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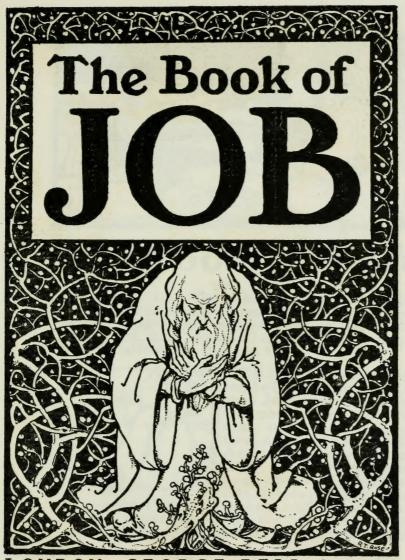
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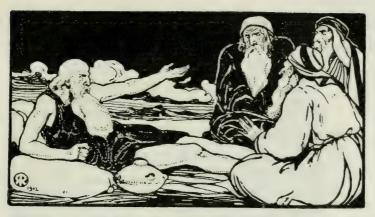


"Great men are not always wise: neither do the aged understand judgment."



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The Book of JOB

CHAPTER I.: The holiness of Job; his wealth; his religious care for his children. Satan, appearing before God, falsely accuses Job, and obtains leave to tempt him. Job in affliction blesses God.



HERE was a man in the land of Uz, whose name was Job; and that man was perfect and upright, and one that feared God, and eschewed evil. And there were born unto him seven sons and three daughters. His substance also was

seven thousand sheep, and three thousand camels, and five hundred yoke of oxen, and five hundred she asses,

Satan and a very great household; so that accuses this man was the greatest of all the

Job, and men of the east.

And his sons went and feasted in their houses, every one his day; and sent and called for their three sisters to eat and to drink with them. And it was so, when the days of their feasting were gone about, that Job sent and sanctified them, and rose up early in the morning, and offered burnt offerings according to the number of them all; for Job said, It may be that my sons have sinned, and cursed God in their hearts.

Thus did Job continually.

Now there was a day when the sons of God came to present themselves before the Lord, and Satan came also among them. And the Lord said unto Satan, Whence comest thou? Then Satan answered the Lord, and said, From going to and fro in the earth, and from walking up and down in it. And the Lord said unto Satan, Hast thou considered my servant Job, that there is none like him in the earth, a perfect and an upright man, one that feareth God, and escheweth evil?

Then Satan answered the Lord, and said, Doth Job fear God for nought? Hast not thou made an hedge about him, and about his house, and about all that he hath on every side? thou hast blessed the work of his hands, and his substance is increased in the land. But put forth thine hand now, and touch all

that he hath, and he will curse thee to All that thy face.

And the Lord said unto Satan, Behold, is in the all that he hath is in thy power; only Satan, upon himself put not forth thine hand. So Satan went forth from the presence

of the Lord.

And there was a day when his sons and his daughters were eating and dra inking wine in their eldest brother's house: Andtherecame amessengerun= to Job, and said, The oxen were plowing, and the assesfeedingbeside them: and



66 And there came a messenger unto Job."

the Sabeans fell upon them, and took them away; yea, they have slain the servants with the edge of the sword: and I only am escaped alone to tell thee.

While he was yet speaking, there came also another, and said, The fire of God is fallen from heaven, and hath burned up the sheep, and the servants, and consumed them; and I only am escaped alone to tell thee.

While he was yet speaking, there came also another, and said, The Chaldeans made out three bands, and fell upon the camels, and have carried them away,

There yea, and slain the servants with the edge came also of the sword; and I only am escaped another alone to tell thee.

While he was yet speaking, there came also another, and said, Thy sons and thy daughters were eating and drinking wine in their eldest brother's house:

" And. behold. there came a great wind from the wilderness."



and, behold, there came a great wind from the wilderness, and smote the four corners of the house, and it fell upon the young men, and they are dead: and I only am escaped alone to tell thee.

Then Job arose, and rent his mantle. and shaved his head, and fell down upon the ground, and worshipped, and said. Naked came I out of my mother's womb. and naked shall I return thither: the Lord gave, and the Lord hath taken away: blessed be the name of the Lord.

In all this Job sinned not, nor charged God foolishly.

CHAPTER II.: Satan, appearing again before God, obtains further leave to tempt Job: he smites him with sore boils. Job reproves his wife.



GAIN there was a day Satan when the sons of God further came to present them= tempts Job. selves before the Lord. and Satan came also among them to present himself before the Lord. And the Lord said unto Satan. From whence comestthou? And Satan

answered the Lord, and said, From going to and fro in the earth, and from walking up and down in it. And the Lord said unto Satan, Hast thou considered my servant Job, that there is

none like him in the earth. perfect and an upright man. one that feareth God, and esche= weth evil? and still he holdeth fast his integrity, although thou movedst me against him, to destroy him without cause. And Satan ans=

said his wife unto him. Dost thou still retain thine integrity? curse God, and die.

wered the Lord, and said. Skin for skin, yea, all that a man hath will he give for

Satan his life. But put forth thine hand now, smites and touch his bone and his flesh, and Job with he will curse thee to thy face. And the

" And when they lifted up their eyes afar off, and knew him not, they lifted up their voice, and wept."

boils .



Lord said unto Satan, Behold, he is in thine hand; but save his life.

So went Satan forth from the presence of the Lord, and smote Job with sore boils from the sole of his foot unto his crown. And he took him a potsherd to scrape himself withal; and he sat down among the ashes.

Then said his wife unto him, Dost thou Job still retain thine integrity? curse God, reproves and die. But he said unto her, Thou speakest as one of the foolish women speaketh. What? shall we receive good at the hand of God, and shall we not receive evil? In all this did not Job sin

with his lips.

Now when Job's three friends heard of all this evil that was come upon him. they came every one from his own place: Eliphaz the Temanite, and Bildad the Shuhite, and Zophar the Naamathite: for they had made an appointment together to come to mourn with him and to comfort him. And when they lifted up their eyes afar off, and knew him not, they lifted up their voice, and wept: and they rent every one his mantle, and sprinkled dust upon their heads toward heaven. So they sat down with him upon the ground seven days and seven nights, and none spake a word unto him: for they saw that his grief was very great.



"They saw that his grief was very great."

CHAPTER III.: Job curses the day of his birth.

"Let the day perish wherein I was born."



FTER this opened Job his mouth, and cursed his day. And Job spake, and said,

Let the day perish wherein I was born, and the night in which it was said, There is a man child conceived.

Let that day be dark-

ness; let not God regard it from above, neither let the light shine upon it.

Let darkness and the shadow of death stain it; let a cloud dwell upon it; let the blackness of the day terrify it.

As for that night, let darkness seize upon it; let it not be joined unto the days of the year, let it not come into the number of the months.

Lo, let that night be solitary, let no

joyful voice come therein.

Let them curse it that curse the day, who are ready to raise up their mourn-

ing.

Let the stars of the twilight thereof be dark; let it look for light, but have none; neither let it see the dawning of the day:

Because it shut not up the doors of my mother's womb, nor hid sorrow from

mine eyes.

Why died I not from the womb? why did I not give up the ghost when I came out of the belly?

Why did the knees prevent me? or Job curses why the breasts that I should suck?

For now should I have lain still and hirth

been quiet, I should have slept: then had I been at rest.



darkness and the shadow of death stain it."

With Kings and counsellors of the earth, which built desolate places for themselves; or with princes that had gold, who filled their houses with silver:

Or as an hidden untimely birth I had not been; as infants which never saw

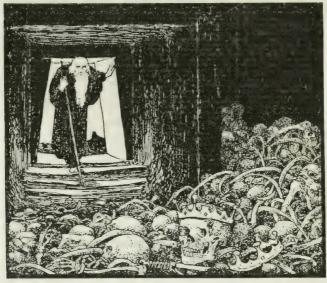
light.

There the wicked cease from troubling; and there the weary be at rest. There the prisoners rest together; they hear not the voice of the oppressor. The small and great are there; and the servant is free from his master.

Wherefore is light given to him that is in misery, and life unto the bitter in soul; which long for death, but it com-

Job curses eth not; and dig for it more than for hid his day. treasures; which rejoice exceedingly,

"The small and great are there."



and are glad, when they can find the

grave?

Why is light given to a man whose way is hid, and whom God hath hedged in? For my sighing cometh before I eat, and my roarings are poured out like the waters.

For the thing which I greatly feared is come upon me, and that which I was afraid of is come unto me. I was not in safety, neither had I rest, neither was I

quiet: yet trouble came.

CHAPTER IV.: Eliphaz reproves Job; he shows that God's judgments are not for the righteous, but for the wicked; his vision.



HEN Eliphaz the Te= "By the manite answered and blast of said, If we assay to God they commune with thee, wilt thou be grieved? but who can withhold himself from speaking? Behold, thou hast instructed many, and

thou hast strengthened the weak hands. Thy words have upholden him that was falling, and thou hast strengthened the feeble knees. But now it is come upon thee, and thou faintest; it toucheth thee, and thou art troubled. Is not this thy fear. thy confidence, thy hope, and the uprightness of thy ways? Remem= ber, I pray thee, who ever perished, being innocent? or where were the righteous cut off? Even as I have seen, they that plow iniquity, and sow wickedness, reap the same. By the blast of God they perish, and by the breath of his nostrils are they con-The roaring of the lion, and sumed. the voice of the fierce lion, and the teeth of the young lions, are broken. The old lion perisheth for lack of prey, and the stout lion's whelps are scattered abroad. 11

Now a thing was secretly brought to me, and mine ear received a little there-

"Then a spirit passed before my face."



of. In thoughts from the visions of the night, when deep sleep falleth on men, fear came upon me, and trembling, which made all my bones to shake. Then a spirit passed before my face; the hair of my flesh stood up; it stood still, but I could not discern the form thereof: an image was before mine eves, there was silence, and I heard a voice, saying, Shall mortal man be more just than God? shall a man be more pure than his Maker? Behold, he put no trust in his servants; and his angels he charged with folly: how much less in them that dwell in houses of clay, whose foundation is in the dust, which are crushed before the moth? They are destroyed from morning to 12

evening: they perish for ever without any regarding it. Doth not their excel-



"They are destroyed from morning to evening : they perish for ever."

lency which is in them go away? they die, even without wisdom.

CHAPTER V.: Harm of inconsideration. Misery the end of the wicked. Man born to trouble. God to be regarded in affliction. Happy end of God's correction.



ALL now, if there be "Thou any that will answer to the thee; and to which of to thy grave in a the saints wilt thou full age, turn? For wrath kill= like as a eth the foolish man, and shock of envy slayeth the silly cometh in one. I have seen the in his foolish taking root; but season." suddenly I cursed his

habitation. His children are far from 13

Misery safety, and they are crushed in the gate. wicked.

" Yet man is born unto trouble, as the sparks fly upward."



taketh it even out of the thorns, and the robber swalloweth up their substance. Although afflic= tion cometh not forth of the dust. neither doth tr= ouble spring out of the ground; vet man is born unto trouble, as the sparks fly upward.

I would seek unto God, and unto God would I commit my cause: which doeth great things and unsearchable: marvellous things without number; who giveth rain upon the earth, and sendeth waters upon the fields: to set up on high those that be low: that those which mourn may be exalted to safety. He disappointeth the devices of the crafty, so that their hands cannot perform their He taketh the wise in their prise. craftiness: and the counsel of the froward is carried headlong. They meet with darkness in the daytime, and grope in the noonday as in the night.

