

THE
BOSTON HANDEL AND HAYDN SOCIETY
COLLECTION OF CHURCH MUSIC.

A SELECTION OF THE MOST APPROVED

PSALM AND HYMN TUNES, ANTHEMS, SENTENCES, CHANTS, &c.

TOGETHER WITH MANY PRACTICAL EXTRACTS FROM THE WORKS OF

HAYDN, MOZART, FERD. HOFMANN, AND OTHER EMINENT COMPOSERS.

HARMONIZED FOR THREE AND FOUR VOICES, WITH A PART FOR THE ORGAN AND PIANO-FORTE.

LOWELL.

Second Edition, with Additions and Amplifications.

1833.

PUBLISHED BY J. H. WILKIN, AND R. B. CARTER, NO. 17, WATER STREET.

VALUABLE MUSICAL PUBLICATIONS.

THE CHOIR, OR UNION COLLECTION OF CHURCH MUSIC.

By LOWELL MASON, Editor of the Handel and Haydn Society Collection.
The "Choir" contains 350 pages, consisting of Psalms and Hymn tunes, in all the variety of metre found in the Hymn Books of the different denominations, short Anthems, Sentences, &c., appropriate to the various occasions of public worship; the use of singing schools and societies.

Audit of the Absit is entirely new, and has been drawn from the highest sources of musical taste and science in Europe, especially in Germany. Many beautiful themes have been selected and metrically arranged, expressly for this work, from the vocal works of Haydn, Mozart, Beethoven, Winter, Cherubini, Menotti, Hummel, Weber, Righini, Rossini, and other distinguished composers.

Fascinating malodies, simple, natural, and easy harmony, form a predominant trait in the work.
The "Choir," is used in Boston, at Rev. Mr. Mott's church;—Mr. Young's—Mr. Pierpont's—Dr. Sharp's—Mr. Ripley's—Mr. Show's—Mr. Blagden's—Dr. Parkman's—Pine Street—Essex Street—Park Street—Old South—Bowdoin Street—Brattle Square—and probably in others; in some exclusively in others in connection with the Handel and Haydn Society Collection, and other works. It has also been extensively introduced throughout New England, in New York, and in several of the cities and states in the South and West. Numerous notices of this work have been received from individuals and societies which have introduced it.—From the singers of the Rev. Dr. Quincy's church; those of Park Street church, Old South church, Proe Street church, and Salem Street church; from Mr. G. W. Lucas, teacher of music, Northampton; Mr. Marcus Coburn, teacher of music, and leader at Rev. Mr. Pierpont's church; Mr. George Hews, organist at Rev. Mr. Pierpont's church; G. Tiffany, leader of the Light Chœur (Methodist) church, Baltimore, and others.

Boston, Handel and Haydn Society.

At a meeting of the Boston Academy of Music, August 9, 1833, a copy of "The Choir," or Union Collection of Church Music, was highly approved by the members, and it was unanimously resolved, "That the government highly approve of said work, believing that the music has been selected and prepared with great care and judgment; that it embraces a sufficient variety of tunes well adapted to the purposes of instruction, and of public and private worship; and that it is well calculated to improve the public taste, and elevate the standard of sacred music."

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The Rudiments, or Instructions in Singing, prefaces to the work, have been prepared on the Pestalozzian—or, as it may properly be termed, "Nature's own system"—by Mr. L. Mason, being principally an abstract of the author's "Manual of Instruction," and which exhibits in a simple and clear manner the very successful mode of instruction adopted in his own schools.

THE BRIDGEWATER COLLECTION.

Twenty-sixth Edition.

The attention of singers is called to a new edition of this long-established and popular work. It contains an additional number of metrical tunes; but the alterations in this part of the work are not such as to unfit it for use with former editions. The selection of Anthems and Pictures has been very considerably changed, and will be found to embrace much that is new, or such as has not before appeared in this work, of the highest character.

THE BOSTON ACADEMY'S COLLECTION OF ANTHEMS,

in the Elements of Vocal Music, on the System of Pestalozzi.

By LOWELL MASON.

Extract from the Preface.

"The method of teaching music here proposed having been applied to various classes of learners with great success under the auspices of the Academy, they feel impelled to recommend it to teachers of music, instructors of common schools, heads of families, and to all who desire to acquire and to communicate a thorough knowledge of the elements of vocal music, as a work well adapted to their purposes. The extent to which the analysis is carried, and the clear and natural manner pursued in developing the principles of the science, render the work perfectly intelligible to a child, while the performer who has gone through the book attentively, will find himself possessed of all the knowledge requisite for the correct performance of vocal music. The example for training the ear and the voice, if duly attended to, can hardly fail to bring those organs to a good state of improvement. We cannot but hope that this Manual will prepare the way for, and be the nucleus of introducing, a greatly-improved method of teaching vocal music; and that this study, so deeply interesting, especially when its connection with the public and social worship of God is considered, will receive a far more general and thorough attention from all classes of the community, than it has received heretofore, and will, at no distant day, take rank among the branches of common school education."

THE JUVENILE LYRE; or, Hymns and Songs, Religious, Moral, and Cheerful; set to appropriate Music, for Primary and Common Schools.. By LOWELL MASON.

Geo. W. Genois, *Secretary of the Academy.*"

By LOWELL MASON;

*Encyclopedic
Book*

THE BOSTON HANDEL AND HAYDN SOCIETY COLLECTION OF CHURCH MUSIC;

BEING A SELECTION OF THE MOST APPROVED
PSALM AND HYMN TUNES, ANTHEMS, SENTENCES, CHANTS, &c.

TOGETHER WITH MANY BEAUTIFUL EXTRACTS FROM THE WORKS OF
HAYDN, MOZART, BEETHOVEN, AND OTHER EMINENT COMPOSERS.

HARMONIZED FOR THREE AND FOUR VOICES, WITH A FIGURED BASE FOR THE ORGAN AND PIANO FORTE.

"——— Assembled men to the deep Organ join
The long resounding voice, oft breaking clear,
At solemn pauses, through the swelling Base ;
And, as each mingling flame increases each,
In one united ardour rise to Heaven !?"—Thomson.

BY LOWELL MASON.

SIXTEENTH EDITION, WITH ADDITIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS.

Boston:

PUBLISHED BY J. H. WILKINS & R. B. CARTER NO. 17, WATER-STREET.
1836.

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Entered according to Act of Congress in the year 1835,

By CARTER, HENDEE, & CO.,

In the Clerk's Office of the District Court of Massachusetts.

PREFACE.

THE several later editions of this work have presented an almost uniform appearance. It was thought better to forego the advantages, as to correctness and good taste, which would have resulted from introducing various improvements, than to subject choirs and schools to the inconvenience arising from frequent alterations in the tunes. It is obvious, however, from the progressive nature of science and taste, in respect to music as well as other subjects, that this uniformity cannot be, and ought not to be perpetual. Within the last few years, much attention has been directed to the subject, and, as was to be expected, great improvement has been made, not only in the manner of performing psalm and hymn tunes, but also in their composition.

Is it to be supposed that in psalmody, science and taste have accomplished all they can accomplish? and is it desirable that all attempts at improvement should be checked? This is impracticable, if it were desirable. The same tunes, and in the same form, will not always please. New tunes will be composed, and old tunes will receive new harmonies, and other alterations will be introduced, more in accordance with the existing taste. The question, then, is, whether this book shall be enriched, by being made to conform to these improvements, or whether, by remaining stationary while the public taste is advancing, it shall be suffered to fall into neglect.

Unless, therefore, it be maintained that the present psalm and hymn tunes cannot be improved, and that no better can be substituted in their stead, or else, that bad tunes are as valuable as good ones, there may be as valid reasons, founded in public utility, for introducing alterations into books of psalmody, as for introducing alterations into text books on arithmetic or grammar.

In accordance with these views, it has been thought advisable, after deferring it several years, to make, at this time, a thorough revision of the Handel and Haydn Collection, and to present to the lovers of church music, from the new materials which have been accumulating, those pieces which are most interesting and valuable; and to make such other additions, together with such alterations in the tunes of former editions, as the improving state of psalmody and of the public taste seemed to require. In doing this, it has been found very difficult to pursue a proper medium between an excessive desire for novelty, on the one hand, and undue prejudices in favor of early associations, on the other. Utility has been the aim. No alteration, not even the most trifling, has been made, except for the purpose of rendering the book more truly valuable.

PREFACE.

The present edition of this work is believed to possess advantages over any preceding edition, in the following respects: viz.

1. NEW MUSIC. Nearly one hundred metrical tunes have been introduced, presenting a great variety in respect to style, and a large portion of entirely new tunes. These have been selected with great care, and it is believed that nearly all of them are of such a character as to promote the great design of psalmody, and are well adapted to secure its appropriate effect. It would have been easy to have given a larger portion of light music, and of imitative and fugueing pieces; but it was supposed that the good sense and improved taste of the public would be better satisfied with those tunes, which, while they have a sufficient flow of melody to interest and please, are, at the same time, sufficiently chaste and dignified for public religious worship. Several of the tunes newly introduced are in the chanting style. These will be found well adapted to psalms and hymns of a didactic or prosaic character, which require to be recited rather than to be sung.

2. HARMONY. The editor has aimed so to adapt the parts to vocal execution, as that they may be easily performed without instrumental accompaniment; while, at the same time, it is believed that the organist will find a richer and fuller harmony in this, than in any preceding edition. Combinations and progressions will occasionally be found, which could hardly be justified by rules drawn from the works of Haydn and Mozart, but which are common in the works of older writers, and especially in church music. In the course of the work there will be found several tunes, harmonized in the style of ancient psalmody, and closing on the dominant, or on the relative minor or major mode. Although these will, perhaps, appear singular, yet no good reason is known why this ancient style, which is peculiar to the church, should not be preserved. Some of them contain very rich harmony, and when properly performed, are very solemn and truly devotional.*

3. CLASSIFICATION. Such pieces as are principally designed for private use, and for those who have made considerable proficiency in music, have been separated from the common psalm and hymn tunes, and placed among the anthems and select pieces. All the tunes from page 25 to page 248 will be found, under various circumstances, appropriate to the purposes of public worship. To a considerable extent, tunes in the same key, or in keys nearly related, have been placed together. This will be found convenient where choirs are accustomed occasionally to change the tune, while going through with a hymn, for the sake of securing more appropriateness between the music, and the sentiment, in the several stanzas.

4. ANTHEMS AND OCCASIONAL PIECES. Several of the longest, and probably the least useful of these, have been omitted, and their places supplied with others which are shorter, easier, and more applicable to the various circumstances of public worship. The chief object of this work is to furnish church music for common use; and it is not, therefore, to be expected that it should contain a very great variety of anthems, choruses, and pieces suitable for musical exhibitions and concerts. A collection consisting of such pieces, the Handel and Haydn Society have presented to the public in *Choral Harmony*, to which individuals and choirs are recommended.

* See Dunbarton, p. 89.

5. INTRODUCTORY RULES. These have been written entirely anew, in the form of question and answer. Although very brief and perfectly simple, they are believed to contain every thing necessary for acquiring the art of reading music.

Whether the present edition of this work has actually been improved in the several respects just mentioned, the public will judge.

In regard to future alterations little need be said. It is not to be supposed, as before intimated, that science and taste have yet accomplished all that they are capable of accomplishing for church music, and that nothing further can be done to enrich and purify it, and render it more capable of communicating elevated enjoyment, and of expressing and exciting devout feeling. Nor can it be desired by any candid and reflecting person, that such improvements, when made, should not be given to the public in books designed for common use. The public have a claim to them; and no book which should reject them could long continue to deserve or receive public patronage. Still, those changes should be introduced in such a manner as to occasion as little embarrassment as possible. On this account it is intended, that, for some time to come, future editions of this work, should they be called for, shall receive such alterations only, as are imperiously demanded; and that they shall so nearly correspond, as to admit of their being used together, without much inconveniēnce. One tune may occasionally be exchanged for another, promising to be more pleasing and useful, and additions may be made; but in general it will probably be thought advisable to present new music to the public through the medium of supplementary publications.

No pains have been spared to correct and enlarge this edition of the Handel and Haydn Society Collection, and to adapt it to the taste and wants of the community. It contains, in addition to the most common standard tunes used in public worship, a great variety of new music, embracing tunes of all the different metres; and without any invidious comparison with other valuable works in the same department, it is deemed safe to say, that no similar publication contains such an amount and variety of church music. Previous editions of the work have been honored with much more of public favor and patronage than was anticipated. This edition is presented to the lovers of psalmody, and to all others who feel an interest in this part of public worship, with the hope and confidence that it will be found still more worthy of their approbation and support.

EXTRACTS FROM REVIEWS OF THE WORK.

"It is a collection [Handel and Haydn Society] containing most of the old approved tunes whose melody or air is dignified, solemn, reverent, chaste, and every way suited to divine worship—harmonized judiciously upon the improved and essential principles of modern musical science. This is ground enough for recommendation." "The harmony throughout is executed in the highest style of scientific accuracy and skill. But what is still more important, it has been written with a constant reference to the grand object of church music, the excitement of devotional feeling. It is emphatically religious harmony."—*Christian Spectator, published at New Haven.*

"We congratulate the friends of Church Music on the appearance of a book containing a sufficient number and variety of tunes for public and private worship, harmonized with judgment, accuracy, and elegance. Believing it to be calculated to improve the public taste in relation to psalmody, and to secure this delightful part of public worship from its languishing state, we sincerely hope it may be generally adopted, and become the standard of sacred music."—*Christian Advocate, published at Philadelphia.*

"We feel fully assured, that the Handel and Haydn Collection is calculated to elevate the standard of sacred music, and to secure the object of its institution; and we warmly recommend its introduction, as a sure means of improving this part of the public services of religion."—*Boston Telegraph.*

"After a thorough examination we are decidedly of the opinion, that clergymen and others, who are desirous of improving the present state of sacred music, can employ no means so effectual as the circulation of this admirable collection."—*Boston Recorder.*

"It is a work, containing one of the most complete collections of psalmody that ever was embodied."

"It demonstrates the advancement of the Americans in music." "Without pretending to have looked minutely into each of the tunes, contained in this volume, we can assert of the many we have examined, that they are well arranged, that the harmonies are faultless, and that the devotional character of both music and words has been attended to most strictly."—*Harmonicon, published at London.*

"The concurrent testimony of good judges, so far as we have had the opportunity of knowing, is, that the selection of melodies is singularly judicious and complete."—*Missionary Herald.*

"This collection excels in the selection and variety of the tunes, and in the perfection of the harmony." "A book so valuable must become the standard of music in our churches, since its harmony and style are fixed on the immovable basis of science and correct taste."—*New Haven Chronicle.*

INTRODUCTION TO THE ART OF SINGING.

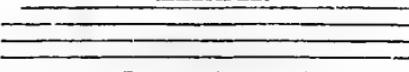
LESSON I.

OF THE STAFF.

1. What is a Staff?

A Staff is five lines with their intermediate spaces.

EXAMPLE.



2. What is the use of a Staff?

Most of the musical characters are written upon it.

3. In what order are the lines and spaces of the Staff counted? From the lowest, upward.

EXAMPLE.

Lines.	Spaces.
5	Fifth Line.
4	Fourth Line.
3	Third Line.
2	Second Line.
1	First Line.
4	Fourth Space.
3	Third Space.
2	Second Space.
1	First Space.

4. What is each line and space of the Staff called?

A degree.

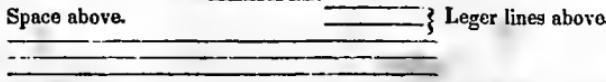
5. How many degrees does the Staff contain?

Nine; there being five lines and four spaces.

6. What are used when more than nine degrees are wanted?

The spaces below or above the Staff; also additional lines called added, or leger lines.

EXAMPLE.



LESSON II.

OF THE REPRESENTATION OF MUSICAL SOUNDS UPON THE STAFF.

1. How many primary musical sounds are there?

Seven.

2. How are they named?

After the first seven letters of the alphabet, A, B, C, D, E, F, & G.

3. How are musical sounds represented upon the Staff? By the letters after which they are named.

4. What is a Clef?

A Clef is a character used to fix or determine the situation of the letters upon the Staff.

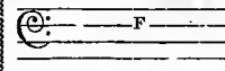
5. How many Clefs are there? Three.

6. What are they called?

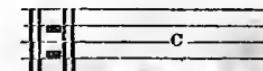
The Base, or F Clef; the Tenor, or C Clef; and the Treble, or G Clef.

EXAMPLE.

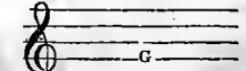
The Base, or F. Clef.



The Tenor, or C. Clef.



The Treble, or G Clef.

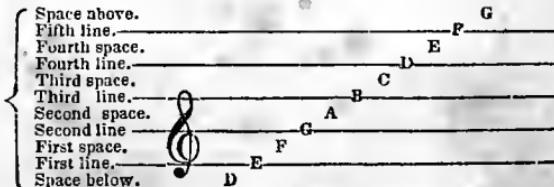


7. Which of the Clefs are most used in vocal music?

The Base and Treble; the latter being appropriated to the Tenor and Alto as well as to the Treble.

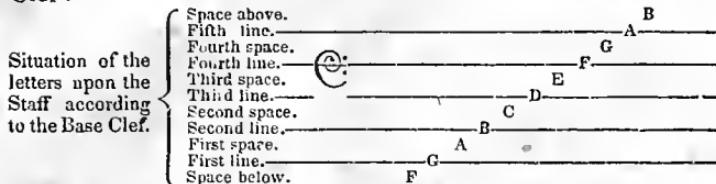
8. How are the letters placed upon the Staff according to the Treble Clef?

Situation of the letters upon the Staff, according to the Treble Clef.



INTRODUCTION TO THE ART OF SINGING.

9. How are the letters placed upon the Staff according to the Base Clef?



10. How does the use of the Treble Clef for Tenor and Alto, differ from its use for Treble?

When used for the Tenor and often when used for Alto it signifies G on an octave lower than when used for Treble.

NOTE. The following example exhibits the G Clef as variously used, the Base Clef, and the relative situation of each.

TREBLE CLEF  G F E D C B A	TREBLE CLEF, as used for Tenor and Alto.  G F E D C B A
BASE CLEF.  B A G F E D C B A G	

Middle C being the leger line below the Treble and the leger line above the Base Staff.

11. What is the use of the Tenor or C Clef?

It is used for the Tenor on the fourth line; and for the Alto on the third line of the Staff; and always represents the middle C.

NOTE. This clef is also in common use in European music for the Treble or Soprano, and when thus used it is placed upon the first line of the Staff.

LESSON III

OF NOTES AND RESTS.

1. What are notes?

Characters written upon the Staff as signs of musical sounds, showing their length and order.

2. How many kinds of notes are there?

Six.

3. What are they called?

Semibreve, Minim, Crotchet, Quaver, Semiquaver, and Demisemiquaver.

EXAMPLE.

Semibreves.	Minims.	Crotchets.	Quavers.	Semiquavers.	Demisemiquavers.

4. What is the proportionate duration or length of the notes?

One Semibreve is equal to 2 Minims, or 4 Crotchets, or 8 Quavers, or 16 Semiquavers, or 32 Demisemiquavers.

One Minim is equal to 2 Crotchets, or 4 Quavers, or 8 Semiquavers, or 16 Demisemiquavers.

One Crotchet is equal to 2 Quavers, or 4 Semiquavers, or 8 Demisemiquavers.

One Quaver is equal to 2 Semiquavers, or 4 Demisemiquavers.

One Semiquaver is equal to 2 Demisemiquavers.

5. What is the use of a dot after a note?

A dot after a note adds one half to its length.

EXAMPLE.

Dotted Minim.	Dotted Crotchet.	Dotted Quaver.

INTRODUCTION TO THE ART OF SINGING.

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6. What is the use of the figure 3, placed over or under any three notes of the same kind?

It shows that the three notes over or under which it is placed are to be performed in the time of two notes of the same kind without the figure.

7. What are such notes called?

Triplets.

EXAMPLE.*



8. What are Rests?

Rests are marks of silence.

9. How many are there?

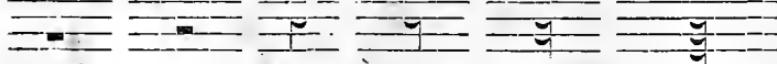
Six.

10. What are they called?

Semibreve Rest, Minim Rest, Crotchet Rest, Quaver Rest, Semiquaver Rest, and Demisemiquaver Rest.

EXAMPLE.

Semibreve rest. Minim rest. Crotchet rest. Quaver rest. Semiquaver rest. Demisemiquaver rest.



11. How long is the performer required to remain silent at a rest?

As long as he would be singing its correspondent note, or note of the same name.

12. How may the length of a Rest be augmented?

By the use of a dot, as is the case with notes.

* The figure 6 is sometimes placed over or under six notes, signifying that they are to be performed in the time of four notes of the same kind without the figure.

LESSON IV.

OF VARIOUS MUSICAL CHARACTERS.

1. What is the use of a Flat?

A Flat lowers the pitch of a sound, half a tone.

2. What is the use of a Sharp?

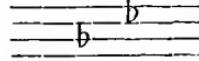
A Sharp raises the pitch of a sound half a tone.

3. What is the use of a Natural?

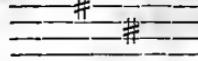
A Natural restores a note made flat or sharp to its original sound.

EXAMPLE.

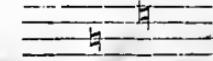
Flats.



Sharps.



Naturals.



4. What are Flats or Sharps called, when placed at the beginning of a tune or strain?

The Signature.

5. What are Flats, Sharps or Naturals called, when placed before a single note?

Accidentals.

6. How far do accidentals extend their influence?

Through the measure in which they occur.

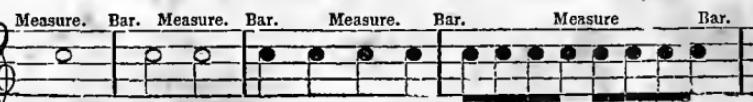
7. What is the use of a Bar?

A Bar is used to divide the notes into equal measures.

8. What is a Measure?

A Measure consists of all the notes contained between two bars.

EXAMPLE.

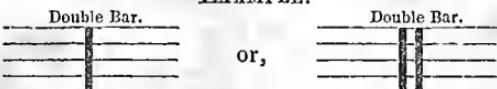


INTRODUCTION TO THE ART OF SINGING.

9. What is the use of a Double Bar?

It shows the end of a strain, or a line of the poetry

EXAMPLE.



or,

13. What is the use of Marks of Distinction, or Staccato Marks?

They are placed over or under such notes as are to be performed in a very short, distinct manner.

EXAMPLE.



Written.

Performed.

14. What is meant by singing Staccato?

Singing in a short, pointed, and articulate manner.

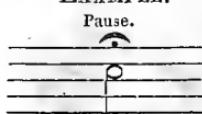
15. What is meant by singing Legato?

Singing in a smooth, close, and gliding manner.

16. What is the use of a Pause?

It shows that a note may be continued beyond its usual length.

EXAMPLE.



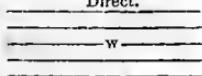
Pause.

17. What is the use of a Direct?

It is employed at the end of a staff, to show the place of the first note upon the following staff.

EXAMPLE.

Direct.



W

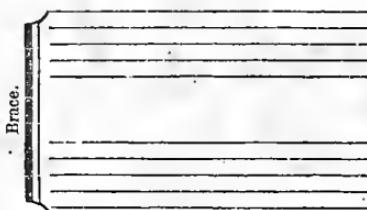
18. What is a Shake or Trill?

It consists of a quick alternate reiteration of the note above, with that over which the character is placed, and usually ends with a turn from the note below.

10. What is the use of a Brace?

It shows how many parts are to be performed together.

EXAMPLE.



Brace.

11. What is the use of a Tie or Slur?

It shows that the notes over or under which it is drawn are all to be sung to one syllable.

EXAMPLE.

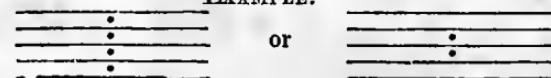


Tie or Slur.

12. What is the use of a Repeat?

It shows what part of a tune is to be sung twice.

EXAMPLE.



or

INTRODUCTION TO THE ART OF SINGING.

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EXAMPLE.

Written.

Performed.

EXAMPLE.

NOTE. The Shake is an ornament, both brilliant and elegant ; but it should have no place in Psalmody, or common Church Music

19. What is an Appoggiature?

A small note which takes its time from the note which immediately succeeds it. It always occurs on an accented part of a measure.

20. What is an After Note?

A small note which takes its time from the note which immediately precedes it. It always occurs on an unaccented part of a measure.

EXAMPLE.

Written.

Performed.

in various ways, no rule that is of infallible application can be given for their performance, which must vary according to the expression of the passage in which they occur. They are usually written in a smaller character than common notes, to show that they do not properly belong to the chord in which they appear ; by which means a visible breach of the laws of harmony is avoided.

21. What are Syncopated Notes?

Those which commence on an unaccented and are continued on an accented part of a measure.

EXAMPLE.

NOTE. Appoggiatures and After Notes are not reckoned in making up the time of a measure ; but are deducted from the time of the Notes on which they depend. This, for the most part, is done in proportion to their own nominal value, with the exception that the Appoggiature receives double its nominal value when it precedes a pointed note. As the insertion of these Notes is a matter of taste, and as the best composers use them

LESSON V. (a.)

OF SOLMIZATION.

1. What is Solmization?

It is the application of certain syllables to musical sounds.

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2. Of what use is Solmization?

It enables the young performer to utter a sound with fulness and freedom, and assists him to secure a correct intonation.

It promotes a feeling or consciousness of the precise relation of the sounds in the octave to each other, and especially to the Tonic, or Key Note. By associating the several syllables with their corresponding sounds, this relation becomes familiar, and we acquire the habit of expressing any note with ease and certainty.

3. How many syllables are used in Solmization?

Seven; there being one for each sound.

4. What are they?

Do, Re, Mi, Fa, Sol, La, Si.

Pronounced.

Doe, Rae, Mee, Fa,* Sole, La,* See.

5. Which of these syllables governs the others, and fixes their places upon the Staff? — Si.

6. By what is the place of the syllable Si known?

By the Signature.

7. What is the Signature?

The Flats or Sharps placed at the beginning of a tune or strain.

8. What is the signature said to be, when there are neither flats or sharps at the beginning of a tune or strain?

Natural.

9. If the signature be natural, on what letter is the syllable Si?

On B.

10. If the signature be one flat, ($B\flat$) on what letter is the syllable Si? — On E.

11. If the signature be two flats, (B and $E\flat$) on what letter is the syllable Si?

On A.

12. If the signature be three flats, (B , E , and $A\flat$) on what letter is the syllable Si?

On D.

* The *a* in these syllables may be sounded as in Far, or as in Fall—at the discretion of the Teacher.

13. If the signature be four flats, (B , E , A and $D\flat$) on what letter is the syllable Si?

On G.

14. If the signature be one sharp, ($F\sharp$) on what letter is the syllable Si?

On F \sharp .

15. If the signature be two sharps, (F and $C\sharp$) on what letter is the syllable Si?

On C \sharp .

16. If the signature be three sharps, (F , C and $G\sharp$) on what letter is the syllable Si?

On G \sharp .

17. If the signature be four sharps, (F , C , G and $D\sharp$) on what letter is the syllable Si?

On D \sharp .

18. Having ascertained the place of the syllable Si by the signature, by what rule are the places of the other syllables known?

They follow upon each degree of the Staff, in regular order.

19. What is the order of the syllables ascending from Si?

Do, Re, Mi, Fa, Sol, La.

20. What is the order of the syllables descending from Si?

La, Sol, Fa, Mi, Re, Do.

21. What effect have accidentals on solmization?

When accidentals are used, it often becomes necessary to change the syllables, in order to sing in exact tune.

22. How are such changes to be made?

Sometimes by a different termination of the syllables, *Fe* for *Fa*, *Se* for *Sol*, &c.; and sometimes by considering the accidentals as occasional changes of the signature.

NOTE. The use of accidentals is so various, that it is impossible to give any rule which shall be applicable to all cases. A judicious teacher will be able to direct such changes as the nature of the different passages may require, and to assign the reasons for them.

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LESSON V. (b.)

OF SOLMIZATION BY FOUR SYLLABLES.

1. What is solmization?

It is the application of certain syllables to musical sounds.

2. How many syllables are used in solmization?
Four.

3. What are they?

Fa, Sol, La, Mi.

4. Which of these syllables governs the others, and fixes their places upon the Staff?
Mi.

5. By what is the place of the syllable Mi known?

By the Signature.

6. What is the Signature?

The Flats or Sharps placed at the beginning of a tune or strain.

7. What is the Signature said to be when there are neither flats or sharps at the beginning of a tune or strain?
Natural.

8. If the Signature be natural, on what letter is the syllable Mi?

On B.

9. If the Signature be one flat, ($B\flat$) on what letter is the syllable Mi?

On E.

10. If the Signature be two flats, (B and $E\flat$) on what letter is the syllable Mi?

On A.

11. If the Signature be three flats, (B , E and $A\flat$) on what letter is the syllable Mi?

On D.

12. If the Signature be four flats, (B , E , A and $D\flat$) on what letter is the syllable Mi?

On G.

13. If the Signature be one sharp, ($F\sharp$) on what letter is the syllable Mi?

On F \sharp .

14. If the Signature be two sharps, (F and $C\sharp$) on what letter is the syllable Mi?

On C \sharp .

15. If the Signature be three sharps, (F , C and $G\sharp$) on what letter is the syllable Mi?

On G \sharp .

16. If the Signature be four sharps, (F , C , G , and $D\sharp$) on what letter is the syllable Mi?

On D \sharp .

17. Having ascertained the place of the syllable Mi by the Signature, by what rule are the places of the other syllables known?

They follow upon each degree of the staff in regular order.

18. What is the order of the syllables ascending from Mi?

Fa, Sol, La, Fa, Sol, La.

19. What is the order of the syllables descending from Mi?

La, Sol, Fa, La, Sol, Fa.

20. What effect have accidentals upon solmization?

When accidentals are used it often becomes necessary to change the syllables, in order to sing in exact tune.

21. How are such changes to be made?

Sometimes by a different termination of the syllables, as *Fe* for *Fa*, *Se* for *Sol*, &c. and sometimes by considering the accidentals as occasional changes of the Signature.

NOTE. See note at the end of Lesson V. (a.) page xii.

LESSON VI.

OF TIME.

1. What is meant by Time, in Music?

The duration, or the measure and movement of sounds.

2. How many kinds of time are there?

Three.

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3. What are they called?

Common, Triple and Compound.

NOTE. There are, strictly speaking, but two kinds of time; Common or equal, and Triple or unequal; but by a union of two or more measures of either of these a third kind may be formed, which it may be convenient to designate by another name. Compound time, however, may always be reduced to Common or Triple.

4. What is the difference between Common, Triple, and Compound Time?

Common time contains two equal notes in each measure—Triple time contains three equal notes in each measure—Compound time is formed by the union of two or more measures of Common or Triple time.

OF COMMON TIME.

5. How many signs has Common time?

Three.

6. What is the first sign of Common time?

The letter .

7. What note or notes fill a measure?

A Semibreve or its equal in other notes or rests.

8. How many motions or countings are employed in describing or measuring it?

Four.

9. On what part of the measure does the accent fall?

On the first and third.

10. What is the second sign of Common time?

The letter  with a bar drawn across it.

11. What note or notes fill a measure?

A Semibreve or its equal in other notes or rests.

12. How many motions or countings are employed in describing or measuring it?

Two or four.

13. On what part of the measure does the accent fall?

Usually on the first, but sometimes on the first and third.

14. What is the third sign of Common time?

The figures .

15. What note or notes fill a measure?

A Minim or its equal in other notes or rests.

16. How is it described or measured and accented?

In the same manner as the second sign of Common time.

OF TRIPLE TIME.

17. How many signs has Triple time?

Three.

18. What is the first sign of Triple time?

The figures .

19. What note or notes fill a measure?

A dotted Semibreve, or its equal in other notes or rests.

20. How many motions or countings are employed in describing or measuring it?

Three.

21. On what part of the measure does the accent fall?

Principally on the first, and slightly on the third.

22. What is the second sign of Triple time?

The figures .

23. What note or notes fill a measure?

A dotted Minim, or its equal in other notes or rests.

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24. How is it described or measured and accented?

In the same manner as the first sign of Triple time.

25. What is the third sign of Triple time?

The figures $\frac{3}{8}$.

26. What note or notes fill a measure?

A dotted Crotchet, or its equal in other notes or rests.

27. How is it described or measured and accented?

In the same manner as the first sign of Triple time.

OF COMPOUND TIME.

28. How many signs has Compound time?—Two.

29. What is the first sign of Compound time?

The figures $\frac{6}{4}$.

30. What notes fill a measure?

Two dotted Minims, or their equal in other notes or rests.

31. How many motions or countings are employed in describing or measuring it?—Two, or Six.

32. On what part of the measure does the accent fall?

On the first and fourth.

33. What is the second sign of Compound time?

The figures $\frac{6}{8}$.

34. What notes fill a measure?

Two dotted Crotchets, or their equal in other notes or rests.

35. How is it described or measured and accented?

In the same manner as the first sign of Compound time.

NOTE. Other signs of Compound time, as $\frac{9}{4}$, $\frac{9}{8}$, $\frac{9}{16}$, &c. may be sometimes found; but they seldom occur in modern music.

36. What note is made the general standard of reckoning time?

The Semibreve.

37. Why are figures employed as signs of time?

To express the fractional parts of a Semibreve contained in a measure: as $\frac{3}{4}$, three crotchets, or three fourths of a Semibreve; $\frac{3}{8}$, three quavers, or three eights of a Semibreve, &c.

38. What rest is used to fill a measure in all kinds of time?

A Semibreve rest.

39. How may the habit of keeping time with accuracy be acquired?

By the frequent and persevering practice of counting or beating while singing.

NOTE. On the subject of beating time, Dr. Arnold makes the following remark:—“I am by no means an advocate for the smallest motion or gesticulation, either with the hand, foot or head, when a performer once begins to perform with any degree of exactness; but at the commencement, it is absolutely necessary that the right hand should be taught to make the beats in every measure, till it becomes to the pupil what the pendulum is to the clock, which is to keep it regular and in exact motion.”

LESSON VII.

OF THE DIATONIC SCALE AND THE MAJOR AND MINOR MODES.

1. What is the Diatonic Scale?

A gradual succession of eight* fixed sounds; proceeding by unequal degrees, or intervals, called Tones and Semitones.

2. How many Tones are there in the Diatonic Scale?—Five.

3. How many Semitones?—Two.

4. What is meant by mode?

The order or arrangement of Tones and Semitones in the Diatonic Scale.

5. How many modes are there?—Two.

6. What are they called?

Major and Minor.

* The first of the seven primary sounds, being repeated to make out the eight notes, or to complete the octave.

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7. What is the peculiar effect of each mode?

The Major Mode is bold and cheerful: the Minor Mode is pathetic and mournful.

8. What is the order of intervals in the Diatonic Scale, Major Mode?

From the Third to the Fourth sounds, [Mi to Fa]—and from the seventh to the eighth sounds [Si to Do] are semitones; the rest are whole tones.

9. What is the order of Intervals in the Diatonic Scale Minor Mode, ascending?

From the Second to the Third sounds [Si to Do]—and from the Seventh to the Eighth sounds [Sol to La] are semitones, the rest are whole tones.

10. What is the order of Intervals in the Diatonic Scale, Minor Mode, descending?

From the Fifth to the Sixth sounds [Mi to Fa] and from the Second to the Third sounds [Si to Do] are semitones, the rest are whole tones.

NOTE. The arrangement of Intervals in the Diatonic Scale may be represented by the following divisions of a perpendicular line.

MAJOR MODE.		MINOR MODE.	
Ascending	Descending	Ascending	Descending
Do. ————— 8 Semitone.	La. ————— 8 Semitone.	La. ————— 8 Tone.	
Si. ————— 7 Tone.	Si. ————— 7 Tone.	Sol. ————— 7 Tone	
La. ————— 6 Tone.	Fi. ————— 6 Tone	Fa. ————— 6 Semitone.	
Sol. ————— 5 Tone.	Mi. ————— 5 Tone.	Mi. ————— 5 Tone.	
Fa. ————— 4 Semitone.	Re. ————— 4 Tone.	Re. ————— 4 Tone	
Mi. ————— 3 Tone.	Do. ————— 3 Semitone.	Do. ————— 3 Semitone.	
Re. ————— 2 Tone.	Si. ————— 2 Tone.	Si. ————— 2 Tone.	
Do. ————— 1	La. ————— 1	La. ————— 1	

11. What is the difference between the Ascending and Descending scale, Minor Mode?

In the Ascending scale, the upper Semitone occurs between the seventh and eighth sounds; but in the Descending scale it occurs between the fifth and sixth sounds.

12. What characters are used to denote this change in the Minor Mode?

Sharps or Naturals are used* as accidentals in ascending; and Naturals or Flats are used as accidentals in descending.

13. When are the Major and Minor Mode said to be relative?

When the Signature is the same—or, when they agree in Signature.

