 1276	37	Leo IV. — 847
46	James II. the Just — 1291	49	John XXIII. — 1410	39	Leo V. — 903
49	James I. king of Scotland — 1406	55	Joseph I. emperor of Germany — 1705	39	Leo VI. — 928
49	James II. — 1437	56	Joseph II. — 1765	39	Leo VII. — 936
50	James III. — 1460	57	Joseph Napoleon king of Naples — 1806	40	Leo VIII. — 963
50	James IV. — 1488	57	Joseph Napoleon king of Spain — 1806	41	Leo IX. — 1048
51	James V. — 1513	55	Joseph king of Portugal — 1750	51	Leo X. — 1513
52	James VI. — 1567	49	Jossus emperor of Germany — 1410	53	Leo XI. — 1605
53	James I. king of England — 1603	28	Jovian Roman emperor — 363	57	Leo XII. — 1823
54	James II. — 1685	24	Julian I. Roman emperor — 193	34	Leontius emperor of the East — 695
46	James king of Sicily — 1285	23	Julian II. the Apostate — 361	54	Leopold I. emperor of Germany — 1658
41	Jaromir duke of Bohemia — 1002	27	Julius I. Bishop of Rome — 237	56	Leopold II. — 1790
57	Joachim Murat king of Naples — 1808	51	Julius II. Pope — 1503	57	Leopold of Saxe Coburg king of Belgium — 1831
46	Joanna I. queen of Navarre — 1274	51	Julius III. — 1550	32	Leovigild king of the Visigoths — 572
47	Joanna II. — 1328	30	Julius Nepos emperor of the West — 474	38	Lesko IV. duke of Poland — 892
47	Joanna I. queen of Naples — 1343	31	Justin I. the Thracian emperor of the East — 518	44	Lesko V. the White — 1194
49	Joanna II. of Bourbon — 1414	32	Justin II. — 565	46	Lesko VI. the Black — 1279
33	Johannes I. Lemigius exarch of Ravenna — 611	31	Justinian I. emperor of the East — 527	28	Liberius Bishop of Rome — 352
34	Johannes II. Platon — 687	31	Justinian I. emperor of the East — 685	22	Licinius Roman emperor — 307
35	Johannes III. Rizocopius — 710	34	Justinian II. — 685	27	Linus Bishop of Rome — 66
40	John Zimisces emperor of the East — 969			35	Liutprand king of the Lombards — 712
43	John Comnenus — 1118	39	Kaker, Caliph — 932	32	Liuva I. king of the Visigoths — 567
45	John Ducas Vataces — 1222	37	Kenneth II. Mac Alpine, king of Scotland — 843	33	Liuva II. — 601
46	John Lascaris — 1259	40	Kenneth III. — 970	32	Longinus exarch of Ravenna — 568
47	John Paleologus I. — 1341	40	Kenneth IV. the Grim — 995	56	Loof Ali Khan Shah of Persia — 1789
47	John Cantacuzene — 1347	23	Khosrou king of Parthia — 106	37	Lothaire I. emperor of the West — 840
49	John Paleologus II. — 1425	32	Khosrou Purvez king of Persia — 591	43	Lothaire II. the Saxon, emperor of Germany — 1125
47	John of Luxemburg king of Bohemia — 1310	30	Kobad king of Persia — 488	39	Lothaire king of Italy — 945
51	John Zapolski king of Hungary — 1526	56	Kureem Khan Shah of Persia — 1753	40	Lothaire king of France — 954
50	John I. Albert king of Poland — 1402			34	Lothar king of Kent — 673
53	John II. Casimir — 1648	9	Laborsoarchod king of Babylon — 556	37	Louis I. le Debonnaire, emperor of the West — 814
54	John III. Sobieski — 1674	4	Labotas king of Sparta — 954	38	Louis II. le Jenne — 855
53	John Sigismund duke of Prussia — 1618	6	Leocrates decennial archon — 712	37	Louis I. king of Germany — 843
47	John I. king of France — 1316	8	Leon king of Sparta — 603	38	Louis II. — 876
47	John II. the Good — 1350	11	Leonidas I. king of Sparta — 491	38	Louis III. — 899
48	John I. king of Arragon — 1387	15	Leonidas II. — 256	47	Louis IV. emperor of Germany — 1314
50	John II. — 1458	11	Leotyehides king of Sparta — 491	47	Louis I. the Great, king of Hungary — 1342
47	John I. king of Navarre — 1316	13	Leucon king of Bosphorus — 393	51	Louis II. — 1516
49	John II. — 1425	16	Lycurgus king of Sparta — 219	48	Louis king of Poland — 1370
50	John III. d'Albret — 1483	13	Lysimachus king of Thrace — 323	38	Louis the Blind king of Provence — 890
48	John I. king of Castile — 1379	14	Lysimachus king of Macedon — 287	38	Louis the Blind king of Italy — 900
49	John II. — 1406	15	Lysimachus king of Macedon — 287	39	Louis the crowned emperor — 901
48	John I. the Great, king of Portugal — 1383			37	Louis I. le Debonnaire king of France — 814
50	John II. the Perfect — 1481	42	Ladislas I. king of Hungary — 1077	38	Louis II. le Begue — 877
51	John III. — 1521	45	Ladislas II. — 1204	38	Louis III. — 879
53	John IV. — 1640	46	Ladislas III. — 1272	39	Louis IV. the Stranger — 926
55	John V. — 1706	49	Ladislas IV. — 1440	40	Louis V. le Fainéant — 986
57	John VI. — 1816	50	Ladislas V. — 1453	43	Louis VI. le Gros — 1108
44	John king of England — 1199	50	Ladislas VI. — 1490	43	Louis VII. le Jeune — 1137
46	John Baliol king of Scotland — 1292	43	Ladislas II. duke of Bohemia — 1109	45	Louis VIII. the Lion — 1223
50	John king of Denmark — 1481	43	Ladislas III. king of Bohemia — 1140	45	Louis IX. the Saint — 1226
45	John I. king of Sweden — 1220	44	Ladislas IV. duke — 1196	47	Louis X. Hutin — 1314
50	John II. — 1483	49	Ladislas V. king — 1440	50	Louis XI. — 1464
52	John III. — 1568	50	Ladislas VI. — 1471	50	Louis XII. of Orleans — 1498
45	John de Brienne king of Jerusalem — 1210	42	Ladislas II. the Careless, duke of Poland — 1081	53	Louis XIII. the Just — 1610
31	John I. Bishop of Rome — 523	43	Ladislas III. king of Poland — 1138	53	Louis XIV. le Grand — 1643
31	John II. — 533	46	Ladislas IV. the Short, duke — 1296	55	Louis XV. — 1715
32	John III. — 560	47	Ladislas IV. king — 1320	56	Louis XVI. — 1774
33	John IV. Pope — 640	48	Ladislas V. Jagello — 1385	57	Louis XVIII. — 1814
34	John V. — 685	49	Ladislas VI. — 1434	57	Louis Philippe — 1830
35	John VI. — 701	53	Ladislas VII. Vasa — 1632	47	Louis Hutin king of Navarre — 1305
35	John VII. — 705	46	Ladislas king of Sweden — 1279	55	Louis king of Spain — 1724
38	John VIII. — 872	48	Ladislas king of Naples — 1386	47	Louis king of Sicily — 1342
38	John IX. — 898	38	Lambert king of Italy — 894	57	Louis king of Etruria — 1801
39	John X. — 914	39	Lando, Pope — 913	57	Louis Napoleon king of Holland — 1806
39	John XI. — 931	30	Leo I. the Thracian emperor of the East — 457	50	Louis Charles king of Bavaria — 1825
				24	Lucius Verus Roman emperor — 161

ALPHABETICAL TABLES

I.

EMPERORS — KINGS — POPES

No	A. D.	No	A. D.	No	B. C.
26	Lucius I. Bishop of Rome — 252	24	Marcus Aurelius Roman emperor 161	16	Nabis tyrant of Sparta — 206
43	Lucius II. Pope — 1144	26	Marcus A. Carus Roman emperor 282	9	Nabonadius king of Babylon — 555
44	Lucius III. — 1181	48	Margaret queen of Denmark — 1387	6	Nabonassar king of Babylon — 747
37	Ludecan king of Mercia — 823		Sweden and Norway — 1387	8	Nabopolassar king of Babylon — 625
34	Luitpert king of the Lombards — 700	55	Maria Theresia queen of Hungary 1740	8	Nabuchodonosor king of Assyria — 650
42	Lulach king of Scotland — 1056	56	Maria Francesca queen of Portugal — 1777	4	Nadab king of Israel — 955
	B. C.	57	Maria da Gloria queen of Portugal 1826	6	Nadius king of Babylon — 733
16	Machanides tyrant of Sparta — 210	33	Martin I. Pope — 649	8	Nebuchadnezzar king of Babylon — 606
7	Manasseh king of Judah — 677	38	Martin II. — 882	18	Necho king of Egypt — 616
15	Manasses High Priest — 260	39	Martin III. — 942	13	Nectanebis I. king of Egypt — 375
6	Mardocepadus king of Babylon — 721	46	Martin IV. — 1281	13	Nectanebis II. — 361
16	Masinissa king of Numidia — 203	49	Martin V. — 1417	13	Nepheres king of Egypt — 395
3	Medon perpetual archon — 1145	34	Martin and Pepin dukes of Austrasia — 680	13	Nepherites king of Egypt — 375
14	Megacles perpetual archon — 916	48	Martin king of Arragon — 1395	7	Nergilus king of Assyria — 693
15	Melanthus king of Athens — 1104	48	Martin I. king of Sicily — 1391	9	Nericosolassar king of Babylon — 559
5	Meleager king of Macedon — 280	49	Martin II. senior — 1409	9	Neriglissar king of Babylon — 559
4	Menaheh king of Israel — 770	48	Mary queen of Hungary — 1382	4	Nicander king of Sparta — 802
17	Menelaus High Priest — 172	52	Mary queen of England — 1533	15	Nicomedes I. king of Bithynia — 278
7	Mesesimordachus king of Babylon 692	51	Mary queen of Scots — 1542	18	Nicomedes II. — 149
18	Micipsa king of Numidia — 148	51	Mary queen of Scots — 1542	19	Nicomedes III. — 91
16	Mithridates IV. king of Pontus 240	48	Mary queen of Sicily — 1377	8	Ninus king of Assyria — 630
17	Mithridates V. — 156	53	Matthias emperor of Germany — 1612		A. D.
18	Mithridates VI. — 120	50	Matthias king of Hungary — 1458	55	Nadir, Shah of Persia — 1736
17	Mithridates I. king of Parthia 164	36	Mauregat the Usurper king of Ovedo — 783	57	Napoleon emperor of France — 1804
18	Mithridates II. — 125	32	Maurice the Cappadocian emperor of the East — 582	32	Narses duke of Italy — 553
19	Mithridates III. — 61	53	Maurice prince of Orange — 1618	26	Narsi king of Persia — 293
	A. D.	27	Maxentius Roman emperor — 306	22	Nero Roman emperor — 54
41	Macbeth king of Scotland — 1039	26	Maximian Roman emperor — 286	27	Nerva Roman emperor — 96
25	Macrinus Roman emperor — 217	50	Maximilian I. emperor of Germany — 1493	33	Nephorus I. emperor of the East — 802
41	Magnus the Good, king of Denmark — 1042	52	Maximilian II. — 1564	40	Nicephorus II. Phocas — 963
46	Magnus I. king of Sweden — 1279	52	Maximilian Joseph king of Bavaria — 1805	42	Nicephorus III. — 1078
47	Magnus II. — 1320	25	Maximin I. Roman emperor — 235	57	Nicholas emperor of Russia — 1825
49	Mahomed I. Ottoman emperor 1413	27	Maximin II. — 308	43	Nicholas king of Denmark — 1105
50	Mahomed II. — 1451	30	Maximus emperor of the West — 455	38	Nicholas I. Pope — 857
53	Mahomed III. — 1595	27	Melchiades Bishop of Rome — 311	42	Nicholas II. — 1058
52	Mahomed IV. — 1649	29	Meroveus king of the Franks — 448	46	Nicholas III. — 1277
55	Mahmood I. Ottoman emperor 1730	34	Merwan I. Caliph — 684	46	Nicholas IV. — 1288
57	Mahmood II. — 1808	35	Merwan II. — 745	49	Nicholas V. — 1447
33	Mahomed, 'the Prophet' — 622	37	Michael I. Rhangabe emperor of the East — 811	31	Noorsherwan king of Persia — 531
35	Mahomed emir in Spain — 729	37	Michael II. the Stammerer — 320		B. C.
38	Mahomed I. king of Cordova — 852	37	Michael III. the Sot — 842	13	Ochus king of Persia — 359
41	Mahomed II. — 1009	41	Michael IV. the Paphlagonian — 1034	14	Olympias queen of Macedon — 316
41	Mahomed I. ben Gehwar king of Cordova — 1044	41	Michael V. Calaphatus — 1041	4	Omri king of Israel — 930
42	Mahomed II. Almoateded — 1060	42	Michael VI. Stratioticus — 1056	14	Onias I. High Priest — 324
42	Mahomed III. Almoadir — 1069	42	Michael VII. Parapinaces — 1071	16	Onias II. — 233
44	Mahomed Alnassar, dynasty of the Almohades — 1199	46	Michael VIII. Paleologus — 1260	17	Onias III. — 195
45	Mahomed I. king of Granada — 1238	54	Michael Koributh king of Poland 1669	13	Orestes king of Macedon — 399
46	Mahomed II. — 1273	53	Michael Romanof Czar of Russia 1613	19	Orodes I. king of Parthia — 57
47	Mahomed III. — 1302	40	Miecislus I. Duke of Poland — 964		A. D.
47	Mahomed IV. — 1325	41	Miecislus II. — 1025	31	Octa king of Kent — 512
48	Mahomed V. — 1354	44	Miecislus III. the Old — 1173	30	Odoacer king of the Heruli — 476
48	Mahomed VI. — 1396	57	Miguel king of Portugal — 1828	34	Offa king of Essex — 700
49	Mahomed VII. — 1423	32	Mirva king of the Suevi — 569	36	Offa king of Mercia — 755
49	Mahomed VIII. — 1427	34	Moawiah I. Caliph — 661	35	Okbah emir in Spain — 735
49	Mahomed IX. — 1445	34	Moawiah II. — 683	41	Olaf Skotkonung king of Sweden — 1001
50	Mahomed X. — 1474	36	Mohadi, Caliph — 775	42	Olaus V. king of Denmark — 1086
52	Mahomed Meerza Shah of Persia 1577	38	Mohtadi, Caliph — 869	48	Olaus V. — 1376
55	Mahmood Shah of Persia — 1722	39	Mohtafi, Caliph — 902	30	Olybrius emperor of the West — 472
57	Mahomed Shah of Persia — 1834	39	Moktader, Caliph — 908	33	Olympius exarch of Ravenna — 649
30	Majorian emperor of the West 457	38	Mostain, Caliph — 862	33	Omar I. Caliph — 634
39	Malcolm I. king of Scotland — 944	38	Mostanser, Caliph — 861	35	Omar II. Caliph — 717
41	Malcolm II. — 1003	38	Motadbed, Caliph — 892	47	Orclian Ottonian emperor — 1326
42	Malcolm III. Canmore — 1057	38	Motamed, Caliph — 870	37	Ordonno I. king of Ovedo — 850
44	Malcolm IV. — 1153	37	Motasim, Caliph — 833	39	Ordonno II. king of Leon — 914
30	Maldras king of the Suevi — 457	37	Motawakel, Caliph — 847	39	Ordonno III. — 950
37	Mamun, Caliph — 813	41	Motawakel king of Cordova — 1016	21	Orodes II. king of Parthia — 14
46	Manfred king of Sicily — 1258	38	Motaz, Caliph — 866	38	Osbert king of Bernicia — 862
43	Manuel I. Comnenus emperor of the East — 1143	36	Mull Ethelwold king of Northumbria — 759	53	Osman I. emperor of Turkey — 1618
48	Manuel II. Paleologus — 139	35	Musa emir in Spain — 712	56	Osman II. — 1754
26	Marcellinus Bishop of Rome — 296	49	Musa Chelebi Ottoman emperor 1410	36	Osred I. king of Northumbria — 705
27	Marcellus I. Bishop of Rome — 308	53	Mustafa I. emperor of Turkey 1617	36	Osred II. — 789
52	Marcellus II. Pope — 1555	54	Mustafa II. — 1695	33	Osric king of Deira — 634
29	Marcian emperor of the East — 459	56	Mustafa III. — 1757	35	Osric king of Northumbria — 718
27	Marcus Bishop of Rome — 336	57	Mustafa IV. — 1807	36	Osulf king of Northumbria — 757
				33	Oswald king of Bernicia — 635

ALPHABETICAL TABLES

I.

EMPERORS — KINGS — POPES

N ^o	B. C.	N ^o	A. D.	N ^o	B. C.
8	Sadyattes king of Lydia — 617	36	Sigebert king of Wessex — 754	13	Tachos king of Egypt — 363
7	Sammughes king of Assyria — 691	33	Sigebert king of East Anglia — 629	4	Telectus king of Sparta — 812
7	Saoduchinus king of Babylon — 667	33	Sigebert I. king of Essex — 614	5	Telestes king of Corinth — 758
8	Saracus king of Assyria — 630	33	Sigebert II. the Little — 623	5	Theopompus king of Sparta — 770
6	Sardanapalus king of Assyria — 711	34	Sigebert III. the Good — 635	4	Thersippus perpetual archon — 970
8	Sardanapalus — 650	34	Sigenard king of Essex — 693	4	Thersippus perpetual archon — 821
8	Sardanapalus — 630	36	Sigered king of Essex — 799	11	Thrasylbulus tyrant of Syracuse — 467
12	Satyrus I. king of Bosphorus — 407	29	Sigeric king of the Visigoths — 415	6	Tiglathpileser king of Assyria — 738
14	Satyrus II. — 310	34	Sigeric I. king of Essex — 663	19	Tigranes king of Armenia — 96
3	Saul king of Israel — 1096	36	Sigeric II. — 792	19	Tigranes king of Syria — 83
12	Selencus king of Bosphorus — 431	49	Sigismund emperor of Germany — 1410	14	Timoleon tyrant of Syracuse — 344
14	Selencus I. Nicator king of Syria — 312	48	Sigismund king of Hungary — 1392	16	Tiridates king of Parthia — 248
16	Selencus II. Ceraunus — 266	49	Sigismund king of Bohemia — 1419	19	Tryphena queen of Egypt — 58
16	Selencus III. Callinicus — 246	51	Sigismund I. king of Poland — 1506		
17	Selencus IV. Philopater — 187	51	Sigismund II. Augustus — 1548		A. D.
19	Selencus V. — 95	52	Sigismund III. — 1587	26	Tacitus Roman emperor — 275
6	Sennacherib king of Assyria — 713	31	Sigismund king of the Burgundians — 516	51	Tamas I. Shah of Persia — 1523
5	Shallum king of Israel — 770	52	Sigismund king of Sweden — 1592	55	Tamas II. — 1729
6	Shalmaneser king of Assyria — 729	36	Silo the Saracen king of Oviedo — 774	44	Tancred king of Sicily — 1189
15	Simon I. the Just, High Priest — 300	31	Silverius Bishop of Rome — 536	35	Tarik emir in Spain — 711
16	Simon II. — 219	27	Silvester I. Bishop of Rome — 314	43	Taxin ben Ali, dynasty of the Almohades — 1143
18	Simon III. — 143	40	Silvester II. — 999	32	Teia king of the Ostrogoths — 552
19	Simatrocce king of Parthia — 77	30	Simplicius Bishop of Rome — 468	23	Telesphorus Bishop of Rome — 127
10	Smerdis of Persia — 522	28	Siscarius Bishop of Rome — 384	35	Thalaba emir in Spain — 742
12	Sogdianus king of Persia — 425	33	Sisebert king of the Visigoths — 612	45	Theobald I. the Posthumous, king of Navarre — 1234
3	Solomon king of Israel — 1016	33	Sisenard king of the Visigoths — 631	46	Theodebald II. — 1253
15	Sosthenes king of Macedon — 280	35	Sisenius, Pope — 708	31	Theodatus king of the Ostrogoths — 534
4	Sous king of Sparta — 1010	23	Sixtus I. Bishop of Rome — 119	31	Theodebald king of the Ostrogoths — 540
12	Spartocus I. king of Bosphorus — 438	26	Sixtus II. — 432	31	Theodebald king of Metz — 548
13	Spartocus II. — 353	29	Sixtus III. — 457	31	Theodebert I. king of Metz — 534
14	Spartocus III. — 304	50	Sixtus IV. Pope — 1471	32	Theodebert II. — 596
11	Syracuse, First Interval — 466	52	Sixtus V. — 1585	32	Theodemir king of the Suevi — 559
14	Syracuse, Second — 350	32	Sledda king of Essex — 587	31	Theodiscl king of the Visigoths — 548
14	Syracuse, Third — 337	32	Smaragdus exarch of Ravenna — 584	42	Theodora empress of the East — 1054
15	Syracuse, Fourth — 289	43	Sobieslas I. duke of Bohemia — 1125	45	Theodore Lascaris I. Greek emperor — 1204
		44	Sobieslas II. — 1174	46	Theodore Lascaris II. — 1255
	A. D.	49	Soliman I. Ottoman emperor — 1402	33	Theodore I. exarch of Ravenna — 648
32	Sabert king of Essex — 597	51	Soliman II. — 1520	34	Theodore II. — 678
33	Sabianus, Pope — 604	35	Soliman III. — 1687	29	Theodoric I. king of the Visigoths — 419
42	Salomon king of Hungary — 1064	53	Soliman Caliph — 715	30	Theodoric king of the Ostrogoths — 493
39	Sancho I. Garcia, king of Navarre — 905	54	Soliman Shah of Persia — 1666	30	Theodoric II. — 433
40	Sancho II. Abarca — 970	53	Soofe Shah of Persia — 1627	32	Theodoric king of Bernicia — 580
40	Sancho III. — 1000	24	Soter Bishop of Rome — 168	33	Theodorus I., Pope — 642
42	Sancho IV. — 1054	42	Spitigneus I. duke of Bohemia — 1055	38	Theodorus II. — 898
42	Sancho V. Ramirez — 1076	56	Stanislaus Augustus king of Poland — 1764	28	Theodosius I. the Great, Roman emperor — 379
43	Sancho VI. — 1150	37	Stauricius emperor of the East — 811	29	Theodosius II. emperor of the East — 408
44	Sancho VII. the Infirm — 1194	39	Stephen emperor of the East — 928	35	Theodosius III. — 716
40	Sancho I. the Fat, king of Leon — 955	40	Stephen I. king of Hungary — 1000	37	Theophilactus exarch of Ravenna — 702
42	Sancho III. the Strong, king of Castile — 1065	44	Stephen II. the Thunderbolt — 1114	35	Theophilus emperor of the East — 829
44	Sancho III. — 1157	44	Stephen III. — 1161	31	Theudis king of the Visigoths — 531
46	Sancho IV. the Great — 1284	46	Stephen IV. — 1270	31	Thierry I. king of Metz — 511
42	Sancho Ramirez king of Arragon — 1063	52	Stephen Bathori king of Poland — 1574	32	Thierry II. king of Orleans — 596
44	Sancho I. king of Portugal — 1185	43	Stephen king of England — 1135	34	Thierry III. king of Neustria — 670
45	Sancho II. Capellus — 1223	26	Stephen I. Bishop of Rome — 253	35	Thierry IV. — 720
33	Saxred king of Essex — 614	36	Stephen II., Pope — 752	44	Thomas count of Savoy — 1188
33	Schiroueh king of Persia — 628	37	Stephen III. — 768	30	Thorismund king of the Visigoths — 451
35	Scholasticus exarch of Ravenna — 713	37	Stephen IV. — 816	30	Thorismund king of the Vandals — 496
52	Sebastian king of Portugal — 1557	36	Stephen V. — 885	35	Thueba emir in Spain — 745
34	Sebba king of Essex — 663	38	Stephen VI. — 896	21	Tiberius I. Roman emperor — 14
51	Selim I. emperor of Turkey — 1512	39	Stephen VII. — 923	32	Tiberius II. emperor of the East — 578
52	Selim II. — 1566	39	Stephen VIII. — 939	34	Tiberius III. Apsimar — 698
56	Selim III. — 1788	42	Stephen IX. — 1057	22	Titulus king of East Anglia — 578
34	Selred king of East Anglia — 633	42	Stenkill king of Sweden — 1056	32	Titus Roman emperor — 79
24	Septimius Severus Roman emperor — 194	43	Suatopluc duke of Bohemia — 1107	31	Totila king of the Ostrogoths — 541
34	Sergius I. Pope — 687	35	Suebricht king of Essex — 709	22	Trajan Roman emperor — 98
37	Sergius II. — 844	34	Suentrid king of Essex — 693	33	Tulca king of the Visigoths — 640
39	Sergius III. — 904	33	Suintilla king of the Visigoths — 621		
41	Sergius IV. — 1009	41	Suleiman king of Cordova — 1002		B. C.
33	Severinus, Pope — 640	43	Swerker I. king of Sweden — 1129	4	Uzziah king of Judah — 808
27	Severus Roman emperor — 306	40	Swerker II. — 1192		
30	Severus emperor of the West — 461	40	Sweyn I. Forked Beard, king of Denmark — 985		A. D.
33	Seward king of Essex — 614	41	Sweyn II. — 1047	41	Udalric duke of Bohemia — 1012
34	Sexburga queen of Wessex — 672	43	Sweyn III. — 1147	32	Ufa king of East Anglia — 571
25	Shahpoor I. king of Persia — 240	34	Swithelm king of Essex — 661	55	Ulrica queen of Sweden — 1719
27	Shahpoor II. — 310	35	Swithred king of Essex — 738	25	Urban I. Bishop of Rome — 223
28	Shahpoor III. — 385	30	Symmachus Bishop of Rome — 498	42	Urban II. Pope — 1088
33	Shenendeh king of Persia — 631			44	Urban III. — 1185
32	Sigebert I. king of Metz — 561				
32	Sigebert II. king of Austrasia — 638				

I.

ALPHABETICAL TABLES

EMPERORS—KINGS—POPES

N ^o	A. D.	N ^o	A. D.	N ^o	A. D.
46 Urban IV.	— 1261	29 Wallia king of the Visigoths	— 415	57 William king of Wurtemberg	— 1816
48 Urban V.	— 1362	34 Wamba king of the Visigoths	— 672	33 Witeric king of the Goths	— 603
48 Urban VI.	— 1378	37 Waihek, Caliph	— 842	35 Witiza king of the Visigoths	— 701
52 Urban VII.	— 1590	48 Wenceslas emperor of Germany	1378	39 Wratlas I. Duke of Bohemia	907
53 Urban VIII.	— 1623	39 Wenceslas I. duke of Bohemia	916	42 Wratlas II. king	— 1062
43 Urraca queen of Castile	— 1109	44 Wenceslas II.	— 1191	34 Wulfhere king of Mercia	— 656
		45 Wenceslas III. le Borgue, king	1230		
		46 Wenceslas IV.	— 1278		B. C.
28 Valens Roman emperor	— 364	47 Wenceslas V.	— 1305	11 Xerxes I. king of Persia	— 485
37 Valentine, Pope	— 827	48 Wenceslas VI.	— 1378	12 Xerxes II.	— 425
28 Valentinian I. Roman Emperor	364	46 Wenceslas king of Poland	— 1300		
28 Valentinian II.	— 375	32 Wibba king of Mercia	— 597		A. D.
29 Valentinian III. emperor of the West	— 425	37 Wiglaf king of Mercia	— 825	35 Yahia emir in Spain	— 725
26 Valerian Roman emperor	— 253	34 Wihtred king of Kent	— 694	41 Yahia Almotadi king of Cordova	1021
21 Vardanes king of Parthia	— 43	45 William emperor of Germany	— 1250	29 Yezdejird I. king of Persia	— 404
53 Vassili Chouiski Czar of Russia	1606	39 William I. Longsword, duke of Normandy	— 927	29 Yezdejird II.	— 438
22 Vespasian Roman emperor	— 70	41 William II. the Bastard	— 1035	33 Yezdejird III.	— 632
24 Victor I. Bishop of Rome	— 193	42 William I. the Conqueror, king of England	— 1066	34 Yezid I. Caliph	— 680
42 Victor II. Pope	— 1055	42 William II. Rufus	— 1087	35 Yezid II.	— 720
42 Victor III.	— 1086	54 William III. and Mary II.	— 1689	35 Yezid III.	— 744
53 Victor Amadeus I. duke of Savoy	1630	57 William IV. king of Gt. Britain	1330	35 Yussef emir in Spain	— 746
54 Victor Amadeus II.	— 1675	44 William the Lion king of Scotland	— 1165	42 Yussef ben Taxfin dynasty of the Almoravides	— 1094
55 Victor Amadeus II. king of Sardinia	— 1718	51 William I. of Nassau, prince of Orange	— 1544	44 Yussef ben Yacub dynasty of the Almohades	— 1163
56 Victor Amadeus III.	— 1773	53 William II.	— 1647	44 Yacub ben Yussef	— 1184
57 Victor Emmanuel IV.	— 1802	54 William III.	— 1660	44 Yussef ben Yacub	— 1213
57 Victoria queen of Great Britain	1837	55 William IV.	— 1702	47 Yussef I. king of Granada	— 1333
31 Vigilius Bishop of Rome	— 537	55 William V.	— 1711	48 Yussef II.	— 1391
34 Vitalianus, Pope	— 657	56 William VI.	— 1751	49 Yussef III.	— 1408
22 Vitellius Roman emperor	— 69	57 William VII.	— 1806	49 Yussef IV.	— 1432
31 Vitiges king of the Ostrogoths	— 536	51 William I. king of the Netherlands	— 1815		B. C.
21 Vologeses I. king of Parthia	— 50	57 William II.	— 1840	5 Zachariah king of Israel	— 771
23 Vologeses II.	— 121	41 William I. Bras de fer count of Apulia	— 1043	9 Zedekiah king of Judah	— 598
24 Vologeses III.	— 192	43 William II. duke of Apulia	— 1111	6 Zeuxidamus king of Sparta	— 718
26 Volucian Roman emperor	— 251	44 William I. the Wicked, king of Sicily	— 1154	15 Zielas king of Bithynia	— 251
21 Vonones I. king of Parthia	— 15	44 William II. the Good	— 1166	4 Zimri king of Israel	— 930
21 Vonones II.	— 50	44 William III.	— 1194		A. D.
		57 William king of Hanover	— 1830	35 Zachary, Pope	— 741
44 Waldemar I. the Great, king of Denmark	— 1157	57 William I. king of the Netherlands	— 1815	30 Zeno emperor of the East	— 474
45 Waldemar II. the Victorious	— 1202	57 William II.	— 1840	25 Zepherinus Bishop of Rome	— 202
47 Waldemar III.	— 1340			39 Ziemomislas Duke of Poland	— 913
46 Waldemar king of Sweden	— 1251			38 Ziemovitus duke of Poland	— 861
35 Walid I. Caliph	— 705			41 Zoe empress of the West	— 1042
35 Walid II.	— 743			29 Zosimus Bishop of Rome	— 417



ALPHABETICAL TABLES

I.