But he saveth the poor from the 14

sword, from their mouth, and from Happy the hand of the mighty. So the poor end of hath hope, and iniquity stoppeth her God's correction. mouth.

Behold, happy is the man whom God correcteth: therefore despise not thou the chastening of the Almighty: for he maketh sore, and bindeth up; he woundeth, and his hands make whole. He shall deliver thee in six troubles: vea, in seven there shall no evil touch thee. In famine he shall redeem thee from death; and in war from the power of the sword. Thou shalt be hid from the scourge of the tongue; neither shalt thou be afraid of destruction when it cometh. At destruction and famine thou shalt laugh; neither shalt thou be afraid of the beasts of the earth. For thou shalt be in league with the stones of the field: and the beasts of the field shall be at peace with thee. And thou shalt know that thy tabernacle shall be in peace: and thou shalt visit thy hab= itation, and shalt not sin. Thou shalt know also that thy seed shall be great, and thine offspring as the grass of the earth. Thou shalt come to thy grave in a full age, like as a shock of corn com= eth in in his season. Lo this, we have searched it, so it is: hear it, and know thou it for thy good.

CHAPTER VI.: Job shows that his complaints are not causeless. He wishes for death, wherein he is 15

assured of rest and comfort. He reproves his friends of unkindness.

"Oh that
my grief
were
throughly
weighed,
and my
calamity
laid in the
balances
together!"



UT Job answered and said, Oh that my grief were throughly weighed, and my calamity laid in the balances together! For now it would be heavier than the sand of the sea; therefore my words are swallowed up. For the

arrows of the Almighty are within me, the poison whereof drinketh up my spirit: the terrors of God do set themselves in array against me. Doth the wild ass bray when he hath grass? or loweth the ox over his fodder? Can that which is unsavoury be eaten without salt? or is there any taste in the white of an egg? The things that my soul refused to touch are as my sorrowful meat.

Oh that I might have my request; and that God would grant me the thing that I long for! Even that it would please God to destroy me; that he would let loose his hand, and cut me off! Then should I yet have comfort; yea, I would harden myself in sorrow; let him not spare; for I have not concealed the words of the Holy One.

What is my strength, that I should hope? and what is mine end, that I should prolong my life? Is my strength the strength of stones? or is my flesh of

brass? Is not my help in me? and is Job wisdom driven quite from me? To him reprove that is afflicted pity should be showed his friend; but he forsaketh the ness.

fear of the Almighty.

My brethren have dealt deceitfully as a brook, and as the stream of brooks they pass away; which are blackish by reason of the ice, and wherein the snow is hid; what time they wax warm, they vanish; when it is hot, they are consumed out of their place. The paths of their way are turned aside; they go to nothing, and perish. The troops of Tema looked, the companies of Sheba waited for them. They were confounded because they had hoped; they came thither, and were ashamed.

For now ye are nothing; ye see my casting down, and are afraid. Did I say, Bring unto me? or, Give a reward for me of your substance? or, Deliver me from the enemy's hand? or, Redeem

me from the hand of the mighty?

Teach me, and I will hold my tongue: and cause me to understand wherein I have erred. How forcible are right words! but what doth your arguing reprove? Do ye imagine to reprove words, and the speeches of one that is desperate, which are as wind? Yea, ye overwhelm the fatherless, and ye dig a pit for your friend. Now therefore be content, look upon me; for it is evident unto you if I lie. Return, I pray you, let it not be iniquity; yea, return again, my 17

righteousness is in it. Is there iniquity in my tongue? cannot my taste discern perverse things?

CHAPTER VII.: Job excuses his desire of death, by representing his extreme restlessness; he expostulates with God.

servant earnestly desireth the shadow."



S there not an appointed time to man upon earth? are not his days also like the days of an hireling? as a servant earnestly desireth the shadow, and as an hireling looketh for the reward of his work; so am I made to pos-

sess months of vanity, and wearisome nights are appointed to me. When I lie down, I say, When shall I arise, and the night be gone? and I am full of tossings to and fro unto the dawning of

the day.

My flesh is clothed with worms and clods of dust; my skin is broken, and become loathsome. My days are swifter than a weaver's shuttle, and are spent without hope. O remember that my life is wind: mine eye shall no more see good. The eye of him that hath seen me shall see me no more; thine eyes are upon me, and I am not. As the cloud is consumed and vanisheth away: so he that goeth down to the grave shall come up no more, He shall return no more

to his house, neither shall his place Job com-

know him any more.

plaineth of Therefore I will not refrain my mouth: his own I will speak in the anguish of my spirit; restless-I will complain in the bitterness of my soul. Am I a sea, or a whale, that thou settest a watch over me? When I say, My bed shall comfort me, my couch shall ease my complaint; then thou scarest me with dreams, and terrifiest

me through vi= sions: so that my soul choos= eth strangling. and death ra= ther than my life. I loathe it: I would not live alway: let me alone; for my days are What vanity. is man, that thou shouldest magnify him? and that thou shouldest set thine heart up= on him? and that thou sh= ouldest visit himeverymorning, and try him every mo=



" So that my soul chooseth strangling, and death rather than my life."

ment? How long wilt thou not depart from me, nor let me alone till I swal-19

Job ex-low down my spittle? I have sinned;
postulates what shall I do unto thee, O thou prewith God.

server of men? why hast thou set me
as a mark against thee, so that I am a
burden to myself? and why dost thou
not pardon my transgression, and take
away mine iniquity? for now shall I
sleep in the dust; and thou shalt seek
me in the morning, but I shall not be.

CHAPTER VIII.: Bildad shows God's justice; appeals to antiquity to prove the destruction of the hypocrite; applies God's just dealing to the case of Job.

days upon earth are a shadow."



HEN answered Bildad the Shuhite, and said, How long wilt thou speak these things? and how long shall the words of thy mouth be like a strong wind? Doth God pervert judgment? or doth the Almighty pervert jus-

tice? If thy children have sinned against him, and he have cast them away for their transgression; if thou wouldest seek unto God betimes, and make thy supplication to the Almighty; if thou wert pure and upright; surely now he would awake for thee, and make the habitation of thy righteousness prosperous. Though thy beginning was small, yet thy latter end should greatly increase. For enquire,

I pray thee, of the former age, and pre= Bildad pare thyself to the search of their appeals to fathers: (for we are but of yesterday, antiquity. and know nothing, because our days upon earth are a shadow); shall not they teach thee, and tell thee, and utter words out of their heart? Can the rush grow up without mire? can the flag grow without water? Whilst it is yet in his greenness, and not cut down, it withereth before any other herb. So are the paths of all that forget God: and the hypocrite's hope shall perish; whose hope shall be cut off, and whose trust shall be a spider's web. He shall lean upon his house, but it shall not stand; he shall hold it fast, but it shall not endure. He is green before the sun, and his branch shooteth forth in his garden. His roots are wrapped about the heap, and seeth the place of stones. If he destroy him from his place, then it shall deny him. saying, I have not seen thee.

Behold, this is the joy of his way, and out of the earth shall others grow. Behold, God will not cast away a perfect man, neither will he help the evil doers: till he fill thy mouth with laughing, and thy lips with rejoicing. They that hate thee shall be clothed with shame; and the dwelling place of the wicked shall

come to nought.

CHAPTER IX.: Job, acknowledging God's justice, shows there is no con21

tending with him. Man's innocency not to be judged by his lot in this world.

"Which maketh Arcturus, Orion, and Pleiades, and the chambers of the south."



HEN Job answered and said, I know it is so of a truth; but how should man be just with God? if he will contend with him, he cannot answer him one of a thousand. He is wise in heart, and mighty in strength:

hath hardened himself against him, and hath prospered? Which removeth the mountains, and they know not: which overturneth them in his Which shaketh the earth out of her place, and the pillars thereof tremble. Which commandeth the sun. and it riseth not; and sealeth up the stars. Which alone spreadeth out the heavens, and treadeth upon the waves of the sea. Which maketh Arcturus, Orion, and Pleiades, and the chambers of the south. Which doeth great things past finding out; yea, and wonders without number. Lo. he goeth by me. and I see him not; he passeth on also, but I perceive him not. Behold, he taketh away, who can hinder him? who will say unto him. What doest thou? If God will not withdraw his anger, the proud helpers do stoop under him. How much less shall I answer him, and choose out my words to reason with him? Whom, though I were right= 22

eous, yet would I not answer, but I would make supplication to my judge. If I had called, and he had answered me; yet would I not believe that he

had hearkened unto my voice. For he break= eth me with a tempest. and multiplieth my wounds without cause. He will not suffer me to take my breath, but fil= leth me with bitterness. If I speak of strength, lo, he is



"For he breaketh me with a tempest."

strong: and if of judgment, who shall set me a time to plead? If I justify myself, mine own mouth shall condemn me: if I say, I am perfect, it shall also prove me perverse. Though I were perfect, yet would I not know my soul:

I would despise my life.

This is one thing, therefore I said it, He destroyeth the perfect and the wicked. If the scourge slay suddenly, he will laugh at the trial of the innocent. The earth is given into the hand of the wicked: he covereth the faces of the judges thereof; if not, where, and who is he? Now my days are swifter than a post; they flee away, they see no good. They are passed away as the swift ships: as 23

Job fears the eagle that hasteth to the prey. If I God. say, I will forget my complaint, I will leave off my heaviness, and comfort myself: I am afraid of all my sorrows, I know that thou wilt not hold me innocent. If I be wicked, why then labour I in vain? If I wash myself with snow water, and make my hands never so clean; yet shalt thou plunge me in the ditch, and mine own clothes shall abhor me. For he is not a man, as I am, that I should answer him, and we should come together in judgment. Neither is there any daysman betwixt us, that might lay his hand upon us both. Let him take his rod away from me, and let not his fear terrify me; then would I speak. and not fear him: but it is not so with me.

CHAPTER X.: Job, taking liberty of complaint, expostulates with God about his afflictions: he complains of life, and craves a little ease before his death.

"My soul is weary of my life."



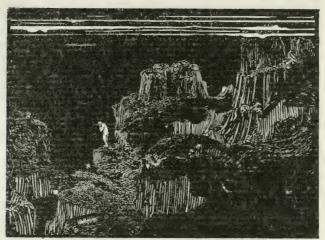
Y soul is weary of my life; I will leave my complaint upon myself; I will speak in the bitterness of my soul. I will say unto God, Do not condemn me; show me wherefore thou contendest with me. Is it good unto thee that

thou shouldest oppress, that thou should-24

est despise the work of thine hands, and Job shine upon the counsel of the wicked? complains Hast thou eyes of flesh? or seest thou and exas man seeth? Are thy days as the postulates. days of man? are thy years as man's days, that thou enquirest after mine iniquity, and searchest after my sin? Thou knowest that I am not wicked: and there is none that can deliver out of thine hand. Thine hands have made me, and fashioned me together round about; yet thou dost destroy me. Remember, I beseech thee, that thou hast made me as the clay; and wilt thou bring me into dust again? Hast thou not poured me out as milk, and curdled me like cheese? Thou hast clothed me with skin and flesh, and hast fenced me with bones and sinews. Thou hast granted me life and favour, and thy visitation hath preserved my spirit. And these things hast thou hid in thine heart: I know that this is with thee. If I sin, then thou markest me, and thou wilt not acquit me from mine iniquity. If I be wicked, woe unto me; and if I be righteous, yet will I not lift up my head. I am full of confusion; therefore see thou mine affliction: for it increaseth. huntest me as a fierce lion; and again thou showest thyself marvellous upon Thou renewest thy witnesses against me, and increasest thine indignation upon me; changes and war are against me. 25

Wherefore then hast thou brought me forth out of the womb? Oh that I had given up the ghost, and no eye had seen me! I should have been as though I had not been; I should have been

"A land of darkness, as darkness itself."



carried from the womb to the grave. Are not my days few? cease then, and let me alone, that I may take comfort a little, before I go whence I shall not return, even to the land of darkness and the shadow of death; a land of darkness, as darkness itself; and of the shadow of death, without any order, and where the light is as darkness.