14. What is the relative Minor to any Major Key?

Its sixth above or its third below.

15. What is the relative Major to any Minor Key?

Its third above or its sixth below.

16. What interval is that which determines the Mode to be either Major or Minor.

The third.

17. What is the difference between the third in the Major mode, and the third in the Minor mode?

The Major third is one Semitone greater.

18. To what is the peculiar effect of each mode to be chiefly attributed?

To the third.

19. What is meant by the Key note?

The note with which the scale begins and ends.

20. What syllable is applied to the Key note in the Major mode?

Do. [Fa.]

21. What syllable is applied to the Key note in the Minor mode?

La.

* On the Sixth and Seventh Degrees of the Scale.

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22. When is the Diatonic scale said to be in its natural position?

When it is formed without the aid of flats or sharps—or when the signature is natural.

23. On what letter does the Natural Diatonic scale commence—Major mode?—On C.

24. On what letter does the Natural Diatonic scale commence—Minor mode?—On A.

25. What is meant by the transposition of the scale?

The scale is said to be transposed when it commences on any other

letter than C in the Major mode; or on any other letter than A in the Minor mode.

26. In the transposition of the scale how is the relative situation of the semitones preserved?—By the use of Flats or Sharps

27. Into how many keys may the scale be transposed?

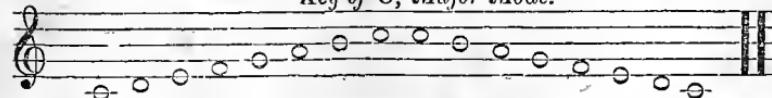
Twelve—each of which may be in the Major or Minor mode.

28. But if there are but seven primary sounds in music, how can these twelve keys be obtained?

By an artificial division of the Diatonic scale into Semitones.

EXAMPLE OF THE SCALE IN ALL THE KEYS, MAJOR AND MINOR MODE.

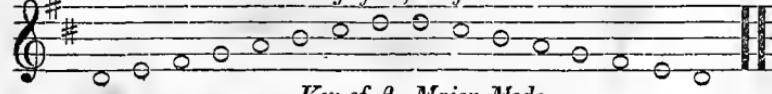
Key of C, Major Mode.



Key of G, Major Mode.



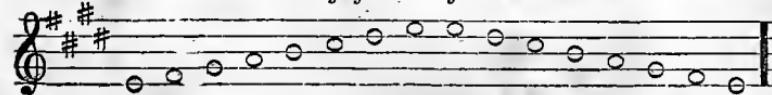
Key of D, Major Mode.



Key of A, Major Mode.



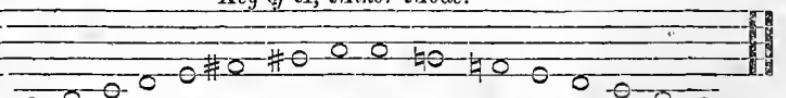
Key of E, Major Mode.



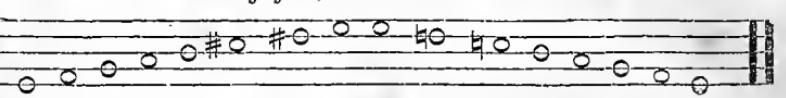
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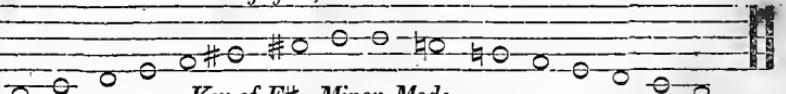
Key of A, Minor Mode.



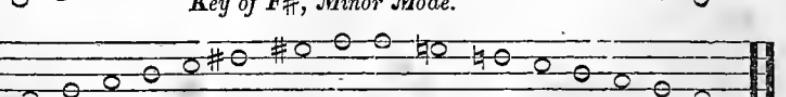
Key of E, Minor Mode.



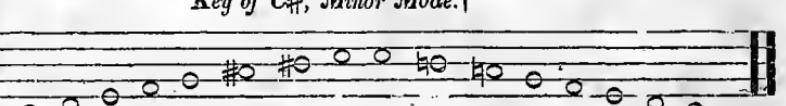
Key of B, Minor Mode.



Key of F#, Minor Mode.



Key of C#, Minor Mode.†



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Key of B, Major Mode.†

Key of G♯, Minor Mode.†



Key of F♯, Major Mode.†

Key of D♯, Minor Mode.†



Key of D♭, Major Mode.†

Key of B♭, Minor Mode.†



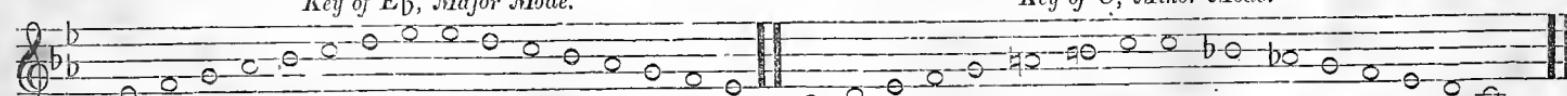
Key of A♭, Major Mode.†

Key of F, Minor Mode.



Key of E♭, Major Mode.

Key of C, Minor Mode.



Key of B♭, Major Mode.

Key of G, Minor Mode.



Key of F, Major Mode.

Key of D, Minor Mode.



† These Keys are but seldom used.

* Double Sharp.

LESSON VIII.

Of the peculiar qualities and relation of the several notes which compose the Diatonic scale, or, of the technical appellations applied to the several notes of the scale, descriptive of their peculiar character and relative situation.

1. What is the first note of the Scale, or the Key note, called?
The Tonic. [Do in the Major and La in the Minor mode.]
2. What is its peculiar character?
It determines the pitch of the scale. It is the basis or foundation upon which all the other notes rest, and from which they are reckoned.
3. What is the second note of the scale called?
The Supertonic. [Re in the Major and Si in the Minor mode.]
4. Why is it so called?
Because of its situation; being the next above the Tonic.
5. What is the third note of the scale called?
The Mediant. [Mi in the Major and Do in the Minor mode.]
6. Why is it so called?
Because it is midway between the Tonic and Dominant.
7. What is peculiar to the Mediant?
It forms in connexion with the Tonic the most important chord in harmony; and determines the nature of the mode.
8. What is the fourth note in the scale called?
The Subdominant. [Fa in the Major and Re in the Minor mode.]
9. Why is it so called?
Because it sustains the same relation to the Octave, which the Dominant sustains to the Tonic: being a fifth below the Octave, as the Dominant is a fifth above the Tonic.
10. What is the fifth note of the scale called?
The Dominant. [Sol in the Major and Mi in the Minor mode.]
11. Why is it so called?
Because of its importance in the scale, its constant occurrence, and its immediate connexion with the Tonic.

12. What is the sixth note of the scale called?
The Submediant. [La in the Major and Fa in the Minor mode.]
13. Why is it so called?
Because it is midway between the Subdominant and the Octave; or because it sustains the same relation to the Octave which the Mediant sustains to the Tonic.
14. What is the seventh note of the scale called?
The subtonic, or leading note. [Si in the Major and Sol in the Minor mode.]
15. Why is it so called?
Because it is only a Semitone below the Octave, and upon hearing it the ear naturally anticipates the Octave.
16. What is the eighth note of the scale called?
When considered in relation to the first it is called the Octave
17. What is the difference between the Tonic and the Octave?
The difference consists only in the pitch; the Octave is essentially the same, being but a repetition of the Tonic, eight notes higher.
18. How may the Tonic or Key Note be known?
If the Signature be natural, C is the Tonic in the Major, and A in the Minor mode. If the Signature be formed by Sharps, the Tonic in the Major mode is always the first degree *above* the last Sharp of the Signature, and the Tonic in the Minor mode is always the first degree *below* the last sharp of the Signature. If the Signature be formed by Flats, the Tonic in the Major mode is always the third degree *below* the last flat of the signature, and the Tonic in the Minor mode is always the second degree *above* the last flat of the signature.
19. How may the Minor Tonic be known from its relative Major?
By the leading note, which in the Minor mode is always formed by an accidental.

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LESSON IX

OF INTERVALS AND THEIR INVERSION.

1. What is meant by an Interval?

The distance from one sound to another.

2. What is the smallest practicable interval?

A Semitone.

3. How many intervals are found in the Diatonic Scale?

Fourteen.

4. What are they called?

Unison.

Minor Second.

Major Second.

Minor Third.

Major Third.

Perfect Fourth.

Sharp Fourth.

Flat Fifth.

Perfect Fifth.

Minor Sixth.

Major Sixth.

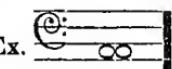
Minor Seventh.

Major Seventh.

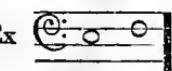
Octave.

EXAMPLE.

UNISON. This cannot properly be called an Interval, although in composition it is considered and treated as such; as C, C.



MINOR SECOND; as from E to F, consisting of one semitone.



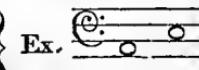
MAJOR SECOND; as from C to D, consisting of one tone.



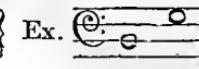
MINOR THIRD; (called also the *flat third* or *lesser third*;) as from E to G, consisting of one tone and one semitone.



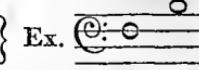
MAJOR THIRD; (called also *sharp third* or *greater third*;) as from C to E, consisting of two tones.



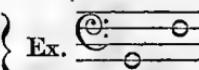
PERFECT FOURTH; as from D to G, consisting of two tones and one semitone.



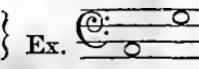
SHARP FOURTH; (called also *Tritonus*;) as from F to B, consisting of three tones.



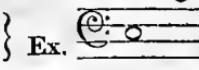
FLAT FIFTH; (called also *imperfect* or *false fifth*;) as from B to F, consisting of two tones and two semitones.



PERFECT FIFTH; as from C to G, consisting of three tones and one semitone.



MINOR SIXTH; as from E to C, consisting of three tones and two semitones.



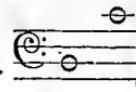
MAJOR SIXTH; as from C to A, consisting of four tones and one semitone.



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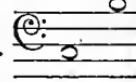
MINOR SEVENTH; (called also *flat seventh*;) as from D to C, consisting of four tones and two semitones.



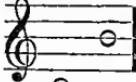
a Sixth becomes a Third,



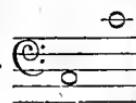
MAJOR SEVENTH; (called also *sharp seventh*;) as from C to B, consisting of five tones and one semitone.



a Seventh becomes a Second,



OCTAVE; as from C to C, consisting of five tones and two semitones.



6. Which of the Diatonic intervals are called Consonant?
The Octave, Fifth, Perfect Fourth, Thirds and Sixths.

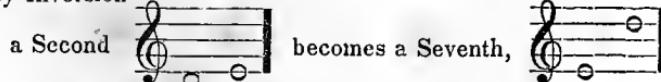
7. Which of the Diatonic intervals are called Dissonant?
The Seconds, Sevenths, and Sharp Fourth.

5. What is meant by the Inversion of Intervals?

When the lowest note of an Interval is placed an Octave higher, or when the highest note of an Interval is placed an Octave lower, such change is called Inversion.

EXAMPLE.

By Inversion



LESSON X.

OF THE CHROMATIC SCALE, &c.

1. What is the Chromatic Scale?

A scale proceeding by Semitones only.

2. How is the Chromatic Scale formed?

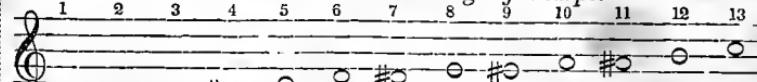
By a Division of the Diatonic Scale into semitones; ascending by Sharps, and descending by Flats.

3. What syllable is used in singing this scale?

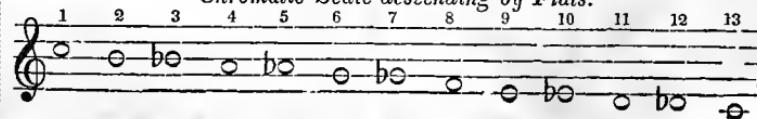
Ah.

EXAMPLE.

Chromatic Scale ascending by Sharps.



Chromatic Scale descending by Flats.



a Second becomes a Seventh,

a Third becomes a Sixth,

a Fourth becomes a Fifth,

a Fifth becomes a Fourth,

INTRODUCTION TO THE ART OF SINGING.

4. How many distinct sounds are there in the Chromatic Scale?

Twelve.

5. How may the Diatonic Scale be formed upon each of these as a Tonic or Key Note?

By the use of Sharps or Flats. (See Lesson vii. Ques. 23, and Ex. page xvii.)

OF CHROMATIC INTERVALS.

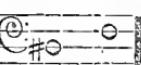
6. What are Chromatic Intervals?

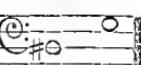
Such Intervals as are derived from the Chromatic Scale.

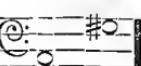
7. What are they?

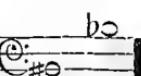
Extreme Sharp, or Superfluous, Unison; as } Ex. 
from C to C♯.

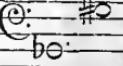
Extreme Sharp, or Superfluous, Second; as } Ex. 
from C to D♯.

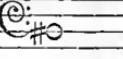
Extreme Flat, or Diminished, Third; as from } Ex. 
D♯ to F.

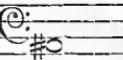
Extreme Flat, or Diminished, Fourth; as } Ex. 
from D♯ to G.

Extreme Sharp, or Superfluous, Fifth; as } Ex. 
from C to G♯.

Extreme Flat, or Diminished, Sixth; as from } Ex. 
D♯ to B♭.

Extreme Sharp, or Superfluous, Sixth; as from } Ex. 
B♭ to G♯.

Extreme Flat, or Diminished, Seventh; as from } Ex. 
D♯ to C.

Extreme Flat, or Diminished, Octave; as from } Ex. 
C♯ to C.

NOTE. The Scale is also subdivided into smaller intervals called *Dieses*, or *Quarter Tones*, as from C♯ to D♭; or from G♯ to A♭, &c. and thus divided, it is called the ENHARMONIC SCALE. These distinctions, however, although theoretically important, are of little practical utility; since upon keyed instruments, as the Organ, or Piano Forte, the extreme sharp second, is the same as the Minor Third; the extreme flat third is the same as the Major Second, &c. and the same key is used for C♯ and D♭—G♯ and A♭, &c.

It is believed that, with the assistance of a judicious instructor, the foregoing principles will be sufficient for all the purposes of vocal performance. To such as wish to become acquainted with the Theory of Music, Calcott's Musical Grammar, Kollman's Essay on Musical Harmony, and Burrow's Thorough Base Primer, are recommended as the best works which have been published in this country.

EXPLANATION OF MUSICAL TERMS

A, signifies in, for, at, with, &c,

Adagio (or *Ado.*) signifies the slowest time.

Ad libitum, at pleasure.

Affettuoso, in a style of execution adapted to express affection, tenderness, supplication and deep emotion.

Allegro, a brisk and sprightly movement

Allegretto, less quick than Allegro.

Alto, Counter, or high Tenor.

Amoroso, in a soft and delicate style

Andante, with distinctness. As a mark of time, it implies a medium between the Adagio and Allegro movements.

Andantino, quicker than Andante.

Anthem, a passage or passages of scripture set to music.

A tempo, in time.

Assai, generally used with some other word to denote an increase or diminution of the time of the movement; as *Adagio Assai*, more slow; *Allegro Assai*, more quick.

Base, the lowest part in harmony.

Bis, this term denotes a repetition of a passage in music.

Brillante, signifies that the movement is to be performed in a gay, showy and sparkling style.

Cantabile, elegant, graceful, melodious

Canto, song; or, in choral compositions, the leading melody.

Canto fermo, plain song.

Chorus, a composition or passage designed for a full choir.

Chromatic, a term given to accidental semitones.

Con, with

Con furia, with boldness.

Crescendo, *Cres.* or , with an increasing sound

Con spirito, with spirit.

Da Capo, or *D. C.*, close with the first strain.

Del segno, from the sign.

Diminuendo, *Dim.* or , with a decreasing sound.

Dirge, a piece composed for funeral occasions.

Divoto, in a solemn and devout manner.

Duetto, or *Duet*, music consisting of two parts.

Dolce, sweetness, softness, gentleness, &c.

E, and.

Expression, that quality of composition, from which we receive a kind of sentimental appeal to our feelings.

Expressivo, with expression.

Forte, strong and full.

Fortissimo, very loud.

Fugue, or *Fuge*, a piece in which one or more of the parts lead, and the rest follow in different intervals of time, and in the same or similar melody.

Forzando, [or *fz.*] the notes over which it is placed are to be boldly struck with strong emphasis.

Giusto, in an equal, steady, and just time.

Grave, *Gravemente*, deep emotion.

Grazioso, graceful; a smooth and gentle style of execution approaching to piano.

Harmony, an agreeable combination of musical sounds, or different melodies, performed at the same time.

Interlude, an instrumental passage introduced between two vocal passages.

Interval the distance between any two sounds.

Largo, somewhat quicker than *Grave*.

Larghetto, not so slow as *Largo*.

Legato, signifies that the notes of the passage are to be performed in a close, smooth and gliding manner.

Lento, *Lentamente*, slow.

Ma, not.

Ma non troppo, not too much, not in excess.

Melody, an agreeable succession of sounds.

Men, less.

Mezza voce, with a medium fulness of tone.

Mezza, half, middle, mean.

Moderato between Andante and Allegro.

Motto, much.

Non, not.—*Non troppo presto*, not too quick.

Oratorio, a species of Musical Drama, consisting of airs, recitations, duets, trios, choruses, &c.

Overture, in dramatic music is an instrumental composition, which serves as an introduction.

Orchestra, the place or band of musical performances.

Pastorale, a composition generally written in measure of 6-4 or 6-8, the style of which is soothing, tender and delicate.

Piano, or *Pia*, soft.

Pianissimo, *Pianiss.*, or *PP*, very soft

Poco, little, somewhat.

Pomposo, grand, dignified.

Presto, quick.

Prestissimo, very quick.

Quartetto, a composition consisting of parts, each of which occasionally takes the leading melody.

Quintetto, music composed in five parts, each of which occasionally takes the leading melody.

Recitative, a sort of style resembling speaking.

Ripicino, full.

Sempre, throughout; as *sempre piano*, soft throughout.

Soprano, the Treble or higher voice part.

Sostenuto, sustaining the sounds to the utmost of their nominal length.

Stacatto, the opposite to Legato; requiring a short, articulate, and distinct style of performance.

Senza, without; *Senza Organo*, without the Organ.

Siciliano, a composition written in measure of 6-4, or 6-8, to be performed in a slow and graceful manner.

Soave, agreeable, pleasing.

Spiritoso, with spirit.

Solo, a composition designed for a single voice or instrument. Vocal solos, duets, &c. in modern music, are usually accompanied with instruments.

Subito, quick.

Symphony, a passage to be executed by instruments, while the vocal performers are silent.

Tutti, be silent.

Turdo, slowly.

Tempo, time.

Tasto Solo, denotes that the movement should be performed with no other chords than unisons and octaves.

Trio, a composition for three voices.

Tutti, all, all together.

Veloce, quick.

Vigoroso, with energy.

Verso, one voice to a part.

Vivace, in a brisk and lively manner.

Volti, turn over.

LESSONS FOR THE EXERCISE OF THE VOICE.*

Beat or Count 4 in a measure.

Ascending Scale—Major Mode—Descending Scale—Minor Mode.

A musical staff in common time (indicated by a 'C') and G major (indicated by a treble clef). It consists of two measures of an ascending scale (G-A-B-C-D-E-F#-G) followed by two measures of a descending scale (G-F#-E-D-C-B-A-G).

No. 1. Beat or Count 2 or 4 in a measure.

A musical staff in common time (indicated by a 'C') and G major (indicated by a treble clef). It consists of two measures of an ascending scale (G-A-B-C-D-E-F#-G) followed by two measures of a descending scale (G-F#-E-D-C-B-A-G).

No. 2.

A musical staff in common time (indicated by a 'C') and G major (indicated by a treble clef). It consists of two measures of an ascending scale (G-A-B-C-D-E-F#-G) followed by two measures of a descending scale (G-F#-E-D-C-B-A-G).

No. 3.

EXERCISES FOR BEATING TIME.

No. 1. Beat 4 in a measure.

A musical staff in common time (indicated by a 'C') and G major (indicated by a treble clef). It consists of four measures of exercises for beating time, starting with quarter notes (G, A, B, C, D, E, F#, G) and transitioning to eighth notes (G, A, B, C, D, E, F#, G).

No. 2.

A musical staff in common time (indicated by a 'C') and G major (indicated by a treble clef). It consists of four measures of exercises for beating time, starting with quarter notes (G, A, B, C, D, E, F#, G) and transitioning to eighth notes (G, A, B, C, D, E, F#, G).

No. 3.

A musical staff in common time (indicated by a 'C') and G major (indicated by a treble clef). It consists of four measures of exercises for beating time, starting with quarter notes (G, A, B, C, D, E, F#, G) and transitioning to eighth notes (G, A, B, C, D, E, F#, G).

No. 4.

A musical staff in common time (indicated by a 'C') and G major (indicated by a treble clef). It consists of four measures of exercises for beating time, starting with quarter notes (G, A, B, C, D, E, F#, G) and transitioning to eighth notes (G, A, B, C, D, E, F#, G).

No. 5.

A musical staff in common time (indicated by a 'C') and G major (indicated by a treble clef). It consists of four measures of exercises for beating time, starting with quarter notes (G, A, B, C, D, E, F#, G) and transitioning to eighth notes (G, A, B, C, D, E, F#, G).

No. 6.

A musical staff in common time (indicated by a 'C') and G major (indicated by a treble clef). It consists of four measures of exercises for beating time, starting with quarter notes (G, A, B, C, D, E, F#, G) and transitioning to eighth notes (G, A, B, C, D, E, F#, G).

&c.

A musical staff in common time (indicated by a 'C') and G major (indicated by a treble clef). It consists of four measures of exercises for beating time, starting with quarter notes (G, A, B, C, D, E, F#, G) and transitioning to eighth notes (G, A, B, C, D, E, F#, G).

&c.

A musical staff in common time (indicated by a 'C') and G major (indicated by a treble clef). It consists of four measures of exercises for beating time, starting with quarter notes (G, A, B, C, D, E, F#, G) and transitioning to eighth notes (G, A, B, C, D, E, F#, G).

&c.

A musical staff in common time (indicated by a 'C') and G major (indicated by a treble clef). It consists of four measures of exercises for beating time, starting with quarter notes (G, A, B, C, D, E, F#, G) and transitioning to eighth notes (G, A, B, C, D, E, F#, G).

&c.

A musical staff in common time (indicated by a 'C') and G major (indicated by a treble clef). It consists of four measures of exercises for beating time, starting with quarter notes (G, A, B, C, D, E, F#, G) and transitioning to eighth notes (G, A, B, C, D, E, F#, G).

&c.

A musical staff in common time (indicated by a 'C') and G major (indicated by a treble clef). It consists of four measures of exercises for beating time, starting with quarter notes (G, A, B, C, D, E, F#, G) and transitioning to eighth notes (G, A, B, C, D, E, F#, G).

&c.

* These and similar lessons, varied at the discretion of the teacher, should form a part of every day's practice.

THE

BOSTON HANDEL AND HAYDN SOCIETY

COLLECTION OF CHURCH MUSIC.

Maelzel's Metronome.

♩ = 80

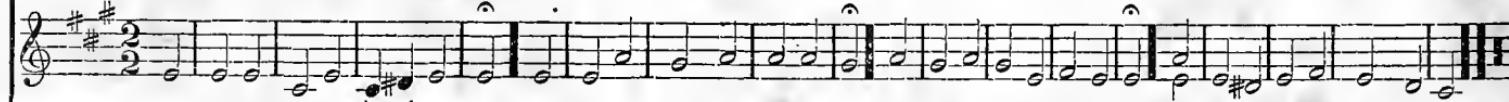
OLD HUNDRED. L. M.

MARTIN LUTHER.

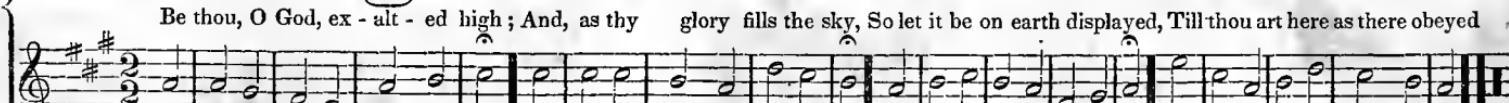
TENOR.



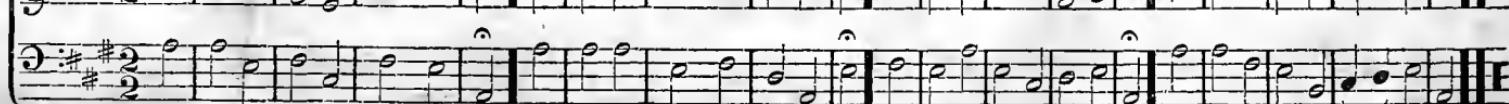
SECOND
TREBLE,
OR ALTO.



TREBLE.



BASE.



Be thou, O God, ex - alt - ed high ; And, as thy glory fills the sky, So let it be on earth displayed, Till thou art here as there obeyed

[H. & H.]

C

4

87

6

#6

6

- 7

WILTSHIRE. L. M. [MINOR MODE.]

*Tenor, or Second Treble—Ad Lib.**Tenor.*

1. O God of grace and righteousness, Hear thou my voice, when I complain ; Thou hast en - larged me in dis - tress, Bow down thy gracious ear agaio.

2. What though the thoughtless may say, 'Who will bestow some earthly good?' We, for thy light and love will pray ; Our souls desire this heavenly food.

6 # 6 4 87 # 6 3 6 # 6 3 6 4 87

WILTSHIRE. L. M. [MAJOR MODE.]

*Tenor, or Second Treble—Ad Lib.**Tenor.*

3. Then shall our cheerful hearts rejoice, At grace divine and love so great ; Nor will we change our hap - py lot, For all their wealth and robes of state.

6 6 6 4 7 6 # 6 3 6 6 7 6 6 6 4 7

The third line in the above tune, may be sung either in Chorus, or as a Duet by Trebles or Tenors.

Sal - vation is for - ev - er nigh The souls, that fear and love the Lord; And grace, de - scend - ing

F.

from on high, Fresh hopes of glo - ry shall af - ford. Fresh hopes of glo - ry shall af - ford.

Tasto.

6 7 6 #6 3 3 3 6 4 7 6 7

F.

6 7 6 #6 3 3 3 6 4 7 6 7

High in the heavens, eternal God, Thy goodness in full glo - ry shines ; Thy truth shall break through every cloud, That veils thy just and wise designs.

6 87 #6 6 6 6 56
4 3 4 3 6 87 6 6 87

♩ 100.

SABAOTH. L. M.

R. TAYLOR.

O all ye people ! clap your hands, And with trium - phant voi - ces sing ; No force the mighty power withstands Of God, the universal King.

54 57 833 4 545 7 587 4 5 43 6 4 563 6 6 45 6 4 6 6 6 87

Oh could I soar to worlds above, The blest abode of peace and love; How gladly would I mount and fly, On angels' wings to worlds on high.

Harmonic analysis (bottom staff):
 Measures 1-2: 6
 Measure 3: 6 (bass), 7 (treble)
 Measures 4-5: 6 6 6 4
 Measure 6: 7 4
 Measures 7-8: 6 6 6 3
 Measure 9: 3
 Measures 10-11: 6 5
 Measure 12: 6

Who shall ascend thy heavenly place, Great God, and dwell before thy face? The man who loves religion now, And humbly walks with God below.

Harmonic analysis (bottom staff):
 Measures 1-2: 6 4
 Measures 3-4: 6 6
 Measures 5-6: 6 6
 Measures 7-8: 6 6
 Measures 9-10: 6 6
 Measures 11-12: 3 4 3

30 ♩ 120.

St. PETER's. L. M.

HARWOOD.

Musical score for St. Peter's Hymn, 120 BPM. The score consists of four staves of music in common time (indicated by '3') and major key (indicated by a sharp sign). The vocal parts are in soprano, alto, tenor, and bass. The bass staff includes numerical basso continuo markings below the notes: 87, 6, 76, 7, 6#4, 8, 64, 7, 6, 34, 6, 56, 43, 6, 7, 6, 5, 4, 7. The lyrics are: "To God the great, the ever blest, Let songs of honour be address; His mercy firm forever stands, Give him the thanks his love demands."

♩ 138.

SANDWICH. L. M.

Musical score for Sandwich Hymn, 138 BPM. The score consists of four staves of music in common time (indicated by '3') and major key (indicated by a sharp sign). The vocal parts are in soprano, alto, tenor, and bass. The bass staff includes numerical basso continuo markings below the notes: 6, 6, 4, 7, 6, 64, 7, 6, 43, 6, 8, 6, 64, 7, 6, 5, 4, 7. The lyrics are: "Salvation is for ever nigh, The souls that fear and trust the Lord; And grace, descending from above, Fresh hopes of glory shall afford."

80.

BOWEN. L. M.

HAYDN.

31

Adagio. Sostenuto.

Up to the fields where angels lie, And living waters gently roll, Fain would my thoughts ascend on high, But sin hangs heavy on my soul.

100.

WINCHESTER. L. M.

DR. CROFT.

My God, accept my early vows, Like morning incense in thy house; And let my nightly worship rise, Sweet as the evening sacrifice.

Musical score for the first section of "ISLINGTON". The score consists of four staves of music. The first three staves are in common time (indicated by a 'C') and the fourth staff is in 3/4 time. The vocal line is in soprano clef, and the piano accompaniment is in bass clef. The lyrics are as follows:

This life's a dream, an emp - ty show, But the bright world to which I go,

Musical score for the second section of "ISLINGTON". The score consists of four staves of music. The first three staves are in common time (indicated by a 'C') and the fourth staff is in 3/4 time. The vocal line is in soprano clef, and the piano accompaniment is in bass clef. The lyrics are as follows:

Hath joys sub - stan - tial and sin - cere, When shall I wake, When shall I wake, and find me there.

Accompaniment dynamics are indicated by 'P.' (piano) and 'F.' (forte).

O come, loud anthems let us sing, Loud thanks to our almighty King; For we our voices high should raise, When our salvation's rock we praise.

O come, loud anthems let us sing, Loud thanks to our almighty King! For we our voices high should raise, When our salvation's rock we praise.

34. ♫ 104.

BATH. L. M.

Life is the time to serve the Lord, The time t'insure the great reward; And while the lamp holds out to burn, The vilest sinner may return.

♩ 96.

Dolce.

SEASONS. L. M.

PLEYEL.

Thy goodness, Lord, doth crown the year: Thy paths drop fatness all around; While barren wilds thy praise declare, And vocal hills repeat the sound.

My soul, inspired with sacred love, God's holy name for - ev - er bless ; Of all his favors mindful prove, And still thy grateful hand confess.

43 6 4 3 6 #6 3 6 6 4 87 Tasto. 6 7 6 3 6 6 4 87

Bless, O my soul, the living God, Call home my thoughts that rove abroad ; Let all the powers within me joie, In work and worship so di - vine.

6 5 6 6 87 7 6 7 6 6 6 6 56 6 87

A musical score for four voices (SATB) in common time. The top two staves are soprano and alto parts, both in treble clef. The bottom two staves are tenor and bass parts, both in bass clef. The music consists of eight measures of eighth-note patterns. The lyrics are as follows:
Now shall the trembling mourner come, And bind his sheaves, and bear them home ; The voice, long broke with sighs, shall sing, Till heaven with hallelujahs ring.
The score includes measure numbers 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, and 13.

96.

DANVERS. L. M.

L. MASON

Awake, my tongue, thy tribute bring, To Him, who gave thee power to sing; Praise Him, who is all praise above, The source of wisdom and of love.

7 87 65 6 # 6 87 65 6 6 - 43 4 6 6 7

P 100.

BREWER. L. M.

37

O God, how endless is thy love, Thy gifts are every evening new; And morning mercies from above, Gent - ly dis - til like early dew.

6 6 3 6 6 4 2 6 4 7 6 3 6 4 3 6 6 2 6 6 4 7

P 100.

STONEFIELD. L. M.

STANLEY.

God of the seas, thine awful voice, Bids all the rolling waves rejoice; And one soft word of thy command, Can sink them silent on the sand.

7 6 6 3 6 6 4 2 6 6 4 7 6 3 6 6 4 7

Buried in shadows of the night, We lie till God restores the light; Wisdom descends to heal the blind, And chase the darkness of the mind.

100.
Maestoso.

Through every age, e - ternal God, Thou art our rest, our safe abode; High was thy throne, e'er heaven was made, Or earth, thy hum - ble footstool laid.

• 80 to 100.

MONMOUTH. L. M.

LUTHER.

39

Three staves of music in common time, key of G major. The first two staves are soprano voices, and the third is a basso continuo staff with bassoon and harpsichord parts. The bassoon part is indicated by a bass clef and a 'B' above it. The harpsichord part is indicated by a treble clef and a 'H' below it. The bassoon part has a continuous bass line, while the harpsichord part provides harmonic support with chords. Measure numbers 5, 6, 6, 4, 3, 3, 6, 6, 4, 3, 6, 6, 4, 3 are written below the bassoon staff. The lyrics describe a judgment scene where God comes in judgment, shaking the earth and cleaving tombs, with fire devouring the mountains and seas retreating.

In robes of judgment, lo ! he comes, Shakes the wide earth, and cleaves the tombs : Before him burns devouring fire, The mountains melt, the seas retire—The mountains melt, the seas retire.

• 100.

ALFRETON. L. M.

Three staves of music in common time, key of A minor. The first two staves are soprano voices, and the third is a basso continuo staff with bassoon and harpsichord parts. The bassoon part is indicated by a bass clef and a 'B' above it. The harpsichord part is indicated by a treble clef and a 'H' below it. The bassoon part has a continuous bass line, while the harpsichord part provides harmonic support with chords. Measure numbers 3, 6, 6, 4, 87, 3 4, 6, 3, 4, 87, 6, 6, 4, 3, 98, 4, 3, 6, 4, 87 are written below the bassoon staff. The lyrics express a desire to call home thoughts that have wandered far, to unite all powers within one, and to work and worship in a divine manner.

Bless, O my soul, the living God, Call home my thoughts that rove a - broad ; Let all the powers within me join, In work and worship so divine.

Indulgent still to my request, How free thy tender mercies are ! With full consent, my thoughts attest, My gracious God, thy faithful care.

6 43 2 6 6 76 6 87 6 6 6 4 6 5 3 6 6 4 6 5

♪ 144.

ROTHWELL.* L. M.

The heavens declare thy glory, Lord, In every star thy wisdom shines ; But when our eyes behold thy word, We read thy name in fairer lines—We read thy name in fairer lines.

6 6 6 4 7 6 6 6 4 7 6 6 3 4 5 87 6 6 4 7

* The first four notes of this tune may be sung in unison.

F 100.

WINCHELSEA. L. M.

PRELEUR.

41

Musical score for "Winchelsea" in L. M. time signature. The score consists of two staves. The first staff uses a treble clef and the second staff uses a bass clef. The music features various note patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, with several rests. Measure numbers 45, 6, 3, 6#6/3, 6, 5-7/4*, 3, 6, 4, 3, 4, 6, 3, 2, 6, 5-7/4, 3 are indicated below the staff. The lyrics describe a divine descent:

Incumbent on the bending sky, The Lord descended from on high; And bade the darkness of the pole, Beneath his feet tremendous roll.

F 132

CHARLESTON. L. M.

R. COOK.

Musical score for "Charleston" in L. M. time signature. The score consists of two staves. The first staff uses a treble clef and the second staff uses a bass clef. The music features eighth and sixteenth notes, with several rests. Measure numbers 4, 6, 6, 4, 5-7, 6#6/3, 6#6/3, 6, 4, 7, 6, 3, 6, 3, 6, 6, 5, 3, 3, 6, 6, 4, 7 are indicated below the staff. The lyrics encourage spiritual triumph:

From vocal air and concave skies, Let wafted hal - le - lu-jahs sound; And let the sacred triumphs rise, Till vaulted heaven the notes rebound.

[H. & H.]

D2

6

42 ♫ 120.

LUTON. L. M.

BURDER.

With all my powers of heart and tongue, I'll praise my Maker in my song; Angels shall hear the notes I raise, Approve the song, and join the praise.

♩ 104.

TRURO. L. M.

DR. CH. BURNEY.

Now to the Lord, a noble song, Awake, my soul, awake, my tongue! Hosanna to th'e - ternal name, And all his boundless love proclaim.

Soon as the morn salutes your eyes, And from sweet sleep refreshed you rise, Think on the Author of the light, And praise him for the glorious sight !

His boundless love and grace adore, His mercy in - fi - nite implore.

Voice, or Organ.

Metric signature: 6 4 43 2 6 6 4 33 3 64 98 6 7 b7 66 4 2 64 6 4 7

Thy mercies, Lord, shall be my song ; My song on thee shall ever dwell : To ages yet unborn, my tongue, Thy never - failing truth, shall tell.