NON-REGAL STATES

N ^o	A. D.	N ^o	A. D.	N ^o	A. D.
50 Achilles count of Guastalla	— 1494	44 Azzo VI. of Este, lord of Ferrara	1196	47 Charles de Blois duke of Bretagne	1341
37 Adalbert I. duke of Tuscany	— 847	45 Azzo VII.	— 1215	47 Charles duke of Luxembourg	1346
38 Adalbert II. the Rich	— 890	45 Azzo VIII.	— 1293	43 Charles count of Flanders	— 1119
56 Adams, John, president of the United States	— 1797	47 Azzo lord of Milan	— 1328	55 Charles I. duke of Wurtemberg	1733
57 Adams, John Quincy, pres.	— 1825	39 Badoardo, Pietro, doge of Venice	939	55 Charles II. Eugene	— 1737
47 Adolph elector Palatine	— 1319	45 Baldwin de Courtenay, marquis of Namur	— 1237	55 Charles I. Albert, elector of Bavaria	— 1726
42 Agnes duchess of Bavaria	— 1056	38 Baldwin I. Bras de fer, count of Flanders	— 862	56 Charles II. Theodore	— 1778
38 Alain III. de Vannes, count of Bretagne	— 877	38 Baldwin II. the Bald	— 879	55 Charles I. Louis, elector Palatine	1632
39 Alain IV. de Vannes	— 937	39 Baldwin III.	— 918	53 Charles II.	— 1680
41 Alain V. duke of Bretagne	— 1008	40 Baldwin IV. the Bearded	— 989	53 Charles III. Philip	— 1716
42 Alain VI. Fergent	— 1084	41 Baldwin V. le Debonnaire	— 1036	55 Charles IV. Theodore	— 1743
48 Albert D'Este lord of Ferrara	— 1388	42 Baldwin VI. the Good	— 1067	40 Charles of France, duke of Lower Lorraine	— 976
41 Albert II. count of Namur	— 1006	43 Baldwin VII. à la Hache	— 1111	48 Charles I. duke of Lorraine	— 1391
41 Albert III.	— 1037	44 Baldwin VIII.	— 1191	51 Charles II. the Great	— 1545
48 Albert count of Holland	— 1389	44 Baldwin IX. of Constantinople	— 1194	53 Charles III.	— 1623
43 Albert I. the Boar, first elector of Brandenburg	— 1134	41 Baldwin I. count of Hainault	— 1030	54 Charles IV.	— 1675
45 Albert II.	— 1206	42 Baldwin II. of Jerusalem	— 1070	53 Christian I. duke of Brunswick	1611
50 Albert III.	— 1470	42 Baldwin III.	— 1099	53 Christian II. Louis	— 1648
49 Albert I. duke of Bavaria	— 1438	43 Baldwin IV. the Builder	— 1120	52 Christian I. elector of Saxony	— 1586
50 Albert II.	— 1465	44 Baldwin V. the Valiant	— 1171	52 Christian II.	— 1591
51 Albert III.	— 1550	44 Baldwin VI.	— 1195	49 Christopher count of Guastalla	1449
45 Albert I. elector of Saxony	— 1212	50 Barbarigo, Marco, doge of Venice	1485	51 Christopher the Pacific, duke of Wurtemberg	— 1550
46 Albert II.	— 1260	50 Barbarigo, Agostino, doge	— 1486	52 Cicogna, Pasquale, doge of Venice	1585
49 Albert III.	— 1418	41 Barbolano, Pietro, doge	— 1026	51 Claude duchess of Bretagne	— 1514
41 Albert duke of Lorraine	— 1046	42 Beatrice, duchess of Tuscany	— 1055	50 Cleves, Adolphus of, governor of the Netherlands	— 1477
45 Aldovrandini I. lord of Ferrara	— 1212	55 Bedmar, Isidor marquis de, governor of the Netherlands	— 1701	40 Conan I. de Rennes count of Bretagne	— 987
48 Aldovrandini II.	— 1352	53 Bembo, Giovanni, doge of Venice	1615	41 Conan II.	— 1040
39 Aledran marquis of Montferrat	938	57 Bentinck, lord William, governor-general of India	— 1828	43 Conan III. the Fat	— 1112
51 Alexander doge of Florence	— 1531	39 Berenger de Rennes count of Bretagne	— 930	44 Conan IV. the Little	— 1156
52 Alexander duke of Parma	— 1586	48 Bernarbo lord of Milan	— 1354	43 Conrad president of Tuscany	— 1119
51 Alfonso I. duke of Ferrara	— 1505	49 Bernard, first duke of Brunswick Lunenburg	— 1409	42 Conrad marquis of Montferrat	— 1189
52 Alfonso II.	— 1559	40 Bernard I. duke of Saxony	— 973	42 Conrad duke of L. Lorraine	— 1076
53 Alfonso III. duke of Modena	— 1628	41 Bernard II.	— 1010	42 Conrad I. count of Luxemburg	— 1057
54 Alfonso IV.	— 1658	44 Bernard III.	— 1180	43 Conrad II.	— 1128
45 Alva, Ferdinand duke of, governor of the Netherlands	— 1567	39 Berthold, duke of Bavaria	— 939	40 Conrad I. duke of Suabia	— 982
57 Amherst, William lord, governor-general of India	— 1823	37 Boniface I. marquis of Tuscany	828	41 Conrad II.	— 1030
37 Antenorio, Oberlio, doge of Venice	804	41 Boniface II. the Pious, duke	— 1027	44 Conrad III. (and Franconia)	— 1191
50 Anne duchess of Bretagne	— 1488	42 Boniface I. marquis of Montferrat	— 1060	45 Conrad III.	— 1235
55 Antony duke of Parma	— 1727	44 Boniface II.	— 1192	46 Conrad V. or Conradin	— 1254
55 Antony Ferdinand duke of Guastalla	— 1714	45 Boniface III. the Giant	— 1225	38 Conrad I. duke of Franconia	— 891
49 Antony duke of Brabant	— 1405	50 Boniface IV.	— 1483	39 Conrad II.	— 939
49 Antony of Burgundy, duke of Luxemburg	— 1411	51 Boniface V.	— 1518	41 Conrad III.	— 1004
51 Antony duke of Lorraine	— 1508	49 Borso duke of Ferrara	— 1450	41 Conrad IV.	— 1011
39 Arnolph I. count of Flanders	— 918	39 Boso marquis of Tuscany	— 931	43 Conrad V.	— 1116
40 Arnolph II. le Jeune	— 965	40 Bruno duke of Lower Lorraine	953	42 Conrad VI.	— 1167
42 Arnolph III.	— 1070	39 Burchard I. duke of Suabia	916	41 Conrad I. duke of Bavaria	— 1047
40 Arnolph count of Friesland	— 988	40 Burchard II.	— 954	42 Conrad II.	— 1054
40 Arnolph count of Hainault	— 973	52 Cæsar duke of Ferrara	— 1597	44 Conrad of Suabia, first elector Palatine	— 1156
39 Arnolph the Bad, duke of Bavaria	907	52 Cæsar I. count of Guastalla	— 1557	39 Conrad the Red, duke of Lorraine	944
44 Arthur I. duke of Bretagne	— 1196	53 Cæsar II. duke	— 1630	44 Constance duchess of Bretagne	1196
47 Arthur II.	— 1305	38 Candiano, Pietro I. doge of Venice	887	41 Contarini, Domenico I. doge of Venice	— 1043
50 Arthur III.	— 1457	39 Candiano, Pietro II.	— 932	46 Contarini, Giacomo, doge	— 1275
57 Auckland, George lord, governor-general of India	— 1836	39 Candiano, Pietro III.	— 942	48 Contarini, Andrea, doge	— 1367
53 Augustus duke of Brunswick	— 1633	40 Candiano, Pietro IV.	— 959	53 Contarini, Francesco, doge	— 1623
52 Augustus elector of Saxony	— 1533	40 Candiano, Vitale, doge	— 978	53 Contarini, Nicolo, doge	— 1630
51 Austria, Margaret of, governante of the Netherlands	— 1507	54 Caretto, Otto-Henry marquis del, governor of the Netherlands	1682	54 Contarini, Carlo, doge	— 1655
51 Austria, Mary of, governante	— 1531	55 Carlos, Don. duke of Parma	— 1731	54 Contarini, Domenico II. doge	— 1659
52 Austria, Margaret of, governante	— 1559	54 Castanaga, Francis marquis de, governor of the Netherlands	1685	54 Contarini, Luigi, doge	— 1676
52 Austria, Don John of, governor	— 1576	53 Castel-Rodrigo, Emmanuel marquis of, gov. of the N. lands	1644	48 Cornaro, Marco, doge	— 1365
52 Austria, Ernest archduke of, governor	— 1594	54 Castel-Rodrigo, Francisco marquis of, gov. of the N. lands	— 1664	53 Cornaro, Giovanni I. doge	— 1624
52 Austria, Albert archduke of, governor	— 1596	48 Celsi, Lorenzo, doge of Venice	— 1361	54 Cornaro, Francesco, doge	— 1656
53 Austria, Leopold archduke of, governor	— 1647	54 Charles of Mantua, duke of Guastalla	— 1678	55 Cornaro, Giovanni II. doge	— 1709
54 Austria, Don John of, governor	— 1656	53 Charles I. duke of Mantua	— 1627	56 Cornwallis, Charles marquis, governor-general of India	— 1786
55 Austria, Mary-Elizabeth of, governante	— 1725	53 Charles III. son of Charles II. duke de Rethelois, duke of Mantua	— 1637	49 Cornwallis, marquis, governor-general a second time	— 1805
55 Austria, Mary-Anne of, g.nante	— 1744	54 Charles IV. duke of Mantua	— 1665	49 Cosmo de Medici lord of Florence	1434
56 Austria, Mary-Christina of	— 1781	50 Charles the Bold, duke of Burgundy	1467	51 Cosmo I. de Medici the Great, grand duke of Tuscany	— 1537
56 Austria, Charles archduke of, governor	— 1793			53 Cosmo II.	— 1609
				54 Cosmo III.	— 1670
				51 Croy, William de, governor of the Netherlands	— 1505

NON-REGAL STATES

N ^o	A. D.	N ^o	A. D.	N ^o	A. D.
44 Dandolo, Enrico, doge of Venice	1192	49 Francis Sforza duke of Milan	1447	42 Godfrey the Bearded, duke of Tuscany	1055
46 Dandolo, Giovanni, doge	1279	51 Francis-Mary duke of Milan	1521	40 Godfrey I. duke of L. Lorraine	959
47 Dandolo, Francesco, doge	1328	51 Francis I. of France duke of Milan	1515	40 Godfrey II.	964
47 Dandolo, Andrea, doge	1343	48 Francis I. lord of Mantua	1382	41 Godfrey III.	1005
52 Da Ponte, Nicolo, doge	1578	48 Francis II. duke of Mantua	1540	41 Godfrey IV. the Hardy	1043
48 Dolfin, Giovanni, doge	1356	53 Francis III.	1612	43 Godfrey V. Bossu	1069
51 Donato, Francesco, doge	1545	49 Francis I. duke of Bretagne	1442	42 Godfrey VI. of Bouillon	1089
53 Donato, Leonardo, doge	1606	50 Francis II.	1458	43 Godfrey VII. the Great	1106
53 Donato, Nicolo, doge	1618	51 Francis I. of France duke of Bretagne	1524	43 Godfrey VIII.	1140
40 Drogo count of Bretagne	952	51 Francis I. duke of Lorraine	1544	43 Godfrey IX. the Valiant	1143
50 Eberhard, first duke of Wurtemberg	1457	53 Francis II.	1624	43 Godfrey count of Namur	1105
50 Eberhard II. le Jeune	1496	55 Francis III. Stephen	1729	40 Godfrey count of Hainault	973
53 Eberhard III.	1628	42 Frederic duke of Tuscany	1052	41 Gothelon duke of Lower Lorraine	1023
39 Eberhard duke of Franconia	912	42 Frederic lord of Ferrara	1067	41 Gothelon I. duke of Lorraine	1033
39 Eberhard duke of Bavaria	937	50 Frederic I. marquis of Mantua	1478	41 Gothelon II.	1043
53 Edward duke of Parma	1622	52 Frederic II. duke of Mantua	1519	46 Gradenigo, Pietro, doge of Venice	1289
49 Elizabeth duchess of Luxemburg	1415	53 Frederic-Henry of Orange stadtholder	1625	47 Gradenigo, Bartolomeo	1343
52 Emmanuel Philibert duke of Savoy, gov. of the N.lands	1555	40 Frederic count of Luxemburg	998	48 Gradenigo, Giovanni, doge	1355
38 Erispoe count of Bretagne	851	41 Frederic of Luxemburg duke of Lower Lorraine	1048	51 Grimani, Antonio, doge	1521
53 Erizzo, Francesco, doge of Venice	1631	42 Frederic I. duke of Suabia	1080	52 Grimani, Marino, doge	1595
44 Ermensind I. c. of Luxemburg	1196	43 Frederic II. de Borgne	1105	55 Grimani, Pietro, doge	1741
45 Ermensind II.	1214	43 Frederic III. Barbarossa	1147	51 Gritti, Andrea, doge	1523
41 Ernest I. duke of Suabia	1012	44 Frederic IV. (and Franconia)	1152	41 Guelph duke of Tuscany	1153
41 Ernest II.	1015	44 Frederic V.	1169	42 Guelph I. duke of Bavaria	1071
51 Ernest I. duke of Brunswick	1532	45 Frederic VI.	1208	40 Guerec de Nantes count of Bretagne	980
52 Ernest II.	1592	49 Frederic I. duke of Brunswick	1434	39 Gurmallion count	907
54 Ernest-Augustus first elector of Hanover	1691	53 Frederic II.	1636	38 Gurvan de Rennes count	874
48 Ernest duke of Bavaria	1397	52 Frederic I. duke of Wurtemberg	1593	39 Guy duke of Tuscany	919
50 Ernest elector of Saxony	1464	56 Frederic-Eugene duke	1795	43 Guy-Salinguerra lord of Ferrara	1118
42 Eudes I. duke of Burgundy	1078	56 Frederic II. duke	1797	49 Guy I. Torelli, count of Guastalla	1406
43 Eudes II.	1142	49 Frederic I. of Nuremburg elector of Brandenburg	1415	50 Guy II. Galeotto, count	1460
44 Eudes III.	1193	49 Frederic II. Dent de fer	1430	48 Guy lord of Mantua	1360
47 Eudes IV.	1315	49 Frederic I. the Victorious, elector Palatine	1449	45 Guy de Tours regent of Bretagne	1203
43 Eudes duke of Bretagne	1148	51 Frederic II. the Wise	1544	46 Guy I. de Dampierre marquis of Namur	1263
42 Faliero, Vitale, doge of Venice	1084	52 Frederic III. the Pious	1559	47 Guy II. marquis of Namur	1335
43 Faliero, Ordelaf, doge	1102	52 Frederic IV.	1583	46 Guy de Dampierre count of Flanders	1280
48 Faliero, Marino, doge	1354	53 Frederic V.	1610	55 Harrac-Rohrau, Frederic count de, governor of the N.lands	1741
52 Ferdinand I. de Medici grand duke of Tuscany	1587	49 Frederic I. elector of Saxony	1423	57 Harrison, W. H., president of the United States	1841
53 Ferdinand II. de Medici	1621	49 Frederic II. the Good	1428	56 Hastings, Warren, governor-general of India	1774
56 Ferdinand III.	1790	50 Frederic III. the Wise	1486	57 Hastings, Francis, marquis of, governor-general of India	1813
56 Ferdinand, Don, duke of Parma	1765	54 Frederic-Augustus I. elector of Saxony	1694	43 Henry of Bavaria, count of Tuscany	1133
51 Ferdinand I. de Gonzaga count of Guastalla	1539	55 Frederic-Augustus II.	1733	40 Henry I. duke of Burgundy	965
52 Ferdinand II. duke	1575	56 Frederic-Christian	1763	41 Henry II.	1015
53 Ferdinand III.	1632	56 Frederic-Augustus III.	1763	43 Henry I. duke of L. Lorraine	1101
53 Ferdinand duke of Mantua	1612	40 Frederic I. duke of Lorraine	959	44 Henry II. the Warrior, duke of Brabant	1190
53 Ferdinand, Don, governor of the Netherlands	1633	41 Frederic II.	1026	45 Henry III.	1235
45 Ferdinand count of Flanders	1206	54 Fromiata, Louis marquis de, governor of the Netherlands	1659	45 Henry IV.	1248
54 Ferdinand-Mary elector of Bavaria	1651	52 Fuentes, Pedro d'Asorvedo count de, gov. of the Netherlands	1595	43 Henry II. count of Namur	1139
54 Feria, Inigo duke de, governor of the Netherlands	1668	47 Fulke lord of Ferrara	1308	46 Henry de Courtenay marquis of Namur	1226
45 Ferri I. duke of Lorraine	1205	36 Galbajo, Giovanni, doge of Venice	787	42 Henry I. count of Luxemburg	1086
45 Ferri II.	1206	47 Galeas I. lord of Milan	1322	43 Henry II. the Blind	1136
46 Ferri III.	1251	48 Galeas II.	1354	45 Henry III. the Great	1226
47 Ferri IV.	1312	50 Galeas-Mary duke of Milan	1466	46 Henry IV.	1275
41 Flabanaco, Dominico, doge of Venice	1032	40 Geoffrey I. duke of Bretagne	992	46 Henry V.	1288
41 Florence I. count of Friesland	1049	44 Geoffrey II.	1171	41 Henry I. duke of Suabia	1039
42 Florence II. count of Holland	1091	54 George-William I. duke of Brunswick	1665	45 Henry II.	1219
44 Florence III.	1157	54 George-Louis elector of Hanover	1698	50 Henry I. duke of Brunswick	1478
45 Florence IV.	1223	55 George-Augustus elector	1727	51 Henry II.	1546
46 Florence V.	1256	56 George-William II. elector	1760	47 Henry le Jeune, elector of Brandenburg	1319
49 Foscarini, Francesco, doge of Venice	1423	41 Gerard duke of Lorraine	1048	39 Henry I. the Quarreller, duke of Bavaria	942
56 Foscarini, Marco, doge	1762	45 Giacomo lord of Ferrara	1244	40 Henry II.	955
52 Francis-Mary I. de Medici grand duke of Tuscany	1574	41 Gilbert count of Luxemburg	1019	40 Henry III.	995
53 Francis II.	1737	47 Giorgi, Marino, doge of Venice	1311	41 Henry IV.	1004
53 Francis I. duke of Modena	1629	39 Giselbert duke of Burgundy	923	41 Henry V.	1025
54 Francis II.	1662	39 Giselbert duke of Lorraine	916		
55 Francis III.	1737	51 Giuliano de Medici lord of Florence	1512		
57 Francis IV. of Austria	1814	51 Giulio de Medici	1519		
54 Francis duke of Parma	1694	54 Giustiniani, M. Antonio, doge of Venice	1684		
50 Francis-Mary count of Guastalla	1460				

ALPHABETICAL TABLES

I.

NON-REGAL STATES

N ^o	A. D.	N ^o	A. D.	N ^o	A. D.
42	Henry VI. —	1052	49	John III. —	1418
43	Henry VII. the Black —	1120	47	John duke of Luxemburg —	1309
43	Henry VIII. the Proud —	1126	46	John I. count of Holland —	1296
43	Henry IX. of Austria —	1142	46	John II. —	1299
44	Henry X. the Lion —	1154	46	John D'Avennes count of Hainault —	1280
39	Henry I. the Fowler, duke of Saxony —	912	53	John-Frederic duke of Wurtemberg —	1608
43	Henry II. the Proud —	1136	45	John I. elector of Brandenburg —	1221
43	Henry III. the Lion —	1139	46	John II. —	1266
44	Henry of Saxe elector Palatine —	1196	50	John III. Cicero —	1486
39	Henry I. duke of Lorraine —	940	50	John IV. George —	1571
53	Henry II. the Good —	1608	48	John I. duke of Bavaria —	1375
50	Hercules I. lord of Ferrara —	1471	50	John II. —	1460
51	Hercules II. duke of Ferrara —	1534	54	John-William elector Palatine —	1690
56	Hercules duke of Modena —	1780	51	John the Constant, elector of Saxony —	1525
39	Herman I. duke of Suabia —	926	51	John-Frederic elector —	1532
40	Herman II. —	997	53	John-George I. elector of Saxony —	1611
41	Herman III. —	1004	54	John-George II. —	1656
41	Herman IV. —	1030	54	John-George III. —	1680
40	Herman-Billing duke of Saxony —	960	54	John-George IV. —	1691
40	Hoel IV. de Nantes count of Bretagne —	953	47	John I. duke of Lorraine —	1346
42	Hoel V. duke of Bretagne —	1066	50	John II. —	1453
43	Hoel VI. —	1148	45	Jolantha marchioness of Namur —	1212
39	Hubert duke of Tuscany —	936	50	Jolantha duchess of Lorraine —	1473
40	Hugh duke of Tuscany —	961	55	Joseph duke of Guastalla —	1729
39	Hugh the Black, duke of Burgundy —	938	48	Jossus I. duke of Luxemburg —	1388
39	Hugh the Great, duke of Burgundy —	938	48	Jossus elector of Brandenburg —	1388
42	Hugh I. duke of Burgundy —	1075	38	Judicael count of Bretagne —	877
43	Hugh II. the Pacific —	1102	55	Koenigseck, count de, governor of the Netherlands —	1714
44	Hugh III. —	1162	39	Lambert duke of Tuscany —	929
45	Hugh IV. —	1218	51	Lando, Pietro, doge of Venice —	1539
47	Hugh V. —	1305	52	Leicester, Robert earl of, governor of the United Provinces —	1579
38	Hugh duke of Suabia —	867	57	Leopold grand duke of Tuscany —	1824
52	Isabella, Donna, governante of the Netherlands —	1599	38	Leopold duke of Bavaria —	895
57	Jackson, Andrew, president of the United States —	1829	43	Leopold of Austria duke of Bavaria —	1138
49	Jacqueline countess of Holland —	1417	54	Leopold duke of Lorraine —	1690
48	Jane duchess of Brabant —	1355	49	Lionel lord of Ferrara —	1441
45	Jane countess of Flanders —	1206	51	Loredano, Leonardo, doge of Venice —	1501
45	Jane countess of Hainault —	1206	52	Loredano, Pietro, doge —	1567
57	Jefferson, Thomas, president of the United States —	1801	50	Lorenzo I. de Medici lord of Florence —	1469
50	Joachim I. elector of Brandenburg —	1499	51	Lorenzo II. de Medici —	1516
51	Joachim II. —	1535	55	Lorraine, Charles prince of, governor of the Netherlands —	1745
52	Joachim III. Frederic —	1598	43	Lothaire duke of Saxony —	1106
55	John Gaston de Medici grand duke of Tuscany —	1723	51	Louisa Torelli css. of Guastalla —	1522
46	John I. marquis of Montferrat —	1292	50	Louis-Mary duke of Milan —	1494
47	John II. Palæologus —	1338	50	Louis XII. of France, duke of Milan —	1500
48	John III. —	1378	47	Louis I. de Gonzaga lord of Mantua —	1328
49	John IV. James —	1418	48	Louis II. —	1369
49	John V. —	1445	49	Louis III. marquis of Mantua —	1442
51	John VI. George —	1530	52	Louis III. duke of Wurtemberg —	1568
47	John lord of Milan —	1349	54	Louis IV. —	1677
48	John-Galeas duke of Milan —	1395	56	Louis V. Eugene —	1793
49	John-Mary duke —	1402	47	Louis I. de Crecy, count of Flanders —	1322
50	John-Galeas-Mary —	1476	47	Louis II. de Male —	1346
49	John-Francis marquis of Mantua —	1407	47	Louis I. of Bavaria, elector of Brandenburg —	1323
50	John-Francis II. —	1484	48	Louis II. the Roman —	1352
49	John the Fearless, duke of Burgundy —	1404	44	Louis I. duke of Bavaria —	1183
45	John I. the Red, duke of Bretagne —	1237	46	Louis II. the Severe, duke of Bavaria and elector Palatine —	1253
46	John II. —	1286	46	Louis III. duke of Bavaria —	1294
47	John III. the Good —	1312	49	Louis III. elector Palatine —	1410
47	John IV. de Montfort —	1341	49	Louis IV. —	1436
48	John V. the Valiant —	1364	51	Louis V. the Pacific —	1508
48	John VI. the Good —	1399	52	Louis VI. the Easy —	1576
46	John I. the Victorious, duke of Brabant —	1261	47	Luchin lord of Milan —	1359
46	John II. the Pacific —	1294	39	Ludolph duke of Suabia —	949
47	John III. the Triumphant —	1312	57	Madison, James, president of the United States —	1809
49	John IV. —	1415	42	Magnus Duke of Saxony —	1073
46	John I. marquis of Namur —	1297	50	Malipiero, Pasquale, doge of Venice —	1457
47	John II. —	1331	56	Manin, Luigi, doge —	1789
			52	Mansfeldt, Peter Ernst, count of, governor of the Netherlands —	1592
			50	Marcello, Nicolo, doge of Venice —	1473
			45	Margaret de Courtenay marchioness of Namur —	1228
			44	Margaret I. countess of Flanders —	1191
			45	Margaret II. of Constantinople —	1244
			47	Margaret countess of Holland —	1345
			45	Margaret countess of Hainault —	1244
			57	Maria-Louisa duchess of Parma —	1814
			46	Martin della Torre lord of Milan —	1257
			44	Mastropiero, Orjo, doge of Venice —	1179
			42	Matilda the Great, countess of Tuscany —	1076
			46	Matthew I. lord of Milan —	1295
			46	Matthew II. —	1354
			43	Matthew I. duke of Lorraine —	1139
			45	Matthew II. —	1220
			52	Maurice of Nassau stadtholder —	1579
			51	Maurice elector of Saxony —	1548
			51	Maximilian Sforza duke of Milan —	1512
			54	Maximilian elector of Bavaria, governor of the Netherlands —	1692
			52	Maximilian duke of Bavaria —	1596
			53	Maximilian elector of Bavaria —	1623
			54	Maximilian-Emmanuel —	1679
			55	Maximilian-Joseph I. —	1745
			56	Maximilian-Joseph II. —	1799
			53	Meilo, Francesco de Mello, governor of the Netherlands —	1641
			40	Memmo, Tribuno, doge of Venice —	979
			53	Memmo, M. Antonio, doge —	1612
			42	Micheli, Vitale I. doge —	1096
			44	Micheli, Vitale II. —	1156
			43	Micheli, Domenico, doge —	1117
			57	Minto, Gilbert lord, governor-general of India —	1807
			49	Mocenigo, Tomaso, doge of Venice —	1414
			50	Mocenigo, Pietro, doge —	1474
			50	Mocenigo, Giovanni, doge —	1478
			52	Mocenigo, Luigi, doge —	1570
			54	Mocenigo, Alvise I. doge —	1700
			55	Mocenigo, Alvise, Sebastiani, doge —	1722
			56	Mocenigo, Alvise II. doge —	1763
			53	Molino, Francesco, doge —	1646
			57	Monroe, James, president of the United States —	1817
			54	Monterei, Juan count de, governor of the Netherlands —	1670
			50	Moro, Christofero, doge of Venice —	1462
			43	Morosini, Domenico, doge —	1148
			45	Morosini, Marino, doge —	1249
			45	Morosini, Michele, doge —	1382
			54	Morosini, Francesco, doge —	1688
			46	Napoleon della Torre lord of Milan —	1265
			50	Nassau, Engilbert of, governor of the Netherlands —	1485
			49	Niccolo Albizzi lord of Florence —	1417
			47	Nicholas I. lord of Ferrara —	1317
			48	Nicholas II. —	1361
			48	Nicholas III. —	1393
			53	Nicholas I. duke of Lorraine —	1470
			50	Nicholas II. Francis —	1623
			37	Noménoé count of Bretagne —	824
			46	Obizzo II. lord of Ferrara —	1264
			47	Obizzo III. —	1317
			51	Octavio Farnese duke of Parma —	1547
			40	Orseolo, Pietro I. doge of Venice —	976
			40	Orseolo, Pietro II. —	991

NON-REGAL STATES

N ^o	A. D.	N ^o	A. D.	N ^o	A. D.
41 Orseolo, Ottone, doge	— 1009	41 Rechila and Herman, counts of Hainault	— 1030	40 Thierry I. duke of Lorraine	— 984
48 Otho marquis of Montferrat	— 1372	54 Reginald duke of Modena	— 1694	42 Thierry II. the Valiant	— 1070
40 Otho duke of Burgundy	— 956	38 Regner I. count of Hainault	— 875	45 Tiepolo, Giacomo, doge of Venice	— 1229
41 Otho duke of L. Lorraine	— 1001	39 Regner II.	— 916	45 Tiepolo, Lorenzo, doge	— 1263
40 Otho I. duke of Suabia	— 973	39 Regner III.	— 932	48 Tomaso Albizzi lord of Florence	— 1382
41 Otho II.	— 1045	40 Regner IV.	— 998	37 Tradonico, Pietro, doge of Venice	— 837
41 Otho III.	— 1047	41 Regner V.	— 1013	52 Trevisan, M. Antonio, doge	— 1553
40 Otho duke of Franconia	— 955	56 Reinier Paolo doge of Venice	— 1779	38 Tribuno, Pietro, doge	— 888
49 Otho duke of Brunswick	— 1434	49 Rene d'Anjou duke of Lorraine	— 1431	50 Trono, Nicolo, doge	— 1471
44 Otho I. elector of Brandenburg	— 1170	50 Rene duke of Lorraine	— 1473	57 Tyler, John, president of the United States	— 1841
44 Otho II.	— 1184	52 Requesens, Don Louis de, governor of the Netherlands	— 1573	43 Ulderico marquis of Tuscany	— 1139
45 Otho III.	— 1221	40 Richer count of Hainault	— 958	50 Ulric VI. duke of Wurtemberg	— 1498
46 Otho IV.	— 1282	38 Richard le Justicier, duke of Burgundy	— 877	54 Valiero, Bertucci, doge of Venice	— 1656
48 Otho V. le Faineant	— 1365	41 Rinaldo duke of Tuscany	— 1014	54 Valiero, Silvestro, doge	— 1694
44 Otho I. duke of Bavaria	— 1180	49 Rinaldo Albizzi lord of Florence	— 1427	54 Van Buren, Martin, president of the United States	— 1837
45 Otho II.	— 1231	47 Rinaldo lord of Ferrara	— 1317	50 Vendramino, Andrea, doge of Venice	— 1476
45 Otho II. elector Palatine	— 1227	43 Rinaldo marquis of Montferrat	— 1126	48 Veniero, Michele, doge	— 1382
52 Otho III. Henry	— 1556	41 Robert I. duke of Burgundy	— 1032	52 Veniero, Francesco, doge	— 1554
38 Otho I. duke of Saxony	— 880	45 Robert II.	— 1272	52 Veniero, Sebastiano, doge	— 1577
39 Otho II.	— 936	42 Robert I. count of Flanders	— 1071	54 Villahermosa, Carlos duke de, governor of the Netherlands	— 1675
42 Otho III.	— 1062	42 Robert II. of Jerusalem	— 1093	52 Vincent I. duke of Mantua	— 1587
46 Otto lord of Milan	— 1277	47 Robert III.	— 1305	53 Vincent II.	— 1626
52 Parma, Alexander prince of, governor of the Netherlands	— 1578	39 Rodolph duke of Burgundy	— 921	54 Vincent de Gonzaga, duke of Guastalla	— 1692
54 Parma, Alexander prince of	— 1678	42 Rodolph duke of Suabia	— 1057	43 Waleran duke of L. Lorraine	— 1128
37 Participazio, Angelo, doge of Venice	— 811	46 Rodolph I. le Begue, elector Palatine	— 1294	45 Waleran count of Luxemburg	— 1214
37 Participazio, Giustiniani, doge	— 827	47 Rodolph II. the Blind	— 1327	47 Waldemar elector of Brandenburg	— 1309
37 Participazio, Giovanni I., doge	— 829	46 Rodolph I. elector of Saxony	— 1298	56 Washington, George, president of the United States	— 1787
38 Participazio, Orso I., doge	— 864	48 Rodolph II.	— 1356	56 Wellesley, Richard marquis, governor-general of India	— 1798
38 Participazio, Giovanni II., doge	— 881	48 Rodolph III.	— 1388	48 Wenceslas duke of Brabant	— 1355
39 Participazio, Orso II., doge	— 912	48 Rupert I. elector Palatine	— 1353	48 Wenceslas I. duke of Luxemburg	— 1353
38 Pasquito de Vannes, count of Bretagne	— 874	48 Rupert II. le Petit	— 1390	48 Wenceslas II.	— 1383
54 Pesaro, Giovanni, doge of Venice	— 1658	48 Rupert III.	— 1398	48 Wenceslas of Luxemburg, elector of Brandenburg	— 1373
56 Peter-Leopold of Austria, grand duke of Tuscany	— 1765	55 Ruzzini Carlo doge of Venice	— 1723	48 Wenceslas elector of Saxony	— 1370
49 Peter-Guy I. count of Guastalla	— 1449	54 Sagredo, Nicolo, doge of Venice	— 1675	40 William duke of Tuscany	— 995
50 Peter-Guy II.	— 1486	43 Salinguerra-Guy I. lord of Ferrara	— 1118	40 William I. marquis of Montferrat	— 995
51 Peter-Louis Farnese duke of Parma	— 1545	44 Salinguerra II.	— 1195	42 William II.	— 1100
45 Peter I. Mauclerc, duke of Bretagne	— 1213	46 Salinguerra III.	— 1270	43 William III. the Old	— 1140
49 Peter II.	— 1450	38 Salomon III. count of Bretagne	— 857	45 William IV.	— 1207
45 Peter de Courtenay, marquis of Namur	— 1212	55 Savoy, Eugene prince of, governor of the Netherlands	— 1716	46 William V. the Great	— 1254
44 Philip marquis of Tuscany	— 1195	50 Saxony, Albert of, governor	— 1489	50 William VI.	— 1464
55 Philip, Don, duke of Parma	— 1749	50 Saxony, Albert of, governor	— 1781	50 William VII.	— 1493
49 Philip-Mary duke of Milan	— 1412	56 Shore, Sir John, governor-general of India	— 1792	51 William duke of Mantua	— 1550
47 Philip I. duke of Burgundy	— 1350	40 Sigefrid count of Luxemburg	— 965	52 William I. prince of Orange stadtholder	— 1579
48 Philip II. the Hardy	— 1363	48 Sigismund of Luxemburg, elector of Brandenburg	— 1378	53 William II.	— 1647
49 Philip III. the Good	— 1419	50 Sigismund duke of Bavaria	— 1460	54 William III.	— 1672
50 Philip le Beau assumes the government of the Netherlands	— 1494	43 Sigismund I. duke of Lorraine	— 1115	55 William IV.	— 1747
44 Philip I. marquis of Namur	— 1196	44 Sigismund II.	— 1176	56 William V.	— 1751
45 Philip II. de Courtenay	— 1216	42 Silvio, Domenico, doge of Venice	— 1071	47 William I. marquis of Namur	— 1337
47 Philip III.	— 1336	47 Sorazo, Giovanni, doge	— 1311	48 William II.	— 1391
49 Philip I. duke of Brabant	— 1427	55 Stanislaus of Poland, duke of Lorraine	— 1737	42 William count of Luxemburg	— 1096
44 Philip of Alsace count of Flanders	— 1168	48 Steno, Michele, doge of Venice	— 1400	43 William Cliton count of Flanders	— 1127
44 Philip duke of Suabia	— 1196	47 Stephen, duke of Bavaria	— 1347	45 William I. count of Holland	— 1203
50 Philip elector Palatine	— 1476	43 Taurello, lord of Ferrara	— 1150	45 William II.	— 1234
54 Philip-William elector Palatine	— 1685	44 Theobald, count of Luxemburg	— 1196	47 William III. the Good	— 1304
50 Pietro de Medici lord of Florence	— 1492	45 Theobald I. duke of Lorraine	— 1213	47 William IV.	— 1337
51 Pietro Sodorini gonfalonier of Florence	— 1492	47 Theobald II.	— 1304	48 William V. the Senseless	— 1356
55 Pisani, Luigi, doge of Venice	— 1735	47 Theodore I. Palæologus marquis of Montferrat	— 1306	49 William VI.	— 1404
43 Polani, Pietro, doge	— 1130	48 Theodore II.	— 1381	51 William duke of Brunswick	— 1546
52 Priuli, Lorenzo, doge	— 1556	40 Thierry duke of L. Lorraine	— 984	54 William-Louis duke of Wurtemberg	— 1674
52 Priuli, Girolamo, doge	— 1559	43 Thierry count of Flanders	— 1118	51 William I. duke of Bavaria	— 1508
53 Priuli, Antonio, doge	— 1618	39 Thierry I. count of Friesland	— 922	52 William II. the Religious	— 1579
43 Rampret president of Tuscany	— 1131	40 Thierry II.	— 963	46 Zeno, Ranieri, doge of Venice	— 1252
52 Ranutius I. duke of Parma	— 1592	41 Thierry III. of Jerusalem	— 1003	44 Ziani, Sebastiano, doge	— 1173
53 Ranutius II.	— 1646	41 Thierry IV.	— 1039	45 Ziani, Pietro, doge	— 1205
47 Raoul duke of Lorraine	— 1328	42 Thierry V. count of Holland	— 1061		
43 Ratbod president of Tuscany	— 1119	43 Thierry VI.	— 1122		
		44 Thierry VII.	— 1190		