CHAPTER XI.: Zophar reproves Job for justifying himself; he shows 26

God's counsel is unsearchable. Bless= ing of repentance.



HEN answered Zophar "And the Naamathite, and thou shalt said, Should not the be secure, multitude of words be there is answered? and should hope.' a man full of talk be justified? Should thy lies make men hold their peace? and when thou mockest, shall no

man make thee ashamed? For thou hast said. My doctrine is pure, and I am clean in thine eyes. But oh that God would speak, and open his lips against thee; and that he would show thee the secrets of wisdom, that they are double to that which is! Know therefore that God exacteth of thee less than thine iniquity deserveth. Canst thou by searching find out God? canst thou find out the Almighty unto perfection? It is as high as heaven; what canst thou do? deeper than hell; what canst thou know? The measure thereof is longer than the earth, and broader than the sea. If he cut off, and shut up, or gather together, then who can hinder him? For he knoweth vain men; he seeth wickedness also: will he not then consider it? For vain man would be wise, though man be born like a wild ass's colt.

If thou prepare thine heart, and stretch out thine hands toward him; if iniquity be in thine hand, put it far away, and let

27

Blessing not wickedness dwell in thy taber= of repent-nacles. For then shalt thou lift up thy ance. face without spot; yea, thou shalt be stedfast, and shalt not fear: because thou shalt forget thy misery, and remember it as waters that pass away: and thine age shall be clearer than the noonday: thou shalt shine forth, thou shalt be as the morning. And thou shalt be secure, because there is hope; yea, thou shalt dig about thee, and thou shalt take thy rest in safety. Also thou shalt lie down, and none shall make thee afraid; yea, many shall make suit unto thee. But the eyes of the wicked shall fail, and they shall not escape, and their hope shall be as the giving up of the ghost.

CHAPTER XII.: Job censures the arrogant pretensions of his friends to superior knowledge; he shows that wicked men often prosper: God's divine wisdom and omnipotency.

"I am
as one
mocked of
his neighbour."



ND Job answered and said, No doubt but ye are the people, and wisdom shall die with you. But I have understanding as well as you; I am not inferior to you: yea, who knoweth not such things as these? I am as one

mocked of his neighbour, who calleth upon God, and he answereth him: the

just upright man is laughed to scorn. Job He that is ready to slip with his feet censures is as a lamp despised in the thought of his him that is at ease. The tabernacles of robbers prosper, and they that provoke God are secure; into whose hand God bringeth abundantly. But ask now the beasts, and they shall teach thee; and the fowls of the air, and they shall tell thee: or speak to the earth, and it shall teach thee; and the fishes of the sea

shall declare unto thee.

Who knoweth not in all these that the hand of the Lord hath wrought this? In whose hand is the soul of every living thing, and the breath of all mankind. Doth not the ear try words? and the mouth taste his meat? With the ancient is wisdom; and in length of days under-With him is wisdom and strength, he hath counsel and understanding. Behold, he breaketh down, and it cannot be built again; he shutteth up a man, and there can be no opening. Behold, he withholdeth the waters, and they dry up: also he sendeth them out, and they overturn the earth. With him is strength and wisdom: the deceived and the deceiver are his. He leadeth counsellors away spoiled, and maketh the judges fools. He looseth the bond of kings, and girdeth their loins with a girdle. He leadeth princes away spoiled, and overthroweth the mighty. He removeth away the speech of the trusty, and taketh away the under-29

God's standing of the aged. He poureth conomni- tempt upon princes, and weakeneth the potency. strength of the mighty. He discovereth deep things out of darkness, and bring= eth out to light the shadow of death. He increaseth the nations, and destroyeth them: he enlargeth the nations, and straiteneth them again. He taketh away the heart of the chief of the people of the earth, and causeth them to wander in a wilderness where there They grope in the dark is no way. without light, and he maketh them to stagger like a drunken man.

CHAPTER XIII.: Job reproves his friends of partiality; he professes his confidence in God.

"Hold your peace, let me alone."



O, mine eye hath seen all this, mine ear hath heard and understood it. What ye know, the same do I know also; I am not inferior unto you. Surely I would speak to the Almighty, and I desire to reason with God. But ye are

forgers of lies, ye are all physicians of no value. O that ye would altogether hold your peace! and it should be your wisdom. Hear now my reasoning, and hearken to the pleadings of my lips. Will ye speak wickedly for God? and talk deceitfully for him? Will ye accept his person? will ye contend for God?

30

Is it good that he should search you Job proout? or as one man mocketh another, fesses condo ye so mock him? He will surely fidence in God. reprove you, if ye do secretly accept persons. Shall not his excellency make you afraid? and his dread fall upon you? Your remembrances are like unto ashes, your bodies to bodies of clay. Hold your peace, let me alone, that I may speak, and let come on me what will. Wherefore do I take my flesh in my teeth, and put life in mine hand? Though he slay me, yet will I trust in him: but I will main= tain mine own ways before him. also shall be my salvation; for an hypocrite shall not come before him. Hear diligently my speech, and my declaration with your ears. Behold now. I have ordered my cause: I know that I shall be justified. Who is he that will plead with me? for now, if I hold my tongue, I shall give up the ghost. Only do not two things unto me; then will I not hide myself from thee. Withdraw thine hand far from me: and let not thy dread make me afraid. Then call thou, and I will answer: or let me speak, and answer thou me. How many are mine iniquities and sins? make me to know my trangression and my sin. Wherefore hidest thou thy face, and holdest me for thine enemy? Wilt thou break a leaf driven to and fro? and wilt thou pursue the dry stubble? For thou writest bitter things against me, and 31

makest me to possess the iniquities of my youth. Thou puttest my feet also in the stocks, and lookest narrowly unto all my paths; thou settest a print upon the heels of my feet. And he, as a rotten thing, consumeth, as a garment that is moth-eaten.

CHAPTER XIV.: Brevity of man's life. Job waits for his change.

"He cometh forth like a flower."



AN that is born of a woman is of few days, and full of trouble. He cometh forth like a flower, and is cut down; he fleeth also as a shadow, and continueth not. And dost thou open thine eyes upon such an one, and bring-

est me into judgment with thee? Who can bring a clean thing out of an un= clean? not one. Seeing his days are determined, the number of his months are with thee, thou hast appointed his bounds that he cannot pass; turn from him, that he may rest, till he shall ac= complish, as an hireling, his day. For there is hope of a tree, if it be cut down, that it will sprout again, and that the tender branch thereof will not cease. Though the root thereof wax old in the earth, and the stock thereof die in the ground: yet through the scent of water it will bud, and bring forth boughs like a plant. But man dieth, and wasteth

away; yea, man giveth up the ghost, and where is he? As the waters fail from the sea, and the flood decayeth and drieth up: so man lieth down, and riseth not: till



"So man lieth down, and riseth not."

the heavens be no more, they shall not awake, nor be raised out of their sleep.

O that thou wouldest hide me in the grave, that thou wouldest keep me secret, until thy wrath be past, that thou wouldest appoint me a set time, and remember me! If a man die, shall he live again? all the days of my appointed time will I wait, till my change come.

Thou shalt call, and I will answer thee; thou wilt have a desire to the work of thine hands. For now thou numberest my steps: dost thou not watch over my sin? My transgression is sealed up in a bag, and thou sewest up mine iniquity. And surely the mountain falling cometh to nought, and the rock is removed out of his place. The waters wear the stones: thou washest away the things which grow out of the dust of the earth; and thou destroyest the hope of man. Thou prevailest for ever against him, and he passeth; thou changest his countenance, and sendest him away. His sons come to honour, and 33

he knoweth it not; and they are brought low, but he perceiveth it not of them. But his flesh upon him shall have pain, and his soul within him shall mourn.

CHAPTER XV.: Eliphaz reproveth Job of impiety in justifying himself. He proveth by tradition the unquietness of wicked men.

"Trouble
and
anguish
shall
make him
afraid."



HEN answered Eliphaz the Temanite, and said, Should a wise man utter vain knowledge, and fill his belly with the east wind? Should he reason with unprofitable talk? or with speeches wherewith he can do no good? Yea, thou

castest off fear, and restrainest prayer before God. For thy mouth uttereth thine iniquity, and thou choosest the tongue of the crafty. Thine own mouth condemneth thee, and not I: yea, thine own lips testify against thee. Art thou the first man that was born? or wast thou made before the hills? Hast thou heard the secret of God? and dost thou restrain wisdom to thyself? What know= est thou, that we know not? what under= standest thou, which is not in us? With us are both the greyheaded and very aged men, much elder than thy father. Are the consolations of God small with thee? is there any secret thing with thee? Why doth thine heart carry thee 34

away? and what do thy eyes wink at, The that thou turnest thy spirit against God, unquietand lettest such words go out of thy ness of mouth? What is man, that he should men. be clean? and he which is born of a woman, that he should be righteous?

.

Behold, he putteth no trust in his saints; yea, the heavens are not clean in his sight. How much more abominable and filthy is man, which drinketh iniquity like water? I will shew thee. hear me; and that which I have seen I will declare; which wise men have told from their fathers, and have not hid it: unto whom alone the earth was given, and no stranger passed among them.

The wicked man travaileth with pain all his days, and the number of years is hidden to the oppressor. A dreadful sound is in his ears; in prosperity the destroyer shall come upon him. He believeth not that he shall return out of darkness, and he is waited for of the sword. He wandereth abroad for bread, saying. Where is it? he knoweth that the day of darkness is ready at his hand. Trouble and anguish shall make him afraid; they shall prevail against him, as a king ready to the battle. stretcheth out his hand against God, and strengtheneth himself against the Almighty. He runneth upon him, even on his neck, upon the thick bosses of his bucklers: because he covereth his face with his fatness, and maketh collops of fat on his flanks. And he dwelleth in 35

The fate desolate cities, and in houses which no of the man inhabiteth, which are ready to wicked become heaps. He shall not be rich, neither shall his substance continue. neither shall he prolong the perfection thereof upon the earth. He shall not depart out of darkness: the flame shall dry up his branches, and by the breath of his mouth shall he go away. Let not him that is deceived trust in vanity; for vanity shall be his recompence. It shall be accomplished before his time, and his branch shall not be green. He shall shake off his unripe grape as the vine, and shall cast off his flower as the olive. For the congregation of hypocrites shall be desolate, and fire shall consume the tabernacles of bribery. They conceive mischief, and bring forth vanity, and their belly prepareth deceit.

CHAPTER XVI.; Job reproveth his friends of unmercifulness. He sheweth the pitifulness of his case. He maintaineth his innocency.

"They have gathered themselves together against me."