Voice, or Organ.

Metric signature: 6 6 4 7 6 65 43 65 6 63 87

Come, weary souls, with sin distress,
Come, and accept the promised rest ;
The Saviour's gracious call o - bey,
And cast your gloomy fears away.

J. HATTON.

Lord, when thou didst ascend on high,
Ten thousand angels filled the sky ;
Those heavenly guards around thee wait,
Like chariots that attend thy state.

Lord, in thy great, thy glorious name, I place my hope, my on - ly trust: Save me from sorrow,
Unison.

guilt, and shame, Thou ev - er gra - cious, ev - er just, Thou ev - er gracious, ev - er just.

alto.

This is the word of truth and love, Sent to the nations from a - bove; Jehovah here resolves to show, What his almighty power can do.

P. F.

Eternal source of every joy, Well may thy praise our lips employ; Thy goodness crowns the rolling year, While in thy temple we appear.

P 66.

MEDWAY. L. M.

PERGOLESI.

47

Largo.

My God, permit me not to be, A stranger to myself and thee: Amidst ten thousand thoughts I rove, For - getful of my highest love.

P 92.

ELLENTHORPE. L. M.

LINLEY.

Say, how may earth and heaven u - nite? And how shall man with angels join? What link harmonious may be found, Discordant natures to combine?

Loud swell the pealing organ's notes! Breathe forth your souls in raptures high! In praises men with an - gels join; Music's the language of the sky.

Voice or Organ.

Je - hovah reigns, his throne is bigh, His robes are light and majes - ty: His glories shine with beams so bright, No mortal can sustain the sight.

Darkness and clouds of awful shade, His dazzling glory shroud in state, Justice and truth his guards are made, And fixed by his pa - vilion wait.

A musical score for four voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) in common time, 3/4 time, and 2/4 time. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The vocal parts are arranged in two staves: Soprano and Alto in the top staff, and Tenor and Bass in the bottom staff. The lyrics "No more fatigue, no more dis - tress, Nor sin, nor death, shall reach the place; No groans shall mingle" are written below the tenor/bass staff. Measure numbers 6, 6, 87, 42, 6, 43, 7, 6, 6 are indicated at the bottom of each staff.

The musical score consists of four staves of music in common time, key signature of one flat. The lyrics are integrated into the second staff:

with the songs, Which war - ble from im - mor - tal tongues, Which war - ble from im - mor - tal tongues.

Below the staves, harmonic analysis is provided:

87 7 6 7 6 4 5 3 4 = 5 6 4 7

[H. & u.] E 7

Who is this stranger in distress, That travels through this wilderness? Oppressed with sorrows and with sins, On her beloved Lord she leans, On her beloved Lord she leans.

(Note below staff: 3 6 4 6 87 85 65 43 6 6 43 43 98 6 43 6 3 35 65 7 4 6 6 4 7)

♩ 100.

EMSWORTH. L. M.

T. BENNETT.

Great God, attend, while Zi - on sings The joy, that from thy presence springs; To spend one day with thee on earth, Exceeds a thousand days of mirth.

(Note below staff: 3 6 6 4 7 6 5 3 6 6 6 4 5 7 6 4 5 7 3 5 8 3 3 7 3 4 3 8 7 4 5 2 6 4 3 6 8 4 7)

F 100.

NEW IPSWICH. L. M.

51

Musical score for "New Ipswich" in common time (indicated by a '4') and F major (indicated by a 'b'). The score consists of three staves. The first two staves begin with a treble clef, and the third staff begins with a bass clef. The music features various note patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. Measure numbers 1 through 12 are indicated below the staves. A vocal line is present above the staves, and a piano accompaniment line is indicated below the third staff. The vocal line includes lyrics: "In vain my roving thoughts would find, A portion worthy of the mind; On earth my soul can never rest, For earth can never make me blest, For earth can never make me blest." The piano accompaniment line includes a section labeled "Inst." with a corresponding harmonic progression: 36 54 32 54 66 4 7.

F 88.

St. PAUL's. L. M.

Musical score for "St. Paul's" in common time (indicated by a '2') and F major (indicated by a 'b'). The score consists of three staves. The first two staves begin with a treble clef, and the third staff begins with a bass clef. The music features eighth and sixteenth notes. Measure numbers 1 through 12 are indicated below the staves. A vocal line is present above the staves, and a piano accompaniment line is indicated below the third staff. The vocal line includes lyrics: "Great source of life, our souls confess, The various riches of thy grace; Crowned with thy mercy we rejoice, And in thy praise exalt our voice." The piano accompaniment line includes a harmonic progression: 7 4 7 6 5 6 6 5 4 8 7 6 6 6 3 6 6 4 8 7.

Three staves of musical notation in common time (indicated by 'b' and '4'). The first two staves are identical, featuring eighth-note patterns. The third staff shows a more complex pattern with sixteenth notes and rests. Below the music, lyrics are written in parentheses above the notes:

Hark! how the choral song of heaven, Swells full of peace and joy above ! Hark! how they strike their golden harps, And raise the tuneful notes of love! And raise the tuneful notes of love!

Below the music, a harmonic progression is indicated by numbers under the bass line: 6 4, 6 4 3, 6 4, 6 4, 7, 4 6, 7, 7, 6 4, 6 6 7.

♩ 96.

ATLANTIC. L. M.

GEORGE OATES.

Three staves of musical notation in common time (indicated by 'b' and '2'). The first two staves are identical, featuring eighth-note patterns. The third staff shows a more complex pattern with sixteenth notes and rests. Below the music, lyrics are written in parentheses above the notes:

Come, O my soul, in sacred lays, Attempt thy great Creator's praise : But oh ! what tongue can speak his fame, What mortal verse can reach the theme.

Come, O my soul, in sacred lays, Attempt thy great Creator's praise : But oh ! what tongue can speak his fame, What mortal verse can reach the theme.

Three staves of musical notation in common time (indicated by 'b' and '2'). The first two staves are identical, featuring eighth-note patterns. The third staff shows a more complex pattern with sixteenth notes and rests. Below the music, a harmonic progression is indicated by numbers under the bass line: 6 4 3, 6 3, 6 6 4, 7, 6 5 4 3 = 7 - 43, 6 4 3, 6 5 - 6 6 4 7.

O God of Sabbath ! hear our vows, On this thy day, within thy house ! And own as grateful sac - ri - fice, The songs that in thy temple rise.

8 7 6 6 6 5 3 6 6 6 6 7 5 3 6 6 5 4 5 6 6 6 4 3 6 4 3 6 6 7

With humble pleasure, Lord, we trace, The ancient records of thy grace ; And our own conso - lations draw, From what thy servant Moses saw.

6 6 5 8 7 8 7 7 6 6 5 6 4 3 6 6 6 5 6 7

Andante Sostenuto.

HEBRON. L. M.

Thus far the Lord hath led me on, Thus far his power prolongs my days ; And every evening shall make known, Some fresh memorial of his grace.

4 5 7 6 4 7 6 6 3 6 7

P 100.

SHARON. L. M.

Praise to thy name, e - ternal God, For all the grace thou shedst abroad ; For all thine influence from above, To warm our hearts with sacred love.

6 . 46 7 7 87 3 34 5 6 36 3 45 87 6 4 87

60.

Largo Sostenuto.

WARD. L. M.

55

There is a stream, whose gentle flow, Supplies the ci - ty of our God ; Life, love, and joy still gliding through, And watering our divine abode.

100.

PROCTOR. L. M.

Thus saith the high and lofty One, I sit up - on my holy throne; My name is God, I dwell on high, Dwell in mine own eterni - ty, Dwell in mine own e - terni - ty.

Thus saith the high and lofty One, I sit up - on my ho - ly throne, My name is . God, I

Unison.

6 5 8 7 5 4 3 4 3 = 3 =

dwell on high, Dwell in mine own e - ter - ni - ty, Dwell in mine own e - ter - ni - ty.

6 5 5 4 3 2 1 5 4 3 2 1 5 4 3 2 1

PUTNAM. L. M.

Thee will I bless, my God and King, Nor cease thy wondrous name to sing; From earliest dawn to latest eve, Thy praises on my tongue shall live.

6 6 7 6 6 6 4 7 4 3 = 7 6 4 5 3 = 4 7 = 4 7 - - 98 4 3 9 8 6 4 7

Adagio e sempre piano.

GERMANY. L. M.

Softly the shade of evening falls, Sprinkling the earth with dewy tears; While nature's voice to slumber calls, And silence reigns amid the spheres.

3 6 6 4 7 = 5 7 4 5 2 6 5 7 6 4 5 7 5 = 8 7 6 5 6 - 7 6 5 6 7 6 4 5 -

Sal - va - tion is for - ev - er nigh The souls that fear and trust the Lord; And grace descending from on high, Fresh-hopes of glory shall afford.

$\begin{matrix} 3 & 8 \\ 5 & 6 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 7 & 6 \\ 5 & 4 \end{matrix}$ 5 4 87 6 6 4 5 6 87 6 5 4 5 6 6 5 4 87

Return, my soul, and sweetly rest, On thy almighty Father's breast; The bounties of his grace a - dore, And count his wondrous mercies o'er.

$\begin{matrix} 6 & 4 \\ 3 & \end{matrix}$ 87 6 $\begin{matrix} 8 & 7 \\ 6 & 4 \end{matrix}$ 87 4 3 6 6 $\#$ 6 7 6 $\begin{matrix} 6 & 4 \\ 6 & 4 \end{matrix}$ 6 4 87

Ho ! every one that thirsts, draw nigh ; 'Tis God invites the fallen race ; Mercy and free sal - vation buy ; Buy wine, and milk, and gospel grace.

2 6 3 3 6 6 4 3 6 #6 5 6 3 8 7 6 5 6 6 5 4 5

Slow.

Come, smiling hope, and joy sincere, Come, make your constant dwelling here ; Still let your presence cheer my heart, Nor sin compel you to de - part.

6 5 6 7 6 4 8 2 6 3 6 6 6 4 8 7

Come hither all ye weary souls, Ye heavy laden sinners, come; I'll give you rest from all your toils, And raise you to my heavenly home.

$\begin{matrix} 4 & 3 \\ 6 & 4 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 6 & 4 \\ 3 & 3 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 6 & 5 \\ 4 & 3 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 8 & 3 \\ 3 & 3 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 6 & 4 \\ 3 & 3 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 5 & 6 \\ 4 & 5 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 7 & 3 \\ 3 & 3 \end{matrix}$

The saffron tints of morn appear, And glow across the blushing east; The brilliant orb of day is near, To dis - si - pate the lingering mist.

$\begin{matrix} 6 & 6 \\ 6 & 5 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 6 & 5 \\ 4 & 3 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 6 & 6 \\ 5 & 4 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 7 & 6 \\ 6 & 5 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 6 & 7 \\ 5 & 4 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 6 & 3 \\ 5 & 4 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 6 & 5 \\ 5 & 4 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 7 & 6 \\ 6 & 5 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 6 & 6 \\ 5 & 4 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 6 & 7 \\ 4 & 3 \end{matrix}$

Were I inspired to preach and tell, All that is done in heaven or hell, Or could my faith the world remove, Still I am nothing without love.

6 87 6 7 6 6⁵ 4 3 6 5 2 6 7 6 5⁶ 87 4 87

Come hither, all ye weary souls, Ye heavy laden sinners, come; I'll give you rest from all your toils, And raise you to my heavenly home.

3 4 5 4 3 6 6⁴ 3 4 5 6 6 4 4 4 = 4 3 6 5 . 4 3 3 8 5 4 3 7 5 1 8 5 6 3

F

At anchor laid, remote from home, Toiling, I cry, sweet Spirit, come; Celestial breeze, no longer stay, But swell my sails, and speed my way.

♩ 122.

Slow.

*WELLS. L. M.

HOLDRAD.

Life is the time to serve the Lord, The time t'ensure the great reward; And while the lamp holds out to burn, The vilest sinner may return.

[Note: The first part of this tune is found in the old Choral Books as far back as the time of Luther; it was originally written in notes of equal length.]

Come hither, all ye weary souls, Ye heavy laden sinners, come; I'll give you rest from all your toils, And raise you to my heavenly home.

7 6 5 6 8 7 6 4 * 6 6 7 4 5 9 5 6 7

Happy the church, thou sacred place, The seat of thy Creator's grace; Thine ho - ly courts are his abode, Thou earthly palace of our God.

3 6 6 6 6 4 3 6 6 5 6 6 4 * 6 3 6 4 5 9 8 8

2d ending.

Lord, thou hast searched and seen me through, Thine eye commands with piercing view, My rising and my resting hours, My heart and flesh with all their powers.

6 6 3 6 5#6 87 4 5 6 - 3 6 45 4 74 3 6 4 9 4 7

Thee will I thank, and day by day, To thee I'll tune the joyful lay; From morn to eve, the song extend, To thee my father, thee my friend.

6 6 6 6 3 54 6 7 6 6 5 5 8- 6 4 6 3 6 5 6 6 4 87

The King of saints, how fair his face, Adorned with ma - jes - ty and grace! He comes with blessings from above, And wins the nations to his love.

Unison.

Metric signatures: 2, 2, 2:2, 2:2. Measures: 6, 6 7, 4 6 3, 6 3 6, 823 8 3, 823 8 65, 2 6 3, 6 6, 6 87.

Through every age, e - ternal God, Thou art our rest, our safe a - bode; High was thy throne ere heaven was made, Or earth thy humble footstool laid.

Metric signatures: 2, 2, 2:2, 2:2. Measures: 6, #6, 87, 65, 6 57, 6, 6, 7, 6, 87.

[H. & H.] F2 9

At anchor laid, remote from home, Toiling I cry, sweet spirit come, Ce - lestial breeze, no longer stay, But swell my sails, and speed my way.

Awake, my soul, to hymns of praise ; To God the song of triumph raise Adorned with majesty divine, What pomp, what glory, Lord, are thine.

Ye nations round the earth re - joice, Be - fore the Lord your sov reign King; Serve him with cheerful
heart and voice; With all your tongues his glo - ry sing, With all your tongues his glory sing.

6 9 8 6 3 6 #6 6 6 8 5 6 5 4 5

8 5 4 3 8 5 6 7 5 6 8 7

Awake, my soul, to hymns of praise, To God the song of triumph raise ; Adorned with majesty divine, What pomp, what glory, Lord, are thine !

Come hither, all ye weary souls, Ye heavy laden sinners, come ; I'll give you rest from all your toils, And raise you to my heavenly home.

O praise the Lord with one consent; Let every land his name adore; Let earth, with one u - nit - ed voice, Resound his praise from shore to shore.

Note: The lyrics are written below the notes, with some words grouped by parentheses under specific notes.

6#6 45 6 36 4 34 3 6#6 45 6 87 6 65 3

Glory to thee, my God, this night, For all the blessings of the light; Keep me, O keep me, King of kings, Beneath thine own al - mighty wings.

6 5 567 6 6 6 5 87 6 43 3 46 56 6 5 6 6 5 4 87

Awake, my glory, harp and lute, No longer let my strings be mute, And I, my tune - ful part to take,

Unison. 5 6 87 6 5#6 6 6#2 6#6 6, 87 6 87 8, 3 3 6 4 6 5

Second ending.

Will with the ear - ly dawn a - wake, Will with the early dawn awake.

6 #6 6 6 87 6 5-3 3 3 6 56 6 87 6 5-3 3 3 6 56 6 57

From vocal air and concave skies, Let wafted hal - le - lujahs sound; And let the sacred triumphs sound, Till vaulted heaven the notes rebound.

Retire, O sleep, from every eye! The rising morning re - appears; The sun ascends the dappled sky, And drinks creations dew - y tears.

Unison. 5 7 4 4 3 3 3 3 4 6 6 6 4 87

3 6 6 4 7 6 6 5 2 6 3 3 6 6 6 4 6 6 4 5 7

108.

GEORGETOWN. L. M.

HAYDN.

73

To thee, O God, without delay, Will I my morniog homage pay; For thee I long, for thee I look, So pilgrims seek the cooling brook, So pilgrims seek the cooling brook.

4 43 6 2 6 - 7 66 7 2 6 68 3 6 6 43 6 5 66 7 6 7 6 4 5

108.

NEW SABBATH. L. M.

ISAAC SMITH.

For thee, O God, our constant praise In Zi - on waits, thy chosen seat; Our promised alters we will raise, And there our zealous vows complete.

87 6 6 57 6 63 45 6 3 6 56 7 45 3 3 333 66 67 3 66 57

[H. & H.] G 10

All ye bright armies of the skies, Go worship where the Saviour lies; An - gels and kings before him bow, Those gods on high and gods below.

6 6 3 6 3 4 87 * 4 6 57

Great God, to thee my evening song, With humble grat - i-tude, I raise; Oh let thy mercy tune my tongue, And fill my heart with lively praise.

3 8 3 8 34 5 #6 6 6 4 7 #6 6 6 3 6 6 6 4 87

P 96.

St. ALBAN's. L. M.

VINCENT NOVELLO.

75

Musical score for St. Albans Hymn, numbered 96. The music is in common time, key signature of two sharps. The vocal line consists of three staves of music. The lyrics are:

Salvation is forever nigh The souls that fear and trust the Lord ; And grace descending from on high, Fresh hopes of glory shall afford.

Below the music are the corresponding numbers for each note: 6, 4, 7, #2, 6, #6, 5, 4, 87, 6, 6, 6, 87, 5, 4, 7.

P 88.

SLADE. L. M.

Musical score for Slade Hymn, numbered 88. The music is in common time, key signature of two sharps. The vocal line consists of three staves of music. The lyrics are:

Sweet is the work, my God, my King, To praise thy name, give thanks and sing, To show thy love by morning light, And talk of all thy truth at night.

Below the music are the corresponding numbers for each note: 3, 5, 4, 3, 6, 7, 2, 6, 7, 6, 4, 7, 8, 54, 8, 76, 7, 54, 54, 74, 4, 5, 66, 43, 4, 7, 0.

Sing to the Lord with joyful voice ; Let every land his name adore ; Let earth, with one u - nited voice, Resound his praise from shore to shore.

6 6 87 87 *6 6 4 5 6 56 6 6 4 5 34 6 87 45

Adagio Sostenuto.

How pleasant, how di - vinely fair, O Lord of hosts, thy dwellings are ; With warm desire my spirit faints, To meet th'assembly of thy saints.

6 5 87 87 6 87 6 5 6 5 43 6 33 6 5 4 87 8 35 43 28 4 87

Dear Jesus, when, when shall it be, That I no more shall break with thee? When shall this war of passion cease, And I enjoy a lasting peace.

Sloio.

1. Blest are the humble souls, that see Their emptiness and pov-er-ty: Treasures of grace to them are given, And crowns of joy laid up in heaven.

2. Blest are the men of peaceful life, Who quench the coals of burning strife; They shall be called the heirs of bliss, The sons of God, the God of peace.

3. Blest are the faithful, who partake Of pain and shame for Jesus' sake, Their souls shall triumph in the Lord, E - ternal life is their reward.

Ye nations of the earth rejoice, Before the Lord, your sovereign King ; Serve him with cheerful heart and voice, With all your tongues his glo - ry sing.

6 6 7 8 7 6 5 4 3 6#6 6 3 6 6 4 3 6 5 6 6 6 7

♩ 96.
Major.

MALDEN.* L. M. [CHANT.]
Minor.

Through every age, e - ternal God, Thou art our rest, our safe a - bode ; High was thy throne, ere heave[n] was made, Or earth thy humble footstool laid.

6 6 5 # - 6 6 #

* This Chant may commence with the strain in the Minor Mode, and end with that in the Major, if preferred.

DRESDEN. L. M. [MAJOR MODE.]
Soli, or Tutti—ad lib.

D. C.

Musical score for Dresden in Major Mode, 2/2 time. The score consists of four staves. The first three staves are in treble clef, and the fourth staff is in bass clef. Measure numbers 1 through 16 are indicated above the staves. The vocal line is as follows:

Preserve me, Lord, in time of need, For succor to thy throne I flee, But have no merit there to plead, My goodness cannot reach to thee.

Accompaniment figures are provided for each staff, with specific measure markings like 6⁵, 6⁵, 6, 6, 7, 6, 8⁵, 8⁷, 8⁵, 8⁷, 8⁵, and 8⁵.

DRESDEN. . M.

[MINOR MODE]

Soli, or Tutti—ad lib.

D. C.

Musical score for Dresden in Minor Mode, 2/2 time. The score consists of four staves. The first three staves are in treble clef, and the fourth staff is in bass clef. Measure numbers 1 through 16 are indicated above the staves. The vocal line is identical to the Major Mode version:

Preserve me, Lord, in time of need, For succor to thy throne I flee, But have no merit there to plead, My goodness cannot reach to thee.

Accompaniment figures are provided for each staff, with specific measure markings like #, 8⁵, #, 8⁵, #, 6, 8, 7, 8⁵, 8⁷, 8⁵, and 8⁵.

Repeat either in the Minor or Major Mode—ad lib.

Now let our mournful songs record, The dying sorrows of our Lord; When he complained in tears and blood, As one for - sa - ken of his God.

2d ending.

O Thou, that hearest when sinners cry, Tho' all my crimes before thee lie, Behold them not with angry look, But blot their memory from thy book.

1. O Thou, who hearest wheo sinners cry, Though all my crimes before thee lie, Behold them not with angry look, But blot their memory from thy book.

2. Create my nature pure withio, And form my soul averse from sin; Let thy good Spirit ne'er de - part, Nor hide thy presence from my heart.

$\frac{6}{5} \quad \# \quad - \quad 6 \quad \# \quad 6 \quad 87 \quad \frac{57}{57}$ $\frac{5}{4} \quad \frac{5}{6} \quad \frac{\#6}{3} \quad 6 \quad \# \quad - \quad 6 \quad 87 \quad \frac{57}{57}$

3. So shall thy love inspire my tongue, Sal - vation shall be all my song; And all my powers shall join to bless, The Lord, my strength and righteousness.

1. Stand up, my soul, shake off thy fears, And gird the gospel armour on ; March to the gates of endless joy, Where Jesus, thy great Captain's gone.

3. Then let my soul march boldly on, Press forward to the heavenly gate ; There peace and joy eternal reign, And glittering robes for conquerors wait.

A musical score for four voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) and piano. The music consists of four staves. The first three staves are vocal parts, and the fourth staff is for the piano. The vocal parts are in common time, while the piano part is in 6/8 time. The key signature changes throughout the piece, indicated by various sharps and flats. The lyrics are written below the vocal staves.

Thee will I bless, my God and King, Nor cease thy wonderous acts to sing ; From earliest morn to latest eve, Thy praises on my tongue shall live.

Sing to the Lord with joyful voice ; Let every land his name a - dore ; Let earth, with one u - nited voice, Resound his praise, from shore to shore.

A musical score for two voices. The top staff is in treble clef, B-flat key signature, and common time. The bottom staff is in bass clef, G clef, B-flat key signature, and common time. The vocal parts are identical, consisting of a continuous sequence of eighth notes and sixteenth-note pairs. Below the staff, a series of numbers (6, 8, 7, 6, 3, 6, 6, 5, 7, 4, 6, 4, 3, 6, 8, 7) are written under each measure, likely indicating a rhythmic pattern or performance instruction.

Lord, when my thoughts delighted rove, A - mid the wonders of thy love; Sweet hope revives my drooping heart, And bids intruding fears depart.

Measure 1: Treble clef, 2/4 time. Bass clef, 2/4 time. Key signature: #6, #6, 6, #. Measure 2: Treble clef, 2/4 time. Bass clef, 2/4 time. Key signature: 6, 3, 6, 87, 4, 3.

Through every age, e - ternal God, Thou art our rest, our safe a - bode; High was thy throne, ere heaven was made, Or earth thy humble footstool laid.

Measure 1: Treble clef, 2/4 time. Bass clef, 2/4 time. Key signature: 6, #, 87, 87, 4#, =, 65, 6. Measure 2: Treble clef, 2/4 time. Bass clef, 2/4 time. Key signature: 6, #, 87, 87, 4#, =, 65, #6, #.

• 100.

POMFRET. L. M.

CECIL.

85

O thou, in whom are all the springs Of boundless love and grace unknown, Hide me beneath thy spreading wings, Till this dark cloud be overblown, Till this dark cloud be overblown.

4 4 7 6#6 6 87 6 5 6#4 43 5#6 6 4 66 6 87

• 100.

HINGHAM. L. M.

Sweet is the day of sacred rest! No mortal care shall seize my breast; Oh, may my heart, in tune, be found, Like David's harp of solemn sound, Like David's harp of solemn sound.

6 43 H 32 5 4 5 6 7 6 7 7 6 6 4 7

So fades the lovely blooming flower, Frail smiling solace of an hour; So soon our transient comforts fly, And pleasure on - ly blooms to die.

66.

SUNDERLAND. L. M.

A musical score for four voices (SATB) in common time, treble clef, and B-flat major. The vocal parts are arranged in a 2x2 grid. The top row consists of two voices: soprano (left) and alto (right). The bottom row consists of two voices: tenor (left) and bass (right). The lyrics "Show pity, Lord, O Lord forgive! Let a repenting rebel live! Are not thy mercies large and free? May not a sinner trust in thee?" are written below the vocal parts. The music features a mix of eighth and sixteenth notes, with various dynamics and rests.

• 96.

DARWEN. L. M.

87

O Thou, who hearest when sinners cry, Though all my crimes before thee lie, Behold them not with angry look, But blot their memory from thy book.

• 66.

PENFIELD. L. M.

Who, from the shades of gloomy night, When the last tear of hope is shed, Can bid the soul return to light, And break the slumber of the dead.

The spacious firmament on high, With all the blue e - the-real sky, And spangled heavens a shining frame, Their great o-ri g - inal proclaim.

Sym.

Th'unwearied sun, from day to day, Does his Creator's power display; And publishes to every land, The work of an almighty hand.

Through every age, e - ter - nal God, Thou art our rest, our safe abode; High was thy throne, ere heaven was made, Or earth thy humble footstool laid.

66.

WINDHAM. L. M.

READ

Broad is the road that leads to death, And thousands walk together there ; But wisdom shows a narrow path, With here and there a traveler.

2d ending.

Placed on the verge of youth, my mind Life's opening scene surveys; O'er all its ills of various kind, With awful fear I gaze.

6 6 7 4 7 6 5 6 56 4 7 6 56 6 57

♩ 100.

CHRISTMAS. C. M.

HANDEL.

Awake, my soul, stretch every nerve, And press with vigor on; A heavenly race demands thy zeal, And an immortal crown, And an immortal crown.

3 3 6 6 6 4 3 6 6 85 45 3 6 77 4 32 3 2 6 6 - 6 7

2d ending.

Lord, in the morning thou shalt hear My voice as - cending high; To thee will I direct my prayer, To thee lift up mine eye.

3/4 5/4 4/3 3/2 4/2 6/5 6/4 5/4 3/2 6/5 4/3 8/7 3/2 6/6 4/3 7

Great God, to thee my grateful tongue, My fer - vent thanks shall raise; Inspire my heart to raise the song, Which celebrates thy praise.

6/4 3/4 6/4 4/3 5/4 6/5 5/4 6/5 4/3 8/7 3/4 6/6 5/4 6/4 8/7

When I with pleasing wonder stand,
And all my frame survey,
Lord, 'tis thy work, I own thy hand,
That formed my humble clay.

6 5 6 6 4 87 4 5 - 6 5 4 87 6 6 3 6 6 3 87 87 45 2 6 4 6 4 87

How vain are all things here below ! How false, and yet how fair ! Each pleasure has its poi - son too, And every sweet a snare.

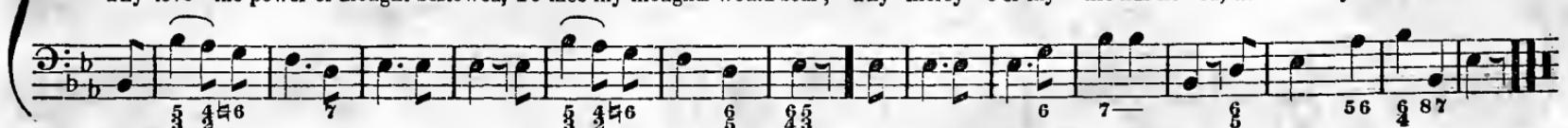
6 4 6 87 6 4 45 6 7 6 5 6 4 87 4 6 6 6 5 6 6 4 6 6 7



While thee I seek, protecting power, Be my vain wishes stilled; And may this conse - crated hour, With bet - ter hopes he filled!



Thy love the power of thought bestowed, To thee my thoughts would soar; Thy mercy o'er my life has flowed, That mercy I adore.



2d ending.

Awake, my soul, arise, my tongue, Prepare a tuneful voice, In God, the life of all my joys, Aloud will I rejoice. Alond will I rejoice.

6 6 3 87 3 5/4 6 6 4 7 6 6 8 7 6 5 6 4 7 6 6 4 57

Tempests arise, when God ap - points, And mighty tempests roar ; He bids the winds and waves be still, And straight the storm is o'er.

5-6 5 6 6 7 6 6 6 5 7 6 6 6 8 7

Lord, in the morning thou shalt hear, My voice as - cending high; To thee will I direct my prayer, To thee lift up mine eye.

6 3 6 5 87 3 2 6 6 4 87 6 6 3 6 3 6 5 4 5 7

Know that his kingdom is supreme, Your lofty thoughts are vain; He calls you gods, that awful name, But ye must die like men, But ye must die like men.

. 3 6 6 7 6 6 7 4 6 3 56 4 5 7

Come, let us join our cheerful songs, With angels round the throne, Ten thousand, thosnd are their tongnes, But all their joys are one, But all their joys are one.

Voice or Organ.

65 6 45 6 75 76 45 6 - 3 6 98 6 87

How sweet and nwwful is the place, With Christ within the doors; While everlasting love displays, The choic - est of her stores.

6 3 6 556 6 556 6 6 43 2 6 6 556 6 87

Soon shall the glorious morning dawn, When all thy saints shall rise ; And clothed in their immortal bloom, Attend thee to the skies, Attend thee to the skies.

6 6 4 7 6 6 4 7 8 8 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 7 6 6 7

Some seraph led your heavenly tongue, Or harp of golden string, That I may raise a lofty song, To our eternal King.

6 6 6 6 6 9 8 6 7 6 6 7

Great is the Lord; his works of might Demand our noblest songs: Let his assembled saints unite Their har - mony of tongues.

7 6 3 43 55 6 85 66 7 3 4 5 3 76 56 6 5 56 6 7 3

P 100.

BROOMSGROVE. C. M.

O render thanks and bless the Lord; Invoke his holy name, Acquaint the nations with his deeds, His matchless deeds proclaim, His matchless deeds proclaim.

6 34 6 95 43 6 56 4 87 6 56 5 43 6 6 6 56 4 57

Great God, how in - fi - nite art thou ! What worthless worms are we ! Let all the race of creatures bow, And pay their praise to thee.

Long as I live, I'll bless thy name, My King, my God of love ; My work and joy shall be the same, In the bright world above.

100 100.

NEWTON. C. M.

T. JACKSON.

88.

HAVEN. C. M.

My songs address thy throne, My songs address thy throne.
P. F.

What shall I render to my God, For all his kindness shown? My feet shall visit thine abode,
My songs address thy throne.

My songs address thy throne, My songs address thy throne.

7 5 6 6 87 7 5 3 3 3 3 3 5 6 6 87.

My songs address thy throne, My songs address thy throne.

What shall I render to my God, For all his kindness shown? My feet shall visit thine abode, My songs address thy throne.

My songs address thy throne, My songs address thy throne.

87 4 87 87 * 3 3 3 3 3 3 * 56 6 87.

O Thou, to whom all creatures bow, Within this earthly frame, Through all the world how great art thou, How glorious is thy name?

4 65 43 6 6 4 7 6 7 3 1 3 2 87 43 6 5 6 4 7

How shall I praise th'eternal God, That in - fin - ite unknown? Who can ascend his high abode, Or come be - fore his throne? •

6 6 7 7 7 6 8 7 6 3 5 6 7 6 3 6 7 7

I sing the mighty power of God, That made the mountains rise, That spread the flowing seas abroad, And built the lofty skies.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

I sing the wisdom that ordained The sun to rule the day, The moon shines full at his command, And all the stars obey.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

T. S.

104 CLIFFORD. C. M.

To Zion's hill I lift mine eyes, From thence is all my aid; From Zion's hill and Zi - on's

6 76 3 4 5 43 56

God, From Zi - on's hill and Zi - on's God, Who heaven and earth hath made, Who heaven and earth hath made.

6

To celebrate thy praise, O God, I will my heart prepare; To all the listening world, will I, Thy wondrous works declare.

To celebrate thy praise, O God, I will my heart prepare; To all the listening world, will I, Thy wondrous works declare.

A musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor/Bass) in common time, B-flat major. The vocal parts are arranged in three staves. The lyrics are as follows:
Ye hearts with youthful vigor warm,
In smiling crowds draw near;
And turn from every mortal charm,
A Saviour's voice to hear.
The score includes a basso continuo part at the bottom, indicated by a bass clef and a 'C' (common time). Measure numbers 6, 6, 6, 54, 6, 4, and 87 are marked below the bass staff.

Ye hearts with youthful vigor warm, In smiling crowds draw near; And turn from every mortal charm, A Saviour's voice to hear.

Now shall my inward joys arise,
And burst into a song; Al - mighty love inspires my heart,
And pleasure tunes my tongue.

$\frac{3}{2}$ $\frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{5}{3}$. $\frac{6}{6}$ $\frac{6}{6}$ $\frac{7}{6}$ $\frac{6}{6}$ $\frac{5}{6}$ $\frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{6}{3}$ $\frac{6}{3}$ $\frac{6}{6}$ $\frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{8}{7}$

What shall I render to my God, For all his mercies shown? My feet shall visit thine a - bode, My songs address thy throne.

$\frac{5}{2}$ $\frac{4}{2}$ $\frac{6}{3}$ $\frac{4}{3} \frac{8}{2}$ $\frac{6}{3}$ $\frac{4}{3} \frac{8}{2} \frac{7}{4} \frac{5}{3}$ $\frac{6}{5}$ $\frac{4}{2} \frac{6}{6}$ $\frac{5}{6}$ $\frac{3}{2} \frac{4}{5} \frac{3}{2} \frac{8}{5} \frac{7}{4} \frac{5}{3}$

Begin, my soul, the lofty strain, In solemn accent sing A sacred hymn of grateful praise, To heaven's almighty King.

Metric signature changes are indicated below the staff:

- Staff 1: 6 6 4 87
- Staff 2: 6 4 6 6 6
- Staff 3: 6 #6
- Staff 4: 6 6 4 6 4 7

Oh that the Lord would guide my ways, To keep his statutes still; Oh that my God would grant me grace, To know and do his will.

Metric signature changes are indicated below the staff:

- Staff 1: 6 6 4 6 6 6 5 6
- Staff 2: 6 4 6 6 6 5 6
- Staff 3: 5 7 6 4 6 6 6 4 87
- Staff 4: 6 6 4 6 6 4 87

When God revealed his gracious name, And changed my mournful state, My rapture seemed a pleasing dream, The grace appeared so great.

4 3 6 6 4 7

8 2 3 2 8 7 6 5 4 3

6 6 6 6

6 4 3 6 4 7

The world beheld the glorious change, And did thy hand confess ; My tongue broke out in unknown strains, And sung surprising grace.

8 7 6 5

4 3 5 6 4 7

6

6 5

6 6 7 5 4 3

6 8 7

Now to the Lamb that once was slain, Be endless honors paid; Sal - va - tion, glo - ry, joy remain, For - ev - er on his head.

7 4 6 6 4 6 5 5 6 6 6 4 6 5 4 6 6 4 7

On thee, each morniog, O my God, My waking thoughts attend; In thee are founded all my hopes, In thee my wishes end.

4 6 4 3 4 3 6 6 4 6 4 4 3 6 5 - 6 8 7 4 3 6 4 7

K

Musical score for "EASTPORT. C. M. [CHANT.]". The music is in common time (indicated by '2') and consists of three staves. The first two staves are in treble clef, and the third staff is in bass clef. The key signature changes throughout the piece, indicated by various sharps and flats. The lyrics are written below the staves:

How long wilt thou forget me, Lord? Must I for - ever mourn? How long wilt thou withdraw from me, Oh! never to return, Oh! never to return.

Below the lyrics, there are numerical markings under the bass staff: 6, #, 6, 6, #, 3, 57, #, 6, 6, 5, 6, 5, 5, 6, 5, 5, 7.

2d ending

Musical score for "ORMOND. C. M.". The music is in common time (indicated by '4') and consists of three staves. The first two staves are in treble clef, and the third staff is in bass clef. The key signature changes throughout the piece, indicated by various sharps and flats. The lyrics are written below the staves:

To celebrate thy praise, O Lord, I will my heart prepare; To all the listening world, will I, Thy wondrous works declare.

Below the lyrics, there are numerical markings under the bass staff: 6, 6, 43, 87, 6, 3, 5, 43, 3, 6, 85, 45, 4, 6, 98, 4, 7, 4, 6, 56, 6.

♩ 100.