MEN OF EMINENCE

No	B. C.	No	B. C.	No	B. C.
11	—	18	—	18	103
12	—	19	—	17	196
10	—	12	—	13	398
11	—	13	—	19	—
11	—	14	—	20	—
11	—	11	—	20	—
11	—	12	—	20	—
13	—	13	—	19†	100
13	—	17	—	19	59
14	—	15	—	20	—
14	—	15	—	19	16
14	—	13	—	19	90
8	—	14	—	17	—
9	—	14	—	20	151
18	—	14	—	20	6
12	—	16	—	18	142
12	—	13	—	19	98
—	—	18	—	19	97
—	—	19	—	19	87
8	—	19	—	19	66
8	—	20	—	19	76
9	—	17	—	20	45
18	—	19	—	20	21
17	—	19	—	20	39
7	—	13	—	19	—
7	—	15	—	19	109
15	—	13	—	19	—
15	—	15	—	20	65
19	—	15	—	20	32
13	—	15	—	17	170
13	—	15	—	18	140
14	—	15	—	19	92
5	—	15	—		A. D.
9	—	15	—	40	978
9	—	15	—	44	1178
10	—	16	—	44	1197
10	—	16	—	43	1144
10	—	12	—	45	1246
11	—	14	—	47	1321
11	—	18	—	30	—
12	—	19	—	35	471
12	—	19	—	45	739
12	—	19	—	35	1216
13	—	6	—	42	1067
13	—	16	—	35	704
14	—	17	—	55	1711
14	—	17	—	38	856
14	—	12	—	40	995
14	—	12	—	40	990
14	—	5	—	23	114
20	—	8	—	28	353
8	—	11	—	27	314
10	—	15	—	26	291
10	—	17	—	32	565
10	—	13	—	37	816
12	—	13	—	50	1464
12	—	16	—	51	1515
14	—	12	—	37	818
11	—	12	—	40	986
11	—	17	—	28	400
11	—	17	—	53	1609
12	—	17	—	38	881
12	—	17	—	46	189
12	—	13	—	46	1260
12	—	17	—	35	740
12	—	13	—	40	981
19	—	13	—	37	841
13	—	13	—	31	509
15	—	14	—	36	782
16	—	13	—	34	681
5	—	13	—	44	1155
12	—	13	—	50	1498
12	—	14	—	39	947
19	—	14	—	56	1778
18	—	14	—	35	879
	—	14	—	43	1139
	—	14	—	28	374
	—	8	—	28	360

MEN OF EMINENCE

N ^o	A. D.	N ^o	A. D.	N ^o	A. D.						
28	Ammonianus of Alexandria	—	389	33	Amrus, Arabian general	—	640	53	Bentivoglio, Cardinal	—	1624
38	Anastatius, bibliothecarius	—	866	27	Anabalianus	—	326	55	Bentley, Dr. Richard	—	1709
51	Angelo, Michael	—	1522	29	Anatolius, Roman general	—	437	42	Berengaria of Angers	—	1059
29	Anianus of Alexandria	—	402	33	Andegisil, maire du palais	—	625	55	Berkeley, Bishop	—	1736
31	Anien, chancellor to Alaric	—	506	28	Andragathius, Roman general	—	382	43	Bernard St.	—	1133
50	Annius of Viterbo	—	1475	51	Angouleme, regent dss. of	—	1520	54	Bernini, John L.	—	1667
26	Anthony St.	—	281	51	Anguin, Count	—	1554	50	Bessarion, Cardinal	—	1453
45	Anthony St. of Padua	—	1221	28	Anicius Probus	—	370	55	Beveridge, Bishop	—	1707
21	Apion of Alexandria	—	33	48	Anjou, Louis duke of	—	1376	52	Beza, Theodore	—	1566
22	Apollonius Tyanæus	—	83	52	Anjon, duke of	—	1576	56	Blair, Dr. John, chronol.	—	1753
47	Apono, Peter de	—	1301	53	Anne of Austria	—	1650	56	Blackstone, Sir William	—	1766
23	Appian of Alexandria	—	143	51	Annebaut, Admiral	—	1538	49	Blondus, Flavius	—	1425
23	Aquila the Intrepreter	—	128	48	Anselm, Archbishop	—	1101	48	Boccaccio, Giovanni	—	1355
55	Arbuthnot, Dr. John	—	1725	55	Anson, Admiral lord	—	1747	52	Bodin, John	—	1572
31	Aredius, juriconsult	—	501	23	Antinous	—	127	53	Bodley, Sir Thomas	—	1610
49	Aretine, Leonard	—	1406	29	Antiochus the Persian	—	409	55	Boerhaave, Herman	—	1726
41	Aretine, Guy	—	1021	43	Aquitaine, William duke of	—	1123	31	Boethius, philosoph.	—	522
50	Argyropolis, Johannes	—	1457	28	Arbogastes, Roman minister	—	388	54	Boileau, Nicholas	—	1685
51	Ariosto, Ludovico	—	1507	33	Archambaud, maire du palais	—	646	46	Bonaventure, Cardinal	—	1256
23	Aristides of Athens	—	127	29	Ardaburus, Roman general	—	429	35	Boniface St.	—	732
27	Arius of Alexandria	—	325	52	Argyll, Archibald earl of	—	1569	52	Bossuet, bishop of Meaux	—	1693
42	Arius Polyhistor	—	1098	54	Argyll, Archibald marquis of	—	1651	54	Boyle, Hon. Robert	—	1675
52	Arminius, James	—	1591	53	Argyll, John duke of	—	1715	49	Boccaciolini, Poggio	—	1418
26	Arnobius of Sicca	—	285	55	Argyll, Archibald duke of	—	1736	55	Bradley, Dr. James	—	1744
43	Arnold of Brescia	—	1146	30	Ariadne, Empress	—	491	52	Brahe, Tycho	—	1586
57	Arnold, Dr. Thomas	—	1829	26	Arius Aprius	—	283	40	Bridferth of Ramsey	—	980
47	Arnoldus de Villanova	—	1306	26	Armentarius, Cæsar	—	291	47	Brompton, John	—	1328
23	Arrian	—	136	21	Arminius, German general	—	10	53	Brown, Sir Thomas	—	1642
23	Artemidorus Daldianus	—	146	33	Arnoul, maire du palais	—	613	54	Bruyere, John de la	—	1679
42	Arzachel of Toledo	—	1079	32	Arnulph, Lombard general	—	592	51	Bucer, Martin	—	1530
30	Asaph St. bishop	—	500	52	Arran, James earl of	—	1555	52	Buchanan, George	—	1559
22	Ascanius Pedianus	—	76	35	Artabadas, Eastern minister	—	736	56	Buffon, Count de	—	1767
52	Ascham, Roger	—	1560	47	Arteveldt, James de	—	1337	51	Bullinger, Henry	—	1543
21	Asinius Gallus	—	8	48	Arteveldt, Philip van	—	1382	54	Bunyan, John	—	1674
38	Asser, bishop of Sherborne	—	910	47	Artois, Robert d'	—	1334	44	Buono, Italian architect	—	1154
27	Athanasius St.	—	326	49	Arundel, Archbishop	—	1407	57	Burgess, Bishop	—	1825
24	Athenagoras	—	168	49	Arundel, John earl of	—	1425	54	Burns, Bishop	—	1692
24	Athenæus of Naucratis	—	172	26	Asclepiodotus, Roman minister	—	296	56	Burnet, Robert	—	1786
43	Athelard of Bath	—	1129	29	Aspar, Roman general	—	433	53	Burton, Robert	—	1621
55	Atterbury, bishop	—	1714	30	Aspar, Eastern patrician	—	468	54	Butler, Samuel	—	1662
28	Augustine St.	—	394	28	Athanasius, Gothic general	—	376	55	Butler, Bishop	—	1734
32	Augustine, abp. of Canterbury	—	597	26	Athenæus, Roman general	—	267	56	Butler, Charles	—	1797
23	Aulus Gellius	—	149	48	Audley, James lord	—	1359	57	Byron, George lord	—	1811
28	Aurelius Victor	—	363	26	Aureolus, tyrant of Illyria	—	965	51	Baber, Sultan	—	1523
28	Ausonius	—	379	28	Auxonius, proconsul in Asia	—	381	52	Bacon, Sir Nicholas	—	1561
43	Averroes of Cordova	—	1136	24	Avidius Cassius	—	171	33	Bahanes, Eastern general	—	631
41	Avicenna of Bochara	—	1001					44	Baldwin, abp. of Canterbury	—	1183
39	Azophi, Arabian astron.	—	934					26	Balista, Roman minister	—	257
56	Abercromby, Sir Ralph	—	1795					51	Barbarossa, Turkish general	—	1535
53	Abbot, Archbishop	—	1621	12	Bacchylides, lyric, the nephew of Simonides and rival of Pindar	—	450	23	Barchochebas the Jew	—	131
26	Achilleus, tyrant of Egypt	—	287	15	Berosus, hist.	—	279	38	Bardas, Michael	—	858
35	Adelasis, son of Musa	—	716	10	Bias of Priene, phil.	—	544	40	Bardas Sclerus	—	971
36	Adelgisus the Lombard	—	776					53	Barneveldt, Pensionary	—	1613
40	Ælfric, duke of Mercia	—	969					30	Basiliscus, Eastern general	—	465
29	Ætius, Western general	—	431	46	Bacon, Roger	—	1261	30	Brasilius, prætorian prefect	—	433
35	Agallianus, Eastern general	—	729	53	Bacon, Francis lord	—	1601	53	Bassompierre, Mareschal	—	1629
41	Agelnoth, abp. of Canterbury	—	1020	51	Bale, bishop of Ossory	—	1550	55	Bath, Puteney earl of	—	1730
48	Agnello, John	—	1364	45	Balsham, Hugh de, bishop of Ely	—	1247	55	Bathurst, Allen earl	—	1754
21	Agrippina, wife to Germanicus	—	19	53	Bancroft, Archbishop	—	1603	34	Batilda, regent of Neustria	—	660
22	Agrippina, Empress	—	51	56	Banks, Sir Joseph	—	1768	51	Beaton, Cardinal	—	1546
38	Ahmed, governor of Egypt	—	868	50	Barbarus, Hermolaus	—	1488	49	Beaufort, duke of Exeter	—	1413
34	Alahis, duke of Trent	—	692	48	Barbour, John	—	1375	49	Beaufort, Cardinal	—	1430
49	Albany, Robert regent duke of	—	1406	47	Barlaam the Calabrian	—	1341	49	Beaufort, Edmund duke of Som- merset	—	1450
49	Albany, Murdoch regent duke of	—	1420	52	Baroccio, Frederigo	—	1555	50	Beaujeau, Anne dame de	—	1483
51	Albany, John regent duke of	—	1513	52	Baronius, Cardinal	—	1578	44	Becket, Thomas à	—	1162
54	Albemarle, Monk duke of	—	1660	54	Barron, Dr. Isaac	—	1671	49	Bedford, John duke of	—	1424
39	Alberic, governor of Rome	—	933	56	Barthelemy, Abbe	—	1788	56	Bedford, John duke of	—	1753
55	Alberoni, Cardinal	—	1717	28	Basil St.	—	370	50	Behem, Martin, navigator	—	1486
47	Albornos, Cardinal	—	1348	54	Bayle, Peter	—	1688	51	Belisarius, general to Justinian	—	535
48	Albuquerque, minister to Peter the Cruel	—	1354	50	Beauchamp, bp. of Salisbury	—	1451	55	Bellisle, Mareschal	—	1739
51	Albuquerque, Alfonso	—	1503	35	Bede, the Venerable	—	731	53	Bellievre, Chancellor de	—	1601
42	Aldred, abp. of Canterbury	—	1066	53	Bellarmino, Cardinal	—	1606	30	Beorgor, king of the Alains	—	457
26	Allectus, tyrant of Britain	—	293	51	Bembo, Cardinal	—	1519	37	Bernhard, count of Barcelona	—	827
36	Alexius, Eastern general	—	782	31	Benedict St.	—	510	55	Berwick, Mareschal duke of	—	1703
38	Algitrudis, queen of Italy	—	894	34	Benedict Biscop, abbot of Wear- mouth	—	674	45	Bigod, Roger, earl marshal	—	1245
52	Allen, Cardinal	—	1586	44	Benedict, abbot of Peterborough	—	1189	46	Bigod, Roger, earl of Norfolk	—	1296
31	Amalasueta, regent of the Ostro- goths	—	527	44	Benjamin of Tudela	—	1169	52	Biron, Mareschal	—	1578
51	Amboise, Cardinal	—	1501	42	Benjzla of Bagdad	—	1076	54	Blake, Admiral	—	1654
56	Amherst, General lord	—	1776	57	Bentham, Jeremy	—	1806	45	Blanche, queen regent of France	—	1226
								44	Blois, Thibault count de	—	1172

MEN OF EMINENCE

N ^o	A. D.	N ^o	B. C.	N ^o	A. D.	
44	Blois, William de —	1191	11 Chionides first exhibits comedy	487	34 Callinicus of Heliopolis —	673
47	Blois, Charles de —	1345	10 Chærilus first exhibits tragedy	523	51 Calvin, John —	1543
22	Boadicea, queen of the Icenii	60	11 ——— opposed to Æschylus	499	52 Camden, William —	1600
48	Bocanegra, Spanish admiral	1372	11 ——— still living —	483	52 Camoens, Luis de —	1561
34	Bodillon, Count —	672	11 Chærilus of Samos, birth of —	479	41 Campanus of Novarro —	1030
55	Boehmond, prince of Tarentum	1098	12 ——— resides at Samos in the		44 Campanus of Lombardy —	1199
44	Bohun, Humphrey —	1173	time of Lysander —	404	56 Campbell, Dr. George —	1763
46	Bohun, Humphrey —	1292	13 ——— is received at the court		57 Canova Antonio —	1801
46	Boileau, Stephen —	1267	of Archelaüs, and dies, ante —	399	50 Capnio, John Reuchlin —	1493
51	Boleyn, queen Anne —	1534	11 Chrysiptus the stoic, birth of —	280	52 Caracci, Ludovico —	1587
55	Bolingbroke, St. John viscount	1711	16 ——— death of —	207	52 Caracci, Agostino —	1590
57	Bolivar, Simon —	1823	5 Cinæthion, poetæ —	765	52 Caracci, Annibale —	1596
29	Boniface, Count —	427	17 Cincius fl. —	190	52 Caravaggio, M. A. —	1599
51	Bonnivet, Admiral de —	1514	15 Cineas, orat., accompanies Pyrr-		51 Cardan, Jerome —	1547
50	Borgia, Cæsar —	1495	hus into Italy —	280	52 Caro, Annibale —	1551
57	Borgo, count Pozzo di —	1829	18 Clitomachus, phil. —	129	52 Casaubon, Isaac —	1594
56	Boscawen, Admiral —	1754	15 Cleanthes, phil. —	259	54 Cassini, John Dominic —	1696
40	Bouchard, count de Melun —	994	15 Colotes the stoic —	277	31 Cassiodorus, historian —	514
49	Boucicault, Mareschal —	1416	12 Comedy, decree to prohibit —	440	51 Castiglione, Balthazar —	1510
52	Bouillon, Turenne duke de —	1591	12 Comedy, prohibition repealed —	437	56 Cavendish, Hon. Henry —	1772
51	Bourbon, Constable —	1517	20 Conon, hist. —	36	50 Caxton, William —	1472
50	Bourchier, Cardinal —	1465	14 Crantor, phil. —	315	42 Cedrenus, George —	1057
53	Boyd, Robert lord —	1461	12 Crates, comic poet —	450	52 Cellini, Benvenuto —	1563
46	Brabazon, Roger de —	1289	14 Crates the cynic —	323	21 Celsus —	17
30	Brachila the Goth —	475	15 Crates, phil., the friend and disci-		25 Censorinus —	238
50	Bray, Sir Reginald —	1497	ple of Polemo —	287	35 Ceoffrid, abbot of Wearmouth —	701
50	Briconnet, Cardinal —	1489	17 Crates the grammarian at Rome	159	42 Cerularius, Michael —	1053
51	Brion, Admiral de —	1532	10 Cratinus, birth of —	519	52 Cervantes, Miguel —	1597
53	Bristol, Digby earl of —	1620	11 ——— gains the second prize		50 Chalcondyles, Demetrius —	1471
41	Brithric, English admiral —	1012	in comedy —	425	48 Chaucer, Geoffrey —	1396
46	Brosse, Peter de la —	1272	12 ——— gains the first prize in		57 Chantrey, Sir Francis —	1824
38	Bruern of Northumbria —	866	comedy —	423	49 Chicheley, Archbishop —	1414
56	Bruhl, Henry count —	1751	12 ——— death of —	422	53 Chillingworth, William —	1641
32	Brunehaut, queen to Sigebert —	572	20 Cratippus, peripat. —	44	48 Chrysolaris, Manuel —	1392
56	Brunswick, Prince Ferdinand of	1760	17 Critolaüs, peripat. ambassador to		28 Chrysostom St. —	396
49	Buchan, Earl of, constable of		Rome —	155	52 Ciacionius, Peter —	1568
France —	1421	12 Ctesias, hist. —	401	46 Cimabue, Italian painter —	1267	
53	Buckingham, Villiers duke of —	1622	13 Cydias, orat. —	352	47 Cincester, Richard of —	1348
54	Buckingham, Villiers duke of —	1668	17 Cæcilius, comic poet —	179	57 Clarke, Dr. Adam —	1810
36	Burchard, bp. of Wurtzburg —	751	17 ——— death of —	168	55 Clarke, Dr. Samuel —	1721
45	Burgh, Hubert de —	1220	20 Q. Cæcilius Epirota, birth of —	26	57 Clarke, Dr. Edward Daniel —	1808
52	Burghley, William lord —	1570	18 Calpurnius Piso, hist. —	149	28 Claudian —	397
56	Burke, Edmund —	1781	18 Cassius Hemina, hist. —	146	25 Clemens of Alexandria —	206
22	Burrhus, Roman minister —	54	19 Catullus, birth of —	87	52 Clavius, Cristopher —	1582
47	Bury, Richard de, bp. of Durham	1336	20 Cestius, rhetor. —	13	57 Cobbett, William —	1810
56	Bute, John earl of —	1762	18 Cicero, birth of —	106	50 Colet, Dr. John —	1496
39	Buzun the Turk —	942	19 ——— serves under the consul		32 Columbanus St. —	575
			Pompeius —	89	21 Columella —	32
		B. C.	19 ——— hears Philo and Molo		44 Comestor, Peter, of Troyes —	1172
20	Cæcilius the cotemporary of Dio-		at Rome —	88	43 Commena, Prs. Anna —	1117
nysius Halicarnassus —	29	19 ——— at Athens —	79	51 Cooke, Sir Anthony —	1546	
14	Calippus, astron. fl. —	329	19 ——— hears Molo at Rhodes	78	57 Cooper, Sir Astley —	1823
12	Callias, comic poet —	432	19 ——— returns to Rome —	77	51 Copernicus, Nicholas —	1521
15	Callimachus, poetæ —	256	19 ——— engaged in pleading —	76	54 Corneille, Peter —	1657
6	Callinus of Ephesus —	736	19 ——— quæstor —	75	51 Correggio, Antonio —	1526
14	Callisthenes, hist., death of —	328	19 ——— returns to Rome —	74	53 Cortona, Pietro da —	1627
13	Callistratus, orat. (and Iphicra-		19 ——— ædile —	69	53 Cotton, Sir Robert —	1616
tes) prosecute Timotheus —	373	19 ——— prætor —	66	51 Coverdale, Bishop —	1536	
13	—— at the congress of Sparta	371	19 ——— in toga candida —	64	56 Cowper, William —	1785
13	—— is banished —	361	19 ——— in exile —	53	55 Crebillon, P. J. de —	1713
13	—— is seated in the Cher-		19 ——— recalled —	57	52 Cujas, James —	1567
sonese, —	356	19 ——— proconsul in Cilicia —	51	35 Cuthred, abbot of Yarrow —	748	
13	—— and put to death on his		20 ——— returns to Rome —	49	57 Cuvier, Frederic Baron —	1830
return to Athens —	—	20 ——— arrives at Brundisium		41 Cynewulf, bp. of Winchester	1016	
17	Callistratus, gram., the disciple		from Pharsalia —	48	26 Cyprian St. —	251
of Aristophanes —	154	20 ——— at Brundisium with		28 Cyril of Jerusalem —	351	
16	Carneades of Cyrene, founder of		Cæsar —	47	29 Cyril, bp. of Alexandria —	412
the new academy, birth of —	213	20 ——— death of —	43	22† Calpurnius Crassus —	96	
17	—— ambassador to Rome —	155	19 L. Cincius Alimentus, hist. —	190	56 Camden, Lord chief justice —	1763
18	—— death of —	129	19 Claudius, grammaticus —	100	51 Campegio, Cardinal —	1528
19	Castor, chronographer —	56	18 Cælius Antipater, Roman hist. —	123	57 Canning, George —	1822
12	Cephalus, orat. —	402	20 Cornelius Gallus, elegiac. præ-		25 Capellianus, general in Mauri-	
13	—— moves the decree for		fect of Egypt —	30	tania —	237
assisting the Theban exiles —	379	20 Cornelius Nepos —	40	21 Caractacus, king of Britain —	47	
12	Cephisodorus gains the prize in		20 Cornificius, poetæ, death of —	41	26 Carausius, tyrant of Britain —	286
comedy —	402	20 Curio, death of —	49	56 Carleton, Guy, lord Dorchester	1771	
14	Cephisophon, orat. —	340	20 Curtius Nicia, gram. —	45	54 Carstares, Rev. William —	1692
10	Charon of Lampsacus, hist. —	504			29 Castinus, Western general —	417
8	Chersias of Orchomenus, poetæ	605		A. D.	56 Castreagh, Robert viscount —	1800
9	Chilon, phil. —	596	51 Cabot, Sebastian —	1523	47 Castreacani, Castruccio —	1322
9	—— ephor at Sparta —	556	34 Cædmon, Anglo Saxon poet —	680	50 Castriot, George, ‘Scanderbeg’	1451

MEN OF EMINENCE

N ^o	A. D.	N ^o	B. C.	N ^o	A. D.
31	—	19	—	51	1504
49	1440	14	—	52	1577
34	695	14	—	54	1683
54	1700	11	—	51	1502
48	1357	13	—	46	1291
49	1422	13	—	52	1593
56	1766	13	—	46	1275
47	1328	13	—	54	1312
52	1552	13	—	51	1505
55	1749	13	—	55	1720
35	—	13	—	49	1404
28	725	13	—	49	1411
32	357	13	—	50	1481
32	556	14	—	27	334
29	447	14	—	35	738
42	1075	14	—	56	1776
49	1415	14	—	53	1611
54	1661	15	—	54	1665
23	—	15	—	49	—
24	146	11	—	22	1442
24	188	11	—	47	97
26	266	20	—	47	1316
51	1539	13	—	47	1319
56	1773	14	—	54	1690
24	—	14	—	25	217
55	1728	14	—	51	1349
53	1606	15	—	32	577
54	1669	15	—	51	1527
57	1817	11	—	52	1598
52	1562	13	—	54	1674
57	1805	18	—	47	1313
50	1494	19	—	49	1417
50	1482	19	—	52	1589
23	136	14	—	44	1152
45	—	17	—	21	18
54	1216	15	—	51	1533
54	1675	15	—	48	1370
52	1560	10	—	51	1516
53	1648	13	—	50	1797
29	408	13	—	56	1791
29	444	15	—	40	962
29	412	15	—	—	—
56	1772	15	—	4	895
42	1090	18	—	4	835
22	52	13	—	11	455
53	1619	20	—	12	434
22	87	20	—	14	340
46	1257	13	—	11	—
56	1799	13	—	11	500
50	1475	14	—	14	341
48	1381	14	—	14	—
53	1628	8	—	14	329
55	1714	15	—	14	323
51	1530	15	—	14	—
49	1438	—	—	14	310
40	983	54	—	14	306
27	317	42	—	15	270
51	1531	35	—	15	340
54	1653	47	—	7	659
37	807	52	—	9	596
55	1746	51	—	16	217
28	385	51	—	15	—
26	—	57	—	15	258
8	—	55	—	15	275
8	—	51	—	16	223
14	—	38	—	17	194
14	—	53	—	8	611
14	—	55	—	13	352
15	—	45	—	13	375
15	—	37	—	14	—
15	—	24	—	14	—
15	—	25	—	12	432
15	—	26	—	13	368
17	—	21	—	15	300
		24	—	13	485
		53	—	11	485
		53	—	11	566

ALPHABETICAL TABLES

II.

MEN OF EMINENCE

N ^o	B. C.	N ^o	A. D.	N ^o	A. D.
5	Eumelus of Corinth, epic poet	52	Essex, Robert earl of	24	Galen
16	Euphantus of Olynthus, hist., the preceptor of Antigonus Doson	53	Essex, Robert earl of	53	Galileo
	246	39	Ethelwald, Prince	53	Garrick, David
12	Euphorion, trag., son of Æschylus, gains the prize against Sophocles and Euripides	40	Ethelwold, Earl	53	Gassendi, Peter
	431	35	Eudes, duke of Aquitaine	49	Gaza, Theodore
15	Euphorion of Chalcis, phil., birth of	41	Eudes, count de Chartres	40	Geber of Seville
	274	30	Eudoxia, empress	30	Gelasius of Cyzicum
16	— librarian to Antiochus, death of	55	Eugene, Prince	30	Gennadius of Constantinople
	221	28	Eugenius, tyrant of the Western empire	30	Gennadius of Marseilles
12	Eupolis, comic poet	44	Eustace, earl	44	Geoffrey of Monmouth
12	— contends with Aristophanes	57	Exmouth, Admiral lord	33	George of Pisidia
	425			36	Georgius Syncellus
11	Euripides, birth of			45	Gervase of Canterbury
12	— gains the third prize in tragedy		B. C.	51	Gesner, Conrad
	455	16	Fabius Pictor the historian is in the Gallic war	56	Gibbon, Edward
12	— contends with Achæus and Sophocles		225	57	Gifford, William
12	— gains the first prize in tragedy	16	— ambassador to Delphi	32	Gildas, hist.
	441		216	47	Giola, Flavio
12	— contends with Sophocles and Euphorion	18	C. Fannius the historian serves with Scipio at Carthage	54	Giordano, Luca
	431		146	51	Giorgione, 'Barbarelli'
12	— exhibits with Iophon and Ion	18	— serves in Spain	47	Giotto, Italian painter
	428	18	Furius Bibaculus, poëta	44	Giraldus Cambrensis
12	— and with Xenocles		102	41	Glaber of Clugni
	415	20	The Furnii	37	Godeschalvus Fulgentius
12	— death of			56	Godsmith, Oliver
	406		A. D.	48	Gower, John
16	Evander succeeds Lacydes in the Middle Academy	55	Fabricius, John Albert	54	Grævius, John George
	215	51	Fagius, Paul	44	Gratian of Clusium
9	Ezekiel the Prophet	44	Falcandus, Hugh	56	Gray, Thomas
	594	23	Favorinus, philosoph.	25	Gregory Thaumaturgus
9	— prophecies against Tyre and Egypt	35	Felix, hist.	26	Gregory, jurisconsult
	587	55	Fenelon, abp. of Cambray	28	Gregory Nazianzen
9	— his Vision in the Captivity	50	Ficinus, Marsilius	23	Gregory, bp. of Nyssa
	573	55	Fielding, Henry	32	Gregory of Tours
16†	Ennius, poëta, birth of	51	Fisher, Bishop	54	Gregory, James
	239	44	Fitzstephen, William	47	Gregorias Nicephoras
16	— brought to Rome by the quæstor Cato	48	Flamel, Nicholas	50	Grocyin, William
	204	55	Flamsteed, John	54	Gronovius, John T.
17	— accompanies the consuls Fulvius into Etolia	23	Florus	54	Gronovius, James
	189	27	Flavius Vopiscus	45	Grosseteste, Robert, bp. of Lincoln
17	— death of	54	Fontaine, John de la		1423
	169	48	Fontenelle, Bernard	53	Grotius, Hugo
	A. D.	49	Fordun, John	53	Gruter, Janus
43	Eadmer, abbot of St. Albans	49	Fortescue, Sir John	51	Guercino, Giovanni
	1124	35	Forthere, bp. of Sherborne	53	Guicciardini, Francis
35	Egbert, abp. of York	52	Fox, John	53	Guido, 'Rheni'
28	Ephraim Cyrus		1556	49	Guttemberg, John
22	Epictetus	41	Franco of Liege	45	Guzman, Dominic de
28	Epiphanius	35	Fredegaire, Fr. chron.	28†	Gainas, tyrant of Asia
51	Erasmus, Desiderius	48	Froissant, John	28	Gallas, Roman minister
35	Ethelwold, abbot of Lindisfarne	22	Frontinus	50	Gama, Vasco de
40	Ethelwold, bp. of Winchester	30	Fulgentius	51	Gardiner, bp. of Winchester
39	Eudes de Cluni	49	Fust, John	43	Garlande, Anseau de
55	Euler, Leonard	55†	Fagel, Greffier Francis	43	Garlande, William de
28	Eunapius of Sardis	53	Fairfax, Thomas lord	43	Garlande, Stephen de
27	Eusebius Pamphilus	43	Falkland, Cary viscount	49	Gascoigne, Sir William
44	Eustathius, comment. on Homer	49	Fastolf, Sir John	47	Gaveston, Piers
28	Eutropius	23	Faustina, Empress Galeria	21	Germanicus
29	Eutyches of Constantinople	24	Faustina, Empress	42	Gervais, abp. of Rheims
28	Evagrius Ponticus	28	Favritta the Goth	22	Gessius Florus, governor of Judea
32	Evagrius Scholasticus	44	Fitz Peter, Geoffrey	46	Giffard, Walter, abp. of York
54	Evelyn, John	21	Flaccus, governor of Egypt	28	Gildo, governor of Africa
34†	Æbroin, maire du palais	42	Flambard, Ranulph	35	Gilulfus, duke of Beneventum
45	Eccelino, general of the Ghibellines	55	Fleury, Cardinal	44	Glanville, Ranulf de
	1232	51	Foix, Gaston de	48	Glendour, Owen
30	Ecdicius, Roman minister	55	Forbes, Lord president	43	Gloucester, Robert earl of
42	Edgar Atheling	48	Foret, Pierre de la	45	Gloucester, Gilbert earl of
41	Edric, minister to Ethelred		1353	46	Gloucester, Richard earl of
48	Edward the Black Prince	38	Fort, Robert de	46	Gloucester, Gilbert earl of
42	Edwin and Morcar	51	Fox, bishop of Winchester	49	Gloucester, Humphry duke of
33	Ega, maire du palais	56	Fox, Charles James	55	Godolphin, Sidney earl of
30	Egidius, Roman general	56	Franklin, Benjamin	41	Godwin, earl of Kent
37	Eginhard, secretary to Charlemagne	32	Fredegonde, queen to Chilperic	37	Gombaudo, French minister
	811	56	Frederic, Prince of Wales	51	Gonsalvo, general to Ferdinand
52	Egmont, Count	28	Fritigernes Gothic general	38	Goscelin, bishop of Paris
57	Eldon, John earl of	30	Fronto, Western minister	56	Grafton, Augustus duke of
24	Electus, Roman minister	36	Fulrad, French minister	52	Granville, Cardinal
39	Elfleda, daughter to Alfred			55	Granville, John earl of
53	Ellesmere, Thomas lord		B. C.	27	Gregory, Roman minister
45	Enguerrand de Couci	19	Geminus of Rhodes, math.		1764
31	Ephrem, Eastern minister	11	Gorgias, orat.		
56	Erskine, Thomas lord	12	— ambassador from Leontium to Athens		
49	Essars, Pierre des				

II.