HEN Job answered and said, I have heard many such things; miserable comforters are ye all. Shall vain words have an end? or what emboldeneth thee that thou answerest? I also could speak as ye do; if your soul were in my soul's

stead, I could heap up words against 36

you, and shake mine head at you. But Job's I would strengthen you with my mouth, pitiful and the moving of my lips should asswage your grief. Though I speak, my grief is not asswaged: and though I for-

bear, what am I eased?

But now he hath made me weary: thou hast made desolate all my company. And thou hast filled me with wrinkles, which is a witness against me: and my leanness rising up in me beareth witness to my face. He teareth me in his wrath, who hateth me; he gnasheth upon me with his teeth; mine enemy sharpeneth his eyes upon me. They have gaped upon me with their mouth: they have smitten me upon the cheek reproachfully; they have gather= ed themselves together against me. God hath delivered me to the ungodly, and turned me over into the hands of the wicked. I was at ease, but he hath broken me asunder: he hath also taken me by my neck, and shaken me to pieces, and set me up for his mark. His archers compass me round about, he cleaveth my reins asunder, and doth not spare: he poureth out my gall upon the ground. He breaketh me with breach upon breach, he runneth upon me like a giant. I have sewed sackcloth upon my skin, and defiled my horn in the dust. My face is foul with weeping, and on my eyelids is the shadow of death; not for any injustice in mine hands: also my prayer is pure. O earth, cover 37

Job not thou my blood, and let my cry maintainhave no place. Also now, behold, my chh his witness is in heaven, and my record is on high. My friends scorn me; but mine eye poureth out tears unto God.
O that one might plead for a man with God, as a man pleadeth for his neighbour! When a few years are come, then I shall go the way whence I shall not return.

CHAPTER XVII.: Job appealeth from men to God. The unmerciful dealing of men with the afflicted may astonish, but not discourage the righteous. His hope is not in life, but in death.

"He hath made me also a byword of the people."



Y breath is corrupt, my days are extinct, the graves are ready for me. Are there not mockers with me? and doth not mine eye continue in their provocation? Lay down now, put me in a surety with thee; who is he that will

strike hands with me? For thou hast hid their heart from understanding; therefore shalt thou not exalt them. He that speaketh flattery to his friends, even the eyes of his children shall fail. He hath made me also a byword of the people; and aforetime I was as a tabret. Mine eye also is dim by reason of sorrow, and all my members are as a shadow. Upright men shall be

astonied at this, and the innocent Job's hope shall stir up himself against the hypo= is not in crite. The righteous also shall hold life, but in death. on his way, and he that hath clean hands shall be stronger and stronger. But as for lyou all, do ye return, and come now; for I cannot find one wise man among you.

My days are past, my purposes are broken off, even the thoughts of my heart. They change the night into day: the light is short because of darkness. If I wait, the grave is mine house: I have made my bed in the darkness. I have



"I have said to corruption, Thou art my father."

said to corruption, Thou art my father; to the worm, Thou art my mother, and my sister. And where is now my hope? as for my hope, who shall see it? They shall go down to the bars of the pit, when our rest together is in the dust.

CHAPTER XVIII.: Bildad reproveth Job of presumption and impatience. The calamities of the wicked.

shall be driven from light into darkness."



HEN answered Bildad the Shuhite, and said, How long will it be ere ye make an end of words? mark, and afterwards we will speak. Wherefore are we counted as beasts, and reputed vile in your sight? He teareth him-

self in his anger: shall the earth be forsaken for thee? and shall the rock be

removed out of his place?

Yea, the light of the wicked shall be put out, and the spark of his fire shall not shine. The light shall be dark in his tabernacle, and his candle shall be put out with him. The steps of his strength shall be straitened, and his own counsel shall cast him down. For he is cast into a net by his own feet, and he walketh upon a snare. The gin shall take him by the heel, and the robber shall prevail against him. The snare is laid for him in the ground, and a trap for him in the Terrors shall make him afraid on every side, and shall drive him to his feet. His strength shall be hunger-bitten. and destruction shall be ready at his side. It shall devour the strength of his skin: even the firstborn of death shall devour his strength. His confidence shall be rooted out of his tabernacle.

and it shall bring him to the King of The terrors. It shall dwell in his tabernacle, calamities because it is none of his: brimstone of the wicked, shall be scattered upon his habitation. His roots shall be dried up beneath, and above shall his branch be cut off. His remembrance shall perish from the earth, and he shall have no name in the street. He shall be driven from light into darkness, and chased out of the world. He shall neither have son nor nephew among his people, nor any remaining in his dwellings. They that come after him shall be astonied at his day, as they that went before were affrighted. Surely such are the dwellings of the wicked, and this is the place of him that knoweth not God.

CHAPTER XIX.; Job, complaining of his friends' cruelty, sheweth there is misery enough in him to feed their cruelty. He craveth pity, He believeth the resurrection.



HEN Job answered, "He hath and said, How long will stripped ye vex my soul, and me of my break me in pieces with glory. words? These tentimes have ye reproached me: ye are not ashamed that ye make yourselves strange to me. And be it indeed that I have

erred, mine error remaineth with myself. If indeed ye will magnify your-41

Job selves against me, and plead against me craveth my reproach: know now that God hath pity. overthrown me, and hath compassed me with his net. Behold, I cry out of wrong, but I am not heard: I cry aloud, but there is no judgment. He hath fen= ced up my way that I cannot pass, and he hath set darkness in my paths. He hath stripped me of my glory, and taken the crown from my head. He hath destroyed me on every side, and I am gone; and mine hope hath he removed like a tree. He hath also kindled his wrath against me, and he counteth me unto him as one of his enemies. His troops come together, and raise up their way against me, and encamp round about my tabernacle. He hath put my brethren far from me, and mine

"They whom I loved are turned against me."



acquaintance are verily es= tranged from me. My kins= folk have fail= ed, and my familiar friends have forgot= ten me. They that dwell in mine house. and my maids. count me for a stranger: I am analienintheir

sight. I called my servant, and he gave me no answer; I intreated him with my

mouth. My breath is strange to my Job wife, though I intreated for the child-believeth ren's sake of mine own body. Yea, the reuryoung children despised me; I arose, and they spake against me. All my inward friends abhorred me: and they whom I loved are turned against me. My bone cleaveth to my skin and to my flesh, and I am escaped with the skin of

my teeth.

Have pity upon me, have pity upon me, O ye my friends; for the hand of God hath touched me. Why do ye persecute me as God, and are not satisfied with my flesh? Oh that my words were now written! oh that they were printed in a book! that they were graven with an iron pen and lead in the rock for ever! For I know that my redeemer liveth, and that he shall stand at the latter day upon the earth; and though after my skin worms destroy this body, yet in my flesh shall I see God: whom I shall see for myself, and mine eyes shall behold, and not another; though my reins be consumed within me.

But ye should say, Why persecute we him, seeing the root of the matter is found in me? Be ye afraid of the sword: for wrath bringeth the punishments of the sword, that ye may know there is a judgment.

CHAPTER XX.: Zophar sheweth the state and portion of the wicked.

"He shall be chased away as a vision of the night."



HEN answered Zophar the Naamathite, and said, Therefore do my thoughts cause me to answer, and for this I make haste. I have heard the check of my reproach, and the spirit of my understanding causeth me to answer.

Knowest thou not this of old, since man was placed upon earth, that the triumphing of the wicked is short, and the joy of the hypocrite but for a moment? Though his excellency mount up to the heavens, and his head reach unto the clouds; yet he shall perish for ever like his own dung: they which have seen him shall say, Where is he? He shall fly away as a dream, and shall not be found: yea, he shall be chased away as a vision of the night. The eve also which saw him shall see him no more; neither shall his place any more behold him. His children shall seek to please the poor, and his hands shall restore their goods. His bones are full of the sin of his youth, which shall lie down with him in the dust. Though wickedness be sweet in his mouth, though he hide it under his tongue; though he spare it, and forsake it not; but keep it still within his mouth; yet his meat in his bowels is turned, it is the gall of asps within him. He hath swallowed down riches, and he shall vomit them up 44

again; God shall cast them out of his Zophar belly. He shall suck the poison of asps; sheweth the viper's tongue shall slay him. He the state shall not see the givens the flood. He and shall not see the rivers, the floods, the portion brooks of honey and butter. That which of the he laboured for shall he restore, and wicked. shall not swallow it down; according to his substance shall the restitution be. and he shall not rejoice therein. Because he hath oppressed and hath forsaken the poor; because he hath violentlytaken awayan house which he builded not; surely he shall not feel quietness in his belly, he shall not save of that which he desired. There shall none of his meat be left: therefore shall no man look for his goods. In the fulness of his sufficiency he shall be in straits; every hand of the wicked shall come upon him. When he is about to fill his belly, God shall cast the fury of his wrath upon him, and shall rain it upon him while he is eating. He shall flee from the iron weapon, and the bow of steel shall strike him through. It is drawn, and cometh out of the body; yea, the glittering sword cometh out of his gall: terrors are upon him. All darkness shall be hid in his secret places; a fire not blown shall consume him; it shall go ill with him that is left in his tabernacle. The heaven shall reveal his iniquity; and the earth shall rise up against him. The increase of his house shall depart, and his goods shall flow away in the day of his wrath. This is 45

the portion of a wicked man from God, and the heritage appointed unto him by God.

CHAPTER XXI.: Job sheweth that even in the judgment of man he hath reason to be grieved. Sometimes the wicked do so prosper, as they despise God. Sometimes their destruction is manifest. The happy and unhappy are alike in death. The judgment of the wicked is in another world.

shall he be brought to the grave."



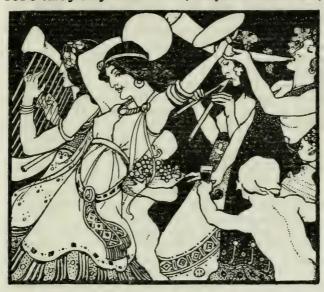
UT Job answered and said, Hear diligently my speech, and let this be your consolations. Suffer me that I may speak; and after I have spoken, mock on. As for me, is my complaint to man? and if it were so, why should not my

spirit be troubled? Mark me, and be astonished, and lay your hand upon

your mouth.

Even when I remember I am afraid, and trembling taketh hold on my flesh. Wherefore do the wicked live, become old, yea, are mighty in power? Their seed is established in their sight with them, and their offspring before their eyes. Their houses are safe from fear, neither is the rod of God upon them. Their bull gendereth, and faileth not; their cow calveth, and casteth not her calf. They send forth their little ones

like a flock, and their children dance, The happy They take the timbrel and harp, and and rejoice at the sound of the organ. They unhappy are alike spend their days in wealth, and in a in death. moment go down to the grave. There-fore they say unto God, Depart from us;



" They take the timbrel and harp. and rejoice."

for we desire not the knowledge of thy ways. What is the Almighty, that we should serve him? and what profit should we have, if we pray unto him?

Lo, their good is not in their hand: the counsel of the wicked is far from me. How oft is the candle of the wicked put out! and how oft cometh their de-47

The struction upon them! God distributeth judgment sorrows in his anger. They are as stubwicked, ble before the wind, and as chaff that the storm carrieth away. God layeth up his iniquity for his children; he rewardeth him, and he shall know it. His eves shall see his destruction, and he shall drink of the wrath of the Almighty. For what pleasure hath he in his house after him, when the number of his months is cut off in the midst? Shall any teach God knowledge? seeing he judgeth those that are high. One dieth in his full strength, being wholly at ease and quiet. His breasts are full of milk, and his bones are moistened with marrow. And another dieth in the bitterness of his soul, and never eateth with They shall lie down alike pleasure. in the dust, and the worms shall cover them. Behold, I know your thoughts, and the devices which ye wrongfully imagine against me. For ye say, Where is the house of the prince? and where are the dwelling places of the wicked? Have ye not asked them that go by the way? and do ye not know their tokens. that the wicked is reserved to the day of destruction? they shall be brought forth to the day of wrath. Who shall declare his way to his face? and who shall repay him what he hath done? Yet shall he be brought to the grave, and shall remain in the tomb. clods of the valley shall be sweet unto him, and every man shall draw after

him, as there are innumerable before him. How then comfort ye me in vain. seeing in your answers there remaineth falsehood?