BEDFORD. C. M. [NO. 1.]

WHEALL.

111

Musical score for Bedford, C. M. [No. 1.]. The score consists of three staves. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff a bass clef, and the bottom staff a bass clef. The key signature is one flat. The time signature is common time (indicated by '3'). The music features eighth-note patterns and rests. The lyrics are as follows:

Lord, thou wilt hear me when I pray, I am for - ev - er thine; I fear before thee all the day, Nor will I dare to sin.

Below the score are the corresponding chords: 6, 6, 5 $\frac{6}{4}$, 3, 6, 5 $\frac{6}{4}$, 6, 4, 7, 6, 6, 5 $\frac{6}{4}$, 3, 6, 6, 4, 7.

♩ 100.

BEDFORD. C. M. [NO. 2.]

Musical score for Bedford, C. M. [No. 2.]. The score consists of three staves. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff a bass clef, and the bottom staff a bass clef. The key signature is one flat. The time signature is common time (indicated by '2'). The music features eighth-note patterns and rests. The lyrics are as follows:

Let all the lands, with shouts of joy, To God their voices raise; Sing psalms in honor of his name, And spread his glorious praise.

Below the score are the corresponding chords: 6, 6, 4, 3, 5 6, 5 5 7, 5 6, 6, #6 3, 5 6, 6, 6, 4, 5, 8 7.

As pants the hart for cooling streams, When heated in the chase, So longs my soul, O God, for thee, And thy re-freshing grace.

6 5 3 87 43 6 3 43 65 43 3 6 43 98 65 6 98 76 6 57

Ye humble souls, approach your God With songs of sacred praise ; For he is good, supremely good, And kind are all his ways, And kind are all his ways.

7 87 43 87 43 4 - 7 6 3 56 4 87

2d ending.

Musical score for "MEDFORD. C. M." in common time (indicated by '3'). The score consists of two staves. The first staff uses a treble clef, and the second staff uses a bass clef. The music features a mix of eighth and sixteenth notes. Measure numbers 1 through 16 are indicated below the bass staff. The lyrics are as follows:

What shall I render to my God, For all his kindness shown? My feet shall visit thine abode, My songs address thy throne.

Measure numbers: 6, 3, 56, 1, 7, 8-7, 65, 4, 7, 43, 3, 43, 6, 43, 43, 6, 3, 6, 4, 9, 6, 3, 6, 4, 9

96.

DORCHESTER. C. M.

Musical score for "DORCHESTER. C. M." in common time (indicated by '3'). The score consists of two staves. The first staff uses a treble clef, and the second staff uses a bass clef. The music features a mix of eighth and sixteenth notes. Measure numbers 1 through 16 are indicated below the bass staff. The lyrics are as follows:

Father of mercies! in thy word, What endless glo - ry shines; For - ev - er be thy name a - dored, For these ce - les - tial lines.

Measure numbers: 6, 9, 6, 4, 7, 85, 6, 6, 6, 5, 4, 5, 32, 87, 45, 56, 4, 9

Salvation, O the joyful sound! 'Tis pleasure to our ears; A sovereign balm for every wound, A cordial for our fears.

♪ 84.

Early, my God, without delay, I haste to seek thy face; My thirsty spirit faints a-way, My thirsty spirit faints a-way, Without thy cheering grace.

Come, sound aloud Je - hovah's name, And in his strength rejoice, When his sal - vation is our theme, Ex - alted be our voice.

With thanks approach his awful sight, And psalms of honor sing; The Lord's a God of boundless might, The whole cre - ation's King.

Unison.

'Let heaven a - rise, let earth appear!' Thus said th'almighty Lord; The heavens arose, the earth appeared, At his cre - at - ing word.

$\frac{4}{2} \frac{6}{3} \frac{6}{4} \frac{7}{6} \frac{6}{4} \frac{5}{7} \frac{5}{6} \frac{4}{3} \frac{7}{6} \frac{6}{5} \frac{4}{3} \frac{8}{5} \frac{6}{4} \frac{5}{3}$

Thick darkness brooded o'er the deep: God said, 'Let there be light!' The light shone round with smiling ray And scattered ancient night.

$\frac{6}{4} \frac{5}{6} \frac{6}{7} \frac{6}{4} \frac{5}{7} \frac{6}{5} \frac{6}{4} \frac{5}{6} \frac{6}{5} \frac{6}{4} \frac{5}{3} \frac{6}{4} \frac{5}{3} \frac{6}{4} \frac{5}{3}$

Musical score for "Peterborough, C. M." in G major, 2/2 time. The score consists of three staves of music. The first two staves are in G major, and the third staff begins in A major. Measure numbers 1 through 12 are indicated above the staves. The lyrics are as follows:

Once more, my soul, the rising day, Salates thy waking eyes: Once more, my voice, thy tribute pay, To him who rules the skies.

Accompaniment figures are provided below the staves, with measure numbers 6, 87, and 57 marked.

Musical score for "Arlington, C. M." in G major, 3/2 time. The score consists of three staves of music. The first two staves are in G major, and the third staff begins in A major. Measure numbers 1 through 12 are indicated above the staves. The lyrics are as follows:

Jesus, I love thy charming name, 'Tis music to my ear; Fain would I sound it out so loud, That earth and heaven should hear.

Accompaniment figures are provided below the staves, with measure numbers 6, 3, 4, 3, 6, 4, 6, 6, 4, 3, and 5 marked.

FERRY. C. M. [MAJOR MODE.]

WEBBE.

In all my vast concerns with thee, In vain my soul would try, To shun thy presence, Lord, or flee The notice of thine eye.

88.

The musical score consists of three staves of music in common time (indicated by '2'). The first two staves are in G major (one sharp), and the third staff is in F major (one sharp). The vocal line is supported by a harmonic bass line. Measure numbers 1 through 12 are indicated below the notes. The lyrics are placed between the first and second staves.

FERRY. C. M. [MINOR MODE.]

In all my vast concerns with thee, In vain my soul would try, To shun thy presence, Lord, or flee The notice of thine eye.

80.

The musical score consists of three staves of music in common time (indicated by '2'). The first two staves are in A minor (no sharps or flats), and the third staff is in F minor (one flat). The vocal line is supported by a harmonic bass line. Measure numbers 1 through 12 are indicated below the notes. The lyrics are placed between the first and second staves.

Musical score for MEDFIELD, C. M. The music is in common time (indicated by '2') and consists of two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef, and the bottom staff uses an alto clef. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The lyrics are:

In early morn, without delay, O Lord, I seek thy face; My thirsty spirit faints away, Without thy cheering grace.

The music includes a measure of sixteenth-note patterns followed by a series of rests. The bass staff provides harmonic support with sustained notes and eighth-note patterns. Measure numbers 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10 are indicated below the staves. A 'Tasto.' instruction is placed between measures 9 and 10. The bass staff concludes with measure numbers 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9.

Musical score for DUNDEE, C. M. The music is in common time (indicated by '2') and consists of three staves. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff uses an alto clef, and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The lyrics are:

Let not despair, nor fell revenge, Be to my bosom known; O give me tears for others' woes, And patience for my own.

The music features a steady pattern of eighth-note chords across all three staves. Measure numbers 6, 7, and 8 are indicated below the staves.

Third line, as found in the old German copies.

Sing to the Lerd, ye distant lands, Ye tribes of every tongue ; His new discevered grace demands, A new and nebler seng.

* The melody of this tune (with the exception of the third line) has here been restored to its original form. It is found among the old German Chorals, and was without doubt composed by Luther.

2d ending.

With reverence let the saints appear, And bow before the Lerd ; His high commands with reverence hear, And tremble at his word.

How blest is he, who ne'er consents, By ill advice to walk; Nor stands in sinners' ways, nor sits, Where men profanely talk.

6 # 6 6 6 4 6 g 37

* From "The whole Book of Psalms," published by Thomas Ravenscroft, London, 1633.

God, my sup-port-er and my hope, My help for ev-er near; Thine arm of mercy held me up, When sinking in despair.

6 6 6 6 #7 6 4 6 4 6 87 57

122 ♩ 100.

MEAR. C. M.

O 'twas a joyful sound, to hear, Our friends de - vot - ly say, 'Up, Israel, to the temple haste, And keep the festal day.'

87 3 6 4 6 6 $\frac{#}{3}$ 57 6 43 3 6 $\frac{16}{3}$ 87 5 4 7

♩ 92.

CHELTENHAM. C. M.

RAVENS CROFT.
2d ending.

My God, my everlasting hope, I live upon thy troth ; Thy hands have held my childhood up, Thou hast preserved my youth.

6 6 6 6 - 5 6 $\frac{57}{4}$ 6 56 87 # $\frac{5}{5}$ 87 5 57 87 87 87 $\frac{87}{4}$

3

Far from the world, O Lord, I flee, From strife and tumult far ; From scenes where sin is waging still, Its most suc - cess - ful war.

(Accompaniment chords below staff 3: 6 4 3, 5 5 6, 4 5, 6 6, 3 3, 4 5, 6 6, 4 5, 6 6, 4 5, 6 3 7, 4 4 3 7)

Sing to the Lord, Je - ho - vah's name, And in his strength rejoice ; When his sal - va - tion is our theme, Ex - alt - ed be our voice.

(Accompaniment chords below staff 3: 7 6 3, 4 5 2, 6 6 7, 4 3 6 4, 6 5 4 3, 6 5 4 3, 6 6 7)

Salvation, O the joyful sound, 'Tis pleasure to our ears; A sovereign balm for every wound, A cordial for our fears.

6 7 6 85 45 7 - 3 3 23 32 87 63 43 6 65 47

Glory, honor, praise, and power, Be unto the Lamb forever, Jesus Christ is our Redeemer ! Hal-le - lu-jah ! Hal-le - lu-jah ! Hal-le-lu - jah ! Praise the Lord !

3 6 3 6 6 4 3 6 3 7 7 6 4 6 6 9 7

Musical score for York, C. M. [No. 1.]. The score consists of four staves of music in common time (indicated by '2'). The key signature is one sharp (F#). The vocal parts are arranged as follows: Bass (Bassoon), Tenor (Oboe), Alto (Flute), and Soprano (Clarinet). The lyrics are: "Thee we adore, e - ternal name, And humbly own to thee, How feeble is our mortal frame, What dying worms are we!" The bass staff has a bassoon part with a continuous eighth-note bass line. The tenor staff has an oboe part. The alto staff has a flute part. The soprano staff has a clarinet part. Measure numbers 6, 5, 4, and 7 are indicated below the bass staff.

Musical score for York, C. M. [No. 2.]. The score consists of four staves of music in common time (indicated by '2'). The key signature is one sharp (F#). The vocal parts are arranged as follows: Bass (Bassoon), Tenor (Oboe), Alto (Flute), and Soprano (Clarinet). The lyrics are: "Thee we adore, e - ternal name, And humbly own to thee, How feeble is our mortal frame, What dying worms are we!" The bass staff has a bassoon part with a continuous eighth-note bass line. The tenor staff has an oboe part. The alto staff has a flute part. The soprano staff has a clarinet part. Measure numbers 6, 5, 6, 4, and 7 are indicated below the bass staff.

* In this copy, the principal melody is given to the Tenor.

A musical score for 'Great Milton' in C. M. [Double] time. The score consists of two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The bottom staff uses a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The music features eighth-note patterns and rests. Measure numbers 6, 6, 6, 87, 57, 6, 6, 5, #6, 3, 3, 65, 6, 6, 6, 56, 6, 4, 6, 87, 57 are indicated below the notes. The lyrics are:

Thou art my portion, O my God, Soon as I know thy way, My heart makes haste t'o - bey thy word, And suffers no delay.

The continuation of the musical score for 'Great Milton'. The top staff continues with eighth-note patterns and rests. The bottom staff begins with a rest followed by eighth-note patterns. Measure numbers 65, 87, 65, 43, 87, 65, 87, 65, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 4, 3, 6, 6, 4, 87 are indicated below the notes. The lyrics are:

I choose the path of heavenly truth, And glory in my choice: Not all the riches of the earth, Could make me so rejoice.

Come, let us join our cheerful songs, With angels round the throne; Ten thousand thousand are their tongues, But all their joys are one.

4 363 43 6 85 63 6 3#2 6 66 #7 3 3 785 45 857 37 43 3343 38 43 43 6 4 7

While shepherds watched their flocks by night, All seated on the ground, All seated on the ground, The angel of the Lord came down, And glory shone around, And glory shone around.

6 47 6 43 53 5 43 43 6 7 86 87

O thou, to whom all creatures bow, Within this earthly frame, Through all the world how great art thou, How glorious is thy name!

65 6 66 57 34 5 4 543 3 656 6 6 64 57

Hope looks beyond the bounds of time, When, what we now deplore, Shall rise in full im-mor-tal prime, And bloom to fade no more.

6 6 4 5 4 # 6 3 6 - 6*6 6 3 6 6 6 4 57

1. Let all the lands, with shouts of joy, To God their voices raise; Sing psalms in honor of his name, And spread his glorious praise.

Note below staff: 6 3 6 6 8 6 6 4 4 3 6 3 6 8 7

2. And let them say, 'How dreadful, Lord, In all thy works art thou; Beneath thy power, thy stubborn foes Shall all be forced to bow.'

Note below staff: 6 #6 3 # - 6#6 6 # 6#6 6 #6 3 # 2 2 1 2 2 2 7

My God, my portion, and my hope, My ev - er - last-ing all! I've none but thee in heaven above, Or on this earthly ball.

$\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{6}{6}$ $\frac{6}{6}$ $\frac{4}{4}$ $\frac{5}{7}$ $\frac{6}{6}$ $\frac{7}{7}$ $\frac{6}{6}$ $\frac{7}{7}$ $\frac{3}{3}$ $\frac{6}{6}$ $\frac{6}{5}$ $\frac{7}{7}$

O 'twas a joyful sound, to hear, Our friends devoutly say, 'Up, Israel, to the temple haste, And keep the festal day.'

$\frac{8}{8}$ $\frac{7}{7}$ $\frac{6}{6}$ $\frac{3}{3}$ $\frac{6}{6}$ $\frac{7}{7}$ $\frac{5}{5}$ $\frac{4}{4}$ $\frac{6}{6}$ $\frac{7}{7}$ $\frac{6}{3}$ $\frac{6}{6}$ $\frac{7}{7}$ $\frac{5}{5}$

A musical score for four voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) in common time, treble clef, and G major. The vocal parts are arranged in two staves, with the Alto and Bass parts on the bottom staff. The lyrics "Awake, my soul, stretch every nerve, And press with vigor on: A heavenly race demands thy zeal, A bright immortal crown." are centered below the music. The score includes dynamic markings such as forte and piano, and various rests and note heads.

Awake, my soul, stretch every nerve, And press with vigor on: A heavenly race demands thy zeal, A bright immortal crown.

How vain are all things here below! How false, and yet how fair! Each pleasure hath its poison too, And every sweet a snare.

How vain are all things here below ! How false, and yet how fair ! Each pleasure hath its poison too, And every sweet a snare.

O all ye nations, praise the Lord, Each with a different tongue; In every language learn his word, And let his name be sung.

In God's own house pronounce his praise, His grace he there reveals; To heaven your joy and wonder raise, For there his glory dwells.

Unison. 6 7 4 3 8 7 9 8 6 5 9 3 7 4 3 6 6 4 3 4 6 6 4 3 4 6 6 4 5 7

2d ending.

Let Zion and her sons rejoice, Behold the promised hour ! Her God hath heard her mourning voice, And comes t'exalt his power.

6 8 7 4 3 6 6 4 5 7 4 3 6 6 4 3 2 6 6 6 4 8 7 4 6 6 4 7

2d ending.

1. I love to steal awhile away, From every cumbersome care, And spend the hours of setting day, In humble, grateful prayer.

2. I love to think on mercies past, And future good implore; And all my cares and sorrows cast, On him whom I adore.

6 7 6 7 6 5 6 4 5 6 5 6 4 7 6 6 4 5

M

Come, let us lift our joyful eyes Up to the courts above, And smile to see our Father there, And smile to see our Father there, Upon a throne of love.

[DOUBLE.]

[MORAVIAN TUNE.]

I'm not ashamed to own my Lord, Or to defend his cause,

Maintain the honor of his word, The glo-ry of his cross. Jesus, my God! I know his name, His name is all my trust;

Nor will he put my soul to shame, Nor let my hope be lost.

Fine.

Musical score for Howard's C. M. Major Mode, page 100. The score consists of three staves of music. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff an alto clef, and the bottom staff a bass clef. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The time signature varies between common time (indicated by a 'C') and 3/4 time. The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes, with rests and dynamic markings like 'p' (piano) and 'ff' (fortissimo). The lyrics are written below the staves:

Lord, hear the voice of my complaint, Accept my secret prayer; To thee alone, my King, my God, Will I for help repair.

Below the lyrics are the corresponding rhythmic patterns for each staff, indicated by numbers under the notes.

Musical score for Howard's C. M. Minor Mode, page 88. The score consists of three staves of music. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff an alto clef, and the bottom staff a bass clef. The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The time signature varies between common time (indicated by a 'C') and 3/4 time. The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes, with rests and dynamic markings like 'p' (piano) and 'ff' (fortissimo). The lyrics are written below the staves:

Lord, hear the voice of my complaint, Ac - cept my secret prayer; To thee a - lone, my King, my God, Will I for help repair.

Below the lyrics are the corresponding rhythmic patterns for each staff, indicated by numbers under the notes.

Now let Je - ho - vah be adored, On whom our hopes depend; For who, ex - except the mighty Lord, His people can defend?

♩ 96.

ALBOROUGH. C. M.

V. NOVELLO.

2d ending.

O praise the Lord with one consent, And magnify his name; Let all the servants of the Lord, His worthy praise proclaim.

P 100.

JORDAN. C. M.

HARWOOD.

137

Shepherds rejoice, lift up your eyes, And send your fears away; News from the region of the skies! The Saviour's born to-day.

P 100.

STAMFORD. C. M.

W. TANSUR.

The glorious armies of the sky, To thee, almighty King, Harmonious anthems consecrate, And Hal-le-lu-jahs sing.

Sweet was the time when first I felt, The Saviour's pardoning blood, Applied to cleanse my soul from guilt, And bring me home to God.

[Words from Dr. Willard's Hymns.]
Soli, or Tutti.
Tutti.

God over all, to thee we bow, To thee our homage bring; Joyfully raise, anthems of praise, And loud thy wonders sing.

The various months thy goodness crowns, How beauteous are thy ways! The bleating flocks spread

6 #6 3 6 8 - 6 6 7 5 . 3 3 3 3 5 6 4 5 3 4 5 8 7

o'er the downs, And shepherds shout, And shepherds shout, And shepherds shout thy praise.

6 3 4 5 6 6 6 4 7

Come let us join our cheerful songs, With angels round the throne; Ten thousand, thousand are their tongues, But all their joys are one, But all our joys are one.

6 45 63 3 6 4 6 6 67 43 6 6 87 4 5

Hope looks beyond the bounds of time, When, what we now deplore, Shall rise in full immortal prime, And bloom to fade no more.

6 4 57 6 6 6 6 4 6 6 87

Lord, when my raptured thought surveys, Creation's beauties o'er, All nature joins to teach thy praise, And bid my soul adore.

6 7 8 7 6 #6 3 87 6 6 6 5 7

How sweet the memory of thy grace, My God, my heavenly King: Let age to age thy righteousness, In sounds of glory, sing!

23 9 4 5 33 87 6 4 87 3 4 3 3 6 5 43 6 3 6 6 4 7

As pants the hart for cooling streams, When heated in the chase, So longs my soul, O God, for thee, And thy refreshing grace.

6 6 6 8 7 2 6 5 6 3 2 6 5 6 8 7 3 4 6 5 6 4 6 8 7 2 3

2d ending.*

O praise the Lord with one consent, And mag - ni - fy his name, Let all the servants of the Lord, His worthy praise proclaim.

Unison. 6 6 6 2 6 3 Unison. 6 13 3 5 4 5 7 6 4 3 5 6 4 5 7

* Not to be used as a final close.



There is a land of pure de - light, Where saints im-mor - tal reign; E - ternal day excludes the night, And pleasures banish pain.



Sweet fields beyond the swelling flood, Stand dressed in living green; So to the Jews old Canaan stood, While Jordan rolled between.



This passage may be sung alternately by Trebles and Tenors.

There is a land of living joy, Beyond the utmost skies, Where scenes of bliss without alloy, In boundless prospect rise.

7 4 7 4 3 6 3 3 4 5 6 6 6 4 5 = 6 3 6 4 7

Blest morning, whose first opening rays, Beheld our rising God; That saw him triumph o'er the dust, And leave his last abode.

8 3 6 6 6 0 3 - 4 5 7 3 3 3 4 6 5 6 4 5 7 4 3 1 5 4 2 5 2 3 4 5 3 6 4 3 6 4 5 - 6 4 3 5 7 6 5 4 6 5 4 3 3 6 4 8 7

The musical score consists of three staves of music. The top staff is in common meter (C. M.) with a key signature of two sharps. The middle staff is also in C. M. with a key signature of two sharps. The bottom staff is in 11s & 8s with a key signature of two sharps. The lyrics are as follows:

C. M. How large the promise, how divine, To Abraham and his seed! 'I'll be a God to thee and thine,
 11s & 8s. Be joyful, ye servants and children of God, And sing of his mercy and might; With grateful de - votion, at - tend in his courts,

Chorus.
 Supply - ing all their need,' 'I'll be a God to thee and thine, Supply - ing all their need.'
 While duty and pleasure in - vite, With grateful de - votion at - tend in his courts, While duty and pleasure in - vite.

* By omitting the Ties, so as to make three syllables in a measure.

I know that my Re - deemer lives, And ev - er prays for me; Sal - vation to his saints he gives, And life and lib - er - ty.

♩ 96.

WARSAW. C. M.

A new and nobler song,

Sing to the Lord, ye distant lands, Ye tribes of every tongue ; His new discovered grace demands,

A new and nobler song, A new and nobler song.

A new and nobler song,

Now let our drooping hearts re - vive, And every tear be dry; Why should these eyes be drowned in grief, Which view a Saviour nigh?

2d ending.

Now let our drooping hearts revive, And every tear be dry; Why should these eyes be drowned in grief, Which view a Saviour nigh?

1. My soul lies cleaving to the dust, Lord, give me life di - vine ; From vain , desires and every lust, Turn off these eyes of mine.

2. Are not thy mercies sovereign still? And thou a faithful God? Wilt thou not grant me warmer zeal, To run the heavenly road?

6 $\frac{\#}{4}$ 3 6 5 7 6 $\frac{\#}{4}$ 3 6 # 5 5 6 5 6 87 # 6 5 6 6 8 7

3. Then shall I love thy gospel more, And ne'er forget thy word ; When I have felt thy quickening power To draw me to the Lord.

6 4 3 6 5 7 6 4 3 $\frac{\#}{4}$ 3 6 6 6 4 6 5 6 4 87 6 5 6 6 5 7

2d ending.

Behold thy waiting servant, Lord, Devoted to thy fear; Remember and confirm thy word, For all my hopes are there.

P 100.

SACO. C. M.

E - ternal power, al - mighty God, Who can approach thy throne; Accessless light is thine abode, To angel eyes unknown.

150 ♪ 80.

ELGIN. C. M.

That awful day will surely come, Th'appointed hour makes haste, When I must stand before my Judge, And pass the solemn test.

♪ 96.

BERWICK. C. M.

2d ending.

To celebrate thy praise, O Lord, I will my heart prepare ; To all the listening world, thy works, Thy wondrous works declare.

Teach me the measure of my days; Thou Maker of my frame; I would survey life's narrow space, And learn how frail I am.

Rebuke me not, O Lord, for - give; In mercy O reprove; And in thy mer - cy grant re - lief, Nor cast me from thy love.

My God, how many are my fears! How fast my foes increase; Their number how it mul - ti - plies, How fatal to my peace!

6 # # 6 5 6 # 6 6 8 7 * 8 7 # # 6 6 8 7

Dark was the night, and cold the ground, On which the Lord was laid; His sweat, like drops of blood, ran down, In ag - o - ny he prayed.

6 * # 6 * 6 # 8 7 6 5 4 # * 6 6 8 7

Hark! from the tombs, a doleful sound, My ears, attend the cry; Ye living men, come view the ground, Where you must shortly lie.

How oft, alas! this wretched heart, Has wandered from the Lord! How oft my roving thoughts depart, For - get - ful of his word.

Lord, what is man, poor feeble man, Born of the earth at first? His life a shadow, light and vain, Still hastening to the dust.

2d ending.

Lord, what is man, poor feeble man, Born of the earth at first? His life a shadow, light and vain, Still hastening to the dust.

BANGOR. C. M.

RAVENS CROFT.

2d ending.

Hark! from the tombs, a doleful sound, My ears attend the cry; Ye, living men, come view the ground, Where you must shortly lie.

87 - 56 87 556 6 56 4 57 # 6 6⁴₃ 67 5687 # 6 66 4 87 # 6 66 4 57 .

WENHAM. C. M.

L. MASON.

2d ending.

Teach me the measure of my days, Thou Maker of my frame; I would survey life's narrow space, And learn how frail I am.

6 6₅ # 6₄ 6 # - 6 6⁴₃ 6 6⁴₃ 6 5 4 5 = 6 3 4 4 87 # 6 3 4 4 87 .

2d ending.

Oh ! for a closer walk with Ged, A calm and heaveoly frame ; A light to shine upon the road, That leads me to the Lamb !

6[#]₆ 6 4 87 #6 * 6 - 5^b6 6 [#]6 * * 87 * 6 4 87

That awful day will sure - ly come, Th'appointed hour makes haste, When I must stand be - fore my Judge, And pass the solemn test.

6 # 6 76 4[#] 5 6 6 85 87 87 65 # - 0 76 4[#] 65

P 80.

BLACKBURN.* C. M.

157

2d ending.

Behold thy waiting servant, Lord, De - vot ed to thy fear: Remember and confirm thy word, For all my hopes are there.

6 #6 3 6 6 7 # 6 # 6 #6 3 # # 6 # # 4 3

* For this beautiful melody the author is indebted to Mr. George Pollock.—

P 80.

HAARLEM. C. M. [GERMAN TUNE.]

Strait is the way, the door is strait, That leads to joys on high; 'Tis but a few that find the gate, While crowds mistake and die.

6 # 0 7 6 # 8 7 6 # 4 # 6 5 8 7

0

2d ending.

Return, O God of love, return, Earth is a tiresome place; How long shall we, thy children, mourn, Our absence from thy face?

Behold thy waiting servant, Lord, De - vot ed to thy fear; Remember and con - firm thy word, For all my hopes are there.

By foreign streams that murmured round, While captive Israel mourned, Their mind was free—their thoughts unbound, Were still towards Zion turned.

Great God, to thee my grateful tongue, My fervent thanks shall raise; Inspire my heart to raise the song, Which cel - ebrates thy praise, Which cel - ebrates thy praise.

Music for Patmos hymn, C. M. mode, Gregorian Chant. The music consists of four staves of Gregorian chant notation. The first three staves are in common time (indicated by '2') and the fourth staff is in duple time (indicated by '3'). The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The lyrics are: "Sing to the Lord, ye distant lands, Sing loud with solemn voice; Let every tongue ex - alt his praise, And every heart rejoice." Measure numbers 6, 7, 6, 4, #3, 7 are indicated below the fourth staff.

Music for Miletus hymn, S. M. mode, Chant. The music consists of four staves of Gregorian chant notation. The first three staves are in common time (indicated by '2') and the fourth staff is in duple time (indicated by '3'). The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The lyrics are: "Is this the kind re - turn, Are these the thanks we owe; Thus to abuse e - ternal love, Whence all our blessings flow?" Measure numbers 556, 6, 4, #3, 7, 5, 6, *, 6, 5, #3 are indicated below the fourth staff.

2d ending.

P 100.

2d ending.

Let songs of endless praise, From every nation rise ; Let all the lands their tribute raise, To God, who rules the skies.

R. HARRISON.

2d ending.

Let differing nations join, To cele - brate thy fame ; Let all the world, O Lord, combine, To praise thy glorious name.

2d ending.

Ye saints, in concert join, Your tuneful voices raise; And cel - e - brate in songs divine, Your great Cre - ator's praise

6 7 6 4 3 6 4 3 6 6 5 6 5 6 6 4 8 7 6 6 4 7

Yo saints, in concert join, Your tuneful voi - ces raise; And celebrate in songs divine, Your great Cre - ator's praise, Your great Creator's praise.

6 5 6 6 6 4 8 7 6 6 6 4 8 7 6 6 6 4 8 7 3 4 6 4 8 7

2d ending.

Musical score for Dover, S. M., 2d ending. The score consists of three staves. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff an alto clef, and the bottom staff a bass clef. All staves are in common time (indicated by a '3'). The key signature is one flat. The music features a mix of eighth and sixteenth notes. Measure numbers 6, 3, 6, 4, 87, 3, 6, 6, 3, 6, - 6, 4, 87, 0, 6, 6, 4 are placed below the staves. The lyrics "Great is the Lord our God, And let his praise be great; He makes the church his blest abode, His most delightful seat." are centered under the middle staff.

♩ 100.

SUTTON. S. M.

Musical score for Sutton, S. M. The score consists of three staves. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff an alto clef, and the bottom staff a bass clef. All staves are in common time (indicated by a '3'). The key signature is one flat. The music features a mix of eighth and sixteenth notes. Measure numbers 6, 3, 6, 6, 4, 87, 6, 3, 6, 4, 6, 3, 6, 5, 4, 3, 6, 6, 4 are placed below the staves. The lyrics "Behold the morning sun Begins his glorious way; His beams through all the nations run, And life and light convey." are centered under the middle staff.

1. O cease, my wandering soul, On restless wing to roam; All this wide world, to either pole, Has not for thee a home.

2. Behold the ark of God! Behold the open door; Oh ! haste to gain that dear a - bode, And rove, my soul, no more.

3. There, safe thou shalt abide, There, sweet shall be thy rest, And every longing sat - is - fied, With full sal - vation blest.

6 7 6 4 7 7 6 5 6 4 3 4 3 6 6 5

2d ending.*

Exalt the Lord our God, And worship at his feet; His nature is all ho-li-ness, And mercy is his seat.

7 6 6 6 5 6 4 6 4 6 4 2 6 5

* Not to be used as a final close.

First Treble.

Second Treble.

Tenor.

Base.

Is this the kind re - turn ! Are these the thanks we owe ! Thus to abuse e - ternal love, Whence all our blessings flow !

[No. 2.]

[No. 3.]

[No. 4.]

2d beginning.

Come sound his praise abroad, And hymns of glo - ry sing; Jehovah is the sovereign God, The u - niver - sal King.

Unison. 6 86 4 5 6 66 6 34 6 5 4 87 *Slow.*

* CHORUS. *Solo.* *Tutti.* Halle - lujah, Praise ye the Lord, Halle - lujah,

Solo. *Tutti.* Halle - lujah, Halle - lujah, Halle - lujah, Praise ye the Lord.

Praise ye the Lord, Halle - lujah, Halle - lujah,

Unison. *Unison.* 6 6 * 4 6 5 4 7

* This Chorus has received a new arrangement, in which the rhythm has been corrected. A regular answer to the Treble Solo is also given in the Tenor. Should any, however, prefer the Treble Solo throughout, the small notes may be used, and the Tenor Solo omitted.

BEVERIDGE. S. M.

A. WILLIAMS.

3
2

3
2

Welcome, sweet day of rest, That saw the Lord arise; Welcome to this re - vi - ving breast, And these re - joicing eyes.

3
2

3
2

UTICA. S. M.

L. MASON.

A musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) in common time. The Soprano part consists of a single melodic line on a treble clef staff. The Alto part consists of a single melodic line on a bass clef staff. The Bass part consists of a single melodic line on a bass clef staff. The lyrics are written below the bass staff. The music includes various note values such as eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. The bass staff also includes numerical and fraction markings below the notes, likely indicating fingerings or specific performance techniques.

Behold the morning sun Begins his glorious way ; His beams through all the nations run, And life and light convey.

56 65 6 56 65 6 6 437 6 6 457

My gracious God, how plain Are thy di - rections given ! O, may I never read in vain, But find the path to heaven.

* 6 65 * - 7#6 * * 33 33 6 87

[H & H.] P 22

Musical score for PELHAM. S. M. (Giardini) page 170, measures 1-8. The music is in common time with a key signature of one sharp. The vocal line consists of eighth and sixteenth notes. The piano accompaniment features sustained notes and chords. Measure 8 concludes with a fermata over the vocal line.

My soul, repeat his praise, Whose mercies are so great; Whose anger is so slow to rise, So ready to abate.

6 6 4 7 2 6 3 4 7 3 6 3 6 6 3 4 3

Musical score for PELHAM. S. M. (Giardini) page 170, measures 9-16. The vocal line continues with eighth and sixteenth notes. The piano accompaniment includes dynamic markings F., P., and F. Measure 16 concludes with a fermata over the vocal line.

F.
High as the heavens are raised Above the ground we tread, So far the riches of his grace Our highest thoughts exceed, Our highest thoughts exceed.

7 - 4 3 4 - - - - 7 4 = 3 Unison. 5 6 4 7 - - - - 6 6 4 7

P 100.

EASTBURN. S. M.

HARWOOD.

171

2d ending.

2d ending.

To God, in whom I trust, I lift my heart and voice ; O let me not be put to shame, Nor let my foes rejoice.

32 34 5 3 34 6 76 65 65 3 6 - 43 2 6 66 4 87 2 6 6 6 4 87

P 100.

CLAPTON. S. M. [CHANT.]

JONES.

2d ending.

1. Thy name, Almighty Lord, Shall sound through distant lands : Great is thy grace and sure thy word ; Thy truth forever stands.

2. Far be thine honor spread, And long thy praise endure ; Till morning light and evening shade Shall be exchanged no more.

Unison. 5 6 4 6 65 Unison 5 6 56 6 57 6 6 4 7

How pleased was I to hear, The friends of Zi - on say, 'Now to her courts let us repair, And keep the solemn day.'

6 $\frac{4}{3}$ 6 $\frac{6}{4}$ 87 6 $\frac{5}{4}$ 6 $\frac{6}{5}$ 6 $\frac{5}{4}$ 6 6 $\frac{6}{3}$ 6 6 $\frac{5}{4}$ 6 6 $\frac{6}{5}$ 57

2d ending.

My gracious God, how plain, Are thy directions given; O may I never read in vain, But find the path to heaven.

6 6 6 $\frac{4}{3}$ 6 $\frac{7}{6}$ 6 6 $\frac{6}{5}$ 6 $\frac{8}{7}$ 6 6 $\frac{6}{5}$ 6 $\frac{6}{4}$ 57

Mine eyes and my desire Are ever to the Lord; I love to plead his prom - i - ses, And rest upon his word.

3 66 6 87 47 4 87 65 56 4 57 65 56 6 87

O Lord ! accept the praise, Of these our humble songs, Till tunes of nobler sound we raise, With our immortal tongues, With our immortal tongues.

6 4 7 6 5*6 6 4 7 323 74 5 3 =3 5876 98 4 7

2d ending.

Musical score for St. Thomas Hymn, 2d ending. The score consists of four staves of music in common time (indicated by '2') and G major (indicated by a sharp symbol). The vocal parts are in soprano, alto, tenor, and bass. The lyrics are:

High as the heavens are raised, Above the ground we tread, So far the riches of thy grace, Our highest thoughts exceed.

The music includes a basso continuo part with Roman numerals below the staff, indicating harmonic changes: 6, 6*6, 4 5, 8 76, 7 4, 5, 6, 6, 6, 5*6, 6, 6, 4 87, 6, 6, 4 87.

♩ 80.

ARRANGED FROM A GREGORIAN CHANT.

2d ending.

Musical score for Olmutz Hymn, 2d ending. The score consists of four staves of music in common time (indicated by '2') and G major (indicated by a sharp symbol). The vocal parts are in soprano, alto, tenor, and bass. The lyrics are:

Your harps, ye trembling saints, Down from the willows take; Loud to the praise of love divine, Bid every string awake!

The music includes a basso continuo part with Roman numerals below the staff, indicating harmonic changes: 6, 5, *6, 6, 5, 87, 4 5, 7, 7, 6, 6, 6, 6.

P 100.

THACHER. S. M.

HANDEL.

175

To God in whom I trust, I lift my heart and voice; Oh let me not be put to shame, Nor let my foes rejoice.

87 6 4 56 7 3 6 76 6 76 6 6 6 4 3

P 96.

HAVERHILL. S. M.

Third line varied.

How gentle God's commands! How kind his precepts are! Come, cast your fears upon the Lord, And trust his constant care.

6 4 5 6 7 6 6 6 4 3

To bless thy chosen race, In mercy, Lord, incline ; And cause the brightness of thy face, On all thy saints to shine.

2d ending.

My gracious God, how plain, Are thy directions given ! Oh may I never read in vain, But find the path to heaven.

2d ending.

Musical score for Westminster Chant, 2d ending. The score consists of four staves of music in common time, key signature of two sharps. The lyrics are:

Great is the Lord our God, And let his praise be great; He makes the church his blest abode, His most delightful seat.