ALPHABETICAL TABLES

MEN OF EMINENCE

N ^o	A. D.	N ^o	A. D.	N ^o	B. C.
56 Grenville, William lord	— 1790	53 Harvey, Dr. William	— 1619	9 Ibycus, poëta	— 560
52 Gresham, Sir Thomas	— 1571	56 Haydn, Francis Joseph	— 1798	15 Idomeneus, first Lampsacus, hist.	— 277
33 Grimoald, maire du palais	— 647	28 Heliodorus	— 398	11 Ion of Chios first exhibits tragedy	— 451
52 Grindal, Bishop	— 1580	44 Henry of Huntingdon	— 1156	12 ——— died before the exhibition of the <i>Eipivn</i>	— 419
40 Grisegonelle, Geoffrey	— 986	46 Henry of Ghent	— 1279	12 Iophon trag. son of Sophocles, contended with Eurypides and Ion	— 428
45 Guerin, chancellor to Louis VIII.	— 1223	49 Henry the Scottish Minstrel	— 1446	12 ——— still living	— 405
52 Guise, Francis duke of	— 1558	41 Hereman, bp. of Sherborne	— 1050	12 Ionian alphabet adopted	— 403
52 Guise, Henry duke of	— 1574	41 Hermannus Contractus	— 1041	5 Isaiah the Prophet	— 757
		24 Hermogenes, rhetor.	— 161	12 Isocrates, birth of	— 436
		26 Hermogenes, jurisconsult	— 289	14 ——— death of	— 338
8 Habakkuk the Prophet	— 612	25 Herodian, hist.	— 247	16 Ister, poëta, the disciple of Callimachus	— 236
10 Haggal the Prophet	— 519	56 Herschell, Sir William	— 1779		
10 Hecatæus, hist. fl.	— 520	31 Hesychius of Alexandria	— 521		A. D.
10 ——— assists at the deliberations of the Ionians	— 501	48 Higden, Ralph	— 1357	22 Ignatius, St.	— 93
12 Hegemon, comic poet, introduces parody and is protected by Alcibiades	— 413	27 Hilary, St.	— 341	42 Ingulphus, abbot of Croyland	— 1066
14 ——— put to death with Phocion and Pythocles	— 317	43 Hildebert, abp. of Tours	— 1125	24 Irenæus, St.	— 182
14 Hegisippus, orat.	— 340	37 Hincmarus, abp. of Rheims	— 845	33 Isidore, bp. of Seville	— 609
17 Hegisinus the Platonic philosopher	— 185	55 Hoadley, Bishop	— 1730	20 Illus, Eastern minister	— 480
11 Hellanicus, hist. birth of	— 496	53 Hobbes, Thomas	— 1648	48 Ireland, Vere duke of	— 1383
11 ——— still living	— 406	55 Hogarth, William	— 1746		
10 Heraclitus, phil.	— 503	51 Holbein, Hans	— 1528		B. C.
10 Heraclitus of Halicarnassus, poëta	— 249	56 Home, John	— 1757	19 Jason the Stoic, successor of Posidonius	— 51
16 Heraclitus of the Middle Comedy	— 348	52 Hooker, Richard	— 1592	8 Jeremiah the Prophet	— 628
14 Heraclides of the Middle Comedy	— 348	52 Hooper, Bishop	— 1553	5 Joel the Prophet	— 800
18 Heraclides Lembus, hist.	— 148	56 Horsley, Bishop	— 1783	4 Jonah the Prophet	— 839
15 Hermachus the Epicurean	— 270	52 Hotomannus, Francis	— 1575	20 Juba the historian brought to Rome	— 46
19 Hermagoras, rhetor.	— 62	54 Hough, Bishop	— 1699		A. D.
12 Hermippus, comic poet, prosecutes Aspasia	— 432	54 Hoveden, Roger de	— 1192	27 Jamblicus	— 342
16 Hermippus of Smyrna, biog.	— 203	56 Howard, John	— 1774	56 Jenner, Dr. Edward	— 1796
11 Herodotus, birth of	— 484	55 Huet, bp. of Avranches	— 1704	28 Jerome, St.	— 387
11 ——— recites his history at the Olympic games	— 456	56 Hume, David	— 1754	49 Jerome of Prague	— 1413
12 ——— goes to Thurium	— 443	43 Humenus of Egypt	— 1148	33 John of Alexandria, hist.	— 617
12 ——— æt. 75, still employed upon his history	— 409	49 Huss, John	— 1411	35 John of Beverley	— 718
4 Hesiod flourished	— 897	56 Hutton, Dr. Charles	— 1781	44 John of Salisbury	— 1163
14 Hieronymus of Cardia, hist. negotiates between Eumenes and Antigonus	— 318	54 Huygens, Christian	— 1669	45 John of Pisa	— 1228
14 ——— falls into the hands of Antigonus upon the death of Eumenes	— 315	35 Hwethert, abbot of Wearmouth	— 745	56 Johnson, Dr. Samuel	— 1755
15 ——— appointed governor of Bœotia by Demetrius upon the death of Antigonus	— 293	27 Hypatia, daughter to Theon	— 408	23 Joinville, John de	— 1253
16 Hieronymus of Rhodes, stoic	— 250	48 Ilales, Robert de	— 1376	53 Jones, Inigo	— 1629
11 Hippocrates, birth of	— 460	54 Halifax, George marquis of	— 1684	56 Jones, Sir William	— 1780
12 ——— flourished	— 431	53 Hampden, John	— 1636	53 Jonson, Ben	— 1612
13 ——— death of	— 357	47 Harcourt, Geoffrey d'	— 1342	31 Jornandes, hist.	— 541
17 Hipparchus, astr. obs. 162—159—147—146—143—135—128	— 158	55 Harcourt, Sir Simon	— 1712	22 Josephus	— 71
10 Hipponax of Ephesus, poëta	— 546	55 Hardwicke, Philip earl of	— 1737	24 Julius Pollux	— 186
5 Hosea the Prophet	— 785	37 Hasan the Saracen	— 812	25 Julius Africanus	— 220
4 Homer flourished	— 1000	50 Hastings, William lord	— 1480	26 Julius Capitolinus	— 300
15 Homerus, trag.	— 278	56 Hastings, Warren	— 1788	23 Justin, hist.	— 148
20 Hybreas the orator opposes Labienus at Mylasa	— 40	57 Hastings, Francis marquis of	— 1811	23 Justin Martyr	— 139
14 Hyperides, orat. death of	— 321	47 Hatfield, bp. of Durham	— 1346	22 Juvenal	— 96
19† Horace, birth of	— 65	38 Hatto, abp. of Mentz	— 900	53† Jeannin, President	— 1609
20 ——— present at the battle of Philippi	— 42	55 Hawke, Admiral lord	— 1748	49 Joan of Arc	— 1428
20 ——— death of	— 8	56 Hawkesbury, Charles lord	— 1789	29 John the Notary	— 423
18 Hortensius, orat. birth of	— 114	48 Hawkwood, Sir John	— 1373	31 John the Cappadocian	— 528
19 ——— defends Verres	— 70	56 Heathfield, General lord	— 1775	41 John, brother to Michael IV.	— 1037
19 ——— consul	— 69	21 Helicon, Roman minister	— 38	52 Joyeuse, duke de	— 1575
20 ——— death of	— 50	47 Hengham, Sir Ralph	— 1304	27 Judith, Empress	— 828
20 Hyginus, Grammaticus	— 47	34 Heraclius, Eastern minister	— 667	25 Julia, mother to Elagabalus	— 219
		27 Hierocles, governor of Alexandria	— 1169	22 Julian, governor in Britain	— 94
		37 Hilduin, French minister	— 817	35 Julian, Count	— 711
		57 Hill, General lord	— 1815	22 Julius Agricola	— 77
		39 Himerius Eastern general	— 902	25 Julius Celsus, Roman general	— 232
		56 Holland, Henry lord	— 1759	25 Julius Palmatus, general in Armenia	— 234
		57 Holland, Henry lord	— 1826	23 Julius Severus, governor of Britain	— 122
		53 Holles, Denzil	— 1638	32 Justinian, Eastern general	— 576
		54 Holt, Lord chief justice	— 1689	53 Juxon, Bishop	— 1649
		52 Horn, Count	— 1564		
		51 Howard, Queen Katherine	— 1540		
		52 Howard, Admiral lord	— 1588		
		56 Howe, Admiral lord	— 1794		
		38 Hubba the Dane	— 872		
		39 Hugh the Great, French minister	— 923		
		36 Hunaud, duke of Aquitaine	— 763		
		49 Hunniades, John Corvinus	— 1443		
		57 Hutchinson, General lord	— 1801		
				53 Kepler, John	— 1613
				50 Kempis, Thomas à	— 1454
				55 Klopstock, Frederic	— 1750
				52 Knox, John	— 1564
				51 Katherine, Queen	— 1529

MEN OF EMINENCE

N ^o	A. D.	N ^o	A. D.	N ^o	B. C.
55†	Macclesfield, Thomas earl of — 1718	53	Napier, John — 1614	13	Philyllius, comic poet — 394
57	Mackintosh, Sir James — 1809	37	Neot, St., abbot of Glastonbury 850	14	Philippides, one of the six stand-
21	Macro, Roman minister — 32	29	Nestorius, of Constantinople — 427	ards of the New Comedy — 335	
51	Magellan, Ferdinand de — 1510	55	Newton, Sir Isaac — 1701	14	— is intimate with Lysi-
27	Magnentius the tyrant — 350	57	Niehbuh, B. G. hist. — 1816	machus — 301	
36	Mahomed, Saracen general — 905	35	Nothelm, abp. of Canterbury — 741	15	Philiscus Corcyræus, trag. — 278
54	Maintenon, Madame de — 1694	21†	Narcissus, Roman minister — 44	12	Philistus, hist. — 406
57	Malcolm, Sir John — 1810	33	Narses, Eastern general — 602	13	— slain by the Syracusans 356
25	Mammaea, mother to Severus — 223	56	Nelson, Admiral lord — 1798	10	Philo, phil. succeeds Clitomachus
41	Mannasses, George — 1043	50	Nevil, earl of Warwick — 1456	in the New Academy, cir. — 111	
56	Mansfield, William earl of — 1780	53	Newcastle, William marquis of 1643	11	— flourished — 91
33	Manuel, governor in Egypt — 634	55	Newcastle, Thomas duke of — 1744	19	— comes to Rome — 88
30	Marcellinus, Western minister 463	36	Nicephorus, Eastern minister — 775	14	Philochorus, hist. <i>ἱεροσόμπος</i> at
23	Marcellus, Roman minister — 103	35	Nicetas, Eastern general — 745	Athens — 306	
47	March, Mortimer earl of — 1326	56	North, Frederic lord — 1770	14	Philocrates, orat. — 340
24	Marcia, favourite of Commodus 186	53	Northampton, Howard earl of 1608	6	Philoaiis of Corinth — 728
23	Marcus Turbo, governor in Judea 118	48	Northumberland, Henry earl of 1386	16	Philostephanus of Cyrenë, hist. 249
47	Marigni, Enguerrand de — 1305	52	Northumberland, Dudley duke of 1551	13	Philoxenus, poëta — 398
55	Marlborough, John duke of — 1704	54	Nottingham, Heneage earl of — 1663	13	— death of — 380
39	Marozia, mistress to Sergius III. 909	24	Numerianus, Roman general — 198	10	Phrynichus gains the prize in
54	Marvell, Andrew — 1672			tragedy — 511	
55	Masham, Abigail lady — 1707			11	— flourished — 483
40	Matilda, mother of Ocho — 957	20	Octavian library founded — 33	11	— victor in tragedy — 476
43	Maud, Empress — 1140	9	Obadiah the Prophet — 588	12	Phrynichus, comic poet, first ex-
33	Maurice, governor of Rome — 641	14	Onesicritus, the pilot of Alex- 326	hibits — 435	
22	Maximus, general in Germany 92	19†	Octacilius Plotus, rhetor. — 81	16	Phylarchus, hist. — 219
23	Maximus — 113	19	Orbilius Pupillus, gram. settles 63	10	Pindar, birth of — 518
52	Mayenne, Duke de — 1585			11	— present at the battle of
53	Mazarine, Cardinal — 1646			Salamis — 480	
52	Medici, Catherine de — 1572			12	— death of — 439
41	Melenda, Gonzales — 1001	47	Occam, William — 1330	8	Pisander of Camira, poëta — 647
52	Melvil, Sir James — 1587	39	Odo, abp. of Canterbury — 941	7	Pitacus of Mytilenë, birth of 651
52	Mervæus, son to Chilperic — 571	29	Olympiodorus of Alexandria — 443	9	— death of — 569
21	Messalina, Empress — 43	25	Oppian — 213	12	Plato, phil. birth of — 429
23	Minucius Fundanus, proconsul 124	43	Ordericus Vitalis — 1143	12	— attends to hear Socrates 409
in Asia — 124		25	Origen — 231	13	— withdraws to Megara 399
25	Misitheus, Roman minister — 239	56	Orme, Robert — 1771	13	— serves in the battle of
26	Mnesithus, the Notary — 274	40	Oswald, abp. of York — 972	Corinth — 395	
28	Modestus, Roman minister — 366	43	Otho Freisingensis — 1144	13	— visits Sicily — 389
31	Modred, usurper in Britain — 537	54	Otway, Thomas — 1681	14	— death of — 347
47	Molay, James de — 1310	26†	Odenatus, king of Palmyra — 263	12	Plato the comic poet exhibits — 428
54	Monmouth, James duke of — 1681	49	Oldcastle, lord Cobham — 1410	13	— still living — 391
48	Montagu, John de — 1385	53	Olivarez, Gaspar duke of — 1630	14	Polemio, phil. succeeds Xenoc-
45	Montfort, Simon count de — 1208	55	Onslow, Arthur — 1740	rates in the Old Academy — 315	
45	Montfort, earl of Leicester — 1244	30	Orestes — 474	15	— death of — 270
42	Monttheri, Hugh de — 1092	54	Orford, Russell earl of — 1693	17	Polemio, periegeta — 199
45	Montmorency, Constable Mat- 1214	49	Orleans, Louis duke of — 1403	17	Polybius at the funeral of Philo-
de — 1214		55	Orleans, Philip, regent duke of 1716	pœmen — 182	
47	Montmorency, Charles de — 1349	54	Ormond, James duke of — 1662	17	— ambassador to Egypt 181
52	Montmorency, Constable de — 1557	42	Osmund, bp. of Sarum — 1078	17	— <i>ἱππάρχος</i> — 169
53	Montrose, James marquis of — 1641	52	Ossat, Cardinal — 1592	17	— ambassador to the con-
57	Moore, General Sir John — 1808	52	Ossuna, Duke of — 1600	sul Marcus at Perrhabia — 169	
47	Moray, Randolph earl of — 1314	55	Osterman, Count — 1732	17	— and Lycortas, advocate
52	Moray, James, regent, earl of — 1568	21	Ostorius, Roman general — 49	the cause of the Ptolemies — 168	
51	More, Sir Thomas — 1525	53	Oxenstiern, Chancellor — 1631	17	— with the Achæan exiles 167
49	Mortimer, Edward earl of March 1412	55	Oxford, Harley earl of — 1710	17	— returns with the exiles
50	Morton, Bishop — 1479			to Greece — 151	
52	Morton, James, regent, earl of 1573			18	— is sent for by the consul
42	Mowbray, Robert de — 1087			Manilius — 149	
22	Mucianus, Roman minister — 69	18	Panætius the Stoic accompanies 143	18	— at the fall of Carthage
28	Musonianus, Roman minister — 354	11	Panyasis the poet, uncle of Hero- 489	and of Coriuth — 146	
32	Mummol, French general — 575	11	— put to death — 457	18	— still living — 129
		15	Parian marble terminates — 264	7	Polymnastus of Colophon, lyric 675
		10	Parmenides, poet and phil. birth of 519	13	Polyzelus probably of the Old
		10	— flourished — 503	Comedy — 364	
		11	— still living — 455	15	Posidippus, one of the six stand-
		13	Parrhasius, pictor. — 396	ards of the New Comedy, be- 289	
		19	Parthenius of Nicaea, the poet and 420	19	Posidonius the stoic, ambassador
		12	Pherecrates, comic poet — 600	to Rome from Rhodes — 86	
		9	Pherecydes of Syros, phil. birth of 544	19	— comes to Rome — 51
		10	— still living — 480	11	Pratinas, trag. contends with
		11	Pherecydes of Athens, hist. — 480	Æschylus — 499	
		12	Phidias dedicates his statue of 438	13	Praxiteles, sculptor — 363
		12	— Minerva in the Parthenon — 432	12	Prodicus, phil. — 435
		12	— death of — 432	12	Protagoras, phil. flourished — 444
		14	Philemon, one of the six stand- 330	— comes to Athens — 422	
			ards of the New Comedy be- 304	14	Protogenes, pictor — 304
			gins to exhibit — 330	17	Ptolemy of Megalopolis, hist. 195
				governs Cyprus — 195	
				20	Pylades mimus — 122
6	Nahum the Prophet — 721				
16	Neanthes of Cyzicum, hist. — 241				
20	Nestor of Tarsus, the preceptor 23				
of Marcellus — 23					
17	Nicaner of Colophon, poëta — 182				
18	— still living — 138				
20	Nicetes, rhetor. — 31				
19	Nicolaus Damascenus, hist. — 53				
20	— is in favour with Herod 16				
13	Nicochares the comic poet con- 388				
tends with Aristophanes — 388					
13	Nicophon the comic poet con- 388				
tends with Aristophanes — 388					
14	Nossis of Locri, poetria epig. — 356				
16†	Nævius the poet fl. — 235				
16	— death of — 201				

MEN OF EMINENCE

No	B. C.	No	A. D.	No	B. C.
14	Pyrrho, phil.the disciple of Anax-archus	21	Pomponius Mela	53	Rembrandt, Paul
10	Pythagoras, phil.	50	Pontanus, John Jovius	57	Rennie, John
11	death of	55	Pope, Alexander	56	Rennel, Major John
14	Pythocles put to death with Phocion	26	Porphyry	56	Reynolds, Sir Joshua
9	Pythocritus of Sicily, victor at the Pythian games	56	Porson, Richard	40	Rhazes Abubeker
16†	Pacuvius,,trag. birth of	53	Poussin, Nicholas	52	Riccoboni, Anthony
17	flourished	54	Prideaux, Humphrey	50	Richmond, Margaret Countess of
18	exhibits	31	Priscian of Cæsarea	48	Robert of Avesbury
20	Passienus, orat. death of	29	Proclus of Lycea	56	Robertson, Dr. William
17	Plautus, death of	31	Procopius, hist.	53	Rochefoucault, Duke de
19	Plotius Gallus, rhetor.	40	Prosper of Aquitaine	52	Rochester, Ernulph bp. of
19	L.Pomponius,Atellanarum scriptor	28	Prudentius	51	Romano, Giulio
16	M. Porcius Cato, birth of	42	Psellus, Michael	56	Roscoe, William
16	quæstor	23	Ptolemy, geog.	58	Roscard, Peter
17	consul	54	Puffendorf, Samuel	56	Rousseau, Jean Jaques
17	military tribune	54	Purcell, Henry	53	Rosa, Salvator
17	censor	51†	Pace, Dr. Richard	55	Rowe, Nicholas
17	pleads his own cause	21	Pallas, Roman minister	53	Rubens, Sir Peter Paul
18	prosecutes Galba	23	Pallua, governor of Syria	29†	Radagaisus, gothic general
18	death of	28	Para, king of Armenia	35	Rainfroy, maire du palais
20	M.Porcius Latro, the preceptor of Ovid, fl.	39	Parris, Robert count de	52	Raleigh, Sir Walter
20	death of	51	Parr, queen Katherine	26	Regillianus, tyrant of Pannonia
20	Propertius flourished	55	Patinho, Don Joseph	47	Remi, Peter
	A. D.	29	Paulinus, Western minister	53	Retz, Cardinal de
56	Paley, Dr. William	30	Pelagius, Eastern patrician	29	Rhoilus, Scythian general
52	Palladio, Andrea	55	Pelham, Henry	53	Richelieu, Cardinal
29	Panodorus of Alexandria	44	Pembroke, Strongbow earl of	49	Richemont, Constable
25	Papinianus, jurisprud.	45	Pembroke, Wm. Marshal earl of	30	Ricimer, Western minister
28	Pappus of Alexandria	45	Pembroke, Richard earl of	47	Rienzi, Nicholas
45	Paris, William bishop of	46	Pembroke, Adomar earl of	55	Ripperda, Duke de
45	Paris, Matthew	48	Pembroke, Hastings earl of	43	Rivaleux, Peter de
56	Park, Mungo	33	Pepin, maire du palais	45	Roches, Peter bp. of Winchester
52	Parker, Archbishop	57	Perceval, Spencer	56	Rockingham, Charles marq. of
51	Farmigiano, Francesco	48	Percy, Henry 'Hotspur' lord	44	Roderick, king of Connaught
56	Parr, Dr. Samuel	24	Perennis, Roman minister	42	Roderigo, 'The Cid'
54	Pascal, Blaise	54	Peterborough, Charles earl of	56	Rodney, Admiral lord
26	Paul of Samostrata	27	Philagrius, governor of Egypt	53	Rohan, Henry duke de
31	Paul the Silentiary	32	Philippicus, Eastern general	57	Ronilly, Sir Samuel
29	Paulinus bishop of Nola	39	Phocas, Eastern general	36	Rotgaut, general in Italy
37	Paulinus patriarch of Aquilea	40	Phocas, Eastern general	28	Ruffinus, Western minister
29	Paulus Orosius, hist.	22	Piso, favourite of Galba	31	Ruffinus, Eastern minister
24	Pausanias	57	Picton, General Sir Thomas	54	Russell, William lord
29	Pelagius	56	Pitt, William	54	Ruyter, Admiral de
22	Persius	25	Philip the younger		B. C.
53	Petavius, Dionysius	29	Placidia, Empress	9	Sacados of Argos
30	Peter the Fuller	25	Plautianus, Roman minister	16	Samius the poet begins to be distinguished
42	Peter the Hermit	23	Plotina, Empress	8	Sappho
44	Peter of Blois	56	Pole, Cardinal	12	Sannyrrio, comic poet
48	Petrarch, Francis	52	Pombal, Marquis de	17	Satyrus peripat.
22	Petronius Arbitr	53	Portland, Weston earl of	19	Scymnus of Chios, poetâ
29	Peurbacius, George	54	Portland, William earl of	16	Silenus hist.
21	Phædrus	26	Posthumius, tyrant of Gaul	7	Simonides of Amorgus
49	Philelphus, Francis	25	Priscus, governor of Syria	9	Simonides of Cos, poetâ
21	Philo Judæus	32	Priscus, Eastern general	10	at Athens
23	Philo Biblius	46	Procida, John de	11	gains the prize ανδρών χορῶ
25	Philostratus	28	Procopius the Tyrant	11	death of
38	Photius of Constantinople	59	Pulcheria, Empress	13	Simylus, comic poet, fl.
50	Picus, John of Mirandaola	24	Pulteney, Sir William	11	Socrates, birth of
47	Pilatius, Leontius	53	Pym, John	13	hears Parmenides
55	Piranesi, John Baptist		B. C.	12	taught by Archelaus
52	Pithou, Peter	20	Quintilius Cremonensis, poetâ	13	death of
59	Platina, Bartolomeo	19	Quintius Atta, death of	9	Solon legislat.
23	Plegon the Trallian		A. D.	15	Sopator of Paphos of the New Comedy exhibits
38	Plegmund, abp. of Canterbury	22	Quintilian	11	Sophocles, birth of
35	Plegwin, monk of York	22	Quintus Curtius	11	first tragic victory
49	Pletho, George Gemistheus	26	Quintillus, Roman minister	12	exhibits tragedy with Achæus and Euripides
22	Pliny the elder	16	Rhianus, poetâ	12	employed as a general in the Samian war
23	Pliny the younger	19	P. Rutilius, hist.	12	exhibits tragedy with Euripides and Euphorion
26	Plotinus		A. D.	12	death of
23	Plutarch	37	Rabanus Maurus, abp. of Meutz	13	Sophocles, the grandson of the elder, first exhibits tragedy
53	Pococke, Dr. Edward	51	Rabelais, Francis	15	Sosibius of Laconia, gram.
55	Pococke, Dr. Richard	54	Racine, John	20	Sosignes of Alexandria, math.
50	Politian, Angelo	57	Raimbach, Abraham	16	Sosilus, hist.
23	Polyarp, St.	52	Ramus, Peter	15	Sosiphanes, trag.
55	Potter, Archbishop	51	Raphael d'Urbino		
23	Polyænus	42	Rascelinus of Compeigne		
		55	Reaunaur, René Anthony		
		38	Reginon, Abbe		
		56	Reid, Dr. Thomas		

MEN OF EMINENCE

N ^o	B. C.	N ^o	A. D.	N ^o	A. D.
15	Sositheus, trag. — 278	23	Suetonius — 111	31	Symmachus, Roman prefect — 513
16	Sotades, poëta — 280	42	Suidas, lexicograph. — 1087	28	Syrianus, general in Egypt — 356
16	Sotion of Alexandria, critic — 205	29	Sulpicius Severus, hist. — 401		B. C.
14	Speusippus, phil. succeeds Plato in the old academy — 347	51	Surrey, Henry earl of — 1537	10	Telesilla of Argos, poëtria — 510
14	— death of — 339	55	Swift, Dr. Jonathan — 1722	12	Telestes, poëta, gains a dithyrambic prize — 401
14	Stephanus of the Middle Comedy, son of Antiphanes — 332	29	Synesius, bp. of Ptolemais — 411	7	Terpander lyric — 676
8	Stesichorus, lyric, birth of — 632	51†	St. André, Mareschal de — 1548	8	Thales of Miletus, phil. birth of — 639
9	— death of — 553	50	St. Pol, Constable de — 1466	9	— still living — 546
20	Strabo, æt. 30 — 24	56	St. Vincent, Admiral earl — 1796	7	Thaletas lyric — 690
15	Strato peripat. succeeds Theophrastus at the Lyceum — 287	31	Sabianus, Eastern general — 506	15	Theocritus — 272
15	— death of — 270	23	Sabina, Empress — 117	13	Theodectes of Phaselis, trag. — 352
12	Strattis, comic poet — 407	25	Sabinus, Roman minister — 256	14	— death of — 333
19	Sulla acquires the library of Apellicon — 84	51	Sadler, Sir Ralph — 1545	20	Theodoros of Gadara, gram. — 6
19†	Sallust, birth of — 86	33	Sain, Persian general — 623	10	Theognis of Megara, poëta — 544
20	— tribune — 52	44	Saladin, Sultan of Egypt — 1165	20	Theophanes of Lesbos, the historian in the service of Pompey — 49
20	— expelled the senate — 50	49	Salisbury, Thomas earl of — 1414	14	Theophrastus succeeds Aristotle in the Lyceum — 322
20	— prætor, accompanies Cæsar in the African war — 46	53	Salisbury, Cecil earl of — 1605	14	Theopompus, hist. still living — 305
20	— death of — 34	43	Salisbury, Roger bp. of — 1114	10	Thespis first exhibits tragedy — 535
18	Sempronius Asellio the historian serves at Numantia — 134	28	Sallust, minister to Julian — 361	13	Thrasylbulus Cottyensis, orat. — 372
19	Sisenna, hist. — 87	54	Sancroft, Archbishop — 1687	11	Thucydides, birth of — 471
17	Sulpicius Gallus, astron. sent on a mission to Eumenes — 164	51	Sandwich, Edward earl of — 1666	12	— in command at Amphipolis — 424
	A. D.	33	Sarbarus, Persian general — 621	12	— returns from exile and is still employed upon his history — 403
23	Salvius Julianus — 130	33	Saturninus, tyrant of Egypt — 262	19	Timagenes the sophist — 55
53	Sarpi, Father Paul — 1602	57	Saumarez, Admiral lord — 1827	15	Timæus, hist. — 265
50	Savonarola, Jerome — 1431	53	Saxe Weimar, William duke of — 1633	15	Timocharis, astron. — 281
45	Saxo Grammaticus — 1201	55	Saxe, Mareschal count — 1745	14	Timocles of the New Comedy exhibits — 324
51	Scaliger, Julius — 1534	24	Scapula, proconsul of Africa — 199	11	Timocreon of Rhodes, lyric — 471
52	Scaliger, Joseph — 1581	54	Schomberg, Mareschal duke of — 1682	15	Timon Phlias, critic — 279
56	Schiller, Frederic — 1792	48	Scrope, Richard, lord chancellor — 1378	15	Timosthenes of Rhodes, geog. — 262
49	Schœffer, Peter — 1442	45	Segrave, Stephen — 1234	12	Timotheus, poëta, birth of — 446
57	Scott, Sir Walter — 1813	47	Segrave, Sir Nicholas — 1303	13	— flourished — 398
38	Scotus, John, 'Erigena' — 861	21	Sejanus, Roman minister — 22	13	— death of — 357
33	Secundus, hist. of Lombardy — 603	43	Senlis, Chancellor de — 1121	19	Tyrannio the grammarian taken at Amisus — 71
53	Selden, John — 1634	27	Severus, Cæsar under Chlorus — 305	20	Tyrannio the younger — 31
22	Seneca — 52	28	Severus, Roman general — 371	7	Tyrtæus — 683
52	Servetus, Michael — 1554	25	Severianus, governor of Mysia — 244	17†	Terence, birth of — 195
54	Sévigne, Madame de — 1651	51	Seymour, Queen Jane — 1536	17	— death of — 159
29	Servius, comment. on Virgil — 410	54	Seymour, Sir Edward — 1688	20	Tibullus is with Messalla in the war with Aquitaine — 27
52	Shakspeare, William — 1595	54	Shaftesbury, Anthony earl of — 1670	20	— death of — 18
55	Sherlock, Bishop — 1735	34	Shahpoor, governor of Armenia — 664	18	Turpilius, comicus, death of — 103
56	Siddons, Sarah — 1734	56	Sheridan, Richard Brinsley — 1787	20	M. Tullius Tiro — 5
52	Sidney, Sir Philip — 1585	49	Shrewsbury, John first earl of — 1436		A. D.
30	Sidonius Apollinaris — 469	54	Shrewsbury, Charles duke of — 1695	22	Tacitus — 94
42	Sigebert of Brabant — 1094	30	Siagrius, Roman governor — 478	27	Tallessin, the Welsh Bard — 335
52	Sigonius, Charles — 1570	54	Sidney, Algernon — 1680	52	Tasso, Torquato — 1583
22	Silius Italicus — 74	38	Sigebert the Norman — 882	24	Tatian — 171
44	Simeon of Durham — 1165	53	Sillery, Chancellor Brulart de — 1607	35	Tatwine, abp. of Canterbury — 733
33	Simocatta, Theophylactus — 612	41	Siward, Earl of Northumberland — 1044	54	Taylor, Bishop Jeremy — 1664
31	Simplicius of Cilicia — 546	55	Slingelandt, Pensionary — 1623	24	Tertullian — 196
57	Sismondi, J. C. L. — 1821	51	Smith, Sir Thomas — 1550	46	Thebit, Arabian astron. — 1296
51	Sleidan, John — 1539	31	Solomon, Eastern general — 538	28	Themistheus Euphrades — 362
55	Sloane, Sir Hans — 1708	54	Somers, John lord — 1691	29	Theodoret, bp. of Cyrus — 437
56	Smeaton, John — 1761	50	Somerset, Edmund duke of — 1464	24	Theodotus the Interpreter — 183
56	Smith, Adam — 1775	51	Somerset, Edward duke of — 1547	23	Theon of Smyrna — 117
45	Snorro Sturleston — 1231	53	Somerset, Carr earl of — 1612	28	Theon of Alexandria — 385
22	Socrates the Scholastic — 419	53	Spinola, marquis de — 1616	24	Theophilus, bp. of Antioch — 170
29	Solinus — 86	50	Stafford, duke of Buckingham — 1478	46	Thomas d'Aquinas, St. — 1254
46	Sorbonne, Robert de — 1263	54	Stair, James Viscount — 1678	55	Thomson, James — 1738
55	South, Dr. Robert — 1705	54	Stair, John earl of — 1698	52	Thou, President de — 1598
55	Southerne, Thomas — 1732	55	Stair, John earl of — 1727	54	Tillemont, Louis — 1694
57	Southey, Robert — 1822	55	Stanhope, James earl — 1706	54	Tillotson, Archbishop — 1691
29	Sozomen of Salamis — 439	50	Stanley, Thomas lord — 1485	30	Timotheus Gazæus — 495
53	Spelman, Sir Henry — 1623	47	Stapleton, bp. of Exeter — 1324	52	Tintoretto Giacomo — 1565
52	Spenser, Edmund — 1584	37	Stauracius, Eastern minister — 804	50	Tiphernas, Gregory — 1474
57	Stael, Madame de — 1804	24	Status Priscus, Roman general — 165	50	Tiptoft, earl of Worcester — 1467
22	Status — 91	35	Stephen, Eastern general — 730	51	Titianus Vecelli — 1542
55	Steele, Sir Richard — 1712	28	Stilicho, Western general — 396	56	Tooke, John Horne — 1782
51	Stephens, Robert — 1540	53	Strafford, Thomas earl of — 1635	26	Trebellius Pollio — 298
52	Stephens, Henry — 1571	57	Stowell, William lord — 1824	49	Trebisond, George — 1431
57	Stewart, Dugald — 1809	22	Suetonius Paulinus, governor of Britain — 62		
54	Stillingfleet, bishop — 1690	48	Suffolk, Michael de la Pole earl of — 1384		
29	Stobæus, John — 405	49	Suffolk, William earl of — 1442		
44	Sueno Agonis — 1186	43	Suger, Abbe — 1138		
		52	Sully, Duke de — 1593		
		54	Sunderland, Robert earl of — 1686		
		37	Swithun, bp. of Winchester — 836		
		28	Symmachus, governor of Rome — 386		