CHAPTER XXII.: Eliphaz sheweth that man's goodness profiteth not God. He accuseth Job of divers sins. He exhorteth him to repentance, with

promises of mercy.



IHEN Eliphaz the Te= "Thou manite answered and hast sent said, Can a man be pro= widows away fitable unto God, as he empty." that is wise may be profitable unto himself? Is it any pleasure to the Almighty, that thou art righteous? or is it gain to him, that thou

makest thy ways perfect? Will he reprove thee for fear of thee? will he enter with thee into judgment? Is not thy wickedness great? and thine iniguities infinite? For thou hast taken a pledge from thy brother for nought, and stripped the naked of their clothing. Thou hast not given water to the weary to drink, and thou hast withholden bread from the hungry. But as for the mighty man, he had the earth; and the honourable man dwelt in it. Thou hast sent widows away empty, and the arms of the fatherless have been broken. Therefore snares are round about thee, and sudden fear 49 D

troubleth thee; or darkness, that thou canst not see; and abundance of waters cover thee. Is not God in the height of heaven? and behold the height of the

hast withholden bread from the hungry."



stars, how high they are! And thou sayest, How doth God know? can he judge through the dark cloud? Thick clouds are a covering to him, that he seeth not; and he walketh in the circuit of heaven. Hast thou marked the old way which wicked men have trodden? Which were cut down out of time, whose foundation was overflown with a flood; which said unto God, Depart from us; and what can the Almighty do for them? Yet he filled their houses with good things; but the counsel of the wicked is

far from me. The righteous see it, and Eliphaz are glad; and the innocent laugh them exhorteth to scorn. Whereas our substance is not Job to repentcut down, but the remnant of them the ance. fire consumeth. Acquaint now thyself with him, and be at peace; thereby good shall come unto thee. Receive, I pray thee, the law from his mouth, and lay up his words in thine heart. If thou return to the Almighty, thou shalt be built up, thou shalt put away iniquity far from thy tabernacles. Then shalt thou lay up gold as dust, and the gold of Ophir as the stones of the brooks. Yea, the Almighty shall be thy defence. and thou shalt have plenty of silver. For then shalt thou have thy delight in the Almighty, and shalt lift up thy face unto God. Thou shalt make thy prayer unto him, and he shall hear thee, and thou shalt pay thy vows. Thou shalt also decree a thing, and it shall be established unto thee; and the light shall shine upon thy ways. When men are cast down, then thou shalt say, There is lifting up; and he shall save the humble person. He shall deliver the island of the innocent: and it is delivered by the pureness of thine hands.

CHAPTER XXIII.: Job longeth to appear before God, in confidence of his mercy. God, who is invisible, observeth our ways. Job's innocency. God's decree is immutable. 51

"God maketh my heart soft."

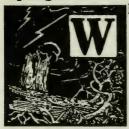


HEN Job answered and said, Even to day is my complaint bitter: my stroke is heavier than my groaning. Oh that I knew where I might find him! that I might come even to his seat! I would order my cause before him, and fill my

mouth with arguments. I would know the words which he would answer me. and understand what he would say unto me. Will he plead against me with his great power? No: but he would put strength in me. There the righteous might dispute with him: so should I be delivered for ever from my judge. Behold. I go forward, but he is not there: and backward, but I cannot perceive him: on the left hand, where he doth work, but I cannot behold him: he hideth himself on the right hand, that I cannot see him: but he knoweth the way that I take: when he hath tried me, I shall come forth as gold. My foot hath held his steps, his way have I kept, and not declined. Neither have I gone back from the commandment of his lips: I have esteemed the words of his mouth more than my necessary food. But he is in one mind, and who can turn him? and what his soul desireth, even that he doeth. For he performeth the thing that is appointed for me; and many such things are with him. Therefore am 52

I troubled at his presence; when I consider, I am afraid of him. For God maketh my heart soft, and the Almighty troubleth me: because I was not cut off before the darkness. neither hath he covered the darkness from my face.

CHAPTER XXIV.: Wickedness goeth often unpunished. There is a secret judgment for the wicked.



IHY, seeing times are "Wickednot hidden from the ness shall Almighty, do they that be broken know him not see his as a tree," days? Some remove the landmarks: they violently take away flocks, and feed there= They drive away of. the ass of the father-

less, they take the widow's ox for a pledge. They turn the needy out of the way: the poor of the earth hide themselves together. Behold, as wild asses in the desert, go they forth to their work: rising betimes for a prey; the wilderness vieldeth food for them and for their children. They reap every one his corn in the field; and they gather the vintage of the wicked. They cause the naked to lodge without clothing, that they have no covering in the cold. They are wet with the showers of the mountains, and embrace the rock for want of a shelter. They pluck the fatherless from the 53

A secret breast, and take a pledge of the poor.

judgment They cause him to go naked without
for the clothing, and they take away the sheaf
from the hungry; which make oil within their walls, and tread their winepresses, and suffer thirst. Men groan
from out of the city, and the soul of the
wounded crieth out; yet God layeth not
folly to them. They are of those that
rebel against the light; they know not
the ways thereof, nor abide in the paths
thereof. The murderer rising with the
light killeth the poor and needy, and

turn the needy out of the way."



in the night is as a thief. The eve also of the adulterer wait= eth for the twilight. saving. No eye shall see me: and disguiseth his face. In the dark they dig through hous= es, which they hadmarkedfor themselves in the daytime: they know not

the light. For the morning is to them even as the shadow of death: if one know them, they are in the terrors of the shadow of death. He is swift as the waters; their portion is cursed in the earth: he beholdeth not the way of

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the vineyards. Drought and heat consume the snow waters: so doth the grave those which have sinned. The womb shall forget him; the worm shall



"The morning is to them even as the shadow of death,"

feed sweetly on him; he shall be no more remembered; and wickedness shall be broken as a tree. He evil entreateth the barren that beareth not; and doeth not good to the widow. He draweth also the mighty with his power; he riseth up, and no man is 55

The sure of life. Though it be given him wicked are to be in safety, whereon he resteth; exalted yet his eyes are upon their ways.

for a little while, while, but are gone and brought low; they are taken out of the way as all other, and cut off as the tops of the ears of corn. And if it be not so now, who will make me a liar, and make my speech nothing worth?

CHAPTER XXV.: Bildad sheweth that man cannot be justified before God.

of man,
which is
a rvorm."



HEN answered Bildad the Shuhite, and said, Dominion and fear are with him, he maketh peace in his high places. Is there any number of his armies? and upon whom doth not his light arise? How then can man be justified

with God? or how can he be clean that is born of a woman? Behold even to the moon, and it shineth not; yea, the stars are not pure in his sight. How much less man, that is a worm? and the son of man, which is a worm?

CHAPTER XXVI.: Job, reproving the uncharitable spirit of Bildad, acknowledgeth the power of God to be infinite and unsearchable.

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UT Job answered and "He said. How hast thou bindeth up helped him that is without power? how thick savest thou the arm clouds," that hath no strength? How hast thou counsel= led him that hath no wisdom? and how hast thou plentifully declar-

ed the thing as it is? To whom hast thou uttered words? and whose spirit came from thee? Dead things are form= ed from under the waters, and the inhabitants thereof. Hell is naked before him, and destruction hath no covering. He stretcheth out the north over the empty place, and hangeth the earth up= on nothing. He bindeth up the waters in his thick clouds; and the cloud is not rent under them. He holdeth back the face of his throne, and spreadeth his cloud upon it. He hath compassed the waters with bounds, until the day and night come to an end. The pillars of



heaven tremble and are astonished at his reproof. He divideth the sea with 57

" He hath garnished the heavens."

God's his power, and by his understanding he infinite smiteth through the proud. By his spirit forwer. he hath garnished the heavens; his hand hath formed the crooked serpent. Lo, these are parts of his ways; but how little a portion is heard of him? but the thunder of his power who can understand?

CHAPTER XXVII.: Job protesteth his sincerity. The hypocrite is without hope. The blessings which the wicked have are turned into curses.

would fain flee."



OREOVER Job continued his parable, and said, As God liveth, who hath taken away my judgment; and the Almighty, who hath vexed my soul; all the while my breath is in me, and the spirit of God is in my nostrils; my lips

shall not speak wickedness, nor my tongue utter deceit. God forbid that I should justify you: till I die I will not remove mine integrity from me. My righteousness I hold fast, and will not let it go; my heart shall not reproach me so long as I live. Let mine enemy be as the wicked, and he that riseth up against me as the unrighteous.

For what is the hope of the hypocrite, though he hath gained, when God taketh away his soul? Will God hear his cry when trouble cometh upon him? Will

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he delight himself in the Almighty? will he always call upon God?

I will teach you by the hand of God:

that which is with the Al= mighty will I not conceal. Behold, all ve yourselves have seen it: why then are ve thus altogether vain? This is the portion of a wicked man with God, and the heritage of oppressors. which they shall receive of the Almigh= ty. If his child= ren be multiplied, it is for the sword: and his off= spring shall



" Though he heap up silver as the dust.'

not be satisfed with bread. Those that remain of him shall be buried in death: and his widows shall not weep. Though he heap up silver as the dust, and prepare raiment as the clay; he may prepare it, but the just shall put it on, and the innocent shall divide the silver. He buildeth his house as a moth, and as 59

The a booth that the keeper maketh. The current rich man shall lie down, but he shall of the not be gathered: he openeth his eyes, and he is not. Terrors take hold on him as waters, a tempest stealeth him away in the night. The east wind carrieth him away, and he departeth: and as a storm hurleth him out of his place. For God shall cast upon him, and not spare: he would fain flee out of his hand. Men shall clap their hands at him, and shall hiss him out of his place.

CHAPTER XXVIII.: There is a knowledge of natural things. But wisdom is an excellent gift of God.

"The stones of darkness, and the shadow of death."



URELY there is a vein for the silver, and a place for gold where they fine it. Iron is taken out of the earth, and brass is molten out of the stone. He setteth an end to darkness, and searcheth out all perfection; the stones of

darkness, and the shadow of death. The flood breaketh out from the inhabitant; even the waters forgotten of the foot: they are dried up, they are gone away from men. As for the earth, out of it cometh bread; and under it is turned up as it were fire. The stones of it are the place of sapphires; and it hath dust of gold. There is a path which no

fowl knoweth, and which the vulture's The eye hath not seen: the lion's whelps knowledge have not trodden it, nor the fierce lion of natural passed by it. He putteth forth his hand upon the rock; he overturneth the mountains by the roots. He cutteth out rivers among the rocks; and his eye seeth every precious thing. He bindeth the



"Where shall wisdom be found?"

floods from overflowing; and the thing that is hid bringeth he forth to light.