Below the music, the harmonic progression is indicated by Roman numerals: 6 4 6 6 4 5 7 4 6 - 4 3 6 87 6 3 6 6 7.

2d ending.

Musical score for Paddington, 2d ending. The score consists of four staves of music in common time, key signature of two sharps. The lyrics are:

Come, Holy Spirit, come; Let thy bright beams arise; Dispel the sorrows from our minds, The darkness from our eyes.

Below the music, the harmonic progression is indicated by Roman numerals: 6 4 7 6 # 6 6 4 3 3 6 56 6 87 6 56 6 57.

Thy name, almighty Lord, Shall sound through distant lands : Great is thy grace, and sure thy word, Thy truth forever stands.

Far be thine honor spread, And long thy praise endure, Till morning light and evening shade Shall be exchanged no more.

$\frac{4}{4} \frac{7}{6} \frac{5}{6} \frac{4\#}{7} \frac{7}{3} \frac{6}{4} \frac{6}{3} \frac{87}{6} \frac{4}{57}$

2d ending.*

Is this the kind return, Are these the thanks we owe ; Thus to abuse e - ternal love, Whence all our blessings flow ?

$\frac{6}{6} \frac{-4}{6} \frac{\#7}{8} \frac{6}{6} \frac{5}{6} \frac{87}{6} \frac{6}{6} \frac{\#}{6} \frac{6}{6} \frac{87}{4} \frac{\#}{6} \frac{--}{6} \frac{\#}{6}$

* Not to be used as a final close.

To God, in whom I trust, I lift my heart and voice; Oh let me not be put to shame, Nor let my foes rejoice.

And must this body die? This mortal frame de - cay? And must these active limbs of mine, Lie mouldering in the clay?

180 ♪ 80.

AYLESBURY. S. M.

DR. GREEN.

From lowest depths of woe, To God I send my cry; Lord, hear my suppliant voice, And graciously reply.

♪ 92.

DUNBAR. S. M.

CORELLI.

2d ending.

When overwhelmed with grief, My heart within me dies, Helpless and far from all relief, To heaven I lift my eyes.

See what a liv - ing stone, The builders did refuse? Yet God hath built his church thereon, In spite of envious Jews.

6 6 6 4 87 2 6 6 5 2 6 6 5 6 6 6 5 3 3 6 4 57

*2d ending.**

Is this the kind return! Are these the thanks we owe! Thus to abuse eternal love, Whence all our blessings flow?

6 # 6 6 # 5 87 # # # 6 6 87 6 #

* Not to be used as a final close.

A musical score for two voices or two staves. The top staff uses a soprano C-clef, common time, and a key signature of two flats. The bottom staff uses an alto F-clef, common time, and a key signature of two flats. The music consists of quarter notes and rests. The lyrics begin with "The Lord, my shepherd is, I shall be well supplied; Since he is mine, and I am his, What can I want beside?" with a repeat sign and a bassoon-like basso part below.

A continuation of the musical score. The top staff continues in soprano C-clef, common time, and a key signature of two flats. The bottom staff continues in alto F-clef, common time, and a key signature of two flats. The lyrics continue with "He leads me to the place, Where heavenly pastures grow, Where living waters gently pass, And full salvation flows." The music concludes with a final cadence.

P 96.

YARMOUTH. S. M.

DR. WAINWRIGHT.

183

For my desponding soul, What mercy can I find; Where is the sovereign healing balm, Of an afflicted mind?

b *b* *b* *b*

56 6 8 7 95 6 8 7 4 3 6 56 3 6 6 5 4 5 6 6 6 4 87

P 80.

CEDRON. S. M.

2d ending.*

Have mercy, Lord, on me, As thou art ever kind; Let me, oppressed with loads of guilt, Thy wonted mercy find.

*3* *2*

6 #6 6 # 5 37 6 6 # - # - # -- 6 #

* Not to be used as a final close.

2d ending.*

Welcome, sweet day of rest, That saw the Lord arise; Welcome to this re-viv-ing breast, And these rejoicing eyes.

b3

4 5 4 6 4 6 6 9 8 4 7 6 6 4 7

* Not to be used as a final close.

Where shall the man be found, That fears t' offend his God; That loves the gospel's joyful sound, And trembles at his rod?

b3

6 # 6 5 6 . 6 5 6 5 6 5 6 5 # 6 6 5 ?

Father of all, omniscient Mind, Thy wisdom who can comprehend? Its highest point, what eye can find,

Or to its lowest depths descend? Its highest point, what eye can find, Or to its lowest depths descend?

D. C.

Musical score for Milan Hymn, featuring three staves of Gregorian chant notation. The notation uses square neumes on four-line staves. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats), indicated by a B-flat symbol and a '4'. The time signature is common time (indicated by a '3'). The music consists of six lines of text, each corresponding to a line of music. The lyrics are:

Eternal Father, God of love, Oh ! hear a humble suppliant's cry ; Bend from thy lofty throne above, Thy throne of glorious majesty : D. C.
 Oh ! deign to hear my feeble voice, And bid my drooping heart rejoice.

D. C.

P 96. GLOUCESTER. L. M. 6 lines.

MILGROVE.

Musical score for Gloucester, Milgrove, and Angels of Light, featuring three staves of Gregorian chant notation. The notation uses square neumes on four-line staves. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats), indicated by a B-flat symbol and a '4'. The time signature is common time (indicated by a '2'). The music consists of three lines of text, each corresponding to a line of music. The lyrics are:

Angels of light, ethereal fires ! Arise, and sweep your awful lyres ! To you the sacred right belongs, To raise the lay, and lead our songs. D. C.

Call me away from flesh and sense, Thy word, O Lord, can draw me thence; I would o - bey the voice di - vine,

3 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5 6 5 3 2 8 3 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5 3 4 5

And all in - ferior joys re - sign, I would o - bey the voice di - vine, And all in - fe - rior joys re - sign.

3 4 5 6 6 4 8 7 3 4 6 8 7 6 5 3 4 5 5 6 6 4 6 5

A musical score for four voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) and piano. The music is in common time (indicated by '2/4'). The vocal parts are in soprano, alto, tenor, and bass clef. The piano part is in bass clef. The lyrics are: "How sweet thy dwellings, Lord, how fair; What peace, what bliss, in habit there? With ardent hope, with strong desire, I long to see thy glorious day." The piano part includes harmonic markings such as 6, 87, 4, 5, 6, and 7.

A musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) in common time, featuring a treble clef, a bass clef, and a bass clef. The vocal parts are arranged in three staves. The lyrics "My heart, my flesh" are repeated twice, followed by "to thee aspire; I burn to tread thy courts, and thee, My God, the living God, to see." Below the music, the bass line is numbered with 6, 4, 6, 5, 6, 6, 5, 6, 6, 5, 7.

Awake, our souls, away our fears, Let every trembling thought be gone! Awake, and run the heavenly race,
And put a cheerful courage on!

Awake, and run the heavenly race, And put a cheerful courage on!

Could I so false, so faithless be,
To think of once de - serting thee;
Where, Lord, could I thine influence shun?

36 54 5 6 4 7 6 4 6 6 98 4 7

Or whither from thy presence run?
Where, Lord, could I thine influence shun?
Or whither from thy presence run?

65 43 9 8 6 4 7

Let all the earth their voices raise,
To sing a lofty psalm of praise,
And bless the great Je - ho vah's name;

His glory let the heathen know,
His wonders to the nations show,
And all his works of grace pro - claim.

I'll praise my Maker with my breath, And when my voice is lost in death, Praise shall employ my nobler powers.

My days of praise shall ne'er be past, While life, and thought, and being last, Or im-mor-tal-i-ty endures.

Great God, the heaven's well ordered fraine Declares the glo - ry of thy name; There thy rich works of wonder shine:

$\begin{matrix} 6 & 3 & 3 \\ 6 & & \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 65 & 65 \\ 65 & \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 33 & \\ 33 & \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 6 & 3 & 3 \\ 6 & & \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 6 & \\ 6 & \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 87 & \\ 87 & \end{matrix}$

A thousand star - ry beauties there, A thousand radient marks appear, Of boundless power and skill divine.

Voice or Organ.
[H. & H.]

Let all the earth their voices raise, To sing a lof - ty hymn of praise, And bless the great Je - hovah's name:

His glory let the heathen know, His wonders to the nations show, And all his works of grace proclaim.

*Begin, my soul, th'ex - alted lay, Let each en - raptured thought o - bey, And praise th'Al mighty's name:

6 5 4 6 6 5 7 6 6 5 6 6 8 7 5 6 7

Lo! heaven and earth, and seas and skies, In one melodious concert rise, To swell th'in - spiring theme.

6 5 6 7 6 5 8 7

Voice or Organ.

Kew. C. P. M.

1. The joyful morn, my God, is come, That calls me to thine honored dome, Thy presence to a - dore:

2. What joy, while thus I view the day, That warms my thirsting soul away, What transports fill my breast!

Dr. Randall's Harmony

My feet the summons shall at - tend, With willing steps thy courts ascend, And tread the hallowed floor.

For lo ! my great Re - deemer's power, Unfolds the ev - er - lasting door, And leads me to his rest.

Dr. Randall's Harmony

1. O then, that hear'st the prayer of faith, Wilt thou not save a soul from death, That casts it - self on thee?

2. Slain in the guilty sinner's stead, His spotless righteous - ness I plead, And his a - vail - ing blood:

3. Then snatch me from e - ter - nal death, The spirit of a doption breathe, His con - so - la - tions send:

4. The King of terrors then would be, A welcome mes - sen - ger to me, To bid me come a - way:

I have no refuge of my own, But fly to what my Lord hath done, And suffered once for me.

Thy righteousness my robe shall be, Thy merit shall a - tone for me, And bring me near to God.

By him some word of life im - part, And sweetly whisper to my heart, 'Thy Maker is thy friend.'

Unclogged by earth or earthly things, I'd mount, I'd fly with eager wings, To ev - er - lasting day.

Father of all, e - ter - nal mind, In un - cre - at - ed light en - shined, Im - mensely good and great.

8 7 6 8 7 8 7 6 6 6 7

Thy children formed and blessed by thee, With filial love and reverence pay, Their homage at thy feet.

6 6 6 8 7 6 6 5 8 7 6 6 8 7

1. Be - gin, my soul, th'ex - alt - ed lay, Let each en - raptured thought o - bey, And praise th'Al - mighty's name.

2. Wake, all ye soaring strong, end sing, Ye feathered warblers of the string, Har - monious anthems raise.

2. Let man, by nobler passions swayed, The feeling heart, the judging head, In heavenly praise employ;

6 5 3 4 8 7 4 3 6 5 4 5 = 6 5 6 6 8 7

Lo ! heaven and earth, and seas and skies, In one melodious concert rise, To swell th'in - spiring theme.

To him who shaped your fin - er mould, Who tipped your glittering wings with gold, And tuned your voice to praise.

Spread the Cre - a - tor's name around, Till heaven's broad arch ring back the sound, In general bursts of joy.

7 6 8 5 3 7 4 4 5 3 6 6 - 3 3 4 5 6 5 4 3 8 7 4 3

How pleasant 'tis to see, Kindred and friends a - gree, Each in his proper sta - tion move,

And each fulfil his part, With sympathizing heart, In all the cares of life and love.

How pleased and blest was I,
To hear the people cry,
[omit.] 'Come, let us seek our God to-day!'

Unison.

Metric signatures below the staves: 6, 6, 3, 4, 2, 6, 6, 6, 8, 5, 4, 5.

Yes, with a cheerful zeal,
We'll haste to Zion's hill,
And there our vows and honors pay.

Metric signatures below the staves: 6, #6, 6, 5, 4, 3, 4, 6, 7, 6, 4, 7.

How pleased and blest was I, To hear the people cry, 'Come let us seek our God to-day!' Yes, with a cheerful zeal,

6 3 6 4 7 Unison. 3 - 2 3 4 5 7 3

Soli*

Tutti.

We'll haste to Zi-on's hill, And there our vows and hon-or-s pay, And there our vows and honors pay.

3 - 4 5 8 5 4 3 * Let this passage be sung alternately by Trebles and Tenors. 6 8 8 7

Musical score for hymn 96, DALSTON. S. P. M. The score consists of four staves of music in common time (indicated by '2'). The first two staves are in G minor (indicated by a 'G' with a flat), and the last two staves are in E major (indicated by an 'E' with a sharp). The music features various note patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. Measure numbers 1 through 12 are present below the staves. The lyrics are as follows:

The Lord Jehovah reigns, And royal state maintains, His head with awful glory crowned : Arrayed in robes of light, Begirt with sovereign might, And rays of majesty around.

Musical score for hymn 100, HADDAM. H. M. The score consists of four staves of music in common time (indicated by '2'). The first two staves are in A major (indicated by an 'A' with a sharp), and the last two staves are in E major (indicated by an 'E' with a sharp). The music features various note patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. Measure numbers 1 through 12 are present below the staves. The lyrics are as follows:

The Lord Jehovah reigns, His throne is fixed on high; The garments he assumes, Are light and majesty: His glories shine with beams so bright, No mortal eye can bear the sight.

O happy souls who pray, Where God appoints to hear!
O happy men, who pay Their constant service there!

They praise thee still;
And happy they, Who love the way, To Zi-on's hill.

To God the mighty Lord, Your joy - ful thanks re - peat; To him due praise af - ford,

Note below staff: 6 8 7 3 6 6 8 7 6 8 7

As good as he is great, For God does prove Our constant friend, His boundless love Shall have no end.

Note below staff: 6 4 8 7 6 3 6 5 4 8 7

Re - joice! the Lord is King! Your God and King adore! Mortals, give thanks and sing, And triumph

ev - er - more! Lift up your hearts, Lift up your voice! Rejoice! a - gain, I say, re - joice!

Unison.

3 3 3 6 6 6 7 5 4 3 4 3 2 5 4 4 6

6 8 5 4 3 5 4 3 2 1 5 4 3 2 1 5 4 3 2 1 5 4 3 2 1 5 4 3 2 1 5 4 3 2 1

5 6 7 8 5 4 3 2 1 5 6 7 8 5 4 3 2 1 5 6 7 8 5 4 3 2 1

WATERTOWN. H. M.

Lord of the worlds a - bove, How pleasant and how fair. The dwell - ings of thy love, Thine earth - ly
 4 6 6 87 6 6 6

tem - ples are; To thine a - bode My heart as - -pires, With warm de - -sires To see my God.
 6 7 6 4 6 7 3234 6 6 7

1. Welcome, de - light - - ful morn, Thou day of sa - - - cred rest; I hail thy kind re - - turn,

2. Now may the King de - scend, And fill his throne of grace; Thy sceptre - - tre, Lord, ex - tend,

3. De - scend, ce - - - - les - tial Dove, With all thy quick' - - ning pow'r's; Dis - close a Sa - - viour's love, .

6 6 7 82 87 65 43 6 6 4 7

Lord, make these moments blest: From the low train of mor - tal toys, I soar to reach im - mor - - tal joys.

While saints ad - - dress thy face: Let sin - - ners feel thy quick' - ning word, And learn - to know and fear the Lord.

And bless the --- sa - - cred hours; Then shall my soul new life ob - tain, Nor Sabbaths be indulg'd in vain.

87 65 43 6 6 4 7

5 S2 6 4 5 6 6 5 4 5 6 6 5 7

SHAFTSBURY. H. M.

W. Burney.

Musical score for "SHAFTSBURY. H. M." by W. Burney, page 210, measure 112. The score consists of four staves of music in common time (indicated by a 'C') and G major (indicated by a 'G' with a sharp sign). The first three staves begin with a treble clef, while the fourth staff begins with a bass clef. The key signature changes to E major (two sharps) at the start of the second system. The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. The lyrics are as follows:

A - - wake, cur droway souls, And burst the slothful band; The wonders of this day,
 Our noblest songs de - mand. Au - spi - cious morn, Thy blissful rays Bright seraphs hail, In songs of praise.

Below the music, the bass line is indicated with a bass clef and a bass staff, showing notes such as #, 6, 6, 6, 4, 87, 6, 4, 7, 6, 6, 56, 6, 4, 87.

Lord of the worlds a - hove, How pleasant and how fair, The dwellings of thy love, Thy earthly

7 56 6 4 7

temples are: To thine a - bode My heart aspires With warm de - sires To see my God.

7 87 6 4 85 4 5 6 87

All hail, triumphant Lord, Who sav'st us by thy blood; Wide be thy name ador'd, Thou ris-ing; reigning God.

6 5 6 4 5 6 5 4 3 4 6 6 7

f.

With thee we rise, With thee we reign, And empires gain Beyond the skies—With thee we rise, With thee we reign, And empires gain Beyond the skies.

8 7 6 5 4 3 F — 7 — 5 3 3 5 — 9 8 6 8 7 4

P 80.

HARWICH. H. M.

213

I give immortal praise, To God the Father's love, For all my comforts here, And better hopes above: He sent his own E - ter - nal Son, To die for crimes That man had done.

6 6 6 7 6 5 6 6 7 6 7

P 80.

DARWELL's. H. M.

Rev. Dr. Darwell.

Awake! awake! arise, And hail the glorious morn: Hark! how the angels sing, "To you a Saviour's born." Now let our hearts, In concert move, And ev'ry tongue Be tun'd to love.

Tasto. 6 6 4 65 # 7 # - 6 6 87 6 4 8 6 6 3 6 4 6 6 6 57

1. My soul lies humbled in the dust, And owns the dreadful sentence just : Look down, O Lord, with pitying eye, And save the soul condemned to die.

4 5 6 7 8 7 6 5 6 4 5 7 6 5 4 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

♩ 96.

RAMAH. L. M. [MAJOR MODE.]

2. Then will I tell the world thy ways, And men shall learn thy saving grace ; I'll lead them to a Saviour's blood, And they shall praise a pardoning God.

7 6 8 7 6 5 4 3 #6 5 6 6 5 4 3 7 5 6 7 6 5 4 3 6 5 4 3 2 1

♩ 80

PLAINFIELD. H. M.

♩ 120.

215

PLAINFIELD. H. M. ♩ 80

I give immortal praise, To God the Father's love, For all my comforts here, And better hopes above: He sent his own E - ter - nal Son, To die for crimes That man had done.

♩ 120.

EDYFIELD. 3 Sevens. C. L. Latrobe.

6 6 6 2 6 4 3 6 #6 4 6 6 6 4 7 8 7 5 2 4 6 5 3 6 4 5 7 3 6 6 7 4

♩ 92.

EDYFIELD. 3 Sevens.

C. L. Latrobe.

EDYFIELD. 3 Sevens. C. L. Latrobe.

Lord, submissive make us go! Gladly leaving all below; Only thou our leader be, And we then will follow thee.

6 4 6 4 6 87 6 — 6 5 6 5 6 6 6 6 4 6 6 6 6 4

HOTHAM. Sevens.

Dr. Madan.

1. Jesus refuge of my soul, Let me to thy bosom fly; While the raging billows roll, While the tempest still is high; All my trust on

2. Other refuge have I none,—Helpless hangs my soul on thee! Leave, oh! leave me not alone! Still support and comfort me! Hide me, O my

6 6 6 7 43 4 2 6 6 7 6 6 6 5 43 65 43 6 6 4 2 6 6 4 87 6 6 4 3

thee is stay'd; All my hope from thee I bring; Cover my defenceless head, With the shadow of thy wing— With the shadow of thy wing.

Saviour! hide, Till the storm of life be past; Safe in - to the haven guide— Oh, receive— Oh, receive— Oh, receive my soul at last.

5 8 7 6 5 5 6 6 6 4 87 6 4 -3 6 7 8 6 4 9 6 4 5 5 6 6 4 87

100.

PRENTISS. 7's.

217

Haste, O Sinner, now be wise, Stay not for the morrow's sun, Wisdom, if you still despise, Harder is it to be won.

7 6 $\frac{6}{3}$ $\frac{6}{5}$ 5 6 6 6 6 5

100.

NUREMBURG. 7's.

Once I thought my mountain strong, Firmly fix'd, no more to move;
Then my Saviour was my song, Then my soul was fill'd with love; Those were happy, golden days, Sweetly spent in prayer and praise.

H & H 6 28 6 6 5
T 43 6 6 5

NORWICH. Sevens.

L. Mason.

1. Gently glides the stream of life, Oft a-long the flow'ry vale; Or im-petuous down the cliff, Rushing, roars when storms as-sail.
 2. 'Tis an ever varied flood, Always rolling to its sea; Slow, or quick, or mild, or rude, Tending to e-ter-ni-ty.

6 6 7 6 6 5 6 # 6 6 6 4 7 #

100.

ROTTERDAM. 7's.

All ye nations, praise the Lord, All ye lands, your voices raise; Heav'n and earth, with loud accord, Praise the Lord, for-ev-er praise.

6 5 5 6 6 7 5 8 7 6 7 4 6 6 8 7 6 6 6 5 9 8 7

Son of God, thy bles - sing grant! Still supply my ev' - ry want: Tree of life, thine in - fluence shed,
 With thy sap my spir - it feed— Tree of life, thine influence shed, With thy sap my spir - it feed.

6 8 7 6 5 7 6 4 8 6 5 6 6 7
 4 6 5 4 3 9 8 4 3 4 5 6 7
 6 4 5 4 3 6 5 6 6 7
 4 6 5 4 3 6 5 6 6 7

Son of God, thy bles - sing grant! Still supply my ev' - ry want: Tree of life, thine in - fluence shed,
 With thy sap my spir - it feed— Tree of life, thine influence shed, With thy sap my spir - it feed.

6 = 7 6 7 6 5 6 6 7 6 5 9 6 6 4 8 7
 4 4 6 5 4 3 6 5 6 6 4 8 7
 6 4 5 4 3 6 5 6 6 4 8 7

ALCESTER. Sevens.

Now the shades of night aro gone, Now the morning light is come, Lord, may we be thine to-day, Drive the shades of sin a-way.

56 56 6 6 5— 6 6 5 43 65 6 6 65 6 43 6 98 65 6 5 6 43 6 98 65 6 5 6 4 87

• 80.

ALSEN. 7's, or 8's & 7's.

F. L. Abel.

Sovereign Ruler of the skies, Ever gracious, ever wise; All my times are in thy hand, All e - vents at thy command.

6 4 65 7 65 6 6 87 6 7 4 6 5 3 5 65 6 13 5 6 65 6 6 4 5 7

100.

NAPLES. Sevens.

Pleyel.

221

Sov'reign Ruler, Lord of all, Prostrate at thy feet I fall; Hear, O hear, my ardent cry; Frown not, lest I faint and die.

6 6 7 6 4 6 6 5 7 4 6 5 6 6 5 7 5 6 6 6 4 5 7

112.

PILTON. Sevens.

Weldon.

Praise to God, immortal praise, For the love that crowns our days; Bounteous Source of ev'ry joy, Let thy praise our tongues employ

S 3 6, 6 6 7, T2, u, 6 #4 3, 6 3, 6 7 8 7 6 5, 6 5, 6 3 4, 6 6 7

SABBATH. 7's. 6 lines.

A musical score for a seven-part setting (7's) on six staves. The music is in common time and major key. The vocal parts are arranged in two systems. The first system consists of three staves: the top staff (C-clef), the middle staff (C-clef), and the bottom staff (C-clef). The second system also consists of three staves: the top staff (C-clef), the middle staff (C-clef), and the bottom staff (C-clef). The lyrics are provided below the staves.

Sistema 1:

- Top Staff:** Safely through another week; God has brought us on our way; Let us now a blessing seek,
- Middle Staff:** 6 $\frac{6}{4} \sharp$ 5 \sharp 6 6 6 87 6 6 #

Sistema 2:

- Top Staff:** Waiting in his courts to - day; Day of all the week the best, Emblem of e - ter nal rest.
- Middle Staff:** 6 6 5 6 6 6 $\frac{6}{5}$ 6 $\frac{6}{4} \sharp$ 8 \sharp 7 6 5

Keep me, Saviour, near thy side, Let thy counsel be my guide; Never let me from thee rove, Sweetly draw me—Sweetly draw me—Sweetly draw me by thy love.

6 5 4 3 #6 6 6 5 4 #
8 7 6 5 8 6 6 5 4 3 8 7 4 3
5 6 6 5 6 6 6 8 7
Winter.

92.

RUTLAND.

Sevens.

D. C.

D. C..

D. C.

D. C.

Weary souls, that wander wide, From the central point of bliss, Turn to Je-sus crucified, Fly to those dear wounds of his.

Sink in - - to the pur - ple flood, Rise in - - to the life of God.

D. C.

BATH ABBEY. 7's, or 8's & 7's.

Milgrove.

High in yon - der realms of light, Far above these lower skies, Fair and ex - quis - ite - ly bright, Heav'n's un - sad - ing mansions rise.

43 6 7 4 3 6 7 4 3 6 6 6 5 6 7 9 8 6 6 4 5

Built of pure and massy gold, Strong and du rá - - ble are they; Deck'd with gems of worth un - told, Subjected to no de - cay.

5 6 7, 6 5, 4 3, 2 8, 7, 4, 3 6, 5, 4, 3, 6, 7, 9, 8, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2 8, 7

P. 88.

PLEYEL's HYMN.*

7's.

PLEYEL.

225

Children of the heavenly King, As ye journey sweetly sing; Sing your Saviour's worthy praise, Glorious in his works and ways.

* The key of G (in which this piece was originally written) will be found best for many choirs

P. 88.

LINCOLN. 7's.

DR. BOYCE.

Morning breaks upon the tomb, Jesus dissipates the gloom: Day of triumph through the skies, See the glorious Saviour rise.

[H. & H.]

Lord, we come before thee now, At thy feet we humbly bow; Oh do not our suit disdain, Shall we seek thee, Lord, in vain?

3 6 3 5 3 7 5 8 #4 6 6 6 4 #7 4 6 - 3 4 5 4 6 6 5 5 8 7

2 100.

ADULLUM. 7's.

Children of the heavenly King, As ye journey sweetly sing! Sing your Saviour's worthy praise, Glorious in his works and ways, Glorious in his works and ways.

6 4 4 5 6 4 3 6 4 5 4 5 4 #6 6 4 5 6 4 3

80.

GREENVILLE. 8's & 7's, or 8's, 7's & 4.

Fine.

Rousseau.

227

D.C.

Musical score for Greenville Hymn, 80. The score consists of four staves of music in common time (indicated by a 'C'). The key signature varies between G major (two sharps), C major (no sharps or flats), and F major (one sharp). The music is written using a dot-based notation system. The lyrics are as follows:

Gently, Lord, O! gently lead us, Thro' this lowly vale of tears; And O Lord, in mercy give us, Thy rich grace in all our fears!

Oh refresh us, Oh re - fresh us, Oh refresh us with thy grace.

Accompaniment figures are provided below the staves, with numerical markings such as 6, 7, 6, 6, 7, 6, 3, 3, 6, 6.

52.

SICILIAN HYMN. 7's, or 8's & 7's.

Musical score for Sicilian Hymn, 52. The score consists of four staves of music in common time (indicated by a 'C'). The key signature varies between G major (two sharps), C major (no sharps or flats), and F major (one sharp). The music is written using a dot-based notation system. The lyrics are as follows:

1. Lord, dismiss us with thy blessing, Fill our hearts with joy and peace; Let us all thy love possessing, Triumph in re - deem - ing grace.

2. Thanks we give, and ado - ra - tion, For the gospel's joyful sound; May the fruit of thy sal - vation In our hearts and lives be found.

3. Jesus, thou art all com - passion: Pure, un - bounded love thou art, Visit us with thy sal - vation, Enter ev'ry trembling heart.

Accompaniment figures are provided below the staves, with numerical markings such as 5, 6, 5, 5, 6, 5, 6, 7, 6, 3, 7, 8, 7, 6, 5, 8, 6, 6, 6, 8, 7.

Lovely is the face of nature, Decked with spring's unfolding flowers; While the sun shows every feature, Smiling through descending showers.

7 3 6 5 6 4 5 6 6 4 3 6 5 4 7

♩ 96.

WORTHING. 8's. & 7's.

SCHELZ.

Glorious things of thee are spoken, Zion, city of our God; He whose word cannot be broken, Formed thee for his own abode.

7 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 8 3 5 6 5 6 6 5 6 - 5 6 6 5 7 9 8

Musical score for "GREECE" featuring two staves of music with lyrics underneath. The music is in common time, mostly in G major (indicated by a C with a sharp sign) and includes some changes in key signature (e.g., E major indicated by a C with a sharp sign and a C with a flat sign). The first staff begins with a treble clef, and the second staff begins with a bass clef. The lyrics are as follows:

Lord, dismiss us with thy blessing, Fill our hearts with joy and peace; Let us, each thy love pos - sess - ing,

6 7 6 4 6 87 4 6 6 3 3

Triumph in re - deem - ing grace. Oh! re - fresh us! Oh! refresh us! trav'ling thro' this wil - der - ness.

6 6 7 6 6 56 6 6 7 6 6 6 87

$\frac{6}{3 \frac{1}{2}}$ 6 $\frac{7}{3}$ $\frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{87}{4}$ U

Gently, Lord, oh gently lead us, Thro' this lowly vale of tears; And, O Lord, in mercy give us, Thy rich grace in all our fears;

6 4 6 4 6 4 6 4 6 - 4 87 93 6 4 6 76 6 4 3 5 6 6 98 6 4 7

Oh! refresh us with thy blessing: Oh! refresh us with thy grace—Oh! re - fresh us—Oh! refresh us—Oh! refresh us with thy grace.

6 5 6 5 84 2 6 4 6 4 7 76 4 3 6 6 6 4 7

Musical score for Jerauld. 8's & 7's. The score consists of four staves of music in common time (indicated by a 'C'). The key signature is mostly C major (no sharps or flats). The vocal line includes lyrics: "When the winter's tempest lowers, O'er a bleak and cloudy sky, Nature's fading fruits and flowers, Hang their drooping heads and die." The music concludes with a repeat sign and the number 88.

When the winter's tempest lowers, O'er a bleak and cloudy sky, Nature's fading fruits and flowers, Hang their drooping heads and die.

88.

TAMWORTH.

8's, 7's, & 4.

Lockhart.

Musical score for Tamworth. The score consists of four staves of music in common time (indicated by a 'C'). The key signature is mostly C major (no sharps or flats). The vocal line includes lyrics: "Lo! he comes, with clouds descending, Once for favour'd sinners slain: Thousand, thousand saints at - tending Swell the triumph of his train. Hal - le - lu jah, Halle - lu - jah, Jesus now shall ever reign." The music concludes with a repeat sign and the number 87.

Lo! he comes, with clouds descending, Once for favour'd sinners slain:

Thousands, thousand saints at - tending Swell the triumph of his train. Hal - le - lu jah, Halle - lu - jah, Jesus now shall ever reign.

Tasto. 1

6

$\frac{6}{4}$

87

$\frac{7}{4}$

7

6

$\frac{6}{4}$

7

WESTBOROUGH. S's & 7's, or 8's, 7's & 4.

Haydn.

Musical score for "WESTBOROUGH." The score consists of four staves of music, each with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a time signature of common time (indicated by a 'C'). The music is set at a tempo of 100 BPM.

The lyrics are as follows:

Mighty God, E - ter - nal Father, Now we glo - ri - fy thy name; Lord of all cre - at - ed nature,

Thou art ev'ry creature's theme— Hal - le - lu - jah! Hal - le - lu - jah! Hal - le - lu - jah! A - - - men!

Accompaniment figures are provided below the vocal parts, including bass and harmonic support.

Music score for Helmsley, featuring three staves of music in common time with a key signature of one sharp. The first staff uses a treble clef, the second a bass clef, and the third an alto clef. The music consists of eighth-note patterns. The lyrics are as follows:

Lo! he comes with clouds descending, Once for favour'd sinners slain.
 Thousand, thousand saints attending, Swell the triumph of his train.— Hal - le - lu-jah! Hal - le - lu - jah! Hal - le - lu - jah! Jesus now shall ever reign.

Accompaniment figures below the staves include:
 Staff 1: 8 7 6 5 6 5 6 4 9 6 5 6 5
 Staff 2: 3 5 3 3 4 3 — 6 4 9 4 3 5
 Staff 3: 3 4 5 6 5 3 5 6 5 6 8 7

• 100.

SUFFOLK. 8's, 7's & 4.

Music score for Suffolk, featuring three staves of music in common time with a key signature of one sharp. The first staff uses a treble clef, the second a bass clef, and the third an alto clef. The music consists of eighth-note patterns. The lyrics are as follows:

Lo! he comes, with clouds descending, Once for favour'd sinners slain;
 Thousand, thousand saints attending, Swell the triumph of his train. Hal - le - lu-jah! Hal - le - lu - jah! God appears on'earth to reign.

Accompaniment figures below the staves include:
 Staff 1: 4 6 6 7 6 5 6 5 6 5
 Staff 2: 2 6 6 7 4 9 6 5 6 5
 Staff 3: H. & H U2 80 #7 7 8 2 7 8 6 7

CALVARY. 8's & 7's, or 8's, 7's & 4.

Stanley.

Hark! the voice of love and mercy, Sounds a - loud from Cal - va - - ry: See, it rends the rocks a -- sun - der,

87 87 65 6[#]6 - 6 4 87 7 87 65 6

Shakes the earth and veils the sky; "It is finish'd!" "It is finish'd!" Hear the dying Saviour cry.

5 - - - 6[#]6 4 3 6 4 57 65 = 55 43 = 4 6 6 4 87



May the grace of Christ our Saviour, May the Father's boundless love, With the Holy Spirit's favour, Rest upon us from above.

6 6 6 5 6 6 7 6 6 6 5 6 6 7

6 4 6 5 6 6 6 7 6 6 6 5 6 6 7

Thus may we abide in union With each other and the Lord, And possess in sweet communion, Joys which earth cannot afford.

6 4 6 5 6 6 6 7 4 6 - 4 6 4 6 7

C. J. H.

My gracious Redeemer I love, His praises aloud I'll proclaim, And join with the armies above, To shout his ador-a-ble name.

6 87 6 4 6 4 6 3 6 5 7 6 4 6 5 56 34 6 6 6 4 87

100.

2d Treble. Grazioso.

1. The winter is over and gone, The thrush whistles sweet on the spray, The turtle breathes forth her soft moan, The lark mounts and warbles a-way,

2. Shall ev'ry creature around, Their voices in concert unite, And I, the most favour'd, be found, In praising to take less delight?

3. Awake, then, my harp and my lute, Sweet organs your notes softly swell, My graces shall bloom as the spring;

4. His love in my heart endèd abroad, No longer my lips shall be mute, Tis his temple, his Spirit's abode, The Saviour's high praises to tell. My joy, as my duty, to sing.

5 6 7 -3 # 6 4 6 6 6 7 5 4 6 6 5 6 6 6 4 87 6 5 3

Tenor ♫ 88.

GOSHEN. Eights.

First and Second Treble.

Ye angels, who stand round the throne, And view my Immanuel's face, In rapturous songs make him known, Tune all your soft harps to his praise.

$\begin{matrix} 8 & 8 \\ 6 & 4 \\ 3 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 6 & 4 \\ 3 \end{matrix}$ 6 - $\begin{matrix} 6 & 4 \\ 3 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 6 & 5 \\ 4 & 3 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 8 & 3 \\ 6 & 3 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 6 & 4 \\ 3 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 8 & 2 \\ 6 & 7 \\ 8 & 7 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 8 & 7 \\ 6 & 5 \end{matrix}$ 6 6 $\begin{matrix} 6 & 6 \\ 4 & 4 \end{matrix}$ 87

♩ 108.

DEVONSHIRE. 5's & 7's.

Prof. Norton.

1. Ye servants of God; Your master proclaim, And publish abroad His wonder I name: The name all victorious Of Jesus extol; His kingdom is glorious, And rules over all.

2. God ruleth on high, Almighty to save; And still he is nigh, His presence we have. The great congregation His triumph shall sing, Ascribing salvation To Jesus our King.

3. Salvation to God, Who sits on the throne: Let all cry aloud, And honour the Son: Our Jesus' high praises The angels proclaim, Fall down on their faces, And worship the Lamb.

Tasto.

 $\begin{matrix} 6 & 5 & 4 & 3 & 6 & 5 & 4 \\ 9 & 8 & 4 & 3 \end{matrix}$ 6 - 4 6 $\begin{matrix} 6 & 7 \\ 4 & 5 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 5 & 7 \\ 4 \end{matrix}$ $\begin{matrix} 5 & 5 & 6 & . & 7 & 5 & 5 \\ 9 & 8 & 4 & . & 6 & 4 & 3 \end{matrix}$ 767 8 $\begin{matrix} 4 & 3 \\ 9 & 8 \end{matrix}$ 4 666 6 $\begin{matrix} 6 & 7 \\ 4 & 5 \end{matrix}$ 8 7

4. Then Let us adore, And give him his right; All glory and pow'r, And wisdom and might, All honnr and blessing, With angels above; With thanks never ceasing, And infinite love

6 9 4 6 5 87

6 6 4 6 4 6 5 87

6 6 4 6 4 6 5 87

The Lord is our shepherd, our guardian and guide, What - ev - er we want, he will kindly provide; To sheep of his pasture his mercies abound, His care and protection, His care and protection, His care and pro - tec - tion his flock will surround.

pasture his mercies abound,
His care and protection, His care and protection, His care and pro - tec - tion his flock will surround.