MEN OF EMINENCE

Nº	A. D.	Nº	A. D.	Nº	A. D.
31	Tribonianus, juricons. — 529	54	Vaillant, John — 1665	57	Whitbread, Samuel — 1803
51	Trissino, John George — 1529	53	Vandyke, Sir Anthony — 1633	54	Whitelock, Bulstrode — 1659
46	Trivet, Nicholas — 1298	53	Vega, Lopez de la — 1611	52	Whitgift, Archbishop — 1583
44	Tzetzes, John — 1159	53	Velasquez, Diego — 1632	57	Whitworth, Charles Earl — 1813
37	Taherus, Saracen general — 810	21	Velleius Paterculus — 15	56	Wilberforce, William — 1793
55	Talbot, Lord Chancellor — 1733	52	Veronese, Paul — 1573	43	William of Ypres — 1137
55	Tallard, Mareschal — 1705	51	Vergil, Polydore — 1514	45	William of Provence — 1236
57	Talleyrand, Prince — 1804	30	Victorius of Aquitaine — 463	53	Williams, abp. of York — 1625
49	Tamerlane — 1402	51	Vida, Hieronymus — 1531	55	Wilmington, Spencer earl of — 1729
36	Teleric, king of Bulgaria — 777	57	Vincent, Dr. William — 1805	48	Wiltshire, Scrope earl of — 1394
47	Tell, William — 1308	56	Voltaire, Francis A. — 1751	43	Winchester, Henry bp. of — 1143
54	Temple, Sir William — 1671	46	Voragine, Jacobus de — 1285	56	Windham, William — 1792
57	Tenterden, Charles lord — 1819	53	Vossius, Gerard John — 1626	33	Winwood, Sir Ralph — 1614
26	Tetricus, tyrant in Gaul — 273	27	Valens the Cæsar — 311	56	Witkind, Saxon general — 781
31	Theodora, Empress — 534	25	Valerius Maximus, general in Illyria — 233	51	Wolfe, General James — 1758
39	Theodora, Roman courtesan — 907	47	Valois, Charles de — 1315	51	Wolsey, Cardinal — 1519
33	Theodorus, Eastern minister — 619	53	Vane, Sir Henry — 1643	53	Wotton, Sir Henry — 1624
37	Theodosius, Eastern minister — 813	54	Van Tromp, Admiral M. — 1632	37	Wulfhere, earl to Egbert — 826
28	Theodosius, Roman general — 373	54	Van Tromp, Admiral C. — 1664	50	Wydvile, earl Rivers — 1468
34	Theodosius, brother to Constantius — 654	54	Vauban, Mareschal de — 1685	48	Wykeham, William of — 1388
42	Theodosius, son to Monomachus — 1056	46	Vendome, Matthew de — 1276		B. C.
40	Theophania, Empress — 972	56	Vergennes, Count de — 1774	11	Xanthus of Lydia, hist. — 463
37	Theophobus, Eastern minister — 834	39	Vernandois, Herbert count de — 929	13	Xenarchus, minograph. at the court of Dionysius — 393
47	Thomas the Slave — 820	42	Vernandois, Hugh count de — 1096	12	Xenocles exhibits tragedy against Euripides — 415
32	Thoulouse, Raymond IV. count — 1097	50	Vespucius, Americus — 1499	12	— still living — 406
45	Thoulouse, Raymond VI. — 1207	48	Vienne, John de — 1374	13	Xenocrates, phil. birth of — 396
45	Thoulouse, Raymond VII. — 1224	45	Vignes, Peter de — 1235	14	— succeeds Speusippus in the Old Academy — 339
22	Thrasea Pætus — 58	49	Viguones, La Hire — 1439	14	— death of — 315
35	Thrasemond, Papal general — 740	55	Villars, Mareschal — 1709	10	Xenophanes, phil. birth of — 527
54	Thurloe, John — 1655	46	Villebon, Peter de — 1252	10	— flourished — 538
56	Thurlow, Edward lord — 1785	53	Villeroy, Secretary — 1603	11	— an exile in Sicily — 477
34	Tiberius, Eastern minister — 667	25	Vitalianus, Roman minister — 235	12	Xenophon at the battle of Delium — 424
35	Tiberius, tyrant of Sicily — 718	31	Vitalianus, Gothic general — 512	12	— goes with Cyrus into Asia — 401
22	Tigellinus, Roman minister — 64	29	Vitus, Roman general — 442	12	— withdraws to Scillus — 394
24	Titianus, prefect of Gaul — 345	34	Vulfoald, maire du palais — 677	13	— flourished — 374
55	Torcy, Colbert marquis de — 1713			13	— death of — 359
55	Torrington, Admiral lord — 1708	54	Waller, Edmund — 1656		A. D.
51	Tournon, Cardinal — 1541	45	Walter of Coventry — 1213	51	Ximenes, Cardinal — 1505
55	Townshend, Charles viscount — 1722	54	Walton, Bishop Brian — 1659		
56	Townshend, Charles — 1761	56	Warburton, Bishop — 1756	55	Young, Dr. Edward — 1742
56	Townshend, George viscount — 1769	55	Waterland, Dr. Daniel — 1728	57	Young, Dr. Thomas — 1807
49	Tremouille, George de la — 1433	56	Watt, James — 1773	45	Yoland, Empress — 1217
50	Tremouille, Louis de la — 1488	57	Weber, Carl von — 1817	52	York, Richard duke of — 1452
51	Trivulce, Mareschal — 1511	38	Werferth, bp. of Worcester — 873	56	York, Edward duke of — 1767
47	Trussel, Sir William — 1327	43	Wernerus, German civilian — 1150	57	York, Frederic duke of — 1820
54	Turenne, Mareschal — 1657	53	Wesley, John — 1740		B. C.
46	Turgel, regent of Sweden — 1283	57	Wesley, Samuel — 1826	7	Zaleucus of Locrus — 660
56	Turgot, Robert Jacques — 1777	49	Wesselus, John of Gronigen — 1444	13	Zechariah the Prophet — 519
39	Turketul, Chancellor — 941	57	White, Henry Kirke — 1803	11	Zeno of Elea, the inventor of logic — 464
		55	Whitefield, George — 1739	11	— still living — 435
53	Usher, Archbishop — 1631	34	Wilbrod, bp. of Utrecht — 696	15	Zeno of Citium, phil. — 299
41	Ulnoth, thane of Sussex — 1009	48	Wiclif, John — 1369	15	— directs the stoic school — 278
25	Ulpian, Roman lawyer — 222	57	Wilkie, Sir David — 1827	15	— death of, according to Eusebius — 263
24	Ulpian Marcellus, governor of Britain — 183	36	Willibald, bp. of Eichstadt — 753	15	— according to Laertius — 259
41	Uthred earl of Northumberland — 1014	49	Wintoun, Andrew — 1430	16	Zeno of Tarsus, the stoic, succeeds Chrysippus — 207
30	Uvinomadus, French minister — 462	35	Withred, presbyter — 747	17	Zeno the Rhodian, hist. — 198
		57	Wollaston, William H. — 1809	19	Zeno the Epicurean, taught at Athens — 79
	B. C.	54	Wren, Sir Christopher — 1670	15	Zenodotus of Ephesus, critic — 271
18	Valerius Antias, Roman hist. — 111	51	Wulfstan, abp. of York — 1003	8	Zephaniah the Prophet — 639
18	M. T. Varro, birth of — 116	42	Wulstan, bp. of Worcester — 1068	13	Zeuxis, pictor. — 397
19	— serves under Pompey against the Pirates — 67	51	Wyat, Sir Thomas — 1532	14	Zoilus the critic flourished — 331
20	— lieutenant in Spain — 49	54	Walker, Rev. George — 1689		A. D.
20	— proscribed — 43	46	Wallace, Sir William — 1298	29	Zosimus, hist. — 427
20	— death of — 28	53	Wallestein, Albert count — 1627	51	Zuinglius, Ulric — 1518
19	P. T. Varro Atacinus, poëta — 82	55	Walpole, Sir Robert — 1721	26	Zenobia, queen of Palmyra — 268
19	Valerius Cato, gram. — 81	52	Walsingham, Sir Francis — 1581	45	Zingis Khan — 1225
19	Virgil, birth of — 70	36	Walter of Alsace — 765	55	Zinzendorff, Chancellor — 1731
20	— assumes the toga virilis — 55	42	Waltheof, earl of Northumberland — 1069	39	Zoe, Empress — 911
20	— employed upon the Eneid — 24	51	Warham, Archbishop — 1515	38	Zuendebold, duke of Moravia — 859
20	— recit. of 'Tu Marcellus eris' — 22	49	Warwick, Beauchamp earl of — 1435		
20	— death of — 19	56	Weimar, Anne duchess of — 1756		
20	Vitruvius, arch. — 27	57	Wellesley, Richard Marquis — 1821		
		57	Wellington, Arthur duke of — 1815		
21	Valerius Maximus — 23	49	Wesmoreland, Nevil earl of — 1405		
22	Valerius Flaccus — 84				
49	Valla, Laurentius — 1436				

HISTORICAL EVENTS

N ^o	B. C.	N ^o	B. C.
7	654	14	337
6	715	12	424
7	654	11	476
15	280	12	432
17	187	18	148
17	151	12	407
18	147	17	168
17	191	13	388
17	190	11	316
7	664	14	315
6	734	14	306
20	31	14	302
11	494	17	198
12	405	17	192
17	147	17	191
3	1200	17	191
14	310	17	170
14	307	18	128
15	299	19	112
15	289	18	95
13	396	14	318
13	395	12	411
13	394	20	44
13	392	20	43
13	391	20	39
13	378	20	34
13	377	20	33
13	376	20	32
13	370	8	609
13	362	19	70
13	390	9	570
14	331	18	101
16	241	19	99
12	437	15	251
9	582	16	243
12	407	14	331
12	406	13	365
15	210	15	364
16	262	3	1333
20	37	13	367
20	33	13	364
13	389	14	338
9	564	16	212
12	420	12	406
12	415	12	417
12	415	3	1225
12	412	17	157
12	408	15	268
12	407	11	500
12	407	11	483
12	404	11	468
3	1074	18	129
13	356	16	250
14	335	11	480
14	334	15	279
14	332	6	712
14	332	11	477
14	331	12	443
14	330	12	413
14	329	13	358
14	329	12	408
14	329	11	491
14	325	11	478
14	324	12	411
14	323	12	404
14	323	13	366
14	323	15	268
14	334-324	19	86
20	48	17	192
17	189	3	1207
6	704	17	200
9	563	12	431
		12	430

HISTORICAL EVENTS

No	B. C.	No	A. D.
12	—	52	Amboise, edict of,—end of the first religious war in France
12	—	56	American Taxation proposed in parliament
12	—	56	Stamp act receives the royal assent
12	—	56	Stamp act repealed
12	—	56	Congress meets the first time
19	—	56	Independence declared
20	—	56	Embassy,—Mr. Adams the first received
20	—	57	Amiens, peace of
20	—	37	Amorian war between the emperor Theophilus and the Caliph Motasim
20	—	46	Anatolia conquered by the Moguls
20	—	38	Andernach, battle of,—Charles the Bald defeated by Louis of Saxony
18	—	47	Andrew of Hungary assassinated at the instance of Joan queen of Naples
18	—	49	Anjora, battle of,—Bajazet defeated by Tamerlane
35	—	30	Anthemius the emperor massacred by Ricimer
35	—	28	Antioch, sedition of, against Theodosius
35	—	42	besieged and taken by the Crusaders
44	—	23	Antoninus Pius defeats the Moors, the Germans, and the Dacians
55	—	24	issues a rescript to the proconsul of Asia in favour of the Christians
26	—	41	Apulia conquered by the Normans from the Greeks
30	—	31	Aquitaine conquered by the Franks
33	—	53	Arabella Stuart, Lady, death of
34	—	23	Arabia Petræa, conquest of, by Cornelius Palma
35	—	33	Arabia, conquest of, by the Mahometans
54	—	35	Arabian Caliphate in the zenith of its empire
22	—	36	seat of, removed by Almansor from Damascus to Bagdad
22	—	37	revolt of the Taherites
21	—	37	revolt of the Edrisites
21	—	38	revolt of the Toulonides
21	—	38	revolt of the Soffarides
21	—	38	revolt of the Samanides
21	—	38	revolt of the Hamadanites
21	—	39	revolt of the Bowides
21	—	39	revolt of the Ikshidites
21	—	39	Fallen State of, under the control of the Emirs al Omra
21	—	46	terminated by the fall of Bagdad
21	—	36	in Spain, revolt from, and elevation of Abderrahman
21	—	40	Arabian figures in arithmetic supposed to be introduced into Europe about
21	—	27	Araric king of the Goths passes the Danube
21	—	46	Arbia, battle of,—the Ghibellines enter Florence and take the oath to Manfred
21	—	28	Arbogastes assassinates Valentinian II.—Usurpation of Eugenius
21	—	28	and Eugenius defeated by Theodosius the Great
21	—	54	Argyll, marquis of, beheaded
21	—	28	Arianism, fall of, in Constantinople
21	—	38	Arnulph crowned emperor of the West by Pope Formosus
21	—	52	Arques, battle of,—gained by Henry IV. of France
21	—	52	Arran, earl of, resigns the regency of Scotland to Mary of Guise
21	—	49	Arras, treaty of,—Burgundy exempted from feudal homage
21	—	50	treaty of, between Louis XI. and the archduke Maximilian
21	—	45	Arthur, Prince, nephew of king John, murdered at Rouen
21	—	51	Arthur prince of Wales, death of
21	—	28	Athanaric, general of Hermanric, conducts the Gothic war
21	—	28	death of, at Constantinople
21	—	42	Ascalon, battle of,—defeat of the sultan of Egypt by Godfrey of Bouillon
21	—	42	Asia Minor finally conquered by the Turks
21	—	57	Assassinations at Paris by Fieschi
21	—	57	Assye, battle of,—the Mahrattas defeated by major-general Wellesley
21	—	29	Athaulfus makes peace with the Romans, and marches into Gaul
21	—	29	assassinated at Barcelona,—the Goths conquer and restore Spain
21	—	24	Attilius Titianus put to death for conspiring to obtain the empire
12	—	428	
—	—	427	
—	—	425	
—	—	413	
—	—	63	
—	—	27	
—	—	18	
—	—	8	
—	—	125	
—	—	109	
	A. D.		
35	Abderahman the Emir in Spain gains several victories in France	731	
35	defeated and slain by Charles Martel between Poitiers and Tours	732	
44	Acre, siege of, by the Crusaders	1189	
55	Act of Settlement by king William III.	1701	
26	Æmilianus defeated by Valerian at Spoleto	253	
30	Ætius the patrician murdered by Valentinian III.	454	
33	Africa, first invasion of, by Abdallah	647	
34	conquest of, by Akbah and Yezid	689	
35	finally conquered by the Saracens	709	
54	Aghrim, battle of,—gained by general Ginkle	1691	
22	Agricola sent into Britain by the emperor Vespasian	78	
22	defeats the Caledonians	84	
21	Agrippina lands at Brundisium with the ashes of Germanicus	20	
21	banished with the sons of Germanicus	30	
55	Ahmed III. sultan, deposed	1730	
51	Aignadel, battle of,—gained by the League over the Venetians	1509	
54	Aix-la-Chapelle, peace of, between France and Spain	1668	
55	peace of,—the sovereignty of Maria Theresa consolidated	1748	
33	Aiznaden, battle of,—defeat of the emperor Heraclius	633	
28	Alaric marches into Greece, Athens capitulates	396	
28	attacked by Stilicho, escapes to Epirus	397	
28	proclaimed king of the Visigoths	398	
29	king of the Visigoths, overruns Europe	401	
29	enters Italy by the Frioul	402	
39	Alberic, son of Marozia, revolts against Hugh king of Italy	932	
32	Alboin king of Lombardy murdered by Rosamond his queen	573	
52	Alcazar, battle of,—Don Sebastian slain by the Moors	1578	
33	Aleppo and Antioch taken by the Saracens	638	
33	Alexandria taken by the Persians	615	
33	taken and the library burnt by the Saracen Amrou	640	
44	siege of, raised	1175	
57	battle of,—death of Sir Ralph Abercrombie	1801	
36	Alfonso II. king of Oviedo defeats the Saracens at Lodos	794	
38	Alfonso III. king of Oviedo defeats the Saracens under Mahomed on the Ana	881	
42	Alfonso VI. king of Leon takes Toledo from the Saracens	1084	
44	Alfonso IX. king of Castile defeated by Yacub ben Yussef on the plain of Alarcos	1195	
46	Alfonso X. king of Castile composes his astronomical tables about this time	1253	
38	Alfred, king, establishes a fleet, and defeats Guthrum the Dane	877	
38	retreats to the isle of Athelney	878	
38	repulses Hastings at Exeter	894	
57	Algiers bombarded by Sir Edward Pellew	1816	
28	Allemanni invade Gaul, but are defeated near Chalons by Jovinus, general to Valentinian	365	
28	defeated by the emperor Gratian near Colmar	378	
57	Allied sovereigns—Russia, Austria, and Prussia—at the court of London	1814	
37	Almagest of Ptolemy translated into Arabic	827	
31	Amalasueta strangled by order of Theodatus	535	
55	Almanza, battle of,—lost by the earl of Galway	1707	
40	Almansor the Saracen takes Leon by storm, and ravages Galicia	990	
52	Alva, duke of, recalled from his sanguinary government in the Netherlands	1573	
43	Amalfi surrenders to the Normans	1131	
52	Amboise, conspiracy of,—Coligny and Conde against the duke of Guise	1560	

HISTORICAL EVENTS

N ^o	A. D.	N ^o	A. D.
55	Atterbury, bishop, banished England	48	Battle off the Morea,—the Venetian fleet destroyed by Andrew Doria
29	Attila, son of Mundzuk, succeeds Rugulus, with Bleda his brother	51	Beaton, cardinal, assassinated at St. Andrew's
29	enters into treaty with the Eastern empire	49	Beaujé, battle of,—Thomas duke of Clarence killed
29	ravages all Germany and France	33	Bedhr, battle of, gained by Mahomed over the tribe of Koreish
30	besieges Orleans	22	Bedriacum, battle of,—Otho's army defeated by that of Vitellius
30	invades Italy	29	Belgium invaded by the Burgundians
30	grants peace to the Romans	57	united to Holland
30	death of, in Dacia,—Division of his empire	31	revolution in
21	Augustus accepts the empire, a fourth time, for ten years	50	Belgrade, siege of, by Mahomet II.
21	accepts the empire, a fifth time, for ten years	31	Belisarius reduces Carthage
40	Augsburg, battle of,—by Otho I. over the Hungarians	31	conquest of Africa by
51	diet of,—Disputation of the Protestant and Catholic advocates	31	defeats Gellmer and the Vandals
48	Auray, battle of,—Charles de Blois killed	31	defeats the Moors in Africa and subdues Sicily
26	Aurelian receives the surrender of the Gothic army on the Danube	31	invades Italy and reduces Naples
26	assassinated on his march between Byzantium and Heraclea	31	subdues the Gothic kingdom of Italy
46	Austrian dynasty commences	31	second command of, in Italy
32	Avari expelled from Thrace by the Roman general Priscus	31	recal of
41	Aversa in Naples founded by the Normans	32	last victory, defeat of Zabergan king of Bulgaria
24	Avidius Cassius,—revolt of	32	in disgrace
49	Azincourt, battle of,—Charles VI. of France defeated by king Henry V.	32	restored to his command
		32	death of
		39	Berenger defeats the Huns, who invade Italy
		39	king of Italy is crowned emperor of the West by Pope John X.
		39	the emperor assassinated at Verona
10	Babylon taken by Cyrus,—Belshazzar slain	36	Bermudo I. king of Oviedo defeats the Saracens under Hashem at Burebo, near Burgos
18	Baleares subdued by Metellus	40	Bermudo II. king of Leon defeated by Almanzor on the banks of the Ezla
17	Bastarnæ enter Dardania, and excite the jealousy of the Roman senate	40	defeats the Saracens at Osma
7	Battle of the Trenches gained by the Lacedæmonians over the Messenians	57	Bernadotte succeeds to the throne of Sweden
8	Battus, first establishment of	55	Berry and Orleans, dukes of, renounce succession to the crown of Spain
8	second settlement of	57	Berry, duke de, assassinated
8	founds Cyrenè in Africa	55	Berwick, marshal duke of, killed at Philipsburg
19	Belgic war with Rome	54	Bill of Rights enacted
14	Bessus taken and delivered to the enemy	56	Birmingham, riots at
18	Bestia the consul leads an army into Numidia, but is bribed by Jugurtha and desists	53	Biron, marshal, beheaded
3	Bœoti, return to Bœotia	54	Blake, admiral, destroys the Spanish galleons
7	Bœotian league dissolved	54	— victory at Santa Cruz.—He dies on his return
16	Boii subdued by the Romans	29	Bleda murdered, Attila becomes sole king of the Huns
18	Bomilcar sacrificed by Jugurtha for conspiracy	55	Blenheim, battle of,—Mareschal Tallard taken prisoner
8	Book of the Law read and the Passover solemnly kept by Josiah	54	Blood, colonel, attempts to steal the crown
7	Borysthenes in Pontus founded	20	Bloreheath, battle of.—Lord Audley killed
14	Bovianum taken by the Romans, and Gallus the Samnite general captured	52	Boadicea, queen of the Icenii, defeated by Suetonius
18	Brutus the consul proceeds to Lusitania	31	Boethius, death of, at Calvanzano
18	— in farther Spain reduces the Bracari and the Gallæci	41	Boleslas I. king of Poland, seizes Cracow, and marches into Bohemia
19	Brutus, birth of	51	Boleyn, queen Anne, beheaded
3	Building of the Temple commenced	29	Boniface, count, invites the Vandals over to Africa
4	Building of the Temple completed	29	— defeated by the Vandals
7	Byzantium founded by a colony of Megarians	29	— killed in single conflict with Ætius
		26	Bonosus and Proculus in Gaul revolt against Probus
		38	Boson proclaimed king of Arles at Mantaille
		56	Boston in America, tumults at
		56	— three cargoes of tea destroyed by the insurgents
		56	— evacuated by general Howe
52	Babington's conspiracy discovered	50	Bosworth, battle of,—king Richard III. killed
53	Bacon, Sir Francis, made lord chancellor	55	Bouchain taken by the duke of Marlborough
53	— lord, convicted of bribery	51	Boulogne surrenders to king Henry VIII.
55	Baden, peace of, between France and the emperor	51	— restored to France
43	Baldwin king of Jerusalem defeats the Saracens and takes Ptolemais	37	Bourdeaux burnt by the Normans
53	Bancroft, archbishop, persecutes the Puritans	45	Bovines, battle of,—king John defeated by Philip Augustus
56	Bank of England, restriction on payments in specie	54	Boyne, battle of the
47	Bannockburn, battle of, and flight of king Edward II.	56	Braddock, general, defeated and killed near Fort-du-Queuse
41	Bar le Duc, battle of, by Conrad the Salique over Eudes count of Champagne	57	Brazil, revolution in, Don Pedro installed emperor
40	Bardas Sclerus defeats the Bulgarians, and terminates their empire	43	Brenville, battle of,—Louis le Gros defeated by king Henry I.
38	Bari, fortress of, taken after four years' siege by the Greeks and Franks under Louis II.	54	Breda, peace of
50	Barnet, battle of,—Richard earl of Warwick killed	48	Bretagne, Montfort duke of, delivers Brest to the English
33	Bassora, foundation of	50	Bretagne, Francis duke of, refuses to give up the earl of Richmond to king Edward
41	Battles, five in seven months between Canute and king Edmund Ironside	48	Bretigny, treaty of, ratified by kings Edward and John in person
48	Battle in the Bosphorus between the Venetians and the Genoese	56	Bridport's, lord, victory off L'Orient
48	Battle off Sardinia,—the Genoese defeated by the Venetians	57	Bristol, desolating riots at

HISTORICAL EVENTS

N ^o	A. D.	N ^o	B. C.
29	Britons complain to Ætius of the ravages of the Scots and Picts — 446	14	Cassander besieges Olympias at Pydna — 114
39	Brunanburg, battle of, Anlaf defeated by Athelstan — 937	15	—— death of — 296
50	Buckingham, Stafford duke of, beheaded — 1483	18	Cassius the consul slain in Gaul — 107
51	Buckingham, Stafford duke of, beheaded — 1521	6	Catana in Sicily founded by Euarchus — 730
54	Buckingham, Shaftesbury, Salisbury, and Wharton, sent to the Tower — 1677	19	Catiline, his defeat and death — 62
34	Bulgarians invade Thrace and settle on the banks of the Danube — 678	17	Cato, now consul, tranquillizes Spain — 195
38	—— ravage Greece and defeat the Hungarians sent against them by Leo VI. — 889	17	—— urges the destruction of Carthage in the Senate — 157
41	Bulgaria reduced to a province by the emperor Basil II. — 1019	18	Cato, Porcius, the consul, sent to Macedonia against the Scordisci is totally defeated — 114
45	Bulgarian war, defeat at Adrianople and captivity of the emperor Baldwin I. — 1205	19	—— the consul slain — 89
56	Bunker's Hill, battle of — 1775	19	Cato returns from Cyprus — 56
56	Burgoyne, general, surrenders at Saratoga — 1777	20	—— death of — 46
28	Burgundians established on the Elbe — 371	17	Celtiberian war conducted unsuccessfully by Nobilior — 153
29	Burgundian kingdom begins under Gundicar — 413	17	—— war is unpopular at Rome — 151
31	Burgundian laws, 'la loy Gombette' published by Gondebaud — 502	12	Censorship instituted at Rome — 440
31	Burgundy, conquest of, by the Franks — 532	16	Centumvirs instituted at Rome — 233
56	Burke, Edmund, his rupture with Mr. Fox in the house of Commons — 1791	14	Chæroneæ, battle of, gained by Philip of Macedon — 338
55	Byng, Sir George, destroys the French fleet of Passaro — 1718	7	Chalcedon in Bithynia refounded by Archias of Megara — 674
56	Byng, admiral, indecisive action of — 1756	19	Cicero denounces Catiline — 63
57	—— admiral, shot — 1757	19	—— in banishment — 58
57	Byron, lord, death of, at Missolonghi — 1824	19	—— return of — 57
24	Byzantium surrenders after a three years' siege to the generals of Septimius Severus — 196	8	Cimmerians take Sardis — 635
		8	—— finally expelled Asia Minor by Alyattes — 617
		11	Cimon marches to the assistance of the Lacedæmonians — 461
		11	—— assists the Lacedæmonians a second time — 461
		11	—— recalled from exile — 456
		11	—— obtains a cessation of hostilities — 453
		12	—— makes a five years' truce with the Lacedæmonians — 450
		12	—— death of, and victory of the Athenians at Salamis in Cyprus — 449
		11	Cincinnatus, dictatorship of — 456
		19	Cinna deposed from the consulate by the Senate — 87
		19	—— and Octavius, — Contest of the consuls — 87
		19	—— assassinated — 84
		9	Cirrhæan or sacred war — 595
		9	Cirrhæa taken by the Amphictyons under Eurylochus — 591
		16	Claudius Pulcher defeated off Drepanum by Adherbal — 249
		17	Claudius the consul ends the war in Istria — 177
		13	Cleombrotus marches into Bœotia in the winter — 378
		13	—— sent by the Spartans against the Thebans in Phocis — 375
		16	Cleomenes and Aratus, war between — 227
		16	—— restores the Agrarian laws of Sparta — 224
		12	Cleon and Brasidas slain in Thrace — 422
		9	Clisthenes of Sicyon is victor in the second Pythia — 582
		19	Clodius, violent proceedings of, and resistance of Milo — 57
		13	Cnidus, naval defeat at, and death of Pisander — 394
		3	Codrus, king of Athens, death of — 1045
		8	Combat of Pittacus and Phrynon — 606
		11	Commissioners sent to Greece to collect laws for Rome — 451
		13	Conon restores the long walls of Athens — 393
		20	Contest of Octavianus with Lucius Antony at Perusia — 41
		6	Corcyra founded — 708
		12	—— sedition at — 427
		12	Corcyrean embassy to Athens — 433
		17	Cornelius Scipio, death of — 176
		13	Corinth, battle near — 394
		12	Coronea, battle of, death of Tolmides — 447
		13	Coronea, battle of, gained by Agesilaus — 394
		17	Corsica, war in — 163
		14	Cranon, battle of, gained by Antipater — 322
		18	Crassus the consul, sent against Aristonicus at Pergamus — 131
		18	—— defeated and slain — 130
		19	Crassus ends the war with Spartacus — 71
		19	—— embarks for Syria — 55
		19	—— first campaign in Asia — 54
		19	—— passes the Euphrates — 53
		19	—— defeated and slain by the Parthians — 53
		14	Craterus comes from Asia to the aid of Antipater — 322
		19	Cretan war — 69
		12	Critias, death of, end of the tyranny at Athens — 403
		9	Cræsus, birth of — 595
		6	Crotona founded by Myscellus — 710
		12	Cunaxa, battle of, retreat of the Ten Thousand — 401
		3	Cymê founded — 1033
		17	Cynosephalæ, battle of, — Peace granted to Philip of Macedon — 197
		9	Cypselidæ at Corinth, their dynasty ended — 581
		9	Cyrene in Africa founded, according to Solinus — 597
13	Cadmea recovered by the Theban exiles — 379		
3	Cadmus, to whom the introduction of letters is ascribed — 1313		
19	Cæsar conquers Lusitania — 60		
19	—— declines his triumph that he may obtain the consulate — 60		
19	—— now consul, carries the Agrarian law — 59		
19	—— first campaign in Gaul — 58		
19	—— passes the Rhine and into Britain — 55		
19	—— second expedition into Britain — 54		
19	—— invades the Suevi — 53		
19	—— eighth and last campaign in Gaul — 51		
19	—— embarks for Asia — 51		
20	—— in Spain — 49		
20	—— pursues Pompey who leaves Italy — 49		
20	—— is deserted by Labienus — 49		
20	—— occupies Ariminum — 49		
20	—— created dictator — 47		
20	—— arrives in Italy — 47		
20	—— expedition into Africa — 47		
20	—— triumphs four times in one month — 46		
20	—— made dictator for ten years — 46		
20	—— war in Spain against the sons of Pompey — 45		
20	—— takes Altegua in Spain — 45		
20	—— returns to Rome — 45		
20	—— made dictator for life, is assassinated, March 15 — 44		
18	Caius Gracchus goes into Sardinia as quæstor to Aurelius — 126		
18	—— unexpectedly appears at Rome — 124		
18	—— chosen tribune of the Commons — 123		
18	—— chosen tribune a second time — 122		
18	—— passes over to the new colony of Carthage. He loses his third election — 122		
18	—— death of. — The Agrarian law is gradually abrogated — 121		
9	Camarina in Sicily founded by Dascon and Meriecolus — 599		
9	—— taken and destroyed by the Syracusans — 553		
16	Cannæ, battle of, — total defeat of the Romans — 216		
16	Caphyæ, battle of, — Aratus the Achæan prætor defeated — 220		
8	Captivity of the Jews — 606		
16	Capua recovered by the Romans — 211		
7	Carnea — contest of the lyre, instituted at Lacedæmon — 676		
12	Carthaginians enter Sicily and destroy Solinus and Himera — 409		
15	—— defeated off Myla by the consul Duilius — 259		
15	—— under Hanno and Hamilcar defeated by the consuls near Ecnomus — 256		
16	—— abandon Spain — 206		
8	Casmenæ founded by the Syracusans — 644		
14	Cassander escapes from Macedon to concert measures against Polysperchon — 318		