But where shall wisdom be found? and where is the place of understanding? Man knoweth not the price thereof: neither is it found in the land of the living. The depth saith. It is not in me: and the sea saith. It is not with me. It cannot be gotten for gold, neither shall silver be weighed for the price thereof. It cannot be valued with the gold of Ophir. with the precious onyx, or the sapphire. The gold and the crystal cannot equal it: and the exchange of it shall not be for jewels of fine gold. No mention shall be made of coral, or of pearls: for the price of wisdom is above rubies. 61

Wisdom The topaz of Ethiopia shall not equal is an it, neither shall it be valued with pure excellent gold. Whence then cometh wisdom? gift of and where is the place of understanding? Seeing it is hid from the eyes

topaz of Ethiopia shall not equal it."



of all living. and Kept close from the fowls of the air. Destruction and death sav. We have heard the fame thereof with our ears. God understandeth the way thereof, and he knoweth the place thereof. For he looketh to the ends of the earth, and seeth under the whole heaven; to make the weight

for the winds; and he weigheth the waters by measure. When he made a decree for the rain, and a way for the lightning of the thunder: then did he see it, and declare it; he prepared it,

yea, and searched it out. And unto man he said, Behold, the fear of the



" To depart from evil is understanding."

Lord, that is wisdom; and to depart from evil is understanding.

CHAPTER XXIX.: Job bemoaneth himself of his former prosperity and honour.



OREOVER Jobcontinu. "My ed his parable, and said, root was Oh that I were as in spread out months past, as in the waters." days when God preserved me; when his candle shined upon my head, and when by his light I walked through darkness; as I was in

the days of my youth, when the secret of God was upon my tabernacle; when the Almighty was yet with me, when 63

parable.

Job my children were about me; when I continues washed my steps with butter, and the his rock poured me out rivers of oil; when I went out to the gate through the city, when I prepared my seat in the street! The young men saw me, and hid themselves; and the aged arose, and stood up. The princes refrained talking, and laid their hand on their mouth. nobles held their peace, and their tongue cleaved to the roof of their mouth. When the ear heard me, then it blessed

" And him that had none to help him.



me; and when the eye saw me, it gave witness to me; because I delivered the poor that cried, and the fatherless, and him that had none to help him. blessing of him that was ready to perish came upon me; and I caused the widow's

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heart to sing for joy. I put on righteousness, and it clothed me; my judgment was as a robe and a diadem. I was eyes to the blind, and feet was I to the lame. I was a father to the poor; and the cause which I knew not I searched out. And I brake the jaws of the wicked, and

plucked the spoil out of his teeth. Then I said. I shall die in my nest, and Ishall multi: ply my days as the sand. My root was spread out by the waters. and the dew lay all night upon my branch. My glory



" I was

eyes to the

blind."

was fresh in me, and my bow was renewed in my hand. Unto me men gave ear, and waited, and kept silence at my counsel. After my words they spake not again; and my speech dropped upon them. And they waited for me as for the rain; and they opened their mouth wide as for the latter rain. If I laughed on them, they believed it not; and the light of my countenance they cast not down. I chose out their way, and sat chief, and dwelt as a king in

the army, as one that comforteth the mourners.

CHAPTER XXX.: Job's honour is turned into extreme contempt. His pro-

sperity into calamity.

"They that are younger than I have me in derision."



UT now they that are younger than I have me in derision, whose fathers I would have disdained to have set with the dogs of my flock. Yea, where to might the strength of their hands profit me, in whom old age was perished? For want and famine they

were solitary; fleeing into the wilderness in former time desolate and waste. Who cut up mallows by the bushes, and juniper roots for their meat. They were driven forth from among men, (they cried after them as after a thief); to dwell in the cliffs of the valleys, in caves of the earth, and in the rocks. Among the bushes they brayed: under the nettles they were gathered together. They were children of fools, yea, children of base men; they were viler than the earth. And now am I their song, yea, I am their byword. They abhor me, they flee far from me, and spare not to spit in my face. Because he hath loosed my cord. and afflicted me, they have also let loose the bridle before me. Upon my right hand rise the youth; they push away 66

my feet, and they raise up against me the ways of their destruction. They



not my soul grieved for the poor?"

mar my path, they set forward my calamity, they have no helper. They came upon me as a wide breaking in of waters: in the desolation they rolled themselves upon me. Terrors are turned upon me: they pursue my soul as the wind: and my welfare passeth away as a cloud.

Job's And now my soul is poured out upon prosperity me: the days of affliction have taken turned hold upon me. My bones are pierced in calamity. me in the night season: and my sinews take no rest. By the great force of my disease is my garment changed: it bindeth me about as the collar of my coat. He hath cast me into the mire, and I am become like dust and ashes. I cry unto thee, and thou dost not hear me: I stand up, and thou regardest me not. Thou art become cruel to me; with thy strong hand thou opposest thyself against me. Thou liftest me up to the wind: thou causest me to ride upon it, and dissolv= est my substance. For I know that thou wilt bring me to death, and to the house appointed for all living. Howbeit he will not stretch out his hand to the grave, though they cry in his destruction. Did not I weep for him that was in trouble? was not my soul grieved for the poor? When I looked for good, then evil came unto me: and when I waited for light. there came darkness. Mybowels boiled, and rested not: the days of affliction prevented me. I went mourning without the sun; I stood up, and I cried in the congregation. I am a brother to dragons. and a companion to owls. My skin is black upon me, and my bones are burn= ed with heat. My harp also is turned to mourning, and my organ into the voice of them that weep.

> CHAPTER XXXI.: Job maketh a so= 68

lemn protestation of his integrity in several duties.



MADE a covenant with "Let mine eyes; why then thistles should I think upon a grow instead of maid? For what por= wheat. tion of God is there from above? and what inheritance of the Almighty from on high? Is not destruction to the wicked? and a strange

punishment to the workers of iniquity? Doth not he see my ways, and count all my steps? If I have walked with vanity, or if my foot hath hasted to deceit: let me be weighed in an even balance. that God may know mine integrity. If my step hath turned out of the way, and mine heart walked after mine eyes, and if any blot hath cleaved to mine hands; then let me sow, and let another eat: yea, let my offspring be rooted out. If mine heart have been deceived by a woman, or if I have laid wait at my neighbour's door; then let my wife grind unto another, and let others bow down upon her. For this is an heinous crime: yea, it is an iniquity to be punished by the judges. For it is a fire that consumeth to destruction, and would root out all mine increase. If I did despise the cause of my manservant or of my maids ervant, when they contended with me; what then shall I do when God riseth up? and when he visiteth, what shall I answer him? 69

Did not he that made me in the womb make him? and did not one fashion us

"I made a covenant with mine eyes."



us in the womb? If I have withheld the poor fromtheir desire, or have caused the eyes of the widow to fail: or have eat= enmymorsel myself alone. and the fatherlesshath not eaten thereof: (for from $\mathbf{m} \mathbf{v}$ youth he was brought up with me, as with a father. and I have guided her from my mo= ther's womb): if I have seen

any perish for want of clothing, or any poor without covering; if his loins have not blessed me, and if he were not warmed with the fleece of my sheep; if I have lifted up my hand against the fatherless, when I saw my help in the gate: then let mine arm fall from my shoulder blade, and mine arm be broken

from the bone. For destruction from Job God was a terror to me, and by reason maketh of his highness I could not endure. If I solemn have made gold my hope, or have said to tions. the fine gold, Thou art my confidence; if I rejoiced because my wealth was great, and because mine hand had gotten much; if I beheld the sun when it shined, or the moon walking in brightness: and my heart hath been secretly enticed, or my mouth hath kissed my hand; this also were an iniquity to be punished by the judge; for I should have denied the God that is above. If I rejoiced at the destruction of him that hated me, or lifted up myself when evil found him: neither have I suffered my mouth to sin by wish= ing a curse to his soul. If the men of my tabernacle said not, Oh that we had of his flesh! we cannot be satisfied. The stranger did not lodge in the street: but I opened my doors to the traveller. If I covered my transgressions as Adam, by hiding mine iniquity in my bosom: did I fear a great multitude, or did the contempt of families terrify me, that I kept silence, and went not out of the door?

Oh that one would hear me! behold, my desire is, that the Almighty would answer me, and that mine adversary had written a book. Surely I would take it upon my shoulder, and bind it as a crown to me. I would declare un-71

to him the number of my steps; as a prince would I go near unto him. If my land cry against me, or that the furrows likewise thereof complain; if I

stranger
did not
lodge
in the
street."



have eaten the fruits thereof without money, or have caused the owners thereof to lose their life: let thistles grow instead of wheat, and cockle instead of barley. The words of Job are ended.

CHAPTER XXXII.: Elihu is angry with Job and his three friends. Because wisdom cometh not from age, he excuseth the boldness of his youth. He reproveth them for not satisfying Job. His zeal to speak.

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O these three men ceas= "Great ed to answer Job, be men are cause he was righteous always in his own eyes. Then wite. was kindled the wrath of Elihu the son of Ba= rachel the Buzite, of the kindred of Ram: against Job was his wrath kindled, because

he justified himself rather than God. Also against his three friends was his wrath kindled, because they had found no answer, and vet had condemned Job. Now Elihu had waited till Job had spoken, because they were elder than he. When Elihu saw that there was no answer in the mouth of these three men. then his wrath was kindled. And Elihu the son of Barachel the Buzite answered and said, I am young, and ye are very old: wherefore I was afraid, and durst not shew you mine opinion. I said, Days should speak, and multitude of years should teach wisdom. But there is a spirit in man; and the inspiration of the Almighty giveth them understanding. Great men are not always wise: neither do the aged understand judgment. Therefore I said. Hearken to me: I also will shew mine opinion. Behold, I waited for your words: I gave ear to your reasons, whilst ye searched out what to say. Yea, I attended unto you, and, behold, there was none of you that convinced Job, or that answered 73

God his words: lest ye should say. We have thrusteth found out wisdom: God thrusteth him Job down, not man. Now he hath not directed his words against me: neither will I answer him with your speeches. They were amazed, they answered no more: they left off speaking. When I had wait= ed, (for they spake not, but stood still. and answered no more;) I said, I will answer also my part, I also will shew mine opinion. For I am full of matter. the spirit within me constraineth me. Behold, my belly is as wine which hath no vent; it is ready to burst like new bottles. I will speak, that I may be refreshed: I will open my lips and answer. Let me not, I pray you, accept any man's person, neither let me give flattering titles unto man. For I know not to give flattering titles; in so doing my Maker would soon take me away.

> CHAPTER XXXIII.; Elihu offereth himself instead of God, with sincerity and meekness, to reason with Job.

"For God speaketh once, yea trvice."



HEREFORE, Job, I pray thee, hear my speeches, and hearken to all my words. Behold, now I have openedmymouth, mytongue hathspokeninmymouth. My words shall be of the uprightness of my heart; and my lips shall

utter knowledge clearly. The Spirit of 74

God hath made me, and the breath of the Almighty hath given me life. If thou

canst answer me, set thy words in order before me, stand up. Be= hold, I am according to thy wish in God's stead: I also am formed out of the clay. Be= hold, myterror shall not make thee afraid. neither shall my hand be heavy upon thee. Surely thou hast spo= ken in mine hearing, and I have heard the voice of thy words, saving,



66 He

will deliver

from

his soul

going into

the pit."

without transgression, I am innocent; neither is there iniquity in me. Behold, he findeth occasions against me, he counteth me for his enemy, he putteth my feet in the stocks, he marketh all my paths. Behold, in this thou art not just: I will answer thee, that God is greater than man. Why dost thou strive against him?