Solo.
Tutti.

Affettuoso

HAMILTON. 10's & 11's.



The day is far spent, the ev' - ning is nigh, When we must lay down this bo - dy and die.



76 5 87 76 65
54# 65 99 4#

76 5 87 76 65
54# 65 99 44

Great God, we sur - ren - der our dust to thy care; But, oh! for the summons our spir - it pre - pare.



6 5 65 = 65 87 6 5
4 3 87 = 87 65 4 #6

The Lord is our shepherd, our guardian and guide, What - ev - er we want, he will kindly provide:

76 5 6 6 65 6 76 5 6 6 4 5

To sheep of his pas - ture his mer - cies ahreund, His care and pro - tec - tion his flock will surround.

5 54 3 76 5 - 7 # - 76 5 6 6 4 5

H. & H. X 31

BERMONDSEY. 6s & 4's.

Milgrove.

Glory to God on high, Let earth and skies reply, Praise ye his name; His love and grace adore, Who all our sorrows bore; Sing aloud,

Unison. 6 - 65, 6 6 6 6 # 7 6 5 # 6 -

evermore, Worthy the Lamb!—Worthy the Lamb!— Worthy the Lamb! Sing aloud, evermore, Worthy the Lamb!

7 6 6 6 Sym. # 6 # 7 6 6

12.

ITALIAN HYMN. 6's & 4's.

Giardini.

243

Come, thou Almighty King, Help us thy name to sing, Help us to praise: Father all glorious, O'er all victorious, Come and reign over us, Ancient of days.

6 6 5 7 6 4 6 5 6 7 3 2 8 5 6 7 3 2 8 6 4 5 3 6 6 7

88.

AUBURN. 8, 3, & 6.

I. Ere I sleep, for ev'ry favor This day show'd By my God, I do bless my Sa - viour.

2. Leave me not, but ever love me; Let thy peace Be my bliss, Till thou hence re - - - move me.

3. Thou—my Rock, my Guard, my Tower— Safely keep, While I sleep, Me with all thy pow - er.

4. And whene'er in death I slumber, Let me rise with the wise— Counted in their num ber

7 6 5 4 3 #6 6 7 6 5 6 4 3 6 5 6 4 7

MALTA. 6's & 10's.

The musical score consists of two staves of music. The top staff is in G major (indicated by a C-clef) and the bottom staff is in E major (indicated by a C-clef). Both staves have a key signature of one flat. The time signature varies throughout the piece, indicated by numbers above the staff (e.g., 3, 2, 7, 6, 6, 6, 4, 5, 7). The music is written using a dot-dot notation where dots represent stems and dashes represent bar lines. The lyrics are written below the notes:

No war nor battle's sound Was heard the world around, No hos - - tile chiefs to furious combat ran;

But peaceful was the night, In which the Prince of light His reign of peace upon the earth began.

Below the staff, there are harmonic markings: 7, 6, 6, 6, 4, 5, 7, 7, 6, 4, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 4, 5, 7.

Behold! the Judge descends, his guards are nigh, Tempest and fire atteod him down the sky: Heav'n, earth, and hell draw near, let all things come,

4 6 4 6 - 6 4 6 6 6 6 4 5 7 6 # 6 6 # 4 2 6 # 6 6 6 4 5

To hear his justice and the sinner's doom: "But gather first my saints," (the Judge commands,) "Bring them, ye angels, from their distant lauds."

6 6 6 5 6 4 87 6 7 - 6 4 6 # 6 6 6 4 3 6 4 5 7

X2

MONTAGUE. 10's, or 10's & 11's.

The musical score consists of four staves of music in common time, key signature of one sharp (F#), and a tempo of 92 BPM. The music is divided into two sections: 10's (measures 1-11) and 10's & 11's (measures 12-23). The lyrics are as follows:

10's Not to our names, Thou only Just and True, Not to our worthless names is glory due; THY pow'r, and grace, THY truth and justice, claim,

10's & 11's. The God of glory sends his summons forth, Calls the south nations, and awakes the north; From east to west the sov'reign orders spread,

Immortal honors to thy sov'reign name. Shine thro' the earth, from heav'n thy blest abode, Nor let the heathen say, "Where is your God."

Thro' distant worlds, and regions of the dead. The trumpet sounds; hell trembles; heav'n rejoices: Lift up your heads, ye saints, with cheerful voices

Below the music, there are fingerings and rests indicated by numbers: 6, 7, 6, * 6, 7, 6, 4, 6, 6, 4, #6, 4, 5, 6, 6, 4, 8, 7.

• 112.

LYONS. 10's & 11's.

Haydn.

247

Oh! praise ye the Lord, prepare a new song, And let all his saints in full concert join; With voices united, the anthem prolong, And shew forth his praises in music divine.

• 108.

St. MICHAEL's. 10's & 11's.

Handel.

Oh! praise ye the Lord, prepare your glad voice, His praise in the great assembly to sing, In their great Creator let all men rejoice, And hein - of salvation be glad in their King.

AMSTERDAM. 7's & 6's.

Dr. Nares.

* The notes under figure 3 are to be sung only at the close of the tune.

90.

“THE RISING MORN, THE CLOSING DAY.” [VIENNA.]

Beethoven.

<img alt="Musical score for 'THE RISING MORN, THE CLOSING DAY.' by Beethoven. The score consists of four staves of music in common time, mostly in G major (indicated by a 'G' with a sharp sign). The first staff starts with a treble clef, the second with an alto clef, the third with a bass clef, and the fourth with a soprano clef. The music features various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes. The lyrics are as follows:
 <p>The rising morn, the closing day, Repeat thy praise with grateful voice; In both their turns thy pow'r display, And, laden with thy gifts, rejoice.

4 6 6 4 4 6 6 5 7 6 3 6 #6 6 6 6 7

80.

“LORD, WHEN MY THOUGHTS DELIGHTED ROVE.”

[OWENS.]

Mozart.

249.

Sostenuto Adagio

Musical score for "Lord, When My Thoughts Delighted Rove." by Mozart, arranged for voice and piano. The score consists of four staves. The top two staves are for the voice (soprano) in G major, common time, with lyrics. The bottom two staves are for the piano. The vocal part uses a mix of soprano and alto clefs. The piano part includes harmonic notation below the staff. Measure numbers 1 through 16 are indicated above the vocal parts. The vocal part begins with a sustained note on the first measure. The piano part features a sustained bass note throughout. The vocal part has a melodic line with various dynamics and articulations. The piano part provides harmonic support with chords and bass notes. The vocal part ends on a sustained note in the 16th measure. The piano part continues with a harmonic progression.

Lord, when my thoughts delight-ed rove,
Amidst the wonders of thy love,
Sweet hope revives my drooping heart,

And bids my fears and doubts de - part, Lord, so my thoughts de - lighted rove,
Amidst the wonders of thy love.

Cres. *f.*

Cres. *f.*

6 4 6 87 65 6 6 67 5 p. fz. p. 7 = =

$\frac{6}{4}$ 6 6 $\frac{6}{5}$ 5 6 $\frac{5}{6}$ 6 6 $\frac{98}{76}$ $\frac{65}{45}$ 6 $\frac{6}{5}$ 6 $\frac{6}{5}$

"IN VERDANT PASTURES."

Geminiani.

In verdant pastures large and fair, The Shepherd feeds his chosen sheep; He guards his flock with tender care, And watches o'er them while they sleep.

86. 87.

"HOW PLEASANT, HOW DIVINELY FAIR."

[GARDNER.]

Viotti. 4

How pleasant, how divinely fair, O Lord of hosts, thy dwellings are! With strong desire my spirit faints, To meet th'assembly of thy saints

P. f.

56 7 56 6 7 6 - - 9 5 = 9 2 6 6 6 4 3 6 4 5 7

so.

Adagio Sostenuto.

"LORD, THOU HAST KNOWN MY INMOST MIND." [SALISBURY.]

SALISBURY.

Haydn.

251

Adagio Sostenuto.

Lord, thou hast known my in - most mind, Thou dost my path and bed in -- close; My waking soul on thee re - lies,

76 6 76 6 76 $\frac{6}{4}$ 3 6 7 7 6 6 6 6 $\frac{7}{8}$

On thee my sleeping thoughts re -- pose: Where from thy presence can I fly,-- Lord, ever pres- ent, ev - er nigh?

7 4 - 6 $\frac{6}{4}$ 3 7 6 5 6 - 6 56 6 7 4

“WITH HOLY FEAR AND HUMBLE SONG.”

[WALTHAM.]

Beethoven.

Cantabile e Sostenuto.

With holy fear and humble song, The dreadful God, our souls adore; Rev'rence and awe becomes the tongue That speaks the terrors of his pow'r—
Rev'rence and awe become the tongue That speaks the terrors of his pow'r.

76 34 6 5 6
87 #4 6 4 6 76 43
4 5 6 7 6
6 6 76 6 6—43

84.

‘SOFTLY THE SHADE OF EV’NING FALLS.’

[SOUTH STREET.]

Haydn.

Softly the shade of eve’ning falls, Sprinkling the earth with dewy tears; While nature’s voice to slumber calls, And silence reigns amid the spheres—amid the spheres.

7 5 6 5
6 5 6
6 75 6 6 43
7 6 6 6 6 5

88.

“THERE IS A STREAM WHOSE GENTLE FLOW.”

[MILTON.]

Haydn.

253

Adagio Sostenuto.

Music score for "There Is a Stream Whose Gentle Flow." The score consists of six staves of music for two voices (Soprano and Alto) and piano. The key signature is A major (two sharps). The time signature varies throughout the piece. The vocal parts are in common time, while the piano part uses measures of 6/8 and 3/4. The vocal parts enter at measure 10. The piano part begins with a melodic line in measure 1, followed by harmonic chords. The vocal parts enter with the lyrics "There is a stream, whose gentle flow" at measure 10. The piano part continues with harmonic support, including a bass line in measures 10-12. The vocal parts sing the second half of the verse at measure 13. The piano part concludes with a final harmonic cadence in measure 14.

There is a stream, whose gentle flow
Surrounds the city of our God—
There is a stream, whose gentle flow

76 — 6 = 43 6 5 98 987 86 6 7 87 6 5 6 7

Surrounds the ci - ty of our God— A sacred river, from whose fount, The living wa - -ters flow abroad.

4 6 #6 98 76 6 7 76 6 43 6 6 4 5 4 6 5 987 6 4 7

Y

God of my life through all my days, My grateful pow'r shall sound thy praise; The song shall wake with op'ning light,

And warble to the silent night. The song shall wake with op'ning light, And warble to the silent night.

Below the lyrics are various harmonic analyses, such as 6 5, 6 3, 5, 6 5, 5, 6, 5, 6 4, 57, 6, 6 5, 56, 6 6 4 3, 4 3, 5, 4 3, 5, 4, 6 5, 6 3, 6 4, 5, 7, 5 8, 5, 6 4 3, 6 5, 5, 6 4, 5, 6 6 5, 6 4 3, 5, 6 4, 5, 6 6 5.



Now night in silent grandeur reigns, And holds the slumb'ring world in chains; Pale from the cloud the



moon - - beam steals. And half cre - a - tion'e face reveals - And half cre - a - tion's face re - veals.



Lentando. Dim.



My God, the steps of pious men, Are order'd by thy will; Though they should fall, they rise again, Thy hand supports them still.

5 — 98 65 6 56 67 5 87 65 4 6 56 4 5 3

The Lord delights to see their ways, Their virtue he approves; He'll ne'er deprive them of his grace, Nor leave the man he loves.

65 6 7 5 98 #6 6 45 # 56 # 6 4 6 56 45 3

Solo. Tutti.

Behold the glories of the Lamb, Amidst his Father's throne: Prepare new honors for his name—Prepare new honors for his name. And songs before unknown, Let elders worship Solo. Tutti.

5 - 4 - 3 6 7 48 5 65 3 - 2 - 8

at his feet, The church adore around; With vials full of odours sweet,—With vials full of odours sweet, And harps of sweeter sound—And harps of sweeter sound.

6 98 6 87 845679 43986 7

H. & H. Y2 33

1. Peace troubled soul, whose plaintive moan Hath taught these rocks the notes of woe; Cease thy complaint, suppress thy groan,

2. Come, freely come, by sin op-prest, Un-bur-then here the weigh-ty load, Here find thy re-fuge and thy rest,

And let thy tears forget to flow; Behold the precious balm is found, To lull thy pain, to heal thy woand.

And trust the mer-cy of thy God; Thy God's thy Sa-viour, glorious word— For-ev-er love and praise the Lord.

7 6 5 6 5
4 3 43 5

7 6 7 6 7
— — 4

87 65 43 7 — 7 — 87 65 43

The saffron tints of morn appear, And glow across the blushing east; The brilliant orb of day is near, To dissipate the ling'ring mist; And while his mantling splendors dart, Their

7 7 6 6
2 2 4 5

#⁴₂ 6#⁶₄ #⁶₄ 6 4 5 3 8 4 - 6 - 6 -

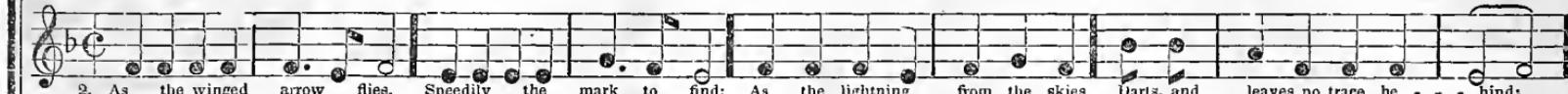
radiance o'er the kindling skies. To chase the darkness of my heart, Arise, O God of light, a - rise, a - rise, a - rise, a - rise.

7 - 6 5 6 = 5 7 7 # #⁴₂ 6#⁶₄ #⁶₄ 6 4 5 3 3 6

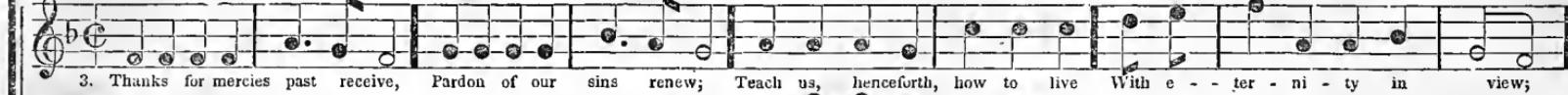
Andantino.



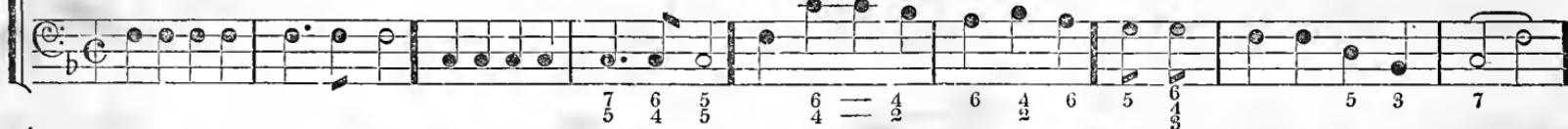
1. While, with ceaseless course, the sun, Hasted round the former year, Many souls their race have run, Never more to meet us here.



2. As the winged arrow flies, Speedily the mark to find; As the lightning from the skies Darts, and leaves no trace he - - hind;



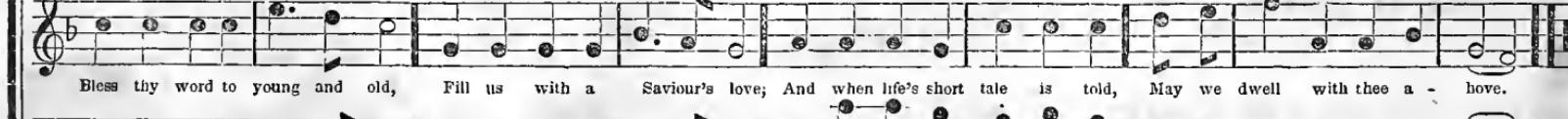
3. Thanks for mercies past receive, Pardon of our sins renew; Teach us, henceforth, how to live With e - - ter - ni - ty in view;



Fix'd in an e - - ter - nal state, They have done with all below: We a little longer wait, But how little none can know.



Swiftly thus our fleeting days Bear us down life's rapid stream; Upwards, Lord, our spirits raise, All be - low is but a dream.



Bless thy word to young and old, Fill us with a Saviour's love; And when life's short tale is told, May we dwell with thee a - hove.

Andante.

1. Safely thro' another week, God has brought us on our way, Let us now a blessing seek, Waiting in his courts to-day;

2. While we seek supplies of grace, Thro' the great Redeemer's name; Show thy re-con-cil-ing face—Take a-way our sin and shame.

3. Here we come thy name to praise, Let us feel thy presence near; May thy glory meet our eyes, While we in thy house appear;

4. May the gospel's joyful sound, Conquer sinners, comfort saints; Make the fruits of grace abound; Bring re-lief from all complaints:

Soli.

Tutti.

Day of all the week the best; Emblem of e-ter-nal rest— Day of all the week the best; Emblem of e-ternal rest:

From our worldly cares set free, May we rest this day in thee—From &c.

Here af-ford us, Lord, a taste, Of our ev-er-last-ing feast—Here &c.

Thus let all our sabbaths prove, Till we join the church a - bove—Thus &c. 8 7 6 4 6 6 5 6 6 4 7

1. How beauteous are their feet, Who stand on Zion's hill! Who bring salvation on their tongues, And words of peace reveal! 2. How charming is their voice! How

3. How happy are our ears, That hear this joyful sound! Which kings and prophets waited for, And sought but never found! 3. How blessed are our eyes, That

5. The watchmen join their voice, And tuneful notes em-ploy; Je-su-salem breaks forth in songs, And deserts learn the joy. 6. The Lord makes bare his arm, Thro'

sweet the tidings are! Zion, behold thy Saviour-King, He reigns and triumphs here—He reigns—He reigns and triumphs here!

see this heav'nly light! Prophets and kings desir'd it long, But [————— * —————] died—But died without one sight.

all the earth abroad, Let ev'ry nation now he - hold Their Saviour and their God—be - hold Their Saviour and their God,

The first two lines of the 3d and 4th stanzas should be sung as a Duet by Treble voices. In the 4th stanza omit the two measures between the brackets, f. so as to avoid a repetition of the line "But died without the sight;" and let this line be sung slow and soft.

Second Treble.



1. From Greenland's icy mountains, From India's coral strand; Where Afric's sunny fountains Roll down their golden sand;

Treble.



2. What though the spicy breezes, Blow soft o'er Ceylon's isle; Though ev'ry prospect pleases, And only man is vile.

Bass.



3. Shall we, whose souls are lighted By wisdom from on high, Shall we to men benighted, The lamp of life deny?
4. WAFT, WAFT ye winds, his story; And you, ye waters, on roll, Till like a sea of glory, It spreads from pole to pole;



1. From many an ancient river, From many a palmy plain, They call us to deliver,—Their land from error's chain.



2. In vain with lavish kindness The gifts of God are strown; The heathen in his blindness bows down to wood and stone.



3. SALVATION. O SALVATION. The joyful sound sinners proclaim, Till earth's remotest corner, Has learnt in Measiah's name.
4. Till o'er our ransom'd nature, The Lamb for sinners slain, Till REDEEMER, KINO, CREATOR, Returns in bliss to reign.

"MORN OF ZION'S GLORY."

From "Spiritual Songs," published in this work by permission
Words by S. F. Smith.

Spirituoso.

The musical score consists of six staves of music in common time, mostly in G major (indicated by a sharp sign) and one staff in C major (indicated by a circle). The vocal parts are in soprano and alto voices. The lyrics are integrated with the music, appearing below the corresponding staves. The first three staves contain the first three stanzas of the hymn. The fourth stanza begins on a new staff, followed by the fifth and sixth stanzas on subsequent staves.

Soprano (Top Staff):

1. Morn of Zi - on's glo - ry, Bright - ly thou art break - ing, Ho - ly joys thy light is wak - ing; Morn of Zi - on's glo - ry,

2. Morn of Zi - on's glo - ry, Ev' - ry hu - man dwel - ling, With thy notes of joy are swel - ling; Morn of Zi - o'n's glo - ry,

3. Morn of Zi - on's* glo - ry, Now the night is riv - - en, Now the star is high in heav - en; Morn of Zi - on's glo - ry,

An - cient saints fore - told thee, Ser - aph an - gels glad be - hold thee; See them glide, Far and wide, Streams of rich Sal - - vation, Flow to ev'ry na - tion.

Dis - tant hills are ring - ing, Echo - ed voi - ces sweet are sing - ing; Haste thee on, Like the sun, Paths of splendor tracing, Illethen midnight chasing.

Joy - ful hearts are bounding, Hal - le - lu - jah's now are sounding; Peace with men. Dwells a - gain, Je - sus reigns for - ever! Je - sus reigns for - ever.

HEAD OF THE CHURCH TRIUMPHANT.

[PISGAH.]

265

1. Head of the church tri - um - phant, We joy - ful - ly a - - dore thee; Till thou ap - pear, Thy mem - bers here, Shall sing like those in glo - ry.

2. While in af - flic - tion's fur - nace, And passi - on through the fire; Thy love we praise, That knows our days, And ev - er brings us nigh - er.

3. Thou dost con - duct thy peo - - ple, Through tor - rent s of temp - - ta - tion; Nor will we fear, While thou art near, The fire of trib - u - la - tion.

4. Faith now be - hold the glo - ry, To which thou wilt re - - store us; And earth des - pise, For that high prize, Which thou hast set be - fore us.

We lift our hearts and voices, In hiest an - tic - i - pa - tion; And cry a - loud, And give to God, The praise of our sal - - va - tion.

We lift our hearts ex - ult - ing, In thine al-migh - ty fa - vor; The love di - vine, That made us thine, Shall keep us thine for - ev - er.

The world, with sin and Sa - tan, In vain our march op - po - ses; By thee we will, Break through them all, And sing the song of Mo - see.

And if thou count us wor - thy, We each like dy - ing Ste - phen; Shall see thee stand, At God's right hand, To take ns up to heav - en.

' BEFORE JEHOVAH'S AWFUL THRONE.'

[DENMARK.]

Dr. Madan.

Be - fore Je - ho - vah's awful throne, Ye nations bow with sacred joy! Know that the Lord is God a - lone,

6 5 5 6 5 3 9 8 6 5 5 6 5

100.
Andante.

P.

Trio.

He can cre - - ate, and he destroy—He can cre - - ate, and - he destroy. His sov'reign pow'r without our aid,

P.

P.

6 5 4 7 6 6 4 6 7 6 6 6 5 6 6

"BEFORE JEHOVAH'S AWFUL THRONE." [Continued.]

267

Made us of clay, and form'd us men; And when, like wand'ring sheep, we stray'd, He brought us to his fold again—

7 6 5 5 56 7 4- 3 7 65 6 6 7 5 6 6 5

Con Spirito. 120.

He brought us to his fold again. We'll crowd thy gates with thank - ful songs, High as the heav'ns our voic - es raise.

6 6 7 5 6 6 5 4- 3 6 7 6 6 9 7

Tutti F.

And earth, and earth with her ten thousand, thousand tongues; Shall fill thy courts with sounding praise—Shall fill thy courts with

987 9 876 8 765 4 8 Unis.

482 4 354 6 543 15 3 Unis.

sounding praise—Shall fill thy courts with sounding praise. Wide! wide as the world is thy command,

6 6 5 6 6 4 87 6 7 5 Unison.

"BEFORE JEHOVAH'S AWFUL THRONE."

269

Vast as e - - ter-ni - ty, e - - ter-ni - ty thy love; Firm as a rock thy truth shall stand, When rolling years shall cease to

Unison.

6 6
4 3

5 87 65
4#

6 45 67 5 3 87 65
4 45

A musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Bass) and piano. The music is in common time, key of G major. The vocal parts are in soprano, alto, and bass clef. The piano part is in bass clef. The lyrics are: "move, shall cease to move— When rolling years shall cease to move— When roll - - - ing years shall cease to move." The piano part includes harmonic analysis below the staff: 4 5, 6 8 7, Z2, 8 7 6 5, 4 5 6 5, 7, 8 7 6 5, 3 3 3, 6 4 3 7.

"THE VOICE OF FREE GRACE." [SCOTLAND.]

Dr. Clark.

The voice of free grace cries es - - capa to the mountain! For Ad - am's lost race Christ has open'd a fountain,

For sin and uncleanness, and ev'ry transgression: His blood flows so freely, in streams of salvation—

56 87 65 43 54 56 75 49 28 65 43

6 4 5 3 6 4 5 3

"THE VOICE OF FREE GRACE." [Continued.]

271

CHORUS.

F.

His blood flows so freely, in streams of salvation Hal - le - lu - jah! to the Lamb, who has bought us our pardon!

F.

6

56

34

87

65

4

5

54

32

56

75

59

We'll praise him a - gain when we pass over Jordan— We'll praise him a -- gain, when we pass over Jordan.

48
65 28
43

6
4 5
9

6

F.

From all that dwell below the skies, Let the Creator's praise arise; Let the Re-

by ev'ry tongue. F.

deemer's name be sung, Thro' ev'ry land by ev'ry tongue. E - ter - nal are thy mer - cies,

Thro' ev'ry land by ev'ry tongue. F.

828 7 65 43 6 6 5 6 6 4 3 6 5 - 6 43 - 6 4 86

"FROM ALL THAT DWELL BELOW THE SKIES. [Continued.]

273

Musical score for "From All That Dwell Below the Skies" featuring four staves of music with lyrics. The music is in common time and includes dynamic markings such as P. (piano), F. (forte), and F. F. (fortissimo). The lyrics are as follows:

Lord, E - - ter - - nal truth at - tends thy word; Thy praise shall sound from shore to shore, Till suns shall rise and set no more, Till suns shall rise and set no more.

The score consists of four staves, each with a different key signature (G major, C major, F major, and B-flat major) and a different vocal range (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass). The music includes various note values (eighth, sixteenth, thirty-second) and rests. Measure numbers are indicated at the bottom of each staff: 945, 6 5, 6 5, 5 6 7, H. & H., 35, 4 2, 4 3, 7, 6 6, 6 4, 7.

Adagio. Affet.

Vital spark of heav'nly flame, quit O quit this mortal frame! Trembling, hoping, ting'ring, flying!—Oh! the pain, the bliss of dying!

6 6 6 6 4 5 6 5 2 6 5 6 5 - 6 7 5 8 7 6 5

126.

Pianissimo.

Cease, fond nature, cease thy strife, And let me languish into life! Hark! they whisper, angels say; they whisper angels say,

6 6 6 6 6 5 32 43 54 65 -

"VITAL SPARK OF HEAV'NLY FLAME."

[Continued.]

275

Cres. For. Pia.

"Sister spirit, come a - way!" "Sister spirit, come a - way!" What is this absorbs me quite, Steals my senses, shuts my sight,

$\frac{7}{2} \frac{4}{2}$ 6 6 6 4 5 7 $\frac{7}{3} \frac{6}{2}$ 6 5 — 4 3 6 5 — 4 — 3 6 5 4 3 6 5

Mez. F. Pia. Cres. F. Dim. Pia. F. Pia. 100. Andante. Pia.

Drowns my spirit, draws my breath? Tell me, my soul, can this be death? Tell me, my soul, can this be death! The world recedes, it disappears;

$\frac{7}{3} \frac{6}{2}$ — $\frac{6}{5}$ — 4 3 6 5 — 4 — 3 6 5 4 3 6 5

“VITAL SPARK OF HEAV’NLY FLAME,” [Continued.]

144.

Allo. Staccato. F.

Cres. F. Dim. Cres. F. 144. Allo. Staccato. F.

Heav'n opens on my eyes! My ears with sounds se - raph - ic ring! Lend, lend your wings! I mount I fly, O grave, where is thy victory? O

6 6 4 5 65 43 3 1/2 6 5 1/2 6 3 5 87

Pla.

grave where is thy victory? O death, where is thy sting? O grave, &c. O death, &c. Lend, lend your wings! I mount, I fly, O

6 4 6 4 6 5 6

Tasto. 5 6 5

"VITAL SPARK OF HEAV'NLY FLAME." [Continued.]

277

Cres. F. Dim. Pia. For. Pia.

grave, where is thy victory? thy victory? O grave, where is thy victory? thy victory? O death, where is thy sting, O death, O death, where; &c.

6 6 - 6 6 6 - 3 6 6/4 - 5

For. For. Adagio.

Lend, lend your wings! I mount, I fly, O grave, where is thy victory? thy victory? O death, O death, where is thy sting?

A a 6 -5 6/3 5 6 6/5 6 6/4 87

"WHEN I CAN READ MY TITLE CLEAR."

Thos. Hastings.

Andante Moderato.

Music for the vocal part, Andante Moderato. The vocal line consists of two staves. The first staff is in G major (indicated by a G clef) and the second is in C major (indicated by a C clef). The key signature changes between the two staves. The time signature is 2/4 throughout. The vocal line includes lyrics: "When I can read my ti - -le clear, To mansions in the skies, I'll bid fare - well to ev' - -ry fear, And wipe my". Below the vocal line are harmonic numbers: 6, 43, 5, 65, 6, 43, 6, 42, 6, 6, 43, 65, 6, 5, 43, 4, 3, 6. The vocal line ends with a dash.

Pia.

Fer.

Music for the piano accompaniment, Andante Moderato. The piano part consists of two staves. The top staff is in G major (G clef) and the bottom staff is in C major (C clef). The key signature changes between the two staves. The piano part provides harmonic support for the vocal line. The lyrics "weep - ing eyes— And wipe my weeping eyes— I'll bid fare -- well to ev' --- ry fear, And wipe my weeping eyes." are repeated. Below the piano staves are harmonic numbers: 43, 98, 65, 5, 8, b6, 87, b5, 43, b6, 5, 43, 42, 43, 7, 4, 67, 4, 2, 6, 6, 5, 4, 87. The piano part ends with a dash.

"WHEN I CAN READ MY 'TITLE CLEAR.' [Continued.]

279

For.

"WHEN I CAN READ MY TITLE CLEAR." [Continued.]

A musical score for a three-part setting (Treble, Alto, Bass) in common time. The music consists of two systems of four staves each. The vocal parts are in G major, while the bass part is in C major.

The lyrics are as follows:

Then shall I bathe my weary soul, In seas of heav'n - - ly rest; And not a wave of
trouble roll, A - - cross my peace - - ful* breast— A - - cross my peace - - ful breast.

Accompaniment chords are indicated below the bass staff:

System 1: 6 4 6 5 7 5 3 - 6 6 8 4 6 6 5 4 2 5 4 9 8 4
System 2: 6 6 7 6 5 4 2 6 4 6 4 7 6 4 3

The musical score consists of four staves of music. The first staff starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and common time. It features three measures of silence followed by a measure with a single note. The second staff begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and common time. It includes vocal parts labeled "Solo.", "Tutti", and "P. Solo." with corresponding musical patterns. The lyrics "Blessed, Blessed, Blessed be the Lord for - ev - er - more," are repeated. The third staff continues with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and common time. It has a "Solo." part and a "Tutti" part. The lyrics "Blessed be the Lord, Solo. Blessed be the Lord, Blessed be the Lord," are present. The fourth staff begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and common time. It has a "Tutti" part and a "P." part. The lyrics "Tutti. P." are shown. Measure 6 is marked with a common time signature and a sharp sign above the staff. Measure 7 is marked with a common time signature and a double sharp sign above the staff. Measures 8 through 11 show a continuation of the musical pattern. Measures 12 through 15 show another section starting with a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. Measures 16 through 19 show a final section starting with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. Measures 20 through 23 show a concluding section starting with a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp.

 $\frac{8}{3 \ 3 \ 3}$

6

 $\frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{5}{3}$

36

 $\frac{8}{3 \ 3 \ 3}$

6

 $\frac{6}{4}$

87

7

 $\frac{6}{6}$

87

H. & H.

A a 2

36

AWAKE, PUT ON THY STRENGTH.

[ANTHEM.]

Abridged from W. Jackson.

Solo. Awake, awake, put on thy strength, O Zi - on, put on thy strength, O Zi - on, O,

Solo. Awake, awake, put on thy strength, O Zi - on, put on thy beautiful garments, O,

Awake, awake, put on thy strength, O Zi - on, put on thy beautiful garments,

Solo. Awake, put oo thy strength, O Zion, put on thy strength, O Zion— O,

Tutti. O Jerusalem, O Jerusalem, the holy city, Awake, awake, put on thy strength, O Zion, put

O Jerusalem, O Jerusalem, the holy city, Awake, awake, put on thy strength, O Zion, put

Tutti. O Jerusalem, O Jerusalem, the boly city, Awake, awake, put on thy strength, O Zi - on, put

Tutti. O Jerusalem, O Jerusalem, the holy city, Awake, awake, put oo thy strength, O Zi - on, put.

AWAKE, PUT ON THY STRENGTH. Continued.

283

Solo. Pia.

on thy strength, O Zion, put on thy beau - tiful garments,
Solo. Pia.

Tutti. For.

on thy strength, O Zion, put on thy beau - tiful garments,
Solo. Pia.

Awake, awake, put
Tutti. For.

on, &c.

Solo. Pia.

Tutti. For.

on thy strength, O Zion, put on thy beau - tiful garments,
Solo. Pia.

Awake, awake, put
Tutti. For.

on thy strength, thy strength, O Zion, put on thy beau - tiful garments,
Solo. Pia.

O, O Jerusalem, the holy city,
Tutti. For.

on thy strength, thy strength, O Zion, put on thy beau - tiful garments,
Solo. Pia.

O, O Jerusalem, the holy city,
Tutti. For.

on thy strength, thy strength, O Zion, put on thy beau - tiful garments,
Solo. Pia.

O, O Jerusalem, the holy city,
Tutti. For.

on thy strength, thy strength, O Zion, put on thy beau - tiful garments,
Solo. Pia.

O, O Jerusalem, the holy city,

AWAKE, PUT ON THY STRENGTH. Continued.

A musical score for a hymn, page 284, titled "AWAKE, PUT ON THY STRENGTH. Continued." The score consists of eight staves of music, each with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music is in common time. The lyrics are written below the staves, corresponding to the musical phrases. The lyrics include:

- O Jerusalem, the holy city.
- The redeemed of the Lord shall re-
- O Jerusalem the holy city.
- The is --- deemed of the Lord shall return.
- O Jerusalem the holy city. Sym.
- The redeemed of the Lord shall return.
- O Jerusalem, the holy city.
- The redeemed of the Lord shall re-
- turn,
- Sorrow and mourning shall pass away, shall pass away, shall pass away, shall pass away, shall
- ever-lasting joy shall be upon their head, For.
- shall pass, shall pass, shall pass, shall pass, shall
- turn,
- Sorrow and mourning shall pass away, shall pass away, shall pass away, shall pass away, shall

AWAKE, PUT ON THY STRENGTH.

Continued.

285

The musical score consists of six staves of music. The first two staves begin with a treble clef, followed by a bass clef, and then another treble clef. The third staff begins with a bass clef. The fourth staff begins with a treble clef. The fifth staff begins with a bass clef. The sixth staff begins with a treble clef. The lyrics are as follows:

pass away,
The redeemed of the Lord shall return,
pass away, Sym.
The redeemed of the Lord shall return.
pass away.
The redeemed of the Lord shall return,
pass away,
The redeemed of the Lord shall return, ever-
ever-lasting joy shall be upon their head, ever-lasting joy shall be upon their head, sorrow and mourning shall pass away,
ever-lasting joy shall be upon their head, ever-lasting joy shall be upon their head, sor - rnw and mourning
ever-lasting joy shall be upon their head, ever-lasting joy shall be upon their head, sorrow and mourn - - - ing,
lasting joy - shall be up-on their head, ever-lasting joy shall be up--on their head, Sorrow and mourning shall pass away,

Pia.

AWAKE, PUT ON THY STRENGTH.

Continued.

A musical score for a hymn, featuring ten staves of music. The music is in common time and consists of two parts. The first part, starting with a treble clef, includes lyrics such as "Shall pass away," "Shall pass away," "Shall pass, Shall pass a - - way." and "Awake, awake, awake, put". The second part, starting with a bass clef, includes lyrics like "Shall pass away, Shall pass a - - way, Shall pass a - - - way," and "Awake, awake, awake, put". The score concludes with a section labeled "Sym." followed by "on thy strength O Zion," and "Awake, awake, put on thy strength, Awake, awake, pu". The final lyrics are "on thy strength, O Zion," and "Awake, awake, put on thy strength, Awake, awake, put". The music uses various note heads (solid black, hollow, and with stems) and rests.

A musical score for a four-part choir. The music consists of eight staves of music, each with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The vocal parts are: Bass (bottom staff), Tenor, Alto, and Soprano (top staff). The lyrics are integrated into the music, appearing below each staff. The score includes dynamic markings such as *ff.* (fortissimo) and *pp.* (pianissimo).