HISTORICAL EVENTS

N ^o	B. C.	N ^o	A. D.
9	559	39	1478
10	536	46	1284
12	424	50	1468
5	756	50	1476
7	675	50	1477
		50	1495
		50	1477
54	1670	50	1495
57	1839	52	1556
57	1841	53	1625
33	636	53	1626
52	1596	53	1628
57	1823	53	1640
34	670	53	1640
52	1558	53	1642
52	1596	53	1646
56	1756	53	1647
56	1757	53	1649
51	1508	53	1660
51	1529	54	1676
46	1297	55	1703
56	1791	55	1711
57	1837	55	1740
21	47	55	1718
50	1488	52	1559
41	1015	56	1778
56	1758	56	1793
22	86	56	1758
22	51	32	558
26	287	57	1839
26	289	21	8
26	294	31	516
26	258	35	749
26	284	32	597
40	987	55	1729
38	890	44	1175
53	1611	53	1619
29	1616	42	1053
34	439	54	1657
41	698	26	269
57	1035	24	189
57	1805	54	1664
57	1813	56	1757
57	1829	49	1417
57	1820	31	549
51	1503	57	1808
51	1544	21	50
30	451	34	653
31	519	22	72
35	725	22	64
35	735	54	1665
35	741	57	1818
35	741	27	306
35	742	27	312
36	771	27	314
36	786	27	315
36	800	27	321
37	803	27	323
38	884	27	324
38	893	27	326
38	898	27	331
		27	337
		27	340
		29	407
		33	641

HISTORICAL EVENTS

No	A. D.	No	B. C.
34	Constantine IV. Pogonatus, relinquishes the payments usual on the election of the Popes, but reserves the right of confirming their election	5	Daicles crowned at the Olympic games, the first who had that honour
39	Constantine VII. restored.—The emperors Stephen and Constantine VIII. exiled	17	Dalmatian war under the consul Marcius
40	— poisoned by his daughter-in-law Theophania	17	— terminated
26	Constantius Chlorus and Galerius Maximus made Cæsars	18	Dalmatia subdued by Cæcilius Metellus
26	Constantius Chlorus recovers Britain	14	Damascus taken by Parmenio
27	Constantius the younger repulses the Goths in Mysia	3	Danaüs in Argos,—Gelanor displaced by Danaüs
28	Constantius II. subdues Italy	3	Dardanus the founder of the Trojan dynasty
27	Constans the emperor murdered by Magnentius	14	Darius Codomannus slain
34	Constans II. assassinated in a bath at Syracuse	12	Decemvirate at Rome, institution of
27	Constantinople, foundation of	12	— overthrown
27	— becomes the seat of the empire	12	Delium, battle of, gained by the Bœotians over the Athenians
30	— partly destroyed by an earthquake	10	Delphi, temple of, accidentally burnt
31	— besieged by Vitalianus the Goth	13	— congress at, on the part of Persia, to negotiate a peace
33	— taken and pillaged by the Avari	14	Demetrius Phalereus governs Athens ten years
33	— delivered from Khosrou and the Chagan of the Avars	14	Demetrius Poliorcetes defeated at Gaza by Ptolemy and Seleucus
34	— first siege of, by the Saracens	14	— approaches the Piræus at Athens
34	— relinquished by the Saracens, who are repulsed by the Greek fire	14	— besieges Munychia and occupies Megara
35	— second siege of	14	— gains a naval victory over Ptolemy
35	— siege of, raised by Moslemah	14	— besieges Rhodes
37	— besieged by Thomas the slave	14	— concludes a peace with the Rhodians
45	— first siege and conquest of,—Restoration of Isaac Angelus and Alexius	14	— sails to Greece to oppose Cassander
45	— second siege—election of Baldwin and revolt of the Greeks	14	— makes a campaign against Cassander
50	— taken by Mahomed II.	15	— besieges Athens during the tyranny of Lachares
46	— recovered by the Greeks.—Lascaris banished by Paleologus	15	— having removed the sons of Cassander, reigns in Macedon
40	Consul Crescentius, revolt and fall of	15	— is driven by Pyrrhus from Macedon
54	Contest of king James II. with the two Universities	15	— death of
57	Copenhagen, attack on, by admirals Parker and Nelson	16	Demetrius Pharius flies for protection to Philip king of Macedon
57	— bombardment of,—the Danish navy captured by admiral Gambier	17	Demetrius of Macedon sent by his father, king Philip, to Rome to conciliate the members of the senate
56	Cornwallis, lord, enters Philadelphia,—the Congress remove to Lancaster	17	— pleads for his father king Philip before the Roman Senate
56	— surrenders York town to general Washington	17	— put to death by his father king Philip
49	Cosmo de Medici recalled to Florence	17	Demetrius Soter is refused his release at Rome to dethrone his nephew Antiochus Epiphanes
57	Cotton, admiral, receives the surrender of the Russian fleet in the Tagus	17	— escapes from Rome by the connivance of the historian Polybius
28	Council of Arles	17	— dethrones Eupator, and puts the king and his tutor to death
28	Council of Rimini	14	Demoisthenes, decree of, for an alliance with Thebes
44	Council of Clarendon,—Becket signs but refuses to seal	14	— counteracts Philip in Ambracia and Peloponnesus
49	Council of Pisa	13	Dercyllidas makes a truce with Pharnabazus and besieges Atarnæ
47	Council of Ten instituted at Venice	13	— invades Caria, and concludes an armistice with Tissaphernes
52	Coutras, battle of,—duke de Joyeuse defeated by the king of Navarre	3	Deucalion, the reputed founder of the Hellenes
51	Coverdale's, bishop, translation of the Bible published	3	— flood of
57	Cracow, independence of, invaded by Russia and Austria	18	Diaeus defeated by Mummius.—Corinth reduced to ashes
47	Creci, battle of,—defeat of Philip of Valois	13	Dion lands in Sicily from Zacynthus
22	Cremona surrenders to the army of Vespasian	12	Dionysius becomes master of Syracuse
51	Cressy, treaty of, between Charles V. and Francis I.	13	Dionysius the younger expelled from Syracuse
37	Crete taken by the Saracen Abu Caul of Andalusia, from whom it receives the name of Candia	13	Diphridas restores the Lacedæmonian affairs in Asia
49	Crevant, battle of,—the French defeated by the Earl of Salisbury	16	Divorce of Spurius Carvilius
32	Crida founds the kingdom of Mercia	19	Dolabella conquers Lusitania
51	Cromwell earl of Essex beheaded	8	Draco, legislation of
53	Cromwell, Oliver, embarks for America, but is detained		
54	— dissolves the long parliament		
54	— proclaimed Lord Protector		
54	— refused the hereditary protectorate		
54	— declines the regal title		
54	— death of		
21	CRUCIFIXION OF OUR SAVIOUR		
42	Crusade, the first, instigated by Peter the Hermit		
43	— the second, under Conrad III. and Louis VII.		
44	— the third, by sea under Frederic Barbarossa		
44	— the third		
45	— the fourth, under Henry Dandolo		
45	— the fifth, under Louis IX.		
24	Ctesiphon taken by assault by Septimius Severus		
55	Culloden, battle of,—defeat of the Young Pretender		
33	Cyprus taken by the Saracens under Muavius		
50	— recently a kingdom ceded to Venice		
			A. D.
		33	Damascus taken by storm by the Saracens
		43	— besieged by the Christians under Baldwin IV.
		38	Danes, the, ascend the Seine, the Meuse, and the Rhine, and carry on their ravages to Treves and Cologne
		47	Dante Alighieri exiled from Florence with the Bianchi faction
		52	Darnley, lord, murder of
		46	David prince of Wales captured.—Wales united to England
		26	Decius revives the censorship in favour of Valerian
		55	Denain taken by Mareschal Villars,—the earl of Albemarle defeated
		55	Dendermond surrenders to the duke of Marlborough
		56	Denmark, revolution in, Counts Struenzee and Brandt beheaded
		55	Derwentwater, earl of, and Viscount Kenmare beheaded
		36	Desiderius, king of Lombardy, besieges Adrian I. in Rome who applies for assistance to Charlemagne

HISTORICAL EVENTS

N ^o	A. D.	N ^o	B. C.
36	Desiderius, king of Lombardy, conquered by Charlemagne	—	774
47	Despensers, the, father and son executed	—	1326
55	Dettingen, battle of, gained over the French by king George II.	—	1743
37	Diet of Thionville,—Division of the empire of the West	—	806
37	Diet of Worms,—Second division of the empire	—	839
37	Diet of Thionville,—Final division of the empire—Germany separated from the empire of the Franks	—	843
44	Diet of Mentz; definition of the electoral function in Germany, of the duke of Saxony, Count Palatine of the Rhine, king of Bohemia, and the Margrave of Brandenburg	—	1184
26	Diocletian, military election of the emperor	—	284
26	— associates Maximian as his colleague in the empire	—	286
27	— and Maximian abdicate the empire, and are succeeded by Constantius and Galerius	—	305
51	Dissolution of the greater monasteries	—	1537
54	Dispensing power assumed by king James II. and affirmed by the judges	—	1686
28	Division of the Eastern and Western empire	—	364
50	Dixmunde, battle of,—De Cordes defeated by lords Morley and Daubeney	—	1490
21	Dolabella ends the war in Africa	—	24
42	Doomsday Book began	—	1083
42	— completed	—	1086
42	Dorylæum, battle of,—retreat of Soliman before the Crusaders	—	1097
53	Dort, synod of	—	1618
57	Dost Mahomed and the Persians besiege Herat	—	1838
57	— defeated by the British forces in Afghanistan	—	1840
44	Double election to the Pontificate	—	1159
52	Dreux, battle of,—Coligny defeated by Guise	—	1562
56	Droit d'Aubaine abolished in France as regards Great Britain	—	1787
57	— against England, re-enacted by Napoleon	—	1804
57	— finally abolished in France	—	1819
56	Dublin, great political excitement in	—	1784
57	— catholic committee dispersed by the magistracy	—	1811
49	Duke of Orleans assassinated at the instance of the duke of Burgundy	—	1407
49	Duke of Burgundy assassinated while in conference with the Dauphin	—	1419
53	Dunbar, battle of, gained by Cromwell	—	1650
56	Duncan's, lord, victory off Camperdown	—	1797
54	Dunkirk, keys of, delivered by Louis XIV. in person to the English ambassador	—	1658
54	— sold to France	—	1662
42	Durazzo, battle of,—the emperor Alexius defeated by Robert Guiscard	—	1081
54	Dutch sail up the Medway, and burn several ships of the line	—	1667
25	Dynasty of the Arsacidæ terminated. Commencement of the Sassanidæ	—	229
		B. C.	
6	Eclipse of the moon, the first on record	—	721
6	— the second and third on record	—	720
8	— the fourth on record	—	621
10	— the fifth on record	—	523
10	— the sixth on record	—	502
11	— the seventh on record	—	491
11	Egina surrenders to the Athenians	—	455
10	Egypt, conquest of, by Cambyses	—	525
11	— revolts from Persia	—	486
11	— recovered by Xerxes	—	484
11	— reduced by the Persians	—	455
14	— conquered by Ochus	—	350
4	Elijah, translation of	—	895
13	Embassy of Pelopidas to Persia	—	367
14	— to Persia at the instance of Demosthenes	—	340
15	— to Pyrrhus from the Italian Greeks	—	281
15	— from Ptolemy Philadelphus to Rome	—	273
16	— from Rome to Greece	—	228
17	— to Rome from Antiochus fails	—	193
17	— from Athens to Rome, the Romans remit a fine of 500 talents	—	155
17	— to Rome in behalf of the Achæan exiles	—	155
18	— of Scipio Africanus to Egypt, accompanied by Panætius	—	143
18	Embassy sent to Numidia to restore Adherbal	—	117
7	Enna in Attica founded	—	664
8	Epidamnus on the Adriatic founded	—	625
13	Epaminondas makes an expedition into Achaia	—	366
13	— invades the Peloponnesus	—	362
3	Erechthus king of Athens	—	1383
12	Eruption of mount Etna	—	425
14	Etolian war	—	322
16	— confederacy with the Romans against Philip of Macedon	—	211
14	Etruscan war with the Romans	—	311
14	Eumenes gains a battle against Craterus, who is slain	—	321
14	— retires to Nora	—	319
17	— and the ten legati join Manlius, and the treaty with Antiochus is completed	—	188
17	— and Prusias are at war	—	184
17	— excites the Roman senate against Persius	—	172
11	Eurymedon, victories of Cimon at the	—	466
12	— sent with supplies from Athens to Sicily	—	414
3	Eurystheus slain by Hyllus	—	1207
13	Evagoras in Cyprus pressed by the Persians	—	380
11	Ezra returns from Babylon to Jerusalem	—	458
		A. D.	
44	Earl Strongbow and his companions land in Ireland	—	1169
31	Earthquake at Antioch, 25,000 lives lost	—	526
52	East India Company obtain their first patent	—	1600
57	Ebrington, lord, publicly protests against repeal agitation	—	1840
53	Edgehill, battle of, gained by the parliamentarians	—	1642
42	Edgar Atheling retires to the court of Malcolm Canmore	—	1068
50	Edgecote, battle of,—Earl of Pembroke defeated and beheaded	—	1469
27	Edict by Constantine at Milan in favour of the Christians	—	313
53	Edinburgh, tumult at, on reading the liturgy	—	1637
42	Edward the Confessor receives a visit from William duke of Normandy	—	1051
46	Edward, prince, sails for Palestine with Louis IX. who dies at Tunis	—	1270
46	— relieves Acre,—he is wounded by an assassin, whom he fells	—	1271
47	Edward Bruce crowned king of Ireland	—	1316
47	— defeated and slain at Dundalk	—	1318
47	Edward Baliol crowned at Scone, but is soon defeated by the earl of Moray	—	1332
42	Edwin and Morcar rebel against king William I. but submit	—	1063
37	Egbert defeats the Danes at Charmouth	—	835
33	Egypt, invasion of, by the Saracens	—	638
44	— conquered by the Turks	—	1169
56	Elba surrendered to commodore Nelson	—	1796
52	Elizabeth, queen, declines the sovereignty of the Dutch provinces	—	1575
32	Ella founds the kingdom of Deira	—	560
22	Embassy from Volgeses king of Parthia to the emperor Nero	—	63
32	— of the Avars to Justinian	—	558
32	— of the Avars to Justin II.	—	566
37	— from Haroun al Raschid to Charlemagne	—	801
37	— second, from Haroun to Charlemagne	—	807
29	Emigration of the Northern Germans	—	405
39	Empire of the East.—The Imperial throne occupied by five emperors at one time	—	928
53	Episcopacy opposed in the Scottish parliament	—	1633
53	— abolished in Scotland	—	1638
54	— restored in Scotland	—	1661
31	Erchenwin founds the kingdom of Essex	—	530
50	Erpingham, battle of,—Sir Robert Welles defeated and beheaded	—	1470
57	Espartero declared regent in Spain	—	1841
53	Essex, Robert earl of, beheaded	—	1601
32	Ethelbert king of Kent baptised by St. Augustine	—	591
36	Ethelbert king of East Anglia murdered by Offa king of Mercia	—	792
57	Ethelwulf defeated by the Danes off Charmouth	—	839
55	Eugene, prince, separates from the duke of Ormond	—	1712
30	Euric king of the Visigoths defeated in Gaul by the Romans under Eudicius	—	466
30	— defeats Syagrius, and makes himself master of Tours	—	473
30	— makes himself master of Arles and Marseilles	—	479
46	Evesham, battle of,—Montfort earl of Leicester killed	—	1265

HISTORICAL EVENTS

N ^o	A. D.	N ^o	B. C.
54	Exchequer shut up by royal mandate	—	1672
55	Excise scheme introduced by Sir Robert Walpole	—	1733
54	Exclusion bill thrown out	—	1680
B. C.			
11	Fabii, the, put to the sword by the Veientes at the Crimera	—	475
16	Fabius Maximus subdues the Ligurians	—	233
16	— retakes Casilinum	—	214
16	— recovers Tarentum	—	209
18	— defeats the Allobroges	—	121
18	Fabius Æmilianus the consul commands in Spain against Viriathus	—	145
12	Fidenæ finally taken by the Romans	—	423
12	Fifty years' truce, 'the Peace of Nicias'	—	421
16	Flaminius, his agrarian law	—	232
16	— the consul gains a victory over the Insubres—	—	223
17	Flaminius besieges Elatea; he forms an alliance with the Achæans	—	198
17	— restores the Ætolian cities, Corinth, Chalcis, and Demetrias	—	194
18	Fulvius the consul is sent to the servile war in Sicily	—	134
18	— the consul leads an army against the Salluvian Gauls	—	125
A. D.			
46	Falkirk, battle of,—Wallace defeated by king Edward	—	1298
54	Fenwick, Sir John, suffers by a bill of pains and penalties	—	1696
32	Fiefs have their origin about this time in France	—	584
23	Firmus the Moor in Africa, revolt of	—	372
47	First passage of the Turks into Europe	—	1341
51	Fisher, bishop, beheaded	—	1535
56	Fitzwilliam, earl, recalled from Ireland	—	1795
51	Floddon, battle of,—king James IV. of Scotland killed	—	1513
45	Florence declares its independence	—	1250
56	Fountainbleau, peace of	—	1762
37	Fontenai, battle of,—Lothaire and Pepin defeated by Louis and Charles	—	841
55	Fontenoy, battle of,—lost by the duke of Cumberland	—	1745
56	Forfeited estates in the rebellion of 1745 restored	—	1784
49	Fourmigny, battle of, by which the French recover Normandy	—	1450
56	Fox, Mr., dismissed the Privy Council	—	1798
35	France, invasion of, by the Arabs	—	721
56	— in alliance with America	—	1778
49	Francesco Carmagnola betrayed at a banquet by the Venetian senate	—	1432
56	Franklin's, Dr., petition to the Privy Council rejected	—	1774
44	Frederic Barbarossa enters Italy to subdue it	—	1154
44	— enters into a treaty with the city of Milan	—	1158
44	— retreats precipitately over mount Cenis	—	1168
44	— totally defeated at Lignano	—	1176
44	— makes a six years' truce with the Guelphic cities	—	1177
45	Frederic II. excommunicated by Pope Gregory IX.	—	1228
45	— obtains the surrender of Jerusalem	—	1229
45	— defeats the Guelphs at Cortenova	—	1237
45	— excommunicated by Gregory a second time	—	1237
45	— forced by the Guelphs to raise the siege of Parma	—	1248
55	Frederic duke of Prussia takes the regal title	—	1701
55	Frederic prince of Wales dismissed the palace	—	1737
55	— appoints William Pitt a gentleman of his bed-chamber	—	1738
56	— death of	—	1751
36	Fronsac built by Charlemagne, the first instance of a fortified castle in France	—	769
44	Fulke of Neully preaches the IVth Crusade to the barons of France	—	1198
B. C.			
18	Galba treacherously destroys the Lusitanians, Viriathus escapes	—	150
17	— the prætor defeated by the Lusitanians	—	151
16	Galic war with Rome	—	225
15	Gauls, irruption of the, into Greece	—	279
15	— destruction of, under Brennus at Delphi	—	278
16	— defeated in Etruria by the consul Emilius—the consul Regulus slain	—	225
7	Geta in Sicily founded	—	690
11	Gelon becomes master of Syracuse	—	485
15	Gladiators first exhibit at Rome	—	264
14	Granicus, battle of, gained by Alexander	—	331
11	Greece and Persia, end of the war between	—	466
17	Greece declared free by Flaminius at the Isthmian games	—	196
12	Gylippus arrives in Sicily from Sparta	—	414
7	Gymnopædia celebrated at Lacedæmon	—	665
A. D.			
28	Gainas the Goth, conspiracy and fall of	—	400
26	Galerius Maximus and Constantius Chlorus made Cæsars	—	292
26	— defeated by the Persians on the Euphrates	—	296
26	— defeats Narses king of Persia in Armenia	—	297
26	Gallus the emperor purchases peace by an annual tribute to the Goths	—	252
28	Gallus, nephew of Constantine, declared Cæsar	—	351
28	— puts the Imperial ministers to death at Antioch	—	354
28	— put to death by his cousin Constantius	—	354
32	Gascons, the, cross the Pyrennees and settle in France	—	593
56	Gates, general, defeated by lord Cornwallis	—	1780
35	Gebel al Tarik lands at Gibraltar	—	711
30	Gelasius bishop of Rome asserts his authority as sovereign pontiff	—	494
52	Gembours, battle of,—gained by Alexander Farnese over the States General	—	1578
27	General Council, the Ist,—of Nice	—	325
28	— the IIId,—of Constantinople	—	381
29	— the IIIrd,—of Ephesus	—	431
30	— the IVth,—of Chalcedon	—	451
32	— the Vth,—of Constantinople	—	553
34	— the VIth,—of Constantinople	—	680
36	— the VIIth,—of Nice	—	787
38	— the VIIIth,—of Constantinople	—	869
43	— the IXth,—of the Lateran	—	1123
43	— the Xth,—of the Lateran	—	1139
44	— the XIth,—of the Lateran	—	1179
45	— the XIIth,—of the Lateran	—	1215
45	— the XIIIth,—of Lyons	—	1245
46	— the XIVth,—of Lyons	—	1274
47	— the XVth,—of Vienne	—	1312
49	— the XVIth,—of Constance	—	1414
49	— the XVIIth,—of Basle	—	1431
49	— the XVIIIth,—of Florence	—	1439
51	— the XIXth,—of the Lateran	—	1512
51	— the XXth,—of Trent	—	1545
29	Genseric king of the Vandals lands in Africa—Boniface retires to Carthage	—	429
29	— attached to the Arian heresy, deprives the catholic bishops of their sees	—	437
30	— destroys the fleet of Majorian at Carthage	—	457
30	— defeated by the emperor Leo, sues for peace, and obtains it	—	467
30	— defeats the expedition against the Vandals under Basilicus	—	468
57	German Confederation renewed	—	1815
53	Germany, thirty years' war in	—	1619
21	Germanicus sent into Germany	—	7
21	— chief in command on the Rhine	—	15
21	— gains two battles over Arminius.—He is recalled	—	16
21	— and Piso proceed to the East	—	18
21	— death of,—Piso ejected from Syria by Sentius	—	19
38	Germany a second time separated from the Franks	—	887
52	Ghent, pacification of, and demolition of the monuments of Alva's administration	—	1576
57	— peace of, between England and America	—	1814
45	Ghibelines, the, defeated at Fossalti	—	1249
57	Ghuznee taken by Sir John Keane	—	1839
55	Gibraltar taken by Sir George Rooke	—	1704
55	— siege of, raised by the Spaniards, and followed by the naval victory of Sir John Leake	—	1705
55	— invested by the Spaniards	—	1727
56	— besieged by the Spaniards	—	1779
28	Gildo the Moor in Africa, revolt of	—	386
28	— defeat and death of	—	398
54	Glencoe, massacre of	—	1693
48	Gloucester, Thomas duke of, carried off, in presence of the king, to Calais	—	1397
49	Gloucester, Humphrey duke of, arrested at St. Edmundsbury, and found dead in his bed	—	1447
54	Gloucester, William duke of, dies	—	1700
37	Godfrey the Norman makes his first descent in France	—	808

HISTORICAL EVENTS

N ^o	A. D.	N ^o	B. C.
54	Godfrey, Sir Edmundbury, murdered	—	1678
42	Godwins, the, rebellion and banishment of	—	1051
42	— are restored	—	1052
30	Gondebaud defeated by Clovis, between Langres and Dijon	—	500
25	Gordian the younger makes an expedition against the Persians	—	242
25	— murdered at the instance of Philip the Arabian	—	244
28	Goths ravage the Roman provinces	—	379
28	— allowed by Theodosius to settle in Thrace and Asia	—	395
35	Gothic monarchy in Spain, fall of	—	711
55	Grand Alliance between England, the Emperor, and States General against France	—	1701
46	Grandella, battle of,—Manfred defeated by Charles of Anjou	—	1266
28	Gratian made a colleague by the emperor Valentinian	—	367
28	— flight of, and assassination by Andragathius	—	383
54	Great Plague in London	—	1665
54	Great Fire in London	—	1666
38	Greek church,—the schism begins	—	860
57	Greek insurrection, commencement of	—	1821
57	— insurrection deemed a rebellion by the congress at Verona	—	1822
57	Greece, liberation of	—	1828
52	Gregorian Style published by the court of Rome	—	1582
56	Gregorian, or New Style, takes place in Great Britain	—	1752
52	Grey, lady Jane (Dudley), and lord Guildford Dudley beheaded	—	1554
34	Grimoald, duke of Benevento, seizes the throne of Lombardy	—	662
35	Guadalete, battle of the, gained by the Saracens in Spain	—	711
54	Guards reviewed, about 4,000 men, the whole standing army of the time	—	1663
55	Guastalla, battle of, between the Imperialists, the French, and Sardinians	—	1734
52	Guise Francis, duke of, shot by Poltrot at the siege of Orleans	—	1563
52	Guise, Henry duke of, assassinated	—	1538
53	Gunpowder plot discovered	—	1605
38	Guy, king of Italy, crowned emperor of the West by Pope Stephen V.	—	891
38	— is succeeded by Lambert, whose Imperial title is disputed by Arnulph	—	894
14	Halicarnassus taken by Alexander, who conquers Caria	—	334
16	Hamilcar Barcas chosen general of the Carthaginians	—	247
16	— encamps between Panormus and Eryx	—	246
16	— takes Eryx by surprise	—	245
16	— opposed to the consul Fundanius in Sicily	—	243
16	— sent into Spain	—	238
17	— defeated in Gaul by the consul Cethegus	—	197
16	Hannibal, birth of	—	247
16	— succeeds Hasdrubal in Spain	—	221
16	— takes Saguntum	—	219
16	— passes the Alps	—	218
16	— defeats the Romans at the Ticin and the Trebia	—	218
16	— passes into Etruria	—	217
16	— defeats Flaminius, who is slain at Thrasymene	—	217
16	— winters in Daunia	—	217
16	— winters at Capua after the battle of Cannæ	—	216
16	— besieges and takes Casilinum	—	216
16	— enters into a treaty with Philip of Macedon	—	215
16	— winters in Apulia	—	215
16	— takes Tarentum by surprise	—	212
16	— defeats Fulvius Centumalus at Herdonea	—	210
16	— forces Cincius to raise the siege of Locri	—	208
16	— retires into Bruttium	—	207
16	— leaves Italy,—he lands in Africa	—	203
17	— joins Antiochus king of Syria	—	196
17	— urges an attack upon Italy to Antiochus	—	193
16	Hanno defeated by the consul Catullus at the Ægates	—	241
16	Hasdrubal succeeds Hamilcar in Spain	—	229
16	Hasdrubal the Bald defeated by the Romans in Sicily	—	215
17	Hasdrubal proposes peace, which is rejected	—	147
9	Hellanodice augmented to two	—	580
11	Helots, their revolt	—	464
14	Hephestion, death of	—	324
9	Heraclea on the Euxine founded	—	559
12	Heraclea seized by the Bœotians	—	419
3	Heraclidæ driven from Tiryns by Eurystheus	—	1209
3	— their first attempt at the Isthmus	—	1203
3	— their second attempt under Cleodæus	—	1154
3	— their third attempt under Aristomachus	—	1124
3	— return of the	—	1104
3	Hercules, birth of	—	1261
3	— war of, with Erginus	—	1241
3	— war of, in Pylus	—	1239
3	— the Trojan expedition of	—	1225
3	— murder of Iphitus by	—	1212
3	— death of	—	1209
11	Hiero I. of Syracuse gains a naval victory over the Tuscans	—	474
15	Hiero II. becomes king of Syracuse	—	270
15	— makes peace with the Romans	—	263
8	Himera in Sicily founded	—	648
11	— battle of, and victory of Gelon	—	480
14	— battle of,—Agathocles defeated	—	310
10	Hippias, son of Pisistratus, succeeds to the tyranny of Athens	—	513
12	History of the Old Testament ends about this time	—	430
18	History of the Apocrypha ends	—	135
17	Hostilius the consul attempts unsuccessfully to penetrate Macedon	—	170
3	Hyllus slain by Eurystheus	—	1203
54	Habeas Corpus Act suspended, the first time	—	1689
56	— suspended	—	1794
57	— suspended	—	1817
23	Hadrian passes into Gaul and Germany	—	120
23	— passes into Britain,—the Vallum Hadriani from Carlisle to Newcastle built	—	121
23	— rebuilds Jerusalem	—	130
23	— adopts Titus Antoninus in Feb. He dies July 10	—	138
28	Hadrianople, battle of, and death of Valens	—	378
47	Halidon Hill, battle of, gained by king Edward III.	—	1333
53	Hamilton, duke of, and lords Holland and Capel beheaded	—	1649
42	Hampshire depopulated to obtain space to plant the New Forest	—	1079
53	Hampton Court, conference of divines at	—	1604
54	Hanover made a ninth Electorate	—	1692
37	Harald king of Denmark converted to Christianity	—	826
36	Haroun al Raschid at war with the Romans	—	781
38	Hastings repulsed by king Alfred at Exeter	—	894
42	Hastings, battle of,—king Harold slain	—	1066
33	Hatfield Chace, battle of, gained by Penda over Edwin	—	633
55	Hawke, admiral, defeats the French fleet	—	1747
33	Helopolis and Emessa besieged by the Saracens	—	635
30	Hengist gains the battle of Crayford and is established in Kent	—	457
30	— massacres the British nobles	—	475
39	Henry the Fowler elected king of Germany	—	925
41	Henry the Black deposes three Popes at the council of Sutrium	—	1046
43	Henry, prince, is invested with the dukedom of Normandy	—	1150
44	Henry II. is deserted by Queen Eleanor and his three sons	—	1173
44	— does penance at the tomb of Thomas à Becket	—	1174
50	Henry earl of Richmond escapes from Bretagne to France	—	1484
50	— lands at Milford Haven	—	1485
53	Henry prince of Wales dies	—	1612
29	Heraclian, count, revolt and defeat of, in Africa	—	413
33	Heraclius and Priscus conspire against Phocas	—	608
33	— takes up arms against Phocas	—	609
33	— elevation of, on the fall and death of Phocas	—	610
33	— makes peace with the Avari and pushes the war against the Persians	—	620
33	— first expedition of, against Khosrou	—	622
33	— second expedition of, against Khosrou	—	623
33	— third expedition of, against Khosrou	—	627
55	Herculaneum discovered, after being lost for seventeen centuries	—	1749
55	Heritable jurisdictions in Scotland abolished	—	1747
50	Hexham, battle of,—Queen Margaret escapes to France	—	1463