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God for he giveth not account of any of his calleth matters. For God speaketh once, yea upon man twice, yet man perceiveth it not. In a ance by dream, in a vision of the night, when visions. deep sleep falleth upon men, in slum= berings upon the bed; then he openeth the ears of men, and sealeth their instruction, that he may withdraw man from his purpose, and hide pride from man. He keepeth back his soul from the pit, and his life from perishing by the sword. He is chastened also with pain upon his bed, and the multitude of his bones with strong pain; so that his life abhorreth bread, and his soul dainty meat. His flesh is consumed away, that it cannot be seen; and his bones that were not seen stick out. Yea, his soul draweth near unto the grave, and his life to the destroyers. If there be a messen= ger with him, an interpreter, one among a thousand, to shew unto man his up= rightness: then he is gracious unto him. and saith, Deliver him from going down to the pit: I have found a ransom. His flesh shall be fresher than a child's: he shall return to the days of his youth: he shall pray unto God, and he will be favourable unto him; and he shall see his face with joy: for he will render unto man his righteousness. He looketh upon men, and if any say, I have sinned, and perverted that which was right, and it profited me not; he will deliver his soul from going into the pit, and his life shall see the light. Lo. all these things work-76

eth God oftentimes with man, to bring Elihu back his soul from the pit, to be enlight reproveth ened with the light of the living. Mark Job. well, O Job, hearken unto me: hold thy peace, and I will speak. If thou hast any thing to say, answer me: speak, for I desire to justify thee. If not, hearken unto me; hold thy peace, and I shall teach thee wisdom.

CHAPTER XXXIV.: Elihu accuseth Job for charging God with injustice. God omnipotent cannot be unjust. Man must humble himself unto God. Elihu reproveth Job.

F

URTHERMORE Eli= "Man hu answered and said, shall turn Hear my words, O ye again unto wise men; and give ear unto me, ye that have knowledge. For the ear trieth words, as the mouth tasteth meat. Let us choose to us judgment; let us know

among ourselves what is good. For Job hath said, I am righteous: and God hath taken away my judgment. Should I lie against my right? my wound is incurable without transgression. What man is like Job, who drinketh up scorning like water? Which goeth in company with the workers of iniquity, and walketh with wicked men. For he hath said, It profiteth a man nothing that he should delight himself with God. Therefore 77

God hearken unto me, ye men of understandomnipotent ing: far be it from God, that he should cannot be do wickedness; and from the Almighty, that he should commit iniquity. For the work of a man shall he render unto him, and cause every man to find according to his ways. Yea, surely God will not do wickedly, neither will the Almighty pervert judgment. Who hath given him a charge over the earth? or who hath disposed the whole world? If he set his heart upon man, if he gather unto himself his spirit and his breath; all flesh shall perish together, and man shall turn again unto dust. If now thou hast understanding, hear this: hearken to the voice of my words. Shall even he that hateth right govern? and wilt thou condemn him that is most just? Is it fit to say to a king. Thou art wicked? and to princes, Ye are ungodly? How much less to him that accepteth not the persons of princes, nor regardeth the rich more than the poor? for they all are the work of his hands. In a moment shall they die, and the people shall be troubled at midnight. and pass away: and the mighty shall be taken away without hand. For his eyes are upon the ways of man, and he seeth all his goings. There is no darkness, nor shadow of death, where the workers of iniquity may hide themselves. For he will not lay upon man more than right: that he should enter into judgment with God. He shall break in pieces mighty

men without number, and set others in their stead. Therefore he knoweth their



"Darkness, . . .
where the
workers
of iniquity
may
hide."

works, and he overturneth them in the night, so that they are destroyed. He striketh them as wicked men in the open sight of others: because they turned back from him, and would not consider any of his ways: so that they cause the cry of the poor to come unto him, and he heareth the cry of the afflicted. When he giveth quietness, who then can make trouble? and when he hideth his face. who then can behold him? whether it be done against a nation, or against a man only: that the hypocrite reign not. lest the people be ensnared. Surely it is meet to be said unto God. I have borne *7*9

Man chastisement, I will not offend anymore;

must that which I see not teach thou me; if I
humble have done iniquity I will do no more.
himself Should it be according to thy mind? he
will recompense it, whether thou refuse,
or whether thou choose; and not I;
therefore speak what thou knowest.

Let men of understanding tell me, and let a wise man hearken unto me. Job hath spoken without knowledge, and his words were without wisdom. My desire is that Job may be tried unto the end because of his answers for wicked men. For he addeth rebellion unto his sin, he clappeth his hands among us, and multiplieth his words against God.

CHAPTER XXXV.: Comparison is not to be made with God, because our good or evil cannot extend unto him. Many cry in their afflictions, but are not heard for want of faith.

"Look unto the heavens, and see."



LIHU spake moreover, and said, Thinkest thou this to be right, that thou saidst, My righteousness is more than God's? For thou saidst, What advantage will it be unto thee? and, What profit shall I have, if I be

cleansed, from my sin? I will answer thee, and thy companions with thee. Look unto the heavens, and see; and behold the clouds which are higher than 80

thou. If thou sinnest, what doest thou against him? or if thy transgressions be multiplied, what doest thou unto him? If thou be righteous, what givest thou

him? or what receiveth he ofthinehand? Thy wicked= nessmayhurt a man as thou art: and thy righteousness mayprofitthe son of man. By reason of the multitude ofoppressions theymakethe oppressed to cry: they cry out by reason of the arm of the mighty. Butnonesaith. Where is God my maker. who giveth songs in the night; who teacheth us more than the

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teacheth us more than the beasts of the earth, and maketh us wiser than the fowls of heaven? There they cry, but none giveth answer, because of the pride of evil men. Surely God will not hear vanity, neither will the

reason
of the
multitude
of oppressions."

Many Almighty regard it. Although thou sayery, but est thou shalt not see him, yet judgment are not is before him; therefore trust thou in want of him. But now, because it is not so, faith. he hath visited in his anger; yet he knoweth it not in great extremity: therefore doth Job open his mouth in vain; he multiplieth words without knowledge.

CHAPTER XXXVI.: Elihu sheweth how God is just in his ways. How Job's sins hinder God's blessings. God's works are to be magnified.

"But the hypocrites in heart heap up wrath."



LIHU also proceeded, and said, Suffer me a little, and I will shew thee that I have yet to speak on God's behalf. I will fetch my knowledge from afar, and will ascribe righteousness to my Maker. For truly my words shall

not be false: he that is perfect in knowledge is with thee. Behold, God is mighty, and despiseth not any: he is mighty in strength and wisdom. He preserveth not the life of the wicked; but giveth right to the poor. He withdraweth not his eyes from the righteous: but with kings are they on the throne; yea, he doth establish them for ever, and they are exalted. And if they be bound in fetters, and be holden in cords of affliction: then he sheweth them their work,

and their transgressions that they have How exceeded. He openeth also their ear to Job's sins discipline, and commandeth that they hinder God's return from iniquity. If they obey and blessings, serve him, they shall spend their days in prosperity, and their years in pleasures. But if they obey not, they shall perish by the sword, and they shall die without knowledge. But the hypocrites in heart heap up wrath: they cry not when he bindeth them. They die in youth, and their life is among the un= clean. He delivereth the poor in his affliction, and openeth their ears in op= pression. Even so would he have removed thee out of the strait into a broad place, where there is no straitness; and that which should be set on thy table should be full of fatness. But thou hast fulfilled the judgment of the wicked: judgment and justice take hold on thee. Because there is wrath, beware lest he take thee away with his stroke: then a great ransom cannot deliver thee. Will he esteem thy riches? no, not gold, nor all the forces of strength. Desire not the night, when people are cut off in their place. Take heed, regard not iniquity: for this hast thou chosen rather than affliction. Behold, God exalteth by his power: who teacheth like him? Who hath enjoined him his way? or who can say, Thou hast wrought iniquity? Remember that thou magnify his work, which men behold. Every man may see it; man may behold it afar off. 83

magnified.

God's Behold, God is great, and we know him works are not, neither can the number of his years be searched out. For he maketh small the drops of water; they pour down rain according to the vapour thereof: which the clouds do drop and distil upon man abundantly. Also can any understand the spreadings of the clouds. or the noise of his tabernacle? Behold. he spreadeth his light upon it, and covereth the bottom of the sea. For by them judgeth he the people; he giveth meat in abundance. With clouds he covereth the light; and commandeth it not to shine by the cloud that cometh betwixt. The noise thereof sheweth concerning it, the cattle also concerning the vapour.

> CHAPTER XXXVII.: God is to be feared because of his great works. His wisdom is unsearchable in them.

" He sealeth up the hand of every man."

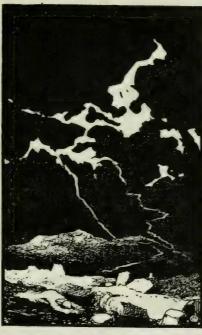


T this also my heart trembleth, and is moved out of his place. Hear attentively the noise of his voice, and the sound that goeth out of his mouth. He directeth it under the whole heaven, and his lightning unto the ends

of the earth. After it a voice roar= eth: he thundereth with the voice of his excellency; and he will not stay them when his voice is heard. God thundereth marvellously with his voice:

great things doeth he, which we cannot comprehend. For he saith to the snow, Be thou on the earth; likewise to the small rain, and to the great rain of his

strength. He sealeth up the hand of every man: that all may men know his work. Then the beasts go into dens, and remain in their places. Out of the south cometh the whirl= wind:andcold out of the north. By the breath of God frost is given: and the bread. th of the wat= ers is strait= ened. Also by watering he wearieth the thick cloud:



"At this also my heart tremb-leth."

he scattereth his bright cloud: and it is turned round about by his counsels: that they may downatsoever he commandeth them upon the face of the world in the earth. He causeth it to come, whether for correction, or for his land, or for 85

mercy. Hearken unto this, O Job; stand still, and consider the wondrous works of God. Dost thou know when God disposed them, and caused the light of his

"Fair weather cometh out of the north."



cloud to shine? Dost thou know the balancings of the clouds, the wondrous works of him which is perfect in knowledge? How thy garments are warm, when he quieteth the earth by the south wind? Hast thou with him spread out the sky, which is strong, and as a molten

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looking glass? Teach us what we shall say unto him; for we cannot order our speech by reason of darkness. Shall it be told him that I speak? if a man speak, surely he shall be swallowed up. And now men see not the bright light which is in the clouds; but the wind passeth, and cleanseth them. Fair weather cometh out of the north: with God is terrible majesty. Touching the Almighty, we cannot find him out; he is excellent in power, and in judgment, and in plenty of justice; he will not afflict. Men do therefore fear him; he respecteth not any that are wise of heart.

CHAPTER XXXVIII.: God challengeth Job to answer. God, by his mighty works, convinceth Job of ignorance, and of imbecility.



HEN the Lord answer: "Hast ed Job out of the whirl: thou comwind, and said, Who mandedthe is this that darkeneth counsel by words with: out knowledge? Gird up now thy loins like a man; for I will demand of thee, and answer thou me.