The lyrics are:

- on thy strength, put on thy strength, thy strength, O Zi ----- on, put on thy beautiful garments,
- on thy strength, put on thy strength, thy strength, O Zi ----- on, put on thy beautiful
- on thy strength, put on thy strength, O Zi ----- on, put on thy beautiful
- on thy strength, put on thy strength, thy strength, O Zi ----- on, put on thy beautiful
- garments, O, O Je - ru - sa - lem, the holy city, O Je - ru - sa - lem, the holy city, A - - men— A - - men.
- garments, O, O Je - ru - sa - lem, the holy city, O Je - ru - sa - lem, the holy city, A - - men— A - - men.
- garments, O Je - ru - sa - lem, the holy city O Je - ru - sa - lem, the holy city, A - - men— A - - men.
- O, O Je - ru - sa - lem, the holy city, O Je - ru - sa - lem, the holy city, A - - men— A - - men.

“SALVATION BELONGETH UNTO THE LORD.”

[CHORUS.]

Kent.

Solo.

2d Treble

Sal - - va - - tion be - - long - eth be - - long - eth un - to the Lord, And thy blessing, and thy blessing is a-

Org.

6

Org.

Tutti.

and thy blessing, thy

Tutti.

mong th people, Sal - va - tion be - long - eth, be - long - eth unto the Lord, and thy bless-

Tutti.

and thy blessing, thy

Tutti.

6

6 5
4 3

Voice.

6 5
4 #6
46 5
4 3

" SALVATION BELONGETH UNTO THE LORD " Continued.

289

The musical score consists of two staves of music. The top staff is in G major (indicated by a sharp sign) and the bottom staff is in C major (indicated by a circle). Both staves use a treble clef. The music is in common time. The lyrics are written below the notes, corresponding to the melody. The first staff begins with a measure of six eighth notes followed by a dotted half note. The second staff begins with a measure of three eighth notes followed by a dotted half note. The lyrics for the first staff are: "blessing, thy h[oly] blessing is a - - mong thy people, And thy blessing, and thy blessing, and thy". The lyrics for the second staff are: "blessing, And thy bless - - - - ing, thy". Measure numbers 6, 5, 6, 4, 8, 3, 3, 3 are indicated below the notes. The third staff begins with a measure of six eighth notes followed by a dotted half note. The lyrics for the third staff are: "and thy". The fourth staff begins with a measure of three eighth notes followed by a dotted half note. The lyrics for the fourth staff are: "blessing, and thy blessing, and thy". The fifth staff begins with a measure of six eighth notes followed by a dotted half note. The lyrics for the fifth staff are: "bless - - - ing, and thy blessing is among thy people, is among thy peo - - ple.". The sixth staff begins with a measure of three eighth notes followed by a dotted half note. The lyrics for the sixth staff are: "thy". The seventh staff begins with a measure of six eighth notes followed by a dotted half note. The lyrics for the seventh staff are: "blessing, and thy blessing, thy". Measure numbers 6, 4, 6, 4, 6, 4, 5, 5—6, 5 are indicated below the notes.

Sym. Solo. Treble.

I was glad, I was glad, when they said unto me, We will go, we will go into the
house of the Lord, We will go in - to the house, &c.
We will go into the house, into the house of the Lord, into the house of the Lord.
into the house of the Lord, We will go, - - - - - we will go - - - - - into the house of the Lord, into the house of the Lord.

Tutti.

Tutti.

Tutti.

6 6 7 6 4 7 6 7 6 7 6 3 - 6 7 6 7 2 6 6 6 6

Duo. 1st and 2d Trebles.

house of the Lord, We will go in - to the house, &c.

We will go in - to the house, &c.

6 5 - 5 6 7 #6 6 4 b 6 6 5 . 5 6 7 7 6 6 4 3 6 6 5

Tutti.

We will go into the house, into the house of the Lord, into the house of the Lord.

into the house of the Lord, We will go in - to the house into the house of the Lord, into the house of the Lord.

into the house of the Lord, We will go, - - - - - we will go - - - - - into the house of the Lord, into the house of the Lord.

6 4 5 8 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 5 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 6 6 6 4 5 7 6 6 6 4 7

Solo. Tutti.

Peace be within thy walls, Peace be within thy walls, Tutti.

Solo. Tutti.

Peace be within thy walls, Peace be within thy walls, And plenteousness within thy pal-a-ces.

Solo. Tutti.

Peace be within thy walls.

Tutti.

$6 - \frac{6}{3}$ $6 - \frac{6}{1}$ $\frac{6}{4} \frac{5}{7} \frac{2}{5} \frac{8}{3}$

Tutti.

Solo. Tutti.

Peace be within thy walls, Peace be within thy walls, And plenteousness, and plenteousness within thy palaces. Amen, Amen.

Solo. Tutti.

6 $6 \frac{5}{3}$ 7

“PRAISE THE LORD”—“SONS OF ZION.” [CHORUS.]

Natman.

100. Alla Marcia.

60. f.f.

The musical score consists of four staves of music in common time, key signature of one sharp. The first three staves begin with a forte dynamic (f.f.) at measure 60. The fourth staff begins with a piano dynamic (p) at measure 100.

Staff 1: Treble clef, 2/4 time. Contains lyrics: "Praise ye the Lord—Glorify him for - ev - er:"

Staff 2: Treble clef, 2/4 time. Contains lyrics: "Sons of Voice."

Staff 3: Treble clef, 2/4 time. Contains lyrics: "Sons of Zion come before him, bring the cymbal, bring the harp, bring the cymbal, bring the harp. lo! he's seated,"

Staff 4: Bass clef, 2/4 time. Contains lyrics: "Zion come before him, bring the harp, bring the cymbal, bring the harp. High in glory lo! be's seated, see the Sym."

Measure numbers 7, #6, and 7 are indicated above the staff lines. Roman numerals 3 3 3, 6 6, and 4 7 are placed below the staff lines. Measures 7, 6, 5, 4, 6, 4, and 5 are indicated at the bottom of the page.

"PRAISE THE LORD."—"SONS FO ZION." Continued.

293

he sits in state, See the King he sits in state.

King he sits in state, see the King he sits in state. Sym.

Sons of Zion come before him, sound the lute and strike the harp, sound the Voice.

See the King he sits in state. Sym. Tasto.

5 3 3 6 6 6

lute, strike the harp. Sym.

Sons of Zion come before him, Sound the Voice.

Sym. Voice.

B b2 3 7

The musical score consists of four staves of music in common time, key of G major (indicated by a C-clef and two sharps). The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. The lyrics are integrated into the music, appearing below the notes in some measures. The vocal parts are labeled with 'Voice' and 'Sym.' (for symphony). The score includes a basso continuo part with a bass clef and a treble clef above it, and a harp part with a treble clef. Measure numbers 7, 4, 6, 87, and 6 are indicated below the staff.

lute and strike the harp, sound the lute and strike the harp, Sound the lute and strike the harp. Sons of Zion come before him, sound the
 Sound the lute and harp, Sound the lute and harp.

7 — 6 6 87 6 6 87 6

Sound the lute and harp.

lute and strike the harp, sound the lute and strike the harp, strike the harp, strike the harp, strike the harp—
 Sound the lute and harp.

Sym. Voice.

8 6 87 8 8 8 4

Solo.

2d Treble.

Solo. Ju - - bl - - la - - te, A - - men, A - men.

1. Hark! the vesper hymn is stealing, O'er the waters soft and clear; Nearer yet and nearer pealing, Now it bursts up - on the ear.

Solo.

2. Now, like moonlight waves retreating, To the shore it dies along; Now like angry surges meeting, Breaks the mingled tide of song.

Ju - - bi - - - la - - te, A - men, A - men.

Tutti. F.

Solo. P.P.

Ju - - bi - - - la - - te, A - men, A - men.

Tutti.

Solo.

Ju - - bi - - - la - - te, A - - - men, A - - men.

Ju - bl - la - te, Ju - bl - la - te, Ju - bl - la - te, A - men. Farther now, now farther stealing, Soft it fades up - on the ear

Tutti.

Solo.

Ju - bl - la - te, Ju - bl - la - te, Ju - bl - la - te, A - men. Farther now, now farther stealing, Soft it fades up - on the ear

Tutti.

Solo.

Hush! again, like waves retreating, To the shore it dies along.

Ju - - bi : la : te, A - - men, A - - men.

HALLELUJAH TO THE GOD OF ISRAEL.

[CHORUS.]

Haydn.

For. ()

6 6 6 3 4 2 6 6 3 5 6 6 6 2 6 4 3 6 4 5 3 Tasto.

Hal - le - lu - jah, to the God of Israel,

f ()

6 6 6 3 4 6 6 3 5 - 5 3 6 4 6 4 9 6 4 5 3

HALLELUJAH TO THE GOD OF ISRAEL.

Continued.

297

We will praise him we will praise him ever evermore.
We will praise him ever more - will praise him ever ev - - er - more.

P. Sym. Hal-le - lu-jah, the Lord is our do-
Voice.

6 7 6 8 7 Tasto. 5 6 7 6
4 3 5 4

We will praise him ever more we will praise him ever more

F.

fender, he will save us he will save with his migh - ty arm. Sym. God is great in battle, for he is the Lord of hosts.
Voice.

6 5 - 7 6 6 $\frac{5}{4}$ 6 5 - Tasto. 6 $\frac{5}{4}$ 6 5

H. & H. 3 38

HALLELUJAH TO THE GOD OF ISRAEL. Continued.

The musical score consists of three staves of music in common time, key signature of one flat. The vocal parts are labeled: Voice, Sym., and Voice. The piano accompaniment includes dynamics like *f*, *p*, *mf*, and *ff*. The score includes the following lyrics:

Hal - le - lu - jah, He is our refuge, We will praise him for - ever, ever - more, Hal - le - lu - jah,
DO Sym. Voice. Sym.

Tasto. b^7 $\frac{4}{2}$ $6\frac{1}{2}43$ $\frac{5}{4}\frac{-}{3}$ $\frac{6}{4}\frac{-}{5}$

for - ev - er,

We will praise him, will praise him ever - more, will praise him, will praise him will praise him for - ev - er, for - ev - er,

Voice. Sym. Voice. for - ev - er, for - ev - er,

b^7 b^7 $6\frac{1}{2}\frac{6}{4}3$ 7 $-$ $\frac{9}{7}\frac{8}{6}$ for - ev - er

HALLELUJAH TO THE GOD OF ISRAEL. Continued.

299

forever, forever, ever, ever more, forever, forever, forever, ever, ever more,

forever, forever, ever, ever more, forever, forever, forever, ever, ever more,

ever, for - ever, for - ever, ever more, for - ever, for - ever, for - ever, for - ever, ever more,

6 6 6 6 5
forever, forever, ever, ever more, forever, forever, forever, ever, ever more,

6 6 6 6 5 3
Tasto.

will praise him, will praise him for - ever, ever more, will praise him, will praise him for - ever, ever more. Sym.

6 6 5 3
Tasto

6 6 5 3
Sym.

"HOLY LORD GOD OF SABAOTH."

B. M. Swaffield

Andante Maestoso.

Ho - ly, Ho - ly, Ho - ly, Lord God of Sabaoth, Heav'n and earth, Heav'n and earth Heav'n and earth are full of the

Inst.

$\frac{6}{4} \frac{6}{4} \frac{5}{3}$

$\frac{\#6}{3} \frac{6}{4}$

Allegro.

majesty of thy glory. . Glory be to thee, Glory be to thee, Glory be to thee, O Lord, Most High.

$\frac{6}{4} \frac{6}{4}$

$\frac{6}{4} \frac{5}{3}$

6

$6 \frac{6}{4} 7$

'THAT I MAY DWELL IN THE HOUSE OF THE LORD.'

[ANTHEM.]

301

Recitative.

Musical score for the Recitative section. The key signature is G major (two sharps). The vocal line starts with a dotted half note followed by eighth notes. The lyrics are: "One thing have I de - - sir - - ed of the Lord, which I will re - - quir". The piano accompaniment consists of sustained notes. The bass line is in common time (indicated by a 'C'). The vocal line changes to common time at the end of the section.

2

6

6
5

96. Sym. Andante.

Musical score for the 96th measure, marked Sym. Andante. The key signature is G major (two sharps). The vocal line consists of eighth-note chords. The piano accompaniment has a sustained note. The bass line is in common time (indicated by a 'C').

Musical score for the continuation of the 96th measure. The key signature is G major (two sharps). The vocal line consists of eighth-note chords. The piano accompaniment has a sustained note. The bass line is in common time (indicated by a 'C').

Cc

"THAT I MAY DWELL," &c. Continued.

Musical score for four voices and organ, page 302. The score consists of eight staves. The top four staves are for voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass) in common time, key of G major (two sharps). The bottom four staves are for organ and voice (Voice). The vocal parts sing "That I may dwell, That I may dwell, That I may dwell in the house, in the house of the Lord, may". The organ part provides harmonic support. Measure numbers 28, 45, 6, 5, 2, 6, 5, 56, 7, 5, 98 are indicated above the staff. The vocal parts continue with "dwell in the house of the Lord all the days of my life. To behold the fair beauty of the Lord, To be". Measure numbers 6, #6, 4, 6, 5, 6, 7, Organ., 6, 87, 6, 65, 43 are indicated below the staff. The vocal part concludes with "Voice".

"THAT I MAY DWELL, &c. Continued.

303

Musical score for three voices (Soprano, Alto, Tenor/Bass) and piano. The music is in common time, key signature of one sharp. The vocal parts are written in soprano, alto, and tenor/bass clefs. The piano part is written in soprano clef. The vocal parts begin with "bold the fair beauty of the Lord, and to visit, to visit his temple, to behold the fair beauty of the". The piano part includes harmonic notation below the staff, such as 5/4, 7/2, 6/5, 4/3, etc. The vocal parts end with "Lord, and to visit his temple, and to vis - it his temple. A - men. A - men."

Continuation of the musical score. The vocal parts continue with "Lord, and to visit his temple, and to vis - it his temple. A - men. A - men.". The piano part includes harmonic notation below the staff, such as 6/5, 4/3, 6/5, 4/3, 6/5, 4/3, 7, 7. The vocal parts end with "7, 7".

'O SING UNTO THE LORD.' [ANTHEM.]

Dr. John Clark Whitfield.

Musical score for 'O Sing unto the Lord' anthem, featuring four staves of music. The first three staves are in common time (indicated by a 'C') and the fourth staff is in 6/8 time (indicated by a '(C) 6'). The key signature is one flat. The vocal parts sing 'O sing unto the Lord a new song, a new song.' The fourth staff contains a rhythmic pattern of sixteenth notes. The tempo is Allegro.

Continuation of the musical score for 'O Sing unto the Lord'. The vocal parts continue to sing 'O sing unto the Lord a new song, a new song.' The fourth staff shows a continuation of the rhythmic pattern from the previous section. The tempo remains Allegro.

"O sing unto the Lord." Continued.

305

Let the congre - gation of the saints praise him.

O sing un - to the Lord the

Let the congre - gation of the saints praise him.

O sing, sing,

Let the congre - gation of the saints praise him.

O sing un - to the Lord, the

Let the congre - gation of the saints praise him.

O sing un - to the

Lord a new song, O sing unto the Lord a new song.

O sing a new song.

Lord a new song, O sing unto the Lord a new song

Octaves.

Sym.

7 0 - 3 3 5 3 6 56 H. & II. 39

C e 2

"O sing unto the Lord." Continued

A musical score for a three-part choir. The top two staves are in G clef, and the bottom staff is in C clef. The music consists of six measures of vocal parts, each with a corresponding piano reduction below it. The lyrics are: "Let the congre-gation of the saints - - praise him," repeated twice, followed by "Let the congre-gation of the saints praise him, pra - - -". The piano part includes harmonic notation with Roman numerals and bass clef, and includes fingerings such as 8 7, 5 6 7 5, 3 4 5 3, 6 5 6 7 6 5, 4 3 4 5 4 3, and 6 5 6 7 6 5, 4 3 4 5 4 3. The final measure shows the piano part concluding with a double bar line.

Let the congre-gation of the saints - - praise him,

Let the congre-gation of the saints praise him, pra - - -

Let the congre-gation of the saints - - - praise him,

8 7 5 6 7 5 3 6 5 6 7 6 5 6 5 6 7 6 5
3 4 5 3 4 3 4 5 4 3 4 3 4 5 4 3

saints - - praise him.

Let the congre-gation of the saints praise him, the saints praise him, the saints praise him.

se him.

6 5 6 him, praise him. 6 7 6 9 7 6 5 7 6 4 5
4 3 4 7 6 5 5 4 3

Blessed is he whose hope is in the Lord the Lord his God, Bless-ed is he, Bless-ed is he,
he, Blessed, Bless-ed ie he whose hope is in the Lord, in the Lord his God, in the Lord his God, in the Lord his God.

6 6 7

he, Blessed, Bless-ed ie he whose hope is in the Lord, in the Lord his God, in the Lord his God, in the Lord his God.

CHORUS Tenor

Bless-ed, Blessed, Blessed is he whose hope is in the Lord, in the Lord his God, who God, Blessed, Blessed, Blessed,

Tasto

Blessed is he whose hope is in the Lord. Continued.

The musical score consists of six staves of music. The top two staves are in common time, G clef, and B-flat key signature. The third staff is in common time, C clef, and B-flat key signature. The fourth staff is in common time, C clef, and B-flat key signature. The fifth staff is in common time, G clef, and B-flat key signature. The bottom staff is in common time, C clef, and B-flat key signature. The lyrics are as follows:

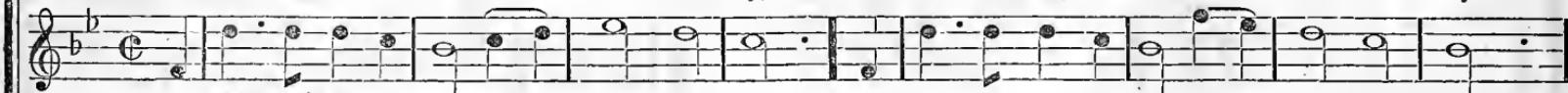
for ev - - - er,
keepeth his promise, his promise for - ev - er, who keepeth his promise for - ev - er, for - ev - er, for -
keepeth his prom - - - ise, for - ev - er, for - ev - - - er,
ev - - - er, Blessed is he whose hope is in the Lord, the Lord his God, Blessed is he, Sym.
Bless - - -

Blessed is he, whose hope is in the Lord, in the Lord his God; who keepeth his promise, his promise for ev - er, for - ev - - er, for - ev - - er. . . . who keepeth his promise, his promise for - ev - er

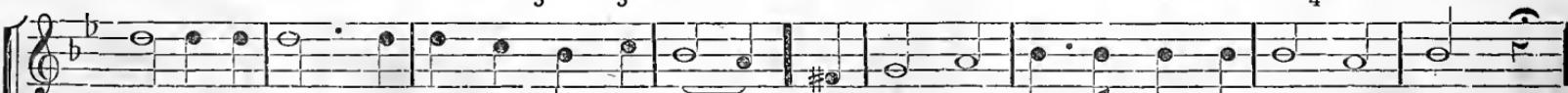


2d Treble.

A - gain the day returns of ho - ly rest, Which, when he made the world, Je - ho - vah blest;
 Let us devote this con - se - cra - ted day, To learn his will, and all we learn o - bey.



7 6 6 5 6 6 7 98 6 87



When like his own he bade our labours cease, And all be pi - e - ty, and all be peace;
 So shall he hear when fer - vent - ly we raise, Our sup - pli - ca - tions and our songs of praise.



6 5 7 6 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 8 7

"Again the day returns." Continued.

311

Father of heav'n in whom our hopes con - fide, Whose pow'r defends us, and whose precepts guide; In life our Guar - dian

6 7 6 5 6 4 6 5 6 7 6 5 7 6 4 7

and in death our Friend; Glory supreme— Glory supreme— Glory su - - preme be thine—be thine—till time shall end.

5 7 6 6 5 6 5 7 6 4 7

"O give thanks unto the Lord."

[ANTHEM.]

Jno. Smith.

The musical score consists of two staves of music. The top staff uses a treble clef and a common time signature. The bottom staff uses a bass clef and a common time signature. The music is divided into measures by vertical bar lines. The lyrics "O give thanks, give thanks un - to the Lord, give thanks un - to the Lord, give thanks, give" are written below the notes. The score includes dynamic markings such as "Soli." (solo) and "Tutti." (all together). Measure numbers are indicated at the beginning of some measures. The bottom staff has measure numbers 6, 6, 6, 7; 8, 7, 6, 6. The top staff has measure numbers 4, 7; 8, 7, 6, 6. The bottom staff concludes with measure numbers 4, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5. The top staff concludes with measure numbers 6, 6, 6, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5.

"O give thanks unto the Lord." Continued.

313

Soli

Tutti

Soli

Tutti

for he is good, for he is good, is good, for his mercy en - dureth for - ever, his mercy en - dureth, his.

mer - cy en - dur - eth for - ev - er, his mercy en - dureth for - ev - er, A - men, A - - men.

4 3 6 6 5 4 3 4 6 7 6 5 9

mer - cy en - dur - eth for - ev - er, his mercy en - dureth for - ev - er, A - men, A - - men.

6 5 6 5 6 4 6 5 3 Dd 40 4 6 7 6 7 4 7 7

H. & H.

"Lord of all pow'r and might.

[COLLECT.]

Rev. W. Mason.

Affetuoso

Lord of all pow'r - and might, Lord of all pow'r - and might,

4 3 6 7 9 4 5 6 9 8 6 7 4 9 8

Soli Pia

Thou that art the au - thor, Thou that art the au - thor, thou that art the giv - er of all - - good things

5 6 5 6 -5 - 6 8 6 5

"Lord of all pow'r and might."

Continued.

315

Futti F Soli Tutti Pia

The musical score consists of six staves of music. The top staff is in G major (two sharps) and includes vocal parts for 'Soli' and 'Tutti'. The second staff continues the melody. The third staff begins with lyrics: 'Graft in our hearts the love of thy name, the love of thy name, increase in us true re - li - gion.' The fourth staff continues the melody. The fifth staff begins with 'For' and ends with 'Tutti'. The sixth staff concludes the section with lyrics: 'Lord of all pow'r and might, nour - ish us in - - all good - ness, Lord of all pow'r and might,' followed by a final cadence.

Graft in our hearts the love of thy name, the love of thy name, increase in us true re - li - gion.

For Tutti

Soli

Lord of all pow'r and might, nour - ish us in - - all good - ness, Lord of all pow'r and might,

4 3 6 7 4 3 4 6 4 #6 8 4 6 5 8 5 6 7 9 7 4 6 9 8 6 4 5 3 4 9 8

"Lord of all pow'r and might."

Continued.

A musical score for a choral piece, page 316. The score consists of six staves of music, each with a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. The time signature varies throughout the piece. The vocal parts include Soli (solo) and Tutti (ensemble). The lyrics are integrated into the musical lines. Measure numbers are provided at the bottom of the page.

Top Staff: Soli part. Dynamics: Soli, Tutti. Text: Keep us,

Second Staff: Soli part. Dynamics: Soli. Text: and of thy great mer - cy, and of thy great mer - cy, Keep us, Keep us in the same,

Third Staff: Soli part. Dynamics: Soli. Text: Keep us,

Fourth Staff: Soli part. Dynamics: FF, PP. Text: 6 4 6 4 6

Fifth Staff: Tutti part. Dynamics: Soli, Tutti. Text: Thro' Jesus Christ our Lord, Thro' Je - - sus Christ our Lord! Amen! Amen.

Sixth Staff: Soli part. Dynamics: Soli. Text: 6 6 4 6 5 4 3 6 5 6 5 6 4 7 7 8

Solo

1. How heavy is the night, That hangs up - on our eyes;— Till Christ with his re - viv - ing light, Ov - er our souls a rise.

2. Our guilty spirits dread To meet the wrath of heav'n;— But in his righteousness array'd, We see our sins for - giv'n.

3. Un - ho - ly and im - pure, Are all our thoughts and ways;— His hands in - fected nature cure, With sanc - ti - fy - ing grace.

Instrument

Tasto # - 7 5 6 # Tasto 6 4 3 43 6 56 6 57

4. The pow'rs of hell a - gree, To hold our souls in vain:— For He sets the sons of bondage free, And breaks th'accu - sed chain.

Pia Tutti

Soli

5. Lord—we adore thy ways To bring us near to God; Thy sov'reign pow'r, thy healing grace, And thine atoning blood—And thine atoning blood.

6 6 87 6 Dd 2 6 6 6 4 87 Tasto 6 4 3 43 6 6 6 87

"Great is the Lord."

[SENTENCE.]

Great is the Lord, and greatly to be praised—and greatly to be praised—and greatly to be praised,

Sym. 8va

Sym.

6 4 6 6 6 5

Soli

in the ci - ty of our God, in the ci - ty of our God, in the mountain of his ho - liness—in the ci - ty of our

"Great is the Lord." **Continued.**

319

Affetuoso

The musical score consists of eight staves of music. The first four staves are in common time (indicated by '3') and the last four are in common time (indicated by '2'). The key signature changes frequently throughout the piece. The vocal line begins with eighth-note rests followed by a series of eighth notes and sixteenth-note patterns. The lyrics begin in the third staff: "While life pro-longs its pre-cious light, Mercy is found, and peace is giv'n: But soon, ah! soon, ap-proach-ing night,". The vocal line continues with eighth notes and sixteenth-note patterns. The piano accompaniment is present in all staves, providing harmonic support. The piece concludes with a final cadence in common time (indicated by '3').

Soli Expressivo

Pia Cres For

While life pro-longs its pre-cious light, Mercy is found, and peace is giv'n: But soon, ah! soon, ap-proach-ing night,

6 6
3 6 - 6 8 7 6 5 6 3 6 - 5 6 6 5 3

'While life prolongs the precious light.'

Continued.

321

Tutti

Soli

Pia

Tutti MF

Shall blot out ev - ry hope of heav'n. While God in - vites, how bless'd the day, How sweet the

5 6 6 6 7 6 $\frac{\#6}{4}$

Soli

Pia

Tutti MF

gos - pel's joy - ful sound; Come sinners, haste, O haste a - way, While yet a pard' ning God is found.

$\frac{6 \ \#6}{4}$ $\frac{6 \ 97}{4 \ \#}$ H. & H. 41 $\frac{6 \ \#6}{4 \ 3}$ $\frac{6 \ \#6}{4 \ 3}$ $\frac{6 \ 97}{4 \ \#}$

Pia Pia Soli. Pia Soli Tutti Pia

Un - veil thy bo - som faith - ful tomb, Take this new treasure to - thy trust; And give these sacred relics room,

6 5 6 7 6 5 8 7 6 5 5 6 7 - 6 5
4 3 4 5 4 3 6 5 4 5 3 4 5 - 4 3

Repeat for the 2d and 3d Verses.

Tutti

To slumber in the si - lent dust And give these sa - cred re - lic room, To slumber in the si - lent dust.

8 7 - 6 - 5 - 8 - 7 6 7 6 5
6 5 - 4 - 3 - 6 - 5 4 5 4 3

V. 2. Nor pain, nor grief, nor anxious fear
3. So Jesus slept;—God's dying Son

Invade thy bounds. No mortal woes
Pass'd thro' the grave, and bless'd the bed;

Can reach the lovely sleeper here,
Rest here, dear saint, till from his throne

While angels watch the soft repose
The morning break, and pierce the shade

"Unveil thy bosom, faithful tomb."

Continued.

323

Verse 4th

For Dim Pia Soli

Break from his throne, il lustrious morn; At - tend O earth! his eov' - reign word; Restore thy trust,—a glo - rious form-

6 7 7 3 3 3 6b6b7 6

FF Tutti

Shall then a - rise, to meet the Lord. Restore thy trust,— a glo - rious form— Shall then a - rise, to meet the Lord.

6 6 4 3 6 6 4 3 7 4

"Let the words of my mouth." [SENTENCE.]

The musical score consists of four staves of music. The top two staves are in common time (indicated by a 'C') and G major (indicated by a 'G'). The third staff is in common time and G major. The bottom staff is in common time and C major (indicated by a 'C'). The lyrics are integrated into the music:

Let the words of my mouth,
and the med - i - tations of my heart,

Sym.

be always ac - ceptable—be always ac - ceptable in thy sight, O Lord, be always ac - ceptable—be always acceptable in thy sight, O

Solo

Inst.

6 6 6 6 7

4 3 7 6 5 3 8 7 6 5 3 # 7 7 # 7 7 6 6 7

"Let the words of my mouth." Continued.

325

Totti

Soli

Inst.

Tasto

6 7 7 9 8 6 5 4 3 9 3

F P

O Lord, O Lord, my strength and my Redeemer, O Lord, O Lord, my strength and my Re - deemer, A : men, A - men.

7 9 8 6 5 4 3 9 8 6 3 7 7 7

"God be merciful unto us and bless us."**[ANTHEM.]**

First Treble
Pic.

Second Treble
God be mer - ci - ful unto us and bless us, and show us the light - of his conn te - nance, and be
and show &c.

Tenor

Base
and show us &c.

Cres.

mer - ci - ful be mer - ci - ful unto us. That thy way may be known up - on earth, thy sav - ing
and be &c.

health a - mong all na - tions. Let the people praise thee, O God, yea, let all the nations praise - thee.

"God be merciful unto us and bless us."

Continued.

327

O let the nations rejoice and be glad, for thou shalt judge the people righteous - ly and gov - ern the nations up - on the earth.

Let the people praise thee, O God; yea, let all the people praise thee. Then shall the earth bring forth her increase, and God, ev'n our

Tutti

own God shall give us his blessing. God shall bless us and all the ends of the earth shall fear him. A - men, A - men.

"We praise thee, O God."

[TE DEUM]

"We praise thee, O God.

Continued.

"The Lord will comfort Zion."*

[SENTENCE.]

Andante

Tutti

Soli

The Lord will comfort Zion, he will comfort her waste places, and make her like Eden, like the garden of the Lord— Joy and gladness—Joy and glooiness

Sym

Inst.

Voice 7 - 6 6 - - 6 6 7 6 5
 # - 4 4 5 4 #

1st time

2d time

Tutti

shall be found therein, Thanksgiving, and the voice of melody—Thanksgiving, and the voice of melody, the voice of melody, voice of melody.

Voice

* Play the first four measures for an introductory symphony.

6 6 5 6 4 3 6 6 5 6 4 3 6 - 5 6 4 3 9 8 6 = 5

“Daughter of Zion.”

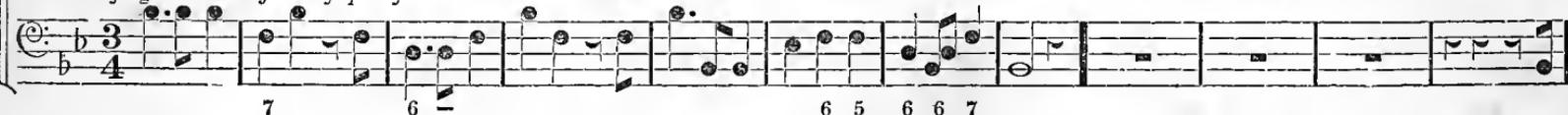
[HYMN]



Daughter of Zion, awake from thy sadness, Awake, for thy foes shall oppress thee no more; Bright o'er thy hills dawns the day star of gladness, A-



Play eight measures for a Symphony.



7 6 6 5 3 6 6 7

Tutti



- rise! for the night of thy sorrow is o'er. Daughter of Zion, awake from thy sadness, Awake for thy foes shall oppress thee no more.



5 6 - 7 6 5 6 7 6 5

7 6 -

6 5 6 6 7

Repeat four measures for a Symphony.



5 6 - 7 6 5 6 7 6 5

7 6 -

6 5 6 6 7

"Daughter of Zion!" Continued

333

Soli.



Strong were thy foes, but the arm that subdu'd them And scatter'd their legions was mightier far; They fled like the chaff from the scourge that pursu'd them,



7 6 5
4 5

7 6 5 6 7
5 4 3 4

Tutti



Vain were their steeds and their chariots of war. Daughter of Zion, awake from thy sadness, Awake, for thy foes shall oppress thee no more.



Repeat for Symphony.



5 = 6 7 6 5
4 3 4 5 4

7 6

6 5 6 6 7
4 3

" Daughter of Zion!" Continued.

Soli.

Daughter of Zion, the pow'r that hath sav'd thee, Extoll'd with the harp, and the timbrel should be; Shoat! for the foe is destroy'd that enslav'd thee, Th'oppressor is vanquish'd and

7 6 1 = 7 6 6 = 7

Tutti

Zion is free. Daughter of Zion, awake from thy sadness, Awake, for thy foes shall oppress thee no more—shall oppress thee no more—no more—no mere.

7 5 7 6 6 = 7

"The grace of our Lord Jesus Christ."**[BENEDICTION.]**

Audante Pia Cres For Dim Solo Tutti For

The grace of our Lord Jesus Christ, and the love, the love of God, and the fellowship of the Holy Ghost, be with us all—be with us all—he with us all ev - er - more.

6 6 5 6 #6 2 6 — 2 6 4 Tasto 3 2 #4 6 6 44

Solo Tutti Pia Tutti Solo Slow PP

be with us all— be with us all— be with us all ev - er - more— be with us all— ev - er - more— be with us all ev - er - more.

3 6 6 4 87 7 —



Lord, dis - miss us with thy blessing, Bid us all depart in peace, Still on gospel manna feeding, Pure se - raph - ic love increase;



6 6 6 6 6 87 3 3 3 6 4 6 6



Fill each breast with con - so - - lation, Up to thee our voi - ces raise; When we reach that blissful station, Then we'll give thee nobler praise,



8 6 97

6

6

6

6

6

6

7

6

43



Then we'll give thee nobler praise. And we'll sing Hallelujah, Amen, Hallelujah, And we'll sing Hallelujah, Amen, Hailelujah, to God and the Lamb.



Hallelujah for - ev - er, Hallelujah for - ev - er, for - ever and ever, Amen.

Halle - lu - jah, A - men, Amen, Amen.

- ev - er, Halle - lujah for - ev - er, Hallelujah for - ever and ever, Amen.



The musical score consists of four staves of music, each with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The time signature varies throughout the piece. The lyrics are integrated into the music, appearing below the notes. The first two staves begin with a common time signature (♩ = 100). The third staff begins with a common time signature and ends with a time signature of 5. The fourth staff begins with a common time signature and ends with a time signature of 7. The lyrics are:

Praise God from whom all blessings flow,
Praise him all creatures here be - low—Praise him all crea - tures here be - low;

Praise him a - bove— Praise him a - bove— Praise him a - bove, ye heav'nly host, Praise him a - bove—

Praise him above— Praise him above— Praise him above, ye heav'nly host, Praise him a - bove—

Praise him a - bove— Praise him a bove— Praise him a - bove, ye heav'n - ly host, Praise him a - bove—

Below the fourth staff, there are numerical markings: 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 6 6 5 6 5 7.

† For this very popular piece the editor acknowledges his obligation to Mr. James Sharp.

"Praise God, from whom all blessings flow."

Continued.

339

Praise him a - bove—
Praise Fa - ther, Son, and Ho - ly Ghost—Praise
Praise him a - bove— Praise him a - bove, ye heav'n - ly host, Praise Father, Son, and Holy Ghost—Praise
Praise him &c
6 5 4 5 6 4 Praise 6 and 6 6 6

100
Fa - ther, Son, and Ho - ly Ghost—Praise
Father, Son, and Ho - ly Ghost. Halle - lujah, Halle -
Fa - ther, Son, and Ho - ly Ghost—Praise
6 5 5 6 6 5 5 6 6 4 3 3 3 3 6 6 87 6 6 6 6

"Praise God, from whom all blessings flow." Continued.