HISTORICAL EVENTS

N ^o	A. D.	N ^o	A. D.
29	Hippo, siege of,—death of St. Augustine, bishop of Hippo —	45	Innocent III. consecrates Langton in person at Viterbo —
56	Hochkirchen, battle of,—Mareschal Keith killed —	45	— pronounces the interdict against king John —
53	Holy Bible, new translation, published by authority —	49	Insurrection of Jack Cade —
49	Homildon Hill, battle of, between the earls of Douglas and Northumberland —	21	Interview of Caius Cæsar with Phraates king of Parthia —
57	Hone, William, acquitted on three trials for libel —	43	— of king Henry I. and pope Innocent II. at Chartres —
53	House of Lords solicit a supply, which is voted a breach of privilege —	51	— of Henry VIII. and Charles V. at Dover —
53	— abolished by the Commons —	51	— of Henry VIII. and Francis I. at Ardres —
54	House of Commons ordered to take the sacrament —	41	Inundation of the sea, of great extent in Flanders —
54	— protest against alterations in money bills by the Lords —	49	— at Dort, which overwhelmed 100,000 souls —
54	— disband the forces against the king's expressed opinion for a standing army —	42	Investitures, and their question of right, raise disputes between the emperor and the pope —
54	— finally reject king William's request to retain his Dutch guards —	43	— by ring and crosier abandoned by the emperor —
51	Howard, queen Katherine, and lady Rochford beheaded —	37	Irene, the empress, deposed and banished to Lesbos —
56	Howe's, lord, victory in the bay of Biscay —	56	Irish trade opened —
52	Huguenot war in France —	56	— directory arrested at Dublin —
40	Hugh the Great, the father of Hugh Capet, dies —	24	Issus, battle of,—Pescennius Niger defeated by Septimius Severus —
40	Hugh Capet created duke of France by Lothaire the king —	31	Italy, invasion of, by the Franks —
40	Hungary created a kingdom in favour of Stephen, son of Geisa —	32	— in great part conquered by the Lombards —
29	Huns, the, ravage Europe on to Constantinople —	32	— ravaged by the Sclavonians and Avari —
30	— extinction of their empire —	52	Ivry, battle of,—duke de Mayenne defeated by Henry IV. —
			B. C.
11	Icilius, his law allotting the Aventine to the Commons —	13	Jason of Pheræ is slain —
16	Illyrian war with Rome, the first —	9	Jerusalem taken by Nebuchadnezzar.—The Temple burnt —
16	Illyria and Rome, peace between —	19	— taken by Pompey —
16	Illyrian war, the second —	18	Jonathan Maccabeus betrayed and put to death by Tryphon —
11	Inarus revolts from the Persians —	8	Josiah king of Judah slain at Megiddo —
11	Institution of the dictatorship at Rome —	18	Jugurthian war, first campaign —
16	Insubria and Liguria formed into the province of Cisalpine Gaul —	18	Jugurtha and Bomilcar defeated by Metellus —
16	Interview between Hannibal and Scipio —	18	— joined by Bocchus —
19	— between Sulla and Mithridates. Peace granted to Mithridates —	18	— betrayed by Bocchus to Sulla, and delivered up to Marius —
19	— between Pompey and Lucullus in Galatia —	19	Julius Cæsar, birth of —
19	— at Luca between Cæsar, Pompey, and Crassus —		A. D.
20	— between Antony and Cleopatra on the Cydnus —	47	James Artevelde, a brewer of Ghent, becomes an ally to king Edward III. —
20	— of Antony and Octavianus at Tarentum —	49	James I. of Scotland taken prisoner on his way to France —
10	Ionia, conquest of, by the Persians —	49	— released from his captivity —
11	Ionian war,—Sardis burnt.—The Ionians defeated near Ephesus —	53	James I. of England resorts to raising money by way of benevolence —
11	— second year—Cyprus recovered by the Persians —	53	— enforces episcopacy in Scotland —
11	— third year—Aristagoras slain in Thrace —	53	— personally cancels a protest of the House of Commons —
11	— fourth year—Histæus comes down to the coast —	57	Janissaries, extinction of, by Sultan Mahmood —
11	— fifth year—Preparations for the assault of Miletus —	52	Jarnac, battle of, gained by Henry duke of Anjou, the prince de Condé killed —
11	— last year—The confederates defeated in a naval action, and Miletus taken —	57	Java, conquest of, by Sir Samuel Auchmuty —
3	Ionic migration led by Neleus —	56	Jervis, Sir John, victory off Cape St. Vincent —
13	Iphicrates defeats the troops of Agesilaus by a new system of tactics —	22	Jerusalem taken and destroyed by Titus —
13	— sent to the Hellespont —	33	— taken by the Saracens —
13	— arrives at Corcyra, but Mnasippus is already slain —	42	— besieged and taken by the Crusaders —
13	— continues in command of a fleet in the Ionian sea —	56	Jesuits, order of, abolished in France —
14	Ipsus, battle of,—Antigonus falls.—Flight of Demetrius —	49	Joan of Arc takes Orleans by assault —
16	Irruption of the Transalpine Gauls —	29	John the Notary, elevation and fall of —
14	Issus, battle of, gained by Alexander —	45	John, king, does homage to the pope before his legate at Dover —
16	Istria on the Adriatic, conquest of, by the Romans —	45	— signs Magna Charta, pope Innocent annuls it —
8	Istrus, a Milesian colony settled —	46	John Baliol declared king of Scotland by Edward I. —
11	Ithome surrenders to the Lacedæmonians —	46	— is defeated by king Edward, and abdicates his crown —
		48	John of Gaunt weds Constance, and assumes the regal style of Castile —
		49	John Huss condemned at the council of Constance —
35	Iconoclastic controversy begins —	53	John Hampden, judgment in the Exchequer against —
35	— rupture between the Pontificate and the Greek empire upon the question —	53	— judgment in the Exchequer cancelled by parliament —
31	Ida founds the kingdom of Bernicia —	53	— mortally wounded at Chalgrove —
36	Images, destruction of, decreed by the synod of Constantinople —	54	John Hampden fined £40,000 —
25	Immæ, battle of,—defeat and death of Macrinus —	28	Julian declared Cæsar, and sent to the West by Constantine —
34	Ina king of Wessex publishes a code of Saxon laws —	28	— first campaign in Gaul —
57	Income tax abandoned —	28	— second campaign.—He defeats Chnodomar at Strasburg —
56	India bill of Mr. Fox thrown out —	28	— five expeditions beyond the Rhine —
45	Innocent III. enjoins the election of Stephen Langton to the see of Canterbury —	28	— subdues the Franks —
			1207
			1208
			1450
			2
			1130
			1520
			1520
			1014
			1447
			1073
			1122
			802
			1779
			1798
			195
			538
			568
			600
			1590
			B. C.
			370
			587
			63
			144
			609
			111
			109
			107
			106
			100
			A. D.
			1337
			1406
			1423
			1614
			1617
			1621
			1826
			1569
			1811
			1797
			70
			637
			1099
			1764
			1429
			423
			1213
			1215
			1292
			1296
			1371
			1415
			1638
			1641
			1643
			1684
			354
			356
			357
			357—361
			358

HISTORICAL EVENTS

N ^o	B. C.	N ^o	B. C.
13		19	
Mantineæ, peace of, the Messenians included, the Lacedæmonians not consenting	— 361	Mithridates received by Tigranes	— 70
16		19	
— battle of,—Machanides defeated and slain by Philopœmen	— 206	— defeated by Pompey	— 66
11		20	
Marathon, battle of,—the Persians defeated by Miltiades	490	Munda, battle of.—by Cæsar over Pompey, which terminates the civil war	— 45
16		20	
Marcellus the consul kills Viridomarus in single conflict	222	Mutina, battles of	— 43
16		11	
— sent into Sicily,—Syracuse besieged	— 214	Mycalé, battle of, gained by Leotychides	— 479
16		11	
— finally takes Syracuse	— 212	Mycenæ destroyed by the Argives	— 468
16		6	
— slain in an ambush	— 208	Mylæ in the Chersonesus of Sicily founded	— 716
17		8	
Marcellus the consul conducts the war in Spain	— 152	Myron of Sicyon is victor in the chariot race	— 648
17		11	
Marcus the consul defeated by the Ligurians	— 186	Myronides, expedition of, into Thessaly	— 454
17		12	
— the consul proceeds into Macedon	— 169	Mytilenê besieged by the Athenians	— 428
18		12	
Marcus the consul plants a colony at Narbonne in Transalpine Gaul	— 118	— and Platea surrender	— 427
18		19	
Marius serves at Numantia	— 134	— capture of	— 80
18			
— now tribune of the people, imprisons the consul Metellus for opposition to his measures	— 119		A. D.
18		55	
— takes Capsa.—His first consulate	— 107	Macclesfield, lord chancellor, convicted of bribery	— 1725
18		51	
— a second time consul, passes over to Gaul. Sulla is legatus to him	— 104	Madrid, treaty of,—Francis I. released by Charles V.	— 1526
18		57	
— a third time consul. Sulla military tribune	— 103	— insurrection at, the palace attacked	— 1841
18		32	
— a fourth time consul, defeats the Teutones at Aquæ Sextia	— 102	Mahomed, birth of	— 569
18		33	
— a fifth time consul, and Catullus, defeat the Cimbri on the plain of Vercellæ	— 101	— preaches at Mecca	— 609
19		33	
— a sixth time consul	— 100	— begins to publish his Koran	— 612
19		33	
— lays down his command	— 90	— flight of,—era of the Hejira	— 622
19		33	
— and Sulla, civil war between	— 88	— death of	— 632
19		33	
— and Cinna, junction of	— 87	Mahometan war. The first against the Roman empire	— 629
19		32	
— a seventh time consul,—his death	— 86	Maires du Palais to the Merovingian kings of France usurp their power	— 598
29		56	
Marius the younger defeated near Præneste	— 82	Malmesbury's, lord, embassy to Paris	— 1796
20		55	
Marriage of Antony and Octavia	— 40	Malbrague, battle of, between Marlborough and Villars	— 1709
16		43	
Masinissa saluted as king of Numidia by Scipio	— 203	Malta taken by Roger count of Sicily	— 1122
17		57	
— extends his encroachments in Africa	— 193	Manchester meeting for reform, fatal issue of	— 1819
17		30	
— renewed complaints against his encroachments	— 172	Marcellinus, count, revolts in Dalmatia	— 461
18		48	
— defeats the Carthaginians	— 150	March, Roger earl of, declared presumptive heir to the Crown	— 1385
9		49	
Massilia—Marseilles—founded by the Phocæans	— 600	— succeeded in his regal rights by the duke of York	— 1424
10		46	
— refounded	— 544	Marchfield, battle of,—Ottocar defeated by Rodolph of Hapsburg	— 1278
18		55	
Massiva murdered by Bomilcar at the instance of Jugurtha	— 110	Maria Theresa rejects the insidious offers of Frederic of Prussia	— 1740
20		51	
Media and Armenia conquered by the Parthians	— 33	Marignano, battle of,—the Swiss defeated by Francis I.	— 1515
13		48	
Megalopolis founded	— 371	Marino Faliero denounced by the Council of Ten, and beheaded	— 1355
6		55	
Megara Hyblæa founded	— 728	Marlborough, John duke of, dies	— 1722
8		55	
Megarians send colonists to Byzantium	— 628	Marlborough, dss. of, advances £300,000 on the salt duty	— 1732
11		23	
Megarid, battles in the, between the Athenians and Corinthians	— 457	Marriage of Marcus Aurelius with Faustina, daughter of Antoninus	— 139
3		29	
Melanthus elected king of Athens	— 1104	— of Athaulfus with Placidia, sister of Honorius. He marches into Spain	— 414
12		31	
Melos surrendered to the Athenians	— 416	— of Amalric, king of the Visigoths, to Clotilda, daughter of Clovis	— 528
20		40	
Messalla, campaign of	— 34	— of the princess Theodora, daughter of the emperor Romanus, to the eldest son of Otho the Great	— 972
15		40	
Messapians, conquest of, and occupation of Brundisium	— 266	— of Wladimir of Russia to the princess Anne, daughter of Romanus II.	— 988
6		44	
Messenian war, the first	— 743	— of Henry duke of Normandy to Eleanor, the divorced queen of Louis VII.	— 1151
6		46	
— the first ended	— 723	— contract between prince Edward and Margaret of Scotland.—The young queen dies on her return from Norway	— 1290
7		49	
— the second	— 685	— of Francis Sforza with Bianca Visconti, daughter of duke Philip of Milan	— 1441
7		50	
— the second ended	— 668	— of king Edward IV. to lady Elizabeth Grey	— 1464
11		50	
— the third	— 464	— of Mary countess of Burgundy with the arch-duke Maximilian	— 1477
13		50	
Messenians, restoration of the	— 369	— of Anne duchess of Bretagne to Charles VIII. king of France	— 1491
17		51	
— surrender to Lycortas, the successor of Philopœmen	— 182	— of Katherine of Arragon to Arthur prince of Wales	— 1501
16		51	
Metaurus, battle of the,—Hasdrubal defeated and slain	— 207	— of James IV. of Scotland to the princess Margaret of England	— 1502
15		51	
Metellus the consul killed at Arretium	— 283	— of king Henry VIII. to Katherine princess of Wales	— 1509
16		51	
Metellus gains a victory over Hasdrubal at Panormus	— 250	— of the princess Mary to Louis XII. king of France	— 1514
18		51	
Metellus the consul sent into Spain	— 143	— of king Henry VIII. to Anne Boleyn	— 1533
18		51	
Metellus superseded by Marius	— 107	— of king Henry VIII. to Jane Seymour	— 1536
19		51	
— exile of	— 100	— of king Henry VIII. to Anne of Cleves	— 1540
19		51	
— return of	— 99	— of king Henry VIII. to lady Katherine Howard	— 1540
18		51	
Micipsa king of Numidia, death of	— 118	— of king Henry VIII. to Katherine Parr	— 1548
8		52	
Milesians established in Egypt	— 630	— of lord Guildford Dudley and lady Jane Grey	— 1554
8		52	
Milesian war begins	— 623	— of Mary queen of Scots and the Dauphin	— 1558
8			
Miletus, peace with, between Alyattes and Thrasybulus	— 612		
12			
— battle of, gained by the Athenians	— 412		
19			
Milo and Clodius, rencontre between	— 52		
19			
Milo in exile	— 52		
10			
Miltiades, son of Cimon, succeeds Stesagoras in the Chersonese	— 515		
11			
— retires from the Chersonese to Athens, while the Phœnician fleet lay at Tenedos	— 493		
12			
Mindarus slain by Alcibiades at Cyzicus	— 410		
3			
Minos, his naval dominion and legislation	— 1256		
19			
Mithridatic war, the first	— 88		
19			
— renewed	— 74		
19			
Mithridates, defeat and flight of	— 72		

III.

ALPHABETICAL TABLES

HISTORICAL EVENTS

N ^o	A. D.	N ^o	A. D.
52	Marriage of Mary queen of Scots and lord Darnley — 1565	28	Mount Seleucus, battle of,—defeat and death of Mag- nentius — 353
52	— of Mary queen of Scots to earl Bothwell — 1567	47	Mount Cassel, battle of, gained by Philip of Valois over the Flemings — 1330
53	— of the Ps. Elizabeth to the Elector Palatine — 1613	51	Muhlberg, battle of, gained by Charles V.—Elector of Saxony taken prisoner — 1547
53	— of king Charles I. to Henrietta Maria of France — 1625	47	Muhlendorf, battle of,—Frederic III. taken prisoner by Louis of Bavaria — 1322
54	— of the Duke of York to Prince of Modena — 1673	52	Murray, regent earl of, assassinated, earl of Lennox succeeds — 1570
57	— of queen Victoria and Prince Albert of Saxe Coburg Gotha — 1840	28	Mursa, battle of,—Magnentius defeated by Constantius — 351
56	Marriage Act passed — 1753	35	Musa the Saracen lands in Spain — 712
37	Marseilles taken and plundered by Greek pirates — 848	35	— effects the conquest of Spain — 713
55	— plague at — 1720	35	— arrested at the head of his army — 714
54	Marsiglia, battle of, duke of Savoy defeated — 1693		B. C.
53	Marston Moor, battle of — 1644	17	Nabis submits to Flamininus.—Liberation of Argos — 195
51	Martin Luther excommunicated at the Diet of Worms — 1521	17	— defeated by Philopœmen.—Lacedæmon joins the Achæan League — 192
51	— preaches against the sale of Indulgences at Wittenburg and is condemned at Rome — 1517	6	Nabonassar, era of, begins — 747
52	Martyrs, John Rogers, protomartyr — Bishop Hooper, Bishop Ferrars — 1553	3	Naval empire of the Lydians — 1169—1178
51	Mary queen of Scots carried over to France — 1548	3	— of the Pelasgians — 1077—993
52	— lands at Leith from the court of France — 1561	4	— of the Thracians — 992—914
52	— lands at Workington — 1568	4	— of the Rhodians — 913—891
52	— beheaded — 1587	4	— of the Phrygians — 890—866
44	Massacre of the Latins at Constantinople — 1183	4	— of the Cyprians — 865—833
52	Massacre on St. Bartholomew's eve — 1572	4	— of the Phœnicians — 832—786
53	Matilda, the empress, now a widow, returns to England — 1126	5	— of the Egyptians — 787—751
43	— marries Geoffrey Plantagenet — 1127	6	— of the Milesians — 750—733
43	— invades Normandy — 1136	6	— of the Carians — 732—672
43	— escapes by night from Oxford to Wallingford — 1142	7	— of the Lesbians — 671—603
43	— returns to Normandy — 1147	9	— of the Phocæans — 575—532
32	Maurice the Cappadocian wars against the Avari — 595	10	— of the Sainians — 529
33	— and his five children put to death by Phocas — 602	11	— of Ægina — 485
52	— prince, takes Breda and expels the Spaniards from the Union — 1590	12	Naval actions in the Corinthian gulf — 429
27	Maximin exacts the equal title of Augustus, which is also conceded to Constantine — 308	6	Naxos founded by Theocles — 735
27	Maximin strangled at Marseilles by order of Con- stantine — 310	10	— besieged for four months by Megabates and Aristagoras — 501
28	Maximus in Britain revolts against Theodosius — 383	11	— besieged by Cimon — 466
28	— invades Italy; flight of Valentinian II. — 387	13	— battle of,—Pollis defeated by Chabrias — 376
28	— defeated on the Save by Theodosius.—Death of Maximus — 388	8	Neco king of Egypt began his canal between the Red Sea and the Nile, circa — 610
33	Mecca, submission of to Mahomed — 629	9	Nemean games restored — 566
39	— pillaged by the Carmanthian Abu Taher — 929	12	Nicias leads an expedition — 427
57	Mehemet Ali, revolt of, from the Sublime Porte — 1824	12	— surrender of, in Sicily — 413
57	Melville, lord, charged with embezzlement by Mr. Whitbread — 1805	19	Nicomedes bequeaths Bithynia to the Romans — 74
55	Menin surrenders to Marlborough — 1706	8	Nineveh, capture of — 606
29	Meroveus begins to reign, according to the French chronology — 448	18	Numanines, the, refuse to receive Mancinus as a prisoner — 136
36	Merovingian dynasty terminated in France — 751	18	Numantia, its fall and destruction of its inhabitants — 133
39	Mersberg, battle of,—the Hungarians defeated by Henry the Fowler — 934		A. D.
42	— battle of,—Rodolph of Suabia killed by God- frey of Bouillon — 1080	52	Nantes, edict of by Henry IV. in favour of the Re- formers — 1598
57	Metropolitan Police commenced — 1829	54	— edict of, revoked — 1685
37	Michael I. defeated by Crunus king of Bulgaria — 813	51	Naples, partition of, by Louis XII. and Ferdinand of Spain — 1501
38	Michael III. the Sot, put to death by Basil the Macedo- nian, who succeeds him — 867	46	Napoleon della Torre captured at Desio by the arch- bishop of Milan — 1277
42	Michael VI. abdicates the empire of the East in favour of Isaac Comnenus — 1057	57	Napoleon Bonaparte, death of — 1821
57	Miguel, Don, usurps the throne of Portugal — 1828	29	Narbonne besieged by the Goths — 435
57	— his fleet captured by Admiral Napier — 1833	32	Narses effects the settlement of Italy — 544
56	Minden, battle of,—defection of lord George Sackville — 1759	32	— defeats the Franks and the Athenians — 554
55	Minorca taken by general Stanhope — 1708	32	— defection and death of — 567
53	Mississippi scheme at its height in Nov. Dec. — 1719	53	Naseby, battle of,—the royalists defeated — 1645
55	Molwitz, battle of, gained by Frederic of Prussia — 1741	57	National prosperity the leading topic of the royal speech in February. Commercial panic in December — 1825
27	Monastic life, increase and influence of, at Rome — 341	48	Navarette, battle of,—by Edward the Black Prince over Henry the Bastard of Castile — 1367
36	Monasteries in the East dissolved by Constantine Co- pronymus — 770	45	Novas de Tolosa, battle of,—Mahomed Alnassar de- feated by Alfonso IX. of Castile — 1212
52	Moncontour, battle of, gained by Henry IV. — 1569	56	Nelson's, lord, victory off the Nile — 1798
54	Monmouth, duke of, taken at Sedgemoor — 1685	47	Nevil's Cross, battle of,—David king of Scotland taken prisoner — 1346
47	Montfort, countess de, engages a French fleet — 1342	53	Newbury, first battle of, gained by the parliamentarians — 1643
56	Montreal, surrender of to General Amherst — 1760	53	— second battle of,—an undecided conflict — 1644
56	— taken by the Americans under general Mont- gomery — 1775	56	New York taken by the king's troops — 1776
53	Montrose, marquis of, executed — 1650	57	— desolating fire at — 1835
53	Moors, expulsion of by Philip III. of Spain — 1609	42	Nice, siege of, by the Crusaders — 1097
51	More, Sir Thomas, beheaded — 1535	51	Nice, treaty of, between Charles V. and Francis I. — 1538
47	Mortimer, Roger, seized in Nottingham castle and executed — 1330	37	Nicephorus defeated and killed by Crunus king of Bulgaria — 811
50	Mortimer's Cross, battle of, gained by Edward earl of March — 1461		

HISTORICAL EVENTS

N ^o			N ^o	A. D.	
40	Nicephorus II. assassinated at the instance of Theophania	969	33	Omar, caliph, mortally wounded in the mosque at Medina by a Persian slave	644
48	Nicopolis, battle of,—defeat of Sigismund king of Hungary by Bajazet I.	1396	35	Ommyiades, fall of the,—caliph Merwan defeated and killed by Abu Moslem in Egypt	750
52	Nieuport, battle of,—the archduke Albert defeated by prince Maurice	1600	53	O'Neil earl of Tyrone surrenders at discretion	1602
31	Nika, insurrection of the, at Constantinople	532	54	Opdam, admiral, defeated by the duke of York	1665
54	Nimeguen, peace of	1678	57	Opium, introduction of, interdicted in China	1832
27	Nisibis, first siege of, by Shahpoor king of Persia	338	55	Orange, prince of. elected stadtholder	1747
27	second siege of	346	47	Order of the Garter instituted	1348
27	third siege of	350	54	Orange, prince of, lands at Torbay	1688
31	Noorsherwan invades Syria and destroys Antioch	540	57	Orders in Council issued to counteract the Berlin decrees	1807
32	last war with the Romans	572	38	Ordonno I. king of Oviedo takes Salamanca by storm	862
56	Nootka Sound, affair of	1790	39	Ordonno II. king of Leon defeats Abderahman, and takes Talavera by storm	914
53	Nordlinghen, battle of, gained by the Imperialists	1634	39	defeats Abderahman at St. Peter de Gormuz	916
52	Norfolk, Thomas duke of, beheaded	1572	39	defeated at Val Junquera	921
43	Normandy subdued by the earl of Anjou	1146	57	Osnaburg united to Hanover	1802
45	united to France	1204	25	Osrhœne, conquest of, by the Romans	216
38	Normans, the, sail up the Seine to Paris	856	53	Ostend taken by the marquis Spinola	1606
41	first enter Italy	1018	21	Ostorius, expedition of	47
42	conquer Calabria	1060	28	Ostrogoths repulsed on the Danube by Theodosius	386
50	Northampton, battle of,—king Henry VI. taken prisoner	1460	33	Oswald king of Northumberland killed in battle with Penda king of Mercia	642
49	Northumberland, earl of, slain at Bramham Moor by Sir Thomas Rokeby	1408	22	Otho the emperor defeated at Bedriacum	69
56	Notables, first assembly at Versailles	1787	39	Otho duke of Saxony declines accepting the Imperial crown	91
56	second assembly	1788	39	Otho I. defeats the Sclavonians, and makes Boleslas duke of Bohemia tributary	950
51	Navarra, the French under La Tremouille repulsed by the Swiss	1513	40	drives Berenger II. and Adalbert out of Italy	951
51	Noyau, treaty of, which ends the wars of the League of Cambray	1516	40	defeats the Sclavonians in Saxony	957
			40	crowned Emperor of the West by pope John XII.	962
20	Octavianus arrives from Apollonia	44	40	Otho II. subdues the Bohemians	977
20	and Antony conclude peace with Sextus Pompeius	39	40	defeated at Basentello	980
20	prepares to invade Sicily	37	40	massacres his chief nobility at a banquet to which he had invited them	981
20	at war with the Illyrians and Pannonians	35	40	defeated by the Greeks and Saracens in Calabria	932
20	campaign in Dalmatia	34	41	Otho III. poisoned by the widow of Crescentius	1002
20	passes through Athens and Asia, on his return to Italy	31	48	Otterburn, battle of, between Hotspur and Douglas	1388
9	Odessus on the Euxine founded by the Milesians	592	55	Oudenarde, battle of, gained by Marlborough and Eugene	1708
11	Oenophyta, battle of, gained by Myronides over the Bœotians	456	43	Ouriquez, battle of,—the Saracens defeated by count Alfonso	1139
13	Olympia, battle of, at the time of the games	364	53	Overbury, murder of Sir Thomas, divulged	1615
4	Olympiad of Iphitus, in which Lycurgus concurred	884	49	Owen Glendour raises a rebellion in Wales	1401
14	Olympias captured and put to death by Cassander	315			
6	Olympic games,—the <i>διαυλος</i> added	724			
6	the <i>πάλη</i> and <i>πένταθον</i>	707			
6	the <i>δολίχος</i>	720	9	Panathenæa instituted at Athens	566
7	the <i>πιχημη</i>	688	8	Panætius becomes tyrant of Leontium	608
7	the quadriga	680	5	Pandosia and Metapontum in Italy founded	774
8	the <i>παγκράτιον</i> and <i>κέλης</i>	648	15	Panormus surrenders to the Romans	254
8	the <i>δρόμος</i> and <i>πάλη πασιών</i>	632	7	Pantoleon king of Pisa participates in the second Messenian war	672
13	Olynthian war, first campaign,—Phœbidas seizes the Cadmea—Teletias marches to Olynthus	382	8	celebrates the Olympic games	644
13	second campaign.—Teletias slain	281	15	Papirius Cursor erects the first sun-dial in Rome	293
13	third campaign.—Death of Agesipolis	380	18	Papirius Carbo is routed by the Cimbræ, who spread themselves over Transalpine Gaul	113
13	finished by Polybiades	379	6	Parion founded according to Eusebius	708
14	first embassy to Athens,—Chares sent to Olynthus with 2,000 mercenaries	349	20	Parthian war.—Disastrous retreat of Antony	36
14	second year,—Charidemus sent with auxiliaries	348	19	ended	51
14	Olynthus taken by Philip, with several towns in Chalcidicæ and Thrace	347	13	Peace of Antalcidas.—Corinth and Argos separated, Evagoras and Cyprus excluded	387
13	Onomarchus defeated by Philip	352	13	Peace between Corinth, Phlius, and Thebes	366
3	Orestes reigns in Argos	1176	14	Peace between Philip of Macedon and the Athenians	346
13	Oropus seized by the exiles	366	6	Pekah slain by Hoshea	738
			12	Peloponnesian war	431
			12	truce for a year	423
26	Odenatus king of Palmyra governs the Eastern empire for Gallienus	264	3	Pelops in Pisatis	1283
35	Odillon duke of Bavaria defeated by Pepin and Carloman	743	3	Penthius, Eolic migration under	1124
30	Odoacer forms an alliance with Euric king of the Visigoths	477	14	Perdiccas, death of, at the Nile	321
30	first defeat at Aquilea by Theodoric	489	8	Periander mediates between Athens and Mytilenæ	606
30	second defeat at Verona by Theodoric	489	11	Pericles enters into public life at Athens	469
30	final defeat by Theodoric	490	11	his campaign at Sicily	454
30	surrenders to Theodoric, and is assassinated at Ravenna	493	12	begins to have the sole power in Athens	444
36	Offa introduces the tax of Peter pence into Mercia	794	12	invests Samos by land and by sea,—surrender of Samos	440
40	Ojga princess of Russia baptised.—The era of Christianity in Russia	955	12	death of	429
			17	Perseus of Macedon endeavours to re-establish an alliance with the Achæans	174
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III.