Where wast thou when I laid the foundations of the earth? declare, if thou hast understanding. Who hath laid the measures thereof, if thou knowest? or who hath stretched the line upon it? Whereupon are the foundations thereof fastens

ed? or who laid the corner stone thereof; when the morning stars sang together, and all the sons of God shouted for joy? Or who shut up the sea with

"Then the Lord answered Job out of the whirlwind."



doors, when it brake forth, as if it had issued out of the womb? When I made the cloud the garment thereof, and thick darkness a swaddlingband for it, and brake up for it my decreed place, and 88

set bars and doors, and said, Hitherto Job shalt thou come, but no further: and convinced here shall thy proud waves be stayed? of his Hast thou commanded the morning ignorance. since thy days; and caused the dayspring to know his place; that it might take hold of the ends of the earth, that the wicked might be shaken out of it? It is turned as clay to the seal: and they stand as a garment. And from the wicked their light is withholden, and the high arm shall be broken. Hast thou entered into the springs of the sea? or hast thou walked in the search of the depth? Have the gates of death been opened unto thee? or hast thou seen the doors of the shadow of death? Hast thou perceived the breadth of the earth? declare if thou knowest it all. Where is the way where light dwelleth? and as for darkness, where is the place thereof, that thou shouldest take it to the bound thereof, and that thou shouldest know the paths to the house thereof? Knowest thou it, because thou wast then born? or because the number of thy days is great? Hast thou entered into the treasures of the snow? or hast thou seen the treasures of the hail. which I have reserved against the time of trouble, against the day of battle and war? By what way is the light parted, which scattereth the east wind upon the earth? Who hath divided a watercourse for the overflowing of waters, or a way for the lightning of thunder: to 89

cause it to rain on the earth, where no man is; on the wilderness, wherein there is no man; to satisfy the desolate

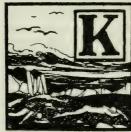


and waste ground; and to cause the budoftheten= der herb to spring forth? Hath the rain a father? or who hath begotten the dropsofdew? Out of whose womb came the ice? and the hoarv frost of heav= en, who hath gendered it? The waters hid are with a stone. and the face of the deep is frozen. Canst thou

bind the sweet influences of Pleiades, or loose the bands of Orion? Canst thou bring forth Mazzaroth in his season? or canst thou guide Arcturus with his sons? Knowest thou the ordinances of heaven? canst thou set the dominion thereof in the earth? Canst thou lift up thy voice to the clouds, that

abundance of waters may cover thee? Canst thou send lightnings, that they may go, and say unto thee, Here we are? Who hath put wisdom in the inward parts? or who hath given understanding to the heart? Who can number the clouds in wisdom? or who can stay the bottles of heaven, when the dust groweth into hardness, and the clods cleave fast together? Wilt thou hunt the prey for the lion? or fill the appetite of the young lions, when they couch in their dens, and abide in the covert to lie in wait? Who provideth for the raven his food? when his young ones cry un= to God, they wander for lack of meat.

CHAPTER XXXIX.: Of the wild goats and hinds. Of the wild ass. The unicorn. The peacock, stork, and ostrich. The horse. The hawk. The eagle.



NOWEST thou the "W' ere time when the wild the slain goats of the rock bring are, there is she." forth? or canst thou mark when the hinds do calve? Canst thou number the months that they fulfil? or knowest thou the time when they bring forth?

They bow themselves, they bring forth their young ones, they cast out their sorrows. Their young ones are in good liking, they grow up with corn; they go forth, and return not unto them. Who 91

Of the hath sent out the wild ass free? or beasts and who hath loosed the bands of the wild the birds. ass? Whose house I have made the wilderness, and the barren land his dwellings. He scorneth the multitude of the city, neither regardeth he the crying of the driver. The range of the mountains is his pasture, and he search eth after every green thing. Will the unicorn be willing to serve thee, or abide by thy crib? Canst thou bind the unicorn with his band in the furrow? or will he harrow the valleys after thee? Wilt thou trust him, because his strength is great? or wilt thou leave thy labour to him? Wilt thou believe him, that he will bring home thy seed, and gather it into thy barn? Gavest thou the goodly wings unto the peacocks? or wings and feathers unto the ostrich? Which leaveth her eggs in the earth, and warmeth them in dust, and forgetteth that the foot may crush them, or that the wild beast may break them. She is hardened against her young ones, as though they were not hers: her labour is in vain without fear: because God hath deprived her of wisdom, neither hath he imparted to her understanding. What time she lifteth up herself on high, she scorneth the horse and his rider. Hast thou given the horse strength? hast thou clothed his neck with thunder? Canst thou make him afraid as a grasshopper? the glory of his nostrils is terrible. He paweth in the valley, and rejoiceth in 92

his strength; he goeth on to meet the The armed men. He mocketh at fear, and is war not affrighted; neither turneth he back from the sword. The quiver rattleth against him, the glittering spear and the shield. He swalloweth the ground with fierceness and rage; neither believeth he that it is the sound of the trumpet. He saith among the trumpets, Ha, ha; and he smelleth the battle afar off, the thunder of the captains, and the shouting.

Doth the hawk fly by thy wisdom, and stretch her wings toward the south? Doth the eagle mount up at thy command, and make her nest on high? She dwelleth and abideth on the rock, upon the crag of the rock, and the strong place. From thence she seeketh the prey, and her eyes behold afar off. Her young ones also suck up blood; and where the

slain are, there is she.

CHAPTER XL.: Job humbleth himself to God. God shews his righteousness, power, and wisdom. Of the behemoth.



OREOVER the Lord "Behold, answered Job, and I am said, Shall he that contendeth with the Almighty instruct him? he that reproveth God, let him answer it.

Then Job answered the Lord, and said, Behold, I am vile:

what shall I answer thee? I will lay

Of the mine hand upon my mouth. Once have behemoth. I spoken; but I will not answer: yea, twice; but I will proceed no further.

Then answered the Lord unto Job out of the whirlwind, and said, Gird up thy loins now like a man: I will demand of thee, and declare thou unto me. Wilt thou also disannul my judgment? wilt thou condemn me, that thou mayest be righteous? Hast thou an arm like God? or canst thou thunder with a voice like him? Deck thyself now with majesty and excellency; and array thyself with glory and beauty. Cast abroad the rage of thy wrath: and behold every one that is proud, and abase him. Look on every one that is proud, and bring him low; and tread down the wicked in their place. Hide them in the dust together; and bind their faces in secret. Then will I also confess unto thee that thine own right hand can save thee.

Behold now behemoth, which I made with thee; he eateth grass as an ox. Lo now, his strength is in his loins, and his force is in the navel of his belly. He moveth his tail like a cedar: the sinews of his stones are wrapped together. His bones are as strong pieces of brass; his bones are like bars of iron. He is the chief of the ways of God: he that made him can make his sword to approach unto him. Surely the mountains bring him forth food, where all the beasts of the field play. He lieth under the shady trees, in the covert of the reed, and fens.

The shady trees cover him with their shadow; the willows of the brook compass him about. Behold, he drinketh up a river, and hasteth not: he trusteth that he can draw up Jordan into his mouth. He taketh it with his eyes: his nose pierceth through snares.

CHAPTER XLI.: Of God's great power in the leviathan.



ANST thou draw out "Whatleviathan with hook? or his tongue under the a cord which heaven is with thou lettest down? mine." Canst thou put an hook into his nose? or bore his jaw through with a thorn? he make many suppli=

cations unto thee? will he speak soft words unto thee? Will he make a covenant with thee? wilt thou take him for a servant for ever? Wilt thou play with him as with a bird? or wilt thou bind him for thy maidens? Shall the companions make a banquet of him? shall they part him among the merchants? Canst thou fill his skin with barbed irons? or his head with fish spears? Lay thine hand upon him, remember the battle, do no more. Behold, the hope of him is in vain; shall not one be cast down even at the sight of him? None is so fierce that dare stir him up; who then is able to stand before me? Who 95

God's hath prevented me, that I should repay great him? whatsoever is under the whole power. heaven is mine. I will not conceal his parts, nor his power, nor his comely proportion. Who can discover the face of his garment? or who can come to him with his double bridle? Who can open the doors of his face? his teeth are terrible round about. His scales are his pride, shut up together as with a close seal. One is so near to another, that no air can come between them. They are joined one to another, they stick together, that they cannot be sundered. By his neesings a light doth shine, and his eyes are like the eyelids of the morning. Out of his mouth go burning lamps, and sparks of fire leap Out of his nostrils goeth smoke, as out of a seething pot or caldron. His breath kindleth coals, and a flame goeth out of his mouth. In his neck remaineth strength, and sorrow is turned into joy before him. The flakes of his flesh are joined together; they are firm in themselves: they cannot be moved. His heart is as firm as a stone: yea, as hard as a piece of the nether millstone. When he raiseth up himself, the mighty are afraid: by reason of breakings they purify themselves. The sword of him that layeth at him cannot hold: the spear, the dart, nor the habergeon. He esteemeth iron as straw, and brass as rotten wood. The arrow cannot make him flee: slingstones are turned with

him into stubble. Darts are counted as stubble; he laugheth at the shaking of a spear. Sharp stones are under him; he spreadeth sharp pointed things upon the mire. He maketh the deep to boil like a pot; he maketh the sea like a pot of ointment. He maketh a path to shine after him; one would think the deep to be hoary. Upon earth there is not his like, who is made without fear. He beholdeth all high things; he is a king over all the children of pride.

CHAPTER XLII.: Job submitteth himself unto God. God, preferring Job's cause, maketh his friends submitthemselves, and accepteth him. He magnifieth and blesseth Job. Job's age and death.



HEN Job answered "Now the Lord, and said, I mine eye know that thou canst seeth that that no thought can be withholden from thee. Who is he that hideth counsel without knowledge? therefore have I uttered

that I understood not; things too wonderful for me, which I knew not. Hear, I beseech thee, and I will speak: I will demand of thee, and declare thou unto me. I have heard of thee by the hearing of the ear: but now mine eye seeth thee. Wherefore I

God abhor myself, and repent in dust and

accepteth ashes.

And it was so, that after the Lord had spoken these words unto Job, the Lord said to Eliphaz the Temanite, My wrath is kindled against thee, and against thy two friends: for ye have not spoken of me the thing that is right, as my servant Job hath. Therefore take unto you now seven bullocks and seven rams, and go to my servant Job, and offer up for yourselves a burnt offering; and my servant Job shall pray for you; for him will I accept; lest I deal with you after your folly, in that ye have not spoken of me the thing which is right, like my servant Job.

So Eliphaz the Temanite and Bildad the Shuhite and Zophar the Naamathite went, and did according as the Lord commanded them: the Lord also accepted Job. And the Lord turned the captivity of Job, when he prayed for his friends: also the Lord gave Job twice as

much as he had before.

Then came there unto him all his brethren, and all his sisters, and all they that had been of his acquaintance before, and did eat bread with him in his house: and they bemoaned him, and comforted him over all the evil that the Lord had brought upon him: every man also gave him a piece of money, and every one an earring of gold.

So the Lord blessed the latter end of Job more than his beginning: for he had

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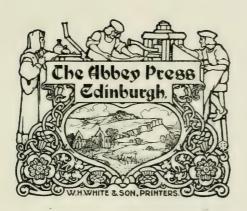
fourteen thousand sheep, and six thousand sand camels, and a thousand yoke of and oxen, and a thousand she asses. He had also seven sons and three daughters. And he called the name of the first, Jesmima; and then ame of the second, Kezia; and the name of the third, Kerenshappuch. And in all the land were no wosmen found so fair as the daughters of Job; and their father gave them inheristance among their brethren.

After this lived Job an hundred and forty years, and saw his sons, and his

sons' sons, even four generations.

So Job died, being old and full of days.

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