Tutti

<img alt="Musical score for 'Praise God, from whom all blessings flow.' Continued. The score consists of four staves of music. The top staff is in G major, the second in E major, the third in C major, and the fourth in G major. The music is in common time. The lyrics 'Halle - le - lu - jah,' are repeated throughout the piece. The score includes a 'Soli' section where the second staff is highlighted. Measure numbers 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100, 102, 104, 106, 108, 110, 112, 114, 116, 118, 120, 122, 124, 126, 128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138, 140, 142, 144, 146, 148, 150, 152, 154, 156, 158, 160, 162, 164, 166, 168, 170, 172, 174, 176, 178, 180, 182, 184, 186, 188, 190, 192, 194, 196, 198, 200, 202, 204, 206, 208, 210, 212, 214, 216, 218, 220, 222, 224, 226, 228, 230, 232, 234, 236, 238, 240, 242, 244, 246, 248, 250, 252, 254, 256, 258, 260, 262, 264, 266, 268, 270, 272, 274, 276, 278, 280, 282, 284, 286, 288, 290, 292, 294, 296, 298, 300, 302, 304, 306, 308, 310, 312, 314, 316, 318, 320, 322, 324, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 336, 338, 340, 342, 344, 346, 348, 350, 352, 354, 356, 358, 360, 362, 364, 366, 368, 370, 372, 374, 376, 378, 380, 382, 384, 386, 388, 390, 392, 394, 396, 398, 400, 402, 404, 406, 408, 410, 412, 414, 416, 418, 420, 422, 424, 426, 428, 430, 432, 434, 436, 438, 440, 442, 444, 446, 448, 450, 452, 454, 456, 458, 460, 462, 464, 466, 468, 470, 472, 474, 476, 478, 480, 482, 484, 486, 488, 490, 492, 494, 496, 498, 500, 502, 504, 506, 508, 510, 512, 514, 516, 518, 520, 522, 524, 526, 528, 530, 532, 534, 536, 538, 540, 542, 544, 546, 548, 550, 552, 554, 556, 558, 560, 562, 564, 566, 568, 570, 572, 574, 576, 578, 580, 582, 584, 586, 588, 590, 592, 594, 596, 598, 600, 602, 604, 606, 608, 610, 612, 614, 616, 618, 620, 622, 624, 626, 628, 630, 632, 634, 636, 638, 640, 642, 644, 646, 648, 650, 652, 654, 656, 658, 660, 662, 664, 666, 668, 670, 672, 674, 676, 678, 680, 682, 684, 686, 688, 690, 692, 694, 696, 698, 700, 702, 704, 706, 708, 710, 712, 714, 716, 718, 720, 722, 724, 726, 728, 730, 732, 734, 736, 738, 740, 742, 744, 746, 748, 750, 752, 754, 756, 758, 760, 762, 764, 766, 768, 770, 772, 774, 776, 778, 780, 782, 784, 786, 788, 790, 792, 794, 796, 798, 800, 802, 804, 806, 808, 810, 812, 814, 816, 818, 820, 822, 824, 826, 828, 830, 832, 834, 836, 838, 840, 842, 844, 846, 848, 850, 852, 854, 856, 858, 860, 862, 864, 866, 868, 870, 872, 874, 876, 878, 880, 882, 884, 886, 888, 890, 892, 894, 896, 898, 900, 902, 904, 906, 908, 910, 912, 914, 916, 918, 920, 922, 924, 926, 928, 930, 932, 934, 936, 938, 940, 942, 944, 946, 948, 950, 952, 954, 956, 958, 960, 962, 964, 966, 968, 970, 972, 974, 976, 978, 980, 982, 984, 986, 988, 990, 992, 994, 996, 998, 1000, 1002, 1004, 1006, 1008, 1010, 1012, 1014, 1016, 1018, 1020, 1022, 1024, 1026, 1028, 1030, 1032, 1034, 1036, 1038, 1040, 1042, 1044, 1046, 1048, 1050, 1052, 1054, 1056, 1058, 1060, 1062, 1064, 1066, 1068, 1070, 1072, 1074, 1076, 1078, 1080, 1082, 1084, 1086, 1088, 1090, 1092, 1094, 1096, 1098, 1100, 1102, 1104, 1106, 1108, 1110, 1112, 1114, 1116, 1118, 1120, 1122, 1124, 1126, 1128, 1130, 1132, 1134, 1136, 1138, 1140, 1142, 1144, 1146, 1148, 1150, 1152, 1154, 1156, 1158, 1160, 1162, 1164, 1166, 1168, 1170, 1172, 1174, 1176, 1178, 1180, 1182, 1184, 1186, 1188, 1190, 1192, 1194, 1196, 1198, 1200, 1202, 1204, 1206, 1208, 1210, 1212, 1214, 1216, 1218, 1220, 1222, 1224, 1226, 1228, 1230, 1232, 1234, 1236, 1238, 1240, 1242, 1244, 1246, 1248, 1250, 1252, 1254, 1256, 1258, 1260, 1262, 1264, 1266, 1268, 1270, 1272, 1274, 1276, 1278, 1280, 1282, 1284, 1286, 1288, 1290, 1292, 1294, 1296, 1298, 1300, 1302, 1304, 1306, 1308, 1310, 1312, 1314, 1316, 1318, 1320, 1322, 1324, 1326, 1328, 1330, 1332, 1334, 1336, 1338, 1340, 1342, 1344, 1346, 1348, 1350, 1352, 1354, 1356, 1358, 1360, 1362, 1364, 1366, 1368, 1370, 1372, 1374, 1376, 1378, 1380, 1382, 1384, 1386, 1388, 1390, 1392, 1394, 1396, 1398, 1400, 1402, 1404, 1406, 1408, 1410, 1412, 1414, 1416, 1418, 1420, 1422, 1424, 1426, 1428, 1430, 1432, 1434, 1436, 1438, 1440, 1442, 1444, 1446, 1448, 1450, 1452, 1454, 1456, 1458, 1460, 1462, 1464, 1466, 1468, 1470, 1472, 1474, 1476, 1478, 1480, 1482, 1484, 1486, 1488, 1490, 1492, 1494, 1496, 1498, 1500, 1502, 1504, 1506, 1508, 1510, 1512, 1514, 1516, 1518, 1520, 1522, 1524, 1526, 1528, 1530, 1532, 1534, 1536, 1538, 1540, 1542, 1544, 1546, 1548, 1550, 1552, 1554, 1556, 1558, 1560, 1562, 1564, 1566, 1568, 1570, 1572, 1574, 1576, 1578, 1580, 1582, 1584, 1586, 1588, 1590, 1592, 1594, 1596, 1598, 1600, 1602, 1604, 1606, 1608, 1610, 1612, 1614, 1616, 1618, 1620, 1622, 1624, 1626, 1628, 1630, 1632, 1634, 1636, 1638, 1640, 1642, 1644, 1646, 1648, 1650, 1652, 1654, 1656, 1658, 1660, 1662, 1664, 1666, 1668, 1670, 1672, 1674, 1676, 1678, 1680, 1682, 1684, 1686, 1688, 1690, 1692, 1694, 1696, 1698, 1700, 1702, 1704, 1706, 1708, 1710, 1712, 1714, 1716, 1718, 1720, 1722, 1724, 1726, 1728, 1730, 1732, 1734, 1736, 1738, 1740, 1742, 1744, 1746, 1748, 1750, 1752, 1754, 1756, 1758, 1760, 1762, 1764, 1766, 1768, 1770, 1772, 1774, 1776, 1778, 1780, 1782, 1784, 1786, 1788, 1790, 1792, 1794, 1796, 1798, 1800, 1802, 1804, 1806, 1808, 1810, 1812, 1814, 1816, 1818, 1820, 1822, 1824, 1826, 1828, 1830, 1832, 1834, 1836, 1838, 1840, 1842, 1844, 1846, 1848, 1850, 1852, 1854, 1856, 1858, 1860, 1862, 1864, 1866, 1868, 1870, 1872, 1874, 1876, 1878, 1880, 1882, 1884, 1886, 1888, 1890, 1892, 1894, 1896, 1898, 1900, 1902, 1904, 1906, 1908, 1910, 1912, 1914, 1916, 1918, 1920, 1922, 1924, 1926, 1928, 1930, 1932, 1934, 1936, 1938, 1940, 1942, 1944, 1946, 1948, 1950, 1952, 1954, 1956, 1958, 1960, 1962, 1964, 1966, 1968, 1970, 1972, 1974, 1976, 1978, 1980, 1982, 1984, 1986, 1988, 1990, 1992, 1994, 1996, 1998, 2000, 2002, 2004, 2006, 2008, 2010, 2012, 2014, 2016, 2018, 2020, 2022, 2024, 2026, 2028, 2030, 2032, 2034, 2036, 2038, 2040, 2042, 2044, 2046, 2048, 2050, 2052, 2054, 2056, 2058, 2060, 2062, 2064, 2066, 2068, 2070, 2072, 2074, 2076, 2078, 2080, 2082, 2084, 2086, 2088, 2090, 2092, 2094, 2096, 2098, 2100, 2102, 2104, 2106, 2108, 2110, 2112, 2114, 2116, 2118, 2120, 2122, 2124, 2126, 2128, 2130, 2132, 2134, 2136, 2138, 2140, 2142, 2144, 2146, 2148, 2150, 2152, 2154, 2156, 2158, 2160, 2162, 2164, 2166, 2168, 2170, 2172, 2174, 2176, 2178, 2180, 2182, 2184, 2186, 2188, 2190, 2192, 2194, 2196, 2198, 2200, 2202, 2204, 2206, 2208, 2210, 2212, 2214, 2216, 2218, 2220, 2222, 2224, 2226, 2228, 2230, 2232, 2234, 2236, 2238, 2240, 2242, 2244, 2246, 2248, 2250, 2252, 2254, 2256, 2258, 2260, 2262, 2264, 2266, 2268, 2270, 2272, 2274, 2276, 2278, 2280, 2282, 2284, 2286, 2288, 2290, 2292, 2294, 2296, 2298, 2300, 2302, 2304, 2306, 2308, 2310, 2312, 2314, 2316, 2318, 2320, 2322, 2324, 2326, 2328, 2330, 2332, 2334, 2336, 2338, 2340, 2342, 2344, 2346, 2348, 2350, 2352, 2354, 2356, 2358, 2360, 2362, 2364, 2366, 2368, 2370, 2372, 2374, 2376, 2378, 2380, 2382, 2384, 2386, 2388, 2390, 2392, 2394, 2396, 2398, 2400, 2402, 2404, 2406, 2408, 2410, 2412, 2414, 2416, 2418, 2420, 2422, 2424, 2426, 2428, 2430, 2432, 2434, 2436, 2438, 2440, 2442, 2444, 2446, 2448, 2450, 2452, 2454, 2456, 2458, 2460, 2462, 2464, 2466, 2468, 2470, 2472, 2474, 2476, 2478, 2480, 2482, 2484, 2486, 2488, 2490, 2492, 2494, 2496, 2498, 2500, 2502, 2504, 2506, 2508, 2510, 2512, 2514, 2516, 2518, 2520, 2522, 2524, 2526, 2528, 2530, 2532, 2534, 2536, 2538, 2540, 2542, 2544, 2546, 2548, 2550, 2552, 2554, 2556, 2558, 2560, 2562, 2564, 2566, 2568, 2570, 2572, 2574, 2576, 2578, 2580, 2582, 2584, 2586, 2588, 2590, 2592, 2594, 2596, 2598, 2600, 2602, 2604, 2606, 2608, 2610, 2612, 2614, 2616, 2618, 2620, 2622, 2624, 2626, 2628, 2630, 2632, 2634, 2636, 2638, 2640, 2642, 2644, 2646, 2648, 2650, 2652, 2654, 2656, 2658, 2660, 2662, 2664, 2666, 2668, 2670, 2672, 2674, 2676, 2678, 2680, 2682, 2684, 2686, 2688, 2690, 2692, 2694, 2696, 2698, 2700, 2702, 2704, 2706, 2708, 2710, 2712, 2714, 2716, 2718, 2720, 2722, 2724, 2726, 2728, 2730, 2732, 2734, 2736, 2738, 2740, 2742, 2744, 2746, 2748, 2750, 2752, 2754, 2756, 2758, 2760, 2762, 2764, 2766, 2768, 2770, 2772, 2774, 2776, 2778, 2780, 2782, 2784, 2786, 2788, 2790, 2792, 2794, 2796, 2798, 2800, 2802, 2804, 2806, 2808, 2810, 2812, 2814, 2816, 2818, 2820, 2822, 2824, 2826, 2828, 2830, 2832, 2834, 2836, 2838, 2840, 2842, 2844, 2846, 2848, 2850, 2852, 2854, 2856, 2858, 2860, 2862, 2864, 2866, 2868, 2870, 2872, 2874, 2876, 2878, 2880, 2882, 2884, 2886, 2888, 2890, 2892, 2894, 2896, 2898, 2900, 2902, 2904, 2906, 2908, 2910, 2912, 2914, 2916, 2918, 2920, 2922, 2924, 2926, 2928, 2930, 2932, 2934, 2936, 2938, 2940, 2942, 2944, 2946, 2948, 2950, 2952, 2954, 2956, 2958, 2960, 2962, 2964, 2966, 2968, 2970, 2972, 2974, 2976, 2978, 2980, 2982, 2984, 2986, 2988, 2990, 2992, 2994, 2996, 2998, 3000, 3002, 3004, 3006, 3008, 3010, 3012, 3014, 3016, 3018, 3020, 3022, 3024, 3026, 3028, 3030, 3032, 3034, 3036, 3038, 3040, 3042, 3044, 3046, 3048, 3050, 3052, 3054, 3056, 3058, 3060, 3062, 3064, 3066, 3068, 3070, 3072, 3074, 3076, 3078, 3080, 3082, 3084, 3086, 3088, 3090, 3092, 3094, 3096, 3098, 3100, 3102, 3104, 3106, 3108, 3110, 3112, 3114, 3116, 3118, 3120, 3122, 3124, 3126, 3128, 3130, 3132, 3134, 3136, 3138, 3140, 3142, 3144, 3146, 3148, 3150, 3152, 3154, 3156, 3158, 3160, 3162, 3164, 3166, 3168, 3170, 3172, 3174, 3176, 3178, 3180, 3182, 3184, 3186, 3188, 3190, 3192, 3194, 3196, 3198, 3200, 3202, 3204, 3206, 3208, 3210, 3212, 3214, 3216, 3218, 3220, 3222, 3224, 3226, 3228, 3230, 3232, 3234, 3236, 3238, 3240, 3242, 3244, 3246, 3248, 3250, 3252, 3254, 3256, 3258, 3260, 3262, 3264, 3266, 3268, 3270, 3272, 3274, 3276, 3278, 3280, 3282, 3284, 3286, 3288, 3290, 3292, 3294, 3296, 3298, 3300, 3302, 3304, 3306, 3308, 3310, 3312, 3314, 3316, 3318, 3320, 3322, 3324, 3326, 3328, 3330, 3332, 3334, 3336, 3338, 3340, 3342, 3344, 3346, 3348, 3350, 3352, 3354, 3356, 3358, 3360, 3362, 3364, 3366, 3368, 3370, 3372, 3374, 3376, 3378, 3380, 3382, 3384, 3386, 3388, 3390, 3392, 3394, 3396, 3398, 3400, 3402, 3404, 3406, 3408, 3410, 3412, 3414, 3416, 3418, 3420, 3422, 3424, 3426, 3428, 3430, 3432, 3434, 3436, 3438, 3440, 3442, 3444, 3446, 3448, 3450, 3452, 3454, 3456, 3458, 3460, 3462, 3464, 3466, 3468, 3470, 3472, 3474, 3476, 3478, 3480, 3482, 3484, 3486, 3488, 3490, 3492, 3494, 3496, 3498, 3500, 3502, 3504, 3506, 3508, 3510, 3512, 3514, 3516, 3518, 3520, 3522, 3524, 3526, 3528, 3530, 3532, 3534, 3536, 3538, 3540, 3542, 3544, 3546, 3548, 3550, 3552, 3554, 3556, 3558, 3560, 3562, 3564, 3566, 3568, 3570, 3572, 3574, 3576, 3578, 3580, 3582, 3584, 3586, 3588, 3590, 3592, 3594, 3596, 3598, 3600, 3602, 3604, 3606, 3608, 3610, 3612, 3614, 3616, 3618, 3620, 3622, 3624, 3626, 3628, 3630, 3632, 3634, 3636, 3638, 3640, 3642, 3644, 3646, 3648, 3650, 3652, 3654, 3656, 3658, 3660, 3662, 3664, 3666, 3668, 3670, 3672, 3674, 3676, 3678, 3680, 3682, 3684, 3686, 3688, 3690, 3692, 3694, 3696, 3698, 3700, 3702, 3704, 3706, 3708, 3710, 3712, 3714, 3716, 3718, 3720, 3722, 3724, 3726, 3728, 3730, 3732, 3734, 3736, 3738, 3740, 3742, 3744, 3746, 3748, 3750, 3752, 3754, 3756, 3758, 3760, 3762, 3764, 3766, 3768, 3770, 3772, 3774, 3776, 3778, 3780, 3782, 3784, 3786, 3788, 3790, 3792, 3794, 3796, 3798, 3800, 3802, 3804, 3806, 3808, 3810, 3812, 3814, 3816, 3818, 3820, 3822, 3824, 3826, 3828, 3830, 3832, 3834, 3836, 3838, 3840, 3842, 3844, 3846, 3848, 3850, 3852, 3854, 3856, 3858, 3860, 3862, 3864, 3866, 3868, 3870, 3872, 3874, 3876, 3878, 3880, 3882, 3884, 3886, 3888, 3890, 3892, 3894, 3896, 3898, 3900, 3902, 3904, 3906, 3908, 3910, 3912, 3914, 3916, 3918, 3920, 3922, 3924, 3926, 3928, 3930, 3932, 3934, 3936, 3938, 3940, 3942, 3944, 3946, 3948, 3950, 3952, 3954, 3956, 3958, 3960, 3962, 3964, 3966, 3968, 3970, 3972, 3974, 3976, 3978, 3980, 3982, 3984, 3986, 3988, 3990, 3992, 3994, 3996, 3998, 4000, 4002, 4004, 4006, 4008, 4010, 4012, 4014, 4016, 4018, 4020, 4022, 4024, 4026, 4028, 4030, 4032, 4034, 4036, 4038, 4040, 4042, 4044, 4046, 4048, 4050, 4052, 4054, 4056, 4058, 4060, 4062, 4064, 4066, 4068, 4070, 4072, 4074, 4076, 4078, 4080, 4082, 4084, 4086, 4088, 4090, 4092, 4094, 4096, 4098, 4100, 4102, 4104, 4106, 4108, 4110, 4112, 4114, 4116, 4118, 4120, 4122, 4124, 4126, 4128, 4130, 4132, 4134, 4136, 4138, 4140, 4142, 4144, 4146, 4148, 4150, 4152, 4154, 4156, 4158, 4160, 4162, 4164, 4166, 4168, 4170, 4172, 4174, 4176, 4178, 4180, 4182, 4184, 4186, 4188, 4190, 4192, 4194, 4196, 4198, 4200, 4202, 4204, 4206, 4208, 4210, 4212, 4214, 4216, 4218, 4220, 4222, 4224, 4226, 4228, 4230, 4232, 4234, 4236,

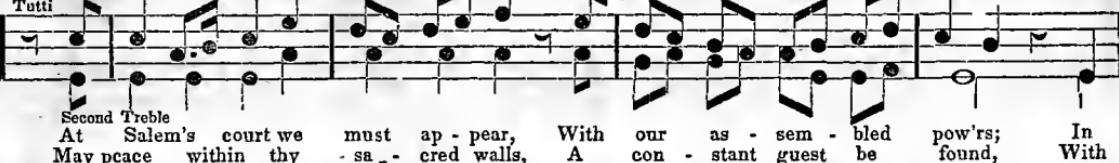
"O 'twas a joyful sound to hear."

[PSALM. 122.]

341

First and Second Treble.
Soli

Totti



Tenor



Soli



strong and beau - teous or - der ranged, Like her uni - ted towers. Like her uni - ted towers, Like her united towers, Like her uni - ted towers.
plen - ty and pros - per - i - ty, Thy palac - es be crown'd, Thy palaces be crown'd, Thy palaces be crown'd, Thy palac - es be crown'd.

Tenor



O praise God in his ho - li - ness,

Praise him in the firmament of his pow'r;

Second Treble



O praise God in his ho - li - ness, Praise him in the firmament of his pow'r; Praise him in his noble acts, Praise him in his noble acts,



O praise God in his ho - li - ness, Praise him in the firmament of his pow'r;

Bass



6 4 . 6 7



Praise him ac - cording to his excellent greatness; Praise him in the sound of the trumpet, of the trumpet,

Praise him upon the lute and harp;



Praise him ac - cording to his excellent greatness; Praise him in the sound of the trumpet, of the trumpet, Praise him upon the lute, upon the lute and harp;



Voice



Praise him, &c.

4

6

4

5

6

4

5

4

5

6

7

6

6

7

6

6

O praise God in his holiness.

Continued.

343.

Praise him in the cymbals, in the cymbals and dances, Praise him on strings, on strings and pipes, Let ev'ry thing that hath
Praise him in the cymbals, in the cymbals and dances, Praise him on strings, on strings and pipes, Let ev'ry thing that hath breath,
Let ev'ry thing that hath
Let ev'ry thing that hath breath praise the Lord, that hath breath praise the Lord. PRAISE THE LORD, PRAISE THE LORD.
breath, Let ev'ry thing that hath breath, that hath breath praise the Lord, that hath breath praise the Lord. PRAISE THE LORD, PRAISE THE LORD.
breath, that hath breath praise the Lord, that hath breath praise the Lord. PRAISE THE LORD, PRAISE THE LORD.

"Mark the perfect man."

Tutti Pia.

[FUNERAL SENTENCE.]

Mark the perfect man, and behold th'u'right; For the end of that man is peace—peace—For the end of that man is peace,

Mark the perfect man, and behold th.up.

Tutti Pia. PP Cres Dim P PP Cres Dim P PP

For the end of that man is peace—peace— For the end of that man is peace—For the end of that man is peace—peace—For the end of that man is peace—peace—peace.

right,

6 4 5 7 - 6 4 7 6 5 - 6 4 6 5 - 6 4 6 5 - 6 4 7 >

• 100.

"Praise God forever."**[Tabor.]**

Composed and sung by the ancient Bohemian Brethren in times of persecution.

345

First Treble

First Treble: Treble clef, key signature of one flat (B-flat). The music consists of a series of eighth-note chords. The lyrics for this section are: "Praise God for ev - er, Boundless is his fa - vor, To his church and chosen flock, They stand on Christ the Rock, His Al migh - ty Son," followed by a repeat sign and the same chords again.

Second Treble: Treble clef, key signature of one flat (B-flat). The lyrics for this section are: "Praise God for ev - er, Boundless is his fa - vor, To his church and chosen flock, They stand on Christ the Rock, His Al migh - ty Son," followed by a repeat sign and the same chords again.

Tenor: Bass clef, key signature of one flat (B-flat). The lyrics for this section are: "Praise God for ev - er, Boundless is his fa - vor, To his church and chosen flock, They stand on Christ the Rock, His Al migh - ty Son," followed by a repeat sign and the same chords again.

Base.

Base: Bass clef, key signature of one flat (B-flat). The lyrics for this section are: "On fair mount Zi - on, By his spir - it grace and word, Blest ci - ty of the Lord, Thou in spite of ev' - ry pow'rful foe," followed by a repeat sign and the same chords again.

Base: Bass clef, key signature of one flat (B-flat). The lyrics for this section are: "Shall undaunted stand, and prosp'ring grow; 'Midst disgrace, to God's praise, Both in love and u - ni - ty, To all e - ter - ni - ty. To all e - ter - ni - ty." The music concludes with a final chord and a three-bar rest.

H. & H.

Solo Treble.

C

1 Come ye dis - con - so - late, wher - e'er you languish, Come at the shrine of God, fer - vent - ly kneel,
2 Joy of the com - fortless, light of the straying, Hope, when all oth - ers die, fadeless and pure,

6 4 5 6 6 4
 3 3

4 6 2 6 5 4 #

C

Here bring your wounded hearts, here tell your anguish; Earth has no sor - row that Heav'n can - not heal.
Here speaks the Com - fort - er in God's name saying, "Earth has no sor - row that Heav'n can - not cure."

8 7 6 5 4 3
3 5 4 3 2 1 6 5 4 8
 4 3 9 8 5 6 6 4

Trio-or Semi Chorus

C

1. Here bring your wounded hearts, here tell your, anguish; Earth has no sor - row that Heav'n can - not heal.

C

2. Here speaks the Comfort - er, in God's name say - ing, "Earth has no sor - row that Heav'n can - not cure."

8 7 6 5 4 3
3 5 4 3 2 1 6 5 4 8
 4 3 9 8 6 6 4 5 3

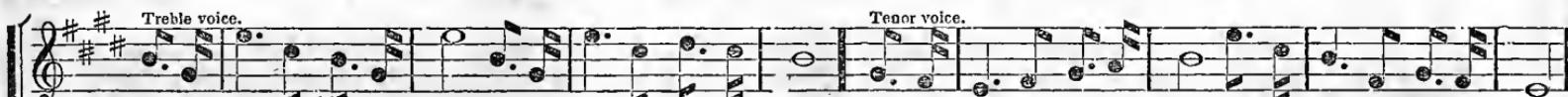
104. "Watchman! tell us of the night."* [MISSIONARY OR CHRISTMAS HYMN.] L. MASON. 347

Andante. Treble voice.

Tenor voice.



Watchman! tell us of the night, What its signs of promise are;
Watchman! tell us of the night, Higher yet that star as - cends:
Watchman! tell us of the night, For the morning seems to dawn; Trav'ller! o'er yon mountain's height, See that glo ry beaming star!
Trav'ller! bless - ed - ness and light, Peace and truth its course portends!
Trav'ller! darkness takes its flight, Doubt and ter ror are withdrawn.



Watchman! does its beauitous ray Aught of hope or joy foretell?
Watchman! will its beams a - lone Gild the spot that gave them birth?
Watchman! let thy wand'ring cease; lie thee to thy qui - et home; Trav'ller! yes: it brings the day,-- Promis'd day of Is - ra - - el!
Trav'ller! a - ges are its own, See! it bursts o'er all the earth.
Trav'ller! lo! the Prince of Peace, Lo! the Son of God is come.



Chorus to 1st and 2d stanzas. First and Second Treble and Base.

Chorus to 3d stanzas.



Trav'ller! yes; it brings the day, Promis'd day of Is - ra - - el! Trav'ller! lo! the Prince of Peace, Lo! the Son of God is come! Lo! the Son of God is come!
Trav'ller! ages are its own, See! it bursts o'er all the earth.



Maestoso

The musical score consists of four staves of music in common time, treble clef, and C major. The first three staves are in 2/4 time, while the fourth staff is in 3/4 time. The music is set in a simple harmonic style with mostly quarter notes and eighth notes. The lyrics are integrated directly below each staff.

1. The Lord is great! ye hosts of heav'n a - dore him, And ye who tread this earth - ly ball,

2. The Lord is great! his ma - jes - ty how glo - rious! Resound his name from shore to shore;

3. The Lord is great! his mer - cy how a - bound - ing! Ye an - - gels strike your gold - en chords!

In ho - ly songs re - joice a - loud be - fore him, And shout his praise, who made you all.

O'er sin and death, and hell now made vic - to - rious, He rules and reigns for - ev - er - - more.

O praise our God! with voice and harp re - sound - ing, The King of kings, and Lord of lords!

"All hail the great Immanuel's name."

[HYMN.]

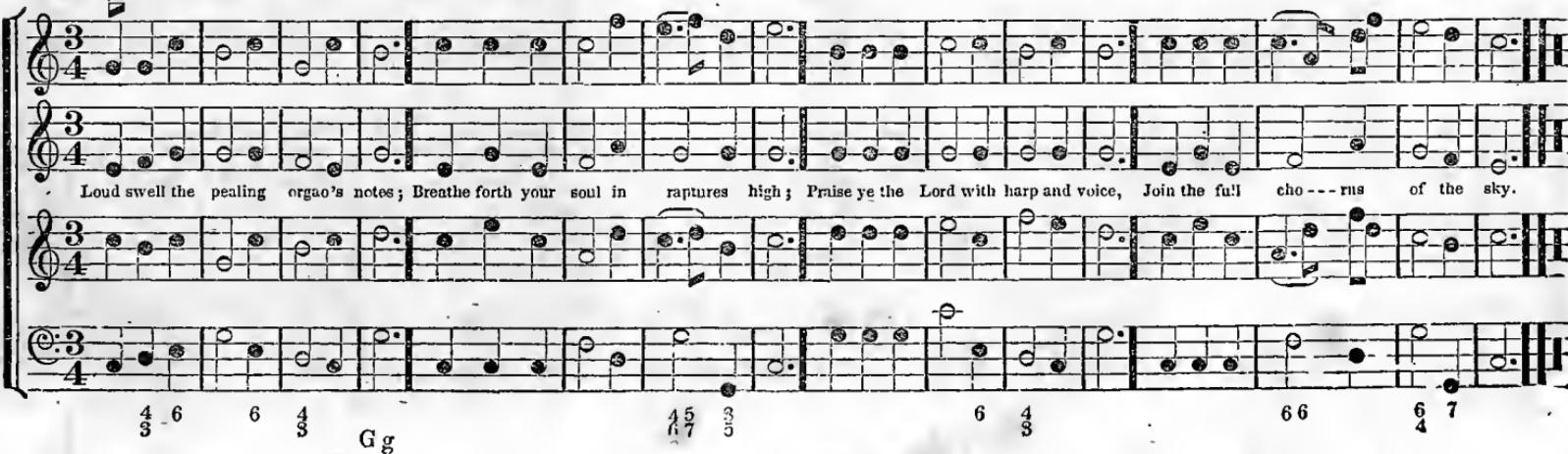
SHRUBSOLE.

349

Maestoso

Musical score for "All hail the great Immanuel's name." The score consists of four staves. The first three staves are in common time (C) and the fourth staff is in triple time (C:3). The first staff starts with a treble clef. The second staff starts with a bass clef. The third staff starts with a bass clef. The fourth staff starts with a bass clef. The music includes various note values such as eighth and sixteenth notes. The lyrics are: "All hail the great Immanuel's name! Let angel's prostrate fall; Bring forth the royal di - a - dem, And crown him, crown him, crown, And crown him Lord of all. SOLO. CHORUS. And crown him Lord of all And crown, &c. German air." The tempo is marked as 112.

MENDON. L. M.



Musical score for "Loud swell the pealing organ's notes;...". The score consists of four staves. The first three staves are in common time (C) and the fourth staff is in triple time (C:3). The first staff starts with a treble clef. The second staff starts with a bass clef. The third staff starts with a bass clef. The fourth staff starts with a bass clef. The music includes various note values such as eighth and sixteenth notes. The lyrics are: "Loud swell the pealing organ's notes; Breathe forth your soul in raptures high; Praise ye the Lord with harp and voice, Join the full cho - rns of the sky." The tempo is marked as 112.

4
3

6
3

4
3

G g

15
7

3
3

6
3

6
6

6
4

7
7

"The Lord is in his holy temple."**L. MASON.**

Moderato. Pia.

Cres. Fz. Sym. Soli. Pia.

The Lord is in his ho-ly temple; The Lord is in his ho-ly temple; Let all the earth—let all the earth keep silence—keep silence—
Fz.

Tutti. P. Soli. Tutti. F. Pia. Dim.

keep silence before him—Let all the earth—Let all the earth keep silence—keep silence— Let all the earth keep silence— keep silence be - - fore him.
Be - - fore - him.

6 6 6 5 4 # 9 5 1000 Tasto. 6 6 7 3 5 6 7 8 4 5

CHANTS.

351

VENITE, EXULTEMUS DOMINO.

No. 1. [Double.]

Dr. Boyce.

2d Treble or Alto. Treble.

1. O come, let us sing un - to the Lord; let us heartily rejoice in the strength of our sal - - vation.

Tenor.

Base.

3. For the Lord is a great God; and a great King - a - bate all gods.
 5. The sea is his and he made it; and his hands pre - pare the pasture land. sky - sheep of his land.
 7. For he is the Lord our God; and we are the people of his hand. Ghost;
 10. Glory be to the Father and to - - - the Son; and - - - the Ho - ly Ghost;

2. Let us come before his presence with thanks - giving and show ourselves glad in him with psalms.

4. In his hands are all the corners of the earth; and the strength of the hills is also.
 6. O come, let us worship and fall of holiness; let the whole world without end.
 8. O worship the Lord in the beauty of his awesomeness.
 10. As it was in the beginning, is now, and shall be,

MINOR.

9. For he cometh, for he cometh to judge the earth; and with righteousness to judge the world and the people with his truth.

GLORIA PATRI.

No. 1. Purcell.

GLORIA PATRI.

No. 2.

V. Novello.

Glory be to the Father, and to the Son, and to the Ho - ly Ghost; (For words see No. 1.)

As it was in the be-
ginning, is now, and ever shall be, world without end, A - men, A - men.

JUBILATE DEO.

No. 1. [Double.]

1. O be joyful in the Lord all ye lands; Serve the Lord with gladness, and come before his pres - ence with a song.

3. O go your way into his gates with thanksgiving, and into his courts with praise; be thankful unto him and speak good of his name.

5. Glory be to the Father, and to the Son, and to the Ho - ly Ghost.

4. Be ye sure that the Lord he is Ged; it is he that hath made us and not we ourselves, we are his people, and the sheep of his pasture.

6. For the Lord is gracious, his mercy is ev - er lasting; and his truth endureth from gene - ration to A - men. As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever shall be, world without end. A - men.

GLORIA IN EXCELCIS.

[Single.]

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Pia.

G # C

1. Glory be to - - - God on high: and on earth - - - peace, good will t'wards men. A - men.

C# # C

2. We praise thee, we bless thee, we wor - ship heav'n - ly thee; King; we glorify thee, we give thanks to thee, for thy great glo - - - ry. A - men.

3. O Lord, God, (See Minor for 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8.)

9. For thou only art holy; thou on - ly art the art the Lord.

10. Thou, only, O Christ, with the Ho - ly Ghost; art most high in the glory of God the Fa - - - ther.

G # C **#MINOR:**

4. O Lord, the only begotten Son, Je - sus Christ; O Lord, God, Lamb of God, Son of the Fa - - - ther.

C# # C

5. That taketh away the sins of the world; have mer - cy up - on us.

6. Thou that taketh away the sins of the world; have mer - cy up - on us.

7. Thou that taketh away the sins of the world, re - have mer - cy up - on us.

8. Thou that sittest at the right hand of God the Father; have mer - cy up - on us.

(See Major for 9 and 10.)

CANTATE DOMINO.

[Double.]

1. O sing unto the Lord a - new song; for he hath done - - - marvel - lous things.

3. The Lord declared his righteousness hath he openly showed in the sight
 5. Show yourselves joyful unto the Lord Sing, re - joice - - - of and the give the heathen.
 7. With trumpets O show yourselves joyful be - - - to the Lord judge the thanks.
 9. Let the floods clap their hands, and let the hills be joyful together be - - - to the King earth.
 11. Glory be to the Father, and to the Ghost.

2. With his own right hand, and with his ho - - ly arm; hath he gotten him - - - self the vic - to - ry.

4. He hath remembered his mercy and truth house of Israel: and all the ends of the world have seen the sal - - - vation of our God.
 toward the an the harp; sing to the harp with a psalm giving.
 6. Praise the Lord up the in the round world, and they that dwell there in.
 8. Let the sea make a noise, and all that there is; world; and the people with quietty.
 10. With righteousness shall he judge ever the world without end. A - - - men. A - - - men.

BENEDICTUS.

No. 1. [Single.]

1. Blessed be the Lord God of Israel; for he hath visited and re - deemed his people.

2. And hath raised up a mighty sal - - - vation for us; in the ser - vant David
 3. As he spake by the mouth of his prophets, which have been of the world be - gan.
 4. That we should be saved enemies, and from the all that hate us.
 5. Glory be to the Father, and Son; and the Ghost.
 6. As it was in the beginning, is now, and world without end, A - - - men.

BONUM EST CONFITERI.

[Double.]

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1. It is a good thing to give thanks - - unto the Lord; and to sing praises unto thy name, - - O Most Highest.

3. Upon an instrument of ten strings, and up on to the lute; upon a loud instrument and up to the harp; 5. Glory be to the Father, and on the Son; and to the Ghost;

2. To tell of all thy loving kindness early in the morning; and of thy truth - in the night - season.

4. For thou, Lord, hast made me glad through-thy works; and I will rejoice in giving praise for the open-
6. As it was in the beginning, is now and ever shall be, world without end. A - rations of thy hands men.

GLORIA. No. 1. [After naming the Gospel.]

Glo - - - ry,
Glo - - - ry,
Glory be to thee, O Lord!

GLORIA. No. 2.

Glory, Glory, Glory be to thee, O Lord.

GLORIA. No. 3.

DEUS MISEREATUR.

[Double.]

1. God be merciful unto us and
bless us; and show us the light of his countenance, and be
merciful unto us.

3. Let the people praise thee,
5. Let the people praise thee,

2. That thy way may be known upon earth; thy saving health among all nations. Amen.

4. O let the nations rejoice and be glad; for thou shalt judge the folk righteous- ly, and govern the earth.

6. Then shall the earth bring forth her increase; and all the ends of the world shall fear him.

7. God shall bless us; and all the ends of the world shall fear him.

SINGLE CHANT.

GLORIA. No. 4.

GLORIA. No. 5.

BENEDIC ANIMA MEA.

[Double.]

357

1. Praise the Lord, - - - - O my soul; and all that is within me, praise his ho - - ly name.

3. Who forgiveth - - - - all thy sin; and - - - - healeth all the thine inv - - o - - - - firmities.
5. O praise the Lord, ye angels of his, ye that ex - cel in strength; and ye that fulfil his commandment and hearken unto him, all the voice of his word:

2. Praise the Lord, - - - - O my soul; and for - - - - get not all his benefits.

4. Who saaveth thy life - - - - from de - struction; and crowneth thee with mercy and lov - - ing kindness.
6. O praise the Lord, all ye hosts; and his hosts; and that O his Lord, do my pleasure, soul.
7. O speak good of the Lord, all ye works of his, in all places of his dominion; and ye servants of his Lord, praise thou the

GILEAD L. M.

[Chant.]

O render thanks and bless the Lord, Call ye up - on his holy name; Tell all the nations of his deeds, His matchless deeds aloud proclaim.

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