ALPHABETICAL TABLES

HISTORICAL EVENTS

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12	— abandons Diium, and entrenches himself on the banks of the Enipus	—	169
12	Persia and Sparta. First treaty between	—	412
12	— Second treaty between	—	412
12	— Third treaty between	—	411
11	Persian armament, the first, under Mardonius	—	492
11	— the second, under Datis and Artaphernes	—	490
13	Persian and Cyprian war of ten years	—	385
17	Petillius the consul slain by the Ligurians	—	176
12	Phæax sent to Sicily by the Athenians	—	422
9	Phalaris of Agrigentum, accession of, according to Eusebius	—	570
10	— death of	—	549
13	Pharnabazus with Conon ravages the coasts of Peloponnesus	—	393
20	Pharnaces, war with and defeat of	—	47
15	Pharos of Alexandria built	—	284
20	Pharsalia, battle of,—flight and death of Pompey	—	48
7	Phaselis in Pamphylia founded	—	690
5	Phidon king of Argos reigns	—	783
6	— celebrates the eighth Olympic games	—	748
7	Phigalia taken by the Lacedæmonians	—	659
20	Philippi, first battle of,—death of Cassius	—	42
20	— second battle of,—death of Brutus	—	42
13	Philip of Macedon defeats Argæus at Methone, makes peace with Athens, reduces Pæonia, and subdues the Illyrians	—	359
13	— takes Amphipolis	—	358
13	— besieges I'agasæ and Methone	—	353
14	— invades Thrace and Scythia	—	342
14	— engaged in the siege of Selymbria	—	340
14	— raises the sieges of Perinthus and Byzantium	—	339
14	— chosen general of the Amphictyons	—	338
14	— assassinated at Ægæ	—	336
14	Philip Aridæus put to death by Olympias	—	317
16	Philip V. of Macedon defeated at Chios by Attalus and the Rhodians	—	201
17	— besieges Abydos	—	200
17	— dismisses the Roman ambassador Emilius	—	200
17	— defeated by the consul Sulpicius near Octolopum	—	199
17	— defeats the Ætolians, who now declare for the Romans	—	199
17	— remonstrates against the reductions proposed by Metellus	—	185
17	Philopæmen abrogates the laws of Lycurgus	—	188
17	— put to death by the Messenians	—	183
17	Philosophers and rhetoricians are prohibited at Rome	—	161
13	Philius surrenders to Agesilaüs	—	379
10	Phocians settle in Gaul	—	539
13	— seize Sicily	—	357
14	Phocian or sacred war ends	—	346
14	Phocion in Eubæa, gains the battle of Tamynæ against Callias and Taurosthenes	—	350
14	— death of	—	317
8	Phraortes king of Media slain by the Assyrians	—	634
15	Picentians and Romans, war between	—	269
15	— conquest of, completed by the consul Sempronius	—	268
9	Pisistratus first usurps the government of Athens	—	560
9	— his first exile from Athens	—	554
10	— second tyranny of, at Athens	—	548
10	— his second exile from Athens	—	547
10	— his third tyranny at Athens	—	537
10	— death of	—	527
10	Pisistratidæ expelled from Athens	—	510
18	Piso the consul is sent against Numantia	—	135
18	— defeats the servile army at Messana	—	133
8	Pittacus overthrows the tyranny of Melanchrus	—	611
9	— governs Mytilenè for ten years	—	589
12	Plague at Athens	—	430
12	— a second time at Athens	—	426
10	Platæa puts itself under the protection of Athens	—	519
11	— battle of,—Mardonius defeated and slain by Pausanias	—	479
12	— attempted by the Thebans	—	431
12	— besieged by Archidamus	—	429
13	— restored in consequence of the measures of Agesilaüs with the Thebans	—	386
5	Polychares of Messenia victor in the Olympic games	—	764
10	Polycrates at Samos, usurpation of	—	532
10	Polycrates of Samos at war with the Lacedæmonians	—	525
10	— put to death by Orates satrap of Sardis	—	522
13	Polydamis of Thessaly comes to Sparta	—	375
18	Pompey, birth of	—	106
19	— opposes Carbo on the part of Sulla	—	83
19	— puts Carbo to death in Sicily	—	82
19	— expedition into Africa	—	81
19	— carries on the war against Sertorius	—	74
19	— defeats the Pirates	—	67
19	— dethrones Antiochus Asiaticus	—	65
19	— hastens to Pontus on advice of renewed preparations by Mithridates	—	64
19	— returns to Italy	—	62
19	— sole consul	—	52
20	— takes measures against Cæsar	—	50
14	Pontius the Samnite general refuses to receive the hostages consuls sent from Rome	—	320
17	Popilius the consul gains a victory over the Ligurians	—	173
18	— conducts the Celtiberian war	—	139
18	— is routed by the Numantines	—	138
14	Porus defeated by Alexander	—	326
16	Posthumus defeated and slain in Gaul	—	216
12	Potidea surrenders,—the siege having cost Athens 2,000 talents	—	429
14	Proclamation by Alexander's letter for the return of the exiles	—	324
8	Proclus tyrant of Epidaurus is cotemporary with Periander	—	624
8	Prusias founded according to Eusebius	—	626
15	Ptolemy Philadelphus is associated in the sovereignty by his father Soter	—	285
15	Ptolemy Ceraunus slain by the Gauls	—	280
19	Ptolemy Apion king of Cyrene leaves his dominions to the Romans	—	96
11	Publilian law of Volero, the second great charter of Roman liberty	—	469
15	Punic war. the first	—	264
16	— end of the first	—	241
16	— the second	—	218
16	— end of the second	—	202
18	— the third, Carthage besieged	—	149
18	— end of the third	—	146
17	Pydna, battle of,—Perseus defeated by the consul Emilius	—	168
12	Pylos, occupation of	—	425
15	Pyrhus expelled from Macedon by Lysimachus	—	287
15	— passes into Italy	—	280
15	— passes into Sicily	—	278
15	— leaves Sicily. His fleet is dispersed by the Carthaginians on his way to Italy	—	275
15	— defeated by the consul Curius at Beneventum, embarks for Epirus	—	274
15	— death of	—	272
9	Pythian games first celebrated at Delphi	—	591
			A. D.
29	Pagan religion finally extinguished about this time	—	420
33	Papal power, commencement of, by the concessions of Phocas	—	606
47	Papal court removed to Avignon by Clement V.	—	1309
48	— restored from Avignon to Rome by Gregory XI.	—	1377
51	Papal supremacy in England abrogated by Parliament	—	1534
31	Paris made the capital of France by Clovis	—	510
57	— second peace of	—	1815
54	Parliament at Oxford,—The Expedient' fails	—	1681
56	Parliament prorogued to Jan. 3, but it met on Dec. 13	—	1792
56	Parliamentary reports in the newspapers finally established	—	1771
54	Party distinctions, Whig and Tory, arise	—	1680
29	Passage of the Rhine by the Vandals under Godesil and Gunderic	—	406
52	Passau, treaty of,—liberty of conscience secured to the German protestants	—	1552
34	Paulicians, or disciples of St. Paul, rise of	—	660
39	Pavia reduced to ashes by the Hungarians	—	924
51	— battle of, gained by Charles V., Francis I. taken prisoner	—	1525
50	Pazzi, conspiracy of the,—assassination of Giulio, and escape of Lorenzo de Medici	—	1478
57	Pedro, Don, abdicates the throne of Portugal	—	1826
57	— death of	—	1834
57	Peltier, M., found guilty of a libel upon Bonaparte	—	1803

HISTORICAL EVENTS

N ^o	A. D.	N ^o	A. D.
34	Pepin d'Heristal now governs all France	55	Porteous, captain, executed at the sign post by the mob at Edinburgh
36	Pepin le Bref proclaimed king of the Franks	55	Porto Bello taken by admiral Vernon
36	enforces the cession of Ravenna to Stephen II.	54	Portsmouth, dss. of, sent by Louis XIV. to secure the French interest
36	besieges and takes Narbonne	50	Portuguese first double the Cape and sail to the East Indies
36	unites Aquitaine to France	57	Pottinger, major, and his troops massacred at Khoord Cabul Pass
57	Percival, Mr, assassinated in the lobby of the House of Commons	55	Pragmatic sanction confirmed by a diet of the empire
24	Perennis sacrificed by Commodus at the instigation of the British legions	55	violated by all but England on the death of the emperor Charles VI.
50	Perkin Warbeck acknowledged as Duke of York by the duchess of Burgundy	53	Prague, battle of,—Elector Palatine loses his dominions
50	received by the king of Scots—marries the daughter of lord Huntley, and invades England	53	peace of
50	found plotting with lord Warwick in the Tower, is executed, and the earl beheaded	55	taken by assault by the Bavarians
22	Persecution of the Christians—The Ist	56	Pratt, L. C. J. decides against general warrants
22	The IInd	56	Prayers for the royal family in the catholic chapels the first time since 1688
23	The IIIRD	57	Princess Charlotte, marriage of, to Prince Leopold
23	The IVth	57	death of
25	The Vth	28	Priscillian bishop of Avila executed for heresy
25	The VIth	26	Probus delivers Gaul from the invasion of the Germans
25	The VIIth	26	assassinated by his army
26	The VIIIth	28	Procopius, revolt of, against Valens
26	The IXth	53	Proclamation by K. Charles I. enforcing residence of landholders upon their estates
27	The Xth	57	Property-tax repealed
27	Persian war with Rome—Shahpoor and Constantius	53	Prynne Bastwick and Burton pilloried by the Star Chamber
28	Persian war between Shahpoor and Tiranes king of Armenia	55	Pulteney, William, struck off the list of Privy Council
28	Persia, treaty of Peace between Ardisheer and Theodosius	55	sinks in popularity as Earl of Bath
32	Persians, the, defeated by the Roman general Philippicus	55	Pultowa, battle of,—defeat of Charles XII.
33	Persia and Syria, invasion of, by the Saracens	53	Puritans side with the people. Arminians declare for the king
34	Persia, conquest of, by the Saracens		
45	Persia invaded by Zingis Khan	12	Quæstores Classici at Rome thrown open to the Commons
54	Peter the Great visits England incognito		
31	Petra, siege of, by Dagistheus		
56	Philadelphia evacuated by the king's troops		
25	Philip the Arabian defeated and killed near Verona		
55	Philip V. of Spain abdicates the throne		
55	resumes the crown		
35	Philippicus Bardanes assassinated		
38	Photius patriarch of Constantinople deposed, and the Iconoclasts anathematized		
56	Pierson, Major, killed at St. Helier		
47	Piers, Gaveston, beheaded at Warwick castle		
45	Pisans, the, arrest the prelates in the Genoese galleys on their way to the council at Rome		
32	Piso, conspiracy and death of		
38	Pistes, edict of—every castle constructed without license to be rased before Aug. 1		
39	Placentia, battle of, Berenger defeated by Rodolf king of Burgundy		
47	Plague of Florence depopulates all Europe		
21	Plautius and Claudius proceed on an expedition to Britain		
56	Plassey, battle of, Surajah Dowlah defeated by Colonel Clive		
23	Pliny proconsul of Bithynia writes concerning the Christians to Trajan		
48	Poitiers, battle of, John II. king of France taken prisoner		
40	Poland.—Christianity introduced about this time		
55	Double election to the crown divides Europe		
56	First partition of		
29	Pollentia, battle of, Alaric defeated by Stilicho.—Bold retreat of Alaric		
22	Pompeii and Herculaneum destroyed by an eruption of Vesuvius		
36	Pontificate finally separates from the Eastern empire		
57	Poor Law Amendment Bill introduced		
37	Pope Leo IV. defeats the Saracens at the mouth of the Tiber		
41	Pope Leo IX. leagues with the two emperors against the Normans in Sicily		
44	Pope Alexander II. mediates between Henry II. and Louis VII.		
53	Pope Paul V. and the Venetians, high disputes between		
53	interdicts the oath of allegiance by the catholics of England		
54	Pope's nuncio formally received at Windsor		
		8	Red Sea, navigated by the Phœnicians by order of Neco
		20	Reformation of the calendar under the revision of Sosigenes
		15	Regulus lands in Africa
		15	defeated and taken prisoner by Zantippus
		16	pleads in the senate for war
		13	Return of the ten thousand—they enter the service of Sentes king of Thrace
		12	Revolt of Eubœa and Megara.—Eubœa recovered by Pericles
		14	Revolt of the Thebans on the reported death of Alexander.—Thebes destroyed
		6	Rhégium colonized by the Messenians under Alcidasidas
		15	taken and restored to the old inhabitants
		5	Rome—founded according to Varro
		5	founded according to Cato
		6	founded according to Polybius
		6	founded according to Fabius Pictor
		6	founded according to Cincius
		11	and Veii, war between
		11	and Veii, peace between
		12	and Veii, war between
		13	burnt by the Gauls
		14	and Samnium, war between
		14	and Samnium, peace between
		14	and Latins at War
		14	Romans defeated by the Samnites at the Furcæ Caudinæ
		14	under Papirius gain a decided victory over the Samnites

HISTORICAL EVENTS

N ^o		B.C.	N ^o		A. D.
15	Romans and Carthage, league between	— 279	4	Robert duke of Normandy dies in Cardiff Castle	— 1134
15	— become masters of all Italy	— 264	47	Robert Bruce crowned king of Scots at Scone	— 1306
15	— first prepare a fleet	— 260	53	Rochelle surrenders to Louis	— 1628
15	— take 114 Carthaginian ships. The Roman fleet destroyed by a tempest	— 255	56	Rodney, Sir George, defeats Langara and relieves Gibraltar	— 1780
15	— complete 220 ships in three months	— 254	56	— defeats Count de Grasse	— 1782
15	— lose their fleet a second time—120 ships destroyed	— 253	41	Rodolf of Arles bequeaths his kingdom to Conrad the Salique	— 1032
15	— desist from naval expeditions	— 253	39	Rollo the Norman converted to Christianity and created duke of Normandy	— 911
15	— again resolve on naval preparations	— 251	39	— abdicates Normandy in favour of William Longsword	— 927
16	— lose every ship by storm, and again abandon the sea	— 249	29	Roman legions finally leave Britain	— 427
16	— again prepare a fleet	— 243	32	Roman senate, the, cease to exist about	— 551
16	— at war with the Falisci	— 241	31	Roman consulship abolished by Justinian	— 541
16	— at war with the Boii and Ligurians	— 238	33	Romans, the, defeated in Italy by the Lombards	— 602
16	— threaten Carthage with war, but desist	— 236	39	Romanus Lecapenus driven by his sons into exile	— 944
16	— their forces nearly 800,000 men	— 235	41	Romanus III. Argyrus, drives the Saracens out of Syria	1031
16	— their legions first pass the Po	— 223	42	Romanus IV. Diogenes, defeated and deposed by Alp Arslan	— 1071
16	— make peace with Macedon	— 204	28	Rome, conversion of, from Paganism	— 388
16	— grant peace to Carthage	— 201	29	— first siege by Alaric	— 408
17	— subdue the Insubres and the Boii	— 196	29	— second siege by Alaric	— 409
17	— first pass the Alps	— 154	29	— third siege and sack by Alaric—Alaric evacuates Rome—Death of Alaric	— 410
17	Roman consuls enter upon their office on January 1	— 153	30	— sacked by the Vandals	— 455
18	Roman power extends to the Pyrennees	— 118	30	— sacked by the Goths	— 472
14	Roxana taken by Alexander	— 327	31	— surrendered by Vitiges to Belisarius	— 536
19	Rutilius the consul mortally wounded in an ambush	— 90	31	— besieged by the Goths	— 537
		A. D.	31	— besieged and taken by Totila	— 546
29	Radagaisus defeated by Stilicho in the heights of Fiesole	406	31	— recovered by Belisarius	— 547
53	Raleigh, Sir Walter, beheaded	1618	31	— again taken by Totila	— 549
55	Ramilles, battle of, gained by Marlborough over Mareschal Villeroy	1706	32	— conquest of, by Narses	— 552
44	Ranulph de Glanville digests the civil law about this time	1180	37	— invasion and sack of, by the Moors and Saracens of Africa	— 846
37	Ragnar Lodbrog sails up the Seine and pillages Paris	845	42	— taken by the emperor Henry IV.	— 1084
51	Ravenna, battle of,—Gaston de Foix killed	1512	51	— taken by assault,—the duke de Bourbon killed	— 1527
51	Reformation in Scotland begins,—Patrick Hamilton suffers at St. Andrews	1528	56	— surrendered to Commodore Trowbridge	— 1799
52	— contest between Mary of Guise and 'the lords of the congregation'	1559	36	Roncesvalles, battle of, and death of Roland	— 778
56	Reform in parliament: Mr. Pitt's first motion in office	1785	43	Rosebeque, battle of,—the Flemings defeated by the duke of Burgundy	— 1382
56	— Mr. Grey's first motion	1793	52	Rouen surrenders,—king of Navarre killed	— 1562
57	— Bill introduced	1831	52	Rousillon, edict of, restricting the concessions to the protestants in the edict of Amboise	— 1564
57	— Bill passed	1832	54	Royal assent refused by William III. to a bill touching the freedom of speech in parliament	— 1694
56	Regency question on the king's severe illness	1789	47	Royal forests enacted to be perpetual	— 1302
55	Regent duke of Orleans gives notice of a conspiracy in favour of the Pretender	1722	53	Rupert, prince, takes Bristol by storm	— 1643
55	— dies	1723	53	— surrenders Bristol	— 1645
56	Registration bill, for births, deaths, &c. thrown out by the lords 'as being of dangerous tendency'	1753	54	Russell, William lord, beheaded	— 1683
57	Repeal meetings interdicted in Ireland	1843	38	Russia,—the first naval expedition against Constantinople	— 863
48	Restoration of the Greek language in Italy by Manuel Chrysolaris	1390	38	— conversion of, to the Greek church	— 865
33	Retford, battle of,—Ethelfrith king of Bernicia defeated and killed by Edwin of Deira	— 617	39	— second naval expedition against Constantinople	— 904
49	Reunion of the Ottoman empire	— 1421	39	— third naval expedition against Constantinople	— 941
56	Revolution Society of 1688 congratulate the National Assembly	— 1789	41	— fourth naval expedition against Constantinople	— 1043
57	Revolution in France, in Belgium, and in Poland	— 1830	41	— invades Poland, but is repelled by Boleslas I.	— 1018
59	Revolutionary Period and French Empire	1789—1815	52	— first intercourse with England	— 1553
			57	— Austria and Prussia recal their ambassadors from Madrid	— 1823
			54	Rye House Plot	— 1683
			54	Ryswick, peace of,—king William III. acknowledged by Louis XIV.	— 1697
					B. C.
44	Richard Cœur de Lion and Philip Augustus meet at Vezelai on their way to Palestine	— 1190	11	Salamis, battle of,—victory of Themistocles	— 480
44	— defeats Saladin at Jaffa	— 1191	15	Salentines and Sarcinates subdued	— 266
44	— insults Leopold of Austria at the siege of Acre	— 1191	18	Saluvii, the, subdued by Sextius Calvinus	— 123
44	— is driven by storm upon Austria's dominions and sold to the emperor Henry	— 1192	6	Samaria besieged for three years	— 723
44	— returns to England and makes war upon France	— 1194	6	— taken by Shalmaneser	— 721
44	— and Philip Augustus suspend their hostilities	— 1197	14	Samnite war, the first	— 342
44	— mortally wounded by Bertram de Guerdon	— 1199	14	— the second	— 326
46	Richard earl of Cornwall crowned king of the Romans	— 1257	14	Samnites submit to the consul Sulpicius and become subject to Rome	— 304
30	Ricimer reigns, de facto, in the name of Libius Severus	— 461	15	Samnium, Lucania, and Bruttium finally submit to Rome	— 272
56	Riots in London incited by lord George Gordon	— 1780	16	Sardinia conquered by the Romans	— 235
57	— pending the arrest of Sir Francis Burdett by the serjeant-at-arms	— 1810	16	— revolts and is again invaded	— 234
55	Ripperda, duke de, arrested in the British ambassador's house at Madrid	— 1726	16	— a third time invaded	— 233
52	Rizzio, David, murder of	— 1566	16	— a fourth time invaded	— 232
42	Robert Guiscard drives the Saracens out of Italy	— 1058	16	— and Corsica reduced to a province	— 231

*. The events of this Period are so much within the memory of most readers as scarcely to require an alphabetical distribution in an Index already sufficiently extended.

HISTORICAL EVENTS

N ^o	B. C.	N ^o	B. C.
8	Sardis taken by the Cimmerians — 635	16	Social war, commencement of — 220
10	— taken by Cyrus,—Crœsus taken prisoner — 546	19	Social or Marsian war excited by Drusus — 90
14	Satricum recovered by the Romans under Papirius — 319	19	— ended — 88
19	Saturninus, sedition of — 100	14	Sogdiana, subjugation of, by Alexandria — 328
18	Scaurus the consul subdues the Carni at the Pennine Alps — 115	9	Solon, legislation of — 594
18	— defeated by the Cimbrî — 108	20	Sossius takes Jerusalem — 38
15	Scipio, descent of, upon Corsica and Sardinia — 259	13	Sparta, congress at,—Thebes excluded from the treaty — 372
16	Scipios, the two, Lævinus and Scævola, in Spain — 213	12	Sphacteria invested and surrendered to Cleon — 425
16	— killed in Spain — 212	13	Sphodrias attempts the Piræus of Athens — 378
16	Scipio Africanus sent into Spain — 211	11	Spurius Cassius the consul makes a league with thirty cities of the Latins — 491
16	— takes Carthago Nova — 210	11	— makes a league with the Hernicans, and carries the Agrarian law — 484
16	— makes a league with Syphax — 206	11	— trial and death of — 483
16	— and Masinissa treat at Gades — 206	12	Spurius Melius put to death at Rome for imputed conspiracy — 436
16	— now consul, passes into Sicily — 205	7	Stagira in Macedonia founded — 654
16	— sends Lælius into Africa, who there confers with Masinissa — 205	18	Sulla, birth of — 138
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46	Statute of mortmain enacted —	1279	
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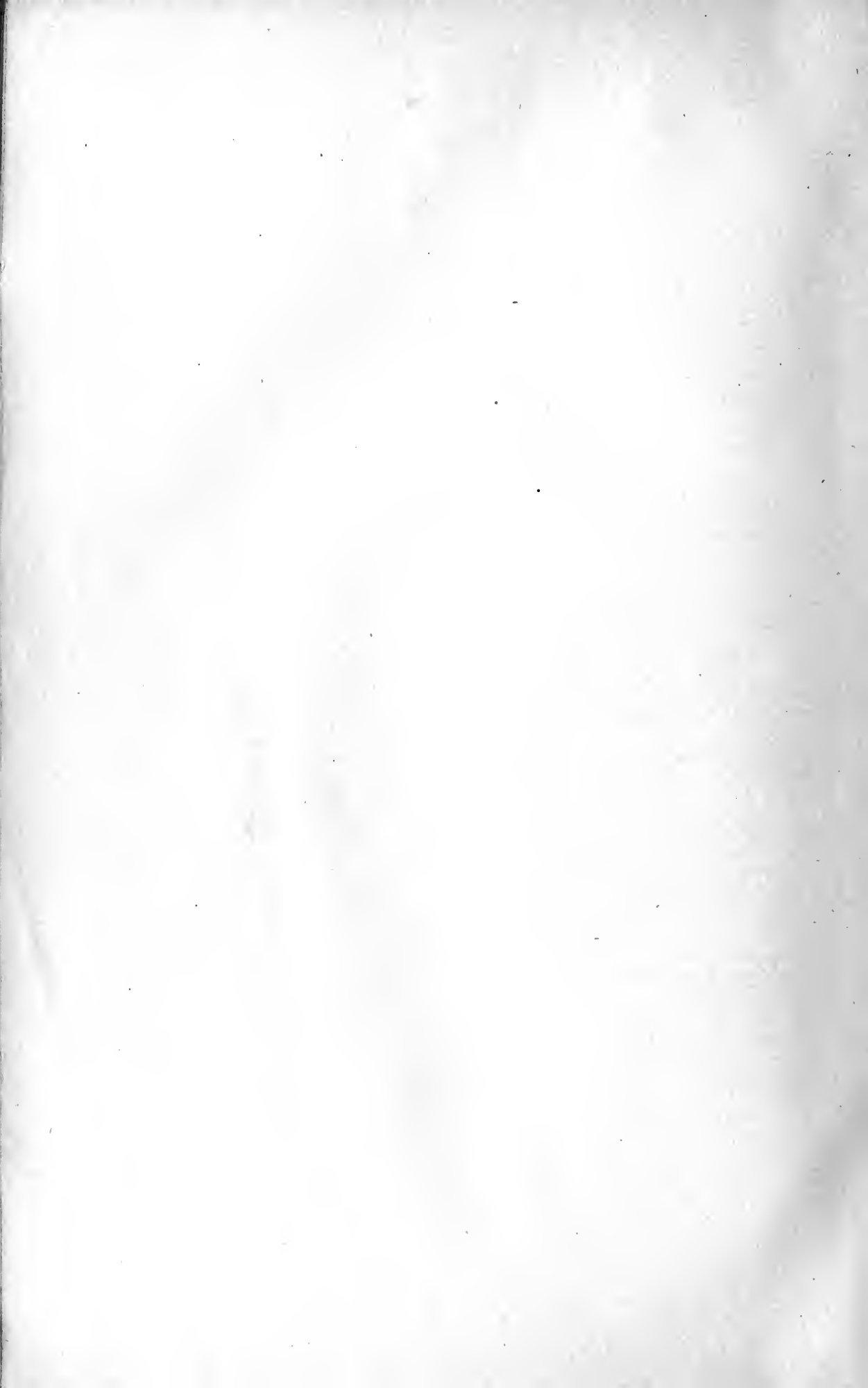
HISTORICAL EVENTS

N ^o	A. D.	N ^o	A. D.
55	Villa Viciosa, battle of, gained by count Staremburg over the French and Spaniards	43	William, prince, son of king Henry I. shipwrecked off Barfleur
53	Villiers, George, sworn of the Privy Council	43	William Cliton, earl of Flanders, killed at the siege of Alost
53	— duke of Buckingham, shot by Felton	52	William prince of Orange assassinated
35	Vincy, battle of, gained by Charles Martel	54	William III. king, protests against Louis XIV. at the Hague
22	Virginus declines the Roman empire	56	Wilkes, John, elected member for Middlesex
22	— death of	56	— expelled the House of Commons
29	Visigoths expel the Alans, and extend their dominion in Spain	43	Wimsberg, battle of,—war-cry of the Guelphs and Ghibellines
31	Vitalianus the Goth assassinated by order of Justin	44	Winchester, treaty of,—Henry of Normandy named heir to the crown
31	Vitiges king of the Visigoths reduces Milan and Genoa	38	Wilton, battle of,—the Danes conquer Mercia
31	— taken prisoner at the surrender of Ravenna by Belisarius	34	Winwidfield, battle of,—Penda of Mercia defeated by Oswy of Northumberland
31	Voiron, battle of,—Clodomir defeated and killed by Gondemar	27	Wisumer king of the Vandals defeated, and the Sarmatians expelled
31	Vouillé, battle of, near Poitiers,—Alaric killed by Clovis in single combat	36	Witiking and Alboin submit to Charlemagne, and the Saxons are baptised
50	Wakefield, battle of,—duke of York beheaded	51	Wolsey, Thomas, made dean of Lincoln
57	Walcheren, disastrous expedition to	51	— abp. of York, receives a cardinal's hat
47	Wallace, Sir William, betrayed by Sir John Monteith	51	— cardinal, sole legate
55	Walpole, Robert, premier	51	— cardinal, death of
55	Walpole, lord, son of Sir Robert, made auditor of the exchequer	55	Wood's halfpence cause a ferment in Ireland
55	Walpole, Sir Robert, outvoted at Chippenham, resigns	54	Worcester, battle of
42	Waltheof earl of Northumberland suffers for misprision of treason	52	Wyat, Sir Thomas, rebellion of
34	Wamba the Visigoth defeats the Saracens in Spain, and burns their flotilla	33	Yermuk, battle of, between the Greeks and Saracens
32	Wanborough, battle of,—Ceawlin king of Wessex defeated by his nephew Ceolric	49	Yezdejrd III. king of Persia, flight and assassination of
48	War of the Jacquerie in France	34	York, duke of, puts down a rebellion in Ireland. He now aspires to the crown
50	— of 'the Public Good' in France incited by the duke of Burgundy	54	York, duke of, withdraws to Brussels
54	— between England and Holland	54	— recalled to the council
54	— between England and Spain	55	Young Pretender lands in Scotland
55	— against France and Spain	55	— arrested, and forcibly carried out of France
55	— declared against France	42	Yussef ben Taxfin called from Africa by the Saracens, obtains all Mahomedan Spain
56	— with Spain		
56	— with France intimated by a royal message to parliament	16	Zama, battle of,—Hannibal defeated by Scipio
57	Wardle, colonel, moves charges of malversation against the duke of York	5	Zechariah slain by Shallum, Shallum slain by Menahem
56	Warren Hastings, impeachment against, by Edmund Burke	9	Zedekiah, captivity of
56	— acquitted		
57	Waterloo, battle of,—fall of Napoleon	45	Zara, siege of, reduced by the Crusaders for the republic of Venice
48	Wat Tyler killed by William Walworth	26	Zenobia queen of Palmyra revenges the death of Odenatus, and reigns over the East
53	Wentworth, Sir Thomas, imprisoned for refusing to aid the loan	26	— defeated and captured at Edessa by Aurelian
53	— earl of Stafford beheaded	41	Zoe the empress poisons Romanus III. and raises Michael IV., whom she marries. to the throne
30	Western empire, fall of, and deposition of Augustulus	41	— on the death of Michael IV. raises Michael Calaphates to the throne
53	Westphalia, peace of	41	— dethrones Calaphates, and raises Constantine Monomachus, whom she marries. to the throne
49	Wickliffe's books condemned by the university of Oxford	52	Zutphen, battle of,—death of Sir Philip Sidney
41	William the Conqueror, birth of		
42	— wounded at the siege of Gerberoi by his son prince Robert		

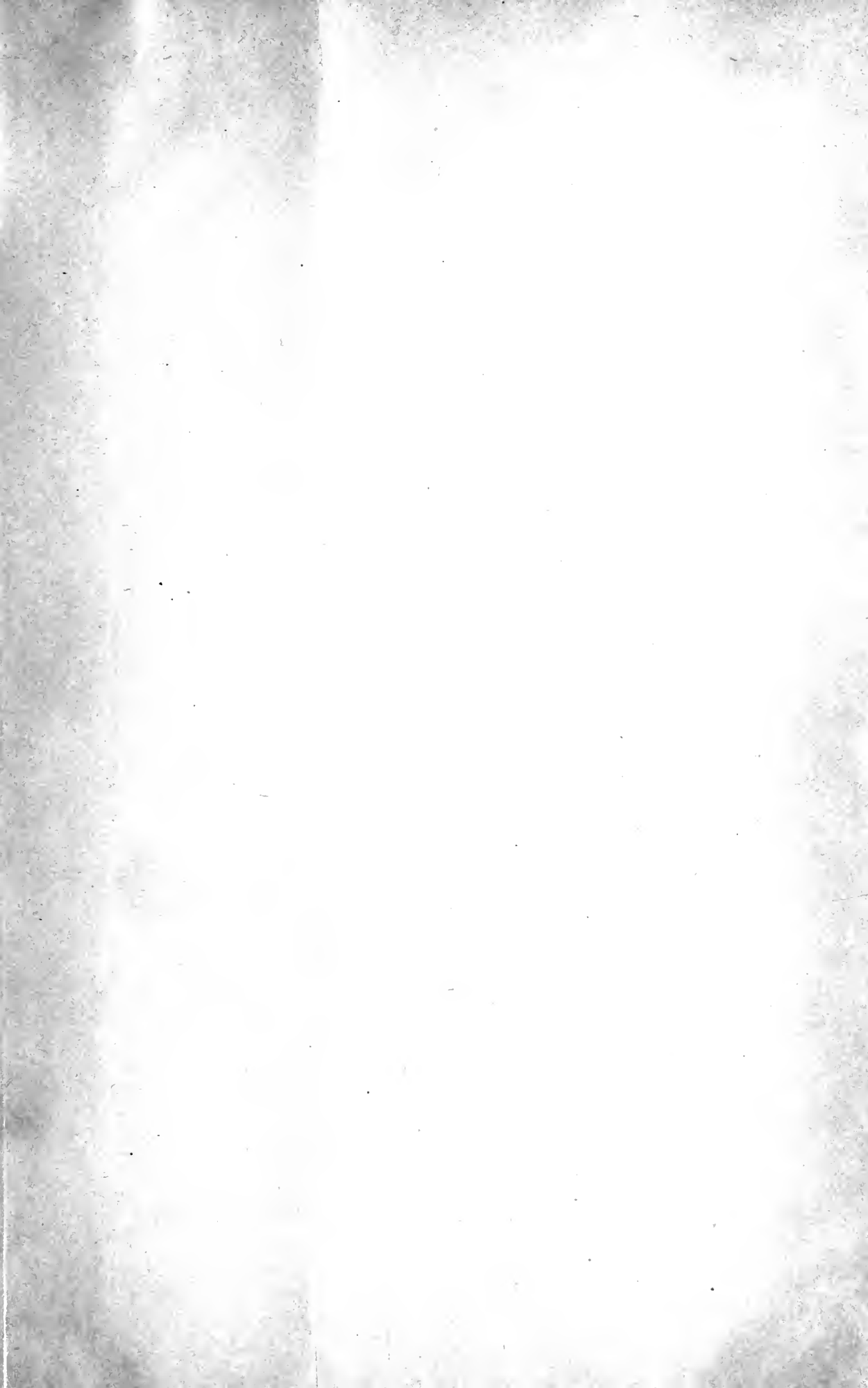
ERRATUM.

N^o 30.—The Battle of Tolbiac has inadvertently been twice inserted, A. D. 490 and 496.
The latter date is that of Gibbon, Rise and Fall, iii. 563, 4to.









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